## APRIL 2008

MONDAY		7	14	21
TUTSDAY	1	8	15	22
WEDZIN	2	9	16	23
TI 11 (25) 131	3	10	17	24
1 (*	1	11	18	25
8111 8 11.	5	12	19	26

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sect of the 12th century in the south of France, who separated from the Church of Rome.

Albicore, n. मधूलीय मरण विरमेष , A sea-fish. Albification, n. esast, siriate, The act

of making white.

Albino, al-bi'no, (Italian albino, whitish-L. albu, white) n (बछकार मुख्यर्ग हक् विनिद्ध वासि बा बानी, (बडकांड बाकि, A per-on or any antroal having preternatural whiteness of skin, flaxen hair, and red eyes -a white descendant of black parents.

Albion, #. हरलएक भूबांचन नाम , हे लक्ट्राप्य बाहीन गांप . A poetic name of England.

Albugeneous, a किर्पेद (यक कारगमपुन , किर्पेद STITING, Like the white of an egg

Albugo, n. क्कूब भीड़ा दिश्मव, इंनि, A disease of the eye in which the corner contracts a wn teness.

Album, album, (L. albut, white) n (बामीय-मिर्गद (गड़व र्वानिस अखद, वा शुक्र Among the Romans, a it ne tablet or regiter - आर्नश 335 , A blank book for the inscition of portraite, extracts &c.

Albumon, at blimen (1. albus white) n क्टिरबंद काकाञ्चदक (१९०० लामार्थ), स्टियद (वड का.म., विश्वनाम् कन अवर्ष, The whit of eggs, a substance existing nearly pure in the white of an egg and its component adj . Albuminou ..

Albuminoid, al bu'min ord, (Albumen and Gi erles, from ) adj fecus custom nom, I ske albumen

Albuminous, al-bū'min-us all fecta (4014 म्मून वो हुक , Like or cont amin, albumen

Alburn, # TH 499 fe. A small delicate : 40

Albumium, al-burbum, ( L albus, white ) n इरक्ष स्थान, Sap wood next the inher bark . the cost white part of wood

Aleard, n त्यनदश्यीय द्वित्रोदशि . Spanish, Mon-

rish, or Iudesh Judes - (1) viant, Jales or marter - viant, A severnor of a castle Alcale, hil-kalida (Sp.-Ar. at kady-kada), to Judesh his fastas, conserva fartas - CAON . A judge , in Spin a magistrate or

Alcana, al-kana, म (यन्त्री तृष्क , ( (यक्ति नाष्ट्र ) , The dying shrub, cyprus

Alcedo, w. बाडबाजा अकी, The alcyon, the

kmg-fisher.

Alceste-Daughter of Pelias and Anaxibia, with her sisters put Pelins to death to have him ".zestored to youth by Media, who then refused They fied to Admetus, who married Alceste, and was attacked by their brother Acastus, and ransomed from imprisonment by Alceste, de voting herself to death.

Alchemic, adj. अभवनामन विकास नवकीय , Rela ting to alchemy. ad = alchemecally.

Alchemical, a वमाधन विमानिवयक, Relating to alchemy, or produced by it.

Alchemist, alkem est, n. वाश्वनायन्वि , One skilled in alchemy, professor of alchemy

Alchemias, v. offered of colon- . To transmute.

Alchemyaalki-mi, n. (Ar. alethe, Gr. ches, to powder, to melt, to mix, hence chymcia or phemesa, a mixing, and chymic or themic, applied to the processes of the laboratory ) n. देशावन नार्द्वव आक्रिय अदेश , The infant stage of chemistry, as astrology was of astronomy -व्यवनायन विकात ,- The proposed art of changing metals into gold, fanciful, fallse, or ocult chemistry; or the pretended cience of the transmutation of the metals - [4 as an]-धन भगर्थ दि: , A mixed metal is so called. adjalcnemic, alchemical.

Alcabiades- A famous Athenian General, disciple of Socrates, fargous for his enterprising spirit, genius and natural foibles.

Alcohol, alko-hol, Ar, al-tel l-al, the, quell, fine powder n. 2011 Pure spirit, spirit of wine, rectified spirit, a liquid generated by the terprentation of sugar and other each arine matter, and formings the intoxpating element of fermented liquors.

Alcoholic, al-ko-holik बोर् स्वानी ।भवित्रः भूदानाइ मम्म , Of or like alcohol.

Alcoholise, alko-hol-12, 1. f neivice office, कदा , (नांधन कदा ; To convert into alcohol ; to rec ift.

Alchoholization, n जुवानांश (लांधन कर्न ; Act of rectifying spirit.

Alcoholometre, al-kā-lol-mie-tena (Alcohol and where ) म मण्यम् नियो । कविवाद सह ; An instrument for ascertaining the strength of spirits

Alcoran, Alkoran, alko-ran, n. (\$1814; मुजनमान मलानामनिराव धर्मापुलक , The Koran.

Alcove, alkuv or al-kuv (It alco.a Sp. alcoba, a place in a . om rul 1 I to fold a bed-Ar. al-gobar, a tent) laws 4% fage 214; etsifafag eta, fagg, Any recession about, a shady act cut fagget, A part part of a room so, at and from the rest by a partition.

Aldor, awider, (A S wor, Ger. eller, Lainis) n आर्क कृषिष्ठ छैद अन्याय: भन , जान्त्र नामक अक ; A tree usually growing in moist ground, a tree or shruw resemblmg the haze.

Alderman, awider-man, ( A. S. colder [from edd, old] sinici, chief, ealdor-man, tuler, king chief magi-trate) n. नशरवं अधान नामव-कहीत निम्नणम्य कर्मलाची , मश्रदद मामनक्छ। , स्थव-পাৰ, A civil dignitary next in rank next to the mayor, the magistrate or officer of a cit or town corporation.

Aldorn, awidern, adj. जानकात मायक प्रकारिता ends 1 Made of alder.

to catch Aldine, aldin, adj. ভেনিমেৰ অশিচন

কৰ্ত্তৰ মৃত্যিক ক্ষমীয় , Applied to i in every ted by Alien Manutius of Venior Battire is the Century.

Ale, at (A S cale, loc. of, During the whole

drink made from malt :- উৎসৰ विराण ; A festival, so called from the liquor drunk.

Ale-berry, n. এল নামক মণ্য হইতে ক্সন্ত একপ্ৰকাৰ त्रिष्टे भानीय ; A beverage made from alc.

Ale-brewer, n. এন্যদ্য চোলাই-কারক; One who brews ale.

Alec-onner,n. প্রবাপবিদর্শক ; An inspector of ale. ▲le-house, ». व्योक्तिकाल्य; जुदार्विभवी; महत्रद শেকাৰ ; House, where ale is sold.

Ale-knight, n. जर मनालाधी : जुदालाधीय जरुटर ; Fellow toper.

Ale-silver, n. मना विकास द कन्ना एक ( (हेना ) ; A yearly tribute paid to the corporation of London, as a licence for selling ale.

Ale-stake, n. मनाविश्रलेव निगान: The pole set up before ale-houses by way of "sign." A bush was very often fixed to its top.

Ale-wife, n. यमाविजयकारिनी; A woman who keeps an ale-house; the land-lady of an alehouse.

Alee, a-IE', adv. বাযুৱ প্রতিকৃলে : বাযুহ বিপরীতে , ( Naut ) On the side opposite to the wind, on the leeside.

Alembic, al-embik, (Ar. al, the, ambig-Gr. ambiks, a cup । n. श्रुव:दनद दक्षत्र ; दक्षत्र , यना (धार्यादेवाद कन ; A still ; a vessel formerly used by chemists for distilling.

Alongth, adv. ल्यान्थि ; At full length.

Alepidote, n. আইমহীন মুংজ বিশেষ; Any lish without scales.

Aletude, n. খুল্ড; গুরুড়; Bulkiness; fatness; heaviness.

Alort, al-ert, (It. all' erta, on the crect-erta, L. creches, erect ) adj. 1997; 1997; Brisk . সত্তর্ক ; Watchful ; on onc's guard ; vigilant, Syn - Brisk, prompt, lively, nimble, quick, agile, circumspect, wary.

To be on or upon the alert-मुख्द काका ; नावधान वाका ; To be on the watch or look out ; as, "The whole country was on the alert."

Alertness, n. সত্তি Watchful activity or readiness; briskness; sprightliness; promptitude. Syn -- Briskness, promtitude, watchfulness, vigilance.

Aleuromancy, n. ভবিহাৎ কথন; Soothsaying by meal; a divination by means of meal.

Alexandria-The name of the famous city in Egypt founded by Alexander the great king of Macidon and intended as his capital of the eastern Districts. It became a great commercial emporium and literary centre. Its famous librarry collected by the Ptolemies was burnt by Caliph Omar 642.

axandrian, al-egz-andri-an, adj. विनद्रामक क्क्यान्त्रियां नगर, वां এल्विक्यांश्वाद मःकाश्व ; Reor pertaining to Alexandria in Egypt; o Alexander.

> 'ine, al-egz-andrin, n. मीर्डक्य विरुग्ध ; syllables or six lambic feet ( first ich poem called the Alexandri-भी । Relating to the verse so

Alexandrine Age-From A. D, 323 to 640, when Alexandria in Egypt, was the centre of science and literature.

Alexandrine Philosophy-The system of the Gnotics, or Platonised form of Christianity. Alexipharmic a. বিষয়; বিবনাশক; Expelling or resisting poison; antidotal.

Alfred-The Great, the famous king of England; he instituted trials by jury; a patron of learning. To him England is indebted for the foundation of her navy. B. at Wantage, in Berkshire, 849. D. 900.

Algo, alje, (L. plu. of alga, sca-weed) n. উদ্ভিদের শ্রেণীবিভাগ ; A division of plant, embra cing sca-weeds.

Algebra, alje-bra, (Sp. from Ar. al-jabr, the resetting of anything broken, hence combination ) n. बीजनिङ ; Calculation by sychools. a= Algebraic, Algebraical.

Algebraic, Algebraical, a. বীজগণিত নয়-দ্বীয় , Pertaining to the science y algebra.
Algebraically, ad বীজ্বনিত বিং!; By means

of Algebra.

Algobraist, n. বীশগণিত-বেস্তা , One skilled in Algebra, one well-versed in Algebra.

Algerino, c আলজিবিল দেশবাদী . A native of Alpiers -a. Sisterical seath; Belonging to Alorers.

Algid, a. 1957; Chilled with cold. n = algidity. Aigidity, Algidness, w. hips , fans , Codliness; coldress.

Algific, n. भेंड वा दिस्मनक , Prechang cold.

Algor, it. wists for An unusual cridic s in any part of the body.

Algorithm, Algorism. n. আধৰি ব্ৰন্থ-শাৰেৰ श्रीश्राकद्रभ , An Arobic term, signifying the six operations of raittimetic.

Algone, a. আত্তৰ মাতল বা ঠাজা; Extremely cold. Algous, n. সংক্ৰীৰ উদ্ভিদ সংক্ৰীয় , Pertaining to sea-weed.

Alguaril, n. त्लानामनीय अभागाय, Spanish officer of justice; a Spanish bailiff.

Alhambra, -The palace of the ancient Moors in Granada.

Alias, Til-as, ( L. alias, at another time, otherwise, Gr. allos, other) adn. west, 4541. ७६७७ : Otherwise, as, John alias Smith : n. विशेष ममन वा अभारवाहे ; ( Law ) Second writ of execution when the first has failed.

Alibi, ali-be. n. অভিযুক্ত অপরাধীর অপবাধকালে স্থানান্তর স্থিতিস্তক ওলব ; The plea of a person who when charged with a crime alleges that he was in another place, when it was committed :-অস স্থানে , Elsewhere ; in another place.

Aliblo, a. পোर्वाप; (भोहिद; Nutritive, or that may be nourished.

Alien, alyen, (In alienus-alius, other) n. रेबरमिक ; Foreigner , stranger .- a. बिरम्भीय ; Foreign :- विक्रक ; विक्रिक अकृतिविषेष्ठ ; Different in nature — অপুরূপ নাই; Averse to. Strange, foreign, adverse, repugnant to, -remote, estranged, -not naturalized,

Alienability, n হতান্তৰ কৰণেৰ বোণাই, জন্ততে কত বোৰাণ, Capubility of bring transferred Alienable, alyen-a bl ada কত্তাবেৰ বোগা, Capuble of being transferred to another, that may be sold to another —হতান্তৰ কৰ্মা, Phat may be withdrawn or transferred

Alienage, alyen-I; n State of being in then Alienate, Alyen It (L aliene) to make on person another) nt states to make on a right or title to another fartifies and loestringe to we an—always a cd we had preposition fine is the preclation of Au unable alienated in Papeut fine the Multiple of Alienated In Papeut fine Alienated In Papeut fine In Synthetical International International

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ettim Alienstor, क्षित्र तार्था । क्षत्रका One white u tear never myther

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fine t (1875) / 學報(有關 Hiving wing Aliform, in tem (1 a'a wing and f ) na shape ja পড়(jes (4 fe) , Wang slaped Alight, a lt (A S rillis to come down) v s 핵심장하다 1 se toreeme down (15 from

n hoise) to di mount to descrid নং in alighting it an inn — স্থাবৃদ্ধ বু উপৰে প্ৰা Ie fall upon — (with prep ener upon) ( স্থাৰত ) আৰম্ভ কু, I ose the on is I hey would come time alight n, n my vetuals ৰসা Io sit upon is the lidy I the civern a ight I n the eith '—ad (a on and light—I lex light to link s ikin to 5 ins iek, I ili, to ce to s'une light have have a meet as significant.

Align, a lin (ir alie er -L ad and linea a lin , a t পোৰৰ কৰিছা দ'ছৰ কৰা, lo revolute by a line o arrange in line a troope Alignment, 1-৯4 া, n পোৰ্থকাপ দাজত কৰা, (ৰলপৰ বা বাজাৰ খনা ন', Adjustment

in a line, a laying out by a line, the groundplan of a railway or road

Alake at a সমূল, Having likeness to, like one mother, having resemblance—ada সমূলকাশে, সুম্বাৰণে পুৰোৱৰণে, আগোৰাৰ মুচন, In the same minner form or degree, similar by Syn Similar resembling, aum, equal equable exceller in the uniform and log out level

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Aliment, Mi-ment (I a in intim—aio to nouish): आहेद राष्ट्राह्य अधिक अमर्थ I hat which feed or support, food nutrim int Sp. I and nourishment support nutiment, euternice fine

Adimental, il i mental a प्रकितिक Supply mgfood that can noun h and al mintally Alimentary, al i mentar i a प्रकित , भवा- अवक् क कार्य वीका, भाग कराष्ट्र, Pertaining to aliment, nounshing mittative

Alimentary canal—wasted or of The great duct or out time by which aliments are conveyed them to the body and the useless parts even and

Alimontatio, aliment hun m notated of mountahing or order mountains by

Alimentiveness, at men v nes a four

Alamonay, u nini स क् केन नमाद भीत्राहा क्रिं स्वाधन गीड असा क्टि विकिन के द (व्यव-(भार Mown I upper mide to i wile, u i lilly jir dian hir hu band.

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All composing, ।। मकारक म खनाकादी That

All conquering, 7 7473 That subdues all All corscious, at wife All knowing

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To rawl creep, on all fours = क्ष्या ( s ), f nieve on tinds and legs like a child - अर्था क्ष्य एक्ष्य राज्य To be similar in every points

All dranded সর্বাপন তীত Ureaded by all All daring adj 5 সাধ্যিক অন্যসাহ্যিক Dar ing to attempt exceptions

All the day long ANG for Atolfor Intouche t the wn edgy as, Act the day to be withed the suck child

All destroying, All devastating, all devouring সমধান্তালী সকৰ ল'লং বা Destroying wasting consuming everything All diving— নাৰ্থাৰ্ক্ট Supremely exce ent All fool's day— লা অৱেশ অংগ্ৰেশ যে প্ৰথম কিন্তু The first of April so named from the custom of making fools on that day

All in all मर्क्स मर्क्स , वाविष्ठ मर्कस्वित्व Everything desired to be mutually devoted as 'Manner is all in all'—Cowper She is all to me Dickens — मर्क्समर्का Sole power ful as Jane wa all in all in her fathers family

All forgiving - मर्रामिक क्यांची न मक्य नक् कारों I orgiving or pardoning ill

All fours, n जांत्रवंश विषय A game at cards To go on all fours श्रेमां जिए त, lo move on the leg and arm — मण्डुर्न तर मृज्य श्रेषा lo be exactly similar in the minutest points as le is not easy to make a similar go on all fours — Mu and a

All glorious—সম্পূৰ্ণ ডেকোময় সম্পূৰ্ণ জোভিত্ম বিশ্বসায় to the full extent

All gracious দয়খন Perfectly graciour All houoused সক্ষমপ্রানত Horoused by all All hail মুক্তা সমত্ত সমত্তমক্ত্র A phiase of Silutation (Kore as e of a will for health

All hands Her \* All telper is all to a

All heal, । यह निर्माण Name for plant All healing कारवा गकार मिल्लामा II thing All hollow—भन्दा कार ( 'loq) ( mpletely a h and beaten all I llow

All for the bost states with a second for the first are by and a though ny one dead, yet I must ay aut is followed by

All just 5 35 4 Upright

All knowing मर्कक नर्कावि , Omnisci ni All knowing, all good, all just, all merciful, almighty, all perfect, all powerful, all present, all wise, नैनावद नाय Name (f (, d

All loving বেষ্য I ull f ill (tion or love All moonshine ক্ষত সংশ্যু, ব হিরু টেক ওট লাব Allogether show with ut sil stanc

All one's own—খনত সাধাৰা, Exclusively be Inging to one

For all that Six Acas set affection, in spite of what have been said or dime

All moreiful arthy buil of mercy

All oversh A familiar expression meaning all ever illetes. I feel all over sl, not exactly ill but by ne means will

All pervading—मंत्रांच अववाधि, Existing every where, i the all per ater, influence of literature living

All powerful अक्षण क्यांन The mightest

All present नक्षतानी Omnipresent All Saint's day ान नाड्य , नाड्य शास्त्र

All Baint's day-->ना नर्डवर, नर्डवर शासिर वर्ग किन, ist of November

All searching, a गर्नागी, Pervading and searching everything generally applied to the Drime Being

All soong - नवंगणी One that sees all All soor नवंगणी One that sees all

All Souls' day— 5 and fatigat A feast held by the Church of Rime on the second day of November so called because the Roman Catholic on that day seekly prayer and alms giving to alleviate the sufferings of souls in purgatory

All to-नर्व माकरना, Altogether as 'alto bu crosed

All Wise- नर्सक All knowing

All making - शहेकावक Omnific

In 811—(পাটে সমস্করে) Taking all together, idded or taken together in the sum total, as your bill in all amounts t R 7500

All at once—কৰমাৎ Suddenly unexpectedly as (live came a latonce to Calcutta 'All one, all the same—কেই কথা, lust the ame thing quite the samething equally came as it is all one to me whether you stay my house or not

All over t পুদিকে বা'পিয়া Throughout nion, very direction a all cr the country dis critical prevails—সমাধা হত্যা Finished as, ller sent the rather helf all over —Scott

To be all for ৰাজ্য কৰে আৰু হৈছা ইকান্তিক াতে সুহত্য I be whelly intert to learn To take one for all in all—লোষজ্যেৰ বিশেষ ৰা কৰিছ যেই চুলি ধৰিবে I or the him with a'!

To be all over with one মুক্ত হত্যা, To be did is it all er cliffin নাই হত্যা Prompt televious did it it is all ver with me All in the world প্ৰিয়াই স্মত্ত All that

esit as i I the medical skill in the world could not used in

All the same जुना वा अपूर्ण सब्देश करें करें, the same in it till to are into the same

thing is it all the same to me whether you bring a yelotte or it

To be all the rage cots waters for

भ अन्तर विशेष के विषय , Ich the subject of onger desire i i llydishad tickets have been all to era, for court me

One and all-sorts, Severally and collectively as they one or and all

At all with In the smallest degree as, I do t think about the matter at all

All in a pucker—fared eath eath (college) Contused, perplexed a Komendra is all in a pucker for not being able to cuch the Rinway train

All the world over अवज्ञानिक in every part of the world as, human nature is the sime all the writerer

All the while #43 FT During the whole

period is you were inattentive all the while I delivered my address

All round or around—restate In every direction as I looked all round from my fixed—active as bis every average of the prince of Not exercise 210 millional of 1 group every one in deciminately as Nichola kiesed his old pupil elerand

All manner of - NOT MATE Many ort is the two centums all ma iref people

All manner of ways Half raffer of the means as he tired all no not of co

All that—1739 Signific a collection of information of occurrences as the hipke per keeps book paper penul and a \* it.

All the year lound 743 744 37744 ihroughour the whole year a heremandle all they are so at

All to amash - 41 f 77 (4 max elir, 1 hankruit, 1 ncd a the merchit / 4)

All in the wind story of springs

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All the go at any ( a d )
then the rect as 1

cwplip ith it

All is not gold fix t litt - , (हिंदन नां कर ना (! ) । ) । ( i not dways size) !

fall's well that ends well s 1 3+
fall's st., a 125 and (f 3x 1 x)
attended to be 1 he by 1

All work and no play makes juck dulf boy (Africa affraglands fire of the reapples (Process In the fire of children work and fix boofficent in 1

All your seese are swaps of the property of the sale o

Allah, aft (A / ryt dord') will, wilder a will, will a wil

Allah Akhar Allah a mest intelly -11c

Allet 2 to व र क्क्न भार के lot has not plants.
Allev, allifel at and it shall the mine of with 4 to 12 to 12 to 13 to 14 to 14 to 14 to 15 to

press or subdue as to allay the severity a affection —v a (now written allos) ধাতু নিৰিছ ক lo reduce the purity of Sin Abate, ap perse arrange thech alm coothe, repress compress quiet all state

Allayed, i lid pr তাৰণিত নিজাৰ প্ৰাথিত l ud at cest que tied to anguille ed il ated Allayer, r আৰু ব বা মুখা তাৰক কালি মিত্ৰৰ , Flat which heath par if illoying — নাজন কালে কান্ত্ৰী One who, or that which, il as or il ate

Alluying, il is no ppi প্রশানত করিয়া, শাস্ত ব্যানি Queet ng redu ung to tranquisty,

Allayment, » विनाध तन्त्र तत्र, रोहां झाम कर्य Street to the domine

Aller of free Abrid th little int Aller of grant and a series of grant of the

Allociations is ( god Au conting,

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Allegorically differed his all and anguages as a fix as in a fruiding muner, tywny of alle, my

Allegory, the rist for er other and aller in to pend ) are to represent the undertake met point of cription of one thing under the image of another

Allegorise, alle-go-r-12, v.f. শ্লপক সংঘটনপূৰ্বক ৰ'নি কৃ, কপক প্ৰযোগ কৃ, Fo turn into Allegory, to put into the form of an allevoly—to use allegory

Allegorist, al-le co-ii t, Allegoriser, n
ৰূপক বাক প্ৰোগকাৰী, One who uses illegory
—দুৱাকলপে কৰা কৰে; বা উপদেশ দেৱ বে, One who
teaches in in illigene if or figurative manner
Allegro, al-le'gro, it alacer, brisk) n স্বেব
মুজনা বাদাব্যের ছাত সক্ষা in music, a word
denoting i brisk movement—a quick brisk
Allo-iu iah or Allelujah, al-le-looya, n
ভক্তৰ A song of praise to God

Allemande, n জক্ষনিদেশ মূত্য বিশেষ, A bu k dance prevalent in Cormany

Allowate, il-live at, (L ud and leet, light)

/ গৰ্পাৰ ক, সুংৰ কহা ওপান্ম কহা, হু'ল কা।,

le hom, to make light to mitigute, to oft

cto to dim h, is, to alrewate sorrow p in

Alleviating, p z প্ৰশান কাৰ্যক, শ্ৰু কাৰ্যক,

M so lighter mitiguing

Alternation, al levi ন chun, n. লা ব , উপৰ্থ Muteria : প্ৰৱেশ, প্ৰশ্ন কর্ণ I standation pultura a carrier of the?

Alloviature, 3 (Talas, 1941) neras That

Alley, the list all expresses from aller to a list of the costs tymes and the state of the angle of the angle

Alliaceous, aller hu, I, ne m guile, a 14 455. Pertenning to the garle of our contribe history the mell of properties of state.

Alliam, r and Gunc.

Alliance, if the latind to to be did to testife a man regional time by manage material manufactures count time. At a man testife a latin testife power confidence and time to any purpose to the confidence and time the confidence and time the confidence confidence and method confidence and method confidence confidence and method confidence and time time time to confidence and method confidence and co

Allicioncy, n square, squares Migneton, attraction.

Allicient. o श्रांकर्यक यात्री श्रांकर्यन करव श्रांक वर्ष I hat which aith ici

Allied, al hel, fp n a বিশ্ ৰছ্যু বা সন্ধিপতে আৰু স্থান্ত সংক্, Connected by marriage interests, brendship or treaty confider ited

Allied to any est, Akin to, as, "Chirles surn uncl the bold for his courage was a fined to rather s and trong then were the ducal co-ronet of Burgundy!—Sent.

Allies al l.ź, n pl. প্ৰশাৰ বাদ্য বন্ধাৰ্থ বিশ্বিত বাদ্যব্যেৰ বাদ্য সমূহ, Princes or states which have entered into league for their mutual defence, confederates.

Alligate, alli gat, (1 allign,-ad, to and ligo, to bind ) v. t. খাৰ্ছ কৰা , বিভিত্ত কৰা , সৰ্ভ্যু কৰা ,

To bind, the or fasten together, to join, to unite by some the

Alligation, al-h-phishun, (L allgatic a binding together—ad to, and ligo, to bind) n বিভিন্ন উপ কাৰ বিভাগেৰ নিৰ্মা, A rule in with metic relating to the compounding of different ingredients of different qualities or values—নামেলৰ, The act of tying together

Alligator, a'i ga tur (Sp el lagart:—L laccita, a laza-d) भ तृष्ठोत्र, भन, An animal of the crotochie family found in America, the American crocochie.

Allinement, n. শেলীবদ্ধ হওন, সারিবন্দি হওন, State of being in a line

Allision, ali'-shun, n. প্ৰকাৰ আছাত কৰণ. A

Allitoration, all lit or T'shin (L ad to and litter a letter) n अभूभ म, The use of two or more words be anning with the same letter the recurrence of the same letter at the beginning of two or more words following close to each other as in 'apt alliteration's artful aid'

Alliterative, al-hier ম tiv, a অমুপান মড়োভ, P it ming or relating to alliteration

tentral and क्लांद कर An allowance made up on an account — का ना दिश्या An allot nent Allocution, allo kush in, (I all to and I fire, to the to speak) n स्टबाइन वर्ध विटिंग तियान A form diadices on of the Pope to hi clearly करने दूर ना के करने प्रकार I he act or mancer of speaking to, or of addressing in water

Allodal, il lo'de at a', निक्य, Fice of rent or service treeholds—पृष्ठान्त to Foudal—पुन् वीन अवश्विक, field and pendent of a superior Allodium, at i'de um, (I ow I allodium, most probably from Ic a' io, aldage, and other a homestic ilde othat a property of 1905) r. निक्य क्रमणीक अवश्विक अविवाद, बाव द विकास में में विवाद A freehold estate, land held in full icht land held in one sown right and not by feudal tenare, land, which are held by absolute right, without even the burden of homisge or fide its. The word is luctonic—alladi (all property)

Allonge, n কৰবাল কৃত ভিন্ত , তলোহাৰেৰ দোট প A pass or thrust with a word, cr capier in fencing –ঘোডাকে টল ধাওয়াবোর াধা বাস , A long rem when a horse is trotted in the hand

Alloo, v. করজাণি দিয়া বৃত্ত লেখিয়া দেয় , কুকুর গুলিয়া দেখয়া To incite a dog by crying alloo , as alloo thy furious mastall. period, as, you were inattentive all the while I delivered my address.

All round or around— क्ष्मिक , In every direction, as, I looked all round for my friend— शर्कारक, अकी बरना बरवा (कर नोम नाहर वो, Not excepting any individual of a group, every one indiscriminately, as, Nicholas kissed his old pupil all round.

All manner of — সকৰ প্ৰকাৰ , Many sorts , as, the town contains all manner of people

All manner of ways—সক্ষ প্রার ভগার , Ali means , as, he tried all manner of ways.

All that—तेमन, Signifies a collection of similar things or occurrences &c, as, the shopkerper keeps books, papers, pencils, and all that All the year round—मन्छ व्यवस्त , वांत्र पांत्र, Throughout the whole year, as, he remains idle all the year round.

All one's born days—ममन कौरानन पर्या , (slang) All one's life, as, I never saw such a wielent tempest, in all my born days

All in one's eyo—সম্পূৰ্ণ অধন্তৰ, অবিশান্য (slang) Improbable, incredible, ২১, white your say about Mr Johnson's going 's al' in your eve.

All to smash—se effective way, (sing) abankrupt, runed, as, the merchant went all to smash.

All in the wind— সৰিব বা সানিভিড (noil) Denotes that the culs instead of bing filled with the wind, shike it so is to give no impul of Hence the please is applied figuratively to what is wavering and uncertain

All wide of- খন্থন , Irrelevant

All the go- स्टाम्ना मादक वस (string) Any thing that creates units it excitement, as the new play at the theaters a 'the r

All is not gold that glitters াৰ কৰি কেই বোৰা হয় বা , (Pover!) Wr ii in dies a show is not always as good a it looks

All's well that ends well—কাৰাৰ কাষ্য বিবেশি ব্যা, কাৰিবেষ এ ব্যা (Proverb) An enterprise is to be judged by its issue of result All work and no play makes jack dull boy—বেলিতে লা দিয়া নিব্যৱহার ব্যাহার ব্যাহার কাষ্য

boy – খেলিতে না দিয়া নিবস্তব কাৰ্য করাইনেই ছেনে মাল হয়, (Proverb) In the training of children work and play should be intermised

All your goose are awans— তৃথি নিজের সরুই ভাল মনে কর (Proverh) You think every thing that you have is perfect

Allah, ella (Ar alilah 'the worthy to be adored') n আনা, স্বৰের মুসামানী নাম, স্বৰ, "The adorable.' I he Arabic name of the one God

Allah Akbar-Allah is most mighty.-The ciy of the Arabs.

Allatrato, v n কুৰুৰ শক্ক, To bark as a dog Allay, dln' (I ad and irves, light, confused with A S a lecegan, to lay down) v. ই উপাশ্য ক্রা, To relieve. — সাম্ভিত ক্লান্ত ক্ল

press or subdue, as, to allay the severity of affliction—v a. (now written allay) six hills.

7. To reduce the purity of. Syn=Abate, appease, assuage, check, calm, soothe, repress, compose, quiet, alleviate

Allayed, al-lad', pr উপশ্যিত, নিবাকৃত, প্ৰশ্যিত, Laid at rest, quietted, tranquillized, abated. Allayer, ম. আন্তৰ তাপ বা মুপ্য ভ্ৰাসক, ভানি মিপ্ৰাপ কলে, That which has the power of alloying — সাত্তনাকাৰী, ভ্ৰাস্কাৰী, One who, or that which, all'ays or abates

Allaying, al-la-ing, ppr প্ৰশ্বিত কৰিয়া, শাভ কৰিঃ . Quieting, reducing to tranquility, abating.

Allaymont, n विवास উপन्स, ज्ञान, साहा ज्ञान करत, State of rest after disturbance.

Alle, n পফা বিশেষ, A bird the little ant Allect, o ফুদলান বা মন আন্থণ কু ভুলায়, To entice to illure

Alloctation, " क्मणान, ज्यान, An entuing;

Alloctive, n কুদন্দ , ভুগাৰ Allucement. Allogation, al le er hun n বিশুধ কথব , Posi-

Allogation, at it gramma मन्त्र क्ष्य , Posttut assertion , an affirmation — (क्ष्रुका , भिया) व्यापिति , भन्न , An excuse , a plan

सार्थि, अवव, An excise, 2 plea Allogo, al-13' (I o'leg to in lone person to mother to onfer with him to in ning or bring forwire in the state of the authority of rinder as it is exceeded to the state of the authority of rinder as it is exceeded as five the authority of rinder as it is exceeded as five of the authority of rinder as it is addice, advance out gits

Alleged, prafer for stifes Affirm d

Alleged murder কৰিব ল' বাংলা তেলা। Alleger, ে ব্যাংলা হাণা কংবা প্রধারে যে One when the corrections

Allegeable, त निकास करिया करन (पान काल्य विषय क्षेनीय वो निकास करनांड, Capable of being all ged.

Allegiance, al-lift on (1 a') at and ligh, to the or bind ), partit of single else end again a single else end a subject to his far or or rugh, the duty of a subject to his karr by thy agin a function of the barr by the end of alleginals.

Allegiant, il lifti-int a বাজ বণীতৃত , I oyul. Allegoric,-al al-le got'ik - il, adj সপকাকাৰ , আংবোলিক কপক্ষয় , In the form of an allegory figuritise

Allegorically, alle garik il li ad क्लाटक वर्ड, अनक'रदह मूज, In a figurative manner, by way of allegory,

Allegory, alle-gor-1 (Gr. allos, other and allorens to speak) n months and allorens to speak) n months and allorens to speak) n months and series and allorens to series and allorens to series and the series and allorens and der the image of another.

Allegorise, alle-go-r-iz, v. t. ক্লপক সংজ্জীনপূৰ্মক বৰ্ণনা-কু; ক্লপক প্ৰয়োগ-কু; To turn into allegory; to put into the form of an allegory:—to use allegory.

Allegorist, al-le-go-rist, Allegoriser, n.
কাৰ বাবা প্ৰযোগকাৰী; One who uses allegory:
— ৰ্টাস্কলে কথা কহে;বা উপদেশ দেয় বে; One who
teaches in an alligorical or figurative manner.
Allegro, al-le'gro, i L. a'acer, brisk) n ব্ৰেব মুক্লো; বাগ ব্যেব ফ্ল সম্ব: In music, a word
denoting a brisk movement:—a. quick, brisk.

Alle-Iu-iah or Alleluiah, al-le-löö'ya, n.

Allemande, n. কর্মনিদেশীয় কুড়া বিশেষ; A brisk dance prevalent in Germany.

Alleviate, al-lcvi-হt, (L. ad, and levis, light)
v. t. উপশান্ত কু; কাষৰ কৰা; উপশান কৰা, ছাদ কৰা;
To lesson, to make light; to mitigate, to soften; to dimish, as, to alleviate sorrow, pain.
Alleviating, p. a. উপশান কাৰক, ব্যু কাৰক;

Making lighter; mitigating.

Alleviation, al-levi-ম'shun, n. লাঘৰ; উপলম; Mitigation:—লমুক্ষণ; উপলমক্ষণ, Extanuation; palliation; "alleviation of faults."

Alleviature, adj. লঘুকাৰক; উপ-পাশকাৰক; That which mitigates.

Alloy, all, (Fr. allce, a passage, from aller, to go, O. Fr. anner, from L. adnare, to go to by water) n. উদ্যান-মধার পৰ, A walk in a garden —সম্বীৰ্ণ পৰ, পৰি; A narrow passage; a passage in a city narrower than a street. pl-alleys.

Alliaceous, al-h'-áshus (L. allium, garlic) a.
লঙৰ পৰ্যক; Pertaining to the garlic or omon tribe; having the smell or properties of garlic.

Alliam, n. ল্ডন ; Garlic.

Alliance, al-h'ans. (I. ad, and lego, to bind)

n. বৈবাহিক সংস্ক, কুট্ডিছা, Union by marriage;
matrimonial alliances; connection— সান্ধ: সানিলব; A treaty or union between nations; a lague
with foreign powers; confideracy—ইকা; A
union for any purpose. Syn Cennection, relation-ship, affinity, confederacy, league, union,
combination, coalition, compact, treaty.

Alliciency, n. আকর্ষণ ভার্তাশন্তি; Magnetism, attraction.

Allicient, a. আকৰ্ষক ; বাহা আকৰ্ষণ কৰে : আক-ৰ্বণ ; That which attracts.

Allied, al-lid, pp. or a. বিবাহ বছুত বা সন্ধিহতে আবদ্ধ , সন্ধহিত ; সৰদ্ধ ; Connected by marriage, interests, friendship or treaty, confiderated.

Allied to—NATH ESTI; Akin to; as, "Charles surnamed the Bold, for his courage was allied to rashness and frenzy then wore the ducal coronet of Burgundy."—Seott.

Allies, al-liź, n. pl. প্ৰশাৰ ৰাজ্য বছাৰ্থ মিনিড ৰাজনাৰ্থেৰ ৰাজ্য সমূহ; Princes or states which have entered into league for their mutual defence; confederates.

Alligate, alli-gat, (i.. alligo,—ad, to and ligo, to bind ) v. t. আৰফ কৰা; মিলিড কৰা; সৰজ কৰা;

To bind, tie or fasten together; to jein; to unite by some tie.

Alligation, al-li-ga'shun, (L. allgatio, a binding together—ad, to, and ligo, to bind) n. বিভিন্ন উপাদান বিভাগের নিয়ন; A rule in arithmetic relating to the compounding of different ingredients of different qualities or values:—সংখোজন; The act of tying together.

Alligator, alli-gn-tur, (Sp. el lagarto—L. lacerta, a lizard) n. কুত্ৰীৰ; মৃক; An animal of the crocodile family found in America; the American crocodile.

Allinement, n. শ্ৰেণীবদ্ধ হওন; সাহিবনি হওন; State of being in a line.

Allision, ali'-shun, n. প্ৰশাহ আঘাত কর্ণ; A striking against.

Alliteration, al-lit-er-% shun, ( L. ad, to, and littera, a letter) n. was in ; The use of two or more words beginning with the same letter; the recurrence of the same letter at the beginning of two or more words following close to each other as in 'apt alliteration's artful aid.'

Alliterative, al-lifer-ত-tiv, a. অসুসাস সংক্রান্ত; Pertaining or relating to alliteration.

Allocate, allo-kāt, (L. ad, to and locus, a place) v. t. স্থাপন-ক; অংশ তাগ কৰিবা-দে; বিদি-ক; To place; to assign to each his share; to allot. Allocation, al-lo-kā'shun, n. স্থাপন: Act of allocating; act of placing to.—একের সংহত অভ্যের সংযোগ করণ; The act of putting one thing upon another; act of adding to:—হিসাব গ্রহণ করণ বা ধবিয়া পেজন; The admission of an article in reckoning, and addition of it to the account:—ভাগকরণ; Act of allocating or assignment:—হিসাবের উপর দপ্তবি বাদ; An allowance made upon an account:—জাশ বিভাগ; An allowance made upon and account:—জাশ বিভাগ ; An allowance made upon and account:—জাশ বিভাগ ; An allowance made upon an account:—জাশ বিভাগ ; An allowance made upon an account —জাশ বিভাগ ; An allowance made upon an account —জাশ বিভাগ ; An allowance made upon an account —জাশ বিভাগ ; An allowance made upon an account —জাশ বিভাগ ; An allowance made upon an account —জাশ বিভাগ ; An allowance made upon an account —জাশ বিভাগ ; An allowance made upon an account —জাশ বিভাগ ; An allowance made upon an account — জাশ বিভাগ ; An allowance made upon an account — জাশ বিভাগ ; An allowance made upon an account — আমান বিভাগ ; An allowance made upon an account — আমান বিভাগ ; An allowance made upon an account — আমান বিভাগ ; An allowance made upon an account — আমান বিভাগ ; An allowance made upon an account — আমান বিভাগ ; An allowance made upon an account — আমান বিভাগ ; An allowance made upon an account — আমান বিভাগ ; An allowance made upon an account — আমান বিভাগ ; An allowance made upon an account — আমান বিভাগ ; An allowance made upon an account — আমান বিভাগ ; An allowance made upon account — আমান বিভাগ ; An allowance made upon account — আমান বিভাগ ;

Allocution, al-lo-kū'shun, (L. ad, to, and loquor, locatus, to speak) n. সংবাধন : বৰা বীন্তি স্থোধন ; A formal address esp. of the Pope to his clergy:—আয়ের সহিত ক্ষোপক্ষন ; The act or manner of speaking to, or of addressing in words.

Alloddal, al-lū'di-al, a.lī. নিজৰ, Free of rent or service, freeholds—opposed to Foudal:—জন্বীন : জ্বাধিক; Held independent of a superior. Allodium, al-lū'di-um, (Low L. allodium, most probably from Ice. al.lo, aldage, and other, a homestac; alda-othal, a property of ages) n. নিজৰ জুনপাতি; কেছাখীন জবিকার; হাব-বাধিকার; মহাত্তাণ বিষয়; A freehold estac; land held in full right; land held in one s own right and not by feudal tenure, lands which are held by absolute right, without even the burden of homage or fidelity. The word is Tuctonic—alladh (all property).

Allonge, n. কৰবাল কৃত ছিত্ৰ; তলোহাৰেৰ চোট প A pass or thrust with a sword, or rapier in fencing:—বোড়াকে টল খাভয়াইবাৰ লখা বান; A long rein when a horse is trotted in the hand

Alloo, v. কৰভানি দিয়া বুকুৰ লেলিয়া দেৱ; কুকুৰ হলিয়া দেৱছা; To incite a dog by crying alloo; as, alloo thy furious mastifi. Altopathic, a. अमृत्य गुरशं; अतानाविक नव-Pertaining to allopative.

Allopathically, ad. वाताणाधिक विविध्नान्atal; In accordance with allopathy.

Allpathist, n. अमृत्य बावशास्त्रांत्री क्रिकः One who adheres to allopathy.

Allopathy, al-lop'a-thi, ( Gr. allos, other, another and pathos, affection, disease ) n दिन्य किक्न अभानी ; A mode of curing diseases, by using medicines which produce in the system a condition contrary to that of the disease; ordinary medical practice; as opposed to Homœo-

pathy. Alloque, n. कार्यानक्षम ; बाक्रालान ; The act of speaking to another; conversation.

Allot, al-lot', ( L, ad, to and Lot ) v. f. sinit-बाही विकान-कू; बरe बरe विकक्त कर्या; वर्णन-कु; To divide as by lot; to distribute, to parcel out, to give; to assign. pa. p=alloted, alloting. Syn=assign, deal, apportion; appoint.

Allotted to-মংশ নামা করিয়া দেওছা; লিবিছা (Port ; Assigned to ; apportioned to ; as, "If heaven allotted to each man seven guardian angels &c."-Lytton.

Allotery, n. विভাগের অংশ, নিরূপিভাংশ; The part in a distribution.

Allotment, al-lotment, n. विकासन ; अरम ; Act of allotting; that which is allotted; part or shore allotted; the part allotted to any one; a share :- অংশ বিভাগ প্রণালী ; A system of assigning small portions of the landholder's land to be cultivated by day labourers, after their ordinary days work.

Allotropy, al-lot'ro-pi, (Gr. allos, another. and trops, form ) n. কভিপর প্রাকৃতিক পদার্থের একা থিক অবস্থায় অবস্থিতিরূপ ধর্মা, এক প্রকৃতিক বস্তুর বিভিন্ন প্ৰয়ায় শ্বিভিস্তক ধর্ম ; The property in some elements, as carbon, of existing in more than one form, a term employed to denote the fact that the same body may exist in more than one usual condition, and with different physical charateristics; as, carbon which appears under the form of charcoal, graphite, and diamond.

Allow, al-low, ( Fr. alloner, to grant- 1. ad, to and loco, to place :-- Allow, in the sense of approve or sanction, as used in B. and by old writers, has its root in L. laudo, to praise ) ण. f. (नडा ; नान करा ; To grant to ; give ; as. to allow leave :- \$ \$ To own or acknowledge or to allow a rlaim; "Miss Arbella Wilmot was allowed by all to be completely pretty." -Goldsmith .-- 414-(平; 東南-季, To abate or deduct ; as, to allow for waste :-- अनुविक (मध्य) , To permit, as, to allow a servant to go abroad - नमर्बन-क ; To approve of , to justify : - तम्-🗲 ; क्यांदेश (पत्र ; To make an abatement. Syn= Admit, acknowledge, own, conceder, permit, let, authorize; suffer, tolerate, endure, bear; grant, yield, give; approve, sanction, remit, deduct, abote. Allow of = Grant, hermit.

To allow for - (कान कावर नांप रणव्या , अभिकृत कांवन विदर्वकां कविया उपअधिविधात चन्नवान स्थान , To make a deduction on account of; to take into consideration any counteracting cause.

Allowable, al-low'a-bl, a. श्रीकार्या ; विवि नज्ञ ; व्यभिविद्य ; व्यन्यिक अनाम (वांत्री ; That may be allowed or permitted; lawful; not forbidden; permissible. n=allowableness (lawfulness). Allowableness, n. अमान ; नित्तव वारिका ; স্থত; Lawfulness; exemption from prohibition; the quality of being allowable.

Allowably, adi বিধিনসভন্নপে; Lawfully.

Allowance, al-low'ans, n. रोकांद ; Admission ; acknowledgment :- WANTS : Permission or approbation ; as, without the state's allowance :-भाग कदन ; इति ; Abatement ; deduction ; as, to make allowance for the inexperience of youth: -वाम ; That which is allowed :- निर्मिष्ठ पविभिन्न बाहाद माम्बी: A stated quantity of food or drink, when provisions fall short .- 4415; 4814 317; A deduction on the weight of goods; discount : - (357; Salary.

To make allowance for—কাৰণ বিশেষে সাত্ৰ বিৰোলা-কু; উপেক্লা-কু, দোৰ প্ৰহণ না-ডু; ক্ষা-কু; To allow for; to take a lement view of; to forgive , as, "I make certain allowances for your partiality."-Cowper's Letters.

Allowing, al-lowing, conj. श्रीकृष कदिरम्छ: Allowing that he had a right.

Alloy, al-lor (Fr. alor, standard of metals, aloyer, It. allegare, to alloy-L. ad legum, according to law ) r. f. wing & . a , air (Part, To reduce the purity of a metal by mixing it with one less valuable :-- n. भिन्न पाष्ट्र , बाम ; A compound of two or more metals (when murcury is one of the ingredients, it is an amalgam), a base metal mixed with a finer .-- 77 979 440 महिद्दम ; Evil mixed with good -- अन्वर्ध मार्क E4), Anything that deteriorates

Alloyage, al loi-3j, n. श्राष्ट्रक शान मिल्लिक कदन ; The act of alloying metals.

Allspice, n. statafife, The berry of the pimento, a pleasant aromatic spice; Jamaica pepper.

Allude, al-lud, (I. ad, at, and lude, lusum, to play) v. t. भरवाककारव छह्नथ-कृ, अमनकारम উল्लंख করা, উদ্দেশ করিয়া বলা, To mention slightly in passing; to have reference to; to hint at; to refer to. Syn - Suggest, intimate, glance at, advert to ; refer ; hint , remark.

Alluro, al-lur', ( l. ad, and Lure ) v. t. aten-िंड-क ; Tempt ; entice.

Allurement, allur'ment, n. acetes; That which allures; temptation; enticement.

Allurer, n. अत्वाचनकारी; One who allures. Alluring, al-luring, adj. अरनाचनकादी ; Tempting; enticing, adv = alluringly.

Alluringness, n. लानामनी नव ; मादा (बांद कहन viette ; Enticement ; temptation by proposing pleasure.

Allusion, al-U'zhun, n. Maineire Gige; সংকত ; উল্লেখ ; A reference to something supposed to be known, but not explicitly mentioned, a hint, an indirect reference. Syn-

Mention, hint; suggestion, casual hint. Allusive, al-lus'iv, a. উत्यक्तावी : देजिनकावी ; गरवाक्षांत উত्यकारी : चल्लहेन्नरण कवित्र : Having reference to something not fully expressed; alluding, hinting at; referring to indirectly.

Allusively, al-lusiv-li, adv. मात्र नकाल ; इक्रिएं ; In an allusive manner; in an hinting manner; indirectly.

Allusiveness, ai-ার্যর্গ্ণ-nes, n. সংকর ; প্রাই : The quality of being allusive.

Alluvial, al-lu'vi-al, a. ननीत्वां वा वक्रांचांवां मिक; Deposited or laid down by means of water; washed down or carried away by water and disposited.

Alluvious, al-lu'vi-us, adj. चनवांबा চानमीन : Pertaining to alluvien.

Alluvium, al-lu'vi-um, (L.-alluo, to wash to or on-ad, and luo-lavo, to wash) n. नणीवावा वारिष्ठ नियुक्तिएक शक्ति भनार्व ; भनि ; Deposits of earth, gravel and other matter borne by river or flood on land not permanently submerged, earth deposited by the washing of floods, or carried down by rivers :- नमीव (शोक मांगिव बाबा সমূত্রক স্কুত্র দ্বীপ ; Small island thrown up by current of a river. pl - Alluvia.

Allies, al-li'z, n. pl. मनिवक वाजकवर्ग वा दाका-जकन, Princes or states united by treaty or

agreement, confederates.

Ally, al-li', (Fr. L. alligo, are-all, to, and ligo, to fund ) v. t. विवाध, मिळणा, मिका वा मायुक्त चौदा मदक श्रापन को सिन्न कहा , To form a relation by marriage, friendship, treaty, or resemblance -(\*\*\* To unite or connect, as, allied powers - Wast-7, To bind together in friendship, as states with state. Syn-connect, unite, conjoin, associate, combine -n. sing. 用利耳, 用毛 (1) A confederate; one that is allied कृहेंच, A relation —मस्तिक दांचा वा दांचा; A prince or state united by treaty or league.

Alma-(the human soul), queen of "Body Castle," beset by enemies for seven years ( tha seven ages of man ). The besiegers are a rabble rout of evil desires, foul imaginations, and silly conciets. "The divine part of a man" says Spencer, "is circular, a circle being the emblem of eternity, but the mortal part triangular, as it consists of three things-blood, flesh, and bones."

Almacanter, Almucantor, n. पश्त्र मप-(141), A circle of the sphere parallel to the horizon.

Almaoantar's staff-पूर्वा वर्षन प्रयोग विरामव ; पुरवीकन वज्रविरनव . An instrument used to take observation of the sun.

Almack's-Aristocratic exclusiveness :- 44414 कईक वापड किंच ; A ball given by the highest nobility.

Almadie, n. ভাৰতবৰ্ষে বা আফিকার বচ নৌকা विराप ; A large boat used in parts of India ; also an African bark cance.

Alms Mater, alma mater, (L. alma, fostering and meter, mother) বে বিদ্যালয়ে কেই শিকা লাভ Alms-house, amz-hows, n. অবাধ আল্লম; কবি-

Alms-house किविदादक ; A college or seminary, where one is educated.

Almanac, almá-nak, ( Fr.-Gr. almenichiaka (in Eusebius), an Egyption word, prob. sing. 'daily observation of things' ) n. 41841; A calendar of days, weeks, and months; an annual calendar, a small book containing a calendar of days, weeks and month &c., for any year.

The man i' the Almanac stuck with pins-(Nat. Lees.) is a man marked with points referring to the signs of the zodiac, and intended to indicate the favourable and unfavourable times of letting flood.

I shant consult your almanac-(French) I shall not come to you to know what weather to expect. The reference is to the prognostications of weather in almanacs.

Almandine, n. प्राकार मनि विरचन ; Precious stones or noble garnet.

Alme, Almeh. n. रेकिन्ट (न्नीय नर्डकी ; An Egyptian danching girl.

Almighty, awl-mi't'ı, a. मर्सम्ब्लिमान ; Possessing all might or power, omnipotent: -n. नेरंद; পৰ্যেশ্ৰৰ, The omnipotent God. Syn=Omnipotent, all sufficient. (The Almighty = God).

Almighty dollar-मर्ममधनक्ष पूजा ; (slang) Money, by which every thing can be accomplished.

Almond, a'mund, (Fr. amande-L. amygdalum-Gr. amygdate) n. वामाम ; The fruit of the almond-tree

Almond tree-প্ৰকেশ; পাৰা চুব; Grey hair. Comp. Eccles. XII. 3-6.

Almonds, a'mundz, pl. किलाव भकावडी गारम-ব্ৰন্থি, কণ্ঠলৰিত মা'স্থায়ি, The tonsils or two glands on the sides of the basis of the tongue.

Almoner, al'mun-er, n. किका विख्यपदांदी; An officer of a prince or of a religious house, to whom distribution of alms is committed.

Almonry, al'mun-ri, n. ऋडिविणाला , मानणाला ; The place where alms are distributed -- 1891 বিভৰ্কাৰীৰ ৰাস্থান; The residence of the almoner; the place where almoner resides.

Almost, awl'most, (al, and most) al. att; fat . Nearly ; for the most part ; well nigh.

Alms, amr, (A. S ælmæsse, through late L., form Gr. chemosyre-ebos, compassion.) n. हिका, नान, बहबाद, Relief given out of pity to the poor; a charitable donation.

Alms baskets-पानापाद , मानगानी , The baskets in which provisions are put to be given away or distributed among the poors.

Alms-deed, amz-ded, n. गानकार्ग ; रगानकार् कार्ग , An act of charity , a charitable deed.

Alms-drink-Another's leavings; for alms consist of broken broad and the residue of drink. It is also applied to the liquor which a drinker finds above his desire and therefore hand overs to another.

Alms-giver, n. viol, A giver of alms.

শালা , দৰিক্সাবাদ , A house in which the poor are lodged and supported

Alms man, n ভিকোপদীৰী বে ভিকা কৰিবা দিনপাত কৰে A man who lives upon ilms

Almug, aimug n (Heb) এক প্রকার বৃক্ষ A tree or wood mentioned in the Bible, kind un certain

Alnagar, Alnager, Alneger, গ এল নামক পৰিমাণ বাবা পৰিমাণক, কাপডের আডঞ্জেতে নিযুক্ত পৰবাই এব, মাপক, A measure by the ell for me ly a sworn officer in Fingland, whose duty was to inspect and measure woolen cloth

Alnage, n এल बांबक পरिवान वा बाल, A mea sure by the ell

Alnight, n শলিতা বা পলিতা হুক যোগের পিও বা বাতি, A cake of wax with the wick in the midst to burn all night

Aloa—Athenian festival to Ceres and Bacchus,

Alocus—A giant son of Neptune and Canace
Aloe alo (L a'a Cr ala Syn olar) " মূল
কুমাৰী, মঞ্জ একপ্ৰকাৰ কৃদ্ধ মুক্তৰ A genus of
plants with juncy leaves yellding the gum called
alocs, genus of a plant which yield a gummy
junce all natives of wirm climate

Aloos, afor n pl মুম্বর A purgative drug, the juice of several species of alæ, Ales wood — সভস্য

Aloetic, Aloetical, adj মুসকাৰীয় জান্তকসৰক ' Consisting chiefly of alces

Aloft, a loft, (Pichi a [A S on ] on and Loft) ad উদ্ধে, পুতে আকালে On high, in the air, overhead — উজে, মতকোপৰি nai) In the top above the deck, in the mut-had Alogy, a login অঞ্চা, আবস্ততা Unreason

ableness, absurdity

Alone, al on, (Al [for All] quite and one a একাকী, দক্ষীবেহতিক নিবালা Single with not company, solitary —at কেবল পুণা হাবে নিজে নিজে, একাকী, By one's sell singly ১, 2 Solitary, single, separate uncombined, uncon nected

To let or leave alone— কাৰাকেও কিছু না বাণিয়া বে যে ভাবে আমে মেই ভাবে থাকিতে তেওয়া থাকিতে পেওয়া হতকেপ নাক, Not to meddle with one but to let him stand as he is to suffer to rest to forbear molesting or meddling with, i 'You had better leve me al ne Trellon

To let well alone—ভাগ ভাবে আছে বনিয়া বে আৰম্বায় আছে ভাগৰহায় থাকিতে পেলয়া I o let things remain as they are, as they are in a good state Along, a long, (A S an llang—prefix an l against, and I ong) a l স্বাপৰি In a line with the length, or through the length of, length wise through —আমে, Onward, forward — সম্ভিবাহাতে, In company, joined with (fol by with), as I shall go home along with you — prop ব্যাভাবে By the length of — সম্ভিত্তি, Near to —গাবে By the send of Syn Length wise longitudinally, onward, forward, by over, upon

Along of-wy, as cross, On account of, as

This increase of price is along of the foreigners

Along side-পानानानि , नानानानि , (Naut) Side by side , by the side of the ship

Along shore ভাবেব বিকট, By the shore or

Along shore men—The lower short of men employed about quay, and docks

Along with -asta, Together, as, in some

Go along with-अनुस्मानन १ , Approve of.

Get along-safe & Progress

Alongst, ad লখান্ত , ভাৰৎপ্ৰতে , A corruption as it seems, from along lengthwise

Aloof, a loof (Prefix a [A S on ] on and Loof See Loof) ad aathte, http. water, tell within view. abait n Aloofness

Stand aloof—পূৰে পাকা To keep at a distance Alopecy, n চুন ড্ৰিয়া যাজন, I he calling off of the hair from any part of the body

Aloud, a lowd (From A S on and hlyd, noise for law' See Loud) ad & to Tet, (often, I oudly, with a loud soice. Syn Loudly claim rously noisily

Al'outrance—ৰ'গা ও বাৰণ সৰ্ভে, Inspite of obstacles and objections

Alow, alu, adv निष्णादि निष्ण In a low place - Opp to 1 ft

Think slow- चन्द्र ति के 5 hloquy

Alp, alp (L Gridian intum, alled to I als white white white white who have it is a series of A high in number plot lips সুই স্থাব বিংৰ প্ৰতিৰ্ভাগ সমূহ, The toly mountains of Switzerland

Alpace, alpana (Pruvian) - ই জাতীয় জন্ত এক কৰিবাৰ Cimiliac brist and ies of Perivinship — ধ্ৰিপাকা মঞ্জন্তৱ শোষকৰ্ত্ত, Clathinal frimits hair

Alpon stock, alpastack n জ পপদ পর্কতে

জাবোণা কালে পথিকেব' যে ২তি ব্যবহার করে, Along stok n still used by travellers in climbing the Alp

Alpha, alia (Gr alpha—Heb a eph, an ox, th name of the first lette which in its original figure resembled on ocs head) n ঐক বৰ্ণমালাৰ প্ৰথম অকৰ, The first letter of Greek alphabet আদি বা প্ৰাৰম্ভ The first or beginning

The alpha and omega - আদিৰ ও অন্তিম, প্ৰাৰম্ভ প্ৰাৰ, the first and the last, the beginning and the and

Alphabot, alia-bet, (Gr alpha, beta, the first two Greek letters) n বধাবীতি সঞ্জিত বৰ্ণমালা, Th letters of a language arranged in the customary order

Alphabet of faces—মুখ ৰিকৃতি, Distortion of the face in various ways so as to represent all the letters of the alphabet

Alphabetarian, n বৰ্ণনালা শিক্ত বা পঢ়্যা, বৰ্ণনাৰ্ভালী, A learner of the Alphabet, an aberedarian, one learning the alphabet

Alphabetic, Alphabetical, al-fa-betik, al-

fa-berik-al, a. ব্ৰিদ্বালা সম্ভাৱ বা বৰ্ণাসুজনিক; বৰ্ণ-কৰে বিশ্বক; Relating to or in the order of an alphabet; arranged in the order of the alphabet. Alphabetically, al-fa-betik-al-i, aiv. বৰ্ণ-বালা ক্লেকিলে; আক্ৰ বা বৰ্ণজনে; In an alphabetical manner; in alphabetic order.

Alpheos and Arethusa.—The Greek fable says that Alpheos, the river-God fell in love with the nymph Arethusa, who fled from him in affright. The burly god pursued, but was changed into a river, and the nymph into a fountain.

Alphest, n. नापृतीक पश्च विराण ; मपूर्वकाल वश्च विराण , A small purple sea-fish.

Alphonsin, n. ডাকাৰি অপ্ৰবিশেষ; An instrument for extracting bullets from wounds.

Alphonsine Tables—Astronomical Tables constituted in 1254 by Isaac Hazan, a Jewish rabbi, who named them in honour of his patton, Alphonso X. King of Castille.

Alphos, n. কুঠ বিশেষ; একপ্ৰকাৰ কুঠ বোগ; A species of lepiosy, vitiligo.

Alpine, alp'in, a. আল্লস্ বা তালুক উত্তরত পর্কত সং-কান্ত, আপ্লস্ নামক পর্কত সম্বন্ধী দেত্যুক্ত, Pertaining to the Alps, or to any lofty mountains; relating to or resembling the Alps —অভ্যানত; Very high —পর্কতমন, Mountainous —n. পার্ক্ত-

ভীয় বৰ বিশেষ, The mountain straw-berry.

Alpluo -Containing a bet or a particular card that has already won.

Alquife -বিশাত যাত্ৰৰ; A famous enchanter. Alroady, awl-redi. alro. একংশ; সম্প্ৰতি; Now: পুৰো, At some time past, previously— কিন্তি পুৰো, l'enor to some specified time, either future, present, or past.

Also, awiso, ad. or conj. wide, Ackies astre, Likewise, in like manner, further.

Altar, awitar, (L. atare-altus, high) n to-(T), Anith, Pedestal for sacrifice; place at which religious service is performed, in Christian churches, the communion table; (fig.) a place of worship.

Altarage, n. প্ৰেপহাৰ স্থাত প্ৰোহিতেৰ বাত, An emolument arising from oblations to the alter, gift at altar.

Altarist, alter-thane—পুৰোপহাৰ্থাই); Receiver of gifts at altar.

Altar-piece, awlfar-pes, n. ৰেণীৰ উপৰিছত চিত্ৰ বা ভ্ৰা , ৰেণীৰ উপৰ চিত্ৰ; A painting or decoration placed over an altar; a painting over the altar.

Alter, awiter, (L. alter, other, another—al [root of alius, other] and the old comparative suffix—ter—E. ther) v. t. পরিবর্তন-ক; তির প্রকার করা; To change .—v. s. পরিবর্তিত-ছ; তির প্রকার করা; To become different, to change, to vary. Syn=change, vary, divisify, modify, shift, turn, transform, convert, metamorphose.

Alter one's course—কভাবের পরিবর্জন-কু, To make some change in conduct.

Alterable, awiter-a-bl, adj. পৰিবৰ্জনীয় , পৰি-ৰৰ্জন-ৰোগ্য , পৰিবৰ্জনীয় ; That may be altered.

Alterably, adv. পবিবৰ্ডনপূৰ্বক; In a me that may be altered or varied.

Alteration, awl-ter-a'shun, n. পরিষ্ট্র ৰদল . Change : partial change :--পরিষ্ট্রন্তর্থ ৰদলকরণ ; Act of altering or changing.

Alterative, awiter-at-iv, a. পরিবর্তন ; পরিবর্তন নাম ; Having the power to change; having the quality of altering —পরিবর্তন ধ্রবন, A medicine that gradually changes the constitution or habit of body, a medicine that gradually improves the vital functions.

Altercate, alter-kāt, (L. altercor, catus, to bandy words from one to the other alter) v. i. ৰালাসুবাৰ-ড়; ৰাল মুক কৰা; ভৰ্বিতৰ-ড়; To contend in words; to wrangle; to dispute.

Altercation, al-ter-kā shun, n. বিভৰা; বাদাৰু-বাদ , বাদাৰুভ্জ; A contention in words; a wrangle; controversy. Syn=wrangle, dispute, contest, controversy, dissension, bickering, sparring.

Altern, a. প্ৰভাৱ পৰিবৰ্ত্তৰ; Acting by turns; one succeeding another.

Alternacy, n. शीनांचांचा कुछ कांन कार्या; शर्याच-कृत्य कार्या निश्वन्न कदन; शतिवर्डन वांचा कार्या निश्वन्न कदन; Performance or actions by turns.

Alternal, a. Sec altern. Alternally, ad.একের পর এক এট ক্রমরূপে; পালাতু.

Alternally, ad. একের পর এক এক জমকপে; পালাকু. ৰামী; প্রায়ক্তমে, By turn, by rotation.

Alternate, al-ter'nat or alter'nat, (L. alter, other) a. পৰ্বায় . একটিব পৰ একটি , পৰ্যায় ক্ষিক ;
That succeeds or follows by turns , reciprocal; one after another; by turns :— v. t. পৰ্বায়ক্ত্ৰে কোন কাৰ্য্য-কৃষ্ণ To do by turns :— পৰ্বায়ক্ত্ৰে একটাৰ পৰ একটাকে অকুগনন কৰান; To cause to follow by turns or one after the other — v. i. পৰ্বায়ক্ত্ৰে সংঘটিত হওয়া, একবাৰ অন্তব একবাৰ কৰিয়া অসুগনন কৰা. To fill we every other or second time — প্ৰায়ত্ৰে ঘটা বা পৰিবৰ্জন হওয়া; To perform alternately; to change reciprocally — n. পৰ্বায়ক্ত্ৰে মহা ঘটা; That which happens by turns .— পৰিবৰ্জন; A substitute; viccisitude.

Alternately, ad. Military, set set, By turns, by rotation, reciprocally.

Alternating, p. a. পর্যায়ক্তমে সংঘটিত ; Acting alternately or reciprocally.

Alternation, al-ter-na'shun, n. একের পর এক হওন; The act of following or being followed in succession: —পর্বায়ক্তম . Reciprocal succession: —পর্বায়ক্তম নির্বন্ধ করণ, The act of alternating — প্যায়ক্তম নংঘটন; Alternate performance —দান প্রতিদান; Interchange.

Alternative, al-ternat-iv. a. অসতৰ; ছুৱেব অসতন গ্ৰণাৰ্থতি লায়ক; Offering a choice of two things:—n. অসতৰ উপাৰ, ছুয়েব অসতৰ গ্ৰণাৰ্-মতি, Expedient; resource, a choice between two things. Syn=Option, preference.

Alternatively, al-téinat-iv ly, adv. পৰ্যায়ক্ৰৰ; পাৰাহ্যায় , In the manner of alternatives; by turns , reciprocally , interchangeably.

Althon, n. পুলা বিলেষ, এক প্ৰকাৰ গৰৱাৰ কাতীয় কুল; Marsh Mellow, a flowering shrub. Although, awl-tho, conj. ব্যুগি; Notwithstanding -त नमक कीकांद कदिलक, लाहा मरक , Admitting all that, notwithstanding that.

Altigrade, adj. व्हार्वाख्य ( अवन. ) डेक्स व्हन-Rising on high, going up step by step. Altiloquence n अकृत बाका . नर्स पूर्वक बाका , High speech pompous language

Altimeter, al-time-ter, (L altus, high and metrum, measure ) n. ऐक्कजानियानक वस , An instrument for taking altitude by geometrical

principles.

Altimetry, " एक जानविमालक विमा . The art of measuring heights, the art of ascertaining altitudes by taking angles with a proper instrument.

Altisanant, Altisonous, त हे क अकारी हेक्कदरकांदों, High thundering lingh-sounding Altitude, alti-tūd, ॥ (L 'altitude-altis, high ) উচ্চতা , উচ্চত্ , উল্লভি , Height , elevation , elevation of a heavenly body above the hore zon , space extended upward. Syn - Elevation, height loftiness, summit.

Altivolent, ad, कळकरण डेक्डीइयान, केर्द डेक्डीइ-

यान , Flying high

Alto, alto, (It L altue, high ) n. ( with) गीटाव (य मक्वारभक्ता रहाइव विभिन्न चरण भूकरवर्ता गाइँड, श्रीरगांकिशांव मर्खार्थका अनुक्रवन, (Org.) The highest part sung by male, lowest voice in women —वाना वट्डव ६क्तणन , भक्तपूर , liigh sound in music

Altogether, awl-too-gether, ad नन्तिश अध्यात , अकाल , Without exception , wholly ,

completely, entncly

Alto-relievo, alto-re le'vo, ( It alto, high and relievo, prominencei n डेड ठ प्रक्रि नक्षी के अपन fant, High relief, figures projected by at least then thickness from the ground on which they are sculptured, a mode of sculpture representing prominent figures

Altruism, altico ism, (1 alter, another) n व्यभारतक निमित्र भीवन थादा ७ वर्ण वात्रवाद ५७ भवरमवा, The principle of himz and actin for the interest of others ি পার্থ পর্বোপকার Deta tion to the intere to of others , unself hincos opposed to egusm

Aludel, alu del (Prob of Arabic origin) n শোধনাধাৰ, দ্বদি , Commeal vessel

Alum, alum, (1. alumin- Gi hals, halvo salty ) n. Thatta , wefafa , A double sulphate of alumina and potash, a mineral salt

Alumina, al-u'min-a, Alumine, alumin, n क्टेंकिविव উপानान, এक शकांव शृष्टिका, One of the earths, the charactristic ingredient of common clay, clay loam or other substance from which alum is obtained. Alumina is a compound of aluminium and oxygen

Aluminous, al-u'mın-us, adj. कहिकिविशां, कह for fife, Containing alum, or alumina

Aluminum, al amin-um, aluminium, al Umini um, अ. कडिकिविय शंख्य चान , (बोभा अपूर्ण अवः मधुनांव अस विशाख थांडू विश्मय , A mulal resembling silver and remarkable for its hightness, the metallic base of alumina.

Alumish, adj क्हेकिविव धर्वक , क्हेकिविव धर्वक , Having the nature or quality of alum.

Alumnus, al-umnus, ( I., alo, to nourish ) n. ছाज , विमात्तव वित्नातव हाळ , A pupil , a graduate of a college or university, one educated at a college is called alumnus of that college -পাৰৰ পুত , A foster child. pl=alumin.

Alum stone, n. এক একার ধনিক পদার্থ , A kind of mineral

Alum-water-কটকিবি বিশ্রিত অন, Water impregnated with alum

Alum works, " क्टेकिदि अश्वद कवरांद मदल्य: Apparatus for making alum.

Alutation, " FT नियान कर्न , The tanning or dressing of leather

Alveary, " कर् कृष्य . The hollow of the ear :-मध्यक्तिवाक (मोठांक, मश्रक A bee-hive. Alveolate a लोगांक्य कांग्र किस्यूक, Divided

into open cells, like honey-comb Alveolory, Alveolor, adj. (कार्रेव का कर

fafely . Having a small hollow or cavity Alvine. aty उपत का उन्ति नवसाय , Pertaining to the lewer belly or intestines, pertainting to

Always. THE SEWIS SEN NA. ade 74 भकारद मर्कारा, अनुक्रम अन्दर्भ, toquit, I hrough always, continualty, for ever, at all times, without variations, in every case, invariably, Syn continually, constantly, unceasingly

Am, am A S com, Gr cimi, I sum for esum, Sans asmi as, to be ; " Ton, T. wife , The hi t person of the verb to be

I am প্ৰৱেব ভণাৰি, মতং, আমি আছি, One of God - titles.

Amability, n. (मोमर्गा, निवच, मरनाशांवच, loychnes, the power of pleasing

Amadavad, " कृष भक्षी farms A small bird Amadino , অটব গলনার অংশ, The soluble part of starch

Amail, " अन त्नान, Net-work

the abdomen

Amain a man (Pichx a and Main) aid 37-प्रसंक, भाषाद, (वरन, With strength, sehemently, with sudden force, with vehimence, fice ely toroibly, at once

Amalgam, a malgam, ( L and Gr malag mu, in cmollient-Gi. malasso, to soften ) n. क'मा मिल्ला Any soft mixture .- भारत मिल्लिक ধাতু 1 compound of mercury with another metal - 1944, Mixture

Amalgamate, a-malgam fit, v. f. 48 4191 সংহত পারদ মিলিত করা, To mix increuty with another metal - মিজিভ করা, সন্মিণ্ড করা, To compound or mix - υ ৷ মিলিড বা দশিলিড रका , विभिन्न १९३१ , दुङ १७३१ , To unite in an amalgam, to blend, to coalesce. Syn - commix, combine, mingle, blend, incorporate, fuse.

Amaigamation, a-mal-gam-a'shun, n (424; ধাতৃমিলিত করণ, A mixing together of different bodies or metals —সংযোজনা, বোগ , The mixing of different things or race.

Amand, v. भागहंश (मद , (अवन-कृ , मवाहेश (मद To send one away, to remove.

Amandation, স পাঠাইছা দেওৰ , গ্ৰেৱৰ্ণ কৰ্ণ , The act of sending on a message

Amanuonsis, a-man-lieńsis, (L. ab from, manus, hand) দ শুভাগেৰক, অপুলিপিক্স নকল-বিদ্যান, সুপাদক, A copyist, a writer to dictation. Amaranth, á-mar anth -us, (Gr amarantos, unfading—a, neg, and root mar, to waste away, allied to Lat more, to die and Sans mre to die) দ দীৰ্ঘাৱী ফুলেৰ একছাতীয়া চাৰাগাছ, প্ৰাবিশেষ, A plant of which the flower long retains its colour —দেবপুল, পাৰিছাত পুলা, অনানপুলা, An imaginary flower which never fades

Amaranthine, a-mar-anthin a অম্বৰ পুলাৰ-জীয় . Pertaining to amaranth —অম্বানীয় পুলা-বিশিষ্ট Belonging to amaranth —অম্বান্থ পুলামনুল, I ike amaranth —অমান , Unfading , undecaying Amaritude, n ভিক্তৰ , কট্ৰ , Bitterness

Amaryllis, n ফুলৰ বৃক্ত বিং , A beautiful plant Amarynthos—One of the dogs of Acteon

Amass, a-ma's (Fr amasser -- L ad to and missa i mass) গ গ স্পাদ To accumulate — বাদ্যক ক কেন্ডি-ক To gather into he ip, to collect to gather in large quantity \(\sigma\_n = \text{Itap up, accumulate pile up gather collect aggregate scrape together risk up

Amass # সক্ষ টিপি জ্বা সমূহ, An assem blage an accumulation

Amassed, a বাশীকৃত Collected into i he ip Amassment n বাশীক্বণ, ভূপ An accumula tion a heap collected

Amate, গ সলে পদন-কু To accompany —ভর বা

वामयूक रूप , To be terrified

Amateur, am-at Ir' (I amaior a lovel amo to love) n অৰ্থোপাৰ্ক্তনেৰ অভিগাম না হ'বিলা কেবল সক কৰিমা বিলি কোন বিদ্যাবিশোৰেৰ আলোলালা কৰেন আৰুবিনাভনাৰ সভীতাদি বিদ্যাবিশী কৰকারী One who cultivates a study or art for the love of so doing and not for gain a viituoso. lover of some art but not a professor

Amativo, amat iv (From L ams—alum to luc) a প্ৰায়সভাৱে, কামুক, বা কাম্বৃত্তিসভাৱে, R lating to love amarous amatory Amativoness, amat iv-nes, n শুলাবেজা

Arnativoness, amit iv-nes, দ শুকাবেজা বেষাতিশ্ব প্ৰশ্বাসন্তি Propensity to love কানোৎপত্তি স্থান, in phrenolgy, the supposed scat of the sexual passion

Amatoreulist, n কুজিৰ প্ৰেণী, দেখিক প্ৰেণী কণ্ট প্ৰেণী, অল্পৰেংকাৰী A little insignificant lover, a pretender to affection.

Amatorial, am-a-tō'ii-al, Amatorian, am-a tō'ri-an, Amatorious, am-a tō'ri-au, Amatorious, am-a tō'ri-ous a প্রেমাৎপাদক, শুকারবস অধান প্রেমারিকর , Ten ding to love, causing love, relating to love Amatory, amat-or-i all প্রবিদ্যুক্ত , Relating to, or causing love—সংকর, বা খেছবর, Amorous, prone to love, affectionate Amaurosis, am-aw-rosis, (Gr. amaurous dark dim) n অকতা, দৃষ্টিহীনতা, Loss or decay of sight, without visible defect in the eye

Amaze, a-maf (Prefix a, and Maze) v t বিসমাপর কৃ, হতবৃদ্ধি-কৃ, বিসমাতিত্ত করা, To put the mind in a maze, to bewilder, to astonish,

to confound with surprise or wonder to she with wonder —n কি কৰ্ডৰা বিষ্টুডা, বিষয় বেলি, বাকিবডা, Astonishment, perplexity, confusion Syn=Surprise astonish, astound, startle, alaum, electrify n=amasement.

Amasedly, adv বিষয়ের সহিত, With amarement, astonishingly

Amazement, a-maf-ment n বিষয়, A mingled feeling of surprise and wonder Syn - Astonishment, admiration, perplexity confusion

Amazedness, a mafed ness, n fang, fangi-পরত, আন্ট্যা বোধ, বাক্সভা, A feching of surprise mixed with wonder, the state of being amazed. or confounded with fear, surprise or wonder Amazing, a-mafing a farrag A tonishing. Amazon, amazon (Fty doubtful perhaps from Gr a pilv mazor, a bit 15t, they were said to cut off the right breast that they might use their weapons more freely) " कक्किन वर्गक्रिया शैकां जि शूक्त मन्या दश्ली , क्तरशियां के लाक , द्रव-পিছা কী বোদ্ধ সাঙি (One of a fabled nation of female warriors) ma culine woni in a virago; a race of famile warriors a withke or manlike wo nan A horse woman a fighting or masculine wom in Ih word means without breast. or rather deprived of a pup According to Giction story, there was a nation of women in Africa of a every warlike character There were no men in the nation and if a boy was born, it was either killed, er sent to his father who In ed in some neighbouring state. The girls had the reight breast singed off that they might the better draw the bow Probably the fable is founded on a misconception of the Circusian word mosa (the moon) the Amazon of

pers of the moon
Amazonian, am ar ohian a সমবাসবাদিনী,
বাজিহা Resembling an amizon wailike —
পুৰুষোতি আচপ্ৰিশিপ্তা Of masculine manners
Ambassade, Ambassage, স বাসকাৰ্য, দুভ
(প্ৰৱণ, An embassy a mission

Thermodoon, in Asia Minor, being worship-

Ambassador, am ba a-dur (It ambascia-dore I ambactus derived by Grimm from Gath andbalits a servant whence Ger amt, office) n atwes, Diplomatic minister of the highest order sent by one sovereign power to the court of another, to support the interest of his own s vereign, an envoy fem-Ambissadress Syn-Legal, deputy, minister, pleninotent its

Ambassadorial, am basa-dur'ial a বাজ্যুত সম্ভীয় Pertuining to ambassador

Ambazes, n. pl ছড়িত বাকা, পেঁচাও কথা A circumlocution, a circuit of words — আঁকাৰীকা পথ, A circuitous path turnings

Ambe, Ambi, n কুল পাহাডের পার , The ridge or side of a hill , a brim

Amber, ambet, n to TTBA. A yellow fossil resin rendered electric by friction, a yellowish semi-transparent substance, supposed to be a fossil resin, it is highly electrical when subbed:

adi তৈলক্ষ্টিক শিশ্বিত, Made of amber —ছৈন ক্ষটিক সৰ্বণ, Resembling amber —ভৈদক্ষিক যুক্ত, Consisting of amber.

Amber drink » (তৈৰ ক্টকৰণবিশিষ্ট) পাৰীয় স্ত্ৰা বিশেষ, A drink resembling amber in colour

Ambergris, amber gres, (Amber and Fr gris gray) n সুগৰি এবা, A fragrant substance of gray colour found on the sca-coast of warm countries and in the intestines of the spermaceli whales a fragrant substance in perfumary Amber seed - মুগ্ৰাভিৰ কাৰা, Mush seed

Amber tree " 24/4 (\$ (404), A fragrant evergreen shrub

Ambidexter, ambi dekster (I ambo both and deater, right hand) n ৰে বৃদ্ধি উভয় হতে তুলাৰূপ ক্য করিতে পাবে স্বাস্থি One who uses both hands with equal facility, a man using both hands —কপট কপ্টোকাৰী, A double dealer all Ambileateries

Ambidoxterity Ambidoxtrousness, n স্বাসাতি , পুটাংজ স্থানকলে দালন ছিপছ কাৰ্দ্য কাৰিছ , The quality of being ambidoxtrous faculty of using both hand with equal faculty ছিপক পাৰ্যত্ব, Double de iling

Ambidesterous, all ছুই ত সমানকলে পাৰৰ সুমৰ্থ Il iving the faculty of uting both hand with equal cite তত্ত্ব পঞ্চপতিই, Practising cisiding with both parties

Ambient, inlient (I ambi about and a to go akin to Sins e (Stip) to vo ali mid capa, alima (apasia) sacatastal Going yound not the surrounding on all des

Ambigu, n essafas atalana a ati say An etter unment can i ting and fra ilar courses but i a mildie dish s et on together

Ambiguity, unb i\_-it i > শাধ বেগ্ৰছা,
আবর্ধ আনিশুলো, Unreitainty or doublines of
mic uning ব্যাস সোধান

Ambiguous, amb ig'u'-us (I am'igitus am bit t ু) about amb ibit t ুণ to drive) all জানিকত ব, ভার্ব বেশক, জন্ম সংক্ষরক (O' dout lut signification, equivoca, admitting of double meaning doubtful Syn 1) ibi) is indeterminate enigmetre it vigue equivical uncert un doubtful indefinite indistinct

Ambiguously, am-big'ū us li adi অপপুক্পে সন্দেশ্যক , অনিক্তক্পে In an ambiguous manner doub fully uncertainly

Ambiguousness, amb-ig আ us iics, ambiguity, ambig আ-ri, গ ভার্থ বোধকচা, অর্থের আনিক্ততা, সন্ধির্কা, আনিক্তত্ব, Uncertainty as to meaning double meaning

Ambiloguous, a শনিকিববাধ্যবাদী, বার্থপ্রক, Using ambiguous or doubtful expressions Ambiloguy, n শশাস্তার্থ বাব্যের ব্যবহার, The use of double or ambiguous expression

Ambilogy, n selection etc., side etc.

Ambit, n (বছৰ সূত্ৰ, মুখুৰ, I he line that en compis i thing

Ambition, unb whun ( L. ambitto, the going

about, se the canvassing for votes practised by candidates for office in Rome—ambs, about, and eo, etum, to go allied to Sans e (ह) to go) n इवाकाका , बर्गाणिका , त्रीवर नामना , Desire of power, fame, excellence or superiority, an inordinate desire of preferment —in a good sense, a laudable desire of excellence. Syn=Fagerness, avidity, aspiration, hankering, longing, emulation

Ambitious, amb ishus adj. উচ্চপদাভিশাৰী, পোভী, পুৰাকাজ, Desirous of pewer aspiring, full of ambition —উজাকাজ্ঞাস্টক, প্ৰাকাজাযুক, Indicating ambition.

Ambitiously, am bishus li air ছুৱাকাজা পূৰ্বক উচ্চ আকাজাৱ সহিত উচ্চাতিশাবের সহিত, in in ambilious manner

Ambitiousness, n উজাভিষাৰ শোভ লালচ, বিশাৰা বৈধ্য ইভানি কোন বিষয়ে বৃদ্ধাকাজা, The quality of being ambitious

Amblo, amble (I ambile to walk about) ৩ ঃ.
ভাষের স্কার একপাণ্ড ছই পর পর্যায়ক্রমে উন্তোলন
কবিমাশো To mos by nit ny bith legs on each
side discrinately বীবে খাবে খাবো To move at
an e y pice is a hore শক্তি কবিমা চলা,
গার্কভাবে শো Io mice affectedly — মাধ্যের
মুগ্রমন অবের গভিবিশেষ A gul of a horse,
i pic of a horse is suggestant and a trot

Ambler, mibler n সুনারগাঁড-ান আৰ A horse that ambles a puct

Ambling, to FAR Messell Pacing or trippling alone moving analy

Amblingly, ai কলব প্রিয় সৃষ্টিত With an ambling movement

Ambo, n ৰেণী An oblong elevated pulpit Ambreads, n কুলিম হৈ গৃষ্টিছ বিশেষ, বুলিছ আৰক বিশেষ A kind of hetiticus unher

Ambrosia, an brozhi a (1 — (re amtrosias zambrotos immoital— i negative and brait, mortal for mrotos ans mria de id mri (1 meri) to die Sans আমুক্ত The fabled food of the gods which conferred imm i'i ity on those who partook of it) in অমুক্ত, the food of the Gods so called for it made them immortal— ভিত্তিক বস্তু ভূপানের বৃত্ত, Whatever is very pleasint to the iasse of smell— প্তাবিশেষ, A plant

Ambrosial, am brothi il a অয়ত সৰ্জীৰ, Pertaining to the feed of the God, —স্বাছ, উপাদেয়, Delicious স্বান্ধি দিঃ ignant

Ambrosian Library A library in Milan, so called in complement of St. Ambrose, the patron saint

Ambrosiant Chant—The choral music introduced from the eastern to the western by St. Ambrose, the bishop of Milan in the fourth century. It is used till Gregory the Great changed it for the Gregorian

Ambry, ambri, (I armarium, a chest for urms
—arma urms) দ ধর্মান্দরে পৰিত্র প্রসাযতী বাধিবাব ছাল A niche in chuiche in which sacred
utensile were kept —ভিকাশালা An Almonry —
বাদ্য ভাৰাৰ, A pantiv a cup board for vic-

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tuals:—সুহ সামত্ৰী বাৰিবাৰ হাল; সুহপাত বজাৰ হাল; A place for house-keeping utensils.
Ambasco, n. পালা কিবো তাল কেলিতে বৰন হুই
চিত্ৰ একেবাৰে উঠে; A double aces; two aces
turned up at the same time by two dice.
Ambulanco, ambul-ans, (Fr.—L. ambulans,
entis, pr. p. of ambulo, to walk about) n.

entis, pr. p. of ambulo, to walk about) n.
মুদ্ধে আহত ব্যক্তিদিশের চিকিৎসালয়রূপে ব্যক্ত পকট;
মুদ্ধে আহত গৈন্তদিশের সংগানী চিকিৎসালয়, A carriage which serves as a moveable hospital for the wounded in battle; a flying hospital to follow an army in its movements.

Ambulance cart — আহত ব্যক্তিনিপের বহনার্থ বান বা গাড়ী, A vehicle for wounded person.

Ambulant, ambu-lant, ( l. ambula, to walk) a ij. গমণনীল; অদক্ষিণ বা ইডবঙঃ গমণনীল; Walking, moving about from place to place.

Ambulate, ambul-at, v. ইচন্তঃ প্ৰ-কৃ; Walk about, to move backward and forward.

Ambulation. am-bū-láshun, (L. ambuls, to walk) n ইতস্তত. গম্ম, জম্ম, Walking about,

Ambulatory, ambul-at-or-i, (L. ambuls, to walk) a. চল্-ক্ষ, Having the power or faculty of walking; as, an ambu'atory animal. —পরি-্তরনীন, Not fixed in its legal character, but expable of being altered — লাকামনে প্রশাল, Moving from place to place, not stationary — n. গাড়ীবারাধা, Any part of a building intended for walking in.

Ambulator, ambul-at-or, n পভন্ন বিশেষ, কদ্ভিং বিশেষ, An insect; the cerombyx.

Ambury, n. অৰ শ্ৰীবেৰ কোৰ এক আংশক্তি বক্ত বিশিন্ত প্ৰব বা কীতি, A bloody wart on any part of a horse-body.

Ambuseade, anibusk-নd, Ambush, ambush, (It. imbrecare, to he in ambush—im, in, and bacco, a wood from root of Bush) n. ল্ডাহেল সেবাদেশ, শক্ত আহমণাৰ্থ গুৱাবে নংছিতি. A body of troops in concealment, a lying in concealment to attack an enemy by surprise—in exical শক্তৰ অপেকায় উপৰিষ্ট থাকে; ঘাটি: ওম. The place where troops he in wait—v. t হাছ আহমণ-কৃ. To surprise—শক্ত আগমনাৰ্থ অপেকা কৰিয়া অবস্থাৰ-কৃ; To he in wait forenc.

Sur I urking-place, cover, retreat, shelter.

Lay an ambush — আত্ৰমণাৰ্থে কয় ছালে সৈন্ত দায়িবেশ-কৃ, Post troops in a concealed place to surprise or attack or an enemy.

Lie in ambush — আক্ৰমণাৰ্থে সুকাইছা থাকা,
১ঠাং আক্ৰমণ কৰিবাৰ অভিপ্ৰাহে সুকাছিতভাৱে অৰ্জান কৰা, To remain concealed in order to surprise an enemy; or, for attacking by surprise.

Ambushed, p. a. বুকাইড বা ছাপিত বা আড়াবে ত্তিৰ, তথ্যাৰে দ্বিড; Placed in ambush.

Ambust, a. অগি বা ভওজনের ছাহা দশ্ধ ; প্রম জলে পুড়িয়া দাভন ; Burnt , scolded.

Ambustion, n. নাহ; দশ্বতা; A burn or scold. Amoser, a-mer', (Ar. amir, see Admiral) n. মূলবদান বাংলা স্বাধীন শাসনকর্তা ও অক্সান্ত বড় বোক-দিনের সত্ত্বস্থানত উপাধি, আমিত্ব; A title of honour, also of an independent ruler, in Mohommedan countries, as, ameer of Cabul. Amel, n. বিৰাৰ্থক ব্ৰয়; The matter with which metallic bodies are overlaid in the process of enamelling; the matter used for enamelling.

Ameliorate, a-melyor-at, (L. ad, to, and melior, better) v. t. ছাল-ফু; উৎকৰ্মাণৰ কৰা; উন্নতি কৰা; উন্নতি কৰা; তান কৰা, To make better; to improve; as, to ameliorate the condition of the poor —v. i. ভাল হত্যা, উন্নত হত্যা; To grow better; as, wine ameliorates by age. Syn=Amend, better, benefit, asuage, lesson, relieve, alleviate, mend.

Amelioration, a-mēlyor-ā'shun, n. উন্নতি; উন্নতিন পাদন; Improvement:—উপন্দ; সমুভা; Mitigation.

Ameliorative, a-melyor-at-iv, c. উপসৰ্কাবক, উন্নতি-কাবক; Producing amelioration or improvement; as, ameliorative remedies.

Amon, a'meń, a'meń, (Gr. Heb. amen, firm, true) adv. ভবাস্ত, এবদন্ত; স্বতি, So it be; be it established; very; truly; certainly; an expression used at the end of prayers meaning so be it —n. হামীড; মৃত্যা; কাঠিজ; সভ্য; Stability, firmness; truth.

Amonable, a-mēha-bi, (Fr. amener, to lead—a = I.. ad, and mener, to lead—Low I.. minare, to lead, to drive (as cattle) . I.. minari, to theraten) a ij. সহতে পরিচাপন বা শাসন ধোগা. Easy to be led or governed .—লায়া, লাবভাগা. Liable to answer, liable to be called to account; answerable; responsible —বাধা; অধীন; Submissive, tractable. Syn = Accountable, answerable, liable, responsible. adv = amenably. n = amenabiity, amenebleness.

Amenage, a'meh-aj, v. a. বলপুৰাক দশীয় বা কাৰ্য্য-কৃ, To manage by force.

Amenance, a'meń-a-ne, n. আচারব্যবহার; Conduct, behaviour.

Amerd, a-mend, (Fr. amender for emender—L. emendo,—are, to remove a fault—e, en, out of, and mendo. a fault) v. i. উত্তত হত্যা; To grow or become better; to reform —v. t. ম্-শোধন কৃ, উত্ততিসাধন-কৃ; To correct; to make better, to improve; to reform:—আবাৰ উত্ত-কৃ; শেষত্ৰ শোধন-কৃ, To rectify, to change anything that is wrong to something better; improve morality. Syn=correct, reform, rectify, improve, better, repair.

Amondable, a-menda-bl. a. সংশোধন (ৰাগা; কৈবোতৰ ভাতৰণীয়; Capable of being amended; that may be amended; as, an amendable with

Amendatory, adj. नरानावन्त्र, Containing amendment; corrective.

Amende, a-mand, n. ক্তিপুৰণ; প্ৰত্যাধ্যান; Reparation; retraction — দও; ক্তিমানা, দোব-কৰু, A fine or punishment.

Amende honorable, a-mand-oho-rabl, ক্যা লাৰ্থনা; কন্তি পুৰণ; A full apology for injury or insult; a recantation. In France, (amende honorable) was a degrading purishment inflicted on traitors, particides, and sacrilegious persons, who were brought into court with a rope round their neck, and made to beg pardon of God, the king and the the court Now, the public acknowledgment of the offence is all that is required.

Amender, n. (\*\*) (\*\* \*\* \*\*) क्यांच (\* , \*\*) (\* ) One who amends or corrects.

Amendful, a.ij. শোধন গুণবিশিষ্ক, Full of improvement.

Amending, p. v. (नांदन कदा , Correcting , reforming — উद्धा कदा , Improving.

Amendment, a-mendment, n. সংশোধন . Correction of faults, improvement —পাছ নিশিৱ প্রভাবিত পরিবর্জন . An addition or alteration proposed to be made in a bill or a motion.

Amends, a-mends, n প্রতিকার, কতিপুর্ব, Reparation, satisfaction for loss or injury, recompense, compensation. Syn=Recompense, satisfaction, compensation, afoncment, apology, remuneration, requital, equivalent.

To make amends for - # 5721-#, To give adequate compensation, as, 'yet thus far fortune maketh us amends "-Shakespeare.

Amonity, a n-cniti, (lit aménite—L. amæ nitas -amænus, ple i-anthe s, is regulds situation climate, manners or disposition) n মুৰস্থাৰ, জণ বায়ু, আচাৰ ব বহাৰ বা ভত্তৰ সহজে মুনোজ্ঞ গা, ব্ৰথাইতা, Aprecableness in situation, climate, minners or disposition Syn pica antress, agreeableness, suavity, complaisance

Amonorrhoea, a-men-or rea, ( Gi a, ptit., men, month and sheep, to flow ) n. বস ধন্তা কুরোর, Absent, retarded or deficient mens truation, want of proper meastruition

Amentia, a-mcholu a (L., fi (a a, priv and L. mens, mentis mind allied to Sans mana (মন: ,, mind) n ৰাডুবিলা, পাগাৰ্ডা, সভো, Imbecility of mind, idiotism.

Ameroe, a mers, (O. Fr. americer, to impose a fine—L. merces, wages, fine) ল t জাইদৰ কু, জাইমাৰা কু, To punish with a fine, as, the court americal the criminal in the sum of one hundred dollars. Syn I inc. mulet

Amorceable, alj অৰ্ণত যোগা, জবিমানাৰ যোগা; Liable to be punished with a fine

Amoreoment, a niersment, n. প্ৰায়ন্ত কৰ, আৰ্থ স্বৰ, আৰিমানা, A penalty inflicted at the discretion or mercy of the court against.

Amercer n. দৰ্ভানলগা করে যে , শীলি বা সাঞ্চা দেয় যে , He that sets a fine or penalty.

American. a-mer'is an, (Prom America, so called accidentally from America Vespucci, a natigator who explored part of the continent after its discovery by Columbus) adj. আঘেৰিকা, বিশেষত ইউনাইটেডাইট্স সম্মান, Pertaining to America, especially to the United States—আ্মেবিধা দেশীয়, Of or belonging to America or United States—n. আমেৰিকাৰেশাৰানী, A native of America.

Americanise, a merik-an-iz, v. t. আদেবিকা দেশবাদী করা, To maki American, to render : American,

Americanism, a-mer'ik-an-ı/m, n. আ্বেৰিবালী-বিগের মধ্যে প্রচলিত বিশেষ পদ, বাত্যাংশ, বাত্যা, বা ভাষা, A word, phrase, or idiom peculiar to the Americans —আ্বেৰিকা বাক্যেব বিশেষ বীজি, An American idiom.

Amethodical, adj. अशास विनिष्ठे , वावशासिक ; Without method , uregular.

Amethyst, imeth-ist, (Gr. amethystos—a. neg. methyso, to be drunken—methu, wine, Eng. meat, Sans. mathu, sweet) n. একপ্ৰকাৰ পিকলৰৰ বিষয়ে প্ৰৱৰ্মী প্ৰৱৰ্মী প্ৰবিশ্ব A bluish-violet variety of quartz of which drinking-cups used to be made which the ancient supposed prevented drunkenness মণি বিশেষ, A precious stone of deep violet colour. air - Amethystine

Amethystine, a-mē-thist in, adj. এমিবিট্ট লামক মণি সম্বাদি বা সদৃশ, Pertaining to, or resembling amethyst

Amiable, anii-a-bl. (Fr amiable, friendly,

-L emitable, from amic is, a friend, there is a confusion in recining with Fr amiable, lovible—I at table is amia to love) n. অয়া
ক্ষিত্ৰ ভাগৰাসৰ দেশা কৰাৰ, মনোহৰ, প্ৰিষ্

ক্ষিত্ৰী, Worthy of the deserting of love, plusing agreeable levely, lovable Syn—I orable pleasing switten, againg, delightful, kind, agreeable, pleasing, cheerful, good-humoused

Amable sex, n নীলোক Fair-sex, woman. Amablenoss, an -1-bl nes Amability, im i i blir i n স্বাধিক ই প্তাবেক মণ্টা, ক্ষ-ক্ষান্ত Quality of being amable, or of exeiting force sweetnes of disposition, loveliness

Amiably, at অন্ধিকলপে সভাবের স্থিত, প্রাতিপুস্ক (মতের সহিত In an amiable manner. Amianthus, a-mi intro ((a) amiantos, un pollutable a ner and mane to soil) n ধু সু বিশেষ A municial ab tance somewhat iesembling fire.

Amicable, anisk-n-bl (I amicabilis—amo, to los) a বৰু মাৰিলিড বিদ্যুত বিশিষ্ট, বৰু মাৰিলিড, কিন্তু বিশিষ্ট, বৰু মাৰিলেড, per cable, kind, peaceful a Amicability. Syn — Frateinal, brothedy, cordial, neighbourdy, kind, kindly friendly

Amicable action - টিভা পক স্থাত নালিমী বিষয় (I am An action commenced and precited according to mutual understanding for the purpose of obtaining a decision of the courts on some matter of law involved in it

Amicable settlement—খাপোৰে শিল্পাট। Amicableness, n নিত্তা, বসুষ, অনাধিকতা, Friendlaness, good will.

Amicably, amik-a-bh, adv. Austra, atta-

Amico, aniis, (f) Ir. aniis, amict—L. amictus amicio—, to wrap about—amb, about, and jocio, to throw) n. পুৰোধিতেৰ পৰিছেদ বিশেষ, A Catholic priest's shoulder-cloth, or alb, a loose flowing gai ment, worn by pilgrims.

Amicus curies. One in the court who in-

Amid

Amid, a-mid, Amidst, a-midst, (Prefix a. on, in and A. S. mid, middle. Sans. madhya, middle) prep गर्था : अकार दि : मधा श्राम ; In the midst of; among; in the middle.

Amidship, adv. काशास्त्र हिक यशास्त्र ; Halfway between the stem and the stern of a ship.

Amir-same as Ameer.

Amiss, a-mis, (a, on and Ice. missa, a loss. See Miss ) a. बमानक ; जाब ; टमनीन ; Wrong ; in error ; out of order :- adv. भनातान ; पृथितारि ; In a faulty manner; faultily; improperly.

To come amiss—অসময়ে উপস্থিত তলা; To come at an unfavourable time.

To take amiss-লোব ধনা; কুন্ধ ২৩মা; Find fault with; be offended at.

Amity, am'i-ti, (Fr. amitive-ami-L. amicus, a friend) n. मिज्ञा ; यिनन ; बेका ; উপि । विं । Friendship; harmony; good will. Syn=Harmony, friendship, good-will, friendliness.

Ammon-The Libyan Jupiter; so called from the Greek ammos ( sand ), because his temple was in the desert.

Ammonia, am-moni-a, (From sa!-ammoniac, or smelling-salts, first obtained near the temple of Jupiter Ammon ) n. এক প্ৰকাৰ ঔষণবিশেষ ; A pungent gas yielded by smelling-salts, and by burning feathers &c.; a volatile alkali :- \$14-विरमद ; Spirit of hart's horn.

Chloride of Ammonia-- বিশাসন।

Ammoniac, am-moniacal, Ammoniacal, am-moni'-ak-al, a. এएमनिया मरकांस, वा अएमनियां वर्षविष्ट ; Pertaining to, or having the properties of ammonia.

Ammoniae, am-muni-ak, n. বিবাস বিশেষ; A gum resin. a = Ammoniacal.

Ammonite, am'mon-it, (Corwn Ammonis, the horn of Ammon, so named from its resemblance to a ram's horn the statues of Jupiter. Ammon being represented with ram's horn ) n. কোমলাৰ প্ৰাণী বিশেষেৰ আৰম্ব ; The fossil shell of an extinct genus of mollusks, so called because it resembled the horns on the statue of Jupiter Ammon, worshipped as a ram :--কোম্লাফ প্রাণী; A fossil mollusk.

Ammunition, am-mun-ishun. (I. ad, for munitio, defence-munio, to defend.) n. sit-ৰঞ্চাৰ্থ ব্যবহৃত জ্ব্য; Anything used for munifion or defence :-- वृत्काभकवन ; वृक्त मामधी, पना--वाक्रम, বোলা, তলি ইডাাদি: Military stores, esp. powder, balls, bombs, shells &c.

Ammunition-bread, n. বৃদ্ধকালে সৈম্বৰণীৰ আহারার্থ রুটা; Bread for armies (during campaigns ).

Amnesty, amnesti-i, (Gr. a-muestos, not remembered.) n. वाक्षक्या ; वाक्रटेनिक व्यवसी-দিগেৰ সাধাৰণ ক্ষমা; A general pardon of political offenders; a general pardon of past offences by a government; an act of oblivion. Syn = act of oblivion; remission of penalty; goal delivery. Amnicolist, n. নদীভীবৰাণী; One who lives near a river, or on the shore of a river. [ river. Amnigenous, n. ननीजीवन ; ननीन ; Born of a

Amoba, a-meba, (Gr. ameibo, to change) n. এক প্রকার ক্ষুপ্রাণী; A microscopic animal capable of undergoing many changes of form at will. pl.= Amaebac. [ of fruit.

Amomum, n. (হাট এলাচি; A hot spicy sort Among, a-mung. Amongst, a-mungst, prep. याता : अव्याद ; Amidst ; of the number of.

Amoret-brought up by Venus in the courts of love. She is the type of female lovelinessyoung, handsome, gay, witty and good. She is no Diana to make "gods and men fear her stern frown ;" No Minerva to "freeze her foes into congealed stone with rigid looks of chaste austerity;" but a living, breathing virgin, with a warm heart. She becomes the loving, tender wife of Sir Sandamore.

Amorist, Amorose, n. (masculine) कार्य-পুরুষ; উপপতি; A lover, a gallant, fem = amorasa. A-morning, adv. cettes; In the morning.

Amorosa, n. दिनका थी ; लम्महा वा बहा श्री ; A wanton woman; a courtesan.

Amorous, amor-us, (L. amor, love) a. काम्क ; स्माहिक ; कामकाठ वा मश्कीय ; Inclined to love; loving; as, amorous disposition :- 211-সক; (with 'of') In love; enamoured; as, Amorous delight :-- সহকে প্রাথমিক ; Easily inspired with love. n .= Amorousness, TITTO !! Syn= Loving, fond, tender, affectionate, attached; amatory, erotic.

Amorous'glance-कायकिशक ; अनेय करीक । Amorously, amor-us-li, adv. প্রথাসক ভাবে: In an amorous manner; lovingly; fondly. Amorousness, n. कांचूकड़ा; The quality of being amorous.

Amorphous, a-morfus, (Gr. a, neg., and morphe, form) a. पूर्तिगृत ; निदाकाद ; अनत्र ; Without regular shape; shapeless; anamalous; having no determinate form. Syn = Irregular, formless, shapeless, unformed, unshapen.

Amorphy, n. স্থাপিত যতত্যাৰ : নিরূপিত ধারাচাত इन्न ; Departure from the established form. Amort, adj. মৃত্যুবং ; निर्मोव ; मान ; Lifeless ; in the state of dead; dejected.

Amortise, v. কোন সমাজে ভূমিদান-কু; To alienate lands to a corporation.

Amortisement, ». ज्यिनाद्व क्यूजा; The right of transferring lands to mortmain; that is, to some company that never is to cease.

Amotion, n. স্থাৰান্তৰ কৰণ ; Act of removal. Amount, a-mount, ( O. Fr. amounter, to ascend-L. ad, to, mous, mountain) v. i. ममूड হওয়া; Come in the aggregate to :—মোট হওয়া; To mount or rise to :-- ফলে, বা ডুলা হওয়া :-- To result in ; to approach to :-- একল হওয়া ; To rise to in the accumulative quantity; to compose in the whole :-- স্থান হওয়া ; Be equivalent :-- বৃত্তি इन्डम ; To increase :- भारम नाज़ ; To rise in value :- n. अमृष्टि ; त्याष्ट्र ; The sum of total :-कन ; The effect or result :-- नगढ कन ; The whole result. Syn=come to; attain, mount, extend.

Amour, am-our, (L. amor, love) n. es ats;

কাম্কতা; কামবৃত্তি; প্রদক্তি; A love intrigue; an affair of gallantry.

Amour propre—One's self-love, vanity, or opinion of what is due to self. To make an appeal to one's amour propre, is to put a person on his metal. To wound one's amour propre, to gall his good opinion to himself—to wound his vanity.

Amphibia, am-ii-bi-a, Amphibials, or Amphibians, (Gr. amphi, both sides, and brachys, short) n. pl. উভচৰ আৰি; যে দকল আৰী আৰু ভ অন উভয়ে বিচৰণ কবিতে পাৰে; Animals capable of living both under water and on land; animals living both in water and on land.

Amphibious, am-fibi-us, a. উভচৰ : তু-জনচৰ ; Able to live in two elements : pertaining of two natures, so as to have the power of living on land or in water.

Amphibiousness, n. 1944, Ability to live in two elements.

Amphibiology, am-fi-bi-ölöji, (Gr. amphi, on both sides, and brachys, short) n. উভচৰ প্ৰাণি-ভাৰ বিদ্যা; A treatise on amphibious animals:—ছই ভাবেৰ ক্ৰোপক্ষৰ; Discourse of uncertain meanings:—ছইপ্ৰকাৰ ভাবেৰ ক্ৰা; Ambiguity; equivocation.

Amphiboly, n. নানার্থক বচন; বহু অর্থক কথোপ-ক্বন; Discourse of various meaning.

Amphibrach, am-fi-brak, n. কৰিডাৰ পদ বিশেষ; In poetry, a foot of three syllables, the middle one long, the first and last short.

Amphictyons, am-fikti-unz, n. প্রাচীন গ্রীম দেশের একটা সভার সভাগণ; Members of the celebrated council of ancient Greece.

Amphietyonic Council—A council of confederate Greeks of twelve tribes, each of which had two deputies. The council met twice a year—in the spring at Delphi, and in the autumn at Thermoplyke.

Amphisbona, n. শাধিনী সৰ্গ; A genus of serpent distinguished by having very small mouths and eyes and their bodies of nearly the same size from head to tail.

Amphisi, Amphisoians, n. অতি গ্রীমনেশীয় লোক বিশেষ; এক অধনে এক নিকে আন্ত অমনে অন্ত দিকে ছায়া পড়ে যে দেশে তথেশীয় লোক; The inhabitants between the tropics, whose shadows, in one part of the year are east to the north, and in the other to the south.

Amphitheatre, am-fi-tht'a-ter, (Gr. amphi, round about, and theatron, a place for seeing—theaomai, to see) n. বস্ত্যি; ব্যাকার মঞ্জ, A circular building, where plays and games were publicly exhibited with seats gradually rising, one behind the other; gallery.

Amphitrite—The sea. In classic mythology, the wife of Neptune.

Amphitryon—(ভাষাতা; The person who provides the feast (whether master of the house or not) is the real host.

Amphnysian prophetess—The Cumzan sibyl.

Amphors, n. TT; A jug with a double ear.

Ampiliate, a. वृद्धि-कृ; विवाद-कृ; To enlarge; to extend; to make greater.

Ampiliation, n. foria; erawi; Enlarge-

Ample, am-pl, (L. amplus, large) adj. বৃহৎ;
লাব ; পিde; spacious; large; as, "ample
room": সমূহ ; Abundant; fully sufficient; as,
an ample provisions or resources:—বৃহদ্ ; Not
brief; diffusive; as, an ample narrative:—
দাৰ্শীল; Liberal. n = ampleness. Syn = Spacious
capacious, wide, extensive, abundant, plenteous, plentiful, full, large, unrestricted, diffusive.
Ampleness, n. প্ৰত্যা ; বিত্যাৰ্থা; Largeness;
wideness;:—আন্ত্যানা; Abundance; sufficiency:
—সাম্বীলানা; Liberality.

Amplificate, v. বৃদ্ধিক ; বিত্তীৰ্ণ ক ; To enlarge. Amplification, ampli-fi-kā'shun, n. বৃদ্ধি কৰণ ; Enlargement ; extention :— বিতাৰ পূৰ্বাধ বৰ্ণনা ; A description in many words.

Amplifier, n. वर्धन वा विकास करद (व ; One who amplifies or enlarges.

Amplify, ampli-fi. (I. amplus, large, and facio, to make) v. t. ভাষা প্রয়োগে অধিক চর বিজ্জ করা; বিভাগ পূর্বক করা; To enlarge by addition or discussion; to treat copiously;—v. i. বত্তাবী-হ; To describe in many words; to delate;—often with on or upon, as, to amplify upon a subject:—বিশ্বত হুইয়া পজ়া; ছড়াইয়া পজ়া; To be diffused. Syn == Enlarge, extend, expand, dilate, stretch.

Amplitude, amplitude, n. বিস্থৃতি; বিস্তাৱ; Largeness of dimension; as, "amplitude of heaven and earth.":— ক্ষতার দীনা; Extent of capacity; as, "amplitude of mind.":— প্রচুবতা; Abundance, sufficiency; as, the amplitude of matter:— দৃষ্টি পরিজেন বেষার পূর্বা বা পান্দ্র প্রায় কুইতে দুবড়; The distance from the east point of a horizon at which a heavenly body rises or from the west point at which it sets.

Amply, adv. বিস্তাবিতরণে; বাছল্যরূপে; Largely; liberally; fully; copiously.

Amputate, anhput-at, ( L. amb, round about, and puto, to cut) v. t. অসভেদন-কু; To cut off an arm or leg:—চাবা গাছেব অপ্রভাগ ছেদন-কু; To prune. Syn=Remove, lop, truncate.

Amputation, ani-pū-tā'shun, n. অলভে্নৰ, \* The act or operation of cutting off a limb :--চাৰালাডেৰ অঞ্চাল ছেলন; The act of pruning.

Amuck, a muk. (Malay, amok, intoxicated or excited to madness) ad. কিবেৰ ভাগ; Wildly; without discrimination, after the manner of a Malay:—n. হয়া; Slaughter.

To run amuck—কিন্তের ভার দৌডাইরা সকলকে আক্রমণ করা; To run frantic through the streets attacking every one:—অপবিজ্ঞাভ বা অভানিত বিষয়ে বলা বা লিখা; To talk or write on a subject, of which one is wholly ignorant.

Amulet, amulet, (L. amuletum, a word of unknown origin; curiously like the moe. Ar. himalah,—at, lit. 'a carrier,' often applied to a shoulder-belt, by which a small Koran is hon the breast.) n. বিশ্ববৃদ্ধ; বৃষ্ট; A

scrall, or other object carried about the person, as a charm against evil; a charm; talisman. Amurcosity, #. नीरमंत्र वा छानाव वा मदबब छन वा The quality of less, or dregs.

Amurcous, adj. मननाविनिष्ट ; Full of dregs. Amuse, a-mut, (Fr. amuser) v. t. बिट्नामन-F; To entertain agreeably; as, to amuse one's self :- अवादना क्या ; To delude ; to beguile with expectation; as, to amuse one with false hopes. Syn = Divert, gratify, please, recreate, enliven, delight, solace, delude, deceive.

Amusement, a-muz-ment, n. दिस्तीपन : wirwir: Pastime; entertainment, Sun=Diversion, entertainment, recreation, pastime, sport.

Amusing, a-muz-ing, adj. दिरनामक ; व्यारमान-कनक ; यानाह्य ; माखायकनक ; Afterding amusement; entertaining; pleasing; delighting. adv. =amusingly.

Amusivo, a-muz-iv, adj. चाळाम वा नरस्र वजनक ; Having power to amuse or entertain the mind. Amyclman Brothers-Caster and Pollux, [almonds. who were born at Amyclæ.

Amygdalate, n. বাদাৰ তৈবাক : Milk of Amygdaline, a-mug'da-lin, adj. बामाबद : Almond like :- n. A crystalline principle obtained from bitter almonds.

Amygdalus, a-meg'-da-lus, (Gr. amugdalon, almond) भ. वामाम , Almond.

Amylaceous, am-i'-lashur, a. (437/2444); Starchy; of the nature of starch.

Amyloid, amil-oid, (Gr. anylon, the finest flour, starch, lit. 'underground'-a, negative, myle, a mill, and eides, form ) n. आहे हु अमार्थ बिरान्य : A half-gelatinous substance like starch, found in some seeds.

Amylum, am-i'-lum, n. द्वजनाव ; Statch of An, an,adj. এক, কোৰ; একটী; One or any, commonly called the indefinite article, used before words beginning with the sound of a vowel.

An, an, (a form of And) conj. यिन ; धनानी ; If. Ana, ana, (The neuter plural termination of L. adjective in anus = pertaining to) affer al aga काजा विद्या ; A suffix to names of persons or places, denoting a collection of memorable savings; as, Johnsoniana, sayings of Dr. Johnson: -- সমানাংশে ; তুল্য পৰিমাণে ; An equal quantity of several ingredients.

Anabaptise, an-a-bap-ti'ź, v. t. পুৰস্কার অভি-रहक कवा , कल अरक्षण हादा श्रेष्टीय धर्ष पूनः नी किछ कदा ; To baptise again; to rebaptise.

Anabaptism, n. (बोबमालितकवानीक; The doctrine of the anabaptist.

Anabaptist, an-a-baptist, (Gr. ana, again, baptiso, to dip in water, to baptise ) n. 3218 बर्फ मौका ; भूनः कलिएककामी ; योवनाकित्वकरामी ; One who holds that those who have been baptised in infancy should be rebaptised.

Anabrosis, n. Tate tel; A wasting away of the body.

Anacemptic, edj. युद्धिश वा উद्धिश वाह्मननील ; व्यक्तिग्यनभक्त ; Reflecting or reflected, as, an anacamptic sound.

Anacamptics, n. आत्नांप छिडिया आहेमन यक दा विका : The doctrines of reflected light.

Ansesthartic, n. ব্যক্তারক উব্ধ ; A medicine which excites discharges by the mouth.

Anacephal Æosis—বাব্যের প্রধান কল্ল বা প্রসক বিস্তার করণ বা আবৈতি করণ; A recapitulation of the heads of a discourse.

Anschoretical, adj. महाभीमक्कीय ; Relating or pertaining to a hermit.

Anschronism, an-ákron-ism, (Gr. ana, backwards, and chronos, time) n. क|लन्ना विचाय अब : कानिकाशान अप ; An error in regard to time, whereby a thing is assigned to an earlier or to a later age than what it belongs to ; error in date, adj. Anachronistic.

Anachronistic. an-akron-is-tik, adj. offat न्यान अपूर्व : Erroneous in date ; containing an anachronism.

Anaconda, an-a-końda, n. সর্গ বিশেষ; A large snake of the Boa family, found in S. America.

Anacreon, n. wasa sha afa; A Greek poct, who wrote chiefly in praise of love and wine.

Anscreontic, an-a-cre-ontik, a. জীক কৰি আনাকীয়নের অনুকরণে লিখিড; In imitation of Anacreon; after the manner of Anacreon, a Greek poet :- शांधीन ; Free .- (अम्प्रक ; Amatory.- n. अ्षेत्र भेग ; An amatory poem.

Anadem, ana-dem, (Gr. anadema, Fr. anadeim, to tie up, to wreathe) n. माना वा श्व ; जुन-म्1६ ; A garland ; a crown of flowers.

Anadromus, adj. উর্গামী; Ascending, going

Anmia, an-chi-a. (Gr. a, an, neg., and haima, blood) n. সেহে শোণিতের অভাত অভাব: প্রচুর রক্তপ্রাবের পর দেহের অবস্থা; শোণিতের শুন্যতা; ৰীৰক্তা; A morbid want of blood; the condition of the body after great loss of blood, a dificiency of blood; poverty of blood.

Anæsthetic, an-Es-thetik, (Gr. a. an, neg., and aisthesis, sensation-aisthanomai, to feel ) adj. न्त्रनंगिक-नामकादी; राज्यनामक; Tending to deprive of sensation; producing insensibility:-n. रिड्डिश्वक स्वा, A substance, as chinroform, used to render persons insensible.

Anaglyph, ana-glif, (Gr. ana, up, and g'vpho. to carre) n. कार्ड वा अखरत (कांपिक वा निर्मायक अल-কার ; An engraved or sculptured ornament in relief, chasing or embossing, adj. = anag! yphtic. Anagogical, adj. मन्द्रावृक्षित अर्था, आण्ड्या;

15, Superhuman; mysterious.

Apagogies, ana-gog'-iks, (Gr. ana, up, and agrin, to lead) n. वाहरवरनं बारवा, The mystical interpretation of the Scriptures.

Anagram, ana-gram, n. বিভিন্ন প্রকারে অকবের नमाद्यम दावा क्रम क्रम क्रम : (कानल वादकात वर्गमाला বিশ্বীডভাবে লিখিলে যে বাকোর উৎপত্তি হয়; An inversion or redistribution of words in a sentence; as, live-evil, on -no.

Anagrammatic, Anagrammatical, adi. বিভিন্ন প্রকারে অফর সমাবেশ হারা অক্স শব্দ কল্লমা-क्रिक ; Forming an anagram.

Anagrammatist, n. विकित तकार कार कार्यक वार अब अब कह्माकादक; A maker of anagrams. Anagraph, ana-graf, (Gr. ana, up, and graphen, to write) n. जियां, बांचां, A commentary. Anah—A tender-hearted, prous, meek, and loving creature, grand-daughter of Cain-laphet loven her, but she had set her heart on the Searph Azáziel, who carried her off to some other planet when the flood came.

Anal, anal, a. ভছৰাৰ সৰ্কীয় বা ভারকটছ, বলৰায়ের বিকটছ, Belong to or near the anus, pertaining to the anus.

Analects, an-a-lekts. (Gr. ana, up, and legein, to gather) n. সাহিত্য-সংগ্ৰহ, নানা গ্ৰন্থ হইতে সংগ্ৰহ; Collected fragments of other selected pieces. adj.=Analectic.plural=analecta

Analemma, n. মধ্যবেশার প্রকেশণ, A projection of the sphere on the plane of the meridian. Analepsis, n. শক্তি বা বল প্রাপণ, Recovery of strength, a taking or receiving.

Analogical, adi সাণ্ডপূর্ণ বাধক, Containing or implying analogy, having, or according to analogy. n.= analogical ness.

Analogically, adv তংসাৰ বা সম্প্ৰিণ, In an analogical or analogous manner.

Analogise, an-á-lö-ji'z, v. উপদা বারা ব্যাধ্যা-কু; সবস্থ বারা অর্থ-কু, To explain by way of analogy. Analogism, an-a-lo-jizm, n. কারণ হইতে কার্যা বিশ্ব, কারণ হইতে কার্য্যাৎপত্তিস্থতক বিচার বা অকুশীলন, An argument from the cause to the effect.

Analogist, an-a-fo-pi'zt, n. উপদা- আপোকক, One who adheres to analogy.

Analogue, ana-lug, (Fr. from Gr. analogos) n. अक कार्याकारी अथा विভिन्न शहन विनिष्ठ भारतीयक रख , (Ant) An organ which performs the same function as another, though differing from it in structure :- नांकृण वस . महण अन वा अवार्थ , A thing analogous or corresponding to another, a word or body bearing analogy to, or resembling another. Analogous, adj. महुण, मामुजुर्व, Similar, correspondent; bearing some resemblance to. Analogy, an-Ald-ji, (Gr. ana, according to, and logos, ratio ) n. मानुझ , डेलया , माधावन मयक , 7451. A proportion or parallelism between things which are in some respects different, relation in general , likeness —(Geom ) अवाय-পাতের তুলাভা, Equality, proportion, or similanty of ratio Syn=Similarity, resemblance, similitude, parallelism, correspondence.

Analysable, aha-lis-a-bl, a. বিলেশ বোৱা.
That can be analysed or separated.

Analyse, aha-li'z, (Gr. ana, up, and lyo, to loosen) ত. t. বিলেবণ-ড়; যুব উপাদানে আব্যাৰ-ডু, To resolve a compound into its elements, to separate into component parts.

Analyses, n. বিলেগকাৰক, One who analyses. Analysis, an-áhs-is, n. বিলেগ, A revolving or separating a thing into its elements or component parts. It is opposed to Synthesis — সংবিবেশ A compendium. pl.—Analyses.
Syn—Decomposition, separation, dessolution, dissection, parsing.

Analyst, anal-ist, n. বিলেখণনটু ব্যক্তি; বিলেখণ-কাৰী; One skilled in analysis, one who analyses. Analytic, an-a-lit-ik, adj. বিলেখক, বিলেখ-কাৰী, বিভাগক, Pertaining to an analysis

Analytical, an-a-htik al, adj. বিলেশ-স'কাৰ; বিভাগনভাৱি, Resolving into first principles, pertaining to an analysis.

Analytically, an-a-litk-al-h, adv ferne-

Analytics, an-a-hitiks, n. farare fassie. The science of analysis.

Anamorphosis, an-a-mor-fo-sis, (বি. ana, again, and morphe, form) n. কোৰ বসুৰ বিশৃত ছবি, A distorted representation of an bject.

Anemnesis, n. মৰণ, স্থাতি, মনে কৰা . R membering, reminding, a figure which calls to remembrance something omitted.

Anamnestic, adj. স্থাত বা মেধা সাহ'থাকারী; সামক, Helpful to the memory.

Ananas, a-ná-nas, (Malay. nanas, ananas.)

Anapost, anapost, (Gr. anapaistos reversed, because it is the dactyl reversed. In terce, a foot consisting of three syllables, two short and the third long, or (in Eng.) two uncented and the third accented as ap-pre-head's n. इन्हेंदिनंद, A metrical foot of three yllables, the first two short, the third long or accented. adj - Anapostic, anapostical.

Anapostic, Anapostical, ad, ছলবিবল , ছল সংজীব, Relating to anapost, pertaining to or consisting of anapost

Anaphora, ; বাকোর পথক পুথক জংশের আদি লক,
সম্প্র, ব বা সম্পূর হইনে ক চল্ব, A figure in thetotic, when the same words are repeated at the 
beginning of two or more succeeding verses or 
chauses of a entence. is, where is the wise? 
where is the scribe? where is the de puter of 
this world — (med.) মুখ বিশ্বা বুকালি বিশ্বত হওৱা, 
Discharge of blood or purulent matter by the 
mouth.

Anaphrodisis, n. লপুংস্কড়, Impotence, absence of sexual appetite

Anaplasty, n. (gurg ) The art of restoring lost parts or the normal shape. adj - anaplestic

Anapoderctic, ana-po dik'tik, udj. অব্যব-ভেদ্ৰীয়, Undemonstrable —অঞ্চলনীয়, That cannot be shown.

Anaptotic, an-ap-totik, (Gr. ana, back, and plosis, inflection) (Gram.) adj Lossing inflection,—said of languages which lose inflection, as the English.

Anaplerotic, ańa-pi-ratic, adj. শ্যাসাম সম্পূৰ্ণ কৰণীল, Filling up.

Anarch, an-ark, n. গোলমালকণ্ডা, গডগোলেছ স্পাৰ, The author of confusion.

Anarchie, Anarchieal, ady. অৱাজক, অস্থিয়, Without rule or government, lawless, confused. Anarchiam, n. অৱাজকভা, অব্যব্যভাব, পোল-নাল অবস্থা, Misrule, confusion, lawlessness. Anarchiat, ahark-ist, n. বাজবিধববারী, A pra-

moter of anarchy, one who excues revolt.

Anarchy, ahark-i, (Gr. a, an, neg., and archs, government) n. আৰ্থকক, অব্যক্ত); বাজাবিনাৰ; আসন্বাহিত্য; The want of government in a kingdom or state; state of lawlessness; political confusion in a country. Syn= Disorder, confusion, misgovernment, misrule, lawlessness. Anas, n. আসুবৰ প্ৰাথিপেৰ; A genus of waterfowls.

Anasarce, ana-sār'kā, (Gr. ana, throughout, sarz, sarkos, flesh) n. শোধ; General dropsy.
Anasarcous, adj. শোধ বা কলফীতি বিশিষ্ট;
Dropsical.

Anastasia, an-a-stásis, (Gr. ana, up, and histanci, to stand) n. (med.) আবোগালাভ; A rising up from sickness; recovery; a translation of humors to a superior part.

Anastomosis, n. শিৱাসৰি; সংযোগ; The opening of one vessel into another, as a vein into a vein. adj.=Anastomotic. v.=anastomose.

Anastrophe, a-nastro-fi', n- ( Rhet.) বিশেষ ৰূপৰ শব্য ( Rhet.) বিশেষ should have preceded are postponed; an inversion of the natural order of words.

Anathema, an-á-thema, (Gr. ana, up, and tithemi, to set ) n. ধর্মণাক্তর অভিসম্পাত্রত ব্যক্তি বা বস্তু : Any person or thing anathemised :—
ধর্মণাক্তর অভিসম্পাত : An eccelesiastical curse; excommunication :— ভজনালয়ে প্রদাব সাম্মা বা উপহার : An offering or present made to some deity, and hung up in a temple. Syn = malidiction, imprecation, proscription, excommunication, fulmination. n = anathematisation.

Anathematise, an-áthem-at-i'z, v. t. আভিশাপ বাত্য উচ্চারণ করা; অভিসম্পাত-দে . To pronounce a curse against; to excommunicate, to pronounce accursed; to pronounce with curses.

Anatiferous, adj. হংলোৎপাণক; Producing ducks. [সম্বীষ; Pertaining to ducks. Anatine, aha-tin, (L. anas duck) a. পাতিহাস Anatocism, n. হণেৰ হণ বাডান বা হৃদ্ধি কৰণ; Interest upon interest; the taking of compound interest.

Anatomio, an-a-tomik, Anatomical, an-atomik-al, a. শ্ৰচ্ছেদ-বিদ্যা-বিষয়ক; শ্ৰীর ব্যবচ্ছেদ বিদ্যা-বিষয়ক; Relating to anatomy.

Anatomise, an-átom-iz, v. t. হক্ষতাৰে ধুলিয়া দেখ্যা; (fig.) To lay open minutely:—শৰচ্ছেদ-কু; To dissect a body. n = anatomization.

Anatomism, a-nato-mizm, u. ব্যক্ত প্রপ্রী প্রয়োগ করণ, Application of the principles of anatomy, as in art.

Anatomist, an-atom-ist, n. শ্বছেন-বিদ্যাবিৎ;
One skilled in anatomy or the ait of dissection.
Anatomy, an-atom-i, (Gr. ana, up, asunder, and temno, to cut) n. শ্বীৰ ব্যক্তি বিদ্যা; শ্বছেন্
বাৰা দৈছিক-পঠন-নিৰ্বঃ-বিদ্যা; The art of dissecting any organised body; science of the structure of the body learned by dissection.

Comparative anatomy— गांगुष्ठ (वायक भवरक्ष्म् विगा ; The science which teaches the difference in the structure and organisation of the animal kinggom. He is like an anatomy— বাডিশঃ রুল; অভ্যন্ত মুর্বাল; A mere skeleton, very thin, like one whose flesh had been anatomised or cut off.

Anatroptic, a. नवाकी; Overthrowing; defeating.

Anbury, anber-i, (med.) (From A. S. ampre, a crooked swelling vein) n. A disease in turnips and horses.

Ancestor, ańses-tur, (O. Fr. ancestre-L. antecessor=he who goes before—ante, before, and cedo, cessum, to go) n. প্ৰপুৰুষ; One from whom a person has descended; a fore-father; a progenitor. fem.=ancestress.

Ancostral, ań-seś-tral, adj. গৈছক ; পুর্বপুরুষ-সম্বাচিত্র ; Relating to ancestors.

Ancestrel, adj. পুরপুর্বাধিক ; Claimed or descending from ancestor.

Ancestry, ańses-tri, n. পূর্বপুরুষণ ; পূর্বার্থী বংশাবলী ; কুল ; গোত্ত ; A line of ancestor ; pedigrec ; descent ; lineage.

Anchor, angkur, (L. ancora—Gr. angkyra, from angkos, a bend—root angk, bent. Conn. with Angle ) n. ৰক্ষৰ; An iron instrument for holding a vessel at rest in water:—আলাম; শ্ৰণ; (Figuratively) that which gives stability or security; that on which we place our dependence for safety; as, "an anchor of the soul."—Bible.—v. t. গুটবন্ধ; To fasten:—ক্ষৰ-ক; To place at anchor; to fix by an anchor; as, to anchor a ship:—v. t. ৰক্ষৰ ব্যক্তৰ; কৰা; To cast anchor; to come to anchor; as, our ship anchored in the Downs:—গতিবহিত হুল্মা; To stop or rest on.

An anchor comes home—ৰখন নকৰ নদী ইতি বায়ু বা সোভেৰ বেগে সবিদা যায়; When it is dislodged from its bed, so as to drag from the violence of the wind, sea, or current; as, "We thought once or twice our anchor had come home."—Defoc.

To be, lie, or ride at anchor—ৰকা কেৰিয়া ধাৰা; When the ship is kept from drifting the anchor having a proper hold in the sea-bottom. as,—(a) Both the French and the English fleets were at anchor close outside the straits, in waters called Besica Bay.—Kinglake. (b) Some of them had been diving on board a yacht, the lights of which were visible as she lay at anchor, a mile from the window.—I roude. (c) While the Boreas, after the hurricane months were over, was riding at anchor in Nevis Road, a French frigate passed leward, close along-shore.—Southey.

To come to anchor—নকৰ কৰা; নকৰ কেবা; To sink an anchor into the sea to keep a ship from drifting, as, "Here we were obliged to come to an anchor."—Defoe.

To drop or cast anchor— 474 (स्त); To sink anchor into the sea to keep the ship from drifting.; as, "Soon after sunrise the next morning, we dropped our anchor in the famous Bay of Dublin",—Dequency, "Regularly at that

season several English ships cast anchor in the bay".--Macaulay.

That was my sheet anchor—( আমাৰ ) পোৰ আশা ভ্ৰমা, গোৰ অবশ্যন, গোৰ আপ্ৰয়, I hat was my best hope, my list refuge. The sheet anchor is the lirgest anchor of a ship, which, in stress of weather, is the sailor's chief dependence. The sheet is a corruption of the word shote (thrown out), meaning the anchor "thrown out" in foul weather. The Greeks and Romans said, "my sacred anchor," referring to the sheet anchor, which was always dedicated to some gods.

The anchor is apeak—নক্ষরের শিকণ অভিশব মূচৰছ, That is, the cibale of the inchor is so tight that the ship is driven completely over it

To weigh anchor—474 (3) 1, I ornise the anchor from the sea-bottom, as ,—Get of with you, come, come weigh anchor—Scott Poor Xurv ried to me to weigh archer, and row away—Defoe.

Anchorable, anglur- 1-bl, a নজন কর্ণোপ্যুক, Fit for anchorage, suitable for enemy inchor Anchorage, anglur if ৯. নজন ছ'ন, A place where a ship can inchor a roadstead নজন ভ নজৰ কোনবাৰ পিছা, দ'দ ছভাচিত, The anchorand all necessity tackle for anchoring — নজন নজন নজন আৰু, নজন-মাভদ, Duty imposed on ships for anchoring in a harborn

Anchoress, গ সর্গাধিনী, তপথিনী, A femulc anchoret i hermites, a finite reclu e

Anchoret, ing'kor-et, Anchorito, in 'kor-et-ii (Un ana irretes ana ip iit ind / rea, to go) n স স বাণাগী সর্গানা, Ore who his withdriwn from the world, a herimit a rehigious recluse, a mink an a ceine at j - Archorete, Arenerete il femi. Anchoress

Anchors ground, u নক্ষৰ ফেনিবাৰ ভপথুৰ স্থাৰ, Ground suitable for inchoring

Anchor-hold, a see a see, I he hold or fastness of an anchor, the hold which the anchor takes, security

Anchorita, ang'kor-ita, n. সন্নাদীৰ বাসহাল.
Dwelling of an anchorite

Anchor-smith, n. নক্ষ্য-নির্মাতা, নক্ষ্য গড়ে বে , A m ket of anchors.

Anchovy, an chovi, (Sp. and Port anchova, Fr ancl n, of doubtful cty) n স্থাত কুল মংস্থান বিশেষ, A mall fish of the herring kind from which a same is made

Anchovy-pear, u. ফল বিশেষ, A fruit of the West Indies.

Anchylose, anki-los, v t (Gr anghyloun, to crook, stillen) 975879 7.387 To unite or ha in novably, stilled via sinchylotic

Anchylosis, n. 1/3(53 YL 5), An immovable condition of a joint

Anciency, n entitles Tearlines, Antiquity. Ancient, an'thent (br ance n-Low L anti-anus, old-L ante, before, prob conn with And See Artique) a' of offin, Old, that happened or existed in former times, a., ancient

days —পূর্বালীন, Old, primitive, antique; that has been of long duration, as, an ancient forest —বহুবাল হৈছে জাড়, Known for a long time, as, the ancient world, opposed to the new world n. plu.=An'cients, পুৱাকালীন বাজিপা, Those who lived in remote times —বাজিপা, Those who lived in remote times—বাজিপা, Very old men—in B., বহুবোলপা; Elders, opposed to the moderns. adv =anciently. n.=an'cientness. Syn=old, primitive, pristine, antique, antiquated, old fashioned, aged. Ancient, āńshent, (corr. of Fr enseigne. See Ensign) n. পভাকা, A flag, a flag of a ship:
—পভাকাৰ্যক, The bearer of a flag—now called an ensign, as, "Othelo's ancient"

Ancient Regims—প্ৰাচীন ৰাজ্যপাসৰ নিৰ্মা-বলী, An untiquated system of government. This phrase, in the French Revolution, meant the monarchical form of government, or the system of government, with all its evils, which existed perior to that great clange.

Ancients, n p'. ee ancient.

Anciently, adv. প্রাণীনকালে, পূর্বকালে In old times, in time long since passed

Anorentry, anshent-१८, ॥ नारीन वरणवशाना, Honour of old lineage, dignity of birth, anstociaty

Ancile—খাণীন বোম লগবের বিখাত চাল, The Pallidum of Rome It was the sacred buckler which Numi said fell from he iven.

Anoillary, an'sil-ai-i (1 ancilla, a maid-scivart) i অধ্য , Substruct, subordinate like a hand maid — সাধ্য কোৰী, Assisting — স্বাস্থ কা, Pertaining to a maid-servent, or female civice

Ancome, an তেশা দ কুল ৰাণীয়ক ফীভি, A mall ulcrois swelling

Ancon an-con, n কগুৱের উপরিকার, The upper end of the ulna or elbow.

Ancones, " etalica (414, The corners or quoins of walls, cross beams or ratters.

Ancony, n চতুকোণ নোকবিশেষ, A piece of half-wrought from, in the shape of a bar in the middle and unwrought at the ends

And, and, (A. S., and in the other Teut lang, prob allied to L. anti, over agrund it was used for if in M. F.) conj. এবং, আৰ, আপ. Signifies addition, and is used to connect words and sentences, a particle which expresses the relation, and connects words and sentences together.

And all—সম্পর্কাপ, Completely, wholly And also—অভিবিক্ত, And in addition

Andante, an-dante, (It andare, to go) ada সকলে চলন্দীন, Going easily —ধীৰ স্থাৰী, মুদ্ৰ সঞ্চাৰী, Moderately slow — প্ৰকাশক, Expressive —বাদ্যেৰ বিশেষকূপ ৰাজন, A word used to direct to a movement moderately slow, between large and allegreto

Andean, Andine, a. আভিত পর্কতবিশিষ্ট , Pertaining to the Andes mountains.

Andarae, n বালা হবিতাল, Red orpiment. Andira, n. বেজিল দেশীৰ বৃহৎ বাছড় বিশেষ, The largest kind of bat of Brazil. Andiron, and e-run, (Ety dub.) উনাৰের পিক; The iron bars which support the ends of the logs in a wood-fire, or in which a spit turns;— ধাৰ্মবিৰ হাতন; An utensil for supporting wood in a fire-place.

Andranatomy, n. পুৰুষেৰ পৰীৰ ব্যবজেদ কৰা; The dissection of a human body, esp. of a male. Andreolite, n. প্ৰিক্ষ বন্ধ বিশেষ; A mineral. Andrew, St.—দেউ আলু, নামৰ সাধুপুৰুষ, An apostle. The symbol of this apostle is a X, in allusion to the cross.

A Merry Andrew—ভাচ; A buffoon or clown.
A Joseph Andrews—গোড বংগ্র ব্যক্তি; ব্যক্তি; A man too good to be tempted to what is wrong, whether in love or money.

Androgynal, androfe-nal, Androgynous, an-diofe-nus, (Gr. androgynos, Fr. oner, man, and gune, woman) a. নপুনেৰ সংখ্যিৰ, Of both sexes; hermaphroducal.

Androgyne, Androgynus, n. হিছল , ৰপুং-সক, বিলিম্ব ধৰ্মধাৰী , An bermaphrodite.

Android, android, Androides, dez, n. কণ বিশেষ, An antomaton figure of a human being, a machine, in human form which to form motions of a man.

Andromeda - গুৰানাৰ স্থানাৰ জী-আকৃতি উত্তৰ দিবত নক্ষত্ৰ বিশেষ : A northern constillation, behind Pegasus, Cossiopera, and Perseus.

Androphagi, an-drof'-a-ii. (Gr. aner man, and phagein, to eat ) n. নৱতুক, রাক্ষ, Maneaters, caumbals adj-Androphagius.

Androtomy, n. মধ্যা শ্ৰছেন ধাৰহাৰ, A cutting or dissecting of human bodies.

Anecdotal, anecdotical, anck dot-al, ank dot'i-kal, a. গল্লভাবে কবিত বা লিখিড, উপন্যাস সম্পায়, উপাধ্যান বিষয়ক, In the form of an ancedote, pertaining to an anecdote.

Anecdote, anek-dūt, (Gr, not published,—a, an, neg, and ekdotos, published—ek, out, and dislosses, to give) n কুন্ত উপজ্বাস, A short story:
—আধ্যাদিকা, বিষয়া, An incident of private lite.
Anecdotic, ad, গল্পসম্বীয়; উপক্যা সম্বীয়,
Relating to or containing anecdotes.

Anecdotist, n. উপকংক; A relator of anecdotes.

Anole, an-লী, o. t. (A. S. on-elan—on, on, and ele, oil) তৈনাক করণ; নিষ্ঠিশন পেল প্রয়োগ করা, যুত্ত্যাত্ত তৈল মুখন-কু, To anount with oil; to administer extreme unction.

Anemography, n. बायू चिर्वस वा वर्गना, बायूद बल निर्वस वा वर्गना; A description of the winds.

Anemology, n. वाग्विना ; वाग्य वन निर्णय विना ; The science of winds.

Anemometor, a-nem-omet-er, (Gr. anemos, wind, and Meter) n. ৰায়ুবল-পৰিমাণক যন্ত্ৰ; An instrument for measuring the force of the wind. Anemone, a-nemo-ne, Anemony, (said to be from Gr. anemos, wind, because some of the species love exposed situation) n. পুল বিশেষ; The wind-flower:—পুতা বিশেষ; A plant of the crowfoot family.

Anemoscope, अ. वाय-भवीक्य, A weather-

cock, esp. a contrivance for bringing down the indications of a wind vane to a dial below.

Anent, prep. [विषय : नवरक ; About ; concerning ; as, he said nothing anent this perticular Aneroid, and-roid, (Gr. a, neg. and wros weight) adj. वाय पविषाण कर्य ; विमा भावर मां कर्य ; Noting a barometer by which the pressure of the air is measured without the use o liquid or quick silver.

Anotic, anet-ik, a. (med.) Tatis ats; Lessening pain; one dyne.

Aneurism, ahur-irm, (Gr. aneurisma—ana, up, and enry,, wide) n. বকুপ্রবাহিকা পিরার দীন্তি, ধমনীর গুটিকা প্রবন্ধন; A soft tumour formed by the morbid dilatation of an artery.

Anew, a-nū' (M. E. of-new. A. S. of, of and New) ad. পুনবাৰ; নুডনরূপে; নবভাবে; পুনত; Again, newly, afresh; over again, repeatedly. Anfractuous, an-fraktu-as, (L. anfractus, a torning, from an or amb and frangere, to break) adj. বক্ষম বহুপথ বা সুড়ক বিশেষ; Winding, full of turnings. n=anfractuosity.

Anfracture, n. বছ বক্ৰপথ বা প্ৰচল বা বাব; A mazy windings.

Angel, মানুলা, (Gr. angelos, a messenger) স.
ক্রমান্ত, (দৰ্ভ , A heavenly being; a divine messenger, a ministering spirits — সুকা পুরুত্ব; A beautiful person — মুলা বিশেষ, An ancient gold com of England = 10s. 10d. bearing the figure of an angel. adj—angelic, angelical. a tv. = Angelically.

The seven angels—Michael, Gabriel, Raphiel, Oriphiel, Tachanel, Samuel and Anacl.

Angol-beast—A favourite round game of cards, which enabled gentlemen to let the ladies win small stakes. Five cards are dealt to each player, and three heaps formed—one for the king, one for play, and the third for Triolet. The name of the game was la bete (beast). Angel was the stake.

Angel-fish, n. হাজধ বিশেষ, A species of shark, named from its large wing like pertoral fins.

Angelic, Angelical, adj. দেবপুতৰং বা সমূল;
Belonging to or resembling angels — ৰগায়;
Heavenly. Syn-Scruphic, cherubic, ethereal,
spiritual, heavenly, celestial; pure, lovely.

Angelica, n. বৃক্ত-বিং; The name of a plant. Angelically, adv. ৰগীয় দূড্যকণ; In an angelic manner.

Angelology, an-jef-o-ji, (Gr. logos, discourses) n. দেবদুত সম্বন্ধীয় এছ, A discourse on angels. Angelot, n. ভাবহুক বাদ্যবন্ধ বিশেষ; A musical instrument somewhat resembling a lute.

vexation. .- (v. t. ) Provoke, vex, displease, fret, diend, affront ; irretate, excite, chafe. To give way to anger = क्यारथद वणवं ३७वा। Augina, anj-ina, (L. See Anguish) n. 42 आगर, Quinsy, inflammation of the throat. Angina pectoris- क्यान , Breast-pang. Angiography, n. नांडोनिर्नंड ; A description of the vessels in the human body.

Angiology, n. नाजी-निर्गप-विना , A treatise on

the vessels of the human body.

Angiomonospermous, adi, बीचाद्वार बद्यांक वील धर्मक, बक बील गांछ थारक वि वृश्वित क्लिकारज ভদ্দক, Producing one seed only in a seed pod. Angiotomy, n. नाड़ीरब्ड्यन, The opening or dissecting of a vessel whether a vein or an artery, as in bleeding.

Angle, ang'gl, (Fr -L anglulus; cog. with Gr. angkylos, both from 100t angk, ak, to bend, seen also in Anchor, Ankle) n. (411, Any corner - (414, The point or corner where two lines meet - 45 14, fer, A hook to fish with, a fishing rod with its line and hook .-र र. म्इड बद्दा , To fish with an angle - आंकर्षन-क, धार्ताविष-क, To entue, to fish for, as, "The hearts of all that he did angle for " -कानधनम कोमल आइव कडिएड (हो क , To try to gain by some artifice. Syn=corner, nook, bend, crotch elbow, knee, cusp, point.

To angle with a silver hook-403 34.4. बाकादब मध्य जब क . To buy fish at a market Angler, ang'-gler, n (व वाकि वर्लान निया मरण धरव, One who fishes with an angle - 459-1364, One who fishes - 489 factor, A species of fish. Angle-rod, n for, The rod or pole to which a line and hook are fastened.

Angled, adı (कार्गविनेहे, Having angles. Anglican, ang'glik-an, (A. S English, from Engle, Angle, from the Ang'es who settled in Butain ) a. E: लशेष, English - 3: १८७व ध्य-यमिरतव मका, इरन्थीय अभिक मर्गवनथी,-n. A member of the church of England

Anglicanism, ang'glik-an-izm, ল ইবেতীয় ৰীতি নীতির প্রতি অপুরার, ইংশ্ডীব বীতি নীতি বিশে-युक् केरन्थीय शार्य अनुवान , Attachment to English institutions, esp. to the English church, attachment to England or English institutions Anglicise, ang'glis-iz, of \$' all's bigis forme পদ্ধতি অনুসারে বাকা প্রয়োগ করা , ইংরাল ভাবাপর-\*, To express in English idiom, to change into English , to convert into Engli b

Anglicism, ang'girs-izm s ain bivit alle, है:दाकी ভाষার বাক্যাবনী প্রযোগের বিশেষ পদ্ধতি, An English idiom or peculi inty of language.

Angling, ang'-gling, n. किन ७ वसनी निया मदल श्वित्रं बीजि, The act or practice of fishing with a rod, a line, and hooks —ছিপ বঢ়শী ধাৰা মংস The art of fishing with an ingle.

Anglo, ang'glo, a. Eraist . English-used in composition, as, Anglo-Saxon, &c.

Anglo-Norman, n. ইংরাজ-নরমান স্নাতি, English Norman - ইংবাল নববান সাতি সৰ্থীয়, Relating to the English-Normans.

Anglomania, ang -gia-mani-a, s. Times बीजि भीजिन क्षणि अविहासिक आहा वा अनुवान : हैं१-नर्छत्र दीछि नीडिय প্রতি অত্যন্ত সন্মান, A mania for what is English, an indiscriminate admiration of English constitution, excessive reverence for England or English institutions.

Anglophobia, ang glo-fobia n ইংলভ ভীতি বা है: न अना , Fear or hatred of England.

Anglo-Saxon, ang'-glo-sakion, n. tal সাহন জাতি, An English Saxon - ইংৰাজ সাহ্ৰৰ जांचित छाता , The English Saxon language -a. आरता माझन मध्कीय वा छात्रास्य छाषा मध्कीय ; Pertaining to the Anglo-Saxon, or their language, partly English, partly Saxon.

Angober, n क्ल विश्व , A kind of pear. Angous, n. পাড়া, ব্যবা, A pain of the heart; pain from a wound.

Angor, an'gor, (Fr. angoisse-L. angustia, a strait, straitness-ango, to press heatly strangle. See Anger ) n (वनना ; अठाउ भावीविक বেদৰা, Intense bodily pain.

Angred, p. a. titites, critics, Provoked; enraged, made angry.

Angrely, adv. (कांश्यूकंक, बान्यूकंक, वानाविक-

ভাবে, In an angry manner, peevishly.
Angry, ang'gri, adj. ফুৰ, Touched with anger, excited with anger, inflamed, provoked-followed generally by with before a person, and at before a thing - certagotion; Showing anger, as, an angry countenance -बहिकामक्न , Raging , boistrous , as an angry sca Syn-Passionate, irritated, indignant, provoked, hot, riging, furious, tumultous, writhful, chlone, inflamed, infunated, irate. adv. Angrily.

Angry passage-वाकविक्था , दांगक वामानुवाम ; Sharp strife in words.

Anguilla, an ewila, n. वहिन मरत्र , The eel. Anguish, ang gwith, n. अञ्चिष (वमना , इ:मह बाउना , बनवात्र , क्रिन , Intense pain of body or mind, excessive grief, agony -v. 1. (474) (FST), Inflict anguish. Syn. = Distress, grief. pang, three, agony, torture, torment.

Angular, an-gu-ler, adj. cofffafte, Pointed . having angles or corners - 34, Crosgrained. – ক্লাচ প্ৰকৃতি, কপটা, কুটিৰ, Stiff in manner; sharp and stift in character, as, angular in his habits n angularness

Angularity, an gu-lai'i-ti, n. coff faffiget. The quality of having corners or angles -ভাকতা Sharpness —সভাবের উপ্রভা , Sharpness and stiffness in character.

Angularly, adv. কোণাকৃতির সহিত, With angles: -confife are, In the direction of the angles. Angulated, adj. কোণবিশিষ্ট, কোণবুক, Formed with angles, or corners.

Anguloso, adj. (#1929, Full of angles. Angulous, adj. (क्रांग्रेक्ब, क्रांग्रेक्ड, Angular ; having corner.

Angust, adi. महीर्, मबन , क्यू , Narrow, strait, Angustation, n. बाटी वा अकीर्य करन, The act of making narrow or short of space.

Angustness, n. ন্তীৰ্ণ ; Narrowness. Anhelation, an-he-lashum, (L. anhelare, to breathe with difficulty) n. হাপান ; নীৰ্বানাস ছাড়ৰ; The act of panting; difficult respira-

tion : short breathing.

Anhelone, adj. नियानवरिष्ठ ; शैणानि वो समय

Anhima, n. বেকীৰ দেশীৰ অন্চৰ বৃহৎ পক্ষী বিশেষ; A Brazilian acquatic fowl.

Anhydride, (Gr. an, priv., and hudok, water) n. (chem) A noxide of non metallic bodies—which may be formed from an acid by abstracting 10 or 8.

Anhydrite, n. 441-14; A gypsum which contains no water.

Anhydrous, adj. জগদভাৰ্ক বহিত; জলদ্ক; জল-বিহীৰ: Destitute of water.

Anieted, adj. এই; বুখ, বুগা; Frustrated; brought to nought.

Anights, a-nits', adv. बाजिकारा; बाजिकारीन; निमानपरा; बाजिरज, On nights; at night.

Anil, n. afil, (Gr. an-nil, the indigo plant)
n. নালেৰ গাছ; A shrub whose leaves and
stalks yield indigo.

Anile, n. বোৰ বাসৰণ ; A dark blue colour.
Anilo, anil, (L. anus, an old woman) adj. বুছা
লীবোকেৰ স্থান্ধ ; Old-womanish — বৃদ্ধ ; হতবুদ্ধি;
Aged ; dotage ; imbecile n-antleness.

Anility, an-ifi-ti, n. বুছাৰহা; Dotage.
Aniline, an'it-in, (Anil, an indigo plant, from which also it is made) n. কয়নাৰ আনকাতবা হৈছে উৎপন্ন বৰ্ণ বিশেষ; A product of coal-tar, extensively used in dying —adj. উক্ত বৰ্ণ সম্ভাষ্টিয়; Pertaining to dyes made from aniline.

Anima, n. नियानअयाम ; आगवायू ; I.ife.

Anima mundi—( the soul of the world ) with the oldest of the ancient philosophers, meant "the source of life;" with Plato, it meant "the animating principle of matter," inferior to pure spirits; with the stoics it meant "the whole vital force of the Universe."

Animable, adj. जीवनशावर्गील ; जीवनशावर्गील विनिष्ट : Susceptible of animation.

Animadversal, adj. জান বা বুদ্ধি বা বিচাৰশন্তি আছে বাহাতে; That which has the power of perceiving and judging.

Animadversion, an-im-ad-ver'shun, গ. পোৰ-ভবেৰ বিচাৰ; অনুযোগ; নিকা; তৎ সনা; তিবভাৰ; স্বালোচনা; Remarks by way of criticism; censure; reproof. Syn=Strictures; comment, criticism, rebuke, reprehension.

Animadversive, adj. অপ্ৰাৰমীৰ; বোধগা; ছ্বা; অপ্ৰাৰ্থনা; That has the power of perceiving or judging; percipient; censurable.

Animadvert, an-im-ad-vert, ( L. to turn the mind to—animus, the mind, ad, to, and verto, to turn) v. i. লোবঙা বিচার-ক; সমালোচনা-ক; To criticise or censure; to remark upon.

Animadverter, n. (414 (44 (4; One who makes remarks by way of censure.

Animal, ahim-al, (L.—anima, äir, life, animus, mind Gr. anemos, mind—as, semi, Sans. an, to breathe, to blow ) n. বাৰি; জীব বন্ধ; A body possessed of life, sensation and power of motion: It is distinguished from a plant, which is organised and has life, but not sensation or voluntary motion; the name sometimes implies the absence of the higher faculties peculiar to man:—adj. পাশব; পথবিষ্যৱ; বাৰুষ; তীৰ সংশীষ; Belonging or relating to animals; as, animal functions:—হুল; Gross—opposite of spiritual:—প্ৰথাকৈ সম্বাধ্য Consisting of the flesh of animals; as, animal food:—ইক্সিয় সম্বাধ্য; Sensual.

Animals sacred to special deities:—To Appolo, the wolf and the crow; to Bacchus, the dragon and the tiger; to Diana the stag; to Eculapios, the serpent; to Hercules, the deer; to Isis, the heifer; to Jupiter, the eagle; to Juno, the peacock and the lamb; to Mars, the horse and the vulture; to Mercury, the cock; to Minerva, the owl; to Neptune, the bull; to Tethyes, the halcyon; to Venus, the dove, the swan, and the sparrow; to Vulcan, the lion &c. &c.

Indian:—Siva, the Bull; Brahma the Swan; Bisshnu, Gorrura; Sectala, the ass; Ganesh, the rat; Kartick, the peacock; Lakhee, the owl; Durga, the lion; Indra, the airabot; Paban, the stag; Jama, the buffalo; Gunga, the shark; Aruna, the horse; Moon, the hare.

Animals symbolical :- The ant, frugality and prevision; ape, uncleanness; ass, stuvidity; bat, blendness; Bear, ill-temper, uncouthness; bee, industing; bull, straight forwardness; butterfly, sportiveness, cat, slyness and deceit; cock, vigilance, our bearing and insolence; crow, longivity; dog, fidelity; eagle, majesty, inspiration; elephant, sagacity; fox, cunning and artifice; goat, lascivoisness; goose, conceit; hare, timidity; hen, natural care; horse, speed and grace; jackdow, empty conceits; kitten, playfulness; lamb, innocence and sacrifice; lark, cheerfulness; lion, noble courage; mole, abstuseness; monkey, tricks; mule, obstinacy; nightingle forlornness; ostrich, stupidity; ox, patience and strength; owl, wisdom, parrot, mocking verbosity; peacock, pride; pigeon, cowardice; pig, obstinacy, diptiness; rabbit, timudity; raven, illluck ; 10binted-breast, confidence, trust ; serpent, wisdom; sheep, silliness, timidity; sparrow, lasciviousnes; spider, wiliness; stag, cucoldom; swallow, a sunshine friend; swan, grace; swine, filthiness, greed; tiger ferocity; tortoise, chastity; turkey-cock, official insolence : dove, conjugal fidelity ; vulture, rapine ; wolf, cruelty &c. &c.

The cries of animals:—Apes gibber; are brays; bees hum; beetle drones; bear gamls; bittern booms; buil bellows; canary rings; cat mews; purrs; calf bleats; cock crows; cow lows; crow caws; dog barks; dove coos; duck

quacks; eagle screams; falcon chants; flies buss; fox yelps; frog croaks; goose cockles; hare squeaks; hawkscreams; hen cockles; horse neighs; kitten mews, lamb bleats; lark sings; lion roars; magpie chatters; monkey chatters; mouse squeaks; ox bellows, lows; owl hoots and screeches; parrot talks; peacock screams; pigeon coos; pig grunts, squeaks; laven croaks; rook caws; sheep bleats; snake hisses; sparrow chirps; swallow twitters; wolf howls.

Animalcule, an-im-alkūl, (L. animalculum, dim. of animal) n. অতি কৃত্ৰ জীব; কীটাৰু; A small animal, esp. one that cannot be seen by the naked eye —pl.=Animalcules or Animalcula. Animalcular, an-im-al-kūl-ar, animalculine, an-im-al-kūl-in, adj. কীটাৰু সম্ভাৱ ; Per-

taining to animalcules.

Animsleulist, n. কটিপু ভর্বিং; One versed in the knowledge of animalcules. [tes.

Animal-flower, n. A name for some zoophy-Animal gratification—ইত্রি-পেবা; Sensual pleasure.

Animal kingdom—প্রাণিকাং; The whole class of animals having animal life.

Animal magnetism, n. ৰান্তব শক্তি সংকাষণ ; Magnetism of the animal kingdom,—বিষোহন শক্তি; Mesmerism.

Animalisation, ahim-al-isashun, n. জীবন স্কার, The act of endowing with life.

Animalise, anim-al-is, v. t. ভাৰন্থাবিশিট্ট-ছ়;
To endow with the properties of an animal:—
শহৰ-কু; To render or regard as merely animal, to make an animal of as, the animalising tendency of Encurean philosophy:
—কোৰ প্ৰদেশে পন্ত বৰ্ণনাকু, To supply, as a country, with animals.

Animalism, anim-al-i-m, n. ইন্দি-মুখ-সেধা, Sensual indulgence:—পত্ত, Mere life without intellectual activity; brutishness.

Animality, ahim-al-1-ti, n. ইক্ৰিৰ প্ৰাৰ্থতা; Sensuality:-জীৰ বিশিষ্টহ; জীবন, Animal existence, or nature.

Animalness, n. জীবন ধারণবিস্থা; The state of animal existence.

Animate, animat, (L. animo, animotus,—from anima, air, life, Gr. anemos, wind-aō, aēmi, Sans. an, to breathe, to blow) a. স্থাব; স্তেভ: Living; possessing animal life.—v.t. স্থাব-কৃ, To give life, quicken —উড্ডেভিড-কৃ; To give spirit or vigout to, to enliven. SyneEnliven, inspirit, inspire, instigate, stimulate, exhilarate, rouse, urge, cheer, prompt, incite, gladden; invigorate, revive, vivify.

Animated, ahim-at-ed, adj. অনুন্ন; সজীৰ; সচেত্ৰ; তেজ্বী, Lively: vigorous; full of spirit. Animated nature—জীৰ সমূহ; The whole class of beings endowed with animal life.

Animation, an-im-a'shun, n. স্থাবতা; চৈতত : তেকবীতা, অব্যুতা; Spirit; vigour, liveliness. Syn=Vivacity, spirit, buoyancy, sprightliness, hyenness, life, promptitude. Animative, adj. ৰীৰ বা চৈতন্য দান পঞ্জি বিশিষ্ট ; Having the power of giving life or spirit. Animator, n. সচেতন-ক্রা; One that gives life. Anime, n. A resin used to make varnish.

Animism, ahim-izm, (L. anima, the soul) n. ব্যান্ত প্রভাষার ধর্মভাবের মূল্যরূপ উদুশ বিবাদবাদী মত; Theory which regards the belief in spirits that appear in dreams, &c., as the germ of religious ideas.

Animose, adj. তেজবিশিষ্ট; মৃঢ় প্ৰতিজ্ঞাযুক্ত : বাগা-বিড; Full of spirit, resolute; vehement. Animosness, n. ডাপ: Heat:—বাগ বিশিষ্টভ:

Spirit; vehemence of temper.

Animosity, animosi-ti, (L. animositas, fullness of spint. See Animal. Animosity means animation, spirit, as the fire of the horse, called in Latin equi animositas. Its extensive use in a bad sense shows that hate stirs the blood more than amiable emotions ) n. অকুলা; বেৰ, বিবোধ; লাকা মুণা, A high degree of ennity; a bitter hatred, rancour, enmity. Syn=Rancour, malevolence, malignity, virulence, rankling, bitterness, comity, hatred.

Animus, ahim-us. (L. animus, spirit, soul, as dist. from anima, the mere life. See Animal.)
n. অভিপ্ৰায়; মূন, Intention, purpose, mind.—
তেজ, Spirit:—বিশেষ; Prejudice against.

Anings, দ. বৃদ্ধ বিশেষ ; যাহার মূল্যারা টিনি পরি-ছার হয় ; A root growing in the west Indies, like the China plant used in refining sugar.

Anise, anis, (Gr. anison) n. পৌরিগছ; An aromatic plant, the seeds of which are used in making cordults, a plant bearing aromatic seed. Anis-seed or ani-seed, n. পৌরী; The seed of anise.

Anker, angker, (Dutch; prob from Sw. kar, a tub, a vat.) n. ভর্ন ভ্রোর পরিষাণ বিশেষ; A liquid measure used on the continent, formerly in England, varying from about 7 to 9 gallons. Ankle, angkl, (See angle) n. গুলুক; পারেব পাইট, Joint joining the foot to the leg.

Ankle-deep-তন্ত পণ্ড; So deep as to reach to the ankle.

Anklet, angk-let, n. পাদত্বণ; মল, পাইজোর; An ornament for the ankle.

Anna, ann, n. আলা; An Indian coin worth 13d. sterling.

Annalist, anal-ist, n. বাৰিক আধ্যাতিকা বা বিৰমণ প্ৰেক ; A writer of annals. adj -- annalistic.

Annals, ahalz. (L. annus, a year) n. pl. বাৰ্ণিক আখানিকা; বাৰ্ণিক ঘটনাৰ বিৰৱণ পত্ৰ, ইতিহাস; A brief narrative of events, divided into periods, each period consisting of one year; year-books. Syn= Archines, chronicles, memorials, records, historical accounts.

Annats, an-nats, (L. annus, a year) n. pl.
হাৰ্থ বাৰ্ণিক; First year's income of a living;
first fruits. Annalis is the claim of the pope to
a year's income of any living or ecclesiastical's
office, at the death of a bishop or incumbent.
This is called the "first fruits." By the statute
of Recusants (25 Henry VIII. C. 20, and

confirming Act ) the right to the English Annates and Teaths was vested in the crown-

Anneal, an-লা, (A. S ancelan, to set on fire-clan, to burn) v. t. অধিক তাপ দিয়া এবং ক্ৰমণঃ
ক্ষিত্ৰ কৰিয়া কাচ বা থাডুকে কাৰ্ব্যোপথোগী কৰিয়া
লক্ষা; To temper glass or metals by subjecting
them to great heat and gradually cooling — বঙ্
নাগাইনাৰ কন্ত তাপ দেখা; To heat in order to
fix colour on, as glass:—খাডুবা কাচ বুচ কৰণাৰ্থ
ভাচ বা তাপ-কে; পাইন-কে; Temper metals or
glass by heat so as to make them tough.

Annelids, an-el-i-da, (L. annellus, dim. of annulus, a ring) n. পেনুক জাতীৰ জীব; A class of animals having a long body composed of numerous rings, as worms, leeches &c.

Annealing, ন. পৰিমাণাস্থাৰে কাচকে মৃদ্ কৰণ; ভাতান; The process of applying heat to remove brittleness from metals, glass &c.

Anne's Fan (Queen) -Your thum to your nose, and your fingers spread.

Annex, an-neks, (L. ad, to, and necto, to tie) ण. t. मः रवान-क ; मः नच-क ; To subjoin ; to add to the end; to affix :-- ( ) कु ; कु ; To add, as a smaller thing to a greater, as, "The annexed a province to their kingdom."-কাব্যের কল্যকপ (时元子; To connect, especially as a consequence; as, to annex a punishment to guilt .-n. यहां दिছ (यांत्र कहा बाद्य; Something added .-বোৰকৰণ; Act of annexing; addition; union:--व्यक्तिक वाम : A sudsidiary building ; an extention of a building :- দ্বিস পত্ৰাদিতে কোন কিছ ৰোগকহা : An addition to a document.. Syn = Toin, append, affix, attach, subjoin, adjoin, Annexation, an-neks-a'-shun, n. मरवान ; मर-ৰেন্দৰ; Act of annexing, addition to; union. Annexationist, an-neks-a'shun-ist, n. T:-(बाजन अपर्वनकारी, An advocate of annexation. Annexible, an-neksa-bl, adj. Actata atti; বোপ কবিবার বোপা; That may be annexed. Annexment, n. म:(यात्र वा मिक कदन ; The act

Annthilable, adj. সংখ্যকৰণীয় ; That may be destroyed.

of annexing, or the thing annexed.

Annihilate, an-nīhil-āt, (L. ad, to, and nihil, nothing) v. t. বোপ-কু, আন্তেম্ব ; নিম্মা-কু, আবিষ্ বোপ-কু; To reduce to nothing. to destroy the existence of; to cause to ceuse to be. Syn = Destroy, extinguish, abolish, ruin, nullify.

Annihilation, an-ni-hil-áshun, n. আন্তাতি; আন-স্থান; State of being reduced to nothing; the act of destroying:—লোপ; বিনাশ; আন

Annihilationist, an-ni-hil-ম'-shun-ist গ.
বিনাশকে অনস্ত গত বলিয়া বে ব্যক্তি বিখান কৰে; One who believes that eternal punishment consists in annihilation.

Annihilatory, an-ni-hil-3'-tori, a. বিনাশকারী; লোপকারী; ধ্বংসকারী; Destructive.

Anniversary, an-ni-véréar-i, (L. annus, a year and verto, versum, to turn) n. ৰ বিক উৎ-সংবৰ পিন; The day of the year on which an event happend or is celebrated:— সাৰ্থনিক উৎসৰ; Annual celebration; a day celebrated every year.—adj. বাৰ্থিক; বংস্কিত্ব; Returning or happening every year; annual; at a stated time returning with the year.

Anno-Domini, n. ব্ৰীষ্টৰ পৰ, বিত বৃষ্টের কম তাবিং হইতে যাংগ্ৰ গণনা হয়, In the year of our Lord, noting the time from our Saviours' incarnation Annolist, n. টকটিকি সদুৰ আমেহিকাদেশীৰ কড় বিশেষ; An American lizard.

Annomination, ল. একপাৰতে বা ছুপোন্ত সম্-জাপাকৰ পৰু ব্যৱহাৰ কৰা; Alliteration; a pun. Anno-Mundi, ল. কৰং স্টৰ দাল; In the year of the world.

Annona, n. বাংসারিক উৎপন্ন কল; এক বংশবের উপযুক্ত থালা; A year production or increase hence; provisions for one year's use.

Annotate, ahnot-at, (L. annoto,—ad, to, noto,-atum, to mark) v. t. ব্যাখ্যা-কু; ট্ৰা-কু; To make notes upon; to comment.

Annotation, an not-a'shun, n. ha; apiqu, Remark; comment; a note of explanation; a commentory on some passage of a book to illustrate its meaning. Syn=Comment, observation, explanation, gloss; scholium.

Annotator, an-not-afur, n. बाबाबाब; जेबा-बाद: A commentator; a writer of notes. Annotatory, an-not-afur-i, बाबाबूर, जेबाबूर, Containing annotations.

Announce, an-nowns, (Fr. announce, L announce,—ad, to, nuncio,—are, to deliver) বোৰণা-কু, নাধাৰণা বিজ্ঞাপৰ দেৱা, জাপন-কুৱা, প্ৰচাৰ কৰা, প্ৰকাশ ক্ৰা; To tell to; to give public notice of; to declare; to proclaim, to publish. Syn=Proclaim, publish, promul gate; advertise, declare, intimate, disclose, divulge, reveal, propound, barrass, perplex, tease, incommode, disturb, bore, bother, plague, trouble, provoke.

Annoyance, an-notans, n. বিবস্তি, বিংকিকর বস্তু; বিবস্তি বা অসকোবের কারণ; Act of annoying or the state of annoying; something that tease. Annoyer, n. বিবস্তু করে বে; One who annoys Annoyful, adj. পীড়াপাৰক, বিবস্তিকন; ভূ.বৰক, Giving trouble; molesting; teasing.

Annoying, p. a. পাড়াযুক ; ক্লোবুক ; Hurting teasing ; molesting.

Annual, ahnū-al, (L. annualis—annus, a year) a. वार्षिक; Yearly; coming or happening yearly; as, the annual overflowing of the river Nile:—वार्षिक; Performed in a year; as the annual motion of the earth:—वर्षश्री; बक् वरमद श्रीशे; र्वकोवी धेविद; Lasting only one year or season; as, an annual plant.—n. वार्षिक गुंकक; A book published every year:—वर्षश्रीशे A plant or flower that lives a year only.

Annually, adv. ब्रम्दद व्यम्दद; Yearly; every year.

Annuitant, an-nu'it-ant, (L. annus, a year)
n. বাৰিক বৃত্তি-ভোগী; One who receives a sum of
money every year for maintenance:—বাৰিক
বৃত্তিভাত ব্যক্তি; One who receives an annuity.
Annuity, an-nui-ti, (L. annus, a year) n.

वार्षिक वृद्धि : An income or allowance payable yearly : a yearly allowance for life.

Annul, an-nul (L. ad, to, nullus, none) w. t.
লোপ বা বহিত কৃ, শই-ড় : বন বা বহিত-ড়: To abolish; to make void; to set aside,—pt. p. Annull'ing; pa p. Annulled. Syn=Repeal, nulify, abolish, abrogate, revoke, cancel, rescind.
Annular, an-nul-ar, Annulary, an-nul-ar-i,
(L. annulus or anulus, a ring—dim. of anus,
a rounding or ring) a. অনুবাধাৰাৰ, বন্ধাৰাৰ;
কলাৰ্ডি; চৰাভাৰ; Ring-shaped; having the
form of a ring. adv,—annularly.

Annulated, annul-at-ed. (L. See Annular)

a. অনুবাৰাকাৰ আগু, বা অনুবাদকে বিভক্ত; মঙলাকৃতিবিশিষ্ট; Formed or divided into rings; furnished with rings; having rings or belts.

Annulet, anu-let, (L. annulus, a ring) n. बाह्य प्रकृतिक (बहुनी विराम , अनुवीद ; ह्यां विवस , (Arch) A small flat fillet, encircling a column, a fine ring, a mark in heraldsy.

Annulment, an-nul-ment, দ. পোপ করণ ; নাখ ৰা সংহার করণ ; The act of making void.

Annumerate, v. সংযোগ-কৃ, To add to a former number.

Annumeration, n. পূর্ক সংখ্যার সহিত ঘোগকরণ; Addition to a former number.

Annunciate, an-nunshiat, (L. ad, to, and nunciate, to report) v. f. জ্ঞাপন-কু; প্রকাশ-কু; ঘোষণা-কু; To announce; to declare.

Annunciation, an-nun-sin'shun, n সংবাদ;
সমাচাৰ: প্ৰচাৰ, (ঘাৰণা; The act of announcing
Annunciation-day—ইয়াইৰ অবভাৰ সংবাদ
দিবদ; ২৫ শে ঘাৰ্চ, ঐ দিবদ ইটিইৰ অবভাৰ ইইবাৰ
সংবাদ প্ৰচাৰিত হয়; The 25th March, on which
the angel announced to the Virgin Mary that
she would be the mother of the Messiah.

Annus mirabilis—The year of wonders, 1066, memorable for the Great Fire of London and the successes of the English over the Dutch. Anodyne, aho-din, (Gi. a, an, neg., and odyne, pain) a. বেম্বা বালক; প্ৰয়; Soothing; assuaging; mitigating pain.—n. বেম্বা বালক উৰৱ; বেম্বা বিবাধক উৰৱ; A medicine that relieves a pain; a medicine that alleys pain.

Anoint, an-oint, (O. Fr. enoindts—L. inungo, inunctum—in, and ungo, to smear) তৈল ঘূৰ্যকু; To rub or smear with oil:—তৈল্যায় অভিনেক-ফু; To consecrate with oil. Syn=Consecrate, sanctify, hallow.

Anointed, an-ointed, n. औरहेव धव नाय ; The Messiah :—adj. पश्चितिक ; Consecrated.

Anointer, \*\* মৰ্থকাৰক; One who anoints, Anointing, an-oint-ing, \*\* তৈল মুৰ্থন , তৈল লেপন: The act of smearing with oil.

Anointment, an-oint-ment, n. অভিবেক কাৰ্য্য;
The act of anointing; the state of being anointed or consecrated with oil &c.

Anomalism, n. অব্যবস্থা; অনিশ্চিত নিয়ম; A deviation from rule.

Anomalistic, Anomalistical, adj. বিশ্বদ্ বহিত : অব্যৱ্তি-বিলিষ্ট : Irregular , departing from common or existing rules, Anomalous, an-orial-us, (Gr. anomalos—a em, neg, and homalos, even—homos, same) adj. বিধিবিক্ত; আন্ত্রমুচারী; বিষয়বিবহিত; Irregular; abnormal; deviating from rule, Anomalously, adv. অণ্যলভা পূৰ্যক: অব্যক্তান্ত্রমুচারে; আনিষ্মান্তারে; In an anomalous or irregular manner; irregularly.

Anomaly, an-omal-i, (Gr. anomalos—a. an, neg., and homalos, even—homos, same) n. বিশুখুলা: অনিষম; অব্যবস্থা; বিধিৰ ব্যক্তিক্ম; Irregularity; deviation from the common rule. Syn=Irregularity, abnormity, eccentniaty, rarity.

Anon, adj. ভৰুইৰ্ছে , অধিবৰে ; শীন্ত , In one (instant) ; immediately ; quickly ; soon after.

Ever and anon, ad. ph. 4(4) 4(4); 74(4); Now and then; often.

Anon-rights-754; Right quickly.

Anonymity, an-on-imi-ti, n. নামবিহীনতা: The quality or state of being annonymous.

Anonymous, an-ohim-us, (Gr. anönymos—a. an, neg., and onoma, name) a. নাগুৰিহাত বেশাগা; Without the real name of the author.

Syn=Nameless, unsigned, unattested, unauthenticated.

Anonymously, an-ohim-us-li, adv. নাম বিনা, নাম বাতীত , নাম বিংশীন , Without a name. Anopsy, n. দৃষ্টিংশীনতা , Want of sight.

Anorexy, n. আহাবে অকটা; Want of appetite. Another, an-other, (A. S. an, one, and other) a. অভ, বিভিন্ন; অপন, Not the same; one more. Ansarian—The Moslems of Medina were called Ansarians by Mahomet.

Anserine, anser-in, ( L. anser, cog. with E. Goose ( which see ), Sans, hamta ) ৫ হাৰখাতীয়; পাতিহান সম্ভীয় বা সদৃশ, Relating to the goose-tribe; pertaining to or like a goose.

Answer, anser, ( Lit, 'to swear against', as in a trial by law, from A. S. and, against, and swerian to swear ) v. t. \$54-(4; To speak or write in return to, reply to; as, I answered you :- वा अ वा का कि नाम-क ; To retute, as, none can answer me :- উপযোগী एउदा ; To correspond to; to suit; as, it does not answer the purpose; - উত্তৰ পেওয়া ; অপেকা করিয়া থাকা : To respond : to wait upon ; as, to enswer the bell :- मन्त्रीन-Y; To face; as "the wind blow answering each other" :- डिनेब्स-इ ; बरबहे-इ ; To be adequate to; to be equivalent to; as, this does not answer the purpose :- #14768-4 : To atone for, "And grievously hath Caesar answered it" ;-भीकात्मा-क ; To satisfy or solve ; as, to answer my doubts :- v. i. 99-5; To satisfy any claim, as, to answer a debt :- उड़र (रहा , To speak in reply; as, there was no one to answer :- Fill EST; to be accountable for ; responsible; liable. as, "Let his neck answer for it, if there be any martial law."-Shakespeare :- नमर्गन-म : To vindicate: - 777 FON; To succeed, to effect the object intended - डेनर्रा ने स्था , To serve for; as, Gypsum enswers as a manure on some soils":- 4779 (67) To correspond

to, to suit with; as, "As in water face answereth to face, so the heart of man to man."—Bible.—n. উত্তৰ, A reply, as. a soft answer:—মীখাগো; উত্তৰ: A solution; as, the answer to a problem. Syn=Reply, rejoinder, replication, response; vendication; defend; solution.

Answer to— দিলা; একা হওছা; To agree with— অপৰাদ কাটাৰ; To refute; to meet success-

Answer the call of nature— মুল ডাগে-কু ! A lame answer— অসংস্থাৰ্থক উত্তর, An unsatisfactory reply.

Answer-jobber - ইন্তর্ ব্যবসামী; One who trades in answers.

To answer for—কোৰ বিষয়েৰ অন্ত দায়ী হওয়া;
To be responsible for:—অবাৰ দিহি কয়া, হিনাই
দেশ্যা; To render an account for.

To answer in the negative—'ना' बना , To say 'no'.

To answer the bell—ঘণী বাজাইবার কারা পাত্-স্থান করা; To go and see what the bell has wrong for.

To answer the door—বাৰ ধুলিয়া দেওবা; বাবে আঘাত কনিয়া তাংগা ধুলিয়া দেওবা; To go and open it when a knock has been given.

To answer the purpose or demand— জঙিপায় সিছ-মুবা প্রার্থনায়ুমণ কার্যা কবা; To act in compliance with the purpose or in fulfilment of the demand.

Answerable, anser-a-bl. a. উত্তৰ বোগা; Capable of being answered —ব্ভান , refutable; "The argument, though subtle, is yet answerable", —দান ; Responsible, accountable, as—man is answerable for his conduct to God;—দৃশ ; উপযোগ ; Suitable, proportional, as, the achievement unswerable to the preparation for it,—ত্বা; Equal; equivalent; as, the success is answerable to my desire.

Answornbly, ańser-a bli, adv. উচিত্তমতে, উপর্করণে; Suitably, in due proportion, correspondence, or conformity.

Ant, ant, ( From Sax. æmet ) n. পিণীলিকা; A small insect, the emmet.

Ant-hill, n. বৰ্মীক; উইটিগী; The hillock raised by ants to form their nests.

White ant-®₹; A kind of ant.

Antaoid, ant-asid, (Gr. anti, against, and Acid) n. আম্ব-প্রভিবেশক উৰু ; A medicine which counteracts acidity.

Ant-eater, ant-éter, n. পিপীলিকাভুক ; An animal that feeds upon ants.

Antagonise, ant-ag'on-iz, v. t. প্রভিত্নী হতঃ!;
To act in opposition.

Antagonism, ant-ag'on-ism, (Gr. anti, against—agon, contest) n. প্রতিষ্ণীতা : বিবেধ ; প্রতিষ্ণীতা of action; contest; a contending or struggling against.

Antagonist, ant-ag'on-ist, (Gr. antag'onistes—anti, against—agon, contest) n. প্ৰতিৰ্থী; বিপদ; An opponent; one who fights against another; an enemy. Antagonistic, ant-ag'on-ist-ik, a. প্ৰতিকৃত্ত, বিপক্ষীয় প্ৰতিশ্বী, বিৰোধী: Contending against; opposed to; opposing.

Antagonistic forces, n. दिक्स परि: Two powers in nature, the one counteracting the other, as fire and water.

Antalgio, an-tuljik, (Gr. anti, and alos, pain) a. বেদমা-নিবাৰক; Removing pain; alliviating pain:—n. বেদমা-নিবাৰক উবদ; Medicine that removes pain.

Antaphrodisiae, antaf-ro-difi-ak, Anta-phroditie, antaf-ro-difik, (Gr. anta, against, and aphrodisiakos, vinercal, fr. Aphrodite, Venus, goddess of love) n. কামনিবাৰক উবৰ; Medicine against amorous passions;—a. কামনিবাৰক, Lessening vinercal desire.

Antarctic, ant-arkt-ik, (Gr. anti, opposite and Artic) a. The trails; Opposite to the northern or arctic pole; relating to the Southern Pole, or to south polar regions.

Antecede, an-te-sed, (L. ante, before and cedo, cessum, to go) v. পুর্বগামী হওয়া; To go before in time.

Antecedence, n. 444651; Precedence.

Antecedent, an-te-sedent, (L. ante, before, cendens, entis; pr. p. of cedo, cessum, to go) a. পূর্বপানী; Going before in time or place;—n. পূর্বপ; That which goes before in time or place;—পূর্বপাপ, In Grammar, the noun to which the relative refers;—জীবনের গড় ইনা; The earlier events of one's life; as, I know nothing of his antecedents.

Ante-chamber, afte-chamber, (L. ante, before, and camera—Gr. kamera, a vault, a room, a kin to Celt cam, crooked) n. পাৰ্থ কুছ; A room leading to the principal room.

Ante-chapel, an-te-chapel, ( L ante, before and Chapel) n. নিৰ্জান পামকদিবেৰ নিৰ্দিত হাবে ঘাইবাৰ পথ , Passage to the choir.

Antecursor, ante-ker'-ser, n. अवनाभी वासि:

Antodate, ante-dat, (I.. ante, hefore, and datum, date) v. t. ঠিক ভাবিংখন পাঠিবতে পূৰ্ব ভাবিখ নিবা; প্ৰকৃত ভাবিংখন পূৰ্ববাটা ভাবিখ দেওখা, To date before the true time,—পূৰ্বে আখাদন-ক; ভাৰী আপা-ক; To anticipate; "And antedate the bliss above" Pope:—n. পূৰ্ববাটী দিন, A prior date.

Antediluvial, an-te-di-lu'vi-al, Antediluvian, an-te-di-lu'vi-an, (L. ante, before and diluvium, a flood or deluge) a প্ৰলয়েৰ পূৰ্বাৰ্থী; মধা সাৰনেৰ পূৰ্বে অব্যিত গা সংঘটিত, Exusting or happening before the flood,—n. এল্লেড্র পূৰ্ববৰ্তী লোক; মানাভাৰ আমবেৰ লোক; মধা সাৰ-দেৰ পূৰ্ববৰ্তী লোক; One who lived before the flood.

Antelope, ante-lop, (Gr. anthos, beautiful, and opos, an eye) n. কুকনাৰ মুগ; কাৰ্ম্মাৰ; হবিশ বিশেষ; A kind of deer; a genus of quadrupeds, a quadruped intermediate between the deer and goat.

Antelugan, an-te-lukan, (L. ente, before and

lux, light) a sq कार्नीन, Before day-light, applied to assembles of the early Christians held before day-dreak

Antomeridian, an-te-me-ridi-an, (L. ante, before and meridies, medius middle, and dies, day) পুরাত ; ঘণাতের পুরবর্তী ; পোরাত্রিক Being before noon; pertaining to the forc-noon.

Antemundane, an-te-mundan, (1. ante, before and mundus, the world) a. ক্ষৰ পূৰ্মবৰ্তী. Being before the creation of the world.

Antemural, an-te-mur-al, a. ভূগেৰ বহিঃ-বাবেৰ সংকীৰ; Belonging to the outward wall of a castle.

Antennes, an-tene, n. pl. (I.. antenna, the yard or beam of a sail) পুৰা, কটি প্তরের উত;
The feelers or horns of insects.

Anto-nuptial, an-te-nupshal, (L. onle, before and nuptialis-nuplie, marriage-nubo, nuptum, to veil, to marry) a. বিবাহের পুর্বাধী, Before marriage.

Ante-paschal, an-te-paskal, ( L. ante, before and paschal ) n. ইপ্লাব উৎসাৰৰ পূৰ্ববাৰী সময়, Before Easter or Passover.

Ante-past, an-te-past, n. anti-past, A

Ante-penult, an-te-pen-ult, (I., ante, before and Perult—I., penc, and ultimus, last) n পাৰে আৰু ছংটীৰ পূৰ্বকী পদাংশ, The cyllable before the penult or next ultimate syllable of a word the last syllable of a word but two

Antepenultimate, an-te-pr nulti muit, a. কোৰ পৰেৰ অভিন হুইটীৰ পূৰ্ববন্তী প্ৰণাপ সম্বৰীঃ , Pertaining to the last syllable but two.

Anterior, an téri-or, ( L. comp of arte, before) a অপ্ৰকাষী, পুৰুষ্টা, মমহ বা স্থান স্থানে পুৰুষ্টা; Before in time or place, in front: previous.

[ Precedence.

Anteriority, an-te-ri or'-iu, n. পূৰ্বভূজীতা . Anthelion, ant-helyun, n (Gr. anti, over against, and helios, sun) প্ৰোৱ বিগরীত দিকে দেখে উপৰ জ্যোতিৰ্দ্ধ মুখ্য , A luminous appearance on a cloud opposite to the sun.

Anthelmintic, an-thel-mintik (Gr. anti, against and helmin, helmithus, worm) n. কৃষ্ণিশাৰ বৈষ , Medicine killing vorms,—a. কৃষ্ণিশাৰ , Destroying or expelling worms.

Anthem, ahthem, (Gr. antiphonia, anti, in return and phone, voice) n. উপাসনা-কালীন খোতা, A pieceof sacred music set to a passage from Scripture,— ভাৰন, খোতা, A sacred song.

Anther, anther, (Gr. antheres flowery) দ. গর্ভ-কোষ, প্রাপ্রেষ্থ, প্রেম গতকাবের অপ্রভাগ, Male part of a flower; the top of the stamen in a flower, which contains the pollen or fertilising dust. a= Antheial.

Anthesis, an-thésis, (Gr. anthos, flower) ন পুলোৰ বিকাশ সময়: Time when flowers expand Anthology, an-thologi, (Gr anthos, a flower, lego to gather) ল. পুল বিষয়ক পুডিকা, A discourse on flowers.—সাহিত্য সংগ্ৰহ, সুন্দৰ কৰিছা বা উৎকৃত্ব প্ৰকা সংগ্ৰহ, A collection or selection of flowers of literature a = Anthological. Anthony's fire, n. চৰ্দ্ম আৰাই; The Erysipelas. Anthracite, anthras-it, (Gr. anthraz, coal) পাধ্বিধা কছলা বিশেষ; A kind of coal that burns without flame &c.; a hard mineral.

Anthrax, anthraks, (L.—Gr. anthraz, coal)

n খোটৰ বিশেষ; গো-দেখাপিৰ বোগ বিশেষ; A

malignant boil, a splemic fever of sheep and
cattle.

Anthropoid, anthrop-oid, a. (Gr anthropos, man, eulos, form) মানবাকার, মহ্ব্য সমূল; In the form of or resembling man

Anthropology, an-throp-oloji, Anthropography, an throp-og'rafi, (Gr. anthropos, man, logos, discourse—lego, to say) n. মহ্যা-জানিব ইতিহান, Science of mankind; history of the human species. a=Anthropological.

Anthropomorphite, an-throp-o-morfit, n. অবভাব বালী, One who believes that God exists in a human form-

Anthropomorphism, an-throp-o-morfizm, (Gr. anthropos, man, marphe, form) n. অবতার বাদ, The doctrine that the Almighty has a human form or attributes:—প্ৰমেশবেৰ অবতাৰ বাদ; ক্ষবেৰ প্ৰতি মানবীয় প্ৰবৃত্তি, ইপ্ৰিয়াদিৰ আবোপ; The representation of the Deity in the form of man or with bodily parts, the ascription to the Deity of human affections and passions. a=Anthropomorphic.

Anthropomorphous, an-throp-o-mor-fus, a. नर्वात , Having the shape of a man.

Anthropopathy, an-throp-o-p'athe, n. (Gr. anthropus, man, and pathos, affection, passions) ক্যুবে মুস্বাভাব আবোপ; The ascription of human passions to God.

Anthropophagi, an-throp-of'ai-1, (Gr. anthropos, man, phago to cat) n. ৰইপুৰ; বাক্ষ; মুখ্যবাদক, Cannibals, man-eaters. a.= Anthrophagous (an-throp-ofag-us).

Anthropophagy, an-throp-of ag-i, n. নরমাংস ভক্ষা, Cannibalisim; man-eating.

Antibilious, an-ti-bilyus, a. পিন্তৰাৰক ; পিন্তৰ . Good for the cure of bilious complaints.

Antic, antik, (Fr. antique—L. atzquus, ancient—ante, before Doubler of Antique) a. হাস্ত-লৰক, কোতৃকজনক; Odd; fantastic, ridiculous, as, "antic postures" Addision;—n. ভাঁড়; A buffoon or merry andrew;—ছাড়ামি; buffoon-ry;—হাস্তজনক আকৃতি; A fantastic figure.

Antichrist, anti-krist, (Gr. anti, against and Christ) n. ৰৃষ্ট ও বৃষ্টবৰ্ষৰ বিৰোধী ব্যক্তি; The opposer of Christ and Christianity .—ইবাৰ বক্ত ; an adversary of Christ. a= Antichristian.

Antichristian, an-ti-kristyan, a. ৰ্ড ও বৃত্তবৰ্ষিক বিবোধী; Relating to Antichrist; opposed to Christianity.

Anticipato, an-tisip-না, (L. ante, to before, capio, take) v t. প্ৰকামী-ছ, To be beforehand;
—"To anticipate and prevent the duke's purpose:—নিৰ্বাণত কালেব পূৰ্বে এইণ-ফু, To take up beforehand, or before the proper time; as, the advocate has anticipated a part of his argument, — আৰু আৰু কৰু বা ব্ৰিভে পাৰা,—

To foretaste or foresee; as to auticipate the bliss of heaven. Syn .= fore-stall, forsee, pre-

Anticipation, an-tis-ip-a'shun, अ. चारा वीमन ; The act of anticipating; as "So shall my anticipation prevent your discovery"; Shakespeare; - अविशिष्ण : Foretaste; as the anticipation of the joys of heaven ;- पूर्व मरहाब, छावी जाना ; Previous notion; preconceived opinion. anticipative; anticipatory. Syn .= Foretaste, expectation, preocupation, preconception, foresight.

Anticlimax, an-ti-klemaks, (Gr. anti, against, and Climax-Gr. climax, a ladder or stair case,-klino, to slope) n. (4 4)(4)4 (446)[4 काव मकल क्रमण: नीह हहेगा कारम, काम विवस उछरबी-खब कूप्रकारण वर्गन ; A sentence in which the ideas become less important towards the close. Anticlinal, an-ti-klinal, (Gr. anti. against, klind, to lean ) a. भवन्यव विभवीक मिरक बक ; Inclining in opposite directions :- n. ( (44) হঠতে তার বিশ্বীত দিকে ঋৰতবৰ করিবাছে: (Geol) The line from which the strata descend in opposite direction.

Antidote, an-ti-dot. (Gr. antidotos-anti, against, didomi, to give) n. विषय छेवप; A medicine to counteract the bad effects of poison; - विकाद ; A remedy for any evil ; as "oblivious antidote."-a. विषय : Antidotal, antidotical. Syn = Remedy, preventive, counteraction.

Antimony, anti-mon-i, (Fty dub) n. 44 4414 ধাত ; বসাঞ্জৰ ; A brittle white-coloured metal much used in the arts and in medicine; a metal. a. = Antimonial : antimonious.

Antinomian, an-ti-nomi-an, (Gr. anti, agrinst, and nomos, a law) n. बावडावळाकांवी . One who holds that the law is not a rule of life under the Gospel :- (व लाक नी किंद्र आवनाकरा व्यश्वीकांत करह, अदः वस्त (व विश्वाम बादा क्वन पृक्ति লাত হৰ, One who denies the continued obligation of the moral law, and affirms that faith alone is necessary to salvation. a .= antinomian : n =antmomianism.

Antinomy, ahti-no-me, or ahtiho-me, n. fafi পৰস্পাৰ বিৰোধ; The opposition of one law or rule to another law or rule.

Antipathy, antip'ath-i, (Gr. anti, against, pathos, feeling) n. विक्ना ; विद्या ; विद्या ; मना ; Dislike, repugnance: opposition, averson. a .= antipathetic, antipathetical. Syn .= Aversion. disgust, dislike, distaste, repugnance, opposition.

Antiphlogistic, an-ti-floj-istik, (Gr. anti, against, phlogiston, burnt, phlego, to burn ) a. जान वा अनाह वाजिरवंदक , Acting against heat, or inflamation :- अमार-बानक ; Good against inflamation :- n. अमार्गानक देवद : A medicine that checks inflammation.

Antiphon, antif-on, Antiphony, an-tif'-on-i (Gr. anti, in return, and phone, voice. A doublet of Anthem) n. ছই দলের জ্বাধ্যে গাল ; The alternate singing of two chorus.

Antiphonal, antifon-al, a. हेरे नानव अनीप-क्रिक नीन नवसीय ; Pertaining to antiphony :- %. নকীত পুৰুত্ত : A book of antiphons or anthems. Antiphrasis, an-tifra-sis, (Gr. anti, against and phrasein, to speak) n. बादकाव विश्वीक wf . (37 ; The use of words in a sense contrary to their right meaning; irony.

Antipode, ah-ti-pod, (Gr. anti, opposite to and pous podos a foot, akin Sans, podo, a foot ) -n. विभवीष (पनवामी लाक ; Those who stand feet to feet at the opposite sides of the earth.

a .= Antipodal.

Antipope, anti-pop, (Gr. anti, against and Pope ) n. विक्वांगंवी ; कृतिय (भाग ; An opposition pope, a pretender to the papacy.

Antiquary, antikwar-i, Antiquarian, an-tikwar'ı-an, n. প্রাভত্বিৎ ; A person who studies the history of ancient things, a-Antiquarian. n.=Antiquarianism :- 14104; study of anti-

Antiquate, anti-kwat, (L. antiquus-ante, betore) v. t. अवहिन्छ करा ; To put out use, to make obsolete.

Antiquated, anti-kwat-ed, a. Taleu: Was-লিড: Grown old; obsolete: old-fashioned n.= antiquatedness.

Antique, an-tek, (Fr. L. antiques old, ancient -anti, before) a. পুরাতন; প্রাচীন; Old; ancient ; as an atique statue ) नुदालन, नुदाकानीन ; Old; of old fashion: as antique words:-পুর্বাবের অপুকরণে কৃত: Made in imitation of antiquity; as antique style :- (को फुक्क्व्व ; odd; fantastic (in this sense more generally written antic ) ,-n. atola wicag geifer ज्ञा; An old rarity, piece of old art. n .= Antiqueness. Syn .= Antiquated, old-fashioned. obsolete.

Antiquities, an-tikwi-tis, n. ol. applantes ज्या. Relics of olden times.

Antiquity, an-tikwi-ti, ( L. ante, before ) n. आधीनकारलद लाक ; Ancients ; people of ancient times; as "To tread as it were in the footsteps of antiquity" Irving :- आठीन कान ; Ancient times; as man of antiquity;-প্রাচীৰ্ড; Ancientness; as a family of great antiquity,-pl. बाठीनकात्वद धरमावानव : remains of ancient times.

Antisabbatarian, an-ti-sab-at-a'ri-an, (Gr. anti, against and sahath-L. sabbath-Heb. shabbath, rest ) n. विनि दविवाद विद्याप पिवन बनियां अशीकांव करवन; One opposed to the observance of shabbath.

Antiscians, an-tish-anz, Antisci, an-tishi. n. pl. विवृत (तथाव छेख्य भार्यवाजी लाकमपूर, बारा-**मिय गांवाकां व्याक्ताल अवस्था विभवीक्षात्व** পৃতিত হয়; Those who being in different sides of the line or equator have their shadows at noon in opposite ways.

Antiscorbutio, an-ti-skor-būtik, (Gr. anti, against, and scorbutic) a. काछि नामक (वान मानक; Good against scurvy :- n. कार्कि नामक বোপৰাশক দ্ৰা : Cure for scurvy.

Antiscriptural, an-ti-skrip'choor-al, (Gr. anti, against, and scripture ) a. 1244444 1974; Not in accordance with the Scripture.

Antiseptio, an-ti-septik, (Gr. anti, against seps. to make putrid) a. 954 4414 ; Counteracting putrefaction ;-n. नव्यनिवादक अवा ; A substance that prevents putrefaction.

Antispasmodic, anti-spaz-modik, (Gr. anti, against, and span, to draw) n. wirem farias देवद ; Cure for spasm :- a. भारकण विवादक ; Co-

unteracting spasm.

Antistrophe, an-tistrof-e. (Gr. anti, and strophe, from strepho, to turn) n. कि वा बुडा विरम्प ; Part of a song or dance, around the altar, performed by turning from left to right, in opposition to the stropke, which was from right to left.

Antithesis, an-ti-the-sis, (Gr. anti, against tithems, to place) n. देशवीजा अल्डाब : A figure in which thoughts or words are set in contrast -विक्षात्रम : opposition :- n. विद्धांष : वादकाद বিপরীত আৰু : Contrast of thoughts or words . blu = Antitheses-sez. adv = Antithically.

Antithetic, Antithotical, c. विश्व : विश्व : Opposed, contrasting . adv .= Antithetically.

Antitype, an-ti-tip, (Gr. anti, corresponding to, and Teppe. - I. typus, Gr. typos -typto, to strike ) n. बाकाद वा पूल बावनिंड वह ; बावनं , That of which the type is the pattern or prefiguration. a .= Antitypical.

Antler, antler. n. भूतपुत्र ; The branch of a stag's horn :- a. 727; Antlered-having ant-

lers; horned.

Anus, Thus. (L. for as-nus, 'sitting part,' from root as to sit ) n. अव्यापन ; मनवान ; The lower orifice of the bowels.

Fistula in anus—sawa !

Anvil, anvil, (A. S. anfilt, on filt on fillan. to strike down or fell. See Fell) n. will. (नवान ; An iron block on which smiths strike.

On the anvil, अनिविश्व अवश्रीय श्रोका ; in a state of discussion, formation or preparation, as when a scheme or measure is formed but not matured: As:-He always had bits of verse on the anvil ready to be hammered and polished at any moment.-Leslie Stephen.

Anxiety, ang-z'e-ti, (L. ango, to press tightly) n. बाक्नजा; উरवन ; উरवर्छ ; प्रक्रिका ; Distress

of mind; great uneasiness.

Anxious, angkshus, (L. anxius-ango, to press tightly, See Anger, Anguish) a. 344 35; बाक्न ; Distressed in mind ; perplexed ;-जाजाब हेक्क ; Very desirous ; as, anxious to know the result :- 3543 34; full of solicitude (applied to things); as anxious forebodings :n.=Anxiousness.

Anxiously, ad. ইজুকরণে; Desirously.

Any, chni, (A-S. ænig-an, one) a. walks अक्षम (कर ; क्मम ; One out of many indefinitely : -adv. To any extent, at all.

Anybody-( ( ) One out of many selected indifferently.

Anyhow-(र कांन सकारत : विनुधनकरन : In any way; at any rate; at all events; in an irregular manner; as "He did it anyhow." अभाववानजाव अहिज : He went on anyhow ; as how you must manage it for me.

Anything, adv. acortes; (vice; At alf. Anything but-मन्तर्व दिनवीत ; वाजित्वरक ; बांब गाहा कि ; Quite contrary to ; different from.

Anywhere-(कान शांदन ; In any place. Anywise-(off are; (off states; in any degree or manner; in any way.

Anywither, adv. (कांच श्रांबाकिमाद: To any place.

Aonian, 3-0'ni-an, at कविका नवकीय : Pertaining to the muses; poetical.

Aonian fount- नक्षणी डेप्न; The fountain sacred to the muses.

Aorist, Z'or-ist, (Gr. aoristos, indifinite, -a, priv, and horos, a limit) n. औक कारात कार्नाक नगबरबाधक कियाब काल, The name of certain tenses in the Greek verbs expressing indifinute time:-अविक्षिष्ठ कानवाहक क्रियांश्य: An indifinite tense ;- e. Males ; Males , indifinite as to time; undifined.

Aorta, : a-or'ta, (Gr. aorta, aciro, to raise up) 12. वृहर भमनी : The great vessel of the heart. e.= Aortic, aortical.

Apace, a-pas, ( Prefix a, and pace ) ad. 25-পাদবিকোপ; ক্রভগতিতে, At a quick pace; wiftly ; fast :-- " , in haste , quickly.

Apart, a-part, (Fr. aparte-L. a, parte, from the part or side ) ad. 9 4 4 174; 4 5 16 ; अक शार्त , Separately ; in a state of separation. Apart from-asfes; Not taking into account, besides; as, apart from the misery of living under a foreign rule, we suffer from inumerable social cyils.

Sot apart-was afast atel . Reserved . as :the day was set apart for worship.

Apartment, a-partment, (Fr. appartment, a suite of rooms forming a complete dwelling, through Low I., from L. ad, and partire, to devide-pars, a part) n. कुरेबी ; पत्र , कादकांत्र , A room in a house.

Apartments, a-partments, n. pl. 32143; Aset of rooms.

Apathetic, ap-athetik, Apathetical, ap-athetik-al, a. उनामी 4; Wanting in feeling; insensible. apathetic. Apathist apath-ist, n. En ?! One who is Apathy, ap'ath-, (Gr. a, priv., pathos, feeling) n. देवताता ; नयरवमना पृष्णा ; अनुवातपृष्णा ; छेमाछ ; जेगाभी . Want of feeling, absence of passion; indifference.

Apo, ap, (AS. apa, Ger. affe)n. प्रविशेष বাৰৰ; A tailless monkey;—ভাড়; A vain imitator, a mimic :- p. f. नानवन अञ्चलन- ; to imitate ludicrously; to mimic, as to age the

To put an ape into one's hood or cap-বোকা বাৰাৰ ; To make a fool of one. To say an ape's paternoster - sistes we ers of fire amply test; To chatter with fright or cold like an ape.

Apish

Apish, apish, s. पानदन् : Like an ape :-विद्रशेष ; Foolish ;- अञ्चलकारी ; Imitating the manners of superiors ; - \$ 164; Affected. n=Apishness, क क्विन ; toppory ; mimicry.

Apeak, a-pēk, (L. e, and Peak) adv. তীকারে: On the point; in a posture to pierce,-(naut.); Perpendicular; the anchor is apeck when the cable is drawn so as to bring the ship's bow directly over it.

Aperient, a-pë'rient, Aperitive, apë'ri-tiv, (1. aperio, to open ) a. मृत्रविद्युष्ठ ; Gently purgative :- n. (454 844; A medicine that opens the bowels; a laxative,

Aperture, apert-ur, (L. apertura-aperio to open) n. fed; #5; An opening in a wall, a hole, a doorway or window.

Apex, a'peks, n. (plu.=Apexes, a'peks-cz, Apices, ap'i-sez)n. 77, 551, The summit or top; Apex originally meant the woollen tassel suspended from the top of the flamen's cap In time the word was applied to the cap, and means the summit or top.

Aphaeresis, af-F're-sis, Apheresis, afe're sis. (Gi. afo, from harrio, speak) n. नामह चामाक्त वा चामि भनारणव लाभ , The taking of the letter or syllable from the beginning of a word.

Aphorism, afor-izm, (Gr. aphoriso, to mark off by boundaries apo, from and haros, a limit) ন. নংকিত পুতা; ৰচৰ; A brief pithy saying, an adage. Syn.=Axiom, maxim, adage, apohthegm, saying, proverb.

Aphoristical, af-or-ist'ik-al, a. एख दो बहरनद भाकांब विशिष्टे. In the form of an aphorism. adv .= Aphoristically.

Aphelion, af-Elyun, (Gr. apo, from, and helies the sun) n. प्रश्न क्हेर्फ मृत्य अव्मिर्गय कक ; The position of a planet in the heavens when furthest from the sun. flame.

Aphlogistic, a. निशाविशेव: Without fire or Aphony, al'o-ni, (Gr. a, priv. and phone, voice) n. VOST; Loss of voice.

Aphorist, af-or-ist, n. 74-(744; A writer of aphorisms.

Aphrodisiae, al-ro-diži-ak, (Gr. aphrodisiakos Fr. Aphrodite, venus the goddess of love) a. कार्याभी नक : Exciting sexual desire ,- n. कारपाकीशक खेवध ; Medicine or food supposed to excite sexual desire.

Aphthe, afthe, n. pl. Acre werece vi; Thrush; ulcers in the mouth. a. = Apthous-like apthæ.

Aphthong, al'thong or ap'thong, (Gr. a, priv. and phthongos, sound) अभविशीन अक्ष , Letter or letters without sound.

Apiary, ap'i-ar-i, (L. apiarium-apis, a bee) n. वश्रक्षिकानव ; वश्रक्षिकाव आवान ; A stand or shed for bees; beehouse; a place where bees are kept.

Apiarist, ap'i-ar-ist, (L apis, a bee) n. 44-মকিকা পালৰ ; One who rears bees.

Apiece, a-pes, ad esters with; In the share of each ;- stelf. Each by itself.

Ap18, a-pis, n. यथ्यक्कां ; Bee.

Apish, a शानव मन्न ; Like an ape ;- अनुकादी ; imitative ,—होड अपूर्ण ; foppish ad=apishly. n.=apishness.

Apnosa, ap-nea, (Gr. a, priv, and pnesn, to breath) #. पान (बाब ; Loss of breath , suffoca-

Apocalypse, a-pokal-ips, (Gr., a k-velation, an uncovering-apo, from, kalypto, kalypso, to cover ) n. assittes; Revelation, -100 ধর্মবাক্ত বের প্রয় : Book of Revelation : the name of the last book of The New Testament. a =Apocalyptic, apocalyptical.

Apocope, a-poko-pe, (Gr. fr. apo, from and koptein to cut ) नरमन आवाक्त लोग ; The omission of the last letter or syllable of a word. Apocrypha, a-pokri-fa, (Gr. apo, and kruptein, to hide) n. pl. अक्षापानिक धर्माण्य : औडरवा-शरबन , Some disputed books received as parts of inspired Scriptures by Catholics and others, but generally rejected by Protestants. a= Apocyphal-waivifts; doubtful; uncertain; unauthentic.

Apode, ap'od, (G. a, priv, and pous, podos, foot, akin to Sans poda, foot) n. अमिविशीन आनी ; अक्रिशेन प्रभा; An animal having no feet; a fish having no ventral fins.

Apodel, a. भन वा भक विशेन, Without feet or

Apodictic, ap-o-dikuc, Apodictical, apo-diktik-al, (Gr. apo, from, and derknung, to show) a. entiffe; Evident beyond contradiction.

Apogee, ap'o-je, (Gr. apo, from, ge, the earth) n. পृथिवी श्रेट्ड हर्जाब कक्ष प्रकम श्रान ; That point of the orbit of the moon farthest away from the earth.

Apologetic, a-pol-oj-erik, Apologetical, apol-oj-etik-al, a. अनुनद्रपुष्ठक ; क्याआईनायुष्ठक ; भक्तमर्थनार्थ कशिष वा निश्चि, Excusing; said or written in defence adv .= Apologetically.

Apologetics, a-pol-ojetiks, n. pl. atterers धर्मे पुरुष्क व व्यवस्थिम पर्क पुरुष प्रक ; That branch of theology which defends the Scriptures.

Apologist, a-poloj-ist, n. क्यांआबी; शक्यमर्क ; शक्तमपर्यनकादी, क्यांशार्थक; One who makes an apology; a defender.

Apologise, a-poloj-iz, v. i. क्यां आर्बा-कृ, To plead for or in excuse of; as '-They paused and even offered to apologise for their ignorant intrusion .- Dean Merivale. Apologise for ( something done ), to ( a person ).

Apologue, ápol-og, (Fr. Gr. apologos, a fable-apo, from, logos, speech) n. बीडि क्या, ब्रह्म ; নৈতিক উপস্থাস ; A moral fable ; a moral tale. Apology, a-poloje, (Gr. apo, from, logos, speech) n भारदाणिल शांव बलनार्व गांश किहू बला

याद्य ; शक नयर्थन ; क्यां आर्थना ; क्यलनयर्थन ; Some-

thing spoken toward off an attack, a defence or justification, an excuse. Sym=Defence, justification, exculpation, excuse, plea

Apology for—witailite the notified and and appologies for seeking to rob his neighbour of a such treasure, he asked the squire to transfer to his services the man of genius—Lord Lytton.

[thegm.]

Apophthegm, apo-them. A form of A-po-Apophectic, apo-plektik, Apophectical, a-po-plektik—al, a. যুখীবোৰ স'কান্ত বা ই বোৰ ইই বাৰ আপৰায়ক, Of or predisposed to apophexy.

বাৰ প্ৰকাৰ্ক, Of or predisposed to apopiexy.

Apoplexy, apo-pleks-1, (Gr. apoplexia—apo, from, away, and plesso, to strike, a loss of sensation and of motion by a sudden stroke)

ম. সন্ত্যাৰ বোৰ, মুনবোৰ, A disease or an affection of the brain that causes stupor.

Apostasy, Apostacy, a-posta-si, (Gr. 'a standing away,'—apo, from, stasis a standing) স. বৰ্ণ, খৰত বা বল্দ তাৰি, প্ৰধ্বালয়, Desertion of one's religion, principle, or party, recantation.

Apostate, a-postat, n. ব্যব্দানী, ব্যবদানী, Renegade, deserter —a. কপট্ডদ্ব, বিশ্বাস্থাভক, প্ৰভিত, False, transcrous, fallen,

Apostatise, a-postal-iz, v. া. বধর্ম, ব্যান্ত জ্যার কু, To forsake a principle, to commit apostasy.

Aposteriori. aposte-ri-on, ( L ) कांग (क्यिया कांचा निर्मेत्र , Arguments drawn from consequen ces or facts. An aposteriors argument is proving the cause from the effect, I hus, if we see a watch, we conclude there was a watch maker. Robinson Crusoe inferred there was another human being on the desert island, because he saw human foot prints in the wet sand. It is thus we infer the existance and charater of deity from his works. (The revest is a priori ) Apostle, a-posl, (Gr. one sent away, ap) away, and stello to send) n. প্ৰথমচাৰক, केवर (अविक बार्कि, One sent to preach the Gospel —विराण कार्या नावन कविवाद सन्न थादिक Tife, One sent to perform important busi ness -श्रीरृष श्राम्यकन अधान निरंत्राय मरधा अक wa, One of the twelve leading followers of Christ.

Apostleship, a post-ship n. Aler astered

Apostolic, a-pos-tolik, Apostolical, a postolik-al, a. গ্রীষ্থৰ্ম প্রচাবক সম্বাহ্ন কা প্রচাবকের পদ সম্বাহ্ন, Relating to the apostles or to the office of an apostle.

Apostolate, a-pos-to-lat, প্রাণ্ড কার্যা, A mission, apostleship.

Apostolic fathers—প্ৰথম শতাপীয় বীটাঃ বৰ্ষ পুত্তক প্ৰকৰ্মণ, The early Christian writers, generally of the first century.

Apostolic see — জীয়ৰ প্ৰধান গুৰুৰ শাসনাধিকাৰ, A title applied to the Government of the Pope of Rome in reference to his claim of being the successor of St. Peter. Apostolic succession—শিব্য প্রপ্রাণত
প্রিকার, The uninterrupted transmission of
ministerial authority by a succession of bishops
from the apostles.

Apostrophise, a postrof is, v. t. উদ্দেশ সংখাধন ক, প্রাসন্ধিক বিষয় পরিত্যাগ করিয়া হঠাও অপর কাহাকে সংখাধন করা, To address by apostrophe,—v s. অক্ষালোগ ক, To omit a latter or letters in a word.

Apotheoary, a pothek ar i (Gr apotheke, a stort house,—apo, away and tithems, to place) n. প্ৰথ বিকেতা বা প্ৰত্তকাৰী, A dispenser of medicines.

Apothegm, Apothem apothem, (Gr. apo, from, out, phthengoma: to speak plainly) n. উপদেশ ৰাজ্য ক্ষয় হ'ল বাৰ A ters; point ed saying, a pithy instructive remark.

Apothogmatic, and they-matik Apothegmatical and they mat k al, a ভপদেশ বাত্য-স্বায়, After the manner of an apothegm.

Apothogmatist, ap o thei, mat ist ল ভপ্ৰেশ বাৰা প্ৰেৰ্থ), One who utters short maxims or a maker of them

Apotheosis ap-o-theosis (Gr a setting a-side as a God-apo, away from what he was, theos a God) n CHANTERN Destruction

Appal or Appall, ap pawl (Acc to Skeat, from Celtic, pall, to weaken and not from O. Fr apalir, to grow pale) of the new form of terrify, to dismay —v.: The terrify to dismay —v.: The terrify to dismayed n=Appalment Syn=Dismay, terrify, daunt, frighten, scare.

Appanage, ap'pan-aj (l'r apanage — L ad, and panis, bread) n জোতেত বাৰপুত্ৰ অভি-পালনাৰ্থ নিষ্টি কৃষি, বাৰপুত্ৰৰ বৃত্তি, Lands set apart by a sovereign for his younger sons

Apparatus, ap par-at'us, (L ad, to, and paratus, prepared) n বৈজ্ঞানিক যন্ত উপকৰণ, প্ৰস্তুত বা সংগৃহীত জব্য, বস্তাদি বৃদ্ধোক্ষৰণ, A set of instruments or tools to be used for a particular purpose, things prepared or provided to some end, furniture, equipage.

Apparel, ap-par'el, (Fr. apparell-pareiller, to put like to like, to assort or suit-pareil like, L par, equal, like) n পরিজ্ব, বন্ধ, Clothing, dress, extenal habiliments, —v t. বন্ধে সজিভ কৃ, To dress, to clothe, —গোভিড-কৃ, To adorn.

Apparent, ap-par'ent, a. (L. apparens. See Appears). The time of the eyes — The parts of the eyes — The parts of the eyes — The parts of the sun. n.=apparentness. Syn = Evident, obvious, plain, manifest, clear, visible.

Apparent time—बाउ नगर ; True time. Heir apparent—जानी উउनाधिकारी ; Next heir; —See Heir. See Appear.

Apparition, ap-par-ishun, n. vivi; (45; A

ghost; a spectre.

Apparitor, ap-parit-or, (L.-root of Appear) n. সহকাৰী কৰ্মচাৱী; অমুচৰ; The attending officer of an ecclesiastical court:—কোন বিববিদ্যালয়েৰ লাভিবক্ষ ; A beadle in a university;—আহানকাৰী; A summoner;—ৰে ব্যক্তি বিচাৰালয়ে উপস্থিত হইয়া বিধাৰকেৰ আবেশ কাৰ্য্যে প্ৰিপ্ত কৰে; An officer who attends on a court or on a magistrate to execute order.

Appeal, ap-pel, (L. appello, atum, to address, call by name) v. i. পুৰ্কিচাৰ প্ৰাৰ্থ-াকু; To refer to a superior judge or tribunal;—সাহাৰ্য প্ৰাৰ্থ-াকু; খাশ্ৰৰ প্ৰাৰ্থ-াক্ৰা; To refer to another for the decision of a question controverted; to call for aid, have recourse to,—v. t. বিশ্ব প্ৰাৰ্থ-াকু; To apply for justice,—n. পুৰ্কিশ্ব প্ৰাৰ্থ-া; The removal of a cause or suit from a lower to a higher court,— আহ্বাৰ; A call on another;—খাশ্ৰৰ; Resort, recourse.

Appeal to, Appeal against, v. অত্যের নিকট বিচার প্রার্থনা করা, কোন বিষয় বা আদেশ পরিবর্তনের চেষ্টা করা অথবা কোন অসায় তার্য্যের প্রতিকার করিছে চেষ্টা করা, Refer a disputed matter to another; seek the reversal of some measure, order &c. or redress of a wrong; as:—(a) Henry was still reluctant to appeal to the Parliament —Froudc. (b) Catharine had appealed against judgment being passed in England.—Froude.

To appeal to arms — युक्त चांबा विवान (नव-कृ; To have recourse to arms to decide a dispute.

Appealable, ap-pel-3-bl, a. প্রার্থনাবোগ্য: পুনক্রিচার প্রার্থনা বোগ্য; Capable of being appealed.
Appellant, ap-pellant, n. পুনর্বিচার-প্রার্থী; The person who appeals.

Appellate, ap-pelat, a. পুৰ্মিচার-সম্বীয়; Relating to or having cognisance of appeals.

Appellation, ap-pel-a'shun, (See Appeal), n. জাধা, বাঘ; The name by which a person or thing is known.

Appellative, a. সংস্কাৰ্চক; Pertaining to a common name:—n. আখ্যা, নাম; A common name; an appellation.

Appellee, ap-pel-e, n. बाहाद विकास भूनिविहाद आर्थना क्या हम ; Respondent ; the defendant in an appeal. [ who appeals. Appellor, ap-pe-lor, n. প্ৰৰ্মিচাৰপ্ৰাৰী; One Appear, ap-per, (L. appareo-ad, to, pareo, partium, to come forth) v. 4874 281; To come or be in sight ;—উপস্থিত-হ; To be present in a court of a justice ;- astiffe- ; To be obvious or manifest ;-- अपूर्ण- इ : To seem ;- आब अवान-क ; To show oneself :-অপ্রকৃত হইলেও (কোনরূপ আকারে) প্রভীর্মান হওয়া: To seem, though not real. [ witness against. Appear against-विशरक नाकानान-क ; Bear Appear for-अविनिधि रुक्षा ; Represent. Appear in print-Hist- ; To be printed.

Appearance, ap-per'ans, n. আবিষাৰ, কৰি ;
The act of becoming visible;— অবৃধ্য- পৰি ;
A phenomenon; as, an appearance in the sky;— লাই, সামৃত্ত ; Apparent likeness; as, to save appearances;— অব্যৱ, আকাৰ; Mien; air; demeanour,—সাধাৰণ সমীপে আক্ৰেকাণ ; Introduction of a person to the public in a particular character, as, a person makes his appearance as an orator;— তুল; Pretence; show; as, an appearance of candour;— তুলস্থিতি; Act of being present.

Have a care of appearances—সাৰধান ! বেৰ ভোষাৰ ৰাহ্ছিক লক্ষ্য ৰাৱা লোকেৰ মনে সংক্ষয় উদৰ ৰা হয় ; Beware that your appearance do not make you be suspected.

Keep up appearances—ৰাঞ্চিক আছৰৰ বাবা প্ৰকৃত অবস্থা (পাপন-কু; Conceal the real state of things by maintaining outward show.

To graspat the appearance—বাহ্যুকে বেছিড ছবা; To scize upon the external show, as opposed to reality.

To make one's appearance—সমূৰে উপত্তিত ংগুৱা, হাজিৰ হওয়া ; To present one's self before. To outward appearance—হতমূৰ ৰাজভাৰ বাবা প্ৰকাশ পাৰ ; As far as external appearances indicate.

To put in an, or one's appearance—আল-লভ বা সভাৰ সমকে উপস্থিত হওয়া; To present one's self before a court or assembly.

To save appearance—খাডাজবিক খবছা জানিতে না দিবা বাজ চাকচিকা বলায় বাধা; To preserve a decent outside.

To all appearance— ৰাজিক লকা থাবা ৰস দ্ব বানা খায়; As far as external appearances show apparently, as "John Bull to all appearance is a plain down-right, matter-of-fact man," Irving.

Appease, ap-pez', (Fr. apaiser: L. ad, to, pax, paces, peace) v. t. প্রশাস্ত-ক; To quiet; to pacesy. a.=appeasable—capable of being appeased or pacessed, (উপশ্যাম) i n.=appeasement. Syn.—Allay, alleviate, relieve, pacify, mitigate, soothe, assuage, compose, tranquillise, calm, quiet.

[ing.

Appeasive, ap-pēz'ıv, a. সাত্ৰাকাৰক; Quiet-Append, ap-pend', (L. ad, to and pendo, to hang) v. t. বোৰ-ক; To add to; to attach to.

Appendage, ap-pendaj, Appendant, appen-dant, n. উপাল , উপবোগ ; অধ্বন্ধ ; পৰিশিষ্ট ; Something added to a principal or greater thing though not necessary to it, as a portico to a house; addition; adjunct.

Appendicle, ap-pend-1-kl, n. কুড উপৰোগ; A small appendage. { ing to. Appendant, ap-pendant, a. সংগগ; Belong-Appendix, ap-pendiks, n. পরিশিষ্ট; Something added. as at the end of a book; a supplement; —pl.—Appendixes, ap-pend'-iks-ez, Appen-

dices, ap-pend-is-ez.

Appertain, ap-per-tan', (Fr. from L. ad, to, pertineo, to belong. See Pertain) v. i. अव्यक्ति-ए;
To belong to; to relate to. n.=Appertainment.

Appertenence, ap-per'-tan'ans, n. Equ.,
That which belongs to another, adjunct, an appendage.

Appertment, ap-per'-ti-nent, Same as appurtment, a. বিষয়, সম্বায়, Belonging to, n. উপায়, That which belongs.

Appetence, ap'pet-ens, Appetency, ap'pet-ens-i, (L. ad, to, peto, to seck) n প্ৰবৰ্গ থাতাৰিক ইজা, Strong natural desire,—কামেজা, ইন্সিৰ ভোগাতিবাৰ, Sensual appetite,—অসমভাৰ বা ম্যোনীত কৰিবাৰ ইজা, Tendency to serk or select.

Appetent, ap'pet-ent, ( L. ad, to, and peto, to seek ) a. \$524, Very desirous.

Appetiso, ap'pet iz, (Fr., from L. appetitus—appeto—ad, to, peto, to seek) v.t. ইছা উত্তেখিত-কু, পান ভোষনেকা উত্তেখিত করা, To whet appelite.

Appetiser, ap-pet izer, n. কুধাৰ উত্তেশক ক্ৰব্য , Something which whits the appetite.

Appetite, ap'pet it (Fi, from I. appetitus—
appetit—ad, to, peto, to seck) n. বুড়কা, ক্বা,
The natural desire for food or drink,—প্যা,
সাবসা, A strong desire.

Applaud ap-plawd', (L. applaudo—ad, to, plaulo, plansum, to clap) গ গ কৰডালি ছাৰা কান্যা কু, lo pruse by clapping the hards, to laud,—গ া বিশ্বাৰ কৰিয়া লাগা কু, To praise loudly, to commend. Syn=Praise, extol, commend.

Applause, ap-plauz', n ক্রড়ালি হাবা প্রথমা ‡. Plause expressed by clapping the hands,— প্রথমা, Approbation. Syn =Acclaim, acclamation, plaudit, commendation.

Applausive, ap-plawz-iv, a প্রান্থাইনক, That contains applause.

Apple, api, (A S. æpl, the worn is found in all the Teutonic tongues, in the Celtic and the Slavonic) স. বুফাবিশেষ, A well-known fruit tree,—আভা, ক্লাবনেষ, The fruit of the apple true.

Apple pie order— (1941), Perfect order or arrangement, prim and precise order, as, she keeps the house in apple pie order.

Apple of discord—বিবাদাপনীভূত বিষয়, কলহ ভ বিষয়, A subject of contention and envy, so called from the golden apple thrown by Discord into the feast of Gods.

Apple of Pybon—আভাবিশেব, এই কল আত্মাণ ধাবা বামনদিগের আহাব কাব্য সম্পাদিত হউত , This fruits, says Sir John Mandeville, fed the pigmies with their odour only.

Apple of Bodom—বাফিক বৃত্তে হুম্মর, কিন্তু ভিডৱে ধুলা ও ভাষে পরিপূর্ণ কর, Kruit, be autiful without, but composed of dust and ashes.

Apple of the eye—ৰ্য-মনি, কনীনিকা, The pupil, the cye-ball,—ৰ্যনভাৱা সৰ্প থিয় বস্তু, থিয় বস্তু, (ব্যাহ্ন কিন্তু কিন্তু

Golden apple—হালাভৰ, Allurement. Prince Ahmed's apple—সকল আকাৰ বোৰেৰ উৰ্ব, A cure for every disorder. The apple of perpetual youth—ৰাধিৰ ছী ধৰং বন্ধৰ কলা ইডনেৰ আপোল কল, ইছা আৰাদৰ কৰিবা দেবত গণ চিৰবোৰন সম্পন্ন হয়. The apple of Idun, daughter of the dwarf Svald, and wife of Bragi. It is by tasting this apple the gods preserve their perpetual youth. (Scand. myth.).

Appliable, 1p'pli-1-bl, a. equip, Capable of being applied, applicable.

Appliance, ap-plians, n. অবস্থিত উপাৰ, সংবয়তা, The act of applying, means used, — যত্ত, উপাৰ, the thing applied, instrument or means.

Applicable, ap'plik-a-bl, n. ন্যোগ্য, Fit to be applied,—উপস্থ, Suitable,—n =Applicability, Applicableness (উপথোগিডা)।

Applicant, ap'pilk-ant, #. बन्दरांपकादी, धार्था, चारवन्नकादी , Petitioner.

Applicancy, ap'plik-ans i, n. উপৰোপিতা, The state of being applicable.

Application, ap-plik-a'shun, ল প্রয়েগ, The act of applying,—প্রয়োজন বস্তু, The thing applied,—আবেদন, অনুবোধ, বিনতি petition, request; entreaty,—গ্লুত প্রয়েগ, the employment of means,—মনোনি,বল, close study or attention, as application to study, of বস্তুত্ত ক্ষিত্ত আৰু বসুৰ সম্পূৰ্ণ, the act of entring something to a particular case a, i make the remark, and leave you to mike the application.

Applicative, ap-plik-Ttiv, Applicatory, ap-plik-Tt-or-i, a stilly, Applying

Apply, ap-ph, (O. Pr. aptier, L., applico, are,—ad, to, plico, atum, to fold) v t. স্থাপন্ত, প্রাণ্ড-কু, প্রাণ্ড-কু, নিমানিক-কু, নিমানিক-কু, নিমানিক-কু, নিমানিক-কু, নিমানিক-কু, নিমানিক-কু, নিমানিক-কু, নিমানিক-কু, to apply a remedy,—ব্যব্ধান-কু, to put, refer or use, as suitable to something, as, to apply an agreement,—ম্বোনিকেশ-কু, to fix the mind with attention, as, to apply the mind to study,—আইন ক্রম্ কু, to betake, to address, to refer,—used reflexively,—v. i. সক্ত ই, সংস্কৃত্ত, নি suit, to agree, as, the argument applies to the case, —আইনা-কু, to make request, to solicit, as, to apply to a firend for information.

Apply the match to the train—আৰম্ভ কু, Make a beginning.

Appoint, ap-point', (O. Fr., appoint'er, Prov. apuntar, Low. L. appunctare—L. ad, to, punctum, a point) o t ছাপন-ক, To fix upon, to establish, as, to appoint times and seasons,—মহিল্ক-ক, to equip,—মিজিছ-ক, to allot, as, to appoint takes,—ছিছ ক, to settle, as, to appoint a meeting,—মিজুক ক, to nominate, as, to appoint officers. Syn=Nominate, ordain.

Appointment, a-pointment, n. factia, feel at a feel. The act of appointing, as, the appointment of a fit man to the post,—97, Station, position, as, he received the appoint-

ment of an ambassador;—অসীকাৰ, অসীকাৰ-পত্ত ; stipulation; agreement; as, an appointment for transacting business;—অসুকা; decree; command, as, divine appointments;— আপেন; direction; as, it was done by the appointment of the judges;—বশোৰৰ; Settlement; arrangement.—pl. সজা; the accountement of an office; equipments.

Apportion, ap-por'shun, (I.. ad, to, and Portion—portio, portion) ৩. t. বিভাগ কু, ভাগ কৰিবা দেখন, অংশ অনুসাৰে বংৰাচিত বিভাগ করা; To give a share; to distribute; to portion out; to divide in just shares.

[ portionate.

Apportionate, ap-por'shun-at, a. খোগা; Pro-Apportionment, ap-por'shun-ment, n. বিভাগ, অ, পুৰুষণ; The act of dividing into shares or portions; distribution.

Apposite, ap'poz-it, ( L. appositus, pa p. of appono, to put to—ad, to, pono, to place ) a. উপরুদ্ধ, সৃষ্ঠ ; Fit; suitable.

Appositoly, appo-zit-li, alv. উপযুক্ত ভাবে, ব্যক্তিয়ত , Suitably ; fitly , properly.

Appositeness, ap'poz-it-nes, n. উপধেপিতা ধোপাতা; Fitness, suitableness.

Apposition, ap-poz-ishun, (See Apposite)
— দোৰ; The act of adding to,—এক কাৰক; in Grammar, two nouns following each other in the same case, the latter explanatory of the former, or modifying it in some way:

\*\*n. একত্ত্বে বা বিশ্বভাবে অব্যান প্রাণ্টি; state of being placed together or against.

Appraisal, ap-pinz'-al, n. হ্ল্য নিকাপ; A

valuation by authority.

Appraise, ap-piaz', (Fr., appre'cier, O. Fr., apreiser, L. appretio,—are -ad, to, pretium, pince) v. t. মূলা নিক্ষপা-কু; বিভয়াৰ্থ মূলা নিক্ষাৰ্থ ক্বা; To fix the value of an article for the purpose of sale. n.=uppraisement—মূল্য নিক্ষপা; A valuation put on an article.

Appraisor, ap-piai-er, n. মুগুলিবিক; One appointed to fix values. [ A valuation. Appraisement, ap-piai-ment, n. মুগুলিবাৰণ; Appreciable, ap-pit-sh-a-bl, a. মুগুলিবাৰণ বোগা, ভাৰহণবোগা; That may be properly valued; capable of being estimated. adv.— Appreciably.

Approciate, ap-pre'shi-āt, (L. appretiatus, a. p. of appretio—al, to, and pretium, price) v. t. মুলা বিশ্ব-কু; To set a proper value on, — ৰংগাচিত ভাগিবাৰণ কু, ভা প্ৰা-কু; to esteem rightly;—v. i. মূলা বৃদ্ধি-২; To rise in value. Syn=Estimate, esteem.

Appreciation, ap pre-shi-a'shun, n. ৰংগচিত ত্ৰমাহিতা, ব্ৰোচিত ত্ৰাধধাৰণ; A just estimate of,—মূল্য নিৰূপণ; the setting a value on.

Approcrative, ap-pre'shi-at-iv, Appreciatory, ap-pre'shi-at-or-i, a. 841441444; Implying appreciation.

Apprehend, ap-pre-hend', (L. apprehendo—ad, to, prehendo, hensum, to lay hold of, from præ and root hend, which is for hed, the n being intransive, and this akin to English get.

Compare Gr. chandano—root chad, to hold) v. f. গুড-ফু; To take hold of; to seize by authority; as, to apprehend a thief;—গুড্-ফু; উপন্তন, অপ্ৰোধ কৰা; to conceive; to understand; to catch the meaning of;—ভা-ফু; to fear; to entertain just suspicion of; as, we apprehend calamities,—v i. আশহা-ফু; অম্বাৰ-ফু; To be of opinion, believe. Syn—Conceive, understand, imagine, presume. Edieve, assume. Catch, seize, arrest, detain, capture. Apprehensible, ap-pre-heńs-i-bl, a. আয়-ভবনীয়; That may be apprehended.

Apprehension, ap-pre-henshun, m. প্ৰথা, ধাৰণ, The act of taking or seizing;—প্ৰেথাৰ, আবেশাব্দাৰে অপবাধীৰ অপবাধ; the act of arresting by legal powers; as, the apprehension of the thief;—উপবৃদ্ধি, জ্পুত্ৰম; conception; comprehension,—ভঃ; suspicion; fear.

Approhensive, ap-pre-hens-iv, a. শবিদ, আশবাযুক: Fearful; in expectation of evil;— সবিদ্ধ; suspicious. n.=Apprehensiveness.

A man of dull apprehension—ছুল বৃদ্ধিবিশিই ব্যক্তি।
[বিশিষ্ট ব্যক্তি।
A man of quick apprehension—ভীক-বৃদ্ধি
Apprentice, ap-prent's, (Fr. apprenti, O.
Fr. apprentis—apprehend) a. ব্যবস্থি-শিক্ষাৰ্থী,
শিক্ষাৰ্থিশ ; A young person learning a trade or profession;—v. t. ব্যবস্থি শিক্ষাৰ্থ বিষয় প্ৰক্ষাৰ্থী ভাষাৰ্থী কৰিব হ'; to put under a master to learn a trade or profession, to bind as an apprentice.

Apprentice fee, n. A premium received by a master for instructing an apprentice.

Apprenticeship, ap-prentis-ship, n. শিকাণীৰ অবস্থা বা পদ; The state of an apprentice; the service or condition of an apprentice; term of being an apprentice.

To serve one's apprenticeship—ব্ৰদাৰ জানবাভাৰে কাহাৰত গিবা-হ; To acquire the knowledge of a trade under the instruction of one skilled in it.

Apprise, ap-priz', (Fr. apprendre, pa. p. apris, to instruct, from root of Apprehend)
v. t. জাত-কু, সম্বিচ্ছ-সে; To inform; to give notice of.

Approach, ap-prōch', (Fr. approcher, Low L. approprare—L. ad, to, prope, near) v. t. তুলা হ; To resemble, to come up to;—v. i. ন্যীপ্ৰতী-হ, বিকটে আইনে, to draw near; to approximate.

Approach, ap-proch, n. আগমন; Drawing near to,—প্রবেশাধিকার; access;—বীধি, বৃদ্ধপ্রেম্ব মধ্যন্তিক কুত্র পথ; ভোরণ; a path or avenue;—nl. প্রবেশের উপায়; means of access; siegeworks.

Approachable, ap-proch'a-bl, a. হুগমা, আৰা-মান গমা; That may be reached; accessible; n.=Approach'ment. [Approval. Approbation, n. নামোৰ, অহুমোৰন, প্ৰশানা; Approbation, ap-prob-3'shun, Approval, ap-proöv'al, n. অহুমোৰন; The act of approving ,—সম্বতি , assent ,—প্ৰশংসা , commendation.

Approbatory, ap-prob-a't-or-i, Approbative, ap-prob-a't-iv, a. artificity, Containing or implying approbation, n.=approbativeness—artificity, The love of approbation in Phrenology.

Appropriate, ap-proprio, (L. approprio, atum,—ad, to, proprius, one's own to take to one's self as one's own) ৩ t. বিশেষ কাৰ্ব্যে কন্ত কৰিয়া বাধা, বিশেষ কাৰ্ব্যে নিমান-কু, অধিকাৰ মতে ব্যবহাৰ-কু আন্তমাৎ-কু, To set apart for a particular purpose, to claim or use as by right,—নিক ব্যবহারে নির্ক্ত-কু, to apply to one's own use,—বাক্ত কিবার বৃত্তি পূথক করা, to alienate a benefice—a. বিশেষ কার্যার কন্ত অভাবে ব্যক্তি, বিশেষ কার্য্যে নির্ক্ত, himited or set apart to a particular use,—ব্রক্তিকুত, সক্ত, fit or suitable.

Appropriateness, ap-pro'pri It-nes, n. তপ-ব্যোগিতা, Peculiar fitness, suitabliness.

Appropriation, ap-pro-pri-ম'shun, n. বিশেষ কাৰ্যে প্ৰযোগ , Application to a particular purpose. a.=Appropriable.

Approvable, ap prov-2'bi, a. अनूरपान-१४, That ments approval.

Approve, ap-proov', (Fr. approuver, Prov. aprobar, L. approbo,—ntum—ad, to, and probo, to test or try—probus, good) v. চেতাৰ বিষা প্রশংসা কৰা; অনুযোগন-কৃ, সম্ভৱ হওয়া, প্রশংসা-কৃ, To think well of, to be pleased with, to commend,—অনুযোগন-কৃ, মন্ত্র কৃ, to sanction officially.

Approved, ap-pioovd, a. প্ৰীকিড, Tried, a, approved medicines,—অভিমৃত, accepted; commended.

Approver, ap-prov-er, n. অপুযোগনকাৰী, One who approves,—নিন্দাক বী, Informer, an accuser,—এক অপবাধে অপবাধী হটঃ। নেই অপবাধেৰ অন্ত অভিযুক্ত অন্ত এক ব্যক্তির বিকল্পে সাফ্রীবরাপ গৃহীত ব্যক্তি, (law) an accomplice in crime admitted to give evidence against a prisoner.

Approximate, ap proksim-at, (L. approximo, atum—at, to, proximus, nearest, uperlative of prope, near See Approach) v t. বিকটে পাৰ্যন্ত, To bring near to, to cause to approach,—v t. বিকটেব পাৰ্যন্ত, সামিকত, সমাপ্ৰতা, nearest or next to
Approximately, adv বৈকটাভাবে, By ap-Approximation, ap-proks im-a'shun, n. বিকটে কম্ব, বৈকটা, A coming near, an approach

Approximative, ap-proks-ım-2't-ıv, a. নিবট-বৰ্ডনীয় . That approaches closely

Appurtenance, a. Atting Marie, Mariet, That which appertains to, an appendage a=sp-purtenant, See appertain. [Apricot. Apricock, 2'pri-kok, n. Old form of Apricot, 2'pri-kot, (O. E. apricock, Fr. abricot. The Fr. abricet was from Port. albricoque =Ar. at-borgug. But barqug is a corruption of

Low Gr. praikokion, which simply the L. proscoquum or pracox carly ripe. See Precocious)
n খ্ৰানী, বদ্বীকাতীয় কল বিশেষ, A finit of the plum kind.

April, Z'pril, (L. Aprilis—aperilis—aperio, to open) n. ইংবাকী বুংসবেৰ চতুৰ্ব মানেৰ নাম;
The fourth month of the year, when the earth opens to bring forth fruits, &c.

April-fool—ৰে ব্যক্তি কৌতুকছনে একেন মানের প্ৰথম দিনে প্ৰতাবিত হয়, গ্ৰামান্দন, One who is sportively imposed upon by others on the first of April, laughing stock.

April-morn--विवाह जिवन , Wedding day , the day when I was made a fool of

April-shower অক্সাৎ কাছায়ী বৃষ্টি, Short sudden shower,

Apriori— 18: 19 18 19 18 An a priori argument is a mode of reasoning by which we proceed from the antecedent cause to the consequent effect, or from anticipation rather than from experience. All mathematical proofs are of the a priori kind, whereas judgments in the line courts are of the a posteriori evidence, we infer the animus from the act. (See A Posteriori.)

Apron, a'prun, (O. E. and Fr. naperen—Fr. nappe, cloth, table cloth, Low L napa, L. mappa, a naphin. This is a strange blunder A nappiron, converted into An af person. "Napperon" is French for a nipl n) r ব্য-বিশ্ব, প্ৰিক্ৰেৰিক বিবোৰকা, A cloth or leather worn on the front part of body to defend the clothes from injury,—আজ্বাদৰ, A covering, as of lead or sint.

Apron man-अवशेवी, Workman.

Apropos, a-pro-po', (Fr. afropos-L. pono, to place) ad আৰু বায়ানুৱপ, সঙ্গতন্ত্ৰ, To the purpose, appropriately —সময়ৰত, opportunely,—অনুসাৰে, সম্বন্ধ, in reference to.

Apse, aps, (L. and Gr. apsis, arch, vault) n.
ৰূপা নায় মতনাকাৰ বেদাৰ পদাংভাগ . The domed
part of a church where the altar is placed.

Apsis, ap' is, (Gi. hapsis, from hapto, hapso, to connect) n. এই গমন পথের মনোচ্চ, One of the two points in an elliptical orbit which are at the greate t and at the least distance from the ential body,—plu =Ap'sises, ap'si-dez, Apses ap' iz.

Apt, ipt, (L apt.s, fit—apo, to join, cog. with Gr hapto, to connect) a. উপযুক্ত, but, suitable,—গামী, liable, used of things,—ইফুক, disposed, ready, used of persons—ভংগন, ready, quick, prompt. Syn.=Ready, prompt, clever.

Apteral, ap'ter-al, (Gr. a, priv. and pterox, wing) a 93274, Without wings.

Apterous, ap'ter-us, a. পক্ৰিছীৰ, Wingless. Apteryx, ap'ter-ik-, (Gr. a, priv and pteron, wing) ন ৰাজুৰ্ছীৰ পকাৰিশেৰ, A bud of New Zealand, with short rudiments of wings, and without a tail.

Aptitude, apti-iud, ( Low L. apptitude-ape.

to join, see Apt ) n. प्रकाद ; वर्ष ; अवृद्धि ; Tendency; propensity: as oil has an aptitude to burn ;- উপবেদিতा ; A general fitness ;-শিকাপট্ডা; ভংপরতা; readiness in learning; docility; as "a boy of remarkable aptitude." Aptness, apt-nes, ম. শিকাপটুতা; A readiness

or quickness of learning ;-(4) 15 ; fitness. Aptote, ap'tot, (Gr. a, priv. and ptotos, fallen,

declined) n. कावकविशीन विष्णवा; An indeclin-[ sion of fever. able noun.

Apyrexis, n. with fath ote : The intermis-Aqua, 3'kwa, (L.) n. WT; Water.

Aquafortis, a'kwa-for'tis, (L. aqua, water, fortis, strong=(lit) strong water) n. नवर्षावक ; Nitric acid.

Aquamarina, Tkwa-ma-rina, #. नव्यवर् अवद वित्नव ; A fine variety of beryl (=a precious stone of a greenish colour).

Aque regie, Z'kwa-réji-a, n. यवकाय नवनात्रक ; Nitro muriatic acid.

Aquarium, a-kwa'ri-um, (L. aqua, water) n. बनक बुरक्त कृतिम क्लान्द ; क्लक छेडिन ७ क्ल-कहामनरक वार्थिनाव भाश ना कनागय; An artificial pond for cultivating water plants; a tank or vessel for water plants and animals; a public collection of such tanks :- plu = Aquáriums or Aquára.

Aquarius, a-kwari-us, ( L. aqua, water ) n. कुछ्याणिय रिक्ष्यक्रम वाविवाश्क, कुछ्याणि; The waterbearer, a sign of the Zodiac.

Aqua vite, a'kwa-vite, (L. aqua, water, vita, of life-vita, life=(lit) water of life) n. API वित्नव , Water of life ; brandy or other spirit. Aquatic, akwat'ik, Aquatical, akwat'k-al, a. বারিদকোত্ত: উদক; Pertaining to water: as aquatic animal; - = q 54; frequanting water; as, aquatic fowls ;-- बन्द वा बन्द्द ; Living or growing in water.

Aquatics, n. pl. analy; Aquatic sports; amusements on the water, as boating, &c.

Aquednet, ak'we-duct, (L. aqua, waterduco, ductum, lead) n. अनुझनानी ; भवः खनानी ; An artificial channel for conveying water.

Aqueous, a. अनगर, कनअरकांख, कानाइक ; कन-मिक ; Watery ; pertaining to or arising from water; deposited by water.

Aqueous humour—চকুর আংশিক ভরণ পদার্থ farms; A transparent fluid, forming part of the eve.

Aquiline, ak'wil-in, or-in, (L. a quila, cagle) a. मेगल शकी मदकीय ; कुक्कि, मेगल शकीय कक्ष शाह बक ; Relating to the eagle ; hooked or curved like the beak of an eagle.

Arab, ar'ab, n. আবৰবাসী; A native of Arabia; -পবিভাক বা গৃহহীন বালক বালিকা; Neglected or homeless boy or girl.

Street Arabs-निवालाक ; गृरशेन वानक वालिका ; The houseless poor; street-children.

Arabesque, ar'a-besk, (Fr. It. arabesce ;esco, corresponding to English, -ish) a. witan इन्डि विनाव अनुवाधी : After the manner of the Arabian architecture ;—n. কাল্পনিক লভাপি বিশিষ্ট

हिक्कि वा त्यांकिक क्या : A painted or sculptured ornament consisting of imaginary foliage. Arabio, ar'ab-ik, Arabian, ar'abian, c. with

नवजीव ; Pertaining to Arabia.

Arabic, arab-ik, (L. Arabicus) n. witer डावा ; The language of the Arab.

Arabiam, ar'ab-ism, n. witag siete fere বীতি ; Arabic idiom.

Arabist, ar'ab-ist, जाववा जावार निवड: One versed in Arabic. [ Poetic for Arabia. Araby, ar'ab-i, n. কবিকল্লিড আববা দেশের বাব : Arable, ar'a-bl, (L. arabilis-aro; cog. with Gr. ares, to plough, A. S. erian, E. Ear, v. t., Ir. araim) a. 44-(4141; Fit for tillage; tillable. Araneous, a-ra'ne-us, (L. aranea, spider. spider's web) a. योकड्माव जानवर ; Resembling a cob-web.

Arbalest, arbal-est, Arbalist, arbal-ist, Arbalet, arbal-et, Arcubalist, arku-balist, (L. arcubalista, fr. arcus, bow, and balista, a military engine for projectiles, fr. Gr. ballein, to throw) n. বক্ৰগৰুক; A cross-bow.

Arbalister, ärbalister or arba-lister, Arcubalister, ärkubalist-er, n. 4124; A cross-bow-man.

Aramic, ar-a-ma'ik, Aramean, ar-a-mean, u. शाह्नश्रीहरन छेखन-शूर्स क्रिड आद्यामिता नायक वारमन मःकास वा देशाव कावा मःकास ; Relating to Aramæa, the whole of the country to the N. E. of Palestine, or to its language, a branch of the Semitic.

Arbiter, ar'bit-ér, Arbitrator, ar'bi-tra-tur, (L. ar = ad, to and bito (cog. with Gr. bai-no). to go or come; sig. one who comes to look on, a witness, a judge) n. यगा ; One appointed to settle a matter in dispute between two or more persons; an umpire; -fem .= Ar'bitress, [ cision ; determination. Ar'bitratrix.

Arbitrament, ar-bitra-ment, n. famis; De-Arbitrament of the sword-युक्त पाना विवान योगात्रा ; The settlement of a quarrel by an appeal to arms.

Arbitrable, ar-bitra-bl, c. विहायद्वाना : Determinable; arbitrary. [ tration. Arbitral, ar-bit'ral, a. forta mante: Of arbi-Arbitrarily, ar-bitr-ar-i-li, adv. (45) পুর্মক; Despoticly; absolutely.

Arbitrary, arbitr-ar-i, a. (म्याप बालिय) हेळाव-बाबी; निषम विक्रकांबी, (बद्धांगंबी; Depending on the will (as of an arbiter); not bound by rules; despotic; absolute; ruled by will only; -n .= Arbitrariness -- ( Toptetfast ; -- Syn .= Absolute, despotic, unlimited, tyrannical.

Arbitrate, arbitr-at (L. ar=ad, to, and bito (cog. with Gr. baino), to go or come; sig- one who comes to look on, a witness, a judge) v. i. यशृक्षां क्यां ; निणालि-कृ ; To act as an arbiter ; to hear or decide a disputed matter; to deter-

Arbitration, n. বিচার-নিপণ্ডি; নালিনী; The hearing and deciding of a disputed matter by one or more persons.

Arbitrator, ar-bi-tra tur, n. were, A person chosen to decide a dispute, an umpire.

Arbor, ar'bor, (A corr of harbour, a shelter)

n. [472], An inclosed seat in a garden, covered
with branches of trees, plants, &c., a bower.

Arbor, ar'ber, (L. arbor, axis) n. অব্যাহ, আন , The principal axis which communicates motion to the other parts of a machine.

Arboreous, dr-bor'e us, Arborous, ar-bor'us, a বুৰুদ্বনীয়, Belonging to trees

Arboresence, ar-bor-esens, Arborisation, ar-bor-i--á-shun, n. বৃত্তমনূল ধাতুৰ অব্যৱ, The resemblance of a tree in minerals,—বৃত্তাকৃতি কৃতিক, groups of crystals in the form of a tree.

Arborescent, ar bor-esent, (i arboresco, to become a tree—arbor, a tree) a বৃহ্বৰ, Resembling a tree,—বৃহ্বৰ, বৃহ্বাৰ, Growing like tree Arbored, ar-boid, a. Fuinished with an arbore.

Arboret, ar-bor et, n. কুত্ৰুক, কুত্ৰুকাজি, A small tree, a shrubbery

Arboretum, ai-bor-trum, (L.—arbor, a tree)

\*\* আম্প বৃহ্বাদির উৎকর্ষণাবন যোগা হান , A place
for cultivating trees and shrubs plu =Arbortla.

Arboriculture, arbor i-kult-ur, (=the culture of trees, esp timber-trees. L. arbor, and culture-cultura from colo, culus, to cultivate) গ বৃহ্ব বৃহ্বা ও ব্যোপা বিষয়া, The art of planting and managing trees and shrubs .—a =

Arboricultural.

Arbornoulturist, টা böri-kul"tur ist, n বৃক্ষ বোপাৰে বৃক্ষৰে অভিজ্ঞ, One who practices arbornoulture [ tudics trees Arborist, ar-bor ist n উল্পান বিশ One who Arbusele, ar'bus si, (L arbuseu'a, dim of arbor) n অভিকৃত্ত বৃক্ষ A dwarf tree [ like

Arbuseuler, at'bus ku-lar, a ভাৰৰং, Shrub Arbute, at but (L arbutus, akin to arbor ৰ tree) স লভা বিশেষ, এক প্ৰকাৰ বিবাহৰিত ছোট সাস্থ্য, The shrubetry tree, an exergreen shrub which be are fruits resembling the struwtury

Are, aik, (L. arcus, a bow) n. 3844, A part of a cucle or a curved line.

Arcade, n aik ad', (Fr — L. arcita ar hid — areus, a bow) n. বৃঙ্গাংশ শ্রেণ, A veries of arches, — বৃডামভিড ক্ষ পথ, ডোবণ, A walk arched above, avenue

Areadian, ark-adi in, a প্রান্দেশের অন্তর্গত আকেডিয়া প্রদেশ স শক্ত প্রামা , Relating to Area dia, a di trict in Greece , pu total , rural

An Arcadian youth—44, A dunce or blockhead, so called because the Arcadians were the least intellectual of all the Greeks

Arcanum, ark Inum, (1 arcanus, secret clo cd—arca, a chest) n গোপনীয় বিষয়, বৃহস্ত, A mystery, a secret.

Arch, arch, (L arcus, a bow) দ আধ্যোলাকৃতি
বিশান, ভোৰণ, A part of a circle or curve, the
circular part of any building, a gateway,—v t.
বিশানক, To cover with an arch,—বিশানক,
To turn an arch,—a, (A, S, earg timed) বুড়,

চতুৰ, ৰসিক, A cunning, sly, shrewd, waggish, mischievous in spirit, roguish;— মধাৰ, chief, principal

Arohed, archd', (L and Gr. arch:—Gr. archë, beginning) a বিশাৰ গাবা পাবৃত, Covered with an arch,—মুছ্লোলাকতি বিশিষ্ট, curved.

Trumphal arches—\$178, Magnificent structure erected to adorn a triumph and perpetuate the memory of any event

Court of arches—পুরুত্তাবের ধর্ম সৰকে বিচারা-ক্ষ, A very ancient court belonging to the Archbishop of Canterbury for deciding ecclesiastical matters.

Arch stone-Key stone.

Archway, archwin (stat A way or passage under an arch, an aperture in a building covered with an arch

Arch angel, Aik-anjel, (Arch, chief, and Angel) n সংকাচিত্ৰত মৃত, An angel of the highest order — a Aich-angelic

Arch bishop, arch bishup, (Arch, chief and Bishop) u সক্ষেধানাটাৰ, A chief bishop, a metropolitin

Arch bishopric arch-bi hup rik গ নক প্রধানাচায়ের অধিকার, The verisdiction of srch bishop

Arch deacon, arch dckn (Arch chief and Deacon) দ ইংগতের সকলেধনে আলোকোর সহকারী, One who assists the bishop in the (asystement of his choices.

Archdeaconry arch-di'kn n, n. আণ্ডাৰের প্ল, The officer of an archd on —কাণ্ডাৰের বাসস্থান, The residence of an archdes an,— আণ্ডাৰে আহিক্তে, The jurisdiction of archdeacon

Archdesconship, uch dikn ship, n সক্ষাৰী প্ৰধান আংগোৰে পদ The office of in irchdescon Archidisconsil, irch i kn il a আচাৰ্য্য সম ক্লা Pertuning to in uch de icon

Archdiocese, aich dio নে (Arch chief and docc- (rr. die and class, a house) n সন্ম প্ৰাৰাম্যেণ্ড অধিকাৰ, The diocese of an arch bishop

Archduchess, arch-duches n दाकपूर्वो, A prince set the House of Austria

Archduko, arch duk (Arch and duke—Fr. duc-1 dr duris a leider-duce to lead)

2 তথ্ৰীধ দেশীৰ বাজপুত্ৰ, Prince of the House of Au tira

Archdukedom, archduk dom, শ. অধীৰা দেশেৰ ১বৰাজেৰ ৰাজা, অধাৰা দেশীয় ব্ৰবাজেৰ আৰু কাৰ, The territory of an archduke or arch duchess, the junediction of an archduke or archduchess

Archeology, at ke-ology, (Gr ar he, beginmin and logs discourse) n পুর্বাধনৰ সাহি-ত্যাদি বিয়াক বিভাল, The science that treats of ancient things or antiquities,—a = Archeolog cal

Archaic, arki'ik, Archaical, arki'ik al. (Ur archailos ancient) a Artisa estartas, Ancient, antiquated, gone out of use, obsolete.

Archaism, ar-ka'-izm, (Gr. archaikos, ancient) n. atbia ataia; An obsolete word or phrase.

Arch-enemy, n. লমডান ; The evil one; Satan. Archeologist, ar-ke-olist, n. প্রাচীন নাহিত্যাদিতে পণ্ডিত ; One skilled in ancient things and learning.

Archer, aich-er, (Fr.—arc, L. arcus, a bow) n. ধাৰ্ছ, গৰ্গৰ; ধাৰ্কী; One who is skilled in the use of the bow;—fem.=Arch'cress.

Archory, archer-i, n. (क्षिणा); The art of using the bow.

Archerype, arke-tip, (Gr. arche=archi; original, and typos, a model) n. আঘৰ; The original or model from which a thing is made; a.=Archetypal—আদিম; Original.

Archiepiscopal, ark-i-ep-iskop-al, a. (Arch, chief and L. episcopatus—Gr. episkopos, an overscer, a bishop. See Bishop) a. সর্বাধানাতাগ্য সংক্ষা, Belonging to an archbishop.

Archiepiscopscy, ark-i-ep-i/kūp-a-si, n. সংস্থাৰ আটাৰ্য্যে পদ বা অধিকাৰ; Dignity or produce of an archbishop.

Archimedean screw— कन डेरोइनांच चा; A

Archipelago, উik-i-pela-go, (Gr. archi, chief, pelago, sca) n. ইতিয়ন দাসৰ; The chief sea of the Greeks, or the Ægeon sea;—ছাপপুথ ম্বিট্র নবুই. Any sea closely interspersed with islands,—ছাপসমূহ; now frequently applied to a cluster of islands,—a—Archipelagic.

Architect, Aiki tekt, (Gr. architekton—archi, chief and tekton, a builder) n. মুপতি বিদ্যাবিদ, One who designs and plans buildings:—
বিশ্বা, A maker.

Architect of one's fortune—বিনি আপন কেটাৰ অব্যাৰ উল্লিচ্ছ কৰেন, One who betters or unproves his position in life by his own exertions. Architect of the gods— বিষক্ষী।

Architective, arki tekt-iv, a. প্ৰান্ত ব্যৱহৃত বা প্ৰান্তব্যবিশ্ব (বা ). Used in or proper for buildings. Architectonic, arki-tekt.oh-ik, a. খুপতি বিশ্যা-বিশাব্য , Skilled in architecture.

Architectonies, arki-tekt-oń-iks, n. হণতি-

Architecture, ark-i tektur, n. গৃহনিৰ্দাণ বিদা।;
কুপড়িবিদা।; The art or science of building;
—গঠন; Frame or structure; workmanship;—
a.=Architectural.

Architrave, arki-tiav, (It. from Gr. archi, chief, and L. trabs a beam—the chief beam)
n. ভাষ্টেৰ মহাকৰ মুশোভিত আৰু; In arch, the part of an entablature which rests immediately upon the capitol.

Archives, aikivz, (Fr.—Gr. archeion—arche, government—the place in which government records are kept) n. pl. বিচাৰাব্যৰ প্ৰাদি; Public records;—নেৰেছাবাৰা; দঙ্গৰখাৰা; the place where they are kept. [ keeper. Archivist, aikiv-ist, n. সেবেছাদাৰ; A record-Archon, arkon, (Gr.—archo, to be first, to rule) n. আবেশবাৰীবিধ্যৰ প্ৰধাৰ বিচাৰণতি, প্ৰা-

কানীয় এংশেখানীদিগের নয়কৰ অধান বিচারপভিত্ব অক্তম; A chief magistrate among the ancient Athenians; one of the nine chief magistrates who at one time governed ancient Athens.

Arctic, arktik, (Gr. arktos, a bear) a. উত্তর্ দ্বিভারত: উত্তর কেন্দ্রিত; Pertaining to the north; northern.

Arctic circle—ইবৰ কেন্দ্ৰ; An imaginary line which passes round the north pole at a distance of 23 from it.

Arctic current, n. উত্তৰ খোড; An ocean current which originates in the north polar regions and flows southwards to the equator. Arctic regions—উত্তৰ কেন্দ্ৰিং অংশন, The lands surrounding the north pole.

Arctics, aiktiks, n. অন অবহাৰক শীতকানের মৃত্য বিশেষ; Warm water-proof winter over-shoes. Arctic-ses, n. উত্তর মহাসাধির; The sea lying around the north pole.

Ardency, arden-si, (L. ardeo, to burn) n. উংলাই; উৎসূক্; Warmth of passion; zeal; cagerness.

Ardent, ardent, (L. ardens—ardeo, to burn)
a. উত্তঃ; Hot or burning—অনুবাৰী; উৎসাং পূৰ্ব;
Warm; affectionate; zealous. adv.=Ardently.
Ardent spirits—বোধিত সুবা; Distilled spirits.
Ardour, arder, (L. ardeo, to burn) n. উত্তাপ;

Ardour, ardor, (L. ardeo, to burn) n. উত্তাপ ; Warmth ;— অনুবাৰ ; উৎসাহ ; Fervency ; eagerness.

Are, ar, (M. E. ar-en was the northern form which took the place of A. S. sindon. Dan. eres, ar-en=as-en, er-e=es-e; the root is as, to be seen in L. es-se, s-um, for es-um. akin to sans. as (অস), to be) n. ৰাকা, ছত্যা, সু বাকুৰ বৰ্ষান কাল্যতক বছৰত কল; The plural of the present indicative of the weak to be,—ক্ষামি দেশেৰ যাগ; A French measure=100 square meters. Area, 3're-a, (L. probably from aroo, to dry) n. স্বত্ত ক্য় : Any plain surface;—অস্ব অংকাই; Any enclosed or open space around a building;—ক্ষেক্য; The superficial contents of any figure. Area, 3're ca, n. হুপাৰি বিশেষ; The betel-nut. Area nut—হুপাৰি বাছ।

Arefy, ai'c-fi. (L. arere, to be dry and facere, face, to make) v. t. 34-7; To dry;—n.=Arefac'tion—3451; dryness.

Arons, a-re'na, (L. arena, sand=(lit) an open space strewed with sand for combatants) n. বস্থান ; An open space for public exhibition. Aronscoous, a-re-na'she-us, (L. arenaceous, from arena, sand) a. বাৰ্কা-ধৰ্ম বিশিষ্ট; বেৰিয়া; Sandy; of the nature of sand.

Arenose, a-re-nos, Arenous, a-re-nus, a. বাৰুকামৰ; Sandy.

Areola, a-réo-la, (L. dim. of area) n. চুচুবেৰ চতু:পাৰ্বহ কুক বেধা, ভেলা; The coloured ring round the mbble,—a.=Areolar. plu.=Areolæ, a-réo-le. Areometer, a-re-ome-ter, (Gr. areios, thin, rare, and metron, measure) n. অনীয় আনেকিব ভার পরিবাশন যত্ত্ত; An instrument for measuring the specific gravity of liquids.

Areopagite, ar-e-op'aj-it, n. আংবেল নগৰেল প্ৰধান বিচাৰাল্যেৰ সভা; A member of the Areopagus. Areopagrs, ar-e-op'ag-us, (L.—Gr. Areios pagos, hill of Ares or Mars) n. আবেল নগৰছ প্ৰধান বিচাৰালয়; A famous court of justice at At. ens, so called from its being held on Mar's h.ll at Athens.

Argent, arjent, Argentine, arjent-in, (Fr.— L. argentum, silver—Gr. argos, white) a. Alvisa; Like silver; silvery;—Ess; Bright;—n. The white colour in coats of arms. Argentan, arjen-tan, n. German silver.

Argentine, arjen-tin, n. ৰাতু বিশেষ; A mineral. Argil, arjil, (L. argilla, Gr. argillos, white clay, from argos, white) কুম্বাহের মৃত্তিকা; Pure clay; potter's clay.

Argillaceous, arj-ill-Z'shus, (L. argilla—Gr. argillos, white clay, argos, white) a. মৃতিকা সৰ্বীয় ; Clayey ;—কোমল মৃতিকা প্রকৃতি বিশিষ্ট ; Of the nature of clay.

Argivo, ar'jiv, a. Pertaining to Argos in Greece. [Colchis.

Argo, ar-go, a. Ship in which Jason went to Argonaut, argo-nawt, (Gr. argo, and nautes, a sailor) n. বাইবো বেবন সহ আগো নামক জাহাতে ক্লিটেছে বাজা কবিয়াছিল; One of the persons, who sailed into Colchis with Jason, in the ship Argo, in quest of the golden fleece.

Argosy, argo-si, (Prov. from the ship Argo)
n. বাশিলাপোড; A merchant vessel, richly laden.
Argue, argu (L argus, to prove from root of Gr. argos, clear, and so=to make clear) v. f.
ভৰ্ক বিঙক ৰাবা প্ৰধান কৰা, বাশাৰনাক কৰা; সি prove by argument; to discuss:—v. i. মুক্তিপ্ৰদৰ্শন কৰা, ভৰ্ক কৰা, বিৰাদ কৰা; To offer reasons, to reason; to dispute.

Argued away—তৰ্কাৰা উঢ়াইবা দে; as, "His inemorial was laughed and argued away by Mr. Money."

Argued into a beauty—Showed by argument to be a beauty; as, "It was difficult now to find even a fault that had not been argued into a beauty" Irving

Be argued into or out—ডক্ৰিডৰ্ক ও বৃত্তি ছাবা কোন বিবাদে উপনীত বা কোন বিবাদ অপনীত হওৱা; Be persuaded into believing or renouncing something by argument; as, "Never be argued out of your honour". Lytton.

Argument, arg'u-ment, (L. argumentum—argue, to prove—from root of Gr. argos, clear) n. মুকি; A reason alleged;—হেত্ৰাদ; ৰাদাহ-ৰাদ; A series of reasons; a discussion:—তৰ্ক-প্ৰণাল];—A process of reasoning:—নিৰ্ভ ; লালোচনাম বিষয়;—the subject matter of a discourse or abstract.

Have the best argument—তৰ্কে ক্যী-ছ। Argumentable, ärg'ū-menta-bl, a. বিচাৰ-বোৱা; That may be argued. Argumentation, arg-u-ment-a'shun, স. অধ্ লগানী ;.The process or act of reasoning. Argumentative, arg-u-mentat-iv, a. ব্ৰিপুৰ্ণ ; Consisting of argument :— মুক্তিমুগৰ ; Showing reasons for :— ফক্তিমু; Fond of arguing. næ Argumentativeness.

Argumintatively, är-gu-mentativeli, adv.
মৃতিপ্ৰদৰ্শক ; In an argumentative manner.
Argumentatum ad hominem, n. নিমন বা বিশ কেব বাৰহাৰ হইতে গৃহীত বৃত্তি; Argument drawn from the principles or conduct of an antagonist.
Argus, arg'us, (Gr.—argos, bright) n. শতচন্ত্ৰবিশিপ্ত কাম্মনিক প্ৰাণী; A fabulous being with hundred eyes — সভাত সতৰ ব্যক্তি; সভাগ ব্যক্তি; A very watchful person.

Argus eyed—নতৰ্ক; Jealously watchful; vigi-Argute, hrg'ut, a. চতুৰ; তীক বৃদ্ধিবিশিষ্ট; Acute; shrewd; subtle. [air or tune. Aria, a'rī-ā, (Fr.—Laër, the air) n. হুব; An Arian, a'rī-an, n. এবিদনেৰ মতবাদী ব্যক্তি: একেবৰ-বাদী; Followers of Arius, who taught that Jesus was inferior to God, but affirmed that he was the greatest of created beings; a unitarian.

Arian, 3'ri-an, a. মীটের ইমরতে অবিধানী আলেক্-ভাজিম্বান্সী এরিয়ন প্রজান্ত; Pertaining to Arius of Alexandria, who denied the divinity of Christ. Arianiam, 3'ri-on-ism, n. এবিয়নপিগের মৃত; একেবব্রাদীত; The doctrines of the Arians; unitarianism.

Ariette, a'r-ctta, n. A little air or tune.

Arid, arid, (L. aridus, from areo, to be ary) a. তহ'; Dry; parched. [ ক্ৰড়া; Dryness. Aridity, a-ridi-ti, Aridness, ánd-nes, n. Aries, d'ri-ez, (L. a ram) n. বেহালে, 'he Ram, the first of the twelves signs of the Zodi-ac:—হুগালি ভাজিবাৰ লাগিৰ ব্যাবশোৰ; An ancient battering ram. [Rightly; in a right way. Aright, a-it, adv. সমাক; বংগালিত; নাইংবংশ; Arise, a-rit, (Prefix a (as in Abide) and Rise) v.i. বাজোধান-কু; Rise; to get up:—উৎপন-ই; To proceed from:—আবোহা-কু; To ascend;—কুইগাৰে উপাইত হওৱা; To come into view.

Aristocracy, ar-is-tokras-i, ( G. aristos, best, and kratos, power ) গ. সম্ভাত্ত ডঃ মেশের সমাত্ত লোক; কুলীন সম্ভাত্ত ড়ঃ (বিংকার কুলীন সম্ভাত্ত ড়াই ( covernment by nobles; the nobility or chief of a country.

The cold shade of the aristocracy ন্যান্ত গণেৰ অবহেশা; The unsympathising patronage of the great

Aristocrat, ar'is-to-krat, n. কুলীৰ সম্প্ৰদায়েই লোক; One who belongs to or favours an aristociacy:—অহমারী বাজি; গর্জিত লোক; An overbearing man; a haughty person.

Aristocratic, ar-is-to-kratik, Aristocratical, ar-is-to-kratik-al, a. কুৰীৰ সম্বায় : Belonging to the aristocracy :— সম্বায় গাৰিত : Familiarly, haughty.

Aristocratically, ar-is-to-kratik-nl-li, adv. সমাতভাবে, গর্কিভভাবে; In an aristocratical manner; haughtily.

Aristocratism, ar-is-to-krafism, n. কুলীৰ মস্ত্ৰাংক্যে মৃত ; The principals of aristocrats. Aristotelian, ar-is-tote'li-an, a. আবিষ্টটেল বা ভাৰাৰ বিজ্ঞানসংখ্যীয় ; Pertaining to Aristotle, a Greek philosopher, or his philosophy,—n. আবিষ্টটেলেৰ মভাৰলৰী ; A follower of Aristotle. Arithmancy, ar'ith-man'si, n. [Gr. a thmos, number, and manteia, divination.] আৰু বাৰা ভবিষ্যৎ গৰ্মৰা ; Divination by numbers.

Arithmetic, ar-ithmet-ik, [ Gr. arithmētikē ( technē, art ), relating to numbers—arithmos, number.] n. গণিত-বিদা); পাটাগণিত; The science of numbers; the art of reckoning by figures.

Arithmetical, ar-ithmet-ik-al, a. পাটাগণিত বিশ্বক ; Pertaining to arithmetic.

Arithmetically, ar-ith-metik-al-li, adv. গণিত বাৰা; গণিতের নিম্ম অনুমানে; By arithmetic, according to the rules or principles, or method of arithmethic.

Arithmetician, ar-ith-me-tishyan, n. আই-বিদ্যা বিশাবদ; One skilled in arithmetic.

Arithmometer, ar-ith-mome-ter, a. [Gr. arithmos, number and metron, measure.] পাৰা বা; An abacus; an instrument to facilitate arithmetical calculations.

Ark, ark, n. [A. S. arc—L. arca, a chest—arceo, to guard.] ইবর ব্যবস্থার, A chest in which the Jewish law and covenant were kept;—সম্ফানে বে জাগতে নোবা এবং ঠাহার পবিবারবর্গ রক্ষিত গ্রমানিল ; The large floating vessel, in which North and his family were preserved during the deluge,—বৌবা বিশেষ, বৃহৎ পোত; A large boat for transporting bulky articles. You must have come out of the ark or you were born in the ark—তৃমি মারাভার আম্বের লোক; চলিত ঘটনা বিষয়ে তৃমি অভান্ত অজ; You are very ignorant of current events.

Arm, arm, n. [A S.; cog. with L. armus, the shoulder-joint, Gr. harmos, a joint. From root ar-, to fit.] बाह , The limb between the shoulder and the hand, - ব্ৰেছৰ শাখা; The branch of a tree or the slender part of a machine projecting from a trunk or axis ;-- नमुद्भाद শাৰা ; A narrow inlet of the sea ;— নৈক্ত-বিভাগ ; A branch of military service; as, cavalry or infantry ;- (fig) #16 ; Strength ; power ; as the secular arm ,- 43; a weapon ;- v. t. 43 সাজিত করা; To furnish with arms ;--ধাতুমৰ পাত ৰাৰা মোড়াই কৰা; To cover or furnish with a plate ;- fig. पृष्ठ कदा ; अवन कदा ; To furnish with means of defence; to prepare for resistance: to fortify in a moral sense ,—v. i. অন্ত এছণ করা ; to take up arms.

Arm in arm—হাত ধ্যাধনি কৰিয়া; The arm of one person being placed within that of another; as:—They went arm in arm along the streets.—Dickens.

Have a long arms,—বহৰুৰ পৰ্যান্ত কাহাৰত ক্ষতা অপুতৰ কৰাইতে সমৰ্থ হত্যা; Be able to make one's power be felt far and wide; as:—Beton was to find that the English had a long arm— Froude.

One's right arm,—প্রধান সহার; প্রধান উত্তর
কাবক; One's principal supporter.

Arm chair, n. হাত কেবাৰা; A chair with arms to support the elbows.

Arm-ful, armful, বডটা বাহ বাবা এবণ কৰা বাইতে পাৰে : As much as the arms can embrace.

Armlot, armiet, n. বাছ; A little arm;—বন্ধ; a bracelet [round the shoulder. Armpit, drmpit, n. বাছমুল; বনল; The cavity Arm's longth, a. বাছমুল (বিষাধ্য, The length of the arm;—দুৱে; at a distance.

To keep or hold at arm's length,—मृद्व द्वारा , To keep at a distance.

At a arm's length—বাছবিয়াৰ পৰিমাণ পুৰে; পুৰে; At the length or distance of the arm; at a distance. as .—(a) The doctor, leaning back in his chair, with his hand in his breast as usual, held a book from him at arm's length—Dickens. (b) "Fool!" she went on, throwing him off from her at arm's length as a sudden suspicion strung her.—C. Kingsley. [ prepared. Armed at all points,—সংপ্ৰহেড; Fully Armed to the teeth,—আপান মুক্ত আৰু বাৰা স্থিত, Armed at all points.

Armed force, - A body of soldiers.

Armed neutrality—আন্তর্কার্থ প্রস্তুত হইবা অবচ কোন পক অবশ্বন না করিয়া নিরপেক ভাবে অবছিতি; The condition of a neutral power, which holds itself in readiness to resist by force any aggression of either belliggrant, between which it is neutral.

Arms, armz, n. pl. [L. arma (lit) 'fittings'; Gr. harmona, the tackling of a ship—root ar—, to fit, conn. with Arm, the limb] জন্ত্ৰ, Weapons of war,—কুল-চিহ্ন; Armorial ensigns,— বুজ-ব্যান্তি, Deeds or exploits of war.

To be in arms against, - বুৰে কল প্ৰত্য কৰিব ধ্ৰা; To be in a state of hostility, or preparation for war against as — All Latium is in arms against his little force of adventures—W. L. Collins.

Bear arms, - यूकार्थ आह शादन रा नावश्य कवा; Carry or use arm, as a soldier: as:—In actual war the massacre of prisoners—at least of prisoners fit to bear arms—was very common. To be under arms,—यूक कविश शाका; To be armed and in readiness for fighting; as —Of the males in the vigour of life, a seventh part were probably under arms.—Macaulay.

A stand of arms, —একজন সৈত্তের সমত সাজ; A complete set for one soldier.

By force of arms—उत्तरांदि महिराय ; उत्तरांद्य न महिराय ; By the power of the sword. as :—He will expel these intruders at once, and demand the princess from her father by force of arms. Ground one's arms—इमिर्ड श्राम्य ब्या, स्थ कविर्ण अनेकांत्र करा ; Lay or place ones arms on the ground, hence to decline to fight. as :— The same vacillating and inconstant politician, who as tribune had repudiated a popular measure, had now once more abandoned his post, and grounds i his arms in the moment of victory.—Dean Merivale. Pass of arms, - 57716 171 177; A kind of combat with swords.

Passage of arms—1775; An encounter, as at a joust or tournament;—47/1951, 57 1954; A sharp dispute.

Coat of arms, —বীরপুক্ষিত্র ব্লোপরি অল্ক জ্বা থোকিত কৌলিভত্তক চিক্; In heraldry, an armorial device or distinction: as:—The coat of arms are three half-moons.

Rings have long arms,—বাজার সহিত বিবাদ করিও না, কারণ ভাষার ক্ষমতা বছনুর বিবৃত . ( Proverb ) Do not quarrel with a king as his power and authority reach to the end of his dominions.

Lay down one's arms—পরাজিত হইছা পক্রব निक्रे भार मधान क्या ; Surrender onc's arms to an enemy : as :- When Hungary rose, he ordered his columns to pass the border, and forced the insurgent army to lay down its arms Present arms, - डेक कर्यहादीन अखिनामन ना मणानार्थ मेरीरवद मणुर्व मदलकारत आज दका कहा , Put the arms in a perpendicular position in front of the body, as in saluting a superior officer, or in token of respect. as :- All the armies of earth might be conceived as presenting arms to the emancipatedman .- De Quincey Rise in arms, - नव कारन प्रशासन इल्ला ; Assume a hostile attitude. as .- The Allobroges at the first outbreak of Cataline's insurrection had risen again in arms .- Dean Mesivale.

Stand to one's arms—অধ্বন্ধেৰ সহিত বুছ চালাৰ ; বুছ ইত্তে বিষ্ঠুত বা হত্যা; Continue or persevere in fighting; opposed to lay down one's arms. as .—Even at that extremity the Mendip miners stood bravely to their arms, and sold their lives dearly —Macaulay.

Take up arms—ৰুদ্ধ আবস্ত কৰা . অন্ত ধাৰণ কৰা ; Begin war ; to arm for attack or defence.

Throw oneself into the arms of :-কাহারও শব্দ প্রয়া ; Take refuge with one.

With open arms—হগৈৎসুত্ৰ ইইলা বাহৰিকাৰ বাবা; With extended arms indicative of great joy and warmth of heart. as:—Mrs. Skewton prepared to greet her darling daughter and dear son-in-law with open arms, is appropriately attired for the purpose in a youthful costume.—Dickons.

With folded arms, -ৰাহুণৰি ৰাহ্যাপন পূৰ্বত, Placing one arm against another.

Armada, arm-3'da, n. [ L. armatus, armedarmo, to arm.] ৰণপোড হোলা; A fleet of warships;—শেৰণেশীৰ বৰ্ণপোড বিশেষ Especially, the Spanish fleet, which attempted the invasion of England in the reign of Elizabeth in A. D. 1588. [small fleet.

Armadilla, arm-a-dilla, n. কুমু বাংলাত; A Armadillo, arm-a-dillo, n. [Sp. dim. of armado, armed] ৰজি আংম্বিকাই চকুলাৰ অন্ত বিশেষ; A small South American quadruped with a born shell;—plu.=Armadillos.

Armamont, arma-ment, [ l... armamentaarm. 1 47; A body of forces, fitted out for

war ,- इर्डाल्डिंग ; The guns and other ammunition, of a man-of-war.

Armonian, ac-minyan, n. আমিনিয়া-বানী; A native of Armenia;—a. আর্মিনিয়া সংক্রান্ত; Belong to Armenia.

Arminian, ar-minyan, n. ৰ্ট্ডৰ্ম সম্পান বিশেষ;
One of a sect or party of Christians, so called from Armenius, a Dutch divine, who denied the doctrine of predestination, and advocated the doctrine of free will and universal redemption;—a. আমিনিয়সের মৃত্যুক্তী; Holding the doctrines of Arminius.

Arminianism, ar-minyan-ism, n. The doctrines of the Arminians.

Armipotent, arm-ipot-ent, a. [I.. arma, arms, potens, encis, powerful.] অন্তব্য বলবান;
অন্তচ্পনাৰ ক্ষ্ডাপন্ত, Powerful.

Armistice, armist-15, n. [1.. arma, arms, and sisto to stop.] বুৰ্বিবৃত্তি; A cessation of arms for a short time, by convention,—ৰ্বৃত্তি, a truce.

Armour, armur, n. বর্ম, যুদ্ধনজা; আত্মকার্থ বর্ম; Defensive arms or dress for war, —বশ-পোতনমূহকে শোহার পাত হারা আবৃত কর্ম, Plating of ships of war.

Armour bearer, n. ব্ৰসজাবাহন; One who carries another's armour or arms, an esquire. Bukle on one's armour,—কোৰৰ বাজা, Gird up one's louis; prepare for conflict.

Armourer, arthur-cr, n অপ্রানর্থাতা: One who makes weapons of war.—ব্যানির্যাতা, বা উহাব জার্বান্ত, বা অধ্যক্ত, A maker or repairer of, or one who has the charge of, armour.

Armorial, arm-ör'i-al, a. ব্ৰস্কা সংখীয় Belonging to arms;— অভিকাতিক দিক্তৃত্ব, Pertaining to coat of arms; heraldic,—বৰ্ম সংক্ৰীয়; Belonging to armour.

Armorio, a-ro'm-ik, a. Belonging to Brittany in France.

Armoury, Armory, armur-i, n. প্রাচীন কালের সংগৃথিত ব'ম, অস্থাগার; A collection of ancient armour; the place in which arms are made or kept; arsenal.

Army, armi, n. [Fr. armée—L. armata.] দৈও; A body of men armed for war, — জনসমূহ; A host. [the army. Army list, দৈয়-ভানিকা, A list of officers in

Army 11st, নেক্ত-তানিকা, A list of officers in Arnica, ar'm-kå, n. বৃতা বিশেষ; A plant used in medicine.

Aroma, a-rō'ma, n. [Gr.] ( নিতু.) সর্প্রকাবেশ সৌৰত, Flavour of any kind;—সৌৰত; বৃক্ষসভাদির সকলেনালিতা; The tragrant quality in plants.

Aromatic, ar-o-matik, Aromatical, ar-o-matik-al, a. সুগদি, মুলবাবুত; Spicy; fragrant; — n. মুক্তবা; a substance that is aromatic; perfume. [render fragrant; to perfume. Aromatise, a-rō'mat-iz, v. t. সুগদি ক্যা; To Aromatisation, a-rō'mat-iz-áshun, n. মুক্তিক্যা; The act of rendering aromatic.

Arose, a-16z. Past tense of arise.

Around, a-round, prep. roffice ; On all sides

of ;-ad. soffice ; grea wer; On every sides, in a circle.

Arouse, a-rowi, [ a and Rouse from the root of raise ] v. t. जानदिङ कवा ; উত্তেজিত कवा ; To stir up ; to excite.

Arquebusade, arkwi-bus-ইবে, n. বৰ্ক হইতে গোলা নিকেপ; Shot of arquebuse;-- কত আরো-গাৰি বাৰছত সুগৰি বাৰি; Aromatic lotion used for the cure of wounds.

Arquebuse, Arquebuss, är'kwi-bus, n. [Fr. arquebuse, from Dut. haakbus-haak, hook, and bus, box, barrel of a gun; Ger. hakenbuchse. ] लाहीम धरापेय हाज-रन्क; An oldfashioned hand-gun.

Arquebusier, är'kwi-bus-हैंr', n. वस्वधारी रेत्रड ; A soldier armed with an arquebuse.

Arrack, ar'ak, n. [ Ar. araq, juice or sweet. ] नावित्कन, जान काजीह कुक जबर शांख श्टेरण अञ्चल च्या ; Liquor distilled from the cocoa-nut, palm, or rice; an ardent spirit used in East.

Arraign, ar-ran', v. t. [ O. Fr. aragnier, Fr. arraisonner-Low L .- arrationare-1, ad, to, ratio, reason. ] माधावन मगरक अखिरवान कहा :-To accuse publicly,—ৰন্দীকে আদালভের সন্মৰে উপস্থিত করা: To set as a prisoner at the bar of a court of justice :- (माबादबान कवा ; To charge with faults, -n=Arraignment. Syn. = Accuse, impeach charge, censure.

Arrange, ar-rang, v. t. [Fr. arranger-& (-L. ad, to), and ranger, to range-rang, a rank.] (भेगीयक करा ; मुधलायक करा , श्वित करा, वरमावन कवा ; विकाम कवा , To set in a rank or row ; to put in order, to put into proper order; to settle, to adjust; to dispose.

Arrangement, ar-ianiment, m. विश्वाम ; Orderly disposition :- 41471 : Settlement :- (3) নিৰ্দেশ; Adjustment; agreement; classification ,- আহোজন , Preparatory measure.

Arrant, ai'rant, a. [ Corr. of arghand, pr. p. of argh, the northern form of A. S. eargian, to be a coward, Ger. arg, bad. ] अधिमण ; পামৰ; Very bad; notorious.

Arras, ar'ras, n. [ From Arras in Northern France, where first manufactured. ] कुनकाइ নিমিত্ত চিত্রিত হয়; Tapestry; hangings for rooms, woven with figures.

Array, ar-ra, v. t. [ O Fr. arroi, array, equipage-L. ad, and a Teut. root, found either in O. Ger. rat (Ger. rath), Counsel, E. Read. or in E. Ready, Ger. be-reit. ] শ্ৰেণী পূৰ্বাক বাখা; To place or dispose in order; as, troops for battle ;-- मिक्कि कदा ; to deck or dress ;- 'arrayed in fine line"-(Law) कृषि मानानील करा ; to select jurymen ;—n. विश्वाम ; Disposition in regular lines ;-- वृष्ट ; बन ; विकान ; Men drawn up for battle ;- शविष्ट्य ; Dress ;- कृविश्र ; -The whole body of jurors summond to attend a court ;—বেণী, পুখলা; Order ;—সজা; Equipage.

Arrear, ar-rer', Arrears, ar-rer's, n. [ Fr. arrier, behind -L. ad, to, retro, back, behind. sthat which is in the rear or behind. ] अविशिष्ट रिय ररक्या : कार्या वा बर्शय व्यज्ञयानिक वा व्यवस्थि-শৌবিত অংশ ; A sum of money past due ; what remains unpaid or undone.

Arrears of rent, -- alfa quai !

Arrest, ar-rest', v. t. [ Fr. arreter for arrester -L. ad. to, resto, to stand still .- sto, to stand, akin to Sans. sthe (1), to stand, to stay. ] (1) क्वा ; वादा (क्वम् , To obstruct ; to stop ;-- वृत्त করা ; প্রেপ্তার করা ; seize, by authority :—আকর্ণ कदा ; to enagage ; to catch ; as, to arrest the attention ,-n. करवन ; गिल्दिशंव ; त्रिशांव ; the taking or apprehending of a person; stoppage; scizure by wairant.

Arrestment, ar-restment, n. sitesigaits जनवारीय जनदार ( यजकन ना छारांत निर्णय जावड रूप ); An order by a judge to detain.

Arrival, ar-rival, n. आश्रव: The act of arriving ;-- वाहिष वहार जेनाकाम ; the attainment of an object ;--ৰস্ত ৰা ব্যক্তির উপস্থিতি; persons or things that arrive.

Arrive, ar-riv, v. i. (fol. by at) [ Low L. adriptre-L. ad, to, ripta, a bank; as if, to reach the bank. ] উপস্থিত হওয়া ; To come to, to reach a place ;--বাঞ্ছিত বন্ধ উপাৰ্জন করা ; to gain an object by effort, practice, study, inquiry, reasoning, or experiment.

Arrive at a conclusion,—(of a factor Ga-ৰীত হত্তা , Come to a decision,

Arrogance, ar'rog-ans, Arrogancy, ar'rogans-i, Arrogation, a-ro-gashun, n. केन्डा; 林; Concertedness; presumption; haughtiness ;-- अन्धि डेक्टा वा गर्म ; undue assumption of importance,

Arrogant, ai'rog-ant, a. wolfige atel : Claiming too much ;- अश्यादी ; উद्भुष्ठ ; निर्दिष्ठ ; overbearing; proud.

Arrogate, at'og-at, [ L. arrogo-ad, to, rogo, rogatum, to ask, to claim. ] बिरक्त बनिश मांबी কৰা, To claim as one's own ,—গৰ্ম বা অস্থায় পুरूक न! वि कदा ; to assume or claim unduly or proudly.

Arrogative, arrog-at-iv, a. অসাম পুরুক প্রহ-শেক , অভিবিক্ত প্রাণী; Claiming unduly.

Arrondissement, ar-rondes-mant, #. [Fr. arronder, to make round-L. ad. and Fr. rond. ] করাসি অংশের বিভাগ; A subdivision of a French department.

Arrow, arro, n. [ A. S. arewe ; Ice. or, akinperhaps to Ice. örr, the swift. ] ভীৱ ; ৰাণ ; পর ; A straight pointed weapon, made to be shot from a bow. [ The point end of a arrow. Arrow-head, arro-hed, n. attie wasie; Arrow-headed, ar'ro-heded, s. "(144 wat-ভাগেৰ স্থাৰ আকাৰবিশিষ্ট; তীক্ষাত্ৰ; Shaped like the head of an arrow ;-- कन्कदर भाइन ; especially, applied to the wedge-shaped or cunciform alphabetical characters found in inscriptions at Persepolis, Nineveh, and Babylon.

Arrow-root, ar'ro-root, n. [ Said to be so named because used by the Indians of S. America as an antidote against wounds caused by poisoned arrows, ] MITTE; Flour obtained from the root of a family of West India plants

Arrowy, ar'ro-i, e 4471, Consisting of arrows, - 1999, formed like or resembling arrows

Arsenal, ar'se-nal, n [ Fr and Sp from Ar dar, a house and cin'at, trade ] অস্থ নিশাগার, वा बुरबानकद्यांनाव, A public magazine or manufactory of naval and military stores, -- -- --পাৰ, শহরত, a magazine for military stores Arsonic, ar'sen-ik, n [ Gr arsin, male, the alchemists fancied some metals male, others female ] ভেঁকোৰিৰ, সিমুল কাৰ, A pos-onous mmeral substance, -a Arsenical.

Arsenic, ar-sehik, a आर्रिनिक बांबा निर्दिख वा भार्तिनिक पूर्व, Composed of or containing

arsenic.

Arson, arson, n [ O. Fr. arson-L ardeo. arsum, to burn | हैक्का कविशा शुर्शीन नार कविशाव व्यवदाव , शृहणाहां श्रदांच , Crime of wilfully burning a house or other building

Art, art, [ A. S eart ] = , 2nd person singu lar of the present tense of the verb 'to be Art, dit, n [L ars artis, from root ar, to fit ] िहाविका , Anything done by human skill, the opposite of nature, - [447], knowledge applied to the uses of every day life-the oppo site of chence ,- 775 , (7197 , skill , dexteri ty, as, he knows the art of managing house hold affairs , -ছৰ , বুওভা , cunning artifice , as to rely on art more than strength -oter The bu intes, employment as the various arts of life -Syn skill dexterity profe sion, trade, calling, cunning, artifice, duplicity

Art and part -कार्याय উढावटन वो जन्मामान महिता, A share in contrivance and execution Art union, irt fligun n fing nigfs An as sociation for encouraging art

Fine arts, fin at " क्यांव fami , Poetry, mu sic, eloquence, architecture, painting sculp The arteries tuic and engriving Arterial, ar-tc'ii il, a धमनीमक्तीय, Of or in Arterialisation, arteri il iz izhun, n. 40 facing, The process of making into aiterial

blood.

adroitness

Arterialise, का रहाा-वी iz, v. र वक विटक्त कवी, To render the blood from the veins similar to that contained in the arteries.

Arteriotomy, ir teri o'oini n [Gr tome cutting ] ध्यनी ब्रिश वर श्रद्भ कदान, The open ing of an artery to let blood.

Artery, arter 1, n. [ I .- Gr. arteria, orig the wird pipe, the bronchie, thin applied to the arteries, pert conn with citan, fasten to hang from ] थम्भी , दक्वाहिनो नाफी , वक्षवाहिका Pigi, One of the vessels that convey the blood from the heart to all parts of the body

Artesian, ai-to zhan, a. | From Artois (and Artesium), in the north of France, where these wells are said to have been first made. ] Relating to Artor in France

Artesian well, at-it than wel, westeries ! Artistic, at total, artistical, at istik al.

And, A well made by boring into the earth till water is reached which from internal pressure springs up to the surface.

Artful, artfool, a 76, (कामनी, Cunning, crafty ,-n Artfulne is -adv Artfully

Arthritic, ar thritik | Gr arthron, a joint ] निकाशकाय . Applied to the joints or the gout Arthritis, ar thritis " [Gr. arti von a joint ] Aisaria, Inflammation of the joints; the

Artichoke, ar'ti chok r. [ Fr artichout, It articiocio, Sp a'iach fa-Ar all arshaf ] with farmy A kind of a riden segetable, in eatable plant with large scaly heads, like the

cone of the pine

Article, arti kl n [L articiles a little jo n', - artu a joint-icot ar to join ] 981 A clause or item in i cont ict - च्या particul ir thing, - 27%, a contribution in a peri che il -ferman In Gram a word put bel it in un to point it out and limit its application - feres ज् भ distinct part

Article, uti-kl v t निरम्भक होता वक्त करा To bind by conditions , - t & fe Fot, to sti

pulate

In the article of death, - Torrect In the mement of de ith in the list struggle or ageny Article clerk, anti kl klink, farque (-40 One lem dio al wyer [stipulati n Articles, util n pl for sta lens Articulata, un alitin af gi af f. Ta One of the sent divise of the semis kingdom d ignitive his creature which are encycled by period ing [ Beb 1 , totl int lob ter &c Articular, ar olul a a -11 5 1 -45, Artifice, antifice il ett ne mif fice an attifect -1 \* ( r t) i) il fect to make ] ( Per ce e mini ne - estati I mi c c ption 31 R. [11] strusem inc e, de oton fin 1 Artificer, at tic, n My cs वनक दी, A

contriver - #1844, a killed workmin or ci aftsman

Artificial, itt i-fi light, a. pagu, figlufus. अब देखिक Made ty ut-in oppe iti n to ni ture - fed, feigned, fictions artificial tears —কৌশবেত পাদিত ম রোপিত, অস্থাবজ cultivated, not be no of spontaneous growth, as aruficial Public.

Artificiality, at i fish, il iti, n ফুৰ্লিড়া বাক कार करन , I ne quality of being artificial Artisan, arti zin, n. [Ir aitisan, it art gizi s =L. as if art lianus-artitis, skilled in the arts-ars, artis, art j mifama, imafant a बाबमानहू-बाङि, A workm in s mech mic, a handiciafteman, one skilled in any art

Artist, whit, [ Fr artiste Ital artista-1 ars artis, art ] fast, ficona One skilled in an art especially in one of the fine arts, as paints , sculpture or architectire.

a. ठिल्लक्तप्रचीत ; निल्लीन्यकीत ; निल्लान्यकि ; Belonging to an artist ;—according to art ; ingenious.

Articulate, ar-tikul-at, a. সাইবাৰ্ণ উচ্চাবিত ;—
Distinctly uttered; সাবিত্বত ; jointed ;—v. t.
সাই কহিছা উচ্চাবণ কৰা ; to pronounce words
distinctly ;—বোধিত কৰা ; to joint ;—v. i. সাই
কহিছা পৰ উচ্চাবণ কৰা ; to speak distinctly ;—
n. an animal having the body and members
jointed.

Articulation, &r-tik-Ul-ashun, #. আই কৰিছা উচ্চাৰণ; Distinct pronunciation;—আই; সন্ধি; joint;—আছাদি সংযুক্ত কৰণ; a joining, as of bones;—ৰাজনৰণ; a consonant.

Artillerist, ar-tiler-ist, n. কামান চালাইতে দক ব্যক্তি; Gunner.

Artillery, ar-tifer-i, n. [Fr. artillerie-O. Fr. artiller, to arm: from a supposed Low. L. artillare-L. ars, artis, art.] কামান; মুভাত্ত; Weapons of war; great guns; -কামান নিদা; the science of artillery or gunnery.

Artillery-man, ar-tiler-i-man, n. কাৰ্যান স্কালক সৈক ; A soldier of the artillery.

Artless, artless, a. স্বল; অকৃতিন ; অকৃতি ; নিছ্বত্ত ; Unskilful ; natural ; simple ; sincere ; guilcless ;—n. artlessness. [ plant.

Arum, a-rum, n. কচ্পাছ; A kind of small Aruspice, a-ruspis, n. [L. aruspex or haruspex—haruga, or arviga, from aries, a ram—a ram for sacrifice, and specio, to view.] ভবিষ্যকা; A soothsayer; a diviner by the inspection of entrails.

Aruspicy, a-ruspi-si, n. পত্ৰ পৰীবাভাতৰ প্ৰীকাকবণান্ত্ৰ ভবিষাৎবাণী; Divination by inspection of the entrails of beasts,

Aryan, ari-an, a. [Sans. arya, excellent, probabled to Gr. aristos, the best.] sign; Relating to the Indo-European family of nations or to their language.

As, az, conj. মত: Like; similar to;—মধন; while;—হাবে; In the idea, character, or condition of;—মধা; for example;—বেহেডু; since; because,—ad. in the same degree; as, he is as brave as a lion;—relative, মে, মাহা; who or which; as such tears as angels weep.—n. পবিন্যাণ বিশেষ; a Roman weight of 12 ounces.
As the crow flies,—কি সোকা; In a straight line.

As ever, (an adverbeal phrase) চিব্ৰাল; জন্মশ্রুকা; Like what one always is or has been: as:—But I see you are still as unfortunate as ever.—Thackeray.

As far as, — বতদ্ব ; বতদ্ব স্তব ; To that extent or degree or distance; as:—Now as far as this instruction is applied to the young, it goes under the name of education—T. Arnold.

As follows,— To: Thus and for instance.
As for,— Tour; As regards; with respect to; concerning;—as:—And as as for leaving her untaught, on your own showing she has been taught too much already.—C. Kingsley.

As good as, -- नमान ; बावनिक ; Same ; not less than ; in effect.

As good as one's word,—বা কথা ভাই কাৰ; Fulfilling one's promise.

As good as play,— अवास महनारव ; Very interesting or amusing.

As if,—(44; In the same way that it would be if: as:—At Bristol the adherents of Sir John Knight rang the bells as if for victory.
—Macaulay.

[ wise.

As it is,— and magin; Since it is not other.

As it wore,— as; As if; so to speak. as:—

So all the land-forces of France had voted, as it were, by beat of drums—Kinglake.

As ill luck woud have it,—ছুৰ্ভান্তৰে; (Colloq) Unfortunately.

As like as two peas,—রিক; Very similar.
As one man,—সকলে এক চিত্তে; Without a single exception.

[ As it changed.

As luck would have it,—ঘটনাক্ৰমে; (Collog) As much,—ভাহাই; The same.

As much to say,—Just the same as saying. As much again,—বিখা Twice as much. [wise. As soon as,—বত পীন; Immediately at or after another event. [ trinsic character.

another event. [trinsic character.

As such,—(AR 48; In that chracter; in inAs though,—(AR; Supposing that; as if; as:
—They walked as though they had never been
parted, slowly, with the gray twilight closing
round them.—Thackeray. (b) He loved the
child as though she were her own—Dickens.

As to,—Atta; Regarding; concerning. as:—
(a) As Charales had no children, there were
disputes as to the succession and several
treaties were made to settle it.—Freeman.
(b) They hesitated and balanced as to their
course—Dean Merivale. (c) In speaking of
the revolution of 1688,; I can imply no doubt
whatever as to its merits.—T. Arnold

As the day is long,—সমত দিন; All the day; continually. [ing to circumstances. As the case may be,—অবস্থামত; Accordas the matter stands,—বৰ্তমান অবস্থাম; In the present state of alfairs.

As the sands on the sea-shore,— সাংখা; Very numerous. [ing is. As they say,—বেমন লোকে বলে; As the say-

As things are or go, - 46414 44711, In the present state of affairs.

As the story goes or runs,—ইবা বলা ২য়; It is said; the story is this.

As well, - with; Also; too.

As well as,—at; Entry; And; also; equally with. As:—(a) The next King Lewis the Twelfth, claimed the Dutchy of Milan as well as Naples.—Freeman. (b) No doubt people came to see the fair organist as well as to hear her.—Thackeray.

As the word goes,—চনৰ অসুনাৰে; According to ordinary standards.

As usual,—বীতি অনুনাবে; As it is the custom. As yet,—অন্যাপি, এংনত পৰ্যান্ত, Until now; up to the present time. as .--.a Mathematics and Parmenides are enough for him as yet -0 Kingsley (b) The means which he had taken to secure quiet did not seem to have succeeded as yet -Thacheray.

Asafotida, Asafetida, as-a-fefi-da, n [Per asa, name of the plant and L fatidus, stinking fetid asa, a medicinal gum, having an offensive smell, made from a Persian plant called asa ] fer, A gum-resm of very offensive smell

Ascarides, as-ka-rids, n. FA, The small in-Ascend, as-send, v. t [L. ascendo, ascensum, -ad, to, and scando, to climb, Sans skand, to leap upwards ] আহেশহণ কৰা , To climb ,-- v. : चारवार्ग कवा , to mount.

Ascendant, as sendant, a ( ), এবল , Supenor, predomiment,-- मिक्यकरनव छेनविश्विक, above the horizon ,- 11 Man Mala superior influence ,- पृक्षपूक्त , ancestor ,- (चंडण , superionty,-क्यकांनीन अधूनिक दानिहरूद अ अ-विकार, (astrol ) the part of the ecliplic rising above the horizon at the time of one s birth . it was supposed to have commanding influence over the person's life, hence the phrase, in the ascendant.

To be in the ascendant,—উন্নতি করা, প্রভাব भागी इन्द्रा , To flourish , to have commanding influence

His star is in the ascendant,-State মৌভাগ্য উদিত হইয়াছে, তাঁহার ভাগা পুল্লমর, lie is in luck's way, said of a person to whom some good fortune has befallen and who is very prosperous According to astrology, those leading stars which are above the horizon at a person's buth influence his life and fortune when those stars are in the ascendant, he is strong, healthy, and lucky, but when they are depressed below the horizon his stars do not shine on him, and he is in the shade and subject to ill fortune

Ascendency, as-senden-si, n क्या , अन्य , Power, controlling influence, authority Be in the escendency,—शहादमाली ब्हा.

Have supreme power.

Ascension, as senshun, n [ L ascensioascendo, -ad, to, and scando, to climb, Sans Skand, to leap upwards ] \$5 944, A rising or going up

Ascension day or Holy Thursday,-औरहेद वर्गारवांश्न , नर्स निन , I he day on which Christ's ascension to Heaven is commemoraf or tending to rise

Ascensive, as-sen-iv, a उत्त्वन्येत , Relating Ascent, as sent, n witted, the act of rising ,- withit 94, the way by which one ascends ,- उक्रश्न , a hill or high place ,- निय-ব্ৰব্ৰণড়া , inclination , slope

Ascertain, ar-ser-tan, v t [L ad, to, and restum, certain or sure, he certain, true, unquestionable ] निक्य करां, To make suie, - निक्रभा करा to find out by examination.

Ascertainable, a-fastit; Capable of being ascertained ,- n. 4494, 444, ascertainment

Ascetic, as-setik, # [Gr asketes, one that uses exercises to train himself. ] नार्थविशेन करोाय जनजानवादन , करोाद जनकी , त्वाब मजाभी ; One rigidly self-denying in religious observances a strict hermit,-(पानी, नशानी . a hermit ,- a निर्होदीन , अनः नदाशन , excessively rigid in religious exercises, - A(A) 45/14, re-sively rigid austere ,- a Ascetical

Asceticism, as seti-sizm, n देवतेत्रा, महानि: जनमा , The practice of ascetics

Ascititious, as-sit-ishus, a See Adscititious. Ascir, ashi-i, Ascians, ashi-anz, [ L ascir from Gr a, privative, and skia, a shadow ? » (pl) मशास्कारन (ब लाकिनिश्तंब स्था शरु ना . Persons, who at certain times of the year at noon have no shadow Such only are the in habitants of the Lorrid Zone, who have, twice Dropsy of the belly a vear a vertical sun Ascites, as sit-Ts, n [ Gr askis, belly ] 474] Ascribable, a-skriba bl a MISIMA, That may be attributed to

Ascribe, a-skrib, t t. [ L. as 1160 -scriptum —ad, to, scribo, to write. ] बारवान क्दा , lo at tribute, to impute, refer

Ascription, a skiip'shun, n. Altain, The act of attributing to

Ash ash, [ A. S cesc, Ger esche Ice-askr ] वृक्षविद्रण्य, A tree valuable to its timber a আশ্বন্ধ নিশ্মিত বা সংক্রাপ্ত , Milic of or pertain ing to the ash

Ash coloured, ash kalurd a. स्टूबर कृष् वर्षfafag, Coloured between brown and grey Ash Wednesday, ash wenzda, Mymafarmy The first day of Lent, so cilled from the Roman Catholic custom of sprinkling ashes in the head.

Ashamed, a-shamd, a [ Pa p of old sub ashame-a, inten , and thame ] निकल , Confu sed from a sense of guilt touched with shame Ashen, a-shen,a wir क्र निर्मित , Made of th Ashes, ashes, n (pl) wa , with, The du t or remains of anything burned, - fi si sa, the rem uns of the human body when burnt

To be reduced to ashes,—क्षीहर रक्षा , To be turned to ashes

Pale as ashes, - Myaf , Very pale Rise from one's ashes, - भूनक्कीवित्र इंड्रा Rise from the grave, be restored to life Ashery, ashei-i, " जन्नश्चर, व गर्वाद जन्न-

নিকেপ করা হয় . An ash-pit.

Ashler, ashlar, Ashler, ashler, n. [Fi asseile, dim. of ass, a plank, L assis, a plank -assula, a little plank, a shingle ] (stfue & পৰিষ্ঠ প্ৰতৰ Free-stones as they come from the quarry, hewn stones for facing wall,

Ashore, a-shor', adr [ Prefix a, and shore ] ভীবে, On shore, - मनी ভীবে বা ভোষ আৰম্ভ, stranded.

Ashtoreth, ashto-reth, n. [ Phen and Aram. Fortune, the planet Venus, the spouse of Baat.] (२३); A goddess of the ancient Sidonians and Philistines.

Ashy, ashi, a. ভব্ৰং ; পাতু ; Like ashes ; pale. Asiatic, a-shi-atik, Asian, a-shi-an, a. আপিয়া সম্বীয় ; Belonging to Asia.

Asiaticiam, a-shi-ati-sizm, n. আদিয়া বাদী-দিবের বীতি অপুকরণ; Imitation of Oriental man-

Aside, a-sid, ad. একপাৰে; To one side:—এক-দিকে; স্বনান্তিকে; apart from the rest;—গো-প্ৰে; in private.

Aside from,—আবো; Apart from; besides. To set aside,—বোপ ক্রা; বদ ক্রা; To annul. Asinine, aśin-in, a. পর্ক্ত সম্মীয় বা পর্ক্তব্য; Of or like an ass.

Ask, ask, v. t. [A. S. acsian, ascian, Ger. heischen, Ice. æskja, Sans. ish, to desire.] অনুস্থান কৰা; To inquire;—ৰাচ্কা কৰা; অনুবোধ কৰা;—to beg; to request: to solicit;— এল কৰা; to question;—আপ কৰা; to require, demand, expect;—v.i. অনুবোধ কৰা; প্ৰাৰ্থনা কৰা; বাংলা কৰা; to request or petition;—Syn. Request, solicit, entreat, require, demand, petition.

For the asking,—vifer পাজা যা; Mere asking being all that is necessary (to get a thing). as:—Mrs. Osborne had no watch, though to do George (her husband) justice, she might have had one for the asking.—Thackeray.

Askence, a-skans, Askant, a-skant, ad. [O. Fr. a scanch; it. schiancio, a slope, from the root of slant.] বৃত্তাবে; কটাকে; Sideways; away, obliquely.

Askew, a-sku' a. [a, on and skew, ] পাৰে;
বজৰপে, ভিৰাগভাৰে; Away; obliquely. aside.
Aslant, a-slant, [a, on and slant.] পাৰে, বজকপে, On one side; obliquely. [rest.
Asleep, a-slep', a. বিজিড; সুধ্ব; Sleeping; at
To fall asleep,—বিজা বাঙ্যা।

Aslope, a-slop, adv. চাল্ডাবে; On a declivity. Asp, asp, Aspio, asp'ık, n. [Fr.—L. and Gr. aspis.] তীক বিষয় কুলু সৰ্গ; A small but exceedingly venomous scrpent.

Asparagus, as-per'a-gus, n. [L.-Gr. as-peragos.] =1= fat=10; A garden vegetable.

Aspect, aspekt, n. [ L. aspectus—ad, at, specso, to look.] আকৃতি; Countenance; mien;
—দৃষ্ট; look; view;—নংকিডি; অবহান; position or situation;—অবহা; state of affairs.

Aspen, asp'en, n. [A. S. æsp, Gcr. äspe.]
বৃদ্ধ বিশেষ; The trembling poplar;—a. আমেনা
বৃদ্ধবিশিষ বা নদৃশ; Made of, or like the aspen.
Shake like an aspen leaf,—কশিষ্ড হুডা;
Ouiver to and fro.

Asper, as-per, Asperous, as-per-us, a. अभगान ; कर्न ; Rough, rugged, harsh.

Asperate, asper-at, v. t. [ L. asper, rough. ]
অসমাৰ; কৰ্বপ কৰা; To make rough or uneven.
Asperity, as-per'i-ti, n. [ Fr.—L. asperitas—

asper, rough. ] अन्यानचा ; वसूत्रचा : कर्बन्छा ; Uneveness ; harshness ; severity.

Asperse, as-pers, v. t. (L. aspergo,—spersum—ad, to, on, spargo, to scatter.) সেচন করা;
To sprinkle;—নিশা করা; to slander;—Syn. slander, defame, calumniate, vilify.

Aspersion, as-per'shun, n. স্কেন ; A sprinkling, as of water or dust in a literal sense ;—
অপ্ৰায় ; slander ; calumny ; base insinuation.
Aspersory, as-per-sor-i, a. বিশাস্তক ; Defamatory.

Asphalt, as-falt, Asphaltum, as-faltum, n. [Gr. asphaltos.] Protog; A hard bituminous substance;—a. Asphaltic.

Asphodel, asso-del, n. [Gr. asphodelos.]
লভাবিশেষ; A perennial plant.

Asphyxia, as-fiksi-a, n. [Gr. asphyxia—a, privative, and sphyxis, the throbling pulse, the pulse, from sphyxo, to throb, to beat violently.] বাসবোধ; মুহ্ছা; Suspended animation, especially that from suffocation; swooning.

Asphymiated, as-fiksi-at-ed, a. क्यांन;

Aspirant, as pir'ant, n. আৰাজী; One who seeks with eagerness; a candidate.

Aspirate, aspirat, v. t. [1. aspiro, aspiratus, See Aspire.] পাৰ্থ উচ্চাৰণ কৰা; To pronounce with a full breath;—a.পাৰ্থাচ্চাৰিত; pronounced with a full breath;—a. পাৰ্থাচ্চাৰণ স্বক চিক; the mark of aspiration.

Aspiration, as-pi-rashun, n. [aspiratio, from aspiro, aspiratus.] দীৰ্ঘেচাৰণ; Pronounciation of a letter with a full breath;—মাক্তিকা; লান্সা; ardent wish or desire to attain,

Aspiratory, as-pi-rator-i, a. वानमवकीय ; Relating to breathing.

Aspire, as-pir', v. i. [I. aspiro, atum—ad, to, spiro, to breathe.] আকালা কৰা; To desire eagerly; to aim at something elevated.

Asquint, a-skwint, [Pfx. a, on, and Squint.]

এক পাৰে; বক্ষাৰে; বক্ষানে; Towards one
side, obliquely; towards the corner of the eye.

Ass, as, n. [A. S. assa. The word, originally perhaps Semitic, has spread into all the

Eur. long.; it is a dim. in all but Eng.—L.

as-inus, Gcr. es-el. ] গৰ্কত; Donkey;—মুখলোক;
নিৰ্কোধ ব্যক্তি; stupid fellow. [delute one

To make an ass of one,—প্ৰভাৱণা ক্যা; বিশোধনে

মুক্ষু কুলা; To become bankrupt.

The ass waggeth his ear, - বাহাৰা মূৰ্য হইবা বিহানের মৃত কথা কাছে; Applied to those who lack learning, and yet talk as if they were very wise.

An ass in a lion's skin,—বে বাজি ভীক হইবা বীবের মত দেখায়; বে মূর্ধ হইবা জানীর মত দেখায়; A coward, who hectors, a fellow that apes the wise man.

[ বা; Never.

Till the ass ascends the ladder,—ক্ষ্ব Asse's bridge,—ইউরিডের জামিডির প্রথম জ্বাধ্যের ব্য প্রভীজা; Prop 5. Book I. of Euclid.

An ass between two bundles of hayশিবিল প্রক্তিক লোক; Waverer; an irresolute porson.
Assail, as-sai, v t [Fr assaillir, L. assilire,

ad, upon, and salio, to leap ] আক্রমণ করা, To attack with violence,—নিলা করা, to attack with arguments, consure, abuse, or criticism Assailable, as-sala-bl, a আক্রমণীয়, That may be attacked. [who attacks Assailant, as-salant, n. আক্রমণীয়, One Assassin, as-salant, n. [Fr—Ar hashishin, the followers of an Eastern robber-chief, who fortified themselves for their adventures by hashish, an intoxicating dink made from hemp] গুরুষ্ভর One who kills or attempts to kill by surprise, or secretly.

Assassinate, as sassin-at, v t শোপনে হত্যা কৰা, To kill or to attempt to kill by sui prise Assassination, n গুণ্ডহা, উপাং কৰণ, Secret murder [A murderer by surprise Assassinator, as-sassin-at-or, n. গুণ্ডাক, Assault, as-sawit, [Fr. assant, O Fr. asalt,—L ad, upon, sultus, a leap] n. নালা, নাল গিট, হঠাৎ আক্ষণ, A violent attack, with physical means, a sudden attack,—বুক্তি নালা অভিনাল, an attack with moral means, as words, arguments appeals and the like,—v t. আক্ৰণ কৰা নালিপিট কৰা, to fall upon with violence, to attack.

Assay, as-sa, v t [Fr essayer, from It. assaggiare, to taste, to prove, to try, from Low L evagum, a balance, a kind of weight appointed as a standard, from L. exago, to weigh, to examine, to measure, Low Gr exaginn, a weighing, exagrazo, to examine, to weigh carefully or exactly ] six six six of the prove, as metals, —v :. (or said, to attempt.

Assay, as-গৰ্ম, m. বৰ্ণ বা বৌপ্যের বিওছতা পৰীকা, প্ৰীকিত স্থ্য, Examination or tital, as of the purity of silver or gold, the thing tested.

To take the assay,—मन्त्राचान क्यां , To taste wine, to prove it is not poisoned, master Assayer, as-saer, n. 419 भरीकक, Assay Assemble, as-sembl, v. t. [Fr assembler, Low Lat assimulare-L. ad, to, simul, together, at the same time, Gr. homos, A. S sam, same, Sans sam, to gether ] अक्छ करा, अबद्धक कदा , To collect , to call or bring to --- ৩ ঃ সন্মিনিত ২৬খা , একব্রিত হওয়া , to mect together, -Syn. Collect, convoke, convene Assemblage, as-sembla n বাকি বা বন্ত সমূহের अभवास . A collection of individuals or things Assembly, as-semble, " मर्ग, खरेवध सम्मा, A number of persons met in the same place for a common object, a congregation, a convocation, unlawful assembly

General Assembly, স. ফটলত দেখীয় ধর্মসংক্রান্ত শ্রেষ্ঠ বিভারাকার, The highest ecclesiastical court in Scotland

Assent, as-cent, v. s. [ L —ad, to, sentio, to think ] সম্ভ হত্যা, To agree to ,—সম্ভ হত্যা, to concur, to admit, as true,—n. স্বীকাৰ,

মৃদ্ধি, act of admitting, agreeing, consent; agreement,—Syn. Agree. concede, concur, approve.

Royal assent in England, ন্যবস্থা পাছ-লিপিতে বাজাব সম্মতি, The assent of the sovereign to a bill which has passed both House of Parliament.

Assert, as-sert, [ L assero, assertum, to lay hold of, declare—a l, to and sero, to join, knit ] v. t. নিক্ষ কৰিছা বনা, প্ৰতিপাদন কৰা, lo affirm positively, to maintain,—Syn. Affirm, aver, declare, pronounce.

Assortion, as ser'shun, n. নিশ্চিত থাকা , উঞ্জি; Positive or strong declaration, affirmation

Assertive, as sert-iv, a. বিকা বাকা হচক , Affirming confidently

ABBOB, as-ses, v t [Fr. assecur—L. assidere, assessum, to sit by, esp. of judges in a court (in Low L to set, to fix a tax), frem ad, t) and sedeo, to sit ] কৰ ধাৰ্য্য কৰা. To fix the amount of tax, to tax,—ম্বা নিকপণ কৰা, to value,—কৰনিছাৰণাৰ মুবা বা লাভ নিৰ্ণয় কৰা, To fix the value or profits of, for taxation,—জম্মানে স্থিব কৰা, to estimate

Assessable, ar sera bl ব কর্মারণের উপ-মুক্ত, That may or ought to be a le sed

Assessment, as-seement —কর্মানকপা বা নির্দাব বণ, কর, A valuation for the purpose of taxation, tax.

Assessor, as-seson, n করনিৰ্দাবক, One appointed to assess persons or projectly for the purpose of taxation,—বি াৰপতিৰ সংগ্ৰহ, one who is called upon to assist the judge

Assessorial, is-ses ট'ri al a কৰ নিৰ্মাৰ সংখ্যাৰ, Pertaining to an assessor

Assets, assets, n plu [M E. asith Frasses, enough—L ad, to sates, enough ] মুখ ব্যক্তির বা ঋণ পরিশোধনে জ্ঞান ব্যক্তির সম্পতি, Funds or property available to payment of debts or legacies &c, the property of a deceased or insolvent person,—কোন বণিক বা বণিক সমিতিয় সর্বাপ্রকান সম্পতির সম্পত্তি, the entire property of all sorts belonging to a merchant or to a trading association.

Assoverate, as seve-at, v t. [L. assevero, atum—at to, severus, serious Sec Severe.] নিক্য কবিয়া বশা, শৃপথপুনিক বলা, lo declare positively, to affirm solemnly,—Syn. Affirm, assert, protest, pronounce declare.

Asseveration, as seve richun, n নিক্ষ কথন, দুট টক্তি, A positive declaration, a solemn affirmation.

Assiduous, as sidu-us, a [L. asiduous, sitting close at—ad to, it, sedeo, to sit.] অভিবিৰিষ্টচিত্ত, অধ্যবসাধী, পরিভ্রমী, Very attentive; careful, diligent, persevering.

Assiduously, as sull us-li, adv. অধ্যবদামের দহিত, গাঁচ অভিনিৰেশপূর্কক, অভিনিবিহুটিভে, বন্ধু ও পরিশ্যের সহিত, With assiduty, diligently.
Assiduousness, as sull us-nes, Assiduity, as-sid u'i ti, n [L assiduitas—assiduut, sitting close at—ad, to, at, sedeo, to sit.] অধ্য-

বৃদায়; উদ্যোগ; গাঁচ অভিনিৰেশ; Constant apolication or diligence.

Assign, as-sin, v.t. [Fr. assigner—L. assignare, to mark out—ad, to, signum, a mark or sign.] বিশ্বেশ-কৃ; To appoint; to allot;—ছিন্তু; To fix or specify; as, to assign a limit;—হ্যান্ত্র-কৃ; To transfer;—বিশ্বেশ-কৃ; To allege. Assignable, as-sina-bl, a. হ্যান্ত্র করণ বোগা; Transferable;—বিশ্বপন্তিয়; That can be allotted or specified.

/ signation, as-sig-na'shun, n. দাৰ; সমৰ্থ ; The act of assigning or allotting; transfer;— সাকাৎ কবিবার নিদিট্ট ছাৰ বা সময় (পাৰ); An appointment of time and place for meeting; love-

appointment.

As. ignoe, as-sin-ই ল. plu. বত্তীভূত সম্পত্তিৰ ভাৰধাৰকগণ; The trustees of a sequestered estate;—বাহাৰ নিকটে কোন সম্পত্তি তত করা হয়; One to whom any right or property is assigned,—অতিনিধি; তত্ত্বাৰধানক; A person appointed to do something; the manager of a bankrupt estate. [assignes.

Assigner, as-sin-er, n. সম্প্ৰাইী, One who Assignment, as-sinment, n. [See Assign]. সম্পিত বয়; The thing assigned;—মত ইতাইব কৰে; The transference of some right or interest;—হতাইব কৰে পত্ৰ, The writing by which any thing is transferred,—মণ প্ৰিশোধনে অক্ষম্বাক্তির বিষয় সম্পূৰ্ণ; The transfer of the property of a bankrupt to certain person, called assignees, in whom it is vested for the benefit of creditors.

Assimilate, as-simil-না, vt. [ L. assimilo, atum—ad, to, similos, like ] সমূল-কু; To make like, — নদুল পালাবে পালিক কৰা, যথা—খাদা পৰিপাক কৰিয়া লৈহিক উপাদানে (শোলিতে) পাৰিণ্ড কৰা, To convert into a like sub-tance, as food into our bodies;—সমূল হওয়া; To grow similar,—v.i. শ্ৰীবেৰ উপাদানে পৰিণ্ড হওয়া, To be converted into the substance of the body.

Assimilation, as-simil-ashun, n. পৰিপাৰ প্ৰাৰী; The process by which plants and animals convert food into the various tissues of their own proper substance.

Assimilative, as-smill-al-iv, Assimilatory, as-smill-al-or-i, a. সমুশ পদাৰ্থে পৰিবউনক্ষ; Having power or tendency to assimilate.

Assist, as-sist, v.t. [L. assisto, to stand by—ad, to, sisto, Gr. histeni, to make to stand.]
সাহায়-ক; To help; to succour; to relieve;—
v.i. সাহায়-ক; To lend aid;—উপস্থিত-ই; To be
present. Syn...Aid, help, second, back, support,
further, succour, befriend, relieve.

Assistance, as-sistans, n. সাহায়; সহায়তা; Help; relief; aid; succour.

Assistant, as-sistant, a. माराचा कवरण ७९णव ; माराचाकावी ; मरकावी ; Helping or lending aid ; —n. माराचाकावी वालि ; One who assists ; a helper.

Assize, as-siż, v.t. [O. Fr. assise, an assembly of judges, a set rate—asseour—L. assideo—from a.t, to and sedeo, to sit. ] মুলা বা পৰিমাণ

ত্বিৰ-ক: To fix the quality or pane: -- n. পৰিবাণ, ভাব, ও দৰ নিৰূপক ব্যবস্থা; A statute regulating the weight; measure price of commodities.

Assizor, as-sizer. . ওয়ৰ ও ভাব পৰীক্ষক; ভাৰ ও পৰিষাণ পৰীক্ষক কৰ্মচাৱী; An officer who inspects weights and measures.

Assizes, as-sizes, n. pl. প্রাদেশিক বিচার-সমিভিত্র
বাশাসিক অধিবেশন; প্রাদেশিক বাশাসিক বিচারসমিভি; The sessions or sittings of a court held in countries twice a year, at which causes are tried by a judge and jury; the courts of

justice held in countries twice a year, at which causes are tried by a judge or jury.

Associable, as-sত-shi-a'bl, n. দ্মিন্দ্ হোগা; Companionable.—n=Associableness; associability; associateship.

Associate, as-sō'shi-āt, v.t. [L. associo—ad, to, sosius, a companion.] সংস্প-ক; To join in company; as a friend or companion;—v.i. সংযোগ-ক; To unite in the same mass;—মিলিড-ই; স্থিপিড-ই; To unite in company; to keep company; implying intimacy;—যুক্ত-ই; To combine or unite;—a. সংযুক্ত; Joined or connected with;—n. ব্ৰু; দুলী; A friend; companion;—মংশীপাৰ; সহযোগী; A partner; confederate. Syn.—Companion; mate, ally; coadjutor; friend; partner.

Association, as-sū-shi-A'shun, n. সাধাৰণ হিতাৰ বহুবাজিৰ সন্মিলন; The union of persons in a company for mutual benefit:—সম্ভ : A company; society; guild:—বোগ (চিন্তাৰ); Connection, applied to ideas.—a.≈associational; associative.

Assoilzie, as-soilye, v. [Through Fr. from L. absolvere—ab, and solvo, to loose.] অভিযুক্ত ব্যক্তিকে পোবাৰোপ হইতে মুক্ত কৰা; বালাস দেখা বা ক্ষা কৰা; To free one accused from a charge; a Scotch law term, the same as the archaic assoil, to absolve from sin, discharge, pardon.

Assonance, asson-ans, n. [L. ad, to, sonans, scunding.] স্বৰেৰ বিশ; Correspondence in sound;—সম্পন্ধ; Resemblance of sound:—বিত্যা-ক্ষাবিশেষ; In Sp. and Port. poetry, a kind of rhyme, consisting in the coincidence of the vowels of the corresponding syllables, without regard to the consonant.

Assonant, asson-nant, a. [L. ad, to, sonans, sounding.] সম্বৰ্ত্ত; Resembling in sound.
Assort, as-sort, v. t. [Fr. assortir—L. ad, to sors, a lot.] শ্রেণ বিভাগ-ড়; To arrange in class:—v.i. সঞ্জিত-ড়; ঘণাক্রমে বিভাগ-ড়; ঘিলিত১. To agree with; to suit.

Assortment, as-sortment, n. বিভাস; শ্ৰেণী-বিভাস, সক্ষিত পদাৰ্থসমূহ; বিবিধ প্ৰকাৰ; Quantity or number of things assorted; the act of separating into lots or arranging into classes; classification; variety.

ABBUREO, as swaj, v t. [O. Fr. formed as if from a L. assuviare—suavis, mild, sweet, akin to Sans swad, sweet taste.] কোণল কয়া; প্ৰশাস্তিক বুলিক বুল

to alleviate, appeare allay — u:. প্রশমিত-হ,

Assuagement, as-swij'ment, n. अनम्ब , छ्रा-

Assuasive, as-'wi'div, a পান্তিকাৰক, উপপ্ৰ-কাৰী Soothing mitigating.

Assuetude asswe-tūd n [L assuescere, assetum to accustom to ] রীজি, Custom, habit Assume, as-sūmi, vt. [L—ad to sums sumtum to take.] এহণ-ক, বাভার গ্রহণ কবা, To take or take upon one's self—-স্বীকার কবিবা লগে। To take for granted or without proof——আত বিল্যা ভান-ক, To pretend to posses—

गামিনভাবে বা অস্তায়পূর্মক লাবি কবা, To allogate—

v: অহকার-ক, অহলা লাবি-ক, To be arrogant, to claim more than is due. Syn =Arrogate, usurp appropriate

Assume the offensive, তখন আক্ষণকাৰী ব্ৰবা, এখন আক্ৰণ ক্ৰা, Be the aggressor.

Assuming, as dining a vites, state, set-

Assumption, as-sumshun, n. f L See Assume ) গুহণ, The act of taking —বিশাসনাগৈ পীকাৰ Supposition taken for granted —কল্লিড বন্ধ The thing supposed proposition assumed —পাৰেছণ, The taking up into Heaven, —applied to Vien Mary

Assumption day, as-sumshun dī, ১০ট আগা, ঘোৰৰ কৰাবৈ কাণৰে কা Fan The 15th August so called in honour of the Virgin Mary who (according to Roman and Greek Catletic churchs) was taken to heaven that day in her corporal form

Assumptive is sumity a স্বীকাল, there is Assure, ash nucl' or t [Fr resure - ar and sur, sure ] দিশ্ব কু, বিষয় ৬ ংপ দন কু lo mike sure to ever confid nec — দ্বৰ , lo confirm — বীষা কৰা কৰা, বি unanantee ananst loss, to moure.

Ansured, ash-কালেনে, a নিকিড (crtum — জনন্দির, Indubitable — জন্মণ্টাক, Bold to cacess — ক'ভ হত্বে ভাহা পুরণ করেতে সাকুত, বাধা-কুত, Insured

Assurance, a h shoot and, n [I. See Assure and Sure ] নিশ্চয় কৰন Declaration to dispel doubt —পূণবিশাস Full confidence, film persur i ion —নুম্পূৰ্ব নিশ্চয়তা. Utmost certainty — সংস্কৃত্য (outage elf-reliance, interpolity, undo the ing of admiss — প্ৰপ্ৰকৃত্য (impudence, - বিশ্ব in uniformapplied to life, Assurance more used of life contingencies, and increase of other contingencies.

Aster, aster, n [tir aster a star ] কুৰ্বাছ feres A genus of plants with compound flow tir like little stars [like stars Asteriated, as ter-i-ated, a ভাৰাৰত, Radiated Asteriake, aster-ish n [Cr asteriskos, dim of aster a star ] ভাৰাৰুতি চিক্ত, A small star (\*) used to refer to a note, or to mark the omission of words, -- बानि, A constellation or star cluster.

Astoroid, aster-oid, n. [Gr. aster. a star, eidos, form ] মারদ এবং বুপিটাবের মধান্ত একটা কুক্ত উপগ্রহ, One of the minor planets revolving between Mars and Jupiter —a.= Asteroidal

Astern, a-stern, ad [ See stern, n. ] জাহাজের প্তাহাবে, প্তাহাবে, In, at, or towards the hinder part of a ship, behind

Asthorne, as-thenik, a. [Gr a, priv and sthenos, strength] চুৰ্মল, Weak, debilitated Asthma, astma, n. [Gr aō, aemi to breathe haid ] হাপানি কাশ, A disease of the organs of breathing, attended with cough and difficulty of breathing.

Asthmatic, ast mat'tk Asthmatical, astmit'ik il, a ই পানি কাশ গলেন্ত, বা তৎপাদাগ্ৰহ, Pertuning to or affected by asthma — শাস কতু-পাড়ত, I roubled with difficulty of breathing Astir, a ster at [ Sax on, and stir, ] প্ৰস্তুত,

On the move - 55913 , Active,

Astonish, as-tonish vt [I ex, out and tonore to thunder] সহসা আন্তর্গাধিত করা To impies with sudden surprise or wonder—fex, 19%—ক Surprise amaze. Syn.—Amaze, a tound overwheim, surprise

Astonishing, a torishing, a বিশ্বাকর, জ ভারত্বনক Very wonderful amazing

Asionishment, as tonish ment, n. fars, Amiz ment wonder

Astound, 25-townd of [M E. astonien a doublet of A tonish - L c., out, and t nare to thunder ] 35 fg 3, Fo strike dumb with ama ement to amaze

Astragal, a tragil n [G1 artreer'er one (t v t bia aim uding ] states प्रश्न विकास में किया का uding neith month of ceinon - दश्य वर्ष व का प्रश्न (व) The month the moulding round the top and bottom of the common of a pillar.

Astral, astral, a [1 astrum a star.conn. with star! ৰাজাঞ্জক, ভারাময়, Starry, belonging to the star

Astray, i-strৰ, ad [ Prefix a on, and stray] fames Out of the right way or proper place. To go astary—বিশ্বে যাওয়া, To go out of the right way [ to a wrong way. To lead astary—বিশ্বে লইয়া যাওয়া, To lead Astriction, as trikshun n [ L ad, to, and strayo, to bind ] সংযোগ, বজৰ, Act of binding সংস্কাত, A contraction of parts by applications.

Astride i-still nd [ Pre a on, and stride. ]
পাম্বিনিগুপ্ৰে, With one leg on each side —
ভোডা গড়িবার ২৬ চই পার্বে পা ব্লাইবা দিয়া, পা
ফাক করিয়া, With the legs apart or across a
thing

Astringe, as tring, vi. [L. ad, to and stringe, to bind] বন্ধন কয়া, সংযাদ কয়া, To bind togethe — সন্ধানত কয়া, To contract by pressing together

Astringency, as-trinfen-si, n, महादम गरिक,

নত্তি চৰাৰৰা, Power of contracting, state of being contracted.

Astringent, as-trinfent, a. [L. ad, to, and stringo, to bind.] সংস্কৃতিক, ধারক, Binding, contracting, strengthening—opposed to laxative, as astringent medicines—n সংস্কৃতিক, ব্যৱক উষণ, A medicine that has the power of causing vital contraction in the organic texture

Astrolabe, astro-fab, n. [Gr astron, a star. lab labane, I take.] সমূদ্রে প্রবেশ্ব ও ৰক্ষরসমূহের ক্ষেত্রা নির্ণয় কবিবার যন্ত্র, An instrument for measuring the altitudes of the sun or stars it sea, now superseded by Haldey's quadrant and sentant

Astrologer, as troto jet, n sta trass. The person who pretends to foretell events by the stars

Astrology, as-trologi, n (Gr astrologo-actron, tar, and lors knowledge) নক্ষ দেখিয়া ভাষাত্র প্রাণত কাণনাবিদ্যা ভাষাত্র বিদ্যা ভাষাত্র প্রাণত কাণনাবিদ্যা ভাষাত্র মিন কোতিয়া ভাষাত্র মিন কোতিয়া ভাষাত্র মিন কোতিয়া কান্য মিন pretended science of foretelling exents by observing the star — যা Astrologise—গুলাত গণনা করা, to precise astrology—a. istrological

Judicial astrology—নানবীৰ এব জাতীয় ভাগা এব কাৰ্যা গানাকারী জোতিশলাল A trology which pretend d to fretell the fate and act of nations and individuals

Natural astrology—পত অবং তাদেৰ পাৰ্থ সংক্ষায় টেনা প্ৰনাকাৰী জ্যোতিষ্পাত, A 'colegy which predicted exents of brite and in miniate nature, such as changes of the weall er

Astronomer, as-tronomer, n (5) 11 of 16. One versed in astronomy a Actionomic Astronomical adv = Astronomically

Astronomy, a -troiom in { Conservation a -astron, stir, nomes, a law } still fee e.

complete. The law or science of the star or heavenly bodies

Astute, ast-ūt, a [ astut is- astus craft akin perhaps to Acute ] 37 F 53 Frequency, significant, discerning, penetrating—n = Astutene = -atr - A tutely

Asunder, a-sunder, ad [ pix a=on, and sunder ] পুৰস্ভ ৰে . Apait, separately

As poles asunder—সম্পাৰ্থপ পুৰুষ ৷

Asylum, a-silum, n [1—(rr asylon—a, priv syle, right of scieure] অধন্ত অভিত্তবিবের আভার স্থান, A place of refuge for debiors and for such as were accused of some crime—
আভার, Sanctuary, a place of refuge—অনাথা
বন্, Charitable institution.

Asymptote, asim-tot, n [Gr. asymptotis, not coinciding—a, not, syn, with photos, apt to fall—pipto, to fall ] বক বেশার পিকচৰ অবজিয় বেশা, A line, which though continually approaching a curve never meets it.

At, at, prep [ A S æt, cog. with Goth and Ice. at, L ad, Sans. adhi, on ] ভগ্নিত, বৈন্দী বা সংক্ৰিক অব্যাহণ , It is a preposition denoting presence, nearness, or relation —

নিকটে, গিকে, Primarily, this word expresses the relation of presence, nearness in place or time, or direction towards, as at the ninth hour, at the house, to aim at an arrow—brom this original import are derived all the various uses of at, which denotes—হান, Place where, as, he is at home—সময়, Time when, as, at 4 o'clock—অবহা, State point of reference, decree—as, (i) it war, at ease, (2) he is good at writing a preface (3) at full speed—অবীনতা, Dependence upon—as, his friend lives at my expense—কাৰো. (2), কল, মুল; Reason effect, source, as at the news.

At all—বিশ্বাত অকেবারে, In the least degree or to the least extent [diately At once—এবনট, In the same instance, imme-At present—একংগ ৷ At first—শ্বায় ৷ At last—

जनरनदा । At least--शहरः।

Atavism, atav-ism n L. atovis-avus, a grandfather ] পুৰুষপ্ৰশেষ বিশেষত্ব বা বোগ,
The recurrence of any peculiarity or disease of an ancester in a later generation

Ato, at or et, ধ ইয়াছ, খাইয়াছি বা ধাইয়াছে, Did cat -pa p of Fat

Ato, n প্ৰতি সা এবং ক্তিদেবী, Goddess of ven cance end mi chief — ত্ৰুছদেবী, Goddess of intility. I his goddess was driven out of heaven and took refuge among the sons of men. With Ate by his side come hot from hell,

Cry havee' and let slip the dogs of war.

Shakespeare "Juhus Crsar', in I.

Athanasian ather noise in, a জাপানসিয়েল বাৰ্ক ব্যক্তি সম্ভাছ লা জংহ ভাৰত্যি , Pert unit eto Athanosius a Bishep of Alex ad it in the 4th cen tury or to the creed called by him—n আহাৰা-সিংসের মৃত্ত াখা ব্যক্তি, A follower of Athanasius, a trinit iten.

Atheism, ail i izm, n [Fr atle'isme—Gr. a pin and the s, God ] লাভিক গ, লেবীৰৰ-বাদ The disbenef in the extreme of a God.

Atherst, the ist, in although the state of a God who disbelieves in the exitence of a God

Atherstic, a the istik Atherstical, a theistik-al a নাতিক চান্ত্ৰীয়, Pertaining to Ather m —ad. = Atherstically

Atheling, a'the ling, n. বাসবংশীয় ব্যক্তি, One of noble or mynl descent [in Greece Athens, ath-cus, n প্রীকদেশের নগব, A city Modern Athens—প্রতিব্যব্ধা, Edinburgh.

Athenian, a theni-an, n. আহে স্বাসী, A native of Athens —a. আহেশসম্ভীয়, Of Athens Athenian Bee, a-tht/m an-be, সেটো, Plato so called on account of the sweetness and beauty of his style

Athensoum, Athensoum, ath e-ne'um, n [Gr. Athenson—Atlena or Athens, the Coddess Minerva] পুरदाय, रकुताव A public library with a reading 100in—कार्यका नगरंच भवको त्रवीत मांचव, A building at Athens dedicated to Minerva and frequented by men of learning—भाषावर्षव रङ्गाय वी भागावा, A public institution for fectures, reading &c. Athirst, a-therst, a. [A S of very, and Thir t ] ভ্ৰাৰ্ড, পিপানিত, নাভাৰ্থ উৎহক, Thirsty, enger for

Athlete, nthict, n. [Gr. athletes—athles, contest. ] মন্নামোদ্ধা. A wiestler, prize fighter—
দৈহিক বা মান্দিক শক্তিশালী ব্যক্তি, One vigorous in body or mind.

Athlotic, ath-letiks, a ব্যাহাযসহজীয়, মন্ত্ৰু-সহজীয়, Pertaining to trials of strength— বলিষ্ঠ, বলবান, (তলবী, Strong, robust, vigorous.

Athletics, ath-letiks, " यहाँ , वाशिय; The art of wrestling, running, &c, athletic exercises.

Athwart, a-thwawrt prep আডে, Across ad আডাআডী, পাশাপাশিকাৰে Side ways — অস্তামন্ত্ৰণ, Wrongly —ইতিকঠব্যবিষ্ট কৰিব।, Perplexingly.

Atilt, a-tult, ad অন্ত ধেনিবার অবস্থা, একপ্রান্ত উন্তোপিত করিয়া, In the position of a man, making a thrust, with one end rused

Atlanta, at-lanta n (মন্দ্ৰবিধান পোশল জীব-বিশেষ, শথ-শণ্-শণ্-শিষ্চীন শোষ A mollusk

Atlantean, at lin t in a ছাত শান পৰ্যন্তনৰ্থীয় বা আটপাণিট্য নামক কাচানত ছাপত ধ্ৰীয় Pertaining to Atlas or to the isle of Atlantis — প্ৰকাপ্ত, কৰ্মণালী Giganlia strong

Atlantic, it lantik, n স্বত এবং আমেৰিকাৰ
মন্ত্ৰ মুশ্ৰাণৰ The Ocean between Emplied
and America — ০ আট্যাস প্ৰত্য বা আট্যাণ্টিক
মহাসাণৰ সংবাস্ত, Pertaining to Atlas or to the
Atlantic Ocean [I rom Mount Atlas]

Atlantie, it lantis, Atlantica, it limika, n काञ्चित कोण, An imaginary island, fictitious, philosoph cal common-we dith

Atlantos a lanter n pl f From Mount At las J সুহাবিধাৰী মুক্তি Figures of men bearing up pill us or building

Atlas, allas, n (ir. Atlas (the beater) a god who bue the world on his shoulders and whose figure used to be given on the tile piec of allases—prob from a (cuphone) and tlas, to bear j tilefortal, A collection of maps—field (unreast algebras, Uppermost of the certical veitebra on which the head rests—wife to a surface of a building—wife to a surface of a building—wife to a surface of a building and a surface of a building and a surface of a su

Atmosphere, atmosfer, n. [Gr almos, air, sphaira, a phere ] বাব্যক্ত, The air that surrounds the cath —বাপক শক্তি, Figuratively, any perioding influence, surroundings, as, moral atmosphere, 'the atmosphere of a convent'

Atmospheric, at-mo-sfer'ik, Atmospherical, at-mo-sfer'ik-al, a. বাধুবালি সংহাত বা ভূপেন, বাধুবা, Of or depending on atmosphere

Atmospheric pressure, at-mosper'ik preshur sigs ses. The weight of the atmosphere on a surface, being about 14 lbs to the squire such

Atom, atom n [Gr atemos - a not, temme to

cut.] অভি কুত্ৰ পদাৰ্থ, Any thing very small — প্ৰমাণু, Minute particle of matter [ utterly Crush to atoms—সম্পূৰ্ণকৰে নাল-কৃ, Destroy Atomic, a-tomik, Atomicsl, a-tomikal, a প্ৰমাণু সংক্ৰান্থ বা প্ৰমাণুবিশিষ্ট, Pertaining to or consisting of atom —অভি কুত্ৰ, অভি কুত্ৰ, Extremely minute —প্ৰমাণুবাদ সম্বাচ, Relating to atomism.

Atomic theory, a-tomik the o-ri, n. नवार् वान, Exposition of the abstract principles of atom, the theory is that every material substance is made up of congeries of atoms, not united fortuitously, but according to fixed law.

Atomise, atom-iz, w t. প্ৰমাণুতে প্ৰিণত-কু, To reduce to atoms.

Atomism, atom-izm, n প্ৰশ্/পুৰ্তি, The doctrine of atoms, the doctrine that atoms arranged themselves into the universe.

Atomist, atom-ist n. প্ৰদাৰ্থানী, One who holds the doctrine of atoms.

Atone, at oil, v: (with for) [At and one as if to set at one, reconcile the old pronunciation of one is here preserved as in only ] either. To explain — প্ৰিশোধ- গৈতিখন কৰা, I o mike amends — vt মুন্মিনি য়, To reconcile, to answer or make satisfaction for, a—Alonal le

Atonoment, at উnment r পুন্ধিৰন, Reconciliation,—প্ৰছাত্তৰ, কাজপুৰৰ বিষ্ণান্ত reparation —শ্বন্থ কাইক পাৰ্থের গ্ৰন্থ Specially, in theology, the oxpation of sin made by Christ

Atonic, atohik, a 5%4, Weak debilitated Atoning, at-oning a citi-13411. Making amends or satisfaction, expeating

Atony, ato-ne, n [ Gi a priv, and tonos, tone, strength ] जीवनी महित अकाव, निकांतका, Loss of vit il energy

Atrabiliary, at-ri-bilyar-i, a [ l ater ctra, black, bilis, gall, bile ; বিষধাসুতি, f ভোমাণ ক্ষ, Of a mel incholy temperament hypochiondiae

Atrium, atre um, n plu Atria, átrī 2, [ ] , a court or entrance hall ] প্রাস্থ , A court be fore a house

Atrocious, a tro-shus a [ l. atrea, atrocis, cruel ] আতি নিকুৰ পাপিট অভাত ছৱালাৰ, Extremely cruel or wicked, homous, hornble n =Atrociousness. adv = Atrociously

Atrocity, a-trosi-ti, n অভাত নুশংসভা, ভয়ানক শাপাতাৰ, Enormous wickedness, cruelty in the highest degree, shocking wickedness or cruelty

Atrophy, atrof-1, n. [ Gr a priv and trophie, nourishment. ] কাৰোৰ, A wasting away from lack of nourishment.

Attach, at-tach, vt. [Fr attacher, from a (L. ad) and Tack,—L. tango, tago, to touch ] সংস্কৃত্, সংবদ্ধ বা সংলগ্ধ করা, To bind or fasten or tie, as to attach one substance to another by glue — হোকত্, বৃত কু, io take by legal authority, to arrest — আৰক্ষতিত্ব, আনুস্থ জ্বাৰ

हन कहा, दिन्छित बरण यह कहा; Figuratively, to win the heart of; to gain over; to bind by moral influence—with to; as attached to a friend:—नरवान-इ; To connect as an adjunct, as, to attach a car to a locomotive. Syn.—Affix, bind, tic, fasten, subjoin, annex.

To attach importance—কোন বন্ধ অভি ব্যান্তনীৰ বা মূল্যবাৰ বলিয়া জান-ক, To hold a thing to be of great importance or highly valuable.
Attachable, at-tachá-ble, a. কোক বোগা, সংবোধ বা গুডকবাবোগা, That may be attached.
Attached, at-tachd, a. আসক; Devoted.

Attache, at-tash-a, n. प्राच्य जरकावी; One attached to an embassy, a follower.

Attachment, at-tachment, n. বেং; আদক্তি; অনুবাৰ, Affection, devotion, regard:—যোগ; Connexion, contact, as, to cut the attachment of a muscle,—কোক, A seizure by virtue of a legal process.

Attack, at-tak, v.t. [Fr. attequer—L. ad, to and tango, tago, to touch.] আক্রমণ-কৃ, To fall upon violently —ি নিশা-কৃ, লিখন বাবা আক্রমণ করা, লক্তাবে সম্বাদ্যালৈ করা, To assail in words — ল আক্রমণ, A falling upon with violence,—ল আক্রমন্ত্রানে কি, বালেকি, করতর সম্বাদ্যাল বা বিশা, Satire, unfinendly critisim. Syn—Assail, ac jult, invade, encounter.

Attain, at-tan, v t. [Fr. attendre—L. attinoo, erc—ad, to, and tango, to touch.] সাধন-ক, লৈগাজন-ক, হো কবিয়া অজন কয়া, To achieve or accomplish, to gran by effort:—প্ৰাপ্ত-হ, দেপন্থিত হওয়া, পৌছান, To come to or reach to arrive —ৰম প্ৰাপ্ত হওয়া, To attain majourity Attainability, at-tana bli-ti, n. প্ৰাপ্ত-যোগ্ডা, State of bung attainable.

Attainable, না-টোর্ন-চা, a. প্রাপা, গ্রায়, প্রায়ি-ধোলা, That may be reached.—u.= Attainableniss

Attander, at thinder, Attenture, at thinder, [Fi. attender, to come to, reach, O be attainder, to consist, from L. atingo—al, to and tango, to touch ] কল্প, Stain—আকবীয় লাসনাম্পাতে বাকাবিছোৱা বা অন্ত কোন অপবাধীৰ স্বভাবিকাৰ লোপ, The loss of civil rights for the crime of treason or other capital offence by a judicious sentence.

A bill of attainder—ৰাজবিদ্ৰোহে অভিযুক্ত বাজিব বহাবিকাৰ লোপকৰণাৰ্থ পাৰ্লামেণ্টে আনিত অনুজ্ঞাপত , A bill brought into Parliament for attainting person condemned of high treason,

Attainment, at-tahment, n. লাভ: প্রাপ্তি, The act of attaining; acquisition.—ব্যুৎপত্তি, পার্দ্ণিতা; Proficiency in any branch of knowledge —লভ্ ৰভ , The thing attained.

Attaint, at-tant, vt. [ L. attsneo—ad, to and tango, to touch. ] অপষ্টিত-ড়, To disgrace—
ক্রেড্-ড়; To taint or corrupt—(Law) ব্যক্তবিজ্ঞার
অপষ্টের হোষী-ড়, To find guilty of treason or felony—n. কলছ; A stain.—বিশা; A reproach—স্থান্ড, A hurt.

Attar, attar, n. আত্তর, Essence of roses.
Attemper, at-temper, [ L attempero—ad, to,

and tempero, to mix in due proportion. ] বিশ্ববিভ-কৃ, To regulate; as, a mind well attempered with kindness.—কোন্তক; To attempered; as, to attemper heat:—কোন্তক;
To soften, or modify, as, to attemper rigid
justice with ceremony:—কপ্ৰোম কৰা; To
adopt.

Attempt, at-tempt, v. t. [Fr. attenter—L. attento—ad, to, and tempto, tento, to try—tendo, to stretch ] উদায় করা বা আক্রমা করা; To make an effort or attack upon —চেষ্টা-ক; To try; to endeavour —n. প্রীকা-ক, To make a trial of; —n চেষ্টা, উদায়; A trial; endeavour, effort.

Attend, at-tend, v. t. [L. attendo—ad, to, and tendo, to stretch] সেবা-ক; To wait on; to cerve:—আইমফিক গাকা; To be present with; to accompany —মফুক; মনোবেণী হতা; To take care of, to give heed to —উপত্তি-হ, To be present on business —v s. মনোবেগি-বে; আপেকা করা; To listen to, to fix the attention upon, to wait or be in waiting.

Attend at—কোৰ স্থাৰে উপস্থিত থাকা; To be present at any place. [a person.

Attend on—coin a sidera Greati-a; To wait on Attend to—ay agai; crait ani; utaitaita affes man earl; utaitaita (resi); Take care of; look to, listen to, pay attention to, as —(a) The chief surgeon entrusted him with the chirge of the patients whom he could not himself attend to—Smiles. (b) "Attend to me", said Ralph, bending forward a little—Dickens. (c) Men cannot at the same time attend to two objects.—Bp. Taylor.

Attendance, at-tendans, n. ভর্মা; The act of serving or writing, service, ministry — উপ্ৰিতি, Presence — অস্তারবর্গ, A train, a retinue — ন্দেশ্যোগ, Attention.

To dance attendance— দীৰ্ঘল ধৰিয়া (কাহা-বণ্ড) উদেশামী করা, বা কোন স্থানে হাজির থাকা . To watt assiduously for a long time ( on a person, or at a place. )

Attendance at উপস্থিতি, The act of being present, as —The education which was received by the misses through their constant attendance at the theirtre, &c., was quite effective in sharpening their intelligence —W. L. Collins.

To be in attendance on or at—আদেশ প্রতি-পালনার্থ আদেপ্তার নিকট বা আদিপ্ত ভাবে উপস্থিত থাকা, To wait on a person at a place.

Attendant, at-tendant, a আৰুৰসিক; অসুগানী;
Accompanying —উপস্থিত হইয়া, Being present:
—n. অনুচৰ, চাকৰ, ভুজ্য, One who attends or accompanies, a follower, a servant, as, a train of attendants —আনুহসিক ব্যাপাৰ, মহগানী বা অনুগানী পদাৰ্থ, Concomittant, what accompanies or follows.

Attendant on— অপেকাকাৰী বা সংগাণী ব্যক্তি বা বস্তু, A person or thing waiting or accompanying, as — Personal deterioration was no incredible attendant on moral declension — Warren. Attention, at tershun, n. [ L. attentio—atten do—ad, to, tendo, to e'retch. ] মুনোবোগ, অভি-বিৰেশ ; কণিত ; বছ ; নম্মান ; Act of attending , heed ; care , regard ; steady application of the mind :—ভত্তা ; স্বাস্থ ; Act of courtesy ; politeness.

To call attention to—চিন্তাকৰ্ণ-কৃ; মনোবোগ আকৰ্ষণ কৰা, To invite attention to, to draw attention to. [ক্য়া, To attend to; to heed. To pay attention to—মনোবোগ দেখবা, কৰ্ণণাভ To pay attentions to—প্ৰথম প্ৰাৰ্থনা-কৃ; To court:—সন্নান কৰা, বন্ধ কৰা; To show courtesy to; to take care of.

Attentive, at-tentive, a. ম্নোবোলী, সভৰ্ক, Paving regard to; full of attention; heedful, mindful; observant.—n.=Attentiveness. adv = Attentively.

Attentive to—false nain entratal; acaicata; Paying due to regard to, mindful of, as—A person who troubled himself so little about small or sentimental grievance was not likely to be very attentive to the feelings of others in the ordinary intercourse of society.—Macaulay.

Attenuant, at-tenu-ant, a কুপতারত , Making thin:—n. কুপতারত উত্ত , A medicine that attenuates.

Attenuate, at-tenu-zt, Attenuated, at-tenu-zt-ed, a. কৃষ্ট্ৰত, লগ্ৰুত; Made thin or slender, made less viscid.

Attenuation, at-ten-u-a'shun, n. কুপতা, Thinness, -- চুণীকরণ, Pulverisation.

Attest, ai-test, v. t. [L. attestor—a] to, testis, a witness.] সাকা দে, বিক্ষকণে বলা তি cettis, to affirm solemnly,— ম্মাণ দে, প্রকাশ-কৃ, তি give proof of, to manifest.

Attestation, at-test-ম'shun, n. দাকা, প্রমাণ, সাক্ষাণান; প্রমাণ প্রদর্শন, Testimony, especially official testimony, act of attesting.

Attic, atik, a. [1.. atticus—Gr.] আটিকা বা এধেন্স লম্বনীয়; Pertaining to Attica or Athens:—ভত্তম, বিশুদ্ধ, উৎকৃপ্ত Elegant, chaste, classical:— আটুন্দ্ধ বা চিলেখন সম্বনীয়; প্রাসাদেশ উপন গৃহসম্বনীয়, Belonging to upper story.—n. Athenian— প্রাসাদেশ উপনি গৃহ, অনুগৃহ, দিলে ঘন, Upper story, a garret. [violable faith. Attic faith, atik fath, n. অপনিষ্যা ধর্ম, In-

Attic faith, atik lath, n. অপাক্ষা কৰু, In-The Attic Bee, the atik be, সন্দোলি, Sophocles, so called from the unrivalled beauty and sweetness of his compositions.

The Attic Muse, the ack mu'z, (करनाइन, Zenophon, the historian so called because the style of his composition is a model of simplicity and elegance.

Attic purity, alik puri-it, n. siria farma farmasi, Special purity of language. [ wit. Attic salt, atik sawlt, n. Elegant and delicate

Attre story, atik stö'n, n. মন্তক , The head. Attre style, atik stil, n. বিভন্ন উদ্যোগা ; A style pure, elegant and classic.

Attic Wit, atik wit, n. অবেণিয়ানলিকের চরিত্রপত পুরা বৃদ্ধি, Delicate wit, peculiar to the Athenians.

[ Partially intoxicated.

Queer in the attic story—অল প্রিয়াণে মত্তঃ

Queer in the attic story—অলু পৰিষাণে মন্ত ; lll furnished in the attic story—হুল বৃদ্ধি ; Not clever, dull.

Attroism, attr-ciem, n. আংশ কৌৰ বাকোৰ ব্যাতি, বিশুক্তাবা প্ৰয়োগ, An attic idiom, a chaste or eleg int expression

Attire, at tir', vr [O. kr. attirer, from a=ad, and a Tent root found in Ger. Zier, ornament, A. S. tir, splendom Sec. lire, dress.] হুমজ্জিকু; ৰেণক্যা-কু, ৰেণবিস্থান করা, প্রস্তুক করা, To dress, adoin, array, propare—n পরিস্থান, প্রোধাক, স্থানোক্তর মৃত্যুক্ত বেশ, Diess, ornamental dress, a woman's head dress.

Attitude, a'th tūd, n (fr. from it attitudine, a fit position—L. aptitudo—aptits, fit. ] অবভাগ অবহিছি বা অবহা , Posture or position , a = Attitudinal.

Attitudiniso, at-ti-tūd-n-io, v 1. অক্তরী-কু; কুলিম অক্তরি-কু, lo assume affected airs or postures

Attornoy, at-tur'm, n [O Fi a'erre'—Low L. atternatus—atoino to commit business to another.—L. ad, to and turno to turn. ] আইন অসমাৰে কৰা গাৰ্পৰ প্ৰতিনাৰ One leg illy nuthous ed to act for another, one leg illy qualified to manage cases in a court of line a sometior, a solicitor or attorney prepares cases mil does general law business, while a barristic pleads before the court—One who iets for another, as in a court of line—ৰাজ্যবাহিত উঠাৰ মোভাৰ, A lawyer, attorneyship—n. মোভাৰেৰ কাৰ্য্যাৰৰ, Office of an attorney.

A power, letter, warrant of attorney— ভঙাগুডগামা, A written authority from one person empowering another to transact business for him

Attorney-general, at-tur'ni-jeneral, n ইংলাভের সক্ষেধান হাজভাষ ভ্ৰাল, In England, the chief law-officer of the crown, whose duty it is to manage cases in which the crown is interested.

Attract, at-trakt, n.f [L. attracho, attractus—al to, and traho, to draw j with the fine for draw to, or cause to tend toward—with fine for the draw by an influence of a moral kind—with fine fine fine fine, attractable, attractable, attractable, attractable, attractable.

Attractable, attracted n = Attractabity.

Attraction, at-trakshun. n. প্রেক্ডিব, Allurement, enticement — আক্রালভি, The force which draws or tends to draw bodies or their particles to each other — আক্রাণ, The power or act of attracting. Syn. = Allurement, enticement chaim

Capillary attraction, kap'il-a-ri or ka-pila

n at-trakshun, म. देव निकाद में ; That power which causes liquids to rise in some small tubes or porous substances.

Chemical attraction or affinity, kemi-kal at-trakshun or af-fini-ti, n. বাসায়নিক আকর্ণা, The power by which the ultimate particles of bodies of unlike kinds unite themselves together to form a new body, possessing new and specific properties.

Cohesive attraction, kö-he'sıv at-trakshun,

m. প্ৰশাপত আকৰ্থ , আণবিক শক্তি , Attraction
between ultimate particles, whether like or
unlike, and consisting simply of an aggregation
or a union of those particles.

Moleculor attraction, mo-lekū-lar, at-trakshun, n. আণ্ডবিক আক্ষণ, Attraction of mole-

Attractive, at-traktiv, a আক্ৰণকাৰী, প্ৰলোভ-ক, আক্ৰণক্ষ, Alluring, chaiming, having the power of attracting—n=Attractiveness ম্ৰোহারিক। adv.—Attractively, attractingly

Attributable, attrib-ut-a-bl, a. MICAIMAN,

Attributo, at-tribūt, v t [ I.. attribuo, tributum—ad, to tribuo to give ] আরোপ-কু, To ci down to, to ascribe, to impute—n বস্তুৰ ধর্ম বা ভা , বৈদাগক ধর্ম, ভা , ধন্ম, আর্রেপিড পার্ম , An essential quality or property, that which is inherent in any person or thing, that which can be predicated of anything, a quality or property, that which is attributed—
\*ধ্যের ভা , Quality of the Godhead.

Attribution, at-trib u'-hun, n আবোপিত পদাৰ্থ, আবোপ, এশ দা, Act of attributing, that which i attributed, ascription, commendation

Attributive, attribut iv, a ওণ সংখ্যা বা প্ৰকাশ্ব , Perturning to, or expressing an attribute ,
-n. বিশেষণ , A modifying word joined to a noun.

Attrition, at-trishun, n. [1 ad and tero, tritum, to rub.] বস্তুতে বস্তুতে খৰণ, খৰণ থাবা কৰ প্ৰাপ্তি, The rubbing of one thing against one thing, a wearing by friction

Attune, at tun, v t [L. a.l., to, and Tune.]
সমস্বৰ-কৃ. হৰ বাবা, প্ৰাথ-নুন, lo put in tune,—
সম্প্ৰ-কৃ. fo make accordant

Auburn, aw'burn, a [ the old meaning was a light yellow, or lightish him., Low L. alburnus, whitish—L. albus, white ] 1944, Reddish, brown, tawny.

Auotion, awkshun, n [L auctio, an increasing—angeo, auctum, to increase.] नीत्रम्, A public sale of any discription of property to the highest bidder—विकास करिया श्राम, Place of sale, a vendue.

Dutch suction-Bidding down.

Auctionary, awkshun-ai-i, a. नीलाय मचलीत , Pertaining to auction.

Auctioneer, awk-shun-ইr', n. নীলাম কৰ্তা, নীলাম বিকেডা, One licensed to sell by auction. Auctioneering, awk-shun-হ'r-ing, n. নীলামেৰ ব্যবস্থা, Profession of an auctioneer. Audaoious, aw-da'shus, a. [Fr. audacisux—L. audax—audeo, to dare.] অগন্ত, গৃই; গাত্তিক, অধিনীত, নিৰ্কল্প—Very bold and daring, confident, impudent, forward—n.—Audaciousness, Audacity প্ৰগন্ততা, নিৰ্কল্প), (Boldness, impudence). Syn.—Impudent, effrontive, daring, bold.

Audaciousness, aw-da'-shus-nes, Audacity, aw-da'-tı, n. প্রগণ্ডতা, নিৰ্মাত ; গুটতা; নাহন, Impudence, forwardness, boldness.

Audible, awdi-bl, a. [1. audibilis—audio, to hear, conn. with Gr. ous, ötos, the ear. ] লাব্য; লাব্ব, লাব্বনাৰ্যা, That may be heard, distinct.
— n = Audibleness, Audibility.

Audience, awdi-ens, n ধ্ৰণ, The act of hearing — ধ্ৰণাস্থাত , পৰ্ন , Admittance to a hearing, an interview — শ্ৰোত্ৰৰ, An assembly of hearers

Audience chamber, awdi-ens chāniber, n. বাজদৰবাৰ, The place of reception for a solemn meeting.

To give audience to—কোন বিষয়ের পরামর্শ বা কোন কার্য্যাধন করিবার জন্ত নিকটে আদিতে শেলম্ , To grant an interview to one, for conference or transaction of some business.

Audit, awdit e t. কিনাৰ পৰীকা ক , Settle and examine accounts — n পৰীকা , An examination in general —গণনা পৰীকা , Specially, the examination of account by a person or persons in order to ascertian whether they be correct.

Auditive, awditive, Auditory, awdit-ori, Auditual, awditū-al, a প্ৰপদ্ধিবিশিষ্ট, Having the power of hearing

Auditor, awdit-ar, n [L. auditus, a hearing —andro, to hear, Sec Audible] স্বোড়া, Hearer: —(fem auditiess) —গণনাপ্ৰীক্ষ, One authorised to adjust accounts, auditorship-office of auditor.

Auditory, awdit-or-i, a खंदन मक्कीक, Pertaining to the sense of hearing - अवनक्ष, Able to hear -n শোড়ৰৰ, An assembly of hearers; audience - ৰকুতা প্ৰভৃতিৰ স্থাৰ, A place whi re lectures &c , are heard [ n. #4 , Ear. Auditory apparatus, awdit-or-i a-pa ritus, Augean, aw-ji'an, a [ From Angeas, a fabled king of Elis in Greece, whose stalls, containing 3000 cattle, and undercleaned for 30 years, were cleaned by Hercules in one day ] 4471 श्रीवर्ष , नयन , अश्रीकांब , इ:माधा , Pertaining to Aurgeos, a fabulous king of Ellis, in Greece, for his stable, which, it is said, contained 3000 oxen, and had not been cleansed, for thirty years, when Hercules accomplished the seemingly impracticable task in one day, full of dirt, filthy, difficult.

Augean stable, aw-je'an stabl, n. An accumulation of corruption or filth beyond the power of man to remedy.—হু-সাধ্য ব্যাপাৰ, What is impracticable.

Augean task, aw-je'an task, n. कुक् कार्य); Very difficult task, Herculean labour.

Auger, awger, n, [ A corruption of nauger,

A. S nafegarnafu, a nave of a wheel, gar, a piercer. See Nave (of a wheel), Gooe, a triangular piece ] বেশৰ য়ে, তুৰপৰ, A carpenter's instrument for boring.

Aught, awi, n [A. S. awhit—a short for an, one, wiht, a wight, a thing ] কোন বস্তু, আতি সামাত আংশ, Anything, semething a tittle or lot

For aught one knows—(sin as sists and area, in spite of anything one knows one does not know the contrary —as —I may speak as a philosopher, or a heathen, for aught I know—C Kingsley

Augment, angement, v t [L. augmentum increase—augev, to increase, (ir auxa io] in set set, lo increase, to make large—z : age set, lo grow larger—n gfs, agfs, increase, prefix to a word

Augmentable, awg-ment-a-bl, a. বৰ্ণসম্, Able to be increased

Augmentation, aug ment-áshun, n বৃদ্ধি,

Augmentative, awg mentative, ৫ ৰছিকু, বৰ্ছন-কৃষ, বৰ্ছন, Ilaving the power to augment — n. বৰ্ছন্ততে বাকা, in Grammar, a word formed to express greatness,—opposite to diminutive

Augur, awgur, [ ] prob from avis, bird, and root gar, in L garrire, to chitter, Sans gir speech ] a শ্ৰুপ্ত, শিশিওছ, গণক, দৈৰজ, A diviner, a sooth-sayer —a = Augural, Augurous, Aigurial,—v i ভবিষ্যাও বলা, বহুণ পেৰিয়া ভাৰীখন গায়িব বলা, 10 foretell events by signs —হুচশাক, অনুষ্যাৰ কৰা, To forebode, to guess or conjection.

Auguration, awbui-ashun, श. छविषाद क्यन, Sooth saying

Augury, awgur-1, n. [L. augurium—augur, prob from avis, bird, and root gar, in L garrire, to chatter, Sans g.r, speech ] \*[7].

Omen, prediction

August, aw-gust, n. [ So called after Cosar Augustus, one of the Roman emperors. ] অহম মাস, আবশ-ভাস, The Sth month.

August, aw-gust, a. [ L augustus—augeo, to increase, honour ] আছাপাৰ, সম্বাক্ষক, ধাহমাধিত, আড্ছবযুক, মহৎ প্ৰচাপাধিত, মহামহিন,
Venerable, imposing, maje tie, grand—n=
Augustness—ad=Augustly

Augustan, aw-gustan, a খাগঃশু সফোন্ধ , Rela ting to Augustus — বিহন্ধ , পৰিকন্ধ , সর্বোৎকঃ , Literary , classic , refined.

Augustan age of any literature—কোৰ সাহিত্যেৰ সংকাৎকৃত্ত সময়, The period of its highest state of purity and refinement,

Augustan age of English literature— ই বাজি সাহিত্যের সংশাংকার স্বায় , The best period of English hiterature, beginning in the reign of Elizabeth and ending with the Restoration The term Augustan is from Augustus, the emperor of Rome, the most palmy time of Litin literature.

The Augustanage of French literature

— ह्यू विश्व व्याप न्या , The age of Louis XIV. (1610-1740).

Augustinian, aw-gus-tifi-an, ল. আগইাইবেৰ মুভাবল্ৰী বাজি, A follower of St. Augustine on crace.

Augustins, aw-gustins, n সন্ত্যানিসম্প্রদায়, An order of monks, so called from St Augustine.
Auk, awk, n [I ow I. alca, Ice. alka] এক
কোব লিপপদ সামৃত্তিক গকী, A web-footed scabird, found in the Northern Stas — সামৃত্তিক
পকী বিশেষ, I he name of various sea birds

Aula, aw la, n viole, wiring, fariains. A hall court -a = Aulanian

Aulerian, aw li ri an, n আন্তেপ্তিৰা ক্যাহিছ ৰাজ্যভাৱ সভ্য, A member of an Oxfoid or Cambridge hall

Aulie, awlik, a [ L. aulieus—aula, Gr aute, a toyal court. ] বাজসভাসংকীয়, Of or pertaining to a royal court

Au'lic council - ভাষান বাজোর একটা উচ্চতৰ বিচারালয়, One of the highest courts if the old German Empire, from which there was no appeal.

Aunt, ant, n [O Fr ante-L am ta a fither s sister ] পিতৃষ্পা, মাতৃষ্পা, মানী, পানী, A fathe s or muther's sister

Aura, aw'ra n ple Auro, aw're [l air]
মুহ গন্ধ, ব'বু নিধাস, A very gertle biceze,
breath.

Aural, awial, a [I avin তো ] বামুদ্ধর Pertaining to the air — কৰ্মণকা, Peri in to the ear

Aurelia, awr-Tlya n. [1 aurum g 11] et - (915], The chrys ills state of an in c t, from its golden colour

Aureole, awr to la, Aureole, awr'e ul n. [L. aureolus dum of arcus, relier j দেক প্র প্রেক্তির মৃত্ত মানি আন বি বি দিছেই and the saints, called a glory, crown of clory.

Auricle, awrickl, n [L aur cula, dim of auris, the air ] बांदावर्ग, I he outer cur — इंद (कांच, A cavity of the heart —a=Auricled

Auricula, awr-ikul a, এক প্রকার পুল, A specics of primrose, also called bears car, from the shape of its leaf

Auricular, awr-ikul ar, a ক্ৰিছনীয়, Peitaining to the car —ভৱ, Secret — শ্ৰণ্ডাংগ পৰি-জাত, Known by hearing (প্ৰদেশ) Auricular region, awr-ikul-ar rejun, ক্ৰ Auricular confession, awr ikul ar confession, n. কৰে কৰে উক্ত ভৱ কথা, Secret told in the ear —পোপনে পাপ থীকাৰ, The confession of sins made to a priest with a view to absolution.

Auriculate, awr-ikul-at, Auriculated, awr-ikul-ated [Low L. auriculatus- L auricula, dim of auris, the cai ] কা.পতি বিশিষ্ট, Earshiped

Auriforous, awr-ife'r-us, a [ L aurifer-aurum gold and fero, to bear ] दर्वशारी वा वर्राइ-भागी, Beating or yellding gold. Auriform, aw'i-form, a [ L auis er and Form-L forma-fero to bear like facies, appearance, from facio, to make ] affife Enr-shaped

Aurist, awrist n ofcart block | And alfe ,
One skilled in diseases of the car , - ortait

रिकिश्मक , An car urgeon

Aurocha, awr'oks v [Ger auerochs O Ger urohso—Ger ur ( L. urus, (ar curc ) a kind of wild ox, and ochs, ox ] পোলত দেখী মন্ধে
The Poland bisons

Aurora, aw-ro'ra, n [I for auscsa, cog with Gr cos, from a root seen in Sans us/ to burn ] \$41741, The rising light of the moining in poetry the goldess of mining

Aurora, aw-ro'ra Australis, in in n [I australis--austri the couth wind j দক্ষি। ভূচাৰত আবোৰ বা দ্ৰাপিও Ancteor in the S Hemisphere, --ৰান্ধণ কেপ্ৰিয় আবোৰ I he Sou thern light

Aurora borealis, aw retrolo ie in n [ ]
b ralis, neithen — bor as then orth word ]
डिड दिनिकारनांक Northen halt he to
me concephanomana, supposed to be or case
tical origin

Auroral, aw-तिशो व ँटा इर्टाट एक सक कोव, B longment then til sale't

Auscultation, we kult a lim n i las esto to horn them rise sauts of story dim claus sthe early or the large and leart the upply the totle chest of the large and leart the upply the totle chest of the large and leart the upply the totle chest of the large and leart the upply the totle chest of the large and learn the upply the totle chest of the large and learn the upply the totle chest of the large and learn the upply the chest of the large and learn the upply the large and learn the upply the chest of the large and learn the upply the uppl

Auspice, we spin to (fire I continue a special posterior) about the firm throughout to observe a section observed both a man ally used in plurate

Auspices, in spice of পান্ধ Omens - আৰু
কুৰা, প্ৰদাদ, কুৰাদৃষ্টি Pice is pationage
Under the auspices of কাৰ অপুথাৰ,
কাহাৰত ভৱাৰৰ নে প্ৰদান ৰাজ্যালয় Through
the influence or pationage of, und r the
care of.

Auspicious, aw-spishus, a নেটাগালনক অসু কুৰ, নেটাগাণানী, মালানিক "ভ Lascurible, foitunate lucky n Au piciou acss—47 গি কাৰিকা। ade = Auspiciou ly

Austero, aws til, a [ L. ausic us (ir austeros—and to dry ] attit, mp of, Severe, stern, sour, harsh

Austereness, aws terines, Austerity, awsterit, ম. কটোবতা, কাৰ্থতা, কাৰ্থতা, কাতা, ২ venty of manners or life, sternness, haish discipline, nigour, harshness.

Austral, awitral, Austrino, awitrin, a [ L. australis-auster, the south wind ] महिन, Southern

Australasian, aws tral-ম'shi in a আইলেমিছা সংখীৰ, Pertaining to Austi dasia or the countries that lie to the south of Asia. Australian, aws tra'li an a অট্টেলিয়া দ পান্ত, Of or pertaining to Australia — a অট্টেলিয়া-বানী Anative of Au tralia

Austrian, awiti in a অপুৰস্থনীয়, Pertoining to Austria — n অপুৰাৰ্দী, A native of Austria.

Authentic, ow homic Authentical, awith least of Car authentics one who does a thing with own had—outes self sagar.
म ज कां क्षिय Garac true—क्ष्मित अवीर्ध मित्र Of approved with the trust-worthy appears to all all Authentically
Autherticate, withouse it of affire

Authoricato, iv thenlik যা ৩ / ওকুরিয়া প্রমা, মাণ নাজপুর কু, To prive to be

Anthorfication an thent ik ishun n জী কৰো ক্ষাৰ্থন কৰা The act of provide by althority confirmation of legal attestation

Authority, aw-i nt it in स्रोतीय कार्न्य प्रिक्टा, Conuncies, e i cines.

Author, owther, of it auteur. L actore
e m, to e it is to increat to
n in i जिल्लेच ( street a book क्रेस प्राप्त कर्म कर्म कर्म में A maker,
i o ight i ibe i ner of first move..

f ich it

Author of evil—সংক্ষা থ বি
Author of our beins ভ বন God
Anthor ties, will rith i ও মান্ন বর্গ
Pions in proving সমালাক Oi
with carry we hit —পুৰং ব্ৰক্ষাৰ

A too.itative, author't লাগ, , কালিবাল কালিবাৰ কালিবাৰ সাম্পদক Hising i of ilouty p is distribute to it is self in a self of the self

Authority, rath or'it, ল বিধিস্কত ক্ষ্ড', legal or is ntial power dominion — এত্ৰ, তুকত্ব, প্ৰভূত liaficance of claricter or office, which — এবাৰ — ক্ষেত্ৰ T many withes — প্ৰভিন্ন বিধি A precedent — অহমতি, Permision Syn = Power sway, rule, force, control, influence

An authority on—ৰে বাজিৰ মত যুদিসকত ও সুত্ৰাং মাৰ্থীয় Apirson whose opini n on a subject is worthy of respect.

Authorise, awillor iz, ৩ f. ক্ষ্ডাৰ্পাক To enjower—বিধিৰক-কৃ, To legulice—পিক-কৃ, স্বান্ত-কৃ, To establish by authority—ক্ষ্ডা, সন্মান বা সাহাৰ্য প্ৰদান কৰা, To give authority, credit or support to —জহুদোদন কৰা, lo sanction n.—Authorisation.

Authorship, awthor ship, / প্রণেত্ত , এইকর্ত্ত , State of being an author

Autobiographer, aw to b og'ral er, n আছৰীৰণ বিভাগোটা, One who write his own life.
Autobiography, aw-to biog infi, n [ Gr.
autos, one s seli, bios, life, grapho, to write.]

आवारिक ; विषय ; Life written by one's celf, a.=Autobiographic ; autobiographical.

Autochthon, aw-tokthon, n. [Gr. from the land itself, fr. autos, self, chthon, land.] আবিষবিবাসী; An aboriginal or native.

Autocracy, aw-tokras-i, n. [Gr. autos, self, hratos, power.] ব্যক্ত ; ব্যক্ত চাৰিত ; Absolute government by one person; despotism.

Autocrat, n. aw'to-krat, [Gr. autokrates—autos, self, kratos, power.] ৰেজাচাৰী বাৰা;
অজ্যাচাৰী; ক্ষমিৰাৰ শাসনকৰ্ত্তা; An absolute sovereign; a despot; the ruler of Russia. fem.=Autocratix. a.=Autocratic, Autocratical.

Autodafe, aw'to-da-fá, [ Port., from auto, L. actus, act; da, L. de, of; and fe, L fides, faith—an act of faith.] n. বিশ্বনি মণ্ড; Punishment of a heretic by burning, in conformity with the judgment of the Inquisition.

Autogeneal, aw'to-jū-nē-al, Autogenous, aw'to-jen-us, [Gr. autos, oneself and genos—gignomai, obs. geno, Sans jan, to beget, L. gigno, genitus, to beget, to be born.] \*\*\*
Self-be-gotten; self-generating.

Autograph, aw'to-graf, Autography, aw'to-graf-i, n. [Gr. autos, self, graphō, writing.]

very ; Writing with one's own hand, signature, a.=Autographal, Autographic, Autographical.

Automatal, aw'to-mat-al, Automatous, aw'to-mat-us, Automatic, aw'to-mat-ik, Automatical, aw'to-mat-ik-al, a. বয়ং পতিবিদ; Self-acting; spontaneous; acting by internal machinery.

Automath, aw'to-math, n. [Gr. autos and mathanein, to learn. ] খয়ং শিক্ষিত ব্যক্তি, যে ব্যক্তি খয়ং শিক্ষালাভ কৰিয়াছে; One self-taught.

Automatism, aw'tomatizm, n. কয়ং চল্ৰ , ক্যং চল্ৰক্তি; Automatic action; power of selfmoving.

Automaton, aw-toma-ton, n. [Gr. automatos, self-moving—autos, self, and a stem mat, to strive after, to move.] সমঃ নচল মত্ত্ৰ ; A self-moving machine; so constructed as to imitate the actions of men or animals:—অনুত্ৰ শক্তিম্বারা চলন্দীল মত্ত্ৰ; A machine which moves by concealed machinery. plu=Automatons or Automata.

Autonomy, aw-tohom-i, n. [Gr. autos, self and nomos, law.] খাওখান্তৰ অধিকাৰ বা ক্ষতা;
The power or right of self-government.
a.=Autohomous—খাৰতখান্ত Self-governing.

Autopsy, aw'top-si, n. [Gr.—autos, self, and opsis, sight=personal inspection.] যুভাৰে গৰীকা; A post-mortem-examination; the examination of a body after death.

Autumn, aw'tum, n. [L. autumnus, auctumnus—augeo, auctum, to increase, to produce.]

—aceta; The season between summer and winter; the third season of the year when fruits are gathered in, popularly comprising the months of August, September, and October.

Autumnal, awtum-nal, a. नावगाव ; Pertaining to autumn.

Antumnal equinox—হবিপদী; বিবৃত্ত বেধাৰ সহিত অৱন্যতালৰ পতিন্দিতের নংবোদ হান; The time when the sun enters Libra, or one of the points in which the ecliptic intersects the equator, called the autumnal point. This happens generally on the 22nd or 23rd of September.

Auxiliaries, awg-zilyar-is, n. विरम्पेश निष्

Foreign troops employed in war.
Auxiliary, awg-zilyar-i, a. [L.—auxilium, help—augeo, to increase.] সাহাৰ্তাৰী: সহকাৰী;
Helping; subsidiary:—n. অমুকুন বাজি: সহাৰ;
A helper; an assistant;—গৌণক্লিবা পদ; সহকাৰী
ক্ৰিয়াপদ; In grammar, a verb that helps to form the moods and tenses of other verb; as,

be, have &c.

Avail, a-vail, v. t. [Fr—L. ad, to, valeo, to be strong, to be worth.] কাৰে লালা; উপকাৰ কৰা; To be of value or service; to benefit:— নিকে লাভ-ক; উপকাৰে আনহন-ক; To profit one's self; to turn to advantage:—সাহাৰ্য বা লাভ-ক; To assist or profit:—v. i. উপকাৰী—ই; বাবহাৰে আনা; অভিপ্ৰায় সিদ্ধ-হ; To be of use or advantage; to be of use; to answer the purpose.—n. লাভ; উপকাৰ, ব্যবহাৰ; Profit, advantage, service, use.

Avail one's self of—কোৰ বছকে বিজেষ উপ-কাৰে আৰম্ভ ; Put something to one's advantage, to take advantage of; as:—My mother had missed the advantage of a musical education, from her having been too diffident to avail herself of the kindness of Dr. Franklin, who offered to teach her the guitar.—Leigh Hunt.

Be of little or no avail—first veri; Be of no use. as .—(a) So oaths mutually sworn, and invocations of heaven, and priestly ceremonies, are of no avail towards making love eternal.—Thackeray. (b) Those who insist upon the allegorical view of the poem, tell us that the lesson is, that brute force is of little avail without counsel.—W. L. Collins.

To avail nothing—কিছুমাল কাৰ্যকাৰী বা ব্যৱ-হাৰজনক না হওয়া; নিকল হওয়া; Be of no use or advantage, as:—To the feeble, the sluggish and purposeless, the happiest accidents avail nothing—they pass them by seeing no meaning in them.—Smiles.

Available, a-vala-bl, a. নাড্ডনত, কনদায়ক; ইপাবোনী, Capable of being availed or profitable, advantageous; suitable:—বল্বং; Efficacious; valid. adv.—Availably.

Availableness, a-vāla-bl-nes, Availability, a-vāl-á-bilī-ti, n. লাভখনতত; উপৰোগিতা; অভিনাম-লাক ; ক্যা-দিছতা; Quantity of being available; suitableness; power in promoting an end in view; validity.

Avalanche, aval-ansh, n. [Fr.—avaler, to shp down—L. ad, to, vallis, a valley.] বীহাৰ-পাত; ত্বাৰ-পিতপাত; A snow-slip; a fall down a mountain of a great body of snow and ice. Avant-courier, n. satisfi ve; A fore-runner; a harbinger.

Averice, avar-is, n. [Fr.—L. avaritia—averus, greedy—aver, to pant after.] অভিবিত্ত বৰ্ণালা; বোভ; Covetousness; cupidity; eager desire for wealth; greediness; penuriousness. Avaricious, av-ar-ishus, a. অধ্যূৰ; লোভী; Covetous; greedy of gain. n.—Avariciousness. adv.—Avariciously.

Avast, a-väst, int. [Dut. hond vast, hold fast.]
(naut.) থায়; গডিবহিড কর; Hold fast! stop!
Avatar, a-va-tār' n. [Sans.—ava, away,
down, and tara, passage—tri, to cross.] হিছু
(ছবংশবীর মুখ্যাবেই থাবা করিয়া ভূতালে অব্তর্গ;
The descent of a Hindu deity in a visible
form:—অবভার; Incarnation of a Hindu God.
Avannt, a-vawnt, interj. [Fr. avant, forward—L. ab, from, ante, before.] মুর্বভ;
চলিয়া যাড; Begone; move on.

Ave, হ'e, n. [L. aveo, to be well or propitious, be well or happy.] সংবাধন; বেণির সংবাধন বা বৰ; Hail, an address or prayer to the Vergin Mary; in full, Ave Maria.

Ave-Mary, Ave-Maria, interj. বোধাৰ কাৰ-বিকলিগেৰ মধ্যে থাইৰ মাতাৰ তব; Hail Mary, the first word of an address to the Virgin Mary; a form of devotion in the Catholic churches.

Avonge, a-venj, v. t. [Fr. venger—L. vendicare—windigo, to avenge. ] অভিনোধ প্ৰয়; প্ৰতিক্ষ দে; প্ৰতিহিনো কয়া; সত দে, Revenge; take satisfaction for; to inflict punishment for. Avongement, a-venjment, n. প্ৰতিশোধ; Vengeance; punishment; revenge.

Avenger, a-venjer, n. অভিন্থৰ দাতা; অভিহিংসা-কারী; দশ্দাতা; One who avenges; a vindicator; a revenger.

Avenue, aven-u, [Fr, from L. ad, to and nenio, to come, ] প্য; A passage:—বীখ; তোৰু ; An alley; walk shaded with trees.—

Aver, a-ver, v. [Fr. averer—L. ad, to and verus, true.] সভা বলিয়া ঘোষণা কৰা; To declare to be true;—বিশ্বৰ কৰিয়া বলা; To affirm with confidence. Syn=declare, assert, affirm, ayouch, protest asserverate.

Average, aver-aj, n. [ Low. L. averagium, carrying service due to a lord by his tenants with their averia or cattle; loss, expense in carrying-aversum, 'havings', goods, cattle-O. Fr. aver-L. habere, to have; confused with Dut. averij, Fr. averie-Ar. awar, damage; hence a contribution towards damage to a cargo formerly levid on each merchant in proportion to the goods carried. ] পড়পড়ভা মুল্য ना निवान ; (पांडे ; The mean value or quantity of a number of values or quantities; mean proportion :-- नाथावर किल्यूबरार्थ अर्थनान ; Contribution towards a general loss ( called general average )-a. विनेष कर्षक (मा उप; A small duty (called petty average) payable by the shippers of goods to the master of the ship, over and above the freight, for his care of the

goods:—a. গড়গড়ভা; বোট; Containing a mean proportion; medial:—v. f. গড়বিশ্ব কৰা; To reduce to a mean; to proportion; to fix an average:—v f. গড়গড়ডাড়ে হছৱা; To exist in, or form, a mean quantity.

At, upon or on a average—(17th; 17th; In the agreegate; taking the mean of unequal numbers or quantities; as —(a) Next year there were between fourteen and fifteen hundred sailless upon Lloyd's books; which, valued at an average at £1,500, made a loss of two millions of money.—Leigh Hunt. (b) He rates the number of parishes at 52,200, will ten households on an average in each parish.—Froude.

Averment. a-ver'ment, n. নি-চৰকৰণ; Positive assertion: —প্ৰস্থাণ; Verification.

Averse, a-vers, a. [ L. aversus, turned away, pa. p. of averto. See Avert. ] অসম্ভ : প্ৰায়ুধ; বিষক; Unwilling; dis-inclined; indisposed; backward; hostile.

Aversion, a-ver'shun, ল. আনজোৰ; বুগা; বিবলি ; বিবোধ; অনিজা; অপ্রবৃত্তি; Dislike; hatred; reluctance;—বিপৰীত ভাব; Opposition of nature:—আনজোবের কাষণ; The cause of dislike. Sym=Dislike, indisposition, reluctance, disinclination, repugnance, antipathy, disgust.

Avort, a-vert, n. [ L. averto-ab, from, verto, to turn. ] প্রতিনিত্ত-ক ; বাধা-দে ; নিবারণ করা ; To turn aside or away from ; to prevent.

Aviery, avi-ar-i, n. [L. aviarium—avis, bird.] পৰিশাৰা; ক্লামিকা; পিছৰ; A place to keep buds in; bird-cage.

Avidity, a-vidit-i, n. [ L. aviditar—avidus, greedy—aveo, to pant alter. ] বাবসা; আবহ; আতিবোড, An intense desire; strong appetite; eagerness; greediness.

Avocation, a-vo-káshun, n. [L. avocatio, a calling away-ab, from, voco, to call.] ( | ( | tel ) নিম্মিত কার্যা হইতে নিবৃত্তি; নিবৃত্তি; Formerly and properly, a diversion or distraction from one's regular employment, a calling off,-(এফাৰে) ব্যবসায়, কাৰ্ব্য; Now, one's proper business=Vocation; business which calls for one's time and attention; business that calls off. Avoid, a-void, v. t. [ Pfx. a=Fr. es=L. ex, out and Void-L. viduus, bereft-root vid, to separate allied Sans. vid ( किंगू ) to separate. ] पूर्व काका ; To keep at a distance from danger ; -পবিভাগ-कः; পবিহাব-कः; To shun ,--এড়াनः To evade .- ( Law ) 195-7; To set aside ; to make avoid; to annul:-v. i. 可罗-支, To become void vacant or empty. Syn=Quit, leave, shun, eschew, abandon, evade.

Avoidable, a-voidá-bl, a. পরিহার্যা; পরিহর্ণীয় ; That may be avoided.

Avoidance, a-voidáns, ». বৰ্জন; পৰিহাৰ; ভাগা; বহিত কৰণ; The act of avoiding; act of annulling.

Avoirdupois, av-er-du-poit, n. [ Fr. avoir du pois, to have (of the) weight-L. have, to

have, pensum, that which is wurghed. ] ETTOTE अक अकार अकन अनानी, A weight in which a pound has 16 ounces.

Avouch, a-vowch, v. t. [ Fr a, and O Fr. voucher-L. voco, to call. See Vouch ] f - 54 কৰিয়া ৰশা, প্ৰকাজে বলা , To affirm , to avow , to declare positively — कान भरक बना , To maintain or support — को बान-कृ , To corfess

Avow, a-vow, v. t. [ Fr. avouer, ong. to swear fealty to-L. ad. and votum, a vow. See Vow. ] जाशांवन जमीरन बना , अवनरि भीकाव-7, To declare openly, to confess frankly. a = Avowed adv = Avowedly.

Avowable, a-vow'a bl, a. श्रीकार्या, That may

be openly acknowledged

Avowal, a-vow'al, n. लाहे श्रीकृति , निक्तित कथन , अक्षे श्रीकार , A positive declaration , a frank

Avulsion, a-vulshun, n. [ L. avulsio, from avello-ab, from, and vello, to pull or tear ] বিদাৰণ, ছিল্লকরণ, ছিল্ল খ , A tearing asunder, a fragment torn off

Await, a-wat, v. t I lirough Fi from root of Ger wacht, a watch See Wait. | #3| # ] , আপেকা-কু, To wan fr, to look for —প্ৰস্তুত ৰাকা, অভগামী ২৬খা, To be in store for , to

Awake, a-wak or t. A. S. awatan-a (Citt er-Goth. u fe oi) inten or causal, and waran, to w he | fastes p, lo rouse from sleep - ए : अकार के , संस्थान के नार्या अवृष्ट ▼41 . To infuse new life , to put into action , as, to awake the dormant facultic -f-131 হইতে উথিত-হ, প্ৰবন্ধ ংগুলা To cc isc to sleep -अजीव १९मी, नवकावरन रूप विक रसमा, lo bestir, to be invigorated with new lif -(4) ? [45] হইতে সাগাঁৱিত হওয়া To touse from spirtail derth -- a Milas, minias, Net asleep -मुक्त, Vigilant.

To be wide awake - not - + 1 , To be on the watch, to be thoreuph's this to, or on the alcit As - , i) you no re leas le 1 ce -Thackery. (b) He was 1 out acite 15 Linda heiself to the natural de ire of a yeing gul.-A Trollope.

Awakon, a-wun, v. t क्रांविड-क , एटरिकड-क To mouse, to excite, to still up

Awakening, a wikn-ing n জাগৰণ Act of awakins or ceasing to sleep —পর্যভাবের প্রৰ-करतका, रायद पून कावा, Revival of religion Award, a-wawid, v t . O hi eswarder or eszardere, from es-I. ex and Teutonic 1001 et en in E. Ward. | विश्व कवित्रा भौमाश्मा वदा , निर्माष्ट क , Adjudge -v. z. दिहाद करा , निर्माष्ट-क , भिन्न कदा , lo judge , to determine -n facia times, Judgment —ম্ব্ৰাপ্ৰের বিদার बिना The decision of arbitrator. -मार्गनी-দেৱ শিপতি পত . Paper containing such dicision.

Awarder, a-wawrder, n fariants, A judge Aware, a-war, a [ From an A 5 gewar, from prefix ge, and wer, cautious. See Wary. ]

Watchful , vigilant :- 4445; সভৰ্ক, জ্ঞান, Apprised, informed, cognisant.

To be aware of - अवत्रक-इ, To know.

Away, a-wa, ad. [ A.S. away-a, on, weg, way, (ht ) 'on one's way.' ] दृत्व , अनुशक्षिण : At a distance, absent -inter ya ve! Begone! Away with- 4/40119-4, Off with, as, Away wito fear. f endure. (I can not) Away with-স্ফ করা, Bear or

Away with (him)-नहेंचा पांड्यां, Take away. To make away with-finite, 487 44; lo kill, to destroy.

Awe, aw, n. [ Ice agr, A S ege, fear, cog. with Gael. eaghal, Gr. achos, anguish. From root ag, seen in Anger, Anxious. ] डिंड अपूर छा, छक्ति ममविक का, जींड, Reverential fear, solemn diead , diead -v. t. ७४ मकाद-क , To strike with reverence or fcar.

Awe-commanding, aw-kom-anding, c. 55-शूटक, Striking with fear.

Awe-fast, aw-fast, a প্ৰপাৰ্থৰ, Pious.

Awe-inspiring, aw'-in-spiring, a. 50010000; ভीवन , Impressing with awe

Awe struck, aw'-struk, a Tiff, Impressed with fear Awoary, a-we'ri, [Pix a, and Weary] attw. Aweather, a wither, ad অধুকৃত্ৰ বাৰুৱ অভিমুখে,

On the weather side or toward the wind Awfal, in fool a s taa, sit suna, aferifes,

an ust n=wfulness ar-Awfully

Awhile, a huif, at [Pi a and While.] কা¢ পুজন, For a short time.

Awkward, aw ward, a [ M E. awf, cont ry, wrong, and A S was I, direction ] कन्ता, क्नांकार, क्रिनिर, Clumsy, ugly, ungi ceful - अफिन i, Untoward, unfavouiab't - अभेड, अविश्वन, Not dexterous, unhandy wher, Inclegant, unpolite Ankn irdness adv = Awkw ndly

AWI, awi, n [ A S cel ] (वधनरविद्याद, A shee maker tool for boring holes

Awn, vn n [ lcc o'gn, Ger ahne, from to c' sharp seen in Acute ] जञ्जन । जुन व। (वान) Beard of corn of grass, a husk or S. 1, cover against wet or sunshine. Awrang, awhing, n. berton, Temporary Awoke, a won p t. Of Awake [ work Aworking, a-werking ad. कार्या नियुक्त, At Awry, and or a desite, I wisted on one ide asquint -foujquite, अश्वाबक्राभ ; Per-1 15t of pr versely

Axo, als, n [ A S ex; L ascia, Gr anne, perhaps from the root ak, sharp. ] करेंच. 3 bif 1, A : Il-known in trument for hewing or chopping, a chopper

To hang up one's axe, কাৰ্য্য হইতে অবসৱ 453 lo retire from business 71 Lay the axe at the root of,—पूरन क्रीवाणंड-Axilla, iks-illa, Axil, aksil, n. कक, वार्यन : 497, Aimpit a - Ax'ill u, Ax'illaiy-affar. प ्यतिष . Pe taining to the armpit.

Axiom, aksyum, n. [Gr. axioma—axioo, to think worth, to take for granted—axios, worth ] ম্বিশ্বেশিক মুখ্ . A universally received principle in an art or science:—ৰডাপি মুক্ত; A self-evident truth. a.—Axiomatic, Axiomatical.

Axis, aksis, n. [ L. axis; cf. Gr. axin, Sans. aksha, A. S. eax.] অক্ষেৰ্ণ; The line round which any thing revolves:—প্ৰীণাৰ অভিবিশেষ, The second vertebra of the neck.

Axle, akśl, n. ware; A shaft, rod, bar, or spindle forming the axis of a pulley, drum or wheel

Axle tree, aksi-tre, n. অকণত; গাডিব ঘুৱা; A transverse bar connecting the opposite wheels of a carriage.

Wheel and axle-wees

Ay, Ayo, i, ad. হা; ৰটে; সভা; Yea; yes. indeed; certainly:—int. হায়, Exclamation of woc. n.=Aye, i. n. হা-স্তক মভ; সম্বভিস্তক মভ; A vote in the affirmative.

Ayah, áya, n. [S. P. aya, a governess. ]

Aye, a. ad. [Ice. ei, ever, A. S. a; conn with Age Ever L. evem. Gr. aes, ever, for ever স্কাল ; বিষয়ত ; For ever; always.

Ayo and Ayo, fracia, Ever and ever.

Aye-Aye, al'al, n. জড় বিশেষ, A quadruped of Madagascar.

Azimuth, azim-uth, n. [Ar al samt, the direction See Zenith ] Artif fights by; Arc of the horizon cut off between the meridian of the place and the vertical circle passing through the centre of anything. a.=Azimuthal,—at rightangles.

Azimuth compass, azim-uth kumpas, দ দিলদৰ্শন বছৰিবশেষ, A compass used at sea for finding the horizontal distance of the Sun or a star from the magnetic mendian.

Azore, a-roik, a. [ Gr a, priv. and soe, life. ]

Azoto, a-70°, n. [Cr. a, neg, and saō, to hyc.] বৰকাৰ্যান, Nitrogen, so called because it does not sustain animal life.

Azure, Ashūr, n. [Fr asur, corr. of Low L. lasur, lasulum, asolum, blue; of Pers. origin.] নীনবৰ্গ; The blue colour of the sky ——আকাশ, The blue vault above; the sky ——a. নীল, আকাশের স্থায় ব্ৰবিশিষ্ট; Of a sky-blue colour; sky-coloured.

Azured, a. नीलवर्गरिनिष्ठ ; Being of an azure colour.

Azurite, azhūr-īt, n. ধাতু বিশেষ; ( Mineral ) Blue carbonate of copper.

Azygous, azi-gus. a. [Gr. a, priv., and seugon, a yoke. ] ass; Single.

Asymous, adi-mus, a. অবিকৃত; ৰাহাতে পুঙিগন্ধ ৰা কেন উৎপন্ন হয় নাই; Unleavened; unfermented.

## B

B-ইংবাজি বৰ্ণনালায় বিতীয় আক্ষম; Second letter of the alphabet.

Note to know b from a battle dore—অভি সামান্ত বিষয় না জানা; Not to know the simplest thing; to be very stupid.

B. A-fa, a; Bechelor of arts.

Baa, ba, n. মেবেৰ জাক; The cry of a sheep:—
৩. ে মেবেৰ মত ডাকা; মেবেৰ জাৰ শব্দ কৰা; To
cry or bleat as a sheep.

Baal, bdal, Bel, bel, n. [Ar. ba-al, the idol.] প্ৰাণেৰেৰ মুৰ্ছি, An idol among the Chaldeans and Syrians, respresenting the Sun.

Babble, babbl, v. i. [Fr. babiller: D. babbelen, from Heb. Babel, confusion from ba, ba, representing the first attempts of a child to speak.] নিত্ৰ ভাষ আৰু কৰা কহা; নিৰ্বেশ্য শিশুৰ ভাষ কৰা কহা, To speak like a baby, to talk childishly or irrationally — গোপনীয় বিষয় প্ৰকাশ ক; To tell secrets — বৰ্ষক্-কু; নিৰ্বৰ্ধ শ্ৰম্ম উচ্চাৰশ কৰা; উচ্চাৰশ কৰা, To prate, to utter.

Babble, babbl, Babblement, babbl-ment, Babbling, babbling, n. ভর্না, নিবর্ণক গর; Idle senseless talk.

Labbler, babbler, u. বালে ; জল্লনাকারী , নির্থক খাতরিক্তভাষী ; An idle talker ; a tell-tale.

Babe, bab, Baby, bab, n. পিড; An infant; child; a doll:—a. ব্যক্তব্য; Pertaining to or resembling an infant. [ সাম নিশাপ। Innocent as the babe unborn—পর্কয় শিক্ষ

Dabyish, bub-ish, a. বাস্কৰং; Childish; like babes. [A place for boarding infants. Baby-farm, bábi-farm, n. শিত বাবিবাৰ খান; Baby-house, bábi-hows, n. শিত্ৰিবাৰ বেলিবাৰ প্রনিবা গুরুত্ব গৃহ, A toy house for children's dolls. Babyhood, bábi-hood, Babyship, bábi-ship, n. বৈশ্ব, Childhood, infancy.

Dabel, babel, n. [From fleb. Babel (confusion), where the language of man was confound ] The city in the land of Shinar, where the confusion of languages took place:—কোন্ত পূৰ্ব স্থান; A place where there is a confused uproar:—বিশ্বস্থা; Confusion, disorder.

A Babel of sounds—(भागान ; A confused uproar, in which nothing can be heard.

A perfect Bable, n. পূৰ্ণ বিশ্বধনতা; A thorough confusion.

Baboon, ba-bōōn, n. [Fr. babouin—Babon, the Egyptian deity to whom it was sacred. ] বৃহৎ বা ন্ববিশেষ, A monkey of the largest kind. Baby. n. বিশ্ব; An infant.

Babylon, ba-bi-lon,—The modern Babylon, so London is sometimes called, on account of its wealth, luxury and dissipation.

Babylonian, ba-bi-löni-an, Babyloniah, ba-bi-lonish, a. বাবিলন সম্মীয়; Belonging to Babylon:—মিজিভ; গোল্যালয়ুক; Mixed; confused; disorderly; as, the Babylonish jargon. Baccara, bak-ka-ra', Baccarat, n. ভাগ-কীড়া : A French game of cards.

Bacchanal, bakka-nal, Bacchanalian, bakka-nāli-an, n. [ I. Bacchus, Gr. Bacchus, the god of wine. ] সুবাবেৰী পুজৰ; A worshipper of Bacchus:—ন্দাপানী, মাজাল; One who indulges in drunken revels:—a. মৃত্ত; মুদ্যাপানেশ্যৰ সংক্ৰান্ত; Revelling in intemperate drink; riotous; noisy; relating to drunken revels.

Bacchanalia, bak-ka-nália, Bacchanals, bak-ka-nalz, n. मशुनीरमाध्यतः, माज्यामी ; Festivals or revels in honour of Bacchus, drunken revels

Bacchant, bak-kant, n. বেকস কেবের পুরোহিত; বাডাল; A priest, follower of Bacchus; a reveller. plu.=Bacchantos, bak-kantēz.

Bachelor, bachel-or, n. [O. Fr. bacheler, a young man. Ety. disputed; according to Brachet from I.ow L. baccalarius, a farmservant, originally a cow-herd; from baccalia, a herd of cows; and this from bacca, Low L. for bacca, a cow. ] অবিবাহিত পুৰুষ; অকৃতমান; An unmarried man—বি. a., উপাধিধানী; One who has taken his first degree in arts, letters, music, law, medicine, or divinity:—ইংলহেশে কুলীনিগের মধ্যে কুলু পাইছ বাকি; A knight of the lowest order, or more correctly young knight (knight Bachelor). n.= Bachelorship, Bachelorhood.

Bachelor's life—সুখেব জীবন; A free and easy Bachelor's wife—কাল্পনিক গুণ বিশিষ্ট খ্ৰী; A woman with fancied perfections.

To wear bacholor's buttons—অবিবাহিতা-

ৰস্থাৰ পাকা; To remain bachelor. Bacchie, bakkik, Bacchical, bakkik-al, a.

ষত্ত ; আধ্যোদপ্ৰিয় ; Jovial ; drunken.

Bacchus, bak-kus, n- প্রার অধিষ্ঠাত্তী দেবতা, The God of wine.

Back, bak, n. [A. S. bac, Sw. bak. Dan. bar] श्रीरम् ; The hinder part of the body in min and the upper part in beast :- প क ि फिक , The hinder part, as opposed to the front :-- খাৰেব पृष्टाम ; Thick and strong part of a toll :-- भग बाबिवाद शाळ ; Vat :-- शन्ठाक्तिक्व हान ; The place behind or near the back; as, the back of a city ;—ad. পতাদিকে; Or towards the near .- পূর্বাবস্থার; To a former state:hinderance:—গভ কালের দিকে; উপস্থিত সময়েব বহ প্রে; Away from the present :-পুন-বায় ; Again :-- v. t. আবোহণ-কু ; To mount :--সাহাব্য-কু; পৃথপোৰণ কৰা; To support, second, maintain:—ইটাইমা-দে; To drive or force backwards, to cause to retreat or recede:-v. i. शन्तर माध्या ; To move or go back :-- व. मुन्द ; প্রারাগ্য , In the rear ; remote.

At one's back—পকাং; Behind one :—সাহায্য কবিতে প্ৰস্তুত , পৃথ্যপাৰকতাৰ; Ready to help one; in support of one's interest.

Behind one's back-नरवारक : (वानरव :

To turn one's back upon (or on)-পরিভাগ

কৰা, To forsake :—ব্ৰা-কু; To treat with contempt:—প্ৰায়ৰ-কু; To flee. [retreat. To turn one's back—প্ৰভাগ হটিয়া বাজ্যা; To To turn the back to one—হোঠতা বীকাৰ-কু; Te acknowledge to be superior

To have a broad back—আধিক ভাৰ বহৰ ক্রিডে স্বৰ্থ হভয়; To be able to bear a great burden.

To see one's back; to see the back of any thing—বছ বা ব্যক্তিকে পৰিহাৰ-কু; To get rid of a person or thing

To pay back—প্ৰতিৰোধ নগৰা; To retaliate.
Pat on the back—উৎসাহ দিবাৰ অন্ত প্ৰেডে
চাপভাৰ। [wards.

To back in—প্ৰকৃত্তিৰ বাহয়; To get in back-To back out or to back down—প্ৰকৃত্তি বাহয়; To move out backwards:—প্ৰতিনিবৃত্তি হত্য়; পিছ্লাইয়া বাহয়, To withdraw from an engagement or contest, to retreat from a promise not convenient to perform:—প্ৰিড্যাৰ-কু; To give up.

Back up—সহারভা-কু; পতন হইতে বক্ষা বা পৃষ্ট-পোৰণ কৰা; Support; sustain.

Backbite, bakbit, v f. शरदारक निमा-कृ; To slander; to speak evil of the absent:—v. i. To revile the absent.

Backbitter, bak-bit-èr, n. পরোকে নিশাকারী;
One who backbites. [Serret detraction.
Backbiting, bakbit-ing, n. পরোকে নিশা;
Back-bone, backbūn, n. মেরদত; কবেরকা; The
spine; the bone of the back:—শক্তির কারণ;
দুড়ভা; Main source of strength; firmness;
moral principle. [of principle

Moral backbone—নৈতিক দৃততা, Uprightness
To the backbone—সর্বাংশে, নিরবাজ্যে, গোলা;
Thoroughly; every inch; all through; heart
and soul; staunch.

Back door, bakdor, n. ভতৰাৰ; বিভকি বাৰ; A private passage; a door in the back part of a building.

Backod, bakt, a. श्रेष्ट ; Provided with a back ; used in composition, as, Hump-backed.

Backer, baker, n. নাহাৰ্কারী; One who or that which supports another, —পুরুষারক; One who backs or supports another in a contest.

Back-friend, bak-frend, n. word; A secret enemy.

Back gammon, bak-ganiun, n. [Ety. dub., perhaps A. S. bær, back, and gamen, game.] কাড়া বিশেষ: একপ্ৰকাৰ অক্ষণাড়া; A game played by two persons upon a table with box and dice.

Back-ground, bakgrownd, n. পৃঠভূমি; Ground in the rear or behind:—অপ্ৰকাশ হান; তথ্যান; A place of obscurity or shade:—ছবিৰ পদাভাগ; চিত্ৰেৰ পশাভাগছ ছান; Part of a picture behind the foreground.

In the back ground—পলভাবে; In an obscure position :—ৰেছাৰে বড় বৃষ্টি পড়ে ৰা: In the position little noticed.

To keep oneself in the background-প্ৰজ্ঞানে থাকা; To keep oneself out of sight, Placed in the back-ground-wafefees wat ; Made of no consequence.

Throw into the back-ground-স্কিঞ্চিক अवश्रेष कार्था: Consign to an insignificant position.

Back-handed, bak-hand-ed, a. 75-28; With the hand turned backwards ; - TITE ; 43 ; Indirect : oblique.

Back-hinder, bak-hind-हर, इरबद नन्डाडान बादा भूद आंचांड ; A blow on the face with the back of the hand.

Back-house, bak-hows, n. शाहेबाना ; Building behind a main house; a privy.

Backpiece, bak-pēs, Back-plate, bak-plat, m. Toutt; Piece or plate of armour which covers the back.

Backsheesh, Backshish, bakshesh, n. [ Pers. ] वक्तिम ; निर्दाश ; भूबकाव ; উপराद ; A gift or present of money, in the East.

Back-slide, bak-slid, v. i. धर्मन या नीजिनव হৈতে অই ব্ৰয়া, To slide or fall back in faith or moral :- वर्षान् रुखा , To fall off ; to apostatise -pa p. Backslid or backslidden. [ gade. Back-slide, bak-slid, n प्रश्नाती, A rene-Back-slider, bak-slid-er, n. 4445114; An apostate.

Back-slum, bak-slum, n. পশ্চাতের পলি; A back street of a city inhabited by poor people. Back-staff, bak-staf, n. আকাশহ পদার্থের উচ্চতা निर्वत्र कविवात रञ्जविर्णव ; A mathematical instru ment for taking the altitude of heavenly bodies.

Back-stairs, bakstarz, n ७४ वर ; ७४ (मानान ; তোৰা সিটি; The stairs in the back part of a house; a private or indirect way :- a. 88; अश्रकानिक , Secret or underhand.

Back-stair influence—(नाशनीय अस्तर; Private; undue; unrecognised influence.

Page of the back stairs-sinters we sta वक्क; Officer, having charge of the private access to the palace.

Back stays, bak-staz, n. pl. vis; Ropes from the top-mast heads to both sides of a ship to support the mast.

Backward, bakward, Backwards, bakwardz, ad. अकारक वा अकी क अगरम , Towards the back or the past, on the back .—ভাল অবস্থা ইইডে मन्त्रा ; From a better to a worse state :-विश्वीड शिरक ; In a contrary manner.

Backward, bakward, a. अनिकृष, भरावण: भुकारणमः भकामभाषीः Unwilling; reluctant; hesitating :- অসুরত ; কড়বুজি , Dull , behind in progress :- দীৰ্ঘুজী; বিলম্কারী, Late or behind in time; slow sluggish. adv.=Backwardly. n.=Backwardness.

Backwards and forwards, ad. phr. 35w: ; To and fro.

Backwoods, bak-woods, #. সীমান প্রবেশবিভ भवग्र ; Forests or partly cleared ground on the frontiers of a newly settled ground.

Back-woodsman, bak-woodz-man, n. witt-दिकाद भीगांच व्यापनशिक व्यवगानामी : Inhabitant of the forest in the frontier settlements of America.

Bacon, bákn, n. [O. Fr.-O. Dutch, bak, a pig. ] नकरवद बारम : एक नवनाक नक्त-बारम , Swine's flesh salted and dried.

To save one's bacon—অনিষ্ট হইতে আপনাকে 神子: To preserve oneself from harm; to escape unhurt.

Butter upon bacon—अनावजकरा : Superfluity. Baconian, bak-ठर्भा-an, a. महाशा (दक्त दा डर-প্রবর্তিত দর্শনশাস্ত্র সম্মীয়; Pertaining to Lord Bacon or his philosophy-n. Follower of Bacon. Bad, bad, a. [ Goth. baodh, badh, Celt. baodh, foolish, wicked Pers. bad; Ar. bud, wicked; probably allied to Heb. abad, to perish, to cause to perish or destroy. ] युन ; कू , कन्दी ; पृष्ठ ; अम् , अनिक्षेत्रनक , अश्चिकादी ; अथम ; Evil ; not good ; wicked ; hurtful in morals :-कडिन ; Hard ; difficult. n. = badness. ad = badly.

To be on bad terms—चरेनका-इ; विकिन्न यजावनदी-इ ; To disagree.

To be in a bad way—বিপদ্ধৰ-ই; To be in danger. [ ness.

Bad faith-বিশাসগাতকতা; Treachery, faithless-From bad to worse—यम इইতে আৰভ यम। Put a bad construction on-मन वर्ष अहरी-इ !

View in a bad light-मनकारक (नवा) To be badly off—মন্দ অবসায় পতিত হওৱা : To be in unprosperous condition.

He is gone to the bad—ভিনি মুদ্দাৰত বা चाउ मन लाक श्रेयाद्वन, He has become a ruined man or deprayed in character.

Baddish, badish, a. [ Bad, and dim. termination ish. ] किकि भम ; नेपन् मर ; Somewhat bad, not very good.

Bad blood, bad blud- and; Animosty; To be in bad odour—अनुबार विश्व इंडम ; To be out of favour.

Bade, bad-Past tense of bid.

Badge, baj, n. [Low L. bagia, a mark, baga, a ring, from a Teut. root, seen in A. S. beah, a ring, mark of distinction. ] n. for : 751; পরিচর চিহ্ন; চাপরাস; A distinctive mark worn [ indicative of power. on the person. Badge of authority-क्यणाव निवर्णम ; Sign Badge of infamy-कनरक्द हि€; Sign of [ tive of slavery. disgrace. Badge of slavery-পানত্র চিক; Sign indica-Badge-man, baj-man, n. वाणिविनानाव लाक: Alms-house men.

Badger, baj'er, n. [ A corr. of bladger-O. Fr. bladier, Low L. bladarius, a corn-dealer, from bladum, corn, because the creature was believed to store up corn. Acc. to Diez, bladum is from L. ablatum, 'carried away'. See Ablative. ] 45 [474; A burrowing animal about the size of a fox eagerly hunted by English sportsmen :- v. i. विश्वक ; (क्व-(व ; To pester ; to tease ; to worry :-- ৰাপ্ৰভাৰ ৰাইভ প্তালাগন-ক ; To pursue with eagerness. Badinage, badin-ash, n. [Fr. badinage

badin, playful or bantering. ] कोक्न ; निवान

वाका ; Banter ; joke ; raillery ; light playful talk.

Bedly, badli, adv. কুডাৰে; মন্সভাৰে; আনভাৰে; আনভাৰে; আনভাৰে; আনভাৰিল; in a bad manner; not well; imperfectly; wrongly. n. =Badness.

Be badly off—মুখ বা হ্ৰাবছাপত্ত হতা; অভাব হেডু কট্টে পতিত হত্ত্বা; Be in a bad or miserable condition; as:—So altogether, the Britons were very badly off, you may believe.— Dickens.

Baffle, baffl, v. t. [O. Fr. be'fler. to deceive, to mock, It; beffa, a scoffing.] কৌশলে পৰাজিত কৰা; গমন কৰা; বাৰ্থ কৰা; প্ৰকণা-কু; To elude, or defeat by artifice; to frustrate; to check or make ineffectual, to disconcert to disappoint.—v. s. প্ৰকণা অভ্যাস কৰা; To practise deceit.

Baffle descripition, bal'fl de-skrip'shun,

Baffling wind, bal'fl-ung wind.—পৰিবৰ্জনীৰ বাবু; One that frequently shifts from one point to another.

Bag, bag, n. [A. S. balg, bag, belly; Celt. bag, balg, belly, wallet.] ধলি; A sack or pouch.—v t. ধলির মধ্যে বাধা, To put into a bag —v. t. মীত হঙা, হাপা, To swell like a full bag. pr. p. bagging: pa. p. bagged.

Bag and baggago—সমত ওল্লা ওল্লা; All one's goods. As:—He ordered the garrison to quit the premises bag and baggage—Irving.

Bagatelle, bag-a-tel, n. f Fr , lt. bagatella, a conjurer's trick, a rifle. ] কুদু বাপোৰ; A trifle:—ক্ৰীড়া বিশেষ; A game with ball.

Baggage, bag'āj, n. [Fr bagage—O. Fr bagues, goods or effects, from Celt. bag, a bundle.] দৈক্তদিকের ক্রোজনীয় ক্রবা, All the articles necessary for an army.—তল্পা, Luggage.

Baggage, bag'aj, n [Fr. hagarse, a prostitute] নীচ স্থানোক, গুৱা নমনী; বেডা, A worthless woman; a saucy female, a prostitute; a strumet.

Bagging, bag'ing, n. ধৰিব কাপড় বা অন্ত উপাধান; A cloth or material for bags. [ bag Baggy, bag'i, a. ধৰিব কাৰ চিলা; Loose like a Bagman, bagman, n. দাবান, A commercial traveller; who carries a bag with specimens to show to those whose custom he solicits.

Bagnio, banyō, n. (It. bagno—L. balneum, a bath. ] বেখাবৰ; Brothel.

Bag-pipe, bag'pip, n. वामा वित्यव ; A musical instrument. n.= Bagpiper.

Bah, ba, interj. গুৰাস্টক অব্যাপৰ ; An exclamation of disgust or contempt.

Bail, bail, n. [O. Fr. bail, a guardian, a tutor; Low L. balia, a muse; from L. bajulus, a carrier.] সামিলে কারাবাদের মুক্তি; প্রতিভূ; জামিল, Release of a prisoner on surety; one who procures release of an accused person by becoming guardian or security for his appearing in court; the security given:—•. t. সামিল ক্ষা মুক্ত-কৃ; To release on bail ;— কল ছেচিয়া কেলা; To free from water, as to bail a' boat.

To stand a bail—প্ৰতিভূ-হ, জাৰিন-হ, আগাণতে উপস্থিত ইইবাৰ নিষিত্ত জামিন ইডমা, To be a surety, to become security for (one's) appearance in court as —He could get no one to stand bail for him.—Warren.

To admit to bail—ছাম্নে বালাস দিবাৰ অসুমন্তি কৰা, To permit (one) to give security and be released from custody.

Bail, bai, n. [O Fr. bai"cs, sticks, a palisade.] ব্যাটৰল খেলাৰ প্ৰোক্তি উইকেটেৰ মাধাৰ কটি, One of the cross pieces on the top of the wicket in cricket.

Ball, bal, v. t [ Dut balie, a tub, Fr. baille (whence Dies derives the Dutch word) Also spelled Bale. ] भोकांत्र कल एक्टिया (क्ला; To clear (a boat) of water with buckets

Ballablo, balla-bl, a. প্ৰতিভূ যোগা , জামিন যোগা ; জামিন গ্ৰহণ যোগা , That may be bailed ; admitting of bail.

Bailbond, bailbond. n. কামিন পত্ৰ, A bond given by a prisoner and his surely either to appear in court or abide judgment court.

Bailment, bailment, n. গজিলা দেৱৰ, Delivery of goods in tru t.

Bailee, bail-c, n ৰে কান্তির নিকট দ্রন্য গছিত রাধা হ্য, The person to whom goods are committed in trust.

Bailie, ball, n. [Fr. baill, land-steward, officer of justice.] স্কুট্ৰত শেষ শাসনকগ্ৰ, A municipal magistrate in Scotland.

Bailey, ball, n atainis of fortains; A pri on or court of justice, as the old Bailey in L. ndon, the new Bailey in Manchester

Bailiff, balif, n [O. Fr ballif (old form of bulls, see Ballie), from root of Bail ] ৰষ্টন্ত ; সেবিশেৰ অধিনত্ত কৰ্মাণ্ডা, A sheriff's officer appointed to make arrest or collect fines, —কৰ্ম্ম নিৰ্মাহক, Understeward of a manor:—প্ৰতিনিধি বা ভূমম্পত্তিৰ ভবাৰধায়ক, An agent or land-steward.

Bailiwick, baliwik, n [O. Fr. ballies, lordship, authority, and A. S. wic—L. vicus, a village, station.] ৰেলিকেৰ অধিকাৰ; The jurisdiction of sheriff or his deputy.

Bailor, Bailor, baier, n. विनि ज्ञवानि क्षनान करवन; One who delivers goods.

Bairn, barn, n. [Scot bairn, A. S. bearn-bearn, to bear.] Fig.; A child.

Bait, bāt, n. [Ice. beita, from root of Bite.]
টোপ, চার; Food to catch-fish:—প্রের ডোজ;
A portion of food drink, and or a refreshment
taken on a journey —প্রেলাভন; An allurement,
enticement:—v. t. চার দেওয়া; To set food as
a lure:—অম্পন্তে আহার দেওয়া; To give food
or drink to a beast on a journey:—v. f. অম্পকালে পথিমধ্যে বিশাস-ক; To take refreshment
on a journey:—কোৰ জনতে উত্তেজিত কবিবার কত্ত ক্র লেকিয়া দেওয়া; To provoke an animal by
inciting dogs to bite it:—জাক্ষ্মণ-ক; ক্ট ব্যেহা;
To attack; to harass. Live bait, s. alb ; Grubs, worms &c. Swallow the bait-अञ्चित्र-ए; To be deceived; to be the dupe.

Bajze, bas, n. [ From pl. of Fr. baye; so called from its colour. See Bay, adj. ] (पांडी ननमि কাপড়; A coarse woolen stuff.

Bake, v. t. [ A. S. bacan; cog. with Ger. backen, to bake, Gr. phago, to roast. ] Gor श्राता क्रिक-क : शांक-क ; To heat dry, or harden by heat cook or be cooked in an even.

Baker, baker, n. Therial; One who bakes; a bread-maker.

Baker's dezen-(Slang) Thirteen for twelve. When a heavy penalty was inflicted for short weight, bakers used to give a surplus number of loaves, called the inbread, to avoid the risk of incurring the fine. The 13th was the "vantage loaf."

To give a man a baker's dozen-(Slang) (कान वाक्टिक अजान श्रहां करा ; To give him a sound drubbing.

Bake-house, bāk-hows, Bakery, bāker-i, n. পুপাগাৰ; কটিশালা; A place where bread is baked.

Baking, bak-ing, n. 45 कि बक्बारव (मका इव ; ক্ষাত্রত-প্রাণী; The quantity of bread baked at one time; the process by which bread is [ present of money, in the East. baked. Bakshish, n. बक्भिन्; श्रदकाद; A gift or Balance, balans, n. [ Fr .- L. bilanz, having two scales-bis, double, lanz, lancis, a dish or scale. ] जुनामक ; निक्कि , मांछि ; A pair of scales ; -an instrument for weighing; usually formed of two dishes or scales hanging from a beam supported in the middle :- ছইদ্ৰা ওলৰ কৰণ, Act of weighing two things :- "Te; One of the simple powers in mechanics :- 94913-ৰুৱা, Figuratively an impartial state of mind in deliberation :- मय क्षण वा अम आपर्था ; भवता; Equality of weight, power, or influence as, the balance of power :- शिमादबद वाकि ; The sum due on an account :-- পড়িব অংশ বিশেষ, The part of a watch or clock, which regulates the beats: - affercara for; The sign of the Zodiac :- v. t. छोन-इ ; To adjust the weights in the scales of a balance : - जबान-क ; To counterpoise; to make equal:-- ቀብ খৰচ-ች; To settle and adjust, as an account :- f-144-7; To estimate :- v. i. नमान इंडबा ; To be in equipoise:--(नावधान रुक्षा; निक्क रुखा; To hesitate; to fluctuate.

Balance of power-প্ৰশ্ব প্ৰতিৰোগী ব্ৰদ্মুহেব माम्बन्ध ; बाडीय मंकि मामा ; Such an equal state of power between nations that no one nation shall have such a preponderance as to endanger the independence of another; As :-- She (England) was determined to maintain against the Republic, as against the Bourbons in older days, the balance of power.

Balance of trade-The money value difference between the exports and the imports of a nation.

Balance sheet, balans shet, n. (म्या नाक्यांच मःकिछ रिमाव : Account showing whole state of affairs; a paper exhibiting a summary and balance of accounts. Part of a watch Balance wheel, balans hwel, n. पानित जान ; Assay balance, as-sa' balans, n. with 7th

পদাৰ্থ পৰিমাপক যন্ত ; An instrument to determine the weight of minute bodies.

Hydrostratic balance, hi-dro-statik balans. n. তर्ज ७ कट्टिन नगार्थंत्र चार्लिक स्क्रज निक्रमक 48. An instrument to determine on the specific gravity of fluid and solid bodies.

Strike the balance--वाक्तका : नाक (नाकनाम নিৰপণেৰ অন্ত ঠিক গণনা কৰা, Estimate losses and gains accurately.

Strike a balance between-नदन्भद्दव पानी पूना वा পांक्यां निर्वेष कथा ; मूरनाव छावज्या कवा ; बार्कि कोडी : क्वांबडी डाल दिव करा : Adjust the relative claims, values or dues of; to determine which is better; As :- Only to philosophy enlightened by the affections does it belong justly to estimate the claims of the deceased on the one hand and of the present age and future generations on the other, and to strike a balance between them .- Myers.

To be thrown off one's balance—চক্ৰটিভ रुक्तां; यद्यव मयला शादान , देशाङ्गानि एक्सां; To be irresolute; to be put out of one's evenness of mind; be ruffled in temper, As :- "She lies! Drag the beast down!" cried Orestes, utterly thrown off his balance by the sudden check .- C. Kingsley.

To lose one's balance—সমতাচ্যত-হ; ভার-কেন্দ্ৰ, বিশ্ব বাখিতে না পাৰা; To loss one's equilibrium :-- देव्याद्वां हिन्द्र ; विक्लित इडेबा ; देव्या बहे कहा : To toss one's equanimity of mind, to be disturbed in mind.

To tremble or hang in the balance-অনিশিত অবস্থায় থাকা; টলমল করা; কি হয় কি হয় बार्टकार मामहाशत व्यवसाह बाका ; To be uncertain ; to be in a critical state, to shake as in the scales; As:- I saw that her life was indeed trembling in the balance.-Warren.

Hold the balance between -- फेट्टब मरबा मया दाश , उच्य विवानशैन परनद मयचार विघार क्य ; Keep the equipoise between ; maintain an even-handed course in judging between contending parties or conflicting interests; As :- He ( Jupiter ) is much troubled with the dissensions in his own court and holds the balance with difficulty between his queen and his daughter.

The see-saw balance of fortune-Milis-क्राय डेक बदर निष्मगांभी সৌভাগোর তুলানভ; The scales of fortune which alternately move up and down; As .- The higher one is elevated on the sea-saw balance of fortune; the lower must be his subsequent deppression.

Be weighed in the balance or balances and found wanting-जूनांगरक अक्ष क्रेश क्य TEN; Be weighed in the balances and shown thereby to be below the mark. A metaphor expressing judical condemnation of what has become rotten and unsound; As:—Thou art weighed in the balances, and art found want-

ing .- The Bible.

Strike clear balances—দেশ্দাৰ ভ পাভনাগাৰেৰ মধ্যে বিদাৰেৰ প্ৰভেদ বিপ্ত কৰা; লাভ ও ক্ষতি অকুভভাবে নিৰ্ণয় কৰা; Adjust correctly the difference between the debtor and creditor side of accounts; estimate gains and losses accurately; As:—In commercial transactions it found a great safe guard against debt, not to run long accounts; but to strike clear balances at certain set seasons.—Prof. Blackic.

Balcony, balkon-i, n. [It. balcone; from O. Ger. balcho (Ger. baken), a beam.] প্রাণীব , বাজাবন; ব বাজা; A projection in the front of a house or other building supported by columne. Bald, bawld, a. কেশগুজ; টাক; কেশহীনশা, Without hair; unadorned; naked. n=Bladness. adv=Blady.

Bald pate, bawl pat, n. টাক বা টেকো: A bald Balder-dash, bawlder-dash, n. [Ety. dub]
টিডব ভাষা; নিবৰ্ধক গল্ল, Idle senseless talk, jargon; ribaldry.

Bald head, bawld hed, n. মন্তবে কেশশুর বাজি;

A person bald on the head.

Baldrick, bawldrik, n. [O. Fr. baldric-O. Ger. balderich, girdle.] কোমবন্দ পেটা; A

warriors belt; a girdle.

Bale, bal, n. ৰখা; গাঁইট; A bundle or package of goods:— কৈ দিখা কাপল; Ten reams of paper — ছু:ৰ, Calamity; misery:— u. t. ৰখা-ৰখী-ক; To make in a bale:— জন স্মেচন-ক; জন ভেটিয়া কেনা; To free from water; to throw out water.

[ fire, an alarm fire.

Bale fire, ball'er, a. সাৰ্থান্ত ক পায় ; A signal Baleful, balfool, a. [A. S. bealo, I.e. ból, woe, evil.] বিনাশক, Fatal, destructive; pernicious:
— ছ:বন্ধনক, Sorrowful, calamitious. Syn.=
hutful, injurious, woful, sad, mournful.

Baleen, ba-তিন, n. [Fr.—L. balana, whale.] বাণিছোপ্ৰাণী ডিমি মংসেৰ অন্থি; The whalebone of commerce.

Balista, ball-ista, n. [ L.—Gr. baltő, to throw ] বৃহৎ শৰ, অন্ত্ৰ. প্ৰত্ৰৰ প্ৰভৃতি নিজেণ কৰণাৰ্থ ধন্ত্ৰ সদৃশ বৃদ্ধান্ত বিশেষ; A military engine in the form of a cross bow, used by ancients for throwing heavy arrows, darts, large stones, &c.

Balk, bawk, v. t. [A. S. balca, a heap] নিৰাণ-কু; বাৰ্ব-কু; দমন কৰা; পৰিহাৰ কৰা; To disappoint; to frustrate; to check; to chide:—n. আল; ভূমির বাঁধ; A ridge of unploughed land:— কড়ি; A beam;—আকস্মিক বৈৰাপ্ত; A sudden disappointment. Syn.=hinder, thwart, foil.

Ball, bawl, n. [Gr. and Sw. ball; allied to L. pila, a ball.] গোলক; A round body:—ছলি; a bullet:—গোলক; The globe or earth:—নীড়া বিশেষ; A game:—বালকের কীড়নক; A child's toy:—v.i. লোলাকারে পরিশত-হ; To form into a ball.

Ball, bawl, n. [Fr. bal-It. and Low L. ballare, to dance, from Gr. ballo, to throw, the game

of ball-throwing having been associated with music and dancing. ] এক থকাৰ সূত্য; An entertainment of dancing.

Eye-ball, i'bawl, n. आक्रिशनक . The ball, globe, or apple of the eye.

Ball proof, bawl proof, a. भीना बादा जरहना ; Impenetrable by builet.

Ball-and-socket joint-চৰু কেটিবৰ অভি-গোলকেব অস্থি; A joint in which a ball moves within a socket, so as to admit of motion in every direction. [Succeed.

Have the ball at one's feet—কুডকাৰ্য্য হডয়;
Ballad, ballad, n. [Fr. ballade, It. ballada, from ballare, to dance; a song sung in dancing.] জন্মিয় গাখা, A simple popular song:—পদ্য বিশেষ, কুছ কবিড়া, A short narrative poem.
Ballad-monger, ballad mung'ger, n. বাধা বিক্যকাৰী, One who sells ballads.

Ballad-singer, ballad sing'er, n. বাতাৰ ৰে গান কৰে; পৰে কবিতা গায়ক; One who sings ballad in the street.

Ballast, ballast, n. [Dut.; cly best seen in Dan. hag-last or ballast, from hag, 'behind', the Back, and last, load, a load placed or under to steady a ship.] খানি কাষাজ কিংবা নৌকা বিবভাবে বাধিবাৰ জন্ত তল্পনেশে খানিত প্ৰভৱ বিশেষ; Any heavy sub-tance placed at the head of a ship or boat to keep it in equilibrium when it has no cargo —কোন বহুকে ভিন্ন বাধিবাৰ জন্ত বোঝাই; That which is used to make any thing steady — v. ধালি কাহাৰ বিন বাধিবাৰ জন্ত বোঝাই-কৃ, To lead with ballast, to make steady. In ballast—বোঝাই লাকবা; Not laden with goods.

[discreet.
Without ballast—খনিস্কলারী; Rash, In-

Wilhout ballast—আৰ্পুকৰাৰ; Rash, In-Ballet, balla, n [Fr. dim of bal, a dance] গাঁৱা; সন্তা অভিনয়, A mimic dance accompanted by music; a theatrical exhibition acted chiefly in dance.

Ballet girl, balla gerl, n. ধৰ্কী; Dancing girl. Balloon, ball-oon, n. [Fr. ballon-balle, a ball, the on is augmentative.]—গোলাকার বয়; A spherical hollow body —গোনাকার A large bag filled with heated air to make it ascend.

Ballooning, ball-ooning, n. (बाधवानविद्या; The art of making and managing balloons. Balloonist, ball-oonist, n विश्वानविद्यो ; One who constructs or manages balloons.

Ballot, balut, n. [Fr ballotte, dim. of belle, a ball.] মত প্ৰকাশ কৰিবাৰ কন্ত শুক্তিৰা; A little ball used in voting;—লিখিত মত প্ৰকাশ; A ticket or written vote,—গোপনে গুটকাগাত বাৰা মতামত প্ৰকাশ; The act of voting by putting a ball or ticket in a ballot box,—v. 1. গুটকাপাত বাৰা মত প্ৰকাশ-ক; To vote by ballot.

Ballot-box, balut boks, n গুটিকা নিকেপ ধাৰা মন্তামত প্ৰকাশ কৰিবাৰ বাস , A box for receiving ballots.

Ballotist, balut-ist, n. গোপৰে মত প্ৰকাশ কৰিবাৰ পক্ষ ; One who advocates secret voting. Ballroom, bawlroom, n. নৃত্যুশালা ; A room

for balls or dancing.

Baim, bam, n. [ O. Fr. basme-L, balsamum -Gr. balsamon-Heb. baal, a prince, and schaman, oil. ] प्राचि कुक ; A fragrant plant :--चुन्न लामन ; यनम , Any fragrant healing ointment :- रजना डेन्नमकादक वह ; Any thing soothing pain : - v. t. डेननियल-कृ ; Soothe ;- देलन्यक्त-F; To anoint with oil.

The balm of Gilead or balsam of Mecca - निर्मात्र विरूप ; Resinous juice of the balsam tree of Syria. [ उभागकातक ; Soothing. Balmy, bami,a. 3714 ; Aromatic ; fragrant :-Balsam, bawisam, n. [ L. balsamum-Gr. balsmon-Heb. baal, a prince, and schaman, oil. ] वृक्ष न न ; A plant, shrub, or tree :--विद्याम : अभि मनम ; An oily, aromatic, healing substance : a .= balsamic, balsamical.

Balsam of Peru-পেলৰ ব্ৰেণ্ডপৰ ৰস্ত ; The produce of a tree in Peru.

Balsam of tolu-बार्मावकाव हेनू नामक बुरक्रांश्यव द्रशकि निर्याम ; A fragrant balsam from the tolu tree of America.

Balsamic, bal-samik, a. डेश्न्यकारी; Soothing. Baluster, balust-ér, n. Fr. balustre-Low L. balaustrium; Gr. balaustion, the flower of the promegrante, from the similarity of form. ] का का ना निहा; A little pillar; column; & small vertical bar supporting the rail of a stair-case. a.=Balaustered, balust-erd, कुत पत्र-विनिष्टे ; Having balusters.

Balustrade, balust-rad, ভূম বৰ খেনী; A row of balusters joined by rail.

Bam. bam, n. arojati; Cheat, imposition :v. i. astatt-v : To cheat, wheedle.

Bamboo, bam-bou', n. 村村; 本村; A kind of reed growing in tropical countries.

Bamboosie, bam-boo'zi, v. f. [Ety. dub.] अछावणा-क ; रखवृद्धि कवा ; To deceive by telling lies; to cheat by cunning.

Ban, ban, n. [ A. S. ge-bann, a proclamation, a widely diffused Teut. word, O. Ger. pannan, orig. meaning to 'summon to trial.' See Abandon. ] विकाशन : (पायनाशक ; A public notice :--विवारस्य विकाशन ; A notice of marriage :-বিবেশ ; Interdiction ; proscription :—আভিশাপ ; A curse; excommunication :- Wire; A pecuniary fine :- ( In military affairs, a proclammation by beat of drum, requiring a strict observance of discipline :- 73 33; Muslin :v.t. चिनान (पड़त्रा ; (पावना-कृ ; To curse ; to interdict; to proclaim.

Marriage bans, mar'ij bans, feetetvivet : The publication of marriage for three successive Sundays by the officiating minister.

To be under a ban-veitीन बाका : नखनी । FOT : To be subject to some penalty as a delinquent; to be under some penalty.

To put one to the ban-नवांबहार कविवाद क्रांशीरन नाथा : Place one under an interdic : subject one to the penalty of excommunication. as :- A declaration adopted instantly by all to put Napoleon to the ban of Europe.-Green.

Banana, ba-na'na, n. दननी वृष्ट वा উराद कल ;

A gigantic herbaceous plant, remarkable for its nutritious fruit.

Banco, ban-co, n. 4419444; A bench :- 441-সাবেৰ অৰ্থ . Money of the bank, as distinguished from current money.

In banco-डेक विहाबान्द्रब बकत छेनविहे विहाबक-# ; All the judges of a superior court sitting together.

Band, band, n. [ Fr. bande, from Ger. band, bond, thing used in binding-binden, to bind; akin to Sans. bandh, to bind. ] वस्त ; मुश्न ; That which binds ; a cord or chain :- watate कविवाब डेशाव ; Any means of restraint :-- वसमी ; Means of union or connection between persons: a tie :- गन ; A company of persons :- त्रिक ; A troop ; a body of armed men :-- शाहक मन ; A body of musicians :- नेनावजन ; Something worn around the neck :- বাজিবার কাগড়; A narrow strip of cloth or similar material for binding or swathing '-v. t. मर्ड-इ ; To bind together :- v. i. नजन ; To associate.

Bend box, band boks, n. कांत्रास्त्र वास ; A slight paper box for holding bands, cups, bonnets &c.

Band master, band master, n. नावक वन बावक; The conductor of a band of music.

Band together-asa esn; Combine.

Bandage, bandaj, n. वकन ; नहीं ; A strip of cloth used to bind a wound or fracture :- v. t. পট্টী থাবা বন্ধ-কু; To bind with a bandage.

Bandana, Bandanna, ban-dafia, n. as asta वित्र क्यांन ; A kind of silk or cotten coloured hankerchief, originally from India.

Bandit, bandit, n. [ It. bandito-Low L. bannire, bandire, to proclaim, from ban. ] war : An outlaw; a robber; a highway man. pl.= Bandits, Banditts.

Bandog, bandog, n. कुड़्ब विरम्प ; अक अकाव वा क्क ; A large fierce kind of dog; properly banddog, a large, fierce dog (which on account of its fierceness, was kept bound chained ).

Bands, bandz, n. plu. খ্ৰীষ্টাৰ ধৰ্মবাৰক, উকিল প্ৰভূ ভিব बाबक्छ श्रीबिष्ट्रस्य बार्च विराग्य ; A portion of the dress worn by clergymen, barristers, &c .a relic of the ancient amice.

Bandy, bandi, n. [ Fr. bander, to bend-Ger. band, a tie, string. ] 33 48; A bent club for striking a ball at play :- कीला विद्या : A game at ball with such a club :- v. i. affe sfes व्यावाङ दबा : भरम्भवाजस्य ठालमा दबा ; व्यावाङ कविदा ইতত্ত: সঞ্লিত করা; To beat to and fro, as a ball in playing :- विनिषय- इ : To exchange :-"To bandy hasty words" Shakespeare :আন্তের্নান-ক ; To agitate ;- v. i. বিশান-ক ; To

To bandy words with one—वान्यक ; To dispute about words :- "Knave! dost thou bandy words with me ?" Lytton.

Bandy from mouth to mouth-( coive क्था ) अवन्यवाक्राय क्षांविक क्या ; To spread or circulate ( as a rumour ) by being tossed about or passed from one man to the other, as .-

"So these are some of the stories they invent about us. and bandy from mouth to mouth" thought Nicholas.—Dickens.

Bandy-legged, bandi-legd, a. वज नामविनिह ;

ৰক্ষণ ; Having crooked legs.

Bane, bān, n. [A. S. bana, a murderer; Ice. bani, death.] প্ৰাণনাশক বিষ; A deadly poison;
— অনুষ্ঠে মূল; Any fatal cause of mischief; a pest:—বিনাশ; মৃত্যু; অনিষ্ট; Destruction; death; mischief.

Baneful, banfool,a. বিধাক ; মাৰাক্ষক ; সাংঘাতিক ; অনিষ্টকৰ ; Poisonous ; pernicious ; destructive.

adv = Banéfully.

Bang, bang, v. t. [ Ice. bang, a hammering; originally perhaps from the sound. ] প্ৰহাৰ-ক; ধ্ৰমণৰ আঘাত করা; To beat, as with a club; to thump; strike violently:—অভ্যৱশে ব্যবহাৰ-ক; To treat or handle roughly:—n. গুরুত্ব আঘাত; A heavy blow.

Bang, bang, Bangue, n. [Pers. bang, an intoxicating drug.] গাঁলা ইয়াত প্ৰতা এক প্ৰকাষ ব্যৱস্থানক উৰ্থা, An intoxicating drug made from Indian hemp. [large of its kind. Banging, bang-ing, (Slang) a. বৃহৎ; Huge; Bangle, bangl, n. [Hindoo bangri, bracelet.] ব্যাহ বা মল; An ornamental ring worn upon the arm, also upon the ankles in India and Africa. Banian, banyan, n. বটবুজ; The India fig tree — বাৰ্থক জাতি, মুকুজ; A Hindoo of the trading caste.—প্ৰাতঃকাৰের পৰিধেশ বহু; A morning grown.

Banian days, banyan daz, উপৰাস क्रिन ; Days when no meat is served to a ship's crew ; fast

days.

Banish, bahish, v. t. [Fr. bannir—Low L. bannire, to proclaim, from Ban, and see Abandon.] বিশ্বাসিত-কু; বহিছত-কু, To condemn to exile; to compel to leave a country.— দ্বীকৃত-কু, To drive away; remove. Syn.=Exile, expel, transport, eject, enclude.

Banishmont, banish-ment, n. শেশাস্থ্যক্ষণ, The act of banishing — নিৰ্বাদন; The state of being banished; exile:— বেছাৰ দেশতাৰ; A soluntary torsaking of one's country.

Banister, banister, n. (4)414 33, Corrupted into Baluster, which sec.

Banjo, bahjo, n. (corr. of Fr. bandore or pandore-1.. pandura—Gr. pandoura, ] শাৰ্মের স্থায় এক প্রকার বাস্থয়; A musical instrument like a fiddle.

Bank, bangk, n. [A. S. hane; Ger. bank. conn. with Bench through the idea of thing ridged or raised.] মুট্টিকাৰ সূপ, চিপি; A mound or ridge of earth:—পুলিৰ; Any steep ascent:—কাডৰাহকাৰ; A bench of rowers in a galley:—অধ্যাব্য ; A collection or stock of money:—স্প; A heap of any thing:—ধনাপাৰ; কুটী; The place where money is deposited:—ধনাপাবেৰ অধ্যাক্ষণ; A company of persons concerned in a bank:—চড়া; Shoal:—বিচাৰাম্ব; A seat of judgment:—ভাৰ; The margin of a river or sea:—v. t, বাধু হছত-কু: To raise a mound or

dike; to embank:—v. i. ধনাপারে অর্থ আনা পেত্রা; To deposit money in bank; to carry on banking.

Bankable, bangka-bl, a. धनानादन अस्पेत ; Receivable at a bank, as bills.

Bankre, banker, n. মহাজন; থনাগাবপতি; শ্ৰেষ্ঠা; One who keeps a bank; one employed in banking business.

Banking, bangking, n. অর্থনোর বা ব্যবহার; অথের আদান প্রদান কার্য; The business of a banker;—a. ধন-সঞ্চাবার সম্কীয়; Pertaining to a bank.

Bank-book, bangk-book, n. वमानादव श्निव वृक्षक ; Book for recording bank-accounts.

Bank-note, bangk-nōt, n. ধনাগাব পতা; হড়ি; A promissory note, issued by a bank or banking company payable to bearer.

Bank-stock, bangk-stok, n. ব্যাকের মূল্ধনের অংশ: A share or shares in the capital stock of a bank —ধনাগাবের মূল ধন, Capital of the bank of England or other bank.

Bankrupt, bangkrupt, n. [ Bank, a bench, and L. ruptus, broken, one who breaks or fails in business.] ৰূপ শোধনে অক্ষম বণিক; দেউরিয়া; An insolvent trader:—a ৰূপ শোধনে অক্ষম; Insolvent to debt:—v.t. কেউনিয়া-কু; To break in trade, to make insolvent

Bankruptey, hanekrupt-si, n. ৰণ শোধনে অক্ষতা; Insolvency; state of being or act of becoming bankrupt.

A commission of bankruptcy—ৰণ শোধনে অন্ধতা হেতু গ্ৰেপ্তাৰ কৰিবাৰ পা গুয়ানা; ৰণ পৰি-শোধনাক্ষতা হেতু গৃত কৰণাৰ্থ অন্তন্তাপত; A warrant granted in consequence of an act of bankruptcy.

Banner, baher, n. [Fr. banniere, lt bandiera—Low L. bandum. a standard, from Ger. band, a band, a strip of cloth, a waving or fluttering cloth, used as a flag—Ger, binden, to bind, allied to Sans. bendh, to bind. ] विश्व विश्वविद्या ; अञ्चवि ; नियान ; A flap or ensign; a a military standard, colours, peneon.

Under the banners of—কাহাৰত কৰ্ত্যাধীনে; কোন থোকাৰ অধীনে; Under the leadership of. Raise one's banners—মুক্তে প্ৰবৃত্ত হৰ্মা; To

enter into war.

Banneret, baner-et, n. [ Fr. dim. of Banner. ] উপাধি বিশেষ; A higher class of knight, interior to a baron.

Knight banneret, n. উচ্চপদস্থ ৰোকা বা বীব; বণকেতে অনীয় পভাকা উদ্ভোলন কবিতে ক্ষমভাপ্ৰাপ্ত উচ্চপদস্থ ৰীৰপুষ্য; Knight of the high-order, privileged to raise his own banner in the field. -Bannook, bannok, n. পিইক বিশেষ; A kind of cake.

Banns, banz, n. pl. [From Ban.] বিবাহ খোৰণা; পৰিণ্য-সংবাদ হোচাৰ; The announcement in a church of an intended marriage; a proclamation of marriage.

Banquet, bangkwet, n. [Fr.—It. banchetto, dim. of banco, a bench or table—Ger. bank. See Bank, a bench.] नाजान; (जान; उपनदः ভক্ত শ্রেণীৰ ভোজদ; A feast; a rich entertainment:—বাৰন্দায়ক বস্তু; Any thing delightful:—v. t. ভোজ-দে; To give a feast to .—v. t. সুখাদ্য ভোজন-দৃ; To fare sumptuously; to regale one self with good eating and drinking. Syn.=Feast, caronsal, entertainment, treat.

Banshes, bańshē, n. [Ir. bean, a woman, sidhe, a fairy.] निव निरम्प ; A female fairy in Ireland and elsewhere, who usually appears and utters a peculiar shrieking wall before a death in a particular family to which she is attached.

Bantam, bantam, n. পাকিবিশেষ; A small breed of fowls with feathered legs; a small variety of the common fowl brought from the East Indies and supposed to be named from Bantam in Java —a. ব্যাকীয় পাকী বাতীয়, Of the bantam breed.

A little bantam cock—সাহসী বাকি; A little plucky fellow that will not be bullied by a person bigger than himself.

Banter, banter, v. t. [ probably from badiner, to be frolicsome; to play or joke with ] উপংগৰু; পৰিংগৰ কৰা, বিজপ বা বাজ কৰা, To joke with in words and in good humour:—n. পৰিংগ, বাজ, Jesting; humorous raillery, wit at the expense of another Syn.=Rally, joke, jest, sport, ridicule, jeer, twit, deride.

Banting, banting, n. [From W. Banting of London, who recommenced to the public in 1863 ] আভিবিক্ত মেদ বা ছুলতা ছাস কবিবাৰ নিমিত এক প্ৰশানীৰ বাদ্য; A system of diet for reducing superfluous fat.

Bantling, bantling, n. [So called from the bands in which it is wrapped.] [40, A small child: an infant.

Banyan, banyan, [Sans. banij, banik, a merchant.] ৰণিক ছাতীয় লোক; One belonging to the caste of merchants in India.

Banyan day, banyan da, n. निवासिव ভোজনের

Banyan, banyan, n [so called by the English because the Banyans (merchants) held their market under it.] বটবুক; The Indian fig-tree whose branches take root and spread over a large area. [বিশেষ, A large African tree.

Baobab, ba'o-bab, n. আবিকাদেশীয় বৃহৎ বৃক্-Baptise, bapt-if, v. t. প্রীপ্রথমে দীক্তিক), ক্লা-মায়ত-কৃ, প্রীপ্রান করা, To administer the rite of baptism to; to christen.

Baptism, baptizm, n. বীইবর্ষাভিবেক; জলসংকার.; The application of water to a person as a religious ceremony. a.=Baptismal, প্রীয়ধ্যাভিবেক সংক্রীয় : Pertaining to baptism.

Baptismal font—अভিবেক কুও।

Baptist, baptist, n. বৌৰন-মজনবাদী; One who approves only of adult baptism by immersion; one who baptises:—এইখাৰ দীকা শুক; John, the Baptist.

Baptistery, baptist-er-i, n. অভিবেক ছাৰ; ইট-ধৰ্মো দীলা হাল; A place for baptism. Bar, bar, n. অৰ্থল; হুড্কা; A bolt, a rod of any solid substance :-- প্ৰতিবন্ধ বা বিশ্ব; বাধা; A hinderance or obstruction :--লেভিকাল্যে কিবো বিচাবাল্যে বেষ্টিত হাৰ; An enclosed place in a tayern or in a court of law :- वर्षानिकवन ; Any tribunal; as, the bar of public opinion :-ভালের চিক্ত, সঙ্গীতের চিক্ত; A division in music:-ৰাগুকাময় ভট; সৈকভ; A sand bank:—উকিল সম্পাৰ; The legal profession; the whole body of pleaders .- आमायोव म्लाइमान इहेबाद जान: The place in court where prisoners stand :-(in law) a special plea constituting a sufficient answer to the plaintiff's action :- v. t. 74-7; আবন্ধ বা कृत करा ; To fasten or secure, as with a bar ; as, to bar a door .-- वादा (मण्डा ; बिरवध-事; To hinder or prevent; to prohibit, to cut off a claim, as, to bar the entrance of evil :--बाम-(न ; बहिक्ड करा ; To except, to exclude. pr. p =barring. p =barred.

Bar of gold or silver— वर्शन वा (बोरमान भिक; An ingot, lump, or wedge, from the mines, run in a mould, and unwrought.

At the bar of the court—arts विচাदालद ;

At the bar—বিধাৰপতিৰ সমূৰে; আসামীৰ কাঠ-বাম; Before a tribunal; at the prisoner-box. Gentlemen of the bar—উকীল্গণ; Pleaders or Barusters.

To be called to the bar—seating কৰিছে অধিকাৰ প্ৰাপ্ত হওয়া; To be entitled to practise as a pleader or barrister:—বিচাৰের নিমিন্ত আদিট্ট হওয়া; বিচাৰার্থ বিচাৰান্তে আহন্ত হওয়া; To be summoned for trial.

A case at bar—উপন্থিত ঘোকৰ্মা; A case presently before the court; a case under argument.

To bring up to the bar—বিচারার্থ উপন্থিত করা; To be placed under trial.

Barb, barb, n. [Fr.—L. barba, a beard.]
লাড়ি; A beard .—ভীবেৰ কৰ্ম বা হল; The point
in an arrow-head which stands backward:—
বাববাৰি দেশীৰ আৰ; A Barbary steed:—দোড়াৰ
সাজ; Horse-armour:—পাবাৰভ; A pigeon:—
v. t. আৰকে সজ্জিভ-কু; To furnish horses with
armour:—ভীবেৰ ফ্লাভে ক্ম বা হল বোল-কু; To
jag arrows with hooks. [armour.
Barbed stoed, n. হুসজ্জিত আৰ; A horse in

Barbed stoed, n. সুৰাজত আৰু; A horse in Barbacan, bar'ba-kan, Barbican, bar'ba-kan, n. [Low l. barbacana, prob. from pers.] উপস্থা; A watch tower; an out-work before the gate of a tower or castle:—সুৰ্বাচীৰে কামান বিবয়; An opening in the wall of a fortress for guns.

Barbarian, bar-bār'i-an, a. [L. barbarus, Gr. barbares—bar, bar, an imitation of unintelligible sounds—applied by the Greeks (afterwards the Romans) to those speaking a different language from themselves.] অনভা; Uncivilised; as barbarian government.—িন্তুর, Cruel; inhuman; as, barbarian treatment:—
n. অসভা বাজি; An uncivilised person;—িন্তুর বাজি; A cruel man. "Thou fell barbarian."

Barbaric, bar-bar'ik, a. বিশেশীয়; Foreign;—

जन्म ; Uncivilized.

Barbarise, barbar-is, v. t. was warks affi-

Barbariam, bar'ba-ızm, n. আসভা অবহা , An uncivilized state ; savagısm ;—অভদ্ধ ভাবা ; Incorrect or vulgar form of speech.

Barbarity, bar-bar't-ti, n. अन्छाड़ी , निर्महड़ी ; Savageness ; cruelty.

Barbarous, bar'bar-us, a. আৰতা; বস্তু; Uncivilized; rude:—নিইব; পাশব; Cruel, ferocious; brutal;—contrary to the idioms of a language. adv.—Barbarously. n.—Barbarousness.

[ North West Africa

Barbary, bar-bar-i, n. আন্ত্রিকার উত্তর পশ্চিমাংশ .
Barbary horse, bar-bar-i hors, n. বারবারি
অংশেৰ অব : A horse from Barbary.

Barbecue, bar'e-kū, v. f. [Ety. dub ] পুৰ্ণাকে (অৰ্থাৎ না কাটিনা) দক্ষ করা; To roast whole, as a pig.

Barbel, barbel, n. [O. Fr. barbel—L. barba, beard.] অনুবাত কণ্ডৰ মংস্থানে ম fresh water fish with beard like appendages at its mouth.

Barber, barber, n. [Fr — L. barba, a beard.] কৌনকাৰ; মাপিড, One who shaves beards or dresses hair.

Barberry, bar'ber-i, n. [Low L. and Sp berberis—Ar. barbaris.] এক প্ৰকাৰ কউকৰ্ত্ত লঙা; A thorny shrub with red berries common in hedges,

Barbican, bar'bi-kan, n. Same as Barbacan. Bard, bard, n. কৰি; A Celtic minstrel, a poet. Bardic, bar'dik, a. কৰি বা তাহাবেৰ কৰিডা-সম্ভীয়; Pertaining to bards or their poetry.

Bare, bar, a. উলঙ্গ, খনাবৃড, Naked, uncovered, as, the arm is bare:—পবিদ্ৰ; অপ্ৰচুৰ, অৰ্থ্যু; Poor; scanty; empty —খনবৃত্তত, Simple, unadorned —কেবল, একাকী, Merc, alone, by itself:—খীৰ্, Threadbare; much worn — প্ৰকাশিত, Laid open to view, detected, no longer concealed:—v. f বিষয়-কু, খনাবৃত বা ইলফ ক্ৰা, To unclothe; to strip or uncover:—খুলিয়া, To lay open.

[sails set.]

Under bare poles—পাইল ব্যক্তিত, Having no Barely, bar-li, ad. কেবল; Only; merely Bare-faced, bar'fast, a. নিৰ্লক্ষ; গুই, আনা-

Bare-laced, bartast, a. বিলক্ষ্ণ বৃষ্ট . অবা-বৃতাবৰ; Shameless; impudent, with the face uncovered, audacious. n.=Barefacedness— বিশ্বতা; Effrontery, assurance; impudence; audaciousness. adv.=Baréfacedly.

Bare-foot, bār-ভিতt, a. প্রাণাণ; Having the feet uncovered.

Bare-headed, bar-heded, a. প্ৰথমত ; Having the head bare out of respect. [legs bare. Bare-legged, bar-legd, a. প্ৰগাদ ; With the Bare-man, bar man, n কেবলৈব ; A poor insolvent debtor. [Masts without sails set Bare-poles, bar-pols, n. পাইল বিহীন মাজন ; Bargain, bar'gin, n. [Fr. barguigner—Low L. barcamare, acc. to Diez from barca, a boat, used in carrying goods about.] ক্ৰম্বিক ; চ্ছি; An agreement or stipulation—সাম্ভ্ৰমক ক্ৰম্বাৰ, স্বাভ্ৰমক ক্ৰম্বাৰ, A gainful transaction :

—কৰ বা ক্ৰীভ প্ৰবা; Purchase, or the thing purchased:—বেৰ কৰ; The final result; as, to make the best of a bad bargain,—v. i. চুক্তি-ছ; দৰ কৰাকলি কৰা; To make a contract or agreement; to chaffer:—v. t. হতান্তৰ-ছ; To transfer for a consideration. Syn.=contact.

Into the bargain—অধিকয়; আবো; ভদৰিক; ভারে; ভদৰিক;

Sharp at a bargain—নিষ্ধে আৰম্ভ ইইবাৰ সময়ে
বাবেঁৰ প্ৰতি ভীক্ষুইবিশিষ্ট; Nicely attentive to
one's own interest in entering into an agreement
[ an agreement,

To strike a bargain—ছতি বৃদ্-কু; To ratify To make a bargain—অজীকাৰে আৰম্ভ হতৱা; To enter into an agreement.

To drive a hard bargain— অধিক মূল্যে বিক্রম কবিবাৰ অক গবেৰ চীদাটানি করা, To challer hard about the terms, to obtain a higher price

To strike a bargain—নিয়ম বা চুক্তি সমাপ্ত কৰা; To conclude an agreement.

Baritone, bar'i-ton, Same as Barytone.

Bark, bark, n. [Fr. bargue—Low L barca: perh. from Gr barrs, a boat ] বৰুণ, The rind of a tree, —কুৰ্বাণিৰ ভাক; The noise made by a dog, wolf &c —কুৰ পোড, A small vessel,—Peruvian bark, quinine,—v t. ছাল ভোলা; To peel or strip off the bark, to peel,—v. i কুৰ্বেৰ আৰু বৰুণ; To cry like a dog.—চীংকাৰ-কু; (গাণ্যাল-কু; To clamour at.

To bark at-निमा-कृ ; To censure.

Barkery, bark-er-i, n. বৰ্ণাগাৰ, চৰ পৰিছাৰ কৰিবাৰ গৃষ্ট ; A tan-house, a place where bark is kept.

Barky, barki, a. 44799. Consisting of bark. Barley, barki, n. [A. S. bærlic -bere (Scot bear) and lic-lec, leek, plant; W. barllys-bara, bread, llys, a plant, akin to L. far, corr-from root of to bear.] 44; A grain used for food, but chiefly for making malt.

Barley-corn, bar'li-korn, n. दावानव ; बरवव नाना ; A kernel of Barley ;—रेरफ्द क्जीहारन ; Third part of an inch.

Sir Jhon Barleycorn—A jocular name for ale or beer, which is made of barley

Barley-fever, bar'li-fe'vér, n. युवा-वनिष्ठ नेद्रा ; lliness caused by drunkenness.

Barley-augar, bar'li-shoog'ar, n. दद ६३(७ এइफ जिनि ; A preparation of sugar, Barley-water, bar'li-way'ster

Barley-water, bar'li-waw'ter, n. श्रीक्षणिरात्र

Barm, barm, n. [ A. S. beorme, Dan. barme ;

akin to L. fermentum, Eng. brew. ] यश (कन ; Froth of bear or other fermenting liquor, used as leaven; a yeast. a .- barmy.

Barmaid

Barmaid, barmad, n. श्विकाविका ; श्लीकिकानस्व नविगविका; A maid employed in a bar or tavern.

Barmecide, bar'me-sid, a. [ From a story in the Arabian Nights, in which a beggar is entertained by one of the Bermecide princes on an imaginary feast. ] कृष्टिय ; Sham ; without substance.

Barmeoide feast, bar'me-sid fcst, n. जाना-महीकिं ; A feast where there is nothing to eat ; any illusion. [ or yeast.

Barmy, barmi, a. यशा (क्यम ; Containing barm Barn, barn, n. [ A. S. berern, contracted bern from bere, barley, ern, a house. I fig; A child :- नञ्जानाद ; (नाना ; बामाद ; A covered building for farmproduce :-- v. t. (नानाव मक्ब कविषां बोबां; To store in a barn. n .= Barndoor, barn-dor, Barn-yard, barn-yard.

Barnacle, bar'na-kl, n. अवृक विराम : A shellfish which adheres to rocks &c. :- इःम विरम्ब ; A kind of goose :-- pl. এक (कांड) हम्मा ; A pair of spectacles: -An instrument to put upon a horse's nose, to confine him.

Barn barner, barn barn-er, n इटेनांडेडे (ट्रेटिंड অভাতর শাদন মণানীর পদ্পাতী বাজি; A democrat in the United States.

Barnacles, bar'na-klz, n. [ O. Fr. bericle, dim from L. berylus, beryl, crystal, Ger brille } हम्या : Spectacles :- यश्चित्यम ; Instrument to hold a horse by the nose.

Barometer, bar-omet-er, n. [Gr. baros, weight; metron, measure. ] वायुगांच रह ; An instrument for measuring the weight or pre-sure of the atmosphere and indicating changes of weather. a.= Barometric, Baometrical. aiv.= Barometrically.

Baron, bar'on, n. [ Fr. baron; in the Romance tongue the word meant a man as opposed to a woman, a strong man, a warrior; either from Celtic bar, a hero, fear, a man, or from O. Ger. bar, man, (O. Ger. bairan, E. Bear, to carry ). ] है:नक स्नीय कोनिक्चरूठक छैनावि; विठादक वित्यत्वव डेमाबि ; In England the lowest title of nobility. a .= Baronial.

Baronage, bar'on-aj, n. अवत वादिव अन्यानांत ; The whole body of barons :-- बार्बनियाद अव-वर्गामा ; The dignity of barons ;--वारवननिरंतव कृषि ; The land which gives title to a baron.

Baroness, bar'on-es, n. महाद पहिला ; A baron's wife or lady. [ rank next to that of a baron. Baronet, bar'on-et, n. উপাपि विरंगर ; A title of Baronetage, bar'on-et-2j, n. ব্যারনেট্ সম্পার ; The whole body of baronets.

Baronetcy, baron-et-si, n. वादिवादि अप ; The rank of a baron.

Beronial, bar'ohi-al, a. बादम वा जहार अधि-काव नक्की ; Pertaining to a baron or barony. Barony, bar'on-i. n. बादिनव अधिकाद; The territory of a baron.

Barouche, ba-roush, n. [L. birotus, twowheeled, from bis, twice, rota, a wheel. ] wiv-शैन नकडे विरुप्त ; A coach without a roof , a double seated four-wheeled carriage with a falling top.

Barque, bark, n. कुत्र (भाष ; A ship.

Barrack, bar'ak, n. [ Fr. baraque, It. baracca, a tent : cf. Celtic barrachad, a hat. ] (नना-নিবেশ; বাৰিক; A house for the lodgment of soldiers, commonly used in the plural.

Barrackmaster, barak master, n. (न्या-নিবালের অধ্যক; The officer, who superintends soldier's barracks.

Barracan, bar'ra-kan, n. উপবেৰ পরিচ্ছদ বিশেব: A thick, strong stuff, somewhat like camlet ;-used for outer garments.

Barraccon, bar'ra-kooh, n. मान निवान ; A slave ware-house; a place for negroes.

Barrator, bar'ra-ter, n. [ L. baratator, a deceiver, Fr. baratare, to deceive, See Barter. ] অভিবোধে উৎসাহদাতা; An encourager of a lawsuits ;- काशास्त्र अवक्क अवाक ; The master of a ship, who commits any fraud in the management of the ship.

Barratry, bar'ra-tri, n. wecette at faite উৎদাহ দান ; উৎকোচ এছণ ; Practice of encouraging law-suits and quarrels ;- काशास्त्र व्याप्त्रव প্রস্বা; Fraud in a ship master against the owners or under-writers, a .= Barratrous.-Tainted with barratry.

Barred by limitation—डाबाबि-इ।

Barrel, bar'el, n [ Fr. baril-barre. See Bar. ] शिना, A kind of cask, - निनाव आदिशव: The quantity which a cask contains ;- नन ; वसूरकर চ্ৰি, A tube, the tube of a gun ;--পৰিমাণ farm, A measure of 32 gallons of ale, 36 of beer ;- v. t. शिशाध वांशा , To put into a barrel. Barrel-bellied, bar'el be-led, a. नार्वाम्य ; Having a large belly.

Barron, bar'en, a. [Fr. bre'haigne, O. Fr. baraigne, unfruitful. ] का); Not producing young ; as, she is barren ;- अप्रसंद ; Unfruitful; sterile, as the soil is barren ;- factive : Dull, stupid; as, harren spectators; ---माष्ठक ভारन्छ ; উद्धारनमील नरह , मुख ; Not containing entertaining ideas; not inventive; empty ; as, "barren reveries" ;-n. 474445 ; Barr'enness ; sterility.

Barricade, bar'ik-ad, n. [Fr. barre, a bar. See Bar. ] मऊन कात्रमन निवादगार्थ निर्मित क्षांत्रीय: आकाद, A defensive fortification to check any enemy :- 447414; Any obstruction :- v. i. অবস্থান ; To obstruct; to block up:-ছুৰ বিশ্বাপ-কু; To fortify with any slight work.

Barrier, bar'i-er, n. [Fr. barriere-from barre, a bar. ] (45); Fence; enclosure:-काक्रमानद व्यवस्थान ; व्यवस्थान ; A defence against attack ; any obstruction :- शोश ; A boundary : a line of separation. Syn. = Bar, barricade.

Barring, bar-ing, prep. 47 State; Excepting; "barring the clergy."

Barring-out, bar-ing owt, n. विशाबता बालक-

কিলেই বিজেই; The act of closing the doors of a school-room against a school master; a boyish mode of rebellion in school.

Barrister, bar'is-ter, n. [Fr. barre : It barra.] बाबराबाजीय; (कोमली; One admitted to plead

at the bar; a counsellor of law.

Barrow, bar'ro, n. [ A. S. beorh-beorgan, to protect and A. S. berewe-beran, to bear. ] रुडानिज यांन वित्नतः, शांजशांकि ; A hand carriage :- मगाधिव উপविष्ट गुडिका खुन ; A hillock or mound of earth raised over graves to protect

them :- वाका नुकद ; A castrated hog.

Barter, bar'ter, v. t. [ O. Fr. bareter. ] 44 अस्याद विनिमस्य अभव अवा (मध्या ; विनिमय-कृ : To give any thing in exchange for another :- v. i. विनियय-कु; विनियत्त्र वानिका-कृ; To exchange; to traffic by exchanging :- ज्वा विनिययवादी वादमाय; Traffic by exchange of commodities. Syn.= Change, exchange, substitute, trade, commute, traffic, interchange. [of the earths a=Barytic. Baryta, ba-rita, n मुखिका वित्नम ; The heaviest Barytone, bar't-ton, Baritone, n. [Gr. barys, heavy, deep, and tonos, a tone. ] পুকরের গম্ভীর সুব ; ধর বিশেষ ; A man's voice not so low as a base nor so high as tenor :- a. গভাব ; गंडीव ; Grave and deep. f base Basal, basal, a. भूलमक्कीय ; Pertaining to the Basalt, bas-awit, n. [ 1. basaltes ( an African word), a marble found in Ethiopia] कुक्दर् कतिन क्षाच्य विरमय ; A hard dark coloured rock of volcanic origin :-- ধাতু বিশেষ; A kind of black porcelain. a = Basalric.

Base, bas, a. [Fr. bas Low L. bassus, thick, fat, a vulger. Roman word, found also in name Bassus ] निकृष्टे : अपन्न ; नौठ ; शैन ; Mean ; vile ; warthless; mean; lowly: - - | Illegitimate by birth :-- অলমুলা; Low in value :-- অনুদার ; ৰীচ; Illiberal; morally low: - অবিওদ; Not refined :- नखीव ; शाप ; Deep or grave in sound ;-n. fele; The bottom or foundation of an thing;—খন কেতের প্রশন্ত জাল; Broad part of a cone ;- আবোভাগ ; The lower part of a column on which the shaft stands ;- अपान डेशीरान ; In chemistry, the principal element of a compound; the chief ingredient; - 35 विरम्प ; A rustic play ;- नहीत चत्र ; बान ; The lowest or gravest part in music ;— সুদু দৈয়-ৰেণ : In war, fortified line from which the operation of an army proceeds ;—ৰহিপাৰ ; In fort, the exterior side of the polygon ;- 914; In geometry, the line or surface consitituting that part of a figure on which it is suffered to stand ;-v. t. ভিতি হাপন-ক ; To found or place on base. Syn.=vulgar, vile, ignoble.

Based on or upon-Tiffe; Founded on. Base-born, bas-bawrn, a. কারজ ; নীচৰংশকাত ; भी ; Born out of low parentage ; illegetimte by birth; vile. [ foundation ; groundless. Baneless, baśles a. অমূলক ; ভিত্তিংগীৰ ; Without Basement, basment, n. (गरक ; निष्ठत ; The lower story or floor of a building. [ Mean. Base-minded, bas-minded, a. नीड ; नीडम्मा ; Baseness, basness, n. alvel; Meaness. Base-spirited, bāś-spir-it-ed, a. নীত; ভীক; हीनएडका ; Mean ; cowardly ; mean-spirited. Base-string, bas-string, अ. वानावदाद नर्कारभक्ता अमूक्तवनभी जाद: The string of a musical instrument that gives the lowest note.

Base-viol, bas-vi-ol, n. Same as Bass-viol. Bashaw, ba-shaw', (Pasha. Pacha) n. [Ar. basha, Per, pasha, fr. Per had, powerful, and shah, king.) তুর্কির শাসনকর্তা; A Turkish Governor :- अर्कादी वाकि; A proud, tyrannic,

over-bearing person.

Bashful, bashfool, a. অতি নম্ৰ; সহত্তে হতবৃদ্ধি; (मयद९ ; विवाजन्छ ; लब्बानीन ; मलब्ब ; Very modest ; easily confused; sheepish; diffident; shy;n =Bashfulness ( লক্ষাশীৰতা ); ad=Bashfully. Syn.= diffident; timid; modest; shamefaced. Basil, bažil, n. [Gr, basilikos, royal] ज्नमी; A highly atomatic plant. [ Sp. bisel, sloping

edge ] श्राभरवव भरत्रद श्राव ; The shape of the edge of a tool ;-- v. t. श्रद्ध धाव वा नान (पड्या ; To grind

Basilian, " সমানী বিশেষ; Monk of St. Basil. Basilies, bar-ilik-a, n | L. basilisko, dim of basilens, a king. | यह जी धन्यभाजा ; यह जिस्त्री , A magnificent or royal church ;-- आमान ; A kingly palace.

Basilicon, bā-zih-kon, n. [Gr. basilikos, royal, from basileus, a king. ] भन्म ; An oint-

ment.

Basilisk, bafil-isk, n. কব্লিড দর্শ; ভক্ষক; দর্শ-वान , A fabulous serpent ; the king of serpents ;- এक প্ৰকাৰ दोंहे ; In modern zoology, a genus of crested lizards.

Basin, basn, n. [Fr. bassin, It. bacino, Low. L. bacchinus, perhaps from the celtic bac, a cavity. ] जनभाव ; A hollow vessel or dish :- . জনাধার; Any reservoir for water :- নদী মাতৃক দেশ ; অববাহিকা ; The entire tract of a country drained by a river and its tributaries.

Basis, basis, n. [ See Base, foundation ] ভিত্তি; The foundation; bottom: --উপাদান, মূব; The ground work or first principle. Syn .= Foundation, ground, base. plu.=Bases, basez.

Bask, bask, v. i. [ From the root of bake; Scot; beik to warm; Sw. Goth. baka on wasa. ] উত্তাপ সেবন ক ; বৌদ্রে থাকা ; To lie warmth ; to be exposed to genial heat —অসুকুল অবসাধ गरेश शकियां डेइड रहरा ; To prosper under benign influences :-- v. t. উত্তাপিত-কু; To warm by continued exposure to heat.

Basket, basket, n. [ W. basged-basg, network, plaiting. ] করন্ড; চুপড়ি; বুড়ি; A vessel made of twigs rushed &c interwoven.

Baskotful, basket-fool, n. कृष्टि भ्याव खवा ; The contents of a basket.

Basket-hilt, basket-hilt, n. তর্বালের আব্রণ-বিশিষ্ট বাঁট; The hilt of the sword made to defend the whole hand from being wounded; the hilt of a sword with a covering wrought like basket-work to defend the hand from injury. Basket-woman, basket-wom'an, #. वाकादि वृद्धि होर्थ दिवयकांवी बीटवांक ; A market woman, who sells from a basket,

Basque, bask. a. विस्कारमन, वा खरश्रातनवामी-शित्रव कार्य न्याच: Relating to Biscay, a district of Spain, or to the language of its natives.

Bass, bas, n. मलीएडव बारनव पूद ; शान ; Lowest part in music; the gravest male voice:-ৰাছ্য ; A mat used in churches :-- a. ৰীচ ; পভীৰ : बहाद ; Low ; deep or grave in sound :-ण. t. alte affer ani ; To sound in a deep tone. Basset, basset or bas-set, n. [ It. bassetto, dim. of basso, low. ] जान-कीफ़ोविटनर ; A game

at cards.

Basecon, bas-55h, n. [It. bassone, augment of basso, low, from root of Base ] वीमाया विरम्ब ; Musical instrument of a bass or very low note. Rass relief, bas-re-lef', n. [ It. basso-rilievo. See Base, low, and Relief. ] পল্ল উড়োলিত ভাৰৰ कार्या ; Sculpture, whose figures do not stand out far from the ground on which they are formed. Bass-viol, bas-viol, n. [ See Bass, low, and viol ] अक श्रकांव वानावत्र ; A musical instrument with four strings, used for playing the bass : the violoncello.

Bast, bast, n. [ A. S. bæst; Dan., Sw., Ger. bast ] (नव्शीरक्व हान ; The inner bark of the lime-tree -- माइद ; Matting made of it.

Bastard, bastard, n. [ Fr. batard , O. Fr. fils de bast, son of bast, bast or bât being a course saddle for beasts of burden, and indicating contempt. ] कावज महान ; Illegitimate child a. कृतिम ; आवन ; lilegitimate ; false ; not genuine ; spurious.

Bastardise, bastard-iz. v. f. चावकावरा लगान-📭 ; জাবজ সপ্ৰশাণ কৱা , To prove to be a bastard. Bastardy, bastard-i, n. जावज् ; State of

being illegitimate; illegitimacy.

Baste, bast, v. t. [ O. Fr. bastir, from O. Ger. bastan, to sew. ] आहा वा लघा लघा लगा र- ह- ; To sew slightly or with long statches. [ Ice. beysta, Dan. boste, to beat. ] यह बाबा आंगांच-कृ ; To beat with a stick ;- मक कदिवाद नगरव गांरमव উপৰ বৃত বা চর্বি ভুড়াইয়া দেওয়া; To drop fat or butter over meat while roasting.

To baste meat-मारमब উপৰ माधन ଓ চৰ্বি (तहन-इ : To drop fat or butter over the meat. Bastile, bast-ef, n. [ Fr.-O. Fr. bastir ( Fr. batir ), to build. ] काबानाव ; भारतिम नगरवव कावानात ; An old fortification in Paris used as a state prison and demolished in 1780.

- Bastinade, bast-in-ad, Bastinado, bast-in-Edo, v. t. [Sp. bastonada, Fr. bastonnadebaston, bâton-Low L basto, a stick; of unknown origin. ] পাৰতবে অহার-কু; To beat with a stick or cudgel; especially on the soles of the feet .- pr. p. Bastinading or Bastinaoding; pa. p bastinaded or bastinadoed. n.=Bastinade, Bastinado-পদত্তে অধাৰ; A beating or cudgelling especially on the soles of the feet.

Bastion, basty'un, n [ Fr.-O. Fr. bastir, to built. ] नक ; नक ; Bulwark ; projecting angle of the main line of a fortification,

Bat, bat, n. 1155; A flying animal :- ( ) first TITE; A heavy stick used in cricket play :-इंडेक का ; A piece of brick :- 0, 4. बार्ड महना कीड़ा-इ ; To play with a bat.

Bat fowling, bat fowling, n. वाक्तिकारन भनी धविवांव क्लेमन ; A method of catching birds at

night.

Batch, bach, s. [ From Bake. ] essits se कि त्रका नाम ; The quantity of bread baked at one time:- यक कार्या अकवारण मण्या वय: Any work or business despatched at ones. [ Abate. Bate, bat, v. t. 474-7; To lesson. The same as Bath, bath, s. [A. S. both; cog. with Ger. bad.] चानांत्राव ; A place or house for bathing :-বাৰ কৰিবাৰ কল; বান; Water for plunging the body into a bathing :- Bull actif all : A place in which heat is applied to a body immersed in some substance; as, vapour bath :-क्लिमिन ; Immersion in a bath ; as, to take a bath :-- शिवान विराम ; A Hebrew measure=7 gallons, 4 pints. plu.=Baths, bathz.

Order of the Bath, n. कुनीन मध्यमात्र विद्याद : A high order of British knighthood.

Bath-room, bath-100m, n. बारम्ब गृह ; An apartment for bathing.

Bathe, bath, v. t. [A. S. bathian -bath.] 314-F; To wash the body with water :- v. i. The-F; Be or lie in water or in any other liquid :n. মাৰ : The immersion of the body in water.

Bathed in tears-मक्त ; वालाक्तिक : With tears in one's eyes.

Bathing-tub, bathing-tub, n. 314 करियां পাত্ত ; A vessel for bathing.

Bathos, bathos, n. [ Gr. bathos, depth. from bathys, deep. ] वाका कथन वा निषदन खेळाचाव इट्रांड नीक्टारव अवद्योहन ; A ludicrous descent from the elevated to the mean in writing or speech.

Bating, bating, prep. aufes; 4766; With the exception of.

Batlet, batlet, n. [ Dim. of bat. ] वकरकव नांगे ; A small bat for beating linen in the washing.

Baton, baton, Batoon, ba-toon, n. [Fr. bâton-Low L. basto, a stick; of unknown origin. 170; A club :-- नामदिक कर्मागदीद नक ; शाखितकहकद नक : Staff of a marshal, band-leader, police-man. Batsman, batsman, Batter, batter, Batster, batster, n. किरके कीषा ए बाकि बाहि बाहि बादा कविश कील करब ; किरके देनांच गार्रेशांची ; A cricketer ; the player who holds the bat.

Batta, bata, n. 4167; An allowance made to East India soldiers in addition to their pay.

Battalia, bat-talya, n. [From the root of Battle ] (जनायून, The main body of an Battle ] (ननाम्थ , The main army :- (ननाम्थ , Battle array.

Battalion, bat-alyun, n. [ From the root of Battle. ] अमांकिक मिल्रमन ; A body of infantry consisting of from 500 to 800 men. -

Batten, bain, n. [ Same as Baton. ] \*1840; A piece of wood; a board:-v. t. atte state आंवड-इ ; To form or fasten with battens.

Batten, bain, v. i. [Ice. baina, to grow better.] पूरे रक्ता; (यांगे रक्ता; क्लांबिनारंग चौदनभाक कवा : To grow fat : to live in luxury.—v. t. पृष्टे कवा : (बाड़ी कवा : डेर्सव वा बननानी कवा : To

fatten ; to fertilize or enrich.

Batter, bate'r, v.t. [Fr. battre, It. battuere—L. battuere; conn. with beat.] পুল: পুল: ও সজোবে প্রহাত কালেক; To beat repeatedly and with violence:—আবাত বা বাবহাবে কাল্ড; To wear with beating or by use;—কামালাফি বাবা আক্রমণ তবা; To attack with artillery;—n. নালা উপাবাবে বিশ্লা, A mixture of several ingrediants;—প্রাচীবের সমুধ্ভাগের পূই-প্রবাতা; (Arch) a backward slope of in the face of a wall.

Battering gun or train, n. aibla sa alaaia siaia; Guns for battering down walls.

Battering-ram, batter-ing-ram, n. বগৰেব প্ৰাচীৰ ভক্ কৰিবাৰ ব্য ; An ancient engine for breaking down the walls of besieged places.

Battery, bat'ér-i, ন. নাৰণিট; Assault;—ছৰ্গ ভালিবাৰ বন্ধ; The instrument of battering;— হৃদ জ্বিত্ব কাৰ্যান প্ৰায় কৰিব। বাবা হন্ধ The place on which cannon are mounted:— কাৰ্যান শ্ৰেণীৰ সহগাৰী ব্যক্তিগণ ও অৰ সমূহ; The men and horses attending the guns;—ব্যবস্থা বহিত্ব আক্ৰমণ; In law, the unlawful beating of another;—বিজ্ঞানক বন্ধ; Apparatus for generating galvanic electricity.

Battery gun, n. অকাভ কাষ্যৰ; A heavy gun. Battle, batl, n. [Fr. bataille—battre, to beat See Batter.] ৰুড়; বিবাদ; A fight, a hostile encounter; contest;—v. t. বুড়-কু; To fight against;—v. i. বুড়ে হুড়া; To join in battle Syn.=Combat, engagement; action.

Drawn battle, drawn-batl, n. বে বুদ্ধে ফল আনিভিড; A battle in which neither party gains the victory.

Half the oattle—ways with Almost accessary to success; very important; As, in passing an examination, fair hand-writing is half the battle.

Pitched battle, picht batl, n. তুম্বার্মাণ; A battle in which the opposing forces have taken up a position thus distinguished from a skirmish; a battle fought on an open field with equal advantage on both sides.

Win the battle—जरी-ए; To be victorious.

Battle royal—বুনো বুনি-ক; A melee; a contest with fists or cudgels in which more than two are engaged.

Battle with-4141-(4; Oppose.

Battle-gage, ba'l-gaj, n. বুৰাৰ্থে আহানস্তক নিজিত নিৰ্ভাগানি: Anything as cap, a gauntlet, or the like thrown down, as a challange to battle. As:—The new-born Republic flung down to Europe as her battle-gage the head of a king.—Myer.

To give battle नेक्ट आहमा करा; नेक्टर अप आहमा करा; To attack an enemy; to make the first onset in a fight. As:—Of these brave men, the bravest was Charactacus, who gave battle to the Romans, with his army, among the mountains of North Wales, Battle array चन-विनान ; Order of battle. Battle-axe, batl-aks, n. नवल ; दूव-कृशेष ; An axe anciently used as a weapon of war.

Battle-ory, n. নিংহনাৰ; Cry of warrior.
Battle-door, Battledore, batl-dor, n. [Sp. batidor, a beater, a washing-beetle.] বাট; বল আখত কৰিবাৰ কুল বাট; A racket; a light bat for striking a ball or shuttle-cock:—ৰালকেৰ আদি পাঠা পুৰুক; A child's horn-book.

Battle field or ground, n. वर्गकृषि ; A place

of fighting.

Battlement, ba'll-ment, n. [Prob. from O. Fr. bastillement—bastir, to build ] ছিল্পবিশিষ্ট প্ৰাচীৰ; ৰঙ্গ বিশেষ; A wall raised on a building with openings or embrasure; a notched or indented parapet. a.= Battlemented.

Batton, baton, Batten, batn, n. যুগ ভাড়াৰ; The act of beating the woods, bushes &c., for game;—মুগ; The game beatenup.

Battue, bat-too', n. [Fr.—battre, to beat.]
মুগ্যাকালে ব্যৱত পদ; মুগতাড়ন; A sporting
term; in a battue, the woods are beaten and
the games driven into one place for convenience
of the shooters. [frustrate.

Baulk, bawlk, v. i. वार्थ-कृ; To disappoint; to Baudric, bawdrik, Same as Baldrick.

Bawble, Bauble, baw'bl, n. [Fr. babiole— It. babbole, toys—babbeo, a simpleton.] সুদ্দ অকি শিংকর দ্বরা; ক্রীড়নক; A showy trifle; a worthless piece of finery; a gewgaw.

Bawd, bawd, n. [O. Fr. baud, bold, wanton, from root of Bold.] কুকৰেন্দ সহায়; কোট্না; কুট্নী; A procurer or procuress; one who promotes debauchery,—v.i. কুকৰে সাহায়-ক; কোটনাগিনি-ক; To procure or provide woman for bad purposes.

Bawdy, bawdi, a. অসচ্চবিত্ত : জনীন ; Filthy ; unchaste ; obscene n = Bawdiness.

Bawdy-house, badrı hows, n. বেসাব্য ; A house of prostitution.

Bawdry, bádri, n. কুটিনীর ব্যবস্থ ; The practice of procuring women for the gratification of lust ;--ব্যক্তিচার ; Illicit intercourse.

Bawl, bawl, v. i. [Ice. baula, to bellow ] চীংকার-কু; To cry out loudly; to hoot;—n. উৰ্চ্চ চীংকার; A loud cry or shout. n. = Bawler.

Bay, bā, a. [Fr. bai, It. bajo—L. baclus, chestnut coloured.] পিলপ্ৰণ; পাটজিলা; Reddish brown, inclining to a chestnut colour.

Bay, bā, n. [Fr. baie—Low L. baia, a harbour; ety. dub. According to Littré from Baiæ; name of a town on the Companion coast.] উপনাৰ ; An arm of the sea, running into the land:—[Fr. baie, a berry—L. bacca, a berry, the laurel-berry.] वृक्षित्रव ; The laurel-tree;—व्याजा; विवयरुष्ठ यांचा वा यूक्ट ; in the plural; a garland given for victory; an honorary garland or crown of victory:—[O. Fr. abbayer—L. ad, and baubari, to yelp.] क्राव कीरकाव : The bark of a dog, when its prey is brought to a stand:—व्यवस्थ व्यवस्थ : क्राव कीरकाव : To being hemmed in :—v. i. क्राव व्यवस्थ कीरकाव : To

At bay—ৰগক্স কুৰ্ব কৰ্ত্ক অনুষ্ঠত ইয়ৰ খংকাসে কিবিয়া লাড়াছ, এবং কুৰ্বিসিকে আৰু আগ্ৰন ইংছে খেব না, ওখনই কুৰ্বিপিকে বাৰ আগ্ৰন ইংছে খেব না, ওখনই কুৰ্বিপিকে এই বাৰ্চাংশ ব্যৱহৃত্ত হয়: সকট অবস্থায় শক্তকে প্ৰতিবোধ কবিয়ায় জক্ত কিবিয়া সভায়খান হত্যা; Said of hounds, when the stag turns and checks them, makes them stand and bark; at a stand, and turned to keep the enemy in check. As:—Ulysses stands manfully at bay almost alone amidst a host of enemies.—W. L. Collins.

To bring to bay—sisters are waris what and it with the sale of the

To keep at bay—আক্ৰমণ নিৰাৰণ-ক ; শক্তে নিৰুটে আসিতে লা দেখা; To ward off an attack; to keep an enemy from closing in. As:— During two campaigns he kept them at bay.— Southey.

Hold one at bay—steller; Keep in check. As —During four hundred years its frontier had held at hay the harbarian world without.

Crowned with bay—সংশালা বারা প্রাক্তিত; In sign of victory.

Bay-Balt, ba'-sawlt, n. [See Bay, an inlet.] সমৃ-মেৰ জন ওছ কৰণাস্ত্ৰৰ ডংপাণিত লবণ, Salt obtained from sea-water by evaporation, esp. from salt-marshes along the coasts of France, &c.

Turn to bay—relative होता नाइट विद्याधिक ।; Make a stand and face the enemy. As:—The ruffion's arm was raised to strike, when to the astonishment of the whole theatre, boy and dog turned valiantly to bay, and leaping on the gladiator, dragged him between them to the ground.—C. Kingsley.

Bay-Window, ba'-win-dō, n. প্ৰব্য ৰাজ্যৰ, A projecting window.

Bay the moon-qui (FE) ; To beat the air; to use vain efforts; to labour in vain.

Bayard, ba'ard, n. অভি ক্ৰতগামী অগ; A bay horse; a horse of incredible swiftness,—a. অভ; মূর্গ; Blind; stupid.

Bayonet, ba'on-et, m. [Fr. baionnette— Bayonne, in France, where it was first made.] বৰ্তেৰ নহীন; A short dagger at the end of a musket;—v. t. নহীন ছাৱা আঘাত-কৃ, To stab with a bayonet;—সহীন ছাৱা আছাইছা-দে; To drive by the bayonet.

At the point of the bayonet—47 4141;
By military force; by compulsion.

Be, be, v. i. [A. S. beon; Ger. bin; Gael. bi, to exist; W. byw, to live; Gr. phue, l., fui, fo,
—Sans. bhu, to be, originally meaning, to

grow.] वर्डवान वांचा; To exist;—रवडा; To become;—वांचा; To remain;—वर्डवान रवडा; To be present in place.

Be at - 1175 1181; Engaged in. As-"He has been at it, I fear for months" A. T.

Be in-উপন্থিত-ছ; Be present.

Be in for—কট্ট প্ৰথা; কোৰ কাৰ্ণে বিপৰে পৰিজ হলা; To be in trouble on account of. As:—
(a) Did'nt they say a year of two ago that my house was in for £20,000 when G. and Co. broke?—Warren. (b) Being in for a penny, I am ready as the saying is, to be in for a pound.—Dickens. [to have the favour of. Be in with—অনুধাৰ পাত-ফু; To be friendly; Be it so—হটুতে পাত; আৰুপ হউক; তথাত; Let it be so—a phrase of supposition, equivalent to suppose it to be co.

Be off-अञ्चन ; Depart.

Be over— (नव-२, Cease; As, The examination was over.

Be that as it may— (त्र वाहाई इंडेड ; However Be out—वाहित्व वाहाई ; Be not in the house.

Be out with—विवान-इ ; Be in disagreement with.

[ worse.

Be the worse for—বৰ হতা; To be made Be the better for—ইপহাৰ বাত-ছ; To be improve; to be benefitted.

Be up—শ্বা হইতে উপান-ক ; Be out of bed ; to Be up to—স্থান-হ ; Be equal to ;—কাড-হ ; To be acquainted with.

Be well up in a subject—ভাল ক'ৰে পিছা-কু; To have mastered it thoroughly.

Be this or that as it may—বাহাই কেব প্রকৃত ঘটনা হউক বা; (An adversative clause expressive of doubt.) What the case may actually be. As:—(a) Be this as it might, she stood submissively and deferentially before her child.—Dickens. (b) Be that as it may, for the sum of £2,500 it was sold—De Quencey.

The be-all and the end-all of প্ৰধান উদ্যেশ্য কেমাত কলা, জীবনেৰ সৰ্কন্ত ধন; Everything that is done or required, and the final end, consummation conclusion, of; the sole end or purpose.

Let be হতকেপ না কৰা; To omit; to let alone. Beach, bech, n. [Ice. bakky; a variety of bank.] তীব; ভট, The shore; the strand; r. t ভটে নিকেপ কৰা; To run upon a beach. Beached, becht, a. জন বাবা (বাত; Washed by

the tide;— करते विकासिक; Stranded or driven on a beach.

Beachy, bechi, a. उटेनिनेहे ; Having a beach or beaches.

Beacon, be'kn, n. [A S beacen, a beacon, a sign; conn. with Beckon.] হিল; A token or signal;—শক্ত আগ্ৰন স্চনাৰ্থ আনোক; A signal-fire to notify the approach of an enemy;— আলোক-গৃহ; A light-house,—বিপাৰ জাপক আলোক; বিপাৎ সম্ভেড; উচ্চ ছানে ছাপিজ হিল; A signal ererted on an eminence near the shore as a guide to mariners;—বিপাৰ সংবাদজাপক ৰতঃ বাহা বিপাৰ সংবাদস্যক; Figuratively, that which

gives notice of danger, -v. t. विश्वत्य गरवीय कांशन कदा ; भारताकिष-कृ To afford light ; to light up. Syn. - Sign, signal; light-house.

Bead, bed, n. [ A. S. bed, gebed, a prayer, from biddan, to pray, See Bid ] with ; A little bail bored ;-- पाना ; A string of such worn on the neck or wrist ;- अश्माना ; A string of such, used by Román Catholics, Mahamedans and others to count the number of prayers ;-चीं ; A round moulding ;-v. t. याना बाबा चनकुष-कृ ; To ornament with beads.

A rosary of beads-अनमाना ; A string of beads, used in counting the prayer recited. To tell one's beads-माना बना ; To be at prayer; to say one's prayers.

Bead-house, Bede-house, bed-hows, n. অতিথিপাৰা; An alms-house for bradsmen.

Beads-man or woman, bédź man or bedź wooman, n. (व राक्ति अस्मद अन्न आर्थनो करव; काशबन्ध निमिन्न आर्थना कदिवाद क्रम निरम्भिक वास्ति; A person employed to pray for another.

Bead-roll, bed-rol, n. [ see Bead ] (वायान ক্যাথলিকদিগের মধ্যে বে সমস্ত মৃত ব্যক্তির আত্মার भाक्षिक कन्छ आर्थना कविष्ठ रहेरव छारारमब नास्मव ভালिका ; ভালিका ; A catalogue of persons for the rest of whose souls a certain number of prayers are to be said or counted off on the beads of a chaplet; hence, a catalouge in general.

Beadle, bedl, n. [ A. S. bydel-beodan, to proclaim ; to bid ] धर्षाधिकदानंद नृष ; ভन्नानायद वा विशानाव निम्नम्बी कर्याने दो ; A messenger or crier of a court; a petty officer of a church, college, parish &c. n =Beadle-ship, bédl-ship, 21. भूरजब कार्या ; The office of a beadle

Beady, bed-i, a. श्रीकामपूर्ण; अभयाना अपूर्ण. ৰুৱ, গোলাকাৰ এবং উজ্জল; Resembling beads; small, round, and glistening.

Beagle, be'gl, [Ety. unknown] n. Maist A small hound or hunting dog

Beak, bek, n. [Fr. bec. Celt. beic, akin to Peak, Pike ]. (315; Ft; The bill or nib of a bird;—ভীকার পদার্থ; কোণ; Anything ending in a point like a beak :- (\*) प्र ; A part of the ship ;- नानन्दर्श ; A magistrate. a.= Bca-Ked. (कापविभिन्ने ।

Beaker, bek'er, n. [ Ice. bikarr ( Scot bicker ) Low. L. bicarium, acc. to Dez from Gr. bikos, of Eastern origin 1 114910; A large drinking cup or vessel.

Beam, bém, n. [ A. S. beam, a tree, stock of a tree, a ray of light; Ger. baum, a tree; Gr. phyma, a growth—phy, to grow.] कड़िकां ; The largest piece of timber in a building, that lies across the walls , - चूहर कार्क्स ; Any large piece of timber ;- তুলাদত ; The straight piece of a balance;—গাডিৰ ব্ৰা; The pole of a carriage;—নৰবেৰ ভাট; The straight part or shank of an anchor ;--नाजरनव नेवा ; The main piece of a plough ;-- जारणव नवान ; A part of a loom ;—如何诗; 存有4-(有4); A collection of rays of light emitted from a luminous body; a ray of light ;- क, f, किवन विकीर् क । किवन-एन ,

To shine. Syn :- Girder, rafter ; gleam. Thrown on my beam ends—পেৰ উপায় অৰ-ल्बन कविएक बाधा एकडा ; Driven to my last shift. Beam, bem, n. किंद्र विकासन ; Radiation ; the emission of light in rays ;-- विनारकाणिविक्य ;

The issuing of intellectual light, as the beamings of genius. f beam. Besmiess, berfiles, a. किवनविश्वन; Without Beamy, bemi, a. वृहद ; Massy; - जन्त ; Shining. Boan, ben, n. [ A. S. bean ; Ger. bohne, W. ffaen, L. faba. ] निव ; वदवर्ग ; A garden pulse. Bear, bar, v. t. [ A. S. beran ; Goth. bairan, L. fero, Gr. phero, Sans. bhri, to support. ] 4144-क ; To support ;-- वश्व-क ; To carry ;-- वावव-क ; To wear ; As, to bear a sword ;— चानपान ৰাখা ;- To keep afloat, as a ship ;- সছ-তু; To endure ; to suffer ; to be patient ;- 4149-7; পোষণ-ক ; To entertain ; As, to bear ill-will ;-धारा-क ; To admit or be capable of ; As, the words will bear but one meaning; - and -, উৎপাদৰ কৰা; To bring forth; As, to bear children ;- अधिकाब-कृ ; वावश्व-कृ ; To possess or use ; As, 'to bear away' ;---शार्थ-कृ ; To carry on or maintain ; As, to bear a part ;- a a to ;-To show or exhibit; as, to bear witness;-मारी एडग ; To sustain or be answerable for, as blame, expense &c. ;- wire 1- ; To behave, to conduct, As "He hath borne himself patiently"; -প্রথান-ক ;-To afford ; supply ; As "His faithful dog shall bear him company", -v. i. 3393-হ; কলম্ভ-হ, Produce; be fruitful, —পীড়া দেওয়া; To press-with on or upon ;- मक्ल इत्हा ; To succeed; to take effect; As, to bring the matter to bear ; -- কল ভৎপন্ন-কু , To produce fruit ; -- সৰজ থাকা, To relate or refer ;-- অবৃত্বিতি ক্যা; To be situated with respect to something else.

Boar against—जिंगगन-कृ; जाजगन-कृ; To approach for attack or seizure

Bear away or up (naut)-spates sto পরিবর্ত্তন কবাইয়া তাহাকে বাবুর সহিত চলিতে দেওবা; To change the course of a ship, and make her run before the wind; As :- Bearing away from the shores of Lotus-eaters, Ulysses and his crew next reach the island where Cyclops dwell. [ make haste.

Bear a hand (naut)-नाहांगु-क ; नवद- ह ; Assist ; Bear a part in-कार्या (वान (एव ; Take a part in; be engaged along with others in (doing some thing ). As ; -But the history of the early part of the Peloponnesian war was written by Thucydides who not only lived at the time, but himself bore a part in the war.

Bear a charmed life—देववदन वनीवान इक्दा : To have one's life fortified against possible harm by supernatural influences.

Bear a resemblance to—Haid Test; Hive थाका ; Be like.

Bear arms against 74-7; Fight against. Bear away the bell-cas veri; Be first or leader; to surpass. value. Boar a price-अवने प्ला पाका ; Have a certain

cetreat.

Beer date-viftere veri : Be dated.

Bear down-- भवाडव-ज ; अधिकम-क ; To crush by force; to overthrow; As; -- In the committee there was much hesitation; but Clive's voice was given in favour of the conspirators, and his vigour and firmness bore down all opposition.-Macaulay.

Bear down upon (naut)—উপস্থিত হওয়া ; আক্র-मगाई हानिया अछा ; To drive or tend to approach with a fair wind; to drive towards an enemy in order to full upon. As ;-Signal who made to bear down upon the enemy in two lines; and the flat set all sail .- Southey.

Bear false witnesses—মিখ্যা সাকা দেভমা; Make untrue statement.

Bear fruit-क्लान रका ; Produce good results ; As, English education has borne fruit in India. Bear hard upon or hardly on-five (781); कार्शन वारहाद वा उपमीखन कवा ; To press severely upon, treat in a harsh or oppressive manner; As :- (a) These men therefore bear hard upon the suspected party, pursue her close through all her turnings, and are too well acquainted with the chase to be flung off by any false steps or doubles .- Addison. (b) About the famous Stella and Vanessa controversy the Doctor does not bear very hardly on Swift. Thackeray.

Bear grudge against—क्वाब (भाषा-कृ ; Owe a spite to. As :- He (the savage) concludes that they (the gods) bear a grudge against human happiness, and must be propitiated if their jealousy is to be opposed .- Froude.

Bear in hand-with-(7; Keep in expectation. Bear in mind-সর্থ-কৃ; Remember. As:--"There are three things, young gentleman," said Nelson, to one of his midshipmen, "which you are constantly to bear in mind."-Southy. Bear off-पूद्य लहेबा दांब ; To remove to a distance; to carry

Bear off, v. i. (naut) जीव रहेएक हालाहेबा बालबा; यां पा ; To steer off from land ; to go away.

Bear on- शिष्ठा (प्रका: To press against :-- मार्क भाका ; To be related or refer to ; As, How does this bear on the question. [ accompany. Bear one company—अविवादि वाद्या : To Bear one's self-- जावहांब-कृ; Conduct one's

self; behave one's self.

Bear out-পোৰকভা-কু; সম্প্ৰ-কু; To maintain and support to the end; As, But we do not find that it bears out his statement.

Bear rule over-app. F: Exercise supremacy over; hold dominion over. As: -But very often one city bore rule over other cities, which were commonly eager to cast off its yoke if they could.-Freeman.

Bear the stamp-for vivi wai; Carry the mark of. As:-He pointed to his power of delireating manners, of painting the passions, and of describing scenery, as all bearing the stamp of true genius,-Principal Shairp.

Bear testimony-अवान (नवडा ; नाका (नवडा ; Testify to; As :- The Dutches of Queensbury bears testimony to her amiable qualities

Bear the brunt of- आजगत्न आजक (वन बाबन-7: To endure the utmost violence of : As :-On the 28th, the working classes had almost exclusively borne the brunt of battle .- C. Knight. Bear the palm-will very; To come off victorious. As :- (a) In the terrible struggle which followed the king bore off the palm of victory. (b) It is certain they bore the palm in both particulars over every hungman in France.-Scott.

Bear up, v. t. विषयं ना वा ; To support ; to keep from sinking. [ ported ; not to sink. Bear up, v. i. अडेन बांका ; छेब्हन-कृ ; To be sup-Bear up against-मारम महकारव मझ-क ; देवरंड अर्काटक अञ्च कहा; Oppose manfully; not to succumb under; endure patiently; not to give way to or sink under; As, (a) He had to bear up against great bodily suffering.-Southey. (b) Well, ma'am, how do you do? You must bear up against sorrow, ma'am, I always do.

Bear up for - हानाइंडा अधिपूर्व नमन कदा ; Sail towards. As :- Baffled thus, he bore up for Malta.-Southey.

Bear up with नक् कवा : Endure with. As :-He bore up with unconquerable spirit to the last.-Smiles.

Bear through-To conduct or manage.

Bear upon - कार्या-क ; To act upon :- कारन नारन এখন কবিয়া সংস্থাপন-জ ; To be pointed or situated; As, The gun-boats brought their fire to bear upon the Austrians .- Southey.

Bear with- 78-7; To endure what is unpleasing; to be indulgent to; to forbear, resist, oppose or punish. As :- Bear with me : My heart is in the coffin there with Cæsar, And I must pause till it come back to me .- J. Cæsar. Bring to bear upon-बन्नश्रात जारान करा : कार्य लानाव : कार्याकव रत ; Cause to take effect ; to apply; to use with.

To bear a brave face against-निया ना बाउबा : माइम महकारव वाधा-तम ; To oppose manfully; carry a bold front; not to succumb under (calamity); As :- The famous Mr. Congreye I saw a dozen of times at Button's, a splendid wreck of a man magnificently attired. and though gouty, and almost blind, bearing a brave face against fortune .- Thackeray.

Bear, bar, n. [ A. S. bera ; Ger. bar ; L. fera, a wild beast, akin to Gr. ther, Æol pher. ] ভন্ত; A four-footed animal;—ভল্ত বুৰ; In Astronomy, the name of two constellations in the north-the Great and Little Bear ;-व्यक्त वाकि ; Figuratively, any brutal or illbehaved person ;—a. भाषा ; Bearish-rude.

A bridled bear, n. जराकारी निक्काशीय द्वा : A young man under the control of a travelling tutor.

The Bear and the Tes-kittle-or arte অকারণ ক্রম হইয়া প্রকীয় ক্রতি করে ভাহার নগমে वार्षा; Said of a person who injures himselt by foolish race. (One day a bear entered a hut in Kamschatka, where a kettle was on the fire. Master Bruin went to the kettle, and smelling at it burnt his nose; being greatly irritated he seized the kettle with his paws, and squeezed it against his breast. of course made matters worse, for the boiling water scalded him terribly, and he growled in agony till some neighbours put an end to his life with their guns. )

The Northern Bear-क्रिया ; Russia. Bearable, bar'abl, a. महनीय ; Tolerable ; that may be borne or endured. adv.=Bear'ably. Bear-baiting, bar-bating, n. কুৰুৰ বাবা ভলক

ভাডাৰ; The sport of causing dogs to fight with bears.

Bear-garden, bar-gar'dn, n. अञ्चलांगा ; A place where bears are kept for sport :- (4) नाइन পুৰ্ব সভা ; A turbulent assembly.

Bear-leader, bar-leder, n. अपनकादी दूबरकद ड्यांबर्धावक : One who undertakes the charge of a young man on his travel.

Bear-skin, bar'-skin, n. satoa sa; The skin of a bear ;- अन्याद (मार्डे। काशक विरन्त ; A coarse shaggy woolen cloth for coats.

Bear-ward, bar'-wawrd, n. अञ्चल दक्क ; A keeper of bears.

Beard, berd, n. TA. S. W. barf, Ger. bart, Russ. boroda, L. barba. ] 如本; 对像; The hair growing on the chin ;- शक्तानिय गन्नवी : The awn of corn ;- v. t. 416 4'ta 6141 ; To seize by the beard ;-- पुष्ठ-क ; अपमान कवा : প্রতিবাদ-क ; खिडिरवांथ कहा ; मारम्य महिल मणुबीन रख्या ; To oppose openly; to set at defiance; to insult; to contradict flatly; to meet manfully. As .-He would beard a superstition, and shudder at the old phantasm while he did it .- Leigh Hunt. [ बद्दम ; Are terms for old age. Gray beard and reverned beard, n. 3% Bearded, berded, a. अक्यांबी; Having a beard;—(श्रीरवद) कर्नविनिष्टे ; Barbed, as an arrow. To take one by the beard-अभ्यान-क : माहि म'दब होना ; To insult one ; to pull one by the beard ;-- माश्रमव महिल काशांक अञित्यांव कदा वा কাহার সন্থীন হওৱা; Meet or oppose one in a bold and daring spirit. As ,-And at this moment a gigantic question has startled up which I must needs take by the beard.

To laugh at one's beard-मिना वित्र अला-बर्गा-कु; बक्कनरक रोका वानाहरू (क्ट्री क्ट्रा; To deceive by ridiculous exaggeration; to attempt to make a fool of a person. As ;-"By the prophet! but he laughs at our beards," exclaimed the Pacha, angtily .- Marryaff, "Pacha of Many Tales."

To pluck one by the beard-नाहि धविया होना ; अवका अन्तर्भन कर्ता ; अन्यान कर्ता ; To seize and pull one by the beard; to set at defiance; [ out a beard ; young. Beardless, berdies, a. युवा ; चलविरीव ; With-Bearer, bar'er, n. 4744; One who bears, sustains, or carries (in a general sense);-- 93-बार्क ; One who carries a package or letter ;--नवराही ; One who bears a corpse to the funerals ;- हिन्धांदी ; One who wears any thing.

Bearing, baring, n. अवस्त्री ; वारशंद ; Gesture ; mien ; behaviour ;- 744 ; Relation ; As, the "bearings of a subject";—লাপেকিক বিভি; Relative situation;—কুল্ডিক; Emblem in an escutcheon. [ Syn.=Bude, coarse; booris. Bearish, barish, a. ब्ह्र नपूर्ण; Like a bear. Beast, best, n. [O. Fr. beste, Fr. bate-L. bestia. ] 43; Any four-footed animal;-414-লীৰ জড়; Any irrational being ;—(Fig) পত্ৰৰ मन्त्रा ; A degraded brutal man.

Beast of burden, n. डांबरांशे नंत ; An animal employed in labour of carrying burdens.

Boastial, bestyal, a. পानवाहाद विनिष्ट ; Having the qualities of beast ;- अपन हे लियानक ; निष्टेय ; পাপৰ, Vile; brutish; carnal. n.=Beastiality. -v.t. Beastialise - するマー子: To make beastial.

Boastings, bestingz, Same as Biestings. Beastly, bestli, a. 9000; Like a beast ;-নিষ্ঠ ; জবন্ত ; অনীৰ ; Brutal ; filthy ; obscene :-श्वमच्यात्र ; Pertaining to or having the nature of a beast. n =Beastliness, পত্ৰ ।

Best, bet, v. t. [ A. S. beaten, from root bat, imitative of the sound of a sharp blow; hence Bat, Butt. ] बाराइ-क ; वावशांव आवाज-क ; To strike; As, to beat one's breast; -- नाजान; To play on; As, to beat the drum ,- 5%- To break ; to pound ;- अमादिष-कृ ; To extend by beating; as gold, silver &c - प्राप्त क्लानिक উপৰ তাড়ৰা-ক : To strike bushes ; to shake by beating; to make a noise to rouse game; As, to beat the woods; - 415514; To thrash,-ভাজিত-কু; To dash or strike ;--পৰে চলা: To tread; As a path; -- 41-7; To vanquish or conquer; As, to beat the enemy; - wofofge পবিশ্রম-ক ; হতবৃদ্ধি করা ; বিবস্ত করা ; To exercise severely; to perplex; to harass, As, I need not beat my head about grammar ;- ए. र. मृत्या मृत्या 喇叭-子, To strike at intervals; as, a watch;-বেগে আঘাত-ক ; To dash with force ;—উদিয়া इंडम् ; To be in agitation or doubt :--(naut) वापूर अधिकृत्व त्रंपन-कृ; To progress against the direction of the wind, by sailing in a zigzag course ;- किन्ड-र ; To throb ;- n. जावांड ; A strike; a blow; — পালন; ধুকধুক; Pulsation; recurring stroke ;- Caty; A round .- c. Fla ; 对证; Weary; fatigued.

Beat about .-- কিছু পাইবাৰ ৰস্ত চেষ্টা-কু; Search around for ; to try to find.

Beat about the bush-আৰে পাৰে আঘাত-ক : To beat the bush at all directions to ascertain क ; अवन श्रंथ ना धविशा क्षकावास्तव कान्छ विवन माधन कविवाद (हड्डी कदा ; To approach a matter cautiously and indirectly, as in conversation or investigation; to come to a main point in a roundabout way instead of coming to it directly; to evade the point. As :- I was especially to guard against appearing to know too much; i was to best about the bush—to extort her symptoms gradually, &c.—Warren. Beat against—पृतः पृतः चाराण-इ; Strike often. Beat's parley—पृत्त कविवाद यह नायण-(त: To give a signal to an enemy for conference.

Beat a retreat—वर्ग छत्र निर्मा भगावन है। भागावन है। भागावन है। स्थित before an army; fall back; decamp. As:—I have determined, therefore, to beat a retreat in time, and on actually looking out for some other nest in this great city.

Beat away sight (rest ; Drive away. Beat back—काड़ाहेबा (नक्बा ; व्हेडिया (नक्या ; To compel to retire or return; to drive back. As :- In 718, after a time of great confusion, the empire came to Leo; the Isaurian, who beat back the Saracens in the second seige of Constantinople.—Freeman. [ bruise by blows. Best black and blue-sata-; To badly Beat down, v. t. wa-F; To break; destroy; throw down by battering; as, a wall; -- 5191; To press down by or lay flat ;— नगन-क ; To crush ;- क्यांन ; अवा-कृ ; To lower the price ; to cheapen; As, (a) Usuary beats down the price of labour. (b) A military despotism youthful and full of vigour, he said, must beat down corrupt establishments and worn-out governments -E Dowden.

Best the field-अञ्चलान-कृ ; Go over all parts

of the field in search of prey.

Beat high with step with seal; Throb violently with. As:—Her young heart beat high with enthusiasm for her native France, now beset and beleagured by the island-strangers.—Lord Mahon. [repetition. Beat into with the first of teach or instill by Beat one (all) hollow—seals ; Beat completely;—Call seal; To surpass. (Hollow—wholly). As:—(a) You see how blooming my mother looks. She beats us younger people hollow.—G. Eliot. (b) He offered to race with him for a bowl of punch, and should have won it too, for dare devil (the name of his horse) beat the goblin horse all hollow.—Irving.

Beat one out of a thing :-- পৰিভাগে कविष्ण बोबा-कृ; To cause one to give it up.

To beat one at one's own weapons—
কাহাকেও ভাষাব নিজেৰ শত্ৰে বা ফুক্তিতে প্ৰাঞ্জিত
কৰা; To defeat one with his own weapons or
arguments.

Best out of one's head—पन रहेट प्र-कृ; To convince or persuade one to the contrary.

Beat off—বিভাজিত কৰা, হটাইয়া দেওৱা; Repel or drive back. As —But I was not the person to be beaten off in this fashion.—De Quincey. Beat upon the ear—কৰ্ম্যৰ আখাত কৱা বা গভিত হতয়; Strike or fall upon the ear.

Beat time—ভাৰ বাধা; হৰণৰ সংগালৰ বাধা ভাল বাধা; To measure or regulate time in music by the motion of hand or foot. As, He beats time when darling little Fancy performs her piece on the piono.—Thackery.

Beat the Dutch-(slang) A phrase used

whenever a particularly astonishing fact is announced.

Beat the tat-too—সেবাদিশকে দেশা বিবেশে বাইজে সম্ভাৱ দেভা ; To sound the signal for retiring to quarters by beating the drum.

Beat to arms—আত্ত পার নহবা বৃত্তর অভ প্রত্ত হবা থাকিতে দৈছাদিগতে আহ্বান-কৃ: Summon soldiers to get ready their arms and prepare for battle.

Beat of drum—(mil) চাকের শব ;—A succession of strokes varied for particular purposes.

The man is out of his beat—ভিনি ভাষাৰ নিৰ্দিষ্ট পৰ বইবে ৰাই বইবাছেন; He is out of his appointed walk.

It is not in my beat—ইহা আবাৰ সীৰা বা ক্ষডাৰ বহিৰ্ভুড; In my way, in the range of my talents.

Beat out - अपन्य- इ: इष्ट्रिक निया निर्देश करा ; Flatten; flatten by hammering. As: — The learning of the confederacy is that of a school-boy, and not of an extraordinary school-boy; it is beaten out to the thinnest leaf and is disposed in such a way as to seem ten times larger than it is.—Macaulay.

Beat up-আক্রমণ-ক ; ভাত-ক ; To attack suddenly ; to alarm or disturb ;-- অনুগ্রহ প্রার্থনা-ক ;

To canvass for (colloquial).

Beat up for—বৃদ্ধ কৰিবাৰ ৰস্ত দৈক্ত অনুসন্ধান কৰিবা বেডান, সংগ্ৰহ কৰিবাৰ ৰক্ত অনুসন্ধান কৰিবা কেডান; Go about to enlist into the army; go chilgently about in order to procure. As:—(a) lie tarried only a short time in New-Amsterdam merely to beat up recruits for his colony.—Irving. (b) Sometimes Mrs. Sheridan would be kept waiting for an hour or more while the servants were beating up the neighbourhood for cofee, butter, eggs, and roots.

Beat up recruits—সাহাৰ্কাৰী লোক পাইবাৰ ডেয়া-কৃ; Get up an extra supply of helpers; to find persons to assist.

Beat up and down—(Hunting) ইতৰত: হ্ৰম্
; Run fast one way and then another ;—
said of a stag.

Beat the general—সেনাদিগতে অজসৰ হইবাৰ আংশেশ পেতা; Give notice to soldiers to march. Beat the hoof—পদৰ্শে বাভা; To walk; to go on foot.

Be beat out—নিবাৰ কাম হলা; Be extremely fatigued. [anxious.

One's heart beats—উৰিল্ল হড়লা; One is One's heart ceases to beat—কোৰ ব্যক্তিয় মৃত্যু ইইলাছে; One is dead.

To beat an alarm—বাস্য থাবা বিপ্ৰেয় কথোদ দেহৰা; To give signal of danger by beat of drum.

Beaten to a mummy—vifati evi-; Beaten so that one can distinguish neither form nor feature. [as to be killed.

Beaten to death— হয়াৰ ধাৰা মৃত; So beaten Beat the air— ৰূপা কেই!-কু; To use vain efforts; to labour in vain.

Beaten, bein, (p.p. of beat.) a. আখাত দাস

বা প্ৰদেশৰ বাবা সর্বোচ্চ বা কমিনীকুড; ব্যবহাৰ বাবা ক্ষরতান্ত; Made smooth or hard by beating or treading; worn by use.

Tread the beaten track—হাপিত বিষয়াহ্মাবে ভাৰ্য-ড়; Act according to the established rule. Leave the beaten track—সাধাৰণ নিয়ম্বের বিশ্বীতে ভাৰ্য-ড়; Depart from the common practice.

Beater, bet'er, n. আৰাজ্জাৰী; পেৰণ-বস্তু; One that beats or strikes; a crushing instrument. Beatify, be-ati-fi, n. [L. beatus, blessed, and facio, to make...make happy ] মুৰ্বা আৰু কু; মুৰ্বা-কু; বছ-কু; To pronounce or regard as happy;—বৰ্ষে অনভ সুৰ ভোগেৰ আন্মিক্তন প্ৰবেশ কৰা; To bless with eternal happiness in heaven;—বেৰ্ড আধিত ব্যৱ্ধ ব্যৱ্ধ (বাধ্বা-কু; In R. C. Ch, to declare, by a decree, that a person is received into heaven, and is to be reverenced as blessed, though not canonised.

Beatific, be-a-tif'ık, Beatifical, be-a-tif'ik-al, a. মলন্যুক ; ধর্গীয় ; ধন্ত ; অভিশয় সুধদ ; Imparting or completing blissful enjoyment ; making

supremely happy.

Beatific vision, be-a-tifik virhun, n. বৰ্ণীয়
প্ৰিচান; A vision of the blessed in the realms
of heaven.

Beatification, be-at-i-fik-áshun, n- কোনত ব্যক্তি ঘণভোগের অধিকারী হইবাছে পোপের ইত্যাকার বচন; দেকছাবোপণ; A declaration by the Pope that a person is blessed in heaven;—মুগভোগ; অপবর্গ; স্থীকরণ; An act imparting blass; act of beatifying.

Beating, beling, n. এহাৰ; আখাত থাবা দওদান; নিয়মিত কশ্ম বা শাসন; The act of striking; chastisement by blows; regular pulsation or throbbing. Syn.=Knocking, pounding.

Beatitude, be-ati-tud, n. [L. beatitudo-beatitus, blessed.] সর্বোচ্চ বা বাগাঁব হব : বোহু ; ব্যাহ্ম ; Consummate bliss—used of the joys of heaven; heavenly happiness, or happiness of the highest kind;—pl. বিতৰ স্থানীবাদ; The Declaration of blessedness made by Jesus in regard to particular virtues.

Beau, bō, n. [Fr. beau, bel—bellus, fine, gay, a contr. of benulus, dim. of benus, bonus, good.] সুগৰাৰ, হবেশবাৰী, A fine gay man fond of dress; a fop — এবাৰী; In familiar language, a lover. pl.=beaux (bōz); fem.=Belle; a.=
Beauish (foppish). [ of wit; a genius.
Beau-esprit, চিcespré, n. বুলিক পুরুষ; A man
Beau-ideal, bō-id-ইর্ন, n. কাল্লবিক উৎকর্বের
আকর্ব; An ideal excellence; an imaginary standard of excellence.

Beau-monde, bō-mongd, n. [Fr. beau, gay, and monde, word.] সুবেশ-সভাষায়; The fashionable world, people who make up the coterie of fashion.

Beautifier, bu'ti-fi-ér. n. यूक्तकोदी ; One who or that which beautifies or makes beautiful.

Beautiful, bū'ti-fool, a. সুসৰ Handsome, pretty, beauteous; adv. = Beautifully.

Beautify, buti-fi, v. [ Beauty, and L. facio, As, That will become of our trade.

to make. ) প্ৰেণ্ডিড কু; প্ৰথম কৰা; কৃষিত কু; To adorn; to add beauty to; to make beautiful;—০. i. প্ৰথম বা প্ৰেণ্ডিড ক্থমা; To become beautiful. Syn.=Adorn, grace, deck.

Beauti-spot, bu'ti-spot, n. বৰ্ণন্তপেৰ উপৰ অভিত নৌৰ্ব্যৰ্থৰ চিছ; A spot or patch out the

face to heighter beauty.

Beauty, bu'ti, n. [Fr. beaute, from beau.]
লাবণা; লোকণা; Fairness; loveliness;—বিশেষ
লোকণা বা গুণ; A particular grace or excellence;—মুক্তরী; A beautiful women; as she is a beauty;—মুক্তর ; Symmetry of parts.—a.= Beauteous, be'te-us, Beautiful—মুক্তর; মুব্বাহর; Fair; handsome; lovely. adv.= Beauteously; n.=Beauteousness.

Beaver, bever, n. [A. S. befer; Dan. baever; Ger. biber. L. fiber from fibra, the edge or bank of a river. ] বীৰম; A four-footed swimming beast;—বীৰবেম লোম: The fur of the beaver;—বীৰবেম লোম-শিক টুপি; A hat made of the beaver's fur: a hat.

Beaver, bever, n. [So called from a fancied likeness to a child's bib, Fr. bavie're, from bave, slaver, or from L. bibere, to drink.] শিব্যাণের বে আনে মুখ আনুত করে; শিব্যাণের বে পানার্থ উত্তোলিত হয়; That part of a helmet which covers the face; that part of a helmet which is lifted up to enable the wearer to drink. Becalm. beking at the start of make calm.

Bocsim, be-kam, v. t. শাস্ত-কু; To make calm; to quiet;—বাযুৰ অভাবে নিশাস-কু; To keep from motion for want of wind; as, a ship.

Became, be-kam, p. t. Of become.

Because, be-kawi, conj. [A. S. be, by, and cause.] ৰঙ ং হৈছে, For; for the cause or reason that; on this account.

Because of—এই হেড়; এই কাবণে; Owing to. Book, bek, n. [Ice. bekkr; Ger. bach.] সংকত; A significant nod.

Beck, v. i. [A contr. of Beckon.] \*\*(\*\*\*\*);

To make a sign with the head or hand.

At one's beck—ateras wifta; thus; At one's command; at the slight hint. As .—The magician, with the devil at his beck was made to yield to the devine powers imparted to priests—France.

At the beck and call of one—কাহাৰত অধীনে আদেশ বা উপিড কবিবাদাত ; At one's command; that the slightest hint made by one. Beckon, bekn. v. t. [A. S. beacnian—beacen, a sign. See Beacon.] সংৰক্ত ক; To make a sign with the hand or head;—v. i. ইকিড মাৰা আহাৰ-কৃ. To make a significant sign to.

Becloud, be-klowd, v. t. अव्यक्त-कृ, (प्राक्त-कृ, To obscure by clouds; to dim.

Become, be-kum, v. i. আৰম্বান্তৰ হয়; পৰিণত হলা; ঘটে; To come to be; to enter into some state or condition; be changed to;—v. t. উপৰোপী-হ; ৰোপ্য-হ; To suit or be fit, to be decent or proper; to be worthy of. p. t.= became; p. p.=become.

Become of val; To be the fate or end of; As, That will become of our trade.

Becoming, be-kuning, a. डेग्यूड ; स्वय ; पर्वाच्या ; Suitable to; proper; graceful. Syn = befitting, decent; neat. adv. = Becomingly.

Bed, bed, n. चया; A place or couch to sleep on; - विवाद : Marriage; - डेग्रानमधात्र कृषेद्व कान : चहाति विक्रि चया; (क्यांवि : A plot or level piece of ground in a garden; - मनीजन ; मनीजर्ज :

The channel of a river;— बद ; A stratum or layer.

A bed of down or roses— श्रूपंत्र कीरन ; An

easy comfortable life. As —A parochial life is not a bed of roses, Mrs. Mann.—Dickens. Confined to bed — Talino; Bed ridden through illness.

From bed and board—ৰামী হঠতে ত্ৰীৰ পূৰ্বক-ভাবে অৰম্ভিড ; Separation of man and wife without dissolving the bonds of matrimony.

Go to bed - नम्न करा ; Go to sleep.

Keep one's bed—পাড়িত-হ; To be ill. [right. Make the bed—পায়া অছত-ক; Set the bed Put to bed with a shovel—বিহিত-ক; Bury. Smooth the bed of death—মৃত্যুপ্ৰাম স্থা-ক; Make easy the dying moment.

To be brought to bed of (মন্তান) প্ৰমন্ত কৰা;
To be delivered of (a child); As:—By this
time my Lord Viscount Castlewood was got
to Paris, where as the London prints presently
announced, her ladyship was brought to bed of
a son and heir.—Thackeray.

To take to one's bed—বোনে পৰ্যাগত হলা; To be confined to one one's bed by illness; As:— It went so much to his heart that he took to his bed and in less than three days was brought to Death's door by a cholera morbus.—Irving. Bed, bed, o. t. পৰ্যাহত বাবা; To place in a bed:—বৰ্ণন ও আয়ুত-মু; To plant and inclose or cover;—হাপন-মু; To lay in any hollow place surrounded or inclosed; As, to bed a stone:— v. i. স্থামক-মু; To cohabit. pr. p. bedding; pa. p. bedded.

Bed chember, bedchamber, n. শ্ৰাণুহ; শ্ৰা-কোষ্ঠ; শ্ৰম-পৃষ্ঠ; A room to sleep or rest in.

Bed-chair, bed-char, n. কয়নিবের নিমিত্ত শ্বান সমুশ এক প্রকার চেয়ার; A chair with a movable back to support a sick person as in bed.

Bed-clothes, bed-clothz, n. শংখ্যাপ্করণ;
Blankets &c. [rials of a bed.
Bedding, beding, n. শংখ্যাপকরণ; The mateBed-fellow, bed felo, n. বে এক শ্যাস অপ্রের
মহিত শহর করে; শ্যাসহচর; One who lies with
another in the same bed; a sharer of the
same bed.

Bed-hangings, bed-hangings, n. বিভাগ:
নশাৰি: Curtains. [bed-stead.
Bed-post, bed-post, n. বাটেৰ পায়া: Post of a
In the twinkling of a bed post—আতি মীয়;
As quickly as possible.

Bed-rid, bed-rid, Bed-ridden, bed-ridn, a.
শ্বাপত ; বাহ্নের বা বোলে প্রাপত ; Confined to
the bed by age or infirmity.

Bedrite, bedrit, n. विवासीविकाद ; The privilege of the marriage bed.

Bed-sore, bed-sor, n. square; An ulceration, especially on the back and hips caused by long lying in bed.

[ frame of a bed.

Bedstead, bed-sted, n. ধাা; ধাট; প্ৰাদ; The Bedtick, bedtik, n. ভোষক; গাই; The tick or cover in which feathers, &c., are put for bedding.

Deathbed, n. মৃত্যুৰ্বা; Bed of a dying person. Bedabble, be-dabl, v. f ৰগ্নিস্ত-কু; To sprinkle with.

Bedaub, be-dawb, v. t. লেপন-ভূ; কোম পাছ অপৰিভাৱ জৰা থাৰা লেপন কৰা, To besmear; to soil with anything thick and dirty.

Bedazzle, be-dafi, v. t. बल्मिया (पश्या ; To confound the sight by too strong a light.

Bedeck, be-dek, v. t. अविड-क ; To adorn.

Bedevil, be-devil, v.t. (via legums with sai; To throw into utter disorder and confusion as, if by the agency of evil spirits.

Bedew, be-du', v. t. निनित्र शादा जिल्ल ; To moisten with dew.

Be-dight, be-dit, a. হলোভিড ; Adorned.

Bedim, be-dim, v. t. (प्यास्त्र-क ; To darken.

Bedizen, be-diźn, v. t. সুশোভিড-ডু; To dress gaudily; to adorn.

Bedlam, bedlam, n. [Corrupted from Bethlehem, the name of a monastery in London afterwards converted into a mad house.] কিবাৰান; বাডুলালন:—A madhouse; an asylum for lunatics:—কোলাকেপুৰ্ণ হান; A place of uproar:—
a. কিব নিবানেৰ উপযুক্ত; Pertaining to or fit for a mad house.

Candidate for bediam—পাগন; Madman. Bediam broke loose—অত্যন্ত বিশুখনা; Utter confusion.

Bedlamite, bed lam-īt, n. বাতুল; A madman. Bedouin, Beduin, bedoo-in, n. [Fr.—Ar. badawiy, dwellers in desert.] অনিনিষ্টাবাৰ আৰম্ব কান্ডি; The name of the nomadic tribes of Arabia and Africa

Bedrench, be-drensh, v. t. পুৰিক কৰা; To drench or wet thoroughly.

Bee, be, n. [A. S. beo; Ger. biene.] খুম্মিকা; An insect that makes honey and wax. [bees. A swarm of bee—খোমাছিব বাক; A cluster of Bee-eater, be'-ciér, n. মুম্মিকাডুক; A bird that feeds on bees:—মুম্মিকাডুক গৰা; Bird allied to the king fisher which feeds on bees.

Bee-hive, be-hiv, n. ब्यूड्ड ; (बोड्ड ; A case or box in which domestic bees dwell and store honey.

Bee-line, bit-lin, n. সর্জাপেকা সর্ল পণ ; হুইটা বিশ্ব মধ্যে কুক্তম সরল বেখা ; The shortest line from point to point, as the bee flies.

Bee-master, be-master, n. प्यूपिका तकक; One who keeps bees,

Bee's wax, n. 444; (414, The wax which bees secrete, and of which the cells are made. Bumble or Humble Bee, bumble or humbles,

n. सभव; A large bee.

Beech, bech, n. [ A. S. bece, boc; Ger. buchs, L. fagus, Gr. phegos—from root phage, to

eat. ] कुछ विराण ; A kind of tree. a.=Beechen. Beef, bef, n. (बापार ; The flesh of an ox, buil, or cow. pl.=Beeves—(बाजपूर, वक, बजन देखानि ; Cattle, oxen.

Boof-eater, bei'-হাওঁr, n. পো-খাদক; An eater of beel:—বাজকর্মচারী; A yeoman of the sovereign's guard —ৰলবাল ব্যক্তি; A stout fellow.

Boof-steack, bef'stak, n. গো মানে খত; A slice of beef-flesh raw or cooked.

Been, ben, Past participle of Be.

Beer, bur, n. [A. S. beer; Fr. biere, Gerbier; prob. from root of Ferment.] यरद्वी; यग्नियान ; A fermented liquor made from malted grain.

Beary, ber'i, a. বীহার মদ্যমত্ত (Of or affected by Beestings, bestings, n. গাঁজনা হ্ব; সফেন গুড়; The first milk given by a cow after calving.

Beet, bet, n. [A. S. bete, Ger. beete, Fr. bette— L. beta.] পালৰ পাৰ, A vegetable with a carrot-shaped root, eaten as food, from which sugar is extracted. [from beet-root. Beet root sugar—fab for; Sugar made Beetle, be'tle, n [A. S. bitel—bitan, to bite.] গোবাৰ পোৰা: An insect with hard case for its wings.

Beetle, bc'tle, n. [A. S. bitl, bytel, a mallet, betan, to beat.] মুলাৰ; A heavy wood mallet to beat with .—v. i. প্ৰামান ২৩খা; To jut or hang out like the head of a beetle or mallet.

Beetle-browod, be'tl-browd, a. উন্নত স্বাট-বিশিয়, Having prominent brows. [ stupid. Beetle-headed, be'tl-heded, a. বিশোধ; Dull; Beeves, bevz, n. pl. See beef.

Befall, be-fawl, v. t. [A. S. befallen. See Fall.] ৰটে; To happan to—v. i. উপস্থিত-ছ; To happen or come to pass. Syn.=Bechance, occur, take place pr. p. befalling; pa. befell. Befit, be-fit, v. t. [Pfx. be and fit.] উপস্থত-ই; উপব্যোগী হয়; To suit, be suitable to. pr. p. befitting; pa. p. befitted. [suitable.

Besitting, be-siting, a উপযুক্ত; বধাৰোগা; Fit; Besogged, be-sog'd, a কুহ্মটিকা বাবা আয়ুক; Involved in a sog:—বুদ্ধিলঃ; Having the judgment consused.

Befool, be-ভিতা, v. t. প্ৰভাৱণা-কু; ৰোকা বানান; To delude; to make a fool of; to deceive.

Bofore, be-for, prep. সন্ধে; In front of:—
সম্বে; সন্ধে; পুৰ্বে; In presence of; in sight
of:—উৰ্কু; In the power of; free to:—বৰং;
অপেকাকৃত ভাল বিবেচনাৰ; ভোটতৰ হওৱাৰ; In preference to; superior to; tather than.

Bofore, be-for, ad. সমূধে, In front --পুৰো; অপেকাকৃত সহবে; এখন ২ইতে; Eather in time; sooner than; hitherto.

Before long—ীয়; খনতিবিলহে; Soon; soon after. As:—After the courtship on Sunday afternoons came the wedding, and before long a beautiful boy was born who died in infancy. Before now—ইহাৰ পূৰ্বে; Previous to the present time.

Before one's time—कार् एप इट्रांव यूर्स ; Earlier than the period in which one lived. Before one's eyes—কাহারত স্থাক বা চকেছ সমূহে ; In one's presence or sight.

Before the wind (naut) - बायूब शिरक; In the direction of the wind and by its impulse.

Before time, ed. कुर्स ; Formerly ; of old time. It was long before—शेर्कान शरा ; After the lapse of a long time.

It was not long before—আল্লাপ পৰেই; In a Beforehand, be-for hand, ad. প্ৰভাভাৰে; In a state of anticipation; by way of preparation;— পুৰো; Previously;—a. সজ্ব অবস্থায়; In a comfortable financial circumstances.

Bebefore-hand with one—আরে কৌৰত কাৰ্য্য কৃ; Anticipate;—পূর্বো খুলো পাইবা হস্তত ধাকা; To anticipate and be prepared against one; As:—(a) Forsyth had been before hand with the spot in putting this idea in my head.— Leigh Hunt. (b) Happily now for the first time in his life his income was before-hand with his expenses.—E. Dowden.

Befriend, be-frend, v. t. সাহাযা-ক; অপুক্পা কৰা; মিত্ৰেশ্ব জাৱ কাৰ্ব্য কৰা; To assist; to favour; to act as a friend to.

Beg, beg, v. t. [A. S. bed-ec-ian, contr. of bod'cian, beggen, a frequentative to ask often, from
dan, gen, a frequentative to ask often, from
bidan, to ask. See Bead, Bid. ] पार्-का-कृ:
किश कृ: To imploie or solicit, -श्रीका किशेश
निवा, To take for granted, or to beg the question;—v. i. किश किशा श्रीकश्चर्यक्; To practise begging; to live by asking alm. pr. p.
begging; pa. p. beggid.

Beg leave—अव्यक्ति श्वार ; To ask or request permission (a form of courtesy).

Bog off—ক্ষা লাভ-কু; Obtain a pardon.

Beg one's bread—ভिका दिवस जीवन शांदी-कृ ; Live by asking alms.

Beg the question—বংহা প্রধাণ কবিতে হইবে তাহা খীকাৰ কবিষা লগেয়া; Assume a proposition which in reality involves the conclusion; to take for granted that which is to be proved.

Go a begging— খণিক ংগা; To be in excessive quantity; to superabound; to be superabundant.

Bogan, be-gan, v. Past tense of Begin.

Beget, be-get' v. t. [ A. S. begitan, to acquire. See Get. ] অন দেওখা; প্রন্থ-ক: To produce; to generate; to procreate;—উৎপন্ত-ক্ষা; To produce, as an effect; to cause. pr. p. begetting; pa. t. beget

Begetter, n. পিডা; স্বন্ধাতা; A father; one who begets.

Boggar, beg'ar, n. ভিছাছীৰ; ভিছুক; One who lives by beggary; one who begs;—v. t. নিঃৰ-ক; ভিছুকে পৰিণত কৰা; To reduce to beggary; to impoverish;—নিঃশেন্ক; To exhaust; as, to beggar all description.

Beggars must not be chosers (Proverb)— ভিকাৰ চাল কাঁড়া আৰু আকাঁড়া; Those who beg for any thing, must be satisfied with whatever

To go by beggar's bush or go home by

beggar's bush—(sight ties); suga test; To go to ruin.

Beggarly, beg'ar-ii, c. चयम ; शीन ; श्रीः ; बीठ ; Mean ; contemptible ; poor. n.=Begg'arliness

Beggary, #. দৰিভাৰৰ : ভিক্ৰেৰ বৃত্তি : নিভাল বৈত্ত : State of extreme indigence : extreme

Bogin, be-gin', v.t. [A. S. beginnan ( also onginnan ), from be, and ginnan, to begin. ] আনত্ত ; To enter on; to commence;—হত্ত বাঙ-কৃ; To lay the foundation of;—v. : আনত্ত ; To take the first step; to enter upon something new.

Begin life—সংসাবে প্রবেশ-কৃ; জীবিকা অৰ্জন করণাবে প্রথম কোনো কার্যো প্রবৃত্ত হওয়া; Enter upon any business for the first time; to commence one's professional career to earn livelihood; to enter the world As —He began life as a noncommissioned officer.—Kinglake

To begin with—এवरम; चारनो; नर्जाद्य; In the first place.

Boginner, be-giner, n. আবস্তকাৰী; অভিনতা-বিখান ব্যক্তি, A young practitioner; one without experience; a tyro;—ছাত্ৰ; One who enters upon any art, science, or business.

Boginning, he-gihing, ". মৃণ; আৰম্ভ; Origin or commencement;—উপক্ষাণিকা; Rudiments.

Begird, be-gárd, v. f. [ See Gird. ] करियक कांत्रा आयक कवा : भवित्यक्षेत्र कवा ; कांक्रमन कवा ; To gird or bind with a girdle ; to surround or encompass ; to businge.

Begirt, be geit, v. t. Same as Begird.

Begone, be-gon, interj. দূৰ হয়ো, Go away. Woe-begone, wo'-be-gon', শোকপীড়িড; Op-

woe-begone, wo-be-gon', (नाक्नाफ्ड

Begone dull care, interj. धः व पूर्व १९३१; Away with melancholy. [Beget. Begot, be-got, Begotten, be-gotn, pa. p. of Begrime, be-grim, v t. युनि युनविक कवा; To

grime or soil deeply. p begrimed.

Begrudge, be-gruj, v. f. (44-4; Envy the possession of.

Beguile, be-gil, v. f. প্রতাবশা-ক ; To delude by artifice ; deceive ;—বিনোদন-ক ; To amuse ;—ক্ষেত্র বিবাহ অন্তেশে অভিবাহিত করা ; To cause to pass unnoticed what may be attended with tedium or pain ; adv.=Beguilingly. n.=Beguilement, Beguiler.

Beguile the time—মূৰে অভিবাহিত-ক; Pass the time which hangs heavily upon one, pleasantly.

Bogum, be'gum, n. মুসলমানজাতীয়া ৱাক্ত্যাৰী, ৰাজ্যমনী বা সন্তান্ত মহিলা; A Mahammedan princess or lady of rank.

Begun, be-gun, p. p. Of begin.

Bohalf, be-haf, n. [ A. S. healf, half, part; on bealfe, on the side of. ] সুবিধা; উপকাৰ; অসু-বোধ; পদ স্মৰ্থন; Favour; advantage; benefit; support; defence;—পদ্ধ; Part; side.

On behalf of sixtes for; In favour of; on the side of; for one's sake; As:—It is a fair

challange which the Trojan prince comes to make on behalf of Paris.—W. K. Collins.

In one's behalf—stetas ws; with wy-catta; For one's sake; As:—Again more with gratitude than with any evidence of concern in her own behalf, she sat down in front of it (the fire).—Dickens.

Behave, be-hav, v. t. [A. S. behabban; to restrain, from habban, to have, to use. ] जांदान कर्या; To conduct; to manage; to bear or carry;—used reflexively:—v. i. कांदा-कः; To conduct one's self; to act.

Behaviour, behavy'ur, n. ব্ৰহাৰ, চাল্চলৰ; বীতি নীতি; আচৰণ; Conduct; manner; deportment; demeanour.

During good behaviour,—ৰাজভাৱা বিশাস পূৰ্বত সম্পন্ন কবিবাৰ সময়; During the integrity and fidelity of official conduct.

To be or to be put open one's good behaviour—প্ৰীফাৰ অৰমা ধাৰা; To be in a state of trial, in which something depends on propriety of conduct. [the head.

Behead, be-hed, v. f. निवरण्यन-क ; To cut off Beheading, be-heding, n. निवरण्यन ; The act of cutting the head.

Beheld, be-held, pa. t. and pa p. of Behold. Behemoth, be he-moth, n. [Heb. 'beast,' hence 'great beast.] ৰূম বিশেষ; An animal described in the book of Job, probably the hippepotamus.

Behest, be-hest, n. [A. S. behær, vow, from be, and hæs, command—hatan; Goth. haitan, to call, to name.] আহল; Command; precept; injunction; charge.

Behind, be-hind, prc. [A. S. behindan; Ger. hinten. See Hind ] অয় পাৰে; পকাং; At the back of; in the rear of; on the other side;—অধ্যয়; নিকুই; Inferior to;—ad. পকাং-দিকে; Backward:—গতকালে; Past:—অধ্যাই; Remaining.

Behind the scenes—অথকাশিত ; Unscen. Behind one's age—অসুন্ত, Not so far ad-

vanced as one's contemporaries. Behind time—অভিবিল্যে; Too late.

From behind—কোন বস্তৰ অভ্যান হইতে; Under the cover of.

Behindhand, be-hind-hand, a. or ad. পিছু পড়া; গৌণে; বিসমে; In arrears; As, to be behindhand in one's circumstances:— শীৰ্ণসূত্ৰী; Tardy:—অসুমুড; Backward.

Be behindhand, v. i. পদাতে পড়া : ম্মৰ্ক ছইতে না পাৰা ; Be backward ; be in arrears ; be not able to compete with ; As — If the lambs gave a dance, the trotters were sure not to be hindhand.—Irving.

Be behindhand in or with—अनगर्व १९३१; नगरूक ना १९३१; दिनम करा ना नौर्मस्वी १९३१; Be backward in (something to be done); be in arears with; As:—(a) The clerks within were not a whit behindhand in their demonstration of respect.—Dickens. (b) Mr. Reynolds was not behindhand with his brother dramists

in drawing upon the taste of the day for gains and distress.-Leigh Hunt.

Behold, be-höld, v. t. [A. S. behealden, to hold, observe-pfz. be, and healdan, to hold. ] भारताकन-क ; पृष्टिशांच करा ; To fix the eyes upon ; to look upon :- मरनारवात पूर्वक वर्गन-कु ; त्रीष् fow - To see with attention; to contemplate :- v.i. मृष्टिभाज-कु; मत्नानियन-कु; To look; [ debted. to fix the attention on.

Beholden, be-holdn, a. 4190; Obliged; in-Beholder, be-hölder, n. वर्नक ; A looker-on. Behoof, be-hoof, a. [See Behove.] পাড;

चारकका ; क्या, छेनकाद ; श्रविश ; Necessity ; ad-

vantage; profit.

For one's behoof—কাহাৰও উপকাৰাৰ্থে; কাহাৰও বাভাৰ; For one's profit; As :- I have laughed a quarter of an hour for my own behoof .- Carlyle. Behoove, be-hoov, Behove, v. t. [A. S. behofian, to be fit, to stand in need of; connected with Have, Ger. haben, L. habeo, to have habilis, fit, suitable. ] छन्तुल-६; To be fit, right, or necessary for. Syn .= befit.

It behooves one কাহাৰও উপৰোগী; কাহাৰও कर्वा; It becomes or fit one; As :-- Indeed if behooved him to keep on good terms with his

boys .- Irving.

Being, be'ing, u. wer ; wan ; Existence, state, or condition ,- वस वा बाहि ; Person or thing existing ;- অপদী বিণী শক্তি , Immaterial spirits. For the time being—সেই সময়ের জন্ত ।

Belabour, be-la'bur, v. t. ভাড়বা-কু; প্রহার-কু; To play vigorously; to beat soundly; to thumb. Belated, be-lated, a. বাজিপ্রায়; বিলম্বিড; পদ कार द निक्जा ह ; Benighted ; made too late.

Belay, be-la', v. t [ Dut. be-leggen, cog. with Lay, v. ] (बाँठीय निष् जिलाहेबा वीथा ; To fasten a rope by winding it round a pin :- 75-7, To block up

Belch, beish, v t. [ A. S. belcan, an immitation of the sound ] ব্য ৰ-কু, উল্লীবৰ-কু, To throw up from the stomach; to cruct -(at 1604 हरेए व ं व-व ; To eject violently from with-[ tation. in -n উপাৰিণ ; উৎমূল ; Eructation. Belching, belshing, n. छेक्तीदन ; उपमन , Eruc-Beldam, Beldame, bel'dam, n. [ Fr. bel, fair, ( See Belle ), and Dame, orig. fair dame, used ironically. ] কুরপা বৃদ্ধা স্থী; An ugly old women,

Beleaguer, be-leg'er, v. t. [Dut. belegeren, besiege ; conn. with Belay.] আক্রণ-কু ; অবক্র-কু ; भवरवां कवा ; To besiege ; to block up.

Belfry, belfri, n. [ Orig. and properly a watchtower, from O. Fr. berfron, O. Ger. berefrit-O. Ger. frid, a tower, bergan, to protect. ] यमित वा प्रतित (व व्यरम वकी वांशा बादक ; The part of a steeple or tower in which bells are hung ;-वकीवत ; A bell tower.

Belial, beli-al, n. मद्यान ; The devil.

Bons of Belial—ৰসং লোক; Lawless, worthless, rebellious people.

Belie, be-17, v. t. [ Be, and Lie. ] विशा क्या बना ; विचा विवा वयान-इ; To give the lig to; to show

o ve false ,-- कृश्विन-क ; अनुक्रमा-क ; To counterfeit ; to mimick ;- विना वर्गा क् To represent falsely ;- निना-क ; To calumniate ; to slander. Belie one's appearance—আকৃতি দেখিল বেলৰ প্ৰকৃতিবিশিষ্ট ব্যক্তি বলিয়া বোধ হয়, সেই প্ৰকৃতিৰ স্বৰাৰ্থতা সন্তামাণ কৰা; Give the lie to one's appearance, said of a man whose real character is quite different from the impression that is excited by the sight of his features; As :--Kit thinks that, if there was a good man who belied his appearance, that man is Sampson Brass.-Dickens.

Belie one's heart—বাহা কাহাৰৰ প্ৰকৃত প্ৰকৃতি छाहा हहेएछ विकिन्न अधीर मिथा। कांव छैरशासन कवा; Give a false impression of what one is really at heart, i.e. what one's real nature and disposition are; As -Doubt not that my father purposes well, though he is a plain man, and his blunt looks may beli his heart.

Belief, be-lei, n. विश्वाम ; मठा विश्वा अजीकि ; Credence; trust; persuasion of the truth of anything ; conviction ;- विश्वान ; अंशा ; Faith ;--ধর্মত; A tenet or body of tenets;—বিবাসের विवय : The object of belief :- वर्षमञ्ज्ञ : A summary of articles of faith. [ dible. Rasy of belief-fathculat; Probable; cre-Believe, be-lev, v. t. [ With prefix be for ge, from A. S. gelyfan. For root of lyfan, See Leave, n. ] जा बनिया विवान-इ; To regard as true ;-- विश्वाम-क ; To trust ;-- v. i. मृछ विश्वाम-क ; To have a firm persuasion of anything ;-हिन्ना कदा वा विविध्ना कदा ; To think or suppose. p. believed. adv =Believingly.

Not believe one's senses-বিতাম অধিবাসী (95); To be very much sceptical.

Believable, be-leva-bl, a. विश्वानर्थां : That may be believed.

Believer, be-lever, m. विश्वामी ; औहंबर्द विश्वामी : One who believes, especially one who believes in divine revelation; professor of Christianity. Belike, be-lik', adv. मध्यण: ; १६१त्व रहेर्ड शार्त ; Probably, perhaps.

Bell, bel, n. 351, A hollow vessel used for making sounds ;- 40146 48; Anything in form of a bell.

Bell-founder, bel-found-der, n. ৰণ্টা-নিশ্বাড়া; A man, whose occupation is to cast bells.

Bell-hanger, bel-hang'er, n. पछीनियमकाबी: One whose occupation is to fit up bells in house. Bell-man, bel-man, n. (offayia; A town-crier. Bell-metal, bel-metal, n. Tity; A mixture of copper and tin.

Bell-shaped, bel-shapt, a. ঘটাকুভি; Shaped like a bell.

Bell-tower, bel-tow'er, n. वर्षे। पद : Belfry.

Boll-wother, bel-wether, म. (यगनान अदिहानक সৰ্কাৰ বেৰ; A wether or sheep which leads the flocks with a bell on his neck.

Diving Bell, diving-bel (naut) - (4 4644 সাহাব্যে অনেকক্ষণ জনমধ্যে থাকা বার; A bell shaped machine, air-tight, except at the bottom which is open, in which a person may descend into deep water, and remain sometime for work; a machine for diving.

In spite of bell, book and candle—জীৰ ৰাজকগণেৰ ৰক্ষ প্ৰকাৰ বাধা সংখ্য ; In spite of all the opposition which the Christian hierarchy can offer

Passing bell, pasing-bel, n. বেত ঘটা; Knell. To bear away the bell—কোন বিশ্বে মুখ্য অপেকা বেট-ক, To be superior in something.

To bear the bell—সর্বাধান বা বেটজন হজা;
To be first or superior, in allusion to the bellwether of a flock, or to the leading horse of a
team wearing bell, on his collar.

To bell the cat—alle val; To encounter one of superior force.

To curse by bell, book and candle— अवाक्ष्यक ; A solemn form of excommunication used in the R C C.

Belladonna, belá-dohá, n. [ It. bella-donna, fair lady, from its use as a cosmetic.] বঙা-বিশেষ: The deadly nightshade.

Belle, bel, n. [ Fr. fem. of Beau ] 244 445; Young lady, beautiful and admired.

Bellos-lettron, bel-letr, n. [Fr. belle, fine, lettres, learning—lettre, L. letera, a letter.] কাৰ্, উপজানাদি মনোহৰ নাহিত্য বিভাগ; অনকাৰাদি বিদ্যা; The department of literature, such as poetry and romance, of which the chief aim is to please by its beauty.

Bellicose, belik-ös, a. [L. bellicosus-bellum, war.] कम्हिन ; Disposed to contention ; pugnicious.

Bellied, belid, a. Secta win was; Swelled out or prominent, like the belly—used generally in composition.

Belligerent, bel-ijer-ent, n. [ L. belligero, to carry on war—bellum, war, gero, to carry. See Duel, Jest.] नगरानह चाछि; A nation or state carrying on war:—a. गरीन ; Waging war; disposed for war.

Bellona, belona, n. বৃদ্ধ-দেবী, War-goddess.
Bellow, belo, v. ম. বৃদ্ধান-কৃ, To make a loud noise, to roar:—চীংকাৰ-কৃ; To vociferate or clamour;—n. চীংকাৰ; বৃদ্ধান কৃ; A roaring, Syn,—Roar, shout; bowl.

Bellows, beloz or belus, n. en; হাপৰ; জাভা; An instrument, or machine for blowing.

Belly, beli, n. [From the root of Bag.] n.
তলগেট; The abdomen:—কোৰ বছৰ উদৰাকৃতি
জাল, বোজন; The part of anything which
resembles the belly; bottle:—v. i. বড়িত হলা;
ফাত হলা; To swell:—v. t. বড়িত করা; ফাত
করা; পুরি করা; To swell out; to fill. pr. p.a.
belly-ache, beli-ak, n. উদৰশ্ল; The colic; the
Belly-ache, beli-band, n. বোড়ার গেট; A
band that goes round the belly of a horse to
secure the saddle.

dellyful, beli-fool, n. पूर्वामय गविषां द लाहुई;
As much food as fills the belly or satisfies bunger; a sufficiency.

deliv-god, beli-god, n. (1) ; Glutton,

Belly-pinched, bell-pinsht, a. कृषिक; Starved. Belly-slave, bell-slav, n. कन्द्वर मान; A slave to the belly.

The belly has no ears—কুৰাৰ্ড ব্যক্তি উপকেন্দ্ৰ মানে লা; A hungry man will not listen to advice or arguments.

Belomancy, belo-man-si, n. जीन बावश्रव वार्थ कविष्य कवन ; Divination by arrows.

Belong, bc-long', v. i. সম্পতিভ্ৰুত্ত- হ; অধিকাশ্বভ্ৰুত্ত ব্যা ; To be the property, concern or business of:—অংশভূত্ত-হ; To be a part of:—অধিবাসী হইবা বাকা; To be a native to or to have a legal residence.—হত-হ; সংস্টেই; To be connected with; to pertain. Syn.=Concern, regard; refer to.

Belonging, be-longing, n. who tree serwer; That which pertains to one, as a quality or endowment; that which belongs to one.

Beloved, be-lewd, a. অভিনিত্ত : Very dear.
Below, be-lo', ad. [Be and Low.] নিয়ে : In
a lower place :—পৃথিবীতে : On the earth, as
opposed to the heavens :—ব্ৰুক ; অংশলোকে ;
In hell, or the region of the dead —িব্ৰু
বিচাৰালয়ে, In a court of inferior jurisdiction :—
prep. নিয় , Under in place ; beneath :—পদ্শব্যা : নিয়ে : Inferior in rank :—স্বপ্র :—
Unworthy of.

Below the mark—নিম্ন; Below the standard.
Belt, belt, n. [A. S. belt, Ice. belti, Gael. balt,
L. balteus, a belt.] বেৰণা; কটিবছ; A girdle
or band:—(geog) সভীৰ্ণ প্ৰণালী; A strait;—v. i.
বেইন-কু; কটিবছাৰা বেটিড কনা; To encircle;
to encompass; to surround with a belt,

Belvedere, belve-der, n. [It bello, beautiful, vedere, to see—L. bellus and vedere, vedeo, to see; akin to, Sans. vid, to see.] কেলিম্পির; আন্দেশ্য; মটানিকার উপবিষ্ প্রমোশ-সুহ; A sort of pleasure-house; a summar-house; (in Italy) a pavillion or look-out on the top of a building. Bema, bemá, n. বেশা; A stage or kind of pulpit on which speakers stood when addressing an assembly.

Bemire, bē-mir', v. t. [ be and mire. ] কৰ্ম্বা-ছ-কু; To soil by passing through mud or dirt. Bemoan, be-mon, v. t. বিলাপ-কু, আফেশ করা; To lament, to express sorrow.

Bench, bensh, n. [A. S. benc; cog. with Ger. bank, and conn. with E. Bank, a ridge of earth.] দীৰ্থ কাঠানৰ; A long seat or form:—বিচাৰানৰ; The seat of justice:—বিচাৰানৰ; The court .—ফুলংবেৰ পাটা; হতানিৱৈৰ কৰ্ম কৰিবাৰ বেজ; A long table at which mechanics and others work, as carpenter's bench:—v. t. কাঠানৰ বাবা নজিত-ক; To furnish with benches:—কাঠানৰে উপবিষ্ট-ক; To place on a bench or seat of honour .—v. s. বিচাৰান্যৰ উপবিষ্ট হয়; To sit in a seat of justice.

Bench and Bar—विश्वय बदः উकीनत्र ; Judges and pleaders.

Bencher, bensher, n. ব্যবহাৰাতীৰ সম্প্ৰদান ব্ৰে প্ৰধান ব্যক্তি; A senior member of a court:---শাসনকৰ্তা বিশেষ; The alderman of a corporation :—ইংল্ডের ব্যবহা নিকা ননাজের প্রাচীন সভা; Senior member of an inn of court-

Bend, bend, v. t. [A. S. bendan, to bend, from Band, a string; a bow as 'bent' by tightening the band or string.] বক্ৰ-ক; বলপুৰ্বক অবলভ কৰা; To strain, or to crook by straining:—বক্ৰ-ক; To curve; to inflect:—গভি ফিবান; To direct to a certain point, as one's course:—প্ৰেম্বান-ক; To exert:—প্ৰৱভ বা সক্ষিত-ক; To prepare or put in order; to stretch or strain:—বভ ক্ৰা; To incline:—ক্ৰ-ক; To subdue:—
v. i. বক্ৰ-ক; To be crooked or curved:—প্ৰশত-ক;
To bow in prayer or in submission:—বড-ক;
To be inclined with interest or closely. pa.—
bened or bent.

Bend, bend, n. ৰঙ্গ ৰেখা; মুখ্য; বাক; A curve or crook; a turn or deflection from a straight line, as a slight bend of the body:—প্ৰস্থি; A knot by which one rope is fastened to another or to an anchor.

Bend forward - সমূধে মত হয়া; Incline towards the front. [fixed inclination to virtue. Bent on virtue—ধ্ৰামাধা হয়া; To have a Bend the knee—ভাসু পাডিয়া ন্যকার-কু; Bow down.

To bend the brow—জভি ক ; To knit the brow; as, in deep thought or in anger; to frown To bend the mind—খনেনিবেশ-ক ; To apply one's mind to a certain thing.

Bent, bent, n. ৰক্তা; Curvity :—গোডেন; ক্মশ: নিষ্ত্ৰি; Declivity :—বোক; প্ৰবৃত্তি, Leaning or bias; propensity.

Out of one one's bent—কোল বাজিৰ বৃদ্ধির অংগাচর, কাহারও অধিকারের বাহিরে; Not in the range of one's talent; not in one's sphere.

Fool one to the top of one's bentetelese (etel etele; Fool one as much as possible.

Beneath, be-neth, prep. [A. S. pfx. be, and neothan, beneath. See Nether.] নিয়ে; Under, lower in place:—অসুসর্জ; Unworthy of; unbecoming:—ad. নিয়ে; In a lower place.—
প্রিবীভাগে; Below, as opposed to heaven.

Beneath notice—খবৰ লইবাৰ অনুপায়ক; খ্ৰোদ এহণেৰ অনুপাৰালী; Unworthy of notice.

Beneath one's dignity—কাহার সমান হানি-কর; কাহারও অনুপর্ক; Derogatory to one's honour.

Benedick, beńe-dik, Benedict, beńe-dikt, n. [ From Benedick, a character in Shakes-peare's 'Much Ado About Nothing', who begins as a confirmed bachelor and ends by marrying Beatrice. ] কুডবাৰ পুৰুষ; নৰবিবাহিত পুৰুষ; অবি-বাহিত পুৰুষ; A married man or a man newly married, also, a bachelor.

Benedictine, ben-e-diktin, a. সেউ বেনিছিক্টের মন্ত্রাপী সম্প্রান সংক্ষীর; Pertaining to the order of monks of St. Benedict;—n. সেউ বেনিডিক্টের সম্প্রান্ত্র সন্ত্রাপী; A monk of the order of St. Benedict in the 6th century; a Black Friar.

Benediction, ben-e-dikshun, n. [L. bene-dicto-bene, well, dico, dietum, to say.]

ৰাহ; কৰৰেৰ আনীৰ্বাদ প্ৰাৰ্থনা; A blessing; the solemn act of imploring blessing of God:—
শান্তিবাক; The short prayer which closes public worship: a.=Benedictory, ben-e-diktor-i—
শান্তিবাক্ত ভাষাক্তিবাক; স্কিন্তিবাক্তিয়াল wishes for good.

Benefaction, ben-e-fakshun, u. l L. benefactio-bene, well, and facto, to do. ] উপकाद ; The act of conferring a benefit :—रिजनायम ; यान ; A benefit conferred, especially a charitable donation.

Bonefactor, ben-e-faktor, n. गांज : উপভাৰত ; One who confers a benefit ; well-doer : fem.= Benefac'tress-শাতী।

Benefice, bene-fis, n. [Fr—L. beneficium, a kindness—benefacere, to benefit—bene, we'll facto, to do. In Low L. beneficium meant a gift of an estate. ] উপক্ষি: A benefit, advantage, or kindness—পৰ্যুৱ, An ecclesiastical living or preferment: a.=Beneficed, benifist—প্ৰয়োজ্জুক, Possessed of an ecclesiastic living

Beneficence, be-net'i-sens, n. বৰ্ণজ্ঞা; ধান-শীল্ডা, উপকার; ধ্যা, Active goodness, kindness, charity.

Boneficent, be-nel'i-sent, a. ম্যাসু; দাননীল; ভিতক্র; Kind, munificent; charitable. adv.= Beneficently.

Boneficial, ben-e-fishal, a উপকারী; ছিডকর; লাভজনক, বাবহারজনক, প্রয়োজনীয়, Profitable, advantageous; ustful. adv.=Beneficially

Benoficiary, ben-e-fish-ar-i, n. ধর্বতিভূক;
One who holds a benefice — দানবাধী; One who receives any thing as a gift, oi is maintained by charity — নামত্ত, অধীন ভূমাধিকাৰী;
A feudatory;—a. কোন কাৰ্য্য বা ভূমিণখনে অভেব অধীন; Holding office or possession in subordination to another.

Benefit, beńe-fit, n. [Fr. bienfait—L. bene-factum—bene, well, and facto, to make ] উপকাৰ; অপুনাই; An act of kindness; a favour conferred.—হবিবা; লাভ; Advantage, profit.—কোন অভিনেতাৰ বা সাধাৰণেই উপকাৰ কন্ত অভিনয়; A performance at a theatre or elsewhere, the proceeds of which are given to one of the access, or to some indigent, deserving person, or some public institution or charity:—v.t. উপকাৰ-কৃ. To do good to:—v.i. উপকাৰ লাভ-কৃ; লাভ পাড্যা; To gain advantage.

Benefit of clergy—যামক সম্পানের দও হাছে অব্যাহতি; Exemption of the clerical order from criminal processes before a secular judge.

Benevolence, be-novol-ens, n. [L. benevolentia—bene, well, volo, to wish.] উপকাৰ কৰিবাৰ প্ৰতি: জনহিত্যিতা; উপচিকীবা; হিতেছা; Goodwill; disposition to do good; generósity:—ব্যাৰ কাৰ্য]; দাননীগতা; An act of kindness; charity:—কন্ন বিশেষ; A tax illegally exacted by the arbitrary kings of England and falsely represented as gratuity; a forced loan.

Benevolent, be-nevol-ent, a. হৈত্যী ; হিতৰ ; ব্যালু ; বছাৰাজা ; Full of good will ; well-wish-

ing; charitable; disposed to do good. adv.= Renevolently.

Bengal-light, ben-gawl-lit, #. श्रीनारनांक धाननी এক প্ৰকাশ বাজি; A species of fire-work producing a very vivid blue light, much used for signals by ships.

Benight, be-nit, v. t. ডिमिबावृड-कृ; कांबारनांक स्टेड विक-कृ : To involve in night, or darkness especially in moral darkness or ignorance.

Benighted, be-nifed, a. wastates; Involved in darkness, physical or moral :—বারিপ্রতঃ আনকারপ্রাতঃ Overtake by the night :—আতঃ

WF; Ignorant.

Benign, ben-in, a. [ O. Fr. benigne-L. benignus=benigenus, well-born, of gentle naturebenus, bonus, good, and gen, root of gigno, to produce ; akin to Sans. jan,to produce.] Forta. সকঃ; Gracious; generous; kindly: - কাছাকৰ; Wholesome ; salutary :- अन् ; Propitious.

Benignant, ben-ig nant, a. जनक, अनुक्न ; Kind ; gracious; tayourable. adv.=Benignantly.

Benignity, ben-ig'nit-i, n. नवानुका; मनव अवृत्ति ; Kindness; goodness of disposition: - \* 131-बनका , Salubrity , wholesome quality.

Benignly, ben-inh, adv. नमस्टाद ; ♦ विशे , Kindly ; graciously.

Benison, beni-zn, n. [O Fr. beneicon-L. benedictio-bene, well, dico, dictum, to say. ] आनीकाम , Blessing ; benediction.

Benjamin's mess-সর্বাণেকা অধান অংশ; The largest share.

Bent, n. (बांक वा है।न हिंद अवृत्ति वा बरनद निक ; Leaning or biar, fined tendency or set of the mind.

Bent, bent, pa t and p. p. of bend.

Bont, bent. n. [ A. S bonet. ] assist (416) पान , A coarse grass.

Denumb, be-num, v. t [ Sax. beniman, beny man, p p benumenbe, and niman, to take, to take away. ] অসুভবপজি হাস-ক ; To deprive of sensation ;-- পদাৰহিত বা আচেত্ৰ-কু; To stupify. Benzoin, ben-zō'in, [ Of Arab orig. ] 四四 ; অবপুল, ধুপ, A fragrant medicinal gum, ob-

tained from a large tree of Sumatra.

Bequeath, be-kweth, v. t. [A. S. be, and cmethan, to say, to tell. See Quoth. ] toping sin অৰ্প-কু; To give or leave by will ;—পরসারাপত-इ : भूक्यभवन्मबोक्त्य निम्नो बांख्या ; To transmit ; to hand down; As, to bequeath a family quarrel. Bequest, be-kwest, n. ইচ্ছাপত বাবা বাব; Something bequeathed or left by with a legacy. Berate, be-rat', v. f. चर नना-कृ; Rate or chide vehemently; to scold.

Bereave, be-rev', v. t. [ Pix. be, and Reave. A. S. reafian. ] विकास ; To deprive of , to rob or destitute of ;- निर्देश- ; To take away from. Bereavement, be-rev-ment, n. बक्बिशान; खरण्य नाम ; विद्यान : Loss of a friend by death ; heavy loss.

Bereft, be-reft, Past participle of bereave. berg, berg, n. [ D., Sw., and G. berg, mountain; hill. ] परमहानि : A large mass of ice.

Bergamot, bér'ga-mot, n. [ From Bergamo, a town of Lombardy in Italy. ] क्य विश्व ; A wariety of pear ;—আভার ; পুগর ভৈল ; An oil or persume obtained from it ;-- नक्तिरने ; A species of snuff perfumed with bergamot;-वश्वविद्वाद : A coarse tapestry.

Berlin, ber'lin, n. [ Fr. Berlin, Prussia. ] 414firm; A four-wheeled carriage, like a chariot. Berry, ber'i, n. [ A. S. berige ; Ger. beere ; Dut. besie; Goth. basi; Sans. bhas, to eat. ] क्लिबिक ; A pulpy fruit, containing seeds.

Berth, berth, n. [ A form of Birth. ] ( Naut ) নক্ষাৰ ; Anchorage ;--পোডককৰ শধা ; A place in a cabin ;- ना ; कई ; An official situation, position or employment ;- v. t. नजब कदिवाद श्राम वा बादिवाद श्रान (एक्स) ; To give an anchorage or place lie at ;- পাৰে বিযুক্ত কৰা ; To furnish birth to.

He has tumbled into a nice berth-for ভাল কৰা পাইবাছেন ; He has got a nice situation or fortune. [ at a distance from. To give a wide berth-yes stal; To keep Beryl, bet'il, n. [ L. and Gr. beryllus, probably from old Ifeb bahar, to be pure, clear, bright.]

পালা, মণি বিশেষ; A precious stone of a greenish colour a =Berryline.

Beseech, be-sech, v. t. [ A. S be, and secan, to seek । शार्श-कृ, अनुबद्द करा, यिविध करा; To entreat; to implore. pr p .= beseeching; pa. p. and pa. t = besought. adv = Beseechingly. Beseem, be-sem, v t. [ Pfr bi, and Seem. ] हेशबुक रहा : To befit ; to be seemly or fit for. Beset, be-set, v t. [ A. S. bi-settan, to sur-

round. ] (बरेन-क ; To surround ;—(बार-क ; To besiege; block up; to waylay; -- [ ] To

harass; perplex

Beset with difficulties - 3 9 9791; Full of difficulties ; full of dangers Besetting, be-seting, a were; Confirmed; Beside, be-sid, prep. निक्छे ; शार्य : At the side of ; near ,--वाजिदबदक ; Over and above ; distinct from (in this use, besides is now, more common ); - पूर्व ; कडाकार्व , Aside from ; out of. To be beside one self with joy-wine

ज्यात-इ ; To be out one's senses with joy. To be beside one's self—জাৰ্ড; To be out of the with or senses; As-Sit down, beggar !" screemed Squeers, almost besides him-

self with rage.-Dickens. Besides, adv. वर्षकड ; Moreover ;--prep. वर्षिfar; Over and above; As :- But besides all this he wanted to be king.-Freeman.

Besiege, be-sej', v.t. [ Be and Siege. ] with 1-क ; अवरवाद करा ; To lay siege to ; to invest ;-ছেতে ধৰা; To throng round and press upon. Besieger, be-sej'er, #. आंजमनकारी; One em-

ployed in a siege.

Besmear, be-smer', v. t. (लगम कवा ; कर्षम बांबा यतिन-क ; To cover all over ; to smear over or daub, to soil with dirt.

Besom, be'zum, n. [ A. S. besem, besma. ] न्याक्ती ; A broom ; a large brush for sweeping ;-v. t. 415 (751); To sweep.

Besot, be-sof, v. t. 241 Tite 48-7; \*\*eqf\*-7;
To make sottish by drink; to make dull or stupid, pr. p. besotting; pa. p. besotted.
Besought, be-sawt, pa. p. of Besech.

Bespangle, be-spanggl, v. t. 4745-7; To

Bespatter, be-spater, v. f. বোৰত বৰল ভৱন বৰা লেপন কৰা; we বা কৰ্জন হাবা সিক্ত-কৃ; To sprinkle with water or mud; to spatter or sprinkle with dirt or anything moist;— অপবৰ্শ-কৃ; বিজ্ঞা-কৃ; To asperse with calumny; to defame. Bespeak, be-spek', v f. পূৰ্কে বলা বা নিয়ক্ত কৰা; To speak, or engage beforehand;—পূৰ্কে স্ফলা-কৃ; পূৰ্কে ৰকাশ কৰা; To forebode; to be token; —বিবেশন-কৃ; প্ৰকাশ-কৃ; To show. [over. Bespread, be-spread, v. f. বিভাৱ-কৃ; To spread Besprinkle, be-spring'kl, v f সিঞ্চন-কৃ; কেপ্ৰ-কৃ; To sprinkle over; to scatter over.

Best, best, a. [A. S. betst, betest, best. See Better.] (Superlative of good) অত্যুত্তম; In the highest degree;—সংকাৰ্ড্যেই; সংকাজ; সক্ষেথান; Most advanced; most correct or complete; "the best scholar";—ad. (Superlative of well) অভি উত্তমকলে; In the highest degree;—লাভ অভাবে; To the most advantage;—সক্তোভাবে; Most thoroughly;—n. বৰা লাকি; সাধানুবারী চেই!; চৰবোণ্ডৰ্ম; Utmost; utmost endeavour; the highest perfection.

At best -ৰজনুৱ সম্ভৰ ভাৰ ভাৰিখা নইবে; In the utmost degree or extent applicable to the case; under the best circumstances; taking the best view of thing.

At one's best—অভ্যন্ত অব্ৰুক্ত ভাবে; উৎকৃষ্ট অবছাৰ; অভ্যন্ত উন্নতিনীল অবহাৰ; উন্নতিন চৰৰ অবহাৰ;
In the most favourable light in which a person
can present himself in one's most prosperous
condition; As:—(a) But we will knew where
he will be at his best—Goldwin Smith. (b)
Southey saw Norwich at its best.—E. Dowden.
At the best—অভ্যুক্ত বৃদ্ধ কৰিব ভাগতাৰে এইণ কৰিবে;
ৰে অবহাৰ কোনত বালি ভাগাৰ কোন ক্ষতাৰ পূৰ্ব
বিভাগ কৰিছে পাৰে; Taking the best view of
things; in a state where one shows one highest
powers of any kind; As:—It is a gloomy
picture at the best.—W. L. Collin. (b) D is
delightful anywhere, but he is at the best in
such places as these.—Lamb.

Do one's best—সাধ্যমত চেষ্টা-কু; Use one's utmost power; As:—That he was idle and did not do his best we may take for granted,

Get the best of one—(जान विराध काशांत केन काशांत जान करा); प्रविधा प्रविधा प्रदान करा करा); Go in advantage over one in any point; As:—Want of argument would be supplied by personality, and the champion would avenge himself by brutality on an opponent who happened for once to be getting the best of him.

Have the best of it—(six face cate; Have superiority in some point; to succeed.

To make the best of—asyx and at(s)

Acrin-s; To improve to the utmost; to turn to the most profitable use; to permit possible

the least inconvenience; As:—We are in a sad world, full of pain, but we have to make the best of it.—Leslie Stephen.

To the best of one's belief—বিক্টা; ব্যাভাব ; Certainly. [far as one is able.
To the best of one's ability—ব্যান্য ; As
You had best—তোৰাৰ পকে উৎস্ট কাৰ্য্য হইবে
ৰাম তুমি; তোৰাৰ উপায় কাৰ্য্য হৈবে ৰামি তুমি; It would
be best thing for you; it would be proper if
you; As:—You had best take these with you,
Harry, I have no need of diamonds any more.
To the best of—বেশ শীমা পৰ্যাত; To the utmost of; As:—To the best of his means and
ability he comments on all the ordinary actions
and passions of life almost.—Thackeray.

Bestead, be-sted, v. t. ছাপন-কু; পৰিবৰ্ত্তে ভাপন ক্ৰা; To place or circumstance as to condition; to stand in the stead of;—নাহাৰ্য-কু; To assist or serve;—p. a. অবস্থিত; ব্যবহৃত; Situated; treated.

Bestial, besti-al, a. शहर, नीठ, ইक्षित्रश्यात्र ; Like a beast ; vile ; sensual.

Bostir, be-ster, v. t. উত্তেজিত-কু; কাৰ্য্যে উৎসাহিত কৰা; Rouse into vigorous action ( usually with the reciprocal pronoun); to put into lively action.

Bestow, be-sto, v. t. [Be and stow—partly from M. B. stowen, to bring to a stand, partly from M. E. stowen, to place—stow, a place, akin to sto, to stand, and Sans. Stha, to stand, to place. ] गांन-कृ; To give; to confer;—अधानकृ; To give in marriage;—वाद्यां कर्या; निवासिक क्या; To apply; to make use of, as time or labour;—बिक्ट कार्या; To deposit; to place, as goods.

Bestow one's hand—বিবাহ কৰা; Marry.
Bestows!, be-sto'al, n. এলান; এলান বিবা;
Disposal; act of bestowing. [bestows.
Bestower, be-sto'er, n. এলানকাৰী; One who
Bestowment, be-sto'ment, n. এলান; Bestowal;—লান; Donation.

Bestride, be-stred, v. t. [ See Stride. ] जारबार ज्या ; जान-विचाय-क ; जाल परेवा विद्यान ना डिनायनन ज्या : To stand with the legs upon ; to extend with the legs across ; to sit or stand across ;— डिनायन-क ; To step over ; as, to bestride a threshold. p. t.=bestrode ; pa. p. bestrid ; bestridden. Bestud, be-stud, v. t. (याजाय जानाय ; क्षिण कर्या ; To adorn with studs.

Bet, bet, n. 99; affa; A wager; something staked to be lost or won on certain conditions; —n. t. 94-7; To lay a bet or wager;—pa. p. betfing; pa. t. and pa. p. bet or betfed.

Lay a bet—यांचि वायां।
Betake, be-tak, v. (कांच डेलांव खरतपन-इ ; खांचंद अर्थ-इ ; To have recourse to ; apply ; to resort. Betel, be'tl, n. लीव ; A plant which is chewed. Betel-nut, be'tl-nut, n. ज्लांची ; खबांच ; The nut of the areca-palm.

Bothel, bethel, n. विरवाशीनित्तव वर्षणांना ; Dissenting meeting-house.

Bothink, be-thingk, v. t. [A. S. bethencan, Ger.

bedenken. See Think.] 444-\$; fbul-\$; To call to mind; to recollect; to consider (generally followed by a reflexive pronoun, with of before the subject of thought);—v. i. [ACADA] 441; To consider. pa. t. and pa. p. bethought (bethawt). Syn. = Reflect, recollect.

Betide, betid, v. t. [A. S. be, and tidan, to happen. See Tide.] AND TOTAL; To happen to; to befall;—v. i. To come to pass. Syn.—Befall, occur.

Betime, be-tim, Betimes, be-timž, ad. উপযুক্ত সৰৱে; বৰোচিত সময়ে; Seasonably; in good time; before it is late;— শীত্ৰ; Soon.

Betoken, be-tökn, w. t. চিক্ৰারা প্রদর্শন-কু; ন্যেত করা; লক্ষ্ণ বাবা হচনা করা; To show by signs;— পুর্বহেলা-কু; পুর্বে প্রদর্শন করা; To pressage; to foreshow. Syn.—Mark, manifest.

Betook, be-took, pa. t. of Betake.

Betray, be-tra', v. t. [ Pfr. be, and Fr. trahir, It. tradire—L. tradere, to deliver up. ] বিশাস্থাততা পূর্বক পরিত্যাপ করা; To give up treacherously or faithlessly;—শক্ষর হতপত-ক বা ভ্রম্ব হত্যাপ করা; To disclose in breach of trust,—বিশাস তক্ষ-ক; বিশাস্থাতকভা-ক; To violate trust or confidence; to injure by treachery;—প্রকাশ-ক; প্রকাশ-ক; To disclose or discover,—To fail in respect to rehance placed in one,—কুপৰে বইমা কেলা; Mislead.

Betrayal, be-tra'al, n. শক্ত হতে সম্পণি; Act of betraying:—বিধান্থাতকতা; বিধান্তক; Breach of trust.

Betrayer, be-tra'er, n. বিধান্থাতক; One who Betroth, be-troth, v. t. [Be, and Troth or Truth.] বাক্দাৰ-ছ; বিবাহের সম্ভ-ছ; To nominate to a bishopric. Syn=Affiance, plight.

Betrothal, be-trothal, Betrothinent, hetrothment, n. विवादक बादबान : विवादक नवस , Mutual agreement for marriage . espousals.

Better, beter, a. [A. S. bet (adv.) betera, better, Goth. batisa, Ger. besser, root bat, good; it is in all the Teutonic long. See Boot.]. (Comparative of good) উত্তৰ্গন (শেষত ; উন্নত; Preferable; good in a greater degree; improved:—(Comparative of well) (পাহাসন্ত) পূৰ্বা-শেষ্য ভাল, Improved in health:—ad. অন্ত আংকা ভালন্তেল; In a superior manner:—আন্ত চিক; More correctly:—আনত বিভদ্ধাণে; আনত ভিত্তাকে; More; in a higher degree:—v. t. উন্নত-কৃ; আংলভান্ত ভাল কৰা; উপনাৰ কৰা; To reform; to benefit:—n. লাড; আনতা বা অন; Advantage; superiority, victory:—উন্নত; Improvement:—pl. অক্তন; Superiors.

To be all the better for—সেই পৰিনাণে উপ-কাৰ বাভ কৰা; To derive so much more benefit. Better-half—ব্ৰী; Wife.

Betterment, beter-ment, n. উৱজি; A making better; improvement. [It would be better for. Had better—করা ভাব ছিব; ভবিবেই ভাব হইড; Better part—ৰংক্তি; Virtuous disposition.

All the better—stoffer; Better by so much.
For the better—stoffer w; For the advantage or improvement. [to that extent.
So much the better—stoff equity; Better
Get better—stoff; Improve in health.

Get or gain or have the better of—আবাত বাত-ড়; পরাত্ত্ত্ - Obtain advantage, superiority or victory; overpower. As:—(a) But surely when a man has got the better of any bad habit, his sensations should not be those of exultation only.—Helps. (b) Indeed, very few men could say that they ever had the better of him—Thackeray.

To be better off—পূৰ্বাগেকা আৰ্ভ তাল আৰ্থ্য প্ৰাকা; To be in a better condition. As:—The people who have better of, and have paid rates for many years are the first to sink (die) when they come to the house (work-house).—Dickens. The better for—(কাৰ্ডি) অধিকতর উপবাৰ্থ-অবক; (কোন্ড কাৰ্ডে) অধিকতর পরিমাণে; Of more benefit (to a person); in a greater degree by reason of (something); As:—(a) So much the better for her, if the recollection of it is to make her no happier than it does already.—C. Kingsley. (b) You may be as neat as you please, and I shall love you the better for it.—Goldsmith.

To have seen better days—গরিম হত্যা; To have once been in good circumstances; to be poor. [who bets. Better, beter, n. বে ব্যক্তি পাৰা বাজি বাবে; One Between, between, Betwixt, be-twiks!, prep. [A.S. betweenan, between, between\_be and twegen, twa, two, twain.] ব্যো; In the intermediate space of:—একটা হত্তে অন্তর্গতে; From one to another:—উভয় ব্যো সাধারণ; Common to two.

Between you and me or ourselves-व्यानना व्याननिव गर्या ; व्यामारम्ब गर्या ( व्यन्त स्वन ना रहन); In strict confidence.-This is an adverbial phrase with to speak, or some such phrase understood, used when a secret is not to be divulged to a third party but confined only to the speaker and the hearer; As :- The parents at home had acquiesced in the arrangement, though, between ourselves, old Mr. Sedley had a feeling very much akin to contempt for his sons.—Thackeray. [ two dangers. Between two fires—एक नकी महत्ता ; Between Between jest and earnest- 454 (4)54-ভাবে; कडक नांखीर्ग ভाবে; Partly in jest and partly in earnest; half jocosely and half seriously. As :- He (Shelly) used to say that he had lived three times as long as the calender gave out; which he would prove, between jest and earnest, by some remarks on Time, "That would have puzzled that stout Stagyrite (Aristotle)."-Leigh Hunt.

Between whiles—we specify werte; In the intervals between other occupation; As:—Between whiles he would walk in the garden, or take strolls about the country.—Leigh Hunt,

Bovel, bev'el, n. [Fr. biveau, an instrument for measuring angles.] বাৰণিৱাৰ ঘাটাম; An instrument for measuring angles;—চালু; Any slope or inclination;—a. চালু, প্ৰথা; Slant; oblique;—খাটামান্তি; Having the form of bevel;—v. f. কোণমুক বা প্ৰথা কৰা; To cut to a bevel angle;—v. f. কোণমুক বা বা বাবা ক্ৰয়; To slant, or incline off. pr. p. bevelling; pa. p. bevelled.

Bevel-gear, bevel-ger, n. ভিন্ন বিশ্ব স্বাভবে পরি-ভালিত ব্যের চক্ত; Wheels working on each other in different planes, the cogs of the wheels being bevelled or at oblique angles to the shafts. Beverage, beveraj, n. [O.F.; lt. beveraggio-bevere—L. bibere, to drink.] মৃদ্য; সুবাদ্ধ মৃদ্য; Liquor for drinking; any agreeable liquor for drinking.

Bevy, bevi, n. [It. beva, a drink, a company for drinking.] পদ্দীৰ ঝাঁক; পদ্দীৰ দল; A flock of birds;—ব্ৰজী দ্বীলোকদল; মহিলা-সম্প্ৰদাৰ; A company; an assembly of persons, esp. ladies.

Bewail, be-wal, v. t. [ See Wail. ] সু:ৰ প্ৰকাশ-কু; বিবাপ কৰা; To express deep sorrow for; to lament:—v. i. মু:ৰ প্ৰকাশ-কু; To express grief. Bewailing, be-waling, Bewailment, bewal-ment, n. বিবাপ; Lamentation.

Beware, be-war', v. i. [See Wary.] न्य इंद्या ; नावश्व शंका ; To take heed ; to be cautious.

Bewilder, bc-wilder, v. t. [Be, and prov. E. wildern, a wilderness.] বিজ্ঞানক, হতবুদ্ধি করা, বিজ্ঞানক করা; বিপৰে লইখা খাৰবা; To perplex, to confuse; to entangle; to lead astray.

Bewilderment, be-wilder-ment, n. সংঝাহ; গোলবোগ; বিহলতা; Perplexity; confusion.

Bewitch, be-wich, v. t. [See Witch.] বোণিডক; মন্ত্রাদি মারা মুক্ষ বা বশ কৰা; To fascinate or charm; to affect by witchcraft:—প্রবশনা-ক; To deceive. a.=Bewitching, be-witching, facultivated; Charming; fascinating. adv = Be-witchingly

Bewitchery, be-wiché'r-i, n. মুদ্ধ করণ; সংযো-ৰ্ম; ৰণীকরণ; Fascination.

Bewitchment, be-wichment, n. বোহিনী অভি , সন্মোহন ; ৰশীক্ষণ ; Power of charming ; fascination.

Bewray, be-ra', [A. S pfx. be, and wregan, to accuse.] তথ্য কথা প্রকাশ-ক; To betray, to disclose perfidiously.

Bey, ba, n. [ Turk. beg, pronounced ba, a governor.] তুৰ্ভদেশীয় শাসনকৰ্তা; Turkish governor of a town or province.

Beyond, be-yond, prep. [A.S. be-grond—pfx. be, and geond, across, beyond. See yon, yonder.] মুৰে, On the further side of :—পুৰে; স্মুৰে; Before:—পতাভ; Out of reach of; further than:—ৰোচ; Above, as, in dignity or excellence:—adv. মুৰে; At a distance.

Beyond the range of mind—খনৰ খনোচন । Incapable of being comprehended by the mind. Beyond compare—অভুননীয় ; Incomparable. Beyond measure, adv. অভান্ত ; Exceedingly. Beyond one's depth—বৃদ্ধির খন্দা; Incomprehensible or unintelligible to one. Beyond one's senses—ইন্সিয়াভীত ; জানাভীত ; Beyond one's comprehension.

Beyond question—निन्छ ; Undoubted.

Beyond the seas— नमूज गांदा; त्रणीवृद्ध ; i. e. Out of the country.

From beyond—14 the; from distance; on the side of; As:—Six years after this, the Gauls from beyond the Po, pressed down into central Italy.—Freeman.

To go beyond—অভিন্য-কৃ; To exceed in ingenuity in research or any thing else; outstrip:—( Hence in a bad sense ) বাড়াবণা-কৃ; To deceive.

To be beyond one's self—হতবৃদ্ধি-হ; To be beside one self; to be excessively affected with any thing.

Bezel, bezl, n. [O. Fr. bisel, Fr. biseau; of uncertain origin ] waste assetsts; The part of a ring in which the stone is set.

Bias, bi'as, n. [Fr. biais; prob. L. bifan, two-faced—bis, twice, facies, the face.] পোলাকৃতি বস্তুৰ এক দিকে ভাৰ; The weight in balls which makes them deviate from the straight line:— এবদতা, একৃতি; একদিকে এবণতা বা অবনতি; পাছ-পাতিত; আসালি; Inclination; bent; prejudice; prepossession:—v. t. একদিকে নত-কৃ; To incline to one side:—পূর্ব ইততে আসাল বা প্রস্পাতী করা; পূর্ব ইতে নত-কৃ; To prejudice; to prepossess; to warp.

Mastor bias, maiter bias, এবাৰ ইছো; Chief Bib, bib, n ৷ M. E. bibben, to imbibe, to tipple, because the cloth imbibes moisture—L. bibere, to drink. ] পিতৰ মূৰ্বছ; A small piece of cloth put under the chin of an infant to prevent its drivelling over its clothes:—p. i. পাৰ-ড়; To drink, tipple, sip.

Bib, bib, n. একপ্ৰকাৰ মুংস; A fish of the same genus as the cod and haddock, also called the Pout.

Bibber, Biber, bibér, n. [L. bibo, to drink.]
ম্পূপ্যী; A man given to drinking; drunkard.
Bibacious, bi-báshus, a. [L. bibo, to drink.]
ম্পূপ্যের আনন্ত; Given to drink; addicted to drinking.
Bibacity, bi-bási-ti, n. [L. bibo, to drink.] ম্পূ-Bible, bi'bl, n. [Fr.—L.and Gr. biblia, pl. of Gr. biblion, a little book, biblos, a book, from byblos, the papyrus, of which paper was made.] জীয়
শ্বিত্ত ; The holy scriptures of the Christians.
Bible class, bi'bl-klas, জীয় ব্যঞ্জ পাই কৰিবাৰ দেখা; Class for studying the Bible.

Bible clerk, b'bl-klark, n. বে বালক ধর্মপানার
উচ্চে:ব্রে বাইবেল পাঠ কবিয়া আর্থিক সাহাব্য প্রাপ্ত
কয়; A student who gets certain pecuniary advantages for reading the Bible aloud at chapel.
Bible oath, bibl-oth, n. বাইবেল বা বর্মপুত্রক
ক্ষুৱা শপ্ত; An oath taken on the Bible.

Bible society, bi'bl-so-si'e-ti, ইটাৰ ধৰ্মপুৰৰ বাচাৰ ৰখা; Society for distributing the Bible. Biblical, biblik-al, a. ইটাৰ ধৰ্মগ্ৰন্থ সম্বন্ধীয়; Of or relating to the Bible; scriptural.

Biblicist, biblis-ist, Biblist, n. 3019 44418-

क्षक ; क्रीवर पर्यकांके One skilled in Biblical knowledge. Bibliographer, bib-li-og raf-er, n. आरशिव नृत्य One versed in bibliography or the history of

Bibliography, bib-li-og'raf-i, n. [ Gr. biblion, a book, grapho, to write, describe. ] नुबक क हव-निभि विषयक विषय ; अरब्धितुख ; A history of books and manuscripts. a. = Bibliographic.

Bibliolatry, bib-li-olat-ri, n. [Gr. biblion, a book, latreia, worship. ] 754 741; ABR 44-प्रस्कृ क्षा कि अस विकास ; Worship or homage paid to books; superstitious reverence for the Bible. Bibliology, bib-li-oloj-i, n. [Gr. biblion, a book, logos, discourse. ] नुसरका विवास ; A treatise on books:—প্ৰীয়ীৰ ধৰ্মপুত্ৰক সাহিত্য; The literature or doctrine of the Bible.

Bibliomancy, bib-li-o-māhsī, n. श्रीव धर्मपुषक বারা ভবিষাৎ কথন ; Divination by the Bible.

Bibliomania, bib-li-o mahi-a, n. [Gr. biblion, a book, and mania, madness ] ছুআপা পুত্তক সংগ্ৰেষ প্ৰবৰ অপুৱাৰ : Book-madness : the rage for possessing rare and curious books.

Bibliomaniac, bib-li-o-māhi-ak, n. 52177 পুৰুক সংগ্ৰহে কিন্তু ব্যক্তি; One who has a rage for books.

Bibliopolist, bib-li-op'ol-ist, Bibliopole, bib-li-o-pol, n. [ Gr. biblion, a book, poleo, to sell. 1 प्रक-विद्वा ; A bookseller.

Bibliothecs, bib-li-o-thékå, n. পুৰকারীর; Library; a repository for books.

Bibulous, bibu-lus, a [ L. bibulus-bibo, to drink. ] इन्त्रावक ; Having the quality of imbibing fluids; spongy

Bicapsular, bi-kap'su-ier, a. विकायशादी; Ha ving two seed capsules to each flower (Botany). Bicarbonate, bi-karbon-at, n. [ L. bi (for dvs. from duo, two), twice, and Carbonate ] अक्शकां बामांवनिक भगार्थ, A carbonate or salt having two equivalents of carbonic acid to one equivalent of base.

Bice, bis, n. [ Fr. bis, bise; orig. unknown. ] बीत वा अवुक वद ; A pale blue or green paint. Bicephalous, bi-sef'a-lus, a. [ L. bis, two and Gr kephale, head, akin to Sans. kapal, the forehead. ] fifty ; Double-headed.

Biceps, bi'seps, n. [L. biceps, two-headed-bis, twice, and caput, head. ] विश्वक गारमहम्मे ; बाह्य मञ्बद्ध याः मरन्ये ; Muscle having two heads or organs; the muscles in front of the arms between the shoulder and elbow.

Bicipital, bi-sip'it-al, Bicipitous, bi-sip'itus, a. [L. bis, and caput, capitis, the head.] विवयक ; निविवाद ; Having two heads or organs. Bicker, biker, v. i. [ Acc. to Skeat, bicker= 'pick-er, to peck repeatedly with the beak. ] क्लर करा ; जमानलाद कलर करा ; वानू वृद्ध- ; To quarrel; to contend in a patty way; to contend in words :-- कन्नियान ; To quiver :-- क्रुड वर कन्नवाम चारव त्रमम कवा ; To move quickly and tremulously, as running water.

Bickering, biker-ing, n. 444; 44; Quarreling.

Bicycle, bi-sikl, n. [ L. bis, twice, and Gr. kyklos, a circle. ] गनगविष्ठाननीय पूरे हरकर नाहि: A short of carriage consisting of two wheels, one before the other, which a single person can

Bid, bid, v. t. f A. S. beodan ; Goth. bjudan, Ger bieten, to offer. ] आहम्म-क ; अनुदर्शाय-क ; आयडा क्या ; अषाव कवा ; शहाद कवा : To command; order; invite; to propose; to proclaim :- विनाय छात्रा : निष्ठ हान्या ; To offer, as a price ; to offer :--ইক্লা বা দতাবণ-কু ; To declare as a wish :-- n. बिनाम डांक ; An offer of price, especially at auctions. pr p.=bidding ; pa. f.= bid or bade ; pa. p. = bid, bidden.

Bid, bid, v. t [ A. S. biddan, Goth. bidjan ; the connection with Bid, to command, is dub. see Bead. ] attal wat; To ask for; to pray [ Compete with at a side. ( nearly obs. ) Bid against-कारांव विशाक অভিবোগিতা-क ; Bid a long farewell--नीर्घकालंद निविश्व विनोध লভ্যা ; Bid adieu for a long time.

Bid deflance—कुछ-कु ; व्यवज्ञा अनर्थन कविदा विवादर শাহ্বান করা : Defy ; to denounce or threaten ; to invite to contest by manifesting utter contempt. Bid down-श्व क्य-क ; Lower a bidding.

Bid fair-जाना कवा बाजरक शाद्य , Promise well ; to offer a good prospect; As:-And there ended a friendship that bid fair to be lasting .-Goldwin Smith.

Bid for-निवाय डाका : Offer for at sale.

Bid one good morning—शांकःकानीय पाकि-वानन क्षवान कता : प्रथकांक बतिया अधिवानन कता : To express a meeting or a parting salutation to one in the morning; As :- I must bid you good morning as you're going to Rectory.

Bid up-भाम बुक्ति-इ ; Raise a bidding. Bid welcome to one—সম্বাৰণ-ক ; আত্ৰৰ বলিয়া अहार्थना-क ; Receive one with greeting.

To bid beads-माना भना , To pray with beads as the Roman Catholics.

To bid fairwell to one-विशेषकारित सकत आर्थना क्या ; To express a wish of welfare to one at parting.

To bid good-bye to one-विशंदकांनीन चि-बाबन कदा : To express a parting salutation to price.

Bidder, bider, n. (401; One who offers a The best bidder—(र क्ला नर्सारका केल प्रना शिष्ट चीकांद करव ; The person who offers the largest price; As :- These hireling combatants sold their swords for a time to the best bidder .- Scott. [Combat; offer; invitation. Bidding, biding, n. चारमण; अवाव; व्यवज्ञान; At the bidding of one or at one's bidding-कारायक आरम्भ यांच ; At the command of one; As: -Airy beings waited at his uni. came at his bidding.—Hazhtt.

Do one's bidding.—Hazhtt.

क्यां ; Do what is commanded by one ; carry out one's orders; As:-(a) The senate was forced to do his bidding, and Pompey, at any rate for this year, was his ally .- A. Trollope.

Bide, bid, v. t. [ A. S. bidan, Goth beidan. ] नश-कृ; आर्थकां क्यां; To endure or suffer; to wait for ;-v. i. coin than it To remain in

a place.

Bide one's time—হবিধা অবুসন্থান-তু; Watch for an opportunity; As :- Beset by solicitation to go to Athens, to the Morea, he resolutely held apart, bidding his time, and carefully watching the tide of war .- J. Nichol.

Bidental, be-dental, a. [ L. bis, two and dens, dentis, a tooth, akin to Sans. danta, a tooth.

विश्वविभिष्ठ ; Having two teeth.

Bidet, bi-det or bi-da', n. (पाइक; A small horse ;-- গাত্ৰ খেতি কৰণাৰ্থ শ্যনাগাৱন্ত গৃহসামগ্ৰী विद्नव ; An article of bed-room furniture, used in washing the body.

Biennial, bi-enyal, a. [L biennalis-bis, twice and annus a year.] विवाधिक ; पृष्टे बदमब शाबी ; Lasting two years ;-n. विवधहारी छेडिन ; A plant

that lasts two years.

Bier, ber, n. [ A. S. bær ; Ger. bahre, L. ferstrum. From root of Bear, v. ] Mania; A carriage or frame of wood for carrying dead human bodies to the grave.

Biestings, bestingz, n. [ A. S. bysting ; Ger biest-milch. ] शोधीय अध्य प्रका; (जेनला प्रथ : The first milk given by a cow after calving

Bifacial, bi-fa'shyal, a. [ L. bis, twice, and Facial-L. facies. form, face-facio, to make. akin to Gr. phaine, to cause to appear. ] इन्ही जम्म पूर्व, वा भवन्मव विभवीज कनविभिष्टे ; blaving two like faces or opposite surfaces.

Biferous, bif'er us, a. [L. bis, twice and ferre, to bear. ] विक्ला ; बाद गारन ; Bearing fruit twice

а уеаг.

Bifid, bifid, a. [ L' bis, two and findere, fidi, to cleave. ] মুইভানে বিভক্ত ; তেথা ; Cleft in two Bifurcate, bi-furkat, Bifurcated, bi-furkated, a. [ L. bifurcus-bis, twice, furca, a fork. ] a. किनाबा विनिष्ट ; Having two branches ; two forked. [ sion into two. Bifurcation, bī-furk-a'shun, अ विकात ; Divi-Big, big, a. বড়; বৃহৎ, প্রকাত ; Bulky ; large or great ;- गर्डवजी ; Pregnant ;- परेनांगर्ड ; Full fraught with events ;- 7 ; Distended ;- 47-काबी ; माजिक : Haughty ; arrogant. n.=Bigness, big'nes-वृष्य ; भाकाव ; Bulk ; size.

Look big-অহমানী ব্যক্তির মত দেখান ; বডলোকের ভাৰত্ত্তি প্ৰকাশ কৰা ; Assume a haughty appearance ; assume the appearance of a great man ; - 哆睡- 季; Defy. [ language. Talk big-नदा कोडा क्या करा; Use boastful Big-bellied, big-belid, a. 1518; Pregnant.

Big-sounding, big-sowding, a. एक विवादी ; Having a pompous sound.

Big-swollen, big-swoln, a. कोड ; पूर्व ; Much swollen; ready to burst.

Bigwig, big-wig, #. উচ্চপদ্ লোক; সাহবাৰ বোৰ; A person in authority; a noble; a person of consequence. As :- Finally not to mention others then walking the Parliament House as budding barristers, afterwards to be judges or big-wigs of some kind, there was John Gibson Lockhart, yet only in his twenty-first year. and not to be called to the bar till two years hence.-J. Nichol.

Bigamist, big'am-ist, n. বিশায়ীক পাছৰ; One twice married or having two wives at the same

Bigamy, big'am-i, n. [ Fr.-L. bis, twice, and Gr. camos marriage ] बक्कारन विश्वे व विश्वि कवनाश्वाप ; The crime of having two wives or two husbands at once.

Biggin, big'in, n. [ Fr. be'guin, from the cap worn by the Be'guines, a religious society of women in France. ] निख्य हिनि : A child's cap ;--কাঠনিশ্বিত পাত্ৰ ; A small wooden vessel.

Bight, bit, n. [ Goth. bingen, A. S. beogan, Ger. biegen, to bend, E. bow. ] कुछ छिनानव ; र्वाक ; Bend of the shore , small shallow bay ; as the Bight of Benin; - The hand or coil of a rope.

To hook the bight-विषक्ति एउसी ; To get Bigot, beg'ot, n. [Fr. variously derived from the oath by God, used, acc. to the tale, by the Norman Rollo, and then a nickname of the Normans; Beguine, a religious society of women, Visigoth, a Western Goth; and Sp. bigote, a moustache ] গোড়া ধথাৰ; Bind zealot, one unreasonably attached to some sect or party.

Bigoted, big'ot-ed, a. 4714; Obstinately and blindly attached to some creed or ritual.

Bigotry, big'ot-ri, n. পোড़ाबि; वर्षाक्षा ; Bind or excessive, zeal, esp, in religious matter. Bijou, be-zhōo', n. 419; A trinket; a jewel :-

সুদ্র বাস ; A little box. plu =Bijoux, be-zhōō'. Bijoutry, be-zhoo'tri, n. यनि , अनकावानि कुछ ३ त्यां जनमामशी ; Jewelry ; small articles of virtue. Bilateral, bi-lafer-al, a. [ L. bis, twice, and Lateral-L. lateralis-latus, lateris, a side. 1 ছুটদিক বিশিষ্ট ; শ্বিপাৰ ; Having two sides.

Bilberry, bilber-i, n. called also Whortleberry. [ Dan. böllebaer, ball-berry, (cf. Billiards ); Scot. blaeberry ; Ger. blaubeere. ] अकळकाव नजा छ जाराव बीह नीववर्ग कन ; A shrub and its berries [ वाबी ; A sword. which are dark-blue. Bilbo, bilbo, n [ From Bilbon in Spain. ] 83-Bilboos, bilboz, n. বেডি; শুখন; Feet shackles. Bile, bil, n [ Fr.-L bilis, allied to fel, fellis, the gall-bladder. ] शिक्स ; A yellow fluid secreted by the liver ;- 477814 ; Ill-humour.

Bile-duct, bil-duct, n. शिष्ठ अवाहिका ; A vessel to convey bile.

Biliary, bilyar-i, a. शिलमध्यीय या मणिल ; Belonging to or conveying bile. [ bile. Bilious, bilyus, c. Preffer; Having too much Bilious looking man, n. विकृतिरहे लाक;

A man of irritable temperament.

Bilge, bilj, n. [ See Bulge, Belly. ] Profit unj-श्राद्भ केळ आत्म ; The protuberant part of a cask at the middle ;- witters তলের পরিসর; The breadth of a ship's bottom, on which she rests when aground:—ण. र. अनुवारण कविष्क (क्था), कन्द्रवर्ग कहा स्टेश किस केश्नेत स्था। To spring a leak; to let in water.

Bilge-water, bilj'-waw'ter, n. (बोकाद जनद कत : काशास्त्र जनश्य अभिक नवल कत : Water lying on a ship's bottom; the foul water which gathers in the bottom of a ship.

Bilge-pump, bilj-pump, n. (नोका जनद कन জুবিবার কল; The pump employed to draw off

the bilge water.

Bilingual, bi-ling wal, a. [bilinguis-bis, twice, lingua, tongue ] विकाश जवकीय वा विनिष्टे ; In two languages; of or containing two languages. Bilinguous, bi-ling wus, a. [ L. bis, twice, lingua, tongue ] ( total , Speaking two languages. Biliteral, bi-liter-al, a. [ L. bis, two, and litera, letter ) काका; Consisting of two letters.

Bilk, bilk, v t. [ Perhaps a dim of Balk. ] व्यवस्था-क ; शविश्व कवा ; रूजान-क , To deceive ; to elude ; disappoint ;—n. ঠক ; প্রভারক ; Cheat Bill, bil, n [ A S bile, the primary meaning a cutting implement. ] अकीव हम ; The beak of a bird, - रा विरम्प, An instrument used in pruning, cutting &c. , - 1412 feret; A kind of battle-axe, formerly used in English infantry; -कृतेव विद्याव · A pickaxe ,- ए हं. हक वार्त क . आपत क , To join bills, as, doves , to caress in fandness

Bill, n ((Lit) a sealed paper, from Low L. billa-bulla, a seal See Bull, an edict. ] biois হিসাৰ, সেম পত্ৰ, বিল; An account of money; account of goods bought of money owing; As --- a tailor's bill ;-- প্রস্তাবিত আইনের পাতু-শিশি ; A draft of a proposed law ;-- লিখিড প্র ; বোষণা পত্ত , বিজ্ঞাপণ ; In law, a declaration in writing; an advertisement posted up; placard :- निर्दाविक पिवान होका पिवाब अञीकांव शेख ; A written engagement to pay a sum of money at a fixed date :- निविक विराम विवद् : Any written statements of particulars.

Bill-sticker, bil-stiker, n (व वाकि विकाशन माविया (नव: One who sticks bills, one who

posts up placards, &c.

Bill book, bil-book, n. दिमान शक ; A book in which a person keeps an account of his notes, bills of exchange, the discount of bills.

Bill broker, bil-broker, n. भागान ; One who negotiates the discount of bill

Bill in chancery, n 343 94; A written statement put in or filed in the courts of chancery.

Bill of credit, n. दिशासिक उनक है।का कृतियांक श्रम ; A bill or note for raising money on the mere credit of a state.

Bill of exchange, " हि ; बदान हिति ; An order to pay money at a future date, acknowledged by the party to whom addressed, and made transferable.

Bill of exceptions, n. with fight : A statement of exceptions to the decision or instruction of a Judge in the trial of a case, made for the purpose of putting the points on record, 50 as to bring them before superior court or the full bench for review.

Bill of divorce, w. विशेष्डककांदी नव ; In the Jewish law, a writing given by the husband to the wife by which the marriage relation was dissolved.

Bill of fare, n. etel stale at fast; In a hotel, the list of dishes or articles of food.

Bill of food, n. बाना अरवाव कानिका; List of dishes at a dinner; in a hotel, a list of articles ready for food.

Bill of indictment, n. वृत्तिवित्तंत कार्या ; Act of a Grand Jury.

Bill of lading-wisits ain colais fron coisi-বাক কত্ত প্ৰণত সেই ক্ৰাজাত প্ৰাথি-খীতার পত্ত ; A paper signed by the master of a ship, by which he makes himself responsible for the safe delivery of the goods specified therein.

Bill of mortality, n. गृजुनिश्या नंगना भवा : Return of deaths; an account of the number of deaths in a place in a given time; As:-In fact, Johnson's remarks on society beyond the bills of mortality are generally of much the same kind with those of honest Tom Dawson. the English Footman in Dr Moore's Zeluco.

Bill of rights, n. अधिकांत्र श्रेख ; A summary of rights and privileges claimed by a people. Such was the declaration presented by the Lords and the Commons of England to the prince and princess of Orange in 1688.

Bill of sale, n. fasuna, A formal instrument for the conveyance or transfer of goods and

Bill of the play, n. नांटोरवालिविक वाकि बन्द পতিবেড়বর্গের তালিকা, List of the characters and actors.

A Bill of entry, n. निविष्ठ अत्याव भागा शक: A written account of goods entered at the custom-house, whether imported or intended for exportation.

A Bill of health or a clean bill of health, n. बाहाब ছाডियाव पूर्व्स ज्यादाशी-नित्रिय काका अयानक भव , A document, duly signed by the proper authorities, to certify that when the ship set sail, no infectious disease existed.

A foul bill of health, n. Alsi निर्देशक श्रेष ; A document to show that the place was suffering from some infection, when the ship set sail. A true bill, n. WEITH 93; A bill of indictment authorised by the grand jury.

Find a true bill-weitif nes affat fa-a ; Find the charge to be true.

Billet, bilet, n. [ Fr.-dim. of Bill. ] कुत्र निर्ण ; A short letter :- मिक्किर्तिय यामशान निर्माणक বিশ্ব পত ; A ticket from a public officer directing soldiers at which house to lodge :- v. t. मिक्कपिश्रक बामाद विजि-कृ; निक्कपिश्य बामश्रोक বিছেশ কৰিবা শেওৱা; To quarter as soldiers.

Billet, bilet, n. [ Fr. billot-bille, the young stock of a tree, prob. of Celt. ong. perh. allied to Bole, the trunk of a tree. ] चानांवि कादेशक , A small log of wood used as fuel.

Billet-doux, bil-et-doo', n. [Fr. billet, a letter,

dous, sweet,=2 sweet note. ] (at 98; A love-letter.

Billiards, bilyardz, n. [Fr. billerd—bille, a ball.] we shall; A game played with balls on a rectangular table; a game played with a cue or mace and balls on a table having pockets at the sides and corners.

Billingsgate, bilings-gat, n. ক্ৰেমিড ভাষা; বেৰুনীৰ ভাষ অবভ ভাষা; Foul language; ribal-dry; vulgar language like that spoken at Billingsgate (the great fish market of London).

To deal in billingsgate—ক্ৰেড ভাষা ব্যক্তান কৃষ্

To talk billingsgate - रेडव कावाद कर। कर।; To slang, to slang in a coarse vulgar style.

Billion, bifyun, n. [L. bis, twice, and Milion— Low L. millio—L. mille, a thousand.] यहां श्रेष ; A million of millions (1,000,000,000,000); or according to the French method of numeration, one thousand millions (1,000,000,000).

Bilman, bilman, n. বাৰুঠাৰধাৰী নৈক; A soldier armed with a bill.

Billow, bilo, n. [ ice. bylgja; Sw. bölja, Dan. bölge, a wave-root belg, to swell. See Bilge, Bulge. ] লহবী, উৰ্থি; A great wave or surge of the sea:—v. i. ভবসায়িত হওৱা; To roll in large waves.

Billowy, bilo-i, a তরজিত; তব্সাঘ্যান; Swelling into billows; full of billows or surges; wavy.

Billy, bil-i, n. पाखिदकरकव मक; A watchman's club.

Bimana, biman-a, n. [L. bis, twice, and manus, the hand.] ছিহত্তবিশিষ্ট কন্ত; Animals with two hands.

Bimanous, bi'man-us, a. विश्वविनिष्टे ; Two Bimensal, bi-meńsal, Bimestrial, bc'-meć-tri-al, Bimonthly, bi-munthli, a. [L. bis, two, and mensis, a month.] देश्यामिक ; Occurring once in two months.

Bimetallism, bi'metal-izm, n. [A recent coinage, from Gr. bi, double, and Metal-L. metallum—Gr. metallon, a mine, prob from metallao, to search after.] মূৰ্ব বোপা উভয়বিধ ধাতু মুখাৰ প্ৰচলম বীডি; The use as legal tender of coins of two metals at a fixed relative value.

Bin, bin, n. [A. S.] डांडाद; (त्रांतापद; वांत्र; A box or inclosed place, used as a repository; a place for storing corn, wine:—v. t. वांद्र मुक्त वांचा, (त्रांतापद वां डांडाद मुक्त कदा; To store in a bin.

Binary, bi'nar i. a. [L. bini, two by two—bis, twice.] 東京 : 「電子 : Compounded of two; double; two-fold.

Binate, bi'nat, a. [ L. bini, two by two—bis, twice.] বোড়া; হুখ: বিভা; Growing in pairs; double.

Bind. bind, v. t. [A. S. bindan; cog. with Ger. binden, Sans. bandh, to bind.] प्रमु-क; To tie together; to fasten:—সংঘত-ক; To restrain or hold:—ব্যাব হালা বকা বা মৃত্-ক; To protect or strengthen by a band or cover:—কৰ্ম কৰিছে বাৰ্-ক; To place under a legal obligation; to

serve:—v. i. महाधिक-कृ ; To contract :—क्ट्रिय-इ ; To grow hard or stiff :—खबळ शामनीय-व ; To be obligatory Syn.=Obligs, compel, constrain, fasten, secure ; restrict.

Bind down-44-7; Confine.

Bind hand and foot-tie of tiel; Render one unable to move.

Bind over—पूर्त्या नियारेश नवता; Oblige by a bond to appear at a court.

Bind to—প্ৰভিক্তা বাবা আৰক্ষ ; To contract; as, to bind oneself to a wife:—কাহাৰত সেবা করিতে বাধ্য-কৃ; To oblige; to serve some one.

Bind up in or with—বিষয় হত্যা; To cause to

be wholly engrossed.

Binder, binder. n. (र पुढ़क देशिय ; (बन्दकोड ; Book-binder :—वजन ; A bandage.

Bindery, binder-i, n. পুতত वक्तकाबीब (कांकान : A binder's workshop.

Binding, binding, a. जन्छ পালনীয়; नयनकारी; Obligatory; restraining:—n. यक्तन; The act of fastening with a band:—यक्तनी; A bandage:— পুতকের (জলন্, পুতকের আবরণ; The cover of a book:—वादो कांभएछद याद दक्षा करत; Some thing that secures the edge of cloth.

Bindweed, bindwed, n as asia well-a sel.

The convolvulus, a genus of plants so called from their twining and binding.

Binnacle, biha-kl, n. [Formerly bittacle—Port. bitacola—L habitaculum, a dwelling place—habito, to dwell.] দিশ্দশন যন্ত্ৰ বাহিবাৰ আহাৰ: Compass-box; the box in which on ship-board the compass is kept.

Binoole, bina-kl, n [ I.. binus, two-fold, and oculus, eye ] दिनल पूरवीका, A telescope fitted with two tubes for both eyes.

Binocular, bīn-ckūl-ar, a. [L. bis, and oculus, eyc.] ডুট দকু বিশিষ্ট; Having two eyes:—ছই দকু নৰন্ধায়; With or pertaining to both eyes:— ছই দকুৰ উপৰোগী; Adapted to the use of both eyes; suitable for two eyes.

Binomial, bī-nonii-al, a. [L. bis, twice, and nomen, a name, a term.] ছুই নাম দাবা অভিছিত; Known by two names — দিপদ্যক; Noting a root composed of only two parts connected by the signs plus or minus:—n. বৈবালি, বা দিবালিক সংখ্যা; In algebra, a quantity consisting of two terms or parts.

Binominous, bī-nomin-us, a. [L. bis, two and nomen, name.] इहे नाम हुन ; Having two names.

Biographer, bi-og'raf-er, n. জীৰণচৰিতাবাৰেক; জীৰণচৰিত পেৰক; A writer of lives; one who writes biography.

Biography, bi-og'raf-i, n. [Gr. bios, life, grapho, to write.] बोरन हिंद ; बोरन हिंद किन्न : The history of the life and character of a particular person; the art of writing such history. a.—Biograph'ical, Biograph'ic. edv.—Biographically.

Biology, bi-oloj-i, n. [Gr. bios, tife, logos, a discourse.] जीवन-विकास वा आविष्णा; The science of life or of organised being. e.—Biolog'ical. Biologist, bi-oloj-ist, n. जीवमविकानविष ; One versed in biology-Biparous, bi-parus or bip'a-rus, a. [ L. bis

two and parers, to bring forth. ] प्रविधानव-

कारिने ; Bringing forth two at a birth.

Bipartite, bipart-it or bi-partit, c. [ L. bis, twice, partitus, devided portio, -to devide.] चारन तम विकल ; Divided into two like parts.

Biped, bi ped, n. [L. bis, twice, ped, foot. Sans. pad, foot. ] विश्वविभिष्ठ चीव : An animal having two feet, as man. a .= Biped, Bipedal.

Bipennate, bi-penat, Bipennated, bi-penated, a. [ L.-bis, two, penna, a wing. ] विनक-বিশিষ্ট ; Having two wings.

Bipetalous, bi-petal-us, a. [ L. bis, two, petalum, Gr. petalon, leaf. ] चिन्न ; Having two

flower-leaves or petals.

Blquadrate, bi-kwod-rat, n. [L. bis, twice, and augdratus, squared. ] बार्ब वर्त ; The fourth power, arising from the multiplication of a

square by itself. a .= Biquadratic.

Birch, berch, [ A. S. birce ; Ice. biork, Sans. burja. ] वृक्कदिरमय ; क्रिन वस्त्रवृक्ष ; मधनादनव मध ; Name of a tree; a hardy forest-tree, with smooth, white bark, and very durable wood; a rod for punishment, consisting of a birch twig or twigs. a .= Birch ; Birchen ( made of birch ) ;-- v. t. त्यापिक- इ ; Flog with birch. Birch-rod, berch-rod, n. বাচ বৃক্ষবিশিত দঙ;

[ flogs. Rod made of birch twigs. Bircher, berch-er, n. (बढाषांचकांदी ; One who Birching, berching, n. (1078; Punishment

with a rod.

Bird, berd, n. [ A. S bird, the young of a bird, a bird; either from the root of Breed ( bredan, to breed ) or of birth ( beran, to bear ). ] 947; A fowl; feathered animal; -v.t. 中華 相; To catch or shoot birds.

Bird-bolt, berd-bold, n. ofen attatte ela; An arrow for shooting birds. [ catches bird. Bird-catcher, berd-cach-er, n. 4114; One who Bird's-eye, berdé-i, n. 44 stota vivia; A kind of tobacco ;-a. किन्न छारव पर्नेन कहा ; जावा-IT, Seen from above, as if by a flying bird; seen at a glance, hence, general; not minute.

Bird lime, berd-lim, n. পক্ষী ধবিৰাৰ আটা ; A sticky substance use to catch birds.

Bird-fancier, berd-fansi-er, n. भकी भागन-जिद राक्षि: भक्नोबिदक्षा; One who has a fancy for rearing birds; one who keeps birds for sale.

Bird-witted, berd-wited, a. Fog; Flighty; passing rapidly from one subject to another; in capable of sustained attention. [like character. Birds of a feather—नम अकृष्टिन लाक ; Men of Bird of Paradise, s. spilates; A perching bird of New Guines :-बाइवर (वन शविश्क दूनवी वर्षे ; A beautiful woman gaudily dressed ; As :- Whatever the cause may have been, this bird of paradise having alighted for a moment in Olney, took wing and was seen no more.

Bird of passage, n. (द भन्नी नकन बहुएक बक-शादि बीटक ना ; A migratory bird:-- (व बाकि निश्रष्ठ

बक्हारम नाम करत ना : A person that does not live permanently in one place.

Birds of the same feather flock together -আপৰাৰ অনুৰূপ সঙ্গী অনুসন্ধান-কু: Men choose companions like themselves.

A Bird's-eye glance or yiew-were to शान रहेरक मृद्धि ; बहनःशाक नमार्थक अककानीन नर्मन ; A view taken from a great height; a view or glance taken of a whole thing or a collection of things at once; As ;-Now would he peep at it through a telescope from the other side of the Meuse, and now would he take a bird's eye glance at it from the top of those gigantic windmills, which protect the gates of the city.-Irving. A bird in the hand is worth two in the bush-अनिन्छि वह अर्थका अव वह विश्व ब्लाबान ; Present or actual enjoyment of a blessing, though it may be of little value, is of greater worth than contingent or fortuitous blessing. however great its value. As :--We're allowed to take a liberty once a year, gentlemen, and if you please w'll take it now; there being no time like the present, and no two birds in the hand worth one in the bush, as is well-known, -Dickens.

A bird of ill omen-gft; A person who is regarded as unlucky; one who always predicts evil or calamity.

Take a bird's-eye view of- नकी व कार हकत-ভাবে দেখা ; To see at a glance,

Birome, bi'rem, n. [ L. bis, twice, and remus, an oar. ] अक्शकांव नुवाकानीय काहांक ; An ancient vessel with two rows of oars.

Birk, berk, n. Scotch and prov. E. for Birch. Birth, berth, n. wieltwa ang offala wies : A ship's station at anchor. (Same as Berth.) Birth, berth, n. [ A. S. beorth, a birth-beran, to bear. ] wa; The act of coming into life :-कृत ; वः भ ; वः भ-मर्गामा ; Lineage ; dignity of family :-- বাছাবিক অবস্থা; Natural state or position :-- শিশু ; জাতসম্ভান ; The offspring born :-अन्य: The act of bringing forth :- आपि: Origin; beginning; as, a nation's birth.

Birth-day, berth-da, n. अयानिय; The day on which one is born.

Birth-mark, berth-mark, n. अव्हिक्; Some mark or blemish on the body at birth.

Birth-place, berth-plas, अ. अश्वकृषि ; The place where one is born.

Birth-right, berth-rit, n. बचाबिकांव : शिख्नव : Any right or privilege to which a person is entitled by birth.

By birth-wa vers ; wa vist; By descent; by origin; As :- He (Napoleon) was by birth an Italian of Corsica.-Freeman.

Give birth to-wa (vest; Serie and; To produce; As:-That he should have become a power among men is a remarkable triumph of the influences which have given birth to Christian civilization.-Goldwin Smith.

New-birth, neu-berth, n. प्रथ ; धर्मधीयत्वद wire : (Theology) Regeneration,

Biscutt, biskit, n. [Lit. bread twice cooked or baked (so prepared by the Roman soldiers); Fr.—L. bis, twice; Fr. cust, baked—L. coquo, coctum, to cook or bake.] विकृष्ट ; Bread baked hard:—यूप्राणीत ; An unglazed earthen ware. Biscot, bī-sekt, v. t. [L. bis, twice, and seco, sectum, to cut.] कृष्टे कृषाच्या प्राप्त विकृष्ट क्या ; To cut in two could parts.

Bisoction, bi-sekshun, n. कह ममान अरम विकात;

Division into equal parts.

Bisegment, bi-segment, n [L. bis, seco, sectum, to cut.] স্থাৰ বেধাৰ বধাৰ আহাতে; The

exact half of a line.

Bisexual, bi-sekshoo-al, a. [ L. bis, twice and Sexual—seco, to cut. ] ৰপ্ৰেক সম্ভাৱ; Of both sexes:—বীকেশ্ব ও পুৰুষকেশ্ব বিশিষ্ট পুলাম্ম্মীর; ( Bot. ) applied to flowers which contain both stainens and pistils within the same envelope.

Bishp, bishop, n. [A S. bisceop—L episcop—us—Gr. episkopos, an overseer—epi. upon, shopēo, to view ] ধর্মানুষ্ণ; A spiritual super-intendent.—মীধ্যমন্ত্রাম মধ্যে ধানা আন্তান্য; The highest of the three orders of Christian ministry.

Bishopric, bishop-rik, n. [A. S ric, dominion.] প্ৰধানচাৰ্য্যৰ পদ, The office of a Bishop:—প্ৰধানচাৰ্য্যৰ অধিকাৰ; The jurisdic-

tion of a Bishop.

Bismuth, biźmuto, n. [Ger. bismuth, wissmuth; Org unk.] ধাতু বিশেষ; A brittle metal of a reddish white colour used in the arts and in medicine.

Bison, bi'son, n [From L and Gr but prob. of Teutonic origin] উত্তৰ আমেৰিকাৰালী জন্ত বিশেষ; ৰাজিণ ৰছিব; A quadruped of North America, popularly but incorrectly called the buffalo.

Bisque, bisk, n করকার গোপোড়া মুংপার , A species of unglazed porcelain, twice passed

through the furnace

Bissextile, bis-sextil, n [L. bis, twice, and sextus, sixth, so called because in every four or leap year the sixth day before the calends of March, or the 24th February, was reckoned twice.] অধিবংসৰ, প্রতোক চতুর্ব বংসর; Every fourth year; leap-year:—a. প্রতি চতুর্ব বংসর সম্বাধ্য; Pertaining to leap-year.

Bister, bister, Bistre, n. [Fr. bistre, from bis, fem. bise, brown.] 404011 16; A brown

colour made from the soot of wood.

Bisulphate, bi-sulfat, n. [ L. bis, twice, and Sulphate. ] একজন্ম কাৰ্য পদাৰ্থ; A double

sulphate.

Bit, bit, n. বল্গা; লাগাযের বে লোহ্যয় অংশ বোডার মুখে বেডা। হয়; ধলীল; The iron part of a bridle which is inserted in the mouth of a horse:—
ছুমু ধত; মুখতবা আন; এত আন; অত্যন্ন গরিধাণ;
A small piece; a mouthful; a little:—এত কোৰ মুখা; A small coin of the West Indies:—
ছুবুগুল; ছিত্ৰ কৰিবাৰ মুখ ঘত; A small tool for boring holes:—ত. ৫. অংবৰ মুখে বল্গা লাগাল; বংশ বাধা; To put the bit in a horse's mouth; to cestrain. pr. p.—bitting; pa. p.—bitted.

Bit by hit—बर्ग काम ; आज आज करिया ; A fragment or a small piece at a time; part by part; As:—Northern Touraine won bit by bit. Bitch, bich, n. [A. S. bicce, ice. bikkia.] कृत्यो ;

The female of the canine kind :— অনতী ; A

name of reproach for a woman.

Bite, bit, v. t. [A. S. bitan; Goth beitan, Ice, bita, akin to L. fid, Sans. bhid, to cleave.] परणंत्र कर्या; पढार्था (६एन कर्या; To crush or soize with the teeth, to tear with the teeth;—चाणा (एक्या; हन विश्व कर्या वा बोठमा (एक्या; To cause sharp pain or smarting; to sting or pain;—वाणाया वर्षा; To cheat; to trick;—माणिया पाका ; To hold fast;—किवडांद वा विश्वा करिया (क्या एक्या; To wound by reproach. pa. p.=bit or bittén.

Bite, bit, o. s. বাছ দিয়া ধরা বা আঘাত করা; To seize or wound with the teeth or mouth;—
ব্যা পেত্রা; To cause, hurt, pain or injury;—
n. বংশব; Grasp by the teeth; As:—The bite of a dog:—সংখব; The wound made by the teeth;—তাম্ড; গ্রাস; A morsel; a mouthful;—
প্রক্রা; A cheat, a trick;—প্রক্ত, A sharper.
To bite in—কর করা; To corrode or eat into

metallic plates by means of an acid. To bite the dust, or the ground—মৃত্যু ঘন্তা ভোগ কৰিতে কৰিতে ভূমিতে প্ৰিত ২৬খা, To

fall in death-agonies ; — স্প্ৰিলে প্ৰাক্তি হওয়া , To be disgracefully beaten.

To bite the thumb—কলা পেৰাৰ; Formerly a mark of contempt designed to provoke a quantel. Biting, biting, a. ভাৰ; Sharp; severe; sarcastic.

Bitter, biter, a. [A. S bitan, to bite.] जिल ; Having a particular acrid biting taste ;—क्ट्रेश्वक ; Calamitous ; poignant ;—शिक्ष्मक , Piercing ; painful ;—छोत्र , क्ट्रे , Harsh , stern ; —इ:यजनक ; Mournful , distressing ;—निहेद , Cruel. adv.=Bitterly.

Bitterish, biter-ish,a. एवर िक ; Slightly bitter. Bittern, bitern, n. [M. E. bittour.—Fr.—Low L. butorsus (bos taurus.) वक्कांग्रेड भर्गे, A wading bird of Europe related to the heions

Bitterness, biter-nes, n. তিক্ততা, কট্ডা; Quality of being bitter,—গভার মনোবেদনা; Deep distress of mind;—ভার ভাষা; A biting sarcasm. Bitters, biters, n. কটু উদ্ভিদ হইতে উৎপন্ন মদ্য বিশেষ; Liquor prepared from bitter herbs or roots.

Bitumen, bi-tu'men, ল. ৰাজুৰ বৈশেষ কাধাৰণ নাম; শৈপৰ ভৈল; বেটে ভৈল; A name applied to various inflamable mineral substances, as naptha, petroleum, asphabtum; the mineral pitch or tar. a.=Bituminous.

Bituminate, bi-tumi-nat, Bituminise, bitu'mi-niz, v. f. লৈলক তৈলের দহিত বিশ্বিত হওয়া, বা লৈলক তৈল পরিবাহিত করা; To mix with or

make into bitumen.

Bivalve, bivalv, n. [L. bis. twice, valva, a valve.] निर्वाणीय बद्द ; An animal having two valves or shells consisting of two parts, which open and shut:—तैयादाय ; A seed-vessel of like kind. e.=Bivalvular, Bivalvulous, Bivalved.

Bivonac, bivoo-ak, n. [ Pr.—Ger. beiwachen, to watch beside—bei, by, watchen, to watch ] বুৰ কৰিবাৰ অংশভাৰ বুজনীতে অনায়ত স্থানে নেৰা-লিখেৰ অব্যিতি; The encamping of soldiers for the night without coverings or tents in readiness for immediate action; night-encampment:—
বাহনেৰ বাহৰী; The guard or watch of a whole army as in case of attack:—v. i পাহাৰা-দে,
To watch or be on guard, as a whole army —
অনায়ত স্থানে বুজনী বাগন ক্বা; To encamp during the night without tent or covering; to pass the night in the open air

Bi-weekly, bi'-wekli, a. বৈদাপ্তাহিক, বা বাহা স্থাহে ছইবাৰ হয়; Properly, occurring once in two weeks, but usually twice in every week

Bisarre, bi-zar', a. [Fr — Sp. bizarro, highspirited.] অনুড; অসাধান্ত, অধিতাচার, Odd. fantastic; extravagant.

Blab, blab, v. i. [An imitative word, found in Dan. blabbre, Ger plappern.] প্ৰলাপ বৰা, অভি-বিক কয়; পত্ন বৰা; To utter in a thoughtless manner; to talk much, to tell tales —ν ι গোপনীৰ বিষয় প্ৰকাশ কয়া, To tell what ought to be kept secret —n. গুৱাবিয় প্ৰকাশকায়; Λ blabber Blabber, blaber, n. বল্লক; A tattler; a tell-taler

Black, blak, a. [A S. blac, black, black, ] স্ফ্রণ; কাল; Of a darkest colour — অনুকারারুল; Very dark or gloomy — কুন্ধ; Sullen — নিতান পালী, Atrociously wicked, horrible:— ভূ-বন্ধনক, Dismal; mournful, calamitous

Black, blak, n. ঘোৰ কৃষ্ণৰ বা বৰ্ণিহীনলা; বৰ্ণাভাৰ: আছিল দেখীয় কৃষ্ণৰ লোক; The darkest colour or rather a destitution of all colour; absence of colour; a Negro — ছংৰস্থাক কৃষ্ণৰ পৰিবেশ্ব; A black dress for mourning

Black, blak, ৩ t কৃষ্বৰ্ণ করা, অপাধিছত বা কল্ফবুড় করা, To make black, to soil or stain.

In black and white—লিপিবন্ধ; স্পাই লিখিড ( অর্থাৎ নিঃস্কেন্ড্ ), in writing or print, in plain writing and printing; As,—I must have that state-ment in black and white [ one. Look black upon one—শাসাল, To threaten Be black and blue—(থাবিখা) কলিসিটে পড়াল; Have the skin marked black and blue; As,—
(a) Plantus tell us that if a boy missed a single

(a) Plantus tell us that if a boy missed a single letter in his reading, he was soon black and blue allover:—Prof. Wilkin. (b) Mamma was pinching her ladyship's arm black and blue.

In black—মুডেই নিমিন্ত শোকস্থাক কুক্ৰণ পৰিচ্ছেৰ পৰিছিত; in a mourning (black) dress.

Black and blue—wivioজনিত কালনিটে কাপ ; The dark colour of a bruise in the flesh, which is accompanied with a mixture of blue.

Black-Act न्यूप् रिप्पन ; A Law, which makes it felony to appear armed in any park with the face blackened or disguised.

Black-art—हें अवान , ভोकविना ; Magic ; necromancy ; conjuration.

Black-ball—ছুড়া কুছৰণ কৰিবাৰ উপাদান; A composition for blacking shoes, boots &c:"না" হুচক কুছৰণ ছটিকা; A ball of black colour,

used as a negative in voting :—v. i. স্মাৰজ্জ কা কৰা; কোন ব্যক্তিকে মনোনীত না কৰা; To reject by putting black ball into a ballot box; not to admit to a club [of the bramble. Black-berry, blak-ber-i, n. কানজাৰ; The fruit Black-bird, black berd, n. সুধৰ পজী বিশেষ; A singing bird with a fine note.

Black-book, blakbook, n. বাজ্যের বা সভাপারের মুগতি প্রকাশক পুরুক; A book exposing abuses in church and state —ভোজবিদাা সম্বন্ধীয় পুরুক; A

book which treats of necromancy.

To be in black books—কাহাৰত অমুবাছ হয়ত বাকিত হতা, To be out of favour.—অপৰাধী হয়। ধাকা, To be marked, in the book of recording crimes as an offender; As —Webb's regiment was known to be in the commander-in-chief's black-books.—Thackeray.

Blackboard, blakbord, n বিশাব্যে অভণাত করিবার কৃষ্ণ বোর্ড; কৃষ্ণবর্গ কাঠদলক; A board used to write or draw on with chalk.

Black-browed, blakbor'od, a. ভাষ্টক; ভীতি-উৎপাদক; Gloomy, dismal, threatening.

Black-cattle, blak-katl, n বাৰে নিৰিত্ত পালিত ণোজাতি, Oxen scared for slaughter.

Black-cap, blakcap, n মৃত্যুদভাজা নিৰাৰ কালে বিধাৰণতি মন্তকে যে উন্ধীৰ পৰিধান কৰেন; The Judgment cap, worn by a judge when he passes sentence of death on a prisoner.

Black-cook, blakcok, n. পঞ্জীবিশেষ; A fowl called also black grouse and black game.

Black-currant, blak-kur'ant, n একপ্ৰকাৰ
উদ্যান লতা; A garden shrub with black fruit
u ed in making preserves. [ and disaster.
Black-day, blak'da,n মুংখেব দিন, Day of gloom
Black-doath, blak'deth, n. অনপদ আংসকাইট বাাধি বিশেষ, মহামাৰী, A putrid typhus, which block out in Europe in 1348, and carried off 25 millions of peeple, a plague.

Black-flag, blak-flag, n. দহাৰ কুক্ৰণ পতাকা;

Blackfriar, blakfri-ar, n. যাজক সম্প্ৰদায় বিশেষ ;
A friar of the Dominican order called also preaching friars.

[ তাব ; The devil. Black gentleman, blak-gentleman, n. সম্ভাবিতি দুয়েবাৰ, blag'ard, n কুডাৰা প্ৰযোজকাৰী ;
বীচন্ত্ৰকৃতিৰ শোক ; A scurrilous person of low character — v. চ. গালি বৰ্ণ কৰা ; To revile in currilous language :— a. নীচন্তকৃতি ; অলীকভাৰী ;
Low , scurrilous. n.=Blackguardism.

Black lead, blak-led, n. পেলিলাদি প্ৰস্তুত কৰিবাৰ এক প্ৰকাৰ কৃষ্ণৰ্থ থাড়; সীসক, A black mineral u din making pencils, &c; graphite.

Blick-log, blakleg, n. প্ৰথক ; A swindler ; a cheat .— নীচপ্ৰকৃতি সুখাবাজি , A low gambling fellow.

Plack-letter, blaklerer, n आरीन है:बांबी प्रक्त; The old English or modern Gothic letter.

Black-letter day, blakleter-da, n. ज्ञा विव ;

Black letter dog, blakleter-dog, स. यूनाविद ; अञ्चल्दि ; Antiquarian, who tries to find out black letter copies of books. Plack-list, blaklist, n. ক পোগৰে ক্ষম বাজি-বিশেষ ভালিকা; Lists of persons suspected of

insolvency and bankruptcy.

Diack-mail, blakmail, n. [Black and A. S. mail, tribute, toll.] দহাদিগতে অদত অৰ্থ: Money given to freebooters by way of exempting property from plunder:—অৰ্থাক্তেপ বে কল্প অৱশ্ কল্প: Any tax unfairly or unjustly exacted:—
ভল দেশাইয়া টাকা আদাল; Extortion of money by threats.

Black monday, blak-munda, n. ছটিব পৰ বাসকগণকে বে দিবস পুনৰ্বাব বিদ্যালয়ে ঘাইতে হয়, The day on which boys go back to school.

Black monk, blak-mungk, n. ৰাজক; A Benedictine. [Scurrilous; grossly abusive Black mouthed, black-mowthd, আনীলভাৰী; Black-rod, black-rod, n. কুক-দতধাৰী কৰ্মচাৰী-বিশেষ; The usher of the order of the Garter and of Parliament, so called from the black rod which he carries.

Black-sheep, blak-shep, n. কুলাফার, A disgrace to the family; one in a family or company who is unlike the rest and gives trouble.

Black-smith, blaksmith, n. কৰ্মভাৱ; লৌহকার,

A smith who works in iron.

Black thorn, blakthorn, n. একজাতীয় কৃষ্ণ কটক; A species of dark-coloured thorn, the sice.

Black-vomit, blak-vomit, ল. কুক্বৰ্ণ পদাৰ্থযুক্ত ৰনি; A vomiting of dark-coloured matter.

Black-a-moor, blaka-muur, n. কৃষ্ণৰ মুন্ত; কালি; A Negro; a black moor:—a. মু:সাধা কাৰ্যো নিযুক্ত; Washing the black-a-moor white, z. e engaged upon a hopeless and useless task. The allusion is to one of Æsop's fables so entitled. Blacken, blakn, v. t. কৃষ্ণৰ-কৃ; To make or render black:—অক্কাৰে আয়ুত্-কৃ; To darken;

to cloud:—ছণ্ম-ক; To sully; defame; as, reputation, As, vice blackens the character:— ত. i. কৃষ্মৰ্থ হওয়া; To grow black.

Blacking, blaking, n. চৰ্দ্মাদি কৃষ্ণৰ্থ কৰিবাৰ এক একাৰ পদাৰ্থ; A substance used for Ulacking leather, &c.

Bladder, blader. n. [A. S. blædr—blavan; O. Ger. blahan, blajan, to blow; Ger. blase, bladder—blasen, to blow; cf. L. flat-us, breath] মুজাধাৰ; মুজাধাৰ; মুজাধাৰ; The urinary vessel:—পেট্ৰা; বায়ুবা বাজিপুৰ্ব কুমু ধলি; A thin bag distended with liquid or au; the air-vessel of a fish.

Bladdered, bladerd, Bladdery, blader-i, a. भूकाशाह्य भीच ; Swelled like a bladder.

Blade, blad, n. [A. S. blad; Ice blad, Ger blatt.] প্র; খন; The leaf or flat yard of the leaf of any plant:—অন্তের কল্ক; The cutting part of an instrument, as the blade of a knife:—অনুদেশৰ আহি. The scapula or the broad bone of the shoulder:—নিভাক, তেজধী ব্যক্তি; A rake, a bold forward man:—কেপ্পার প্রশাস্ত আংশ; দাঁড়ের পাভা; The broad part of an oar:—স্তের প্রধান বর্ষণা; One of the principal rafters of a roof:—v.i. পত্র বা খনক বিশিপ্ত করা; To furnish with a blade,

A knowing blade—ছব্য বোক; Sharp fellow. A regular blade—ছব্যাৰ; Fop.

Bladded, bladed, a. প্রবিশিষ্ট; Furnished with a blade or blades.

Blame, blam, v. t. [Fr. blamer, blasmer—Gr. blasphēmeō, to speak ill. See Blaspheme.] বিশা-ক; To censure; to find fault with:—n. পোবাবোপ; Censure; reprehension; the impulation of a fault:—বোৰ; পাপ; Fault; crime; sin. Syn.—Censure, accuse; condemn, reprove, upbraid, reprimand, rebuke, clude, reproach.

He is to blame—তিনি নিশাই; He is to be blamed; he is to be censured.

Lay the blame on-first . Accuse.

Blamable, blama-bl, a. নিজাৰ্ছ; দোষী; নিজনীয়; Deserving of censure; culpable; faulty; reprehensible. n. -- Blamableness.

Blameful, blamisool, a. বিশ্বনীয় ; দেখী ; Reprehensible ; criminal. adv.=Blamefully.

Blameless, blamles, a. अनिमा; निर्माप ; निर्माप ; निर्माप ; निर्माप ; Guiltless ; innocent ; irreprochable. n.= Blamelessness ; adv. = Blamelessly.

Blameworthy, blamwur-thi, a. নিশাই; অপ-বাধী; Worthy of blame; culpable.

Blanch, blansh, v. t. [Fr. blanchir—blac, white See Blank.] 电子子; To whiten .—电影响 1951; To grow or become white.

Blanc-mange, bla-mawngzh, n. [Fr. blanc. white, manger, food.] as Est (4) and; A white, jelly prepared with milk.

Bland, bland,a. [ L. blandus, perh =mla(n)dus =E. mild. ] বিশ্ব ; কোমৰ ; Mild , soft , gentle. n.=Bladness ; adv.=Blandly

Blandation, blanda-shun, " cotticuto, Gross flattery.

Blandiloquent, blandilo twent, a र 1. blandus and loque, to speak , १०,वारमारम पूर्व, रवह स्था पूर्व , पह स्था पूर्व , कि कार्य पूर्व , कि कार्य पूर्व , कि कार्य विश्व कार्य है । कि कार्य क

Blandish, blandish, v f [L blandus, mild.] ভোষাবেশ্য-কু; আগৱ-কু; শাস্ত-কু, To flatter, to soothe; to caress.

Blandishment, blandish-ment, n. [Fr. blandissement, O. Fr. blandir, to flatter—I.. blandus, mild. ] हिन्द-पृक्षकावक विश्व वस्त्व : তোবাবোৰ; Sweet words, tending to win the hearts, flattery; artful caresses.

Blank, blangk, a. [Fr. blanc, from root of Ger. blinken, to glitter—O. H Ger. blichen. Gr. phlegein, to shine.] শুন্ত ; আনিখিত ; Empty, void ; without writing — ভক্ত ; White or pale :—ভক্তে দান , হত্যুদ্ধি, হডাল ; নিক্তংসাহ ; Pale from fear or terror , confused , confounded ; dispirited ; dejected :—ভামতাক্রবিলিট্ট ; Without rhyme :—কেবল ; সম্পূর্ণ ; Pure ; unmingled ; mere :—
n. শুক্তান ; Any void space :—বিদর্শন বিশেষ ; A ticket in a lottery which draws no prize :—
সাকা কাজ, A paper unwitten .—চাম্মারি বা

চাল বৰাছিত শুক্ত বোল বেখা; The white part of a target-point to which arrow is directed.

Blank-catridge, blangk'-kar'trij, n. अनिशेष

(615); A catridge without a bullet-

Blank shot—its wissts; freel or and ; Shots from which no balls are discharged; hence threatending in nothing; As:—Pope availed himself of this rule to fire the most sounding of blank shots across the path of the piratical curll.—Leslie Stephen.

Blanket, blangket, n. [Fr. blanchet, dim. of blanc, from its usual white colour.] কৰল; গুই; A woolen cover for a b-d — v. t. ( দাকা দিবার কর) কর্বের কড়াইয়া গড়াব; To toss in a blanket by way of punishment — কৰ্বের বাবা আছাদিত-

F : To cover with a blanket.

Blare, blar. n. [M E blaren, orig. blasen, from A. S. blasan, to blow. L. flare, to blow.] Frest; Roar; a bellowing noise:—v. i. Storter no. 7: To sound loudly.

Blarney, blar'ni, n. [Fr. legend of Blarney castle, Ireland.] (जावादमाण . Smooth, deceitful talk : flattery ; sugared words ( Irish ).

Blaspheme, blas-fem, v. t. [Gr. blasphemeo-blapto, to hurt, phemi, to speak See Blame. ইবৰ নিশা-ক; গালি দেওৱা ও প্ৰথ করা; To speak of God in terms of impious irreverence; to curse and sweat :—v. i. ইবৰ নিশা-ক; To utter blasphemy.

Blasphemer, blas-semer, n नेवंद विम्लाकांदी; One who speaks of God in impious and irre-

verent terms.

Blasphomous, blas'fem-us, a. কথৰ বিকাপুৰ্ণ;

Impious; containing blasphemy.

Blasphemy, blaifem-r, n नेवद निका : अभिवेत styl; Reproachful, contemptuous or irrevent words uttered impiously against God; profance language. Syn = Profaneness, implety, swearing. Blast, blast, n. [A. S. blæst-blæsam, to blow; Ger blasen. ] क्षिकांदक वाव ; वाकांत्र ; A gust of wind; a permicious wind - वानावर्यन कानि; The sound of a wind instrument - नायुव अवल अवार ; বেপে বাবু নিৰ্গমন ; Forcible stream of air :-- পৰ্বাছ विमीर्गकालीन बाङरमद मनम (कांग्रेन : A violent explosion of gunpowder in splitting rocks and of inflammable air in mine :- মেবদিবের একপ্রকার (414; A flatulent disease of sheep; -v. i. 42-न ; To blight :-- बाकिश्विक प्रवृत्तिया बाबा बाकाल-न ; हेब्बिक-क ; To affect with some sudden violence, plague or calamity ;—বলপুৰ্বাক আগাত-কৃ; To strike with force :—वाक्रम बादा शक्क विमीर्न-क ; To split rocks by an explosion of gunpowder :- विक्त-क ; To frustrate.

Blast-furnace, blast-fur'ns, ম. লোহপিও অৰ-কারী তপ্ত বায়ু স্কালিভ চুল্লি; A furnace for smelting iron ores into which hot air is blown.

Blasting, blasting, n. বাজগাদি খাবা এতার বিদাবণ ; The separating of masses of stone by means of an explosive substance.

Blatent, blatánt, a. [ A. S. blætan, to bleat. ] शामनकारी; नीती नकवारी; (यर वा नक्तर मकवारी; (नीत्मानकारी; Bellowing as a call; noisy. Bisther, blather, n. [L. blaterare, to prate.?]
খন্তবা-কৃ; To talk idly:—n. অক্সনা; Idle talk.
Bisse, blaz, n. [A. S. blæse, a torch, from root of Blow.] অধিনিয়া; Flame:—এচায়; বিকাশ; বিশ্বন; Publication; wide diffusion; display:—n. i. নিয়ান্ত খনিয়া উঠা; To shine with flame:—বিশ্বাত-ফ; To be conspicuous:—বোৰণা-কৃ; To publish far and wide; proclaim.
In a blaze—প্ৰথমিত হত্যা; All on fire; As:—
The tapestry, the building, the wains coats were soon in a blase.—Macaulay. (b) This was sufficient to fire the train of Mr. W's susceptible feelings, and his hole heart was in a

To blaze a tree—ছকেব বিৰদংশ কাটিয়া বৃহত্বে চিহ্নিত কৰা; To make a white mark by cutting off a piece of the bark.

blaze instantly .- Warren.

Blazon, blazn, v. t. [ Fr. blason, a coat of arms, from root of Blaze. ] asta-#; To display; to make public; to announce with a trumpet; As :- To blason his own worthless name-Cowper :-- অগ্রন্থ-ক ; To deck ; to adorn :- (कोलीअपूरुक हिरू अविक वा विधमकान बारिया करा : To draw or to explain the figures on armourial bearings -n. क्लीन अमृतिक : वर्ष वा अज्ञास वरमनिकायक विस्तानि नवकीय विमा को नियम-बली ; The art of heraldry ; the science or rules of coats of arm :- আড্ডার; প্রকাশ : Pompous display, show; publication. [claims; a herald. Blazoner, biz'zn-er, n. ( ) one who pro-Blazonry, blazn-ri, #. क्लीन अविक्ष्णक बांबा. काबी विभा ; The art of describing or deciphering coats of arms in proper terms :--क्नेच भम एक किए धाकान वा अमर्नेन ; कोलिस-किए : The exhibition of arms.

Bleach, blech, v.t. [A. S. blacian, to grow pale, from root of Bleak.] एक-कृ, To whiten:—v. s. एक-ए; To grow white. Syn.—Whiten, blanch, ettolate. [place for bleaching. Bleachery, blecher-i, n. वह एक पतिवाद हान ; A Bleaching, bleching, n. वह एकवर्ष किवाद समितों, The act or art of whitening, especially cloth

Bleaching powder, bleching pow'der, n. গুৰুণ কৰিবাৰ চূৰ্ণ; A powder for bleaching, consisting of chloride of lime.

Bleak, blek, a. [ A. S. blæc, blâc, pale, shinine : a different word from blac ( without accent ), black. The root is blican, to shine. ] यन्त्राम्छ ; भावत्रशैन ; भनावृष्ठ ; Desolate ; unsheltered; exposed :-- = To Tog: Cold and chcerless. n =Bleakness. [ white river-fish. Block, blek, n. (4544 448 वित्नव ; A small Blear, bler, a. (as in Blear-eyed, bler'-id) [Low Ger. bleer-oged, 'blear-eyed'. ] वान्ता; कडवांबा शेनपृष्ट ; Dim or sore with rheum ; blurred with inflamation :- v. t. शान्ता-क ; To make dim. Bleat, blet, v. i. [ A. S. blatan ; L. balare, Gr. bleche, a bleating; root bla; formed from the sound. ] (यरवर भय-इ ; To cry as a ship :-- n. যেবের পক ; The cry of a ship. Sheep. Blesting, bleting, n. CHTTE STE; The cry of a

Bleed, bled, v : [A S. bledan See Blood ] बक्का, To loose blood -इड-इ, To die a wolent death or by slaughter - विमुश्रांड रहा , विश्वित इवड़ा, To d-op as blood -दम वा बाठा Page veri , To lost sap, gum or juice, as from an incision —টাকা বেৰনা বা বোহাৰ, To pay or lose money — v t. বক বোহৰ ক To let blood -Bisi de4-7 To take money from ,-pa. t and pa p bled

The heart bleeds-সহাত্ততি বৰত তেৰ অভতৰ क्या Denotes extreme pain from sympathy or

DITY

To take a man bleed-বিদ্যু জন্ম সাহাকে अधिक होका निष्ठ वाशा क, To make him pay dearly for something

Bleeding, bleding, n বকুলাৰ, বকুমোকা বকু वाश्विक विवाद अर्थानी A hemorrhame, di harge of blood the operation of letting blood -a বকান্ত, Flowing with blood or puce

Blemish, blemish n [ Fr Ileme pale, O Fr blesmer to stain-lee bliman, haid colour blar, Blue ] त्रांच कनक बुरमा क्रिक क्रांम जिन्द्रशेष Strin, flaw, taint disgrace re proach - ৩ ঃ মশিৰ কু ছ্ণাম্-ক কুৎদা কৰা To tarmsh, to defame — ৰম্ব কু To mar Syn= Defect flaw fault, spot speck

Blench, blensh, t , [ From the root of Plink ] সমুতিত হওয়া পশ্চাদপদ হওয়া, বিমুখ হও 1 To shrink to start back to flinch -v t fat 1-कृ, निवान के To biffic to disappoint

Blend, blend, v : [ A S blandan ] [4] [5] কু, বিশুগ্র করা, To mix together confound -# : files acul, lobi mixed or mingled o a Blended and Blent Syn = Mingle unite Blend, blend n भिन्त A mixture

Blende, blend n [fir Fr blenden to dazzle]

मखाद बनि , An ore of zinc.

Bless, bles v t [ A S blessian bletsiar to bless, from blith sian or blissian to be blithe b the happy, or from blota; to kill for sierifice to concerate ] त्री कृ (ओ-न्जामानी करा, द्रश्रहेक् क्वा, lo make happy, to mike pics perous, to wish happiness to - will this mital कदा, To invoke a blessing upon - भान कृ थम ना कवा, (भीदराविक कहा To prais gionly —খন্ত বলিয়া জান করা lo est cm happy, As The nations shall bless themselves all-Bible pa p blessed or ble t

Blessed, ble ed a ধক্ত, দৌভ'গাৰ'লী সুখী Prosperous, hippy,— ভ braught with hap piness - वर्णीय अब मदकीय अने श्राय स्थी निक বোকবার Enjoying or pertaining to heave ily fehrity, happy in heaven - 7973. Heavenly - शिक्ष, Hallowed by association

I'll be blessed if I do it—आमि हेश उसम कांद्र नां , I am resolved not to do it

Blossedness, blesed-nes n সগাঁয় মুখ , দীৰৱাৰু # Hervenly felicity , the favour of God ,-পাৰ্তভা , Sanctity.

Single blessedness—অবিবাহিত অবৃহা, The unmarried state

छनात , सक्नकादी यञ्च , ऋरवत निराय , A means of happiness that which promotes weffare.

Blest, blest, a आन्यान , Made or making happy, cheering

Blew, blow pa t of Blow

Blight, but n वक्षांत्र (दानविद्यंत , क्य Mildew ; a disease incident to plants by which they are withered, decay - बाहा काशबंध आना वा जिल् थात्र वार्व करव अनिष्ठकादौ दा विनष्टकादौ अवार्व, (Fig) That which frustrates one's plans or withers one shope that which impairs or destroys, anything that insures or destroys, moral decay - ए र (वानाकांश कवा , वृक्ति होन-ज : উञ्चरण ३ न करा ि affect with blight , to prevent the growth and fertility of -474.7. বিফৰ কৰা, lo frusti itc Syn =Blast, wither Be under a blight - शान वा करकबक अकारोबीब ESE! Be subject to some withering or destroy-

ing influence, As -His family were under a h + vist

Blind, blind a [A S b'ind, Ice blinds ] অন Not having sight - বিশারকরণে অক্য, ङ नाम अफ ( nable t under tand or judge, ignorant -= ; 114, 91948 Morally depraved -88 famele Une en hidden, without an opening - / \*\* To deprive of sight — अक्रतातालव कवा अन्दाद बावूण वांचा. To darken to becur the eye — काना कृ, धरकना-इ स्काल रा पृष्टिन करी To darken the understanding, to deceive, to dazzle -n আবরণ, প্রদা A creen accver, As "a blind for a window ' - पृष्टि वी वृश्विद अभावक वश्च विश्वदं পরিনাপক পদার্থ, Samething to mislend the eye or the understanding, something to mislead -FT , A pretence , As "That's a merc blind' -Ett A shade Syn = Eyeless, unsecung

A blind ditch- warm, One which cannot be WL ( D

A blind lano-वक्तनि, (व नि किश बांखाबादण्ड পথ নাই A line without any pullet

Blind as a beetle or a molo-9846 ways कार्यात , Greatly impaired in power of seeing , As -(a) You know I am short short-sighted blind as a beetle and not very well versed in shooting matters - Warren (b) Why then I may 25 w Il mike my will, for I am as blind as a mole -W wren

Born blind-sa's Blind from birth Blinded by lust- style, Deprived of intellectual or moral discernment through lust

Blind-fold, blindfold a [M E blindfellen, from A S fyllan fellan, to fell or strike down-struck blind, not conn with fold. ] कि म , Having the eyes covered or bandaged, so is not to sec - minis, beilla, saltas), Having the ment il eye darkened, thoughtless, reckless —v t (पश्चिष्ट वाथा (पञ्चा, तकू वस कवा) To hinder from sceing, to cover the eyes .-विभार लहेगा बाडवा वा अकावना-कृ, To mislead or deceive

Love 18 blind- (नम क्य वर्षां दिखाकि विकास Blessing, n. Minit, Benediction - Test | 77 One in love is without power of judging

Blind-man's-buff, n. statute can; A play, in which one person is blindfolded, and hunts out the rest of the company.

Blind man's holiday—(त्रावृत्तिकान; The hours of dusk, when it is too dark to work and too soon to light candles. As, All are then exempt from work like blind men, who keep perpetual holiday.

Blind of an eyo—as rath; stal; Destitute of one eye; having one eye deprived of the power of seeing; As:—Barre who fought near Wolf, received in the head a ball which made him blind of one eye, ultimately of both.

Blind side, blind sid, n. पश्चादव इस्ताण वा एगंद ; The weak point of one's character; foible : As :—(a) This fellow has found out the blindside of our master's understanding,—H. Frere. (b) He is too great a lover of himself; this is one of his blind-sides,—Swift.

Blind worm, blindwurm, n. কেলে; অভি কুম্বতক্ ককাতীয় ক্ষুস্বীসপ; The slow worm; a small reptile, like a snake, whose eyes are nearly imperceptible.

Blind oneself to—sistes (state a) (1988); sisted fact (state a); Prevent oneself from seeing; conceal from oneself; As—But Wolsey could not blind himself to the true condition of Church.—Froude.

Blindness, blindnes, n. অবতা; Want of sight:—মুখ্য; অৱতা; Ignorance.

Blink, blingk, v. i. [A. S. blican, to glitter;
Dut. blinken.] ইদাবা কৰা; চকু মিটু ং কৰা; আৰ্থমিমীনিত নেত্ৰে মৃষ্টপাভ কৰা; To wink; to see obscurely or with the eyes shut:—v. t. পৰিভাগ কৰা; পৰিঘাৰ কৰা; To cvade or avoid:—n. কৰ্ম্ম ; কটাক; A glimpse or glance.

To blink the question—ইজা কৰিয়া কোৰ বিষয় বা দেখা, To make one's self willingly blind to it.

Blink the fact or truth—उद्धार्शक (कान विषय वा महाना ना (क्या : महा विषय बाक बाका : Wink at the fact or the truth, willully avoid seeing how the case really stands; shut one's eyes to the truth; As:—It was no use blinking the fact now they would get too fond of each other, if he went on taking notice of her.—G. Eliot.

Blink of the ice—হামৰ এন্দেশ বৰণ কো হটুতে উথিত আভি উজ্জ্ব গুৱৰণ; The dazzling whiteness about the hosizon reflected from fields of ice at sea.

Blinkard, blingkard, গ খে ব্যক্তি মিট্ ২ কবিছা খেৰে, অস-পূৰ্থ-দৃষ্টিবিশিষ্ট ব্যক্তি; One who blinks or has had eyes.

Blinker, blingker, n. ৰে মিট্ ং করিবা দেখে; One who blinks:—ৰাবের চকের আবরণ; ঠাল; A blind

Blinkers, blingkers, ম. অৰ-চৰু-আৰব?; বোড়াৰ ক্ষেত্ৰ ঠুলি; Pieces of leather on a horse's bridle which prevent him seeing on the side.

Blins, blis, n. [ A. S. blis-blithsian, blissian, to rejoice—blithe, joyful ] প্ৰথমৰ; খনীৰ আৰক্ষ; চন্দ্ৰ মুখ; দিলালায়; beatitude; the

highest happiness. Syn.=Blessedness; joy; delight.

Blissful, blissool, a. लवस क्वी; Happy in the highest degree. n.=Blissfulness—लवसम्बन: पूर्वान्य; Exalted happiness; felicity; fulness of joy. adv.=Blissfully—लवस प्रश्व प्रश्व । In a blissful manner.

Blister, blister, n. [Dim. of Blast.] বোড়া; A thin swelling on the skin containing serum:—কোড়া কৰিবাৰ বাবেপ; Vesicatory; a plaster applied to raise blister:—v. i. বোড়া টঠা; To rise in blisters:—v. f. বোড়া উপোৰ্থ—ই; To raise blisters.

Blistery, blištér-i, a. কোৰা বুৰ্; Full of blisters. Blithe, blith, a. [ A. S. blithe, joyful. ] অবুল; কট; আৰম্ভিক; Merry; gay; joyous; sprightful. n.—Blithèness; adv=Blithèly.

Blithesome, blithsum, a. ann; Mirthful. n. - Blithesomeness.

Bloat, blot, v t. [ Scan; as in Sw. blota, to soak, to steep-blot, soft. ] \*75-7; To make turgid; to swell, as with air :- westere- -To dry by smoke, applied to fish :- v. i. 13 TO swell; to dilate. [ up with pride. Blosted with pride-अव्याद की : Puffed Bloater, bloter, n. 35 493; A dried herring. Block, blok, n कांड्रेस का अवस्थ ; A heavy piece of timber or stone :-- 447 418; The wood on which criminals were beheaded :- 170: Any mass of matter :-- পুরুষেণী; A row of houses :- 4141; अवस्त्राध ; Stop; hinderance; obastacle :- ৰিপিকৰ বা কাঠ; A pulley or its frame-work :-- টুপি গ্রন্ত করিবার দ্বাঁচ ; The wooden mould on which a hat is formed : - 14 লোক; A block-head :-- v. t. ক্স্ম-কু; বাধা বেওয়া; (बहिंड कदा ; शर्जन कदा ; To obstruct : to stop ; to enclose; to shut up; to shape.

To block the wheels—বাধা (राजा ; To prevent progress ; to hinder.

To block out - গঠৰে পৰিণক কু; To begin to reduce to shape; to lay out.

Blocksde, blok-ad, n. the at other at the shutting up of a place by troops or ships:—v. t. with at the state water as:

To shut a town or fortress by troops or ships.

Block-head, blokhed, n. पूर्व शाकि ; निर्देश । A stupid fellow.

Block-house, blokhows, n. at a faffe saf; A structure of heavy timber or logs having its sides loopholed for musketry.

Blockish, blokish, a. कांडेपक मक्ष ; पूर्य ; निर्द्धाप ; Like a block ; stupid ; dull.

Block-tin, blok-tin, n. निकास नवा; व्यविष्क हिन्द शिक; Tin in blocks or ingots.

Blonde, blond, n. হৰৰ ব্যক্তি; হৰবী হালোক; A person of very fair complexion with light hair and blue eyes:—ৰম্মি বিশেষ; A kind of silk lace:—a. হৰৱ; হুৱী; Fair; of a fair complexion.

Blond-lace, blond-las, n. (वन्ति पवि ; A lace made of silk, so called from its colour,

Blood, blud, n [ A. S. blod-root blowen, to bloom; cog with O. Fris. blod, Ger. blut. ] শোপিত : কৰিব , The red fluid which circulates through the veins and arteries of animals .-काशीय, Kindred -- नाम , बामवाम ; উक्त वाम , Descent , lineage ; especially, honorable birth , the highest royal lineage - aggits, tori, Blood-shed, murder .- (पकांक, धरुवि ; क्वांव, Temper of mind : state of the passions , temperament - (जक्दी लांक , A hot spark , a man of fire or spirit :- बस्य व बन , The red juice of any thing :- ए. f. इक (पांचा-कृ, To let blood from - इक बांबा कनकिल-कृ, To stain with blood - TETE WEIG- 7, To mure to blood, as

Blood-bought, blud bawt. a वरुगांड पावा ক্রীত, Procured at the cost of blood shed

Blood-guilty, blud-gulti, a इंडानिबार अनेवांधी

Guilty of murder.

Blood heat, blud het, n. শরীরের সভাবিক উত্তাপ . The natural temperature of the human body [ horse of Arab stock. ( about 98' Fahr ) Blood-horse, blud hors, " আরবসাতীর আম, A Blood hot, bludhot, वटलब युख नव्य , As warm f through one parent Half blood, haf blud देवगुंख, Relationship

Hot-blood, hot-blud ( कार्यावास व्यवहा , A state

of excitement and blind fury

In cold blood-बिराव पूर्वक, विना উত्তেमनाय, Deliberately, free from excitement, As -The brave patriot was at Henry's orders put to death in cold blood .- Green

Old blood, old-blud n. graa am, ( 2041; ) উত্তাপ वा कीवनीनकि विशेष बक , Blood of an old man, hence, blood wanting in warmth and animation, As -I swear to you that I had no idea old blood ian so fast or kept so warm --

One's blood is up—রোধ উদ্দীপিত লঙ্গা, কোধ Brafes sett . One's feeling or passion is the cited, one's anger is roused, As, His blood was as thoroughly up as Adam's now, and the two men fought with the instructive fierceness of panthers -G Eliot.

To warm or heat the blood- 197 Fre 180-7, To excite the passions

Flosh and blood-बङ्गारम्ब भवीव . Human nature, mortal man.

Of the best blood—উদ্ধ ৰংশীয় , অভি উচ্চৰংশ-795, Of the highest or noblest family, As -Fred was considered to have made rather a messalliance by the ladies of his family, who were allied through the husbands with some of the best blood in England -Thackeray.

Related by blood-এक পूर्कपूक्त स्टेर्ड मधुड़ , अक्रान्तां , Related by descent from a common ancester, As -The Deputy was related by blood to both peoples ( the English and the Irish ) -Froude.

Whole blood, hठी blod, (नांग्ब , (Law) Relationship through father and mother.

With high blood in one's veins—355 474-

সমুভ , উচ্চ বংশসাভ , Born of or descended from a noble stock or family; As :- Brother Gerard, an old monk with high blood in his veins, declared that he would himself go and tell Henry some unpleasant truths .- Froude. Cold-blooded, rold-bluded, a wolle colde

न्त्रनाकादी, Cool and calculating (used in a bad sense) —উক্ শোণিত বিহীন; Not having warm blood, As "cold blooded animals".

To take one's blood—হড়া-কু , To kill him. Prince of the blood-state, One of royal

descent One's blood boils at-প্ৰভাৱ কুছ-হ . নিৰভিপৰ

(क्रांभ (२ क् (मानिक डेक २ ध्या One's anger is very much excited, one's anger is roused to the highest degree

One's blood boils under-otetas cats रेक्ट्रेशिक हन्द्रातं , One's anger is ionised by , As -Famer blood than that which flowed in the veins of a princess of Castile would have boiled under these indignities - Froude

One's blood boils with-কাহাৰত দিৱৰা প্ৰবৃদ্ধি ञान উভেনিত হত্যা, One's mind is strongly moved by or one's passion (of any kind as anger, gladness &c ) is deeply roused by, As - His blood boy'el with honest Butish exultation, as he saw the name of Osborne enpobled in the person of his son -Thackeray

Wanton bloodshed, wonten bludshed, utassi ইসা, বিৰেশাপুল বৰপাত Reckless massacre. As -I le himself notices the absence of all uanten bloodshed as a feature of this Connought rebellion - De Quincey

Blood and iron policy-yarahar. War

policy.

Blood hound, blud hound, r 617731, 45 শিকাৰী কুকুৰ, শোপিদ পিপাসু বাকি A hound remarkable for the acuteness of its smell and employed for tracking wounded game by the blood spilt, a blood-thirsty person 1 Venesection Blood-letting, blud-leting n accupat. Blood-money, blud-mun । अत्र वाक्ति आकी इटक अर्थनाव , Money paid to the next of kin to one killed by another or to one instrumental in causing another's death Inflamed Blood shot, blud-shut, a नान बक्दर्ग, Red . Blood-shed, blud-shed, n (711), Slaughter, murder. [ 4fvs , Guilty of murder. Blood-stained, blud-staned, a. voitvaite Blood-sucker, blud-suker, n वक्रानावक आवे , कालोका . Any animal that sucks blood, as leech - निहंद वाकि, श्लाकादी, A cruel man, muderer [ निक्ष , Cruel Blood-thirsty, blud-thersti, a (नारिकविष, Blood is thicker than water-गावृत जालनाड জাতিকে অপর অপেকা ভালবাদে, ( Proverb ) A person will care more for his own kin than for

Blood-relation, blud-re-la'shun, n actia: One connected by blood or descent.

Blood-less, bludles, a. बङ्शेन ; युड ; Without blood ; dead .--ৰক্তাৰ পৃত্ত , বক্তপাত ৰাজীত ;

Without shedding of blood .- निरम्भ ; Without spirit or activity.

Blood-vessel, blud-vesel, क. वस्त्रशंताकी; वस्त्री ; A vessel in which blood circulates.

Bloody, blud's, a. বজাজ; Stained with blood:—
কিন্তু; হতাকিবি); Murderous — বজপাত সৰবিত;
কিন্তুতা পৰিচাৰক; Attended with bloodshed;
marked by cruelty. Syn=Sanguinary, bloodthirsty. n.=Bloodiness.

Bloody assizes, blud'i as-sizez, n. (देशंदर (welfer दिन्दिन); The infamous assizes held by Judge Jeffery in 1685. 300 were executed, more whipped or imprisoned, and 4000 sent to the plantations for taking part in Monmouth's rebellion.

Bloody bill, bludi-bil, n. আইন হেনবিৰ বাক্ষ-কানে ইংৰতে প্ৰাইত আইন বিশেষ; The bill introduced in the reign of Henry VIII, which denounced death by hanging or burning on all, who denied the doctrine of transubstantiation. Bloody bones, bludi bonz, n, ভুড; A hobgoblin.

Bloody flux, bludi-fluks, a assisted Dysentery, in which the discharges from the

bowels are mixed with blood.

Bloody minded, bludi-minded, a. निर्वेष-अकृष्टिक, Having a cruel, ferocious disposition. Bloody Mary, n. दे:नाट्य निर्वेष वासी (पवि; Queen Mary of England.

Bloody sweat, bludi-swet, a. এক প্ৰকাৰ ব্যাধি, বুক্ক ধৰ্ম; The sweating sickness, a sweat ac-

companied with discharge of blood.

Bloody wedding, a छुर्च (स्वविव विवाह-कारकत जयम जन्मापिक बादबर्ताबिश्रहाद क्या , Baitholomew's slaughter, so called because it took place during the marriage-feast of Henry IV Bloom, bloom, n. [ Ice blom Goth. bloma, from root of A S blowan, to bloom, akin to 1.. flo-rev, to flower | মুক্র, A blossom —পুলের অস্টিত অবহা; The opening of flowers -- বৰ-(1) The beginning of youth or manhood -भरतर छेपर जान वा बीनवर्ग. Bright or blue colour of fruit - necata, The blush on the cheek - कीवन, ध्वम ७९कव, ७९माइ, (मोन्वधा, Life, the highest perfection, vigous, beauty -ए : मुक्बिड इंड्डा , To flower , to put forth blossoms :- (बोबबावहां क्षांश्र रख्यां वा (क्षमत्री रख्यां ; To be in a state of youth and vigour ,- wife or रुषा ; উत्रति नाष्ठ कदा , To furnish.

Blooming, blooming, a. কুম্বিভ; পুলিত, Flowering:—একুম্ ; লাবণার্ড ; Thriving in health, beauty and vigour. [flourishing. Bloomy, bloomi, a কুম্মিড ; উম্বভিনীল ; Flowery ; Blossom, blosom, n. [A.S. blostma, from root of Bloom.] পুলা মুকুল, কলভনত ফুল ; A flower-bud, the flower that precedes truit:—পুলাত চিতাল ; The flower of a plant —ে ে. পুলাত হওৱা বা মুকুলিড হওৱা ; To flower, to put forth blossoms or flowers ——সোভাগাশালী-হ ; উন্নত-হ ;

चेंबिक करा ; To flourish or prosper.

Blossomy, blosom-i, a. angl, Full of blossoms.
Blot, blot, n. ang, A spot or stain:—(17);

Obliteration:—খলখ; A blemish; a disgrace কে. কলছিল-কু; To spot or stain:—লোপ-কু; অপষ্ট কু;—To obliterate; to obscure:—মুদ্ধিয়া দেৱা; To efface, to erase;—মংস্কৃত্ত; To destroy:—অব্যাণিত করা; To disgrace. Syn.—Spoil, obscure; erace. pr. p =blott'ing; pa. p. blotted. Blotch, bloch, n. [Acc. to Skeat, bloch=blatch, from black, as bleach from bleak.] আহিল; অত্ত ; কুমুড়ি; চর্মের উপবিশ্ব কুম্ব কার্য; A pustule or eruption; a dark spot on the skin:—p. t. কার্যাগ্রুত্ত; To blacken:—a. কুমুড়িয়া; Affeced with blotches.

Blotchy, blochi, a. মুম্বার্থণ; Full of blotches. Blote, blöt, v. t. যুব হারা তহ-দু; To dry by smoke. [dned herring. Bloter, blöter, n. তহ মংজ বিশেষ, A smoked or Blotting-paper, bloting-paper, n. মনী শোষক হাৰম; A kind of paper serving to imbibe

wet ink
Blotty, bloti, a 41494; Full of blots.

Blouse, blowz, n. [Fr] খাখৱা; সংবহিংশবিজ্ঞা;
A light loose over-coat, a loose outer garment.
Blow, blo, n. [A S. bleovan is doubtful;
found in Dut. blowwen, to dress (beat) flax,
Ger blauen, to beat hard, and L. flig—in
Inflict, Flagellation Derivative Blue.] বহাৰ;
আখাত, Stroke, knock:—আক্সিক মুখ্টনা, A
sudden or severe calamity or misfortune.

At a blow—হটাৎ, এক উদ্যুদ্ধ, Suddenly; by a single effort.

A heavy blow to—অভ্যন্ত ছংব; A severe misAim a blow at—কোন বাজিকে বা কোন বছকে
লক্ষ্য কৰিল খাষ্টাত কৰা. Aim and strike a blow.
Blow for blow—প্ৰতিশোধ, Tit for tat, retahation.

Come to blows— () () () - ; + \* ; + \* () & 436 () . Contend, fight; end in a fight, engage in a combat; As.— The officers in our staff of Webb's and those in the immediate saite of the General were ready to come to blows

Death-blow—সাংখাতিক আছাত ; Mortal blow.
Fortune's blow—দৈৰ বিত্ৰণা , Misfortune
To give and take blows—হুখা পেৰছা ও মুখা
ৰাজ্যা , To strike and be struck in return.

Blow, blo, v: [A S biowan, Gen. blithen blasen, L. flure.] বুৎকার-দে, To produce a current of air with the mouth: —বহা; To move as air:—হাপান; To pant; to breathe hard or quickly.—বাজা: To sound as a trumpet:—
ফীড-হ; To pull:—গবিষ্-ছ; To brag.

Blow, blö, v.s. [A. S blowan, Ger. bluken.]
মুক্লিড বা অস্টেড হওয়া; To blossom or bloom :—
pr. p. blöw'ing; pa. p. blöwn.

To blow over to the tiest; To pass away without effect; to be forgotten.

To blow up—উড়াইগে-দে; উত্তাক্, To rise in the air, to be broken and scattered by the explosion of gunpowder.

Blow, blo, v. f. বাৰু নঞ্চালিত কৰা; বাৰুপ্ৰবাহ ছাছা' বিভাজিত কৰা; কৃৎকাৰ-দে; To throw or drivu a current of air upon; to drive by a current of air:—বাদ্য ঘুতে কু-দে; To sound a wind instrument:—প্ৰচাৰ-তৃ; To publish:—কুৎকাৰ বাবা বুণবুণ হাছত-তৃ; To form bubbles by blowing:—বাবু বাবা কাত-তৃ; To swell or inflate:—কু দিবা মান গঠন-তৃ; To form glass into a particular shape by the breath:—বাস বাহিৰ-তৃ; To put out of breath. Syn.=Publish, report, sound.

Blow away—বাৰ বিভাজিত কৰা; বিনাই হণ্ডৱা; To drive by the wind; to be destroyed; As:—With the sound of king George's trumpets, all vain hopes of the weak and foolish young Pretender were blown away.—Thackeray.

Blow down—ভূমিগাং-কু; Prostrate by wind; As:—A few days after his birth, a storm blew down the gable of the cottage.

Blow off-wifes |- (7; To let off; to suffer to escape as the steam.

Blow off one's steam—আনবোৰ প্ৰকাশ কৰা;
Vent one's displeasure; As:—He blows off his steam with such an eagerness that he forgets for a time, or nearly forgets his cacopraphy (=bad spelling).—A. Trollope.

Blow great guns—अञ्च (वर्ग वर्ग ; To blow violently.

Blow hot and cold or Blow hot and cold with the same breath—এককাৰে অপুন্ত নিজ্ একাশ-ক; To appear both to favour and oppose; As:—Nay then, from this moment I renounce your friendship, for I will have noththing to do with one who blows hot and cold with the same mouth.—Jame's Æsop's Fables.
Blow one's trumpet—আপনার অশংসা-ক; আত্মণ করিন করা, Sound one's praise; proclaim one's own merits; As:—A braver or a more brilliant soldier never lived than he; but he blew his honest trumphet rather more loudly than became a commander of his station.

Blow out—নিবাইখা দেওৱা, To extinguish by the wind or by the breath, As — He blew out his candle and leapt into bed.—Warren.

Blow up—ৰাৰু পূৰ্ব-কু; To full with air; to swell:—কীড-কু; To puff up—উড়েজিড কু; To kindle:—উড়াইবা দেওৱা; To burst:—বাৰ্থ-কু; To scatter or bring to naught suddenly:—অধিক অনিষ্ট কা কৰিবা কাটিবা ঘাড্যা, To pass away without doing much harm; As:—(a) A powder of magazine was once blown up by lightening in a town where Erasmus was staying, and a house of an infamous character was destroyed:—Froude. (b) It was the next year that Fenwick conspiracy blew up, which is a matter of public history now.

Blow upon—অসমানিত-কু; To bring into discredit:— মুবিত করা; পঢ়াইখা কেলা; To taint, to make stale.

Strike a blow—খাখাত কৰা ; আজমণ কৰা ; শান্তি শেকা ; Deal a blow ; make an attack ; inflict a punishment. [ the first to attack.

Strike the first blow—প্ৰথম আক্ৰমণ কৰা; Be Turn saide the blow—আঘাত পৰিহাৰ কৰা; বিপাক আক্ৰমণ বাৰ্থ কৰিয়া নিবাপদে এবং অক্ত শ্ৰীৰে প্ৰভাবৰ্তন কৰা; Come off safe and uninjured from a hostile attack.

Blowy, blo'e, a. ৰাৰ্প্ৰ ; Windy.

Blow-pipe, blo-pip, n বাঁক লগ ; আহিছে শুংকাৰ কৰিবাৰ লগ ; A tube through which a current of air is driven through a flame to obtain increased heat.

Blown, blon, p. a. বেগন; কান্ত: ফীড; পুৰাতৰ; নিৰ্দা; Out of breath, tired; swelled; stale; worthless.

Blowze, blowz, n. [ From the root of Blust. ] ধুম্দি; বন্ধবৰ্ণা স্থ্ৰাননা স্থাবোক; A ruddy fat-faced woman.

Blowzed, blowzd, Blowzy, blowzi, c. বঙ্কবৰ্ণ বা সুনাক; Ruddy, or flushed with exercise.

Blubber, bluber, n. তিমি মুৎসাদির মেদ; The fat of whales and other large sea-animals:—

v. i. চীংকার করিয়া কাঁদা; কাঁদিয়া চোক মুখ কুলান;
To weep noisily or to weep in such a manner ato swell the checks;—v t. কুলন কৰিয়া গণ্ড
ক্ষীত-কু; To swell the checks or disfigure the face with weeping.

Bludgeon, bludun, n [From root of Block.] सुद्ध , रु ; A short stick with one end heavier than the other.

Blue, bloo, n [Found in Ice. blar, cog, with Ger blau; originally meaning livid, the colour caused by a blow.] নীলবৰ্ণ; One of the seven primary colours; azure:—pl. বিষৰ্থ; Low spirits; melancholy:—a. নীলবৰ্ণ: Of a blue colour, sky-coloured:—হভাল; হুংখিড; Low in spirits; melancholy:—v. t. নীলবৰ্ণ-ফু; To make blue. n=Blueness.

A true blue will never stain—উন্তজনদ্বনাৰ বাজি কথন নীচ কৰ্ম কৰেন না; A really noble heart will never disgrace itself.

To make blue—বিশল মানারণ হওবা; অপ্রতিভ-হ, To be disconcerted. [ with wonder. He was blue in the face—ভর্মাবরেল, Aghast Blue boll, blöo'bel, n. একজাভাষ নুড়া, A plant that hears blue bell-shaped flowers:—পুল-বিশেষ, A kind of flower.

Blue-bird, bloo'berd, n. পকাবিশেও; A small bird, very common in the United States.

Blue-blood, bloo-blud, n. আভিজাতা; Aristo-cratic blood.

Blue-book, blöo'book, n. ইংলভীয় মহাসভার পুত্তক, বাজকীয় দলিলাগিব পুত্তক; Parliamentary reports so called from their blue colours; a book containing some official statement.

Blue-bottle, bloo'bot'l, n. নতা বিশেষ; A kind of plant with blue bottle-shaped flower that grows among corn:—লাসবৰ্ণ উপৰবিশিষ্ট যক্ষিকা বিশেষ; A fly with a large blue belly:—পুনিষ কৰ্মচাৰী; A policeman, so called from the colour of his dress.

Blue caps or Blue bonnets—केन्रारेट्य (लाक ; The Scotch. As, He is there too,.....and a thousand blue caps more.—Shakespeare.

Blue-coat-93j; A serving man.

Blue coat school—খাঁছেৰ চিকিৎসালয়; Christ's Hospital, so called because the boys there wear a long blue coat, girded at the loins with a leather belt.

Blue devils, bloodeviz, n. भन:भूतका ; A fit of the spleen ; low spirits ; hypochondria.

Blue-jacket, bloo'-jaket, n. नाविक; A sea-

Blue-stocking, bloo'-stoking, n. বিদ্যাভিদা-দিনী হালোভ; নাহিত্যানুৱালিনী নদনী; A literary lady; a female pedant; applied in Dr. Johnson's time to meetings held by ladies for conversation with certain literary men, one of whom always wore blue stockings.

Bluff, bluf, a. ৰুল; অন্তৈৰবাদী; গৰ্কিভ; Big; blustering; vain; glorious; surly:—সৱল: Outspoken:—চালু; সম্মত; Step:—n. সমূজাভিম্বীন উদ্ধানত ভূবভ; সাগ্ৰহ ও নদীৰ অভিম্বীন সমূলত উ; A high steep bank projecting into sea or into a river:—n. t. প্ৰতিনিল্পু-কু; তব প্ৰদৰ্শন-কু; To frighten or deter. n.=Bluff'ness.

Bluff'y, bluf'i, a. সমুদ্ধান্তিমুখীন উচ্চাৰত প্ৰবিশিষ্ট : সমুদ্ধ বা নদী অভিমুখীন সমূহত ভটবিশিষ্ট ; Having bluffs or bold point of coast.

Bluish, bloo'ish, n. ইবং নীল; Slightly blue.
Blunder, bluhder, v. t. [From root of Blunt.]
দিলিত কৰা; To mix or confound together:
v. i. গুৰুতৰ ভূল-কু; প্ৰচঙ্জনপে অন্ধ বিকেপ কৰা; ছট্কট কৰা; To mistake grossly, to flounder about;
—n. গুৰুতৰ ভূল; গুৰুতৰ ভ্ৰম, A gross mistake.

Blunder-buss, blunder-bus, n. [Corr. of Dut. donderbus-donder, thunder, bus, a box, barrel of a gun, a gun; Ger. donnerbuche.] 43 काषान विद्नाव : A short hand-gun with a wide bore :- जगकावक ; A blunder. [A stupid fellow. Blunder-head, blunder-hed, n. निर्द्धांप गुणि ; Blunt, blunt, a. [ Orig. sleepy, dull; Dan. blunde, to slumber, akin to Bind ] श्विशिन; হুল্ধার ; ভোডা ; Having a thick edge or point, as an instrument :- সুস্বুদ্ধিশিষ্ট ; Dull in understanding :- मदन ; अभिष्ठ ; Plain ; unceremonious . rough in manners or speech ; outspoken : e. t. रून करा ; शांद ভांडा करा ; To dull the edge or point :- इसीन करा; अवदका नाम करा; To weaken any appetite expression; to impair the power or affection of mind. n.=Bluntness. a.= Bluntish. adv .= Bluntly.

Blunt the edge of— মুকাল-কু; To weaken.
Blur, blur, n. [A variety of Blear.] দুটির
অপাঠতা; Indistinctness of vision:—বাগ; কলক
বা অনিটু; A blot, stain, or injury:—v. t. দার্গকু; To blot; stain:—অক্কার-কু; To darken; to
dim:—কল্কিড-কু; To sully; to blemish.

To blur out—না বুৰিষা ৰাহা মুধে আলে ভাৰাই অকশটে ৰলিয়া কেলা; To speak out with indiscriminate frankness.

Blurt, blurt, v. t. [From Blare.] অবিবেচনা পূৰ্মক কথা কথা; অবিবেচনা পূৰ্মক গুপ্ত বিষয় প্ৰকাশ কয়া; কট্ কছিয়া বলিয়া কেলা; To utter suddenly or unadvisedly; to divulge inconsiderately.

To blurt out—নিশা-কু; To speak contemptously; to revile; to ridicule:—গৰণ ভাবে সকল ভাগ বলা; To speak out frankly.

Blush, blush, n. [A. S. blyse, a blaze. See Blaze, Blowze.] বৃদ্ধিখাত; বৃদ্ধিখাবৰ্ণ; A rosy tint:—লক্ষা বশতঃ প্ৰদেশের আর্ডিয় বৰ্ণ; A red glow on the face caused by shame, modesty, diffidence or surprise:—আক্সিক উদয়; A sudden appearance:—v.i. বক্তিমাৰণ-ছ; To have a red or rosy colour:—সম্ভিত হওৱা; সম্ভাবনতঃ গতনেশে বভিমাৰণ-ছ; To have redness in the cheeks or face, as from a sense of shame, confusion, or modesty.

At the first blush—softe; At a glance; at the first view; As:—The proposition that I shall dic, seems at the first blush as indisputable as that the whole is greater than its parts.

Put to the blush - निका (पड़ा ; Cause to feel shame; As: — This confidence might have put the false king to the blush, but it did not.

Bluster, bluster, v. i. [An augmentative of Blast.] তেকে শব্দ-ছ; To blow fitfully with violence and noise as wind:—তজ্জন গর্জন-ছ; দত্ত প্রকাশ করা; To bully, to swagger:—n. তর্জন গর্জন: গান্তিক ভাষা; Threatening talk; bullying; boasting language. [a bully.

Blusterer, bluster-er, n. দান্তিক; A swaggerer; Bo, bō. int. শিক্ষাবের ভ্রোৎপাদক শব; A word used to frighten children.

Bo-tree, bū-trē, n. বোধজম; বে বৃক্ষে তলাৰ বনিয়া পাকা বৌদ্ধপ্ৰবিষয়ে কল্পনা কৰিতেন; A corruption of Bodhdru'ma (the tree of wisdom), under which Sakyamuni used to sit, when he concocted the system called Buddism.

Boa, boá. n. [ Perh. conn. with L. bos, an ox. ] জন্মৰ সংগ্ৰি সাধাৰণ নাম; A general name for the largest kind of serpents:—মহিলাদিগেৰ জন-দেশেৰ গোমল পৰিছেদ; A long serpent-like piece of fur worn round the neck by ladies.

Boa-constrictor, bōá-kon-striktér, n. [L. bos, bull and constringere, constrictum, to draw together.] प्रश्नि ; A large and powerful serpent sometimes 30 or 40 feet long, found in Africa, America and India, so called from crushing its prey in its coils.

Boar, būr, n. [A. S. bar.] वज्र मुक्त ; वदाए ; The male of swine. a.=Boar'ish ( वदाहव९ ; like a boar).

Board, bord, n. [ A. S. bord, a board, the side of a ship; Ice. bord, the side of a ship; found also in Belt; conn. either with Bear or with Board. ] कांक्रेक्नक ; ज्ङा ; A piece of timber :-ভোজনের টেবল; মেজ; A table for food :-आहोत ; (कांका वह ; Food ; entertainment :-- नकां কৰণাৰ্থ যেক; মন্ত্ৰণা-টেবল; A table at which a council is held :-- জাহাজের উপবিভাগ; The deck of a ship :- ( ) The side of a ship :-काविनविष्टिनव भाग ; A table for artificer to sit or work on :- (अनिवाद (मण ; A table or frame for a game :- 451; A court or council :- pl. बाह्य नानामक ; The stage in threatre :- v. t. कन्क बावा आम्हानिङ कवा ; To cover with boards :-वनन्त्रक काशास्त्र वारवन-कृ; To enter a ship by force; As:-An enemy had he boarded the ship, would have had easy work of him :-व्यर्थ अर्थ कविया पाना (एक्सा ; To furnish with food and lodging for price :- v. i. 44 feet 4444 ( ) | 44-3; To receive food as a lodger.

Board and board—(naut) नामानानि , Side by side

Above board— wes:, Plainly, in open sight, openly, As—P. S was a straightforward man, and prone to do everything above board—Irving

By the board-witte, Over the side
On board-witters, In the ship, As -The

White ship was with all on board—Irving To fall over board—witten vite vise

To fall over board— জাহাজের পাৰে পতিছ হত্তবা, To fall over a ship's side

To get on board a vessel—নৌকাবোৰণ কৰা। To go by the board—নই-ই, সম্পূৰ্ণকাপ বিজয় ইয়ো, To suffer complete destruction.

To make a good board—সর্গতাবে কাহাত চালান; To sail in a straight line when close hauled

Boarder, border, n ৰে মূল্য দিয়া অপৱেব ঘৰে আহাৰ কৰে, One furnished with food at a price—বে শক্তভাৱে আহাতে প্ৰবেশ কৰে, One who boards a ship in action

Board-wages, bord wases, n ভ্ৰাণিশের বোরাজী টাকা, An allowance to servants to purchase their own food

Boarding-house, bording hows, n. ঘোষাৰ আৰ্
দিয়া আছাৰ পাজ্যা যায়, A house in which persons
are provided with food and lodging for a price
Boarding-school, bording-skool, n বে বিশালয়ে বালকেবা বাদ কৰে, ভোজন কৰে এবং নিজা পায়,
ছাত্ৰনিবাস, A school in which the scholars re
ceive boarding as well as instruction [ brutal
Boarish, borish, a শুক্ৰৰ, পাশ্ৰ, Swinish,
Boast, bost v. 1 [M. E bost. W bost, Gael
bose, a bragging.] অভ্যাব কৰা, পাল কৰা কৰা কৰা
To brag or vaint oneself, to talk big —v t
আন্ত্ৰান্ত্ৰ, A vainting or bragging — আহ্লাবেৰ
কাৰণ, The cause of boasting Syn.=Vaint,
glory, brag, exult, priade, puff

Boaster, চিটাংল, দ অংকারী ব্যক্তি, A braggart Boastful, চিটাংলিতা, a পরিতি, দর্শিত Given to boasting n =Boastfulness, adv =Boastfully.

Boat, bot, n [A. S bat, Dut boot, hi bat-en, Gael bata] নোকা, ভৱনী, A small open vessel — মুদ্ৰ পোড, A small hip or steamer — ফ া নোকাম ম'ডয়া, To go in a boat — ফ া নোকা মালাৰ বু To transport in a boat

To be in the same boat—স্থাবস্থার ব্তয় , To be placed in the same condition

To sail in the same boat—এক কাৰো পৰ্জ হল্মা, To embark in the same business. As — All seven of us are sailing in the same boat — De Quincey [ of South America Boat-bill, botbil, n পাছীবিশেষ, Wading bird Boat-hook, bot-hook, n লৌকা টানিবাৰ বা ঠেলি বাব লোহাৰ আঁকড়া, An iron-hook to pull or push a boat.

Boating, böting, % নৌকাৰ বাইবাৰ কৌশপ বা আন্ত্যাস, The art or practice of sailing in boats Boatman, botman, % নাবিক কৰ্ণধাৰ, নৌকা-বাহক, A man who manages a boat, a rower of a boat. Boat swain, bölswan (colloquially bölsn), n. [(Lit) a hoat's swain or servant From A. S. botswan—ba't, a boat, swain, a lad.] আহাজেৰ বেটি, পাইল, কাছি বোলৰ প্ৰভৃতিৰ তথাবৰাৰক, পোডেৰ সৰ্কাৰ, An officer, who has charge of the boats, sails, riggings, anchors &c, of a ship and who also summons the crew

Bob, bob, n [Perhaps imitative, like Gael bog, to agitate, babag, baban, a las el] বিকা. A short, jerking motion —কুল ইতেৰ অঞ্চাৰে বাছনাগান কুল কৰা, পোছনাগান পদাৰ্থ, Anything playing loosely at the end of a string, a pendant —টোপ, Bait used in angling —আৰাত, A blow, a shake —v t আন্দোলিত হ, নড়া, To move in a short, jerking manner, to dangle — আহাক, To boat —আহাকণ, To cheat — বালক, To mock —কৰ্তনক, To cut short. pr p. bobbing, pa p bobed.

Bear a bob - First veri, Be brisk

To give the bob to any one—কাহাকেও প্ৰভাৱণা কু, To deceive him

Bobbin hobin, n [Fr bobine, perhaps from Gael baban a tassel ] সত্ত্ৰগতিকা ছোট নলি, সুগাৰ নলি, A small pin, or cylindric il piece of wood, on which thread is wound —গোল বিভা, Round tape

Bob-tail, bobtsi, n. ছিন্নপুক A short tail, or tail cut short — ইত্ত লোক The rabble, used in contempt a = Bobtailed—বেচে

Bob-wig, bobwig, n ক্ষুপ্ৰচ্ন, A short wig Bobinet, bob-in ct or bobin et, n একপ্ৰচাৰ সুক্ৰ কাৰে কৰি , A kind of fine netted lace made by machines

Bobby, bohi, n পাহাৰাখনা A policeman Bobolink, bobo-lingh, n [ At first Bob I incoln from the note of the bird] উত্তৰ আমেৰিকাৰ সুগাৰক পক্ষী বিশেষ, A North American singing bird found in the northern states in spring and

Bode, būd, w [A S botian, to announce—bod, a message, allied to Bid] ভাৰি ভভাৰত পৰাৰ কু, ভাৰিবাং বিষয়ে আভাস দেখা, In portend, to prophesy, to presage, to foreshadow—v. ঃ ভাৰি ভভাৰত জাত-কু, ভাৰি ভভাৰতে বৃহ্ণ হত্তা, To foreshow, to be omen—n ভাৰি ভভাৰত কুইৰ An omen [Ominious Bodeful, būditōūl a ভাৰি ভভাৰত বৃহ্ণ হত্তা, চিটিয়াল চিট্টাল কুটাৰ বিষয়েই চিক্তা

Boderul, bodiou a sile seise 144 256,

Bodement, bodment n sile feetre fee,

Prognostic, a foreshadowing

Bodice, Boddice, bodis, n seise, site,

Stays, a corset, a woman's stays, formerly called bodies, from fitting close to the body

Bodied, bod'id, a नदीवी, Having a body

Bodiless, bod'i-les, a आनंदीयी, अरेनिहक, Without a body, incorporeal.

Bodily, bod's-ly, a শারীবিক, Corporeal — শ্রীব সংকীয়, Relating to the body —ad সম্পূৰ্ব-মণে, Entirely

Bodkin, boukin, n. [ Prob W bidog, small dagger ] সুচী, An instrument for making holes by piercing — সুচী বিশেষ, An instrument with an eye, for drawing thread, tape or ribbon

through a loop :- के जिकाण ; An instrument to dress the bair.

To ride bodkin-कृष्टकन विनिधे नकरते जिनमन आद्यार्ग कवा; To ride in a carriage between two others, the accomodation being only for two.

Body, bod'i, n. [A. S. bodig.] (TE; The frame of an animal :- नदीव ; The main, central part of an animal as distinct from head and extremities :-- वाकि ; An individual or single person : - সম্বার; ব্যক্তিসমূহ; Collections of individuals -— (मनापूर ; वृाह ; The main army ; any number of forces :- সভা ; A corporation :- প্রকার , ভ ডি , Trunk or the bulk :- 1910; Any mass or portion of matter :- नगरात ; A general collection ; a code ; a system :- v. t. गरीय वाया आस्ट्रांक्ड-कृ . আকুতিৰিশিষ্ট কৰা; To embody; to produce in a definite shape; to give form to. pr. p. bod'ying ; pa. b. bod'ied. [ servedly.

Body and bones—সপুৰিপে; Wholly; unre-Body and soul-काध्यान ; मबाक अकारत ; With full energy both of body and mind; thoroughly. Body guard, bodi-gard, n. महीय सक्यार्थ निश्क দৈনিক পুৰুষ : দেহবক্ষক ; Selected body of troops, who attend on the sovereign; a lifeguard.

Body politic, bod'i-polit-ik, n. वाकरेन्डिक न्ति ; The collective body of the people in its political capacity; a state in its political capa-

Body anatcher, bod'i-snach-ér, n. मुजरमर जान-र्वण्कादी . One who robs graves of their bodies. As a body-(याँडायूडि पवित्न . श्राय नकत्न ; Taken collectively .- wife att ; For the most part ; As .- They (the Puritans) were not men of letters; they were, as a body, unpopular .--Macaulay.

In a body-সকলে একত হইমা ; All together ; all In the body-वट मारमब मंदीव नहेशं छेशब्छ ; Present before one, as a being of flesh and blood opposed to the idea or image which we form of an absent person; As:-To see persons in "the body," of whom you have been reading in newspaper from the very excellent of your reading days, had for the first hour or so, a singular and strange effect.

To keep body and soul together-winter ভাৰৰ ধাৰণ-কু; To support one's self with difficulty; As :- I can't indulge you with superflutics while we can hardly afford the means of keeping body and soul together .- Warren.

Bootian, be-d'shyan, a. (alfiet at Beta farate व्यविनामी महतीय; (प्रणवार) निर्द्याय; वृत्तिहीन; Relating to Bocotia or to its dull and stupid inhabitants; hence stupid; dull.

Bog, bog, n. [In bogach, Gael. bog.] way; जला ; A quagmire ; a marsh :- ए. t. भार विषेश-7; To whelm or plunge; as, in mud and mire. a. = Bogg'y.

Bog-trottor, bog'troter, %. बनाकृषि अधिवात्री : भावनारक्य नदा; One who lives in a boggy country, applied to Irish robbers.

Boggle, bog'l, v. i. विवष रचता ; इंडचण:-कृ ; काम

विषय कहेक्य कांच कवा ; नव्हिष्ठ इंख्डा ; To stop or hesitate as if in doubt, or suddenly frightened, or impeded by unforeseen difficulties; to make difficulties about a thing; to exhibit hesitation and indecision :- n, 95; A bugbear; a spectre. Boggy, Bogy, bogi, n. Vs; A scare-crow; a goblin.

Bongy, bog'i, a. जनान्न ; Swampy ; full of bogs. Bogle, bog'l, n. [Scot. bogle, a ghost; W. bug, a goblin ] ভূড ; প্রেড ; A spectre or goblin. Bogmus, bog'mos, n. अक्डाकीय देनवान ; A ge-

nus of moss plants.

Bogus, bo'gus, a. (Slang) कृतिय : व्यक्ष : Spurious ; counterfeit ; false. [ spirit. Bogy, bogi, n. 98; A nursery name for evil Bohes, bo-he', n. (Chinese) निकृष्टेक छो। कुरू

हां ; The quality of black tea.

Bohemien, bo-he'mi-an, a. [ Fr. hohemien, a gipsy. ] अमळवित वा धवकक मच्चीर ; Pertaining to persons of loose and irregular habits; pertaining to imposter :-- n. অন্তিব চিত্ত অপদাৰ্থ ত্ৰমণ-कारी, (विभिन्नवर अभनकारी कांजि विरूप्त ; अमक्रवित ; द्रावकक ; A restless vagabond ; a gypsy ; a person of loose and irregular habits; an imposter. Bohemian brethren-গর্মসম্প্রদায় বিশেষ: A religious sect, formed out of the remnants of the Hussites.

Boil, boil, v. i. [O. Fr boilir-L. bullirebulla, a bubble. ] উত্তাপ হারা ফীত হওয়া; To swell, heave or be agitated by the action of heat :--বুদবুদ উপিত হত্তমা ; To bubble ; to rise in bubble:—উত্তর হওরা: উত্তেজিত বা আলোডিত 2911; To be hot or fervid; to be moved or excited :- সিদ্ধ হওয়া; To be in boiling water; to suffer hoiling in water or other liquid :- The-र ; To effervesce :- v.t. ऐक करन निष-क ; To dress or cook in boiling water -- कांच वार्विन-क ; To extract the juice of any thing by boiling :-जन उन करा ; To heat to a boiling state.

Boil, boil, n [ A. S. byl; Ger. benle; Ice. bola, from the root of Bulge. ] 39; (本) 4 ; An inflamed swelling or tumour on the flesh.

Boil away -উত্তাপ ধাৰা উড়াইমা-দে ; To evaporate by boiling.

Boiler, boiler, n. शाहक . One who boils :-- वाज-राजद (र भारत्म डेक राज्य अल्ड हर ; That part of a steam-engine in which the steam is generated :-- कोंह ; मिश्व वा शांक कविवाद शांख ; A vessel in which any thing is boiled.

Boiling-point, n. कृत्व विश्व ; The temperature at which water or any other liquid boils under heat.

To be at boiling point-- अधिनः कृष-र : To be very angry.

Boisterous, boister-us, a. [ M. E. boistous-W. bwyst, wildness. ] 450; Violent; rough:-(कामारनपूर्व ; मककादी ; अधिकायत ; Turbulent ; noisy stormy. n. = Boisterousness, adv.=Boisterously. Syn .= Turbulent, tumultuous.

Bold, bold, a. [ A. S. bald; O. Ger. hold, O. Fr. band. Goth. balths, Ice. ballr. ] नाइनिक ; Having courage or intrepidity; daring :-- সাহস

পুৰ্বক স্পাধিত; Requiring courage in the execution; executed with boldness; planned with courage:—প্ৰগ্ৰন্থ ; নিৰ্বাজ্ঞ; In a bad sense, too forward; rude; impudent; taking undue liberties:—সুংসাধিক; গুই; Showing great liberty of action or expression:—সমূধে বহিৰ্গত; মুক্তমান; পাই; Standing prominently out to view:—উচ্চাব্যত ; উন্নতাব্যত; খাড়৷ Steep or abrupt. n = Boldness; adv.=Boldly. Syn.=Brave, couragious, intrepid, valient, heroic, daring, fearless, undaunted.

A bold stroke সাহসিক উপাম; A bold effort suddenly or unexpectedly produced.

To make bold—সাংস বা প্ৰগল্ভভা কয়া; To take the liberty to make free.

To make bold to say—লগ্ৰহাসহ কথা কহা; To take liberties in speaking; to use freedom in speaking.

To show a bold front—we ; To defy. Bole, bol, n. [ ke. bolr, from its round form. conn. with Bowl, a cup, Bulge, Boil, a swelling, and Bag. ] aspectify; Trunk of a tree.

Boll, bol, n. [A form of Bowl, a cup and sig 'thing round.'] বীজকোৰ; আধাৰ; The pod or capsule of a plant:—কট্লভের পরিমাণ বিশেষ; A Scotch dry measure—six imperial bushels, not now legally in use.—v. t বীজকোৰে পরিশত হওয়া; To form into a seed vessel. [podded. Bolled, bold, a. ফীড; কোববিশিষ্ট; Swollen; Bolster, bolster, n. [A. S bolster; Fr. root of Bowl.] উপাধাৰ বা পদি; A pillow of cushion; —সদি; লেপ'; A pad or quilt:—v. t. বালিম দিয়াধাৰ কৰা; To support with a pillow:—সমৰ্থন কৰা; Support; to hold up; to maintain.

Bolt, boil, n. [A. S. and Dan. bolt, Ger. bolsen, from the root of Bole, of a tree.] তীর; An arrow; a dart:—ৰক্ষ; অপনি; A thunder-bolt:—অর্গল; পৌহনত; A bar or pin used to fasten a door &c:—ক্ষাপিত; A meteoric stone:—v. f. অর্গল বারা বন্ধ করা; To fasten with a bolt; to make secure.—বদ্ধ করা; To fasten; to restrain:—বিবেচনা না করিয়া উচ্চারণ করা; অভিবেশে নিক্ষেপ করা; To ulter or throw out precipitately:—চর্মণ না করিয়া পলাধ্যকরণ করা; To swallow without chewing:—v. i. বেংগ বাহির হত্তরা; To pass quickly:—হুঠাৎ গম্ন-কৃ; বেংগ গম্ম করা; To move abruptly; to rush away—পরিত্যাপ-কৃ; To desert as a party or organisation:—adv লখাভাবে, Perpendicularly.

Bolt, bölt, v.t. [O. Fr. bulter, or buleterbureter, from bure—Low L. burra, a course reddish brown cloth—Gr. pyrros, reddish pyr—Fire.] ছাঁকা বা বাড়া; বাড়িলা পরীকা করা; ঘোটা কাপড় দিয়া ছাঁকা; To sift; to separate the bran from, as flour; to examine by sifting; to sift through course cloth.

Bolt out-भवीका-कृ ; Examine by sifting.

Bolt upright, bölt'-up-rit, adv. শ্র স্থূপ স্বজ; স্পৃথিবে সোজা; শ্রু; Straight as an arrow; perfectly erect; perpendicular; As:—Distracted by the sudden appearance of Kit, and fassinated by the eyes of the preacher, the miserable Jacob sat bolt upright, wholly incapable of motion.—Dickens.

Bonbon

Bolting-hutch, bölting-huch, n. ব্যক্তা ৰাজ্য হইলে বে আধাৰে পভিত হয়; A hutch or large box into which flour falls when it is bolted.

Cupid's bolt-- मनन वान ; Cupid's arrow.

The fool's bolt is soon spent—নির্মোধৰ শর শীঘ্র নিঃশেষিত হয় এবং প্রয়োজনকালে থাকে না; নির্মোধ তীবলাক ভাহার লয় এত অবিবেচনা পূর্মক নিক্ষেপ করে থে প্রয়োজনের সময় একটা শব্ও থাকে না; A foolish archer shoots all his arrows so heedlessly that he leaves himself no resource in case of need.

To bolt out one's dinner—চৰ্কা লা কৰিছা খালা গলাখ:কৰা কৰা; To swallow one's dinner without chewing it; As —Eager readers will not only holt this dinner that they may get to their books, but they will read sometimes even while they are eating.—Prof Blackie.

To bolt out the truth—সভা প্ৰকাশ কৰা; To blurt it out

To bolt to the bran-বিশেষ করিয়া পরীক্ষা করা; To examine thoroughly.

Bolus, bö'lus, n, {L. bolus, Gr. bölos, a lump.] প্রধের বটিকা: বংং বটিকা: A soft mass of medicine to be swallowed at once like a pill, but larger; a large pill.

Bomb, bum, n. [Fr. bombe—L. bombus, Gr. bombus, a humming sound; animative word.] খায়ো গোলা; A large hollow ball or shell of iron, filled with gunpowder to be thrown from a mortar so as to explode when it falls.

Bombard, bum-bärd', v t. আয়ের গোলা বিজ্ঞোকু, To throw bomb-shell into a town or fortified place in order to destroy. n.=Bombard'ment—পোলা বৰ্ণ; An attack with bombs.

Bombardier, bum-bärd'লৈ, n. গোলা নিজেপ-কারী, গোলধান ; One who throws bombs ; an artillery man.

Bomb ketch or vessel, bumkech or vessel, n. বে জাহাজ হইতে নগৰ বা হুৰ্গ মধ্যে গোলা মিকেপ ক্যা হয়; A small ship from which bombs can be thrown into a town or fortress.

Bomb proof, bum-piooi, a. (भाग पादा पादन); Secure against the force of bombs.

Bomb-shell, bunishel, n. (भाना ; Bomb.

Bombasin, Bombazine, bum-ba-zēh, n. [Fr. bombasin-Low. L. bombasinium-Gr. bombyx, silk See Bombast.] (वन्यी कान्य; A twilled cloth of silk.

Bombast, bumbast, n. [Low. L. bombax, cotton. Gr. bombyx, silk.] বন্ধ কীড কৰিবাৰ নিমিন্ত ব্যবহৃত কোৰণ বস্তু; A soft loose stuff used to swell into garments — নীৰ্ঘ শব্দ প্ৰয়োগ; Highsounding words; an inflated style; fustian. a.=Bombastic—নীৰ্ঘ শব্দ বিশিষ্ট; কীড; Inflated, high-sounding.

Bombie, bumbik, a. [ I. bombyn, silk-worm. ]
ভালিবলোকা সংখ্যায়; Relating to the silk-worm.
Bonanza, bo-nańza, [Sp. fair weather, prosperity.] (Slang) স্বৰ কাৰ্যা; A successful venture.
Bonbon, bong'bong, n. [Fr., 'very good'—

bon, good. ] हिनिव निर्देश A sugar plum; sweet plum; a sweatmeat.

Bond-maid, bond'mad, n. কীডদানী; A female slave. [ slave. Bond-man, bond'man, n. কীডদান; A man-Bondsman, bondz'man, n. কীডদান; এডীস্থ; কান্ত্ৰি; A bondman or slave; a surety.

Bond-servant, bond'servant, n. দাস; A slave. Bond-service, bond'servis, n. দাস; Slavery. Bond-woman, bond'wooman, n. দাসী; A woman slave.

Bondage, bond'aj, n [ O. Fr — Low L. bondagium, a kind of tenure Acc to Skeat, this is from A S. bonda, a boor, a householder from Ice. bondi = buandi, a tiller, a husbandman, akin to Sans. bondh, to bind ] দাসত, বন্দিত, Slavery; captivity:—বাধ্যতা | Obligation:—বিপুর অধীনতা, ইন্মির সেবা; Spiritual subjection to sin and corrupt passions; servile fear. [ cured by a bond. Bonded, bond'ed, a. অভিজ্ঞা পর্যব্যা আবদ; Sc-Bonded goods, bond'ed goods, n. বে সকল মব্যের ওক্ষের অভ অভিজ্ঞাপত্র সেত্যা হয়; Goods left in charge of customs' officers.

Bonded ware-house, bond'ed war'hows, n.
বে ক্রব্যাগারে প্রতিজ্ঞাপক গ্রাবা আবদ্ধ ক্রব্যাদি বাধা
হয়; A warehouse in which bonded goods are stored.

Bonding, bond'ing, n. ৰে বন্দোৰত অনুসাৰে দেয় ওকপৰিশোধ দা কৰা পৰ্যন্ত থাল সৰকাৰী ভদাৰে থাকে; That arrangement by which goods remain in the customs' warehouses till the duties are paid. Bone, bon, n. [A. S. ban; Ger. bein, Goth. bain, bone, leg; W. bon, a stem or stock.] আছি; কছাল; A hard substance forming the skeleton of an animal:—আহিশভ; A piece of bone:—v.t. খাংস হইতে আছি গুৰুত কৰা; To take out bones from the flesh:—তিনি মুণ্ডেৰ আছি গাৰা কঠিন কৰা; To stiffen with whale bones:—a. আইনিম্মিড; Made of bone.

Bone of contention—विवादमय विषय ; अयोगार-भिष्ठ वस ; A subject of dispute ; As :—It was curious and scarcely pleasant to see two spencers, thus bidding against one another, even though the love of contention was a book.— Leigh Hunt. [no scruple.

To make no bones—সংখ্যত লা কৰা; To make A bone to pick or gnaw—বাংছত কোল बाक्टिक निर्क कविशा वा क्वाहेश बादब ; Something to occupy or divert.

Bone-aah, buń-ash, ». অন্তি-ফর্মাবনের; The remains when bones are burned in an open furnace.

Bone-black, böń-blak, n. অন্তি-ভঞ্জাবশেষ; The remains when bones are heated in a close vessel. [ with.

To pick a bone with—বিবাদ-ক : To quarrel Bony, bone, a. অছিপুৰ্ব ; আছি সম্বাদ্ধ ; Full of bones ; consisting of bones :—বড় আহি বিশিষ্ঠ ; Having large or prominent bones :—ভেম্বা ; Stout ; strong.

Bon-fire—উৎসবালি; स्थाति; A fire made as an expression of public joy.

Bonhomie, n. সর্বভা; Good nature; simpli-Bonmot, bong'-mö, n. [Fr. bon, good, mot, word.] কৌতুক, কৌতুকপূৰ্ণ বাক্য বা উত্তব; পরিহাস; A witty saying or reply; a jest; a clever repartee. [A child's nurse.

Bonne, bon, n. [ Fr. sem. of bon. ] দাই ; ধাত্ৰী ; Bonne-bouche, bon-boosh. n. [ Fr. bonne, good, bouche, mouth. ] সুবাছু গ্ৰাস ; A delicious mouthful.

Bonnet, honet, n. [Fr —Low L. bonneta, original the name of a stuff.] जी त्वांक निर्मा निवान । सक्कान्य ; A covering for the head worn by females. a.=Bonneted.

Bonny, bońi. a. [Fr. bon, bonne—L. bonus, good; Belt bain, baine, white, fair.] সুত্ৰী; সুন্ধ; Handsome; beautiful:— অনুসা; কঃ; Gay; merry.—হগোল; কঃপুই; Plum; wellformed:—n. ধনিৰ তল; Among miners, a bed of ore. adv=Bonńily.

Bonton, bonton, n. [Fr. good tone, manner.] বাৰুগিৰি; Fashionable society; the height of fashion.

Bonus, böhus, a. [ L. bonus, good.] ( Law ) এচনিত স্থানৰ অথিন অভিনিত্ত দেৱ বাটা; ধ্বাট; A premium for a loan or for a charter or other privilege granted to a company:—অংশীদাবদিশ্ব উপৰি অংশ; An extra divident to shareholders: —পুৰুদ্ধাৰ; A consideration for some service done.

Bon-vivant, bonve-van, n. [Fr. bon, good and vivant, p. pr. of vivo, to live. ] মুখুরিয় বোক ; A jovial companion ; a high feeder.

Bonze, bonze, n. [ Jap. bosu, a priest. ] (1)

Booby, boobi, n. [Sp. bobo, a dolt; O. Fr. bobu, stupid, L. ballus, stuttering. ] नकीविष्ण ; A water-fowl in the West Indies allied to the pelican, which allows itself to be attacked by other birds, and yields to them the fish it has taken almost without a resistance:— व्यवस्थि जानि ; निर्दर्श वृद्धि ; निर्दर्श वृद्धि ; निर्दर्श वृद्धि ; विरदर्श वृद्धि ; विरदर्श वृद्धि ; विरदर्श वृद्धि ;

Book, book, n. [A. S. boc, a book, the beech; Ger. buchs, the beech, buch, a book, because the Teutons first wrote on beechen board.] 資本; A collection of sheets of paper &c., bound together; any literary work:—資本資本(本), A

part of a literary work —হিসাবেৰ বহি ন A volume in which accounts are kept — ক. ক. বিদাবেৰ বহিতে গরিবিই-ড়, পুতকে লেখা, To enter, to write or register in a book, to writen a book book brider, bookbinder, n. গওৱী, One who Book-binding, bookbinding, n বই বাৰা, Act or practice of binding books

Book-case, book-case, श्रृत्क वाश्विवाद भालपावि , A case with shelves for holding books

Book-club, book-klub, n ব্যু-ক্র্য-স্থিতি, An association of persons who buy new books for circulation among themselves. [accountant Book-keeper, bookkeper, n. বাতাকী, An Book-keeping, hook-keping n. বিসাব বাহিৰাৰ বিদ্যা ব্যাবীতি বিসাব বাহিৰাৰ পদ্ধতি, The act of keeping accounts in a regular and systematic manner

Book-learned, book-leined a. পণ্ডিত , পুত্ৰগত বিধান , ৰাফ্ জগত বিবন্ধে অনভিজ্ঞ , Well read in books , ignorant of life

Book-learning, book-lerning, n প্ৰকাশ दिना। Learning got from books, as opposed to practical knowledge

Book-Ioss, book les, a পুরুত্বিহীন, অপ্রিত, Without books, unlearned

Book-madness, book-madnes, n. 2008 117.
Bibliomania, rage for possessing books

Bookplate, bookplat, n ৰে পৃষ্ঠাৰ প্ৰক-প্ৰপেকাৰ নামাণি মৃত্যিক হয়, A label usually posted inside the cover of a book, bearing the owner's name, or speculiar device,

Book-post, book-post, n ডাকখবেৰ পুডক-প্ৰেৰণ বিভাগ, The department in the post-office for the transmission of books

Book-shelf, book-shelf, গ পুজক বাধিবার দেৱাখ
A shelf to hold books. [who sells books
Book seller, book-seler, গ পুজক-বিকেতা One
Book-worm, bookwurm, গ পুজক লাখিক নিয় বাজি, বে ব্যক্তি না বুকিয়া পাঠ কবে, One too much
given to books, one always poring books
one who reads without discrimination or profit
A sealed book—ৰে পুজকের লিখিত বিষয় গুগুজাবে

ৰাধা হয়, ৰে বিষয় অন্ত লোক নিকট হহতে গুপ্তভাবে ৰাধা হয়, A book the contents of which are kept secret, a subject which is kept hidden from men's knowledge.

Be in every body's books—হাত্যক ব্যক্তিৰ
নিকট কাৰ্যন্থ বাকা Owe money to everybody,
As — The man who has no debts steps through
the world comparatively unnoticed, while he
who is in everybody s books has all eyes fixed
upon him — Smiles [ to task.
Bring one to book—ভিবজাৰ-কৃ, To take one
Beware of a man of one book—কোৰ কাৰ্যনিক

Boware of a man of one book—কোন কাৰ্য্যক্ষ ব্যক্তিৰ বিৰুদ্ধে তুৰ্ভ কৰিছ না, Never attempt to controvert the statement of any one in his special subject [ছিল, Caught and disposed of. He was booked at last—তাহাকে যুভ কৰা হইমা-In the books of—কাহাকত অনুধাহে, in kind remembrance or layour of. That does not suit my book—আনাৰ বলোৰত বত বহু, Does not accord with my agreements.
To keep in good books—অনুষ্ঠিত হলা;
হলভৱে বাকা, Continue to be in favour, As—
If you want to keep in the good books in that quarter, you had better not call her the old lady any more.—Dickens.

To say one's lesson out of book—?!! \*\*\* \*\*\* To repeat one's lesson from memory; As —The puzzled dunce who stood beside it (the desk) to say his lesson out of book looked no longer at the ceiling for forgotten words, but drew closer to the master's elbow and boldly cast his eye upon the page —Dickens

To speak by the book-हिन कविश ननां, To

speak with minute exactness. Without-book, with-out-book, সৱৰ্ণজি থাবা , পুত্ৰক বিনা , প্ৰবাণ বিনা , By memory or without notes , without authority.

Booking-office, booking'-ofis, n টিকট গ্ৰহাছ বৰ, An office at a Railway station, where the tickets are sold to travellers, and parcels are booked.

Bookish, bookish, a. পুৰুষ্টাৰ, পাঠ নিৰভ পুৰুষ্ট-প্ৰিচিভ, Fond of books, given to reading, more acquainted with books than with men n. =Bookishness

Boom, boom, n [ Dut. boom, a beam, a tree ] পাইল, A large pole by which a sail is stretched — নদীৰ এক পাব হইতে আন্ত পাত পৰ্বান্ত বিভাষিত লোহ-শিকল, A strong iron chain or bar led across a river to obstruct navigation or passage, — নাবিকদিপের পথ নিম্পনীর্থ ছাপিত দও বা নিশান, A pole set up as a mark to direct seamen how to keep the channel in shallow water.

Boom, bōom v i [From a Low Ger root found in A S by me a trumpet, Dut bommen, to drum, like Bomb of imitative origin ] গভীৰ শন্ধ বা গৰ্জন কৰা, To swell—বেগে ধাৰিত হত্যা, To swell—বেগে ধাৰিত হত্যা, To cush with violence, as a ship under a press of sail—বিটাৰ্থ পক্ষীৱ ভাষ শন্ধ কৰা, To cry, as the bittern—n. গভীৱ গৰ্জন, গভীৰ স্থানি, এক-শাতীৰ পক্ষীৰ ডাক, A hollow roar, as of the sea, the cry of the bittern.

Boomerang, boomie-rang, n. [Australian ]
আন্ত বিশেষ, A missile weapon used by the natives of Australia formed of hard wood and in shape of a parabola

Boon, boon, n [Ice bon, a prayer, A. S ben ] উপহাব, দান, অমুগ্ৰহ, A gift, a present, favour — আবৈদন, A prayer or petition.

Boon, böön, a. [ Fr bon—L bonus, good ] অকুল, উৎকুল, আনোদ্পিছ, কাই, সদয়, Gay; merry, joyal, kind.

Boor, boor, n [ Dut. boer (Ger. bauer), a tiller of the soil—Dut bouwen, cog with Ger. bauen. A S. buan, to till. ] कृषक, होत्रों, A peasant, a rustic — वमका ७ निवकत वृद्धि, One who is rude in manners and illiterate — कश्कांव वव. A course or awkward person.

Boorish, boor'ish, a. आमा , अमहा , अभिष्ठे , Rus-

tic; rude; illiterate; awkward in manners. n.= Boor ishness—প্ৰাধ্যভা; Rusticity:—খণিষ্টাচাৰ; Coarseness of manner. adv.=Boor ishly.

Boose, Boose, Bouse, booz, v. i. অভিবিত্ত ম্বা পাৰ ক্য়া; To drink excessively; to guzzle. a.=Boosy or booz'y—ম্বাপাৰে উন্নৱ; Marry with liquor; intoxicated.

Boot, boot, v. t. [ A. S. bot, compensation, amends, whence betan, to amend, to make better. ] লাভ-কু; সুবিধা-কু; To profit ; to advantage; As:-It boots thee not.-Shakespeare. Boot, boot, n. [ Fr. botte, a butt, or a boot, from O. Ger. buten ; a cask. See Bottle, Butt. ] লাভ ; উপকার ; প্রবিধা ; Profit ; advantage :- চর্ম-পাছকা; A covering for the foot and legs generally made of leather -- দোষী ব্যক্তিদিগের কেশ frata vs : An instrument made of iron formerly used to torture criminals, particularly in Scotland :- চর্মহারা আচ্ছারিত বারা; A box covered with leather :--pl. जुडांब कालि पिवाद जल निवृक्त 931; A servant at hotels, who blacks the boots :-- v t পাছকা পৰিধান কৰা; To put boots on. Boot and saddle—अवाद्यांही निक्रणितंत्र बहिवाद श्रुकातीन वनवामा अस : The trumpet call which precedes the march of cavalry.

To boot—戰役事實; In addition; over and above; besides; As:—He has built a wall, he bears with ditch and polisade to boot.

Boot-jack, buotfak, n. পাছকা খুলিবাৰ বত্ত বিশেষ; An instrument for drawing off boots.

Bootless, bootles, a. অকর্মণা, নিম্পা, পাছকা পুষ্ঠ ; Useless, fruitless, without boot. adv=Bootlessly; n.=Bootlessness.

Boot-tree or last--চৰ্পাছকা শিকিল কৰিবাৰ বস্ত্ৰ : An instrument to stretch and widen the leg of a boot.

Booth, n. [Ice. buth, Ger. bude; also Sav and Celt, as Gael both, hut.] অহায়ী কুটাৰ, হাটেৰ বা শেশাৰ চালা ঘৰ; A house or shed for temporary occupation; slight hut.

Booty, buoti, n. [lee. byti, share—byta, to devide ] বৃতিত হবা; বুঠ, A pillage, spoil gained from the enemy.

Bo peep, bo-pēp', n ৰাল্কণিগেৰ ফ্ৰীড়া; ৰাল্ক-থিগেৰ সুকোচুৰি ৰেলা; A children's play; a game among children in which one peeps behind something and cries 'Bo.' [relating to borax. Boracic, bo-rasik a. মোহাপা সংকাৰ, Of or Boracic acid, bo-rasik asid, n. একজ্ঞৰাৰ স্থাৰক; A acid obtained by dissolving borax, and also found native in mineral springs in Italy.

Borax, bū'raks, n. (निहोत्री; A salt formed by combination of boracic acid with soda; a mineral salt used for soldering and also in medicine.

Border, bordér, n. [Fr. bord, bordure, from root of Board.] প্ৰান্ত; ধাৰ; A margin; boundary; edge:—নীৰা; Boundary.—উদ্যানত পুৰ্প্ৰেদিকা; A flower bed in a garden:—v. i. প্ৰান্ত ধাকে; To touch at the edge or extremity; to adjoin:—প্ৰান্ত নাত্ৰস্বান্ত, সন্ত্ৰিত কৰা; নিকটে গদৰ কৰা; To approach; to come near:—v. f. সন্ত্ৰাৰ নাগাৰ; পাছ বনাৰ; To make or adorn with

a border :-- जमीनवजी-इ ; To reach ; to be contiguous to :-- जीमावद कहा ; To bound.

Border of a garden. The ditch at the extremity of a garden.

Border of a garment—way; The edge or 'extremity of a garment.

Border-land, boder-land, म. मीमान आहम ; विवासी कृषि ; Land on the frontiers , debatable land. Borderer, border-er, n. भीमान (सम्बामी); One

who dwells on the border or confines of a country.

Bore, bör, v. t. [A. S. borian, to bore, from bore, a borer; Ger. bohren; allied to L. foro, to bore, Gr. pharynx, the gullet.] ছিল্-কৃ; বিদ্ধ কৰা; To perforate or penetrate; to pierce so as to form a hole:—বিষয় ৰা কাৰ-কৃ; To weary or annoy by ceaseless repetition:—v. i. বিদ্ধ-হ; To be pierced:—ছিল্-কৃ, To pierce or enter by boring:—n ছিল্- The hole made by boring:— চিন্তাৰ পৰিমাণ, বন্ধকেৰ ছিল্লেৰ পৰিমাণ, বন্ধকেৰ ছিল্লেৰ প্ৰভাৱ- The size of the cavity of a fire arm; caliber:—বিশ্বকৰ্ষক বন্ধ বাৰ্ডি; A person or thing that wearies by useless repetition:—বাণ; A tidal wave in an estuary:—বিশ্বকৰ্ষী ব্যক্তি; One who or that which bores.

Bore, bor, n. [ lee ba'ra, a wave or swell, from root of to Bear or lift.] বাব; A tidal flood which rushes with great force into the mouth of certain rivers. [ annoyed.

Bored to death—विकास विवास Exceedingly Boredom, bor'dom, n. विविक्त ; State of being bored , ennui.

Boring of a ear-wire; The ceremony of piercing the ear.

Bore, bor, Past tense of bear. Did bear.

Boreas, bure-as, n. উত্তৰ বায় ; The north wind. Boreal, bure-al, a. উদীচীন, উত্তৰদিক বা উত্তৰ বায় সংক্ৰীয় ; Northern, pertaining to the north or north wind.

Born, bawm, pa. p. of bear, to bring forth (স্বন্ধন in a feathered nest—সৌভাগাণানী-হ;
Be lucky from one's birth. [royal family.
Born in the purplo—বাসবংশহাত; Born of a
Born poet—সভাবিক কৰি; কবিব প্ৰতিভাগানী
ব্যক্তি; A poet by nature; one endowed with a
poetical genius.

Born with a silver spoon in one's mouth
—ভাৰাৰ হওয়া; Inherit a fortune by birth.

Born without a silver spoon in one's mouth—সৌতাগাণালী ইইয়া জয়গ্ৰহণ না কৰা, Not born to a large fortune; born "with a wooden ladle" in one's mouth.

To be born again—नवजीवन आहा; Regenerated; renewed; having received spiritual life. Borne, born, pa. p. of Bear, to carry

Borough, bur'o, a. [A. S. burg, burh, a city, from beorgan, Ger. bergen, to protect. ] বিটৰ বহাসভাৰ প্ৰভিন্তি প্ৰেৰণাধিকাৰ-প্ৰাপ্ত লগায়; An incorporated town; a town that sends member to Parliament.

Borough English, bur'o ing'lish, n. স্ক্ৰিট্ৰ পুৰে বে বিষয় অগীয়; A descent of estates to the youngest son or to the youngest brother, if there are no sons.

Borough-monger, bur'o-mung'er, अ. नत्रदाद अप अप वा विजयकारी वालि ; One who buys or

sells the patronage of a borough.

Borrow, bor'o, v. t. [ A. S. borgian-borg, borh, a pledge, security; akin to Borough, from the notion of security. ] 41 381-4; To solicit from another on loan or credit; to obtain on loan or trust :-- অপুকরণ-কৃ; উদ্ভ-কৃ; To copy; to take an extract from an author :-অপর হইতে গ্রহণ-কু; To take from another.

Borrowed plumes, bor'od ploomz, n. 514; Something which a person wears or puts for-

ward as his own, but which is not.

A jackdaw or the daw in borrowed plumes-ভাৰে ভাৰকাৰী; A vain pretender to merit; As :- He was represented in a hundred pamplets, as the daw in borrowed plum-[borrows. es .- Macaulay.

Borrower, bor'o-er, n. वन-अश्नकादी ; One who Boscage, boskaj, n. [Fr. boscage, bocage-Low L. boscus (hence Fr. bois), conn. with Ger. busch, E. bush. J বন ; ঘৰ পত্ৰসমূহ ; Thicket ; thick foliage ; woodland -- वनित्व ; A landscape representing thicket of wood.

Bosh, bosh, n. विदर्शक वाका; Nonsense; foolish talk or opinion.

Bosk, bosk, म. वन ; A thicket.

Bosket, Bosquet, boskét, n. 英體; A grove. Bosky, boski, a. कुन्नावृक ; अदग्रम ; निविष , ছाছा-

Ren; Woody; shady; bushy.

Bosom, boz'um, n. [ A. S. bosm, Ger. busen, from beugen; Sans. bugan, to bend, to curve.] ৰক:ৰুণ; The breast of a human being :-- আণি-क्न ; Embrace :-- वाकास्त ; नर्क ; The interior .-च्याक्ष ; अन्य ; The seat of the affections :-क. t. बक्:श्रुटन बांचा ; To enclose in bosom ; to keep with care ; to cherish :- (त्राश्न-कृ , To conceal :-- a. অভ্যস্ত আত্মীয় ; আন্তরিক ; অভান্ত श्चित्र ; वित्रव ; Intimate ; much beloved ; confidential; As :- Bosom friend.

Bosom's lord-दिश्वक ; Conscience.

Boss, bos, n. [ Fr. bosse, It. bossa, a swelling, from O. Ger bözem, to beat. ] ফীতি, সমূহত আলকাৰ ; উচ্চাঙ্গ ; A stud or knob ; a raised ornament as upon shield, harness &c. :-- अपूत्रक Any protuberant part; a round, swelling body :-- প্ৰধান কাৰিকৰ; A master, workman or superintendent -v. t. উত্তৰ কবিছা; অলক্ত-কু; To stud; to ornament with bosses :- ज्यावशावन-[ ded ; having bosses. F: To superintend Bossy, bosi, a. ममुब्द ; अनद्रक ; Raised , stud-Botanic gardens, botan-ik-gar'daz, n. wife डेडिन् डेन्सन ; Gardens devoted to the cultiva tion of plants collected for the purpose of illustrating the science of botany.

Botanise, botán-îz, v. t. উভিব্ৰিদ্যা निका कवियाव ৰত্ব বৰ্ণভা অনুস্থাৰ-কু; To seck for and investi-[ led in botany. gate plants. Botanist, botan-ist, n. উदिश्चवृदि ; One skil-

Hotany, botá-ni, n. [Gr. botane, herbplant-

bosko, to feed, L. vescor, I feed myself; herb. cog. with A. S. woed. ] देखिए विका वा विकान: The science that treats of plants. 4.=Botanic, Botanical. adv.=Botanically.

Botch; boch, n. [ From the root of Boss. ] CTIBE; A red swelling on the skin, particularly on the face ; a blotch -- অনুৰ্ভিতভাৰে কুতকাৰ্য ; Work done in a bungling manner ;- wiff; A patch or part of a garment mended in a clumsy manner :- v. f. जानि-(प ; To patch or mend [ workman ; one who botches. clumsily. Botcher, bocher, n. অনিপুৰ কাল্লিকল ; A clumsy Botchery, bocher-i, n. अति . Clumsy addition ; patchwork. [ (क्रिकेश , Full of botches. Botchy, bochi, a. जानिपूर्व, कर्ण्या (मनाहेबुक ; Both, both, a. pron conj. [ Ice bathi, Ger. beide; A. S. bû; cf L am-bo, Gr. ampho, Sans. ubha, orig. ambha ] উভয়; ছই ; এবং ; এক-Mes : Used before the first of two co-ordinate words or phrases, followed by and before the other; the one and the other; the two; as well ; on the one side.

Bother, bother, v t [ Perh. from Ir buaidhirt. trouble ] विवल-कृ . To perplex or tease :-n. विवक्षकारी, One who bothers -- विवक्षि ; विवक-कद्व ; Annoyance ; that which annoys

Botheration, bothera'shun, n. विवृद्धि ; विवृद्धिव কাৰণ, Cause of trouble, perplexity; annoyance. Bots, Botts, bots, n. 314; Worm in horses; small worms found in the intestines of horses. Bot-fly, botfli, n. 415; The insect whose eggs produce botts.

Bottle, botl, n. [ Fr bouteille, dim. of hotte, a vessel for liquids, from the root of Boot, Butt. ] ভবন ক্ৰোব আধাৰ; ক্ৰপাত্ৰ, বেভিন, A hollow vessel for holding and carrying liquids :-বোডলারিড বস্তু; The content of a bottle :- v. t. বোডলে বাধা বা পূৰ্ণ কু; To put in bottles.

Bottled, botld, p. a. বোডলের ভিতৰ আবদ : বেকিলাকুকি; Inclosed in bottles: shaped or protuberent like a bottle.

Bottle friend, botl-frend, Bottle companion, botl-kom-panyun, এক বোজবোর ইয়াব : A friend or companion in drinking; a fellow toper Bottle-holder, bot-hölder, #. बाजब आहावा-कादो . One who aids a boxer, as by washing of his blood, refreshing him with water and doing other services to encourage him to persevere and win :-- माराबाबाबी; One who gives moral support, backer.

Bottle-nosed, botl-nozd, a. ৰোভগৰং ৰাগিকা-क ; Having a nose full and swollen at the end. Look for a needle in a bottle of hay-वृथा भरवर्ग-कृ ; Make a fruitless search ; look for a very small article amidst a mass of other things.

Bottom, botum, n [ A. S. botm ; Ger. boden ; conn. with L. fundus, bottom, Gael. bond, bown, the sole. ] wal ; watva ; The lowest part of any thing :- WEST ; Told; Foundation, base :- বিশ্বভূৰি ; উপভাৰা ; Low land ; a dale , a valley :- ( naut ) (नाज ; जाराराज्य निवयणी ब्रहर কাঠ; A ship; the keel of a ship;—সিটে;
বুলা; Sediment; lees; dregs:—প্ৰীধেৰ নাৰভাগ; সহ কৰিবাৰ পঞ্জি; Stamina; power of endurance;—ত. ঠ. লংহাগৰ-ড়; অবল্যন তবা;
Found or build; to rest upon:—তল্বিপিট-ড়,
To furnish with a seat:—ত. ঠ. হাপিড-ছ; To be based.

At bottom—violes: asperies; wate; In reality; at heart; at the root; As:—He was a worthy creature at bottom.—Dickens.

At the bottom of-aut of or a strol; At the root of; being the chief cause of; As:—He is at the bottom of all the disturb-

ances in Europe.-Warren.

Palse bottoms:—ভিত্তবিশিষ্ট কাহাক: বুলা কলনা;
Crazy or leaky vessels; hence, unsound speculations; As;—We are not without excuse if we husband our enthusiasm a little, and do not prematurely lay out our whole stock in untred ventures, and what may turn out to be false bottoms.—Hazlitt.

From the bottom of one's heart—কল্মের্ড Get to the bottom of \_ক্রের্ড ভিত্তব্য Learn or understand the origin or cause of; As — It is quite clear that we shall have extreme difficulty in getting to the bottom of this mystery.

Have more bottom than another—we

Have more bottom than another—অন্ত অপেকা অধিকত্ব সত কৰিবাৰ শক্তি বাতা; অন্ত অপেকা অধিকত্ব সহিক্তা বাতা; Have more native strength or power of endurance than another; As:—But Steyne had more bottom than he, and had lasted him out.—Thackeray

In the bottom of - किश्व बार्ट : In the inmost part of; in the depth or recess of; As; - Still there seemed to be a spark of almost extinguished fire, feebly glimmering in the bottom of his soul. - Irving.

Probe or sift out to the bottom—ভর তর
অনুসভান-কৃ; পুথাপুপুখনপে সভান-কৃ; Scrutinise;
to enquire minutely into all the causes and circumstances. [less.

Bottomless, botum-les, a. অতল্পৰ্শ ; Fathom-Bottomless pit—নৱক ; Hell.

Bottomry, botum-ri, n. [From Bottom, a ship] পোত बस्क वादिया वर्ग द्वारी । The act of borrowing money on the security of a ship.

Boudoir, boodwar, n. [Fr.—bouder, to pout, to be sulky.] অভঃপুৰ; কফ; সীলোকের ভব কফ বা শেপুড়; A lady's dressing-room; a private apartment.

Bough, bow, n. [A.S. bog, boh, an arm, the shoulder (Ger. bug, the shoulder, the bow of a ship.)—A.S. bugan, to bend.] जाज ; A branch of a tree.

Bought, bawt, pa.t. and pa.p. of Buy.

Bougle, boo-2he', n. [Fr., wax-candle, bougle, from Bugia, a town of North Africa.] মুন্তবাৰ্থ পোৰ পোৰপাৰ্থ ব্যৱহৃত বন্ধ বিশেষ; A long flexible instrument for removing obstructions in the bladder.

Boulder, bölder, n. [Acc. to Wedg-wood, from Swed. bullra, Dan. buldre, to roar like

thunder, as large pebbles do. ] अनुसाराह बर्जुला-कारत निविध्य पुरः शख्य वित्य ; अश्वाकृष्ठ शख्य पुणः ; A large stone rounded by the action of water; ( geol. ) a mass of rock transported by natural agencies from its native bed :—a. (बाजुलाय बावक खब्द पूर्व ; Containing boulders.

Boulevard, boo-le-var', n. [ Fr. fr. Ger. boll-werk, bulwark. ] विश्वंत कायन ; वांतू (मवदवद श्वंत ,

A public walk.

Bounce, bowns, v. i. হঠাং লক দেখা; To leap or spring suddenly:—শন পূৰ্মক আঘাত-কু; To beat or thump so as to make a sudden noise;—হৰ্ণ কৰা; অডুাজি কৰা; To boast; to exaggerate:—v. t. অক্সাং প্ৰবন্ধগে কোন বস্তুতে আঘাত-কু; To drive violently against any thing:—n. অক্সাং লক: A sudden leap:—আক্সিক ভ্ৰম আঘাত; অক্সাং আঘাত; A heavy sudden blow or thump:—অস্কৃতিভভাবে দিখা কৰ্ব; A bold lie —শ্ৰ: A boast.

Be kept on the bounce— মতাত নাৰ্ণিক চিত্ৰা ও ব্যক্তি অবস্থাৰ বাৰা; Be kept in a state of great mental agitation and anxiety; As:—The testy little governor appears to have had his hands full and with one annoyance and the other to have been kept continually on the bounce. lrving.

[ of Bind.

Bound, bownd, v. See Bind:—pa. t. and pa. a. Bound, bownd, n. [O. Fr. bonne—Low. L. bodina—Bret. bonn, a boundary.] भीषा; Limit; extent; boundary.

Bound, bownd, v. t. [O. Fr. boune—Low L. bodina—Bret. bonn, a boundary.] नीवायक् इः भीवा निर्वय कवाः To set limits to a thing ; to limit:—नःपड-कः To restrain —नीवा निर्वय-कः To mention the boundaries of:—व्यक्त-कः ; To surround; to cause to bound.

Bound, bownd, v. i. [Fr. bondir, to spring, in O. Fr to resound—L. bombitare. See Boom, the sound ] লম্ব দেখা; To spring or leap:—n. লম্ব; A spring or leap.

Bound, bownd, a. बढ़; Confined; restrained:
— रंबिक बकरन नांग; Obliged by moral ties.

Bound, bownd, a. [ Ice. buinn, pa. p. of bua, to prepare ] बाइट अञ्चल ; উच्छि ; Ready to go; destined.

Ice bound, wind bound—gate at; Confined or prevented from sailing by ice or contrary winds.

Be bound up in—খাৰত বঙ্গা; Be absorbed in ; be attached to.

Be bound up with—बाह्य नार्च ; Be indissolubly connected.

As in duty bound—চিবাহুগত ব্যক্তিৰ খেলুপ কৰ্মব্য ; As one is obliged by duty.

Bound hand and foot—राड ना दीवा; बह्बदाद क्यलान्ड वा नागद अवश्वः Having the feet or hands confined; restrained from motion; made completely powerless or helpiess.

Bind oneself hand and foot—(काव विवास बावक रहेश बाननाटक जन्मुक्तिन अक्स करा; Render one's self perfectly helpless by being completely enthrailed to something; As:—You rob yourwelf to give her, You bind yourself hand and foot on her account.—Dickens.

Bring within bounds—কৰাইনা আৰা; বাডা-বাড়ি কৰিছে না দেওৱা; Reduce to a moderate degree; not allow to be carried to excess.

Go beyond the bounds of - मीमा पाठिकम बना : Exceed the limits of.

Rnow no bounds— অদীৰ তথ্য , Be limitless. Set a bound to—প্ৰকৃত দীৰ্ঘাৰত্ব কৰা , দ্যাল কৰা , Restrain within proper limits.

To be bound in duty—चवश्च कर्डवा स्टाप्त वांधा

ৰাকা; To be obliged by duty. To be bound in fairness—সরলভাবে এবং

To be bound in fairness—সমলভাবে এবং
নিমপেকভাবে কোন বিষয় আলোচনা করিতে বাধা;
To be under obligation (to do something)
from the necessity of treating a subject candidly and impartially.

Boundary, bownda-ri, n. সীমা : প্রান্ত ; শেব-ভাগ ; A visible bound or limit , border ; termi-

nation.
Bounden, bowndn, a. অবশ্রকরণীয় ; আবশ্যক ;

Bounden, bowndn, a. অবস্থাকরণায়; আবস্থাক; Morally imperative, binding; required; obligatory

Bounden duty, bowndn duti, अवन कर्डवा कार्या, A duty which is obligatory on (a person), As . -It seems the bounden duty of every government, not only not to encourage such irregular warfare on the part of its population, but care-[ mits , vast. fully to repress it -T Arnold Boundless, boundles, a. अभीष, Without li-Bounty, bowhti, n [ Fr. bone, goodness-L bontras-bonus, good ] वमामाडा . भाव , मावनीलडां , Liberality in bestowing gifts, generosity, munificence, the gift bestowed :-- পাবিভোষিক : A premium or reward a .- bounteous, bowhfeus, bountiful, bowhti-fool, বদান্ধ, উদাব, কুপালু দান-नेन ; Liberal , generous in giving , munificent adv=Bountcously, Bountifully. n.=Bountcousness, Bountifulness.

Bouquet, boo'kā, n [Fr.—bosquet, dim of bois, a wood—It bosco. See Boscage. Bush.]
শূলকছ ; মুনের ভোড়া, A bunch of flowers, a nose-gay.

Bourg, burg, n. Same as Burgh, Borough

Bourgeois, bur-jois, n. [Fr—perh, from the name of the typefounder] ছাপিবাৰ অকৰ বিশেষ, A small kind of type in size between long primer and brevier.

Bourgeoisie, bততrzh-waw'rē. ৰ. [Fr. bourgeois, a citizen, from root of Borough] মধ্যশেলীৰ নাগৰিক; বণিক চক The middle class of citizens, esp. traders.

Bourgeon, bur'jun, v. i. [ bourgeon, a bud, shoot. ] অমূৰিত হওয়া; মুক্লিত হওয়া; বৃদ্ধিত হওয়া; বৃদ্ধিত হওয়া; বৃদ্ধিত হওয়া;

Bourn, Bourne, born or boom, n. [Fr. borne, a limit. See Bound] সীমা; Bounds limits; confines

Bourn, Bourne, born or boorn, n. [A. S. burna, a stream; Scot. burn, a brook; Goth brunna, a spring.] \*\* (21000)\*\*, A little stream. Bourse, boors, n. [Fr. bourse. See Purse.] \*\*\*

বিক্ৰম হাৰ; The French name of an exchange; an exchange where merchants meet for business. Bouse, bōōz, v.i. [Dut. buysen, to drink deeply—buis, a tube or flask; alked to Box.] মাডিবিক , মাডিবিক, To drink freely or deeply.

Bout, bowt, n. [ Doublet of Bight; from root of Bow, to bend. ] कनह; উरनात्र; भरीका, Conflict; an attempt; a trial — कांब; भरीका, A turn or round.

Bovine, bō'vīn, a [L. bos, bovis, Gr. bous, an ox or cow] গোজাতীয়, বৃহপালিত পত সম্বনীয়, Pertaining to animals of the ox kind; pertaining to cattle.

Bow, bō, v.t. [A. S. bugan, to bend; akin to L. fugio, to flee, to yield.] নভ-কৃ, To bend or incline towards:—নমন্ধাৰ-কৃ, অভিবাদন কৰণাৰ্থ দেই অবন্ড কৰা, To bend the body in token of respect —বলীত্ত-কৃ, দমন কৃ, To depress, to crush, to subduc —v.t. নমন্ধাৰ-কৃ; অভিবাদনাৰ্থ নত হওয়া, অবনত হওয়া; বজাতা দ্বীকাৰ কৰা, To bend the body in saluting a person, to yield, to stoop:—n. নমন্ধাৰ, প্ৰণাম, অভিবাদন কৰণাৰ্থ দেই অবনত; Salutation, a bending of the body in saluting a person

Bow, চন, n [ A S boger ] চকাকৃতি বস্তু . Any thing in the form of a curve —ধ্যুক . A weapon to shoot arrows —পোডার ; জাহাত্যের বকু অন্তর্ভাগ , The curving forward part of a ship —a. চক্রবং ; Curved or arched, as a bow-window.

Bow-bells, bo'-bels, n. লণ্ডন নগরবাদী, প্রকৃত নাগরিক, A true cockney.

Bow-hand, bō'-hand, n. বাম হন্ত; The left hand; the hand which holds the bow. [ crooked legs. Bow-logged, bō'-legd, a বাত কায়; Having Bow-line, চō'-lin, n কাহাজের পাইনের টানা দড়ি; পাইলের বাযুৱে বাবিবার বক্সে, A rope which keeps the weather-edge of a sail tight forward, when the ship is close hauled

Bow-man, bo-man, n গলুবের গাঁড়ি; The man who rows the foremost oar in a boat .-- ধাসুত্ব, ধাসুত্বী; Archer.

Bow-shot, bo'-shot, n. শ্ৰগম্য হান; প্ৰকেপ দূৰত, অলু দূৰবৰ্তী হান; The place which an arrow may pass when shot from a bow, the distance to which an arrow can be shot from a bow; a place not far distant.

Bow-sprit, bō'-sprit, n. পালদুও; পোডাত্র ছইভে উবিভ দুও; A pole projecting from the stem or bow of a ship to carry sail forward.

Bow-string, bo'-string, n. লা; ধৰ্ণা; ত্ৰছ কাতীৰেৰ মধ্যে অপৰাধীদিগেৰ প্ৰাণৰধেৰ গলৰজু; String of a bow; a string with which the Turks strangled offenders.

Bow-window, bu-windo, n. অৰ্থতাকাৰ প্ৰাক্ত; (See Bay window) A bent or semicircular window

Draw not your bow till your arrow is fixed—আবত করিবাব পূর্বে সকল প্রস্তুত বাবিও; Have every thing ready before you begin.

To be too much of the bow-hand—কোৰ নরা কবিতে অভ্ততাবাঁ হতরা; উপযুক্তরূপ দক্ষ নহে; To fail in a design; not be sufficiently dexterous. To have two strings to one's bow—অভি প্ৰায় বিশ্ব কৰিবাৰ সুইটি উপাৰ বাৰা ; To have two means of accomplishing one object.

Bowel, bow'el, v. t. कुँछ बादिव कविया ने वया ; To take out the intestines ; to eviscerate.

Bowels, bow'elz, n. pl. [Fr. boyau. O. Fr. boel
—L. botellus, a sausage, also, an intestine.]
ভূডি; ভাত্ত; Entrails; intestines:—গর্ভ; মধ্যভাগ;
The interior part of any thing:—দমা; সদম; সমাবেদনা; কোন্দ্রভাগ বা বেহ; Heart; pity; compassion; tenderness.

Bower, bow'er, n. [A. S. bur, a chamber; Scot. hure-root. A.S. buan, to dwell ] निक्छ; Arbour; a shady inclosure or recess in a garden.

Bower, bow'er, त. পোভারান্থিত নোকর, An anchor at the bow or forepart of a ship.

Bower anchor, bow'er-angkur, n. अञ्चर्यावरणव ; The smaller anchor or anchers carried at the ship's bow. [ taining bowers ; shady.

Bowery, how'er-i, a. निक्क्षम : काराविश्विहे, Con-Bowie-knife, bö'i-nif, n ছुविको विराग , A long, short knife, carried by hunters in the southern and south-western states of America, so named from its inventor. Colonel Bowie.

Bowl, bol, n. [A. S bolla. See Bole ] জনপাত্ত ; গোলাকাৰ পানপাত্ত, A concave vessel to hold liquids, a round drinking cup — পৰ্ত . খোল: The hollow part of any thing, the round hollow part of any thing

Bowl, bōl, n [Fr. boule—L. bulla See Boil, r.] কান্ন নিৰ্মিত ঐতি কোলক; A wooden ball used for rolling along the ground:—v. t. গুলি গড়াইছা-(শ, বল নিক্ষেপ করা; To roll as a bowl; to throw a ball, as in cricket; to pelt with any thing rolled—v. i গোলা গেলা; To play with bowls.

Bowl out, būl owt. n. গুলিকা ৰাবা দও আঘাত-ক ; In cricket, to knock down a wicket by bowling. Bowlder, holder, n বড় বৃদ্ধি; A large pebble boulder. Same as Boulder. [ plays at bowls Bowler, būler. n. গুলিকা ক্রীড়াকারী. One who Bowling-green, būling-gren,n. গুলিকা ধেলিবার ন্যত্ত স্থান, A green or grassy level piece of ground kept smooth for bowling.

Box, boks, n. [A. S. box, L. burus, Gr. pyxos, the tree, pyxis, a box.] আধাৰ; বান ; বৃক্তবিশেষ; A case or hollow vessel; a tree remarkarable for the hardness and smoothness of its wood:—
বান্ধের অভ্যান্ধের বড়; The contents of a box:—
বাট্যপালার বনিবাব হাব; A seat in a theatre or any place of public amusement:—টাকাব নিজ্ক; A money-chest:—কুত্র বাটা; A small house:—
শভট-চাল্কের বনিবার আগন; The driver's seat on a carriage:—v. t. বান্ধের মধ্যে রাধা বা ভদাবা
সঞ্জিত করা; To inclose in a box or furnish with boxes.

Box, boks, m. [ Dan. bask, a sounding blow; cf. Ger. pochen, to strike. ] यूष्टे आदाव; दण गांवा पढ़ वा कार्य आपांक; A blow on the head or ear with the hand :—v. t. यूष्टे आदाव-क; To strike with the hand or fist:—v. i. दाजांवाजि-क; पूर्वा यावायि-क; To combat with the hand or fist. a. = boxen, कार्व विश्वित ; made of box wood.

Box off—কুল কুল গৃহে বিভাগ-ড় ; To divide into light compartment.

Box the compass—निकार्गन बदाब टिट्स्व अथावर माय-इ: Name the points of the compass in order. In a box—जहार्ड : In difficulty.

To be in the wrong box—ats-x; To be mistaken; As:—If the friend or my brother fancied that, for once they were in the wrong box.—De Quincey.

Boxen, boksn, a. ৰে কাঠে বাল প্ৰছত হয় ভদাৱা নিৰ্মিত বা তংলদুল ; Made of or like box wood.

Boxer, bokser, n. মন্ত্র; One who fights with his fist.

Boxing, bokśing, n. ন্নৰ্ম ; The act of fighting Boxing-day, bokśing-da, n. ইংলতে প্ৰীষ্টেশ্নৰেৰ পৰ ৰে দিন উপাধাৰ অধান কৰা হয় ; In England, the day after Christmas when boxes or presents are given.

[ between two black guards.

Boxing match, bokśing-mach, n. মন্ত্ৰ ; Fight Boxwood, bokśwood, n. একলাডীর কাঠ ; Wood of the box-tree.

Boy, boy, n. [Fris. boi, Dut. boef, Ger. bube, L. pupus.]. বালক; A male-child; a lad — ছেবেমানুষ, A man in contempt or familiarity.

Boyar, boy'er, n কসংগীয় জন্তব্যক; A Russian nobleman.

Boycott, boy'kot, v. f. [ From Captain Boycott, who was so treated by his neighbours in Ireland 1881 ] সামাজিক বাণিজা বিষয়ক সংত্ৰৰ বহিত করা, To shut out from all social and commercial intercourse.

Boy girl, boy'-gerl, n. অগন্তা বালিকা; A hoyden. Boyhood, boy'hood, n. বালকছ, State of being a boy.

Boyish, boy'ish. a. बानकद ; बानकम्बद्धी ; Relonging to or like a boy ; childish. n=Boy'ishness, वालकप ; Childishness. adv=Boy'ishly. Boy king, boy'-king, n. बानकदाज ; A young king.

Brace, bras, n. [O Fr. brace, Fr bras, the arm, power-L. brachium, Gr. brachion, the arm, as holding together. ] जाना . A support . -- रक्त वह ; वक्ती ; वाश धक्त मयाकर्त कवित्रा एठ-क्राण पविषा बार्य; Bandage; that which holds any thing tightly '- यूनन ; यूच ; A pair .- जान-हर्भद्द ; A thick strap, which supports a carriage on wheels — भूजांकरण मः स्थानक विक ; { } ; बनानी ; In printing, a mark connecting two or more words or lines :- pl. (भन्दिलय क्लाइना बाबियान ফিডা; Straps that suspend pentaloons &c., suspenders :- v. t. 4141 7; To prop; support :-টাৰিছা বাৰা; দৃঢ়-কু; To tighten; to put in a state of tension ; to strengthen :-- জাহাতের পাল मक्तिन-क : To bring the yards to either side :-कृष्डादव शाका ; To hold firmly.

Bracelet, brāślet, n. [Fr. dim of O. Fr. brac. See Brace.] বলম; কম্ব; An ornament for the wrist worn by ladies:—বাহ বঞ্জি; Defensive armour for the arm.

Brach, brak, brach, n. [O. Fr. brache, from O. Ger. bracco.] विकास कून्य; A dog for the chase.

furious.

Brachial, braki-al, a. [See Brace.] वादनवरीय ; Belonging to the arm.

Bracing, brasing, a. বন্ধাৰত; তেজপ্ৰকাৰী; Giving strength or tone. [Ferm. Bracken, braken, n. [See Brake.] প্ৰকাহা; Bracket, braket, n. [Dim. formed from Brace.] তেজাৰ বিবিশ্ব চাল : A support projecting from a wall or other surface:—pl. মুবাছৰে ন্বাৰোজক চিছ; []; বজনী; In printing, the marks [] used to inclose one or more words:—p. t. চিচেক্ৰ মধ্যে বাৰা; বজনীয় অনুকৃত কৰা; To put within brackets:—বাক্টের উপত্রে বাৰা; To place on

bracket, to support by brackets.

Brackish, brakish, a. [Dut. brak, refuse conn.
with Wrick.] সুৰ্বান্ধ; Saltish. n.=Brackishness.
Bract, brakt, n. [bractea, a thin plate of matal,
gold-leaf.] সম্পূৰ্ণ বা ; An irregularly developed leaf at the base of the flower-stalk. a.=
Bractes I.

Bradawl, bradawl, n. [For inserting brads, long, thin nails.] ছিত্ৰ কৰিবাৰ কাঁটা; An awl to pierce hole.

Brag, brag, e. f. [ Prob. from a root of brag See Brave. ] পৰ্ক-কু; আত্মনাথা কৰা; দৰ্শ কৰা, To boast or bluster; to vaunt:—n. গৰ্ক; আত্মনাথা, দৰ্শ; A boast or boasting:—আহকাৰেৰ বস্তু; The thing boasted of:—এক প্ৰকাৰ তাস খেলা, A game at cards.

Brag is good dog, but hold fast is a better— मूर्य वना चारनका कांट्र कवा कांच्र ; Talking is all very well but doing is tar better.

Braggadocio, brag-a-dō'shi-o, n. [From Braggadochio, a boastful character in Spencer's Fairy Queen.] 
Tites; A boaster; a braggart:

—34 78; Empty boasting.

Braggart, brag'art, a. [O. Fr. bragard, vain, bragging, from the root of Brag.] ব্যব্ধ ; Boastful:—n. ৰুখা বাজিক ; A vain boaster.

Braggartiam, brag'art-18m, n. गांडिकण ; Boastfulness.

Brahma, bra'ma, n. বনা; স্টকর্বা; The self-existing and invisible creator of the Universe.

Brahmin, brä'min, Brahman, brä'man, n. [From Brahma, the Hindu Deity.] 3121; A person of the highest or priestly caste among the Hindus. a.=Bahmińic, Brahminical, Brahmańic, Brahmańical.

Brahmanism, bra'man-izm, Brahminism, bra'min-izm, ন. আকাৰ্য বৰ্ষ ; বিশ্বৰ্ষ ; One of the religions of India, the worship of Brahma.

Braid, brad, v. t. [A. S. bredan, bregdan. Ice. bregda, to weave.] একতে বুনা; বছন করা; বুনা; পাক দেওবা; To weave or entwine; to plait:—
n. গ্রন্থ; বুড়ি; বড়া; A string, cord or other texture formed by weaving or plaiting:—কৰনী; বেন্দ্র; বোলা; A band of hair formed by plaiting three or more folds together.

Brail, brail, n. [O. Fr. braiel, a cincture.] (naut.) শাব তুলিবার বজ ; Ropes to haul up or truss up sails for furling :—v. t. পাইব তোলা; To haul up in the brails

Brain, bran, n. [ A. S. bragen ; Dut, brein, ]

ম্ভিছ; The mass of nervous matter within the skull:—বৃদ্ধি ভ ভাৰেৰ আবাৰ; The seat of sensation and intelligence; the understanding:—কল্লনা; Imagination:—v. f. মৃভিছ চ্-্রাইর করা; ধানে করা; To dash out the brains of; to destroy; As:—Jack had brained one of these gentry with the club-end of his musket.

Brain fever, brain të'ver,n. মৰিক প্ৰদাৰ ; Inflammmation of the brain. [cranium. Brain pan, brain pan, n. মাধার মুকি; Skull; Brain sick, brain sik, a. মুকিলেখ; Disordered

in the understanding.

Brain-sickness, bran-siknes, n. মৰিক বিকৃতি;
বুজিনা ; বিবেচনাহীনতা; Disorder of the brain;
giddiness; indiscretion. [Mental labour.

Brain-work, bran-wurk, n. याननिक निवस ; Blow out one's brains—वय-क ; Kill one. Brainless, brailes, a यख्कमूछ ; व्योवशीन ; निर्द्धांत ; Without brains or understanding ; silly. Branish, branish, a छक युविष ; Hot headed ;

Brake, brak, n [ Low. Ger. brake, brushwood; Ger. brach, fallow ] চাৰা গাছ বিশেষ; Fern; ধাৰণ বাবা আচ্ছাদিত স্থান; A place overgrown with ferns — ৰন; A thicket.

Brake, brak, n. [From the root of Break.] শোৰ আঁচভাইবাৰ ষয়; পাটা: An instrument to break flax or hemp — ৰাজন; A bit for horses:— অৰ দমন য়া; A frame for confining horses while being shod:—বানের গতিনিবারক য়া; An instrument for checking the motion of a wheel engine:— অব্যাহন বান; A skeleton carriage for training horses:—লোইভেদক; মাটার চালড ভালিবার যা; A large heavy harrow for breaking clods:—মোল; A kneading trough:—বৌষাড়; An enclosure for cattle,

Brakeman, brakman, স. অবদ্যন থান চালক; One who manages a brake of a carriage.

Brakevan, brakvan, म. यान विरंग ; In Railway trains, a carriage furnished with powerful brakes.

Braky, brāki, a. কটকছন্ত; Rough; thorny; full Bramble, branibl, [A. S. bremel; Dut. braam, Ger brom.] কটকিত খুল; A prickly creeping shrub bearing black berries; any rough prickly shrub bearing black berries.

Bran, bran, n. [ Fr. bran, bran—Celt. bran, bran, refuse.] ভূমি; ডুম; The inner husks of corn sifted from the flour.

Bran-new, bran-nu.a. आनकवा न्छन ; मण्ड न्छन ; Quite new ; As:—The happy schoolmaster put on a bran-new pair of gloves.—Dickens.

Branny, brani, a. ভূবিবুক; Consisting of bran:
—ভূবিবং; Resembling grain.

Branch, bransh, n. [Fr. branche—Bret. branc, an arm; Low L. branca, L. branchium. See Brace.] नाना; The shoot of tree or plant:— नाहा; Any arm or extended part shooting from the main body:—निकान; A ramification; a subdivision; a department:—(कान नाहान नाना; नाहान ; A line of family descent; a descendant from a common parent:—क. i. नाहान होट निकान

रका; To spread in branches:—विकड-ङ् ; To ramify:—७. f. भोजांड विकड-ङ् ; To divide into branches.

Branch off-five-v; To form a branch or separate part; to bifurcate. [sively.

Branch out—সংবাহে বলা; To speak diffu-Root and branch—সম্পূৰ্বণ; Wholly; totally. Branchless, branshles, a. শাৰাসুত্ত; Without tranches.

Branchlet, branshlet, n. क्य नार्थ ; A twig. Branchice, brangki-E, n. pl. [ L. ] वर्डानिव कृत्व ; Gills. a.—Branchial, brangki-al.

Branchy, branshi, a. শাৰাষ্য; Full of branches. Brand, brand, n. [A. S. root of Burn.] খনছ কাইছভ: দহুদাৰ বা অৰ্থা কাইছভ: দহুদাৰ বা অৰ্থা কাইছভ: কাইছ

Brand iron or branding iron—পাৰ কৰিবাৰ লৌৰ ; An iron used to brand with.

Branded with infamy—कनकिङ; Marked with infamy.

Brand-new, brand-nd, a. নলাৰ্ণ মুডন; আনকবা মুডন; Quite new ( as if newly from the fire. ) Brandish, brandish, v. t. [Fr. brandir, from root of Brand.] অন্ত কীড়া-ক; অন্ত সঞ্চালন কবা; To move or wave as a weapon; to raise and move in various directions; to flourish:—n. অন্ত পৰিচালন; A waving or flourish.

Brandy, brandi, n. [Formerly brandwine— Dut. brandewijin—branden, to burn, to distil, and wijin, wine; Cf. Ger. brantwein.] परिवा विरुद्ध : द्वर्य ; Alcohol obtained from wine; an ardent spirit distilled from wine.

Brangle, brang'l or brangl, [Fr. branler.] विवाप ; कन्द ; A wrangle ; a squabble ; a noisy contest.

Brash, brash, a. [ Gr. brasch, harsh, impetuous.] মু:নাহনিক; Impetuous; rash; hasty:—n.
আনাত্ত বস্তু: Refuse boughs of trees; trash.

Water-brash, waw'ter-brash, n. মুৰে ৰণ টা ; A burning sensation in the stomach with eructation of an acid liquid.

Weaning-brash, we hing-brash, n. শিবদের উদ্বাধন; Diarrhea affecting children just weaned. Brass, bras, n. [A. S. braes; Ice. bras, solder; from brasa, to harden by fire, Swed. brasa, fire.] পিছল; An alloy of copper and zinc:—বিশ্বদ্ধা; বুইখা; Impudence; a brazen face (collog):—pl. পিছল নিৰ্মিত পাল ভ আৰু বাং Uttensils, ornaments, &c. made of brass.

Brassy, brasi, a. शिक्षण नववीय ; Of or pertaining to brass :— निर्माण ; युष्टे ; Impudently bold ; impudent.

Brat, brat, n. [A. S. bratt, W., Gael. brat, a rag; prov. E. brat, a child's pinafore.] শিশুৰ ভূচাৰ্থক বাম; A contemptuous name for a child. Bravado, brav-2'do, n. [Sp. bravada, from root of Brave.] শাৰ্চা; সমৰ্থ ক্যা বাদ্যাল; Boastful display of courage; a boastful treat:— আৰুষ্যাল; Boast or brag:— মাৰ্ষ্যাল বাহি; A boasting fellow. pl.=Bravadoes.

Brave, brav, a. [Fr. brave; It and Sp. brave; from Celt., as in Bret. braga, to strut about, Gael. breagh, fine. See Brag.] সাহসিক; Bold; daring; courageous:—উত্তম; মুখক; Excellent; beautiful; grand:—তত্ত্ব আকাৰবিশিই; বহুং; Having a noble mien; noble:—v.t. তুত্ত-ক; সাহস পূৰ্বক আক্ৰমণ-ক; সাহসেৱ সহিত সম্বীম হুত্তবা; To defy; to challenge; to meet boldly; to encounter with courage:—n. ছুঃসাহসিক ব্যক্তি; দাভিক ব্যক্তি; A brave man; a hector; a bully.

Bravery, brāv'er-i, n. সাহস; বীৰ্ড; Courage; heroism:—আড্ৰৱ; শোডা; Ostentation; finery. Bravo, brāvo, n. পান্ব; বাডক; বেডনভূক ছব-হতাকারী; A daring villain; an assassin; a hired assassin; a bandut:—int. সাবাস; বাহবা; সাধু সাধু; Well done

Bravura, brav-ठठा'a, n. [lt ] नी उदिरम्ब ; A term applied to songs that require great spirit in execution.

Brawl, brawl, n. [ W. bragal, to vociferate, which, acc. to Skeat, is freq. of brag. ] কলছ; বাগড়া; A noisy contention, uproar; a noisy quarrel; wrangling:—v. t. বগড়া-ক; শন্ শন্ বা কল কল কৰি কৰা; To quarrel noisily. n. Brawler.

Brawling, brawling, a. कन्दिक; Noisy; quarrelsome.

Brawn, brawn, n. [O. Fr. braon, from O. Ger. brato, flesh (for roasting)—O. Ger. pratan (Ger. braten), to roast.] পুৰুষ মাংস: The flesh of a boar or the animal itself:—
মাংসপেনী; বৃঢ় মাংসপেনী, Fully strong muscles; muscle:—ব্য; Strength; muscular strength.

Brawny, brawhi, a. शिशिक ; मार्यम ; वंगवाम ; Fleshy ; muscular ; strong.

Bray, bra, v. t. [O. Fr. breier (Fr. broyer); from root of Break. ] 54 34; To break.

Brayer, bra'ér, n. नर्क्तक यक (व जीरकांव करव ; One that brays like an ass :—कांनी विश्विक कदि-बाद वज ; Instrument for mixing ink.

Brase, braz, v. t. শিন্তৰ বাবা আফাৰিত বা সংবোধ-কু; To cover or solder with brass:—বিৰ্ণজ্ঞ-কু; To harden to impudence.

Brazen, brz'un, a. शिक्षन नवसीय वा वांबा निर्मित्र ; Pertaining or made of brass :—विर्मक ; वृष्टे ; Impudent :--- v. t. वृहेणांव महिल मन्त्रीय रखा ना नामा (नखा ; To confront with impudence.

Brazen age, bra'zn 3j, त. नांपविक क्ष ; The age of war and violence, the age which succeeds the silver age, when men had degenerated from primitive purity.

Brazen-faced, bra'zn-fased, a. निर्णं निर्मंक ;

चणा पहे : Remarkably impudent.

Brazier, brasier, bra'zher, n. শিন্তন নিৰ্মাণ-কাৰী; One who works in brass:—অসাৰ পাত্ৰ; A pan for coals.

Brazil wood, br2-2il wood, n. जान दः कवियाव कांग्रे; A very heavy wood, of red colour, grow-

ing in Brazil, used in dying red.

Breach, brech, n. [A. S bric, Fr. brech from the root of Break.] अध्यान न क्षित्र : निवन क्षा ; निवान ; A break or opening, as in the walls of a fortress: breaking of law, &c.; a quarrel:—n.t. क्षित्र क्या ; To make a breach or opening.

Breach, brech, n. हिज ; A gap or opening :— बावशा कर ; कर्डवा कर्ष कारण्या, Violation of law &c ; a neglect of duty - विवास, विरुक्ष ; Quarrel ; difference ; as, a breach between friends — बाज्य ; Invasion ; as, a breach upon kingly power — विरुक्ष ; Bereavement. Syn.—Break, gap, chasm

Breach of the peace-street, Violation of

public peace by riot.

Bread, bred, n. [ A S. bread, from breotan, to break; or from breowan, to brew ] ক্রী; An article of food made of flour or meal baked:—
বাদ্য ক্রব; কীবিকা; Provisions in general, live-lihood.

[ livelihood.

Bread and cheese—জীবনোপায়; Means of Bread and butter science—অর্থকরী বিদ্যা; Money making science or education [Stomach. Bread basket, bread-basket, n. (slang) উদ্ব; Bread fruit tree, bred-froot-tre, n. বৃক্তিবোৰ; A tree, whose pulp when backed resembles bread and is eaten as food

Bread-stuff, bred-stuf, a. WWW; Bread corn, meal: flour.

Breadth, bredth, n. [M E. brede, A. S. brædu See Broad] from; from; Extent from side to side; width.

Break, brak, v.t. [A. S. brecan; Goth. brikan, Ger. brechen; conn. with L. frango, Gi. rhegnum; Gael. bragh, a burst ] বলপুৰ্বাক বিদীপ-কৃ, To part or divide by force and violence; to rend apart:—বেলে বোলা; To burst or open by force;—ত্য-কৃ; চুৰ্-কৃ; হ্ৰ্বা-কৃ; To destroy, crush, weaken or impair:—বৰ্ণ কৰা; গভিৱোধ কৰা; Subdue; to check by intercepting, as a fall:—বেণা-কৃ; চুৰ্-কৃ; বাংল-কৃ; To crush; to shatter:—বিশুভ-কৃ; বাংল-কৃ; To tame; to train to obedience; to discipline:—বাংলাখনে অক্স-কৃ; To make bankrupt:—গভাভ-কৃ; To dismiss; to cashier:—বেণা-কৃ; বিশীপ-কৃ; To crack; to part or divide, as the skin:—ভত্ত-কৃ; গভ্তা-কৃ; To infringe or violate:—বেণা-কৃ; ক্ত বিশ্বাক ব্যা; To disclose; divulge:—বিণা-কৃয় বাংলা;

To lay open by breaking:—বেৰ-ড়; বাগাড-ড়; (নিবছজা) ভল কৰা; To terminate or interrupt; to interrupt, as silence:—হ. i. ছুই ডাল হড়লা; বেৰেল বাবিৰ হড়লা; উদিভ বা প্ৰকাশিত হড়লা; বেৰেলিবা হড়লা; (বহুৰ নহিড) বলড়া কৰা; To part in two; to burst forth; to open or appear, as the morning; to become bankruft; to fall out, as with a friend:—pa. t. broke; pa. p. broken.—π. ভল; হিল; বিৰ্ভি; বাৰা; উবা; The state of being broken; an opening; a pause or interruption; the dawn.

Broak down— ৰাস-ক ; অভিকৃত-ক ; তালিয়া পঢ়া; পথ ছাডিয়া পেৰয়া, অৰ্থাৎ বক্তবা দীকাৰ কৰা ; To destroy ; to crush ; to overwhelm ; to come down by breaking ; to give way.

Break in-वन्त्र्यक शावन-कः; Force in:-

cipline, as a horse.

Break of—সংশাধন-ক; To rid of; to cause to reform or abandon, as to break one of a habit. Break off—পৃথক-ক; To separate by breaking; —শ্যেক; ভল-ক, To put an end to, to dissolve. Break open—ভাগিলা (কনা; ভাগিলা ব্লাহা (কনা; Open by breaking.

Break over—অভ্যক্ত ; Transgress; overleap; Break up—ভল-ক, শেব কলা; ভাগ বা প্ৰক কলা; বাহাভক কলা, To dissolve, to put an end to; be devided or separated into parts: decline in

be devided or separated into parts; decline in health. As:—(a) The great Duchy of Saxony was broken up.—Freeman. (b) The Peninsula (Italy) itself is by no means so broken up by gulfs and promontories as Greece is.—Freeman. (c) In the spring of 1744 the poet was visibly breaking up—Leslie Stephen.

Break up house-keeping—গৃহকার্থা সন্ধানন করিতে বিবত হওৱা; To cease to manage one's household affairs.

Break bulk—মান নাধান; To begin to unload. Break cover—পুৰাধিত স্থান হইতে বাহিব হৰুৱা; Burst forth from concealment, as game.

Break ground— मृखिन वन-मृ, To open the carth for planting or for foundation:—(कार कार्य) आंबड-मृ, Begin to execute any plan; As:—Thus "Venitian story" or sketch, in which the author broke ground on his true satiric field, was drafted in October 1817.—J. Nichol.

Break a house—(I.aw) গৃহাংশ বা গৃহেব কোন বস্তু বলপূৰ্মক বা মল অভিয়োৱে লইবা বাছৰা; To remove any part of the house or of fastenings with violence or with felonious intent.

Break the heart—इ: त किन्छूड-कृ; कार विशेद-कृ; To crush or overwhelm with grief.

Break the back or neck of - अहि छन् - ; आहे छन करा; पाए छानिया (क्ना) अकर्मना करा; बाह्र विकास करिया (क्ना), To dislocate the joint of the back or neck of; to disable thoroughly to get over the main or worst part of; to finish or go through the main part of; As:—Thus by the time the family assembled for breakfast, between nine and ten, he had done enough—to use his own words—to break the neck of the day's work—Smiles. To break the news Nail with an To communicate the news; As:—he was thankful that kind Atterbury consented to break the news to her.—Thackeray.

Break a lance—প্ৰতিগক্ষে কৃথিত বিবাদে প্ৰবৃত্ত হত্যা ; (fig.) To enter into a contest with a rival. Break a path, road—ৰাধা সংঘ্ ৰাভা বাহিব-ক :

To open a way through obstacles.

Break the ide—প্ৰথম উপস্থিত বাধা অভিক্ৰম কৰা; বিশ্ব বাধা অভিক্ৰম কৰিবা কোন কাৰ্য্যে হত পেত্যা; প্ৰথম কৰা কৰা; মৌন ভন্ম-তৃ; To get through first difficulties; to overcome obstacles and make a beginning; As:—The ice being thus broken, Paul asked him a multitude of questions about chimes and clocks.—Dickens.

Po break the way—পৰ বন্ধ কৰিয়া লা ৰাখিয়া মুক্ত কৰিয়া কেবা; Not to keep the way blocked up. Break jail—কাৰাগাৰ তক্ত কৰিয়া প্ৰদায়ন-কু; Escape from confinement in jail, usually by forcible means.

[ duce a subject.

Break a subject—প্ৰসন্থ উত্থাপন কৰা ; To intro-Break one's spirit—হতাশ-ক ; To dishearten. Break a jest—উপহাস-ক ; পৰিহাস কৰা , Utter a

jest unexpectedly.

Break one's fall—কাহাৰত পত্ৰেৰ আহাত কথান; বাহাৰ কথতা হঠাং হাল না কহিয়া ক্ৰমে ক্ৰমে কৰা; Lessen the shock of one's fall; make one's loss of power come off gradually or not on a sudden. As.—(a) Let him not think to break his fall by asking their advice beforehand.—Helps. (b) Here is no one to give a push to struggling energies, to guide aspiring intelligence, or to break the fall of a unavoidable misfortune.

Break one's fast—fracte and with fal; Eat one's first meal in the day.

Break one's mind—খনের ভার প্রকাশ-ক; To disclose one's thoughts.

Break one's word—খৰীকাৰ খৰ-কু; To violate one's promise. [ from the anus.

Break wind—1994—7; Give vent to wind
Break the force or shock of—2914 4

2509 194 44; Lessen or impair the force or
violence of; As:—(a) The room was quitted
on all sides to break the force of a joit when I
went in a coach. (b) All this long preparation
for the event, could not break the shock of it.

Break silence— 34 (4)41; 54! 3610 3143
31; Open one's mouth; begin to speak; As:
—(4) It was on this motion that Pitt, who had
not broken silence during the session in which
he took his seat, addressed the house for the
first time.—Macaulay. (b) The stranger, in a
harsh, deep voice, broke silence.—C. Kingsley.

Break the silence—set start frees speaking; Interrupt the prevailing silence by speaking; As:—Philamon fell too much respect both for his age, and his stately sadness to break the silence.—C. Kingsley.

Break the spine—গুৱেৰ আই ভাজিছা দেবা; ক্ষতা বা এভাৰ সন্পূৰ্মণে বিদাই কৰা; Dislocate the joint of the backbone, hence wholly destroy the power or influence of; As:—The first step of the English Parliament was to break the spine of sacerdotal assumption.—Froude,

To break upon the wheel—অপৰাধীকে চক্ৰেৰ উপৰ বিসাবিত কৰিয়া ভাষাৰ অধি চূৰ্ব কৰিয়া বাজি দেখা; To punish by stretching a criminal on a wheel, and breaking his bones.

To break upon one একাৰিছ হৰৱা; হাং গোচনীত্ত হৰৱা; To dawn upon one; to reveal suddenly to.

Break away - হাাৎ তভাং-হ: To disengage one's self abruptly: - বিভিন্ত - ই. To become dissipated, as the clouds,

Break away from—বিজোহী হজা; আপনাকে হাছ ভজাত করা; Revolt from; disengage one's self suddenly from; As:—He did not know that already he was breaking away from England, and rapidly going adrift.—Kinglake.

Broak down—ভাজিয়া পড়া; To come down by breaking:—বিজ্ঞান হ'; To fail in any undertaking. See page 166.

Break forth— पानव कांच लकान- कृ; To give vent to one's feeling:— निर्मेश रका; To issue suddenly, as sound, light &c; As:— Joan was astonished to find the Loire flowing between her and the walls, and broke forth into angry reproaches—Lord Mahon.

Break from-Maira- ; Escape from.

Break in upon—ৰলপুৰ্বক ধৰেৰ-কু; Enter forcibly and unexpectedly:—ৰাখাৰ-কু; Disturb; As:—But afterwards, and for reasons unknown to the shepherds, the chief powers of the earth began to break in upon these peaceful scenes.—Kinglake.

Break into—वन्यूकं वादान करा ; यह वह वा न्यक इव्हा ; रहेद পৰिवर्कन रहा ; Enter forcibly into ; be split or separated into ; change suddenly into (as from one state of mind, or course of action into another.) As:—(a) They broke into houses and committed murders.—A. Trollope. (b) In like manner the Mahomedan power had been broken into two Caliphates.—A. Trollope. (c) Mr. Carker took advantage of a clearer thoroughfare, and cleaner road, and broke into a trot.—Dickens.

Break loose—13 ; To extricate one's self forcibly; to shake off restraint; As:—(a) Maddened at last by the singular kind of torment, the Czar broke loose from the restraints of policy.—Kinglake. (b) When the workmen found it was impossible for me to break loose, they cut off all the strings that bound me.—Swift. (c) All evil passion, the thirst of gain and the thirst of vengeance have broken loose from the control of devine and human laws.

Break off—निवस १७वा; स्थार गृथक १७वा; त्याः इदा; गिर्वाशां करा; To become separated by rupture or with suddenness and violence; to desist or stop suddenly; put an end to; leave of. Break out—वास्ति-र; सक्चार উপन्निक-र; To issue forth; to arise or appear suddedly.

Break through—वनपूर्वक बर्गन-कृ; Enter forcibly :—वाक्-कृ; Disregard. Breek with—বিবাদ-ত্ব; লবত লামত পবিতাপ কৰা; To fall out; to part friendship with; sever all connection with; As:—Pope was still almost a boy when he broke with Wycherley. The breek-up of—ভত্ত; পাছল; আল; The dissolution of; As:—The great Pashas or Governors of the distant provinces tried to set up for themselves, just like the state of thing at the breaking-up of the Caliphate.—Freeman. Break down, n. মুক্তনা; পুতুল; Failure; an acident; down-fall.

Breakage, brakaj, n. তেল; A breaking:—
ব্যাট; ভয়ুব্বাৰ নিমিত ব্যাট; Allowance for articles destroyed in the carriage; allowence for thing broken.

Breaker, braker, n. আৰু; One who or that which breaks:—pl. ভাৰি; লৈল বা অটে প্ৰভিত্ত ভাৰত; Waves breaking into foam against shore; waves broken or rocks on the shore.

Breakers ahead—আ্বার বিপাদ; Hidden danger at hand.

Breaking-in, braking-in, n. আশিকিত প্ৰংক শিকা দিয়া বৰ্ণে আনম্ভন; The act of training to labour, as of a horse. [Bankruptcy.

Breaking, braking, n. কা শোগণে অন্মতা;
Breakfast, brekfast, n. প্রতিকোলীন ভোজন;
পারণ; প্রতিবাল; The first meal of the day:—v.i.
প্রতিকোলে ভোজন-কু; To take the first meal:—
v.t. প্রতিকোলে আহার প্রথম হোগান; প্রতিভোজন
শ্রম্ম ক্যা; To furnish with a morning meal.

Breakneck, braknek, a. উন্নত্যত ; বিশ্বস্থাক ; বাড় তালিবাৰ সভাবনাবিশিষ্ট ; Steep ; dangerous ; likely to cause a broken neck ; As:—Every tooth was a break-neck fence, and every pimple in the measles a stone wall to him (to Paul, as he grew up into a boy)—Dickens.

Break vow, brak vow, n. অক্টাৰাৰ ভক্কাৰী; One who breaks a vow.

Break water, brāk waw'ter, n. উৰ্দ্ধি-বেগ নিবা-বণাৰ্থ ৰক্ষৰে মুখে বাঁৰ; ত্বস্ববেগ বোধক; A mound or wall built in the sea or at the mouth of a harbour to break the force of the waves:— বাৰা; Obstruction.

Bream, brem, n. [Fr. breme, for bresme—O. Ger. brahsema, Ger. brassen.] এক আতীয় নংখ্য; A fresh-water fish of the crap family: a salt-water fish somewhat like it.

Breast, brest, n. [A. S. breast; Ger. brust, perh. from the notion of bursting forth, protruding.] বকঃছল; The part of the body between neck and belly:—কন; The organ that secrets milk; the nipple:—কনন; The heart; the scat of affections and passions:—বিবেক; অবৃত্তি; কো; Conscience; disposition; affections:—
v. i. সমূৰে সাকাৰ-কৃ; সাহসেৱ সহিত বাধা বেভনা;
To meet in front; to oppose manfully:—v. t.
ক পাতিয়া বেভনা; বাধা-বে; To bear the breast against; to oppose.

Infant at the breast - satelist Fig. A young child that sacks the mother; a baby.

A baby at the breast—swifting; A young child nursed at the breast; a suckling;

As:—He would spare no living thing; no, not the young girls; not the babies at the breast.

Make a clean breast of—नम चीकार कर्या; जनम सकाम-इ; To make a full confession; disclose secrets which weigh upon one.

Breast bone, brest-būn, n. ৰকোহছি; Sternum. Breast deep or breast high—আৰম্ভ ; বক্তেন্ পৰ্বায় : Up the breast; high as the breast.

Breast plate, brest plat, n. উৰৱাৰ; ইছ্লীপিৰেৰ অধাৰ আচোৰ্ব্যেৰ পৰিজ্বেৰ অংশ বিশেষ; In B., a part of the dress of the Jewish high-priest; armour for the breast; cuirass.

Breast work, brest wurk, n. হুৰ্গ ডিভি বিশেষ; প্ৰগণ্ড ; এক বৃক্ উ চু ৰাটিব বাধ ; A defensive earthwork breast-high.

To take the breast—बाङ्डन नान कवा; To voluntarily take the mother's milk.

Breath, breth, n. [A S. brath; Gr. brodem, steam, breath; perh, akin to L. frag-rare, to smell.] निवाम; The air respired:—आन! Life:—विवास; Respite; pause:—यूक्पन वासु; A very slight breeze:—यूक्फ्नान; An instant:—

Above o.io's breath—হাস-প্রবাস পদের উপরে উঠে করপ উচ্চধরে, So loudly that the voice may rise above the sound of the breath,

At a breath—অভিসামান্ত ভাবণে; এক নিখানে, বা মুহুৰ্ত্তে; অভি সামান্ত প্ৰভিৰন্ধক পাইলে; At the last touch; in an instant; on meeting with the slightest check or opposition.

Out of breath—কায়; বেশম; হাপাইতে হাপাইতে; Exhausted; breathless; As:—He is quite out of breath. [same instant; at once. By one breath—অকবাবে; বিবেবে; At the In a breath—এক বিবাসে; এক সমুদ্ধে; In an instant; at the same time; As:—He smiles and he flowers in a breath.—Dryden.

Under one's breath—খাতে; অভি মুহুৰৰে; Softly; in a low voice. [same instant. In the same breath—মুৰুৰণ; নেই মুহুৰ্ছে; At the To hold breath—নিবাস বোৰ-কু; নিবাস বোৰ করিয়া থাকা; মন বন্ধ করিয়া থাকা; To pause; to remain in a breathless state.

To draw breath—জীবিত থাকা ; নিবাস কেনিয়ার সময় থাকা ; বিপ্রাম করা ; To live ; to have breathing time ; to have some respire or pause.

To take breath-fair at fair out; To pause or rest.

The breath of one's being - जीवनी पाँच ; जोबरनव अवान वह ; Thh thing without which one cannot live ; the element in which one lives ; As:—His greatness as well as his weakness lay, in the fact that from boyhood battle was the breath of his being.

fear, &c; Aa:—He spoke of him with bated breath, as a being almost superior to Humanity.—Leslie Stephen. (b) Shall I bend low and in a bond's man's key, With bated breath, and whi-pering humbleness. Say this; \* \* The Merchant of Venice.

Not a breath of air—কি ছিলাত বাবু ৰাই; বাতা-দেৰ বেশ্যাত নাই; Not even the slightest breeze. Breath free—কোন উৰ্বেগ বা বিপদ হইতে মুক্ত হইয়া সহস্কাৰে নিয়াস পৰিত্যাগ কৰা; Breathe with ease from being rid of some trouble or anxiety; As —Atter a pause of two or three minutes however, finding that the sounds were not renewed, we began to breath free, persuaded that our ears must have deceived us.—Warren. Breath-hole, breth-hol, n. গ্ৰাক; ভাৰালা; Vent, window.

Breathe, breth, v. i. बान अवीन लड़ा ; To inspire and expire air :-- জীবিত থাকা; To live --विद्याप-कृ; Rest, pause :-- विश्वित इन्नया ; Emanate :-- o t. খাস প্ৰখাস লওয়া ; To draw in and give out air :- मृश्कार करा; To whisper :-প্ৰকাশ-কু; To express; to manifest -- প্ৰাৰিষ্ট [ Infuse. क्वान ; To infuse. Breathe in or into-अकाद-क : धारिके कदान : Breathe out-चाम अवाम किया वाका পविज्ञान-क ; উम्मीद्र - क ; To eject by breathing. [ Dic. Breathe one's last—মুড-ছ; প্রাণভ্যাগ করা; To breathe short-(উৰেগ হেড়) খন খন খাস পৰিসাপ করা; To breathe quickly (from great anxiety); As :- The Captain glanced at the newspaper in Mr. Trot's hand, and breathed short and hurriedly .- Dickens.

Breathing, birthing, n. বাস-বিয়া; Respiration —অনুপ্রাণ, Inspiration; gentle influence or operation:—জাকাজ্ঞা; গুপু প্রার্থনা; Aspiration; secret prayer:—উচ্চাবণ; Accent —বিষাম; Respite.—a বাসক্রিয়া স্চক; Respiring; living:— জাবনপ্রদ; প্রাণের উপযোগী; Vital.

Breathing-place—विवाप; Pause.

Broathing-time—नियान (क्लिवाब नमय; विवाध; Time to breathe or rest; pause; relaxation.

Breathless, breathles, a. কক্ষাস ; বেগম ; মুক ; Out of breth ; dead. n= Breathlessness.

Breech, brech, n [See Breeches, the garment.]
কটিলেখ ; The lower part of the body behind :—
কুণা : ৰন্ধেত প্ৰভাগ ভাগ ; The hinder part of a
gun :—
υ t. পাজামা প্রাব ; পাজামা পরিধান করা ;
To put into breeches.

Breech loader, brech-löder, n. কামান বিশেব; অক অকাৰ বন্ধুক; A fire-arm that receives the load at the breech.

Breeches, n. কৰাবৰ'; পাকাৰা; Trousers; garment worn by men on the lower part of the body.

To wear the breeches—নীৰ ৰণপুৰ্বক সামীৰ অধিকাৰ গ্ৰহণ-ক; Usurp the authority of the husband—said of a wife.

Breed, bred, v. t. [A S. bredan, to cherish; keep warm; Ger. bruent, to hatch; conn. with Brew.] প্ৰদৰ-কৃ; উৎপাদন কৰা; ডা পেভয়া; To beget; to generate or bring forth; to hatch:—

ভংগন্ধ-তৃ ; সংঘটন করা ; To cause, occasion, originate :— আভিসন্ধি-তৃ ; To contrive :— শিকা-তে To educate :— প্রতিগান্ম-তৃ ; To bring up :— ০. i. গর্ভধানশ-তৃ ; To conceive ; to be with young :— ভংগন্ন হত্তমা ; প্রসন্থ করা ; To be generated ; to produce offspring :— n. বংশ ; আডি ; A race of men or other animals from the same stock ; kind or race :— বংস ; শাবক ; সন্তান সন্তুতি ; Offspring ; progeny :— এককানীন সন্তুত সীব ; A brood or the number produced at a brith. n.= Breeder.

Breed in the bone— স্বাত্তমনীব ; Internal.

Of a good breed—উত্তম স্থাতীয়। [polite. Well breed—বিনীড; ভয়, Well-disciplined; To breed in and in—এক স্থাতি হইছে প্ৰাণী উৎপদ্ধ; To breed from the animals of the same stock and very nearly related.

To raise a breed— ৰীবেৰ উংকৰ্থ নাধন-কু, Used of rearing animal. [breeds or brings up-Breeder, preder, n. উৎপাদক বা জনক; One who Breeding, breding, n. শিকা; Education:—ব্যব্ধার: ভব্ডা; Manners; acportment:—উৎপাদন; Act of producing.

Good breeding, good breding, n. east; Politeness; genteel deportment.

Brooze, brez, n. [Fr brise, a cool wind; It. bressa.] মুহ্মক বায়; মুহ্ম বাব্যবাহ; A gentle gale; a light wind — মৃদ্ধিকা বিশেষ; A gadfly:

– v i. মুহ্ভাবে বহা; To blow gently.

Land breeze, land' brez, n. হল হইতে বে বাৰ্ সম্জাভিমুৰে প্ৰবাহিত হয়; হলবায়, A wind blowing regularly from the land, generally at night.

Sea breeze, se brez, n. সমূৰবাৰ; A breeze or wind blowing at stated times generally in the day from the sea.

Breezy, breźi, a. হুপ্ৰবাভ; মুছ বাদ্-সঞ্চানিভ; বাষ্ প্ৰবাহেৰ অধীন; Fanned with breezes; subject to breezes.

Brethren, brethren, n. আড়বর্গ: Plural of Brethern of the quill—সহকারী লেখক; Fellow writers.

Breton, britun, a. বীটানী, বা ক্লাল দেশত বিটেন প্রদেশ সহজীয়; Belonging to Brittany or Bretagne, in France. [ tarchy.

Bretwalda, n. The chief of the kings of Hep-Breve, brev, n. [It. breve—L brevis, short. In old church music there were but two notes, the long and the breve or short. Afterwards the long was disused, and the breve became the longest note. It is now little used, the semi-breve being the longest note. ] সুবেৰ বা ভালেৰ প্ৰিয়াপক চিক; মন্ত্ৰীতেৰ পৰি সুবেৰ চিক বিশেষ; A note equivalent to two semibreves, or four minims, the longest note now used in music.

Brovet, brevet, n. [Fr., a short document—L. brevis, short.] আদেশ-পত্ৰ; A document without seal, by which the king grants a favour:— দৈত্বে পদ বিশেষ; A commission in the army at large, but not with a particular command:
—সাম্বিক কৰ্মচাৰীৰ উচ্চতৰ পদে কাৰ্য্য কৰিবাৰ আদেশ-পত্ৰ; A military commission extiling an officer to take rank above that for which he receives pay.

Breviary, brevi-ar-i, n. [ Fr. breviaire-L. brevis, short. ] मायमरअंद ; An epitome :-- (बामान कांबनिकमिश्रव रेमिक खांबा-मध्यह : The book containing the daily service of the Roman Catholic churches.

Brevier, brev-er', n. ছাপিবার এক প্রকার ছোট भक्त ; A small type between bourgeois and minion, orig. used in printing breviaries.

Brevity, brevit-i, n. [ L. brevitas -brevis, short. ] नराकन ; Conciseness ; shortness.

Brew, brod, v. t. [ A. S. breovan ; cf. Ger. branen, which, like Fr. brasser, is said to be from Low L. brazare, which is perh. from Celt. brag, malt. ] भीक वा निक-क ; Boil or seethe --अधिनकि इ : कोलन करा : वहरूष-क : To contrive or plot :- সুৱা প্রস্তুত-কু; To prepare, as a liquor, from malt and hops &c. :- ए. i. ञ्बा शहा कवि-वाव वाकिका-क : To perform the operation of brewing :-- খনীভুত-হ; প্রস্তুত হওয়া; গঠিত বা এক-बिड रुखा ; To be in a state of preparation ; to f brews. be forming or gathering.

Brewer, broo'er, n. त्रवा-अञ्चलकावी : One who Brewery, broo'er-i, n. कांत्रिश्ता ; यना अञ्चक कदि-

बाब श्रान ; Place for brewing.

Brewing, brooling, n स्वत्र्वा शोक ; वव स्ट्रेंट त्र्वा প্ৰসূত কৰা; The act of making beer from malt &c:-এককালীৰ বত পৰিমাণ প্ৰা প্ৰস্তুত হয়; The quantity made at one time.

Bribe, brib, n. [ Fr. bribe, a lump of bread-Celt. as in W. briwo, to break, briw a fragment. ] डेश्रकां ; आलांकन ; Something given to influence unduly the judgment or corrupt the conduct ; allurement :- v. t উৎকোচ বাবা वनीकृष-F: To influence or corrupt by a bribe. [bribes Briber, briber, n. Becato ato; One who Bribery, briber-i, n. Becate मान वा अर्न ; The practice of giving or taking bribes.

Brick, brik, n. [Fr. brique from root of Break.] \*\* A square of clay for building :-- (colloquial) आत्यानशिव वालि ; A merry fellow :-ইইকাকৃতি কটা; A loaf of bread in the shape of a brick :-- v. f. ইটুক ছাবা বাজা প্রস্তুত-কু; ইটুক হাপৰ করা ; To lay or pave with bricks.

Brickbat, brikbat, n. [ Brick and Bat, an implement for striking with. ] ইहेक-वं ; जिन ; A piece of brick. [ which bricks are burned. Brick-kiln, brik-kil, n. ইটের পাজা ; A kiln in Brick-layer, n. brikia-er, n. वाक्षिति; A mason; one who lays or builds with bricks. n.=Bricklaying.

A regular brick, reg'u-lar brik, n. आहमानिवा f read hard. লোক : A jolly good fellow. To read like a brick-अधिना अधायन-क ; To Bridal, bridal. n. विवार ; दिवारश्यव ; शदिवम ; পরিশয় ভোড় : A marriage feast ; a wedding or marriage :-- a. रेववाहिक ; विवाहमध्यीत ; Belonging to a bride, or wedding; nuptial.

Bride, brid, n. [ A. S. bryd ; Ice. brudr, Ger. braut,'a bride ; W. priod, one married. ] 44; নবোচা; নৰ-পহিণীতা হুম্পী; কৰে; A woman about to be married or newly married.

Bride-cake, bridkak, n. विवादकालीय दवबाद वा

क्छाराज्यित्तव चक्र भिडेक : नरवाहा वयनेव भिडेच : Cake for guests at a wedding; bride's cake. Bride-chamber, brid-chamber, m. क्ष्मदक्ष ; The nuptial apartment.

Bridegroom, bridgroom, n. [ A. S. brydguma -guma, a man. ] वत : विवाशाणी वा अवविवाशिष्ठ 194; A man about to be married or newly married.

Bride-maid, bridmad, n. करवड जहारती: A woman who attends on a bride at a wedding.

Bride-man, bridman, n. वदकाबद अव्यव : The man who attends on a bridegroom and bride at their marriage.

Bridewell, bridwel,n [From a palace near St. Bribe's Well in London, afterwards used as a house of correction.] च्यित गरमाधनांशीय; कारांशीय; A house of correction; prison.

Bridge, brij, n. [A. S. bricg ; Ger. bruche, Ice. bryggja. ] সেড ; A way or structure built over a river :- সেতুৰ ভাগ পদাৰ্থ; Anything like a bridge :-- v. i. সেতু বন্ধৰ-কু; সেতু নিৰ্দাণ কৰা; To build a bridge over.

Bridle, bridl, n. [A S. bridel; O. Ger. bridel. whence Fr. bride ] बन्त्री ; नात्रीम ; Bit ; reins : -- अवरदाधक ; नामन ; मयन ; Restraint ; check :-थ. :. लांगांच (मञ्जा ; लांगांच किया हालांच ; To put on a bridle ; to manage by a bridle :- - - --ममन कदा ; To restrain , to check :- ए. रं. नगरन मछक উত্তোলন কৰিছা शाका ; To hold up the head. and draw in the chin as an expression of scorn, pride and resentiment; to hold up the head proudly or affectedly.

Bridle up-খতক উত্তোপন কৰিয়া খুণা বা কোৰ প্রকাশ-ক ; To express scorn or resentment by holding up the head and drawing in the chin. Bridle-path, bri'dl-path, n. अवादाशीमिश्रव त्रवन 914; A path or way for horsemen.

Bridle-way, bridl-wa, n. watcatela we: A way for a traveller on horse-back.

Brief, bref, a. [ Fr. bref-L. brevis, short, ] मःकिथ ; Concise ; short :- किन , Lasting for a short time :-- মংকেপ ; An epitome :-- মেক-र्फाय मःकिछ विवयन, An abridgment of a client's case :-- मनिल ; श्वधवाना ; A writ .-- (कान अकादब मःकिश विववन : A short statement of any kind. Briefless, brefles, a. (भाकिष्य पृष्ठ ; Having no brief; without a brief. ciseness. Briefness, brefnes, n. A: Tan , Brevity ; con-Brier, Briar, bri'er, [ M E. brere, A. S. brer,

ir. briar, thorn. ] कफेकी लड़ा; बना (शालादभव লাধাৰণ নাম ; A prickly plant ; a common name for the wild rose.

Briery, bri'er-i, a कफेकिड ; Prickly ; thorny. Brig, brig, r. [ Shortened from Brigantine. ] শোভ বিশেষ ; A vessel with two masts, squarerigged; a two-masted, square-rigged vessel.

Brigade, brig-ad, n. [ Fr. brigade-It. brigata -Low L. briga, strife. ] निक्रमन विद्यान ; A body of soldiers, consisting of several regiments; a body of troops consisting of two or more regiments of infantry or cavalry, and commanded by a general-officer, two or more of which form

a division :—». f. निकरन बच्ची-कू ; निवारत विकल कू ; To form into brigades.

Brigadier, brig-a-der', Brigadier-general, brig-a-der'-jeher-al, n. lower alas; The officer commanding a brigade.

Brigand, brig'and, n. [Fr.-lt. brigante-briga, strife.] To: Freebooter; robber.

Brigandage, brig'and-aj, n. 7275; Plunder; freebooting.

Brigandin, n. brig'an-din, n. [Fr. so called because worn by brigands.] 44. A coat of mail. Brigantine, brig'an-tin, n. [From Brigand, because such a vessel was used by pirates.] (পাৰ বিশেষ; A small brig; a light vessel.

Bright, brit, a. [A. S. bearlit, briht; cog. with Goth. bairhts, clear, Gr. phlego, L. flagra, to flamma=flag-ma, Sans bhraj, to shine.] हेक्क ; श्रीह्यान , Full of light; shining:—क्छ , श्रीह्यान , Transparent; clear; beautiful—वृद्धितान, रष्ट्व ; श्रमण ; Sparkling with wit; of a quick intellect; clever:—(जोववाविक ; Illustrious.—मह; Manifest to the mind. n=Brightness; adv = Brightly.

Bright's disease— युक्ताने ; The degeneration of the tissues of the kidneys into fat.

Brighton, britn, v. t. উজ্জ্ব করা বা উজ্জ্বতর করা; দীপ্রিয়ান-কৃ; To make bright or brighter; to increase the lustre of —প্রক্র-কৃ; To cheer; to make cheerful or joyful:—বিশ্বাড-কৃ; প্রসিক্ষর ; To make distinguished; to make illustrous:—চতুর-কৃ; To make witty or acute —v ti. উজ্জ্ব হওয়া বা উজ্জ্বতর হওয়া, পরিক্ষর হওয়া; To grow bright or brighter; to clear up. Brill, bril, n. [ Corn. brilli, mackerel=brith-el, dim. of brith, speckled cognate with Goel. breac, speckled, a trout. See Brock ] মংস্থা বিশেষ ; A kind of fish; a fish of the same kind as the turbot, spotted with white

Brilliance, brilyans, Brilliancy, brilyans-i, n. উত্তৰতা; Splendour.

Brilliant, bnilyant, a. [Fr. brillant, pr. p. of briller, to shine, which, hke Ger. brille, an eyeglass, is from Low L. beryllus, a beryl.] উन्देन, नीशियान; Sparking, glittering:—(जीववाविक : बाज्यक्तील; Splendid — n. शीवक; उरक्ष्माठीय शीवक; A diamond so cut as to refract the light and make it more glittering; a diamond of the finest cut.

Brim, brim, n. [ A S brim, surge, surf, the margin of sea where it sounds; conn. with O. Ger. bræmen, to hum, L. fremere, to roar. ] बाह्य ; बाद ; किनावा ; Rim, border ; margin or brink of a river or lake :- MICE GMESIE; The upper edge of a vessel :- v. t. at the পু-িক ; To fill to the brim :-- v. i. প্রান্ত প্রধান পুর্ব west; To be full to the brim. pr. p.=brimming; pa p =brimmed. f hence, entirely. To the brim-ate sty ; To the edge or rim; Brimful, brimfool, a. कानाकानि, कानाव कानाव [ to the brim or top. 71; Full to the brim. Brimmer, brimer, n. 91891 910; A glass full Brimstone, brimston, n. (Lit. burning stone; from A S. bryne, a burning byrnan, to turn, and Stone, of Ger. bernstein. ] 444; Sulphur. Brinded, brinded, Brindled, brindled, a. [See Brand.] fraffing; fraffes; Spotted; coloured in stripes; variegated.

Brine, brin, n. [A. S. bryne, a burning; applied to salt liquor, from its burning, biting quality.] সমুত্র, The sea:—লবশাসু; Water saturated with salt; salt water:—জঙ্গ, চকুরূল; Tears.

Bring, bring, v. t. [A. S. bringan, to carry, to bring; allied perh. to Bear.] আনম্ব-কু; ব্ৰন্কু; To fetch; to carry, to convey:—উৎপন্ন-কু; বাই কৰা; To produce; to procure; as, a cause:—প্ৰাইড-কু; To induce; to prevail on:
—pa. t. and pa p. brought (browt)

Bring about—when s; with ; well of or ; To effect; to accomplish; to bring to pass; As:—Lord Stradford, it would seen, had now little hope of being able to bring about an accommodation.—Kinglake.

Bring an action-western- ; Sue.

Bring back-প্রতাবিষ্ণ-ক ; পুনরবিষ্ণ করা ; Recall ; restore ; As :--Rudolf did much to bring back law and order.--Freeman.

Bring down— অব্যত্ত ; To humble ; to cause to come down; As :—My chief attention was now to bring down the pride of my family to their circumstances.—Goldsmith.

Bring down the house— अन्याशिक र क्या ;
To elicit applause.

Bring forth—প্ৰসৰ-কু; উৎপাদৰ কৰা; To beget; to give birth to; to produce:—প্ৰকাশ-কু; Bring to light. [ to the view.

Bring forward—সন্থে উপস্থিত-কু; To produce Bring home to —সপৰ্কপে ক্ষম্ব ক্ৰান; To make one thoroughly feel or appreciate; As:
—The consciousness of a preceding turmoil brings home to us best the sense of perfect peace.—Myers.

Bring in—আনমন-কৃ; প্রবর্ত্তি করা; উথাপিত করা; To introduce:—উৎপাদন-কৃ, To produce, as income:—সংগ্রহ-কৃ, To collect.

Bring in a verdict—বিদার নিশন্তি-স্থ ; To render a decision or judgment—said of a jury.

Bring into court—कानावाद आने: To seek to adjust by law [to make orderly. Bring into order—नृथवादक-कृ: To arrange; Bring into play—कानाव्यान कवान: कार्यकारी कवा; To cause to act or operate; As .—Ajax the lesser brings into play his band of Locrian bowmen.—W L. Collins.

Bring off— দূব হইতে আনব্য-কৃ; To convey from a distant place:—অব্যাহতি দেওয়ান; To procure to be acquitted; to cause to escape. [originate. Bring on—উৎপান-কৃ; To cause to begin; to Bring oneself to—আগনাকে কোনৰ কাৰো অব-ভিড-কৃ; To persuade oneself to do something. Bring one on—কাহাকে চানাইখা লকা; Carry one through (as one's lessons, &c); As:—Cornelia had brought him on as vigorously as he could.—Dickens.

[ to detect. Bring out—অখাশ-কৃ, To expose; to publish;

Bring over—পাৰ-কু; To bear across; to convey across:—এক পদ হটাত অন্ত পাৰ আনহৰ-ছু To cause one to change sides or opinion.

Bring round—পীড়া ইহতে আবোষা-ত ; Restore one to health; to induce one to adopt the good course:—প্ৰবৃত্তিত-তু ; স্বপ্ধ অবসমন কৰিতে অবৃত্তি পেত্ৰা; To persuade:—একদল হইতে অন্ত খনে আনা বা মুখ্য পৰিবৰ্তন ক্ৰান; To make one change sides or opinion.

Bring suit—থোকখা-কু; Institute an action.
Bring to—পুনজাবিত-কু; To resuscitate:—
কাহাজের গতি হাস-কু; To check the course of a
ship while sailing, As:—When the storm was
over we set fore-sail and main-sail and brought
the ship to.—Swift.

Bring to a close or end-जमानन क्या; भिष क्या: To finish; to put an end to.

Bring to a focus—নগুছাৰে আন্তৰ কৰা; অৱ-খাৰে বছৰিব্যের অবভাবে কৰা; Cause to meet in a central point; hence present many things in a small compass; As:—In the criticism of a famous work there is often little left to do but to criticise the critics—to bring to a focus the most silent things that have been said about it. Bring to a head—স্বিশেষরূপে দেখান; প্রকাশনান আফুডিডে প্রতীয়মান কর'ন; পূর্বতা বা সম্পূর্ব হিছাপ্ত ফ্টেড প্রতায়মান কর'ন; পূর্বতা বা সম্পূর্ব হিছাপ্ত ফ্টেড প্রতায় Make to appear in a promunent shape; cause to attain full growth or development; As:—This jealousy was brought to a head by the representation of Lord Baltimore. Bring to a level—সম্ অবস্থায় পরিশত করা; Reduce to an equal footing or position.

Bring to a stand-still—বৰ্ণ কৰা; বহিত কৰা; ব্যানিক কৰা; Cause a suspension of; As:—In a country such as this, where business is often brought to a stand-still by over-trading and over-speculation, many masters, clerks and work-people are thrown out of employment.

Bring to light—একাশ-কু; To make clear; to discover. [ to memory. Bring to mind—স্থানিধ্য আন্তৰ-কু; To recall Bring to notice—কাৰাৰ; To make known.

Bring to pass—ৰূপান-কৃ; To effect; to accomplish [To cause to agree to something. Bring to terms—কোন বিষয়ে কাহাকে সম্বত কৰা; Bring to the block—কানি দেখো; Bring to the scaffold, cause one to be executed.

Bring to the ground—অवनত कवा; साल कवा; विनाण कवा: निरमण कवा; Lower; destroy; throw down; humble. [sell at auction. Bring to the hamm 'r—निलाद विकाद; To Bring to the lest or the touchstone—

প্ৰাক্ত to the lest of the touchstone— প্ৰাক্ত কৰা; Put to proof or trial; As:—I resolved therefore, to bring him to the touchstone.—Goldsmith.

Bring under — ৰণীকুত-কু; Subdue; repress. Bring up—প্ৰতিপালৰ-কু; শিকা-দে; To nurse; to educate; to instruct; to rear.

Bring word—नःवान जानसन-कृ; To convey a message or tidings; bring news.

Bring to book-দাৰী-ক; হিদাৰ দিতে দাৰী কৰা; কৰাণ কৰিছে বাধ্য-ক; Make one render an ac-

count; to require to explain or prove.

Bring to n crisis—(कान दिवह निणादित जवजीत जानवन-क ; Bring an affair to a decisive point. Bring to an end—अनावन-क ; Conclude.

Bring to an issue—( " प्रकार पानस्म ; fater sea all air to a termination; to have (a disputed point) finally settled or decided; As:—Raphael was not sorry to have the matter brought to an issue that very evening.—C. Kingslay. (b) Cæsar determined to bring the destinies of Gauland his own fortunes to issue at a single blow.

Bring up the rear - পভাতে খাকা; To constitute the rear guard; to be in the rear; As:—Mr. Carker, on hor-eback, brought up the rear. Bring upon—খান্ত च्या; मार्चिन क्या; To cause to; to draw upon; As:—The cruelty of the Forest Laws, and the torture and the death they brought upon the peasantry, increased this hatred—Dickens.

Bringer, bring'er, n. আন্মনকারী; One who brings or conveys.

Brink, bringk, n [ Dan. brink, declevity; Ice. bringr, hillock ] তার ধার, প্রায়; The edge or border of a steep place.

On the brink of—ধাতে. প্রান্তে; On the edge of a steep place — নিকটবন্তা; On the point of:— কোৰ কার্যাকার্যানানান; In act to do something; As:—Mrs. Nicklely was stopped on the brink of an oration—Dickens. [Saltish.

Briny, brishi, Brinish, brishish, a. नवनाक; Briony, brio-ni, n. Same as Bryony.

Brisk, brisk, a. চপৰ; ছতিয়ক; ডেব; ডংশা; Lively; full of life and spirit; clever; sharp:
—ব্ৰব্যুক; Effervescing, as liquors:—প্রকৃতি; Burning freely. adv.=Briskly, n.=Briskness.
To brisk up—উত্তবিশ্ব-২; To appear with animation.

Brisket, brisket, n. [ Fr. brechet, brichet—W brysced. ] ৰক্ষ:য়নেৰ অংশ বিশেষ; পদ্ধরের স্ত্রিছিত বক্ষে অংশ বিশেষ; The part of the breast next to the ribs; the breast of an animal.

Briatle, brisi, n. [A. S. byret, Scot. birse; cog. with Ger borste, Ice. burst.] কুছ মৃত কোম; কুঁচি; পুকরের পোম; Stiff short hair, as of swine:—
v. t. ধাড়া-কু; To cause to rise in bristles:—v. i.
বাড়া ইয়মা বাকা; To stand erect, as, bristles.

Bristle up কোৰ প্ৰকাশ-ক ; আন্তর্গর্কার কভার্যান হত্যা ; To show anger or defiance ; to stand on defence.

Bristly, brisli, a. करेकिए ; मृष्ठ (लायमद ; विषय ; Set with bristles ; rough. n = Bristliness.

Britannia-metal, bnt-ahi-a-metl, n. একথবার মিবাড়; A metallic alloy largely used in the manufacture of spoons &c.

Britannic, brit-anik, a. (এট বিটেন গৰ্কীয়; Pertaining to Britannia or Great Britain; British. British, british, a. বিটন বাজা বা আভি স্বনীয়; Pertaining to Great Britain or its people.

Britisher, british-er, n. चार्यिवकावानी देशांचनन कर्ड्ड क्षमञ्ज्ञ चन्यानएठक देशांचनिरनय नाथ : वृक्ति वरस बन्दिक वास्त्रि: A name of insult sometimes given to Englishmen by the Americo-English; one tained with British blood.

Briton, briton, n. বিউনবাৰী; Anative of Britain. Brittle, britl, a. [A. S. breotan, to break.] ভৰুব; ভৰুপ্ৰব!; Easily broken; apt to break; fragile. n. = Brittleness—ভৰুপতা, ভৰ্পবাৰা।

Broach, broch, v. t. [Fr. brocher, to pierce, brocke, an iron pin—L. broe, chus, a projecting tooth.] শ্লাকা বাবা পিশাতে ছিত্ৰ-কৃ; To pierce, as with a spit —ছিত্ৰ-কৃ; To tap, pierce, as a cask, in order to draw off the liquor :—বাহিৰ-কৃ; To let out :—উচ্চাব্য করা; বলা; একাল-কু; To give out; to utter; to make public :—বাহৰ-কৃ; To open for the first time :—n. শ্লাকা; A spit; a peg or pin :—বাড়তে ছিত্ৰ কৰিবাৰ অভ ইপাত বিশিষ বৃত্ত; A steel tool for smoothing or enlarging holes in metals.

Be broached—Bisifies of coolings the ladies had retired, the conversation, as usual, become still more animated; many good things were broached which had been thought of during dinner, but which would not exactly do for a lady's car—Irving

To broach a matter—(कान विषदा अस्ति का का ; To make a proposal on a subject

Broad, browd, a [ A S. brod, Goth. braids.] fays, প্ৰশন্ত; Wide — বিস্তাৰ, বৃহৎযুক্ত; Extensive; vast, large, free or open:—প্ৰকাশ; Not concealed — কুংনিং, অখীল; Coarse; obscene; indelicate — বাপক; Not restricted in sense or application; diffuse — লাই, Plain:— আত্যন্ত; Gross. adv = Broadly; n = Broadness.

Broad-arrow, brawd-ar'ত, n. ব্যক্তীয় পোত-গিশ্বাণ খানসমূহে ব্যক্ত জব্যকাতের উপৰ অভিত চিহ্ বিশেষ, A mark stamped on materials used in the royal dockyards. [Fully awake. Broad-awako, krawd-a-wāk, a সম্পূৰ্ণ কাৰ্যন্তি, Broad-brim, brawdbrim, n. টুপি বিশেষ; A kind of hat with broadbrim worn by the Quakers: —কোহেকাৰ সম্পাহৰে পোক; A Quaker.

Broad-cast, brawdcast, n. বীৰ বৃপন; The act of throwing the seed from the hand in sowing:
—ad. হত্তবাৰা বিভূতকণে বিকিপ্তভাবে; By throwing at large from the hand:—সবিভাৱভাবে; Diffusedly; at large:—a. হত্ত বাৰা বিকিপ্ত বা উপ্ত; বিকৃতভাবে বিকিপ্ত; সর্বভোৱাক; Scattered or sown abroad by the hand; dispersed widely; widely spread.

Broad-church, browdchurch, n. উদাৰ মভাৰলখী গ্ৰহৰজ্ঞাৰ ; A body of men holding liberal or comprehensive views of Christian doctrine and fellowship.

Broad-cloth, brawd kloth, n. वनाड; A fine woollen cloth double the usual width.

Broad-gange, brawd-gaj, n. বেলপথেৰ ছই প্ৰকাৰ বিজ্ঞিন মধ্যে অপেকাকৃত অধিকতন বিভাৰ; A distance of six or seven feet between the rails of a railway, as distinguished from the narrow gange of 4 ft. 8½ in.

Broad-seal, brawdsel, n. बारकाव नीनमस्य ; The public seal of a state.

Broad-cide, n. বৰ্ণণাতেৰ এক পাৰ্থে সমুলাৰ পোলা একলালা নিকেল; বৰ-পোতেৰ একপাৰ্থিত সমুলাৰ কামান; The discharge of all the guns on one side of a ship at once; all the guns on one side of a ship of war:—কলেব উপবিস্থ আহামেন এক পাৰ্থ, সাহামেন পাৰ্থনেশ; The side of a ship above the water-line; the side of a ship:—এক পূচা মুখ্যিত কানাত; A sheet of paper containing one large page, or printed on one side only.

Broad sword, brawdsord, n. जन्नार्व निरम्ब ; निक्क शत्र जन्मन ; A sword with a broad bled and the cutting edge ; claymore of the Highlands.

Broad wise, ad. প্ৰশাসনিক ; In the direction of As broad as long—বেশন দীৰ্ঘ তেমন বিৰুত; The same one way as the other.

Sow broad cast—চতুদ্ধিকে বীক বপন-ক; Sow by scattering seeds at large:—বছল পৰিধাৰে প্ৰচাৰ-ক; Diffuse widely.

Broaden, brawdn, v. t. বিশ্বত কৰা; To make broad or broader:—v. t. বিশ্বত কৰা; To grow broad or extend in breadth.

Brobdingnagian, brob-ding-nāji-an, ন. বৃহণা-কাৰ বাৰৰ; An inhabitant of the fabulous region of Brobdingnag in Gulliver's Travels, the people of which were of great stature; hence a gigantic person:—a. বৃহদাকাৰবিশিষ্ট; বৃহৎকাৰ; Gigantic.

Brocade, brok-ad, n. [It brocare, Fr. broker, to prick.] বুট ভোলা বেশনী বস্ত্ৰ, ভাককাৰ্যেৰ উপন্ত পট্ৰস্ত : Silk stuff, woven with variegated gold and silver threads, and raised flowers.

Brocaded, brok-aded, a. কাফকাৰ্য্য-শোভিত; বুটবাৰ; Woven or worked in the manner of brocade; dressed in brocade,

Brocard, brokard, n. ৰীতি; Maxim; canon. Broccoli, brokoli, n. [ lt. plu. of brocco, a sprout, dim. of brocco, a shoot ] ক্ৰিবিৰেণ; A variety of cauliflower.

Brochure, bro-shoor', n. [Fr. brocher, to stich, —broche, a needle.] মুখ্য পুৰুত্ব; A pamphlet.

Brock, brok, n. [ From the Celtic, as in Gael. broc, a badger. ] अविदिश्य ; A badger.

Brocket, broket, n. [Fr. brocke, a snag.] इरे ब्रम्स्य इति ; A red deer two years old.

Brog, brog, n. [Gael. brog, a pointed instrument, as an awl; W. procio, to stab.] বেৰ্ণিকা; সূৰ্পন; A pointed steel instrument used by joiners for piercing holes in wood.

Brogan, brogan or brogan, Brogue, brog, n. পাছকা বিশেব; A stout coarse shoe.

Brogue, brog, n. গ্ৰাম্য ভাষাৰ উভাষণ বিশেষ; A coarse manner of pronunciation.

Broider, broider, Broidery, broider-i, See Embroider, Embroidery.

Broil, broil, n. [Fr. brouiller, to break out, to rebel, prob. from Celtic.] কৰ্য, A noisy quarrel; a discord:—v. t. ভাজা; ভজ্জিত ক্যা; To cook over coal or on a gridicion:—খুড়াত উত্তত্ত্ব; To be greatly heated.

Broke, brok, pa. p. of Break.

Broken, biokn, a. fen sa; Rent asunder ;-

ৰন্ধ; Rugged; uneven:—ভয়বেষ; ছৰ্মণ; অব-মত: Infirm: humbled. [paired in health. Broken down in health—বিনই খাষ্টা; Im-Broken-English, brö'kn-ing'glish, n. ভাষা ইংবাজি, আই ইংবাজি; A language consisting only half of English. [nancial reverses: losses. Broken-fortune, brökn-for'tun, n. ফুডি; Fi-Broken-hearted, brekn-harted, a. ভয়ন্ত্ৰয়; শোক-ভাষাভিত্ত; Depressed or crushed by grief or despair.

Broken meat, brokh-met. #. बार बार कहिंड बीबा-बारन ; Meat cut up into fragments.

Broken oaths, brokn othz, n. अविष्ठ अधिका; Violated oaths.

Broken eleep (or slumber.)— # 15 famels; Disturbed sleep, as opposed to sound sleep.

Broken winded, brokn winded, a ব্যাধ্য

Broken words, broken wurdz, n. ভাঙ্গা ভাঙ্গা কথা; Words uttered indistinctly and imperfectly.

A broken man-বিপদ ও শোকভাহাৰৰত ব্যক্তি; A man humbled by misfortune and grief.

In broken accents—ৰতমত ধাইমা ভালা গলাম; In a faltering tone or voice.

To get a broken head—আহত হতয়; To come off hurt or wounded.

Broker, brükêr, n. [M. E brocour—A. S. brucan, Ger brauchen, to use, profit. ] भागान, An agent or negotiator, who is employed by merchants to transact business.

Brokerage, bröker-হj, খাবালী; The business of a broker; the commission charged by a broker.

Bromide, bronfid, n. একপ্ৰকাৰ শিক্তিত পদাৰ্থ, A combination of bromine with a base.

Bromine, brunin, n [Gr. bromos, a disagreeable odour.] ধাড় বিশেষ, One of the elements related to chlorine and iodine in its chemical compounds, so called from its disagreeable smell.

Bronchi, bronki, Bronchia, bronki-র Bronchie, bronki-c, ন. যাস-বলিব শাখা বাহা মুস্কুরে প্রেশ করে; The tubes that branch off from the wind pipe to the lungs. a.=Bronchial.

Bronchites, brongk-i'tis, n. খাস-বালির পাথার প্রথাত্ত এক প্রকার কাশ; Inflamation of the bronchial membrance.

Bronchocele, bronko-sel, n. গলগত; Goitre.
Bronze, n. bronz, [Fr—lt. bronze, conn. with brune, brown, and root bren, to burn ] পিন্তুল, কাছে; An alloy of copper and tin—পিন্তুলবর্গ; The colour of bronze.—পিন্তুলবিশ্বিভ প্রতিমূদ্ধি; Sometimes, with zinc or a statue, medal &c., cast in bronze:—চ. t. পিন্তুলবন্তু, To give the appearance of bronze to.—কটন-ক; To harden:—a. পিন্তুলবাৰ্থ নিৰ্মিভ; Made of bronze:—
পিন্তুলবর্গ; Coloured like bronze.

Bronze age, bronz-ইi, দ. বে সময় মমুবাসাডি ভাষ বা পিতৃত্ব নিৰ্মিত বন্ধ ব্যবহাৰ কৰিছ; The prehistoric age, when men used implements of copper of brass, Bronsy, bronze, a. পিডলৰং; Like bronze.
Brooch, broch, n. [Fr. broch, a spit. See broach] বন্ধ আটিবাৰ সুন্দৰ আলপিন; An ornamental pin for fastening any article of dress:—
মণিবিশেষ; পদত; A jewel:—v. t. বণি বাৰা অপ্ছত-ফু; To adorn with jewellery.

Brood, brood, v. i. [A. S. brid, a young one, esp. a young bird from root of breed] আছেছ উপৰে ৰসা; ভিষে ভা দেওৱা; To sit up on and cover, as a bird on her eggs — আজাদৰ-কৃ; To cover as with wings:—উৰিপ্ন ইইবা নিৰিপ্ন থাকা; To dwell on a subject in anxious thought:—v. t. উপৰে উপৰেশন-কৃ; সবঙে পাবন-কৃ; To sit over and cherish:—n. শাবন ; Offspring —একবাৰে বভ শাবন কৰ্মাংশ কৰে; The number of birds hatched at a time — পানিভ কীব; Something bred Syn = Incubate, think upon; meditate; muse, ruminate.

Broodmare, brood-mar, n. ছাৰা প্ৰসৰ কন্ত ৰক্ষিত বেটিকী; A mare kept for breeding

Brook, brook. n. [A S brôc, water breaking forth] कूस नहीं; A stream of water; a small stream.

Brooklet, brooklet, n. কুজ নদী; A little brook. Brooky, brook-হ, a. কুজনদী বিশিষ্ট, Abounding in brook.

Brook, brook, v.t. [A S. brucan, to use, enjoy, Ger brauchen, L fruor, fruc-tus] সঞ্-কু; To endure; to bear. Syn = endure; tolerate, submit to.

Broom, broom, n খাটা : সমাৰ্ক্ত নী , A brush ;—
লতা বিশেব ; A wild evergreen shrub.

Broom-stick, broom-stick, n সন্মাৰ্কনী-ৰভ; বাঁটাৰ হাজন, The staff or handle of a broom. Broomy, a নুভাপুৰ্ব, Full of brooms.

Broth, broth, n. [A S broth—breowan, to brew; cf. Fr bronet, O Ger prot, and Gael. brod ] गांज बन, ज्या; ज्य, गांजन त्यान; Liquor in which flesh is boiled

Brothel, brothel, n. [ Fr borde!—O. Fr. borde, a hut, from the boards of which it was made. ] (अभावा ; A house of ill-fame or lewdness; a house for prostitution, baudy house.

Brother, bruther, n [ A S. brother; cog. with Ger bruder, Gael. brathair, Fr. frere, L. frater, Sans. bhratri; from root bhar, to bear, and hence brother orig. meant one who supports the family after the father's death. ] गरर| एव ; A son of the same parents :--कां ि ; বুট্ৰ; আড়ীয় , Any one closely united ; a relative, kinsman :--বাহার আদার বা আকৃতি অভ अष्टन ; One who resembles another in appearance and manners —সঙ্গাতীয় ব্যক্তি; A fellowcreature :-- अञ्चलभी ; A friar ried man. Brother benedict, n. विवाहिक (वाक ; A mar-Brother blade, n. ममनावनाथी ; Any one of the same calling as yourself. [ carpenter. Brother chip, n. সহবোদী পুতৰৰ; A fellow-Brother-german or Germain, bruther-jer'man, jer'-men, n. नरश्चत ; धक अनक अननी रहेरछ উংপদ্ধ বাতা, A brother having the same father and mother, in contradistinction to one by the same mother only; full brother as opposed to half brother.

Brother-hood, brother-hood প আছুছ; The state of being a brother:—(বঁটা; মন স্বাজ বা ক্ষিতি: সম্বাহা ; An arsociation; fraternity. Syn.=brotherly relation; mutual kindness; fraternity, association; sodality; clan; coterie. Brother-in-law, brother-in-law, n. ভাষুৱ; বেষ ; ভাষুৱ; ভাষুৱা ভাষুৱালি; The brother of a husband or wife; a sister's husband. [rican. Brother Jonathan—witaবিকাৰালী; An Ame-Brother-like, brother-lik, Brotherly, brother-like, brother-lik, Brotherly, brother-lik, a. আত্মুৱাল, আত্মুৱ; বেছৰুৱা, বুলাল, affectionate, friendly; amicable; cordial.

Brother-uterine, ন. অন্ত পিতৃত ভাতা; A brother by the same mother only.

Brother whip, n. नश्रानी चन्हांनक ; A fellow-coachman.

Brougham, brod'am or broom, n. ছই চাকা বা চাৰি চাকা বিশিষ্ট এক বোডাৰ গাড়ি; A one-horse close carriage, either two or four wheeled, named after Lord Brougham:— অৰ্থাৰ বিশেষ; A light four-wheeled carriage.

Brought, brawt, pa. t. and pa. p. of bring.

Brow, brow, n. [A. S. bru, Ice. brun, Scot. brae, a stope, conn. with Gr. ophrys] ললাট; কণাল; The forehead:—ক; The eyebrow:—জংসক; The edge of a steep place:—লৈলাভ; The edge of a hill.

To knit brows—ক্ষুট-ক ; ভর প্রদর্শন-ক ; To With knitted brows—গর্ম বা ফোগ হেডু ললাট কুঞ্চিত কবিয়া, With brows drawn together from a feeling of pride or anger.

Browbeat, brow'bet, v. জুকুটী বাৰা ভৱ দেখান; তত্ত্বন সজন কৰিয়া ভৱ দেখান; To bear down with haughly and sterns looks; to bully. Syn. = overbear, overawe; intimidate; bully.

Brown, brown, a [A. S. brun—A. S. byruan, to burn.] পিছল, কটা; কপিল; Of a dark or dusty colour in clining to red on yellow:—n. পিছলবৰ্ণ; A dark redish colour:—v. t. পিছলবৰ্ণ-ক; To make brown or give a brown color to. a.= browhish; n.=brownness.

Brownie, browni, w. In Scotland, a land of good-natural domestic spirit.

Brownish, a. ইবং পিজন; Somewhat brown. Brown-study, brown-studi, ». অন্তৰ্নকৃত্য, বিষাদয়ৰ কান্তৰ কম্ম; Gloomy reverie; absence of mind; absent-mindedness.

Browse, browz, v. t. নৰপানৰ ভক্ৰ-কু; To eat the tender leaves of plants:—v. i. ত্ৰাহাৰ-কু; ভাল পালা বাধনা; To feed on the shoots of shrubs or trees:—n. নৰপান ; Tender branches of plants. Bruin, brou'in, n. ভক্ক; A bear, so called from its brown colour.

Bruise, brooz, v. t. [O. Fr. bruiser, from. O. Ger. bresten, to burst.] পেৰা কৰা: পিই কৰা; চূৰ্
ড়; To crush; to pound or squeaze; to reduce of small fragments:—n. কড; খাবাড; চোট; A wound made by a heavy blow; a contusion.

Syn.—Contuse; pound; bray; pulverize.

Bruiser, #. यहा, आंचारकांदी ; A boxer ; one who bruishes ; a prize-fighter.

Eruit, brcor, n. নংবাদ; জনবৰ; চতু জিলে আচারিভ বিষয়; Report; rumour; something noised abrood:—v. t. অন্বৰ্-কু; Noise abroad; to rumour.

Brumaire—In the calendar of the first French republic, the second month from October 25 to November 21.

Brumal, broomal, a. হৈমন্তিক; শীভকালীৰ; শীভ-ৰতু-সংক্ৰান্ত ; Of or relating to winter; pertaining to the winter season.

Brumous, a. বুৰ্কটকাছ্য : Foggy.

Brunette, broo-et, n. [Fr dim. of brun, brown.] শিক্তবৰ্ণা বা কৃতবৰ্ণা বৰণী; স্থাৰা; A girl with a brown or dark complexion; a woman with a dark complexion.

Brunt, brunt. n. [Ice. bruni, Ger. brunst, heat. See burn ] আক্রাবের প্রচততা; The utmost violence of an onset:—আক্রাব বা বুক্তের বেগ; The heat or shock of an onset or contest —আবাত; The force of a blow; shock:—অক্সাং উল্যুখ; Sudden effort, contract or engagement.

To bear the brunt of— (कांच किहूद क्ष्म्क) मझ कर्वा ; शका मांगलान ; गांख धर्वा ।

Brush, brush, n. [O. H. bursta, bristle.] বাৰ্জনী; তুনি; An instrument for removing dust laying on colours &c; a kind of hair-pencil used by painters:—বন; Brushwood — নাবাত্ত বুল: A skirmish:—তিন্ত বুক্ষপাধা; Branches of trees lopped off:—v. t. বাড়া, বাৰ্জনী দিয়া পৰিভাৱ করা; To sweep or rub with a brush:—মৃত্তাৰে বৰ্ধণ-তৃ; To touch gently:—তুনি বাঙ্কনা; To move with a brush:—v. i. মৃত্তাৰে বাঙ্কা; To move lightly. Syn=Beson; broom; thicket; brushes, shrubs; skirmish; collision; action; affair.

Brush about, ৩. ৰাজভাৱ দহিত ইত্তত: গ্ৰন-কু; Brush against, ৩. লাকুল বাবা প্ৰতিহত হওয়া; Knock against with the tail.

Brush along, ए. स्फारनार नमन-कृ, Move swiftly. Brush aside, ए. পার্বে बाज्या; Turn aside roughly.

Brush away, ০. উপৰ ষ্ট্ডে ঝাডিয়া কোনা; অপ্নত-কৃ, Remove. [down with a brush. Brush down, ০. তুলী বাবা পৰিকাৰ-কৃ; Rub Brush off, ০. চলিয়া বাত্যা; Move on:—অপ্তত-কৃ; Remove by brushing. [brush. Brush out, ০. পৰিকাৰ-কৃ; Clean out with a Brush up, ০. পৰিকাৰ-কৃ; Clean with a brush:
—উন্তি-কৃ; সংকাৰ কৰা: To improve. [painter. Brother brush, ০. স্থবাকী চিত্ৰক্ষ; A fellow Give it another brush—আৰ্থ মনোবোৰ কাও; Give a little more attention; bestow a little more labour on it.

He brushed by me नवनकालीन नार्न करा ; He just touched me as he went quickly past.

Brushwood, brush-wood, n. কুল বন, বোগ, গুৰুপুর; A thicket or coppice; rough, close bushes; a thicket.

Brushy, c. 444; Rough; shaggy.

Brusk, Brusque, broosk, a. जन्दा: अभिदे:

Rough or blunt in manners : rude ; abrupt in manner. n.=brusquéness. Brussels-sprouts, bruselz-sprowts, n. ol.

नानानिन जिं ; A variety of the common cabbage

with sprouts like miniature cabbages.

Brutal, brootal, a. প্রসংকীয়, প্রবং ; Pertaining to brute ; like a brute :- निक्य, नुनात ; Cruel : unfeeling. Syn.=bestial, beastly; carnal; gross; sensual; savage, cruel, ferocious; bloody; ignorant, unfeeling. n .= Brutality-मुन्दिश्व ; Inhumanity. adv.=brutally.

Brutalise, brootal-iz, v. t. निर्मय-क : वृण्य-क : शहर करा. जनमानिक करा ; To make brutal, or

inhuman ; to degrade.

Brutality, broot-ali-te, n. नवद ; अमान्दिका ; बनकार्था ; निर्वार्था ; Quality of being brutal ;

inhumanity; savageness; cruelty.

Brute, broot, n. [Fr. brut, L. brutus, dull, irrational] 90; A beast; one of the lower animals. नुमानाक; A savage unfeeling man or woman :- a. रिजरिज क्यानम्छ ; वृक्तिविरीन ; मूर्व ; Irrational ; senseless ; stupid :-- अन्छ ; Rough ; uncivilised.

Brutify, v. f. भक्त अवश्रीय आनवन-क ; भक्तर-क ;

To reduce to the state of a brute.

Brutish, brootish, a. 7994; Like a beast -निक्य ; निहेब ; Ferocious :-कामश्रदाय्त, शतु-क्षांकांक ; Carnal ; bestial. adv .- brutishly ; n.=

Bryony, bri'o-ni, Bryonia, n. 49 45177 जुड़ा : ठावा शांक विद्नाद : A wild crimbing plant ;

a Find of plant.

Bubble, bubl, n. सनवित्र ; वृष्युक ; A water-bladder :-- अमाद वह ; Anything empty, as a bubble : –ছামা: বুখা কল্পনা; কাঁকা মতলব; প্রতারণা; A false shadow; a vain project; a fraud, a cheating scheme :- v. i. अन्यून्य छेटो ; To rise in bubbles :- v. t. ersiati-; To cheat; deceive. Syn .= Froth, trifle; bagatelle; cheat; hoax.

Bubble company—अवक्क वादमाधीनन ; Company, whose object is to enrich themselves at the expense of subscribers to their scheme

Bubble scheme—अमाद व्यर्गयत्नाभाव উद्धादन : क्षावनाव कोनन ; Project for getting money from subscribers to a scheme of no value.

Bubbler, n. প্ৰক ; One who cheats. Bubbly, s. ব্ৰুক্ৰু , A bounding in bubbles. Bubby, n. 34; A woman's breast.

Bubo, bu-bo, n. वानि ; क्लिक ; A swelling of the lymphatic glands; a swelling or tumour in the groin.

Buccal, a. nervaly; Belonging to the cheek. Buccaneer, Bucanier, buk-an-er, m. wa-भश्र ; डांकांड ; A pirate, freebooter ; the buccaneers were pirates in the West Indies during the seventeenth century, who plundered the Spaniards chiefly. Syn.=corsair, sea-robber, rober, freebooter.

Buccaneering, n. अनुस्कानावमात्र ; The practice or profession of a buccaneer.

Buck, buk, n. [ A. S. buc, bucca ; Ger. bock, a he-goat ] पूजर वास्ति वृत होत (यर नावक ; The male of the deer, goat, sheep, have, rabbit केट :- वावपुर जन ; Lye in which cloths are bleached :-- (वनकृषामक वाकि : आर्यामधित द्वक : A fop; dandy; a doshing young fellow.

Buck, buk, v. t. [ From the Celt, as in Gael buac, cowdung, used in bleaching-bo, a cow; Ger. benchen, from the same source. ] कार जरन क्ष मिक करा : कारपुर जान मिल करा ; To steep or soak in lye; to wash clothes in lye.

Bucket, buket, n. কলপাত বিশেষ; বালভি : A vessel for drawing or holding water: a pail. To kick the bucket-Martie seal; 4411

Bucketful, buket-fool, a. বালভিপুর ; As much as a bucket will hold.

Buckle, bukl, n. পরিজ্ঞ বা পাছকা নংলপ্ত করিবার यु ; वक्तान्यी ; बक्तम ; An instrument for fastening shoes and other articles of dress; a frame with tongue or catch to fasten things together: - (कांक्फ़ान हुन ; A curl :- v. t वक्त्रम बार्चा मःवह-क ; To fasten with a buckle -- ए. i. माउ-र : To bend : to bow :- প্রতিবোগীতা-ক : To struggle : to contend.

Buckle to. v. উৎসাহপূর্মক নিবুকু-ছ ; Appy oneself with vigour -- 75-0, Bend to.

Buckle on one's armour-विवाद कन প্রস্তুত হওয়া ; To prepare for conflict.

Buckle one's self to-কোমৰ বাধিয়া লাগা।

Buckler, bukler, n. bie faceta, ra , A kind of shield:-v. t 文字 - F; To defend.

Buckra, bukra, n. (4554 (45, The Negroe's name for a white man :- a. (यजन विशिष्टे : White.

Buckram, bukram, n. (योगजांग); A coarse linen cloth stiffered with glue -a 罗可· 声春, Stiff; precise;—উক্ত কাপড বারা নিশ্মত, Made of buckram.

Buckskin, bukskin, n. এক প্রকার পরিকৃত দর্ম; A kind of leather -pl দৰ্ম নিৰ্দ্মিত পা জায়া: Breeches made of buckskin - a. উক্ত চৰ্য নিশ্মিত : Made of the skin of a buck.

Buckwheat, bukhwet, n. वीक्वित्व : A plant, whose seed is used as grain.

Bucolic, bu-kolik, Bucolical, bu-kolikal, a. [ Gr. boukoles, cowherd. ] जाया, निह्मजायमध्यीद , Pastoral :-- n. পোপাদীবিষ্যক কাব্য ; A Pastoral

Bud, bud, n. [D. bot, a bud, botten to bud ] क्षि : पूर्व ; कनि ; अड्व ; First shoot of a plant ; germ :- v. i. प्कृतिक श्वम ; To put forth buds ; to germinate :- वाहिब ए७४। ; To begin to grow in the manner of a bud, as horn :-ए. १. वृक्त्रका-णिय कलय-क ; To graft by inserting the bud of a plant under the bark of another. Syn .= Germ, gem, embryo. pr. p.=budding ; pa. a.=budded. Buddhism, budizm, n. (बोक्स्य ; The doctrine taught by Budha. f in Buddhism Buddhist, budist, n. (बोद्दर्शावन्दी : A believer

Budge, buj, v t. [F. bonger to stir, It. bulicare, to boil, to bubble.] नवा; नड़ा हड़ा, To move off ; to stir :- n. (मवनिश्व लाम ; The dressed skin or fur of lambs ; lamb-skin ;-a. 4511; Schoastic; austere.

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Budget, bujet, n. [Fr. bougetta, dim. of bouge, a pouch.] बरन; A bag or sack with its contents:—बाह बाट्डन वर्षिक दिनाव; The annual financial scheme of the British nation. Syn.= Pack, package, parcel, bundle; stock, store; batch, lot; financial statement.

Buff, buf, n. [Fr. buffle, a buffalo.] মহিৰেৰ চৰ্ম ;
A leather prepared from the skin of the buffalo:—ইবৰ পীডবৰ্গ ; A light yellow colour :— নৈনিক
পুৰুষ্বিকের ভোট ; A military coat, made of buffskin :—বকে পীডবৰ্গ পাৰ্ব ; A grayish viscid crust
observed on blood :—a. মহিৰ চহৰ্ম নিৰ্মিড ;
Made of buff :—পীড : Light yellow.

Buffalo, bul'a-lo, n. [Sp. bufalo, L. bubalus, Gr. boubalos, the wild ox-bous, an ox.] भरिष ;

A kind of wild ox.

Buffalo-headed, a. মুৰ্গ; বিৰোধ; Stupid; dull. Buffor, buffer, n. ধাকা বিবাৰণের পঞ্চি; An apparatus to deaden concussion by moving bodies. Buffet, buf'ct, n. [O. Fr. bufet—oufe, a blow, csp. on the cheek; conn. with puff, buffoon.] মুয়াবাত; চপেটাবাত; A blow with the fist:—v.t. মুয়াবাত-কৃ, দাপত মাবা, To box, slap or beat:— প্রাথমিত কু; বিরোধ ক্রা; Contend against.

To be buffered about the world—কঃভোগ-কু, সংসাহিক নানাকণ ছ.ৰ কেশ পৰীকায় নিপতিত হত্যা, To be subjected to miseries and trials in the world.

Buffet, bul'et, n. পাত্রাদি বাধিবার আধার, বাসবেব ভাক; A kind of side-board; a cup-board.

Buffo, but fo, n. wate we; The comic actor

in an opera.

Buffoon, buf'-con, n. [Fr. bouffon, lt. buffone, Fr. buffa, a trick, jest] 行致 , 克政; A mimic; a droll; a clown; one who amuses by jests, grimaces, &c:—v. t. 对河門子事; To make ridiculous. a.= Buffoonsh—like a buffoon.

Buffoonery, buf-০০'ér-i, n. উড়েখি, হাজ্যৰৰ ৰহস: I ...dicrons or vulgar jesting; drolleries. Buffs, n. pl. দৈল্লস বিশেষ; A regiment of soldiers so named from their buff-coloured facings. Buffy, bufi, a. Resembling the buff of blood in colour and texture; resembling, &c. like the blood called buff.

Bug, bug, n. ছাবপোকা, An insect of many species, esp. a hemipterous insect which infests beds &c. a.=Buggy.

Bugbear, bug'bar, n. ख/त्रकाक बढ़ ; A scarecrow; a frightful object .—a. कोडिकाक ; Causing fright

Buggy, bug'i, n. शंबिराजंड ; वर्षेत्रांड़ि ; A light carriage ; a light one-horse chaise.

Bugle, bu'gi, Bugle-horn, bu'gi-horn, n.
[O. Fr.—L. buculus, dim. of bos, an ox.] মুগরাই
নিলা; A hunting horn :—কুম্বর্ণ কাচনিত্রিত মানা;
A black glass-bead :—ব্ৰণ্ডিয়া; A musical instrument.

Build, bild, v. t. [O. Swed. bylja, to build; Dan. bol; A. S. bold, a house.] বিশ্বাপ-ড়; To frame, construct and raise as an edifice:— ট্ৰাপন-ড়; To fabricate:—কোন ভিত্তিৰ উপৰ কিছু শ্বাপন-ড়; To raise on any foundation:—স্বল-ডু; To increase and strengthen:—v. i. বৃছ বিশ্বাপ ‡; To practise building:—আন্তাহ- নিৰ্ভাগ কৰা; To rest or defend:—n. আকৃতি; বিশ্বাপ; নাম ; Make; form; construction. pa. p.—built or builded. [of robust frame.

A man of strong builtu—ৰ্চকাৰ ব্যক্তি; A man To build castles in the sir—আৰাক কুইন নিৰ্মাণ কৰা; To form in the mind wild or visionary schemes.

Builder, bilder, ম. নিৰ্দ্বাতা, বাক্ষিত্ৰী; সুপঞ্জি; A mason.

Building, bilding, n. निर्मा (कोमन; The art of erecting house &c: - गृष; A structure; an edifice; a house.

[ shaped.
Built, bilt, p. a. निर्माण को गरिष्ठ; Formed or Bulb, bulb, n. कम; पून; A root consisting of scales or layers, as, the onion: - ए. i. पून क्या;
To form bulbs: - पूनिया की; को क्या; To bulge out or swell. a.=bulbed; bulbous.

Bulbed, a. (नानमचकविनिष्ट ; Round headed. Bulbiferous, bulbi-fer-us, a. यून देवनामनकादी ; Producing bulbs,

Bulbous, a. क्नी ; Globular.

Bulgo, bulj. n. [A. S. belgan, to swell; Gael. bolg. to swell.] পিপেৰ উন্নত বা প্ৰশান ভাগ; The protuberant or widest part of a cask:—v. i. বুলিয়া উঠে; To swell out:—ৰূপ প্ৰবিষ্ট-হ; To bulge as a ship.

Bulk, bulk, n. আৰ্ডন, আ্কার; Size; dimension; magnitude:—ব্রত্তর বোক; The majority:— এবান অংশ; The principal portion:—অধিকাংন; The greatest part.

By bulk-418(4)!

In bulk-crite ; पुनाकारद : In a mass.

Sale by bulk--বিশ ওখনে মুব্য বিক্ৰয় ; A sale of goods as they are without weight or measurement.

To break bulk—জাহাজ থালি-কু; To begin to unload a ship:—জাহাৰ কাইট খোলা; To break open a package of goods.

Bulk-head, bulkhed, n. काशास्त्र विकल करण, A partition in a ship, &c., made with boards; a partition separating one part of a ship between decks from another. [size. n.= bulkiness. Bulky, bulki, a. पृद्द; प्रगावाद; Large; of great Bull, bool, n [O. D. bolle, D. bul, Ice. boli, a bull; A S bellan, to bellow.] द्वा ; वांक; The male of the ox kind:—प्रवाण; A sign of the constellation:—v. t. पूना द्वि विवाद क्टी-क; To endeavour to raise the price of:—a. प्रशावादएक, Denoting largeness of size used in composition, as bull-trout.

Bull, bool, n. পোপের ত্ত্যনানা; পোপের ঘোহরাবিত আদেশপার; An edict of the Pope; an edict of Pope which has his seal affixed.

Bull, bool, n. बांबाक्बरन शास्त्राचीशक क्य ; A ludicrous blunder in speech.

John bull, n. ইংৰাজ-জাতি ; ইংৰাজ ; Thenational nick name for an Englishman.

Take the bull by the horns—रीएइव विक-वृ: जारम मरकारत विनार मनुवीय-र; क्रीन विवन साक्रियं ना निवा नवायाम कवा; Encounter danger boldly. Buil-baiting, hoof-bating, n. কুকুৰ লেলাইছা দিবা ব্যকে উত্তেজিতকৰণকাপ আ্যোদ; The practice of baiting or exciting buils with dogs.

Bull-calf, bool-kaf, n. वरत ; A male calf :--

Bull-dog, bool-dog, n. কুকুর বিশেষ; ভাবকুছা; A variety of dog of remarkable ferocity and courage.

Bull-fight, bool-fit, n. वीरकृत भएक महाहे ; वृषपूक ; A combat with a bull ; bull-baiting.

Bull-finch, boolfinsh, n. शकीविरणव ; A songbird. [of frog.

Bull frog-ज्रमांकांव (एक विराध ; A large species Bull-fly, n. मिक्का विराध ; A gadfly.

Bull-head, n. मूर्ब ; A blockhead : - म्र अ वित्यव ; A small fish.

Bull-headed, Bull-necked, bool-nekt, a. অবীকৃত ; Unyielding ; dogged.

Bullot, boolet, n [Fr boulet. dim of boule, a ball L. bulla.] দীসক ছলিকা; বস্কের হুলি: ছবুরা; A small ball; esp, one of lead for small arms, a bull of lead for loading small arms.

Bullet-head, a. facate, ye, Stupid.

Bullot-proof, boolet-picof, a. গুলিকা খাৱা শতেশ; গুলিবোধক, Safe against bullets.

Bulletin, boolle-tin, n. [F. fr. lt. bulletino, dim of bulla, a Pope's bull.] ঘোষণা; বাজাজার লচাৰিত বিবৰণ, বাজকীয় সংবাদের স্বকারী বিবরণ; A statement respecting some event issued by authority for public information; public notice; esp of news recently received; an official report of public news.

Bullion, boolyun, n. অমুদ্ৰিভ রৌপা বা কর্ণ পিঙ; দোণা ৰূপান্ত ৰাট; Uncoined gold or silver in the mass.

Bull's eye, boolf-i, n. नवाक ; A small circular window or opening:—जका भनारबंद रकता ; The centre of a target — अमीन दिल्ला ; A policeman's lantern :— अक्षीबंद कांग्रे ; A piece of wood shaped like a ring.

Bullock, boolok, n. वनम ; वृष ; An ox or cast-Bulltrout, booltrowt, n. प्रश्न दिल्ला ; A large kind of trout, nearly allied to the salmon.

Bully, booli, n. [ Dut. bulderen, to bluster; Low Ger. bullerbrook, a noisy blustering fellow.] बनहरू । वी कि ; मास्कि गुरि ; A blustering menacer:—v. t. एक्स गर्कन हावा अभगन-कृ; To overbear with words:—v. i. अनुज्ञ ; To bluster; to be noisy and quarrelsome. pr. p. = bullying; pa. p. = bullied.

Bully-rag, v. t. ভৰ্জন কৰিবা অপমান-ডু; To insult in a bullying manner.

Bully-rook, n. ब्रक्क; A blustering cheat. Bullrush, bool tush, n. बक व्यक्त व्यक्त कृत: A large strong rush, which grows on wet land or in water.

Bulwark, boolwark, n. ব্যা; A rampart:—ছুৰ্গ; A fortification:—আধাৰীৰ; আত্মৰুণৰ উপায়; Any means of defence and protection:—গ. ৫. ছুৰ্গ নিৰ্মাণকৃ: বকা-কৃ; To fortify with a rampart; to protect.
Burn, bum, v. i. তুৰ্গ তুৰ্গ শ্ৰ-কৃ; To make a murmuring noise. pr.p.=bumming; pa. p.=bummed.

Bumbailiff, n. (প্ৰাণ ; দেনপার ধরিবার পাইক ; Sherif's officer; a catchpoll.

Bumboat, bum-būt, n. জাহাতে থান্যত্থাকি কইছা
ঘাইবাৰ নোকা বিশেষ; A shore-boat to carry provisions to a ship. [bee; a humble-bee.
Bumble-bee, n. বৃহদাকাৰ ব্যুব্দিকা; A largeBumb, bumb, v. t. জাঘত-ক; ভ্ৰুবাৰ বিশ্বা
জাঘত ক্যা; To strike against; to thump; to
strike with a dull sound:—v. i. উচ্চ প্ৰ-ক; To
make a loud, heavy or hollow noise:—n. ভক্
আঘত; A dull heavy blow:—আঘত ক্ষিত্ত
ফ্ৰীড়; A lump caused by a blow.

Bumper, bump'er, n. यांग्या পूर्व भाख ; A cup or glass filled to the brim ; a full glass :— श्रीवर्ष बाह्यभावा ; A crowded house in a theatre in honour of some favourite performer.

Bumpkin, hump'kin, n. [ Dut, hoom, a log, and dim. kin ] ৰুণাকাৰ অসভ্য পাড়াকেৰে চাৰা; অনভ্য প্ৰাণ্য বোক; চাৰা; An awkward clumsy rustic; clown; an awkawrd country fellow.

Bun, Bunn, bun, n. এক প্রকার शिह शिहक; A kind of sweet cake.

Bunch, bunch, n. [O. Sw. and Dan. banke, Ice, bunki, a heap—O. Sw. bunga, to strike, to swell out.] কুম; A protuberance:—জড়; ধনো; A cluster, or tult:—ব্যা; A heap:—
কলে সংবাদ বা কলনে বৰ্মান স্বাস্থাই; A number of things tied together or growing together:—v.i. মাড-হ; To swell out:—v.t.
ভক্ৰব-হ; To form into bunch. c=Bunchy.

Mother Bunch, n. পৰী; A fairy; pantomime. Bunchy, s. ishi, a. ভেড়াং, Growing in or full of bunches swelling out.

Bundle, bundl, n. [A. S. byndel, from bindan, to bind ] বাহিন; পুলিলা: পুটিনি; বেচৰা; A number of things put together and tied:—v. t. বোকা বাধা; বাহিল বাধা; To tie up together:—v. i. ভাডাভাভি প্ৰস্থান-কৃ, To set off in a hurry.

Bundle off, v. ভাড়াডাড়ি প্রেরণ-কৃ; Send off-in a hurry.

[To turn out hurriedly. To bundle out—ভাডাডাড়ি বিদায় কবিয়া পেবয়া; Bung, bung, n শিশাব বিশে The stopper of the orifice in the bilge of a cask .—বড় ছিপি; A large cork :—v. t. শিশাব মুখ বন্ধ-কৃ; To stop as the orifice; to close.

Bung-hole, bung'hol, n. পিপাৰ ছিল; The hole or orifice in the bilge of a cask; hole in a cask by which it is filled or emptied.

Bungalow, bung'ga-lo, n. नाता; A country house in India.

Bungle, bung'i, n. কদৰ্য্যন্ত্ৰণে সম্পাদিত কাৰ্য্য; Anything clumsily done:—কদৰ্য্যন্ত্ৰণে কাৰ্য্য সম্পাদন ; A clumsy performance:—প্ৰমাদ ; ভক্তৰ জন ; Gross blunder:—v. t. কুৎসিতৰূপে তাৰ্থ্য-কে; To mend clumsily, to botch;—v. i. কদ্যাক্ৰণে কাৰ্য্য-ক ; To act in a clumsy manner.

Bungler, bung'lar, n. भानां हि वा कैछा लाक; कार्या भनिष्य वाक्षि; A bad workman; an awkward workman.

Bungling, bung'ling, a. আনিপুৰ, কাচা; Unskilful; awkward:—অনিপুৰভাবে নশান; Unskilfully done. Bunion, bunyun, n. পাদের বৃদ্ধাকৃলিতে বঞ্জাত মাংসপিও যা এণ ; বৃদ্ধানুদিতে কাংসপিও ; A lump or inflamed swelling on the ball of the breat toe; a horny excrescene on a toe.

Bunjon

Bunk, bunk, n. দিবলৈ বদিবার আসৰ এবং বারিতে भंदन कविवाद भंदा। ; A wooden case for a seat by day and a bed at night :- ए. i. छक्ष भवादि निजी wiew; To go to bed in a bunk.

Bunker, bunkar, #. कवना देखानिव जावाव : A receptacle for coals &c.

Bunt, bunt, n. शारलद पश्चात ; The middle part or belly of a sail :- . . भीड-१; To swell out, as a sail.

Bunting, Buntine, bunting, n. witter faria ভৈয়ার করিবার জন্ত কলা পট্ডর: কেতু-বসন ; A thin woullen stuff of which ship's colours are made; the woollen stuff, of which flags are made :-এक क्राजीय शकी ; A kind of bird.

Buoy, booi, bwoi, n. [ Dut, boei, buoy, fetter, through Romance forms (Norman, boie) from O. L. boia, a collar of leather-L. bos, ox ] क्षत ; वहा ; A float ; a floating mark to indicate shallows or rocks :- v. i. छामगान-१ ; छाभिया वाका ; To float :- v. t. डामयान वांचा ; ड!मारेया वांचा ; To keep affoat. pa p = buoyed pr. p. = buoying.

Buoy up, v. डेनरव डेरा; Rise up :- पविषां मा बाइएड (मुख्या : देनवार्थ मध इहेर्ड मा (मुझ्या ; Keep from sinking into ruin or despondency.

Lifebuoy, n. कर्क निविष्ठ छामगान वस घारा व्यवलंबन ভবিধা স্বাছাল ছইতে পভিড লেংকেবা জীবন বন্ধা কৰে; A float to sustain persons who have fallen overboard till relief can be afforded them.

Buoyancy, bwai'ansi, n. আপেফিক লবুডা; Specific lightness :-- প্লাৰনশীৰভা; Quality of floating :-- হদচিত্তা, উরাপিতা; অবুনতা, Cheerfulness; vivacity.

Buojant, bwai'ant, a. श्रवनीत ; नव ; Floating ; light: - উত্তাসিত ; প্রকৃত্ম ; Elastic ; chrerful.

Bur, Burr, bur, n. [Prob E but with cognates in many lang. as Swed borre, a sea-urchin, L burrae, trash-from a root signifying rough ] लडापि कफेक्स्य आवत् : A prickly envelope of the seeds of plants :-- শ ক্ষুবের কর্ কঠা উচ্চাবণ ; A guttural mispronunciation of the letter "r";-[ fish. v. t. To pronounce with a bur.

Burbot, bur'bot, n. as Mata ucy; A kind of Burden, bur'dn, n. [ A. S. byrthen-beran, to bear ] n. sta; (atati; Load, weight, cargo .-पशि करेगावक : That which is oppressive :-- पूथा প্ৰসঙ্গ The main topic :—ছাহাছের আয়তন; The contents or capacity of a ship :-- v. t. (वायाई-क ; To load :- कांबजध-क ; शिख्न कवा ; To oppress ; to encumber. pa. p.=burdened. Syn.=Load, weight; cargo, freight, lading; encumberance, clog; pressure.

Burden, n. [ Fr. bourdon, a humming tone in music, Low L. burdo, a drone or non-working bee ] Atta 41; The prevailing sentiment in a song; chorus; refrain.

Beast of burden, signiff we; An animal for carrying buildens.

Burden of proof, (Law) अवाद्यव काव; The

necessity or duty of proving a fact or facts in dispute on an issue raised between the parties in a cause.

Burdenous, burden-us, Burdensome, bur'den-sum, a. कहेगांबक ; खनीज़क ; छाडी ; Grievous to be borne; oppressive; heavy.

Burdock, bur'dok, m. क्षेक्यूक आश्रीका : A dock with a bun or prickly head.

Bureau, bur's, n. निश्चित (हेविन : (म्बांकविनिडे (SA; A desk with drawers for papers; a writing table :-- (व गृहर वा कार्वानिय बहेकन छिविल बाबकड ET; A room or office where such a table is used :-कार्यात्रक ; A department for transacting public business. pl.=bureaux, (būr'ō) bureaus (buroz).

Bureaucracy, bur-o'-kras-i, m. atefacetfes कर्पणियो वाका बाक्रम्णामन-अवामी; व बाक्रमामन-প্ৰশালী অনুসাৰে প্ৰতিবিভাগের এক এক কন স্বতম্ব অধ্যক্ত जारह; A system of conducting government business by departments, each under a chief :-(व बांट्या कडक्शनि कर्न्नावी कर्डा; Government under the influence of officials. a.=Bureaucratic. Bureaucrat, n. नवकारी कार्या मन्नानक; One who governs through a bureau.

Burgago, burg'aj, n. as esta cuto unta अशानी ; A system of tenure in boroughs, cities, and towns, by which the citizens hold their lands or tenements.

Burgamot, bur'ga-mot, n. See bergamot.

Burgeon, burjun, n. See Bourgeon.

Burgess, burjes, Burgher, burg'er, n. महरवर (लाक ; नानदिक ; পूदवामी ; (शोदक्रम : Any freeman of a town, citizen '-- নাগরিক প্রতিনিধি; A representative of a borough in Parliament :- महर विष्मत्वव भागनक्षा ; A magistrate of certain towns.

Burgh, berg, n. यहांत्रकात अविनिधि भागेहरक व्यक्ति वाद नश्व ; A borough ; burg.

Royal Burgh, वाकश्रमञ्ज्ञाविकांद श्राञ्च नश्रद ; A town holding a charter from the crown.

Burgiar, burg'lar, [Fr bourg, town, O. Fr. bres. L. latro, a robber. ] there cote; One who breaks into a house to steal; a housebie.iker. a.= Burglinious — (ोर्ग अभवाश मनबीद : Pertaining to a theft by house-brenking.

Burglary, burg'lar-i, n. अशहदनीर्थ रक्षनीरा भद-গুৰে প্ৰধেশ; প্ৰাবৃত্তি; Breaking into a house by night to steal. a .- burglanous, adv .= burglanously.

Burgo master, burg'o-mastar, n. नश्दाद अवाम শাসনকর্তা; প্রধান নাগরিক বিচারপতি; A chief magistrate of a municipal town in Holland. Flanders and Germany. [ fine French wine. Burgundy, ber'gundi, n. करामी पन। दि:नव ; A

Burgundian blow-मण्ड (इनन ; भिवान्दनन ; Decapitation.

Burial, ber'i-al, n. f A. S. birgels, a tomb, see bury. ] मयाबि-कार्या; (नाव (मधन ; मयाबि ; The act of placing a dead body in the grave; interment. Burial of an ass-No burial at all.

Burial service - मरकाद ; The religious service performed at the interment of the dead,

Burial place—(त्रावहात ; क्यवहात ; Graveyard, churchyard ; cemetery.

Buried in oblivion—मण्डीकरण विष्णः Entirely forgotten. [An engraver's tool. Burin, burin, w. (वानियाद यह विस्तव ; स्वानम-वह ;

Burinist, n. vivile anisial; Engraver.

Burke, burk, v. f. বাসক্ত কৰিবা হত্যা-তৃ; To murder by suffocation; to obtain a body for dissection:— চুপি চুপি বিবাশ-তৃ; নি:শংক সমাত্ত কৰা; To dispose of quietly or indirectly; to put an end quietly.

Burl, berl, w. t. ব্যাদি সজ্জিত কৰা; To dress cloth. Burlesque, bur-lesk, [Fr. It. burlesco, prop from Low L. burra, a flock of wool, a trifle.] অহনন; হাডজনক প্ৰবৃদ্ধ; A ludicrous representation; satire:—a. হাডেক্লীপক; হাডকৰ; Comical; jocular:—v. t. ব্যজন্ত; পৰিহান কৰা; To turn into ridicule. [farce; a comic opera. Burletta, bur-letta, n. বাজা; প্ৰস্ন; A musical Burly, bur'li, a. হুলকাৰ; বোটা; Bulky:—বলিট প্ৰবৃদ্ধান্তিয়; Stout and jolly:—গোলমালিজিয়;

Boisterous. a.=burliness. Hurly burly, n. (जीनमान ; Confusion ; uproar. Burn, burn, v.t. [ A.S. byrnan ; Ger. brennen, to burn ; akin to L. ferveo, to glow. ] 74-7; To consume or injure by fire :-- अक्निक-कू ; To inflame :-- অগ্রি বাবা কটন-ক ; To harden by fire ; to bake :-- ৰশ্ব-কু; To scorch :-- উত্তৱ-কু; To affect with excessive heat :—ভঙ্গ বা উত্তপ্ত ক ; To heat or dry :- v. i. नक र वता ; अवनिष्ठ-र ; To be on fire ; to blaze :--ক্লেখে প্ৰস্থানিত হওয়া ; উভেজিত-To be inflamed with passion; to rage with wiolence or passion :--অভিবিক্ত তাপ অসুভব-কু, To feel excess of heat in the body :-n. ♥171; ৰাংখনিত কড়; A hurt or injury caused by fire pa. p.=burned or burnt. Raze by fire. Burn down, ৩. পোড়াইয়া ভন্মগং-কু; ভন্মীভূত-কু; Burn off-नद कदिश (कना ; Consume what is on

Burn out, v. t. পুড়িয়া শেষ হওয়া; নিৰ্মাণ হওয়া; To be extinguished. [ly burnt Burn through—সম্পূৰ্ণে দম্ম-ছ; Get thorough-Burn up—গুম্ম-ছ; উড়াইয়া-দে; To dry up or dissipate:—দম্ম-ছ; জ্মীভূড ক্যা, To consume entirely by fire; to consume.

the surface.

Burn day-night—অন্ধান না হইতে হইতে বাতি আলা : নিবলে নীপ আলা ; To light candles before dark :—সময় নই-কু ; To waste time.

Burn one's finger—অন্তের কাব্যে হতকেপ করিবা ৰা কল্লিত বাবসায়ে প্রস্তুত হইবা ক্ষতিপ্রত হওৱা; কোন কাকে হাজ দিয়া হালামে পড়া; To suffer from interfering in other's affairs, from embarking in speculations, &c.; to get into unexpected trouble. Burn the candle at both ends—অভান্ত অপ্তয়-কু; To squander in two ways; to be doubly extravagant.

Burn or hang in offigy—কোন ব্যক্তিক অপনান কৰিবাৰ অন্ত ভাহাৰ অভিমূত্তি কৰিবা পোড়ান ; To burn or hang an image or picture of the person, whom it is wished to disgrace.

Burner, bur'-ner, n. शहर ; One who burns or sets on fire :--नाहर की ; नीरलब त्य करन क्षेट्र

fixture to promote combustion; the part of a lamp or gas-jet from which the flame arises.

Burnt out of house and home—অধিনাৰয় ছেতু বৃহ হ'বত বিভাড়িভ; To be driven out of house &c. by the burning of it.

Burning, n. ভত্মীকৰণ; বহন, আলা; The act of reducing to ashes:—বিপুর থেবলতা; The vehemence of passion:—a. অভ্যন্ত আৰম্ভক; Most important:—উত্তপ্ত; Scorching; hot.

Burning-glass, n. দাহৰ-কাচ; আভনী-কাচ; A glass so formed as to concentrate the sun's rays. Burning-ground, n. শ্ৰণাৰ; মড়া পোড়াইবাৰ ঘাট; A place where dead bodies are burnt.

Burnt-offering, burnt-offering, n. (राष: Something offered to a deity and burnt on an alter.

The burnt child dreads the fire—খন-পৌড়া গৰু সিন্দুৰে মেগ দেখিলে তথ্য মৰে; ন্যাড়া বেল জনায় কৰায় যায়; He who has once suffered from an evil, is always on his guard against it.

Burnish, ber'nish, v. t. [O F. burner, brunner, to embrown, polish, fr brun See Brown ] পৰিভাৰ-ক; চকচক-ক; To polish by rubbing —v. t.
ভিন্য-ক; To grow or become bright. Syn=furnish, brighten, glaze. pa p=burnished

Burnisher, ber'nish-er, n. ठकरक् विशेष गञ्ज ; An instrument employed in burnishing :— अमुर्क्क ; The person who burnishes.

Burnt, p. a. কয়: পোড়া; Consumed or injured by fire. A burnt child—পোড়া তেবে। [pear Burrel, bu'rel, n. একছাতীয় পেয়ারা; A kind of Burr, bui, same as Bur.

Burrow, bur'o, n. [A doublet of borough-A. S beorgan, to protect.] পর্ত ; A hole in the ground made by certain animals for shelter; an underground hole where small animals live:—v. i. পর্ত-কৃ; To make hules underground as rabbits; to excavate a hole:—গর্বে বাস-কৃ; গুরুহানে বাস ক্বা; To dwell in a hole; to live in a concealed place.

Bursar, bursar, n. [Low L. bursarius—bursa, a purse, Gr byrse, skin or leather] প্ৰায়ী; কোষাধ্যক; ধনাধক, One who keeps the purse; a treasurer — বৃত্তিভাগী ছাত্ৰ; A student to whom a stipend is paid.

Bursary, bursar-i, n. ধনাগাৰ; The treasury of a college &c:—ছটন ভাৰ বৃত্তিভোগী ছামেৰ বৃত্তি; In Scotland the allowance paid to a bursar.

Burst, berst, v. t. [A. S. berstan; Ger. bersten, Gael. brisd, to brik] খণ্ড খণ্ড কৰিবা ভন্ন কৰা; To break into pieces;—বলপুৰ্মক ভন্ন-ড়; To break or rend by force:—(জাবে লাটিয়া-বা; To break open by violence:—v. i. লাটিয়া-বা; To open spontaneously, as an abscess:—হঠাৎ আক্স্থা-ড়; To come upon unexpectedly:—বিজ্ঞাৱ-ছ্যা-তিল্প: To break forth, or away, with violence:—ভন্ন হুজা; To rend, as my heart breaks:—n. জক্যাৰ ভন্ম; To rend, as my heart breaks:—n. জক্যাৰ ভন্ম; A breaking forth; disruption; sudden explosion:—জাক্ষিক নিৰ্মান বা উপস্থিতি; A sudden outbreak. pa. t. and pa. p.—burst. Syn.—Shiver; shatter; displode, fly asunder, explode.

Burst asunder—जरा-कृ; Break to pieces.
Burst into—(बाब कविश्व देशेद बादण करा; Enter suddenly and forcibly into :—( बादल काव ठानिश साविष्क ना नाविश्व) अवाज करा; Break forth into.
Burst on—रशेद-बादल करा ना (बादिय नेज़); Appear suddenly in or before :—( बादलादक काव) रशेद व्यक्तिक करा; Dawn suddenly upon, like light.

[denly.

Burst out—जरमा ही श्यान-कः Break forth sud-To burst forth—अकान-कः स्विधा निर्मेष्ठ रखाः ; To break out.

To burst into tears—(ৰাগৰ-ছ; To weep.
To burst open—ভাৰিবা কেবা; To break open.
To burst upon—ভাৰেবা-ড়; To attack.
To burst with laughter—উভ হাস্ত-ড়!
A burst of passion—হাঃ ব্যেবা কডক কবি।
Burthen, burthn, n. and v t. same as burden.
The burthen of proof—প্ৰাংশৰ ভাৰ; The onus of proving a point in dispute.

Bury, ber'i, v. t. [A. S. byrgan, to bury; Ger. bergen, to hide.] সম্বি-দে; পোৰ-দে; স্বাছিড-কৃ; To place in the grave, as a dead body, to deposit a dead body in the grave; to entomb.—মাটি দিয়া আছোদন-কৃ; স্বাই স্বাইয়া বাধা, To cover with earth; as seeds sown; to hide in the ground:—ফ্যা-কৃ এবং বিশ্বত-ছ; To hide in oblivion; to forget and forgive:—শ্বি হইতে বিশ্বত ক্যা; To hide or blot out of remembrance pa. p=buried. pa. p.=burying. Syn=Entomb, inter, inhume; overwhelm; hide, shroud; secrete. [cease war.

Bury the hatchet—यूद स्टाट विवड-इ; To Burying-ground, n. अवादिशान; A graveyard. Bus, bus, n. बान विद्याद; An Omnibus.

Busby, busbs, n. শিবসাণ বিশেষ; A military cap Bush, boosh, n. [M. E. bush, busch; from a Teut. root found in Ger. busch, Low L. boscus. Fr. bois.] শুলা; বোণ; A shrub thick with branches; a cluster of shrubs:—বৰ; শুলাকাৰ পাৰ্যাই Anything of bushy tuft like shape:—মাক্ষিত বন্তুমি; Any wild uncultivated country, esp. at the cape or in Australia:—v. i. মূল-হ; To grow thick or bushy:—v. t. To set bushes for, as for pease. [cover to rouse game Bush-beater, n. One who beats amongst the Bush-fighting, n. অৰ্ণামুহ দেশে অনিম্মিত মুহ; Irregular warfare in woody country.

Bush-man, n. অসুনে নোক, অনত্য নোক; অনত্য আড়ি; A race of ferocious savages at the Cape of Good Hope; a settler in the backwoods of Australia.

Bush-ranger, n. van; A robber, especially an escaped criminal, roaming about the woods and outlying parts of a new country; Australian or New South Wales Highman.

One beats the bush, but another has the hare—একখন কৰ্ম কৰে, বিদ্ধ আহাৰ দল আছে ভোগ কৰে; One does the work but another reaps the fruit.

Good wine needs no bush-ভাল ত্ৰব্য প্ৰকাশ কৰিবাৰ ক্ষম আড্ৰাহেৰ প্ৰয়োজন বাই; চেনা বাসুবেৰ গৈতাৰ প্ৰকাৰ ৰাই ; A good article will make itself known without being puffed.

To beat about the bush— आवन जावनाय आवाज ना कवित्रा जारन नारन आवाज कवा ; वृत्रदेश (क्वादेश वना ; कठेक वित्रा (किनान दाख्या ; Beat the bush in all directions to asertain if game is lurking under it; convery one's meaning in a roundabout way.

Bushel, booshel, अ. आह / ३६० (जब शरियान ; A dry measure containing 8 gallons.

Bushy, booshi, a. গুৰুষয়; ভুষাযুক্ত; Full of bushes: —মিৰিড়; বন ও বিকৃত; Thick like a bush; thick and spreading. n=bushiness.

Busfly, bifi-li, ad. बावका दा करणद नर्कादद ; In a busy manner.

Business, bižines, স. ব্যবস্থ ; বৃত্তি; Occupation, trade; profession:—গ্ৰেম্বেল ; সংলব ; Concern ; —কাৰ্ব্য ; বিষয় ; Any affair ; a matter ; transaction:—কৰ্ম্ব্য কাৰ্য্য ; Duty.

Business-like, c. ৰেজপ কাৰ্য্য কৰা উচিত ; কাজেৰ ; কৰ্ম ; Thorough ; as it ought to be done.

Business walks-কাৰ্ব্যের সীমা; কার্ব্য-ক্ষেত্র; The sphere of business,

To make a thing one's business—কোৰ কিছতে সবিশেষ নিযুক্ত থাকা।

To mean business—এভূড (লাভজনক) কাল হইছে বলিয়া বোধ হওয়ায়।

▲ man of business—বাৰসায়ী লোক।

Busk, busk, v. t. or v. i. [lt. buscare, to catch.] অন্তত-কু বা হত্যা; বন্ধ পরিধান-কু; সন্দিত করা বা হত্যা; To prepare; to dress.

Busk, n. খ্ৰীলোকগণেৰ পৰিজ্ঞানৰ অন্তৰ্ভতি লৌহ ৰা কাঠ খণ্ড; A piece of steel, bone, or wood, worn by females in their stays.

Buskin, buskin, n. পাছতা বিৰেব; A kind of half-boot with high heals worn by ancient actors in tragedy:—বিবোধার বাটক; Tragedy. Buskined, a. বিবোধার বাটকহুচক; বিবোধারক;

Dressed in buskins; noting tragedy, tragic. Buss, bus, n. মংক ধৰিবাৰ (মাকা; A two-masted boat for fishing:—আৰিষ্ট চুম্বন; A rude or playful kiss:—v. i. চুম্ব-ফু; To kiss in a rude or playful manner.

Bust, burst v. i. [Fr. buste, Low L. bustum.]
আকটি বতক; পৰীবেৰ অৰ্কভান; The human body
from the head to the waist:—পূৰ্বাৰ্ছ মৃত্তি; আৰববেবেৰ পূৰ্বাৰ্ছভাবেৰ প্ৰতিকৃতি; A piece of sculpture, representing the upper part of the body.
Bustard, bus'tard, n. বৃহদাকাৰ পঞ্চীবিশেষ; A

bird of the Ostritch family.

Bustle, busl, v. i. [M. E. buskle, prob from A. S. bysig, busy.] ফুড্বেল-বা; To stir quickly; ডংগৰ হডা; বাৰ হডা; To busy one's self; to be active; to be very active in one's motion:—
n. ব্যৱতা; প্ৰব্যৱতা; বোৰমান; হড়াইড়ি; Hurry; hurried activity; stir; turnult; agitation.

Busy, bifi, a. बाब; कार्या बार्ग्य; Constantly active; fully employed:—अवस्थित क्रिकांबाची; अवक्रिकांबाव; Officious; meddling:—अविश्वयी; Diligent:—o. f. बाब कवा; निवृष्ण कविश्वा वार्था; To make busy; to occupy. pr. p.=busying (bifing) pa. p.= busied (bifid). ed.=busily.

Busy about nothing—वृत्र कार वृत्र ।
Busy-body, bizi-bod-i, n. (व अकावन (कान कार्य) व्यक्त कर्य ; (व वृत्रि नीरम नरफ नरब कार्य) व्यक्त कर्य ; A meddling person; one busy about other's affairs.

[mind.
Busy-minded, a. (क्यमी; Having an active But, but, conj. [A. S. but, binantan, without be, by, and utan, out.—near and yet outside.] वृद्धि ना ; किंद्र ; Denoting contrast or opposition unless:—ad. (क्वन ; Only:—prep. किंत्र ; वृद्धि ना ; Except:—rel. pro. (व नरह ; वादी ना ; That not.
But for—वित्र वा क्षेत्र कार्य क्षेत्र : Were it not.

But for—विन न रहेड छात्र हहेरन ; Were it not. All but—बाद ; About.

Butcher, boocher, n. [Fr. boucher, orig. one who kills he-goats—bouc, a he-goat; allied to E buck] খাংশ-বিকেডা; কনাই; One whose business is to slaughter animals for food; one who sells meat:—নিইব ব্যক্তি; ছড়াকার্টো মানক ব্যক্তি; মুড়াকার্টো মানক ব্যক্তি; মুড়াকার্টো মানক ব্যক্তি; মুড়াকার্টাকার কি bloody deeds:—v. t. খাংদ্যের জন্ত গভ্ছত্যা-ক; To slaughter animals for food or for market:—
ভূখ্যেতা পূর্মক হড়া-ক; To murder with uncommon cruelty; to kill cruelly.

Butcher-bird, n. পকী বিশেষ; A bird of several species, destructive of smaller creatures.
Butcher-meat, boochar-met, n. কণাই কৰ্ডক নিয়ত পত্ৰ যাংস; The flesh of animals

slaughtered by butcher.

Butchery, boocher-i, n. হড়া ; বৰ; Great slaughter; massacre:—কলাই ধানা ; A slaughter-house:—বে বাছাবে মাংল বিক্রম হয় ; Meat-market. Butler, butler, n. [F. butuiller, a butler ; fr. butuille, bottle.] ভোজনপাত্ত মন্যাদি ভবাবধানাৰ্ব বিয়োজিত ভ্তা ; A servant who has charge of the liquors, plates, &c.

Butt, But, but, n. [O. Fr. boter, to push, strike, from O. Ger. bosen. to strike.] দুন্পান্ত, দীবা; The thick and heavy end; a limit:—বকা; A mark to be shot at; target:—উপহাসালাৰ, An object of ridicule:—মতক হাবা ডাড়বা; ভাডা; A push with the head:—পাত্ত; A cask:—কজা বিশেষ; A particular kind of hinge for doors:
—হ. t. আভাব যুক্ত-ক; To join at the butt-end or outward extremity; to abut:—হ. i. চু মাবা; ভাডা মাবা; To strike with the head, as a goat.

Butt, but, n. 35 Ptol; A large cask; a wine butt=126 gallons, a beer and sherry butt=108 gallons.

Butt-end, but-end, n. (पाँठी फिक; क्रिए); रोष्टे; The thick or striking end; as, of a plank in a ship; the stump.

To come full butt against—হাঃ আজমণ-ক; To come upon suddenly, so as to make a sounding blow.

To make a butt of a person — হাজালাৰ ; To make him a mark for the jest of the company.

Butt and Butt—অবভাগ হাবা যোগ; Joining end to end without overlapping.

Butter, butter, n. [A.S. butter, Ger. butter, both from L. butyrum, Gr. boutyron—bous, ox, tyros, cheese.] 434]; 4144; An oily sub-

stance obtained from cream by thurning :-- o.f.
নবনী বাবা শেপৰ-কু; বাধন গেপন করা; To spread
over with butter.

Butter one's bread—দিল কেবা; কাল ভছাইয়া লগো; Feather one's nest; secure a decent living.

Clarified butter-ye :

To butter one's bread on both sides— জড়াত সূৰে বন্ধুৰে জীবনৰাত্ৰা নিৰ্মাণ কৰা; To live most comfortably.

Butter-cup, buter-kup, n. পীতবৰ্ণ কুলোংপালী এক প্ৰকাষ কড়া; A plant of the crowfoot genus, with a cup-like flower of a golden yellow, like butter: —পুলা বিশেষ; A kind of flower.

Buttorfly, buter-fli, n. auf 1968; A beautiful winged insect.

Butter-flagered, buter-fingerd, a. Apt to drop things, as if from greasy fingers.

Butter-man, buter-man, n. मायन-विकला; यायन ध्याला; One who sells butter; a vender of butter. Butter-milk, but'r-milk, n. यायन (धाला इस; छङ; (याल; Milk temaining after the butter is seperated from it.

Butter-print, buter-print, n. ৰাৰ্থের পিটুক জাইত কৰিবাৰ কন্ত ধোদিত কাঠৰত; A piece of carved wood used to mark cakes of butter.

Butter-wife, Butter-woman, n. गांवन विका-क्रिकें ; A woman, who sells butter.

Butterine, buter-en, n. মাধ্যের পরিবর্তে বিক্রীত এক প্রকার যিশ মেছ পদার্থ; An artificial fatty compound sold as a substitute for butter.

Buttery, buter-i, n. [Fi. bouteilleric, lit. place of bottles, See. bottle, butler.] মুগ্ধ নৰনীত জঞ্চাবন্ত বাখিবার স্থান; A place for keeping butter, milk, provisions &c:— যদ্য বাধিবার মন; A cellar in which wine is kept.

Buttock, butok, n. [Dim. of butt, end.]. বিভয়; কটনেশ; পাছা; The rump or protuberant part of the body behind.

Button, butn, n. [Fr. bouton, any small projection, from bouter, to push; cf. W. botwn, a button.] বোডাম; A knob of metal, bonn, &c., used to fasten the diess:—v. t. বোডাম নাবা কৰ-ড়; বোডাম দিয়া দলেয় কৰা; To fasten by means of buttons:—v. i. বোডাম নাবা বছ হ; To be fastened by buttons.

Button-hole, butn-hül, n. বেভাবেৰ বৰ; বেভাৰ প্রাইবাৰ ঘৰ; The hole in which the button is caught:—v. t. বিবন্ধ-কু; Bore; detain in conversation to weariness.

Not to care a button for— কিছুদাৱ প্ৰাফ্ লা-ড়; কিছুদাৱ ভীত বা স্কুটিত লা হয়ো: Not to feel the slightest concern or regard. [বিৰক্ত কৰা! To hold by the button—ক্ৰাৰ্ত্তিৰ আহিক কৰিব! Buttress, butres, n. [Prob. from O. Fr. bre-tesche, a battlement.] স্বেট্ডের ঠেন; আবম; পোডা; A projecting support built on to the outside of a wall; a piece of strong wall that stands on the outside of another wall to support it:—অবস্বৰ; আইৰ; Any support; prop:— ৩.t. ঠেন-সে; To prop; to support by a buttress. Buxors, buksum, a. [A. S. bugan, to bow, yield,

and affix some.] वमनीत्र ; Vielding :-- दिकि-चानक ; Elastic :-- असून ; जनानक ; Gay ; lively. Syn.=blithe, gay ; comely, hearty, merry. अ.= Buxomness.

Buy, bi, o. t. [ A. S. byegan ; Goth. bugjan. ] अप-क : (क्या ; To purchase ; to procure at a price. p. a. p .= bought (bawt.), pr. p .= buying. Buy off-छेश्रकां विशा वनीवृत्त-कृ ; कि ह विशा इक्ता क्या ; Cause one to cease from apposition by giving him some money or other benefit; detach by giving some bribe; to influence to compliance; to detach by a consideration giving. Buy out 75 51-7; Purchase the interest of. Buy over - Extels-(4; Bribe. [by purchase. Buy up-क् कविया नक्षा; Exhaust the supply of Buy on credit—बादब दक्बा ; बादव उक्क कृ : Purchase, on a promise to pay at a future day. To buy one's victory dear—क्रम्बर इंडि খীকাৰ কৰিছা জয়সাভ কৰা; To suffer a heavy loss in gaining a victory.

To buy a rofusal of—বাৰনা কৰিবা বাধা।
Buy a pig in poke—না দেখিবা ধৰিদ-কু; To
buy a thing without seeing it. (buys
Buyer, bi'er, ম. কেডা; A purchaser; one who
Buzz, buz, v. i. তন্তন্ত; উন্তন্ত্; উন্তন্তক; To
make a humming noise like bees:—v. t. কাণে
কানে কণা কৰা; গোপনে অচায় কৰা; To whisper;
to spread by whispering reports:—n. মফিকায়
ভন্তন্তম; Noise of bees:—কাণে কাণে কথা; A
whisper.

Buzzard, butard; n. [Fr. bustard, I. buteo, a kind of falcon. ] এক প্ৰকাৰ শিকাৰী পকীৰিশেষ; A bird of prey of the falcon family:— মূৰ্ব; A blockhead:—a. বৃদ্ধিশুক্ত; Senseless; stupid.

By all means-fate; Certainly.

By and by—wifet; शैव; अविश्वित्य; करण; Presently; soon; shortly; pretty soon; before long; in time; As:—The plague came by and by into a town.

By any means—কোন প্রকাবে; In any way.
By oneself—একাকী; আপনা আপনি; বিনা অত্যেম
নাহাব্যে; Alone; unassisted:—As, he did it all
by himself.

By the bye—अनमकर ; स्वांत क्यांत ; छान स्वां नरन शर्का ; In passing ; by way of digression ; As :—I must own, by the bye, I had strong doubts about the authenticity of the painting. By 10 o'clock--- रणित नमह वा खांदाद पूर्व । A room 15 feet by 8-->० कृष्ठे मीर्स अन्य ४ कृष्ठे अरह अक्षी पद ।

By birth—ছাভিতে বা ক্ষে।

By-corner, n. essia; A private place.

By dogrees - जन्म: ; Gradually.

By-end, bi-end, n. ७४ अध्यक्ति ; ५४ अध्यक्ति ; Secret purpose ; private end.

By far-wejw; Very much.

By-gone, bi'-gon, a. অভীত : অভিনায় ; Past ; irrecoverably past :—n. পূৰ্বাইনা ; অভীত ঘটনা ; A past incident, past event.

By inches—इवनः ; Gradually.

By-lane- वद शनि : A private lane.

By-law, bi'law, हानीव वावहां ; উপविधि ; हानिक वा भवास्त्र निवय ; भवास्त्र विधि ; Local law ; a law made by a town or society to regulate its affairs ; the law of a city, town or private corporation ; a supplementary law or regulation

By main force—वन्यक ; By strong exertion. By might and main—वन्यक ; With the utmost exertion of strength.

By-namo, bī-nam, n. উপनाय; बाजार्यक नाय; Nickname; sobriquet.

By snatchos—ভাডাভাডি; Hastily.

By-past, bi-past, a. মতীত; Gone by; by-gone. By-path, bi-path, n. গবিশব; উপপৰ; A private path, obscure way; a side path.

By-place-নিভূত ছাৰ ; Retired place.

By-play, n. অসুমাটক; A scene carried on aside while the main action proceeds.

By purpose, n. গোণনীয় অভিপ্ৰায়; অভিস্থি; Clandestine design.

By profession—कार्यात सावा ; By occupation ; as, he is a lawyer by profession.

By rote—আবৃত্তি বাবা; অভ্যানপূৰ্বক; By mere repetition; without the exercise of the understanding.

[ road.

By-road, bī-rōd, n. निष्ठ भर ; A retired side By stealth—(अ)भरन ; Secretly.

By-stander, bi-stander, n. উপদৃপিক; দুৰ্গক; One who stands by or near one; (hence) a looker-on. By-view, bi-vū, স্বাধ্ধাধনের অভিনায়; Private

view; self interested purpose. By-way, bi-wa, n. আলাই নিভূত পথ; A private and obscure way.

By-word, bi'wurd, म. अन्धवान ; ध्रवानवीन) ; A proverb ; a common saying.

By word of mouth—मृत्यम कथाव बाता ; Orally. Let by-gones be by-gones—मण्ड (बांग्या बाजि ; खडीज कथा खाव बात कविक बा ; Let the past be lorgouen.

To become a by-word—উপহাসাপদ-হ; To be the butt of ridicule:—অবজাত্চক কৰা ইওয়া; Become the object of contempt.

One by one-करक बहक, बक बक्षे क्रिया।

To stand by-अवर्थन क्या।

Byzant, bis'ant, Byzantine, bis'an-tin, দ. আঁক বাজ্যে প্রচলিত স্থর্গ মুজা বিশেষ; A gold coin of the Greek empire, struck at Byzantium or Constantinople, valued at £15 sterling. C

C-र्वाकी एकी व चक्द ; The third letter in the English alphabet :--> ; As a numeral letter denotes a hundred.

Cab, kab, n. ছুট বা চারি চাকা বিশিষ্ট এক বোড়ার গাড়ি, বে গাড়িব ভিতর দ্বাদার বেক পাতা বাকে, এবং বাহার পকাং দিকে দ্বজা; A covered carriage with two or four wheels usually drawn by one horse;— ইছ্দীদিশের ভজন ক্রিবার পরিনাশ বিশেব; A Hebrew dry measure of 25-6 pints.

Cab-fare, kab-far, n. \*\*|five|v|; The amount paid for the hire of a cabriolet.

Cab-man, kab-man, अ. पांचवारी : शांद्वायांच ; The driver of a cab.

Cab-stand, kab-stand, n. ভাড়াটে গাড়ি থাকিবাৰ খাব; A place appointed for cabs when waiting for hire.

Cabal, ka-bal, n. ৩৫ অভিসৰি বাধৰাৰ্থ বিভিত কুল্ল কৰিছি; A small party united for some secret design:—ৰত্বীৰপ; A number of persons united secretly for some party purpose; a junto or council of intriguers:—পূচ কুৰণা; বড়বল; Intrigue; the plot itself:—v. i. গুচ বুলা।—দু: বড়বল দুলাৰ্থ বিশ্ব হলা; To form a party for the secret purpose; to plot; to intrigue; to conspire. pr. p.=caballing; pa. p.=caballed. Syn.=conspiracy, plot, faction, set, machination, combination.

Cabala, kaba-la, n. [Chal. kabbel; to receive.]
ইম্বী পুৰোহিতেৰ পুত ধৰ্মনাত্ৰ: The secret science
among Jewish rabbins:—পুত বিদ্যা; তথ্য বিজ্ঞান;
Any secret science. [ of the cabalists.
Cabalism, kabalism, n. পুত্ৰিশ্যা; Secret science

Cabalist, n. ইছ্লী জাতিৰ ধৰ্মণাস্থাৰিত্ব; One versed in Jewish traditions. a.=Cabalistic—মুর্জের; বিশুচার্ক; Mystic; having a secret meaning.

Caballer, n. গুড় শত্ৰণাকাৰী; বড়বত্ৰকাৰী; A plotter or intriguer. [ tavern.

Cabaret, kaba-ra, n. শৌতিকালয়; উড়িগানা; A Cabbage, kabāj, n. [Fr. cabus, headed (choun cabus, a cabbage); from L. caput, the head.] ক্লিণাক; A well-known kitchen; an edible plant:—v. t. অপ্যথ-ক; Purloin:—v. i. To form a head in growing. Syn. Steal, filch, bezzle, pilfer, abstract, crib.

Cabbage-rose, kabāj-rōz, n. এক জাতীয় ব্য ধোনাপ পুল; A species of large rose; a large rose having many close petals.

Cabbage-tree, n. ভাল জাভীয় বৃদ্ধ বিশেষ; A species of palm tree; a palm bearing an edible cabbage-like fruit.

Cabin, kabin, n. [ W. cab, caban, a rude little hut. ] कृति ; A cottage; a hut:—काशायन कृति ; A small apartment in a ship:—कृत कृति ; A small room:—v. t. काशायन कर्क पर्या जायक किया वार्षा: To shut up in a cabin; to confine in cabin:—v. t. काशायन कर्कपर्या वार्षा; To live in cabin, lodge. Syn=Cot, hovel, cottage, shed; crib, berth, bunk.

Cabin-boy, kabin-boy, ম. আখাৰেৰ আহোহী বা কৰ্ম্যায়ী দিবেৰ বানৱ-কৃত্য; বে বানক আহাৰেছ কৰ্ম-চাৰিবশেৰ অনুষ্ঠান কৰে; A boy who waits on the passengers and officers of a ship.

Cabinet, kabin-et, n. ক্যু কছ বা ক্ৰীয় ; A small room; a closet :—ন্ত্ৰা-সূহ; A private room for consultation :— দেৱাৰ; A set of drawers for articles of value. [ret council of sovereign. The Cabinet—সচিব সমিতি; যত্তি-সভা; The sec-Cabinet—council, kabin-et-kownsil, n. প্ৰবাদ বি সমাৰ; বাজের সচিব-সভাগাহের ভত ব্যাপা-সভা; A confidential council of a sovereign; a council of state or of cabinet ministers.

Cabinet-maker, kabin-et-maker, n. কাঠছা-নিৰ্মাতা; কাঠছডিত গৃহসকা নিৰ্মাতা; One who makes the most valuable articles of wood; a maker of cabinets and other wooden furniture.

Cabinet-measure, kabin-et-mesh-ër, n. A measure to which a ministry is pledged.

Cabinet-ministers, kabin-et-minis-ters, প্রধান মৃদ্রিসমিতি; The chief ministers of state in whom the administrative government is vested.

Cabinet-pictures, kabin-et piktur, n. \*\*\* Small pictures for a very small room.

Cable, kábl, n. [Fr.—Low L. captum, a halter—capio, to hold.] পোত বছনী কাছি বা পুথস; কাছি; পড়ি; A strong rope or chain, to retain a ship at anchor; a large rope:—v. t. পোত বুলু বাৰা বছন-ক; To fasten with a cable.

Cable's length, kábl-length, n. ৩০০ কিট কথা আহাজের কাছি: A nautical measure of 100 fathoms, (কাহারত মতে) আহাজের ২০০ কিট বজুর ল্যাই পরিনাশ; The length of a ship's cable, usully 120 fathoms or 720 feet.

To pay out the cable—कृत्य काहि होड़ा।

Cacao, ka-káo, n. व्यक्तिचंद : The chocolatetree of South America and the West Indies.

Cachectic, Cachectical, s. wat; fife; Having an ill habit of body; pertaining to a vitiated or deranged state of the body.

Cachexy, ka-keksi, [Gr. kakos, bad, and exis, state.] 物質; Bad habit of the body.

Cachinnation, kak-in-ashun, n. [L. cachinno, to laugh loudly.] 55213; Seria; Loud laughter:—a=Cachinnatory—seriasi; Consisting of or producing cachinnation.

Cacique, n. कृत वांचा ; नकाव ; A chief among some American Indians.

Some American Indians. Cack, kak, ৩. ৫. মুখ্যসূত্র-ড় ; To go to stool. Cackle, kaki, n. [E. cog. with Duch. kakelen, from the sound.] মুক্টা বা হানীৰ ভাত ; হানাপিছ বহু : হানাপিছ বহু : হানাপিছ বহু : Noise of a hen or goose :—ব্যা পদ্ধ : ব্যা বাব্য : Idle talk; silly prattle :—v. i. মুক্টের স্থায় পদ্ধ-কু; To make a noise like a hen :—ব্যা পদ্ধ-কু; To make a silly noise ; to prattle. Syn.—Giggle, smicker, titter; babble, chatter, prattle. [spelling. Cacography, kako-gra-fi, n. ব্যাহার : Bad Cacology, n. ব্যাহারণাহারি; Defective speaking; bad grammar or enunciation.

(Cacophony, ka-kof'ō-ni, ন. [Gr. hakos, bad, phone, sound.] স্বভিত্তা: কভিত্ত পদ; খবেৰ আন্তা: Disagreeable sound of words: a bad, disagreeable sound; discord of sounds. a=Cacophonous (kakof'onus), cacophonic (kakofonik).

Cactus, kakitīs, n. বৃক্ষ বিশেষ; The American Cad, kad, n. বাৰ্ক-ভূড়া; An errand-boy:—বীচ-বোক; ইডার বাজি; A low-bread, a low-fellow, obstrusive fellow.—a=Caddish—বীচ; Vulgar, pretentious.

Cadastro, ka-daster, n. দেশবাপী প্ৰধান কৰিল ; The head survey of the lands of a country ; an

orduance survey. a=Cadastral.

Cadaverous, ka-daver-us, a. [L. cadaver, a

Cadaverous, ka-davér-us, a. [ L. cadaver, a dead body—cado, to fall dead. ] মৃতবং গৃত্তমান; বিষয়া; বিষয়া; বিষয়া; বিষয়া; বিষয়া; বিষয়া; বিষয়া; বিষয়া; cloking like a dead body; pale; wan; ghastly sickly-looking. Syn:—Pale, wan, ghastly, bloodless, pallid, death-like.

Caddy, kadi, n চা বাধিবাৰ আধান্ত; A small box for tea holding. [cask; a barrel. Cade, kād, n. [L Cadus, a cask.] দিপা; A Cadence, kā'dens, n. [Fr. L cado, to fall.] ববেৰ পতৰ বা বিৰাম; মুবেৰ বিশ্বৰ; A fall of the voice at the end of a sentence:—খৰ; Tone, sound:—মুৰ; Rhythmical modulation:—ফ. 1. মুব কিড ক্বা; To regulate by musical measure. Cader, Cadro, kádēr, n ক্ৰচাৰীৰ ভালিকা; A list of officers and men.

Cadet, ka-der, n. [Fr. cadet, formerly capdet
—Low L. capitettum, dim. of caput, the head. ]
কনিই পুন, The younger or youngest son:—কুম্
বিদালিকাৰী; কুম্বেলিক-লিকাৰী; A student in a military school:—কুম্বিকালিকাৰী; In the army, one who serves as a private in order to become an officer; a youth appointed to an army, but not holding a commission. n =Cadetship, Commission in the East Indian Company's service.
Cadge, kai, e. f. বিচ্ছাৰে ক্ষিক্ত: To live on

Cadge, kaj, e. f. ৰীচভাবে বাস-ফু; To live on another meanly.
Cadger, kajer, n. কুলু পণ্যবিকেতা; A huckster.

Cadi, ka'di, n. [Ar. kadhi, a judge.] ত্যুদ্দেশের বিচাৰণাড়ি; A Turkish magistrate or judge; a judge in Mohammedan countries.

Dadmia, kad-mi-á, म. An oxide of zinc. Dadmium, kadmi-um, म. हिटमच कांच नाकू विरमच ; A blue-white metal, related to zinc.

Daducous, ka-dukus, a. [ L. caducus—cado, to fall ] প্ৰশীপ; Falling early, as leaves or flowers; having the tendency to fall.

Caesar, sézar, শ. বৰাট; বাৰনা; An emperor,—
especially of Germany, as being the successor of
Augustus Caesar and the Roman emperors. a.=
Caesarean—বাৰনা সম্বাদ্ধ Partaining to Caesar.
Caesariam, sézarizm, শ. সমাচের অনুষ্; Personal rule, by armed force; imperialism.

Cosura Cosura, se-zura, n. [L. caedo, caesum, to cut off.] বভি: পদেষ অবিধ আংশে বোপ; A pause in a verse; a syllable cut off at the end of a word after the completion of a foot. a.— Caesural.

Cafe, kaf'a, n. কাকি ঘৰ; A coffee-house.
Caffeine, kaf'e-in, n চাড কাকিব কাৰ্য্যকাৰিতা
শকি; The active principle of coffee and tea.
Cag, kag, n. ভূত পিপা; A small cask or barrel.
Cage, kāj, n. [Fr. L. cavea, a hollow place.]
পিয়ৰ; বাচা; An enclosure for birds or animals; a box made of wire or wood for holding birds or small animals:— কাৰ্যকাৰ; A prison for petty criminals; a place of confinement:—n.t. ক্ৰ
কৃ: পিত্ৰৰ বছ-কৃ: To shut up in a cage:—ক্ষেত্ৰ ক্ৰা; To imprison. Syn=Immure, incarcerate, confine, shut up.

Cairn, kām, n. প্ৰব্ৰাশি; A heap of stone.
Caisson, kās'son, n. বৃদ্ধাৰ্য-বান; Ammunition
waggon:—বোলা বাকন পূৰ্ণ নিৰ্ক; A wooden box
filled with military stores.

Caitiff, ka'tif, n. [L. captivus, a captive—capio, to take.] বাচ বাজি; ছোটবোজ; A mean
despicable fellow; knave:—a. নাচ; ছবিড;
ছবড়; Mean, base. Syn=Rogue, rascal, scoundrel, knave, villain, miscreant.

Cajeput, kaje-put, n. তৈল বিশেষ ; An essential oil from the leaves of the cajeput tree.

Cajole, ka-jol, v. t. [Fr. cajoler, O. Fr. cageoler, to chatter like a bird in a cage. ] क्नलाव ; क्लाव ; क्ल

Cajoler, kajölér, n. (क्विरियायकारी ; A flatterer. Cajolery, kajölér-i, n. अवस्था ; (कावरियाय ; Flattery ; wheedling ; deciet.

Cake, kāk, n. [Sw. kaha, Ger. larchen, kochen, all borrowed from L. coquo, to cook.] পিটুক; হ্ৰাছ ফটা; A piece of dough that is baked or cooked; a small loaf for fine bread; an article of food:—পিভ; A mass of matter concreted:—v. t. পিভীক্লা-ড়; পিভাকাৰ-ড়; To form into a cake:—v. i. পিভীক্ল-ড; পিভাকাৰ-ড়; To become baked or hardened.

Anague cake—मोरा । Funeral cake—भिरा

Oil cake-- बरेन ।

Calabash, kala-base, n. খলাৰু; The gourd — খলাৰু পাত্ৰ; A vessel made of the shell of a gourd.

Calamitous, kal-ami-tus, a. বিপয়; বিশ্বতঃ; Miserable; involved in deep distress; disastrous:—বিপক্ষৰক; হঃবদায়ক; কেলকৰ; Producing misery; making wretched:—বিশ্বপূৰ্ব; Full of misery.

Calamity, kal-ami-ti, n. [ Fr. celamite. L.

calamitas. ] विषय विशय ; शु:ष ; त्या ; A great misfortune; affliction; adversity. Syn=Disaster, misfortune, mischance, mishap; distress, adversity, affliction, downfall.

Calamus, kala-mus, n. ব্যানা বাস; প্র; An

Indian sweet-scented grass.

Calsah, ka-lash, n. শকট বিশেষ; A light lowwheeled carriage :-- ত্রীবোকদের মন্তবারন ; A

hood worn by ladies.

Calcareous, kal-ka'rc-us, a. চ্পের গুণবিশিট্ট : চূপ্রস্থ ; Having the qualities of lime; containing lime; like or containing chaulk or lime. n = Calcareousness. a.= Calcariferous— চুংগ্ণেপ্স্ক : Lime yielding.

Calcine, kal-sin, v. t. উন্তাপ ধাৰা চূৰ্ণ-কু; To reduce to power by the action of heat:—v. i. তাপ ধাৰা চূৰ্ণাকৃত-ছ; To become caln or powder by heat; to be converted into powder by heat.

z.—Calcination—চূৰ্ণা; জাৰণ; The process of reducing to powder by heat.

Calcography, kal-kog'ra-fi, n. [ L. caln and Ger. graphy, writing, grapho, to write. ] ধড়িব উপৰ নক্ষা কৰিবাৰ বিদ্যা; The art of engraving

in chaulk. a.=calcographical.

Calculary, a. অবাৰী সংকীয়; Relating to the disease of the stone.

Calculate, kakū-lāt, v. t. [L. calculo, to rekon by help of little stones—calculus, dim. of caln, a little stone.] গণনা-ক; গণনা ছাবা ঠিক করা; To compute; to reckon:—নিক্লগা-ক; To ascertain:—উপবোগী-ক; To adjust; to fit:—েং গণনা-ক; হিদাৰ করা; To make a calculation; to estimate. Syn.—Compute, reckon, count, estimate, enumerate, rate, value, determine, adjust, consider. a =Calculable.

Calculation, kalkū-la'shun, n. গণনা; Computation :-- নিরপণ হিদাব; Estimate.

Calculativo, kalkū-lāt-iv, a. भगना अव्योध to

পাৰাস্চক; Relating to calculation; tending to calculate.

Calculator, kalkū-lāt-or, n. গণক; গণনাকাবী: নিশ্লপক; A reckoner; one who calculates.

Calculous, a. कक्ष्मप्र; Like stone; stony; gritty.

Calculus, kaiku-lus, n. পাণ্ডী; The stone in the bladder:—সণিত বিশেষ; One of the branches of mathematics. pl.=Calculi, (kaikūli).

Caldron, kawidron, n. [L. caldarium, calidus, hot—caleo, to grow hot.] পাতু নিৰ্শ্বিত কটাং; কড়া ; A large mettle kettle for boiling liquides.

Caledonian, kal-e-dónian, a. ভট্নভদেশীৰ; Scotch:—n. ভট্নভ-দেশবাসী; A Scotchman. Calefaction, ká-le-fak-shon, n. ভপ্ত কৰণ; উত্তপ্ৰস্থা প্ৰাধি; Act or operation of making worm or hot; state of being heated.

Calefy, kile-fi, v. i. [L. calidus, warm, and fio, to become. ] **34 34**; To become worm or heated.

Calendar, kalen-der, n. [Gr. kylindros, kylindo, to roll] পঞ্জিকা; মাসিক হিনাৰ বই; An annual almanac; a register of the months:— ভৌৰণাৰী ঘোৰজুমাৰ তালিকা; A list of criminal causes for trial: -v. t. जिल्ला दावा ; To register. Syn .= Almanac, ephemeris, list, register, roll.

Calender, kalender, n. [A corruption of Cylinder] [3]; A machine or hot press for smoothing and dressing cloth:—v.t. [3]-y;
To press between hot rollers.

Calends, kalendz, n. pl. বোষবাসী দিবের প্রভোক মানের প্রথম দিবস; First day of each month

among the Romans.

Calenture, kalen-tur, n. [Fr. and Sp.—L. caleo, to be hot.] জাহাতেৰ নাৰিকদিৰ্গের অৱবিকাল; ব্ৰীপ্ৰথান দেশেৰ অৱ বিকাল; A kind of fever attended with delirium affecting sailors in hot climates; a fever of hot climates.

Calf, kaif, n. [A. S. cealf, Gr. kalb. Goth. kalbo.] গোৰণৰ , ৰাছুৱ; The young of the cow:—
নিৰ্মোধ নোক; নিৰ্মোধ ভীক বাকি; A dolt; a block head; a stupid cowardly person. pl = calves. a =Calfish—নিৰ্মোধ; Stupid.

Calf, kaf, n. शारव किंव; The thick fleshy part of the leg behind.

Calibor, Calibre, kan ber, n. [Fr. calibre, the bore of a gun; lt. calibre ] বাল; কামানের ছিত্রের আয়তন; বন্তের চুলি; The diametre of a round body, the size of the bore of a gun:—ধ্বাশালি, বাংশালি; The capacity of the mind; intellectual capacity.

Calico, kalı-kū, n. এক প্ৰকাৰ সুভাৰ কাপড়; চিত্ৰিভ কাৰ্ণাস বস্তু, বেডকাপাস বস্তু; Cotton cloth first brought from Calicut in the East Indies; plain, white cotton cloth; printed cotton cloth.

Calico-printing, ম. ভিট প্ৰস্তুত কৰিবাৰ পৰাণী;
The art of dyeing cotton clothes with figures of various colours. [উৎসাহপূৰ্ণ; Ardent. Calid, kilid, a. তপ্ত; ছবন্ত ; Hot, burning:—Calif, Caliph, ka'lif or kalif, ম. [Fr. Ar. khalifah, a successor.] মহম্মদেৰ উত্তৰাধিকাৰী-দিগেৰ উপাধি, বনিকা; The tittle assumed by the successors of Mahommed.

Califato, Caliphate, kalif-নt, n. কালিকেৰ বাজত . কালিকেৰ কাৰ্ব্য, পদ বা অধিকাৰ; The office or government of a Calif.

Caligraphy, Calligraphy, kalig'rafi, n [Gr. ka'os; beautiful, (aikn G. hale) graphe, to write.] আতি প্ৰবন্ধ হত-নিশি, Beautiful handwriting; penmanship. n.=Caligraphist.—
স্বাৰক। a=Caligraphic.

Calipers, kafi-parz, Caliper-compasses, kafi-per-kumpas-ez, n. পোলাকাৰ বস্তব বান পৰিমাপক বস্তু; Compasses with bent legs for measuring the diameter of round bodies.

Calisthenics, Callisthenics, kal-is-theńiks n.[Gr. kalos, beautiful, sthenos, strength.]বাৰাম, শাৰীবিক সৌলাৰ্য ও বলবৃত্তিৰ নিমিত অল সঞ্চালৰ; Exercises for the purpose of promoting gracefulness as well as strength of body; exercises designed to promote strength of body. a.—calisthenic.

Calk, kawk, v. f. [O. Fr. conquer—L. calcare, to tread under foot—calz, the heel. ] জাৰাজানিৰ তজাব জোড়ের মুধ বন্ধ করা, কালাডিপাত-কু; জান্ধবেশ নিবারণার্থ জাহাজের তজার সন্ধিয়ান নমূহে সুজ্

शृतिका जाशनित्तव व्यवकान वस कवा, To drive oakum into the seams of, as of ship, to prevent leaking - भारत नान जीक के, To put sharp points up on the shoes of horses to prevent slipping on ice - पाणाव शीरवन बान वन्नव कवा . To roughen a horse's shoe to keep it from slipping. Call, kawl, v. t. [A S ceallian , Ice kaila, Gr. ger in geryein, to proclaim ] नाम-कृ. To name -बाह्यान कृ , छाका , बारमर्थ-कृ , To summon , to direct, to convoke - ( ) To proclaim निरुष्ट-क To appoint - मानियाद कन अन्दर्शंध क , To request to meet or come -attat 7, To invoke - ए : छीरकांब-क , नाम धविद्या छाका , To speak loudly, to cry aloud — অল্লকণ কোন ज्ञात्व वा , माकार कविएक यांश्यां , To stop , to make a short visit pr p - calling pa p = called Syn =name denominate, entitle, style, dub, christen, bid, invite, convoke, assemble, convene, muster, elect ordain, set spart, shout cry Call a bond-'बरजद टीका थाव (मध्या यहित्व' कहे সংবাদ (দগুৱা।

Call a spade—টিক নাম ধৰে ভাকা সক্ত কণা বৃদ্ধ।
( বা things by their right names by plun speken
Call at নাকাৎ কৰিবাৰ সভা কোন কানে মাজা।
সল্লমণ জল কোন হানে মাজা। (no to some place
(to visit a person) - visit a place

Call back - শিবাৰ প্ৰত্যান্যৰ কৰা, Bring back —প্ৰশাহাৰ ক, Revoke

Call down—খাৰ্থনা ক Invoke [to require Call for - চাঙাং দাবি ক ভদৰ করা To dem and Call forth— উদ্দীপন ক, কাজে আনা অফনিহিড কোন শাক্ত বাহিৰ করিমা আনা, Bung or summon to action, to bring out evoke

Call in—দ'প্ৰছ কু, To collect — হিচাৰ আধিতে বৰা To request one to come in — একত্তে আধি ব ব জন্ম আহ্বান কু To summon together — দুদা প্ৰান বন্ধ কবিবাৰ নিষ্ঠিত জন্ত কৰে মানা, With drive from circulation

Call in quostion - সক্ষেত্ৰ, অধিবাস To diquit to question to express doubt or dissent Call names—গালাগালি-দে Io apply abusing epithets, to use reproachful language, to abuse — ৰাম ৰাৱাপ কয় Io call one ty represental appellations, use nicknames

Call off- কিবাৰ To summon away to divert Call on or upon—অল্লফণের জন্ত সাকাং কাবতেয়া To make a short visit to —পাণ্ডলা পাবি কু,
To solicit payment or make a demand for debt
— অন্তরোধ-কু, To request —প্রার্থলা কু, (বিপ্লে)
পাড়া কিব্রুকে ডাকা, To pray to, to invoke the ud of —আ্লেশ-কু, To require authoritatively কিছু ক্রিছে বলা, To require net odo something Call out— ডাক্ত শ্বের বলা, To speak aloud hallo —জাগোর নিমিত্ত আহ্লান-কু, To summon to service — বুছাৰ আহ্লান-কু, To summon to fight, to challenge

Call over—প্ৰায়ক্তমে নাম ভাকা . To read out a list name by name , to recite in order, as a roll of names

Call up— মনে পড়াইছা দেওছা, অবা কৰাইছা দেওছা, lo twaken, to bring to recollection or into action.

Call to—উজৈংশৰে ছাকা, Shout
Call to mind—স্বণ-কৃ, Remember, recollect —
স্ভিপৰে আন্তৰ-কৃ, To revive in memory
Call to the bar—উজিল মোকাৰ শ্ৰেণীভূক কৰা।
Call to the ministry—বাক্ত হ, Become a

minister

Call to account—কৈ কিছত দাহা, হিৰাৰ কিছে চাহা নিকাশের দাবী কৰা তি call for explanation or vindication of conduct [the list of names. Call the roll—পর্যায়লমে নাম ডাকা, To callover Call round—যাইয়া সাকাং কু, Go and visit.

Call, kawl, n. আহ্বান, নিমন্ত্রণ, A vocal address of summons or invitation —তলপ দাবি, A Demand claim —প্রস্থানেল Divine inspiration —আন্দেশ, Command —আন্দেশ্রের বাজ সাকাং, A short visit —কাষা, Employment, vocation [in this sense calling is generally used ]—নিয়োগ Nomination —বংগীকান, A whish to summon sailors to duty —ভাকা A vocal address —পরিচালক লাকি, An impulse — পানীত ডাক, The cry of a bird [ কালে কেলে। A call bird—বে পোষা পানী আন্ত পানীতে ভাকিয়া At or on call—হখন তথন য ইবার উপযুক্ত।

Call of duty—कंदर द अन्दर्भ ।

Within call—st नराई श्रीटिंड भाउरी सम् असन निकार, At su ha distance as to enable one to hear when called

A calling man—কে'নও বোকের সহিত সর্কাণ দেখা নাকাৎ করা ঘাহ'র অভান, A man in the habit of calling upon persons

Calling, Lawling, n বৃত্তি ক'বনাৰ, পেৰা কাৰ্য্য, Vocation, employment trade pre ession Callosity, kal-osi-ti n তেইণপ্ৰিম্মকচা A horny

hardness of skin, a hard swelling on the skin Callous, kilus, a ক'ল, Hard hardened — কিন্দু, ক'ল, কলাৰ, আনম্পীৰ, Unfeeling insensible hard he inted obdurate, n =callouitess, ad =callously Sin = Obdurate, hard, insensible, unfer in reunsusceptible

Callow, k নত a [ 1 S calu Dut kri' L calcus bald ] পক্ৰি- এ অভাত পক অনার্ভ, Destitute of feathers, unfledged, not covered with feathers anaked

Calm, ham, a [Fi ci'me from I ow I cauma—Gr. Fiuma no incliv heat—law, to burn ] কিব, নিশ্বৰ নিশ্বিত Being at rest, still—প্ৰাপ্ত অবিশ্বিত, Undisturbed by passion, collected, tranquil—n বাত্ৰতা বাণ্ডতা, Stillness, absince of wind—বিষয় প্ৰাপ্ততা, পান্তি, Repose, serenty, tranquility—v t. শাৰ কু, প্ৰাপ্তিত কু, বিশ্ব-কু, To quict, to make cilm, to pacify, to tranquilite n=calminess—শাবি Tranquility ad—Calmis Syn—Still, quict serene, tranquil, peaceful, composed, unruffled sedate, collected placid.

Calomel, kalo-mel, n. [Gr Lalos, lair, melas, black ! বিভদ্ধ পাবদ, A preparation of mercury much used as a medicine, chloride of mercury Caloric, ka-lorik, n [L calor, heat, calco, to be hot] ভাপ্ৰদা, ভাপ, I he supposed principle of heat, heat

Calorific, kal-or-ifik a [ L caler and face.

to make ] তাগৰণৰ ; তাগোগোগৰ ; Able to produce heat ; heating. n.—Calorification.

Calorimetry, kalormetri, झ. डानपान वित्नव ; A measure of heat.

Calote, ka-lor, Calotte, ka-lor, n. বেশমি টুপি; A cap of hair, satin or other stuff.

Calotype, kalō-tip, n. [Gr. kalos, beautiful; typos, an image ] এক প্রকাষ আনোক চিত্র; A kind of photographic-picture.

Caltrap, Caltrop, kaftrop, ল. গোকুৰ; A thistle; a plant with prickly fruit:-গোলা বিশেব; আবাবোহী নৈস্তগ্যের অবের পদবিদ্ধ করিবার নিমিত্ত ব্যৱহৃত কউকরৎ অন্তর্নিশ্ব; An instrument armed with four spikes, formerly strewn in the way of an enemy's cavalry; a ball stuck with four spikes, so that one must point upwards,—used to obstruct cavalry.

Calumniate, ka-luminict, v. t. নিৰা-কু; ছুৰ্ণাৰ-কু; মিধাা অপবাদ দেওৱা; প্ৰনিৰা-কু; To slander; to accuse falsely; detract; vilify; traduce. n = Calumniation, calumniator.

Calumnious, kalumini-us, a. নিশাস্চক; অপ-বৰ্জন; গ্লানিস্চক; Shinderous; defamatory; injurious to reputation; of the nature of calumny. ad. = Calumniously

Calumny, kalum-m, n l L. calvere, to decline ] দিবা অপবাদ; পৰনিশা; Slander; false accusation; backbiting Syn.=Aspersion, detraction, defamation, slander, libel, reviling, vilification, backbiting; evil-speaking.

Calvary, kaiva-ri, n. যে তানে বিক্ৰীষ্টকে বধ কৰা হইমাছিল; The place where Christ was crucified. Calve, kav, v.t. গোৰ্থ্য প্ৰমূব কৰা; To bring forth a cali.

Calvinism, kalvin-izn, n. কালভিত্তের যাত : The doctrines of Calvin, the Swiss Protestant reformer.

Calvinist, n. কালতিৰ মহাবল্মী: One who embraces; one who holds the doctrines of Calvin.
a - Calvinistic, calvinistical.

Calx, kalks, n. { L. caln, a stone, limestone, lime, allied to Gael carraig, a sockl চুণ বা ধতি, Lime or chalk:—ৰাত্যৰ, বাত্তক; The ashes or residuum left after burning a metal; the substance of a metal or mineral which remains after being subjected to violent heat. pl.=calkes, (kalksēz) or Calces, (kalsēz).

Calyx, Calix, kaliks, or kaliks, n. [Gr. kalyx, kalypto, to cover.] পুল-স্বাৰ্থণ; The outer covering or cup of a flower. pl=calyxes, calyces or calices. [Banker; money-changer.

Cambist, kambist, n. ধৰাগাৰপতি; পোলাব; Cambistry, kambist-rī, n. বিনিম্ব বিজ্ঞান; The science of exchange, weights, measures &c.

Camboose, kamboos, n বছনপালা; A cookroom. [ing to Cambria or Wales. Cambrian, n. A native of Wales — a. Relat-Cambrio, kambrik. n. কেমবিক কাপড়; একপ্ৰবাৰ মাণ সভাৰ কাপড়; শুকু বস্ত্ৰ; A kind of fine, white linen or cotton fabric.

Oame, kam, Past tense of come.

Camel, kamel, n. [ O. Fr. camel, L. camelus,

Gr. kamelos. Heb. gamal. ] 📆; 🐯; An ani mal of Asia and Africa with one or two humps on its back, used as a beast of burden and for riding; a large ruminant quadruped.

Camel-backed, a. কুছ, কুছো; Humped. Camel-bird, n. পদী বিশেষ; Ostrich.

Camel-swallower—টুই-ৰাদক; One who swallows camels:—বে ব্যক্তি সহকে বিশাস-কু; A credulous fellow.

Strain at a gnat in public and swallow a camel in secret—লোক সমক্ষে সামান্ত দোৰ দেখিয়া শিহরিয়া উঠা, কিন্তু গোপনে ভ্ৰানক ভ্ৰক্ষ করা। Camelopard, kam-clo'-pard, n. ভিত্তাকি, ভিত্তাক, দীৰ্থ নীব; The giraffe.

Camellia, ka-mel-ya, n. চাৰাগান্ত বিশেষ; চিৱ-হবিং গুলা; A genus of plants; a species of evergicen shrubs, natives of China and Japan. Camelot, kami-lot, n. বস্তু বিশেষ; A cloth made of wool or goat's hair.

Cameo, kame-ō, n. [ It. cammeo, Fr. camee, Low L. cammacus, traced by Littre to Gr. kammein, to work. ] হে প্রস্তবের উপর নানা মূর্ত্তি ধোদিত হয়; মণি; কামোপলা; কোদিত সমূরত-প্রতি-মৃত্তিমাণ; A stone carved in relief; a gem.

Camera, kanier-a, n. The camera obscura.
Camera obscura, kanier-a ob-skū'ra, n. বে
যদেৱ অগবত খেচ ফদকে কাচ ছাৱা বহিন্তু পদাৰ্থ পতিবিধিত হয়; আলোকচিক্র-বিদ্যায় বাস বহুৱ প্রজিকৃতি
প্রতিবিহিত কবিবাব যা বিশেষ, An instrument for
throwing the images of external objects in a
white surface placed within a dack chamber or
box: used in photography.

Camorated. kamer-at-ed, a প্রকৌদমুহে বিভক্ত; বিসাদ করা; Divided into thambers, arched or vaulted.

Camlet, kamlet, n. টট বা ছাগ্যোমনির্শিত বন্ধ

Camomile, Chamomile kaniō-mil, n উৰুৰ্ ক্ৰিছত টাইল বিশেষ ; A plant or its dried flowers, used in medicine.

Camp, kamp, n. [Fr. camp, a camp, I. campus, a plain] শিবির, সেনা-নিবেশ, The ground occupied by an army at rest —v. i. শিবির সরিবেশ-কু; To encamp; to pitch. [in a camp. Camp-boy, n. শিবির অৱচয়; A boy employed

Camp-follower, kamp-folio-er, n. দৈক্ত-সহত্ত ; পাউনেৰ ভূত্য ; A non-combatant, who attends an army.

Flying camp—সহব পানাক্ষরে গানাক্ষেপে সংগ্-To pitch a camp—লিবির পাতা, তাবু গাড়া। To strike camp—লিবির ভঙ্গ করা।

Campaign, kam-pan, n. [Fr. campagne; from L. campania, campus a field. ]সমতন ভূমি; প্রশন্ত প্রাক্তম ; বৃহৎ মাঠ; A large open plain or field:—মুদ্ধকান; The time that an army keeps the field:—v. i. মুদ্ধে নিযুক্ত থাকা; To serve in a campaign.

Campaigner, kam-pāńer, n. ব্ৰক্ষ বৈজ ; বৃদ্ধ বৈজ ; বাচীৰ বৈৰিক ; A veteran ; an old soldier. Campaniform, kam-pańi-form, Campanulate, kam-pańu-lat, a. ব্যাকৃতি ; in the form of bell applied to flowers. Camphor, kamfor, n. 444; A resin. Camphorate, kamfor-at, v. t. कर्न्द पूर्व-कृ ; To impregnate with camphor.

Camphorated, kamfor-at-ed, a. कर्न्द नुन ; कर्न्द বাসিত ; কৰ্ম বিবিভ ; Impregnated with camphor. Camphorio, kam-for'ik, n. 47 114; Pertain-

ing to camphor.

Can, kan, v. i. [ A. S. cunnan, Ger, konnen, to be able ) नमर्व एखडा : भावक एखडा ; वशार्व मिलि সম্পন্ন হতহা ; To be able, to have sufficient power : -v. t. शास्त्र वांचा ; To preserve in cans :- pa. t. could :-- n. ৰাডুনিৰ্মিত মদ্য পাত ; A metal vessel for holding liquor; a cup.

Canaille, ka-nal, or ka'nay, n. इंडब लांक; The

rabble, the lowest class of people.

Canal, kan-al, n. [L. canalis, a water-pipe; akin to Sans. khan, to dig.] अनश्रानी ; भव:बाना : শাল ; An artificial water-course : -- নল ; A duct or passage in the body of any animal.

Canard, ka-när or ka-närd, त. अपूलक आरबांभ ; অভিবন্ধিত বা মিখ্যা গল ; An extravagant fabrication; lying story.

Canary, ka-na'ri, n. यमा विष्य ; A wine from the Canary islands.

Canary bird. n. बक कांजीर दूचर शकी विरमत; A fine singing bird of the Canary Isles.

Cancan, n বুণা শ্রানা ; Tittle-tattle.

Cancel, kańsel, v. t. [ Fr. canceller-L. cancello, from cancelli, railings lattice-work, dim. of cancer. ] कांग्रिश (क्ना ; विनुश-क ; To erase, obliterate; to blot: -- নষ্ট-কু, লোপ-কু; To annul; destroy. n.=Cancellation, pr. p.=Cancelling, pa p Cancelled. Syn = Erase, efface, obliterate, expunge, abolish, revoke, abrogate, repeal, do away, set aside. f sed by bars or lines. Cancellated, kansel at-ed, a (14) 148; Cros-Cancer, kanser, n [ L. cancer; cog. with Gr. kurkinos, Sans. karkata, a crab. ] पुर पुरिया पा ; कर्कें (दोत्र ; An eating, spreading tumour or canker, supposed to resemble a crab; a spreading sore in the body, very painful and very fatal :- क की बानि ; A sign of the Zodiac. The tropic of cancer—ককট দংক্ৰান্তি, উত্তৰায়-[ into a cancer. n.=Canceration. নাম্ভ বৃত্ত। Cancerate, kan-sé-ret, v. i. नानि-इ; To grow Cancerous, kańser-us, a. কৰ্ম বোগানাত : ক্যা-कनक ; Of or like a cancer.

Candelabrum, kande-la'brum, n. नाराविनिहे आत्लाकमान वा मीलाधाव ; A branched and ornamented candle-stick. pl.=Candelabra.

Candelier, kań-de-ler, n. नाबाइक कीनाधाव ; A branched candle-stick.

Candid, kandid, a. [ Fr. candide, L. candidus white-canden, to shine. ] সরস ; অকপট ; অপক-পাতী : Open ; fair ; frank ; sincere ; unbiased ; impartial. Syn=Impartial, just, unbiased, equitable, sincere, honest, real, true, free, frank, ingenuous, artless, plain, guileless. n .= Candidness ( नवन्छा ) ; ad.=Candidly (अक्निकारक)।

Candidate, kandi-dat, n. [ L. candidatus, iom candidus. ] कर्बकार्य ; भनवार्य ; भवीकार्य ; A person who seeks for a vacant office. Syn=

Applicant, aspirant, competitor. n.=Candidateship, Candidature-weather; Canvas.

Candle, kandl, n. [ L. candeo, to glow. ] 4 1 : राणि; Wax or tallow cylinder burnt with a wick :- आताक : A light.

Candle-ends, n. वाचित (नवसात ; Waste ends of candles :- देशांधिक खाना ; উनवि नाइना ; Per-

Candle-holder, kandl-hold-er, n. 4164144-कांती : भारताक्षांती ; One who holds a candle :---नारायाकारी: Useless assistant: one who renotely aids another,

Candle-light—वांडिय चारता ; Light of a candle :- मकाकिन ; Evening time. [ शक्ककादी । Candle-maker, Chandler, kand-ler, affe Candle-mas, kandl-mas, n. औदीव नपारकद छेरनद বিশেষ; The festival of the purification of the Virgin Mary, held February 2, when many candles were burned.

Candle-stick, kandl-stik, n. नीनापांत ; विन्द्रक : The stand for a candle.

Candle-waster, n. जनवादी : A spendthrift.

Hold a candle-- अपान-ए ; To be equal :-- एका-ভাবে সহগমৰ বা আৰুপভা করা; To wait on in a subordinate capacity.

Hold a candle to the devil-wird wirding মুহায় ছা-কু, Aid what is wrong.

Hold candle to the sun—অৰাবস্তক কাৰ্য্য-ৰু; Do something which is superfluous.

Not worth the candle-अर्थवात वा अविद्यापन अमृशयुक्त ; विरमेव कलाश्रधीयक बरह।

The game is not worth the candle-cata कारकार (भना नरह: The game is not worth even the cost of the candle that lights the players.

Candour, kandur, n. [ L. candor, whiteness, from. condeo, to be shining white. ] भइनला; নিরপেকভাব; অপক্পাভিতা; Sincerity; openness; frankness. Syn=Fairness, impartiality. sincerity; frankness, artlessness.

Candy, kandi, n. [ Fr. candi from Ar. quand, sugar ] यिष्ठवि वा छला कांजीव यानक, वर्छ यानक ৰিছবি; A sweet-meat made of sugar; a conserve or confection of sugar :- v. t. अर्किश्च-कृ: िनिव वरम शांक कदा, मानामांच कवा ; क्य-कृ ; To conserve or boil in sugar; to form into crystals, as sugar :-- v. i. প্ৰক্ষিত-হ ; To be formed into crystals. pa. p.=candied.

Cane, kan, n. [ Fr. canne, L. canna, Gr. konne, a reed. ] বেত্ৰ; A reed :- বেত্ৰ; ছড়ি; বা ; A walking-stick :- 四面; A ferrule for punishing children :- ET; The sugarcane :- v. t. (Tal-षाउ-क : To beat with a cane.

Cane-press, kan-pres, n. wie vilgaia on; Press to squeeze sugar-canes.

Canine, ka-nin, a. [ L. caninus, from canis, a dog. ] कूब्व कांजि मध्कीय ; कूब्र ममुण ; Pertaining to dogs ; like to the dog : -- কুৰুৱেৰ অভাৰবিশিষ্ট ; Having the qualities of a dog.

Canine appetite—অভ্য কুগা; Insatiable hunger. Canine madness—जनवर ; Hydrophobia. Canine teeth- ways; Two sharp teeth in each jaw.

Canister, kańis-ter, n. [L. canistrum, a wicker-basket, Gr. hanastron, kanne, a reed.] ট্ৰেৰ বাছ; কেনাবাৰা; কাৰেৱা; ,A box or case, usually of tin:—কলিপুৰ্গ টোটা; A case containing shot, which bursts on being discharged.

Canker, kangker, n. [same as L. cancer, orig. pronounced canker.] বৃদ্ধ বোগ: উত্তিদের বোগ-বিশেষ; A disease of trees which causes the bark to fall:—কৰ্কট বোগ; গলিড: ক্ষড; মুনকড; A virulent, corroding ulcer; cancer; a small sores in the mouth:—ক্ষকারক; Any thing that corrupts or consumes:—v.t. মুই করা; ক্ষম করা; কর্মিড করা; To eat into corrode, corrupt, destroy; to infect or pollute:—v.i. ক্ষড-ড্, ক্ষরোভ হকা; To grow corrupt; to waste away by degrees; to decay.

[on fruits.

Canker-fly, n. কল্ছী ৰি কটি; A worm that lives Canker-worm, kang'ker-wurm, n বৃক্ষাণি ক্য-কাৰী কটি; ঘুণ; A worm very destructive to trees or plants; a worm that cats into plants Cankerous, kang'ker-us, a. ছই এবেৰ তাৰ ক্ৰমণা ক্ৰমণৰ; Corroding like a canker.

Cannel-goal, kańel-köl, Candlo-coal, kańdlköl, n. এক প্ৰকাৰ পাধ্বিয়া কয়লা, থাছা ধুম উপাত না করিয়া প্ৰকৃতিত হয়; A very hard, black coal that burns without smoke, like a candle.

Cannibal, kani-bal, n. [Span a corr of carihals (English caribs.) the native name of the W. India islanders, who ate human flesh. prob. changed into a word expressive of their character, from L. canis, a dog) বৰ্ডুই; বাজস, নৰ্মাংস্থাসক; A man-eater; one who cats human flesh:—a. ন্ৰ্মাংস্(ডাজন সংক্ৰাস্ত; Relating to cannibalism.

Cannibalism, kańi-bal-izm, n. নৱমাংস ভকা ; The practice of eating human flesh .— নুশংসভা , Murderous cruelty.

Cannon, kahun, n. [ Pr. canon from I. canna, a reed. ] কাষাল; A great gun used in war:—
v. t. কাষাল থাবা ধান-কু; To batter or attack with cannons.

Cannon-ball, n. শোলা; A ball to be thrown from cannon. [ against cannon Cannon-proof, n. গোলা হাবা অভেন্য; Proof Cannon-shot, n. গোলা; A cannon ball

Cannonade, kan-un-নিd, n. গোলা নিকেপ; কামান বাবা আক্রমণ; The act of attacking with balls from cannon; an attack with cannon:—v. t. কামান বাবা আক্রমণ বা কংস-ক; To attack or batter with cannon:—v. i. কামান ছোড়া; Discharge cannon.

Cannoneer, Cannonier, kan-un-টা', n. গোৰ-ৰাক, কামান-পরিচালক; An artillery man.

Cannot, kahot, v. i. অসমৰ্থ হলা; To be unable Cannot but—অবস্ত ; Cannot avoid or forbear,

Cannular, kanu-lar, n. নলাকতি; Tubular. Canny, kan-nī,n. স্বোধ; সত্ত্ৰ, নিৰ্দোধী; Gentle; cautious; harmless.

Canoe, kannöv n. [Sp. canoa, which like Fr. cannt is from Carib canaoa.] ডোকা; শান্ডি; A boat made of the hollowed trunk of trees.

Paddle one's own canos—মাপৰাৰ চৰকাছ ভেল কেবা; Mind one's own business.

Canon, kanun, n. [A. S. Fr. from L. canon, Gr. kanon, a straight rod, kanne, a reed.] পারের বিধি; ব্যবস্থা; A rule or law in ecclesiastical matters:—বিধি; A rule in general:—অকৈতৰ ধর্ম-শাত্র; ধর্মপুত্রক সমূহ বা ভারিখিত বাবস্থা; The genuine book of Scripture, called the sacred canon:—পুরোহিত বিশেষ: An ecclesiastical dignitary:—পুতা মৃত সাধু ব্যক্তিদিশের ভানিকা; A catalogue of saints canonised:—ফাপিবার একএকার বড় ক্ষম্ম; A large kind of type. Syn.—Regulation, statute, formula, a catalogue or roll.

Canon-law, kanun-law, n. বর্মবিধি; The law sanctioned by the church of Rome.

Canonic, ka-nońik, Canonical, ka-noń-ik-af, a. বৈগ; যাজকীয়, ধৰ্মদৰ্শনীয়; ধৰ্মধিব্যাই; According to rule; regular; ecclesiastical. ad. =canonically. Canonical hours—ইবর পূজা করিবার নিষ্টিত্ত নিষ্টাই দিবদের নিষ্টিত্ত সময়, Certain stated times of the day fixed by the ecclesia-tical law- or appropriated to the offices of prayer and devotion

Canonical punishments—গম্পত প্রার্থি প্রার্থি ; Punishments which the church is authorised to inflict.

Canonical scriptures— স্কলন ধর্মণ : The books of Scriptures, admitted to be of divine origin.

Canonicals, ka-notik-alz, n h' হাজকেব পৰি-জন, আচাৰ্যাদিধেৰ উপাসনাকানীন পৰিজ্ঞন, Full dress of clergyman; the official dress of the clergy, regulated by the churc' canons.

Canonicity, kan-un-isi-ti, a. প্ৰকৃত স্থাই ধৰ্মণাব্যক্ সম্প্ৰতা; The state of belonging to the canon or genuine books of the Scriptine.

Canonisation, n. নিদ্ধাৰয়া, The act of declaring any person saint.

Canonise, kanun-iz, v. f. নিদ্ধ কু: মাধুপুরুষদিগেছ বেণিভুক্ত করা: To declare a man or woman saint, and enroll him or her in the list of saints.

Canonist, kańon-ist, n ধর্মণাক্ষ, ধর্মণাক্ষি, Professor of canon-law, one versed in the canon-law. a.=canonistic.

Canonship, Canonry, kahun-ri, n. ৰাশ্ব-বৃত্তি, ধর্মান্ত্রের কৃতি, The benefice of a canon. Canopus, kaho-pus, n. ক্রাণেব্যা, The Egyptian God of water

Canopy, kaho-pi, n. [Fr. canape, O. Fr. conopee, L. conopeum, Gr. konopeion, a mosquito curtain, konops, a mosquito.] শ্লাভপ; চাঁগোৱা, বিচাৰ; Covering over a throne, or over a bed or overhead — v. t. চন্তাভপ ধাৰা আজ্ঞান-ক; চাঁগোৱা ধাটান; To cover with a canopy. pr. p. = canopying; pa p.=canopied.

Canopy of heaven-with, Sky.

Canorous, kan-ū'rus, a [L. cano, sing.] স্থীত-বিদ্যানসভ; মধুৰ; Musical; melodious.

Cant, kant, v. t. [L. canto, freg. of cano, to sing.] মুঠাৰ আবাত-কৃ; To give a sudden thrust:
—ব্ৰোৰ; To incline; to tilt:—n. আবাত, ধাকা; A thrust; push; a toss or jetk:—ব্ৰোৰ; Inchnation.

Cent, kant, v. t. ৰাজীয়ৰে কথা কছা; অনুৰাধিক ভিটাৰণ-কু; টাৰা টাৰা কথা কছা; ঠাৰে ঠোৰে কথা কছা; To talk in a whining tune of voice or in an affectedly solemn or hypocritical way:—n. অনুৰাধিক হব; ৰাজীয়ৰ; A sing-song; whining affected speech; hypocritical jargon:—কণ্ডাছা; Slang:—সাজাগামিক ভাষা: The language peculiar to a sect:—ভভামি; কণ্ট নমভা; Whining pretension to goodness; mock humility:—a. Affected, inelegant, vulgar,—said of language.

Cantankerous, kan-tan-ker-us, a. অস্থাপর-বশ; কল্পনিয়; Cross-grained; malicious, contentious, n.= Cantankerousness.

Can't-Contracted form of cannot.

Canteen, kan-tch, Cantine, [Fr cantine, It. cantina, a small cellar, dim. of canto, a corner] দেনাদিধেৰ মধ্য পাত্ৰ বিশেষ; A tin vessel used by soldiers for carrying liquor:—সেনানিবেশ মধ্যে মধ্যাসম্ভ ; A place in barracks, where provisions, liquors &c. are sold, a barrack-tayern.

Canter, kanter, n. অধ্যের সুত গ্যন; সুত্গতি; খোড়ার কলম গতি; A myderate gallop; an easy gallop — e. : আবে আবেল্ডা; কলমে-যা, To run, as a horse in an casy gallop, — e. t. খোড়ার উপব চলা, To ride upon

Canterbury, kań-ter-ber'-i, n কাগছাদি বাধিবাৰ আধাৰ: A stand for music, loose papers &c. Canterbury tale, kań-ter-ber-i tel, n. উপ-

wing : Fabulous story , a romance.

Cantharis, kan-tha-ris, Cantharides, kanthar'i-drz, n pl কোন্ধাকারক যঞ্জিকা, ছোডাউংপাদক যক্তিকা, Spanish fly used in making blisters.

Canthus, kanthus. n. 5 क्रिका ; The angle or corner of the eye.

Canticle, kahti-kl, n. [I. canticulum, dim of canticum.] গীত ; A sonz :—pl নলোমন রচিত গাবা, সলোমনের ভোত্র গীত , The song of Solomon.

Canto, kanto, n. প্ৰেয়ৰ সৰ্গ , Division of a poem :
— অধান সূব ; জিল সূব , The leading melody.

Canton, kahtun, n. বাজোৰ মধ্যে শাসনাধীন প্ৰকেশ; A small portion of territory, constituting a government:—চর্দ্ধ বা ক্ষিতের অংশ বিশেষ; অংশ; প্রদেশ; A division of a shield or painting; a part or division:—হুল প্রদেশ বিভক্ত-কু; To divide into districts or portions.—বৈক্তাদিশের স্বভন্ত স্বভন্ত বাদ্ধান নিশ্ভিষ্ট-কু; To allot separate quarters to, as to troops.

Contonal, kantunal, a. কুল ভূপত সংক্ৰান্ত; কুল ভূপতে বিভক্ত; Pertaining to or divided into cantous.

Cantonment, (also pron. Contonnment) n. দৈত-নিবেশ; ছাউনি; Separate quarters for soldiers in a town.

Canvas, kańyas, n. [Fr canevas—L. and Gr. canngbis—E. Hemp.] শোণ নিশ্বিত বস্ত্ৰ; ক্যাধিন; A coarse unbleached cloth:—কাংক্রের পাইন; The sails of a ship.

Canvass, kańvas, v. t. বিচাৰ-কু; তৰ্ক বিতৰ-কু; To discurs:—পৰীকা-কু; To examine, to sift:— বৰ্ণাকৈ মন্ত প্ৰাৰ্থনা-কু; To solicit votes:—v. i. মত প্ৰাৰ্থনা-কু; To solicit votes or interest:—n.

পুধাৰূপ্থাৰণে পৰীকা; Close inspection to know the state of:—বিচাৰ; Examination in the way of discussion:—মত প্ৰাৰ্থা; A volicitation or effort to obtain something; solicitation. n.=Canvascer. Syn.=Investigate, scrutinize, inspect, controvert; bespeak. [of canesa Cany, kāni, a. বেলুপুর; বেলুমা; Full of or made Canzonet, kan-zō-net, n. [it. cansonetta, dimof cansone. a song; from L. canto—cana to sing.] কুলু গীত; A little or short song.

Caout-choue, kou'chook, n. ব্ৰাৰ; An elastic vegetable substance; India rubber; gum elastic. Cap, kap, n. [Low L. cappa, a cape or cope.] আজ্বাৰ; Cover in general:—মন্তব্যক্ষ; টুপি; A covering for the head:—উপৰিভাৰ: স্বাধ্য-ভাৰ; The top —পদচ্ছি: A mark of some office or dignity:—v. t. স্বাধ্যভাগ আজ্বাৰ—ফু: টুপি দিয়া চাৰা; To cover the top or end of; to spread over; to put on a cap:—স্পূৰ্ব-কু; পূৰণ কৰা; To render complete; to consummate. pr. p.—capping; pa. p.—capped. Syn.—crown, complete, finish, exceed, surpass, transcend.

Cap of fools-मूर्व हुडामनि, श्रंटमूर्व।

Cap of liberty—18 for; A cap given to the Roman slaves at the time of their manumission; emblem of liberty; red cap.

Cap of maintenance, n. A cap carried before the British sovereigns at their coronation.

Put on the cap of consideration—[5] - .

To think.

Set one's cap for—কোন বাজিব ভাগবাসা পাইবার জন্ম (চহা-কু, To seek a man's affections, with a view to marriage. [ ভটিছ হওয়া।

To be cap in the hand—টুপি ৰ্লিয়া দাডান; To cap for verses—কোন নিয়ম মত পদ্যের পঙ্কি উদ্ধৃত করিয়া উত্তর প্রভাতর করা।

Capable, kap'a-ble, a. (Fr. L. capio, to hold take or seize. ] নমৰ্থ, খোলা; উপযুক্ত; লক; কম পাৰক; Having ability; able to contain or receive; having skill to do; qualified for.

Capable of, be—সমর্থ হওৱা ; Be qualified for be able to :—তৎপর ( কিছুই অসাধ্য নাই এই ভাবে ) Be bad enough to commit.

Capability, kap'a-biliti, n. (पात्राका, नापर्य) ; The quality of being able or qualified for.

Capacious, kap-T'shus, a. [L. capax, capacis—capio, to hold.] প্ৰশন্ত ; বৃহৎ ; বিৰুত্ত ; Spacious ; large ; roomy ; extensive :—বাৰণাক্ষ ; উদাৰ ; Comprehensive. n.=Capaciousness ; ad:—capaciously. Syn.=Adapted, suited, qualified, fitted, susceptible ; able, competent, skilful, efficient, gifted.

Capacitate, kap-aśi-tat, e. t. উপৰোপী-কৃ; উপ-যুক্ত-কু; To render capable; to qualify.

Capacity, kap-asi-ti, n. ৰক্ষা; Ability:—পৰি-লৱ, Extent of room; space:—ধাৰণাপতি: Power of holding or grasping a thing:—ব্যব্যার (Occupation; profession:—গর্ভ কর; In geometry, the solid contents of a body;—চরিত্র; Character:—অবস্থা; Condition or circumstances. Syn. —Magnitude, dimensions, amplitude, volume; extent of room or space; capability; efficiency;

Cape, kap, n. [Fr. cap—L. caput, the head.]

Cape, kap, n. [O. Fr. cape Low L. cappa ]
ক্যাবৰণ; অসম্ভণ; A neckpiece of a cloak, coat,
or woman's dress.

Caper, kaper, v. i. [It capriolare, capriolo, a kind. L. caper, a goal. ] লক্ষ-দে; To frisk; to jump:—নেচে কুলে বেডান; প্রকুলচিতে নৃত্য করা; To dance in a frolicsome manner:—n. লক; নৃত্য; A frolicsome leap; a skip.

To cut capers— মৃত্যু-ক ; To dance in a frolicsome manner ; to play pranks.

Capful—चन्न विषा ; As much as a cap will hold; small quantity.

A capful of mind—একটু কুব কুবে বাভাগ। Capillaceous, kap'illa'shus, a. কেশবৎ স্ক ;

Very slender like hair.

Capillarity, kap-il-ar'it-i, n. caffees; Name given to certain efforts produced by liquids an contract with capillary tubes.

Capillary, kap'il-a-ri, or ka-pila-ri, a. [ L. capillaris, capillus, hair, akin to caput, the head, akin to E. Head. ] কৈশিক; As fine or minute as a hair; long and slender:— ক্ষনলিবিশিষ্ট; ক্ষন ভিত্তালিষ্ট; Having a very small bore, as a tube:— ম. ক্ষনল ; A fine vessel or canal; esp., one of the vessels connecting arteries and veins:— pl. ভীবনেত্ব অভি ক্ষন শিবা সমূহ; The minute vessels that unite the veins and arteries in animals.

Capillary attraction and repulsion—The cause of the ascent or descent in a capillary tube, which is dipped in a surrounding fluid.

Capital, kap'it-al, a. [Fr. L. capitalis—caput, the head.] মুখ্য সম্মায়; Relating to the head:
— উৎকৃষ্ট ; অধান ; First in importance; chief:—
অধান ; অবোজনীয়; Great, important:—আগন্ত ধোৱা; আগনতাৰ্ছ; Involving forfeiture, of the head or life. Syn.—chief, principal, leading, controlling, prominent; important, perfect.

Capital letter-15 444; A large letter.

Capital offence—প্ৰাণ্ডভাৰ্ছ অপহাৰ।

Capital punishment—शांतरः भौत्रमणः ; The punishment of death legally inflicted.

Capital stock—মূলখন, আসল।

Capital, kap'it-al, ন. তত্ত্বে উপৰিভাগ; The top Capitae, kap-siz, v.f. part of a column or pillar:—বাৰ্থাৰী; The chief To upset; to overturn.

city of a country; a metropolis:—বড় পৰ্য ; ব্যক্তর : A large letter in printing :—ব্সাবন ; A stock, principal :—বংশৰ মাধা; The upper part of a column :—এধান বা অভি এংবাকনীয় এবা; Chief or most important thing.

To live on one's capital—পুঁকি ৰাকিবা বাৰবা।
To make capital of—কোন কিছুৰ সুবোৰ পাইবা
বল প্ৰবাশ-ড়; নিৰেৱ কোন ইই সাধ্যেৰ উপাধ
কলপ কৰিবা দেখবা; Use one's own power for
one's own profit turn to own account.

Capitalise, kap'it-alīz, v. t. মূলধন-কু; মূলধনে-পৰিণত-কু; To convert into stock. n.—Capitalisation ( মূলধন )।

Capitalist, kap'it-al-ist, n. पयी; यरांच्य ; One possessed of large means and engaged in business, one who has capital on money.

Capitation, kap-it-ashun, [Fr. Low L. capitatio—caput, the head.] লোকসংখ্যা প্ৰণা ; মন্ত্ৰা-গণনা ; A numbering of persons :—ৰ্যক্তিগত কৰ; Poll-tax, a tax on every head.

Capitol, kap'it-ol, a. [L Capitolium—caput, the head ] বোমনগবহু জুপিটর দেবের মন্দির; The temple of Jupiter at Rome:—মহানভা সূহ; The house occupied by the congress of the United States:—মাধারণের ব্যবহারার্থে আটালিকা: A public edifice.

Capitular, kap-itul-ar, Capitulary, kap-াাul-ar-i, n ধর্মোপাসকদিগের ব্যবস্থা; The law of an ecclesiastical court:—ধর্মোপাসক সভাব সভ্য; A member of a chapter —a. ধর্মোপাসক সভাব অন্তর্গত বা তৎসংক্রান্ত; Relating to a chapter in a cathedral. ad,—capitularly.

Capitulate, kap-itul-at, v. t. মৰ্ক কৰিছা শক্ত হয়ে লগৰ বা হুৰ্গ সম্পানক; To surrender on stipulated terms, as an army; to yield on certain conditions or heads to surrender by treaty.

Capitulation, kap-ntil-a-shun, n. সন্ধি ধাৰা পক ংকে সম্পূৰ্ণ, The act of surrendering on stipulated terms:—A reducing to heads or articles. Capon, kapon, n. [A. S. capun—L. capo—Gr. kapon—kapto, to cut.] বাসি মোৰৰ, ছিল্লাভ কুই; A castrated cock.

Capote, ka-pōt, n. এক প্রকার অস বৃষ্ণা; A kind Caprice, ka-prēš, n. [Fr. caprice—It capriccio; perh from L. capra, a she-goat.] চপ্লড়া; ডিন্তু-চাঞ্লা; বাম বেবাল; মতেৰ অভিৰুচা; A sudden change of opinion or humour; freak; whim; fickleness; fancy, vagary, changeableness, fit-fulness.

Capricious, kaprishus, a. চঞ্জ, অব্যবস্থিত টিড; পৰিবৰ্তনশীল; Whimsical, fickle, unsteady, freakish, changeable, n.= Capriciousness— চাইলা; ধাৰ্যবাদি ! ad.=capriciously.

Capricorn, kap'ri-korn, n. [L. caper, a goat, cornu, a horn.] भवदानि ; One of the signs of the Zodiac.

Capriole, kap'ri-তা, a. [L. caper, capra, a goat.] একছাৰে থাজিয়া লক; A leap without advancing. [Cayenne pepper.

Capsioum, kap'si-kum, n. লহা ; বহিচ ; Red or Capsize, kap-siz, v. f. বিপৰ্যন্ত-ত্ব ; উল্টিয়া কেলা,

Capstan, kap'stan, n. নতম উত্তোপন কৰিবাৰ বত্ত : An upright machine for weighing anchors or drawing up great weights.

Capsular, kap'sūlar, Capsulary, kap'sūl-ar-i.

a বীৰকে[বেৰ ভাৰ পভীৱ ; Hollow like a capsule.

—বীৰকোৰ সমন্তীয় ; Pertaining to a capsule.

Capsulate, Capsulated, a. वीकरकांपांवक ; Inclosed in a capsule.

Capsule, kap'sul, n. বীৰকোৰ; The seed-vessel of a plant:—আৰবা ; A membrane or bag that encloses an organ :—পাত্ৰ বিশেষ; বেকাৰ বা ছোট থাবা; A small dish.

Captain, kap'tan or kap'tin,n. [O. Fr. capitain—L. caput, the head.] প্ৰধান কৰা ধ্বী; A chief officer:—দলাধাক: দেনাধাক; বোচা, A military officer commanding a company or troops, a chieftain, a warrior: শোভনামক; A naval officer Captaincy, kap'tan-si or kap'tin-si, n. কাপ্তেম্ব কা; ব্যাক্তা, The rank, post or commission of a captain.

Captainship, kap'tin-sheep, n. কার্যেত্রর পদ, পোডাধ্যকের পদ, অধ্যক্তা, Condition, rank, post or authority of a captain .— যুদ্ধকৌলৰ, Skill in

military affairs.

Captious, kap'shus, a. [Fr. L. captiosus—capio, to snatch at.] পোড্যাহী; ভিদ্য যেনী. দেব দ্বা, ভব্মহী, প্রবোভন-প্রবর্গক, Fault-finding, censorious, carping; critical, ensuaring—বিট্রিট; Pecvish n=captiousnes,—শেষ-প্রাহীতা; Censoriousness ad—captiously

Captivate, kap'tiv-মt, v. t. বিষে'হিড-কৃ, কৰণ-কৃ, বৰ্ণাক্যা, Overpower with excellence or beauty, to charm, to fascinate; to take or make captive. Syn=Enchant, charm, fascinate, enrapture, enslave, enthral, bewitch, allure, attract.

Captivating, kap'tiv-āt-ing, a. মুক্কাৰী. মনোমুক্কৰ, Having power to engage the affections.
Captivo, kap'tive, n ৰন্দী, Prisoner; one taken
in war.—কপাৰি ধাৰা বিমুধ ব্যক্তি, One who is
charmed by beauty or enslaved by love:—ক্ষাৰ্ক
ৰাক্তি; One kept in bondage:—a. ৰন্দীক্স
Made prisoner in war, kept in bondage:—
বাস্থ নৰ্শ্বীয়; Pertaining to bondage:—বিমুধ,
Charmed or subdued by anything.

Captivity, kap'tivi-ti, n. ৰশিষ, ৰাম্য; ৰশীছাৰ, বছাৰছা; Subjection, bondage, slavery Syn = Confinement, imprisonment, incarceration, bondage, slavery, servitude, subjection.

Captor, kap'tor, n. ৰন্দীৰারী, ৰন্দীৰারক. One who seizes or captures, as a ship, one who takes a prin-oner.

Capture, kap'tūr, n. [Fr. capture, I.. captura, capio, to take.] ৰক্ষীকৰণ, গোৱাৰ; Scizure, arrest:—গ্ৰহণ; গৃহীত পদাৰ্থ; The act of taking, the thing taken:—গুৰুত এবা; Booty; prize:—
০. f. বল বা কৌশল পূৰ্মাক গৃত-কু; To take by force, surprise or stratagem:—পুৰুত্বাবন্ধণে গ্ৰহণ-কু; To take as a prize.

Capuchin, kap-u-shēh, n. একজাতীয় নহ্নাসী; A monk of St. Francis:—হীলোকের বন্ধকাবরণ; A hood for females; a garment for females:— ৰণোভ বিশেষ; A hooded pigeon, Car, kär, n শকা বিশেষ; A light schicle moved on wheels.—বেলগাড়ি; A railway carriage:— ষণ; A charibt of war:—বংৰাজা, The car festival.

Hand car - शंख्यां हो तेना बाही।

Carabine, kat'a-bīn. Carbine, kār-bīn, #. কুমু বসুক; A shoit light musket.

Carabineer, kar-a-bin-টা', Carbineer, karbin-টা', n বসুমবাহৰ দৈয় . A soldier armed with a carabine. [ ship of burden.

Carack, kar'ak. n ৰজ জাহাৰ বিশেষ, A large Caracolo, kara'-kনা, n জ্বাহোষীৰ পোজা কিবান;
The half-turn which a horseman makes:—
নোপান বিশেষ, A winding stair-case — v i.
ৰক্তাৰে পতিব পৰিবৰ্তন-কু, To turn half round, as cavalry in wheeling.

Careso, ka-rai', n ভোজন টেবিনের উপরিস্থ জন-পাত , মদাদি পানীয়ের আধার; A water-bottle for the table; a decanter.

Carat, kai'at, n [Fr.—Ar qirat, Gr. keratior, a seed or bean used as a weight ] ভূট বৃতি পৰিষাণ বিশেষ . A diamond weight of 4 grains — বিভন্ন ব্যাপ্ত কেন্দ্ৰ এক-চতুৰ্বিংশ অংশ , 1-24th part of pure gold.

Caravan, kar'a van, n. বৃহৎ শকট বিশেষ; A large close carriage —বিকি সমূহ, ছাত্রিদল; A company of travellers associated together for mutual safety in traversing various desert parts of Asia and Africa.

Caravansary, kar'-a-vansa-ri, Caravansorai, kar-a-vanse-ra, n. পাহ नियोग, পাহ नीता ; भदा है, An Eastern inn, where caravans and other travellers jest at night.

Caravel, kar'-av-el, n [Fr—It carave'la—I.. carabus, Gr. carabos, a barque ] কুলু লুখুগামী জন্মণোত, পোত বিশেষ : A kind of light sailing vessel. a kind of old-fashioned ship —লৌকা বিশেষ —A boat used in the French herring-fishery [বিশেষ, An aromatic plant Caraway, kar'a-wā, n. উপ্ৰথম লগা, প্ৰথমি বুক পোলা বিশেষ — তিনা কিন্তাৰ, মানিক কিন

Carbon, ku'bon, n [Fr carbons, carbo, coal]

Carbonari, kar-bo-na'-re, n. pl. বাজনৈতিক সভাব সভা, Members of an Italian secret political society.

Carbonate, kar'-bon-at, n. অসাৰসম্ভীয়, A salt formed by the union of carbonic acid with a base.

Carbonic kar-bohic, Carbonaceous, karbon-ম'-she-us, a. আনাধিক, আনাধি, Of or per taming to carbon.

Carbonic acid — অকাবায়, অকাবছাবক, An acid composed of one part of carbon and two of Oxygen.

Carboniferous. kār-bon-if'er-us, a [I.. carhe, and fero, to produce.] অসাবোগণাসক; Producing carbon or conl.

Carbonise, kar'bon-īz, ত অসারে পরিবত-মু; To make into carbon, n.=carbonisation.

Carbuncle, kar'bung-ki, n. [ L. carbuncutus, dim. of carbo, a coal.] বিশোচক; প্রবা: A malignant boil; an inflamed ulcer:—প্রবাগ ম্পি; A beautiful gem; a fiery red precious stone, ruby.

Carbunoled, kar'-bung-kid, a. পদাবাপ মণি-বিশিষ্ট; Set with carbuncles:—বিশেষ্টকমুক্ত;

Having a malignant boil.

Carbuncular, kar-bung'ku-lar, s. সোহিতবৰ্গ, অধাহবিশিষ্ট, Red; inflamed.

Carcanet, kar'-ka-net, n. पुरुशिय ; मनियद श्री ;

Carcase, Carcase, kar'kas, n. [Fr. carcasse, a skeleton, lt. carcasso, a quiver, hull, hulk, Low. L. tarcassus, Pers. tarkash, a quiver.] পৰ, মুতদেছ; The dead body of an animal:—বহিষাবাৰ; The frame work of anything:—খায়ে পোলা; A kind of bomb-shell. Syn.=corpse, remains, frame work. [a = Carcinomatous. Carcinoma, n. কাট বোল; Cancer in general. Card, kard, n. [Fr. carte, L. charta, Gr chartes, paper.] কাউ; ডাল; A peace of pasteboard or thick paper for various uses.—দিক্লব্ৰ ব্যৱহ চিহুপক্ত; দিক্লব্ৰী পত্ৰিকা; The paper on which the points of the compass are marked.—ব্যক্তি বিশেশৰ পিৰোমানুক্ত পত্ৰ; Billet.

Card, kard, n. [Fr. carde, L. carduus, a thestle.] উৰ্থা-মাৰ্জনী; পদম বা শণ আঁচড়াইবার চিক্লী; An instrument for combing wool or flax:—v. t. উক্ত চিক্লী হাবা পশমাণি আঁচড়াৰ, To

comb wool &c.

Be on the cards—সম্ভব বলিয়া লোকে বলিভেছে; Be spoken about as probable.

He is the card of our house—আমাদেৰ পৰি-ৰাৰ মধ্যে তিনি বিখ্যাত লোক ; He is the most distinguished man of our family.

Knave of cards—( ভাৰক্ৰীড়াৰ ) গোলাম। On the cards—আলোচ্য; Noted for consi-

deration :- नवन ; Possible.

Play one's cards ill—নিকোবের ন্যার নিজের কাছ বাবাপ করা; Fail to act one's part judiciously and skilfully, mismanage matters.

Play one's cards well—বৃদ্ধি ও চত্ৰতা পূৰ্বক কাৰ্য হাদিল কৰা; Act one's part judiciously and skilfully.

Speak by the card—বুৰিবা হৰিবা বা সাৰ্থাৰে কৰা কথা; Be careful as to what one says.

That was my trumpeard—My best chance. To speak by the card—টক কৰিয়া বলা; To speak precisely.

Trump card—ত্রগ। [ কাগৰ।
Visiting card—সাকাং কবিবার ( আত্ম-পবিচাযক)
Cardamom, kar'-da-mom, n. এগাচি; An Indian spice plant.

Cardiac, kar'di-ak, Cardiacal, kar-diak-al, a. [L.—Gr. kardiakos, kardia, the heart.] হংপিত সংখীৰ; Pertaining or belonging to the heart:—ব্লাব্ড : Invigorating the heart by stimulants; cordial; reviving:—n. ব্লক্ষ্ড ভ্ৰম ; A medicine that animates the spirits; a cordial.

Cardialgy, kar-dial'ji, n. क्यान ; Heart burn.

Cardinal, kar'dın-al, a. [L. cardinalis—cardi, cardinis, a hinge.] প্রধান; Fundamental; chief; principal:—n. শোপের ৰাজ্যতার বব্যে এক-জন সভা; One of the ecclesiastical princes of the Pope's council:—প্রীলোকনিগের ছোট আসরাবা: A woman's short cloak:—কবেকটা অভী আবেজত পুণ; Virtues of fundamental importance, preeminent virtues. Syn.=principal, chief, primary, first, main, pre-eminent.

Cardinal numbers—এক হুই ভিন প্রভৃতি সংবা; The numbers 1, 2, 3, &c. in distinction from 1st, 2nd, 3rd, &c. which are called ordinal numbers. Cardinal points—দিকচতুইয়; উত্তর পূর্বাকি; North and South, East and West.

Cardinal virtues—ভাগত্ত্ব ; ভাগপৰতা সহি-কৃতা মিতাচার সমীককাবিতা; Prudence, justice, temperance, and fortitude.

Cardinalste, kär'dın-al-at, Cardinalship, kar'dın-al-ship, n. কাথলিক বাৰকের পদ; The office, rank of a cardinal.

Care, kār, n. [A. S. caru, Goth. kara, sorrow, Icc. kaera, to lament, Celt, car, care, allied to L. carus, dear ] উৰোগ ; Anxiety; solicitude:—
ষত্ব ; সভৰ্কা ; Attention, heedfulness, caution:—
ষত্ব ; ভৰ্গৰখান; Charge, oversight:—চিন্তার বিষয়;
The object of anxiety:—v. s. উদিয়-ছ; To be anxious:—ইফুক-ছ; To be inclined or disposed:—ষত্বগ; To be regard.

Care for—ৰত্ব কৰা; Take care of:—প্ৰায় কৰা; Have regard for.

Not to care a bit, pin, fig or straw—কিছ্-দাত্ৰ প্ৰায় না-কু; জকেপ না-কু; Not to care at all. Take care or Have a care—সভৰ্ক-ছ; সাৰধাৰ-ছ; Beware; be careful; take heed.

To take care of—খতু কৰা; বত্নপূৰ্বক পালন কৰা; Look after; to keep safe.

Careful, kar'fool, a মনোবোৰী; Attentive:— উদিল্ল: Anxious —সভক; সাৰধান; Negligent; cautious; heedful:—কিংকপ্ৰাৰিম্চ; Puzzled. ad =Carefully; n=carefulness.

Careless, kar'les, a. অন্নোবোরী; অনবছিড; Inattentive; negligent:—উদ্বেশ্য ; Free from anxiety:—নিশ্চিত; Unconcerned. n. = carelessness—অনবধানতা; Negligence.

Care-worn, a. উৰো বাৰা সাৰ; Crushed with care, fatigued with anxiety.

Careen, ka-rih, v. t. [Fr. carener, carene, L. carina, the bottom of a ship; the keel. ] আহাতেৰ এক পাল কাড কৰিয়া অন্ধ্ৰ পাল ঘোষ্ড-কৃ; To bring a ship to lie one side for the purpose of repairing; to lay a ship on her side to repair the bottom and keel:—v. i. একপেলে হুডয়া; একসিকে অ্বলড হুডয়া; To incline to one side, as a ship under a press of sail.

Careenage, ka-rehaj, n. বে ছাবে আহাজ ঘেরাবং ছয়; A place where ships are careened:— আহাজের জনা ঘেরামজের ব্যয়; The cost of careening.

Career, ka-rer', n. ক্ৰড গমন; A course; a race, a speed:—চৰিড; কাৰ্বোৰ পড়ি; ৰীবন ব্যাপান; General course of conduct; course of action; progress in life:—বৌড়; বৌড়চক্ক; A

race or running ; a race-course :- v. i. The नवय-क ; बांबनाय-ए ; To move or run rapidly. Carese, ka-res, v. t. [ L. caras, dear. ] will क : (बर-क ; भागिक्स-क ; To treat with fondness ; to fondle ; to embrace :- n. (माहान ; जानव ; with ; जानिकन ; An act of endearment ; expression of affection. Syn .= fondle, pet; kiss. Caret, karet, n. [ L. caret, there is wanting. ] कि विराप्त ; A बाहे किए ; A mark, used in writing when a word is left out.

Caress

Cargo, kar'go, n. काराटकव मान त्वाबाद ; The whole goods conveyed in a ship; what a ship

Cariosture, kar-i-ka-tur', n. [ It. caricature, carricare, to lead. ] উপহাস চিত্ৰ; হান্ত উৎপাদক विकट किंता : विक्र अधिपृत्ति : अधिविक्रिक कित्रवर्गना : A description of a person or thing in which defects are greatly exaggerated in order to make it ridiculous :- v. t. অভিবঞ্জি কৰা ; পরি-হাৰ কবিবাৰ জন্ত চিত্ৰ-কু; To sketch or describe in order to turn into ridicule; to turn into ridicule by overdoing a likeness. Syn.=travesty, parody, farce, burlesque.

Caricaturist, kar-i-ka-tūr'ist, n. wforma; উপহাসক: य वाङि উङक्ष किं करव; One who

caricatures.

carries ; its load.

Caries, kar'i-ez, n. অব্র গলিত অবস্থা; Mortification of a bone; rottenness or decay of a bone. Cariole, kar'1-ठी, n. এक प्याखाद नवनायी नाखी : A light one-horse carriage, used in Norway.

Carious, ka'ri-us, a. निष् ; Mortified ; decayed; rotten. n .= Cariosity; caries.

Carking, kar'king, a. [ A. S. cearc, care. ] উद्दिशक | The Distressing , causing anxiety.

Carl, karl, n. अम्डा (नांक ; A rude, rough man. Carmelite, kar'mel-it, n. मझामी ; A monk of an order established on Mount Carmel, in Syria in the 12th Century.

Carminative, kar-mina-tiv, n. उसान नामक चेष्द; A medicine used to expel wind or cure flatulence.

Carmine, kär'min, a. উজ্জ্ব লাল বঙ্; গাঁচ লোহিড-वर्ष ; Bright red dye or colour ; a crimson colour. Carnage, kar'-naj, n. [ Fr. carnage, from. L. caro, carnis, flesh. ] रूजा ; बक्लाक ; Slaughter ; massacre; havoc; murder.

Carnal, kai'nal, a. [L. carnalis, caro, carnis, flesh.] नाबीदिक, रेनरिक ; Fleshly , unspiritual --পতিত; Unregenerated; being in the natural state :-- हेक्सिमानल ; कामानल ; भागव ; Lustful ; libidinous. Syn =- ensual, fleshy; gross; lustful, licentious, not spiritual; unrenewed.

Carnal knowledge-श्री-मःमर्गः वास्तिवंदः Sexual intercourse.

Carnal-minded, a. বিবরাসক ; Wordly-minded. Carnal-pleasure - 美國工-24 |

Carnalism, Carnality, kar'nafi-ti, n. Tari-নজি; ইজিলপ্ৰাৰণতা ; Sensuality ; state of being [ -- नाःनाविक गाकि ; A worldling. carnal. Carnalist, karnal-ist, n. 本刊本; A sensualist: Carnation, kar-na'-shun, n. [L. carnatio, fleshiness. ] मार्गदर्ग ; स्क्रदर्ग ; Flesh colour.

Carnelian, kar-ne'li-an, n. जानवर् दावर : Red precious stone.

Carneous, karnī-us, a. नारम्बन्द्र ; Fleshiy. Carnival, kar'ni-val, n. [Fr. carnaval, It. carnovale, Low. L. carnelevanen, solace of the flesh, caro, carnis, flesh, and levamen, solacelevare, to lighten. ] (बायान कार्यातिकविद्यं छेणवान कविवाय पूर्सकालीय आनत्सारमय; यनानान मरक्छ ভোজনোरमय वा आत्मान धामान; The season of rejoicing before the feast of Lent in Catholic countries; riotous feasting or merriment.

Canivors, kan-nivo-ra, n. pl. बारमानी कड ; बारमरकाजी जीव-स्त्री; Flesh-eating animals ; order of flesh-eating animals.

Carnivorous, kar-nivo-rus, a. [ L. caro, carnis, flesh, vero, to eat ] गांत्र रहाकी : गांत्रामी : যাংসভূক , Flesh-eating ; feeding on flesh.

Carol, kar'ol, n. [ O. Fr. carole; It. carola. orig. a ring-dance, ety. dub. either dim. of L. chorus, a choral dance, or from Bret. koroll. a dance, W. carol, a song-root, car, circular motion. ] আনন্দ-গীতি ; গীত ; সংকীৰ্ত্তন ; A song of joy and exultation; a song of devotion :- v. t. ন্ততি গান-ক ; To praise in song :-- খ. i. আনৰে গাन-क , To sing in joy. p. p.=carolling. pa. p.= carolled. Syn. = Lay, ditty, strain, canzonet.

Carotid, ka-rotid, a. [Gr. karotides-karos, sleep, deep sleep being caused by compression of them. ] क्कारमर्भव पूरे दृहर धमनी मश्कीय : Relating to the two great arteries of the neck :- n. क्काप्राणव भमनी, One of the two large arteries conveying blood to the neck.

Carousal, kar-owial, n. (डाक्स्वारनव: यमा-शास्त्रादश्य : A jovial banquet ; merry-making feast.

Carouse, kar-owi, n. [ O. Fr. carous, Fr. carrousse, Ger garous, quite out !- that is empty the glass. ] উৎসৰ, আনন সহকারে মদ্যপান: পান-(गांधी ए पमानान ; यमानाब-इन , A noisy revel ; a drinking match ; drinking-bout :- v. i. ज्रव्यनान कविद्या यमाशान-कृ ; यमाशाद्य প্রতিদ্দিতা-कृ ; To drink freely and noisily; to hold a drinking-bout.

Carouser, kar-owiar, n. महाशाशी बाह्यि: Reveller. [ fresh-water fish.

Carp, karp, त. व्यवदर्गास कलध्य यदछ विरमंद ; A Carp, karp, v. i. [ Ice. karpa, to boast, modified in meaning through likeness to L. carpo, to pluck, deride. ] ছিদ্রাবেশ-কু, পোব বা पूर धरा ; দোষাবোপ-ক ; To cavil ; to censure ; to find fault without sufficient reason; to catch at small faults or errors. n .= Carper.

Carpel, kar'pel, n. 46 (444; A simple pistil, or one of the parts of a compound pistil.

Carpenter, kar'pent-er, n. [ Low. L. carpentarius-carpentum, a car, from root of car.] পুরুধার ; ছুডার-মিস্তি ; A joiner ; a worker in timber; one who works in timber.

Carpentry, kärpent-ri, n. श्वधातत कार्य) ; नाक-কৰা; স্তাধ্বেৰ ব্যবসায়; The art of cutting, framing, and joining timber; the trade or work of

Carpet, kar'pet, n. [Fr. carpette-Low. L.

to pieces,—L carpere, to pluck ] के दार्थ है, शांकिंग, महर्क, A covering for a floor or table or stairs —v t नांकिंग विशेष का किया के दिया के

Be on the carpet—কথাবার্ডা চাা, বিবেচনাথীন থাকা, Under discussion [consideration On the carpet—বিবেশনাছল বিবেচা Under Carpet-knight or Carpet-monger—বিলাস-জিব দৈল্প, বৈটকী সন্ধাৰ, One who has never known the hardship of actual service

Carriage, kar'ij, n वहन. The act of convey ing — पान, A vehicle — आह्वन वावहांव. Gesture, deportment, conduct, behaviour

Carriage-stand, n. গাড়িব আডড়া।

Carrion, kar'i-un, n [ L caro carnis flesh ] গলিত বাংল, পুতি বাংল, The de id and putrulying flesh of any animal—a গণিত বা নগৰজীয়, Rclating to flesh or putrid flesh—গলিত বাংল ভোৱী, Feeding on putrid flesh

Carronade, kar-un-Id n. कूछ कामान, A short cannon formerly used in the navy

Carrot, kar'ut n गांक A regulable root, an catal le root of a redding or yellowish colour Cairoty, kar ut-1 a शास्त्र वर्ष विनिष्ठ, Carrot

coloured

Carry, kari, क t [O Fr carrer, to cort ने वहन द, नहेंगे पांच्या, lo convey to buir — एट्डॉफ क क, To urge to impel — मायक ने निश्च के lo chect or accomplish — माना द क कू. Fo trinsfer, to lead — वन्यूक्क व्यक्ति कृ To obtain possession of by force — अवस्थ कृ To exhibit, to imply, to cont in — केंप पन कृ lo bear or produce as trees — वा द द कि lo bear or produce as trees — वा द द कि lo bear or conduct, — with the refixive promoun — क क्षेत्र कि पांच कि ति है कि पांच कि कि पांच कि पा

Be carried away by, Be led away by, Be charmed or deluded by—त्वान अवा शृहि वा गांक्य बाबा एर्नाइ स्वया (याहिक स्वतानाम क्रमा) हिस्सी, Be captivated by, be powerfully infinential by

Carry a bold front to fortune—নাম বিক হুৰ সেশের প্রতি উলামীয় প্রদর্শন কংগ, Show utler indifference to the frowns of fortune

Carry all (or the world) before one— দৰ্শ একাৰ বাধা বিদ্ব শতিপদ কৰা, Oxcicome all opposition [1 ently successful

Carry all before one— " ই To be emi Carry another (any one) with one— অভাৱে বনতে আৰা, বিজেৱ নতে প্ৰধা আলা, Manage to make anothers adopt one sown sentiment

Carry coal—ভতাভাৰ নহ সু, অপ্ৰান বা কতি নুজ কু Bear injuric , pocket insults

Carry coals to Newcastle—(তলামাথার তেল দেখা অঘাৰক্তক কাধ্য-মু, lo do what is superfluous, to do surerfluous work

Carry by storm—প্ৰবৰ আহ্ন ৷ কৰিবা অধিকাৰ-কৃ উল্লেখ্য consistion—প্ৰকাষ সংগ্ৰাম বুলি বিশ্বাস ৰক্ষান, To convince, induce a strong belief as to the truth or otherwise of something.
Carry fire and sword into— শংৰ কয়, Destroy in war

Carry into execution (Carry into effect)—
मन्त्रान्त-कृ कार्या निविध कर्ता, To perform, put
into execution, reduce to practice, to execute.
Carry matters with a high hand—चडाहांद्र
दर्दा, Fo be arrogant, domineering, tyrannical
Carry of the palm—क्यो-क, क्वनांक कर्ता,
Carry away the palm, come off victorious

Carry off— দ হাৰ কৰা, বধ-দু, Kill, cause the death of — দুইবা হাডৱা, ধৰিয়া দুইবা হাডৱা, Bear away take away by force — পাৰিভোৰিক লাভ কৰা, Win [on the face of it. Carry on its front— শাই আপনি কৰা, To bear Carry on— নিজা কু, Promote, help forward — নিজাই-কু, কোন কিছু চালাৰ, To prosecute, manage, conduct, be engaged in

Carry one's point—ভকৰিভৰ্ক হলে বিপদ্ধকে
পৰাভৰ কৰিয়া নিজ মতকে প্ৰবল কৰা, Succeed in
securing that on which one insists or for which
contends —উদ্দেশ্ত লাভ-কৃ, To gain one's object
Carry out—কাৰ্যো পৰিণ্ড-কৃ সম্পন্ন-কৃ, To put
into execution, put into practice, fully to accompli h —সৰ্কাণ্ডীৰ সমাধা কৰিয়া ভোলা, Effect

─커™# 및, Execute

C. rv 'ho day - कुडकारी एका , जानाक के , Be vi timous , to succeed in a contest , win the buttle be successful in a dispute

Carry through—কাষাকে কোন বিশ্ব অভিনয় কৰিছা বছরা বাজ্যা, Sustain i person in the midst of difficulties —আইন পাল কৰা, Get a measure accepted or passed — অধ্যবসাধ বাবা কৃতকাৰ্য্য হলা, পেব প্যান্ত বজা কৃ, To support to the end, to succeed by perseverance [proper bounds. Carry too far—বাছাবাভিক, To exceed the Carry Worght—সাববান-ই, Io be important Carrior, cari-tr, \* বাহক, দৃত, মুটে, One who carries

Carrier-pigeon—পরবাহক কপোত , Pigeon cmpk ve l in c irrying letters.

Cart, k it n नार्कि A carriage for the convey ance of ands, a vehicle with two wheels for conveying heavy loads — u f नार्कि कविया लहेबी या, To carry in a cart, to convey in a cart

Cartage, kartai । अ वान वादा वहन, अंक्रिए वहन, The act of conveying in a cart — शांकि काला, The cost of goods so conveyed, the cost of carting

Carto, kint n [Fr — L charta Gr chartes, paper ] कृत नाम लख, (बांबाकिय विज, A card, a bill of far in a hotel.

Carte-blancho, kart-blansh, n ৰাজ্যিত সাৰা কালজ A blank paper, signed, but not filled up —অধিন্যি চ্টি, ব্যেক্স ক্ষমণা, Unconditional terms, unlimited power to do some business for another

Carto-do-visito, kart-de-viz-াং, গ কুত্র তাদের উপর দ'শয় আলোক আলেখা, বাজি বিশেষের কুত্র নামপত্রের সহিত স'লগ্ন আলোক চিত্র, A photograpli soitial pasted on a small card. Cartel, kar'tel, n. वन्ती विनिधव निवध-शक: An agreement for exchange of prisoners.

Chirtial

Cartel, or Cartel-ship, m. A ship employed in exchanging prisoners or negotiating with an [ man ; one who drives a cart. Carter, karr-er, n. नाष-जानक; नात्जाबान ; Cart-Cartesian, a. Relating to the French philoso-

pher Descartes or his philosophy. Cartilage, kai'ti-laj, n. डेशाडि ; कामनाहि : A

whitish elastic substance, softer than bone, and harder than ligamen: ; gristle.

Cartilaginous, kar-ti-laj'ın-us, n. (कामनाहि-बा : छन। चिन का : Pertaining to or consisting of cartilage; gristly.

Carton, karton, n. अमान कांत्रक, मलां कांत्रक; Paste-board; card board.

Cartoon, kar-toon, n. [ Fr. carton, augmentative of carte.] अम्ला किंद्र, वाकावाक किंद्र : किक् firm : A preparatory drawing on strong paper, to be transferred to frescoes, tapestry, &c.; any large sketch or design on paper, a design on strong paper, to be painted in fresco.

Cartouche, kar-toosh, n. [Fr.-It. cartoccio, L. charta, paper.] ভৌটা বাৰিবাৰ আধার; A cartridge box; a case for holding cartridges; a case containing bullets to be discharged from mortar:-স্থাপতা-কার্যো খলকার বিশেষ; An ornament resembling a scroll of paper with the ends rolled up.

Cartridge, kai'trij, n. Gibl; A paper case containing the charge for a gun.

Blank-cartridge-বোলামুক টোটা; A cartridge without a ball.

Cartulary, kai'tū-lar-i, n. [ Low L. cartularium-chartula, a document, charta, paper. ] ভালিকা পুঞ্জ ; ৰামাৰনী পুঞ্জ ; A register book of a monstery :- যে বাজি ভাণিকা বাবে, পত্ৰ-বক্ষক; One who keeps ecclesiastical records &c.

Cartwright, n. karteit, n. ( व का कि ना कि शहर कृद्द ; One who makes carts.

Carve, kärv, v.f. [A.S. ceorfan, to cut, to hew; Dut. kerven, Gr. kerben, to notch.] 49 45 किंदियां कर्त्र-क ; To cut up into slices or pieces, as meat :- (शांपिष-क ; To engrave :-- वर्ण न-क ; To distribute; to apportion -- #14-季; 季情報 আকাৰ ৰা পঠন দেওয়া; To shape; to make or shape by cutting :- v. i. E करवे वावमाय-क ; To exercise the trade of a sculptor :- मार्म का का F; To cut up meat. Syn,=Sculpture, chiscl, grave, engrave, indent, form, shape, fashion, mould, cut meat at table.

Carve one's way-चार्थनांव श्रेष कविया ज्ल्या ; Make one's way. [ sign. Carve out-(4171; Cut out or lay out by de-

Carver, karver, n. witt ; (4144 ; A sculptor ; one who carves :-- बार्म कांग्विंब इति ; A carving

knife.

Caryates, kar-i-ates, Caryatides, kar-i-aticlez, n. pl. अवनवन-काष्ट्रम পৰিবর্তে গঠিত স্তীমৃতি-HTE; Figures of women, serving as columns to support entablatures; figures of women used instead of columns for supporters,

Cascade, kas-kad, n. [ Fr. cascade, It. cascata. from cascare, L. cado, casus, to fall. ] water ;

Case, kas, n. [ Fr. caisse, O. Fr. casse-L. capsa, from capio, to receive. ] आधार, आवदन ; ৰাক ; কোৰ ; A covering, box or sheath.

Case, kas, n. [ Fr. cas-L. casus from cado, to full. ] भारता; State; condition :- (मार्क्स); Lawsuit :- पहेना ; Event ; that which falls or happen :- কিজাত বিষয়; Subject of question or inquiry :-- पडेभा विषद् ; Statement of facts :--काइक : The inflection of nouns. Syn,=Event. circumstance, situation, height, suit, occurrence, predicament, position, action, cause, process. Case, kas, v.t. वांक वा कारबंद किछत वारिया (मध्या:

আধাৰে বাৰা; বহু কৰা; To put in a case or box. Case hardened, a. निक्य ; निव्ह क्य ; Having the outside hardened; impervious to pity, shame &c A case in point—বে কথা হইতেছে তাহাৰ সহিত क्रिक मःलश रम अमन छेगारदर्ग वा विवद्य ; A case bearing upon the matter in hand; a circumstance that is apposite or pertinent :- 1914 571-इवन ; A fitting illustration.

In case - যদি একপ ঘটে; If it should so happen. In case of-- अक्र परेल ; (कान किছ) इहेल : In the event of.

In the case of-( अमूरकत ) मधरक, ( अमूरकत ) (म)क्म्मार ; As regards ; in the matter or suit in which one is involved.

In good case—উত्य व्यवश्व ; कान शेरहे ; in good physical state; in good condition.

Make out a case-अमान, कर्क दावा हिन-क : पिक-খেল সভা ৰলিয়া দাব্যত কৰা; Establish a charge by evidence or argument; to make a good charge. To make a case against - ( काहांत्र ) विकास व्यक्तित्रांत्र मञ्ज विनिधां भश्रमान करा ; To substantiate a charge against.

Casoine, Casoin, kas'c-in, n [L. caseus cheese. ] হাধাৰ বেছ পদাৰ্থ , An organic substance, contained in milk and cheese :- Etas niamin : शनिव ; The cheesy portion of the card of milk.

Case-mate, kaimat, n. (नीली पांची व्यक्ता श्राम, इर्लंब कामान डाभन कदिवाद द्वान ; A bomb-proof chamber in which cannon may be placed to be fired through embrasures.

Casement, kasment, n. কজা যাবা সংলগ্ন জাৰালা: প্ৰাফ্ৰিশেষ; ৰাচ্চিন; A window made to turn on hinges :- & to ; A hollow moulding.

Cash, kash, n. [ O. Fr. casse, a box or till. ] নগদ ট,কা; Ready money :- মুদ্রা; অর্থ : Coin or money :-- v. t. हैं वाब श्रीविषड-कृ ; काकान ; To turn into money :- 5;4 - ( To pay money for.

Cash-balance, n. The amount on the debtor side of the cash account. [ and disbursements. Cash-book, n. श्मिव वहि ; Account of receipts Cash-crodit-कामिन निश्न वाक वा महासदनक समि হইতে ইচ্ছামত টাকা কৰ্জ্ম লওয়াৰ হিদাব।

Cash-price, n. अनम भाग : The price at which a thing will be sold for immediate payment.

Cash-sales, n. নগদ দানে বিজয়; Sales made for ready money. [ money. In cash, In hard cash-444 State : In ready

Cashier, kash-er', n. কোবাধ্যক ; বালাফি ; Cash-keeper ; treasurer ; one who has charge of the receiving and paying of money :— v t. পদ্চতিক; To dismiss from an office of trust for bad conduct :—প্ৰিচাপিক; To reject — ভাজিব। (কবা ; To break :— অব্যবহাধ্য বা অম্পকাৰী কবা ; To render useless or unprofitable :— সমূলে নই কবা ; To ananimate. Syn. = Discharge, discord, break. Cashier, kash-er', v. t. [Gr. cassiren—Fr. casser—L. cassare—cassus, void, empty.]

of fine shawl made at Cashmere in India. Casino, kas-হ'no, n. মৃত্যপালা; মাধাৰণেৰ মৃত্যাগাৰ; A saloon for dancing; a room for public dancing. Cask, kask, n. [ Fr. casque, Sp. casco, skull, helmet, cask.] পিপা; A hollow vessel for hold-

Cashmere, kashmer, n. कानीवि नान; A kind

ing liquors.

Casket, kasket, n. ঘণি বাধিবাৰ আধাৰ; A small case for holding jewels:—ছোট পিলা; A little cask or case. [Helmet, a cover for the head. Casque, Cask, kask, n শিবরাণ; মতক-বক্লী; Gassia, kashya, n. [L. casta—Gr kasta; from a Heb. root, to cut ] সুগান্ধ বৃদ্ধ; A species of aromatic plant—বস্তু চাকুলিব; Wild cinnamon. Cassimere, kas-i-mēr', Kerseymere, n উত্তম প্রশান বাপড়; A twilled woollen cloth for men's garments.

Cassook, kaśok, n. [Fr. casaque It. casacca— L. casa, a cottage, a covering.] পুৰোহিতেই পৰিধেয় বন্ধ; ধৰ্মধাৰ্যকেই পৰিছেদ বিপেয়; A garment wom by clergymen under their gown or surplice. Cassowary, kaśō-war-i, n. এক লাভীয় পদ্দী; A bird of Java resembling the Ostritch.

Cast, kast, vt [Scan., as Ice kasta, to throw.]
निक्ष-कृ; To throw; to fling — किवान; To
direct or turn, as the sight:— गर्मना-कृ, To compute or reckon — क्रीटि होता, स्रेम-कृ, To mould,
to found; to shape:—v. i हिन्दा-कृ, To revolve
in the mind. pr. p = casting; pa. t. and pa p
cast. Syn=Throw, hurl, toss, fling, pitch,
fling, impel, force, shed, throw of, compute,
reckon, found, form in a mould, direct, turn,
assign, allot, appoint. [ भ्यमी-कृ; Contrive.

Cast about—অব্সন্ধাৰ-ক; Seek; try to find — Cast about for—চারিণিকে হাতভাইছা বেঢ়াৰ, Search or look about in all directions for (as by casting a net).

Cast a horoscope— ঠিকুলি কৃতি গণদা করা; Calculate and prepare a horoscope.

Cast anchor—নকৰ কেলা, To moor a ship.
Cast a sheep's eyes—প্ৰেম নৰমে তাকাৰ, Give
love bashfully and lovingly. [depreciate
Cast a slur upon—নিকা-কু; Disparage;
Cast adrift—ইডডড: চালিড; Driven to and fro;
অসহায় অবস্থায় কেলা; Throw out without any one
to guide or look after.

Cast aside—ভাগে-ছ; To dismiss or reject:— কেলিয়া কেলয়া; To throw aside.

Cast away—অপবিষিত ব্যঃ-কু, To lavish or waste by profusion.

Cast by - वर्कन-क ; Reject.

Cast down-निक्ष्ण-कृ; व्यादक्षण-कृ; Throw

down; direct downwards:-- विश्त-इ; निम्हा (भवता; Deject or depress, as the mind.

Cast forth—हेश्क्य-इ ; To exhale.

Cast in the same mould—ৰাভাৰিক তাৰ বিবাৰ সমান; Alike in the natural traits of character. Cast into the shade—ৰাশিন-য়; Eclipse:—

অন্নকারাজ্য়-কু; অনুকারাজ্য় অবহার জ্যাপ করা; To throw on obscure position.

Cast lots- খুৰ্তি খেলা।

Cast off—ভ্যাপ-কৃ; To discard; to reject —
পুৰ কৰিছা কেলা; To drive away:—a. পৰিভাক,
Rejected.

Cast one's nativity—উত্তৰকালের ফলাফল নিৰ্ণন্থ করিবাৰ জন্ম কাহারত জন্মন্যত্ত জ্যোভিছমন্তলের অবস্থান নিৰ্ণন্থ কৰা. To find out and represent the position of the heavens at the time of one's birth, in order to determine his future fortunes Cast one's solf on—জাল্মন্মৰ্পন-তৃ; To resign or yield one's self without reserve.

Cast out—তাৰ্গ-কৃ, Reject —বহিচ্ছ কৰা; Turn out —ভৃত ছাড়াৰ; Enorcise.

Cast pearls before swine—বাদা বনে মুকা ছড়ান, হর্জাবনে মুক্ত ছড়ান; বাদবেব গলার মুকার মালা-বে; Place things of great value before persons quite ignorant of their worth.

Cast the first stone—দোষামুসকাৰ করিতে সকলের অগ্রামী হত্যা; To be the first to find

fault with.

Cast to the dogs-কেলিয়া দেখা; Reject.

Cast to the winds—অপ্রাঞ্জ-কু, হুল্ক-কু, Reject; utterly diviegald — টুব্বা টুব্বা কবা, বাটিবা কেনা; Disperse into shreds, sweep away.

Cast up—গণনা ক ; To compute ; to reckon :— ব্যন্ত্ৰ-কু ; উৎকেপ করা , To comit

Cast up account, Cast accounts—হিসাব-কৃ, Throw together several items to find the sum Cast young—গভস্ৰাৰ-২, To miscarry, to suffer abortion.

The die is cast—হাতেৰ চিল ছোড়া হইবাছে, The decisive step is taken and there is no drawing back:—হাতা কৰা হইবাতে তাহা আৰু ফিবাইবাৰ হো নাই, The thing is done and cannot be undone now.

To cast in one's teeth—ভিবস্থার-কৃ; নিৰা কর', To upbraid.

To cast in one's lot with any one—কাহাৰত সহিত কোৰ কাৰ্য্য যোগ দেওয়া: সমত্যু-হভোগকারী হঙ্খা; To take one's chance with; to join one; to share in common with.

To cast wistful looks on—ইংবুকা সহকাৰে বাজা কৰা; To desire earnestly or longingly.

Cast, kast, n নিজেপ, Act of casting, a throw:
—নিজিপ্ত ৰস্ত , The thing thrown .—নিজেপের
দ্বন্থ ; The distance through which any thing is
thrown :—অকপাত ; Throw of dice .—সুবোগ;
A chance; venture :—আকৃতি ; গঠন ; Form;
shape :—কাঁচ, হাঁচে চালা স্বাধ্য আকার , A mould;
the form received from a mould :—বৰ্ণ ; কবং
আভা; A tinge :—বীভি; হাৰভাব ; আকৃতি
Manner; air ; mien :—কৌলন; A stroke, touch,
or trick :—কটাক; আড়ে গৃষ্ট ; A motion or turn
or squint as of the eye :—বাটকেব ভিন্ন ভিন্ন

জাউনেতৃদিগকে বটন; The assignment of the various parts of a play to the several actors.

Cast of the dice—অকনিকেপ; পালা বেলা;

Cast of the dide— जनान(कर्ण; नाना (बना; जनहरूदेव छविछवा विवयः; A throw of the dice; hence, anything that may chance to turn.

Cast of the eye—আড় নমন; A squint. [effort. The last cast—নেৰ উন্নয়; All ventured on one Cast-iron, n. ছাচে চালা লোহ; Iron melted from the ore, and run into moulds.

Castaway, kastawa, n. পাণাসক বাজি; A reprobate:—পরিভাজ বাজি; সনাজচাত ব্যক্তি; One cast away; an out-cast:—a. পরিভাক ; Useless; rejected.

Caste, kast, n. [L. castus, pure, unmixed.] ৰণ ছাভি; One of the classes into which society in India is divided.

Lose caste—শাতিচাত বা লাতিজ্ঞ-ছ।

Castellan, kastel-an, n. ছুগাধিপতি; ছুর্গেন; Governor or captain of a castle.

Castellated, kastel-at-ed, a শিশ্ব মণ্ডিড; Adorned with turrets and battlements, like a castle Caster, kaster, n. নিকেপ কারক, One who casts:
— দ্র্যাদিব ব্রো, A small wheel on the legs of furniture.— অধিষ্ঠাড়া, A founder — গণক, A calculator — pl. আচাব, শিরকা অভৃতিত্ব ছোট ছোট শিশি, Small cruets.

Castigate, ka'ug-at, v. t [ L. castigo, castigatus, from castus, purc. ] কলাখাত-কু, সংলোধন-কু, ভিৰক্ষাৰ-কু; দমন কৰা; To punish by stripes, to chastise; to correct, to chasten, to check.

Castigation, kastig-d'shun, n. বেরাখাও; সভ; Punishment by whipping; chastisement:— ভগ্নৰ; Reproof; severe animadversion.

Castigator, kastig-at-or, n. লাভিদাতা; দভদাতা; One who castigates. [Corrective.
Castigatory, kasting-ato-ri, a. নংশোধনকাৰক;
Casting, kasting, n. নিজেপ; Throw.—ছাচ,
Mould:—ছাচে চালা, Act of moulding.

Casting-net, \*. কেণনি; কেণ্ডা কান, A net which is cast and drawn, in distinction from a net that is set and left.

Casting-vote or voice—মীমাংসা কামক সভা-পৰির মত, সভাপতির অতিবিক্ত মত; মত-ভেদ সলে ছুই পক্ষের মত-সংখ্যা সমান হইলে সভাপতি বে মত দিয়া এক পক্ষের মত-সংখ্যা বৃদ্ধি করত: উপস্থিত বিষয়ের মীমাংসা করেন; A vote that decides when the votes are equally divided; the decisive vote.

Castle, kasi, n. [L. castellum, dim. of castrum, a fortified place.] ছুৰ্গ; A fortress; a fortified place:—খনী লোকেৰ বাসৱান; বড় লোকেৰ আইালিকা; The house or mansion of a nobleman or a prince.

Castle in the air, গ. আকাশ-কুকুম; কোন অমূলক অসম্ভব উচ্চ বিষয়ের কল্পনা; নাথ চীকার বপন; মনে মনে নকা ভাগ; আন্মানে অটাপিকা; A visionary project; an empty scheme.

To build castles in the sir—(कान अपूलक विषयस कल्ला-कृ ; लांच काल चय (त्या ; To form wisionary project.

Castle-builder, #. ৰে বাজি অসাধা সাধন কৰিছে কল্পনা কৰে; ৰে আকাশ কুখুম দেখে; One who forms visionary projects. Castor, kastor, n. [ L.—Gr. kastor; cf. Sans. kasturi, musk.] উদ্বিভাগ; The beaver:—উদ্বিভাগ পাত প্ৰস্থাত উন্ন গদ্ধবিশিষ্ট বন্ধ; A strong smelling substance taken from the body of the beaver:—উদ্বিভাগের লোকের টুপি; A hat made of its fur.

Castor-oil, kastor-oil, n. এবৰ তৈল; বেড়ীৰ তেল; A medicinal vegetable oil.

Castrate, kastrat, v. i. খোলা- ক : মুক্জেলন- ক ;
দাম্চা কৰা ; To emasculate :— আস-পূৰ্ব কৰা ; To take from or render imperfect. n. = Castration— মুক্জেলন !

Casual, kazhū-al, a. আক্রিক; অনুটপুর্ক; Accidental; fortuitous; unforeseen:—সম্বাদ্ধ সমূহে উপস্থিত; অন্যাদ্ধ ; Occasional; incidental. Syn. =accidental, incidental, contingent, uncertain, occasional, fortuitous.

Casual leave—হঠাৎ কোন কাৰণে ছই এক দিনেৰ Casually, ad. হঠাৎ; দৈবাৎ; কৰন কৰন; Accidentally; occasionally.

Casualty, kazhūal-ti, अ. रिनयकेमा : इस्कि। : Accident ; that which falls out ; contigency :— युका ; हुर्यकेना ; Death , misfortune.

Casuist, kazhu-ist, n. ধর্মাধর্ম বিচারক; One who studies and resolves cases of conscience.

Casuistry, kazhū-ist-ri, n ধর্মধর্ম বিচার বিদা ; কর্ত্তব্যাকর্ত্তব্য বিচার বিষয়ে কুট তত্ত্ব ; The science or doctrine of cases of conscience.

Cat, kat, n. মার্কার; বিডাল; A common domestic animals:—বেজ; A kind of whip.

A cat has nine lives—বিভাগ কিছুতেই ৰছে ৰা; বিভাবের বড় কঠিন প্রাণ; A cat is very much tenacious of life.

Let the cat out of the bag—কোনও ভগু কৌনৰ ৰা বিষয় প্ৰকাশ-কু; মন্ত্ৰভেদ-কু; Disclose a trick or secret.

Sick as a cat—Very much subject to vomiting. To bell the cat—দাও ধৰা; সাধাৰণেৰ কাৰো নাধা-দে; অক্সের অন্ত সমূহ অনিইপাত সভাৰনা দীকাৰ কৰা, To risk one's own life to save others: to undertake great personal risks for the sake of others.

It is raining cats and dogs, To rain cats and dogs—মুস্পধাৰে বৃষ্টি হওয়া; It is incessantly raining. [ কৰে, They are always quarrelling. They live cat and dog—ভাহাৰা সৰ্কলা বিবাদ Cat-call, Cat-pipe, n. A squeaking instrument, to interrupt play at a theatre.

Cat-eyed, a. विज्ञानिक ; कठी ट्रांटका ।

Cat-kin, n. পুন্স বিশেষ; A kind of flower. Cot-o'nine-tails, n. ৰেজ বিশেষ; কণা; কোড়া; A whip with nine lashes, used for punishing

offenders.

Cat-nap, n. কাকাল জন্ত নিজা; A short sleep. Cat's-paw, n. বঞ্চিত ব্যক্তি; A dupe; the tool of another.

Make a cat's paw of—এক জনেৰ বাধা ধাইৱা নিজেৰ কাৰ্য্য উদ্ধাৰ কৰা; Make another a tool, use another as an instrument for accomplishing one's own purposes.

Cataclysm, kata-klizm, n. [Gr. kataklysmes kata, downward, klysein, to wash or dash.]

वर्षा ; बन्धारम ; Deluge ; a flood of water. a.= cataclysmal.

Catacomb, ka'a-kūm, n. গৰ্ভত স্থাধি; ড্গৰ্ভত্ স্থাধি ছান; A burying place underground; a hollow or cave underground used as a burial. Syn.=Crypt, vault, tomb.

Catafalco, kat-a-falko, Catafalque, kata-falk, n. গোনাবা; A temporary structure of carpentry, representing a tomb used in funeral solemnities.

Catalepsy, kat-a-lep-si, n [ Gr. from kata down, lambano, lepsomai, to seize. ] মোহণীড়া; মুহোবোৰ; প্ৰশ্বত ; A disease in which motion and sensation are suddenly suspended.

Catalogue, ka'a-log, n. Gr. from kata, down, logos, a counting. ] নামাবলি পুত্তক; মাম প্ৰভৃতিৱ ভালিকা; A list of name, books &c:—vi. নামাবলী প্ৰস্তত-ফু; ভালিকাভুক্ত ব্ৰা; ক্ষ কৰা; To make a list of names &c; to put in a catalogue. pr. p.=Cataloguing, pa. a =Catalogued.

Catamaran, kat-a-ma-ran, n. ভেলা, ভেলা, উদ্ধা; A kind of raft used by the natives of India and Brazil.

Catamenia, kat-a-méni-à, n. [Gr. fc kata, back, again, and men, month.] থালে তেও কড়; The monthly course of females; menstrual discharges.

Cataplasm, n. प्लाइन : Poultice.

Catapult, kara-pult, n. [L. catapulta—Gr. katapeltes—kata, down, pallo, to throw.] প্ৰস্তু কেপপাৰ্থ প্ৰকালেৰ ব্যক্ত হয়. fem; An engine anciently used for throwing large stones, arrows &c.

Cataract, kata-rakt. n. [Gr. kata, down, arasso, to dash, to rush.] প্ৰস্বণ; জনপ্ৰপ্ৰত; নিৰ্মাণ, A waterfall:—নেত্ৰ-পটন; চন্দেৰ ছ্যান; A disease of the eye.

Catarrh, kat-är', n. [L. catarrhus, Gr. katarrhoos—kata, down, rheo, to flow] 本以; (学明; 对际; A cold in the head, causing a running at the nose; a discharge of fluid from a mucous menbrane, especially of the nose, caused by cold in the head. a.=catarrhal.

Catarrhal, ka-tarhal, a. সন্ধি সংকীয় , মৰ্কি কৰ্তৃক উৎপত্ন : Pertaining to catarrh ; produced by it, or attending it.

Catastrophe, kat-a'trō-fē, n. [Or. kata, down, strepho, to turn] অন্তিম ঘটনা; বিপণ্ডি; বিপংপাড; A final event; a calamity. Syn.=misfortune, mishap, mischance; winding up, upshot, finale. Catoal, catoall, katkawl, n. অভিনয় বক্ষ কৰিবাৰ অস নাট্যাগাৰের ব্যবহৃত ঘত্ত, A squeaking instrument used in theatres to condemn plays.

Catch, kach, v. t. [Picard cacher, for O. F. cachier, to chase, fr. L.L. caciare, fr. L. captare, freq. of capere, to take, lay hold of. ] ধ্বা; To seize suddenly:—পালম্বন-কৃ; দাংল-কৃ; To insnare; to trap or insnare; to entangle:—বিভাব-কৃ; To communicate to:—মুম্ম-কৃ; ব্লীস্ত-কৃ; To charm:
—ম্মেন্স্ ম্বা ধ্বা-কৃ; To take by infection:—
কাড়িয়া স্বয়া; To snatch:—ইঠাই উপস্থিত ক্ষা;
To come upon unexpectedly:—পকাই মাইয়া ধ্বা;

To overtake; to seize after pursuit:—০, i. সংকাষিত হ; To communicate; to spread by infection; to be contagious:—(লাম-মা; To be held or impeded by entanglement or slight obstruction. pa. t. and pa. p.=caught (kawt), pr. p.=catching. Syn.= Lay hold of, capture, apprehend, snatch, captivate, grasp, arrest.

Catch a glimpse of—আভান পাওয়া কটাক লাভ-ক : Obtain a faint or short view of

Catch a Tartar— হ্ৰ্বলবোধে শক্তকে আক্ৰমণ কৰিয়া শেষ বিপদ্পত্ত হওয়া; To lay hold of or encounter a person, who proves too strong for the assailant. Catch a woasol asloop—কোন বাজিকে আমনো-ঘেণী দেখিতে পাওয়া; To find a person carcless. Catch at (or Grasp at)—ব্যক্তমণত ইন্যা ধৰিতে বাঙ্মা; Endeavour to seize cagerly:—পাইবার অস্ত ব্যাহ হওয়া; Be cager to get.

Catch cold ( Catch a cold ) - সৰ্দ্ধি লাগা; Be affected with cold. [ grip.

Catch hold of—ধৰা; Seize with the hand; Catch one in the fact—ছম্ম কৰিবাৰ সময় কাহাকে ধৰা; হাতে হাতে ধৰা; Catch one while doing something that is vicious; catch one in the very act of committing a crime.

Catch one tripping—5 কমকালে কাহাকে ধৰা:
Direct one taking a false step:—গদখনৰ হইতে দেবা; Catch one taking a false step or falling:
—কোন লোক কোন পোৰ বা অম কৰিতেছে দেবিয়া
ভাহা ধৰিয়া দেৱমা; Detect one in committing an error or a mistake.

Catch one nipping—আন্তর অননোযোগ বশতঃ বিকের হ্যোগ বাত-কু; To gain an advantage over one, through his mattention

Catch sight of—প্ৰথম দৰ্শন লাভ কৰা; Obtain the first view of.

Catch the contagion—স্কামক বোগ খাবা আক্রান্ত-হ; To become affected by a contagious disease:—স্পাদা কোন বোগালত ২গা; Be affected with some disease by contact:—সহাত্ত্তি প্রকৃত্তরভিব অনুসাধী ২গা; Be subject to some cyil influence by sympathy.

Catch the eye of— মতের দৃষ্ট বা ন্নানোর আকর্ব করা; Attract one's eye; engage one's attention. Catch the spirit of—সমান ভাব,পার ভ্তমা; Be inspired with the same feeling as those engaged in:— একুড ভাব বুঝা; Comprehend the true meaning of.

Caught red-handed—ছদৰ্গ কৰিবাৰ স্থয় ধৰা; হাতে হাতে ধৰা; Caught in the very act.

Caught in an ambuscade— গুলুহাৰে আৰক্ষিত শক্ত কৰ্মুক হঠাৎ আজ্ঞান্ত; Surprised or attacked suddenly by an enemy lying in ambush.

Catch, kach, n. বৃতি; Seizure:—কাকড়ি; ঝিল, জাকড়া; Anything that seizes or holds; that which is caught:—কাড; সুবিধা; Gain; profit; advantage.—সুযোগগুহণ; অকসংং সমুপাগত সুবিধা; A passing opportunity seized and improved; a sudden advantage taken:—কবাবে মুডলি ধ্বা বাছ; The whole quantity caught at once:—মেই সঙ্গীত, খাহাব অংশ ভিন্ন ভিন্ন গাৰকে গাছ; A song, the parts of which are caught up by different voices.

By catcher-अवकानकृत्य ; अकट्टे अकट्टे कवियां। Catching, a. न्रान्यक , न्यानायक ; Contagious. Catch-penny, kach'pen-:, n. नावविशेन पुषक ; প্ৰদা কুডাইবার কৃষ্ণি, Something worthless, especially a publication, intended merely to gain money :- a. अळ लाक जुलारेश भन्नमा कुछारेवाब क्षत्रत्र : अमृत् : Made to gain money ; worthless.

Catch-penny production—অৰ্থোপাৰ্জন ৰয় প্রবিত অকিপিংকর পুরুক , Books having no worth or value to gain money

Catch-poll, kachpol, n. नाश्चित्कक ; कमाहेवन ।

চৌকিদাৰ, A constable.

Catch-word, kachwurd, n. পর পুলা লিখিত পুর্ম-পৃঠাব শেষ কথা, পুর্মপুর্দার নিম্নে লিখিত এবং গর भोत अथ्य कथा , The first word of a page given at the bottom of the preceding page - ABITER चकीय निर्मिष्ठीःरणत (भय भम , अञ्चित्नकृषिरगंद स्मय क्यां : Among actors, the last word of the preceding speaker; cue -- मण्डामीरबद विरंगव कर्षा, A word or phrase caught up and repeated for effect, as the catch-word of a political party &c Catchup, kachup, Catsup, katsup, Kotchup, kechup, n. काञ्चल विटनंद ; A liquor extracted from mushrooms, used as a sauce, a sauce made from mushrooms, tomatoes, walnuts &c

Catechetic, kat-e-kefik, Catechetical, kate-ketik-al, a প্রয়োত্ত সক্ষীয় , Relating to cate-

chism ad - Catechetically

Catechiso, kate-kur, v t Gr katechiso, katecleo to din into the cais- katz, down, cchee, to sound | states stat to the rest . To instruct by asking questions, and confering the answers — अर्थ कि क्रोमी-कृ, To question or interrogate -श्रवीचा क्या , To examine - अम वा क्षेत्रद नगरगरत निया (नवरां, To teach by sound, or by the voice pr p = Catechising, pa. p=Catechised Syn =Interrogate, question, examine

Catechism, kate-kizm, n. প্রান্তর বীতিক্রমে EMEN, A form of instruction by means of questions and answers —প্ৰান্তব্যালা, মুল পুষ্ঠকের প্রশ্নোত্তর বই ; A book containing a summary of principles in the form of questions and answers.

Catochist, n. ধর্মোপদেশক; প্রশোভর বারা ধর্ম-শিক্ষাপাতা, One who instructs in the principles of religion; one who catechises.

Catechu, kat-e-ku, (कार्टिकिडे) n. विवेद : बर्यव , A brown, vegetable extract, obtained in India Catechumen, kat-e-kü'men, n. [Gr. katechoumenos, being taught, p. of katecheo, to teach. ] ब्रीडीय धर्मगारतय अथम निकार्ग , One who is receiving rudimentary instruction in the doctrines of Christianity; a neophyte. Syn.=Pupil, disciple, neophyte, proselyte.

Categorical, kat-e-górik-al, a. आर्याप; अन-নিশ্ব , মতা ; লাষ্ট : কুনিনিড , Positive ; absolute ; express; not relative, without exception. Syn .= positive, absolute, express, explicit, direct,

plain, emphatic.

Category, kate-gor-i, n. [Gr. kategoria-kata',

down, against, agoreue, to declare.] n. नमान रर्ग : (व्येक्स : In logic, a predicament : a class : order :-- अवश्रा ; मना ; State ; condition or predicament. Syn .= class, division, rank, order; predicament, condition, state, situation, plight. Ostenarian, kate-na rian, Catenary, katena'ry, a. [ L from catena, a chain. ] THENE यक : मधल-अवसीय : Relating to a chain.

Catenary, kate-na-ri, n. वस्त्र दृष्ट् वांद वर्ष করিলে তাহার দোছলামান মধাভাগে যে বক্র রেখা উৎপন্ন ET . A curve line, formed by a rope or chain suspended by both ends, and hanging freely. Cater, ka'ter, v. i. शानानि जवनबार-क ; आहात

যোগান : খাদাত্ৰৰা কৰ-ক : To provide food : to

buy provisions; purvey.

Catorer, ka'tir-er, n. (4 वीगामवा (वीवीय ; Purveyer :-- Fem = Cateress.

Caterpillar, kater-pilar, n. ভটীপোৰা , প্ৰভাপতি इहेबाद शूटर्संब अवज्ञाशन कींछे, A grub that lives upon the leaves of plants; the larve of a butterfly.

Caterwaul, kater-wawl, v. i. विज्ञातन अप नक কৰা, To make a noise like cats.

Cates, n. catz, n pl. 2715 4171; Dainty food. Catgut, katgut, n Gie; aiprecea sia; si-73, A string for musical instrument made of the entrails of animals.

Cathartic, kath-artik, Cathartical, kathartik-al, a. (वष्क ; क्लिंड श्रीवशायक मास्मिम्यविष ; Purgative.

Cathartic. n. facasa das: A purgative medicine.

Cathodra, ka-the-dra, n आंत्रन A chair, e.p., the seat of one in authority.

Cathodral, kath-c'-dral, n [ L. cathedra- Gr kathedra, a seat ] अपान निक्का ; अधान धर्धास्कर मनित्र, The principal church of a diocese in which is the seat or throne of a bishop -a. প্রধান গিছা সম্বন্ধীয়, Pertaining to the head church of a dioxese, belonging to the cathedral, as, a cathedral church - - শাসনাকুমপ , Authori tative; official; as, the cathedral determina tion — अधान निक्षांत भार्तमध्योष , Emanating from the chair of office, as of a pope or bishop.

Catholic, kathol-ik, a [Gr katholikos, universal-kata, throughout, holos, the whole ] সাৰ্বভৌম, সাৰ্বজনিক, Universal; general, as the catholic faith —উদাৰ, Liberal, as catholic tastes :- (बामान कांधनिक मम्बीध: औष्ट्रामिएश्रद প্রাচীন সম্প্রদায় সহজীয় ; Pertaining to, or affecting the Roman Catholics, as, Catholic emancipation :-- n. বোষাৰ কাথলিক ধৰ্মমতাবলম্বী; An adherent of the church of Rome Syn =a. General, whole; liberal, charitable, tolerant, unsectarian; Romish, Papist.

Catholicism, ka-tholi-sizm, Catholicity, kath-olist-i, n. नांदावन्द ; नांसंजीनक्य ; Universality --- श्रेष्टोन धर्मावनशैषित्रद माधाद्य मठ ; दामान কাখলিকদিগের গর্মানত ; The orthodox faith of the whole Christian church — রোমান কাথলিক वर्ष ; The tenets of the R. C Church :- जेनावर्ग ,

Breadth of view, liberality.

Uatholicon, ka-tholi-kon, #. नर्सरवानवानक चेत्र ; A remedy for all diseases ; a panacea. Catoptrio, kat-op'trik, n. [Gr. from katoptron, a mirror-kata, against, optomai, to see. ] প্রতিক্ষণিত আলোক-বিদ্যা সম্পূর্কার; Relating to vision by reflection

Catoptrice, kat-op'triks, n. sing. Witataform: The part of optics, which treats of reflected light. a .= Catoptric, catoptrical.

Catspaw, Catkin, &c .- See cat

Cattle, kail, n. pl. [ O. Fr. catel, chatel-Low. L. captale, orig. capital property is general, then esp. animals. L. capitalis, chief-caput, the head, beasts in early times forming the chief part of property. ] গৃহপালিত পক ; গৌ. মেব, ছাগ हेडापि ; The bovine species ; beasts of pasture Cattle-pen, kattl-pen, n. नडमाना ; (श्रीदाछ : Pen for cattle.

Cattle-show, kartl-sho. n পত्रमना ; भराधमर्गनी ; An exhibition of domestic animals for prizes.

Caucasian, kaw-ka-han, n काकमिनान काछि: One belonging to the Indo-European race, originating near Mount Caucasus.

Caucus, kaw'kus, n. राखरेनिजिक मछा; मछानिर्माहक স্থিতি; A preparatory meeting for political purposes; a party combination or meeting for influencing elections, esp. in Amer

Caudal, kaw'dal, a. शुक्तभाषतीय : शुक्तमानकीय , शुक्त-বিশিষ্ট; সপাছ; Pertaining to the tail of an animal; having a tail or something like one.

Caudle, kaw'dl, n. [ L. calidus, hot. ] Affis-দিবের নিমিত উক শানীয়; A warm drink for sick persons; a warm drink given to the sick.

Caught, kawt, pa t. and pa. p. of Catch. Caul, kawi, v. i O Fr. cale, a little cap, Celt. calla, a veil, hood. ] श्वीत्मारकद योशांद कान ; इन वैक्षियोत काल : Net or covering for the head .-अञ्चारबह्रेन : गर्भरवष्ट्रन : श्रीरमारकद गरर्टद विखदकाद এক প্ৰকাৰ পাত্ৰা ত্ৰু ; Omentum ; the membrane covering the head of a child when born.

Cauldron-See caldron.

Cauliflower, kaw'li-flow-er, n. [ L. caulis, cabbage, and flower. ] कुनकि ; A variety of cabbage.

Caulk-See calk.

Causel, kawzal, a. कांद्र मचकी ; कांद्रिक ; (इफु जनकीय, मरर्जूक, नियिष्ठिक ; Relating to or expressing cause. ad =causally.

Causality, kawzal-i-ti, n. কাৰণত্ব; হেডুড; কাৰণেব कार्या ; The agency of a cause :- कांबन विटर्फन कविवाब निक ; The supposed faculty of tracing effects to their causes.

Causation, kawz-á-shun, n. কাৰণড়; কাৰ্যভাৱৰ कार; The act or power of causing or producing :- कार्या वा करनद छै९भागन; The bringing about of an effect.

Causative, kawfa-tiv, a. হৈতৃক; কাৰ্বোৎপাদী: Expressing a reason; causal; producing an effect :- उ९भागक ; Affecting as a cause, causing. od. - causatively.

Cause, kawz, n. [ L. causa. ] (नाक्क्य); A lawsuit ; a legal action :- 4149 ; ( ) That which is the occasion of an action; reason; ground: -কারণ: That which produces an effect: --প্ত: Object, side :-- अविशाह दा धालांकन ; Motive or inducement :-- v. t. উৎপাপন-क ; जीविक वाकित्क वादा क्या; To effect by agency, power, or influence; to produce; to make to exist, to bring about. Syn.-Suit, action, case, origin. source, spring, creator, agent, producer; agency, reason, motive; inducement, incitement, consideration, account ; purpose, object, end ; undertaking, enterprise.

Efficient cause - विभिन्न कावन ; The agent that is conspicuous in producing a change or result. Final cause-wferge ofte ; The end, design, or object for which anything is done.

Material cause-अमराबी कादन : উপामान कादन :

That of which anything is made.

Primary cause-wife ata", Original cause. Expouse the cause of, Take up the cause of-কাহারত পক অবলয়ন করা, To take the side of a person or party, take up a particular question or controversy with a view to maintain it. In the cause of-974. अपकृत्त , कांक , On behalf of, in support of, in the interest of.

Make common cause with-ast brees অত্যের সহিত খোগ-দে, Join any one in the pursuit of the same object.

The ostensible cause--নিৰ্দেশিত অধ্য অপ্ৰকৃত कादन ना (इकु, A reason held forth or avowed, but not the real one.

Causeless, kawžies, a अक्'द्रव, क्वांब्राम्स : अवर्थक : Having no cause. n.=causelessness; ad.= causelessly.

Causeway, kawiwa. Causey, kawie, n. [O. Fr. caucie. Fr chaussee -L calciate -calz. chalk, because built with mortor. ] कि का का বাস্তা , বাঁধ , স্বাঙ্গাল , A raised road ; way paved , a pathway raised and paved with stone.

Caustic, kawitik, a [L.-Gr kaustikos-kaio. kauso, to burn. ] नाइक , नक्षकावक , Burning , corrosive - मर्बास्त्री ; मर्बाह्यक . (उनमाइक ; Severe, sarcastic -n. एक्क विक भगार्थ, कार्क् कि; A subs tance that wastes away the flesh; nitrate of silver. Syn.-Corrosive, acrid, verulent, stinging, cutting, pungent, sarcastic, severe, keen, biting. Quality of being caustic.

Causticity, kaws-tisi-ti, n. माइकठा , महकाविण ; Cauterisation, kaw-ter-z-a'shun, Cauterism. kaw'ter-izm, Cawtery, kaw'ter-i, n. উত্ত लोह वादा पर्न ; The act of burning with a hot iron : -কটক বা তপ্ত লৌহ ছাবা দম্মকরণ ; A burning with caustics or a hot iron.

Cauterise, kaw'ter-iz, v. t. [ Fr cauteriser-Gr. kauter, a hot iron-kaio, to burn, ] 38 (3)? षावा १६-कृ ; (भाषा लाशंब द्याका (मध्या ; To burn with a hot iron.

Caution, kaw'shun, n. [Fr. L. cautio-caveo, to beware. ] नावधानणा : शक्तिभाषमणिणा : Heedfulness ; provident care ; forethought :-- वाबिन : Security; guarantee :- 750 1414; Warning -डेशरण्य, भवायर्थ ; Precept ; advice ; exhortation ; counsel :- p. t. ₹\$\$-₹; To warn. pr. p.=

Syn .- Forecautioning, pa. p.=cautioned. thought, forecast, heed, watchfulness, anxiety, circumspection; counsel, advice, admonition.

Cautionary, kaw'shun-ar-i,a সতৰ্কাৰী, সতৰ্কতা-পূর্ব; Containing warning :- প্রতিভূষরপ প্রদৃত্ত;

পাশ্বপ দত্ত ; Given as a pledge.

Cautious, kaw'shus, a. नांबधान : विश्वाकांबी ; मुख्क ; शिवागिमानी ; Careful ; watchful ; prudent ; circumspect. n =cautiousness ( অবধানশীলতা ); ad =cautiously ( नावशदन। Syn.=Circumspect, vigilant, careful, thoughtful, anxious, discreet, heedful.

Cavalcade, kaval-kad, n. [Gr. kaballes, a horse, a nag. ] अवादवाशीनित्तव मन , A train of persons on horseback .-- अवादवाशीमिश्व बाळा ,

A procession of horsemen.

Cavalier, kav-al-er', n. अवादवारी रेमनिक ; A knight; an armed horseman:-वार्यापविष মে'ছা; A gay, sprightly, military man :- প্রথম চাৰ্নদেৰ পকাৰণী; A partisan of Charles I. -- a अयुद्ध , Gav -- माहमी ; युद्धाबिद ; Brave ; warlike - गाँक , माजिक , Haughty ; disdainful, as, cavalier behaviour -- প্রথম চার্লমের দল সম্ Ty, Relating to the party of king Charles I Syn = Gay, debonair, gallant, brave, warlike, haughty, arrogant, insolent, suspercitious aid = Cavalierly. [ troops , horse-soldiers

Cavalry, kaval-ri. n जनारवाही रेनल, Mounted Cave, kav, n [Fr I. caved-cavus, hollow] 15, গ্ৰেৰ . খহা ; A hollow place in the earth ; den , -ए 1. नक्सर वाम-क , To dwell in a cave -ए. t

对着-事, To hollow or scoop out.

Cave dwellers-এতিহাসিক কালের পুর্মবন্ধী অহা-वंनीश्रम । शिकाव कवा। Cave in, ग. र धनिया भड़ा , काक्रिया भड़ा , वाधाका Cavout, ka've-at, n [ L. caven, to take care ] (Int. I.et him take care) निरंप आंका-भव , रिकारी नरम वियाद-कारी प्रतिक दाविवाद चारमण-भक्त , A notice to some officer not to do a certain act until the interested party is heard in opposition --- সংবাদ দাৰ বা সভকীকৰণ, A notice or

Cavendish, kaven-dish, n. आओक्न जापाक. Tobacco moistened and pressed into quadrangular cakes.

Cavern, kavein, n. [ L. caverna-cavus, hollow ] বৃহৎ শুহা , গভীৰ গঠ . A deep hollow place in the earth. [ of caverns.

Cavernous, kavernus, a. नक्षवपद , ननक्षव , Full Caviare, Caviar, kav-i-dr', n 499 विद्यादव लवनाक दिव , ज्यनाक यरक-हिव रहेएल श्राह्म श्रामा farma, An article of food made from the salt-

ed toes of the sturgeon &c.

Cavil, kavil, v. t. [ O. Fr. caviller-L. cavillor, to practise jesting, cavilla, jesting. ] [ [ ] (नारादाभ-कृ, माबाक अमाद बागति উপविष कदा, To raise captious objections; to carp at; to make empty, trifling objections :- व्यक्त इकि প্রদর্শন করা; To use false arguments. pr. p.=Cavalling pa. p.=Cavilled,-n. विशा लोगादाण, ভুক্ত পাপতি; A false or frivolous objection. Cavity, kavit-i, n. [ L. cavus, hollow ] 45; ছিত্ৰ, গল্মৰ; খোল, শৃক্তপৰ্যভা; A hollow place, hollowness, an opening; hole.

Caw, kaw, v. i. ofcos sq-p. of of ww-p: To cry like a crow or raven; to cry as a crow :n. কাকের ডাক , কাকের প্র ; The cry of a crow. n. - Cawing

Cayenne pepper, ka-eh pep'per, n. (नीन्यविक : A very pungent pepper, the product of several species of Capsicum.

Cazique, ka-zek, n. चारमिकात चानिय चर्च-वामीनिश्व मकाद; A chief in certain parts of America at the time of its discovery.

Coase, ses, v. i. Fr cesser-L cerso, to give over, cedo, to yield, give up ] (44 रहा , काक-হ, ত্যাগ-ক, To be at an end, to stop, to give over .- v t. ( ) To bring to an end, to put an end to Syn =Desist, fail, discontinue, terminate, end, fail, be wanting, be extinct,

Consoloss, seiles, a. अनवक्छ; अविज्ञाम, अवि-To . Incessant ; endless ad .- Ceaselessly.

Cedar, sedar, n (भवणांक कांडीय उक. A kind of tree -a. উক্ত বৃক্ত নিশ্মিত, Made of cedar.

Cede, sed, v t [ i. cedo, cessum, to go away from ] अवर्ण-इ , शदिजांत-इ , To give up ; to yield, to surrender -ए. i. वश्राठा श्रीकाव कता. To give way. Syn .= Resign, abandon, relinquish, abdicate

Coil, v. t. ছামের ভিতর দিক আছোদন-কু. To overlay or cover the inner roof of a room.

Coiling, selling, n. ছाटम्ब किडब मिक, The upper, interior surface of an apartment, opposite the floor; the inner roof of a room; the under covering of a roof

Celandine, selan-din, n. 叫奉 ]本, Genus of plants of the poppy family.

Colebrant, selebrant, n. डेश्मव मन्त्रापक; One who performs a public religious rite.

Colebrate, sele-brat, v t. [ L ce'ebro,-atum -celeber, frequented ] প্রশংসা-কু, গুণ কীর্ত্তন-কু, To praise; to extol:—उँ९प्रव-कृ; অভिनमन-कृ; To solemnise; commemorate - এসিছ ক্ৰা; To make famous — डं भवापि मण्यत-कृ, To distinguish by solemn ceremonies. Syn. - Distinguish, extol, culogize, laud, applaud, commemorate, solemnize, honour, keep.

Celebrated, selé-brated, a. विशाह, Renowned; famous.

Celebration, selebrashun, त. बन्दना ; Praise : -वर्षाविधि अनुष्ठीन मन्त्रीमन; अठाँद, Solemnisation :—উৎসৰ ; Commemoration.

Celebrity, sel-ebri-ti, m. 4116; 44; 4661; Fame: - गरी गाँउ; A person of distinction, usually in the plural. Syn = Renown, honour, repute, eminence, glory, esteem, reputation.

Celerity, sel-er'it-i, n. [ L celer, quick, cello, Gr kello, to drive, urge on. ] বেগ, পাছতা; ঘৱা, क्रका, Speed; swiftness; quickness; rapidity of motion. [ table.

Celery, seler-i, n. wio farma; A kitchen vego-Colostial, sel-estyal, a. [ L. caelestis-caelum, heaven. ] पनीय ; पर्नराजी , Heavenly ; dwelling in heaven:-n. वर्गवानी; An inhabitant of heaven. ad = Celestially Syn = Supernal, immortal, etherial, spiritual, divine, godlike Celiao, seli-ak, a. নিয় উদৰ সৰ্বায়, Belonging

to the belly

Colibacy, seli-bas-i, or se-libas-i, n [L caelebs, single ] অসুধার, অনুভাবহা, চিবকৌধার্বা, A ingle life, an unmarried state

Collibate, self-bat, n. অবিবাহিত অবস্থা, The state of being unmarried —অবিবাহিত ব্যক্তি, One who is unmarried —a চিৰকৌমাধ্য সংক্ৰান্ত. Pertaining to a single life.

Cell, scl, n [ L cella, conn. with celare, to cover ] ফুর কম, A small room —গর্ড, ফুর গমর, A cave, a small shut cavity —ধ্রাণানা, A religious house

Collar, selar, n ভৃষিৰ নিমুক্তিত ভাতাৰ গৃছ , ভূগৰ্ভছ ভাতাৰ , A room under ground, in which stories

are kept

Collarage, selar-ৰা n ভাভাৰ-গৃহেৰ স্থান ভূমিডশ পুৰে থান, Space for cellars — ভূমিনিমন্থ খাদ্যা গাব. A cell ir or series of cellars connected — ভাতাৰে খাদ্য বাণিখাৰ শুৰু Charge for storing in cellars — ভাভাৰ Cellars

Collaret, sel ar et n বে'ড্ৰ বাৰিবাৰ তাক, An orna nu tal case for holding bottles

Coliniar, পাঁট lar a [ L cellula a little cell ] া-ভৰ্ম চিত্ৰপূৰ্ব Of or consisting of cells Collular mombrane—কোঁবৰ বিন্তা ।

Celt, selt, n ৰাজি বিশেষ, One of the primitive inhibitaries of Southern and Western Furope, — শেষৰ বা ধাতু কাটিবাৰ বন্ধ বিশেষ A cutting instrument of stone or metal found in ancient bursons

Coltic, solic a Pertaining to the Celts Comont, so ment n [L caementa clips of store used to fill up in building a wall caeti me ita—raedo, to cut off ] (ज्ञान A mortar, a paste to unite substances together—म्हान्त करण में, Anything that makes two bodies stick together—न्यान A bond of union—v t महाहिन्द । o unite with cement—म्हान्त महाराज्ञ । To join filmly, as to cement triendship—v i कुछ , Io unite and cohere Syn=solder weld, join, combine

Portland cement—বিশালী ৰাটা।

Cementation, Sem-cut a shun, n বোগ-প্রকিষা, স বোজক, Act of comenting, the process by which iron is turned into steel, glass into procedum &c

Cometery, seme-ter-i, n [L caemeterium— Gr koimeterion—keimao, to lull to sleep] সম্পি হান, কৰব, সমাধি-কেন্ত, Grave-yaid, builal ground, a burry ground, church-yard

Cenobite, Conobite, scho-bit, or se'no-bit, n [L caenobita—Cir koinubios, from koinos, common, and bios, life] पंजानी, A monk in a convent or community, in opposition to a heimit or anchorite, one of a religious order living in a convent with others not alone like a hermit a—cenobitic, cenobitical

Cenotaph, scho-taf, n. [Gr kenopaphion-kenos, empty, and taphos, a tomb.] n. Te-

बर्ख, ज्ञान-वर्ष, A monument in honour of one who is builed elsewhere

Consor, senser, n. ब्राधाव, ब्राहि, A pan in which incense is burnt

Consor, sensor, n. [ L. censeo, to weigh, to estimate ] বোমদেশীয় লীতি পৰিদৰ্শক, A Roman officer who numbered the citizens, taxed them and supervised their manners or morals—ছাপাধানার প্রিদর্শক, পুত্তক সংবাদপত্রাণির মূত্রপ বিষয়ের জন্বাব্যায়ক, An inspector of the public piess, an officer who examines books or newspapers before they are printed, and whose permission is necessary for their publication—দোহদলী সমানোচক, দোহগ্রাহক, নিক্ক, A captious critic, one who censures of blames

Consorial, sen-so'ri al a দোৰদৰ্শী, সাধাৰণের বৈভিক্ক চৰিত্ৰ সংশোধন বিষয়ক, Belonging to a censor or to the correction of public morals

Consorrous, sen so ri u a দোষদৰ্শী কিছা বেদী পোষাপুৰী Fault finding carping, expressing censure —িৰ্নাপকে Implying, of expressing censure ad consortously n = censoriousness

Consorship, seesor ship n 374 sqlatlicat Mr Office of censor, time during which he holds office

Consorbhip of the pross - 4 said utas of the pross - 4 said utas of the pross of the prossess of the problem of the publication.

Consurable, schahu a bl a নিশাই তির্কাষ যেপা দেখী অপরাধী Blumable, faulty, cul pable ad = C nsurably n Cen urableness

Consure, ৰংগ'shill n [1 (ns.11a, an opinion, a server judament ens to estimate of judge, i কিন্তা কিন্তাৰ তেন্দ্ৰ Blame, it proach —-বিশ্বিশ্বাৰ দক্ষ্য Judical sentence — গ ই ভ্ৰেন্থ কু, বিশ্বাকু To blame, reprove, reproach

Consus, sensus, n [I census a register]
শেষ পোৰু ব্যা পৰা, An official enumeration
of the inhabitants of a country

Cont, sent, n [L centum, a hundred] এক শত A hundred — ভাষেধিকা দেশীয় সামমুজা দিশেষ, An American copper coin, the value of which is the hundredth part of a dollar

Per cent-wood, Hundred

Centage, sent aj, n नज्या शंद , Rate by the hundred, percentage

Cental, sential, n ২০০ পাউভ পরিষাণ ওছম, A weight of 100 lbs proposed for general adoption, legalised in 1678

Centaur, schtawr, n. মানবদেহ ও অপর অধারে অবদেহধারী কল্লিভ জীব, A fabulous monster, half-man half horse

Centenarian, n এক শত বৰ্ষ বৃষয় জীব , One 100 years old —a শতবংজীবী , Pertaining to 100 years.

Contonery, senten-ar-i, n as we, Aggre gate of too single things, a hundred - well.

wast; A century; hundred years; -- a celebration occuring once in 100 years.

Centennial, sen-teni-al, a. [ Coined from L. centum, and annum, a year. ] খত বাৰিক; খতাখিক; Happening once in a hundred year.

Contestmal, sen-tesi-mal, a. পতাংশ সম্ভীয়; প্তস্ব; Hundredth; by the 100:—n. পত্যাংশ; The hundredth part of anything. ad.—Centesi-

mally.

Contigrade, sehti-gred, [L. centum, and gradus, a step, a degree.] সভাবে বিভক্ত, শভ ভিটিবিশিষ্ট; Graduated into too equal parts; divided into a hundred degrees, as the centigrade thermometer, in which freezing point is zero and boiling point is 100°; having hundred degrees.

Centigrade thermometer, w. A thermometer in which o' denotes the freezing point, and 100' the boiling point of water.

Centiped, Centipede, schti-ped, schti-ped, n.l.L. centum, and pes, pedis, a foot.] ম. অভপদী, নাইক ; বিভা; An insect with a great many feet. Conto, schto, ম. নানা প্ৰস্থ স্থাত উদ্ভূত ৰচন ও নোকালি সকলন পূৰ্বক গঠিত প্ৰবদ্ধ; A composition formed by verses or passages from different authors.

Contral, sentral, Contric, sentrik, Contrical, sentrik-al, a. মুখ্যাৰিত, মুখ্যৰতী, কৈপ্ৰিক, কেন্দ্ৰ-সংখ্যাৰ, Placed at or near the middle; relating to; placed in or containing the centre. ad.— Centrally, centrically.

Centralise, schtral-iz, v f কেন্দ্রীভূত-কৃ : ম্থাপত বা কেন্দ্রকৃ, To bring or draw to a centre. n.= Centralisation.

Centralism, sentral-izm, n. ভিন্ন ভিন্ন ভাগেৰ থিবৰে পুৰ্বান্ধ প্ৰান্তি, The combination of several nutr into one whole.

Contre, Center, senter, (সেন্টার) n. [Fr.—L. centrum—Gr. kentron, a sharp point, kenteo, to prick.] ৰ্বাছন; কেন্তু; The middle point of anything; the middle:—v. t. কেন্তুছ-কু; To place on a centre:—এক কুল্-কু; To concentrate; to collect to a centre:—v. i. কেন্তুছ-কু; To be placed in a centre:—a কুল্কেন্ড্; To be concentrated:—pr. p.—Centring, centering; pa. p.—Centred, centered.

Contro in अवस्थ बर्क्सन्त थानि वास्त्रा वा व्यक्तिक इन्ह्या ; Be exclusively directed to one ; be placed wholly in one.

Contric, sehtrik, Contrical, sehtrik-al, a. কেন্দ্রন্থিত, মধ্যস্থানীয়; Placed in the centre or middle; central, middle.

Centrifugal, sen-trifu-gal, a. [ L. centrum, and frugio, to flee from. ] কেন্দ্ৰাপন্তিই; Tending to flee from the centre.

Centripetal, sen-trip'et-al, a. [ L. centrum, and peto, to seek. ] কেন্দ্ৰাভিনাৰিপীয়; Tending toward the centre.

Contuple, sentu-pl, a. [ L. centum, and plico, to fold.] a. 40011111; Hundred-fold.

Centurion, seh-turi-en, n. পত বোৰপতি, পত বেৰা-মায়ত: A Roman captain of 100 footsoldiers; among the Romans, the commander of a hundred men.

Contury, sentu-ri, n. [ L. conturia,—contum.]
n. বত বৰ্ণ; বতাকী; A hundred years:—বত সংখ্যা; A hundred or something consisting of a hundred in numbers.

Century plant—The American aloe, supposed to bloom but once in 100 years.

Cophalio, se-falik, a. [Gr. kephalikos—kephale, the head.] মতক সম্ভাৱ; Belonging to the head.—শির:গাঁড়ার উপকারী; Good for the headache:—n. শির:গাঁড়ার উম্বর; A medicine for headache &c.

Ceraceous, sera'shus, a. (पांपवर; (पांप अपूज;
Of or like wax; waxen.

Ceramic, se-ramik, a. [Gr. keramos, potter's earth, and suffix ic.] a. মুগ্রখণাত্রসংখীয়; মুং-পাত্র সম্পান্ত, Pertaining to pottery. [serpent. Cerastes, se-rai-tez, n. স্পুস্সৰ্গ; A horned Cerate, se'rat, n. ম্পান; A thick cintment composed of wax and oil.

Care, ser, v. t. [L. cera; cog. with Gr. keros, Gael. ceir, beeswax.] খোম দিয়া আবৃত-কু; To cover with wax.

Coroal, st're-al, a. [L. cerealis—ceres, the goddess of corn or produce.] শত সমনীয়; Relating to edible grain:—n. pl. শতাদি; Any edible grain.

Cerebellum, scr-e-belum, n. মৃত্তিকের পকারাগ;
কুল মৃত্তিক; The hinder and lower part of the brain.

Coreberous, স. বনের কুকুর; The three headed dog of Pluto, which guarded the gate of Hades. Corebral, ser'e-bral, a. ব্যক্তি সংকীয়; বত্তের পুরার্থ সংকীয়; Pertaining to the brain; pertaining to the cerebrum.

Corebration, ম. সচেডৰ ৰা অচেডৰ অবহায় মবিকের কিয়া; Action of the brain, conscious or unconscious.

Corobrum, ser'e-brum, n. [L. cerebrum, the brain, of which cere=Gr kara, the head, M. E hernes, brains, Scot. harns.] মাধ্যেৰ অনুভাৰ; The front and large part of the brain.

Cerecloth, Cerement, n. এক একাৰ (यासकार), (यासकार, A cloth dipped in melted wax in which to wrap a dead body; cloth smeared with melted wax.

Ceremonial, ser-e-mo'ni-al, a. বাজিক; Ritual;
—বিটাচাৰী; বিৱাচাৰ নৰ্মীয়; Formal in politeness; ceremonious:—n. স্বাচার; Outward
form:—সামার; প্রবালী; A system of ceremonies. ad.—Ceremonially.

Coremonious, ser-e-mo'ni-us, a. এইক; Consisting of outward forms and rites:—খাৰহাত্তিক; Civil; formally respectful:—শিস্থাচাৰী; Particular in observing forms; precise; formal. Syn.=Formal, punctilious, exact, percise; civil, deferential, courtly, courteous. ad.=Ceremoniously; n=ceremoniousness.

Cormolony, ser'e-mo-ni, n. [Fr.-L. caerimonim, from root kar, to make, do.] ( राजानि ) किया; पूजा; A secred rite:--निशंकात विकि; Forms of civility; state etiquette Syn=Rite, form; formality, ceremonial; prescribed rule; etiquette, show, formal courtesy.

Master of ceremonies—আচাৰাৰ্যক, ৰাজনীৰ উৎসৰ্গিত যে কৰ্মণাৰী প্ৰচলিত প্ৰধানুসাৰে কাৰ্যকলা পোৰ ক্ৰমণিৰ্দেশ কৰেন; An officer, who superintendents the forms to be observed by the company or attendants on a public occasion.

Not to stand on ceremony—নিৰ্দিষ্ট নিৰ্মাপ্ত সৰণ না কৰা; নিৰ্দেশ ৰাতিক্ৰম-কু; সাহস কৰিবা কোন কিছু না বলা।

Stand upon ceremony—লোকিকতা-কৃ; বৌ-কডা-কৃ: Insist upon due formalities being observed. [with contempt Treat with small ceremony—ক্বা-কৃ; Treat

Ceres, n. শহাৰো; Roman goddess of corn Certain, ser'tan, or sertin, a. [Fr certain— J.. certus, old part, of cerno, to decide.] বিশিক্ত; ধ্ৰৰ; Assured in mind; sure, unquestionable, undoubted — বিশিক্ত; বিশ্বপিত; Fixed or stated:—কোন: One or some — অবিশ্বিত; Indeterminate, or not specifically named— বিশ্বপিত; Regular. Syn.=Ascertained, actual, real, fixed, established, positive, settled, determinate; undoubted, plain, assured, confident; regular, constant, unfailing; some, specified. ad=Certainly, n=Certainty, certitude

For certain—নিক্ৰমণ ; As being sure.

Know for certain—নিক্ৰমণে জানা , Be sure

Morelly certain—বিশেষ অমাণ নাই, ভিত্ত খুৰ

সম্ভৱ , Probable in a very high degree, though
not demonstrable.

Of a certain—বি:দিক্ষভাবে, Certainly.
Certainty, Certitude, sertin-ti, serti-tud, n.
বিভাগে, Freedom from doubt or failure—
ভ্ৰ বিষয়; A fact or truth unquestionably established. Syn=Sureness, assurance, reality, positiveness.

Cortificate, sér-til'i-kāt, দা নিদৰ্শন পত্ত , অভি-জান , প্ৰশংসাপত্ত ; A written declaration of some fact ; a testimonial :—v. t সপ্ৰমাণ করা ; সাক্ষ্য-দে ; To verify by, or furnish with certificate

Certify, sei'ti-fi, v t. [L. certus, and facio, to make ] বিক্ষাৰণে আত-ক; বিভাগিত কৰা; To inform positively — লিখিবা সাক্ষা-দে; সম্মাণ-ক, সভ্য কৰিয়া ৰুলা, To declare in writing, to verify—pr. p certifying. pa. p=certified. Syn.=Attest, testify, vouch for, assure; verify, ascertain, determine; notify, advice.

Cerulean, se-roo'le-an, α [L. caelum, the sky.] আকালের ভার নীলবৰ্ণ, বাঢ় নীল; সমুভ জনের ভার সবুজ, Sky-blue, dark-blue, sea-green.

Corumon, n. কৰ্ণৰ খোল, The wax of the ear. Coruso, se roos, n. এক প্ৰকাৰ বঙ্ ; White-lead, the native carbonate of lead.

Cervical, servi-kal, a. ত্রীবা সম্বাদি, Belonging to the neck. [deer. Cervine, servine, servine, servine, servine, servine, servine, servine, a. [L. caedo, ca. s, to cut ] ভ্যায়ু হইতে সন্তাদ কাট্যা মহিকবংশিক প্রিক্রা বিশেষ; The Cesarean operation is taken a

child out of the body of its mother by cutting. Coss, ses, s. == ; e= ; A tax :--v. f. == गांवा-इ ; To impose a tax ; to rate.

Road-cess--পথকৰ।

Cossation, ses-a'shun, n. বিষাম, বিজ্ঞার, নিবৃত্তি; A rest, a pause, a stop, stay, respite. [a truce. Cossation of arms—ছুত্ব নিবৃত্তি; An armistice, Cossion, seshun, n, মন্ত্রান, সক্ত্যান; A yielding, a surrender.

Coss-pool, seépool, n. মহলা জালেব আধাৰ: এলে পুকুৰ; A receptacle for liquid filth:—বৰ্দা-মাৰ প্ৰান্তভিত সমল জালেব গহলৰ; A pool or hollow in which filthy water collects.

Cetaceous, seta'shus, a. ভিম্মি আতীয় ; Belonging to the whale-kind.

Chafe, chaf, v.t. [Fr chauffer—L. calefacere-caleo, to be hot, and facere, to make ] খৰ্ণ খাৱা উত্তত্ত্ব ; To warm with rubbing — বিবস্ত-কৃ, উত্তেভিত-কৃ, কোখাৰিত-কৃ; To irritate; to fret: to cause to rage—v. i. বাগাৰিত ক্যা; To fret or rage—n খ্ৰণ ভাত উত্তাপ, কোড; Heat excited by rubbing—(কাড; কোড; Heat excited by rubbing—(কাড; কোড, Irritation. rage. Syn=Rub, fret; gall, proke, inflame, irritate, annoy, rage, fume.

Chafer, chaffer, n. কীট বিশেষ; A kind of beetle. Chaff, chaf, n তুষ; তৃষি, আগড়া; The husks of grain; the covering of grain; refuse — তুজ বয়ঃ; তুজ বিষয়; Any thing worthless — a = Chaffy, chaffless .— তুমপুৰ্ব, Containing chaff: — আগাৰ, Light and worthless as chaff.

Chaff, chaf, v.t. বিজপ-কৃ; To banter. u.= Chaffing (বিজপ ক্ৰণ)।

An old bird is not to be caught with chaff—বুড়ো পালিককে তুঁব দিবা বৰা বাব লা, An experienced man is not to be deluded by humbug.

Chaffer, chafer, v. i. বেচা কেনা-কু; দৰ কথাকনি-কু; To bargain; to haggle about the price:— বুধা বা অন্থত গল্প-কু; To talk much or idly:—v t. ক্ৰ-কু, বিনিম্ম-কু; To buy; purchase, exchange. Chaffinch, chafinsh, n. কুম্ম পদ্মী বিশেষ; A little song-bird.

Chagrin, sha-gren, (প্রেরীন) n. বিবক্তি, অন-ভোব, মন্ত্রান্তিক ছংব; Vexation; ill-humour; peevishness:—v. t. বিষয়-কু; ব্যাধিত-কু; To yex or annoy

Chain, chan, n. পুথল শেনী; নিগত, বেড়ী; A series of connected links or rings:—পুথল; বন্ধন; Anything that binds:—শেনী; A series of things linked together:—পৰিমাণ বিশেষ; A measure of 100 links, 66 ft. long:—দাসুড; আধানতা, রেশ; Bondage; affliction:—v. f. পুখল খানাত্ত; To bind with a chain; to fasten:—শানাত্ত; To enslave; to keep in slavery:—সুড়মণে খোলাত্ত; To unite closely and strongly. Syn.—Confine, restrain; fetter, bind, mianacle, trammel, enslave.

[ bridge. Chain-bridge, n. কাৰ বেড: Suspension

Chain-bridge, n. বুলাৰ বেড়; Suspension Chain-cable, chan-kable, n. লোহপুথলবিভিড কাভি, A cable composed of iron links.

Chain-gang, s. A gang of convicts chained together.

Thain-pump, st. আহাতে কল তুলিবাৰ কল; A ship pump, consisting of a long chain equipped with a sufficient number of valves or buckets moving on two wheels. [connected by a chain. Thain-shot, st. স্থান-বন্ধ ছুইটা সোলা; Two balls Thains of slavery—নামৰ স্থান।

Phe endless chain--- वन्त नृष्ठेल, व्यर्गर वाराव

Thained, chând, p. p. or a. শুখল ছাবা আৰদ্ধ ৰছ; Made fast or bound by a chain:—শুখল-হোজিড; Connected by a chain:—বদ্ধ; Bound; কডৰান; Enslaved.

Thair, chār, n. [Fr. chaire—L. cathedra—Gr. kathedra—kathesomai, to sit down.] গৌক, চেয়ার, কেয়ার; A movable seat. with a support for the back:—আসন; The seat or office of one in authority:—সভাপতি; The presiding officer of an assembly.—v. t. আয়োরাসে সাধারণ সমকে কোন ব্যক্তিক বৃহত্ত ক্ষত্ত কাৰ্ড ক্ষত্ত ; To carry one publicly in triumph.

Fo take the chair—সভাপতির আফন এছণ-কু। Chairman, n. সভাপতি; A presiding officer at a meeting or a board or company:—চৌক-বাহক, One who carries chair

<u>Thaise</u>, shāz, n. পকট বিশেষ; A light twowhich d carriage drawn by one horse.

Thalcedony, kal-scdo-ni, n. বেতৰৰ প্ৰবন্ধ বিশেষ; A variety of quarty of a milk and water colour. a = Chalcedonic.

Chaldaic, Chaldee, a. Relating to Chaldea. Chaldron, chawldrun, n. বছণাৰ পৰিমাণ বিশেষ; A dry measure for coals, usually of 36 bushels, but varying.

Thalico, chalis, n. পাত্ৰ বিশেষ; A cup, bowl; a communion cup. a. - Chaliced.

Dhalk, chawk, n. [ A. S. cealc, like Fr. chaux, O. Fr. chaulx, is from L. calx, limestone.] 
া-বড়ি, A white earthy limestone; a carbonate of lime:—v. t. চা-বড়ি খাবা অন্ধিত-কু; To rub or mark with chalk. a.=Chalky, n.= Chalkiness

Chalk and water-London milk.

Thalk for cheese—ভাল বন্ধ বিনিম্বে মূল বন্ধ ; An inferior thing for what is good; one thing for another.

Chalk out, v. গত্তব্য পথ বা অবল্যনীয় উপায় বিধেশ-কু. To lay out ( a course ), draw out, or describe.

Challenge, chalenj, v. t. [L. calumnia, a false accusation—calui, caluere, to deceive.]
v. t. বুদ্ধাৰে আহ্বাৰ-কু; To call to a contest of any kind; to summon to fight to a duel or battle:—দাৰি-কু; To claim as one's own:—
আপত্তি-কু; দোৰ দেখা; To object to; to accuse:
n. বুদ্ধাৰে বিশ্ব আহ্বাৰ; বিবাদ কৰিছে আহ্বাৰ;
A summons to a contest of any kind:—কুনিব
সম্ম আপত্তি; Exception to a juror:—দাৰি; Demand made of a right. Syn.—Dare, defy, brave; provoke, summon, call out; demand, require, claim; object to, question, dispute.

Challenge a jury—क्ष्म कावर्ग कृतिव वर्षा क्षाराज्य यात्र नियाव कक्ष आंत्रक्षि कर्षा; Object to one or more of the jurors selected, for some reason or other.

Challis, Chally—কাপড় বিশেষ; A twilled, fine woolen fabric for ladies' dresses.

Chalybeate, ka-lib'e-at, a. সৌহৰুভ; লৌহ-মিল্লিভ; Containing iron; impregnated with iron:—কমা; Having a taste like that of iron: n. নৌহ ঘটিভ উষধ; মৌহ মিল্লিভ জল; Any medicine or water containing solution of iron; a water or other liquor containing iron.

Chamber, chamber, n. [Fr. chambre—L. camera, Gr. kamara, a vault, a room; akin to Celt, cam, crooked.] n. প্রকোট; কুঠুরী; A private room:—পর্ক; A hollow or cavity:—বাক্টনতিক বা বণিক সমিতি; A political or commercial body:—নির্কান কান, Any retired place:—বিচারালর: A hall of justice. Syn.—Apartment, room, hall; cavity, hollow place; legislative body:—v. i. প্রকোটে বাস-কৃ; To reside in or occupy in a chamber:—বাসনাসক্ত-কৃ; To be wonton:—v. t. প্রকোটে আবন্ধ-কৃ; To shut up, as in a chamber. a.—Chambered.

[ behavious.

Chambering, n অষ্টানাৰ, লালটা; In B. lewd Chamber of commerce—ৰণিক-সভা; A board to protect the interests of commerce, chosen from among the merchants and traders of a city. [ secret council.

Chamber-council, n. হস্ত-সভা; A private or Chamber-counsel, n. নিভূত ব্যবহা ব্যবদায়ী; বে উৰিল আদালতে বস্তুতা কৰে না, কিন্তু ব্যবহা থিয়া থাকে; A lawyer, who gives his opinion in private, but does not plead.

Chamber-fellow, ন. এক গৃহে প্ৰন্তাৰী, এক গৃহপাৰী ; One who sleeps in the same chamber. Chamber lye--প্ৰসাৰ।

Chamber-maid, n. প্ৰাণৃহ দানী, পৰিচাৰিকা; A woman, who cleanses and arranges bedrooms, or waits upon a lady.

Chamber pit—पूर्वापाद ।

Chamber-practice, n. বিভূত ব্যবহা-ব্যবসায়ী;
The practice of a barrister, who gives his opinion in private, but does not appear in court.
Chamber-woman, n. দাসী; An attendant on a queen or other lady.

Chamberlain, chamber-lan or lin, n. কছকি;
লব্যাপালক; One who has the charge of the
chambers:—বাৰগ্ৰাধাক, বাৰখাটাৰ অধ্যক; One
who has the charge of the private chambers of
a nobleman or monarch; an overseer of the
private apartment of monarch or nobleman —
কোবাধাক; A treasurer or receiver of public
money; treasurer of a corporation. n.=chamberlainship.

The Lord Chemberlain of England—বাস-ক্ৰাচাৰী বিশেষ; The sixth officer of the crown, who waits upon the sovereign on the day of coronation and has charge of providing all requisites for the palace and for the House of Lords during the session of Parhament &c.

Chameleon, ka-melyun, n. [ L. chamaelon-Gr. chamaelon-chamai, on the ground, leun a lion = a dwarf-lion ] কুৰুলাৰ, বহুকুণী; বিৰুদ্ধিট্ট;

A lizard-like reptile, famous for changing its colour.

Chemois, shamwaw or sha-moi', n. [Fr.—Gr. gemss, a chamois ] পাৰ্কভীয় ছবিশ বিশেষ; A species of antelope, living on European mountain ridges:—(মভান্তরে) ছাগল বিশেষ; A kind of goat:—কোমল মুগচর্দ্ধ; A soft leather originally made from its skin.

Chamomile-see camomile.

Champ, champ, v. i. [order form cham, from Scand, as in Ice kiapta, to chatter, kiaptr, the law ] চৰ্কাণকাৰে চোৱালেৰ খাবা নটুনট পদ কৰা; To make a sharp noise with jaws in chewing; দত্ত খাবা দংশন-কৃ; চৰ্কাণ-কৃ; To bite or chew:

v. t. দত্তখাবা ঘৰ্ণ কৰা; পুন: পুন: চৰ্কাণ-কৃ; To bite with repeated action of the teeth.

Champ the bit—বাবে গাঁত কামডান; Fret impatiently ( like a horse biting the bit ).

Champagne, sham-pan, n. মণ্য বিশেষ, ভালেশন; A light, sparkling wine.

Champaign, sham-pāń, a. [L. capania, a plain] সমত্ত্ব; অনাযুত; Level; open:—স. সম্ভব শেশ; An open level country.

Champion, champi-un, n. [L. campio from campus, field] বর; One who fights in single combat:—বিৰয়ী মূল; A successful combatant:—বীৰপুৰু ; A hero; a brave warrior:—বুকুক; A defender:—v. t. To furnish or attend, as champion. n.=championship. Syn.=warrior, hero; defender, vindicator, protector.

Chance, chans, n. [L. cado, to fall] দৈৰ ঘটনা;
Fortuity; casualty:—আক্সিক ঘটনা; An unexpected event; accident:—সন্থাবন!; সুবিধা;
The possibility of an occurrence; possibility
mething happening:—ভাগা, অদৃষ্ট; Fortune,
luck:—v. i. অকল্পাৎ সংঘটিত-ছ; দৈৰাৎ ঘটা; To
happen, come, or arrive, without expectation:—
a. হঠাৎ সজ্জিত; Happening by chance. Syn =
Accident, casualty, fortune, misfortune, fortuity,
risk, hazard.

[ tional blow.

Chance blow—অনভিত্তেত আঘাত; An uninten-Chance-medley, n. অকলাং আগম্বকাৰ্থ কোন ব্যান্তকে হত্যা করা; The killing of another in self-defence upon an unpremeditated encounter; the killing of a person by chance or in self-defence.

An eye to the main chance—বাহাতে টাকা পাজা বাৰ, সেই দিকে এছৰ; Said of a man who is very short in his business transactions.

By chance—रंगर ; रेनवार ; Accidently ; casaually and without design.

Doctrine of chance—Probability of future events from those past.

Ringing the chances—এক কথা বিভিন্ন প্রকারে বলা; Repeating the same thing in different way.

Take one's chance—সাহস কৰিছা কোৰ কাৰ্ব্যে প্ৰস্তুত্ব: কপাল ঠুকিছা কোন কাৰ্য্য-কৃ; Abide by one's lot ( in any venture ).

The main chance—প্ৰবাদ হবোগ; অৰ্থোপাৰ্জনেৰ প্ৰবিধা, The chief opportunity; the opportunity of gaining money. Try a chance, Try one's 1ot—আৰুই পৰীকা-কু; Try one's fortune; see what fortune may bring by engaging in any venture.

Chancel, chansel, n. [L. cancelli, littices] (46; The part of a church, where the altar is placed.

Chancellor, chansel-or, n. त्यान विरोधक ; The president of a court of chancery or other court. n.=chancellorship.

Chancellor of an university—বিধবিদ্যালনের প্রধান অধ্যক্ষ ; The chief officer of a collegiate

Chancellor of the exchequer—বেৰাৰাজ ; Minister of finance in the House of Commons under the Fust Lord of the Treasury.

The Lord High-Chancellor of England, or keeper of the Great Seal—সকল্পান বিচাৰপতি, The highest judicial officer of the crown.

Chancery, chanseri, n. সর্বোদ্ধ বিচারাকর: A High Court of equity:—ইংলভের সর্বপ্রধান ধন্মাধিকরণের বে বিভাগে শুদ্ধ স্থায়াস্থায় ধরিষা বিচার হয়; The highest court of justice next to the parliament, presided over by the Lord High Chancellor.

To get (or hold) in chancery—প্ৰতিৰ্দীৰ মুখৰ বা খাড় বগণে চাপিয়া ধৰে, বাগে পাওয়া; To get the antagonist's head under one's arm, where it can be pommeled by the other fist; to have in one's power. [sore. Chances, shańkër, n. উপদংশ কড; A venereal Chandelier, shan-de-ler, n. Fr.—Low. L. candelaria, a candlestick,—L. candela, a candle.] দীপাধাৰ; স্বাড়, A trame with branches for holding lights.

Chandler, chand-ler, ল. ৰ'ৰি বিকেন্তা; A candle-maker and dealer :—লোক:ৰদাৱ; ব্যৱস্থান ; A dealer; a shop-keeper

Chandlery, chandler-i, n. উকু ব্যক্তির বাবদার জব্য, পণা; Goods sold by a chandler

Change, chānj, v. t [ Fr. changer .- Late L. cambiare-L. cambire, to barter । भदिवर्श्व-क ; To alter ; to make different :- वि । अप्र-क , To put or give one thing in place of another : to make to pass from one state to another .-हाका डाकान ; To give one kind of money for another :--পরশারে আদান প্রদান-কু; রূপান্তরিত-কু: To give and take reciprocally :- ज्या विनियम-क ; To barter ; to exchange -- v. i. পরিবার্ত্তি - र ; To be altered; to suffer change :- mattefa 3-0; To pass from one phase to another .- n. offe-बर्खन ; Variation ; alteration :- क्रम्। यह अदिवर्खन ; मानाककात ; Vicissitude ; novelty, variety :---ৰূপান্তৰ; A passing from one phase to another : —কৃত্ৰ মুদ্ৰা; বেক্তি; Smaller coins of money which may be given for large pieces or bank notes : -युजा: Death:-विविक्तित्व कविश्वान: Exchange. Syn: -(v.) Vary, modify, diversify, displace, remove; barter, e\change, commute; shift, veer, turn. (n.)=Variation, alteration, alternation, mutation, transition; variety, novelty, small money.

A change for the better—(n.) ভীলৰ দিকে পৰি-বৰ্জন; A change into a state that is better or more favourable:—(v.) ভালৰ দিকে আলা বা পৰি-বৰ্জন হুত্যা; Improve or mend by change.

A change for the worse—(n.) ক্ষেৰ দিকে প্ৰিবৰ্তন; A change into a state that is worse or more unfavourable :—(n.) বিকৃত বা অপকৃষ্ট ভাৰপ্ৰাপ্ত-হ; Deteriorate by change.

Change conditions with— অবস্থা পৰিবৰ্তন-তৃ; অন্তের অবস্থার সহিত আপন অবস্থার বিনিমর-তৃ; Exchange one's state or condition for that of another.

Change hands—হয়ান্তবিত-হ; হাত কো; Pass from the possession of one person to that of another.

[ Convert or transform into. Change into—পৰিবৰ্ত্তন-ক; ৰদলান; রূপান্তব কৰা; Change masters—অন্ত বাজির ক্ষিণিবে আইলে; লগ্নের হয়গত হথা; Come to the possession of other persons

Change of air—( সাচালাভার্থ) বাছু পরিবর্তন; স্বাচালাতের কর একডান ২ইতে ন্যালাভারে গমন; A change from one place to another, where the air is more salubrious.

Change one's coat দল পরিভাগিক; Forsake one's party —মত পরিবর্ত্তন করা; Change one principles.

Change one's mind—মৃত্যুৰ কি বিয়া বাওৱা।
Change places with—অভ্যেব অবহা প্ৰাপ্ত-হ;
Be placed in the position of another:—অভ্যেব
হাৰ অবশ্বন কয়া; Take the place of another.
To change one's colour—পাওব-হ: ভ্য

To change one's colour—পাত্ৰ-হি; ভয় কি বা লজায় মূৰ বিৰণ হওয়া; To become pale out of fear or shame; to turn pale from fear or shame.

To change sides—এক পক ছাদিয়া অন্ত পকে ছাজা; To go over from one side to another, to go over to another party.

Changeable, chānfa-bl, a অন্তিষ্ ; Fickle ; inconstant :—প্রিবর্ভননীল ; অনব্যিত ; Mutable , variable. Syn :—Mutable, variable, changeful, shifting, fickle, inconstant, unstable, unsettled, unsteady. x=Changeableness. ad = Changeably Changeful, chānfiool, a. প্রিবর্ভনীল ; অন্তিষ্ ; Full of change ; inconstant. n=changefulness. ad = changefully.

Changeloss, chanjles, a. অপরিবর্তনীয় ; হিন্ন ; Without change ; constant.

Changeling, chanfling, n. উপকল্পিড বালক; এক শিশুৰ পৰিবৰ্ধে যে অন্ত শিশু লইবা বাম, A child left or taken in place of another:—চক্লচিড লোক; One apt to change; a waverer; a fool —a. একমনেৰ পৰিবৰ্ধে অন্ত বৃহিড; Taken or left in place of another.

Channel, chanel, n. [Fr. chanel.] ন্ৰীপ্ত:
The bed of a stream of water:—উপলাগর বা
বৰ্ষমেন গভীবাংশ; The deeper part of a strait,
bay, harbour:—বোড; Current:—ধাল; A
canal; a gutter:—বাবলী; A strait:—উপায়;
Means. Syn:—Duct, conduct; gutter, furrow,
chamber, fluting; strait; avenue, way, route;
means, medium:—v. t. বাবলী ধন্দ-ক; To cut
channel in; to groove.

Chant, chant, v. f. and i [ L. canto, cano, to sing.] গাল-ফু; To sing:—গাঁত থাবা বৰ্ণনা করা; To celebrate in song:—গাঁনেৰ সুৰে উচ্চাৱা-ফু; To recite in a singing manner:—n. গান; মসাড; A song; melody:—ভজন-গাঁড; Words recited in a singing manner in church service.

Chanter, chanter, n. পাৰক; One who chants:
—বংশীধ্বনিবিশেষ; The tenor or treble pipe of a
bag-pipe. [ cock.

Chanticleer, chanti-kler. n. ঘোৰণ, কুই; A Chantry, chantri, n. [O. Fr. chantrie—chanter, to sing] শীতমন্দিৰ; আহ্বিনামন্দিৰ; An endowed chapel in which masses are chanted for the souls of donors or founders.

Chaos, káos, n. [G. chaos, from chaineir, to gape] অন্তর্গুত্ত ; An empty, infinite space :— অড়পিছ ; A confused shapeless mass:—স্টর পূর্বে অব্যবস্থাপিত অড়পদার্থ ; Unorganised condition of matter before the creation of the universe :— বিশুখনতা ; Confusion ; disorder. [ordered. Chaotio, kā-otik, a. বিশুখন ; Confused or dis-

Chap, chap or chop, n. cetule; A gap or chink in the flesh; the jaw:—ব্যক্তি বা বালক; বেটা; A familiar term for a man or boy; as a clever chap:—ক্টি; A cleft, crack, or chink:—pl. মুখ; The mouth;—v. t. ফাটান; কাটায়; To cleave, split or crack:—v i. কাটে; To crack.
pr. p=chapping. pa. p=chapped, chapt.

Chap book, n. কুল ইন্তিকা; A small kind of book or tract, at one time carried about for sale by chapmen.

Chap fallen, a. Acts; With the lower jaw drooping, dejected; dispirited.

Chapman, chap'man, n. বে কর বিজয় করে; দোকানদার বাৰসাধী; কেডা; বিজয়কারী; One who buys or sells; a dealer; a merchant; itinerant dealer.

Chape, chap, n. [From L. capere, to receive, certain, probably applied to Gr. ske-pe, a covering ] আছাদন; যতকাৰৱণ; A cover, a cap or hood:—খাৰড়া; A hook:—খাহাতে ভানিকোৰের আগতান শক্ত কৰিয়া বাবে, The tip or case that strengthens the end of a scabbard; a catch.

Chapel, chap'el, n. কুম ভক্ৰালয়; A subordinate place of worship:—গায়কলল; A choir of singers. [The jurisdiction of a chapel. Chapelry, chap'el-ri, n. ধর্মনিব্রে এলাকা;

Chaperon, shap'e-rūn, n. শিবজ্ঞাণ, চুপি; A hood or cap:—প্ৰকাজনাৰ প্ৰদানলীৰ সম্ভাৱা প্ৰীয় বহু-চৰী; One who attends a lady in public places as a protector:—v. t. উক্ত প্ৰীয় সহচৰী হওয়া, To attend in public places as protector.

Chapiter, chap'i-ter, n. [ L. caput, the head ] वास्त्र मणक ; The head or capital of a column.

Chaplain, chap'lan or chap'lin, n. Active; A clergyman, who belongs to a ship of war, a regiment, a public institution or family. n. = chaplaincy, chaplainship.

Chaplet, chap'let, n. [ Fr. chapelet, dim of O. Fr. chapel, a hat—Low L. capa, a cape ] बाजा; A garland or wreath for the head:—कश्माजा; A string of beads; a rosary,

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Chaps, chaps, n. pl. (stute, The jaws.

Chapt, chapt, pa. p. of chap.

Chapter, chap'ter, n. [ Fr. chapitre-L. capitulum, dim. of caput, the head ] अध्याप ; शदि-চেক: A division of a book :-- বালক-সভা; A corporation of clergymen belonging to a cathedral or collegiate church :-- नावा-नवाच : An organised branch of some society; as, of the free masons :-- अभवाधी मिर्गद निकात वा नास्ति शान ; A place where delinquents receive discipline and correction

Chapter and verse-विधामकाम : विटाय विवर्ग गर किक ममल कथा; In full detail, the exact particulars.

Chapter-house, n. 4項門門; A house or room where a chapter meets.

To the end of the chapter-आश्रीवन ; क्यांव-বের শেষ পর্যান্ত ; As long as life lasts.

Char, char, n. [ A S. cierr, a turn, space of time-cyrran, to turn | ৈৰিক কাৰ্য : A single job ; work done by the day '-ए. i दिननीन कांज-क: मायाज मायाज दाक-क. To work by the day. to do jobs.

Char, char, n. [ Ir and Gael, cear, red, bloodcoloured ] ব্ৰুছোদৰ মংস্থা বিশেষ, A red-bellied fish of the salmon kind, found in mountains, lakes and rivers :- v. 1. পোডাইরা জলাব-কু, To burn to a black cinder; to burn until reduced to coal. pr. p=charring , pa. a=charred.

Charcoal, chirkol, n. wais, want; Wood burned to carbon.

Char-woman, char-woman, n. Dai statia, य बीलांक पिन हिनाद कांग्र कदा, A woman that works by the day.

Character, kar'ak-ter, n. [Fr. caractere-L. character-Gr. charakter, from charasso, to cut, engrave ] अक्द , fi क , A letter, figure or sign : —লিবিবাৰ বীত ; The manner of writing or printing :- वाङ्गिव अधाव वा वश्चव धर्म, छन ; The peculiar qualities of a person or thing :-ভাৰে faran; A description of the qualities of a person or thing :- সুখ্যাতি , সুখ্প ; সুখাম , Reputation :- बिर्मेंच अनेपूक चाकि; A person with the peculiar qualities. Syn :- Letter, type, emblem, symbol; temperament; disposition; constitution, quality, nature; name, repute, reputation: an oddity, eccentric.

In character—উপাহাৰী : Suitable, appropriate. Out of character with - 東西門門前; Unsuitable to.

To give one a character—কাহারও চৰিত্রসংক প্রাথসংপত্ত দেওয়া, To give one a testimonial as regards his character and conduct.

Characterise, kar'ak-ter-iz, v. t. বিশেষ ঋণ শাৰা वर्ग-क, To describe by peculiar qualities :-हिक्कि-कृ, To mark :--अर्छन-कृ; विक्ति-कृ; To distinguish or designate. n=Characterisation. Characteristic, kar-ak-ter-istik, Characteristical, kar-ak-ter-istik-al, a. apfe-fact-भक , क्वावनक्कीब ; विरम्बक ; Marking or constitu-

ting a character; peruliar:-n. বিশেষ খুণ; ৰকা; That which marks or constitutes the character; distinguishing peculiarity ad = Characteristically.

Characteristic of-কাহাবৰ সংগ্ৰ (অন্তেভে এটি নাই এই বুঝাম); Serving to mark the distinctive qualities of a person or thing, peculiar to.

Charade, shar-ad, n. श्रार्शिका : (देशानि : A riddle; a witty playing on the syllables of a word, and then on the word itself.

Charge, charj, n. [ Fr. charger-Low L. carricare, to load, -. L. carrus, a wagon ] रक् वा तकार्थ व्यक्ति बद्ध दो वास्ति: अपर्शन: कांद्र: The person or thing committed to the care or management of another :- उद्योवधान . Exercise of custody or care :- wifemia; Office; commission - Bacait; Exhortation :-- \* Instructions given by a judge to a jury or by a bishop to his clergy :-वार : भूता : Cost ; expenses ; price—usually in the plural :- wordin ; witain ; Accusation ; imputation .- আক্রমণ: Attack; onset; and hence the signal for attack - সত্ত্বের সাঞ্যাণ করি-বাৰ উপযোগী অবস্থা; The position of a weapon fitted for attack '- 本年 ; Care ; management : -वन्तरक ভবিবাৰ জন্ত আৰম্ভক বারদাদি, The quantity of powder and shot or ball used in loading a cun or cannon :- शंकी व ष्टारम्म , इक्म ; Solemn direction or command :- शांधनाव हिमाव : Account of that due from one party to another. Syn: - Care, custody, trust, commission, duty, office; order, injunction, direction, precept, command, instruction, exhortation; accusation, allegation, crimination; cost, expense, expenditure; price; onset, assault, attack:-ण. t. তারাপ্ন-क ; To load or buiden :-- आंका-क ; To give instruction to :- क्य पार्श-क ; To impose, as a tax:--आक्रमन-क ; To attack .-- हार्वान-क ; To entrust to :- अकिरबान-क. To accuse --भारमण-कु : To command or exort :-काशंद नार्य भवह (नवा : To set down, as, debt :- विकारिक भणाई बाबा भून-कृ; To fill with the electrical fluid :- v. i. आक्रमा-क ; To make an onset.

Charge anything on-wittely-7, Ascribe to. Charge on or upon—(कान डाव राशीन ; Throw a burden upon :--আবোপ-কু; Ascribe to.

Charge one with--অপরাধের অভিযোগ-কু : Accuse one of :- staten, Entrust one with :was count of one as a debt :- 4451 भारत काशान ; Saddle one with.

Be charged with - ভারাফার বা পরিপূর্ণ হওয়া; Be loaded or filled with.

Be in charge of ( have charge of )—(अवाव बाका ; बक्नारिकराव छादशाख रहेशा बाका ; Have the care, custody or management of something or person.

Lay to one's charge—(कांन लांव कांद्रांश-कु; Accuse one of ; impute to one.

Make a charge at-काहारक आकृष्ण-क ; Make an onset on.

Prefer a charge—কাহারও বিরুদ্ধে অভিবোগ উপfas-#; Put forward an accusation.

Return to the charge—পুনৰায় সেই কথা উত্থাপন - Broach the same subject.

Take charge of-(क्यांव नवयां, जांच जहरा-क :

Take into one's own hands the management,

Chargeable, 4 আহোগা, আহোগনীয়, গাণনীয়, গাণনীয়, গাণনীয়, গাণনীয়, গাণনীয়, গাণনীয়, গাণনীয়, গাণনীয়, কাল্ডিল, তেলা, তেলা, তুক্ত, Costly, burdensome — নিশ্নীয়, মি mable ad=Chargeably

Charger, charjer, " वृहद शांख , A large dish -

क (पांडेक, बुकाब , A war-horse

(hariot, chri-ot, n [Fr dim of char, a car]
াৰি চাকাৰ শকট বিশেষ, A four-wheeled carriনহে —িবিংব-শকট, বুজ-বৰ, A car used in ancient war-fare — v. t. শকটে লইখা যাওয়া, To con১০০ না ১০০ না

Charloteer, chur-i-ot-ইr', n. সাবৰি; One who dines churot —শকট-হালক; A driver

Charatable, charista-bl, a স্থাপু, Benevolent, hand— বদাৰ Hull of charty, generous, beneficent liberal bountful— দ্যা স্থান কৰিব বদাৰ বা ক্ষাপ্ত Pertaining to relating to springing from intended for charity— অকুন দিমতা নালি ১৮৫ — Kind, benevolent, favourable includent generous beneficent ad— haritably

Charitableness

hacity, that it, n [Fr charite—I con'ns from cross dear] প্ৰেম love benevoletic adwill ৰবাক্তা, দাৰ্শনিকা Generosity— গৰ কিনা, Alms, alm-giving—উদাৰতা, I therafty in judging of men and actions, condumr indulgence— দাৰ্শনি An act of kindines or binevolence— দাৰ্শনি A charitable institution— বিশ পেম (in New Test) iniver all love. Sun—Benevolence, affection, tendern andulgence, liberality, alm-giving beautifulness

Lharity begins at home - লন্ধ হাইছে থিব স্থান (গণের রংগার A man should love broth) and alsters before he love mank nd

Jharlatan, thur'la-tun, স. হ'তুতে বৰিবাজ প্ৰৰ-াং ব াজৰ ভিভ , A quack , a mountebank , an (mpuric , a prottling pretender

Lharlatanry, shaila tin-ii n অপুতি বা অসাৰ ব গাড়ুৰী, প্ৰকশা, হাড়ুছে দিকিৎসা, Undue or cmits pretention quackery, deception, the poles con of calculation.

Jharlock, chai'lok n স্থপন্ধানীয় বস্তু উদ্ভিদ, A p int of must aid family, with yellow flowers, that grows as a weed in corn-fields

Sharm, charm, n [Fr charme—L carmen, a nong] ৰাত্যত্ত্ব, মত্ত্ৰ, A magical spell— মক-ক্ষ, কৰজ, পদক, Amulet—মোহিনী শক্তি, l'ascination— শুন্তপত্তিসম্পত্ত পদাৰ্থ, মনোমুগকৰ বস্তু Something thought to possess hidden lover or influence, that which can please incistibly— গু ধ মন্ত্ৰাবা ব্ৰীজ্জ-কু; To subdue by incantation— উপপায় কু, To subdue by incintation— মাহত্ত্ব, মুগ্ৰ-কু, To fascinate, to enchant, to allure, to captivate, to be witch— গুমুত্বক বিশ্বৰ কু, To fortify against evil—

v.: मद्भित्र विक क्षिन्त, To act as a charm; picase greatly.

To bear a charmed life — गुज़ाव अशीन नरह, To have a life that is fortified against evil, to be to a certain extent not subject to death

Charmer, chaimer, n. feretes, utalets; Magician, enchanter

Snake-charmer - তুৰ্ক ভয়াৰা।

A charmed life — মন্তবলে বঞ্চিত জীবন।

Charming, charming, a মুখলাৰী, মনোছৰ:
Fa cinating, enchanting, captivating, illuring.
Charnel, char'nel, a [ I. caro, carnis, flesh ]
মত দেহবিশিন্ত, মৃত দেহপুৰ্ব, Containing remains
of it ad men or animals, containing circuseses.
Charnel house, char'nel-hows, n মৃত ব্যক্তিদিগেৰ অন্ধি বাবিধাৰ স্থান, A place where the
buncs of the dead are deposited — মুণিত বা
গবিত অবস্থাৰ আবান, A seat of corruption or
inficonics

Chart, chirt, n. [L charta, a paper ] A sheet of paper paste-board &c, containing information it is ged methodically, or tibulated—

नाविदर्गतंत्रव वावश्वार्य मगूल्य भागि छ, अस्त्रव छ उर्दाह्य शांत्रव भागि छ ते का pit of the set with its coasts should &c, for the use of sculors, a map representing water and the adjacent limit—v / गांत्रिख कु, To lay down in a map, to map

Charter, charter, স দলিক, A deed or conveyance —বাজনাসন পতা চাজপতা, সলক, Any written dicument conferring or confirming titles, privileges or rights —বিশেষ অধিকাৰ, Privilege, immunity Syn —Instrument, deed, indenture, bond right privilege prerogative, franchise, immunity —n t. স্থানিক ছাবা স্থাপন-ক, সানক-লা, To c tillish by charter —কাহাজেৰ ভালা দে, বাকু 10 hire or let by charter, as a ship

Cha ter party, chatter putt দ আন্তৰ্ক বিশ্বনাস An agreement is perting the hire of a vessel and the freight a mutual chatter or contract for the law of evess l.

Chartism, chartism, n. এক দা াত বিজ্ঞান কৰা দায় বিশেষের মত, ১০৬৮ গ অন্তে বেত গাজ সত্পদায় এই বাগন বাজনিতিক আন্দোলি দিলি চকৰেন মে বাজতত্ত্বে সর্কানাবাবেশ্ব ন্যান অবিকাৰ, The principles of politic il party in England, who do subunivers it vote by ballot, annual parhament Ac. [er or partism of Chartism. Chartist, n উক্ত মভাবন্ধী, A support-Chartography, kai-togra-fi, n মানা অ প্রভ্ত ক্রণ, Mip-making, one who supports that-

Chary, char's, a. [A S. cearig—cears, ever]
দিবনাৰী, সভক, সাৰধান, অনুজ হয়, Careful,
cautious, frugal n=charmes ad=chirily
Chase, chās, n [L capto—capso, to take] মুণৱা,
পৰ্জাৱাৰন, অহুধাৰন, Pursuit, a hunting—
মুগয়া ভূমি, An open hunting ground, ground
abounding in game—অনুস্ত গদাৰ্থ, অনুসংবার
ৰস্ত, I hat which is persued, that which is
hunted—বাবাহপুৰ্কক অনুস্কান, An earnest
secking after—v. t প্ৰভাৱান্ত্ৰ, অনুস্বাৰ-ছ,

कृति : To pursue ; to hunt :-- काज्या-क ; काज़ा-इश (क्खा ; निर्याजन-क ; To drive away ; to persecute-often with away or off :- (4) 1985- 3; To emboss; to engrave :-- অপুরাহপুর্যক আবেবণ-কু; To follow eagerly after, as pleasure or profit.

A wild goose chase, n. বে ব্ৰব্য পাইতে অনেক ক্লেখ ভোগ কৰিতে হয়, অধচ ছাহা পাইলেও ভাদুশ লাভ रत ना ; पूर्वक रहत अपूजकान ; The pursuit of something that gives very great trouble, but is not worth the trouble; the pursuit of something unattainable.

To give chase-पदिवाद नियस अकामगुमदर्-क ; To persue for the purpose of taking.

Chase, chas, v. t. কোবাবৃত-কু; কোপন-কু: To incase, to emboss.

Chase, chas, n. [ Fr. chasse, a shrine, a setting -L. capsa, a chest ] सक्द वाविनाद रह : तिन : cate : A care or frame for confining types , a groove.

Chaner, chaser, n. Potal : পকাৰাৰ ; An enchaser : one who chases :-- স্বিটেম্ব অপ্রচাগ-ৰিভ বা পশান্ত'গন্থ কামান : A gun at the head or stern of a ship.

Chasm, kazm, n. [ Gr. chasma, from chaino, to gape ] কটিল ; গতার ; পুল ; A gap or opening; a void space Syn :- Cleft, fissure, breach, gap, hiatus, void, hollow.

Chaste, chast, a [Fr. chaste-L. castus, pure] বিতেজিয়; মতী, মাধ্বী; পবিত্ত; Pure; undefiled ; virtuous ;-- বিভন্ধ, নির্মাণ, পুকা বিশিষ্ট ; Free from barbarous words or phrases; refined in expression; pure in taste and style; not vulgar. Syn :- Continent, vertuous, undefiled, modest, decont, not obscene; unaffected, simple, neat, quiet; refined, elegant. ad=chastelv.

Chasten, chash, v.f. नावि वादा नः लाधन-क ; To correct by pumshment :- निर्द्भाव-क ; To purify from errors or laults :- Wife-CH, We CHONT; To chastise; to punish. Syn:-chastise, punish, castigate ; purify ; refine.

Chasteness, chastness. Chastity, chasti-ti, # अडीच : Purity of body or conduct .- विकृष्टि. विकाश, विकास : Purity of speech or language. Chastise, chas-tiz, v. t. affe (4941, 48-(4; To punish or correct with a rod; to inflict punishment upon for the purpose of correction :-- नःरभा-बन-क ; To correct or purify :- जिरकात-क ; Reprove. Syn :- Punish, chasten, whip, discipline, correct, repress.

Chastisement, chastiz-ment, n. Fe, नामन; नाडिश्रमान ; Correction ; punishment.

Chasuable, chozu-bl, n. छेत्रामन:काटन (दामान काश्विक वर्षाहाया कर्डक भिर्दिष्ठ मार्स्राक भरिष्ठम ; The uppermost garment worn by a R. C. priest at mass.

Chat, chat, n. वृश् भानान ; मदन भानान ; नज स्क ; Light, idle talk ; prate :- v. i. বে'লা পুলি আলাপ-ক; গালগাল-জ; To talk in a light and familiar way; prate pr. p=chattering, pa. p.= chatted.

Chateau, sha-to', w. f Fr. O Fr. châtel, castel -L. castellum, dim. of castrum, 2 fort ] 5%, बहातिका : A castle :-- जायानिवान, नहीजाय वाल : A country-seat.

Chattel, charl, s. ज्वन जर्मधकांत्र मणावि: अप्रोवद मुन्ति ; Any kind of property which is not freehold; moveable property.

Chatter, chater, v. i. किटबिट भक्-क ; व्यवास वय-क ; To make noise by the collision of the teeth :-वृक्ष क्या करा : राज्य-क ; To talk idly or rapidly :- n. कि विक अप ; Sounds like magnies :-वृथा क्यांवार्ता, Idle talk. Syn :- Twaddle, prattle, tattle, jabber, prate.

Chatter-box, n. atola; One that talks idly and incessantly; babbler. noise.

Chattering, a नक्कावी , Talking idly ; making Chattering teeth—খানিকারক সন্ত।

Chattering tonque-कहनानील किला।

Chatty, chát, a. 791 क्लांत्रिय ; Talkative.

Chaud-medley, sho 'med-li, n. The killing in an affray, while under the influence of passion -opposed to chance-medley, killing in selfdelence

Chauvinism, shovin-izm, n. अक्ताननिर्देशिका : Fanatical patriotism, blind adherence to an obsolete party, leader, or idea.

Choap, chep, a. च्राच ; अञ्चला ; Low in price ; of small value; not dear. n=cheapness. ad= c'reaply

Cheap coin - अविभिश्वत स्वा, त स्वा अदान পदिश्व कदा र'र ; Anything of little value : anything which can be easily spared.

Dirt cheap -ভারি দভা, অভি হলত ; Very cheap. Cheapen, chep'n, v. t. भूना नवू-क ; जूनक-क ; #ब क्यांन : To beat down the price of : to make cheap.

Cheat, chet, v. f. astati-4; hata; To deceive and defraud, to impose upon, to cozen :- n. প্ৰভাৰণা; A fraud, trick, deception :-প্ৰকৃষ্ श्रुवेदक ; One who cheats ; regue. Syn :- Imposture, delusion, artifice, diccit; trick, fraud; deceiver, impostor,

Check, chek, n. [ Fr. cchee=Pers. shah, king-(mind your) king ] वाना, श्राष्ट्रिवस, चाकचिक विदाय: Hindrance, obstruction, sudden or continued restraint :--(छोबुलि किंछे, बन्न निरमन : Cloth woven in squares of different colours :- 214; Biet मिवाद आंत्मनश्रे ; बदार विकि. A cheque :-- ( श्रावा খেলাৰ ) কিবি; A term at chess, when one party obliges the other either to move or guard his king :- निम्मन, A token :- कि विरम्भ : A mark put against items in a list -v. t. atsi-ca; To repress; to restrain; to hinder :- fegeta-a; ड९नना-क ; To rebuke ; to reprove :-- To make a mark against, as against names :- दिमाव भवीका-कृ; श्मित मिलाम; To compare and examine papers or accounts to ascertain their accuracy: -fefe-(7; To bring to a stand, as in a chess, when the king is attacked :- v. i. निवृत्त-ए; To pause :-- वाश आध-ए; To clash or interfere :- 3131, To crack, as wood. Syn :-Curb, bridle, stop, obstruct, impede; rebuke, chide, reprove, reprimand; note, tick off.

Checker, Chequer, cheker, v. t. (34) 1141 184-

ছ; ছক কাঠা, বিভিন্ন বৰ্ণেৰ চৌৰ্ণি ঘৰ অভিন্ত ; To variegate with crosslines; to form into little squares like a chess-board or checker, by lines or stripes of different colours:—চিক্ত বিচিত্ৰ-ত্ন; To variegate or diversify:—n. কাৰা বেলাৰ ঘৰ, ছক; A chess-board.

Check-book, check-book, n. ব্যাকের সহিত বাহাদিবের টাভার দেনা পাতনার হিসার আছে, ভাহানিবের
ব্যবহারার্থ চেকু বহি; A bank-book containing
blank checks, for the use of persons having
accounts with the bank.

[ ployers.

Check-roll, n. ভুতা ভালিকা; A list of em-Check off—কোন কিছু বাৰা ৰণনা ঠিক-ফু; Verify by means of some mark,

Checkered, a. 245:444; Crossed with bad and good fortune in the course of life.

Checkers, chekerz, n. pl. কীড়া বিশেষ; Draughts; a game played by two persons on a board of 64 squares of alternate coloures.

Checkmate, ckekmat, n. কিবিমাত; A movement that finishes a game of chess; a complete check — প্রাজয়; Defeat; overthrow:—v. t. f হ্যুবা চ-কু, To make a movement, which ends the game .—প্রাজয়-কু; To defeat.

Cheek, chek, n [ A S. ceace, the cheek, join ] গভ গাগ, কপোল: One side of the face; the side of the face below the eye:—নিপজ্জা; Assurance, impudence.

Cheek bono-setts !

Cheek-by-jowl-रेनकी ; Nearness.

Cheek tooth — কবের গাঁড। [faced. Cheeky, chick-i, a. নিৰ্লজ্ঞ; Impudent; brazen-Cheep, chep, v. s. পৰিস্কলের স্থায় বিচ্কিত্ প্র-

#. To chirt, as a young bird.

Choer, cher, n. [O Fr, chiere, the countenance -Low L. cara, the face-Gr. kara, the head, face | 334; The countenance and its expreseim -3. 114. 24; Mirth, joy :- 241#1, wiefals ud: : Entertainment ; fare :- आयमस्यवि, आयम-নিধন ; A shout of joy :- প্রশংসা ; উৎসাহ ; Applause, encouragement; hopefulness:-v. 1. षाभारिक-कृ ; षानिभिष्ठ-कृ ; To gladden :-- माखना-কু; To solace, to comfort :—পভিনশ-কু: To salute by cheers :-- ইংসাংগত-ক ; প্রশংসা-ক ; To encourage; to applaud :- v. i. भानिकड-ह: To larome gladsome. Syn :- Gladden, encourage, inspirit, enliven, refresh, animate, elate, elev itc, solace, comfort, console; applaud, salute. Good cheer-छर्क्ड बाह्यां ज्या ; That which promotes goods spirits, good provisions ( prepared for a feast ).

C noerful, cher'(ool, a. আননপুর্গ, অনুসা, আনজিত, উংসাহপুর্গ; Lively; in good spirits; joyful; full of cheer. Syn:—Lively, animated, gay, joyful, lightsome, gleeful, happy, merry; pleasant. ad=cheerfully, n=cheerfulness. [ness; gaiety. Cheerfulness, n. অসমতা, মবেৰ উন্নান; Liveli-Cheerless, cher'les, a. অসমতা, মবেৰ উন্নান; Liveli-Cheerless, cher'les, a. অসমতা, আমুল্ল, ক্ৰিপ্ত; Gloomy, without cheer or comfort. Syn:—gloomy, dull, melanchy, dismal, joyless, unhaupy, and in cheerless, dismal, joyless, unhaupy, and

happy, sad. n=cheerlessness

Cheery, cher'i, a. जानमवर्षक ; कृतिक्रनक ; Gay ;

sprightly:— একুল, একুল বৰ্ণজ ; Cheerful ; pro moting cheerfulness. ad-cheerily. n=cheeriness. Cheese, chee, n. [A. S. cese, cyse, curdled milk] পৰিষ ; Curd of milk, separated from the whey, and pressed.

Cheese-cake, chēźkak, n. এক প্রকার সুমিষ্ট পিট্টক; A cake made of soft curds, sugar, and butter.

Cheese-monger, chez mung ger, n. পৰিৰ-বিজেভা; One who sells cheese; a dealer in cheese.

Cheese-paring, cheipar-ing, n. निराद (बार्च), वा जारा होते ; The rind or poring of cheese.

Cheese-press, chēipress, n. পনির প্রস্তুত করিবার পেবা যাঃ: A press or engine for pressing curd in the making of cheese.

Cheesy, chēźi, a. পনিৰ ভণযুক্ত, পনিৰেৰ প্ৰকৃতি-বিশিষ্ট ; Having the nature of cheese.

Cheetah, che'tah. n. fbel qiv; An eastern animal like the leopard, used in hunting.

Chemic, kemik, Chemical, kemikal, a. বাসায়নিক; Belonging to Chemistry:—Chemical affinity—বাসায়নিক আকৰ্বণ; বাসায়নিক সময় adechemically.

Chemicals, kemik-alz, n. pl. বাদায়নিক পদাৰ্থ; Sub-tances used for producing chemical effects,

Chomisse, she-mez, n. [Fr. chemise—Low L. camissa, a nightgown—Ar. qamis, a shirt] খ্রীলোকের ভিতরের বস্ত্র; খ্রীলোকের ভাসবাধা; A under-garment worn by ladies; a lady's shirt.

Chemisotte, chem-e-zet, n. স্ত্রীলোকের ভিতরের বস্তু: মী-পরিজ্ঞ ; An under-garment worn by ladies over the chemisc.

Chemist, kemist, n. বসাঘনবিৎ; বসাঘনশাহজ পতিত, One skilled in chemistry:—ভৈগজকাৰ; A druggist.

Chemistry, kemis-tri, \*. বসাহন বিদা; The science which treats of the composition of substances and changes they undergo.

Inorganic chemistry—ধাতু সংক্ৰীৰ বসায়ৰ; That which treats of inorganic or mineral sub-

Organic chemistry—That which treats of substances forming the structure of organised beings, and their products, whether animal or vegetable.

Practical chemistry—That which treats of chemical products useful on the arts or for economical purposes.

Cheque, chek; n. Efe; An order for money on a banker to be paid on demand. See check.

Chorish, cher'ish, v. t. [Fr. cherir, cherissant, —cher, dear—L. carus] বাৰ্থপানৰ কু: (বছ-কু: To foster, nurture; to protect and treat with affection:—(পাৰ্থ-কু: To hold dear; to embrace with affection; to harbour, to entertain:—সাহায় -কু: উৎবাছ-বে; To support. Syn:—Nourish, foster, nurture, nurse; harbour, entertain, encourage, comfort, support.

Cherished tressure-favor

Chorry, cher'i, n. [ Fr. cerise—Gr. kerasos, a cherry-tree ] स्वदित्य ; A kind of fruit ; a

small bright-red stone-fruit —वृक्विरन्व, A well-known tree —a. नानवर्ग, Red, ruddy

Chert, chert. স. এক প্ৰকাৰ সামাজ প্ৰবন্ধ , An impure, flint like quartz or horn stone

Cherub, cher'ub, স বৰ্গীয় মৃত, A celestial spirit
— হুন্দর শিশু, A beautiful child. pl=cherubs,
cherubim, cherubims.

Cherubic, che ভেডbik, Cherubical, che-ভেডbi kal, a স্বৰ্গীয় দুড সম্বন্ধীয় , Angelic

Cherup, cherup, v :. পকীবং কিচনিং-কৃ, To twitter, to make a noise, as a bid —v f কিচ দি বাবা উত্তেজিত-কৃ. To excite by chipping — প কিচ্মিচ, A short, sharp noise as of a cricket.

Chess, ches, n পাত্ৰক খেলা দাবা বেলা, A came Chess-board, ches burd n দাবা (১ াব চক শত্ৰক বেলাৰ ছক, The checkered board used in the game of chess

Chess-man, chesman n দাবা খেলাৰ গটা A
piece used in the game of chese ( বাজা=king
দাবা বা নামী=the queen প্ৰজ=the bi hop, crtsi=
the knight, নৌকা=the rook or castle, বড়ে=A
pawn)

Chest, chest, n নিৰ্ক A large strong hox — বক্ষ হব. The thor ix or bie is. | il h boxes Chest of drawers — দেহাজ A ene eff mix Chestnut, Chesnut, chesnut, বাদান বিশেষ কৰ বিশেষ A nut or fruit of a large field a bright brown colour, reddith brown.

Cheval-de-frise, she-val de free n [ fi cheval, horse de, of frier fries and a pocular name ] শৌহৰ লক মুক্ত বৃহৎ কাল্পত বিশেষ A piece of tumber armed with spikes used to defend a passage. pl =chevans de frise (she sō-de frie)

Chevalier, shey a l'r', n fr chetal—1 cahal us a hoise ] আগাবোনা নৈশ যুবা সাংগিক পুকৰ, A knight, a g illant youngman a hoise man [lealter made of kid slim Theveral, chever il, n ভাগগাবদেৱ মন্ত্ৰ Soft Chew, choo v t [A S co can Get l en Chew, choo v t [A S co can Get l en To ciush with Jaw and Chaps] চর্কন ক দ শন্ম কবা To ciush with the teeth to ma ticate to into—fool-ক To meditate—n llung chewed Syn—Misticate minducate, munch champ

Chew the cud—বেশ্টন কুক ব্রকটো, loru maite—বিলাক, To meditate -পুন পুন আগতনাৰ বু ি to trood over — কোন পুন কাৰ্য কৰিয়া মনে আনক হত্যা, locally the memory of

bite graw medit to ruminate mil e on

Chiaro-oscuro, ki গ্ৰ'ত or-kত্ৰাল, n প্ৰত ৰ্ব কুম্বৰ্ চিজ্ , A drawing in black and white , light and shade distributed in painting

Chibouk, Chibouque, chi-book, n ধুৰপাৰ কবিৰাম ৰণ, A Turkish pipe for smoking

Chicane, shi-kāń, v: ছব প্রায়েক, প্রক্ষা কু, To use shifts or artifices, to make trifling objections,—n ছব, Shift [putant Chicaner, n কুডাবিক, A chiler unfair dis-Chicanery, shi kantri n শানুৱী, প্রক্ষা ছব,

Chick, chik, Chicken, chilen n [A S cicen, a dim of cocc, a cock ] কুৰ্চশাৰক, The young of cock and hen

Chick-wood, chikurd n नेवरि दिर्णव , वश्च लखा , A low creeping weed

To count your chickens before they are hatched—বা উটিতে ভটিতে এক কালি, Io anticipute piolits [Fund, cowardly Chicken-hearted, chicken-hearted

Chekon-pox, chilen psk n পাৰি वसक, An eruptive disease mild skin disease generally atticling children only

Chickling, chikling, n অভি कुम उक्ट-मांदक,

Chreory, Chiccory, ch or n [Fe chiccoree -1 cichorium, succary] 料本 faceta, A carrot-like plant

Chide, chid of serial of Gasta of Torcepione to rebule to sold of fating lo find full togrand from the chid (cb.) chale papechid, childen

Chief, ch f a [Fillet I count the head, (1711) Sins I rate I अवस्य प्रका प्रकार हो कि प्रकार है कि प्रकार

mitter [commander-in-chief 4714 A miltiv

Commander-in-chief \*431 4 A mility
In chief -2414 At the head -4151 \$575,
From the king

Chief-justice, n अवस्य विस्थिति Principal product a supreme court

Chiefly, chell h air পধ নত িশেষত , অধি-কা শই Principally especially, for the most part

Chieftain, chtitin n ৰাষ্ট্ৰত (ৰাষ্ট্ৰ) সন্ধাৰ A captain leader, or commander a chief the head of i clan n=chieft uncy, chieftain hip

Chieftainey, Chieftainship, cheftin sip n নায়কের পদ, Rank or quality of chieftain

Chignon, sho nong' n কৰ নী ৰেণিপা An artificial arrangement of him it the bick of the had [on hands or feet caused by cold Childlain, childlain n শৈল্পাৰ ক ক A sore Child, child, n [A S cild, from the root gan, to produce, which yields Ger kind, a child] সন্তাৰ, পিক A son or daughter an infant—
মুখা A young per on ১৯ বাহি, One weik

in knowledge or experience of the world:—
বিদ্যা; One who is the product of another, or whose principles and morals are the product of another; as, thou, child of the devil:— শিষ্যা; A disciple:—pl. সভানসভতি; Descendants; as, the children of Israel:—অবিদাসী; Inhabitants. Syn:—Offspring, issue, progeny; infant, babe, nursing, suckling, brat, bairn, pl.=children.

To be with child - গাৰ্ডৰজী-ছ; To be pregnant. Child of fortune—সৌভাগাণালী ব্যক্তি; One peruliarly prosperous and successful.

Childish, childish, a. বালকবং; বালোচিভ; নিম্মোধ; অকি কিংকব; Puerile; silly; trifling. Syn.—Puerile, infantine, boyish, juvenile, trifling, weak, silly. ad =childishly. n =childishness. Childlesp, childles, a. অপুত্ৰক; নিঃস্কান; Without children.

Childlike, childlik, a. বালোপম ; শিশুৰৎ, নিৰ্দোধ, বিনীত, Like a child ; meek ; innocent.

Childbearing, n. সন্থাৰ প্ৰসৰ; The act of producing a child.

Childbed, childbed, n. প্ৰসৰ্বকা; Parturition; the state of a woman brought to bed with child. Jhildbirth, n প্ৰসৰ; Travail; labour.

Jhildhood, childhood, n. শৈশবাৰতা; The state of minney.

Jhild's play, n. সাধাক বা সহজ কাৰ্যা; সাধাক বাপাৱ: (ছেলেখেলা, A trifling or casy work; light work.

Mero child's play—ছবিকিংকর বিংক; A triffing contest — আভিনয় সংক্র কথা; A very light and easy work.

No child's play- ছকতর পরিশ্রম্বাধ্য কঠিন কর্ম ; A work of great labour and difficulty.

Fhe child is father of the man—উঠন মূল পত্তৰেই তেনা যায়; পৰিণত বয়সে যে সকল দোবগুণ দেখা যায় ভাগার অনুষ্ বান্যাবহাতেই থাকে; In one's childhood are to be seen the germs of those virtues or vices which are afterwards devoloped in manhood.

Jhilde, child, n. উপাধিবিশেষ: A title formerly given to the eldest son of a noble, till admission to knighthood.

Jhilder-mas-day, childer mas-da, n. ইলেজৰ ধ্যানিৰে সাংগ্ৰহিক উৎস্থ বিশেষ; An anniversary of the Christian Church, called as Innocents' day, held on the 28th December, to commemorate the slaying of the children at Bethleham by Herod.

Jhiliad, n. kali-ad, n. [Gr. chilioi, 1000] 羽冠; A thousand; especially 1,000 years.

Jhill, chil, n. [A. S. cyle, coldness, celan, to chill ] শৈষ্ঠা; শীষ্ঠ; Cold; rigour:—নিকংসাই; উৎ-পাইক্স; Discouragement; anything that damps or disheartens; depressing influence:—a. শীষ্ঠাই; শীষ্ঠাই; Moderately cold; shivering with cold.—শীষ্ঠাই; Affected by cold:—উৎসাইশৃষ্ঠাই (Cool; formal; distant:—হখাশ; Dejected, depressed.—v. f. শীষ্ঠা-ই; কুলাব্যিক-ই; To strike with a chill; to affect with cold; to make cold; to blast with cold:—নিকংসাই ক্যা; ইডাল-ই; To discourage. n=chilliness.

Chilly, chili, a. শীতল; শীতার্থ; Somewhat chill. Chime, chim, n. [M. E chibe, O. Fr. cymbale—L. cymbalum, a cymbal—Gr. kymbalen] মুব; মুখব; Harmony; harmonious sound of the bells:—খিলৰ; শাখেৰ ফিল; Correspondence of proportion, relation, or sound; agreement of sound or of relation:—pl. এক মুৱে ফিলাৰ ফটা শেলী, A set of bells:—v.i. এক মুৱে বাজে; To sound in harmony:—খিলিড-ই; একম্ড-ই; To be in harmony; to agree:—খালে মিলৰ-ই; মত্যালুle, as in rhyming:—v.t. একমুৱে বাজার; এক মুৱে বাল্য করা; To strike, or cause to sound in harmony.

Chimera, ki-me'ra, n. [ L. chimeera—Gr. chimaira, a she-goat ] কণোল-কল্লিড বিকটাকার জীব; A fabulous, fire-shouting monster, with a lion's head, a serpent's tail, and a goat's body:— কণোল কল্লনা; মিখ্যা কল্লনা; A vain or foolish fancy; a creature of the imagination.

Chimerical, ki-mer'i-kal, a. কার্যনিক; অলীক; বিধা; কপোন-করিত; Merely imaginary; fantastic, fanciful; delusive; wild. Syn:—Fanciful, fantastic, wild, delusive, unfounded, vain, illusary, visionary. ad—chimerically.

Chimney, chimni, n. [Fr. cheminee—L. cuminus—Gr. kaminos, furnace, prob. from kaio, to burn] ধুমুল্লী; A passage or funnel for the escape of smoke or heated air:—চুকী; A tall glass tube around the flame of a lamp:—
আলোকাধাৰেৰ কন্ত কাতেৰ চোক; উনান বা হাপ্য; A furnace, a fire-place.

Chimney-piece, chimni-pes, স. চ্ব্লিব উপৰেব দেশ্ৰ ; উৰাদেৰ উপৰিস্থ তাক ; A shelf above a fireplace.

Chimney-shaft, chimni-shaft, n. ছালের উপরিক ধুমণালীর খাল, The shaft or stalk of chimney which rises above the building.

Chimney-top, chim-ni-top, n. ধুমলালীৰ শীৰ্ষ-দেশ; The summit of a chimney.

Chimney sweeper's day—দে মানের প্রথম দিন; ist of May. [ who cleanses chimney. Chimney sweeper, n. ধুমনালী মাৰ্ক্তক; One Chimpanzee, chimpanzee, n. বানর বিশেষ; The African orang-outang; a species of monkey found in Africa.

Chin, chin, n. बन्यान्य ; रिवुक ; माछि ; The jutting part of the face, below the mouth ; the part of the place below the under lip.

China, china, n. চিনেৰ বাসন; A kind of earthenware, procelain. [for the sale of China warc. China shop, n. চিনেৰ বাসনেৰ সোকান; A shop A bull in a China shop—অপ্ৰভিত্ত বল ভ অভ্যাচাৰ; হুৰ্মনীয় বল; Strength and violence unresisted.

Chinchilla, n. w बिराज : A small rodent animal, having soft pearly gray fur.

Chineough, chinkof, n. বুড়ি কাপি; Hoopingcough. [China. Chinese, a. চীৰ সম্বাহ; Of or belonging to Chine, chin, n. [Fr. echine—O. Ger. skina, a

pin, thorn; prob. conn. with L. spina, a thorn, the spine ] नहींदि; नवा (सहस्य: The back-bone

of an animal:—v. f. পতৰ পৃষ্ঠাৰি ভন্ন-কু; To sever the back-bone of.

Chink, chingk, [ A. S. cinu, a cleft, cinan, to split | fee; A rent or cleft; a narrow opening: - है।कांचित्र बाना ; The clink, as of coins :- ण. i. विकीर्-इ; To split or crack :-- वांकु मरवर्ष बादा भय-कृ; Make a small, sharp sound, as by the collision of metal; to give a sharp sound, as coin :- v. t. fag- ; To open or form a fissure in :-- मरवर्ग दादा भज-क ; To cause to sound by [ printed in different colours. Chints, chints, #. नानांवर्वन क्रिके ; Cotton cloth, Chip, chip, v. t. 48 48-7; To cut into small pieces :-- अक अक बारब कि कि कि कि कि विशे क'रिश क्यादेश जाना ; To diminish by cutting away a little at a time :- v. i. 4e 440-v ; To break off in small pieces :- n. 44; A small pieces of wood or other substance chopped off.

A chip of the old block, n. ৰাপেৰ মত ছেলে; ৰাণ্ডি ৰেটা: A son possessing the characteristics of his father; a son or child of the same stuff as his father.

Chirographer, ki-rog'ra-fer, Chirographist. ki-rog'ra-fist, n. স্থাৰত , বিপিৰ্বস্থী, One who professes the art of writing.

Chirography, ki-rog'ra-fi, n. [Gr cheir, the hand, graphe, writing] হয়লিপি, The art of writing or penmanship a=chirographic.

Chirologist, ki-rolo-jist, ন. হৰপ্ৰদিই ইঞ্জিত বাবা বে মুনেৰ ভাৰ প্ৰকাশ কৰে; One who converses by signs with the hands

Chirology, ki-rolo-ji, n. [Gr. cheir, the hand, logos, a discourse] (মুক ও বৰিবেৰ জায়) হত ও অনুনিৰ চিক্ ছাৰা মনেৰ ভাৰ প্ৰকাশ কৰিবাৰ বিদ্যা; The art or practice of communicating thoughts by signs made by the hands and fingers.

Thiromancy, n. ব্লিড ব্যোডিব, করবুজী, সামু-ডিক বিদ্যা: Palmistry.

Thiropodist, ki-rop'o-dist, n. [Gr cheir, the hand, and pous, podos, the foot ] ধানিৰ আবোগাকাৰী চিকিৎসক; A corn or wart doctor; one who removes corns, bunious &c.

Chirp, cherp, Chirrup, chirup, n. কিচ্কিচ্
শক; Shrill sound of certain birds and insects v. i. কিচ্কিচ্ শব-কু; To make a short, sharp noise, such as certain birds make :—v. f. প্রকৃত্র-কু; To enliven.

Chit, chit, n. [ A. S. cith, a young tender shoot ] অবুৰ; A shoot or sprout:—শিত; ছোকৰা; A lively child; a baby — v. f. উৎপত্নহ; অসুবিত-হ; To sprout or germinate.

Chit-chat, chirchat, n. বিলাছালাল; কথাবার্তা; বোন গল : অনুর্থক গল ; Familiar talk ; chatting or idle talk ; prattle.

Chitty, a. 1964: waty ; Childish, like a babe; full of sprouts.

Chivalric, shival-rik, Chivalrous, shival-rus, a. সাহসী; মুখ্যার; Bold, gallant; warlike. Syn:—Knightly; gallant, heroic, brave; magnanimous, high-minded, intrepid; enterprising, adventurous.

Chivalry, shivalri, n. [Fr. chevalerie—cheval—L. caballus, a horse] অধারেহি দৈল ; Cavalry:—নাইট নত্মগান ; Knighthood :—পৌর্য় বীৰড়; শ্রন্থভা; বীৰড়ান্থাগ ; বীৰোচিত ছ:সাহসিক কর্ম ; Valour, courtesy, dexterity in arms, heroic adventures :—A tenure of lands by knight's service. Syn:—Knight-errantry; valour, gallantry, courtesy.

Chloral, klū'ral, n. নিজাকৰ অকলাৰ তীব পদাৰ্থ; A strongly narcotic substance obtained by the action of chlorine on alcohol [from chlorine. Chloric, klū'rik, a. ৰাপা বিশেষ সৰ্বায়িঃ Of or Chloride, klū'rid, n. লোবাইন ৰাপা ও কাৰাছিয় বিশ্বপে উৎপন্ন বস্তু, A compound of chlorine, with some other substance, as potash, soda &c.

Chloride of lime —A combination of lime and chlorine, used in bleaching and disinfecting.

Chlorine, klo'rin, n [Gr chloros, pale-green]
বাল বিশেষ, A heavy gas of greenish colour—a
constituent of common salt, a pa'e-green gas.
Chlorite, klo'rit, n. ৰাড় বিশেষ, A soft mineral

of a greenish colour, with a soapy feeling when handled.

Chloroform, kloro-form, n. [Orig. a compound of chlorine and formic acid; Gr. chloros and formic, acid, so called because orig. made from ants, L. formica, an ant ] সংক্রাপহারক ভর্ক পদার্থ; A volatile liquid much used to produce unconsciousness.

Chlorosis, klor-ö'sis, n. [ Gr. chloros, palegreen ] স্থীলোকস্পিন স্বোগৰিশেন, A medical name for green-sickness

Chocolate, choi/u-lat, n. ৰাৰিকেন; Seeds or nuts of the cocoa tree:—পেৰ বিশেষ, পানীৰ বিশেষ; A drink made by dissolving chocolate paste in boiling water.

Choice, chois, n. মনোৰীত কৰণ; নিৰ্বাচন; The act of choosing; election .— অভিনতি; The power of choosing; option; preference;— নিৰ্বাচিত বিষয়; মনোৰীত বিষয়; অতীয় বিষয়; The thing chosen; selection:—উৎকৃষ্ট আংশ; The best part; the preferable part of anything:—a. উত্থাংশ বিশিষ্ট; উৎকৃষ্ট; উত্তয়; Select; superior; precious; best; as, choice soldiers:— মনুৰ্বাক মনোৰীত; Selected with care, as "choise word":—মনোৰীত ইইবাৰ উপবৃক্ত; Worthy of being chosen. Syn:—(n.) Election, selection, preference; discrimination; option, alternative. (a.) Select, precious, costly, uncommon, rare, dainty, nice, particular, careful.

Choir, Quire, kwir, n. পাৰক কল; A band of singers in a church:—উপাসনাপ্ৰের পাৰক্ষের বান; The part of a church appropriated to the singers.

Choral, ko'ral, a. बाहरू महाहा ; नहीं क स्पृत्त ; Pertaining to chorus; belonging to a choir :— नवपदर वेड ; Sung in chorus. Thoke, chok, v. t. মান্যোধ-ড়; পলা টিপিয়া বিষাস্থান ড়; To strangle; to stifle; to suffocate:—
অব্যোধ-ড়; To block up; to stop; to obstruct:
—বাধা-বে; To hinder or check growth, expansion, or progress:—v. t. মানস্থ-ড়; To have the wind-pipe stopped:—বাধানাত-ড়; To be checked; to be obstructed or blocked up. Syn:
—Stifle, strangle, suffocate, throttle, smother, suppress, overpower; close, block, obstruct.

Choke-damp, chok-damp, n. बांगरवायक वान्य विराय : Carbonic acid gas accumulated in wells,

mines &c.

Choker, ckok-er, ». ৰে বা বাহা নিক্তর কৰে ; One who or that which chokes or puts to silence :— অৰ্ডনীয় বৃদ্ধি ; That cannot be answered.

Chokeful, s. 9144; Full to the choking; quite full.

Choky, s. पानरवादकांदी ; Tending to choke.

Choler, koler, n. [O. Fr. cholere—L. Gr. cholere—Gr. chole, bile ] fits; The bile :—(Fits; fitses; Anger; irascibility.

Cholera, koler-a, n. [Gr. cholera—chole, bile] বিস্থানিকা; ধনাউঠা; A disease characterised by womitting and purging. a—choleraic.

Choleraio, kol-er-śik, c. বিস্চিকা-প্রকৃতিক ; Of the nature of cholera.

Cholerio, koler-ik, a. কোগৰ; বাগাৰিত; কোগ-পূৰ্ব; বিৰক; Irascible; easily irritated; petulant. Syn:—Irascible, angry, testy, hasty, impetuous, passionate.

Cholorine, kol-er-in, n. বোৰবিশেষ; The precursory symptoms of cholera; the first stage of

epidemic cholera.

Choose, chooz, v. t. [A. S. ceosan; cog. with Dut. kiesen, Goth. kiusan, to choose, and akin to L. gustare, to taste ] খ্যোলী চ-কৃ: ইচ্ছা-কৃ; To select; to elect:—v. i. নিৰ্মাতন-কৃ: ইচ্ছা-কৃ; To prefer; to will or determine. pa. t = chose. pa. p. = chosen. Syn:—Prefer, elect, select, adopt, pick out, predestinate, designate, appropriate. Chop, chop, m. ৰাখে ৰঙ; চৰ্গ; A piece of

meat :- रूप ; (ठापान ; Jaw (plural).

Chop, chop, e.t [From a Low-Ger. root found in Dut. kappen, also in Ger. kappen, to cut; cf. Gr. kopto from a root skap, to cut ] বৰ্ণত-ক; To cut into small pieces:—v.i বিৰাশ-ক; To wrangle:—অকলাৎ পৰিবাৰ্তিত-ই; To shift suddenly, as the wind.

Chop, chop, v. t. [ M. E. copen—O. Dut. koopen, to buy ] विनियम-इ ; To exchange, to barter:
—वर्ज ; To bandy, to alternate.

Chop-fallen, chop'fowln, a. विरश्न ; एडाम ; Dejected ; dispirited ; cast down.

Chop-house, n. Ext-rint; An eating-house, where chops &c., are sold.

Ohop logic—তর্ক বিভৰ-ড়; To bandy words; to alternate; give back and forth, as arguments, without proving.

Chop off-(THA-F; Cut off.

Chop-sticks, chop'stiks, #. চীলেদৰ মুৰে ধান্য পুনিবাৰ কাষ্ট্ৰকা, কাষ্টা চাৰ্চেৰ ভাৰ ব্যক্ত চুইটা কাটা; A chinese eating implement.

Chop up-आग-इ ; कक्षा-इ ; Devour,

Down in the chops—rive wasts; Down in the meuth; in a melancholy state.

Chopper, chop'er, n. 本等本; One who or that which cuts.

Ohord, kord, n. [ L. chorda—Gr. chorde, an intestine ] বাৰ্যৱেৱ ভরী; ভাভ; The string of a musical instrument:—একডাৰ; A combination of tones in harmony:—ভা); বুভালের প্রভাৱন বার্ত্ত বুড়া (In geometry) a straight line joining the extremities of an arc:—v. t. ভরীযুক্ত কু; To provide with musical chords or strings.

Chores, ko-re's, s. পড়া বিশেব ; St. Vitus's dance; a disease attended with constant twitch-

ings of the voluntary muscles.

Chorist, Chorister, kor'ist-er, ম. গায়ক; গায়ক-দল্পুক ব্যক্তি, A singer in a concert; a member of a choir:—এবাদ গায়ক; Leader of a choir.

Chorographical, ko-ro-graf'ikal, a. বেশ্ব বিৰম্প বা থানচিত্ৰাছন বিদ্যানহনীয়; Pertaining to chorography.

Ohorography, kö-rog'ra-fi, n. বাৰচিত্ৰকথী বা জৰপদ্বিবৰণী বিদ্যা; The art of making a map or description of a region, country or province.

Chorus, kö'rus, n. [L. chorus—Gr. chorus, orig a dance in a ring ] নামক মল ; নামক সম্পাদ ; A band of singers:— ব্যা ; The part of a song repeated at the end of each verse:—সম্পাদ নাম : একতাৰ স্কীড; Any union of voices in general.

Chose, choz, p. t. Of choose.

Chosen, chozn. Past participle of choose.

Chough, chuf, n. [A. S. ceo; from the cry of the bird] কাক বিশেষ; A kind of the crow family.

Chouse, chows, v. t. [Turk. chiaus, a messenger or envoy] প্ৰডাৱশা-ক ; To cheat ; to defraud, improve upon :—n. প্ৰভাৱশা ; চাডুৱী ; A trick ; a sham.

Chrism, krizm, n. পবিত্র তৈল; তৈল বাবা ঘর্ষণ; Consecrated or holy oil; unction. a = chrismal. Chrismal, krizmal, a. পবিত্র তৈল সম্বাত্ত ; অভি-বেক সম্পূর্কাণ, Pertaining to chrism.

Chrisom, n. ea az; A white vesture, so anointed, put on a child at baptism or on a dead infant.

Christ, krist, n. [ A. S. crist,—Gr. christos—chrio, chriso, to anoint ] free; The Messiah, the Anointed.

Christen, kriśn, v.t. [A. S. cristnian, to make a Christian ] ব্ৰথমে দীকিড-কু; To baptise in the name of Christ:—নাধ্কবৰ-কু; To give a name to.

Christendom, kriśn-dum, n. [A. S Cristen-dom-cristen, a Christian, dom, rule, sway] বুটাৰ বাবা; Countries inhabited by Christians; countries under Christian rule—বুটাৰ সম্প্ৰবাৰ; বুটাৰ স্বাৰ; The whole body of Christians.

Christian, kristyan, n. [A. S. crasten-L. Christianus-Gr. Christos] গৃহধাৰ্যবিদ্যা ; গুলীহাৰ ;
A follower of Christ :-- গৃহাৰ পিছা মাতাৰ সম্বাধ ;

One born of Christian parents :- a. The; Re-

Christian name—पृदेशर्थ शैकांकानीय एक बांच ; डांक बांच ; The name given when christened, as distinguished from the surname.

Christianise, kristyan-iz, v. t. 48114-7; To convert to Christianity. n=Christianisation.

Christianity, kris-ti-ahi-ti, n. 404 44; The religion of Christ.

Christmas, kriśmas, n. খুই অন্যোৎসৰ; An annual festival in memory of the birth of Christ, held on the 25th of December.

Christmas-box, krismas-boks, n. ধৃটাৰ কৰ্মোৎ-নৰ উপলকে উপহাৰ ; A Christmas gift.

Christmas eve—२०१न छित्रथव दाखि।

Christology, kris-tolo-ji, n. [ Gr. christos, and logos, a discourse ] পৃষ্টসম্বদীয় পুৰুষ; A discourse on Christ.

Chromatic, kromatik, a. [Gr. chromatikos chroma, colour] বৰ্ণন্থৰীয়; বৰ্ণবিষ্ক ; Relating to colours:—প্ৰামীন ; নীডবাদ্যবিষ্ক ; (In music), Preceeding by semitones.

Chromatics, u. sig. 4 (विकास ; 4 किन क्षांत्र ; The science of colours.

Chrome, kröm, Chromium, krömi-um, n.
[Gr. chroma, colour] ৰাড় বিশেষ; A metal remarkable for the beautiful colours of its compounds; a hard, brittle, grayish-white metal, difficult of fusion. a=Chromic.

Chronic, krohik, Chronical, krohik-al, a. [L. chronicus, Gr. chronikos—chronos, time] মাৰ্ক বাৰ্যাই; মুখাতৰ; Lasting a long time; periodical.

A chronic disease—ভাচা বোগ।

Chronicle, krohi-kl, n. ইডিবুড; ইডিহান; পুরা-বুড; A narrative of events; a history; a record:—v. t. বিবৃত-কু; ইডিহান নেখা; To record events in the order of time; to record in history. Syn:—(n.) record, narrative, account; history, annals. [historian.

Chronicler, kroni-kl-dr, n. ইতিহাস-তোৰত; An Chronogram, Chronograph, krono-graf, n. An inscription in which a certain date is expressed by numeral letters:—An instrument to record time in astronomical and other observations.

Chronology, kron-olo-ji, n. [Gr. chronos, time, logos, a discourse] কাল গণনা বা কাল নিরূপণ বিদ্যা; The science of dates; the science that treats of the dates of past events. adj=chronologic, chronological (কালক্ষাসুগত, আৰু-cপাৰ্কিক); n=chronologer, chronologist (কাল গণনাতিক); ad=chronologically (কালক্ষাস্থাবে)। fn ohronological order—ক্ষাস্থাবে; পৌৰ্বাণ্ডাত্ৰে।

Chronometer, kron-onie-ter, n. [Gr. chronos, and metron, a measure ] ডাগবাৰ হয়; তাল্নিকপা হয়; ঘটি; An instrument for measuring time; a watch adj=chronometric, chronometrical.

Chrysalis, kriša-lis, n. [Gr. chrysaltis—chry-

sos, gold ] ভটকা; কীটপভাৰেৰ প্ৰোণাৰেৰ পুৰী-ৰয়া; The second stage in the state of such insects, as the butterfly. pl=chrysalides (i-des). a=chrysalid.

Chrysanthemum, kris-anthe-mum, n. [Gr. chrysos, gold, anthemon, flower] এক স্থাতীৰ চাৰা পাছ; (Lit.) Gold-flower; a genus of composite plants to which belong the corn marigold and ox-eye daisy.

Chrysolite, kriśo-lit, n. [Gr. chrysos, and lithos, a stone] ধাড় বিশেষ; ইবং পীতব্ প্ৰথম বিশেষ; A greenish mineral, composed of silica, magnesia, and iron; a stone of a yellowish colour.

Chrysoprase, kriśo-praz, z. atas farta; A kind of massive quartz; a yellowish-green stone.

Chub, chub, n. মংখ্য বিশেষ; A small river fish. Chubbed, Chubby, a. কঃপুট, ধৰ্মাকাৰ এবং মুল; Like a chub; plump, short and thick. n=chubbiness.

Chub-faced, chubfast, a. पक्लाकांच कुल वनव ; Having a pump, round face.

Chuck, chuk, ন. মুৰ্গীৰ ভাক; The noise of a hen:—ভালৰাসাস্টক বাক্য; ৰাংসল্যৰ্কক শব্ধ; A word of endearment:—দিবুকেৰ নিম্ভাবে সাৰাক আখাত; A slight blow under the chin:—v. i. মুৰ্গীৰ ভাৰ শব্দক; To call, as a hen:—শবিহাৰ হবে হাক-কু; To laugh in a broken, convulsive manner, by way of mockery or insult.

Chuck, chuk, v. t. [Fr. choquer, to jolt; allied to E. Shake] মুদ্ধাৰে আবাত-ক; To strike gently:—বুৰাইবা নিকেপ-ক; চিবুকের নীতে আবাত-ক; চাপড়ার; ভীরবেগে নিকেপ-ক; To toss, to tap under the chin; to pat; to throw with quick motion; to pitch:—স. সাধাত আবাত; A slight blow.

Chuckle, chukl, v. f. কুৰ্টীৰ স্থাৰ সন্তানকৈ সন্থাৰ-কু; To call, as a hen does her chickens:— আদৰ-কু; To care; to fondle.

Chuckle, chukl, জ. i. অন্তবে অহবাৰপূৰ্বক হাত্ৰ-ত্ব;
ব্ৰ চাপিয়া হাত্ত-ত্ব; To laugh inwardly in triumph:—মনেৰ উল্লাস প্ৰকাশ-কু; To feel inward
exultation; to laugh in a quiet, expressed manner:—ম. অলু অনুহাত্ত; মুনুহাত্ত; A short, suppressed laugh of exultation or derision.

Chuffy, chuf'i, a. বিভগত; কুছ; বিট্ৰিটে; Fat or swelled out, esp. in the cheeks; angry; surly. Chum, chum, স. এক প্ৰভোগনান; বছ; A chamber-fellow; an intimate companion.

Church, church, n. [A. S. ceorl, a freeman of the lowest rank] গৃটীয় যশিষ : উপাস বা শিৰ্কা : A building, set apart for Christian worship :— গৃটীয়াৰ বৰ্ষ্যকৰী : The whole body of Christians :— গৃটীয়াৰ সমূহ : A certain number of Christians holding the same dogmas :— বৰ্গৰাসী সাধু বোক : The collective body of saints in heaven and on earth, called the invisible church :— বাক্তৰ স্থান : পাশ্ৰী : The body of clergy in distinction from the laity :— বাক্তৰৰ ক্ষৰা : Ecclesiastical authority :— v. f. কাহাৰত সহিত ধৰ্মবৃশিৱে থিপিছ ক্ষা ক্ষৰতে ধক্তৰাক অধান ক : To perform with any one the giving of thanks in the church.

Pleating obureh—ৰে ভাষাত ভৰণাৰ্থৰ জয় বাৰ্ত্ত : Ship used as church. [ ঘটাকনি । Church going bell—বিজ্ঞাৰ গ্ৰমের স্বদ-জাগত Churchman, churchman, n. যাজক. পাৰ্থী ; An episcopalian ; an ecclesiastic or clergyman.

Church militant, n. স্বল প্ৰকাৰ ছ্ৰীতি বিৰাৰত ধ্ৰুস্থাৰ; The church as warring against every form of evil.

Church-rate, s. A tax levied on parishes in England for repairing churches and for other matters connected with them.

Church-warden, church-war'den, ন. ধৰ্মশিৰ-বৃষ্ণ ; ষঠায়ক ; An officer who represents the interests of a parish or church :—মৃত্তিকা-নিৰ্মিত ভুৱাৰ নল ; A long clay-pipe.

Churchyard, churchyard, ন্ন. নদাধি-ছান; নিজা-মনের নদাধি-ক্ষেত্র; Cemetery; the yard round the church, where the dead are buried.

Churl, churl, n. [A. S. ceorl, a countryman. lee. karl, Ger. kerl, a man; Scot. carl ] প্রায়ালোক; চাঙ্গা; A rustic; a rustic labourer:—অবিনীত লোক; অশিক্ষিত লোক; A surly, ill-bred man:—অনুকাৰ ব্যক্তি; কুপা; One who is illiberal or miserly; a miser.

Churlish, churlish, a. অসভা ; কল ; Rude ; surly ; austere ; unfeeling :—হার্থপর ; কুপণ ; অপিট্র , অপিছিড ; Selfish ; avaricious ; ill-bred :—অন্যা ; Unyielding :—কঠিল ; Firm. n=churlishness. ad=churlishly. Syn:—Sullen, uncivil, harsh ; narrowminded, illiberal, obstinate; nigardly, miserly, stingy.

Churn, churn, v. f. [Ice. kirna, a churn, Dut and Ger. kernen, to churn; akin to kernel] মহন-ক; আবোড়ন-ক; To shake violently, as cream, when making butter:—vi বোল মুখ্যা, To agitate cream &c;—n. মহনী, মহন-পাত্ত; A vessel in which cream is churned.

Churn-staff, churństaf, अ व्यून-एक; A staff or instrument used in churning.

Chuse, chooz, v. t. A form of choose.

Chyle, kil, n. [Fr.—Gr. chyles, juice—chee, to pour] ডফিড বছ পাত্যনীতে জীৰ্ণ হতে ছইডে উংপন্ন এক প্ৰকাৱ বেচৰৰ্গ ভৱল পদাৰ্থ; অন্তৱন; A white fluid drawn from the food while in the intestines adjechylaceous, chylous.

Chylifactive, kil-i-faktive, a. [ L. chylus, and facto, to make ] পাক্ষনীতে মন্ত্ৰনাদি উপাদৰক্ষ:
Having the power to make chyle. nachylifaction, chylification.

Chylification, n. The process of making food from chyle. aschylifactive.

Chyme, kim. প. পাক হলীতে জীৰ্ জনাই ; A soft pulp formed in digestion :—ভক্ষিত বস্তু পাকস্থাতে জীৰ্ব হটনা বে নাৰাংশে পৰিপত হন্ন ; The pulp to which the food is reduced in the stomach. a=clymous.

Chymification, kim-i-fi-káshun, n. [L. chymus. and facio. to make ] ভক্তিত বছৰ সাহাংকৈ
পরিপত্তি; The act of being formed into chyme,
the process of forming chyme. [mistryChymist, Chimistry-Now chemist, cheChbarious, ci-bári-us, a. ব্যস্ক্তিত গ্রহিস্পি-

াৰী; তকা; Pertaining to food; useful for food; edible.

Cioada, si-kida, Cicala, si-kila, n. 45 पानिष सूत्र गठर : An insect remarkable for the sound it produces.

Cicatrice, sila-tris, Cicatrix, si-kātrīks, n. কডিছ; খাব কড়া; The scar over a wound after it is healed.

Cicatrication, sika-tri-jāshun, ल. आखानी-

Cicatrise, sika-triz. ৩. f. বা পুৰণ-ড়; To heal s wound:—৩. i. কডৱান ওম-ই; আবোন্য হতবা;
To heal; to be healed.

Cioerone, ses-e-ro'ne, \*. [It.—L. cicero, the Roman orator] প্ৰাচীৰ অভুত বন্ধ বা বিষয়েৰ ব্যাৰ্যাড়া, পৰিচাৰক বা প্ৰকৃতি ; One who explains curiosities and antiquities; one who shews strangers the curiosities of a place; a guide to point out objects of interest.

Cicero in style or action.

Cioeronianism, sis-e-róni-anizm, ন. সিনিবো নামক পণ্ডিতের লিখিবার বীতি অস্করণ; Imitation of the style or action of Cicero.

Cider, si'der, n. [Fr. cidre—L. sicera—Gr. sikera, strong drink—Heb. shaker, to be intoxicated] আংশেন বসোত্তৰ পুৱা বিশেষ; The juice
of apples fermented; a drink made from applejuice. [পানীয়; An inferior cider.

Ciderkin, sī-der-kin, n. আংপেল বলোন্তৰ নিকৃষ্ট Cigar, si-gar', n. [Sp. cigarro, a land of tobacco in Cuba ] চুকট; A small roll of tobacco for smoking; tobacco rolled for smoking.

Cigarette, sig-ar-et, n. কৃষ্ণ চুকট; A little cigar —কাগৰে পাকাৰ নমৰ চুকট; A little finely-cut tobacco rolled in paper for smoking.

Oilia, silia, n. pl. [ L. cilium, pl cilia, eyelids, eye-lashes] বেজ-লোৰ; পদ্ম; চকুৰ পাতা; The eye-lashes:—কেশেৰ ছাৰ সৰ্মান উদ্ভিদ বা ভাৱৰ গুৰু বা পোৰ; Long hairs or plants or insects. am ciliary, ciliated. [ ing to the eye-lashes. Ciliary, silia-ri, a. নেজ-লোম সৰ্মীৰ; Belong-Cimeter, sime-ter, n. অসি বিশেষ; ফুপাণ; A short curved sword used in the East. (See scimitar).

Cimmerian, sim-E'ri-an, c. বোৰ ভিমিৰাৰ্ড; বোৰ কৃষ্ণ : Extremely dark; very obscure.

Cinchons, sin-kona, n. সিন্ধোনা নামত বুক্তের ছাল; কুইনাইন বুক্তের মৃত্; A Peruvian tree, and medicinal bank; the bank of a tree that grows in Peru, from which quinine is extracted, a valuable medicine for ague.

Cincture, singktur, n. [L. cingo, cintus, to gird] (वर्षा; क्षेत्रक ; A girdle; a belt :—(वहेंगे ; utas (वहेंगे ; Enclosure; a moulding round a column. Syn:—Belt, girdle, band, cestus, inclosure.

Cinder, sinder, n. [ L. cinis, cineris, ashes ] অসায় : ভয় : দ্বীভূত পদার্থ : The refuse of burned coals ; anything charred by fire.

Cindery, sinder-i, a. भ्रमाव-क्यम्ब वा क्रम्यूच; Like or composed of cinders. Cinerary, siner-art, s. wantain, wantain, Pertaining to ashes.

Cineration, sin-ér-dehun, n [L cenes, ceneers] ভানীকৰণ, ভানে পাৰিণত, The act of reducing to ashes.

Cinnabar, sina-bar, #. मिन्स , The native red sulphuret of mercury , vermilion.

Cinnamon, sina-mon, n. माक्तिन , The spicy bark of a tree in Ceylon.

Cinque, singk, n wal, Alo, The nur bet five upon dice or in cards

Cinque-foil, singk-foil, n. [L. folium, a leaf]

Cinque-pace, singk pas, n এক প্ৰকাৰ কৰিব ৰুৱা, A kind of grave dance in which the steps

were regulated by the number five

Cipher, siter, n [O F: cifer Fr cliffre-Ar. sife, empty] শ্ৰু, Nought, o — প্ৰণাৰ্থ বাজি, অকিন্তিংকৰ প্ৰবা, A person or thing of no worth, anything of little value — বিবিধাৰ কথা সকলে, A secret manner of writing — নটো আৰু কোনৰ একটা, Any of the nine figures — কোনৰ নামৰ আন্যান্ধৰণী কটাইয়া বেখা An inter weaving of the initials of a nime — n : হ'ব কৰা, আৰু বিদ্যাক্ত্যান কু To practise arithmetic — n দৰ্শক বেখা কাটে বেখা To write in secret characters Syn —(n) Noti mg nought sero, secret alphabet, monogram device Circe seign, sér-kashyan a কৰেকাৰ পৰ্যাংশৰ

Circe seign, ser-kashyan a কাৰণাৰ পাছিলই উৰ্বহু সাহকেশিয়া প্ৰদেশ স কান্ত Of or from Circassia in Europe —n A native of Carcassia Circoan, sir-se an, a ইক্লণ কি, Pertaining to

Circe, a fabled enchantress, magical —7', vi

for , Fatal

Circle, serkl, n [ A S circul from I circul us, dim of circus, Gr kirhos or krikes, a circle ] 48, 487, A plane figure bounded by a line, every point of which is equally di tant from a point in the middle called the centre -बुढ, निविष ; कड़ , A circumference ring , the line which bounds the figure -407 1 sphere -- शिवा हैन , Compass or circuit -मधाी शिक्ष-47, A coterie, a set, a group of | crsons -(बहेनकांकी मर्द्धाना , A company surrounding the principal person -মত্ব, প্রথা A territorial division -A series ending where it beens -A round-about speaking -v t ryfars -49 3, To revolve round, to move round, - (484 & To surround, to encompass, to enclose -t : सवनाकारव त्रान-कृ, हङ्गाकारव ज्यान-कृ, To move circularly , to move in a circle िका भन्न । Dress circle—बांगानांत्राव अवर्गक विभवाद ज्ञान वा Great circle, n A circle whose plane passes through the centre of the sphere dividing it

through the centre of the sphere dividing it into two equal parts

Lesser circle—One whose plane does not pass through the centre of the sphere, dividing

onto two unequal parts

Circlet, service, a Fr (3, A little circle.

Circuit, serkit, n [Fr - L circuitus - circueo, to go round - circum, round, eo, itum, to go]
Mana, A movement round, the act of mov-

ing round - পদিবেইৰ, বাহা বেইৰ কৰে; A ring; that which encircles — বিচাৰপতিৰ কৰে; The pour ney of judges in holding courts in different parts of a country — পৰিবি . The space enclosed by a circle. Syn — Revolution, circular course, region, district, tract, bounding has, compass, boundary, tour, round, journey.

Make a circuit of—uffer a well . see feet wirt Go round.

Circuitous, ser-kū'it-us, a. चक. कृति , चौका ; Going round in a circle, not straight or round; round about a != circuitously.

Circular, ser'kū lar, a. গোণাকাৰ; কলাকাৰ;
Round —ক্ৰমান্তৰ; Successive in order —ক্ৰঃ
সমাপ্ত, আপনাতে পৰিসমাপ্ত, Ending in itself:—
ক্তনোমকে সংবাধিত Addressed to a number of persons —স বহুজনোমকলে বিশিক আন্দর্শকঃ;
An address to a circle of person. ad—circularly ==ircularity.

Circular notes—পরিবাজনদিগের সুবিধার অভ ব্যক্ত চাকার বরাত-দিন্দি বা ছডি , A kind of banknotes issued for the convenience of travellers,

Circulate, set kil lit v t বিভাবিত ক, প্রচাৰ-ক,
To cause to pass from place to place, or from
nersen to person, to spread —v s. চতুদ্ধিক
গ্ৰন্থ, To move round —সঞ্জিভিত্
be d flused —প্রচায়িত হওয়া, To be spread
about

Circulation, see ku-lishun, দ পৰিষ্ণ , The act of moving round — প্ৰবৃধ, Free diffusion — প্ৰবৃধ, Currer cy — দেশৰ প্ৰচলিত মুখা, The mo cy in use at any time in a country

Circulation of blood—ৰক নকাৰৰ ; Circulator, n প্ৰচাৰক One who circulates.

Circumsmbient, ser kum-ambient, ন. [L. circum abent ambin, to go round] বাপক, বজ্ঞাৰে প্ৰথমীয়া, বেছনবারী Surrounding, inclosing on all sides poing round about

Circumambulate, sir-kum ambūl at, v t. [L. ambulo amb ilatus, to walk] চতুদ্ধিক পৰিত্ৰণ কু প্ৰদান কু To walk round about. ভ-Circumambulation

Circumciso, ser kum-siz, ত i. [L. caedo, to cut ] িকাপ্র চর্ম ছেন্দ-কৃ, পুরোধির প্রচেত্র কৃ, বিবাদির প্রচেত্র কৃ, বিবাদির প্রচিত্র কিন্তি কিন্তু কিন

Circumcision, sir kum-si-shun, n নিজাল চপ্দ ডেমন, পুৰোশিৰ অপচ্ছেশন, The act or ceremony of cutting off the foreshin

Circumference, ser kumferens, n. [ L fero, to cirry ] পরিধি, নেনি বেইন বেশা, The boundary line of any round body, the line surrounding any thing a=Circumferential.

Circumflect, sér'kum flekt, ত t. হব কৰি উক্তাৰণচিক্ বাবা চিক্ত ক , To make with a circumflex
Circumflex, sir'kum-fleks, n [L. flecto,
flexus, to bend] প্ৰিত , উচ্চাৰণ চিক্, An accent
( ^ ) for a long syllable

Circumfluent, ser-kumfloo-ent, a. [ L. fluons, fluentis, flowing ] চড়ানিকে প্ৰবাহিত, চাৰিণিকে প্ৰাহমাণ, Flowing round, as water.

Circumforaneous, sér-kumiö-ráne-us, s. वाकाद्य दाकाद्य व्यवस्थान गृह २१६७ गृहाश्वद नंदस्यीत,

Strolling about from market to market; walking from house to house.

Circumfuse, ser-kum-fuf, e. i. [L. fundo, fusus, to pout.] विष्य क्या ; (यहेन-कृ ; To spread round ; to surround.

Circumjacent, ser-kum-jásent, c. [ L. jacens, lying—jaceo, to lie. ] চড়বিপ্ৰতা : ভাবিদিতে প্ৰিড ; Bordering on every side; lying round. Circumlocution, ser-kum-lo-ku-shun, n. [L. loquor, locutus, to speak.] বাপাড়বব : বাতোৰ বাতো কৰন ; A periphrase ; round about speaking. a=Circumlocutory.

Circumnavigate, ser-kum-navi-gat, v. t. ম্ব-প্ৰে চড় হৈছে অম্ব-কৃ; To sail round, as the world; to pass round by water. n=Circumnavigation.

Circumnavigator, ser-kum-navi-gat-or, #.
পোড বাবা চতু কিক পৰ্বাটক; অলপথে অগকিণকাৰী;
One who sails round.

Circumpolar, sér-kum-polér, a. ৰেক সন্থিত স্থান অবস্থিত; Situated about or near the pole. Circumrotation, sér-kumro-tá-shun, n. [L. circum, round, and roto, to turn round, as a wheel.] চক্ৰাকাৰে পূৰ্বন; চাবিদিকে পূৰ্বানা অবস্থা; Act of turning, rolling or revolving round, as a wheel; the state of being whirled round.

Circumscribe, ser-kum-skrib, v. t. [ L. circum, round, scribe, to write. ] toffice (181; To write, draw or engrave around:—(187-); To surround; to bound.

Circumscription, ser-kum-skrip'-shun, n.
দীৰা; প্ৰাৰ্ভাৰ, Limitation; limit; confinement.
Circumspect, ser-kum-spekt, a. [ L circum, round, specio, to look.] সাৰধাৰ, সভৰ্চ, কল্পনী, বিষ্কাৰী; Cautious; prudent; weighing well the consequences of an action, ad=Circumspectly. n=circumspectness.

Circumspection, ser-kum-spek-shun, n. শতর্কা, মাবধানভা; বিমুক্তবাবিভা; Watchfulness;

Circumspective, a. সভৰ্জ; Vigilant; cautious. Circumstance, sér-kum-stans, n. [L. stans, stantis, standing—sto, to stand.] সংস্থা বিষয়; বুৱাৰ, বিষয়; Something appendant or relative to a fact:—ঘটনা; Accident; event; incident:—pl. অব্যা; বাহিত অব্যা; The state of one's affairs; one's state or condition in life:—
v. t. বিশেষ যুগৰ-ক; To place in a particular position. Syn:—(n.) Fact, event, incident, accident, occurrence, situation.

The slave of circumstances—wayla via; One absolutely under the control of the state of things in which he is placed.

Under any circumstances—বাংট বটুক বা বেব ; Whatever may happen.

Under the circumstances—বটনারনাবে; অবহাসনাবে; যাহা ঘটিয়াতে ভাবাই ধবিবে; Taking into account what has happened.

Circumstantial, ser-kum-stanshal, a. পুথাতু- থা ; বাধিশেব ; কুল্ল ; Minute, particular :--আক-দিক : অবস্থায়টভ ; ঘটনাক্ৰৰে উপস্থিত ; Causial ; incidental, ad = Circumstantially,

Circumstantial evidence—অৱতাক অবাৰ; পৌণ এবাণ ; সৰহাঘটিত প্ৰবাণ; বে প্ৰবাণ অবহা ৰুছে অহ্বাবের উপৰ নিৰ্ভৱ কৰে; Any evidence, not direct and positive; evidence not positive or direct, but which is gathered indirectly from the circumstances of a case.

Circumstantials, ser-kum-stanchals, n. pl.
মুখ্য বিষয়ের আত্মধিক অংশ নকন; প্রাদাসিক ঘটনা; বৈষয়িক বা আবিক অবহা; Things incident to the main subject; incidentals.

Circumstantiate, ser-kum-stanshi-মt, ৩. t.
হ্নান্ত্ৰ্যাপ্ত কৰি - ফু: পুথা পুণ্ডৰণে বৰ্ণন-ফু: To
describe exactly; to verify in every particular.
Circumvallation, ser-kum-val-ashun, n. [L.
vallum, an carthen rampart or wall.] প্ৰতিৰ
বাবা বেইন; তছ্বিকে প্ৰাচীৰ বাবা বেইন; A fortification made round a place by a besieging
army, consisting of a wall, ditch; a surrounding
with a wall.

Circumvent, ser-kum-vent, v. t. [ L. venio, to come. ] বোজা বাৰান; প্ৰভাৱবা-কু; ঠকান; To outwit, to cheat; to impose on; to deceive. Syn:—Ensnare, overreach, outwit, entrap, beguile. n=Circumvention.

Circumvention, n. astatt; Deception; fraud. Syn:—Deceit, imposture, deception, imposition, guile, trick.

Circumventive, sér-kum-ventiv, a. ধ্ৰক্ ; প্ৰভাৱণাৰাই ; Deluding ; deceiving by artifices. Circumvolution, sér-kum-vol-d'shun, n. [ L. volvo, volutum, to roll.] চতুদ্ধিকে বুৰ্ণন ; Turning or rolling round :—বক্ৰণাৰী বা ব্ৰ্থানাৰ প্ৰাৰ্থ ; Anything winding or sinuous.

Circumvolve, ser-kum-volv, v. i. আবর্ত্তন-ত্ব;
চত্ত্তিকে কিরে; চারিদিকে ব্রা; To revolve; to
roll round:—v. i. চারিদিকে ব্রাণ; To roll
round; to cause to revolve. n=Circumvolution
(আবর্ত্তর)!

Circus, serkus, n. [ L. circus; cog. with Gr. kirkos, A. S. hring, a ring ] মঙলাকাৰ বসভূমি; ক্রীডাকন; ক্রীডাকন; মঙলাকাৰ ক্রীড়ামণ; A circular building for the exhibition of games; a place for the exhibition of feats of horsemanship.

Cirrous, sir'us, a. কুঞ্চিত বা আকড়া বিশিষ্ট; Having a curl or tendral.

Cirrus, sir'us, n. [L. curled, hair.] খন বেদ; The highest form of cloud consisting of curling fibres:—(bot) সভাৱ আক্রা); A tendril:—(sool) কালৰ কুম্পিত তেও বা ভত্ত; Any curled filament.

Cisalpine, sis-alp'in, a. [L. cis, on this side, and Alpine.] আলুৰ পৰ্যতে কৰিবই; On this side (to the Roman) of the Alps, that is on the south side; on this side the Alps, in regard to Rome—opposed to Transalpine.

Cist, sist, n. নিৰ্ভ; A chest or box:—পূৰ্কানীৰ প্ৰথমিখিত ন্যাধি; An ancient tomb of the Celtic period, consisting of a stone chest covered with stone slabs.

Cistercian, sis-ter'shan, ম. সহাসী; One of an order of Benedictine monks established originally at Citeaux in France.

Cistorn, sistern, n. [ L. cisterna, from cirta,

a chest. ] অপাধার; চৌৰাছা; A reservior, for holding water or other liquids; any receptacle. Oit, sit, n. পৌরজ্বের অবজাপুত্র নাম; Shortened from citizen, and used as a term of contempt. Oitadel, sita-del, n. [It. cittadella, dim. of citta, a city.] সপ্রবৃদ্ধ হুর্গ; হুর্গ; A fortress in a fortified city.

Citation, si-tāshun, n. আহ্বান; তল্প; উপত্তিত হুইবার অভ বাকটার আন্মরণ; A summons; an official summons to appear:—গ্রহু বিশোবাছ্ত বাকা; উদ্ধান কিন্তু বাকা বা নাম; উদ্ধান বাকা; বিশোবাছ্ত বাকা; বিশ্বান চিন্তুত বাকা বা নাম; উদ্ধান বাকা; A quotation; the act of quoting; the passage or name

quotted:—ৰাধ্যাৰ ; উল্লেখ ; উৰ্ভক্ৰণ , Enumeration. a=Citatory.

Cite, sit, v. t. [ L. cito, to call, intensive of cieo, cio, to make to go, to rouse ] আহ্বান-কৃ; বিচাৰালাৰে হাজিয় ইইছে আহেল-কৃ; To summon; to call upon to appear in a court of a justice; to summon to answer in court:—আহেল-কৃ; To enjoin, to direct:—(কোন মুছ ইইডে) উক্ত-কৃ; নাম-কৃ; To quote; to name:—গৃচ-কৃ; উলাহ্ব-পে; To confirm or illustrate from some authority. Syn:—Summon, send for; mention, name, enumerate, repeat, adduce, extract.

Cithern, sithern, Cittern, sitem, n. এক প্ৰকাষ বাদাৰত; A musical instrument like the quitar.
Citisen, siti-zen, n. নগৰবাসী; পৌৰজন; নাগ-বিক; The inhabitant of a city:—(নগৰাসী; A freeman; one who enjoys the rights and privileges pertaining to a city. Syn:—Burgess, townsman, freeman, denizen, resident.

Citizenship, n. নগৰবাসী বা বেশবাসীর কড়;
The rights of a citizen. [lemons or limes
Citric, sitric, a. জ্বীৰ স্বকীয়; Belonging to
Citric acid, n. লেবু হইতে ভাইত অয়; স্বাধ কাৰক,
An acid extracted from the juice of limes and lemons,

Citron, sirrun, n. বৃক্ বিশেষ; A tree cultivated for its fruit:—কৰ্মা সেবু; The fruit of the citron tree resembling a lemon.

City, siti, n. [Fr. cite, a city—L. civitas, the state—civis, a citizen; akin to L. ques, quiet ] দৰ্শন; A large town:—প্ৰধান ধৰ্মাধ্যক্ষে বানহান—ভূক নগৰ; প্ৰতিনিধি নজবিশিই সহয়, A corporate and cathedral town; a town with a corporation. City of David—Jerusalem.

City of God-The Church, City of palaces-Calcutta.

Cives, sivz, n. উত্তিগ্ বিশেষ; Plant of the leek and onion genus growing in tufts:—লক্ষন বিশেষ; A species of garlic, growing in tufts.

Civet, sivet, n. গৰুগোৰুলা; গৰুগোৰুলের দ্বীৰজাত পুগত্বি; A perfume obtained from the civet or civet-cat, a small carnivorous animal of N. Africa:—গৰুগোৰুল; ধটাৰ; The animal that produces civet.

Civic, sivik, a. (नीव ; जाननव ; नतव मक्कीव ; नान-विक ; Pertaining to a city or citizen.

Civil, sivil, a. [L. civilis—civis, citizen] যাত্ৰ-বৈভিক; Political, as opposed to criminal:— বংকীয়: নাগৰিক; Intestine, as opposed to foreালো: -পৃষ্ণ ; পৌৰ্ছিতা বজিত ; Lay, as distinguished from ecclesiastical :— নাগাৰণ ; অনৈনিক ; Ordinary, as distinguished from military :— ভন্ত ; নতা ; নিই ; Courteous, gentle, obliging, affable, polite :— গতীৰ ; Sober ; not gay or showy ; as "civil suited morn" :— নাবছিত্য : Under a regular administration ; as, a civil society :— পৌৰক্ষনস্থান ; Relating to city or state, or to a citizen in his relation to his fellow citizens or to the state, as civil rights. Syn :— Civilized, not savage; political, not military, civic; not foreign, domestic, intestine; complaisant, well-bred, polished, affable, polite, courteous.

A civil court—(रक्शनि चारात्क ।

Civil death—স্বাস হইতে বহিষ্কা; That which cuts off a man from civil society.

Civil engineer—(लोर-वर्ष अपूर्ण को नहीं; One who plans railways, docks, &c., as opp. to a military engineer, or to a mechanical engineer, who makes machines, &c.

Civil law—ৰাবহা; The law of a state, city or country:—ৰোধৰেশীৰ ব্যৱহা; Specially, the Roman law.

Civil list—बाजाब मारमाधिक वारबद कर्फ; The expenditure of the royal household; now embraces only the expences of the sovereign's household.

Civil service— বাসকীয় বিচারাদি সংক্রান্ত চাকবি; The paid service of the state in so far as it is not military or naval.

Civil suit—(नज्यानी (वाक्यमा ; A suit for a private claim or injury ; law process between citizen and citizen, as opposed to criminal process.

Civil war, n. অন্তর্গ ; আকবিবাধ ; বাজবিনাই ;
খলভি-বিগ্রহ ; A war between people of the
same state or city. [Government.
Civil year—The legal year, appointed by the
Civilian, siv-ilyan, n. বিধিজ, One versed in
civil law :—সাম্বিক ও বাজন বৃদ্ধি ভিন্ন বাজনীয়
বিচারাধি তার্বো নিযুক্ত বাজি ; One engaged in
civil, not military or clerical pursuits.

Civilisation, siv-il-i-zashun, n. Aejei; Refinement; culture.

Civiliae, sivil-īz, v. t. স্ভা-কু; অসভাতা ব্ৰ-কু;
শিকা দেবৰা; To reclaim from a savage state;
to instruct in arts and refinement. Syn:
Humanize, refine, educate, enlighten, christianize.

Civility, siv-ili-ti, প. মৌলত ; তুপিকা ; সভ্যভা ; জনতা ; পিইতা ; Politeness, courtesy, goodbreeding ; urbanity.

Clack, klak, ৩ i. বৰ্ বৰ্ শজ-ড়; To make a sharp noise suddenly:—তাড়াতাড়ি এবং কথাগত কথা বলা; To talk rapidly and continually:—
৩. t. বৰ্ বৰ্ শজ কৰাৰ; To cause to make a sudden noise:—তাড়াতাড়ি কথা বলা; To utter rapidly and inconsiderately:—π. বৰ্ বৰ্ শজ. A sharp sudden sound frequently repeated.

Olad, klad, pa. t. and pt. pr. of cloths.

Claim, klam, n. [ O. Fr. claimer-L. clamo,

to call out, from calo, cog. with Gr. kaleo, to call ] খাৰি; আপড়ি; A demand:—খড়; অবিখাড়; A right to claim; a title:—খাবিকৃত বিষয়
প্রাণিত খড়; The thing claimed:—v.t. খাবি-কৃ,
To demand as due; to seek as a right:—খড়
খাপ্ৰ-কৃ; To assert or maintain as a right:—
v.i. খ্ৰাৰ-ড্; To be entitled to anything:—
গাড়া; বিষয়ৰ খনিখা খাবি-কৃ; To call for; to demand as a right. Syn:—Demand, insist, ask, require, exact.

Claimable, klama-bl, e. দাৰি কৰিবাৰ বোগ্য; আপড়িবোগ্য; That may be claimed.

Claimant, klamant, দ. দাবিদাৰ; আপত্তিকাৰত; বে ব্যক্তি কাৰি কৰে; One who demands anything as right; one who makes a claim.

Oleirvoyance, klar-voians, ন. [Fr. clair—L. clarus, clear, and Fr. voir—L. video, to see ] অভীপ্রির বিষয়ের বর্ণন শক্তি; অভীপ্রির পদার্থ প্রভাকের শক্তি; An alleged power of seeing things not present to the senses.

Clairvoyant, klar-voiant, n. অভীজির বিষয়দর্শক; ইক্রিয়ের অধিবয়ীভূত বস্তুর দর্শক; One who
professes clairvoyance:—a. তামুল পঞ্জিনপার;
Relating to clairvoyance.

Clam, klam, v. t. [A. S. clam, clay, a variety of law ] আটা বা আৰু কোন চট্চটিনা কৰা বাবা সংলগ্ন-ক; আটাৰ অভান; To clog with sticky matter:—চৃণকান-ক; To lime:—v. i. চট্চটিনা বা আর্ক-হ; To be moist.

Clament, klamant, a. উচ্চ চীংকাৰ বিশিষ্ট; বিৰতি-কাৰী; Calling aloud or earnestly.

Clamber, klamber, v. i. কটে আবেছৰ-কু; হত্ত-প্ৰাদিৰ নাহাব্যে অভিকটে আবেছাংগ-কু, To climb with difficulty, grasping with hands and feet.

Clammy, klami, a. Albige; beete; Sticky, moist and adhesive. n=Clamminess.

Clamorous, klamor-us, a. উচ্চে: শক্ৰাৰী ; গোল-বোগপুৰ্ব ; আৰাছ ; Noisy ; boisterous ; vociferous, turbulent. n=Clamorousness.

Clamour, klamor, #. পোলৰাল; চীংকাৰ; Uproar; outcry; a continued vociferation; a loud continuous outcry:—v.i. চীংকাৰ-ক; পোলবাল-ক; চীংকাৰ কৰিবা উচ্চাৰণ-ক; To utter loud sounds; to vociferate:—v.t. To salute or stun with noise.

Clamp, klamp, #. ব্ৰথী; Anything that fastens or binds:—(লোহাৰ) পাতৰ; (কাটেৰ) বাডা; পাড; বিল; A piece of timber, iron &c., used to fasten things together or to strengthen any frame-work:—ইটেৰ পাডা; A pile of bricks laid up for burning:—v. t. বাডাবদ্ধ-কৃ; পাডৰ বা বাডা বাডা; To unite or render firm by a clamp:—e. t. বোহৰ প্ৰবিশ্বেশ-কৃ; To tread heavily or clumsily.

Clan, klan, n. [Gael. clann, Ir. clann or cland, offspring, tribe.] আডি; দল; গণ; A sace, a family, a tribe, a clique, sect, or body of persons:—একজন সমাৰ বা বাহাকের অধীনত্ব একই উপাবিধানী পৰিবাৰ সমষ্টি; A tribe or collection of families subject to a single chieftain bearing the same surname and supposed to have a

common ancestor. Syn:—Tribe, clique, sect, society, brotherhood, fraternity.

Clare-obscure

Clandestine, klan-destin, a. [L.—rlan, setretly, from root, kal, seen, also in celo, to conceal.] we; Twiffs; and; with the Secret; concealed or hidden; unlawful; sly; private. Syn:—Private, concealed; underhand, sly, fraudulent.

Clang, klang, n. [L. clango; Ger. klang, formed from the sound ] বনু খন শব; খণাংকার; A sharp ringing sound like that made by metallic bodies when struck together:—v. f. খনু খনু খন খবাৰ; To make a sharp ringing sound by striking metallic bodies together; to cause to clang:—উচ্চমনিত্ত আৰু শব উৎপাদৰ খন।; To produce a sharp ringing sound.

Clangour, klahgur, n. [L. clangor] স্থা কৰ কৰ; টকাৰ কৰি; A sharp ringing or rattling sound:—ভীত কৰ্ম শক; A sharp, shrill, harsh sound.

Clanish, klanish, n. একত স্বদ্ধ; এক ব্যক্ত ; Closely united. n—Clanishness. ad—Clanishly. Clansman, klaniman, n. একবসভূক ব্যক্তি; One belonging to the same clan; a member of a clan.

Clanship, klanship, দ. দলবন্ধন; Union:—
এক নাৰকাধীন পৰিজনবৰ্গের সমিডি; একজন কর্মচারীর
অধীনে বহু পরিবাবের সমবায়; Association of families under a chieftain.

Clank, klangk, n. यन यन पम; मुश्नमनिव साम भावनामारी चीव पम; The loud, ringing sound made by a collision of metallic or other sonorous bodies; a sharp sound, less prolonged than a clang, such as is made by a chain:—v. f. or v. i. व्य क्य-इ: To make or cause a clink.

Clap, klap, n. [ Ice. klappa, to pat; Dut. and Ger. klappen; formed from the sound ] 4014 कृति: A loud sound made by sudden collision: -- আকল্মিক কাৰ্ব্য বা পতি; এক আখাড ; A sudden action or motion; a stroke :- (प्रतिकृत ; A burst of sound; a sudden explosion :- \* 4 \* 1 | | প্ৰশংসাস্থাক হাজভাগি; A striking of hands to express approbation :- v. t. क्वक् कि-(क: To strike together, so as to make a noise :- 4314 थाका-तः इते काहारेश-तः ; To thrust, drive or put, hastily or abruptly :- जनकानि दिना धनाना-ৰু; প্ৰশংসাপ্তৰ কৰ্তানি-দে; To applaud with the hands; to manifest approbation of, by striking the hands together :- v. i. ( ) निष्पादन्य महिक वृत्रभाष भव-र ; भव महकार्य अवटळ जापाक-कु ; To strike together with noise :-- कश्राहानि-(ए ; To strike the hands together. Syn :- Pat, strike gently, put hastily, applaud.

Clapper, klap'er, ম. ব্যৱালি-বাৰা; A person who claps, or applauds by clapping :---বৰ্ণা-বাৰ্নী; The tongue of a bell.

Clap-trap, klap'-trap, n. बामरता नोहेबाव कक हाजूबी; बामरता नारक्य किय ; A trick or device to gain applause:—a. मोडा-पूर्व; बावक्या-पूर्व; Deceitful, artful, not genuine.

Clare-obsoure, klarobskur, Clare-ob-soure, klaro-obskoore, m. witale w gist

विकाद कविवाद '(कोचन : In painting, the art or judiciously distributing light and shade.

Claret, klar'et, w. [Fr. clarret-clair-L. clarus, clear] प्रापित्य ; Orig. applied to wines of a light or clear red colour but now used in England for the dark-red wines of Bordeaux; a French wine of a dark-red colour. Clarification, n. (भाषा ; The act of purifying or refining.

Clarified butter-75; 14; Ghee.

Clarifler, klar'i-fi-Er, त. शिवशंबक ; That which purifies :--पश् (शिवन कविवाय शीख ; A vessel in

which liquor is clarified.

Clarity, klar'i-fi, v. [L. clarus, clear, and facio, to make] পৰিকাৰ-কু; To make clea: — শোধন-কু; নিৰ্মাণ-কু; উজ্জা-কু; To render pure and bright:—v. i. নিৰ্মাণ-কু; পৰিকৃত হওমা; To become pure, as liquors; to become clear:—
ক্ষো-কু; To grow clear or bright. n=Clarification.

Clarion, klar'i-on, n. [Fr. clairon—clair, clear] ভূমী; বৰ্ণিকা; ভেমী; A kind of trumpet, whose note is clear and shrill.

Clarionet, klari-on-et, Clarinet, klari-net, n.

नागक निरम ; A wind instrument of music,
sounded by means of a reed fixed to the
mouth-piece:—नागह ; A kind of hautboy.

Clash, klash, n. সংঘৰ্ণ ; অনুসংঘাতে উলিত উচ্চ প্ৰতঃ Collision of bodies; a meeting with violence; a loud noise, such as is caused by the striking together of weapons:—বিহৰাৰ; প্ৰতিবাৰ; Opposition; contradiction:—৮. গ্ৰহাৰ বাৰা; To strike against with force:—বিশ্বভাষীঢ়; ব্যক্তেশ-ক; To meet in opposition; to interfere:—৮. গ্ৰহাৰ বাৰা; সন্মৰ আ্বাড-ক;
বিশ্বভ্ৰ; To strike noisily against. Syn.—
Disagree, differ, collide; clank, clang, quarrel, jar, contend.

Clash of arms-पाउर वन्धना ।

Clashing, klashing, a. বিকল; Interfering; opposite:—n. প্ৰপাৰ আঘাত; Striking against in bodies:—বিবোধ; Interference, oppositions. Clasp, klasp, n. [M. F. claspe, from the root of A. S. clyppan, to embrace ] বন্ধী; কীৰত; আছেল; A hook for fastening; a catch:—আবিক্তা; An embrace:—v. t. আছেল ঘাৰা বন্ধ; To fasten with a elasp or hook:—আবিক্তা-কু; To surround and cling to; to entwine about; to twine round. Syn:—Fasten, connect, concatenate; embrace, unite, grasp, clutch, grapple, hug.

Olasp-knife, klasp'-nife, n. ছ्रविविद्य ; চाक्-

Fig : A knife with a folding blade.

Olasper, klasp'-er, n. নতাদির কডি বা আঁকড়া; তভাতত্ত্ব; The tendril of a plant:—বন্ধনী; That which clasps.

Class, klas, n. [Fr. classe—L. classis, orig. a rank or order of the Roman people when called together, from a root kal, seen in L. calare, clamare, to call, Gr. kaleo, klasis.] শ্ৰেণী; An order or rank of persons or things:—সহাধ্যায়ী হাৰ্যেণী; নতীৰ্ণ; শ্ৰেণী; A number of students

pursuing the same studies :—বৈশানিক বিভাগ;
A scientific division or arrangement :— o. s. শ্রেকী
বিভাগ-কু; To classify; to arrange methodically:—শ্রেপীবদ্ধ-কু; To form into a class :— o. s. শ্রেপীবদ্ধ-কু; To be grouped; to be classed. Syn:—(n.) Grade, rank, genus; set, species, value, degree.

[ class.

Class-mate, n. নহাৰ্যায় ; সভীৰ ; One in the same Classic, klaśik, Classical, klaśik-al, n. নৰো-জ্য ; উচ্চলেণীয় · Of the first class or rank :—গ্রীক ভ লাচিন লেকসম্ভীয় ; Pertaining to Greek and Latin authors :—বিভক্ত ; পৰিক ; Chaste ; pure 1 refined. Syn :—Elegant, polished, refined, chaste, pure ; Attic, Augustan.

Classio, n. উৎকৃষ্ট এছ ; A work of acknowledged excellence:—ত্ৰীক ভ লাচিৰ ভাষাৰ অভিজ্ঞ ; One

learned in the classics.

Classicality, klas-ik-ali-ti, Classicalness, klasik-al-nes, ম. খেঠা; The quality of being classical.

Classics, n. 61. সর্কোৎকৃষ্ট প্রাচীন জীক ও লাইন লেনকগণ এবং আধুনিক উচ্চ শ্রেণীর লোকণা, অববা তাহাদের প্রশীত গ্রন্থন্য; Greek, Roman, and modern writers of the first rank, or their works.

Classification, klas-i-fi-káshun, n. শ্ৰেণী-বিভেশ ; শ্ৰেণী-বিভাগ ; Act of forming into classes.

Classify, klasi-fi, v. t. [ L. classis, and facio, make ] ৰেণ বিত্ৰ-ক; শেণীৰছ-ক; To arrange into groups or divisions; to systematise; to arrange. Syn:—Arrange, distribute, rank, systematise, assort, dispose.

Classman, kla'man, n. অনুবেতি পৰীকার বিশেষ সনান্যাপ্ত ব্যক্তি; One who has gained honours of a certain class at the Oxford examinations; opp. to passman.

Clause, klawz, n. [Fr. clause—L. clausus—claudo, to shut, inclose ] চুড়িপ্রাণির দকা; দকা; ধ্বা; An article or part of a contract, will, &c.; an article in an agreement or stipulation in a document:—পদ; পদ্যাংশ; প্রকাশে; A part or member of a sentence and its predicament; sentence or part of a sentence. [pt. t. of cleave. Clave, klav, v. বিশীৰ্ বিশাহিশ; Did cleave:—Claviole, klavi-kl, n. [L. clavicula, dim. of clavis, a key] কুল্বি; The collar-bone.

Claw, klaw, n. কয়ৰ নথব; ধাৰা; A sharp, hooked nail, or foot of an animal; a talon:—». f. নথব ধাৰা বিদাৰ্থ-ড়; আচড়ান; নথবাৰাড-ড়; To scratch or tear with the nail:—হড়হড়ি দেখা; To tickle.

Claw me claw thee—ছুৰি আমার বাধ ত আৰি ভোষার বাধিব ৷ { chide. To claw away—বিৰ্জাব-ড়; To rebuke ; to তীৰস, kiz, ল. কৰ্ম ; বাঁচিল ভোষল বুজিফা; A kind of plastic earth; a tenacious ductile earth—ছুক্তিলা; Barth in general:—মন্ত্ৰা-দেহ; Human body:—মুক্তিলা; ক্ষমেন্ত্ৰানা; Frailty, liability to decay:—৩. চ. মুক্তিলা হাবা সাববিশিইকু: To manure with clay:—০েপাৰ-কু: To smear over:—বিভছ-কু: To purify and whiten with clay.
তীৰস in the hands of the potter, be—কুষ্টকাবেৰ হাবে কাৰ্য ভাবেৰ ভাব, যাহা ইচ্ছা ভাহাই
কৰ্ম হাইছে পাৰে; Can be easily moulded into any shape, be easily made to do anything.

Clayey, klái, a. मृश्विमा-पूर्व ; कर्फम्बम ; Abounding in clay ; consisting of clay.

Chaymore, klamor, n. Sauffafatas; A large sword formerly used by the Highlanders of Scotland.

Olean, klen, a. [A. S. claene, W. Gael, glan, shine, polish; Ger. klein, small ] নিৰ্মান; Free from dirt or filth:—বিষল; নিক্লছ; Free from stain or whatever defiles:—গাইটপুত্ত, Free from knots or branches:—নিপুণ, চতুৰ, কক; Adroit, dexterous; clever:—পৰিত্ৰ. নিকাপ: পাপপুত্ত, Innocent; pure; guiltless.—বৃধাকনক পীড়া হইটেমুক্ত; Free from polluting or loathsome disc ise as leprosy:—কাচাৰ তত্ত, Free from cereinonial defilement:—ad. সম্প্ৰিমণ, Entirely, fully; wholly:—কতাসহকাৰে; নিপুণভাপুৰ্কক, Cleverly:—ত. ধ বিভাকু; To cleanse; to purify. n=cleanness.

Clean out, v. etfer-7; Empty.

A clean bill of health—সংক্রামক বোদের সংক্রাই, এই বলিছা কোন আহাজতে যে নিগ্রণপ্র প্রেয়াইছঃ [বলা; স্মত প্রকাশ-কৃ। To make a clean breast—মনের পাপ খ্লিয়া Cleanliness, n. পরিজ্বতা; নিশ্নতা; খৌচ; Neatness, freedom from dirt or filth .—প্রিতা, Purity

Cleanly, klehli, a. পরিজ্জ, Habitually clean; neat:—পৰিজ; নিৰ্মান; Innocent; pure — চতুর; Adroit, artful:—ad পরিপাটীরূপে; পরিকৃতরূপে, In a cleanly manner. n=cleanliness.

Cleanse, kienz, v. t. নিৰ্মাণ ক্ল; পৰিকৃত বা পৰিত্ৰ-কু, To render clean; to make clean or pure: v. t. নিৰ্মাণ-ছ; To become clean.

Cleanse away—পবিত্ৰ-কৃ; গোৰ ছইভে মুক্ত-কৃ, To purify from guilt or crime.

Clear, kler, a. [ Fr. clari-L. clarus, clear, loud ] w ; 管理 ; Tvansparent , bright ; undimmed ; luminous :-- लाहे ; विनय ; काक्नामान ; Plain, perspicuous; manifest; distinct; conspicuous - # ; Acute ; discriminating ; sharp — বাৰ ; Serene ; cheerful :— সুৱাৰা , Audible ; distinctly heard :- 1985; Pure :- 1966; Free from defect or blemish .— बिट्बांच ; निब-পৰাধ; অনিক্নীয়; Innocent; unblemished; Net :- व्यविभिन्न : गारeproachable :-- निषवहां ; विक् ; Unmixed ; pure :- निस्तिवान ; Undeniable; indisputable: —পক্পাতগুত্ত; Unbiased; unprepossessed; impartial:- 4778; Free from debt or obligation :- 44148; Unembarrassed; not entangled; free:-- मुक्त ; जिल्हान हहेए मुक्त ; Liberated; freed; acquitted of charges : -- भना- कुछ ; Free from obstruction ; open :-- ad. न्येक्ट्रन् : शरिकारकाण ; Plainly ; evidently ; in a clear manner :-- डेवनकरन ; Luminously :-- डीककरन ; With clear discernment :- water; Without cntanglement or confusion :-- मदनकार ; Honestly; candidly: - अभरकां कार्य; Without reserve, evasion or subterfuge :-- সপ্ৰান্ত ; Wholly ; quite:--v. t. 管理有一事; To make bright:--(本本 नेपा-क ; To render intelligent or evident :- व्यापन বোগা-ক ; To render audible :--পরিভূত-ক ; শোণিত-ক ; To clarify ; to cleanse ; to make clean :--বাধাপুজ-কু; To free from impediment : —প্রতিবন্ধতা অস্পষ্টতা এবং দোষ হইতে মুক্ত-কু; To free from obscurity, obstruction or guilt :-- we-F; To justify; to vindicate or acquit; to exonerate :-- नाड-क ; To make gain or profit beyond expenses and charges; to net :- वन शविष्ठ - कः To remove wood from land; to cut down trees: -সান্তাৰাপক বস্ত হইতে মুক্ত-কু; To free from any thing noxious or injurious :- 37-(4; To leap over without touching :- v.i. পविक्रुष- ह ; डेब्बन- ह ; पुक-६; To become clear; to grow free, bright, or transparent n=clearness.

Clear away — জব্য স্থানাস্তবিত-কু; Remove things :
—পলাখন-কু, To escape.

Clear off—পৰিকাৰ ইয়া গাওয়া; Disappear ( as clouds or fog ) :—পৰাৱৰ-কু, Run away :—মুক্ত-কুৰা হ; To make or become free from :—পৰি-শোধ-কু; To pay off.

Clear out—ৰন্দৰ জ্যাপ-কু; Leave a port ; depart :
—( collq. ) চলিয়া খাওয়া ; Go away.

Clear up—পৰিকাৰ হত্যা; Become bright:— পৰিশোধ-কু; To close an account; liquidate:— মেম-কুজ্মট্কা শুস্ত-হ; Have fine weather:—সংশ্ব দ্ব-ফু; Free from obscurity or ambiguity:— পরিকাৰ কবিয়া বুলাইছা-দে; To explain.

Keep clear of—(কোন অনিষ্ট বিবৰ হইছে) অপনাকে দূৰে বাৰ); Keep oneself away or free from some evil

To clear a ship—ৰলৰ হইতে ৰাইবাৰ লভ অসুমতি লঙ্কা; To procure legal permission to sail.

To clear a ship for action or to clear for action—হুদ্ধাৰ্থ সঞ্জিত হুইবাৰ পূৰ্বে কাহাজেৰ জ্বা প্ৰিকৃত-কু, To remove all encumbrances from the deck and prepare for engagement.

To clear the ground—ভূমি পৰিকাৰ-কু; To remove all obstructions from the ground.

To clear the land—গভাৰ ৰবে খাওয়া; ( naut. ) To gain a safe distance from shore.

The coast is clear—ভাষেৰ কাৰণ পোৰ ছইয়াছে; The danger is over :—( শক্ৰণাকৰ) কেই কোৰাও নাই, The enemies have left the coast.

Clear scores with—দেশ পাতনা ঠিক-কু; জ্মা-গ্রুচ-কু; To settle an account; to adjust account with:—প্রতিশোধ লভ্যা; To obtain satisfaction for.

A clearing of scores—ক্ষাধ্বদেৰ স্বতা বা থিল; অৰ পৰিশোধ; Balancing of accounts; a paying off of what is due. [ing a clear intellect. Clear-headed, a. তাক্ৰুছিবিশিষ্ট; বুছিয়ান; Hav-Clear-sighted, a. তাক্ৰুছি, তাক্ষুষ্টবিশিষ্ট; Discerning; acute; shrewd. Clearance, kier'ans, n. ছাড় চিট ; অপুৰ্থিপত ;
A certificate that a ship has been cleared at the custom-house—that is, has satisfied all demands and procured a permission to sail; a certificate of leaving a port; permission by the customs-house for a vessel to sail:—আনুৰ্পিক বাৰ বাবে লাভ, বাটি লাভ; Clear, net profit:—সাবাড়, প্ৰিকৃতকৰণ; Act of clearing.

Clearing, kler'ing, n. পৰিভূতকৰণ; Act or process of making clear :—কৰ্মণোপৰোগিনী ভূমি; কৰ্মণাৰ্থ পৰিভূত ভূমিণত; A tract of land prepared for cultivation:—ইঙি বিনিময়, The process of

exchanging cheques by bankers.

Clearing-house, n. ত্তিবিনিষ্য স্থান; The house where the clearing is carried on; a place in London where such clearing business is done. Clearly, kler'li, ad. পৰিকাৰন্তে, In a clear manner; distinctly

Cleavage, klevaj, n विभावन . The act of splitting ; manner of cleaving.

Cleave, klev, v. t. [A. S. clessan, cog with Ger klieben] বিনীৰ্-ক, বিভক্ত-ক, বলপুৰ্বক ভেদ-ক; To separate with violence, split; rive. divide — v ৷ বঙ বঙ হত্যা; ভাজিয়া যাত্যা, বিভক্ত-হ, ফাটিয়া যাত্যা; To part asunder, to crack. pr. p=Cleaving. pa t=clove or cleft. pa. p=cloven or cleft. Syn — Separate, bisect, rend, dissever, disunite, split, rive, part asunder.

Cleave, klev. v. t. [A. S. clifian, cog. with Ger kleben, Dut. kleven ] সংস্থা-কু; To adhere to; to stick to:—মিনিড-ফু; To adhere with strong attachment —ইপদোগী-ফু, To be adapted, to agree.—একড-ফু, To untite. pr. pe Cleaving pa t=cleaved or clove. pa pe cleaved. Syn.—Cohere, be attached; cling to, be united.

Cleaver, klever, n कनाक्राय ह्विका काहे।वि ; A butcher's chopper, a hatchet

Cleft, kleft, n ছিল, চিড়, কটি, A crack, fissure or chink. Syn:—Crevice, chasm, cranny, tent, gap.

Clematis, klema-tis, n. [ Low L.-Gr. kle matis-klema, a twig ] একছাতীয় লঙা. A creeping plant; a climbing plant.

Clemency, klemen-si, n. দবা; নজ্ডা, ফ্যা-দীৰ্ভা; Kindness; mildness; readiness to forgive.

Clement, klement, a খুৱাসু; বৃষ্ণ; কোম্পুৰুতাৰ, Kind; merciful; mild; gentle. Syn —Gentle, lenient, merciful, kind, tender, compassionate, indulgent, ad=Clemently.

Clench, klensh, Same as clinch.

To clench an argument—To place it in a firm and unassailable position.

Clepsydra, klep'si-dra, n. [L.—Gr. klepsydra—klepto, klepso, to steal, hydro, water] ব্যাস্থা; A time-piece used by the Greeks and Romans for measuring time by the discharge of a certain quantity of water.

Clergy, klėt'ji, n [L.L. clericus, a clerk, clergyman, Gr. klerikos, port. to the energy,

clerical, Fr. kleros, a lot, portion ] পুৰোহিডাৰ ; বাজন্মজনী ; The body of ministers of religion : body of priesthood — হাপিত ধর্মনিবের বাজন ; In England, ministers of the Established church :—পুরোহিতের অধিকার ; The privilege or benefit of a clergy.

Benefit of clergy—Exemption of clergymen from criminal process before a secular judge—once extended to all who could read, but now abolished.

Clergyman, kler'ii-man, n. পুৰোহিড; বুলীয়-যাজত; পাদৰি; ধন্দোপদেশত; A minister of a Christian church; one of the clergy.

Cleric, kler'ik, n বাৰক, A clerk or clergyman:
—a. বাৰকীয়, Belonging to the clergy.—লেৰকস্বৰ্জীয়, Pertaining to a clerk or writer.

Clorical, kler'ık-al. a. হাজ্ঞীয় , Belonging to the clergy :—বেশকসহজ্ঞীয় , Pertaining to a clerk or writer.

Clerical error— অৰ্ডিবেড ভূব, An unintentional error or omission made in the translation of a deed or other written instrument

Clerk, klark. n. [A S clerc, a priest—Late L. clerrus] লেখক, কেবালী; মুহবী, কলমণেলা; মসীজাবী; A scribe, a penman, one employed as a writer or assistant in an office,—সহজাবী পুৰোহিত, A reader of responses in the church service; an assistant to a clergyman in church n.—Clerkship. [গিবি; Office of a clerk. Clerkship, n. কেবালীৰ পদ, কেবাগিগিবি, মুহবী-Clever, klever, a. নিশুদা; চতুব; দক, কৌলগী; Dexterous; adroit:—বিচকা, বৃদ্ধিমান, Expert; ingenious, smart —দক্তাদংকাৰে সম্পাদিত; কৌশস্পান, Executed or performed with dexterity; skilfully done. Syn —Expert, dexterous, adroit, sharp, discerning, ingenious, knowing, able, skilful. ad=cleverly. n=cleverness
Clew, Clue, kloo, n. [A. S. clive, prob.

akin to L. glomus, a ball of thread, and globus, a sphere, from root of 'cleave', to adhere ] স্ভাৰ ভবি; গুটিকা-সত্ৰ, A ball of thread; the thread in it.—প্ৰমণ্ধ-স্ত্ৰ, The thread that is used to guide a person in the labyrinth: ছক্ষ বিষয়বেধিকা; ছক্ষ বিষয়েৰ মীমানেক, A guide, anything that directs or guides in an intricate case, anything that solves a mystery:
—পাইনেৰ কোণ; One of the corners of a sail, the corner of a sail:—v.i পাইন গুটাৰ; পাইন বাধা, To truss or the up sails to the yards.

Click, klik, n. টক্ টক্ শাল, টিক্ টিক্ শাল ; A sharp sound, a short, sharp clack or sound :—লোহ-৭৫, দ্বস্থাৰ ইন্দলন ; A small piece of iron, falling into a notched wheel; door-latch :—n. i. টক্ টক্ শাল-ক ; To make a light, sharp sound :—প্রীয় লভাৱা ; তাক্ষ শাল-ক ; To snatch hastily. Syn:—Tick, chnk, clack, pawl, detent, catch, racket.

Client, kh'ent, n. [Fr—L. cliens, for cluens, one who hears or listens (to advice), from clueo, to hear] মাজেব; A lawyer's customer:
— স্বাধিত ব্যক্তি; Dependent of a patron:—সম্বাধ

ব্যক্তিৰ অনুগত লোক . A nobleman's retainer or follower n≖Clientship

CHff, klif, ম. পর্বত পুজ, নামু, A high, steep rock —পর্বতের উন্নত পার্ব, The steep side of a mountain — এবণ ভূমি চালুভট, A steep bank Chffy, a সাল্যান, চ্ড়াবিশিষ্ট, Having cliffs, craggy

Chift-Same as Cleft

Climacteric, klim akter-ik n [ Gr klimakter-kliman, a ladder] পৰিণামকাল, মস্বা ৰীৰ্দে বাকা পৰিবৰ্ত্তমকাল, A critical period in human life in which some great bodily change is supposed to take place —স্থিকণ, Any critical period a=chimacteric, chimacterical

Climate, khi mat n [Fr — L clima climatis — Gr. klima, klimatos, slope—klino, to make to slope] n अनवार, भारे शंका, The condition of a country or place with regard to tem perature, moisture &c — 2774 Region or zone of the earth

Climatic, kli matik Climatical, kli matikal a ৰূপৰায়ু সংখীয়, ৰূপৰায়ু সম্পৰ্কীয় Relating to or limited by climate

Chmatise, v ঃ নৃতন জনবায়ু সহ্ করিতে অভ্যাস-ক inute to a new climate

Climatology, kli ma tolo ji n [Gi klima and logos discourse] so rate family Science of or a treatise on climates

Climax, klimaks n [Gr kliman a ladder or reastrase—from klima to slope ] মধ্যসীমা শেব সীমা Acme the greatest point — সাবালক'ব বালানকাৰবিশেব, Series of sentences rising in force

Climb, kim v.: or v f আবেছিণ ক উঠা দে lo ascend with difficulty to ascend or it up with labour a=(limbable Climber, n ব্যভা ব্রবী A climbing plant

- আবোৰী One who cl mbs [region tract Climo, kim n প্ৰদেশ দেশ হাৰ Country Clinch, kimsh, Clonch, v t হত হাবা দৃচকাৰ্শে ধাৰণ কু lo grasp tightly with the hand — সমর্থন কু নপ্রমাণ-কু, lo establish to confirm t settle — n দৃচকাৰ্শে ধাৰণ Grasp holdfast To clinch the fist—দৃঢ়কাৰ্শে মুক্তিৰজন কু fo contract the fingers firmly and closely into the palm of the hand so as to form a ball

Clincher, klinsher, n উপদ'হাৰ, চুডান্ত নিশান্তি A decisive augument

Cling, kling, v s [L S clingan to shrivel up to draw together] দুড়বংপ স লয়-ছ, ৰছ ছ, Io adhere closely to stick to hold fast—
z f সংগ্ৰা কু, Io cause to adhere to pa t and pa p=clung Syn—Stick attach cleave to Cling to—ছড়িয়া ধৰিয়া থাকা Hold fast by winding round—খতে থাকা (নাছায়) Adhere fi mly to something out of interest or affection Clinic, khink Clinical, khink al, a [Gr. k'ine a bed, from kline to recline] চিকিৎসাগাহে বোগীৰ খ্যাপাৰে এগত উপদেশ সম্ভাই, Applied to instruction given in hospitals at the bedside of the patient—খ্যাপাই (হাজী সম্ভাই) Pertaining to the sick-bed—খ্যাগত Bed-ridden—

চিকিংলা, Bed-side practice n=Clinic ( প্ৰাণাক ব্যক্তি, One confined to bed by sickness )

Clinical lecture—বোগীৰ প্যাপাৰে প্ৰণ্ড উপ-পেশ, instruction given to medical students by a professor at a sick bed

Clinique klinek, n পীড়িত ব্যক্তিবিশের পরীকা, An examination of diseased persons by medical professors in presence of their pupils

Clink, klingk, n ঠুন ঠুন শক Tinkling jingling as of coins — v ঃ ঠুন ঠুন শক-কু, ঠুন ঠুন শক হওৱা To ring or jingle — v t ঠুন ঠুন শক কৰিয়া বাজান, To cause to make a ringing sound

Clinker, klinker n তথাকাৰ কচিৰ ছাই, Hard cinder —বাৰা Hard baked tile

Chnometer, klin-omit-er, n আকৰিক বৰেৰ ক্ৰমনিম্বতাপৰিমাণক বন্ধ, An instrument for measuring the dip or inclination of mineral strate [ over history.

Clio, n ইডিছাল দেবী, The Muse who presided Clip, klip, v t [ Ice klippa, to cut, and allied to A S clyppan to embrace to draw closely] কাতি দাবা কাটা, To cut off with shears —কাটিয়া কেনা, কৰন কু, To cut short, to cut off, to curtail pr p=clipping pa p=clipped

Clip, klip n করিত বস্তু The thing clipped off
— আলিজন An embace — লোমডেছনন, A
shearing — চিত্ৰ লোম Quantity shorn — হত্ত
হাবা আঘাত, Blow with the hand

To olip one s wings-To put a check upon one s project

Clipper, klip rr, n মুদ্রার ধার কর্তনকারী One that clips especially who cuts off edges of coin — দ্ৰতগামী পোত্তবিশেষ A sharp built, fast sailing vessel

Clipping, kliping n মুজার পার্য কর্তান করিয়া মুনাও ওজন হাস করণ করিত আ আ The act of cutting esp debising coin by cutting off the edges the thing clipped off

Clique, kleik (दोड) n क्यू पन A party or faction a gang group of persons in union for a purpose, a cottine—used generally in a bad sense

Cloak, Cloke, klok n [Old Fr cloque-Low L cloca a be l also a horseman's cape because bell shaped ] শ্ৰীৱাক্তাতক পৰিক্ৰণ, অঙ্গ बांधा बिरानव A loose outer garment — कहिला FT, A disguise or pretext an excuse, a fair promise - TISTIFF A covering - 1 TISE!-দিও কু, আর্ড কু To cover with a cloak to cover —পোপন কু To hide or conceal, to palhate Syn -(n) Mantle, cover scieen mask veil pietext disguse [for measuring time Clock, klok " परिकाय वस परि A machine Clock-work, klo'c-wurk n पहिना प्रायद कल Machinery and movements of a clock - 4641 बर्भ कांच कन , Machinery like that of a clock Clod, klod, n लाडे यूर्शने याजित जान, जान, A hard lump of earth, turf or clay, a thick round mass or lump that cleaves or sticks together, especially, of earth or turf -कृषि, अभी, The ground, the earth - अपन्ति वासि. A dolt,

a stupid fellow — চ ঃ চাপ বাণা , অধিবা-বা , পাচ বা ঘণীপুত-ছ , To collect into a th ck mass , to coagulate , to clot — চ ে পেই ছোড়া , চিল ছোড়া , To pelt with clods pr p=clocking pr p=clocked [—নীচ , কুম্বিভ , Mean, gross Cloddy, klodi, a মৃত্তিকাৰ্ম , Consisting of clods, Clod-hopper, klod-hop-er, n চাবা A clown a peasant , a countyman

Clod-pate, klodpāt, Clod-poll, klodpōl #
মূৰ্ব ব্যক্তি, নিৰ্কোধ ব্যক্তি, A stupid fellow,
a dolt

Clog, klog ৩ : একন্ত বিলিভ ছ সংলগ্ৰ-ই To coalesce, to unite and adhere —৩ t বোজাই ক To load —গতিবোধ ড় To obstruct, to choke up —বাধা-দে, বিষক্ত কিবল ড়, To hinder to perplex, to hamper to restrum —n বাধা An impediment, an obstruction, an embarcassment —ভাৰ, A weight tied to an animal to hinder its motion —গংকাৰ কাঠ পাছকা A heavy wooden shoe Syn —I and dead weight burden drag hinderance impediment encum brance emclogey

Cloggy, klog's, a গভিবোধক That close or hat power to clog —ঘন, পুঞ্ , I hick — বুংসিড

Closster, klosster n [L claudo clausam to close to shut] মা A monastic or collegiate establishment convent — নিত্ত প্রকাঠ নিক্রম মূল A covered aicade — ৮ মুক্তে কাৰ্যান কি কিবলোগৰ স্বাধান কিবলোগৰ ক

Clousteral, klouster al, Cloustral, kloust al Claustral, klawstral a মঠে বন্ধ নিভূত নিৰ্মান Confined to a clouster, retired from the world, secluded

Clossered, klossterd a মঠবাসী Inhabiting a monistery —িভুক বিশ্বস্ক, Shirry retired from the world — বেইড Priclo ed a a court Clossterer, n মঠবাসী An inmate of a closster Cloke, klök, n বহি পরিজ্ঞা আক্রামণ A loose outer garment, a covering — গরবেশ জন A disguise pretext — গ লাভুনন সু আনবন দু ি clothe with a cloak to cover — গোপন কু, To conceal.

Close, kloz, v t atal (7, 4% 7, To stop shul, to make close — नगात क, lo conclude, to complete - (487 7, To enclose, to enc mp 150 —মিশিভ কু একত কু, To unite, to draw to gether and unite -v : faf is v, To unite or coalesce - मपांच र To end or terminate Syn -Stut, shut up stop obstruct, choke, conclude, terminate finish complete -n ( ) Junction — निष नगांच Termination, end conclusion -A grapple in wrestling -(425 चान वा (क्य , An enclosed place , a small en closed field -সঙ্গৰ্ব বাতা A narrow passage or street -- वक कविवाद वीजि , वक्त कविवाद शक्ति ना नगर The manner of shutting , the manner or time of closing - farfs, A pause or stop Close, klos, a [ Fr clos, shut-pa p of clore, from L claudere, clausus, to shut] a ... Shut fast, shut-up, tight - निक्र निक्रम,

Pent up , confined , secluded , secret , private — নির্ম্ব , বির্মাণ , Confined , stagnant , oppressive , unventillated — মৌৰী , গরীর , Not communicative cautious , reticent , tacitum , reserved — কুপা , Niggardly , parsimonious , penurious — কঠিব Dense , solid , compact — পরিচিত , Intimane , familiar — বিকট , বিকটর , Near, in time or place — অধিক ল , Undeviating , strictly adhering to the original — ঠিক , Accurate precise — অধিক পোকপুৰ্ণ , অবপুৰ্ণ , Crowded — সংক্ষিপ্ত , Concise — মমোমোরী , Attentive — উৎসাধী , Eainest , warm — কুপা, Hidden — মুঠ Crafty — ad অধিবলভাবে , সংসিষ্ট ভাবে In a close manner or state — মিনিডভাবে , Densely — আমাৰ , Nearly.

Close-bodied-571, Fitting the body closely, tight setting close as a garment

Close-bonded—খতি ব্যক্তির Being in close order closely united

Close-compacted— बरुब मरवन् , वृह मन्दन Being in compact order compact

Close-companion — সাভাৱিক বন্ধা সহতৰ, Intimate friend or a costate

Closo-fisted, a কুপা সভাব সোভী, Niggard ly c vetus miserly

Close-hauled, a ৰ'গুৰ সন্তিৰটাই ৰাবুৰ অভিমূৰে (জ'হাজ) আপিজ Brought to the wind, close to the wind 1 cpt as rear as possible to the wind that is to the point from which it blows, —said of a ship [meet in battle

Close for action—TT 7 Engage in fight, Close-in, " (T') (Text loin in

Close in upon-wiari & , I all upon

Close to-fatte Near

Close to the wind — খতদ্ব সন্তব বাচুৰ অভিমুখে (জাহ জ) পাবিশালত Directed as nearly to the point from which the wind blows as it is possible to sair — said of a vessek

Close the door against—পথ মন্ক নিবাশ-ক. ভনতৰ ক'ৰ্যা (ডানা Histone opening for, render hopeless or impossible

Close-tongued, a (414) Silent, keeping lence, contions in peaking

Close up-fa, Block up
Close upon-fas & lo come to a mutual

তালে upon—গন্ত হ , 10 come to a mutual green nt, to ব্ৰ্ত [equal Close vote, a সাহস্থান মত সা প্ৰতাবে সম্প্ৰত হইয়া শৌষ কৰিব। তেনা lo accede, to consent or ব্ৰুলে to end a mitter by complying with — মুখ্য কু শান্ব নিকটবন্ত। শুখা সভাই কু, To grapple with contend in close fight with (an enemy) A close contost—বে ৰূপে উভ্ছপক প্ৰায় সম্বন্ধ। A close-fisted man—গাচ মুটি বা কবা লোক বুপা।

At close-quarters—शंष्ठांति, निकारे, in direct contact hand to hand

At the close of—কোন কিছুব শেৰে (কোন কাৰ্য শেষ হটলে এটকপ অৰ্থ অফাশ কৰে), At the end or termination of

Draw to a close—পেৰ হটৱা আলা, Approach towards the end, be about to end

Follow close upon-wajake পরেই কিংবা अरक्षरकडे जाना ; Come immediately after.

Closet, kložet, n. [ O. Fr. closet, dim. of clos ] विक्रंब पुर : निकृष आकार्त : निक्रंब शाम ; A small private room ; a recess off a room :- ए. र. निक्रन কোতে বছ-ত ; To shut up in a closet :--পৰাশৰ্ কৰিবাৰ ক্ষ নিভূত কোঠে লট্ডা বাধ্যা; To hold private interviews with; to take into a closet :-গোপন কবিরা বাবা; To conceal. pr. p=Closeting. pa. p=closeted.

Closet sin- ७व नान ; Secret sin. Closeting, n. 书本时 时时代; Frequent inter-Closure, klūžūr, n. 45444; A closing; the act of closing :-- वक्नी ; That which closes or shuts : —(वर्धनी : An enclosure :- (नव ; End or con-

Clot, klot, n. [ M. E. clot, a clod of earth; cog. with Ice. klot, a ball, Dan. klode, a globe ] চাপ ; খনীভূত দ্ৰবা , খনত্তপ্ৰাপ্ত তবল দ্ৰবা , A coagulation; fluid matter thickened or coagulated; a mass of soft or fluid matter concreted, as blood :- v. i. वमीक्ड एडम ; To coagulate. pr. p=clotting. pa. p=clotted.

Clotted hair-atl

Cloth, kloth, n. [ A. S. clath, cloth, clathas, clothes, garments; Ger. kleid, Ice klaedi; a garment ] 43, Woven materials from which garments or covering are made :- " ( ); Dress:-- वानमाय: भाननीय वानमाय: Profession or calling; especially, the clerical profession.

Clothe, kloth, v. t. 43 4141 4178-7; To cover with clothes :- - To provide with clothes : স্ক্রিভ-কু; ভূবিভ-কু; To invest, as with a garment :- आवड-इ : To cover or spread over. pr. p=clothing. pa, p=clothed or clad. Syn :-Robe, dress, drape, attire, apparel, rig, cover,

mvest, array, deck.
Clothes other, n pl. বন্ধ; পোৰাক: পৰিছেল,
Garmen or articles of dress:— পৰা বন্ধ, Bedclothes. Syn.—Garments, dress, apparel, attire, vesture, raiment, vestment, clothing.

Clothier, klothi-er, n. वड अञ्चलकारी वा विद्युला; ভন্তবায় বা ব্যাবিক্তো; Maker or dealer in clothes; one who makes or sells cloths.

Clothing, klothing, n. वज ; পविष्ट्रम ; Garments, clothes.

Cloud, klowd, n [ A. S. clud, a rock ] (44. A collection of visible vapour suspended in the atmosphere; a mass of watery vapour floating in the air :- \* 431; A great crowd or multitude :--ধুম বা ধুলিবাশি; A mass or volume of smoke or flying dirt; a great volume of dust or smoke - 515 of, That which has a lowering or the threatening aspect :- v. t. (वशाक्त-कृ ; To overspread with clouds:—আৰকাৰময়-কু, रिविश्वास्त्र कु; To obscure; to darken :-- निवानण-क ; To render gloomy or sullen :-- नाना बर्ब विश्व का का का का किया कनक-क , Variegate with colours; to stain with dark spots or streaks:-(गपम्क-ए ; (यय वा अवकादा आक्त-ए ; To become obscure; to grow cloudy; to became clouded or darkended.

A passing cloud-ज्विक (नपः वर्षाही वस्त्रकर या अप ; A fleeting cloud ; hence, a difference or misunderstanding which does not last long. Drop from the clouds, Fall from the clouds-আকাশ থেকে পড়া; Come from the sky :- 415 43 veri . Be astounded.

To be under a cloud-गत्नश्यामीय : यनिनश्रक : ক্ষডিগ্ৰ বা হীন্বল-হ; To be under suspicion or in disrepute; to be impaired.

To be under some cloud-stein-F: To labour under trouble or difficulty.

Under a cloud-प्रशास्त्र : यनिनश्र वा कन्द-শ্ৰিত; In disfavour or in disgrace; impaired. Cloudospt, a. 叫到時; Extremely lofty; very high.

Cloudless, klowdles, a. (मध्युक ; উक्त ; Unclouded, clear; bright; luminous. ad=Cloud-

Cloudlet, klowdiet, a. TH (44; A little cloud. Cloudy, klowdi, a. (मण्डाहा ; Overcast with clouds :-- পেমপুর্ব ; Consisting of clouds :--प्रसिंध, अक्कावमय; अन्तरे; Obscure; dark; gloomy :- निवानन ; Not cheerful ; dispiriting : -কাল দাৰ্গে কলন্ধিত; Stained with dark spots. Syn :- Overcast, lowering, lurid, murky, dark, obscure, dim, dusky, gloomy, dismal, not cheerful, sullen. ad=Cloudily. n=cloudiness.

Clough, kluf, n. नदीर् हे भडाका : A narrow valley between hills : - अक्टब वा अक्ब आर्दव कांडे बा fet; A cleft in a rock or the side of a hill.

Clout, klowt, n. [ A. S clut, from W. clut, a patch ] ছোট কাপড়, দেলাই করা কাপড়; A small piece of cloth; a piece of cloth sewed on clumsily :- क्ति वज , A rag ; a patch :- v. t. कीर्व ৰশ্বসংস্কাৰ-কু, ভালি-দে, To patch; join in a clumsy manner; rent clumsily. [ Cleave. Clove, klov, v. farif-7; To split, pa. t. of Clove, klov, n [L. c'ovus, a nail] 司司, A pungent, aromatic spice.

Clove-pink, klov-pingk. n. এক লাভীয় কুল; The clove gilly-flower or carnation pink, which has an odour like that of cloves.

Cloven, klovn, pa. p. of cleave or a. 夏 町は বিভারত, বিভারত, To divide; divided into two parts; parted.

Cloven-footed, Cloven-hoofed, a. হুই ভাগে विच्छ ; विच्छ्ने भर, बहिन्छ-भर, Having the hoof divided into two parts, as the oxen.

To show the cloven foot—কু অভিসন্ধি প্ৰকাশ To show a knavish intention.

Clover, klover, n. জিপতা; ডুণ বিশেষ; A plant with split leaves, used for the fodder of cattle; a species of grass in which the leaf is divided into three lobes. [ live luxuriously.

To live in clover-- হুখ স্বান্ত্ৰে কাল্যাপন-কু; To Clown, klown, n. हावा ; आमा त्वांक ; A rustic ; a country fellow :-- অশিষ্ট ৰ্যক্তি; One coarse and ill-bred :- it; A fool in a play; buffoon : -- অসভা ৰা গ্ৰামা প্ৰকৃতিক লোক; One with the rough manners of a country-man. Syn:-Peasant, swain, clodpole, boor, hind, churl, ill-bred man, buffoon, fool, antic, jester, drollClownish, klownish, s. বাষ্য; অবিষ্ট; Boorish:
—ক্ষর; গ্রহ ; Coarse and awkward; rustic.
ad—Clownishly. n=clownishness. Syn:—Coarse,
vulgar, rough, clumsy, awkward, ungainly;
rude, uncivil, ili-bred, boorish, rustic.

Cloy, kloi, v. t. [L. clavus, a nail] পৰিছ্ত- :
To fill to loathing; to glut or satiate; to surfeit.

Club, klub, n. লাচি; ৰাষ্ট; A cudgel; a heavy tapering stick:—চিড্ডিল বলেব তাস; One of the four suits of cards:—নতা; নমিডি; An association of persons for the promotion of a common object:—v.i. and v.t. নাধাৰা উদ্দেশ্য সাধাৰাৰ স্বাৰ্থনত হ; To combine for the promotion of some common end:—সাধাৰাৰ প্ৰচেৰ পাৰে-দে, To pay an equal proportion of a common reckoning; to share in a common expense.—ৰাষ্ট্য প্ৰহাৰ-কৃ; To beat with a club. pr. p=Clubbing. pa. p=clubbed.

Clubbist, n. কোন সভাব সভা; One who belongs to a club or association.

Club-foot, klub-foot, n কুদ্ৰ কুৎনিত পদ; A deformed foot. a=Club-footed.

Club-house, и. महोत्र ; A place of resort for the members of a club.

Club-law, klub-law, n. সভাৰ ৰাৰহা; Law of a guild:—পাশৰ বল, Brute force:—অভাগোৰ বা লাটিৰ ভোৱে বাজাশাসন; Government by club or violence:—আইনেম পৰিবৰ্ধে অৱৰল-প্ৰবোধ. অবাজকভা; The use of arms, or force, in place of law; anarchy.

Club-moss, klub-moss, n. লভাবিশেষ; শৈৰাল-বিশেষ; A moss like plant; a moss with scaly leaves and stems like a club; the Lycopodium Club together—একজে ভোলন-কৃ, To eat together;—চালা-লা; To contribute.

Cluck, kluk, n. [Ger. glucken, to cluck]
ক্টীৰ ডাক: The call of a hen to her chickens
ত . . ক্টীৰ মত ডাক!; To cry as hen does to her chickens; to make the sounds of a hen when calling on her chickens.

Clue, n সকান; A key to, a guide. See clew A clue to—সন্দেহ ইলে বা ক্ষতিল বিবয়ে বাহা পথ প্ৰদৰ্শন কৰে; That which guides or directs one in anything of a doubtful or intricate nature.—বাহা খেই ধ্বাইনা দেৱ, That which gives a limit in the solution of a mystery.

Clump, klump, দ পিড: Shapeless mass of wood:—বৃহ্ণ বা বড়া বেলি, মাড়, ধোপ , A cluster of trees or shrubs:—ক্ষাকাৰ ভূচপিড , A thick, short, shapeless piece of anything:—মৃত্তিকা.
Compressed clay.

Clumsy, klunizi, a. [M. E. clumsen, to be stiff or benumbed, akin to clam ] কুংনিত; অনুসৰ; কন্তাৰ; Awkward; ungainly; ill-made; badly constructed; shapeless. Syn:—Unwickly, ponderous, lumbering, ill-shaped, awkward, ungainly, untoward, uncouth, unhandy, inapt, unskilful.

Clung, klung—Did cling. pt. and p. p. of Cling Cluster, kluster, n. [ A. S. cluster; Ice. klastr, from the root blib in A. S. cliffan, to adhere] ভাছ; বৰক; পুঞা; কুল; ধলো; A bunch, a number of things growing or grouped together:—কন্তা; Crowd:—v.i. ভাছৰত হইবা ক্ষমে; ধলো হতবা; To grow in clusters:—v.t. বৰকে বৰকে সংগ্ৰহ-কু; ভাছৰত-কু; To collect into a bunch.

Clutch, kluch, v. t. कृत्राण बता ; भक् करिया बता ; To seize, clasp, grasp, or ripe with the hand ; clutch :—v. s. To catch, snatch :—n. कृत्राण बावग ; आज्ञमा ; वर्ष्ट्य मुद्दे ; Seizure ; a gripe ; a grasp. Syn :—Clasp, gripe, grasp, snatch. Clutches, n. pl. ছাত্ত্ব बांचा ; The hands or paws — निक्रचा ; Power ; cruelty ; rapacity.

In the clutches—কৰণে : গ্ৰামে ; in the power of. In the clutches of—কাহাৰত হাতে পড়িলে ( মুঠাৰ কিজৰ ) : Entirely under the power of.

To escape one's clutches—ছাড়াইয়া পৰায়ৰ-ফু; To fly or slip from one's grasp.

Clutter, kluter, n. গোৰমাৰ; A noise; a bustle:
—v. f. গোৰমাৰ-কু; To make a confused noise:
—v. i. To make a bustle or fill with confusion.

Clystor, klister, n. [Gr-klyso, to wash out ] পিচকাৰি, পৰিকাৰ কৰণাৰ্থ পিচকাৰি পেতহা ভৰণ জবা; An injection into the bowels; a liquid injected with the intestines to wash them out.

Coaction, ko-ak-shun, म. दनआदात , सददमति , Force, compulsion.

Coactive, ko-ak-tive, a. প্ৰবন ; একই কাছে নিযুক্ত বা মিলিড . Serving to compel or constrain ; acting in concurrence. [helping.

Coadjutant, a. সাহাধাকাৰী: Mutually assisting, Coadjutor, kū-ad-jūūtor, n. [ 1.. co, with, aliutor, a helper—ad, to, juvo, to help ] সংকাৰী; সহযোগী, আংশী, Assistant; an associate fem = Coadjutrix. n=coadjutorship. Syn:—Ally, partner, colleague, co-operator.

Coagont, ku-ágent, n. महकाबी; महरवाती; कारकृत मजी, मयकिय वाक्ति; A fellow-agent; an assistant or associate in an act

Coagulable, kū-ag'ū-la-bl, a. বৰীভূত হইবাৰ বোণা, বনীভূত হইবাৰ উপৰোগী; That may be thickened; capable of being coagulated.

Congulant, kō-ag'u-lant, স. ঘলত্ত আৰু আৰু বিশেষ; A substance which causes coagulation, as rennet.

Coagulate, kō-ag'ū-lāt, v. t. [ I.. coagulo—co, together, ago, to drive ] খনীতুত-ফু, To make to curdle or congeal; to thicken or turn into clots:—v i. খনীতুত-ফু; To curdle or congeal,

n=coagulation. a=coagulative. Syn: -Thicken, concrete, curdle, congeal, condense.

Coagulator, n. वाल्यावक ; That which causes coagulation.

Coagulated :- पनीकृष वह ; A clot of blood.

Coal, kol, n. [A.S. col, cog. with Ice. kol, Ger. kohle; conn. with Sw. kylla, to kindle ] অসাৰ; পাৰ্থিয়া কয়লা; A solid substance for fuel; charcoal:—v.t. পোডাইয়া কয়লা-কু; To burn to coal:—কয়লা সরবহাং-কু; To supply with coal:—v.i. কয়লা লগুয়া; To take in coal. a=coaly ( অসাবহুং Of or like coal).

Coal gas - कडनाव बाना।

Coal-mine, अ. कडनाव विन ; Colliery.

Coal tar-করনার আলকাতরা।

Coalesce, kō-al-es, v. i. [L. co, together, and alesco, to grow up, from ale, to nourish ] serfine : The unite; to adhere in mass; to grow together; to unite into one body:—as a serial into the order in the serial serial into several into the coalescent. Syn:
—Join, coherc, blend, amalgamate, commix, incorporate, concur, agree, fraternize.

A live coal (Coal of fire)—ছনর অসার . A coal still burning. [kindle strife To blow the coals—বিবাদে উত্তেখিত-কৃ; To To carry coals—অব্যান সহ-কু; আপত্তি সহ-কু,

To submit to degradation or insult

To carry coals to Newcastle—ভেলা মাধায় ভেল বেডয়া; To do something superfluous or unnecessary:—অভাবতত বা অভিবিক্ত কাল-কৃ, To lose one's labour.

To haul over the coals—ভংশনা-কু, ভিৰ্কাৱ-কু; ক্ৰাৰণিছী-কু; To scold; to call to account. Coalescence, kō-al-esens, n. খোগ; মিনৰ; Union.

Coalfield, kölfeld, ন. বেখাৰে কয়নায় আকৰ্
আছে, A field or district containing coal strata.
Coalition, kō-al-ishun, ন. সংবোধ; সন্মিনিত;
Union into a body or mass; uniting into the body:—সন্ধি; একডা; Confederacy or league; alliance. Syn:—Alliance, confederation, confederacy, league, combination, conjunction.

Coalitionist, kō-al-ish-un-ist, দ. সন্ধিৰ্থক; বিভিন্ন বাৰ্থাপুসন্ধাৰী সন্ধাৰেৰ অন্তৰ্ভুক ব্যক্তি; One who joins or promotes coalition.

Coalacent, a. বোপভাৰী; সন্মিলিভ; সন্মিশ্ন-জনক: Uniting : growing together.

चनक ; Uniting ; growing together. Coaly, koli, a. समावाद ; Of or like coal.

Coarse, kors, a. ঘোটা; মুল; Gross; thick; rough:—অসভা; আলিই; Uncivil, rough; rude, unpolished. ad—Coarsely (কক্ষাবে)। ন= Coarseness (কাক্স)। Syn:—Rude, rough, gross, broad, vulgar, indeficate, inelegant, unrefined, immodest, uncouth, clownish, impolite, gruff, boorish; mean, vile.

Poast, köst, n. [Fr. côte for coste—L. costa, rib, side] উপকূল; The sea-shore:—(প্ৰেন্ত্ৰ নীৰা; Limit or border of a country:—b. i. উপকূলে পোত বাবা বাতবা; উপকূলেব নিকট দিয়া অনহাৰে বাতবা; To sail along or near a coast:— পাৰ্থ বা শিকট দিয়া জগৰাৰে বাজ্যা; To sail by or near to. Syn:—(n.) Border, frontier, shore, beach, strand, sea-board, sea-side.

The coast is clear—বিগদ শেষ হইছাছে; শত্ৰ ৰা আপণ্ দ্বীভূত হইছাছে; প্ৰতিবন্ধক বা হাসাদা গিছাছে; The danger is over; the enemies have left.

Coast-line, n. Outline of a coast.

Consting trade—

The trade which is carried on between the different parts of the same country, or under the same jurisdiction, as distinguised from foreign trade; trade between different ports of the same country, as distinguished from foreign trade.

Coasting vessel—উপক্ৰৰাহী পোড; A vessel

employed in coasting; a coaster.

Coastor, köstér, n. পোত যাত্ৰা উপকৃলযাত্ৰী; One who sails near the shore:—উপকৃলয়াত্ৰী পোত;
A vessel that sails along the coast; a vessel employed in home-trade only.

Coastguard, köstgard, n. উপকৃত্-যক্ক; A body of men organised to act as a guard along the coast, orig. intended to prevent smuggling. Coastwise, köstwiz, ad. উপকৃত্য; Along the coast.

Coat, kot, n. [Fr. cotte—Low L. cottus, cotta, a tunic] কোৱা; ৰহি:পৰিক্ষণ; ৰাহিৰেৰ জামা; Upper part of a garment; a kind of outer garment:—কোবৰী; Vesture or habit.—পৰাদিৰ পৰীবাৰৰক নোম; The hair or wool of a beast:—ক্, A membrane or layer; a tegument:—জাজাদৰ; A cover; any covering:—v. f. পৰিধাৰ-কৃ; To put on a coat:—আজাদৰ-কৃ; আজ্বাদিত-কৃ; To overlay; to cover with a coat or layer.

Coat-companion, n. সম্বেৰ বন্ধু ; An associate in prosperity. { আয় বুৰে বায়-কু। Cut your coat according to your cloth— Coat of arms, n. কেলিকচিছ ; ব্যোপরি ব্যবহৃত আবরণ; An armonal device.

Coat of mail, n. an; Altwith; A piece of armour in the form of a coat.

Coatee, kot-e', n. (%) (\*\*15); A very short coat; a little coat.

Coating, n. আজ্বাদনী; বেপ; প্রবেপন; A covering; cloth for coats.

COBX, koks, v t. [ M. E. cokes, a simpleton; prob. from W. coeg, empty, foolish ] মধুৰ কথা ছাবা ছবাৰ; মিষ্ট কথাৰ ছুবাৰ; প্ৰবোধিত ক; ডুই-ক; To wheedle; to fondle; to soothe by flattery; to persuade by fondling, to humour. Syn:—Wheedle, flatter, soothe, cajole, allure, decoy, entice. ad=coaxingly.

Cob, kob, n. [W. cob; cf. Dut. kop, Ger. kopf, the top, head] মুখক; The top or head:
—পিণ্ড; চাৰক; A lump:—বৰ্ষাকৃতি ঘোটা টাই ঘোড়া; A strong pony:—বিশ্বাক লোক; Distinguished person:—উপনাক; মাকড়লা; A spider:
—খনী, অৰ্থ-গৃষ্ট; A rich, covetous person:—
অনাবেৰ পিখ; A head of maize. [metal.
Cobalt, n. বাত্ৰিশেষ; A brittle, reddish gray
Cobble, kobl, v. t. [O. Fr. cobler, to join

together: to be together, from L copula, to join ] water stiff-(". To mend coarsely, as shoes:- (बांडामूडि नाविया त्नका, To do bunglingly Syn .- Botch, clout, patch, bungle. Cobbler, n. बूजारमनारेकांदी छामाद, पुछि,

mender of shoes - अनिपूर् काविकन, आनिष्टि,

A bad workman

Let not the cobbler overstep his last-अविविवेद हाई। नो कदा , Let no one pressume to interfere in matters of which one is ignorant Coble, kobl, n [ W. keubal, a hollow trunk, a boat ] श्रवदश्य, A large pubble - मर् पविवाद হোট বৌৰা , খেবে ডিলা , A small fishing-boat Cobrada capello, ko brada ka-pelo, n अक्साठीय विवस्त छ क्यांशारी नर्ग, A poisonous snake, native of the East Indies which dilates the back and sides of the nick so as to resemble a hood.

Cobweb, kobweb, n উণাতত্ত্ব, মাক্তমাৰ জাল, The spider's web or net -#17 A snare of device - ए ! पांकडमा श्रीता वा यठ चाळ्लानिक-कृ, To cover with, or as with, cobwebs

Cocagne, kok-ah, n [Fr. cocagne, from L coque, to cook ] काञ्चिक क्थ्यम कान , काञ्चिक च्यांका , An imaginary country of luxury and delight .- जनमहत् . The land of cockneys-London

Cocciferous, kok-sifer-us, a [L. coccus, a berry, and fero, to bear ] জাম প্রভৃতি কুল কল बाबी , A berry-bearing

Cochineal, kochi-nel, n कीहे विर्मेष, An insect - नाका , A scarlet and crimson dye-stuff, consisting of the dried bodies of a mass of certain insects, gathered from the cactus plant in Mexico, the West Indies &c

Cochleary, koklėar-ı, Cochleate, koklè-at, Cochleated, kokle-at-ed a | L cochlea, snail-shell, screw ] ৰক, শুকাফুড, Twisted like a snail-shell, spiral.

Cook, kok, n [ A S. coc, an imitative word ] कुछ , The male of the domestic fowl -वायुव शिक्ष निर्माण क्ष , बाय-अवर्गनी , A weather-cock - अधिनावक, A strutting chief, a leader, as, the cock of the club -कूड्रचेंद छोक , Cockcrow - farta, The act of turning, as, the cock of the head - क्य (नोका, A small boat -जीदब (चन , The notch of an arrow - निकिय कांडी, The indicator of a balance -पिन कांडी, The style of a dial - sign, Cock-crowing, dawn - बाणिब अञ्चाक नृह, Cock loft - मना চালিবার ছিত্র, A tap for liquor, a spout - টুপিব cott , The projecting corner of a hat -v t উन्नयिख-कृ, बाष्टा कविश वाबा, To set erect or upright - हेशि वनांव, To set up, as the hat -रमुद्भव (पाठक छोना , To draw back the cock of a gun in order to fire - । अमर्ग वाड्या , मन्दर्स भागरक्थ-कृ, To strut --माथा बाह्ना-कृ, To hold up the head

Cook, kok, n [ Ital cocca a notch, coccare, to put the string of a bow into the notch of the arrow ] क्ष्रक्ष (पांडा , Part of the lock of the gun, part of the gun which snaps or chicks,

Cock, kok, n [Swed koke, a lump of earth Dut kogel, Ger kugel, a ball ] क् पारमच नामा . चारमब छूप , A small pile of hay

Cock-a-hoop, Cock-on-the hoop-will, উज्ञान पूर्व , ब्राह्मजान Triumphant exultant.

Cock and bull story—शंकाध्वि नहा , कि दक्षिण ৰাজ, An improbable story, a story that is tedious and unmeaning, a tedious, trifling or exaggerated story

Cock and hen club-Histor will. Public house where men and women associate

Cockade, kok 3d, n চিক্ৰিশেৰ, টুপিৰ কুৰ ৰা किए।, Badge worn in the hat, a knot of ribbons or something similar worn on the hat as a badge [ soldier.

To mount the cockade-To become a Cockatoo, kok-2-100, n कांकांड्या, A parrot with a tuft , a kind of parrot with a crest.

Cockatrice, koka-tris, n कार्त्रानक मर्ग, मरीन्थ বিশেষ, A basilisk, a lizard or serpent imagin ed to be produced from a cock's egg [boat Cockboat, kok bot n. कृष्ट (नोका A small Cock-chafer, kol chil cr, n की विवास , An insect of a pitchy black colour

Cock-crow, Cock-crowing, n क्कारित डांक, Crowing of a cock -als ata . Cata Dawn Cocker, v t जान्द-क , To fondle , pamper Cockerel, n क्रादेव नावक, A young cock

Cockeyed, a Bital I

Cock of the walk-পাড়াৰ মডে'ল, One who is master in his own neighbourhood

Cockfight, kokfit, Cock-fighting, Cockmatch, n মোডবের বড়াই . A contest or gamecocks.

Cooking, koking, pr p (यावत्त्रव यक डेटई वांबा जुनिहा, Holding or turning up as a cock does his head - हे श्रेव मण प्राहेश कृतिया , Turning up, as a hat —ৰস্কেৰ খোড়া তুৰিয়া, Drawing back the cock, as of a cun &c

Cock-loft, kok 'oft, n ferria An upper room over the gairet, the room in a house next the roof

Cocklane ghost-A tale of terror without truth, an imaginary tale of horror.

Cock-pit, kokpit, " क्वंद शुःखव शान , A place where cocks fight —(नोर्बाश्ड'र्व वर्गडवीर गृह, वन्त्रीय (द अर्म युक्तकारल आइल नाविकामन्त्र बाबा EX, A room in a slip of-war for the wounded during an action

Cook roach, ko'croch, n (क्लां(श्राका , आर्थुला , बार्याना , The common black beetle

Cockscomb, kokskom n व्यूटिव यसका हुन . কুকুট পিখা, The comb of a cock -কুলবাৰ, A fop — ৰক্পকাৰ চাৰাগাছ, The name of three plants

Cook-sparrow, n 7 ( F5), He-sparrow Cockswain of Coxswain, kokswan, n. (4) यांचि , त्योकांच नाचि , One who has charge of a boat, a seam in who steers a boat, and under the superior officer takes charge of it.

Cocksure, a farst, Confidently certain. Cokle, kokl, n. पश्च मधावली अवकालीय आनाहा. जल- নধাৰ বাৰ; A troublesome weed among corn, with a purple flower, a weed that grows among corn.

Cockle, kokl, ন. পর্ক; মংস্তবিশেষ; A shell-fish, having two wrinkled shells, of a heart shape:—
ভ. t. or ভ. i. স্বুচিড-ড়; To contract into wrinkles; to shrink.

Hot cockles, n. जीड़ांविरचव ; A game.

Cockney, kokne, n. শ্রীৰভাৰবিশিষ্ট ব্যক্তি; বৈশ ব্যক্তি; An effeminate person:—সভন নহবেব বোড; নভন্নগ্ৰহানী; A native or resident of the city of London, used contemptuously; byname for a native of the city of London. pl=

Cockneydom, kokne-dum, n. বৈশ সহবে বাবুদেৰ আবাৰ; সংলবাসীদিকেৰ বাৰছাৰ; The region or home of cockneys.

Cockneyism, kokne-izm, ম. জ্ওল্বাসীদিপেৰ আচাৰ ব্যবহাৰ বা ভাৰা; The dialect or manners of a Cockney.

Cocoa, ko'kō, n শাহিকেল বৃদ্ধ. A palm tree, producing the cocoa-nut:—একলকাৰ পানীৰ, The beverage made of it.

Cocos-nut or coconut, ko'ko-nut, n. भावित्रल , The well-known fruit of the cocoa-palm.

Cocoon, kö-köön, n [Fr cocon, from coque, a shell—I. concha, a shell] (বৰ্ণমৰ খন্তী, খটিকা, The egg-shaped shell or covering which the larvae of silk-worms and some other insects spin; the silk worm-case.

Cocoonery, ko-koon'er-i, স. ভূঁতপত ৰাজ্যাইবাৰ সময় বেশমপোকা বেখানে বঞ্চিত হয়, ভটিপোকা বাৰি-বাম বৃহ, A place for keeping silk-worms, when feeding and spinning cocoons

Coction, kokshun, n [L. coctio—coque, to boil, to cook] [ भिष्कवर्ग; भाकवर्ग; Cooking; the act of boiling.

Cod, kod, n. [A. S. codd, a small bag, Ice koddt, a cushion] ডুব; বোলা, A husk, shell, —বীৰবোৰ, A pod:—বালিস; A pillow or cushion.

Cod, kod, Codfish, kodfish, n. নামুখিৰ মংক্ত বিশেষ; A sea-fish; a species of fish much used as food, found in the northern seas.

Coddle, kodi, v. t. আগৰ-ক. To pamper; to fondle. Syn:—Nurse, humour, caress, pet Code, kod, n. [Fr. code—L. codex or caudex, the trunk of a tree, a tablet for writing, a set of tablets, a book ] সংহিতা; বিধি; আইন-মছ; A collection or digest of laws.

Codger, kodjer, n. নীচ ব্যক্তি; A mean person. Codicil, kodi-sil, n. দানপত্ৰেৰ কোড়পত্ৰ; বিনিয়োগ পত্ৰেৰ কোড়পত্ৰ; উইল-পত্ৰেৰ পৰে যাহা যোগ ক্যা হয়; A supplement to a will. s=codicillary.

Codify, kodi-fi, v. t. [L. coder, a code, and facio, to make ] সংখিতাভাবে নিৰছ-ক; আইবৰজ্ব; To put into the form of a code; tabulate; systimatize. n=codification. [cod-fish. Codling, kodling, n. বিভ কছ বংল; A young Cod-liver oil, n. কছ বংলেধ বনুত হুইতে প্ৰাপ্ত বিজ্ঞা, An oil obtained from the fresh liver of the common cod.

Codling, kodling, Codlin, kodlin, n. आश्रह कांच बक्काकीय आर्शलकन ; A hard kind of apple. Coofficient, ko-cf-fishent, n. [ L. co, together, and efficient ] आजन महरवारन कांग्रेजियों ; That which acts together with another thing:— (यांकक ; That which unites:—वीक्शिट (य मर्ग्) यांचि वार्ष (वांच वांचि कव्याव वांचित अभावाव ; वीक्शिट अज्ञाव वांचित अभावाव ; वीक्शिट अज्ञाव वांचित अभावाव ; The mumber or known quantity prefixed as a multiplier to a variable or unknown quantity; a known quantity put before letters or quantities, to show how often to take them. n=coefficiency. ad=coefficiently.

Cooqual, ko-ékwal, a. সম; তুল্য; সৰাৰপনত্ত; Equal with another, of the same rank, dignity, or power:—n. সমাৰ পাৰত লোক; One who is equal with another.

Coerce, kō-ers, v. t. [ L. coerceo—co, together, arceo, to shut in, conn. with arca, a chest ] यगन-कृ; वाधा-कृ; To restrain; to compel:— जावक कृ; नीयां ज्ञूंब-कृ; To encompass. Syn:—Compel, force, urge, constrain; repress, curb, check, subdue, subjugate.

Coercible, kō-erśi-bl, a. प्यनीय: That may be or ought to be repressed or restrained. ad - coercibly

Coercion, ko-et'shun, n. वसन ; वांबाकवर्ग ; वन ; Restraint ; compulsion ; check ; force.

Coercion Bill-A Bill for restraining anarchy among the Irish.

Coercive, kō-ċrśiv, a. নিয়াৰত ; স্থনক্য ; প্রতি-ব্যাবক ; Compulsory ; compelling, or able to compel ad=coercively.

Coossential, ko-es-seńshal, c. সম্পর্ক; স্থাব পর্যা; Partaking of the same essence.

Coeternal, ko-e-ter'nal, s. क्लाविका ; Equally eternal with another.

Co-exist, kö-egz-ist, v. i. মূগপং অবস্থান-কৃ; To exist at the same time. n=co-existence ( মূগপং অবস্থান ), a=co-existent ( মূগপং অবস্থিত )।

Co-extensive, ko-eks-tensive, a. সম্বিক্ত; স্বায়ত্ত্ব; Equally extensive. v=coextend (স্বাম্ভাল বা খান ব্যাপিয়া বৃদ্ধিত-কু)।

Coffee, kof'ë, n. কাফি; The berries of a tree, growing in warm climates of Asia and America:
—কাফি হইতে প্ৰস্তুত পানীয়বিশেষ, A drink made from the roasted berry, by decoction.

Coffer, koffer, n. [ O. Fr. cofre or cofin, a chest
—L. cophinus, a basket—Gr. kophinus ] নিশ্ৰক;
কর্তক; A chest for holding money:—v. t.
নিশ্ৰকে বাধা; To place in a coffer.

Cofferdam, koi'ér-dam, n. ৰণীগৰ্ভে বড়াৰি গাঁৰিবাৰ সমৰ ব্যবহৃত আহেতাৰোধক কাটনিৰ্মিত নিৰ্ম্ক-বিশেষ; A water-tight barrier or box of timber, placed in the bed of a river &c., to exclude the water during the progress of some work.

Coffin, koffin, n. Matete ; 422414 ABERE AMTE

সিজ্জ; The chest or box in which a dead body is enclosed:—v. t. খৰাধাহে বাধা; To place with a coffin-

Cog, kog, n. [ Acc. to Skeat from Gael. and Ir. cog, a mill-cog ] চকৰত; চাকাৰ হাঁড; A tooth on a wheel, transmitting motion:—প্ৰক্ৰা; A deceit:—n. t. সন্তবিশিষ্ট-ক; চাকাৰ পৰিখিতে হাঁড ব্যাৰ; To fix teeth in the run of a wheel. pr. p=cogging. pa. p=cogged.

Cog, kog, v. t. [W. coegio, to make void, to trick—coeg, empty] প্ৰক্ৰা-ক; প্ৰভাৱণা-ক; ইতাৰ; To cheat, to wheedle, to deceive.

To cog dice—ৰীকাড প্ৰকাৰে পভিত হইবাৰ জন্ত পাৰা ভাৰী-কু; To load them so that they may fall in a given way.

Cogency, kō'jen-si, n. বস্বন্ধ); শক্তি , Power of convincing ; force ; strength.

Cogent, ko'jent, a. [ L. cogo—co, together, and ago, to drive ] প্ৰবন্ধ বস্বৰ, Powerful; convincing; forcible:—বন্ধকাশক; Compulsive:—খানিবাধ্য; Irresistible:—খাত্যাবশক, Urgent. ad=cogently.

Cogitate, kufi-tat, v i. [L. cogito, to think deeply—co, together, and agito, to put a thing in motion] চিন্তা-ক; খান-ক; ভাৰা; To meditate; to ponder; to think much. Syn:—Reflect, meditate, muse, consider, contemplate, ponder, think, deliberate.

Cogitation, koj-i-tā'shun, n. हिन्न ; बगुन ; Deep thought ; meditation ; contemplation :— विके : Purpose.

Cogitative, koji-tā-tiv, a. চিন্তানীল; ধ্যান-জ্বল; ধ্যানপ্ৰায়ণ; Having the power of thinking; given to musing; giving to cogitating.

Cognac, Cogniac, kūńyak, n. উৎকৃষ্ট क्वांनि मन्। निरंगक : The best kind of French brandy.

Cognate, kog'nat, a. [L. cognatus—co, together, and gnascor, gnatus, to be born]
সংগাত্র; Akin by blood; born of the same family; kindred by birth:—সমান্যাতীয়; একজাতীয়,
Proceeding from the same stock; of the same
kind:—n. সংগাত্র; শাতুশানি; One connected
with another by kindred; one related to another
on the female side.

Cognate object—ৰে কৰ্ম তৎক্ৰিয়াৰ গাতৃনিপায়। Cognation, স. সপোৱতা, Relationship, descent from the same origin.

Cognisable, Cognisable, kog'niz-abl, or koń— n. বোধাৰা; আত্ৰয়; Capable of being known; knowable; that may be known or understood:—বিহাধা; That may be judicially investigated; liable to jurisdiction.

Cognisance, Cognisance, kog'ni-zans, or koń— গ্ল. জাৰ; Knowledge:—বিচাৰাধিকাৰ; বিচাৰকেৰ অভি-পৰিচাৰনেৰ দীমা; Judicial knowledge; jurisdiction:—বীকাৰ; Recognition:—চিক্; স্কা; Badge. Syn:—Perception, observation, recognition, acknowledgment; jurisdiction.

Cognisant, Cognisant, kog'nizant, or końn. wie; Having knowledge of.

Cognition, kog-nishun, n. [ L. so. together.

and nesco, enosco, to know ] জাব ; জাতবিবয় ; Knowledge. a=coenitive ( জানসম্বীয় )।

Cognomen, kog-no-men, n. [ L.—co, together, nomen, gnomen, a name—nosco, gnosco, to know ] डेनारि, दःवैद नाय; वःवनक-डेनारि; A surname : family name.

Cohabit, kō-habit, v. i. [ L.—co, together, and habito, to dwell ] স্বীপুরবেদ ভাগ সংবাদ-ভু; স্বীপুরবেদ ভাগ সংবাদ-ভু; স্বীপুরবেদ ভাগ সংবাদ-ভু; স্বীপুরবেদ ভাগ সংবাদ-ভু; To live together as husband and wife, to dwell together as husband and wife, though no legally married. n=cohabitation.

Coheir, ko-år', n, উত্তাধিভাগী; অভ্যুত্ত উত্তাধি-

कावी ; A joint heir.

Cohere kū-hēr, v. i. [L. co, together, and hoereo, to stick] সংলয়-ছ; লাগিয়া থাকা; মুক্ত হয়া; To stick together; to adhere:—উপযুক্ত হ; To be fitted; to be suitable. Syn:—Cleave, unite, adhere, attach, cling, suit, agree, fit.

Coherence, kö-hēr'ens, Coherency, kö-hēr'en-si, n. একল স্থিপন; মংছ'ভ; A sticking together; union of the parts of the same body:—
সক্ষি; Consistency.

Coherent, kō-hēr'ent, a. সংলগ্ন; একত স্থিলিভ; Sticking together:—সংযুক্ত; সংযোগিত; Connected:—উপযুক্ত: Suitable:—সঙ্গুড়; Consistent. ad=coherently.

Cohesion, kō-he'zhun, n. সংবোগ; সংবোজন; সংবোজন; সংবোজন; The act of sticking together; that part of attraction which unites particles of matter and preserves the form of bodies:—
ভাষণীয়ানুবায়ী সৰজ; A logical connection.

Cohesive, kō-hē'sıv, a. স্বোজক; স্বোজ; চট্চটে, That has the power of sticking; tending to unite to a mass. ad=cohesively. n=cohesiveness.

Cohort, kö'hort,, श्र. (बायोब रेम क्षमन्षिरमंद ; Among the ancient Romans, a body of soldiers about 500 or 600 in numbers .—रेमक्षमन , Any band of warriors.

Coif, koif, n. [Low L. cofia, a cap] हिंगि, मस्त्रावस्थ , A cap or covering for the head.

Coiffure, koifur, n. উদীব ; ৰতকাৰৱৰ ; A head-diess.

Coign, koin, n. (कार्ग; A corner; a jutting point, as of wall; a corner-stone: - कोनक; A wedge.

Coil, koil, v. t. [L. colligere—col, together, legere, to gether] কুণনীকুড-কু; পেতীকুড-কু; জড়াৰ; জড়াৰ; To wind in rings, as a rope or a serpent:
— দ কুণ্ডৰ; তালপাকাৰ কড়ি; A rope or other thing gathered into a ring.

Coin, koin, n. বেৰ্ব; A die for stamping money:—মুখা; A piece of metal stamped and current as money:—v.t. মুখ্রিক-কৃ; To stamp and convert into money; to mint:—স্টু-কৃ; উত্থাবিত-কৃ; To make, invent, fabricate. Syn:—Mint, forge, fabricate, counterfeit, invent, originate.

To pay one in his own coin—নুৰ্ খোল বেণ্ডা; তুলা বাৰ্থাৰ-কু; To treat any person in the way he treats others. Coinage, koińāj, n. बूबा अंडल कार्ग वा कोणन ; The act or art of coining :- मूजानपूर ; Money coined; the pieces of metal coined; the metallic currency :-- कञ्चमा ; উद्धारम ; मनाविष्ठम ; Invention ; fabrication :- 11 11; The charges for coining money.

Coincide, ko-in-sid, v. i. [ L .- co, together, incidere-in, in, cado, to fall ] शिविज-ए; धक्कe; To fall or meet in the same point; as two lines or bodies :-- अक्षकांवनदी-इ; अक्षक-इ; To concur or agree :- जूना वा अव-र ; To be identical. Syn: - Correspond, square, tally, quadrate, agree, concur, harmonize.

Coincidence, ko-insi-dens, Coincidency, kō-ińsi-den-si, n. সন্ত্রিপাত ; Agreement in position : act or condition of coinciding :- 34745; अक्षण रुप्त ; भिन्न ; Concurrence ; agreement : -- रिन पहें मार्ड मर्पड मार्ड मार्डिन : The concurrence of events at the same time. a=coincident ad=coincidently.

Coincident, ko-insi-dent, a. भवान दिन्द्र াধ্বিত; এক বিশ্বতে থিবিত; Falling on the same point; meeting at the same point: 一河南西; Agrecing , consistent :- अनुवादी ; Accordant.

Coir. koir. n नादिरकरनद (ছাবড়া; Cocoa-nut [ intercourse. fibre for matting, ropes, &c. Coition, kū-ishun, n স্থীসংসূপ ; বভিক্তিয়া ; Sexual Coko, kok, n. পোড়া পাথুবিয়া কবলা ; Coal charred or half burnt in kilns or ovens:-v. t. 58 ক্রণার পরিণত-কু; To convert into coke.

Colandor, kuland-er, Cullender, kulend-er, n. हाननी; होकनी; बाविद, A vessel having small holes in the bottom, a sieve; a strainer. Cold, kold, a. [ L. gelu, frost, cold ] 明明年, Not warm or hot; the opposite of hot -- 南西语, ৰুপান্ধক , Chilly ; shivering :- উৎসাহপুত্ত , ক্ৰোধ-শুক্ত; Without passion or zeal; spiritless ---উণাধীন , অনাসক , প্ৰতিকৃত্য ; Unfriendly ; indifferent, not cordial -n Gastela; The absence of heat :-- শৈত্য ; শীতাৰ্কতা ; Chilliness --नि ; कम ; A catarrh. Syn :--Gelid, bleak, fingid, chill, indifferent, unconcerned, passionless, distant, unfeeling, spiritless, reserved, coy, chaste. ad = coldly n=coldness.

Cold-blooded. a. देनजामःवजक्षितः Having cold blood :- निर्मत ; निर्मत ; Without feeling. Cold-blooded murder—আহতুক হতা।; A murder committed without provocation.

Cold shoulder, n. El 17 ; Deliberate neglect or contempt.

In cold blood—ভাবিদা চিভিনা: ইচ্ছাপুর্মক: कहरवान ना कविता ; Deliberately ; without excitement or passion; without compunction.

Coldish, kuldish, a. भेरर नेडन ; Hel ; Somewhat cold, cool. [ name for all sorts of cabbage. Cole, n. मर्कश्रकांव क्लिन मांबाबन बांप ; A general Coleopters, kol-e-op'ter-a, n. [Gr. koleos, a sheath, and pteron, pl. ptera, a wing] कोडिविट्चव; A class of insect having an outside horny covering as among the beetles. a=coleopterous. Colewort, kolwurt, n. बक्बाडीप नांक वा कनि , A species of cabbage.

Colie, kolik, n. (लटिव दक्ता. डेमादिक मून ; छमद-चुन ; चुनरवन्नां A severe pain in the bowels ; acute pain in the stomach. e=colicky.

Lead colic, Painter's colic, or Plumber's colic-शीमक गावशंव कांच चून ; Colic produced by slow poisoning with lead.

Coliseum, kol-i-se'um, Colosseum, kol-osc'um, n. (दाय महाडे किन्ट्रभिषादनक वृहद बक्कृषि ; The amphitheatre of the emperor Vespasian in Rome, which was the largest in the world :-अन्मेनी निमिश्व तृद्द कोंलिका ; A large building for exhibitions.

Collaborator, kol-abo-ra-tor, n. [ L. col. with, and laboro, laboratum, to labour ] नाहिना वा विकान अञ्चित्र अञ्चीनरन माशेषाकांनी ; An assistant in labour, particularly literary or scientific. Collapse, kol-aps, n. [ L. col, together, and labor, lapsus, to slide or fall ] भवनाप ; कावनतका : Sudden depression of the bodily energies; a falling away or breaking down, any sudden or complete breakdown or postration:-कार्याङा ; Failure :-- ए. i. अवनत्र- ह ; To fall together suddenly ; shrink up :- विन्हे- इ ; जव:-পাতে-ৰা; To break down , to go to ruin.

The scheme has collapsed—অভিনত্তি কেনে গেছে; The scheme has been unsuccessful.

Collar, kofar,n. [Fr. collier-L. collare-rollum, the neck; akin to A. S. heals, Ger. hals, the neck] ननारक ; Something worn round the neck : -बोबांबक्षनी : देशदंब ; The part of a garment, at the neck :- मुक्त ; वस्ती ; A ring ; a band :v. f. तनरमन् इ ; हे हिन्द ; To seize by the collar :-शीरा-रक्ती পविधान-कृ, To put on a collar.

Slip the collar-18-5; Get free.

Collar-bone, kolar-bon, n. wife; A bone of the neck between the breast-bone and the shoulder-blade; clavicle.

Collate, kol-at, v. t. [ L. collatus, pa. p. of confero-con, together, and fero, to bring ] পুথানুপুথকপে जुलना-क ; পदम्मद यिमाहेश (मशा ; To compare critically; to bring or lay together for comparison :--পাছনিপি পরীকা-ক ; To compare manu cript or book :-- पर्यानाम निरमान-क ; वृद्धि अमान-क ; To place in or confer a benefice : —পুত্তক বাঁথিবার পুর্বে তাহার পাতাগুলি বেরুগ সাজাইতে হয় ভদ্ৰণ সাজাইয়া বাধা; To place in order, as the sheets of a book for binding. Syn:-Collect, adduce, compare, induct.

Collateral, kol-afer-al, a. [ L. col, and latus, lateris, a side } शार्व ; शानाशानि ; Side by side : -যগোরোৎপর; যগোরোছ্ড; Descending from the same stock or ancestor, but not directly, as the children of brothers-opposed to lineal:-आंत्रविक ; Happening or coming together in connection with an event :- n. wife; A collateral relation :- Security given in addition to a principal promise or bond. a./=collaterally. Syn:-(a) Indirect, not lineal, subordinate; confirmatory, concurrent, corroborative. Collateral security, n. Additional security ; security to perform covenants, or pay money. besides the principal security.

Collation, kol-a'shun, n. তুলনাকৰণ; পৰীকা; Comparison:—ৰাজক-নিবোগ; ধৰ্মপালাৰ-নিবোগ; Presentation to a benefice by a bishop:—সৰু আহাৰ; A repast between full meals.

Collator, kol-a'tor, #. প্ৰীক্ষ ; বিল্কাৰী ; One who collates or compares manuscripts or books :---বৃদ্ধিশাভা ; One who collates to a bene-

fice; one who bestows or presents.

Colleague, koleg, n. [Fr. collegue—L. collego—col, together, and lego, to send on an embassy ] সহকাৰী; সহবোগী; স্থান কাৰ্যকাৰক, A pattner, associate or coadjutor:—v. t. or v. i. সাহাধ্যক; সহবোগিতা—ফু; To join or unite with in the same office. pr. p=colleaguing (kol-ēg'ing). pa. p=colleagued (kol-ēgd).

Collect, kol-ekt, v. t. [L. eolligo, collectus, from col, together, and lego, Gr. lego, to gather, to choose] সংগ্রহ-কু; মানিক্ত-কু; একত্র-কু; To gather; to assemble or bring together:—অস্মান-কু; To infer, as a consequence:—চাকা পাওয়া; To get in money:—v. i একত্ত-হু; মানিক্ত-হু; To run together; to accumulate:—n. সামিপ্ত ছাতি; সংক্তিও উপাসনা বা আব্না, A short prayer adapted to a particular day or occasion. Syn:—(v.) Gather, assemble, aggregate, amass, accumulate, deduce, infer.

To collect one's self—গ্ৰহণিড-ছ; বুদ্ধি জন্মনান্ত্; To regain self-control; to recover from surprise or embarrassment

Collectanea, kol-lek-tahe-a, n. pl. সংস্থীত বন্ত্ৰ-সমূদৰ; ভিন্ন ভিন্ন প্ৰস্থাইতে উত্তাংশ; Things collected; a selection of passages from various authors.

Collected, kol-ekted, a. একপ্রিড; সংগ্রীড, Gathered together; assembled, congregated.— বিষ; বিবচিড; পাড; Cool; firm; self-possessed. n=collectedness ad=collectedly.

Collection, kol-ekshun, n জন্তা, An assemblage; crowd:—সংগ্ৰন্থ; Gathering; act of collecting:—চালা; A contribution; gathering of money:—জনুমান; দিখার। নিৰ্মান: Deduction; consequence; corollary, conclusion—
সুণ; বানি; A heap or mass:—সম্পন; A selection. Syn:—An assembly, assemblage, group, crowd, meeting; mass, heap, store, compilation, selection.

Collective, kol-ektiv, a. সংগ্ৰাড ; সম্বেড ; Gathered into a mass, sum or body — ৰহত্-বাচক ; Expressing a number or multitude. ad= collectively.

Collector, kol-ektor, স. সংগ্ৰহকাৰক; সংগ্ৰহকাৰী; One who collects or gathers:—পুৰক-সংগ্ৰহীতা; পুৰক-সৰ্পদ্ৰাৰী; A compiler:—ক্ৰ-সংগ্ৰহীতা, ক্ৰমগ্ৰহক; Tax-gatherer; one who collects customs or taxes.

Collectorship, Collectorste, n. क्वनःशाहरकव अधिकार वा निन ; Office or jurisdiction of collector. College, kolej, n. नवाज ; नववावमाद्री वास्तिरितंत्र नन वा नवा ; A collection or society of men:— नाहिण नवाज ; A society of scholars incorporated for study or instruction:—नाहिण ७ विकान निका निवाद जञ्च विकानव ; अधीन विकानव , कारनज ; An establishment for students acquiring languages and science; the edifice appropriated to a college.

Collegian, kol-c'ji-an, n. এখাৰ বিদ্যালয়েৰ ছাত্ৰ; কালেকেৰ ছাত্ৰ; A member of or student in a college.

Collegiate, kol-হ'ji-ইt, a. প্রধান বিদ্যালয় কম্মীর বা ডংসমূশ; Pertaining to or resembling a college:—প্রধান বিদ্যালয়বিশিষ্ট; প্রধান বিদ্যালয়বন্ধিত; Containing a college, as a town; instituted like a college.

Collet, kolet, #. अन्तीव्यक वर्गवस्त श्रव ; The part of a ring, in which a precious stone is set; the collar of a ring or the part which contains the stone.

Collide, kol-id, v i. [ L. col, together, leedo, to strike ] ধাৰা পাৰা; পৰপৰ আঘাত স্বাৰা; To strike or dash against each other. Syn:—Crash, impact, clash. [ shepherd's dog.

Collie, Colly, koli, n. মেৰণালকের কুৰুত্ব; A Collier, kolyer, n. কংলা-খনক; কয়লাখনির মজুর; One who digs out the coals in a coal-mine; one who works in a coal-mine — কয়লাখাই পোড; কয়লাখাইক নৌলা; A ship that carries coal; a ship employed in carrying coals.

Colliery, kolyer-i, n. কম্পাৰ ধৰি; Coal-mine. Collision, kol-ızhun, n. সংঘৰ্ণ; ধাৰা; A striking together, as of two hard bodies; a clashing:—ৰাধা; বিবাদ; বিৰোধ; Opposition; conflict, interference. Syn:—Clash, concussion, shock, conflict, clashing, encounter, opposition. Collocate, kolo-kat, v. t. [ L. col, together, and loco, to place] একল স্থাপন-সু. ছাপিছ-সু; To place together; to place, set, or station.

Collocation, kol-ত-káshun, n হাপৰ, বিভাৰ; Act of collocating; disposition in place; arrangement.

Collodion, kol-ত'di-on, n. আটাল বস্তু; লিরিলের স্থায় বস্তু; That which is gluey, viscous, or adhesive, that which resembles glue

Collop, kolup, n मार्म ४७ ; A slice of meat. Colloquial, kol-ō'kwı-al, a. চাल्छ ; नकान गुक्-इड : Pertaining to, or used in, common conversation. ad=colloquially.

Colloquialism, kol-ত'kwi-al-izm, স. চলিড কৰা; A form or expression in common use; a form of expression, used in familiar talk.

Colloquy, kolo-kwi, \*\*. [ L. col, together, and loquor, to speak ] প্ৰশাৰ ক্ৰোপক্ষৰ; A mutual discourse; conversation; a dialogue; conference.

Collude, kol-ud, v. i [L. col and ludo, to play] বড়বে-ড়; ক্ষরণা-ড়; To conspire in a fraud; to act in concert; to play into each other's hand.

Collusion, kol-u'zhun, ন. অভাৰণা কৰ্ণোকেনে গুৱস্থি; যড়বস্ত্ৰ ; A secret agreement to deceive ; deceit ; connivance ; act of colluding.

Collusive, kol-u'ziv, a. वाष्क ; वाष्ट्र ; Fraudulently concerted ; deceitful. ad=collusive-ly. n=collusiveness. [ by collusion. Collusory, kol-u'zari, a. व्यक्क ; Characteried

Cologynth, kelf-sinth, n. चिर्मा के वेच चिर्चच ;
The bitter apple; the pith of a species of cucumber—a strong cathartic; the dried and powdered pulp of a kind of cucumber, much used as a purgative.

Cologne, n. भानीय वित्तव ; A toilet liquid, composed of alcohol and aromatic oils originally

made in Cologne.

Colon, kö'lon, n. [Gr. kolon, conn. with koilos, hollow] বৃহলাড়ী; The largest of the intestines. Colon, kö'lon, n. [Gr. kolon, a limb, member] চিক্বিশেষ; ড্ডীয় ছেম; The mark (:) used to indicate a distinct number or clause of a sentence; a stop.

Colonel, kur'nél, n. বেনাবিভাগপতি; বেনাপতি; The chief officer of a regiment. n=colonelcy or colonelship. [ office or rank of a colonel. Coloneloy, kur'nel-si, n. নৈতাখ্যকের পদ; The Colonnade, kol-on-ad, n. শ্রেণীবন্ধ বন্ধসমূহ; ব্যৱ-শ্রেণী, A series or range of columns placed at regular intervals.

Colonial, kol-ঢ'ni-al, a. উপনিবেশ সংখীয়, উপনিবেশিক Pertaining to a colony.

Colonisation, kol-on-i-zāshun, ম. উপনিবেশ স্থাপন; The act of planting with inhabitants; state of being colonised.

Colonisationist, n উপনিবেশৰ পঞ্চপাতী; An advocate of colonisation, &c., especially of colonising Africa by Negro emigrants from America.

Colonise, kolon-iz, v. f. উপৰিবেশ ছাপন কু; To settle or plant a colony in :—উপৰিবেশ-কু; To form into a colony.

Colonist, kolon-ist, n. উপনিবেশবাসী; উপনিবে-পিক, An inhabitant of a colony, a settler.

Colony, kolon-1, n. [ L. colons, a husbandman—colo, to till ] উপনিবেশ; A body of persons, who settle in another country, remaining subject to the parent state; a body of persons who form a fixed settlement in another country:—বে বেশে উপনিবেশ স্থাপন কৰা হয়; The country colonised; a plantation.

Colophon, kolo-fon, n. [ L. colophon—Gr. kolophon, the top, the finish ] পুৰকের শেষভাবে বিবেশিত প্রকাশের ছান ও তারিব প্রভৃতি; An inscription on the last page of a book, before title-pages were used, containing the place or year of its publication.

Colophony, kol-ofni, n. ভাপি ভৈদ চোহাইহা ে কুকৰ ধুৰা পাভয় বাৰ; The dark-coloured resn got from the distillation of oil or turpentine.

Colorifie, kul-ur-ifik, a. [ L. color, and facio, to make ] বৰ্ উৎপাদক; বৰ্ণোৎপাদক; Containing or producing colours.

Colossoum, kol-os-E'um, Coliseum, kol-isE'um, n. বোৰবাৰে তেন্দেসিবাৰেৰ অভি বৃহৎ
অভিযান্তি নাট্যবনিষ; Vespasian's amphitheatre at Rome, which was the largest in the world.

Colossus, n. বিশাল প্রতিমূর্ত্তি ; বৃহৎ প্রতিয়া বিশেষ ; A gigantic statue ; a statue of gigantic size. Colossal, kol-ośal, a. अठ दुरद; दिनान ; करांच ; Gigantic. Syn:—Gigantic, huge, enormons, herculean, monstrous, immense, vast, prodigious.

Colour, kufur, n. [Fr.—L. color, akin to celo, to cover, conceal] আলোকের ভিত্র বিভিন্ন বুর্তিরাপতি ভাবিশেব; A property of light which causes bodies to have different appearances to the eye:—বর্ণ; A property of light:—বঙ্: Dye or tint; paint; pigment:—অলীক বৃত্ত; হল; False show; pretence; disguise — একার; Kind; species:—pl অলা; পভালা; বিশান; Flag, ensign or standard:—v t. বিভিত-তু; To dye; to tinge, to paint:—অভালা বিশাকে আলা মুভ প্রপ্রাক্ত -তু; আভির্ভিত-তু; To give a specious appearance to; to render plausible:—উপপন্ত; To palliate, excuse:—v. i. লিজত-তু; বঙ্ দেখান; To blush; to show colour.

One's colour comes and goes, One's colour changes, One changes colour—(ভয় কিংবা লজায়) মুধ বিবৰ্ণ-ছ; The natural colour of one's face changes under the influence of fear or shame; one turns pale or blushes:—মান্সিক উত্তেজনায় মুধ্জীৰ কৰে কৰে পৰিবৰ্ধন-ছ; One turns pale or blushes alternately from excitement.

Strike one's colours—অধীনতা বীকাৰ চিত্ৰকণ পতাকা নত-কৃ; Lower one's flag, as a sign of submission.

Take the colour of—ৰঞ্জিত-ত্; সমূল-ত্; বিশেষ ভাষাপত্ৰ হত্যা; Be tinged, affected or influenced by , to partake of the character of; to influence by; to derive its distinctive character from.

To change colour-Mead-t; To become paic.

To give colour to—আছবিক ভাব গোপন কৰিয়া বাহিবে সহল ভাব ধাবা কৰান; কোন ভাব ধাবা কৰান; To give an appearance of right or justice to; to set in a fair light:—কোন বিশেষ ধৰণে দীড়ে কৱান, বঞ্জিত-কু; মূৰ্দ্ধি দেওৱা; To give a tone or character to.

To colour a stranger's good—বৈশেশিক ওছ হুইতে অব্যাহতি পাইবাৰ কছ বৈশেশিক বণিককে গুড়-শালাৰ দেশবাদীৰ নামে মাল তুলিতে অনুমতি দেওৱা; To allow a foreigner to enter goods at the custom-house in the name of a citizen, to avoid the alien's duty.

To colour over—ছল প্রয়োগ-কু; To use a pre-Under colour of—কোৰ ছলে; কোৰ অছিলায়; Under the false show or pretence of.

Colourable, kulur-a-bl, a. আগতি সুমৰ; সুমৰ মুক্তিনপত্ৰ, Specious, plausible, having fair appearance.

Colour-blindness, kulur-blindnes, n. দৃষ্ট-বিকাৰ, দর্শনেজিয়ের দোৰ; A defect of the eyesight, by which one is unable to distinguish between colours.

Coloured people—আফিবাৰ কান্ত্ৰি আডি, Person of negro descent; black people, Africans or other descendants, mixed or unmixed.

Colouring, kulur-ing, n. বঙ্ দিবার বস্তু; বঙ্ দিবার কৌশল; আপাতদৃষ্টতে মুল্ব বলিয়া অনুষ্ঠিত (14) Any substance used to give colour; manner of applying colours; specious appearance.

Colourist, kulur-ist, n. চিত্ৰকৰ; বছক; বছৰাৰক; চিত্ৰবিদ্যাৰ পাৰদৰ্শী; One who paints; one who excels in colouring.

Colouriess, kulur-les, n. वर्शन ; पह ; Without colour ; transparent.

Colour-sergeant, kulur-sarjent, n. राज्यनां ; The sergeant who guards the colours of a regiment.

Colportage, kolport-মj, n. পাইকের বা কডিয়া বাবা পুত্তক বিলি; The distribution of books, &c.,

by culporteurs.

Colporteur, kolport-ar, Colporter, kolport-er, n. [ L. collum, the neck and porter—L portare, to carry ] পাইকেয়; কডিয়া, A hawker, a peddlar:—ধর্মপুরু বিক্রো, One who travels about to distribute and sell religious books.

Colt, költ, \*\*. বোটক-শিশু; অৰণাৰক; A young horse:—নিৰ্কোধ ব্যক্তি; A foolish young follow. Colter, Coulter, költer, n. লাজনেৰ কাল; The fore-iron of a plough, that cuts through the ground.

Coltish, költish, a. অখনাৰক সমূল . Like a colt :
—চঞ্চল ; কীডাপ্লির . Frisky ; wanton.

Colt's-foot, költź-foot, n. চাৰাগাছবিশেৰ; A plant with large soft leaves once used in medicine.

Columbary, kölum-ba-ri, n. [ L. columba. a dove ] কপোডগুৰ; পাৰবাৰ খোপ, A pigeon-house. Columbian, kölumbi-an, c. আবেৰিকাসবাৰীৰ; Pertaining to Columbia.

Columbine, kolum-bin, a. [L. columba, a dove] মূলু সমূল; Like a dove:—কণোতবৰ্ণ, Dove-coloured:—n. উদ্ভিদ্ধিশেৰ, A genus of plant:—শিক্লবৰ্ণ; A kind of violet colour:— কৰেৰ ঘটা বা নাহিকা; The heroine of a pantomine.

Column, kolum, n. [L. columen, columna, akin to cel-sus high, collis, a hill] অন্ত; ধান; A cylindrical support for a roof, ceiling &c., a pillar:—নুব; নৈক্ত-শ্রেণী, A body of troops drawn up in deep files:—পোত-শ্রেণী, A body of ships following each other in order:—পুত্তকের অধান্য নিজ্জ অকল পঙ্কি: পৃথান উর্জ্বোধানিনিত আন; A perpendicular row of lines in a book Syn:—Pilaster, shaft, pile, line, row; division. Columnar, kol-umnar, a. অভাকানে সজ্জিত, অভাকান ; Formed in columns; having the form of a column.

Colure, kolūr, n. [Gr. kolouros, dock-tailed —kolos, docked, oura, tail] বিশ্ববেশাৰ উত্তৰ প্ৰাপ্তে পৰ্যাপৰ সমকোণাকাৰে কৰিছ বৃহধ্নৰ অস্তৰ; One of two great circles intersecting at right angles in the poles of the Equator.

Colza, kolza, n. একখাতীয় কপি; A kind of cabbage from the seeds of which is obtained an oil used in lamps.

Coma, ku ma, n. [Gr.—koimeo, to hush to sleep ] গভীৰ নিজা; নিজাবেশ ; জড়ভা ; জচেভদাবহা ; Drep sleep ; rtupor ; morbid drowsiness.

Comatose, kū'ma-tūs, Comatous, kū'ma-tus,

a. विजाविक्षण ; विज्ञानिक्षण ; क्याण् ; Drowsy ; lethargic.

Comb, kom, n. [A. S. camb; Ice. kamlar, comb, crest] চিক্সি; An instrument with teeth, for separating and clearing the hair:—ক্ষ্টিপ্ৰা; The crest of a cock:—ভবকের উপরিভাগ; The top or crest of a wave:—খব্চক; Cells of bees; a cell for honey:—u.t. চিক্স বারা আড্রান; To separate, disentangle, cleanse, adjust or lay straight.

Comb, Combe, kom, n. [ W. cum, a hollow ] ছই পৰ্বতেৰ মধ্যবৰ্ত্তী গহৰ; সন্ধীৰ্ণ উপভাকা; A hollow among hills; a narrow valley.

Comb, kom. n. পরিমাণবিশেষ; ৪ বুলেব; A dry measure of four bushels.

Honey-comb—त्योहांक।

Cock's comb-क्र्डिय माधार मूल वा कृषि।

Combat, kombat or kumbat, v. i. [Fr. combattre, to fight—com, with, and battre, to beat] যুদ্ধ; সংসাধ ; বৰ ; মাবাধাৰি ; A battle or fight; a contest by torce:—v. t. যুদ্ধ-কৃ; To fight with:—বাধা-দে; To oppose or resist:—v. i বিৰাদ-কৃ; বিবোধ-কৃ; To struggle or contend. Syn:—(n) A conflict, contest, encounter, battle, fight, skirmish, brush (v) fight, contest, oppose, battle, strive, cope, engage.
Single combat, n. ব্ৰয়ন; Duel.

Combatant, kombat-ant, n. বোদ্ধা; ব্যকারী:
One who fights or combats:—আগতিকারী: A
controversialist:—a. যুব্ধম: ব্যক্তিমক, বৃদ্ধার্থ
প্রস্তত: Contending; disposed or inclined to
combat.

Combative, kombat-iv, a. বৰ্ণীন; Disposed to fight or contend,—বিৰাদ বা বৃদ্ধ কৰিতে উৎপুক; Inclined to quarrel or fight. n=combativeness. Comber, kömér, n. বে প্ৰমাদি আচেনায়; One who combs wool &c.

Combination, kom-bi-mishun, n. নাবোগ; বিলন; Close union or connection — সমবার; Association; alliance — বড়বছ: Conspiracy — কোন উদ্দেশ্ত নাধনার্থ সমবেত বাজিবর্গ; A number of persons united for a purpose. Syn.—Conjunction, associate; alliance, cabal, confederacy, coalition, conspiracy; mixture, compound.

Combine, kom-biń, v t. [L. combinare, to join—com, together, and bini, two and two] সংযুক্ত কু; মিশিভ-কু; একজ-কু; To unite or join; to join two together; to link together:—v. i. মিশিভ-হ; একমভ-ছ; সাজসুই-ছ; To league together; to come into close union. Syn:—Mix, blend, compound, amalgamate, incorporate; conspire, confederate; associate; co-operate.

Combustible, kom-busti-bl, c. [ L. comburo, combustus, to consume—com, intensive, and buro, uro, to burn ] পাছ; ব্যনীয় : Liable to take fire and burn; inflammable:—স্বায় কাৰ্থে উল্ডেখিক ; কোৰৰ; Easily excited or kindled; quick; irascible:—n. পাছৰঃ; Any thing that will take fire and burn.

Combustibleness, kom-busti-bi-ness, Combustibility, kom-busti-bili-ti, #. न्या বাহতা; Quality or capability of being burnt. Combustion, kom-bustyun, m. হাছ; কহন; A burning:—খলন; বহন-ক্ৰিয়া; The action of fire on combustible bodies.

Come, kum, v. i. [A. S. cuman; Ger. kommen, to come] নিকটে আগমন-ক; নিকটবতী-হ;
To approach; to draw near:—ঘটে; নংঘটিত-হ;
To happen:—প্রকাশমান-হ; পবিক্ট-হ; To appear; to issue; become manifest:—উপষ্টিত-হ;
To be present:—কোন অবস্থায় উপনীত হ; To arrive at a certain state or condition. [arrive. Come about—ঘটা; ঘটে, উপস্থিত-হ; Happen; Come across—সহসা সাকাং-ক; সহসা দেখিতে প্রভাৱ; To meet with; to fall in with.

Come across the mind-Wie atam-p; To enter the mind.

Come after—অসুস্বৰ-কৃ; To follow. Come again—প্ৰস্তাপ্ৰৰ-কৃ; Return.

Come against-wive-, Strike.

Come along—পৰে চলা; Move on the road.
Come among—খনতাৰ মধ্যে অবেশ-ক; Enter
among a crowd.

Come at—পৌছাৰ; পাত্মা; পাত্ত-ছ; Reach; gain:—আক্ৰমণ-কু; To come forward; attack. Come away—প্ৰসাম-কু; To depart; to leave.

Come before — স্থান্ত-ছ, Precede. Come behind— কুড কাৰ্যা-কু, Succeed.

Come between—ন্ধ্যুত্ত ; ছাড়াইলা দেওয়া ; In-

Come by - \*\* Obtain; gain As: -How comes thy master by this gold ?-Scott.

Come, Come—ata ata, (ata ata; Stop (expressing rebuke).

Come down—অবতরণ-কৃ; To descend — পুরুষ প্রশাষায় চানিয়া আদা; To be handed down.

Come down on or upon—চেপে ধরা, আকৃষ্ণ-কু, Fall upon (like a bird of prey); press hard; a-sail.—ভিৰন্ধাৰ-কু; Scold.

Come down to পুৰুষ প্ৰস্থাক্ষ চলিয়া খাৰা; Descend to one; proceed from one generation to another by transmission.

Come down with - সমত প্রিশোধ-ক ; Pay over , deposit in payment.

Come forth—উংপন্ন-ই; To issue or proceed from. [front.

Come forward সমূধে উপন্থিত হ; Step to the Come home to one ক্ষুৱস্থ হ, Affect one's mind convincingly or powerfully, touch one sensibly, to come close; to touch the feelings, interest, or reason; to affect deeply:—To be loosened from the ground, said of anchors ( naut ).

Come in—প্ৰবেশ-কৃ, To enter, as an into enclosure :—প্ৰচলিত-ই; To become fashionable.

Come or go in at one ear and go out at the other—এক কৰ্ণ দিয়া প্ৰদেশ-কৃ, আন্ত কৰ্ণ দিয়া বাহিন-হ; অনতেই বিশ্বত-হ; To be immediately forgotten.

Come in for—পাৰয়; ভাগ পাণৱা; উভৱাধিকাৰীর বন্ধপ পাণৱা; Receive (as one's share); get; be heir to:—কোম কিছুৱ আংশ সাধি-ভূ; To appear and claim a share of. Come into-नवड-र ; To join with ; to comply with.

Come in or into contact with—কাহাৰত সংল্যৰ আসা; মাকাং-ই; Come into close union with one: meet.

Come into collision with - भवा विद्यारी वृद्धा ; Come into conflict with.

Come into collision—हेक्ट नानी; न्यान्य विद्यापी-ए; Come in conflict with; to run with force.

Come into fashion-अहिन्छ-र : नपारक हिनक-F; Become fashionable; become the prevailing mode of dress or ornament :-- (TESTE-F : Be in vogue. [ to be used or employed. Come into play-fage-e; Come into use: Come into possession-Entire ; To acquire; to obtain. f able. Come into vogue—अहिन्ड-इ; Become fashion-Come near or nigh-निकार डेशिक्ड-इ: To approach in place :- नवान-ए; To be equal to. Come of-- उर्भन- र ; To proceed from, as a consequence; to arrise or result from :- (\*) वरान क्याव्न-क ; To be descended from ; to be born of.

Come off— গ্ৰন্থাৰ-কু; Depart from; to escape:
—খটে, Happen:—উন্তীৰ্ণ-ছ: (বিপদ বা স্কট ছইডে)
উন্তীৰ্ণ হট্যা আসা; To fare; to experience a
certain fortune, good or ill, fare at the end of
a struggle, emerge — ( সন্থানের সহিত ) বিপদ
হইতে উন্তীৰ্ণ হড়য়া; Close a struggle with or as.
Come on— অগ্ৰন্থ-ছ; উন্তাভ-কু; To advance;

to thrive; to make progress.

Come out—বাহিৰ-হ; প্রচারিত-হ; To become public; to be published:—পেব-হ; To end or come to an issue:—পেব্যুক-হ; To appear after being clouded.

[ প্রকাশিত-হ, Issue forth.

Come out of, Come out from—বাহিব-হ; Come over—এক হান বা দল হইতে অন্ত হানে বা দলে ঘাৰৱা; পক হইতে পকান্তৰে আসা; To pass from one side or place to another:—প্ৰক্ষা-তৃ; To get the better of any one,

Come round—আবোগা লাভ-কৃ; Recover from sickness; revive:— চৈত্যেগান্য-হ; Regain the proper use of one's ১৫n৯৫৪:—বন্ধু বজাবিত্ত-হ; পুনন্ধিলিত-হ; ফিরিয়া আসা; Return to friendship: একদন পরিত্যাগ করিয়া অভ দলে ববেশ-কৃ; Change from one party or side to another:—পুনঃ পুনঃ কৈ সন্থে-হ; To recur regularly:—প্রক্শন-কৃ; To wheedle; to impose on by flattery.

Come short—বাৰ-হ; অভাৰ-হ; বিকল-হ; To be deficient; to fall; to be wanting.

Come to—সংজ্ঞানাত-হ; To recover as from a swuon:—দৰ্শনে আইনে; পৰিমাণ বা মোটে আসা; To amount to; to come into possession of.

Come to a criais—To arrive at the decisive or turning point. [naturally. Come to a bad end—অপথাতে থবা; Die un-Come to a head—প্ৰপূৰ্ণ-হ; পাকিয়া উঠা; পাকা; To suppurate, as a boil:—পৰিপ্ৰ-হ; To mature, as the plot come to a head.

Come to an end-(44-E; Cease; stop.

Come to an untimely end—water wat; To die prematurely.

Come to an understanding—আপনে নিটমাট-কু; সন্ধি-কু; To amicably agree upon; to settle terms.

Come to a stand still—থাৰা; To be stopped. Come to blows—থাৰাণাৰি-কৃ; হাভাহাতি-কৃ; To quarrel to the extent of violence, to fight.

Come to grief—করে পড়া; Be in troub'e; be ruined or destroyed:—অসিদ্ধ-হ; Fail:—তেনে পড়া; Break down. [ ceived.

Come to hand—sig-e; evis-e, To be re-Come to life—true sig-e; Revive.

Come to naught—अक्डलांग-ए; To fail; not to succeed.

Come to one's self—পুনরার হৈতক প্রাপ্ত-ই;
আবে পাওবা; Recover; come to one's senses,
recover consciousness [occur; to take place.
Come to pass—বট; ঘটবা আনা; Happen; to
Come to pass—বোনরাম্য সমূচে পড়া; Fall into
a predicament.
[an agreement.
Come to terms—সম্ভি-কু; To agree; to make

Come to terms—স্থি-কৃ; To agree; to make Come to nothing—িশ্বন-ই, Be productive of no consequence. [operation

Come into force—বাংগিত-হ; Come into Come to the gallows—To be executed for crime. [or made public Come to light—অকাশিত-হ; To be disclosed

Come to one's knowledge state, To be made known to one.

Come to the ears of—কাৰে আৰা; শ্ৰুভিৰোচৰ-হ; To be communicated to.

Come to the front—সমূৰে উপন্তিত-ই; To come forward prominently; to become the subject of public discussion.

Come to the ground-47-4; Be ruined.

Come to the point—খাসল কথা বশা; To speak on a subject without superfluous words; to take up the main question

Come towards—নিকটে আইনে; Approach
Come up to—পৌছান, Reach.—কোন কিছুব
নীবা পৰ্যান্ত উঠা; কোন বস্তব নিকট পৰ্যান্ত উথিত
হল্পা; Rise to:—মিল হন্তবা; মেলা, Conform to.
Come up with—নাগাইল-গ, Overtake.

Come upon—আক্ষা-ক ; Invade ; fall upon — হাং প্রাপ্ত-হ ; To light upon ; to find unexpertedly.

Come upon the parish—To become so poor as to be supported at public charge.

Come upon the stage—কৰ্মকেন্তে অবতীৰ্ণ-ছ, To appear upon the scene of action; to figure in public life.

Come under--नामिल-र; भान्यज्ञिक-र; Be included:--भयीन-र; Be subject.

Come your ways—আইন, Come along. Come with—সঙ্গে থাজা, Accompany.

Come without—একৰা খাৰা , Come alone. Come what come may, Come what may

—ৰাহাই ঘটুক ৰা কেন , Whatever may happen Come life, come death—ৰাহাই ঘটুক ৰা কেন . Happen what may.

A come-down-904; Downfall.

To come—ৰাহা আইনে নাট; Yet to arrive, future. [ ইইল ; How is it that. How comes it that—কেমন কৰিয়া এটা হয় বা Comer, n. আগতক ; One who comes.

All comers—নকল আকাৰ পোক; All persons indifferently.

Comers, n. Gerraen; The God of festivals and merriment.

Comedian, köm-r'di-an, ন. অভিনেতা; An actor .—হর্বপান নাটক লেখক; সংযোগান্ত নাটককারী; A writer of comedy; one who writes comedies.

Comedy, kome-di, n. [L. comoedia—Gr. komodia, a ludicrous spectacle, from komos, a revel, and ode, a song ] মিলনাম্ভ নাটক; হৰ্মধান নাটক; নাবোগান্ত নাটক; A dramatic piece of a pleasant or humorous description.

Comely, kumil, a. [A. S. cymlic—cyme, suitable, and lic. like] মুদ্রী; সুন্দর; Handsome; graceful:—উপার্ক; Decent, suitable; proper, agreeable:—খানখগারক; Pleasing:—ad. সুন্দর্ভাণ; In a comely manner. Syn:—(a) Decent, fit, proper, seemly; graceful, good-looking, beautiful, pretty, pleasing. n=Comeliness (সৌন্দর্শ))

Comestibles, kom-esti-blz, n [ Fr.-L. comedo, I eat up ] वागुलवा; Eatables

Comet, komet, n. [Gr kometes, long-haired-kome, the hair ] খুৰ্ছে ; A heavenly body with a luminous tail and an eccentric orbit. e=cometary.

Comfit, kumfit. Comfiture, kumfit-ur, n [ A doublet of confect; from Fr confit, confiture - L. co ificio, to make up ] अर्घ विशेष्ट ; A dry sweet meat; a confection.

Comfort, kumfurt, n. সান্ত্ৰা, আবাস; Consolation, solace — জারাম, সাজ্বা, সজ্বাতা; উপৰম; Ease, quiet, rest, relief — (Law) উৎসাহ, সাহাব্য; Support, assistance, encouragement Syn:— Consolation, encouragement, solace, countenance, case, satisfaction, enjoyment.

Comfort, kumfurt, v. t [O. Fr. comforter—L. con, and fortis, strong ] নাৰ্না-কৃ; উৎসাহ-দে, আ্বান-কে; To console; to strengthen; to encourage:—অমুন-কৃ; সঙ্জ-কৃ; To cheer, to revive. Syn:—Solace, console, encourage, enliven, gladden, refresh, confirm, strengthen. n=comforter.

Comfortable, kumfurt-a-bl, a. সাজ্বারদ; হব-জবক, সাজ্বতোগী; Importing or enjoying comfort. Syn:—Pleasing, agreeable, enjoyable, pleasant, delightful, prosperous, snug, convenient. ad=comfortably.

Comforter, n. আবাসক; আবাসকাড়া; সাহলা-বারী; The person who or the thing which comforts:—পৰিৱামা; The Holy Spirit:—সলাবন্ধনী, Neek-scarf.

Comio, korhik, Comical, korhik-al, a. হ্ৰস্থ-ৰীয়; Relating to comedy; not tragic:—হাস্ত-কয়; হাস্তৰ্গক; পৰিহাসকলক; Raising mirth; fitted to excite merriment:—স্বিক; Droll. ad= comically. s=comicality, comicalness. Comfortless, kumifurt-les, a. ব্ৰৰাজ্পবিহীন; Without comfort. Syn:—Forlorn, desolate, cheerless, miserable.

Comitia, ko-mishi-a, n. pl. [L. com, together, eo. itum, to go] আইন প্রচলন: বিচারক নিয়োগ প্রভৃতি কার্যক্ষণার্থ প্রচীন বোষানদিগের অ'তীয় সভা; প্রাকালীন বোমনগরীয় প্রভা সভা; Among the Romans, the assemblies of the people for electing magistrates, passing laws &c.; assemblies of the people in ancient Rome

Comity, komi-ti, n. [ L. comitas,—atis—comis, courteous ] সৌৰস্ক; ভদ্ৰভা; শিষ্টভা; Courtesy;

courteousness, civility.

Comma, koma, n. any ( ) A point thus ( , ). Command, kom-and, v. t [ Fr. commander-L. commendare, to commit to one's charge, to order-com, and mandare, to intrust ] with-क ; To direct ; to bid ; to order -- नावक- इ ; To lead, to be in command of :-- আছের উপর কর্তৃত্ अविधानन-क ; आधिशजा-क ; To have in power ; to be able to exercise power or authority over; to exercise supreme authority over :- पादि-कृ, To challenge : to claim :-- ঘটপথের মধ্যে বাওয়া . To overlook; to have within the observation of the eye:-- v. i. প্রধান প্রভুষ প্রাপ্ত-ছ; শাসন-ছ; To have chief authority over; to govern :-শ আবেশ ; আজা ; An order, authority, injunction; mandate; an authoritative order:-- 450 अपर्यन ; The application or exercise of authority —প্ৰভূষ; Supreme power; control:—চতুদ্দিক अवार्ध (पश्चित्र क्यूडा ; The power of overlooking without obstruction :- (त्रवास्त ; A body of troops under a particular officer :- भ्राकार ; अया-होद ; Message. Syn :- (v.) Bid, order, direct, charge, require, enjoin; rule, sway, govern, lead, overlook; challenge, claim. (n) Control, sway, power, authority, government, management; order, injunction, charge, direction, precept.

At one's command—কাহাৰও আ্বাডেৰ অধীদ (আদেশদাৱেই পাৰ্ডা বাং, এই ভাৰ); At one's control, under one's orders:—ন্ৰুপ্ৰে; At

one's fingers' ends.

Commandant, kom-and-ant, n. ছুৰ্পড়ি; দেবাৰায়ক; One in command of a fort or of a

body of troops.

Commander, kom-ander, n. নামক; A chief; a leader:—গেনাগড়ি; The chief officer of an army:—গোভনামক; An officer in the navy next in rank under a captain. n=commandership.
Commanding, kom-anding, a. শাসনকন; উদ্ভঃ; Authoritative, fitted to impress or con-

trol; imperious. ad=commandingly.

Commanding view—A view that has much

within the sphere of vision.

Commandment, kom-andment, প্ৰ. আজা; হয় ; আবেশ ; A precept ; a law ; a command : — উপাদেশ ; আজা ; One of the ten moral laws. Commeasurable, a. Same as commensurable. Commemorable, a. স্বশ্বোগ্য ; Worthy to be

commemorated.

Commemorate, kom-emo-rat, v. t. [ L. com-

memoratus, pa. p. of commemorare, to remember—com, intensive, and memor, mindful ] यहराई देशव-इ: To celebrate with honour and solemnity; to call to remembrance by a solemn or public act. n=commemoration. Syn:—
Solemnize, celebrate, observe.

Commomorative, kom-emo-ra-tiv, Commomoratory, a. সাৰক; উৰোধক; Tending or serving to preserve the remembrance of.

Commence, kom-ens, v. i. [ L. com, and initiars, to begin—in, into, and eo, to go ] আৰদ্ধেই; উৎপত্নত; উত্ত-ত, To begin; to originate:—
v. t. আরত-তু; ত্রপাত-তু; উৎপাদ্ধ-তু; To originate, to enter upon; to begin. Syn:—Open, start, originate, initiate.

Commencement, kom-ensment, n. আৰম্ভ;
The beginning; origin, rise: the thing begun.
Commend, kom-end, v. t. [L. commendare,
to trust] সম্প্ৰ-কু; To commit in trust:—
ব্যামা-কু; To praise:—ব্যামা-কু; To recommend as worthy. Syn:—Commit, hand over,
yield; recomment; praise, applaud; approve.
Commend (one) to—কাহাৰত হাত সম্প্ৰ-কু;
সপে পেডৱা; Entrust one to.—ডাল বলিয়া বলা;
Recommend as worthy of attention:—কাহাৰত
পক্তে মুক্ৰা কলা; Speak well or favourably of
one to another.

Commendable, kom-enda-bl. a. প্ৰাণ্যনীয়; প্ৰাণ্যনায় উপযুক; Worthy of praise or approbation. ad=commendably. n=commendableness.
Commendation, kom-en-dáshun, n. প্ৰাণ্যনা; Praise:—অভিনন্মন; A message of affection or respect; service; compliments:—হালা-অভান ; Declaration of esteem. Syn:—Approval, recommendation, approbation, good word, praise. Commendatory, kom-enda-to-ri, a. নাখাকর; হাণ্যানুষ্ক; Serving to commend, containing

Commonsurable, kom-ensū-ra-bl, α, স্থপরি-খাণবিশিষ্ট; ডুলা; Having a common measure; reducible to a common measure. ad=commonsurably. n=commonsurability, commonsurableness.

praise; commending.

Commonsurate, kom-ensu-rat, a. ন্যান; তুলা;
ন্যানুপান্তিক; Equal; proportional; equal in
measure or extent. ad=commensurately. n=
commensurateness, commensuration.

Comment, kement, n. [L. commentor, to reflect upon] জিকা; ব্যাখ্যা; সমালোচনা; A remark; observation; criticism; annotation:—
v i. ভাষা-কৃ; সমালোচনা-কৃ; To write annotations; to expound or explain. n=commentator, commentor.

Comment upon—निका हिम्बी-कृ ; ब्र्-कृ ; Make remarks or criticism upon.

Commentary, koment-a-ri, #. ভাষা; ব্যাধ্যা বা স্মালোচন পুৰুক; A book of comments or note:— বিশেষ কটনাৰ বিৰৱণ; A memoir of particular transactions.

Commentator, Commentor, n. नानाकांव; जिन्हांव; Annotator.

Commerce, komers, n. [L. com, with, and merz,

mercis, goods, merchandise] বাণিবা: বাৰদায়; Extended trade or traffic:—সামাজিক আলাপ পৰিচয়; Social intercourse; familiarity:—স্থা-পুক্ৰের বিশ্বাসাপা; Familiar intercourse between the sexes:—v. t. আলাপ পৰিচয়-ক; To hold intercourse with. Syn:—(n.) Trade, traffic, dealing; intercourse, communication.

Articles of commerce—পণ্যৰ ।

Commercial, kom-er'-shal, a. বাণিসাস্থ্যীয়; বাণিসাস্থ্যীয়; Mercantile. ad = commercially. Commigration, kom-mī-grāshun, n. [ L. com, with, and migro, to migrate ] দল্ভ হইন দেশা-ভৱে গ্ৰন ; A migrating together; migration in a body.

Commination, kom-in-a-hun, n [L. com, intensive, and minor, to threaten] অভিশাপ; ভীতিপ্ৰদৰ্শন; A threat; denunciation of punishment or vengeance.

Comminatory, kom-ina-tor-i, a. मखीवधारमञ्ज कत्रमर्भक ; Threatening or denouncing punishment.

Commingle, kom-ing'gl, v. t. [L. com, to-gether, and mingle] শিখিত-কু; To mix together into one mass; to blend.

Comminute, komin-ut, v. t. [L. com, and minuo, to make small—root minus, less] 54-5; To pulverise; to reduce to minute or small particles:—314-5; To lessen. Syn —Pound, grind, bruise, bray, triturate. n—comminution. Commiserable, a. 741(4)7; Deserving commiseration.

Commiserate, kom-iżer-āt, v. t. [L. com, with, and miseror, to deplore, from miser, wretched] জয়-তু; সহাযুত্তি প্রকাশ-তু, অসুকুলা; ; To pity; to sympathise with; to feel for; to compassionate.

Commiseration, kom-iz-er-áshun, n. প্যা, কৰণা; অনুকলা; সহাযুন্ততি, Pity; compassion; fellow-feeling. [pressing commiseration. Commiserative, a. ব্যাপ্রকাশক; Feeling or excommissarial, kom-is-ári-al, a. প্রতিনিধি সংক্রান্ত; সেনাক্ষেক খালাদির স্বব্বাহকারী সহজীয়, Pertaining to a commissary.

Commission, kom-ishun, ন. পাপাচৰণ; Perpetration; act of committing:—সম্পূৰ্ণ; A trust:
—প্ৰভয়াৰা; A warrant of committing some trust to a person;—স্বাস্থাৰ; স্ভবি; Brokerage; fee to an agent for transacting business:—
ক্ষতা; Authority:—কোৰঙ কাৰ্য্য সাধ্যাৰ্থ নিয়ো-

ষিত ব্যক্তিবৰ্গ; Body of commissioners :— আবেশ; Authority; an order :—v. f. আবেশ-কু; কাৰ্বোৰ্ ভাব পেওৱা; ক্ষমভাজনাৰ-কু; নিয়োগ-কু; To give a commission to; to authorise; to appoint.

To put a ship into commission, (naut.)
To send it forth on public service after it has
been laid up.

Commissioner, kom-ishun-er, n. ক্ৰডাঞ্চ ব্যক্তি, কোন কাৰ্য্য সাধনাৰ্থ নিহোজিত বা আছিঃ ব্যক্তি; One who holds authority for the doing of something; an officer in charge of some department of the public service.

Commit, kom-it, v. t. [L. com, with, and mitto, to send] সম্প্ৰ-কু, ভাৰাপ্ৰ-কু; To entrust; to give in charge or trust :—কাৰ্য্য-কু; সৰাধ্য-কু; To do; to perpetrate; to perform :—বাৰা; To deposit :—মতিবাৰী-হু; To match :—বভ কৰা; প্ৰতিজ্ঞাবছ-কু, To pledge or bind, used reflexively:—কাৰাকভ-কু; কাৰাব্যাহৰ প্ৰেৰ্থ-কু; To send to prison :—বিপাৰ-কু; To endanger. p. p=committing. pa. p=committed. Syn:—Intrust, consign, deposit, pledge, give, deliver, execute; perpetrate, exact, perform; imprison, engage; implicate; endanger.

Commit oneself—ধ্বা ভোঁষা দেওৱা: আগনাকে কোন কিছুতে আবদ্ধ-কু; Pledge or bind oneself: —আনবহিত ইইয়া নিজের পক্ষে কোন ক্ষতিঅনক কাৰ্য্য কৰিয়া কেলা; Carelessly do something that is prejudicial to one. [ by heart.

Commit to memory—কঠন ক ; মুৰক ক ; Learn Commit to—কাহাৰত হতে আপা-ক ; Entrust (something or some one):—বিকেপ-ক ; Consign one to.

Commit to paper—কাপকে পেখা; Put in writ-Commit to the flames—পুডিয়া কেলা; Burn. Commitment, kom-itment, n. কারাগাবে

নিকেপ; কারাব্যেধ; Act of committing, esp. of committing to prison; imprisonment:—কারাক্ত্র কবিবার আন্দেশ, An order for sending to prison.

Committal, kom-ital, n. আর্থ ; নম্প ; নেগ্রহ ; Commitment :—কামিন ; A pledge.

Committee, kom-ite, n. কর্মশাদিকা নতা.
দ্বিতি: A number of persons chosen to, consider and manage any business. Syn:—Commission, board.

Commix, kom-iks, v. t. बकरत विशिष्ट ; To mix together --- v. i. विशिष्ट र ; To mix.

Commixture, com-ikstur, n. funt; The state of being mixed; act of mixing together—funds un; The mass formed by mingling different things; compound.

Commode, kom-তd, n. { Fr.—L. commodus, convenient ] বীলোকেৰ মুৰুষাৰৰণ ; A head-dress worn by ladies :—মূলমুৰুষ্যাকেৰ পাৱ ; A bedroom convenience,—a close-stool :—পাৱাদি বাধিবাৰ ভাক ; A small side-board.

Commodious, kom-ōdi-us, a. [ L. commodus. ( lit. having the same measure, fitting )—com, with, modus, measure] সুবিধান্তক; উপবেধী; উপবৃত্ত; সুবৰৰ; Convenient; suitable; useful; comfortable. Syn:—Convenient, suitable, fit,

proper, comfortable, roomy. ==commodiousness. =d=commodiously.

Commodity, kom-odit-i, n. [ L. commoditas, from commodus ] সুবিধা; বাহাতে সুবিধা বান কৰে; A convenience, or that which affords it :—পণ্যাৰা; An article of traffic :—n. pl. বাণিজ্যাৰা; প্ৰায়ৰা; Any object of commerce; goods; ware; merchandise.

Commodore, komo-dor, n. [Corr. of Sp. comendador—L. commendo, in late L. to command] যুদ্ধ সাহাসসমূহের প্রধান নামক; বৃণগোডের অধিনামক; The commander of a squadron or detachment of ships:—ৰাণিস্থাত; The leading ship in a fleet of merchandise.

Common, komun, a. [ Fr. commun-L. communis-com, together, and munis, serving. obliging ] नांशावन ; Belonging equally to many : -नाज्ञजनिक ; General ; universal :- नामाक ; Ordinary ; vulgar :- मर्कमाशाय ; Public :-খরমূলা ; মুলভ ; সহক্ষপ্রাপা ; Of little value ; easy to be had :- afferifan ; amb : Prostitute :-कर्ककर्षवाह्य (बाधक ; উভানিপ্ৰাচক ; Both active and passive, as a verb; both masculine and feminine, as a noun. Syn :- Popular, national, universal, ordinary, customary, familiar, habitual; plain, trite; frequent, current; vulgar, low, inferior :- n. माधातग्रुमि ; Tract of ground open to the use of all :- v. i. नावादन-कृषिव देशव मधानाधिकांव कांछ एक्या ; To have a joint right with others in common ground :- 440 त्राप्त-क ; To board or eat at a table together. Common-carrier, n. Mts; One who undertakes, for hire, to transport goods.

Common-council, kornun-kounsil, n. সাধাৰণ প্রতিনিধি সভা; বে সভায় সহবের সাধাৰণ বিষয়ের আনোবন হয়, A representative Council for the Government of a city; the Council of a city or corporate town.

Common Gender—(Gram.) উত্তলিক; One which is either masculine or feminine.

Common-hall, komun-hawl, n. নগ্ৰশাসী লোকেৰ সাধাৰণ ৰন্ধানুছ; A hall or house in which citizens meet for business.

Common law—অলিখিত ব্যবহা , এখাসজত ব্যবহাৰ ৰা আইন; The unwritten law, the law that receives its binding force from immemorial usage and universal reception, in distinction from the written law.

Common measure, ম. (Arith.) সম্ভাগ; A number which will divide each of two or more numbers exactly.

Common multiple—शंशायन क्रिक ।

Common noun—(व विश्वताश्रव वासक वस्तव वस्तव

Common school—সরকারি বিশাসর।
Common sense, komun-sens, n. বিষযুদ্ধি;
কাঞ্জান; নানান্ত বৃদ্ধি; Sound, practical judgment.

Be common to—অন্তৰ সহিত স্থান থাকা; Belong equally to, be found equally in.

Book of Common Prayer—ইংল্টায় ধৰ্মলালায় গীত্ৰোৱালা; The liturgy of the English Church.

In common, In common with-states; অক্তের সহিত স্থান; Equally with another or িযোগ দেওরা। Make common cause with-(कारायण महिल) Commonage, komun-aj, n. नांदावण व्यक्तिवाद ; The right of using anything in common with others :- পশুচাবশের অধিকার; The right of [ Commom people. pasturing on a common. Commonalty, komun-al-ti, n. नावादन लाक: Commoner, komun-ér, n. সামান্ত লোক ; সাধাৰণ वाकि; A gentleman, not a peer :-- कम्-अन्म मछाव न्हा ; A member of the House of Commons :-जन्नरगर्ड विमानरप्रत विठीत स्थेलैंड काळ : A student of the second rank in the university of Oxford. Commonness, komun-nes, n. नावादगढ : चनः यनः मः भारति , State or quality of being common or usual; frequent occurrence.

Commons, komunz, n. pl. সাধাৰণ লোক; The common people:—প্ৰকাদিশেৰ প্ৰতিনিধি সভা; মহাসভাব নিমুবিভাগ, যাহাতে সাধাৰণ লোকদিশেৰ প্ৰতিনিধিপ সভা; The lower House of English legislature:—একত্ৰে আহাব; সাধাৰণ টেনিফে সজ্জিত খাল্যসামগ্ৰী; Food provided at a common tables, as in colleges:—সভাৰ প্ৰণত্ত খাল্যসামগ্ৰী; A club where all eat at a common table.

Doctor's commons—ৰাৰভাপকদিণাৰ সমাজ; In London, a college for the professors of the civil law. fare.

Short commons, n অল আহাৰ : Insufficient Common-weal, komun-wel, n. সাধাৰণ হিড বা মকৰ : Public good.

Commonwealth, komun-welth, n. সাধাৰণতত্ত্ব;
Republic; the government in a free state:—
ভনসাধাৰণ; সাধাৰণ পোক; The whole body of people in a state; the public:—শাসন প্ৰণালীবিশেষ; ইংলতেৰ বাজা প্ৰথম চাৰ্লদেৰ ৱাজাচু।তিৰ পৰ যে প্ৰজাতত্ত্ব পাসনপ্ৰণালী প্ৰচলিত ইইছাছিল; In English History, the form of government established under Oliver Cromwell.

Commotion, kom-ö'shun, n. [ L. commotio—com, intensive, and moveo, motus, to move] গতবোল: গোল্যাল, আলোলন: Agitation; popular tumult; excitement:—যানসিক বা বাবীৰিক অভিযুখা; Excited or tumultuous action, physical or mental. Syn:—Excitement, disturbance, perturbation, agitation, disorder, noise, bustle, ado, uproar.

Commune, kumun, v. i. আলাপ-ক; To converse together familiarly; to talk together:—
প্রাথন করা; প্রকাষ মুনোভার প্রকাশ-কু; To confer, to have intercourse, to communicate:—গ্রীক্টের প্রবাধ ভোজনে প্রবৃত্ত-হ; To partake of the Lord's Supper:—আত্মতিলা-কু; ভিলা-কু; To have inter-

course with one's self in meditation; to meditate:—n. A small territorial district in France:
—A socialistic political party in France.

Communicable, kom-uni-ka-bl. a. क्यन्द्यांगा ; क्यनीय ; That may be communicated. ad=

communicably.

Communicant, kom-uni-kant, n. ৰে বালি ছুইবিভিন্ন হোগ খাৰ; One who partakes of the Communion; a partaker with others at the Lord's table:—কৰক; জাপক; One who communicates.
Communicate, kom-uni-kāt, v. t [L. communico, communicatus, from communis] অপাৰকু; To bestow; to confer — একাল-কু; To reveal, to give, as information —আখ পেত্ৰা; To give a share of —v. i. আলি-ফু; To share or participate:—প্ৰভুৱ ভোৱেৰ আলি-ফু, To partake of the lord's Supper —To have a passage or entrance from one place to another. Syn —
Tell; make known; inform, unfold, report, reveal, announce, declare, mention, disclose, acquaint

Communicate to—সংবাদ দেভয়া: আভ-কু; Bring to one's knowledge:—কোৰ বেণ্য সঞ্চাৰণ-কু; Transmit (a disease)

Communicate with — জণা বা পত্তাদি ধারা নংবাদ বেওয়া বা নওয়া; Hold intercourse with one by words or letters '— দ'নগ্ন থাকা ( বাচাগ্ৰাভ চৰে এইকণ সংযুক্ত); Afford a passage to

Communication, kom-tin-1-kd-chun গ কৰাৰাজী; পৰ্যায়ী ধনোৱাৰ প্ৰকাশ, Intercourse by
words, letters or messages — সমনাগমনেৰ পৰ;
ৰাজায়াতেৰ পৰ; A connecting passages:—
সংযায়, News; correspondence. Syn — Commence, correspondence, conference, intercourse,
intelligence, news, information, announcement,
disclosure.

Communicative, kom-uni-kā-tiv, a আলাপ-বিষ; জাপনেজু; Unreserved; frank; affable n=communicativeness

Communicatory, kom-ūńi-ka-tor-i, c. 257-27, Imparting knowledge

Communion, kom-unvun, n. প্রকার আপাপ , প্রকার ক্যোপক্ষন; Mutual intercourse; act of communing — ধর্মকিষে নিলন, Union in religious worship — কৃত্রের ভোষের উৎসব; The celebration of the Lord's Supper:—এক মভাবল্যী খ্রীয় স্বাক্ষ; A body of Christians having the same tenets of belief and forms of worship — ধর্মকর্ম ককভা, Union in religions service. Syn—Fellowship, converse, intercourse, unity, concord, agreement; eucharist.

Communism, komunism, n. বিবয় জিব স্থানাধিকাৰ বিজ্ঞান বা ভাষাৰ অবস্থা স্থাংশ সম্পত্তি বিষয়ত যত . A theory or condition of things, according to which private property should be abolished, and all things held in common; socialism; a state of things in which all things are held in common.

Communist, komunist, n. অর্থর সম্বিতাণের
পক্ষপাতী , বিবরের তুল্যাধিকাবের মতাবল্ধী ব্যক্তি;
One who advocates that all things should be held in common.

Community, kom-uńi-ti, n. নাধাৰণেৰ অধিকাৰ বা ভোগ; Common possession or enjoyment — সমাজ; ক আৰু াই; A society of people having common rights, privileges or interests:—সাধাৰণ লোক; অবসাধাৰণ, Society at large; the people in general. Syn:—Association, brotherhood, company, fraternity, commonwealth, body politic, public, people.

Commutable, kom-uta-bi, a. विभिन्न (पान): That may be exchanged or commuted. ==

commutability.

Commutation, kom-U-táshun, #. পৰিবৰ্জ ; Change :—বিৰিমৰ, Barter ; exchange :—(Law) ভঙ্গ গণ্ডের পৰিবৰ্জে লঘু দত ; The change of a penalty from a greater to a less.

Commutative, kom-uta-tiv, a विभिययमध्योत ; পविवर्षनीय ; Interchangeable ; relating to exchange ad=commutatively

Commute, kom-ut, v. t. [L. commute, from com, with, and mute, to change] বিনিয়-ক;
To exchange — মুভ ব্যু-ক; To mitigate; to exchange a punishment for one, less severe:
v i. To arrange to pay in gross

Commutual, kom-ūtú-al, a श्वलाव ; श्विण-रिक , Mutual.

Compact, kom-pakt. a [Fr — L. compactus, pa. p of compango—com, together and pango, to fasten, fix akin to E Fang] মূচ, পক্ত , বিভিন্ন, Firm, close, solid, dense — সংকিত্ত, মূচসংগ্ৰহ, Brief, close; fastened or packed together — u. য় মাইড-ফু. To join firmly; to consolidate — মূচীভূড-ফু; To unite or connect firmly, as in a system — মুক্ত কুৱা; To consolidate. ad=compactly, compactedly. \*\*=compactedness.

Compact, kom-pakt, n. [ L. com. with, and pacisecor, to make a baigain ] প্ৰশাৱ আজীকাৰ, সন্ধি, চুকি, মিলন, A mutual bargain or agreement, a covenant or contract, a league or treaty.

Compactness, kom-pakines, n খনলা; দৃঢ় খোল, নৈকটা, Closeness, close union of parts Companion, kom-panyun, n. [ L. com, with, and panis, bread ] নহাব; নহাবাটা; নজী; A comrade, a consort, a partner, an associate syn —Mate, comiade, consort, friend, partner, ally, confederate. n=companionship (নহচৰতা)। Companionable, kom-panyun-a-ble, a. আলাপাতিয়, ন্ৰোষ্ড, Sociable; agreeable.

Companionless, kom-panyun-les, a. अव्हत-दीन : Without a companion

Company, kunipa-ni, \*. [Fr. compagnie, see companion] সঙ্গা; Fellowship; society:—দল; কন্সন্বায়; Association of persons; any assembly of persons:—ববিক-দল, A corporation; a firm —বেনাৰন, A body of 100 foot-soldiers:—বাণিক্যাগাহের অংশীদার; The patner in a firm —নামক-দল; জাহাজের আহমেহা মুক্ত কর্তাবীশা, The crew of a ship:—০: i. সহত্ব-ছ; সক্ল লভ্যা, To associate with. Syn:—Assembly, society, group, circle, crowd, troop, crew; corporation, association, concourse, gathering, meeting.

Bear one company—কাহাৰত দক্তে ৰাজা বা বাজা; Accompany one. [midst of people. In company—আভার সংস্থা থাকে; In the In company with—কাহাৰত বা কোন বিবাহৰ সহিত একসাল; Together with.

Keep one company—(বছুৰ স্থাৰ কাহাৰত)
সঙ্গী ৰঙৰা বা সঙ্গে থাকা; Associate or remain
with one, as a friend (frequently or habitually.)
Comparable, kompar-a-bl, a. ডুলনীয়; সম্ডুলা; That may be compared. ad=comparably.

Comparative, kom-par'a-tiv, a. আপেৰিক;
Not positive or absolute:—উপদা ধানবোগা;
Having the power of comparing different
things:—উপদিক; Based on comprehensive
comparison:—In Grammar, মুইটাৰ মধ্যে একটাৰ
জংকৰণ্ডক তব্ব প্ৰত্যুদ্ধ; Expressing greater or less
degree of quality. ad=comparatively.

Compare, kom-par, v. t. [L. comparo, to match, from com, together, and paro, to make or esteem equal—par, equal] শ্বীকা-কৃ, তুগন-কৃ; To examine the mutual relations of; to liken or represent as similar:—In Grammar, to inflect as adjective:—v. i. তুল্য-ক; মিলাইয়া দেখা; To be like or equal; to admit of comparison, to hold comparison.

Compare notes—4(5) विनिध-कः, भिनाहेशः (१४१). To exchange opinions &c., in order to learn one another's view; examine with a view to ascertain how far the observations made by one tally with those of another.

Compare to উপমা-ক; ছইমের মধ্যে নামূজ দেখান; Liken a person or thing to another (there being some points of resemblance between them).

Compare with—ইতর বিশেষ স্থানিবার সন্ত ছুইবের তুশনা-কু, Examine (the relations between two persons or things) with a view to ascertain their relative value or excellence.

Comparison, kom-par'i-sun, n. তুপৰা ৰাৱা বিশ্ব: A comparative estimate of things:— উপৰা; Simile:—In Grammar, উৎকৰ্ম বা অপকৰ্ম বোধাৰ্ম বিশেষণ পদেৰ ক্ষপান্তৰ সাধন; The inflection of an adjective.

By way of comparison—উপদা খবে।
In comparison with—কাহাৰত অংকা কোৰ
বিষয়েৰ সহিত তুলনা কৰিলে; Compared with.
Standard of comparison—উপদান।
Subject of comparison—উপদেয়।

Compartment, kom-partment, n. [Fr. from compartir, to divide—L. com, together, and partire, to part] আংশ; ৰঙ; A division of any enclosed space:—পাডিৰ আংশ; গাড়িব কফ; গৃহেৰ আংশ; A subdivision of a carriage; one of the divisions of a room.

Compass, kumpas, n. [Fr. compas, a circle— L com, together, and passus, a step, a way, a route, the mariner's compass goes round in a circle ] পৰিখি; বেইব; Circuit; circumference: — সীমা; Boundary:—পৰিসম্ব; Area; sphere; capacity:—কিগ্লম্ব মা; কিঙ্কিব্ৰিম মা; An instrument consisting of a magnetised needle used to steer ships:—শীত গাইবাৰ খকি; Power of voice; extent of key:—হাব; Space:—সীৰা; আধিতাৰ; Limit; range. Syn:—Area, inclosure; citcuit, circle, round, circular course; stretch, reach, extent, range.

Compass, kumpas, v. f. বেইল-কু; To surround or inclose:—প্ৰকৃষ্ণি-কু; স্বংবৃধ-কু; To pass or go round; to besiege; to block up:—প্ৰাত-কু; বাত-কু; To obtain:—প্ৰকিন্ধি-কু; বড়ব্ৰ-কু; To contrive a plot. Syn:—Surround, environ, inclose, encompass, circumscribe, devise, contrive; gain, secure, obtain, consummate, effect. Compasses, kumpas-ez, n. pl. বৃহাধি স্থানিক কৰিবাৰ বা; কুলান ; An instrument consisting of two movable legs, for describing circles, &c. Mariner's compass—দিগ্ৰুপ্ৰ বা; One which has its needle permanently attached to a card, so that both move together, the card being divided into 32 parts, or points.

To fotch a compass— ব্বিধা-ৰা; প্ৰকৃতিৰ; (বড় (দওরা; বেরা; To go round in a circuit.

Compassion, kom-pashun, n. [Fr.—L. com-passio—com, with, and patior, passus, to suffer ] সংাস্ত্তি; অনুকলা; গথা; প্ৰত্যেকাত্বতা; Sympathy; fellow-feeling; pity. Syn:—Pity, sympathy, commiseration, fellow-feeling, mercy, condolence, tenderness.

Compassionate, kom-pashun-মা, a. প্ৰডুংৰকাত্ত ; কুপাতু; কাকণিক; সদৰ; Sympathising;
merciful; pitiful.—v. t. অনুকলা-ক; দ্বাতু-হ;
কুপাতু-হ; To pity; to commiserate; to have compassion for ad=compassionately. স্ব
compassionateness.

Compatibility, kom-pat-i-bilit-i, এ. সমতি; বোগাতা; উপবোগিতা; Consistency; suitability; agreement.

Compatible, kom-pati-bl, a. [Fr.—L. com, with, patier, to bear ] সুময়ত; (বাৰ); উপযুক্ত; উপযোগী; Suitable; fit; consistent; that suits or agrees with. Syn:—Suitable, agreeable to, accordant, congruous, consonant. ad=compatibly.

Compatible (or consistent) with—কোন িছুৰ উপধানী, Suitable to :—কোন কিছুৰ সহিত্ত মিল বা সন্ধৃত ; In harmony with :—ৰক্ষে থাকিছে পাবা ; Capable of co-existing with.

Compatriot, kom-patri-ot, a. [Fr.—L. com, with, and Patriot] একদেশবাসী; বদেশবাসী; A fellow-countryman; one of the same country:
—a. বদেশীয়; একদেশীয়; Of the same country, and having like interests and feelings.

Compoer, kom-per', n. [L. compar-com, with, and Peer, from par, equal] সহচৰ; সম্ভূল্য ব্যক্তি; ব্যক্ত; A companion or colleague; an equal; an associate.

Compel, kom-pel, v. t. [L. com, intensive, and pello, pulsum, to drive] বলপুৰ্বক অবস্থিত-ক; ব্যান-ক; To oblige; to constrain; to force. a= compellable. [Short; brief: concise. Compendious, kompen-di-us, a. সংকিত্ত: কুল ; Compendium, kom-pendi-um, n. Compend, [L. com, together, and pendo, weigh] সাৰ্ব্যাহ্য;

সংকিথনাত্ত ; সংকো ; An abridgment ; a summary ; an epitome. Syn :—Abstract, synopsis, syllabus, digest, an epitome.

Compensate, kom-pen-sat or kumpen-sat, v. t. [L. com, intensive, and penso, to weigh, freq. of pendo, to weight] প্ৰভাৱ-দে; প্ৰতিশ্ব
; To recompense; to give an equivalent for:—
সম্ভূস্-কৃ; ছতিপূৰ্ণ-কৃ; To counterbalance, to make amends for. Syn:—Reward, recompense, remunerate, requite, atone, satisfy, indemnify, repay; counterbalance, countavail. [up for. Compensation for প্ৰথ-কৃ; পোষাইঘা-দে; Make Compensation, kom-pen-sashun, n. প্ৰভাৱ; প্ৰভিদাৰ, Recompense; remuneration:—ক্তিপূৰ্ণ ; Satisfaction; amends

Comensative, Compensatory, kom-peń-sator-i, a. 46944 ; Making amends.

Compete, kom-pet, v. i. [L. comheto—com, together, and peto, to seek] প্রভিযোগী-ছ; পারি-ভোষিক পাঁইবার অন্ত চেষ্টা করা; To contend for a prize; to carry on competition:—চেষ্টা-কু, To strive.

Compete with (one) for—কাহারও সমকন্ধ- হ; Strive to be equal to .—একট বিষয় পাটবার নিমিত্ত আগ্রহের সহিত চেট্টা-কু; Strive for the thing with another.

Competence, kompetens, Competency, kompeten-si, n. ৰংগ্ৰহণ ; প্ৰচুৰণ ; প্ৰচুৰণ ; Sufficiency, especially of means of subsistence :— অধিকাৰ ; Legal power or capacity or qualifications; right or authority:—উপযুক্তণ ; উপবো-কীড়া; Fitness; suitableness, adequacy.

Competent, kompetent, a. [L. competo, to strive after together, to agree—com, with, and peto, to seek] উপৰোগী, উপৰুষ্ঠ, ৰবেষ্ট; প্ৰচুৰ, Suitable; fit; adequate; sufficient:—উপযুক্ত; Qualified—ক্ষতাশানী, Having adequate power or right. Syn:—Fitted, adequate, fit, adapted, equal, sufficient; able, qualified, capable.

Competition, kom-pe-tisliun, n. প্রতিবোগিঙা; এক বস্তব অন্ত সাধারণ চেষ্টা, প্রাধান্ত লাভের থেষ্টা; প্রতিবাদিকা; বিবাদ, Rivalry; strife for superiority; rivalship, contest, struggle, contention, emulation.

Competitive, kom-peti-tiv, a. প্রভিষোধী; প্রভিধোধিতামূলক; In the way of competition; emulous. [বোগা, A rival or opponent. Competitor, kom-peti-tor, n. প্রভিষ্ণী; প্রভিত্যাক্রটায়; Acting in competition; rivalling.

Compilation, kom-pil-áshun, Compilement, ম. সহলৰ; সংগ্ৰহ, The act or process of compiling:—সংগ্ৰহ পুত্তক, সহলিভ গ্ৰন্থ; A literary work, consisting of parts selected; a literary work composed by gathering the materials from various authors.

Compile, kom-pil, v t. [L com, together, and pilo, to plunder] বুচনা-কু; fগৰা; To write or compose:—সংস্থা-কু; To select and put together:—সংগ্রহ কৰিয়া পুননিবেশ-কু, সংগ্রহ-কু; To collect and re-arrange; to draw up or collect.
Complacence, kom-plasens, Complacency.

kom-plasen-si, n. অসাদ; অসরতা; সভোত: ছত্ত; A feeling of quiet pleasure; satisfaction, pleasure:—কানকের কারণ; The cause of pleasure or joy:—শিক্তা; সৌকত; Civility; complaisance.

Complacent, kom-plasent, a. [ L. com, intensive, and placeo, to please ] শিষ্ট; Having a desire or disposition to please:—প্ৰসন্থ ; পৰিষ্ট ; Gratified; pleased, agreeable; pleasing. Syn:—Courteous. affable, complaisant; gratified, contented. ad=complacently.

Complain, kom-plan, v. i. [L. com, intensive, and plange, to bewail; (lit.) to beat (the breasts)] বিলাপ-ড়; অসম্বোধ সকাশ-ড়; To lament; to mumur:—অভিযোগ-ড়; বালিশ-ড়; To accuse. Syn:—Lament, regret, repine, bewail, grieve, murmur; find fault, croak.

Complain to (one) of—কাহাৰও নিকট কোৰ কিছুৰ জন্ত দালিপ-কু; Bring an accusation before one against somebody.—পোৰ-দে; Find fault with:—ছ:ৰ প্ৰকাশ-কু, Lament:—(পাৰীবিক) অহৰ প্ৰকাশ-কু; Express one's sufferings due to some bodily disease.

Complainant, kom-planant, n. অভিযোজা; বালী : ৰে নালিশ কথে ; A prosecutor or plaintiff ; one who raises a suit

Complaint, kom-plant, n. বিলাপ; ছংৰজান; Lamentation; an expression of grief; murmuring — হাবেৰ বা পীড়াৰ কাৰণ; Cause or subject of complaint or murmuring — বাাধি; পীড়া; A malady; a disease:—আভবোগ; অভিযুক্ত বিষয়; A charge against any one or thing; the thing complained of. Syn:—Remonstrance, accusation, charge; lamentation, murmuring, sorrow, grief; illness, sickness, disease; disorder; grievance.

Complaisance, konipla zans, n. সৌজন্ত, দাজিণ্য; শিষ্টাচার; ভদ্রতা, Civility; courtesy, care or desire to please.

Complaisant, kompla-zant, a. পিটু, কুৰীৰ, ভাঃ বিৰয়ী, Desirous to please; courteous, well-bred; obliging, civil, polite.

Complement, komplement, n. [L. com, and plco, to fill ] অবুপুৰক; প্ৰক; That which completes or fills up; a filling up or completing — পূৰ্ব সংখ্যা; Full quantity or number:—সহায়; Something added for ornament, an accessory. Complemental, kom-ple-mental, Complementary, kom-ple-mentar-i, a. অভাব প্ৰক, পৰিপুৰক; Supplying a deficiency; fully completing, filling up.

Complete, kom-plet, a. পূৰ্ব, Entire, perfect; consummate:—সম্পূৰ্ব; স্বাধান্ত; Pinished, ended, concluded. Syn:—Whole, entire, total, full, all, perfect, faultless; absolute, finished, ended, concluded; unbroken, undivided.

Complete, kom-plet, v. t. [L. compleo, completum, to fill up—com, intensive, and pleo, to fill] বেৰ-ক ; সম্পূৰ্নক ; To finish ; to perfect ; to consummate:—সম্পানক ; To fulfil; to accomplish; to realise. Syn:—Perform, execute; end; terminate, conclude. Completion, kom-pië'shun, n. 441fc; Fulfilment : accomplishment ; realisation :- 1151 ; geffert ; Perfect state.

Complex, kompleks, a. [ L. com, together, and root of plico, to fold ] will ; sat ; Not simple; complicated; involved; intricate; difficult :- विजिन : विज ; Composed of more than one, or of many parts; composite. Syn:-Composite, compounded, complicated, involved. ad=complexly. n=complexness.

Complexion, kom-plekshun, n. [ L. complexio, a combination, physical structure of body-complector, complexus, to entrance-plectere, to plait ] মিল্লভা; খাংশের খোগ; Complexity; connection of parts :- भूरवद वर्ग ; भूवकी ; The colour or hue of the skin, particularly of the face :-काकाद क्षकाद ; The general appearance or aspect :- ( Frame or texture. a=complexional.

Complexional, kom-plekshun-al, a. वर्गरह : ₹/४ ; Depending on or pertaining to com-

plexion.

Complexioned, kom-plckshund, ब. वर्गविनिष्ट : श्रुविविश्व ; Having a certain hue or natural temperament or state.

Complexity, kom-pleksi-ti, n. 事情有可; Intri-Compliance, kom-ph'ans, n. श्रीकाद ; अविति ; Submission; concession; consent, agreement. -- 4男形; A disposition to comply; yielding.

In compliance with-( कार्राव वार्थना, रेक्ट्रो. ब। अवादिक) अनुद्राप ; Agreebly to (one's request, wish, or proposal ).

Compliant, kom-ph'ant, a. निहे ; नम ; विनयो ; नाह . महा ; वाकावादी ; Yielding ; pliant ; civil, complying, bending, submissive.

Complicacy, kom pli-ka-si, n. whow; State of being complicated; complexity.

Complicate, kompli-kāt, v. t. [ L. com, together, and plico, plicatum, to fold ] चिंड-क ; नीदन (कना ; To fold or twist together ; to interweave ; to entangle :- विवय-क ; अक्षत-क ; To render complex; to involve; make intricate:a किन ; Intricate ; complex ; confused.

Complication, kompli-kashun, n. wild. विश्वन रा विजयना ; An intricate blending or entangle-

Complicity, kom-plisi-ti, #. क्वर्यव बहकाविका , इक्टबंब महरवानिया ; State or condition of being an accomplice.

Compliment, kompli-ment, त. विहोत्तव ; वाकि-मनव ; नगावब ; नावब चकार्वना ; An expression of civility, respect, or regard; delicate flattery . -v. t. अन्।ता-कृ; चकार्यना-कृ; (कारायान-कृ; To praise; to congratulate; to flatter. Syn: -(n.) Commendation, flattery, praise, gift, favour.

To stand on compliment-नगरद-इ; To treat with ceremony.

Complimental, Complimentary, kom-plimentar-ri, a. कविनमन ; नन्तानपुष्टन ; कानाश्रम ; (जावारबावडावी ; Containing or expressing civility, respect, or praise; congratulatory; flattering.

Complot, komplot, n. 444 बाह्य ; চক্ৰাৰ ; वड़बड़ ; क्यड़ना ; निक ; A plotting together ; a joint plot, a plot; a conspiracy, a confederacy. Complet, kemplet, v. f. 4545-7; To plot together; to conspire.

Comply, kom-pli, v. i. O. Fr. complir. It. complire, to fulfil, to suit, to offer courtesies-L. complere, to fulfil or complete ] +95-1; रोक्ड-१; अनुर्यानन-कृ; To agree; to consent or conform :- चारकव देव्हानुमादद कार्या-क ; To yield to the wishes of another :-- मन्त्रकि (नक्दा ; To yield or assent to :--পুর্-ক ; সন্পায়-ক ; To fulfil, perform or execute. pr. p=complying. pa. t. pa. p=complied.

Comply with-अर्थनाक्रण काज-क: कारावर जन-(दाध दका-कृ वा आर्थना छना; Yield to:-(काब कि हव अनुमा क्रेबा हला , Conform to.

Inclined to comply—সম্বতিশীল। Complying, a. বয়; নীচাশৰ; Yielding.

Component, kom-po'nent, n. [ L. com, together, and pono, to place ] विकिष नवार्षक উপাদাन : উপাদাन : A constitutional part : one of the elements of a compound; an elementary part of a compound :- a. मन्तर्गक ; विद्यारगान्याती : উপাদানীভূত; অংশীভূত; Constituent; helping to form a compound

Comport, kom-port, v. t. [ L. com, together, and porto, to carry ] strang; To behave: to bear one's self; to conduct-with a reflexive pronoun :- v. i. नगाज-इ; উপযুক্ত-इ; (वानी)-इ; To agree; to accord, to suit.

Comportment, kom-portment, s. 41544; हान्हन्य ; Behaviour, deportment.

Compose, kom-poz, v. t. [ Fr. composer, from L. cum, and Fr. poser, which is from L. pausare, to cease, to rest ] 44 a ; To put together; to make up:-¬¬₹¬+¬₹; To form a compound :-- উद्वाविष-कृ ; छहावन-कृ ; बहना-कृ ; To invent; to originate; to write, as an author, or become the author of, as, a book :- मीगाःमा-To settle; to adjust; as, to compose difficulties :- मास्मा-क ; श्वि-क ; To tranquilise ; to quiet ; to soothe :- 24 4141 ; To form a tune :-केशबुरुकाद्य बाधा ; To place in a proper form :--भूजाक्वावेकात्र-क : To set up types.

Be compose ( or made ) of—डेनानारन निक: Be formed of; consist of.

Composed, kom-pozd, a. नाव : विव : Calm ; sedate : tranquil :- पीमाः मिछ ; श्रिवीक्छ ; Settled : formed; constituted; adjusted. ad=composedly. n=composedness.

Composer, kompuzer, #. (व वाक्ति वहना करव वा माभारेषां वार्य ; त्रथक ; अष्टकाद ; One who composes or adjusts a thing; writer; an author. esp., of a piece of music.

Composite, kompoz-it, a. [ L. compositus, pa. p. of composere, to put together ] विविध ; fufers: Composed of two or more distinct parts ; compounded ; as, a composite language : -পুহনিশ্বাণ নীভিনিশেষ সমনীয় ; ছইঞকার পুহনিশ্বাণ-श्रातीय विश्वनशहर ; Belonging to a certain order of architecture grafted upon the Corinthian; noting a blending of the Ionic and the Corinthian orders,

Somposite number—বিভাল সংখ্যা; A number that can be measured or divided by other numbers greater than a unit.

Composition, kom-pū-zishun, n. বচনা; প্রবন্ধ; A written or printed work, a writing; a pamphlet or book:—In music, সুব্যক্ষ কাৰ্য্য; the act of forming tunes:—মিশ্রণ; Mixture:—িত্য আন্তের বোগ; Any union, combination or disposition of parts:—মীশাংসা; সৃদ্ধি; Adjustment; mutual agreement to terms or conditions; agreement:—বফা; ব্যোবার; Discharging a debt by paying a part:—সকলন; সংযোবার; Synthesis, as opposed to analysis:—ক্ষাব্যিয়ান; Act of setting types. Syn:—Constitution, formation, making, work, production; mixture, compound, union, combination, conjunction; adjustment, commutation, settlement, compromise.

Compositor, kom-pozi-tor, a. মুলাকর বিজ্ঞাস-কারী; One who sets up types, and puts together for printing

Compost, kompost, n. সাৰ , A mixture for manure :—প্ৰনেপ বিশেষ ; A kind of plaster.

Composure, kom-po'zhūr, n. বিস্থাস; Form, adjustment, or disposition of the various parts:
— ধৈৰ্য; Calmness; tranquility:— কৈৰ্য, সম্ভাব; Self-possession. Syn:—Sedateness, calmness, placidity, coolness.

Compound, kom-pound, v. t. [L. com, and ponere, to put] মিপ্রিত-কৃ; বেগ্র-কৃ, এক ব্রিত-কৃ; To mix or combine:—ি বিবাদ ভল্লন-কৃ, আপোরে বিটাইবা কেরা; To settle amicably; to adjust by agreement; to compromise — v ঃ. সম্বত-হ; মন্ধি-কৃ; To agree, to settle by compromise. Syn:—Combine, unite, mix, amalgamate, intermingle, blend; adjust, settle, compromise To compound a felony—অপবাধীকে ছাডিহা কিবা কিছু লগুৱা বা লাভ-কৃ; অভিবোগ কবিতে মিবত হইবার অন্ত কিছু লগুৱা; To accept of a consideration for forbearing to prosecute.

Compound, kompownd, a. নিষিত; থোগিক, Composed of elements, ingredients; not simple:—n. নিষ্ণা, খোগিক পৰাৰ্থ, A mass made up of a number of parts.

A compound word—(योगिक भय।

A compound addition, subtraction, &c.
—শিশ্ৰ সম্বন্ধ, ব্যৱকাৰ ইত্যাদি।

Compounder, kompound-er, ন. ৰে বলা কৰে, One who discharges a debt by certain fixed payments, or by several payments:— বৈধ-পৰিবেশক; One who compounds or mixes different things.

Comprehend, kom-pre-hend, v. t. [ L. com, with, and prehendo, from præ, before, and an old word hendo = Gr. chandano, to hold, comprise ] অনুভাৰ ; অভ্জাৰ ; To comprise; to include:—অনুভাৰ ; ধাৰণা-ক; বুঝা; To conceive; to understand; to grasp. Syn:—Apprehend, embrace; comprise, include, conceive, understand, discern, perceive.

Comprehensible, kom-pre-hensi-bl, s. বোধ-গ্যা; বৃদ্ধিগায়; Capable of being understood, intelligible; conceivable. ad—comprehensibly, n=comprehensibility, comprehensibleness.

Comprehension, kom-pre-henshun, n. অসু-হব; অমুভ্ডি; A comprising; perception:— গীৰকি; Capacity of the mind to understand:— সংক্রিমাব; Summary; epitome:—শামের ব্যাপত অর্থ বা বস্তব সাধারণ নাম্প্রতিত গুণসমন্তি; The intension of a term or the sum of the qualities implied in the term.

Comprehensive, kom-pre-heńsiv, a. ব্যাপক; বিত্তীৰ্ পূৰ্ব , Including much; extensive; full:— বোকে; বীশন্তিসপয়; Having the quality or power to comprehend much. ad=comprehensively. n=comprehensiveness.

Compress, kom-pres, v. t [ L. com, together, and pressare, to press—premo, pressus, to press ] নংকিত-ক; নাৰোচ-ক, সন্থটিত-ক; চাপিয়া কুন্ত-ক; To bring within narrow limits; to press together; to crowd; to condense.

Compress, kompres, n. আৰু-চিকিংসাৰ ব্যবহৃত্ত উপাদানবিশেষ; কড্ডানে দিবাৰ আন্ত নেকড়ার সদি, Folds of linen, used in surgery to make due pressure on any part.

Compressibility, kom-preśi-bil-i-ti, দ. বন্ধ বন্ধন সংকাচন তা , সংকাচনীগভা ; The property that bodies have of being reduced in bulk by pressure.

Compressible, kom-presi-bl, a. স্ৰোচনীয়, নৰোচনীয়, স্বোচনীয়, স্বোচনীয়, স্বোচনীয়, স্বোচনীয়, স্বোচনীয়, স্বোচনীয়, স্বোচনীয়, কি. স্বোচনীয়, কি. স্বোচন ; The act of forcing into a narrow compass; state of being compressed.

Compressive, kom-presiv, a. সংখাদনক্ষ . Having the power to compress; able to compress.

Comprisal, kom-prižal, n. ধাৰণ ; একত্ৰকৰণ : The act of comprising.

Comprise, kom-prīt, v. t. অন্তর্জ-কৃ; আন্তর্গত-কৃ; To include; to comprehend within itself — ধাবণ-কৃ; To contain:—আপিক্সন-কৃ; বেইন-কৃ, To embrace, to inclose.

Compromise, kompro-miz, n. [Fr. com-promis;—L. com, together, and promitio, to promise] আপোৰ; মীমানো; A settlement of differences by mutual promise or concession, adjustment in which concessions are made on each side:—v. t. আপোৰে নিপান্ত-ক; আপোৰ-ক, To adjust and settle by mutual agreement and concessions; to compound:—বিপায়ৰ-ক; মাকটাপান-ক; To pledge; to commit; to put to hazard; to involve or bring into question.

Comptroll, kom-trol, n. খৰন; প্রভুষ; আজা; শাসন; ক্ষড়া; Restraint, authority, command, government, power:—p. t. খ্যব-ড়; শাসন-ড়; To check, to govern.

Comptroller, kom-tröller, ম. কাৰ্যাব্যক ; হিসাব-প্ৰীক্ষ ; A regulator ; a superintendent ; a supervisor.

Compulsion, kom-pulshun, ম. বল-প্রবেশি । বাধা , দশীড়ন , আৰম্ভকতা , Force ; constraint ; necessity; violence. Syn:—Constraint, restraint, coercion, force, urgency, pressure.
Compulsive, kom-pulsiv, a. ব্ৰৱহাৰ ; ব্ৰুমান্ত ; Constraining; forcing; having power to compell. ad—compulsively.

Compulsory, kom-pulsor-i, a. বৰৰং; অবস্থ কৰ্ণীয়; অবস্থ সংশাদা; Forcible, constraining; obligatory; not voluntary. ad=compulsorily. Compunction, kom-pungkshun, n. [ L. com, intensive, and pungo, punctus, to prick ] অসু-ভাপ; অসুৰোচনা; Remorse; sting of conscience; repentance.

Compunctious, kom-pungkshus, a. অৰ্ডান্ত অৰ্ডান্ত্ৰিড় ; Repentent, remorseful; penitent. Compunctive, kom-pungt-iv, a. অৰ্ডাপ্ৰাৰ্ড, Causing remorse.

Computable, kom-pūta-bl, a. গানীয়; That can be numbered or reckoned; that may be calculated.

Computation, kom-pūt-áshun, म. शर्गना ; हिमांव ; Reckoning ; calculation ; estimate. Syn — Account, enumeration, numbering.

Compute, kom-pūt, v. t. [L. com, together, and puto, to reckon] সংখ্যা-কু; গণনা-কু, হিমাৰ-কু, To count; to reckon, to number, to estimate, to calculate. Syn—Number, reckon, enumerate, cast up, sum, calculate; rate, estimate, value.

[One who computes.

Computer, kom-pu'-er, n. মুহরী; হিদাবকারী; Comrade, komrad, n. [ Sp. camavada, a roomfull, a chamber-mate—L. camera, a chamber ] সংচর; স্মী; An intimate companion; an associate.

Con. kon, r t. [A. S cunnian, to test, to try to know—from cunnan, to know ] কটাৰ কু, মুৰ্থকু, মুন্থন্তনাৰে অধ্যমন-কু: To commit to memory, to study carefully. pr p=conning. pa. p=conned Con, kon, Contraction of Latin contra. বিকলে .

A. unst
Pro & Con—অপুকুলে ও প্রতিকুলে, সপকে ও বিপক্তে, Concatenate, kon-kate-nat, v t [1.con, together, and catena, a chain ] পুরাবন্ধ-কু, (মান-কু, পোৰাজ-কু, To link together; to unite.

Concatenation, kon-kat-e-na'shun, a. [L. ron, and catena, chain] শ্রেণীগরস্কা, একত্র ন্বেদ্ধ শুখাল্পেণী; A series of links united.

Concavo, końkāv, a. [L. concavus, from con. intensive, and cavus, hollow] কাপা; উন্তান; বজোদন; ৰজীৱত, নিয়াভান্তৰ খিলানবিশিষ্ট; Hollow vaulted, curved or arched; applied to the innerside of any curved line or rounded body, and opposed to convex, which is applied to the outside:—n. খিলান; উপা; শুন্তগভন্তান; A hollow, an arch or vault.

Concavo-concave, a উভঃদিক বিলানবিশিষ্ট ; (oncave on both surfaces.

Concave-convex, a. Concave on one side, and convex on the other.

Concavity, kon-kavi-ti, n. উত্তাৰতা; নিম্নাত্য-স্থৰতা; ব্যোগৰতা; ব্যোগ; The inner surface of a concave or hollow body.

Conceal, kon-sel, v. t. [ L. concelo, from con,

intensive, and relo, to hide ] গোপন ক ; স্কারিত-ক ; To keep secret ; to hide ; to keep from sight. Syn:—Hide, secrete, cover, mask, screen, disguise. [ may be concealed. Concealable, kon-হাa-bl, a. গোপনীয় ; That

Concealment, kon-sela-bi, a. (পাপনাম; I nat Concealment, kon-selment, n. পোপন; Secrecy; disguise:—পোপনীয় হান; ভথায়ন; Hiding-place.

Concede, kon-sēd, v. f. [L. con, signifying completeness, and cedo to go, to yield] আত্মন্ত্র্বাপ-কৃ, ভাগি-কৃ; To surrender; to quit.— খীকাৰ-কৃ; সভা বলিয়া খীকাৰ-কৃ; To grant, to admit to be true.—v. i. খীকাৰ-কৃ; To make concession. Syn:—Grant, acknowledge, confess, allow, admit, give up, surrender.

Conceit, kon-set, n. চিন্তা; কল্লমা; Idea; thought; conception:—বিকৃত কল্লনা; উৎকট ভাৰ বা কল্লমা; A quaint fancy; pleasant, phantastic or affected notion — আয়নৌৰৰ; আন্তলাখা, অভিন্যান; অহনিকা; Vanity; overestimation of one's self, overweening pride. Syn —Idea, image, opinion, imagination, notion, thought; fancy, whim, vagary, estimate, judgment, opinion; vanity, egotism, quip.

Out of conceit with—পূর্ব অসুবাস বিশ্বত; No Conceited, kon-set'ed, a. আয়াহিমানী; হান্তিক; Vain; egotistical, opinionative. ad=conceitedly, n=conceitedness.

Conceivable, kon-scva-bl, a. বেধন্ম্য; That may be understood or believed; imaginable. ad=conceivably n=conceivableness.

Conceive, kon-sev, v.t. [R. concipio, conceptum, from con, and capio, to take] বাজ থাৱা-কু; To receive into the womb and breed:
—কল্লনা-কু; To devise, to form in the mind—
অহুত্ব-কু; বিস্তা-কু; To imagine, to comprehend.—v. গ প্ৰতা-কু; To become pregnant—fixা-কু; বিবেঘনা-কু, To think. Syn—Suppose, understand, believe, fancy, apprehend, devise, project.

Concentrate, kon-scrittat, ত 1. কেন্দ্ৰীভূত-তৃ; একত্ৰ-কৃ. এক সাধাৰণ বিন্দুতে আনমন-কৃ, To bring to a common centre or point —সঙ্গিকুই-কৃ; অল্লায়ত্ৰ-কৃ; ভ্ৰমাট-কৃ, ঘনীভূত-কৃ, To bring into a closer union, or a narrower compass; to condense.

Concentrate on—এক জায়গায় জড়-কু; Bring together so as to meet in a common centre or place — একই বিবয়ে সমস্ত মন অৰ্থ-কু; Bring together so as to be directed towards a certain object.

Concentration, ken-sen-trá-shun. n. স্থাহাৰ; ধ্নীভূতক্ব; The act of bringing to a common centre; collection into one point or centre; condensation.

Concentration of mind—ৰবেৰ একারভা। Concentrative, kon-sentra-tiv, a. কেন্দ্রান্তি-সারী: Tending to concentrate.

Concentre, kon-senter, v. i. এক সাধারণ বিশ্বতে আন্তর্ব-কৃ; To bring to a common centre or point:—একছাৰে বিশিত-ড়; To come to a point. Concentric, kon-sentrik, Concentrical, kon-seń-trik-al, a. স্থকেল, এক কেল্রবিশিষ্ট, Having a common centre

Concept, końsept, स परनव काव, मक, A notion Conception, kon-sep'shun, n शक्तकाव, शक्-धावन, The act of conceiving — रिखा, मक, Notion, idea, view or opinion. — वृद्धि, धार्थामिडि, The faculty of apprehending

Conceptive, kon-cept-iv, a श्रीवर्णक्य, Capable

of conceiving

Concoptualism, kon-scriu-al izm, n বস্তু হইডে ডদাসবলিক গুণপ্যক্ষারা পূর্ব করিয়া ব্যুথডে পারা বায়, দর্শনপাল্লের এই মন্ত, The doction, that secneral properties can be conceived in the mind apart from any concert embodiment

Concern, kon-sern, n [ Fr I. concerno, from con, together, and corno, to sitt, to see ]
বাপাৰ, বিষয়, কাৰ্য্য, Business লাগ্য — জাৰ্জ্য
কৰ্তা, Moment, importance — ইংক্য, Regard, solicitude, anxiety — কাৰ্য্য , Farm and its business — সংগ্ৰহ, That which relates of belongs to one Syn — Matter business, affair, transaction, care, anxiety, solicitude, carcininess, uneasiness, importance, interest, moment, consequence, weight, from, establishment — v f নংগ্ৰহ বাৰ্থা, বিশ্ব-ই, fo relate, belong to — জাৰ্জক-ই, To be of importance — মৃত্যুক্ত, To look after — হস্তুক্তেশ-ই, To intermedite — দিয়া-ই, শহুৰ্থা-ই, Io make uncisy Syn — Interest, affect, touch regard, trouble, make anxious, distress n=concernment

Concerned, kon-seind a খাণুড, Engaged, having connection with —ডবিয়া, Anxious — খ্ৰোখোগী, Interested ad=concernedly. n=concernedness.

[ Have to do with Be concerned with—সল্প বা মানুষ বাকা.
Concerning, kon-seining, pref সম্মান বিষয়ে, About, relating to, pertaining to, regarding.
Concernment, kon-sein-ment, n বাপুৰ, Affair.—হম্মান্ত, Interposition—উন্নেষ, Solici

tude, anxiety.

Concert, kon-sert, গ বোগ, ঘোগণাৰ, Union, agreement in a design of plan, accordance in a scheme — সুস্থৰ, সুবেৰ বিল, Musical harmony — সৃষ্টাৰ, Musical entertainment — বিৰুধ, বিৰু, Harmony, accordance — গামক শন্ত্ৰ, A number of persons playing or singing the came piece of music in harmony.

Concert, końsert, v. t [Fr concerter—con together, certare, to contend, vie with, acc to Skeat, from L consertus, joined together ] জ্বি, প্রতিক্র, একত্রে মন্ত্রণা কু, একত্রে মন্ত্রামান কু lo lan together, to plan to devise.—v. i মি ভিইমা কার্যা-কু, একত্রে মন্তিমান্ধ-কু, To act in harmony, form combined plans, take counsel—মন্তিক-কু, ঠিক-কু, To arrange, to adjust Syn—Contrive, plot, devise, design, combine, cooperate

Concertina, kon-ser-te'na, n. ৰাদ্যভাষিবেশৰ, A musical instrument, on the principle of the accordion

Concerto, kon-ser'to " গাৰবিষ্যক বচৰা , দলীত-বিষয়িপা ৰচৰা , A piece of music for a concert. Concession, kon-seshun, n. অব্যাণ্য ; The act of granting or yielding — অপুনাহ ; বাব ; বন্ধ বন্ধ , The thing yielded , a grant .— বেৰ থীকাৰ , Acknowledgment by way of apology , confession of guilt [plying concession Concessive, kon-sesiv, a অনুযোগৰস্ভৰ , Im-

Concessory, kon-sesior, a अनुस्थानन्त्रक, im-Concessory, kon-sesor-1, a. अनुस्थानन्त्रकी, Yielding, conceding.

Conch, kongk, n [L. concha—Gr. kongche, Sans. ca 12 ha, a shell, conn. with cockle ] may, mis A maine shell, trumpet

Conchiforous, kong-kif'er-us, a [ L. conchu and fire, to b ar ] শ্ৰের গুই আবরণবিশিষ্ট, Having a bivilse shell

Conchoidal, kong-koidal, a [Gr. kongchē and eidos, form ] \*1474, Shell like, applied to the fracture of a mineral

Conchologist, kong-kolo-jist, अ. अधिकानिदः One versed in conchology.

Conchology, ko, kolo p, n. [Gr kongche and logos, a discourse] 可有國行, The science of shells and of the animals inhabiting them

Conciliate, kon-sifi-it, v f [ L. concilio, conciliatus, to bring together ] শুৰ্ভিড-জু, অখুৰ্জ-কু সভ্ট-জু, fo win over, to reconcile, to make friendly Syn—Reconcile, pacify, appease draw over

Conciliation, kon-sil-i-7'shun, n. অহুৰঞ্চন সম্ভিনাথন, The act of winning over —পুৰ্কাশন, Reconciliation. [peace-maker

Conciliator, kon-sili a-tor, n পার্ত্তিকারক , A Conciliatory, kon-sili-a-tor-i, a. অনুবয়ক , শান্তিকনক , প্রতিক্ষনক , Winning , pacific

Concision, kon-sizhun, म. आएम, धुक्-छ्रम्न, Circumcision, a division, a faction

Conclave, końkiav, n [ l. con, together, and clavis, a key ] প্ৰস্থা, A private meeting, any close assembly — বাস্থান, Private assembly of circlinals, the body of cardinals.—প্ৰস্থ. A private apartment.

Conclude, kon-klood, v t [L conclude—con. together, and claude, to shut] সমাপন-কু, শেব-কু, নিজান্তি-কু, নিজান্ত-কু, পেব-কু, নিজান্ত-কু, বিলান্ত-কু, তেওঁ নিজান্ত-কু, বিলান্ত-কু, তেওঁ নিজান্ত-কু, বিলান্ত-কু, বিলান-কু, বিলান্ত-কু, বিলান্ত-

Conclusion, kon-cloo'zhun, প. শেষ, অবসাৰ; সমাপ্তি, Close, termination, the end:—সিছাড়; অপুমাৰ, Inference or consequence.—বিশান্তি; বিচাৰ, Final determination, judgment.

Conolusive, kon-klousiv, a (44; post. 445), Final, decisive; definite. Syn:-Final, ultimate, definitive, decisive, convinc-

ing, unanswerable. ad = conclusivley—ি। স্থিত্তি ভাবে: অধ্যথ্যীয়ন্তে। n=conclusiveness—অকা-ভাবে: অধ্যথ্যীয়েতা।

A foregone conclusion—পূৰ্ব হুট্ডে ছিবীকৃত বিষয় ; বিচাৰেৰ পূৰ্বেই যে সিদ্ধান্ত যথে মনে হিব কৰা চুইবাছে ; Predetermination ; decision which has preceded argument or examination ; a pre-

determined decision.

Arrive at a conclusion ( Come to a conclusion )—( ভৰ্ক কিংবা অনুসন্ধান কৰিছা) কোন নিৰ্দায়ে উপনীত-হ; Come to a decision ( by inquiry or reasoning ).

Draw a conclusion or inference—(কোন পূৰ্ব্য কথা হইতে) কোন বিষয় সিদ্ধান্ত কৰিয়া লভয়া : Form an opinion or judge (from premises).

In conclusion—অবংশতে ; উপসংহারকালে ;

Jump to a conclusion—একবাৰে নিজাত-তু; (বিশেষ বিবেচনা না কবিয়া) হঠাৎ কোন নিজাতে ইপনীত-তু: Come to a conclusion hastily.

Try conclusions - वन भरीका-कृ; Enter into a trial of strength, be at issue; make a trial

of one's strength.

Concoct, kon-kokt, v. t. [ L. concoquo, concoctus—con, together, and coquo, to cook, to
bul] প্ৰিপাক-কৃ, To digest:—প্ৰিপক-কৃ, To
ripen, to mature or perfect, to prepare:—
ক্তিম্জি-কৃ; মনে মনে ভিন্ত-কৃ; To devise, to contrive, to plan, to plot. Syn—Brew, hatch;
prepare, mature, plot, design, devise.

Concomitant, kon-konii-tant, a. [L. can, with, and comitant, pr p of comitor, to accompany—comes, a companion ] আয়ুবলিক; সংখিতিত, সংক্ত. Accompanying or conjoined, going along with; concurrent; attending:—n. স্কৃত বুলি স্থানি; স্কৃত্ৰ; A companion, an attendant. ad

-concomitantly.

Concord, kong kord, or konkord, n. [Fr. concords, kong kord, or konkord, n. [Fr. concords—concors, of the same heart, from con, together, and cor, cordis, the heart ] মিলন ; একডা; শান্তি; Harmony; union; agreement; unity; peace—আৰম; ঘোৰানা; Agreement or proper relation of words in sentence:—একডাৰ; সুবেব বিল, Concert:—সিন্ধি; A compact; treaty. Syn:—Harmony, unity, unanumity, friendship, good understanding; consonance, unison, concert.

Doncordance, kon-kordans [ L. concordans, pr. p. of concordo—concors, agreeing ] 查可; Agreement:—门传 ; An index ; a dictionary of

biblical phrases; glossary.

Concordant, kon-kordant, a. সুখৰবিশিষ্ট ; এক-বিভ : মিলবিশিষ্ট ; Harmonious ; united, agreable, agreeing, correspondent. sd=concordantly.

Concordat, kon-kordat, n. [ L. concordo, to agree ] সন্ধি; A compact; an agreement; a convocation:—ব্যক্ত প্ৰসংঘ্য সন্ধি; A treaty or compact between a temporal sovereign and people.

Concourse, kong'kors, n. খিনন; সরম; স্মাগন; Confluence:—জনসমূহ; জনতা, সমবাম; An assemblage of men or things:—সভায়ন; A place of meeting; meeting. Syn:—Confluence, convergence; assembly, meeting, assemblage, gathering, collection, crowd, throng.

Concrescence, kon-kresens, n. Attain stat stat; 3fa; Growing together; growth or increase.

Concrete, kohkrët, a. [1.. concretus,—con, together, cresco, cretum, to grow ] জ্বাট্ডজ; Formed into one mass:—ছুল; Conceived as a subject with its attributes; the opposed of abstract, not abstract. Syn:—Compact, consolidated, condensed, incorporated; not abstract, not general:—n. সংহত পদাৰ্থ; যালি, চ্ধু সুষ্ঠি অভৃতি গৃহনিৰ্বাহেশ্ব উপাশাসমূহের মিশ্রণ; A compound; a mixture of a lime, sand, pebbles, used for the foundation of buildings. ad=concretely n=concreteness.

Concrete, końkrei, v. i. জ্বাট-হ; জমিয়া-বা; To unite into a solid mass; to congeal:—v. t. জ্বাটবন্ধ-কু; To form into a mass.

Concrete number—( ড্ৰেন্ত নামের দহিত ) বুক্ত সংখ্যা, যেমন 'পাঁচখানি' বই, 'ভিনটী' ডেলে।

Concretion, kon-kre'shun, n. পিড; তাৰ; A lump; a mass concreted.

Concretive, kon-kretiv, a. अया नी विवाद पक्ति-मन्त्र ; Causing or having power to concrete.

Concubinage, kon-kū-bn-না, n. বিবাহ বিৰা সংবাদ , প্ৰশাব বিবাহিত না ২ইয়া দ্বীপুক্ষের ভায় সং-বাদ , শ্রীপুক্ষের অবৈধ সংবাদ ; The state of living together as man and wife without being married.

Concubine, keng'kū-bīn, n. [L. concubine,—cen, together, cube, to lie down] উপপন্থী; যে অধিবাহিতা স্ত্ৰীলোক প্ৰপুৰ্যের সহবাস কৰে. A woman who cohabits with a man, without being married.

Concupiscenco, kon-kū'pis-cns, n. [ L. con, intensive, cupio, to desire] কাম, আত্যন্তিক বা অবৈ কাম-প্রবৃত্তি, Lust; unlawful or irregular desire of carnal pleasure. a=concupiscent—
কামুক; Libidinous, lewd; lustful, salacious, sensual.

Concur, kon-kur', v. i. [ 1.. con, together, and curro, cursum, to run ] একছাৰে মিনিড-ছ; To coincide; to meet in one point:—একমত-ছ; সম্বত-ছ; To agree; to assent:—যুক্ত-ছ; To unite; to help; to conspire. Syn:—Agree, coincide, harmonize; unite, join, combine, conspire; approve, assent, acquiesce.

Concurrence, Ron-kur'ens, n. মিলৰ; মোগ; Union; conjunction; combination: সন্মতি; Agreement or consent; assent.

Concurrent, kon-kur'ent, a. मश्त्री : महकारी ; महरवाती : अनूहत : Co-operating ; accompanying. ad = concurrently. Concussion, kon-kushun, n. [L. con, intensive, and quatio, to shake] ছই বন্ধ অকলাং সংবৃণি কাৰণ আঘাত; ধাতা; A violent shock caused by the sudden contact of two bodics:—
আ্বাড; The shock of some organ by a full or like cause:—আগেড়ন; Agitation. Syn:—
Shaking, agitating; shock, crash, clash.

Concussive, kon-kuśiv, a. কপান্দন; বাধাকবণ-ভাগপান; আলোডক; Having the power or quality

of shaking; agitating.

Condemn, kon-dem, v. t. [ L. con, intensive, and damno, to damn ] নিন্দা-কু; পোড-দে; To censure; to blame:—দশুবিধান-কু; To pronounce judicial sentence against:—অকগণ প্ৰিব-কু; To be unfit for use or service:—দোষী সাব্যত-কু; স্প্ৰাধী হিব-কু; To pronounce guilty:—বাজে-মাণ্ড হ্ট্যান্ত এইলাপ হিব-কু; To declare to be forfeited:—নাম্প্ৰ-কু; To reject. Syn:—Censure, reprove, reproach; upbraid, doom, sentence, adjudge; confiscate, forfeit.

Condomnable, kon-demna-bl, a. কথাৰ্ছ, Deserving of punishment — নিৰ্বাহ্য নেখি, Blamable; censurable; culpable

Condemnation, kon-dem-náshun, n. নিন্দা: Blame:—নত; Punishment —নিন্দার ক্রেণ; Cause of blame.

Condomnatory, kon-demna-ter-1, a দঃস্কে , নিশাস্কে; নিশানীৰ, Containing of implying cordemnation.

Condensable, kon-den a-bl, a খনীতুও ইইবার খোপা; খনত প্রাপণ্ড ; খনকরণ্ড ; Capable of Leing condensed.

Condensation, kon-den-sáshun, n. গাঢ়করণ, ঘনীকরণ; ঘনত; ঘনত্তপ্রাপ্তি; সন্তুদে; The act of making more dense; the state of being condensed; compression.

Condensative, kon-den-sat-iv, a. ১৭করণক্ষ , Having power or tendency to condense.

Condense, kon-dens, v t. [ L. con, intensive, denso, to make dense] মন্ক; গালক, To make close, compact, thick or dense— াপিয়া স্থা আন্তর্নক; To compress; to reduce into a smaller compass:—v. i. মন্ত; To become dense. close or compact; to grow dense. Syn.—Compress, consolidate, contract, concentrate, abridge, reduce, epitomize; thicken, inspissate, harden:—a. यन; Dense.

Condenser, kon denser, n. ৰাল ঘন কৰিবাৰ পাত্ৰ; A vessel for condensing vapour:—ডাভিড সংগ্ৰহ ৰা ঘন কৰিবাৰ জ্বা; An appliance for collecting or condensing electricity.

Condescend, kon-de-send, v. i. [ L. con, intensive, and descendo, to descent ] লম-হ; অসরহ; হীনতা থীকাৰ-ক; To stoop; to yield; to deign; to youchsafe; to lower one's self; bend.

Condescending, kon-de-sending, a. শিষ্টাবী, শিষ্ট; বিনীত, দাকিণ্যস্থাক ; Complaisant ; courteous. ad=condescendingly.

Condescension, kon-de-senshun, n. শিষ্টাচাৰ; দান্ধিণ্য; শিষ্ট্ৰণা; নম্ৰভা; অনুকলা; Courtesy; complaisance; favour; kindness to inferiors, Syn:—Submission, humiliation, obeisance; deference, courtesy, graciousness, favour, civility. Condign, kon-diń, a. [L. con, wholly, dignus, worthy] বধাৰ; উপযুক্ত; অপন্যায়; Deserved; well-merited (applied to punishment). adecondignly, n=condigness.

Condiment, kondi-ment, n. [ L. condio, to preserve, to pickle ] आहार; हार्टीन; Sauce;

pickle; seasoning.

Condition, kon-dishun, n. [ L. conditio, to put together ] অবস্থা; State or situation:—তা; Quality; property; attribute:— নিমপজ, কড়ার; Term of agreement; stipulation:—জীবনধাৰণের বিশেষ প্রকার; A particular manner of living:— পদ্যপ্রামা; পদ্যী; Rank.—Something laid down as essential. Syn:—Circumstances, station, case, state, situation, plight, predicament, stipulation, article, terms, provision, arrangement—v. t. নিমম-ফু; To stipulate; to agree upon:—v. i. বে সর্বেষ্ঠ বিষ্ট্যাট্ড কবিতে হইবে ছাহাব্যা; To make terms.

Condition of sale—দীলামের চুক্তি বা সর্ভ ; ইজ বিষয়ের চুক্তিপত্ত, The terms on which it is proposed to sell preperty at auction; also the instrument containing or expressing these terms. On condition of, On condition that—এট সতে বে, মাল, Upon the terms that; provided

Conditional, kon-dishun-al, a সাপেক, নিমান-ৰত্তী, Containing or depending on certain termnot absolute:—বিকল্প চক, (In grammar), (Containing a condition or supposition ক্ল-endition ality, ad=conditionally.

Conditioned, a. বিশেষ অৱস্থা বা গুণহুক, Haven a certain condition, state, or quality -- সমত্ত বিশিষ্ট; নিম্মাণেক্টা, In metaphysics having conditions or relations, subject to limitations

Condolatory, a. সম্প্রাথপ্রকাশক , Expressing condolance.

Condole, kon-dol, v. i [ L. con, with, and delso, to grieve] সংশুমুক্তি প্রকাশ-ক; পান্ত বৈ ছু-বিভ-হ, To sympathise in sorrow; to grieve with another in distress or misfortune.

Condolement, kon-dolment, Condolence, kon-dolens, n. সমহংৰভা; সহামুভ্ভি; প্ৰহুংৰ হ ধপ্ৰকাশ; Grief for another's sorrow. [giveness.
Condonation, kon-don-áshun, n. ক্যা; ForCondone, kon-doñ, v. l. [L. con, done, to give]
ক্যা-কু, To pardon, to forgive.

Condor, kondor, n. निका आंद्यविकास गृष्ठ ; The vulture of South America.

Condottioro, n. pl. 727; In Italy, the leader of a band of mercenary soldiers, living by pillage; a brigand.

Condottioni, n. (मना-नातकत्र) ; Leaders of military adventurers in the 15th century.

Conduce, kon-dūś, v. i. [L. con, together, and duco, ductus, to send] সাহায্যক; আৰুক্ল্যক:
To lead or tend to; to contribute. Syn:—Contribute, avail, tend, subscruc.

Conducible, kon duśi-bl, a. অপুকৃষ, উপবোগী, কনক, আৰহ, উয়তিসাধক; Leading or tending to, ... ....

having power to promote. ed=conducibly. n=

Conductive, kon-dissiv, a. উপৰোধী, বৰ্ডনক্ষ, আৰহ, জনক, উন্নতিসাধক. That may contribute, having a tendency to promote ad—conducively.

Conduct, kon-dukt, ত t পথ প্রদৰ্শন-মু, পথ পোইয়া কইবা বাওয়া, To lead on guide, to accompany and lead the way — আবেশ কু, To direct, to command — নির্মাহ-কু, আচর্শ-কু, To manage, to regulate — পথে সঙ্গে বাইয়া বজা কু To escort, to accompany and protect on the way — সঞ্চালন কু, স্কালিক কু, In electricity to carry or transmit — ত ব্যবহার-কু, To behave, art Syn — Fscort, convoy, direct, control minage, administer, regulate, command, govern, preside over

Conduct, końdukt, n পৰিচানৰ, পৰ-প্ৰদৰ্শৰ, cuidance —নেৰাপতিছ, Generalship, skilful guldinic —বক্ক, Convoy, guard, eccot — খাদ্ৰণ, ৰ বহাৰ, Personal deportment, done inour, behaviour —নিক্ষাহকতা, Manage minit Syn —Behaviour, cuinage, bearing, deportment demeanour direction, administration, guard, escort, convoy

Safo conduct -Passport

Conductible, kon dukti bl, व नकान्यीय श्रीत ।। न्याप, Cip ible of being conducted or transnited n-conductibility

Conduction, kon-dukshun, n त्रकानन, Trans-

Conductive, kon-duktiv, a সঞ্চাৰৰ গুৰ্বিশি? বা বাৰ গাৰকা পাৰুবিশিপ্ত, Having the quality or p wer of conducting n=conductivity

Conductivity, kon duk-tivi ti স বস্ত্ৰ ভাগ এব বিগ্ৰাপাল শক্তি, A power that bodies line of transmitting heat and electricity

Conductor, kon-duktor, n পথ প্ৰদৰ্শক, A ude - নামক, সেনানামক, A chief, a cem minder a leader — মান্তামক, মাহাৰ, A driver — কাৰ্য্য কিনাহক, A minager, director — সঞ্চালনী পাকিবিশিষ্ট পদাৰ্থ, A substance capable of transmitting electricity, heat &c — বিশ্বলীমক, A lightning-rod Fem = Conductress

Conduit, kondit, or kun —, n [ Fr conduit— L conductus—conduco, to lead. ] चन-वार्गली, भारताला, भार वार्गती, A channel or pipe for the conveyance of water, a channel, a surface drain Syn —Channel, pipe, canal, duct, passage

Cone, kön, n [Fr cone—L conus—Gr könos, a peak, a peg, from a root ka, to sharpen, allied to E. hone] সুচী মন্ত্রের, A solid pointed figure with a circular base—মোচার্ডি কন, Fruit shaped like a figure. [A rabbit. Coney, Cony, kö'ni or kuńi, n লাক, ম্বাল, ম্বাল, ম্বাল, মান্ত্রিক haliate, kon fabūlati, ত s. [L con, together, and fabulor, fabulatus, to talk—fabula, the thing spoken about] গল্ল-ফ্; To chat, to talk familiarly neconfabulation

Confect, konfekt, v. f. filit-; , या भाक-; . To form into sweetmeats; to prepare with sugar.

Confect, kohiekt, Confection, kon-fekshun, n. [ L. conficto, confectus, to make up together—con, together, facto, to make ] বিহার, বিঠাই; বোৰুষা, Sweetmeat, a comfit

Confectioner, kon-fekshun-ër, (B) Confectionary, n. (व्यापक, पद्या, One who makes sweetmeats.

Confectionery, kon-fekshun-er-i, n. বিপ্তান্ত ; বিঠাই, Sweetmeats — বিঠাইবের বোকান, A plue for making or sellings seetmeats.

Confederacy, kon feder-a si, n নৰি, একা; A league, alliance, a compact —সন্ধিপত্তে বন্ধ ৰাজি বা লাভি, The persons, states, or nations united by a league. Syn —League, covenant, compact, alliance, combination, coalition, conspiracy.

Confederate, kon-feder-ইt [ L con, together, faedus, federis, a league ] সন্ধি কু, To ally — ৩ : সন্ধি বাবা নিবিত-ছ, সন্ধিতে খোগ দেওয়া, To unite in a league — n সহায়, নিত্ত, An ally, an accomplice — a সন্ধিৰ, সন্ধিত্ত, সন্ধিত্ত খাৰজ; Bound by treaty

Confederator states, n The eleven states, which revolted from the union in the late American war

Confederation, kon fed-er áshun, n পৰি, A largue illiance —সমিবছ ব্যক্তি বা আভি, The paties to a league

Confer, kon-fer', v t [Fi — L. confero—con, together, and fero, to bring] কান-কৃ, অৰ্থ-কৃ, To grant, to give, to bestow —v ঃ কৰেণি-কৃ, বিৰোধ কৃ, পৰাধৰ্ম কৃ, To converse, to give, to con ult or talk together Syn —Bestow, grant, award, vouchsafe, discourse, conver e, deliberate, consult, advise with

Confer on, v পদ বা সম্মান দেওৱা, Give some post or honour to.

Confer with, v काश्चल महिल महना करा, Hold 2 consultation with one

Conference, konfer-ens, n करबायक्यन, Formil discourse - প्रवंश्व ' प्रविष्ठां क्रवांश नकां, A [ the same monastry meeting for discussion Conferes, " नहर्रात्री , Associates , brothers of Confess, kon-fes, v : [ L. con, signifying completene s and fateor-fare, to speak | 49-बाद शोक'व-क , Io acknowledge, as a cume or fault -शौकांव क. To own or recognise, to admit -शूरवाहिराज्य निक्षे भाग चौकांव-कृ, Make known, as sins to priest —পুরোহিত হইবা পাপ শীকাৰ বাৰণ-ক, To hear a confession, as a priest - अयान क , To prove, attest - मजा बनिया श्रीकाद क , To admit, as true , to assent to - अकान-क , To disclose -v :. अनदाध श्रीकांव कवा, To make confession ad = confessedly. Syn -Admit, grant, allow, concede; avow, own, recognize, exhibit, declare, attest, prove.

Confess the faith—একাজে কোৰ ধর্মে বিখান জ্ঞাপন কু, Declare publicly one's faith in a religion

Confession, kon-feshun, n অপৰাধ দীকাৰ, Acknowledgment, avowal —পুৰোধিতেৰ নিকট পাপ দীকাৰ, Acknowledgment of sins to a priest — ৰশ্মণত খীকাৰ ; বৰ্ণনিব্যক বিবাদেশ বিবৃতি ; A creed to be assented or signed.

Confessional, kon-feshun-al, দ. গোৰ বীকাৰ ধ্ৰণতি পুৰোহিতেৰ আসৰ, The seat or inclosed recess where a priest hears confessions; a confession-chair.

Confessor, kon-lesor, n. পাপ প্রোডা পুরোহিত; A priest who hears confessions — এইবর্ম বিবাসী; One who makes a profession of his faith in the Christian religion.

Confidant, konfi-dant. Confidante, n. বিশ্ব বহু; A confidential or bosom-friend fem= confidante.

Confide, kon-fid, v. i [L con, signifying completeness, and fido, to trust ] পূৰ্ণাতায় বিধান-তৃ. নিৰ্ক্ত-তৃ: To trust wholly or have faith in, to rely:—v t. বিধান কৰিয়া কোন বাজিৰ হ'লে সমৰ্গণ-তৃ, To intrust, or commit to the charge of.

Confide in, v. কাছাকে বিশাস-কু, Believe or trust a person.

Confide to, v বিশ্বাস কৰিবা বৰা; Intrust one with (a secret in the belief that it will not be given out), communicate to one confidentially—ছাৱাপ-কৃ, Intrust to one, with assurance of safe keeping or good management.

Confidence, końfi-dens, n বিশাস . দুচ বিশাস;
Trust, reliance, belief '—বিশাসভূমি, Ground
of trust or reliance — আন্ধনিতর, আন্ধানন্দ্রন,
সাহমিকতা; সাহস; Assurance, self-reliance,
boldness. Syn:—Alliance, assurance, expectation, hope; trust, dependence, reliance, bulief,
faith, boldness, courage, assurance.

In confidence—বিশাসপূৰ্বক, কণ্ণভাবে, In secret trust; confidentially, relying on one's secrety. To be in one's confidence—কাহাৰত বিশাস-ভাৰন হত্যা; To enjoy the confidence of one, to be trusted by one

To have confidence in—বিশাস থাকা . To have faith in — প্ৰচুৱ বিশ্বা বিশাস থাকা , সভ্য বিশ্বা ফুটবিশাস থাকা , To have reliance on, as being sufficient, to have firm belief in, as being just.

To take into confidence— ক'কাকে নিগাস করিয়া মনের কথা বলা, To admit a person into onc's secrets

To worm oneself into one's confidenceকলে কৌশনে কাহায়ত সহিত ডাৰ কহা বা ডাহায়
বিবাসভাকৰ ছ, To enter gradually by arts and
insimulation into the confidence of a person

Confident, konfi-dent, a. আত বিশাসী, বৃদ প্ৰভাৱাৰিত, Truthful, trustful — দাহুসী, Bold, relying on one's own ability — বিশ্ব , Bold to a fault, impudent, positive ad—confidently. Confidential, kon-fi-denshal, a বিশ্বত, ভত্ত, Trustworthy, secret ad=confidentially Syn.

-Trustworthy, faithful; private, sceret Confidential communication - (Law) One made by a chent to his counsel, solicitor, or attorney in professional confidence and which

he is not permitted to divulge—called also privileged communication.

Configuration, kon-fig-u-rashun, # [ L.

oon, together, and figuro, to form ] ৰছিলাকৃতি; বাফ আকাৰ বা গঠন; External form:—- অহলখেছ আপেকিক অবস্থান বা বৃষ্ণ; Relative position or aspects of the planets.

Confinable, kon-fina-bl, a. water (19);

That may be confined.

Confine, końfin, n. [L. con, with, and finio, the end or boundary] ধাৰ; সীমা; কিবাৰা; Border, boundary or limit—generally used in the plural —v. f. বছ-কৃ, কাৰাকছ-কৃ; To shut up, to fasten, to imprison —v. i. মাধাৰণ দীমা-বিশিষ্ট-ই, To have a common boundary. Syn:—(n) Limit, border, frontier, march. (v.) bound, limit, shut up, imprison, immures incarcerate.

Confine (one) in—কাৰাকাৰে বছ-ক; Imprison

Confine (one) in—কারাপাবে বন্ধ-কু; Impreson Confine (oneself) to—নিদ্ধি সীমার ভিতৰে থাকা, Restrict oneself to; not to go beyond Be confined to—বন্ধ থাকা; কোন কিছুৰ বাছিৰে

Be connied to—वर्ष वाका ; दिवाब किन्नुव ना बांड्या , Be limited to

Be confined to one's bed or room—গীৱাগৰ্ক শ্যা ২ইতে উঠিতে বা ধর হইতে বাহির হইতে
অঞ্ন হওয়', Be unable through illness to leave
one's bed or room. [in child-bed
To be confined—সামর প্রমা হওয়া, To be
Confinement, konfiment, n. অববোৰ; কায়াব্দন, শিক্তনবাম, Restraint, seclusion.—
গ্রম্বাবস্থা, Restraint from going abroad by
sickness, especially caused by child-birth—
করেন, Imprisonment.

Confirm, kon-feim, v. t [Fr-L confirmo-con, intensive, and root of firm] মৃত-কু; To make firm, to strengthen — অনুমোদন-কু; To ratify — নিশ্চিত-কু, To assure, to render certain — শীপ্তাৰ অধিকাৰ অপান-কু, To admit to full Christain privileges by the laying on of hands a=confirmable Syn:—Strengthen, establish, fix, settle, verify, assure, hind, ratify.

Confirmed madeap - वस्भागन ।

Confirmable, a দুটাকরণোপযুক্ত প্রমাণই, Capable of being confirmed.

Confirmation, kon-fer-máshun, n ৰুটীকৰণ, The act of confirming — প্ৰসায়ক্ষনক প্ৰমাণ . Consincing testimony, proof — অধুহমাদন . সমৰ্থন, Ratification.

Confirmative, kon-férmativ, a स्वीक्शक्त . Tending to confirm, having the power of confirming

Confirmatory, kon-lénia-tor-i, a. স্কেহ্লছক , সাৰাতকারী , পোৰক , Affording additional proof , serving to confirm , coiroborative.

Confiscate, kon-fiskāt, v. f [L. con, and fiscus, a basket, the public treasury] প্ৰস্কৃত্য বাৰ্কাৰসূত্ৰ কু, কোক-কু, বাজ্যোৱ-কু, To adjudge to be forfeited to the state; to forfeit to the commonwealth. a=confiscable n=confiscation.

Confiscate, kon-fiskat, a. statestage; For-fetted to the public treasury.

Confisoator, końfis-ka-tor, n. ফোকৰণা, বে বাজস্বকাৰে বাজেলাও কৰে; One who confiscates. Confisoatory, a. কোকৰবাৰোগ্য, Consigning to forfesture. Conflagration, kon-fia-grashun, n. [L. con, intensive, and flagro, to burn] बराधि; अवाध अधिकार; A great fire.

Configuration in a forest-visifu !

Conflict, kon-flikt, n. are প্ৰশাৰ আঘাত; Violent collision:—বিবাদ: বিবোধ: Contest; strife; combat:—বৃত্যু-বৰ্ষণ; The last struggle of life; agony. Syn:—Contest, collision, struggle, combat, strife, contention, battle, fight, encounter, engagement.

Conflict, kon-flikt, v. i. [ L. con, together, and fligo, to dash ] সংখ্যাৰ-ক; To meet in violent collision; to clash:—বিষয়েখী-ই; To contend; to fight; to contest. Syn:—Fight, contend, contest, struggle, combat, strive.

Confluence, kohfloo-ens, n. নদীয় সক্ষয়; একত প্ৰবংশ; The junction of two or more streams of water:—নদুখা; মিলন; সম্বায়; A crowd; a concourse; an assemblage. Syn:—Conflux, convergence, concurrence; a concourse, assemblage, a multitude; meeting.

Confluent, konfloo-ent, a [ L. con, together, and fluo, to flow ] একত প্ৰবংশাণ; Flowing together .— নিশিষ্ট ; ৰক্তিপুড; Running together, united.

Conflux, konfluks, n. ৰদীসক্ষম; A flowing together of currents; confluence:—জন্তা; A crowd; assemblage.—সমৃষ্ট ; A collection.

Conform, kon-torm, v.t. [L. con, with, and formo—forma, form ] অনুকাণ-কৃ, To make like, in external appearance:—ন্যভাবাণকক; To reduce to a likeness in manners, opinions, or moral qualities:—উপৰেখি-কৃ, To adjust:—v. .. ন্যত্ত-কৃ; To comply with, to yield or obey—To comply with the usages of the Established Church. Syn:—Make like, adapt, assimilate, agree, harmonize, accord.

Conform to—অমুসাবে চলা; Act in accordance with:—উপৰোধী কৰিয়া লক্ষা, Adapt something to Comformable, kon-forma-bl, a. অমুস্কৰ্প, Similar; like;—অমুস্কৰ্প; Agrecable; suitable; consistent:—আজাৰহ, ৰয়; Submissive; compliant; disposed to obey. Syn:—Resembling, similar; compliant with; submissive to; agreeable to; suitable to; consistent with. ad=conformably.

Conformation, kon-for-mashun, ন. সঠন, আকাৰ, Shape or structure.

Conformer, kon-former, Conformist, konform-ist, n. ৰে ব্যক্তি নিয়পিত ধর্মাণ্ডেশ খীকাৰ কৰে; One who conforms, especially with the worship of the Established Church—opposed to a dissenter or nonconformist.

Conformity, kon-formi-ti, ন. নাগৃত্ব; তুলাতা;
থিব . Agreement; congruity; consistency:—
খীকৃতি; নমতি; Compliance with the usages of
the Established Church. [accordance with.
In conformity with (or to)—অনুনাহে; In
Confound, kon-fownd, v. t. [L. con, together,
and fundo, to pour] থিভিড-কৃ; To mingle; to
confuse:—বিশ্বান-কৃ; To throw into disorder:
—স্ব-কৃ; To mistake; as, to confound ideas

with words:—হতবুদ্ধি-কৃ; আক্ল-কৃ; To perplex:
—লজিত-কৃ; To make ashamed:—বিশ্বিত-কৃ; বিহ্নল-কৃ; To astonish; to stupify with amazement:—নই-কৃ; ধান-কৃ; বিশ্বাত-কৃ; To destroy; to overthrow. Syn.—Mix, intermingle, confuse, perplex, embarrass, bewilder, baffle; dismay, astonish, abash; mortify, defeat; ruin; overthrow.

Confound with—একজনের সহিত আর একজনকে বো একটার সহিত আর একটা) দিশাইয়া কেলা: ছুইবের প্রজেদ কবিতে লা পাবা; (ভাৱে যাত্যা: Mix up (one) with (another).

Confraternity, kon-fra-ter'-ni-ti, n. Same as Fraternity:—বাড়ভাৰ; বাড়ৰ; Brotherhood.

Confront, kon-frunt, v. t. [L. con, together, and frons, the front] অভিযুখীন-ছ; পুৰোৰজাঁ-ছ; To face; to stand face to face:—প্ৰভুক্ৰ-ফু; বাধা-দে; To oppose:—ভুলনা-ফু; To compare. Confucian, kon-fu'shyan, a. কন্ডিউদিয়াস নামক চীনদেশীয় কাৰ্শনিক সংকীয়; Of or belonging to Confucius, the Chinese philosopher.

Confucianism, n. The doctrine of Confucius, founder of the ethical system of China.

Confuse, kon-fūź, v t. বিস্থাল-ক; ছতবুদ্ধি-ক; To throw into disorder; to perplex:—িম্বিত ক; To mix together, so that things cannot be distinguished. Syn:—Mingle, blend, confound, involve; disorder, disarrange, disturb; perplex, obscure, darken; mistify, embarrass, bewilder; al-ash, shame, put to the blush.

Confusedly, kon-fuzed-li, ad. বিশ্বানরণে; গোলমালভাবে, ln a confused manner.

Confusion, kon-fū'zhun, n. গোলমাল; বিশুখলা; Tumult, disorder:—লফা, Shame:—বিশ্বয়; Astonishment, agitation:—পৰাক্ষ; বিপৰ্য্য়; Overthrow, defeat.

Confusion worse confounded—গৌলেৰ উপৰ গোল, বিচুড়ি পাতাইয়া (যাওয়া), A sull worse state of great confusion.

Throw into confusion—78 58-7 |

Confutable, a. अवनीय , That may be confuted. Confutation, n. अवन , Refutation.

Confute, kon-füt, v. t. [ L. con and future, to argue ] নিকন্তর-জু; নিবন্ত-জু; To overwhelm by argument, to put to silence:—ব্যান কু মিন্যা সপ্রমাণ-জু, To disprove; to prove to be false. Syn.—Disprove, overthrow, set aside, refute, oppugn.

Conge, koń্ট, (formerly written congie) n.
[L. com, intensive, and meo, to go] বিদায়;
Farewell; leave of absence:—শিষ্টভা; A bow or courtery, act of reverence.—বিদায়কালীৰ আচাৱ পদ্ধতি; Parting ceremony:—v. i. বিদায় গ্ৰহণ-কৃ, বিদায় লগুয়া; To take leave:—শিষ্টাটাৰ প্ৰদৰ্শন-কৃ; To bow or courtesy.

Congeal, kon-jel, v.t. [L. con, and gelu, frost] জ্বাট বাধান; To cause to freeze:—বনী-ভূত-ক; To turn from a fluid to a solid state by cold:—সাড়েই-ক; To stiffen:—v.i. খন-ছ; To pass from fluid to solid as by cold. a=congealable. Syn:—Stiffen, congelate, thicken, curdle, condense.

Congealment, kon-jelment, Congelation, kon-jel-áshun, n. খৰীকৃতক্বণ; খন কৰিবাৰ প্ৰক্ৰিয়া; Act or progress of conge ding. [a bishop. Conge-d'e clire—The King's license to choose Congener, kohje-nër, or konje'nër, n. [L. con, with and genus, kind] সম্বাতীয় : একজাতীয় বা সম্বাতীয় বাৰু বা বাজি; A person or thing of the same kind or nature; he or that which has a common origin.

Congenial, kon-je'ni-al, a. [ L. con, with, and genialis, genial ] একজাতীয়; সহাস্তৃতিসন্পন্ন; Kindred; cognate; sympathetic.—জনুকপ; উপ-মুক্ত; Naturally adapted or suited; suitable. ad—congenially. n=congeniality Syn:—Cognate, kindred, akin, related to, agreeable, sympathetic.

Congenial to-নিৰেৰ প্ৰকৃতি বা অভিকৃতিৰ উপ-বোদী; Naturally suited to one's disposition.

Congenital, kon-jehi-tal, a. [ L. con, together, and gigno. to beget ] কথাবি , শাক্ষাকাল ; Existing at the time of birth :—সংকাভ ; Of the same birth ; born with another [ large sca-eel Conger, kong'er, n. বৃহৎ সামুদ্রিক বাইন মংস্কা, Congeries, kon-je'ri-Tz, n [ L. con, together, gero, gestus, to bring ] বালি, সুস, A heap; a combination. [ into a mass. Congest, kon-jest, essa-ক; To gather

Congest, kon-jest', e.t. একর-কু; To gather Congested, kon-jest'ed, a অপ্তারিকলপে রজ্পনাতিহত; Affected with an unnatural accumulation of blood.

Congestion, kon-jestyun, n. শোণিত-দ্ৰুষ; ব্ৰক্ষম : পূৰ্ব ; Accumulation of blood ; fullness Congestive, kon-jestiv, a. শোণিত-দ্ৰুম-জাপক ; শোণিতদ্ৰুম্বাৰ্ব ; Indicating or tending to congestion.

Conglobate, kon-giōiঠাং, a [ L con, together, and globe, a ball, globe] পিন্ড ড় গোলাকাৰ:
Formed together into a ball — v t পিণ্ড-ড়;
বৰ্জাঃতি-ড়ঃ ডাল পাঝান, To form into a globe or ball. n=conglobation—গোলাফাৰ বস্তু: A round body.

Conglobe, kon-glöb, v.t. গোলাকাৰ-ক; To gather Conglobulate, kon-globu-lat, v. i. কুড কুড় বটিলা-ক; ৰডি পাকাৰ; To gather into a little round mass.

Conglomerate, kon-glomer-at, a. [ L. con, together, and glomus, a chew ] পুলীকুড; বাণিকুড; Gathered together, gathered into a mass — v. t. বাণিকুড-কু, To gather into a ball — n. প্ৰশাৰ প্ৰথিত প্ৰৱৰ্গত বৃচিড শৈল; A rock composed of pebbles cemented together.

Conglomeration, kon-glom-er-a'-shun, n. বাণিক্ৰ প্ৰস্থায়াথি; Collection of various particles.

Conglutinate, kon-glüo'tin-মt, v. t. [L. con, together, and gluten, glue] আটা বাবা সংগম-ক: কংগ্ৰ-ক: একল জন্ট-ক: To glue together: to cement:—কড আ্বোগ্য-ক: To heal a wound by uniting the parts:—v. i. একলিড-ই: একল ব্ৰিড-ই: To coalesce; to unite or grow together:—a. বিশিষ্ঠ; Joined together.

Conglutinant, kon-glou'tin-ant, a. न्दर्शकः

बारबाजाकांको ; Tending to unite or close up ; healing.

Gonglutination, kon-gloo-tin-á-shun, স. আছি৷ বাবা সংবোধ; A joining by means of some stickly substance — নীবোপকৰণ; Healing.

Conglutinative, a. নংযোজক; নংযুক্ত করত: বোল নিবারণক্ষ ; Having power to unite; having power to conglutinate.

Congo, Congou, kong'guo, #. बक्कांकीर कृक्त्री

Congratulate, kon-gratu-lat, v. t. [L. con, intensive, and gratulor—gratus, pleasing] অভিনম্পন-কৃ. To wish joy to another. Syn:—Felicitate, salute, compliment, welcome, greet, hail.

Congratulate (one) on—কাহাৰত শুভ হইবে আজাদ প্ৰকাশ-কু; Express one's joy to another on account of (some happy event).

Congratulation, kon-grat-u-lá-shun, ম. অভিনশন; নৌভাগা হেতু আনৰ ও সহাস্তৃতি প্ৰদৰ্শন;
Expression of sympathy or joy on account of good fortune.

[Expressing joy Congratulatory, a. আনন্দহক; অভিনৰ্ক.
Congregato, kong'gie-gat, v. t. [L con, together and grex, gregis, a flock] সম্বেককৃ

gether and grea, gregis, a flock ] न्याचान्य , together and grea, gregis, a flock ] न्याचान्य ,
To assemble .—v i. अवत नवचान्य ; To floak
together. Syn —Gather, convene, muster, convoke, assemble, meet.

Congregation, kong-gre-gáshun, n. স্থাহাৰ, সংগ্ৰহ, A collection or assemblage of things gathering:—স্থাত্ত ধ্রমতা; ধর্মকার; An assembly, particularly for divine worship, worshippers

Congregational, kong-pre-gá-shun-al, a. সামাজিক; সভাবিষক; Pertaming to a congregation —সাধাৰণ; বাংলাৰ: General; independent. Congregationalism, kong-pre-gá-shun-nlizm, n. উপাসনামৰ্থীয় বাংলাৰ বিষয়বলী বা পাসন্প্রামানী. The system of church-government in which each church or congregation claims complete control of its affairs; independency.

Congregationlist, kong-gre-gá-shun-al-ist,
n উপাসনাসৰজীয় স্বাধীন শাসনপ্ৰণালীয় পক্ষপান ৰাজি; One who holds to the complete independence of each church, an Independent.

Congress, kong'gres, n. [L con, together, and gradior, gressus, to step, to go.] সভা; A meeting — মহা সভা; মাজনীতিঘটিত বিষয়ের আন্দোলনার্থ সভা; A meeting of ambassadors of deputies; a conference:—আন্দেবিকা দেশের সাধারণ ব্যবহাপক সমাজ; The legislature of the United States and other American Republicaecongressional. Syn:—Assembly, meeting, convention, convocation, diet, council.

Congruence, kong'g:তত-ens, Congruity, kong-groo'it-i, n. সঙ্গভি; উপদোসিতা, Suitableness; consistency; fitness; agreement.

Congruent, kong'groo-ent, a. উপথোনী; উপযুক্ত। সমত , Suitable , agrecing.

Congruous, kong'groo-us, c. नक्ष ; केनर्गा है। Suitable ; consistent ; accordant :- कार्यक्ष कन्य ; Rational ; fit. -- Congruousess. adcongruously. Syn: -Fit, appropriate, harmonious, correspondent, concordant, consonant, consistent; becoming, meat, seemly.

Conic, kohik, Contoal, kohik-al, a. বোচাকৃতি; ক্টাবনক্ষে স্থানীয়; Having the form of or pertaining to a cone. ad=conically.

Conics, kohiks, ম. জানিভিশালের অকবিশেব; The part of Geometry, which treats of the cone, and its sections.

Coniferous, kon-il'ér-us, a. স্চীকেত্ৰ সমুখ আঞ্জিবিশিষ্ট; Cone-bearing, as the fir, &c.

Coniform, koni-form, a. श्रिक्बाकाद ; In the form of a cone.

Onjecture, kon-jektur, n. [L. con, together, and jacio, to throw] অপুৰাৰ; Probable inference; surmise; a guess; an idea:—v. t. অসু মান-ক; আৰাজ-ক; To infer on slight evidence, to surmise; to guess. Syn:—(n) Supposition, hypothesis, assumption, surmise (n) Surmise, suppose, guess, suspect, imagine, assume

Conjoin, kon-join, v. t. [L. con, together, and jungo, junctus, to join] 牙克斯·亨; To join together:—v i. 《本有思·亨; To league, to unite Conjoint, kon-joint, a. 羽克斯; United; connected ad=conjointly.

Conjugal, kohjoo-gal, a. [L. con, and jugum, a yoke ] मान्य ; रेवरांदिक, Matrimonial, connubial; nuptial. n=conjugality. ad=conjugality Syn:—Matrimonial, connubial, nuptial, spousal, hymeneal.

Conjugate, końjoo-gat, v. t. [L con, together and jugum, that which joins, a yeke ] ধাতুৰপ কু, (Grammar) To give the various inflection or parts of a verb:—n এৰমূৰ ইচতে উৎপৱ শৰু, A word agreeing in derivation with another word [The inflection of the verb Conjugation, kon-joo-gáshun, n. ধাতুৰপ Conjunction, kon-junkshun, n. সংবোধ দিনৰ; Union; association—ছই বা ভভোধিৰ দক্ত বা প্ৰহেৰ সম্প্ৰপাতে অবহান; The meeting of two or more stars or planets in the same degree of the zodiac:—সমুজ্জহবোধক শক; অব্যাধ নাৰ দেতে, clauses and sentences.

Conjunctive, n. The mucous membrane covering the eye-ball and inner surface of the lids.
Conjunctive, kon-junktiv, a. ntgs; Closely

united — সংবোদক; Serving to unite: — সংকাহ-एठक, Subjunctive; contingent. ad=conjunctively.

Conjunctivitie, s. vegete; Inflamation of the conjunctiva ( the fine, sensitive, membrane which covers the front of the eye-ball and lines the eye-lids).

Conjuncture, kon-junktur, স. সংকার ; Connection ; combination of circumstances — সন্ধিকা ; সভাজার ; A critical time ; a crisis. Syn :
—Union, connection, combination, concurrence ; emergency, exigency.

Conjuration, kon-joo-rashun, ল গভীৰ অসুৰোধ; উভিপূৰ্কক আহ্বাৰ; Earnest or solemn entreaty; —মই ধৰোৰ; Incantation; magical spell. Conjure, kon-jbor', v.t. [L con, together, and juro, to swear] ব্যাকুলতা সং অনুবাৰ-ড়; অনুবাৰ বিষয় সং প্ৰথিবা-ড়; To call on or summon by a sacred name or in a solemn manner; to implore earnestly:— বোহিড-ড়; ব্যাকুল-ড়; To influence by magic; to enchant:—v. i. ভেনী বেধান; To practise magical arts. Syn:—Adjure, implore, entreat, beseech, crave, importune; charm, enchant, bewitch. n=conjurer.

To conjure up—কোন ভোডিক ব্যাপায় বঁচান;
To raise up or bring into existence by unnatural means.
[enchanter; a juggler.
Conjurer, kuńjer-er, n. বাহকৰ; এক্সমানিক; An
Conjurer, kon-jöör'er, n. বাহকৰ; বাজানিক বাজিল বাজি; অভ্যেব নিকট শপৰ বাবা আবন্ধ ব্যক্তি; One bound by oath with others.

Connate, końat or kon-et, a. [ L. con, with and nascor, natus, to be born ] আয়ুস্বভাত;
Born with one's self.

Connatural, kon-a'বি-ral, a. একজাতীয়; সহজাত কভাৰ-সংস্থঃ; Connected by nature or birth inherent.

Connect, kon-ekt, v. t. [L. con, together, and necto, to tie] বোগ-ড়; একল-ড়; To join; to combine; to link:—v i. একলিড-ড়; সংযুক্ত-ড়; To become united; to cohere. Syn:—Join, unite, link, combine, associate, couple.

Connectedly, kon-ekted-li, ad. Attationality; In a connected manner.

Connection, kon-ekshun, n. ৰোগ; সংবোদন সংলাকা; Junction; union; coherence:—সম্ম ; কুট্ডিতা, সম্পূৰ্ক; A relation by blood or marriage, relationship:—পর্যাপ্তমাধ ; A religious sects, as, the methodist connection —কেতৃৰগ; A body of customers —p!. কাবা; Acquaintances; bust ness. Syn:—Union, coherence, continuity, junction, as ociation, dependence; intercourse, commerce, communication, correspondence, affinity, alliance, relationship; kinsman, relative, relation.

Connective, kon-ektiv, a. সংযোজক; Having the power of connecting:—n. সংযোজক আব্যৱ A word that connects sentences or words. adconnectively.

[ tion Connexion, kon-ek-shun, \*\*. Same as connectively.

Connivance, kon-ivans, n. উপেছা; অৱভাৰ ভাৰ, Voluntary oversight of a fault; pretended ignorance.

Connive, kon-lý, [Fr.—L. conniveo, to wink] উপেকা-ফু: দেখিলা লা দেখা; To close the eyes upon a fault or other act; wink at a fault. Syn.—Overlook, disregard, pass by.

Connive ( or wink ) at—( কোন দোৰ) দেখিব। না দেখা, Pretend not to see ( a fault ) :—ধ্যৱ না প্ৰয়া; Avoid notice of.

Connoisseur, kon-is-sar', দা. তাজ ; শোৰতা বিচাৰক্য বাজি ; বিচকা বিচাৰক ; A critical judge ; a good judge in the fine arts ; a literary critic. Connoisseurship, kon-is-ar'ship, দা. উক্

ৰাজিৰ বিদ্যা বা বুদ্ধিকৌশন; The skill of a connoisseur.

[ al. #=connonation.

Connotative, #. Implying something additione

Connote, kon-5t, v. t. [L con, with, and Note] क्ष अकान-इ ; अवक्षर-इ , To imply ; to denote . to include.

Connubial, kon-tibi-al, a. [ L. con, and nubo, to marry ] विवाहनवकीत , देववाहिक ; नाम्नाठा , Pertaining to marriage or to the married state, conjugal; nuptial, matrimonial,

Conoid, końoid, n. (4) 15 15 48: Anything like a cone in form. a=conoid, conoidal.

Conquer, kong'ker, v. t. [ L. con, intensive, and quoero, to seek ] श्राचा-कृ, वनीक्ष-कृ, To subdue; to overcome; to vanquish -- পতিক্ৰ্য-👺 , To rise above ; to surmount — अवायमाद पादा नाउ ; To gain by perseverance or efforts v i. चडी-€; To be victor Syn -Overpower, overthrow, defeat, vanquish, rout, discomfit reduce, humble, crush, surmount, subject, master, subjugate.

Conquerable, kong'ker-a-bl, a (41, 41 कि बाब डेशबुक , That may be overcome.

Conqueror, kong'ker-or, m. wit, (wet, One who conquers

Conquest, kong'kwest, n wa , পরাত্তব , বুলে wa-পাত , Subjugation , victory , success in arms -लाड : Acquisition - नाशीदिक का नीजिवत अव-नवान नव वह, वांवा निवादन ; That which is conquered force, the overcoming of opposition Syn -- Victory, triumph, mastery, success; subjugation, subjection, reduction, discomfiture Consanguineous, kon-sang-gwine-us, a.[ L con, with, and sanguis, blood ] मर्गाब , मणिछ , Of the same family or descent

Donsanguinity, kon-sang-gwini-ti, n नानीand, affe; Relation by blood, descent from the same ancestor; kindred

Conscience, konshens, # [ L. con, with, and acro, to know ] विदयक, जावाजाय (वायगरिक, धर्दवीज The faculty or principle by which we judge of the rectitude or wickedness of our own actions, the moral sense - मण, सावभवना, माव्या, Truth ; justice , honesty - 419 [58] ; (1194] किए। ; Real sentiment , private thought :- आन. Reason or reasonableness ( colloq ); as, do you in all conscience think it so

Conscience proof-(4 4788 et al. Proof against conpunction.

Clear conscience-famin : Innocence. In conscience 443: , Conscientiously. In all conscience—वि:मरमार ; Assuredly. Qualms of conscience—wasty, Stings of conscience.

Stricken conscience—water. Contrition. Tender conscience (10) 751, Scrupulousness.

To make a conscience of--- विश्वकानमाद्य कार्य:-F; To act according to the dictates of conscience or to scruple to act contrary to its dictates With a clear conscience - विलाज स्टेबा, With a conscience free from all consciousness of guilt.

Conscientious, kon-shi-enshus, a witter. पर्याप Upright , scrupulous .- विश्वामी , Faithful. Syn :-- Scrupulous, exact, faithful, just, upright, strict, honest, honourable, admona cientiously. # = conscientiousness.

Conscientiousness, n. वर्षहीक्छ। , सार्वरहा : Scrupulousness; uprightness

Conscionable, końshun-a-bl, s. witaws নিমন্তিত , Just , reasonable,

Conscious, konshus, a. wiweit. wiente-मन्त्रत्र , विरवहक , Having the feeling or know. ledge, aware - স্থাতিলৰ; পৰিকাভ; Knowing from memory ; sensible -- आसारवादयन विवरीक्ष Made the object of consciousness, as, conscious guilt Syn -Thinking, reflecting, perceptive, cognitive, sensitive of, aware of, cognizant, adm consciously

Consciousness, końshus-nes, z. wiwają town, The knowledge of what passes in one's mind, the knowledge which the mind has of its own acts and feelings - #3 # #17, Immediate knowledge - with it, Internal sense or knowledge or guilt or innocence

Conscript, końskript, a [ L. conscriptum, to write together in a list, to enlist ] sifesten, Entolled, registered -n. তালিকাড্ড নৈত বা मानिक, One enrolled, to serve as a soldier or sailor : recruit

Conscript Fathers-The senators of ancient Conscription, kon-skiip'shun, n नानाविकन्दन, An enrolment - रिमञ्चन क्ष वा ना विकनन क्ष करन , A forced enrolment of all males above a certain age for naval or military service. a=conscriptional.

Consecrate, konse-krat, v t. [L. con, and sacro, to set apart as sacred-sacer, sacred (नवरमवाय डेरमर्ज-इ. To dedicate or devote to the service and worship of God .- नाम्यूनराव परथा महिरवर्ग-कृ, lo canonize --- शुक्रनीय-कृ, পৰিৱ-ৰু, lo render venerable or make respec ted, as, tules consecrated by time. Syn -Sanctify, set apart, hallow, ordain, devote. n = consecrater or consecrator.

Consecrated, a. পरिञ्च , Sacred.

Consecration, kon-se-krashun, n. हरन्त्, Dedication -- माध्यूकरवर यर्था मनिर्वम, Canonization - भूकनीय कवर , The act of rendering venerable or dignified.

Consecution, kon-se-kū'shun, #. निकास (सने. धावावाहिक योगारमा, A train of consequences from premises, a series of deductions -जमावत्व चार्त्रमन , मुद्दलांबद्ध बद्धलवणावां , A series of things that follow one another.

Consecutive, kon-seku-tiv, a. [ L. con, and sequor, secutus, to follow] ক্ৰমিক , ক্ৰমাৰৰে আৰড. थावावारिक, भववारी, Succeeding one another in a regular order, successive; following -সিহাত্ত্তক, Consequential, ed-consecutively [ ment ; accord n=consecutiveness Consensus, kon-seńsus, # मिलम, केका ; Agree-Consent, kon-sent, n. [ L. con, with, and sentio, to feel, to think ] प्राप्त कका, Accord,

concurrence, agreement in opinion - विनवः Harmony, coherence, agreement :- 3715

Acquiescene ; compliance :- v. i. 4445-4; To agree in opinion ; to agree ; to concur :-अक्षि-( : To comply ; to give assent ; to yield. Syn:-(n) Accord, assent, acquiescence, compliance, concurrence; (v) accede, yield, assent. comply; concede, submit, admit, allow, permit, concur, acquiesce. [ concurrence in Consent to-(कांव विवास नवाजि (नवर्ष) ; Express With one consent-44478; Unanimously.

Consentaneous, kon-sen-tane-us, a. 330 : Consistent with; accordant to. n=consentaneousness, consentaneity. ad=consentaneously. Consentient, kon-senshi-ent, a. astes; as-45 , Agreeing in mind ; agreeing in opinion.

Consequence, koń-se-kwens, n. [L. con. with, and sequor, to follow] क्न ; Effect ; result : - अक्यान ; निजयन ; Inference ; deduction :-वर्ष ; श्रम् , Influence ; importance weight ; value. moment :- 7414; Distinction. [ cause. In consequence—at ww. Hence; for this

In consequence of-attey; atas; By reason of; as the effect of.

Of consequence—with ; Of importance, value, or influence.

Consequent, konse-kwent, a. wigafas , Following as a natural effect or inference, didurible , attendant :- n. अञ्चवली विवय ; कांबरनंद कार्वः बा भन ; That which follows ; the natural effect of a cause. ad=consequently.

Consequential, kon-se-kweńshal, a. আৰু বাৰিক; Following as a result '-क्यजानातीय जानविनिष्ठे. भक्षावी , Pretending to importance ; conceited —সিদ্ধান : Conclusive —আড়মবপুৰ ; Pompous Syn -Pompous, arrogant, inflated, pretentions ad=consequentially.

Conservant, kon-sérvant, a. वक्शारांना , वक्न-मपूर्व : Having the power of preserving.

Conservation, kon-ser-váshun, n. 441; Pieservation; protection.

Conservatism, kon-sérva-tizm, n. वक्षीन-१नजूरु वास्ति यक ; পविवर्त्ताव धाकि विवान , The principles and opinions of a Conservative; aversion to change.

Conservative, kon-sérva-tiv, a. दक्तानित , यक्षणमध्य ; Preserving :-- वर्डमान अपानी दक्षराष्ट्र ; Disposed to maintain existing institutions .-পরিবর্তনবিরাপী; Opposed to political changes : -n. वक्शकादी; One who, or that which preserves .-- বক্ষণশীন ৰাজি ; উন্নভিকল্পে পৰিবৰ্ত্তিভ মা रख्या भवाच वर्खमान भागनधाराली बक्कररक वाकि ; (In politics) one opposed to unwarranted or hasty changes in state :- निवर्शनिविद्यो ; One averse to change.

Conservative ministry, a. ছিভিশীল সচিব্যক্ষ । Conservator, końser-va-tor, m. वक्क; One who preserves ; a preserver :-- नाहिरक्क ; One who has the charge of preserving the public peace or the rights and privileges of a corporation.

Conservatory, kon-sérva-tor-i, m. विशासक वा শিল্পালয় : A public place of instruction in learning or art :-- विरम्भेत वृक्षनणानि समा कविवास गृह :

A green house :-- a. वक्तीव ; Having the quality of preserving from loss, decay, or injury. Conserve, kon-serv, v. t. [ L. con, together. and serve, to kept ] 本一事; To preserve; to retain :-- (यावसा-कु; वरमव शाक-कु; हिनिव शाक दोषां ; आंठांब-कृ ; To preserve in sugar ; to pickle; to candy. n=conserver.

Conserve, końserv, n. (पानका ; Any fruit or vegetable preserved by sugar; a preserve. conservable

Consider, kon-sider, v t [L. considerare] िष्ठ|-क ; To ponder ; to study ; to reflect :--मरनारपान (पण्या ; To attend to :- विरवहना-क ; To believe ; to think ; to regard :- 14414-#; To reward :-- नगनाव जाना ; नगु-कृ ; To take into account :- । धान-कृ ; किशा-कृ ; To think seriously or carefully; to deliberate; to reflect. Syn :- Ponder, weigh, revolve, study, reflect, meditate on, contemplate, examine, respect, regard, consult, care for, deliberate, cogitate, ruminate.

Considerable, kon-sider-a-bl, a. यानवीय : बाक् नना ; नननीय ; Respectable, noteworthy-said of persons :- अबज्ञ ; अज्ञां किश्विक ; मधाविक ; Moderately large :-- वश्रम ; वार्याक्षमीत ; Important :-पुनावान ; Valuable. ad=considerably. n=considerableness.

Considerate, kon-sider-at, a. अड्ब : विक्र : विश्वकारी; Mindful of the rights, claims and feelings of others; thoughtful; prudent;-- 447for : Moderate. Syn .- Thoughtful, reflective, careful, discreet, prudent, judicious, deliberate, serious; forbearing, unselfish. ad=considerately. n = considerateness.

Consideration, kon-sid-ér-áshun, n. विहाद: আংশাচনা , বিব চিছা ; Deliberation ; contemplation; mature thought .- आपद; मयापद; Attentive respect; appreciative regard .- " ; কারণ; Motive, reason :- কভিপুরণ; Purchase money ; compensation ; equivalent :- कड़ाव ना निवासि (र्षु वो पून ; निवय निर्वाद (र्षु ; The reason or basis of a compact -- প্রতিষ্ঠা; সম্বাদ; Respectability :- धारावनीयण ; Importance :-नश्वाम : अवधान : Notice.

In consideration of -बहे बिरवहना कविया ( अप-क्न विद्वहमारे वृक्षात्र ); On account of; taking into account ( implying a favourable sentiment [ whole. towards one ).

All things considered—(पार्ट ; On the Under consideration-fatas; Under discussion or enquiry.

Considering, a. fortille ; Deliberative ; reflective :-- prep. श्रवाहना कदिश ; Taking into account; making allowance for.

Consign, kon-sin, v. t. [ L. con, with, and signum, a sign or seal ] नगर्न-क ; रुखास्त-क ; To give to another formally; to transfer :—डॉब-(ए ; To commit ; to intrust :—जवा विकार काल्यक शर भारत-म ; To intrust goods to another for sale :- विकिश- इ ; To set appart ; to appropriate : -वक्- क ; To commit for permanent preservation .- विशेश पूर्वक कच-क ; To commit :- अकुछ वा well with; To deposit. Sym:—Commit, deliver, intrust, resign, deposit with, transfer. num consigner.

Consign to—( কোন ছাবে ) বাসহান মিছিই-ছ; Transfer to a place permanently:—নিজেপ-ছ; Throw into:—সন্প্-ছ; Intrust to.

Consign to the flames—ভন্মী হৃত-কৃ; Reduce to ashes. [forget; to think no more. Consign to oblivion—ভূলিখা-খা; Cause to Consign to the tomb—গোৰ-দে; Bury.

Consignee, kon-si-ne', স. বাহাতে দেওৱা বাহ, বা বাহাকে বিবাস কৰিয়া কোন বস্তু ক্লম্ভ কৰা বাহ; ঘাহাৰ বতে কোন বস্তুৰ ভাৱ ভাগা কৰা হয়; A factor; one to whom anything is consigned or intrusted.

Consigner, Consignor, n. ভাৰাপৰকাৰী; One who makes a consignment.

Consignment, kon-simment, n. ভারাপণ; অপণ; The act of consigning:—বিক্রমণ প্রেবিড ছব্য; Goods sent for sale:—চারান, The writing by which anything is made over.—ভত্ত বস্তু; The thing consigned.

Consist, kon-sist, v.t. [L. con, signifying completeness, and sisto—sto, to stand] হওয়া, ধাৰা; বচিত হওয়া; To be; to exist; to be composed of; to lie in:—অনুসাণত; মিল থাকা, To be consistent or harmonious; to agree.

To consist in—(no passive) কোন কিছুতে থাকা,
To lie in ( used with abstract nouns to indicate
their true nature ); to be constituted by.

To consist of—(no passive) ৰাহা ৰাহা লাইয়া কোন কিছু হয় আহাতে হওয়া, চাহাতে এডকো থাকা;
To be made up of (used with concrete nouns to indicate the parts which unite in composing a thing); to be composed of [consistent with.
To consist with—সমত বা উপচ্জ ২৩ছা; To be Consistence, kon-sistens, Consistency, kon-sist-en-si, n. হৈয়া; দৃঢ়ভা, সংলগ্নতা; ঘনতা; দিলness, stability:—ঘনত; মতা, A degree of density:—সাত্ত; দৃঢ়ভা, Substance, firmness of constitution or character:—একা; সম্পতি, দিল্ল, Agreement; congruity, correspondence; uniformity. Syn:—Density, thickness; compactness; coherence; congruity, harmony, correspondence.

Consistent, kon-sistent, a. দৃতৰত্ব, দৃত, Fixed, firm:—উপযুক্ত; Suitable, comfortable:—অভবুন, Not fluid;—সম্বন্ধ, স্বত্যসম্পন্ন; Uniform. Syn.—Accordant, harmonious, uniform, agreeing, consonant, cohesent. ad=consistently.

Consistent with—কোন কিছুৰ উপৰোগী; Suitable to:—কোন কিছুৰ সহিত মিল বা সঙ্গত; In harmony with:—একত্ৰে থাকিতে পাৰা, Capable of co-existing with.

Consistory, kon-sistor-i, n. ধর্মতা; Any solemn assembly or council:—ধর্মবিষয় বিদায়ালয়; A spiritual or ecclesiastical court. a=consistorial.

Consociate, v. t. মিণিড-র ; সংযুক-হ ; To asssociate:—v. i. সংযুক-হ ; মিণিড-হ ; To form an association.

Consociation, kon-sō-shi-áshun, n. [ L. con, with, socias, a companion ] 阳面明; 河南西南;

Consolable, kon-sōla-bl, s. আবাননীয়; সাক্ষ্ নীয়; নাত্তনার বোধ্য; That may be comforted. Consolation, kon-sol-áshun, n. নাত্তনা; মুংধান্-

Consolation, Kon-sol-ashun, n. বাছৰা; ছ:বাজ-ৰোকৰ; Solace; alleviation of misery:—সাক্ষ্য; বুধসাজ্বেৰ কাৰণ; Comfort; the cause of comfort:—মান্সিক ৰলাগান; Refreshment of mind or spirit. Syn:—Solace, alleviating, support, relief, encouragement. a=consolatory.

Consolidate, kon-soli-dat, v. t. [ L. con, intensive, and solidus, solid ] মৃত্-কু; খন-কু; To make solid; to harden or make dense:—সংযুক্ত-কু; একজ্ কু; To unite, as various particulars into one mass or body:—v. i. মৃত্ বা খন-ফু; To grow solid or firm; to unite.

Consolidated fund -A repository of public money, pledged for the expenses of government.

Consolidation, kon-sol-i-dashun, n. मृहीकवन ; मृहश्चन , The act of making or of becoming firm or solid

Consols, n pl. The English funded government security, formed by consolidation of different annuities.

Consonance, końson-ans, n. সুবের মিগন:
Agreement or union of sounds:—সকতি; সাধতঙ্গ, Agreement of one thing with another; a state of agreement. a=consonantal. Syn:—
Union, harmony, congruity, concord, conformity, suitableness, agreeableness.

Consonant, końson-ant, a. [ L. con, with, and sono, to sound ] শকত, উপযুক, অনুষায় ; Agreeing; congruous, consistent.—একাতানিক; Accordant; harmonious:—n. ব্যস্তাবনিক; A letter which cannot be perfectly sounded without a vowel Syn:—(a.) Accordant, harmonious; congruous, consistent; compatible. e=consonantal. ad=consonantly.

Consort, końsort, n. [ L. con, with, and sors, series, a lot ] দল্পী: ব্লী কিংবা খামী: A companion; a partner, especially a wife or husband; spouse:—বে পোড অন্ত পোতের দলে থাকে, দংগামী পোড; An accompanying ship:—-আন্তবিক সহচর; An intimate associate.

Queen consort—The wife of a king as distinguished from a queen regnant, who rules alone, and a queen dowager, the widow of a king.

Consort, konsort, v. s. मरक शाका; To associate or keep company.

Conspectus, kon-spektus, n. সার সংবাহ; বং-কিন্ত; Epitome; synopsis. Syn:—Synopsis. syllabus, epitome, abstract.

Conspicuous, kon-spiku-us, s. [L. con, intensive, and specio, to look] = ; Manifest :-

equipment; Clearly perceived or understood; obvious to the mind:—Rujie; Eminent; celebrated; famous; prominent. n=conspicuousness. ad=conspicuously. Syn:—Visible, discernible, manifest, plain; marked, noted, distinguished, eminent, famous, illustrious, prominent, celebrated.

Conspirant, a. क्यानीकांबक ; Plotting.

Conspirator, kon-spira-tor, n. বড়বরী; বড়বর-কারী, চক্রাক্তবারী; A plotter; one who engages

in a conspiracy.

Conspire, kon-spir, v. i. [L. conspire—con, together, and spire, to breathe ] ব্যাধান ; ক্ৰ্যান ; To plot together; to plan; to hatch treason:—সাহাধান ; To concur to an end:— স্বত্ত ; To agree. Syn:—Concur, combine, co-operate, conduce, confederate, league, hatch treason, plot, intrigue, scheme.

Constable, kuństa-bl, n. শান্তিবৃদ্ধক; চৌকিদাৰ; A police-man; a peace-officer. n=constableship To overrun the constable—আন অপেকা ব্যৱ অধিক-কৃ; To spend more than a man is worth

or can pay (collog).

Constabulary, kon-stabil-lar-i, a. পাত্তিবন্ধক বা পুলিশক্ষণী নপাৰ্কীয়; Pertaining to constables or peace-officers:—». পাত্তিহক্ষক দল; The body of constables.

Constancy, koństan-si, n. অপৰিবৰ্তনালিকা;
অপৰিবৰ্তনীৰকা; Stability; fixedness; immutability:—বিৰ প্ৰভিক্তা; কাৰি কোন; বৃঢ়তা; অটপ্ৰা; Unshaken determination; lasting affection; fortitude; perseverance:—বৰ্ণকা; Reality; certainty. Syn:—Fixedness, stability, firmness, permanence, steadfastness, resolution, decision;

uniformity, regularity.

Constant, koństant, a. [ L. con, intensive, sto, to stand ] অপছৰ্ণীয় ; অপৰিবৰ্জনীয় ; Immutable ; unchangeable :—অটল ; বিয় , অবিচলিত ; বিষয় ; বিষানী ; Firm in purpose ; faithful ; stendfast :—বিষমিত ; Certain ; steady :—ক্সমিক : Continuous ; continual :—n. অপৰিবৰ্জনীয় বহু ; অক্ষমণাৰ্থ ; That which remains unchanged :—অপ্ৰিবৰ্জনীয় লক্ষ্কি ; In Physics, an invariable quantity or force. Syn:—(a) Stable, fixed, firm, permanent, unalterable, immutable, perpetual, continual, steadfast, uniform ; regular, stated, certain ; resolute, unshaken, determined.

Constantly, konstant-li, ad. apart : wheelts; Firmly; fixedly; perseveringly: - will transfer,

अविवेष ; Continually.

Constellation, kon-stel-ashun, n. [ L. con, together, stella, a star ] বাৰি; নক্ষপুত্ৰ; A cluster or group of stars:—সৌক্রেয় বা ভালের সমষ্ট ; সৌক্রিয়ন্যাবেল; An assemblage of beauties or excellencies.

Consternation, kon-ster-nashun, n. [ L. con, sig. completeness, and sterne, to strew, to throw

down ] करून; जान्त; तिका; बान; Dismay; astonishment; wonder; horror. Syn:—Alarming, fear, surprising dread, dismay, sudden fright, panic.

Constipate, konstip-at, v. t. [L. con, together, and stipo, stipatus, to pack ] रक-क: To stop as a passage by filling it and preventing motion through it; to shut up:—(क्रिक्-क; To render costive.

Constipation, kon-stip-ashun, n. 185; Act of crowding:—(3) 1875; Costiveness.

Constituency, kon-stitu-en-si, n. প্রতিনিধি শিক্ষাচকসমূহ ; The whole body of electors ; the body of constituents.

Constituent, kon-stituent, a. আৰম্ভীয়; অভ্যাৰক্তক; উপাদান-সম্থায়; নিৰ্মাণনাম্ম ; Necessary, essential, elemental :— নিৰ্মাণনাম্ম ; Having the power of appointing, as the constituent body of a government :— n. উপাদান ; An essential or elemental part :— নিৰ্মাণনাম্ম ; The person or thing which constitutes or composes :— নিৰ্মাণনাম্ম ; One who assists to appoint or elect a representative to an office :—পাৰ্লাম্ম সভাৰ কতা প্ৰতিনিধ্য নিৰ্মাণনাম ; One of those who elect a representative, especially in parliament. Syn:—Component, part, element, ingredient, principle; elector.

Constitute, koństit-ūt, v. t. [ I.. con, together, and statuo, to make to stand, to place ] স্থাপিতকু; To set up; to establish:—তৈয়াৰ-কু; সংঘটিলকু; To form, to compose:—নিযুক্ত-কু; নিযোগ-কু;
To appoint, to depute, to empower:—আংকেণ-কু;
To ordain. Syn:—Make, form; establish, exact; make up, form part of; appoint empower, delegate.

Constitution, kon-stit-Ushun, n. বিধান : ব্যক্তগেন : নিজোন : Formation :—প্ৰীৰ বা মনেৰ ৰাজাৰিক অবস্থা : The natural condition of body or mind :—বিধিনমূহ : ব্যক্তা-সংহিতা : A system of laws and customs :—স্থাপিত শাসনপ্ৰণানী : The established form of government :—বিশেষ ব্যক্তা বা আচাৰ বাৰহাৰ : A particular law or usage. Syn:—Formation, establishment ; form, nature, disposition, habit, temperament.

Constitutional, kon-sit-d'shun-al, a. আত্যন্তাবিক নৈদানিক, Inherent:—ব্যৱস্থাসকত; আইনসজত; Legal:—ব্যবস্থাসকীয়; আননএগানী সকত;
Relating to the constitution:—নিয়মতত্ত্ব সৰ্থীয়;
Regulated by, dependent on, or secured by a constitution:—দৰীয় স্বন্ধীয়; Physical:—n.
বাছাবিধানাৰ্ব বাবুনেৰন; শৰীয় বহুৰাৰ্ব বাবুনেৰন; A walk for the sake of one's health; a brisk walk taken for preserving bodily health (familiar language.) ad—constitutionally.

Constitutional government—নিয়ম্ভর বাসন-এশালী . A government where the ruler is sub-

ject to fixed laws.

Constitutionalist, kon-stit-u'shun-al-ist, Constitutionist, kon-sti-tu'shun-ist, ন বিশ্বতম্ব বাস্ব-প্ৰশাসীৰ প্ৰপাতী; One who favours a constitutional government. Constitutive, konstit-ut-iv, a. নৌলিক; নাৰত্ত; Elemental; essential:—ব্যবহাপক; নহোপক; Having power to enact.

Constrain, kon-strain, v. t. [ L. con, together, stringe, to press ] ব্যান কু; ব্যাহান কু; বাধান কু; বাধা

Constrainable, kon-straha-bl, a. निष्ण; राण; That may be forced or repressed.

Constraint, kon-strant, স. অৰ্বোধ; Restraint; confinement:—ভোৱ; বল্পজাল; আবল্যজা; Compulsion; irresistable force; necessity.

Constrict, kon-strikt, ए. १. नंदर्ग - कृ ; वज-कृ ; To bind ; to cramp ; to contract.

Constriction, kon-strikshun, n. नरकाछ ; नन्ती-इन ; Contraction ; compression.

Constrictor, kon-striktor, n. সংকাচকাৰী; কুকৰ-কাৰী; That which contracts; that which draws together:—সৰ্গবিশেষ; A large species of serpent; a serpent which crushes its prey in its folds; the boa-constrictor.

Constringe, kon-string, v. t. नरक्षा - कृ । सक्षित-

Constringent, kon-stringent, a. आरक्षकम ; आरक्षक ; Having the power of contracting.

Construct, kon-strukt. v. t. [1. con, and strusse, to pile up] নিৰ্দাণ-ক: নিৰ্দিত-ক: To build; to form:—উদ্ধাবিত-ক: বচনা-ক: সকলন-ক: To devise; to invent; as, to construct a theory of ethics; to compose; to compile. Syn:—Erect, make, raise, frame; institute, found, fabricate, arrange, establish.

Construction, kon-strukshun, n. নির্দাণ ; The act of constructing :—নির্দাণপাণী ; Structure ; manner of forming ; conformation:—অর্ ; Meaning :—পদ্বিস্থান ; Syntactical arrangement :—
স্থানিতির চিক্তপ্রশালী ; The manner of drawing figures and diagrams in mathematics :— আন্নির্দাণ ; বর ; Building. Syn :—Election, formation, fabrication, composition, building, fabric, edifice; structure, form, figure, shape, configuration; interpretation, rendering, version.

Put a false construction upon—अञ्बद्ध बहुद्वानुक ; Misinterpret.

Constructive, kon-struktiv, a. বিশ্বণিক্ষ ; Having ability to construct or form :—সাপুষানিক ; Derived by interpretation ; not direct or expressed, but inferred. n=constructiveness. adconstructively.

Constructiveness, kon-strukriv-nes, %. বিশ্বাপ শক্তি; The faculty of constructing.

Construe, koństrod, v. t. [L. construo, constructus, to pile together] বাাধাা-ক ; অনুমান-ক ; আৰুমান-ক ; আৰুমান-ক ; আৰুমান-ক ; বাাধানিক ; আনুমান-ক ; আৰুমান-ক ; বাাধানিক ; To interpret ; to understand ; to explain ; to translate. Syn :— Analyze, parse ; render, interpret, explain, expound ; translate. [ লণ্ডরা : Interpret as. Construe into—কোল কিছুর কল কল কর্ম প্রিয়া Constuprate, v. t. বলাংকার-ক ; To violate the person of , to ravish.

Consubstantial, kon-sub-stanshal, a. अइ-आडीह; अववडाव : Of the same substance, essence, or nature. n=consubstantiality.

Consubstantialist, kon-sub-stań-shial-ist, #.
সাধাৰণ ধৰ্ম বা অকৃতিতে বিধানকাৰী; One who believes in consubstantiation.

Consubstantiate, kon-qub-standhi-At, v. c. সাধাৰণ ধৰ্ম বা প্ৰকৃতিতে একজিত-কু; To unite in one common substance or nature.

Consubstantistion, kon-sub-stan-shi-ashun, n. সম্প্রকৃতি; State of being of the same substance; an identity or union of substance:— (Theol.) সূর্ভাব সুশার নামক বৃষ্টোৎসবের ভোজা ও পানীরে গৃষ্টের সেই এবং শোণিত বিলামান বাকে; সুখারের ইত্যাকার ধর্মায়ত; The actual presence of the body of Christ with the bread and wine of the Lord's Supper—opposed to Transubstantiation.

Consustude, końswe-tūd, #. बीडि; नीडि; Custom; usage. a=consustudinary.

Consustudinary, kon-swe-tūd-ina-ri, a. প্রচ-লিড ; Customary — n. বীত্যাপ্রাম্বি উপান্ধা-পদ্ধতি ; A ritual of customary devotions.

Consul, końsul, n. শাসনকর্ত্তী ; বোষবাজ্যের চুইজন প্রধান ন্যাজিট্রেটের মধ্যে অক্তর ; Among the Romans, one of the two chief magistrates of the state :—কোন শাসনকর্ত্তীর বিদেশন্ত প্রতিনিধি ; An officer appointed by a government to protect the interests of its citizens abroad :—The head of a French republic :—আন্তর সঙ্গে বে ব্যক্তি একত্রে লক্ষন বা কৃষ্ণিন করে; অক্তের সংবোগে কর্মনারী ; One who leaps or springs together with another; one who acts in concert with another. Consular, końsul-ar, a. উক্ত ব্যক্তিটি স্পানীয় ; Pertaining to a consul.

Consulate, końsūl-না, গ. উক্ত শাস্থকহাৰ পদ, বাসন্থাৰ বা অধিকাৰ; The office, residence or jurisdiction of a consul. [Office of a consul. Consulship, গ. উক্ত শাস্থকভাৰ পদ বা কাৰ্যকাল; Consult, kon-sult, v. t. [L. consulto, inten. of consult, to consult] শ্বাৰণ বা ষত লভাঃ; To seek opinion or advice:—উপ্তেশ অন্ধ আৰ্থনা-কু; অনুক্লে মীমাংসা বা কাৰ্য-কু; To apply to for instruction, to decide or act in favour of:—v. i. প্ৰামণ লভাঃ; বিবেচনা-কু; To take counsel; to deliberate:—খীৰভাৰে চিন্তা-কু; To consider with deliberation. Syn:—Deliberate, confer, take advice; care for, regard, consider.

Consultation, kon-sult-áshun, n. মন্ত্ৰণা; প্ৰামৰ্থ, বিচাৰ; Deliberation:—স্থিতি; সভা; A council for deliberation.

Consumable, kon-sūma-bl, s. বিদান্ত ; আন-বোগ্য ; ক্ষমীন ; আননীয় ; That may be destroyed.

Consume, kon-sūm, w. t. [L. consumo, to destroy—con, sig. completeness, and sumo, sumptus, to take ] বিশাস ; সাংসাক : To destroy !— মাণ্ডাৰ ; অপবাৰ-ক ; To destroy by dissipating or by use :—গাস-ক ; To swallow up; to absorb :—v. i. কৰে কৰে কৰোৱ-ক ; To waste away slowly; to be exhausted. Syn:—Destroy, swallow up, exhaust, devour, absorb

expend, lavish, squander, dissipate, lesson, spend. s=consumer.

Consummate, kon-sumat or kon-, v. f. [ L. con, with, and summus, highest, perfect ] [44-事; putw 事; To perfect ; to finish ; to complete. Syn :- Complete, conclude, perfect, finish, achieve, accomplish, effectuate.

Consummate, kon-sumat, a. क्लांच ; मन्त्र्र ; हर्ममादाव ; Perfect ; complete. ad=consummately.

Consummation, kon-sum-ashun, \*. 115; हब्म : मृद्या ; त्यव ; Completion ; perfection ; death, close.

Consumption, kon-sumshun, n. विनाम ; साम , Decay; destruction :- का ; व्यवहर ; Waste ; diminution ; loss :- करकान ; A wasting away of the body by disease, generally understood of the lungs; Phthisis: -- আনুষ্ঠ বছৰ বাৰহাৰ: The use of the products of industry. Syn :-Waste, expenditure, loss, diminution, extinction, destruction, decay, phthisis, decline.

Consumptive, kon-sumtiv, a. क्वकांदी ; Destructive; wasting :- PICATHIFTE; क्यदार्श ধ্ইৰাৰ উপকাৰ; Affected with or inclined to consumption. ad=consumptively. n=consumptiveness.

Consumptiveness, kon-sumtiv-nes, #. \\*-(বাৰপ্ৰবৃত্তা ; A tendency to consumption.

Contact, końtakt, n. [ L. con, sig. completeness, and tango, to touch ] সংস্পর্ণ; মিলন; A close union of bodies; a touching or meeting. Syn: - Touch, junction, close union, contignity. Contagion, kon-tajun, n. সংত্ৰৰ দাবা বোৰ উৎ-भागन : मःक्रांमक (बान ; Transmission of a disease by contact; catching disease; infection: -That which propagates evil or mischief.

Contagious, kon-tajus, a. সংক্রামক ; ভৌষাতে ; Catching :-- नामध्यक ; कीवनामक ; Pestilential : -1119 ₹; Spreading or communicable from one to another :- वियोज ; Poisonous. ad=contagiously. n=contagiousness. Syn:-Poisonous, pestilential, epidemic, infectious, catching.

Contain, kon-tan, v. t. [ L. con, together, and teneo, to hold ] 4141-7; To comprise; to include; to be able to contain :- १पन-इ: मध्याणिक्य-ए ; To restrain :- ए. i. मध्य इकेश ₹17-7; To live in continence or chastity. Syn: -Comprehend, embrace, include, embody; inclose, hold; restrain, keep in check; retain. Containable, kon-tana-bl, a. श्वाराया ; That

may be contained.

Contaminate, kon-tami-nat, v. i. [ L. con, and ancient taminare, to violate ] अशिवन क ; क्यूबिक-इ ; To render impure ; to sully ; to taint, to pollute; to corrupt; to infect. Syn:-Pollute, defile, sully, taint, tarnish, stain, corrupt, deprave, infect.

Contamination, kon-tam-i-náshum, n. 444; সপৰিৱভা; কৰুবিভ কৰণ; Pollution; defilement; [ to make impure. Contaminative, s. चनविज्ञवाच्य ; Tending Contemn, kon-tem, v. t. [ L. con, intensive, and temno to slight } अनका-क ; (रक्कान-क ; To despise; to slight. n=contemner. Syn: -Disdain, spurn, slight, scorn, disregard, neglect.

Contemplate, kon-templat, v. t. वान-इ : To meditate on; to study; to muse :-- मनद-क ; अख्यार-इ ; To intend or design :-- मरनारवान-पुर्वक (नवा : To consider or look at attentively :- v. i. शानवुक-इ ; विका-क ; To think seriously ; to meditate :-- अपूनीलन-क ; To study. Syn : -Behold, deserve, study, ponder, muse, meditate on, dwell on, consider, intend, design, plan, purpose.

Contemplation, kon-tem-pla'shun, n. fer ; गरवानिरव् ; Meditation :--शाव ; Holy meditation :- अपूनीवन ; Study.

Be in contemplation—(कांच विवासक कड़ना रश्रमा, वा कथावाठी हला; हिसाब विषयीकृष्ठ रश्रमा; Be intended or be the subject of consideration. To have in contemplation - 444-F; To intend.

Contemplative, kon-templa-tiv, a. विवासीन ; बार्निवादन ; Given to study and reflection ; thoughtful; meditative :- अशासनीत ; Employed in study. ad=contemplatively.

Contemporaneous, kon-tem-po-ra'ne-us, e. [ L. con, together, and temporaneus-tempus, time ] नगनागिक ; नगकानीन ; Living or being at the same time ; contemporary :- अ. अपकान-ৰত্তী লোক; One who lives at the same time with us. ad=contemporaneously. n=contemporaneousness.

Contemporary, kon-tempo-rar-i, a. नम्-नागिथक ; Being or existing at the same time. Syn: - Coeval, coataneous, contemporaneous: -n. मयकानवर्की लाक ; बकमयदाद लाक ; One who lives at the same time with another.

Contemporary with-काशंदक महिन मय-भागविक: Living at the same time with (another).

Contempt, kon-tempt, n. वृत्ती ; व्यवका ; Disdain ; scorn :- अभ्योत , नका ; Disgrace ; shame :-( Law ) विচাरणित अछि अन्यान अन्तर्भन ; विচাरा-लदब निवसावलीय अधि अमन्त्रान अपर्मन ; Disobedience or disrespect to a court or a constituted Syn :- Disdain, scorn, derision, authority. mockery, neglect, disregard, slight, disrespect; disgrace, shame.

Contemptible, kon-tempfi-bl, s. नीह ; विकृष्ट ; গুৰিত ; খুপাৰ্ছ ; Despicable ; vile ; mean ; base, worthless. ad = contemptibly. n=contemptibleness.

Contemptuous, kon-tempfü-us, c. 19194; অৰ্ক্তাস্চক : Scornful; insolent :- निक्छ : Haughty.

Contend, kon-tend, v. s. [ L. contendo,-con, and tendo, to stretch, strain ] विवाप-क ; अधि-বোপিতা-কু, To contest; to vie; to quarrel:-তৰ্ক-কৃ; ভৰ্জবিতৰ্ক-কৃ; To dispute; to argue; to debate:—(চন্ত্ৰা-কৃ; To strive:—বিশা-কৃ; ভিত্ৰ-काद-कृ ; To reprove. Syn :- Struggle, vie, strive, compete, cope, emulate, contest, litigate, dispute, debate.

Contend against—airise of color for a relevent of Struggle against (a person or circumstances).

Contend for—(six faces we faces tog) of the tog) of the tog); Fight for, strive hard to obtain (something).

Contend with -- वाश्यक ममक्क स्टेवांव कड (स्टे-इ ; Vie with or struggle with ( a rival ).

Content, kon-tent, a. সভাই; পৰিভ্ৰাঃ Satisfied:
— v. i. পান্ত- ; সভাই- উ : To appease; to make quiet; to please or gratify, Syn:—(v) Satiate, satisfy; delight, gladden; indulge, humour, please, gratify; suffice.

Content, kontent or kon-tent, n. পৰিমাণ; Measure or capacity:—সংস্থাব; Rest, satisfaction; moderate happiness:—pl. আবেৰ ৰস্ত সমু-পাছ; পুৰকের স্টিপার; The things contained; the list of subjects treated of in a book.

Contented, kon-tented, a. পৰিতৃষ্ট; সভঃ: Quiet, easy in mind. ad=contentedly. n=

contentedness, contentment.

Contention, kon-tenshun, n. বিৰাণ; প্ৰভিষ্কিতা, Contest; quarrel; strife:—বিচাৰ; তৰ্ক; Controversy; altercation, debate:—উৎসাহ: একালা; Ardour; eagerness; zeal. Syn:—Struggle, competition, emulation, litigation, quarrel, conflict, dissension, variance, disagreement, discord; dispute, debate, altercation, wrangling. Contentious, kon-tenshus, a. বিৰাণ্ডিৰ: কল্লাজ্য ; Quarrelsome; given to angry debate:—বিৰাণ্ড্ৰাম্বিয়া ; Relating to contention or strife.

@d=contentiously. n=contentiousness. Syn:—Quarrelsome, pugnacious, wrangling; disputatious, litigious, perverse, peevish, cavilling.

Contentment, kon-tent-ment, n. তৃথি; সহটি; Satisfaction; gratification.

Contents, n. pl. খড়িপত ; নিৰ্থট ; The heads of a book ; an index.

Conterminate, kon-ter'min-3t, Conterminal, kon-ter'min-al, Conterminous, kon-ter'min-µs, a. [ L. con, together, and terminus, a boundary) সমসীম; সীমান্ত্ৰত; সীমান্ত্ৰট; Having the same bounds or boundaries, contiguous.

Contest, kon-test, v. t. [ L. con, and testor, to be a witness—testis, a witness ] চেষ্টা-কৃ; To strive for:—বিবাদ-কৃ; আপান্ত-কৃ; To dispute, to controvert:—v. i. বিবাদ-কৃ; প্রতিবাসিতা-কৃ; To contend, to vie, to emulate. a=contestable Contest, kohtest, n. বিবাদ; বুজ; মান্নানানি ; A conflict; strife in arms; combat, battle:—বাদান্ত-কৃ; debate. Sym:—Conflict, combat, battle, encounter, shock, struggle; dispute, debate, controversy. a=contestable.

Contestable, a. धवरवाना ; विवास ; That may be called in question or disputed.

Context, koń-tekst, n. [ L. con, together, texo, textus. to weave ] ৰাজ্যপ্ৰসঙ্গ প্ৰবন্ধ , একল সংবাদ বা বচিত পদাৰ্থ; The parts of a discourse that precede or follow the text quoted.

Contexture, kon-tekstur, n. जरण मधुरस्य वर्षा-

शांत नतिरवन : निर्दाणवर्गानी ; कार्यवर्गानी ; Com-

Contiguous, kon-tig'u-us, a. বিকটছ; স্বীপ্ৰতী; পাৰ্যছ; Adjoining; near. ad=contiguously. n=contiguousness. Syn:—Adjoining, adjacent, beside, bordering, touching, near, neighbouring Contiguous to—সংবধ; Adjoining, in contact with.

Continence, kohti-nens, Continency, kohti-nen-si, n. সিতেজিয়তা; ইপ্রিয় কমন; নতীত্ব, Voluntary restraint of one's desires; self-command; chastity.

Continent, konti-nent, n. ম্বাদেশ; A large extent of land containing many countries:—
ইয়োবোৰে মহাপ্ৰদেশ, The mainland of Europe, as distinguished from the Island.

Continent, kohti-nent, a. [L. con, together, and teneo, to hold] কিতেলিছ; সংৰক্ত; বিভাচাৰ, বৰ্মনিষ্ট; Restraining the indulgence of desires or passions, specially, as to sexual intercourse, temperate; chaste ad=continently.

Continental, konti-nent-al, a. पर्शाहरूप न्य-कीय; Pertaining to a continent, especially to Europe as distinguished from England, or to the American colonies, during the Revolution

Contingence, kon-tinjens, Contingency, kon-tinjen-si, n. देवर्षहेन!; चाकविक पहेन!; छान- छवा विषव; An accidental possibility; an un foreseen event; an accident, incident. Syn:—Fortuity, uncertainty, possibility, casualty, accident, chance; occurrence, event.

Contingent, kon-tinjent, a. [L. contingo, to touch, to happen] অনিভিড; আক্সিক; Uncertain; casual:—বৈৰাধীৰ; Depending on something else:—n. বৈৰাধীৰ; আনিভিড ঘটনা, Contingency:—নৈভ্ৰমনেশ্ব অংশ; A quota; a share or portion; as, of soldiers. ad=contingently. Syn:—(a) accidental, incidental, casual, fortuitous, conditional, uncertain.

Continual, kon-tinual, a. অবিৰত; ক্ৰম্পত, নিমত; অবিরাম; Unceasing; perpetual constant; incessant. Syn:—Constant, continuous, perpetual, unceasing, uninterrupted, unintermitted. ad=continually.

Continuance, kon-tinuans, n. ছায়িত; Permanence; duration:—অবস্থিতি; বাস; Abode; residence; stay:—অবিভিন্ন অসুক্ৰম; Continuation, uninterrupted succession.

Continuation, kon-tin-U-áshun, #. অবিজিয় অহর্ডি; ক্যার্র্ডি; বিভৃতি; Constant succession, extention. [Continuing.

Continuative, kon-tinu-a-tiv, s. ক্ষাগত, Continuator, kon-tinu-a-tor, n. অপুরুষ সং-বৃক্ক; One who continues or keeps up a series or succession.

Continue, kon-tinu, v. t. [Fr. continuer-L. continues, joined, connected, from continuo-con, together, and teneo, to hold] (नव वा-रू. विक-रू: To prolong; to extend; to protract:

Continuity, kon-tin-u'i-ti, ন. অবিছিল বোগ; অবিছিল্লভা; ব্যবধান্ত্রাহিত্য; Uninterrupted connection: cohesion.

Continuous, kon-tinuous, a. আছিছিল; Uninterrupted:—সংশিষ্ট, সংযুক্ত; Connected, continued. Syn:—Connected extended, prolonged; unbroken, uninterrupted. ad=continuously (আরিছিলভাবে)।

Contort, kon-tort, v. f. [ L. con, intensive, and forques, fortus, to twist ] আৰু কিড-কু; মোচড়াইছাসে: To writhe; to twist together.

Contortion, kon-tor'shun, त. आकूणन ; वजीकान ; A violent twisting ; distortion.

Contour, kon-toor', n. [Fr. contour, from con, and tour, a turning] white; Alergos (24); The outline:—পৰিথি; The periphery of a figure.

Contraband, kontra-band, a. বিবিদ্ধ; অবিহিত; Prohibited:—n. বিবিদ্ধ পাণ; অভায় বাণিলা; lilegal traffic; prohibited goods. Syn:—(a) Forbidden, illicit, smuggled, interdicted, illegal

Contrabandist, kohtra-band-ist, n. (व बाहिंग एक ना निवा जावनानी बखानी करव ; A smuggler.

Contract, kon-tract, v. t. [L. con, together, and traho, to draw] मरिब मृ ; कवाब ; To abridge; to shorten; to lessen :—मङ्गिष्ठ-कृ ; To wrinkle:—(विवाहार्ष) वोश्रांब-कृ ; To betroth; to affiance:—(वाब) अव-कृ ; To incur :—जिशोर्खन-कृ , To acquire:—विवान-कृ ; To bargain for .—षावब-कृ ; To bring on, as a disease:—v. s महीर्व-कृ ; To shrink; to become less:—अष्ठ-कृ ; निवाह्य चावष्ठ-कृ ; To bargain ; to agree. Syn:—Shorten, abridge, epitomize, narrow, lessen, condense; reduce, confine, corrugate, wrinkle; incur, assume; shrival, shrink; agree, bargain, stipulate.

Contract, kohtrakt, n. বিষয়; চুকি; An agreement between parties, imposing obligations and conferring rights upon each .— বিষয়বাৰ, প্ৰতিজ্ঞানীৰ; ৰঙবাৰ বায় ; A bond; the writing containing the terms of an agreement; — বৈবাধিক স্বন্ধ; An act of betrothment. Syn:—Compact, stipulation, arrangement, obligation, engagement, pact, bond, treaty.

Contracted, kon-trakted, s. সৃত্তিত ; ব্দীৰ্ণ ; Drawn together ; narrow :—বীচ ; Mcan :— বাহিত্ব ; Abridged :—বাৰ্ড্ড ; Betrothed. sd=

contractedly. n=contractedness.

Contractible, kon-trakti-bl, a. সংক্ৰেণ্ডাৰ; ব্যোচনীৰ; Capable of being contraction. সজ্জ contractibility, contractibleness.

Contractile, kon-traktil, a. न्याइक ; न्याइक-क्य : Tending to contract ; having power to contract. necontractility. Contraction, kon-trakshun, ন. সংক্ৰেণ্ডৰ; আৰু বৰ্ষাৰ্থ ; Contracting :—সংক্ৰিত বৰ; A word shortened by rejecting a part of it.

Contractor, kon-traktor, त. हरिकासक ; हरिक कारी ; One who engages to do a certain service or work at a stipulated price or rate.

Contra-dance, kontra-dans (corruptly country-dance) n. মৃত্যবিশেষ; A dance in which the parties are arranged in opposite lines.

Contractiot, kon-tra-dikt, v. t. [L. contra, against, and dico, to speak] অধীকাৰ-ফু: প্ৰতিবাদ-ফু: To gainsay; to deny; to impugn; to oppose. Syn:—Gainsay, deny, negative, dispute, oppugn, impugn; counteract, contravene.
Contradiction, kon-tra-dikshun, n. অধীকাৰ; প্ৰতিবাদ; বিশ্বীকাৰ; Penial; direct; opposition; inconsistency. Syn:—Gainsaying; opposition, contrariety, inconsistency, antagonism.

Contradictive, kon-tra-diktiv, a. विक्रम, अनक्ष ; Containing contradiction ; adverse ; inconsistent.

Contradictory, kontra-diktor-i, a. विश्वीक ; Affirming the contrary:—विश्व ; श्वरण्य विद्याची ; Inconsistent ; opposite ; contrary:—n. In Logic, a proposition opposed to another in all its term. ad=contradictorily.

Contradistinctive, kon-tra-dis-tinktiv, a. বিশ্বীত ৩৭ ছাবা বিভিন্নকাৰী; বিভিন্ন ৩৭সমূহ যাখা পাৰ্থক; এদৰ্শন; Distinguished or marked by opposite quantities.

Contradistinction, kon-tra-dis-tinkshun, ম. তুপ বৈষম্য আৰু প্ৰভেদ বৈশ্বীতা; Distinction by opposite term:—ভূলনাম পাৰ্থকা; Distinction by contrast.

Contradiatinguish, kon-tra-dis-ting gwish, v. t. বিপৰীত তাৰ বাবা বিভিন্ন কু; বিভিন্ন ভূগ বাবা পাৰ্বক্য অনুশ্ৰ-কু; To distinguish by contrast.

Contralto, kon-traito, n. The part sung by the highest male or lowest female voice:—The voice or singer performing this part.

Contrariety, kon-tra-ri'e-tı, n. विक्षण ; देवन-बोण, परेनका ; Opposition ; repugnance ; inconsistency ; disagreement.

Contrariwise, kontra-ri-wiz, ad. পকাৰৰে, অভাগকে, বিকল্পকে; On the other hand.

Contrary, kontra-ri, a. [L. contrarius—contra, against] প্ৰতিক্স ; বিশ্বীত ; Acting against or in an opposite direction :—অসমত ; Inconsistent ; repugnant:—In logic, opposed in qualities only:—n. বিশ্বীত ভাবিশিষ্ট পদাৰ্থ ; বিকল্প ধৰ্ম বা ভাগাল্য কাৰ্য ; A thing of opposite qualities. necontrariness. ad—contrarily. Syn:—(a) Adverse, repugnant, antagonistic, hostile, inimical; discordant, inconsistent; perverse, froward, wayward.

Contrary to—বিপৰীত : Opposite to :—(কোৰ্ বিবাৰ ) বিকাৰ : In opposition to :—কোৰ ভিত্ন বিকাৰ (কোৰ মানসিক বৃতিৰ বিকাৰে বুৰাছ); Against (some mental belief or supposition). On the contrary—অপৰ বাবে : প্ৰাধ্যে, একু:ভ ;

Tat: On the other hand.

To the contrary—প্রভিক্লে, বিপরীত বিকে, In the opposite direction, to an opposite purpose. Contrast, kon trast, v f [L. contra, opposite to, and stare, to stand] প্রাথাত বেবাইবার অভ পরভার বিপরীভভাবে হাপিত-কৃ, ভা বৈবনা প্রকাশন পুরুত্ব জুলনা-কৃ, To set in opposition and compare by difference—v ঃ বিপরীভভাবে থাকে, To stand in opposition.

Contrast, kontrast, n. তুলনা ছাত্ৰা বৈপৰীত্য প্ৰদ-ৰ্বৰ, বৈষম্য প্ৰ: বিৰ, Opposition, exhibition of

differences.

Contravallation, kon-tra-val-å-shun, n [L contra, opposite to, and vallo, vallatus, to fortify] অৱস্থা বাজিপ্ৰের বাহিপ্যান নিৰ্বাহণাৰ্থ নিৰ্বাহণাৰ্থ নিৰ্বাহণাৰ্থ নিৰ্বাহণাৰ্থ নিৰ্বাহণাৰ্থ কা পাছ, in fortification, a trench, with a parapet between the camp and the place beaueged, formed by besiegers.

Contravene, kon tra ven, v t [L contra, against, venzo, to come] बार्ब-कृ, बाबा-त्व, 10 oppose, to hinder, to defeat, to baffle Syn—Contradict, set aside, cross, obstruct, oppose,

counteract, countervail, thwart

Contravention, kon-tra-venshun, n প্ৰতিবোধ, বিৰোধ, ব্যক্তিক্য, বাধা, Opposition, obstruction — ব্ৰুল, ভন্ন, A defeating of the operation or effect as of law or treaty

Contributary, kon-tribu-tar-i, a ক্ৰণ , সাহায্য-ক্ৰী ; অংশগভা , Paying tribute to the same

SOVETEIGH

Contribute, kon-tribut, ত t [L con, along with, tribuo, tributus, to give] আংশ-দে, অপাৰেৰ লামে পেতা।, আৰুৰ কহিছ দান-ক, Io pay a share, to give to a common stock or for a common purpose—v: আংশ-দে, To give or bear a part n=contributor ( সাহাযাদাতা, প্ৰবদ্ধাতা) i Syn —Furnish, supply, subscribe, bestow, conduce, conspile minister

Contribute to— চানা বেজনা, (sive one s portion to a common stock — সহায়তা কু Help in bring ing about —কোন কিছুতে আনা, Lead to — সংবাদপত্তে লেখা, Write for (a newspaper of

review ) along with others.

Contribution, kon-trib-u'shun, ল সাধাৰণ ভাঙা বেৰ দান, সাধাৰণ উচ্ছেল সাধানাৰ সাধাৰণ ভাঙা বেৰ দান, The payment of each man's share of some common expense — অৰ্ণান, টালা, Anything given to a common stock — কৰ টাল, Imposition levied on a conquered town or country Syn — Grant bestowal, donation, offering gift, subscription Contributive, kon tribu-try, Contributory, kon-tribu-tor-i, a সাংখ্যাকাৰী, আসুক্লা কৰ্ণাক্ষ, Promoting the same end, helping

Contrite, kohtrit, a [L. con, and tero, to bruise] অৰ্ডৱ, অব্ভাপকাৰী, Penitent, repentant. Syn —Penitent, repentant, humble, sor-

rowful ad=contritely

Contrition, kon-trishun, দ অবভাপ, পাপাহত হ'ব, Remorse, compunction. Syn —Repentance, penitence, i umiliation, compunction, self-reproach

Contrivance, kon-trivans, n উপায়োত্তাৰৰ, The act of planning or devising — অভিনন্ধি, কৌশন;

Boils, san; ; Stans, Thing contrived; plan; artifice, invention, design Syn —Fabrication, formation, invention, design; device, plan, plot, scheme, project.

Contrive, kon-triv, v. f [F. con, and trouver, to find) উদ্ভাবন ক , To devise; to invent — i আভিসন্ধি-ক , To plan out n=Contriver (আধি-ছাবক , Schemer ) Syn — Invent, design, plan, devise, project, plot frame, arrange, scheme.

Control, kon-trol, v f ব্যন্ত; শাস্ত্র-মু; To restrain, to check, to govern —n. প্রবৃ, শাস্ত্র, সংবেশ্ব, Restraint, government — প্রস্কু, আজা, Restraining influence, command. Syn—(v) Restrain, rule, check, curb, overpower, counteract, govern, direct, command, superintend, manage

Controllable, kon-trollable, a প্ৰাৰ, প্ৰক্ষৰ,
শাসনীয় I hat may be checked or restrained.
Controller, kon-troller, Comptroller, #
হিমাৰাধ্যক, হিমাৰ-প্ৰীক্ষ , One who checks the accounts of others —শাসনকাৰী , One who controls or restrains n=controllership

Controlment, kon-trolment, n नानन, नवन.

প্ৰতিৰোধ, Restraint, control, opposition.

Controversial, kon-tro-ver'shal, a বিৰাণ বা
বিভৰ্ক সম্বন্ধীয়, Relating to dispute. ad=contro
versially [ভাকিক, Disputant

Controversialist, kon-tro-vér'shal-ist, n Controversy, kon-tro-vér-si, n विवास, विकास, विवास, विद्वास, Disputation, discussion or de bate, quairel, strife, contest Syn—Discussion, dispute, debate, contention, disputation, wrangle, strife, quarrel

Controvert, kontro-vert, v t. [L. contra, against, and zerto, to turn] আপত্তি-কৃ, ৰঙ্গ কৃ অধীকাৰ কৃ, ৰাদাখ্যাদ কৃ, Io oppose, to refute, to argue against

Controvertist, Controversialist, kon-tro ver shal ist, n তাকিক . A disputant

Contumacious, kon-tū-māshus, a অবাধা, এক ভয়ে, Obstinate, stubborn — অবস্থা, অবিধেন আগ্রামনীয়া, Disobedient to lawful authority Syn — Stubborn, obstinate, perverse, unyielding, haughty, headstrong, rebellious, refractory, intractible ad=contumaciously. n=contumaciousness

Contumacy, końtu-masi, ৯. আবাধ্যতা, এই-ভামে, Stubbornness, disobedience — হাজাতা লুজাৰ, Contempt of lawful authority. Syn — Stubbornness, perverseness, obstinacy, haughtiness, contempt, disobedience, rebelliousness.

Contumelious, kon-tū-me'li-us, a প্রিতি, উদ্ধত , অসন্ত্য , পাত্তিক , Insolent , haughty , rude and sarcastic in speech ad=contumeliously n=contumeliousness

Contumely, kohtū-mel-1, n they; wast; wast, insolence, reproach, contemptuous. Syn—Indignity, affront, abuse, scorn, disdain.
Contuse, kon-tuž, v t [L con, and tundo, to

beat, to bruise ] निर्माधिक-कृ; (भवन-कृ To bruise; to beat; to crush

Convalescence, kon-val-e-ens, Convalescency, n. শীড়োপখনতে যায় এবং বললাভ; বোৰ-খান্তিৰ পৰ ক্ৰমে ক্ৰমে খায়া ও বললাভ; Recovery of health after sickness; renewal of health.

Convalescent, kon-val-cient, a. পুন: খাছা
লাভোত্মৰ: জৰণ: খাছালক্ষী, Gradually recovering health and strength after sickness:—n. বে
পুন: খাছালাভ কবিভাহে; One recovering health.
Convection, kon-vekshun, n. [ L. con, and
weho, I carry] সকালব: ভবল বা ৰালীৰ পদাৰ্থে
ৰখা দিয়া ভাগাদি সকালবেৰ অক্ৰিয়া; The process
of transmission of heat or electricity through
liquids or gases by means of currents.

Convene, kon-veh, v.i. [ I. con, together, and venio, to come ] সম্বেড-ছ; সমাগত-হ; একত্র-ছ, মিলিড-ছ, To meet; to assemble .—v. t. সম্বেড-ক, একত্র আহ্বান-ক; To cause to assemble; to call together Syn —Meet, assemble, congregate; summon, call, convoke.

Convener, kon-veher, n. মভাপতি; The chairman of a committee; one who convenes a meeting.

Convenience, kon-vēńyens, Conveniency, kon-vēńyen-si, n. উপথোগিতা; Fitness; adaptedness:—স্বিধা; সুধ্যাছ্ক্ৰ্য; Commodiousness; ease; accomodation.

Convenient, kon-venyent, a উপর্ক . Suitable, becoming .— স্বিধাৰনক, সংগ্ৰদ ; Commodious ; handy. Syn .—Fitted, suited, fit, handy, helpful, suitable, seasonable, timely, useful. ad = conveniently.

Convent, kohvent, n. [ L. conventus—convenio, to come together ] ৰঠ, ধৰ্মবালা; A monastary or nunnery.

Conventicle, kon-venti-kl, n. উপাস্থা-স্মিতি . An assembly especially for schismatical worship applied in contempt to a meeting for worship of dissenters from the Established Church. Convention, kon-venshun, n. 4: (414; Union; coalition .- वीकि ; बादशंब ; Usage ; conventionalism :- প্রতিনিধির বভা; An assembly of delegates or representatives :- বিষম্পর, কড়াব : An agreement made before a treaty :- (English History) An extraordinary assembly of the estates of the realm, held without the king's writ; as, the assembly which restored Charles II. to the throne, and that which declared the throne to be abdicated by James II. Syn: - Convocation, meeting, congress; contract, stipulation, agreement, bargain, compact. Conventional, kon-venshun-al, a. शिरीक्ड; विविधिकक्षक निकाबिक ; Stipulated ; formed by agreement or compact :-- अविष ; बाब्द्रियनक, वारशंबनिक; Sanctioned by usage; customary; as, "conventional decorum". Syn:—Stipulated, bargained for; usual, customary, common, ordinary, every day, social, ad=conventionally.

Conventionalism, kon-yen-shun-al-ism, ».
নৰ্বাদিনমুখ বীতি; হাচলিভ ছাবা; That which is
established by custom; conventional phrase.

Conventionality, kon-ven-shun-al-i-ti, n.
সামাজিক আচার ব্যবহার পালম ; নির্মারণ ; The state
of being conventional ; adherence to social
formalities or usages.

Conventual, kon ventu-al, e. বৰ্মশালা বা ৰঠ সংস্কৃত্ত, Belonging to a convent:—n. মঠবানী; সন্ত্ৰাদিনী: A monk or nun.

Converge, kon-verl, v. i. [ L. con, together, and vergo, to incline ] अवश्वानिक्षी-र; To incline or tend to one point.

Convergence, kon-vérjens, Convergency, kon-vérjens-i, দ. এক বিৰু বা বস্তুৰ প্ৰতি উন্নতঃ; একয়াবাচিমুৰতা; Tendency to one point.

Convergent, kon-vergent, a. अक्डोनंडियूवनीयी; Tending to one point; converging.

Conversable, kon-versabl, a. আলালা; সং-লাপপ্রিয়; সম্বাদ্ধিয়া; সামাজিক, Ready or free to converse, sociable ad=conversably.

Conversant, końvers-ant, a সংলাপী; Having frequent or customary intercourse; intimately acquainted:—ছডিজ ; বিশুণ ; বিচন্দণ, দক্ষ; Versed in , skilful, well-informed:—সপ্ৰদায়; Having concern or relation.

Conversant with—বিশেষকণে অবসত ; Familiarly acquainted with (by contact or study ). Conversation, kon-ver-sashun, n. আবাৰ ; Familiar intercourse ; close acquaintance:—গল্প, Familiar discourse; chat. Syn:—Intercourse, communion, familiarity ; discourse, dialogue, talk, chat, conference, confabulation. Conversational, a. আবাৰসম্ভাষ, Pertaining to conversation, colloquial.

Conversationalist, kon-ver-sashun-al-ist, Conversationist, দ সংলাপণটু ব্যক্তি, সমাৰণপটু ব্যক্তি; One who excels in conversation.

Conversazione, kon-ver-sa-se-o'ne, n. আলা-পের অন্ধ ন্যাগম: লাহিত্যবিষক আলোচনার্থ সভা: A meeting or company for conversation, esp. on literary subjects. pl=conversazionni (-ne). Converse, kon-vers, v. i. [L. con, intensive, and verso, to turn much,—verto, to turn ক্রেণাক্মন-কৃ, আলাপ-কৃ; বাক্যালাস-কৃ; গম্প-কৃ; To hold intercourse; to talk familiarly. Syn:—Associate, commune; discourse, talk, speak, chat together.

Converse, konvers, n. কৰোপকৰৰ; আলাপ; পারিচয়, কথাবার্তা; Familiar discourse or talk, conversation.

Converse, kon-vers, n. Res of series; In mathematics, a change in the form of a proposition, inverting its order and making the conclusion the premise:—In Logic, a sentence or proposition in which the terms are interhanged: as, no virtue is vice, no vice is virtue:—

a. বিকল্প, বিপদীত, পরিবর্তিত ; Opposite ; reciprocal. ad=conversely.

Conversion, kon-ver'shun, ম. ভাষাৰৰ প্ৰান্তি;
Transmutation; change from one state to another:—চবিকেৰ আয়ুল পৰিবৰ্তন; চবিক্ত সংশোধন; In a theological or moral sense, a radical change of heart or moral character:—ধ্ৰপনিবৰ্তন; A change from one religion to another:—বিশেষ কাৰ্হ্যে নিযোগ; Appropriation to a special purpose:—(জামপাস্থানুসাহে) প্ৰতিজ্ঞান প্ৰস্থিতান্ত্ৰ প্ৰতিজ্ঞান প্ৰত্তিকান প্ৰতিজ্ঞান কাৰ্য্যানে প্ৰতিজ্ঞান কাৰ্য্যানিক কাৰ্য়ানিক কাৰ্য্যানিক কাৰ্যানিক কাৰ্য্যানিক কাৰ্য্যানিক কাৰ্য্যানিক কাৰ্য্যানিক কাৰ্য্যানিক কাৰ্য্যানিক কাৰ্য্যানিক কাৰ্য্যানিক কাৰ্যানিক কাৰ

Convert, kon-vert, [L. converto, conversus—con, and verto, to turn] ক্লাছৰিজ-কু; To change or turn into another substance or form:—পৰি-ৰাজিজ-কু; To change from one state to another:—অন্ধ্যা ক্লাছিজ-কু; To change from one religion to another or from one party to another:—চৰিজ্ কাম্যোগন-কু, To turn from a bad life to a good one:—কাৰ্যাছৰে নিৰ্জ-কু; To turn from one use into another:—বিষোগ-কু; To appropriate or apply to one's use or to personal benift:—To change one proposition into another, v.i. ভিজ্জান-ই; পৰিষ্ট্তিজ-ই; To undergo a change. Syn:—Change, turn; transmute, transform, interchange, transpose; apply, appropriate.

Convert, konvert, n. पश्चामी; One who has changed his religion. Syn:—Proselyte, neophyte, pervert, catechumen.

Convert into-अधिवर्धन-क , Change into.

Convert to--- अवध्यावनवन कवान ; Cause one to renounce one's own religion and embrace (another).

Convertible, kon-vērti-bi, a. প্রিক্রনীল; বিশিষ্থনোগ্য; That may be changed or used for one another; transmutable. n=convertibility.

Convex, kon-veks, a. [ L. con, together, and neho, to carry ] বহিন্দিকে গোলাকাৰ হাজ ; Rising into a round form on the outside:—n. হাজ বছ ; A convex body. ad=convexly.

Convexed, kon-vekst, a. वहिम्दिक प्रश्लीकृष ; Made convex. ad=convexedly.

Convexity, kon-veksi-ti, n. সুয়ক্তা; গোলাবার বছর বহিন্দিক, Roundness of form on the outside. Convexo-conceve, a. সুয়ক্তান, Convex on one side, and concave on the other.

Convexo-convex, a. Sers: TW; Convex on both sides.

Convey, kon-vá, v. t. [ L. con, along with, and viu, a way ] ছানায়াবিত-তৃ; ব্যন্ত, আনম্প-তৃ; আনম্প-তৃ; ব্যান্ত্রন্ত, to bear, to transport:—সম্প্-তৃ; হাছান্ত্রিত-তৃ; To make over:—জ্ঞাপন-তৃ; জ্ঞাত্ত্রন্ত, To impart or communicate. Syn:—Transport, bear, remove; impart, communicate; transfer, transmit, demise; devolve, cede, grant. n=conveyer. a=conveyable.

Conveyable, kon-váa-bl, s. হতাতর বোগা;
That may be conveyed.

Conveyance, kon-váans, #. বছৰ ; The act of conveying '---ছভাত্তৰ কৰণ , সম্পত্তি হভাত্তৰিক কৰণ ,

Transference; assignment:—पांचन; पांच; The means of carrying a thing from place to place, as a waggon, a railway, a camel.

Conveyancer, kon-vaans-er, n. হ্ৰাছাৰিভ কৰ্-ণাৰ্থ প্ৰবেশক ; A lawyer employed to draw up writings by which property is transferred to another.

Conveyancing, kon-vaans-ing, n. স্বৰ্ণাপ্ত বা দলিল লিখা; হতাত্ত্ব-প্ৰদেশতেৰ কাৰ্য্য; The business of drawing deeds or other writings for transferring property.

Convict, kon-vikt, v. t. (शंच धावान-इ; अनवादी जावाज-इ; To prove guilty of an offence; to pronounce guilty. Syn:—Detect; convince; confute.

Convict, kohvikt, n. অগৰাধী, অপৰাধ্যক কঞাৰ ব্যক্তি; অপৰাধী কৃচ্জি; Malefactor; a felon; criminal, culprit. [or find one guilty of. Convict (one) of—বিচাৰে দোৰী নাৰ্ড-কু; Prove Conviction, kon-vikshun, n. দোৰী নপ্ৰবাণ কৰণ; দোৰ অবাণ; The act of finding or proving to be guilty:—ক্ৰম বিবাৰকণ; The act of convincing one of error or of compelling one to admit the truth; confutation:—কৃচ প্ৰভাৱ, মৃদ্ধ বিৰান; Strong belief.

Convince, kon-vins, v. t. [ L. con, signifying completeness, and vinco, to conquer ] সংক্ত ভ্রম-ড়; সভাবিখ্যা সহতে নি:নবেছ-ড়; অকে প্রাক্ত-ড়; বিভাবে প্রাক্ত-ড়; বিভাবে প্রাক্ত-ড়; বিভাবে প্রাক্ত-ড়; বিভাবে প্রাক্ত-ড়; বিভাবে প্রাক্ত-ড়; বিভাবে প্রাক্ত-ড়া বিভাবে প্রাক্ত-ড়া বিভাবে প্রাক্ত-ড়া বিভাবে প্রাক্ত-ড়া বিভাবে বি

Convince (one) of—( ভোন জৰ সম্ভেম্বা ভোন বিষয়ের সভাজা সম্ভেম্বা) প্রভাষ জনাইছা (বছমা; Satisfy one's mind by evidence ( of some error he has made, or of the truth of some point ).

Convivial, kon-vivi-al, a. [ L. con, together, and vivo, to live] উৎসৰ সময়ীয় ; সাধানিক, অকুনিজ ; Festal ; social ; jovial. Syn :—Festive, social, jovial, gay, mirthful, merry. admiconvivially. n=conviviality.

Conviviality, n. সানশ্চিত্ত, প্রস্তুর বন ; Good humour or mirth indulged in at an entertainment.

Convocation, kon-vo-káshun, n. নভাৰ আ্কাৰ;
The act of calling or assembling by summons:
—নভা; An assembly or meeting; convention, synod, or council:—ব্টাঃ বৰ্ষাক্ষৰ বা বিষ্টিশান্ত্ৰাক্ষিণেৰে নভা; A meeting convened of the clergy of the English Church or of the heads of a university.

Convoke, kon-vok, v. t. [ L. con, together, and voco, vocatus, to call ] সবাহত-তৃ; স্বব্ধ ছট্যাব জন্ত আহাব-তৃ; To convene, to summon to meet. Syn:—Summon, assemble, gather, collect.

Convolute, końvo-lūt, Convoluted, końvo-lūt-ed, a. wisa; wifia; Twisted; rolled together. [A twisting; a fold. Convolution, kon-vo-lū'shun, n. wifia; wifa; convolve, kon-voiv, v. t [L. con, and voivo, to roll] wifia; wifia, To roll or wind together. Convolvulus, kon-voivd-lus, n. wifiata; The flower bind-weed.

Convoy, kon-vey', v. t. [F. convoyer, L. conviers] সুহব্দন-ড়; নলে বাডিয়া বাড়া-ড়; To attend on the way for protection, either by sea or land; to accompany:—n. ছাবাছবগাৰী পোডানিব বাণাৰ নিমুক্ত নৈজনল; A protecting force accompanying ships or property:—পোড বিশেব; নৰণাবনিবলেৰ বাণিভাগোড বাড়ণাৰ্থ নহনাবী বাণ্ণাত; The ship or fleet conducted and protected:—ব্যক্তিত প্ৰাৰ্থ; Property convoyed. Syn:—Attendance; protection, guard, escort. Convulse, kon-vuls, v. f. [L. con, intensive, and vello, to pluck, to pull] বাডিতেন্ড; To agitate violently; to effect by irregular spasm. Syn:—Agitate, disturb, shake, perturb, disorder, derange.

Convulsion, kon-vulshun, n. আছেণ, অবিজ্ঞা-সম্ভে যাংলপেনিৰ বাছৰ সংহাতন, ধসুইহার; An unnatural, violent and involuntary contraction of the muscles:—কোনাহন, গোলবোন; Commotion; tumult. Syn:—Spasm, cramp; agitation, com-

motion, tumult, disturbance.

Convulsion of children—उड़का ; कड़का । Convulsive, kon-vulsiv, a. आरक्षत्रह, शबक्यन-कांडी, आरकायनकांडी ; Agitating, ad=convulsively, n=convulsiveness.

Cony, koʻni, or kuhi, Coney, n. লগক; ধৰ-গোষ; A rabbit:—নিৰ্কোধ ব্যক্তি; A simpleton. Coo, koō, ভ. i. কপোভ বা যুবুৰ মভ লক-কু; To cry as a pigeon or dove:—আগৰ-কু; সোহাগ-কু; To caress fondly.

Cook, kook, v. t. [A. S. coc, a cook, borrowed from L. coquo, to cook] খাদ্য প্ৰস্তুত-কু; পাৰ-কু, To prepare food for eating:—মিদ্যা-কু; পৰি-বৰ্তন-কু, To falsify; to garble; to tamper with:
—v. i. To prepare food for the table:—n. পানক, স্বাধুৰি; One whose business is to cook.

Too many cooks spoil the broth—অনেক বল্লাবিতে বাজন নই।

Cookery, kook-er-i, त. शाय-अगाती, वक्स-विमा ; The art or practice of cooking.

Cool, kool, a. শীতন; অহুক, Moderately cold; slightly cold:—উদাসীন; Dispassionate; indifferent; unsocial:—শাতঃ; Not hasty, deliberate; calm:—বিক্তা; Impudent; impudent in a high degree:—বিকৃত্ত; Manifesting coolness or dislike chilling:—আরহ্যুক্ত; Not zealous or argent:—n. অনুকতা, শীতনাক; Not zealous or argent:—n. অনুকতা, শীতনাক; To make cold:—শাত্ত-ছু: প্রশাত্ত-ছু: To allay; to moderate; to calm:—n. জু. শীতনাক; To grow cool:—বিশ্ববাহ্ত-ছু: To become less hot, angry, zealous or affectionate. Syn:—(a) Coldish, lukewarm; calm, dispassionate, self-possessed, composed, still; indifferent, unconcerned, apathetic; chilling, frigid, repulsive; impudent, ad=coolly.

Cool one's heal—चरनं कदिशं शंका; Dance attendance; be kept waiting.

Cooler, kööler, ম. শুভলকারী, আপাছকারী; Anything that cools:—শুভস করিবার পাত্র; A vessel for cooling.

[ cious; unexcitable. Cool-headed, kööl-hed-ed, a. ধীর, পাড; Judi-

Coolie, Cooly, kত্তা, ল. বৰুৱ; মুটে; An East : Indian porter or carrier; a porter in general. Coolness, kত্তাness, ল. অব্কলা; Moderate cold:—উদাদীত; অসংলাছ; Indifference; want of zeal:—বৈধ্য; Calmness.

Coom, koom, ह. मना ; चून ; यदना ; Soot ; coaldust ; dirty refuse matter.

animals:—v. f. আবদ্ধ-দু, বন্ধ-কু; To confine in a narrow compass; to shut up:—শিল্পবাৰ্থ-কু; To cage:—কাবাৰ্থ-কু; To imprison. Syn:—(n) Barrel; pen; (v) cage, imprison, immure, shut up.

Be cooped up in—coia সন্ধাৰ্থ ছাবে আৰম্ভ-ছ; Be shut up or confined in (a narrow compass). Cooper, kööp'er, n. পিশানিস্থাতা, বে ব্যক্তি পিশা বিশ্বাপ কৰে; One who makes barrels, tubs.

Cooperage, koop'er-না, না পিগানিখাণকাৰীৰ মন্ত্ৰি; The price paid for cooper's work:— পিগানিখাণকাৰীৰ দোকান; The workshop of a cooper:—পিগানিখাণ কাৰ্য্য; The business of a cooper.

Co-operant, ko-op'er-ant, c. একল কাৰ্য্যাৰক, একই উদ্দেশ্য কাৰ্য্যাৰী; Labouring to the same end; working together.

Co-operate, kō-op'ér-āt, v. i. [ L. co, together and opus, work ] সহযোগিতা-ফু; To act or work together for the same end:—একট কৰা উৎপাদমাৰ্থ একমত-হু; To concur in producing the same effect. Syn:—Unite with; concur, conspire; contribute, conduce. n=co-operator.

Co-operation, kō-op-ér-áshun, n. সহবেপিজা;
Joint operation; concurrent effort or labour:

শ্বিতি; The association of a number of persons
for the cheaper purchasing of goods, or for
carrying on some branch of industry. a=cooperative.

[ Operating jointly.
Co-operative, kō-op'ér-ā-tiv, a. শহকাৰী;
Co-ordinate, kō-or'di-nāt, a. [ L. con, and
ordinare, to regulate ] সম্পদ্ধ, অকপদ্ধ; ন্যান;
স্বা; Equal in rank or order:—v. t. তুল্য-কৃ; To
make co-ordinate, or equal in rank:—n. সম্পদ্ধ

জ্বা; Equal in rank or order :—v. t. জ্বা-ক; To make co-ordinate, or equal in rank:—n. সম্পাৰ্থ ব্যক্তি; A person or thing of the same rank with another. ad=co-ordinately. Syn:—(a) Coqual, equivalent; not subordinate.

Co-ordination, kō-or-di-náshun, n. সম্পাৰ্থ ;

State of being co-ordinate.
Coot, kōōt, n. জন্তর পকী, হংল বিশেষ; A short-tailed water-fowl:—নিহর্জোগ ব্যক্তি; A stupid fellow; a simpleton. [Spanish America. Copaiba, n. A resinous juice from a tree of Copal, kō'pal, n. বাৰ্ণিন বছত কৰাৰ্ণ বৃথাৰ ভাষ প্ৰাৰ্থ বিশেষ; A resinous substance used in var-

nishes.

Copartner, kō-part-ner, n. আংশীদার, আংশী; A sharer. স=copartnership, copartnery.

Copartnership, ». ভুলাংশিতা; Joint interest or concern.

Cope, kop, n. Manin, 4841441, PM; Cover

for the head; a cap or hood:—পুৰোহিতেৰ পৰি-জন; বৰ্ষণাজকেৰ পৰিজ্ঞন; Priest's vestment; a cloak worn by a priest:—পুৰেৰ ভান, ছ্বাবেৰ উপ-বিছ বিলাৰ; Anything extended over the head as the vault of the sky:—v. t. আজ্ঞানন-ক; To match oneself against another; to cover with a cope.

Cope, kop, v. i. প্রভিবোরিখা-ড়; সম্বন্ধা-ড়; To match; to vie with; to strive or struggle with. Syn:—Engage, encounter, contend, struggle,

vie, compete.

Cope with স্থান মণে প্রতিযোগিতা অবসংস-ক ; Contend on equal terms or with equal strength against. [farthings.

Copeak, n. A Russian copper coin equal to 11/2 Copestone, kop'ston, Coping stone, kop'ingston, n. बाहीदव निवंद अवद ; The stone which copes or tops a wall.

Copier, kopi-ér, Copyist, kopi-ist, দ. সকল-মবীল, ধে নকল কৰে; অপুক্ৰণকাৰী; One who copies; an imitator:—ৰে অক্টেৰ দেখা চুৰি কৰে,

A plagiarist.

Coping, köp'ing, n. বাৰ্ষমিত্ৰী কৰ্তৃক প্ৰাচীৰের কাদ বিশ্বাশ-কাৰ্য্য; The capping or covering course of massoury of a wall:—প্ৰাচীৰের মাধা বা ছাদ; The

top or cover of a wall.

Copious, kū'pi-us, a. [L. copiosus, from copia, abundance] প্রচুব; বংগত্ত; অন্যাক্তর, Plentiful; abundant; ample; full in matter; not concise. n=copiousness (প্রচুব); প্রচুবী; Abundance; plenty). ad=copiously. Syn:—Ample, abundant, plentiful, plenteous, rich, full, exuberant, overflowing, profuse.

Copper, kop'er, n. ভাষ; A metal of reddish colour, ductile:—ভাষণার, ভাষকটাহ; Any vessel made of copper:—ভাষমুদ্ধ; A coin made of copper:—ভাষমুদ্ধ; To cover with

copper.

Copperas, kop'ér-as, n. তুতে; ইাৰ্কম; Sulphate of copper, sulphate of iron or green

Copperish, cop'ér-ish, Coppery, kop'ér-i, Cupreous, kū'prह-us, a. डाम्पर, ०१४पूर्व; लाय-विविद्य ; Containing copper:—डाम्बर, Like

Copper-plate, kop'er-plat, n. মুদাৰনাৰ্থ কোষিত ভাষত্ৰত; ভোষিত ভাষত্ৰত হুইতে মুদাৰন; A plate of polished copper, on which copies from paintings, figures or designs are engraved.

Coppery, kop'per-i, a ভাষ্য-নিন্ধিত, ভাষ্য-নিত , Made of copper; mixed with copper — ভাষ্যের ভাষ বাদ বা খাণবিশিষ্ট; Like copper in taste or smell. [বন; A wood of small growth. Coppies, kop'is, Copse, kops, n. ভূম বুফের Coprolite, kop'ro-lt, n. [Gr kopros, dung, and lithos, a stone] অব্য পাষ্যাভূত বান, প্রবাভূত ভাষ্য বাদ : The petrified dung of animals.

Coptio, kop'tik, n. জাণীৰ বিদ্যব্যাদিদিবেৰ ভাষা;
The language of the ancient Egyptians:—
An Egyptian Christain:—a. প্ৰাচীৰ মিন্তবাদীদিবেৰ নম্বুভি নশাৰ্থীয় , Pertaining to the Copts,
the descendants of the ancient Egyptians.

Copula, kop'u-la, n. [ L. co, together, and root ap, connected with L. aptus, fastened, and Gr. hapto, to join ] বছৰী; A bond or tie:—উৰ্বেচ্ছ ব্যৱহাতক প্ৰেয় বোজক পদ; In logic, the word joining the subject and predicate.

Copulate, kop'u-lat, v. i. रेयपूत-कृ; प्रशास-कृ; जीनःमर्श-कृ; To have sexual intercourse; to

come together sexually.

Copulation, kop-u-láshun, স. বৈশ্ব ; স্কাৰ ; বীসংদৰ্গ ; The embrace of the sexes in the act of generation.

Copulative, kop'u-lat-iv, a. সংখোজক; That unites or couples:—n. সংখোজক অব্যয়; (In grammar) A conjunction that unites ideas as well as words.

Copy, kop'i, n. [Fr. copie, from L. copie, plenty] অনুকৰণ; Imitation:—প্ৰতিলিপি; অনুলিপি; আৰদ্পিকক; A transcript from an original:—মুখাছন কল হতলিপি; Manuscript for printing:—একথানি পুত্ৰক; Any single book or set of books.—আগণ; A pattern or example for imitation:—নমুখাছ; An original work:—v. f. 
নাতিলিপি-কৃ. To transcribe:—আগণ (সমিশ্র প্রতিক্ষণ-কৃ; To form according to a model:—আফুকণাকৃ; To imitate Syn:—(n) Transcript; fac-simile, duplicate; original, model, pattern, archetype; counterfeit. (v) Transcribe; model after; imitate, follow; counterfeit.

Copy into—কোন কিছুতে নকল কৰিয়া সভয়। A feeble copy of—A weak imitation of.

Copy-hold, kop'i-höld, n. दे:लक (शर्मद (बाडवर्ग) वा क्याविकांव विरम्प ; In England, a tenure of land or house by copy of a court-roll.

Copyright, kop'i-rit, n. এছকাৰেৰ খড়; The right of an author to his works for the term of his natural life or for 22 years from publication. Coquet, ko-ket, v.t. [Fr. coqueter—coquet, dim. of cog, a cock] ভাৰবাৰা ভাৰ-ড়; প্ৰথম উপেছা প্ৰথম ক; To attempt to attract notice, admiration, or love, with a view to disappoint:
—v. 1. হিনাবি-ড়; প্ৰথম প্ৰভাৱৰা-ড়; To trifle in love; to jilt. pr. p=coquetting. pa. p.=coquetted.

Coquetry, ko-ka'ri or koket-ri, #. ভালবাৰাছ ভাগ : ছিনালি ; বনিকভা ; প্ৰায়ে প্ৰভাষণা ; Trifling in love, affection of amorous advances.

Coquette, ko-ket, n. বলিকা লী; ছিৰাল, বৰ্মিকা প্ৰায়েংগাফিণী বৰণী; A vain, deceitful, trifling woman; a jilt.

Coquettish, ko-ketish, a. প্ৰায়েশনী বাৰ্মিতা বৰ্মী; ভাচুলা বৰ্মীৰ উপৰোগী; Befitting a coquette, practising coquetry. ad-conquettishly, n = coquettishness.

Cor, kor, n. পরিমাণ বিশেষ; A Hebrew measure. Coracle, kor'a-kl, n. তথেন্দ দেশীৰ শীৰ্ববিধেষ চন্দাবৃত ক্স নৌকা; A boat used by fishermen in Wales, made by covering a frame of wicker or basket work with leather and oil-cloth

Coral, kor'al, n. এবাল; পলা; A hard substance growing on the bottom of the sea composed of the skeletons of zoophytes:—এবাল নিৰ্দ্ধিত শিক্তদিলেৰ খেলাৰা; A child's toy made of coral :—a.

क्षांगविश्विष ; अवान महुन ; Made of coral ; resembling coral.

Coral master-vigar ; Juggler.

Coralliferous, kor-al-ifér-us, a. [ coral, and L. fero, to bear ] approf ; Containing coral : — वरात्नारभागक ; Producing coral.

Coralline, kor'al-in, a. artists; artists; artists; artists; क्षवानवर भगार्व; क्षवान महून वह ; A coral-like substance:-कुछ अवान ; निवान मण्य अवान ; Moss-like coral,

Corban, korban, #. क्यांगांख ; कमक्यू ; नान ; Towi; An alms-basket; a gift; an alms:-विश्वीविश्व बर्धा जीविक वनी ; Among the ancient Jews, a living offering or sacrifice.

Corbeil, Corbel, kor'bel, n. A bracket of stone, wood, or iron, often carved in the form of a basket, head, &c. :-- জাচীৰে পৰ্ত ; A niche : -The vase or tambor of the Corinthian column. Cord, kord, n. 145; (416) 416; A small rope or thick kind of string :- পदियान विरम्ब ; A solid measure, equivalent to 128 cubic feet :- v. t. बुक्त बोबो बुक्य-कु; To bind; to fasten with cords [ and ropes taken together. or ropes. Cordage, kordaj, n. वस्क्रम्य ; महामहि ; Cords Cordelier, kor-de-ler, n. महामी विश्मय ; A Franciscan friar, so called from wearing a girdle of rope.

Cordial, kor'di-al, a. [L. cor, cordis, the heart] आइविक ; (बर्पूर्ग ; मबन ; (बर्बनक ; Hearty ; sincere; warm; with warmth of heart; affectionate :--ভেজ-উদীপক ; বলকাবক ; Invigorating ; reviving the heart or spirits :- n. छे९मारकावी बह्न : यन्त्रहेकद वह : Anything that revives the spirits:--ৰূপকাৰক উত্তব্ ; A medicine that raises the spirits. Syn :- (a) Hearty, sincere, heartfelt, warm, affectionate, earnest; cheering, invigorating, restorative, refreshing. ad = cordially. n=cordiality.

Cordiality, kor'di-al-i-ti, n. नवनजा; अत्रीकृ (37, Sincerity; warmth of manner.

Cordon, kor'don, n. मचानपुष्ठक क्षेत्र्य वा किला ; A ribbon bestowed as a badge of honour :-শিবির-শ্রেণী; A line or series of military posts : —ছুৰ্বপ্ৰাচীৰ হইভে উপাভ প্ৰভৱ-শ্ৰেণী; A row of jutting stones in fortifications :- 4141; A band; a wreath.

Cordovan, kor'do-van, Cordwain, kordwan, ж. त्नवरमीय हर्ष; स्थानहर्ष; Spanish leather; goat-skin leather, orig. from Cordova in Spain. Cordwainer, kordwan-er, n. 54414, 51414; A shoe-maker.

Core, kor, n. [L cor, cordis, the heart] (本) रखब अलाखबद अनार्थ ; करनद जीम ; The inner part of anything, especially of fruit:—অভ:করণ; Heart:—বাড়ু চালাই কৰিবাৰ ছাঁচেৰ মধ্যভাগ; Internal mould in casting :- v. t. अकारदा भगाई पारिय-क ; To take out the core or inward parts

Lie at the very core-wester with; Be seated in the inmost part of. To the core - wayers; To the bottom or in-

of. Syn :- Centre, kernel, heart.

most part :-- ऋष्टबंब गृहत्व बारम गर्नात व्याणिया ; नगाक्करण ; Extending to the innermost part or heart of anything (as, fruits); to the innermost recesses of one's heart; thoroughly.

Corelative-See under correlative.

Coriaceous, kor-i-áshus, a. [ L. corium-Gr. chorion, skin, leather ] চর্মুক , চর্ম্ব ; কর্ম্ম ; Of or like leather; tough.

Coriander, kor-i-ander, n. पश्चिम नाम : दिन विद्युष ; A kind of plant ; an annual plant, the seeds of which when fresh have a bug-like smell, used as a medicine, spice, &c.

Coriander seed-491

Corinthian, ko-rinthi-an, a. औरनव अवर्षक करिक नायक ननवनवसीय ; Pertaining to Corinth :-- औक-मिर्नव चजुारकृष्टे श्मिकि-विमाविषयक ; Pertaining to the Corinthian order of architecture, characterised by a profusion of ornamentation.

Cork, kork, n. [ L. cortex, bark, rind ] 44; हिनि; The outer bark of the cork tree, of which stoppers are made :- v. t. feff stal वस-इ ; जारक-इ ; To stop with a cork ; to stop up.

Cork-screw, n. हिलि युनियाद रम्रदिर्भर ; काक-Fart ; An instrument for drawing corks.

Cormorant, kor'mo-rant, n. शकीविटमंब : A genus of web-footed sea-birds :- ( ) A glutton.

Corn, korn, n. 48; Tw; A single seed or grain of any of the edible plants :-- 41511 শক্ত; A grain :--কড়া; পাৰেৰ কড়া; A hard, horny excrescence on the toe or feet :- v. t. नवर्गाङ-क ; To sprinkle with salt in grains.

Cornes, kor'ne-a, n. कडिन चन्छ (नदावदक एक : क्नोनिकां; A horny, transparent membrane forming the front part of the eye-ball.

Cornel, kor'nel, n. [L. cornus, a horn ] 47 कांश्रीय वृक्षविरमव ; A tree yielding small edible cherries.

Cornelian, kor-në'li-an, n. वहपूना क्षावद ; A precious stone, a variety of chalcedony.

Corner, kor'ner, n. (411; An angle: (414; Nook :- विष्ठ वा मशीर्व शान ; निक्ठ शान ; An enclosed place ; a secret or retired place :- भीषा ; हब्य मीमा ; Utmost bound ; utmost limit :-- ऋहे বেশাৰ সম্পাত-বিশ্ব ; The point where two lines meet. Syn :- Angle, bend, turning point; retired spot, nook, recess, retreat; quarter, part :- v. t. (कार् के जिया वरा ; To drive into a [ Having corners. corner.

Cornered, kor'nerd, a. (कार्यविभिष्टे; (कांक्री; Corner-stone, kor'ner-ston, m. अवान अवन ; পুৰ্ভিতি; The principal stone uniting two walls of a building at a corner :- अकारिक विषय ; Something of very great importance.

Drive one into a corner—(कार्य (केम्)-कृ ।

Cornet, kor'net, n. [ Fr. cornet, dim. of corne, a horn, trumpet ] बानायज्ञ विरमव ; वर्गमाना विरमव ; A wind musical instrument; a horn-shaped trumpet :- अवादवारी रेमक ; A cavalry officer who bears the ensign of the troop.

Cornet-a-piston, kor'net-a-piston, n. 44 444

पश्चितः A kind of cornet with valves and pistons.

Cornetoy, kor'net-si, দ. অবারোহী সৈক্ষেষ পদ্ধারাবাহকের পদ; The commission or rank of a cornet.

Cornice, kor'nis, n. कानिन, ह्यां ; नुक्र ; The highest projection or border on a wall or column.

Cornicle, n. TE 78; A little horn.

Corniculate, kor-niku-lat, a. শুসাকৃতি; শুনী; Shaped like a horn; horned. [Having horns. Cornigerous, kor-nijer-us, a. শুকবিশিট্ট; শুনী; Corning, korning, p. pr. নৰণান্ত কৰিয়া; Sprinkling with salt; feeding with corn.

Cornist, korhist, अ. पृत्रदारक ; A performer on the cornet or horn.

Cornopean, kor-no'pe-an, n. [L. cornu, a horn] শিকাৰ স্থায় এক প্ৰকাৰ বাগায়; A musical wind-instrument of the horn or trumpet kind.

Corn-rent, kornrent, n. নগৰ টাকাৰ পৰিবৰ্তে শত বাৰা এমত কৰ; A rent paid in corn instead of money.

Cornucopia, kor-nū-ko'pi-a, n. [I.. cornu, and copia, plenty] আহ্বাস্তৰ সুৰ্ধি, The horn of plenty, overflowing with fruits and flowers:—আহুব্যুক্ত ভিছ; An emblem of abundance.

Corny, kor'ni, a. কটিন; শ্বনস্থা; Strong, stiff, or hard, like a horn:—পভোগাণক; পভাগুৰ; Producing corn; containing corn. [ flower. Corolla, n. প্ৰেষ্থ গৰ্ভাগুল; The inner part of a Corollary, kor'ol-a-ri, n. অনুধান; নিভাগুল বিভাগুল বিভাগুল কৰা কৰিছিল। কৰা কৰিছিল কৰা কৰিছিল। কৰা কৰিছিল কৰা কৰিছিল। কৰা কৰিছিল কৰা কৰিছিল কৰা কৰিছিল। কৰিছিল কৰিছিল। কৰিছিল কৰা কৰিছিল। কৰিছিল কৰা কৰিছিল। কৰিছিল কৰিছিল কৰিছিল। কৰিছিল কৰিছিল কৰিছিল। কৰিছিল কৰিছিল। কৰিছিল কৰিছিল। কৰিছিল কৰিছিল কৰিছিল। কৰিছিল কৰিছিল কৰিছিল। কৰিছিল কৰিছিল। কৰিছিল কৰিছিল কৰিছিল। কৰিছিল কৰিছিল কৰিছিল। কৰিছিল কৰিছিল। কৰিছিল কৰিছিল। কৰিছিল কৰিছিল। কৰিছিল কৰিছিল কৰিছিল। কৰিছিল কৰিছিল। কৰিছিল কৰিছিল। কৰিছিল কৰিছিল। কৰিছিল কৰিছিল কৰিছিল। কৰিছিল কৰিছিল। কৰিছিল কৰিছিল। কৰিছিল কৰিছিল কৰিছিল। কৰিছিল কৰিছিল কৰিছিল। কৰিছিল কৰিছিল কৰিছিল। কৰিছিল কৰিছিল কৰিছিল কৰিছিল। কৰিছিল কৰিছিল কৰিছিল কৰিছিল। কৰিছিল কৰিছিল কৰিছিল কৰিছিল কৰিছিল। কৰিছিল কৰিছিল কৰিছিল কৰিছিল। কৰিছিল কৰিছিল কৰিছিল কৰিছিল কৰিছিল কৰিছিল। কৰিছিল কৰিছিল কৰিছিল কৰিছিল কৰিছিল কৰিছিল। কৰিছিল কৰিছিল কৰিছিল কৰিছিল কৰিছিল। কৰিছিল কৰিছিল কৰিছিল কৰিছিল কৰিছিল কৰিছিল কৰিছিল কৰিছিল কৰিছিল। কৰিছিল কৰিছিল কৰিছিল কৰিছিল কৰিছিল কৰিছিল কৰিছিল

Coronal, kor'o-nal, n. [ L. corona, a crown ]
কিবীই; A crown .—বাৰা; A wreath; a garland:—বৰাটাই; Frontal bone.

Coronal, kor'o-nal, Coronary, kor'o-nar-i, এ. কিবটি বা মতকের উদ্ভাগ সহস্কায়; Pertaining to a crown, or to the top of the head.

Coronation, kor-ত-na'shun, ন. বাখ্যাভিবেত; The act or solemnity of crowning a sovereign. Coronation chair—বাখ্যাভিবেত আমূৰ, Consits of a stone so enclosed as to form a chair.

Coroner, kor'ö-nér, n. আৰম্ভিক বা অপধাত মুত্যুৰ কাৰণ অসমভাৰকাৰী কৰ্মচাৰী; An officer, whose duty is to enquire into the cause of accidental or suspections death.

Coronet, kor'o-net, n মুকুট; A crown worn by princes and the nobility .—শেতিত মুৰকাত্ত্ৰণ; An ornamental head-dress:—মতিক্ৰমতাৰী পদাৰ্থ; Something that surmounts.

Coroneted, a. मुक्तिभाषी, Wearing or entitled to wear a coronet.

Corporal, kor'po-ral, n. { L. corporalis,—
corpus, corporis, the body ] দ পদাভিক দৈৱৰলৈৰ
সৰ্ধনিম্পণয় সেনানী; সর্ধনিম্ন পদাভিধিফ দৈনিক
কর্মচারী, The lowest officer of an infantry
company:—নৌ-দেবাদলের দেনানী বিশেষ, In
the navy, an officer under the master at arms,
n=corporatship.

Corporal, kor'po-rai, a. लिहिक ; पारीविक ; Re-Not spiritual; material; corporeal. Syn :-Corporeal, material. bodily, physical:---कार्यावक छेलामभा-मस्तिद्व बावक्ठ बद्ध विरम्ध ; The cloth used in Catholic churches for covering the elements of the Encharist. ad-corporally. Corporate, kor'po-rat. a. বাক্ষবিধি বারা বচিত ; বাকিবিশেবের স্থায় কার্যা করিবার ক্ষমভাতারে ব্যবস্থানিত नगरक विनिष्ठ , Incorporated ; legally united into a body so as to act as an individual; as a corporate town :-- जेक अवाब नमाव नम्पर्कीत: Belonging to a corporation; as corporate pro-United. perty :-- बिलिड ; \*\*\*corporateness. ad=corporately.

Corporation, kor-po-ra'shun, n. বাৰ্থবিধি থাৰা গঠিত সভা; A body politic; a society authorised by law to act as a single individual.

Corporeal, a (१६), परोगे; (छोडिक; Having a body or substance; material—opposed to spiritual. n=corporeality. ad=corporeally. Syn:—Corporal, bodily, physical, material, substantial, fleshly.

Corporealist, n. अनुबादी ; Materialist.

Corps, kör, n. বৈশ্বস্থ ; A body of soldiers.

Syn:—Troop, division, squadron, squad. pl=
corps (körz).

Corpse, korps, n. चव; सांशरवद बृत्तरपद; The dead body of a human being.

Corpulence, kor'pū-lens, Corpulency, kor'pū-len-si, n. [75]; Excessive fatness.

Corpulent, kor'pu-lent, a [L. corpus, a body] भारतन, इनकाव ; (बाह्रो ; Fat ; fleshy. adexorpulently. Syn.—Stout, robust, large, lusty, portly, fat, pursy, abese.

Corpusole, kor-pus-l, স. প্ৰসাধ : A minute particle, a phy-ical atom. a=corpuscular.

Corradiation, ko-tádi-áshun, n. (L. con, together, and radius, a ray) किय-अकामधूर्य अक विकृष्ट भिन्न, A conjunction of rays in one point.

Correct, kor-ekt, v. t. [L. cor, intensive, rego, to rule, set right] मर्गायन-कृ, त्यावान-वान कृ; To rectify; to amend; to set right; to remove fault.—यान-कृ; यवितान-कृ; To reform, to punish; to chasten; to obviate or remove:—व्यावान-कृ; न्यावान-कृ; न्यावान-कृ; To counteract whatever is injurious; to obviate or remove, to counterbalance:—a. विवाह क्रिक् विवास है कि विवास है क

Correctness, a. vivisi, figure; State of being correct. Syn:—Accuracy, regularity, exactness, faultlessness, truth, propriety.

Correction, kor-ekshun, म. नर्त्वादन ; Amendment :—वक्शन ; क्क , चानन ; Punishment ; discipline ; chastisement :—त्यावका विश्व : Ausmadversion; critical notice: — अगरवाग्य; Abatement of noxious qualities: — गरवाग्य; In scriptural language, whatever tends to correct the moral conduct, as afflictions.

House of correction, দ. বদধাৰেদদিশেৰ চৰিত্ৰ কংশোধনের ছাল; ছবিগবাড়ী; কাৰাপাৰ; A place for the discipline and reformation of offenders; a penitentiary; a house where disorderly persons are confined.

Correctional, kor-ekshun-al, ड. नरामांवर : त्मोधनक्य ; नरामांधनव्यव ; Having a tendency to

Corrective, s. नरत्नाथक : त्नाथनक्य : Having the power to correct :—n. नरत्नाथक भनार्थ ; नयन ; जिल्हाय : That which corrects.

Corrector, kor-ekfor, s. ATTHING; He who, or that which corrects.

Correlate, kor'e-lat, ত. i. পরশার সম্মানুত্-ই; To stand in a reciprocal relation, as father and son.

Correlation, n. প্ৰশাষ স্থল; Mutual relation. Correlative, kor-ela-tiv, a. প্ৰশাষ স্থলবিশিষ্ট; পাৰ্শ্বিক; Having a reciprocal relation:—n. প্ৰশাৱস্থলবুক ব্যক্তি বা বিষয়, ভুলায়ৰ্প স্থলবিশিষ্ট বাজি বা বিষয়; Person or thing corresponding related to another person or thing:—The antecedent of a pronoun. ad=correlatively. n.=correlativeness.

Correspond, kor-e-spond, ए. f. [ L. cor, with and Respond ] अञ्चल-ए; To be adapted; to be congruous:—उन्दुब-ए; डेन्ट्रवाहे-ए; To be equal; to be adequate or proportional.—नेव पात्रा जानान-इ, नर्साव जानान-इ, To communicate by letters. Syn:—Agree, fit, suit, harmonize, tally, coincide, match, accord; write. ad=correspondingly.

Correspond to-সমূপ হওছা; Tally with, resemble — মিশা; Be in conformity.

Correspond with—প্ৰাণি বেৰালিৰি কৰা; Hold intercourse with one (generally, by means of letters):—যিলা; Tally with.

Correspondence, kor-e-spondens, Correspondency, kor-e-sponden-si, ন. উপযুক্তা; উপযোগিতা; Suitableness; fitness:—পত্ৰ পেথাকিবি; Intercourse by letters or otherwise:—পত্ৰ; The letters between correspondents.
Syn:—Congruity, fitness, coincidence; concurrence, communication, intercourse by letters.

Correspondent, kor-e-spondent, a. উপ্ৰোণী; উপৰ্ক্ত; সৰভ; Adapted; suitable:—n প্ৰৱাৰা আনাপকাৰী; One who holds intercourse by letters. ad=correspondently.

Corridor, kori-dor, त. प्रमाप कारवाडेनग्रह अभ्याजयसम् अप : A passage-way to apartments independent of each other.

Corrigenda, kor-i-jenda, (n. pl.) नराणाधनीय विवयमध्र ; एक्षिणवा ; Things to be corrected.

Corrigible, kor'i-ji-bl, a. नरावाधमीय ; नर्क्य-नैय ; That may be corrected or reformed :— व्यवस्था ; Deserving chastisement. [competitor. Corrival, ko-ri'val, n. व्यक्षियों से, व्यक्षियों ; A Corroborant, kor-obo-rant, Corroborative, kor-obo-rat-iv; s. पृष्ठवर्गण्य ; पृष्ठिवर्गश्यम ; Confirmatory :-- त. पृष्ठवर्गण्य ; That which corroborates.

Corroborate, kor-obo-rat, v. t. [L. cor, intensive, and roboro, roboratus, to make strong ] পূচ-ক; To confirm:—অধিকত্ব নিভিড-ক; To make more certain. Syn:—Strengthen, establish, support, sustain.

Corroboration, kor-ob-o-ráshun, a. बृढ़ीकव्य ; नवर्षन ; Confirmation.

Corrode, kor-od, v. f. [ L. cor, intensive, rodo, rosus, to gnaw ] क्षमः का-कृ; To eat away by degrees:—काशांद-ए; To consume; to impair:—बिका नेकांद; To rust. Syn:—Erode, canker, gnaw, rust, waste, wear away, corrupt. Corrodent, kor-odent, a. क्षक्यांक्य; बानक; Having the power of corroding:—n. क्षकांदि; क्षकांदक नवांद; That which eats away.

Corrosion, kord'zhun, s. 本籍本書; Act of eating or wasting away.

Corrosive, kor-5siv, a. कारीय; Consuming; wearing away:—काकारीक ; काकारी; Vexing; fretting:—n. काकारी; काकारक नाम्य; That which corrodes. Syn:—(a.) Corroding, consuming, erosive; caustic, acrid, virulent; biting, wearing, wasting. ad=corrosively. n= corrosiveness.

Corrosive sublimate, s. शादन वित्नव (कान-वर्गन); Bi-chloride of mercury.

Corrugate, kor'oo-gat, v t. [L. con, intensive, rugo, rugatus, to wrinkle] क्षिड-क ; धाक-क ; To form or shape into wrinkles or folds; to draw into folds by contracting or pressing together .—a. Shaped into wrinkles; furrowed. Syn:—(v.) Wrinkle, furrow.

Corrugated iron, म. महाद कनाहे कहा लोह : Sheet iron coated with zinc, used chiefly for refining purpose. f into wrinkles. Corrugation, n. महत्ताहम ; कृक्य ; Contraction Corrupt, kor-upt, v t. [ L. cor, intensive, and rumpo, ruptus, to break ] fago-p; 951281 ৰেশা ; To change from a sound to a putrid state; to taint :- प्रिज-क ; To vitiate; to deprave : — ৰষ্ট-কৃ ; To waste or consume :— উৎকোচ প্ৰকাৰ-কৃ ; To bribe :— বিকৃত-কৃ ; To debase :- अपूर्व-7; To falsify; to infect with errors :-- v. i. পতিয়া বাভয়া ; To rot :-- কলুবিভ-इ ; प्रिक-ए ; To become vitiated ; to lose purity :- a. विकृष ; ना ; Putrid ; unsound :-ৰূষিভ ; কল্মিভ ; Vitiated ; depraved , debased : perverted :- অবি জয়; অমপুর্ণ; Not genuine; full of errors. Syn :- (v.) Putrify, debase, defile, pollute, taint, infect, vitiate; pervert, deprave, demoralize, bribe. ad=corruptly. m = corruptness, corrupter.

Corruptible, kor-upti-bl, a. नवव ; Subject to decay and destruction :—पृष्ठि वा विकृष्ठ रहेवांव (वाजा ; That may be vitiated in qualities or principles ; liable to be corrupted :—n. पानव-एव ; In Scripture, the human body :—n=Corruptibility, corruptibleness. ad=corruptibly. Corruption, kor-up'shun, n. विकृषि ; विकृष्टाव्या ;

Taint, rottenness - 17; Putrid matter -অনাধুতা, পাপ, উৎকোচ, Depravity; impurity; bribery - = = = , A debased or impure Syn -Impurity, bribing, bribery, state depravity, immorality vitiation, infection, pollution, depravation debasement, perversion Corruptive, kor-uptiv, a प्रिकर्ण, विकृति-कर्न, Tending to corrupt or vitiate.

Corsair, kor'sar, n [ Fr corsaire-I. cursus, a running-curro, to run ] कनम्या , (बारबट्डे , A pirate — প্রাপোত, A piratical vessel — जगनवारी, A rover

Corse, kors, n = A poetic form of corpse Corselet, Corslet, korslet, n [ L corpus, the body ] বছলাণ , কুলু কবচ , বৰ্ম , Armour for the breast - # # क्षांद्र - To encircle with a

Corset, kor'set, n. [Fr cors-I corpus, the body] क्शितका, श्रीलादकव अन्नाववन वित्नव, Stays , Bodice

Cortege, kor'tazh, n श्रीकांबकवर्ग, अञ्चलकार्ग, A train of attendants a procession.

Cortes, kortes, n [ cortix corticis, bark ] [ ] । अर्डेनारनद महाम्ला , The Spanish or Portuguese Parhament

Cortex, hortcks, n 3955, 387 The bark of a tree - wisera witan A covering Cortical, kor'tik-al, a a sanath a fig. 7, 48.7,

Pertaining to bark, external

corsalat

Corticate, kor'ti-kat Corticated, kor'ti-kated, a. वक्लमपूर्ण, वक्षप्रविश्व, Resembling a bark having the bark

Corundum, n शक्तिएव , A mineral

Coruscant, ko-ruskant, a मीश्रिमान Flashing Coruscate, ko-ruskat, or kor'-, v 1 [1 cornsco, coruscatus to vibrate, glitter ] क्रिड-इ, करमक-कृ, हरमक कृ To flash or sparkle -चारनामिक-इ, To vibrate Syn -Glisten, gleam, sparkle, radiate, flame, flash, glitter, scintillate.

Coruscation, ko-rus kashun, " क्या, कडी wiel, A sudden flash of light. Syn -Glitter blaze gleam, sparkle, radiation

Corvette, kor-vei, n [L corb ta, a slowsailing ship, from corbis a basket ] यून्रभाड বিশেষ বৃণভবি , A war-ship, carrying not more than 20 guns.

Corvine, kor'vin, a [L corvinus, corvus, a crow ] काकन्यकीय, Pertaining to the crow or raven

Corypheus, kor-1-fc'us, n [L-Gr koryphasos-karyphe, the head ] বসত্মি পাৰতসন্তাক'বেৰ অধিনামক, The leader of a Greek dramatic chorus Syn -Conductor, director, leading spirit, chief

Cosmetic, koz-metik, n [Gr. kosmētikoskosmeo, to adorn-kosmos, order, ornament ] नावनावर्षक ज्ञा , मोन्दावर्षक ज्ञालन , Preparation used for beautifying the complexion :- a. ( ) वर्षक , भोन्यग्रंबर्क , Beautifying , promoting beauty ad=cosmetically

Cosmic, kołmik, Cosmical, kołmik-al, a.

বিশ্বস্থানীয়, আপতিক, Relating to the world or visible nature - Tailans, Taine Grafin & we-भागी , (In Astronomy) rising or setting with the sun

Cosmogonist, kor-mog'o-nist, n विकारिक: বিখের জাণিতত্ব সমালোচক, One skilled in cosmogony, one who speculates on the origin of the universe

Cosmogony, koz-mog'o-m, # বিশেৎপত্তি ভ শৃষ্ট विकान, विरम्ब উৎপত্তিত্ম, The science of the origin and creation of the universe

Cosmographic, koz-mo-grafik, Cosmographical, koz-mo-graf'ık-al, a. विवस्त्रवसीय; Relating to cosmography

Cosmography, koz-mog ra-fi, n [Gr kosmos, and grapho, to write] fasfasiff-কৌলনতৰ , বিশ-The science of the constitution of the universe. n=cosmographer (one skilled in cosmography )

Cosmologist, koz-molo-jist, n TR-famiafae . বিশ্ব স্থাবিং পশ্তিত , One skilled in cosmology

Cosmology, koz molo-ji, n विश् विकान, शह-विकान , विष्ठक , The science of the world. a= cosmological

Cosmopolitan, kor mo-poli-tan, Cosmo-polite, koz-mop'o-lit, n विश्वामी, सगदामी, क्रगतिवानी, A citizen of the world, n=cosmopolit inism

Cosmorama, kor-mo-ra'ma, n [ Gr kosmos, and horama, a spectacle-horai to see 1 afta-PTA, A picturesque exhibition of the world az cosmoramic

Cosmos, kożmos, n পৃথিৱী, The wor'd Cossack, ko-ak, n कृणिया (म्ट्याद अर्थ ७ विक् अटनगरामी युक्तश्रिय लाकिनिरनद मरशा अकश्रम, One of a warlike tribe in the east and south of

Russin

Cost, kost, n. [ L constare to stand at-con. and stare to stand ] भूना Price value - बाद , war , Expense , charge - (50) Pain , suffering -कि , I oss -pl. (बाक्समात नात , Expenses of a lawsuit -v t. श्वदा लाटन वाच कवान . lo be bought for - widge ata lo require to be laid out or employed - AN SATE, To require to be borne or suffered Syn - (n)Price charge, expense, figure, loss, detriment, damage.

At any cost, At all costs—বত কেন কভি ব্টক नां, रहरे (कन कष्ट वां कठि रहेक मां, नमक चौकांब कदिश , At any expense , at any sacrifice

At cost price-(क्या क्रार्य , At the price paid by the seller At one's cost-( क्रांश्व ) बार , At one's At the cost of - pfs at the stant, To the [ any price. injury or detriment of

Cost what it may-वडहे बढ़ रहेक मा (कन , At To cost one dear to-क्षिमाध्य-कृ, To entail a heavy loss or injury on one.

To one's cost—कारावध भएक क्षि वा रामि; বিশেষ কভিপ্ৰস্থ-কু, To one's loss or injury Costal, kostal, a [ L costa, a rib ] Tatt, Re-

lating to the side of the body.

Contard, n. 45 wiel; A large apple.

Costate, kostat, Costated, kostat-ed, a. পয়ন-বিশিষ্ট; Ribbed; having ribs or the appearance of ribs.

Costermonger, koster-mung-ger, Costardmonger, n. ক্লবিকেডা; An itinerant seller of fruit:—e. নীচ এবং অধ্নিৰ্; Mean and mercenary.

Costive, kostiv, a. (कांक्रक; Confined in the bowels; constipated. n=costiveness. ad=costively.

Costiveness, kostiv-nes, n. (क्षेत्रका ; Slow-ness in the action of the bowels; constipation.

Costly, kostli, a. बाबनाथा ; प्लाबान् : Expensive, valuable ; high-priced. n=costliness. Syn:—Dear, expensive, high-priced, sumptuous ; precious, valuable.

Costume, kos-tum, n [F. from L. consuctudo, custom] পরিছল-প্রণালী; পরিধান-প্রণালী; Style of diess —পরিছল; Dress. Syn:—Robes, attire, apparel, uniform.

Cot, kot, n. [A. S. cote, a cot or den ] ক্ষে ঘৰ;
কুটাৰ; A cottage:—দোশনা; A swinging bed
or cradle:—কাহাকেৰ উপৰ নাবিকেৰ শ্ৰা; A
sleeping place in a ship:—গো-মেবাদিৰ বোঁৱাড;
An enclosure for sheep or cattle. Syn.—
Hut, cottage; shed; bed-stead.

Cote, kot, n গো-দহিৰ শালা; গো-মেৰাদির খোঁঘাড়; A pen; an enclosure for sheep &c.

Cotemporaneous, ko-tem-po-ráne-us, Cotemporary, ko-tempo-rar'-i, a. Same as contemporaneous, contemporary.

Coterie, kö'te-re, n. [Low L. cola, a hut]
বন্দিবেই দল, অস্তৰ্শনোকেই দল; A friendly
party; a select party.

Cotillon, Cotillion, Ko-tilyun, n. बृठाविष्यव , A brisk dance by eight person.

Cotquean, kotkwen, n. ৰে পুৰুষ স্থালোকের কর্মে নিমুত্ত ব'কে; A man who busies himself with women's affairs.

Cott. n. (श्वन) ; A little bed ; cradle.

Cottage, ko'না, n. কুটাৰ; A small neat dwelling. Syn:—Cot, hut, cabin, lodge.

Cottager, kotaj-er, m. कृतिस्वामी; One who lives in a hut.

Cottar, Cotter, kofer, n. Same as cottager.

Cotton, korn, n. তুলা; কার্ণান; Soft substance got from the pods of the cotton plant:—সূত্র বস্ত্র, কার্ণান বস্ত্র; Cloth made of it; calico:—a. কার্ণান বস্ত্র; Made of or pertaining to cotton.

Cotyledon, n. ৰীমাধাৰ পত্ৰ; The seed-lobe. a=Cotyledonous.

Couch, kowch, v. t. [ L. collocare, to place,—col, and locus a place ] শ্ৰাৰ শাৰিত-ক; To lay down on a bed or other resting place:—বিভাৱক; To spread:—লকাশ-ক; অকাশিত-ক; To express:—ভাষাতে সঞ্জিত-ক; To arrange in language:—চত্ত্ৰৰ ছানি ভোলা; To depress or remove a cataract in the eye:—v. i. বিভাৱ-ক; শ্ৰাৰ-ক; To lie down; to repose:—ন্তামিত থাকা; শ্ৰাইমা থাকা; To hide. Syn:—Deposit; conceal, hide. cover up; set forth, express;

point, direct; lie down, recline; stoop, bend down; squal:—পাৰ্ড; শ্বা; Any place for rest or sleep; a bed.

To couch a cataract—ছানি ভোলা; To depress it by means of a needle to remove it.
To couch a spear or lance—বৰ্ণের পাৰে বৰ্ণা
বিষভাবে বাখা; To fix a spear in its rest at the side of the armour in the po ture of attack.

Couchant, kowchant, a. মৃত্তক উন্নত কৰিছা শ্ৰাৰ; Lying down with the head raised.

Cougar, koo'gar, n. बार्किन्दम्दान किलावान ; The American panther.

Cough, koi, n. কালি; কাল, Convulsive noisy effort of the lungs to throw off offending matter:—v.t. মৃণ্ডুৰ ছইতে বেলে বাহিন-ক; To expel from the lungs by a violent effort with noise:—v i. কালা; To make a violent effort to expel the air from the lungs.

Could, kood, Past tense of can.

Coulter, kolter, n. नाकरनद कान ; The sharp iron of the plough which cuts the earth.

Council, kownsul, n. [L. con, together, and root cal, to call ] महा; प्रमी-महा: An assembly met for consultation or convened to give advice. Syn:—Meeting, congress, diet, convention, convocation, conclave, cabinet, ministry, body of advisers.

Council of war - Infine not; An assembly of officers called to consult with the commander-in-chief in regard to measures of importance or necessity.

Privy council, n. বাজন্তিবৰ্গ; A select numher of persons for advising a sovereign in the administration of public affairs.

Councillor, kowńsil-or, n. মুরাণ-সভাব সভ্য , A member of a council.

Counsel, kowńsel, n. [L consulere, to cousult]
পরাধর্ণ; উপলেশ: Consultation, advice:—ব্যবহারাজীব, ব্যাবিপ্রার, A barrister or advocate:—
পরিণাম দর্শন; Prudence, deliberate judgment:
—তথ্য মন্ত্রণা; Secret opinions or purposes:—
ক্ষিপ্রায়: Purpose:—v t. পরামর্শ-(ন; To advise:—মতর্ক, To warn. Syn:—(n) Consideration, consultation; deliberation, admonition, information; counsellor, lawyer, barrister, advocate, solicitor, attorney.

Keep one's counsel – মনের কথা ব্যক্ত মা করা; Keep one's purpose or opinion to oneself.

Take counsel with one—( काशादक) श्रदामर्न लक्दा ; Consult with one.

To take a man into one's counsels— (বিধাস কৰিয়া) কাহাকেও নিজেৱ গুপ্ত কথা বলা: To admit a man into one's secret opinions, design or purpose.

Counsellor, kownsel-or, n. প্ৰাম্প-দাতা; One who advises another :--ব্যবহারাকীব; উকীল; A barrister; an advocate. #=counsellorship.

Count, kownt, v. t. [ L. computare, to reckon ] न्या-क्; To number; enumerate:—वारवाण-क; To ascribe or impute:—विरवण्या-क; To think, judge, or consider; to esteem:—नवह-क; Sum up. Syn:—Enumerate, number; calculate,

compute, esteem, consider, reckon, estimate, rate ; impute, ascribe :-- v. i. 4 195- v ; To number or be counted :- 7:411 316-7; To swell the number :- क्या वृद्धि-इ ; To add strength or influence :- विर्ध्य है : To depend.

Count, kownt, m. जनवा ; जनव ; Reckoning ; act of numbering :- न्या ; न्या ; Number ; total amount :--(Law) সভিবোগ ; A particular charge in an indictment :- সন্মানসূচক উপাধিবিলেষ; A foreign title of nobility answering to English earl. fem=countess. a=countless.

To be counted on one's fingers-wg-v; To be few; to be scarcely any.

To count upon-निर्वन क ; आदिशिष-क ; To rely upon; to ascribe to :- - | To except. Count for nothing—(कांन कार्याव ना रखा। Countenance, kowhten-ans, n. [ F. contenance, from L. continers, to hold together ] आकृषि ; व्यवस्य ; Look ; aspect ; mien :-- वनन ; मुश्यक्त ; भूष ; The face ; the features :- अनुवार ; পথা ; Favour ; good will ; kindness :—আৰুকুলা ; नार्था : डेश्मोर ; Support ; aid ; patronage ; encouragement:-- v f अनुत्रेश-क् ; छे९माह-(म ; माहाया-F: To favour; to encourage; to support; to aid. Syn -(n) Aspect, look, mien, vasage, features; favour, encouragement, support, approval, sanction, patronage - (v. t.) Sanction, favour, approve, encourage, foster, aid, abet.

In countenance—In an assured condition or

aspect from shame or dismay.

Keep one's countenance—अधरदव कांद प्रवद ভাবে থকাৰ না-তু; शति कि:ता कात्रा ইত্যাদি চাপিয়া ৰাখা; আকাৰ সম্বৰ্-ক ; Preserve a composed look, refrain from expressing joy, anger, or other passion by an unchanged countenance.

Lend or give countenance to-সমুক্ৰ ভাব দেখান ; Favour :-- উৎসাহ দেখা ; Encourage.

One's countenance falls—14 414 951; 14 कांत्र एकमा ; One appears dejected.

Out of countenance-निकार; कडर्बि; Confounded; abashed; dismayed.

To be out of countenance—करशास्त्राह इन्हा ; लिक्टि वा कि: कर्डवाविम् इन्द्रा ; To be cast down or dejected; to be abashed or confounded.

To keep in countenance-नाराया-इ ; का পাইতে বা বেওয়া; To support; to keep (one) in an assured or confident look; to aid by fayour; to keep from dejection or dismay.

To preserve a calm, composed, or natural look, unruffled by feeling.

To put out of countenance-vagin-, निका - क · To annoy and vex ; to disconcert ; to abash.

To stare one out of the countenance-काशा नित्क वक्षारहे हारिया रखनुषि-कृ; Confound one by staring him in the face; put a man out of countenance by staring him in the face.

Counter, kowhter, n. 144; He who or that which counts :- नगनार्थ गावकड शाक्यवानि ; A piece of metal &c. used in reckoning.

Counter, kowhter, adv. [ L. contra, against ]

क्षिक्रम ; विकास ; Against, in opposition :- ... अधिकृत ; विश्वीच ; Countrary ; opposite. Syn :-(ad) Against, opposed, contrary, opposite, adverse, contravene.

Run counter—विक्ष-र ; विभवीक्कारव छना ; Be opposite to; clash; militate against; to go against.

Run counter to-अधिकृत्न बांख्या ; विनवीच्छाद हमा ; Follow a course opposed to ; go against ; clash with.

Counteract, kown-ter-act, v. f. वाजिनका-क ; विक्त-कु; बाधा-त्म; विक्रष्टकार्या-कु; निवादग-कु; To act in opposition; to hinder; to defeat; to frustrate; to prevent. Syn :- Oppose, cross, thwart; frustrate, defeat; neutralize, counterval. n=counteraction.

Counteraction, n. বাধা ; বিপৰীত ক্ৰিয়া ; Hinderance; action in opposition.

Counteractive, kown-tér-aktiv, a. दिनदीड-कार्वाकारी : Tending to counteract :- " विक्रा-চাৰী ৰাজি ৰা জৰা; One who or that which counteracts. ad=counteractively.

Counterbalance, kowhter-bal-ans, v. t. ver छात-कः अभाव छाद-कः To weigh against with an equal weight; to equiponderate; to counteract. Syn :- Counterpoise, balance; countervail, compensate, set of, made up for :- n जना-ভাব; मम्बाद, Equal opposing weight; equivalent. [ charge.

Connter-charge, n. asifectis; An opposite Counterfeit, kowhter-fit, v. t. [ 1. contra, against, facere, to do, to make ] =17-7, 484-ক ; অপুকরণ-ক ; To forge ; to imitate with a view to deceive; to copy without authority:v. t. जान-कृ , अवक्या-कृ ; To leign , to dissemble ; to pretend. Syn :- Forge; imitate, impersonate; feign, pretend, simulate, sham.

Counterfeit, kowhier-fit, n. 2444; 25144; A cheat; an impostor: - প্রতিকাপ: অপুরূপ: A likeness; a counterpart - = | That which is made in imitation of something else :- a. कृतिम ; Fabricated without right :- कमहे : पिना : False ; spurious ; hypocritical :- मिना ; अनुक ; Not genuine. Syn :- Forged, supposititious, spurious, fraudulent, simulated, sham, mock, false. Counterfoil, kowhter-foil, n. The correspond-

ing part of a tally or check.

Counter-irritation, kowhter-i-ri-tashun, n. ( खेवधार्य ) विद्याधिता ; चानिय द्यान निवादनार्थ कृतिय বোগোৎপাপৰ; Antagonism; the production of an artificial or secondary disease, in order to relieve another or primary one.

Countermand, kown-ter-mand, v. t. [ L. contra, against, and mando, to order ] 74 चारमध्य विभवीत चारम्य अमान-क् ; चारम्य वस्ति-क ; बाधा (मध्या , To revoke, as a former command; to oppose, to contradict the orders of another :- n. गुर्सारमण वधन ; पूर्व चारमण दरिक-441; A contrary order; a revocation of a former order. a=countermandable.

Countermarch, kown-ter-march, v. i. et al. जन-कृ, अधिजयन-कृ, To march back, or in reversed order:—». এড়াব্যুব; এতিব্যুব; A marching backward:—বৈত ব্যুব্যুব-বিপ্রায় বিশেষ; An evolution by which a body of men change front, and still retain the same men in the front rank.

Counter-mine, kowhter-min, ত. t. অক্লব্তের

অভিকৃতে বাড নির্দাণ করিয়া পরাজিত-ছু: To mine
in opposition, or to search for an enemy's mine:

—পোগৰে বার্থ-ছু: To frustrate by secret
means:—n. অক্লমিন্তিত বাতের প্রতিকৃতে বনিত বাত:

—A mine formed in opposition to that of an
enemy:—প্রতিকৃত্ত কোলন; A stratagem or
counterplot. [ আত্তরণ; A quilt or coverlet.
Counterpane, kowhter-pan, n. নেল; স্বাচা
Counterpart, kowhter-part, n. প্রতিনিশি; A
part corresponding to another part; a copy.
Syn:—Duplicate, copy; correlative, complement, suppliment; match, twin, tally, mate,
fellow.

Counterpoise, kowhter-poiz, \*\*. প্ৰতিমান; প্ৰতি-মূল; সম্ভাৱ; An equal weight; equiponderance:—সম্বন; Equal force or power sufficient to balance another force or power:—v. t. তুলা-ছ; সম্ভূকতা বিশিষ্ট-ছ; To weigh against; to counterbalance.

Counterscarp, kowhter-skarp, n. পরিবা পরিত্ত: দুর্গ পরিবার স্থিতিক অংশ; The exterior slope of the ditch.

Countersign, kowhter-sin, v.f. একজনের ব্যথত সবেও অতিরিক্ত ব্যবস্তত-কৃ; একজনের আফবের পর অন্ত জনের আফব-কৃ; To sign a document in addition to another to attest its authenticity:—». বৈশিকদিশের সংক্রা বিশেব; A counter signature. Counter-signature, kowhter-sig'na-tūr, n. বিশ্বনের সত্য স্থান্ধ ক্ষণার্থ অভিনিক্ত ব্যথত; A name countersigned to a writing.

Counter-toner, n. यश्य पद; A middle part between tenor and treble.

Countervail, kown-ter-vail, v. t. তুল্য-ছ; তুল্য-ম্ব্য-ছ; To equal; to balance; to be of equal value to. Syn:—Balance, compensate; make up for, counteract; obviate:—n. ছবিশ্ব1; Equal weight, strength, or value; compensation.

Countess, n. The wife of a count or earl.

Country, kuntri, n. [Low L. contrata, contrata, an extension of L. contra, over against] জড়ি; A region:—বংশ; অনুকৃত্তি; Native land:—পত্নীপ্রাব; দেশ; Rural region, as distinct from town:—a. প্রাব্য; পত্নীসম্মাত ; Belonging to the country; rural, rustic:—আসভা; Rude.

Country-man, kuntri-man, m. কৃষ্ক; A rustic: —ৰংশৰালী; One born in the same land. Syn:—Rustic, husbandman, peasant, swain, hind, boar, clown; fellow-subject, fellow-citizen, compatriot.

Country-dance—See contradance.
County, kowhii, n. ALVE; A shire.
County palatine—Receive affects against in England, one having particular privileges.

Couple, kup!, n. [L. copu's] ৰুগ্ন; A pair :বুগল; দল্ভী; A married pair :-- e. f. সংযুক্ত-ড়;
সংবোজিড-ড়; To join:-- বিবাহ-(দ; To marry.
Syn:--(n.) Pair, brace; chain, link. (v.)
Unite, conjoin, buckle, clasp; marry, wed.
Couplet, kup'let, n. বিচৰণের লোক; বিভাকর;
বিপাধি-চরণ; Two lines of verse that rhyme

with each other.
Coupling, kup'ling, त. नःरवान ; नःरवानक ननार्ष ;
That which connects :—नःरवानक ; Connection.
Coupon, koopong, n. [ Fr. couper, to cut off ]
नूनीवनज्ञ ; biwia वर्षाकिकि अञ्चित आस्विराम ;
An interest certificate attached to a transferable bond, to be cut off for payment when

Courage, kur'aj, n. (Fr. courage, from L. cor, the heart ] नारन ; केवच : नारनिक्दा ; Bravery ; valour ; daring ; fearlessness. Syn :—Heroism, intrepidity, valour, boldness, daring, firmness, hardihood, resolution, bravery, fortitude.

interest is due.

Have the courage of one's opinions or convictions—নিজেৰ মৃত ব্যক্ত কৰিতে স্কৃতিত না হৰম ; Be fearless in the expression of one's belief:—ৰাহা মৃত্যু বনিধা বিধান ভাষা কৰিতে সাহনী হৰম ; Have the boldness to execute what one believes to be right.

Courageous, kur-ájus, a. নিতীক; সাংসী; নিতার; Brave; fearless; daring. n=courageousness ad=courageously. Syn:—Gallant, brave, valiant, valorous, heroic, intrepid, fearless, hardy, daring, dauntless, bold.

Courant, Couranto, n. ক্ৰড ৰুড়াবিৰে : A lively dance :—পাত্ৰকা ; A newspaper :— সকীত ; A piece of music in triple time.

Courier, koo'ri-er, n. [Fr. from courir-L. currers, to run] বাজ্য ; বাজ্ডা; A state servant or messenger:—সংবাদপত্ৰ; The name of a newspaper:—অনুপাৰ্চৰ; A travelling attendant.

Course, kors, n. [Fr cours—L. cursus, from curro, cursum, to run] গভি; ধাৰন; Act of moving from one point to another:—গ্ৰম্বাৰি; Path traversed; track; way:—কবোলভি; The progress of anything:—ব্ৰাথন কাৰ্য; Orderly progress; methodical action:—কাৰ্যপ্ৰকাৰ; কাৰ্য্যবাৰী; A succession of acts connectedly followed:—আচ্বাৰ; Line of conduct; conduct:—কাৰ্য্যবিক গভি; Natural bent:—ব্যবহাৰ; Deportment; behaviour:—কৰ; Regularity; order; regular succession:—pl. জীবোকৰ ৰঙ্গ; Menstrual flow. Syn.—Process, advance; way, road, track, route, passage, race; series, succession, manner, method, plan, mode; direction.

Course, kors, e. t. অনুসৰ্গ-ক ; পকাৰাবন-ক ; ধাৰণাৰ-হ ; To hunt; to pursue; to chase :— কৌডিয়া পাৰ-হ ; To run through or over :— u.i. বেপে ধাৰণাৰ-হ ; ধাৰিজ-হ ; To move with speed. A matter of course—বাহা ইইডেই হহৈব ; A matter that must come about in regular and natural order.

In course - नवाजरन , In regular succession.

In the course of—কালকৰে; (কোল সন্বেৰ)
মধ্যে, At some time during.—কোল কিছু করিতে
করিতে বা হইতে হইতে, While doing anything
Of course—আৰক্তই, তাহার কোল ভূল মাই, By
consequence, naturally, certainly.

Courser, körsér, m. एककी (पांडेक, क्रक्तांबी आप, बुद्धपांडेक, A swift horse, a war-horse— शिवांदी, One who courses or hunts.

Coursing, korsing, n. निकाबी क्लूब लहेवा यूनवा-कदन, Hunting with grayhounds

Court, kort, n. [ Fr. cour, O Fr cort-Low L cortss, a courtyard-L. cors, cohors, an inclosure, L. hortus, a garden ] প্রাকণ , গৃহপ্রাকণ , A court-yard .- (वहिंड शान , A small pared square or space surrounded by houses -বিচারাস্থ, The hall of justice —বিদারপতি, विशंदक्यवनी, The judges and officials who preside there —প্ৰামাদ, ৰাজ-আটালিকা, The palace of a sovereign —ৰাজপৰিচাৰকৰৰ্গ, ৰাজ-সভাস্থৰ, The collective body of persons composing the retinue of a sovereign -frizoi. ways, Attentive to one in power, politeness, civility -v t महहे कविष्ड (हहे|-कृ, To endcavour to please —প্রেম্প্রাথী-ছ, প্রণয় আর্থনা-কৃ, To woo —প্রাথী-ছ, অবেণ-কৃ, To solicit, to seek Syn -(v) Woo, make love to, flatter, fawn upon , seek, solicit. [ general facts Court of enquiry-A court to ascertain Court of justice—पर्दाधिकवर्।

Court martial, kuri-mar'shal, n সৈনিক-বিচারালয়, দৈনিকপুরুষ বা নাষিকদিংগর অপরাধ বিচারের সভা, A court held by officers of the army or navy for the trial of officees against military or naval laws, A court of justice composed of military or naval officers for the trial of offences, committed in the army or navy. pl=courts-martial

Court mourning - कृतिय 5 दशकान, Mack mourning worn for the death of a prince.

Court party—A party attached to the court. Court-plaster, korr-plaster, म आतन विराण , Sticking plaster made of silk, orig applied as patches on the face by ladies at court.

Court-plaster, n. পটা, Plaster for wounds
Psy court to—( কোন বড়লোকের অনুগ্রহ লাভের
আনার) আবুগতা রু, Try by flatterry or obsequiousness to gain the lavour of one in power
Courteous, kurryus, a নিরু, মতা, মুলান,
বিনীত, Polite, respectful, obliging, affable
n=courteousness ad=courteously. Syn—
Civil, obliging, complaisant, affable, respectful,
attentive, well-bred, ceremonious, gracious

Courtesan, Courtezan, kurtc-zan, n. ডজ শোৰ বেয়া, অনতী স্ত্ৰী A fashionable prostitute, a woman of loose virtue

Courtesy, kurtsi, n. ভত্তবা, Civility —দৌৰজ, পিছতা, সন্মানপ্ৰদৰ্শন, An act of civility or respect — অনুপ্ৰহ, A favour — স্ত্ৰীলোকদিগেৰ নমন্তাৰ বা প্ৰণাম, An act of respect or reverence paid by a woman — n. s ত্ৰীলোকদিগেৰ নমন্ত্ৰীক কু, প্ৰণাম-কু, To make a courtesy Syn—(n) Politeness, civility, courteousness, elegance. By courtesy- भारतरहर छन्द , By indusgence, not of right.

Too much courtesy too much craft—

Courtier, köri'yer, ল বাজ-সভাসৰ, A man who attends or frequents the courts of princes:— অনুপ্রহাকাল্যা, চাটুকার, One who courts or solicits the fayour of another, one who flatters to please

Courtly, körtli, a শিষ্ট, মুসভা, মুণিকিভ, উরভ;
High bied, dignified and elegant, refined—
লাচ ভোগানোগকাবী. Sycophantic, obsequious,
fawning, flattering Syn.—Polished, refined,
high bred, lordly, ceremonious. n=courtliness.
Courtyard, körtyard, n মুসুল, A court or
inclosure near a house

Courtehip, kuriship, n প্রেমাকাকী, বিবাহ-করণাতিপ্রায়ে প্রেম প্রার্থনা . Act of wooing

Cousin, Luźn, n খুড়ত্ত মানাত জোঠত্ত মানত্ত ভাই ভগ্নী প্ৰভৃতি, The son or daughter of an uncle or aunt

Cousin-German, kuin-jer'min n pl নর্মা-পেকা ঘনিত দম্পার্কীয় উদ্লিখিত ড'ই ভগ্নী A hist cousin cousin in the first generation

Cove, kov. n [A S cofa a chamber lee hoff a shed] সাগ্ৰ-পাৰা ইপসাগ্ৰ A small inlet creek, or bay —ৰণস্ক কি বা মন্বা, A boy or man — t আছোদন-কু, আৰম্ভ দে To overarch, to shelter

Covenant, kuve-rant, n [1 con, together and venio, to come ] fast pfm , A contract , a stipulation - fary-97, A writing containing the terms of agreement or contra अfsका A solemn largue - अववत्र क्योकाद. The piomise made by God to man on certain corditions -किन्थीव म' कुछ और'न ध्यारकन नांचका. ( Ecclesiastical History ) A solumn irreement made by the Scotish Parlia nent in 16,8 and entered into in 1643 by the English Parli unent for the preservation of the reformed religion in the church of Scotland and the extirpation of popery and prelacy -usually called the 'Solemn-League and core ant" It was renewed in 1674 - । विश्वय श्रेत वादा वह-इ इंकि-ক To enter into a formal agreement to con-tract — ৩ t নিৰম-পত্ৰ হাবা প্ৰদান কু বা অঞ্চীকাৰ-কু, To grant or promise by a covenant. Syn -( n ) Contract, compact, bargain, arrangement, stipulation treaty, concordat, convention, bond deed, (# : ) Agree, contract, bargain, stipulate

Covenanter, kuv-e-nanter, দ কট্ৰভাৰ নিয়ম্পত্তে বাক্তকাৰী, One who joined in the solemn league and covenant in Scotland in the reign of Charles I and Charles II

Coventry, n A town in the country of Warwick, England.

To sent to coventry—সৰাৰ হয়তে বহিছত-কৃ, স্বাক্চ্ড-কৃ, To exclude from society, to shut out from all social intercourse for conduct regarded as mean or ungentlemanly.

Cover, kuver v. t [ L. con. and aperio, to

—সংগোপিত-তৃ : লুকাইত-তৃ ; To conceal ; to hide :
—স্তবৃদ্ধি- তৃ ; To overwhelm ; as, to cover with shame :-- 專利-事; To pardon or remit :-- 明現 -ৰিড-কু; ৰশ্লাফাৰিড-কু; To wrap ; to clothe :—ভা (मध्या ; To broom or sit on :- नयान-र ; नवाध-T; To equal; to be equivalent; to be sufficient :-- (वाभन-इ ; To disguise :-- वावप-त्य ; To protect; to defend; to shelter: - [ ] | निविधान-क ; To put on a hat :-- मशकान वांचा ; To refrain from disclosing :- n. जानवन ; आक्रांग्य: That which is set, or spread over another thing: স্পা; চাকৰি; A screen; disguise; superficial appearance: সাধাঃ বৰণ : Shelter ; defence ; protection :—গোপৰ ; Concealment and protection:-युरनव आवान; শুগাণাদিৰ প্ৰায়ন হান , In hunting woods, underbrush &c. which shelter game :- (44-43; A table-cloth. Syn: - (v.) Conceal, hude, cloak, veil, shroud, mark, enfold, disguise; shelter, shield, protect, defend; enfold, wrap, clothe, invest; comprehend, include, comprise; compensate, balance.

A cover for—( কোনও কিছুব ) ছুতা; A pretend Cover is laid for—( একৰ্ৰের ) ধাৰার প্ৰতঃ

Dinner is prepared for guests.

To break cover— বুকাবিত্যাল ফটতে বাহিৰ-হ;
To start from the covert or temporary lair.
Under cover— বুকাভিড; Under concealment,
hidden:—ছবে; Under the disguise of.

Under cover of—কিছুৰ বাবা আচ্ছাদিত বা বক্ষিত হয়া, Being concealed by, under the protection of — অভিনয়, Under the disguise of

Covering, kuv-er-ing, n. আবৰণ; আছোচন, Any thing spread or had over another:—বন্ধ, Gaments —বিছানাৰ চাণৰ ইত্যাদি; Bed clothes Coverlet, kuv-er-let, n. শ্ৰাজ্ঞানন, শ্ৰাভ্ৰাণ, A bed-cover

Covert, kuvert, a. গোপনীৰ , ভপ্ত: Secret; hid; dish used .—বিক্ত , Sheltered; protected; not open or exposed:—আত্তাবাধীন; আত্তিত ; (Law) under protection:—ম. আত্তাবাধীন; আত্তাব; A place which covers and protects; a shelter.—
বন, বোপ; A thicket; a shade place:—পকীর পুজের পাকক; Feathers on or under the wings of buds. Syn:—Hid, secret, private, disguised, concealed, underhand.

Covertly, kuvert-li, ad. प्राधिकश्रद ; क्षक्राद ; In a concealed manner ; secretly.

Coverture, kuver-tur, n. আন্তর; বৃহ্ণা; Shelter; the defence:—খামীৰ অধীনাবছা, বিবাহিতা ব্যশীর বিধিবিহিত অবস্থা; (In law) condition of a married woman under the power and protection of her husband.

Covet, kuvet, v.t. [L. cupidus, desirous cupio, to desire] আকাজা-ক; To desire or wish for eagerly:—অভায় বোভক; To wish for what is unlawful. a. = covetable ( শ্ৰাম )। Syn:—Long for, desire, hanker after, lust after, yearn for, aspire to.

Covetions, kuvet-us, a. अधिनाती ; Eager to obtain : - वनरनाकी ; अवंगुई ; Avaricious, n=

Covetiousness. Syn:—Eager, greedy, avaricious; griping, penurious, miserly, niggardly, sordid, close-fisted. ed=covetously.

Covey, kuvi, n. [ L. cubo, to lie down ] পৰীৰ পাল ; কুল পৰীৰল ; A small flock of birds.

Cow, kow, n. [ A. S. cu, sans. go, from its cry ]
গাড়ী; The female of the bull. pl =cowe, kine.
Cow, kow, v. t. [ Dan. kue, to subdue, to keep
under ] ভীত-ত ; ব্যক্তিত বাধা; তাধানোত-ত : To

under] छोष-इ ; रचेक्छ दादा ; करश्रादमार-इ ; To depress with fear ; to keep under ; to dispirit ; to dishearten.

Coward, kow'ard, n. [L. conda, a tail] তীৰ-ব্যক্তি; কাপুৰুব; A timid person. Syn:—Craven, recreant, poltroon, dastard, skulk, sneak.

Coward, kow'ard, Cowardly, kow'ard-li, a. ভাক ; কাপুকৰ; Timid:—ৰীচ ; Base, mean. neacowardliness. ad—cowardly. Syn.—Timid, fearful, timorous, distardly, craven, faint-hearted, chicken-hearted; mean, base.

Cowardice, kow'ard-is, n. ভীৰতা; কাৰ্বৰতা; Timidity; want of courage. [ calf. Cow-calf, kow'kaf, n. ৰকৰা বাছৰ; A female

Cow-herd, n. airia; (ninia; One who tends cows in the field.

Cow-leech, Cow-doctor, n. (भी-देव)।

Cow-pox, kow'poks, n গো-বসম্ভ; Small blisters that appear on the teats of cows, the vaccine matter for inoculation being obtained from the skin of a cow.

[ of primrose.

Cow-slip, kow'slip, n. একজাতীৰ পূল; A species Cow-troe, kow'tre, n. গোপাদগ; A tree of South America producing a nourishing milk.

Cower, kow'er, v i [ Dan. kure, to lie quiet ] अड्मड्- ह ; डीड- ह . To crouch; to shrink through fear. Syn:—Shrink, crouch, stoop, bend, squat. Cowl, kowl, n. [ L. cucullus, hood ] मञ्जानी- किराब धडकांबवन : मञ्जानी- किराब भवित्य भिवक : A monk's hood or habit:—धूमनिर्म- बार्ट्स माइकांबनी : यूमनिर्म कांववन : A cover for a chimney that turns with the wind. a=cowled. Cowled, kewld, a. मुखकांबवन दिगिंड ; Wearing a cowl.

Cowry, kowri, n. रुष् ; A small shell used as money in the East Indies and in Africa.

Coxcomb, kokś-kōm, n. মনকারভাগ; The top of the head or the head itself:—ভাড়; খোষ পোনাকী, মূর্ব; A fop, a vain showy fellow; a fool:—পুন্দা বিশেষ; A kind of red flower:—An ornament on a fool's cap. Syn:—Fop, prig, puppy, beau, dandy.

Coxswain-See cock-swain.

Coy, koy, a. [L. quietus, quiet] লাকুৰ, লজাৰীৰ; বিনীত; বম; Shy; bashful; reserved; modest. n=Coyness. ad=coyly. Syn:—Modest, bashful, shy, reserved, backward, distant, diffident, demure.

Coyish, koy'ish, a. इंदर नकानिन; Somewhat coy. ad=coyishly n=coyishness.

Coyness, n. 可要判例可, Shyness. Syn:— Shrinking, backwardness, modestly, bashfulness, timidity, diffidence.

Cos, kuz, n. A contraction of cousin.

Cosen, kufn, v. f. (withthis; with spirits; To flatter; to cheat; to beguile.

Syn:—Overreach, dupe, gull, chouse, diddle, circumvent, impose on. n=cozener.

Cozenage, kożn-zj, n. वाष्ट्रांवनी ; वादम्या ; Fraud ; deceit ; practice of cheating.

Cozoner, n. sista ; siata ; A cheat.

Cosy, Cosey, kōzi, a. সুৰক্ষ; আৱাদপ্ৰণ; সাজ্জ-ক্ষঃ Warm; snug; comfortable:—আলাণী; গল্পবিদ; Chatty; talkative. ad=cozily.

Crab, krab, n. ৰকট ; কাৰজা ; A common shellfish:—কৰ্টবালি ; ক্ৰটবালী ; A sign in the zodiac :—বভ কটু কল ; বুলো আডা ; A wild apple.

Orabbed, krabed, a. ফর্ল; বিট্বিটে; ক্লয়; Sour; rough; harsh, austere; peevish: morose:—
ছমা; মুর্বোখ্য; Perplexing; difficult. ad=crabbedly. n=crabbedness. Syn:—Testy, cross,
morose, fretful, petulant, captious, ill-tempered; difficult, tough.

Orack, v. f. विमीर्-क ; कत्र-क ; कश्च-क ; To rend ; break or burst ; break into chinks :-- আক্সিক चन डेर्शाविज-क : श्रीर जीव चन डेर्शावन-क : To snap; to produce a sudden noise :- 5:4 4141 विस्ता-क ; इ:बाकिक्य-क ; To distress ; to pain ; to torture :- ज्युना भूतक बना ; To utter smartly and sententiously:—প্ৰশংসা-কু; সুখ্যাভি-কু; To cry up ; to extol :- वृद्धितहे-क ; To disorder ; to make crazy :- v. i. विमी - र : To burst ; to split : - डिक बा कीड चन-क ; To utter a loud or sharp sound :-- n. क्रिन ; कांडे ; A narrow breach , a chink or fissure :-- আৰু নিৰ ভীৰ পৰ ; A burst of sound; a sharp or low sound uttered suddenly or with violence :- किंड । किंड बार्डि ; Craziness of intellect; a crazy person. Syn: - (v.) Chip, cleave, splinter; fracture, burst, snap; (n.) Break, crevice; breach, cleft, chink, fissure, crainy; snap; report, clap, pop, burst, explosion.

Crack a bottle—ঘণাপান ক ; Drink a bottle.
The crack of doom—হাৰ্ম ; The end of the world.

To crack a joke—সংসা তীর ব্যবেত্তি-কু; To break a jest; to utter or throw out a jest.

Crack-brained, c. বৃদ্ধিশুক ; Crazy ; crazed. Cracker, kraker, n. বিদীৰ্থকাৰী ; বিশাৰক ; The person or that which cracks ; as, a nut cracker :— শটকা ; বেষ ; A noisy fire-work :— বিশ্বট ; A hard biscuit.

Crackle, krakl, v. i. মুল মুল চড় চড় লল-কু; To make small abrupt snapping noises:—পুন: পুন: অলু বিধাৰণ লল-কু; To give out slight but frequent cracks.

Crackling, krakl-ing, n. ভৰ্মিত শ্ৰৰ-মাংলেৰ উপৰিভাগ ; The rind of roasted pork.

Cracknel, kraknel, n. 1945: A hard brittle cake or biscuit.

Cradle, kradl, স. শিক্ষাব্যের দোলনা; বোলা; A rocking bed for infants:—বৈশ্বাব্যা; Infancy:
ভাষাভ ভানাইবার কভ ভারিমুছ কলক; A frame under a ship for launching it:—৩. ৫. বোলায় পারিভ-ড়;
শান্ত মৃ; To lay in a cradle; to rock in a cradle;

to compose or quiet: -- স্বাস্থ- ; To nurse in infancy.

From the cradle, n. ৰাল্ডান ইছৈড ; লৈববাৰ্থ ইছেড ; From the state of infancy ; from infancy. In one's oradle—লৈববাৰ্য়ায় ; In one's infancy. Craft, kraft, n. কৌলল ; নিশ্বতা ; বৈশ্বতা ; কফডা ; Art; dexterity ; skill :—লঠডা ; যুক্তা ; Cunning ; artifice ; fraud :—ব্যন্নায় ; বিল্লিবিলা ; Manual art ; trade :—ক্যু অল্বান ; ক্যু আহাজ ; Small sailing ship. Syn :—Skill, ability, cleverness, dexterity ; aptitude, expertness ; artifice, cunning, subtlety, shrewdness, guile ; trade, employment, occupation.

Craftsman, kraftsman, n. শিল্পী; কাছিকৰ; ব্যক্ত লাম বিশেষে প্ৰবৃত্ত ব্যক্তি; A mechanic; an artificer; one engaged in a trade.

Crafty, krafti, a. निप्त : पूर्व : व्यक्त : Artful : cunning deceitful. ad=craftily. n=craftines. Syn:—Artful, wily, sly, deceitful, subtle, shrewd, guileful, tricky.

Crag, krag, n. উচ্চণীত বৰ্ব পৰ্যন্ত; A steep rugged rock:—পথাবিভিত ক্ষৰ-পৰ; A bed of gravel mixed with shells.

Cragged, krag'ed, Craggy, krag'i, a. ভয় প্রবর্গ ; বছর ; Full of broken rocks ; rough ; rugged. n=craggedness, cragginess. Syn:— Cragged, rocky ; broken, rough, rugged.

Crake, krak, n. পদী বিশেষ; A kind of bird.
Cram, kram, v. t. [A. S. crammian; Ice. kramja, to squeeze] ঠানিয়া পোৱা; চাপ দেওৱা;
To stuff; to fill to excess:—পর্বাধ খাদা হারা প্রিড-ড়; পরিত্তির অভিবিক্ত ভোজন করান; To fill with food beyond satiety:—বলপুর্রুক প্রবেশ করান; পূর্ণ-ড়; To thrust in by force; to crowd: শিক্ষা প্রদান হারা পরীকোপরোগী-ড়; To qualify for public examination by hasty preparation—
v. i. অভিবিক্ত ভোজন-ড়; To cat greedily or beyond satiety:—পরীকোশবোগী-ড়; To make preparations of examination by hasty review of studies. Syn:—Crowd, squeeze, press, compress; gorge, glut, satiate.

Crambo, krambo, n. A cramming or crowding of rhymes together.

Crammer, kramer, n. বে বৃদ্ধি ছাত্রিগকৈ মুখ্য করাইয়া পরীকা দানার্থ প্রস্তুত করে; One who prepares students for examination by cramming them with the required knowledge.

Cramp, kramp, n. অন্তাৰ; 'ৰান্'; A painful spasmodic contraction of muscles:—প্ৰতিবন্ধ; আত্ৰোধ প্ৰতিবাধ; মেডিবোধ দিববাৰ উপৰোগী বোৰণৰ বিশেষ; An iron instrument to hold together timbers, stones, &c:—v. t. অন্তাৰ্থ নিয়া বাৰা কট-দে; বান-দৃ; To affect with spasms:—(কাৰে আৰম্ভ-দৃ; To hold tightly. Syn:—(v.) Confine, restrict, hamper, clog, hinder, impede.

Cramp-fish, kramp'fish, n. बाह्य बर्क विट्नब ; The torpedo, or electric ray, whose touch imparts, a shock of electricity.

Cranberry, krahber-i, n. जानवर्ध क्यू विश्ववः क्षविद्यवः A red berry of acid taste. Cranch—Same as crunch, Orane, krān. n. [Gr. geranos, L grus, a crane]
নাৰস কাজিয় পাকী, A wading-bird, having long
legs, a long neck, and a long beak —ভাষি বভ
উঠাইবাৰ বন্ধ, A machine for raising weights —
বদিৱা নি:সাৰক বন্ধ নগ, A bent tube for drawing liquors out of cask — v t. উত্তোগন-কৃ, To
raise — v : কিছু পেৰিবাৰ অস্থ জীবা প্ৰসাৰিত-কৃ,
To stretch the neck in order to observe something [taining to the skull
Oranial, krāni-al, a মন্তবেষ বুলি সৰকাৰ, PerOraniologist, krā-ni-olo jist, n শিবন্ধকা পভিত,

A phrenologist, one skilled in cransology.

Craniology, kiগ-ni-olo-ji স মাধাৰ খুলি পৰীকা
কৰিয়া মনেৰ খান্তি নিৰ্ণয় কৰিবাৰ বিদা।, শিৱতত্ব,
নাত্ৰ-ভৰ, Phrenology, the study of skulls a=
craniological.

Cranium, krani-um, # ৰাধার বুলি, নৱ-কপাল, কবোটি ধর্পব, The skull of an inimal.

Crank, kringk, n বজাবৃতি বস্তু বৰ্তা, Anything hent or turned — ক্লেব, সেখোলি, পরিহাস, A turnin speech a pun — বাৰ্ধেয়ালি, A whim — ক্সিয়ার বিশিষ্ট ব্যক্তি, One full of cranks, or durnged

Crank, kransk Cranky, krangki a কিপ Briss, lively – মুগ্র Wesk — বিপম ত ইইবার্ল সন্তাবলা বিশিপ্ত Lipble to Le upset

Crankle, krangki Crinkle, kringki n বক্তা Cranknosa, ki in cress n বিপণ্যত হইবাৰ সভা বৰ্ম i inbility to be up et

Cranny, krim n কিন্তু কাই An open crace a chink, a cleft, a crevice — কিন্তুৰ স্থাৰ, গ ও স্থাৰ, A retried or secret place — ব কিন্তুৰ প্ৰাৰ, গ ও স্থাৰ, A retried or secret place — ব কিন্তুৰ প্ৰাৰ কিন্তুৰ সংবাদ ত লাগৈ কিন্তুৰ প্ৰাৰ কিন্তুৰ সংবাদ ত লাগৈ কিন্তুৰ কিন্তুৰ সংবাদ ত লাগৈ কিন্তুৰ বাৰ বিশেষ, Sickness caused by intemperance

Crapulent, Crapulous, a আগ্ৰহণৰ ছাৱা পাড়াপন্ত, Sick from intemperance

Crash, krash n ঝন ঝন শাল, A noise is of something breaking - e ঃ ঝন ঝন শাল ছ To make a noise as of things breaking — e f এও ঝ৩-কৃ, চ্ৰ-কৃ, To break to pieces violently Syn — (n) Clash, clang, jar, collision con cussion

Crasss, krásis, n ছুইট স্বৰৰ্থের মিশন The contraction of two vowels into one long vowel, or into a diphthong

Crass, kras, a gr, (415), Can cor gross, thick Syn —Dense, close, gross, obtuse, confused, muddled

Crassament, krasa-ment, m বজাদি ভবন পদা থেৰ বাঢ় অংশ, The thick part of a fluid, csp blood, the clot [ness, coarseness Crassitude, krasitud, n গাঢ়তা স্থাতা, Gross-Cratch, krach, m. গৰাদিৰ বাদ্য বাহিৰাৰ আধাৰ,

গাৰণা, A manger or open frame for hay. Crate, krät, n [ L crates, a huidle ] ৰুটি, A large wicker ba-ket

Crater, krater, n আয়েৰ গিৰিব মুখ, The mouth of a volcano [ with the teeth. Craunch, kranch v f দ্ৰুষ্ণাৰা ভাষা, To crush Cravat, kra-vat n গৰাৰজ, প্ৰীৰাৰজনী, A neck-cloth Syn—Nockcloth, neckerchief, neck-tie. Crave, krav v f A S craftan, to crave] মাচঞা-কু, প্ৰাৰ্না-কু, কিছা বু, ি o ask carnestly-to beg, to entreat, to besecch, to long for. Syn—Beg, besech, intricat, solicit supplicate, implore, desire long for hanker after

Craven, kravn n কাপুর্থ তীক বাজি, A coward, a spiritless fellow —a বিশ্বেষ, তীক Cowardly, spiritless Syn —(n) Coward, poltroon dastard, recreant ad=cravenly n=crivenness [strong desire

Craving, kriving n আকাজা প্ৰবন ইচছা, A Craw, krivin পঞ্জীয় পাকস্থনী The stomach of lowls Syn —Cop, gallet throat

Craw-ah, Cray-fish, n. कांक्जा, विश्वकि माइ. River lib t :

Crawl, rowl - : [Ger k thheln to creep] बुदक (१९ दर्ग T creep to move slowly as a worm,—श्रामा प्रधी-मा, Io move feebly or slowly

Crayon, kráon r [L cr.ta, chalk] পোৰ-বিল, A piece of chalk, or other soft substance used for drawing —খড়িব পোৰসিল, Coloured drawing chalk —v t. উক্ত পোৰ্সিল ছায়া চিত্ৰ আছিত কু বস্চা দিৱা বা নক্সা কু, To sketch with a crayon to sketch, to plan

Craze, kriv v / উন্ধাৰ-কু, বৃদ্ধি বিকৃত-কু, To impair the intell et to render insune, —বিদীৰ্ণ কু, ধৰু কৰু ; lo break, to crack Syn — Crush, c ufuse bewilder, insune, derange ad = 1 cd'y

C 12y, krīti a ছুৰ্মল Weak feeble — কিন্তু, নির্ভু বৃদ্ধি Deranged in intellect insine, crick-b aimed — ভাগ Bioken. Syn — Shattered Linken, tottering insine deranged, mid lunatic, cracked a i=crazily n=craziness. Croak, krīk v i কা কা কা পুৰু কাৰি বাৰাণ পাৰ-কু যি produce a creaking sound with — ন কা কা কা পুৰু বিশ্বিক কিন্তু কিন

Croam, krcm n হুদ্ধেৰ নৰ, The oily substance forming a scum on the surface of milk — সাধা ৰ I he best part of any thing — t নিৰ বা নৱ কুনিং া ভয়া, To skim, to take off cream আড়াত্ম অ ৰ গভয়া, To take off the best part of anything — v । সৱ পড়া, ৰনি কমা , To gather cream [Coward looking pale.

Croam-faced, krcm-fast, a ভাত, পাছুৰ্ব, Croamy, krcmi a স্বৰ্ম, স্বন্ধ্ৰ, Full of or like cream, gathering like cicam n=crea-

Croase, krēs, n তাঁজেৰ দাগ A mark made by folding — c. t ভাজ কৰিছ' চিহ্নিড-কৃ , To mark by i fold like i furrow [ Malay dagger. Croase, Croose, krēs, n মানৰ স্পৌৰ ছোৱা:

miness

Create, kre-at, v. f. [L. creo, creatus; cog. with Gr. kraino, to accomplish, to fulfill; Sans. kri, to make ] স্ট-ক; জন্মান; To produce; to cause to exist:—উৎপাদন-ক; To produce; to cause; to be the occasion of:—উৎপাচ-ক, To beget; to generate. Syn:—Produce, make, cause, originate; constitute, appoint.

Creation, kre-a'shun, n. বৃষ্ট; বুজন; The act of creating:—বিৰ, ৰূপ্ ; That which is created; the world; the universe:—বৃষ্ট ; Formation.

Creative, krc-a'tiv, a. সর্জনক্ষ; স্টকরণে দ্বর্থ, স্কানক্ষ; That has power or tendency to create. ad=creatively, n=creativeness.

Creator, kre-átor, n. তথ্য : অগাৰৰ ; One who creates, a maker, especially the Supreme Being. The creator—অগ্ৰাৰ ; The Supreme Being. Creature, kretur, n. তথ্য পৰাৰ্থ, That which is created — প্ৰাৰ্থ, অন্ত, মন্ত্ৰা; গত, Eyeny animated being, an animal; a man; a brute:—মন্ত্ৰ; A human being, in contempt or pity:—মন্ত্ৰাৰ (লাক; A servile dependent or tool. Syn:—Being, substance, body; animal, beast; man, person, dependant, minion.

Creature comforts—হে সকল বস্তু বারা নেহেব হধ বৃদ্ধি হয়; দৈহিক হব সম্মান মান্ত মান্ত কৰিব।ব অব্যাদি; Those things which minister to the comforts of the body; things ministering to the comfort of the body, such as good food.

Creature of circumstances—অবসার অধীনে (অবস্থাৰ পড়িয়া লোক ভালমন্স হয় এই ভাবে); One entirely dependent on circumstances.

Credence, krc-dens, n. প্ৰত্যম্ ; Trust : —কুফ টেবিল ; বেদীর পার্থই কুফ টেবিল ; The small table beside the altar. [be believed in To find credence in—বিশাসভাসন হুওয়া ; To Credends, krc-dends, n. pl. বিশাসভাসন বিষয়

সমূহ; Things to believed; articles of faith. Credent, krë'dent, a. সংক্রিখাসী, Easy of belief.

Oredential, kre-deńshal, a. প্ৰভাৱজনক; Giving a title to belief or credit —n. প্ৰভাৱ বা আজাজনক বিষয়; That which entitles to credit or confidence:—pl. বে পত্ৰ ছাত্ৰা কোনত ব্যক্তি বিদেশীয়দিশের নিকট প্ৰভাৱ বা আজাজন হয়, Exp. the letter by which one claims confidence or authority among strangers.

Credible, kredi-bl, a. বিষ্যানীয়, প্রত্যাহোগা , That may be believed. n=credibility, credibleness. ad=credibly.

Credit, kredit, n হাজা; Esteem:—বৰ্ণ, সন্থান, Reputation, honour.—বাবে বিক্ৰয়; Sale on trust:—v. t. বিভাগ-ক; To trust:—বাবে বেডমা, বাবে বিক্ৰয়-ক; To sell or lend to on trust.

Credit one with—কাহাৰত উপৰ কেলা; Charge one with:—কোন ভণ আছে বলিয়া কাহাকেত ধীকাৰ
কু; Give one credit for.

Carry to the credit of (credit to)— হিসাৰ কৰাৰ দিকে দেখা; Enter upon the credit side of an account, set to the credit of.

Give credit to—विशान-कृ; Believe; place reliance on.

Give one credit for-( (कान किहुब का ) काराव

প্ৰশংসাধান-ড়; কাহাতেও প্ৰশংসা-ড়; To give one praise for.

On or upon credit—बारब (विकास कर्ता यूबांत); On trust existing between buyer and seller. On the credit of—काशंत काशियम, क्लांन विकास माजस्वित्य; On the security of.

Take crodit to one's self—কোনৰ কাৰ্য্য কৰা হ্হাছে বলিখা সন্থান কাৰ্য-ক; Lay claim to the honour ( of doing something ).

Creditable, kredit-a-bl, s. বিশাসভাজন; যপকর;
Trustworthy, bringing credit or honour. n=
creditableness, ad=creditably. [debt is due.
Creditor, kredit-or, n. উত্তর্গ; One to whom a
Credulity, kre-du'li-ti, n. বিশাস-তা, বিশাসঅব্যাহ; Excessive casiness of belief; unsuspecting trust.

Credulous, kredu-lus, a. সাম্পুর, সহতে প্রায়িত; Apt to belief without sufficient evidence; unsuspecting, easily decrived. admi credulously, n=credulousness.

Croed, kred, n. [L. credo, believe, the first word of the Apostles' creed ] প্ৰকৃত; প্ৰুব্জি, A summary of the articles of religious behief, any system of principles professed or believed; a religious symbol.

Crook, krik, n. অপ্রস্ত প্রাণী, থাতি, A smal met or bay of the sea or mer: — স্থাৰ পতে-Sudden hend of a river. Syn.—Inlet, cove, bight, small bay, rivulet, stream, winding, turn.

Creeper, krēp'er, n. লভা; লভানিয়া পাছ; A climbing or trailing plant:—ফুল পর্কা বিশেষ; A genus of small climbing birds.

Bower of creeper—नवार्ड, नवांक्य । Creese, Creese, kres, n. यान्यानीय व्यवांति ; A Malay dagger. [a corpse. Cremate, v. t. नवांदव-क् ; To burn especially Cremation, krem-áshun, n. [L. cremo, to burn] नवांद ; The burning of the dead.

Cremona, krem-ত'na, ল. উৎকুষ্ট বৰ্ষণ্ড (ব্যাণা);
A superior kind of violin, made at Cremon, in Italy.
[ing the edge notched. Crenate, Crenated, a. বাজ কাটা; (bot). Hav-Creole, kre'ol, n. ইউবোগীয় উর্বাহাত আবেরিকার লোড়; A native of Spanish America or West India Islands, descended from European ancestors.

Creesote, kre'a-sot, Creasote, kre'o-sot, m.

এক প্ৰকাৰ ৰাসামনিক তৈস; An oily, colourless liquid.

Cropitate, krep'i-tat, v. i. [L. crepo, to crack, rattle] की की स्थान : To make a small crack-ling noise. Syn:—Crackle, snap, crack.

Cropitation, krep-i-tashun, म. ठे हे वे नव ; A small sharp crackling noise.

Crept, pt. and pa. p. of creep.

Cropuscular, kre-puskū-lar, Cropusculous, kre-puskū-lus, a. গোধুলি সম্মীয়; প্রদোব স্থানীয়; Pertaining to twilight.

Crepuscule, kre-pu'kul, Crepuscle, krepu'l, n. [L. creper, dusky, obscure] গোধ্সি;

deria; Twilight.

Crescent, kresent, a. [ L. crescens, crescentis, pr. p of cresco, to grow ] অৰ্কচন্দ্ৰ ; The increasing or new moon :— অৰ্কচন্দ্ৰ চিক্তিত মুসলমান পতাৰা; The figure of the new moon borne in the Turkish flag :— তুবক পতাৰা : মুনলমান ধৰ্মের চিক্ত ; বজাকাৰ অট্রানিকা কেলি: The standard itself, and figuratively the Turkish power, a range of buildings in curved form :— a. ব্যক্তি . Growing ; increasing.

Croscontod, kre'ent-ed. a আর্মান্ত নিজাবত্ত ; Adorned with a crescent :—অর্থান্তরং : Cresent-

like , crescent shaped

Cress, kres, n. তিক শাক বিশেষ ; হেলঞা ; কুলনি প্রকৃতি, The name of several species of plants,

which grow in moist places.

Crossot, kreiest, দ. প্ৰপ্ৰদৰ্শক; আমো; Beacon light — আকাশ-প্ৰদীপ; Lamp for illumination Crost, krest, দ. শিৰা, স্কৃটি; শিৰস্তানের উপরিষ্ট পাছতেই; The top of feathers on the top of a helmet — ৰক্ষ্য; The helmet itself — কৃষ্টেৰ কৃষ্টি. The comb of a cock:—(ডল্লিক্সা; অংক্রের; Pinde; courage; spirit — ক্রটিস্ত; Armorial ensign; প্রত্তিশিষ্ট, The summit or higher the pirt of a hill:—ত ' শিৰা স্থায় আন্তত্ত্ব, শিৰাবিশ্ব-কৃ, To furnish or adorn with a crost:—ব্যাব মৃত ক্রিনিক; To serve as a crest for Syn:—(n.) Plume, tult, comb, head, crown, top, summit.

Crost-fallen, krest-fawln. a. নিত্তপাহী; ভাগোৎ-দাহ: তেজোহীন; Dispirited; dejected, heartless. Crostless, krestles, a. শিখাপুজ, Without a োহা:—অপুচ্চবংশসম্ভত; Not of high birth.

Cretaceous, kieta'shus, a. [ l. cretaceus, trom creta, chalk ] পড়িব্য ; পড়িপুর্ব Chalky.

Crotin, krc'tin, n. প্ৰগণ্ডসুক্ত নিক্কোধ ব্যক্তি, Goitrous idiot.

Crotinism, krc'tin-izm, n. হীনবুদ্বিতা, নিক্দ্বিতা; Condition of a cretin; idiocy.

Crovasso, krev-a's, n. [ L. crepare, to creak, crack ] হিন্দাৰ্শন চিছ, তুবাৰ বাশিব কটি; A crack or split. especially applied to a cleft in a glacier.

Crevice, n. ভিন্ত; কাট; A crack; a rent, a gap, an opening. Syn:—Cleft, fissure, rent, crack, chink, cranny, rift, interstice.

Crew, kioo, n. [Fr. crue, increase] मन; A company; a gang:—वाविक्यन। A body of sailors. Syn:—Band, gang, set, party, haide.

Crew, krōō, n. Did crow :—past tense of crow. Crowel, krōō'ci, n. একপ্ৰধাৰ হ'ল হচিকাৰ্য; Worsted yarn, slackly twisted.

Crib, krib, n. জোৰী ; গাম্লা ; গৰাদনী ; Manger :

—গরুৰ আন্তাৰল ; গোশালা ; A stall for oxen :—
শিশুল্বা ; A child's bed :—কুটাব ; A small cottage :—লাটান ও প্রীকের অবিকল অনুবাদ ; A literal translation of the classics :—Bin for storing grain, salt, &c :—পিঞ্চব ; A cage. Syn:

—Rack, manger, cratch ; bin, bunker, small bedstead ; hut, small dwelling :—v. t. আবন্ধ-কু; Confine :—দামান্ত ক্রবা অপহবণ-কু; Steal trifles. Syn:—Inclose, confine, cage, pilfer, purloin. Cribbage, kribaj, n. ক্রীড়া বিশেষ ; একপ্রকাষ ভাস বেলা ; A game at cards.

Cribble, kribl, n. [L. cribe'lum, dim. of cribrum, a sieve ] মোটা চাননী; A coarse sieve or screen:—v. t. চ'লে; ছাকা; To sift or riddle. Crick, krik, n. গ্ৰহেশের সংকাচন; A slight cramp; a spasm, especially of the neck.

Cricket, kriket,n. ঝিকি পোকা; A kind of insect:
—ব্যাটবন থেলা; Game with a bat and ball:—
n. t বাটবন লইছা থেলা-কু; To play at a cricket.
Cricketer, kriket-লৈ. n. ব্যাটবল-ক্রীড়ক; One who plays at a crick t.

Cried, p t. and pa. p of Cry.

Crime, krim. ম. বিধিনজ্ঞান; শেষ; অপরাধ; পাল; Breach of law; great fault; offence; sin. Svn:—Wrong, offence, fault, misdeed, felony; wickedness, sin, vice, iniquity; transgression, delinquency.

Criminal, krimin-al, a. দোৰদৰ্কীয়; Relating to crime:—পাপী; অপবাধী; Guilty of crime:—
n. অপবাধী বাক্তি; One guilty of crime. Syn:—
(a) Culpable, wrong, illegal, felonious; immoral, vicious, iniquitous. (n) culprit, malefactor, cyldoer, offender, felon, convict. ad=
criminally.

Criminality, krim-in-ali-ti. n. অপরাধিতা; অপরাধিত; Guiltness; wickedness.

Criminato, krimin-at, r t. জতিত্ত- ক , নিক্সা-ক ; দোষাবোপ-ক , To accuse ; to charge one with crime. Syn :—Charge, indict, impeach, arraign ; convict. u=...minatory. [Accusation. Criminatory, a. জপবাদগঠ ; Accusing.

Crimp, krimp, n. [A dim. of cramp; Dut. krimpen, to shrink] ভঙ্গপৰণ; Brittle:—n. ৰে বাজি ভ্ৰায়, যে বাজি প্ৰলোভিত কৰে; One who decoys:—v. t. চুল আচ্ডান: Curl the hair:—
ধুড-কু বা ভ্ৰাম; To seize or decoy:—চুম্ট-কু;
To plait. Syn —(v) Plait, curl, crisp; seize, decoy for service, press.

Crimple, krimp'l, v. t. আকৃঞ্চিত-কু; সর্চিত-কু; চুন্ট-কু; To contract or draw together; to wrinkle, to curl.

Crimson, krimzn, n. নীল বিশ্রিত গাঁচ লাল বছ; লোহিত বর্ণ; A mixture of red and blue red: a. গাঢ়লাল; Of a deep red colour:— v. i. লোহিত বর্ণে বিশ্রিত-ক; To dye with crimson:—v. i. লাজ-ছ; লালবর্ণে বঞ্জিত-ছ; To become crimson; to blush, Crinatory, a. চুল সম্পাৰ, Pertaining to hair.
Cringe, krinj, v. i. [A. S. crincan, cringan,
to face ] মত-হ; অবনত-হ, তোবাবোৰ-কৃ, চাইকাৰিতা-কৃ, To crouch with servicity, to submit,
to fawn, to flatter. S,n—Crouch, stoop,
truckle, fawn, grovel.

Cringeling, krinfling n. रांट्रेकांद , ভোষাবোদ-कार्वी , One who cringes.

Crinite, kie'nit, a [L crinis hair] চুলের গুজ সংক্ষীয় কেশগুজ সৃদ্ধ, Resembling a tuft of hair Crinoline, kriño-lin n [L crinis hair, and linum flax] কাচুদি সুনোকাৰণের মেটা কোকুমা Lady's stiff petitionit

Cripple, kiip'l, n [A S crob n to creep পঞ্জাতি, পোড়া লোক, A lam person—a পঞ্ থোড়া, পজু, Lame—v t পজুকু, Fo mike lame—পঞ্জু, Io disable Syn—(v) Lam disable, impair, cramp, weaken, enfectile

Crisis, knisis, n [ Gi krisis from krind to separate ] महत्त्वान, भानरून, the change of a disease, which indicates recovery or death, the decisive moment Sy.—Turning point, acme highly, chargency, evigency, urgency strait. hereises (kitser)

To rise with the crisis- সন্ধা ইপছিত কেবিয় ভংগ্ৰিপি নাৰ্ব কোনহক্ত ব কাৰ্যে প্ৰস্তুত্ত To be ioused or excised to act on so as bravely to face a criss

Crisp, krisp a ভরপ্র. Brittle —v t
বোৰদান, ব্যাকর ব lo curl or twist —v :
আবুকিত হ, Io torm hitle curls n=crispness
ad = crisply

[ Brittle

Crispy, krisp'i, a কুকিড, (urly —ভজ্পণ, Criterion, krister i on n fir from lists, a judge j প্ৰশা স্থানত Studard of judiment, tet p=critic Sin —Standard measure, test cipel touchstone

Critic, kill n '' বা 'বছ, সোঘনদা সম্পেল্ড, সম্ভালা, A puage of literay or artistic meric, carper, a careful observed Syn—Censor, judge, savin' carper caviller Critical, keit k-al a জন দেশ বিশাৰ সম্ভানি R lating to riticism—ছালোহ বিশ্ব ক, Sail d in judging literary and other productions— ব্যাহ্বী, Captious—স্কটপুন, Decsive din gerous ad-critically n=critically is.

Critical Philosophy—The philosophy of Kant [Petty entire Criticaster, স দাধান্ত পোৰ তাৰ সমালোহৰ Criticise, kinti-cu, v t. গুণাৰ বিভাৱ-ৰু সমালোহৰা-কু, বিন্দার, To judge, to make remarks on, to e n ure

Criticism, krift sizm, n তুপ দেশে বিহাৰ বিদ্যা The art of judging of beautics and faults — স্থাব্যোহনা, A critical judgment or observation, review — বিশা, Cin ure Syn — Review, notice, stricture, animadversion

Critique, kri-tek, n. नमारनाच्या , Critical examination of any production , review.

Croak, krök, ফ ঃ. [G. krodsein, to croak]
ক্ৰাপ্ত-কু To make a bad hoarse noise in
the throat, as a frog or crow .—জভত স্চনা-কু,

আন্তোৰ প্ৰকাশ কু, To forebode evil, to grumble — v t. কৰ্মণ শম-কু, To utter in a harsh voice — n. ভেক বা কাকের শম, The sound of a frog or raven n-croaker Syn — (v) Grumble, complain, murmur, repine

Crochet, kiট'shā, n [Fr crochet, a little crook, a hook l এক প্ৰকাৰ হ'ল হ'ব-ৰয়ৰ, Fancy netting made by mount of a small hook

Crock, krok দ মাএকা নি প্রিচ পাত্র, পোরালা; বাটি Furthen vessel, a cup - কুল, Soot, l mn-buck — v t কাল-কু, To blacken with soot (then ware.

Crookery, kroker in अध्यक्षीय पृश्योज, Far-Crocodile, kroke dil n [Fr L croudilus— Gr kroinius or, a luand ' नुश्चेत A large amphibious reptile of Africa and Asia - नशी, A hypocite

Crocodile tears— কুলিম ছ প , Hyperitical tears pretended errol — মুল বিশেষ A wellknown flower

Crocus, krō'kus, n দাখনাৰ A plant safforn Rich as croosus আৰু ধননান, Very rich Croft, kreft দ বসভিনতীৰ সন্নিৰ্ভয় কেন্দ্ৰ, Small

field near a dwelling house n - croster Cromlech, knowled n [W crantech-crom, curved neutral and llech a stone | A rude

altar of stones Crone, kitin n [Ir rion withered old ] বন্ধ কী বৃদ্ধি মাগা. An old woman, especially in

Crony, kröńi স ক্ষম সহচৰ, An old and intimate companion, a familiar friend

contempt

Crook, krook n sice I rol i Die Kirke a fold or winkle ] ক কাৰ, A bend or turn, any thing bent — কুমুকেৰ গছি, আকু া A shepher-destaff —কোৰা, গাংগী ভৰ, An artifice or trek — হ ধ ৰুবু , so curve to bend or form into a heak — হ ৰুব-ই To be cu ved Svn—(n) B nd fl vare curs iture turn, sh pheres staff, bi hops staff

By hook or crook—বেৰ কেন পহাৰেৰ, By any means whatever

There is a crook in the lot of every one—active affective of every one the continuous and kind of very in the crooked, knowed a of B at not strught—where, aft, Not strught forward perverse, a - (1) skednes ad - Crook dly Syn—Bent, curved, bow, I districted, twisted awiy, deformed devious, tortucus, unfair, dishonest, insidious.

Crop, krop, n [A S crob, the top shoot of a plant, Dut cr p, a bird's crop] আন. . কেড-শাভ শান্ত, The product of fields — সংগৃহী ত শান্ত, স হাহ, Any thing gathered or cropped — পান্তী কঠ, The craw of a bird — n. t অনুভাগ কঠন ক. Fo cut off the ends of any thing — কঠন ক. সংগ্ৰহ বু, To mow, reap, or gather Syn — (v) Lop, clip, curtail shorten, gather, pluck, pick, reap, mow, browse, nibble, feed upon To crop out— ভাসিলা উঠা, একাশিভ-হ, To appear above the surface, to come to light.

Crop up. v. s বাহিন-ছ, আবিষ্ঠত-হ; কৰ ছাপিছা উঠা, To come to the surface, to pome to light Crop-s ok, krop'sik, a আহিবিট পাৰ ভে'জন ভাৰ বোৰগ্ৰত, Sick with excess in eating or dricking [game Croquet, kiū'kā, n জীল বিশেষ, A kind of Crosion, krū'kā, n. ি O Fr. cross.—Fr. cros

Crosior, hrusher, n. [ O Fr cross,—Fr. croc a crook, hook ] अवान वर्षावास्त्र कुन एक, Arch-

bishop's staff.

Cross, kros, n [O. Fr cris, Fr. crost-L crun orig an upright post to which latterly i cross-piece was added ] deteth, and, A gib bet on which malefactors were hung, consisting of two pieces of timber —ৰে কাৰ্ডৰতে যাঁত बर्ध्द शांवित कता हत , शृहणाईत fre , The instru ment on which Christ suffered, an emblem of the Chritians - \$124 (3 478'4, The suffering of Christ - गरांति পশুর জাতি-শহুহত-প্রাপ্তি, A mixture of two brieds - (34, Affliction, trou-11 -28 vy,-The gospel -v t जुन बाबाfr [- -- ). To muk with a cross -- 914 8871 atus' lopiss over - 47-7, To cancel by d mm r cross lines — বিকল কু, বাৰ্থ কু, To thw स्र trob truct - म भिन्द क To mix breeds In tip or body or draw one line across another v: wir sife elegetet, To he or be athu it कि अने केंद्र अला कारन अमन-कृ To move or prestrim place to place Sym — Pass over tracese, thwait, hinder, obstruct, interburd

Cross, kear a পাশা পাশি, আড়া আড়ি
lian verse, ithwart, oblique— বিপরীত, প্রতিকা, Opposed adverse— বিভাইটে, কোপস্পাৰ,
fare, ill tempered peciesh, fretful. Syn—
Transverse in eceting, adverse, contrary,
fretful, previously ill-tempered, free is post, petulint, te ty a rosly, excrossness

Cross one s mind-464 543 21

Cross the Rubicon — অপরিহার কারো আগসং কইবাপদা I respit some measure from which it is not so salle to recede

To bear one s cross - ৰত্ত মহা-কু, To put up with one's traubles

To coas swords with —(কাহারণ সহিত্য বিবাদে প্রান্ত হ, To engige in a sword-fight or dispute with

To take up the cross—5.4 hf-7, To bear troubles and afflictions with p tience

Cross-bill, kro bil, n भविदिश्य, A bird.

Cross-bow, kio-bo, n < 744, A weapon for shooting arrows, formed of a bow placed crosswise on a stock fof two breeds

Cross-breed, n ২ চন , সৰৱ জাতি, Offspring Cross-bun, kio bun n বুশতিকত বিশ্বাস বিশেষ, A bun micked with the form of a cross, eaten on Good-Finday.

Cross-examine, kros-egz-amin, o t কুটপদীকা - ক, জেবা ক, To examine a witness of the opposite party — n = Cross-examination ( কুট-প্ৰীকা জেবা )।

C. 088 Zrand, kro'-grand, a. दिश्याच्छाद्द

সঞ্জিত তন্ত্ব , Having the fibres crossed — প্রতি-কুল , অসমা , Perverse , untractable.

Crossing, kroling, n পাৰ হন Act of crossing —পাৰ হইবাৰ স্থান A place for passing from one side to the other —বিষ্ণীক্ষণ, ব্যৰ্কিকণ, Thwarting

Crosslet, kroslet, n कुछ क्य , A little cross

Cross-purpose, n নিজাতিগায়, A counter or opposing purpose, hence that which is inconsistant or contradictory — বাংশবিশ্য, A game. Cross-question, kros kwest-yan, v t. কৃট প্ৰীকা-ক, ক্ৰা-ক, To cross-examine

Cross-road, n আন্ত পথ, আন্তা আন্তিপথ, এড়ো পথ, One which crosses the country or other roads not a direct road

Cross-row-中海町、A B C

Cross-trees, kroktitz, n আহাজের আড় মান্তল গিলেব Pieces of timber placed across the upper end of the lower-mists and top masts of a ship [Cross road or path Cross way, krokull n আড় পৰ এটো বাৰা . Cross-wiso, krokull, ad কুশাৰ আকাৰে, In the form of a cross — আছে , আড়াআড়িভাবে, Across. Crotebot, krochet, n. Fr crocket, diminutive

Crotchet, krochet, n. Fr crocket, diminutive of croc, a hook ] यह विश्व , A note in music equal in duration to half a minim — (ध्यांत्र, Whim or concert.

Crotchety, krochet-। a ধাৰ খেয়ালি, Given to crochets, finciful, whimsical

Croton, krition n শ্বাগাছ বিশেষ, ৰাহাৰি ছোট গাছ, A kind of plant

Crouch, krouch, v: ৰত হট্যা থাকা; To be close to the ground, as an animal —ভোৰাধ্যেৰ-কু পাইবাদ কু, To crinze, to fawn

Croup, kroop, n বোদ ৰ মালা, আৰ-ক্ষতা The buttocks of a horse —ি ভলিগেৰ কাল বোণবিশেন, A di cale of the throat.

U. oupler, kicopi er । স সাধাৰণ ভোজে সংকাৰী
পত পাত, One who sits at the lower end of the
ble is as ist int-chairm in at a public dinner
—সহাবী সভাপতি, A vice-pies dent —(ৰ জুয়া
ৰে। ৰ দৃষ্ট বাবে ও দাব ক'ছ স তং কৰে, He who
withe the cards and collects money at the
ব্যালান্য table

LIOW, kro n [ A S crove, a crow ] कांक, A brid usually l'ack uttering a harsh, croaking nets — १४ देव, The cry of a cock — १४४, ७ वर्ग व Boast, exultation — १ । क्रेडिंग में उन्हों कि पिर्ट को To cry as a cock — क्रेड व-वृ, १४ वृ, ि boat, to swayer — को को नक वृ, ि creak S, n — (१) Vaunt, flowrish, bray, boast, triumph over, exult pa t crew or crowed.

Crow-bar, kibbar, n (1) 278 Iron lever.

Crow-quill, ল কৃষ্ম দিখিবার ভঙ্গ ব্যবহৃত কাকপক্ষের ক্লম, I he quill or large feather of the crow, used in fine writing

Crow's-foot, krī? foot গ নাৰ্ধক জনিত চকের নিয়ন্থ বুধন, বিপানীয় আখারোচী নৈতেব গাভিবোধ করিবার কন্ত পোণত গৌহ-শলাকা, Wiinkles produced by age, si e iding out in the shape of a crow's foot from the corners of the eyes, (mil.) a caltrop. As the crow flies—তিক নোকা পথ দিয়া; তিক গোকা পথ ধৰিকে; in a straight and direct course; direct, without any deviation from the straight line.

At cook crow—espita; At dawn of day. To pluck or pull a crow—नामान विषय नहेंबी विवान-कृ; To contend about trifles.

Crowd, krowd, n. [A. S. creedan, to crowd, press ] বস্তুৰ্যু : A number of things closely pressed together:— লোকসমূহ; জনতা; Throng, multitude:—সাধারণ লোক; জনসাধারণ: The populace; the rabble; mob. Syn:—Throng, nultitude, concourse, mass, host. assembly, rabble:— চ. t. সংগ্রহ-কৃ; রাশীয়ুত হইয়া পুর্ণ-কৃ, To gather into a lump or crowd —উপরোধ-কৃ; To press by solicitation; to urge:— চ. গরিপুর্ণ-হ, দল বা ঝাক বাবা: To press together in numbers; to swarm.

To crowd sail—সৰ পাল তুলে-দে, To spread all sails; carry a great press of sail with a view to accelerate the motion of a ship.

Crow foot, kiট'foot, n. এক প্রকার আগাছা; A

Crown, klown, n [ I. corona; cog. with Gr korn ros, curved ] किंद है ; बाक्यूक् है ; The diadem ; state cap of royalty :- दाक्रणिक , Regal power .- बाका , Sovereign -- कड़ा, माधाव गीन , The top of anything, especially of the head :-ৰশাৰ; পুৰন্ধাৰ; Honour, reward; anything which imparts beauty, or dignity :-- भाता, Any garland :- मुझा विराग . Shilling piece :v. t. अडि: वक-कृ, To invest with royal power ; -- সুশোভিত-কু; সম্বাণিত-কু; To adorn, to dignify - अमाश्च-कृ ; पूर्व-कृ ; To complete to perfect -17817-17. To reward; a=Crownless. Syn -(n) Dildem, royalty, soverignty, coronet, coronal, garland, chaplet, wreath, laurel, bays, honour, distinction, top, summit, crest. (v.) Adorn, dignify, honour, reward, perfect, finish, complete, consumm ite

Crown-glass, krowh-glass, n গ্ৰ'কেছ নিমিত্ত এক প্ৰবাৰ ক'চ . A kind of window glass formed in circular plates or disks.

Crown of glory-5 foque ; Halo.

Crown jewels, n ব্যস্তার বৃহণ্টি ; Royal jewels Civil crown—A crown presented by the Roman citizen in battle

Mural crown—A crown given by the Roman to the person who first scaled the wall of a besieged town. [won a naval victory

Naval crown-A crown given to one who To crown all- Mayers

Crownlet, n. कुछ विद्रोहे , A small crown.

Crown Prince, krown-prins, n. प्रकृष ; The prince royal, who succeeds to the crown.

Crucial, kroo'shi-al, a [L. cruz, crucis, a cross] মহতেদী; কট্নিতা, অনুসন্ধায়ী; Testing; severe; trying or searching:—আডাআড়ি; Formed like or pertaining to a cross. Syn:—Transverse, transecting, severe, searching, trying, decisive.
[and undeniable one.
Crucial test—মতি তটন প্রীমা, A very severe

Orucible, kroo'si-bl, n. Afe; A melting-pot; an earthen pot for melting ores, metals.

Cruciferous, kroo-sil'er-us, a. [ L. crux, and fero, to bear ] Bearing four petals in the form of a cross.

Crucifix, kroo'si-fiks, n. জীটের প্রতিষা; প্রেম প্রতিমূর্দ্ধি, Representation of a cross or of Jesus Christ

Crucifixion, kroo-si-fik-shun, n. কুলকাটে মৃত্যু;
কুলাবোহৰ; Death on the cross; especially that
of Christ. [form of a cross.
Cruciform, kroo'si-form, a কুলাকাৰ; In the
Crucify, kroo'si-fi, n. t [L. crucifigo, crucifixus—crux, cross, and figo, to fix ] কুলো প্রাণ্ডধ্বকু; To hang on the cross:—কয়-কু; প্রকৃত্-কু;

To subdue, to mortify.
To crucify the flesh—हेल्डियोपि वय-इ ; To

subdue the animal propensities.

Crude, krood, a. [L crudus, raw] অপক; Uncooked, raw — অপারিপক, Unipe; immature.—অপারিপক; Hasty and ill-considered, not reduced to order or form; rough Syn — Uncooked, undressed, raw, unripe, immature, undigested, unfinished, unconsidered, untefined, coaise. n=crudeness, ad=crudely.

Crudity, krত্তর্জা-ti, n অপকতা, Rawness; unripeness.

Cruel, kröb'el, a निर्मन , निर्मन , नुमान ; Hardhearted; merculess, inhum in frictions adecruelly, n = cruelty Syn - Sixan, barbarous, hard-hearted, inhuman, pivile s, merculess, inexorable, ferocious, brutal, muiderous, severe, hard, bitter.

Cruelty, n. নির্দ্ধতা, Inhumanity — বৃশাসতা; Barbarous deed; barbarous treatment.

Cruot, kico'et, n. vibla affests atia. Vial for sauces.

Cruise, krooz. v i. [ Dut kruism, to cross ]
নুগৰ বা বাণিলা কৰণ্যে দলে এশ"-কু, Rove over
the sea for plunder or trade —n. শুকু অধ্যৱপাৰ্থ
ভ্ৰপতে ভ্ৰমণ; A voyage in various directions
for search of an enemy. n=cruiser

Cruisor, h তেতৈ, n ভোট বে'ডন . A small bottle. Cruisor, n. বৃদ্ধপোড; One who, or a ship that, cruses—usually an armed ship.

Crumb, kium, n. কটব টুকরা, A morsel of bread.—কটব কোমল আংশ, The soft part of bread.

[ To recover strength.
To gather up one's crumbs—ৰণ প্ৰাণ্ড-হ;
Crumb-cloth, krumkloth, n. মাত কটব টুকরা প্রভৃতি মহুপার্থ ভোজন টেবিবের নিমন্ত ব্যবহুত, A cioth laid under a table to receive falling crumbs, and keep the carpet clein.

Crumble, krumbl, v. t ৰঙ ৰঙ-ড়, টুকরা টুকরা; করা, To break into pieces —v ৷ টুকরা; টুকরা-ড়, কর হওয়া; To break or fall into small pieces —n. টুকুরা; A very small fragment. Syn —Crush, bruise, pound; decay, perish, fall in pieces. [In crumbs; soft. Crumby, Crummy, krumi, a ব্রথম, কোম্ব;

Crump, krump, a. बङ, दुविन: Crooked; wrinkled. Crumpet, krumpet, n. (कायन निहेक विद्याप ; A kind of soft cake or muffin.

Crumple, krump'l, v. f. জাৰ-কৃ; কৃষিত-কৃ; To make with or draw into folds or wrinkles; to cease:—v. i. কৃষিত-হ; সমূচিত-হ; To become wrinkled; to contract or shrink.

Crunch, krunch, v.t. मन दादा हर्सा-कृ; To crush between the teeth.

Crupper, krup'er, n. विकित इयि ; आयद गुल्-

Crural, kroo'ral, a. [L. crus, cruris, the leg ] अप अवसीय ; Relating to the leg or thigh.

Crusado, kroo-sad, n. ধর্ম ; Military expedition under the banner of the cross to recover the Holy Land:—ছ:সাহসিক কর্ম ; Any daring or romantic undertaking.

Crusador, ktoo-sader, n. ধর্মোছা: One engaged in a crusade. [cup of bottle.

ged in a critisade.

Crube, kiooz, n. পাত, পোৱালা; বোডল; A small
Crubh, krush, v. t [Icel, krassa, to grind]
চুৰ্ক ভাজিয়া ফেলা, To break; bruise; to
squeeze—দলন চ. পোন-কৃ. To overwhelm by
pressure; to beat down:—ত্য-কৃ, দমন-কৃ, To
overcome, to subdue, to put down:—v. i.
হুকহাৰ বা শতিহাবা পোৰত হইবা কুলাবতন-ই, To be
pro-sed into smaller compass by external weight
or force Svn —Compress, squeeze, bruise;
contuse, br ik, pulverize, bray, pound, comminute, break down, demo.ish, destroy; cruswhelm, subdue, conquer.—n. অনতা; A violent
pressure, a. of a crowd.

Crush a fly on the wheel—মুলা মাতে কামান To crush out, v বাহিন-কু, To lonce or separate by pressure, as juice from grapes:—ধান-কু, জন কু, To destroy or overcome completely:—n. মালন, দলন: A violent squeezing.

Crust, krust, n ll. crusta, W. crest, from cresu, to harden by heat j কটাৰ ছাল , কটাৰ বহিৰংল; Shell, outercoat, hard coat; hard, outer bread — পূথিবীর বাহিবের কটন ভাগ, (Geol) The solid exterior of the earth:—v.t. কটন আবরণে আছাদি ই-কু. To cover with a crust or hard case.—v. s. ভ্রমাট বাধিয়া কটন আবরণে প্রণত-ভ; To gather into a hard crust. Syn:—(n) Shell, surface; piece of bread; coating, coat, concretion, incrustation.

Crustacea, krus-táshia, n. বৰ্দ্মৰ, চিড়ি মাছ কাঁকড়া প্ৰভৃতি, A class of animals with a shell coating. Crustacean, krus-táshi-an, n. ক্টিনাবরণ জীব-সমূহের অস্ততম; One of the Crustacea.

Crustaceous, kurns-táshi-us, Crustacean, krus-tá-shi-an, a. ক্টিনাবরণ জীবসম্বার, Pertaining to the Crustacea or shellfish.

Crustated, krus-thred, a. কচিনাবরণে আর্ড.
Covered with a crust. [An adherent crust.
Crustation, krus-tashun, n. সংলগ্ন কচিন আবরণ;
Crusty, krusti, a. কচিন; Having a hard or harsh exterior; hard:—কবা; বিষয়; বিষয়িংটে;
Morose, surly. Syn:—Hard, brittle, short, friable; touchy, testy, snappish, fretful, fractious, cross, snarling, surly, ill-humoured.
ad.—crustily, n—crustiness.

Orutoh, kruch, n. [L. crun, across] 相談; 司言; Support used by cripples; stick.

Cry, kri, v. i. [ L. quiritare, to scream, freq. of L. queri, to lament ] हीश्कात-क ; तिहान ; To utter a loud voice; to proclaim; to pray:-কশন-ভূ; বিলাপ-জু, To utter a loud sound, expressive of pain or grief; to weep; to lament: To utter inarticulate sounds : as. animals :-- v. t. চীংকার-ভূ , To utter loudly :--टाठांत-कृ: To proclaim. pa. t. and pa. p. cried. Syn: - Call, exclaim, clamour, vociferate, shout, baul, yell; squall, scream; shed tearsweep, sob ; proclaim, publish :- n, war, bleata. Any sound :-- कीवविद्यासत्र नाम, त्रव . Particular sound uttered by an animal :- कुम्बन ; Lamentation; weeping. pl=cries, n=crier. Syn:-Exclamation; scream, bowl, screech, yell, roar, crying, weeping, lamentation, lament, report. Cry at the top of the voice- थ्र ही का व क

The cry in the highest pitch of voice, to cry as loud as possible.

Cry against— हो स्थान-कृ; Exclaim against. Cry down—निमान्कृ; लघु-कृ; Detract; censure; depreciate.

Cry goods for sale—জিনিস ফেবি-কৃ। [share. Cry halves—তুলা আল লাবি-কৃ, Claim an equal Cry in the wilderness—অৱশ্যে হোগন-কৃ, Cry where there is no one to hear you

Cry quites—সমান হওয়া, পরন্পর দাবি মিটাইয়া পাইরা সন্তঃ-হ, Be even, have mutual satisfaction of demands.

Cry out—डेरेक:बरत रहा ; Exclaim.

Cry out against—অভিবোগ-তৃ; দোবারোপ-তৃ; নিশা-কৃ, Complain of; blame.

Cry to-- आर्थना-कृ ; To implore.

Cry up—প্ৰশংসা-কু, গুণকীৰ্ত্তন-কু, To extol; praise highly; to puff.

Cry wolf—বৃধা ভয় দেখান; To give false alarm. Hue and cry—চোরকে 'ধব ধর' বলিবা বে শন করা হয়, A loud outery with which felons are pursued:—মোর গোল, Clamour. (clamation. Crier, krier, n. Public officer, who makes pro-Crying, a. মনোযোগ আকর্ষণকারী; Calling for notice, compelling attention and regard; as, crying complaint:—গাহিত; Notorious, heinous; as crying shame.

Crypt, kript, n. [L. crypta—Gr. krypto, to conceal] গর্জ, জহা, সমাণি; Cave; cell; tomb. Cryptogamia, krip-to-gami-a, n. pl. [Gr. kryptos, concealed, and gamos, marriage] অবান্ধ পূপাৰ; Plants destitute of open flowers. a—Cryptogamic, cryptogamous.

Crystal, kristal, n. ফটৰ, Regular solid body; transparent mineral:—উৎকৃষ্ট কাচ; Superior glass; watch glass.

Crystal, kristal, Crystalline, Crystallin, kris-tal-in or in, n. ফুটবৰং বছা; ফুটব্যা; Consisting of or like crystal.—উজ্জ্ব; Transparent. Crystallisation, kris-tal-iz-ashun, n. ফুটবে প্রিশতি বা পরিশত করণ, The act of crystallising. Crystallise, kristaliz, v. t. ফুটবে পরিশত-ক; To reduce to the form of crystal:—v. i.

ment or deed ).

ক্টকাকারে পরিণত হওলা, To assume a crystalline form.

Crystallography, kris-tal-og'ra-fi, n ক্ৰিছ নিৰ্মাণ-তৰ; The science of crystallisation.

Cnb, kub. n. [Ir. cuib, a whelp, from cu a dog.] পণ্ডশাবক; Young of beast:—( ভুজ্জার্থ) ছোট বালক বা বালিকা; A young boy or girl (in contempt):—v. t. শাবক প্রস্ব-কু; To bring forth young.

Cubature, kuba-tur, \*\*. ঘৰকেন্তের কেন্ডফল-নিৰ্গৰ; নিৰ্দীত ঘৰকেন্ত্ৰ কল ; The act of finding the solid or cubic content of a body ; the result thus found

Cube, kub, n. [Fr. cubc—L. cubus—Gr. kybos, a die ] খনকেন ; A solid body with 6 square equal sides :—কোনৰ সংখ্যার ভূতীয় শক্তি বা তাহাৰ ঘনকন . The third power of a number, as—2 × 2 × 2=8 —v. t. কোন সংখ্যাতে ভূতীয় শক্তিতে উন্নীত কবা বা তাহার ঘনকন নিৰ্দান্ত . To raise to the third power. a=cubic.

Cubeb, n. কাবাবচিনি; A small, spicy, tropical berry, stimulant and purgative.

Cubic, kūhic. Cubical, kūbik-al, a. খনকে হতল সম্মীয়, ঘন, Pertaining to or having the form or properties of a cube. ad = cubically.

Cubiform, kubi-form, a. ঘন-ফেক্সাকার, In the form of a cube.

Cubit, kubit, n. [L. cubitus (lit.) a hend. akin to L cubare, to lie down] এক হন্ত পৰিনাণ. A measure employed by the ancients equal to the length of the arm from the elbow to the top of the middle-finger, varying from 18 to 22 inches:—পঞ্চন্ত দীৰ্ঘ, Half a yard.

Cuboid, kuhoid, Cuboidal, kub-oidal, a গ্ৰ কেন্দ্ৰাকার সদৃশ, Resembling a cube in general

Cuckold, kuk'old, n. অসতীয় পতি. One whose wife is false:—অসতী দ্বীৰ স্থানী. A man whose wife has proved unfaithful —v. t কাচাৰও কাঁয়ে সভীয় নষ্ট কৰিয়া স্থানীয় কতি কু, প্ৰপুক্ষেৰ মহবাস ক্ষিমা স্থানীয় অনিষ্ট-কু, To wrong a husband by unchastity or adultering his wife; to make a cuckold of Cuckoo, koo'oo, n. কোকিল; A bird

Cucumber, kū'kum-ber, n. শাসাছ বা কল, A creeping plant and its fruit.

Cud, kud, n কাওয়; বোমছন; Food brought irom the first stomach into the mouth.

Chew the cud—চিন্তা-কৃ, Reflect, ponder — মোমন-কু, To being the food from the first stomach with a view to chew again.

Cuddle, kud'l, v. t. আলিকন-কু, আদর-কু; To hug, to embrace; to fondle:—v. i. সংলগ্ন হইবা থাকা.
To lie close and snug together:—n. গাঢ় আলিকন, A close embrace. Syn:—(v.) Squat, crouch, snuggle, nestle; fondle, pet, cosset.

Cuddy, kud'i, প. জাহাজের কক বা রন্ধনশালা; Good cabin in a ship; cock room.

Cudgel, kudjel, n. লন্ত ; সুল বৃষ্টি, A neavy stick; a club:—বৃষ্টি দারা প্রহাব-ক ; v. t. To beat with a cudgel. Syn:—(n) club, bludgeon, (v) cane, drub, bang, maul, thwack, thump, baste. Cudgel-proof, a. বৃষ্টি প্রহার সঞ্জ্বরতে সক্ষ; Able to resist a cudgel.

To cross the cudgel—যুদ্ধ হইতে বিশ্বস্ত হ' To forforbear the contest :—বিবাদে নিবৃত্ত হ'বলা ; To forbear to fight.

[ think with effort.

To cudgel one's brains—গভীন চিছা-ড় ; To
To take up the cudgels—(বাদাহবাদে বা কাষ্য হ:)
'বাদে প্ৰবৃত্ত হ'বলা , To begin to fight (in argu-

Cudweed, kudwed, n নানা জাতীয় উদ্ভিষের সাধারণ নাম. The popular name for many species of plants covered with a cottony down.

Cuo, ku, n. [L. cauda, a tail] ৰেণী; A long curl or roll of hair, pigiail:—ধোলবার লও বিশেষ, A rod used in playing billiards:—আছিলভার পেষ কথা, The last words of an actor's speech, seuving as a hint to the next speaker; catchword:—ইনিড, Any hint:—অভিনেতন্ত কংশ; The part one has to play.

Take one's cue—অপনেৰ ইক্তি গ্ৰহণ-কু: Take the hint one receives from — মজেৰ মনোভাৰ বৃদ্ধি» সেইমত কৰ্ম-কু. Follow another's lead:—বে কৰ্ম কবিতে হইবে ভাহাই কু. Take the part one is to perform.

Cuff, kuf, n. [Sw kuffa, to knock] চপেটাঘাত, চপেড. চড, ঘুবা; A blow with the fists, a stroke, a box:—জানার আরিনের কণ; The part of a sleeve which flaps or claps back — r t. স্থানাত্তক, To strike with open hand Syn — (r) Beat, buffet, box, slap, thump, pommel.

Cuirass, n kui-ra'. [L cornum, skin, leather]
নগ্ম, উৰজাণ, Defensive covering for the breast.
Cuirassier, kwi-ras-er', n ক্ৰচ্গায়ী সৈতা, উৰজাণধানী দৈনিক, A soldier armed with a cuira-s

Culdoo, kulde, ম. প্ৰক্ৰিনান ব্ৰহাট্য সলাদী. A monk of an order once established in Scotland Ireland, and Wales

Culinary, ku'lın-ar-i, a. [L. culing, a kitchen] - দনশালা সম্বন্ধীয় , রম্বন সম্পূর্কীয় , Pertaining to the kitchen or the art of cookery.

Cull, kul, v t [ L. colligo—col, together, an lego to gather ] 如意和"妻,用作证可者,To pick cut, to select from many; to gather Syn—Collect, gather, glean, pluck, choose, single cut

Cullender, kulend-er, n. চাজনী, মাঝেৰি, A Cullion, kulyun, n নীচ ব্যক্তি, ভীকু ব্যক্তি; কাপুকুৰ, \ wretch, a cowardly fellow.

Cully, kuli, r. বেপার নঙ্গা; প্রতারিত বাক্তি; প্রবর্ণক, An associate of a prostitutes, a mean dupe v t প্রতারণা-ক, To deceive meanly; to make a to d of, to trick. pa p=cullied.

Culm, kulm, n. ধানের খাটি; শন্যকাভ; The stalk or stem of corn or of grasses.

Culmiferour, kul-mifer, a. [L. culmus, a stalk, and fero, to bear] কাল্যক, কালোপেনী; Bearing stalks or stems.

Culminate, kulmin-at, v.; মাধ্যাত্রিক রেখা প্রাপ্ত-সংক্ষান্ত স্থান প্রাপ্ত হওয়া; To be vertical; to come to the meridian, to reach the highest point; to top or crown.

Culmination, kul-min-ম'shun, n. মধানিৰ রেবা বা উচ্চতম দীমা দিবা গ্রহের গমন; The transit of a planet over the meridain:—উচ্চ স্থান; চুড়া; Crown, top.—তৈরতির চর্য সীমা; The most brillant or highest point in the progress of any thing. Syn.—Zenith, summit, top, crown; consummation, completion.

Culpability, kul-pa-bifi-ti, Culpableness, kulpa-bl-nes, m. নিশার্ডা, নিশ্নীয়তা, Liability

Culpable, kui-pa-bl, s. [L. culpa, a fault]
শিশ্বীয়, স্থা, Faulty, criminal, blamable—
Syn—Wrong, faulty, blameworthy censurable
Culprit, kuipnit, n আগাণী বাজি, অভিযুক্ত বাজি,
বোৰী, অগাণী, A criminal, a person accused of crime, one convicted of crime Syn—Criminal, evil-doer, offender, delinquent, malefactor
Cult, Cultus, n ধর্ষত, A system of religious belief; a particular form of religious worship or religious belief.

Cultivable, kulti-va-bl, a. कर्न (वांश), Capable of being tilled or cultivated.

Cultivate, kulti-vat, v. t. [L colo, cultus, to till, to worship] কৰ্ণ-কৃ, ক্ৰিকাৰ্থা-কৃ, To till or produce —উন্নতি সাধন-কৃ, অস্থানন-কৃ, To sumprove, to advance —অধ্যয়ন কৃ, To study — পোৰু কৃ, To chursh, to foster —সম্ভা-কৃ, To civilse or refine n=cultivator Syn — heritalize improve, clevate rufine, civilize, study, investigate prosecute, promote, cherish

Cultivation, kul-t - vá shun, n বৃদ্ধিৰা বি, Till age of land — অৰুণালন, Culture — সভ, et, হসভ্য করণ, Civilisation, icfinement

Cultivator, kufu va-tor, n কৰ্ক, কুৰ্ক One who tills or prepares land for crops —লাকলবিশেষ, A sort of harrow

Cultrate, kultrīt, Cultrated, kultrīt-ed a ছুবিকাকাৰে গঠিত, Shaped like a cutlei oi pruning knife.

Culture, kultur n কৰ্ব উৎকৰ্ব, Culturation — অমুলালৰ, উম্বতি বৰ্মন সভাতা Advancement or refinement — ত ঃ. কৰ্বণ-র , উম্বতি ক , loculturate or improve Syn —(n) Husbandry, fairming agriculture, refinement, civilization, improvement, cultivation

Culver, kulver, n. কলোত, পাৰবা, A pigeon Culver, kulver, Culverin, kulver-in, n. কামান বিশেষ, A long, slender gun, able to carry a ball to a great distance.

Culvert, kulvert, [Fr couler, to flow,—L colare—colum, a strainer] খিলান বিশিষ্ট পানোনালা, আবৃত নালী, An arched water-course, an arched drain for the passage of water.

Cumbent, kumbent, a প্রাব , Lying down.

Cumber, kumber, v. t [ L. cumulus, heap ]
পূৰ্ক , To load or crowd —গভিরোধ-ক , বাধা-দে ,

To check, stop or retard , to obstruct — বিবস্ত
ক , To perplex or embarrass — বাধা-দে , To
cause trouble or obstruction in, as anything
useless .—বাধ-ক , প্রবাধিষ্ট ক , To busy ; to distract. Sym —Overload, cucumber, oppress,
burden, clog , obstruct, embarrass, trouble, impede.

Cumbersome, kumbér-sum, a. कहेगांतक ; Burdensome , troublesome :—कहेक्त्र , आर्गावनीत्र , Unmanageable. Syn —Oppressive, embarrassing. cumbrous, unmanageable, unwieldy, clumsy, inconvenient. [A burden, hinderance. Cumbrance, kumbrans, n ভাব, প্ৰতিবন্ধ, বাবা; Cumbrous, kumbrus a. অতিবাৰক, কৰৱোৰক; ভাৱা, Hindering, obstructing, heavy —ক্ষ্যুল্যক, উৎপীড়ক, Living trouble, oppressive. admitted cumbrously. n=c.umbrousness.

Cumin, Cummin, kumin, n जानित्व , जीता ; An eastern plant cultivated for its agreeable aromatic seed

Cumulate, kumu-lat, v t বানিকৃত কু, একজ-কু;
Io accumulate, [mulation.
Cumulation, kumu-la-shun, Same as AccuCumulative, kumu a-tiv, a ক্মশ: বানিকৃত, ক্মবিজ্কি, Increasing by successive addition —তর্কসম্পার, (Logic) Applied to a series of agreements, which taken in the whole carries strong
conviction [of cloud.

Cumulus, kū'mū-lus, n মেৰ বিশেষ, A species Cuneal, kū ne al Cuneato, kū'ne-at, Cumform, ku ni form, Cuneiform, kū néi-form, a [ L cincus a wedge ] কাজলা বা ছেনিৰ আকাৰ-বিশিৱ, বিলাৰ ব, Of the form of a wedge

Cunning, kuning a [A S cunnar, to know]
শ্র্ড, চ্রুব, দক্ষ ব্রুক্তি Artiul, crafty, decetful skillul—n ধুবতা, চ্যুবতা, প্রভাবণা, চাডুবী,
Artifice, ciast, decet, skill ad—unningly,
S,n—(a) Artiul sly willy, crafty shiewd, designing subdolous, subtle, guilcful, tracky, adioit, dexterous

Cup, kup, n [ I. cupn cubba a tub a drinking ve sel ] পানপাৰ A an ill drinking vessel:
— ই হা পান পাৰে থাকে, The contents of a cup —
ই খ, কোণ, অনুমাই, আন্দিকে ল, In a scriptural sense, sufferings and iffictions, blessings and favours— এক চুমুক বা ঢোক, A draught. Syn—
Chalice, draught, potion, lot, fite portion—
pl স্বরাপান সহকৃত সামাজিক আমোদ, Social entertainment in drinking, a drinking bout Syn—
potations, drinking revels, orgies, carousals—
u t বক্তমোকণ কু, শোণিত বাহিব কু, To draw blood from the body by means of cupping-glass.

In and out of one's cups—হয়াপানোয়ন্ত ও বাজ-বিক কৰ্ছায়, When one is drunk and when sober. In his cups—মুল্পানে উন্নত্ত, Drunk with strong drink [one is indulging in drinks. In one's cups—কাছাৰত হয়াপান কালে, While Cupper, n রন্তমোকপ্ৰায়ী, A surgeon, who draws blood by cupping.

Cup-bearer, kup'bai-er, n পাত্ৰ-বাহৰ, One who attends on a prince—বাজৰপ্ৰচারী বিশেষ, An attendant of a prince.

Cupboard, kup'bord, ন্ন পাত্রাধার, পানপাত্রাদি রাখিবার তাক, থাননাদি রাখিবাব আসমাত্রি, A place for keeping victuals dishes &c., a case of shelves for china ware.

Cupping-glass, kup'ing-glass, দ দেই ইইকে ব্ৰন্থ বাহির কবিবার কাঁচের বাটী, A glass-vessel like a cup, to be applied to the skin after sacrification, for drawing blood, a small glass vessel shaped like a cup for drawing blood, Cupboard love বাৰ্থণোখিত থেব ; Love from interested motives.

Capel, ku'pel, n. খুলাবাল ধাড়ু পরিকার করিবার কোট পাত্র ; A small cup or vessel used in refining precious metals.

Cupellation, ku-pel-ashun, n প্ৰাৰি বাড়ু পৰি-কাৰ কৰণাৰ্থ প্ৰক্ৰিয়া; The process of refining me-

tals in a cupel.

Cupid, ku'pid, n. कामराव, सवन; The God of Love. Cupidity, ku-pidi-ti, n. [ L. cupidus, longing, desiring ] (वांड, धननिया; विया; Covetousness; avarice; greediness. Syn:—covetousness, avarice, greediness, acquisitiveness.

Cupola, ku'po-la, n. [L. cupa, acup—L. cupa, a tub] গোলাৰার আসাদ-শৃস; অৰ্ব্যালার আটালিকা-শৃস; ভব্জ; A dome; a spherical vault on the top of an edifice; internal part of any spherical or polygonal roof.

Cupreous, kū'prē-us, a. ডামবং; ভামস্প , Coppery:—consisting of or like copper.

Cur, kur, n. খেকি কুকুর; A degenerate dog:ইতর লোক, A churlish fellow a = Currish.

Curable, kūr'a-bl, a. এতিকারাই; আরোগ্যপ্রাপ্তি বোগ্য; That may be cured. n.=Curability.

Curacoa, koo-ra-só, n. মদ্যবিশেষ , A liquor. Curacy, kūr'a-si, n. মাজকের কাজ বা বৃত্তি ; The office or employment of a curate.

Curare, 2. A South American vegetable poison used by the Indians upon arrows.

Ourasso, Curassow, n. পক্ষীবিশেষ; A large South American turkey-like bird of a deep shining black colour.

Curate, kūr'āt, n. [Low L. curatus, from L. cura, care] আন্ধার পাণকালক, সহকারী আচার্যা, বাজক; A clergyman; one who assists a beneficed clergyman in spiritual duties. [to cure.

Curative, kūr'a-tiv, a. ব্লোগ-নিবারণক্ষ, Tending Curator, kūr-a'tor, n. তথ্যবার্ক, অধ্যক, A superintendent:—বুক্ক; A guardian or trustee.

Curb, kurb, v. t. [Fr. courber, from L. currus, crooked, bent ] অবকে চালিত-কু; To guide, manage; as, a horse:—ম্বন-কু; বনীত্ত-কু, বিষয়িত-কু; To restrain; to check, to control, to subdue:—n. প্রতিব্যক্ত; That which curbs; a check or hindrance:—ব্রেটকের মুখ্যুখন বা চর্মরজ্ব, A part of a bridle. Syn:—(v) check, bridle, control, hinder, repress, restrict.

Curbatone, kurbston, n. निद्धांत क्षव ; A stone placed edgeways against earth or stone work to check it.

Curd, kurd, n. [Scot. crud, Fr. gruth, milk]
খণি; ছাৰা; The cheese part of milk, as distinguished from the whey:—কোন ক্রব্যের খনীভূত আলে,
Any coagulated matter.

Curdle, kurdl, v. i. ঘনীত্ত-হ; To change into curd; to coagulate:—জমিনা-বা, To congeal:—
v. t. বাধ বা ছালা প্ৰস্তুত কু; দাধ বা ছালায় পরিশত-কু, ঘন-কু; To cause or turn into curd or to congeal.
Curdy, kurdi, a. ছালায়র; দাধ বা ছালাবং; Like or full of curd. n=curdiness.

Cure, kur, n. [L. cura, solicitude, care] আরোগ; বোগনিবারণ; Restoration to health from disease;

the act of healing:—উবৰ; ৰোগৰিবাৰক উবৰ; A remedy for disease:—আবাজিক ভাব; আমান ভত্তাব্যাল; বালকড়: Care of souls; spiritual charge of a parish:—চিকিৎসা; রোগনিবারণ-ফু; বছ-ফু; To heal; to restore to health:—আরোগা-ফু; বছ-ফু; To needy; to remove an evil:—তহু বা ক্রবণাক্ত করিলা ক্লা-ফু; To preserve, after drying, salting, &c.:—মনোবাগ-ফু; To care for or attend to. Sym:—(\*\*) Remedy, anudote, restorative, specific; healing, restoration; recovery; charge of souls, ministry.

Cure (one) of—রোগ আরাম-কৃ, কোন দোব অপনীত-ফু; Fiee one from ( some disease or evil ).

Cureless, kui'less, a. অপ্রতিবিধ্য়ে , অচিকিৎস্য় ; Incurable :—অনারোগ্য ; That admits of no cure.
Curer, n. চিকিৎসক , One who cures ; physician :
—স্বণাক্ত মৎস্য বা মাংস প্রস্তকারী , One who prepares salted or cured fish or flesh.

Curfew, kur'fū, n. [Fr. couvrefeu, from couvrer, to cover, and few, fire] আয়া ও আলোক নিবাগিত করিবাৰ জন্ত পূৰ্বকালে ইংলভে রাজি ৮ ঘটকার সম্য নিনাগিত ঘটাব্বনি, প্রদোৰ্থটা, The tinging of a bell at 8 c'clock as a signal to put out all fires and lights.

Curiosity, kūr-i-o'i-ti, n. অনুসন্ধিংসা; কৌতুহল; Inquisitiveness — অপুকা নিবৰ, কোতুহলোকীপৰ বিষয়; কোতুহলাকীপৰ বিষয়; কোতুহলাকীপ পদাৰ্থ; A thing rare or unusual.— বাধার্থা, করপতা; Accuracy, exactness. Syn — Inquisitiveness, interest, rarity, novelty, monstrosity, oddity, marvel.

Curious, kūr'i-us, a অনুসন্ধিংস্ , কোতৃহলী; কোতৃহলাভান্ত: Inquisitive —কোন নৃতন বিষয় বা জন্তান্ত বিষয় আনিকার কবিতে অভান্ত ইজুক; অনুসন্ধানবিয়; Strongly desirous to see what is unknown; habitually inquisitive —ঠিক, অকৃত, Accurate: —কুন্তানাল; Difficult to please:—নৈপুণাসহকাৰে নিজিত. Skilfully made, as, curious workmanship —কোশলী, Artful; nicely diligent:—ক্ষিপ্ত প্রদশ্ব, সহর্ব; Showing great care or nicety; careful —কুন্তাপা, অনাধারণ, Singular; rare. n.=curiousness. ad =curiously. Syn:—Scrupulous, cateful; inquiring, inquisitive, prying, peering, rare, singular, strange, unusual, queer.

Curl, kurl, v. f. [Dan. krolle. to curl] কৃষ্ণিক- বৃ; ক্ষেক্ডা-কৃ; পাক-দে; To twist into ringlets:—
জড়ান, To coil, as, a serpent — ত. é. কৃষ্ণিক-ছ়; To shrink into ringlets:— তরসাধিত-ছ;—To rise in undulation; to ripple:— কড়ান; To writhe; to twist itself:— সম্বৃচিক-ছ; To shrink:— দিড়া-কৃ; To play at the game of curling:— n. আলক, চুৰ্ণ-কৃষ্ণে, আগড়া, A ringlet of hair — তরস; ভাসী; Undulation, wave Syn:—(v) Crisp, writhe, wind, twist; raise in waves, ripple.

Curlew, kur'lii, a. পন্ধীবিশেষ , A wild bird of the snipe tribe.

Curling, kurling, अ. क्लेक्टर की कृतित्व ; A game, common in Scotland, consisting in hurling heavy stones along a sheet of ice, like playing at bowls.

Curly, kurli, a. Carifet; स्कार्भ; Having curls; full of curls. n.=curliness.

Curmudgeon, kur-mufun, n. कृष्य ; व्यक्तियु शिक्ष ; A miser ; an avaricious, curlish fellow ; a griping man. s=curmudgeonly.

Currant, kur'ant, n. ফলবিশেব ; A common garden shrub and its fruit :—এক প্ৰকাল ওক আকুর বা কিন্মিন ; A small variety of dried grape,

chiefly from the Indian Islands.

Currency, kur'en-si, n. প্রবাহ; প্রবহণ; Flowing, running or passing:—প্রচলন; A passing from hand to hand; as, money or bills of credit:—বেশের প্রচলিত মুখা; The whole circulation of money, as the whole quantity of money of every sort:—বাহলভি ; Fluency, readiness of utterance:—প্রচলিভ মুলা; Current value:—প্রচার; Anything in circulation:—প্রবিহাম পতি; Constant flow. Syn:—Publicity, general reception; circulation, transmission; money, coins, bills, and notes.

Current, kur'ent, n. [L. curro, cursus, to run] প্রাবৃ, লোড; A flowing; passing or running; a stream:—প্রোড; বেগ বহুমান কল; A progressive motion of the water in the sea or a lake &c, at certain places:—কমিক গড়ি; Course; progressive movement:—বেগ, A connected series.—গড়ি; গারা; General course or tendency:—a প্রবৃহ্মান; Flowing; running:—প্রচলিড; Circulating:—সাধারণ; Common, general, popular:—সাধারণ সম্পত; প্রচলিড; Generally received:—বিদ্যানা; বর্তমান, Now passing; present in its course. ad=currently. Syn:—(n) Stream, tide; course, progression (a) flowing, passing, circulating; present, instant, existent, common, general, popular, itse.

Curricle, kui'i-kl, n. বিচক বাৰবিশেষ; মুই বোড়াৰ পাড়ী; An open carriage with two wheels diawn

by two horses abreast.

Curriculum, kur-ikū-lum, n বিশ্ববিদ্যাল্যের নির্ধানি বিভ্রমান্ত্র প্রস্থাবলী; The whole course of study at a school or university.

Currier, kur'i-er, n. 西南-河南南; One who dresses tanned leather.

Curry, kur's, n. চাইনি; আচার; A highly spiced condiment much used throughout India:—v t. চর্দ্র সংস্কার-কৃ; To dress leather after it is tanned—পর্কা ধারা খোড়ার গাত্র মার্জনা-কু; To rub down and dress a horse:—জাচনান, নথবাবা বিদারণ কু; To scratch or claw; to tear in quarrels:—মন্-জাই-কু; To humour; to tickle by flattery.

Curry-comb, ku'ri-kom, n. (वर्ष); A comb of iron for rubbing down and cleaning horses.

To curry favour—ভোৰানোদ করিয়া অনুগ্ৰহ প্রাৰ্থনা-কু; To seek to gain favour by flattery or officious civilities.

Curse, v. t. kurs, v. t. [A. S. cursion, to imprecate evil in the name of the cross.] অভিশাপ-দে; To execrate; to invoke; to imprecate evil upon:—ক্ষেন্ত; ব্যাপ-দে; To vex; harass; to torment:—v. s. অভিশাপ বা স্থাব্য উচ্চারণ-ছ; লপ্যছ; To utter imprecatious; to swear:—n. অব্যদেশ্য; [অভিশাপ; Malediction; a wishing of evil

to; imprecation:— Asia 4341; Great vexation or torment. Syn:—(n) Malediction, malison, execration, ban; plague, scourge, torment, affliction; trouble, vexation.

Cursed, kursed, a. were; Blasted by or under the influence of; accursed.—17; 196; 1227; Abominable; hateful, detestable; execiated. Syn —Accused, unsanctified, unholy, impious, exectable, hateful, detestable, confounded, abominable.

Cursive, kur'sive, a. [ L. curro, cursus, to run] ক্ষতবহুমান , ক্ষতগামী ; Flowing ; running.

Cursory, kur'sor-i, a. আমানিই, আনবান ; কাৰ ; বাছ; আনবাহত; Hasty; superficial; inattentive; careless. ad.—cursorily. Syn:—Transitory, transient, passing, rapid, summary, desultory, careless, slight, superficial. [ness. ad=curtly. Curt, kurt, a. সংকিত্ত; Short; concise. n=curt-Curtail, kur-tail, v. t. সংকেপ-কৃ; To abridge; to shorten:—হাস কৃ; To diminish. Syn:—Lop, shorten, abridge, reduce, contract, diminish, lesson, decrease, retrench.

Curtain, kur'ten, m. [L. cors, cortis, a place inclosed, a court] মণারি; A movable cloth hung round a bed :—যবনিকা; প্রদা; A cloth-hanging used m theatres, to conceal the stage from the spectators:—v. t. মণারি বারা আব্ত-কু; To enclose or furnish with curtains.

A curtain lecture—গৃহিণীয় ভাডনা বা মন্ত্রণী;
Private admonitions given by a wife to her
husband —শহনবিস্থাম লামীব প্রতি ন্ত্রীয় ভংগনা; A
reproof or lecture given in bed by a wife to her
husband.
[concealment.

Behind the curtain—लोशत्म, In secret, in The curtain falls on—काशंत्र विषय त्यव इंडमां; The scene closes on.

The curtain rises on—ৰাহাৰও বিবন্ধ আরত্ হওয়া; A scene is presented to the view.

To draw the curtain—গোপন-কৃ, প্রকাশ কৃ; To hide or disclose an object —অভিনয় আয়স্ত-কৃ; অভিনয় শেষ বা বন্ধ-কৃ, To commence or close the performance.

To drop the curtain—অভিনৰ পেৰ-কৃ; To close the scene:—আবরণ উন্মোচন-কৃ, To throw off the mask:—পেৰ করা; To end:—গন্ধ পেৰ-কৃ; To end the tale. [mence.

To raise the curtain—wise-7; To com-Curtay, kuris, Same as courtesy.

Curule, ku'rool, a. [L. currus, a chariot—curro, to run ] খোনদেশার রাজকর্মচারীর শাসন; Pertaining to the chair or seat used in Rome by public officers:—বিচারপতিসম্মীর; Senatorial; magisterial.

Curvature, kur'va-tur, n. रज्ञा; जान्डा; The continual bending of a line from a rectangular direction. Syn:—Flexure, incurvation, bend, curve, curvity.

Curve, kurv. a. অসরল ; বক্ত : Crooked ; bent :—

n. আনত বত্ত ; বক্ত ) ; বক্ত রেখা ; খিলান ; Anything
bent ; a bent line ; an arch :—v. t. বক্ত ; To
bend ; to form into a curve. Syn :—(n) Bend,
flexure, curved line,

Curvet, kurvet, \* অংশঃ গড়ি বা লকবিশেষ, A particular leap of the horse in which all his legs are at air at once — লক্ষন, উল্লফন, A leap or frolic — চ লক্ষ্যনান কু, উল্লফন কু, To leap in currents, to leap, to frisk

Curvilinear, kur-vi-lihi-ar, Curvilineal, kui-vi-lihi-al a [L. curvus, linea, a line] বকু রেখা বিশিষ্ট, Pertaining to or bound by curved lines [ing a crooked beak Curvirostral, kurv-i-rostral, a ব্ৰ-চ্জু, Hav-

Cushat, kooshat, n. रह कर्णांड, The ring dove

or wood pigeon

Cushion, kooshun, m. উপাধান, গদি, ভাকিবা,
A pillow for a seat, a soft pad to be placed on
a chair — v. f গদির উপার উপাবেশিত ফু, শদি দিয়া
আর্ড ফু, To seat on or furnish with a cushion.
Cusp, kusp, m [L. cuspis a point] চক্রের চূড়া,
চক্রাদির কোণ বা স্কার, The point or horn of the

moon

Cuspidate, ku'pi-dat Cuspidated, ku'pi-dat-ed, a 交票簿, (bot) Having a sharp end or point.

Custard, kustard, দ ছুদ্ধ লণ্ড চিনি মিন্নিত স্থান্তি শাস্ত্ৰিক্ত A mixture of milk and eggs swectened and flavor d

Custard apple, ku tard np'l, n কথাত্ বলবিশন, A tropical fruit containing a sweet yellowish pulp

Custodial, kuś-to'di-al a. ত্রাব্যান বা অব্বেথ

गक्कीय Pertaining to custody

Custodian, kus-to di an a তদ্বাৰণানিৰ , তৰাবধান সম্ভায়, Re iting to guardianship —n অভিতাৰক, ভদ্বাৰণাক A guardian a supernite id ni

Cuatody, lu ) din [L cist tia i om custos custos a watcher or keepei] विकार रहान ज्यान का Girlanshin, care — कर्न के Impiscare a mapiscare a mapiscare of the sip protection, confinement, imprisonment durance

Custom, kustum, n [L consist is to accuston j বভাস, Frequent rep tition of the ame act — এব'দি বিক্ৰাৰ্থ দোকানে পুন: পুন গমনাগমন The practice of frequenting a shop for the purchase of goods — দেশাচ'ন স্কিত্ৰ Usage, long estall shed practice — কৰ তুস Toll or tax — pl আম্বানি ও বঙানি অবেৰ উক্ , Duties imposed on imports and exports Syn — Usage, practice fashion, mode, manner, way form, deservance, formality, patronage, sup port tax, duty, import tribute, toll

Custom house—5% [73], 5% CIPITINE, The house, where customs are paid, the place where customs or duties on exports and imports are collected

Customary, kustum-ar-i, s ব্যবহারাব্রায়ী,
অভ্যানার্কণ, According to or established
by custom —চির্লচ্লিড, Holding or held by
custom. ad =customarily n=ustomariness
Sy: —Usual, accustomed, common, habitual,
orchary, general, familiar, conventional
Customer, kustum-er, n. কেডা, মাহুক, One

who frequents a shop for the purchase of goods, a buyer.

Ugly customer, \*\*. One difficult to manage. Customan, kus-তেm-an, \*\* সম্বভামী গুড়ের ভত্তাৰ-বা্যক, One who has the care or custody of some public building

Cut, kut, v t. [W cutan, to shorten] कईन-क : कांग्रे , विमीर्न क , विकल-क , किश-क , To make an incision , to sever , to divide , to carve or hew ; পাৰ হইযা-যা, To clear or pass through -প্ৰশাস বিভক্ত কু , To cross — আহত-কু , মৰ্প্ৰেদনা-ৰে ; To wound or hurt, to affect deeply - 35 (574 5; थांनि क. To castrate - ए : विटांग-कृ, मत्या पित्री वो ; To divide or pass through - 1988-7, To be served —n আঘাত, কর্ত্ব, এহার, A strike or blow with a sharp instrument - विश्वविष् , विश्वविष् , A cleaving or dividing - (87, 40, will's, A eleit, a gash, a notch, a wound -পরিহাস; A severe remark, a sarcasm — श्रामी, A groove , furrow , a canal —ছিন্ন অ'ল , করিতা'ল , A part cut off - निकृष्टे भूष , A short or near passage - nja, Form, shape, fashion, as, the cut of a coat - কোদিত কাষা , কোদিত প্ৰতিষ্টি , A carring or engraving likewise the print from it Syn -(v) Sever divide, carve, chisel, cross intersect, wound, hurt, pierce (n) gash, incision, wound, huit, slice, piece, channel, parsage, short way, engraving, fa hion, style, shape

A short cut, \* দোলা পথ, সহজ পথ, A crossputh which shortens the way — কোন বিষয় পাই বাব) সহজ দায়ে িয় পু খনুপ পি পু cthing at (some thra) — (গ্ৰহাজি নিয়াবশ্ব) সহজ ডপ'ল, Easy means of muling the ways emishort

Cu' across - ए । (स्पेट शांव क्षेत्र) वांत्रता , Pass

Cut a dash or a figure—জ|ক দেখাৰ, To make a d play

Cut a finger—আয়গুণগরিষা প্রকাশ-কৃ, Show off conspicu usly

Cut a joke—কেন্তুক কৃ, To be witty, and social to the constant of the constant of

Cut a knot—Lifect anything by short and strong measures

Cut and direct—পূর্বা হয়তে প্রস্তুত, Prepared beforehand, not spontaneous

Cut and dry—পূর্ণ প্রস্তুত Already prepared; prepared before and [frisk about. Cut capors—ৰক্ষ কাল-কে, To play pranks, to Cut down, গ কর্তন ক, To fell —লজ্জিত ক, হুলা ব Io abish to depress, to humble, to shame —কাটিবা কেলা, Cause to fall by severing—কোট দিয়ে ক্যান, Reduce.

Cut glass—Glass having the surface shaped by grinding and polished

Cut in - नाना रन , रमान रन हजा , To interrupt , to join in anything suddenly , to take part in

Cut in or into —ৰাধা-দে, প্ৰতিবন্ধ-মু, Interrupt.
Cut jokes ( crack jokes )—ঠাটা ভাষাদা করা;
কোন বিষয় বা ব্যক্তিকে উপলক্ষ্য করিয়া আনোধ-মু, Make

Cut off-বিভিন্ন দু পৃথক-দু, Sever or separate —কাহার মৃত্যু হওয়া, Deprive of life .—সংক্ষাৰ- कः Kill :--महे-कः Destroy :-- विश्वाप-कः To

Cut one's acquamtance—পরিচিত লোকের সহিত আনাশ দা করা; Refuse or avoid recognising him when meeting or passing each other.

Cut one's coat according to one's cloth— আৰু ব্ৰে ব্যৱ-কু; Keep one's expenses within one's means. [ awake.

Cut one's eye teeth—সভৰ্ক হৰবা; To be wide Cut one off with a shilling—উত্তরাধিকারীকে বংসামান্ত বেবরা; Leave a very small sum as a legacy:—গৈত্রিক সম্পান্তি হইতে বঞ্চিত-কু, Disinherit one. [the years of discretion.

Cut one's wisdom teeth—সাধানক-ছ; Reach Cut out—ছানাছবিত-ড়; Remove from the midst-—সঠন-ড়; উপবোগী-ড়; To fashion; adopt:—ছান-চাত-ড়; To take the place of; supersere.

Cut out a ship—Enter a harbour, seize and carry off a ship by sudden attack.

Cut purse, ku'purs, n. शीवनारी ; कांत्र ; महा, One who cuts purses, in order to steal them on their contents; a thief, a robber.

Cut short—সংক্ষিপ্ত কু;—To abridge:—কোনজপ বাধা দিয়া বন্ধ কু, হঠাৎ ( কাহার কথা ) বন্ধ কু; Hinder from proceeding by sudden interruption, bring to a sudden termination.

Cut the acquaintance of or to cut a person—বাৰাালাপ বন্ধ-ক ; চিনিতে না পারা , Drop intercouse with, avoid recognising.

Cut the cards—ডাস ভাগ-ক; Divide a pack into portions.

Cut the (Gordian) knot—কোন গোবো গোলা শক্ত পেথিবা তাহা কেটে কেলা, যেমন তেমন এক রকম করিয়া সহব মীমাণসা-কু, কলে কৌশলে সন্ধট কটিটিছা উঠা; Get over a difficulty by short and strong measures rather than by skill and patience.

Cut the teeth-we fane-s; Put forth teeth.

Cut throat, n খাতক, হতাকারী, One who cuts a throat, a murderer; assassin.—a. নিচুৰ, Muderovs; cruel.

Cut to the quick—মৰ্মান্তেদ-কৃ; মৰ্মে আঘাত-কৃ; Wound one's sensibilities deeply.

Cut under—অন্ত অপেকা কম দরে বিক্রম-কু, Undersell.

Cut up—মবনে আঘাত-ছ; Pain or wound one's feeling:—বিনষ্ট-ক, নপ্ট-ক; Destroy—দোৰ বাছির করিয়া মাটি-ক; Cuticize severely—খণ্ড থণ্ড করিয়া বিভাগ-ক, Divide into pieces.—বেত্রাঘাত-ক, Whip:—Suffer severely.

Cut-water, kut-water, n. জাহাজের অংশ; The fore part of a ship's prow that cuts the water, fore part of a ship's form, which cuts the water —থিলানের অবলম্বের অংশ, Part of the pier of a bridge, formed with an angle, directed up the stream.

To be out off—Allied to an army in the field that has lost many men as killed and wounded. Cutanious, kū-táne-us, a. চগুনৰ্থীয়; স্কুন্থ-শ্বীয়; Pertaining or belonging to the skin.

Cutis, #. 44; The true skin.

Cutiole, kilti-ki, n. [L. cuticula, dim. of cutis, the skin] নৰ্কোগরিছ ৰতি সুস্ত বৃদ্ধ ; বৃদ্ , The outer-

most or thin skin. Syn:—Epidermis, scarf-skin. Cutlass, kutlas, स. उत्तरांत्र दिल्ला; A broad, covering sword with but one cutting edge.

Cutler, kutler, n. ছবি, কাচি, তরবারি নির্মাতা বা বিজেতা; One who makes or deals in cutlery. Cutlery, kutler-i, n. ছবি কাচিব ব্যবসাম; Trade of a cutler:—ছবি কাচি প্রভাতি বয় : Edge or cut-

of a cutler :- ছুরি কাচি প্রভৃতি বন্ধ ; Edge or cutting instruments in general.

Cutlet, kutlet, n. [L. costa, a rib] बहे बारमण ; A piece of meat, cut for broiling.

Cutter, kurer, n. ছোট আহাজবিশেব; A vessel with one mast:—কৰ্ম্তক, কৰ্মনকারী, One who, or an instrument which cuts:—সমূধের দ্ভ , A front tooth that cuts:—The forepart of the prow of a ship which cuts water.

Cutting, kuting, n. কৰ্ত্তন ; কৰ্ত্তনজনিত কত ; ক্ৰিড বঙ ; প্ৰব ; A dividing or lopping off ; an incision ; a piece cut off ; a twig.

Cuttle, kurl, Cuttlefish, kurlfish, अ. खनहरू-दिल्च ; A molluse.

Cyanean, sī-ánē-an, a. পভীর নীলবর্ণ; Having a dark blue or an azure colour.

Cycle, sikl, n. [Gr. kyklos, a circle] নির্মিত কাল্ডম; An interval of time in which events reoccur in certain order:—কালাবর্ড; ব-মতনে ক্রিড
রুড; An imaginary circle or orbit in the
heavens. a = cyclic. Syn:—Round of years,
revolution, period.

Cycloid, sikloid, n signals mas; social siche; A figure like a circle; a curve made by a point in a circle, when the circle is rolled along a straight line. a.=cycloid.

Cyclometry, sī-klomet-ri, n. वृद्ध পরিমাণ विष्णा; The art of measuring cycles or circles.

Cyclone, siklon, n প্ৰবল মূৰ্ণিবাতা। প্ৰবল মূৰ্ণিবাত ; A rotatory storm or whirlwind of extensive circuit.

Cyclopean, sī-klū-pē'an, Cyclopio, sī-klop'ik, a সূৰ্তঃ, একাও, ভ্যানক, Pertaining to the cyclone, vast; terrific; giant-like.

Cyclopedia, Cyclopedia, sīklō-pē-dia, ন.
[Gr kyklos, a circle, and paideia learning]
বিদ্যাকল্পম , স্ক্ৰিদ্যা-সংগ্ৰহ, বিৰকোষ; A book of universal knowledge. a=cyclopedic.

Cyolops—Giants with one eye and that in the centre of their forehead whose business it was to forge iron foss Vulcan.

Cygnet, signet, n. হ্মে-শাৰক; A young swan.
Cylinder, silin-der, n. [Gr. kylinde, to roll]
শোলাকার বস্তু, সম গোলাকার দীৰ্ঘ ঘৰ দ্ৰব্য; A roller;
a long circular body of uniform diameter.

Cylindric, Cylindrical, a. Having the form or properties of a cylinder.

Cymar, si-mar', n. সামায় আবরণ; জীবাবন্ধনী; A slight covering, a scarf.

Cymbal, simbal, n. वाश्य वित्य ; वस्त्री; A basin-like musical instrument of brass, beaten together in pairs.

Cynio, sińik, Cynical, sińik-al, a. ৰঠোৰ ; কছ প্ৰকৃতি, অনংৰভাব ; নহুবাৰেবী ; Surly and snarling ; austere, misanthropic.—n. বসুবাৰেবী ; A misanthrope:—বিনাসবিষ্ণ পথিতসন্তাৰ; এক সন্তাৰ আচীন ছাৰ্শনিকগণের একজন; One of a sect of ancient philosophers, who condemned riches, the arts and science. Syn:—(a) Snarling, captious, censorious, sarcastic, cross, morose, sour, misanthropical. ad—cynically.

Cynicism, sini-siem, n. ক্ষৃতা ; ক্ৰবহীনতা ; বহুবা-বাতিৰ প্ৰতি বিষেষ ; Heartlessness, misanthropy ;

contempt for human nature.

Cynosure, sino-shoor, n. [Gr. kyön, kynos, a dog, oura, a tail] উত্তর কেন্দ্রন্থিত নকনেমধন; উত্তর কেন্দ্রন্থিত নকনেমধন; The constellation of the Lesser Bear, to which, as containing the pole star, the eyes of mariners are often directed:—আক্রিকারী সাধারণ চিত্তাকর্থক বস্তু; Point of attraction.

Cynthia, n. va : Moon.

Cypress, si press, n. বৃক্ষবিশেষ : A coniferous tree :-শোৰ-চিক ; An emblem of mourning.

Cyprian, n. নাৰ্থাস-বাসী, A native of Cyprus; বেছা;—Horlot; a woman of loose morals:—a. Pertaining to the island of Cyprus, renowed for the worship of Venus:—লাশ্টা সম্মীয়; Pertaining to leudness.

Cyprus, n. গটবন্ত ; Thin stuff.

Cyst, sist, n. প্ৰকোব; জীবদিগের বিকৃত আংশধাবী কোব; A pouch or bag without opening, containing morbid matter.

Cytherean, a. Relating to Venus.

CEAR, tEAR, zär, tsar, n. [Rus. tsare, a king, L. caesar, a king or emperor ] ক্স-দেশীয় স্থাট; The emperor of Russia:—fem. Czarına, Czareena (the empress of Russia).

Czarowitch, Czarowitch, zar'e-witch, Cesarowitch, sez-hr'ewitch, n ক্স যুব্যাল, ক্সীয় স্মাটের জ্যেষ্ঠ পুত্র; The cldest son of the Czar of Russia. fem.=czaieena (zar-ewna),

## D

D-ই রাভি বর্ণনালার চতুর্থ অকর; The fourth letter

in the English alphabet.

Dab, dab, [pr. p. dabbling, pa. p.=dabbed] ধীৰে থাবে আঘাত-কু, To strike gently:—n. মুদ্ধ আঘাত, লবু প্ৰহাৱ; A gentle blow:—কুন্ত পিঞ্ , কোমল জড়-পিঞ্; A small lump of any thing soft and moist:—কুন্ত বংস্যা, A small flat fish. [person. Dab, dab, Dabster, n. নিশ্ব ব্যক্তি; An expert Dabble, dabi, v. t হিটাইবা-দে; আর্থ্য-কু; সিক্ত-কু; To spatter; to sprinkle; moisten:—v. i. জ্বাজ্ঞা-কু; To play in water with hands or feet:—n. ভাগা ভাগা কোন কাৰ্য্য-কু; To work in a superficial manner, touch here and there:—ভাজ্ঞ্জ্যাসহক্ষাৰে কাৰ্য্য-কু; হতকেশ-কু; To meddle. n=dabbler. Syn:—Splash, spatter; work superficially, trifle; meddle, tamper.

Dabble in—কোৰ বিষয় লইয়া আসা আসা চৰ্চো-কু; Work in elight or superficial manner at (any

science or art ),

Dabbler, dabler, n. ৰে ব্যক্তি হতকেশ করে, বা ভাছিল্য-সহকারে কার্য করে; One who does things in a superficial, trifling way. [waterfow!. Dabohiok, dabchik, n. পাৰকৌড়ি; A small Dace, das, Dare, dar, Dart, dart, n. কুলু মধ্যা বিশেষ; A small river-fish.

Dactyl, daktil, n. [ L. dactylus—Gr. daktylos, a finger ] ত্তিপদীক্ষেত্ৰত চৰণ্ডিশেষ ; তিৰাত চৰণ্ডিশেষ ; A poetical root, consisting of three syllables, the first long followed by 2 short or one accented followed by two unaccented.

Dactylio, dak-tilik, a. Relating to or consisting of dactyls. n.=A series of dactyls.

Dactylist, daktıl-ist, n. কবিতা-লেখক; One who writes flowing verse.

Dactyology, dak-til-olo-ji, n. [Gr. daktylos, and logos, discourse—lego, to speak ] ইয়ারা খারা মনোভাব একালের কৌশল; The art of talking with the fingers, like the deaf and dumb:— অসুলি সক্ষেত্রাবা কথোগকখন-প্রণালী; A method of communication for the deaf and dumb, in which the motions of the fingers answer to the written alphabet.

Dad, dad, Daddy, dadi, n. ৰাবা; Father, a word used by children. [ পদ ; A lily. Daffodil, daf'o-dil, Daffodilly, daf'o-dil-i, n. Dag, n. ছোৱা; Dagger.

Dagger, dag'er, n ছোৱা; A short sword; a poniard:—চিহ্ন বিশেব; A mark of reference (+):
— v t. সাংঘাতিকৰণে আঘাত-কু, To stab.

At daggers-drawn—শক্তা অবস্থায়, In a state of open enmity —প্ৰপাৰের প্রতি অভ্যাহন্ত . At enmity, in a state of open hostility. [fiercely. Look daggers—ভবন্ধৰ আকার ধাৰণ কু; Look Daggle, dag'l, v :. কর্মন মধ্য দিয়া বা , To run through wet or dut '—পত্ত নিকেপ-কু, Dip in mire or water. Syn :—Draggle, befoul, soil.

Daggle tail, n. নোৰো স্থালোক, অপৰিচ্ছৰা বননী; Slovenly woman, a slattern —a. অপৰিচ্ছৰ পৰিচন্দ প্ৰাপ্ত, Having the lower ends or garments defiled with mud.

Daguerrectype, da-gero-tip, n. for faces; A painting on metal by sun-light.

Dahlia, dali-a, n. ফলর ফুলেব গাছ, A garden plant with a large, beautiful flower.

Daily, dah, n. and ad দৈনিক; প্রতিদিন, Bvery day — a স্বায়, Delicious to the taste: — মুখ্যনায়; ছুগ্নেনিন্ত্র, Fastidious: — মুখ্যনিন্ত্র, শিষ্টাচার, বিলাস-পূর্ব, Ceremonious; scrupulous in manners: — n. মুখ্যা প্রবৃ, A delicacy. n=Daintiness. Syn: — Savoury, tasty, nice, delicate, tender, palatable, elegant, fine, neat, refined; rare; fastidious, scrupulous, overnice. ad.=Daintily, (n) Delicacy, nicety, tid-bit.

Dairy, dari, n. গৰাগাৱ; মুখনমুনাগর; মুখাগার; Place for making butter and cheese:—a. শোরকণ ও গরাণি প্রস্তুত করণ বিষয়ক; Pertaining to the keeping or cows, managing of mild, and making of butter and cheese. [manager of a dairy. Dairyman, dari-man, n. গোলালা; পোপ; A male Dairy-maid, dari-mad, n. গোলালনা; পোপী; গোপিনী; A female manager of a dairy. Dais, dáis, ন. [Low L. discus, a table—L. discus, a quoit ] উচ্চ আসন; চল্লাভগাছাদিত আসন; Raised or canopied seat:—ভোজনাসায়ত্ব উচ্চ হান; A raised floor at the upper end of dining hall.

Daisied, dázid, s. ভেলিপুল শেভিড; Covered

with daisies.

Daisy, dázi, n. [A. S. daeges ege, day's eye, the sun ] ৰাস্ত পুল বিশেষ; A common spring flower.

Dale, Dell, dal, dal, n. উপত্যকা; A valley. Syn:—Vale, valley, gleu, dingle, bottom. n.=
Dalesman. [ dale.

Dales-man, ন. উপত্যকাৰাসী; One living in a Dalliance, dali-ans, প্ৰেমালিকৰ; Intercharge of embraces: — জনৰ্থক থেলা বা উপেকা করিয়া সময়কেণ;

Dallying, toying, or trifling.

Dally, dali, v. i. [A. S. dol, foolish, Ger. dahlen, to trifle] জালস্য বা উপেক্ষা করিয়া জনগ্র সময় নষ্ট-কৃ; To lose time by idleness or trifling; pa. p =dallied. Syn:—Trifle, tamper with; play with; loiter; linger, dawdle:—আমোদ বা ডুচছ বিবনে সময় লষ্ট-কৃ; To waste in effiminate or voluptuous pleasures or in idleness and trifles: প্রেমালিক্সন-কৃ; To fondle; to intercharge care-ses:—বিহার-কৃ. পেলা-কৃ. To sport; to play.

Daltonism, n. বৰ্ণ প্ৰভেদ করিতে অক্ষমতা; Colour blindness (after the chemist, Dalton, who was

so affected. )

Dam, dam, v. e. বাঁধ ৰাবা প্ৰবাহ বোধ-কু; জল জাইক-কু, To keep back water by a bank:—n. ৰছ-কু; আৰছ-কু, To shut up; confine:—বাড়ি; পণ্ড-প্ৰস্তি, A female parent used of beasts:—বাঁধ; A mole to keep back water.

Dam out-Keep out by means of dam.

Damage, danন্তা, n. [Gr. from L. damnum, loss, injury] কড়ি, অনিষ্ট; Any hurt or loss; injury:— pl কডিপুরণ; মণ্ড; Compensation for loss:— v. t. কডি-ফু; বিকৃত-ফু, To harm, to injure; to impair:— v.i. কডিয়খ-হু; To be injured Syn:—(n) Hurt, loss, mischief, detriment, impairment; (pl) compensation, satisfaction, fine. Damageable, danioj-a-bl, a. অপ্টম্পাল; নাশ্পাল, Capable of being damaged.

Damask, damask, n. বুটাদার কাপড়, Figured silk or linen:—লালবৰ্গ, Red colour:—a. লোহিড; লাল; Of a red colour like that of the damask rose:—v. t. কাপডের উপর কুল ভোলা; To form flowers on cloth. [rose.

Damask colour—नान्त्र् , That of the damask Damask rose—A variety of rose, native to Damaskas.

Damask silk-A heavy, rich figured silk.

Damask steel—A fine quaeity of steel, originally made at Damascus, and valued for sword blows.

Dame, dam, n. [Fr. dame—L. domina, a mistress, fem. of dominus. a master ] স্থিনী; Matron:—পদ্ধা মহিলা; ছণিকিন্তা বম্পী; A lady in rank or culture.

Damn, dam, v. t. [L. damnare, to condemn, from damnum, loss, penalty] আনত নাম ভোগ ক্ষিতে আংলন-ফু; To sentence to eternal misery in the future world :—চিটকান্নি-দে; To condemn as bad by hissing; as, to damn a play:—s. শপৰ; অভিশাণ; An oath, a curse.

Damn with faint praise—Praise, but so stintedly that it is understood to mean dispa-

ragement or blame.

Damnable, damina-bl, a. ব্যৱকানের বোগ্য; Descring damnation; condemnatory:—প্রবাধ্য; বুণার্হ, অনিষ্টকর; Odious, pernicious. ad.—dam nably, n=damnableness.

Damnation, dam-náshun, n. পরকালে পাপীর কও; অনত শাতি; অনত নরক বাদাজা; Sentence to enternal punishment.

Damnatory, damna-tor-i, e. অনন্ত দ্ববিধান-স্মায়ত; দ্বাসাশ্ব, Containing a sentence of condemnation.

Damned, a. p. প্রকালে দওভোগ করিতে আদিট্ট; Sentenced to punishment in a future state:— খুণিড; Hateful; abominable.

Damon and Pythias—Inseparable companions. They were two Pythagoreans, remembered as models of faithful friendship.

Damp, damp, a. [Gr. dampf, vapour] আৰ্ম; ভিন্তা, কুজ্মটিকামন, Moist; foggy; humid:—n. আৰ্ম্যতা, বৃজ্মটিকা; Moisture; fog:—pl বিষয়তা; Depression; lowness of spirits:—ভূমতোথিত প্রাথমতক বায়, Noxious vapours issuing from the earth:—n. t ক্রবং আর্ম-কু, শতিল-কু, To moisten; to chill:—ভয়োদাম-কু, ভয়োৎবাছ-কু; To discourage, to depress; to check. n=dampness. ad=damply. Syn:—(n.) Dampness, mist, fog, vapour; (v.) chill, deaden, depress, deject, dispirit.

Damper, damp'er, n. দমন , শাসন ; That which damps or checks :--এক ব্ৰহাৰ ক্ৰতপ্ৰ কৃটা ; A kind

of hastily-baked bread.

Damsel, damzel, n. [ Low. L. domicellus, dim. of dominus, a lord ] বালিকা; A girl:—অবিবাহিতা অৱবৰকা খ্রীলোক; A young unmarried woman.

Damson, damzn, n. क्ल ; वस्त्री , A plum.

From Dam to Beershebs—স্কল হানে, Everywhere.

Dance, dans, v. i. [O. Ger. danson, to draw along] নৃত্য ইতস্তত: লাফাইবা বা বেলা করিয়া বেড়ান;
To move nimbly, to move with measured steps, caper; frisk —v t. নৃত্য বা লক প্রদান করান, To make to dance or jump —n. নৃত্য, The regulated movement of the feet. n=dancer.

Dancer, danser, n. नर्डक वा नर्डकी, One who practises dancing.

Dancing, dansing, # मुंछा वो मुंछा विकात ; The act or art of moving in the dance.

Dance attendance—আজাৰারী হইয়া অপেকা-তৃ; হাজিরি দেওবা, উনেদারী কৃ, Wait with obsequiousness, wait on (a person or at a place long and assiduously). [teaches dancing.

Denoing master, n. বৃত্য শিক্ষিতা. One who
Dance on nothing—দাশিকাঠে লখনান হ ; To be
hanged. { Put one to trouble.
Lead one a pretty dance—কাহাকেও কই কেবলা;
Dandelion, dan-de-li'un, n. [ Fr. dent de lion,
tooth of the lion ] বৃত্য বিশেষ ; A common plant

with a yellow flower,

Dander, अ. विवक्ति ; Anger or vexation. Get up one's dander or have one's dander roused—द्योगीयज्ञ ; Get into a passion.

Dandiprat, dandi-prat, n. ছোকরা; পর্বিত বালক;

An urchin; a little conceited fellow.

Dandle, dandi, v. t. [Ger. tande'n, from tand, prattle] আৰু বা হাতে করিয়া ভোলা দেওৱা; নাড়া দেওবা, সোহাগ-কু; আগর-কু; To fondle or toss in the arms, as a baby. Syn:—Dance, toss up; fondle, toy with, pet, caress.

Dandriff, dandrif, Dandruff, dandruf, n.
নরানান; ব্বী; A caly scurf which grows on the
head; scurf on the head. [silly fellow.
Dandy, dandi, n. ক্লবাব; A fop; a foppish,
Dandyism, n. বাব্গিবি; Foppishness. [mark.
Dane, dan, n. ডেন্মাকবানী; A native of DenDanger, danjer, n. [L. damnum, damage]
বিশ্ব; ক্ষবিষ্ঠ; ক্ষম্কল; Peril; hazard; risk. Syn:
- Peril, hazard, risk, jeopardy, insecurity,
venture.

Dangerous, dāhjer-us, a. বিপদজনক; সম্বটজনক; বিপদপূর্ণ, নিরাপদ, Unsafe; perilous; insecure ad = dangerously. Syn:—Perilous, hazardous, risky, unsafe.

Dangle, dang'gl, ৩. i. দোলা , দোলায়মান-ছ; To hang loosely:—অমুগানী-ছ; অনুচর-ছ; To hang on any one; follow loose about:—v. i. দোলান , দোলায়মান করান, To cause to dangle; to swing Dangle about or after—Hang upon importunely, beset.

Dangler, dang'gler, n. বে ব্যক্তি অন্তের, বিশেষতঃ স্থালাকের, আসুচ্যা করে, One who dangles about others, especially about woman. [Denmark. Danish, dánish, a. ডেন্মার্ক ফেনীর, Belonging to Daphne, n. Laurel (A nymph beloved by Apollo, who was turned into a laurel tree).

Daphnis, n. A son of Mercury, a young shepherd, the inventer of pastoral songs.

Dank, dangk, a. অভি আর্ট্র, সিক্ত; Close and damp; moist, wet.

Dapper, dap'er, a. ফুতগামী, তৎপর; Little and active; nimble; smart:—পরিচ্ছন্ত; পরিপাটী; Neat, spruce.

Dapple, dap'l, v. t. চিত্ৰ-কৃ; চিত্ৰবিচিত্ৰ-কৃ, Variegate:—a. নানা বৰ্ণ চিত্ৰিভ; Marked with spots; variegated:—n. স্ট্ ক্ট্ দাগবৃদ্ধ, One of the spots on a dapple animal.

Dare, dar, v.t. [Sans. dhrish, to be bold]
সাহনী-ছ; সাহন-ছ; To venture; to be bold
enough:—v. :. বুছে আহ্বান-ছ, To challenge; to
defy:—n. এক প্ৰকাৱ ছোট মাছ; A small fish.
Syn:—(v.) Presume, venture; hazard, risk,
challenge, provoke, defy.

Dare devil—ছ:সাহসিক লোক; A fellow without fear and reckless.

Daring, dar'ing, c. সাহনী; নাহনিক; নিভাঁক; Bold; fearless; courageous:—n. সাহন; সাহনি-কতা, ছু:নাহনিক উদ্যব; Boldness; a hazardous attempt. ad.=daringly.

Dark, dark, a. चक्कात्रवाः; Without light:— त्याच्छः; Clouded:—इक्बा; Black:—इत्यापः; Obscure; difficult to understand;—इत्यापः;

कारकात्र ; Mysterious :-- विवाद ; विज्ञानम ; Gloomy ; dismal, not cheerful :- wa: Concealed; secret :--পাপিঠ ; Vile ; wicked :-- অপিকিড ; জাৰ-होत ; Unrefined ; ignorant ; unenlightened :- त. অন্ধৰার ; Darkness :--গোপনীৰতা ; পুঢ়ত্ব ; Obscurity; secrecy:—অজতা; মূর্বতা; Ignorance. ম= darkness. ad=darkly. Syn :- Black, durky, sable, sombre; darksome, lurid, murky, cloudy, shady, pitchy; obscure, abstruse, recondite, occult, mysterious; gloomy, discouraging; cheerless, dismal; dim, benighted, ignorant; wicked, atrocious, vile, foul ; infernal. ad-darkly. n=darkness. [ from A. D. 476 to 776. Dark ages-The period of European History Be in the dark-अं शंका : अनिष्क शंका : (कान বিষয় সম্বন্ধে অন্নকারে পাকা, Be in a state of ignorance.

Keep in the dark—গোপৰ বাধা; Keep something from the knowledge of others.

Land of darkness - \* 44 . Grave.

Leave in the dark—কাহাকে কোন বিষয় জানিতে ৰ দেওয়া, Keep one in a state of ignorance.

The powers of darkness—দানবগণ, নারকী: দৃত্যপণ, The infernal powers.

To be left in the dark—( (कान विषय ) क्षानितः न। भावा . To be kept in a state of ignorance.

Trope in the dark—অধকারে হাড়ান, Endeavour to find something like a blind man by feeling.

Darken, darkn, v. t. অক্কার্মর-কৃ; তিনিবাচ্ছর-কৃ; To make dark:—মূর্ণ-কৃ, জানসীন-কৃ, To stupify; to render ignorant:—কল্বিড-কৃ; কল্বিড-কৃ, To sully:—আক্রের-কৃ, মুর্জের-কৃ; To obscure:—ক. ś. অক্কারযুক্ত-হৃ; To grow dark or darken.

Darkish, darkish, a. ইবং অক্কারবুক; Rather dark, somewhat dark — অপাই, Dusky.

Dark browed, a জোধপ্ৰকাশক; Stern of aspect, frowning.

Dark minded, a. প্রতিহিংলাগরাবণ; Having a dark, close, or revengeful mind.

Darkness, darknes, n. 电有制度; Absence of light:—电影: Ignorance. Syn:—Dimness, obscurity, gloom, blackness, blindness, ignorance.

Darksome, darksum, e. তিমিরাচ্ছর; অকলারমর; বিশ্ব; Rather dark, obscure; gluomy.

Darling, dar'ling, n. ছেহপাত্ৰ; মতি প্ৰিয়পাত্ৰ; A much loved one; a favourite. one dearly beloved:—a. প্ৰিয়তম; প্ৰিয়; Dear, dearly beloved, favourite.

Darn, därn, v. t. [ W. darn, a piece, a patch ] রিপু-ফু; Mend by sewing:—n. রিপু করা অংশ; The place mended by darning.

Darnel, dar'nel, n. এক প্ৰকাৰ আগাছা; A weed among corn.

Dart, dart, n. [H. Ger. tart, dart, dagger দুৱা বৰ্ণা; ছোট বৰ্ণা; A short lance:—ভেদক ব্ৰব্য দিলে, that which pierces or wounds:—e. t. হঠাৎ নিকেপ-কু; To hurl suddenly:—নিকেপ-কু; স্বব্য ভাগ-কু; বৰ্ণ-কু; To send or shoot forth:—e. i. শ্বীত্ৰ বহিণত-হ; To start or shoot forth rapidly. Syn:—(n.) Arrow; javelin, spear, (e.) Throw,

hurl, launch; shoot, send off, emit; rush, fly off, fly along. ad=dartingly.

Darter, darter, n. वर्ग-विष्क्रणकाडी; One who throws a dart : — পকীবিশেৰ; The snake-bird, a

bird of the pelican family. Dash, dash, v. t. [ Dan. daske, to slap ] nieits निक्श-क ; To strike suddenly, to throw vio-

lently :-- চ্-- ক ; ভগ্ - ক ; To strike, bruise and break :-- হঠাৎ জলনিকেগ-ক ; To throw water suddenly :- ছিটাইরা দেওরা; ছিটাব; Bespatter; sprinkle :--মিখিত-কৃ; Mix or adulterate :-- অনব-बाबजामश्काद वा नाज कांगा-इ ; To form or sketch out in haste or carelessly :- मृहिया (क्ला ; To erase ; to blot :-- विकल-कृ ; वार्थ-कृ ; Destroy or frustrate :- इठवृद्धि-कृ; निष्किछ-कृ; इठान-कृ; То confound; to put to shame :- ए. i. द्वान श्वान-इ ; ৰাকা লাগা; আহত হওয়া; To tush or strike with suddenness ; to strike against :- n. अहल मर्द्र्न ; আবাত ; A violent striking ; collision :— আক্রমণ ; A rushing or violent onset :- বুখা অহলার; গাৰিত ভাৰ অকাশ; A flourish; vain show : - বাগ ; A sudden check, frustration; ruin .- Capacity or readiness for quick bold movements against an enemy ;- চিক্ বিশেষ ; A mark (-) at a bicak in a sentence .- ৰাখাত ; A blow .- সামাত মিত্ৰণ ; A slight admixture.

Dash about-cate vifas-s; Rush about .-দেশাৰ ; Parade ostentatiously.

Dash against—আঘাত লাগা; Strike against. Dash along - ক তবেগে বাঙ্যা , More rapidly.

Dash at-edia बाजवा-इ: Make a chance attack on.

Dash forward—বেশে অগ্ৰদৰ-হ ; Rush rapidly. Dash in-card stan- ; Rush in.

Dash off--বেপে কোন কার্য্য-কু; মত্র সম্পাদন-কু, Execute with careiess haste; to execute rapidly :- প্রথান ; Show oft.

Dash off into (or to)—সহসা কোন বিষয়ে প্রবৃত্ত [ through hastily. Dash through—क्रडायात्र डिटब निश यांध्या ; Pass Cut a dash-विशाउ-इ ; Make a figure.

Danhing, dashing, a. त्राहमी, अविभूशकावी; क्रं-कांबी ; Reckless ; hasty and rush ; rushing , gallant a i=dashingly.

Destard, dastard, n. [ A. S. adastrigan, to frighten] ৰাপুৰুৰ; ভীক ব্যক্তি; A coward; poltroon :- a. 17; Cowardly; meanly shrinking. n=Dastardness, da-tardliness. ud=dastardly. Syn:-(n) Poltroon, craven, recreant.

Data, dáta, n. pl. [ L. datum, data, given-do. to give } খীকৃত সত্য , খীকৃত বা কল্পিত বিষয় , Known or admitted facts, facts given or admitted from which other facts may be deducted. sing =datum.

Date, dat, n. [ L. datus, pp. of dare, to give ] ৰাণ ; তারিখ ; Time at which any thing happens : -কোৰ বটনার সময়; The time of any event:-ৰিৱমিত বা নিক্লপিত সময়; A stipulated time; period, duration :- 45 ; The fruit of the date-palm :- v. t. জারিখ-দে; সময় বা তারিখ লেখা, Put in date; to affin the date to ;- v. i. appl

আরভ-কু; To reckon; to begin. Syn:--(π) Time, epoch, era, age.

From date—আৰু হইতে; Begin from to-day. Out of date-নেকেলে; (নিশাস্তক অর্থে) মাকাডার আমলে; Antiquated; old-fashioned, out of use. Dative, dative, a. প্রদত্ত; নিদিষ্ট; নিরূপিত; That which is given or appointed.

The dative case - সম্প্ৰদান কারক : The oblique case of nouns &c , which follows verbs or other parts of speech that expresses giving or some act directed to the object-generally indicated in English by to or for.

Datum, datum, n. बोक्ड उद ; Something given, especially a standard.

Daub, dawb, n. [ L. dealbare, to whitewashde, down, and albus white ] मिडिन् किया : A course painting :- ए. t. मिडिम्डि किंज- रू ; To paint coarsely:—লেপন-ক ; To plaster:—গোপন-ক ; To disguise; to conceal :- তোবামোদ-कृ, Flatter grossly. Syn:-(v) Plaster, cover, besmear, begrime, bedaub. [ painter.

Dauber, dawber, n. ya fores; A coarse Daughter, daw'tei, n. [ Sans. duhitri, from duh or dhugh, to mik ] ছহিছা ; কছা ; A female child -- actalizes; A female descendant.:-श्रीत्नांक, अधिवानिनी; A woman, a female inhabitant. A son's wife.

Daughter-in-law, daw'ter-in-law, n. 9504: Daughterly, daw'ter-li, a. কলোগমা, কভোচিত; व क्लाश्रवात्रणा ; Becoming a daughter : dutiful ; filial. n=daughterliness.

Daunt, dant or dawnt, v. t. [ L. domare, to tame ] হতসাহস-কু; ভগ্নোৎসাহ-কু, ভীত-কু; Dishearten; di courage; destroy, frighten. Syn .-Dismay, intimidate, frighten, terrify, scare, cow, alarm, appal.

Dauntless, dantless, a. निर्होक, माहनी : Bold : fearless. ad =dauntlessly, n =dauntlessness. Syn :- Intrepid, undaunted, brave, valiant, heroic.

Dauphin, dawfin, n. कुंकारमनीय यूनवाब ; The eldest son of the king of France | hin's wife. Dauphiness, n. স্থান্দেৰ ব্ৰবাজী-পত্নী; The daup-Davit, daint, n. [ Fr davier, a forceps ] etete নক্ষৰ ভুলিবাৰ কাঙ্গভাবিশেষ ; A short piece of timber used in raising an anchor :-- pl. बाहारक ताड তুলিবার যন্ত্র। Davy John's Locker-Maria; The spuit

Gone to Davy John's Locker-33-5; Is dead.

Davy Jone's Locker - नगुज ; The Ocean. Davy Iamp, n. A form of lamp invented by Sir Humphrey Davy; a lantein, the light of which is inclosed within wire-gauze, as a protection against explosions of gases in mines-

invented by Sir Humprey Davy. Daw, daw, n. माइकाक, A bird of the crow kind:

the Jackdaw. Dawdle, daw'dl, v. i. नामान्यकार्या नमत रक्ष्य-ह ; अनर्थक मगर नष्टे-ह ; आख बात्य काश कता या मकानिछ इन्त्री . To waste time in trifling employment, to trifle; to waste a time by trifling; to act or move slowly:— . t. व्या कार्या नमत महे-इ ; To waste by trifling. Syn :—dally, fiddle, trifle.

Dawn, dawn, n. [A. S. dagian, day] প্রভাভ; জ্বা, The break of day; day-break:—বিকাশ, প্রায়ত্ত; First beginning or appearance:— p i. অকুশোগর-হ, প্রভাত-হ; To begin to appear or expand. Syn:—Break, gleam, rise, glimmer; begin, open, appear.

Dawn on or upon—পূৰ্ব্যোদয় হইয়া বেমন ক্ষকায় ধূর করে, নেইভাবে কাহায়ও মনে উদিত বা এতিভাত ব্ৰহা, Arise in one's mind (like light, dispelling

doubt or gloom )

Day, da, n দিবস; অহোরাত্র: The time from morning till night; twenty-four hours.—আলোক; Light; sunrise:—কাল, An age, as in these days.

A day after the fair—অভি বিৰূপে; Too late. A lunar day—ভিগি।

All day long—সমত দিন; The whole day from morning to evening.

As the day is long—সমাক্রণে; অপ্রতিহতভাবে, To the utmost event; uninterruptedly.

At this time of day—এডকাল পরে; এডকণ পরে। Carry the day—इডকার্য-ই, Succeed in one's struggle or contest.

Civil day—The day used in ordinary reckoning of time, among most nations, beginning at midnight.

Clear as day-we; Very obvious.

Day after day—দিন দিন; প্রত্যন্থ; Each day in succession, every day.

Day by day—প্রতাহ, দিন দিন; Day after day, daily; every day.

Day of judgment—শেষ দিন; বিচারের দিন ( বে দিন ভগবান আমাদের পাপপুণোর বিচার করিবেন); The day when final judgment will be pronounced on us by God.

Day of reckoning (or judgment)—দেওপাধির দিব, অবাবদিহির দিব; A day when a guilty person meets with the punishment he deserves; a day on which one's obligations and liabilities will be taken into account and settled.

Day of rest- दिवाब ; Sunday.

Bvery other day—একদিৰ বছৰ; একদিন পর একদিব; Every alternate day. [passes.
From day to day—প্রতিদিন; উত্তরোজ্য; As time
Gain (er win) the day—অ্থা-হ; বুদ্ধে বা তর্কে
ব্যৱসাত-হ; Be victorious; gain the victory, win
the victory. [happy.

Happy as the day is long—অত্যন্ত ফ্ৰী; Very Have had one's day—সে দিন আর নাই, সে দিন বিয়াছে; One's good days are gone.

Have one's day—সুসময় আইনে; পাড্ডা থাকা, ভাল সময় হথ্যা; Have one's time of success or prosperity; having one's period of prosperity which is but a short one.

In broad day (or day-light)—নিবের বেলার (স্বিয়ে চুরিয়ে নয়); In open day-light (s. e. not in a concealed or covert way); publicly; before the eyes of all.

In his day-weeken; In his time,

Jewist day—স্থা উপৰ হইতে অভ পৰ্যাত ; The period from sun-rise to sun-set.

Keep the day—বাধিক পালন-কু; Observe duly, as an anniversary; observe duly, as a time of commemorating an event:—কড়ার মত দেবরা; Be punctual to one's day of payment.

Labour day and night—দিন রাজি পরিভাব-কু Labour without intermission. { age. Of one's day—ভার সম্বের; Of one's time or Of the day—ভংকালে; ভদানীস্তন; Of that period or time; of the time, period or age.

One day or one of these days—কোন সময় ; ইহাৰই মধ্যে একদিন ; At an indefinite time in the future; sooner or later; at an early date.

One has seen better days—ভাল অবস্থায় ছিল; এখন নাই, (কাহারও) একদিন গিয়াছে; One was once in better circumstances, but is now reduced.

One's days are numbered—ৰ্থিক দিন বাঁচিছে হুবৈ না; আয়ু: লেব হুইয়াছে; One has not long to live, one has only a short time to live.

Red letter day—ভত দিন ; A lucky day. See the light of day—লয়গ্ৰ-কু ; Be born.

The other day-ca fea; Not long ago; not long before.

This day wook—সন্তাহ পরে এই দিন; আগামী সন্তাহের এইবারে; On this day, a week after, this day next week.

This or that day year—আগামী কিংবা গত বংসবের সেই বারে; The corresponding day of last or next year ( may be used of week or month ).

To-day—আগ ; On this day. To this day—আৰু প্ৰায় , এখনও : R

To this day—আৰু পথত, এখনও; Even now; up to this moment.

Day-bod, n. পালছ, A couch for repose; a sofa. Day-book, dábook, n. গৈনিক ক্ৰাধিক্ষেত্ৰ হিনাৰ বই; দৈনিক ক্ৰাধিক্ষেত্ৰ পুত্ৰক; Tradesman's journal; a book in which merchants, &c., enter the transactions of every day.

Day-break, dábrak, ন. অন্যোগ্য কাল ; এতাত ; The first appearance of light ; dawn.

Day-dream, dádrim, \*. খাবত খব; কর্মা; Mere visionary scheme; reverie; a dreaming or musing while awake.

Day-fly—ৰৱকাৰামী কীট; An ephemeral insect.

Day-labour, n. মৰ্থি; Labour performed or hired by the day.

[ the day.

Day-labourer, n. মুখুৰ; One who works by

Day-light—খালোক; Light of day.
Day-lily, da-lif-i, n. পদ্মবিশেব; Asphodel; a

lily that blooms for a day only.

Day-peep or day-spring, daspring, n. 34;

প্রভাত ; The dawn. [umpire. Days-man, daiman, n. মধ্যে ; বিচারক ; An

Days of grace—Days granted for delay.
Day-sight, म. बाजाना; Night-blindness.

Day-star, dastar, s. 34 141; The morning star.

Day-work—বৈৰিক কৰ্ম; Work done by day. Daily, dali, a বৈৰিক; Diurnal —ad. প্ৰতিবিক; Everyday, day by day:—a. বৈনিক সংবাদ-পত্ৰ; A publication appearing everyday.

Daze, daz, v. t. [ Ice. dass, to be breathless or

exhausted. A. S. dwaes, foolish ] बन्नाइयो-त्न ; To dazzle :—रचन्दि ; To bewilder, confuse ; to render dull or stupid.

Daszle, dail, v. t. ৰব্দাইলা-দে; খোহিড-কু; To overpower with any strong light or brilliancy:
—হতবৃদ্ধি, অভিত্ত বা দৃষ্টপন্তি হীন-কু; To dim or blind by a glare of light. Syn:—Daze, confuse, bewilder. ad=dazzlingly.

Deacon, de'kn, n. [L. diaconus—Gr. diakonos, a servant] হাৰক; সভাবিশেষে অধ্যক্ষ; The lowest order of the clergy; an ecclesiastical officer. fem,=Deaconess, n.=deaconship, deaconry.

Desconal, a. Pertaining to deacon.

Desconste, n. The office of a deacon.

Desconship, s. बाजरक कार्य; The office of a descon.

Dead, ded, a. 40; Deprived of life :- MIDER; Lifeless :-- मृज्य ; Dead-like :-- विण्डल ; Motionless:—অকর্মণ্য; অকেৰো, Unproductive: un-profitable:—ভোজাধীৰ; নিবেক; Spiritless; duil :-- अवकावनिष्टे ; Monotonous, blank :--বিশ্বর ; সম্পূর্ণ ; Certain, exact ; complete ; final : —ধ্যভাবপুত ; Wanting in religious spirit and vitality :--পাপভাৰাভিত্ত; Lying under the power of sin :- গতাব ; Deep :- অপাই ; Obs-cure :- বিবাদ ; Tasteless :- অপুৰ্বৰ ; Without vegetation :-- n. পূৰ্ব বিষয়ভাষ কাল; The time of greatest stillness:-n. pl. मूड बालिना; Those who are dead :-ad. সম্প্রাপ; Completely. Syn:-Deceased, defunct, manimate, lifeless, extinct, departed; breathless, cold, frigid, dull, torpid, mert; lukewarm, indifterent; spiritless, tasteless, vapid, flat; unemployed, useless, unprofitable; entire, total. ad=Deadly. n=

A dead bargain—খনৰ মূৰো কয়; A purchase made on very favourable terms.

A dead hand at—চুড়াত লেখক; সক্ষেতি লেখক; A masterly writer of; a masterly hand at.

At dead of night, In the dead of the night—বিহাৰ : At midnight :—গভাৰ বাজে ; বিশীৰ সময়ে : At the most quiet or death-like time of night.

Beat a dead-lock—কোন কাৰ্য্যে সম্পূৰ্ণৰূপে ছগিত বা ক্ষাপতি-ছ; Come to a stand-still.

Beat or come to a dead lock—সমত কাৰ্য্য স্থানিক; Beat or come to a complete standstill for complications.

Dead bargain—ক্ৰিণাৰ্থৰ কৰ; A purchase on very favourable terms.

Dead drunk—মাতাল; বেইস মাতাল; পুরা মাতাল; Helpless with drink; stupefied with liquor; completely drunk.

Dead heat, n. সমক্ষ; A race where all are equal; race with no result.

Dead language—থাটাৰ অথচনিত ভাষা; সেকেলে ভাষা; A language that has ceased to be spoken, or is not in use now; a language no longer spoken; an obsolete language.

Dead letter অবাধিক পত্ত; A letter remaining in the post-office uncalled for; a letter undeli-

vered and unclaimed at the post-office :আঞ্চলিত বীতি; বে লিখন অচল বা বাহাৰ অসুনাৰে
কাৰ্ব্য হইতেছে বা; That which has fallen into
disuse; a written document that has fallen into
disuse or become ineffective.

Dead level—Perfect level; perfect uniformity.
Dead lift—সমট; সামা সমট; Position of extreme difficulty; a lift requiring main strength; an extreme exigency.

Dead-lights-(পাডককেৰ বৃষ্টিৰোধক বাডায়ন-কাৰ্চ, Storm-shutters for a cabin window.

Dead lock—পতিবোধ; ইপিত অবয় ; A stoppage with no power of motion; a position of matters when they have become so complicated that they are at a complete standtill and progress is impossible.

Dead loss—অপুরশীয় কভি; Loss with no chance of recovery.

Dead march, n. শব বাজাকালীন বাল; লবধাজিক বেণস্চক দলাভ; A funeral march; a piece of solemn music played at funeral processions, especially of soldiers.

Dead men tell no tales—মুড ব্যক্তি বাৰা ভৱ বিষয় প্ৰকাশ হইবে না; No secret can be divulged by a dead man.

Dead reckoning—কেবল গতিনিপি পুৰকেৰ নাহাৰে; ৰাহাৰেৰ উপাহিতি-ছান-নিৰূপণ; An estimation of a ship's place, simply by the log-book. [aim. Dead set—ত্বিৰ লক্ষা; A steady and determined Dead shot—অবাৰ্থসকাৰা; ধসুৰ্ধক; অবাস্থ সক্ষা-ৰোধক; Perfect or unerring marksman.

Dead stand—সৃষ্ট ; Situation of perplexity.
Dead stock—অব্যৱহ অব্যাহ ; Materials lying
useless or unemployed.

Dead struck —ভয় বিজ্ঞল; Struck with horror. Dead to—উল্পৌন; Indifferent.

Dead upon any mistake—অন্ উপেকা বা কৰা; Sure to notice it. [here is no opening. Dead wall—অবকাশপুন্ত প্ৰাচীব; A wall in which Dead water—কাহাজের পাতাৰতী আবৰ্ত বা বুণি জন; The water that closes in with a ship's stern.

Dead weight—কটনাক ভাৰ; প্তিনিক ভাৰাৱ; A heavy or oppressive buiden. [doubt. For a dead certainty—নিকা; Without any

More dead than slive—वाध्यक्ष ; मृज्याव ; Nearly dead ; half dead.

Strike one dead—wills stal state (\*\*); Give a blow to one so as to cause death.

The dead—মৃত বোৰপা; The dead men. Wait for dead men's shoes—Look out for

Wait for doad men's shoes—Look out for legacies.

Deadon, dedn, v. t. ভোতা-কু; নিজ্ঞত-কু; To blunt:—বেগ ইজ-কু; To retard:—হাস-কু; নান-কু; To lesson or obscure:—নিজে-কু; To make vapid or spiritless. Syn:—Weaken, lesson, dull, damp; benumb, paralyze, blunt.

Deadly, dedli, a. আগবাৰক; সংঘাতিক; মুজুজ্বক; Fatal; mortal; murderous:—জ্ঞাৰ্থীয়;
চিন্দ্ৰতিক্ল; Implacable; desparatly hostile.
Syn:—Lethal, fatal, mortal, poisonous, venomous, noxious, destructive, pernicious, baneful; implacable, rancorous. n.=Deadliness.

Death, deth, n. বৃত্যু; বৃত্যুৰংখ্যা; Decease, demise, mortality, cessation of life — ব্ৰণআগ্ৰী, Manner of dying — বৃত্যুৰ কৰিব, Cause of death — কৰ্ষাৰ, A skeleton Syn — Decease, demise, departure, dissolution, emit, release, end of life, debt of nature, extinction, destruction; mortality, king of terrors.

Death's door, গ মুখ্য হল্মা, A near approach to death, the point of death, very near dying Be at death's door—আৰ মুভ-ছ, Be nearly dead (when a stag is slain

Be in at the death—Be present at the time
Be in at the death of—মান্তে কোৰা, Be present at the death of

Be the death of—মৃত্যুর কার্ব-হ, Be the cause
Civil death, n. স্বাধ্বিক সূত্য The state of a
person who has lost all civil rights.

Deal the death-blow—সাংখাতিক আঘাত-কৃ, Inflict fatal injury on

Death-bed, dethbed, n क्या-नवा, The bed on which a person dies, a bed, to which a person is confined in his last illness, last illness

Death bed repentance—স্তাকালীৰ অস্তাপ।
Death bell, n স্তাপ্তৰ ঘটা, The bell that
announces death.

Death boding - মৃত্যু - ক , Portending death
Death dance or dance of death—An allegorical representation of a more or les, grimly
humorous character of the universal power of
death

Death devoted—Devoted to death.

Death doomed—Sentenced to death.

Death's head—সাধাৰ ধৃতি, An image or figure representing the head of a human skeleton or skull.

Death is the grand lovellor—সমূল সকল প্ৰকাৰ সামাজিক বিভিন্নতা বিশাশ কৰে, Death abolishes all social distinctions

Death-like, a মূচবং, Resembling deaths Deathless—খনৰ, Immortal, never dying. Deaths man, n. ভরুষি, An executioner.

Death rattle—মৃত্যকালে গৰাৰ ঘট ঘট ঘক, The rattling noise in the thioat of a dying person Death warrant, n বধাৰেশ, An order for the

execution of a criminal.

Fight to the death—যতক্ষণ জীবন থাকে ততক্ষণ লগা, আজীবনকাশ বৃদ্ধ কৰিছে বা বাধা নিতে থাকা, Fight until one dies, continue fighting or resisting as long as life exists.

House of death—ममापि, Grave.

Put to death-44 7, Kill

Spiritual death—নোধানা : (scripture) Alicnation of the soul from God, state of being under the power of death.

The hand of death is upon one—ব্ৰে ধৰিহাছে, One's death is imminent.

To be bored to death—নিবতিশয় বিবস্ত বা কুম-ছ, To be extremely annoyed.

Still as ম্য়ত্তp—অভান্ত নিজৰ, Very quiet
Deaf, def, a বৰিব , Deprived of hearing , unable to hear at all — অব্যোগী , প্রবাদ্ধ ,

Inattentive; not to be persuaded; not willing to hear ad=deafly, n=deafness. [deaf. Deaf as a post—একবাৰে বৰিব; Exceedingly Deaf to—বৰিব ( বা ওবা এই আৰ্ব ), Unwilling to listen to, determinedly mattentive to.

Deaf to reason—44 vits, Obstinate in one's

Doafen, del'n, v t. ঘণির-ছ, To make deaf —
শক অন্থিস্যা-ভু, শক-স্ক্রণ-শক্তি-শৃক্ত-ভু; To make
impervious to sound.

Deaf-mute, def'-mut, n. বোৰা ত কালা, বে ব্যক্তি মূক ও বৰিব উভয়ই, One who is both deaf and mute or dumb

Deaf-nut, del'nut, n. त वानारमद नीन महे रहेवा firsto, A nut, the kernel of which is destroyed. Deal, del, n. [ A S dael ; Ger thiel, a part or division ] অংশ, অনিৰ্দিষ্ট পৰিমাণ, A part or portion, an indefinite quantity - 48 परिवार ; A large quantity —তাৰ ৰউৰ, The act of dividing cards — हंडि क्रिया जरूरी, (प्रवशक जरूरी; One of the divisions or board into which a piece of timber is cut, a pine or fir board -v. t. ভাগ-ক , বত্তৰ-ক , To distribute , to scatter --ए : रावनाय-कृ कांद्रवाद कृ To traffic , to transact business -कार्श कृ काम वा यन वादहात-कृ ; To act to behave well or ill - जान वर्डन-कृ, To distribute cards Syn -(1) Bestow, apportion, dispense, allot, mete out, dole out, traffic, trade, treat with , conduct one's self , behave , distribute cards pa t and pa p = dealt (delt) Deal by-ভাস কিংলা মন্দ ব্যবহার-কৃ, Treat well

Doal in — নিযুক্ত- হ কোন কিছুব সংস্ৰাৰে থাকা, Have to do with, be engaged in, be concerned in — ব্যৱস্থি কু To trade in to traffic in

Deal out—বিত্রা-দু, To distribute, dispense.

Deal with—( তাল বা মল) বাবহার-দু; Treat
with use well or ill —বাবদার-দু, কারবার-দু;

Trade with have to do with contend with
—সমাধা কবিয়া জোলা, Manage —হাতে লভ্যা,

Take on hand —লেবা বা ইন্মে-দু, Write about.

Be dealt with—দক্ষিত হুতয়া, Be punished.

To deal understand—(त्रीनर काल क्या ; To carry on business secretly.

Dealer, deler, n बादमादी, A trader

Dealing, dcling, n ব্যবহার আচর্ব, Practice; conduct —ব্যবহাৰ, বাণিজ্য, Trade.

Dean, den, n [ L. decanus, a chief of ten—decum, ten ] প্রীয়ানধর্মের উপাচার্যা; A dignitary in cathedral and collegiate churches, who presides over the other clergy—বিষ্যাপ্রয়ের অধ্যক; The president of the faculty in a college.

Deanal, a. Pertaining to a deanery

Doanery, drhé-ri, n. গৃষ্টীয় উপাচাব্যের পদ বা আৰি-কার, The office of jurisdictiction of a dean .— গৃষ্টীয় উপাচাব্যের গুর, The house of a dean.

Deanship, denship, n. পৃষীৰ উপাচাব্যের পদ ৰা কাৰ্যা, The office of a dean

Dear, drr, a. নহার্থ, মুর্পুলা, উচ্চ মুলা; High in price, costly, expensive — প্রিয় আদর্শীর; আভাত আড়িড, Greatly beloved, precious; highly esteemed — প্রিণ্ডন, বিশ্বপতিন, One dearly

beloved; a darling. Syn:—Lostly, precious, expensive, high-priced, rich; beloved, cherished, treasured, darling. ad=dearly. n=dearness. Dear bought—वह ब्राज्य क्य क्या; Purchased at a high price.

Dear me - विश्वत-छन-हाश-हावानक है देवांव ; An exclamation expressive of some emotion as surprise, fear, grief, pain and the like.

Pay dear for the whistle—বহ মূল্য কোন কৰিব লাভ-ছ; Get any advantage at too great a cost. Dearth, derth, n. মুখলতা; অধিক মূল্য; Dearness, high price:—মুখ্যাপতা; অভাব; Scarcity, want: —মুডিছ; Famine:—অনুস্থাবতা; Barrenness.

Debar, de-bar', v. t. [ I.. de, from, and bar ]
ৰহিছত-তৃ; বৰ্জন-তৃ; বাধা দেওবা; To shut out; to
exclude; to hinder:—বফিত-তৃ; To deprive.
Syn:—Hinder, prohibit, prevent, exclude,
shut out.

Debar from—বাহা নাই ভাহা পাইতে না দেওৱা; Not allow one to have what one does not in fact possess.

Debark, de-hārk, v t. or v. i. জাহান্ত বা নৌকা হইতে নাধা; To disembark; to land from a ship or boat.

Debarkation, Debarcation, dr-bārkáshun, n. লাহ্ত হাতে অব্তরণ; The act of landing from a ship.

Debase, de-bas, v. t. [ L. de, down, and base, low] নিকৃত্-ক ; নীচ-ক ; To degrade :—আপকৃত দ্বৰা থিতিত-ক ; To adulterate n = debasement. a= debasement, n. তীৰতা ; Degradation :—অপকৃত Debasing, a. অপকৃত ; Degrading.

Debatable, de-bata-bl, a. বিবাদবোপ্য; বিবাদ ; বিবাদ ; বিবাদ ; বিভালীয় ; Liable to be disputed ; disputable.

Debate, de-bāi, n. [Fr. de, and batter, to beat] ভৰ্কবিভৰ্ক; বাদাসুৰাদ; বিৰাদ; Contention in words or argument, discussion; dispute:—v. t. ভৰ্ক-কৃ: To contend for in argument:—v. 1. বিভাৱে অনুভ-ছ; ভক্বিভৰ্ক-কৃ; To deliberate; to join in debate.

Debater, n. তৰ্কারী; বিতৰ্কারী; A disputant; Debating society—আবোচনা নতা; A society for debate and improvement in extemporaneous speaking; society for practising discussion.

Debauch, de-banch, n. অনিতাচার; অপবিষিত্য-চার; Intemperance:—লালটা, Lewdness:—v. s. আমোদপ্রমোদে মন্ত-হ; To indulge in revelry: v. f. ফুলবিত্ত-ফু; বিপৰে লইয়া বাছবা; To corrupt with lewdness, to mislead. Syn:—Deprave, witiate, pollute; lead astray, seduce; ravish, violate, deflout.

[ rake.

Debauchee, debo-she, n. লপাট; A libertine; Debauchery, dc-bawcher-i, n লাপাট্য, বাহিচার; Sensuality; habitual lewdness:—কর্ত্তব্য আই করণ; Seduction from duty:—ক্ষতিবিক্ত অ্যাতাব্য, Excessive intemperance. Syn:—Intemperance, dissipation; disoluteness, lewdness, licenticusness.

Debenture, de-bentur, n. [ L. debentur, there are due, debeo, to own ] ধা-খীৰাৰ পত্ত; ধাপাত্ত; এ writing acknowledging of a debt; a deed of

mortgage giver by railway or other companies for borrowed money.

Debilitate, de-bifi-tat, र. t. [ L. debilis, weak de, not, and habilis, able ] इस्त- कृ ; कारोब-कृ:
To enfeeble, to weaken; to enervate. Syn:—
Enfeeble, enervate, relax, weaken, exhaust, prostrate.

Debility, de-bili-ti, n. ছ্ৰ্ৰণতা; গৌৰুলা; Weakness; langour, feebleness. Syn:—Infirmity, inbecility, faintness feebleness, weakness, frailty.

Debit, débit, n. [L. debitum, what is due, from debeo, to own] হিসাব-বহির ধরতে দিক; An entry on the debtor's side of an account:—v. t. হিসাব-বহির ধরতের দিকে বিশা; ধরত দিলা; To charge with debt; to enter on the debtor's side of an account.

Debt, det, n. 44: That which is due from one person to another:—11476; Obligation; liability:—1147; (114; Sin. guilt. Syn:—Liability, obligation, due, debit; trespass, transgression, offence, sir.

Dobt of nature-491; Death.

Dobt of honour- विवान क्ष : A debt for which no security is given.

Bad debts—বে ৰণ সভাৰ্তিৰ আদাৰ হইবাৰ বৰ; বে কৰ্জ পুৰোপ্ৰি আদাৰ হয় না; কৰ্জ টাকা ৰাহা চেৱে আদাৰ হয় না; Debts which cannot be wholly recovered. [overwhelmed with debt.

Be involved in debt—দেবার কড়িছে পড়া; Be Contract a debt, Incur a debt, Run into debt—ধাৰ-কৃ; Borrow money.

Discharge a debt—(rai (riv-\$; Clear or pay off a debt. [ नाहे, ठाराव विभन नाहे। Out of debt, out of danger—पाराव (पना Pay the debt of nature—पराताव नयन-\$; Give back to nature the life we have received for her, die.

Debonair, deh-o-nār, a. [fr. de, of, ban, good, air, appearance, manner ] বিনীত; মুলিব; শিষ্ট; Gentle; complaisant; elegant; well-bred.

Debouch, de-boosh, v. s. [ Fr. de, from, bouche, the mouth ] স্কীৰ্ ছাল হইছে বহিৰ্ণত-হ; To march out of a narrow place, or from a defile.

Debouchure, dz-boo-shoor, n. নদী বা প্রণালীৰ মুখ; The opening of a mouth of a river or strait.

Debris, de-bre, म. डशांबरनव ; वाविन ; Rubbish ; ruins :—প্ৰব-ৰত ; Fragments of rocks. Syn :— Rubbish, remains, ruins, wreck.

Debtor, n. ৰণী : One who owes a debt :-- হিনাৰ-বহিৰ খবচেৰ দিক : The side of an account on which debts are charged.

Debut, de-boo, n [Fr, de, from, but, aim, mark] প্ৰথম উদায়; প্ৰাৰ্থ; A first attempt; a beginning:—সাধারণ সমকে প্ৰথম উপস্থিত; A first appearance, as of an actor public speaker, before the public.

Decachord, déka-kord, n. আচীন দশতত্ত্বী বান্ধা-ব্য বিশেষ; A musical instrument, among the ancients, of ten strings. Decade, dekad, Decad, dekad, n. [Gr. deka, ten] ver; An aggregate of ten.

Decadence, de kadens, Decadency, dekaden-si, n. 214; 44; Decay, fall, deterioration.

Decagon, deka-gon, m. [Gr. deka, and gonia, an angle] was; A plane figure of ten sides and ten angles. [ten sides.

Decahedral, déka-he'dral, a. মণ্ডুমি; Having Decahedron, dek-a-he'dron, n. [Gr. deka, ten, and hedra, a seat] মণ্ডুম বা মণ্ডুম প্ৰাৰ্থ, A solid figure with ten sides.

Decalogue, deka-log, ». [Gr. deka, ten, logos.
a discourse ] ইবংবৰ সপ আঞ্চা, The ten commandments.

**Decameron—A** work comprised in ten books, especially a collection of tales of Boccaccio.

Decamp, de-kamp', v. s. লিবিৰ ইইতে প্ৰায়ৰ-কু:
To move away from a camping ground:—হঠাৎ
পৌশনে প্ৰয়াৰ-কু; To depart suddenly and secretly:—প্ৰয়াৰ-কু; To depart. Syn:—Break up,
camp, march off; pack off, steal away, abscond, bolt, fly. n.=Decampment.

Decempment, de-kamp'ment, n. পিৰিত্ব পৰি-ৰম্ভিন; প্ৰস্থান · Removal from a camp; a mar-

ching off.

Decant, dekant, v. f. शांव कार कविवा थीरव शीरव हाता ; शेरव शेरव डेशव डेशव हाता ; To pour off gently ; to pour from one vessel into another.

Decanter, de-kanter, n. মদ্য চাৰিবাৰ পাত্ত; মদ্যাধাৰ; A vessel, used to decant liquors or receive decanted liquors.

Decapitate, de-kap'i-tat, v. t. [ L. de, from, caput, capitis, the head ] निवाचम्ब-कृ, To behead; to decollate. n.=decapitation.

Decapitation, n. পিৰক্ষেণ ; A beheading. Decapod, deka-pod, n. [ Gr. deka, ten, and pous, podus, a foot ] খপজুৰ জনাৰ খাব ; দশ্বণ , Any shellfish having ten feet or claws, as a crab.

Decarbonise, de-kar'bon-iz, v. t. বীতাকার-তৃ;
অভারকহীন-তৃ; To deprive of carbon,

Decastyle, dek-a-stil, n. [Gr. deka, ten, stylos, a column] 7768 (5141; A portico with ten columns, in front.

Decasyllabic, dek-a-sil-abik, a. [Gr. deka, ten, syllabe, a syllable] क्यांचिक; Having ten syllabics.

Decay, de-kā, v. i. [I.. de, from, cadere, to fall] ব্ৰথ-ছ; To decline: to fall; to waste away:—হান-ড়; কথ-ড়; বিশী-ড়; To wither, to fade:—v. t. বাং-ড়; To impair:—n. অবন্তি, ব্ৰাম; কয়; Decline; corruption. Syn:—(v) Decline, fall, wither, wane, dwindle, degenerate, deteriorate, perish; rot, putrefy, spoil. (n) Decline, wasting, withering, fading, failing, perishing, dying; consumption, degeneracy.

Decease, de-ses, n. [L. de, away, cedo, to go] মৃত্যু; Death:—v. i. মৃত-ছ; মরিমা মাতমা; To die. Syn:—Death, dissolution, demise, release. Deceit, de-set, n. অবশ্না; এতাবশা; চাতুরী; কশ্-টডা, কাপটা; Deception; trick; fraud; artifice;

deplicit. Syn:—Deception, traud, imposition, treachery, cheat, artifice, pretence, guile, duplicity, wile, trick, shift, covin.

Deceitful, de-set-fool, a. প্রক্লাপুর্ব; কপট্ট; আসর্ব; বিবাসবাডক; Trickish; fraudulent; false, artful. Syn:—Fraudulent, guileful, deceiving, treacherous, knavish, crafty, designing; deceptive, illusory, fallacious. ad.—deceitfully. n.=decetfulness.

Deceivable, de-seva-bl, a. वक्नीच ; Capable of being misled. n. a deceivableness, ad. a deceivable.

Deceive, de-sev, v. t. [L. de, from, capere, to take, catch] अवादगा-कः; वक्षा-कः; To impose on; to cheat, to mislead:—विद्यापन-कः; To beguile; to amuse. n=Deceiver ( अवादकः A cheat, betrayer; imposter.) Syn:—Delude, beguile, ensnare, entrap, disappoint, mislead, cheat, impose upon.

December, de-sember, [L. decem, ten] n. देश्वांक वश्मावद भाषा माम ; The last month of the year.

Decemvir, de-sentvir, n. [L. decem, ten, and vir, a man] বোন দেখা শাসনকৰ্তা বিশেষ; One of the ten rulers of Rome. a.—decemviral. pl.—decemvirs, decemviri.

Decemvirate—বোদদেশীৰ শাসনকর্তান পদ; The office of the decemvir:—দশাধিপতি; Any body of ten men in authority.

Deconcy, désen-si,, ম. ভয়ভা; রশীলতা; Decorum; proper formality, becoming cerimony:—
উপৰোগিতা; Propriety; suitableness:—বিষয়;
Modesty.

Deconnary, de-senar-i, n. [L. decem, ten, and annus, a year] मण वार्षिक ; गणवरमञ्जल काल ; A period of ten years.

Doconnial, de-seńi-al, a. ৰপৰবীয় ; দশবাৰিক ; দশসাসা ; Lasting for ten years ; happening every ten years.

Decont, désent, e. উপযুক; Becoming; fit; suitable:— কুলৰ; আনবপুত; Comely; not gaudy — নম; Modest:— নধামকুপ; নধাবিধ; Moderate but competent, respectable. Syn:—Becoming, decorous, proper, comely, seemly, modest, delicate, chaste, pure; moderate, tolerable, possible, respectable. ad.—decently.

Decentralise, de-sentral-iz, v. t. ক্লে ইইডে অপ্সত-কৃ; To withdraw from the centre.

Deception, de-sep'shun, n. বৰ্ণনা; চাতুৱী; প্রাব্দা, Deceit. Syn:—Fraud, imposition, fallacy, snare, artifice, cheat, guile, imposture. Deceptive, de-sep'tiv, a. ব্ৰক্ত; প্রভাবান্ধা; ব্যাভিত্তনক; Tending to mislead; misleading; deceitful, delusive, false. ad.—deceptively, n.—deceptiveness.

Decidable, a. बीबारमा-(वाना ; Capable of being decided

Docide, de-sid, v t. [L. de and caedere, to cut] হিব-কু; মীনাংসা-কু, নিপান্তি-কু; To determine; to settle; to end:—v. i. নিয়াতে উপনীত-হ; মীনাংসা-কু; To determine; to come to a conclusion. Syn:—Terminate, conclude; adjudicate, de-

croe, award, judge, give, decision; resolve, purpose.

Decide on-fin-y; Settle.

Decided, de-sided, a. भिःगरवर ; लोहे : विशेष्ट ; Clear ; unequivocal ; concluded :—वृद्धविक्य ; त्रकृष्ण ; Resolute ; determined. Syn :—Unwavering, firm, unshaken, fixed, resolute, determined ; positive, distinct, express, definite, certain, undisputed, undeniable.

Deciduous, de-sidu-us, a. [L. de, cado, to fall]
কাহারী; ক্ষামী; প্তনীন; Of temporary existence; not permanent, shed yearly, as bones of antiers. n = deciduousness.

Decimal, desi-mal, a. waffer; Numbered by tens: -n. was; A tenth.

Decimal fraction খণনিক ভরাংশ; A fraction having ten or some power of ten, for its denominator.

Decimate, desi-māt, v. f. গলাপে প্রচা-কু; To take the tenth part :—প্রত্যেক কলম ব্যক্তিকে ইত্যা-কু; To put to death every tenth man :—খনপুষ্ট-কু; To devastate. n = decimation.

Decimation, des-i-máshun, n. প্ৰভোৱ দশনাংশেৰ নিৰ্মাচন বা এছণ : A selection or taking of every tenth part :—প্ৰতি দশন ব্যক্তিৰ প্ৰতি মৃত্যু বা অন্তৰিধ ক্ষবিধান : A military punishment, by which every tenth man was selected by lot and put to death.

Decipher, de-si'ler, v. t heath area aitsiff; To explain, to unravel; to unfold. Syn:— Unravel, unfold, explain, interpret, solve, read, make out. a=decipherable. n=decipherer.

Decision, desizhun, n. মীদাংসা; নিশন্তি; নির্ণত্ত; Determination; final judgment; adjudication;— অটপত্ত; Firmness of purpose. Syn — Determination, settlement, conclusion, judgment; resolution, firmness.

Decisive, de-si'siv, a. চূড়াস্থ; মীমাংসক: স্থিন-বিশ্বিত , Final; positive; conclusive .—বিশান্ত কর্মণম ; Having the power of determining a contest or event. Syn:—Final, conclusive; decided, positive. a—decisively. n=decisiveness.

Deck, dek, v. t. আক্লানিড-কৃ; আবৃত-কৃ; To overspread:—ৰ্ভিড-কৃ; সন্ধিত-কৃ; ভ্ৰিড-কৃ, To cloth, to dress gaily; to adorn:—পোডাদিতে ছাদসংসহাজ; ভলবিশিষ্ট-কৃ; To furnish with a deck, as a vessel:—n. পোড-ডল; আবহাণ; The floorlike covering of a ship; a covering. Syn:—(v.) Array, adorn, beautify, embellish, decorate, ornament, grace.

Decked, a. পোত-তলবিশিই; Having a deck.

Decked boat—A boat having a long deck.

Decker, deker, n. কলকাৰী; সজাকাৰক; The
person or that which decks:—অলবিশিই জাহাল;
সভৰ-কাহাল; A vessel having decks.

Declaim, de-klam, v. i. [ L. de intensive, and clamo, to cry out ] बङ्का-इ; To harangue; to make a public speech;—वात्राक्ष-इ; To speak pompously or noisily; to rant:—निमा-इ; To inveigh:—v. t. जावादा नवरक बङ्का-इ; To utter in public; deliver in a rhetorical or set

manner. n=declaimer, declaimant. Syn :-

Declamation, dek-la-mashun, n. বজতা; A public speech:—বাগাড়বৰ; Pretentious rhetorical display with more sound than sense:—বৰ্ণভাগাৰ্ভতা A discourse addressed to the passions.

Declamatory, de-klama-tor-i, a. বজুভা-সম্বীর:
Relating to declamation:—বাস্বালপুর: বাগাড্যরপূর্ব: Noisy and rhetorical merely; bombastic.
Syn:—Rhetorical, grandiloquent, inflated, bombastic, pompous.

Declaration, dek-la-ráshun, n. কৰ্ব; বোৰণা; উদ্ধি; An affirmation; proclamation; verbal utterance:—পপণ্যুক্ত কথ্ব; Solemn affirmation. Syn:—Affirmation, assertion, averment, avowal, protestation.

Declarative, de-klar'a-tiv, Declaratory, deklar'a-tor-i, a. বাৰ্যাহত ; বাৰ্যাহারী ; আপত ; অহাৰত ; Explanatory ; making clear or manifest. Syn:—Enunciatory, expressive, affirmative; explanatory, declarative, definitive. ad = Declaratively, declaratorily.

Declare, de-klar', v. t. [L. de and clarare, to make clear] বলা; জাপন-কৃ; To make known; to assert; to affirm:—থকাশ-কৃ; প্রচার-কৃ; To publish; to proclaim:—v. i. বলা; To make a declaration:—পশাবন্ধন-কৃ; To decide in favour of. Syn:—Affirm, assert, avow, aver, asseverate; proclaim, publish, utter, announce, communicate, divulge.

[favour of.]

Declare for—বোৰত পক আবাৰ-কৃ; Decide in Declare off—পৰিভাগ-কৃ; Openly quit. Declare oneself—বীয় বত বাজ-কৃ; Ayow one's

opinions. [real or actual, Declared, a. প্রকাশিত; Avowed; proclaimed; Declension, de-kleńshun, n. ছাস; অবনতি; অবঃশতন; Decay; deterioration:—ক্রমনিরতা; Descent; slope:—প্রক্রপ: Changes in grammatical terminations. Syn:—Decline, deterioration, degeneracy; decay, diminution, decadence; inflection, variation.

Declinable, de-klina-bl, a. notes and companies of being declined; admitting of inflection.

Declination, dek-lin-ashun, n. মতকৰণ; অৰ-ৰম্ম ; Bending:—কয় ; অধ্যণতন ; অৰম্ভি ; Decay ; decline:—পদমূপ কৰণ ; Inflection of a noun through its various terminations:—বক্তা, বক্লাভি ; Obliquity:—কান্তি ; Angular distance of an object from the celestial Equater:— অবীকৃতি ; Refusal.

Declination of the compas—Variation of the needle from the true meridian of a place.

Decline, de-klih, v. i. [L. de, down, away from, clino, to bend ] নত-হ: অবনত-হ: To bend over or hang down:—বিপ্ৰগামী-হ: গৰ্মন্ত-হ: To deviate:—অধীকাৰ-কু: To refuse:—ক্ষ-হ: হাল-হ: To decay; to fail:—ক্ষিয়া বাধনা; বেৰ হইবা আনা; To sink; to diminish:—ব্ৰে-হ: To draw to an end:—v. t. অব্ৰত-কু: To bend downward:—ব্ৰিহায়-কু: To reject courteously:—ব্যক্ষণ-কু:

To inflect:—», পতৰ; হাস: অবসতি; A falling off; diminution or decay:—সম্বাদা প্ৰায়োগ; A gradual decay of health; consumption:—বিপ্ৰধ্ন ; Deviation. Syn:—(v.) Lean, droop; decay, pine, languish; doteriorate, degenerate decrease; lessen, wane; (n.) Decay, consumption; pythisis; abatement, deficiency, frailing, diminution, deterioration.

Declivitous, Declivous, de-klivus, a. চালু; ক্ষবিষ; Having a declivity; gradually descending; sloping.

Declivity, de-khvi-ti, n. [L. declivis, sloping] (opp. of Acclivity) ক্ষানিরহান; Inclination; slope:—ক্ষানিয়তা, Gradual descent. Syn:—Slope, incline, descent.

Decot, de-kokt, v. t. [ L. de, down, coque, to cook ] সিদ্ধ কৰিব। কাৰ নিৰ্বাচনক; To prepare by boiling:—কীৰ্-ক; পাক-ক; To digest.

Decoction, de-kokshun, n পাচন : সিছ তরণাত্তর নিছাবিত কাব : An extract of any thing got by boiling : matter boiled.

Decolorant, de-kulur-ant, n. ভুত্ৰভাৰৰ বা বৰ্ণ হাৰক প্ৰাৰ্থ; A substance that bleaches or removes colour

Decoloration, de-kulur-ā-shun, n. বৰ্ণন্ব . ব্যানিটা; The removal or absence of colour. Decolour, de-kulur, Decolourise, de-kuluriz, v. t. [ L. de, from, color, colour ] ব্যিন-কু.

ভন্ত ; To deprive of colour ; to blank. Decomposable, de-kom-poza-bl, a. বিলেবপুৰ,

That may be decomposed.

Decompose, de-kom-poź, v. t. বিনিষ্ট-কু,
বিদ্যোহিত-কু; মূল পদার্থে পারণত-কু, To resolve
into original elements:—v. s. গলিত-হু; To rot

Decomposition, de-kom-po-zishun, n. বিশ্বেৰ.
The act of reducing a body into its original elements; analysis:—বিৰাশ; বিশাসন, Decay, dissolution.

Desompound, de-kom-pownd, v. t. পুৰস্থিতিত কু; To compound anew — বিরিষ্ট-কু, To decompose:—a. পুৰস্থিতিত; Compounded of a compound. a.—decompoundable.

Docorate, deko-rat, v. t. [ L. decus, decors, ornament ] ভূমিত-কৃ, অলক্ষত-কৃ, শেভিড-কৃ, মজিত-কৃ; To beautify, to adorn; to embellish, to deck. Syn:—Adorn, embellish, ornament, beautify, deck. grace.

Decoration, dek-o-ra'shun, n. ভূষণ, জনমার,
নৌলধ্যধুক পদার্থ, Ornament, embellishment.

Decoration day—May 30th, in which the graves of those who fell in the American Civil war are decorated with flowers.

Decorative, deko-rā-tīv, a. শোভাপ্রদ ; সৌন্দর্যা-বৰ্ম ; স্থবায়োগ্য , Adorning ; suited to adorn.

Decorator, deko-rā-tor, ध. क्रक; अन्हादक; One who decorates.

Docorous, de-korus, a. উপবেশি ; উপবৃক্ত ; ভর ; শিঃ , Suitable ; befitting ; proper ; decent. Sys : -Becoming, proper, seemly, befitting, appropriate, decent, comely; staid. ad-decorously.

Decorticate, de-kor'ti-kāt, v. t. [ L. de, from, and cortex, bark ] বৰ্তীন-স্কু; ছাল বা বোলা (ভালা; To strip off bark from; to peel; to husk. n. = decortication.

Decorum, de-ko'rum, n. পিইভা; বিইচিন্ন; ভত্তা; সভাতা; Propriety of speech or behaviour; decency. Syn:—Dignity, good grace, order, staid manner, gravity, courtliness, seemliness, decency.

Decoy, de-koy', v. t. [ I. de, down, and O. Fr. coy, quiet ] জালে আবদ্ধ-কু; কালে কো!; আলোভিড-কু; To entrap; to snare; to entice:—কালে কোনাৰ কোনাৰ; আনোভন; Any thing intended to allure into a snare; temptation. Syn.—(n) Deceive, entrap, insnare, inveigle, seduce, tempt.

Decoy duck--- অন্ত হংনকে জুলাইবা দাঁদে পতিভ কৰণাৰ্থ শিকিত হংম ; A duck that lures others.

Decrease, de-kreś, v. t. [ L. de, from, and cresco, to grow ] নান-হ; স্থান-হ; To become less, to diminish — নান-হ; ক্রমে ক্রমে ক্রম-হ; To make less; to diminish gradually:— সুসা; ক্ষয়; নানবা; Loss; gradual diminution. Syn:—(n) Diminish, lessen, reduce; abate · lower psubside. ad.—decreasingly.

Decree, de-kre', n [ L. decretum—decerno, to decide ) আদেশ, বিধি; ৰছমূল বিছম; An edict; a law; an established law —আদালভের নিপান্ত; বিচার, A judicial decision:—v.t বিধির নিপান্ত; The determined purpose of God.—নিপান্তি-ক; ভাইন অমুনারে বির-ক; To determine judicially; to decide.—v.i. নিরোগ-ক, ভিন্ত; To appoint or fix.—চ্ডান্ত মীমানো-ক, To decide authoritatively. Syn.—(n) Law, statute, regulation, ordinance, edict, mandate, rule, precept, act, exactment.

Decrement, dekre-ment, n. 3[7]; www.; Gradurl decrease; waste. Syn:—Decrease, diminution, lessening; waste, loss.

Docrescent, de-kresent, a. कानीन ; उप द्वान-भान , Growing less ; decreasing.

Docrepit, de-krep'it, a [L. de, not, crepitus, a noise] कार्न, जवाजीन, जवाजीन ; Worn out by the infirmities of age; crippled by age. n.= decrepitude. Syn:=Broken down, infirm, effete, superannuated.

Deorepitate, de-krep'i-tāi, v. i. পদ্ধ পদ্ধৰ-ছ; পট পট পদ-ছ; 'lo crackle, as salts, when heated —শন্ধ সংকাৰে ভক্তিভ-কৃ; To calcine in a strong heat with crackling. n =decrepitation.

Decretal, de-kretal, a. आर्न-नवकीय; Pertaining to a decree:—नावकी, পোপের आर्कन: A decree, especially of the Pope:—आर्कन পুত্ত; A book of edicts.

Decretive, de-kre'tiv, a. बाबबानक; बारक्वकाड़ी; Having the force of a decree; determining.

Decretory, dekre-tor-i. a. বিচার সম্বান্ধীয় ; বিচার সম্প্রতীয় ; Judicial :—হিনীকৃত ; Established by a decree ; settled :—নীশাংসক ; Determining. Decrial, de-kri'al, n. Starte faviete Clamorous censure.

Deary, de-kri', v. !. বিশা-ড়; অধ্যাতি-ড়, ছবাম-ড়; ধোনায়োপ-ড়; To cry down; to condemn; to censure; disparage. Syn:—Depreciate, detract, disparage, traduce, abuse, blame, rail against, denounce, underrate, undervalue.

Decumbence, de-kumbens, Decumbency, de-kumben-si, n. 414; The act or posture of lying down.

Decumbent, de-kumbent, a. [L. de, down, and cumbo, to lie ] শ্বাৰ; প্ৰিড; Reclining on the ground. ad.—decumbently.

Decuple, deku-pl, a. [L. decem, ten, and plico, to fold] পূৰ্ব তা; Ten fold:—n. স্বা ভারি সংখ্যা; A number ten times repeated v. t. স্বভা-কু; To make ten fold.

Decurrent, de-kur'ent, a. [L. de, down, curro, cursum, to run ] वदः अवादी; Running or extending downwards. ad.—decurrently.

Decursive, a. ज्यः अमादी ; Running down.

Decussate, de-ku/at, v. t. (কাণাকোণি বিভক্ত-কৃ; আ্ডাআৰ্চিড় ভাবে কাটা; To cross in the form of an X, to cross as line:—a. কোণাকোণি ভাবে বিভক্ত, প্ৰশাৰ ডিবাগ্ভাবে পভিড; Crossed; intersected. n.=decussation.

Decussation, n. (কাশাকোনি ভাবে বিভাগ; A crossing at an acute angle; an intersection in the form of an X.

Dodicate, dedi-kāt, v. t. [ L. de, down. dico, to declare ] উৎসৰ্গ-কৃ; প্রতিষ্ঠা-কৃ; To consecrate -শ্বপণ-কৃ · স্মর্পিন্ড-কৃ; To devote to a sacred use :—বেশ বাহ্নির স্বাহ্ম প্রস্থাদি উৎসর্গ-কৃ; To inscribe or address to a patron. Syn:—Offer, devote, set apart; inscribe, address.

Dedicate to—বিনিয়ে জৈত-কৃ; Devote to— পেৰতার কল প্রতিন্তিত-কৃ, Consecrate to:—নৃতন গ্রন্থ কাংবিত নামে উৎসৰ্থ-কৃ; Inscribe ( a book ) to some one ( generally to a patron ).

Dedication, ded-i-kashun, n. উৎসৰ্গ; উৎসক্ষৰ, Consecration:—সমর্পা; The act of devoting — উৎসৰ্গ-পত্তা, An address to a patron prefixed to a book.

Dedicatory, dedi-kā-tor-i, a. উপেৰিক; Composing or serving as a dedication.

Deduce, de-dus, v. t. [ L. de, from, duco, ductum, to lead ] अवसान-इ ; निकास-इ ; To infer, to draw from in reasoning. Syn:—Derive, infer, gather, conclude.

Deduce (Drew or Infer) from—কোৰ পূৰ্বালামৰ হইতে অনুধান-কু; অনুভব বাবা কোন নিছাতে
উপনীত হত্ত্বা; Derive or arrive at a conclusion

Deducement, s. walta; Inference.

Deducible, de-dubi-bl, a. भारतमः; That may be inferred.

Deduct, de-dukt, v. t. विष्युक्त , विद्यान , To separate; to subtract. Syn - Remove, subtract, bate.

Deduction, de-dukshun, ন. বিবোগ, বাদ; The act of deducting; substraction — অসুমান; Inference:—বাহা; বাবা; Discount:—ব্যান; Abate-

ment. Syn:—Inference, consequence, conclusion; abatement, discount, diminution.

Deductive, de-duktiv, a. বৃদ্ধি বাবা নিৰ্দেশ্ব আহ্মানিক; অনুমেন; অনুমিত; Of or pertaining to deduction; deducible, ad.=deductively.

Deed, ded, n. [A. S. daed, from don, to do ]
কাৰ্চা; An act — সাম্পিক কাৰ্চা; An exploit:—
ফ্লিল, A writing containing some contract or
agreement:—ফল্ ; Performance:—বাধার্চা; A
fact, reality. Syn:—Achievement, exploit, action, act, feat, performance; reality, fact,
truth; indentre, document, written contract,
legal instrument.

In deed—ৰাক্তৰিক; বধাৰ্য; In fact; really.
Deedless, dedles, a. অনস; নিক্যা; Inactive.
Deem, dem, v. t. or v. i. বিবেচনা-ক; বোধ-ক;
বিচাৰ-ক; To think; to believe; to judge; to conclude. Syn:—Think, judge, regard, estimate, conceive, consider, imagine, believe.

Deep, dep, a. बढीब ; Reaching far below the surface - निम , Low in situation :- गृह ; Hidden ; secret :- इरकीश ; कृ ; Remote from comprehension : unintelligible .- 3 क्विम नाम : Sagacious ; penetrating - नक्षीय ; निस्क , Solemn, profound - ভুল ; ৰাড় , কুক্বৰ্ণ ; Thick ; black -बृटर्काव ; Intricate :- शाह , त्याव ; Strongly coloured ; not light or thin :-- आईकारी ; आह-রিক; Affecting; heart-felt :- কোশলী; ধুর্ত্ত ; रुव. Cunning; artful; designing:-अन्। : निजय ; Very still :-- मन्म ; गश्चीय अवगुरू ; Low or grave (in sound):-n. मपूज ; यशमानत ; The sea, the ocean '- गडीवडा ; यशाना ; The depth ; the midst part :- नियमणा, The most quiet or profound part :- ad. बिरम ; Far down :- नहीं ब-कारन : Profoundly :- नशीवकरण : To a great depth. ad=deeply. n=deepness. Syn:—(a) Profound, unfathomable; dark, intense; hidden, secret; penetrating, discerning, sagacious, designing, insidious; grave, not high, not sharp; solemn; affecting, great, entire.

Deep-out, n. গভীৰ পাত, An excavation of unusual depth.

Deep-laid, dep'lad a. অভান্ত নিপুৰতা বা দত্ৰতাৰ সহিত কৃত ; বৃদ্ধি ও চাতুৰ্বা সংকাৰে কুত , Laid deeply ; well concerted , formed with profound skill or

Deep-mouthed, dep'mouthd, a. नदीव प्रवृत्त ; Having a loud, hollow voice.

Deep-musing, a. किस्तीन ; Contemplative.

Deep-read, a. হুপভিড; Profoundly versed.

Deep-rooted, a. पृष्ठ ; नाल ; Strong , firm. Deep-seated, a. बंडीय ; Seated deeply ; estab-

lished. [ sound. Deep-toned, a. গড়ীৰ প্ৰবিশিষ্ট ; Having a deep Be in deep water—সহটে পঢ়া : Be put to ex-

Be in deep water—সহটে পড়া; Be put to extreme difficulty.
Plough the deep—জন কাটা; Cut the waves.

Deepen, dep'n, w.t. গভীৰ-ত্ব; To make deep or deeper:—বহিত-ত্ব; বৃদ্ধি-ত্ব; To increase:— খ. ৷. গভীৰ-ত্ব; To become deeper.

Deeply, ad. शकीबन्नरण ; शंकीबन्नरव ; Profoundly ; to a great depth. Syn :--Profoundly, thorough-

ly, gravely, completely; feelingly, affectingly, distressingly, mournfully, sadly. [Kind of stag. Deer, der, n. [ L. fera, a wild beast] मृत्र; इशि : Deer-stalker, der'stawker, n. अवश्विकारय मृत्र-स्कारी; One who practises deer-stalking.

Deer-stalking, der'stawking, n প্ৰৱাম ও অত-কিডভাবে মুগ-পিকাৰ; The hunting of deer on foot

by stealing upon them unawares.

Deface, de-fas, v. t. [ L. de, and facies, face ] বিশ্বপ-কৃ; বিকৃত-কৃ; To disfigure :—বিল্প্ত-কৃ; To erase or obliterate :—ন্ত-কৃ; To spoil or destroy. Syn .—Disfigure, obliterate, destroy, spoil, injure, mar, deform, tarnish.

Deficement, de-fasment, n विक्रम कदम ; Dis-

figurement :- विरनान ; Obliteration.

Defaloate, de-fal-kāt, v. t. [Low L dsfalco, difalcatus, to cut away] ন্ত্ৰ-কু, অৰ্থাণিৰ হুৰ-কু; To take away; to abstract a part, used chiefly of money and account — ভহৰিল ভছৰূপ-কু, To embezzle money held on trust.

Defaloation, def-al-kashun, n. হাস; Deduction; deficit —ভহবিন ভক্ত; তহবিদ ভহবপ. Embezzlement. Syn:—Diminution, abatement, deficiency, deficit, default, shortcoming, frau-

dulent, embezzlement.

Defamation, def-a-mashun, n. অধ্যতি; অপবদ; অপবদ; বিশা; Calumny; slander. Syn — Detraction, aspersion, opprobrium, disparagement, slander, calumny.

Defamatory, de-fania-tor-i, a. অপবাদপূর্ব, বিশাস্থাক ; ব্যাতিনাশক ; Calumnious ; slanderous ;

injurious to reputation.

Defame, de-fam, v. t. [ L. diffamare—dis. and fama, report ] ছুৰ্না-কু - অপবাদ-দে, অধ্যাতি-কু, To slander; to calumniate; to asperse. Syn - —Asperse, slander, calumniate, detract, vehify, accuse falsely, traduce, belie, libel, dishonour, disgrace.

Default, de-fawlt, n. কর্ত্ব্য কর্ম্মে ক্ষরত্বা, Omission of a duty; a failure — দোৰ, অপবাধ; Fault; offence: — কর্ত্ব্য চিনেং , want — n. f. কর্ত্ব্য কর্মে অবহেলা-কু; To fail — n. f. আহুত হইন্যান্ত অনুপত্তিত হু, To fail to appear in court when called upon. Syn:—(n) Neglect, failure; fault, offence; want, defect, lack, destitution.

By default—আদানতে ঠিক সময়ে ক্রপন্থিতি; নির্কাশিক দিনে গরহান্ধির হওয়াতে; For non-appearance in court at the appointed time.

In default of—অভাবে, না পাকাতে; For want of, in the absence of.

To suffer a default—To permit an action to be called without appearing to answer.

Defaulter, de-sawiter, n. তহৰিলভক্কাৰী, তহ-বিল ভছ্ৰপকাৰী; One who fails to account for money entrusted to his care .—কৰ্ত্বা কৰ্ম কৰিছে জ্বন ব্যক্তি; One who makes default. Syn:— Peculator, embezzler, delinquent.

Defeasance, de-feźans, স দলিলের বে নিরনাসু-নারে কার্য্য করিলে দলিলটা নিক্ষল হইয়া বায়; A condition annexed to a deed, which, being performed, renders the deed yold. Defeasible, de-fefi-bl, এ. বাৰ্থ বা নিকল কৰ্মীয় ; That may be defeated or annulled. n = defeasibleness.

Defeat, de-fet, v. f. বিকল-কু; বার্থ-কু; নিবাশ-কু; হতাশ-কু; To frustrate; to disappoint:—ছব-কু; প্রাকৃত-কু; To overcome:—n. অভিনাম বিকলী-ক্বণ, কৌশল বার্থক্যণ; A frustration of plans:—পর্ভিষ; প্রাকৃত্ব। Coverthrow; rout. Syn:—(v.) Overthrow, ruin, overpower, subdue, rout, beat, repulse; foil, disconcert, discomfit, disappoint, frustrate. (n) rout, repulse, discomfiture.

Defecate, del'e-kāt, v. t. [ L. de, from. faer, faecis, dregs ] নিৰ্মান-ক; বিভন্ধ-ক; To refine; to clear from .—v. i. মলত্যাগ-ক; To void impurities, excrement. n=defecation.

Defecation, del-e-káshun, n. निर्मन कदन ; यन-

ডাার: Purification from impurities.

Defect, de-fekt, n. [ L. deficio—de, neg, facio, to do ] অভাৰ, অসপ্তা; অপ্তা; Want. deficiency, imperfection:—দোৰ, কলৰ; Blemish; fault; deformity Syn—Deficiency; flow. spot, taint, imperfection, blemish, fault, mistake, failing, foible, error. a=defectible.

Defection, de-fekshun, n. কর্ত্তব্য চুড়ি ; চুড়ি ; পক পবিত্যাপ ; বদল আগ ; বিস্লোহ ; Act of abandoning a person or cause, apostacy, back-sliding, revolt Syn —Abandonment, derelic-

tion, desertion; apostasy.

Dofective, de-fektiv a. জন্তীন; অপূৰ্ণ, নিকাৰ্চ; অপ্ৰায় ; Incomplete, imperfect, faulty, insufficient. ad = defectively, n=defectiveness. Syn — Deficient, imperfect, inadequate, scant, short, insufficient, incomplete, imperfect, faulty. Defence, Defense, de-fens, n. বক্ষণ; আন্দ্ৰ; Protection, security:—দোৰ-খতন; পক্ষ-সমৰ্থন; Vindication, justification, apology — প্ৰাণ্ডাৰিকাৰ; In law, a defendant's plea. Syn — Guard, protection, fortification, bulwark, buckler, strong tower, vindication, apology plea, excuse.

Art of defence - 43 [44] , Fencing.

In defence of—দোষকালন বা পক্ষ নমৰ্থনাৰ, In vindication of, in support of.

The science of defence—12-14411, Military skill, fencing.

Defenced, de-fenst, pa. p. গড়-ৰেইচ; Fortified.
Defenceless, de-fensless, n নির্মান্ত ; শহুচীন,
হানবল, Without defence; unprotected, weak.
ad=defencelessly, n=defencelessness.

Defend, de-fend, v. t. [L. de, off, fendo, to strike] অনিষ্ট বা বিপদ নিবারণ-কু; বকা-কু; To repel danger or harm from; to guard; to protect:—সমর্থন-কু; To maintain; vindicate; uphold —িবিয়াল-কু; To contest:—v. i. বাখা উপস্থিত-কু; To make opposition. n=defender, a=defendable. Syn:—Ward, shelter cover, sheld, screen, guard, protect; fortify, secure, assert, uphold, justify, maintain, vindicate, plead, espouse.

Defendant, de-fendant. স. সক্ষয় প্ৰতিব্যকী; A defender, a person accused or sued.

Defender, n. 14141; One who defends an

Defender of the Faith, \*\*. A title of the sovereigns of England, first conferred by the Pope on Henry VIII in consideration of his defence of the church against the heresy of Luther

Defensible, de-fensi-bl, এ. বন্ধনীয় ; প্রতিবাদ-বোগ্য ; That may be defended justifiable. n= defensibility

Defensive, de-fensiv, a. বক্ণোপ্ৰোগী, Serving to defend —সভৰ্ক; In a posture of defence.—
স. বক্ষণোপাৰ; বক্ষক; That which defends, safeguard —সভৰ্গাৰ্য, সভৰ্কতা, Posture of defence
ad=defensively.

To be or stand on the defensive—বাধা দিবাৰ কয় প্ৰস্তুত্ত, Be in a state or posture of resistance in opposition to aggression or attack Defer, de-fei', v t. [ L. defero—de, down, and fero, to bear ] স্থাপিত বাধা, বিলয়-ফু, To delay to put off —উপান্ত-কু, To submit to or lay bilo.e—v t. অপরের মতানুগামী-ছু, To submit to the wishes of another. Syn —Postpone, adnound, protract, prorogue, procrastinate.

Defer not till to-morrow what may be done to-day—খণ্য বাহা কৰিতে পাৰিবে পৰ গিনেৰ কন্ত ত'হা বাহিও না, Do not put off present duties till another time.

Doser to —সাগরে অপ্তের মত গ্রহণ-কু, Submit out of 1c-pect to (the opinion, or wishes, of another) —গতে হুহবে বলিয়া ঠেলিরা রাধা; Put off to.

Deferonce, deferens, n. অত্যের মতাপ্রথম , মৃতাপুম্ভিতা, A yielding in opinion to another —সম্মান, বত্ততা, Regard; respect, submission Syn.—Respect, attention, regard, reverence, homage, honour, veneration, obersance, complusance, condescension. [regard.

Treat with deference—স্থান-কৃ. Respect Deferential, def-er-erishal, a feral , Respectful obliging. ad=deferentially.

Defiance, de-fi'ans, n বুদার্থে আফান:—A challenge to combat:—বাধা দাবে অবজ্ঞা প্রকাশ. Contempt of opposition. Syn —Daring, challenge, summons to combat, cartel contempt, spite, despite, opposition.

In defiance of—( (कान विषय ) ना मानिया, in spite of; disregarding, in direct opposition to, or disregard of.

Out of defiance—বাধা মা মানিয়া, বিন্দাৰ ভয় মা কৰিয়া, From a spirit of contempt at opposition or censure.

Set at defiance—আগ্ৰাফ্-ড়, Dely —ভদ-ড়, Violate —ব্যৰ্থ-ড়; Render utterly ineffective To set at defiance—আগ্ৰাফ, আগ্ৰন্থ বিশ্বসাক্ত To dely, violate or render in effective.

Defiant, s. পৰিত ; Full of defiance, bold ; m-

Deficience, Deficiency, de-fishen-si, n. জন্ম, অনুস্থিতি দেখি; Want, imperfection defect.

Doficient, de-fishent, a. weinfaffig. wampf, L. lective; imperiect. Syn .-- Inadequate, short.

insufficient, wanting, scanty, incomplete, defective, imperfect. [ন্যুন, Wanting in. Deficient in—(কোন কিছুৰ) অভাব : কোন কিছুৰ Deficit, def'i-sit, n. অনুস্থিতা ; ম্যুৰখা ; অভাব ; Deficiency in amount or quality ; want.

Defile, de-fil, v. t. [L. dis, and filum, a thread]
অপরিদার-কৃ; To render unclean or dirty:—
দ্বিত-কৃ, কর্বিত-কৃ, To pollute or corrupt:—
ধর্ম-ই-কৃ; সভীত্ব নত-কৃ; To violate the chastity
of:—v. s. শ্রেণীবদ্ধ ইক্যা অনুসর-হ, To march off
in a line or row —n. দীর্থ স্কার্ণ পথ, সিরি-স্কট;
A long narrow pass in which troops can march
only in file; a long narrow pass as between
hills. n.=dcfiler. Syn.—(v) Soil. dirty, stain,
tarnish; taint, sully, pollute, corrupt, debase,
contaminate, ravish, violate, de flour

Defilement, de-filment, n. অপাধ্যুতা, অঙ্চিতা; অঃতা, অন্তৰ্ব, Foulness; uncleanness, corruption, impurity.

Definable, de-fina-bl. a. পথিতাৰণীয়, অৰ্থ-নিয়-পণ্য, That may be defined.

Define, de-fin, v t. [L. de, and finis, a limit]
নামা নিজপণ ক ; To fix the limits of — নামা-ক ;
To explain .— ঠিক বৰ্ণনা-ক : To describe accurately — মুখ্যনিপে স্থিত্ত-ক : To determine with precision. Syn — Circumscribe, limit, bound, determine, designate, specify, explain, expound.
Definite, del'i-nit, a. মামা বিশিষ্ঠ, Having distinct limits — নিশ্চিত্ত, মুখার্থ, ঠিক : স্পষ্ট ;
Fixed, precise ; exact ; clear — নিশ্মিক ; সীমা-নিশ্মেক, chart, certain, clear, ascertained, specific, restricted ; defining, limiting, definitive. ad=definitely, n=definiteness.

Definition, def-i-nishun, ল বৰ্ণনা: ব্যাখ্যা; প্ৰিভাষা সংজ্ঞানিৰপণ, A description or explanation

Definitive, de-fini-tiv, a চুড়ান্ত, নিন্দিত, চৰম; Final, determinate, positive—n. বিশেষপথ, A word used to limit the extent of the signification of a noun. ad=definitively. Syn;—Positive, determined, express, categorical, final, conclusive.

Deflagrate, del'la-grat, v. t [L. de, down, flagro, to buin ] জানার . পার দক্ষ-কৃ, I o set fire to .—v ঃ মুহু ছালত-হ, To burn rapidly n= Defl gration.

Deflagrator, defla-gra-tor, n ভড়িত ব্যবিশেষ ; A galvanic instrument producing rapid and powerful combustion

Deflect, de-fickt, v i [L de, from, and flecto, to bend turn] সৱল বেখা ছউতে আনত-হ: To bend from a straight line:—ভাষপথ হইতে বিহাত-হ: ভাষপথ প্রিভাগ-ই, To swerve, to deviate from proper course—v. f এক পার্যে গ্রন্থ-ই, To cause to turn aside. n=deflection.

Deflection, de-flekshun, n এক পাৰে গমন; বিপাধ গমন, The act of turning aside, deviation. Syn:—Deviation, bending, swerving, divergence

Deflorate, de-flo'rat, a অঠাত পুলাবয়া · Past the flowering state, or cast pollen.

Defloration, deflo-ra'shun, n প্ৰাচাৰ কৰণ সভীত্ব ৰা কৰণ, The act of deflouring, rape Deflour, Deflower, de-flowr', v t [ L de, privative, and flos, flores, a flower ] প্ৰাণুৱ ক भामार्ग महे-क , To deprive of flowers of beauty or grace .- ৰশাংকাৰ-ৰ, To ravish, to take away a woman's virginity, to seduce n=dc flourer, deflouration, deflowerer Syn -Ravish, constuprate, violate, defile

Defluxion, de-flukshun, n [ L de, down and fluo, fluxum, to flow ] जनन अरवाद प्रशांखाद बहन, क्षणां विनिःमांवन, A discharge of humours

as, from the nose in cold.

Defoliation, de-foli-a'shun, n [ L de, off forum, a leaf ] भज्यन्न-कान, The time of shedding leaves

Deforce, de-fors, ए t वन्यूर्सक अधिकांबहाड-इ. To keep out of possession by force n = deforcement, deforciation

Deform, de form, v t [ L. de, from, and forma, form, beauty ] व पश क् , विज्ञान-कृ , कुर्मिछ-कृ To disfigure, to make a rly Syn - Disfigure, deface, injure

Deformation, n atasia, Act of deforming Deformity, de-formi ti, স বিকৃতি, কুংসিত व्यावात , अज़रीनजा , कनाकात, अज़ेरकना , Any un natural shape or fo m, ugliness Syn -Distortion, mulformation, misproportion, ugliness, defect, irregularity, disfigurement.

Defraud, de frawd, v t [ L de, from, and fraus frau iss, fraud ] अ डावगा-+ , बिकड-कृ , To cheat or deceive, to frustrite. Syn -Cheat, cozen, trick, rob, pilfer, chouse, didle, embezzle. Defray, de fia', v.t. वाम विष ३-क, To bear the charges, to pay n=defi syment, defrayal Syn -D scharge, meet, I qu lite settle

Deft, deft, a colant Pa inga, Dexterous, cleverhandy. ad = deftly = Jettness

Defunct, de-funkt, a [ I. de, and funger, to perform ] yo, Dead, accia id -n yo ofe.

A dead purson, one deceased. Defy, de-fi', v t [ L des, anunder, and fide

to trust ] युक्तांश काश्लान कु, एवह कु, अवका कु, 10 challenge, to brave, to de pisc n=delici. Syn -Challenge, dare, brave, face, disregard contemn, spurn, despise, trample on, set at nauzht

Dogenerate, de-jehêr-it, a 44mg, 44pis, অৰ পত্তি , Base , mean fallen - v : উন্মাণ शामी-इ, व्यर. शां 55-इ, स्था हा 5-इ, To become worse, to decline in virture Syn -Deteriorated, degraded, mean, base, low, fallen, corrupt ad=degenerately, n=degenerateness.
Degenerate into—অপগানী বা অন্তৰ হওবা, Fall

from a good into à bad state, deteriorate and turn into

Degeneration, de-jen-ér-a'-hun, Degeneracy, de jeher-a-si, n अप: भाजन , नार जा , Decline in good qualities Syn -Decline, degradation, debasement, deterioration.

Dogonorative, de-jeher-a-tiv, a अभाग्नमीन , क्रश्निव्क , Tending to degenerate.

Deglutition, deg-100-tishun, n. [ L. de, down, and glutto, to swallow ] नवांशःकवन , अनवनिक , The act or power of swallowing food

Degrade, de-grad, v t [ L. de, down, and gradus, a step ] शैननगर्- ; भन्नाज- . To reduce from a higher to a lower rank, to deprive of office or dignity — जभशन-कृ, To disgrace, to humble Syn -- Abase, demean, lower, debase, dishonour, corrupt, vitiate, disgrace, cashier, break

Degradation, deg-ra-da'shun, n. नम्हांडि : A reducing in rank - अभाग , Disgrace Syn -Deposition, dishonour, disgrace, abasement, debasement, reduction, decline, baseness. degeneracy.

Degree, de-gre, n [L de, and gradus, a step] পদ, A step —পরিমাণ, বিস্তৃতি, Measure extent —পদ, Position, rank —বিব্রবিদ্যাশ্যের छेशाबि, A mark of distinction conferred by universities —বুৱেৰ ৩৩ ভাগেৰ এক ভাগ, The 36oth part of a circle - 47, Airlia, A stage in progression, grade -pl विद्यवत्त्व উৎক্বাপক্রবোধক বিভক্তি, নিজি প্রভৃতিয় ভাগতি, Comparative steps in the signification of adjectives, divisions marked on a scale Syn -Step, stage, class, rank, order, station, standing, grade, measure, limit, extent, range. division, space, interval

By degrees—ক্রমণ: , কমে ক্রমে , আরে আরে , Step by step, gradually, by molerate advances Take ones degree—বিষ্ণিদালৰ হইতে উপাধি आइ-र, Obtain an academical di tinction from

To a degree-way, Exceedingly

a University.

Dehiscence, de-hisens n উদ্ভিদের वीश क्यांतिन विनादा , बाख्दकां वाद्याच वा डाहाब कान , The open ing of capsules of a plant

Dehiscent, de-hisent a [L de, intensive and hisco, to gape ] ETATUSTIA, Opening, as the capules of plants

Descride, des sid, n [ L deus, god, and caeds, to cut, to kill ] त्मच अनियन , विश्व वृष्ठ व्य, The slaughter or murder of God, the putting to death of Jesus.

Doific, Doifical, a 34 14 , Divine

Deification, de-i-fikáshun, n (१वच चार्याभन, দেৰখাবোপ , The act of exalting to the rank of a God

Delform, de'i-form, a (पदलाकृति मन्त्र , (पदाकाद, Having the form of a God

Derfy, dt'i-fi, v t [ L deus, god, and facere, to make ] (न्यक आंदर्शन-कृ, (नवताव भूमा-कृ, 10 make a God of, to adore as a God Sym -1 dolize, apotheosize.

Deign, dan, v t [ L dignor, to think worthy ] अन्त- ए. To vouchsafe, to condescend - v t नान कविष्ठ मञ्चल- ह, अनान क्यां, To give, to grand Syn -Condescend, see fit, think fit, grant, occord.

Doism, dt'izm, n. atauaiffu, The belief in natural religion only.

Deist, deist, n. [L deus, god] acmenaiff.

One who believes in one God, but not in revelation. a=deistical. [a god or godess. Deity, de'i-ti, n. क्षेत्रक ; द्वन वा त्मती ; Godhead, The Deity—क्षेत्रक ; God.

Delty "

Deject, de-jekt, v. t. [L. ds, down, and jacio, to cast] win-y; failfus-y; staitale-y; failfus-y; To dishearten; to dispirit; to sadden. Syn:—Dispirit, discourage, depress, dishearten, crush, sink, damp.

Dejected, de-jekted, a. रहान ; fatt ; Cast down ; dispirited. ad - dejectedly. nadejected-

Dejection, de-jekshun, ম. অপ্রোৎসাই; মনোভল, বৈৰাজ; বিবাল; Lowness of spirits; depression; melancholy. [A breakfast. Dejeuner, de-255må, Dejune, ম. প্রতিভোজন; Delay, de-lå, খ. ম. [L. dis, apart, and fero, to carry] ছবিত বাবা; বিলম্ভি-কৃ, বিশ্ব-কৃ; বাবা-দে; To put off; to defer; to procrastinate; to hinder or retard:—খ. নিব্যুহ হুবাবা; ছবিত-হ; To pause, linger or tarry:—ম. বিবাহ ; হ্বাবা; A putting of; a hindrance. Syn:—(খ.) Procastinate, prolong, protract; detain, hinder, retard, stop, impede; linger, tarry, lag, loiter.

Dele, déle, v. t. युडिवा (क्ला); हिक्र त्नांभ-कृ; To blot out, to erase. [be blotted out Deleble, dele-ble, a. विद्यांभ-(वांग); That may Delectable, de-lekta-bl, a आनक्त क्व ; Highly pleasing, delightful. Syn:—Delightful, enjoyable, pleasant, agreeable, gratifying. n=delectableness. ad=delectably.

Dolectation, de-lek-tashun, n. विविध्या आनम , Great pleasure of delight.

Delegate, desc-gat, v. t. [L. de, away, and lego, legatus, to send as ambassador] প্রতিনিধিম্বর্গ প্রেম্বা-কৃ; To depute, to send, as a representative:—ভাষাপা-কৃ, To entrust or commit to .—n. প্রতিনিধি: A deputy or representative:—n প্রেম্বিত, নির্মেজিত Deputed; sent to act for another. Syn:—(v) Commission, depute, appoint, authorize, commit, intrust, transfer (n) a deputy, a representative, a

vicar, envoy, ambassador.

Delegation, del-e-gashun, n. প্রতিনিধি নিমাণ;
The appointing of a delegate:—প্রতিনিধিবর্গ;
The person delegated:—খ্যন্তের উপর বাণ ভারার্পণ;
The assignment of a debt to another.

Delete, de-let, v. t [ L. deloo, deletum, to blot out ] মুছিয়া কেলা; বিনষ্ট-কু; To crase; to destroy. Deleterious, del-e-tere-us, a. ছানিজনক; আগ-নাপক; অনিষ্টকুৱ; বিষাক্ষ; Injurious; poisonous; pernicious. Sym:—Destructive, deadly, injurious, unwholesome, noxious, hurtful. n=deleteriousness.

Delf, delf, n. বৃত্তিকাৰিপিত বাসন ; মুংপাজ ; A kind of earthen ware, originally made at Delft, in Holland.

Deliberate, de-liber-at, v. t. [ L. de, intensive, and libro, to weigh ] मरन मरन विष्य ; मरनायरण भारताज्ञ क; To reflect upon; to consider the reasons for and against:—v. i. किया-क; विरक्ता-क, To reflect or consider; to weighin the mind,

—বাগাসুবাগ-ক; To debate:—a. সাববান; বীন; বুলননা, ব্রিবেচিড; Circumspect; slow in determining; cautious; well advised. Syn:—(v.) Ponder; reflect, consider, weigh; perpend, meditate; consult; debate. (a) Wary, cautious, considerate, thoughtful; well-considered; not rash, slow, grave; calm, collected, serious; designed. ad=deliberately. n=deliberateness. Deliberation, de-lib-ér-fishun, n. ব্রিবেচাং বিরুচ্ ; স্বাবিড্ডা; গ্রাবিড্ডা: গ্রাবিড্ডা: Mature re-

Deliberation, de-lib-ér-áshun, n. স্থিরভাবে ডিঅ!; প্রপশ্ভি!; পরিত!; গভীর চিজা; Mature reflection; calmness; coolness; prudence. Syn: —Thoughtfulness, circumspection, wariness, caution; consultation, discussion.

Deliberative, de-liber-a-tiv, a. বিচাৰ সম্বীয়; সুবিচাৰক্ষ; Pertaining to or proceeding or acting by deliberation,

Delicacy, deli-ka-si, अ. मन्द्रेग्डा , मार्था ; Agreeablenes; delightfulness:-(कामन्छा; कमनीवडा: লালিতা; Smoothness; softness: - মুশ্বীলতা. क्ष्मत्र , A nice propriety in civility or politeness :- ভুর্মলতা; কীণ্ডা, Weakness; tenderness of constitution :- শর্মানতা; Scrupulousness: -- স্ক্রেণিতা, স্ক্রেণে ; Critical niceness ; fastidious accuracy .- बार्याक ; (डान ; A luxury or pleasure :- সুমিষ্ট ক্রবা ; ক্রখাদা ক্রবা ; A dainty : —ভদ্ৰ ব্যবহাৰ ; Indulgence ; gentle treatment ; consideration. Syn :- Pleasantness, agreeableness; savouriness, relish; dainty, tidbit; fineness, nicety, elegance; tenderness, weakness, frailty; carefulness, scrupulosity, fastidiousness; nice perception, sensibility, sensitiveness; refinement, purity.

Delicate, deli-kat, a. [ L. de, intensive, and lacio, to entice ] परनाइव ; Delightful ; pleasing : - चुन्द ; ज्रिकन्द ; Nice ; fine ; elegant --পাতলা ; Light, said of colour :- কোমৰ ; Slight, or smooth ; light and yielding :- (कांपन , कुन्नद ; Soft and fair :- fbat; Fine or slender - 53; ফ্ৰীল; Refined; gentle—said of manners and conduct :-- অভি ভয় ; Scrupulously polite :--इल्लन , क्लामन ; Tender, feeble , frail ; effeminate -said of constitution, health &c. :- 7 17 11: Nice; critical; requiring nice handling -हे जिब्र-पूथक्व ; ভোগाসक , विनामी ; Pleasing to the senses ; luxurious ; voluptuous :- 57 , Nicely discriminating or preceptive; acute:-n. pl. Delicates, delicacies (विवास स्वाकांड)। Syn: -Pleasant, agrecable; sayoury, delicious, dainty; nice, fine, elegant; gentle, considerate ; feeble, frail, effeminate ; critical, fastidious ; refined, pure.

Delicately, deli-kat-li, ad. স্কোনলভাবে; বিলা-গিলান্ত্ৰাৰে; In a delicate manner, luxurnously. Delicateness, deli-kat-ness, ন. কোমলভা; কীৰ্চা; স্কুডা; স্বাহ্ডা; State of being delicate:
—বিলাদ; বিলাদিডা; Luxury.

Delicious, de-lishus, a. হ্ৰাছু; স্মিট্ট; ভৃত্তিকৰ; Highly pleasing to the taste or other senses:— প্ৰনানৰজনক; নিধতিশয় আননজনক; Most pleasing to the mind n=deliciousness. Syn:— Delightful, grateful, charming, pleasing, pleant, luscious, dainty, choice. Delight, de-lit, v. f. সন্তই-তৃ; আন্থাবিত-তৃ; আৰকিত-তৃ, To please highly — v. ঃ আনকিত-তৃ,
সন্তই-তৃ; Tobe greatly pleased :—n. আনক; উল্লান;
Plea-urable emotion, extreme joy. Syn:—(n)
Pleasure, happiness, joy, enjoyment, gladness,
transport. s = delighted ( সন্তই; Glad, pleased ).
Delight (exult or rejoice) in—কোন বিবেদ্ধ
আনোৰ অন্তৰ-তৃ; Feel pleasure in. Rejoice or
exult—আনকে নৃত্য-তৃ; Feel pleasure in a high
degree, leap for joy

Delightful, de-litíool, Delightsome, de-lit-sum, a. আনন্ধজনৰ, মনোহয়, মনোহয়; স্কৰ্ন, Full of delight, delicious; charming, lovely. ad=delightfully. n=delightfulness. Syn—Delicious, charming, agreeable, enjoyable, enchanting. [boundary of a country. Delimit, v. t. সীমা নিৰ্দেশ-কৃ. To lay out, as the

Delimitation, n. भेषां, Boundary line

Delineate, de-line-at, v t. [L de, down, and linea, a line] ম্য়া-কু, চিত্ৰ আছিত-কু, বৰ্ণনা-কু, To sketch, to portray, to describe Syn —Design, sketch, figure, represent by outline, depict, paint, draw, picture, portray, describe.

Delineation, de-lin-e-a-hun, n ন্মা, A sketch, outline, representation .— বৰ্ণনা , বিবরণ , A representation in words. Syn —Sketch, outline, draught, portrait, description, drawing, representation.

[ who delineates.

Delineator, de-line-ম-tor, স বৰ্ণাকাৰী, One Delinquency, de-ling'kwen-si, স. ক্ৰট, অপবাৰ, কোৰ, গাইত ক্ৰ, Failure in duty; a fault, misdeed, a crime.

Delinquent, de-ling'kwent, n অণরাধী বাজি. দোগী বাজি, An offender, a transgressor, a criminal—a. দোগী, অণবাধী, Failing in duty. Syn:—(n) Offender, transgressor, culput, criminal, evil-doer ad=Jelinquently

Deliquesce, del i-kwe', v i [ L de, intensive, and liquesce, to become fluid ] अनिश पांच्या, To melt or become liquid by attracting moisture from the air a=deliquescent n=deliquescence.

Deliquescent, a বাযুতে জ্বণশীল, Liqu fying in Delirious, de-liri-us, a [ L de, from, and lira, a furrow] বিকাৰগ্ৰহ; বিভ, উমত্ত, Lipordered, raving, insane. Syn —Raving, frantic, demented, mad, deranged

Delirium, de-lir'i-um, n প্রলাপ, মন্তিকের বিকৃতি .
A raving —মহা উৎসাহ , প্রবল উত্তেজনা , Strong excitement; wild enthusiasm Syn .—Insanity, frenzy, madness, derangement, lunacy, aberration.

Delirium tremens, গ অভিরক্ত মদাপান কনিত মত্তা, স্রাপান কনিত কণ্ডারিনী কিপ্ততা, A disease of the brain resulting from excessive drinking. Delitescence, del-i-tesens, গ গোপন, ভপ্তভাবে

অবস্থিতি , Concealment , retirement.

Delitescent, del-i-tesent, a. [ L de, from, and latesco-lateo, to lie hid ] বুকালিত , ওপ্তভাবে অবহিত , Lying hid or concealed.

Deliver, de-liver, v. t. [L de, from, and liberare, to set free-liber, free ] रका-इ. मुक-

ক; উজাৰ-ক; To set at liberty; to rescue :—
ডকাৰণ-ক; কহা; To pronounce; to communicate:—সমৰ্গা-ক; আৰ্থা-ক; To give up or part with:—বাৰ-ক; To relieve a woman in child-birth:—নিকো-ক; To give forth, as a blow &c. n=deliverer. Syn:—Release, discharge, liberate, loose, acquit; extricate, disengage, rescue, redeem, commit, transfer; yield, grant, surrender, resign, delinquish; utter, pronounce, deal out, give forth.

Deliver over, v. হ্বাছরিত-কু; Transfer —স্ব-পা-কু, Surrender or resign.

Deliver up, v. সমর্গ-র , Surrender. [a child. Be delivered of—মন্ব-ক , Be disburdened of Deliverance, de-livér-ans, n মুক্তি , উদ্ধার , Release from any kind of restraint — বিপদ হইতে পরিতাপ , স্বাধীনতা , Rescue from any danger , ficedom

Delivery, de-liver-i, n মুক্তি, উদ্ধার, Rescue, release — সাধাৰণ সমকে ব কা কথন ৰা তংগ্ৰণালী, Manner of speaking in public, utterance — প্রান্ত, Child-birth — সমূর্পণ Surrender -- তালি, A giving up Syn — Giving up, surrender, conveyance, utterance, enunciation, pronunciation, clocution, child-birth, labour, preturnion (see Dale

Dell, n. উপত্যকা, A small retired dale or valley Dolphie, a. Belonging to Delphi, a small town in Phocis, celebrated for its oracle of Apollo. Delta, delta, n [Gr. from Heb, daleth, a door (of a tent)] প্ৰীক বৰ্ণনাবাৰ চতুৰ্ব অবস্থা, The fourth let er of the Greek alphabet —নদীনুধ্য শীপ,

let er of the Greek alphabet — নদীমুৰত শীপ, ব গুপ, A tract of country between the mouths of a mer.

Deltoid, deltoid, a. जिर्कांगोकांत्र, विद्वाकांत्र, Triangular—applied to the mascle of the choulder.

Delude, de lud, v t [L. de, down, ludo, lusus, to play] strent & To decerce, to mislead, to cheat, to imp con, to beguile, to trick.

Delusion, de l'/hun, n এবঞ্লা, প্ৰভাৱণা, এম-পূৰ্ব বিবাস, আন্ত বিবাস, আম, Deception, error, iil is on, a false benef

Delusive, de-lu'sive, Delusory, de-lu'so -i, a হ্ৰক্তনক, প্ৰক্ষাণাৰ, Deceptive, apt to mislead. aa=d-lusively. n= iclusiveness.

Deluge, deluj, n { L dis, away, luo-lave, to wash ] বস্তা , জনপান , An inundation , a flood —v. t. ভানপানি হ ক , অভিচ্ত-ক , To inundate. Syn —(n) flood, inundation, rush, overflowing Delve, delv, v t বুলাল ছাৱা খনন-ক , To dig with a spade —প্ৰবেশ-ক , To fathom, penetrate, trace, act n=delver

Demagnetise, de-magnet-iz, v. f চৌষ্ক-শবি হান-কৃ, To deprive of magnetic polarity

Demagogne, dema-gog, n. [Gi demos, the people, and ago, to lead] বি আহোমীপৰ বেডা, A factious or seditious people—বিয়োহামীপৰ বিডা, A factious orator or agitator

Domain, de-māń, Domosno, de-meń, স জ্বী-দারের বসত বাড়ী ও ভারিকতম উহার বাছিকারভুক ভূমি, A main house and la ids adja\_ent, copyhold Demand, de-mand, v. t. [ L. de, from, and mando, to put into one's charge ] भाव-इ ; To claim :-- आरक्क क्या ; To make a requisition of : —বিজ্ঞানা-ৰ ; চাহে ; Ask ; call for :- ৮. i. অব্-नवान-कृ ; शांवि-कृ ; To make a demand, ask, enquire :- n. शांव ; A claim ; a requisition :-अप्रमान : Earnest inquiry :--वारतावन ; Request ; want :- शांतिकृत विवन ; That which one demands :- अन कदिवान केन्द्रा वा धार्यना ; The desire or calling for to purchase. Syn:-(v) Require, claim, exact, challenge, request; make enquiry, ask, interrogate, question. [ much sought for. In demand, গ্রোজনীয় ; লোকে চাহে ; In request ; On demand, চাহিবামাত্র; Upon presentation and request of payment; whenever payment is asked for.

Demandable, de-manda-bi, a আগন্তি-যোগা;
লাবি-যোগা; That may be claimed. [A plaintiff.
Demandant, de-mandant, n. বালী; অভিযোজা;
Demarcation, Demarkation, de-mark-fishun,
n. বিভাগ, নিৰ্দিষ্ট সীমা; Division; a fixed limit.
Syn:—Division, separation, limit, boundary,
marches.

Line of demarcation—সীমানির্দেশ রেখা; ভাগ-চিক্ রেখা, Is a line real or imaginary that hounds or limits.

Domean, de-men, v. t. ব্যবহার-কু; আচরণ-কু; To behave; conduct; treat:—জ্বস্তু-কু; নীচ-কু; To lower; to behave meanly; to debase.

Domoanour, de-menur, n. ব্ৰকার; আচরা; Behaviour; bearing. Syn:—Behaviour, deportment, carriage, bearing, mien, conduct, air. Demontate, a. জানশুড; Deprived of reason: v. t. জানশুড; To deprive of reason.

Domented, de-mented, a. [L. de, from, and mens, the mind] কিন্ত, উন্মত্ত; বিকৃতবৃদ্ধি, Crazy, mad, infatuated; insane.

Dementia, n. স্থতিশক্তির হ্লান : Loss of mental power as a result of brain-disease.

Domerit, de-mer'it, n. (对可; 每对对对; Fault; crime. Syn:—Ill-desert, transgression, error, fault, failing, crime, vice, delinquency.

Demesne, -See Demain.

Demi-god, demi-god, [Fr. demi, half, and God] উপদেব, দেবতুলা ব্যক্তি; An inferior deity, a fabulous hero.

Demirep, démi-rep, n. স্বিশ্ব-চরিত্রা রুম্বী; A woman of doubtful chastity.

Demise, de-miz, n. [L. dis, aside, and missus, to send] রাজা বা ব্যাভনামা বাজির মৃদ্যা; মৃত্যা; Death of a sovereign or a distinguished person: decease:—হতাছরিত করণ; The conveyance of an estate by lease or will:—v. t. উইল করা; উত্তর্বাধিকারী দান-কৃ; To bequeath. Syn:—(n) conveyance, alienation, death, deceased, departure.

Demission, de-mishun, n. অধ্যণতন; নানহানি, মানহানতা; হ্বাভরিত করণ; Degradation; humiliation; (gansfer.

Demogracy, de-mokra-si, n. [Gr. demos, the people, and krateo, to rule ] সাধারণতা; এলাডা শাস্ব-প্রধানী; A republican form of government.

Syn:—Republicanism, representative government, republic.

Democrat, demo-krat, ন. সাধাৰণতত্ৰপকাৰকৰী; অজাতত্ৰশাসৰপ্ৰশাসীৰ প্ৰপাতী; A friend to popular government.

Democratic, dem-o-kratik, Democratical, dem-o-krati-kal, a. একাতম-সংখীৰ; একাতম্বাস্ক-প্ৰণী সভাৰীৰ; Pertaining to government by the people. ad—democratically.

Demolish, de-molish, v. t. [ L. de, down, and molior, to move, to hurl ] আন্ত-ফু; বিজয়-ফু; To destroy; to ruin; to pull down. Syn:—Overturn, overthrow, destroy, dismantle, raze, annihilate, subvert, ruin, dash to pieces.

Demolition, dem-o-lishun, n. স্বাস ; Destruction, ruin.

Demon, de mon, n. [ L. doemon, Gr. daimon, a spirit, genius ] বৈত্য; ভূত; গিলাচ; অপদেৰতা; An evil spirit; a devil. Syn:—Tutelary angel, genius; evil spirit, fiend, devil.

Demon in human shape—মূর্তিমান পাপ; স্বত্যন্ত পাপী; Devil incarnate.

Demoniac, dc-moniacal, de-moniacal, de-moni-ak-al, Demonian, dc-moni-an, a. পৈশাচিক; Pertaining to demons or evil spirits:
—ভূত্ৰৰ; Produced by evil spirits; influenced by demons. ad=demoniacally.

Demoniae, de-mu'ni-ak, n. ভূতপ্ৰত ব্যক্তি; A human being possessed by an evil spirit.

Demoniacism, n. গৈণাচিক ব্যবসায়; Demoniacal practices. [or false gods.

Demonism, n. পিশাতে বিশাস ; Belief in demons Domonolatry, de-mon-ofa-tri, n. ভূত-পূজা ; পিশাত-পূজা ; The worship of demons.

Demonologist, de-mon-olo-jist, n. পৈশাচিক বিদ্যাবিৎ পণ্ডিত ; A writer on demonology.

Demonology, de-mon-olo-ji, n. পৈশাচ-তৰ, A treatise on evil spirits. a = demonologic, demonological.

Demonstrable, de-monstra-bl, a. উপপাদ্য; সাধ্য; বৃদ্ধমাণ যোগা, That may be demonstrated. n=demonstrableness, ad=demonstrably.

Demonstrate, de-monstrat, v. t. [L. de, intensive, and monstro, to shew] নি:সংক্রংক কু কুরুবে কুণার ; স্পষ্টরূপে প্রদর্শন-কু; To prove with certainty; to point out clearly. Syn:—Indicate, manifest, exhibit, show, prove, establish, make evident.

Demonstration, dem-on-strashun, দ. প্রদর্শন ; প্রকাশ ; Exhibition — সংলেহণুত প্রমাণ ; বিশুল প্রমাণ ; Proof beyond doubt :—বাহিত লক্ষণ বাবা মৰোভাব প্রকাশ ; Expression of the feelings by outward signs :—প্রকাশ ; কৃত্রিম দৈক্ত পরিচালন ; Show ; exhibition ; a military movement indicating an intention.

Demonstrative, de-monstra-tiv, a. প্রতিপাদক;
লাইগ্রনী; Exhibiting clearly:—দৃচ প্রাথাদিক;
Proving with certainty:—সরল; Frank:—প্রাথাদিক;
দা নিশাপুর; Consisting of eulogy or of invective:—প্রথাপারার্য; Given to the expression of of one's feelings. ad-demonstratively, nademonstratively,

Demonstrator, demon-strator, \* নিসেবেৰ ভাষাপ-সালপত : One who proves certainty :— শিক্ষ : শরীর্থাবছেন্বিলার স্ব্যাপত : One who teaches : one who teaches anatomy from the dissected parts.

Demoralisation, de-mor-al-i-záshun, %. নীডি-জাইডা ; চরিজ্ঞীনভা ; Corruption of morals.

Demoralise, de-mor'al-iz, v. f. চরিজ্ঞীনতা-তু. To debase, to vitiate:—নীডিজ্ঞ তু; To corrupt Demotic, de-morik, a. [Gr. demos, the people] জনসাধারণনত্ত্বীয় ; সাধারণ ; Popular ; common-

Demotic alphabet or character, n. A form of writing used in Egypt since 6 or 7 centuries, B. C. for books, deeds &c.

Demulcent, de-mulsent, a. [L. de, and mulceo, to stroke, to soothe] মিছকারী; পাতিকর, কোৰল্ড্ড্ড ; Soothing; mollifying. Syn:—Mollifying, mild, lenitive, sedative, emollient.

Demur, de-mur', v. i. [L. demoror, to loiter, linger] দ্বি-কৃ, ইতত্তত:-কৃ; বিসৰ-কৃ; আপত্তি-কৃ; To hesitate; to delay; to scruple; to object:n. বিরাম; বিরতি; দ্বি।, বৈশভাব; A stop; a pause, hesitation. Syn:-(\*) Stop, pause, hesitate, be in doubt; object, make objections.

Demure, de-mur, a. পাৰ, বিনীড; গৰীৰ; Sober, modest; grave. Syn:—Grave, staid, sedate, decorous, downcast, modest, coy; prudish, affectedly modest. ad=demurely. n=demureness.

Demurrage, de-mur'aj, n. বন্দরে বাণিক্সজাহাঞাদির নিবমাতিবিক্ত সময় শবন্ধিতি করণেব জক্ত ভাড়া: গহিবর ভাড়া, An allowance for the delay of a vessel

Demy, de-mi', n. [Fr. demi—L. dimidium, half—dis, through, and medius, the middle ] ম্যাণ্ভালিন বিদ্যালয়ের বৃত্তিভাগী ছাত্র. A scholar of
Magdalen College, Oxford:—কাগজ বিশেষ, A
size of paper 22½ by 17½ inches.—a. Pertaining to or made of this size of paper.

Den, den, ন. গজর; গুহা; A cave:—গুরি; A place of concealment:—সহত পহায়তের স্থান; A haunt:—অপ্রপত্ত উপত্যকা; A narrow valley:—নিকৃত্ব বাসহান, A wretched dwelling place:—v.i. সন্তের বাস-কৃ; To dwell as in a den. Syn:—Cavern, cave; lair; valley, glen; resort, retreat, haunt.

Denarius, n. पूरा वित्तव ; An old Roman coin about 16 cents.

Denary, dehar-i, a. [L. decen, ten ] ৰূপন . The number ten :—a. স্পুসম্বিত , Containing ten.

Denationalise, de-nashun-al-iz, v. f. জাতীয় স্বভাৰ ৰা স্বন্থ হইতে বিচ্যুত বা বহিছত-কৃ; To deprive of national character or rights.

Denaturalise, de-natural-iz, e.f. বিদেশে প্ৰ প্রবাসাধিকার হইতে বিচ্যুত বা বিজ্ঞত-কু; To deprive of acquired citizenship in a foreign country.

Dendroid, dendroid, a. [Gr. dendron, a tree, and eidos, form ] 李神神清; Having the form of a tree, resembling a tree in form.

Dendrology, den-drolo-ji, ন. [Gr. dendron, and logos, a discourse] বৃক-বিজ্ঞান; পাৰণ-তম্ব; l'he natural history of trees. Dengue, ন. আৰু বিশেষ; A violent fever with rheumatism, epidemic in tropical countries. Deniable, de-nia-bl, a. আধীৰাৰ বোগা; অবীকৃতি-বোগা; That may be denied.

Denial, de-ni'al, म. अवीकांत्र ; व्यक्तिकां ; A refusal ; contradiction. Syn:—Contradiction, rejection, disowing, abjuration ; disclaimer, disavowal.

Denisen, deni-zn, ন. পৌরজন; অধিবানী; A dweller; an inhabitant:—প্রবানাধিকার প্রাপ্ত হাজি; পৌরাধিকার প্রাপ্ত হাজি; A naturalised citizen:—
৩. বি. প্রবানাধিকার প্রবান-কু; To enfranchise:—
অধিবানী বারা পূর্ব-কু; To provide with occupants:
—পৌরজন মধ্যে প্রধান-কু; To make a denizen of.
Syn:—(n) Dweller, inhabitant, resident.

Denominate, de-nomin-হা, v. t. [ L. de, and nomino, to name ] নান-দে; আব্যা-দে; To designate; to give a name to. Syn:—Name, call, title, style, entitle, christen; designate, denote. Denomination, de-nom-in-āshun, n. নাম বা উপাধি বা আবা; A name or title:—এক আবাধারী ব্যক্তিবর্গ; সন্থানায়; A sect, class or division. Syn:—Name, appellation, designation, title, term; body, sect, class, school. [ খারিক; Sectarian. Denominational, de-nom-in-āshun-al, a. সাম্প্রাচিক সাম্পরাচিক সাম্প্রাচিক সাম্প্রাচি

Denominative, de-nomin-হা-iv, a. আধাপ্রদ; উপাধিএদ; সংজ্ঞাপ্রদ; Conferring a title:—নামধারী, Possessing a distinct appelation. adadinominatively.

Denominator, de-numin-at-or, n. আধা-দাতা; নাম-দাতা; One who or that which gives a name:—ভগ্নাদেশ হয়; Number below the line in vulgur fractions.

Denote, de-not, v. t. [ L. de, intensive, and noto, to mark] চিক্ল-দে; চিক্লিড ক; To indicate by a mark; to signify by a visible sign:—নিৰ্দেশ-ক; To point out:—ক্ষাপন-ক; To signify, to mean. Syn:—Signify, betoken, show, designate, typify. n=denotion.

Denouement, de-noo'mong, or da-noo-mon, নাটকের বা উপজ্ঞানের পেৰ আছ; The final scene in a play or in a plot of the novel:—পরিণাম; পেব.
The unravelling of a plot or story; issue:—ক্ষ বিকাশ; Development.

Denounce, de-nowns, Denunciate, de-nuńshi-at, v. t. { L. de, and nuncio, to announce | জাপন ক; To announce:—বাফিক লক্ষ্য বারা ভব্রদ্রিন ক; To threaten by some outward expression:—একাজ্ঞানে নিলা-ক; প্রকাল্ডে বোরারোগ-ক; To abuse publicly to censure or accuse publicly:—কোন ব্যক্তিকে কর্তার্ক বিলয় নির্দ্ধেশ-ক; To point out as deserving of punishment. Syn:—Inform against, accuse, arraign; brand, stigmatize, censure, condemn, decry; proscribe; menace, threaten.

Denouncement, de-nownément, n. su suré :
A notification of a threat. [ nunce.
Denunciate, denuń-shiźt, v. f. [क्या-इ ; To deDenunciation, denuń-shiź-shun, n. surks

किया ; Public accusation :— कींड अपन्य ; A threat.

Denunciator, de-nuńshi-2-tor, ল- বিশাকারী; অপ্রায়কারী: One who denounces.

Denunciatory, de-nuńshi-a-tor-i, a. विकायक्य ;

Dense, dens, s. [ L. densus, thick ] विविष् ; वव .
Close; compact; thick. Syn:—Close, condensed, compressed, solid, substantial, thick, heavy, opaque. admdensely. nedenseness.

Density, densi-ti, n. प्लठा; Thickness: --पन , पूलठा; The proportion of mass to bulk or volume.

Dent, dent, n. কটনতৰ পদাৰ্থৰ চাপ বা আবাত থাবা কোনলতৰ পদাৰ্থৰ উপন্ন উৎপন্ন ছিন্ত; A small hollow made by the pressure or blow of a harder body on a softer:—v. t. ইক্ষণে ছিন্ত উৎপাদন-ড়; To make a dent by means of a blow.

Dental, dental, a. [L. dens, dentis, a tooth]
দল্পৰ্কীয়, Pertaining to the teeth:—সভ বারা
উচ্চারিত ; ঘত্তা; Pronounced by the teeth:—n. মন্ত্রা
ব্ , A letter pronounced chiefly by the teeth.

Dentate, dentat, Dentated, dentat-ed, a

Denticle, deutikl, n. [I. dens, a tooth] THE WEY; A small tooth. a = denticulate, n = denticulation.

Denticulate, den-tiku-lat, a. কৃত্ত কত বিশিষ্ট, Having small tooth. [form of a tooth. Dentiform, denti-form, a. মতাকাৰ, Having the Dentifrice, denti-fris, n. [L. dens, a tooth, and frico, to rub] মতাশোধন চুৰ্ব; মাজন; Powder to cleanse the tooth.

Dentist, defitist, গ. দ্ব-চিকিংসক, Operator on the tooth, one whose occupation is to cure diseases of the teeth, or to insert artificial teeth.

Dentistry, defitist-ri, n. দছ চিকিৎসা; The profession of a dentist.

Dentition, den-tishun, ल. क्ट्रिकिंग; क्ट्रिकिंग, The cutting or growing of teeth.

Denudation, den-u-da'shun, n. আবরণ ভূম করণ .
অসবাহুর বেলে শৈলের কর ; A making bare ; the wearing away of rocks by water and atmospheric action, whereby the underlying rocks are laid bare.

Denude, de-niid, v. t. { l. de, and nudo, to make naked } বিৰয়-ভূ; নয়-ভূ; উপস্-ভূ; To lay bare, to strip, to uncover. n = denudation.

Deny, de-nr, v. f. আধীকার-ফু; আগাই-ফু; To gainsay; to reject; to disown. Syn:—Contradict, gainsay; abjure, disown, disayow, renounce; withhold, refuse to grant, reject.

Deny one's self—আত্মগবেদ-কৃ, ত্যাগ খীকার-কৃ; Practise self-denial, abstain from, go without. There's no denything—ভাহা অধীকার করিলে চলিবে না।

Deobatruct, de-ob-struct, v. t. প্ৰেৰ বাধা দুৱী-ছত-ড়; To remove obstructions to passages, particularly passages of the body.

Deobstruent, de-ob-stru-ent, a. वावानिवादक; Removing obstructions to passages, particularly passages of the body:—n. वावानिवादक उपक्ष विरुद्ध;

A medicine, that removes obstructions to passages of the body. [ disinfect. Deodorise, de-o'dor-iz, v. t. প্ৰিমৰ পুত-স্থ ; To Deoxidate, de-ok'i--dat, Deoxidase, de-ok'diz, v. t. বাডায়জন-মু ; To deprive of oxygen. n=deoxidation.

Depart, de-part, v i. [L. de, from, and partier, to part, to devide] আছান-ক ; চলিয়া-বা ; To go away; to quit or leave :—ইংলোক পরিত্যাপ ক ; মরিয়া বাবয়া; To die. Syn .—Quit, leave, decamp, retire, withdraw, remove, migrate, decease, die; disappear, vanish; deviate from, vary from.

Depart from পরিত্যাপ-কু, কোন রীতির অধুবর্তন ক্ষিয়া না চলা, Abandon:—(বলাপ-কু; Not to adhere to.

Department, de-parement, n বিভাগ, A part or portion:—বিক্লপিত কার্য্য; Appointed sphere or walk:—কার্য্য-বিভাগ, A branch of business.— প্রামেশ; A division of a country. a=departmental. Syn:—Part, portion, subdivision, section, sphere, province, district; office, station, function.

Departure, de-part'-ur, n. প্ৰাৰ; The act of departing:—মহালহাৰ, মৃত্যু, Death:—ব্যক্তিক , Deviation or abandonment. Syn:—Withdrawal, removal, exit; abandonment; decease, demise, death.

Dopasture, depastur, v. f. থাইয়া কেলা; To eat up, to consume:—v. s. তুগ ভোজন-কু; To feed, to gaze.

Depauperate, de-paw'pér-āt, v. t. (L. de, and pauper, poor] ধনহান-কু, To make poor :—উন্দেশ্য নই-কু; To deprive of fettility or richness.

Depend, de-pend, v. s. [L. de, from, and pendeo, hang] সম্মান থাকা, সংশ্লিপ্ত-থাকা; To hang from:—বিষাস-কু, নিৰ্ভন-কু; To rely; trust, confide. Syn.—Rest on, repose on, lean on, rely upon, build upon, trust in, count upon. Depend on—উৎপদ্ধ-ত. Arise from:—বিশুন ক:

Depend on তথেছ ব Arise from :- নি ভর ক ; Rest on (implying connection as cause and effect).

Depend upon it-- निक्य मानित , Be sure.

Dependent or Dependent, de-pendant, dependent, a. লম্মান, Hanging from:—আনিড, মহান; Relying on, subject to the power of:— সম্ভ্ৰাচক, Conditional—n. প্ৰাপেক, ভূডা, A servent or retainer. ad=dependently. Syn:—(a) Subject, contingent, resting subordinate, (n) vassal, retainer, hanger on, minion, client.

Dependence, de-pendens, n লখনাতা; The act of hanging from .—প্রশান সম্ম : Connection —নিভারতা, বিযাস; অধীনতা, প্রানিতা; Reliance, trust, subjection to the direction or disposal of another:—আলম ; That on which one depends. Sym —Connection, concatenation, rehance, trust, confidence, subordination, subjection; stay, staff, support.

Dependency, de-penden-si, n. অধীনতা; State of being dependent:—উপনিবেশ; Colony.

Dephlogmate, de-fleg'mat, v. t. অভিনিক্ত অল বা অগীয় ভাগ নষ্ট-কু; পরিকার-কু; To deprive of ১০০০abundant water to clear spirit or acids of acqueous matter; to rectify.

Depict, de-pikt, v. t. [ L. de, intensive, and pingo, to paint ] চিত্ৰ-ছ; বৰ্ণনা-ছ; To paint; to describe. Syn:—Portray, paint, sketch, delineate; describe, set forth, picture, depicture.

Depilate, de-pilat, v. t. [L de, off, and pilus, hair] কেন্ট্ৰ-ফ ; To take off hair from.

Depilatory, de-pila-tor-i, a. কেশনাগৰ; Having the quality or power of removing hair:—n. কেশহাৰু বা নোমনাগৰ উৰ্থ; An application for taking off hair.

Deplete, de-plet, v. f. [L. de, and plere, to fill] 和 received; To empty as the vessels of the human system by venesection. Syn:—Drain, evacuate, exhaust.

**Depletion,** de-plg'shun, n [L. de, negative, and pleo, to fill] শোণিত মোকণ, Bloodletting.

Deplorable, de-plor'a-bl, a ছ:বজনৰ; বেগজনৰ; বোটনীয়; Lamentable; calamitous; sad; grievous. Syn:—Wretched, sad, miserable, calamitous, grievous, lamentable, disastrous; pitiable, contemptible, despicable. n=deplorableness; ad=deplorably.

Deplore, de-plor', v. t. [ L de, intensive, and plore, to weep ] পরিতাপ-ক ; বিলাপ-ক , বেদ-ক ; To lament ; to mourn ; to bewail. Syn:—Mourn, lament, bewail, bemoan ; grieve for, sorrow ever. n=deploration, ad=deploringly.

Deploy, de-ploy', v. t. উন্মীলিড-কু; বিভাৱ-কু; To open out or extend:—v. i. শ্রেনীবদ্ধ হইবা বিশ্বড-হ; To open, to extend in line:—n. স্বভাৰার হাতে শ্রেনীর আকারে দৈশু-সম্বাবেশ; The expansion of a body of troops from a column into a line.

Deplumation, de-ploom-ashun, n. প্ৰোৎ-পাৰ্যন ; Act ot depluming .—মোগবিশেন ; A tumour in the eyelids, with loss of hair.

Deplume, de-ploom, v. t. [L de, from, and pluma, a feather] প্ৰোংশটিন-ড়, To take the plumes or feathers from .—প্ৰকাশ-ড়, To lay bare; to expose.

Depolarise, de-polariz, v. t. মেরপ্রবৃত্য নষ্ট-কু;
To deprive of polarity, n=depolarisation.

Depone, de-poh, v. t. [ L. de, down, and pone, to place ] সাক্ষ্য-বে; To depose :—v. i. শুপৰপূৰ্ত্তক সাক্ষ্য-বে; To testify under an oath.

Deponet, de-pu'nent, a. কৰ্মবাচ্যের আকারবিশিষ্ট আৰ্ফ ক্ত্রবাচ্যের অর্থপ্রকাশক; Having a passive form but laying down an active signification:— ল. একাণ ক্রিয়াগদ; A deponent verb:—আনালতের সাকী; One who gives testimony in a court of justice.

Depopulate, de-pop'ū-lāt, v. t. { L. ds, intensive, and populor, to spread over a country } অন্তঃ-ছ; উদ্ধান্ত: To unpeople; to lay waste; dispeople:—v. i. অন্তঃ-ছ; To become dispeopled. n=depopulator.

Depopulation, de-pop-u-läshun, n. উদ্ধেদ : ধনে ; Act of or state of being depopulated. Deport, de-port, v. t. { L. de, away, and porto,

so carry ] ताराधनं कु ; बिर्लानिक-कु ; To transport ;

to exile:—ব্ৰহান-ই আচৰণ-ই To demean; to behave. [banishment; transportation. Deportation, de-port-ishun, n. নিৰ্বাসন; Exile; Deportment, de-portment, n. ব্ৰহান; আচৰণ; Behaviour; conduct, carriage. Syn:—Demeanour, bearing, comportment, air, mien.

Deposable, de-ক্রুa-bl, a. সিংহাসমচ্যত করিবার উপযুক্ত , পদচ্যত করপীর ; That may be deposed. Deposal, de-pozal, n. freinapile Deposition. Depose, de-poz, v. t. [Fr. de, and posess, to place ] निःशानन्। उ-कृ ; अक्ट्राज-कृ ; To dethrone ? to degrade :- সাক্য-সে: To aver upon oath :-v. i. माका-त ; To testify. Syn :- Dethrone, dismiss, degrade, break, cashier, oust, discrown, testify, declare, depone. [ (upon oath). Depose to-इनक कतिहा नाकी (पश्ता ; Testify to Deposit, de-pozit, v. t. [ L. de, down, and pono, to put or set ] क्षान्त ; To lay down ; to place ; to put :- नक्त्र कविता त्रांश ; करा-कृ ; Te store :- \*\* To commit to the custody of another, esp. to place in a bank as money to be drawn at will :- nfees aivi ; To intrust :- n. That which is laid or thrown down -- arite and রাখা টাকা; গাঁচ্ছিত বস্তু, বন্ধক, That which is intrusted to another, as, money in bank; a pledge, n=depositor.

In deposit or On deposit—গঞ্জিভ ; In trust or safe keeping , in a state of pledge.

Depositary, de-pofi-tar-i, n. বাহান্ন নিকট কোন জ্বা গছিত নাথা হন; অভিভাবক; ডম্বাবধানক; One with whom any thing is entrusted; a guardian, a trustee.

Deposition, dep-o-zishun, n. অংশনিকেল; Precipitation; sediment:—একেহার; পাণপুর্ক্তক নাকালার; Evidence given in a court of justice:—হানান্তর করণ; Removal — পাল্যান্ত; The depriving of office or dignity — ভলানি; পালি; Sediment. Syn—Dethronement, dismission, displacement, removal; evidence, testimony, declaration, affidavit; precipitation.

Depository, de-pozi-tor-i, n. with select ; Place where any thing is deposited for safe custody.

Depot, de-po', n. ভাতার-পৃত ; সঞ্মাপার ; A store-house ; a military depository for the stores of an army ; ware-house :— সৈনিকগণের আভড়া ; রেজ-প্রের শেব সীমান্ত গৃহ : The head quarters of a regiment ; a building for the reception of passengers at the termination of rail-road Sym — Warehouse, storehouse, depository, military station, railway station

Depravation, dep-ra-vashun, n কাডার, আইজা .
Depravity; profligacy:—আইকরণ; Vitiation.
Deprave, de-prav, v. f [L de, and pravus, crooked, bad] দ্বিত-তৃ; কৰ্মিড-তৃ, To vitiate, to corrupt. Syn:—Corrupt, vitiate, contaminate, pollute, impair, deteriorate, demoralize.
Depraved, de-pravd, a. আই; মুক্তিন; Corrupt;

abandoned. admdepravedly. n=depravedness.
Depravity, de-pravi-ti, n. क्वियां ; क्वांत्र हा विकास क्वांत्र हा क्वा

ness, vice, contamination, degeneracy, villaing, immortality, baseness.

Deprecate, dep're-kat, v. f. [L. de, away, and precor, to pray] আগদ বিধানণাৰ্থ প্ৰাৰ্থনা-ত্ব; সভাপ প্ৰিডাাণ-ত্ব; To try to ward off by prayer; pray against. ad=deprecatingly.

Deprecation, dep-re-káshun, n. আগদ নিবারণার্থে প্রার্থনা; অবুনর; A praying against evil; a entreaty.

[By way of seeking to avert. In deprecation of—নিবারণ করিবার অভিযারে; Deprecative, dep're-kā-tor-i, a. মার্থনা খারা আগদ্-বিগপ্-এবণ; আগদিবারী; বিগরিবারক; Tending to avert evil.

Depreciate, de-pré'shi-at, v. t. [L. de, down, and pretium, price] বুলা হ্লান-ফু; নিলা-ফু; To underrate; to disparage:—v. i. বুলা কমিয়া-বা; ইান্য্ল্য-ফু; To fall in value. Syn:—Decry, disparage, traduce, detract, underrate, undervalue, underestimate.

Depreciation, de-pre-shi-ashun, n. মূল্যের হাস ; নিৰা ; Disparagement ; decrease of value.

Depreciative, de-pre'shi-á-tiv, Depreciatory, a. de-pre'shi-a-tor-i, a. গুণাপ্ৰ্ক, ব্লাহ্ৰাস্ ক্ৰাণীল; Under valuing; tending to depreciate. Depredate, dep're-dat, v. t. [ L. de, and prædur, prada, plunder] লুঠ ক; ব্ৰহ্ম ক; হ্মা-ক; বেলপুৰ্কক এহণ-ক; To rob; to punder, to pillage, to spoil. n=depredation.

Depredation, dep-re-dashun, พ. ซุซิส ; Plunder; robbery. Syn:—Despoiling, spoliation, robbery, devastation.

Depredator, dep're-dā-tor, n. স্ঠক; সহা; অপ-হাৰক; A plunderer; a robber. a = depredatory Depredatory, dep're-dā-tor-i, a. স্ঠনাৰ্থক, Plundering; spoiling.

Depress, de-press, v. t. [L. de, down, and premo, to press] অপ্রোদ্যম-ক, অবনতি-ক; নত-ক; To dispirit; to humble; to cause to sink. Syn:—Sink, lower, abase, cast down, deject, degrade, dispirit, sadden, discourage. ad=depressingly.

Depression, de-preshun, n. বিষাধ ; উদাধ-ভাজ ; Dejection ; despondency:—অপকৃতি ; বীচডা-আহি ; Humiliation ; abasement:—টোল ; গহবে ; A cavity or hollow. Syn:—Reduction, sinking, fall ; dejection, melancholy, gloominess, sadness ; indentation, dent, dint, dimple, pit ; lowness, dulness, inactivity ; couching.

Depressive, de-presiv, a. विश्वापनक; Tending to depress or cast down. n=depressor.

Deprivation, dep-ri-vashun, n. কৃতি; অপ্তর; Bereavement; a taking away; loss.

Deprive, de-priv, v. t. { L. de, from, privo, to deprive } ৰাজ্য-ছ; বিচ্যাত-ছ, To take from; to dispossess; to bereave. Syn:—Strip, bereave, rob, despoil, divest; withhold, withdraw, debar. Depth, depth, n. বভাৰতা; The measure of deepness down or in:—সমৃত্য; The sea:—মধ্যাতার; The middle:—বভাৰ হাল; A deep place:
—মভাৰতা; Profoundness; extent of sagacity and penetration:—বিশ্বাত ; Abstruseness, obscurity. Syn:—Deepness, profundity; extent, measure; middle, central part; obscurity,

mystery; discomment, penetration, astuteness, sagacity. [depth.

Depthless, depthles, a. আগভাষ; Having no Depurate, dé-pur-at, v. t. [L. de, and purus, pure] দির্মণ বা পরিভাষ-কু; To cleanse, to purify. n=depuration. a=depuratory.

Deputation, dep-U-tashun, n. প্রতিনিধি বর্মা ধোনা; Delegation:—প্রতিনিধিবর্গ; The persons deputed. Syn:—Delegation, commission; deputies, delegates.

Depute, de-put, v. t. নিৰোগ-ড়; প্ৰতিনিধি বৰণ প্ৰেন্-ড়; To send with a special commission: to delegate. Syn:—Commission, delegate, authorize, empower, charge, accredit.

Deputy, dep'u-ti, n. প্রতিনিধি; A substitute, an agent, a delegate; representative, ambassador. Derango, de-ranj. v. t. বিশ্বান কু; উদ্যান্ত : ব্যানিকান্ত, to discompose; to disorder the intellect of. Syn:—Disorder, disarrange, displace, unsettle, disturb, confuse, discompose, ruffle, disconcert, confound; madden.

Derangement, n. বিশ্বনতা; Disorder:—উন্ধৃতা, Insanity; mania. Syn:—Disarrangement, confusion, irregularity, disturbance; lunacy, madness, delirium, mania, insanity.

Derelict, der'e-likt, a. [ L. de, and linquo, to leave ] পরিত্যক্ত ; Abandoned :---n. পরিত্যক্ত বিষয় বা বস্তু ; Any thing forsaken or abandoned.

Descrition, ক. বৰ্জন; পরিত্যাগ; বিধানঘাতকতা; Descrition; abandonment. Syn:—Abandonment, relinquishment; faithlessness, neglect.

Deride, v. t. de-rid, v. t. [ L. de, intensive, and rideo, to laugh ] বিজ্ঞপ-ড়; উপহাস-ড়; To laugh at; to mock; taunt. n=derider; ad=deriding-ly. Syn:—Ridicule, mock, taunt, insult, scorn, laugh at, jeer, sneer at, flout, gibc.

Derider, n. विज्ञ नवाडी ; One who derides.

Derision, de-rizhun, n. বিজ্ঞা; প্রিয়ান; Contempt; mockery:— উপহাসাপন; An object of contempt; a laughing stock. Syn:—Scorn, mockery, insult, ridicule, disrespect, laughter.
Derisive, de-risiv, Derisory, a. উপহাস্থয়ৰ;

ৰাজপূৰ্ব; Mocking; ridiculing. ad—derisively.
Derivable, de-riva-bl, a. উৎপাদৰীয়; অনুধাৰবোগা; অনুমেয়; Capable of being derived; inferrible. ad—derivably.

Derivation, der-i-vashun, n. পদেৰ বৃৎপত্তি নিৰ্ণৱ;
The tracing of a word to its original root:—
উৎপত্তি; The act of drawing or receiving from a source:—অসুমিত বিষয়; Act of procuring an effect for a cause. Syn:—Origin, source, descent, geneology; etymology.

Derivative, de-riva-tiv, a. বাংপতি-সিদ্ধ; অৱধান; নৌণ; Not radical or original; secondary:—». অস্ত হইতে গৃহীত বিষয়; Any thing obtained or deduced from another:—শকান্তনোৎপত্ৰ শক্ষ; বৌসিক পদ; A word formed from another word, adderivatively.

Derive, de-riv, v. t. [ L. de, down from, rivus, river or stream ] লভয় ; To draw from, as water :—বাহিন্নত; Take or receive from a source or origin :—বাহান্ত; Infer :—বাহান্ত

নিপা-ড়; To trace a word to its root:—v.i. উপোন্ত; অপুন্তি-ত; To flow, proceed; be deduced. Syn:—Receive, obtain, get; trace, deduce, infer.

Derive from—কোন কিছুর দল্প হওৱা বা পাওবা, Obtain from (as from a source) :—উৎপত্তি হওৱা; Come from, as from a root.

Derm, derm, n. 54; The true skin.

Dormal, dermal, a. চর সম্মীয়; Pertaining to the skin.

Dermatology, dér-ma-tolo-ji, n. [Gr derma, and logos, a discourse] চৰ্মাৰ্কাৰ; চৰ্মাত্ৰ; A treatise on skin.

Dermer, der'm-ar, a. শেষ ; চ্ডাস্ক ; Last ; final. Derogate, der'o-gat, v. s. [i.. de, from, rogo, to propose a low] ছান-ফ ; অপ্ৰথ-ফ ; ছুৰ্নাম-ফ ; To detract from, to disparage —v. s. To detract :—

a Diminished in value.

Derogation, der-o-gáshun, n অপবাদ; নিন্দা, Disparagement, depreciation.

Derogatory, de-rog'a-tor-1, a. খণাণক্ক, কতি-কাৰক, অপ্যানজনক; Detracting; injurious. ad= derogatorily. n=derogatoriness Syn — Detracting, disparaging, depreciate; injurious.

Derogatory to (a disparagement to)— মানহানিকর, লন্কাবক, Calculated to lesson the value or dignity of.

Dervis, dervis, Devise, Dervish, dervish, क. व्यापन ; A Turkish or Persian monk.

Descant, deskant, n [ L. dis, apart, and cantus, a song, -canto, to sing ] 417; A variation of an air :- नमात्नाहना ; A discourse ; a comment .- v. 1. शान-कृ, To sing a variation :-বিচার-ক ; সমালোচনা-ক , To discourse under several heads; to comment. Syn :- Discourse, animadvert, dilate, amplify, expatiate, enlarge. Descend, de send, v. t. [ L de. down, scando, to climb ] बार्याशमन-क , अवात्राह्श-क , To go downwards, to come down - আরম্ব- স , To fall upon or invade :- অন্ত ইইতে প্রাপ্ত-ই , To proceed from father to son; to be derived from :- To pass from the more general to the particular :v. t. অংশাগমন-ৰু , অবভবণ-কু ; To go down upon or along; to pass from the top to the bottom of. Syn :- Sing, fall, come down, plunge, drop, swoop, dismount, alight, be derived, proceed, be transferred.

Be descended from—কোন ব্যক্তি বা বংশ ছইছে উল্লুড; Come of. [ offspring Descendant, de-sendant, n. সন্থান সম্বতি, An Descendent, de-sendent, a. অবর্ণনীল; নিম্বামী; বংশ্যর, Descending or falling; proceeding from

an ancestor.

Descendible, de-sendi-bl, a নিমপানী, অবরোহণীয়,

That may descend or be descended.

Descension, de-senshun, n. গডন; অধোগমন, A falling or sinking; descent. a=descensional Descent, de-sent, n. অবদোহন; The act of descending:—নিম্পান্তা, Inclination downwards:—নিম্পান্তা, অধোগতি; Progress downwards:
—আক্ষণ; A falling upon or invasion:—উত্তমাধিকামিকমে অধোগমন; Transmission by succes-

sion or inheritance :— বংশতন ; Fall from a higher to a lower station :— পূৰ্বপূৰ্ব হতৈ উৎপত্তি ; A proceeding from an original or progenitor :— ব্যায় উৎপত্তি ; Birth ; origin :— বংশ , A generation :— বভাৰ বৃত্ততি ; Offspring ; issue :— বৰ্ণাৰ , A rank in the scale of subordinates :— বৰ্ণাৰ হান ; Lowest place. Syn — Declivity, slope, incline, devenity ; degradation, abasement ; attack, assault, invasion ; transmission, lineage, extraction.

[ of being described.

Describable, de-skriba-bl, a. বৰ্ণনীয়; Capable Describe, de-skrib, v. t. [L. de, down, scribo, to write] আছিত হু; To delineate; to trace out:—বৰ্ণনী-ফু; To give an account of; to make known. Syn:—Delineate, trace, mark out; relate, recount, narrate, depict, portray; illustrate, picture; define, specify.

Description, de-skrip'shun, n. ব্ৰা ; A sketch of any thing in words; representation :—ৰেই; ব্ৰাডি; Class to which a representation applies. Syn.—Tracing, delineation, representation, account, relation, detail, narrative, narration, explanation; cast, turn, sort, kind.

Descriptive, de-sknp'tiv, a. বিবরণ সম্বিত: বৰ্ণনাপুৰ্ণ, Tending to describe or represent. adm descriptively, n=descriptiveness.

Descry, de-skri, v. t. দূর হইতে দৃষ্টি-কু; দর্শন-কু; To espy, to spy out at a distance. Syn —See, behold, distinguish, mark, observe, view; detect, recognize, spy out, discover, discern.

Desecrate, deśe-krāt, v t. [ L. de, away from, and sacro, to make sacred ] অপৰিৱ-ক ; To profane. Syn —Unconsecrate, secularize, profane, prostitute, pollute, pervert.

Desecration, des-e-kráshun, n. অপবিত্র কর্ণ; Profanation.

Desert, de-zert, n. সরক্ষি; A wilderness; a solitude, a desolate or barren place:—পুরস্কার; লাকি, Reward; merit or demerit —p. t. ভ্যাস্ক; To leave; to forsake:—p. s. প্লাম্ক-কু; To leave; to forsake:—p. s. প্লাম্ক-কু; To service without permission, run away:—a. প্রিভাক, Forsaken:——অ্বর্ধর; Barren.
Deserter, de-zerter, n. প্লাম্ক্রার; প্রাভক;

One who quits service without permission. Syn.—Traitor, renegade, run away, fugitive, apostate.

[ state of being deserted. Desertion, de-zer'shun, n. প্ৰিত্যাপ ; Act or Deserve, de-zer'y, v. t. [ L. de, intentive, and service, to serve] আহি-ই; অৰ্জন-ই, To earn by service:—প্ৰমানেয় উপায়া-ই; বোগা-ই; To be worthy of reward:—n. বোগাতা; Desert. Syn:—

Merit, earn, win, gain, procure.

Deservedly, de-zerved-li, ad. ডারকণে, Justly; in a deserving manner. [deservingly. Deserving, de-zerving, a. উপযুক্ত, Worthy. ad=Deserving (or worthy) of—কোন বিষয়ের বোগা; Fit for; such as can be expected from. Deshabille, des-a-bil, n. [L. dis=un, not and habiller, to dress] পিনিব্যার; A loose dress.

Desiccant, de-sikant, Desiccative, de-sikativ, a. তছকাৰত, Having the power of drying:— m. पा-तक्षांवक ज्ञान ; An application that tends to dry up sores.

Desicoate, de-sikat, v. f. [ L. de, and siccus, dry ] == ; To dry up :- s. i. == ; To grow dry; to become dry. n=desiccation.

Desiderate, de-sider-at, v. f. वर्णन-इ , रेक्ट्रा-इ ; To want, to desire. Syn :- Miss, need, require, long for.

Desideratum, de-şid-ér-átum, #. व्यक्तिनंद नाइ-बीव रह : चकांव : Something much wanted ; a want generally acknowleged. pl=desiderata.

Design, de-sin or de-zin, v. t. [ L. de, and signum, a mark ] नज्ञ - ; जिंड - क ; To draw ; to form a plan of :- अधिन कि ; To contrive :-बनव्-कृ; किन्नाव-कृ; To intend or purpose:--ण. i. मनवु-कु ; To intend :-- n. नजा ; A drawing or sketch; a plan or outline :- অভিস্থি ; Plot ; scheme :- 4 3214; Aim; purpose; con--vance. a=designable. Syn :- (v) Sketch, delineate, draw, plan, propose, project, prepare, devise; intend, mean, have in view. (n) Sketch, outline, drawing, delineation, plan, model, pattern; invention, conception, scheme, project; intention, purpose, proposal, purport, meaning, scope, drift, object.

Art of design-ন্যা; Drawing. [ school. School of design-नजा-विभागत ; Drawing Designate, desig-nat, v t. elatin-a; ala-a, व्यन-क ; To show ; to name ; to describe. n= designator Syn :- Name, nominate, style, term, entitle, specify, denote; appoint,

Dosignation, des-ig-nashun, n. निर्देश : अपनेत : A showing or pointing out :- নাম : সংজ্ঞা : উপাধি, অর্থ ; A name ; title ; signification.

Designatory, des-ig-na-tor-1, a. প্ৰাৰ্থ ; জাপৰ, প্ৰাৰ্থ Employed to designate.

Dosignedly, de-sined-li, ad. ইচ্ছাপুর্বাক ; জ্ঞানত: ; অভিস্কিশুর্ক ; Intentionally : purposely.

Designer, de-siner, n. नजाकांबी; One who marks out or plans :- अधिमिक्शि ; A schemer ; a plotter.

Designing, de-sining, a. 5 94 , at 144 ; Scheming; intriguing, artful; deceitful:-n. नश थश्च कवियात को नन वा विमा . The art or practice of making designs or patterns.

Desirable, de-zir'a-bl, a. कान्यस्तक : मरनात्रम : मार्कावकवर ; Pleasing ; agreeable ; delightful. ad = desirably, n=desirableness. Syn :- Enviable, covetable; eligible, preferable, pleasing. Desire, de-zīr', v. t. 乾暖|-寶; वाए|-寶; To wish for , to long for ; to solicit ; to hanker after ;-वार्थना-क ; Ask :- n. रेक्स ; A longing for ; eagerness to obtain or enjoy :-- वाक्षित वह : Object of longing. Syn :- (v) Wish, crave, covert, hanker after, yearn over; fancy, want; request, ask, solicit, entreat. (n) Wish, request, petition; aspiration, longing.

Desirous, de-zır'us, s. हेक्क ; अखिनावी ; वाध ; Eager; full of desire; anxious to obtain.

Desist, de-sist, v. i. [ L. de, away, sisto, to cause to stand ] [738-7; To cease from;

to stop to forbear. Syn :- Forbear, stop, discontinue, leave off, give over, break off. Desk, desk, n. Gw: Waiting or reading table: -(वर्गी Pulpit :-- वाकाकृत वावना । Clerical pro-

fession.

Desolate, deso-lat, v t. [ L. de, intensive, and solo, to make alone ] জনপুত্ত-তু; বিনষ্ট-তু; To lay waste ; to depopulate ; to destroy :- c. 4475 Solitary ; without inhabitants :- 3: 95 ; Afflicted :- विमानिष , Destroyed. Syn :- (v) Ravage, spoil, devastate, destroy, despoil, depopulate. (a) Desert, waste, uninhabited; barren, wild, dreary; ruined, devastated, solitary, companionless; comfortless, cheerless, forlorn, wretched. Desolation, des-o-lashun, n. (ACTICRET : SCRET : विनाम ; Waste ; devastation :- (नाक : विवाद : Gloom; sadness. Syn:-Ruin, destruction, havoc, devastation; sadness, melancholy, gloom, gloominess.

Despair, de-spar, v. i. [ L. de, privative, and spero, to hope ] इडाम-ए ; निदाय-ए ; To be without hope; to despend:-n. (4) Want of hope; utter hopelessness; despondency; anything hopeless. Syn :- (v) Lose hope, despond. (n) Despondency, hopelessness, mental gloom, dejection, desperation. ad = despairingly.

Despair of-নিরাশ হওচা, আশা ভ্যাপ-কু; Give

up all hope of.

Despatch, de-spach, v. t. प्राप्त (अवन-क ; To send away hastily; to expedite:—বৰ-ক; To put to death:—বিশান্তি-ক; To conclude an affair ; to dispose of -- अपन अभागम-इ ; To execute speedily :- v. i. vailav-4 : To make haste :-- n. चवात्र (अदन ; चवात्र कार्य) निर्साष्ट् ; A sending away in haste; rapid execution:-সংবাদ : An express ; a hasty message :-- আধ্য-वन्तर ; Diligence. Syn :-(v) Dismiss, hurry, urge on, expede, accelerate, haston, speed on; perform, conclude, finish; slay, kill.

Despatch boat-मःवानवाहिनी खबनी; A vessel

carrying despatches.

Desperado, des-pér-ado, n. (Aricaine aile : উন্মন্ত ব্যক্তি; অধিস্বাকারী, One reckless of danger; a mad man; a desperate fellow. pl= desperadoes.

Desperate, desper-at, a. আলাগুর ; হতাল ; উপার-ছীৰ; Hopeless; beyond hope:--নিতীক; উন্মন্ত: কিল; Rash; furious; mad .— বৈৰাক্তৰিত; Proceeding from despair. n=desperateness. Syn: -Hopeless, irretrievable, irrecoverable, irremediable, despairing, desponding, forlorn; rash, headlong, violent, furious. ad=desperately. n=desperateness.

Desperation, des-per-ashun, n. विश्वरक इक खान : निनदम खदम्बका ; देनदात्र ; Disregard of danger; hopelessness; despair; fury.

Despicable, despi-ka-bl, a. यूना ; बीठ ; व्यक्त ; 1995, Contemptible; mean; vile. Sym :-Shameful, contemptible, mean, vile, worthless, pitiful, paltry, sordid, low, base, degrading. n=despicableness. ad=despicably.

Despise, de-spiź, v. t. [L. de, down, and specio.

to look] with ; ( ) with ; to disdain; to scorn. Syn:—Contempt; to disdain; to scorn. Syn:—Contemp, scorn, disdain slight, neglect, undervalue, disregard.

Despite, de-spit, n. বেষ. মুগা; বিবেষ; কোগ; Malice; anger; malignity; hatred:—অবজা, Defiance:—prep. সম্বেক; In spite of; notwithstanding:—v. t. বিষয়-কু; To offend, tease.

Despiteful, de-spitfool, a. (को ; निवरो ; Full of spite or hate; malignant. ad=despitefully, madespitefulness.

Despoil, de-spoil, v. t. অপহৰ-ক; বিভিড-ক; বিছাত-ক; To rob; to deprive; to strip; to bereave. Syn:—Deprive, rob, bereave, rifle, plunder, fleece; strip, divest, denude, dispossess. n=despoiler, despoliation.

Despond, de-spond, v. t. [L. de, away, and spondeo, to promise] শিরাশ-ছ; ছডাশ-ছলরা
To despair; to be cast down. ad=Despondently, despondingly. Syn:—Lose hope, despair, lose courage, be disheartened, sorrow, mourn.

Despondence, de-spondens, Despondency, de-sponden-si, ম. বৈষাত্ত; হতালা; Dejection, hopelessness; despair.

Despondent, de-spondent, a. হভাগ; নিরাণ. বিবা; Despairing; dejected; sad. ad=despondently

Despot, despot, n. বেজাচারী রাজা; বেজাচারী বাসনকরা; An absolute sovereign; a tyrant. Syn:—Tyrant, oppressor, autocrat, dictator.

Despotio, des-potisk, Despotical, des-potiskal, a. বেজাচাৰী; ব্ৰেডাচাৰী; Absolute; tyrannical; arbitrary. Syn:—Arbitrary, autocratic, irresponsible, absolute, imperious, tyrannical. ad = despotically.

Despotism, despot-izm, n. বেছাচাৰিডা; বৰেছাচাৰিডা; অত্যাচাৰ; Absolute power; tyranny. Syn:—Autocracy, arbitrary rule, absolutism; tyranny, oppression.

Despumate, despu-mat, v. s. ( L. de, off, and spuma, foam ) কেনা উঠো; নাম উঠা; To throw off in foam or scum; to froth. n = despumation.

Despumation, n. কেনা নিকেশ; Act of throwing off scum; clarification.

Desquamation, des-kwa-māshun, n. [ L. de, off, and squama, a scale ] ছাল উঠা; কাইনের আকান্তে চৰ্ম উঠা; The separation of the cuticle or skin in scales, exfoliation.

Dessert, dez-ert, n. [Fr. des, away, and server, to serve] ভোজের পর কল ভক্ষ; Fruits served after dinner.

Destemper, des-temper, Distemper, distemper, n. চিত্ৰপালী, Method of painting.

Destination, des-ti-náshun, n. উদ্যেশ ; বৃদ্ধা , সম্ম : Ultimate design; end; purpose :— বৃদ্ধা ; Place of journey :— অনুষ্ঠ ; Fate. Syn :— Appointment, design, intention, ordination, decree, doom, lot, fate; purpose, object, aim; goal, landing place, resting place.

Destine, destin, v. t. নিষোপ কু; নিষোজিত কু; To ordain; to appoint to a certain cause or state:—
শ্বাঞ্চা অধ্যক্ত , স্ভিত-কু; To doom, to sentence.

Syn:—Appoint, design, mark out; allot, assign, intend, purpose, devote, consecrate, doom, decree, ordain.

Destinist, #. अपृदेवांगी ; A fatalist.

Deatiny, desti-ni, n. was; wis; wassifest; Unavoidable fate; necessity; doom; end; lot. Syn:—Destination, lot, fortune, fate, necessity, divine, decree.

Destitute, deśti-tūt, a. [ L. de, away, and statuo, to place ] निवस्थि ; भणानी ; दृश्मी ; वक्रीन ; In want; needy; poor; friendless. Syn:—Lacking, deficient in, unprovided with, wanting, needy, poor, indigent, moneyless, reduced, distressed.

Destitute of—বে কোন জন্য থাকা আৰক্ষক বা বে ভাগ কাহাৰত নিকট আনা কৰা বাইডে পানে ভাহাৰ আনহাৰ; Not having (that which is necessary on that which might naturally) be expected to belong to a person. [Deprivation; poverty. Destitution, des-ti-tu'shun, ন লাবিজা, অভাব, Destroy, de-stroy', v. t. [L. de, down, and struo, to build] ধ্বংস-কৃ, মুই-কৃ, To demolish, to annihilate, to bring to naught:—ভগ্ন-কৃ, Take away:—বৰ কৰা; শেষ কৰিয়া কো; To kill, to put an end to. Syn:—Demolish, lay waste, consume, raze, dismantle, ruin, throw down, overthrow, subvert, desolate, devastate, deface, exterpate, extinguish, kill.

Destroyer, de-stroy'er, n. ধাৰেকারী; বিনাশক, One who destroys.

Destructible, de-strukti-bl, a. ধ্বংসনীয়, লাপ-শীল; ধ্বংসনীল; Liable to be destroyed, penshable. n=destructibility.

Destruction, de-strukshun, n. বিৰাশ; ঋগে;
মৃত্যু; Overthrow; ruin; death. Syn:—Demolition, subversion, overthrow, downfall,
eradication, extirpation, extinction; desolation,
devastation, ravage, death, slaughter; shipwreck, havoc, ruin.

Destructive, de-struktiv, a. প্রাণকাশক; বিধাংনী, নাজাভিক; Causing obstruction; mortal; deadly, fatal:—n, ধাংসকারী; One who destroys; a radical reformer. ad—destructively, n=destructiveness. Syn:—(a) Mortal, deadly, lethal; fatal, ruinous, pernicious, detrimental, hurtful, baneful, noxious.

Desudation, des-Udáshun, n. [L. de, intensive, and sudo, to sweet] ৰহন পৰিমাণে কৰ্ম নিৰ্গন; Profuse sweating.

Desuetude, deśwe-tūd, n. [ L. de, negative, and sueseo, to become used ] অব্যবহাৰ; অপ্রচলন; Dissuse; discontinuance of habit.

Desultory, deful-tor-i, a. [L de, from and salie, to jump] অনিম্নিড; অহিছ ; চক্দ্মনা এলো মেলো: নিমিল, ক্ৰড, Unconnected; rambling; loose; haste. n=desultoriness. ad=desultorily. Syn:—Rambling, roving, erratic; discursive, immethodical; inconstant, unsettled, cursory, slight, hasty, loose, inexact; fitful.

Detach, de-tach, v. t. পুগৰ্-কু; বিভিন্ন-কু; অপপত-কু; To sever; to disjoin; to separate for a special object; to withdraw. Syn:—Disengage.

sever, disjoin, disunite, separate, disconnect; detail, withdraw, draw off.

Detsohment, de-tachment, n. 144 414; Act or state of being detached :- (7577; Thing detached, esp. a body of troops from the main body.

Detail, de-tal, v. t. [Fr de, and tailler, to cut ] अविदलंग वर्गमा-इ ; क्याब्राम वर्गन-इ ; To particularise; to relate minutely and distinctly:-विलय कार्या निर्मान-इ ; विलय कार्याय क्रक मत्ना-बीक-इ ; To appoint for a particular purpose ; to select for a particular service :-- n. अंडि क्य करन ; कान ; A minute portion ; a particularused chiefly in the plural :- नविरमव वर्गमा ; A minute and particular account. Syn:-(v) Particularize, individualize, recount, enumerate, specify; detach, send away; tell off for service. (n) account, relation, narration, description, enumeration, recital; (pl) parts, particulars.

Detain, de-tan, v. f. [ L. de, from, and teneo, to hold ] बाहिक कविदा वांचा ; To keep back or from ; to withhold :- वाहर वा (मक्स) ; विकड-कृ ; वादा (पढा) ; To stop ; to hinder :--कादाक्य-क ; To hold in custody; arrest. n=detainer. Syn-Retain, arrest, confine, hold, stop, stay; check, retard, delay, hinder, restrain.

Detainer, de-taher, n. (4 काकि बिया बार्स ; One who detains. [ taining. Detsinment, de-tan-ment, wife ; Act of de-

Detect, de-tekt, v. t. [ L. de, negative, and tego, tectus, to cover ] शृष्ठ-कृ ; अकान-कृ ; वाहिश-F; To seize; to expose. n=Detection.

Detectable, de-tekt'abl, a. প্রকাশ করিবার বা ধরিয়া কেৰিবাৰ বোগ্য: That may be detected.

Detective, de-tekt'iv, a. अनदाशी कुछ कदान हकुत ; खर्ख विवत अवान कदान निर्माणिक ; Tending to detect, skilled in detecting; employed in detecting :-- 1.. बकांड वनदारी दृष्ठ कदर्प निवृक्त पूर्णित्व TETAL A police man, whose business is to detect offenders.

Detector, de-tekter, Detecter, de-teker, m. अवागकाती, बुक्काती; One who detects.

Detention. de-tenshun, n. with; water; The state of being detained; confinement:-वारा ; विनव ; Restraint ; delay. Syn :- Withholding; restraint; delay, hinderance.

Deter, de-ter', v. t. [ L. de, from, and terreo, to frighten ] बाधा-(व ; निवातन-कृ ; छाधारताह-कृ ; To hinder or prevent; to discourse n=determent. Syn:—Restrain, hinder, prevent, debar; prohibit.

Deter ( or prevent ) from-निवय-कृ ; वांधा-त्य ; Keep one back from ( doing anything ).

Deterge, de-terf, v. t. [ L. de, off, and tergeo, to wipe ] अनिहेक्व अवा भूत कतिया शतिकात-इ ; To cleanse from, or purge away all offending

Detergent, de-térjent, Detersive, de-tér'siv. a. পরিছারক ; Cleansive ; purging :—n. পরিছারক ; That which cleanses.

impair ; to make worse :- v. i. will : To grow worse; to decline in value. Syn :-- Impair, injure ; lower ; deprave, corrupt, vitiate ; ·degenerate.

Deterioration, de-te-ri-o-ráshun, n. जनकरें ; A becoming or growing worse.

Determinable, de-termin-a-bl, a. fasta; ছিৰভা বা নিশান্তিবোগা; Capable of being decidded or finished.

Determinate, de-ter'min-It, a. निर्दाष्ट्रिक ; विकी-কৃত , Limited ; fixed : — চূড়াৰ ; কৃতনিকর ; নিকর ; Decisive; conclusive; positive :- पृत्याजिक : Resolute Syn :- Fixed, established, positive, specific, definite, determined, decided, explicit, express, absolute; decisive, conclusive, definitive. ad=determinately.

Determination, de-ter-min-áshun, n. 45 প্রতিজ্ঞা; সম্ম ; Resolution :-- মীমাংসা ; নিশতি ; Judicial decision :-শেৰ ; Termination ; expiration :- 18 , Direction to a certain end : —অভিযার ; Purpose :—পৃষ্টা ; Firmnes. Syn : -Decision, judgment, conclusion; purpose, resolve, resolution; firmness, resolutness, steadfastness; direction, tendency; end, termination, ceasing.

Determinative, de-termin-a-tiv, a. facta4-मपर्व , निकाबी ; Having the power of determining ; conclusive.

Determine, de-termin, v. t. [ L. de, and terminus, a boundary ] नीया निर्मण-कृ; To fix the boundaries off; mark off and separate:-श्रीमावब-क ; To set bounds to ; to limit :- निकिष-करन निर्वय-क ; निर्दायन-क ; Ascertain definitely :-নিপাত্তি-ক ; To decide :--মনছ-ক ; সমন্ত ; To resolve on :- সমাধ-ক ; শেব-ক ; To bring to a conclusion ; to put an end to :- v. i. निणाबि-इ ; To come to decision :-- মনৰ্-ৰু; To resolve :--मीमारमा-क ; Settle :- नर्धन-क ; Shape. Syn :-Limit, bound; finish, conclude, settle, regulate, adjust; ascertain, find out, verify, certify; lead, influence, induce, terminate, end, conclude, decide, resolve.

Determined, de-ter'mind, a. पृत्क जिला: निर्दाfas ; Resolute ; fixed. ad=determinedly.

Deterrent, de-ter'ent, a. निरादनकाती ; निरुक्काती ; Having the power or tendency to detain n.= নিবারক; প্রতিরোধক; That which deters or f act of cleansing. prevents. Detersion, de-ter'shun, n. পরিকার করণ; The Detest, de-test, v. t. [ L. de, intensive, and

testor, to call to witness, execrate ] जूनी-क ; To hate intensely; to abhor; to abominate. Syn: -Hate, abominate, execrate, loathe, abhor, manscate.

Detestable, de-testa-bl, a. মুণিত , মুণা ; সহিত ; Ambominable; extremely hateful. n=detestableness, ad-detestably. Syn :- Abominable, odious, execrable, abhorred, hateful, loathsome; shocking, disgusting.

Detestation, de-test-ashun, n. 141; Extreme hatred; abhorrence; dislike; abomination. Deteriorate, de-te'ri-o-rat, v. t. वन्द्रके-इ ; To | Dethrone, de-thron, v. t. वि:होननहाय-इ ; बाबा- 575-7; To depose uncrown; to drive from the throne.

Dethronement, de-thronment, s. निरहानव-

চাতি ; বাখাচাতি ; Deposition.
Detonate, deto-nat, v. i. [ L. de, down, and

tono, to thunder ] ভয়ত্বৰ শব্দ পূৰ্বক ভাটিয়া বাওৱা;
To explode; to make a noise like thunder:—
৩. ঠ. সূন্ত ভাটিছিয়া কেলা; To cause to explode.

Petonetion. সংখ্যাতিক অৱস্থা কৰা; A sudden

Detonation, ম. আক্সিক ভরত্য লক ; A sudden explosion.

Detour, de-toor, n. বহু পৰ; বহু প্ৰন ব্ৰন A winding; a circuitous route; a circuitous way.

Detract, de-trakt, v. f. [L. de, from, and fraho, to draw] जिला-कृ; स्ताप-कृ; अश्रप-कृ; To defame; to abuse; to disparage; to traduce. Syn:—Decry, disparage, depreciate, asperse, defame, traduce. n=detracter, detractor. ad= detractingly.

Detract from—খণ বা থাতি ছাস-ক: কৰাৰ; Take away from, diminish (generally, the reputation of another).

Detraction, de-trakshun, त. निया ; अन्तम ; अन

Detractive, de-tractiv, Detractory, de-traktor-i, a. অব্যাভিজনক; Tending to detract, derogatory.

Detractor, n. निमानारी : A slanderer.

Detrain, de-tran, v t. ৱেলগাড়ি হইতে বাহিত্ৰ-ফু; To take out of railway train.

Detriment, det-ri-ment, n. [ L. de, off, and tero, tritus, rob ] জড়ি; অহবিখা; Damage; loss; injury; disadvantage. Syn:—Injury, damage, disadvantage, prejudice, hurt, mischief, harm. loss.

Detrimental, det-ri-mental, a. হানিখনক; আনিষ্ট-অনক; অভিজনক; Injurious; huitful. Syn:— Injurious, hurtful, mischievous, permicious, harmful, destructive, prejudicial.

Detrimental (or prejudical) to—(কাহাৰত ইট, চিবল, পাছা কিংবা জাবৰ সম্মে) জাবহুজনক; Injurious to one's interest, character, health or life. [off or away.

Detrition, de-trishun, n. ঘ্ৰণ ; কয়; A wearing Detritus, de-trifus, n. [L. de, off, and tero, tritus, to rub] কন সংঘ্ৰে কমনাত পাৰ্থিৰ বস্তু; What is rubbed away; earthly substance worn away by action of water.

Detrude, de-trood, v.t. [L. de, down, and trudo, to thrust] স্বলে বিয়ে বিকেশ ড়; To thrust down; to push down with force.

Detruncate, de-trung'kat, v. t. [L. de, off, and trunco, to lop] 本語一事, C可予事; To lob off; to shorten. n=Detrucation (本語, Beheading; amputation, abridgment).

Detrusion, n. fact factor; Thrusting or forcing down.

Deuce, dus, n. [Fr. deuz, two—L. duo, two]
ভানেৰ ছবি: পাশাৰ দোৱা; Two; a card or die
with two spots:—ভূড; পিশাচ, শ্বভান; An evil
spirit; the devil. [mous.
Deuced, a. পান্বীয়; Devilish:—শ্বিক; EnorDeuterogamist, du-ter-og'a-mist, n. বে পুনুষ্

विजीववाद विवाद करत ; One who marries a second time.

Deuterogamy, dü-ter-og'a-mi, n. [Gr. deuteres, second. and games, marriage] এখন দ্বীদ বুড়াৰ পৰ বিভীৱনাৰ বিবাধ; A second marriage after the death of first husband or wife.

Deuteronomy, du-tér-ono-mi, त. वृद्धेत आही व वर्षभाषात्र भाष्य अशास ; The fifth book of the Bible.

Devastate, devas-tat, v. t. [ L. de, intensive, and vasto, to lay waste ] পুটন-ড়; খানে-ড়; উল্ডিছড়; To plunder; to lay waste; to ravage.
Syn:—Waste, ravage, destroy, plunder, pillage, despoil sack.

Devastation, dev-as-tashun, n. 報河; 行戰河; 登職河; Desolution; waste; destruction. Syn: —Desolation, ravage, waste, havoc, destruction, ruin, spoliation.

Develop, de-velop, v. f. বিকাশ-কৃ; প্রকাশ-কৃ; To unfold; to lay open; to disclose:—v. i. ব্যাব্ডঃ ক্ষমে বিকাশ-ই; বুছিআগু-ই; প্রকাশি-ই; To go through a process of naturel evolution; to grow into; to open out. Syn:—Uncover, unfold, lay open, disclose; exibit, unravel, detect; open out, grow.

Development, de-velop-ment, n. क्यांकियाणि; क्य-वृद्धि ; रिवर्डन ; Gradual unfolding; a gradual growth. Syn:—Unfolding, disclosure, exposure, unravelling, detection, exhibition; growth, increase.

Development theory—বিষ্ঠনবাদ; The doctrine that all existing form of matter and spirit were developed by uniform laws from simpler forms, without creative-act:—ক্ষাবিশাস মড; The progressive advancement of life from its lowest types.

Deviate, de-vi-at, v. t. [ L. de, from, via, a way ] বিপাধনামী-হ; ভ্ৰাছ-হ; লগে পণ্ডিড-হ; To go astray; to err. Syn:—Wander, digress, depart, diverge, trend, deflect; stray, swerve, err.

Deviate from—ৰিপণগানী-ছ; Go astray from. Deviation, de-vi-ashun, n. বিপণে গম্ব; ভাগ পৰ পৰিভাগে; অম; A turning aside; a departure as from a right course, way or line; err.

Device, de-viś, n. কৌশন, Contrivance; strategem:—কুনচিছ; পৰিচ্ছ-চিছ; A heraldic emblem or ensign:—শভিষ্ক; Invention; genius. Syn:
—Contrivance, invention, design, scheme, purpose, plan; project, stratagem; shift, artifice, expedient, will, ruse, trick; emblem, ensign, motto.

Devil, devil, n. সমন্তাৰ; The evil one; Satan:
ত্ত, পিশাচ; An evil spirit:—পাবe; ক্লোক;
A very wicked person:—ত. t. ত্তোৰ বত-কৃ, To
make like a devil:—অতাৰ বাল-কৃ; To grill with
pepper; to pepper excessively. Syn:—Lucifer,
Belial, Apollyon, old Serpent, the Tempter,
Enemy, Prince of Darkness, Deuce, Father
of Lies.

Devil's tattoo, n. अध्ययका वर्षण का गर्भाव ; A drumming with fingers foot from listlessness. [ 821 ]

Chesting the devil, স. অসং উপায় যাত্ৰা আৰ্থা-পাৰ্ক্তৰ করিছা ব্যাহের্থ গাল-ছ; Doing evil for gain and giving part of the profits to the church.

Devil's bones—অন্ধ: পালা; পাই; Dice, which are made of bones, and lead to ruin. [ruin. Gone to the devil—অবংশতন হওৱা; Gone to Hold a candle to the devil—ভৱৰত পানীয় নহাছতা—ফু; To abet an evil doer out of frowning fear.

Printer's devil, ল. মুদাৰমের লিপিবাছক; The youngest apprentice in a printing office, who

runs errands.

Talk of the devil, and he'sure to come— Said of a person who has been the subject of conversation, and who unexpectedly makes his appearance.

The devil catch the hindmost—খণ্ডি ক্লড-বেৰে পৌচাৰ; Run away as fast as one can.

To kindle a fire for the devil—Offer sacrifice, to do what is sinful under the delusion that you are doing good service.

To play the devil with- विदश-क ; To interfere with or molest extremely ; to ruin.

Devilish, devil-ish, a. আই, নাৰ্নীয়; পাপায়;
ম্বা, Wicked, excessively bad; diabolical;
detestable:—পতায়, অভিনয়, Enormous, in a
vulgar sense; as, a devilish cheat. Syn:—
Diabolic il, infernal, Satanic, fiendish, wicked,
malicious, detestable, destructive. ad—devilishly, n=devilishness.

Deviltry, devil-tri, n. অভান্ত ছুৰাচারিতা; ঘোষ পাষ্ডতা; Diabolism, extreme wickedness

Devious, de'vi-us, a = 7, fant-75; Rambling, erring. Syn -Wandering, roving, excusive, vagrant, going aside, erring. ad = deviously h=deviousness.

Devine, de-vi?, v t. [L. divido, divisus, to devide] আভিন্তি কৃ, কৌশল-কৃ; To scheme, to contrive —উহাৰ-কৃ, To discover:—উইল কৰিয়া পাৰ-কৃ; To bequeath by will:—n. দানপাত্ৰ, উইল হা উইলহাৰা দন্ত সম্পত্তি; A will; property given by a will. Syn—(v) Invent, disover, originate, design, conceive, contrive, find out, excogitate, imagine, plan, scheme, project, bequeath, demise, leave

Deviser, de-viter, n. উদ্ভাবনকারী; আবিকারক, One who devises, an inventer.

Devisor, de-vifor, ম. উইল ৰাবা দানকাৰী, One who gives by will.

Devoid, de-void, a. শুন্ত; ইন ; বিবহিত; Destitute; free from; empty. Syn — Empty, vacant, wanting, unprovided with.

Devoid of—জ্ভ'ব ( জ্মেক সমূহে গোৰতপের জন-ভাৰই বুঝার); Not having any virtue or vice (often used with abstract nouns)

Devoir, dev-wawr', n [L. dcbeo, to owe] ভাষা; শিষ্টাচার; শিষ্টা, উপকার · An act of civility, service.

Devolution, dev-o-lu'shun, n. বাকি প্রভাষার স্থানৰ বা স্থলৰ; A removal from person to another.

Devolve, de-volv, v. t. [ L. de, down, volve, to

roll] (উল্লোধিকারী স্ত্রে) হতান্তর-কু; To hand down; to deliver over:—৩. i. (উত্তরাধিকারী স্ত্রে) হতান্তরিত-হ; To pass by transmission; to be handed over or down:—গড়াইরা-বা; To roll down. n=devolution.

Devolve on—ৰখণত-হ , Pass by transmission or succession to one:—কোন ভাৰ খাছে পঢ়া ; Fall to one.

Devote, de-voi', v t. [ L. de, away, and voveo, to vow ] উৎসৰ্গ-কৃ, To set apart; to dedicate or consecrate; to vow:—সমৰ্গণ-কৃ; To give up to evil:—অভিগাপ-দে; To execrate; to doom:—মনোনিবেপ-কৃ; To directs the attention wholly or chiefly:—অকুগত বা অহুৱকু-হু, To yield to; to addict. Syn:—Dedicate, consecrate, exshrine; consign, resign, addict, apply; destine, doom. Devote to—সম্ব দ্ব বা সম্ব সম্প্ৰ-কৃ; Give the whole of one's time or attention.

Devoted, de-vটাবেd, a. উৎস্গীকৃত; Consecrated:—অপুরক, Ardent, zealous, strongly attached:—অভিশ্ব, Doomed. ad=devotedly. n= devotedness.

Devoted to duty – কৰিবাগৰামণ। { to. Be devoted to—অপুৰক্ত-হ; Be wholly attached Devotee, dev-o-te', n. ৰক্ষ্মিক ৰাজি; A bigot; one entirely devoted.

Devotion, dc-vo'shun, n. উৎসৰ্গ; Consecration:
—উপাসনা; প্ৰাৰ্থনা; Performance of religious duties, prayer —ধাৰ্থকা, ধ্বাচরৰ, Prety; devoutness — অনুবাৰ, আনজি , দুড়া; Ardent love; attachment; ardour Syn.—Dedication; consecration, devoutness, religiousness, piety, prayer, worship, adoration; attachment, devotedness, ardour, earnestness, affection, love. a=de rotional. ad=devotionally.

Devotional, a ধর্মকর্ম হড; ধর্মসংখীর; Devout; religious, pertaining or suitable to devetion.

Devour, di-yowr', v. f. [L de, intensive, and vero, to swallow] ভক্ষা-কৃ, শাইমা কেনা, 'To eat with greediness; to eat up:—স্বাস কু, ভাগাৰ-কু, 'To destroy, to waste —অভান্ত আগ্রহণুপ্রকি পাট কু; To enjoy with avidity, as, to devour a book:—ব্যক্ত, 'To slay n=devourer Syn:—Swallow, gulp, gobble, gorge, bolt, waste, destroy, ravage, annihilate, consume.

Devourer, n. ভক্ৰণকাৰী, One who devoures. Devout, dc-vowt, a. ভক্ত, ধ্যানিষ্ঠ; Pious; holy:—ভক্তি প্ৰকাশক; Expressing devotion or piety:—উৎস্থোই, Earnest; as, devout wishes:—গন্তীর, Solemn. Syn —Holy, puic, religious, godly, devotional, prayerful, zealous, fervent, serious, sincere. ad=devoutly. n=devoutness. Dow, dū. n বিশেষ, Moisture on the ground:—
v. f. বিশেষ সিক্তক, To moisten, to wet with dew.
[ with dew.

Dew-bespangled, a. শিশির-সিক্ত; Sprinkled Dew-drop, \*- শিশির-বিন্দু।

Dew-lap, du'lap, n. গ্ৰহণ , সালা ; The fleshy skin which hangs down from the neck of an ox. Dew-point, du'point, n. শিশিব-সঞ্চৰ-বিন্ধু ; The point or temperature at which dew begins to form.

Dewy, du'i, a. শিশিব যারা আর্ড্র; শিশির-সিক্ত; Moist with dew. [ left.

Dexter, dekster, দক্ষিণ, Right, as opposed to Dexterity, deks-ter'i-ti, n. দক্ষণা; বৈশ্বা; কৌলন; তংগরতা; Expertness; skill, adroitness, promptitude. Syn:—Skill, adroitness, expertness, art, ability, tact, cleverness, facility, aptness, aptitude.

Dexterous, dekétér-us, a. চডুব; নিপু4; ধুৰ্ছ; Expert; skilful. subtle. Syn:—Adroit, active, skilful, clever, able, ready, apt, handy, versed, ingenious, prompt. ad=dexterously, n=dexterousness.

Dextral, dekstral, a পৃথিপ; Right, as opposed Dextrorsal, deks-tror'sal, a. পৃথিপ হইতে ৰাম আসাৰী; Rising from right to left.

Dey, dit, n. ফ্রাসি অধিকারের পুর্ন্ধে অলক্সিয়ার্স দেশের শাসনকন্তাদিনের উপাধি; The title of the governor of Algiers before the French conquest.

Dhow, dow, n. পোত বিশেষ. A coasting vessel of Arabia, East Africa.

Diabetes, di-a-be'ter, n. [Gr. dia, through, and baino. to go ] ৰহম্ব বোগ: Immoderate flow of urine.

Diabetic, di-a-betik, Diabetical, a. মুত্ৰ হোণ-ত্ৰন্ত : ৰছমুত্ৰ ৰোগ সম্বন্ধীয় ; Afflicted with diabetes. Diablery, di-abl-er-i, n. পৈশাচিকভা; বাছ্মস্থ বিষয়া ; Devilry ; orcery.

Diabolic, di-a-bolik, Diabolical, di-a-bolikal, n. [Gr. diabolos, the devil ] শৈশানিক, নাৰকীয়; Devilish; infernal; atrocious. Syn:— Devilish, infernal; Satanic, flendish, hellish; impious, atrocious, nefarious, demoniac. ad= diabolically.

Diaconal, di-ako-nal, a. পৃষ্ঠীৰ হাছক স্থানীয়; Pertaining to a deacon. [office of a deacon Diaconate, di-ako-nat, n. পৃষ্ঠীৰ হাছকেব পদ; fhe Diacritical, di-akrif-ik, Diacritical, di-akrif-ik-al, n. [Gr dia, between, and krino, to distinguish] প্ৰতেশকাৰী, Distinctive. Diadem, di'a-den, n. [Gi dia, round, and

deo, to bind ] বাজমুকুট; বাজকীয় কমতা; বাজ্যকি; A crown; regal power; royalty Syn:—Crown, coronet, tiara; sovereignty, dignity, royalty Diademed, di'a-demd, a. মুকুট ছাবা অংশচিত, মুকুটঘাইা: Adorned with a diadem, crowned Diæresis, Dieresis, dier'e-sis, n. [ Gr dia, apart, and haireo, to take ] যুক্ত ব্যবিভিন্ন শান্তে ছই ভাগে বিভাগ: Separation of one syllable into two:—একত নংক্তিত হুটা ব্ৰবপ্ৰি ব্যায় বৃত্তি উচ্চাব্ৰ জ্ঞাপনাৰ্থ চিক্ত বিশেষ, The mark (\*\*) placed over the letter of two vowels to show they are to be pronounced separately, as in "cooperate" pl = diaereses, diereses.

Diagnosis, di-ag-nō'sis, n. [Gr. dia, between, and ginosko, to know] বোগ নিগন; রোগের নিদান, আভিগত সংক্ষিপ্ত বিষয়ণ; The art of distinguishing one disease from another, a brief description of a species. pl=diagnoses.

Diagnostic, dī-ag-nostīk, ৯. রোগ নির্ণায়ক;
পরিচায়ক; Distinguishing the nature of a disease; characteristic; symptomatic.—n. বোগ

নিৰ্ণায়ক চিক, পৰিচয়; লক্ষণ; Symptom or sign by which one disease is distinguished from another; a symptom.

Diagonal, di ag'onal, a. [Gr. dia, through, and gonia, a corner] চতুৰ্ভ ও বচ্ছুৰ কেন্দ্ৰেম প্ৰশাৰ বিগৰীত কেপিছম সংবোধক; কোণছম সংবাধক। কি Drawn from one corner or angle to another:—n. কোণছমে সংবোধক সকল বেখা; চতুৰ্ভ ও বচ্ছুৰ কেন্দ্ৰের বৰ্ণ; A straight line drawn from one angle to another adjacant, of a figure of four or more sides. ad=diagonally.

Diagram, di'a-gram, n. [Gr. dia, round, and grapho, to write, delineate] আৰুণায়ের চিত্র; কোন্ত প্রমাণার্থ আছিত চিত্র; A figure or a plan drawn to illustrate any statement; explanatory sketch. a=diagrammatic.

Diagraph, di'a-gral, n. नजा कविवांत कर बावकड

drawing.

Dial, di'al, [L dies, a day] স্বাঘড়ি; Sundial:—
ব্যিব সমুখভাগ; The face of a watch or clock.
Dialect, di'a-lekt, n. [Gr. dia, between, and lego, to loose to speak] ভাষা; Discourse; language:—কোন ভাষার বিশেষ গঠন; A variety or peculiar form of language. Syn:—Idiom, patoir, provincialism.

Dialoctic, dia-lektik, Dialoctical, di-a-lektik-al, a. তক্পান্ত সম্বভীয়; Logical; pertaining to a discourse — বিচার স্পানীয়; আমৌলিক; Argumental; not radical n=dialectics. addialectically. Syn:—Idiomatical logical, rhetorical.

Dialoctician, di-a-lek-tishan, n. ডাৰিক ; ওৰ্ক-শাস্ত্ৰবিং পতিত ; A reasoner ; a logician.

Dialectics, di-a-lektiks, n. pl. [Gr. dialektike, art of di-cussing by questioning; logic] তর্ক-বিদা , বিশেষ; তর্কশান্ত; The art of reasoning argumentation; the art of disputation.

Dialist, d'al-ist, স. স্থায়ড়-বিশাতা; A constructor of dials.

Dialling, di'al-ing, n. প্ৰাৰ্ট প্ৰস্তুত কৰিবৰ কৌশন বা বিদ্য়া; The art of constructing dials. Dialogist, di-al-o-jist, n. কণোপক মনছলে ৰে বনে বা নিৰে; One who writes or speaks in a dialogue.

Dialogistic, di-al-o-jistik, Dialogisticle, di-al-o-jistik-al, a. কথোপকংগানের আকারবিশিষ্ট, Having the form of a dialogue.

Dialogue, di'a-log, n কংশাপকথন; Formal conversation. Syn —Colloquy, discourse.

Dialysis, di-ali-sis, n [Gr dta, asunder, and lyo, to loose] n. বসায়ন নাধানসাবে বন্ধ-বিভালন .
A process of analysis by difference through a separation — পদৰিচেহদকরণ , Diæresis. pl—dialyses (di-ali-sez) a—dialytic. [angles.

Diamagnetic, a. Taking a position at right Diameter, di-ame'-ter, n. [Gr. dia, through, and metrein, to measure] বাস বেখা; ব্যাসির বাস; A right line passing through the centre of a geometrical figure.

Diametrical, di'a-metrik-al, a. काम दावी मन-क्षेत्र : Relating to or describing a diameter := ৰাতি বুৱৰ, As remote as possible —সম্পূৰ্ণ বিপ-বীত , বোলা , Directly adverse , direct

Diametrically opposite—সল্পুৰ্ বিপদ্ধীত , Directly adverse.

Diamond, dia-mond, # হীৰক, The most precious of all stones —ৰিব্দ কোনী, সমচতুভুজ, Rhombus,—নতি কুক্ত ইংবালি ছাপাৰ অক্তৰ, Very small type —কুইডন, Red suit at cards

A diamond of the first water—ভণী বোত , A man of the highest ment

Diamond out diamond—भी भारतेत कारह जन , Cuming out witting cuming —शेरत शेरत वाटि , One sharp fellow against another

Rough diamond—A person of fine natural ability without cultivation

Diana, n মুগরার অধিষ্ঠানী দেবী The goddess of hunting — কুবারী দিগেব দেবী, ফলবী স্থাপোক The wirgin moon goddess the protector of vinginity a beautiful woman

Dian's worshippers—Midnight revellers
Diapason, di a pizon n [Cir dia, through
and pas, ill] সকল অৱাৰণিত কৰ্মাণ A whole
octave, the concord of the first and last notes
of the musical stale

Diaper, dia per n বৃটীদাৰ বন্ধ পামছা, ভোৱাৰে Figured linen el th mapkin or towel — v t ভিত্ত বিচিত্ত কু, বুটা কাস, lo viricagate with figures — t i চিত্ৰিত কু lo draw figures

Diaphaneity, di i fi në'i ti, n राष्ट्रण Power of transmitting light, tran parency pellucidness

Disphanous, di-af'a nus a [ Gr dia through and phaino, to show shine ] সভ নিশ্ব Tran par nt cle ii Syn —Pellucid transparent, clear, translucent

Diaphorotic, d-n fo retik, a [Gr dia through and phere, to bear] মধ্যন্ত Pro moting propertion — ম মধ্যুদ্ধির ক প্রথ বিশেষ A medicine that increases per purition

Diaphragm, d'n-from n ডাৰৱ ও বস প্রভেগক স্থা পেন্ট পুৰক্ষাৰী কিন্ত্রী The mu cle which separates the chest from the abdomen the midriff a=diaphragmatic

Diapion, n সকল স্বর্থিপির স্থাপাম A chord which includes all tunes —A scale or rule by which the pipes &c, are adjusted

District, dierist n (य व कि रिजर्मिन कार्य विवन ।

Diaroma, di-o-ra'ma n [Gr ds through horao to sec] চিত্ৰ প্ৰদৰ্শন A pictorial and optical exhibition a=diaromic

Diarrhosa, di-a-rc'a, (ভাষেরিয়া) n [Gr. dia through and rheo, to flow ] অভিনায়, অভিনিত্ত তেষ, A flux, frequent evacuation of the bowels Syn—Relax, violent purging, looseness Diarrhosa, Diarrhostic, dia-retik, a অভি-নেচৰ, Producing diarrhosa.

Diary, dia-ri, n [L dies, a day] দৈনিক কাব্য বিবৃতিৰ পুৰুক, দৈনন্দিন ছিদাৰ বহি, A journal, register for daily occurrences

Diastole, di asto-le, n. [Gr dia, asunder, and stello, to place] क्रिक्ट अनावन, The

dilatation of the heart after contraction — এককালে উচ্চারিত পদ্যাশ্যার দীর্ঘোচ্চারণ, Short syllable made long

Disthermal, di a-ther'mal, a [Gr dia, through, and therme, heat] উত্তাপনাহী, উত্তাপনাহী, Allowing ray of heat to pass through

Diathesis, দ প্রীবের অবস্থা, Bodily condition, esp, that which predisposes to a particular disense

Diatribe, di'a-trib, n [ Gr dia through, and tribo, to rub ] দীৰ্ঘ বাদাৰ্থাদ, গানিস্থক বজুতা, A continued disputation, an invective harangue Syn —Disputation, disquisition, dissertation, invective philiphic, tirade

Dibber, diber Dibble, dibl, u বীজ রোপণার্ক ব্যবহৃত তীকাপ্ত বস্ত্র নিভানি , বস্তা , A pointed tool used for prickling holes to put seeds in

Dibble, v t নিডানি ধারা বোপণ কু, To plant with a dibble —v : পাত কু, ছিল কু lo make holes —
মাছ ধরিবার মত জুব দেওৱা, To dip as in angling
[A game with dice

Dicophalous, di sei i lus a [ Gr dis two and kephalo, a head ] a वि नित्र , वि पूर , I wo-hund d

Dichotomy, di koto mi n पुष्टे खण्य दिखां कर , Divi ion into two pirts a-dichotomous

Dickens, n The devil used as a vulgar interjection

Dickey, Dicky, diki, n গাড়ীর গন্ধান্তাগছ আসন, A sett behind a carriage

Dicotyleden, di kot i le'don n বে গাছের বীক্ষ অকুরিত হওব'ব সময়ে ছুল্ডানে বিভক্ত হয় বে চারা গানেব বীক্ষ মকশ অকুব উৎপাদন কালে ছুক্ত মত হইয়া যায় A plant having two seed lobes a dicotyledon us

Dictate, distat v t [L dico to say to speak] आरमण कृ To command — निष्णम कृ To pies-cube — शवासने ति । To suggest — निर्मायनीय ৰিণিত অভাকে কহা To utter w rd that are to be committed to writing - कदनीय वा नियंबीय विषय अन्न क बानदा (पड़ा 1) p ik to another what to say or write - - - To point out -n witre An order, rule, or direct -প্রামশ Impulse, suggetion Sin -(ত) Command, order enjoin, ordain, decree, pies cribe direct, point, urge, enforce (n) command order, direction, mandate, charge, precept, prescription, injunction suggession, practice of dict sting admonition Dictation, dik-tashun, n mofiet, Act or Dictator, dik tátor, त अन्छ।शीन निवता, डेनान्डा, One inve ted for a time with absolute power fem - dictatiess, dictatrix Syn -Despot, autoci at

Dictatorial, dik-ta-tō'ri-al, a বংশছটোই, প্রেছাটাই), Absolute, unlimited — দর্শিত, অহ্কৃত, প্রভূষ্ণাক্ষক, Authoritative, imperious, overbearing, commanding Syn — Absolute, unlimited, imperious, dogmatical, overbearing, arbitrary, tyrannical ad=dictatorially

Dictatorship, dik-tator-ship, n. fecabiqu Te

ৰা কাৰ্যকাৰ, The office or term of office of a dictator

Diction, dikshun, n. [L dico, dictus, to sav] ভাষা, ৰাজ্য-কথন, ৰচনা-য়ীভি, Style, language, phraseology, expression, choice of words

Dictionary, dilishun-a-ri, n. অভিযান, A lexicon, vocabulary, a book in which words are alphabetically arranged and explained, glossary, word-book [by the people

Dictionary words—Grand words not in use Dictum, diktum, n অপুৰাস্থ বাৰা, A dogmatic saying, positive or authoritative statement bl—dicta

Did-Past tense of Do

Didactic, di-daktik, Didactical, di-daktikal a [Gr d disko, to teach ] উপাদশপ্ৰদ , নীতি পত্ৰ, শিকাপ্ৰদ , Instructive preceptive, containing precept or rule ad—didactically

Didactics, di-daktiks n জ্বাধিজ্ঞান, Art or science of teaching — শিক্ষাপ্রা ?, The science of teaching, the best methods of systematic instruction [having two toes Didactyl, n ছই অলগি বিশিষ্ট কয়, An arimal Didactylous, a ছ০ জ্বি বিশিষ্ট, Having two toe [bird, dab-chick Didapper, divisper, n পানবেডি, A diving Diddler, (Jeremy)—জ্বাহোৰ, An artful swindler

Die, ai, e ; ম্বা বিন্ত্ৰ-হ মৰিয়া থাৰলা To expire, to be diprised of life, to peri h to come to nothing — ভ্ৰত্ৰ হু, To sink — পাৰ্গ-হু, Languish — ভ্ৰাপ্ত হু ম্বা চেণ্ড ফু To endure suffering like those of death — ভিন্ত মান্ত্ৰ, To be indufferent or in sensille — ভ্ৰম্ভ-হু, To vanish, জ্মুন্ত, To recede and become fain ter — n ভ্ৰেন, Star p for giving the impress to coin &c — p' (Die) — ফ ছু, পালা, জ্মুন, A small cube used in gaming — দেব, স্বভ্নি, বিপদ, Hazard, chance — দুদ্দ বুলিত, A stamp used in impressing coin &c ১০০ — (হ) Expise decease perish, depart, varish, sink, fade decay, wither

Die a death-- स्पत्र वा क्षत्र पदा, One s death is of a ceitain (noble or ignoble)

Die a natural death—बार्गाविक अवद्योत गरा , Die in the ordinary course of nature

Die and make no sign—অনুভাপ না কৰিছা ম্বা, Die with ut repenting of onc's sin

Die away— অসমান-২, তত্তিত হ, Vanish, disappear — অবসর হ, Sink — বৃদ্ধ হ, Cease to be heard.

Die by—কোন কিছুতে অপবাত মুত্তা হত্যা, অপবাত মুত্তাতে সংগ্ৰ, Be destroyed by (some violent and unnatural means), to lose life from (some unnatural cluse) [good old age. Die full of years—বৃদ্ধ বছৰে মন্ত্ৰা, Die in a Die in a ditch—কাণ্ডবেৰ স্থান্ত মন্ত্ৰা, To give up life like a dog

Die in harness—কান্ত কৰিতে কৰিছে মৰা, ৰাটিতে ৰাটিতে মৰা, Die while engaged in the performance of one's duties, die while actively engaged in carrying on one's professional duties, Die in one's shoes—शंति कारडे जदबाद-इ; To come to the gallows , to be hanged.

Die in the last ditch-अश्वनांदी-इ; Persevere, to hold on

Die of—বেলপে লোকের মৃত্যু সচরাচর বটে নেইলপে ম্বা, বাভাবিক মৃত্যুতে ম্বা, Loss life from (some unnatural cause)

Die of one's post (or in the harness)—
বাটিতে বাটিতে যাবা, Die while actively discharging
one a professional duties.

Die out-বিনই-হ, লোপ ৰা ডিবোহিড-হ, Die gradually, vanish, become extinct

Die the death of—উপযুক্ত মৰণ মৰা (কুৰা জু, বেকপে মধিশা যাহার উপযুক্ত হয় সেইকপে ম্বরা), (কাহাৰত ভাষ) প্রাণ্ডাণ্ড-কু, Die like

Die with ennui—अंत द ज्ञीय (वाद-कृ , Feel very much listless [ turn up

Cast of the die—Any thing that may chance The die is east—যাহা করা হটঃ'ছে ডাহা হতৈ আছ পিছাইব'ৰ যো নাই, Every thing is hazarded, the latenance is taken or offered.

Diet, diet, n পথা, আহাৰ, hood prescribed by medical men food, provisions, victuals.—
ইটাৰ গৈ ৰ কোল বিলাগ কৰি মহানহা, ব্যৱস্থাক সভা Antional as embly, a Parliament (in the Aistrin Empire and Switzerland), a less lance body—vi আহাৰ-কু, নিয়মণ্ড ভৌজন ক্যা, Io cit, to tike food according to rule—zif গালা বোহাৰ, ভোজা বাৰ বোহাৰ, To feed according to jule, to furnish with provisions.

Dietary, diet ar-i a আংকার স্থানীয় Relating to diet —n পালা প্রশাসী, Rules of diet, illowance of food especially in alms houses

Dietetie, di-ct erik Dietical, di et-ceik-al, a প্ৰা সম্ভাগ , আহাত্ত সম্ভাগ , Regulating food or dut ad = dietetically

Dietetics, diet ct'iks ». প্ৰেয়ৰ নিৰ্মাৰ্থি, Rules for regulating diet

Differ, difer, र । [L dif=dis, apart, fero, to be ir] अनेका इ Di agree, to be at variance — [ब्बान-विख्य कृ, अविद्यापिका-कृ, To still, to wrangle — v. t अन्का-कृ, To cause to be unlike Syn — Vary, be unlike, contend, dispute, debate altercate, quarrel, oppose

Differ from (one) in (or on)—কোন বিবৰে কাহাৰও সহিত ঘতে জনৈক্য হওৱা, Disagree with one in some respect, or on come point.

Difference, diferens, n wifes, nifes, all similarity, distinction—fares of, Characteristic quality—fasts, fasts of fasts, Quaricl, the point in dispute, ground of controvery—fares of, The remainder after subtraction—v t. fasts, To make different. Syn—Distinction, dissimilarity, variation, diversity variety, contrariety, disagreement, discordance, variance, contest, contention, dispute, controversy, debate, quarrel, wrangle, strife.

Difference between—क्रेट्स म्राप् अरुप, Dissimilarity between.

Different, diferent, a नुषक, जन्म , विका.

avarious, contrary, not the same. ad-differ-

Different from or to—ভিন্ন প্ৰকাৰ হওছা।

Differential, dif-ei-enshal, a farman, Special, discriminating. [Mathematics Differential calculus—A branch of higher Differentiate, v t arms, To specialise—v: To discriminate

Differentiation—স্থানিকাশ প্রণালী বারা বিভিন্ন প্রকার অংশের উৎপত্তি, The production of a diversity of parts by a process of evolution in

development.

Difficult, difi-kult, a [L dif=dis, negative, and facilis, easy] কটিব ছু:মাধ্য, Not casy to be done, hard —সহকে সন্তঃ ৰহে, Hard to be pleasing, unaccomodating —কছণ্যক, Laborious, ardous —অধিষ্যানী, Extremely incredulous—কতি কটোৰ, অনমনীয়, Rigid, unyielding Syn —Arduous, painful, laborious unaccomodating, austere, rigid, perplexing enigmatical, obscure, intricate, involved, hard to ple ise fastidious ad=difficultly

Difficulty, difikulti, n কাঠিছ, Arduous ness —রেল, Perplexity, distress — fasta Quartel or a matter in dispute — আগতি, Objection — বাখা, প্রতিবন্ধ, Obstacle — মুকোর্ব বিষয়, That which cannot be casily understood Sin — Hardness arduousness, impediment obsacle, obstruction, objection, perplexity,

exigency distress, trouble, trial.

Diffidence, dit'i-dens স বজাৰীৰতা আৰু-নাৰত নাৰতা, ভৰ, Want of confidence want of self-reliance, modesty, reserve, bashfulness, doubt Sin —Distrust, doubt, hesitation, apprehension, fear, timidity, humility, bashfulness medesty

Diffident, dif'i-dent, a [L dif=dis, negative, fide, to trust—fides, faith] পান্ধানেছী, না ভাক, Di trustful of one's ability modest timed —প্ৰজ্ঞ শীৰ, Bashful Syn —Hesitating doubtful timed, distrustful, suspicious, modest, bashful, reserved

Diffuse, dif-uź, v t [ l dif=dis, asunder fundo, to pour out ] ছড়'ইয়া দেহয়া, বিষ্ণুত কু, lo send out in all directions, to scatter — ঘোষণা কু, মাচাৰ-কু, To circulate, to publish Syn — Expand, spread, disperse, distribute, propagate, circulate, publish, proclaim, spend, waste, scat er n=diffuser

Diffuse, dif-us, a স্থাৰ্ড , বিভান্তিত , Poured out , widely spread — বাগবহুল , ব্ৰভাৰী , Wordy, not concise Syn —Loose, diffusive, copious, verbose, prolix, amplified, discursive, wordy, prosy n=diffuseness, ad=diffusely.

Diffused, dif Used, pa p. and a. उद्विष्ठ , प्रव , Spread widely , loose. ad=diffusedly, n=

diffusedness.

Diffusible, dif-uźi-bl, a. বিবারক্ষ, এসাবাক্ষ, বিবারক্ষ, এসাবাক্ষ, বিবারক্ষ, প্রসাবাক্ষ, বিবারক্ষ, প্রসাবাক্ষ, বিবারক্ষ, প্রসাবাক্ষ, ন্ন বিবারক্ষ, প্রসাবাক্ষ, ন্ন বিবারক্ষ, প্রসাবাক্ষ, বিবারক্ষ, প্রসাবাক্ষ, বিবারক্ষ, প্রসাবাক্ষ, বিবারক্ষ, বিবারক্ষ, প্রসাবাক্ষ, বিবারক্ষ, বিবারক্য, বিবারক্ষ, বিবারক্য, বিবারক্ষ, বিবা

Diffusion, dif-u'zhun, अ नावि , A scattering —नावना , Copiousness .—वहान , Propagation .—

প্রকাষণ, Extension. Syn —Expansion, dispersion, extension, spread, propagation, circulation, distribution

Diffusive, dif-usiv, a ব্যাপক; বিভারনীয় , Extending , spreading widely Syn — Expansive; diffuse , loose, verbose, prolix ad=diffusively, n=diffusiveness

Dig, dig. v t factors, caraty, cointin sist cointin, lo turn and throw up, as the earth, to remove, to delve with a spade, to excavate: v.s. To work with a spade Syn—Delve, excavate, hollow out, penetrate, pierce into. n=digger

[ and cause to fall.

Dig down—ভশা পঁড়িরা বাহির কু, Undermine Dig in, into—প্রোধিত-কু, Pierce

Dig out or dig from—क्षित्रा वाहित-कृ, To get out by digging

Dig through—মাটি কাটিনা অভ্যন্তরে পথ-কৃ, বড়জ প্রভাত কৃ Open a passage through by digging. Dig under—ভিত্তি নত্ত কৃ, অবঃ খনন-কৃ, Undermine. [ by digging

Dig up the hatchet—विवान कृ, विवादन त्रु , विवादन त्रु ,

Mike wir oi engage, in strife.

Digost, di-jcst, v t [ L di=dis, asunder, and gero to bear] পরিপাক-কৃ, উত্তাপ বারা নর্ম করিয়া প্রস্তুত্ব কৃ, To dissolve food in the stomach, soften by heat —পৃথক করিয়া বিস্তাস-কৃ, To distribute and arrange —চিন্তা-কৃ, To think over v i জীপ ই. To be dissolved in the stomach, to become concocted,—উত্তাপ প্রবেশে প্রস্তুত্ব-ই, To be sefered and prepared by heat Syn — Concoct, assimilate, macerate, soften by heat, arrange distribute, dispose, reduce, convert, codify, classify, methodize, tabulate, ponder, consider n=digester

Digest, difest, n. ক'ছিড়া ব্যবহা-সংগ্ৰহ, Compendium, abridgment গুল—Pandect, code, system, su nmery, astract, synopsis epitome, precis

[ tion n=degestibility
Digestible, di-jesti-bl, a পাড়া Basy of diges-

Digostion, di jestjun, n পৰিপাক, জীৰ্ণ কৰৰ,
The dissolution of food in the stomach — শ্ৰেণ্টবন্ধ পূৰ্যক সংহাপন, Orderly arrangement —
বিভালন, Distribution

Digestive, di jestiv, a জীৰ্কাৰক, পাতক, Having the power to cause or promote digestion Dight, dit, v t সন্ধিত কু. To dress, adorn .—

a সজ্জিত শেভিত, Adorned, disposed.

Digit, digit, n অজুলি, এক অলুলি পৰিমাণ, A finger, a finger's breadth or ই of an inch — অসুলি, Any one of the ten fingures — চক্ৰপুৰ্বোৰ বাণলাংশ, Twelvth part of the diameter

of the sun or moon. a = digital.
Digital, a. অসুনি সংখীয়, Pertaining to the fingers.

Digitate, difi-tāt, Digitated, difi-tāted, e হ্যাবৃশিব ভার প্ৰক, বিভক, Formed like fingers. n=digitation.

Digitigrade, difi-ti-grad, a. [L digitus, and gradior, to step, to walk] অনুটার উপয় ভয় বিচয়বিদ্যাল , Walking on the toes — n. বে কছ

অনুটের উপর ভর বিরা চলে; An animal that walks on its toes.

Dignified, dig'ni-fid, a মহৎ; পভীৰ, উন্নত, আড়মৰপূৰ্ব, Exalted; noble; lofty, stately.

Dignify, dig'ni-fi. v t [L dignus, worthy, facto, to make] সমান-ক, বুলোডিড-ক, উন্নত ক, To exalt, to adorn, to promote Syn—Exalt, elevate, prefer, advance, ennoble, aggrandize, honour, grace, adorn.

Dignitary, dig'ni-tar-i, n উচ্চপদ্ বাজি, উচ্চ পদ্ধ পুৰোহিত, বাচক বিশেষ; An episcopal clergy-man advanced to rank, a clergyman of dignity Dignity, dig'ni-ti, n. মৃহত্ব, উচ্চপদ, Elevation of mind or rank, worthiless, high office—
উচ্চপদ্ধ বোক, One holding high rank. Syn—
Preferment, elevation, honour, rank, high station, greatness, nobility, nobliness, excellence, statelinesss, grandeur, majesty, dignitary, magistrate.

Beneath one's dignity—মৰ্ণাদার অৰূপযুক্ত বাট, Degrading to one s position.

Digress, di-gress, v : [L dt, aside, grandior, to step] এক বিষয় বৰ্ণনা কৰিছে করিতে বিষয়ান্তবৈ ক্ষনত বিষয়ান্তবৈ ক্ষনত বিষয়ান্তবৈ ক্ষনত বিষয়ান্তবৈ ক্ষনত বিষয়ান্তবৈ ক্ষনত ক্ষনত বিষয়ান্তবে ক্ষনত ক্ষনত বিষয়ান্তবিদ্ধান ক্ষনত বিষয়ান্তবিদ্ধান ক্ষনত বিষয়ান্তবিদ্ধান ক্ষনত বিষয়ান্তবিদ্ধান ক্ষনত বিষয়ান্তবিদ্ধান ক্ষেত্ৰ বিষয়ান ক্ষনত বিষয়ান ক্ষেত্ৰ বিষয়ান ক্ষনত বিষয়ান ক্ষেত্ৰ বিষয়ান ক্ষনত বিষয়ান ক্ষেত্ৰ বিষয়ান ক্ষনত বিষয়ান ক্ষেত্ৰ বিষয়ান ক্ষে

Digression, di-greshun, n বিষয়ার গমন, আনাদিক বিষয়ে আনোচনা, A departure from the main subject, a part of a discourse not upon the main subject a=digressional Syn—Diviation, divergence, departure, transgression, episode, incidental, passage

Digressional, digreshun-al Digressive, di gressiv, a. दिवसंह्य अभवनेत, Departing from the main purpose or subject.

Digressive, a বিষয়াস্তবে গমনশাল, Departing from the main subject ad=charte sively

Dike, dik, n. বাঁধ, পৰিখা, A mound again t inundation, a ditch — দাফ প্ৰস্তা বিশেষ, Veil or wall of igneous rock — v. t বাৰ বাঁধা, To surround, protect, by dikes.

Dilacerate, di-lacerat, v t. हि पिन १० ५०-इ To rend asunder, to tear in piece n-edila ceration.

Dilapidate, di-lap'i-dāt, v. t [L di asudei, lapidis, a stone] 罗君-亨、城江 亨、To liy wi te, to pull down .—v : 智士·亳、 Fo fall in to decry Syn —Destroy, ruin, waste, demolish n delapidator.

Dilapidation, di-lap-1-dáshun, n ধান , জাণা বয়া প্রান্তি, Destruction, dicay, demolition Syn.—Downfall, ruin, decay, waste, dissolution. [lapidation

Dilapidator, n আনকারী, One who causes di Dilatable, di-lata-bl, a প্রস্বার্থ Capable of extention. n=dilatability.

Dilatation, dila-táshun, Dilation, di-láshun, n. বিকৃতি, প্রসারণ, প্রসারণীরভা, Expinsion

Dilate, di-lat, v t [L di=dis, apart, and latus, borne, suffered] বিভাৰ চ , To extend, to spread out, to widen, to enlarge —বাছণাকণে বৰ্ণৰা চ , To iclate at large .—v ঃ. বিশ্বত-ছ,

To widen — বাহনা আৰো বানা-F; To speak at length, to expatiate Sym,—Expand, swell, distend, widen, stretch, descant, enlarge, amplify, expatiate. n=dilater.

Dilate (or enlarge) on—feeties 441-9;
Relate at length

Dilatory, dila-tor-i, a দীৰ্মনী, বিশ্বকাৰী; ধীৰ; বিশ্বণী, Slow, given to procrastination, taidy, sluggish, n=dilatoriness ad=dilatorily. Syn:—Slow, deliying, sluggish, lagging, lingering, slack, inactive, loitering, backward, off-putting. Dilemma, di le-ma, n [ L di, twice, lemma, anything received ] উত্তর স্কট, বিখা, A perplixing situation, a very vexatious alternative. Bo between the two horns of a dilemma—ভব্য স্কলে পড়া, Be in an embarassing situation on account of the equal difficulty of two or more choices

Dilettant, Dilettante, dil-et-ahte, স ক্ৰমায় বিদ্যাপ্তৰ লোক, বাংনস্থাতালি ক্ৰমায় বিদ্যাপ্তৰালী; An admirer or love of fine arts, an amateur. n-diletanteism pl=delettanti

Diligence, difi-jens, n. क्वांशिक्कां, निवसं; सन्भागांत्र, Steady application, industry, attention, assiduity Syn —Care, constancy, heedfulness, watchfulness, earnestness, perseverance, activity, assiduousness, laboriousness.

Diligent, dili jent, a { L diligo, to choose, to love } আ,হান্তিয়, প্ৰিমমী, অধ্যবসায়ীল, অধ্যবসায়ীল, Attentive, industrious, persevering, assiduous, careful Syn—Active, sedulous, laborious, p rectering, attentive, industrious, careful, carnest, assiduous ad=diligently.

Dill, dil, n noffatela, A plant.

Dilly-dally, v ঃ দ ঘপত্ৰী-ই , ডুছে-≱ , To delay , to trific , to lotter.

Diluent, dilu ent, a ভরলকারী, That which dilutes. i =diluting ( यहाटि ভরল করে );

Dilute, di lut, v. f. [L di, away from, luo, to wish] 347 \$, 9137 \$, To attenuate, to make thin, to make weak —a. 9139], Thin, att mated —v s. 9139] \$, To become thin, ediluted

Dilution, n সকল কৰে. Act or state of being Diluvial, di la't মা, Diluvian, di-lü'vi-an, a. ভালাল বন বৰণীয়, Reliting to the deluge.

Diluvialist, di luvi-a-list, n. জনমাৰৰ অৱক্ষক ভূত্ৰ প্ৰকাশক . One who explains geological phenomena by the deluge

Dim, dim, a ৰুপষ্ট, আনিভিড, জনুমান, Not charly seen, obscure, dark, vague, faint, imperfect, mysterious—v f মেডাছের কু, মনিন-শ্র-কু, lo cloud, to obscure, to darken Syn—(a) Obscure, dusky, dark, darkish, indistinct, shadowy, imperfect, duil, obiuse, sullied, tainished (v) cloud, darken, obscure, ad=dimly n-dimness.

Dimension, di-menshun, n. [L. di = dis, apart,

metion, to measure ] आकृष्ठि; आध्यन् ; शिवन ; शिवन व Extent; size; capacity or bulk; extent. a= dimensive. Syn:—Bulk, size, magnitude, extent, largeness, bigness, capacity, amplitude. Diminish, di-minish, v. t. द्वान-कृ; क्य-कृ; To lessen; to abate; to impair:—v. t. द्वान-कृ; To grow or appear less; to lessen. Syn:—Decrease, lessen, abate, reduce; impair, abase, lower, weaken; retrench, curtail, a=diminishable.

Diminution, dim-i-nu'shun, n. হান; অবনতি;
Decrease; reduction in size, quality, degree.
Syn:—Decrease, decay, abatement, deduction,
decrement; contraction, retrenchment, curtailment.

Diminutive, di-minu-tiv, a. কুল; Small; little:—স্কৃতিভ; Contracted:—n. কুলত বাচক ক্ষম; A word formed to express littleness:—কুলাকৃতি বস্তু; Something of small size. n=diminutiveness, ad=diminutively.

Dimissory, dimis-or-i, a. প্রহানার্থ অসুমতিকারী; Granting leave to depart.

Dimity, dimiti, n [L. di, twice, mitos, a thread] \$75] \$195; Cloth woven with a double thread. [dim.

Dimmish, dimish, a. কিনিং আলাই; Somewhat Dimness, n. আক্ষাব; অলাকুড়া, Darkness, indistinctness, obscurity, gloom, dulness

Dimorphism, di-mor/fi/m, n. ছুই আকাৰ ধারণ. The act of assuming two forms.

Dimorphous, di-mor'fus, Dimorphic, a.

ছই আকার বিশিষ্ট ; Assuming two forms

Dimple, dimpl, n. গালেব উপব টেবে ; A small depression on the face — v : টোল পঢ়া , To form dimples — v t. টোল পড়ার ভার চিহ্নিত্র-কু;

To mark with dimples.

Dimply, dumpli, a. টোলপুৰ্ব; Full of small depressions [ vision.

Dimsighted, a ছুকল দৃষ্টিবিশিষ্ট: Having a weak Din, din, n [Icel dyn, thunder] কোলাইল; মহালক; গোলমাল; A loud continued noise:—
v. t. শব্দ ছাৱা ভক্ক কু; গোলমাল কৰিয়া বিষক্ত-কু, To stun or confound with noise; to hairss with clamour. Syn:—(n) Racket, clamour, noise

Din in or into one's ears—কাণেৰ কাছে ভাৰি ভাৰি কৰা; Repeat continually in one's cars.

Dine, din, v. i. [L. de, intensive, and caeno, to dine ] ম্বাহেছাখন-কু; To eat the chief meal of the day; to take dinner:—v. t. অধান ভোজ শেখা; To give a dinner to or at.

Dine out, v. বাড়িতে বা ধাওয়া। [Starve Dine with Duke Humphery—উপবাদ-কু; Ding, ding, v. t. আবাড-কু; ধাকা-বে, To strike; knock:—v. i. ঘটাঞ্চাল-কু; To ring or sound

Ding-dong, ding'dong, n. ৰণ্টাৰ টং টং শব্দ ; The song of bells ringing :—সমানতা ; একডাৰ ; Monotony ; sameness. [ carnest.

They went dingdong—Fighting in good Dingle, ding'gl, n. সমীৰ্থ উপত্ৰা; A narrow valley; a glen, dale, dell, vale.

Dingle-dangle, ding gl-dang gl, a. (माइनामाम ; Swinging backwards and forwards; hanging toosely:-n. (नाइनामान यक ; Something dangling.

Dingy, dinji, a. কুৰবণ; ঘলিন; ভটা; Dusky; soil, dun; brown. n=dinginess. [ of the day. Dinner, diner, n. মধ্যক ভোজন; The chief meal Dint, dint, n. অধ্যক; A blow:—প্ৰথব-ডিক; The mark made by a blow:—পজি; ক্ষড়া; বেগ; Force; power; violence:—v. f. আঘাত হাবা গর্জক; To make a small cavity by blow or pressure. Syn:—(n) Dent, indentation, dimple; force, power. [ By the force or power of. By dint of—কোন কিছুৰ প্ৰভাবে; কোন কিছুৰ বলে; Diocesan, di-oses-an, a. বিশাপের আনমাধীন প্রবেশ সম্বন্ধীয়; Pertaining to a diocese:—n. প্রধান আহাবা, A bishop.

Diocese, di'o-scs, n. প্ৰধান আচাৰ্য্যৰ অধিকৃত বা লান-াধীন প্ৰদেশ; The circuit or extent of a bishop's jurisdiction.

Dioptrie, di-op'trik, Dioptrical, di-op'trikal, a. প্রতিদ্বিত আলোক বিদ্যা সম্বাত্তীয় ; Assisting vision by means of the refraction of light.

Dioptries, di-op'triks, n. pl. আলোক বিজ্ঞানের আলোকের বিষয় গতি বিষয়িশ লাখা; That part of Optics which treats of refracted light.

Dip, dip, v. t. কৰ্বাৰ জনাদিতে মগ্ন কৰিছা হাৰা; কৰ্বাৰ ত্বল প্ৰাহেৰ মধ্য ত্ৰাইছা বাৰা; To plunge for a moment in a liquid; to immerse; to ladle —v. i ভ্ৰিবা-যা; মগ্ন-ছ; To sink:—সামাভ ভাবে দেখা; To enter slightly; to look cursorily.—নত-ছ; To incline:—n. নিমজন; Action of dipping:—আনমন; ক্ৰমনিয়তা; Inclination downwards; a slope. Syn:—(v.) Plunge, immerse, douse; souse, baptize; incline, bend down, tend toward; engage in, enter into; dive, duck; bathe.

Dip-chick, dip'chik. n. Same as dab-chick.
The first dip is awful—প্ৰথম উপায় কটুকা;
The first plunge is looked upon with horror.
Dipetalous, di peta-lus, a. বিশ্ব; Having two

flower leaves or petals.

Diphthoria, dif-the ria, n. [Gr. diphthera, leather] পীতা বিশেষ; এক প্ৰকাৰ কঠবোৰ; A disease characterised by the forming of a membrane in the throat and fauces. a=diphtheritic. Diphthong, dif'thong, n. যুক্তৰৰ; বিশ্ব-সংবোদ; The union of two vowels in one sound. a=diphthoneal, ad=diphthongally.

Diploma, di-plo'ma, n. উপাৰি-পত্ৰ, A writing conferring some honour or privilege:—সৰকাৰী দ্বিল A public document.

Diplomacy, di-plo'ma-si, n. দৌতা কৰ্ম; ক্ৰদ্বিত্ব, বাচলৈতিক কোলল, Political skill:—দুত
সমূহ: A body of envoys.—বৈদেশিক বাজদুত-দল
A diplomatic body.

[ A diplomatist.
Diplomato, di-plo'mat, n বাজনীতিক্লল ব্যক্তি;
Diplomatic. dip-lo-matik. Diplomatical.

Diplomatic, dip-lo-matik, Diplomatical, dip-lo-matik-al, a সন্ধি সংক্ষা , সন্ধিক্ষালী, Skilful in negotiation , pertaining to negotiation :— আধিকাৰ প্ৰাপ্ত , Privileged.

Diplomatic, dip-lo-matik, n. tateline alays; A minister at a foreign court:— yes, An envoy.

Diplomatics, n. pl. वाहीय निषत्न वर्गानि निज्ञ-পাৰ কৌৰৰ, The science of deciphering ancient writings, as diplomas &c :--वाठीन कारनद शुक्कानि निवाद विका ; The art of deciphering ancient writings; paleography. ad=diplomatically.

Diplomatist, di-ploma-tist, n. बासनीछ-क्ष्यन बाकि ; कृष्ठ-बाकनीकि विभावन वाकि ; One skilled in

diplomacy.

Dipper, dip'er, n. विम्लाश्च ; One that dips or bathes :- अन्तर शिक्षिर्वर A small diving bird :- হাড়া ; A ladle.

Dipping needle, n. Instrument to show direc-

tion of magnetic force.

Dipsas, dip'sas, n. [Gr. dipsos, thirst ] 44-जाजीय नर्न ; An Asiatic and American treesnake whose bite is said to cause intense thirst Dipsomania, dip-so-mani-a, n [Gr. dipsa, thirst, and mania, madness ] পানাসন্তি, হুরা-পাৰাপিত ; A continued craving for drinking.

Dipteral, dip'ter-al, Dipterous, dip'ter-us, a. [Gr. di, twice, pteron, a wing ] farfaffig,

Having two wings.

Dipteren, dip'ter-an, n বিপক বিশিষ্ট পডক; An insect having only two wings. pl=dipterans

Dire, dir, direful, a ভश्तक : छीवन : Dreadful ; dismal; terrible. Syn .- Dreadful, horrible, terrible, fearful, terrific, alarming, awful. n= direness. ad=direfully, n=direfulness.

Direct, a. di-rekt, (माज) ; Straight , right .- मून TITLE : In the line of father and son, opposed to collateral :- স্বল; অকপট, পরিকার, Open; outspoken, sincere, plain; express. Syn -Straight, lineal, not collateral, straight forward, plain, open, sincere, frank, express, unequivocal, unambiguous, immediate, absolute.

ad=directly, n=directness.

Direct, di-rekt, v t. [ L di, completely, and rego, to rule, to make straight ] টিক লোভা চলা; To aim or drive in a straight line . - 99 ( ) ( ) वर्षार्थ भाष कार्यान क ; To show the way , to show the proper course to :- निश्मित्र-क : To regulate ; to adjust :- किकाना लिबिया-मा; To address a letter ; superscribe :- WITH-F ; BACHH-CH ; To instruct as a superior :- ad. 3 , Forth with v. i. नित्रिवानक-कावा-क ; To give direction ; act as guide. Syn :- (v.) Aim, point, cast, turn, guide, lead, conduct; dispose, manage, regulate, order ; instruct, command, enjoin ; address.

Direct tax, n. अभिव উপর कव ; Tax on real states, as houses and lands.

Direct to-(কাৰ দিকে বাওয়া ; Point towards :-नायन विकास (नशा ; Superscribe a letter :-

वादान-इ ; Apply to.

Direction, di-rekshun, n. लका वा शिंठ ; Aim or course: - च वानवाम ; Superintendence or management :- witem ; Prescription, order :- Ptal-ৰাৰা ; Address of a letter - অধ্যক্ষ-সভা ; Body of directors :- উপদেশ : Instruction :- বিচৰণ The line in which anything moves. Syn :- Administration, guidance, management, oversight, government ; order, guide, control, command; course, bearing, aim, tendency; address, superscription.

Directive, di-rektive, a. शतिहानक ; उन्तनक ; Having power or tendency to direct.

Directly, di-rektly, ad. "Its:; In straight course :- अविगर ; Without delay ; immediatety. Syn:-Immediately, instantly, soon, promptly, speedily, expressly, quickly, at once. Director, di-rektor, n. \*|4]-9145|44; Manager of a public company or instruction :- 94-आपनंक : A guide :- डेनापड़ी ; An instructor, a counsellor :--ডাজাৰি অৰ বিশেষ : A surgical instrument. fem=Directress or directrix.

Directorate, di-rektor-at, Directorship. di-rektor-ship, n. ज्यावशायकत कार्या वा अन ; The office or body of directors.

Directorial, di-rek-tori-al, a. witter seals: आरम्भश्रम , Pertaining to a director or directory : giving direction.

Directory, di-rektor-i, n. उद्दावश्रादकत पन : Bodv of directors: - করাশির বিধি; Form of French Government · — (मर्गात अधिवामीनार्गत नाम धाम अपनी প্रतिका : A guide book of city with addresses of inhabitants - উপাসনার আছেখ . Direction for religious worship :- a. আবেশপুৰ ; অৰুঞাপুৰ ; Containing directions.

Dirge, der, n. अरबाहिकांत्वत (भाक्युटक शाव : A funeral hymn or psalm. Syn :- Threnody. elegy, funeral chant or lament, coronach.

Dirk, derk, n. (stal ; A short sword ; a dagger .- v. t ছোবা সারা ; To stab with a dirk. Dirt, dert, n अपना , कर्मम ; Mud or earth ; any filthy substance .- মরলা-ক ; কল্বিড-ক ; To make foul or unclean; to soil; dirty.

Dirt cheap-ভারি भड़ा ; Very cheap.

Est dirt-अश्माव अक्-कृ; Put up with insults and mortifications.

Dirty, derti, a. [ Icel. drit, encrement, dung ] भन पूरिक ; बृति दूत्रविक , नक्कम , Foul ; filthy :-v. t. मीठ ; क्यक ; अधम , Base ; mean :-v.t. मिन-क, To make filthy, to soil with dirt :-- कन्दिक-क; কল্বিত-ক ; Tarnish ; scandalise. n=dirtiness ; ad=dirtily. Syn :- (a) Unclean, foul, filthy. nasty; muddy, miry; soiled, begrimed; sulhed, dark, squalid, shabby; mean, low, paltry, base, despicable.

Disability, dis-a-bili-ti, n अमामर्ग : कुर्मला : Weakness; incapacity — बत्यांगाजा; बाई नाइमारत অৰ্থতা; Want of legal qualification. Syn :--Di-qualification, unfitness, inability; weakness, incapacity, incompetency

Disable, dis-abl, v. t. अक्प-क ; क्र्रज-क ; To incapacitate; to disqualify; to weaken. Syn :-Weaken, impair, cripple, paralyze, unfit, disqualify, incapacitate, enfeeble, unman.

Disabuse, dis-ab-ut, v. t. अभवूत-क् ; क्रिक-क् ; To undeceive; to set right.

Disadvantage, dis-ad-vantaj, म. अञ्चित्रा ; কতি; Injury; loss; damage. Syn:-Unfavourable state, detriment, injury, hurt; loss, damage ; prejudice, disservice, harm.

Take one at a disadvantage-wante wir-

\*\* ; weres ; Surprise one when unprepared for defence; take one by surprise.

Disadvantageous, dis-ad-vant-á-jus, s. = 18-कांवक ; अञ्चित्रांकनक , Unfavourable , prejudicial; injurious. adedisadvantageously. Syn:-Unfavourable, inconvenient ; injurious, hurtful, prejudicial, detrimental.

Disaffect, dis-af-fekt, v. t. विदानकावन-कृ, त्वर-व्यक्त आर्डाइ-क ; To make disconted or unfriendly, to alienate the affection. nedisaffectedness. Syn :- Alienate, estrange, make unfriendly; dislike, disdain; disorder.

Disaffected, dis-af-fekted, a. व्यक्तिका : विद्यारी : Ill-disposed; disloyal. ad-disaffectedly, n=

disaffectedness.

Disaffection, dis-af-fekshun, त. जनका ; विदान ; অসম্ভোব ; শক্ততা , Dishke ; alienation , ill-will ; unfriendliness; enmity; hostility .- thetate, नित्यारी ; Disloyality. Syn -Estrangement ; dislike, repugnance; dissatisfaction, disagreement ; unfriendliness ; ill-will, disloyalty.

Disaffirm, dis-af-ferm, v. t. প্রতিবাদ-কু, अशोकाव-. To contradict ; to deny.

Disafforest, dis-af-for'est, v. t. वानव नकानि क्छानत क्या दिन कु , तम कार्डिश मार्ठ-कु , To strip of the privilege of forest laws, to reduce a forest to common ground.

Disagree, dis-a-gre, v. t. अनचल-१ ; अनेका-१ : To differ ; to dissent .- विवाप-क , To quarrel. Syn -Differ, vary; dissent, differ in opinion, wrangle, quarrel, be unsuitable.

Disagreeable, dis-a-grt'a-bl, a. अमरहारवसक . বিশ্বভিক্র ; Unpleasant , offensive. n=disagreeableness, ad=disagreeably. Syn -Contrary, unsuitable ; unpleasant, offensive, displeasing, distasteful

Diagreement, dis-a-grement, n. अत्रकृत ; Dissimilitude - মত ভেদ, Difference of opinion -অৰুপৰোগিতা, Unsuitableness —বিবাদ, Dispute -कोनका , State of disagreeing Syn -Difference, diversity, dissimilitude, unlikeness, variance; dissent, dissension, division, dispute, jar, wrangle, discord.

Disallow, dis-al-low', v. t. [ L. dis and Fr allouer, to grant ] खन्नांक-कु ; नित्तव-कु , ना (मध्या , To reject; not to permit or grant .- v. : অবুষ্তি লা পেৰৱা ; To refuge permission. Syn ---Prohibit, forbid; reject, set aside, disapprove, disallow, disclaim, disown, deny, condemn

Disallowable, dis-al-low'a-bl, a. अन्यू (माम्बीय , Not allowable.

Disallowance, अ. अशीकात, निराद, निरादन, रूर्भना ; Rejection , prohibition , censure Disannul, dis-an-nul, v t. थिछ-कृ, विश्ठ-कृ,

লোপ-ক : To make void, to nullify. n-disannulment ; disannulling

Disappear, dis-ap-per', v. f. [ L. dis, and apparere, to come in sight ] अपूछ-र ; अवर्षिछ-र ; To vanish from sight, to withdraw from observation.

Disappearance, dis-ap-per'ans, n. weija; विद्यापान , A removal from sight,

Disappoint, dis-ap-point, v. t. [ L. dis, and appoint, to unfix or unsettle ] विदान-#; आनी चन-इ ; To frustrate ; to fail ; to defeat expectation. Syn .- Tantalize, delude, deceive, frustrate, balk, baffle, fail, defeat.

Disappointed at-त्यांन कातर जाना क्य रह: Disappointed by reason of.

Disappointed in-আশানুরূপ কল না পাওয়া ৷

Disappointed of—ৰে কিনিদ পাইবার আৰা করা यात्र छाहा ना भावता । Disappointment, dis-ap-pointment, #. (4418:

निवाना ; विकनीक्ष्म ; वार्वकृत्र : Defeat or failure of expectation; miscarriage. Syn :- Miscarriage, frustration, balk, failure, ill-success. Disapprobation, dis-ap-prob-a'shun, m. 4-

সন্মতি, নিকা; ভংগনা, Disapproving, censure, dislike. Syn :- Disapproval, displeasure ; censure, blame, reproof, condemnation,

Disapproval, dis-ap-prooval, n. অনস্যোগন; নিনা, অনস্তি; Dislike, censure.

Disapprove, dis ap-proov, v t. विका-क ; चन-সুমোদন-কু, অগ্রাহ-কু; To censure; to condemn, to disallow. Syn :- Dislike ; regard as wrong, condemn, censure; reject, disallow, decline to sanction. ad=disapprovingly.

Disarm, diz-arm, v. t निवद-क : To deprive of arms .- \*\* ; To render harmless ; to quell. n - disarmment.

Disarrange, dis-a-r'anj, v. f. विन्धल-इ ; To disorder, to unsettle. n=disarrangement. Syn:-Derange, unsettle, disturb, disorder, throw into confusion.

Disarray, dis-a-ra', v. t. विवय-क. To undress - Plate . To overthrow :- FUER . : विज्ञान-क , To break the array of , to throw into disorder -n. विनुधना, विद्शीकर्प: Want of array or regular order; undress. [To disunite. Disassociate, dis-as-so'shi-at, v t 344-7; Disaster, diz-aster, n. [ L. dis, negative, and astre, a star, fortune ] ছুৰ্টনা , বিপক্তি , বিপদ ; Misfortune; calamity. Syn .- Mishap, mischance, reverse, stroke, misadventure, accident. Disastrous, diz-astrus, a. अवज्ञाननक , पूर्वात्रा-अन्क ; पू:श्रक्त , Unfortunate , unlucky , calamitous. Syn .- Ill-starred, unpropitious, unfortunate, calamitous. ad=disastrously.

Disavow, dis-a-vow', v. t. [ L. dis, and Fr. avouer, to confess ] अनीकांत-क : शांदी ना शांदा : To disown, to deny; to disclaim. Syn :-Disclaim, disown, disallow; deny, reject, [ denial. renounce.

Disavowal, dis-a-vow'al, अशोकांत्र , Refusai ; Disband, dis-band, v t. विष्ट्रिय-कृ, विश्विष्य-कृ; To disperse, to scatter :- v. s. भ्लबहे-इ. To break up .- १४६-३, To seperate Syn :-Discharge, dismiss, separate, disperse.

Disbandment, dis-bandment, स. देनकरण स्थ The act of breaking up as from military service.

Disbar, dis-bar', e f. आशानउ स्ट्रेंट विक्क-इ: वाजिहारतय वक्का विषठ-कृ , To expel from the bar ; to deprive a barrister of his right to plead,

Disbelief, dis-be-lef, w. wettin; waren; वादिक्डा ; Denial of belief ; distrust ; unbelief. Sym :- Infidelity, scepticism, doubt, incredulity, unbelief, distrust, suspicion.

Disbelieve, dis-be-lev, v. f. अविश्वान-म : Not to believe ; to refuse belief or credit.

Disbeliever, dis-be-lev-er, अ. अविवानकादी : One who disbelieves.

Disburden, dis-bur'dn, Disberthen, dis-bur' thn, v. t. win agr-p; caisa-p; To throw off a burden; to unload; to free :- v. i. for win To ease the mind. Syn :- Unload, unburden, discharge, disencumber, free, retieve, alleviate, diminish.

Disburse, dis-burs, v. t. [ O. Fr. des, a part, and bourse, a purse ] बाब-क ; चवर-क ; To pay

out ; to expend.

Disbursement, dis-bursment, n. बाब ; The act of paying out; that which is paid out;

Disc, Disk, disk, n. গোলাকার বন্ধর উপরিভাগ; The face of a round body :- এহাদির মণ্ডল; The face of a celestial body :—পজের সম্প্র উপরিভাগ ; The whole surface of a leaf.

Discard, dis-kard, v. t. পরিত্যাপ-ক ; বিদাধ-দে ; wifest-ce; To cast off; to reject; discharge. Syn :- Dismiss, displace, discharge, cashier, reject, banish, remove.

Discern, diz-ern, v. t. [ L. dis, thoroughly, and cerno, to shift, perceive ] বিচার-কু; Descry; see ; judge :- v. i. श्राहम-कृ ; To make distinction. Syn :- Perceive, discover, espy, descry, behold, observe; distinguish, recognize; discriminate, judge, make distinction.

Discerner, diz-erher, n. পविषर्णक ; पर्णक ; A person or thing that discerns.

Discernible, diz-érni-bl, a. प्रभीय ; मुख्यान ; विद्वा ; वारकप्रवाना ; Distinguishable ; visible ; perceptible; manifest. Syn:-Apprehensible, apparent, evident. ad = discernibly.

Discerning, a. जीकद्दि ; रुक्तन्ती ; Sharp-sighted ; penetrating ; judicious.

Discernment, diz-erhment, n. विहास ; विहक्ता : जोक्युकि; Judgment; perception; sagacity;

penetration; acuteness, shrewdness, insight. Discharge, dis-char, o. t. wings- ; To unload or remove the cargo :- 4178-7; To clear a debt :- (क्षिम्क-क ; To acquit ; to free from a charge; to absolve :- 35-7; To release :-निर्मार-इ ; To perform ; to execute :-- वर्ष-इ ; ৰশুৰ ছোড়া; To let fly; to shoot; to fire off as a gun :- अकान-क ; To utter :-- वाहित-क ; To give forth; to emit or send out :- \* \* \* \* ; To dismiss:—n. ভারবোচন; ভারবিভারণ; Unloading :- मुक्ति ; (माठन ; Liberation :- निर्कार ; Performance; execution :- (मार व्याहन ; अवाहिक ; Acquittance :- Tipile ; Dismissal :-- नन्दन cation; Vent; explosion. Syn:-(v) Unload, disburden; emit, expel, eject, throw out, throw off, let fly, set off, fire, shoot; dismiss, discard, eashier; remove, put away, clear from; pay, liquidate, settle ; fulfil, m=discharger.

Disciple, dis-i-pl, n. निया ; शांव ; अनुनावी ; A scholar; a pupil; an adherent; a follower. Syn :- Learner, student, tyro, adherent, partisan, supporter. n-discipleship.

Disciplinable, disi-plin-a-bl, c. first; Ca-

pable of correction.

Disciplinarian, dis-i-plin-āri-an, s. नानव-जपसोद्ध ; Pertaining to or intended for discipline -- n. कठिव भागनकादी ; भागनक्खा ; One who disciplines or enforces rigid rules.

Disciplinary, diśi-plin-ar-i, a. नामन-मच्यीत : Pertaining to or intended for discipline.

Discipline, disi-plin, n. [4]; Training :-আজ্ঞাধীনত্ব; আদেশের বগুতা; আইন বা আদেশের অধী-ৰতা; Order, submissiveness to order or control :--শাসন ; শাবি ; দও : Correction ; chastisement ; punishment :- करोत्र शिका : द्र: ; Severe training; corrective of faults; misfortune:v. t. निका-(म : To educate ; to train :-- निम-माधीन-कृ; To subject to discipline :- अर्भना-कृ; WO-CF; To chastise; to punish. Syn:-(n) Education, instruction, culture; subjection, control, government; correction, chastisement; drill, exercise, (v) Train, form, bring up, drill, exercise, regulate; correct, chasten, punish.

Disclaim, dis-klam, v. t. [L. dis, and clamare, to call] অথীকাব-ড়; খৰ ডাাগ-ড়; To reject ; to disown; to renounce. Syn :- Disavow, disallow, renounce, abandon, repudiate.

Disclaimer, dis-klamer, n. अवीकातकाती; Onc who disclaims :-- मानि शक्ति । In law, the renunciation of the defendant to all claims :- 48 জন্মকাৰ; A public disavowal, as or pretensions. Disclose, dis-kloz, v. f. आविकात-कृ; अवान-कृ; To reveal; to open; to lay open: -v. i. English-; To burst open ; to gape. Syn :- Uncover, unveil, discover; exhibit, expose; reveal, divulge, tell, utter, make known; impart, communicate. [ Exposition ; discovery. Disclosure, dis-klo'zhūr, n. अवान ; উम्पाहन ; Discoid, diskoid, Discoidal, dis-koidal, Discous, diskus, e. अन्यान; Dislike :-- न्यानाना ; Circular.

Discoid, diskoid, Discoidal, dis-koidal, n. [Gr. diskos, and eidos form ] 4671414 48; Something in form of a disc.

Discolour, dis-kuler, v. t. बाङाविक वर्ग शविवर्छन-क ; वर्गाचद-क ; To stain ; to tinge ; to tarnish ; to change from the natural hue.

Discolouration, dis-kul-éra'shun, n. 44 413-वर्तन ; Alteration of colour ; stain.

Discomfit, dis-kumfit, v. t. [ L. dis, signifying the opposite, and con, thoroughly, facio, to make ] পরাজিত-ক ; বিভাড়িত-ক ; To defeat ; to vanquish :-- निवान-कृ; वार्थ-कृ; To frustrate; 10 disappoint; to bulk :- n. Pater; Rout; overthrow; discomfiture. Syn :- Defeat, rout, overthrow, worst, vanquish, beat, overpower; baffle, frustrate, disconcert.

Discomfiture, dis-kumfit-ur, n. नव्यान ; Defeat in battle ; overthrow ; rout :- [aut il] ; বৈৰাত ; Frustration, disappointment.

Discomfort, dis-kumfurt, s. আনাছৰা; কট; ছাব; Uneasiness; pain; grief:—e. t. আহৰী-ড়; ছাব-ড়ে; ছাবিড-ড়; To make uneasy; to pain, to grieve. Sys:—(s) Uneasiness, disquiet, inquietude; trouble, annoyance.

Discommend, dis-kom-end, v. र. भिका-इ,

ill favour.

Discommon, dis-komun, ৮ f. ছালাধিকাৰচ্যত-ক , সাধাৰণ ভূমিৰ বহু হইতে ৰঞ্চিত-ক ; To deprive of right of common or of the privilege of a place.

Discompose, dis-kom-por, v. t. বিৰক্ত-তৃ, বিশ্বাস-তৃ: বাহিস-তৃ: আলোডিড-তৃ: Disorder, disconcert; unsettle, agitate or ruffle Syn:—Derange; disturb, fret, vex, annoy, displease. Discomposure, dis-kom-po'zhūr, দ বিশ্বাসতা, অধিকতা; বিবৃত্তি; Disorder; agitation; dis-

turbance.
Disconcert, dis-kon-sert, ত f. বিষয়-তু; বাৰ্থ-তু, প্রাক্ত্য-তু, To disturb, to frustrate, to defeat, to confuse. Syn:—Discompose, unsettle, de-

range; thwart, defeat, contravene.

Disconnect, dis-kon-ekt, v t বিভিন্ন-কু; প্ৰক-কু
To separate or disjoin; sever. n=disconnection
Disconsolate, dis-końsō-lat, a [ L. dis, privative, and consolor, consolatus, to console]
নিবাশ, হাৰিড; বিষয়, শোকাবিড, Hopeless; sad, churless, n=disconsolateness, ad=disconsolately Syn:—Unhappy, forlorn, desolate, wretched, miserable, sad.

Discontent, dis-kon-tent, n. আনুকোৰ; অনা-চল্পা, Dissuisfaction, uncorness — e t আন-ছেন্দ্ৰ, To make uncasy, to dissatisfy — a

बनदर , दश्मी , Discatisfied , uncasy.

Discontented, dis-kon-tenterl, a আনহয়, অতুপ্ত,
Ureasy dissatisfied n=discontentedness, ad=
discontentedly Syn:—Unhappy, unsatisfied,
complaining, murmuring, grumbling.

Discontentment, dis-kon-tentment, n अ-मार्थाय, अवाधि , Uneasiness, discontent.

Discontinuance, dis-kon-tinuans, Discontinuation, dis-kon-tin-u-dishun, n. নিৰ্ভি, বিৰ্ভি, Cessation, interruption Syn — Consistion, intermission, discontinuation, stop, stopping, suspension; separation, disjunction Discontinue, dis-kon-tinu, v t শেৰ-ভূ, প্ৰিভিণ্টা-ৰু; নিৰ্ভ ৰা ভাজ-ভূ To put an end to; to abandon, to stop — v. চে ছিভি-ছ্, নিৰ্ভ-ছ, To cease, to break off, to part.

Discord, dis-kord, n [ L. dis, apart, and cor, cordis, the heart ] বিষয়, Want of harmony in music —আনকা, অমিল, বিৰাণ; Disagreement, variance, difference, strife. Syn:—Discordance, dissonance, jarring, harshness, difference,

opposition, dissension, contention.

Discordance, dis-kordans, Discordancy, dis-kordan-si, n. अभिन, विद्योप, Disagreement,

inconsistency; opposition.

Discordant, dis-kordand, s. বিশ্ববিশিষ্ট ; শুডি-কটু, কৰ্মণ ; Inharmonious ; harsh ; jarring :— অসমত ; Inconsistant :—বিষোধী , Disagreeing. Syn :—Incongruous, contradictory, repugnant, opposite, contrary; dissonant, harsh. \*\* discordantly.

Discount, diskownt, ল. বাটা; ববাট, বাটা কৰিব;
An allowance; a deduction for prompt payment, deduction for interest:—ত. f. ববাট-বে;
বাটা কাট্যা ক্ৰা কৰ্ম-বে, To deduct a certain sum or rate percent from the principal sum; to advance money on deducting discount:—
ত. i. বাটা ক্ৰা কৰ্ম বেভবাৰ ব্যবসায়—তু: To practise discounting. Syn:—(n) Allowance, rebate, reduction, drawback.

To be at a discount—মন কমিনা বাওলা; আনামৃত হতবা; Not valued highly, underrated — বাজান মনেন অপেকা কম সামে, Sold at less than the market value.

Discountable, dis-kownta-bl, a. বাহাতে ধ্রটি দেবা চলিতে গারে, That may be discounted.

Discountenance, dis-kowhten-ans, v.f. তপ্তাৰ-নাই-কৃ, নিৰুৎদাক কৃ, লজিত-কৃ; সহাৰ হইতে অধীকাৰ-কৃ, To discourage; to abash; to shame :—». উদাসীক্ত, অসম্মৃতি; অনাদর, Cold treatment, disapprobation; unfriendly regard.

Discourage, dis-kur'āj, v. f. उद्योदनांह-कृ , उद्य-क्षप्र-क , निक्रमाह-क ; निरंधक-क ; To dishearten ; to depress the spirits, to dissuade; to deter from, to dispirit. Syn :- Depress, deject, dispirit, damp, cast down, daunt, dissuage, disfavour, deter. ি সাহ , নৈরাস্ত , Dejection. Discouragement, dis-kur'aj-ment, n. fare-Discourse, dis-kors, n. [ L. dis, to and fro, curro, to run ] El , Speech or language generally - करशेशकथन , Conversation - शुक्क , A treatise — ধর্মবিষয়ক উপদেশ , A sermon --ए f. कर्षाश्रद्धन क , To talk or converse -বিচার ক , To reason on - v s. বর্ণনা-ক , To utter or give forth, to treat of. Syn -(n) Dessertation, disquisition, homily sermon, essay, conversation, talk.

Discursion, dis-kur'shun, n বাচৰণ বৰ্ণনা, Evpatration — অপ্ৰাদন্তিক ক্থোপকখন, বিতৰ্ক, Desultory talk, gradation of reasoning or argument

Discursive, dis-kut'siv, a অস্থক, অনিভ্ৰিভ;
Digressive rambling, desultory. Syn —Reasoning, argumentative, desultory, rambling, erratic, digressive, loose. ad = discursively.

Discourteous, dis-kurtyus, a. অপিষ্ট, সভাত, জুনীল, Uncivil, rude; wanting in good manners n=discourteousless, ad=discourteously.

Discourtesy, dis-kuite-si, n আনিষ্টতা , আনুদাৰ আনুদাৰ বা ; Incivility , rudeness of behaviour or language ; ill-manners.

Discous, diskus, a. मधनाकांव, जानी, विक्ड, Disc like, broad, flat.

Discover, dis-kuver, v. f. প্রকাশ-কৃ, আবিকার-কৃ, উল্পাচন-কৃ, To reveal; to disclose, to find out, to bring to light. n=discoverer, a=discoverable. Syn:—Disclose, bring out, exhibit, show, manifest, reveal, communicate, impart, tell, espy, detect, invent, contrive, originate, unmask, expose.

Discovery, dis-kuver-1, अ. जाविकांत्र, अवानकार:

The act of discovering :- sate ; steel ; steel

Discredit, dis-kredit, n. অপযান; ছুর্নান; হুডানর; Ill repute; disgrace; reproach:—v. t. অবিধান-ড়; To disbelieve; to distrust:—অপমান-ফু; To disgrace. Syn:—(v) Disbelieve, doubt; disgrace, dishonour.

Discreditable, dis-kredit-a-bl, a. जनमानजनक ;

ad-discreditably.

Discreet, dis-kret, a. [L. discerno, to separate, to perceive] अठर्क; बीत्रवान ; Wary; circumspect; prudent:—र्यान , পরিবানদর্শী; Discerning, prudent. ad=discreetly, n=discreetness. Syn:—Sagacious, cautious, not rash, discerning, judicious, considerate.

Discrepance, diskrep-ans, Discrepancy, diskrepan-si, n. খনৈকা; বৈপনীতা; Disagreement; difference; contrariety. Syn:—Variance; discordence, dissonance, variation.

Discrepant, diskre-pant, a. [ L. dis, different, and crepo, to sound ] অসময়ত; ভিন্ন, Disagreeing: different.

Discrete, dis-kret, a. ভিন্ন; পৃথক ে বিয়োকত; Separate, distinct, disjunctive; oppositive of concrete.

Discretion, dis-kreshun, n. স্ভৰ্কা; বিশ্বস্থারিকা; পরিপাসপতি। Prudence . sagacity:— বেজামতে কার্ করিতে অধিকাব , Liberty to act at pleasure. Syn:—Cucumspection, caution, warness, carefulness, considerateness; wild, pleasure, choice, liberty of judgment.

At discretion—विनामार्क, जवार्य ; निषम वाजिरहरक,

Without condition or Supulation.

Discretion is the better part of valour-

विष्णकाविका मारामय मात्रलाम।

Surrender at discretion—বিনাসর্তে শক্ত হতে সম্পূৰ্ণিক আত্মসমর্পণ-কু; বিনাসর্তে বিজ্ঞোর বস্তুতা আকার-কু; Surrender unconditionally; surrender unconditionally and commit oneself entirely to the power of the conqueror

To arrive at years of discretion—48:213-4; To attain the age of sound judgment, to

attain majority.

Discretional, dis-kreshun-al, Discretionary, a অব্যায়িত; ইজাবীন, Unrestrained, left to discretion or choice, ad=discretionally, discretionarily.

Disoretive, a. त्वप-त्वांबक ; भार्षका-मन्नांपक , विराउ-सक ; Disjunctive ; noting separation ; disjunc-

ting ; separating.

Discriminate, dis-krimi-nāt, v. t. [L. discrimen, discriminis, that which separates] বিভিন্ন, প্ৰতিষ্কৃ, To distinguish; to select from others:—v. i. প্ৰক্ক; প্ৰতেশক; To make a difference or distinction.—e. প্ৰতেশক; Distinguished; having the difference marked. ad= discriminately.

Discrimination, dis-krim-i-nashun, ম. প্রভেষ ; Distinction, difference :—ভীকুৰ্ছি ; বিবেচনা , Acuteness , judgment , penetration , discernment .—প্রভেষ-বিক্ , Mark of distinction. Sym:-Clearness, acuteness, sagacity; distinction.

Discriminative, dis-krimi-na-tiv, a. अर्थण्य ; विरम्पक ; अर्थण्या ; अर्थण्यात्री ; Characteristic ; observing distinctions. ad=discriminatively.

Discus, n. 52 ; 707 ; Disk.

Discussive, dis-kusiv, Discutiont, dis-ku-shi-ent, a. विठावा ; विडक क्वनार्थ, Able or tending

to discussion.

Disdain, dis-dan, v. t. [ L. de, privative, and dignus, worthy ] খুণা-ক, পুছ-ক; To scorn; to contemn:—v i. খুণাপুণ কোনে পূৰ্ণ-ছ; To be filled with contemptuous anger:—n. খুণা, অনাদর; বর্জা Contempt, scorn, detectation; arrogance. Syn:—(v. t.) Despise, deride, spurn, slight, neglect, undervalue, disregard, reject.

Discainful, dis-danfool, a. গান্তক; মুণার্ছ; ক্ষতি; অবজ্ঞাপুর্ব; ক্ষেত্র; Haughty; scornful; supercihous; contemptuous. ad-distainfully. n=

disdainfulness.

Disease, diz-হা, n পাড়া; জন্ম; Ailment; illness; distemper — v t. বোগাড়-ড়; To afflict with sickness, used almost exclusively in the p p.=diseased. Syn — (n) Disorder, distemper, malady, sickness, position; complaint.

Diseased, diz-ezd, a. বাাধিগ্ৰন্থ; অমুন্থ; Affected

with disease, n=diseased

Disedge, dis-ej, v t ধার পুৰ-কু: ভোঁতা-কু; To deprive of the edge, to blunt, to dull.

Disombarase, dis-em-baras, v. া স্কট হয়তে মুক্ত-কৃ, উদ্ধাৰ-কৃ, To liberate; to extricate, to free from perplexity or difficulty.

Disembar's, dis-em-bārk, v. t. খনে অবতাৰিত-কু, সাহাজ ২০তে তীৰে নামান; To take out of a ship, to land.—v. s. আহাজ বা নৌকা হইতে খনে অবতীৰ্থ-হ, To quit a ship to land.

Disembarkation, dis-em-bar-káshun, Disembarkment, dis-em-bark-ment, अ. शूल अवस्त्र, The act of disembarking.

Disembody, dis-em-bodi, ৮ t. দৈনিকের কর্ম হইতে অবসর-দে, To discharge from military service — দেহমুখ-কু; To free from the body.

Disembogue, dis-em-bog', v. t. [L. dis, asunder, and bucca, a cheek, the mouth ] fails-7. To discharge at the mouth as a stream; to flow out. n=disemboguement.

Disembowel, dis-em-bow'el, v. t. नाड़िक्डि होनिहा वाहित-कृ. To take out the bowels.

Disembroil, dis-em-broil, v. t. মুক্ত-কু; গোলমান হউতে মুক্ত-কু, To disentangle; to free from confusion.

Disenchant, v. t. ইক্ৰমানিক বা ডোক পজি হইন্ডে মৃক্ত-কু, To free from fascination or delusion. n=Disenchantment

Disencumber, dis-en-kumber, v. f. wa ye-?.

To disburden; to free from obstruction. \*-

Disendow, dis-en-dow, e. t. मुख्यम्-मृ; To deprive the endowment of n=disendowment.

Disenfranchise, v. f. বৰু বা ক্ষতা বহিত-কু; To

deprive of privileges.

Disengage, dis-en-gaj, w.f. 48-7; 44-7; To liberate; to set free; to release; to separate; to disentangle:—v.i. 48-7; To become detached. Syn:—Free, loose, delive, discharge, relieve; extricate, disentangle; detach, withdraw, wean.

Disongagement, dis-en-gajment, ন. মুক্ত; অব-কাল; মিলিব; Release; leisure; freedom from engrossing occupation.

Disennoble, dis-en-nobl, ए. १. नीठ-कृ; To degrade; to deprive of tittle.

Disentangle, dis-en-tang'gl, n. t. উদাৰ-কৃ; মুক্ত-কৃ; To disengage or set free; to set free; to extricate:—অফালিত কৃ; অমান-কৃ; To unfold; to unravel. Syn:—Untwist, loose, clear, evolve, disengage, separate. n=disentanglement.

Disenthral-Same as disinthral.

Disenthrone, dis-en-thron, v. f. সিংহাসবচ্যত-তৃ ;
To dethrone. [ deprive of title.

Disentitle, dis-en-ti'tl, v. t. উপাৰিছাত-ছ: To Disentomb, dis-en-toom, v. t. সমাৰিছাৰ বা কৰৱ ছইতে ৰাহিৰ-ছ: To disinter; to take out from a tomb.

Disentrance, dis-en-trans, v. t. বানচ্ত-কু;
ব্যাহটত জাগহিত-কু; To arouse from a reverie.

Disestablish, dises-tablish, v. t. বিশ্বান কৃ; বিশ্বান কৃ; বিশ্বান কৃ; To unsettle or break up what is established. n=disestablishment.

Disesteem, dis-es-tem, n. আৰক্ষা; অপ্ৰছা; আনাদয়, Disregard; dislike:—v. t. আৰক্ষা-কৃ; স্থা-কৃ, To dislike; to disapprove. n=disestimation.

Disfavour, dis-fá vour, ন. অনভোষ; অবজা; অনাগর: বিরাপ: Displeasure; dislike:—ফ. f. হডাগৰ-কু; অবজা-কু; To regard with disesteem; to withhold favour from.

Disfiguration, dis-fig-ur-ashun, Disfigurement, dis-fig'ur-ment, n. বিকৃতি, বিশ্বপতা; Deformity; defacement. Syn:—Injury; defect; stain, spot, blemish.

Disfigure, dis-fig'ur, v. f. [444-4; [445-4; To deform; to impair shape, beauty or excellence. Syn:—Deface, injure, mangle, spoil, damage, impair.

Disfranchise, dis-franchiz, v. f. পৌৰত হ্ৰ-কু; পৌৰাধিকাৰ ক্ষতা হইতে ৰঞ্চিত-কু; মহাসভাৱ প্ৰতিনিধি পাঁচাইবাৰ ক্ষতা হইতে বঞ্চিত-কু; To deprive of a franchise or chartered right; to deprive of the right of voting in the election of a member of Parliament. —disenfranchisement.

Disgorge, dis-gorj, v. t. উল্পান তোলা; বনন-মু;
To vomit:—প্রত্যেপি-মু; To give up what has been seized; to make restitution:—পরিত্যাপ-মু;
To give back what had been seized. Syn:—
Vomit, throw up, belch, discharge, surrender, give up, yield back. n=disgorgement.

Disgrace, dis-graf, n. [L. dis, and gratis, favour] স্বা; অগ্যান; Dishonour; shame; ignominy:—স্কার কারণ; Cause of shame:—
v. t. স্থিত বা অপ্যানিত-কু; To dishonour; to bring shame upon. Syn:—(n) Degradation, disfavour, disesteem, approbrium, reproach, discredit, disrepute, contempt, odium, scandal, infamy. (v) Degrade, abase, disparage, defame, debase, reproach, discredit, disfavour.

Disgraceful, dis-grassicol, a. natura; natura; natura; Dishonourable; shameful. n=disgracefulness. ad=disgracefully. Syn:—Scandalous, discreditable, disreputable, ignominious, infamous.

Disguise, dis-gif, e.f. ছলবেণ ধারণ-ড়; To put on counterfeit dress:—চান-ড়; ছল-ড়; To counterfeit; to disemble:—n. ছলবেণ; Counterfeit dress:—অল্ডত আকার; A false appearance. n=disguiser, disguisement. Syn:—(v) Conceal, hide, secrete, mask, cover, screen, clock. (n) Loathing, nausea, distaste. dislike, repugnance; hatefulness, detestation, abhorrence.

In diaguise— হয়বেৰ; In a dress intended to conceal the person who wears it :—ৰঙ থাকাৰ; In a counterfeit semblance or show.

In the disguise of, In the guise of— কাহাৰত বেশ ব্যিষা; Wearing the dress of, ( with a view to conceal oneself ).

Disgust, diz-gust, n. [ L. dis, and gustus, tasting, taste] অভান্ত কুণা; Loathing; strong dislike; aversion:—v t. অপ্রবৃত্তি জ্যান; অসভট-তৃ; মুণোংগালন-তৃ; বিরক্ত-তৃ; To excite aversion; to displease; to offend the taste of. Syn:—(n) Nausea, distaste, dislike, repugnance; hatefulness, abomination, detestation, abhorrence.

Disgusting, diz-gusting, Disgustful, dizgustfool, a. খুণাজনৰ ; খুণা ; Loathsome ; hateful, odious.

Dish, dish, n. খাল্য রাখিবার বাসন বা পাত্র; A vessel for food:—পাত্রসহ খাল্য; পাত্রছ খাল্য; The food in a dish:—দংস্য বিশেষ; A particular kind of dish:—v. t. পরিবেশন জন্ম পাত্রে রাখা; To put in a dish fortable:—বিশ্বন-কৃ; To frustrate or disappoint:—শুম্বর্গ-কৃ; To make hallow. Syn:—(n) Platter; viand; article of food.

Dishabille, dis-a-bil, Same as deshabille.

Dishearten, dis-hartn, v. t. হতাৰ-ড়; বিশ্বসাহ বা অল্লোড়াম-ড়, To discourage; to depress. Syn:
—Dispirit, deject, deter, damp, daunt, cast down.

Dishevel, di-shevel, v. t. [ L. dis, in different directions, capillus, the hair ] চুল বলো নেলো-ফু; To spread the hair loosely:—v. i. বিশুখনতাৰে বিশ্বত-হ; To spread in disorder. Syn:—Disarrange, disorder, ravel.

Dishevelled hair—আনুবারিত কেব।

Dishonest, diz-onest, a. আনৰ; আনাৰ; আনবল; আনবল; আনবল; বাৰক; Faithless; insincere; fraudulent; not trust-worthy. Syn:—Unfair, insincere, guileful, deceitful, crafty, deceiving. ad—dishonestly. Dishonesty, diz-ones-ti, n. আনাব্যা; বিশাসবাত-কুড়া; আবক্ষা; Want of integrity or honesty;

faithlessness; a deposition to cheat; betrayal of trust.

Diahonour, diz-onur, n. অপবাৰ; কলছ; লজা; Disgrace; shame; reproach; ignominy:—v. f. অপবাৰ-ড়; লজিড-ড়; নিকাভাজন-ড়; To disgrace; to bring shame on:—সভীত্ব মন্ত-ড়; To seduce, to violate the chastity of:—চিকা ভাৰাণি অধীকাৰ-ড়; To refuse the payment of, as, a bill. Syn:—(v) Shame, debase, degrade; debauch, rayish, pollute. n=dishonourer.

Dishonourable, diz-onur-abl, a. স্থাপনত; অপন্তব্যক; Shameful; disgraceful. Syn:— Discreditable, disreputable, infamous. ad—dis-

honourably.

Distriction, dis-in-kli-náshun, n. অনিহা; অৱস্থান্ত : Unwillingness; dislike or slight aversion to. Syn:—Disaffection, alienation, dislike, aversion, reluctance, antipathy.

Disincline, dis-in-kliń, ত. : গুণা-কৃ; অলহুন্তি ক্যান ; To dislike ; to excite aversion in.

Disinclined, dis-in-klind, a. अनिकृष , विषयी , Averse

Disincorporate, dis-in-kor'por-at, v t. সম্বাদ স্বভূতি-কু, To deprive of corporate rights.

Disinfect, dis-in-fekt, v. t. সংকাশক বোগ কইতে ক্ত-ক, To free from infection; to purily from contagious matter. Syn.—Purily, fumigate, decodorize. n=disinfection.

Disinfectant, dis-in-fektant, #. সংজ্বাৰত ৰোগ-বিনাশক বস্তু; সংজ্বাৰত-বিবাহক ঔষণ ; Any substance that destroys infection or infectious matter.

Disingenuity, n. 4963 ; Insincerity.

Disingenuous, dis-in-jenti-us, a. অন্তৰ; কুটিৰ,
লঠ, কণ্ট; ধুই, Not frank or open; unfair. n=
disingenuousness. ad=disingenuously. Syn:—
Insincere, uncandid, unfair, dishonest, insiduous, deceitful, false.

Disinherit, dis-in-her'it, v t. পৈতৃক সম্ হইতে ৰ্কিড-কু; To cut off from an hereditary right. n=disinheritance.

Disintegrate, dis-inte-grat, v. t. মূল অংশে পুৰক্ কু: মৌলিক অংশনমূহে বিভক্ত-কু, To separate into integral parts. n=disintegration. a=disintegrable Syn:—Discompound, separate, disunite, crumble, break to pieces.

Disinter, dis-in-ter', v. t. শ্ৰোন্তোৰৰ-কৃ; To unbury.—শুক্তা বিষয় প্ৰকাশ-কৃ; To disclose what was formerly in obscurity. n=disinterment.

Disinterested, dis-inter-est-ed, a. নিৰোধ, বিষয়েশক; অপকণাতী; Free from self interest, unbiased; impartial. n=disinterestedness. addisinterestedly. Syn:—Unbiased, impartial, uninterested, indifferent, unprejudiced; unselfish, generous, liberal.

Disinthral, dis-in-thrawl, v. t. খাস্থ হাতে মুক্ত ; To set free from oppression; emancipate. Disjoin, dis-join, v. t. প্ৰকৃ-ফু; বিভিন্ন-ফু; To part; to separate; to disunite. Syn —Sunder, disconnect, sever, dissociate, disintegrate, divide, detarch.

Disjoint, dis-joint, v. t. भ्रद-क ; अभिनिवित-क ;

चन्। इं Sever ; disunite ; to make incoherent. n=disjointedness.

Diajunct, dis-jungkt, s. [L. dis, negative, and jungo, to join ] नुषक् ; विश्विष्ठ ; Separated. Disjunction, dis-junkshun, n. सम्हार्यान ; भार्या, Separation ; disunion.

Disjunctive, dis-jungktiv, a. বিধোৰক; বিভিন্ন-কারক; Separating:—আৰ্থ-বিধোৰক; Disjoining the sense though joining words or clauses;—». বিধোৰক অব্যয়: A word which disjoins.

Disk-Same as Disc.

Dislike, dis-lik, v. t. অনতা-হ; যুগা-হ; To disapprove of; to disrelish:—n. অনিছা; যুগা; Dismclination; aversion; antipathy; disapproval. Syn:—(n) Disrelish, distaste, repugnance, disgust; displeasure; disapprovation.

Dislocate, dislo-kāt, v. f. সন্ধিচাত-কু; ছানত্ত-কু; Put out of place or joint; to displace; a dislocated. n=dislocation.

Dislocation, dis-18-káshun, n. ৰহিচুতি, সাৰ-জংশ; The act of dislocating a joint; displacement.

Dislodge, dis-loi, v. t. বাসহাৰ হইছে বিভাডিত-ক ; বাসচাজ-ক ; To remove from a place ; to drive from a station :—v. i. হানান্তবে গ্ৰন-ক ; To go away. nadislodgement.

Disloyal, dis-loy'al, a. বাক্রিটোরী; ক্রিটারী; বিবাস্থাক ; False to one sovereign; faithless, treacherous, n=disloyalty ad=disloyalty. Sym:
—Unfaithful, dishonest, treasonable, perfidious, traitorous.

Dismal, difmal, a. [L. dies, malus, evil day ]
ভীৰ, ছংখনৰ; ছংখনক; Dreary, frightful, dark; gloomy; sorrowful. Syn:—Lonesome, gloomy, horrible, lamentable, dolorous, calamitious; sad, melancholy. ad=dismally

Dismantie, dismanti, v. r বিষয়-কু; মুর্গের প্রাচীধ ভগ্ন-কু, To strip, to raze the fortifications, divest, dispossess, unrig.

Dismssk, dis-mask, v. t. ছন্নবেশ অপসাধিত-কু, বনাচ্ছাদিত-কু; Strip of mask, uncover.

Dismast, dis-mast', v. t. মান্তলহাৰ-কু, To deprive of a mast.

Dismay, dis-mā, v. t. ভাষে বিজ্ঞা-কু; ভয়সাহ্ম-কু, হডাপ-কু, To terrify and confuse; to dishearten; to discourage —n. ভয়বিজ্ঞান্তা, ভয়; A fright, fear. Syn:—(v) Terrify, frighten, affright, alarm, scare, appal; daunt; paralyze.

Dismomber, dis-member, v. f. 40 40-7; Cut limb from limb; sever, disjoint. \*\*\*medisemberment. Syn\*\*—Dislocate, mutilate; seperate.

Dismiss, dis-mi', [L di, away from, and mitto, to send ] বিশাস-তৃ; কর্মান-তৃ; পাস্চাত-তৃ; পাস্চাত-তি, পাস্চাত-তি, পাস্চাত-তি, পাস্চাত-তি, পাস্চাত-তি, পাস্চাত-তি, পাস্চাত-তি,

Dismissal, dis-misal, Dismission, dis-mishun, n. भक्त्रिंग ; विवास-भाव ; Discharge from office or employment.

Dismount, dis-mount, v i. जा बहुत्व जावहारि उ-कृ, जावताहग-कृ; To alight or get off from a horse; to descend:—», t. जाव बहुत्व निरुक्त कृ we very water, To throw off from a horse back or carriage; to unhorse.

Disnaturalise, dis-nátūr-al-īz, v. f. क्याकृषिय कृत रहेल्ड वृक्तिक-कृ; To make alien; to deprive of

चर्ड श्रांक श्रांक है ; 10 make allen ; to deprive of the privileges of birth. Disobedience, dis-o-be'di-ens, n. जांका-जन्म ;

चारमन-त्यान ; Neglect or refusal to obey. Disobedient, dis-o-be'di-ent, a. स्वारा ; आरमन-

अभी ; Refusing to obey , refractory.

Disobey, dis-o-bā, v. t. [O. Fr. des. and obser, to obey] অবাস্ত ক আন্তেশ প্ৰকানক; To neglect or refuse to obey; to break the commands:—
v. i. অবাধ্য-হ; To refuse obedience.

Disoblige, dis-o-blif, v. f. বিশ্বস্থ-তৃ; To offend; do an unkindness to; to be unaccomodating:—
আগরের ইকাৰে বিকাম কার্য-ড়; To do a thing against the wishes of another.

Disobliging, dis-o-blijing, a. অনুপকারী; নিঠুব; বিশ্ব , Not obliging; unaccomodating; unkind.

ad=disobligingly.

Disorder, dis-or'der, m. বিশুখনতা; গোনবোগ; Irregularity; confusion:—জলান্ধি; শান্ধিভন ; Disturbance, breach of the peace:—পীড়া; Disease, malady —v. t. বিশুখন কু, পোনবোগ-কু; To disarrange, to disturb:—পীডিড-কু, বোগোংপাদন কু, To produce disease:—কিন্তু-কু; To derange Syn:—(n) Derangement, disarrangement; commotion, tumult, turbulence; complaint, ailment, indisposition, sickness, distemper, (v) Confuse, discompose. disorganize, unsettle, produce, desease in.

Disorderly, dis-or'der-li, a বিশুখাল; Out of order, in confusion; confused:— অবাধা, Lawless, unruly:— অনিষ্মিত, Irregular:— অনচাইত্ৰ, Vicious, loose —ad বিশুখাল বা উচ্ছুখালভাবে, Without order; confusedly, in a lawless manner. Syn —(a) Irregular, confused, immethodical; lawless, rebellious, turbulent, unruly, ungovernable, retractory; inordinate, intemperate.

Disorganise, dis-or'gan-īz. ০. t. পৃথাপা নই-ফু; বঙ বঙ-ফু; বিশুখাল-ফু; To break up a union of parts, to destroy order or system; to throw into utter disorder. n=disorganisation. Syn: —Derange, disorder; disarrange; break up

Disown, diz-উń, v. f. অবীকার-ক; তাাপ-ক; To deny, to renounce; to disclaim. Syn:—Disavow, disallow, abnegate, renounce.

Disparage, dis-par'āj, v. f. হডাগৱ-কু; অসমান-কু; বিশা-কু; To undervalue; to decry. n = disparager. Syn:—Depreciate, underrate, detract from. derogate from, degrade, defame, traduce.

Disparagement, dis-paraj-ment, n. নিশা,
হতাৰৱ : অবাদৱ ; Reproach ; detraction ; derogation. Sym :—Depreciation, detraction, debasement, degradation, disgrace, dishonour.

A disparagement to—যানহানিকয়; লছকারক; Calculated to lesson the value or dignity of, Disparaging, a. অপ্যানক্ষক; Depreciating. Disparagingly, dis-par'sj-ing-li, ad. অপ্যান-ক্ষক ছাবে; In a manner to disponour.

Disparity, dis-par'i-ti, n. Annoi ; रेप्रमा ; आ-

নাৰ্ড; Inequality; unlikeness. Syn:—Diseimilarity, dissimilitude, disproportion.

Dispark, dis-park, v. f. (बहेन होत-कः; To throw open, as a park: -- मुख-कृ, To release; to set at large.

Dispart, dis-part, v. t. বিভাগ-কু; পৃথক্-কু; To divide; to separate:—v. i. পৃথক্-হ; To separate:—n. কামানের পন্টারাগে ও মুখের দিকে দরিবেশিত বাত্র বেবের তারতম্য, The difference between the semi diameter of the breach of a gun and the mussic.

Dispassion, dis-pashun, n. মানদিক হৈব্য, ক্লিভে-দ্ৰিয়তা; A calm state of mind.

Dispassionate, a. হ্রমনা: ধীর; বীভরাগ; বিভেরাগ; বিভেরাগ; বিভেরাগ; বিভেরাগ; Cool; impartial; unmoved by feelings; unruffled. Syn:—Calm, composed, serene, moderate, temperate, sober; unbiased; indifferent, disinterested. ad=dispassionately.

Dispatch-Same as Despatch.

Dispel, dis-pel, v. t. [L. dis, away from, pello, to drive] বিচিন্ত-ক ; ছিন্নভিন-ক ; দ্বীভূত-ক ; দ্ব-ক ; To scatter; to disperse; to banish; to dissipate.

Dispensable, dis-pensa-bl, a. পরিত্যালা ; That may be dispensed with. n = dispensableness.

Dispensary, dis-pensar-i, n উষ্ধান্য; দাত্যু চিকিৎসালয়, Place where medicines are sold or given away.

Dispensation, dis-pen-sashun, n. বটন, বিজ-বণ; Distribution:—বিধান, The dealing of God to his creatures.—নিষিদ্ধ কাণ্য কৰিবাৰ অনুমতি-পত্ৰ; License from the Pope or a bishop to do what is forbidden:—মুক্তি, Exemption Syn — Distribution, appointment, allotment; administration, stewardship; system, scheme, plan, economy; exemption, privilege, immunity, indulgence.

[ing dispensation.

Dispensative, dis-pensativ, a অনুষ্ঠি, Grant-Dispensative, dis-pensative, Dispensatory, dis-pensatori, a. অৰুজাৱদানকম; Granting or authorised to grant dispensation.

Dispense, dis-pens, v. t. [L. dis, asunder, and pendo, to weigh] [1331-7]. To distribute; to administer. n=dispenser. Syn:—Allot, apportion, assign; exonerate; set aside, disregard.

Dispense with—প্রয়োজন না থাকা; গরকার নাই বলিবা অবাব দেওবা; Do without; not to require; permit the want of. [populate. Dispeople, dis-permit, a. [Gr di, twofold.

sperma, a sced ] ছই বীজ বিশিষ্ট ; Twoseeded. Disperse, dis-pers, v. t. [L. di, asunder, apart, spargo, to scatter ] বিশিশু- কু; বাৰি- কু, বিশী- কু; আহুহিত- কু; To scatter ; to diffuse ; to spread ; to cause to vanish :—v.i. ছিন্নভিন্ন হ ; অণুগু-হ ; To scperate, to vanish. Syn:—Dissipate, dispel ; diffuse, distribute, disseminate ; be dispelled, separate, disappear. n=disperser.

Dispersion, dis-per'shun, ন. আকেপা; ছিন্তিছ কৰণ; Scattering:—প্ৰকাষ দিবাৰণ; The removal of inflamation:—আন্দোক বিনেৰণ; (Optics) The separation of light in its different ways. Dispersive, dis-persiv, a. बनावर्गाव्य ; दिवाचित्र कर्मका ; Tending to disperse.

Dispirit, dis-pirit, o. t. বিশ্ব-ড়; হডাপ-ড়; বিরং-সাহ-ড়; বিজ্ঞে-ড়ু; To dishearten; to discourage.

Syn:—Deject, damp, cast down.

Displace, dis-pixé, v. f. হালচ্যুত-ড়; বিশ্বাদ-ড়;
To put out of place; to disorder:—পদ. অবস্থা
বা নামান ইতিত অপস্ত-ড়; To remove from any
condition, state, office, or dignity. Syn:—Dislodge, remove; disarrange, derange, dismiss,
discharge, castier, discard, depose. n=dis-

placement. [ of displacing. Displacement, dis-plasment, n. খানচাতি; Act Displant, v. t. নিৰ্বাসিত বা খানাভাৰিত-ক; ৰনশ্ত; To drive away from the usual place of

residence; to strip of inhabitants.

Display, dis-pla, v. t. লাই-কু; প্রকাশিত-কু; প্রকাশিত-কু; প্রকাশিত-কু; প্রকাশিত-কু; প্রকাশিত-কু; প্রকাশিত-কু; প্রকাশিত-কু; প্রকাশিত্ব ক্রিকাশিক্ত ক্র

Displease, dis-ples, v. t. অসম্ভই-কু; বিষয়-কু; বিষয়-কু; বিষয়-কু; বুণা উৎপাদন-কু; To disgust, to raise aversion. Syn:
—Disgust, provoke, irritate, vex, anger, nettle.
Displeasure, dis-plezhur, n আসভোষ; বিষয়িক; কোষ; Anger; dissatisfaction. Syn:—Disapprobation, distaste, dislike; anger, indignation, vexation, resentment; offence, injury.

Displode, dis-plod, v. t. সন্দে বিদীৰ্গ-হ ; Explode, discharge ; to burst with a loud sound. Displume, dis-ploom, v. t. পক্ষীন-কু ; To de-

prive of feathers.

Dispone, dis-poh, a t [L. dispono, to arrange] আইনাৰ্নাৰে হতাত্ত্ব-কু. To convey legally.

Disport, dis-port, v. i. क्वीड़ा-कृ; To play; to sport:—आत्पाधिड-इ; इरवीएक्ट्र इस्क्री विष्वत-कृ, To divert, amuse, or enjoy one's sell to move in gaiety:—v. t. आत्राधिड-कृ; To divert or amuse. Disposable, dis-poza-bl, a. बावहार्या; आरम्ब, That may be disposed; free to be used.

Disposal, dis-potal, Disposure, n. বিভাগ;
A setting or arranging; arrangement:—পরিচালন; Management, direction:—বিভরণ, Distribution:—বান করিবার অধিকার; Right of bestowing, Syn:—Disposition, dispensation, regulation; control, government, ordering.

At the disposal of—( বেরপ ইচ্ছা) বিনিবোগ করি-বার অধিকার; Under the absolute control of one ( used of things which one has the power of

employing any way one likes ).

Dispose, dis-p52, v. t. [L. dis, and ponere, to lay, put, set ] বিভাগ-ড়; বিভাগ-ড়; To arrange:
— মনোনিবেশ-ড়; To incline the mind of:—লাম-ড়; To distribute:—বিভাগ-ড়; ঠিক-ড়; To bestow, to adjust. Syn:—Set, order, fix, determine, settle, arrange, regulate; incline, lead, induce, move, bias; give, bestow, alienate, transfer. ==disposer.

Dispose for - \$995 ; Make fit for.

Dispose of - रवाका-कृ; विजय-कृ; Part with; to sell: -- वावराव-कृ; To use or employ: -- व्याप

বৰুৰে ভলাং-হ; কোৰ কিছু হুইডে উদ্ধান-হ; Get rid of:--কোৰ অবহান অবহাণিত-ফু; To place in any condition. [cline the mind ( of one ) to. Dispose ( one ) to--কোন দিকে বৰ বাভয়ান; In-Dispose to--সত-ফু; Incline.

Disposed, a. 1 ; Inclined ; minded.

Disposition, dis-po-zishun, n. [L. dis, apart, and pono, to place ] বিভাগ; কৌ ; বজীকৰণ; Order; method; arrangement:—প্রকৃতি; বজাক; Temper; inclination:—বজাকিত কৰণ; আনান: Conveyance or assignment; a giving over to another. Syn:—Disposing, disposal, classification, grouping; management, regulation, control, ordering; proneness, aptness, tendency, propensity, bent, bias, humour; habit, frame, constitution, charater.

Disposeese, dis-poz-ześ, v. t. অধিকারন্ত্র-মু; অধিকারচ্যত-মু, To put out of possession; eject. n=dispossession Syn:—Divest, deprive, strip;

eject, onset, disseize.

Dispraise, des-praz, n. নিন্দা; তিরকার; Blame, censure; reproach:—v.t. নিন্দা-ফু; তিরকার-ফু; To blame; to censure. n=dispraiser. Syn:—(n) Reproach, disparagement, discommendation, depreciation; dishonour, disgrace.

Dispread, dis-pred, v. t. নানা দিকে বিভিশ্ব-তু; To spread in different ways:—v 1. বিশ্বত-তু; অসাবিত-তু, To spread out; to extend.

Disproof, dis-proof, n. প্ৰমাণ কৰব; Conviction of error; refutation; confutation.

Disproportion, dis-pro-porshun, n. খবৈৰা; বৈষ্যা; অসামজন্ত , অনুপৰোগিতা; Inequality , want of symmetry; enequality; unsuitableness:— ৩. t. অবেগ্যা বোজনা-ক; আকাবাদিতে অনুপৰ্জ-ক; To make unsuitable in form or size; to mismatch.

Disproportionable, dis-pro-pör'shun-a-bl, Disproportional, dis-pro-pör'shun-al, a. অসমান; বিৰম; অপুণৰুক; Unequal, unsuitable. ad=disproportionably, disproportionally.

Disproportionate, dis-pro-pār'shun-ইt, a. বিষয়; অস্থাবোদী; Unsymmetrical; unsuitable. n=disproportionately. Disprove, dis-proof, v. t. [L. dis, and probare, to prove] প্ৰমাণ কৰন-ক; To confute; to refute. Disputable, dispā-ta-bl, a. বিভাগ; অনীৰাংগিত; Controvertible, n=disputableness. ad—disputably.

Disputant, disputant, Disputer, dis-puter, n. 可译: One who argues; one given to dispute; a controvertist.

Disputation, dis-pu-tashun, ল. বিচাৰ; তৰ্ব; বাস্বুৰ; বাদাস্বাদ; A controversy; argumentation.

Disputatious, dis-pu-táshus, Disputative, dis-putá-tiv, a. उन्हाल ; Inclined to dispute; prone to controversy. Syn:—Litigious, quarrelsome, contentious, argumentative, polemical. Dispute, dis-put, v. t. [L. dis, apart, and puto, to think] निवाल-इ; To contend for question; to discuss:—v. t. उन्हें विश्वल-इ; To contend by argument; to debate:—n. वृश्लिक

ৰাণ; বিচাৰ বিভৰ্ক; An argument, debate, Syn:— (৩) Controvert, contest, doubt, impugn; argue, (n) Disputation, question, controversy; quarrel, disagreement.

In dispute—বাহা দুইৱা বিবাদ বা বচসা হয়; Which is the subject of debate or contest.

Disquality, dis-kwoli-fi, v. t. অসুপর্ক-কৃ; জকমকৃ: Render unfit; deprive of legal capacity,
power or right; disable. n=disqualification.
Disquiet, dis-kwiet, n আনান্তি; বাক্লভা; উৎকা;
Uneasiness; restlessness; anxiety.—v. t অন্তিরকৃ; অক্লী-কৃ; To disturb; to make uneasy or
restless. Syn:—Agitate, discompose, annoy,
trouble, molesi, perplex, harass, vex, worry.

Disquiotudo, dis-kwi'et-ūd, Disquietness, n. অভিনতা; বাকুলতা; উৎকঠা; Uneasiness; agitation Syn:—Restlessness, anxiety, solicitude, trouble.

Disquisition, dis-kwi-zishun, n. [L. dis, intensive, and quaero, to seek ] আবোচনা, বচনা; প্রবা, Argumentative enquiry; an elaborate argumentative essay. Syn.—Dessertation, treative, paper, essay.

Disrogard, dis-re-gard, v. t. অগাচ-কু; অবজা-কু, To slight, to neglect:—n. অবজা; তাছিলা, উপহাৰ, Want of attention: neglect; slight. Syn—(v) Overlook, despise, dishke, contemn, disdain, scorn, disparage, disesteem.

Disrogardful, dir-re-gardfool, a. উপেকাপুৰ্ব, ক্ষেত্ৰকাৰ, মুখ্যাৰ, Neglectful; careless, heedless ad ≠ disregardfully.

Disrolish, dis-relish, v. t অনিজ্ঞা প্রকাশ-কৃ,
মুণা-কু; To dislike, to have an aversion for —
n. অক্টি, অপুরুস্তি, মুণা, Dislike; distake Syn:—
(n) Distaste, aversion, antipathy, repugnance.
Disropair, dis-re-put', n. সংখ্যাব-বিহ্ নতা; State of being not in repair.

Disreputable, dis-rep'ti-ta-bl, a. নিন্দনীয় ; অপনানজনক; অসন্থানকারী; লজ্জাকর; Discreditable, shameful, disgraceful Syn—Dishonourable, low, mean, vicious, contemptible, base, vile.

Disrepute, dis-re-put, Disreputation, disrep-U-tashun, n. অপ্যান, অপ্যান, নিন্দা, Dishonour, disgrace,

Disrespect, dis-re-spekt, n. অসমান , অশিষ্টতা ; Incivility ; irreverence :—v. t. অসমান প্রণমন্ত , To show disrespect to.

Disrespectful, dis-re-spektfool, a. अभिष्ठ, Wanting on respect; uncivil. ad=disrespectfully.

Disrobe, dis-rub, w. f. বিবন্ধ-ক ; উলন্ধ-ক , To undress , to strip , to unclothe, to uncover.

Disroot, dis-তেতা, v. t. নিশ্বল-কু; To tear up by the roots.

Disrupt, a. ভয় . Rent assunder; broken.
Disruption, dis-jup'shun, Disrupture, [ L.
dis., asunder, and rumpo, to break ] বিশ্বৰ,
ভাট; Breach; rent. n=disruptive.

Dissatisfaction, dis-sat-is-fakshun, n. জ্ব-নৱোৰ; জ্বাত্তা; Discontent, uneasiness, dislike. Syn:—Discontentment, displeasure, disapprobation, distaste. Dissatisfactory, dis-sat-is-faktor-i, a. আনুধ্বি অনক; Displeasing; causing dissatisfaction. Dissatisfied, dis-satis-fid. a. অনুধার; Discontented; offended; not pleased. [ please. Dissatisfy, dis-sat'is-fi, v. t. অনুধান ; To dis-Dissect, dis-sekt', v. t. [ L. dis, asunder, in pieces, seco, to cut ] পরীকার মন্ত মুভ মুক্ত ; শবের ব্যক্তেশ-ক; To anatomise; to divide and exa-

mine minutely. Syn:—Analyze, investigate, lay open a=dissectible.

Dissection, dis-sekshun, n. क्षु चन बान्सकर;
चनीव नामस्करिता; The act of dissecting;
anatomy.

Dissector, dis-sektor, n. বাবজ্যেক; One who Disseise, Disseise, dis-set, v t. অভায়পুৰ্মক অধিকাৰ্ড্ড-কু; To disposses wrongfully.

Disseisin, Disseisin, dis-sizin, n. অস্তাহপূৰ্বক অধিকার-মন্ত্ৰ করণ; Act of wrongfully dispossessing a person of his hereditaments.

Desseizor, dis-sez-or, n. বে ব্যক্তি অস্তায়পূৰ্বক অধিকায়ন্ত্ৰই কৰে; One who dispossesses another wrongfully.

Dissemble, dis-sembl, v. t. [ L. dis, negative, and similis, like ] ছমুবেশ ধাৰণ-কৃ; সভা গোগৰ-কৃ; To disguise; to simulate; to mask:—v. i. কণটতা-কৃ; বিধানতাৰ ধাৰণ-কৃ; To play the hypocrite; to assume a false appearance. nuclissembler. Syn:—Conceal, cloak, cover, feign, affect, simulate, counterfeit, play a part.

Disseminato, dis-semin-at, v. t. [L. dis, asunder, and semino, to show] বিকাৰ-ফু; বিশিপ্ত-ফু; বাধি-ফু; To propagate; to diffuse; to circulate. Syn:—Spread, circulate, disperse, promulgate. n=dissemination, disseminator.

Dissemination, n. बाहि ; विवाद ; Dispersion ; diffusion.

Dissension, dis-senshun, n. বিবাদ; মত ভেদ; অমিল, Discord; strife; disagreement in opinion. Syn:—Contention, variance, disagreement, difference, quarrel, strife.

Dissent, dis-sent, v i. [L. dis, apart from, and sentio, to think ] featette feet ; feates ; feates ; To differ; to think differently, to differ from the established church:—n. feate; we cen; Difference of opinion; disagreement. Syn:—(v) Disagree; withhold; assent, refuse to agree.

Dissentor, dis-senter, n. ইংলতদেশহাণিত ৰজেয় ভিয়মভাৰলখা; A non-comformist; a dissidient. Dissentient, dis-senshent, a. অসমত; Disagreeing; declaring dissent:—n. বিশ্বত্ব মতাবলী ব্যক্তি; One who disagrees and declares his dissent.

Dissertation, dis-er-tashun, n. [ L. dis, and sero, to join, to put in a row ] বিচাৰ: তৰ্ক; প্ৰবন্ধ; বুচৰা, A formal discourse; a treatise; a disquisition; essay. a=dessertional.

Dissertator, disér-ta-tor, n. তাৰিক; প্ৰব্যা ব্যৱস্থ A debator; one who writes a dissertation. [injure; to hurt; to harm. Disserve, dis-sérv, w.f. হানি-ক; কতি-ক; To Disservice, dis-sérvis, n. হানি; কতি; কাকার; ব্যৱস্থান ; injury; mischief. Disserviceable, dis-sérvis-a-bl, a. श्वामिष्यक ; क्विकादक ; Injurious ; mischievous.

Dissever, dis-sever, v.t. न्यक-कः; विर्द्ध-कः; ध्यार्युक्-कः; To separate; to sunder. अ=disseverance.

Disseverance, dis-sever-ans, n. বিরোজন; বিরোজন; A dissevering or parting.

Dissident, disi-dent, a. [ L. dis, apart, and sedeo, to sit ] বিশ্বাদী: Dissenting; discordant:
—n. প্রচলিত ধর্মনতের বিক্রন্ডাবল্বী; A dissenter.

m dissidence.

Dissilient, dis-silyent, a. [ L. dis. asunder, salio, to leap ] পৃথকভাবে লক্ষনকারী; বিদীপ্নান ও বিকাশনান; Bursting and opening with electic force:—বিশাৰক; Bursting open. n=dissilence. Dissimilar, dis-similar, a. [ L. dis, and similis, resembling ] অসমুল; Unlike. Syn:—Differ-

ent, diverse, various. ad=dissimilarly.

Dissimilarity, dis-sim-i-lar'i-ti, n. অসমতা;
আনামুক ; Resemblance ; unlikeness.

Dissimilitude, dis-si-mili-tud, n. অসমতা; অস্-ড্ড; Unlikeness; dissimilarity. Syn:—Dissimilarity, diversity, disparity, difference.

Dissimulate, v. i. जान-इ ; To dissemble ; to feign.

Dissimulation, dis-sim-U-lashun, n. কণ্টতা; ছয়বেশ; ভান; Hypocrisy; a feigning; false pretension; duplicity.

Dissipate, disi-pat, v. t. [L. dis, asunder, supo, to throw into] বিকীৰ্-ফু; বিভাশ-ফু; To scatter:—জগবাস-ফু; To waste, to squander:—
v. i. আনুস্ত-ফু; To separate and disappear:—
জনমান্ত-ফু; To waste away. Syn:—Disperse, dispel; spend, expend, consume, lavish.

Dissipation, dis-i-pashun, n. বিভিন্নতা; Dispersion:—বিভিন্ন মনোযোগ; Scattered attention:—বালাটা; Dissolute living. Syn:—Scattering; vanishing, disappearance; excess, profligacy, debauchery.

Dissociate, dis-so'shi-ম', v. f [1.. dis, asunder, and socio, to unite] বিষ্ক-ক ; অসংবৃত্ত-ক ; বিভজ-ক ; To disunite; to separate; to part. n=dissociation.

Dissolubility, n. তৰ হইৰাৰ শক্তি; ত্ৰংনীয়তা; Capacity of being dissolved by heat or moisture. Dissoluble, dis-ol-u-bl, a. ত্ৰণীয়; Dissolvable. n=dissolubility.

Dissolute, disol-lit, a. ইক্সিম্বারণ; লগট; Profligate; lewd; licentious. Syn:—Uncurbed, disorderly, wild, wanton, luxurious, vicious, rakish, debauched. ad=dissolutely. n=dissoluteness.

Dissolution, dis-ol-d'shun, স. জাৰণ; জৰীজুত কৰণ; বিগলৰ, Act of dissolving or liquifaction:
—সভা ভল কৰণ; The dispersion of an assembly:
—বিলেব, বিশ্বন ; কানে; Decomposition; destruction. Syn:—Melting, solution; putrefaction, termination, breaking up, overthrow, extinction, death. [Capable of being melted. Dissolvable, diz-zolva-bl, a. অৰ্থীজ; বিগলনীৰ; Dissolva, diz-zolv, v. t. [L. dis, and solvo, to loose] প্ৰক-ক; ভল-ক; To separate; to break up:—আৰ-কৃ; To melt or liquify:—আনেকৃ; To destroy:—বিষ্টুক্ ; To disunite:—০. i. ডল-ফৃ; To break up:—ক্ষাপ্ত-ফৃ; To waste away:—বিনিয়া বাঙ্যা; To melt:—চুৰ বা বাঙ বাক ; To crumble:—অনুভ-ফু; To disappear. Syn:—Liquify, divide, disorganize; terminate; ruin; be melted; fade away, disappear, vanish, crumble, perish.

Dissolvent, diz-zolvent, a. सांवक ; Having power to melt or dissolve.

Dissonance, diśo-nans, Dissonancy, ন. বিশ্বঃ; অনিল: লয়শুস্তুৰ); Discord; disagreement.

Dissonant, disonant, a. [ L. dis. apart, sono, to sound ] কৰণ; বিষয়; শ্ৰুতিকটু; ঋষিণ; Discordant; inharmonious; unpleasant to the ear; harsh; disagreeing.

Dissuado, dis-swad, v t. [ L. dis, against, and suadeo, to advice ] প্রতিনিত্ত-ক . প্রতিকৃলে পরামর্থ-দে; To advise or exhort against.

Dissuade (one) from—coin विषय रहेट्ड निवृत्त-कृ: Divert one by persuasion from anything.

Dissussion, dis-swizhun, n. অতিনিত্ত করিবার প্রামর্শ ; Advice against some thing.

Dissuasive, dis-swaziv. a. নিবৰ্জক, Tending to dissuade:—n. নিবৰ্জক বিষয়; That which tends to dissuade. ad=dissuasively. [ syllables. Dissyllabio, di-sil-labik, a. ভিষাত্রিক; Of two Dissyllable, dis-siln-bl, n. ছিমাত্রিকপদ; A word of two syllables. a=dissyllabic.

Distaff, distaf, n. क्वन , क्रिका ; Staff for spinning :-- बीरलाक ; A woman.

Distain, dis-tah, v t. [L. dis, and tingo, to stain] কলভিত-কু; মলিন-কু; To stain; to sully, to tarmish.

Distance, distans, n. [L. distare, to stand apart] যুব্য , Space between any two things ; remoteness :—নশ্মান ; Respect :—আলাণ-বিমুখতা ; আলাণে অনিছয় ; Reserve ; coldness ; ceremoniousness :—Interval of time :—v. t. যুবে কেনা ; পভাতে কেনা ; To place at a distance ; to leave behind :—অভিক্ৰম-কু ; To surpass or excel. Syn:—(n) Separation, remoteness, space ; interval ; Keep at a distance—খনিষ্ট ক্টাড না দেখ্যা ; Keep at arm's length; not allow one to come into close contact or familiarity.

Distant, distant, a. [ L. dis, apart, and sto, to stand ] পুৰুষ্ণ; Remote:—পুৰুষ্ণ; Separate:— আনালাগী; Reserved, cold.—লাভুক; Shy:— আনার; Indistinct. Syn:—Aloof, asunder, far, apart; reserved, cold; ceremonious, haughty; slight, faint, indirect ad=distantly.

Distaste, dis-tāst, n অকচি , বিবক্তি ; Dishke of food , dishke , disrelish , disgust —v. t অনিচ্ছা প্রকাশ-কৃ ; যুগা-কৃ , To disrelish, to dishke, to loathe.

Distantoful, dis-tastiool, a. অভ্যন্তিক ; বিৰন্তি-ক্য ; Unpleasant to the taste ; oftensive. Syn:
—Nauscous, unpalatable, unsavoury ; lothsome, disgusting, repulsive. ad=distastefully. n=distastefulness.

Distemper, dis-temper, n. বড়া : Disease :চিত্তাংৰক্ষা : Ill humour :-- t. পীড়িত-ই : To

disorder: - The ; To irritate; to derange the temper. Syn: -(n) Disorder, sickness, illness, malady, ailment, complaint.

Distend, dis-tend, v. t. [L. dis, asunder, tendo, to stretch] বিভাৰ-তৃ: কীত-ড়: To swell; to spread:—v. i. কীত-ড়: বিভ্ত-হ; To swell, to stretch. Syn:—Dilate, expand, enlarge, increase; puff, inflate, stretch, widen, swell, bloat.

[ may be stretched. Distonsible, dis-ten-si-bl. a. প্ৰসাৰকা That Distonsible, dis-ten-sive, a. প্ৰসাৰকা প্ৰসাৰকাৰ ব

Distonsible, dis-tensible, a. প্ৰসাৱক; প্ৰসাৱক্ষৰ বা প্ৰসাৱক্ষয়; Capable of being stretched.

Distention, dis-tenshun, n. প্ৰবৃত্তা; বিকৃতি; প্ৰাৰণ; The act of or state of being distended. Distion, distuk, n. [Gr. dis, twice, and stichos, a line, verse ] বিচরণ স্নোক; বিচরণ কবিতা; Two poetical lines making complete sense.

Distil, dis-til, v. s. [L. de, down, and stille, to drop—stille, a drop] কোঁটা কোঁটা কৰিয়া পড়া; ৰীৱে বীৰে বহিয়া বাত্ৰা, To fall in drops; to flow gently:—v. t. কোঁটা কোঁটা কৰিয়া কোন, To let fall in drops:—চুমাইয়া বাহিৰ-কু; To extract by heat. Distillation, dis-til-ashun, n. চুমান; চোমাইয়া বাহিৰ কৰা; পৰিকৃত কৰা ; Act or process of distilling, rectifition.

Distillatory, dis-tifa-tör-i, a. পরিক্লন্তকরণ নম্প্রকার ; ভংকার্থ্যে ব্যবহুত : Belonging to or used for distillation.

Distillor, dis-tifer, ল বে ব্যক্তি পৰিক্ষত কৰে , One Distillery, dis-tifer-), ন. মদের ভাঁটিৰ/না বা কার-বানা , Place for distilling.

Distinct, dis-tingkt, a সহয়; পৃথক; বিভিন্ন; Separate, different:—নিদিয়; শায়; Defined, clear; plain Syn:—Obvious, distinguishable, manifest, not dim, not obscure. ad = distinctly n=distinctness.

Distict from-वन तकस्पन ; Different from.

Distinction, dis-tingkshun, n. পাৰ্বা; বিভেগ; Separation, division:—বাগাস; লেইডা; Eminence; rank; note; superiority. Syn:—Discrimination; renown, fame.

A distinction without a difference—এ ছইবে কোন প্ৰচেদ নাই অধ্য পুথক বলিয়া গণা।

Distinctive, dis-tingk-tiv, a পাৰ্থকা প্ৰকাশক; That marks distinction or difference. ad=distinctively, n=distinctiveness.

Distinguish, dis-ting'gwish, v t. [ L dis. asunder, and stinguo, to prick | পুথক-কু, প্রতিল্ল-F; 403-F; To separate or divide by some mark or quality :-- विकास-क ; To discern critically ; to judge :-- अभिष-क ; विशाउ-क ; To signalise; to make eminent :- v. i. ster-y; To make distinctions; to find the difference. Syn: -Separate, devide ; characterize, mark, discriminate; discern, perceive, recognize, signalize, honour, celebrate. [ a distinction between. Distiguish between—इट्रंड वाटन-इ ; Make Distinguish from-प्रेशाव वास्त्र-कृ, Make a distinction between :--কোন বিশেষ লক্ষণের ছারা কাহাকে চিনিতে পারা; Mark one out from others. Distinguishable, dis-ting'gwish-a-bl, a. fore-मनीय : बारूमभीय : That may be distinguished :-

প্রথম ; Worthy of special regard. ad = distin-

Distinguished, dis-ting'gwisht, a. বিশাৰ;
Conspicuous; celebrated; illustrious; eminent.
Syn:—Famous, transcendent, superior, extraordinary.

Distinguishing, a. বিশেষক; প্ৰকেষ; Peculiar;
Distort, dis-tort, v. t. [ L. dis, asunder, tortus,
to twist ] বিকৃত-কৃ; স্বাভাবিক.বা প্ৰকৃত গঠবেৰ ব্যভ্যকৃ; To twist out of a natural or regular shape:
— প্ৰকৃত স্থেব বাভাব-কৃ; স্পহ্ৰৰ-কৃ; To wrest from
the true meaning; to pervert.

Distortion, dis-tor'shun, n. বোচড়াৰ; বিৰুদ্ধ কৰণ; বক্তা, A twisting out of regular shape; visible deformity; crookedness:—প্ৰকৃত অৰ্থেক বাডাৰ; A perversion of the true meaning of words. Syn:—Contortion; wryness, deformity; perversion, misrepresentation.

Distract, dis-trakt, v. t. [ L. dis, asunder, and tratio, tractus, to draw] নানা দিকে আকর্থ-ফু;
To pull different ways at once:—হতব্দ-ফু;
হয়নান-ফু; To confound; to harass:—পানন-ফু;
To render crazy; used in the p. p.; distracted.
Syn —Divert, discompose, confuse; perplex;
disconcert, bewilder, disturb; derange, madden. a=distracted, ad=distractedly.

Distraction, dis-trakshun, n. হতব্দিতা; পোল-মাল; State of being confused, confusion; perplexity:—বৈৰলা; কিন্তুড়া; Perturbation; madness. Syn:—Alienation, aberration; bewilderment, derangement, mania, agitation, commotion, disorder, dissension, discord, wandering, insanity, raving.

Distrain, dis-trań, v. t. [L. dis, asunder, and stringo, to draw light] ক্লোক-কু; To seize the persons or goods for debt or rent.

Distrainor, dis-tranor, Distrainer, dis-traner, n. क्ष्मिकावी ; He who seizes goods for debt. Distraint, dis-trant, n. (कांक; A seizure of goods for debt. [ Distracted, perplexed. Distraught, dis-trawt, a. विक्रुपना : इन्त्रि ; Distress, dis-tres, n. अञ्च क्रिन शहन योजना ; Extreme pain or suffering :- ছব্দৈৰ ; বিশংগাড; ছ:व ; कुर्फना ; पातिका ; Calamity ; adversity ; misfortune; poverty —মান জোক; The act of distraining goods: - v. t. बाबा-ए ; क्रिय-ए ; To afflict with pain or suffering :-- भान (本 ]: To distrain :-- হয়বাণ-ক ; ছ:খিত-ক ; To harass, to greive. Syn:-(n) Affliction, misery, trouble, grief, anguish; agony, gripe; privation, destitution, indigence, straits. (v) Pain, grieve, trouble, perplex; take, seize, distrain.

Distressful, dis-tressfool, a. ज्ञानकन ; द्वनकन ; द्वनकन

Distribute, dis-tribut, v. t. [L. dis, asunder, tribo, tributus, to allot] বটন-ড়; ভাগ করিছা দেবলা; To deal out; to allot:—বেণীৰ্ছ-ড়; To classify:—v. i. বিভর্গ-ড়; To make distribution. Syn:—Dispense, deal, apposition, share, assign, administer; arrange, assort, dispose.

Distributer, dis-tribu-ter, n. वर्डवकांबी : वर्डक ; One who distributes or deals out, Distribution, dis-tri-bu'shun, n. বটৰ, Allotment — প্ৰেবিব্যুৱৰ, Classification. Syn — Apportionment, dispensation, disposal, arrangement, disposition, grouping

Distributive, dis-tribu-tiv, a. বিভাৰৰ , বটন-কারী , That divides or separates. ad-distri-

butively

District, dis-trikt, n. [L. distringo, to draw light] প্রগণা, জেলা, প্রদেশ, প্রগণা, A territorial division, a tract, a portion, a region — 
ত ধ প্রদেশে বিভাগ কু, To divide into districts

Distrust, dis-trust, n. অপ্রভার, অবিধান, সন্দেহ, Doubt, suspicion, want of faith — v ৷ অপ্রভাবকু, অবিধান-কু, সন্দেহ-কু, To disbelieve, to doubt Syn — (v) Mistrust, misbelieve, discredit, disbelieve.

Distrustful, a স্পিহানচিত, স্পিক, Suspicious. n=distrustfulness ad=distrustfully.

Disturb, dis-turb, v t [L dis and turbo, to agitate] গোলমাল-ক, বিৰক্ত-ক, To perplex, to disquiet, to confuse, to vex Syn—Agitate, shake, derange, disorder, unsettle, discompose, disgust, trouble, incommode, interrupt, impede, hinder, distract n=disturber.

Disturbance, dis-turb ans, n ধোলমাল, বিরক্তি, Tumult, disorder, perplexity. Syn —Agita tion, confusion, commotion, perturbation, moles tation, annoyance, disgust, interruption, hin-

drance, tumult, browl, uproar.

Disunion, dis-Uniyan, n অসংযোগ, অবৈষ্যা, পাৰ্ক্যা, Discord, disorder, separation Syn—Disjunction, severance, schism, breach, rupture Disunite, dis-U-nit, v t বিষ্কুক, To sever or sunder—v t. পৃথক ই, To part, to become separate Syn—Divide, part, sever, disjoin sunder, separate, ditach, seglegate, disconnect Disusage, n অব্যব্ধান, Giadual cessation of use of custom

Disuse, dis-ম'', n অব্যবহার, প্রথা বাহিত্য, Neglect of use, cessation of use or custom —v t (dis-uf) অব্যবহার-কু, Fo cease to use or

practise

Ditch, ditch, ন. পাত, পৰিধা, প্ৰ.প্ৰণালী A trunch cut in the ground, a most — v t পাত বাটা, To dig a ditch in, to form ditches — v.s পাত বাৰ-ফু, Io make a ditch [ditches Ditcher, dicher, n পাত প্ৰকাৰায়ী, One who digs Ditheism, di-the-izm, n. [Gr dz, two, theo., a god] খাল্ব-ৰাদ, The doctrine of the existence of two gods

Dithyrumb, dithi-ram, Dithyrumbus, dithi-rambus, n ন্যাত বা কবিতা বিশেষ, An ancient Greek hymn in honour of Bachus a=dithyram be ( প্ৰায় , Wild and boisterous ).

Ditto, ditō, contracted Do, n [L dico, to 'ay] ঐ ব্যায়, I he same thing —ad সুর্বোক প্রকারে, In like manner

Cry ditto—অন্তে থাকা বলে তাকাতে সায় দেওৱা , Say the same, aquiesce in what another says Say ditto to—সায় দেওৱা , Assent to

Ditty, diti, n [L dicto, to dictate] 利多,利何-年刊, A song, a poem to be sung.

Diveretio, di-u-retik, a [Gr dia, through, and ouron, urine] মুল্ডুক্রিক, Having the power to promote flow of urine —n. মুল্ডুক্রিক উবৰ, A medicine that increases the discharge of urine

Diurnal, di-ui'nal, a [ L dies, a day ] দৈনিক; দৈনন্দিন, Daily —n দৈনিক হিনাব, A jouinal;

a day-book a=diuinally

Divan, di-van, n বিচারালৰ, A court of justice
— ভূরণ বাজসভা, A council chamber or hall, the
great council of the Turkish Empire — ৰূপপালাগার, A smoking room — কাৰ্ডাসংগ্ৰহ, A collection of poems

Divaricate, di-var'i-kāt, v : [L dis, and varico, to spiead the logs] ছই শাধাৰ্য বিভক্ত ইত্য়া, Divide into two, fork, open wide —v t. ছই শাধাৰ্য বিভক্ত-ছ, lo divide into two branches —n A widely divergant Syn —Fork, diverge, branch off n=divarication.

Divo, die, v ঃ জলমগ্ন হ , To plunge into water, to sink —কোল বিষয়ে গঞীবনপে প্ৰবেশ বু , To go

dccp into any subject, penetrate

Diver, div-cr, n. ড্ৰাণা, One who dives — পাৰকোডি বিশেষ, A waterlowl

Divergo, di-verg, v : [L dis, asunder, vergo, to incline] এক বিন্দু হহতে নানা গিকে বাতি ই, Spread or go several ways from one point — পৃথকভাবে উ চাইখা-খা, To incline or turn asunder Syn —Radi ite, divarie ite, branch off, wander from, deviate, depart. ad=divergingly

Divergement, Divergence, di-vergent Divergency, di-vergency, n নানা গিবে অসাধৰ প্রথাতা, বহুদ্বে প্রসাব, Lendency to recode from one point, going further apart

Divergent, di-verient, a. প্রদারণীল, Receudding from one point

Divers, divers, a নানা প্ৰকাৰ, এক দিক, Various, sundry, more than one but not many

Diverso, divers a অসম, fea, Unlike, dissimi lar — পানাবিশ, বছৰপা, Various, multiform addiversely.

Divorsion, di-ver' hun, n আনোক, বেশা বিলাম.
Amusement, play, recreation — প্রধান আভ্রমান্তর
ইতি শরের মন আব্দেশ The act of drawing the attention of the enemy from the point of attack—গতি পরিবত্তন, The ict of turning aside Syn—Disgression, entertainment, pastime, game, sport, play

Divorsified, p a fire fales, Distinguished by various forms or by variety of aspects

Diversity, di ver si si, v t [1. diversus, and fucio, to make ] বিভিন্ন ক, প্রভেদ-ক, ভিন্ন বিভিন্ন ক, Io give variety, to vary n=diversification Diversity, di-ver si-ti, n. বিভিন্নতা, প্রভেদ, আনিজ্ঞ , Difference, variety, unlikeness. Syn—Dissimilation, variation, dissimilatity, multiformity

Divert, di veit, [ L dis, aside, and verto, to turn ] নিব্তু-কু, To turn aside — আমেদিত-কু, বি নাদিত-কু, Fo amuse, to entertain — নিব্যুক্ত্ বা পড়াগুলা হুইতে মনের গতি পরিবর্ত্ত্ব-কু, To turn the mind from business or study. Sym.—De-

flect; please, gratify, delight, recreate. s-diverting. ad-divertingly.

Divert to or into-এক বিষয় হইতে আৰু বিষয়ে ( Turn off from one subject to another.

Diverting, a. windway; Amusing.

Dives. n. A rich miserly sinner.

Divest, di-vest, v. i. [ L. dis, and vestio, to clothe-vestis, a garment ] উनज-क ; विवश्व-क ; To strip, as of clothes; arms: -- 可學写-事; To deprive; to dispossess. n = divestiture.

Divest of-কোন বেশ ভ্যাগ-ক; Strip oneself of (as clothes) :- পরিহার-ক ; Leave of .- বৰ্জিড-ক ;

Deprive of :- 18-3; Free from.

Divide, di-vid, v. t. [L. dis, asunder and viduare, to part ] পৃষ্কু ; To separate ; to disunite :--বটন-ডু, To allot :--ছই জংগে বিভক্ত-▼ : To separate into two parts :- v. i. 1445-₹ . বিভক্ত-কু, বিদ্বাৰি হও; To part; to sunder :--देखाउँन- इ ; To open. Syn :- Sever. sunder. cleave, disect; deal out, distribute, share, allot,

Dividend, divi-dend, अ. शिका ; উত্তৰ্গকে वन-পরিলোধে অসমর্থ বাজির সম্পত্তির বে অংশ প্রদন্ত হয় : A share of a sum divided; a part or share divided to creditors out of the estate of a bankrupt :-

ster: The sum to be divided.

Divider, di-vider, n. विख्यक ; खानक ; He or that which divides; a distributor.

Divination, divi-na-shun, #. खबिकार कथन ; ভবিষয়। Fortelling future events ; prediction; conjecture. Syn:-Augury, presage,

prophecy.

Divine, di-vih, a. [ L. divinus, from divus, deus, a God ] वनीय ; अविदक, Heavenly ; belunging to the deity :- 9140; Holy; sacred .-व्ययुभय, मर्ट्सार्क्ष, Excellent .- म. वर्ष्यातात्रक ; वर्ष-गांक ; A minister of the gospel; a clergyman; a theologian :- v. t. छविषाद वला ; To foretell or predict .-- ए. i. शंशास्त्र वादमा-क ; वृक्षण्ठमा शास्त्र । To practise divination; to have forebodings. Syn :- (a) Godlike, spiritual, supernatural, superhuman :- (v) Fortell, predict, presage; conjecture, guess, surmise, fancy, suspect, suppose. ad = divinely.

Divine faith, n. वर्षमञ विश्व ; The new form of religion established by Akbar, based upon natural theology. [ divination ; a conjecturer. Diviner, di-viń-er, n. 394; One who practises Diving-bell, diving-bel, n. निमक्कन-वसवित्नव ; A bell-shaped hollow vessel in which one may descend into and perform various operations under water; a machine for diving.

Divining-rod, di-vining-rod, n. भूतर्य कन कदः ৰাতবাপদাৰ আবিকার কংশার্থ ভূতত্ববিৎ কর্তৃক ব্যবহৃত দও विरम्ब ; A rod usually of hazel used by those professing to discover water or metals under ground, a forked rod, used by seekers for

water or metals underground.

Divinity, di-vini-ti, n. 344, Godhead; God:-শ্ৰমবিষয়ক বিদ্যা ; গৰ্মজন্ধ , Theology. it isibility, di-viz-i-bil-ti, n. fostenet; Qua-

ity of being divisible,

Divisible, di-vizi-bl. a. faminata : Capable or being divided. n=Divisibility ( festere! ) ad=divisibly.

Division, di-vizh-un, n. fasta was: Act on state of being divided :- বিভাৰ : আচীৰ : আৰাৰ ; A partition; a barrier :--অমিল; বিবাদ; Disunion; discord :- লৈভদৰ; A portion of an army, commanded by a general officer :-- 51%-হার হরণ; A rule in Arithmetic. Syn :--Sepa ration; bisection; difference, variance; compartment, section, share.

Divisional, di-vizhun-al, a. आएन मक्की : आरक-শিক : বিভাগ সম্বন্ধীয় : Pertaining to or marking a division or separation.

Divisive, di-vi'ziv, a. विवादक्रक ; विवादक्रक ; विडासक ; Creating division or discord.

Divisor, di-vi'zor, n. 5144; In Arithmetic the number by which the dividend is divided.

Divorce, di-vo'rs, n. বিবাহ বন্ধনছেদ; আইনালুদারে দশ্যতির বিক্লেণ; A legal separation between husband and wife; the sentence dissolving the marriage :-- आरङ्ग : Separation ; disunion of things closely connected :- v. t. विवाद वसनदक्त-ৰু; বিৰাহচন্তি ভন্ত-ৰু; বিতাড়িত-ৰু; To dissolve the marriage bond; put away :- 944-7; To separate, to sunder. n=divorcement. Syn:-(v) Disunite, sunder, sever, disconnect, part.

Divorcement, di-vorsment, त. विविद्यक्व-(कृष्य ; Divorce.

Divulge, di-vul], v. t. [ L. dis, among, and vulgus, the common people] প্রকাশ-কু: প্রচার-কু; To reveal; to disclose. Syn :- Publish, communicate, impart, declare, expose, proclaim, promulgate.

Divulsion, di-vul-shun, n. [ L. dis, asunder, and vello, vulsus, to pull ] विश्वात ; The act of rending asunder. a=divulsive

Divulsive, di-vulsiv, a. विकासक; That pulls asunder. f ness.

Dizziness, diźi-nes, #. ঘূৰি ; বুদ্ধিভারলা ; Giddi-Dizzy, diźi, a. সদস্ভিচারাক্ষম; ঘূর্ণামান; হতবুদ্ধি; Giddy , confused - छम्बांछ ; व्यवित्व ; व्यवशिष ; Unthinking; heedless -v. t. famia-; to-विक-क : To make giddy , to confuse.

Do. doo, v. t कवा . मन्नापन-क ; निन्नापन-क ; त्या-क ; To act; to practise; make; finish: -州本 平明-क्त-क ; To cook completely - अनुवान-क ; To translate :—প্রস্তুত-কু; To prepare :—প্রস্তুত-কু; To put forth :--দান-ক ; To bestow :-- উপাৰ্ক্তন-ক ; To achieve - v.i. बावशात-कृ : To act or behave :-স্বাস্থ্য সম্বন্ধে অবস্থিত হওয়া , To fare or get on, as to health .- मण्य-इ ; To succeed :- अख्यात्र मिष-क : To answer an end; to accomplish a purpose .-हैश्राशी-इ ; To suit or avail. Syn :- Effect. accomplish, complete, conclude, end; transact, carry; confer, grant; render, translate.

Do a thing by halves—কোন কাজ অনুস্থা-ভাবে-ক. To do a thing partially, not thoroughly.

Do as you would be done by- (4 वादहांद তুমি অভেন নিকট প্রত্যাশা কর নেই ব্যবহার তুমি ক্ষয়ের ক্ষতি প্ৰকৃত্য কর ; Treat others as you wish others to treat you.

Do away—ৰগহত-তৃ; নই-তৃ; Remove or destroy. Do away with—নই-তৃ; লোগ-তৃ; Destroy; get rid of; remove.

Do battle for—কোন বিবরের বস্ত লড়া , Fight for.
Do by—ব্যবহার-কু; Treat. [ man completely.
Do for ( a man )—বসা রকা-কু; Ruin or baffle a

Do honour—मन्त्रान क ; Treat with respect.

Do justice—টিক বলা; Give credit for one's deserts; to speak justly.

Do off-পরিভাগি-ক ; Put off ; doff off.

Do on-পরিধান-क ; Put on , to don on.

Do one a good turn—গৰা-ক ; Perform an act of kindness to a person.

Do one good--উপকাৰ-ক ; Benefit.

Do one's best-प्यामाधा-इ : Do all one can.

Do one's bidding—बात्तन शालय-कृ; Obey.

Do one's heart good - भड़ि-क ; Please one.

Do (one ) to death—याद क्ला ; Kill.

Do out of—প্রভারণা-ক ; Cheat.

Do over-পুনরাম-) ; Perform a second time.

Do the honours of the house—অতিথি দংকার-কু; Play the host.

Do the office of—সৰল সিছি-কু; উদ্দেশ্য সাধন-কু; Scree the purpose of; fulfil the end of.

Do up-वीबा ; वसन-कृ ; To pack together ; to shut up :-कार्या-कृ ; Execute :- नहे-कृ , Destroy.

Do violence to— অভ্যাচার বা বল প্রয়োগ-ক ; To outrage, to force.

Do well - কৃতকার্য-হ , Prosper ; succeed : - হবিধা-ক্ষম-হ ; To be for one's interest advantage.

Do with নিয়োগ-ড়: Dispose of; employ:—
সংস্থাৰ থাকা; Be concerned.

Do without—কোন ব্যক্তি বা বস্তু না হইলে চলে; ব্যক্তিরেকে; Dispense with; get along without.

A to do-वृश होकामा ; A fuss.

Have done with—সংগ্ৰন শেষ-কৃ; Have no further concern with:—ইহাতে আৰু কাছ নাই; Have finished.

Have to do with—সংস্ত্ৰৰ ধাৰা; Have concern or business with, have to deal with.

How do you do—তুমি কেমন আছ ! How are you in health.

What to do with—কিয়ণে বাৰ কৰা বা ব্ৰহার কৰা বাইতে পাৰে; How to dispose of, what use to make of.

Done brown—প্ৰভাবিত-হ; Cheated throughly. Done for —বট্ট-ক; প্ৰাজিত-হ; Ruined; killed; defeated.

Done into - चन्चाप-न ; Translate.

Done over or up-318-8; Exceedingly wearied, or exhausted.

Done to death- \$5; Killed.

Doab, n. উভন্ন নদীর সক্ষম হান; দ্বিনত প্রকেশ; In India a tongue of land between the confluence of rivers.

Doeile, do'sil, a. [L. docee, to teach] শিক্ষাপ্তাৰণ; শিক্ষাপ্তাৰ ; মহজে ৰমনীয় ; শিক্ষাক্ষম ; Teachable ; tractable ; pliable. Sym:—Apt; obedient, pliant, amenable.

Docility, do-sili-ti, n. निकाशनका ; Aptness.

Dook, dok, ন. আগাছা বিশেব; A troublesome weed:—আগালতে অগবাধীদিনের বাঁড়াইবার ছান; বিচারালতে আগামীর কাটগড়া; Bar of a criminal court:—পোত নংকার ছান; Place for building or laying up ships:—প্রাদিব লেল ছাটা; Cut tail of a horse:—v. t. ছাটা; To curtail; to cut off; to clip. Syn:—(v) Abbreviate, abridge, lesson; curtail, lop.

Dockere diliai সংস্কেত ছাটা; Money paid

Dockage, dökāj, n. ডকের ভাড়া; Money paid Docket, doket, n. সংকেপ বিষয়ণ; সার সংগ্রহ: A summary of a longer writing:—ক্রনাদির উপর লিখিত নিগর্পন-পত্র; A bill, tied to goods, containing some direction; a label .—বিচারালয়ে যোককার তালিকা; A list or register of cases court:—v. t. সংক্ষেপ-কৃ; To make a summary of the heads of writing.

On the docket—বিবেচা; Under consideration; Dockyard, dokyard, n. নৌ নিশাৰ ছান; A place or yard where ships are built and naval stores are deposited.

Doctor, doktur, n. [L. (lit) a teacher—doceo, to teach] চিকিৎসক, ডাজার; A physician:— পণ্ডিত. A learned man:—সর্বোচ্চ উপাধিপ্রাপ্ত বাজি; One who has received from a university the highest degree in a faculty:—v. t চিকিৎসা-ক; আবোগা-ক; To tend or treat as a physician; to treat:—ভুল-ক; To temper with, falsify:—v. i. To practise physic.—(fem) Doctoress, Doctress. After death the Doctor—আভি বিলবে; Too late.

Doctor's commons—ভত্পপের আহিল, The official residence and office of the judges of various courts.

Doctorate, doktur-টাং, ৮. চিকিৎসকের পদ , ডাক্তাবের উপাধি : Degree of a doctor.

Doctrinaire, n गठावलरी; नवन धावर्क ; A propounder of a new set of opinions; one who rigidly applies to practical purposes the abstract doctrines of his own philosophical system, a political theorist.

Doctrinal, doktrin-al, a मठ नवलीय ; निका नव-भीय ; Pertaining or containing doctrine. addoctrinally.

Doctrine, doktrin, n. মত; Any tenet or dogma:—ৰৰ্মনান্তেৰ সভ্য বিশেষ; One of the truths of the gospel —পিকা, Learning. Syn:—Precept, principle, opinion, article, tenet.

Document, dok-U-ment, n. अयान : मिलन ; Evidence : record : proof :—v. t. अयान-कृ ; To furnish with documents.

Documental, dok-u-mental, Documentary, dok-u-mentar-i, ८. मनिम-अवसीय, मनिम-अरक्षीय; Relating to or found in documents.

Dodecagon, do-deka-gon, n. স্বৰ্গপত্ৰ কো ; A plane figure having twelve equal angles and sides.

Dodecahedron, দ. বাদশ সমভূক বিশিষ্ট ঘৰ ক্ষেত্ৰ: A regular figure having twelve equal bases or sides.

Dodge, doj, v. i. ৰাক্চাতুরী-কু; To quibble; to be evasive:—হঠাৎ ছান পরিবর্তন-কু; To start suddenly aside.—v. t. ছানান্তবে অপসবদ ছারা বার্ধ- কৃ: ছাল পরিবর্তন বারা পরিহার-কৃ; To evade by a sudden shift of place:—n. ছল; বাৰ্চাছ্ৰী; An evasion; a trick; a quibble. n=dodger.

Dodo, n. পদীবিশেব; A large bird, of Mauritius

and Madagasar, now extinct.

Doe, do, n. रहिने; वृत्रे; The female of the fallow-deer or buck.

Doeakin, dö'skin, n. মুগচৰ্ম; পালামার জন্ম বুনা কাগত; The skin of a doe, a twilled cloth for

trouserings.

Doff, dof, v. f. প্ৰিয়া কেলা; পৰিভাগি-কু; To take off as the hat, to get rid of; to divest; to strip. Dog, dog, ন. কুকুর; A well-known domestic animal:—ৰবজাসুচক বাকা; A term of contempt; man in reproach:—নক্ষ-পুন; A star cluster—ইখন ধাৰণ কছ লৌং-শলাকা বিশেব; Andiron; iron hook for holding wood in a fire place:—Catch or clutch for machinery.—v. f. অসম্বা-কু; প্ৰ: পুন; প্ৰাৰ্থনা বাৰা উভাজ-কু; To follow the footsteps like a dog; to worry with importunity.

steps like a dog; to worry with importunity.

Dog borry, n. কল বিশেষ; The berry of the dog wood.

Dog-brier, dog'-bri'ér, n বন গোলাপ; The Dog-cart, dog'kart, n. নন্ট বিশেষ, A light one horse carriage; a carriage with a box for holding sportmen's dogs.

[ Very cheap. Dog-cheap, dog'chep, a. ভাবি সভা, আতি হলত।

Dog-days—দিল বিশেষ, The part of the summer from about the beginning of July to the middle of August, when the Dogstar rises and sets with the sun.

[ species of shark. Dog-fish, dog'fish, n. হাকর বিশেষ; A small

Dog-fox- Tyle ; Male fox.

Dog latin— মণ্ডুই লাউৰ ভাষা , Barbarous Latin.
Dog one's step—পাম পাম অনুসৰণ-ড় , To follow
at one's heels.

[ species of wild rose
Dog come dog/ ক্ৰম ক্ষেত্ৰ বিশ্বন A

Dog-rose, dog'roz, n. বস্তু গোলাপ বিশেষ, A Dog sick—অধ্যক্ত পীডিত, Sick as a dog

Dog-sleep, dog'slep, কপট নিজ্ৰা; কৃত্ৰিম নিজ্ঞা, Pretended sirep. [ called the Sirius Dogstar, dog'star, নক্ষত্ৰ বিশেষ, The bright star, Dog-trick, dog'trik, n. পাশবাটার, Brutal treatment [ hours Dog-watch—তুই বন্ধা পাছারা; Watch of two

Dog weary - মঙাৰ কাৰ, Tired as a dog.

Dog a oar, dugf-হা, প্ৰকের কান নোচডান, প্ৰকের
পাডার গোবডান কাৰ; The corner of a leaf of a

book turned down — v. t. কোৰ গোবড়াইরা বাধা,

To turn down the corners of leaves in a book Dog's meat, dogsmct, क्कूदन बाम, क्मन, बान,

Meat for dogs, refuse meat.

A dog in the manager—আপনিও ধাইবে না, অগুৰেও ধাইতে দিবে না, আপনিও করিবে না বা অক্ত বাংগকও কবিতে দিবে না, A selfish person will not allow others to enjoy what he himself does not, one who will not allow others to do what he himself will not; one who cannot use or enjoy something and yet will not allow others to do so.

Go to the dogs—ধোৱার বাবরা; অবংশাতে বাবরা। Throw (or send) to the dogs—মূব করিবা কেনিয়া-বে; Throw away (as useless) Dogged, n. dog'ed, a. व्यविनीष ; क्षवर्धात ; स्वा Sullen ; obstinate ; surly. ad - doggedly, ndoggedness.

Doggerel, dog'er-el, त. जन९ कावा; Worthless verses .- a. निकृष्ठ ; नीह , Mean.

Doggish, dog'ish, a. পত্ৰৰ; পাণৰ; আৰম্ভ; Like a dog. charlish; brutal. ad = doggishly, n= doggishness. [Venice and Genoa.

Dogna, n. Formerly, the chief magistrate in Dogma, dogma, n. 48; 4445; A doctrine; a tenet, a maxim.

Dogmatic, dog-matik, Dogmatical, dogmatik-al, a. ব্যত পোৰুক: Positive: — সাৰ্কিত; Arrogant, overbeating. Syn — Authoritative, oracular, categorical, formal, positive, peremptory, magisterial, arrogant, overbearing.

Dogmatise, dog'ma-tīz, v. t. নিক্সরণে বলা; ব্যত প্রকাশ-কৃ; To assest positively; to teach with arrogance. n=dogmatiser.

Dogmatism, dog'ma-tifm, n. বৰতাভিষাৰিতা; ব্যতে ব্যক্তিয়তা, বীয় মতের নিশ্চিত কথন; Positive assertion

Dogmatist, dog'ma-tist, n. বে নিভয় করিবা বলে; বনতে বিবনিক্য়, ব্যক্ত প্রকাশক; One who makes positive assertions.

Doily, doi'li, n. এক প্রকার ছোট ক্লাল: A small napkin generally coloured, used with fruit and wine.

Doings, doo'ingz, n. pl. कार्वा ; परेना ; षावदन ; উত্তেদনা , Actions, events ; behaviours, stir.

Dott, doit, n. युवाबित्यत , चिकिएकत खरा; A Dutch coin worth about half a farthing; a thing of little or no value.

Doldrums, n. (pl) A part of the ocean near the equater, abounding in calms, squalls and light baffling wind.

To be in the doldrums— निवस ; To be in a state of listfulness, to be bored.

Dolo, döl, v. t. [A S. dollan, to divide] বাইনকু, To distribute in small portions:—n. কুল
আল, A share distributed, a small portion:—
খান, Alms, Syn—(n) Dealing, apportionment, part, share, portion, gift, pittance;
gratuity, grief, sorrow, distress, affliction.

Doloful, dolfool, a. इ:शजनक, विवासमा , कहेकड़ ; Melancholy, rueful, piteous. Syn —Rueful, woful, sad, gloomy, dolorous, dismal. ad=dolefully n=dolefulness.

Dolesome, dolsum, a. 5:474, fast, Dismal; gloomly ad-dolesomely

Doll, dol, n. পুত্তনিক।, ছেলের খেশার পুত্র ; A puppet or image of a body for a child.

Dollar, dolar, म. मुजादित्तव, A silver coin in the United States, worth 100 cents or about 4s. 2d. sterling.

Dolmen, doimen, n. প্রাচীন প্রবর নির্মিত টেব্লু বিশেষ, An ancient table made of stone.

Dolomite, dolo-mit, n. এক আকার চূর্ব প্রকর ; A magnessam limestone.

Dolor, Dolour, dolor, s. 54; At: 43; Anguish, pain; grief.

Dolorific, dol-or-ifik, Dolorifical, s. [ L.

dolor, grief, facio, to make] भाक्यक ; कु:बनन ; Causing or expressing pain.

Dolorous, dolor-us, a. इ:श्क्रमक ; विवाधमद ; Doleful; painful. Syn:-Dismal, sorrowful, distressing, pitiful; woful, rueful, lugubrious. ad=dolorously. [ mamal fish.

Dolphin, dolfin, n. তিমি ছাতীর মংক্রবিশেব; A Dolt, dolt, n. বোকা লোক ; निर्द्याव वाकि ; A blockhead; a stupid person. Syn:-Dunce, numskull, ignoramus, dunce, dullard, simpleton.

Doltish, dolfish, a. मुर्च ; निर्द्धांच ; Dull ; stupid =doltishness.

Domain, do-man, n. [L. dominisum, property] वांका ; (नन ; व्यविकृष्ठ कुछात्र ; An estate ; empire ; dominion.

Dome, dom, n. [Gr. domus, a house, a temple -Gr. demo, to build ] 有要明; Concave or ballshaped ceiling :- অট্টালিকা ; প্রাসাদ ; প্রতীয় উপাসনা-লয়; A building; a house; a cathedral.

Domed, domd, a. গৰু क्रविनिष्ट ; Having dome.

Domes day-See doomsday.

Domestic, do-mestik, a. [L. domus, a house] त्रनानिक ; Tame :- यानीय ; Not foreign :-ভঞ্; Private:—পরিবারভুক্ত; গৃহসম্বনীয়; গার্হয়; Devote to home duties or relations; pertaining to the house or home :- n. #14; west; A serwant in the house :-- pl. Articles of home manufacture. Syn :- Domiciliary, private; domesticated; intestine, not foreign; fond of home. ed=domestically. n=domesticity.

Domesticate, do-mestik-at, v. t. शृहशानि छ-क ; পোৰা; খনিষ্ট-কু; To tame; to make familiar. n=domestication. f at one's home.

Domesticated, a. शृहित्य ; Fond of remaining Domesticity, n. शांत्रिवातिक कीवन ; State of being domestic; household act or life.

Domicile, domi-sīl, n. [L. domus, a house] त्र ; बानकृषि ; A house ; a residence :- v. t. कीन शास शिकार वाम-कः; To establish in a fixed residence. Syn :- (n.) Habitation, home, dwelling, settlement. a=domiciliary.

Domiciliary, a. बामहाच मचकीय ; Pertaining to the residence of a family or person.

Domiciliary visit-A visit paid to a house by authority to search for persons or things. Domiciliate, dom-i-silyat, v. t. হারিভাবে বাস-

#; To domicile. n=domiciliation.

Dominate, domin-at, v. t. শাসন-কু; আধিপত্য-কু. To govern ; to prevail ; to rule :- ण. i. প्रवृत्ह : To predominate.

Dominant, domin-ant, a. ध्यान ; ध्यत्न ; Prevailing; predominant; ruling:-n. चत्रविरचव; In music, of the three notes essential to the tone, the dominat is that which is fifth from the tonic. Syn: - (a) Governing, presiding, prevalent, ascendant.

Domination, dom-in-áshun, n. ব্ৰেচ্ছাচার শীসন; অভ্যাচার; Absolute authority; insolent rule; tyranny.

Dominative, domin-a-tiv, a. appetial; que চারী; Arbitrary; ruling; imperious.

Domineer, dom-in-er, v. i. ব্ৰেছাভাৰে শান্ৰ-কু;

প্রভূত-ক ; To command haughtily ; to tyrannise. Dominical, dominik-al, a. [ L. dominus, lord, master ] बनिवाब नवकीय ; Belonging to the sabbath. R. C. church.

Dominican, n. One of a religious order in the Dominie, n. 何季 ; A school master ; person. Dominion, do-minyan, n. আধিপতা; শাসৰ; প্ৰভূষ ; Supreme power ; rule ; control :—শাসনা-बीन (मन : Territory or district governed by a prince :-pl. ৰগীয় দুভদন ; Angelic and powerful spirits. Syn :- Sovereignty, supremacy, authority, government, ascendancy; territory, region, kingdom, jurisdiction.

Domino, domi-no, n. [Sp. domine, a master or teacher ] कार्ड। वित्नव ; बद्ध ; An outer dress or clock with a moveable hood, used at masquerades :-- বাজকের পোষাক ; A gown worn by a priest. [ kind of play.

Dominoes, domi-not, n. pl. জীড়াবিশেষ; A Don, don, n. महाभव ; Spanish for Mr.:-pl. The heads of colleges or fellows of English University. fem = dona.

Don, don, v. t. পরিধান-क : To put on ; to as-Dons, n. তত্র স্ত্রীলোক ; মহাশরা ; Lady ; madam ; a Spanish title of courtesy for woman.

Don juan – ৰুপ্ট ব্যক্তি; Dissipated youngman. Don Quixote-Hair brained madman.

Donna, n. The title of a lady in Italy.

Donation, do-náshun, n. [ L. dono, a giftdo, to give ] मान ; काना ; मछ नख ; Giving ; gift. Syn :- Present, benediction, largess, presentation, grant, boon, subscription, contribution.

Donative, dona-tiv, n. We; A gift, a gratuity :- a. Vested or vesting by donation.

Done, dun, pa. p. of Do.

Donce, do-ne, n. मान-अशैडा ; मानआहर ; One

who receives a pift.

Donjon, dunjun, n. গড়েব ব্যায়িত কারাগাব; A keep for prisoners in the middle of a feudal [ লোক ; A stupid fellow. castle.

Donkey, dong'ke, n. 刘佑田; The ass:-facetie Donkeyism, n. (बाकांबि; Silly proceedings. Donor, do'nor, n. माठा ; উপকাৰক ; Giver ; [ trifler ; simpleton. benefactor.

Doodle, n. নিৰ্মোধ ব্যক্তি; চপলতাপ্ৰিয় লোক : A Doom, doom, n. विकाद ; भ्य विकाद : Judgment ; final judgment:—ভাগা; অদৃষ্ট; Destiny:—দকাজা; Penalty ; condemnation :- v. t. 49-CF ; fabiain-সায়ে মৃতপ্ৰকাশ-ক ; To condemn ; to mulet ; fine ; to pronounce sentence or judgment on. Syn:-(n) Verdict ; fate, lot ; destruction, ruin.

Doomed (condemned or sentenced) কে!নরপ দৰে দ্বিত হত্যা; Sentenced to undergo ( some punishment ).

Doomsday, doomida, n. শেষ বিচাবের দিন; The day when the world will be judged.

Doomsday book, Domesday-book, doomida-book, छेट्रेनियम कि कहारबन अनुमाछ अनुमारब मर-গুছীত ভূমির পরিমাণাদি বিবয়ক পুত্তক বিলেব : A book compiled by order of William the Conqueror, containing a survey of all the lands in England : census made by William the conqueror. Creek of doom-ann: Dissolution of all things at the judgment.

Till doom's day- मध्म मा ; Never.

Door, dor, n. श्रंद ; क्लांड ; न्यूकी ; The wooden frame on hinges closing up the room :-- প্ৰবেশ ; Entrance ; entrance into a house :-- वात्रमन Title ; A means of approach or access.

At the door—সন্নিকট; বাবে আসিরা উপহিত ; Close at hand.

Be next door to-পাশা পালি থাকা; Be very near to :-কাছাকাছি হত্যা , Closely resemble :-निक्रेशांत ; On the verge of. In doors-कृश्मत्था; अवःश्व मत्या; Within the Lay at one's door-কাহার প্রতি কিছু আরোপ-ক ;

To be attributable to one; ascribe something to one.

Leave open the door to-ৰাৰ পুলিয়া ৰাখা; Render something possible.

Lie at one's door-কোৰ দোৰ আরোপিত-ক; Be chargeable to one; be imputed to one (generally, said of anything wrong ).

Next door to-পাশাপাশি; কাছাকাছি; Next to; bordering on:-প্রায়; Almost; near to.

Open the door to-454-7 : Receive.

Out of doors-पत्तक वाहित्त ; Out of house :-त्यानेव वाहित्व ; Abroad.

Within doors- athla foota; Within the house, [ janitor. in the house.

Door-keeper, n. visaia; wcaisia; A porter; Door nail, n. The nail or knob on which the knocker of a door strikes.

Door plate, n. A plate on a door bearing the resident's name.

Doquet, doket, a form of Docket. Dor, Door, dor, n. की वित्नव; A species of Doree, Dory, John Dory, do-re' or dor'a, n. भक्ता वित्नव ; A fish having yellow colour.

Dorian, Doric, dor'ik, a. औरमत छतिम् आरमन সংক্রাম্ভ ; Belonging to Doris, in Greece :-- সপতি-বিদ্যার ভাষের নিয়মবিষয়ক, গৃহনিশ্মাণ-প্রশালী-সুচক; Denoting one of the Grecian orders of archi-[ Quiescence ; sleep. Dormancy, dor'mafisi, n. निजिए।वश् ; निजा ;

Dormant, dor'mant, a. [ L. dormio, to sleep ] নিমিড; ৩৩; কর্ম হইতে বিরত; Sleeping; concealed; at rest :- n. আড়কাটা; A cross beam; a window. Syn: - (a) Slumbering, sluggish, lazy; latent, suspended, in active, inert.

Dormer, Dormer-window, dor'mer-windo, n. शांतक वक-भवाक, क्रमनिश्च शांतित भवाक ; A vertical window in the roof of a house.

Dormitory, dor'mi-tor-i, n. [L. dormio, to sleep ] नवन-त्कांके, नवनांशांव ; Sleeping chamber with many beds; bed-room.

Dormouse, dor'mows, #. इन्यूद्र कांजीद कड विट्या : A four-feeted beast sleeping in the winter. pl= dormice.

Dorsal, dor'sal, s. [ L. dorsum, the back ] 12-ন্থৰীয় ; Pertaining or belonging to the back. Dory, m. पश्माविष्णव ; See Doree.

Dose, dos, n. [Gr. dosis, a giving ] अक्काजीन भाग देवापत माजा; माजा; The quantity of medicine given to be taken at one time; a portion : -অকৃচিকর বন্ধ · Any thing nauseous :-- . f. खेराध्य बाजा-कृ, बाजा कविक्रा-त्व ; To order or give in doses; to form into doses. Syn:-Draught,

Dosed with liquor-यग पात्र विक्ल ; Intoxicated. [ "Do".

Dost, dust, Second person singular of the verb Dot, dot, n. for; Small spot; speck; mark:v. f. विन्तृ वांबा कि हिन्छ-कृ ; To mark with dots :-To diversify with small detached or jects :- v. i. বিৰূপাত-কু, চিহ্- দে; To form dots.

Dot down-निधित्र निध्य ; Make notes.

Dot out, v. Sketch out.

Dotage, dot'aj, n. जारिक डानवामा, वाईका अवस रुज्यिका ; वृक्षाविद्यात वालक्ष ; Excessive fondness ; imberility of mind; childishness of old age, Syn :- Serility, imbecility, weakness, second childhood.

Dotal, do'tal, a. [L. dos, dotis, a dowry] (वोक्क वा जीधन विवयक ; Pertaining to dowry or dower. Dotard, dolard, n. बाईका अयुक्त वाशाय वृक्ति इड रहेब्राट, वार्ककाश्रयुक विकृत-मत्तक वास्ति ; One showing the weakness of old age or excessive fondness.

Dotation, do-tashun, n. খ্রীকে বৌতুক দান; দান; The act of bestowing a dowry or marriage portion on a woman; an endowment.

Dote, dot, v. i অত্যস্ত ভালবাসা দেখান; To be weakly affectionate; to show excessive love; to be foolishly fond. ad=dotingly [ "Do." Doth, duth, Third person singular of the verb Double, dubl, a. [ L. duo, two, and plus, full ] विश्व ; (याडा ; Two-fold , in pairs : - ने ; अनवन ; Deceitful , insincere :- v. t. ছই দিয়া ঋণ-क ; বিভগ-ক ; To multiply by two :--ভাজ-ক ; To fold :- অন্তরীপ ঘূরিয়া গমন-ফু; Pass round a headland:—কৌশন অয়োগ-ক ; Use shift :-- v. i. বিভগ-E; To increase or grow to twice or much :-আপনার পথে ফিবিয়া আসা; To return upon one's track :- जाकिए वाकिए। त्रोड़ान ; To wind in running:-n. দ্ভিণ; দ্ভিণ পরিমাণ; Twice as much; a duplicate:--(वहन; Doubling:--(कोना); Trick ; shift :- ad. 1989 ; Twice ; two fold, ad= doubly. Syn: -(a) Coupled, paired; two-fold. twice as much ; vacillating, deceitful, treacherous, insincere.

Double-base, Double-bass, म. अक्लकांव वामा-ব্যুবিশেষ ; The lowest tuned musical instrument of the violin. [ person.

Double-dealer, n. 45144; A deceitful trickish Double-dealing, dubl-diling, n astati, ast-अवामनक वावशंत्र ; Deceit ; duplicity : fraud.

Double-edged sword-(व कत्रवादि वहें बादब कारि ; A sword which cuts either way :-- पश्च ও প্রতিপক সমর্থক বৃক্ত ; An arguments which makes both for and against the person em-

Double-entry, dubl-chtri, #. अर्डाक विवर्शन पुडे क्षत्र हिमान वाश्विव ब्रीजि ; Book-keeping, in which two entries are made of every transaction, so that one checks the other.

Doubleface, Doublefacedness, n. doi:11 ; | ving a false heart. स्म ; Duplicity. Double-hearted, a. প্ৰভাৰণাৰীৰ , কণটা ; Ha-Double-minded, a. 547; Wavering; unsettled. [ Duplicity. Double-ness, dubl-nes, n. क्यांडें , अजावना ; Double score-Charging a customer twice for the same article. Double tongued, a. et + 4 : Deceitful. [comc. Double up-sta-इ ; Fold up :- अप इ ; Over-Double upon-Enclose between two fires. Doublet, dublet, n. गुत्र , इह ; A pair :- ভিতবের जानवाचा विरम्प ; An inner garment :- এक काठीय चन विरचन । Syn :- Couple, pain , ve-t, waist-[ gold coin. Doubloon, dub-100h, n. मूझ वित्नव ; A Spanish Doubt. dowt, v. s. अनिक्रिक-इ; अत्नर-कृ; विधी-কু; অনিকিড-ই; To hesitate; to suspect; to be uncertain :- v. t. मामश-कृ ; अविशाम कृ ; To hold in doubt : to distrust. Syn :- Waver, fluctuate, hesitate, demur, scruple, question, distrust. Doubt, n. मत्नह; अनिक्यत्र), छव; Uncertainty of mind, suspicion; fear. n=doubter. ad= doubtingly. Syn :- Hesitation, hesitancy, wawering, dubiety, irresolution, uncertainty, indecision; mistrust, suspicion; question, scruple, difficulty, sceptical objection. No doubt-निःमत्यक . Undoubtedly. The benefit of a doubt-मान्यकृत वािवामी क সেই সন্দেহের অমুকুল কল ভোগ কবিতে দেওবা. The benefit to which a guilty person is entitled when there is any doubt as to the circumstances of his offence. Doubtful, dowtfooi, a. मिनक ; मानक्ष्र : अ-बिन्ड : Suspicious ; undetermined ; not confident. n=doubtfulness, ad=doubtfully. Syn :-Wavering, hesitating, undetermined; distrustful; uncertain, obscure, equivocal, hazardous Doubtless, dow'les, ad निम्हबन्त , नि:मत्म् ; Without doubt; certainly. Syn -- Unquestionably, certainly, precisely, clearly. addoubtlessly. Doucer, doo-ser', n. [ L. dulcis, sweet ] 59-চৌৰ্ব; উৎৰোচ ; A present, a bribe. Douche, doosh, n. [ L. duco, to lead ] To any খৌড করণার্থ ভছুপরি প্রক্রিপ্ত জলপ্রাহ; A jet of water thrown upon the body from a pipe. Dough, do, n. शिहेक ; कृषिद (न्हे ; A soft unbaked paste. Doughty, dow'ti, a. সारमी, बनवान; विनष्ट, Brave; strong; stout. Syn :- Brave, redoubtable, courageous, gallant, daring, valorous, heroic, fearless, dauntless. Doughy, do'i, a. नत्रम , क्यामन ; Soft. Douse, dows, v. t. अल कीथ-त्य ; अनमध-कृ ; To plunge into water :- v. i. होति क्रान नाता : To fall suddenly into water. Dove, duv, n. र्यू, श्रांबांवठ ; A pigeon :-- अनेब-त्रहत बाका ; A word of endearment. Dove-sot, duvkot, Dove-cote, duvkot, n.

शाबवाब (बार्ग : बान : A small cot or box in which

pigeons breed,

Dove-let, duviet, n. (Fit TY; A young or small dove. Dove-tail, duvial, n. de ciais nicein ariell : A carpenter's joint :-- ত. f. সংবোগ-ৰু; To fit one thing into another. Dowable, dow'a-bl, a. शारबांशरवाची : श्रीशरव चय-বতী, যৌতুকে খৰবান ; Entitled to dower. Dowager, dow'a-jer, n. [ L. dotare, to endow ] विख्णितिनी विश्वा ; श्रीधनवजी विश्वा : A old widowlady. deceased king. Dowager queen-विश्व बाक् ने । Widow of a Dowdy, a. কুংলিং; কদাকার; Awkward; illdressed :-- n. কুৰুপা স্থা; An awkward, ill-dressed Dower, n. जीवन ; (बोज़्क ; Wife's marriage portion; widow's portions. Syn :- Gift, portion, share, dowry. Dowered, dow'erd, a. (रोड्क वा जीवन बाह्य: Furnished with dower or a portion. [ out-dower. Dowerless, dow'er-les, a. ত্রীখন বহিত ; With-Dowlas, dow'las, n. [L. duco, to show] 3 বিশেষ, এক প্রকার মোটা হতি কাপড়; A coarse linen cloth Down, down, n. কোমল পালক: স্ক্ল কেল; Soft feathers or hair : -বালুকামর অনুর্বরা ভূমি ; A bank of sand thrown up by the sca; a track of sandy, kvel barren land :--pl. वस्त ; A 10ad for shipping in the English channels -- CAT চৰাইবাৰ শাৰ্মভা ভূমি, A tract of hilly land, used for pasturing sheep -- ad. मांगिव डेशंदव ; नित्त ; From a higher to a lower position; on the ground :- prep. निषां डिम्प्य ; निरम . Along a decent, from higher to a lower position or state:a হতাশ; Dejected :-পরিষার, Plain :- বিশুষ; Positive :- fनम ; Down low. Down-cast, downkast, a. ज्ञान , कृ:विक ; विवध ; Dejected, sad. Down-fall, downfaul, n. आत्म : बान : खदनि : Destinction; ruin; destruction. Down-hearted, downhart-ed a. gold fart-त्राह ; Dejected in spirits. Down-hill, downhil, a. जमनिय ; महस्त्रमा ; Descending; sloping; easy: - n. ক্মনিয় ভূমি; of rain. Declivity. Down-pour, n. 38, A pouring downwards as Down right, dowhiit, a. म्यन; अकृतिका; Plain; artless; unceremonious; said of person:-শষ্ট; অমিবিড; Undisguished; absolute; unmixed-said of things -ad. metaca; In plain terms :- তিক সোৰা; Perpendicularly; straight drawn. Syn .- (a) Simple, undisguised, clear, explicit; artless, sincere, blunt, honest. Down-stairs, a. नित्म ; अक्टानाम ; Below ; upon the lower floor. [ foot. Down-trodden, a. প्रमृतिङ ; Trodden under Down with-(क्लिइ)-एक; Take down; throw down; put down. Up and down - इंडडड: ; अक्वांत्र अक्वांत्र किएक, Here and there, backward and for-[ fortune. ward in ( some place ). Ups and downs-श्राम कृष्टिन ; Reverses of

Downward, downwards, down-

tending.

Downy, dowhi, a. নৰম : কোমল : পাৰিএফ : পদ্ধ-পদ্মৰ : কোমলপালক বিশিষ্ট , Soft ; soothing ; like down or covered with down.

Dowry, dow'ri, n. (बोजूक थन वो जन्मति; The property which a woman brings to her husband at marriage.

Dowse, v. t. To strike in the face.

Doxology, doks-ollo-ji, n. ভজন; বন; বোৱা; A hymn expressing praise and honor to God. Dozo, doz, v i. নিজাকুট-ছ. ভজাভিত্ত ভ. To sleep lightly:—v.t. ভালনো আভিবাহিত-কৃ. To pass in drowsiness:—n জন নিজা: ভজা . বিমান, A light sleep. a=dozy, n-dozer. Syn:—(v) Sleep, slumber; drowse, nap, be drowsy.

Doze away, ০. ভক্ৰাৰ পভিবাহিত-ভূ, Spend in drowsiness.

Dosen, duin, n. [L. duo, two, and decem, ten] দ্বাল স্বা (১২); Number of twelve:—a. মুখল, Two and ten or twelve.

Drab, drab, n পৰ্মী বন্ধ, Woolen cloth — বেপা.

A prostitute; a loose woman — মেটে রং; A gray or dull brown coloui — ৩. ঃ. বেপান্ত-হ,
To associate with bad woman.

Drabble, drabl, v. t কর্মান্ত-হ; জলকাণা মাধান, To besmear with mud and water.

Drachm, dram, n. নীক্ৰিগেৰ ওজন বা মুছা বিশেষ, A Greek silver coin, averaging in value 91d, eight part of an ounce.

Draconian, a. निहेद ; करीह ; Pertaining to Draco, an Athenian lawgiver, who punished all cumes with death, rigorous, cruel

Draconian code - অভি কঠিন শাসন-প্রণালী, Very severe code. | waste matter Draff, draf, n. উচ্ছিষ্ট, মল, গান, Refuse, base,

Draffish, drafish, Draffy, drafi, a शकिश्चित्र,

Dreggy, worthless.

Draft. draft, n. ভার বহন; Act of drawing, esp of loads by beasts — টাকা দিবার আজ্ঞাপত্র, হণ্ডী, An order for the payment of money, bill:— দৈবনৰ বা ভাষাৰ হইতে দেনা গ্রহণ; A portion of men from an army or a ship:— মানচিত্র; মানা, Design: a rough sketch:— ভাষাত্র বা নৌকা ভাদান, ইইবার অবের কটিয়তা; The depth to which a vessel sinks in water:—বায়ুর প্রবাহ; A current of air:— v. t. নালা-ক; Draw an outline of:— রচনা কবিয়া লেখা; Compose and write:—প্রেরণ-ক, মাকর্ষান কুটা লেখা; Compose and write:—প্রেরণ-ক, মাকর্ষান কুটা চিংকাল টালা of exchange, order, cheque; outline, sketch, delineation, rough copy, abstract.

Drafts, draft, n জীড়া বিশেষ ; A game. Drafts-man, draffman, n. মাৰ্চিত্ৰকর ; নরা-কারী, One who draws plans or designs.

Drag, e.f. টানা বলপুৰ্বক আহৰ্বণ-কু; To draw along by main force; to pull roughly and violently:—u.i. টানা; To be forcibly drawn along —আতে আতে বাংলা, To move slowly or heavily.—ভাল দিয়া বংলা ধ্বা, To fish with a

drag:—n. টানা জাল: A net to be drawn along the bottom under water to raise sunken bodies:—বান বিশেষ: A low car or cart.—ভারী চানেছ নই; A heavy harrow:—গভি বা উন্নতিৰ বাৰক; Any obstacle to progress or posperity Syn:—(v) Draw, trail, tow, pull, haul, rug; linger, move slowly.

Drag away—লট্ডা-বা, Carry away.
Drag down—টানিবা নামান, Haul down.
Drag in—টানিবা ভিত্তবে লগে।; Haul in.
Drag গপ্ত—বলপুৰ্থক টানা, Force off
Drag out—টানিবা বাহিদ্য, Haul out.

Drag-net, dragnet, n Birl win: A net to be dragged or drawn along the bottom of water to cat h fish.

Draggle, drag'l, v t কৰ্মানৰ মধ্যে টানিয়া মন্ত্ৰা-কু: To make or grow duty by dragging on the ground —v 1. মন্ত্ৰা বা মন্ত্ৰিক হওৱা; To become wet or duty Syn.—Daggle, drabble, befoul, hemira.

Draggle tailed — অপৰিচাৰ; Untidy. Dragoman, diago-man, n. আখাৰারী; An interpreter in Eastern countries.

Dragon, drap'un, n প্ৰযুক্ত কৰিত বৰ্ণ; An imaginary winged snake — উভাবিশ্বত; The constellation Diaco:—ভীৰণ ব্যক্তি; A fierce, violent person a=dragonish, drag'onlike.

Dragonate, drag'un-et, ল. মংস্য বিশেষ; A little dragon, a fish. [insect. Dragon-fly, drag'un-fli, কীট বিশেষ; A kind of Dragonnado, drag-on-ad, ল. চতুৰ্কল শৃইর সময়ে আবাবোহী দৈল্পণ কর্ত্তক পোপের বিকল্পনতাবলকী ক্রামী-লিপের নিগ্রহ, The persecution of Fiench Protestants under Louis by soldiers under Louis XIV. —ক্ষ্মক্রবী আত্রমণ, Any devastating incursion.

Dragon's-blood, diag'iinz-blud, n. উক্ষয়ান দেশজাভ বৃক্বিশেবেৰ লাল্বৰ রস . The red juice of certain tropical plants, used for colouring

Dragoon, dra-goon, n. অধাবোহী সৈক্ত A horse soldier, who serves on foot as well — v. t. সৈক্তদের অভ্যাভাৱে ভ্যাগ কবিয়া নিএই কু, ৰল প্রবোগৰারা বাব্য-কু; To give up to the rage or soldier; to compel by military force of violent measure.

Drain, dran, et. ব্ৰাষ কৰে জল ছেচিয়া কেলা;
Draw off —গুছ-মু; Drag up; make dry:—
জল ছেচিয়া কেলা, Filter to clear of water by
drains:—e i কৰে কৰে বিপত-হ, To flow off
gradually—n প্ৰয়োগনী, প্ৰনালী; খাত, খানা;
A water course; a ditch; a sewer. Syn:—(v)
Exhaust, empty, dry up. (n) Trench, water
course, ditch, sink, sewer; gradual withdrawal,
exhaustion n=drainable.

Drain one self—বলক্ষ-কৃ; Exhaust one's strength or resources [drinking vessel. Drain the cup—পানপাত্ৰ পৃত্ত-কৃ; Empty the Drain the cup to the drega—(কোনকা) মুৰ্ছনাৰ কুলোৰ হুলো, Exhaust the stock of human sorrow, misery & c. suffer or undergo the utmost. Drainage, drahaj, n বিগ্ৰন প্ৰহণ্ণালীসমূহ; ক্ষামিন্ন-প্ৰাণী; The system of drains in a town;

the act or art of draining.

Dreiner, draher, n. wwife; An utensil on which articles are placed to drain :- ETIF FECT अवाहिक कन्धवाह: A stream from a lake, morass, &c. f duck. Drake, drak, n. Merin; The male of the Dram, dram, #. পরিষাণ বিশেষ ; A contraction of Drachm; in apothecaries' weight, 60 grains. Drama, drama, or dra'ma, n. [Gr. drao, to do ] मन्या-सीवानव घटनावलीय विवृत्ति ; नांहेक ; A representation of actions in human life; a play; a theatrical entertainment. Dramatic, dra-matik, Dramatical, dra-mati

k-al. a. नाइक मक्कीय: Belonging to the drama: -बाइक विवयक ; Theatrical. ad = dramatically. Dramatise, drama-tiz, v. f. নাটক আকারে পরিণত-F; To give the form of a drama to. [ of plays. Dramatist, drama-tist, n. नाउक-(नशक ; A writer

Drank, drangk, Past tense of Drink.

Drape, drap, v. t. वड बाडा आक्रांक्डि-इ ; To cover with cloth :- v. i. কাপড় প্রস্ত-কু ; To make

Draper, drap'er, n. बहुबिस्कड़); One who deals Drapery, drap'er-i, n. वद्वविदक्कांत्र कांग्रं , खड्वादाव बाबना ; Occupation of a draper :- वज ; Cloth or woolen stuffs in general :-- वानव वा अवना ; Hangings, curtains, &c.

Drastie, drastik, a. [ Gr. drao, to act, to do ] বিবেচক ; Effectually purging --কর্মতংপব ; ক্ষমতা-नानी ; क्लदार ; Active, powerful, efficacious :- n.

विद्वाहक जेवथ : A purging medicine.

Draught, draft, n. 44 (5/4; A quantity of liquor drunk at a time :- गाडि होना ; The act of drawing carriages :- नका ; अर्डिक्डि ; Delineation; sketch; outline; a picture drawn :- 79-कन ; A chosen detachment of men:-वान-ध्यवाह ; A current of air :-- (शांत निमक्कन शांशा পভীরতা ; যে পভীরতা পর্যান্ত কাচাজ জলমগ্ন থাকে ; The depth to which a ship sinks in water :- कारनव मध्या अदक्तांद्र एक मध्या भाष् ; सीत्कत मध्या यक मध्या একবারে পড়ে; The quantity of fishes taken by once drawing the net :-- अगानी ; A sink ; a drain :- The; An order for payment of money; bill of exchange :- v. t. है। निम्न वाहित-के, बाइरान-事; To draw out; to call forth. Syn:-(n) Drawing, pulling, traction; current of air; cup, portion, dose, drench, drink; sketch, outline, delineation, design; draft.

Draught, draft, Draught house, -hows, n. পাৰখাৰা ; A privy. [ed on a checqured board. Draughts, drafts, n. मण्डक (पना ; A game play-Draughtsman, draftsman, n. नक्ना (नशक ; One who draws writings or designs; draftsman Draw, draw, v. t. আदर्श-क ; होना ; To pull entice:--বায়ু দেবন-ক ; নিখাস গ্রহণ-ক ; To inhale :
--বখা-ক ; To lengthen :--তরবারি নিখোব-ক ; To unsheathe :- 447-7; To delineate; to describe :- अष्यान-कृ ; निर्गत-कृ ; To deduce :- माड़ी ৰাহির-কু; Disembowl :-- বিদ্বাস্ত-কু; Deduce from promises :- जरनाष-इ . To win :- काराज कानमान बांक्रियां क्छ ( खलत ) त्व नश्ची दर्जात क्षरमासम इह ; To require a depth of ( water ) for floating-said of a vessel :- v. i. birl ; To pull :- four : To practise drawing :-- निवा शक्ता ; विकार जाना : उनिहण-ए ; To move ; to approach :-- डांका डांहा ; Call for money :- n. The act of drawing ; any thing drawn. Syn :- (v) Haul, tug; attract; suck up, drain; inspire; pull out, extract, extort ; induce, allure, influence, produce ; gain, win; extend, stretch, lengthen; sketch, delineate; deduce, derive, infer. a=drawable.

Draw a certain-stal-west: Hide from public view :-- व्यावद्रश क्लिश त्क्ला वा त्व्यान ; Expose to public view.

Draw a comparison between - इटेसर जनना-7: Compare, institute a comparison between. Draw a picture of ... eff wie : Form a figure

or picture :-- वर्गन-क ; Give a description of. Draw about-Gial; Drag. [ tended by. Draw along-महनामी-ए ; Draw with ; be at-Draw aside-এক পারে मतिशा-वा ; Move to one side.

Draw back-প্ৰজ্যাগমৰ-কু, পেছৰ-কু; Retire; re-Draw blacks- शृहि (धनाव र हिकिटि विदूर नारे তাহা উঠাৰ : Draw tickets in a lottery on which no prize is indicated. ি আনা ; Bring down. Draw down - डे९भामन-क ; Raise ; elicit :- नाइड

Draw for- > Cast lots for.

Draw forth--वाक्ति-क , Extract ; elicit.

Draw from-বোৰ কিছু হইতে বিছাৰ-কু; Derive from ; deduce from :-- निश्चित्र वा वनिवात छेलकान সংগ্রহ-ক ; Derive one's information from.

Draw in-धार्माडिङ-क ; Allure ; as, he was drawn in to join the plot :- \$ \$ Collect.

Draw in one's horns-याद माना ; निः कडीन ; Take back boastful words; withdraw one's ar-[ gain interest. rogant pretensions or claims. Draw interest - 24 Men; To produce or Draw lots (Cast lots) – সুরি খেলা; Draw pricces of paper one after another, with a view to determine a question (generally, which one among the number should get the prize or do [ proach ; come near. something ).

Draw near, Draw nigh-निक्छ वर्डी-इ, Ap-Draw off-अङात्रयन-क ; Withdraw :- लक्ज ; Take away from :- fastiges atge-=; With-

Draw on-প্রবোভিত-ক ; Allure :-- ভাকিয়া আনা ; Occasion :-- চেক কাটিয়া বা অক্ত কোন ব্ৰক্ষে টাকা लक्या : ढोका लक्या ; Ask or obtain payment by a written bill or draft; obtain money from ( by an order or cheque ) : - अयत निक्षे इंडडा ; बिक्षे-बड़ी-इ ; Advance or approach (used of time) :-অভিরিক্ত খাটান : Tax :-- লিখিবার বা বলিবার উপকরণ সংগ্ৰহ ক ; Derive materials from.

Draw on one-কোন বিপদ ডাকিয়া জানা; Act in such a way as to incur, render one liable to.

Draw oneself up—বডদুর লখা হওয়া বাৰ, ভতদুর इडा ; Raise to full height.

Draw one out-क्या वाश्व कब्रिया नव्या : Pump one out :-क्यांत क्यांत काशांत (शहेच क्या वारित করিয়া প্রা : Elicit cunningly the thought and feelings of another.

Draw out, Draw out of - querte caffet-

इ ; Range in battle :-- कथा कहिएक हेम्बूक-इ ; Render communicative :-- विश्वप-इ ; Protract.

Drew over—এক্সল পরিত্যাপ করিবা অন্ত কলে বৌধ দিতে অলোভিড-কু; Induce to leave one party or side to join another.

Draw the line between—नीमा निर्मण-इ; Define the limit so as to clearly indicate the distinction between:—वाजन-इ; Draw a distinction between.

Draw the sword—ভরবারি বেলা; Unsheathe the sword:—বৃদ্ধ-কৃ; Wage war; fight.

Draw up— प्रतिष्ठ- हं; Come to a stand: — यूक्सकत्व ध्यानेनक हरेंडा क्यांत्रमान- हः वृद्धक नगरेत रवक्षणे रिमष्ठ केंग्रांत्र स्वरेक्षण ध्यानेनक किंद्या केंग्रांत्र करान ; Range in battle; form in order of battle: — मुनाविषा- कः बन्नान- कः Draft: — फेरकानम- कः Lift: — मिक्र के काना; Bring near.

Up and draw—applied applied applied;
Backward and forward in (some place).

Drawback, drawback, n. অস্থিয়া; ওজের যে পরিমাণ ক্ষেত্র পাওয়া যায়; Any loss of advantage. Syn:—Allowance, deduction, discount, rebate; disadvantage, injury, detriment, deficiency, imperfection.

Draw-bridge, draw'brij, n. বে সেতু উঠাৰ ও নামান বায , চল-দেডু; Bridge to be raised up; let down or drawn aside.

Draw-knife, Drawing-knife, ন. প্ৰথানের অন্ত বিশেষ: A joiner's tool for shaving off surfaces.

Draw-well, draw'-wel, n কুপ; ইদারা; A well from which water is drawn up by a bucket and apparatus.

Drawee, draw-ত', n. ৰাহাৰ নামে ছণ্ডী ৰাহ্যি হয়; ৰাহাৰ উপৰ হণ্ডীৰ বৰাত দেওৱা বায়; The person on whom a bill of exchange is drawn.

Prawer, drow'ér, n. বে হণ্ডী বাহির করে; বে হণ্ডী লেখে One who draws a bill of exchange or order for payment:—নক্সা লেখক; A draughts man:—দেরাজ; আসমাবি; A sliding box in a case:—pl. ইন্সের; An under garment for the legs.

Drawing, drawing, n. চিত্ৰ; A picture; delineation:—টালা; Act of pulling:—চিত্ৰবিদ্যা,
The art of representing objects on a plane surface by many of lines and shades &c.

Drawing master, n. हिंद-निक्क, Teacher of drawing.

Drawing-room, drawing-room, n. নভাসুই; অভার্থনশালা; বৈঠকখানা; A room for reception of company.

Drawl, drawl, v. f. বেলিয়া উচ্চাৰণ-কৃ; To utter words in a slow, lengthened tone:—v. i. বেলাইলা বেলাইলা কৰা কৰা; বেলিয়া বলা: To speak with slow, lengthened utterance:—n. বেলাল; A lengthened utterance of the voice. ad—drawlingly. n=drawlingly. n=drawlingly. n=drawlingly.

Drawn, p. p. of draw. । and cut in quarters. Drawn and quartered—Drawn in a sledge Drawn battle, Drawn game— (व बूद्ध ब्युव्ध जांत्र अवस्थार कर कहिएक शांद ना ; A game where both claim the victory or where neither can Drawn out-Lengthened.

Dray, dra, n. বাৰ বিশেষ ; চক্ৰচীৰ শক্ট ; A strong low cart on wheels ; a drag.

Dray man, n. One who attends a dray.

Dread, dred, n. ভয়; Fear united with awe:—
ভাষোদীপক বছ; An object of fear:—৩. f.
ভাড়াছ ভয়-ড়; To regard with terror; to fear
greatly:—৩. i. ভয় হওয়া; To be in great fear:—
a. ভয়াৰক; ভাষোদীপক; Awful. Sym:—(n)
Affright, terror, horror, dismay, awe. (n)
Frightful, terrible, horrible, dreadful, awful,
venerable.

A burnt child dreads the fire—হোল কাৰ্য্য করিয়া একবার বে জুগিয়াছে দে আর সেরূপ কালে হাজ দিতে চাহে না; বর পোড়া গল সিদ্ধে যেও দেখিলে ভরার; One naturally dreads the idea of having to do anything that had once proved painful or troublesome to one.

Dreadful, dredfool, a. stins; styl; Terrible. n=dreadfulness, ad=dreadfully. Syn:-Terrible, shocking, frightful, tremendous, awful, alarming, fearful, horrible.

Dreadless, dredles, a. অব্যোভর ; নিভাব ; Intrepid ; free from dread. n=dreadlessness, addreadlessly. [person

Dread naught, n. বিত্তিৰ ব্যক্তি; A fearless Dream, drem, n. ৰখ; Thoughts in sleep:—কলনা; কালনিক বিবন; Idle reveries; a vain fancy:—v. i. ৰখ দেবা; To have images in the mind during sleep:—কলনা-ক; To let the mind run on in every revery; imagine:—v. t. ৰখাবেৰ দেবা; To see in, or as in a dream. Syn:—(n) Fancy, reverie, vagary; trance. ad—dreamingly, n—dreamer.

Dream away—বৃধা নাই-ক; Idle away; spend by indulging in dreams; pass in pleasant dreams. [Think of.

Dream of—বাই দেবা; বাইও ভাবা; মনে কয়া; Dreamy, drēmi, a. বয়পূর্ব; কারনিক; Full of dreams; dreamlit, indistinct. n=dreaminess. Syn:—Misty, fanciful, ideal, shadowy, unreal, visionary; absent.

Drear, drer, Dreary, drer'i, a. विरक्ष: विश्वानमः; Gloomy: dismal, cheerless. n=dreariness, ad=drearily. Syn:—Sorrowful, sad, lonesome, comfortless.

Drodge, drej, ল. ফল হইতে কৰ্মন উত্তোচন কৰিবাৰ ব্য . An instrument to take by dragging esp. a machine for taking up mud &c., from the bed of a stream:—৩. f. মাংসে মন্ত্ৰণা ছড়াইয়া-কে; Scatter flour on a meat:—ব্যবিশেষ বাবা ব্যা সংগ্ৰহ ক্য়া; To catch, gather or deepen with a dredge.

Dredger, drejer, #. नाज बिरन्द ; यत विरन्द ; A utensil for dredging ; a dredging machine.

Dredging machine, n. Material as; An engine to take up mud from the bottom of rivers, docks.

Droggy, dreg'i, a. कर्कवर्त ; नवन ; कर्कवनव Muddy ; foul. n=dregginess, dreggishness. Drogs, drogs, n. pl. বৰ ; গাৰ ; বছলা ; বাৰ ; নিট ; জনাৰি ; Lees ; refuse ; dross. Syn :—Feculence, sediment, grounds, refuse, offal, trash, offscourings ; dross, residuum.

To the dregs - on the bottom.

Drench, drensh, v. t. जिल-क ; Wet thoroughly : soak :-- বিবেচন-কৃ; Purge wiolently :-- বলপূৰ্বাক শুৰুৰ দেৱৰ করাৰ; To physic by force :-- n. পান; এक छोक नानीय; A drink; a draught; draft. Syn: -(v) Soak, steep, imbue; purge, physic. Dress, dres, v. t. ( ) To adjust ; to put in order :- वज श्रीवशन कवान ; श्रीवशन-कृ ; To put clothes upon; to put on clothes:—এপত-কু; व्यक्त-क ; To prepare for use ; to cook :-- मञ्जिल-ড় ; To deck :- ক্ত পরিকার-ড় ; To cleanse a sore : -v.i. (वाषे रह-कः; मादि वीषा ; To arrange one's self in a line :--বস্তু পরিধান-কু; To clothe oneself : —n. বস্তু; The clothes; garments:—স্ত্রীবোকের খাগরা ; A lady's gown :- বন্ধ পরিবান রীতি ; Style of dress. Syn: - (v) Align, adjust, arrange, dispose; prepare, fit; apparel, clothe, accoutre. array, robe, rig; embellish, deck, adorn. (n) Habit, apparel, garments, clothing, vestments: elegant attire, costume.

Dress a ship—পভাকা ছারা সজ্জিত কু; (naut) To deck or ornament her with colours.

Dress up or out—আড়খন সহকাৰে বস্ত্ৰ পরিধান-কু;

To dress showily.
Dresser, dreser, n. বিজ্ঞানকারী; One who dresses; one who regulates or adjusts:—বে টেবিশেষ উপৰ বাগাণি সজ্জিত করা হয়; A table on which meat is dressed or prepared for use:—ব্যৱধান ; A surgical instrument.

Dressing, dresing, n. ৰত্ৰ ; Dress or clothes:—
কত স্থানে পটি ; The application made to a sore :
—ছমিৰ কন্ত সাহ ; Manure spread on land :—
চিত্ৰ বিভিন্ন ভাচ ; An ornamental moulding.

Dressing-case, dresing-kās, পোষাকের আল-মারি; ভাজারের বড়ালি বাধিবার বাল; A case of articles used in dressing one's self.

Dressing-room—বসনাগার; An apartment in which to arrange one's dress.

Dressy, dreśi, a. পোৰাকপ্ৰিয়; পরিচছদ্মির; Fond of dress; showy in dress.

Drew, pt. of Draw.

Dribble, dribl, v. i. কোঁটা কোঁটা পড়া; To fall in small drops:—লাল পড়া; Slaver as a child:—
v. t. কোঁটা কোঁটা পড়িতে-দে; বিন্দু বিন্দু কৰিছা
কো; To let fall in drops; to throw down in drops. n≖dribbler.

Driblet, driblet, Dribbet, n. ক্স কোঁটা; A very small drop:—অভি অরবন্ধ; অরপরিমাণ; A small quantity or sum. Syn:—Fragment, particle, moreel; small sum, drop.

Drift, drift, n. বেগ; Impulse; force, with which any thing is driven:—বাহা ডাড়িড হয়; What is driven or borne along in a body:—কভিপ্ৰায়, বাজ্যের অর্থ; Tendency; meaning of words; the object aimed at:—পাল; নল; A drove or flock, as of cattle or birds:—v. t. অপাকারে স্কালিড কু; To drive into heaps as snow:—v. t. চালিড হ; ডাড়িড-হ; বাৰীক্ড-হ; Drive along by chance

current or wind, form in heaps. Syn:—(n')
Mass, heap, diluvium; course, bearing, direction; intention, aim, scope, tenor, purport, meaning.

[ the current.

Drift wind— त्यां मानुसम् वस मकन छेड़ाहैन। (मन;

Wind that drives all before it.

Drift-wood, driftwood, n. কণ্যায়া চালিভ কাঠ;

Wood drifted by water.

officer, who drill soldiers.

Driftless, driftles, a. 明天門書; Without aim. Drill, dril, v. t. रेमक विश्वादक निका-ए ; Train soldiers :- কাহাকে কোন বিলাভ শিকিত-ছ: To instruct in the rudiments of any branch of knowledge :- ভূমপুৰ দাৱা ছিদ্ৰ বা বিছ-ক ; To pierce or bore with a drill :--माति माति वीव वशन-क ; To sow (seeds) in rows :-- খ. i. মুদ্ধশিকার জন্ম একত্রিত-T: To muster for military or other exercise :n. तीम वशन कतिवाद मादि वा बांड ; A furrow to put seeds into :- ভুরপুণ ; An instrument for boring holes : -- যুদ্ধশিকা ; Military exercise. Syn :--(v) Perforate, bore; exercise, teach, discipline, [ for boring holes in metals. train. Drill-press, drilpress, n, यह वित्यव: A machine Drill-serjeant, drilsar'jent, n. व वाकि मिनिद्दब কর্ম শিকা দেয়; হাওলগার; A noncommissioned

Drilling, driling, n. পা-ভাষার ৰঙ ঘোটা হতী ৰাপড়; A course linen or cotton cloth, used for trousers.

Drink, dringk, ে. t. পান-কু; To suck in; to swallow, as liquid:—ম্দা পান-কু; Swallow liquors:—ইন্দ্রিয় দাবা গ্রহণ-কু; দেখা ও শ্রবণ-কু; Take in through the senses, hear and see:—v. i. পান-কু; অধিক পরিমাণে মদ্যপান-কু; To swallow a liquid; to take spirituous liquors to excess:—n. পানীয়; Something to be drunk:—মদ্য; Intoxicating liquor Syn:—(v) Imbibe, inhale, suck up, absorb, sip, quaff, swill, swig, tipple, tope; curouse, revel; pledge, toast, a=drinkableness.

Drink deep—অতিরক্ত পান-ক ; Drink to excess. Drink down—পান-ক ; Swallow.

Drink health, Drink to the health—ম্পান কালে কাহাৰত নকল প্ৰাৰ্থনা-ক; অভ্যৰ্থনা-ক; A customary civility in which a person expresses respect or kind wishes for another; salute in drinking; wish well to one in the act of drinking.

Drink in—পান-কু; Swallow:—সন্দেহ বা পরীকা না করিয়া বিবাস-কু; Believe without examination or scruple.

Drink of—একই বাবে পান-কু; এক নিবাদে পান-কু; কোন জন বা জনীয় পদাৰ্থ বাওছা; Finish a draught; drink water or other liquid substance from a stream or cup. [to satiety.

Drink one's fill—পান করিয়া পরিস্কৃত-হ; Drink Drink offering, dringk-offering, n. বিভগীদিনের ধর্মকর্মে বদ্যপ্রদান রীতি; A Jewish offering of wine &c., in their religious services.

Drink up—সমন্ত পান-কু; To drink the whole. Drinkable, a. পানীয়; Fit to be drunk.

Drinker, dringker, n. a পাৰ কৰে; One who

drinks :-- नगानाती ; माजान . A tippler ; a drunkard.

Drip, drip, . i. विन् विन् शाफ ; To fall in drops : -v. t. (कींडी (कींडी अफ़िट्ड-त्म ; To let fall in drops :-- श- कवन ; क्लिनेव काकाद शब्द ; Falling in drops :--ছাবের বার বা কিনারা; The edge of a

Dripping, drip'ing, #. बन्ताव मारमब कविल वर्गा ; That which falls in drops, as fat from meat in roasting.

Drive, driv, v. f. शंकी-त्व ; रलपूर्वक अधनत-कृ ; To impel or go forward :- नाड़ि हानान , Guide a carriage :-- চালিভ ৰৱা ; To hurry on :-- বাধ্য-ই ; Compel :- [निक्दिन् ; To hunt ; to chase .- कडे-ल ; To distress :- ए. i. हालिक-इ ; To be forced along :-- वाड़िएड वाड्य ; To go in a carriage :--क्षान्द्र ; To tend to ; to aim at :- n. नाहित्व त्रमन ; नकडीरवाहरन खमन ; A ride in a carriage :-बक्की ब्राप्ता भाष्टि कविन्ना याख्या यात्र : नक्टेयारन नहस-পৰ , গাড়িৰ রাডা ; The road passed over. Syn : -(v) Impel, hurl, send, propel; push, thrust, urge, press; compel, oblige; prosecute, carry on ; guide with reins, direct ; rush, go furiously f the terms. n=driver.

Drive a bargain-ৰগড়া ৰগড়ি-কু; Huggle about Drive a trade—কোন ব্যবসায় হোৱাৰ; Carry on a f take excursion.

Drive about-শিকার করিতে বাভরা; Hunt about, Drive at-नका-कृ; Aim at; intend:-(कान मुश्लात कि वना ; Speak about ( with a certain end in view ).

Drive away—ভাড়াইলা-দে; Expel. Drive back-इंडिया-ए ; Force back. Drive before—সন্থৰ ভাডাইলা-দে; Expel. Drive forth—ভাডাইলা-দে; Expel.

Drive in-হিত্যে ভাড়াইয়া-দে; Come or force in. Drive one into a corner—(कान क्षेत्र), Push a a person into a corner from which he cannot escape .- आत किছू क्रिवात वा विलवाद त्या नारे अभन প্ৰস্থায় (ফলা; Put one to silence by some decisive argument.

Drive off - हिन्दा बांडबा ; Depart. Drive out—তাড়াইরা-দে; Expel.

Drive the nail home—সমত্ত পেরেক প্রবেশ করা-RIM : Drive the nail to its whole length.

Drive to-को-ल ; Distress :- कान किছू कविएड बाधा-क ; Force one to adopt .- बाना वित्रकन করিতে বাধ্য-কু; Force one to give way to :--পতিকে কোন কিছুতে ভাড়িত হওৱা; Bring to a certain point or state by necessity or circumstances

Drive up-डेनिहेड-इ ; Arrive.

Drivel, divi, v. i. नान भए। : To slaver :- अलाव আসক্ত-হ; নিৰ্কোৰের মত কাৰ্য্য-কু; পাগলেৰ মত বকা; To be foolish; to dote; to speak like an idiot: -- मान ; नाना ; Slaver :- पूर्वजा ; धनान ; Nonsense. Syn: -(v) Slaver, slobber; dote, be inbecile ; talk foolishly ; speak nonsense.

Driveller, drivier, n. पारात पूर निजा नाम शत् ; A slabber :-- मूर्थ ; निर्द्शांथ ; शामन ; Idiot ; fool.

Driven in—dat : Induced.

river, \*. शांक्षवान ; A coachman :— त्वनशांकि TT; Engine man.

Drisale, drift, v. i. विन्तू विन्तू वृष्ट शरफ ; कंकि केकि वृष्ट-र ; To rain small drops :- v. t. विन् विन् পড়িতে-দে; विन् विन कविवा क्ला; To shed in minute drops: - n. खेड़ केड़ि वृद्धि; विन विन वृद्धि; A small light rain. a=drizzly.

Droll, droi, a. राष्ट्रकत् : वनिक : तनमत : Odd : laughable:-- अ. शंमाकादी; डांफ़; विश्वक; One who excites mirth; a jester; a buffoon :- v. i. মকরামি-কু: ভাঁড়ামি-কু; হাদ্য-কু; To practise droilery; to jest. Syn: -(a) Queer, amusing, funny, whimsical, humorous, jocular, laughable, comical, waggish, ludicrous, diverting.

Drollery-বিজ্ঞপ: উপহাস , ঠাটা ; তামাসা : Sportive tricks; comical gestures; fun. Syn:-Archness, buffoonery, fun, comicality, waggishness, whimsicality, humour, jocularity.

Drollish, drolish, a. क्लिक्ट इंट्यांकी अक; Some what droll.

Dromedary, drume-dar-i, n. [ Gr. drem, to run] উद्वे; একজাতীয় ফুতবামী উद्वे; A camel; species of camel having one hunch on the back. Drono, dron, n. [ A. S. dran, the bee ] M:- 44-মাক্ৰা: Male of the honey bee :--ভা ভা বাৰ; Humming sound :- अन्म ; निक्की वाकि ; A lazy ; idle fellow :-- v. i. 29 29 47-7; To make a low hunming noise :- क्र्यूपि-क ; To live in idleness :- v. t. अक्राया भड़ा ; To read or recite in a dull monotonous tone. Syn:-Idler, sluggard; humming noise; monotonous sound. Dronish, dionish, a. खनन ; निक्रित : Like a

drone; lazy; idle, inactive. n=dronishness. ad =dronishly.

Drool, v. i. नान भड़ा ; To drop saliva.

Droop, druop, v. i. मसक अवनड-कृ ; (ई है कहा ; To hung the head :- কাণ-হ; কুপ-হ; হুৰ্বন্-হ; To grow weak, to faint, to decline. Syn: -- Hang down, bend; fall down, decline, faint, languish, be dispirited.

Drop, drop, v. i. विन् विन् श्राह : स्वीठी स्वीठी পড़िएड-एप ; To fall in small particles ; to let drops fall :-হঠাৎ পতিত-হ; To fall suddenly :-হঠাৎ মরা; To come to an end, to die suddenly: — নিমে পভিত-হ; নীচে পড়া, To fall or sink lower :- v. t. विन्तृ विन्तृ পড़िएंड-एन ; याहेएड-एन ; To let fall in drops; to let go; -to cover with drops:-পড়িছে-মে; To let fall :--পরিভাগ-কৃ; To let go or dismiss ; set aside :- शेत कथा कहा : To utter gently and continuously :- नीत नामान ; To lower :-- नामान ; To lower, as a curtain :- ना शारीत : To send by dropping into the post office box, as a letter :- প্ৰস্ব-ৰু; To give birth to, said of sheep, cattle :-n. दिन् ; (कंडिं। ; A small globule ; quantity of drink :-- क ( क्रव ; Earring :- कंकिकारकेव अरम विरमय ; The part of a gallows. Syn :- (v) Let fall, let go, put down, lower, sink ; leave, relinquish ; abandon ; desist from, remit, discontinue; distil, percolate, ooze; cease, (n) Globule; sip, a taste; trapdoor ; gallows-frame ; ear-ring. pl=Any medicine measured by drops. [ toward the stern. Drop astern-প্ৰাক্ষিत- ; To pass or move Drop down\_- | Fall down : - সমুদ্রাভিমুখ विद्या-पा: To more down a river towards

Drop from the clouds—আপৰিচিত হাৰ হুইডে আগ্ৰাৰ-কু; Come from a place, which no one knows any thing about. [tedly. Drop in—হুঠাই আধিবা পড়া; Come in unexpec-

Drop off-15-4; Die.

Drop off from—পৰিডাগি-ড়; Desert or leave Drop off one by one—এক এক কৰিব। ব্যিদ্যা পড়া; Fall off or disappear one after another.

Drop through - अव्यक्ति ; Fail. Drop to - अव्यक्ति ; Descend.

Drop upon the creft; Meet by chance.

A drop in the bucket—TH WIT; A small quantity; only a small part.

A drop in the ocean—नमूद्ध शांग वर्ग, A very insignificant particle in a large body; a very small quantity in a large body.

Take one drops—গোপনে মধ্য পান-কৃ; Drink wine in private. [drop.

Droplet, drop'-let, n. অভি কুল বিন্দু: A little Dropsical, drop'sik-al. a. শোধ স্বন্ধীয়; শোধ পিড়াগ্ৰহ, উদনী-বোগাকান্ত; Pertaining to, resembling or affected with dropsy. n=dropsicalness Dropsy, drop'si, n. শোধ; উদনীবোগ; Morbid collection of fluid in any part of the body.

Drosky, droski, n. क्यार नीत शान वित्नत ; A four

wheeled Russian carriage.

Dross, dros, n. [A.S. dros, from dreosan, to fall] বাড়; মহলা; মনিচা; The scum of metals; refuse; rust. Syn:—Scotia, crust; dregs, impure matter, recrement.

Drossy, drośi, a. স্মূল, অপরিকৃত ; Like dross ; impure ; worthless. n=drossiness.

Drought, drowt, আনার্ট ; Want of rain or water :—পানীয় অলাডাব ; Want of drink :—
শিশালা ; Thirst. Syn :—Aridity, drouth, thirs-

Droughty, drow'ti, a. বৃষ্টপুত্ত ; অভি ওছ ; ভৃষিত ; Wanting rain. needroughtmess

Drouth, drowth, n. Same as Drought.

Drove, pt. of Drive.

Drove, dröv, n. প্ৰাণিৰ পাল; A number of cattle or other animals driven:—বাত্ৰিক বা চলিক বাভিন্দৰ ; A crow of people in motion. Syn:—Herd, flock; collection, crowd. [cattle Drover, dröver, n. প্ৰচালক; One who drives Drown, drown, v. t. [A S advencan, to drown] অসম্ভ-ত্ব; জলে ভ্ৰান; To sink in water — আৰু ভ্ৰাইয়া ব্য-ত্ব; তি suffocate or overwhelm in water:—প্ৰাণ্ড-ত্ব; অভিত্ত-ত্ব, To overpower, to overcome:—v. s. আল ভ্ৰিয়া মনা; To be suffocated in water. Syn:—Submerge, sink, overflow, deluge, immerse, inundate, flood, overpower, overcome.

Drowse, drowz, v. i. বিষয়ৰ, বিচেইবাৰ-ই; To nod the head in slumber, to be heavy with sleep:—s. f. বিয়োপুত্ব; To make heavy with sleepiness, Syn.—Doze, nap, slumber, be

drowsy.

Drowsy, drows, a. निजान् ; विज्ञानिक्ट ; चनन ; Sleepy ; heavy ; sluggish ; dull. Syn:—Sleepy, comatose, heavy, dozy, somnolent, lethargic, soporific. ad=drowsily, n=drowsiness.

Drub, drub, v. t. [ Icel. drabba, to beat ] আহাৰ-ড়; আহাত-ড়; To beat with a stick; thrash: n. এহার: মুট্টাহাড; চাপড়; কিল; A blow. Syn:— (v) Thrash, cudgel, pommel, thump, bang, cane.

Drudge, druj, v. i. অতাত প্ৰিত্তৰ-মু; অভি নীচ কৰ্ম-মু; To work hard; to do very mean work: —n. মনুৰ, দান; কঠোৰ পরিতামী; Mean or hard working labourer; a menial servant. Syn:— (v) Slave, plod, toil. ad—drudgingly.

Drudgery, drujer-i, n. नीठ कर्च ; यजूरी ; Hard or humble labour.

Drug, drug, n. উৰৰ; Any substance used in medicine or in dying;—v i. বহু করণাৰ্থ ব্যবহৃত বন্ধ; বে বন্ধৰ কম কাট্ডি হয়; An article of slow sale:—v. i. উৰৰ সহ মিশ্ৰিত-কু, To mix or season with drugs; to dose to excess:—উৰৰ ব্যবহা-কু; To prescribe drugs or medicines. Syn:—(n) Physic, remedy; poison; unsaleable article.

A drug in the market—বে ক্ৰব্যেৰ পরিদাৰ নাই; A commodity for which there is no demand.— গৌৰব নাই; The possession of which confers no importance on a man

Drugget, drug'et, n. [Fr. drogue, drug, trash] নালিচাৰ আছোদন বৰুপ ব্যবহৃত যোটা প্ৰমী কাপড়; A course woollen cloth, used as a covering or protection for carpets. [medicines. Druggist, drug'ist, n. উৰ্থ-বিক্তো; Dealer in

Druggist, drug'ist, n. তব্ধ-বিকেতা; Dealer in Druid, droo'id, n. কেণ্টদিগের প্রেছিড; Celtic priest. fem=Druidess, a=Druidical.

Druidism, droo'id-izm, n. ডুটছ পুৰোহিতদিগের উপদিষ্ট ধর্মত বা আচরিত ক্রিবাকলাপ, Practices of Druids, the doctrines which the Druids taught. Drum, drum, n. मामामा ; (हान ; ब्रा-हका ; A musicai instrument:--कर्न्डरब्र व्याखान : कर्निहेह : The tympanum or middle portion of the ear :-नेवासन देवे बान : The upright part of a cupola : - মূর্ণারমান পিপা ; A revolving cylinder or barrel : -ए. i. ঢোল বাজান; To beat a drum, to beat with the fingers :- 資本 資本 事 , To throb :- v. t. रेमक (वांबाह-कृ; ब्ह्ला वांबाह-कृ; To go about to gather recruits; secure partisans customers -ত ংকোন হব অনুসারে বাজান; চাক বাজাইরা তাডাইরা-CV; To execute on a drum a tune; to expel with beat of drum. n=drum men. [ petion. Drum into-गत्न व्यत्न कत्रांन, Instil by re-Drum out-ान वाकाहेबा जाडाहेबा-त ; To expel with beat of drum.

Drum up, Drum up for—ছোল বাৰাইয়া একজিড-কু, Assemble by beat of drum.

Drum-head, drumhed, m. ঢোবেৰ উপৰেৰ আংশ, চকাৰ মাধা; The upper part of a drum.

Drum-head courtmertial—A courtmartial called suddenly

Drum-major, drum-major, প্রধান সৈনিক-বালাকর, :
সৈক্তব্যের প্রধান চকাবালক, The major or chief drummer of a regiment.

Drum-stick, drumstik, n. ডাৰ বাজাইবাৰ কাটি; Suck for beating a drum. [ beats a drum. Drummer, n. চাৰী; মুৰ্ভ বাংক; One who Drunk, drungk, pa. p. of Drink.

Drunk, a. स्वांगड, वनानात्व देवह ; वार्त ; Intoxicated; saturated with moisture. Syn:—
Intoxicated, inebriated tipsy, fuddled, maudin, mellow, crapulous.

Be drunk with—কোল किছুতে মত इंडम ; Be intoxicated or clated with.

Drunkard, drungk'ard, n. অত্যন্ত মন্যপায়ী; অত্যন্ত মাডাল; মাডাল; One given to intoxication; one addicted to strong drink. Syn:—Taper, sot, hard drinker, tippler, carouser, boozer.

Drunkon, drungkn, a. মদ্যপামী; মন্তর্গ-সন্থাত; Given to excessive drinking, producing from intoxication .—মৃদ্যপান অভ্যন্ত; Given to drinking; intoxicated .—মৃদ্যপান্যশৃতঃ উন্মন্ত; Resulting from intoxication.

Drunkenness, drungkn-nes, n. অভিরক্ত হ্বা-পান, Excessive drinking:—মাতলামি, Habitual intemperance.

Drupaceous, drod-pa'shus, a. বদরী জাতীর ফল সম্বন্ধীয় , Pertaining to stone-fruits.

Drupe, droop, n वमती क शिव कन दिल्ला ; A fleshy fruit containing a stone, as the plum &c. a= Drupaceous.

Dry, dii, a. ওছ, স্থাতিতাপুন্ত; Free from moisture (sad of the weather) — বৃষ্টিহীল; Free from rain or mist (of vegetable matter):—রসপ্ত ; নীরস , Fice from juice or sap (of animals) — অভুছ্বতী, দুরুদ্বতী, ত্রুদ্দ্রাব্বত, Not giving milk (of persons):— অক্স্ক্রিটা, চিগ্রাক্থিক নহে, নীরস, Uninteresting:— স্পাই, অবস্থাবা, চিগ্রাক্থিক নহে, নীরস, Uninteresting:— স্পাই, অবস্থাবা, Shreud, saicastic — তীক্ষাধার; Shaip:
— খ t. ওছ-ছ, নি.শেষ-ছ, To free from water or moisture, to exhaust — খ t. গুছ-ছ, নীরস ইওয়া।
 Po become dry; to evaporate. Syn.—(a)
 Parched, arid, thirsty, wanting drink, sapless, juiceless, sterile, unproductive, plain, dull, ad—drily, dryly n=diyness, dier.

Dry-goods, di-goome, n. কাপড কিতা ইত্যাদি; Cloths, laces, tibbons, distinguished from grocenes [volume for dry or coarse articles. Dry-measure, n. তক্তব্য মাপ; A measure of Dry-nurse, dri-nuis, n. বাসকপ্রতিপালিকা, পীড়া-কানী পরিচারিকা, One who feeds a child without milk from the breast; one who brings up a

child by hand.
Dry-rot, dri'-rot, n. কাঠেব ক্যরোগ, কাঠের জীৰ্ণভাপ্রাপ্তি, Decay of timber converting its substance into dry powder.

Dry-salter, drī-sawiter, n উৰ্থ-বিজ্ঞো, তছ-মা'স বিক্তো; A dealer in drugs, dye-woods, died meats etc.

Dry-saltery, dri-sawiter-i, n. গুছমাংস বিজেতার কাব্য; The articles kept by a dry salter, the business of a dry-salter

Dry up-७६-३; Deprive of moisture; clear up, scotch - क्यां रक-इ, To stop talking.

Dryad, driad, n. ব্ৰদেষী; A nymph or deity of the words. [sisting of two. Dual, dū'al, a. [L duo, two] হিসংখাক; Con-Dualism, dū'al-ızm, n. বিভাগ; A twofold division:—(इंडप्) : A system which assumes or is founded on a double principle. a=dualistic.

Dualist, du'al-ist, n. देववानी; A believer m

Duality, dn-alit-i, n. ৰিড ; State of being two. Dub, dub, v i নাইট দাবী দান-কু, উপাৰী আনাৰ কু. To confer knighthood by striking the shoulder with a sword, to confer any dignity. n=dubber. Syn —Name, style, denominate, call, entitle.

Dub a cock—Prepare it for fighting. [fulness. Dubiety, dū-bi'e-ti, n. মূলকা , নংলার ; Doubt-Dubious, dū'bi-us, a. [L. dubitare, to doubt ; duo, two ) সলিকা ; শংশামত ; Uncertain ; doubt-ful. n=clubiousness (সলিকা ) | ad = dubiously. Syn:—Doubting, unsettled, undetermined, obscure, questionable, uncertain, problematical. Duoal, dūkal, a. ডিউক-সংশাস্থ, Pertaining to a a duke or dukedom.

Ducat, dukat, n. মুছা বিশেষ; A coin, worth when silver, 4s. 6d; when, gold, twice as much. Duchess, duches, n. [L. dun, a leader] ডিউক্-পত্নী; Wife of a duke.

Duchy, duchi, n. ডিউকের স্থিকার; A dukedom, the territory of a duke.

Duck, duk, v.t. ज्विरा-(म ; किरारक्षण कामश्च-कृ ; To dip for a moment in water —v.i. मञ्च-इ ; ज्व-(म , To dip or dive ; to lower the head suddenly —n हरेगी ; Water-fowl — मज्ज ज्वाम मृ ; विदानमन ; A dipping or storging of the head : — अवज्ञा ; A pet, darling. Syn —(v.) Immerse, souse, plunge, dip, dive; bow, bend, stoop, cringe.

Make ducks and drakes—ছিনিমিনি ধেলা; To throw a flat stone &c., obliquely upon the water making it relbound .—নত্ত-কু; To squander.

Ducking stool—A stool or chair in which scolds were formerly tied and ducked in the water, as a punishment [young duck. Duckling, dukling, n. dim. হান-শাৰক; A

Duet, dukt, n. [L. duco, to lead ] भव ; नांनी ; A tube, passage. Syn.—Channel, canal, condut, blood-ve-sel.

Ductile, duktil, a. नमनीय, ठाइव; Easily led or drawn out, pliable, yielding. n=ductility. Syn:—Tractable, pliable, compliant, docile; flexible, extensible.

Dudgoon, dujun, n. [W dygen, anger] অস-জোব, অপ্রস্কুতা; জোব; Ill will; grudge, resentment — ভোৱাৰ বাঁট, The handle of a dugger:— ছোৱা, A small dagger Syn — Umbrage, indignation, displeasure, ire, wrath.

Duds, n. পুরাতন ব্য ; Old cloth

Duo, du, a. [L. debro, to owe] দেৱ; Owing that ought to be paid — উপৰ্ক্ত, Proper:— বিদিষ্ট, Appointed — n ৰণ, অবিকাৰ; স্থামানুগত বহু, Debt: what belongs to one of right; just title — পুরস্থার, পণ, Fee or emplument:— স্থাবি Claim — adv কি; Directly; exactly; duly. Syn:—(a) Fit, suitable, appropriate, becoming; right, just, quitable, obligatory, bounden, owing to, occasioned by.

Due to -- रामांव दिनारा व्याद्यक्त वागा ; Owing to : वादा रावता वा क्या डेडिंच ; Proper to be paid to :--रामा किह वहेरल करणा ; Occasioned by.

Duel, du'el, n. ৰম্ম ; বলুৰ ; A combat between two persons :— চ. i. ৰম্ম ; To fight in single combat. n=duellist, dweller (মন্ত্ৰ)।

Duelling, du'el-ing, a. মন্ত্রাভান ; Fighting in a duel :—a. মন্ত্রভাত ; Employed in a duel.

Duenna, du-cha, n. বুদা ধার্টা; বন্ধাবর্টা; পরি-চাবিকা; Lady in waiting; elderly woman to guard a younger.

Duet, du-et, Duetto, du-eto, n [1.. duo, two] ছই ব্যক্তি মিলিভ ছইয়া পান বা বাদা কবিবার জন্ত বচিত পান; A piece of music composed for two performers, vocal or instrumental.

Duffel, dui'l, ম. মোটা পশ্মি কাপড়; Coarse woolen cloth.

Dug, dug, n. প্ৰশ্ন ধন বা বাট, Nipple, treat; pap, udder.

Dug, pt. and p. p. of Dig.

Dugong, eti-gong', n. छिषि प्रत्र वित्व ; A cetacean; a kind of herb-eating whale.

Duke, duk. n. স্কাণেকা প্রধান কুলীনের উপাৰি; ইংলনের ব্ৰৱালের অব্যবহিত নিরপদ; The highest order of nobility next below the Prince:—অবি-লায়ক; সন্ধান; A chieftain, a leader:—বালা; A sovereign prince. fem=Duchess.

Dukedom, dilkdum, n. ভিউৰেৰ উপাৰি, ভণ বা পৰা ; The title, rank, or territories of a duke. Duloet, dulset, a. [L. dulcis, sweet] ক্ষিষ্ট, ক্ষম্ম ; সুম্বৰ ; Sweet ; melodious, harmonious. Syn:—Luscious, honeyed ; melodious, euphonious ; soothing, pleasing ; charming.

Dulcify, v f [18-7 ; To sweeten.

Duloimer, duisi-mer, n [L. dulcis, sweet, and melos, a song] বাদ্যেত্র বিশেষ; সেভারা, ভানপুরা, A musical instrument.

Dull, dul, c. [ Dut. dol, mad, dolen, to wander, to rave ] মূৰ্জ; Stupid:—কোড়া; Blunt:—বিষয়; বিষয়ক্ষ; Sad; cheerless:—মেয়াছেল; অপাই; অপাই; অপাই; অপাই; অপাই; অপাই; অপাই; অপাই; অপাই; Uninteresting:—বিষয়ক; Sluggish:—ফ. t. মূর্ক-ড়; To make dull; to make stupid:—কোডা-ড়; To blunt:—বিরাথ-ড়; বিস্থান-ড়; বিবেশাহ-ড়; বেগাছ-ড়; To deprive of activity:—v. i. কোডা-ড়; বিবেশাব-ড়; To become dull. n=dullness. ad=dully. Syn:—(a) Stolid, doltish; inanimate, lifeless, apathetic, insensible, inert, inactive, heavy, sluggish; not sharp, obtuse, blunt; gloomy, sad, dismal; dun, obscure; tedious, tiresome.

Dullard, dulard, n जांच निरक्षि (लांक ; त्वांचा ; A blockhead ; a dunce ; a dolt. [ weak sight Dull-sighted, dul-sited, a. कीन वृष्टि ; Having Dull-witted, dul-wited, a कुनवृद्धि ; Not smart, heavy. [ properly.

Duly, du'li, adv. উপযুক্তরপে, উপযুক্ত সমতে; Ritly, Dumb, dum, a. [Ger. dumm, stupid] বুক; বোৰা Speechless; silent. n=dumbness.

Dumb-bells, dum-belz, n. 549; Weight swung for exercise.

Dam's found or founder, dumfound, v. t.

भवाक्-इ ; रजपूषि-कृ To strike dumb ; to confuse greatly.

Dumb show, dum-sho, s. वह ; Pantomime. Strike dumb—रखाई-कृ . Confound.

Strike one dumb— विश्व दिए क ; विश्व क ; Deprive one of the power of speech, either by contounding or astonishing.

Dummy, dumi, n. বোৰা; মুক; One who is dumb:—মুলমুকি লোক; Thick witted fellow:—
লাকীবোলাল; One who plays a merely nominal part in an action:—a. মুক; Silent; mute:—
কৃত্যিম, Sham. Syn:—(n) Mute; dumb; waiter; lay figure.

Dump, n. অবসাদ; বিশাদ; A gloomy state of the mind; melancholy usually, in the plural:—v. t.

To unload from a cart by titling it.

Dumpish, dump'ish, a. ब्रिक्स ; विष्क ; Depressed in spirits; stupid. n=dumpishness, ad= dumpishly. [ A small round pudding. Dumpling, dump'ling, n. গোলাকৃতি শিক্টক বিশেষ: Dumps, dumps, n. pl. [ Ger. dumpt, dump, dull] निक्रश्नाह ; विचान , अककात ; Melancholy, illhumour, gloom. Syn: - Sadness, depression Dumpy, dump's, a. 有道 8 頁前; Short and thick Dun, dun, a. शिक्कार्ग ; Of a dark colour, partly brown and black:-v.t. शालना है।कांद निविद्य जातान-क ; To demand a debt ; to urge for payment .- n. (भनांत्र जक दि कांशांका करत : One who duns; a clamorous creditor -514141; An urgent demand of payment. Syn :- (a) Dull, brown; dark, gloomy. (v) Press, urge, importune.

Dunce, duns, n. मूर्च वाकि; निर्द्शाप, A dolt; a stupid person. Syn:—Dullard, dolt. numskull, simpleton, blockhead. a=duncish, duncelike.

Dunder, n ইকু বনের পিটে; The dregs of canejuice used in distilling rum. [ A dunce. Dunder head, Dunder pate, n সুৰ্বাৰত;

Dune, dun, m. वानित भावाङ, वानिकाद्य , A low hill of sand on the sea-shore.

hill of sand on the sea-shore

Dung, dung, n গোৰৱ, প্ৰাদিৱ বিঠা; বোষছ; The excrement of animals:—v. t সার-দে; To mannure with dung:—v. i. মল জাগ-ফু; To void excrement. Syn:—(n) Ordure, faeces; manure. a=dungy.

Dung-hill, dunghill, n. भौरवानिव चून ; मावकूछ ; A mound of dung :— कमर्या वामश्राम ; A vile abode :— a. विशेषां छ ; नींड ; Mean , low.

Dungeon, dunjun, n. কারাগার; পাতাব্যর; A close, dark prison; a cell under ground.

Dungy, a বোষপূর্ব; Full of dung .— ৰণধা; Nasty; vile. [ piper Dunlin, duńlin, n. পৰিবিশেষ; A kind of sand-Dunnish, duńish, s. কথ্ছিৎ পিল্লবর্ণ: Somewhat

dun. [parts. Duo, du'o, n. [L. duo, two] মীড; Song in two Duodecennist, du-o-de-seni-al, a. [L. duodecim, twelve, and annus, a year] বাৰণ বাৰিছ;

Occuring every twelve years.

Duodecimal, du-o-desi-mal, a. [ L. duo, two, and decem, ten ] भागा, Twelvth, numbered by twelve years.

Duodesimo, du-o-desi-mo, a. বাৰ্ণেই ; Formed of sheets folded so as to make twelve leaves :—n. বাৰণেটি ক্রমার প্রক ; A book with sheet folded in twelve leaves :—The size of a book thus compared,—usually indicate thus ; 12 mo.

Duodecuple, du-o-deku-pl, a. [ I.. duodecim, twelve, and plico, to fold ] बाजनावा; बाजनिनिष्टे; Consisting of twelve, twelvefold.

Duodenum, du-o-de'num, n. [ L. duodeni, twelve each ] প্ৰথম স্থা; The first of the small intestines. a=doudenal.

Dupe, dup, n. বাহাকে অবাধানে তুলান যায়: One easily cheated; a gull:—v. t. প্রভাষণা-কৃ; To deceive; to trick. Syn:—Beguile, hoodwink, delude, overreach, cozen, gull, cheat. a = dupable.

Duple, du'pl, a. [L. duo, two and plico, to fold]

Duplicate, du'p'lik-হা, a. বিশ্বণ; Two fold: n. প্রভিনিশি; A copy:—v. f. বিশ্বণ-কু; প্রভিনিশি-কু; To double; to make a copy. n=duplication.

Duplicity, du-plisit-i, n. প্ৰতাৰণা; প্ৰক্ৰা; Insincerity of heart or speech; deceit. Syn:—Double-dealing, deceit, dissimulation, guile, deception, hypocrisy.

Durability, dur-a-hilit-i, अ. क्षातिक ; भनवद्य ; Power of lasting without perishing.

Durable, dur'a-bl, a. [L. duro, to last] राजी; प्रमृह, Lasting; permanent; hardy. n=durability (शांविष्ण): Syn:—Abiding, lasting, permanent, firm, stable, continuing, constant. ad=durably. n=durableness.

Dura mater, n. মবিদের বৃহিনিল্লী; The outer membrane of the brain. [ment; duress. Durance, dūr'ans, n. করেল; ক্ষবরোধ; Imprison-Duration, dū-rā'shun, n. ছিডিকালের পরিমাণ; চিবস্থানিক, Continuance in time; power of continuance; permanency. Syn:—Prolongation, perpetration, continuation; permanency.

Durbar, dur'bar, n. [ Pers. dar-bar, a prince's court, (lit.) a door of admitance] সম্বায়, শত্যাধান-গৃহ; A audience chamber; a levce, or a reception of native princes and nobles held by the Viceroy of India.

Dure, v i. স্থানী-ত্ ; To endure, last, continue.

Duress, durés, n. করেম ; অবরোধ ; Constraint ;
imprisonment. Syn:—Confinement, captivity,
durance.

[For the time it lasts.

During, during, prep. वावर ; त्य गर्वाच ; मत्या ; Durst, pt. of Dare, जाहम-कृ, To venture.

Duskish, duskish, a. The pand; nint pane; Rather dusk; slightly dark or black. n=duskishness. ad-duskishly.

Dusky, duski, a. अनुकान, कृषयी; Partially dark or obscure; dark coloured:—विषक्ष; विषाणसकः; Sad, gloomy. n=duskiness. Syn:—Murky, darkish; dun, obscure, cloudy, shadowy. Dust, dust, প. ধৃৰি; ওড়া; মৃত্তিকা; Earth in powder; powder, earth:— পুলারেণু; The pollon of the anther of flowers:— অপকৃষ্ট বস্তু, Refuse:— কবর; Grave:—নীচাবছা; A mean condition:— টাকা, Money:— ৩ t. ধৃলি কাড়া; To free from dust:—ধুলা ছড়ান: ওড়া করা, To sprinkle with dust, to reduce to powder.

Dust and ashes—वृज्ञ करून ; Emblems of death and mortality.

Best out dust-पूजा बाज़ा ।

Bite the dust—गिडिड-इ, कुललभाषी-इ; To fall or be thrown as in contest of battle; fall in battle.

Lick the dust at one's feet—লায়ের বুলি চাটা : অত্যন্ত তোবামোদ-ক ; Cringe, cringe objectly to gain one's favour.

Raise or kick up a dust—গোণাণাণ-ক ; গছ-গোণ-ক ; To make a confusion , make a disturbance. [ Deceive , bewilder one.

Throw dust into the eyes of—চক্ষে ধ্নি-দে; Duster, du-গ'r, n কাড়েন; সামছা, A cloth or brush for removing dust.

Dustman, n. ম্যনা-পবিভারক; One who carries away dirt and filth.

Dusty, dusti, a. গুলাছয় : ধূলিময় : Covered or sprinkled with dust :—গুন বৰণ ; Of the colour of dust. n=Dustiness.

Dutch, duch, a. ছবঙ দেখীয় ; Belonging to Holland or its people or language :—v. t. ক্টিৰ্ফু ; To render clear and hard by dipping into hot oil &c.—as goose quills. [excited by drink. Dutch courage—মন্গানক্ষিত সাহস ; Courage Dutcous, du'te-us, a. ক্রব্যাপ্রায়ণ ; আলাবর্তী ; Obedient ; dutiful. n=dutcousness. ad-duteously.

Dutiable, du'-ti-a-bl, a. एक-पार्ट्शानरवाचे ; Liable to the imposition of duty or customs.

Duty, n. বাধাতা, কন্তব্য, Obligation:—স্থীনতা; বস্তুতা; বন্ধীভূততা, সামবিক কাৰ্য্য; Obedience; military service:—সন্মান; Respect, regard:— ক্ষ:—Tax on goods. Syn:—Responsibility; service, reverence; business, office, function, work, engagement; tax, custom, toll.

On duty—গ্ৰহনীৰ কাৰ্যো নিযুক্ত; Serving as guard. Sense of duty—কৰ্তব্য বৃদ্ধি।

Duumvir, n. One of two Roman magistrates.
Duumvirate, du-umvi-rমt, n. [ I. duo, two, and vir, a man ] আচীন মোমের শাসনপ্রাণী বিশেষ; একই পদে ছই ব্যক্তির সবাবেশ; A form of government in ancient Rome; the union of two men in the same office. [ chief pupil of a class.
Dux, n. কোন শ্রেমীর অধান ছাত্র; The head or Dwarf, dwart, n. বানন; An animal or plant much below ordinary size; esp., a diminutive man; mannikin:—v. f. বর্জ-কু; বাড়িতে বা বেওয়া; To hinder from growing; to stunt.

Dwarfish, dwarfish, a, 44176; 46 42;

Like a dwarf, very small n-dwarfishness. ad-dwarfishly. Syn —Stunted, small, low, tiny, diminutive, little.

Dwell, dwel, v: ain-a. To live in a place, to inhabit n=dweller. Syn —Reside, sojourn,

continue, stay, rest, remain, live

Dwell upon (or) on—বিভারিত বর্ণনা-কু; Discourse upon, enlarge —অধিককণ কোন বিষয় সইয়া জ্ঞানা-কু (লেখাতেই হউক বা কথাতেই হউক), Continue on (some subject, either in speaking or in writing).

[tion, abode

tinue on (some subject, either in speaking of in writing). [ton, abode Dwelling, dwelling, n. बानजान, बान, Habita-Dwelling house, n. बानजान, बान, Habita-Dwelling house, n. बानजान, Place of residence [dence, abode Dwelling place, n. बानजान, Place of resident for the state of residence [dence, abode Dwelling place, n. बानजान, Place of resident for the state of the sta

tinge —n ৰঙ, Colouring liquid, tingc

Dyeing, dung, n কাগত ৰণ্ কৰিবাৰ ৰৌশৰ বা

বাৰসাৰ, Art or pra tice of colouring cloth, &c

Dyer, dier, n. যে ব্যাদি বণ্কৰে, One whose

trade is to dye cloth.

Dye-stuff, di'stufs, n pl क्र कदिवांव जनाहि, Material used in dieng.

Dying, dian., p a 454, Expiring - 43447, Mortal -n 451, Death pr p. of die.

Dyke-Same is Dike

Dynamic, di-namik, Dynamical, di-namikal, a [ Cr dynamis, power, dynamis, to be able ] বশ্বিষয়ক , ঋড়সগতে বলেব কাৰ্যা সম্বনীয় : Relating to the effects of forces in nature.

Dynamics, di-namiks, n निर्देशान, वन्दिलान. The science of moving powers.

Dynamite, dina-mit, n. বিদারণক্ষ বস্তু বিশেষ; ভিন্তামাইট , A powerful explosive agent

Dynamometer, din-am-ome-tri, n [Gr. d, namis, power, and metron, a measure ] বল-পবিনাপক বস্ত্তা, An instrument for measuring effort exerted, particularly the work done by a machine.

Dynastic, dinast-ik, a রাজবংশীয় , বংশসম্পর্কীয় ; Belonging to a dynasty.

Dynasty, din is ti, n [Gr dynastes, a lord, dynamai, to be able] বাজবংশ, Race or family of sovereign —প্ৰভাব, ৱাজহ, সাম্বাস্থা, Power, rule, government.

Dysentery, disenter-1, n. [Gr dys, ill, entera, the entrails] বুকামান্য, A disease of the entrails of bowels a=dysentific

Dysentry, n অভিস্থি, Bloody flux a=dysentric dysentrical [truation. Dysmenorrhosa, n বাধৰ, Difficult mens-Dyspepsy, dis-pep'si-1, n [Gi dys, hard, difficult, and pepso, to dizet] অভিপ্তা, জাহাম লা, অভীৰ্ণ বোৰ, Indigetion

Dyspoptic, di -pep'tik, a অন্ত্রীর্ণ লোগার জন্ম-ব্যোগাণায় জন না হন্দত উৎপর, Afflicted with pertuning to or ari ing from il dicest in —n অন্ত্রীর ব্যোগারাম্ভ ব্যক্তি, One affected with dispepsia

Dyspness, n 和河野 Difficity of the rinner Dysury, do un n i Gi v d fine it, in i ouron unne ] eat 本年 年 東東東, D inculty in voiding urine.

## E

মি—ই-বাজি বৰ্ণমানাৰ প্ৰদা অক্ষর, The 2nd vowel, and 51/1 letter of the English alphabit [one Each, 7th a প্ৰায়েক Either of two, every Eager, 7'ver, a. [Lak, sharp | বাগ্র, বাব্যা জ্বার, উৎস্ক, Earnest, I cently desirous, impatient n=eageines (বাণ্ডা, উৎস্কা, উল্লোগ Ardour), ad=eageily (ব্যাহ বিধ)। Syn —I onging yeuring, preedy imputient, vehement, imputuous, earnest, anxious, fervent, glowing hot

Eagerness, t'ger nes, n বংককা, বাবেশতা, ব্যারতা, উপার্থ, Ardour, vehemense, carnestness, implificate, heartiness, feivour, greediness.

Eagle, t'el n [L aquala, from root ac, sharp, swift] দীনারী পকী, ঈগল পকী, উৎজোশ পকী, A large bild of piey.—মুদ্রাবিশেব, A gold coin of the United States, worth 10 dollars or 43s fim=ragless.

[ Quick eyed, discerning. Eagle-eyed, eglid, a, তালদুট, স্পাদ্দী,

Eaglet, E'glet, n. উৎজোপ পৃথিপাৰক , ঈর্গণ পাবক , A young or small e igle

Eagre, egei, n [A S egir water, sea] नमेंब (डायात्र, राम, Bore

Ean, v t or v. s. বংস প্রদ্ব-কু, To bring forth

Ear, रा., দ কৰ্ণ, প্ৰবংশন্দির। The organ of hearান্য — সজীত বিচার কবংগ ক্ষমতা, Power of judging
harmony — বনোবোগ, Attention — শংসার মুক্তরী,
শান, Head of corn — ए ধ ক্ৰণ কৃ, To plough
or till — ए। শান কেন্দ্ৰ, To form ears, as corn
Syn — (n) Musical perception, taste, hearing,
reguld attention, spike of green head

Be all ear—মনে বোণা ২, প্ৰায় ২২খা ওলা, Be all attention, be wholly attentive

Be at one's ear—কুগরাইণ ব নিমিত্ত নিকটে পাকা, Be near to whisper some seriet matter into one seri

Be by the ears, Fall together by the errs,

Go together by the ears—विवाप-क ; कूरल क्रिक-क ; Quarrel, fight and scuffle.

Be up to the ears in—aim want a wir Be deeply involved in.

Din into or in one's ears—কানের কাছে তান্ ভান্-কু; কোন বিষয় ক্রমিক কানে তোলা; Repeat continually into one's ears; ply one with-

Give or lend ear to—ভনা; কাহার কথায় কান দেওবা; Listen to.

Have an ear for— এবৰ বাৰা গুৰান্তৰ শক্তি থাকা; llave a taste for, have the power of judging of (by means of the ears):— তুলা, কাৰ দেওৱা, Listen to.

Have or get the ear— অপরেব নিন্দা কবিয়া কাহা-বও অনুগ্রহ লাভ করা, Get into a person's confidence by telling tales of others.

In at the one ear, out at the other—ৰীয় বিষ্ট - ই; Be readily forgotten. [mature state In the green ear—অপ্রিপ্ত অবস্থায়: In an im-Over head and ears, or up to the ears— একেবাৰে বিষয়, Deeply absorbed

Poison one's ears -কাৰভাকানি কেরো; Tell one something that is prejudical to another.

Possess one's ( have one's ear ) ear—এক-তা বাহা বলে ভালা ভালা; Have the privilege of being readily heard by one:—কাৰ্য উপৰ প্ৰভূষ প্ৰাৰ্থ, Have influence over.

Pull by the ear—কান মলা। [quarrel. Set by the ears—কান্ড] বাধাইবা-দে; Cause to Turn a deaf ear to—কাপান্ত না করা, Refuge to listen to.

Up to the ears—চুড়াৰ, In an extreme degree Walls have ears—গোপনে বাহা বনা হয় তাহা প্রান্থ পড়ে; Things uttered in secret get rumoured abroad.

Within ear shot-Within reach of hearing. Ear-ache, Tr'Ak, n. कर्न-त्यम्मा; कर्नमूल; Pain in the ear.

Ear-drop, Ti'drop, Ear-ring, Fr'ring, m. 44-

Ear-drum, n. কর্ণিধাছিত গহার; পট্টবাং প্রার্থ ; Tympanum —কর্ণকুহরত্ব পাত্রবা চামড়া; The drum or the membrane of the ear.

Eared, टार्ट, a. कर्नविभिष्ठे : भीरवृक्तः ; Having cars. Ear-kissing, a. कर्न-भनेकाती ; Ear-touching.

Ear-lap — কৰ্ণের অপ্রভাগ ; Tip or lobe of the ear. Ear mark, r. 'mark, n. মেবের কর্নে চিছ ; Mark on a sheep's ears. [ the hearing

Ear-shot, er'shot, n. অৰণপথাকাৰ্যত দুৱড়; Reach of Ero trumpet, er'trump'et, n. অৰণ-সহায় যুদ্ধ; যে বদ্ধেৰ সাহায্যে ৰধিৰ ব্যক্তিবা জনিতে পায়; A tube to aid in hearing; instrument to assist deaf

Ear-wax, er'waks, n. कार्युत भहेत ; दर्श-मत ; A tluck viscous substance secreted by the glands, of the ear into the outer passage; a cerumen of the ear.

Ear-wig, er'wig, n. की दित्य ; कान्रकांनित ; An meect; the ear-worm, which eats fruit and flower-leaves and has been erroneously supposed to creep into the brain through the ear:
— (व व्यक्ति मन विकास करनाट्य कान्रहित क्षेत्र)

বে অপাৰের কাপের কাছে কুস কুস করিরা বলে; One who gains the ear of another by stealth for a bad end; a whisperer.

Ear-witness, হ্ল'-witnes, n. শোলা সাকী, বৰণে ধ্বৰ ক্ৰিয়া বে সাক্ষ্য প্ৰদান কু; শোতা; One who can give testimony to a fact from his own hearing; one who hears a thing; one who witnesses, as heard by himself.

Earl, cil, n. মার্কুলের অধ্বন সমাত ব্যক্তি; An English title next after marquis fem=countess. Earldom, cildum, n. আর্তের পদ বা অধিকার; Dignity of an earl.

Earless, Et'les, a. विषय ; क्रीन ; अवनातक ; Deaf ; destitute of ears ; disinclined to hear.

Earl-marshal, erl-mar'shal, n. উচ্চপাৰ কৰ্মচাৰী বিশেষ: One of the great officers of state who has to take cognizance of all matters relating to honour, pedigree, and military solemnities.

Early, ér'li, a. আতে; প্লান্তঃকালীৰ . উপযুক্ত সম্মের; সম্বোচিত; At or near the beginning of the day, seasonable:—ad. শীঘ; যথাকালে; Soon; betimes. n=earliness. Syn:—Timely, not late, opportune, forward, premature; at dawn, at day-break.

Earn, ė.n, v. t. উপাৰ্জন-কৃ, প্ৰাপ্ত-ছ; To acquire; to deserve. Syn:—Gam, get, acquire, realize, procure, reap, deserve.

Earnest, er'nest, a উৎফ্ক; অকণ্ট; Zealous; solicitous; sincere:— শ্বিস্ক্র; Determined:—
n যথাৰ্থতা; বাৰুব; Seriousness; reality:—প্রতিষ্ণু; বায়না; A pledge. Syn:—(a) Eager, warm, animated, importunate, fervent, hearty, serious, intent, zealous, fixed, steady, resolved, determined. (n) Reality, first-fruits, pledge.

Earnest money—ব্যানা , Money paid to bind a bargain or ratify a transaction.

In a carnest of ভিৰন্তিৰ বিশেষ লক্ষ্ণ প্ৰদৰ্শন-কৃ; Give promise of what is to come.

In earnest—পরিহাস না করিয়া , কবিব এইরূপ অভি-প্রায়ে বালিয়া-কু; Seriously; with a fixed determination:—প্রকৃতপ্রস্তাবে ( লাগা ); Serious.

Earning, er'ning, n. উপাজিত धन ; माहिना ; नाड ; Money sayed ; wages ; stipend.

Earth, etth, n মাওকা: ভূমি, ভূতল; Soil; land; ground:—পৃথিবী; World in which we dwell:—

v. t. গোৰ দেওৱা, মুন্তিকা ভিতরে বুকাইবা রাখা; To bury, hide in earth:—v. t. মুন্তিকা ভিতরে প্রবেশ
কু; মাটার ভিতর গর্জ কু, To buriow; to retire under ground. Syn:—(n) Land, ground; clod, turf, rod, dry land; world, globe; fox-hole.

Earth up-4 6 4 4 4 4 5 16 6 6 5 7 Cover with earth.

Earthborn, erthbowrn, a. পার্থিব ; পৃথিবীজাত , Born from the earth.

Earth-bred, érthbred, a. बीठ ; क्यांनंद ; Low, abject.

Earthbound, erthbownd, a. बृखिका-वह ; Confined in the earth ; held by the earth ; as, a tree.
Earthon, erthn, a. बृखंड ; कपंच्यूत Made of clay ; frail.
Earthon ware, erthn-war, n. वृद्धशाब , बाह्य

Earthfast, a. कहिन ; Firm as ea th.

Borth flax, erthflaks, n. ausge दिन्य पर्नार्थ विष्युर: Asbestos.

Barthling, erthling, त. शृथियोगी; यवन कीय; यवंगोगी; यद ; A dweller on the earth ; a mortal. Barthly, erthli, a. शार्थिय ; Belonging to the earth :—बीठ ; वेदिय ; विदिय ; Vile ; workly ; sensual. n=earthliness. Syn:—Terrestrial, sordid, carnal, grovelling, sensual, gross.

Karthly-minded, earthli-minded, e. बीह्यको: ; Having the mind intent on earthly things.

Barth nut, erthnut, n. व्ववित्व ; A root like a nut; a pignut. [of the earth. Rarthquake, erthward, n. प्रिकण ; Shaking Earthward, ethward, ed. प्रिवीत किरक ; Toward the earth.

Earthwork, etthwurk, স. রেলপথ প্রস্ত ক্ষিধার অভ মাটির কাল ; বাব ; The removing of earth in making railways ; embankment.

Blarthworm, érthwurm, n. কিছ্যুক; কেঁচো, The common worm:—কুপণ; নীচ ব্যক্তি; A sordid person; a miser.

Barthy, erthi, a. পৃথিবী সৰ্থীয় ; পাৰ্থিব ; Consisting of, relating to, or resembling earth; not heavenly:—নীচ; Sordid; carnal; mean; grovelling:—সভব; Possible:—মূল; অগবিদ্ধ ; Gross, not refined. Syn:—Terrene, earthly, terrestrial; gross, unrefined, coarse. n=earthiness.

Of the earth earthy—পর্যার্থতাক্তর সহিত সংশ্রব স্থান্তিত ; Gross in nature, prompted by sensual appetites :—কেবলমাজ বৈবন্ধিক ব্যাপারে নিময় ; Unspirited, devoted exclusively to gross earthly objects.

Base, হz, n. আহাম; নিক্ৰেগতা; পাতি; বিজ্ঞাম; Quiet; rest; comfort; facility; freedom from constraint:—v.f. আহাম-দে; পাত্ত-তৃ; To relieve; to calm. Syn:—(n) Repose, contentment; easiness, facility, readiness. (v) Disburden, disencumber, assuage, alleviate, allay, calm, pacify, mitigate, abate.

Base off or away—(naut) ক্ৰমণ. পিথিল-হ; To slacken gradually.

At ease, At one's ease—সকলে; নিন্তির; মনের ক্ষে ; ক্ষিরচিতে; Without pain or anxiety; in a state of ease, free from pain or anxiety, thoroughly at home and comfortable.

III at ease— অমুখী ; অহিনচিত ; Uneasy ; agitated in mind ; restless.

Bet at easo—निश्रात्त्र ; Tranquilise ; set at rest. [frame.

Basol, হাঁ, n. চিত্ৰকাৰ; চিত্ৰকাৰ পাঁচা; Painter's Basoment, হাঁment, n. আয়াম; নাহাবা; Relief; assistance:—অবলঘন; Support:—পরকীয় ভূমিতে প্রাধিকার; A liberty or advantage which one proprietor has in another's estate distinct from ownership of the soil; as, a way.

Bast, Est, প্ৰকৃষিক; The point in the Heaven where the sun rises:—ইব্রোপের আচ্যানেশ; The countries to the east of Europe:—a. প্ৰকৃষিবৰী; Towards the rising of the sun:—v. i. প্ৰকৃষিকেশ; To move towards the east.

Rastor, হংগেন, Bastor day-ভত্তভাইতের পরবর্ত্তী ববিবাবে প্রের পুনদ্বাদ-সর্বস্থাক উৎসব বিশেষ; Christian festival, held on the Sunday after Good Friday.

Basterling, Esfér-ling, a. ইলেন্ডের পূর্ববর্তী বেশ-বাদী; A native of some country lying to the east of Great Britain.

Easterly, ester-li, a. প্রাণিশাগত; প্রাতিষ্ধ; Coming from the eastward; looking toward the east:—ad. প্রাণিক; প্রাতিষ্ধ; On or towards the east.

Eastern, Estern, a. প্ৰদেশীয়; chief; Toward the east; connected with the east; dwelling in the east.

[ Toward the east.

Eastward, est'ward, adv. প্राप्तिः ; প্রাচিম্বে ;
Easy, एर्गः, a महल ; महल ; Not difficult :—यह ;
Tranquil :—यहल ; Not straitened in money
matters :—मह ; Contented :—णा ; Gentle.
Syn :—Secure, calm, facile, yielding, complaint, ready, light; unconstrained, graceful,
moderate, gentle; unconcerned, untroubled;
comfortable, snug. ad=easily. [ rest.

Easy chair, n. হ্ৰথমৰ আসন; An arm-chair for Easy come, Easy go—অনানাসলক বন্ধর বার সহলেই হইল থাকে; A thing easily gained is quickly lost.

Easy of speech—খালাগা; অধানিক; Affable.
An easy going man—খাল মাসুব; A man of
mild and equable nature.

Have an easy time of it—হৰ সক্ষে কাল কাটাৰ; Pass one's time conifortably; to be well off.

Eat, et, v. t. [A. S. etan, Sans. ad, to eat] ওকণক; ভোজন-ক; To chew and swallow:—কন-ক;
To corrode, as metal by rust:—ক্ৰমণ: ক্ষ-ক; To
consume gradually, as cancer:—v. i. আখাৰনক; খালাহণ-ক; To taste or relish. Syn:—
Gnaw, corrode, wear away; devour. n=eater.
Eat away, Eat off—নই-ক; খাল ক, Consume.
Eat fre—বিখা-ক; Quarrel.

Eat humble pie (cat dirt)—पाँ भागा . To submit tamely to insult or injury; be obliged to submit to some humiliation, apologize objectly. Eat in, Eat into—क्य-कृ, कृषिण शास्त्रा; Wear away by degrees, corrode.

Eat one's word—বাহা বলা হইয়াছে ভাগে কিবাইয়া লড্ডা; নিজের কথা নিজে সেবা, Retract what one has said.

Eat one's words—क्या अशीकाद-कृ; To retract one's assertions.

Eat out—সম্প্রণে নই-কু; Consume completely. Eat the air—বুণা আপার মুখ-কু; Be deluded with false hopes.

Eat the bread of idleness—বনে বনে আন আন আন নতু;
Feed oneself without doing any work. [press.
Eat up—বাইয়া কেলা; উৎপীড়ন-কু; Devour, opEatable, eta-bl, a. জন্মণ-বোগা; বাগা; Fit to be
eaten, edible, esculent:—n. জন্ম আবা; বাগায়বা;
Any thing used as food.
Eaves, evz, n. ব্ৰেৱ ছাইচ; Over-hanging edges
Eaves-drop, evidrop, n. ঘৰের ছাইচ বিবা বে কন
পড়ে; The water which falls in drops from the
caves of a house:—v. i. আড়ি পাডিয়া কনা; Listen under windows.

Eaves-dropper, Evidrop-er, n. q वाहि पाक्रिया

WER; One who tries to overhear private conversation.

Ebb, eb, s. ডাটা; The retiring of the tide:—
আৰভি; ছাল; Decline or decay:—v. i. ডাটা-ই;
To flow back; to recede, to sink:—ছাল ই; To
decay. Syn:—(n) Retrocession, regress, return, subsidence, decline, decay, decrease,
diminution, (v) Recede, retire, decay, decrease,
sink, decline, wane.

At a low ebb—অবৰ্ডির অবহায়; In a state of great decline. [tiring tide. Bbb-tide, ebiid, n. ডাটা, The ebbing or re-Bbon, ebon, a. আবসুম হাঠে গঠিড; কুমবৰ্ণ; Made of ebony; black as ebony. [wood. Bbony, eb-on-i, n. আবসুম হাঠ. Hard black Bbriety, e-brie-ti, n. [L. ebrius, drunk] হ্বাব্তা; বাডলামী, Drunkenness; inebriety.

Ebullient, e-bul-yent, a. [L. e, out, and billio, to boil ] The; Boiling over as a liquid.

Ebullition, eb-ul-lishun, n. কৃটিয়া উঠন ক্টেন;
The act of boiling, effectivescence:—কোধ-একান;
An outward display of feeling, or of anger:—
উল্পন, প্ৰাৰন; An outbreak; an overflowing
Syn:—Effectivescence, bubbling, fermentation;
outbreak, paroxysm, fit.

Bearte, बे-kar'ta, n. এक तका जान (पता). A game at cards played by two, with a pack from which the sixes, fives, fours, threes and twos have been removed.

Eccentrio, ék-sentrik, Eccentrioal, ék-sentrikal, a [Gr. ek, out of, and kentron, the centre] কেন্দ্রভাগী, Out of or deviating from the centre or not having the same centre .—অভুড; অনন্ত সৰ্প, ধামধেৰালী; মাধা পাপলা; Odd, not conforming to common rules.

Ecoontrio, n. ভিন্ন কেন্তাঞ্জিত বৃত্ত; বে চক্রের ব্যাপ ক্লেন্ত ক্ষ্মিত ক্ষমিত ; A circle not having the same centre as another; a wheel having its axis out of the centre.

Ecoentricity, ek-sen-trisit-e, n. কেন্দ্রইড়া; The distance of the centre of a planet's orbit from the centre of the sun .— অসাধারণড়; অবস্তু-সামৃত্ত; মাখা পাগনামি; অভুতভান; Singularity of conduct; irregularity; oddness.

Ecclesiastes, ek-kle-zi-a-tez, ন. বাইবেলের অধ্যার বিশেষ; One of the books of the Old Testament.

kicoloniastio, ek-klē-zi-aitik, Ecclosiastical, ek-klē-zi-aitik-al, a. [Gr. ek, out, and haleō, to call ] বাসকীয়; ধর্মসম্মীয়; Belonging to the church.

Ecolesiastic, n. वाजक ; পুরোধিত ; A priest, a clergyman.

Beolesiastious, n. ek-klē-zi-aštik-us, ক্লীয় উপৰেবেৰ অধ্যাৰ বিশেষ ; A book of the Apocrypha Ecolesiology, ek-klē-zi-olo-ji, n. [Gr. ekklesia, a church, and logos, a discourse] উপাস্বা মন্দিরের নির্মাণ ভ সজা বিজ্ঞান ; The science of church building and decoration.

Echo, eko, n. [L. echo, a sound] 图像明确; Sounds returned; words repeated; reverberation:—ৰে খাজি বহা বা বুৰিনা বজেন বছ বা বাজে প্ৰকাশ কৰে; One who repeats the words or ideas of another:—s.i. প্ৰভিন্ধনি-ছ; To reflect sound; resound:—v.i. প্ৰভিন্ধনি-ছ; To send back the sound of:—প্ৰস্ভাগ-ছ; To repeat a thing said:—প্ৰভিন্ধনিভ-ছ; To be reverberated. [ by. Find an echo—প্ৰভূতিন পাৰো; Be responded Bolairoisement, ek-lar'sis-ment, n. [ L. ex, out, and clarus, clear ] বাৰা; বিৰক্ষনৰ; Raplanation, the act of clearing up anything.

Eclat, e-kla', n. (\*\*101), \*\*1547; A striking effect; splendour; show. Syn:—Brilliancy, lustre, renown, applause, acclamation.

With great eclat-42/54(4)

kioleotio, ek-lektik, a. [Gr. ek, out, and lege, to choose ] মনোনাডকাৰী; সার্থাধী: Picking out; selecting:—n. সার্থাধী ব্যক্তি; One who selects opinions from different systems:—চিকিৎসক ব্যক্তি; One of a sect of physicians. ad—eclectically.

Eclectic physician, n. সাৰস্থাই বৈদ্য বা চিকিংসক; One belonging to no recognised school, but claiming to select medicines &c., from all.

Eclecticism, ek-lekti-sizm, n. সাৰ্থাই দাৰ্শনিক-দিগের মত: The doctrines of the eclectics, certain philosophers who prefer to choose from all systems they think true.

Eolipse, e-khpś, n. [Gr. ek, out, leipō, to leave ] গ্ৰহণ ; স্থা বা চন্দ্ৰ গ্ৰহণ ; The interception of the light of one celestial body by another :—
জ্বৰণ ; নিভাভতা ; Darkness :—v. t. মেঘাছন্ত্ৰ-ছু ; জন্ধবাছন্ত্ৰ-ছু ; To darken ; to throw into the shade :—গ্ৰেই-ছু , জিকুম-কু ; Outshine ; surpass; v. i. মেঘাছন্ত্ৰ-হু , To suffer an eclipse ; to become clouded. Syn:—(n) Occultation, obscuration, shading, darkening ; failure, diminution. (v) Obscure, dim, overshadow, cloud, veil.

Ecliptic, e-klip'tik, n. সৌর অরন মতল, এছণ-রেখা; Yearly path of the sun; রাশিচক্র; The line in which eclipses take place:—a. এছণ বা রাশিচক্র' সংক্রান্ত; Pertaining to or described by the ecliptic.

Bologue, ekiog, n. [Gr. ek, out, and lego, to choose ] कांबा विश्व . A pastoral poem.

Boonomic, ek-o-nomik, Boonomical, ek-onomik-al, a. প্ৰিমিভবাৰী; ব্যৱস্থ ; নাৰধান; Frugal; careful. ad=economically.

Economics, ek-o-nomiks, n. वर्गकान ; वर्ग-नीजि : Political economy.

Economise, ek-ońo-miz, ৩. ৫. পৰিমিত ব্যৱ-ক্; To save :—৩. i. আন ব্যৱ-কু; To spend with frugality.

Economist, ek-oho-mist, n. অৰ্থিজাৰ্থিং; মিডবামী, One who studies or teaches political economy, one who is economical.

Economy, ek-ońo-mi, n. [Gr. oikos, a house, nomos, a law] বিকাচার, বিভব্যর; Thriftiness:— সংসাধ-নিকাছ: Household or general management —নিরমাবলী, কার্য্যাবলী; A system of rules or ceremonies; regular operations of nature. Syn:—Good husbandry, frugality, thriftiness

saving, arrangement, regulation, management, system.

Economy of nature—প্ৰাকৃতিক সামজন্ত, General arrangement of nature

Bostasy, ekstā-si, n [Gr ek, aside, and histini, to make to stand] উল্লাস, হৰ্ব, উন্নত্তা, Excessive joy, rapture; madness Syn —Trance, transport, ravishment, enthusiasm

Bostatio, ek-statik, Eostatical, ek-stati-kal, a ड्वांत्रक्व, इर्वजनक, Rapturous ad=ecstatically Eoumenic, ek-u-meńik, Ecumenical, ek-u-meńik-al, a मार्थक्व, मार्थक्विक, Universal, general.

Bozema, ekzō-ma, n. চৰ্মবোগ, An eruption of minute vesicle upon the skin without fever

Edacious, e-dâshus, a [L edo, to act] খতি বৃত্তু , Eating greedily , glutonous. n=Edacity . ad=edaciously

Edds, eda, n পুৰক্ষিণ্ড, Collection of Scandinavian rhyme and God knowledge

Eddy, eth, n [A S ed, again, and ea, running water] প্রতিকৃল স্রোত, আবস্ত , খ্রিবায়, Contiary or back current, whirlpool, whirl-wind — v. 1 খ্রিমান হ, যোৱা, To move round and round — v t To collect as an eddy

Edematose, E-dema-tos, Edematous, ই-dema-tus, a [ Gr oideo, to swell ] শোধ-সম্পায়, উদ্বী-বোগ ক্রান্ত, Dropsical [ মূর্য , Paradise Eden, C'den, n [ Heb eden, delight pleasure ] Edentate, e-dentat, Edentated, e-dentated, a [ L e, negative, and dentis, a tooth ] দম্ভহীন সমুগ দম্ভবিহীন, Wanting front teeth

Edge cj. n [L ak, sharp] ধার প্রান্ত, কিনারা,
The brink, the extreme border of anything —
জন্মের ধার, The cutting side of an instrument —
তীক্তা, Sharpiness, keenness — v. t. তীশ্ব-কৃ
ধার কৃ, To sharpine — কূপি কু কালর কৃ, I urnish
with an edge or border — শীৰে শ'ৰে নম্পুৰ অগ্ৰন্থন কৃ, Move forward side way by hittle and little —
উত্তেজিত-কৃ, To urge on — v i একদিকে অপ্যত্ত কৃ, To move sideways. Sin — (n) Margin,
lip, rim, bum, point, keenness, sharpiness

Edge off, Edge in আৰু আৰু সরা, পাশ কাটিয়া চলে বা, Move by little and little.

To blunt the edge of—গৰ ভোঁতা-কু, বভাবের ভীৱতা দত্ত-কু, To impair the sharpness of, to reduce the pa nful nature of.

To set the teeth on edge—গাঁড টৰে-গাঁ, To cause a disagrecable sensation in the teeth, as fron contact with acids of by a grating noise Edgeless, a গাঁহাড়, ভোঁডা, Blunt, obtuse, dull, pointless [edge Edgetool, ejtool n ঠকান A tool with a sharp

Edgewise, epwiz, ad পাশাপালি, Sideways
Edging, epwiz, ad পাশাপালি, Sideways
Edging, epmg, n. কিন্তুৰ খাব আলৱ, A border, a finge. [Fit to be eaten, eatable
Edible, edi-bl, a [L edo, to cai] ভকা, ভক্লীর,
Edict, e'dikt, n. [L e, out, and dico, to say]
বাজাজা, নিকেশ, Public ordinance, decree
Syn—Law, statute, regulation, decree, ordinance manifest, act, command, order. [tion.
Edification, ed-1-fi-káshun, n. শিকা, Instruc-

Echico, edi-fis, n. [L. aedificare, to build]
আনিকা, প্রাসাদ, A large building or house
Echify, edi-fis, v t [L aedes, a house, and
facto, to make ] পিছা-পে, মন্ত উন্নতন্ত্ৰ, To un-

Bifect

Edify, edi-li, v i [L aedes, a house, and facto, to make] শিকা-দে, মদ উন্নত-কু, To improve the mind. n=cdifyer, Syn —Enlighten, teach, educate, inform improve.

Edifying, edi-fi-ing, a. निकाशन, উत्तरिजापक, Instructive, improving ad=edifyingly

Edile, t dil, n [ L acdes, n building ] স্বৰ্জী গৃহাদিৰ স্থাবিধাৰক বোনীয় কৰ্মচাৰী, A Rom in magistrate having the charge of public buildings. n=cdileship.

Edit, edit, v f [L.e, out, and do, to give ] প্রস্থাপন ক Superintend a book or news paper for publication — প্রচারার্থ প্রস্তেও , lo prepair for publication

Edition, e dishun, n প্রথকাশ, সংকরণ, Publication or republication of a book, certain number of copies published at once

Editor, edi-tur, n সম্পাদক গ্রন্থ বা প্রিকাব সম্পাদক, One who edits a book or journal feme editiess a=editorial ad=cditorially n=cditorship

Education, ed-ū kishūn, n [পাছা পাৰিছা Instruction, training, breeding a seducation of Syn — Teaching, schooling, disciplin, turtion, training, cultivation, drilling, nuiture

Educationist, ed উ-káshun ist, n শিক্ষাৰ দুৰ্বত কাৰক শিক্ষা বিষয়ে অভিজ্ঞ ব্যক্তি, One see ed er interested in education

Educe, e-dus, v t [Le, out and duce to lead] वाहित कु, हेंप्शामन कु, निह्मपुन पि driv out, to extract, to cause, to appear Syn — Elicit, extract, develop, chiminate, cvoke

Educible, e dusi-bl, a निकामन योगा , छ९शामनीह That may be educed.

Eduction, c-dukshun, n নিকাশন, উৎপাদন The act of educing [or that which educes Eductor, c-duktor, n উৎপাদক, নিকাশক, He Eel, cl, n বাইন মাত্ত, মংসা বিশেষ, A fish.

E'on, En, A contraction of even.
E'or, Er A contraction of ever [expressed Effable, a প্ৰকাশ, Capable of being uttered of Efface, ef-ia, v t [L ef = ex, from, and faces, the face] মুডিয়া কেলা, ভুলিয়া কেলা, লই কৃ, To blot or rub out, to wear away, to destroy n=effacement Syn—Blot out, expurge, obliterate, destroy, erase [be rubbled out Effaceable, ef-iaia-bl, a বিশোপনীয়, That can Effect, ef fekt, n [L, ef, out, and face, to de

Effect, ef fekt, n [ L. ef, out, and facto, to do or make] কৰ্মকন, তা, Result, consequence—
ক্ৰ্, Meaning—সুবিধা, Success, advantage.

াৰাৰ্জ; Reality —লাভ, Profit —সৰাজি; Completion:—ৰল, Force:—pl অব্যালি; সম্পত্তি, Goods; property:—v t. উৎপন্ন-ড়, সম্পন্ন-ড়, To produce, to accomplish Syn—(n) Event issue, fruit, outcome, force, validity, weight, power, efficiency, purport, import, tenor, fact, reality; impression (v) Cause, create, fulfil, realize, achieve, complete, execute, effectuate, perform, do

For effect—চটক লাগাইবায় কন্ত, লোক দেখাইবায় আভিনাৰে, For display, for the purpose of heightening or exaggerating, for the sake of making an impression favour ible to oneself

Give effect to - ফলদাবৰ-কু, Render effectual --- কাৰ্য্যে পৰিণত-কু, Carry out in practice --- জনস্কল-কু, Impress deeply

In effect—বৰ্তঃ , কৰে , Virtually , practically Of no effect— নিক্তৰ , Ineffectual

Take effect—कन्मावक-इ, कन्यम इ, Be effectual produce the intended effect, prove effectual

To the same effect—এবই মধ্বেৰ।

To this effect—এই মৰ্থে, The purport of which is this [ticable, feasible Effectible, ef-fekti-bl, a সম্পাদনীয় সাধ্য, Prac-Effection, ef-fekti-un, n প্ৰত, Cication— প্ৰতিষ্ঠাৰ অন্ধন, অপুশীলনী, The construction of a proposition, a problem drawn from some general proposition

Effective, ef-fektiv, α τι τινίητα, πιτρήτα, στη Εfficacious, forcible, service able, powerful n= effectiveness ad=effectively Syn — Efficient, operative, active, powerful, potent energetic, effectual, cogent, convincing, competent, adequate

Effectual, cf-fectual, a ক্ৰেংপেণ্ডক, ইত্তৰপদ সক্ষা কাৰ্ছ Producing an effect, successful in producing the desired result, adequate Syn—Eff sent efficie out, active, operative, prevailing, ad = effectually

Effectuate, ef fektū-āt, v f সম্পাদন-কু, সম্পাদ কু, To accomplish, to bring to pass, to fulfill achieve

Effonumacy, ef-femin-a-বা, দ বৈশতা , স্ত্রীফ্রন্ড পৌৰ্বল্য , indulgence in unmanly pleasures unmanly softness

Effeminate, ef-femin-হা, a [Le signifying chance, and femina, a woman] শ্ৰৈণ, তীক, ইপ্ৰিয় প্ৰজ্ঞ , Womanly, weak, voluptuous, cowardly — v ধ্বীসদৃশ-কু, হীনবল কু, িত make womanish, to unman, to weaken — v s. প্ৰেণ-চ্

To become effeminate ad=iffeminately n=
effiminateness. Syn—(a) Feminine, weak, unmanly, womanish, tender delicate

Effendi, ef-fendi, ল তুরক দেশীল সন্তমস্চক উপাধি, বহাপল, Master, sir, a Turkish title of distinction.

Efferent, a বৃহিংস্ঞানৰ, Conveying outward.
Effervesce, ef-fer-ve's, v । [ L. ef, intensive, and ferves, to boil ] কুটিয়া উঠা, কেশ্মন্ত, To bubble and hiss, to forth up, to foam up a= effervescible.

Efforvescent, ef-fer-vesent, a. कृष्ट , (क्रांबर ,

Bubbling from the disengagement of gas neeffervescence

Effete, ef-fet, a [L ef, out, fetus, a bringing forth young] बाईका बणड: कांग्र , कोर्ब, छेरणांकांकम, Exhausted, worn ou with age, barren. Syn—Barren, unfruitful, unprolific, unproductive, worn out, exhausted, dccayed, spent

Efficacious, ei-fi-kishus, a (L. effure, to produce) কলোংপাদক, বলোংপাদনকম, Effectual; powerful Syn —Operative, citective, active, competent, adequate, energetic

Efficacy, el'fi-ka-si, n वस, वन, क्याड़ं, Virtue, force, energy

Efficience, ct-fishins Efficiency, ef-fishensi, n কার্যক্রিতা কথ্যমুগ্, time icy

Efficient, el-fishent, a ফলদাত , কলেংপাদৰকৰ; t ausing effect, eliective, effectual —n কলেং-পাদক ক'ভি বা বস্তু, The person or thing that effects. Syn—(a) Competent, ible, capable, energetic, ready ad-efficiently

Effigy, ci fi-ji, ii [L ef, intensive and fingo, to form] অভিমুখি, প্রতিকৃতি, Resumblance; im igu or figure of a purson, likeness, statue, caricature

Burn (or hang) in efficy, n কোন ব্যক্তির প্রতিষ্ঠি ভগীভূত ক (বা কানি দেওলা), Burn or hang in image or picture of the person, whom it is wished to di grace

Effloresce, if flores, v i. [L ef, forth, floresco to begin to blossem] পুলোৎপানৰ-কু;
মুবুলিড-ছ, Burst into a flower

Efflorescence, ef-flo-resens, n. পুলোংপত্তি, পুল্পোন্সম, Production of flower

Efficience ont, if flo-icscut, n পুলাৰাৰে উল্লাখন-প্ৰ Shooting out in the form of flowers.

Effluence, cl'floo-ens, n अवर् , निर्मयन, A flowing out 'sir -Effluvium, is no, efflux, emanation discharge, outpouring, emission

Effluent, ci'floo-ent, a [l e/=ex, out, and fluo to flow] প্ৰথমান, নি.সত, Flowing out —

গ প্ৰায়, A flowing out

Effluvium, cf fice vi um, লং বিকৃত্ব বস্তু ইউতে উলাভ বালা, Disagreeable vapours rising from decaying matters p'=effluvia, a=effluvial.

Efflux, of fluks, u. निःम्बन, निर्मान, Flowing out, emanation.

Biffort, effort, n [ L. ef=ex, out, forth, and fortts, strong ] ाड्डी, जनशामान, Exertion of power, physical or mental, attempt, struggle, exertion, indeasour

Effrontory, cl frunter-1, n [ L ef=ex, forth, and frons, frontis, the forehead ] from 1, with limpudence, shamelessness Syn—Boldness, audacity, hardihood, presumption, brass, forwardness, insolence

Effulgence, ef-fullens, n उन्तर्ज , रेक्न्य , A flood of light , great lustre or brightness

Effulgent, ef-iuljent, a [ L ef-ex, out, and fulgeo, to shine] উক্ল, नीপामान, अवकात; Shining forth, extremely bright; splendid. Syn—Luminous, lustrous, brilliant, radiant, dazzling, ad=effulgently.

উল্লেছৰ, cf-fuf, v. t. [ L. ef=ex, out, and funde, to pour ] নিকেপ-কু; চালা, কেলা; To pour out as a fluid; spill; shed:—v t. নিপত-কু; To issue. Effusion, ef-fu'shun, n. নিসেৱন, নিসেৱিত বড়; Act of pouring out; thing poured out. Syn:—Effluence, discharge, emission; spilling, waste, utterance, expression.

Effusive, el-fu'ziv, a. निर्ममनीत ; Pouring forth abundantly ; gushing. ad = effusively. n=effu-

siveness.

Bft, est, n. [Gr. aphis, a serpent, Sans. apada, a reptile,—a negative, and pad, a foot ] এক অভার টিকটিকি; A kind of lizzard; a newt.

Egad, interj. \$1: An exclamation of exultation or surprise.

Egg, eg, n. ডিখ; ডিম; What is laid by a female animal; spawn:—v. t. উন্তেভিত-কু; To instigate; to incite.

[ A species of rose Eglantine, eg'lan-tin, n এক জাতীব গোলাগ পূপ; Egoism, e'go-izm, n. [ L. ego, l ] স্বার্থপরতা; আক্ষানা; Excessive love of one's ownself;

selfishness -- এক জাতীয় দার্শনিকরণের মত; মায়াবাদ,

Subjective idealism.

Bgoist, e'go-ist, দ. আন্মন্থানী; আন্ধাভিনানী; One who thinks too much of himself—নামাবাদী; আন্ধ্ৰিত্ব যাবতীয় বস্তুত্ত অভিছে সন্দিশ্বনা দাৰ্শনিক সম্প্ৰদাৱের একজন, One of a class of philosophers who doubt every thing but their own existence Bgotise, e'got-iz, v. s. আন্ধ্ৰাম্বান্ত; To talk much one's self; to commit egotism.

Egotism, Egot-izm, n. অনুৰ্ শংকর ভূরি প্রায়োগ;
A frequent use of the pronoun I, — আনুরাধা;
Self exaltation; self-conceit, vanity.

Sgotist, č'gotist, n. আত্মাভিমানী; আত্মগ্রণংসী;

जान्त्रज्ञाची ; One full of egotism.

Egotistic, E-got-istik, Egotistical, E-got-istik-al, আন্ত্রাণী: পরিত; দান্তিক, Self-important, conceited; vain; opinionated. Syn —Conceited, vain, self-important, opinionated. ad = egotistically.

Bgregious, e-grezi-us, a. [L. e, out of, gren, gregis, a flock] कांक्य; (योज्ञ ; क्रक्य ; क्रिक्य ; क्रक्य ; surpassing. n=egregiousness, adægregiously. Syn:—Conspicuous extraordinary; enormous, inonstrous, outrageous.

Egross, E'gress, n. [ L. e, out, forth, and gradior, to go ] বিলগ্ন : প্রহান ; Gring out; departure:—প্রহান কবিবার অধিকার বা ক্ষতা; Power or right to depart, departure. Syn:—Exit, departure; passage, outlet.

Barot, n. वक वित्यव ; The lesser white heron :— बदक्व भागव ; A heron's feather.

Bsyptian, E-jip'shi-an, a. विमन्तविक्षः; Belonging to Egypt in Africa:—n. विमन्नवानी; Native of Egypt; a gypsy.

Egyptology, E-jip-tölo-ji, अ. विशवतयोत आधीन एक: The science of Egyptian antiquities. अ= egyptologist. [ of inquiry or slight surprise. Eh, स. शार. आहे वा विशवपुष्टक चवात्र : An expression fider, idér, Eider-duck, i'dér-duk, अ. त्रावृद्धिक स्था विश्व : A sea-duck. Bider-down, I'der-down, n. नांबुजिक इश्तक (क्लेक् भावक , The soft feathers of the eider duck.

Bidograph, i'do-graf, n. { Gr. sidos, form, and grapho, to write ] हिट्या अनुविधि-नायक स्था; An instrument for copying drawings.

Eight, At, a. w?; Twice four:—n. w?; wis; The number greater by a unit than 7. [ nine. Eighteen, Iten, a. & n. witen; Twice Eighteenmo, Iten-mu, a. & n. witer (rin); Having eighteen leaves to a sheet.

Bighteenth, atenth, a. & n. बहोरन ; व्यक्ति ; Next in order after the seventeenth.

Eight-fold, arfold, n. আটঙণ; অটুঙণ; Eight times any quantity.

Eighth, aith, a way; Next in order after the seventh:—n. way 5/4; An eighth part.

Eighthly, Sith-li, ad. windits; In the eighth place.

Eightieth, Sti-eth, a. & n. অণীতিত্য; The eighth tenth.

Eighty, ati, वनीडि ; e कुड़ि ; vo ; Four score. Either, E'ther, adj. or pron कुरवन वर्षा अक ;

ভালেল, etner, aay. or pron সুৰেৰ ব্ৰো এক; অন্তৰ্য, প্ৰত্যেক; One of two:—conj. অবৰা; Correlative to or.

Ejaculate, e-jakū-lāt, v. t. [ L. e, out, jacio, to throw ] v t. ছঠাৎ উচ্চারণ-তৃ ; To utter suddenly :

- v. i. অকলাং কিছু উচ্চারণ-তৃ ; ছঠাৎ টেচান ; To utter ejaculation.

Ejaculation, c-jaku-láshun, n. श्रीर डेक्टांबर ; An uttering suddenly ; what is so uttered.

Ejaculatory, e-jaku-la-tor-i, a. উक्षांत्रनंशी; Uttered in short earnest sent-nees.

Eject, e-jekt, v. f. [L. e, out, and jecio, to throw] নিকেপ-কৃ; প্ৰকেপ-কৃ; To throw out; cast forth:— স্ব-কৃ; অধিকাৰ্চ্যত-কৃ; রহিত-কৃ; To expel; to dispossess; to reject.

Ejection, e-jekshun, n. निरूप ; प्रीकार ; वस्य ; Discharge ; expulsion ; vomitting.

Ejectment, c-jektment, n. অধিকারচাত ; বহিক্লণ ; Expulsion ; dispossession :— কৃমির অধিকায় পাইবার জন্ম বোক্দমা ; An action for the recovery of the possession of land.

Bjector, e-jektor, ल. (वनवनकाती; वाक्षाक्ककः One who ejects or dispossesses another of his land.

Eke ek, v. t q = ; To increase; add to; to supply what is scanty:—ad. as [ ]; wife; in addition to; likewise; also.

Eke out—জভাব পুৰ-ক ; টেনে বোনা ; Fill up wants; supply what is deficient; Manage to earn or make up somehow:—কোন বৃক্তম কৰে বাড়ান . Add to, prolong.

Elaboration, e-lab-or-áshun, ল. উত্ততি; স্থাসিকি; অন বারা উৎপাদন; বিভাগি; Act of elaborating;

refinement.

Bland, Sland, m. Party; guiders; The South African Antelope; the cape elk.

Elepse, e-laps, v. i. [L. e, out, away, and lapsus, to slide ] बीटर बीटर कडियारिक-ए; बरिया-पा; बढ-ए; To pass away silently, as time; glide away. Syn:--Go by, glide by, slip away.

Elastic, e-lastik, e. [ L. alacer, alacris, brisk ] ছিভিয়াপৰ; অবসাদাতে পুন: বভাব প্রাপ্ত: Having a tendency to recover the original form; readily returning to a previous condition after being depressed or overtaxed. ad-selastically.

Elasticity, e-las-tisit-i, n. दिविश्वांचंडा; Rebound; restoration to original shape after bending or compression; power of resistance to or recovery from depression or overwork.

Elate, E-lat, a. [ L. efferre, elatum, to bring out, to raise ] উর্পিত ; উৎপুর; উৎপুত্ত . Puffed up or flushed with success —v. t. উরাসিত-ফু; গজিত-ফু; কংগুল-ফু; To exult the spirit of; elevate or flush with success. Syn:—Exhilarate, cheer; excite, make proud. ad=elatedly. n=elatedness.

Elation, e-lashun, ন. উল্লাস, অভাষ্ট সিদ্ধি হেড্ আন্থানৰ, A puffling of the mind; self-esteem or

paide, resulting from success.

Elbow, elbo, n. [L. ulna, the arm, and boga, a bow or bend] কছাই, ককোৰি; Joint of the arm:—কাক; Any sharp turn or bend:—v.t. ক্যুই বারা বাকা বারা; To push with the elbow:—v i. এবাঠেলি-কু; To push rudely along jostle.—বজ-হ; To bend.

Elbow-chair, n. होकि विद्युष ; A chair with arms to support the elbows , arm chair.

Elbow greese—শক্তি, নিরম্বর পরিত্রম; Energy, vigorous and continuous labour.

Elbow-room, elbo-i ততল, n. কার্যা করিবার স্থান , কার্যাকরে, Room for motion or action.

Elbow one's way—colored आहरण-क ; Jostle , force one's way with the help of the elbow.

At one's elbow—নিকটে; Near one; by one's s.de, at hand ( with a view to help ).

Be olbowed out—কলোণির আঘাতে নিংলারিত; দুবাকুত; Be pushed out with the cloow; be supplanted.

Out at elbow হৰ্দাগত; দীন; Shabby, reduced in circumstances — ১০ই বাহিৰ ছইবাছে এবন ছেডা আনা গাবে; With the sleeve of the coat so worn out as to show the elbow.

Eld, eld, স. বৃদ্ধাৰ্য ; প্রাকাল ; প্রাচীনকাল ; Old age , old people ; old times ; antiquity.

Elder, elder, a. জোঠ; পূৰ্মক; Older; prior in oligin:—n. বরোজেট ব্যক্তি: One who is elder; a senior:—পূৰ্ম পূক্ষ ; An ancestor:—শাসনকভা বা বিচাৰপতি; One, who on account of age, acts as a ruler or judge:—বাক্ষণীয় বর্মান্দিরের ভূতা; One occupying an office requiring experience and age:—pl. অবান লোক; Superiors. n=elders. Elderly, elder-li, a. ব্রোধিক; বৃক্তঃ প্রোচ; Rather old.

Eldership, elder-ship, n. জ্যেষ্ঠা; সমুস্ত ; The state of being older. [Oldest. Eldest, cldest, c. নকাপেকা জ্যেষ্ঠ ; কুক্তন ;

Ridorado, a. সারতবন্ধ হাব ; A fubulaus region in South America, supposed to be immensaly rich in gold, gems &c. any country abounding in treasure.

Elect, e-lekt, v. t. [L. e, out, and legere, lege, to choose ] মনোনীত-কু, To choose; to select by vote; to prefer:—a. মনোনীত; কোন শাক্ষে কাট নিষ্ঠাচিত; Chosen; chosen for an office, but not yet in it:—n. নিষ্ঠাচিত যাতি; মনোৰত বাতি; One chosen or set apart:—pl. মুক্তির কাট চিক্তিত বাজি; Those chosen by God for salvation. Syn:—Choose, select; designate, predestinate, foreordain.

Election, e-lekshun, n. নাধান্ত কৰ্ক নিৰ্কাষ্টিভ ব্যক্তি; নিৰ্কাচন; The public choice of a person for office; free choice:—মুক্তির ক্ষণ্ড নিৰ্কাচন Choosing for salvation:—নিৰ্কাচিভ ব্যক্তিবৰ্গ; Those who are elected. Syn:—Choise, selection, preference, appointment; predestination, foreordination.

Electioneer, v. f. वृष्ठ कोईबी; To use influence, argument, or arts for securing the election of a candidate. [किया; The soliciting of votes. Electioneering, e-lek-shun-ering, n. वृष्ट- Elective, e-lektiv, a. निर्वाहक; विकारिकारकोष; Pertaining to, dependent on or exerting the power of choice. ad=electively.

Elective affinity—রাসায়নিক আক্ষিকী পাঁচ;

Preference of one chemical substance for another.

Elective franchise—मङ প্রকাশ করিবার ক্ষতা; Right of voting.

Elector, c-lektor, n. 404444; facility; Voter:—One of the princes of Germany. fem=electress.

Electoral, e-lektor-al, a. নিৰ্কাচন বা নিৰ্কাচন সম্ভীয় , Pertaining to elections of electors ; consisting of electors.

Electorate, e-lekter-at, ল. এনেউরের পৰ বা অধি-কার: The dignity or territory of an elector.

Electric, c-lektrik, Electrical, c-lektrik-al, a. [Gr. elektran, amber, in which the above property was first observed ] বৈছাতিক; Having the property of attracting and repelling light bodies, when rubbed; relating to or produced by electricity.—বৈছ্যাতিক প্ৰদাৰ্থ; Any electric substance.

Electric-machine, e-lektrikmashen, म. उद्दि-एव ; A machine for exciting electricity, and exhibiting its effects.

Electrician, e-lek-trishyan, #. उड़िउउइदि ; One who studies or is versed in the science of electricity.

Electricity, e-lek-trisi-ti, त. देश कि वर्ष ; जीव विकान ; The property of attracting and repelling light bodies ; the science which investigates the phenomena and laws of this property.

Electrify, e-lektri-fi, v. t. [L. electrum, electric, and facto, to make ] रेन्द्रांडिक निक्र न्यांडिक-इ; To communicate electricity to; to excite suddenly:—5नविक-इ; To excite suddenly; to astonish; shock suddenly affec.:—s. i. चाँचनः startle, rouse, str., astonish, excite a = electrifiable n=electrification

Bleetro-dynamics, e-lektro-di-namiks, n বিহাৎ-ধর্মত That branch of physics which treats of the action of electricity

Blectro-kinetics, e-lektro kin-etiks, n offe-etiles, That branch of science which treats of electricity in motion

Blectro-lysis, e-lek-tröli-sis, n [ Gr elel tran amber, and lysis, dissolving ] ভড়িৎসংকাৰিভাগ ৰাসাধনি কৰিলেক , The process of chemical de composition by electricity

Electro-magnetism, e-lektro magnet-izm, n
ভড়িও চুম্বকের সম্পর্কান্ত্রনারী বিভান A br inch of
science which treats of the relation of electricity
to magnetism

Bilectrometer, e-lek-trome ter, n [Gr el.k tron, amber, and metron, a measure] ডাড়িড প্ৰিমাণক বস্ত্ৰ, বিছাৎ-শক্তিমান বস্ত্ৰ, An instrument for measuring the quantity of electricity

Electro plate, e-lektre plat, o t বিদ্যুৎসহকাতে সিশ্টি কু, To silver by electricity

Electroscope, e-lektrō-skōp, n [ Gr electron amber, and skopeo, to examine] বে বয় ৰ'বা ভাড়িতেৰ প্ৰকৃত্য'নি তানিতে পাৰা বাব, An instrument for rendering electrical excitation apparent by its effects

Electro-statics, n অচল তাতিত বিজাৰ That branch of science which treats of electricity at rest.

Electrotype, n ভড়িং সহকারে অন্ধন করিবার কৌশল, The art of copying an engraving or type on a metal deposited by electricity

Electuary, elektii ar-ı, n [Gr elecho to lick up] (बांबर विराध, A torm of medicine to be taken by licking it up

Bleemosynary, cl-t-inon-i-n ir i a [G e'eos pity] দানস্থৰীয় দানের জন্ত নিন্দিয়, Pertaining to or intended for the distribution of charity— দান পুট, Given in or founded or supported by charity— ছিলোপ্ছীৰী, One who subsists on charity.

Elogance, ele gans, Elogancy, el e-gans-i n সৌন্ধা, শোভা, পৰিচ্ছতা, Beauty of propric ty, refinement, neatness Syn — Grace beauty gracefulness, refinement, polish, gentility, propriety, symmetry

Elegant, ele-gant, a [ L. elsgo, to choose | সলব, ফুচাক, সমী ব্যনীয় প্ৰিণাটী, ভয়, Grace ful, neat, refined, polshed, beautiful, nice Syn —Lovely, coincly, shapely, symmetrical weilformed, accomplished, genteel, delicate ad=elegantly.

Elegiac, cl-c-ji'ak a [Gr. elegos, a lament] ছংগ্ৰনক, শোচনীয়, Mournful, used in elegies, funeral — লোকসংক কৰিতা, Elegiac verse a=elegiacal

Elegist, cle jist, ম. শোকসঙ্গীত-লেখক, ত্বংধন্ধনক কাবা লেখক, A writer of elegies

Elegy, ele jī, n [ Gr elegos, a lament ] শোকস্চক পান, বিবাদ-স্পীত, A mournful or plaintive poem. a funeral song Syn —Lament, dirge, threnody, funeral song

Element, element, n [L elementa, first principles] মূল পদাৰ্থ, আদি কারণ, উপাদান ; পার-মাণু, পাকৃত, First principle or constituent of any thing, atom, earth, air, fire, water — pl উপক্ষণিকা, First principles of art or science, the rudiments of anything. Syn —Component, ingredient, constituent, rudiment, first principle, essential point, sphere.

In one s element –নিজের কোটে, In one's pro-Out of one s element –কোট ছাড়া, নিন্দিই বাস-হান জই Out of one, proper sphere – কোন কাণ্যে প্রস্তু বা অবস্থাপিত, Dealing with unfamiliar matters.

Elomental, el-e ment'al a পঞ্চ ভৌডিক, মূল সহ স্থীৰ, Pertaining to elements or first principles ad – elementally

Elemontary, el-e-mentar-i, a অমিপ্রিত, জমিপ্র,
Primuy, uncompounded —উপক্ষবিকা স্থ্যীয়,
মূলপুষ্থ বিষয়ক, Pertaining to the elements,
trusting of first principle Syn —Uncombined,
uncompounded, simple, initial, rudimentary,
introductory rudimental

Elephant, (l.-fant, n [Heb aleph an ox ] 환경, 환경 A large four footed beasts having a trunk and two every tusks

Elephantiasis, clee-fint-fa-sis, n (1917, A deasase in which the legs become thick like the elephant's

Elephantine, el-e-fahtin a रखीमप्रकोर ; रखी मन्न , Pertaining to an elephant — व्यांड दूरर , Like an elephant , very large

Eleusion mysteries—The religious rites parformed it Eleusis in Attica

Elevate, cle vit, t f L e, out, up levo, to rill ] উৰ্বোলৰ কৃ. To raise up aloft —উল্লামিড-কৃ lo animate cheer — উল্লাচ-কৃ উন্নীত-কৃ To dignity — কীড কৃ, Swell Syn — Erect, set up, augment exalt promote, improve, ennoble refine, exerte, elate

Elevation, elec-ishun, n উন্তোলন, Raising up — ১৯৬৪), Height, attitude — মধ্যাপা, উচ্চ-পাপ, Dignity — ১৯ স্থান, পাহাড, An elevated place or station Syn — Setting up, erecting, evaluation, promotion improvement, refinement, loftiness, hill, height

Elevator, ele-v3-tor, n উত্তোশনকারী, উত্তোশন He who or that which elevates, raiser.— रिक्शिंग्र, Surgical instrument

Elevatory, efe-v3-tor-i, a উত্তোলক বা উত্তোলক অম, Il iving power or tending to raise.

Eleven, e lein, a একাৰণ, এবাৰ, Ten and one—n একাৰণ, The number [ the tenth Eleventh, c-leinth, a একাৰণ, The next after At the eleventh hour—জনমহ, কাজের সময় জহ'ত করিয়া, At an hour when it is too late to make any new arrangement, meet any sudden difficulty, or be of any help

Elf, elf, n. পরী , উপদেবতা, বাষণ, Fairy, a dwarf.
a diminutive person .—s. t. ৰড়িত-কৃ, To entangle. pl=clyes.

Elf fire-witten; The ignus fatuas.

Eifin, elfin, a. ভোতিক; Of or related to elves:
— স. ৰামন: পিত: A little elf; a child.

Elfish, elf'ish, Elvan, elvan, e. তৃতস্থানীয়; অগ-কারক; ছয়বেশী, Elf-like; mischievous; disguised. [ed in a lock.

guisea. [ed in a total.
Elf-look, elf'-lok, n. বিনান কেলগুজ ; Hair twistElfoit, e-lisit, v. t. [l.. e, out, and lacio, to
entice] বাহিন-ক ; ফুন্লাইনা আনা ; অনুমান-ক .
To draw out; to bring to light; to deduce
Syn:—Eliminate, extract, evolve, evoke; extort; obtain, acquire.

Elide, e-līd, v. t. [L. e, out, and laedo, to strike] লোপ-কু; বিশ্ব-কু; To strike out or cut off, as a syllable.

Bligibility, el-i-ji-bili-ti, n. यात्राठा; वाक्ष्मीवठा; Fitness to be elected; desirableness.

Eligible, eli-ji-bl, a উপযুক্ত; বাঞ্জীয়; Fit or worthy to be chosen; legally qualified; desirable n=elegibleness ad=eligibly. Syn:—Suitable, desirable, preferable.

Eligible for or to—কোন কৰেৰ জন্ম নিৰ্বাচিত ন্টব্ৰি বোগা; Qualified to be elected for a post Eliminate, c-limin-at. v f [L. e, out, limen, liminus, a threshold] পৰিত্যাপ-কু, To remove; te leave out of consideration n = elimination Syn —Exclude, expel; disengage, separate

Elision, e-lizhun, n. ceta, saceta; The suppression of a yout or syllable

Elito, त-रिर, n. नाद डांग : मह्कारकुड़े (लांक ; The best of any thing, chosen part, a choice or select body

Blixir, e-lik'ér, n [Ar. al., the, and aksir, quintessence] সাব ভাগ; কাধ, উত্তেজক পদাৰ্থ.
The quintessence of any thing; essence; a cubstance which invigorates.

Elixir of life, n A uncture supposed to prolong life indefinitely.

Elizabothan, e-liz-a-bothan, a. রাণী এলিক্সাবেধের বা উত্তার সম্পাধ্যকি, Pertaining to Queen blizaboth or her time

Elk, elk, n. হবিণ বিশেষ ; A large deer.

Ell, el, n काण्ड माणिवात श्रीवमान विद्याव ; A cloth measure equal to 33 feet.

Give him an inch, and he'll take an ell—

পুৰুত্ব নাই গিলেই বাধাৰ চড়ে, Give him a little license and he will take great liberties, or make great encroachments.

Ellipse, el-lip's, n. বৃত্তাভাগ; An oval figure bounded by a regular curve:—লোগ, গোগন; Something left out; suppression.

Ellipsis, el-lip'sis, n [Gr. en, in, and lespo, to leave] & Ornission

Ellipsoid, ci-lip'soid, n. জ্যামিতি-মুলক তল-কেত্ৰ বিশেষ, A surface, every plane section of which is an ellipse.

Elliptic, el-lip'tik, Elliptical, el-lip'tik-al, a. ডোলাম সৰ্বায়; ডিআকুডি; Pertaining to or like an ellips, oval:—বক্ষিডাংশ, অসহীন; Having a part omitted; defective. ad = elliptically.

Elm, elm, n. বৃক্ৰিগেই; A well-known forest tree. a=elmi.

Elocution, el-o-kū'shun, n. [L. e, out, and loquor, to speak] বাজ্যকল-মণালী: বাজ্যকৈ; বাজ্যিক; Art of speaking rightly; eloquence. emelocutionary. Syn:—Faculty of speak, power of expression; utterance, declamation, oratory. Elocutionist, el-o-kū'shun-ist, n. অভ্যাব্ৰিৎ পতিত; বাজ্গতি; One versed in elocution; a teacher of elocution.

Eloge, e-lōzh, Elogium, e-lō'ji-um, n. [L. elogium, a short statement, an inscription on a tomb] স্থাতিবাদ, A panegyric; a funeral oration. Elongate, e-long'gনা, v. t. [L. e, out, and longus, long] পাৰ্য-ক; বিধার-ক, To extend; lengthen:—a. বিস্তুত: Drawn out at length. n=elongation.

Elongation, e-long-ga'shun, n. নীৰ্কাৰ; বিকৃতি; দূৰত ; Act of lengthening, state of being extended, distance. Syn:—Protraction, extension, projuction, prolongation.

Elope, e-löp', v. i. গোগনে পলায়ৰ-কু; Run away, as from a husband or legal guardian. Syn:—
Decamp, abscond, disappear, bolt.

Elopement, e-lop'ment, n. পোগৰে পৰাছৰ; A secret departure, especially of a woman with a man.

Eloquence, clo-kwens, n. বানিতা; বজ্তাশাল্প;
Persuasive speech; oratory. Syn:—Rhetoric;
fluency, impassioned, invective, vivid expression.
Eloquent, elo-kwent, a. বালী, বাৰ্গট্; Persuasive; speaking permasively and well. admelloquently.

Else, els, a. and pron. অন্ত; Other; one or something beside:—ad. and conj. নতুবা; ভদ্ভিত্ন; Beside.

Elsewhore, el'hwar, ad. অনুত্তা; In another Elucidate, c-lū'si-dāt, v. t. [L. e, intensive, and lucidus, clear] বাধা-কু; To explain; to illustrate. n=elucidation, clucidator. Syn:—Unfold, expound, interpret.

Elucidation, n. 47/47), Explanation; exposition; illustration

Elucidative, e-lū'si-dā-tiv. Elucidatory, e-lū'si-dā-tor-i, a. वाशाकात्रक ; वाशाकात्रो ; Explanatory ; making clear.

Elude, e-lu'd, v. t. [L c. out, Indo, to play] এড়ান; পশায়ন-কু; বিহল-কু; To evade, to escape by strategem. Syn — Evade, avoid, escape from; disappoint, flustrate.

Elusion, elu-2hun, n. কৌশল ছাৱা পলায়ন; পরিহার; Evasion, escape by artifice.

Elusive, e-lū'siv. a. প্রবঞ্চ ; প্রভাবক ; Deceptive, evasive. ad=elusively.

Elusory, e-lu'sor-i, a. প্রবৃক : প্রক্ষা-প্রবৃদ Evasive, deceitful. Syn :—Evasive, fallacious, deceitful, deceptive, delusive.

Elutriate, e-lū'tri-নt, v. t. [ I.. e, out, and lue, to wash ] ধুইয়া পৰিকাৰ-কু, নিৰ্মল-কু; To cleanse; to purify. n=elutriation.

Elvan-See under elfish.

Elysian, e-lizhi-an, a. অতার হংকর; দিবা; Exccedingly delightful.

Elysium, e-lizhi-um, 4. [ Gr. elysian (pedian)

the Elysian (plain) ] पर्न ; प्रशंतकान ; तनगैत क्षान ; Abode of happy souls ; any delightful place.

Emaciate, e-ma'shi-at, v. t. [L. e, intensive, macio. to make lean] 李子子; To make lean:—
v. i. 李子子; 邓子子; To become lean; to waste.
Emaciated.

Emsciation, e-mu-shi-a'shun, n 주자의 ; Leanness. Syn:—Wasting, attenuatian ; meagreness, lankness, tabes.

Emanant, a. নিৰ্গমন্থীল; Issuing from another.

Emanate, ema-nat, v. i. [ L. e, out, and manare, to flow ] নিৰ্গত-ছ; নিংসত-ছ; উৎপদ্ম-ছ; To
arise; to proceed from some source; to arise
or spring. Syn:—Flow, proceed, issue, emerge.

Emanate from—উৎপদ্ম বা উপাপিত-ছ; Proceed

Branation, em-a-n2'shun, n নিৰ্গমন; নিঃন্যণ; Issuing; what issues, efflux. a=emanative.

Emanoipate, e-mańsi-pāt, v. t. [L. e, away from, and mancipare, to transfer property]

13-3, 341-3, To set free from thraldom; to liberate. n=emancipator. Syn:—Enfranchise, free, deliver, release, discharge, disenthrall.

Emanoipation, e-man-si-pa'shun, n. শোচন;
বাধীনতা; The state of being set free, liberation; release; freedom. Syn:—Deliverance, enfranchisement, manumission.

Emancipationist, e-man-si-pā'shun-ist, n. नाम त्यांच्या अर्थाव विद्यांची ; One

who advocates the emancipation of slaves. Emasoulate, e-masku-lat, v. t. [ L. e. privative, and masculus, diminutive of mas, a male ] মুছ-কৃ; পোজা-কৃ; To castrate:—পুৰুত্ব হীন-কৃ, To render effeminate. n=emasculation

Embale, em-bal, v. t. মোট বাঁথা, পাঁট্রি বন্দী-কু,
To bind or enclose, to pack.

Embalm, em-bam, v. t. সগদি বস্তু দাবা শব রকা-ই : ব্যাসিড-ই , To preserve from putrefaction by aromatic drugs, as a dead body, to perfume; to fill with sweet scent. n=einbalmer, embalming. Syn.—Conserve; scent, enshrine, consecrate.

Embank, em-bangk, v i. वीषन निया (बहेन-कृ, बीध मित्रा (बहिष-कृ, To enclose or defend with a dike.

Bmbankment, em-bangkment, n. वंथ, थाकांव, A bank or mound.

Embargo, em-bar'gō, n [Sp. em, in, and barra, a bar] বন্ধৰ হইতে জাহাজ গৰনের নিবেৰাজা, Prohibition to ships to leave a port; stoppage — ৰাৰ্ণ]; Any pendrance — v. ে কিছুকাৰ বাণিজ্য ছলিককৰ ; A stopping of trade for a short time by authority:—ৰাইতে নিবেৰ-কৃ; To lay an embargo on.

Lay an embargo on—तोका वाहित्व श्रम नित्यक् इ : Prevent for sailing out of port :—नित्यक् ; Prohibit, impose restrictions.

Embark, em-bark, v. t. [Fr. em, in, and barque, a ship] बारांक वा त्योकारक शामिकन ; त्यांकारक शामिकन दे त्यांकारक शामिकन दे त्यांकारक व्याप्त कार्या व्याप्त कार्य कार्या व्याप्त कार्या व्याप्त कार्या व्याप्त कार्या व्याप्त कार्य कार्या व्याप्त कार्या व्याप्त कार्या व्याप्त कार्या व्याप्त कार्या व्याप्त कार्य क

To enlist; to engage in a business. Sym :--

Embark on wister signi coin niscre with along; Set sail to carry out an expedition or enterprise.

Embarkation, em-bär-kā'shun, Embarcation, n. (পৃথারোহণ; বাংলার খাবেছণ; The act of putting or going on board a vessel that which is embarked.

Embarrass, em-bar'as, v. f. [ Fr. em, in, and barre, a bar ] বিষ্ণুত-ড়; কাই কেলা; বারগ্ড-ড়; To entangle; perplex; discontent; confuse; encumber. Syn:—Complicate, involve, harass, plague, hamper, clog, puzzle, disconcert, abash. Embarrassment, em-bar'-as-ment, m. আমুলতা; মনের গোলমাল; কই, আর্থ-উই; A state of entanglement or confusion; difficulty; difficulties in money matters.

Embassador or ambassador, n. ৰুড; Envoy. Embassy, em-bas-i, n. (ব্ৰিডাকাৰ); মুডবৰ; ভ্ৰমন সংবাদ; The charge or function of an embassador; the person or persons sent on an embassy; any solemn message.

Embattle, em-batl, v f. व्यार्थ रेन अविष्- इ:

Embay, em-bā, v. t. वह-कृ, व्यावह-कृ; To enclose in a bay; to landlock.

Embed—ৰিহিড-ক ; To lay as in bed ; to bed. Embellish, em-belish, v. t. [Fr. em, in, and bel, beautiful] সুপোডিড-ক ; স্কিড-ক ; To decorate ; to adorn. n=embelisher. Syn:—Beautify, deck; enrich, ornament, grace; illustrate.

Embellishment, em-belish-ment, n. কুৰোভিড কবৰ, ভুৰৰ, Decoration, ornament. Syn:— Enrichment, adornment.

Ember-days, ember-daz, n. pl. South four, Certain days set apart for fasting and prayer, in each of the four seasons of the year.

Embers, emberz, n. pl. सकाद ; स्वय समाद ; स्व स्व , Hot cinders , burning ashes ; hot ashes.

The dying embers—নিৰ্কাণ-প্ৰায় অসার, বিশ্ব প্ৰায় বিষয়, The expiring residuum of a fire, or figuratively, of any bitter or angry feeling leading to dissensions

Embozzile, em-bezi, v t পজ্জিত বৰ হ্ৰপ-তৃ;
আক্সাৎ-তৃ, নষ্ট-তৃ, Pilfer with breach of trust; to appropriate what has been entrusted; to wasteSyn.—Steal, peculate, purloin. n=embezzier.

Embezzlement, em-beži-ment, ন. পৃথিত্তগৰ অপহৰণ , আন্ধান করা , Appropriation to one's own use of what is entrusted to one's care.

Embitter-See Imbitter,

Emblazon, em-blázn, v. t. কৌনীসহচৰ চিহু বারা শোভিড-কু; To set forth with ensigns armorial . display pompously:—বহুল বঞ্জিত-কু; To deck in blazing colours. #=emblazonment.

Emblasonry, em-blazn-ri, n. চিজকৌশল; বৰ্ণের উপৰিস্থিত চিজ্ঞলমূহ; The art of adorning; pictures on shields.

Emblem, emblem, n. [Gr. em, in, ballo, to lay, to cast ] हिंद ; अधिकान , निवर्णन ; आवर्ण ; Syur

bel ; token ; type ; figure. Syn :- Badge, mark, sign, cognizance, device.

Emblematic, em-blem-atik, Emblematical, em-blem-atik-al, a. निय्ननीय ; वाक्नविनिष्ठ : नियनीन-THY; Symbolical; representing. ad=emblematically.

Emblematiss, em-blemat-iz, v. t. কোন নিদৰ্শন हिन् द्वारा अक्ष-इ ; To represent by an emblem. Embloom, em-bloom, v. i. युक्त बादा आक्टाबिड वा क्रानाविक-क ; To cover or enrich with bloom. Embodiment, em-bodi-ment, n. अवस्य नाथन-প্রবাদী: প্রতিরূপ; সরিবেশ; Act or state of embodying; a complete system like an organised body; state of being embodied.

Embody, em-bodi, v. t. (पशे-कृ; व्यवद्यविभिष्ठे-कृ: একজিত-কৃ; সন্নিবিষ্ট-কৃ; To make corporeal; to make tangible; to collect into a whole; to incorporate ; concentrate :- v. i. अक्षिप-इ ; To unite in a body or mass. Syn :- Collect, combine : comprehend, include, comprise, contain ; syntematize, methodize, codify.

Emboguing, em-bog'ing, n. नमनशीव मुं ; The mouth of a river.

Emboldan, em-boldn v. f. मारमी-क ; मारम-प ; To make bold; to encourage. Syn -Animate, inspirit, incite, cheer on, reassure.

Embolism, embo-hem, n Gr. emballo, to cast in ] পরিকাকারে সময় সমিবেশ; বক্তের থলিতে हर्भा की; The insertion of days &c, in an account of time to produce regularity; the presence of obstructing clots in the bloodvesssls. a=embolismal, embolismic.

Emborder, em-border, v. i. शात्रपुक-क ; शीया-বিশিষ্ট-ক : To adorn with a border.

Embosom, em-boozum, v. t. (बहुब-क ; To enclose or surround:—আপর-কু; সোহাপ-কু, জনবে भारत-म: To receive into the affections; to caress, to take into the bosom.

Emboss, em-bos, v. t. খোদিত-কু; বুটা বারা অন্ধিত-ক : অনুকাৰ বাবা সন্ধিত-ক : Form with protuberances; engrave; ornament; relieve. #=embosseer.

Embossment, em-bosment, a. সমুত্ত অলকার, A prominence like a boss, raised-work

Embottle, v. t. (बाउन पूर्व-क , Put in bottles. Embouchure, em-boo-shoor', n. [Fi. embaucher, to put to the mouth ] (पश्चि ; मुद्र ; A mouth or aperture, as of a river, cannon &c :-वैश्वित के श्वितां किए ; The mouth-hole of a wind musical instrument.

Embow, em-bu', v. f. or v. i. वश्रुव आकारत अञ्च कता वा देवता ; To bow or arch.

Embowel, em-bow'el, v. t. बाढ़ी कुँडि बाहिब-इ ; नारीन-इ ; To remove the bowels or entrails from ; eviscerate :-- শৃকারিড-কু; গোপন-কু; To hide in the inward part; to bury; secrete. n= embowelment.

Embower, em-bow'er, v. f. कश्चरन ताथा : सामान-(4; Elaffe-7; To place in a bower; to shelter with trees :- . . क्यवान थाना ; To lodge or rest in a bower.

Embrace, em-bras, e. t. [ L. in, in, into, bra-

chium, an arm ] जानिक्रम-क ; जानदत बदक बादन-क : Hold in the arms; press fondly :-- वहनिष्डि-इ जब्रुड-इ : To include, as parts of a whole ; comprehend; encircle :-- স্ক্ৰি:কর্ণে প্রহণ-ক: সাগ্রে अहम ; To seize eagerly; welcome :- . i. जानिकन बाबा रक-इ : To join in an embrace :- #. वानित्रन ; Fond pressure in the arms ; clasp ; hug. Syn :-(v) Clasp, hug, encompass, include, comprise, contain; lay hold of; seize.

Embrasure, em-brazhur, n. ( गायुक लाहीरक गरना ) कामान इंडिनांब क्रिक ; An opening made for firing guns.

Embrocate, em-bro-kāt, v. t. [ Fr. em =en, in. into, brecho, to wet ] ৰালিগ-কু; তৈলাদি বারা বৰ্মৰ-F; To rub (a diseased part) with spirit, oil &c. n=embrocation.

Embrocation, n. यांतिम्बद्द ; Act of embrocating, the lotion used.

Embroider, em-broider, v. f. ( कांगाड ) बुड़ी-मा : बानव मानदा-क ; To decorate with figured work. n=embroiderer.

Embroidery, n. চিকণ কর্ম ; কুমার স্টিকর্ম ; Ornamental needle work :- अनुकात : Decoration.

Embroil, em-broil, v. t. [Fr. em, in, and brouiller, to break out ] अफ़ 5-क ; त्नानमान-क ; बाडिबाड-कृ, Entangle; to perplex ; to distract ; to throw into confusion; to trouble. Syn :- Encumber, confound, mingle, disturb, disorder.

Embroilment, em-broilment, n. (शांत्रशंत : বিমজি; Perplexity or confusion; disturbance. Embrue-Sce Imbrue.

Embryo, n. embri-o, Embryon, embri-on, n. [ Gr. em, in, bryo, to swell ] उन्न ; अबूब ; ब्न ; आशियावडा ; The germ of an organised being in any state of ante-natal development-in egg, womb, or seed; root; beginning. [ executed. In embryo-অস্পাদিত ; In conception but not Embryology, em-bri-oloj-i, n. क्षेड्य ; The science treating of the embryo or fetus of animals. n = embryologist.

Embryonic, em-bri-ohik, a. অপৰিপৰাৰছা; त्योतिक ; Of or relating to anything in an imperfect state : rudimentary.

Emend, v. t. महावादन-कृ ; To amend.

Emendation, em-en-dáshun, n. [ L. e, out, away, and mendum, a fault ] ARTHER; Correction; alteration of a text; improvement.

Emendator, emen-da-tor, n. म्रामायनकादी : मा-( ) One who corrects or improves.

Emendatory, e-menda-tor-i, a. नः लाधनकांबी ; সংশোধনশীল; Contributing to correction.

Emerald, emer-ald, s. यवक्छ मनि; शांता; A precious stone of a green sparkling colour :-বিশেষ ছাপার অকর ; A small printing type.

Emerge, e-merj, v i. [ L. e, out, and mergo, to plunge ] निर्मछ-ए; पृष्टिभार्य পण्डिस-इ; To issue or come forth; to come into view. Syn :- Spring up, emanate; appear, become visible.

Emerge from—বাহির হইয়া জাসা ; Issue or come out from :--शैन अवहा इहेटल छैं। ; Rise into view out of (a state of depression or obscurity) :-खान विशेष व्हेंट डेडीर्न हडा : Escape from.

Emergence, e-mer'jens, Emergency, e-mer' jen-si, n. নিৰ্গমন ; সহসা উপস্থিতি ; আকল্মিক ঘটনা ; Sudden appearance; an unexpected occurrence :- आवज्ञका ; वित्नव आदाक्रम ; Pressing necessity. Syn :- Exigency, crisis, conjuncture, difficulty, strait, pinch, pass, push.

Emergent, e-mer jent, a. উचित्र ; Suddenly appearing :- ৰত্যাৰতক; Urgent -- আক্সিক,

Emeritos, n. One honourably discharged from public service :- a. Honourably discharged for public service.

Emerods, eme-rode, n. pl now Hemorrhoids. Emersion, e-mer shun, n. উথাৰ, গ্ৰহাদিৰ মোকণ; Act of rising; the reappearance of a heavenly body after being eclipsed.

Emery, emer-i, n. [ Gr. smao, to smear ] পাनि-সের জন্ত কঠিন খাতু , A very hard mineral used for

grinding and polishing metals.

Emetic, e-metik, a. [ Gr. emeo, to vomit ] कान-कांत्री ; रमनकारक , Causing vomiting -n. रमन-काइक उद्द ; A medicine that causes vomiting. Emigrant, emi-grant, a. अकारमनात्री , Emigrating :-- n. चलनाठांगी, तनास्त्रित्र वाकि, One who

emigrates. Emigrate, emi-giat, v :. [ L. e, from, migro, to remove ] স্বদেশ ভ্যাগপূর্ণক অক্ত দেশে বাস-কু , দেশ

জ্যাপী-হ; Pass from one land to abide in an-

other. Emigration, em-e-grashun, n. এক দেশ পৰিতাগ-পুৰ্বক দেশান্তৰে বাস কৰিবাৰ জন্ত গমন; Removal to another country for residence .-- বদেশভাগী ব্যক্তি-99; A body of emigrants. Syn -Exodus,

migration, departure

Eminence, cmi-nens, Eminency, n. Ewol, উচ্চহাৰ, Height, using ground — গাতি, উচ্চ পদ , Distinction , high rank —সন্মানপুচক উপাধি , A title of honour (applied to a cardinal in the R. C. church ). Syn .- Prominence, projection, summit ; rank, official dignity ; fame, celebrity, renown.

Eminent, emi-nent, a. [ I. e, out, mineo, to project ] খ্যাতাগর , বিখ্যাত , উচ্চ , সম্বাস্থ , উচ্চগদস্থ , Conspicuous; distinguished; high; lofty exalted in rank or office. Syn -Elevated, exalted, remarkable, prominent, farnous, cele-[ lord. brated, illustrious.

Emir, e'mira. बाजपूद ; बखताक ; जानीत ; Prince ; Emissary, emis-ar-i, n. edba; A spy; scout; one sent out on a secret mission. a = spying.

Emission, e-mishun, n. নিৰ্গদ্ন ; এককালে নি:স্ত 48; The act of emitting; that which is issued at one time.

Emit, e-mit, v. t. [ L. e, out of, and mitto, to send ] নিৰ্গত-কু; নি:স্বণ-কু; To throw or give out ; to issue. Syn .- Eject, discharge, exhale, breathe forth, give out; put out.

Emmet, emet, n. [প্পীলিক] ; An ant.

Emolliste, e-moli-at, v. f. [ L. e, intensive, and mollio, to soften ] कायल-क ; देवन-क ; То soften ; to render effeminate.

Emollient, e-molyant, a, क्ष्मिक्ति ; Making

supple :-- n. ब्रामण ; श्रमांश-निवातक वानिम'; An external application to allay irritation. Sys :--Softening, laxative, mollifying, assuaging.

Emolument, e-molu-ment, n. [ L. s, and molior, to toil ] লাভ ; স্বিধা ; Advantage ; benefit, profit. Syn :- Gain, wages, fee, pay, salary, hire, compensation, remuneration, stipend.

Emotion, e-mo'shun, n. [L. e, forth, and moveo, to move ] मानित्र উত্তেজনা; यत्नांशांव ; Mental excitement; agitation a=emotional. Syn -Feeling, passion, excitement, pertur-[ emotion. bation.

Emotional, a. মনোবৃত্তি ঘটিত; Pertaining to kmpale, cm-pal, v. i বেরা, বেইড-ফু; Fence with a pale ; inclose -- भूत दिया इड-इ ; Kill by spitting on a stake

Empanel, Empark, Same as Impannel, Im-Emperil, v fangag-7 . To endenger.

Emperor, emper-or, n [L impero, to command | नजांडे, Supreme tuler of an empire, king of a gie it country feg=empress (সমাজা)।

Emphasis, enifa-sis, n. [ Gr em=en, in, into, and phao, phaino, to show, to make clear ] \*\* উচ্চারণ, Stress laid on a word or syllable, Syn -- Signiimpressiveness pl=emphases ficance, moment, weight, importance

Emphasise, enifa-51/, v. t. धक छेछ।वन-क ; धक्क-युक्-क , To make emphatic.

Emphatic, cm-fatik, Emphatical, em-fatikal, a. বিশেষকপে উচ্চাবিত, Uttered with or requiring emphasis - अवन , रूक, Forcible , impressive ad = emphatically. Syn -Significant, momentous, energetic, earnest, powerful, striking, positive, decided

Empire, empir, n [ L impere, to command ] भाषांका, The territory under the territory of an emperor ; dominion of a large estate -नामन . রাক্ত, Sway, rule, government. Syn .-- Dominion, control, command, supremacy, reign, sovereignty, government; kingdom, state.

Empiric, em-pir'ik, Empirical, em-pir'ik-al, a. कृत्यामर्भन्याउँ वहमर्गी ; क्वल वहमर्निराक्षनिर . Known only by experience; resting on experience without due regard to science and theory, charlatanish; quackish.

Empirie, em-pir'ik, n. [Gr. em, in, and peira. a trial ] হাতুড়ে চিকিৎসক; অশিক্ষিত বৈদা, A quack [ शब्दा ि हिक्स्मा ; Quackery doctor. Empiricism, em-pir'i-sizm, n. অখার চিকিৎসা . Employ, em-ploy', v. t [ L. in, in, and plice, to fold ] নিযুক্ত-কু, ব্যাপুত-কু, Keep at work, engage; use. n=employer. Syn:-Hire, commission, intrust, enlist; apply; busy, engross, exercise, occupy.

Employ one self—কোৰ কাৰ্ব্যে আপনাকে নিৰ্জ-\*, To apply one's time and attention to; to [ who is employed. busy oneself. Employe, em-ploy's, n. নিরোজিত ব্যক্তি; One Employment, em-ployment, z, कार्य; कार्य; Business; occupation; use; office; profession. Syn :- Work, engagement, pursuit, avocation, calling; service agency, employ.

Emporium, em-po'ri-um, n. [ Gr. emporos, a trader—emmen, in, and poros, a way ] वानिवा-चान; निका-चान; A place of trade. Syn:— Mart, market.

Empower, em-power, v. t. ছমতা প্রদান ক ক্ষতাপর-ক ; To give power to ; to authorize. Syn :—Enable, qualify, warrant, commission.

Empress-See under Emperor.

Emptiness, emiti-nes, ন. শুক্তা; সার্যাহিতা; Vacuity, want of matter:—অস্ত্রেই, Unsatisfactoriness.

Empty, emit, a. শৃষ্ঠ ; Void ; contain nothing :
— খ্যার, Hollow :—পরিভাজ ; Deserted :—অসার ;
Unsubstantial :—বিরোধ ; Lacking sense :—
খ্যার , বিকল ; Unfruitful :—v. t. শৃত্ত-ফু ; To
make empty ; to deprive of contents :—v. i.
শৃত্ত-হু : শৃত্তপর্ত-হু ; To become empty , to discharge its contents. n—emptiness. Syn :—(a)
Vacant, unoccupied ; unfurnished, unsupplied, destitute, bare ; unsubstantial, unreal, vain ;
waste, desolate ; senseless, without ideas, silly.
(v) Pour out, disembogue, deplete ; exhaust, dram; spend, waste.

Empurple, em-pui'pl, v. t. नीत-लाहिल वर्ग-इ; (वश्रव २६-कृ; To dye of a purple colour.

Empyoma, em-pi-Ema, n. [Gr. em-en, in and pyon, pus] sarts of water; A collection of pus in the chest.

Empyreal, em-pir'e-al, a. [Gr. em=en, in, and fyr, fire] আৰু ; Formed of pure fire or light:
—প্ৰিয় ; দিবা; Pure.

Empyrean, em-pi-re'an, a. হল্ম ; দিবা ; স্বানীয় ; Empyreal ; refined beyond aerial substance : n উদ্বিত্ৰ সূৰ্য্য ; The highest heaven. [ostrich. Emu, e'mu, Emou, n পদ্ম বিশেষ ; Australian Emulato, emū-lāt, v. t. [L. aemulus, striving with] ভূলা-হ, প্ৰতিম্বিতি-ক : বিভিন্নে বিভাগে ; To inval; be equal or like to; to vie with; compete with. n=emulator (প্ৰতিবোগী; Rival; competitor).

Emulation, em-n-la'shun, n. প্রতিবোগিতা; শক্তা; বিবাদ; Rivalry; competition; striving, contention; contest.

Emulative, emu-lat-iv, a. প্ৰতিযোগিতাপ্ৰৰণ ; Inclined to rivalry ; competitive.

Emulous, emu-lus, a. অভিবোগিতা করিতে ইন্দুক; অন্ততা লাভে উৎস্ক; Rivalling; desirous to excel. ad=emulously.

Emulsion, e-mulshun, n. [L. e, out, and mulgeo, to milk] ত্বৰ বিশেষ; A soft medicinal preparation of milky appearance formed by mixing oil with water.

Emulsive, e-mulsiv. a. আর্ক্রারক; কোমলতা-সামক; Softening; yielding a milklike substance.

Enable, en-ábl, v. t. शांतर-क ; मगर्-क ; To make able ; to supply with sufficient power. Syn :— Fit, qualify, empower, prepare, capacitate, render competent.

Busot, en-akt, v. f. যাবছা-কু; বিধান-কু; বিধিবন্ধ-কু; To decree; establish by law or act of legislature; pass as a law:—সম্পাদন-কু; সম্পাদনকু; To perform; to act the part of. Sys: -Ordain, decree, establish, sanction; play.

Bnactive, en-aktiv, a. বিধিকৰণকম; Having power to enact as a law. [law. Bnactment, en-aktment, n. বিধি: আইন; A. Enallage, en-ala-je, n. [Gr. en, and allasso, to make other] এক কাৰক, ৰাচ্যু বা কালেৱ পরিবর্ধে আৰু কাৰকাদির প্রয়োগ; The substitution of one case, mood or tense for another.

Enamel, em-amel, n. मीनाइ, कलाइ; Semi-transparent glass; coating of the teeth:—v. t. मीनाइ-इ; कलाई-इ; To coat with or point is enamel:—v. i. मीनारइंद कांग्-इ; To practise enamelling. n=enameller.

Enamour, en-amur, v.t. [Fr.en, to make, and amour, love] প্রেমানত-কৃ, প্রেমানত-কৃ; মোহিত-কৃ, To inflame with love; to charm; to captivate. Syn:—Charm, captivate, fascinate, enslave, bewitch, endear.

Be enamoured of—কোন কিছুতে তলম বা অত্যাসক-হ : Be greatly fond of.

Enarthrosis, en-ar-thro'sis, n. [Gr. en, in, and arthroso, to fasten by a joint ] হাড়েব থিকাৰ বিশেষ; A ball-and-socket joint, movable in every direction.

Encage, en-kāj, v. t. शिक्षत वस-कृ ; शिक्षवांवस-कृ ; Shut up in cage ; coop up.

Encamp, en-kamp', v. f. শিবিরাভাত্তরে স্থাপন-কু; To form into a camp:—v. f. শিবির স্থাপন-কু; (সেনালস) ঘাইতে ঘাইতে পথে বিআম-কু; To pitch tents; to halt on a march.

Encampment, en-kamp'ment, n. निविद् मितियन, निविद श्रापन; The act of encamping:—निविद; The place where an army or company is encamped.

Encaustic, en kawstik, a. [Gr. en, in, and kaso, to burn ] দশ্ধ; Burnt in or done by heat:
—n. গলান মোন বারা প্রাচীন চিত্র-প্রণানী; An ancient method of painting in heated wax.

Encave, en-kāv, v. t. পহারে বুরাবিত-কু; To put into or hide in a cave.

Enceinte, ang-sengt, a. [L. in, and cingo, cinctus, to gird] প্ৰবৰ্তী, Pregnant with child:—
n. চাৰিদিক্য প্ৰাচীয়; The well or rampart which surrounds a place.

Enchain, en-chāń, v. t. [Fr. en, in, and chaine a chain] প্ৰাথক-ড়; সংযুক্ত-ড়; মৃদ্ধাপে-ড়; Bind with a chain; confine; link together; to hold fast. Syn:—Fetter, enslave, bind, shackle, manacle; hold, rivet, keep fast, fix; connect.

Enchant, en-chant, v. t. [L. in, on, canto, to sing] (पाहिन-कृ; ध्व-कृ; छहानिन-कृ; Bewitch; charm, captivate; enrapture. Syn:—Ravish; delight, fascinate, bewitch.

Enchanter, en-chanter, n. काइकद, बांबादी ; A. sorcerer or magician. fem=enchantress.

Bnohantment, en-chantment, n. ভেব্ৰি ; ভোজ-বিদ্যা , কাহ্মত্ব ; Spells : use of magical arts. Syn:—Incantation, necromancy, charm, magic, sorcery, witchery, witchcraft, delight, fascination; rapture, transport.

Enchase, en-chas, v, t. [ Fr. en, in, and chas-

ris, a case ] মডিড-রু, সন্ধিত-রু, শোহাছিড-রু, Emboss, adorn with raised or embossed work. Encircle, en-sérkl, চ া বেইন-রু, বেইড-রু, Gird with a ring or round; embrace; environ. Syn—Encompass, inclose, surround.

Bnclasp, en clasp', v. t कृष्त्र(भ-पू, व्यक्तिवन-पू, To fasten with a clasp, to embrace.

Enclave, ang-klav, n. [ L. en, in, and clavus, a key ] প্রৱানাত্ত্বি অধিকাৰ, A territory in the midst of the territories of another power

Binolitic, en-klitik a [Gr en, in, klino to bend] খ্ৰনত, Inclining or leaning — ন স্ভিয়া হীন পদ, A word or particle following another word and so united with it as to seem a part of it.

Bnolose—Same as inclose [gyrist eulogist Bnoomiast, en-komi-ast, n প্রশাসাকারী Pane-Bnoomiastic, en-ko-mi-astik Encomiastical, en-ko-mi-astik al, e প্রশাসাস্ট্রক সুধ্যাতিপর, Piaising, laudatory—n স্থাতিবাদ, A pane-gyric ad=encomiastically

Encomium, en-ko'mi-um, n [Gr en, in and komos, festivity] প্রশংসা, স্থাতিবাদ, Praise, eulogy Sun—Panegyiic, applause, laudation Encompass, en-kumpis v t বেইন-কু, প্রদক্ষিণ-কু, To surround, to enclose ; =encompassment Syn—Encircle, include, environ, invest hem in shut up beset besiege

Encore, ang-kor, ad काराब, श्रमक, श्रमकाब, Again, once more —v. f श्रमदाब कदिएक रजा, To call for,

Encounter, en-kownter, v f [L en, in, contra against] যুক্ক, সমুখীন-হ, বাধা-দে, Meet
suddenly in opposition of in fight, to meet
face to face, to oppose —n সাজাহ, সংগ্রাম
মুক্ত, A meeting face to face, hostile meeting,
onset —v 1. বুক্ত-ফু, To meet, e p as encines
Syn —(n) Contest, conflict skrimish, battle,
engagement, rencounter, collision clasp (v)
Face, confront, fall upon, come upon engage,
attack contend against, witherand, combat

Encourage, en-kur'aj, v t উৎসাহ দে, উৎসাহত কু সাহস-কে Stimulate, animate, countenance n=encourager ad=encouragint, ly Syn — Lmbolden, inspirit, incite, checr, urge, impel, comfoit sanction, promote, advance, forward Encouragement, en-kur'aj-ment, n. উৎসাহিত ক্রে, উৎসাহ, Countenance, support, incitement, incentive

Encouraging, a উৎসাহপ্রদ, Favouring Encrinit, enkri-nit, n [Gr en, in, and kri-non, a lily] খবন খবু বিশেষ, A fossilised animal a=encrinal, encrinitic, encrinical

Encroach, en-kröch, v s. [Fr. en, and cros, a hook] বলপূৰ্কক খবল-কৃ, আক্ৰম-কৃ; Trespass, intrude, invade, advance by stealth, trench, infringe mencroacher, ad—encroachingly

Encrosch on or upon—ক্ষে ক্ষে গ্রাধিকার
আক্ষণ-কু, Make gradual invasion upon (that
to which one has no right) —কাহারও সমর প্রহা,
Trespass upon one's time [আক্ষণ, Intrusion.
Encroschment, ল. বলপুর্বাক্ ক্ষাল,

Encumber, en-kumber, v t. ভাৰাৰাত-তু, বাতি-বাত-তু কড়িত-তু, Clog; embarrass, entangle. Syn —Oppress, overload, perplex, hunder Encumbrance, en-kumbrans, n বোৰা, ভাৰ : বেবা, impediment; clog, debt, a burden upon an estate Syn:—Obstruction, weight, load, claim, hability.

Encyclical, en-sikhk al, a. [Gr en, in, and kyklos, a circle] বহুজন-স্বীপে প্ৰেক্তি, Sent round to many persons or place, as a letter

Encyclopedian, en-si-klo-pe'di-an, a. নৰ্ধ-বিশ্যাসময়িত, Embracing the whole cucle of learning.

Encyclopedic, en-si-klo-pedik Encyclopedical, en-si-klo-pedik-al, a বিশাকরক্রন-সম্থান স্ক্ৰিদ্যাসংগ্রহ-সম্থান , Pertaining to an encyclopedia

Encyclopedist, en-si-klo-pē dist n. বিদ্যাকল্প-জ্ব-প্ৰেড়া, The compiler or one who assists in the compilation of an encyclopedia

Encyclopædia, en-si-klo-pt di-a Encyclo-pedia, n farjammy. The circle of sciences esp a work in which the branches of science of art are discussed separately, and usually in alphabetic order.

Encysted, en sisted, a কুন্সিগড়, থলিব ভিডঃ আবদ্ধ, Enclosed in a cyst or bag

End, end, n প্রান্তভাগ, অন্ত, Extreme point, extremity —শেষ, সমান্তি Conclusion, termination —সীমা, Limit —মভিপ্রায় উদ্দেশ্য, Object, purpose —শুক, জাল, Fragment —মৃত্যু Death, cause of death —v t সমান্ত ক, মই কু আন্তন্ধ, To conclude, to destroy —v : শেষ্
হ, To cease, to be at an end Syn —(n) End ing bound, scrap remnant final condition issue, consequence, result, aim, drift, decease (v) Finish, close, terminate, put to death, kill be finished, stop speaking.

End (or terminate) in—(कान किहूब शतिशांत-ह Come to an end by

End in smoke—একবারে অকুডকার্য হ , নিফল-ই , Ful signally or contemptibly or ridiculously , end in nothing, come to no practical result

Ends of the earth –পৃথিবীর আন্তলেশ, Remote rections of the earth [mination of At the end of —কোন কিছুর শেষে, At the tur-Be at an end—শেষ হুৱা Be over.

In the end—बदानाद Finally On end—बदिवाम, Continuously

One's hair stands on end—প্ৰীয় ঘোষাঞ্চিত হ।
Put an end to—ন্ত-ফু, Destroy—প্ৰেৰ করিয়া
আৰা, Bring to an end [ উ.c
Stand on end—ৰাড়া-হ, Stand erect, bristle
To be at one's wit's end—কর্ত্যাবধারণে অপস্তহ, To be unable to make at what further step
to be taken.

To the end of the chapter—ৰাজীবন , নিয়ন-চিছয় , বরাবয় , To the end of one's days , to the very end , uninterruptedly.

To this end—এই चिन्नारा , बहे फेरच्छ नारनार्थ , With a view to gain this object.

Endanger, en-danjer, v. ह. विश्वज्ञ ; विश्वज्ञ

Put to hazard or danger. Syn: --imperil, hazard, jeopardize, risk, compromit.

Endear, en-der', v. t विश्व-कृ; भागविष-कृ; Make dear or beloved. [Tenderness; affection. Endearment, en-der'ment, n. जानवाना; त्यह; Endeavour, en-der'ment, n. जानवाना; त्यह; Endeavour, en-der'ur, v. i. [Fr. en. in, and devoir, duty] (एड्रो-कृ; व्यवान नावा, Attempt, try:—v. t. ज्ञाज-कृ; To exert:—n. (इड्रो; ज्याम व्य ; Effort; labour; attempt, trial. Syn:—(n) Exertion, struggle, essay. (v) Strive, struggle, essay, aim, labour.

Endecagon, s. Same as Hendecagon.

Eindemial, en-demi-al, Endemio. en-demik, Bndemioal, en-dermik-al, a. [Gr. en, in, and dēmos, a people, a district ] ছানীয়; দাৰ্বজনিক বা দেশব্যাপী: Peculiar to a country or people, as a disease:—n. ছানীয় রোগ, সার্বজনিক বা দেশব্যাপী রোগ; A disease of an endemic character.

Ending, ending, n. সমান্তি; শেষ; Termination:
— অধিম বিকজি, In Grammar, the terminating syllable or letter of a vowel. [ used as a salard. Endive, endiv, n. শাকবিশেষ, A kind of plant Endless, endles, a. আৰম্ভ, অবিহাম; চিব, নিতা; Continual; everlasting:—উজ্জেখন (Objectless. ad=endlessly. n=endlessness. Syn:—Interminable, unlimited, boundless, infinitive, etermal, everlasting; incessant, perpetual; purposeless. [ marrying within the tribe. Endogamy, n. ব্য-পরিগম; The practice of Endorse—Same as indorse.

Endow, en-dow', v. t. [Fr. en, and douer, to endow] খোডুক-দে; বৃদ্ধি-দা; To furnish with a portion, to settle on:—গুৰ খাবা স্থাকিত-কৃ, বৃদ্ধি খাবা অনুকৃত-কৃ, অবিকাৰী-কৃ, Enrich with any gift or faculty, indue. n=endower. Syn:—Dower; ou, ply with, furnish with, endue, invest, enrich Endow (one) with—কোৰ গুৰ্ণবিশিষ্ট-কৃ, Enrich one with (some quality).

Endowment, endow'ment, n. হৌতুক-প্রদান; বৃত্তিদান, Property, fund, or revenue permanently appropriated to any object:—শীপজি, প্রতিভা; Git of nature; talents, natural capacity. Syn:—Gift, grant, boon, largess, bequest, benefaction, provision; fund, property, revenue; parts, genius, talent, capacity, faculty, ability. Endue—Same as Indue.

Endurable, en-dura-bl, a. महमीय ; That can be endured or borne. ad=endurably, n=endurableness.

Endurance, en-dur'ans, n. দ্বিভি; সাধিছ; Continuance:—সহিক্তা; বৈধ্যাৰত্বৰ; সাহৰ; Patience; sufferance. Syn:—Lastingness, bearing, suffering, sufferance; patience, fortitude, resignation, submission.

Endure, en-dur', v. t. [Fr. en, and durer, to last] সভ্-ক; জনল থাকা; To sustain; brook; undergo; bear with patience:—v. i. ছাৰী-ছ; গিয় থাকা; To continue in the same state without perishing, abide, last. Syn:—Continue; support; suffer, experience; tolerate, submit to, abide; be resigned, take patiently.

Endwise, endwiz, adv. stras free; crices free; On the end with the end forward.

Enema, che-ma, n. [Gr. en, in, and hidmi, to send া শুহু নাড়ীতে প্ৰকিন্ত কৰিব উৰৰ; পিচকাৰী বাবা প্ৰকেশৰ; An injection or clyster, thrown up into the lower bowel.

Enemy, ehe-mi, n. [L. in, negative, and amicus, a friend] শক্ত, বিপক; বিপু; A foe; an adversary. Syn:—Opponent, antagonist. How goos the enemy—কড সময়? What

o'clock is it ? The enemy—नरवान ; The devil.

Energetic, en-ér-jerik, Energetical, en-érjerik-al, a. वजवान, ८५:६।वान, Active; forcible; strong; potent. ad=energetically. Syn:— Vigorous, powerful, effective, nervous.

Energy, ehet-ji, n. [Gr en, in, and ergon, work] কাৰ্য্যকৰী শক্তি, শক্তি, বন, তেজ; Inherent power; efficacy, force, vigour, spint. Syn:—Strength, efficiency, manliness, animation, life, zeal, pluck.

Enervate, en-ér-vit, v. t. [L e, out of, and nervus, a nerve] ছুক্ল-কু, খীনবদ-কু, Wcaken; unnerve:—a ছুক্ল, Weakened; without force:—n ছুক্লড়া, Enervation. Syn:—(v) Enfeeble, relax, unhinge, unstring, paralyze.

Enfeeble, en-fe'bl, v t शैनवन-कृ, पूर्वन-कृ; Weaken. Syn:—Debilitate, enervate

Enfeeblement, enti'bl-ment, n হৰ্মকতা; দৌৰুলা, শাণ্ডা, Weakness, enervation.

Enfeoff, en sci', v. t ফানৌর দেওবা, To invest with a see. [Act of enfeoffing. Enfeoffment, en-sei'ment, n. সামগীর বা বৃত্তিদান; Enfilado, en-si-lad, n [Fi. en, and fil, a thread ] সোজা বেখা বা প্র; Passage or range of

thread j সোভা বেখা বা পৰ; Passage or range of a gun in a straight line or in file:—v. i পোলা নিকেপ, সবল বেখান্তমে ভেদ-কৃ. To rake with shot through the whole length of a line

Enforce, en-for's, v. t. কাষো পৰিণত-কু; বলপ্ৰলোপ-কু; To put in force, to give effect to .—বাধ্য-কু; উত্তেজিত-কু, To compel, to urge on. n=enforcement. Syn —( onstrain, acquire, oblige; execute; put strongly, crince.

Enforcement, en-forment, n বলপ্রয়োগ, কার্ব্যে পরিণতি; Compulsion, giving effect to

Enfranchise, en-franchiz, v. t. অধিকার আগক-इ : युक्ति कांत्र-कृ, To admit to the privileges of a free man or citizen; to liberate for bondage. Syn:—Liberate, release, enlarge; naturalize, give a vote to.

Bnfranchisement, en-franchiz-ment, n. আৰি-কার প্রথান ; দাসত্ ইংতে মোচন ; Admission to civil or political privileges , release from slavery or custody.

Engage, en-gহা; v. t. আবছ-ক; Bind:—নিৰ্জ্কর; Employ; to occupy.—গ্ৰ-ক; To fight:—আবছ-ক; Bind by contract:—আবৰ্ণ-ক; Attract; allure:—গলভূক ক, To enlist:—v. t. আবছ-ক, আলীকার-ক; To pledge one's word; to become bound:—গলভূজ-হ, আলী-হ, To enlist in any party, to take a part:—বিবাৰে পায়ক; To enter into conflict. Syn:—Pledge,

commit, promise; employ, hire; busy; engross; gain, win, draw for, fix, arrest; encounter; stipulate, burgain; undertake.

Engaged, a. অন্নাত্ত ; Pledged ; promised :—
বাক্ষম্ভ ; Betrothed :—নোৎসাছ ; Earnest.

Be engaged in—কোন কাৰ্য্যে নিৰ্ক-হ; Be employed in.

[ betrothed to.
Be engaged to—কাহাৰও সহিত বিবাহ ছিন্ন-হ; Be

Bngagement, en-gajment, n. पत्रीकांव ; Promise, stipulation; obligation :—कार्य ; Employment, business, avocation :—गुक् ; विश्वाप्त, A fight or battle. Syn:—Occupation; word; pledge, assuration, contract, combat, contest, encounter, conflict.

Engaging, e-gajing, a. আকৰ্ষণ: আকৰ্ষণাৰী; মনোহৰ; চিত্তাৰক; Winning; attractive, ad= engagingly.

Engender, en-jehder, v. t [ I. en, and genero, to generate ] উৎপত্ৰ कृ, উৎপাদন-कृ, To produce; to generate, occasion.—v i. উৎপত্ৰ-ছ; উৎপাদিত-ছ; To be caused or produced. Syn:—Breed, beget, procreate, cause.

Engine, chjin, n কল; A mechine in which mechanical powers are combined — বালীয় যায়; Steam engine; fire engine:—ক্ষিম্বত্ত উপায়; Means to an end. Syn.—Machine; implement, instrument, weapon, tool, agent, agency means.

Bngineer, en-jin-er', n. বন্ধ-নিশ্বাধা, ছুৰ্গ'দিনিথাৰ-কুলন ব্যক্তি; One who contrives engines or engine work; one who carries through an artful and skilful contrivance:—v.t. যন্ত্ৰনিশ্বান্তাৰ কাৰ্য্-কু, To perform the work of an engineer:— সাহ্যিক কাৰ্য্য সম্পাদন-কু; To guide or carry through a measure of enterprise.

Bingineering, en-jun-ër'ing, n বস্থাদি নিৰ্থাণ কৌশল; The science and art of utilising natural forces.

Engird, en-gerd, v. t. বেইন-কু, To gud round English, ing'glish, a. ইংলভীয়, উংলভ স্থানীয়, Pertaining to England, its inhabitants, or their language.—n. ইংরাজ জাতি; The people of England:—ইংরাজ ভাবা, The language of the English nation.

Engorge, en-gorj, v t. 要有4-季; To swallow with greediness.—v. i. 安有4-季; To feed with eagerness or voracity. n=engorgement. Syn:—Devour, gorge, eat voraciously, bolt, gobble.

Engrain, on-gran, v t. 38-3, To dye in grain or in the raw material.

**Engrave**, en-grav, v. t. অধিত-কৃ, খোদা; To carve devices upon :—গভীররণে অধিত-কৃ; To imprint; to impress deeply. n=engraver. Syn:—Cut, chisel, stipple, infix.

Engraving, en-grāving, n. প্ৰভাৱ বা কাঠের উপৰ আছৰ; কোগৰ, The art of cutting design on wood &c.:—আছিড ছবি; An engraved plate.

Bingross, en-gros, v. t. [Fr en, gros, in large] আন-ক; To swallow up:—একৰাৰে অধিক স্বৰা অ'শ ক; একাটেবা-ক; To fore stall; to monopolire:—ক্ষ অকৰে প্ৰতিনিপি ক, To copy in a large fair hand, as a deed:—নশ্ৰেকাপ নিন্দা-ক;

ৰাশুৰ্ণ নিৰোধিক-কৃ ; To occupy whally :—ছুল-কু ;
To enlarge. n=engrosser, engrossment. Syn :—
Absorb, engulf, occupy ; forestall, monopolize.
Be engrossed in or with—( কোব বিবয়ে )
বিষয়-ত্ ; Be occupied with ( something ) with
one's whole mind :— মৰ কোব কিছুৰ কমা আকুল-ত্;
One's mind is filled with.

Engrossment, en-gröśment, স. সম্পূৰ্ণ নিছোগ ; নিয়োজিত বিষয় , শাই অধুসিপি · Act of engrossing ; that which has been engrossed; a fair copy.

Engulf-See ingulf.

Enhance, en-hant, v. t. बृद्ध-कः; विश्व-कः; To increase; to raise or heighten; to add to:—
v. i. विश्व-कः; बृद्धि-कः; To grow larger; to be swelled Syn:—Augment; heighten, swell; aggravate, exalt, elevate.

Enhancement, en-hansment, s. इति ; वर्दन ; Increase ; aggravation ; augmentation.

Enigma, enigma, n [Gr ainissomai, to speak darkly] হেঁলালি; আছেলিকা; A riddle; puzzle.

Enigmatio, en-ig-matik, Enigmatical, enig-mat-ik-al, a. এহেলিকাঘটিত; ছুকোৰ; Puzzling, obscure. ad=enigmatically. Syn:—Ambiguous, perplexing, mystical, doubtful. uncertain, equivocal. [To deal in riddles. Enigmatise, en-ig/ma-tiz, v t, এহেলিকা বলা,

Enigmatist, en-ig'ma-tist, n. व्यादिनिका दृशिका ; One who enigmatises.

Enjoin, en-join, v. t. आदित्र- कृ, क्र्य- कृ, Direct earnestly; order; admonsh, issue an injunction. Syn:—Impress, command, prescribe, urge, beg, prohibit, restrain.

Enjoin upon (one)—আবেশ-ক ; Direct one, command one to do.

Enjoy, en-joy', v. t. ক্ৰভোগ-কু; আনন্স অনুভব-কু, উপজোগ-কু; To feel or perceive with pleasure. Syn —Relish, like, obtain possession of. Enjoyment, en joy'ment, n. হল; আনোদ, আবাম, Gratification, pleasure; happiness. Syn.—Satisfaction comfort, gladness, delight. Enkindle, en-kindl. v. i আলিয়ান্দ, প্ৰস্তিত-কু; To set on fice:—উৎসাধিত-কু; উত্তেমিত-কু; To rouse into action; to excite.

Enlarge, en-larz, v. t. वृक्ष-कृ; To increase in size or quantity:—युक-कृ; To set free :—v. i. विक-कृ, To grow large or larger:—कृति देना दे। (ज्या: To dilate, to expantiate. Syn:—Extend, expand, augment, multiply, widen, diffuse, amplify, stretch, swell expandate, dilate, descant.

Enlarge on, upon—ৰাহলাকপে ৰবা; Discuss Enlargement, en-lar/ment, n. বৃদ্ধি; বৰ্দ্ধ ; বিস্থৃতি ; Increase; extension:—ৰাহলা ক্ষপে বৰ্দ্ধা, বিস্থৃত পিৰৱ; Diffusiveness of speech or writing. Enlighten, en-li'n, v. t. উজ্জ্ব-কু; স্কান বাদ্ধান-কু; বিশ্বা-কে; Throw light upon; to illuminate; to inform; to impart knowledge; to instruct. n=enlightenment. Syn:—Teach, edify, inform, educate, counsel.

Enlightenment, en-lifenment, a. आरनाव-वादि, State of being enlightened.

Enlist, en-list, v. t. wifewige-# ; To enrol :-जबकाति कार्या निकल-इ: To engage in public service: - नक्क - ; Unite firmly to a cause:e.s. डानिकाकुर-इ ; To enrol oneself ; register :-नक बहा-कः नक्ष्य-हः To enter heartily into [ Enrolment. any cause. Enlistment en-listment, n. তালিকা মুক্ত করণ; Enliven, en-livn v. t. আমোদিত-কৃ; অক্ত-কৃ: म्बीद-कृ To animate ; to make cheerful ; inspirit; invigorate. neenlivener. Syn :- Quicken, rouse up, inspire, exhilarate, excite; amuse. Enmity, efimi-ti, n. [ Fr. en, negative, and amitie, amity ] পক্তা : বিপক ; Ill-will, hostility. Syn :- Hate, rancour, hatted, animosity, malevolence, malice, malignity.

Ennoble, en-no'bl, v. t. খ্যাতাপন্ত ; উন্নত-কু ; To elevate; to raise to nobility. Syn:—Raise,

exalt, elevate, aggrandize, dignify.
Ennui, ang'-nwe', n. ব্লাছ ; বিষাদ ; অবসাদ ;
Lassitude; melancholy, a feeling of weariness.
Enormous, e-nor'mus, a. [ L. e, out of, and norma, rule ] অভাছ ; অভিথিক ; মহাপালিই; পহিত .
Excessive ; atrocious, heinous. ad=enormously.
Syn:—Huge, vast, immoderate, prodigious, immense, gigantic, vast; gross, monstrous.
Enormity, e-nor'mu-ti, n. আভিপ্যা; ভক্ষ ; মহাপাল; The state of being immoderate, monstrous or outrageous, a great crime; great wickedness. Syn.—Atrocity, flagitious vallainy, great offence; outrage.

Enough, e-nul', a. যথেষ্ট; পৰ্যাপ্ত; Sufficient, adequate:—n. আচুৰা; Sufficiency:—adv. প্ৰচুৰ-কপে, পৰ্যাপ্ত পৰিমাণে; Sufficiently; fully. Syn.—(a) Sufficient, satisfactory, equal to, abundant. Enrage, en-raj, v.t. কোপাধিত-কৃ; কোধাধিত-কৃ; Make angry; exasperate. Syn:—Irritate, incense, inflame, exasperate, provoke, anger,

incite, madden infuriate.

Enrapture, en-rap'tur, v. t. মোছিত-कृ; आकापिठ-कृ To delight highly, to transport with pleasure or delight; throw into ecstasy; ravish. Syn:—Enchant, charm, entrance, delight.

Enrich, en-rich, v. t. খনাচ্য-কু; সুশোভিত-কু; উপান-কু; To make rich; to adorn, fertilize:— শিকা-কে; To store with knowledge, instruct. n=enrichment. Syn:—Aggiandize, endow, render, opulent; embellish, decorate.

Enrichment, n. धनाहा वा উर्ल्डा कडन ; Act of enriching ; that which enriches.

Enrol, en-rol, v. t. ডাল্বিকাভুক্ত-কু; লিখিয়া রাখা; Insert in a register; enlist; record. n=enrolment or enrollment. Syn:—Enlist; envelop, involve, enwrap. [record, a register. Enrolment, en-rollment, n. ঘলিল; ডালিকা; A Ensconce, en-skonś, v. t. ঘূৰ্ব ঘাবা বকা-কু; নিবা-গালক; Shelter as with a sconce or fort; protect; hide secretly. Syn:—Cover, screen, conceal; Enshrine, en-shrine, v. t. ঘলিয় মধ্যে মকা-কু; To inclo-e in a shrine:—বেহের লাহত মকা-কু; নবছে ও লাহত বকা-কু; সবছে ও লাহত, enshrine :—বেহের লাহত মকা-কু; নবছে ও লাহত, enshrine :—Consecrate, treasure, preserve, embalm; cherish, hallow, sanctify.

Enshroud, v. s. winging-y; wingifes-y; To cover up.

Ensign, ensin, n. [L. in, on, signum, a mark]
প্ৰাৰ্থ কৰা; Flag; national flag:—চিক্ ; ক্ৰচিক্; Badge; coat of arms:—সম্বেভ ক্ৰথাৰ
সংকভ; Any signal to assemble:—পভাকাৰাই!;
A commissioned officer, who formerly carried
the flag of a company or regiment; flag-bearer.
n=Ensigncy, ensignship (rank or office of an
ensign.) Syn:—Banner, colours, standard, pennon, streamer; signal, sign, badge.

Enslave, en-slav, v. t. কুত্লাস-কু; জ্বীস-কু; Enthral; reduce to slavery or bondage. [bondage. Enslavement, en-slavment, n. দাসকু; Slavery;

Ensnaro-Same as Insnare.

Einstamp, en-stamp, e. t. মুহান্তি-কৃ; গতীবৰূপে অহিত-কৃ; To impress as with a stamp; to impress deeply.

Ensue, en-su', v. i. [ L. en, after, and sequer, to hollow] ঘটে; হয়; অব্যত্তী-হ; সংষ্টিত-হ; Succeed, come after; to result from:—v. t. অব্সরণ-ক; অহগণন-ক; To follow, pursue. Syn:—Follow, be subsequent; supervene, spring from, proceed, result, accrue.

Ensure-Same as insure.

Entablature, en-tabla-tur, Entablement, en-tabl-ment, n. [ L. in, in the manner of, and tubu'a, a table ] জাটালিকাদিব তত্ত্বে উর্ভাগ; That part of an order which is above the columns, more particularly architrave, frieze.

Entail, en-tal, v. t. [Fr. en, in, into, and tailler, to cut ] কাহাকে শবিভাগা অধিকায় প্রদান-কৃ; বিশেষ উত্তর্গবিকারীয় হতে সম্পত্তির অবিচ্ছেলী অধিকায় প্রদান-কৃ; To settle inalienably an estate on a particular heir or series of heirs:—উৎপায়-কৃ; উৎপায়ন-কৃ; To bring on as inevitable; involve:
—n. অবিভাগা সম্পত্তি; An estate limited in descent to particular heirs. n=entailment.

Entail on— अवश्रकां वे क्लब्ज्ञन-क् ; Settle inalien ibly on ; be brought on one as the inevitable result of.

Entailment, en-taiment, n. অবস্থানী কলের উৎ-পাদন বা প্রান্তি; Act of entailing, or the state of being entailed.

Entangle, en-tang'gl, v. t. অভিত-কু; আবুল-জু; বিপাৰ্ত-কু; কাঁদে কেলা; Involve; twist together; perplex; confuse; embarass; insnare. Syn:— Mat, ravel, knot; catch, entrap, ensnare; implicate, complicate, bewilder.

Entanglement, en-tang'gl-ment, n. হতব্দিতা; উৎপাত; Perplexity; a confused state; intricacy. Enter, enter, e.t. [L. in, in, and tar, to cross] থাবেশ-কৃ; Come or go into:—বোগ-দে; পাবুক-ফৃ; Join or engage in:—কাব্দ-কৃ; To begin:—ক্সি-কৃ; তালিকাজ্জ-কৃ; Enlist; to enrol:—লিকা; Record —v. i. মবিই-ফ; ভিতার-মা; To go or come in; to penetrate:—মবুক হ; Engage in:—ক্ষেত্তু-ফু; Constitude a part, Syn.—Pierce, go upon, invade; insert, set in; set down, got down; enrol, register; share in.

Enter a profession.—स्वान व्यवसंख्य निवृक्त-र ; Engage in any profession. Enter for-Enlist.

Enter into— अवृत्त- इ; Engage in; begin:—
সহাসূত্তি প্রকাশ- इ; Appreciate; sympathise:—
গতীসকলে প্রবেশ- ছ; To penetrate deeply:—বোগবে; কোন কিছুতে জাবন্ধ- হ; To partake of: to share in, to take part in; bind oneself by:—
কোন কিছুত্ব জাৱৰ্গত বা জ্বো- হ; Form a part of:—
বিশেষ খনোবোগ- হু; Consider attentively.

Binter into a conversation—কথাৰাৰ্ডা কহিছে।
Enter into a discussion—বাদাসুবাদ করিছে।
Enter into a league—কাহারত প্রতিক্লে; একভানর সহিত মৈত্রীসক্রে।
[বার্ডা।

Enter into a negotation—সন্ধিত্বাপনাৰ্থ কথা-Enter into a recognizance—মূচলকা দিয়া। Enter into an engagement—কৌন সৰ্ভে।

Enter into one's views—\* श्री पठ अश्न- कः To be favourably disposed to one's ideas and opinions; to adopt them.

Enter into particulars—বিভাহিত বৰ্ণনা-কু, Relate in detail.

Enter on or upon—আগত-কু; প্ৰথম প্ৰবৃত্ত ই, Begin; undertake. [ to be thought of by one. Enter one's head—চিত্তা-কু; To occur to one; Enter the lists—কোন বিবাদে প্ৰবৃত্ত-ই; ছলগুছে বা বিবাদে প্ৰস্তুত-ই; To accept a challenge or engage in a combat.

Enter up—ভালিকা বাধা; Keep a register.

Be entered at—উচ্চতঃ বিদ্যালয়ে ভাই-হ, Be enrolled as a student of a college.

Enterio, en-ter'ik, a. [Gr. enteron, intestine]

Enterities, en-te-ri'ties, n. MERVIE; Inflamation of the intestines.

Enterprise, enter-priz, n. [Fr. entre, into, prendre, to seize] সাহসিক কর্ম, মহোদান, অসম-সাহসিক কর্ম, A bold or dangerous undertaking; an adventure; daring; energy. Syn:—undertaking, venture, effort, endeavour, activity.

Enterprising, enter-priz-ing, a. সাহাসক, চ:-সাহসিক, Adventurous: bold to undertake. ad= enterprisingly.

Entertain, en-ter-tan, v. t. [ Fr. entre, among, and L. teneo, to hold ] কর্মে নিযুক্ত-ক , Maintain , keep in pay :-- व्याजिशा-कृ ; व्याजिशा मध्कां व-कृ , To show hospitality to, receive as a host -आत्माषिक-क ; To engage agreeably the attention; divert :- ( ) Harbour; cherish v. i. अहार्थना-क ; To receive guests. Syn .-Lodge, harbour, treat, support, hold, cherish, amuse, recreate. n=entertainer, ad -enter-[ sing ; diverting. tainingly. Entertaining, a. चारमांग्डानक, गरनांदम, Amu-Entertainment, en-ter-tanment, n. 明天 , within, Amusement, diversion --- উৎস্ব . Feast :- প্রতাদি; Musical or dramatic performance:--আতিখা; অতিখি-সংকার; Act of receiving as host :- [42] Recreation. Syn :-Hospitable treatment, banquet, collation, treat, reception; consideration; pastime, sport.

Enthrel—Same as inthral.
Enthrone, en-thron, v. t. সিংহাসনোপবিষ্ট-কু,
ৰাজা-কু, To place on a throne, n=enthronment.

Enthronement, w. aterious; The act of enthroning or of being enthroned.

Enthronisation, n. et a state of a letter;
The enthronement of a bishop.

Enthusiasm, en-thu'zi-azm, n. [Gr. en, in, and theos, a god] উৎসাহ; উমন্ততা; উৎস্কা; Ardent zeal; fervour of soul; intense, interest. Syn:—Fanaticism, excitement, extravagance, ardour, vehemence.

Enthusiast, en-thu'zi-ast, ল. উৎসাহী ব্যক্তি; ধাৰ্মান্ত ব্যক্তি; One possessed of enthusiasm; one who lives or admires inten-ely; a visionary; a zealot; devotee, fanatic, dreamer.

Enthusiastic, en-thu-zi-astik, Enthusiastical, en-thu-zi-astik-al, a. উৎসাহী; উৎসাহবাৰ; भारतक; Zealous; ardent; devoted. ad=enthusiastically.

Entice, en-tis, v. t. প্ৰবৃদ্ধ- কু; প্ৰবোজিত- কু; বিপৰে বছয়া-বা; To allure; seduce, tempt; to lead astray. n=enticer. Syn:—Coax, decoy, persuade, prevail on, lead astray.

Enticement, en-tisment, n. citales, Allurement, temptation; inducement. Syn:—Attraction, blandishment, seduction, persuasion.

Entire, en-tir, a. [ L. ən, not, and tago, tango, to touch ] সম্পূৰ্ব ; সমন্ত্ৰ ; জবিভক্ত ; Full and perfect ; whole ; complete, unmingled ; unmixed.

Syn:—Whole ; unbroken, undivided, unimpaired, unduminished, plenary, thorough, unalloyed, unmingled al-entirely, nentireness.

Entireness, n. মম্পূৰ্বতা , Completeness , the whole, integrity.

Entirety, en-tir'ti, n. মম্পূৰ্বতা , মমন্ত , Complete-Entitle, en-ti'ti, n. মম্পূৰ্বতা , মমন্ত , Complete-Entitle, en-ti'ti, n. t. বহুবাৰ্কু ; উপাত্তককু ; To give a title or right , to qualify:—আহিত্তককু , উপাৰি বা নাম দেওয়া, Call ; designate. Syn:—
Name, design ite, style, characterize, demonate, dignify, ennoble , qualify, fit for.

Entitle (one) to—(কোন পদ বা স্ব্যাতি পাইবার) স্বয়বান কু; Give one a claim to.

Be entitled to —উপযুক্ত হওলা, Descree.

Entity, chti-ti, n. [ L. esse, to be ] অন্তিম্ন; সংকাৰ্গ; Existence; a real substance, essence. Entomb, en-tōōni, v. f. স্মাধি ক্রিয়-কু, গোৰ-দে, স্মাধি-কু; To bury; inter, inhume. | Burial. Entombment, en-tōōniment, ক্ষ স্মাহিত কবৰ, Entomologist, en-to-molo-jist, n. পত্তর্গ বিশ্ব পাতিত; কীউত্ব্স; One learned in entomology. Entomology, en-to-molo-ji, n. পত্তর্গ বা কীট বিশ্বক বিশ্বা, কীউত্ত্ব; The science of insects. a=entomological, ad=entomologically.

Entozoa, en-to-zo'a, দ. pl. [Gr. en'os, within, soon an animal] অন্ত জীবেৰ দেহাভাৱর ছাত ক্ষ্যালি: Animals living inside of other animals.

Entrails, entraiz, n. pl. बाड़ी बूड़ी; वाड ; The bowels ; guts.

Entrain, en-tran, v. f. বাপীর-বান বোরে (নৈয়) পাঠাব; To put into a train, said of troops by railway.

Entrance, entrans, n. धारवणाधिकांत्र ; Power or right to enter :—धारवणकांत्र ; The doo: :—धारव . The beginning. Syn .—Ingress, access ; entry.

inlet, mouth, avenue, passage, door, portal, commencement; introduction; initiation.

Entrance, en-trans, v.f. (बाहिन कु: Enrapture; bewitch; ravish with delight or wonder:— डेज्ञानिक-कृ: To put in an ecstasy. Syn:—Enrapture, enchant, charm, bewitch, fascinate. Entrancement, en-transment, n. बहुाज्ञान;

State of trance or of ecstasy.

Entrap, entrap' v. t. কাৰে ধনা; To insnare; to entangle:— দ্বিত্তাৰ কু; To embarrass. Syn:— Ensnare, inveigle, entice, seduce. entangle, involve, perplex.

Entreat, en-tret, v. t. প্রার্থনা-ড়; ডিকা-ড়; Beseech; pray for; ask earnest; importune; beg. Syn:—Solicit, crave, implore, importune,

supplicate, petition.
Entreaty, en-treft, n অসুনয়; সাহন্য প্রার্থনা,
Earnest prayer; solicitation; suit. Syn:—
Importunity, request, supplication, petition.
Entrench, Entrust—Same as Intrench, In-

trust.

Entrust to one (Entrust one with) —কাহাৰত উপৰ কোন বিষয়ের ভার দেওয়া; Confide something to the care of one

Entry, thtri, n ভিতরে প্রেশ, অন্তর্নিবেশ; Entrance, a passage into —লিখন, Making a record:—মাধ্যাব্জুক করণ; Act of taking possession of. Syn.—Ingress, entrance; passage, hall; beginning; minute, note, second.

Entwine, en-twin, v t. suff; To twine, to twist round Syn .— Intwist, plait; wind round,

encurcle, surround, embrace.

Entwist, en twist, v. t. চতুঃপাৰ্কে ভড়িত-কু; বেইত-কু, To twist round, to wreathe round.

Enumerate, e-narmer-at, v. f. [L e, out, and numeratus, to number] গণনা-কু; সংখ্যা-কু; Count; reckon up one by one; recount, recapituate. Syn — Compute, reckon; detail. Enumeration, e-nu-mer-a-hun, n. গণনা, বিশেষ

विवतन ; मःकिश्व विवतन ; A detailed account ; a

summing up.

Enunciate, e-nuńsi-at, v. t [L. e, and nuncio, to tell] উচ্চান্ত্ৰ-কৃ; প্ৰকাশ-কৃ; বিবৃত্ত কৃ; Utter; pronounce, proclaim; declare; state formally n=enunciator, enunciation. Syn:—State, propound, publish, promulgate; articulate, speak.

Enunciation, n. উক্তি , বিবরণ ; প্রচার ; জ্যামিতিক প্রতিজ্ঞার সূত্র ; A distinct declaration ; the words

in which a proposition is expressed.

Enunciative, e-nunsi-3-tiv, Enunciatory, e-nunsi-st-or-i, s. विरम्प विवयत युक्त ; धाकानक ; Declarative.

Envelop, en-velup. v. f. বোড়া: আছোদিত-ৰু; Wrap; cover with a wrapper:—ব্ৰামিড-ৰু; Hide. Syn:—Enwrap, infold; encase, inclose, surround, encircle; hide, conceal.

Envelope, chvel-öp. n. আছাগৰ; Wrapper:—
বাৰ, Covering for a letter; the cover of a letter.
Envelopment, en-velop-ment, n. আছাগৰ;
Covering on all sides.

Envenom, en-vehum, v. f. (4418-7; To poison;

হিংসা বারা কস্বিত-কৃ; Taint with bitterness or malice:—বাবাইয়া-সে; To exasperate.

Enviable, envi-a-bl. a. বাছনীয়; ইনিড; ইর্নো-দীপক, Exciting envy; very desirable. ad enviably.

Envious, chvi-us, a ইবাৰিত ; অনুবাপৰ্বণ ; Malicious ; jcalous. n=enviousness. ad=enviously.
Environ, en-vi'run, v. t. [Fr. virer, to turn round] বেইল-কৃ; কড়িড-কৃ; To encircle; to invalve; to invest:—অবংশ-কৃ; To besiege.
Syn:—Envelop, gird, inclose, hem in.

Environment, n. বেইৰ, পৰিজ্ঞৰণ; Act or state of being environed or that which environs.

Environs, envi-runz, n. সহরতলি; নগরের পার্থকী ছান; সারিধ্য, Suburbs; outskirts; neighbourhood, vicinity.

Envoy, chvoy, n. [Fr. en, on, and L. via, a way] vo, A messenger; one despatched

upon; an errand. n=envoyship.

Envy, envi, v. t [L in, on, and video, to look] বিষেধ-কু; হিংসা-কু; Hate another for being happier or better; grudge —v. i. ইপা-প্ৰথম-ছ; To be filled with envious feelings — লোভ-কু, To covet:—n. বেৰ, হিংসা, বিষেধ, Malice, ill will. Syn:—(n) Jealousy, enviousness, hate, invidiousness.

Envying, chri-ving, n. दिःता; (वर ; Envy,

Enwrap-See inwrap.

Eolian, ट ए'h-an, Eolic, ह-olik, a. वायुमवकीय ; Belonging to Æolia, or Æolis, the god of the winds, or to the wind. [wind. Eolian harp, n. Instrument played by the

Eolic-Dialect of Eolia.

Epact, c'pakt, n. [Gr epi, on, ago, to bring] চান্ত ও সৌৰ ৰাম বা বংসাৰের ন্যাধিকা; The moon's age at the end of the year.

Epaulet, Epaulette, ep-awlet, n. সৈত্তবের ক্ষোপ্রিস্থ চিক্ত ; ক্ষাভ্রণ, Shoulder-badge worn

by military or naval officers.

Epergne, e-pérh, n. বৃহৎ ছালাধার; An ornamental stand for a large dish in the centre of a table. [Hebrew measure for dry goods. Epha, Ephah, E'ia, n ওজন পরিমাণ বিশেষ; Ephemera, ef-emer-a, n [Gr. eps, for, and hemera, a day] অলকণবারী জীব; The Mayfly; a short-lived insects —এক দিনছায়ী জ্বর; A fever of one day's continuance.

Ephemeral, ef-emer-al, a. অৱকান্তারী, Short-lived, lasting a day:—আহ্নিক; Diurnal. Syn:— Transient, evanescent, transitory, fleeting, fugitive, momentary.

Ephemeris, ef-emer-is, n. পরিকা বিশেষ ; বিষয়া ; A journal, a diary, an astronomical almanac. pl=ephemerides.

Ephemerist, el-emer-ist, n. এহাদির দৈনিক গভি
নির্ণাহক; জ্যোভির্মিণ; An astrologer, a journalist.
Ephod, ef'od, n. [Heb. aphad, to put on] বিভ্রমী
প্রোহিতের পরিজ্ঞান অংশ বিশেব; The upper garment of a Jewish priest.

Epic, ep'ik, n. [Gr. epos, a word ] बर्शकांश ; A heroic poem :-- महाकांश अवकींश ; Relating to

great events; containing narration,

Epicone, ep'i-sen, a. or n. Gr. epi, and koinos, both sexes; applied in common before; Common to both sexed, applied in Gram. to nouns of either gender.

Epiouranism, ep-i-ku-re'an-izm, n. এপিকিট-ৰনের মত বা তল্পুসরণ; The doctrines of Epicurus,

attachment to these doctrines.

Epicure, ep'i-kur, n. गण्यह ; ইঞ্জিরপরতক্ত ব্যক্তি ; পেটুৰ ; A man given to luxury ; a voluptuary ; a sensualist; one given to the luxuries of the table.

Epicurean, ep-i-ku-re'an a. ভোগবিলাস-রত; ভোগরত : Given to luxury ; luxurious :- n. Follower of Epicurus :— डेक्वनर्सव ; व्हाक्रन-विनामी ; One given to the luxuries of the table.

Epicuriam, ep'i-kūr-izm ন. ইন্সিয়াশবি : ভোজন-বিশাসিতা: The doctrines of Epicurus; luxury;

sensual enjoyment.

Epicyole, epi-sikl, n. [Gr. epi, upon, kyklos, a circle ] আপকাকৃত বৃহত্তরবৃত্ত-পরিষ্ক্রিত-কেন্দ্রাশ্রিত পুৰ্ণায়মান কৃষ্ণভয় বুড ; A circle having its centre in the circumterence of a greater circle, on which it moves.

Epidemic, ep-i-demik, Epidemical, ep-i-demik-al, [Gr. epi, among, and demos, the people] प्रभवाशिक, वहजनबाशिक; Affecting a whole people; general; prevailing. ad=epidemically. Epidemic. n. मिनवानिक वाकि; महामाती; A disease which arising from a wide spread cause affects many persons at once.

Epidermis, ep-i-der'mis, n. [Gr. epi, upon, and derma, the skin ] উপত্ৰ, বহি:ত্ব প্ৰাত্ৰ ; The cuticle or outer skin of animals - 3995 ; বৰ্ণের উপবস্থ আবরণ; External layer of the baik

of a plant. a = epidermic, epidermal.

Epigastric, ep'-i-gastrik, a. [Gr. epi, upon and garter, the stomach ] উদরের উচ্চাংশ সম্বায়, नाण्डितमस्त्रीय; Pertaining to the upper and anterior part of the abdomen.

Epiglottis, ep-i-glotis, n. 明南京西; A valve of cartilage at the base of the tongue, which closes the glottis and excludes food or drink

from the larynx, while eating.

Epigram, ep'i-gram, n. [Gr. epi, upon, and gramma, a writing ] कुझ हारगामी भक् कविछा ; বিজ্ঞপাত্মক কৰিডা; A short poem on one subject

ending with a witty thought.

Epigrammatic, ep-i-gram-mātik, Epigrammatical, ep-i-grammatik-al, a. दममा क्रिडाउर : সংকিত ; Relating or dealing in epigrams ; concise; pointed. Syn: - Laconic, terse, poignant, ad=epigrammatically.

Epigrammatise, ep-i-gramat-iz, v. t. 何本-शांक्क बाका बहना वा आर्षात-कृ; To make an epi-

gram. n=epigrammatist.

Epigramatist, ep-i-gramat-ist, n. विक्रभाषक-কৰিতা-শেষক; One who writes epigrams.

Epigraph, ep'i-graf, n. [Gr. epi, upon, and grapho, to write | केंक्ड बाका ; त्यांक ; बहन ; A

Epilepsy, ep'i-lep-si, [Gr. epi, upon, and lepsomai, to seize ] मृत्रे (वान , मृन्द्राद्रान ; Falling

sickness; a disease characterised by convulsions, stupor and foaming at the mouth. a= epileptic.

Epilogue ep'i-log, w. [ Gr. epi, upon, and lego, to speak ] बांडेस्का लाख बक्का वा कविका : অভিনয় সমাধ্যির পর কুত্র বক্তা; A speech or short poem made at the end of a play. amepilogistic. Epiphany, e-pifan-i, n. [ Gr. epi, upon, and phaino, to shew ] बाजूबादी बारमब यह जिनमीब श्वत्होरमव ; डेस्मव विलव ; A christian festival celebrated on January 6th.

Episcopacy, e-pisko-pas-i, n. [Gr. episkopes, a bishop ] विनाशित धर्माशक्का ; विनाशित व्यक्तित :

Chuch government by a bishop.

Episcopal, e-piśko-pal, a. विमन्त्रकीत ; Of, like, or belonging to the bishops. ad=episco-

pally.

Episcopalian, c-pis-ko-pali-an, a. विनंश वा छत्रीव শাসনস্থানীয় : Belonging to the bishops or government by bishops :- n. विनरभव भागनांधीन धर्त्रप्रक्लीव मजावनको; One who belong to the episcopal church.

Episcopalianism, n. विमनकर्ष्क धर्ममन्दिव नामन ; Government of the church by bishops, episcopacy.

Episcopate, e-pisko-pat, n. श्वांक्रक अधिकांत . বিশ্বপর পদ; Bishopiic; the office and dignity

of bishops

Episode, ep'i-sod, n. [Gr. epi, upon, eisodos, a coming in-eis, into, hodos, a way ] आनिक्क क्षां, माबादेव परिना ; An incidental narrative ; an interesting incident.

Episodio, e-pi-sodik, Episodical, e-pi-sodik-al, Episodial, e-pi-so'di-al, a. আস্ত্রিক; [ Incidentally. Incidental, digressive. Episodically, e-pi-sodik-al-i, ad. अनवकार ;

Epistle, e-pisl, n [Gr. epi, and stello, to send] পত্ৰ , A letter. Syn :- Written communication, note, missive.

Epistolary, e-pisto-lar-ı, a. পত मक्कीद ; পত्री-চিত; পরোক; Contained in letters; pertaining or suitable to an epistle.

Epistolie, ep-is-tolik, Epistolical, ep-is-toli-

k-al. a. প্রস্পুক্রি; Epistolary. Epitaph, ep'i-taf, n. [Gr. epi, upon, and taphos, a tomb ] मर्याचित्र উপরিস্থ লিবিত বিষয়: হৈত্যলিপি; An inscription on a monument in memory of the dead. a=epitaphian, epitaphic. Epithet, ep'i-thet, n. [Gr. epi, on, and tithemi, to place ] Getfit; Title; descriptive term, [ taining to an epithet. name a=epithetic. Epithetic, ep-i-thetik, a. खन्ताक न्यकीय ; Per-Epitome, e-pito-me, n. [ Gr. epi, and temno, to cut ] मात्रमध्यह ; मःकिश्वमात्र ; ह्वक ; Abridgment; abstract; synopsis; summery. Syn:-Compendium, compend, conspectus, syllabus. Epitomise, e-pito-miz, v. t. क्षक-क ; नारमरधर-F; To shorten; to condense. n=epitomiser, epitomist. Syn :- Abridge, reduce, summarize, compress, abbreviate, contract; curtail, cut

[ who abridges. short. Epitomiser, Epitomist, to, August ; One Brown, ep'ok or e', n. [Gr. কা, upon, and scho, to hold ] বিশিষ্টকাল; অস; বংসার; বিখ্যাত বটনার কাল; Period; era, date, a point of time marked by some remarkable event.

Epode, ep'od, n. Aufo ; se fare; A kind of

lyric poem. emepodic.

Bponym, Eponyme, ep'o-nim, n. [Gr. epi, upon, to and onoma, name ] বান্ধিবিশেবের নামানুনারে কোন কান্ডি বা দেশের নাম ; A name, as of a country or people, derived from that of an individual. a=eponymous.

Epopee, cp'o-pē, n. [Gr. epos, a word, poien, to make ] बीबबनक्यांन कांत्र वा खर्निक विवय: An

epic poem, the subject of an epic.

Equability, n. मम्या ; मप्काद ; Evenness.

Equable, c'kwa-bl, a. जपडांव; नमान; कठेन : दिव; Even ; uniform ; not variable. #=equability.

Syn :- Regular, steady.

Equal, c'kwal, a. [L. aequus, equal, Sans. eka, one] সমাদ; সমত্লা; তুলা; Alike; of the same quality, nature, or standing:—উপস্ক; Adequate:—নিরপেক; সাহস্কত; Impartial; just; equitable:—সমান; Not variable; uniform:—n. সমকক; সমাদ্মী; One of the same age, rank, quality &c.:—v.i. সম-হ, সমান-ফ; To be or to make equal to. ad=equally. Syn:—(a) Even, uniform, regular, equable; like, alike, equivalent, tantamount, proportionate, commensurate; fair, just, equitable, fit.

Equal to – সমাৰ: On a par with :- পর্যাপ্ত; Adequate to :-- বোৰাভাৰ-পত্ত; Having power

sufficient to meet or perform.

Equalisation, e-kwal-i-záshun, n. नशेक्या ; भगावादि ; The state of being equalised.

Equaliso, E'kwal-iz, ए. १. সমত্ব-३ ; সমান-३ ; To make equal. म=equalisation.

Equality, e-kwali-ti, n. সমভাব ; তুলাভা ; সমভা ; The state of being equal ; likeness, sameness.

Equanimity, E-kwa-nimi-ti, n. [L. aequus, equal, and animus, the mind] सत्तव नमहोत् ; सत्तव दिवले ; Evenness of temper. Syn:—Calmness, composure.

Equation, E-kwfishun, n. সমীকরণ; পড়করণ; In algebra, the expression of the same quality or

value in different terms.

Equator, E-kwator, अ. निवक्ष्युष्ठ ; विव्यविधी ; A great circle equally distant from the two poles.

a = equatorial.

Equery, ekwe-ri, Equerry, ek-wer'i, n. [Low L. scuria, a stable] जननानाज An

officer having the charge of horses

Equestrian, e-kwestri-an, a. [L. eques, a horseman] অৱসৰ্জীয়; অধায়চ়; অবচালনানিপুৰ; Relating to horse or horsemanship; riding on horseback; skilled in horsemanship:—ж. ব্যারোধী; ব্যেতনোরার; A horseman; a rider.

Equiangular, e-kwi-ang'u-lar, a. नगरकान ; नगरकानविनिष्ठे ; Having equal angles.

Equidistant, E-kwi-distant, a नमसूब ; क्लांबब , नमसूबर्को , Equally distant. ad=equidistantly. Equilatoral, E-kwi-later-al, a. नमसूब ; नमसंब ;

Having all the sides equal.

Equilibrate, E-kwi-li'brat, v. f. Anela-a; To balance two scales equally. n=equilibration.

Equilibrium, e-kwi-libri-um, n. [L. aequus, equal, and libra, a balance] সমপরিমিতি; তুব্য-ভার; Equality of weight or force; level position:—ভার বা বলেয় সমতা; সাধ্যাবস্থা; Equipoise.

Equimultiple, e-kwi-multi-pl, s. সমন্ত্ৰিতক; Multiplied by the same number or quantity: n. সমন্ত্ৰিতক সংবা; A number multiplied by the same number or quantity.

Equino, Ekwin, Equinal, e-kwinal, a. 44-

সম্মীয় , Pertaining to a horse.

Equinoctial, e-kwi-nok-shal, a. বিশ্বীয় ; বিশ্বকাল সংকীয় ; Pertaining to the time of the equinox :— স. বিব্ৰ ; শুক্তম্ব বিশ্বকর্ত ; A great circle in the heavens corresponding to the equator of the earth ; the celestial equator.

Equinoctially, e-kwi-nokshal-i, ad. विम्तान्ति

मृत्य ; In the direction of the equinox.

Equinox, E'kwi-noks, n. [ I... neguus, equal, nox, noctis, night ] যে কালে দিবারাত্রি সন্থান হব : বিবৃৰ্বেশা ও অয়ল মঙলের সংযোগ স্থান ; Time of equal night and day; 21st March and 23rd September.

Autumnal equinox—হবিপদ।

Vernal equinox,—विक्शन।

Epuip, e kwip', v. t. [Fr. e'quiper, to attire]
সজিত ক; প্রস্তত-ক; To supply with what is
necessary to efficient action—said esp., of ships
or troops; dress or fit out; to prepare; to
qualify. Syn:—Furnish, provide, arm, accoutre; array, dress.

Equipago, ekw'i-paj, n. সাল; সজা; অনুচৰণৰ্গ; Equipment; accountrements retinue, crow:— বাংপাত বা সেনাকলের সরস্কান; The furniture of an aimed ship or of an army. Syn:—Accountrements, apparatus, baggage, effects; carriage, vehicle; attendance, retinue, train.

Equipaged, ekwi-pajd, a. বীভিষ্ঠ সজ্জিত বা অসুচরবর্গ পরিবৃত্ত; Furnished with an equipage.

Equipment, n. নাজ; সজা; উপক্ৰণ; Accourrement; equipage; the state of being equipped.
Equipoise, c'kwi-poiz, n. ভারের সমতা, তুলাশতের
নামাভাব; Even balance:—তুলা ভাব; সমগুরুত;

Equality of weight; equilibrium.

Equipollent, ह-kwi-polent, a. [ I.. aequus, equal, and polleo to be able ] अभवन; मञ्जा; In equal power or force; equivalent. n=

equipollence.

Equiponderant, E-kwi-ponder-ant, a. [L. aequus, equal, pondus, ponderis, weight] 74-517. Equal in weight. n=equiponderance.

Equiponderate, e-kwi-ponder-ता, v. र. সম্ভাব-इ : To be equal in weight, to balance.

Equitable, ekwi-ta-bl, a. ভাষণৰ; বৰাৰ্থ; পক্ষাত-দৃত্ত; অপক্ষণাতী; Fair; right; just; reasonable; honest; impartial. n-equitableness. adequitably.

Equitation, ekwi-t2-shun, n. [L. equito, to ride—equus, a horse ] अवाद्याहन-क्लान ; The art

of riding on horseback.

Equity, ekwi-ti, n. [ L. aequus, equal ] =

Bapousal, es-powfal, ন. বিবাহ; বারিশ্ব; Act of espousing:—প্রথমেন ; Adoption:—pl. বিবাহন্তি; Marriage ceremony; contract of marriage. Syn:—Betrothing; adoption, defence, support, maintenance. (pl) betrothal, nuptials, promise of marriage.

Espouse, es-powi, v. t. [ L. spondeo, sponsus, to promise solemnly ] বিবাহ-ছ; বাগণান-ছ; To affiance, wed:—প্ৰাবেশ্বন-ছ; ভারহণ বা অবল্যন-ছ; To uphold; to maintain; to support; embrace. n=espouser. \_

Espy, e:-pi', v. t দুৰ ঘূষ-কু; দুব হইতে দেখা; দিনীকণ-কু; চিনিতে পাৰা; To see things at a distance; to descry:—v. i. পরিপর্ণন-কু; To look about. Syn:—Discover, discern, spy, detect, perceive; watch, observe, take notice of.

Repionage, e.pi-on-aj, n. [Fr. espion, a spy]
চন্ধ নিয়োগ, দ্ভ নিয়োগ; দোতা; The system of keeping spics in pay; the employment of spies.

Brouire, es-kwii', or e'kwii, n. [L. scutum, a shield] নাইটের অধ্যন পদবী; মহাদা, মন্বাদাপুচৰ উপাধি; A title of dignity of a gentleman next below a knight; a general title of respect in addressing letters; a title of courtesy.

Essay, e'র. n. [Gr. ex, out, and ago, to lead]
চেট্টা; পরীকা; Attempt; experiment:—প্রবন্ধ,
বুচনা; Written composition:—v. t. চেটাক,
পরীকাক; To attempt; assay; endeavour, to
make experiment of. Syn:—(n) Endeavour,
effort; exertion, struggle; tract, dissertation,
disquisition, brief discourse.

Essayist, e'त-ist, Essayer, es-saer, n. अवस (अवक : A writer of essays.

Essence, esens, n. [L. as, to be, Sans. as, to be] অধিক; সভা; উপাদান; A being; constituent; qualities of a thing:—সাৰ; সারহাগ; The extracted and refined virtues of any drug; spirit:—স্পন্ধি কুবা; Perfume; scent:—v. f. স্থানিত কু; To perfume. Syn.—(n) Being, life, entity, substance, essential part; extract, volatile part; odour, perfume, scent.

Essential, es-schishal, a. नावरान; अलापकर; Nocessary to the existence of a thing; indispensable; important; in the highest degree:— विका; Pure:—n. नाव अपार्थ; प्रमाण; Something essential or necessary; leading principle n=essentiality. Syn:—(a) Inherent, innate, watal, necessary, requisite; volatile, highly refined, rectified; idiopathic. ad=essentially.

Essential (or Indispensable) to— অভ্যাবতক (না ইইলে চনে না, এই ভাষে) Asolutely necessary to. (Essential is important in the highest degree Indispensable impossible to be omitted). Essentiality, es-sen-shi-ali-ti, কান্যাবিতা; আব্ভাৰতা; মুখা বা মুখা আৰো; The quarty of being essential; first or constituent principles.

Establish, es-tablish, v. t. [L. sto, to stand]
মুচ্-কৃ; To make stable or firm; to settle firmly:
—বিবিৰছ-কু; To ordain; enact:—ম্বানি-কৃ;
ম্বান-কু; To found; to institute:—প্ৰানি-কৃ;
ব্যতিষ্ঠা-কু; To set up in business—used reস্বিশ্বাহন্দ্ৰীৰ স্থানিক্;
To approve:—বিশ্বাহন্দ্ৰী

F; To appoint. Syn:—Fix, settle, plant, found, institute, constitute, organize, confirm, ratify, sanction, approve, verify, substantiate.

Establishment, es-tablish-ment, n. नार्याना ; Act or state of being established; thing established ; settlement :-- हांची वावका ; विविवस आहेव ; আর ; বেতৰ ; A style of being, accustomed expense, income, salary :- wifilms : Permanent place of residence or business :- THETTE ATE-ঞ্চিত পর্বসমিতি; The church established and supported by the state :- pl. wiferia ; atay . ৰেণ্ডিৰভাগ; Dominions, possessions of a prince: one of classes or divisions of the people of a country. Syn :- State, position, rank, quality ; property, effects, possessions; freehold, domain-Estate, es-tat, n. [ L. sto, stand ] Wayl: Condition :--পদ Rank:--বিষয় ; ভুসলান্তি ; Property ; landed property :-- बाक्टनिक मन : बाब-হাপক সভা; An order or class of men in the body politic; legislature; king fords and commons. press. The fourth estate-IN THE journalistic Esteem, es-teni, v t. 414 7; Estimate:-

দিবেলা- ক ; Consider, think :—সমান-ফ ; আছা-ফু ;

To respect, to regard with reverence :—
মুলাবান জাল-ফু ; To value ; to set a high value
on :—n আছা , সমান ; বনুষ , Respect ; friendship :
—বহু মুলা ; Great regard or value . Syn :—Estimate, appreciate, rate, reckon, value ; respect, revere, affect, love, like, admire ; consider, deem, imagine, think, account. [Æsthetics.
Eathetic, Esthetics—Same as Æsthetic,
Eatimable, estim-a-bl, a. মান্বার ; মাড় ; আছো;
Respectable ; worthy of estem. ad—estimably.
Syn :—Good, excellent, honourable, valuable.

Estimato, estim-at, v. t. [L. aestimo, aestimatus, to value] গণনা-কু; মূল্য নিরূপণ-কু; মূল্য অনুমান-কু; মেলে হৈ appraise; calculate; rate:—n. গণনা; মূল্য নিরূপণ, মেলি।মূটি হিদাব; মি 10ugh calculation; an approximate judgment as to amount, cost &c. Syn:—(v) Appreciate, appraise; count, calculate, number, compute. Estimate at—মেলিমূটি হিদাব-কু; Judge of or fix the value of (something) roughly.

Estimation, es-tim-ishun, n. মৃল্য নিরপা ; Act of estimating :—সন্মান ; আছা ; Esteem ; honour regard ; favourable opinion. Syn:—Estimate calculation, computation , appraisement, valuation ; esteem, honour, regard, consideration.

Estrange, es-tianj, v. t. বিজ্জিক ক ; বেছ ভেপ-ক ; বেছ ছেইন্ডে বঞ্চিত-ক ; To alienate ; to keep aloof; withdraw. n=estrangement. Syn:—Withdraw withhold; alienate, disaffect, wean, make unfriendly.

[ক ; Alienate one from—জ্জাবিত-ক ; বেছতেক-

Estrange (one) irom—चन्न १८०-१ ; त्यर्रचन-Estuary, estu-ar-i, स. [1.. aestuo, aestuare, to boil up] मसूरज्ञ नांह ना थाणि ; मानव-माना ; नाने व इस्तत स्थ ; An arm of the sea; a narrow passage as the mouth of a river, where the tide meets the current ; inlet, firth.

Etch, ech, v. t. [ Gr. ditseu, to corrode by

acid ] for y; the bots next-y; To produce figures or designs on metal, glass &cc., by lines dipped in acid.

Etching, eching, n. বাতৰ গৰাৰে চিনাৰৰ বা জং-ধাৰালী; নক্ষা; The act or art of etching; the impression taken from an etched plate.

Eternal, E-ter'-nal, a. { Gr. aion, a period of time, an age ] দিত্য; স্বাতৰ; অবস্থ ; অবস্থ ;

The Eternal-777; The Almighty.

Eternise, E-ter'niz, ৩. f. চিরছায়ী-ছ; অবস্ক ছ; চিরস্বপীয়-জ; To make eternal or endless; to perpetuate; immortalise.

Eternity, E-ter'ni-ti, म. मिछाड़ा ; नवकाब ; नीव-लोकिक खनहा ; Everlastingness ; the world hereafter ; the state after death.

Etonian, e-te'zhan, a. [Gr. stesios, annual] माममिक ; वारमिक ; Periodic ; stated ; yearly.

Ether, &ther, n. [Gr. aitho, to light up]
আকাৰ; Element rarer than air and beyond
it .—দাহা প্ৰবাৰ্য বিশেষ, Fluid from alcohol:—
উত্তৰ ভাগ; Upper air.

Etheroal, c-the're-al, a. আকাশ্যম ; Consisting of ether .—বৰ্গায় ; পুতের স্থায় ; Heavenly ; celestial, spirit like. ad=ethereally. Syn:—Airy, empyreal; rare, subtile, not dense, volatile, light; spiritual, celestial, heavenly.

Ethorealise, c-the re-al-iz, v. t. আকাশে পরিণত-বু, অভান্ত লঘু-কু; To convert into ether :— স্বর্গীয়-কু, ভুতভুল্য-কু; To render spirit-like.

Ethorise, E-ther-iz, v. t. र जान-क ; To convert into other ; to stupefy with ether.

Ethic, ethik, Ethical, ethik-al, a. [Gr. ethos, custom] নাডিশারদস্থতীয়; লৈডিক; Treating of morality or duty. ad=ethically.

Ethics, ethiks, n. নাগিলাহ; নীতিবিজ্ঞান; The science of morals; morality, morals, moral philosophy.

Ethiopian, E-thi-O'pi-an, Ethiopie, E-thiop'ık, a. [Gr. aitho, to burn, and ops, the face]
স্থাবিদ্যা; Pertaining to Ethiopia:—n. কাৰি.
A native or dialect of Ethiopia.

The Ethiopian will not change his skin-জনাব: শত্ত বৌভোহশি বলিনতং ন মুক্তি; One will not change his nature.

Ethnio, ctfinik, Ethnical, etfinik-al, e. [Gr. ethnos, a notion] স্থাতীয়; Relating to a nation; concerning nations or race:—স্থার্থানী; পৌত্তিক; Heathen; Pagan—other than Jewish and Christians.

Ethnography, eth-nog'ra-fi, n. [Gr. ethnos, a nation, and grapho, to describe] আওটা বিষয়ণ, A description of the nations of the earth. n=ethnographer. e=ethnographic.

Ethnology, eth-nolo-ji, n. [Gr. ethnos, a nation, and logos, an account] মান্ত্যাতি-ভয়; বিভিন্ন সাধীয় বিভান; The science that treats of the varieties of the human race. exethnological.
necthnologist, ed=ethnologically.

Etiolate, ই-ti-o-lat, v. t. [ L. slipule, a stalle, stubble ] প্ৰাবেদ-মাখিতে যদিত কৰিবা বা বোপোৰ-পাখন বাৰা নাম-ক; To cause to grow pale from want of the light of the sun, or by disease:—
v. i. বোগাৰি হেডু বা আলোকাভাবে নাম-হ; To be blanched or to become pale from disease or absence of light. neetiolation.

Etiology, E-ti-olo-ji, n. [Gr. aitia, a cause, and logos, an account] পীড়াৰ বিশাস; The science of the causes of disease:—কাৰণ অনু-সম্বাদ; কেন্তু বিজ্ঞান; Investigation of causes.

Etiquette, et.i-ker, n. Melbia; Ceremonial code of polite life; forms of ceremony or decorum.

Etymologist, et-i-moló-jist, n. শব্দের প্রকৃতি-তথক্ত; শব্দৃশ অসুসন্থিংই; One skilled in Etymology.

Etymology, et-i-molo-ji, n. [Gr. etymon, and logos, an account] भन गुर्शिक कान; भन-विकान; भन्न (किंकान; भन्न (किंकान; भन्न) धन्वर्गः Knowledge of word roots; grammar of inflections. æetymological. adæctymologically.

Etymon, eti-mon, n. [Gr. etymos, eteos, true] আদি গাড়; প্রভারহীন প্রকৃতি; মূল শব্দ; Origin; root word.

Eucalyptus, U-kal-ip'tus, n. [Gr. eu, well, kilyptos, folded round] আইলিবাছ ব্যালেরিখানালক চিরহরিং কুক বিং।

Eucharist, U'ka-rist, n. [Gr. en, well, and charis, grace] বিতর প্রাণদান-মারক ভোক; প্রত্ব তোক; The sacrament of the Lord's supper; communion. n=eucharistic, eucharistical.

Eulogie, U-lojik, Eulogieai, U-lojik-al, a. প্রশংলাপূর্ব; প্রশংলাময়; Containing eulogy, or praise. ad=eulogically.

Eulogise, u'lo-jiz, v. f. প্রবাসা-ক ; To praise ; to speak or write in praise.

Eulogist, l'Io-jist, n. প্রশংসাকারী; One who praises or extols another.

Eulogistic, a. প্রদাস্থার Full of praise. ad= eulogistically. Syn:—Commendatory, laudatory, encomiastic, panegyrical.

Eulogium, U-lo'ji-um. Eulogy, U'lo-ji, [Gr. eu, well, and logos, a speaking] बन्दमा; स्वाधिः; Praise; encomium; speech in praise. Syn:—Panegyric, praise, applause, laudation.

Eunuch, Unuk, n. [Gr. eune, a couch, and echo, to have charge of ] বপুংসক; খোলা , কক্ৰী; Castrated man. [of being a eunuch.

Eunuehism, U'nuk-izm, n. ৰপুনেৰছ; The state Eupepsy, U-pep'si, n. [Gr. en, well, and pepsis, digestion] কি পৰিপাছ; মুবনীৰ্; Right digestion; opposed to dyspepsia; [ opposed to Dyspepsy]. a=eupeptic.

Eupoptic, u-pep'tik, c. ছপৰিপাৰৰজ্ঞি-সম্পন্ন; Having good digestion.

Euphemism, U'fem-izm, n. [Gr. eu, well, and pliemi, to speak ] শুভিকট্ পদের গৰিবর্তে কোমগত্তর পদের প্রয়োগ; এক প্রকাব মিষ্ট ভাবা প্রয়োগ যারা অ-প্রাতিকর বিষয় প্রকাশ; Euphism; a sort of pleasing term employed to express what is disagreeable. e=emphemistic.

Euphonic, u-fohik, a, spenga; Agreeable in sound. ad=euphoniously.

Ruphonise, Ufon-is, v. f. 전체함 박제-후 ; 화영-객게-후 ; To make cuphonious ; to make pleasing to the ear.

Euphony, U'fo-ni, n. [Gr. en, well, and phone, sound ] ক্ৰতিষ্ধ শব; স্বিষ্ট শব; Agreeable sound. a=Euphonic, euphonical, euphonious. Euphrasy, U'fra-zi, n. [Gr. eu, well, phren,

the heart ] जड़ा विरचद ; Eyebright.

Buphuism, पांध-izm, n. [Gr. eu, well, phye, growth] नकांक्षय बहन कार्या; कार्याक कृष्टिम विश्वका! Squeamishness of speech; an affection of excessive refinement of language. n=euphuist. a=euphuistic.

Eurasian, U-razi-an, n. 年间 , A child born of a European parent on the one side, and an

Asiatic on the other.

Buroolyden, n. [Gr. eurs, the south-east wind, and klyden, a wave] ভূমৰাসাগৰ প্ৰবেশে প্ৰকৃষান কচিৰা; A tempestuous wind which blows from the south-east on the Mediterranean sea and is very dangerous.

Buropean, u-ro-pe'an, a. ইব্রোণীয় ; Belonging to Europe :—n. ইব্রোপবাসী ; A native or inha-

bitant of Europe.

Burythmy, li'rith-mi, n. [Gr. en, well, and shythmos, measured motion] অসের সাম্ভত্ত; সোরুর; Just or harmonious proportion or symmetry in anything.

Buthanasia, U-than-azi-a, Buthanasy, U-thana-si, n. [Gr. eu, well, and thanatos, death] बाहु-नेत्र स महत्र मदाधानी; An easy, desirable

mode of death.

Evacuate, e-vak-n-at, v t. [ L. e, out, and vacue, vacuatus, to empty ] খুৰ-ফু; ধালি-ফু; To throw out the contents of; to discharge:—
ভাগ-ফু; To withdraw from or desert a city, fort &c. n=evacuation. Syn:—Empty; eject, expel, excrete, discharge, void; desert, abandon, leave, forsake, quit, depart from.

Evacuation, e-vakū-áshun, ন. মল জাৰ; A discharge by stool or other natural means:—
পরিভাব; পরিভাক্ত বিষয়; Act of quitting or withdrawing from, that which is discharged.

Evacuator, e-vakū-āt-or, n. ভ্যাৰী; ৰহিডকারী; One who makes void.

Byade, e-vad, v. t. [L. e, out, vado, to go]
বড়ান; পরিছার-ক: To escape artfully; elude;
scuffle:—v. i. প্ৰায়ৰ-ক: চাড়ুৱী বেলা; To slip
away; to practise artifice for the purpose of
eluding. Syn:—Elude, escape, steal away
from; avoid, shun, decline, dodge, quibble,
equivocate, prevaricate.

Evanescent, ev-an-esent, a. [ L. e, away, and vanesco, to vanish] ক্রত স্থারী; অন্থাইবনান; ফুল্মা; অহাইবনান; ফুল্মা; অহাইবনান; ফুল্মা; অহারা, Fleeting; vanishing. n=evan-escence. ad=evanescently. Syn:—Transient, fugitive, passing, transitory.
Evangel, e-vańjel, n. খুইব পর্যায়; Good news, Evangelio, e-van-jeńk, Evangelioal, a. [Gr. eu, well, and anggalo, to bring news] সুস্মাচায়

সংক্ৰান্ত ; মন্ত্ৰত সমাচাৰাত্ৰণাৰী ; Consonant to the gospel :— ». পৃটাৰ ধৰ্মগ্ৰহদেশক ; One of the writers of the gospel history :— ধৰ্মগ্ৰহাৰক ; One authorised to preach, but not to admister the eucharist ; a preacher without fixed charge. ad=evangelically, r=evangelicalness.

Evangelioism, হ-van-jeli-sizm, Evangelioalism, হ-van-jelik-al-izm, #. সুইধ্ৰ্যভাষ্ণ্ৰী;

Evangelical principles.

Evangelise, E-vanjel-iz, v. f. বর্ষোপদেশ প্রচাব-কু; To instruct in the gospel to:—v. i. মজন সমাচার প্রচার-কু; পুরবর্ষ প্রচার-কু; Preach the gospel. Evangelist, E-van-jel-ist, n. পুরবর্মিস্টারক; A preacher of the gospel; one of the four writers of the gospels.

Evaporable, e-vap'or-abl, e. বাপাকার-বারণকর; That may be evaporated or converted into

vapour.

Evaporate, e-vap'or-at, v. i. [ L. e, off, vapor, vapour ] বালীভূত-হ; বালাকাৰে উড়িবা বার্মা; উড়িবা-বা; Fly off in steam:—v. t. বালে পরিণড্ড-ফু; To convert into steam or gas. Syn:—Disperse, disappear, dissolve; vaporize, exhale

Evaporation, e-vap-or-ashun, স. ৰাংশ পরিণতি, ৰাপাকাৰ ধাৰণ; Conversion of fluid into vapour;

vaporization, exhalation.

Evasion, e-vázhun, n. ছল; চাতুরী; Equivocation; subterfuge; an excuse. Syn.—Shuffling, prevarication, equivocation, excuse, artifice, dodge, pretent, shift, subterfuge.

Evasive, e-vásiv, a. अमतल. इननायत ; म्पूब ; Elusive; not straightforward, shuffling. adevasively. Syn:—Elusive, shuffling, shippery,

sophistical, elusory, equivocating

Eve, ev, n. সন্ধ্যাকাল; সাধংকাল; বৈকাল; Evening.
On the eve of—প্ৰায়, About .— ঠিক পূৰ্কো, অব্যবহিত পূৰ্বো; Just preceding; just or immediately before — উদ্যুত্ত; উপক্ৰম্ব; About to (do a thing).

Even, Evn, a সমান; একবিগ; Level, smooth — সম; সমান্তব; Uniform; parallel — দুল্ম: বোড়, Not odd; capable of divisional by 2—said of numbers:— নিরপেক; Fair; equitable—said of accounts:—v. t. সমান-ক; সমত্ত্য-ক; To make smooth.—adv. সত্ত্য বটে; বলং; সেমনি, সমান-ভাবে; এমন কি; ভদ্দুলপই; অধনই বে; ভ্যাণ; বাঙাবিকই; Not only so, but also; indeed; still; equally. Syn:—(a) Smooth, plain, flat, not rough, horizontal; calm, equable, unruffled, undisturbed; not odd. ad=evenly. n=evenness.

Be even with one—শ্রতিশোধ লওয়া; লোধ লওয়া; Retaliate; give one tit for tat:—স্থান স্থান-ছ; Be on a par or level with one, not to fall below one.

Evon-handed, Evn-handed, a. আপ্ৰপাতী; নিরপেক; স্থারপর; Fair; impartial, just.

Even-minded, हर्पत-minded, त. द्वित ; जिठकत ; दित-मना ; Equable ; equanimous ; calm. [ evening. Even-tide, हर्पत tid, अ. नक्षाकात ; The time of Evening, evining, n. नाहरकात ; मक्षाकात ; The close of day :—जीवरत र त्यकात ; The declining period of life. [ ment given in the evening. Evening-party—मक्षाकात रक्षक ; EntertainEvent, e-vent, n. [L. e, out, and vento, to come] कीना ; Any incident or occurrence :-- कन ; পরিশাম : Result : end. Syn :-- Adventure, occurrence; circumstance, affair; termination, consequence, conclusion, end. issue, result. effect.

At all events-বাহাই বটক না কেন; Whatever happens :- (कांत्र किंदू ना इंडेक) क्वड: ; नर्संड: ; At [ issue or result of. any rate, at least. By the event of-( (कान किइन ) करन ; By the

In the event of-far after, In case of. Eventful, e-ventiul, a. पहेनापूर्व ; पहेनाबह ; Full of, or distinguished for events; momentous.

Eventual, e-ventu-al, कार्वामकुछ ; (भवक , (भव, sete, Happening as a consequence or result; consequential, final.

Eventually, ad. water; Finally, at length. Eventuate, v. f. त्रभाद-इ ; To issue, as a consequence or event; terminate.

Ever. ever, ado. कथम : मर्खमा : क्यांनेड : क्यांडि . At any time; always; in any degree; without end. Syn:-Perpetually, constantly, unceasingly, always, continually, incessantly, forever, eternally. after that.

Ever after বরাবব, তারপর; রোজ; All along Ever and anon- गर्या मत्या ; नवरव नवरव ; At one time and another; frequently, from time to time.

Evergreen, ever-gren, a fra Elac; Always green .-- n চিরংবিং লভা বা উদ্ভিজ; A plant that remains green all the year.

Everlasting, ev-er-lasting, a. निज ; अन्य . frantil. Fndless; perpetual, eternal -n. 444-कान : निजार्श : Eternity. ad=everlastingly. n= everlastingness. Syn .- Eternal, endless, inressant, interminable, unceasing, undying, [ Unceasingly , eternally Evermore, ev-er-mor', adv সভত ; निजा , मर्का ,

Ever since—(महे कान हडेएड এ श्वास , From the time of, to the present moment; the whole period from some specified period.

Ever so ৰভই হউক না কেব , In whatever degree For ever-চিৰকালের নিমিন্ত, Eternally; for good. For ever and a day-fragin; Everlasting; forever ; forgood.

Every, ever-1, a store, Each all taken singly. Every day, a. MOTE, AINTER; Used or fit for every day; common; usual.

Every now and thon-name; Repeatedly; [ Tite ; In every place. Everywhere, ever-i-hwar, ad. # जिद्दारन, #रडाक Evict, e-vikt. v t. [ I. svinco, to overcome ] হানচাত-কু; বেদখন-কু; অপক্ত-কু; To dispossess; to expel from.

Eviction, e-vikshun, n. ছানচাতি ; বেৰখন ; আই-নাতুসারে ভূসম্পত্তির পুনরস্থার: Dispossession by judicial process; the lawful recovery of lands. Evidence, evi-dens, n. ania; Proof or testimony : - जाकी : A witness :- v. t. प्रणाई-क ; ध्याप-F; To render evident or clear; to prove. Syn:

-(n) Testimony, proof, attestation, affairmation, corroboration, confirmation; witness, eyeand-ear witness.

In evidence—সর্কাট কাহার চক্ষের উপরে বা সহক্ষে Actually present or before others.

Turn king's or queen's evidence—way vit-बात कछ निरकत मगद रमबारकन्तिरभद्र रमाव वाहित कतित्री (Vet); Turn informer against one's own accomplices for the sake of a pardon.

Evident, evi-dent, a [ L. e, and video to see ] ৰুশাই ; শাই ; প্ৰত্যক্ষ ; Plain ; apparent ; obvious ; manifest. Syn: - Plain, patent, palpable, notorious, conspicuons; incontestable, manifest.

Evidential, ev-i-defishal, a. अवाकाती; Furnishing evidence; tending to prove ad-evidentially. [新門: Visibly, plainly. Evidently, evi-dent-ly, ad. প্ৰতাৰ ৰূপে; পরিকাৰ-Evil, e'vi, a. मन ; अन्द ; Bad ; wicked --- --खाता , वर्डाता ; Unhappy ; unfortunate :-- ad-মন্দরণে ; ছুভাগ্যক্রমে ; In an evil manner , badly : —n অনির, কভি; Mischief; harm —করভা: অপকৃষ্টতা; পাপ; Wickedness; sin; depravity: -ছাৰ, Calamity: - পাড়া: Disease. Syn:-(a) Bad, ill, worthless; deleretious, pernicious, injurious, destructive; corrupt, wicked, sinful, perverse, wrong, vicious; calamitous, adverse, unfortunate. (n) Harm, calamity, misfortune; guilt, sinfulness; wrong, injury.

Evil affected, a Not kindly disposed.

Evildoer, Evi-doo-er, n. क्क्यी ; जनकावक : One who does evil; a criminal.

Evil-eye, E'vl-i, n. 東京管; 管:河; A supposed power of fascinating, injuring by the eye.

Evil-favoured, c'vl-favourd, a. aviata : क्यून : Ugly, deformed. f cious ; wicked. Evilminded, र'vl-minded, a. (वर्षी ; इहे ; Mali-

Evil-speaking, e'vl-speking, n. কুৎসা, অপবাদ: Slander, defamation.

Evil worker, e'vl-wurker, n. क्वर्यकांबी : कडि-কারক, অপকারক; One who works or does evil; wrong-doer.

In an evil hour-THM; In an unfortunate moment (used to indicate ill-success in any undertaking or some unfortunate occurrence ). King's evil-প্ৰগ্ৰ ; গ্ৰমাৰা , Scrofula.

One evil genius- হত ৰাষ্ট্ৰ গোড়া; The source of all evil to one —ছঃ সৰখতী, One who incites to evil deeds by evil counsel.

The evil eye-डाइटन पृष्टि ; क्नबन ; Malign influence (supposed to exist in the glance of certain persons ).

The evil one-Assis: The devil.

With an evil eye-ইবাৰ সহিত; Enviously.

Evince, e-vins, v. t. [ L. e, intensive, and vinco, to overcome ] अध्यान-कृ : लाडेकरण (मर्गान ; To make evident; to show clearly. Syn :-Manifest, show, evidence, exhibit, establish.

Evincible, e-vinsi-bl, a. অমাৰ্নাৰা ; অমাৰ্বোৰা : Capable of being made evident; demonstrable. ad=evincibly.

Evincive, e-vinsiv, e. अवानकाती; न्यंदेशवर्ष : Tending to evince; demonstrative.

Evisoerate, e-viser-at, v. f. [L. e, out, and viscera, the bowels ] नाड़ी खंड़ी बाहित-क ; To take out the bowels; disembowel. n=evisceration.

Evoke, e-vok, v. f. [L. e, out, and vece, to call] वारिय-मृ; चार्याय-मृ; To call out; to summon Jorth.

Myolution, ev-o-lu'shun, त्र. विवर्डन : अकान : পুষ্ট : Unfolding ; developement :— সৈত্তের খেণী বিভাগ; ক্ষবিকাশ নত; Military manœuvre; the theory which maintains that the first created animals contained the germs of all furture, possible successors :- न्नाक्त्न ; In arith. and alg. the extraction of roots. a=evolutionary.

Evolutionist, ev-o-10'shun-ist, #. विवर्धनवानी ; One who holds the doctrine evolution :- (नना-विक्रांत-कृषण बाहि ; One skilled in military move-

Evolve, e-volv. v. t. [ L. e, out, volvo, to roli ] প্রকাশ ক ; ব্যক্ত-ক ; Open out, unfold ; to develop ; to unravel :- v. s statfas- , To become open, disclosed or developed. Syn :- Disclose, develop, unfold, expand.

Evulsion, e-vulshun, n. [ L. e. out, and vello, nulsus, to pluck ] সলোরে ছিত্ত করণ; A plucking

out by force.

Ewe, U, n. (मर्गे ; (छड़ी ; A female sheep.

Ewer, U'er, n. [ L. aqua, water ] जनभाजिति। भव .

भाषु ; Water pitcher.

Exacerbate, egz-aser-bat, v. t. [ L. ex. and acerbus, bitter ] ভিক্ত-कृ; উত্তেজিত-कृ; वित्रक्त-कृ; To imbitter, provoke, sharpen; exasperate; irritate ; inflame,

Exacerbation, egz-as-ér-báshun, Exacerbesconce, egz-as-er-bes-ens, n. आकाश-निक ; পাড়ার প্রাম্থভাব , Increase of irritation or violence, esp. the increase of a fever or disease.

Exact, egz-akt, a.[L. ex, out, and ago, to drive, to do] छिक , अकुछ , Precise -- मावशान , Careful :-নির্মারিত সম্বাপুসারী; নিচমিত সময়ে আগওক বা কার্য-कांबक : निविधिक ; Punctual :- अमान्याना ; निन्तिक . Certain or demonstrable :- v. t. पारी-क . जारिक-事; 对明事; To extort; to demand of right, to enforce. n=exactnesss.

Exaction, egz-akshun, n. বলপ্রাক আদায় : অক্তার शिव ; Extortion ; unjust demand :- क्व ; Tilbute : tax. Syn :- Extortion ; oppression, rapacity : tribute.

Exactitude, n. 1914; Exactness.

Exactness, n. नवार्डा, मठाठा: Accuracy, nicety, precision, faultlessness, truth, strict-

ness, regularity, carefulness.

Exaggerate, egz-afer-at, v t. [ L. ex, aggero, to heap up ] अनू िछ वर्गना-कृ ; अञ्चित्रक्षिछ-कृ ; Amplify; magnify unduly, state too highly. Syn :-Amplify, magnify, enlarge, overstate, overestimate.

Exaggeration, egz-aj-er-ashun, n. अप्राक्ति ; অভিরিক্ত বৰ্ণন ; Hyperbolic representation.

Exaggerative, egz-afér-at-iv, Exaggeratory, egz-ajer-a-tor-i, a. অজ্যুক্তিপূর্ব; Containing exaggeration or tending to exag-

Exalt, egz-awlt, v. t. [ L. ex, and altus, high ] धनाता-कृ, रण कीईन-कृ; To extol; praise:-देखांनन-कृ, देव 5-कृ, To elevate; lift up, #= exaltedness. Sym :- Esect, elevate, dignify, honour, ennoble; magnify, extol, glorify.

Exaltation, egz-awit-áshun, n. উলোপৰ ; উপৰা-नम् ; Elevation in rank or dignity ; high estate. Examination, egz-am-i-náshun, n. नरीका: अनुनकान ; शश्चिनीन ; Act of examining ; careful search or inquiry; research; inspection; trial. Syn: - Observation, inspection, inquiry, investigation, research, scrutiny, inquisition, interrogation : trial.

Examine, egz-amin, v. i. [ L. examen, the tongue of a balance ] পরীকা-ৰু; প্রার বা জিজাসা-क ; अनुम्कान-क ; To test ; to scrutinise ; to ask questions ; to sift ; to search into ; try. Syn :--Inspect, observe; scrutinize, explore, search, inquire, investigate, overhaul; interrogate,

eatechize, put questions to.

Examinee, n. পरीकार्थी ; One subjected to an examination. [ examines. Examiner, egz-amin-er, n. भरीक्क : One who

Examplar, n. जाननं ; A pattern ; a model. Examplary, a. अन्तरमनीत ; अनुकर्वीत ; Worthy of imitation or notice; commendable; conspicu-

ous :--- मामर्न ; Pattern. Example, egz-ampl, n. [ L. ex, out of, and emo, emptus, to take ] जापर्न ; नध्ना ; पृष्टीख ; উপমা ; Copy ; pattern ; model ; sample .- শতকা-कदन ; मुड्ककादी विषद ; A warning ; caution :- पूर्व पृष्टीय : नभीव ; A precedent ; former instance. Syn :- Specimen, type, model, sample; illustration, instance, precedent, case in point.

Follow one's example—কাহারত দুইার মনুম্বণ-7; Imitate one as a model. [ stance. For example-मृहोस बन्नग ; त्यमन ; नवा ; For in-Make an example of—এমন করিলা পাতি দেওয়া যে অক্তে দেখিরা শিক্ষা পায় : কোন দোখী ব্যক্তিকে এমন কঠোৱ শান্তি দেওয়া বে অস্তে দেখিয়া সেইরূপ কুকর্ম হইতে নিবুত্ত হয় : Punish as a warning to others : punish an offender severely ( with a view to deterring

Set an example- ne creta; Act in a way that would be regarded as a model for imitation, be the first to do a thing; be the first instance.

Exasperate, egz-asper-at, v. t. [ L. ex. intensive, and asparo, to make rough ] क्षि ; উত্তেজিভ-কু; বৃদ্ধি 5-কু; To irritate in a high degree ; to imbitter ; to aggravate. Syn :- Irritate, provoke, inflame, anger, excite, rouse, incense, enrage, embitter.

Exasperation, egz-as-per-ashun, n. वृद्धिका ; क्ट्रेक्बन ; (क्रांच ; Aggravation ; provocation ; rage; fury, anger.

Excavate, ekska-vat, v. f. [ L. ex, out, cavus, hollow ] थनव-क ; अस्त-क ; Hollow out ; dig out, trench, scoop out.

Excavation, eks-ka-vashun, n. 444; Act of excavating; the act of hollowing out:- 14; THE : Hollow ; cavity. [ One who excavates. Exonvator, ekska-va-tor, n. अमनकांबी ; अनक ; Exceed, ek-sed, v. t. [ L. ex, beyond, cede, to go ] অভিক্রম-কু; To go beyond the limit or measure of :- (4) . To outdo ; surpass :- v. i. स्विक-इ; To be more:—क्ष्मिका ना ; To surpass the bounds. Syn:—Surpass, excel, transcend, outstrip, outdo; trespass, transgress.

Exceeding, ek-sed-ing, Exceedingly, ek-sed-ing-li, ad. অধিকরণে; অভিনিক্তরণে; অভাধিক পরিবাবে; in a very great degree, greatly, very much.

Excel, ek-sel, s. t. [ L. ex, out, up, cello, to drive, to urge ] टाईफो लोख-इ; नीमा अधिकम-इ; To exceed; to surpass .—v. t. (डाई-इ; टाईफज-इ; To be superior. Syn:—Outstrip, outdo, outvio, transcend, eclipse.

Excel in—কোন গুণে বা প্রশংসনীয় বিষয়ে প্রেচতা বাকা; Go beyond another in good qualities or

laudable deeds.

Excellence, eksel-ens, Excellency, eksel-en-si, n, সদ্ধা ; গুৰ , Worth ; any valuable quality :—সমুমের পদনী , উচ্চপদাহ ব্যক্তির সম্ভাশ্চক উপাদি বিশেষ : A title of honour, as of governors and ambassadors :—শেষ্ঠতা ; Superiority, pre-eminence. Syn :—Superiority, cininence, excellency, greatness , perfection, goodness, punty.

Excellent, eksel-ent, a. শ্রেষ্ঠ; ধ্রাবার : উপযুক্ত ; প্রারার , Superior , valuable , worthly , consummate , distinguished ; transcended. ad=excellently. Syn —Choise, prime, valuable ; select, exquisite , transcendent, remarkable, distinguished, noted, famous.

Except, ek-sept, n.t. [ l. ex, out, and capto, to take ] ডাগ-ক; বৰ্জন ক; To exclude; reject, le we out:—r s. জাপতি-ক, To object:—prep ব্যতীত, তক্তিম, কিন্তু, Excepting, but; without:—conj. বাদ না, Unless, if not.

Excepting, ck-septing, prep. allocates, and s. With exception of , excluding; except.

Exception, ek-sep'shun, n. বৰ্জন, Exclusion;
—সাগত্তি, অপবাধ, Objection, offence

An exception to a rulo—সাধাৰণের নিশ্নেৰ জন্তুৰ্গত নতে, নিয়ম চাড়া, A person or thing not included in a general rule or description.

Exceptions prove the rule—The very fact of exceptions prove there must be a rule.

Open to exception—মাণ্ডি বোগা; Liable to objections.

Take an exception to—আগতি কয়; Object Take exception to—গেৰ ৰয়; Find fault with:—আগতি-কু Raise objection against.

Exceptionable, ek-s-p'shun-a-bl, a. বৰ্জনীর, আপরিযোগ্য , Objectionable ; undesirable.

Exceptional, ex-sep'shun-al, a. [1994], WAI-1984; Forming an exceptions; eminently superior; peculiar. Sys:—Irregular, abnormal, unusual; anomalous, rare, single, solitary.

Exceptive, ek-septiv a. विषय, समाधातन ; विक्छ ; Including, forming or being an exception.

Exceptor, ek-septor, ন. আগন্তিকারী; আগন্তি-কারক, বৰ্জক; One who excepts or objects. Excerpt, ek-serpt, ন. [ L. s.s. out, and carpo, to pick ] উল্লভ ব্যক্ত; সংগ্রহ, An extract:—v t.

to pick ী উদ্ধন্ত ৰাখ্য ; সংগ্ৰন্থ , An extract :— খ t. সংগ্ৰন্থ ; To make extracts from, or an extract of. Sym:—(w) Select, cite from, cull, quote from, take from. Excess, ek-ses, n. আহিলবা; বাহলা; Superfluity; exuberance:—অনিভাচাই; Intemperance.
Syn:—Increase, superabundance, superfluity;
surplus, overplus, remained; extravagance,
intemperance, dissipation.

Excessive, ek-seśiv, e. অধিক ; অভিনয় ; অভি-বিজ্ঞ ; অপায়িমিত ; Extreme ; vehement ; exceeding ; violent. n= excessiveness. Syn:—Superabundant, superfluous, exuberant ; extravagant, unreasonable, enormous, immoderate, violent, extreme, vehement.

Exchange, eks-chānj, v. t. विनिया-कृ ; वनन-कृ ; To barter ; to interchange , to give and take ; to commute:—v. i. To pass in exchange: n विनियं ; Barter , interchange — वाणिया होत्र ; हाँहे ; Place where merchants meet. Syn:—(v) Change, truck, swap, trade. (n) Dealing, trade.

traffic, interchange, reciprocity, bourse.

Exchange-broker—পূৰ্বাৰ, One who negotiates foreign bills for merchants.

Exchange for—একটা দিয়া আৰু একটা প্ৰহণ-তু: Give up (one thing) in order to have (another). In exchange—ি সময়ে, তাছনিয়নে, In return.

Exchangeable, ck.-chānja-bl, a. থিনন্য-যোগ্য;
Capable of being exchanged. n=exchangeability.

Exchanger, eks-chānjer, n. বিনিম্ব-ক্রিক;

Exchequer, eks-chever, n. বাজকোনাগাব; আদা-লভ; The English treasury; an English court = —v. t. উচ্চ আদাৰতে অভিযোগ-ফ; To proceed against a person in the court of exchequer.

Excisable, ek-siza-bl, a. তক নির্ধারণ-বোগ্য; Liable or subject to excise.

Excise, ek-si1, n. দেশেৰ মুধ্যে বাৰ্হাৰ্য্য ক্ৰোৱ উপন্ধ মাজৰ, ওম. An inland tax on consumption : v t. ভম ধাৰ্য্য-কৃ. To lay or impose excise duty. Exciseman, ek-si2man, n মাজৰ-সংগ্ৰহকাৰী; An officer charged with collecting the excise.

Excision, ek-sizhun, n. [ L ci, out, caedo, to cut ] विनाम : कमन : विकास , Extripation , destruction , excommunication

Excitable, ek-sita-bl, n. উত্তেজন্ম, উত্তেজন্ম, হ Capable of being excited. Syn:—Sensitive, susceptible, impressive; irritable, passionate, hasty, hot-tempered, violent.

Excitant, ek-sifant, n. উरङ्गक ; Stimulant. Excitation, eksit-áshun, n. উरङ्ग्या ; Act of exciting.

Excitative, ek-sita-tiv, Excitatory, ek-sitator-1, a. むほうす; Tending to excite; containing excitement.

Excite, ek-sit, v. t. 敬语语言-事; উ메行宫-事; To rouse; to irritate; to stir up. n=excitation, exciter. Syn:—Incite, awaken, animate, arouse, stimulate, inflame, kindle, raise, create, disturb, agitate, discompose, provoke.

Excitement, ek-sitment, n. উত্তেজনা, আংশালন : উংলাহ, উজীপক; Agitation; stimulation, that which excites. Syn —Agitation, perturbation, commotion, irritation, warmth, passion; stimulus, incitement, motive, Exclaim, eks-klam, v. i. [L. ex, out, clamo, to shout] চীংকার-ড়; উচ্চ শন-ড়; To make an outcry; to shout. Syn:—Vociferate, declare, speak aloud, utter earnestly.

Exclamation, eks-kla-máshun, n. চীংৰাৰ ; উচ্চ শব্ব, Outcry; clamour; vociferation:—হায় হায়; Interjection:—চিহ্ন বিশেষ; Mark thus (!). a= exclamative, exclamatory.

Exclamatory, eks-klama-tor-i, a. হ্ৰ্ববিদ্যাদি-ভাব-বালক; Containing or expressing exclamation.

Bxclude from—কোন বাঞ্চিত বিষৰ ইইতে বঞ্চিত-কু,
Not allow one to participate in something desired or desirable.

Bxclusion, eks-kloo'zhun, n. বর্জন; বহিদ্দাণ . A shutting or putting out; exception, ejection. To the exclusion of—বর্জিত-কু; বাদ দিয়া. বাহিরে রাখিয়া, অন্তর্ভুক্ত না করিয়া; Excluding.

Exclusionary, eks-kloo'zhun-a-ri, a. ৰজন-প্ৰবণ, Tending to exclude.

Exclusionist, eks-kloo'zhun-ist, Exclusioner, eks-kloo'zhun-er, a. বে বাজি অপরকে কোন অধিকার ২ইতে বঞ্চিত করিতে চাতে, অপরকে অধিকার-চাত্ত-কারক, One who excludes or would exclude another from a privilege.

Exclusive, eks-klöu'sıv, a. বৰ্জনকারী; বৰ্জক, Able or tending to exclude; debarring — কেবল; Sole — অনুদাব; Illiberal:—n. যে বাহ্নি বাম নদাৰ হৈতে অন্তৰ্কে বৰ্জিত কৰে; One who excludes others from society or fellowship. ade exclusively, n=exclusiveness. Syn—(a) Excluding, debarring, excepting, not including; sole, special, only, narrow, selfish, limited to a class.

Exclusive of—ছিনাবের বাহিব; Not taking into the account. [practices. Exclusivism, n. Exclusive principles or Excogitate, eks-koji-tāt, v. t. [L ex, out, and cogito, to think] চিক্তা ক্ৰিমা আবিকাৰ-কৃ, উম্বিক-কৃ, To think out, find out by thinking Excogitation, eks-koj-i-tāshun, n. উ১.বন, স্বাতীর চিক্তা; আবিকাৰ, Invention; contrivance Excommunicate, eks-kom-thi-i-kāt, v. t. ন্যাজ্ঞান্ত, শাম্বাধিকার হইতে বঞ্চিত-কৃ, Shut out or eject from a church, expel from fellowship, deprive of church privileges. n=excommunication.

Excoriate, eks-kō'ri-āt, v. t. [ L. ex, and corrum, skin ] চৰ্ম উন্মোচন-কু; To strip the skin from; abrade. Syn:—Flay, skin, gall.

Excrement, ckskrc-ment, n. [L. excretus, to separate ] বিষ্ঠা; মল, গোৰৱ; Uscless matter discharged from the animal system; dung. a= excremental.

Excrementitious, eks-kre-men-tishus, a. মল-ভাগন্মৰ, বিভানম ; Voidable.

Excrescence, eks-kresens, n. [L. ex, out, and cresco, to grow ] wising with the with a strength of the strengt

ৰজা; That which grows unnaturally; a wart or tumour. a=excrescent. Syn:—Swelling, tumour, wart; prominence, lump, knob. [fluous. Excrescent, eks-kresent, a. অভিনিজ; Super-Excrete, eks-kres, v. t. [ L. ex, from, and cerno, cretus, to separate] মলভ্যাগ-তৃ; নি:প্ড-তৃ, To discharge; to eject.

Excretion, eks-krc'shun, n. মলতাৰ ; Ejection of animal substance : that which is ejected.

Exoretive, eks-kie'tiv, a. মলত্যাগৰাৰী; মল-নিঃসাৰক; Able to excrete.

Excretory, eks-krč'toi-i, a. মল্ডাানী; Having the quality of excreting .—n. মলমুজ নিঃসায়ক প্রণানী; মলমুজ-প্রবাহিকা; A duct for transmitting excreted matter.

Exoruciate, eks-kroo'shi-5t, v. t. [ L ex, out, and crucio, cruciatus, to crucify ] 4441-07; To wrack with pain; torture; torment. Syn:—Torture, torment, agonize, rack.

Excruciating, a. प्रभागात ; जन्म ; Tormenting. [Vexation.

Excruciation, n. বন্ধপা; Torture:—বিরক্তি; Exculpate, eks-kulpat, v. t. [L. ex, from, culpa, a fault] লোব হইতে মুক্ত-কু; পোৰকালন-কু; To absolve; to exonerate; to vindicate, to acquit. n=exculpation (পোৰ হইতে মুক্তি)।

Exculpatory, eks-kulpa-ter-i, a. দোৰমুক্কারী; দোৰমোণক, Freeing from the charge of fault or crime; excusing.

Excursion, ck--kur'shun, n. [ L. ex, out, and curro, cursum, to run] আনুষ্ঠিক কথা, অপ্তাস্থিক বিষয়েৰ সমালোচনা; Digression —ক্ৰমণ, ৰহিণ্যন; গড়েটন: Ramble; pleasure; trip, tour, an expedition. Syn:—Journey, jaunt, pilgrimage, expedition, digression, episode, excursus.

Excursionist, cks-kur'shun-ist, n. আমোৰার্ক ভুগনকংবা বা প্রাটক: Holiday traveller.

Exoursive, eks-kur'siv, a ज्ञमकात्री, जमभीभ ; Rambling, wandering n=excursiveness. ad= excursively. Syn —Wandering, rambling, roving, roaming; digressive, diffusive.

Excursus, eks-kur'sus, n. পরিশিষ্টাকারে সংযোজিত কোন প্রধান বিশ্বের প্রবন্ধ . A dissertation on some important point appended to a work.

Excusable, a ক্ষাৰ্চ ; ক্ষাপ্ৰাৰ্থী ; খোচনীয় , Pardonable : apologencal.

Excusatory, eks-kūźa-tor-1, a. क्यांप्र् ; Ma-king or containing excuse ; apologetical. Syn:
--Pardonable, venial, not beinous, justifiable.

Excuse, cks-kū², v. t. [L. ex, from, causor, to plead] বিদ্যোগী-কৃ; দোবারোপ ইউতে মুক্ত-কৃ; To exculpate; absolve:—ক্ষা-কৃ; To pardon, as a fault.—ক্ষমা প্রাধনা-কৃ; To ask pardon or indulgence for:—উপেকা-কৃ, Overlook:—বা আপাক-কৃ, Not to exact:—n. ক্ষমা; Act of excusing:—ছল, গজর; A plea offered in extenuation of a fault:—ক্ষা-প্রাথনা; Apology. Syn:—(v) Exculpate, absolve, pardon, forgive; justify, vindicate, extenuate, palliate; exempt, let off; overlook, regard indulgently. (n) Apology; alleviation, mitigation, palliation, extenuation. Execusable, ekšē-kra-bl, a. প্রত্তি, ক্ষম্বন্ধ; মুবা;

sation

Detectable, accursed Syn — Hateful, detectable, abominable, accursed, damnable, loathsome ad=execrably

Execrate, ekśe-krāt, v t [ L ex, from, sacer sacred ] আভিশাপ-দে, অতাত্ত্ব ঘূৰ্ণা-কু Cuise, denounce cvil against, abominate, imprecute evil on, detest, louthe.

Execution, cks krázhun, দ. অভিশাপ সুণা, অভিশাপ আদান, Malediction, detestation, a curse pronounced

Becaute, cksc-kilt, r f [L ex, out and sensor to follow] বাৰ্ব্যে পরিশ্ব-ত্র, Lo carry into effect to complete — নিকাই য়ু, সম্পাদন কৃ. সম্পন্ন কৃ, To accomplish, to perform, to effect to ful fil — আইনাস্থারে প্রাণ্ড কু To put to de ith by Law,—To render valid, as by signing and sent ing — v s. কবি)-কৃ Io perform an office or duty n=executor Syn — Accomplish achieve, consumm ite, terminate, complete, finish, perfect, do transact, hang behand

Besecution, eks-c-ku'shun n নিৰ্কাহ সম্পাদন
সংসাধন Performan e accomplishment, com
pletion — প্ৰাণদন Capital juni hment — বিধি
সক্ষত আ্দেল A legal warrant or order — প্ৰাণনালেব আ্দেল গম The warrant for so doing
Syn — Fffect, werkmanship, accomplishment,
completion

Executioner, eys-e kū'shun-èi, n ङब्हि, पांडर A hang man

Executive, c. েট tiv a কাৰ্যাকংগৰ কৰিম্ম Having the quality of executing or putting the laws in execution — n শাসনকহা শানক শাস্ত্রী চানক, The governing person or body al—executively

Exegosis, the evide of for the out, and hegiomes to evide । नावा वा ाणांकियां वश्चार्य राज्यां कि वांचा मिक्सिक वांचा मिक्सिक वांचा मिक्सिक वांचा मिक्सिक राज्यां मिक्सिक राज

Exogetic, eks e-jetik Fregotical, eks ejetik il, n बाधानाक , Pertuning to exegesis, explanatory ad=exegetically

Exemplar, egr cmplar, n আপর্ব, A pattern to be copied or imitated, the ideal model of an artist, model, pattern.

Exemplary, cgfem plant, a অনুকরণীয় পুর লীয়, সতর্ববাধী উদাহরণ-প্রদলী প্রশাস, Worthy of imitation, noticeable, sciving as a warning, illustrating commendable ad=exemplantly

Exemplification, egr em-ph-h-kashun, अ উशह्य , अपूर्ति , A copy, a transcript

Exemplify, egr empli-fi, v f উमाह्द बादा दिगंग द , To illustrate by in example - नकन द To copy — প্ৰমাণ-ক, To prove by an attested copy n=exemplification

Exempt, egz-emi, v t [L ex, out, and emo, to take, to buy] 其要 事, 判審 (中旬), To free or grant immunity from, to rel are — a 項書;
項節判實、Released, liberated free from

Exempt (one) from—यांश रवन क विश्व वहा, अपन क्यांन विश्व केंद्र क्यां है (उट्टा), Grant one immunity from somthing to which others are hable [hable to, be free from. Bo exempt from—पृक्ष वो बाइ उट इ. Be not Exemption, ego enishun, n मृष्टि (अपने क्यांन हिंड, Ficedom from any service duty &c.,

immunity. Syn -Privilege, freedom, dispen-

Exequies, ek'e-kwir n pl [L ex, out and sequer to follow ] अवर्गाळिक मल. का मा हिन्दी, A funeral procession, the ceremonies of burial Exercise, ekser siz, v f निरुक्त कू , क'र्र्सा श्रातांत्र-কু, To employ -- শিকা-দে, শাসন-কু, To train by use , to discipline - अशाम-क To practise , to improve by practice —ব্যবহার-জু; প্রযোগ-জু; To use - ক্ল-দে, To afflict - তঃ স্কৃশিত বা वावक 5-ए . To take exercise -n. वावहात , किनाम , Exertion, use, practice - Mis, A lesson, a task -বাশ্ম -Hygenic activity -প্ৰাকা . A tual - अप्रकारन , Exertion for the sake of training or improvement - For Fa. Performance Syn -(1) Excit apply, busy, engage, practise trun drill, enuic, discipline cultivate, pursue tack, try afflict (n) I'se appliance, application enjoyment, practice exertion, labour toil work effort, trial training discipline, dull task le son or amu ement Take exercise- नार भ-म I abour for health Exert, cut fit, " t [L ce out and sero, to put together | एरम 'न कु एन्डा कु, मन्त्रामन कु 10 d or perform to put torth as strength force or ibility -27 fes & Put in ic ion Sin -Frencise employ, endervous strain, strive,

Exertion, (g./ er'-hun " ("हो दिएगांग डेएाम, एक Liftort attempt endeavour Syn — I rial, -ti izgle, labour toil strain, stremhr

wik toil libour

Exfoliate, c'e ic ii-বা া (L ex off folium, a le ii ) ছ ল বা আংশ তোলা আইনের আকারে পুলিয়া আসা To come off in scales, to scale off n= exfoliation

Exhalation, egz-hal-tshun n বান্দ নিৰ্মন্ত বান্দ পৰিচিত্ৰ কৰণ ৷ Its aparation, vapour; stram fume গ্ৰা — Etflusium, inist damp, Exhale, egz-half v t [ L er out, halo, halatus, to breathe ] বান্দ নিৰ্গত্ত ক, বান্দ নিৰ্গত্ত ক, তি emit or send out, as vapour, to evaporate — v.: বান্দ্ৰহ উৰ্ত্ত-হ, Io rise of be given off, as apour Syn — Breathe out, discharge, eject, evaporate

Exhaust, ege-hawst, v t [L ex, out, and liourio, to diaw] শেৰ ফু, নিংশেৰিড-ফু, ফান্ত-ফু, ক্যু-ফু, To drain, to wear or tire out, to consume —নিযুক্ত-ফু, To employ —বায়-ফু, To spend —a ক্লান্ত, ব্যক্তি, Diained, exhausted.

Syn:—Void, strain, dry, empty; weaken, weary, enfeeble, debilitate, fatigue, tire; spend, waste, squander, dissipate, consume.

Exhausted, egz-hawsted, a. নিংশেষিত ; করপ্রান্ত ; ব্যমিত ; ক্লান্ত ; Emptied ; consumed ; tired out. Exhaustible, egz-hawsti-bl, a. ক্যমীল ; That

may be exhausted.

Exhaustion, egz-hawstyun, n. কব; অবসাগ.
নিরতিশ্ব সান্তি; State of being exhausted, extreme fatigue. Syn:—Lassitude, weariness, feebleness, exervation.

Exhaustive, egz-haws'-iv, n. त्रांडियनक; जन्द : Tending to exhaust; complete; thorough. Exhaustless, egz-haustles, a. अक्य, That cannot be exhausted.

Bahibit, egz-hibit, v. t. [L. ex, out, habeo, habitus, to have or hold] প্ৰদৰ্শন কু; প্ৰকাশ-কু. To show; to display. n=Exhibiter, exhibitor. Syn:
—Show, display, present, expose, spread out, parade; manifest, express, disclose; offer, present, administer.

Burhibition, eks-hi-bishun, n. অকাল; প্রদর্শন; Display — প্রদর্শনী; A public show of works or arts:—ছাজেইজি, An allowance or bounty to scholars in university. Syn:—Exposition, manifestation, representation, display.

Exhibitioner, eks-hi-bishun-er, n. 有领证的别, One who is maintained at an English university by benefaction. [Exhibiting, showing.

Exhibitori, egz-hibit-or-i, a. প্রকাশক; এনপক. Exhibitarant, egz-hiba-rant, a. আনুন্দোত্তক, হংগাদীপক, আনুন্দোদীপক; Tending to exhibitate. exhibitating:—n. উন্নাসন্তান (ব্যা; That which exhibitates.

Exhilarate, egz-hila-rāt, v t. [ L. ex, intensive, and hilaris, cheerful ] ইয়ানিত-তৃ. তুও-তৃ. সভে-তৃ: To enliver, to cheer, to animate rejoice, elate (Exhilarating, egz-hila-rāt-ing, a জ্বান্সভর, ভানিসভরক; Cheering; gladdering, ad—exhilaratingly.

Exhilaration, egz-hil-a-ráshun, n. আনন; অকুলতা; উত্তেজনা; Joyousness; gladness; ani mation. Syn:—Cheering, animating, cheerfulness, gayety, mirth, gleefulness, liveliness

Exhort, egz-hort, v. t. [ L. ex, intensive, hortor, to urge ] সত্তৰ্ব-কু; পৰাম্প দেওৱা; উপদেশ-দে, উৎসাধিত কু; আৰম্ভি-কু; Caution, warn, advise, persuade: incite:—v. i. To deliver exhortation. Syn:—Advise, warn, caution, counsel; encourage, inspirit, animate, urge, persuade

Exhortation, eks-hor-táshun, n পরামর্গ; উৎ-লাহ; উপদেশ; প্রাণোচন, Counsel; persuasive discourse; encouragement.

Exhortative, egz-horfa-tiv, Exhortatory, egz-horfa-tor-i, a. উপদেশক; প্রশোধক; Tending to advise. [উড়োলন, Disinterment.

Bxhumation, eks-hū-máshun, n. সমাধি হইতে
Exhume, eks-hūm, v. i. [L. ex, out of, hu-mus, the ground] কবন হইতে বাহিন-ক; সমাধি হইতে উড়োলন-ক; To disinter; unbury; dig out, n=exhymation.

Brigence, eksi-jens, Erigency, eksi-jen-si, n. আড়াবড়কতা; আডাব; স্বট; Pressing necessity; emergence; urgent need; distress. Syn:—Demand, urgency, want, requirement; pressing, emergency, crisis, pinch, strait, difficulty. Exigent, eksi-jent, a. [L. ex, out, ago, to derive] অড়াবড়ক; Pressing. [Small, slender. Exiguous, eks-ig'u-us, a. মুল; মুল; মুল; হেলাড়, cksil, n. [L ex, out of, and solum, soil, land] বিশ্বাসন; Banishment:—বিশ্বাসিড ব্যক্তি; পেল্ডালী; One banished:—v. t. বিশ্বাসিড-ফু; To banish from one's country; drive away. Syn:—(n) Expulsion, expatriation, proscription. (v) drive away, expatriate, proscribe.

Exist, egz-ist, v. i. [ L. ex, out, and sisto, to make to stand ] থাকা; বৰ্জ্যাল-ছ; জীবিত থাকা; 'To be; to live. Syn:—Be, subsist, live, have life, breathe; occur, happen; sontinue, remain, endure.

Existence, egz-istens, n. অভিড; নতা; বাহা আছে; State of being; life:—ঘটনা; Occurrence, as of events:—প্রাণী, জীব, A being; a creature. Syn:—Entity, animation; actual occurrence, reality, continuance, duration.

Existent, egr-istent, वर्डभाम, कीविड; मलीव; Having existence or being.

Exit, ek-it, n [L. ex, out, and co, itum, to go] নটেৰ অস্থান, অভিনেতার অস্থান, The departure of a player from the stage — অস্থান; Any departure — মৃত্যা, Death — বহিৰ্গননেৰ প্ৰথ; অস্থান প্ৰথ; Way out Syn.—Egress, outlet; departure, withdrawal; death.

Exodus, ekso-dus, n [Gr. ex, out, hodos, a way] প্রহান, বারা; Deputure from a place, especially that of the Israelites from Egypt:— গুটার ধর্মপুরাশেব বিভীয় অধ্যায়; The second book of Moses.

Exodus of Iroland—The departure of the Irish in large numbers for America.

Exogamy, eks-og'am-i. n. [Gr. cxo, out, gamos, marnage] জনমবৰ্গ নিৰাছ; ভিন্ন গোত্ৰে বিবাহপ্ৰশা; The practice of marrying out of the tribe.

Exonerate, egz-oher-at, v. t [L. ex, from, oneris, burden] দোৰ ছইছে মুক্ত-কু; Absolve; acquit. n=exoneration. a=exonerative. Syn:—Absolve, acquit, exculpate, clear, justify, discharge, release.

Exoneration, egz-or-ér-áshun, s. ज्याकानमः, The act of exonerating or freeing from a charge or blame.

Exonerative, egz-oner-a-tiv, a. পোৰকালক; ভাৰণোধক, Freeing from a bunden or obligation. Exorbitance, egz-or'bi-tans, Exorbitancy, cgz-or'bi-tan-si, n. আভিনৱ; আধিকা; Enormity; extravagance.

Exorbitant, egz-or'bi-tant, e. [L. ez, out of, and orbita, a track] অত্যধিক; অতিদয়: অতিৰিক্ত; Excessive; extravagant. ad—exorbitantly. Syn:—Inordinate, enormous, unreasonable.

Exoroise, ekśor-siz, v. t. [Gr. ex, out, horkiso, to bind by an oath] 更多 朝頃; Drive away evil spirits. n=exorciser.

Exorciser, eksor-siz-èr, Exorcist, eksor-sist, n. क्राउ क्यो ; One who pretends to cast evil spirits by adjurations.

Exorcism, eksor-sizm, n. ভুত ডাড়েইবাৰ বা : Act of expelling evil spirits by certain ceremonies. [ing to exordium.

Exordial, egz-or'di-al, a. মুৰ্বছ-সংক্ৰান্ত; Pertain Exordium, egz-or'di-um, n. [ L. ez, out, and ordior, to begin, to weave ] ভূমিকা; উপক্ৰমণিকা, মুৰ্বছ; Opening of a speech. a exordial Syn:—Preface, introduction, proem, prelude, preamble, prologue.

Exostosis, eks-os-tō'sis, n. [L. ex, out of, and osteon, a bone ] অনিয়মিত আছিব্ছি; গাছের আৰ , An excrescence or morbid enlargement of a bone; a knot formed upon the wood of a tree.

Exoteric, eks-o-ter'ik, Exoterical, eks-o-ter'ik-al, a. অকাস্তঃ বাফ; সাধাৰণ সমকে কথনীয়, Public; outward; fit to be communicated to the public—opposed to esoteric. n=exotericism Exotic, eg2-ot'ik, Exotical, egz-ot'ik-al, a

[Gr. exo, outward] विरम्नी, विरम्नीत ; Coming from abroad. Syn .—Foreign, extraneous, not native.

Exotic, n. विदासिक नाता; किन्न एमीन देखिए; Anything of foreign origin; something not native to a country, as a plant.

Expand, cks-pand, v.t. [L.ex, out, and pando, pansus, to spread] বিষয়-ক, বিষাধিত-ক, Spread or open out:—বিষাধিত-ক, বিষয়-ক, বিষয়-ক, Dilate; enlarge:—v.i. বিকশিত-ক, বিষয়-ক, To become opened; to enlarge. Syn.—Unfold, extent, dilate, widen, stretch, distend, swell, enlarge, increase, diffuse.

Expanse, eks-pans, n. বিস্তৃতি; বিভাব, A wide extent of space or body:—আকাল; The firmament. Syn:—Extent, extension; firmament, arch of the sky.

Expansible, cks-pansi-bl, a. প্রসংগীয়; বিভার বেগা; Capable of being spread. n=expansibility, ad=expansibly.

Expansion, ex-panshun, n. বিবৃতি; অসীমতা . অস্বা ; বিভাৰ ; Extent , space ; enlargement ; immensity. Syn:—Spreading unfolding, opening ; dilatation, distension, swelling ; enlargement, increase, diffusion ; extent, expanse.

Expansive, cks-pansiv, a. অসাবিত; প্রসার্থীয়; Widely extended; diffusive. n=expansiveness. Expatiate, eks-pashi-at, v. i. [ L. ex, out of, and spatior, to roam] ইতন্তত: ন্ধ্যান কৃ; বিভারিত ক্ষণে ব্যান কৃ; To range or spead at large; enlarge upon; be copious. n=expatiation. Syn:—Ramble, range rove; amplify, dilate, descant. Expatiation, eks-pas-shi-ashun, n. বিভারিতক্ষণে ব্যান ; Act of expatiating.

Expatriate, eks-pátri-āt, v. t. [ L. ex, out of, and patria, fatherland ] নিৰ্কাপিত-ক; দেশত্যাগক; To banish, to remove oneself from one's native land. Syn:—Expel, exile, proscribe.

Expetriation, cks-pa-tri-ashun, n. निर्काशन; त्यन्त्रात्र; Exile; the act of forsaking one's country. Expect, eks-pekt, v. t. [ L. ex, out. and spects, to look ] আলা-ক; প্রতীকা-ক; To wait for; to anticipate; to hope. Syn:—Await, hope, look for, anticipate. n=expectation.

Expectance, eks-pektans, Expectancy, ekspektan-si, n. আলা; প্রত্যালা: প্রতীকা; Hope; prospect of fortune; something expected.

Expectant, eks-pektant, a. আগন্ধা; আবাবিত;
Waiting in expectation, that waits for the
efforts of nature — n. অভ্যানী ব্যক্তি; One who is
looking for some benefit.

Expectation, eks-pek-tāshun, n. আলা; ভরসা; অপেকা; প্রতীকা; Hope; anticipation; trust; prospect of good to come Syn — Hope, reliance, confidence; expectancy, prospect.

Expectingly, eks-pekting-li, ad. প্রতীকা করিমা, আশা করিমা; In a state of expectation. Expectorant, eks-pekto-rant, a. স্নেমা নির্গমন-কম; খেমাবর্কক; Tending to promote; to discharge from the lungs or throat:—n. স্নেমা নির্গমনকারক ঔবধ; সেমাবর্কক ঔবধ; A medicine which promotes expectoration.

Expectorate, eks-pekto-rāt, v t. [L. ex, and pectoris, the breast] রেখা নির্গত-কু; To spit forth; cough up:—v. i. রেখা নির্গত-ক; To discharge or eject phlegm from the throat. n= Expectoration (রেখা; spittle). Syn:—Cough up, hauk up, spit. [গ্রেষ (তালা; Spittle.

Expectoration, cks-pek-to-ráshun, n. ক্ষো; Expectorative, eks-pekto-ra-tiv, a. ক্ষোব্ৰ-খ্যবিশিষ্ট; Having the quality of promoting expectoration, expectorant.

Expedience, eks-pe'di-ens, Expediency, eks-pe'di-en-si, n. উপবোগিতা; বাছনীৰতা; বাছনীৰতা; বাৰ্থীৰতা; দিলেss; propriety; desirableness; self-interest; self-seeking.

Expedient, eks-pe'di-ent, a. [L. expedie, to set free] উপযুক্ত; উপযোগী; যুক্তিযুক্ত; বার্থনাথক; Fit; needful, advisable; conducive or tending to self interest or selfish ends:—n. উপায়; কৌশল; কোব্যাথক বিষয়; Means to an end; shift; contrivance; resource. Syn:—(n) Shift, resort, resource, substitute, device, scheme. (a) Fit, suitable, proper; advisable, profitable, useful, desirable, convenient. ad=expediently.

Expedite, ek'pe-dit, v. t. [ l. ex, out, and pes, pedis, foot ] ত্রা-কু, ত্রাহিত-কু; Hasten; quicken, despatch —a ক্রত; ক্রিপ্রকারী; তৎপর; সত্ত্র, Quick; prompt; expeditious. Syn:—(v) Hasten, accelerate, forward, advance, hurry forward, presson. ad=expeditely.

Expedition, eks-pe-dishun, n. নীয়তা; কিপ্ৰতা; ব্যা: Speed; haste; effecient promptness:—
সাংসিক কৰ্ম; উদোগ; Enterprise at some distance:—যুদ্ধাতা; যুদ্ধ কৰিবাৰ দানসে অভিযাল; A hostile march or voynge; an excursion for a valuable end:—যুদ্ধ বাত্তীগল; অভিযানকাৰী বাজিবর্গ; A body of persons making such an excursion.

Syn:—Haste, speed, celerity, hurry; enterprise, undertaking.

Expeditious, eks-pe-dishus, a. সম্ব ডপেছ; ছবিত, Speedy; prompt. Syn:—Prompt, hasty, quick. active, diligent, ready, alert. ad = expeditiously.

Expel, eks-pel, v. t. [L. ex, out, and pello, to banish] প্ৰ-ড়; বহিছত-ড়; নিৰ্বাসিত-ড়; To banish; drive out; to keep off. Syn:—Eject, exclude, dislodge, banish, expatriate, exile.

Expend, eks-pend, v. t. [L. ex, out, and pendo, pensum, to weight] बाह-कृ; প্রহোগ-কृ; लहे-कृ; Spend; lay out; consume; disburse; waste:—v. i. बाहिन्-कृ, To be laid out, used or consumed. Syn:—Disburse, use, employ; exhaust, dissipate, waste.

Expenditure, eks-pendi-tūr, n. ব্যঃ ; খনত ; ব্যমিত অৰ্থ ; What is spent ; cost ; disbursement ; expense. Syn:—Cost, charge, outlay

Expense, eks-pens, n. বায়; ম্লা; খরত; Expenditure; price; cost; disbursement; charge At one's expense—কাহারত বাবে; কাহার বিক্জে; At one's cost; against one:—কাহার আহি কটাক ক্রিয়া (উপহাস বুঝায়); With a view to expose or depreciate one, or hurt one's feelings.

At the expense of-विमर्कन कवित्र!; At the sacrifice of.

Expensive, eks-pensiv, a. বায়শীন: বাযসাধা; মূল্যবান; অপবায়ী; অপরিমিতবায়ী; Costly; lavish. liberal; extravagant. n=expensiveness. ad=expensively. Syn:—Costly, dear, high-priced; lavish, extravagant, wasteful.

Experience, eks-pc'ri-ens, n [L. ex, intensive, and perior, to try] প্ৰীকা; অভিক্ৰতা; বহুদ্দিতা; ভূষোদন্ত, Trial; frequent trial of a matter; long practice; wisdom derived from the changes and trials of life:—v. l. অনুভা-ক; To feel:—বহুদ্দি দ্বারা জাত-হ; Prove or know by use:—বহুদ্দি দ্বারা জাত-হ; Prove or know by use:—বহুদ্দি দ্বারা, proof, test, practice; endurance, practical wisdom, evidence, testimony. (v) Undergo, feel, suffer, endure, encounter. n experimenter.

To experience religion—গ্ৰীষ্ণগো দীকিত-হ; To become a convert to christianity.

Experienced, eks-p&'ri-enst, a. एक , रिख , वक् क्यों ; Skılful ; wise.

Experiential, eks-pe-ri-chshal, n. ভূমোদৰ্শকান্ত বা তৎসংক্ৰান্ত; Deprived from or pertaining to experience.

Experiment, eks-per'i-ment, n. [L. ex, and perior, to try] পরীকা, অনুস্কান; Essay; search, trial:—v. া. পরীকা-কু; তর্গুস্কান-কু; Make an experiment or trial, to search by trial. Syn:—(n) Practical test, proof, examination, assay, ordeal, touch-stone.

Experimental, eks-per-i-mental, a. প্ৰীকা মূৰক; প্ৰীকালক; প্ৰীকালায়া বিজ্ঞাত; Founded or known by experience; taught by experiment or experience. ad=experimentally.

Experimentalist, eks-per-i-mental-ist. Experimentist, —ist, n. প্ৰীক্ষ ; তথাসুস্থিতে , One who makes experiments.

Expert, cks-pert, a. দক্ষ; পটু; স্থানিপুণ; অভিজ্ঞ; শিকিত; Adioit; skilful, experienced; wellinstructed:—». স্থিপুণ ব্যক্তি, One who is expert or skilled in any art or science; a scientific or professional witness. n=expertness. ad=expertly. Syn:—(a) Adroit, dexterous, ready, skilful, prompt, facile, quick, handy, clever.

Expiable, eks-pi-a-bl, a. প্রায়ণ্ডিত্ত-বোগা; পালৰ-বোগা; That may be atoned for, or done away; capable of being expiated.

Expiable, eks-pi-a-bl, Expiatory, ekspi-ator-i, n. शांतिज्ञकाती; शांतिज्ञकात; कांत्रतीह; Having the power to make atonement.

Expiate, ekspi-at, v. t. [L. ex, intensive, and pio, to appease, to atone for] express ; Atone for; to make reparation for. n=expiation ( প্রাথতিয়; atonement ).

Expiration, ekspi-fishun, n. প্রাথনিত ; প্রাথনিতোগাই; Atonement, the means by which atonement for crimes is made. [expire.
Expirable, eks-pir'a-bl, a. বিষয়েনী; That may Expiration, eks-pir-á-blun, n. মুত্যু: শেব; খান্তাগি; বৃত্তি, Death; end: termination; act of breathing out; vapour. Syn:—Exhalation; death, decease; close, conclusion, end, termination.

Expiratory, eks-pi'ra-tor i. a. বায়্-নিমোরপকারী; পর্যস্থাটিত . Giving out breath.

Expire, exs-pir, v.t. [L. ex, out, and spire, to breathe] খানত াগ-ড়, Breathe out; exhale:—
v.i. শেষ-ছ, মহিবা-ষা; প্রাপ্তাগ-ড়; To die; to come to an end. Syn:—Emit, exhale; die, depart, perish, decease; end, terminate, cease, conclude.

[the end or termination.

Expiry, (k'pir-i, n जनतान; मुत्रा; Expiration; Expiseate, ck-pi'khit, v t. [ L. ex, out, and pisco, to lish ] जनतकान करिया दाश्विकः; (कोनतक्ष्म निर्मय-कः; To search out; to ascertain by artful means.

Explain, eks-plan, v t [ I.. ex, out, planus, plan l কালা ক; অৰ্থ কৰিব বুমাইখা-ৰে; To expound, interpret — ক. i. বাবন-ৰে; To give explanation. Svn — Expand, interpret, elucidate, clear up, define, unfold, disclose, give explanation, account for.

Explain away – বাগ্যা কৰিছা উচ্চইবা দেওলা, এক ৰক্ষ কৰিবা বুঝালো দেওৱা, Get rid of by plausible explanations, endeavour to remove doubt by plau-able explanations.

Explainable, cks-plina-bl, a. বাধা কর্ণীয়; বাগা করিবার বোগা, Capable of being explained. Explanation, eks-plan-ashun, u বাগা; অৰ্থ; Meaning; defination; account, detail. a= Explanatory ( অর্থ কাশক; বাধাকারী )। Syn — Definition, description, explication, exposition, interpretation, illustration; recital, account, detail, sense, meaning, acceptation, mutual understanding.

Explanatory, eks-plana-to-ri, a. অৰ্থকাশক; বাংলাকাৰী; Serving to explain or clear up the meaning of; containing explanations.

Explotive, eksple-tiv, a. [ I., ex, out, pleo, to fill] অনুপূৰক; অভিবিক্ত: Added for ornament or merely to fill up superfluous:—n. অভিবিক্ত কথা; শোভাৰ্য বা পূৰ্ণাৰ্থ ব্যবহৃত শক্ষ উন্থাটন; A word or

syllable inserted for ornament or to fill up a space.

Expletory, eksple-tor-i, a. অবুসূত্রক; শোভাসন্গা-

Eplicable, eksple-ka-bl, a. बार्ग्या करवेत ; Capable of being explained.

Explicate, ekspli-kai, v. f. [ L. ex, out, plico, to fold ] जाना-क ; Unfold; explain :—a. अन-नक ; Evolved; unfolded. [ nation.

Explication, eks-pli-káshun, त. बाध्या ; Expla-Explicative, ekspli-kā-tiv, Explicatory, ekspli-kā-tor-i, व बाध्याकाती ; (बाध्यमाकातक ; Serving to explain.

Explicit, eks-plisit, a. পাই; স্বান্ত; Plain; clear; definite. Syn:—Express, unambiguous, positive, definite, categorical, precise, clear, explain, even, unreserved, undisguished. n - explicitness. ad = explicitly.

Explode, eks-plod, v. t. [ L. ex out, and plando, to clap the hands ] সপকো বিদাৰ্থ-তৃ; বিদারিত
বা অকিন্ত-তৃ, Drive out; blow up with noise:
পরিত্যাগ-তৃ; Reject:—v. i. সপকে বিদার্থ-ত; To
burst with a loud report. Syn:—Displode, detonate, shiver, shatter, discharge; cry down,
reject, repudiate, discard.

Exploit, eks-ploit, n. [ L. explicitum, ended, achieved ] कार्या, वाज काया; मार्टिनिक कार्या, Deed, feat, a heroic deed:—v. i. काया-कृ; To work (a mine &c.)

Exploration, cks-pló-ráshun, n अनुमकान, পরীবা; Act of searching roughly. a=exploratory.

Exploratory, eks-plor'a-tor-i, a. অপুস্কায়ী, Serving to explore, scarching out.

Explore, ek-plor', v t { L. ex, out, and plore, to weep } আদেয়'পান্ত অনুসন্ধান-ক; তহু তন্ত্ৰ কৰিবা বা সক্তোভাবে পৰ, কা-ক, To search through; to examine thoroughly (esp. an unknown country) Syn.—Examine, scrutinize, seek, investigate.

Explorer, eks-plurér, Explorator, eks-plurator, n. অনুসন্ধানকারী, পরীক্ক; One who explores

Explosion, eks-plö'fhun, n. অপপ্রত বিদাবণ; সশকে বিদারণ; A bursting with noise. Syn:— Displosion, detonation, burst, bursting, clap, blast.

Explosive, eks-plu'siv, a. বিদারণক্ষ, বিদারণীল; Causing explosion. a.l = explosively.

Exponent, eks-pō'nent, n. [ L. ex, out, pono, to place ] প্রথপক, ব্যাধানিকক; বৈত্তিক পত্তি. One who or that which points out, or represents; index of a power. a=exponental.

Exponential, eks-po-neńshal, a. 法国事本书语-司(李代書; Relating to or involving algebraical exponents.

Export, eks-port, v. t [ L. ex, out of, and porto, to carry ] ছানাছেরে ত্রবা প্রেবণ-কু; বগুলি-কু; Carry or send abroad; ship, transport:—ж. বিদেশে প্রেরিক্ত ত্রবা বগুলি; রগুলি বাল, What is exported. \*\*\*

Exportable, eks-porta-bl, s. इटानि (यात्र); That may be exported. Exportation, eks-por-táshun, त. विरण्य वर्षानिः, A carrying out.

Expose, cks-pox, v.t. [L.ex, out, and Fr. poser, to place] জনাত্ত-ড়; লাকাশ-ড়; To lay bare; to lay open; to disclose:—বিগাৰ্থড-ড়; To endanger, to put in danger; to make liable to n=exposer. Syn:—Disclose, uncover, lay bare, exhibit; show, display; subject, make liable, put in peril, endanger.

Expose to—কোনন্দ বিপাদে কেলা বা অপমানপ্রত করা, Render one liable to (something that cause trouble or proves injuries, such as a danger, insult, inclement weather):—রৌক-হিমাদি বাগা।

Exposition, eks-po-zishun, n. ব্যাখ্যা; Explanation, interpretator:—প্রদর্শন; প্রদানী, A public exhibition, a setting to public view. Syn:—Display, show; illustration, elucidation.

Expositor, eks-poźi-tor, n. ব্যাধ্যাকারী, ব্যাধ্যাক্রির বাজি; An interpreter. [Explanatory. Expository, eks-poźi-tor-i, u. ব্যাধ্যাকারী: Expostulato, eks-pośiū-lat, v. i. [L. ex, intensive, pośiulo, to demand] ভর্গনা-ছ; অসু-শ্যেক, To remonstrate. n=expostulator.

Expostulation, eks-post-u-láshun, n. ভংগনা, অপ্রাথা , প্রতিবাদ ; Remonstrance ; kindly protest. a=expostulatory

Expostulatory, eks-poefu-la-tor-i, a প্রতিবাদ-পূর্ব, Containing expostulation or remonstrance. Exposuro, eks-po'zhūr, n. প্রকাশ করণ, Act of exposing, —রিগদগ্রতা; বিগল্লভাব, Openness to danger:—রেল বৃষ্টি প্রভূতিব প্রভাবে অবস্থান; Position with regard to the sun, influence of climate &c.

Expound, eks-pownd, v. t. [ L. ex, and pono, to place ] বাধা ক, Explain. Syn:—Unfold, interpret, clucidate, illustrate, make plain.

Express, cks-pres, v t. [ I. ex, out of, and premere, to press] ব্যক্ত-কু; বিৰুক্ত-কু; প্ৰকাশ কু; বিৰুক্ত-কু; প্ৰকাশ কু; প্ৰকাশ কু; To press or squeeze out :— a. শাই, স্বাক্ত, স্বাক্ত, Explicit; clear; plain:— n স্বাদ, A message sent on a special errand:—— দ্ভ; স্বাদ বহনকারী শক্ত, A person or vehicle that carries messages; a regular and quick conveyance. Syn.—(v) Declare, utter, signify, testify, intimate, represent, indicate, show, exhibit, denote. (a) Explicit, open, precise, clear, plain, positive, definite, categorical, unequivocal, unambiguous. (n) carrier, message, despatch, fast train.

Express oneself—আপনার মত প্রকাশ-কু; To make known one's opinions or feelings.

Express train—বে গাড়ি সম্ভ ষ্টেশনে গাঁনে বা ও পুৰ ক্ৰুলভিতে বাধ , A train running at a greater speed and making fewer stops than ordinary or accommodation trains.

Expression, eks-preshun, ল. নিকৰণ; বলপুৰ্বৰ নিকাশন, Act of expressing or forcing out by pressure:—বাকোর রীতি, Phrase or mode of speech:—মুখের আকৃতি; মুখাবয়ব; Appearance of the countenance:—প্রকাশ; Vivid; representation; declaration; utterance . — স্কীতের হার;
The tone of voice or sound in music:— বৈধিক
কানির প্রকাশ; The representation of an algebrical quantity by its appropriate characters
and signs. Syn:— Squeezing out, pressing out;
assertion, declaration; phrase, term, remark, observation; aspect, look, mien. a=expressionless.
Expressive, eks-preśiv, a. অভিবয়ক; ফলাই
আকাক; Vividly representing; full of expression:— অব্যোধক; অব্যাধক; আব্যাধক; Emphatic; significant. n=expressiveness. ad=expressively.
Syn:— Significant, emphatical, telling. lively,
vivid, forcible, impressive, energetic, striking.
Expulsion. eks-pulshun. n. তিভাতৰ; বিকাশন;

Expulsion, eks-pulshun, n. विकादन ; निर्काशन ; A driving away by violence, banishment. Syn-Driving out, entrusion, banishment, ejection, dismission. [क्य ; Serving to expel.

Expulsive, eks-pulsiv, a. নির্বাদনকন : বিভাজন-Expunge, eks-punj, v t. [L. ex, out, and punge, to prick] মুহিবা কো ; বিল্পু-কু. লোপ-কু; To blot out; to efface; to wipe ont. n=cx-punction. Syn:—Efface, erase, obliterate, annihilate, cancel, destroy.

Expurgate, eks-pur'gāt, Expurge, v t. [ L ex, out, and purgo, to purify] পরিভন্ক, বিশোধিত-ক; To purge; to cleanse; to purify n=expurgation.

Expurgation, eks-pur-ga'shun, n. विष्णंब ब. त्याव ; Purification, purging. [ who purifies Expurgator, eks'pur-ga-tor, n. विष्णंब ; One Expurgatory, eks-pur'ga-tor-i, a. श्रीकावर , त्यावर ; विष्णंब ; Serving to purify; purifying. Expurgatory index—A catalogue of books forbidden by the Roman Catholic Church to be read, as teaching things contrary to its creed or principles.

Exquisite, ekskwi-zit, a. [L. ex, out, and quaero, quaesitus, to seek] উৎকৃষ্ট; Choice, excellent:—ছবোৰণীয়; ছংনজোৰা;; Fastidious.—
স্থাবিচাৰী; স্থাবেশনীয় হ্মান্তোৰা;; Fastidious.—
স্থাবিচাৰী; স্থাবেশনীয় হ্মান্তোৰা; Fastidious.—
হলবিচাৰী; স্থাবেশনীয় হ্মান্তোৰা
, exceeding, as pain:—
ক্ষান্তিয় ব্যক্তি; A fop; daudy.

Syn:—(a) Exact, accurate, delicate, nice, refined, choice, rare, valuable, excellent, beautiful, perfect, matchless, consummate, complete; keen, intense, poigmant, acute. ad=exquisitely, exquisiteness

Exsanguinous, eks-sang'gwin-us, Exsanguious, eks-sang'gwin-us, a. [L. ex, and

sanguis, sanguinis, blood ] বস্তুৰান ; Destitude of blood. [ to cut ] ছেন্দ-কু ; To cut off Exscind, ek-sind, v. t. [ L. ex, off, and seindo, Extant, ekstant, a. [ L. ex, out, and sto, to stand ] বৰ্জনান ; লীবিড : Being or existing still; not lost; now subsisting. Syn:—Existent, surviving, now subsisting, present.

Extempore, eks-tempo-re, ad. [L. ex, out of, tempus, temporis, time] হাঁছ; Off-hand; suddenly. assextemporaneous (অচিয়াপুৰ্যক): Extemporise, eks-tempo-riz, ত. বা ভাবিলা চিন্তিয়া বলা; হাঁছ বজুডা-ড়; To speak off-hand. Extend, eks-tend, v. t. [L. ex, out, tendo, tensum, to stretch] বিষ্ড-ড়; বিষায়-ড়; To spread or reach out:—বৃদ্ধি-ড়; Increase:—বিষায়িতকাপ বর্ণনা-ড়; Dilate; enlarge:—বাদাৰ-ড়; বাক-ড়; Impart or bestow:—v. i. প্রনায়িত-ড়; To stretch. Syn:—Stretch out, lengthen, protract, continue; increase, expand, enlarge, widen;

Extend to—and about ; Widen the operation of, so as to include.

Extend for—এচলিড-ই ; Spread over.

diffuse, impart, offer, yield.

Extensible, eks-tensi-bl, Extensil, eks-tenil, a. প্রদায়পুষ; বর্ণীয়; Capable of being extended.

Extension, eks-tenshun, n etaist; A prolongation or enlargement:—fagis; Tiniarsiant; That property of a bodyly which it occupies a portion of; space. Syn:—Expansion, dilatation, distension; enlargement, increase, augmentation; prolongation.

Extensive, eks-tensive, a fail ; arts: Large; expouded; wide; comprehensive. Syn:—Expanded, large, broad, wide, comprehensive. ad=extensively, n=extensiveness.

Extent, eks-tent, n. বিষায়; বিকৃতি; দীৰ্ভা; দৈখ্য; প্ৰিন্য, আয়তন; Bulk; size; length. Syn:
—Expansion, expanse, amplitude, length, reach, stretch, compass; size, bulk. volume.

Extenuate, eks-tenu-at, v. t. [L. ex, intensive, tenuis, thin] 317-7; जन्म; जनम् ; जनम् ; Thin; lesson; palliate, as a crime; to lower or degrade, as reputation. Syn:—Lesson, diminish, reduce, mitigate, qualify, soften, apologize for.

Extenuating, a. লগুকারক; হাসকারী; Lessening, palliating; diminishing, ad=extenuatingly.
Extenuating circumstances—পোৰ লাখবকারী
অবস্থা; Circumstances which lesson or palliate a fault.

Extenuation, eks-ten-য-ম'shun, ল. পোৰ বা কৰ বাযু করণ ; উপশ্য : লাগব ; Palhation (of a crime) ; mitigation of a punishment ; alleviation.

Extenuatory, eks-tehu-a-tor-i, a. नपूर्वातास्य ; Palliative.

Exterior. eks-te'ri-or, a. [ L. extor, outward, ex, out] বহিৰ্ভ ; বাফ ; বহিন্ত ; বিদেশীয় ; Outward ; external ; foreign :— ন বহিৰ্ভাগ ; Outward part or surface . outside :—বাফিক আচার বা বীভি ; পরিদুখ্যমান বা বাফ ভাব ; আকার , External department, form or ceremony ; appearance. Syn :— Surface, outside, outward appearance.

External, eks-ter'nal, a. বাহিক; বাফ, Outenterior:—বিদেশীর; বৈদেশীক; Foreign:—অবা-সন্ধিক; অবাক্তিক; Accidental; trrelevant. ad externally Syn:—Outward, outside of, outer, exterior, superficial; extrinsic, foreign; visible, apparent. Exterminate, eks-termi-nat, v. t. [L. ex, out of, terminus, a boundary ] নিৰ্ভান্ত; সম্পূৰ্কণে নাই-ডু; স্বাবাংশাইন-ডু; Root out; put an end to; abolish; eradicate; destroy. Syn:—Eradicate, extirpate, destroy, abolish, root out.

Extermination, eks-ter-mi-nushun, n. উল্লেখ ; বুলোকেল ; বিশাস ; Complete destruction or

extirpation.

Exterminatory, eks-tér'mī-na-tor-i, a. नानव; सामकावस; विनाम ; Serving or tending to exterminate. [Outward part.

Externals, eks-ter'nalz, n. বাহ্নিক আলে; বহিৰ্ভাগ; Extinct, eks-tinkt, a. নিৰ্ফাপিত, মৃত; বৃষ্ণ; বিষষ্ট; ডিরোহিড; Put out; dead; destroyed.

Batinetion, eks-tinkshun, n. निर्काण ; विकाण ; विकाण ; पिकाण ; पिकाण ; पिकाण ; Destruction ; suppression. Syn:—Extinguishment ; destruction, annihilation, abolition, extermination. Batinguish, eks-ting gwish, v. t. [ L. ex, out, and stinguo, to prick ] निर्काण-कृ: क्षाण-कृ: विवाण-कृ: Put out ; destroy ; quench ; a=extinguishable. Syn:—Quench ; suppress, destroy, extirpate, annihilate. [ be put out.

Extinguishable, a. नाज , निर्द्धांभिष ; That may Extinguisher, eks-ting gwish-er, n. निर्द्धांभ-कारी ; मील निर्द्धांभार्थ यह वित्यव ; What extinguishes; a utensil to put out candle or lamp.

Extirpate, eks-ter-put, v. t. [L. ex, out, and starps, a root ] সম্বোৎপাটন-ড়; বিনষ্ট-ড়; To exterminate; to cut off; to destroy totally. n=exturpator. Syn:—Eradicate, root out, destroy, exterminate, abolish.

Extirpation, eks-ter-pashun, n. সম্লোপটন; ম্নোজেন; বিনাশ; Extermination; eradication; total destruction.

Extol, eks-tol, v. r. [ L. ex, up, tollo, to lift or raise] অভান্ত প্ৰশংসা-ক; অভানিক হ্বগাতি-ক; To magnify; to laud, to commend, to glorify. Syn:—Praise, applaud, commend, celebrate, laud, glorify, eulogize, magnify, exalt.

Extol one to the skies (laud to the skies)
—বাড়িৰে বৰ্গে (ভালা, Belaudone, overpraise one.
Extorsive, eks-torsiv, s. বলপুক্ষৰ (ধৰাদিব)
বাহৰ, বলপুক্ষৰ প্ৰবৰ্গকম, Serving or tending to draw from by expulsion, tending to extort.
ad = extorsively.

Extort, eks-tort, v t. [L ex, out, and torqueo, to twist ] বস্পুৰ্ক গ্ৰহ-কু, বনপুৰ্ক কাভিছা লহা।.
To wring or wrest from , draw from by force.—
v. i. To practise extortion a=extorsive. Syn:—
Wring out, express, squeeze out, extract; exact, get by force.

Extortion, eks-tor'shun, দ. অভায়পুৰ্কক ধন অপ-হৰণ; অভ্যাহার; Illegal compulsion; oppression; rapacity. a=extortionary. Syn:—Exaction, unjust demand.

Extortionary, eks-tor'shun-ar-i, a. বৰপুৰ্বক বাংশ কথানীয় ; Pertaining to extortion.

Extortionate, eks-tor'shun-at, a. ज्ञानित्रो ; भिक्ष ; Oppressive. Syn :—Exacting, rapacious, haid, rigorous, severe. Extortioner, eks-tor'shun-er, n. activist;
One who practises extortion.

Extra, ekstra, a. [L. ex, out, and ter, to cross]
আউনিক; Additional; extraordinary:—n. অভিবিক বস্ত; Some thing in addition to what is due or expected.

Batract, eks-trakt, v. t. [L. ex, out, and traho, to draw] আকৰ্ণ-কু; বাহিৰ-কু; Draw or take out of; to find out:—নিৰ্মাচন-কু; বাচিবা-ল; সংগ্ৰহ-কু; Select; choose out:—বলপ্ৰাক উৎপাটন-কু; To remove forcibly from a fixed position:—na নিৰ্বাল; What is extracted:—নাৰ, Essence; tincture:—সাৰ সংগ্ৰহ; উদ্বত ৰাজ্য; Passage from a book; a quotation. Syn:—(v) Pull out; express, distil, derive, deduce, quote, cite.

Extractible, a. উৎপাটনীয়; নিৰ্কাসনীয়; Capable of being extracted.

Extraction, eks-trakshun, n. উर्शाहेन; आंकर्श ; Drawing out :—वरण ; Descent ; lineage ; birth : —नात्र ; Extract ; essence. Syn :—Pulling out ; derivation ; origin, parentage.

Extractive, eks-traktiv, e. উৎপাৰ্টনকারক; আকর্ণীয়; নিকাৰক; Tending or serving to extract:—n. আকুই বস্তু; An extract.

Extractor, eks-traktor, n. উৎপটিনকাৰী; আকৰ্বক;
He who or that which extracts [a treatyExtradite, v f. প্রচাপন-ক; To deliver under
Extradition, eks-tra-dishun, n. [L. ex, from, and traditus, to deliver up] প্লাভক ব্যক্তিকে
প্রচাপন; ভার হাজো পলায়িত অপরাধীকে সেই রাজ্য
কর্ত্তক স্মর্পন; The delivery by one state to anotreaty.

Extrajudicial, ekstra-joo-dish-al, a. बाबहाब निध्य वहिल्छ, लाहेनान्साद बनावज्ञक, Out of the proper court or ordinary course of legal procedings; not legally required.

Extramandane, ekstra-mundan, a. জগতের বহিষ্ঠ , অপার্থিব , Beyond the world.

Extramural, ekstra-mū'ral, a আটীর বহিত্ত; প্রাচীবের বহিত্যপারিত, Without or beyond the walls.

Extraneous, eks-trāńyus, a বতা ; ভিন্ন , বৈদেবিক ; What is without or beyond; external; extrinsic, not essential; foreign. ad=extraneously.

Extraordinaries, eks-trāor di-nar-iz, n. pl. অসাধারণ বস্তুসমূহ, বিশেষ বিশেষ বর্ম; Things that are musual, peculiarities.

Extraordinary, eks-tāor'di-nar-i, a. আনাধাৰণ; আছুত, বিশেষ, B yond what is common; wonder-ful, 'pecial —n. অনাধাৰণ বিষয়, That which is extraordinary. Syn:—(a) Unwonted, uncommon, unusual, unprecedented; marvellous; signal, rare, singular, special, particular.

Extravagance, Extravagancy, eks-travagans, —gan-si, n. আধিকা; অত্যাচার; অপচর; অমিতব্যয়; অমিতাচার; Wildness; irregularity; excess; prodigality.

Extravagant, cks-trava-gant, a. [ L. extra, beyond, and vagor, to wonder] অভিবিক্ত; অধিক; অধিক; অধিকে; অধিকে;

cossive; prodigal, unreasonable; wasteful. Sym:—Inordinate, exorbitant, irregular, wild, absurd; profuse, ad = extravagantly.

Extravaganza, eks-trav-a-ganza, n. tooifoo नकी ; A wild and irregular piece of music. Extravasato, eks-trava-sat, v. t. [ L. extra, out, of, vas, a vessel ] ( लानिजानि ) अश्वान इटेंडि ৰিগত- #: To let out of the proper vessels, as blood. Extreme, eks-trem, a. [ I.. exter, on the outside, outward ] অভ্যস্ত; অভিশর, দুরভম, অন্তিম; हद्यमीमा ; Utmost ; greatest ; furthest ; last ; final; end: -কভৌর; অভি মন্দ; অত্যাবস্তক; একান্ত व्यात्राचनीत्र ; व्यष्टाख्य ; Severe ; worst ; best ; most urgent :- n. जह : आंडाविकडा : The end : utmost or highest limit or degree - অভাবিশ্ৰকতা; eाताबन; Great necessity. Syn :-(a) Outermost, most distant; highest, ultimate. ad=extremely. Extreme unction, n. মুমুর্ ব্যক্তিকে ভৈল ধাৰা वर्षन ; Among the Roman Catholics, the anointing of a sick person with oil, when about to die, usually just before death.

In the extreme—বতদ্ব সন্তব; বতদ্ব হইতে ইয় , Extremely , as much as is possible.

Extremes meet—সম্পূৰ্ণ বিশ্বীত বস্থ এক কল প্ৰসৰ-; Things diametrically opposite to one another agree in producing the same result.

Extremity, eks-tremi-ti, n. অন্ত: অন্ত:নীমা; চরম-নীমা; Utmost point or limit; end —অভাবেশ্বকতা সম্ভাবিশ্বা, নিদারণ সম্ভ , Greatest necessity, emergency, utmost distress. Syn:—Verge, border, termination, highest degree

Man's extremity is God's opportunity—
মনুবোর রেশ হইলে ঈশরের স্বিধা হয়, অর্থাৎ ছ:খ না
পাইলে ঈশরকে মানুব ভাবে না।

Go to extremitios—বাভাৰাডি কবিগা ভোলা ; গত-দুৱ বাইতে হয় ; Resort to extreme measures,

Extricate, ekstri-kāt, v. t. [ L. cz, out, tricac, trifles ] উদাৰ-কৃ, মৃক্ত-কৃ; Disentangle; disengage; set free. [from difficulties. Extricate from—বিপদ হইতে উদাৰ-কৃ; Free one Extrication, eks-tri-kāshun, n. উদাৰ, মোচন, মুক্তি, Disentanglement; liberation, rescue. a= Extricable (উদাৰ্গীয়, উদাৰ্যোগা)।

Extrinsic, eks-trińsik, Extrinsical, eks-trińsik-al, a. [ L. exter, outward, secus, from sequer, to follow ] বহিরাগত; ৰাহিক; অনাব্যক; ভিন্ন আতীয়; External; not essential,—opposed to intrinsic; foreign. ad=extrinsically.

Extrude, eks-trood, v. t. [ L. ex, out, and trudo, to thrust] নিকেপ-ক; বহিচত-কু, দ্ব-কু,
Thrust out; drive away; expel. n=extrusion
Extrusion, eks-troozhun, n. বহিষ্ণ ; দ্বীক্ৰণ;

Expulsion.

Exuberance, eks-ti'ber-ans, Exuberancy, eks-ti'ber-ansi, n. পাচুৰ্ব্য; বাংল্য; Over-flowing quantity; plenty; superfluous abundance. Sun:—Overgrowth, luxuriance, profusion,

excess, copiousness, superfluity, overflow. Exuberant, eks-uber-ant, a. [L. ex, intensive, and uber, rich, abundant] रहन; अपूज; Plenteous; superfluous; overflowing; luxuriant. Syn:—Rank; copious, excessive, layish.

Exudation, eks-प-dáshun, n. निर्मसन ; वर्ष विर्मस ; वर्ष ; Discharge by the pores ; sweat.

Exude, eks-ud, v. t. [ L. ex, out, and sudo, to sweat ] নিৰ্গত-ফু; নিংস্ত-ফু; Throw out; excrete; discharge:—v. i. নিৰ্গত-ফু; নিংস্ত-ফু; To flow out of a body through the pores; or by natural discharge.

Exult, egz-ult, v. i. [L. ex, out, or up, and salso, to leap] উল্লাসিড-হ; জনোলাসে উম্বন্ধ-হ; To rejoice greatly; to triumph. ad = exultingly.

Exultant, egz ult'-ant, a. উল্লাসকৰ ; बरहाँ लिंज ; Expressing exultation ; triumphant.

Exultation, egz-ul-tā-hun, n. উद्धान ; পরামাজান ; विकारताद्वान ; Rapturous delight ; transport.

Exuvise, eks-u'vi-ē, n. pl. [ L. exuo, to draw or put off ] কল্প পৰিত্যক্ত চৰ্ম বা আবরণ; বিকৃত পরিপঞ্চরাদি; Cast-off skins, shells, or other coverings of animals. [ Turkish principality. Eyslet, ia-let, n. जुनक कारकात धारम विरमव : A Eyo, i, n. ठक ; म्ब्रिक्स ; The organ of sight or vision :- (परिवांत मंकि ; पर्यन-मंकि ; The power of seeing -- पर्नन; Sight; observation .- किंग्र; Anything resembling an eye, as the hole of a needle or ring -- সমুধ; Face; front -মত. Opinion :—উপন্থিতি; Presence :- দৃষ্টি-গোলক; The globe or ball movable in the orbit - faria; Judgment :- शक्षिण ; A brood :- ए र. शेरव शेरव দৃষ্টিপাত-কু, অবলোকন-কু; স্বন্ধরূপে পরিদর্শন-কু: To fix the eye on; to look on; to watch; to observe narrowly. Syn:-(n) View, notice, watch, vigilance; estimate, perforation, aperture, eyelet; bud, shoot.

Eyes to the blind-गरे, Staff.

Find favour in the eyes—অনুগ্ৰপ্ত গৃহীত , Be graciously received and treated.

Have all one's eyes about one-চতুদ্দিকে ৰজ্য থাকা; Take care that no one decrives.

Have an eye for— মহন্তৰ কৰিবাৰ শক্তি ধাকা. Have a taste in the use of the eye, as, he has, an eye for the beautiful, have the power of judging of — পেৰিতে পাজ্য। Be able to see.

Have an eye to — মনোযোগ-কু; কোন দিকে বিশেষ নজর যাধা; Pay particular attention to, to watch; be on the look out for.

Have an eyo upon—মনোধাগ-ক; Give an attentive application.

Have one's eye on, Keep an eye on - ৰৃষ্ট বাধা; Watch strictly -- লকা ধাকা; Aım at.

Have one's eyes about one—সভ∉ থাকা, Be on one's guard against sharp practice.
In his eyes—ভাহার মতে; In his estimation.

In the eye of—কাহারও চকে বা মতে; In the estimation of .—অসুসারে; According to.

In the twinkling of an eye—নিবেৰ মধ্যে; চক্ষের পালক পড়িতে বতকা নাগে ভডকণে; In a moment; in as much times as it takes to open and shut the eye.

Run one's eye over— रुक् त्वान; Glance hastily Set the eyes on, Set eyes on—(वर्ष); पृष्टि ज्ञार्थ); See.

Bhut one's eyes to—ইন্ছা কৰিবা আৰু ধাকা; চৰু বুলিয়া থাকা; Not to see wilfully. The king's eyes—sists start; His chief officers.

Under the eye of—কাহাৰত চকেৰ উপৰে বাখিনা বা থাকিনা; Under the close inspection of.

With a single eye to—কোনাত্ৰ একই বিবয়ের দিকে মন বা নজর রাখিয়া; Having the eye only on, directing the mind exclusively to.

With an eye to—কোন ক্ৰেয়ৰ প্ৰতি নজন কৰিয়া; জ্বা ক্ৰিয়া; Having reference to. [weeping. With dry eyes—ক্ৰমন না কৰিয়া, Without With half an eye—সহজে; Easily.

With open eyes—জাতসাবে; With perfect knowledge. [The globe or apple of the eye Eyeball, i'baul, n. চকুৰ পুতুল বা তাবা; অকিলোলক; Eye-bright, i-brit, n. চকুৰোগনানক ফলৰ লতা-বিশেষ; A beautiful little plant formerly much used as a remedy for diseases of the eye

Eyebrow, I'brow, n. জ; Hairy archover the eye.
Eyedoctor, n. চকু-বোগ-চিকিৎসক; Occulist.

Eyedrop, n. आक ; Tear.

Eye-glance, n. हक वृत्तान ; Rapid look.

Eye-glass, n. চন্দা; Glass to assist the eyesight. [Opthalmic hospital. Eye-infirmary, n. চক্ৰ্ব পাতা; পদ্ম; Hair on the edge of the eyelid; the line of hairs that edges the eyelid.

Eyoless, i'les, a. চফুবিংগীন; চকুতীন, অন্ধ; Without eye; destitute of eyes or sight.

Eyelet, i'ict, Eyelet-hole, i'let-höl, n. [Fr aeil, an eye] ছিল্ল, গৰাক; Hole, hole to let in light. Eyelid, i'hd, n. চমুপুট, চকুৰ পাঙা; The portion of a moyeable skin by means of which the eye is

opened or closed at pleasure; the cover of the eye. Bye-piece, n. San \$15; Lens.

Eye-orbit, n. एक्स क्या ; Hollow of the eye Eye-ring, n. का ; Eyebrow.

Bye-salve, n. কজন; Ointment for the eye.

Bye-servant, n. বে ব্যক্তি প্ৰভূৱ চকুৱ বাছির হইনে
কার্য্য করে না; One who works only while being watched.

Eye-service, i-scr'vis, স. বিবোধকর্ত্তার পোচরে সম্পাদিত কর্ম; Service performed only while being watched.

Eye-shot, I-shot, n. वृष्टित সীৰা; বজৰুৰ পৰ্যান্ত বৃষ্টি চলে ভঙ্গুৰ; The reach or range of the eye-sight. Eye-sight, i'-sit, n. চকুৰ বৃষ্টি; The sight of the eye.—ক্ষেবার শক্তি; বৃষ্টিশক্তি; Power of seeing; the sense of seeing:—মৃত্ত প্ৰস্থিপৰ, View; observation.

[ is offensive to the eye.

Eyesore, i'sor, n. চৰুণুৰ; বৃষ্টি-পূৰ; Anything that Eye-tooth, i'tooth, n. কৰেব বাঁড; বৰস্ত; Fang next to the grinders in the upper jaw; a tooth in the upper jaw next to the grinders.

Eye-witness, i'-witnes, দ চাৰ্স সাকী; প্ৰভাক সাকী; One who has seen with his own eyes; one who sees a thing done.

Eyre, ar, n. [L. ster, a way, a journey] পর্বাটন; পরিবাদক বিচারকগণের ধর্মাধিকরণ; পরিবাদন; A journey or circuit.

Justice in eyre, \*. An itenerant judge who held courts in different countries.

Byrie, Byry, Aorie, ए're or are, अ. निकारी পक्षीय वाना . डिम পাड़िवाय वाना , निकारी भाषीय कन ; Nest of birds of prey; a nest for eggs; a brood of eagles or hawks.

## F

B, ef, ই-বাজি বৰিমালার বঠ বৰ্ণ ৰা অকৰ, The 6th letter of the alphabet.

Fabian, a দীখপুত্রী; Dilatory. Fabian policy—বিবস্থ, Delay.

Fable, fabl. n [L fars, to speak] গল; উপকণা;
নীতিকথা, থিখা; Fiction; tale, plot of a play;
falsehood:—v. t. প্ৰভাৰণা-কু; থিখা বচনা-কু, চলনা-কু; To feign; to invent. Syn:—Apologue,
allegory, myth, legend, plot, action, fiction,
invention, figment.

Fabler, n. গল-লেখক; A writer of fables.

Fabrio, fabrik, n. [L. fucio, to make] কাককাৰ্যা, ব্যন্ত ; শিল্পনিত কাৰ্যা, Texture; workmanship, manufactured cloth:—আটালিকা; Building. Syn:
—Edifice; conformation, make.

Fabricate, v. t. বচনা-ক; উত্থাবন-ক; নিৰ্মাণ-ক; উৎপাদন-ক; To manufacture; to invent; to forge; construct; produce. Syn:—Build, make, form, coin. n=fabricator.

Fabrication, fab-ri-kashun, n. নিৰ্মাণ; বঠন; Construction; manufacture:—বছ; A story; a falsehood; forgery. Syn:—Fiction, figment, invention, fable, Fabulise, fabu-liz, v. f. গল বচনা-কু; গল বলা ; To invent or relate fables.

Fabulist, fabu-list, n. গর-রচয়িতা; গর-লেখক; One who invents fables, the writer of fables.

Fabulous, fabū-lus, a মিণা , করিত ; Feigned ; related in fable ; false , fictitious. ad=sabulous-ly. Syn:—Not real, invented, forged ; legendary, mythical.

Pacade, fa-sad or fa-sad, n. [ It. faccia, the face] অট্টালিকার সম্প্ৰাণ ; The front of a building; the face of an edifice.

Face, নিং, n. [L. fadies, form, face] মুখ্যভল; বানন; আনন; That part of the head of an animal, esp. of man, containing the eyes, nose, mouth &c.:—উপৰিভাগ; সম্বভাগ; Surface; forepart; front:—আকৃতি; অবংব; চেহারা; Look; cast of features; visage:—মুখ্ডলা, Distoration of the face:—নিভাৰভা; লাহন; নিলক্তা; Boldness; effrontery:—υ. t. সাহসপুৰ্বক সমূহৰ নাকাং-ক; সমুব্বান-হ; To meet in front:—গৃহদ্দেশ বাবা-ক; Oppose with firmness:—সমুখ্ছিত-ছ; To stand opposite to; to front upon:—সমূহৰ আনুত-ক; To cover in front:—৩. জুখ বিধান; To turn the

face :- \*\* Sin-F; To play the hypocrite. Syn:-Front part; external part; side; countenance; assurance, impudence, effrontery. Face about—চাবিদিকে ফিরা; Turn round about :- भाजन नम्बीन-ए ; Face the enemy. Face out-निर्मञ्जूषार ममर्थन-क : Maintain im-

pudently

Face to face—সাম্পা সাম্নি; মুখোমুখি, Directly fronting each other; in the immediate presence of; with one's face turned towards another.

Face the enemy-সাহসপ্ৰাৰ সাক্ষাৎ-ক ; Meet him in front with determination.

Fly in the face of-कृष्ट्-कृ, विरवाधी-इ; विर्ण-ৰীভাচৰণ-কু, প্ৰতিকৃলে-ষা; Set at defiance, to act in direct opposition to; resist, go against.

In the face of—বিকলে, প্রতিকৃপে, বিপরীতে, In opposition to; over against - histor, in the presence of .- ( िवश्य ) भारत् 3 , In spite of.

In the face of day—अकारण , मकरनव मनरक . अहे क्विटिनांदक, Openly; publicly; without concealment; in broad day-light

In the face of the world-সাধাৰণ স্বৰে : In public, before the public at large.

Look an evil in the face—সাহসপূৰ্বক শক্ৰব বা বিপরেষ সম্থীন ছওয়া (ভীত না হওয়া), Meci with firmness or boldness, without shrinking or turning the back f or confront boldly

Look in the face—স'হসপুৰুত সাকাং-কু, Meet Look one in the face-निजल कारावित मुक्तात চাৰণা (মুখ তুলে কথা কহা ); Face or meet one with

Make faces—মুখভলী কু; মুখ ভেলান , Distort the On the face of it—rego: , ( feathing ( ) al यांग) , क्षथम (मधिमा वा अनिया यजनूत त्या यात , Manitestly ; apparently, clearly, plainly; at first view or appearance. [ demara or solemn.

Pull grave faces—গন্তীৰ ভাৰ ধাৰণ-ক : Look Put a bold face on—নাহসপুৰ্ক্ত কোন কাগ্য-কু (লজিড হইবার কোন কারণ নাত এইভাবে); Act boldly, as though there is nothing to be ashamed of.

Put a good face upon—वाहित्व जान जाव तनवान ; Represent favourably, to cause to appear in good light - আসল কথা ছাপিয়া যত্ত্ব সত্তব ভাল-ভাবে প্রকাশ-কু, Conceal one's real feelings and present things in a plausible light, or in such a way as to show that one is not affected by them.

Set one's face against—aid-ca; ypeica afs-कृत वा वित्वांबी इवता ; Oppose ; oppose actively or resolutely.

Stare one in the face-नाहे विशासन-इ, मुख्य निदंक कहें मेरे कतियां हाहियां क्य त्यान ; Be before one's eyes; be undeniably evident to one :-अनुद्ध आंत्रिका डिगडिड-इ; Be imminent.

To one's face—মুখের উপরে ( অসাক্ষান্তে নতে ); in one's presence, openly and directly, not behind one's back.

With black faces- | | Transits; With dejected [ ing abashed. or confounded look. With good face-लिखा ना हरेगा ; Without be-

With long faces - #14; Chap fallen.

Facecloth, faskloth, n. 神可可能更有可言; A cloth laid over the face of a corpse.

Facet, faset, n. पूज देनविष्ठांत ; A small surface. Facetiae, fa-se'shi-5, n. pl. [L. factus, merry] हाज-वनमन नियम वा वहम ; Humorous writings or sayings.

Facetious, fa-se'shus, a. कोक्की ; शंक्रवनम्ब ; কৌতুকজিয়; বদিক, Witty; sportive; jocose; merry; humorous. n=facetiousness. ad=facetiously. Syn :- Jocular, droll, funny.

Facette, faset, (Fib 34; TH 78; A little face. Escisl, idshal, a. मूनम्सीय ; त्योविक ; Of or re-

lating to the face. ed=facially.

Facile, fasil, a. [ L. facio, to do ] কুৰৱ ; সুসাধ্য : সহस्रमांश ; क्शम ; नमनीय ; निष्ठे ; Easy to be done ; easy of access; pliant; flexible; courteous. Syn: - Docile, tractable, pliable, manageable; affable.

Facilitate, fa-sili-tat, o f. ACT-7; Make easy;

free from difficulty.

Facilities, fa-sili-tiz, n. pl. স্থবিৰাজনক উপায় : अरहान , Means that render anything easy to be done; opportunities.

Facility, fa-sili-ti, n. সুগমতা; নমনীয়ন্তা; Pliancy; affability .-- দকতা, নৈপুণা; Dexterity :--সৌকাধ্য; Ease. Syn —Expertness, cleverness, adroitness, skilfulness, quickness, knack, ability ; complaisance, civility ; ductility , opportunity, advantage, conveniance,

Facing, fasing, n. अज्ञालक आनवन ; त्राडा ; A covering in front for ornament, defence or any

other purpose.

Fac-simile, fak-simi-le, n. [L facio, to make, rimilis, like) অবিকল অভিনাপ, An exact copy or likeness

Fact, fakt, n [L. facio, to make] wiff; Deed; an act -সভাতা; থাপার্থা; অকৃততা, Reality; truth - 4041; An event. Syn -Performance; incident, occurrence, circumstance. In fact-- বাত্তবিক; In reality:-- অধিকর; Nay Matter of fact-Prosaic or material as oppose to fanciful or poetical.

Faction, fakshun, n. [ L. factio, from facere, to make or do ] मन ; Clique :- विद्यारी बाक्टेनिक সভাগায়; A contentious political party acting together in opposition to the state .- विवाप : Dissension. Syn .- Cabal, combination, junto; discord, tumult.

Factious, fakshus, s. বিবাদবিদ ; বলহবিদ : বাজ-द्धारी, Given to faction; prone to clamour against public measures or men; disloyal. \*factiousness. ad=factiously. Syn :- Litigious, malcontent, seditious, turbulent.

Factitious, fak-tishus, a. [L. facere, to make] কৃত্তিম ; কার্মনিক ; অস্বাভাবিক ; Made by art ; artificial. n=factitiousness. ad=factitiously. Syn:-Unreal, forced, artful, conventional.

Factor, faktor, n. বোষতা; আড্ডলার; Mercantile agent; commision merchant: - 599174; One of two numbers which when multiplied together form a product. \*= factorship.

Factorage, faktör-3j, n. लोमकांव (बड्व वा कवि-मन ; बाज्जनादाब गांतिवामिक ; The fees or commission of a factor.

Factorial, fak-চেন'-al, a. কুনী বা আড়ডৰ ক্ষীয় ; Belonging to or consisting in a factory.

Factory, faktor-i, ম. কুর্ম; আড়ভ; Manufactory:—কুর্মার্যারা; আড়ভগারখনী; The body of factors in a place:—কুর্মী; A place where factors transact business.

Factotum, fak-tö'tum, n. [ L. facio, to do, totus, all ] সকল প্ৰকান কাৰ্য্যকানী; ভূত্য; Doer of all
work; a person employed to do all kinds of work.
Faculty, fakul-ti, n. [ L. facultas, from facul,
easily] মনোবৃত্তি; মান্সিক বল; ক্ষতা; অধিকান;
ক্ষতা; প্ৰতিভা; থীপজি; Power of mind or body;
knack; gift; privilege; endowment:—বিশবিদ্যালমেন অধ্যাপকবৰ্গ; Body of masters or professors, the members of a profession. Syn:—
Talent, virtue, property, quality; dexterity,
adroitness, ability, cleverness, aptitude, capacity, profession, craft; right, license.

Fad, fad, n. त्यांन ; फूक् वियव , Hobby crochet ;

a trifling pursuit.

Fade, fad, v. i. স্নান-ছ; বিলীন-ছ; তছ-ছ; অনুক্ত-ছ; To wither, to vanish:—v. t. তছ-ফু; বিলীন বা স্নান-ফু: To cause to wither. a=fadeless. Syn:— Droop, languish, sink, decline, decay; disappear; pale, grow dim.

Padeless, a wain; Unfading.

Fæces, or Feces, fé'sēz, n. pl. [L. faecis, grounds] विद्या ; पन ; नान , निर्धा ; Dregs , lees ; dung ; excrement.

Fag, fag, v. s. অত্যন্ত প্ৰম-ক ; ক্লান্ত-ক ; To drudge, to become weary :—v. t. প্ৰিপ্ৰান্ত-ক ; ক্লান্ত-ক ৰাটাইনা লঙ্গা ; To cause to labour like a drudge, to compell to drudge; to exhaust by labour :—n. নতপ্ৰিপ্ৰান্থ : নিৰ্ভিশ্ব প্ৰমন্থান্থী ; Drudge; a schoolboy forced to do mental offices for one elder.

Fag-end, fag'-end, n. বজের শেষভাগ, দলী; বজের ছিলা; মবলা; নিতৃষ্ট অংশ; End of a web of cloth; the untwisted end of a rope; the refuse or meaner part of anything.

Faggot, or Fagot, fag'ut, n. [Fr. fagot, a bundle of sticks] আলানি কাঠের আটি; Bundle of sticks or iron bars:—v. f. আটি বাজা; To tie or bundle together:—a. সাজান; Got up for a purpose.

Fagot votes—Votes given by electors express-

ly qualified for party purposes.

Fail, fal, v. i. [L. faltere, to deceive] নান-ছ; Fall short:—কৰ-ছ; ছান-ছ; জীবনপ্ত-ছ; To fall away; to decay; to die:—বিছল-ছ; জনমৰ্থ-ছ, জুকুজাৰ্থা-ছ; To miscarry:—দেউলিয়া-ছ, To become bankrupt; to become insolvent:—v. t. বাছে না-ছ; জপথাতি-ছ; নিবাল-ফু; To be wanting to; not to be sufficient for; disappoint. n= failure. S; n:—Sink, decline, cease, disappear, miss, be unsuccessful; break, omit, neglect.

Fail in—কোৰ বিষয়ে অকৃতকাৰ্য্- হ; Be unsuccessful in.

[ veredly; absolutely.

Without fail—নিক্মই; Unfailingly; unreseFailling, faling, n. বোৰ; অপৰাৰ; A fault, weakness; a foible:—ব্যুক্ত; অভাব; Falling short;
want. Syn:—Defect, miscarriage, misfortune.

Failure, faiur, n. অভাব; ব্যুক্ত; নাৰ; Deficien-

cy ; omission ; decay :— (वर्षेणियां चत्र्य ; वन (वर्षेष चनोत्रक्षा ; Bankruptcy ; becoming insolvent.

দ্বাদ, বি. a. [A. S. faegen, joyful] মত ; ইমুড ;
আহলাদিত ; Inclined ; well-pleased :—ad. হাটাডে ;
সাহলাদে ; Gladly. Syn :—(a) Rejoiced, disposed.
Faint, fant, a. হৰ্মত ; কীণ ; Weak ; wanting in
strength; ready to swoon :—অবুৰুল; Not
bright or forcible ; fading :—ভীত ;
Weak in spirit ; lacking courage :—অব্যাসাহ ;
হুলাল ; Depressed :—v. i. হুম্মত-হ ; ক্তিভহ ; মুছা-মা ; To lose strength ; to waste away ;
swoon :—হডমাহন-হ ; হোমাহন-হ ; To lose courage or spirit ; to become depressed :—অবুডিহ ; To vanish :—বিম্ব-হ ; To lose colour. n—
faintness. ad—faintly. Syn :—(a) Languid,
fatigued, swooning, faining ; not bright, dull,
dim, small, slight ; fearful, timid, dejected.

Faint-hearted, a. ভীক; সাহসপৃত্ত; Cowardly.
Faint heart never won fair lady—সাহস কা
ধাৰিকে সফল বঙ্গা বায় লা; Courage to attempt an
enterprise is necessary to ensure success.

Paintish, fantish, a. হতাশ; কীণ: Somewhat faint. n=faintishness.

Fainty, fanti, a. ছুৰ্বাল ; কীৰ ; Feeble, languid. Fair, far, a. অপৰ্ন ; সুপ্ৰ : Handsome ; beautiful : –পরিষার ; Clear :—অসুকুল ; Favourable :—সরব ; Frank :- नम ; Plain , mild -- त्यवमुक ; त्यवमुक ; Cloudless :- " , Straight-forward , honest :-পাঠা , Readable ; legible :- নির্মাণ , পবিত ; Pure : –দৌভাগাশালী, Prosperous:—ভাষবান; Impartial -- आनमञ्ज् : Pleasing :-- आनाजनक : Hopeful :-- मधाप ; Pretty good ; middling ; moderate : -n. ফুন্দুরী বুন্গী; A fair woman; a beauty:-বেলা; হাট; A meeting held at stated times for trade: a stated market. a=fairly. n=fairness. Syn: -(a) Light, blonde; spotless, untarnished, unblemished: open, distinct, unobstructed; candid, ingenuous; equitable, just; reasonable, proper; comely; not cloudy, dry.

A fair field and no favour— স্বিধা এবং ভার-পর্ডা; Opportunity and impartiality.

Bid fair-मञ्जूक: र्य , Be likely.

Fair and square—নতভাৰ সহিত; Honesty; impartiality. [portunity.

Fair chance—বিশেষ স্থিধা; Unobstructed op-Fair name—স্থৰ, Good reputation.

Fair play- जात्र वावश्व ; Equitable treatment.

Fair way-7949: ; Likely.

Pair weather friend—স্পন্তের বছ ; A friend only to be depended in fair weather or good fortune.

Fair words butter no parsnips—ৰিষ্ট কৰাৰ অভাৰ ঘূৰ হয় না; কথায় চিত্ৰে ভিজে না; Mere promise will not help the needy.

The fair, n. pl. ত্ৰীকাতি; হলবী ত্ৰীবোক; The female sex; the womankind.

Pairy, far'i, n. পৰী; Elf; enchantress:—ক্ৰৰী ৰাজিৰা; Pretty little girl:—ক্ষৰ; বাৰা; Enchantment; illusion:—a. পৰীস্থৰীয়; প্ৰীবিশ্বক; Of or belonging to the fairies; enchanting; as, fair mountains.

Fairies of romance, n. অনাধাৰণ্যক্তিনপারা

शान्ती: Beings of human race, with powers beyond those of nien.

Fairy of the mine-A malevotent being supposed to live in mines.

Fairy-land, far'i-land, n. श्रीत्रत कावनिक (मन : ক্রিড পরীবালা: Imaginary land of the fairies; imaginary state of splendour. grass.

Fairy ring (or circle), n. Green ring among Fairy tale- नवीरियमक नव ; Tale about fairies.

Faith, fath, n [ L. fido, to trust ] প্রভার ; বিশাস ; निर्खन्छा : निर्खन्छ। यद्य दियान : Behef ; trust ; religious trust or belief :-- विष्युण ; मण्यियण : नायण ; अवन : Fidelity : fidelity to promises ; truthfulness; honesty:—অস্বীকার; প্রতিজ্ঞা; Promise given, word or honour; pledge. Syn:-Credence, reliance, confidence, assurance; creed, persuasion, religion, faithfulness, constancy; truth; promise, engagement.

Break faith, Break faith with-(कान किला €3-5; Violate some promise; violate some

promise made to.

Faith in-पर्य वा नीलियवयक किन्नूटल विवास : Belief in some moral or religious truth :- বিশাস . Belief in.

In good faith-कान हाजुडी मारे कर विवास , In the honest belief than there is no fraud or deceit or impropriety :- সৰ্সভাবে; Honestly .-बाखबिक ; În truth.

Faithful, fath'fool, a किनानी; Full of faith, disposed to believe :- প্রতিকাপবায়ণ; সুচতিত্ত; des. Firm in adherence to promises, engagement or duty ; loyal - विद्यान त्यांना , Trustworthy, worthy of belief: - স্বশ : স্তশ্বসত, Sincere; honest ad = faithfully, n = faithfulness Syn -Trusty, upright, contrant, true, attached, truthful, veracious, rchable, real, unfeigned, Ing to strict, accurate, conscientious Faithful to-অপ্ৰক ও অপুগামী, Firmly adher-

The faithful-বিশাসীৰণ, Believers.

Faithless, fath'les, a. অবিদাসী, বিশাস্থাতক, क्षा क्षेत्र , Unfaithful , unbelieving , delusive. ad = faithlessly, n=faithlessness Syn -Doubting, sceptical; untruthful, false, perfidious, treacherous, deceptive.

Fake, v t. asian - ; To cheat . swindle

Fakir, Faquir, fa-ker', n. [Ar. fakhar, poor] \* An oriental religious ascetic; begging monk.

Falcate, fal-kāt, Falcated, fal-kāt-ed, n [L flux, a sickic] वक , नमा कर्रावक,व काप बर्वाकार. II joked or bent like a sickle or scythe.

Falchion, fawishun, n. [ L. falx, a sickle ] 有身 বঞ ভবভাবিবিশেব, টাঙ্গী; Short crooked sword Falcon, fawkn, n. [L falx, a hook ](智可, 利可 भक्षो , A raptorial bird.

Falconor, faw'kn-cr, भ. बाजनकी-भाजनकांती; জেনগখী-পালক, One having charge of hawks.

Falconry, faw'kn-ri, n. बाजनकी तहरा निकांत करा faur, The art of hunting with falcons.

Faldstool, faw'icistool, n. बहबीय क्लिक ; मामछान ध्न, Campstonl, a folding stool, a portable stool Iall, lawl, v. s. 453-4, 44.463-4, To drop

down; to descend to a lower position :-- Test-इ : पदाचात्री-इ : To become prostrate :- विर्माष-इ : शानि-ए; To discharge itself : to empty itself :-बर्ड-र : To vanish :- वर्ड-र : बान्डान-क : To sink as if dead; to die away:-- वणहीय-इ; क्र्सल-१: To lose strength:-क्यूडा-लोबवाबि बान-इ: To decline in power, wealth, value, or glory :-- भारभ वा जारम भिक्क-इ ; वर्षहीय-इ ; To sink into vice, error or sin; to depart from faith :-खरवीरमार्-र . रजान-र : To become dejected :-पढ़ि; To befall; to issue :- (बान बाविक-इ। To rush :-- नन, अर्थ देखानि श्रांति : To lose rank, worth &c.; to be degraded :- वानवशानजात महिल डेक्कांदिज-इ; To be uttered carelessly; to drop : —শাবহে আবত-কু; To begin with haste or vehemence:-v. t 到河-事; To sink, to lower:-n. बारपंत्रपन ; बधःशंखन . The act of falling ; descent by gravity :--পতৰ ; পাত . Overthrow ; downfall :- मृष्टा ; Death :- अवनित , अत्यानमन : Descent from a better to a worse position :-ক্ৰবিষ্ঠা ; Declivity or slope :- প্ৰপ্ৰৰ : A cascade; cataract: - मृत्लात होन; Decrease in value: - सदम्बाद ; सदद्र सर्वाद; A sinking of tone; cadence - नद्दक्त , Autumn; fall of the leaf --পাপে পতন: পাপে মজন; A lapse into sin :— কলের পতন , Decent of water. Syn .—(v.) Drop, sink, come down, decrease, decline; sin, err, transgress, trip, lapse; die, perish; become, be transferred, pass into; happen, come to pass.

Fall a prey to, Fall a victim to—कांश्वत वा कान किहूत बादा नह इस्ता , Be destroyed by.

Fall away-TT. Grow lean; pine :- 72-7: To perish ; to be lost —दाक्षविद्धारी इ . Revolt -वर्षकांगी-इ ; Apostatise ·-नार्ण ग्डिड-इ, Sink into wickedness.

Fall back -প্রভাগমন-ক : পিছে হটা . Recede. Fall back on - \ | 49 451-5; Have recourse to for help.

Fall back upon-नजावन कार्य (कान कार्य পিছাইমা আলা; Withdraw to, as to a last refuge — অগতির গতি হিসাবে কোন কিছুব উপর নির্ভর करा, व्यवनम् अक्ष शका ; Be supported by :-Betake oneself hurnedly to (some refuge, or support. )

Fall dead from the press—পুরকাদি ছাপা হইরা বিক্ৰম ৰা হওৱা; To fail to find any sale or being published, said of books.

Fall down-- कृषिना विज-ह ; Come to the ground. Fall foul of- नात नात नाना, Collide with -षाज्यन-कृ; मात्रापाति-कृ; Assail; attack, make an assault, quarrel with

Fall flat on-रुपग्रवाही ना इश्या : निवन (बाप द्वता : Prove dull or insipid to.

Fall from-found ; To recede from; to tevolt. [vice, sin.

Fall from grace-পাপে পভিত-হ; To sink into Fall in—সম্ভ-হ . To agree , to concur .— মৃটা ; To happen :--একবিত-ক ; To join

Fall in love, Fall in love with-(294%-7;

প্রেমানত-ছ : Become enamoured of.

Fall in with 一时代 对本代子, To meet acci-

dentally, as a ship: — निकाड चाहाल; To discover or come near as land: — नवड-इ: दिना; To agree to: — चतुरवी इहेत हना; To comply with.

Fall into—অবস্থার বিগগির ছবয়া; Pass into a worse state than the former:—সমূত্রে পড়া; Riow into (a sea):—ভূল-কু; Commit a mistake:—কোন কালে পড়া; Be entrapped:—কোনস্থা মুরবস্থার পড়া (মুর্চ্ছা অসং সম্ব অভূতি) Come to a bad state. B'all into decay—মন্দ্রাধান্ত-হ; Gradually fail

or be impaired. [forgotten. Fall into oblivion—fays-z; Come to be Fall into the ranks—(2) (2) To come into, to join the line or row, as of soldiers.

Fall off—ন্তা-ছ; কৰিয়া বাৰুমা; Growless; diminish:—পহিত্যাগ-ছ; ধনিয়া পড়া; To withdraw; to abandon; to drop off; separate:—ভক্-হ; Be broken:—মুত-ছ; Die away; perish:—মুত-নতির অবহার পড়া; To decline, deteriorate:—ছাড়িমা বাৰুমা; To disperse:—ভাজিয়া বাৰুমা; To be broken:—ভিত্তাকৰ্মক না হুৰুমা; To become less interesting, as a periodical.

Fall on—আক্রমণ-কু; To attack:—অক্সাৎ ও আগ্রহণ সহিত আরম্ভ-কু; To begin suddenly and eagerly:—পত্তিজ-হ; To drop on; to descend on. Fall out—বটা; Happen:—বিবাদ-কু; Quarrel. Fall out together—বিবাদ-কু; Quarrel.

Fall out with- | | | Quarrel.

Fall short of—ব্দেক; কম হ্বা; Be deficient in; be less than, not to come up to; be insufficient to meet. [ the beginning Fall still born—মধ্যে অকুডবাৰ্থ-ই; To fail at

Fall through—অকৃতকার্য্য-হ; নিজন-হ, To fail of accomplishment; fail, come to nothing.

Fall to—মনোনিবেশ-কৃ; Apply oneself to:—
আগ্রহের সন্থিত আবন্ধ-কৃ; আগ্রহের সন্থিত প্রবৃত্ত হওবা;
Begin easily and eagerly; begin eagerly to do
anything:—কাহার আংশে পড়া; কাহার ভাগে পড়া;
Come to one as one's share:—ব্দোঘ্রি-কৃ; Begin to fight.—ধাওৱা; To eat:—পড়িতে বা কথা
বহিতে আবন্ধ করা; To read or to walk.

Fall to one's lot—ভাগো মটা; Happen to one

without his planning.

Fall to the ground—অকৃতকাৰ্য্য-ই; বাৰ্থ-ই, কেনে বাওয়া, ভূতবাৰায়ী ইওয়া; To fail; to come to nothing; not to stand, fail from lack of support. Fall over—বিজ্ঞাহী-ই; To revolt; to fall beyond. Fall under—ভূক-ই: Come under or within the limits of; to be included in:—অবীৰছ-ই; To be ranged or reckoned with:—অবীৰ-ই; To become subject to. [served or noticed by one. Fall under one of notice—पृष्ट-ই; To be ob-

Fallacious, fal-lashus, a. প্ৰকৃষ্ণ; ক্ষুণ্ড ; ক্ষুণ্ড ; ক্ষুণ্ড ; ক্ষুণ্ড ; ক্ষুণ্ড ; ক্ষুণ্ড ; deceitful ; not well founded; misleading. n=fallaciousness. ad=fallaciously. Syn:—Deceptive, false, illusory, disappointing, moking.

Fall upon—উপবে পড়া ; पाक्रमा-इ ; Attack.

Fallacy, fala-si, n. [L. fallacia, from fallax, deceitful] বিদ্যা নিদাত ; অভায় নিদাত ; ব্যায়ক বৃত্তি ; বাহায়ণা, Deceptive appearance; sophism; deceitfulness. Syn:—Deception, illusion, misconception, error, mistake; sophistry.

Fallen, a. পতিত ; Dropped ; degraded ; ruined.
Fallible, fali-bl, a. [ L. fallo, to deceive ] বাত ;
বাংশীল ; Liable to err or mistake. n=fallibility
( বাতি ) ! ad=fallibly. Syn :—Erring, uncertain,
weak, ignorant, frail, imperfect.

Falling sickness—মুগীরোগ : Epilepsy.

Falling star - Gaffre; Meteor.

Fallow, falo, a. প্ৰতিত ; অৰুগু; Left untilled after having been ploughed for culture ; uncultivated :—n. প্ৰতিত ভূমি ; ক্ষিত অৰ্চ অৰ্গু ভূমি ; Land ploughed but not seeded for the season :

-চ. t. ভূমিতে বীজ বপৰ না কৰিয়া কেবল কৰ্ম-কু; To plough land without seeding it.

Fallow-deer, falo-der, n. assists effs; A

species of deer.

Lie fallow—হলাদি খারা কর্ষিত হইরা পতিত খাকা : शर्व षारामी पाका, Lie uncropped; remain un-The state of being untilled. exercised. Fallowness, falu-nes, n. অৰুত্ত পতিত অবহা: False, fawls, n. [L. fallo, to deceive] মিখাবাদী : Untrue :- अम अवालो ; शिशातालो ; Untruthful :-অসাধু; Dishonest :--বিশাস্থাতক; Treacherous :--কণ্টা; Hypocritical :-- অম্লক; Not well founded, erroneous :-- अविश्वामी ; Not faithful :--কৃত্রিম; অপ্রকৃত; Not genuine or real. n=falseness. ad=falsely. Syn :-(a) Incorrect, improper; lying, mendacious; unjust, deficient; perfidious, faithless; spurious, counterfeit, forged; feigned, deceptive, deceitful, fallacious, disappointing. I awkward predicament.

A false position—গোলে পঢ়া বা ফেলা; An A false step—পদশ্বন; অবিবেচনার কাল: অম; An

miurious course or proceeding.

Be false to—বিধান্থাতকতা করা; Act treacherously towards. [Commit a blunder.
Take a false step—কোৰ আনে পণ্ডিত হুডয়া;
False-faced, a. কপনী; Hypocritical; deceitful.
False-hearted, a. বিধান্থাতক; Treacherous;

deceitful.

Falsehood, fawlshood, n. বিধা; বিধা কথা; অসত্য বৰ্ণনা; Untruth; lie; an untrue statement. Syn:—Falsity, fiction, fabrication, fib; imposture, deception.

False imprisonment—আইন-বিকৰ কাৰ্যাৰ ; Unlawful imprisonment.

False pretences—টাৰা পাইবাৰ বন্ধ মিধা কখন : Untrue representations to obtain money.

Falsette, Falsetto, fawl-seto, n. অবাতাবিক সুৱ ; কুত্রিম বর ; Notes beyond the natural compass ; artificial voice.

Palsification, fawls-i-fi-kashun, n. অসভা কৰণ; অবং ভাব অপান; The act of making false; the giving to a thing the appearance of something which it is not.

Falsifier, fawlsi-frer, n. विशास्त्रक ; One who gives to a thing deceptive appearance.

Palsity, fawlsi-fi', v. t. [L. falsus, false, and facio, to make ] দিখা বলা; দিখা-ড়; To make untrue; tell falsehoods:—অধিয়ান ভাষা-ড়; To baffle. Syn:—Misrepresent, missate, garble, belie; disprove, refute, contradict; violate, break by falsehood, n=falsification; falsifier.

Felsity, fawisi-ti, n. [L. falsus, false] [847] www; A false assertion; falsehood.

Palter, fawiter, v.i বত্ৰত বা; কণামান হ; কণিজ-ই; হৰ্মন হ; অহিন্তিভ হ; To tumble or totter; to slammer; to hesitate; to waver; to be feeble or irresolute. Syn:—Waver, totter, tremble, stutter, hesitate.

Falteringly, fawlter-ing-li, ad. 4898 41811;

Fame, fam, n. 1716; 14; Celebrity; renown; reputation:—1444; Public report or rumour:

-n. t. fame-y; To make famous. Syn:—
(n) Rumour, hearsay, brunt; credit, honour, celebrity, notoriety.

Known to fame-fidite

Famed, famd, c. fights; Celebrated; renowned.

Pamiltar, fa-milyar, c. [L. familia, a family]
পাৰিবাৰিক : পাৰ্থন্ন ; Domestic ; household ; homely :- পরিচিত ; ফপরিচিত ; Well-known ; intimate :
— আলানী ; মুক , মরল, Easy ; free :--পভিত ; Wellversed in (a study) .-- মন্ত্রপে উপলন্ধ ; Well
understood, as a book of science :-- না পরিচিত
লোক ; ক্পরিচিত ব্যক্তি ; One long acquainted, an
intimate .- ভূতা ; House-servant .-- ভূত, ক্পদেবতা ;
A demon supposed to come at all. Syn:-Domiciliary ; close, near, friendly ; conversant ;
well-known, common, accustomed ; unconstrained, unceremonious.

Familiar to—কোন বিবয়ে কাহায়ও বিশেষ জানা ভনা; Well-known to one ( used of things ).

Familiar with—কাহাৰও সহিত পাৰিচিত, কিংবা কোন বিষয়ে বিশেষ অবগত, Well-acquainted with (used of a person or thing)

Familiariso, fa-mil-yar-17, v. t পৰিচিত-তৃ, অভ্যস্থ-তৃ, To make familiar, to accustom, to habituate.

Familiarity, fa-mil-ye-ar'ı-tı, ল খনিইডা, Intimate acquaintanceship — অব্যাহত আলাপ, Freedom from constraint. Syn — Acquaintance, fellowship, intercourse, friendliness, friendship, good understanding

Familiarity breeds contempt—লোকের সঙ্গে ব্যালাপ হইলে গুলা হর; কাহার সহিত অধিক বনিষ্টতা হইলে পরস্পরের দোবন্ধণ জানাজানি হয়, স্থতবাং প্রস্পরের প্রতি অনুরাগ বা সন্ধান বোপ হয়, When two persons come to know each other intimately, they find out each other's weakness and gradually lose esteem for each other.

Family, famili, n [L. famulus, a servant]
পরিবাৰ, একবংশীর ব্যক্তিবর্গ; Houshold — ছাতি,
Race; tribe —বংশ, পোত্ত, Good descent; lineage:—সমান্ত বংশ; A group of kindred individuals, more comprehensive than a genus
Syn:—Kindred, clan, house, geneology, lineage, descent; order, group. [nant.

Be in the family way—গর্বতী-হ; Be preg-Family connection—ৰম বা বিবাহসনে আবদ; One connected by birth or marriage.

Family likeness, n. পারিবাহিক নাৰ্ড; Strong point of resemblance.

Femily tie-Marifa 444; The bound of

union and affection between members of the same family.

Family way—গর্ভবতী ; বস্তঃনদা ; Pregnant. Joint family—একারবর্তী পরিবার।

Famine, famin, n [ L. fames, hunger ] [ Five; General scarcity of food; dearth; destitution. Syn:—Dearth, hunger, starvation.

Famish, famish. v. t. অলাভাবে কেশ-লে; আছার কা বিহা আগবং-ড়; To strave, kill or destroy with hunger:—v. i. অলাভাবে মরা; অবাহারে কেশ-লা; To die or suffer extreme hunger. n=famishment. Famishment, famish-ment, n. অবাহারে আগতারি বা কেশভোগ; Starvation.

Famous, fámus, a famo; Renowned, noted. ad=famously. Syn—Remarkable, signal, notonous, conspicuous, illustrious, eminent, excellent, glorious.

Fan, fan, n. পাধা; An instrument for producing currents of air by motion of a broad surface:

-০. f. পন্য বাড়া কলা; Utensil to winnow grain:
পাধা-তু; পাধা দিয়া ৰাডান-তু; Use a fan; to cool with a fan; ventilate — পন্য বাড়া; To winnow.

Fan into a flame—বাতাস দিলা আলাইয়া দেওৱা; আন্তৰ আলাইয়া দেওৱা; Kindle by fanning; excite to a high degree or great vehemence, foment.

Fan the flame—আন্তৰ আলান ; বিশুণ আন্তৰ জালিয়া পেতলা , Kindle the flame , aggravate an evil.

Fanatic, fa-natik, Fanatical, fanatik-al, c. মতান উৎসাধী, ধর্মোন্ড, Enthusiastic, religiously mad. ad=frantically. Syn.—Visionary, bigot, zealot, devotee, enthusiast.

Fanatic, in-natik, n. ধর্মোকত ব্যক্তি: An enthusiast, one affected by excessive and unreasoning zeal

Fanoiful, first-fool, n কলনামিৰ, বাসবেয়াণী; বলনাপুৰ, Full of or guided by fancy, whimsterl, wild. ad=fancifully, n fancifulness Syn— Imaginative, ideal, fantastical, capricious, chimerical, unreal, visionary, imaginary

Fancy, fahsi, n. কলনাশক্তি, কলনা, Creative imagination, thought —কচি, Taste, inclination —পোৰাল, Capice, whim —v. া লাহা ইজ্বা খোৱাল ভৃত্ত-কৃ, That which pleases the taste or caprice —কলনা-কু, গছল-কু; Imagine, like:
—v. t. কলনা-কু, মনোমধ্যে আছিত-কু, গছল-কু; To form a conception of, to have a fancy or liking for —a আনন্দক্তনক, Elegrant; made to please the fancy Syn —(n) Conceptive faculty, idealization, ronception, notion, index, thought, liking, fondness, inclination, taste; conceit, crotchet, fantacy, freak, (v) Suppose, believe, think, conceive, wish, desire.

Take a fancy to, Have a fancy for—কাহারe বা কোন বিবয়ের উপন্ন ধেরাল হুৱলা, Form a liking for one (more out of caprice than reason).

Take fancy—河南-亨; Like.

Pancy fair-alterious state; Fair held by ladies for some charitable object,

Fancy goods - vigers we avilly; Goods made for the fashion. f person. Fencymonger, n. warales fit : A whimsical Fancy sick, a. 4144; Distempered in mind. Fency work-बीलाएक काककारी; [ in prize fighting. ornamental work. The fancy, n. 4774; Black guards engaged Fane, fan, n [ L. fari, to speak, to dedicate ] वर्षमनिक ; कवानांत्र ; A temple ; a church. Fanfere, fahfar, n. (छड़ी-मिनाप ; वापाकामि ; अइwin; ww; Flourish of trumpets; a boast; a bravado. Panfaron, lahfa-ron, n. পর্বিত বাজি; পাতিক লোক; A blusterer; boaster; a bully. Fanfaronade, fan-far-on-ad, n. वृश्वादकांत्र ; विशा W : Bluster : vain boasting. Fang, lang, n. [A. S. fan, to seize] कांड ; वावा ; न्यत ; A claw or talon ; long nail or tusk. Fanged, langd, a. খাত-নগর-বিশিষ্ট; Having fangs. Fangled, n. নতন উত্থাবিত মৃত; A new fangled notion; one just started or entertained. Fanner, faher, n. Maj बाहिबाब यह ; A machine used for winning grain &c. :- (व वाकि नावा निया ৰাভাগ করে : One who fans, Fanlight, fahlt, n. গৰাক বিশেষ; A window resembling in form an open fan. Fanpalm, fanpam, n. ডাল্ডাডীর বৃক্বিশেব; A species of palm. Fantasia, fan-ta'yı-a, a. অনিয়মিত রচিত সঙ্গীত निर्मं ; A fanciful musical composition. Fantastic, fan-tastik, Fantastical, fan-tastik-al, a. कांबनिक ; कब्रिक ; अवास्तिक ; शामारथयांनी ; Imaginary; unreal; whimsical; odd. ad = fantastically. Syn:—Fanciful, imaginative, ideal, visionary, chimerical, capricious, odd, [ A dandy queer. Fantastic, fan-taitik, n. क्नवांतु : (थाव-(भावांकी ; Fantastic roots-অনিম্নিত; Wild or irregular [ phantom. Fantasy, n. কলনা ; আকাশ্চিতা ; Fancy ; whim ; Far, far, a. पूत्र , पूत्रवर्श , Distant ; remote :-অভিপ্রায়-বিক্তম ; Contrary to purpose or design :ad. अधिक পরিমাণে; অনেকছুর পর্যান্ত; To a great extent; very much; to a certain distance. As far as it lies in one-rivitrica; To the [ large degree. best of one's powers. By far-মতাৰিক পৰিমাণে; Very much; in a Far about-नदा बक बाला किया; By a long circuitous course; going much out of the way-Far advanced in life or years—14; Aged. Far and few between-भारतक दिन अवद : To [ near at hand. long intervals. Far and near-मृत्य अवः निकटि ; Distant and Far and wide - চারিদিকে वहमूद পর্যাত ; To a great extent or distance; in all directions; over [ my wish or purpose. a large space. Far be it from me—जामांव देखा नरह ; It is not Far famed—জগৰিখ্যাত। Far fetched, far'-fecht, a. কটকলিড ; অবাভাবিক ; Forced; not easily or naturally introduced;

Far sighted, Far seeing, a. varit; Calcalating and providing for remote issues :-निक्षेष्ठ वज्ञ मिथिए अनगर्व ; Unable to see near objects distinctly. Far from—जातक गृत्त ; जातक गृत रहेएछ ; At a great distance from :—गृत्तह ना ; Not at all ; by no means :- (कान किছ ) एउन्न कि कन्न एरव शाक्क ; Instead of. Far from it-देश अकवारत नरह ; It is very different :-- সে কথাই নয়; Nothing of the kind; not at all thought of or contemplated :-- 5 गरह : Not at all. distance. Far off, Far away-45 qu; At a great Far other - मन्त्र विचित्र ; Very different. Few and far between—जानक मिन क्युत ; न्याम ENIT WET; Occurring at long intervals ( of time ) :- YER YER; Occurring at great intervals ( of distance '. [tance. From far-जानक पूत्र शहेरा ; From a great dis-In so far as—এই প্ৰান্ত বে ; বে পৰ্যন্ত ; To the extent that. [ point (distance or time). Thus far-এই পর্যন্ত (খুন বুরার); Up to this Too far gone--अन्थ किर्व किर्ट किन्ठ वा অবসম ; Deeply affected by some strong influence ( as desease, love, or drink ), be in a hopeless or desperate condition. Farce, fars, n. L. farcio, to stuff ] agna; ভাডামি ; শুক্তগর্ভ হাস্যঞ্জনক দুক্ত ; বুপাড্ছর ; Ludicrous dramatic entertainment; buffoonery; a mock ceremony; ludicrousness; ridiculous or empty show. Farcical, far i-kal, a. হাস্যকর; হাস্যক্র; আছ-मनिक ; Ludicrous. ad = farcically. Syn :- Ludicrous, droll, funny, laughable, comic, ridiculous. Fare, far, v. t. [Gr fahren, to go] bal ; To go ; travel :--কোন অবস্থায় অবস্থিত-কু; Be in any state : ভারষশ ঘটে , Happen well or ill :- कुछक्शि-र ; To get on or succeed :- ( ) To feed :- n. অমণ , Journey :-ভাড়া ; The price of passage : - | Provisions; food. Syn .- (v) Travel, journey, speed; subsist, live, feed. Farewell, far-wel, interj. সতি; ভোষার মহল হউক ; Good bye ; fare you well :-- স. বিদায় প্রহণ : প্ৰহাৰ; Adieu; taking leave:-a. বিদায়কালীৰ; विश्वांत्रपुष्ठक ; Parting, valedictory. Farina, fa-ri'na, n. [ L. far, a sort of grain ] अमाक्तिय हुन ; यहना ; Meal ; flour :-- भूज्यदर्ग ; Pollen of plants. Farinacious, far-in-ashus, a. (नायम हर्नमा वा अप ; हर्गमत्र ; हर्गवर ; Mealy ; made of flour ; yielding flower. Farm, farm, n. जमांव जिम : व्यास्त्र कृषि : Tract of ground under tillage; hired land; land rented for cultivation : - ভুসুস্থান্ত ; A landed estate :-v. t. ज्ञित इनावा-ाम ; ज्ञा-ाम ; छाज विल-क ; To let out to tenants or collector at a rent; to take at certain rate ; to take on lease :- -कर्ग-क ; जाराम-क ; Till land ; to cultivate. Farm house, n. গোলাবাড়ী; A house attached to a farm for the residence of a farm. Farm yard, n. (भागांत सम्म ; A yard or enclosure attached to a barn.

eleborately strained; unnatural,

Let to farm- क्यां-त्य , Lease on rent.

Owner of a farm—কেত্ৰণতি।

स्वित्ताल, farmer, n. ज्वस ; कृषियावनाती ; An agriculturist ; a husbandman :— (वांक्वांब ; स्वा-स्वित्व भोडोगांव : One who hires and cultivates a farm — क्व-मःश्रीष्ट्र , क्व-मःश्रीर्व्वाती ; One who collects taxes for a certain rate per cent. Syn —Agriculturist, husbandman, lessee, collector Farming, farming, n. कृषि ; कृषियावनांव , The

business of cultivating land

Faro, fār'o, দ. ভাগ্য-নির্ণায়ক এক প্রকাষ ভাস খেলা . A game of chance played with cards.

Farrago, far-rago, n. [L. far, a sort of grain] নানা ক্ৰো মিত্ৰিত জড়পিও, নানা ক্ৰয় মিত্ৰিত বস্তু · A confused mass, a jumble.

Farrior, far't-ër, n [ L. ferrum, iron ' যে বোডার পাছে লাল মারে, অবচিকিংসক, অব-বৈদ্য, Horseshoer, horse-docter, veterinary surgeon.

Farriery, far'i-er-i, n ब्यहिन्दिशी. Art of curing the disease of cattle

Barrow, far'ö, n [A S. fearh, a pig] শৃক্ব-শাৰকদমূহ, Litter of pigs —v. i. and n t শ্ক্ৰ-শাৰক প্ৰাৰ কু, To bring forth pigs

Farther, iar'ther, a দ্বতব, দীৰ্থত্ব, অভিবিক্ত, Remoter, more distant, additional —ad. দ্বত্ব. জাৱ অধিক, অধিকন্ত, More remotely, beyond,

Farthost, lär'thest, a দ্যত্ম , স্পাণেকা অধিক দৃষ বঙী , Most distant or remote —ad স্পাণেকা অধিকদ্ব পথান্ত ; At or to the greatest distance.

Farthing, fai'thing, n. চত্থালো, পৌৰৰ চত্থালা, উপত কেলৰ কছ বুছা আছ পথ্যা তুলা, Fourth part, fourth of a penny, very small price.

Farthingale, far'thing-gal, ম এক প্ৰকাৰ আপুৰা, A kind of I cop made of whalebone for distending the diess. { bundle

Fasces, n একাৰ বাজা ছটি, Rods tied in a Fascicle, fa'i-kl, n. [L jascis, a burdle ] পুলা ভুক্ত, A close cluster, with the flovers much crowded together, as in the weet-william.

Fascicular, fas-sīkū-lar, Fasciculato, fas-sīkū-lat, a ওজ্বাকাৰে সংগ্ৰিড, l'inted as in a bundle

Pascinato, বিধা-গত্তা, ত.ধ. [ L. f.scine, to bewitch] মেহিড কু, বিশেষ্ডিড-কু, Bensitch, enchant, to charm, captuale, encapture

Fascinating, a मुक्कब, Charming.

Fascination, fas-i-ni hun, n ৰোইন, বিশাহন, বোহিনীলাকৈ, বাজ্জস্ম, Irresistible power of chirming. Syn —Enchantment, witchcraft, charm, spell, attraction

Pasoino, fas-মাণ, n [I faccis, a bundle] কামান-উদ্ৰোলনাদি কাৰো বাবজত এক প্ৰকাৱ কাঙেৰ কাঁচি, A bundle of rods, used in raising batteries, filling diches, &c

Pashion, fashun, n [L facio, to make] আকাৰ, আকৃতি, গঠন; Shape, form, cut.—প্ৰচণিত নীতি, A prevailing custom —নীতি, প্ৰকাৰ, ধাৰা, Manner, sort; way —আগৰ্শ, Pattern — ভ্ৰমেষাজ; Genteel society — চ গঠন-কু, নিৰ্মাণ-কু, Io make, to mould according to a pattern, to form:—উপ্ৰোপী-কু, To suit, to fit or

adopt. n=fashioner. Sym:-( m ) Appearance, style, figure; custom.

After the fashion of-প্রচলিত রীতি অসুসারে: রের্থান্ত মতে . According to the custom ; in accordance with the custom or general practice of. Fashion-mongor, n. বিলাসী ব্যক্তি . A person of fashion , fop -- a. विनातिका-विन : Fashionmongeiing, foppish [ vogue ; out of use. Out of fashion—अवानित , जान ; Not in Fashionable, fashun-a-bl, n. প্রচলিত ধারাস্থারী : প্রচলিত बीजान्यांचे , Having or following fashion; observant of the fashion in dress or living :-छत्र , छेक्त नमाद्य रिक्टवर्गनीन ; Gentle ; mingling in high society:—প্রচলিত Current: -n. বিশাসী: A person of fishion ad=fashionably. n=fashionableness Syn -(a) Current, prevailing; modish, stylish, genterl, well-bred

Fast, fast, a. 95; 4995; Closely pressed; firm '- पृष्ठ , विश्वानी ; Fixed ; steadlast ; faithful — मह्द . क नश्मी, Quick. swift - विनिष्ठ : Strong - श्राद , Deep , sound .- निक्य , Sure : - অণ্বিমভাচাৰী, লম্পট, Extravagant, dissipated - इंग्रेको गी, Rash - ad मुख्यत्थ ; मन् मार्भ । Firmly — गडोदकाल . गाउकाल . Soundly sound —ক্তবেগে, ক্তভাবে: Swiftly —অপরিমিত काल, अवभाकरल, Extravagantly -n डेलवांग. অনাহাব . Abstinence from food - উপৰাস-কাল: Time of tasting .- v. s. Graff- p , wateria wint ; To abstain from food Syn :- (a) Immovable, secure, fortified impregnable, constant, steadfast, stunch, profound, fleet, quick, rapid; gay, dissipated, extravagant, wild.

Break one's fast উপবাদায়ে ভক্ৰ-কু, Put an end to a period of abstinence by food.

Fast and looso—অদিধানী, অস্বত, অবাবস্থিত; Suppery in dealing and unreliable; insincere, incon tant.

Fast Beloop—পাচনিত্রিত।

Fast by or Fast aside—নিকটে, Close or near Fast day—ব্যাথে উপবাদের দিন, ভপবাদ দিবদ, A day of religious fasting.

Fast friend-খনিত মিৰ।

Fast girl-প্রাপ্তা বালিকা; A young girl aping the manners of young men

Fast handed, a বছমুই, কুণা ; ধনলোভী ; Close fisted, avancious. [ a licertine.

Fast man — ৰম্পট , A man of dissolute habits ; Fast to doath—অনশন দাবা প্ৰাণত্যাগ-কু।

Fast ways —লাম্পটা; বিশাসিঙা, A dissipated and extravagent course of living; fashionable and extravagant living [ted course of living. Livo fast—হতভাগ্য জীবনবাপন-কৃ, Lead a dissipa-Play fast and loose—অব্যবস্থিত চিত্তের ভার কার্য্য-কৃ, (চাতুরাপুনক্) অব্যবস্থিত চিত্তের ভার কার্য্য-কৃ; Act with inconsistency.

Faston, fa'n, v t. সংবছ-কৃ; বছ-কৃ, Lock; to bolt and bar — বৃঢ়-কৃ; ব্যুচ-কৃ; বৃঢ় সংলগ্ন-কৃ, To make firm; hard:—সংলগ্ন-কৃ, বোগ-কৃ; To attach, affix, annex — v. i. সংবছ-কৃ; To fix one's self:—n. বজনী; হুড়কা; Fastening, that which fastens, lock etc. Syn:—Fix, coment, link, secure, unite, bind together, clinch.

Fastening, fasn-ing, n. तक्तन : अर्थगानि मःतक्तक 30 : Anything that fastens,

Faster, faster, n. Bootal; One who fasts.

Fastidious, fas-tidi-us, a. [ L. fastus, pride, and toedium, loathing | ছুপ্রাদা; ছুপ্তোদনীয়; Overnice ; squeamish ; difficult to please. n=fastidiousness, ad=fastidiously. Syn :- Hypercritical, difficult, punctilious, dainty, over-delicate.

Fasting, fasting, n. ব্ৰের জন্ম উপনাস; Religious

abstinence.

Fastness, fastnes, n. 4551; The state of being firm; firmness :- Tf; Stronghold; fortress; castle.

Fat, fat, a. क्वांकांद ; मारमन ; Plump ; fleshy :---हन ; (माहि ; Coarse ; gross :- मूर्श ; Dull :-रेजनांक ; Oily :- डेर्ब्स ; क्लथम ; क्लांश्मामी ; Fruitful; productive:-n. চর্নি; মেদ; কা!: Greasy part of anything :- উৎকৃষ্ট আংশ; সাহভাগ; Best part of anything :- काश विना (वडन ; Pay without work :-- मगानाव ; Vat :- v. t. युगकाप-क ; मिछि - क ; To make fat :- v. i. मिछि - र ; To grow fat. n=fatness, fatiness. Syn:-(a) Corpulent; greasy, unctuous; heavy, gross; stupid; fertile, lucrative, rich.

Fat-brained, a. সুৰুদ্ধি; Dull of apprehension.

Fat-headed, a. अवाव् कि ; i)ull.

Fat office, n. य कार्या क्रव भविश्रम कविश्रा जानक বেতৰ লাভ হয় : An office yielding abundant pay for slight labour. I richest products of land. Fat of the land—অত্যাৎকুই ফদল; The best or Fat-witted, a. 74; Dull; stupid.

Fatal, fatal. a. मान्यांत्रिक ; मुद्रावनक ; Mortal ; deadly :- কেশকর; অভ্ছকর; Calamitous; unlucky :- अनिवार्ग ; Inevitable ; necessary. Syn : -Lethal; destructive; ruinous, mischievous; inevitable.

Fatal to-নাংথাতিক; Causing the death of :-( क्यान त्रांकि वो विषयात्र शक्त ) श्रीताञ्चक ; Ruinous to. Fatalism, fatal-izm, n. 3198419; The doctrine that all things happen by inevitable doom.

Fatalist, fatal-ist, n. अपृष्ट्रांभी; One who believes in fatalism.

Fatalistic, fatal-ist-ic, a. अपृष्टेनीय-नश्कीय ; अपृष्टे-বাৰসংস্কঃ; Belonging to or partaking of fatalism. Fatality, fat-ali-ti, n. বিধিনিধান, ভবিতবাতা: युष्ठा ; The fixed tendency to disaster or death : mortality.

Fate, fat, n. [ L. fatus, spoken, fair, to speak ] अपृष्टे ; नियुष्टि ; हज्ञमकल ; Lot ; doom ; destiny ; final issue :- मृद्य ; Death ; destruction :- त्रिव-

घटेना : Chance.

As fate would have it — মদৃইবৰ্ণতঃ, ভাগ্যক্ৰমে। An irony of fate—অদৃষ্টের ফের; অদৃষ্টের চক্র ; A providence which brings about events most

Decide the fate of-কাহারও পতি কি হইবে বা ভাগো কি আছে তাহা ছিব করা; Settle what is to be

the final lot of.

Seal one's fate—বাহা নিশ্চম ঘটিৰে ভাষা স্থিন করা : অদৃষ্ট লিপিতে সহি মোহর; Decide one's fate; fix one's doom unaiterably.

Share the fate of, Share the same fate -

(কাহারও) সহিত একদশা প্রাপ্ত-ছ; Meet with the same misfortune as.

Tempt fate—বিপদ ভেকে আনা; Court danger or destruction. [ stined.

Fated, fated, a. अपृष्टेशीन : आंकन ; Doomed ; de-Fates, fats, n. pl. अपृष्टतियो ; ভাগासन-निर्गातिका দেবীতার; The three goddesses (Clotho, Lachesis, and Atropos) supposed to determine the birth, life and death of men.

Father, fä'ther, n. भिड़ा: श्रुल्युक्त : आंक्रिनक्त : Male parent; forefather; a first ancester :-উদ্ভাৰক : উদ্ভাবনকারী ; A contriver or originator :-সন্মানস্চক পদবী; প্রবীণত্তস্চক উপাধি; A title of respect; one venerated for age, kindness, wisdom &c. :--প্রথম শতান্দীর পৃতীয় ধর্মগ্রন্থ লেপকগণ ; An ecclesiastical writer of the early centuries :- 377 ; পরস্পিতা ( ঈশর ); The Almighty Father :- রোম-(नश्मद वावस्थिक मस्त्रेत्र मस्त्र A senator of ancient Rome :- v. t. दम -(म ; (भागाभूवक्राभ जर्ग-कृ ; मखान-द्यानीय-कः कान किছव काद्र। विलिधा आश्रनाक निर्द्धन-कः To beget, to adopt; acknowledge oneself as author of. Syn :-- Ancestor, progenitor, forefather; senator, spiritual teacher, spiritual guide, confesser, author, maker, originator, inventor, creator. [ barrister.

Father of the Bar-অভি বৃদ্ধ কৌন্সলি; Oldest Father Neptune-HAN; The ocean.

To be gathered to one's fathers-ys- : পরলোকগত-হ: To die.

To father on a person-कारताल-क ; To ascribe something to a person as its father.

Fatherhood, fa'ther-hood, n. পিতৃত ; পিক্রচিত প্ৰভূম ; State of being a father; fatherly authority; paternity. [ father.

Fathor-in-law, fa'ther-in-law, n. 49%; Wife's Fatherland, fa'th-èr-land, n. जग्रकृषि : यांक्क्षि ; The land of one's father.

Fatherless, fa'ther-les. a. পিতৃহীৰ. Without a father :—অভাতজনক ; Having no known author. n =fatherlessness.

Fatherly, fä'ther-li a. পিতৃত্বা ; পৈতৃক ; কোমল ; মেইময় ; Paternal ; like a father in affection and care; tender. n=fatheriness.

Fathom, fathum, n. हम कृडे श्विमांग देवा ; हाकि হাত ; A measure of length 6 ft :- v. t. মাপ - ক ; পরিমাণ-কু; পভীরভা ঠিক-কু; Measure by a sounding line; sound the depth. a=fathomable, fathomless. Syn :- (v) Sound ; penetrate, reach the bottom of ; divine, comprehend.

Fathomable, a. পরিবেশ ; Able to be fathomed. Fathomless, a. অতলপূৰ্ণ অগাধ; That cannot be fathomed. Syn: -Bottomless, abysmal, prefound.

Fatigue, fa-teg', n. [L. fatigo, to weary] Fife; ক্লেল; আন্তি; পরিএম; এম; Weariness; toil:-v. t. क्रांख-क ; क्रिक्टे-क ; व्यवमत-क ; इमदोन-क ; Weary; tire; harass. Syn: - (n) Lassitude, languor, exervation, weakness; labour, toil, hardship; extraduty. (v) Jade, exhaust, weaken.

Inured to fatigue—পরিত্রম-সহিন্দ।

Fatling, fatting, n. (AID) (EIB AG; 1835 14-শাস্ক ; A young fat animal.

Patness, fatnes, n. ছুলডা ; নাংসলছ ; Fullness of flesh :—উর্জনডা ; Richness ; fertility.

Patten, fain, v. t. নোটা-ক ; সুলকায়-ক ; To make fat ; feed well :—উৰ্জ্ঞা-ক ; To make fertile —
v. s. নোটা-ক ; To grow fat. n=fattener, fattening.
[ which fattens

Fattener, fain-er, n. ছুলকাৰক; He who or that Fattening, fain-ing, n. ছুলতাসাধন-মীতি; ছুলকাৰত আছি; The process of making fat, the state of growing fat.

Fatty, fati, a. মেদোব্জ; বসাব্জ; সুলভাবিশিষ্ট; Containing fat or having the qualities of fat

Fatuity, fa-tu'e-te, n. হীৰবৃদ্ধিতা; দুৰ্মলতা; দৌৰ্পল্য; Imbecility; weakness of mind Syn:—Foolishness, idiocy, folly, infatuation.

Fatuous, fatu-us, a. [ I. fatuus, foolish ] বল-হীন; ফুৰ্কাল; নিষ্টেম্ব; Feeble in mind, weak:— অসকৰ; অবাত্ত্বিক; Illusory; without reality:— নিৰ্কোষ; Silly. Syn:—Idiotic, imbecite, illusory deceptive.

Fauces, law-ses, n. pl. কঠের উপরিভাগ; কঠনালীর উদ্ভিন ভাগ, The upper part of the throat from the root of the tongue to the entrance of the guillet.

Faucet, faw'set, n [Fr fausser, to falsify, to pierce ] পিপাব নৰ , চুকি: Spout for a bairel.

Faugh, n. 'ছি' শন্ত, ঘূণাব্যপ্তক পদ , Exclamation of contempt or discust.

Fault, fawlt, n [L fu'lo, to deceive] জম; জ্ল, প্ৰমাদ; দোৰ, ক্ৰচি; Failing; blunder; offence, blemish, vice. Syn.—Defect, flaw, imperfection, weakness, trespass, misdemeanous, wrong, delinquency, error, mistake, omission; default, want of [censoriousness Fault-finding, a. দোহদলী; Cen vious. n= Bo at fault—কুরুবের আয় আব হবো-হ; Lose scent as a dog.—শাদা লাগা ই আন্ত-হ, Be puzzled, be at a loss.

Be in fault—(पावी-इ; कांत्र (मारबन कांत्र) कवा , Be to blame; be wrong , have done wrong.

to blame; be wrong, have done wrong. Find fault with—নিশা-ক; দোৰ বৰা, Blame, censure; complain of.

Faultless, fawitles, a দোষশুক্ত, নির্কোষ্ ; নির্কাষ্ ; Without fault:—পূর্ণ ; perfect. n=faultlessuess. ad=faultlessiy. Syn:—Correct, accurate, innocent, guiltless, blamcless, spotless, stainless. Faulty, fawiti, a. দোষসূক্ত ; দোষপূর্ব, দোষী, দিন্দার, Containing or guilty of faults, blamable —আনক্রি in Imperiect. n=faultness ad=faultly. Syn:—Defective, bad; censurable, wrong, erroneous.

Faun, fawn, n. [L faveo, fautum, to favour]
দেবতা বিশেষ; বনবেৰতা; A wood elf; god of shepherds and fields.

Fauna, fawha, n. pl. কোন প্রবেশন বা কালের জন্ত সমূহ; The animals of any given area or epoch. Favour, fa'vur, n. [L. faveo, to favour, befriend] জনুপ্রহ; মসনেজা, প্রমান, সাহায়; জনুকলা; দ্যা; দান; উপহার; উপকার; Kind regard; good will; grace, support, patronage; a kind act or office; gift; benefit:—গন্ত; A letter—so called

in compliment:—v. f. সাহাব্য-কু; অনুপ্রত্-কু; আবু-কুল্য-কু; To assist; to befriend; regard with kindness:—পক্ষমবর্থন-কু; পকাব্যাহন-কু. To be on side of; uphold:—সাহাব্য-কু; To afford advantages to; facilitate. Syn:—(n) Kindness, countenance, vindication; boon, present; communication. n=favourer.

Be out of favour—ত্বতিত হ; Be held in dislike. Curry favour—তোবামোণ করিয়া অপুরহ লাভ-ক; Gain favour by flattery.

Find favour in one's eyes—ক্ৰমতে পঢ়া; বিস-হ; Be graciously received or treated; be liked by one, secure one's favour.

In favour of — অব্ৰুলে; In support of; in behalf of; on the side of.

In favour with—অনুনোদিত; অনুগৃহীত; Favoured by; countenanced by.

With or by one's favour-state wate; With one's leave; by kind permission of one.

Favourable, fávur-a-bl, a. উপকায়ী, প্ৰসন্থ, কৃপা-বান; Friendly; propitious — অনুকৃত্য, Conductive to — স্বাধান্তনক; Convenient; advantageous:—উপবোধী; Adopted, suitable. ad=favourably. n=favourableness. Syn — Kind, auspicious, willing, well-disposed; fit, beneficial; conductive to, contributing to.

Favourable look—প্ৰদান দৃষ্ট। Favourable wind—পৰ্যুগ বাৰু।

Favourite, fávur-it, n প্রিয়পতি; সমানুত বত বা বাজি; One countenanced; one beloved, a dar ling:—a. লিম; মাজ; সমানুত; Esteemed; beloved, preferred. Syn:—(n) Pet, love, dear, minion.

Favouritism, filvur-it-izm, n. পক্ষপাতিছ; পক্ষপাত; অপ্তঞ্জন্ত্ৰদৰ্শন; System of having favourites; partiality.

Fawn, fawn, n. মুগলাবক; Young deer:—নীত ভোষামোদ, A servile cringe or bow, fean flattery --v. t. ভোষামোদ কু; To cringe; to flatter in a servile way:—(মুগলাবক) প্রম্ব-কু, To bring forth a fawn --a. মুগলিভর ভাষ বর্ণনিশিষ্ট; Resembling a fawn in colour. ad=fawningly. n= fawner.

Fawner, fawher, গ. অৰ্থহপ্ৰান্তি মাননে ভোৱামোদ-কানী, One who flatters servibly to gain favour-Fawn eyed—মূগাকী।

Fay, ia, n. val, A fairy, an off.

Fealty, c'al-ti, n. [ L. fido, to trust ] বিষয়তা; প্রভৃতি ; রাজতি ; Fidelity to one's lord, to a superior power or government; homage, loyality. Syn:—Allegiance, submission, obeisance. Fear, fer, n. [ A. S. faer, fear, Ice. far, harm, mischief ] ভয়; পৰা, আস; Dread; awe; alarm; apprehension:—সমান ; Reverence; respect; due regard:—ভারের বিষয়; ভারতে; Object of dread; source of fear:—ভারতে; Object of dread; source of fear:—ভারতে; তালুলাক্রান্ট্রা

Out of or through fear-sages:

Tearful, fer'-fool, a. Triple; awful:

Triple; Timorous; afraid:

Caused by fear. n=fearfulness, ad=fearfully.

Syn:—Apprehensive, frightened; timid, nervous, shrinking, diffident; horrible, distressing, shocking, frightful, dreadful.

Fearless, fer'les, a. নির্জন; সাহনী; সাহনিক; Daring; brave. n=fearlessness. ad=fearlessly. Syn:—Undaunted, intrepid, bold, courageous,

valorous, valiant, dauntless, heroic.

Feasible, fez-i-ble, a. [L. facere, to do, to make ] 河河; 河河; 河河; Practicable. ad=feasibly.

mefeasibleness, feasibility.

Feast, fest, n. [L. festum, a holiday, festus, solemn, festal] ভোল; মহোৎসৰ; পৰ্যা; উৎসৰ; Banquet; treat; festival:—জানন্দ; Enjoyment, delight:—v. i. বিশিষ্টকপে জাহাৰ ক; ভোল-দে. To hold a feast; to eat sumptuously:—v. t. বিশিষ্ট কপে জাহাৰ প্ৰদান-ক; (চৰ্ম্বা চোৱালি) ভোলন-ক; ভূথ-দু; পৰিভূপ-দু; To entertain sumptuously; to delight; to gratify. n=feaster. Syn:—(n) Holiday, entertainment, regale, revel, carousal, sumptuous repast.

Foat, fet. n. [ L. facio, to do, to make ] ছঃ-সাহসিক কাৰ্যা, অসাধারণ কাষা; Deed; achievement —কৌশল, Truck. Syn:—Exploit, act;

stroke of dexterity.

Feather, fether, n. পক পালক; কলম; Plume of a bird; pen — শৃস্তপ্ত পদবী; An empty title.
— v t. পক ছাৱা সজ্জিত-কৃ, পকভূষিত-কৃ; To adorn with feathers:—পালক লাগাইয়া-দে; To furnish an arrow with feathers—v. i. সমতল-হ; To become feathered or horizontal.

Be in full feather—সুস্থিত-ই; To make a show, to be in full dress.

Be in high feather—পুলাকিত হ; To appear in high spirit and health like bird after moulting; be clated.

Cut a feather—নিধাতি-হ; Cut a dash:—জগতে শেশমান-ই, To make the water foam in moving. Feather in one's cap--সমান; সম্মান-চিছ; An honour or mark of distinction.

Feather one's nest—অর্থ স্কাই-ক ; To amass money, especially from holding an office or place, provide for self — আরাস্থাদ সুধ প্রস্ত-ক ; To make a snug, comfortable home.

Feather the oar—ডাড়েব এক ধাৰ সমতল কৰিছা ফিয়াৰ, জলভনেৰ সহিত সমান্তবাল ভাবে জল হইতে গাড় ডোলা; Turn the edge of an oar horizontally when raising it from water; to bring an oar out of the water in a flat or horizontal position. In high feather—প্ৰকে পূৰ্ব; Elated; in high spirits.

Show the white feather—ভীকতা লগ্ৰ-ড়; ভাস্তব্য দেখাৰ; Show signs of cowardice; (a white feather in a game cock's tail being a token that he is not of game breed).

To tar and feather—আলকাতারা সাধাইরা পালক ছিলা আফোণিত-কু; To smear with tar, and then cover with feathers.

Feather brained, a. हक्न ; मूर्च ; Silly.

Feathery, fether-i, a. नक्यूक ; नक्त्रमून ; नक्त्रक ;

Pertaining to, resembling or covered with feathers.

Feature, fetur, n. অব্যায়; বুই; গঠন; আইডি:
চেহারা; Lineament, make or cast; cast of the face (especially of any single part of the face):—
বিশেষ সংশ; A marked peculiarity:—v.t. Form. pl. The countenance. Syn — Lineament; fashion, make, conformation, aspect, appearance; outline, peculiarity, prominent part.

Featured, হিলেব, a. স্বাচন; Having good features.
Featureless, হিলেন-les, a. কুলান, Destitute of Febrifuge, febri-fuj, n. [L. febris, fever, and fugo, to put to flight] অবয় উৰখ; A medicine serving to remove fever; medicine to drive away fever:—a. জনম; Anti-febribe,

Febrile, fe'bril, or febril, a. [ L. febris, fever ] অৱ-সৰজীয় ; অৱ-প্ৰকাশক ; অবোদ্ধৰ ; অবসংসাধ ; অৱ-যুক্ত ; Pertaining to indicating, or derived from fever ; feverish.

February, febroo-ar-i, v. (L. februa, the festival of expitation) ইরোভি বংসারের বিতীর নাস;
The second month in the year.

Focal, fe'kal, a. মুনসৰ্কীয় ; মলবিশিষ্ট ; পাদ বা শিঠা সংক্ৰান্ত : Pertaining to or containing fæces.

Feces, n. पन , Excrement ; see fæces.

Feculent, leku-lent, a পছিল, আবিল; গাণবিশিষ্ট ; মলপুৰ্ব , অপবিছার ; Foul with extraneous or impure substances ; turbid ; containing fæces or sediment, muddy. n=Feculence, feculency. Syn:—Dreggy, thick, four.

Feound, fekund, a. [ L fco, to bring forth ] সন্থানাৎপাণী, উৰ্বা, ফলশানী; Fruitful in children; feitile, prolific.

Focundate, lek-und-নt, v. t. কলশালী-কু; উর্বা-কু; পর্ভোৎপাদন-কু; গর্ভবতী-কু; Make fruitful; to impregnate. n=[ccundation.

Fooundation, fek-un-dishun, n. গতে(পাণৰ; গভবাৰণ; The act of making fruitful; the state of being impregnated.

Focundity, fek-undi-ti, দ. জননীয়; কলবন্তা; Prolificness in female animals .—উত্তাবন আচুন্তা; —Richness of invention .—উব্যৱস্থা, Fruitfulness. Svn :—Fertility, productiveness.

Fed, pa. t and pa p. of feed.

Federal, feder-al, a. [ I. faederies, a treaty ] পাৰুপৰিক নিম্মাণুদাৰে সংখ্যাপিত বা গঠিত; সন্ধিবিবৰক; Founded upon mutual agreement, composed of states retaining only a subordinate sovereignty.

Federal, Federalist, feder-al-ist, n. नित्रमञ्ज-अग् नो-गामी ; An advocate of federation, and not

of democracy. n=federalism.

Federal states—In the American war, those northern states that combined to resist the eleven southern or confederate states.

Foderalism, feder-al-izm, n নিম্নতন্ত্ৰশালীবিৰ্দ্ধ মত , Principles of federalists.

Federate, feder-at, a. मिन्नक ; नित्रक जांचक ; Confederate ; leagued.

Federation, fed-er-ashun, n. निषद निषद , Al-

Federative, feder-a-tiv, c. সংযোগী ৷ সন্ধি বা নিয়ম সংস্থাপন-প্ৰবণ ; Joining in a league.

ম'ee, it, ন. বিষয় ; ভূমি ; জুনলান্তি ; Property ; land :
—গানিতোমিক ; বেডন ; পানিতামিক ; দর্শনী ; Reward ;
reward of professional services ; reward paid for
services ; recompense:—বার ; ধরচা ; Charge :—

o. t. পানিতোমিক-দে ; ভাড়া-কু ; উৎকোচ-দে ; To pay
a fee to ; to reward for services ; to hire ; to
bribe.

[ held in full right.

Foe simple, #. মকররি ভূসন্থান্তি; বায়গিব; Land Foe tail, #. হ্যান্তরাবোদ্য বংশগরপবাশত হাবর সম্পত্তি; An entailed or limited estate.

Feeble, fc'bl, a. [L. fleo, to weep] কাণ; ফুৰ্মণ; Weak; infirm; famt; slow; dull. n= feebleness (পৌৰ্মণা); ad=feebly. Syn:—Debililated, failing, exervated, powerless, frail, exhausted, languid; imperfect, dim; imbecile

Feebleminded, a. ঘূৰ্জ চিন্ত , ঘুৰুলমনা: , Weak in intellectual power; irresolute; weak-minded.
n=Feeblemindedness.

Feed, fed, v t. আহাব-দে. থাওয়ান; To give food to; to nourish —পোৰণ-কৃ; পুট-কৃ; To foster:—
v. i. আহার এইণ-কৃ, থাওয়া; পুট-ক. To take food; to nourish one's self by cating:—তৃণ ভক্ষণ-কৃ, To pasture.—n. তৃণ ভক্ষণ, প্রচারণ ভূমি, গৃহপানিত পদ্ধ খাদ্য; Pasture; pasture ground, an allowance of provender given to cattle. n—feeder

Feed on—কোন কিছু পাইবা জীবনধাৰণ-চু , Subast by eating .—কোনকাপ আশা ভ্ৰমাৰ বাঁটিয়া থাকা , Be sustained by some hope or desire.

Feeder, feder, n. Agrave; He who feeds or that which supplies.

Feel, w.t. শাৰ ছাবা অনুভব-কু; To perceive by the touch:—পূৰ্ণ কু; To touch; to handle —ভাতিত্ব, জানবাভ-কু; To be conscious of —পুন্তন কু, বোৰ-কু; উপলাজ-কু; To be affected by, to experience:—পানীকা-কু; Test.—v. z. পূৰ্ণ হ বা জাত-ছু; To know by the touch; to appear to the touch:—পানীভ-হু; To have the sensibilities moved:—জাত-হু, আনিতে পাৰা, To perceive one self—to be followed by an adjective:—n. পূৰ্; Feeling of perception; sensation communicated by the touch. Syn:—(v) Experience, enjoy, suffer; be moved, be stirred, be impressed, be affected by.

Feel after—অৱসন্ধাৰ-কৃ. Search for; grope for; to search; to seek; to find. [ ashamed Feel cheap—লভিন্ত-ড়, To be humiliated, to be Feel for—কাহ্রেও ছাধে হু.বিত হওয়া, পরহুধে কাত্রকৃ; Be affected with sympathy or sorrow for, to pity. [ touching. Feel of—লাক ক্রিয়া প্রীকা-কৃ, Examine by

Feel of -শাৰ কালা প্লালা-কু . Examine by Feel or grope one's way—মন্ত্ৰাৰে প্ৰাবেশ-কু; To move about in darkness or obscurity in order to find one's way or to ascertain something Feel out—প্রীক্ষা-কু, Try; sound; explore.

Feeler, হিলে, ন. পাৰ্শান্ত, One who or that which feels:— মত জানিবাৰ জন্ত প্ৰভাব; সনোভাব অবধানপাৰ্থ প্ৰভাব, Proposal, observation &c., to ascertain the views of others:—pl. (কটিনিয় মন্তব্য) গুড়; The joined fibres in the heads of certain insects.

Beeling, feling, n. ইজিয়; শংশজিয়: The sense of touch:—অনুভব; Perception:—ত্ব-ভ্রংব অনুভব; ত্বত্বং বেবং (Consciousness of pleasure or pain; sensibility:—নয়; সহাস্তৃতি; Tenderness; sympathy; emotion:—নয়; Opinion:—pl. বনোবৃত্তি বা আসন্তিসমূহ; The affections or passious:—a.
দা অকাশক; সহাস্তৃতি অকাশক; আর্ক্র, Expressive of great sensibility or tenderness; sensitive; easily excited; deeply effected. ad—feelingly (affectingly). Syn:—(n) Sensation; emotion, passion, sentiment, affection; expression, sense, motion, tenderness, sensitiveness, susceptibility.

A man of feeling—সহন্য বোক। Feeling eloquence—হন্যগ্ৰহী ৰাগ্মিতা; Ele-

quence evincing great sensibility.

Fellow feeling—সভ্যাত); Sympathy.

Feet, fct, Plural of foot.

Feign, lan v. [L. fingo, fictum, to form] ভাণ-তৃ: To dissemble; pretend; counterfeit:—উত্তাৰণ বা কলনা-তৃ: To invent or imagine:—ad. আহ্লাক-পুলাক; Gladly. ad=leignedly, n=feignedness. Syn.—(v) Devise, fabricate, forge, affect.

Foignod-Fan; Pretended.

Foint, iant, n. চল; ভাগ; A pretence; a false appearance.—কৃত্যি স্থাকুৰণ; A mock assault; a mock attack, a seeming aim at one part when another is to be struck.

Feldspar, feldspath, keldspath, n. Toldspath, n. Toldspath

Foldspathic, feld spathik, a ক্ষমিকৰং থানিজ পদাৰ্থ ষ্টিউ , Pertaining to or consisting of feldspar

Edicitato, fc-h'si-tāt, v. t ্l. f.in, felicis, happy] প্ৰীকৃ, জানাহিড-; Mile happy; di iplit —ধানৰ প্ৰকাশ-কৃ, অভিনানৰ কৃ. Wish happiness to , express joy of pleasure, congratulate. n=felicitation.

Felicitious, ie-hin-tus, a. স্থাী, আজাতিত; Presperous; happy, d-lightful — মধানোধা; উপনোধা, Skulful, appropriate; well applied or expressed.

Felicity, fe-h'n-ti, n. হণ ; আনস ; Happiness ; delight; blessedness. Syn —Bouttude, blessfulness; success, good fortune, good luck; aptness, propriety, appropriateness.

Foline, e'lin, a [L. foles, a cat] বিভাল-সৰ্কীয়; বিভালবং, Pertaining to the cat or cat kind; like a cat.

The feline species—বিড়াল স্বাতি।

Fell, pa. t. of fall.

Foll, fel, v. t চিত্ৰ-কু; কাটিয়া কেলা; To cut down:
—স্পাঠিত-কু; To cause to fall:—a. নিগুর, নির্দয়;
নৃশ্ল; Cruel; fierce; bloody:—n. পাংড়া; মলগুর বুণ; A hill; a barren or stony hill, range of hills:—প্রচর্ম, A skin or hide of a beast.

Feller, feler, n. widing; wiscend; A cutter of wood; one who cuts wood.

Folly, ich. Follos, icho, n. চফ্ৰ-পরিধির এক এক থও; চাকার পুটে; One of the arched pieces of wood in the circumference of a whitel.

Fellow, felo, n. সঙ্গী, সহচৰ ; A companion ; an associate : — মুখ্যের এক ; এক কোড়ার একটা, দুস্পতিস্থ ৰভাষ; One of a pair:—সভা; Member of a corporation or college:—নীচ লোক; নগণা বজি; A mean or worthless person:—ব্যক্তি; A person:—স্বৰুজ; An equal. Syn:—Comrade, peer, compeer, mate, counterpart, partner, friend, member.

Fellow commoner, n. সহাধারী; One who dines and associates with the fellows; collegian. Fellow countrymen, n. ব্ৰেণীয় বোৰ; A native of the same country.

Fellow creature, n. 474); A human being; one of the same race.

Fellow student—সহাধারী : সমণারী। Fellow traveller—সহধারী ; একধারী।

Fellowship, felo-chip, n. সহত্বৰ; সন্ত; সমাজ; সভা; Companionship; association; society:—
বৃদ্ধি, An endowment in a university for the support of graduates; scholarship:—সন্ত্ৰ-সন্থান; অংশিবারী, অংশিবা; Partnership. Syn:—
Brotherhood, intimacy, participation, joint interest, communion.

Good fellowship—সকলিকা; Love of society, fondness for company.

Folon, felon, n [ Low L. fello, a traitor ] শুল-তৰ অপৰাধা . দোঘা বাজি ; A convict, a criminal, a culput —a. হিংপ্ৰক, নিৰ্মন্ত ; Malignant; cruel, fierce. Syn:—Male-factor, delinquent.

Folonious, fe-lo'm-us, a. বিশ্বাস্থাতক, হি-সং-প্রাষ্থ, হ্ণ-রেছ, Deprayed, malicious, villatnous, traitoreus, wicked. Syn.—Malignant vicious, nefamous, fl izitious.

Folony, r. কাৰ্যনত বা প্ৰাণ্যত অপবাধ; ফুকুতৰ অপ-বাধ; Highest class of crime; a heinous crime punishable by imprisonment or death.

Felt, pa t and pa. p. of feel.

Felt, felt, n. [Gr. filz, woolen cloth] পশু-ৰোম্ব ৰয়, পশ্যে বিশ্বিত টুপি, Cloth made of wool united with ut we ivi g, a hat made of wool —v. t উক্ত বাপতে আজাদন-কু; To cover with felt

Folting, felting, n. জমাট কাপড প্ৰস্তুত কৰিবাৰ কৌশল বা প্ৰণালী, The art or process of making felt.

Felucea, fe-luka, n. [Ar. fulk, a ship] ভবী বিশেষ: A boat or vessel with oars and broad three-cornered sails.

Female, fc'mal, n. [L femella, a young female] গ্রীবোক, বালা, Woman; a she, a girl—a. শ্বীসম্থান, গ্রীধাতীয়, Of woman or she kind, womanly—a কোমন, ক্রীণকাষ; Soft, weak.

Feminality, n. ত্রীবতাব; The female nature. Feminine, femi-nin, a. ত্রীসম্থাীব, ত্রীবাড়ীর, Pertaining to woman:—কোমল, কীবকার; ত্রেব, ত্রীবং, Tender, delicate; womanly:—ত্রীলিম্ব সম্বার, la grammar, having a form belonging especially to words which are epithets of females. ad=femininely. (opp. masculine). Syn.—Soft, modest, graceful, affoctionate; effeminate, unmanly.

Femoral, femoral, a. [L. femur, femoris, the thigh] উৰ-সম্বনীয়; উৰ্বেশ-সম্বনীয়; Belonging to the thigh.

Fen, fen, p. बना; बनाकृति, अनून; Marsh;

morass or bog. a=fenny, fennish ( জলা সহক্ষীর+ Swampy). Syn:—(n) Moor, swamp, quagmire, slough.

Fence, fens, n. বৃতি; বেড়া; Wall; hedge; enclosure:—জনি চালন; আনি-নঞ্চালম কৌশন; আন্ধাননীয়; The art of fencing; guard, defence:—v. f. বেইন-ফ; দুৰ্গ নিৰ্মাণ-ফ; হমন্তিত-ফ; To enclose with a fence; to fortify; to guard:—v. i. আনি চালাইতে জড়ান ফ; কৌশলফ্মে আনিচালনা-ফ; To practise fencing n = fencer. Syn:—(v) Protect, defend, circumscribe, surround; practise fencing.

Foncer, fenser, ন. অনিচালন-পটু মল্ল: One who practises or teaches fencing with a sword.

Fencible, fensi-bl, a. বন্ধনার, Capable of being defended.

Fenoibles, n. pl. হানীয় সেনাকল: Soldiers enlisted for local defence but not liable to be sent abroad.

Foncing, fensing, n. বেড়া নিৰ্মাণ: বৃতি নিৰ্মাণ: The act of erecting a fence:—মনি বা অন্ত অন্ত চালন: কৌশলে অনি সঞ্চালন: The art of attack and defence with a sword or other weapon:—a. বকাশীল, Guarding or defending.

Fond, fend, v. f নিবারণ-কু, প্রেশ কবিতে না দেওৱা; দুবীভূত-কু; To ward off, to shut out, to keep off—v. i. ৰাধা-দে, আত্মসক্ষা-কু; To resist, parry; shift off.

Fonder, fender, n হুলন্ত অহাৰ বক্ষণাৰ্থ কৰাট বিশেষ ; সংঘৰ্ষণ নিৰাৰক লোহাদি নিৰ্দ্ধিত বস্ত্ৰাবশেষ : A metalic frame to hinder coals of fire from rolling to the floor:—অৰ্থবানের পদন্শার আঘাত নিৰাবশাৰ্থ বেষ্ট্ৰৰ : A buffer to prevent a vessel from striking against a wharf or another vessel; protection for a ship's side

Fenostral, fe-nestral, a. [L. fenestra, a window] পৰাক্ষমভান ; Belonging to a window.

Fenian, fe'ne-an, n আ্বর্লনে ইংরাজ-রাজ্য উজ্জ্বে মান্দে আ্রর্জন্বামীদিশেব সমিতি; An anti-British association of disaffected Irishmen, whose object is to separate Ireland. n=fenianism.

Fennel, iencl, n. [L. fenum, hay] ওব্যালাভীয় গাছ, A fragrant plant with finely divided leaves and yellow flowers. [boggy.

Fenny, feie, a. ভলা-সম্বন্ধীয় ; Marshy, swampy, Feoff, fei, n. বোৰভূমি ; বারগীয় ; A fief :—v. t. বারগীয় বেওয়া ; To grant possession of a fief or property in land n=fcoffment.

Feoffer, fci'er, n. বায়ণীৰ অবাতা; One who grants fief.

Feoffment, fel'ment, n. বায়ণীৰ প্ৰদান; The gift Feretory, fer'e-tor-i, n. [ L. fcro, to bear ] ভ্ৰমন্ত্ৰে শ্ৰাধাৰ বাধিবাৰ ছান; A place in a church for a bier.

Forine, fe'rīn, a. [ L. fera, a wild beast ] পাৰৰ; অসভ্য, মুদ্দিৰ; Belonging to a wild beast;

Ferment, fei'ment, n. [L. ferveo, to boil] উচ্ছলন; ফুটন; আলোডন; That which causes fermentation; agitation:—কলহ; বিবাদ; Tumult:
—v t. উচ্ছলিড-ফু; আনোড়িড-ফু; To excite fermentation:—কৃষ্-ফু; To inflame:—v.i. উচ্ছলিড-

: To undergo fermentation; to effervesce: উত্তেজিড-ए ; क्षिड-ए ; To be excited ; to rage with anger. Syn: - (v) Seethe, concoct, brew; boil, work, bubble, foam, froth; excite, heat, agitate.

Fermentable, fer-menta-bl, s. किल्ला लोगा; क्रिनोब ; Capable of being fermented. n=

fermentability.

Bermentation, fer-ment-ashun, n. উচ্ছলন; স্টুন; উদ্দীপন, উদ্দানন; The act or process of fermenting:-मामनिक উত্তেজना: मानावृत्ति निष्ठात्र চক্ষতা ; Active state of the intellect or feelings. Fermentative, fer-menta-tiv, з. উচ্ছ तनक्य ; Tors. Causing or consisting of fermentation. [ less plant. a = ferny. # = fermentativeness. Fern, fern, n. लड़ा विरमव ; উভিদবিশেষ ; A flower-Forocious, fe-ro'shus, a [ L. ferus, wild ] 49, अमका ; निवेत ; Wild ; savage ; ravenous ; cruel. n=ferociousness, ad=ferociously. Syn:-Fierce, barbarous : rapacious.

Ferocity, fe-rosi-ti, n. নিধ্রতা ; ছদান্ততা ; Furv ; wild fierceness; savage cruelty of disposition. Syn:-Cruelty, barbarity, savageness; rapacity. Forreous, fer'e-us, a. [ 1.. ferrum, iron ] लोइ-पठिछ ; लोशनिर्षिछ ; लोश्यव ; Pertaining to or made of iron.

Ferret, fer'et, n. नक्त कांजीय कह ; An animal of the weasel kind :-- অপ্ৰশাস কিডা ; A kind of narrow tape woven from spun-silk :-- v. t. শুপ্তহাৰ स्टेंटल राहिब-क , अनुमकान-क ; Drive out of lunking places; search about.

Ferriferous, fei-rif'er-us, a. [ L. ferrum, iron, fero, to bear ] লোহে ংপাদক; Producing or yield-

Ferruginous, fer-roo'jin-us, a. f L. ferrugo, iron-rust. ] लोहमतिहाव९ ; लोहकगाममविक ; Of the colour of mon-rust; containing particles of iron. Ferrule, fer'001, n. [ L. viriola, a bracelet ] বচ্টর অঞ্চাগত সাঁপী: বাটব লৌহনিশ্বিত টুপি; লাটির ভাৰা, An iron ring to guard the end of a stick. Forry, fer'i, v. t. [ Gr. fahren, to go, to carry ! পার-কু, To carry or transport over a water in a boat :- n. পাবখাট , পারের নৌকা ; The place of passage where boats pass over water to convey passengers; the ferry boat.

Fertile, fer'til, a. [ L. fero, to bear ] 艺术有, कलनानी ; Fruitful ; rich :- छहावनी , উहावनकम , Inventive; prolific. Syn:-Productive, enuberant, abundant, plentiful, ingenious, inventive. Pertilise, fer-til-īz, v. t. উर्कात वा कनवान-कृ; धन-

नानी-इ ; To make fruitful ; to enrich.

Fortility, fertili-ti, n. উर्वात्रका, कलभाविष ; आहूर्य , ধ্ৰণালিত ; Fruitfulness ; productiveness ; abundance : richness :- 3414991 : Inventiveness.

Ferule, fer'ool, n. [L. ferula, a cane-ferlo, to strike ] বেড; বেড; চড়ি; A rod used for striking children in punishment :- v. t. (वयापाउ-F; To punish with a ferule.

Fervency, " উৎসাই ; উত্তেজনা ; ব্যাকুলতা ; Eagerness; warmth of devotion; heat of mind.

Fervent, fer'vent, a. [ L. ferveo, to boil ] Eq-नारी ; डिश्नार्यान ; डिश्न ; गुज ; Warm in feeling ; ardent : zealous. ad-fervently. Glowing, earnest, vehement, excited, animated, impassioned, fervid.

Fervid, férvid, a. वाक्न ; वात ; नव्रक् ; त्वनी ; Fiery; earnest; very hot; having burning desire or emotion. n=fervidness. ad=fervidly. Fervour, férvur, s. Genie; আছে; উৎস্কা; Zeal; intensity of feeling or expression; heat. Syn :- Glowing ardour, warmth; earnestness,

vehemence, eagerness.

Fostal, festal, a. जानजननक ; जाक्नांगजनक ; कांजन-সংক্রান্ত; Gay; joyous; belonging or pertaining to a feast. ad=festally. Syn :- Mirthful, merry, gleeful, sportive, festive, joyful, happy. Fester, fester, v. i. ক্ষত-ছ; সপুত্র-ছ; দুবিত-ছ; To corrupt or rankle; to suppurate; to macerate: -v. t. मृशिष-क ; To cause to fester :-n. शिल्मा-हें ; A wound discharging corrupt matter.

Festival, festi-val, n. উৎসব; ভোজ; Feast, joyful celebration. Syn :- Fete, holiday; banquet,

carousal, entertainment.

Festive, festiv, a. जानक्कत ; উद्योमपूर्ग ; উৎসংবাচিত ; Mirthful, festal, feastlike. ad=festively.

Fostivity, fes-tivi-ti, n. हे९नव ; श्रामा ; উज्ञान ; A festive celebration, joyfulness; gaiety. Syn: -Conviviality, joviality, mirthfulness, feast, merrymaking.

Festoon, fes-tooh, n. ভোৰণমাল্য; কুল ও শাধাৰ মালা; A garland suspended between two points: an ornament of flowers :- p. f माना बादा (नांकिड-কু; যালা খাবা শোভিত-কু; To adorn with festoons. Fotch, fech, v. t. [A. S. fetian, to draw, lead] निवा आना ; योहेबा आनगन-कृ, आश ह, To go and bring; to attain or come to - #15 7; To sell for :-v. i. উপিছিড ₹; To move, arrive at :-সংগ্রহ-কু; To draw :- n চাতুরী, A trick. Syn :-(v) Get, derive, obtain; sell for, perform, make, effect; come to, reach.

Fetch, fech, Fetch-candle, n. महीव मानत्वक अनीक पृश्च ; आरमजा वित्यव ; The seeming appearance of a living person; a nocturnal moving light, supposed to portend a death

Fetch back-winga- ; Bring back. Fetch forth-डोनिया बाना , Bring out.

Fetch off, Fetch away-नरेशा-ग , Carry off. Fetch one's breath-পুৰ: খাস এহণে সমৰ্থ-হ; Recover one's breath.

Fetch out—টানা; উৎকর্ষণ সম্পাদন-কু; Bring or draw out; to cause to appear; develop. [swoon. Fetch to-cost att-2; Revive, as from a Foto, iat, #. क्लांकातांश्मव ; উरमव ; नर्काविन ; A festival, a holiday :—v. t. ভোজ-দে ; ভোজনোৎসংৰ निमञ्जन कवित्रा ट्यांकन कत्रान; To entertain at a feast. Fotich, tish, fetish, n. পশ্চিম আস্থিকার পুরিত দুর্দ্ধি वा अवत उकाणि; A natural or artificial object, considered as possessing divine power, and worshipped in West Africa:- W: Idol or charm worshipped by the Negroes.

Fetichism, fe'tish-izm, Feticism, fe'tis-izm, শ. প্রস্তরাদির উপাসনা ; মন্তবলে বিখাস ; কড পুরু ; The worship of a fetich; a belief in charms.

Fetid, fetid, a. [ L, facteo, to stink ] প্তিগ্ৰাৰ :

তার মুখনম; Stinking; having a strong offensive odour. n=fetidness. Syn:—Corrupt, four, noisome, rancid.

Fetlock, fetlok, n. বোড়ার কৰাকাত লোমসমূহ; বে হাবে এই সোম হয়; A tuft of hair that grows behind on horses' feet; that part of the horse's leg where this hair grows. [stench. Fetor, n. হুগছ; A strong offensive smell; Fotter, feter, n. [A. S. fet, feet] পাদ-স্থাল; শুখাল; বিগড়; A chain for the feet; shackle for the feet:—ব্যাল; A restraint:—v. t. শুখালাবছ-ছ;

To put fetters on, shackle: - यक् ; यक ह; To impose restraints on; to confine; to bind. Syn: - (n) Clog, hamper. (v) Manacle, enchain, restrain, hinder.

Fottored, fererd, a. শৃথালাবদ্ধ; সক্ষণাসমৰ্থ; Confined by fetters; restrained from motion.

Fetus, Foetus, fe'tus, n. [L. feo, to bring forth] 37; The young of animals in the womb. a=tetal.

Fou, fu, n. কুট্ডভের ঘোৎজনা; A holding of land in Scotland, for which the vassal, instead of military services, makes a return in money or in grain.

[ land in fee, in Scotland.
Four, fu'ar, n. প্রকা; A small free-holder of Foud, fud, n. গুড-বিবাদ; বিবাদ; A deadly quarrel

in clans or families.

Feud, tūd, n. যামগান ; যোগভূমি; Fief; holding of land; a land held on the terms of performing certain conditions.—কলহ; জাতি-বিন্নোধ, Quarrel; a bloody affray or strife. Syn.—Contention, mortal strife, broil, falling out, dissension, affray; fief, fee. [feuds or fiefs. Foudal, fudal, a. ষামগান সম্কর্মীয়; Pertaining to Faudalism, fūdal-ızm, n. যামগান-অশানী; নৈত্তদিগকে যামগান-অশানী; The system during the middle ages, by which vassals held lands from lords-superior on condition of military service, the feudal system.

Feudatory, Feudatary, fūdat-or-i, a. বায়গীৰ ভোগা ; অধীন ; কৰণ ; Holding lands or power by

a feudal tenure; triburary.

Fover, টে'ver, n. [1. fervee, to be hot] জন;
Disease; heat:—উত্তেজন; উন্নো, Excitement:
—উত্তেজনার কাল, A season of excitement:—v. f.
জ্বাকান্ত কু, To put into a fever.—v. i. জ্বাকান্তছ; To be attacked with fever. Syn:—Fervour,
flush, agitation, passion.

Acute fever-मन्द्रत ।

Be in fever—উর্ভেক্সিড-ছ ; Be excited.

Chronic fovor—होर्ब्द ।

Inflammatory fever—প্রাণাহিক অব।

Intermittent fever—খন বিরাধ কর; Fever that entirely ceases at intervals.

Remittent fover—অধিবাদ জর, Fever that subsides or abates at intervals.

Typhoid or typhus fever—বিকাৰ; সান্ত্ৰিপাতিক Feverish, ic'ver-ish, a. ব্যক্তাৰ; Having a slight fever:—সামান্ত ব্যক্তাৰ; indicating fever:— চণ্ডল: সন্তুম্ভ: Fickle, burning. ad=leverishly. n=feverishness. (not many. n=fewness. Few, fu, a. ব্যন্ত, ব্যক্তাংখ্যক; Small in number.

In few—সংক্ষেপ; Briefly; succinctly. Flars, franz, n. pl. বট্টলতে সংবংসরের নিমিন্ত শহা-দির নিমানিত দর; The prices of grain legally

fixed in Scotland for the year, to produce regularity in the payment of stipend, rent, and prices not expressly agreed upon.

Fisseo, fi-asko, n. [It fiasco, hottle] সমীতানি কাণ্যে অনুভকাষ্যতা ; সমীতে অপটুড়া ; Failure in a musical performance :—অনুভকাষ্যতা ; A failure

of any kind.

Fiat, fi'at, n. [L. fio, passive of facio, to do আদেশ; নিদেশ; চ্ডান্ত হকুম; A formal or solemr command; a peremptory decree. [sent to it. I give my flat to that—আমি থীকৃত হই; I con-Fib, fib, n. নিখা!: বিখ্যা কথা; Lie; falsehood:—
v. i. নিখ্যা বলা; নিখ্যা কথা বলা, To speak falsely; to tell a lie.

Fiber, fibre, it'ber, n. [ L. fibra, a thread ] তঃ ; ফল যুত্ৰ বা যুত্ৰৰ পদাৰ্থ ; Filament ; thread ; any slender thread, or thread-like substance. Syn:—Staple, pile ; sinews, toughness, strength. a=fibred, fibreless.

Fibred, fi'berd, a. তম্ভবিশিষ্ট : Having fibres. Fibreless, fi'ber-les, a. তম্ভবীৰ : Having no

Fibril, fi'bril, n [ L. fibra, a thread ] সুদ্ধ ভয়; কুম ভয়ী; A small fibre, a very slender thread. a=fibrilous. [ Formed of small fibres.

Fibrillous, fi-brillus, a. হক্ষ ভদ্ধ বা হজ বা হজ বারা গঠিত; Fibrine, fibrin, a. ঘনত সম্পাদক শোপিতত্ব পদার্থ বিশেষ, জাবদেহের হক্ষভন্ত গঠিত আভাস্তবিক যত্র, A peculiar organic compound found in animals and plants, and also contained in the clot of coagulated blood.

Fibrous, fi'brus, a. তন্ত্ৰময়; তন্ত্ৰশিক্ষিত বা তন্ত্ৰমনী; Composed of or containing fibres. n=fibrousness. Fickle, fiki, a. [Ger. ficken, to move quickly to and fio] চকল; চপল; অহিন্ন; গামগোলী; Inconstant; changeable, wavering; capicious. n= fickleness. Syn:—Irresolute, vacillating, unstable, variable, fitful, mutable, changeful, capricious. [inconstancy.

Fickleness, n. চকলতা; অন্তিরতা; Instability; Fiction, fikshun, n. [ L. fictus, tormed ] বিখ্যা গল; হিখা বানো; করনা; উপ্যাস; A leigned or false story, invention; falsehood; romance. Syn:—Pabrication, figment; novel, fable.

Fictitious, fik-tishus, a. কান্ত্রিক : কুলিম ; মিখা ; অপ্রকৃত, Imaginary, not real; false, feigned. ad-fictitiously. Syn:—Counterleit, not genuine, unreal, supposititious, spurious.

Fiddle, hdi, n. সারক; বেহালা; A stringed musical instrument; violin; kut:—v. i. সারক বাজান; To play a fiddle:—সময় বুখা নষ্ট-কু; To trifle; to tweedle:—সারক বা বেহালা বাজান; To play on a fiddle or violin. n=fiddler.

Fiddle-faddle, n. নির্থক তা . নির্থক করনা; Trifle; trifling or fussy talk, nonsense.

Fiddle stick—বেহালা বা দাৱক বাজাইবার ছড়ি; The bow for playing on fiddles.

Play second fiddle—কাহাৰও অধীৰে কৰ্ম-কু; Take a subordinate part. To be the first addle—sign ; To be the chief man, the most distinguished of the com-

рапу.

Fidelity, fi-deli-ti, m. [L. fidelis, faithful]
কর্মাণবারণতা; নাধুতা; বিশ্বতা; প্রভৃতি; পরনাব
প্রনে বিম্বতা; ঐকান্তিক আনুরন্ধি, Faithfulness;
honesty; loyalty; adherence to the marriagecontract or promise; firm adherence.

Fidget, fifet, v. i. [Ger. ficken, to move and fro] অধিবভাবে গ্ৰন-কৃ; অধিবভাবে বেডান; Move about restlessly; move uneasily:—n অধিবভা; Restlessness:—pl. অধিবভাব; ছান পানবৰ্তনেকাৰ আমৰিক অধিবভা; General nervous restlessness with a desire of changing the position.

Pidgety, fijet-i. a. with, pom; Restless; un-

easy. #=fidgetiness.

Fiducial, fi-du'shi-al, a. [L. fido, to trust]
বিষয়; বিংস্ক্রিয়; কয়; Having faith or trust,
confident; having the nature of a trust. ad=
fiducially.

Pictuciary, fi-du'shi-ar-i, a. জটল; দৃট; Unwavering:—বিধানপূৰ্ণক কন্ত বা অধিকৃত, কানপূৰ্ণক মৃত; Holding, held or founded in trust:—n. কৃতিবিধান ব্যক্তি, জানধারী; Trustee; one who holds a trust for another. [contempt

Pie, fi, থিক; An interjection denoting shame or Pief, fef, n. বাছপীয়; বোধভূমি: বুদ্ধ সমৰে সাহায় বাদায়ে দত্ত বাদায়ীয়, An estate held of a superior on condition of military service, a feud; land held to a feudal superior on condition of military service.

Pield, feld, n. কমি; কেন্দ্র; ভূমি, Cleared and fenced ground; open level tract of land:—সমন্ত্রি, বৃদ্ধকেন্দ্র; Battle-field:—যুদ্ধ; Battle-কেন্দ্র; Scope, range:—প্রসাব; Extent.—পর্যাপ্তর, The surface of a shield —ক্ষ্কেন্দ্র; Room for action or operation. Syn:—Inclose ground, land, domain; plain, expanse, surface; opportunity, room.

Field-book, feldbook, n. জমি জরিপ করিবাব পুত্তক, জারিপের চিঠা বই; Book used in surveying fields. Field-day, feld-da, n. কুজিম সমবের দিবস; কাও-রাজের দিন; জানক দিন; Review day; a gain day; a day when troops are drawn out for instruction in field exercises.

Pield-fare, feldiar, n. [A. S. feld, a field, and faran, to fare, travel over] পদীবিশেৰ, A species of thrush.

Field-gun — কুল কামাৰ; A small kind of gun or cannon used on the battle-field.

Fieldmarshal, হোবলের্র-shal, দ. বলাধ্যক্ষ; প্রধান বেনাপত্তি, উচ্চ প্রেণীর বেনানী; Highest military officer; a military officer of a highest rank.

Field-officer, feld-offi-ser. n প্রধান সেনাপতিব নিম্নদয় সেনানী ; ঘনাধাক , কাগ্রেনের উপরিভন বৰ্কুশন সেনাপতি. A military officer above a captain and competent to command a battalion, a military officer ranking above the captain, and below the general.

Field-piece, feld-pes, n. হাজা কামান; বৃদ্ধক্ৰে বাৰজত ছোট কামান; Light cannon; a small cannon used in the field of pattle. Bield-presching—বয়গনে বৰ্ণনাম : Preaching in the open field. [shooting. Field-sport, n. সুগল ; ধলিকীড়া : Hunting and

Field-sport, স. মৃগরা; খলিফ্রাড়া; Hunting and Field-train, feld-tran, স. মিন্তকালে মুখ্রানিম পরিবক্ষণ ও সংখ্যান বিভাগ, The department of the Royal Artillery which is responsible for the safety and supply of ammunition during war.

Biold-works, teldwurks, n. pl. মুখ্বলীন বিশ্বিত নামরিক প্রাচীবালি; Temporary works thrown up by troops in beseiging or defending a place.

Field of ice, n. ভাসদাৰ বয়ক্য়াৰি; A large body of floating ice.

Field of view- 4444; The entire space within which objects are seen.

Keep the field—বুছে নিযুক্ত থাকা; Continue in active operation as an army.

Master of the field—गर्सन्स् ; One having no opponent or rival.

Take the field—ৰূপে প্ৰত্ত-হ; সময়কৰে অবতীৰ্-হ; Eagage in war; be in the field of battle; prepared to fight

To be in the field—বৃদ্ধক্ষেত্ৰে উপস্থিত থাকা, কাৰ্য্য-ক্ষেত্ৰে কাৰ্যাণ-হ, To be present at a battle; to offer oneself to compete for anything

To open a field for—( কৌন বিষয়ে ) হৰিখা কৰিছা দেহখা, To present an opportunity for, or facilitate the exercise of.

Fiend, find, n. [A. S. feon, to hate ] সুৰুজান; The devil — ভ্ৰানক শক্ত, Deadly foe: —পামর; পামত, A person actuated by the most intense maliciousness or hatc.

Fiendish, Endish, a. (Attlet; fortinge; Malicious. n=fiendishness Syn — Malignant, diabolical, demoniacal, hellish, devilish.

Fiorce, fers, a [L. ferus, wild, savage] কিলেক; ভাৰৰ; ভাষানক, প্ৰচত; কুক, কোপনবভাৰ. Ferocious, furious; impetuous, violent, argry. n= fierceness, ad=fiercely. Syn:—Vehement, passionate, fiery, keen, savage, cruel

Fiory, fir's, or si'er-s, a অপ্নিমৰ, অপ্নিমৰ; Being of or like fire — উৎসাহী; উত্তেজনাপ্তৰণ, কিপ্ত; সমুংসক, Passionate, impetuous, irritable:— অনত, ভীকপ্ৰত, Glaring; ardent. n=fieriness. Syn:—Igneous; hot, heated, fervid; vehement, passionate, easily provoked; fierce.

Fife, hi, n শিকা বিশেষ; বাঁণী; A small flute:—
v. f. শিকা বাজান; বাঁণী বাজান, To play on the flute. n=fifer (যে বাঁণী বাজায়, One who plays on a fife).

Fiftoon, fiften, a. [A. S. fif, five, ten, ten] se, reprint, Five and ten.

Fifteenth, fiftenth, a. [A. S. fif, five, and teotha, tenth] পঞ্চল, পঞ্চলম; The fifth after the tenth; being one of fifteen equal parts:—

n পঞ্চলমানে; A fifteenth part.

Fifth, fifth, a. পক্ষ; Next after the fourth —n. পাচভাগের এক ভাগ; One of five equal parts. ad—fifthly.

Fifth monarchymen—A sect of English fanatics who maintained that Jesus was to come a second time to earth and establish the 5th universal monarchy. The four preceding monarchies were the Assyrian, the Persian, the Macedonian and the Roman.

Fifthly, fifthli, ad. न्यावा: , न्यावादा ; नीह क्यांत , In the fifth place. [ fifty. n=a fiftheth. Fiftieth, fifti-eth, a. न्यावाद . The ordinal of Fifty, fifth, n [A. S. fif, five, tig, ten] न्यावाद , न्यावाद ; Five times ten.

Fig., fig., n. [ L. ficus, a fig ] জুমুর; A fruit — অকিফিংকর বস্তু; A thing of no consequence. Fig eater,—নামান্ত লোক, A petty chap.

Fig man-Gut-faces , Dealer in figs.

In full fig - niess, In full dress.

Not to care a fig—ছণ্ডং জান-ক, Not to care at all. [person. Figaro, n কুচকা, An intriguer, an unscrupious Fight, fit, v ঃ যুদ্ধ-ক, মারামাধি-ক; To contend in war or in single combat, to struggle —v t. বৃদ্ধে প্রস্তুত্ব; বৃদ্দে লিপ্ড-হ, To wage a battle, conflict with; to cause to fight —n যুদ্ধ, সমব, A combat; a battle of engagement. m=fighter (বোদ্ধা) i Syn —(v) Content, combat, cope, contest (n) Battle, combat, contest, encounter, fray, affray, duel, action, conflict, engagement. decisive result is obtained.

Fight it out—ৰড়া, Fight the fight —পোৰ পৰ্য্যন্ত কড়া, Carry on a controversy persistently till one succeeds.

Fight one's battle over again—আপনাৰ কাৰ্যা বৰ্ণনা-ক, Recount one's personal history or deeds Fight one's way—বৃদ্ধ কৰিয়া অপনাৰ ক, Make one's way by fighting, advance by conflicts.

Fight out—শেষ পদাস লাভিশ দেখা, Ende wour to win by fighting to the end, fight until a decisive result is obtained

Fight shy of one—গোণনে একজনকে পরিত্যাগ-কু, Secretly avoid one.

Fighting, filing, a. বৃদ্ধে ৰড, বৃদ্ধনিবত, Engaged in war —n বৃদ্ধ, বিবাদ, The act of fighting or contending.

Fighting man—বোদা, মল, Wairior, black guard engaged in boxing

Figment, fie'ment, n. | L. finge, to form ] কল্লৰা, অলীক ভঙাৰৰ , মিথা। ব'ৰা , An invention or fabrication , fiction, fable.

Figuration, hg-u-ráshun, n. আগতি প্রদান, The act of giving figure or determinate form, mixture or concords and discords in music.

Figurative, figʻū-rā tiv, a. ক্লগৰ, আনহাৰপূৰ্ব, আনহাৰগৰ, Mccaphorical, flowery, typical.
Figure, figʻūr, n. [L. fingo, to form ] মুৰ্ত্তি, আকৃতি, গঠন; Form, shape; appearance, make,—প্ৰতিমুক্তি, Image; statue:—নক্লা, চিজ, A design, a drawing:—জক; One of ten digits—হাচ; A type or emblem:—জনহার, A figure of speech:—রেখা গণিত; চিজ, Diagram.—মুল্য, Value, price:—v.t. গঠন-ক; প্রতি-ক; প্রতিমুক্তি নির্মাণ-ক, To form; to make an image;—গণালা; বিশ্বিত-ক; To calculate.—কর্লা-ক, To image, to symbolise:—মুক্তি ধারা অভিত-ক; To mark with figures or designs:—v.s. মুক্তি গঠন-ক; To make a figue:—প্রতিপন্ন ক্রিডে চেটা-ক; To appear as a distinguished person. a-sigurable. Sym:—(n)

Configuration, outline, fashion; likeness, effigy? appearance. metaphor, trope, emblem, symbal; number, numeral (n) Represent, symbolize; imagine, conceive, picture; adorn, diversify, variegate; show, cut a dash; cipher; calculate, compute.

A figure of speech-well well, A mere talk

or word, a rhetorical expression.

Cut a figure—আতিলাত-কৃ, কোন ভাবে আগৰাকে আহিন-কৃ, প্ৰতিপন্ন হওৱা, Distinguish oncself; make a certain appearance—সকলেৰ চকু পতে এখন ভাব ধাৰণ-কৃ, Make oneself prominent

Figure out—গণনা কু. Compute the amount of. Figure up—বোগ-কু, গণনা-কু, Add, reckon

Make a figure—কাতিয়াত কু. নাম বাতিব-কু: Distinguish oneself, attract attention [ingures. Figured, fig'urd, a. চিনিড, Adoined with Figurehead, fig'ur-hed, n. জাহাছের অপ্রভাষ্য প্রভাষ্য , The figure, statue or bust on the prow of a ship

Filaceous, a স্বাহিশিই, Composed of threads. Filament, fila-ment, n. [ L. filum, a thread ] আতি সুস্থা সূত্ৰ , তন্ত্ৰ . A thread; a fibre. a=filamentous Syn —Pile, staple, tendril, cirrus. Filamentous, fil-a-mentus, a. সুসুৰ; Like a thread.

Filature, fila-tūr, n. [L. filum, a thread] বেশমের পুরু নিৰ্দাশন; The recing of silk, or the place for recing. [the cultivated hazel. Filbert, fiftert, n এক প্রকান বাদান, The fruit of Filoh, filch, v t. অপহবন্দ, To pilier. Syn.—Crib, purlom, obstruct
Filoher, filcher, n. চোব, Thief.

File, fil, n শ্রেণা. A line, row, column — নিষ্টি
প্রাদি সাঁথিয়া রাখিবার শিক, A line or wire for
stringing papers, a set of papers — দৈল-শ্রেণা,
Line of soldiers one behind the other — উথা,
A steel instrument — স্বর্ণ বা বেণিগা নিশ্বিত স্থার;
Fine wire thread of gold or silver — তালিকা;
A roll or list — ৩. t প্রাদি গাঁথিয়া রাখা, শিকে
গাঁথিয়া রাখা, To string upon a line, to place
upon a file — শ্রেণাবন্ধ-কৃ. Arrange in series:
ভবা ছারা ঘর্ষণ-কৃ, শান-দে, পালিস-কৃ, Smooth with
a file — আলাবতেব নথি সানিশ কৃ, আলালতে লাখিক-কৃ;
To put amon; the records of a court; to bring
before a court — ৩ ঃ শ্রেণাবন্ধ স্থানান্দ্র, Io

march ( coldiers ) in a line one after another.
File off—শ্ৰেণীৰদ্ধ ইইলা গমণ-কৃ, March in a file or line, as soldiers not abreast but one after another
March in a file—শ্ৰেণীৰদ্ধ ইইলা গমন-কৃ, Follow

Rank and file - नागा रेम्डन ; A body of men under a leader, the body of private soldiers

one after another, and not abreast

composing the army.

Filial, filyal, a. [L. filius, a son, filia, a daughter] Mailes, scales; Son like; daughterly.

Prliate, v. t भागान अस्प-मः To adopt as a sen or daughter,—same as affiliate. s—filiation. f 419 1

Filibuster, fillibuster, filibuster, m. [Sp filibote fiziote a small, fast sailing vessel]
421, 43727, A buccaneer, a lawless military or piratical adventuerer freebooter, pirate, rover, robber.

Filiform, fili-form a হত্তবং দীর্ঘ ও হত্ত্ত, Having the form of a filament long and slender.

Filigree, fili-gre, n [ L filum, thread, and granum a grain or brad ] वर्ग वा जोशा निर्विष ভারের कांक्काश . Work of solid or silver thread —পুঁতি বসান সক জাল . Thread-like network containing beads. off wth a file Filing, filing,, n Esis esi A particle rabbed Fill, fil, v t পবিপূর্ণ-ক , পূর্ণ-ক , To mike full — পরিত্ত-কু, To situsfy, to clut —ভাতাৰ পুণ-কু, Store . hold — । नियम क् नुजापन १ न क्, To supply with an incumbent to supply 1 vacancy -ए : भूर्व इत्रा अरिकृत के, Inh come full to be satisfied - 1 % of Meria, That which fills a full supply Syn -(2) Replenish supply stor stock furnish gorde, glut, satiate sitisfy, swell expand, eccupy hold, enga c so as to fill Fill in-পর্ক লিখিশ পুরণ কু, Throw in incert Fill out—विख व द Fvend — खिल श्रव नीमा भाष विश्वष्ट-कृ Extend or enlarge to the desired li rit Fill up-পূৰ্ণ-কু, সম্পূৰ্ণকপে নিত্ত কু, সমন্ত স্থয कार्डान, Make full, occupy completely - (वान পাদ পুঞা হইলে ভাহাতে লোক নিযন্ত-কু , Supply with an incumbent - निविद्या भदन-क . Inseit so us to

Fill with পূৰ্ব-ক পোৱা, Make full of [fills Filler, filer, n পৰিপূৰ্ব, He who or that which Fillet, filet, n [L. filum, a thread ] লোট ঘিতা.
মাথার বিতা, A little band —উকদেশের মাণান আপ, Fleshy part of a thigh —ত t ফিতা দাবা বাগাৰ কৃষিত-ক, To bind or adorn with a fillet Fillibeg, Filibog, fill-beg n [Gael fillen in plat, told, and beap, little] স্বটনাত্ব পাচাছিয়া ভাতির পরিজ্ঞা বিশেষ A kilt or dress reaching nearly to the knees, worn by the Highlander of Scotland, Highlander's petticoat

Fillip, filip, n তুচি, অসুনিব টোকা, Jerk or snip of the finger —v t তুড়ি--লে, অসুনি দিয়া টোকা মারা, To strike with the finger nail, jerked from under the thumb.

Filly, fili, n শিক ঘোটকী, A young mare —

Film, film, n সৃদ্ধ চপ্ৰাব্ৰণ, A thin skin, membraneous covering causing opacity — অভি পূদ্ধ সূত্ৰ, A slender thread, as one of those in a cobweb — চ ধ অভি পুদ্ধ চপ্ৰাব্ৰণ বাবা আছোদিত-ক, To cover with a skin. Syn — Pellicle, membrane, slender thread.

The film was closeed from his eyes—ভিনি শস্ত দেখিতে পাইমাছিলেন, He could see distinctly. Filmy, filmi, a সন্ধানিত্ৰি বা সত্ত্ৰিলিপ্ত, হল্ম চন্দ্ৰাবৰণ বাৰা গঠিত, Membraneous, cob-web like; composed of membranes n=filminess.

Filnders, n of Thread worms.

Filter, filter, n জন-শোধক, Strainer — o. f জন-শোধক থানা তবল বস্তু শোধন-ভূ, To purify liquor by filter -v. s an-criter uses free free less.

Pass through a filter, to percolate. Syn 
Filtrate, defecate, strain, ooze, exude.

Filth, filth, n. [A S ful, nasty, foul] মবলা; Dirt, foul matter —মালিক, অপবিত্যভা, ৰব্ব; Corruption, pollution. Syn:—Nastiness, foulness, impurity.

Filthy, filtin, a সমল, মনলা মুক্ত. অবিভয়; কল্পিড, Foul, unclean, impure, nasty. n= filthiness

Filtrate, filtrat v t. চুমাইবা বাছিন-ফু, ভরল এবা শোধন-ফু To percolate n=filtration

Fimbria. " " Fringe hem

Fimbriate, fimbri-It Fimbriated, fimbri-Ited, a [ I fimbriae, fibres ] ঝাল্যজন, Fringed, hiving fibres on the border [ fringe or hem. Fimbriate, fimbri-It, v t. ঝাল্য স্বেল্-ডু. To Fin, n [ L finna, a fin ] মধ্যের পঞ্চ, ডালা, Wing of a fish [ fine or penalty. Finable, final, a [ L fire, an end ] শেষ, মাধ্যের, চনায় চন্ম, List decisive, ultimate Syn—I itest terminating, eventual, conclusive, definitive n—finility, ad finally

A final cause— বং পদার্থন মুহের উদ্দেশ্ত জন্ব . The lat end or purpose for which things were made, the doctrine of final causes teaching that all things were made on a plan or for a purpose.

Finalo, te-na i I, n [ It finals, final ] শেষ, The end — সক্ষাতের শেষভাগ, The last note of a piece of music [ state Finality, fi-nali-ti, r চন্মতা, শেষ নিশ্ভি, Final Finance, fi-nans, n রাজ্যের আয়, বাজ্যু, সাম্যুষ্ট Income of a state, public money, rever-

FIDENCIAL, fi-nańsh il, a আর বার স্বনীয়, বাজ্য স্থায় Pertaining to a fine, belonging to finance ad=financially

Financial department-आय वाय िक'न ।

nue -pl उनाव, Available resources

Financier, fi-nanstr, n বাজ্যভন্ত, বাজ্যখনক, ভাল ব্যাধ্যক, An officer who administers the public money, one skilled in finance —v. f. To conduct financial operations

Finch, finsh, n হৰৱকঠ পকী বিশেষ, গায়ক পন্থী শিশেষ, A small singing bird

Find, find, v + affect allest . To come upon by serking - मिनिएड शांडरा मान्यार-कृ, To light up in or meet with accidentally, fall in with -অনুভব কু, অভিজ্ঞতা বা পৰীকা বাবা জ্ঞাত হু, জানিত Mid To perceive, feel, experience, learn by experience or tiial —বাভ কু, To gain or procure as the object of effort -- (यात्रान, To supply; furnish — সিদ্ধান্ত-কু, To arrive at a conclusion, to establish -n. আবিষ্কার, Thing found, discovery. Syn -Light upon, discover, obtain, get, arrive at, attain, observe, notice, remark, detect, catch, furnish, supply, provide, contribute, cater for; determine, declare by verdict [ by grand jury. Find a bill-Establish grounds of accusation

Find a bill—Establish grounds of accusation Find a clue to—ANIA MINIT Discover that which will lead to the desired knowledge.

Find a market-(30) Ten; Meet with a purchaser.

Find fault with—निया-कृ; Censure.

Find in, find at- 90-9; Catch.

Find in one's heart-नाहनी वा निहंव श्रेश कार्या 7; To be bold enough or hard hearted enough to do a thing.

Find one in - (राजान ; Supply one with.

Find one out—ধরে ফেলা , চিনিতে পারা ; Detect. Find one's account—লাভবান হওয়া বা উপকৃত-ছ ; Be benefitted or profited by. [ To be, fare. Find oneself—इंड्या ; क्लान व्यवहात्र व्यवहिष्ठि-कृ , Find out-wifesia-w; Discover; detect.

How do you find yourself—त्कमन चाह? How do you fare with regard to ease, health,

or sickness ?

Fine, fin, a. হুৰুর ; Beautiful :— হুৰু ; Not coarse or heavy; thin - তৎকৃত্ত; উত্তৰ, Excellent, good .-- आंड्यबरिनिष्टे : कांकान : Showy ; splendid . -পৰিষ্ণত , হৃদৃত্য ; Clear or refined, pure — শুৰ্ক ; Sly:-v. t. face-p; পরিছত-p, To refine, to Purify .— र्मिक्ड-कृ; To deck. n=fineness. Syn -(a) Light, airy, keen, sharp, delicate; critical, nice, handsome, elegant; accomplished, polished; superior, showy, splendid; subtle, artful.

Fino, n অর্থত ; জরিমানা . A mulet ; money forfeit or punishment, a composition; a sum of money imposed as a punishment or offence -v. ! अर्थ - क ; To impose a fine on ; to punish by fine. ad=finely.

Fine arts-2र्यात दिला , मजीजांकि कोर्य कता , Those arts depending on the imagination, as poetry, painting, sculpture, engraving and [ subtly ; overminute or nice. architecture. Fine drawn, a. অভি সৃদ্ধ, Drawn out too Fine feathers do not make fine birds-ভাল কাপড পরিবেই লোক ভাল হয় না , Fine clothing does not make a person better than he is

Fine-fingured, a. fred, Nice in work. [trived Fine spun - সুরচিত , Minute , ingenously con-Fine words better no parsnips—কথায় চি ডে (SC# 41, A dish is not made delicious by empty words, however sweet. [clusion, to sum up all. In fino-সংক্রেপে বলিতে হউবে; উপসংহারে, In con-Fineness, n. হম্মত; স্মতা, Thinness, sienderness, minuteness; clearness, purity, niceness, delicacy; keenness, sharpness; elegance, beauty; show, splendour, subtilty, ingenuity, artfulness; smoothness.

Finer, finer, n. Same as Refiner.

Finery, finer-i, n. अनकात, मत्नाहात्री जनाकाछ; के क्लमक: (नाधननाता; कोट्ड कात्रशना. Showy things; ornament; fine things, splendour; a place where anything is refined; a furnace for making iron malleable.

Finesse, fi-nes, n. কৌশল; চতুবতা; Subtility of contrivance; artifice - v. s. हाजूबी-कृ; To use

Finger, fing'ger, n. अपूजि; One of the five extreme parts of the hand:--অসুলি পরিমাণ. A finger's breadth :- (थनियात कोणन ; कियहर ,

ৰক্তা; Skill in the use of the hand or fingers; skill in playing ; ability :- v. t. অসুলি বারা পর্ব-ক ; অপত্রণ-ক , To handle or perform with the fingers, to pilfer -- v. i বাদ্যবন্ধে অসুলি এডোপ-क ; अञ्चलि बाजा दौरामि दामा-क ; To use the fingers in playing on a musical instrument. Syn :-Handle, manipulate; perform, play on; meddle with. [ concerned. Have a finger in—कान किहाउ निश्च-इ : To be

Have a finger in the pie (coll)-cots otto হাত দেওয়া (মোড়লী করা), Mix oneself up in any affair, interfere in any affair

Have at the finger's ends, Have at one's finger's end-कान विवय कारांत्र नथ मर्गाद शाका ; Be so familiar with a subject as to be able to speak concerning it; be thoroughly familiar with, be able to repeat or use without trouble.

Lay a finger upon-কিছুমাত হতকেপ-ক ; Interfere in the slightest with.

Lay one's fingers on--वाहिद-कृ ; Find out. Lay the finger on-crets, Point out.

Lift ( or stir ) a finger—नांधाम्य नांशिय कवित्व (हर्ी-क़, क्थकिर माहाया-कृ, Make any effort however slight in behalf ( or aid ) of.

May count on the fingers—এত অৱ যে আকলে भना यारा, ( अर्था९ ) व्यत्न-१; Find it to be less than ten, find to be not more than ten; (hence) be few in number.

Not to lift a finger-কিছুমাত্র চেষ্টা না করা (একটা আপুলও নাডে নাই), Not to make the smallest Meddle with an affair. effort.

Put one's finger in the pie-walkels stol-4; Snap one's fingers—ভূড়ি দেওয়া।

Snap one's fingers at-4481-7; To treat contemptuously

The fore finger—रुक्नी। The little finger - कनिए। The middle finger—মধামা।

The third or ring finger—অনামিকা!

The two are finger and thumb-stell sta হৰ জালা ; They are insuparable companions.

To snap or crack the fingers—ভূডি পিয়া উভাইয়া দেওবা, Defy, express one's contempt for another by snapping the fingers.

Finger-board, fing'ger-bord, n. वांमायदान (व অ'লে অঙ্গুলি সঞ্চালন করিয়া বাজাইতে হয়, The board of a musical instrument, where the strings or the keys for the fingers are placed -- সাধ্যেৰ आः , Part of a fiddle. Sign post. Finger post, fing ger-post, n. अथअन्निक स्व ;

Finger reading, n. অসুলি দিয়া পাশ করিয়া অকব शह ; Reading for the blind, by touching letters printed in relief.

Fingered, fing'gerd, a. অঙ্গুলিবিশিষ্ট; Having fingers, or parts like fingers.

Fingering, fing ger-ing, n অসুনি বারা পর্ব ; Act of touching lightly with the fingers, the manner of touching musical instrument.

Finial, fini-al, n. मनिव-मखरक शेळ वा भूमाकाल्य প্রতিকৃতি, মন্দির ; The knot or bunch of foliage or flower at the top of a pinnacle; the pinnacle itself.

লাকেনা, fini-kal, a. অতি স্কাৰণী; অতিশ্ব বোৰ-শ্বী: বেশছুবা-ক্ৰিল; খোব পোৱাকী; Unduly particular; nice; toppish. ad=finically. Syn:— Fastidious, overrefined, over-exact, scrupulous, over-nice, spruce

সানানত, fining, n. শোষৰ-প্ৰধানী; The process of refining or purifying. [conclusion. Finis, finis, n. সমাধি; উপসংহাব; An end, Finish, finish, v. t. [L. finis, an end] পূৰ্ব-তৃ; সমাধা-তৃ; To complete; end, put an end to; close:—প্রিকৃত-তৃ; To polish:—
n. সমাধি; সমাপন; Last touch; the last coat of plaster to a wall; completion. Syn:—(v) Conclude, accomplish; execute, perform; elaborate perfect.

Finishing school, n. শিকা নাস কৰিবাৰ বিদ্যালয়,

School for completing education.

Finishing touch or stroke—can aff. The stroke of a pencil which completes or perfects a picture; the final act or work.

Give the finishing stroke—(44-2; Put an end to.

Pinisher, finish-er, n. ন্যাপ্ৰ ; One who completes or perfects.

Finite, fi'nit, a. সীমাৰছ; সীমাবিশিষ্ট; Having limits; limited; (Opposed to Infinite). n= Finiteness. ad=finitely. Syn:—Bounded, restricted, circumscribed, terminated.

Finny, fini, a. ডাবাবিশিষ্ট, ম্ংস্য-প্রকৃত্ত, Furnished with fins.

Finny tribe, n. nem; Fish.

Fiord, fyord, n. অপ্রথম নাগর-নাথা; Scandinavion name given to a long, narrow, rock-bound strait or inlet.

Fir, fer, n. (भवनाक शाह: A tree, value for its tim-Fire, fir, n. अधि , अधिनिया ; Flame ; heat :-बारवाक; Light - अशिषार, बनन; Conflagration —ভেল:; উৎসাই; আগ্রহ; কোপ, Ardour of passion; vigour; enthusiasm; love, rage -बाक्कारा अवह , Sexual love :-- शक्तील ; रहती , Tumult ; trouble :-- (शांना नित्क्ष , Discharge of firearms .- v. t. शांर-कृ , व्यक्षि-नः त्वांग-कृ , To set on fire :- अवनिष-कृ ; উত্তেজिक-कृ ; To inflame, animate :- निक् न क , आक् न क ; To cause the explosion of ; to discharge -ए. i. अधि नारन , अधि-সংলগ্ধ-ছ; To take fire:—উর্ত্তেভিড-ছ, To be or become irritated or inflamed :—সাংখ্যার নিকেপ-কু; অগ্নায় প্ৰকিন্ত-হ, To discharge fire-arms Syn :- (n) Ignition, blaze; lusture, radiance; fervour, ardour; severe trial, furnace. (v) Ignite, kindle; warm, animate; inflame, irntate; discharge; canterize.

A slow fire maketh sweet mait—ৰে কাৰ্য ৰিকাৰ কয় হয়, ভাগে ভাগ হয়, Every thing that is done slowly and patiently is done well.

Be between two fires—বিষয় সম্যায় পড়া; Be in an embarassing situation.

Be on fire—পর্বারত-ই; Be in a state of ignition:—উদ্বেশিক-ই, Be highly excited.

Be under fire—শক্তৰ গোৰা মূৰ প্ৰতিত ; Be exposed to the attack of an enemy by cannonade. Fire at, Fire upon, Fire on—গোৰা নিৰেশ্- ফু; কোন যাক্তি বা পদাৰ্থের কৰি মধ্য কৰিবা বন্দ ছোড়া; Shoot at ; discharge fire-arms at a person or thing.

Fire away—বৰে বাৰ ; চনুক ; Go on. Fire off—ধোলা বৰ্ণ-ক ; Let off a gun.

Fire on, Fire upon-color 444-7; Discharge artillery or fire-arms on.

Fire up—ates afest 351; corple-a; Be seized with passion; get highly irritated or angry:—Light up the fires of.

Go through fire and water—বিশাৰে ভূছ জাৰ-কু; Ri-k any danger.

Greek fire—An inflammable material, burning with almost inextinguishable violence, used in war.

Hang fire—বিবাদ কাৰ্যকারী-ছ, (কোন বিষয় ছাছিত)
বিবাহ-ছ, কাষ্যকারী হইতে বিবাহ-ছ, Be slow in taking effect; be delayed; be long in exploding as a gun—be delayed; be slow in exploding or coming into effect.

No fire without smoke—ধ্ৰ বিবা আয়ি থাকিতে পাৰে না; ভালর সঙ্গে মৰু থাকে; No good without its mixture of evil.

On fire-अवनित ; Burning.

Running fire—ক্ৰডবেৰে গোলা বিজেগ; কিলবেৰে গোলা প্ৰকেগ; Rapid discharge of fire arms in succession by a line of troops.

Set on fire, Set fire to—আৰু আন্টিয়া-দে; আনটেয়া দেৱা; Communicate fire to:—উবেলিড-কু; Enkindle the passions of. [led Erisepalas. St. Anthon's fire—চর্ম প্রথায়; The disease cal-Take fire—আৰু লাগা, সহস্ক, Catch fire:— বালে অলিয়া উঠে; উত্তেজিড-ছ, Be inflamed with passion, be highly excited.

Fire-slarm—An alarm given of conflagration.
Firearm, fir'arm, n আহ্বোত্ত, বৰুষ; কাৰ্যান; A
weapon which acts by the force of gun-powder.
Fireball, fir'bawl, n বোৰাগুলি, A small bombshell —উছা; Meteor

Firebox, fir buks, \*. বালীর বন্ধে অপ্নাধার ; The chamber of a steam-engine, in which the fire is placed.

Firebrand, fil'brand, n. অগ্নিতে নিজিপ্ত কাঠণত; দক্ষমান কাঠপত; A piece of wood on fire — স্ক-দাহক; বিবাদ-বৰ্জক; বিবেবোৎপাদক; Incendiary; one who causes contention and mischief.

Firebrick, fir'brik, n. আগাল ইয়ক; বে ইট অগ্নির উত্তাপেও বিকৃত হর না; A kind of clay, capable of resisting the action of fire.

Fire-brigade, fir'big'ad, n. গৃহাদিয় গাহলিবাবণার্থ নিয়েজিত ব্যক্তিবর্গ; A body of men employed for extinguishing fires or conflagrations; a body of fire men.

Fireclay, in kia, n. অধিনহিত্ ইটুক, বে বৃত্তিকা অধিতে বিকৃত হয় না; A kind of clay capable of sustaining intense heat.

Firecock, fir kok, n. while the water for extinguishing fire.

Fire company—all sceen silves; A companyof men for managing an engine to extingush fires. Firedamp, fir damp, n. senis effect sime eight fires; weight als eight; The inflammable gas which gathers in coal mines.

Fire-eater, n. নাডীক; কলছবির ব্যক্তি; One who pretends to eat fire; bully; a fighting charac-

ter ; a hotspur.

Bire-engine, fir-enjin, n. ব্যকল; আইনিৰ্কাপক আ , An engine for putting out fire; an engine or forcing pump for throwing water to extinguish fires.

ৰ্মাণ-escape, fir'es-ksp', n. ৰফ্ষান গৃহ হইতে পৰি-আণ লাভাৰ্থ ব্যৱহৃত স্থ্য বিশেষ; A machine used to enable people to escape from fires.

Birefly, fir'fli, अ. बरगाठ ; জোবাকি পোকা : A winged luminous insect.

Bire-look, fir lok, n. বৰুক বিশেষ; A gun-lock, discharged by striking fire with flint steel; a musket with such a lock.

B'ireman, fir'man, দ. অপ্নিনিকাৰকাৰী; One who puts out fires in towns:—অন্নি-রক্ষাকারী; One who feeds steam engine fires:—ৰাশীৰ ব্যৱহাৰ অন্নিয় উদ্ভেক ; A man who tends the fires, as of a steam-engine.

[ quite new.

Fire-new—নৃতন ; Fresh from the forge ; bright, Fire-ordeal, ন. অনি-গ্ৰীকা ; Trial by fire.

Pirepan, n. আধিপাৰ; Pan for holding fire. Fireplace, fii'piās, n. উৰণ: চুল্লী; অধিকৃত; A place under a chimney for fire; the part of a house appropriated to the fire; a hearth.

Fireplug, n. ব্য বিশেষ; A hydrant; fire cock. Fireproof, fir/proof, n. অবাত্, আমহনীয়; Proof against fire; incombustible.

Fire-ship, fir'ship, n. দাহ্য বস্তপুৰ্ব জাহাজ, আট্ৰাং-পাদক-পদাৰ্থ; বাদী স্বপ্পোড; A ship filled with combustibles, to set an enemy's ship on fire.

Fireside, fir'sid, n. উনৰ; চুন্নী; উন্নৰ্শালা; Side of a fireplace, hearth; a place near the fire:—
গৃহ, Home. Syn:—Home, hearth; domestic life, retirement.

Tire-stone, n. প্ৰস্কাৰিণৰ; চক্ৰকিল পাণৰ; Flint; a kind of sandstone that bears a high degree of heat.

Eirowood, n. আলামি কাট; Wood for fuel.

Firoworks, fir wurks, n. pl. আতস বাজ; Preparation of gunpowder; sulpher, &c. discharged for amusement or war.

Fire-worship, fir'-wur'ship, প. অধি-উপাদৰা; অধি পুৰা; Worship of fire. ਅ≔fire-worshipper.

Firing, firing, n. অগ্নিসংবার; অগ্নান্ত নিকেশ , A setting fire to; discharge of guns:—ইজন ; Firewood, fuel.

Firkin, ferkin, n. গুলন্বিশেষ; পরিদাপ বিশেষ, A measure of capacity, equal to 7½ imperial gallons:—পিপে; A cask of indeterminate size, used chiefly for butter and lard.

Firm, férm, a. কটিন; Hard; strong; solid:—
ফুচ; আটল; কুচৰছ; ছির; ছিরসকল, Constant; steady; steadfast; fixed; resolute:—ল. অংশী-লা; খৌৰ-বাৰসামীকের সাধাৰণ সংবা; A body of partners:—বাৰসামালয়; বাণিলাগায়; কুট; Mercantile house; business house, লক্ষ্যিrmness, ad=firmly. Syn:—Dense, compact; stable, unshaken, stanch, robust, sturdy.

Firm as a rook, a. 184; Not easily moved; unchanging.

Firmament, ièr'ma-ment, n. [L. firmas, firm or solid] आकान; नामकन; The sky; an expanse. a-firmamental. Syn:—Heavens, starry sphere, celestial expanse, canopy of heaven. [tial Firmamental, ièr-ma-mental, a. नाम; Celes-Firman, ièr'man, n. बाजारून; बाजाङ; A decres of the Turkish government; a royal order.

Firmness, fermines, n. কাঠিত; বৃচতা; কটবতা; Fixedness, compactness, hardness, solidity; strength, stability; steadfastness, constancy certainty, soundness.

First, ferst, a. ध्यव ; आविष ; Earliest in time :— ध्यक्ष ; উৎकृष्ठे ; ध्यवा ; Most eminent , chief. adm firstly. Syn :—Primary, primordial, original, primitive, primeval, pristive; highest, chief, principal; foremost. [ ning or origin

At first, At the first squa; At the begin-First of all-square; At the outset.

First or last—এফৰে কিবো অন্ত সময়ে; প্রথমে বা লেবে; At one time or another; at the beginning or end.

First born, ferst-bawrn, a. জোট : অপ্যকাভ ; Born first; eldest:—n. স্কাৰ্ড বালেট সভাব; The first in the order of birth; the eldest child. First fruits, ferst froots, First fruit, n. আৰু মিক কল ; অধ্য কল ; Earliest produce or effects: first years's ecclesiastical income; the first profits or results.

Firstling, ferstling, n. প্ৰৱ প্ৰথমতাত সভান; প্ৰথমতাত প্ৰথমত ; The first offspring said of animals. [First class ; pre-eminent. First rate, ferst'-rat, a. সক্ষেত্ৰ ; উৎকুই ; অনুপা; Firstwater, a. সক্ষেত্ৰ , First quality; as, he is a mathematician of first water.

Firth, ferth, Same as frith.

Fiso, fisk, n. [ L. fiscus, a basket, or purse, the treasury ] বাৰ্ডাৰাগাৰ; বাজৰ; Public treasury; the treasury of a state; revenue.

Fiscal, fiskal, a. বাৰৰ-সম্মীন; Pertaining to the public treasury or revenue:—ম. কোবাৰাক; বনাৰ্ক; A treasurer.

Fish, fish, n. মংগ্য; An animal that lives in water and breathes through gills:—v.i. মংগ্য ধৰিবাৰ চেষ্টা-কৃ, To try to catch fish:—কৌশন কবিয়া গাইবার চেষ্টা-কৃ, To seek to obtain by artifice:—v.t. মংগ্য অনুসন্ধান-কৃ; To search for fish:—টানিয়া আনা; বাহিব-কৃ; To draw out or up:—ভৱ তার কবিয়া অনুসন্ধান; To search by sweeping. Fishday, n. উপবাস দিব; Fast day.

Fishfag, n. बाबब-गन्नी ; Fish woman.

Fish hook, স. বড়লি; A hook for catching fish.
Fishmonger, fishmun-ger, স. বংল্য-ব্যবদারী;
ঘ্নো-বিকেডা; A dealer in fish; a seller of fish.
Fish rod, স. হিল; Angle. [who sells fish.
A fish wife (or woman)—বীৰসপদী; A woman
A fish out of water—অন ছাড়া ঘান; A person
assuitably and uncomfortably placed; one who
is out of his element.

Fish for - चनुमक्ष न-कृ ; Seek.

Fish for compliments—কোলল কৰিয়া প্ৰদংসা প্ৰাৰ্থন্-তু; Solicit praise indirectly.

Fish in troubled waters—বিপপেৰ সময় কোল কিছু লাভ করিবার চেট্টা-কু; Endeavour to gain money or some other advantage in a time of public calamity. [find out by searching. Fish out—ক্জিয়া বাহিন-কু; Draw out by artifice;

Have other fish to fry—ৰম্ভ কোন কাৰ্যো বাণ্ড-ই; Have some other business to attend to.

Fisherman, fisher-man, Fisher, fisher, n.
বীবৰ; কোনে; One whose occupation is to catch
fish; one employed in catching fishes.

Fishery, fisher-i, n. মংস্য ধরিবার ব্যবসার; থীবরের ব্যবসার; মংস্য ধরিবার ছান বা আড্ডা; The business of catching fish; A place where fish are caught. Fishing, fishing, n. মংস্য ধরা; মংস্য ধরিবার কৌশল বা তংগ্রক্তিরা; Catching fish; the art or practice of catching fish:—a. ধীবরদিধের ব্যবহৃত; Used in fishery or by fishermen.

Fishing fly, n. মংদা ধরিবার কৃত্তিম মকিকা; Artificial fly to catch fish.

Fishing smack—মৎস্য ব্যবসারে নিযুক্ত জাহাল ; A small vessel engaged in the fishing trade.

Fishy, fishi, a. বংসাপুর্ণ; মংস্য-ঘটিত; আমিবদংকান্ত : আমিব ভার্ক : Abounding in fish; consisting of, like or full of fish:—সনিশ্চিত; Dubious:—অভি-মাত্র; অব্ভিযুক্ত; Extravagant like fisher men's

Finnie, fisil, a. [L. fissum, cleft ] বিদৰ্শীয়; That may be cleft or divided in the direction of the grain.

Pission, fishun, n. [L. fissum, cleft] বিধা জাগ-করণ; A splitting or breaking up into two parts. Pissiparous, fis-sip'a-rus, a. [L. fissum, cleft, and pario, to bring forth] বতঃ বিদীপ ইইমা প্ৰ-সংপদিক, Reproducing by spontaneous fission. Pissirostral, fis-i-rotral, a. [L. fissus, cleft, and rostrum, a break] স্বিভাসকৰ চন্দ্ৰিশিষ্ট; Having a deeply cleft beak, as certain birds.

Fissure, fishur, n. [L. fissus, cleft] ডিড; বিশার; ফাট; Narrow opening; chasm. Syn:—Crevice, crack, chink, cranny, break, breech, gap, interstice, rift.

Fist, fist, n. मूह ; किन ; Clenched hand :- v. t. किन मात्रा ; To :trike with the first.

Close-fisted, a. 799; Niggardly.

Shako the fists—তুক্ত-কু, Defy. [boxing. Fisticuff, n. ঘুনো ঘুনি; Battle with the fists, Fistula, fistu-la. n. [L. fistula, a pipe ] ভগন্দর; A deep, narrow, pipe-like sinuous ulcer. a= fistulous. [cal like a pipe or reed. Fistular, fistu-lar, a. খুলার্ড; Hollow cylindri-Fistulous, fistu-lus, a. হগন্দরমৃশ; Having the nature or form of a fistula.

Fit, fit, a. [A. S. feat, neat, well made] উপযুক্ত, বোগা; উচিত, হবিধাননক; Suitable (to an object); proper; qualified; convenient:—v. t. উপযুক্ত-ক; বোগা-ক; উপবোগা-ক; To make fit or suitable, to be adapted to; to prepare; to qualify:—v. i. উপযুক্ত-হ; উপবোগা-হ, To be suitable or becoming:—n. বোগাড়া; ইচিতা; Fitness. Syn:—(a)

Fitting, appropriate, meet, becoming, seemly, congruous, correspondent; expedient, convenient, apposite, apt, adapted, prepared, qualified, competent, adequate. (v) Adapt, suit, adjust, harmonize, conform; qualify, accommodate, prepare, equip; become, be suited.

Fit, n. মৃত্যা; দেহ-বিক্ষেপ; Paroxysm of temper or illness; convulsion; a sudden and violent attack by convulsions, as apoplexy &c.:—কণিক আক্রমণ; আক্রমিক অক্রমণানন বা অবহার পরিবর্তন; A temporary attack of any thing, a laughter; a sudden effort or motion; a passing humour:
—অবসর; Interval. a=fitful. Syn:—Spasm, paroxysm; humour, whim, fancy; spell, turn, interval, period.

Fit for— ক্রম্বর্তমন্ত ক্রমেক হিন্দুক; Worthy of equali-

Fit for—কোন বিষয়ের উপযুক্ত ; Worthy of ; quali-Fit in with—ঠিক মেলা ; ফিট্ হইরা বদা বা লালা ; Agree exactly with.

Fit into—উপথোগী-ক; Adjust:—ফিট্ হঙ্গা; Be adapted to ( to particular shape or size ).

Fit out—সজ্জিত-কু; Equip; supply with necessary means:—আৰ্ত্তক ত্ৰব্য বোগাড় কৰিবা দেওৱা; Equip (generally, a ship); supply with necessaries.

Fit up— সৃহাদি সাজাৰ; Furnish with things suitable; furnish (a house), make fit for the use or reception of any person.

By fits and starts—থাকিয়া থাকিয়া; থেকে থেকে; মধ্যে মধ্যে, Intermittently; impulsively and irregularly; by intervals of action and repose. Go into fits—শুক্তিত হ; Faint away.

Fitful, fitfool, a. চকল, উত্তেজনা-প্রকাশক; Spasmodic, irregularly variable. ad=fitfully, n=fitfulness.

Fitness, fitnes, n. ঘোগাতা; উচিতা; উপযুক্তা, Suitableness, preparedness. Syn:—Mectness, propiety, qualification, convenience, adaptation, pertinence.

Fitter, fiter, n. উপবোকা; বিশ্ব-সাধক; He who or that which makes fit.

Fitting, fiting, a. উপযুক্ত; উপযোগী; Appropriate; becoming. ad=fittingly.

Fittings, n. pl. वावशायाणी कविवात उपानान; Necessary fixtures.

Fitz, fits, n. পুত্র , Son :—ভারজ পুত্র , Illegitimate child :—ভংলতে রাজবংশের উপপায়াক পুত্রের নামের পূর্বে বাবহুত হয়।

Five, fiv, n. ११म ; 94 ; Four and one.

Fivo-fold, fivföld, a. পঞ্চল; Five times repeated; in fives.

[ play with a ball.
Fives, fivz, n. pl. ক্রীড়া বিশেব, খেলা বিশেব; A

By fives-Five at a time.

Fix, fiks, v. t. ষ্ট্-ক, সংলগ্ন-ক; To make firm; to attach firmly:—বিলীৰ্ট-ক; To drive into; to pierce:—নিবেশিত-ক; চাপিত-ক; To drive steadily:—স্থাপিত-ক; স্থাপন-ক; অভিন্তিত-ক; To establish.—স্বান্ধ-ক; To fasten:—v. i. স্থানিভাবে ধ্যাকা, স্থানী-ক; To settle or remain permanently:
—মূচ-হ; কঠিন-হ; To become firm; to congeal:
—n. সক্ষীব্যা; Difficulty; a difficult position.
Syn:—(v) Set, settle, place, locate, plant, root, recure, tie, attach; determine, limit, appoint;

rivet, solidify, consolidate, (n) Predicament, dilemma, quandary, plight

Be in a fix—বিষ্ স্থান্ত পড়া, কিংক্তব্যবিষ্ট হওলা, Be in an embarassing situation, be in a position of difficulty or embarrassment

দাম on—ৰাচে চাপান , Fasten on —নিশিষ্ট-কু , Appoint —কাহানত উপত্ৰ স্থাপিত-কু , Set or place on Fixation, fiks-ashun, n স্থিনীকৰণ , সংস্থিতি ,

দৃত্ত। কাঠিক, The act of fixing, steadiness Fixed, fikst, a নিবোজিত, হিনীকৃত, হাপিত, বন্ধ, Settled, act apt to eviporate — হিব, ব্যুট, Film a fixedness ad—fixedly

Fixed stars, n এক্যানাৰ ন্যত্ত্ব, Such stars as always retain the same apparent position and distance.

Fixedness, n qual, words, Steadiness Syn — Slability firmic s, steadlastness, immorability Fixity, fike to n view, great Fixedness

Fixture, fik tur, গ ছানাস্তবান্ধ বস্তু, ছাবিরপে সং-লগ্প বস্তু অনপ্রাব্ধীয় গৃহসক্ষা, What cannot be removed a fixed uticle of furniture.

Fiz, fi, Fizzle, hil, ৩ :. হিন্ হিন্ শল কু, কর্ যন্ শল কু, To make a hissing sound — ভূম-কু, অকুতব'ল-ছ To bungle — গ অকৃতকার্থতা, A failure or ibutive at empt.

Fizzlo out – বৰ ধৰ শাদ আলিবা নিৰ্কাণ-ছ, Burn with a his in priorse and then go out like wet gunpowder — সম্পূৰ্ণ জাকুতকৰ্বাহ (কোন ক জো) জগুৱৰ ছ To fail completely, to prove a failure

Flabby, fill a শিশ্ব অমৃত, Lose wanting firm icss — নমনীয় কোমল, Easily bent, soft and yielding n flabbiness

Flaceid, flass d a f L flaceus flabby ] ক্ষক্ষিত্ৰ স্থান দিনা by liv — চকৰ চৰ Soft
and weak, loose n—Haccidness, flaceidity, ad=
flaceidly Syn — Soft weak limber lax

Flaccidness, flaksid-nes Flaccidity, flaksici ti স ন্দৰ্বতা, বিশ্বিতা, অদৃততা, Laxiess want of termics

Flag, flag ৩: দ্বান হ, অবসর হ To doop pint, decline — শিবিশন্ত বে কৃলিতে থাকা, lo hang loose — দ অভাৰ, পতাকা A banner — কলক সভা বিশেষ A water plant Syn — (৩) Droop Iail, languish (11) Colour, banner, standud, pennon streamer

Flag, flag, Flagstone, flag'ston, n ঢালি পাধ্ব প্ৰধান ক A bion I flat stone used for paving. Black flag—বিভিত ব্যক্তিনিগের প্রতি নির্দিরতা প্রকাশক কুক পতাকা, One showing that no mercy will be shown to the vanquished

Flag officer, n বণভন্নাৰ নাবক, Officer entitled to hois 1 flag, commander of a squadron

Flag of truce—স্থিত্চৰ বেডবৰ্ণ হলা, A white flag displayed to an enemy to show friendly intentions

Flag ship, flag'ship, n পোত-নায়কের জাহাল, Ship which carries or bears the admiral. [ a flag Flag staff, n অভাগাৰী বাচৰত A pole be min Display the red flag— মুৱাৰ্থ আহ্বান কু, Dare to battle

Bed flag-प्रार्थ कामप्रक वक गडाका, One dis-

played as a sign of defiance and invitation to battle.

To hang out the white flag—কৃপা প্ৰাৰ্থনাৰ ষেত্ৰ পতাকা উত্তোৱন-কৃ, lo ask quarter or manificst a friendly design —স্কি প্ৰাৰ্থনা-কৃ, Sue for peace

Unfurl the blue flag-्क (पर्भ) करा, De-

Flagollant, flajel-ant, n বে বাজি াণ্ডাক বেজা-ঘাত বৰে, কঠোৰ ভাগস , One who sco irgus himself in religious discipline

Flageolet, flajo-let n [Low L fluta, a flute] 計畫, A nusical a strument, a cross flute. Flaggellato, flatel-It, t t. [L. flagram, a whip] (可可证 表 , To whip or scourge n=flaggellation

Flaggellation, n বেলাখাত করণ, A whipping, flogging, scourging, clustisement

Flaggy, flag i, a िश्चिन नमनीय, पूर्वल, Weak ; flexible —नावम, Inspd n=flagginess

Flagitious, fla pishus a [L freetium, anything disgraceful done in the he it of passion | গতিষ্ক , কল্মিড , বাই Deeply wicked atrocious; guilty of enormous crime, corrupt. n=flagitiousness ad=flagitiously Syn—Atrocious, villainous flagrant, heinous, nefarious, scandalous, corrupt proflighte abandoned

Flagon, flag'un n হ্ৰাপাত , অপ্ৰান্ত মূৰ পানপাত-্ৰিশ্ব A vessel with a narrow mouth for holding liquo-s, a dinking vessel with a narrow mouth. Flagrant, flagrant, a [ L flagro, to flame ] দান্ব বোৰ, বিবাজ, বলন্ত, Glaing, enormous, notorious, flaming neflagrancy a'eflagrantly. Syn—Glowing, raging, imflamed, crying, atrocious, heinous flagitious

Flail, flail, n [ L fligellum a scourge ] শ্ৰয় আছড়াইবাৰ কাইবাড় , A wooden instrument for thrashing corn.

Flake, flak, n বৰ তার, খাক, জাইন, ডুবাৰ কৰা.
A scale, a small layer, lamina, a film a very small loose mass, as of snow — v t থাক কবা.
To form into flakes — v. : জাইন উঠা, To scale off

Flaky, fliki, a গুৰপূৰ্ব, গুৰে ধ্বৰে সজ্জিত, Consisting of layer n=flakiness

Flambeau, flambo, n উকা, হলত মনাৰ, A flaming torch p =flambeaux ( -- bo)

Flamboyant, flam-boy'ant, a. [Fr flambover, to b aze ] তবকাৰ্থন চিত্ৰে সন্ধিত, Characterised by waving of flame-like traceiy

Flame, flam, n [L flagro, to burn] অগ্নিপিৰা, আগ্নি, Blaze, fire —উৎসাহ, আগ্ৰহ, Ardour of temper, vigour of thought —প্ৰীতি, প্ৰেৰণী, Love, sweet-heart, one beloved.—গ্ৰোপ,

Rage: — প্রচত্তা; Violence: — ত t. মান্ত ; কোপাজি
থাবা উভেজিত-ত ; কুপিত-ত , To burn as flame; to
break out in passion; to rage Syn:—(n)
Brightness, passion; ardour, fervency, affection.
Flame up— ৰুৱা; Rise in flames:—কোপ প্রসাশত ; Bleak out in a passion.

Consign to the flames-74-7; Burn.

In flames-sos; Burning.

Flamen, flamen, n. প্ৰোহিত : বৰ্ণবাজক ; A priest.
Flaming, flaming, a. উজ্জ ; আড়ব্যপূৰ্ণ ; তাকাল ; প্ৰচত , Bright ; gaudy ; violent :—লোহিতবৰ্ণ ; Red :—n অজ্ঞলন ; প্ৰদীপন ; A bursting out in a flame. ad=flamingly. Syn :—(a) Blazing, glaring , vehement, exaggerated.

Flamingo, fla-ming-go, n. [L flamma, a flame] পদ্দিবিশেষ: A flame or bright-red coloured

tropical bird.

Flammiserous, stam-is'er-us, a. [ L. stamma, stame, and fero, to produce ] বিধা-উৎপাদক, Producing stame.

Flamy, a. अञ्चित् ; Blazing.

Flanders mare—ৰৰ; A large horse:—ৰুং-দিভ স্থীবোৰ; Clumsy woman

Flange, flanj, n. চকেৰ উন্নত পাৰ্ব; A projecting edge on the run of a wheel, as of a railway-car a=flanged.

Flank, flangk, n. পাৰ্ব, দৈক্ত বা রণণোতের পাৰ্তাগ;
Side of anything especially of any army or
fleet .—v. t. পাতাধাবন্তিত দৈক্ত আক্রমণ-কৃ; বাহেব
পাৰ্বদেশ আক্রমণ-কৃ; To attack or pass round the
flank or turn :—v. i. পার্বহৃ-হ; শার্প-কৃ; তীরহু-হ,
To be posted on the side, to touch; to border.
Flank or turn the flank—পার্ব দিয়া আক্রমণ-কৃ,
To attack a body of troops on the side.

Out flank—To extend beyond the extreme right or left of an army. [Make a side attack Take one in the flank—শার্থে পিয়া আক্রম-কৃ, Flanker, flanker, m. बृह्मानं मःबक्क गढ़, A fortification commanding the flank of an assailing force:—v. t. गढ़ किंद्रा भार्यम् कृ. कृ, भार्यम् किंद्रा निया जाक्यमं कृ; To depend by flankers; to attack sideways.

Flannel, flariel, n. [W. gwlanen, wool] পশ্মি ৰাপদ্ধ, কুনেৰ ; A soft woolen cloth.

Flap, flap, n. স্থমান বস্তু; নমনীয় বস্তু; Anything that hangs loose; lap:—আহাতের শক্; Sound of a blow:—v. f. খাল্টা মারা; To beat or move with a flap:—v. i. খাল্টা মারা; To beat or move with a flap:—v. i. খাল্টা মারা; সংখ্যার খুলিতে থাকা; To move as wings; to hang like a flap. n=flapper.
Flare, flar, v. f. [Swed, flasa, to blaze] চকল ভালা আছলিত-হ; To burn with an unsteady light:—চকল লীতি একাশ-ক; To flutter with splendid show:—n. বোলা শিখা; চকল ভালা; মহিয় বীতি; An unsteady offensive blaze.

Flare up—বোৰ বাৰ্ণ-ড়; To break into a passion Flash, flash, n. [Swed. flasa, to blaze] চণ্ড বাৰা; A sudden quick blaze:—খানখ; উচ্ছান; Grin; A sudden burst of merriment; burst of wit:—কণ্ডান্তিভ; বুহুৰ্ভনাজ; An instant; a short transient state:—ত. গ. খ্বিড-ড; সহলা গীবি পাৰল; সহলা আছন্তি ধাৰণ কল; Strike or throw up light; burst out in a blaze; glare; burst

out into violence:— e. t. কণক্ষিত ক; সহৰা পীতি-মান-ক; To cause to flash; to send out in flashes: —a. নীচ; Vile; low; slang. Syn:—(n) Coruscation, gleam, blaze; sudden stroke, dart; slang; cant language.

Flash in the pan—বৃধা চেটা; A flash of powder without discharge of the cartridges; the gun itself not exploding; fruitless endeavour; come to nothing:—

ত ব্যৱহান কৰিব কৰিব বা হলা; Burst forth with a flood of flame in the pan; end in smoke:—

ব্যৱহান কিলেক; To be no effect; to produce no result.

Flash language—বীচ বোকের ভাষা, The lan-

Flash language—নীচ লোকের ভাষা, The lan-Flash upon—বিদ্যুৎবং ককমাং প্রকাশ-হ; মনোমধ্যে হঠাং উদিত-হ; Anse in the mind suddenly, ( like

a flood of light ).

One's eyes flash fire—রাগে চক্রজবর্ণ-ছ; জোধে চক্ দিরা অগ্নিক্লিক নির্গত-ছ; One's eyes look fiery or sparkle with anger; one's eyes sparkle with anger.

To flash on the mind—হঠাৎ বৰে উপস্থিত হ; To occur as a sudden thought.

Flashy, flashi, a. কণ্ডাভা-বিশিষ্ট ; কণিক সমুক্ষৰ ;
Dazzling for a moment :—কাঁকাল ; Showy :—
নীবস ; Insipid ; vapid. n=flashiness. ad=
flashily. Syn :—Gay, gaudy, flaunting, tawdry ; insipid, vapid. [by thieves.
Flashyhouse, n. chia-নিবাস ; One frequented

Flashyhouse, ন. টোৰ-বিবাস ; One frequented Flask, flask, n. বোডন , ডাও ; A bottle; a narrow

necked vessel for holding liquids.

Flat, flat, a. সমতল ; চোক ; Plain ; level ; smooth : -- भोदम ; Dull, insipid ; monotonous :-- ना : Positive, downright, as, flat refusal :- [44; Low :- विवश्न ; Dejected :- निज्ञ दमार्क नक . Lacking liveliness,-said of commercial exchanges and dealings :- ধরাশারী; ভূমিশারী; Postrate :-भववृत्र ; Sonant-said of certain constants as b, d, s. &c. :-n. ममक्ति ; A level plain :-নিম্ভূমি, চর: A level tract of ground; shoal: shallow :- সির্বোষ ; A dull fellow :- ৰাটার বেজে वा छोत्र ; A story or floor of a house :— भिका ; Large boat :- (5'6) fra; Broad side of any thing :- गर्नाएक बादमन किए : A flat note in music. and also the sign to express it. ad-flatly, n= flatness. Syn :- (a) Horizontal; eyen, plane, smooth; dull, lifeless, uninteresting; vapid, insipid, stale, tasteless, dead; peremtory, positive, absolute; not sharp, not acute, minor. (n) Strand; floor, story; simpleton, pigeon, ninny. Flat footed-751188; Firm-footed; determined.

Flat head, w. An Indian.

Flat-nosed, a. ett !

Flatwise, flatwiz, ed. (cociette; ferosite; With the flat side downward or next another object, not edgewise.

Flatten, flatn, v. t. সম্প্ৰ-কৃ; To make flat:—
গ্ৰাণায়ী-কৃ; To prostrate:—হডাপ-কৃ; Depress;
deject:—v. i. সম্প্ৰ-কৃ; সম্ভল-কৃ; To become flat.
Flatter, flater, v. t. ভোগামোদ-কৃ; Wheedle;
soothe with praise; prise falsely; coax:—স্কা-

म : निशा आया (स्था ; Gratify ; please ; raise false hopes; please with false hopes. Syn: Compliment, wheedle, cajole, fawn, humour, court. n=flatterer. f sume to think. Flatter oneself- निन्छ-इ ; Feel assured ; pre-

Flatterer, अ. (जानारवानो : Sycophant.

Plattering, flater-ing, a. (Sinitainain); Uttering false praise :— খীতিখনৰ ; আশাধান ; Pleasing to pride or vanity : gratifying. ad = flatteringly. Flattering account—हिस्तक विवत् ।

Flattery, flater-i, n. ভোষামোদ, অসুচিত স্বতি : False praise; obsequiousness; adulation; improper commendation. Syn :- Adulation, compliment, obsequiousness, wheeding, cajolery, fawning, servility, sycophancy, parasitism, false commendation, toadyism.

Flattery sits in the parlour when plain dealing is kicked out of doors-@ ভোৰামোদ ভালবানে, কিছ হক কৰা চায় মা ; People love to be flattered, but dislike plain dealing. Flattish, flatish, c. 平可印电对电话; Somewhat flat. Flatu once, flatulens, Flatulency, flatulen-

si, n উদৰ ক্ষীতি : গেট কাঁপা ; পাকাশাৰে সঞ্চাত দূৰিত

बाव : Windiness.

Flatulent, flatti-lent, a. [ L. flatus, blowing ] ৰায়ুণ্ৰ ; ৰাৰু বাৰা স্বীত : অসাৰ ; Windy ; swollen with wind; empty; vain. ad - flatulently.

Flatus, flatus, n. উদরত বায়; সঞ্চিত বায়; Air generated in the stomach; a puff of wind.

Flaunt, flant or flaunt, v. i. aiges (नाइनामान-इ ; दाव्छात नक्षिण क ; To wave in the wind :- v. t. गंबा महकादा वला : वक कुनाहेना हना ; To move ostentatiously; to carry a saucy appearance -n. शक् अकाम : खाइबद धकामार्च अवनिंख रख ; Display ; brag, anything displayed for show. Syn .-(v) Flounce, flatter, flourish; parade, display.

Flavour, flavur, n. [L. fragro, to smell] আবাদন; কুগৰ; Relish; taste; smell:-v.t. चार्चानन-क ; त्नोगंच विकाय-कृ ; To impart flavour to. a=flavourless. Syn :- (n) Odour, fragrance, perfume; savour, taste, smack, zest, [ Pleasant to the taste,

Flavourous, flavur-us, a. স্বাদযুক্ত , স্বাদ Flaw, flaw, n. [ Ice. flaga, a fragment; W. fluw, a splinter ] कांछे ; क्रिंग ; (नांव ; Break ; gap, defect; spot:--कन्ह; Quarrel:-- अन्न नायू, Gust of wind :- v. t. sa ai fer-s ; To bieak or crack. Syn :- Crack, breach, cleft, tift, fracture, fissure; fault, speck, spot, blemish, imperfection. a = flawless.

Flaw in an argument-ster fer al cala . A fault or imperfection in the argument, which renders it inconclusive.

Flawy, flaw'i, a. ছিত্ৰপূৰ্ব ; দ জিতা ; দোৰপূৰ্ব , দোৰ-ৰুক ; Full of cracks ; defective ; faulty :- এবল बार्व अभीन ; Subject to gusts of wind.

Flax, flaks, n. 44; मिमा श्राष्ट्र; बर्द्य रुख ; A flax plant; fibre of the same.

Flaxdresser, n. বে ব্যক্তি শ্ৰ প্ৰস্তুত কৰে; One who prepares the fibres for spinning.

Flaxen, flakin, s. नगर द्वार ; नगरिक ; Made of flax; resembling flax; fair, long, flowing,

Flaxen haired, a. 4173 (क्ये : अक्टब्स : Having hair resembling flax.

Flay, fiz. v. t. [ ice. flaga, to cut turfs ] varu-कृ ; पर डेटबांठन-कृ ; Skin ; strip or cut off the skin ; excoriate. n=flayer.

Flay alive-सीविधायहात हामहा फुल बांगा; Put one to death while alive by stripping off the skin. Flee, fle, n. को दिल्ल ; A well-known insect.

Plea in the ear, n. walless Ges; An unwelcome hint or unexpected reply, annoying like a flea. a flea or spot caused by it. Flea-bite, m. wattie; Slight hurt; the bite of A more flea-bite—कृत लिंग्एइ क्। क किहे नह

A thing of no moment.

Flea bitten, c. मिक्कापह ; Bitten by a flea ; white, flecked with dots of bay or sorrel-said of the colour of horse, dog &c. :- नीठ ; बीहब्स्नwie ; Mean; worthless or of low birth or station. Fleam, flem, n. श्वांकि श्रृहणांविक शक्य ब्रक्टरवांक्यार्व वादक्ड जीक्शंत अब ; A sharp instrument for bleeding cattle.

Flock, fick, v. t. fou-事; fofew-事; To streak; spot; dapple:—n. 防调; 防寒; 東湖 明中, A spot, streak, speckle; spot. Syn:-(v) Speckle, variegate.

Fled, pa. t. and pa. p. of flee.

Fledge, flej, v. t. [ Ger. fliegen, to fly ] \*\*\* [ কু; সক্ষিণিষ্ট-কু; Furnish with feathers or wings. Fledgeling, flejling, n. অচিরজাত-পক পকী; নবোলাত-পক পকিলাবক; A little bird just fledged. Flee, fle, v. i. প্ৰায়ৰ-ক ; To run away ; to run with rapidity :- v. t. পরিতাপ- : পরিতাপ- : পরিতাপ- : To avoid; to hasten away. Syn :- Escape, depart quickly; leave hastily, hurry away, decamp, fly; shun, avoid.

Fleece, fles, n. (भवरतात्र ; अक्कांट्स कहिंड (भवरतात्र ; Wool growing on or shorn from a sheep :- v f. (मरतत्र लाम काठी ; Clip the fleece :-- अशहबन-इ ; প্রভাবণা-ক ; Cheat ; plunder ; extort . —লোমবারা আচ্ছাদিত-কু, Cover with fleece :-- বেডবর্ণ-কু; To make white. a=fleeceless. Syn .- (v) Clip. shear, rob, despoil, steal from, spread over, whiten.

Fleeced, flest, a. लामण ; लामगुक ; Furnished with fleece :- नि: मिठ पन : Stripped by ex-[ who strips or robs. actions. Fleecar, तिर्देश, n. नर्कालोदक ; अपहादक , One Fleecy, तिर्दा, a. लामगुरू; भणमावृक; भणमी; Wooly, covered with, made of or like wool.

Fleer, fler, v. t. or v. t. পরিংাস-ক ; বিজ্ঞাপ-ক ; To mock ; ¡eer ; sneer :- n. পরিহাস ; विकाप ; Mockery, dension.

Floot, flet, n. [ A. S. fleotan, to float ] Me-সমূহ, রণপোত-সমূহ; A body of war or trading ships; navy:-a. বেগবান, ক্রতগামী; ক্রিপ্রপতি; Swift , nimble ; transient :- p. i. 44-41 ; 441-7 ; बीक हिन्दी गांडवा ; To pass swiftly ; hasten. adm fleetly. n=fleetness. Syn.-(n) Squadron, flotilla, armada. (a) Rapid, speedy, quick, nimble; light, thin, superficial.

Fleeting, fleting, a. क्षमकारो : Passing quickly:- \$4319 , Transient. ad=fleetingly. Syn ;-

Flitting, flying, fugitive, brief, transitory, evanescent, ephemeral.

Fleetness, fic'tness, n. कडडा , कीवडा , Swiftness, quickness, rapidity, velocity, speed

Flemish, flemish, a ফাতার্য অদেশ বা তৎপ্রদেশ-বাসীগণ সম্পায়, Pertaining to Flanders or its people.

Flesh, flesh, n. মাংস; Muscular part —আমিব, Meat, animal food - জাহাৰ্য পত পদীৰ মাংস, The bodies of beasts and birds used as food -মনুবান্ধাতি, মানব, Mankind, human nature -শरीत . The body, not the soul -काम, Cainality, bodily appetites —ফালব কোমল অংশ কলাদির শ্সা, I he soft substance of fruit or the catable part of fruit —v t ভৃত্তি-কু, তৃত্তিসংকারে ভৌজন क्यान, Give a taste of, initiate, glut -v 1. मारम एक क्यान, मारमानी-कृ, To feed (hawks, dogs &c ) with flesh — अथग अञ्चापात्र-कू, I o use (a sword &c) upon flesh especially for the first time — \$3-4; Glut — 45/3-4, To accustom Syn -(n) Pulp, body, corpored nature, ani-

Flesh and blood-मन्तर शक् हि (बक्तमारामद भवीत),

mal desire, sensuality, carnality, kindred,

stock, race, bodily existence Physical man, human nature

Flesh one's sword—প্ৰথম পাত্ৰ অমাৰ্য কু To use upon flesh, as a sword especially for the first time.

Flesh one's valour - প্ৰথম শ্ৰ বধ ছালা নিজ বিক্ৰম প্রকাশ-কু, Fxhilit ones prowess by killing an enemy for the first time

Go the way of all flesh-Fal, To die.

In the flesh-डोविडावशात, कीवस्थाय While diving, corporeally - मदीबीब छात्र दिशुद वनाञ्च কামপ্ৰভন্ত , In a carnal state , under the domimon of earthly passions.

Ills that flesh is heir to— वन्या (द शीड़ांद क्यीय, Diseases to which man is subject.

One's flesh and blood-न ता मिक एक वर (3 + 5 19, 5 1 1 29 7) Onc ul dicter 1 Flesh fly " 4 ACE 151 4.5, In cet iccum, on

Flesh-mest. " " | [78, Animal food.

Flosh-monger, n कमाई Butcher

Flosh pot, " (ग नाइ म, न दक्त इंड , Vessel in which meat is cooked

Flesh pots—তলামত বস্তা কল পাহা কু, Sighing for the flash pots of Eyept , hankering for good things not ng rat your command

Flesh-wound-Fittin 41415, Wound affecting the fe h only.

Fleshed, ficsit a दून वांत्रन. (नांछ। Fat. Ple ilier, n খাণ্দ-বাবদ যী, ক্সাই, Butcher.

Flochful, a 30, k t

Lloshless, flishles a wifen , win ; Lean. Florbine, n विनयमक लाड़ि, विस्त्र की , One given to the flech or world.

Fleshly, flesh i, a 叫作序本: Corporeal :-दिश्रीद डा , वी , वाउँ , मडा , Carnal , not divine, not spint il. n=fle-bliness (देखियशहरूका), Curn lity ) Syn - Haman, bodily, animal, Ce nat en un fu trut, lascivirus.

Fleshlyminded, a বিষয়াস্ক ৷

Fleshy, fleshi, a. कुलकांग, कुल, (माँठी, Fat; pulpy, plump ==fleshiness ad=fleshily Syn -Corporeal, bodily, corpulent, succulent

Fleur-de-lie, floor'-de-le', n [ Fr lis, being for L lilium, a hly | Emblem of the French Bourbous; Iris -করাসীদেশীয় প্তাকা, The royal insignia of France-originally representing perhaps a hily :-- কুমুদ জাতীয় পুলা, The hily. pl= fleurs-de-his

Flow, flow, p. t. of fly.

Flexibility, fleks-i-bili-ti, n. anisi, analisi; প্ৰবৰ্তন-স্বৰ্ভা, Pliancy, easiness of compliance. Flexible, fleksi-bl, Flexile, fleksil, a [ L. flecto, flexum, to bend ] नमनीत , मृष्ठ , निहे , Capuble of being bent, pliant, yielding, docile. n = flexibleness ad = flexiblySyn -Phable, limber, lithe, supple, not still, manageable, obsequious, inconstant, wavering Flexion, fletshun, n नगन, जान, A bend, a Flexor, fleksor, n अश्व-नडकारी (शन), अश्वि वानुक्तमहार (भनी, A muscle which bend a oint. Flexuous, fick'ū-us, Flexuore, fick " " a वक कृतिन, Full of turnings and wincing, Tariable

Flexure, flekstin, n नमन, तक्छांव अनीव अव-नमन अन्ति, A bending a turning be in of the body, joint —নীচডাবল্লক জঃবাল Sciule cringe.

Flicker, fliker, v : नक नकांत्रक-क , To flitter, to move the wings without flying —কিশি হ'পাৰ ব वाकिन उ. lo barn unsteadily, as a flanc in a current of air - ₹337; क , To flictuate

Flior, flyer, fli'er, n and so One who flies of flees - बन्न' मन एक विष्य , A fly-wheel

Flight, flit, n 35544 A passing through the air - भनारन , Flying or fleen g , hasty departure - शकीत काक, Flock of bids - अ र त रिनी, क त्रीन- त A series of tp - - A are ing execution - 481, Shoter Sy unting to it mon runting away took c; tell shwir [cscort una mation Flight of fancy- बतना म लब (15, The ever-Flight of time-ATTA ME, Inc wit pas-Di perse as a of time Put to flicht-भराक्षित कू , अनाम्म क्रिए वांधा कू ,

Take to flight—Matia-7, Fly Flighty, fift, a 30 में नवस्मी, स्विक, Flicting swift, transient - 584, बार्स होती, Volatile, indulging in flights of imagination, himour, capiece, giddy, wild. ad flightly, n=flightiness Syn -Volatile, giddy, wild,

light headed, capricious

Flim fiam-(aufe, A whim, a trick

Flimay, flimzi, a. कुण, इलल, चीन, मांबाक, Weik, feeble, thin, slight - Jet, Vain -वनश्चीन, Shallow n=fl msiness. Syn -Trifling trivial, superficial.

Finch, flinsh, v : [1. flectere, to bend] र्विमूर्-र. ज्यादक-र, महिंड क , Shrink back , to wince, to fail n=flincher Syn -Withdraw, blench, swe.ve, secoil, retreat, flee from, ful

Flinch from—কোৰ কিছু হইতে পিছাৰ; Shrink from.

Elina, fling, v. i. [Scot. fling, to strike with the foot as a horse ] নিকেপ-তৃ, সবলে ভ্যাগ-তৃ; Cast from the hand; throw; shed forth; dart; send forth:— প্রকেপ-তৃ; Scatter:—বরাশামী-তৃ; পরাজিত-তৃ; Prostrate; baffle; defeat —v. i. সর্কৃতি ভ হ; To flounce; wince; to act in a violent and irregular manner:— ভিত্তবার-তৃ; বিজ্ঞপ-তৃ; উপহান-তৃ; গ্লন্ধনা-বে; To upbraid; to sneer:— নিবেপ, প্রকেপ; A cast or throw:—বিজ্ঞপ, বিজ্ঞপ-ত্রান্তৃ, প্রকেপ; A taunt; a gibe; sneer. Syn:—Hurl, toss, pitch, project; throw down, overthrow; flounce, wince.

Fling about—চতুদিকে নিকেপ-কৃ; Throw or cast about. [away. Fling aside, Fling away—নিকেপ-কৃ; Throw Fling at-- বাণকেপ-কৃ: জাবাত কবিবার অভিপ্রাণে ছোড়া, Hit at a person to wound him; huil (something) at a person to wound him:—নিশা-কৃ, (a t reflections on. [ground

Fling down—ৰাস-কু, Demolish, throw to the Fling in - নিকেপ-কু, Throw in.

Fling off -facar- , Cast off.

Fling open—ৰ ৰূপুৰ্বক খেলা, Throw open e, a all ply or with violence.

Er 13 Out-1277 - Throw out.

Flins over Mas 19-4; Abandon.

Finns to the winds - বৰ্ খ কু . Distegard.

Fling up - 5119-7; Resign; relinquish; abandin a project. [ the full

Havo a fling—পবিত্তা-হ; Enjoy one celf to Havo a fling at—কাহাকে লক্ষ্য কৰিবা ঘুণাস্থাক বাক' প্রাথা-ক, ঠাটা ভাষাসা-ক, To make contemptuous remarks about, use contemptuous and sarcastic remarks towards; to utter a stinging speech

នាន inst

Timt, flint, n [Gr. plinthos, a brick] আয়ুং-প্ৰদক প্ৰস্থৰ, চকাৰি পাৰৰ; ইন্সাৰ; Hard silicioustone, stone to: striking fire.

Flint-hearted, a. निश्त : Cruel.

Flinty, flott, a. क्टिने, Hard .- निर्मन्न ; क्टिन ; Cruel. n=lintmess.

Flip, fl p, n. পানীৰ বিশেষ; মদ্য বিশেষ; A hot dimk or beer and spirite sweetened and heated. Flippancy, flip'an-si, Flippantness, flip'antne . n. শ্ৰস্থা, বাংগ্ৰহা, বাংগ্ৰহা, Smoothness and rapidity of speech; pertness

Flippant, flip'ant, a. চঞ্চন, বাচনি, বাহনিপুৰ;
Of smooth, fluent, rapid speech; pert; talkative; thoughtless. ad=flippantly. Syn:—
Voluble, fluent, pert, saucy, malapert, petulant.
Flirt, flert, v. s. [A S flear han, to trifle]
ফিনালী-ফু; To play the coquete:—বিক্ষপ-ফু;
কোলাপ-ফু; Jeer; coquet:—v. t. হঠাৰ নিক্ষেপ-ফু;
বাড়াচাড়া-ফু, Fling suddenly; move playfully,
to toss about:—বিক্ষপ-ফু; To jeer at; treat with
contempt:—n. ছিনাল, হাবভাবকাবিলী স্ত্ৰী; A pert,
giddy girl, a coquette:—ফিকা, A sudden jerk.
Syn:—(v) Fling, toss, pitch; wave, move
about; jeer, gibe; play at love, philander. (n)
Jork, fling, jibe, jeer, jilt.

Flirtation, flert-á-son, n. (Anjair); Coquetry. Syn:—Flirting, affection of love.

Flit, flit, v. i. উড়িখা-খা; জত প্ৰায়ৰ-কু; Fly quickly; flutter; move in short flights. Syn:— Fleet, pass rapidly, move about remove, change residence.

Flitch, flitch, n. লোগা শুক্ত শুক্রের গাঁজবা; Salted side of a hog; the side of a hog salted and cured.

[Wanderings. Flittings, flitingz, n. pl. অবা; প্রতিন; পিতে, v i [A. S flectan, flotan, to float] ভাস্থানত; খাঁরে খাঁরে স্কালিততত; To swim on a liquid; to lie flat on the surface of water; to be buoyed up .—v. f. ভাস্থানত; ভাস্থান রাখা; To

hquid; to lie flat on the surface of water; to be buoyed up .—v. f. ভাসমান-ক; ভাসমান রাধা; To cause to rest or move on the surface of a fluid:
—মাবিত-ক, To flood; inundate .—n. উঙ্গ; ভেলক, ভেলা; দোলি; কাতনা; A raft; any thing swimming on water n=floater. a=floatable. Syn—(n) Rift, buoy, float-board. (v) Buoy up, keep afloat; waft, swim. [floated. Floatable, a. ভাসাইবাব বোগা, That may be Floatage, Flotage, flotagi, n ভাসমান বস্ত; ভাসমান স্বার্থ, What floats on the water

Floaring, floring, a ভাসমান, Swimming — ব্যবদাৰ প্রাটিত, প্রামান (জনলেপ্ন); Circulating; not fixed ad=floatingly

Floating battory, n. গোলাকী কালাৰ; A versel or versal, used as batteries to cover troops on landing on an enemy's coast.

Floating bridge, n. নৌৰামা দেছ, A bridge of raits or pontoons.

Floating debt, Floting capital—অনিশ্চিত মুখ্যন; যে টাফা ব্যবসায়ে থাটে, Debt as is not fixed or of uncertain amount; capital employed in business, but of certain amount. [light. Floating light—Any floating vessel bearing Floccose, Flocky, a. পান বা গুড় পূৰ্ব, Abound-

ding with flocks or locks.

Flocoulent, floku-lent, a. বৰে বৰে সজ্জিত ও সাধা Adhering in flocks or flokes n=il accolence. Flock, flok, n. মেখণুলা ে মেবেৰ পাৰা, Herd of sheep —পাথীৰ ৰাষ্ট্ৰ, পৰিস্থল, Body of birds — পাৰ্থৰে গুজ, A lock of wool —দৰ; শীঃ'ৰ সনিতি; A company, a christian congregation.—v. i. দলবদ্ধান্ত, To gather in crowds. Syn:—(n) lierd, drove; congregation, multitude, company; lock of wool [floating in the ocean. Floe, flo, n. ভাননাৰ বন্ধবান্তি; A field of ice Flog, flog, v t. বেহাঘাত-কৃ, দও ঘানা ভাজনা-কৃ; To whip; to beat with a rod; to lash. Syn.—Scourge, strike, whip, flagellate, thrash, castigate, chastise.

To flog the dead horse—প্রাণীন বিষয়ে লোকের অনুপাণ বংগাদন-ক : To try to revive an interest in a subject out of date.

Flood, flud, n জনমান ; বস্তা; An inundation; a deluge '—জোহাব, The rise or flowing of the tide '—প্ৰচুথা, Abundance —প্ৰবাহ, A stream; a river:—বড় Menstrual discharge:—v.t. জনমানিত-ক, Overflow; inundate; deluge. Syn:—(n) Freshet; an overflow, superabundance; tid il flow.

Blood-gate, fludgat, ». বিৰ্গৰৰ বাৰ্গ; জলনিগদৰ পথ; A sluice to let floods off or in :—মাৰ্গ; পথ; Any passage :—বাধা; An obstruction.

Flood-mark, fludmark, n. ৰে নীমা পৰ্যান্ত জোৱার উঠে; জোৱারের নীমানির্জেশক চিছ; High water mark; the line to which the tide rises.

Flood-tide, n. cutili ; The rising tide.

Flood of light—ৰাবোক; A great body or stream of light:—জাৰাবোক; A great deal of enlightenment and information.

Flood of tears—明明-의제한 1

The flood—নহাৰতা; নহায়াৰন; The great deluge in the time of Noah; the general deluge in the days of Noah.

Flooding, n. 48314; A preternatural discharge of blood from the uterus.

Floor, flor, n. গৃহতল; মেজে; Bottom of a room; pavement:—উচ্চানৰ; A platform:—তল; এক-ডল্ড কন্ধ কন্ধ; A story; a story in a building:—v. t. মেজেনো-কু; তলবিশিষ্ট-কু; To furnish with a floor:
—আখাত-কু; নিকুত্তর-কু; Knock down; silence.

Floorcloth, flor'kloth, n. গৃহতলাচ্ছালনী; A piece of canvas oil-painted on both sides used as covering for a floor.

Floorer, n. বে তৰ্ক বাৰা কাহাকে নিকতৰ কৰা বাৰ; An argument or question which silences:—A blow which knocks down.

Flooring, n. ম+ ; গৃহত্ত্ব ; মেজে ; A platform :-পৃহত্ত্ব নিৰ্মাণের উপাদাৰ ; Materials for floors.

স্থাতিক, flora, n. pl. [ L. flos, floris, a flower ] বনবেবতা; পুলের অধিচাত্রী দেবী; The goddess of flowers:—দেশ-বিদেশের লতা-সমূহ; উদ্ভিক্ষের বিবরকী; The whole of the plants of a particular country; a catalogue of plants.

Floral, floral, a. পুলস্থীয়; পুলস্থীও; Pertaining to flora or flowers; containing the flowers.
Florescence, florescen, n. [ L. florescen, to begin to blossom ] পুলাবিকাশ বা তংকাল; A putting forth of flowers, the time when plants

Floret, fioret, n. প্ৰিকা; ক্ত পুলা, A floweret. Floriculture, fioricultur, n. ক্ৰের চাব; The cultivation of flowery plants:—ক্ত পোত্তালী; A fleet of small ships. a=floricultural. [A florist. Floriculturiet, floriculturiet, n. ক্ৰের চাবী, Florid, florid, a. পুলারুড; পুলামা; Covered with flowers; flowery:—বজিমাড, উক্লা; Red; bright in colour:—মলকুড; অনভারপূর্ণ; স্মাজত; Ornate; richly ornamental. n=floridness, flori-

nate; richly ornamental. n=floridness, floridity. ad=floridly. Syn:—Rubicund, sanguine; flashy, figurative.

Floriferous, flo-rif'er-us, a. [ I.. flos, floris,

flower, fero, to bear ] পুলোংগাদক; Bearing or producing flowers. [form of a flower. Floriform, florir-form, a. পূলাকার; Having the Florin, florin, n. [L. flos, flower] মুলা বিশেষ; প্রায় এক টাকার সমান বৌগ্য মূলা; An English silver coin; value, 25.

Florist, fibr'ist, ন. পুল-বিক্রেডা; কুলের চারী; Grower or seller of flowers:—পুলবিবরে নেধক, উদ্ভিত্তক নেধক; Writer on flowers.

Floss, flos, n. [ L. fluo, to flow ] রেশমের আলুগা

বুড়া (কেনো); A silken substance in the husks of certain plants. a=flossy.

Floss-silk, floś-silk, ল. নিকৃষ্ট বৃক্ষ বেশন; An inferior kind of silk.

Flotilla, flo-tila, n. [Fr. flotle, a fleet ] ছোট ছোট আংাজের বন্দর; A flat of small vessels.

Flotsam, flotsam, Flotson, flotson, n. বে মাল ৰলময় পোত হুইতে ভানিমা উট্টিয়াছে; Goods lost by shipwreck, and floating on the sea.

Flounce, flowns, v. i. উল্লাফন-কু; বড় কড়-কু; উলট পালট বেডায়; অসবিকেপ-কু; To spring, turn, twist with sudden effort to plunder; to plunge and struggle:—v. t. হাঁসিয়ার দিয়া সাজান; To deck with flounces:—n. অক্সাৎ অসনিকেপ; অস-স্কালন; A sudden jerking motion of the body Syn:—(v) Fling, wince, toss about; flounder, (n) Jerk, spring, throw; frill, furbelow.

Flounder, flowider, v. i. বড় কড়-ছ; অনুপ্রভাক্ত স্থানিত-ছ; To plunge and struggle as a horse in mire; to roll, toss, tumble:—n. মংস্য বিশেষ; A fish Syn:—(v) Wallow, tumble, roll, flounce, Flour, flowr, n. [L. flos. floris, a flower] স্বোধ্য-চূর্য; ময়দা; ছাড়; The finely-ground meals of wheat or any other grain:—v. t. চূর্য-ছ; চালা; ময়দা ছডাইরা দেওবা; To grind and bolt; to convert into, or sprinkle with flour.

Flourish of trumpets—নিক গৌরব প্রকাশক আড়ব্ব; Ostentatious and noisy display of one's importance.

Flourishing, flur'ish-ing, a. সমূদিশালী, সৌভাগ্য-শালী; বহিন্দু, আছৰবমুক্ত: Thriving, prosperous; making show. ad = flourishingly.

Flout, flowt, v. t. বিজ্ঞপ-কু, উপহাস-কু; অবজা-কু; To mock or insult, jeer; sneer:—v. i. বিজ্ঞপ-কু; To practise mocking; sneer:—n. অগমান; বিজ্ঞপ; অবজা; অবমাননা; Mock; an insult. Syn:—(v) Ridicule, mock, deride, taunt, gibe; be contemptuous.

Flow, flo, v. i. [L. fluere, to flow] প্ৰবাহিত-হ;
To move or run as water:—বহা; To move in a stream, as air:—ফ্র-হ; To melt:—চলাচল-হ;
To circulate, as the blood:—লম্মান-হ; বৃলিহা
গড়া; To hang loose:—লিংস্ত-হ; নিগত-হ
ভাটা-হ; To rise as the tide-opposed to cbb:
—v. f. মাবিত-ক; To inundate; flood, to cover with water:—n. প্রথম ; A pouring out:—
প্রবাহ; ব্রেড; A stream or current:—প্রাহুলঃ

পুডি ; Abundance : — সহলে ভাৰ অবাৰ ; মুক্ত কট বা প্ৰথাই ডিচ্চ ; Any gentle gradual, movement of thought, music &c., free expression :—খোৱাৰ ; The tidal setting in of water from ocean to shore. Syn:—(v) Stream, run, pour, roll on, sweep along i issue, emanate, proceed, spring from; arise, result from, be derived; glide, move smoothly; wave, hang loosely, undulate; be full, abound; inundate, overflow, deluge.

Flow with milk and honey—ममह स्रवंत जवारे चाटक, धनवाटक पूर्व ; स्रवंत चक्कटल चित्रविद्य-हः; Abound

in the best things of life.

Flower, flow'er, n. [L. flos, floris, flower]
কুল; পুলা; The blossom of a plant:—সাৰভাগ;
উৎকৃত্ব অংশ, Best part:—ৰাভ্যালকাৰ; ভাষার অলকাৰ; A figure of speech:—বিষয়া বাজিল বা বা The prime
of life:—বিষয়াভ ব্যক্তি বা বাছ; The person or
thing most distinguished:—v. t. পুলিভ-কৃ; পুলা
বারা বজ্জিত-কৃ; To adorn with figures or flowers.
—v. i. পুলিভ-কৃ; মুক্লিভ-কৃ, উৎকুল-ক; To blossom; to flourish. Syn:—(n) Bloom, blossom,
gem, cream, ornament, best; beauty, freshness,
vigour; figure of speech.

Flower-bed -- কুহমাতরণ। [ opened flower. Flower-bud, flow'er-bud, n. কুহম-ক্লি; An Flower stalk--পুলারত।

In flower - क्ष्मिष , পूलित।

Flowerst, flow'er-ct, n. ज्य गूज ; A little flower; a floret. [ no flowers.

Flowerless, flow'er-less, s. পুলাইন; Having Flowers, flo'erz, n pl [ L. flos, a flower ] বজ্-খনন, চিত্রিত মুমাকর; Menstrual discharges, ornamental printing types used chiefly for borders around pages, cards, &c.

Flowery, flow'er-i, a পুৰ্ণাৰ : ক্ষ্য-সন্ধিত , Full of or adorned with flowers :—ৰপক্ষয় ; অবজাৱ-পূৰ্ব ; Florid ; highly embellished with figurative language. n=floweriness. Syn:—Bloomy, figurative, florid, ornate, decorated.

Plowing, flö'ing, a. প্রব্যান; অবাধ, Moving as a fluid; fluent or smooth. ad=flowingly. n=flowingness.

Flown, flon, pa. p. of fly.

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Fluctuate, fluk-tū-āt, v. i. [L. fluctus, a wave, fluo, to flow] পোলাহমাৰ-হ, আনিচ্ড-ছ, আছির শ্বৰ-ই, To rise and fall; to waver; to hesitate. Syn:—Oscillate, undulate, vacillate.

Pluctuation, fluk-tu'-āshun, n. অহিরতা; চাক্লা; Rising and falling; unsteadiness; agitation.

Flue, floo, n. ধুমার্গ; ধুম-মল; Chimney tube or shaft; smoke-pipe:—কোমল পালক, Soft down, fur or hair.

Fluency, floren-si, n. বাৰুপট্ডা; অবাৰ ভাষৰ; Eloquence; volubility. Syn:—Smoothness, facility, ready utterance.

Fluent, fioo'ent, a. [ L. fluo, to flow ] বাছপটু; Ready in the use of words; voluble; copious; smooth:—প্ৰবৃহসাৰ; Flowing. ad-fluently. Syn: —Liquid, gliding, current; easily flowing; glib. Fluid, fioo'id. n, ক্ৰীয় প্ৰাৰ্থ; ভয়ৰ ক্ৰমু; A liquid :-- a. वनीय ; चत्रन ; यांगीय ; Liquid or gauder ous ( opposed to solid ). n=fluidity.

Fluidity, নিত-idi-ti, Fluidness, নিতে'id-nes, ল. ভাৰতা; A liquid or gaseous state, opposed to solidity.

Fluke, flook, n. বংস্কবিশেষ; কীটবিশেষ; A flounder, a parasitic worm:—নক্ষের বে ভাগ স্থিকাতে আবদ্ধ হয়; The part of an anchor which fastens in the ground.

Flume, floom, n. [A. S flum, a stream; L. fluo, to flow] পেৰণ্য-পরিচালক কলনালী. A passage or channel for the water that drives a mill-wheel.

Flummery, flumer-i, n. [W. llym, severe]
খাদ্যবিশেষ; নীয়স ক্ষৰা; A sort of jelly made from
the husks of oats; anything insipid:—ক্ষৰা
ভোষামোদ বাকা; Empty compliment. Syn:—
Porridge, sowens; mere flattery, nonsense,
froth, trash.

Flung, pa t. and pa. p. of fling.

Flunk, v.i. অকৃতকাৰ্থা-ছ; To fail, back out through fear:—n অকৃতকাৰ্থাতা; A failure (slang). Flunky, Flunkey, flung'ki, n. ভ্তা; অনুচয়; নাচপ্ৰবৃত্তির ভোষামোদকাৰী ব্যক্তি; Livery servant; footman, slavish follower; a mean cringing fellow. n=flunkyism.

Fluor, floo'or, n. [ L. fluo, to flow ] সুৰূষ বনিৰ পদাৰ্থ বিৰেম ; A beautiful mineral, often crystallised; also called *Fluor-spar. a*—fluoric.

Fluorine, নিত'or-in, p.i. এক প্রকার মৌলিক পদার্থ ; An elementary substance obtained chiefly from fluor.

Flurry, flur'i, n. সংবাধ প্রবৃত্ত ; দৰকা বাতান ; Gust of wind; sudden blast :—বাহুলতা ; ব্যুত্তা ; চক্ষ্ লতা ; Violent; agitation; commotion; bustle :
—v. t. ব্যুহ্ল-কু; চক্ষ্-কু; To agitate; to excite.
Syn:—(n) Gust, flaw, squall; flutter, tumult, confusion, hurry.

Flush, flush, n. [ L. fluo, to flow ] (44; 4(4)) तांग : भश्रास्थ वक्ष्यवांर रुष्ट्र बक्तियां ; Rush ; glow ; sudden flow of blood to the face :- (वन , जांक-त्रिक উত্তেজन। वा बोखि; Sudden impulse :- मुक्त ; উৎकृत्रजा ; Bloom :—आह्या ; Abundance :—v. i. (बार्य बाविज-इ; To rush:--क्रज आश्रमन-इ; To come in haste :- इक्सि वर्ग- इ: पुत्र नाज- इ: To become red in the face :-- बाक्त-इ; To agitate : -गर्मा अवाहिज-इ; To flow suddenly:-एडोर शैखि भावता; To glow:-- v. t. दक्तिमावर्ग-कृ; To redden :- উল্লাসিড-কু; To excite with joy :--প্ৰকিপ্ত জাল বৌত-তৃ; Wash with water thrown on plentifully :-- a. প্রকৃত্ন; উৎকৃত্ন; সভেন্ন; Fresh; glowing; full of vigour. Syn: -(v) Blush, glow; excite, animate, elate, elevate. (a) Fresh, bright; affluent, rich, wealthy; liberal, prodigal, lavish; level, even, plane, flat.

Flush of স্কুৰ; Abundant; prodigal. Flushed with victory—অনোৱানিত।

Fluster, fluster, স. গোলমাল; বিশুখলা; Confusion, hurry:—০. i. গোলমাল-ফু; ব্যক্ত হু; To bustle, to be agitated:—০. f. ব্যাক্লিড-ফু; উদ্ভেজ্ত-কু; To make hot and confused. Syn:—Excite, heat, worrry, ruffle, flurry, confuse.

Flute, flost, n. [ L. flo, flatum, to blow ] [3]; वानी : वरनीनानी ; A pipe, fluting :- v. i. त्व याजान ; वःनीकनि-क ; To play the flute.

Fluter, flooter, Flutist, flawtist, n. a Ti वाकां ; वः नीवां क ; A flute-player.

Fluting, flooring, n. वक्तांबह नानी ; A channel,

as on a pillar, a flute.

Flutter, fluter, v. i. [ A. S. flotorian, to float about ] शक्त्रकालन-क ; छाना नाछा , Flap the wings .- कन्नमान-इ , मक्शनिष-इ , To vibrate , to palpitate -- क्का-इ; जाक्ज-इ, To agitate -- v. t ৰিয় ৰাড়া ; To vibrate or move quickly :—কোতিত-কু; বিশৃথাল-কু; প্রমাদ পাতিত-কু, To agitate, disorder, throw into confusion :- n. 5 7 4, Vibiation, motion -- हक्नडा ; शीनशन ; श्री न्यांत्र . ভাছাতাতি , Agitation ; confusion , hurry - ক্র অসংগত গভি: Quick and irregular motion Syn:-(v) Hover, vibrate, quiver, flaunt disorder, (n) Tremor, hurry, tumult.

Fluvisi, floo'vi-al, Fluvistic, floo-vi-atik a मनी अवकीत्र, कन्यांगर कांच ; Growing or living in

streams or ponds.

Flux, fluks, n [L. fluo, to flow ] art; Act of flowing -পৰিবৰ্তন; ক্ৰন্ত পৰ্বায়, Change, quick succession '-নি:সত পৰাৰ্থ, Matter discharged —ভোষার, The flow of the tide: - v f. দ্র-কু. To melt: to fuse n = fluxation Syn:-(n)Motion, flow, mutation, transition; dysentery, diarrhær, looseness

Bloody flux - बङ्गियांच्य , Dysentry

Fluxation, fluks-áshun, n প্রবহণ; বি:সবণ, The act of passing away and giving place to another Fluxible, fluksi-bi, a विश्वनीय; Capable of being melted. n=fluxibility

Fluxion, flutshun, n. প্রবাহ, Flow: -ভাসমান বস্তু, The matter that flows -- আৰ ; নি:সরণ, D.scharge :- श्रीदर्शनीया ; A difference or

Fly, fli, v. i. উड़िया-या, डिडडेयमान-इ: Move through the air with wings -- 13 144-7, Move rapidly like a bird : - প্ৰায়ন-ক ; To flee - বিদাৰ্গ ₹, To part, burst in pieces - 15-₹. To pass away -পক্ষপাৰৰ-কু, To flutter, to vibrate v t. পরিহার-কু , পরিভাগ-কু ; To avoid, flee from —উভ্নাৰ-কু, উভাৰ, To cause to fly, as a kite - n मिका . माहि . Fying insect - यान दिर्भव . A kind of light carriage - बन्ना क्रिक ठिक विस्थत . A fly-wheel. Syn: - (v) Mount, soar, hover, waye; undulate, pass, slip, glide, elapse, escape, decamp, abscond, explode, be scat-

Crush & fly on & wheel-মশা মারিতে কামান পাতা; Same as, to crack a nut with a steam [ to place Fly about—ইতন্তঃ উডিফা-বা , Fly from place Fly at-वाज्यन-कृ, जाज्यनार्थ यहारवर्श बांबयान-ह ; Rush or fall on suddenly, attack; spring to-

wards one, rush on one. Fly away - প্ৰায়ন- ; Depart ; escape. Fly away with-नहेंबा दांख्या ; Carry off. Fly back-अञानिय-क , Return. 1 ly back from—assists, Retract.

Fly off, Fly off from-भनावन-कृ; Diverge; escape :-- ब्रांजविष्टाशंहवन-कृ ; Revolt.

Fly in the face—ভুচ্ছ-কু; অপমান-কু; Act in defiance of; insult.

Fly in the face of danger—विश्रपत मणुबीन-₹; To run rashly into danger.

Fly into s passion—村 李明·天; Become suddenly angry. [ escape observation. Fly low-tracted that; Keep quiet so as to Fly off at a tangent—ইডেজিড-হ; To be excited or hasty in action.

Fly on or upon—चाङगन-कृ; Attack.

Fly open—বলপুৰ্বক খোলা; Open suddenly or with violence.

Fly out—বেগে ধাবিত-হ, Rush out :- ক্রোধারিত-হ; कुष र , Burst into anger ; burst into a passion. Fly round- नीम व्योदा , Move round swiftly.

Fly to-খাৰমা; আপিশ-কু, Go to, appeal to Let fly—更切, Discharge.

The fly on the coach wheel-One who funcies himself of mighty importance, who in reality is of none at all.

Fly-boat, flibot, n. ক্রগামী নৌকা, ভিপ, A long, narrow boat used on canals :- (A) A light canal boat. [ The egg of a fly. Fly-blow, fli'blo, n. बिकात डिए, बिकाद बड़; Fly-blown, fliblon, a. मिंडन's पृथिक, Tainted with the eggs that produce maggot .

Fly-catcher, flikacher, n. मिक्- कुक श्री-वित्यव , What catches flies , a bird

Fly-fish, fli'-fi h, v. s. मिक्क किया मश्मा पुड-क ; মাছিৰ টোপে মাছ-ৰ ; Angle for fish with a fly 1= fly-fishing.

Fly-leaf, fli'lef, n. পুরকের আরম্ভ ও শেখে জন্মব শুদ্ধ পত্ৰ, পুতকের অভিবিক্ত সাদা পত্ৰ, A blank leaf at the beginning and end of a book.

Fly-wheel, fli'hwel, n. গতি নিয়ানৰ চক্ৰ, যথেৰ অতিৰিক্ত চক্ৰ বিশেষ, Wheel to equalise motion, a heavy wheel in machinery to equalise the effect of the moving power.

Flying-bridge, n. Temporary budge. Flying-camp, n Temporary camp.

Flying-colours, n sq, Triumph

Flying-fish, fling-fi-h, n 429 faceta. Gusta-मान महमा , A kind of fish , a fish which can leap from the water and sustain itself in the air for a short time by its long pectoral fins as if flying Flying report or rumour—जनका ; A current story passing from one person to another. Flying-squirrel, fling-skwirel, n. Essa-

मानी कार्शवसान, लक्ष्यमानमध्यं कार्शवसान ; A leaping squirrel.

Come off with flying colours-क्यो-इ ; Conclude an undertaking in triumph, to be successful or triumphant.

No flying without wings--गांवन विना निक लांड इम ना , Nothing can be done without the proper means.

Foal, fol, n. अवनावक : नर्क्छनावक : Coit or filly : the young of a she-ass :- v. t. and v i ( ) भावक वा शर्मां अभावक) धानव क , To bring forth a colt or filly.

Foem, film, a (FF), Froth , spume - s . (FF) हैंगे , तक्त्रपत्र-इ . To gather foam , to form foam - त्वाशांत्रिक-र , क्लिक-र , To be in a rage - # क्लिन-कृ, जवान जाकार निक्ल-कृ, To cause to foam, to throw out with rage or violence ad= foamingly amfoamless. Syn -Spume, froth, SDTAV.

To form at the mouth—কোৰে উন্নত-হ , To be

beside one s self with rage

Fosmy, form a नत्कन (कनमन , Frothy. Fob, fob, n वि वाशियांव स्मय या छाडे अत्कडे, A little pocket for a watch -v t stolati-7, To

[ put aside cheat Fob off- or aid To shift off by an artifice Focal, to'kal, a दक्तीय , दक्तमयक्रीय , Belonging a focus, to concentrate to a focus Focalise, fo kal-ız v t (本西市5-年, To bring to Focus, fo kus, n [L focus, a hearth] (本書書

( Point where ravs meet in or through a lass , any central point - v t কেন্দ্রীভূত কু , To b ng to a focus n plaFocuses foci (fo'si)

Fodder, foder n [A S foda, food] প্ৰৱ আহাৰ अवा , গতৰ ( ज्नामि ) बामा , Drv food for cattle -ए t श्रुष्टक आशंब-ए , खुनानि धानान-कृ , To feed cattle with dry food

Foe, fo n [A S få fåh, from flogan to hate] পক, বিশৃষ্, An enemy Syn -Antagonist, adversary, opposer, opponent

Foeman, luman n मांगविक भाक , गूर्ड প্ৰতিপন , To, An enemy in war

Footus-See fetus

Fog, fog n 李英司版本 , Thick mist -v t 東西 ৰাটিৰাছের কু, To envelop as, with fog

Fog, fog Foggage, fog aj n अथम (इनस्तर भव বৃদ্ধির তুপ, After grass, grass that grows in autumn after the hav is cut

Fogbank, log'bangk, n উत्तउन्नज्ञागदर পरिवज्ञमान मधुद्धांषिष्ठ बान्नातानि . A dense mass of watery vapour sometimes seen at sea appearing like a bank of land

Fog-signal, fog'sig'nal n কুল্মটিকাকালে ব'বছত न्य-भार An audible signal used during a fog when visible signals cease to be of usc

Foggy, fog i a कूबबहिकांछ्ड कूछवहिकांयर आज , Misty , cloudy , damp — স্বাস্থ্য হীৰপ্ৰভ Dull Sun obscure ad=loggily, n=logginess Hazy , dazed, confused stupid

Fogy, logi, Fogie Fogey, n অক্ষৰ অৰ্থণা বৃদ্ধ बाकि । निर्दिशंष वृक्त , त्मरकरन वृद्धा , A dull old fel low , a person behind the times , one with anu [ contempt , fie qualed nations

Foh. 10 n fe, samiyon vafa, Euclamation of Forble, forbl, n [O by forble weak ] 至何可 , Failing moral weakness infirmity, defect Syn -Fault, imperfection, infirmity franky, failing

Foil, foil n [ F fou'er, to tread under one s feet ] wa , farmel egrea, Defeat balk , miscarrage - অতীক্ব অসি , ভোঁতা ভলওয়াৰ , A blunt swad ( used in fencing ) — मर्नाम भातम , Quick silver on a looking glass —ए ई विक्ल कु , निक्ल-कृ शर्व-कृ, व्यव्याद-कृ, निवान-कृ, To frustrate. to disappoint if to defeat, to puzzle. Syn - (v) Baffle, balk, counteract.

Foil, foil n [L folium, a leaf] affet ale. Thin leaf, plate of metal - The Tea, Any thing which serves to set off some thing else.

Be the foil to one— শোডा वर्षक इ, अन वर्षक इ, Serve the purpose of setting off one s powers to advantage

Forst, foist, v t [ F fausser, to falsify ] deter-कु, ( मिशारक ) मठा विलग्न होलान , Insert surreptitiously, introduce fallaciously, to interpolate

Fold, fold, n [ A S fealdan, to fold ] sie , পোহারা, Double, a doubling of any flexible substance —মেবলালা, খোঁলাড়, Pen for sheep ---মেবদল মেবের পাল ; A flock of sheep —शुष्टीय पर्-मिनत , ककनानय , The church - खन , Times or repetition --আলিখন, Embrace - v t ভাজ-কু. आंवक क, To lay one part over another double —व्यावस कृ, To shut up —v : डांक-र, बावस-रू. To become folded or double -ad 39, 315. Times, as in Twofold Syn -(v) Enfold, inclose, wrap, envelop, double

Fold one's arms—निटच्छे-इ, Remain inactive. Foldage, olda, n (भवानि भावस कविवाद सरिकाद.

The right of folding

Folding, folding, a sites (191), Capable of being folded or doubled -n with, chails with क्रम, A fold or plant, the keeping of sheep in inclosures on arable land

Folisceous, fo-lifshus, a [ L. folium, a leaf ] পাত্ৰৰ পাত্ৰৰ, Belong to or having the form of a leaf

Foliage, fo'h-ai n [L folium, a leaf ] পরব . প্ৰসমূহ , Cluster of leaves a=foliaged

Foliaged, foli-aid, a প্রভাছাকারে রচিত. Worked like foliage

Foliate, তি'li-at v f দভার পারা মাধান, বাভৰ পাত্তে আচ্ছাদিত কু, To spread over with a thin coat of tin and quick silver, to cover with leaf [ of plates or thin layers Foliated, fo'li at-ed, a wa abo, Consisting Foliation, তি-li áshun n পিটিয়া পাত করা , পতা

कारक जांचा , I he act of beating into a thin plate Foliferous, fo-lif er us a [L fo.11m, a leaf, and fero, to bear | 9to189194, Producing leaves

Folio, fo'li-0 n [L. folium a leal ] ভাজ করা কাগজ, উক্ত কাগজের বই , Leaf of a book , page book of sheets once doubled, a sheet of paper once folded -ছিলাৰ বহিৰ এক পাতা A page in an account book -a এক ভাঁতেৰ কাপৰ ঘটিত , Per taining to or formed of paper folded but once Foliole, foli ol n [L folium, a leaf] 40 one single leaf of a compound leaf

Folious. fo h us, a Mann, Man Ten, Leafy, thin like a leaf

Folk, fok, n लाक, अनमाधात्रव, बाक्टि विरमव, Mankind, people in general, a nation, the people certain people

Folkland, fokland, # गांशांत्र कृति ( मदकादी कवि Land granted to private persons by a written charter.

Folk lore, n. কোৰ প্ৰস্থাৰত উপাধানিক আৰ; আটীৰ বীড়াদিৰ আৰ; Knowledge of popular tales and legends.

Folk mote-वन्दा; आभागमिति ; An assembly [versel; a gland. of the people. Follicle, foli-kl, n वीकाकाव: बीबाबाब: Seed Follow, fold, v f [ A S. folian, to move or walk behind] अनुमद्ग-ढु; मान मान योख्या; अनुभयन-\*; To go after or behind ; to pursue :- 42449-ক ; To imitate :—পালব-কু ; To obey ·—উংপন্ন-ই ; To result from - (Pel : Man- , To watch, as a receding object .-- অর্থ গ্রহণ-কু, To understand the meaning, connection or force :-- পাইতে চেপ্তা-क ; To strive to obtain :-- अनुभीतम-कृ ; To attend upon closely as a profession -- ত. i পকালামী-इ ; अपूर्णमा इस्पा ; উर्वद इस्य ; To come after another; to go after another; to result. Syn :-Succeed, come next; chase; attend, accompany; heed, observe; seek, cherish, cultivate; imitate, copy; ensue, result, proceed, arise, [ closely. flow, issue.

Follow about—অভাস-তৃ , অধুণীলন-তৃ ; Attend Follow after—পরবর্তী-ছ ; Ensue, succeed.

Follow from Sang-s, Result from.

Follow in the foot steps of—অৰ্কৰণ-কৃ. To imitate; to copy after; to take as an example. Follow in the train or wake of—সলে সঙ্গে আসা, পিছু বিছু আসা; পশ্চাৰতী হওৱা, Succeed; come along with.

Follow on, Follow upon—গণাৰতী-ই; Succeed:—কানিজনে চেট্ট-কু; Continue endeavours Follow one's nose—টিক নোজা-বা; Go straight on:—পৰিশান বা ভাবিয়া কাৰ্য্য-কু; Go on and on without any direction or thought of consequences.

Follow out—বিকাৰ-ক ; Accomplish —ভন্ন ভয় করিলা অন্তস্কান-ক ; Trace or ascertain to the end Follow suit—অনুত্রণ-ক ; একই ভাবাপর-২ , অন্তের দুৱাবাহুলামী-ই ; Imitate , follow the example of others ; behave in the same manner.

Follow up—শ্র্থান-কৃ; শক্রণক্ষকে কডকটা প্রাপ্তব করিয়া আরও করের আশা করা; Pursue closeby; make the most of a victory or advantage gained by pursuing (an enemy) —কাজে লাগান, Improve, as to follow up the advantage.

Pollower, folo-er, n. শিবা; সহচর; অবুচর; অবু-ক্রণকারী; A disciple; a companion; an imitator, a copier. Syn:—Dependent, attendent, retainer, associate; adherent, partisan.

Following, folo-ing, a. প্ৰাৰ্থী; Coming next after :—n. অপুবারিবর্গ; Body of followers.

Folly, foli, n. [Fr. fol, foolish] মুৰ্জা; নিৰ্ক্ জ্বো: Foolishness; foolery. Syn:—Imbecility, fatuity, stupidity, dulness; absurdity, extravagance, imprudence, nonsense.

Foment, fo-ment, v. t. [L. foveo, to warm]
সেক-যে; ভাষা আনে গেক্-যে; ডাপ-যে; To cherish
with heat; to bathe with warm water:—উত্তজিভ-কু; To excite; to abet; to encourage, n=
fomentation, fo-men-tashun, n. উম্বানে সেক
বেনা; A bathing with warm, medicated water;

a lotion applied hot :- TGGG; Encouragement.

Fond, fond, a. [O. Eng. fonne. to be foolish M. E. fon, a fool.] আসন্ত ; অনুবালী; অভ্যন্ত বেছ-প্রায়ণ; Foolishly tender and loving; weakly indulgent; very affectionate. n=fondness, adefondly. Syn:—Weak, indiscreet, trifling; foolishly tender, deting, indulgent; long ardently. Fond of—অনুবালী; Relishing highly.

Fondle, fondl, v. t. MING- 7; MININ- 7; To caress; to treat with tenderness. Sym:—Dandle, pet.

Fondling, fondling, n. ভালবাৰার বাজি বা বছ; মেখণাত্র; বোহাগের পাত্র; A person or thing fondled or caressed; favourite. [fount; basin. Font, font, n. উৎস; কুভ; Baptismal vessel; Font, font, Fount, fownt, n. কুলাকর; An assortment of types.

Taken to the font-ৰ্টাচ ধৰ্মে নীছিত-কু; Food, তিতা, গাণ্য জন্ম : জন্ম সাম্জী; Eatables; victuals --পোৰণ; পোৰক; পনিবৰ্ধক; Anything that sustains, nourishes and augments. a= foodless. Syn:—Ailment, sustenance, nutriment, feed, fare, victuals, provisions.

Food and raiment—आमाळापन ।

Food for powder—त्निक-পूक्त ; Soldier.

Forbidden fruit - 可可!

Fool, fool, n. [F. fol, fon, foolish] factite; yof. One wanting in understanding, an idiot — 香田 : A jester:—文章 可语 ; A silly or wicked person.—v. t. 安西村子 : To deceive, to cheat:—v. i. 文章 表 可可 : To play the fool, to act like a fool, to trifle, Syn:—(n) An idiot, a natural, simpleton, dunce, jester, buffoon, clown, antic, mountebank.

Every man hath a fool in his sleeve—কেচ নকল সমূহে জানী থাকে লা; No one is always wise Form fool—বে আপনাকে হাসালাত করে; A person who makes himself ridiculous.

Fool away—অপ্চয়-ক, Lavishly spend in triffes, idleness.

Fool's-errand, foolier'and, ন. অপকা কৰেঁর উদ্যোগ; বামনের চাদ ধৰা; তুর্লন্ত বিববে চেট্টা; বেক্ষ্মণা কাল; A silly or fruitless enterprise; the pursuit of what cannot be found, a foolish errand, an errand on which one would send a fool; search for what cannot be found; an foolish and profitless adventure.

Fool one to the top of one's bent—ৰাজ্য করে বোকা বানান; Fool as much as possible:— ৰতন্ত্ৰ হ'টতে পাৱে কাহ'বিও বেয়াল তৃত্ত করা; Humour one to the utmost possible extent.

Fool out of—ৰঞ্চিড- ই ; Cheat. [ delights. Fool's paradise—বিৰোধেৰ মৰ্গ ; Place of vain Fool with—অভাবণা-ই ; Delude ; balk.

Fools build houses, and wise men buy them—জানীরা নির্কোধের অধিতাচারের কল ভোগ করে; Wise men reap the benefit of the extravagance of the foolish.

Fools give feasts and wise men eat them
—मूर्वदा वालता, जानीवा बाह ।

Make a fool of one-रागा नर-क ; संशाद

আহাল্যক হালাৰ ; বোকা হালাৰ ; নিৰ্বোধ সাজাৰ ; Cause one to appear ridiculous.

Play the fool—ব্ৰেৰ্ণত কাৰ্য্-কু; Act hke a fool. To have fool for one's client—বিজে নিজের ওকালতী করা বাতুলতা মাত্র, It is very foolish for any one to plead his own cause, before a court. Foolery, coler-i, n. নিক্ৰিডা; মুৰ্ভা; Habitual

folly, absurdity.

Foolbardy, foolhar'di, a. ছু:সাহসিক; অস্তার সাহসী; হঠকারী; গোঁলার; Foolishly bold; madly rash. n =foolhardiness. Syn:—Rash, venturesome, precipitate, headlong, incautious, reckless.

Foolish, তৈতীঙা, a. বুৰ্ণ; নিৰ্কোণ; হাব্যাপন; Weak in intellect; wanting discretion; ridiculous; sinful. n=foolishness, ad=foolishly. Syn — Absurd, shallow-brained, brainless, simple, irrational, idiotic, senseless, nonsensical; unwise, absurd, indiscreet, incautious, vain, trifling - Foolsoap, foolskap, n. এক একাৰ কাৰক, A long

folio paper about 13 by 16 inches.

Foot, foot, n. পদ; That part of the body of an animal on which it stands or walks:—পদমুল; পদত্ব, The base:—পরিমাণ বিশেষ, A measure consisting of 12 inches:—পদাকিক দৈয়া; Footsoldiers —চবণ, ছম্মের পাদ, A division of a line of poetry —v. t. পদাম্বাজ্ঞ ক, চবণে দলি জ্ঞু, To kick, to tread —v. ঃ বৃত্য-কু, ভাবে ভাবে নাতা, গাম্ম-কু; পদব্দে পম্ম-কু, To dance, to walk, tread to measure or music. Syn:—(n) Paw, tread to measure or music. Syn:—(n) Faw, the foot of—ভলাৱ:পাদ্দেশ, At the base of Bo on foot—ভলিবেছে, Bein process of execution; be in progress.

By foot or on foot-tibut, By walking.

Foot a bill-Pay a bill.

Foot it- পদন 季, To walk on.

Foot to foot- to stre ; In a hostile attitude.

Go on foot--- পদবক্ত-বা ।

Have the measure of one's foot—কাহাৰও মনের দৌড় জানা; Know the exact calibre of one's mind.

On foot-পাওতনে; By walking (without carriage) —গাড়িরে পাড়িরে, Not on horseback

Put one's best foot or leg forward—কাষ-মনোবাকো চেষ্টা-কু, Make one's best endervours or exertions. [land in.

Set foot in, Set foot on — পদাৰ্পণ-কু, Come to, Set on foot— আরম্ভ-কু, Put in motion, start; commence. [Be familiar with any work

Set one's foot in—কোন কাষ্য বিশেষকপে জাত-হ, With one foot in the grave—মৃতকল, On

the verge of grave.

Foot-ball, footbawl, n. ক্ৰীড়া বিশেষ; এক প্ৰকাষ কাপা বন; An inflated ball, to be kicked about in sport: sport of kicking; sport with this ball.

Foot-boy, footboy, n. ভ্তা; নামান্ত অবুচর বা ভ্তা; A serving lad; an attendant in livery. Foot-bridge, footbrij, n. কুল পোল; বাত্রীদিশের

B'Oot-bridge, tootbrij, % কুল পোল; যাত্রাদিনের জন্ম নত্ত্বীদ নেতু; A narrow bridge for foot-passengers only.

Foot-fall, footfawl, n পদবিকেপ; পদকেপ . A foot-step, tread of the foot .--পদস্থলন . A misstep.

Foot-guards, footgardz, n. pl. পদাতিক সৈম্ভ; পদাতিক বন্ধিদল; The soldiers that serve on foot; guards of infantry.

Boot-hold, n. বাহাৰ উপরে নিরাপদে পা বাধা বার; পদস্থাপন স্থান; That which sustains the foot; that on which one may tread securely; space for the fect to stand on.

Foot-licker, n. ভোৰানোৰকাৰী; চৰণ-সেবক; A Foot-light, foot-lit, n. নাট্য-মন্দিরাদির আলোক; One of a row of lights in front of the stage in a theatre, &c., and on a level therewith.

Foot-man, foot-man, n. প্ৰাতিক সৈত্য : Foot-soldier; a soldier who marches and fights on foot .—কৃত্য, A male servant who attends the door, carriage, stable &c. :—সাধাত ভূতা; Waiter in livery; a servant in livery. n. pl = footmen.
Foot-mark, footmark, Footprint, footprint,

n পদতিক, Mark or print of a foot, track
Foot-note, n পুঠার দিয়ের দীকা; A note of reference at the foot of a page.

Foot-pad, footpad, n. গ্ৰা; হৰণৰ গ্ৰা; A highway man or robber on foot; a robber on foot, who frequents public roads.

Foot-passenger, footpasen-jer, n. প্ৰিক; One who travels on foot.

Foot-rot, footrot, n. মেবেৰ পারে বা , মেবের পারের ক্ষন্ত , Ulcer in the feet of sheep.

Foot-rule, footrool, n. এক ফুট; পরিমাণ বিশেষ; A measure twelve inches in length, a 12th inch measure.

Foot-soldier, footsöljer, n. পদাভিক দৈয়; One serving on foot, a soldier that serves on foot.
Foot-sore, a. Having tender or sore-feet as

Foot-sore, a. Having tender or sore-feet as from much walking.

Footstall, footstawl, n. বীলোকের (বোড়ার চডিবার) বেকাব , A woman's stirrup.

Foot-step, footstep, n. পদবিক্ষো; পদচিক ; পদ-নিম্পুন ; Mark of the foot, track ; visible sign of a course pursued. Syn:—Footprint, footmark, trace, token, mark, vestige, sign.

Footsteps, footsteps, n. pl. গতি; পথ; দুৱাত; Course; example.

Tread in the foot-steps—কাহাৰত দুৱাৰ শৰ্-কর্ণ-কু; limitate the example of.

Foot-stool, n. aty-at ; Stool for the foot.

Footing, footing, n. পাদবিকেপ হান; পদহাপৰ হান, মূল, Ground for the foot, place for the foot to rest on; firm foundation to stand on:
আপেকিক অবস্থা, Relative condition:—পদবিকেপ;
Footstep:—অবস্থিতি; Position:—নৃত্য; Dance:—
হতার কিতা, Plain cotton lace. Syn:—Basis, foundation, ground-work; standing, status, position, condition; settlement, establishment, stable position, addition, summation, sum total.
Be on good footing with the world—
সংসাবে বিক্তাবে চলা; Stand well with the world.
Gain footing, n. অধিকার প্রাপ্ত-হ; Obtain possession of something which is to form the basis

of future operations.

Make good one's footing—ম্বিকার বৃদ্ধাপে স্থাপন-ক ; বীৰপদ স্থান্ধী (কামেনী) করিবা লগমা; Establish firmly or securely one's position.

On a footing with— नवां वर्षा ; In a like condition or state with.

স্তৃত্য, fop, n. [ Dut. foppen, to cheat, mock ]
পরিচ্ছদাভিষাধী; ফুলবাৰু; Coxcomb; dandy. Syn:
—Puppy, prig.

Fopling, fop'ling, n. নামান্ত ক্ৰবাৰ; A petty fop. Foppory, fop'er-i, n. বাব্দিরি; বেশভ্বাপ্রিরতা; পরিজ্ঞান্ত আভ্যন্ত : Vanity in dress or manners; affectation; coxcombry; folly.

Foppish, fop'ish, a. বেশভুবা-প্রিয়; খোন-পোবাকী, আড়বন্ধিয়; Vain of dress; ostentatious in dress; affected in manners. ad=foppishly, n=foppishness. Syn:—Finical, spruce, dandyish, dandified, coxcombical, dressy.

For, for, pre. জন্ত; On account of: —বদলে; পরিবর্জে, Instead of; in the place of: —তত্রাচ, দরেজ্ ; In spite of: —অনুনোধ, জন্ত : নাপক, For the sake of; in favour of: —অভিমুখে: Toward, in the direction of: —হইখা; As being —উপকাৰাৰ্থ; Beneficial to:—সহকে: As for: অনুসকাৰাৰ্থ; দক্তব্যে । In quest of: —বাণিরা: Duriny: —পুৰদ্ধারাৰ্থ; কতিপুরণে: In recompense of:—conj. জন্ত ; মেহত্ত ; Because, since, on this account; by the reason that.

As for — বলিতে গেলে; স্বৰে; পকে; So far as concerns. | without a doubt

For a dead certainty— নিশ্চয়ই; Assuredly: For a song—ভাবি দ্বা; Very cheaply

For an age - অধিক দিন ব্যাপিয়া; A long time.

For all-ACTS; Notwithstanding.

For all the world—কোন কারণেই; For any consideration whatever.

For all that—series; selfer, in spite of, notwith-tanding all that has taken place.

For as much, for'az-much, conj. cetse; Because that.

For as much as-(राष्ट्रपू , Because.

For aye-চিরকানের জন্ম ; Always ; eternally.

For ever, for-ever, ad চিৰকাৰ্শ্ৰ হন্ত, অনস্তকাল গায়ন্ত, অনস্তকাল বাণিয়া; For all time to come, to eternity; through endless ages

For ever and a day—সকল সমধেই; At all times For good—সংগীৰূপে: Permanently

For life—আজাবন; বাবং জীবনের জন্ম; As long as lite lasts. [Through many dave For many a long day—অনেক দিন ব্যাপিশ).

For many a long day—অনেক াদন বাগাণা।.
For ought I know ্তেপুর আমি জানি; Nothing that I know is against it; as far as I know.

For ought one knows—বতদৰ একজন জানে, One does not know to the contrary; as far as one knows.

For shame—লজিত হওৱা উচিত; You should be For the better—ভালৰ স্বস্ত; Resulting in a better condition of affairs.

For the most part—niniers: ; Generally.

For the nonce— এখনকার জন্ত; For the present time or purpose. [that; with the view. For the purpose of—এই প্ৰতিপ্ৰায়ে; In order

For the time being—এবৰার বয়; For the

For the worse—acra we: Resulting in a

For to—অভিপ্ৰাৱে; In order to. [concerned.
I for one—আমাৰ নিজেৱ কথা ধরিলে; As far as I am
Were it not for—খদি ভাৱা লা হইভ ভাৱা হইলে;
যদি এনা হইভ ভাৱা হইলে; If it were not for.

Forage, for ai, n. যাস: অবাদির বাল: Food for cattle:—ধাদ্যক্রবাদির অনুসন্ধান; ধাদ্যাবেবণ; আহার সংস্থান; Search of provisions; the act of providing food:—r. i. থাল্যক্রবাধির অনুসন্ধানার্থ লমন-ফু; বলপ্রক অবাদির থাল্য সংগ্রহ-ফু: Wander in search of provisions or plunder; to wander about and forcibly carry off food for horses and cattle:—v. t. নুঠন-ফু; নুঠ-ফু: To plunder: n=forager.

Foraging party-লুগনাৰ্থ খেৰিত দল; A party sent out for forage.

Foramen, fo-ramen, n. [L. foro, to pierce] few; A hole; a little opening; a small opening. Foraminated, fo-raminated, Foraminus, to-raminus, a niew; Having small holes; porous.

Foray, Forray, for'a. n. আক্সিক আক্সণ; আক্ মণ, A sudden incursion into an enemys country; a raid. Syn:—Inroad, irruption, hostile incur-

Forbade, for-bad, pa t. of forbid.

Forbear, for-bur', v. ঃ. নিবৃত্ত-ছ; বিষত-ছ; ব্ৰে থাকা, To refrain from proceeding; to abstain; to hold or keep away.— মূলীকার-ক; To refuse, decline:—v. t. নিবৃত্ত থাকা: ত্যাপ-ক; To abstain from; avoid voluntarily:—স্কু-ক; To bear with; (কোন কাজ) না করা; To withhold. Syn:— (ফ) Cease, suspend, desist, stay, break off; refrain; shun, decline, avoid; omit; bear with, indulge, spare.

Forboarance, for-ber'ans, n ভিডিমা, কৰা; দ্যা; স্টিম্বা; নমতা; Exercise of patience; command of temper; clemency; mildness. Syn:—Abstinence, refraining, avoidance; lenity, patience, indulgence, long-suffering.

Forbearing, for-bar'ing, a. সহিষ্ণু; ধৈথাৰীল; Patient. ad=forbearingly.

Forbid, for-bid, v t. বিষয়- ফু; To prohibit; to command not to do,—v. i. বাধা-জে: To utter a prohibition; prevent. Syn:—Interdict, inhibit;

disallow, hinder

God forbid— লগৰ না ককল। [unlawful. Forbidden, for-bidn, a নিথিছ; Prohibited; Forbidden fruit is ewoot—Prople are apt to relish much, what they are forbidden to have. Forbidding, for-biding, a. আন্ধোৰণনা ; বিশ্বজ্ঞিক; মুণাছনক; Repulsive, disagreeable. Syn:—Unpleasant, displeasing, offensive, odious, abhorrent.

Force, iতিং, n. শক্তি; বল; ক্ষমতা; Strength; power, might:—অভাচার; Violence:—এভাব; Vchemence:—গুল; Efficacy; virtue —বেগ; Momentum:—বুৰাইবার শক্তি; Power to persuade or convince:—pl. (রাজ্যের) বল; সেবা; সৈত্তপণ; Military or naval strength; troops:—অলহার; An ornament:—৩. ৫. বলপুর্বাক টাবা; সবলে আকর্ষণকু; To draw or push by main strength:—বাবাকু; To compel; to constrain:—বলপুর্বাক অধিকারকু, বলপুর্বাক অধ্ব-কু; To take by force, to storm:

To overpower — sings ; To cause to move:— is in a line at the provided to move :— is in a line at the provided to grow or ripen rapidly Syn — (n) Vigour, energy, potency, cogency, validity, agency, compulsion, co-action, coercion, impulse, stress, emphasis (v) Constrain, oblige, necessitate, compel, coerce, drive, urge, impel, press, deflower, violate

Force, fors, v t মণ্নাদির প্র দেওরা, To stuff, as a fowl.

Force, fore, Foss, foss, n জনপ্ৰণাত A water-Armed force—দেশ্বণৰ, A body of soldiers Brute force—আহমিক বল।

Come into force—জারি হবসা, Become law Force a passage—বলপুৰ্বাহ বাধা-কু, Make way by force

Force down—বলপুৰ্বক ৰীত নামান, Depress
Force from—বলপুৰ্বক নাধান, Extert, wrest
Force in—ভিতৰে প্ৰবেশ কৰান, Drive in,
Force on (ont)—খোল করিয়া ঘাড়ে চাপান, Thrust
on of

Force open—ক'ৰিয়া কোল, Break open
Force out—বহিষ্কত-কৃ, Drive out —বলস্কাক
বৃহণ I atout [ by force
Force through—বলপুৰ্কক প্ৰবেশ-কৃ, Get through
In force or of force—চলিত জাৰি, Valid, of
full virtue current, not suspended or reversed

Put in force—চলিত কু, জানি-কু Enforce.
Forced, först, এ কৃত্রিম, অভাতানিক, Artificial,
unnatural —যত্ন ধারা নাধিত, কটনিছ, Effected
by labour

For ceful, for-fool, a বলবাৰ, শক্ত, Full of might, driven or acting with force or might. ad = forcefully

Forceless, forsles a. 4027. Weak.

Force-pump, forspump, Forcing-pump, n জন তুনিবাৰ কল, জন ছোলা গ্ৰহণ. Engine for raising water; a pump which throws water to a distance through a side-pipe

Force-meat, তিrsmeat, ল উত্তৰ্মতা পাক করা মাংস Meat mineced and stuffed, meat chopped fine and highly seasoned, used either alone or as a stuffing

Forceps, for seps n [L formus hot, and capso, to hold] সৰুপ, সাঁড়াৰী, Tongs, pincers
ভিতিৎসাম্ববিশেষ, A surgical instrument

Forcible, তির্গা-চা, a বলবং, এবল, শুক্তিনার, সভেল, Mighty, strong, powerful, impetuous —বল বাবা কৃড, Done by force —কার্যকারী, বলল, Efficacious, impressive —ওক্তর, Weighty, cogent n=forcibleness, ad=forcibly Syn —Active, potent, valid, impressive, violent

Forcing, forsing, a spaire and anniers.

The art of hastening the growth of plants

Forespated, for'si-pat-ed, a সঁড়ানীর আকারে গঠিত, Formed to open like a forceps

Ford, ford, ল নদাদির বে হানে ইটিয়া পার হওরা বার, নত্তরপাবোগ্য জলবিশিষ্ট হল, উত্তর হান, A place where water may be crossed on foot — v t. টাটিয়া পার-ছ, To cross water on foot, wade through, a=fordable.

Fordable, a. च्छव , शिविदा भाव रहेवाब खाना , That' may be forded or passed without swimming. Fore, für, a অপ্রবর্ত্তী , সমুধন্থিত , পুরোবর্ত্তী , Going first , advanced in place or motion , in front of : -ad मजूर्य, श्रामांशांग. At the front part —श्राम, অন্তে, Previously —n সমুৰ, The front Syn .— (a) Front, anterior, antecedent, prior, earher. Fore and aft-wat risk, wird. In the direction of the head and stern, right through; length wise [ in plain sight , ready for use. To the fore—সন্থে , ব্যবহার জন্ম প্রস্তুত , In front ; Forearm, for'arm, " वाङ्व पूर्वासंत्र, अववाह, The fore part of the arm, the part of the arm between the elbow and the wrist -v t প্রস্তুত-হ, পূর্বে প্রস্তুত-হ, To prepare beforehand, to arm or prepare for attack before the time of need. Forebode, for-bod, v. t পুর্ম ফ্টনা-ক Prognosticate -পুৰ্বে ৰানিতে পাৰা . To have a secret sense of something future, particularly of evil. —n প্ৰা খুচনা, Forebodiment. n=forc-boder. Syn -Predict augur, presage, prognosticate, portend, betoken

Forebodement, for-bodment, n ভাৰী অনসলের জ্ঞান Perception of coming evil

Foreboder, n sager , Sooth sayer

Forboding, för-böding n পূৰ্ব স্কলা, অনস্লা-নতা, Prognostication, augury, a perception —a অনিষ্টস্টক, Presaging, ominous

Forecast, for-kast, v. t কলনা কু, পূৰ্ব হইতে ছিন্ন কৰা বা কেবিতে পাওলা, To scheme, to foresee; to provide against —v ঃ পূৰ্বা হইতে কলনা-কু, আন্তেই ছিনসকল হু, To form schemes beforehand —n পূৰ্বা কলনা, পূৰ্বাভিত্তা, উদ্ভাবন, পূৰ্বা হইতে অনু-ভব, Contrivance before hand, foresight

Forecastle, fürkas-l or foksl, ল অনাশালনের প্রোক্তি ভাষাজ্ঞল, A foredeck, raised above the main-deck, upper deck near the head

Foreclose, för-klöž, v t [L. forss, outside, claudo, clausus, to shut] নিবাৰণ-ড়, বছ-ড়, সম্পত্তি উন্থানৰ ক্ষতা ক্ষণ-ড়, To prevent, to stop, to cut off from the right of rademphon

Poseciosuse, for-klūžur, ল ৰক্ষণী সম্পত্তি উদ্ধাৰ কৰিবাৰ ক্ষতা কোণ, বন্ধনী-সম্পত্তিৰ পুনকদাৰ নিবাৰণ . Deprivation of a mortgagor of the right of redeeming a mortgaged estate.

Fore-date, ior-der o চ নিন্দির সময়ের পুর্বাদিনের তারিখ-বে, পারবর্তী তারিখ দেওৱা, To date before the true time, to antedate

Pare-dauk, för'dak, n. জাহাচ্ছের সম্পদিক, পোত বা তাহার উপন্তিভালের অগ্রভাগ, The fore part of a deck or ship

Fore end, " সম্বাচিত The end that is forward Forefather, তি 'a-ther " প্ৰস্কৃত Ancester Forefend, Forfend, তি - জিলাব, ত. চ নিবেশ-ড়, নিবাৰৰ ড়, প্ৰতিহ্ন-ড়, To hinder, forbid, to fend off, avert, to ward off.

Fore-finger, कि'fing-ger, क उर्व्यनी अनुती, The finger next to the thumb

Forefoot, ibr'foot, s. অপ্ৰপাদ, পৰাদিন অপ্ৰপদ, Anterior foot of a beast.

Forefront, for'front, » সমুধ্যিক, সমুধ্য দেশ; পুরোজাগ, The front or foremost part, paw. Forego, for-go', e. t. পৰিজ্ঞাপ-ছ; Give up, lose, renounce:—অজগামী-ছ, To go before. n= foregoer. Syn:—Resign, abandon, abjure, waive, cede.

Foregoing, a. अध्वकी ; Going before.

A foregone conclusion, " পূৰ্ব কৰিড নিছাত্ত : প্ৰাণাদি বা বেথিয়া অসুবিত নিছাত্ত . A conclusion which one comes to, before examining the evidence; a predetermined conclusion; a conclusion which has preceded argument or examination.

Foreground, for grownd, n. চিত্ৰের আগস্থান; চিত্ৰপটের মুর্জ্ঞাধির সমূহে পৃথ্যান বিস্তৃত স্থান, The part of the field of a picture which seems to be before the figures; that part of a picture which seems to be nearest.

Forehand, for hand, স অবাবোৰী সন্থায়িত অংশ ; আনোহীৰ পুৰোৰতী অংশৰ অঞ্চান . All that part of a horse before the rider .—অভি উৎকৃত্ব অংশ . The most important part — ক্ৰিয়া , বিষ্যাকানিতা . Prudence, advantage —a. যথোচিত সময়ের অঞ্চে কৃত; Taken in hand or done before needed.

Forehanded, for hand-ed, a. সময়েচিত, সাম-থিক, অথে সাধিত; Early, seasonable, formed 'in the foreparts.

Forehead, for hed, n. ন্যাট, কণোল, That part between the eyes and the hair, the brow—সাহন; Boldness. Syn.—Front; assurance, impudence.

Foreign, for'in, a [ Low L forens, foras, out of doors ] বিদেশীয়, বৈদেশিক, Belonging to another country; alien .- जनज . Not to the purpose : remote ; irrelevent - अशं विक. Not native or natural .- অৰুপৰোগী, সদংহয়, Not appropriate, excluded :- 49fafbs, Strange. Syn -Outlandish, exotic, extrinsic, extraneous, alien, [ ing or pertaining to. remote, irrelevant. Foreign to - বহিৰ্ভ ( অন্তৰ্গত নছে ), Not belong-Foreigner, for'iner, n. विषयी, शांतामिक, Nauve of foreign country, a stranger, an alien. Forejudge, for-juf, e s. প্ৰ চইতে বিবাৰ क. क्षत्रांगांति अहन मा कतियां भूटर्स्ट विठाव-क . judge beforehand, to judge before hearing the facts and proof.

Foreknow, গ্রি-নত', ৩. ে পুর্ক ইইতে জানা , পুর্ক হইতে জাত হওয়া বা দেখিতে পাওয়া , Know beforehand , to forsee.

Foreknowle ige, für-nolej, n पूर्वकान, कारी विवस्त्रत कान, Prescience, foresight.

Foreland, for land, n. অক্টাপ; Headland, cape; a point of land projecting forward into

Forelock, für'lok, m. অরণিধা, মত্তকারছ কেশ-ভাছ; Lock of a hair on the forehead.

Take time or occasion by the forelock— স্বিধা ৰা বাইতে-তে, Not to let sup an opportunity.

To take by the forelock—তংগর হইয়া (ক্ষোগ)
অবস্থম কয়া; To make the most of; to seize promptly.

Foreman, för'man, n. दार्थान (लांक, बूबा शांक, कृतिपरणव अशांन युक्ति, The first man, the chief man of a jury :—প্ৰবাস কৰ্মচাৰী ; ভত্বাৰবাহক , Chief workman ; overseer.

Foremast, for'mast, n. অৰ্থৰী বাছৰ; Front mast:—( আইবিৰ) প্ৰোভাগছ ৰাজৰ; The mast that is in front, or next the bow of a ship.

Forementioned, for-menshund, a পুর্বোলিখিড; Mentioned before; mention in the former part of a writing or discourse.

Foremost, för'möst, সর্বোত্তম; অধানতম; কর্ ছানীয়: Most advanced; first in rank, place, time Syn.—Leading, front, highest, principal. Forenamed, för'nämd, a. প্রোল্লিখিড; Mentioned before

Forencon, for noon, " This. The part of the day before mid-day; the former part of day, from morning to noon or mid-day.

Forenotice, for notics, n sid state main;
Notice of an event before it happens

Forensic, for-refisik, a. [L. forum, marketplace] আদালত সম্মীয়, Belonging to courts of law —আদালতে বাব্যুত, বিচারকার্থ্য বাব্যুত; Used in courts or legal proceedings; as, a forensic speech

Fore-ordain, for-or-dah. v. t. পূৰ্বা হইতে জাবেশ কু, পূৰ্বা হইতে নিশিষ্ট বা নিৰ্দাধিত-কু. To predestinate, to predetermine n=fore-ordination.

Forepart, för'pårt, n. অগ্রভাগ, সমুধ, kront—
আবন্ধ, Beginning —(প'ভাগ্র, The bow of a ship
Forerank, för'rangk, n অগ্রম্মী, সমুধভাগ, The
first rank, the front. [ To precede.
Forerun, för run, v t অবব্যান্ধ, অগ্রমানীন :
Forerunner, för-runer, n অগ্রমানী দুক, আগ্রমন

Forerunner, তি-runer, দ অগ্ৰণামী দুক, আগ্ৰন-প্ৰচাৰক দুক, A messenger sent before —ভাবী লক্ষ্, শক্ৰ, Prognostic Syn —Harbinger, precursor, herald, sign omen, prelude

Fore-sail, for-sai, n অগ্ৰেড়ী মান্তা বুল পাৰ, Sail of the foremast, a sail attacked to the fore-yard on the foremast

Foresee, (iii-১৫' v t or v : ভাবী বিষয় জানা, অ.এ জানা, ভাবী ঘটনা পূৰ্ব চইতে জানিতে পালা. To know before hand, to anticipate, to see a thing before it happens Syn —Foreknow, forecast, forebode.

Foreshadow, তিr-shado, v t লক্ষ্য বা চিচ্চ হাবা পুনে প্ৰকাশ-কৃ, পূপে হচনা-কৃ. To typify, to prefigure. Syn —Prognosticate, foreshow, predict Foreship, for ship, u পোতাৰ, The fore part of a ship

Foreshore, for'shor, n. ( নদী পভূতির ) প্রতের বে অংশে ভাটার সময় জল থাকে না , The part immediately before the shore.

Foreshorten, for-shortn, v. f বিশ্বতাপ্ত সন্মুখ্য বস্তুর প্রতিষ্ঠি হুখাকারে চিত্র করা, To represent, in painting, the shortened appearance of an object that stands forward.

Foreshortening, for-shortn-ing, n. ভিৰণট বিশ্বভাৱ সৰ্ব্য বস্তৱ হ্ৰাকাৰে অকৰ, The representation, a picture, of the shortened appearance of an object standing forward.

Foreshow, för-shö', v t. ভবিবাৎ বিষয় বলা, ভাবী ঘটনা বলা, To predict ; to foretell

Foreside, for'sid, n wasin, The front-side.

Boresight, för'sit, ল. ভবিষ্যং কৰি : ভবিষ্যং টিডা : পৰিণাম্বৰ্ণিতা : Wise forethought : prudence. a= foresighted. Sym :—Prescience, foreknowledge, forecast, forethought, provident care, precaution.

Foreskin, för'skin, n. जिल्ला एक ; निवाधीक्षान ; The skin that covers the glans penis ; prepuce.

Fore-spent, a. Fiv; Worn out.

Forest, for'est, n. [Low. L. foresta, open wood] জন্য, বন; Great wood; woody ground and rude pasture.—a. বস্তু; প্ৰায়; অসন্ত্য, Silvan; rustic —a. ঃ, বুক বারা আছোগন-কু; বুকাজ্য-কু, To cover with trees.

Forests laws—Laws which were formerly very rigidly observed for regulating parks and preserving game.

Forest-waik, n. উদ্যানের মধ্যে বৃক্ত শোভিত পথ; A rural and shady walk; an avenue.

Porestall, för-stawl, ত t. আক্তর আরে করা বা গ্রহণকু, ভাবী বিবয়ের পূর্বে নির্দাহণ-কু, To anticipate:—
বিভাগের ভাগিবার পূর্বে (পারে) দ্রবা ক্রম-কু, আরে বিবিদকু, এবচেট্রো-কু, To buy goods before they are brought to the market, monopolise — আরে নিযুক্তকু, To occupy before hand. Syn:—Preoccupy, monopolice, engross.

Forester, for'est-er, n. বনবাদী; Inhabitant of a forest —বনাধাক বা বদের ক্র্মচারী, বনরক্ক, Offi-

eer or keeper of a forest.

F'orotasto, für-tast', n প্ৰাৰাহন , কলনায় ভাবী হ্ৰণ-সম্ভাগ , Anticipation ; a taste before hand — v. t প্ৰাণাদন-কু , কলনায় উপতোগ-কু , ভাবী হাৰ কলনা-কু , To taste before another , anticipate. Syn — (n) Pregustation, prelibation, presentiment.

Foretell, for-tel, v. t. ভবিষ্ণ বলা, ভাষী ঘটনা ললা, To predict; to prophesy:—v. s. ভবিষ্ণ বিষয় বলা, To utter prediction. n=foreteller (ভবিষ্ণৰহণ); Svn:—(v) Predict, prognosticate, augus, pre indicate, forebode, presage.

Forothought, für thawt, n. প্ৰজ্ঞান, ছবিষ্যুৎ চিন্তা, পৰিণাম চিন্তা, Provident care, prescience. k orotoken, für tö-kn, n. শক্ষ, প্ৰতিনদৰ্শন; Progno suce, a previous sign.—v. t. প্ৰতি ইতত প্ৰনা-কু, To signify before hand.

Foretoken, für-törken, v. t. প্ৰান্ত কু. To

Foretooth, তি'তেটা, ন. সমুধন্ধিত দত্ত, সমুখের ধাত, Incisor; one of the teeth in the forepart of the mouth.

Foretop, för'top, n. মন্ত্ৰের সমূথের কেশ, The hair on the fore part of the head —অগ্ৰ নাত্তের উপবিছিত নক; The platform erected at the head of the foremast.

Foretopmast, för-top'mast, ন. আহাজের অনু-মান্তলের নীর্বন্থ ছোট মান্তল, The mast erected at the head of the foremast, and at the top of which stands the Foretop-gallant-mast

Forewarn, för-warh, v. i পূৰ্ব ইইডে দত্ৰৰ কৰা, Pre-admonish, to give previous notice; Syn:— Admonish, caution, dissuade.

Forewarned is forearmed—পূৰ্ব হইতে সতৰ্ব হইলে বিগদ প্ৰতিবিধানের উপায়-হ, সাৰধানের বিদাশ দাই। Forfeit, forfit, m. [ Lew L. forss, beyond, and facers, to do ] খত; অৰ্ণত; A penalty for crime a fine:—বছ্যুত্ত সম্পৃত্তি; Anything forfeited:—বছিত বড়; Something deposited and redemable by a sportive fine:—v. t. অপরাধ কয় অধিকার হট্টতে ব্যক্তিত হ; অপরাধ কয় অধিকার কট্টতে ব্যক্তিত হ; অপরাধ কয় অধিকার কট্টতে ; To lose the right to, by some fault:—a. অপরাধের কয় ব্যক্তিত; Lost or alienated for an offence liable to penal seizure: a=forfeitable. Syn:—(n) Fine, mulct, americament, penalty, forfeiture.

Forfeit a claim—অধিকার চাত-হ; বহু চাত-হ। Forfeiture, for fit-ur, n. অপরাধ কল্প অধিকার চাতি; অধিকার-অংশ, The losing of some right by some offence:—অর্থন্ড; Penalty.

Forge, forj, n. [ L. faber, a workman ] কাৰাৰেৰ হাপাৱ; কৰ্মকারপালা, Smithy; a furnace:—v.t. গঠন-কু; To beat into shape:—নিৰ্মাণ-কু; To frame:—িম্বাণ কুলা-কু; To make falsely:—আলকু; Counterfeit; falsify.—v.i. কাল-কু; To commit forgery. Syn:—(v) Fabricate, contrive, construct, make invent; falsify, feign, counterfeit, imitate, coin.

Forge on—গাঁহে গাঁহে অতি পরিত্রনে (জাহান্ত) নির্বাহ-কু; Make its way slowly and labouriously,

as a ship.

Forgery, forfer-i, n. बाल, काल गिलन; Counterfeiting coins or document. Syn:—Falsification, illegal, coining, false signature.

Forget, for-get, v. t. বিশ্বত-ই, Lose memory of .—ভাজিল্য-কৃ, Neglect. Syn:—Slight, over-look.

Forget-me-not, for-get-me-not, n. নভাবিশেষ; উদ্ধি বিশেষ; Pansy; a small flowering plant:—
ৰক্ষের নিদর্শন, A keepsake [আমাকে মাণ কর।
Forget and forgive—সে মন ভুলো যাও এবং
Forget oneself—ভুলক্রমে বলে কেলা, Be so careless as to mention:—আমাক্তিক্ত হ, Lose command over one's memory—নিজের বিষয় কিছুমান্ত না ভাবা; Not to think much of one's ownself.

Forget one's self—আন্তবিশ্বত-হ, To be guilty of what is unworthy of one; to lose one's dignity, temper or self control.

Forgetful, for-getfool, a বিশ্বভিশ্বল; বিশ্বভিশ্বল; আমনোবোগী, Apt to forget, mattentive; careless. n=forgetfulness, ad=lorgetfully. Syn:—Heedless, neglectful

Forgive, for-giv, v. t [A S for and gifan, to give] ক্যা-ক, (এণ বিষয়ে) মুক্তি সেওয়া; To remit; to paidon, to absolve pardon. Syn:—Absolve, condone, acquit excuse

Forgiveness, for-givnes, n ক্ষা, Remission; disposition to pardon — ৰণদাৰ হইতে মুক্তি আদান; Remission of an offence or debt. Syn:—Absolution, acquittal, pardon

Forgiving, for-giving, a क्यांनील; क्यांन् ; Disposed to pardon, merciful; compassionate.

Fork, fork, n. কাটা; Instrument with prongs; a instrument having two or more points or prongs at the end:—pl. বৰ্ষ বা নদীর বত বা শাবা; The branches into which a road or river divides also the point of separation:—p i. বিশা বিভত্ত-হ; প্রাণি বিভান-হ, To divide into two branches or divisions; to shoot into blades:—কুইডানে বিভান-

र : क्शि विकल-र : To divide into two branches as road or tree :-- भारतात कांद बहुदिछ-इ. भारताति বিস্থার-মু; To spout into blades, as corn :--কাটার स्त्राव (बाकात) शावन-क ; काँठा बाता छेरखानन कवा , काँठा बाजा त्डांना ; To form as a fork , to raise or pitch

Fork out or over-crest; To hand or pay over. Forked, forked, Forky, forki, a. 41513 45; tibis wietes the: Shaped like a fork ad= forkedly ==forkedness, forkiness

Forlorn, for-lorh, a. Taste, Forsaken, lost: -मीन , निःमहोत्र ; कांश्व ; इंडलांगा , Wretched , destitute; miserable. Syn -Destitute, abandoned, solitary, desolate, miserable, helpless, friendless, hopeless, disconsolate, pitiable

Forlorn hope, n कि प्र:मोश्मिक कार्यार्थ मत्नानीक मिनिक क्या ; अमाधातन वीत्रक अवर्गनार्थ निकांिक मनाम्य , A detachment of soldiers appointed for some service of uncommon danger, head of a storming party; a body of soldiers selected to lead in an assult enter a breach, or perform service of uncommon peni —ছু:সাহসিক কাৰ্যা, Dangerous enterprise

A forlorn hope—বে দৈনিকেরা কোন অসম সাহসের कारवा निवृक्त ; A body of soldiers selected for some service of uncommon danger - (4 काव) अपूर विशेष बाद्द , A course or service that is full of danger — य कार्या लागनात्मव मन्त्रार्भ महादन

WITE ; A desperate enterprise.

Form, form, n नरेन, आकृत, Shape, make -बाक्डि; Look, features - आपने, हांह, Model. mould - [481513 : Forma'ity , conventionality - तोन्यं, Shapeliness, comeliness, beauty, elegance - मृज , Formula - नम् बामन , मीर्थ कानामन , त्रक , A long bench or sent - विनातनावर ৰেণী, A class in a school —সাম'কিৰ প্ৰ, Class or rank in society —খরগোনের স্থা , The hed of a hare :—স্থলা , প্রণালী , Mode of arrange ment, order, system — यहाइनार्थ मञ्जित जक्त-সমূহ : The type from which an expression is to be taken, arranged and secured in a chase a t निश्चान-क , lo make , create - 5941 , To constitute, to go to make up - Fin (7, 10 train - विश्वाम-कृ, Arrange . - र । आकाद बादन-7, To take a form Syn -(v) Fashun, frame, construct, create, produce, compost, make up, contrive, devise, invent, arrange, dispose, combine

Form a resolution—অভিকা-কু, নিদান কু। Form an opinion—कान विवस वर विव-३। विश्वी है। Form friendship-457 7 Form of government-রাজ্তর, শাসন প্রতিঃ Form part of- \ 4-21 Form the majority- बहुताब-६। In due form - व्याविति ।

Formal, formal, a বাজাড়খরপ্রিয়, অপুনার্নির . Cercinonious, stiff — প্রধারী গুরু, প্রধারীদেরত, Methodical - नात्र, बरबाहिक, E-sential, proper, चांगवाद्याद कृष्ठ , बीड्याद्यांशे , Done in due form . according to form —अइनिक अवास्त्राही . Agreeable to established mode Syn -Express, explucit, positive, regular; external, constitu-

tive: precise, punctilious, starched, afferted. Formalism, formal-ızm, n वाक प्रवासकीय विवास मोकिक्डां, धर्माहत्रत्व वाक्षानुकान थिवलां; Quality of being formal, esp in matters of religion; dependence on external forms only as in religion; a reliance on the more external forms of religion

Formalist, formal-ıst, n बाक वर्ष अनुश्रेतकाती : गर्यंव वाश्ववंति विव वासि ; One who lays stress upon forms, an observer of forms only; one who relies on the mere forms of religion.

Formality, n. बाक् बादरात , क्रानिक क्या ; अपूर्वान রীতি পালন, The observance of forms or ceremonies, a formal ceremony, established order. Syn -Custom, established method, rule of procedure, ceremony, conventionality, etiquette

Formstion, for-mashun, n. fagis, Bentya;

श्रीन , Production , structure.

Formstive, forma-tiv, a. [ Fr formo, for- matus, to shape ] गर्राताभरवांत्री वा गरेन त्वाता, Giving form, plastic — डेश्लामी, त्योतिक, Derivative, not radical -n योतिक अप , A derivative Formative word, n अकृष्टि अञ्चल (बार्स वक्षण

इक्टिंड उरलाइ बना नक . A dern ative

Former, former, a 对核, 刘孝子, Before in time . পুর্বোরিখিত , First mentioned.

Formerly, ad not, Heretofore

Formic, for'mik, [L. formica, an ant ] পিপীলিকা मक्कीय , भिनी निका पछिड , Pertaining to ants.

Formicate, lor'mi-kat, a fafff stas; Resembline an ant

Formication, for-mi-kashun, n. I L. formicare to creep like an int | ( महत्व डेलन मन-मवानिक cots . A sensation like that of ants creeping on the skin

Formidable, for'mi-di-bl. a [L. formilo, fear | 53144 , Stra Lemble, exciting fear ad= formidably, n=tormidableness. Syn -Dicad ful, fearful, frightful, shocking, horrible, terrific, termendous.

Formula, fo.mu-la n नज , शातां , नित्रम, अनानी . Set form, a prescribed form, a rule, prescription, a formal state nent of dictrines .- 45-জাতীয় আৰু সমাধানাৰ্থ স্থাৱণ সূত্ৰ, A general expression for solving certain problems in mathematics

Formulary, formii lar-i, n. वावहांत्र मध्यह , खंक्न निकारणी, A book of formulas or prece dents - निक्षित , आप्रानिक, Prescribed, ritual. Formulate, formulise, formulise, formulir, vi t माणावन एडाकार्द श्रीबांड वा अकाम-कू , निकिष्ट श्रमानीटन रिवृत कृ, To reduce to, or express in formula, to express in a clear or definite form Fornicate, for ni-kat. Fornicated, for in

kated, a [1. firmuor, formus, an aich ] बब्दान् 5 , Arched, arching over.

Formeste, for m-kai, v t [1. forma, a vault, a brothel ] वाष्ट्रधात-कृ, अनुहानमन-कृ, lo have unlawful sexual intercourse, to commit lewd-

Fornication, for-ni-kashun, n অনুভাগৰৰ; অ-विवाहित्वत श्रीशृक्षत्वत्र व्यदेश नक्षय ; वाहितात्र , Sexual interconrsé between unmarried persons; adultery; incest.

Pornicator, for'nı-kā-tor, n. অধিবাহিত আৰম্ভাই ব্যক্তিচারী, An unmarried person of either sex guilty of lewdness, one guilty of fornication fem=fornicatress.

Porsake, for-sak, v t. পৰিত্যাগ-ক. To abandon, to desert, to leave entirely Syn —Quit, desert, relimquish, give up, renounce

Porsooth, for sooih, ad [A S forsothe, for truth] সতা ৰটে, যথাৰ্থত: , নিক্য , (crtainly, in truth, really, very well, often used ironically Porswear, for swar', v. t আধীকাৰ-কৃ, শপাপুৰ্বাক আৰীকাৰ-কৃ, নিক্য , To renounce or deny upon oath Syn —Abandon, diop, disclaim, disown, repudiate, deny, abjurc, recant

Forswear oneself— বিধান শুপৰ ক, To swear falsely, to commit perjury, to be perjured
Fort, fort, n [ L fortis, strong ] ভূগ, kortress,

a fortified place

Fortalice, fortal is, n. [L. fortis, strong] ছুৰ্গবহিন্দ বুৰুজ বন্ধ, A small outwork of a forthication
Forte, n বিশেষ ভগ, Peculiar talent or excel
lence, the strong point, strong side—ad.
সংখ্যার Strong, loud, with emphasis

Forth, forth ad [ A S forda, from faran, to go ] will style In advance, onward, forward -atters Abroad, out

Go forth—প্রধান-কু, Depart same kind So forth, So on, এইনপ, ইডালি, More of the Forthcoming, তিনিkum-ing, a প্রকাশেসুথ বা উয়োচনসূধ, অগিমনৌসুথ, Ready to appear

Forthwith, forthwith, ad তৎকৰাৎ, অবিলখে Immediately, w thout delay. Syn — Directly, straightway, instantly, quickly presently

Fortieth, for u eth, a botta an, hollowing the thirty ninth—the fourth tenth—n. A fortieth part.

Fortification, for-ti-fi-kashun, n. বুৰ্গ নিৰ্দাণ, কুণাদি নিৰ্দাণ-কৌশল The act or science of fortifying — ফুৰ্গ, That which fortifies, defence, fort Syn:—Fortiess, castle, citadel, bulwork, stronghold.

Fortity, for'ti-ft, v t [I. fortit, strong facio, to make] মুচ্-ক, স্বন্ধিত ক, Strengthen, invigorate, confirm—ছুন নিৰ্মাণ ক Strengthen with forts. n=fortifier Syn—Secure, protect, garrison, confirm, encourage, brace.

Fortissimo, for-tisi-mō, ad. উজে:বরে. Very strong or loud.

Fortitude, for'ti-tud, n रेप्ता, पृष्ठां , निर्कृठां मानिन रण , Strength to bear pain , resolution Syn .—Endurance, firmness, courage, braveness, resolution, patience.

Fortinght, fortnit, n or, Two weeks or fourteen days, the space of 14 nights, 2 weeks a and adefortnightly { in a fortnight Fortnightly, fortnit-ls, a. and ad. office; Once Fortress, for tress, n so Stronghold, fortnfied place, fort — and, antionin, Defence, Syn.—Fortification, castle, citadel, stronghold; safety, security, defence. Fortuitous, for-til'i-tus, a. [L. fortuitas, casual] আক্ষিক, দৈব; Casual, accidental. adm fortuitously, n=fortuitousness, fortuity. Syn:—Accidental, casual, contingent, incidental.

Fortuity, n आक्षिक श्रेमा, Accident

Fortunate, for tu-nat, a সোভাগানালী , ভাগানাৰ ; ভঙ, Lucky ad=fortunately Syn —Successful, prosperous, happy, favoured, lucky, propitious, auspicious, favourable

Fortune, for'tun, n [L for's, chance, from fero, to bear] অণুই, ভাগা, নিয়তি, Chance; hap, luck—নোভাগা, ভূডাগা, ভাগাফল, এবর্থা; Good or ill success, esp favourable issue; wealth. Syn —Accident, fortuity, hap, livelihood, means of living, estate, property, possessions, riches, destiny, fate, doom, event, issue, result, success, favourable i sue

A soldier of fortune—ভাগাৰেবী দৈয়, A

Fortune favours the brave—সাহসিক পুরবের।
লক্ষ্মীনন্ত হয়, Those who attempt and dare are
favoured by good fortune [ney, become rich.
Make one's fortune—বনী হত্তা, Acquire moThe goddess of fortune—বন্ধী।

The wheel of fortune—अनुष्ठे हक ।

To tell fortunes—उटाल्ड वर्ग ।

Try one's fortune—অনুষ্ট পরীকা-ক, To venture; to attempt something, the issue of which is particularly uncertain

Fortune hunter, for'tun-hun'er, n ভাগাৰু-সন্ধানী, ধনশালিনী বনলীব পাণিশীড়ন-প্রামানী, A man who sceks to enrich himself by wedding an heiress; an adventurer [a fortune by marriage. Fortune hunting, n ভাগাৰুসন্ধান, Seeking of Fortune-stealer—Same as fortune-hunter Fortune-teller, for tun-teler, n প্ৰেক্ত, ভাগা-

ফ্ল-পাক, One who pretends to foretel one's fortune n=fortune-telling
Fortuneless, for'tun-les, a নিধন, ছুন্নাই, Des-

Fortuneless, for tun-les, a नियन , इतपृष्ट , Destitute of a fortune , luckless

Forty, for'u, a and a tar s. Fourtimesten. Forum, orum, r विहानान्य, पन्नाधिकत्रन, Marketplace in Rome, where public business was transacted and justice dispensed, court of law, Forward, for ward, a উদাত, দৎস্ক, তৎপর, ব্যান Ready , carnest prompt , willing - अश्वरकी : অগ্রবন্তী, in advance of something else —অগ্রিম-পৰু, অৰাশ পৰ , 1 rely ripe , precious , premature — অপুচিত মাংসী, Presumptuous — প্রগাস্ত: Less reserved or modest than is proper -v. i. সহায়তা-কু, To help onward, advance — প্রেরণ-কু, ভ্রাবিত কু, অগ্রসর কু, Transfer, to quicken. to send onward n=forwarder, forwardness, ad= forwardly. Syn -Onward, progressive, front. fore, eager, quick hasty, impulsive, bold, confident, impudent, carly

Forward-wards - অথে, উরবোত্তর, Onward, in advance, progressively

Forwardness, n তংগৰতা, বাৰতা; তংহকা; Promittude, promptness, real, eagerness

Bosse, fos, n [ L fossum, to dig ] বাত , পৰিণা; গুডবাই , A ditch , a moat,

Possil, fosil, n [L fodio, fossum, to dig] প্রতরীভূত ভূগর্ভত্ব অত্নি, ভূতবের তথাতার্বর্থ প্রতর্বৎ অত্নিগরের, The remains of an animal, a vegetable dug out of the strata of the earth in a petrified state, organic remains -a Greis. बावतीकृत , बावहवर आवृशक्षतांकाव बांध . Dug out , petrified

Fossiliferous, fos-i-li-f'er-us, a [L fossiles fossil and fero, to bear ] अस्वत्र अधिनक्षत्रधानी .

Bearing or containing fossils

Possilise, foall-iz, v f প্রস্তরবৎ অন্থিপরতে পরিশত कहा वा इस्ता . To convert into a fossil -ए : 10 be changed into a fossil n=fossilisation

Fossilist, fosil ist, n প্রস্তরবং অন্থিপপরতত্ত্ত One versed in the science of fossils [ rowing Possorial, fos or'i-al a ala Digoing or bur Foster, foster, t t [A S festrain fromf ster food ] পরিপুঃ কু লালনপালন কু , পোষণ-কু , উত্তেজিত T. To nourish to cherish, to encourage #= fosterer. Syn -Rear up, nurse, tend, nurture, stimulate forward

Foster-brother, fo ter bruther n et a 33 একট ডক্ত পানে লা'লত ভাত', পাণিত ভং Onc

suckle I it the same breast

Foster-child, foster chid, , পালিভপুৰ পাণিত Agia, A child nursed or brought up to on not the mother who is not its parent Foster-mother, n शाबी , भागन वर्जी A ni 150 Foster-parent, to ter parent a grat भाजक পিতা বা মাতা, One who rears a child in the place of its parent

Tought, fawt, pa t and pa p of fight

Foul, fowl, a [ A S ful sorded | अन्तपूर्व अवन Dirty, filthy defiled - 47 Ob cene abusive - মলিন, অপবিত্র, অবিশ্ব Polluted Not fur or profane, impure - ত প্ৰিণ্ডনক advantageous - প্রতিকৃষ l'nlivouralle - ঘৃণিত पुराक्तक, Abominable loathsome - क टिंड ड प्रे ছত Entangled — মেঘ জন্ম Cl udy or rainv -প্রতিকৃত্ব, Running against — অসাধ Unfair — ण t [A S fylan to delt ] बनिव -- कृ অপশ্জির কু, To soil, bemire - : ধারা ল প সংঘৰ্ষণ প্ৰাপ্ত ই To come into collision — n ধাৰা An entanglement, collision ad = foully n=foul ness Syn -(a) Impure uncle in nasty defiled, disgusting, offensive noisome vulgar coarse low, scurrilous, dishonest, dishonour able (v) Defile, daub dirty

Poul-mouthed, fowl mowthd a wandelil जाशारी, Addicted to bad language, using scurrilous, obscene or profane language

Foul-play-- 神神 明明時 , Unlawful, dishonest means

Poul-spoken, e अज्ञीनकांची , Nasty in language Foul-weather, n 3 441

Fall foul of-wisses, fatir-;, To assail, to run against, to quarrel

Bun foul of-भाका नाना, Come into collision with Foumart, foo mart, #. नक् sarela बर्खावरनर, The polecat

Found, pa t. and pa. p of find.

Found, found, v. t. [ L fundare, from fundus,

bottom ] होरह हाना , कारह हानिया क्यक-कु; To cast metals and mould them —হাপন- ; To establish -- वृश्च-त्न , नान-कृ ; To endow -- निर्मान-কু, প্রতিষ্ঠিত-কু, Raise, build , erect --ভিত্তি স্থাপন-F, To lay the basis of -- wife-F, To begin -উडाविज-कृ, Ougunate. Syn -Set, place, ground, institute, plant, constitute, originate, cast, form in a mould

Found on, Found upon—ছাণিত-ছৃ. ফোৰ মূলেৰ উপৰে কিছু স্থাপন কু Build upon ; fix something on as a basis [built or established on Be founded on-कान बृत्तव छेनत शानिछ-र , Be Well-founded, a मुडा मुन्द, Well-grounded. Foundation, fownd-ashun, # ভিত্তি, ৰূপ, ভিত্তি য়াপন, (ground-work, the act of founding -বৃতিস্থাপন Endowment —মূল Base, original - न जा बन Basis of truth - बन बन्न मखनाती धन : An institution or for charity Syn -Basis, footing bottom, establishment, settlement, endowment original rise, beginning

Foundation-stone, n ভিত্তিমূল প্রভার had with ceremony on beginning a building

Foundation in-वांश किहत मुल बाद वा वांशंब मृत्न कि शाक, I hat which is supported by or that which supports

Lay the foundation of ভিত্তি স্থাপন কু, Lay th basis of something - 94 Mass & Pave one's way to (the acquisition of something)

Shake to its foundations—आय्न किलाइ-क Founder, founder n (व लोशांकि हांगाहे करत , চা শাহকারী One who melts and casts metal as brass founder — সাপক সংস্থাপক, উদ্ভাবক, প্ৰতিets! One who establishes or originates, an endower -ए : कलानिह क कान मधु-इ To fill with water and sink -ए ! कडापम कदियां कार्या क्ष का Syn -(n) Beginner, originator, author, establisher planter, caster (v) Sink, submerge ful miscarry tup fall

Religious founder—ের প্রবর্জ।

Foundery, townder-1 Foundry, foundri, n. ঢালাত কাল্পৰ কাৰ্যানা বাঁদাৱি কামাৰ প্ৰভৃতিৱ কাৰ-अ ना , बाज होटि हानिवाद यव वा कावबाना , The art of fo maing or casting, the house where metalcasting is carried on, shop for casting metals and moulding them

Founding, founding, n. the sits sim , simil কাৰ Metal-casting

Foundling, foundling, n wait fig. পৰিভাক बानक, A child found deserted, a child found without a parent or owner, one whose parents are unknown

Foundling hospital—जनांद वाजकाक्षर । Fount, fownt, Fountain, fowntan, # [L. fons, fontis, fountain ] डेरन , क्लांबा , क्लान . A spring of water — ৰূপ, প্রস্তি, উৎপত্তিহন; 4114, Source, original, cause or the first principle Syn -Well, font, origin, source, rise commencement, beginning

Fountain-head, fowntin-hed # उद्मम्न ; The Original, the primary source or beginning.

Four, for, n, and s, Fift; Two and two.

Four-cornered, a. sweet ; Quadrangular.
Fourfold, for fold, a. sweet; street; Multiplied four times.

Four-footed, för looted, s. 5項門; Having four foot. [four times a score. Fourscore, för'skör, s. v.; 5情報時; Eighty;

Foursquare, for skwar, a. ব্যত্ত্ত্ত ; ব্যত্ত্ত ; Quadrangular or square; having four equal sides and angles.

All fours—কীড়া বিশেষ ; A game. | points. At fours—সর্কাংশে সমাল ; In agreement on all Be on all fours (figuratively)—সর্কাংশে সমাল-হ ; Be similar in all points.

By fours—চাহিত্ৰৰ কৰিছা এক সময়ে; 4 at a time. Crawl, oreop or go on all fours—হামান্ডড়ি বিয়া চলা; Move on the hands and legs.

Fourteen, för'-tën, a. and n. ठक्कन; (ठोक; Four and ten. [fourth after tenth. Fourth, för'tënth, a. and n. ठक्कन; The Fourth, förth, a. ठक्क; Next after the third:—
n. निक: One of four equal parts. ad=fourthly

Pourth estate, n. মুৱাবদ্ধ; The press. Powl, fowl, n. কুকুট বা কুকুটা; A cock or hen — কুকুটের মাংস; The flesh of fowl:—পকী, গৃহপালিত পকী; A bird; a domestic or barn-door bird o. f. পকী বধ-কু; পাণী শিকাব-কু; To kill fowls for

food or sport.

Fowler, fowler, n. বাৰ; আন্দোৰ বা আহারের ভন্ত পদ্দী হনৰকাৰী; A sportsman, who takes, kills or pursue wild fowls.

Fowling piece, fowling-pes, n. পাৰী মানিবাৰ টোট বন্ধ : ৰন্ধ ; A little gun for small-shot, used in shooting fowls ; a little gun.

Fox, foks, ম. বেক্শিয়ানী, A beast; a well-known animal of the dog family remarkable for cunning:—বৃহ্ধ বোক; Cunning fellow:—Any body notorious for cunning.

Foxchase, n. থেঁকলিয়ালী নীকার; Fox hunt; the pursuit of a fox with hounds.

Poxglove, fokśglub, n. গুৰ্মান্ত্ৰ, লতাবিশেষ . Digitalis ; a handsome herb bearing glove-like flowers, whose leaves are used as a soothing medicine.

Fox-hound, fok-hownd, n খেকশিয়ালী শীকার করি-বার কুকুর; A hound used for chasing fixes. [tox. Fox-hunt, n. খেকশিয়ালী শীকার; The chase of a Fox sleep—কণ্ট নিয়ো; A pretended sleep.

Every fox must pay his skin to the furrier—ধূর্ত আপনার কালে পড়ে; The crafty shall be taken in their own wilness. [games

Fox and goose—কীড়া; The name of 'everal He sets a fox to keep his goose—তিনি ধৃতের ইতে অর্থ গড়িতে হাথেন, He entrusts his money to a sharper.

Foxish, Foxike, Foxly, a. বৃধ্ ; Cunning. Foxy, toksi, a. বৃধালিকা স্বন্ধীয় : Pertaining to foxes:—চাডুৱীপূৰ্ব ; Cunning :—পীডাভবৰ্ণ বিশিষ্ট ; Having too much of the fox-colour or reddishbrown.

Bracas, fra-ka', n. বিবাদ ; হালাবা ; লালা ; কোলা-হল ; কচবাল ; A noisy quarrel ; uproar ; outbreak. Syn :—Disturbance, row, riot, affray,

Fraction, frakshun, n. [ L. frango, fractus, to break ] ৰঙ ; ৰুমাৰে; A fragment; a very small piece:—ভয়াৰে; Part of a number; any broken part of a unit. a=fractional.

Fractional, frakshun-al, a. satter; Belonging to or containing a fraction.

Practious, frak-hus, a. [From fract, to break] কাৰ্যালি বিশাসনিক : Fretful ; cross ; quarrel-some. ad = fractiously, n = fractiousness. Syn :— Snappish, peevish, irritable, pettish, querulous, petulant, testv, captious.

Fracture, fraktur, n. [L. francere, to break]
ভাল; বিদার; ভির আংশ; Act of breaking or snapping cracks; a breach; a part broken:—v. i.
ভাল-ক; তাই-ক; To break. Syn:—Rupture,
break, crack, cleft, fissure, rift, rent.

Fracture of the bone—wit sat:

Fragile, frafil, a. [L. frango, to break] কীণ, হৰ্মণ; বিৰয়ৰ, ভয়ুৰ; Brittle; frail, delicate; easily broken. n=fragility. Syn:—Frangible; weak, infirm, freble.

Fragility, fra-jifi-ti, n. ভৰুৱভা; The state of being fragile. Syn:—Brittleness, weakness, infirmity, frailty, feebleness.

Fragment, frag'ment, n. \*\*\*; 读专辑; Bit broken off; scrap a=tragmental. Syn:—Piece, bit, chip, morsel, remnant.

Fragmentary, frag'ment-ar-1, a. থণাছৰ; অসপুৰ্গ, ধৰ বৰ. ভিন্ন ভিন্ন, Consisting of fragments broken, incomplete.

Fragrance, frágrans, n. স্থান : দৌরভ ; A sweetsmell : pleasing scent.

Fragrant, irágrant, a. [ 1.. frago, to smell ] হগদি; হংডি. Sweet-scented. ad=fragrandly. Syn:—Odorous, odoriferous, redolent, ambrosial, balmy, spicy, aromatic.

Frail, frai, a. शैनेवन . धूर्लन ; Weak ; irresolute :
— विनयद ; Not durable. n=frailness. Syn :—
Fragile, frangible, brittle ; feeble, infirm.

Frail sistorhood -- বাৰাজনা , বেশা ; গণিকা ৷
Fraility, frailit, n. কুল্লভা ; দৌকলা ; Infirmity ;
weakness :— চক্লভা , hukleness .— পোৰ ; Fault ;
foible Syn :— Frainces, feebleness ; imperfection, failing , defect, blemish ; peccability.

Prame, fram, v f. গঠন-তৃ; পতিত-তৃ; নির্মাণ-তৃ:
To shape, to form; to construct:—কলনা-তৃ;
উত্তাবিত-তৃ; To plan:—ধার বিশিষ্ট-তৃ; পাড বিশিষ্টতু, To put a border on; to contrive:—n. গঠন;
A fabric:—নাধার; A case:—শরাব: শরীর গঠন
(কাঠাম), Body; the skeleton; make or build
of a person.—মনোভাব; ভাব, State of mind;
humour:—প্রধানী; System:—মভিস্লার; Scheme
Syn:—(v) Build; mould, fashion, compose,
make, constitute, invent, devise, fabricate,
contrive, forge.

Frame-work, framwurk, n. আধার; গঠন; ঠাট; মুঠি, The skeleton; the outline of any thing. Framer, framer, n. নিৰ্মাতা; রচমিতা; He who constructs:—ছবির ফ্রেম প্রস্তুত্বারী; চিত্রপটের ফ্রেম-নিশ্বাতা; One who makes frames for pictures.

Framer of the world-- विष-बहर्तिकां !

Framing, framing, n. 454; The set

of constructing a frame; a frame or setting. Franc, frangk, n. মুখা বিশেষ; A silver coin of France, equal to 10d; a coin, 10d.

Franchise, franchiz, a. [Fr. franc, franche, free] অধিকার; Privilege; a right granted:—
সভার সভা নির্কাচনার্থ মত দিবার অধিকার; Right of voting:—বিশেষ অধিকার প্রাপ্ত অদেশ; The district to which a particular privilege extends:—আত্রাম বান; Asylum; sanctuary:—v. f. অধিকার এদানকু. বিশেষ অধিকার-দে. মুক্ত-কু; To enfranchise; to give one the franchise. Svn:—(n) Right; immunity, exemption; electoral vote, suffrage.
Franciscan, franciskan, n. মেন্ট-ফ্রাজিনের মত্য-

Franciscan, fran-siskan, n. সেট-ফালিনের মতা-বলমী; A monk of the order of St. Francis in the R. C. church:—a. Relating to the order of St. Francis.

Frangible, franji-bl. a ভর্ব . ভর্মাবণ; Brittle or easily broken. n = frangibility.

Frank, frangk, a স্বল; অকপট; Free; ingenuous; open; candid:—v t. বিনা বাবে পাঠান; বিনা বাবে পাঠান, বিনা বাবে পাঠান, বিনা বাবে পাঠান, বিনা বাবে পাঠান, বিনা বাবে পোরত পত্ত; empt from postage:—n. বিনা বাবে পোরত পত্ত; Letter sent free of postage by privilege. ad=frankly, n=frankness. Syn:—(a) Articss, plain, sincere, unreserved, undisguised; liberal.

Frankincense, frangkin-sens, n. ফগন্ধ বৃক্ষিণাস বিশেষ ; গুলুগুল, ধ্না ; A sweet-smelling gum resin used in sacrifices, a fragrant resinous substance, burnt as a religious incense or a medicinal perfume.

Franklin, frangklin, n. প্ৰকালীন ইণ্লঙীয় ভ্ৰমাধি-কাৰী; An English freeholder of olden times.

Frankness, frangknes, r. স্বল্ডা, Candour. Syn:—Openness, ingenuousness.

Frankpledge, n. Mutual pledge of the freemen of a township.

Frantic, frantik, a. [L. phren, the heart, mind] উন্ধন্ত : ভোগাত, বাফজান-ভা; Mad; raving, wild; furious. ad=frantically. Syn:—Outrageous, distracted, frenzied, maniacal, noisy

Frantic with rage-কোপাৰ;

Fraternal, fra-ter'nal. a. [L. frater, a brother] ৰাজীয়; ৰাতৃক; ৰাতৃসন্থৰীয়; Brotherly; becoming brothers. pictaining to brothers ad=fraternally.
Fraternisation, fra-ter-niz-ashun, n ৰাতৃভাবে সন্থিকৰ; The act of uniting as brother.

Fraternise, fiater-niz, n i. আতৃদল হুক্ত-হ, আতৃ-ভাবে বিলিড-হ; আতৃভাবে অবেগ-ক; Agree with or take into brotherhood; to associate or hold close friendship; seek brotherly fellowship. n - fraternisation. Syn:—Consort, co-operate, associate, concur, coalesce, sympathize.

Fraternity, fra-ter'ni-ti, n. আতৃৰ, Brotherhood; the state of being brotherly:—সমাজ; Association.

Fratricide, frat'ri-sid, n. [ L. frater, brother, and cordo, to kill ] আত্থাতী, আত্থাতী, আত্থাতী , আত্থাতী , আত্থাতী , আত্থাতী কৰিব আত্থাতী , আত্থাতী কৰিব আত্থা

Fraud, frawd, n. [ L. fraus, fraudis, fraud ] ছল: প্রভারণা; ভলনা; প্রকলা; Imposture; cheat; deçeit. Syn:—A cheating, guile, subtlety, craft, wile, circumvention, collusion; stratagem, trick, imposition.

By force or fraud-ছলে বলে।

Fraudful, frawdiool, a. বিধান্যাতক; প্রভারণাপ্র; Treacherous; deceptive; trickish. ad=fraudfully.

Fraudless, frawdics, a. অকণট; Without fraud. Fraudulence, frawdillens, Fraudulency, frawd-u-len-si, n. কণ্টাচৰণ; অবাধ্তা; অবশ্বা The quality of being dishonest or deceitful.

Fraudulent, frawdu-lent, a. চলপুৰ্ ; প্ৰভাৱধাৰত ;
শঠভাপুৰ্ব : অন্ত ; Deceitful ; trickish ; knavish ;
dishonest. a.l=fraudulently. Syn :—Fraudful,
guileful, crafty, deceiving, cheating, deceptive,
insidious, unfair.

Fraught, frawt, a [ Swed. frakta, to load ] পাৰপূৰ্ণ, পূৰ্ণ; বোৰাই, Filled. Syn:—Laden, stored, charged

Be fraught with—কোন কট্টকর বিবরে পরিপূর্ণ থাকা;
Be full of (generally something troublesome).
Fray, fra, n. বিবাদ, গভগোল; An affracy; broil; contest —v. গ ভাত-কু; To frighten:—বর্ণ থারা কর-কু. To wear off by rubbing. Syn:—(n)
Noisy quarrel, combat, fight, riot; fret, chafe.
Froak, irek, n. বেখাল, আন্দির্ভিক কজনা, Sudden fancy or caprice; sport:—v f চিত্র বিচিত্র-কু; বিপ্রত-কু, To variegate, checker, to streak or spot. Syn:—(n) Whim, folly, prank, trick, caper, gambol, antic.

Freakish, frekish, a চঞ্চল; চঞ্চলমতি, আমংবালি; Capricious; whimsical. n=freakishness adfreakishly. Syn —Humoursome, franciful, frisky.

Freckle, frekl, v. t িজ নিজিকু; চিকিড-জ়; To colour with spots; to spot:—n তিল; কুজ চিকু, Any small spot:—চল্লোপৰিত্ব হরিজাবর্ণ দাস; A yellowish spot on the skin or surface

Freekly, frekin, a ভিলপুর্ণ, দারপুর্ণ, চিক্ক্ময় ; Full of freekles.

Free, fre, a. वांशीन, At liberty - मूक ; Set at liberty -- म्यान् , Generous ; liberal -- मुक श्रव अम्छ : विनामत्ना म्छ वा आ द : Gratuitous :- हे जिन्न-প্ৰতম্ভ ; Licentious : — নিম্পাপ , নিৰ্দ্ধান্ত ; Guiltless : –সুহয় , Fasy .—প্রস্তুত ; Ready —স্বাধীন ; Not despotic or arbitrary - 其季有 , Open to all :-সরল; Frank :- পত্র; Not attached :- v. t. মুক্ত-কু, To set at liberty, release - ভাষোচৰ-কু; Disentangle -- মুক্ত- কু; পরিতাপ-কু; To rid. ad= freely, n=freeness. Syn -(n) Unrestrained, unconfined, released, delivered, liberated, exempt; clear, open, allowed, permitted, unobstructed, innocent, unreserved, ingenuous; familiar, generous, liberal, bountiful, licentious; separated, dissevered, unattached; prodigal, lavish, immoderate; prompt, eager, willing, spontaneous; loose, easy, careless, (v) Manumit, emancipate, liberate; loose, discharge; disentangle, clear, disengage; absolve, exempt.

A free lance—বে টাকা দেয় তাহার দিকে করা; A soldier free to engage for any one buying his services:—কোন দলভূকে নতে; One attached to no party.

According to one's free will—(वस्त्रंगुर्सक। influence of.

Free and easy, a खालांचुनि , महल সোखामुकि , Quite at home, perfectly familiar and uncere-

Free from-we-s . Exempt. Free from care- [4] Town

Free from desire—গতশা্ই ! Free from disease—मीरवान ।

Free of-কোৰ মাহল বা কর হইতে মৃক্ত, Exempt from ( something pavable by others )

Free from imperfection—(পাৰ্শুড ।

Make free with—অভন্ন বাবহার-কু, শিষ্টাচার বাতি-ক্ষ-কৃ, অশিপ্তাচৰণ কৃ, lo treat with improper familiarity, to treat without ceremony -- wis-मार-कृ, वार्षक डिलाडांग-कृ, Make away with, appropriate to onesell —ইচ্ছামতপাৰ আহার করা Enjoy without restraint

Free-agency, fie'-ijen-si, n স্বাধীনভাবে কাৰ্য্য क्षितात्र क्मला , देव्हान्त्रविष , Power of choosing or acting freely n=free-agent

Free-agent, n. य वाकि वादीनखाद कार्या कतिएड ofice One under no constraint of will

Preebooter, fic'boot-er n 431 A robber . a plunderer Sen -Pillager, buc.aneer, brigand. highwayman, bandit, marauder

Freebooting, n দসাবৃত্তি Plundering, robbery Free-born, a জনুসতে বাধীন, bree by birth, [ ( hurch of Scotland inheriting liberty. Free-church, n. Body of dissenters from the Freedman, ircdman, n মুক্তদাস . দাসতমুক্ত ব্যক্তি Slave made fice, a man who has been in sla-

very and now freed or set free

Freedom, fic'dum n সাধীনতা Liberty . independence -मृक Release -(भोगांकिकाव (itizenship -अनल र निकंडा. अवशा त्मीक मा, Improper familiarity, license — সাত্যা, Separation — विरुगव व्यक्तिक Particular privileges Syn -Frankness, openness liberality scope, range swing, play, fan thuity purilege immunity Freehand, fre' hind a अशहराहित इंड बाड़ी आहिक, Applied to drawing by the unguided hand. Free handed, fre handed, a रशंक, मूक्ट्र. Open, liberal, open handed.

Free-hearted, fic harred, a স্বল, বদাল , সর-नासः कदन , Liberal , open frank , open hearted Freehold, irc'hold, n निषद कृषि, An estate held for life, a property held free of duty except to the kind

Free-holder, n নিছর তুমাধিকারী, One owning a freehold, the person possessing a freehold

Freelance, n. বে সৈম্ভ মাহিনা পাইলে যে কোন পঞ্চ व्यवस्य कतियां युक्त करत , One of a company of armed men, who in the middle ages sold their services to fight on any side in a quarrel -बन्जुक ना इहेग्रा अकादगरी-इ. One who takes side in any controversy on his account and not as a pledged partisan

Freeliver, n বিলাসী. One who indulges his appetite for eating and drinking freely [living Freeliving, n. विनामिछा , Careless or luxurious

Freelove, n वांदीन ध्यम , विवाद-वक्षण दिला औ-পুরুবেব মিলন; Doctrine or practice of consorting with one of the opposite sex, without marriage. Froeman, fre'man, n. वित्तर अधिकांत्रशांश वाकि; ৰাধীৰ ব্যক্তি, One who holds a particular franchise or privilege, one who is free or enjoys liberty pl=freemen

Freezing point

Freemason, frc'm2-sn, n. americ facetes am: সমিতি বিশেষের অন্তর্গত ব্যক্তি, Member of a secret society, professedly founded on social and moral virtue, but generally a mere convival and benevolent association, one of the persons forming an association for mutual assistance and enjoyment - विरूप अधिकांत्र आश्च दांकियत्री, Onginally, one of an association of masons, freed from the laws that regulated common labourers

Freemasonry. fremasn-ri, n खुद म्लामां विद्नव : সাধারণের উপকারার্থ গঠিত সমিতি বিশেষের কার্য্য বা প্রথা : A sceret society, the institutious, practices &c. of free-masons. [ care.

Free-minded, a আহেশপুর , চিরাপুর , Without Freepass, n বাধীন ভাবে বাইবার ছাড়, বে অবুমক্তি পত্ৰে মাণ্ডল দিতে হয় না . Permission to pass free.

Freeport, n (व वन्यद मांखन पिट्ड हम मा , One where goods may be landed free from custom restrictions

Free-school, n वांवडनिक विकालक, Charity school

Free-spoken, a 啊 事情 , Spoken without reserve or restraint

Freestone, fre'ston, n প্রস্তর বিশেব , A variety of sandstone easily cut or wrought, a stone composed of sand or grit, so called because it can be freely cut

Free-thinker, frethingk-er, n. নারিক , সংশব-वानी , नाज्ञश्रमां अध'क्रकार' A sceptic , one who discards revolution. Syn -Deist, unbeliever, sceptic infidel

Free-thinking, fectithingking, n and the প্ৰতাদেশে অবিশাস, The habit of mind of a freethinker.

Free-tongued, a সাইবাদী Speaking freely Freetrade, fic'trad n वाधीनलाद वस विनिमन : यांधीन वानिका खवाध वानिका, I rade or commerce without undue restrictions, free interchange of commodities.

Free-vinter, " लाईराक विना यम-विक्यकांद्री, One who can sell wine without a license

Freewill, frc'-will, n निकाहन कतिए बाबीनडा : বেজ্যাচার, liberty of choise, freedom of the will from restraint of any kind -a रेक्श्वीन, ৰেচ্ছামূৰক , Voluntry , spontaneous.

Freeze, frez, v t. ঘনীতৃত কু, তুবারে পরিণত-সু; To harden into ice - ৰীতে ৰ পাৰিত ৰ To cause to shiver with cold -ए : नीट अभिया-वा , क्रिन-र, To become congealed by cold -n. अमार्ड ater . Act or state of being frozen. Syn:-(v) Stiffen, harden, benumb, make torpid.

Freezing point, freing-point, n 34-44; বে তাপাংশে জল কঠিন হইতে থাকে, That degree of a thermometer at which fluids begin to freeze; the degree of temperature, marked 32° on the

Fabrenheit thermometer, and O° on the Centigrade, at which water begins to freeze

Freight, frat, n বাণিজা প্রবা, নৌকালির বোঝাই বালা; বোঝাই, Cargo, the lading of a ship, load—ত্ত্ব, মাল চালালের জন্ম নৌকার ভাড়া, The charge for transporting goods in ships or boats—v t বোঝাই-ক, To load a ship Syn—(n) Burden, lading, load, freightinge charge for freight

Freightage, frataj, n. মালের জন্ম লোকা ভাড়া,
Money paid for freight [freights a vessel

Freightar, fiater, n (বঝাল বোঝাই (দর, One who

French, frensh a করাসী, Belonging to France or its inhabitants—n করাসী জাতি বা ভাষা, The people or language of France.

Freight

French Frog, n French man in decision
French leave—ছুট না লইবা প্ৰস্থাৰ অপুমতি না
ল'ষ পলায়ন, Going away without leave, leave
taken without the permission of the company
or the authority

Take French leave—হঠাং প্রাথন-ফু, Go away of a sudden or w thout paying the reckoning Frenchify, v To infect with the mainers of the French.

Frenzy, frenzi, n [ Gr phromitis inflamation of the brain ] বাড়লতা বাহজানপুৱাৰ দম্ভতা Madness, manii —উত্তেছনা প্রকোপ, Wild excitement, rage a=frenzical frenzied Syn Insanity lunacy derangement delirium fury Frequent, frc'kwent a নিবস্তব, অবিরভ পুন: त्रनः म पहिल Often done often occurring -क र माकार-क नियं गंडायां के मन' मर्रामा गंडिविध कविशे माकार-कृ lo visit often or habitually ad =frequently n=frequentness frequenter Syn -Many numerous, resterated common usual Frequency, fre'hwen si, n (भीन:पूर्ण देनदश्वर्षा , भ्याप्तः मः घटन Repeated occurrence of anything Prequentation, fre kwent ashun n Adel পতিবিধি ও সাকাৎকাৰ The act of visiting often Frequentative, fie-kwent's in a वीकावातक Denoting the frequent reputition of an action -अ बीकाबाबक कियानन A verb expressing this repetition, in Grammar, a verb expresses this action.

Fresco, fresko n (परशास्त्र नृठन आसाभव छे पर िक निधन, थाहीरत हिक कविवाद अनानी A method of painting on walls freship pastered, a pain ting executed with water-colours on fresh plaster -v t উক্তৰণ চিত্ৰ ক Io paint in fresco Fresh, fresh, a नुजन 9 मनन New and strong —বিশত ক্লান্তি, Having renewed vigour — অলব नीक , नवाहीन , Not salt (as water or meat) --व्यनदीकिङ, व्यन्नवहरू, Untiled - एव, प्रकाय, Healthy - हेर्डिका , अल्लाकांक Lately produced gathered or prepared for market, recently produced or obtained -713%, In a state of health and activity. ad = freshly Syn -New, recent, sound, good, rare, unused unfaded, lively, vigorous, young blooming, florid, ruddy, unsaited, uncured, untainted, vivid, lively, raw, uncultivated, inexperienced.

Freshman, freshman, n শিকানবিদ, প্রথমশিকার্থী, A novice, one newly entered in a college. Fresh-water — অনবণ্ড অনস্থনীয়; Of or pertaining to water not salt — অনিপূৰ্, Accustomed to sail on or live in fresh water only, unskilled, raw

Freshen, freshn, ত t সভেজ-কু, লবৰণেশ পৃথক-কু; লবণশুন্ত কু, To make fresh, totake the salt from—খিট কু To sweeten — ৩ ঃ টাইকা-হ, বিশুদ্ধ হু, সতেজ হু, To grow fresh, to grow brisk or strong Freshet, freshet গ লবণহীন জলের ভোকবিনী বা সবোৰৰ, বৰ্ণাহেজু বা তুবার গলন ভক্ত নদীর আক্ষিক তীর অভিক্রম, A stream or pool of fresh water, the sudden overflow of a river from rain or melted snow

Fret, fiet, et [A S fretan to eat, to grow]
নই কৃ, কর-কৃ, To eat into —বিরক্ত কু To cornode to vex —আন্দোলিত-কৃ To agitate — ভ.

া কব ক্, কব পাওবা, Io we ar away —বিবজ-কৃ,
Io be peet ish to be vexed — ল কোটন,
আন্দোলন , Ant thon of the surface of a liquid
—বিরক্তি ট্রেল বোধ Irintation, ill humour —
নদীব বেধার ভালে The worn side of the bank of
a river Syn — (v) Rub coirode impair gall,
nithate tease chighin aftront, annoy, worry,
hai iss variegate diversify

Fret, fret n চিকা কথা, খাচিকা Ornamented work in embioidery or carving — লৌহজাল, The interlicing of bais of fillets if from bars crossed and interlaced — সেহাবাদিৰ কথা হাব, A short piece of wire fixed on the finguine board of a guitar or other instrument — ব প্ৰায়েশ কিন্তু ক. To firmsh with firets

Fret, fret v t চিদ্ বিচিত্র সু বাসকারো বোভিত কু, Fo ornament with rused with to variegate, to decorate with the raised work

Fret-work, fretwurk n f ক কণ্ম স্থাপতা বিষয়ক কাককাষ্য বিশেষ, Raised work work adorned with frets

Frotful, fretfool a se companie Peerish, ready to first n=fretfulness, al=fretfully Syn—Uncasy dissuisfied waspish cross irritable, approus touchy petulant spleeny splenetic.

Fretted, ficted a শেকসাৰ বাব' সজিত, Interlaced ornamated with net work, variegated, ornamated with frets

Frotted-rood—Roof ornamited by bands or fillets crocsing each other in different patterns.
Frotting, freeing a ক্ৰণৰ Wearing out —
অ লোলনাৰ বিষ্যান্ত্ৰৰ Agitating, vexing —n.
বোৰন্ত্ৰ, Pecuishness

Friable, frin bl., a [I frio, friatum, to crumble] বাহা সহাৰ চৰ্গ কৰা বাষ, স্তৰ্গনীৰ, Easily crumbled or pulverised n=finableness, friability Syn—Triturable, pulverable brittle, crisp. Friar, fri ar n [L frater a brother] ৰশ্বসন্তাৰ বিশেষৰ অন্তৰ্গত ব্যক্তি ঘটবাসী, A brother or member of certain religious orders in the R. C. Church, a monk

Black friar—A Dominican.
Gray friar—A Franciscan
White friar—A Carmelite

Friary, friar-1, n 45, A monastery or residence of friars, monastery.

Pribble, fribl, v. i [ L. frivolus, trifling ] कु ; (इनलाम कता ; To trifle :--- अ. (इनला ; कुल बीव ; A trifler : a cox comb :- ब. वर्काहीन : Trifling. Fricasseo, frik-29-58, n मात्रविष्ठ बाह्यन विल्लव: A dish made of fowls or rabbits cut into pieces and dressed :- ए. र. ( माश्न वाक्न ) उक्न-कृ ; To dress in fricassee.

Brietion, frikshun, n. [L. frictio, from fricare, to rub ] पर्व ; भाषा ; The act of rubbing one body against another. a=frictional. Syn:-Attrition, abrasion, rubbing, grating.

Friction-wheel, n. সংঘৰ্ণ-নিবাৰ বৃদ্ধ ; ঘৰ্ণপর बाबका-मन्त्रामक हञ्चल ; Contrivance to lessen friction; a pair of wheels that lessen friction. [week. Friday, frida. n. 33413. The sixth day of the Friend, frend, n. [ A. S. freond, from frean, love ) वक ; डेनकावी ; शिंडवी ; One intimate and kindly; an intimate acquaintance; a favourer; a well-wisher :-- मन्ध्रनाम विरम्शाव अवर्गक वाकि, महावानाश्रावांगी दो व्यक्तिवामन-त्वांगा शव : One of a society so called; a term of salutation. Syn :-Intimate, associate, companion, confident, famihar, ally, encourager, advocate, patron; quaker Bosom friend-नवा , नवम ( बाखविक ) वक् ; Intimate friend.

Friend at court—রাজসভার বন্ধ; One who has sufficient interest to serve another.

Friend in need - अनुसहित रहा; One who befriends in an extremity.

Friends, n. Quakers.

Fair-weather friends-Friends-Friends - Friends ends gathering round a person when in [ reconcile. Make friends with- 450-7; Court favour, Old friends with new faces—বছকাল সাকাৎ মা থাকা হেড় পরক্ষাব চিনিতে অক্স বন্ধব ; Friends of

former days who have changed with the times, and are grown perfect strangers Friendless, frendles, a वकुरीन , निःमहाव, विवृहिख ;

Without friends; wanting support; forlorn. n=irr ndlessness.

Friendly, frendli, a. lau; वक्तमभन; विजय . Having the disposition of a friend; like a friend - অপুকুল; অবৈরী, Amicable, favourable not hostile n=friendliness Syn :- Amicable, kind, conciliatory, social, neighbourly, well-inclined, well-disposed, propitious, salutary. Friendly society, n. वक्तमभाज ; A kind of club or association among operatives for affording relief to the members, when out of work or in sickness

Friendship, frendship, n. বৰুতা; বিত্ৰতা; পরশাব ৰহাত্তি, Intimacy from mutual esteem; amicable assistance. Syn :- Affection, intimacy, familiarity, fellowship, love.

Erieze, frez, n. यांठा भवनी कांगड ; लामक पुन्यह-বিশেষ, A coarse woolen cloth with nap on one side: -v. t. To make a nap on (cloth).

Frigate, frig'st, n. 445 दि विद्युव ; A ship-ofwar with from 20 to 50 guns.

Frigate bird, frig'at-berd, n. रूर ११ ); A large tropical sea-bird,

Frisket Frigatoon, frig-a-toon, n. wu ceis ficela ; A small Venitian vessel.

Fright, frit, n. [A. S fyrhtu, fear] 53; जांडर: Terror; sudden fear. Syn: -Alarm, consternation, dismay, dread, panic.

Fright, frit, Frighten, fritn, v. t. 88-7; শক্তি-কু, ভয়াৰ্ভ-কু, আত্তমাৎপাদন-কু; To affright, to scare, to alarm. Syn :- Terrify, dismay, daunt, intimidate.

To take fright - st atest | [fy. See fright. Frighten, frien, v. t. 83-9; To alarm; to terri-Frightened out of one's wits—ভয়ে কিংকৰ্ব্য-विश् इत्या . जाय कानगृत्त - इ : So terrified as not to know what to say or do.

Frightened to death—ৰভাৱ ভাড; অভিশৱ শকিত ; Very much terrified.

To get frightened—छोड-इ : भविउ-इ।

Frightful, friffool, a. कीवन : कववन : कवीनक : বিভীবিকামর; Dreadful; terrible; shocking. n= frightfulless. ad=frightfully. Syn :-Alarming, fearful, terrific, awful, horrid, horrible.

Frigid, frifid, a [ L. frigidus, from frigere, to be cold ] नीडन; Cold:—नीडम; निटाड: উৎসাহবিহীন; অক্ষর; Unanimated; dull; unfeeling:--বৈত্য-প্রভাবে কাহিত প্রাপ্ত . Frozen or stiffened with cold. n=frigidness. ad=frigidly. Syn:-Cool, gelid, icy, chilling, stiff, unanimated, lifeless; unfeeling, passionless, formal, repulsive.

Frigid zone-That part of the earth between

each polar circle and the pole.

Frigidity, frij-idi-ti, n. পাতনতা , পৈতা; Coldness:-- निक्श्मार ; च्रिहीनडा ; ध्राहीनडा · Want of animation; dullness.

Frigorific, frig-or-if'ik, a. [ L. frigoris, cold, facto, to cause ] ( TCSTR 1914 ; Causing or generating cold.

Frill, fril, n. pas, anife qua; A ruffle (on clothes ) :- April ; A ruffled or plaited edging of linen, as on the bosom of a shirt: -v. s. हुन्छे बांडा खलडू छ-कृ , मक्षांव मिशा मिछा मिछा -कृ ; To decorate with frills :-- v. i. দীতে কিশত-কু ; কিশত-ই ; Shiver as with cold; ruffle, as a hawk when shivering.

Fringe, frinj, n [ L. fimberia, threads ] 17; ৰালর, কৃপি; Ornamental border or edging:শেষভাগ, The extremity -v. f. দলীবৃদ্ধ-কৃ; কৃপি बाजा स्ट्लांडिड-कृ, बालदर्क-कृ; To adorn with fringe; to border, a=fringeless. Syn:-(n) Border, tassel, edging.

Frippory, imp'er-i, n. [ Fr. friper, to wear ] कोर्न तक , कोर्न शिक्छन , Cast off dresses or finery ; old worn-out clothes :--জীৰ্ণ বন্ত বিশ্ৰয়াৰ্থ স্থাৰ ; জীৰ্ণ-পরিচ্ছন-বিপণি; Place where old clothes are sold: —অকিঞ্চিংকর বস্তু; অতি তুচ্ছ ক্লবা; Useless trifles. Syn -Trumpery; second-hand finery.

Frisk, frisk, v. i. 可不一件; 南田一季; To leap; gambol :- n. नृडा ; नक , A frolic ; leap. n= frisker. Syn: - (v) Skip, hop, dance, sport, play, wanton, frolic, romp.

Frisk about- 351-\$; Dance about.

Prisket, frisket, n. aufter Geffag auf wer wind. সংলয় কৰিবা বাধিবাৰ আধাৰ; The light frame for

tholding paper before it is laid on the form for impression, so called from the quickness of its motion.

[ ly ; frohcsome.

Prisky, friski, a. প্রকুল ; উৎকুল ; ক্রডিনশীল ; Live-Prith, frith, Firth, ferth, n. সমূত্রের বাঁড়ি ; অপ্রশন্ত নাগর-শাবা ; Inlet of the sea; a narrow arm of the sea.

Britter, friter, n. [L. frigere, frictum, to fry]
ভাজিত বাংসবাভ; আই মাংসবাভ; পিটুক বিশেষ; Small
pancake; fragment:—v.f. ক্রমণা: ক্রম-কু; বাত বাতকু; To break into pieces; to waste away by
degrees. Syn:—(n) Slice, shred; diminish,
pare off; dissipate, waste, idle.

Fritter away—বুধা কালকো-ক; Waste away by degrees in a frivolous manner; spend in trifling employment.

Frivolity, fri-voli-ti, ল. চপলভা ; লযুতা ; অছিরতা ; Acts or habits of trifling ; levity.

Privolous, frivol-us, a. [ L. friare, fricare, to fly ] অনুচেতা; চপল; নির্কোধ; নগণা; সাধান্ত; Given to trifling; foolish, worthless. n=frivolously. Syn:—Vain, unimportant, petty, silly, trivial, idle, flimsy.

Prizs, Priz, friz, v.t. ক্কিড-ক; বন্ধ ও জড়িড-ক; To curl, to render rough and tangled:—n. কুলৰ; A curl.

Fro, fro, a. পদাং বা পদাং হইতে; হইতে; হুৱে;
Back or backward, from; away. [backward.
To and fro—এদিক ওদিক; ইতস্তত:; Forward and
Frook, frok, n. বাঘরা; শিও ও বীলোকের অসরাধা
বিশেষ; Woman's gown, a gown worn by children
and females:—পুরোহিতের শিরভ্ষণ; A monk's
cowl. [in a frock.

Frocked, frokt, a. দীৰ্ঘ অস্বাধান আৰুত; Clothed Frog, frog, n. ভেন্ধ; বাভ়; A reptile rana, an amphibious reptile, with webbed feet, remarkable for its activity, swimming and leaping.

Frog eater, n. vaifa; A Frenchman.

Frog-hopper, n. কুড় ৰীট বিশেষ; A small leaping insect living on plant.

Prolic, frolik, ন. ক্রীড়া; আনশোজ্যাস: কৌডুক; Merry meeting; frank gaiety; a play, a wild prank:—v. t. ক্রীড়া-কু; কৌডুক-কু; To play, to sport, gamble; be merry:—a. আনন্দপূর্ণ, Merry, full of pranks. Syn:—(n) Play, game, sport, gambol; lark, spree; fun, pleasantry.

Frolicsome, frolik-sum, a. ক্রীড়াবিছ ; ক্রীড়নবীল ; জ্বলবা ; Sportive ; playful, gay. n=frolicsomeness. Syn:—Gamesome, merry, frisky, lively. From, from, prep. হতে ; Out of, as from a source ; forth:—প্ৰত: ; পূবে ; Away ; at a dis-

tance :--(এই) কারণে, By reason of.

From a boy—বাল্যকাল হইতে; ছেলেবেলা হইতে।
From age to age—একৰাল হইতে আৰু এক কাল
প্ৰান্ত; From one age to another. [ midst.
From among—হইডে; Out of; from; from the
From beginning to end—প্ৰথম হইতে শেষ
পৰ্বান্ত; Throughout; through the whole length.

From birth—भाजन ; लग श्रेष्ठ ।

From day to day—দিলে দিলে। From pilar to post—উৎপীড়িড; পীড়িড, From one refuge to another; harassed. From saving comes having—বিষয়বিদ্যা হইছে অৰ্থ হয়: Wealth comes from economy, quite as much as from large gains.

From the bottom of one's heart—activation ; Heartily; sincerely.

From time immemorial—বহুদিন বইডে।

From time to time—মংগ্য ন্যা; সময়ে সময়ে ৷
Front, frunt, n. [L. frons, frontis, the forehead ; head ] মুখ , মুখ্যখন ; লগাট · Face, the forehead ; brow :—অগ্ৰভাগ ; The part of any thing directed forward; the forepart :—সাহস : নিলক্ষ্ডা ; গৃইডা :—Boldness ; impudence :—a. সমুখ্য ; সমুখ্যিত, Of, relating to, or in the front ; foremost :—v. t মুখ্যমান্ত-ফ ; সুবোৰতী-ছ ; মুখ কিয়ান ; To face ; to oppose face to face ; to turn the front face in any direction :—v. i. সমুখ্য ক্ষান্ত মানত ; সমুখীনত , To stand in front or foremost. Syn :—(n) Countenance ; van ; fore-rank. (v) Confront, encounter.

In front of—সন্মাৰ ; Before.

Frontage, fruntaj, n. বাড়ীর সক্ষভাগ; The front part of a building.

Frontal, frontal, a. [ L. frons, a front ornament for horses ] লবাট সম্বন্ধীয় ; Belonging to the forehead :—n. লবাট-ভূষণ ; বারের উপরিপ্ত ক্ষ সজ্জানিত, ; Frontlet ; a front-piece

Frontier, fronter, n সীমা, সীমান্তপ্রদেশ, Borden; boundary, that part of a country which fronts another country:—a. প্রান্তন্থ; Bordering; lying on the frontier.

Frontispiece, fronti-spes, n. প্ৰকের প্ৰথম প্ৰের্ চিত্র; An illustration fronting the first pages of a book:—অট্রালিকারান্তির সন্মুখ্যার; The principal face of a building.

Frontless, fruntles, a. লজ্ঞাহীন; বৃষ্ট; Shameless; impudent.

Frontlet, frun'let, n. জলাট-বন্ধন, A bandage for the forehead :— অকুটাবুক ললাট; A frowning brow.

Frost, frost, ন. তুবার: অতাধিক লৈতা; The effect of freezing; frozen vapour or dew:—v. t. তুবারবং শ্বার্থ বারা স্বাচ্ছৰ-কু; To cover with anything like frost, as cake with sugar.

Frost-bite, frost-bit, n. ত্যার খত; শৈত্যপ্রতাবে অপ্রবিশেষের অবসাদ; The freezing of some part of the body by exposure to cold.

Frost-bitten, frost-bitn, a. ভ্ৰাৱাহত ; হিমাবসর , Withered by frost ; affected by frost.

Frost-bound, frost-bound, a. তুবার ছারা বছ; তুবারাবছ. Confined by frost.

Frost-nail, frost-nail, দ. বোডার বালে বিদ্ধ পেরেৰ বিশেষ . A nail driven into the shoe of a horse to prevent the horse from slipping on ice.

Frost-work, frost-wurk, n. ভ্যাদির উপরিস্থ ভ্যার বং কারুকার্যা, Work resembling hoar-frost on shrubs.

Frosting, frosting, n. পিটুক বিশেষের আঞ্ছাদন ৰক্ত প্রকৃত ভূষারবং প্রব্য বিশেষ, The composition, resembling hoar-frost, used in covering cake etc.

Frosty, frosti, a. আতি হিম, তুবারমন্ত; তুবারোপানী; তুবারমনুল; Very cold; attended with or producing frost; frost-like:—উলাসীন, কঞ্চিল ক্লম্ম, Without warmth of affection, chill in affection admirostily, metrostiness.

Froth, froth, s কো, কো, Foam, bubble—
বিষৰ্ক বাৰা, আনাম বাগাভ্ৰম, An empty show in speech, empty speaking—লবু বস্তু, Any light matter—ভ ঃ কোনি নিৰ্ভাভ-ছ, কোনুক্ত-ছ, To throw up froth—ভ. ৫. কোন নিৰ্ভাভ-ছ, কেনিল-ছ, তি cause to foam.

cause to toam.

Frothy, frothi, a কোৰ্ড , কোৰ্ড , দিয়া of foam , foamy — আনাৰ , প্তৰ্গত , আৰ:নাৰপ্ত , Empty unsubstantial , vain a — frothiness, ad—frothily Syn — (a) Spumous , frivolous , trifling, unreal Frounce, froms, v. f [L frons, frontis, the brow] ডাল-ছ, ক্ৰিড-ছ, আকৃট-ছ, To plait , to curl , to frown — a. ডাল বা ক্ৰন, A plait,

curl or wrinkle

Broward, fro ward, a [A S framweard, averse, perverse] বিশ্বপাৰী, অবাধা, অবিনীত Perverse, unwilling to comply with what is required, unyielding —কেছাচাৰী, বিকেন্দ্রীৰ, অবিকাশী, Self-willed, unreasonable ad of frowardly Syn —Untoward, unmanageable un governable, refractory, obstinate, wayward, stubborn, disobedient, petulant

Frown, frown, v: [F refrogrer, to knit the brow] জভলি-ক জকুট ক, To wrinkle the brow —জকুট ব সহিত কোৰ প্ৰকাশ-ক To look angry, to lower —জকুট অবলা আৰু পল্ডাংপৰ ক, To repel by frowning, to manifest displeasure — ং t To is thuke with a look — n আছলি জকুট তীৰ দৃষ্ট, Angry wrinkling of the brow, a stern look adfrowningly Syn —(z) Scowl look severe

Frown at or on—coin বাজিব অ' জনুট কৰা (অনভোষ প্ৰবাদ পাহ একপ মুখন্তসী কৰা) Look stenly at cast illook of displeasure on a person

Frowns of fortune—হল ভাগা।

Frowsy, frow া a বৃষ্ণৰ, অপরিকার তুর্গন, Digny, fetid ill scented

Frozen, frozn, Schunder freeze pa p effreese Fructescence, truk tesen n [1 f u'schoo bear fruit] क्ल अक इस्ट ब नम्ब The time when the fruit of a plant ripe is

Fructiferous, fink tifer-us a [I fru tus und fero, to bear] কলোৎপাসক Producing finit Fructification, fink-ti-fi kāshun n কলোৎপাসক The act of bearing or producing finit

Fruotify, frukti-fi t [ L fructus, and facto, to make ] ক্ষতী কয়, To fertilise, to render fruit —v. : কগ্ৰিণ ছু, lo bear fruit n=flucti fication

Frugal, fico gal a [L frugs temperate]
বিষয়েরী, Thrifty, economical sparing ad—
fiugally Syn — Saving, caroful, niggard,
miserly, temperate [prudent economy
Frugality, fico-galiti, n বিভয়ালি Thrift,
Frugalferous, fico-pifer-us a [L frugss,
fruit and fero, to bear] মালাংশীদক বা কলারী,
Bearing fruit.

Frugivorous, froo-μνο-rus, a [ l. frugis, and core, to eat ] ক্ৰছোৱা, Feeding on fruits

Fruit, fivot, \* [L frucor, fructus, to enjoy]

Profit, advantage, result — কৰা, Effect — শাৰ্ক, জন্তান, The offspring of animals Syn — Production, product, harvest, crop, issue, young; consequence

About to bear fruit - कलवारनायूथ।

Fruit bearing-कन्नानी।

Fruit time, n नदर्गन, Fall, autumin

Rew fruit - वन्ह इन ।

Resp the fruit of—(ভাল বা মন্দ) ফলভোগ-কু, Enjoy the reward or suffer the punishment of something done by one Ripe fruit—প্ৰকৃষ্

To bear fruit-कन अन्त का

Fruitage, frootal, গ ফলসমূহ, ফলমিচয়, Fruit collectively, fruitery

Fruiterer, frootei-er, ল কল নিক্ৰেতা, কল-ব্যৰ সামী, One who deals in fruit

Fruitery, frooter-i, n কল কল্নিচর Fruits, fruitage —কলাগার, কল-ভাতার, A place for storing fruit

Fruitul, fiootiool, a क्यांनी, डेक्ब, Yielding fruit, productive ad=fruitfully n=fruitfilness Syn—Feitile fecund, prolific, plentiful, rich abundant, plenteous.

Fruitfulness, ficoticol-nes n উৰ্ব্বা, কৰ

শালিতা Productiveness fertility

Fruition, fred-ishun n [L fruor to enjoy] সভাগ উপভোগ ভোগতা Enjoyment gratification pleasure derived from use or possession.

Fruntions, flootles, a কৰ্তন, অনুক্র Barren.
—বিকল নিকল Useless n= fruitless ress Syn
—Sterile unproductive unpr lific unprofitable,
abortive ineffectual vain idle profitless.

Frumentaceous, froo-men tashus a [L frumentum, for frugimentum coin] গোৰ্মাকি সমূল, গেব্দাৰি লক ঘটিত, Made of, or resembling, wheat or other grain

Frumenty, froo men-to Furmenty, furmento ন প্ৰের পালো, Food made of wheat boiled in nilk

Frush, flush, n ছোদাৰ পারের গোদালি, যোডার গোডাবির বেদনা, The frog of a horses foot, a disease in that part of a horses foot

Frustrate, fru trat v t [ L finstre without effect ] বিশ্ব কু বৰ্ণ কু, To defeat, balk, bring to nothing — a বুখা Useless, vain. Syn — Baffle foil thwart nullify

Frustration, fius-trashun, n नित्राना , रेपबांड , Di appointment defeat

Frustum, frustum n [L frustum, a piece, a bit ] কুন পদাৰ্থেৰ বিভক্ত অংশ, স্চাপ ঘনকেত্ৰের বিভাগ বিশে, A piece or slice of a solid body

Frutescent, froo-tesent, r [L frutes, fruticis a shrub] শুখাকার (খোপের মত), Growing or becoming shrubby, like a shrub

Fruticose, frooti-kos Fruticous, frooti-kus, a [L fruter, a shrub] ওকাকার, প্রথমন . Shrublike, shrubby

gry, fri, n ক্তানংলা, নাছের পোলা, পণ্ড ছাক, Young tish, swarm of animals —ক্তাক্তাবন্ধন সমষ্টি, A number of small things —v t ভাজিড-ক, Roast, boil in a frying pan over the fire, dress with oil or fat by roasting :- v. i. sigh; sight-z; To be roasted.

Small fry—বালক; ৰাছের গোনা; Little children, fishes or animals:—দে সকল আপী গণনীয় নছে; Insignificant creatures.

Frying pan—ভাজিবার পাত্ত; Shallow pan for dressing food by frying.

Out of the frying pan into the fire—am agree with am; atta mast each aftern att. From had to worse.

Fuddle, v. t. মন্য পান হাবা নিৰ্কোণ কু; To make foolish by drink:—v. s. পানে অভ্যাসক-হ; To drink to excess.

Fudge, fuj ent & , afferge www, Exclamation of contempt; a nonsensical account; stuff, nonsense.

Puel, tu'el, n. [L. focus, a fireplace] ইছল; আলানি কাঠ; A combustible for making a fire:
— উংসাহ; উদ্দীপন; Whatever supports heat,
excitement or energy.

Apply fresh fuel to —উত্তেছনা বা কোপ বৃদ্ধি-কু; অধিকত্তর ক্ষতিকর কবিয়া তোলা , To add new incentive, provocation or injury.

To add fuel to the flame—হলত অগ্নিতে তৃত বেৰৱা ; Make matters worse.

Fugacious, fu-gáshus, a [Gr pheugā, to flee] প্ৰায়মান; প্ৰায়নপথ; Fleeing, apt to flee away. n=fugaciousness, fugacity.

Pugitive, fuji-tiv, a. [ L. fugio, to flee ] চক্ৰ ;
আছির ; Fleeting — আনিচিত ; আনিচিত ; Uncertain ; unsteady :— আনিচিত ; আনিচিত ; Uncertain ; unsteady :— প্লায়নান , পলায়নান , Ready to flee away:— ক্ষায়ী , Temporary :— n. গলাতক , Runaway ; deserter. ad=fugitively, n=fugitiveness. Syn:—(a) Wandering, evanescent, short-lived, transitory, flitting. (n) Deserter.

Fugleman, fügl-man, n. [ Gr flugelman, the leader of a wing or file ] সামরিক কৌশল-শিকা দিবার কর সন্ধিত নৈত্ব-শেলীর পুরোভাগে দুঙারখান নেতা. A wingman; a soldier who stands, as an example, in front of a line of soldiers under drill. Fulcrum, fulkrum, n. [ L fulcio, to prop ] অবন্ধন, পালব; খোঁচা, A prop; the point about which a lever turns in lifting or moving a body. Fulfil, fool-fil, v. t পূৰ্ব-কু; সমাধা-কু, To complete; accomplish:—কাৰ্য্যে পৰিশত-কু; To carry into effect. n=fulfiller. Syn:—Effectuate, finish, consummate, periect; observe, perform, discharge, execute, keep, meet.

Puifilment, fool-himent, n. সমাস্তি; পূর্ণতা, Completion — কার্য্যে পরিশতি, সাধন, সিন্ধি, Accomplishment.

Fulgent, fuljent, a. [L. fulgeo, to flash, to shine] দীবিষাৰ; ভোতিয়াৰ, Shining or glittering:—ইজন, Bright, dazzling adminigently.
সংগ্ৰাপ্তলতে (ইজনতা; Brightness.)

Fuliginous, fü-lifi-nus, a [L. fuligo, soot]

Pull, fool, a. পূৰ্ব , পানিপূৰ্ব ; Full of , abounding in —পূৰ্ব , Ample ; copious —পূৰ্ব , নন্দ্ৰৰ , Complete, vatue —পানিপ্ত ; Mature .—স্বান্ত ; পনিভাৰ ; Strong ; clear :—প্যাৰ্থ ; Adequate :—

নৰ্কাৰ কৰে ; Perfect :—n. সন্দৃতি ; প্ৰি ; Complete measure; highest state or degree :— সম্পন্ধ ; সম্প্ৰতা ; The whole :—পূৰিমা ; The time of full moon :—ad. সন্প্ৰতে ; স্বাংলে; Quite ; completely ; with the whole effect. n=fullness, fulness. Syn :—(a) Replete, filled ; satisfied, satiated ; stocked, furnished ; sufficient ; abundant, plenteous ; large, extensive.

Full, fool, v. t. [l., fullo, a cloth-fuller] খোড-কু: পরিকার-কু; To press or pound in a mill, as cloth; to scour, cleanse, and thicken in a mill.

Full age, a. প্ৰিকঃ. Of mature age.

Full armed, a. সপূৰ্ব সজ্জিত, Completely armed. Full-blown, fool-blon, a. পূৰ্ব-বিৰুদ্ধিত; Fully expanded, as a flower.

Full-bottomed, fool-botumd, a. বৃহৎ থাৰপুৰু; বৃহৎ জনবিশিষ্ট; Having a large bottom, as a wig. Full-butt, ad. টক বিপৰীতে; Directly against. Full drive, a. ভীত্তবেগ; With full speed.

Full-faced, foolfast, a. প্ৰশন্ত মুখবিশিষ্ট ; Having a broad face.

Full-grown-পূर्वक्रक ।

Full-hearted, footharted, a উল্লাসিড; নিতাঁক; প্ৰাহমী, Full of trust or courage; elated. Full laden—বোৰা পরিপূর্ব; Having a full load. Fullmoon, n. প্ৰতিস্তা।

Fullnigh, ad. अणि निकार ; Very near.

Full-orbed, fool-orbd, a. সোলাকার; Having the orb complete; round. [deduction. Full pay—সমত বেডল; The whole pay without Full-sooth, ad. বাছবিক; In good truth. [mous. Full-souled, a. মহাসুভাব, উল্লেখনা, Magnani-Fullswing, ad. ব্যাশুন্তি; With full might. Full tilt—বেশ; At full speed, with a rush.

Full youth—পূर्वयोवन।

In full swing—পুৰ চলিতেতে; In full progress:
—চ্ডান্তসীমান, In unrestrained enjoyment; at
the height. [ Pay fully without deduction.
Pay in full—প্রোপ্রি দেওয়া (কিছুমান বাদ নতে);
To the full—প্রান্তান; পুরোপ্রি (কিছুমান কম
নতে); Quite as much, certainly not less.

Fuller, fooler, n. 484; Washerman; one who cleanses cloth.

Fuller's earth, foolerz-érth, n. বুজক যুদ্ভিকা; নাজি নাটা, Soit clay for cleaning; a variety of clay, capable of absorbing grease, used in scouring and cleansing cloth.

Fullness, Fulness, footnes, n my (a), Completeness, entireness. Syn — Repletion; abundance, sufficiency, adequateness, affluence, perfection.

[ feeling. Fullness of the heart— with a strong

In the fullness of time-sylvacs

Out of the fulness of the heart, the mouth speaks—ভাৰ আনিৰে কথা বাছিত্ৰ হয়।

Fully, fools, ad. মল্পুরিবে; Completely; entirely.

Syn:—Maturely; plentifully, abundantly, plenteously, copiously, largely, amply, sufficiently; clearly, distinctly, perfectly.

Fulmar, fulmar, n. এককাতীর সামুদ্রিক পকী; A species of petrel.

Fulminate, fulmin-at, v. i. [ L. fulmen, light-

ing ] ব্যালান-কৃ; ব্যাহ্মনি-কৃ; Thunder:—ভয় প্রদর্শন-কৃ; Thunder forth menaces:—চ. t. বিদারিত-কৃ; To cause to explode:—নিলা-কৃ; To denounce loudly:—n. বিদারণক্ষ নিজে বিশেষ; A compound of fulminic acid with mercury etc. n=fulmination. Syn:—Thunder, detonate, explode.

Fulmination, ful-min-áshun, স. বছলাছ; The act of thundering — মাসাঘলিক বিদায়ণ; A chemical explosion:—ভয়প্ৰদৰ্শন বা তিৱকাৰ, Menace or censure.

Fulminio, ful-minik, a. বিলারণসম্মার, বিলারণক্ম.
Pertaining to, or capable of, detonation.

Fulsome, fulsum, a. কুংসিত: গহিত; অভিনয় বৰ্ণত: খ্ৰাজনক; জভারজনক; কভিকর; আলীল; Offensive or disgusting by fawning; nauseous, offensive, gross, obscene. n=fulsomeness, ad=fulsomely. Syn:—Loathsome, repulsive, rank. Fulvous, fulvus, Fulvid, fulvid, a. [ I. ful-vus, deep yellow, tawny ] পিজল; Tawny; deep or dull yellow.

Fumarole, fuma-rol, n. আগ্নেম পৰ্কতেৰ ধ্যনিৰ্গমন ছিন্ত : A hole in a volcano or sulphur-mine from

which vapours issue.

Fumble, fumbl, v. i. হাতড়াইয়া অৱসন্ধান-কু. Feel or grope about:—বাৰ বাব নাড়াচাডা-কু; To handle much —v. t. আৰক্ষণে কায়-কু; আনাডিক ভাষ প্রিচালিড-কু; To manage awkwardly, crowd or trumble together. n=fumbler.

Fume, fum, n. [L. fumus, smoke] ধুম, ৰাণা, Smoke; vapour — আসার পদার্থ, অসার বস্তু; Any thing unsubstantial or airy — করনা, Idle fancy:—কোধ, Heat of mind:—v. i. ধুম নির্গত-হ; প্রাণ্ড - হ, To smoke; to throw off vapour:—কুম-হ; কোধপরবশ-হ; To be in rage:—v. t. ব্মে তম্ক; To smoke, dry in smoke. Syn:—(n) Exhalation, reek, effluvium; rage, passion.

Fumes of fancy—वृषो कहना; Vain conceits. Fumiferous, fam-if'er-us, a. [L. fumus, and fero, to produce] ब्रायाननकम; Producing smoke.

Fumigato, তিৰ্মা-gāt, v. t. [L. fumus, and ago, to drive] ধ্য দেওয়া; থোৱা দেওয়া, স্বাসিত-কু; To smoke, to medicate or cleanse by vapour; to perfume. n-fumigation.

Fumigation, sum-i-gashun, n. বিভন্ন করিবার অস ব্যে স্থাপন, The act of fumigating, or of applying smoke or gas, for disinfecting.

Fumitory, fumi-to ri, n. [L. fumus, smoke, and terra, earth] মুৰ্গন উদ্ভিদ্ বিশেষ; A plant having a disagreeable smell.

Fumous, fumus, Fumy, fumi, a. यूप दिशानक; यूपर्य . Producing or full of fumes; vapoury.

Fun, fun, n. [O. Eng. foune, to be foolish]
প্রিহাস; ডামাসা; মুক; Merriment; sport; frolicsome amusement; jest. Syn:—Play, frolic,
diversion, gayety, mirth, drollery, jocularity.

Make fun of -- পরিহাস-ক ; Laugh at.

Funambulate, fu-nambu-lat, v. i. [L. funis, a rope, and ambulo, to walk] রজ্জপুরি নৃত্য করা; (খড়ি-খড়ি-ক); To walk or dance on a rope, nefunambulation.

Funembulist, पि-nambul-ist, n, तर्काल मृजाकाती ;

ষক্পরি বৃত্যকারী; Rope walker or dancer; a ropedancer a=funambulatory.

Function, fungkshun, n. [L. fungor, functus, to perform] কাৰ্য্য সম্পাদৰ; Act of executing, performance:—বিশেষ কাৰ্য্য; কৰ্মবাৰ কাৰ্য; Peculiar or appointed action:—বাভাবিক বা ক্লিম কাৰ্য্য; Natural or assumed action:—প্ৰভাব, Power. Syn:—Execution, discharge, exercise; part, office, employment, province, business,

Functional, fungkshun-al, a. কাৰ্য্যক্ষীৰ; কৰ্ম্বা বিষয়ক, Pertaining to or performed by function.

ad=functionally.

Functional disease—ব্যান কাৰ্য্য সম্বন্ধীয় পীড়া; A disease affecting the function of an organ, but not its structure;—opposed to organic disease. Functionary, fungkshun-ar-i, n. কৰ্মচাৰী; One who holds an office or trust, esp., a public official.

Fund, fund, n. [L. fundus, the bottom] যুগ্ৰণ ; পুঁজি; Stock; capital:—গড়িড টাকা, স্কিড আৰ্থ, A store laid up from which one may draw at pleasure:—pl. কাতীয় কৰ্ণ; স্থানী কৰ্ণবন্ধপ বাজ্কোৰে সংগৃহীত অৰ্থ; Government debts; public securities; permanent debts due by a government and paying interest:—v. t. মুগ্ৰ-কৃ; গজ্জিত কৃ; Place in or make part of a stock; to place in a fund, as money. Syn:—(v) Store, supply.

Public fund-stols at : Public debt.

Sinking fund—ভাতীয় ধা পোলার্থ প্রয়োজিত আর্থ; Regular appropriation for reducing the public or other debt.

Fundament, funda-ment, n. active, active; Ground work, the lower part or seat of the body.

Fundamental, fun-da-mental, a. ব্ৰীজ্ঞ; প্ৰধান; খৌলক; প্ৰাথমিক; Essential, elementary; original:—n. মূল; নিমন্তল; মূখা বস্তু; Essential principle; ground work of any thing, an essential.—পাৰ, মল্বাৰ; The anus. ad=lundamentally. Syn.—(a) Primary, important, indispensable, radical, constitutional, organic, elementary.

Funeral, fü'nér-al, n. [L. funus, funeris, a funeral procession] সমাধি, অধ্যেষ্টিভিয়া, Burial; ceremony of burial:—a. অধ্যেষ্টিভিয়া সংখ্যীয়; সমাধিসম্বার; Pertaining or suiting a funeral:—উর্কৃতিক, লোকজনক, সমাধিকালে বাবস্থত; Relating to a burial; used at the interment of the dead.

Funeral ceremony-415

Funeral fire-footist !

Funeral pile-feet

Funeral place-नमावि-मान

Funeral procession— অন্তামীক্রির সম্পাদনার্থবাত্তা। Funereal, fu-ne're-al, a. অন্তোমীক্রেরার উপবোধী; শোচনীর; ভরাবক; Suiting a funeral; dismal. Syn:—(a) Dismal, dark, mournful, lugubrious, sombre, death-like; sepulchral.

Fungoid, fung'goid, a. [L. fungus, a mushroom, and Gr. eidos, appearance] ছুমুবং; বেত্তের ছাতার মৃত; Resembling a mushoom.

Fungous, lung'gus, a. (कांगन , (पट्डम क्रिजांन कांग ;

Soft; spongy:—কণ্ডারী; Ephemeral:—অকলাৎ উৎপার, Growing suddenly.

Fungus, fung'gus, n. [L. fungus, a mushroom] ছত্ৰ; বেঙের ছাতা; Mushroom; toadstool:—বত ছানে আচিল; কত ছানের উপর বত চামড়া; Proud flesh formed on wounds.

Funicle, fü'ni-kl, n. [L. funis, a cord or rope] সূত্ৰ ব্য কোন; তত্ত্ব; জাগা; A small cord, a fibre; a small ligature, filament.

Funicular, fü-nikū-lar, a. एक क्यव्य ; Consisting of a funicle,

Funnel, funcl, n. চুजी; सल: ध्यानिर्गमन यार्ग; Chimney shaft; vessel for pouring liquids.

Funny, fuhi, a. কৌতুকপুণ, পরিহাসপুণ, আমোদপুণ, Full of fun, droll. Syn:—Farcical, ludicrous, humorous, jocular, laughable, amusing. adfunnily.

Fur, fur, n. গগুলোম; হন্দ্ম লোম; Soft hair of animals; fine hair:—হন্দ্ম লোমবিশিষ্ট চর্মা, সলোম চর্মা; Skin with fur:—জবকালীন জিলার উপব লেগ; জিলার সঞ্চিত্ত মল; Coating on the tongue in fever:—বন্ধনাথানীৰ ভিত্তবে সঞ্চিত্ত মহলা; A fur-like coating on the interior of tea-kettles, &c:—v t. লোমযুক্ত-কৃ; লোমাজালিত-কৃ; To line with fur; to cover with fur:—মলাজালতেৰ আবৃত-কৃ; To cover with morbid furlike matter.

Furbelow, fur'be-10, n. ভাজ; অসরাপার ঝালরমূজ পাড়; A plain or flounce; the fringed border of a gown or petticoat; flounce; friil.

Furbish, fur'bish, v. t পৰিষ্ত-কৃ: পালিস-কৃ; Scour till bright, brighten; to polish; burnish. Furcate, fur'kat, a. [L. furca, a fork] নানা শাখাৰ বিভক্ত; কাটা বিশিষ্ট; Branching like the prongs of a fork.

Furcation, fur-káshun, n. শাধা বিস্তাৰ; কাঁটাৰ স্থায় বিস্তাপ; A forking or branching out-

Burfuraceous, fur-fū-rāshus, a [ L. furfur, bran ] ভুষল ; পৃথিযুক্ত ; Scaly, scutty.

Furies, n. অভিহিংসা দেবী; Three goddesses of vengeance.

Furious, 10'ri-us, a. [L. furia, rage] and category; Violent; full of rage; mad. ad=furiously. n=furiousness. Syn —Impetuous, vehement, boisterous, fierce, turbulent, angry, frantic, raging, frenzied.

Furl, furl, v. t. ভটাইয়া বাধা; Draw up, as in a roll; wrap or roll up, as a sail.

Furlong, furlong, n. [ A. S. furh, furrow, and lang, long ] ৪৪০ হাত পরিমাণ, ক্রোণের বোড়গাংশ; Eighth of a mile; forty rods.

Furlough, fur'lo, n. জন্নদিনের জন্ম ছুটি; ( দাকবি হইতে ) অবকাশ ও বিদাব; Leave of absence; esp, leave to be absent from service for a certain time:—v. t. জবকাশ দেৱনা; Grant leave of absence.

Furnace, fur'nās, n. [L. furnus, an oven] আয়ুলালা; আয়িকুড; Enclosed fire-place;—বিষম কটুকত ভান বা কাল; A place or time of severe torture or affliction.

Furnish, fur'nish. v. t. [ O. Ger. frumjan, to do, to perfect ] সজ্জিত-কৃ; Fit up; equip:—বোগাল: বোগাইনা-দে; Provide; supply. Syn:—

Provide with, store, stock; bestow, give, present, afford, offer.

Furnish with—কোন দরকারী বা ব্যবহারোপবোগী কিছু দেওয়া; Give anything that is necessary, useful or appropriate.

Furniture, fur'ni-tur, n. গৃহসজ্জা; গৃহাদিৰ আস-ৰাব; গৃহাদিৰ সৰঞ্জাৰ; Household goods; epuipage; decorations. Syn:—Movables, chattels, effects, goods; apparatus, appendages.

Furor, n. etsest ; Fury ; rage.

Furrier, fur'i-er, n. স্কলোম-বিক্তো; লোমল বস্ত্রাদিব্যবসায়ী; A dealer in furs and fur-goods.

Furriery, fur'i-èr-i, n. লোম-ব্ৰসায়; Trade in furs:—লোমসমূদ্য; সর্বপ্রকার লোমসমূদ; Furs collectively; furs in general.

Furrow, fur'ö, n. লাজনের বারা কৃত বাত : সীতা ; Small trench cut by a plough :—রেখা ; Any trench or groove :—কপালের বলি ; ললাটত রেখা , A wrinkle on the face :—v. t. থাত-কু ; সীতা বাবা চিচ্লিত-কু ; To form furrows in :—আকৃষ্ণিত-কু ; সন্থাতিত-কু ; To mark with channels or wrinkles ; to groove. Syn:—(n) Channel, groove, fluting, chamfer.

[ or consisting of fur.

Furry, fur'i, a. লোমসুক ; লোমসর ; Covered with Further, fur'ther, ad. পুরক্তর ; More distant :— আধিকতর ; Additional :—a. অধিক ; To a greater distance of degree ; in addition :—v. t. আলুক্ল্যক্, সাহায্য-ক, প্রাকোনক ; To help forward; to promote. Syn :—(v) Advance ; assist, succour, encourage.

[ A helping forward.

Furtherance, fur'ther-ans. n. প্রেচনা . সাহাযা; Furthermore, fur'ther-mor, ad. এতান্তর; জাধ-কর; Morcover, besides.

Furthermost, further-most, a. দ্রতম ; সর্কা-পেক্ষা অধিক দ্বৰতী ; চরম ; Most remote.

Furthest, fur'thest, ad. অধিকতন দূৰে; At a greatest distance:—a. দূৰতম; অদূৰতী; Most distant; most remote.

Furtive, fur'tiv, a. [L. fur, a thief] অপকাত; গোপনীয়, ওয়; Stealthy, secret ad=furtively. Syn.—Sly, secret, clandestine, surreptitious.

Fury, fūri, n. [ L. furo, to be angry ] উনত্তা; Madness:—প্রচতা, প্রকোপ; Violence; violent passion:—চতা; ভৈরবী বা প্রতিহিংসাদেবী, Roman goddesses of vengeance:—কলংপ্রিয়া স্ত্রানোক; কোপনবভাবা প্রথমা রমণী; A violent passionate woman. Syn:—Wrath, ire, rage; vehemence, impetuosity; vixen, vigaro, termagant, shrew, hag. Furze, furz, n. কটকম্মী লভা; সক্টক ভুষা; A

prickly shrub. [furze. Furzy, furz'i, a. কটক-ভন্মাৰুভ ; Overgrown with Fuscous, fuskus, a. অণুজ্ঞস ; পিলস্বৰ্ধ ; অপরিকার ;

Brown, or grayish black; dingy.

Fuse, fuz, v. t. [ L. fundere, fusum, to pour, melt, cast ] স্থাৰ-কু: To melt:—v. i. স্থাৰ-কু; To be melted:—n. বিশাৰণ জন্ত দাহা পদাৰ্থ থাৱা পরিপ্রিত নক; Light musket or fire lock. Syn:—Dissolve, smelt; amalgamate, commingle, blend.

Fusee, fu-ze', n. আলোক; বাসপূৰ্ণ নক; A match or cigar light; a fuse:—হোট বৰুক; A small light musket.

Fusel-oil, fu'zel-oil, n. [ Gr. fusel, bad spirits]

হৈলপথাৰ্থ নিশেষ : A nauscous oil in spirits distilled from barley &c. { ed. næfusibility. Busible, fuki-bl, a. মুখ্যুম্ম : That may be melt-busil, fukil, n. [ Fr. fusil, musket ] এক অকার

वसूक विराव ; A light musket ; a fire-lock.

Fusilade, futil-ad, n. একডালীৰ অনেক আগ্নেয়ায় কেণ্ড; A simultaneous discharge of firearms:— ৩. t. ঐক্নপ আগ্নেয়াত্ৰ নিক্ষেপ ধাবা হন্ত বা পাতিত-কু; To shoot-down by a simultaneous discharge of firearms.

Fusilier, Fusileer, fu-zil-er', n. বনুক্ষারী নৈত্ত; প্রান্তিক নৈত্ত বিশেষ ; Soldier armed with a fusil.

Fusing-point, fuzing-point, m. 371 निष्; The temperature at which any solid substance liquefies.

Fusion, fuzhun, n. গলৰ; জবা; Melting:— সংবোগ; একীছত হওল; Union. Syn:—Smelting; liquefaction; amalgamation, commingling, mixing, commixture.

Fuele, n. বড়ির কল বিশেষ; The spindle of a

watch:—লমু বন্দ ; A light gun.
Fuss, fus, n. গোলমাল ; হছুগ ; বাজাড়বর ; Bustle ;
tumult ; unnecessary ado. a=fussy, ad=fussily.
Fust, n. The shaft of a column:—ভালা গন ; A

strong, musty smell.

Fustet, fustet, n. [L. fuetis, a stick] বৰ্ কৰিবার কাষ্ট; A dye wood:—বন্ধ কবিবার ব্রবা; A dye stuff Fustian, fust'yan, n. কার্ণাস ব্র ; Cotton stuff:— দীর্ঘ বন্ধ; Bombast; hight-sounding words:—a. Made of fustian:—পকাড্যার বিশিষ্ট; Bombastic:—কার্ণাস বন্ধ নিশ্বিত; Of fustian. Syn:—(n) Rant, rhodomontade, nonsense.

Fustic, fustik, n. 47 arts if; The wood of a west Indian tree.

Fustigation, fus-ti-gfishun, n. [L. fustigo, fustigatus, to beat with a stick ] (ব্যাহাড, Flog-

ging:—To tal sign; A punishment by beating with a stick.

Fusty, fusti, a. affa; Ill-smelling. n=fustiness. Syn:—Musty, rank, mildewed.

Futile, fu'til, a. [L. futilis, worthless] তুক্ত; অসার; নিবৰ্থক; Trifling; useless; unavailing. Syn:—Vain, worthless, profitless, fruitless, bootless, ineffective, trivial, frivolous.

Futility, fu-tili-ti, n. (নর্থক চা; নিম্পান); Uselessness. Syn:—Triviality, frivolousness; triflingness, worthlessness, unprofitableness.

Futtook, futuk, n. ৰাঠ; A timber. plæfutocks (পোতের পাৰ্ত্ত বক্ত কাঠ্যকার; A curved timber forming part of one of the ribs of a ship).

Future, future, a. ছবিষ্
, ভাবী; That is to come; about to be:—n. ছবিষ্
, বাল to come. Syn:—(a) Coming, subsequent, forthcoming.

For the future, In future-effects !

Futurist, n One who looks to hereafter instead of the present; one who believes that prophecies in the Bible are to be fulfilled.

Futurity, fut'-ur'i-ti, n. छविराद काल ; छारी घडेना ; An event or state of being yet to come ; time to come ; event to come.

Fuzz, fuz, v. i. পরমাগুরপে উডিয়া বাওয়া; কুন্স বিক্লুয় আকারে উডিয়া বাওবা; To fly off in minute particles:—n. অণু; তৃত্ব গলুবেণু; Fine particles; fine light particles, as dust.

Fuzzball, fuzbawl, n. as now (ness sist); A kind of fungus, whose head is full of a fine dust. Fy. fi, int. fs. Same as Fie.

Fyke, n. বে জালে মংসা চুকিতে পারে, কিছ বাছির ছইতে পারে না; ঘূনি বিশেষ. A long bag-net distended by hoops, into which fish can pass but not return.

G

G-ইংবাজি বৰ্ণনাৰাৰ সপ্তৰ বৰ্ণ বা অক্ষম ; The 7th letter in the English alphabet.

Gab, gab, n. বুণা গল; জননা; Idle prate; loquacity:—মুণ; Mouth:—v. t. জননা-কু: বুণা গল-কু: To prate; to talk idly. Syn:—(n) Idle prate, loquacity, gabble; the mouth.

Gift of the gab—বাক্পট্ডা; Fluency of speech. Gabardine, Gaberdine, gab-ar-den or gabardin, ন. মোটা কাপড়ের পরিজ্ঞ ; মামান্ত পোবাক; Coarse frock; a mean dress.

Gabble, gabl, e. i. জনর্থক বাকা বলা; বক্ বক্-ত্ব; To talk inarticulately or without meaning:— বাজহংসের স্থায় শক্-কৃ; To cackle like geese. \*= gabbler, gabbling. Syn:—Prate, jabber, babble, chatter.

Gabble roof-A roof whose sloping rafters are left open to the interior, uncovered by crossbeams or coiling. Gabion, gábi-un. n. [It. gabbione, a large cage]
বিপক্ষের পোলা নিবারণ করিবার জন্ম বাবস্থত মৃত্তিকাপূর্ব মৃড়ি; A basket of wickerwork, having no bottom, but filled with earth, and used for shelter from the enemy's fire.

Gabionade, ga-bi-un-ad, n. পোলা আটকাইবার অন্ত সাজ্জত কৃতিখেলা; A line of gabions, thrown up as a defence.

Gable, gabl, n. ত্রিকোণ্যার; ছাদবিশিষ্ট বরের সমুখ ও পকাৎ ভাগেব ত্রিকোণাকার প্রান্ত; The vertical triangular portion of the end of a house from the eaves to the top.

Gable window—A window in a gable or pointed at the top like a gable.

Gablet, gablet, n. আসাদের বিকোণাকার কুত্র আছ-ভার বা চন্দ্রাভণ; A small ornamented gable or canopy.

Gaby, gábi, n. (4)4); A simpleton.

Gad, gad, n. लोह वा है चाल्डिय थान ; लोह (हनी ; A wedge or ingot of iron or steel :--वर्गा , अवून ; वर्तात व्यवात ; The point of a spear ; arrowhead; goad: — দ্ ; A rod or stick: — v. i. নিয়-ৰ্ক ইডডড: অমণ-চু, অন্থির হইয়া বেড়ান, Ramble about idly; rove about restlessly.

Gadding from place to place-tows: वन्-F; Wandering here and there without any

purpose,

Gad-fly, gadfli, #. जीड मर्मन मिकका विटमंद , मरमंक , it; A stinging insect; fly which stings cattle and deposits its eggs in their skin. [an Irish Celt. Gael. n. A Scotch Highlander of Celtic origin; Gaelio, gálik, a. क्ह्नाक्त शार्कडीय क्रांडि नवसीय; Pertaining to the Gael :- n. ब्रिप्टेनब शांकाजीब জাতির ভাষা; The language of the Highlands of Scotland.

Gaff, gaf, n. शाना, माছ वित्रवात खीठ; A harpoon; an iron hook on a handle for landing large fish; a light spear used by fishermen :-পাইল বিস্তার করিবার আড়কাঠ বিশেষ; A kind of boom or yard :- v. t. To strike or take with a gaff.

Gaffer, gaffer, n. वृद्ध लाक ; वृद्धां , वृद्धां ; An old fellow; an old man; an aged mistress. Syn:-Goodman, gossip; overseer, foreman.

Gag, gag, v. t. मूथवक्ष-कृ, कथा कहिएड ना प्रथम , To stop the mouth; to hinder from speaking. to silence :-- ॥ मूथ-वक्तनी , क्था वक्त कत्रिवां व कक्ष यांश मूर्व व्यवन कवान बाब, Something to fasten the mouth to hinder speaking Syn: -(v) Silence, stifle, muzzle, muffle , keck, retch.

Gagging Act-यूजावरत्रत्र चांधीनठा द्वाकारीविधि. Law to prevent newspaper editors from free

speaking.

Gage, n. नक्क; A pledge or pawn:-नुकार्थ আহ্বানকারী বস্ত বিশেষ, বৃদ্ধার্থ আহ্বানস্চক নিকিপ্ত শির-क्रांनि, Something thrown down as a challenge. as a glove, gauntlet :- পরিমাণ বিশেষ , A measure :- o. t. तकक बांदा आंवक-कृ, अभीकातावक-कृ, To bind by pledge or security - পরিমাণ-कृ. To gauge; to measure. Syn -(n) Guarantee, security; challenge. [goose

Gaggle, v. i. হ'মের মত শক্ত , Cackle as a Gaggling, n. इरमनान।

Gaiety, gác-ti, n. रर्द ; आत्यान , উल्लान ; Mirth , cheerfulness; merriment.

Gaily, ga-li, ad. উল্লাসস্কারে, In a gay manner Gein, gan, n. नाड, উপাৰ্জন, Profit, benefit, ad vantage :- v. t. উপাৰ্জন-कृ , जांछ-कृ , জয়-कृ . Earn ; acquire ; to get as a profit ; win - वदादि পांडरा , To escape: - v. i. धनी-इ, नाज्यान-इ, To have advantage or profit; to grow rich. Syn -- (n) Winnings, carnings, acquisition, emolument, lucre. (v) Get, procure, achieve, secure, realize, conciliate, persuade, enlist; reach, arrive at, attain to.

Gain ground-water; Advance in any undertaking; advance (as a successful assailant ) :-- वलवखन-इ ; Prevail :-- ऋष कथन कता ; Encroach on :-- वन व अनाव आव-र ; To acquire strength and extent.

Gain on or upon-WATA-E; To encroach on

(as water upon land); advance nearer to (in a race ) :- অতিক্ৰম-কু, To get the better of.

Gain over—बालनाव मिर्क बाना . काहारक बाबानक করা, বপক্তক-ভু; Win over; draw (a person or party ) to one's own side or interest.

Gain the wind—ৰঙ জাহাজের বাবভাতিভ পাৰ্ছে উপস্থিত-ই, To reach the wind-ward side of another ship.

Gain upon one-जरम अध्यम्ब वा निक्षेत्रजी हरेशा আছে, Get nearer to one by degrees ( in a race or contest ) :-- वाल चाल काला कार्याक खालनांत खनूकन করিয়া আনা; Gain influence over ( by degrees ).

Gainer, ganer, n. छेनकात्रधास वा नाक्वान वासि: One who gives profit, interest, or advantage.

Gainful, ganfool, a. नाज्यनक ; अर्थकद , Advantageous; profitable; lucrative. admgainfully. nee gainfulness. Syn :- Beneficial, remunerative, productive, paying.

Gainings, ganingz, n. pl. 341647; Anything acquired by labour or enterprise.

Gainless, ganles, a. 41575, Unprofitable. n= gainlessness.

Gainsay, gan-sá, ण अशीकांत-कृ, विवात-कृ, टाजि-वाम-क ; To deny ; to dispute , to contradict. n= gainsayer. Syn .- Controvert, oppugn.

Gairish, Garish, garish, a. 44414, 41543-শালী, শোভন, জাঁকাল, Showy, gaudy; ostentatious, ad = garishly, n = garishness. Syn :-Glaring, glittering, flaunting, flaring, fine, flashy. f ner of walking or stepping.

Gait, n. हत्त्व: नीपवित्कल-डिक्क्यां, Way or man-Gaiter, gater, n. भागअशिक्षामत जाल्हामनी, A covering of cloth for the ankle fitting down upon the shoe.

Gala, gála, n [lt. gala, finery] উৎসৰ . ভোজবোৎ-বৰ, বাহাডখৰ, Show, splendour, festivity; grand entertainment.

Gala-day—উৎসব দিন ; A festive day.

Galactometor, " इत्सन ७१ भवीका कृतिवात बद्ध ; इस भरोका कदियाद कन, Lactometer.

Galaxy, galak-si, n. [Gr. gala, galaktos, milk ] চামাপথ, Milkyway —সমাগম, An assem-The band or cluster of stars stretching across the heavens. S; n .- Group, constellation

A galaxy of beauty— इन्मजी बोल्नाकन्तव नमानव : A cluster of handsome women.

Galbanum, galban-um, Galban, galban, s. नियान वित्यद ; Medicinal gum :-श्न ; A gumresin obtained from an Eastern plant.

Gale, gal, n. [li gal, gale ] लहे वायु : बढ़ : Storm of wind; a strong wind between a stiff breeze; a storm ;-v. i. (naut) To sail fast. Syn:-(n) Blist, gust, hurricane.

Galeated, gálc-āt-ed, a. [ L. galea, a helmet ] শিরস্তাণাদি ধারা আবৃত; চুড়াকার পুল্পবিশিষ্ট; Covered as with a helmet; having a flower like a hemlet, as the monk's-hood.

Galena, ga-le'na, n. [ L. galena, lead-ore ] धनिक भगार्थ वित्नव ; Sulphuret of lead.

Galiot, Galliot, gali-ut, n. [Fr. galee, a galley ] এक वक्तित त्रोका , A short of bigantine; a Dutch vessel carrying a main-mast, a mizzen-mast, and a large gaff-mainsail.

Galipot, n. विश्वान ; A white resinous juice,

which flows from pine or fir trees.

Gall, gawl, n. পিড: The bile :- ভিত্তভা ; Bitterness :- ভেলা; খোপাৰ কালি; A vegetable excrescence produced by an insect in the bark or leaves of plants used in dying; marking ink :- fares; Spite; malignity; malice :- 449-জৰিত জাৰাত, বৰ্ণজনিত বেদনা; A wound in the skin from rubbing; a wound caused by rubbing :- v.t. विवक्त-क ; वाशाहेबा (मध्या ; To vex ; tease, harass ; annoy enrage :-- বৰ্ণ বাবা কয়-ক; पर्व पात्र नावहर्ष क्ति-क ; To wear away by friction; to hurt or break the skin of, by rubbing. Syn :- (v) Excoriate; chafe, irritate, provoke Gall, gawi, Gall-nut, gawi-nut, n. [ L. galla, oak apple ] লাকাজাতীর পদার্থ বিশেব; A light nut-like ball, produced by certain insects in the bark or leaves of a plant, used in dyeing.

Add gall to bitterness—কাটা বাবে সুনের ছিটা-বে। Gall and worm wood—নিম নিসিন্দের মৃত উত্তত্ত, অভিনয় কটু বা কেলদায়ক, Something exceedingly bitter and distasteful; something offensive and disgusting.

Gall-bladder-- পিতকোৰ।

Gall-stone, ». পিতকোৰ কাভ পাধৰি ; Concretion

in the gall-bladder.

Gallant, galant, a. ফুলর; স্বৃদ্ধ; Handsome, showy; magnificent — নাহদিক, দাহদপূর্ণ; Daring; brave:—গ্রীলোকের পরিচর্যায় রত, নারী জাতীর সমানকারী, Chivalrous courteous to ladies; attentive to ladies:—সহৎ; Noble — স কেপ্ট্রাপ্রার লোক; কুলবার; A man of fashion:—উপপতি; প্রেম-ল্ড্যানী; Lover; paramour; suitor:— স্বার্থীর বাজ বা দেবা-কু, To attend or wait on (as a lady.) ad=gallantly, n=gallantness. Syn:—Heroic, magnanimous, dignified, courteous; gay, fine. Gallantry, galant-ri, n. সাহস; নিতীকতা; Courage; bravery:—উত্তর্জা; Politeness:—জ্রীলোকের প্রতি শিষ্টাচার; রম্পি-দেবা; Attention to ladies, amour. Syn:—Nobleness, courageousness, heroism, chivalry; courtesy, courteousness;

Callon, n. চিৰিংলা, A medical man —A Greek Galleon, gals-un, n. পোড বিশেষ; A large Spanish vessel with four decks.

[ physicion

courtship, intrigue, lewdness.

Gallery, galer-i, n. কাককাৰ্যা-প্ৰকাশন-প্ৰকোঠ; পিন্ধ প্ৰদৰ্শন কৰিবাৰ কোঠ; A room for the exhibition of works of art:—নটিশোলা, পিন্ধা প্ৰভৃতিৰ উচ্চ মঞ্ ; The upper flour of seats in a church or theatre; a raised structure —সমনাগদনেৰ পষ; A long and narrow corridor or connecting passage-way:—ক্তৃত্ব পষ; A covered passage cut through the earth or masonry:—বারাভা; A platform surrounded by rails, projecting over the walls of a building.

Galley, gali, n. কুত্ৰ পোড বিশেষ; A low, flat built ship with one deck, and navigated with sails and oars:—পোডম্বাছ ব্ৰন্থানা; আহাত্ৰের ব্যালা; Ship's kitchen:—মৌকা; Large boat:
—ব্ৰপ্ৰাত্ৰ বৃংগ্ৰহ কুত্ৰ ভাৱী; A kind of boat attached

to a ship-of-war :—ছাপাধানায় অক্স রাখিবার কাঠা-বার ; গালি ; The frame which receives the type from the composing stick.

Galley-alave, gali-slav, n. পোত নিৰ্কাদিত চিহ্নান; দত্তবন্ধ নৌবাইক্রণে নিরোজিত অপরাধী; One condermed for crime to work like a slave at the oars of a galley.

Galliard, galyard, n. [ Sp. gallardo, lively, gay ] বনিক প্ৰৱ ; A brisk, gay man :-- মনোৰৰ দুড়া বিশেষ ; A gay lively dance.

Gallio, gafik, a. [ L. gallia, Gaul ] FINCE ;
Pertaining to Gaul or France.

Gallic Acid, galik asid, n. উবধ বিশেব; A crystalline substance obtained from gall-nuts, &c. Gallicism, gali-sizm, n. করানী-দেশীর বাব্য-প্রবাধ রীতি, French idiom.

Galligaskins, gal-i-ga/kinz, n. pl. এক রক্ষ পাজামা ; শিকারীদিগের পাদরকণ ; Large, open hose or trousers ; leather guards worn on the legs by sportsmen.

Gallinacious, gal-in-fishus, a. [L. gallina, a. hen] পক্ষীয় বিশেষণ বাক্; ধর্বক-পদী; Belonging to the farmyard poultry.

Galliot, n. A Dutch vessel. See galiot.

Gallipot, gali-pot, n. উৰ্থ রাখিবার ক্ষুণান্ত ; A small glazed clay pot for containing medicine. Gallon, galun, n. ওজন-পরিমাণ বিশেব ; সাড়ে ডিব্দ নের ; A measure of capacity ; four quarts.

Galloon, ga-loun, n. [Sp. gala, finery] কিড; এক রকম কিড়া; A lace; tape-like tissue of cotton, silk, &c.

Gallop, galup, v. i. মৃতগতিতে-বা; অতি কত গমৰ-কু, সলকে পৌড়ান; Move by leaps or very fast; run very fast; to run with leaps or bounds: n. অবেৰ মৃত গতি: The pace at which a horse runs when the fore feet are lifted together and the hind feet together:—(gal-op') চক্ল মৃত্য; A quick dance.

Gallopade, gal-up-ad, n. নৃত্য বিশেষ ; বৃত্যোপ-যোগী গানবাগ্য ; Quick dance ; music appropriate to it :—v. f. উক্ত প্ৰকাৱ নৃত্য বা গীতবাণ্য-ক ; To perform a gallopade.

Galloway, galo-wa, n. ক্স লাভীন আৰ বিশেব ; A horse of small size, bred in Galloway in Scotland.

Gallows, galus, n. কানিকাঠ; Scaffold for hanging criminals. Syn — Scaffold, gibbet, platform:—pl suspenders, braces.

Come to the gallows—ৰাসি-হ; Be hanged.
Galoche, Galosh, ga-losh, n. বৰ্ণাৰ সময় কুডাৰ
উপয়ে পৰিবাৰ কুডা; A shoe or slipper to be worn
over another in wet weather.

Galvanic, gal-vahik, a. তাড়িত শক্তি সম্মীয় ; হাসায়নিক বৈছাতিক প্ৰক্ৰিয়া হাবা উভুত ; Belonging to or exhibiting galvanism.

Galvaniso, galvan-iz, v. t. ডাড়িডশক্তি নকাৰ-ফু; বানায়নিক ফ্ৰিয়া বারা উত্তুত তড়িৎ সংযুক্ত-ফু; To affect with galvanism.

Galvanism, galvan-izm, n. ভাড়িডশকি বিবা; বাসায়নিক-ভড়িং-তম্ব; A branch of the science of electricity, which treats of electric currents produced by chemical action. Galvanist, galvan-ist, n. दमादन-किए-उदक

One skilled in galvanism.

Galvanometer, gal-van-omet-er, n. [Galvans, and Gr meiron, a measure] রানায়নিক-ভড়িৎ-अवाहगंकि-शतियां वश्व : An instrument for measuring the force of galvanic currents.

Gembado, gam bádo, n. [ It. gamba, the leg ] व्यवाद्यांशीत श्रानवन वित्नव, A case of leather to

defend the legs from mud in riding

Gamble, gambl, v. i मुख्योद्धा- मृ , क्या (वर्ता , To play for money in games of chance, to game for money :-v. i. \qquander away. ander by gambling. n=gambler.

Gamble-away-शालकीषां कविवा अभवाद-कृ, Squ-

Gambler, n. शुक्र-क्रीड़ांकादी ! Gambling, n. माज-कीए।।

Gambling-house, " স্তশাৰা।

Gamboge, gam-booj, n. तुक्तियांत्र विट्नंब , दक्त ; A yellow gum-resin used as a pigment and in

Gambol, gambol, v. i. [ Low L. gamba, a thigh ] जानत्व नुजा-कृ . To frisk or dance in sport —n নৃতা, কীডালক, A skipping, playfulness. Syn -(v) Fisk, frohe, play, jump

about, caper

Game, gam, n. জীড়া, Sport of any kind - কে তুক, Jest, frolic - 79, 11 m, The stake in a game —প্ৰতিৰন্ধিতা , Contest —শীৰার , রাজার শীম মুগবার্থ ৰশিত বস্ত ৰয়, Animals pursued by sportsmen, wild animals protected by law and hunted by sportsmen —অভিসন্ধি, Scheme pursued, plan, project - बारमानार्थ गायाम , An exercise for amusement , a single match at a play -a मार्भो , पूर विका, Ready to fight to the last, like a game cock, brave, resolute — মুগ্ৰা স্বন্ধীয়, Pertaining to those animals hunted for game -🔹 s. शृडकोडा कृ, To play for moncy, to gamble - To play at any sport Syn - n; Recreation, pastime divers on, gambling deer grouse, quarry, prey, plan, scheme, adventure Die game-त्य भ्राष्ट्र कहन शास , Maintain an unyielding spirit to the last

Make game of - উপহাস-কৃ, Make ridic ile (কোন কিছু লইয়া) ভাষাসা বা উপং স কৃ, বেছেব কু,

Sport with, make fun of.

Play a game-পেৰ পেৰা, Be engaged in some venture, perform a part, pursue a scheme.

Play one's game—নিভের খেলু খেলা , নিজেব চাল (1417, Pursue one's scheme, play one's card The game is up -- विक्यां इहेवां ह , सरवे वाना नाह , The hope of success is over , the chance is gone.

Game-cock, gamkok, n. (वांध दुक्टे , ममद्रवादार्थ শিশিত কুষ্ট, A cock trained to fight

Game-keeper, gamktp-er, n निकाती शिक्तकक ছুতা, শিকাৰ-রক্ষ . A servant to take care of game-birds.

Game-laws, gam-lawz, n pl. মুসরকার্থ বিধি , Laws for the preservation of certain an mals called game.

Gameleg, n. coloj-off, A lame or crooked leg. Camesome, gamsum, a. कीज़िक्स ; कीज़िना ,

Frolicsome , playful , gay. Sya :- Merry , spor-[ A gambier. tive, lively, frisky. Gamester, gamster, n. शाज-क्रीज़ांको , क्रांबी ; Gamin, n. महदबत शिवज्ञक वानक ; A neglected [ gambling. city boy, street Arab Gaming, gaming, n water ; The practice of Gammer, gamer, n বুছা-খ্রী , বুছা; An old wife; an old woman-the correlative of Gaffer.

Gammon, gamun, n प्रदान एक नवर्गास करता; A hog's thigh, salted and dried - कीएं विरम्ब : The game of back gammon .- atstatt : \*ife: निवर्षक वाका ; Hoax , humbug ; nonsense -v. t. প্রতারণা-কু, To hoax, humbug, impose upon: - नकरवर बांश्म नदनोक्त कवियां ७६-इ : To cure, as bacon, to salt and dry.

Gamp, n 339 5151, A large umbrella.

Gamut, gamut, n. Tany, Scale of musical notes, the musical scale.

Gander, gander, n. Ett , Thetty; He-goose, the male of the goose.

Gang, gang, n मन, A body of men, who go or work together, a company especially of disreputable persons Syn .- Crew, band, horde. Gangboard, gang'boid, n জাহাতে উঠিবার ও নামিশার ৰম্ভ ডকা, A board or plank used for walking into or out of a ship.

Gangliac, gang'gh-ak, Ganglionio, ganggli-onik, a শিরালির ক্ষীতি সম্বনীয়, Belonging to a

Ganglion. gang'glion, n. আব, বিবাদির কীঙি বিশেষ, A tumour in the sheath of a tendon -शिंह , A knot or enlargement in the course of a nerve a=ganglionic, pl=ganglia, ganglions.

Gangrene, gang'gren, n. [ Gr graine, to gn w ] भवन , भवन , Mortifi ation — त्वरहत्र अः म-विस्थात्वन अवस्थि , Loss of vitality in some part of the body - र f. भगाईशां-(म, अवमह-कृ, To mortify -ए : शहिया-या, I'o become mortified or putrescent, to become putrid

Gangronous, gang'gren-us, a 73, Mortified Gangway, gang'wā, n व्हिनविभिष्टे शाल भेजावार्डर भव , बाहात्मत्र बाद्राहावदवाइ भव , Thoroughlare , pas-ageway, planking from a ship's side to

Bring to the gangway- नाविकरक (बजावांक-क. Inflict punishment on a seaman by trying and whipping him. [ footed fowl Gannet, ganet, n. नामुखिक क्रमविरनव, A web-

Ganoid, ganoid, n. [ Gi ganos splendour, and eidos, form ] वृद्ध कह नक्तिभिक्के स्था विद्ना . One of an order of fishes, characterised by having shining scales

Gantlet, gantlet, s. weist, A glove.

Gantlet, gantlet, Gantlope, gantlop, n. रेन्दिक अश्रद्वाधीत पक वित्नव , A military punishment.

Gaol, Jail, jai, n. 本南南南 , A prison. Syn:— Bridewell, tolbooth, jail

Gaoler, Jailor, jaier, # कावाशांव तक्क, कावाशांक. One who has charge of a gaol or of prisoners, called also a turnkey.

Gap, gap, n [ Icel. gap, mouth, opening ] fer; कंक , विश्वेद ; Cleft , chasm , hole , an opening for passage or entrance; a passage. Syn:-Breach, flaw, interstice, crevice, rift, hiatus,

Stand in the gap

chink, vacuity.

Stand in the gap—কোন কিছু রকা করিবার কল वानांत्र वक्षायमान-२; विभवनहून ज्ञारन क्कांत्रमान-३; Stand in the trench to guard something or to make up for something wanting; to stand forward in the post of danger as a defender,

Stop a gap-olfa-ca; Serve an occasion; secure a weak point; to patch up or make a shift for a time.

Gap-toothed, gap'-tootht, a. मस्विशीन ; बावशित 78; Have teeth wanting; having interstices

between the teeth.

Gape, gap, v. i. [ A. S. geapan, to gape ] Y-ৰ্যাদন-কু; হাই তোলা; To open the mouth wide; to yawn :-- मूथ तालन कदिया ठाटिया थाका : हा किवया শেখা : To stare with open mouth :-- বিশু চ-ই ; To be open, like a gap :- n. न्यनापन ; The act of I wondering manner

Gape at-anyte sifes wint; To stare in a Gape for, Gape after—আগ্রহনহকারে ইচ্ছা-কু; gapes. Desire earnestly; long for.

Gaper, gap'er, n अञ्चक ; मृथवानिनकांवी : One who Gar, gar, Garfish, gar'fish, n कोश्वाकृति म्हमा fares: A long slender fish with a pointed head Garb, garb, n. शांत्रकन . ' त्रिकन-अशाली ; Dress ; fashion of dress : -- আকৃতি; বাজাকৃতি; External appearance. Syn :- Costume, apparel, habit, vestments; uniform.

Garbago, garbaj, n. नावशात्रव करवाना मात्म: आवर्षना ; अनात जान ; Offal, refuse ; parts of flesh :- 3 ( The refuse of flesh or vegetable : —ৰাড়ীভূড়ি; The bowels of an animal. Syn :-Offal, carrion, dregs, remains, offscourings, refuse, rubbish.

Garble, gar'bl, v. t. বিকৃত-ক; অসহীন-ক; To mutilate, corrupt :- अयथा छक्क उ-क ; To select out of any writing such parts as may serve our own purpose, in a bad sense. Syn :- Misquote, misrepresent, distort, pervert, falsify.

Garbler, gar'bl-er, n. (4 व्यवश छक्छ करत ; One

who garbles or selects.

Garden, gar'dn, n. वानान, डेगान; यत्नात्रय ज्ञान; A piece of ground on which fruits, flowers, etc., are cultivated ; a delightful spot :- ए. र. जेन्द्रादन পরিশ্রম-ক ; উদাান নির্মাণ-কৌশন শিক্ষা-ক ; To work in a garden; to practise gardening.

Gardener, gar'dn-er, n. Emiania; One who cultivates or has charge of a garden.

Gardening, gar'dn-ing, n. छम्।न-निर्मान-क्लिन, The act of laying out and cultivating gardens. Gargle, gar'gl, v. t. क्वापि ना शिवामा शतनानी वा

मुष (बाह्र) ; To make a liquid gargle or bubble in the throat without swallowing :- n. Again ब्रेग्ड खेना; A preparation for washing the throat.

Gargoyle, gar'goil, n. [ Fr. gargonille, the throat ] ছाদের कल निःमत्रनार्थ यनुगापित आकारत माउँउ পারত নব; A spout, projecting from the roof gutters of buildings, often representing human or other figures.

Garish, gar'ish, a. चाउपत्रनानी ; क्षीकान ; Showy ostentatious. ad = garishly, == garishness.

Garland, gar'land, n. भूभ्यांना ; Wreath of flowers, feathers :- नत्रान मुक्डे ; Crown of honour ; principal thing; thing most prized:—সংগৃহীত नेता वा भाग अप : A book of extracts in prose or poetry :-- u. t. माना बाबा मिक्ड - म : To deck with a garland. Syn :- (n) Chaplet, coronal, crown, bays; collection, anthology,

Wild garland-वन्याना ।

Garlio, gar'lik, n. नजन ; तजन ; Strong smelling onion; a plant having a bulbous root, and pungent taste, used as a seasoning.

Garlicky, gar'lik-i, a. 404991; Like garlic. Garment, gar'ment, n. পরিজ্ঞ ; বর ; Any article of clothing.

Garner, garner, n. [ L. granum, a grain ] শ্রভাভার; A place where grain is stored up: granary :-- v. t. ( मलाशाद ) मिल- क ; To store in a granary. Syn :- (v) Gather, accumulate, treasure up, deposit, hoard, save.

Garnet, gar'net, n. [ L. granatum, the pomegranate ] बङ्दर्ग मणि वित्नव ; A precious stone :-কপিকল বিশেষ; A sort of tackle fixed to the mainstay in ships.

Garnish, gar'nish, v. t. Fr. garnir, to furnish ] ফুশোভিড-কু; To adorn; to furnish:-- নৈত্ৰ বোগাৰ: To furnish as a fort, with troops:-পচিত-কু; To surround with ornaments, as a dish. Syn :- Embellish, deck, beautify, deco-

rate, grace. Garnish, gar'nish, Garnishment, gar'nishment :- n. আভরণ ; অল্কার ; ভূবণ ; Ornament :-পরিচ্ছদ ; Garments.

Garnisher, gar'nish-er, n. (4 मिक्क करक ; One who garnishes.

Garniture, gar'nit-ur, n. আভর্ণ ; ভূষণ ; Ornament; adornment, decoration.

Garotter, gar-roter, Garroter, gar-roter, n. বে গলা ঢাপিরা ধরিয়া লুট করে; হত্যাকারী; One who attacks by garotting, one who garrottes.

Garret, gar'et, n. [O. Fr. garite, a place of safety] निरत्नागृह ; िरतगढ़ ; Room next the roof a house; attic. Syn :- Loft, upper story.

Garreteer, gar-et-टा. n. पवित्र (नवक : जनके अप-₹€1; One who lives in a garret; a poor author; a literary hack.

Garrison, gar'i-sn, n. [Fr. garnir, to furnish] ছুৰ্গরক্ষার্থ সৈক্তদল; A body of troops for guarding a fortress; a supply of soldiers for defending a fortress :- इर्ग ; A fortress ; a fortified place : -v. t. रिक कावा कुर्व पूर्व-कु; कुर्व रिमञ्ज बका-कु; रिन्द्रांनित बांबा द्विकिन-कृ; To furnish a fortress with troops; to defend by fortress, manned with troops.

Garrote, gar-16", Garrotte, gar-ro", n. [ Sp. garrote, a cudgel, a packing stick ] (लारांत अनवक भिन्ना पानक कतिना व्यापनाम : Strangling to death with an iron screw :-- উक्त ध्यकांत्र एक विशास यह . The instrument by means of which the punishment is inflicted :-- v. t. बामक्ष कवित्रा आपमहे-क ; To strangle to death : - পৰা টিপিরা টাকাকভি কাডিয়া नद्यां ; To suddenly render, insensible by semistrangulation, and then to rob. Garrulity, gar-गा-ti, Garrulousness, gar'u-

lus-nes, n. গন্ধপ্রিরতা; অভিভাবণ; বাচালতা; বাব্যপ্রিরতা; Loquacity; talkativeness.

Garrulous, gar'ū-lus, a. [L. garrio, to chatter]

ৰাক্যপ্ৰিয় , অভিভাষী ; ৰাচাৰ ; Talkative. Syn :--Loquacious, prating, chattering, prosy.

Garter, garter, n. [Fr. jarret, the ham of the leg ] গাটার; মোজা-বন্ধনী; মোজা বান্ধা কিডা; Kneeband to hold the stocking:—নাইট উপাধিবারীদিগেৰ মধ্যে প্রধান গদের বিদর্শন: Emblem of the highest order of knighthood in England:—v.t. কিডা বাধা: গাটাৰ জারা আবন্ধ-কু; To bind with garter:—To invest with the order of the garter.
Gas, gas, n. বাঙ্গা; Fluid in the form of air, any kind of air, particularly that obtained from coal. a=gaseous, p!=zases.

Laughing gas - বাল বিশেষ; Nitrous oxide-used as an Arresthetic by dentists.

Gaselier, gas-a-াল', n. বাপ্স-দীপ ; Gas-lamp.

Gasconado, gas-kon-নd, n. বড়াই; দস্ত-প্রকাশ; অহমার . Bravado , a boasting or bragging: v t. দস্ত-কৃ; To brag or boast. n=gasconader. gasconading. [gas or air

Gaseous, gর্মহe-us, a. ৰালাকার; In the form of Gasfitter, gas-fiter, n. বালাকার বাবজত নলাদির বিলন-কর্তা: One who fits up the pipes and burners for gas.

Gash, gash, n. গভীর ছেদ; গভীর কত: A deep and long cut, esp in flesh; a deep, open wound:
—v. t. গভীর ছেদ-কু; গভীর কত-কু; To make a deep cut into any thing.

Gasify, gasi-fi, v t. [ i., facto, to make ] বাংপ পরিণত-ক ; To convert into gas. n=gasification. Gasometer, gaz-omet-er, n. বাংপানাৰ মন্ত্ৰ ; বাংপা-ধার ; An apparatus for measuring, or holding

gas; a place for holding gas

Gasp, gasp, n. কট্টসহকারে বাসগ্রহণ; নিবাস-গ্রহণার্থ
মুপ্রাদন; Opening the mouth to catch breath;
a painful catching of the breath:—v. i. কট্টসহকারে বাসগ্রহণ-কৃ; বাসগ্রহণার্থ মুপ্ বিভাব-কৃ; চাপান,
To labour for breath, respire convulsively or violently:—v.t. To emit with gaspings.

At one's last gasp—মরণ দশার; মুম্ব্ সমরে; At the point of death.

Gasp for breath—ইাপাইতে থাকা; Open the mouth wide in catching the breath; pant violently.

Gestric, gastrik, a. [Gr. gaster, the belly] পাকস্থলী সম্বায়; উলব সম্বায়; Belonging to the stomach, pertaining to the belly.

Gastric juice, n. পাক্ষ্লী রস, A fluid secreted in stomach.

Gastronomy, gas-trohom-i, n. [Gr. gastēr, belly, and nomos, a rule] ভোজন-কৌশল, বজন-কৌশল; The art or science of good eating; art of cookery.

Gate, gat. n. বার : কপাট ; প্রবেশ-পব ; An entrance : —প্রবেশের উপায় ; Means of entrance.

Gate-keeper—वाननान ; वात्रक्क ।

Gate way, gatwa, यात ; ट्याननपार्त ; A passage

under an arch or gate; the way through a gate; a pass through a fence or wall. [with gates. Gated, gated, a. ভোরণমুক্ত; বারবিশিষ্ট; Furnished Tell in not in gath— ওকণা মূলে আনিও না; Do not let others hear of it (used when something sad has occurred which might be turned into ridicule by enemies.)

Gather, gather, v. f. সংগ্রহ-কু; বকজ-কু; To bring together; collect:—উপাৰ্জন-কু, To acquire:—উল-কু; To plait:—অর্মান-কু; অর্মানে বিদিত-হ; To learn by inference; to infer:—আহ্ব-কু; To cull, pluck:—v. i. একজিত-হ; To assemble or muster; unite:—ব্দি-হ; To increase:— পুরোৎপাদন-কু; পুন নিকত-হ: To come to a head; to suppurate:—n কাপডের ভাল; A plait or fold in cloth, made by drawing the thread through. Syn:—(v) Assemble, congregate, muster; accumulate, amass, hoard; pluck, pick, glean, crop, cull, reap; infer, deduce, conclude; pucker; meet; increase, thicken, be condensed. Be gathered to one's fathers or people—

পিতৃলোড প্রাপ্ত-ছ; Be numbered with the dead. Gatherer, gather-er, n. শস্য আহরণকারী; সংগ্রাহক; One who gets in a crop; one who collects.

Gathering, gathering, n. স্থেছ; The act of gathering. — জনতা; স্থিতি, A crowd; an assembly: —প্য-সঞ্ঘ; A tumour, suppurated, a collection of matter Syn — Acquisition, collecting, procuring, gain; crowd, throng, multitude; abscess, sore, ulcer, fester, purtule.

Gaucho, g.i-o'chō, n. মন্তালন-কুশল জাতি বিশেষ; One of the native inhabitants of the La Plata pampas of Spanish American descent, noted for their marvellous horsemanship.

Gaud, gawd, n. অকি কিংকৰ অলফাৰ; A piece of worthless finery, a trinket.

Gaudy, a. gawdi, a [L. gaudium, joy] জাকাল; জতি পোডন, Showy — হণ্ডুক; উৎকুল, Merry; gay. n=gaudiness, ad=gaudily. Syn:—Tawdry, flashy, meretricious, tinsel.

Gauge, gaj, Gage, n পৰিমাণ; পৰিমাণ দও; মাণ. A standard of measure; a measure or measuring-rod; estimate:—v. t. পৰিমাণ-ক: To measure the contents of any vessel, ability:—বৃদ্ধির দৌড় দেখা, ক্ষমন্তার অধ্যাণ-ক. To measure the capacity of; to estimate ability.

বিষয়েন্তা, প্ৰহাণৈ, গ. পিপায় অন্তৰত ক্ৰবাদি পৰিমাপক ৰাজি: পিপাৰ মদাদি মাপ করিবাব নিনিত্ত নিৰোচ্ছিত ক্ষ্যায়ী, An excise officer, whose business is to gauge or measure the contents of casks.

Gauging, gaing, n. 1991a walls value was ; The art of measuring casks containing excisable liquors.

Gaul, gawl, n. ক্লাসদেশের বা ভক্ষেশবাসীৰ পূর্বকালীন নাম, A name of ancient France; an inhabitant of Gaul. a=gaulish.

Gaunt, gant, a. কৃৰ ; ক্ষী ; Thin, lean ; meagre. ad=gauntly, n=gauntness. Syn :—Lank, skinny, spare, attenuated.

Gauntlet, gäntlet, n. হত্তমাণ ; স্থীৰ্থ হতাবৰণ ; A long glove covering the wrist.

Run the gauntlet—हाविषक (बदक होव्क बांडक);

Run like an offender between two files of men who strike him as he passes ( a military punishment ) :- कानका शैनका श्रीकात-क . Undergo the humiliation of :-- (कान किंद्रत कर मक करिए एउटा ; Resist the injurious influence of.

Take up the gauntlet-বৃদ্ধ বা বিবাদ করিতে

श्रीकांत-इ . Accept a challenge.

Throw down the gauntlet-wittes quite জান্সাৰ-কু, Offer a challenge; challenge, defy.

Gauze, gawz, n. ve vira feres; A thin. transparent fabric of silk, linen, cotton, wool &c a=gauzy.

Gauzy, gawli, a. रचवार, Like gauze.

Gave, gav, p. t. of give.

Gavelkind, gavel-kind, n. त्य अवायमादव भूरज्ञवा পৈতিক ভূদশন্তির সমান অংশ পার; A tenure by which lands descend from the father to all the sons in equal portions, a custom in Kent and in other parts of England by which land descended to all the sons in equal proportion. [ of dance Gavotto, ga-vot, n. 90 30043 715; A lively kind Gawk, gawk, n. catfan, A cuckoo -- facath বাহি , প্ৰান্ত লোক , A simpleton ; booby , awkward fellow. a=gawky.

Gawky, gawki, a. Waish; facinit; Awkward; forlish. Syn .- Clumsy, clownish, ungainly,

une outh, cloddish

Gay, va. a. ergel, berg, Sportive; merry -र्षाट लोडन, कुन्तन, छेन्द्रन; (laudy, show), bright - 7 77 , I nose , leud ; dissipated. ad= garly, gayly. Syn : - Gleeful, blithe, sprightly, feolicsome folly, jovial, vivacious, brilliant.

Gayety, gaic-ti, n. अकृत्रा ; উत्तान, Merriment -- আমোদ্ধনক কাষ্য, Acts or entertainments prompted by or inspiring merry delight :- " | अब , भोनवा , बाहाब ; Finery ; show. Syn -Liveliness, animation, vivacity, glee, blittle-

someness, sprightliness, lightheartedness, jollity.

gaudiness, finery, tawdriness.

Gazo, gaz, v. i. शिवनृष्टिक जनलाकन-कृ, विक्रमा বিরাক্ণ-ক ; To see or look fixedly at :-- n. fyq দুষ্ট , বিশালবলোকৰ, A fixed look; a look of prolonged attention . - বিশ্বিতলোগনে ৰুপ্ত বস্ত : The object gazed on. Syn :- (v) Stare, look ear nestly, regard intently.

Gazo at or on-অনিমিধনগ্রে কোন সুস্পর বা মনোরম रश के .क , Look with fixed eyes at a person or object, that is beautiful, curious, or inter-

Gazelle, Gazel, ga-zel, n. [ Ar. ghasal, a wild-goat ] মুদুল ক্রতগামী মুগবিশেষ: A small swift elegantly-formed species of antelope.

Gazotto, ga-zet, n. वाडीवर ; मत्रकाति मःवाप-भक : A newspaper; an official newspaper: -v. t. সরকার হইতে প্রকাশিত-কু; (সংবাদ-পত্রে) প্রচার-কু; 'িত publish in a gazette.

Gazetteer, gaz-et-cr', n. সংবাদ পত্ৰ-লেখক News-writer :- कुडब काव ; (क्रोन्निक नव-काव ; A Geographical dictionary .- Alphabetical descriptive list.

Gazing-stock, gazing-stok, n. নাধারণ-অবজ্ঞাপতি गिविशेन ज़िन ; A person much gazed at ; a person exposed to public view as an object of curiosity or contempt.

Goar, ger, n माज ; नित्रक्ष ; উপকরণ , Dress ; harness; tackle; furniture: - 本何, Working order , business :-- সমযুক্ত চক্ৰের পরপার সংযোগ : Connection of toothed wheels with each ather: -v.t. मिक्कित वा मरबूल-कृ; To put in gear, as machinery Syn:-(n) Accourrements, trappings, habits, ornaments; rigging; gearing.

Out of goar-foreig; Disordered.

Goaring, gering, n. (visia ala; Harness:-शरश्वत त्य हक्षांपि चारा मंख्यि भविहालित इह , in machinery, a train of toothed wheels and pinions. Goose, n Plural of goose.

All one's geese are swans-निरमत मन्दे कांत : All one's men are good men ( over-estimating what is one's own ).

Gohonna, ge-heña, n. नवकक . Hell.

Gelatinate, je-latin-at, Gelatinise, je-latin-ız v. t. पूरव्यक्ति भनार्थ भन्निएउ कन्ना, To make into gelatine :- v i. To be converted into gelatine.

Gelatino, Gelatin, jela-tin, n [ 1.. gelo, gelatum, to fice/e | এক প্রকার জাত্তব পদার্থ, A jellylike animal substance. a = gelatinous.

Golatinous, je-lat'-in-us, a Mibing, sobsib . Viscous .- मनानानात्र, Resembling or formed into jelly.

Gold, geld, v & cetst & ; मुक्तकनन- ; Castrate . emasculate . - मूश निषय श्वन-कृ , आशिक्षमक वक्ष তাপ-ক, To deprive of any thing objectionable; expungate. n = getder.

Golding, golding, n. 140591; Castration :-

ভিৰু মুগ জন ; A castrated horse.

Gelid, jelid, a শাতল; অতাপ্ত শীতল; Cold; icy cold. ad=gelidly, n=gelidness, gelidity. Syn :-Fingid, icy, chilling, freezing.

Gom, jem, n. [ L. gemma, a bud ] रङ्ग , मनि ; lewel -- अंजि भूमानान नच ; भरनाव्य सना , Any thing extremely valuable or attractive . - कनिका: A bud : - e. t. বছ ছাবা সুশেতি গ-4, বছ ভবিত-ক ; To adorn with gems. a = gemmy. Syn:-(n) Germ ; jewel, diamond.

Gomini, jeini-m, n. pl मिश्नवाणि . A constellation containing the two bright stars, Castor and Pollux, the 3rd sign of the zodiac, which the sun entres about May 25th. [ pairs.

Geminous, jemm-us, a. cettel; Double, in Gommate, jem'it, a. [ L. gemmo, to bud ] \* []. वृक्त . मुक्ति , Having buds.

Gemmation, jem-mashun, n. क्लांबक-विश्वाम ; The arrangement of buds on the stalk, the act or period of budding.

Gemmiferous, jem-mil'er-us, a. [ I.. gemma. bud, fero, to bear ] मूक्त्वांश्लाली ; Bearing or producing buds.

Gemmiparous, jemmip'ar-us, a. [ L. gemma, a bud, pario, to bring forth । शीव त्वर इहेटड भूब-क्रशास्त्रका ; Producing by buds growing on the body. n=gemmiparity.

Gommule, jeniul, n. भक्किक् ; A little leaf-Gommy, jenie, a. Gan; Full of gems; bright. glittering; neat, smart, spruce.

Gender, jender, n [ L. genus, generis, a kınd, kin] নিজ: প্ৰোৱী কাডি; Sex, male or female: e. t. উৎপাদন-ডু; বস্তু অদান-ডু; To beget, engender. [ policeman.

Gendrame, n. অনুধানী পান্তিরক্ক; An armed Geneological, jen-e-a-lojik-al, a. বংশাসুক্ষিক; বংশাবলী স্থভীয়; Pertaining to the descent of families or persons. ad=genealogically.

Geneologist, jen-e-alo-jist, n. বংগজ; ব্লাচার্য; One skilled in geneology; one who studies geneologies.

Geneology, jen-e-alo-ji, n. [Gr. genea, birth, descent, and logos, a discourse ] বংল, বংশব্যান্ত; কুলন্ত); বংশতালিকা; Pedigree of a family. a= geneological. Syn:—Lineage, derivation.

Genera-See Genus.

General, jehêr-al, a. সাধাৰণ; সমগ্ৰ জাতীৰ; আবাধ, আনিন্দিত; প্ৰচলিত; Relating to a genus or a kind; pertaining to a whole class; public; prevalent, vague; common; usual; widely spread—n প্ৰধান্দ, The whole, the chief part:—সেনাপতি; ক্লেডায়ক, Commander of an army, Svn:—(a) Universal, total, catholic, ecumenical; extensive; vague, indefinite, lax.

General assembly—Chief assembly of the Scotch church.

General court—A Legislative body. [colonel General officer—An officer above the rank of In general—আয়ই; স্বাধিকাংশে; Generally; for the most part; in the main.

Generalisation, jen-ć:-al-i-zর্বshun, ж. এক শ্রেণীভূক্ত করণ ; The act of generalising.

Generalise, jen-ér-al-iv, গ t. ৭ক জাতিতে সন্ধি-বেশিত-কু: সাধারণ শ্রেণাভুক্ত-কু; To reduce to or bring under a general term — শর্মান-রু, গুটিকতক দুয়াক কইতে এক গাধারণ নিমম কিং-কু, ডই একটির ভাব দেখিয়া সমগ্র জাতিব প্রকৃতি কিং-কু, To infer from one or a tew the nature of a whole class — সাধারণ-কু To make general. n= reneralisation.

Generalissimo, jen-èr-al-i/s-mo, n. সেনানাযৰ; একাৰিক সৈক্তৰলের প্রধান অধ্যক্ত, Chief commander of an army.

Generality, jen-er-ali-ti, n. প্রধান অংশ, প্রধান ভাগ; অধিকাংখ, The main body, bulk; the greater part .— সাধাৰণা; সাধাৰণত; State of being general. Syn —Universality, mass, majority, common run.

Generality of mankind—প্ৰায সকল লোক।

Generally, jener-al-i, ad সাধাৰণতঃ, সচৰাচৰ, কুলতঃ, মোটামুটা; এক সক্ষে, অবাধে, In general, extensively; commonly, most frequently, in a general way; on the whole; collectively, without restriction:—আম; Mostly.

Generalship, jener-al-ship, n. সৈক্সাপতা; সেলা-প্ৰিয়, The office of a general:—মুদ্ধ-নৈপুণ্য, সম্ব-নিপুণতা, Military skill.

Congrant, icher-ant, n. [ L. genero, to generate | अन्तर्भक्षि ; The power that generates or produces.

Generate, jeńer-zt, v. f. [ L. genus, a kind ] অসব-কু, উৎপাদন-কু, জন্ম দেওয়া; To beget; to produce; to originate; to bring into life. Syn:-Engender, procreate, propagate; produce, form.

Generation, jen-er áshun, n. উংগাৰৰ; প্ৰাৰত্ব।

Begetting; production:—জনন-কিয়া; The act of producing or originating:—অস্তি; Offspring; progency:—বংল; জাতি; Race:—পুরুব; A rank in geneology:—এক বুণোর লোক; সমকালিক লোক; The people of the same period —কাল; The ordinary interval of time at which one rank follows another or father is succeeded by child; an age:—pl. বংশবৃত্তান্ত্র, Geneogoly; history.

Syn:—Procreation, propagation, formation; family, stock, breed, kind, geneology, derivation, origin, age, era, epoch.

Generative, jcher-a-tiv, a. উৎপাদৰক্ষ; জনন-ক্ষ ; Having the power of producing , prolific.

Generative power—জননশিক্তি; উৎপাদনশিক্তি। Generator, jeńer-ā-tor, স. জনমিত্ব; জন্মদাতা; উৎপাদক; Parent, begetter, producer.

Generic, je ner'ık, Generical, je-ner'ık-al, a. জাতিগত; সমগ্ৰ জাতিগ , বৰ্গীয়; বহু বিস্তাৰ্থ, Belonging to genus; peculiar to; comprehensive. ad = generically.

Generic difference—ৰাতিগত প্ৰভেগ।

Generosity, icher-o\(\text{i-ti}, n\) উপাৰ্বা; বদান্ততা; দাননীলতা, উদাৰ্তা, Kindness; liberality, munuficence Syn:—Disinterestedness, bountifulness, benevolence.

Gonerous, jchér-us, a. [ L. genus, birth ] উদার-প্রকৃতি; দ্যাল , দানশাল Luberal , kind , munificent :—বলবাৰক; উত্তেজক; তেজনী , সংসাহসী; Invigorating in its nature; as, wine, courageous, ad=generously, n=generousness. Syn:—Openhearted, bountful, hospitable, charitable

Genesis, jene-sis, n. জন্ম , উৎপাদন , স্বষ্ট , Birth ; creation or production :—বাইবেলের আদি পুত্তক ; The first book of the Bible.

Genet, Gennot-same as Gennet

Genet, jehet, n. এক প্ৰকাৰ মাংদালী কন্ত ; A kind of carnivorous animal.

Geneva, je-ne'va, n. এক প্ৰকাৰ ভাগনক উত্তেশক দ্ৰা, A powerfully stimulating spirit.

Genial, ্রহ'না-al, a. [L. genius, the spirit of social enjoyment] উৎপাদনকম, Generative — ৰাত্ত্যকর, আনন্দকর; আনন্দকর; আনুন্দর ভারতি দিলালার, জালাকর ; আনুন্দর ভারতি দিলালার, cheering; merry; sympathetic. adagenially Sym — Fostering, inspiring, enlivening, cordial, hearty, joyous, festive, joyial.

Goniality, jc-ni-ali-ti, Genialness, je'ni-alnes, n. প্ৰকৃত্ৰ চা, জান্দ , Gaiety , cheerfulness. Geniculate, je-nikū-līt, Geniculated, jenikū-lāt-ed, a. ৰজাকাৰ, প্ৰতিবিশিষ্ট, Bent abruptly at an angle like the knee , jointed. n=geniculation.

Genital, jeńi-tal, a. [L. genitus, to beget] উৎপাদন-সম্থাীয়, জনন-ক্রিয়া-ষ্টিড; Pertaining to generation.

Genitals, ichi-talz, n. pl. জননাসাদি; জননেজিব; উপস্থাদি. The exterior organs of generation; the p.ivates; the sexual organs

Genitive, jehi-tiv, n. 四百百百百百 , 可, Possessive

case :-- a. नवकीय ; नवकनीयक न्डक ; Pertaining to, indicating source, origin possession &c.

Genius, je'ni-us, n. [ L. gignere, to beget ] বাভাবিক শক্তি; প্ৰতিষ্ঠা; Inborn bent of mind; superior inborn power of mind: -- বীশক্তি সম্পন্ন mis: अविकानानी वाकि; A man of genius:-শৰ্ম, অকৃতি ; Peculiar constitution or character of any thing :- উপদেৰতা; দেবতা; A good or evil spirit. Sin :- Spirit, demon, tutelary deity; nature, character, disposition; bent, turn, aptitude, capacity, endowment, talent, ability, intellect, fancy, imagination, wit, creativeness, inventiveness; adept, proficient, masterhand. Genre-painting, zhongr-panting, त्र. देवनियन बााशास्त्र हिजाकन ; In painting, a general name applied to all compositions with figures that illustrate every-day life and manners. [a place. Genius loci-शनीय तनका ; Pervading spirit of Genius of a famine- ster (ves) : Impersonation of famine, which is represented as very lean.

Genteel, jen-tel, a. [ L. gens, a Roman clan or family ] ভাষ ; স্বাঠন ; Well-bred ; graceful in manners or in form. n = genteelness (ভাষা); ad=genteelly. Syn:—Polite, courteous, elegant, stylish, refined, polished, fashionable.

Gential, jenshal, n এক বৃক্ষ পাছ; A plant the root of which is used in medicine.

Gontile, jehtil, n. উপদেৰভা-উপাসৰ; পৌতগিক. A heathen, any one not a Jew or Christain; a wor-hiper of false gods:—a. ইচনী ভিত্ৰ অন্ত নাড়ীয়; Pertaining to pagans or heathens.

Gentility, jen-tin-ti, n. Gentleness, n. ভত্তা; সংগ্ৰে রম, Politeness; refinement; good-birth; good breeding. Syn:—Courtesy, urbanity, refinement, civility, courtliness.

Centle, jentl, a. সংকুলোছৰ; স্বজাত; ভদ্ৰ; Wellborn, refined, soft and refined in manners:— শাস্ত, Ye, Mild; quiet and docile:—স্পীল; নম; Amable:—শান্তিকর; Soothing:—মাছ বৰিষার জন্ত বাস্কুত্ত মফিকাদির জক, The maggot of some flies, used as bait in angling. Syn:—(a) Placid, bland, meek, dove-like, peaceful, pacific, tame, tractable. n=gentleness, ad=gently.

Gentlefolks, jehtl-foks, n. pl. ভল্লোক; Persons of good-breeding and family.

Gentleman, jehtl-man, n. ভদ্ৰলোক; স্থাছ ব্যক্তি; A man who is well-born or of good family; a well-bred man:—বাজসংসারে কর্মচারী; An officer of the royal household:—pl. নাগরিক; সংবাধনে ব্যক্ত পদ, In pl. citizens; a word of address. Gentleman in black—শম্ভান; Satan.

Gentleman-like, —lik, Gentlemanly, —li, a. ভয়োচিত : উদায় ; Like or becoming a gentleman ; generous. n=gentlemanliness. Syn:—Polite, complaisant, courteous, well-bred, obliging.

Gentlewoman, n. ভাসহিলা; ভালা; Wife of a gentleman:—fem. of centleman.

Gentry, স. ভাজন; জায়; মধ্যবিত লোক; Gentle folk; the body of the lesser nobility; the class of people between the nobility and the vulgar. Genufication, Genufication, jen-u-fickshun. n. [L. genu, the knee, flexio, a bending ] (উপাসনাকালে) জাৰু বারা ভূবি প্রবি; The act of bending the knee, particularly in worship.

Gonuine, jehu-in, a. [ L. genitus, to beget, to be born ] অৰুত্ৰিম; অৰুপট; নৈস্পিক: বিভদ্ধ: Unadulterated; true; not artificial; real; pure:—n=genuineness ( অৰুত্ৰিমভা); ad=genuinely. Sym:—Natural, unalloyed, unadulterated; unaffected, sincere; authentic, veritable, not fictitious.

Genus, je'nus. n. [ L. genus, generis, birth ]
স্থান-ধর্মারাত একাধিক জাতির স্থবাত; জাতি; Class
having many species under it. pl=general.
Syn:—Race, kind, class, sort.

Geocentric, je-o-sehtrik, Geocentrical, je-o-seh-trik-al, a. [Gr. gē, the earth kentron, a centre] কুকেন্দ্ৰ; কুমণুৰ বাহাৰ কেন্দ্ৰহানীয়: Having reference to the earth as centre. ad-geocentrically.

Geode, je'od, n. [Gr. gē, the earth, sidos, form] গ্লেরবিশিষ্ট গোলাকার শিলাক বিশেষ; A rounded nodule of store having a small cavity.

Geodesic, je-o-deśik, Geodesical,-al, Geodesical,-de'(ik-al, a. ছুণ্ঠ-পরিমিড-বিষয়ক; Pertaining to geodesy.

Geodosy, je-ode-si, n. [Gr. gō, the earth, and daso, to divide] ভুগুঠ পরিমিতি; বে বিজ্ঞান দাহাবো বৃহৎ বৃহৎ ভূৰণ্ডের পরিমাণ ছিত্ত করা যাত্ত; That branch of applied mathematics whose object is to measure the earth and its parts on a large scale.

Geognost, jéog-nost, n. ভূতৰ্বিশাৰদ প্ৰিত; One versed in geognosy.

Geognostic, Geognostical, a. ত্তৰ্-আৰ-ঘটিত; Pertaining to a knowledge of geognosy, geoglogical.

Geognosy, je-og'no-si, n. [Gr. gē, the earth, and gnēsis, knowledge] ভূতৰবিদ্যাৰ এক শাধা. That part of geology which explains the actual mineral structure of the earth without inquiring into its history.

Geogony, je-og'o-ni, n. [Gr. gē, the earth, and gone, generation] ভূপনৈ তথ; The doctrine of the formation of the earth. a=geognic.

Geographer, je-og'ra-lêr, n. জুগোলজ ; জুগোল-বিবরণ-বেস্তা ; One who is versed in or writer on geography.

Geographic, je-o-graf'ik, Geographical,-al, a. ভ্ৰোল সম্বায় : ভৌগোলিক ; Relating to geography. ad=geographically.

Geography, je-og'ra-fi, n. [ Gr. ge. the earth, and graphe, a description ] ভূগোল বিষয় : Description of the earth; the science which treats of the world and its inhabitants.

Geological, je-o-lojik-al, a. ভূতব্ৰিয়ক; Pertaining to Geology. ad=geologically.

Geologise, ge-olo-jiz, v. i. ভূতবের আলোচনা-য় ।
To study Geology. [in Geology.
Geologist, je-olo-jist, n. ভূতব্বিং; One versed
Geology, je-olo-ji, n. [Gr. ge, the earth, logos,
a discourse] ভূতব্বিদা; ভূতব্ব; The science which
treats of the structure and mineral constitution
of the earth. a=geological.

Geomancer, 15'o-man-sér, n যে বড়ি পাভিয়া গণনা কৰে, One versed in geomancy.

Geomanoy, ¡e'o-man-sı, n. [Gr ge, the earth, and manteia, divination] বৃদ্ধি পাতিয়া পানা. A kind of divination by means of figures or lines drawn on the earth

Geomantic, ্যাট-o-mantik, a পণনা-বিদ্যা-বিব্যুক; Belonging to geomancy.

Geometer, je-ome-ter, Geometrician, jeome-trish-yan, n. জ্যামিতিজ , জ্যামিতিবেডা, One skilled in geometry.

Geometric, ie-o-metrik, Geometrical, -al, a ক্ষেত্ৰভাষ্টিত , Pertaining to geometry, done by geometry ad=geometrically.

Geometry, je-ome-tri, n [Gr ge, the earth, metrev, to measure] জানিতি, That branch of mathematics, which treats of the properties of magnitude and its relations a=geometric, geometrical

Geoponic, 1e-o-pońsk, Geoponical,-al, a [Gr ge, the carth, and ponos, labour] কৃষিবিষয়ক . Pettaining to agriculture.

Georama, jt-o-ra'ma, n [Gr. ge, the earth horama, a view] অভ্যন্তর ভাগে ভ্যন্তনেব প্রভিত্তিবিশিষ্ট গোলক, A hollow sphere with a general view of the geography of the earth on the inner surface

Georgian, jorn-an, a জর্জিয়া দেশীয় , ইংলভের জ্বল নামধ্যে চ্যাহিতন রাজ্যৰ রাজত্বদানীন , Belonging to Georgia , relating to the reigns of the four Georges, kings of Great Britain.

Georgic, jorjik, n কৃষিবিষয়ক কবিতা , A poem on husbandry , a rural poem

Georgie, joifik, Georgical, joifik-al a [ Gr ge, the earth, and ergon, a work ] কুৰিস্বন্ধীয়, Relating to agriculture or rural affairs — n কৃষিকাৰ্য, A poem on agricultures.

Gerah, ge ra, n. देश्शीलंब मुद्धा वित्नव, Hebrew com, worth about 11d.

Geranium, ge-rani-um, n [Gi geranos, a crane] চকুৰৎ বীজাধাৰবিশিষ্ট ডান্ত্ৰিপালেৰ, A genus of plant having beak-like social-vossels

Germ, jerm, n [L germen, a bud | অধ্য , মুক্ল, ৰীজ, A seed-bud, a shoot, fruit in embryo — মূল, মূলভন্ধ, আদি পতা, Origin, first principle Syn —Seed, nucleus, ovary.

Gorman, jei'man, n জাপ্নানি দেশীয় লোক বা ভাষা, A native of Germany, the German language —a জাপ্নানি দেশীয়, Belonging to Germany

Gorman, jer'man, —main, —mane, jer-miń a নিকট-দপাৰীয়, যনিষ্ট দদৃশ, Nearly ichited , close ly allied, ne irly akin —সঙ্গ s, Appropriate relevant Syn —Allied, kindred, related, congenial, fitting, pertinent

German-silver, jer'man-silver, দ এক প্রকার কুত্রিম বোপা, Alloy of copper, nukel and zinc

Cousins German, " আভাবা ছগ্নাৰ পুত্ৰ কলা এক পিডাম্বেৰ পোত্ৰপোত্ৰাপ্তৰ, এক মাঙাম্বেৰ দেইত্ৰ-লোহিত্ৰাপা, The son or daughters of brothers or sisters, cousins having the same grandfather High german—The Trutonic dialect of upper or Southern Germany. Low Germany-The language of Northern Germany and Netherlands.

Germinal, jermin-al, a अड्ड नक्कीत, दिक्कि, Pertaining to a germ.

Gorminant, jermin-ant, a. जब्द्यांश्लीनामीन ; Sprouting, sending forth germs and buds.

Germinate, jermin-at, v s. অস্থান্ত-ছ; To begin to grow, to sprout, vegetate —v.t অন্তন্ত উৎ-পাদৰ কু, আন্থান্ত-কু, To cause to sprout n=germintion Syn —Shoot, bud, develop, pullulate Germination, n অন্থান্ত্ৰি, The act of sprouting —অন্থান্ত্ৰের সময়, Time in which seeds vegetate after being planted —ভালোক, Persons of good breeding and family.

Gerund, jer'und n [ L gero, to carry ] জিৰা-ৰাচক বিশেষ্যপৰ, A kind of verbal noun governing cases like a participle, a kind of verbal noun having the nature of a participle a=gerundial. Gestation, jes-tashun, n [ L. gestatum, to carry ] গৰ্ভাৱৰ, The state of pregnancy. a~ gistatory [ taining to pregnancy.

Gestatory, jesta-tor-। a গভগারণ সম্বন্ধীয় Per-Gestic, jestik, a. অঙ্গবিদেশ বিষয়ক, অভুত, উপজ্ঞাসিক, Relating to bodily action or motion, legendary

Gesticulate, jes-tikū-lāt, গ গ অসভসী-কৃ, To represent by action — গ ঃ সক্তসী-কৃ, To make gesture, to play antic tricks

Costiculation, jes-tikū-lashun, n অক্তরী, Antic tricks, a gesture a=gesticulatory

Gosticulator, jes-tiku lā-toi, ল বে অফভানী কৰে; One who gesticulates.

Gesticulatory, jes-tikū l'i tor-i, a অৱভয়ীপূৰ্ব, Representing or abounding in gesticul itions Gesture, jestūr, n [ I gero, to bear ] আবার-

প্ৰকাশ এক ভক্তী Movement of the body and limbs in speaking, bearing Syn —Cesticula tion, action, attitude, posture

Got, get, " t প্রাপ্ত 5, অধ্কার-কু, লাভ-কু, To obtain, procure, guin possession, acquire, euro, win, to have, to possess used only with have and had - Benive - F, An CF, To beget, pro-(reate - শিকা কু, অভাস কু, To learn, commit to memory -প্ৰাৰ্থিক, প্ৰবুপ্ত কু, To prevail on persuade - NG, To procure to be, or to occur-with a following participle - अवनवन-क. नक्षा गांडमा, lo betake, to carry, -- in a re ficxive ner - " 1. at 3-5, To gain - (4)4 अवश्य देशकिन ह , To fall or bring one self into a state or condition - \$911, To come to be, to become-with a following adjective, belonging to the subject of the verb Syn - Attain, secure, beget, procreate, commit, persuade, induce. [ Become known

Get abroad – বাহিবে বা , Go out — প্ৰকাশিত হ , Got ahead — অধ্যৱ-হ উন্ততি ক , Advance , pro per. [ vance , make progress Get along — উন্নতি- ফু আগ্ৰৱ-হ , Proceed , ad-Get asleep — নিজিত হ , Itali asleep

Got at—পোচাৰ, উপজিত সভয়া, Reach — পান্ত-হ, Attam, obtam — ভিত্তের বৃত্তান্ত স্থানা, Gam an maight into. Get away- गनाईश निकृषि नांच-क ; To escape. Get clear-15-5: Become free from entangle-

Get drunk-41014-5; To become intoxicated. Get for one's pains—পরিত্রম মস্ত পুরকার প্রাপ্ত-হ; Receive in return as a reward or compensation. Get forward-अञ्जनत-१; धनवान-१; Proceed; advance in wealth.

Get into-अद्यन-क ; Enter (into).

Get into a scrape—হুৰ্গতিপ্ৰাপ্ত বা বিপদে পভিড ( Fall into a disagreeable and embarrassing predicament.

Get into debt--वर्धाउ-इ। self Get loose or free-TF-₹; To disengage one-Get off-প्रतायन-क ; भनाइया निष्ठित भास्या ; Escape :- मुक्त वा वाहित-क ; Set free from.

Get off scot free-একবারে নিকৃতি পাওয়া; Get off free from payment (i. e. unhurt, safe).

Get on-চলা : উন্নতি-ক : ক্রমে উন্নতিপ্রাপ্ত-হ : Proceed . progress ; advance :- कृडकाश-इ ; Succeed :- orsita; Make progress :- 414); Fare. Get one (to do a thing)-काशरक त्कान काया कन्नान ;

Prevail upon one to do a thing.

Get over-অভিনৰ-ক ; To overcome ; surmount : -পার হওয়া , Cross :- আরোগ্য লাভ-কু; Recover from.

Get quit of-मक-इ ; Get rid of.

Get rid of—(আপনাকে) মুক্ত-কৃ; তফাৎ করা বা হস্তান্তর কু; Free oneself from ; dispose of : —নষ্ট ক্রিয়া নিছতি লাভ-কু, Do away with.

Get ready \_ 35-3 , To prepare. Get round—আরোগ্য লাভ-কু; Recover.

Get scent of-পৰ পাওয়া : সন্ধান বা আভাস পাওবা ;

Get an inkling of. Get the better of-नाख्यान या अग्री-इ: Get ad-

vantage, superiority or victory.

Get the start—अजनामी-इ . To be in advance. Get through-छिठव निधा यांश्या : कांडान : Pass through :- (नव-क ; निनान-क ; नमांवा-क ; Execute ; con.plete; finish. f place ).

Get to-((कान शान) डेशनीठ-१; Arrive at (a Get together — শংগ্রহ-ক ; কড-ক ; Assemble.

Get up—আমন বা শ্যা হইতে উঠা, জাগরিত-হ, উঠা; আবোহণকু, Rise (from seat or bed); arise; ascend :- শিকা-ক ; Learn :- আবন্ত-ক ; Set on foot :- eras ; Prepare; propose, to make ready :-- লিখা ; ছাপা ; প্রকাশ-কু ; Write, print oi publish:-(कान (श्रादान) विशय এक ब्रक्म क्रिया मासारेश थांछा-क ; Concoct :-- व. अमार्गडमीक माथनार्थ ক্ষিত , Prepared for an occasion ; concocted for some evil end.

Get-up, n. शर्तन, (वनकृता; व्याकार अकाद; काता; General composition or structure; the manner in which the parts of a thing are combined; make-up; style.

Get upon-वादाह्य-क ; Mount.

Get well-वादांना नांड-इ ; Recover.

Get wind—প্ৰকাশিত-হ; Become public; to be divulged. [ one's dwelling. To get home—बाहिएड (लीहान : To arrive at Getter, geter, n. य वाकि थांच इत्र वा क्या (वृद्ध ; One who gets, obtains or begets.

Getting, gering, n. আখি; প্রাথ বস্তু; A gaining; anything gained. Syn: - Obtaining, acquisition, acquirement, gain, profit.

Gowgaw, gu'gaw, n. जोड़ांव रख ; निख्य जीड़नक : পুত্ৰ; A toy; a bauble; a showy trifle; splendid plaything -a আড়মুরবিশিষ্ট ; অকিঞ্চিংকর ; Showy, gaudy; without value. Syn:-(n) Trinket, kickshaw, gimcrack.

Geyser, gi'ser n. Graten; Ba angen; A boiling spring in Iceland.

Ghastly, gastli, a. [ A. S. gaestlic, terrible ]

कुडवर ; Like a ghost ; deathlike :- विवर्ग : Extremely pale :- ভয়ानक ; छोदन : Horrible : dreadful:—ad. स्त्रानकऋत्न, Hideously. n=ghastliness. Syn: - Spectral, pallid, cadaverous, wan, ashy, dismal; hideous, shocking.

Ghat, Ghaut, gawt, n. निविश्य ; रेमनाज्ये ; পর্বত্রেণী ; A mountain pass ; a chain of mountains :- पाँठ ; A river landing place with stairs, temple &c, stairs descending to a river or tank. Ghee, ge, n. 93; Clarified butter.

Gherkin, ger'kın, n. এক জাতীয় ছোট শ্লা; 🗛 small species of cucumber used for pickling.

Ghost, gost, n. wini; The soul:- \$5; An apparition; a spirit appearing after death:-সামান্ত সাম্প্র ; Any faint semblance, as the ghost of chance. a= ghostlike. Syn :- Apparition, spectre, shade phantom. [ Die.

Give up the ghost-প্রাপতাগ-ড়; দেহত্যাগ-ড়; Holy ghost, " शिवजांका The happy spirit; the comforter.

Ghostly, gostli, a. ভৌতিক , ভূতসমন্ধীয় ; Pertaining to apparitions :- এখবিক ; আখাাপ্সক : Spiritual :-- ধ্যুসংক্রাপ্ত ; Religious. n == ghostliness.

Ghoul, gool, n. রাক্ষ্য, প্রেড; A demon supposed to feed on the dead.

Giant, ji'ant, n. मानव ; देवडा ; अञ्चव ; बाकम ; 🕭 Titan :- बुहमाकांत्र वाक्ति ; विक्रीकांत्र नत्र ; A person of extraordinary powers or strength :-- a. 354-কার; আখরিক; প্রকাভ, Gigantic; of extraordinary size. fem=Giantess ( দাৰবী ) ! Syn :-Cyclops, colossus.

Gisour, jowr, n. অবিশাসী : An infidel.

Gib. n Boat , A puce or slip.

elevations.

Gibber, v. i. অশাঃ ও সত্ব ৰলা; To chatter; to speak rapidly and marticulately.

Gibberish, giber-ish, n. अन्ति कर्न ; अर्थ्य वीका ; Rapid talk; unmeaning words:-a. 4475; Syn:-Prate, jabber, jargon. Unmeaning babble, twaddle.

Gibbet, jilict, n. বধাৰাষ্ঠ; কাঁদিকাষ্ঠ; A gallows: \_v. t. कंत्रि-त्म , आनवप-कृ ; To expose on a gal-[ long-armed ape. lows; to execute. Gibbon, gibun, n. এক জাতীয় বানর; A kind of Gibbose, gib-bos, a. [ L. gibbus, a hump ] বাৰ , বক ; কুৰ , Humped ; having one or more

Gibbous, gibus, a. বজ; কুল: কীড; স্থাল: Crooked; hump-backed swelling. Syn:-Crooked; protuberant, convex, swelling, rounded. ad=gibbously, n=gibbousness.

Gibe, jib, v. t. 利何·(平; 行歌叫·李; To abuse; to

taunt; to scoff at :— ত. i. নিশা-কু; To sneer; to cast reproaches; to rail; to scoff: — ল. ঠাটা; কিন্তুপ; অবজা; Railing; sneer; scoff; contempt. Syn: — Flout, ridicule, deride. [of giblets. Giblet, jib-let, a. মেটৱা প্রভূতি ছারা প্রভূত; Made Giblets, jiblets, n. pl. পাণীর মেটে প্রভূতি, বাহা পৃষ্কু পাক করা হইয়া থাকে; Those parts of a fowl, heart, liver, &c., which are taken out before cooking and often served separately, as in a sauce or pie.

Giddiness, gide-nes, n. অন্তিরভা; দক্ষভা; নাখা যোরা; Inconstancy, unsteadiness, levity; ver-

tigo, dizziness.

Giddy, gidi, a. মাধা ঘোৰা বোগবিশিষ্ট; মতকমূর্ণনাবোগালাড়; Dizzy, that causes dizziness...
চকল: অছিব; Fickle; inconstant:—বিচলিত;
বিবেচনাপুত্ত; Whirling, thoughtless. n=giddiness,
ad=giddily. Syn:—Vertiginous; unstable,
changeable, thoughtless, unsteady, flighty.

Giddy-headed, a. নিৰ্মোধ: Thoughtless. Giddy height—অত্যুক্ত; Such height as makes the head giddy.

Gier-eagle, jer-egl, n. ঈগলপকী বিশেষ; A species of eagle mentioned in the Bible.

Gift, gft, n. কান : A present : a donation :— কাভাবিক শক্তি : প্রকৃতিদন্ত গুণ : Natural talent :— ক্ষরন্ত : Any thing given :—উৎকোচ : A bribe .— ১. t. বিশেষ শক্তি বা গুণ প্রদান-ক : To endow with some power or faculty. Syn :—(n) Grant, largess, benefaction, boon, bounty, gratuity, offering : endowment, faculty, talent.

Be sifted with—ভাবিশিট্ট ; Be endowed with. Gift of the gab—বাৰ্পটুতা; Readiness of

speech, fluency.

In the gift of—কাহার অধীনে; বাহা (কোন পদ বা সন্থান) দিবার অধিকার আছে; At the disposal of. Gifted, gifted, a. ভাবিশিষ্ট; ন্থমভাপর, পভাবদিদ্ধ ভাবসার; Endowed by nature. Syn — Talented, able, clever, ingenious, capable, inventive.

Cig, gig, n. ছিচক লঘু যান, ছই চাকার চোট গাড়ী;
A light one horse carriage with one pair of wheels:—ক্স ভরী; A long light boat:—অসংযতচিন্ত ব্যক্তি; A wanton person.

Gigantio, Ji-gantik, a. প্রকাত ; অসবতুর . Huge, enormous ; like a giant. ad – gigantically Syn. —Colossal, immense, prodigious, cyclopean

Giggle, gig'l, v. i. ক্বং হাস্য-কৃ; মুখ চাগিয়া হাসা,
Titter; grin; to laugh in a half suppressed or
silly manner:—n. ক্বং হাস্য; মুখ চাপিয়া হাস্য; A
laugh with short catches of the breath or voice.
n-giggler.

Gigot, jig'ut, n. ভেডার রাজ ; A leg of mutton.
Gild, gild, v. t. প্রবিতিত-র ; পিল্টি-র ; To cover
with any goldlike substance ; to adorn with
lustre :—বভাবিশিষ্ট-র ; উজ্জা-র ; To illuminate ,
brighten. n=gilder. Syn:—Embellish, adorn,
deck, garnish.

Gild or sugar the pill—बशोजिक व बहुद खीजि-क्द-कृ; To render a disagreeable thing attractive. Gilder, gilder, n. द वाकि करवाब सामानी बद् करव; One whose trade is to gild or overlay things with gold. Gilding, gilding, ». जानाजी कर्च; वर्गदश्य; Gold laid on any surface for ornament.

Gill, jil, n. পরিষাণবিশেষ; পাইন্টের চতুর্ব ভার; A measure of capacity; the fourth part of a pint. Gills, gils, n. ক্ৰা; কানহয়; মংসাদির যাসহয়; Breathing organ of a fish. [page or menial. Gillie, Gilly, gili, n. ব্ৰক; ভূতা; A youth; a Gilly-flower, jili-flow-er, n. সভাবিশেষ; A plant with beautiful flowers so called from its clove-like smell.

Gilt, gilt, pa. t. and pa. p. of gild.

Gilt, gilt, a. वर्गमिक ; Gilded.

Gilt edged—খাৰে সোনাৰ জল দিয়া আছিত-কু; ত্ৰৰি-ৰজিত প্ৰায় : Having gilded edges, as the leaves of a book.

Gimbals, gimbalz, n. pl. [L. gemelli, twins]
আহাজ দিশ্ৰণৰ যত্ৰ পথান বাখিবাৰ আধাৰ; A contrivance consisting of two rings for suspending
the mariner's compass so as to keep it always
horizontal.

Gimorack, jimkrak, n. পুতুল; বেলুলা; কৌবল; A toy, a device. Syn:—Plaything, trinket, bauble.

Gimlet, gimlet, n. ছিত্ৰ কৰিবাৰ ব্যা; জোন্বা; জুৰপুণ, A small boring tool:—v. t. জুৰপুণ বাৰা ছিত্ৰ-কু, নজৰ ঘুৱান; To pierce with a gimlet; to run round an anchor of a ship.

Gimp, n. ফিতা; কড়ি দেওয়া পাট্ট; A kind of brace or lace; a kind of silk, woolen, or cotton twist or edging.

Gin, jin, n. মনা বিশেষ; A malt spirit:—জাল; জাল, A snare; trap:—ভার তুলিবার যন্ত্র, উত্তোলন যন্ত্র; A machine for raising weights:—v. f. কালে ধরা, কালে কেলা; কালান পবিভাষ-কু: To trap or ensnare; to catch in a trap; to clear cotton of its seeds by a machine.

[A hot spice. Ginger, jinjer, n. ভাতাবিশেষ, A plant:—জালা;
Dry-ginger, n. ভাতী

Ginger-beer, junjer-ber, n. এक अकार महा; A sort of heer flavoured with ginger.

Ginger-bread, jinger-bred, n. Markets; Sweet cake flavoured with ginger.

Ginger-breadwork-काक्कार्या: Work cut or carved in fanciful shapes,

Gingerly, jińjer-li, a. সত্তভাবে , সাংবানপ্রক , জনরত্বণ ; Nicely, cautiously ; daintily. Syn :— Carefully, fastidiously.

Gingham, ging'ham, n. কাৰ্পান বস্ত্ৰবিশেষ ; কাৰ্পান ; A kind of cotton cloth ; cotton stuff.

Gingle, jing'l, Same as Jingle.

Gipsy, Gipsey, Gypsy, Gypsey, jip'si, ম. ইউবোপ-প্রবাদী অনগুলীল জাতিবিপেব; One of a wandering race, originally from India, now scattered over Europe:—ধুৱা বৰণা; ভাইন; A crafty, tricking woman.

Giraffe, ji-raf, n. পe বিশেষ; বিষয়ো; The camelopard; an African quadruped whose fore legs are much longer than the hind ones.

Girandole—শীশাধায়; A chandelier.

Gird, gerd, n. বঙাড়াছাত; বেআছাত; The stroke of a rod:—উৎকট বাতনা; A severe pang:—মেৰ; বিদ্ৰুপ; A sarcastic remark; a sneer:—s. f. ক্ষেক্ ; ক্ষেত্ৰ- ; To encircle; to surround; to fasten:—ব্য় বারা আবৃত- ; To clethe; to dress:—আবাত- ; To strike:—v. i. ঠাটা- ; To gibe; sneer. Sym:—(n) Twitch, pang; cut, gibe, sarcasm; hoop, (v) engirdle, belt, environ, enfold, inclose.

Gird up one's loins—কোমর বাধা; কোন আসর বিপদের বস্তু প্রভা; Bind fast one's loins; prepare for some hazardeus undertaking.

Girder, gerder, n. (बहेनक्वी); পৰিবেটজ ; What girds; a satarist:—প্ৰধান কড়িকাট, Chief beam in a wall, floor &c.

Girdle, gerdl, n. কটিবল, Belt for the wrist:— থেৱ; মণির চতুঃপার্থছ বেথাকার চিক্ত; An inclosure; a horizontal line encompassing a stone:—v.i. কটিবল বারা বাৰা; To bind as with a girdle:— বেইন-ক, Enclose. Syn:—(n) Band, girth, fillet With tied girdle—বদ্ধ-প্রিকর।

Girl, gérl, n. বালিকা; কুমারী; A female child or young woman. [ the state of being a girl. Girlhood, gerlhood, n. বালিকারতা, Childhood; Girlish, gérlish, n. বালিকারতা, বালিকারতা, বালিকারতা, বালিকারতা, তি or like a girl. n- girlishness. adgarlishly. [French Revolution: Girondist, n. Moderate Republican in the first Girt, gért, n. t. বেইল-কু: To gird, to surround. Girt, gért, n. t. বেইল-কু: To gird, to surround. Girt, gért, Girth, gérth, n. মানার প্রেটা, Bellyband of a saddle — উল্লেখ্য বেড, Measure round.

Gist, jiet, n. ফলার্থ; মার কথা; মূল কথা, The main point or pith of a matter, purport. Syn:— Marrow, essence, pith, force, substance.

the body as at the waist or belly.

Give, giv, v. t দান-র ; বিতরপ-ক ; To bestow, to grant :— অদান-ক , দান-ক , To deliver ; to impart (possession) :— কমা . প্রচার-ক ; To pronounce, as a decision; to utter, as a judgment :— দেওয়া . To pay or render, as thanks :— আদান-ক , To show, as a result :— প্রহণ-ক . বীকার-ক ; To allow or admit :— জ্ঞাপন-ক , To announce (tidings) :— অমুমাত-ক ; To permit, allow, heense .— নিয়ক্ত-ক ; To devote; apply :— যোগাল ; To furnish .— v. i. গনন-ক , গল্ফাসন-ক ; To yield to force or pression; move; recede .— ম্বন্ত-ছ , দমিলা-মা; নর্ম-হ , গলিতে আর্ম্ব-ক ; To begin to meit; to grow soft.

A give-and-take affair—প্ৰশান উপকাৰ প্ৰত্যুপ কাৰেব বিষয় ( আয়নান্ত মুখ দেখার স্বৰূপ ), A reciprocation of good offices

Givo (or make ) a call—অল্পক বস্তু সাকাৎ-কু; Make a short visit. [die or be destroyed. Give a death blow to—নষ্ট-কু; To cause to Give a dog an ill name and you may as well hang him—কাহারও প্ৰাম নষ্ট করিলে, তাহার সকল হও নই হইয়া বার; To destroy a man's reputation is to destroy all his enjoyment and influence.

Give a false colouring—নিপা বৰ্ণা-কু; To misrepresent; to make to appear different from what it is. [general. Give a lift—সাহায্য-কু. Give assistance in Give a loose to the fancy—কল্পায়্বভী-হু; To indulge the lancy, to be tanciful.

Give away - হতাত্তর-কৃ: দিয়া ফেলা: Make over to another; make over absolutely; transfer:— কন্তাখান-কৃ: Act the part of father to the bride at a marriage.

Give back--এতার্গণ-ক ; প্ররাব-দে ; Return. Give battle-- মৃদ্ধে প্রস্ত-হ ; Engage in contest.

Give birth-অস্ব-ক : To bear.

Give chase –পদানাকিত-হ; অসুসৰ্ব-কু; Pursue. Give countenance to—সাহাৰ্-কু, Fayour; aid. Give credit to—বিশাস-কু, Believe.

Give oar to—মনোবোগপুর্ক্ প্রবণ-কৃ, Listen attentively.

Cive forth— প্রকাশ-কৃ, প্রচার-কৃ, উল্লীবণ-কৃ; Pub-Give ground—পিছে হাটা; Recede. [ কু; Yield. Give in—বশিস্ত-হ; বগুতা দীকার-কৃ, প্রাত্য দীকার-Give it to one well—আছে। করে দেবল (প্রহার বা ভ্রমনা); Scold one; attack one with angry words or blows.

Give one the slip—প্ৰায়ন- . Elude one; to escape from one, to desert unexpectedly.

Give oneself out as for or for—আপনাকে কোন কিছু ব'লণ জাহেৰ-কু; Publicly claim or represent one-elf to be.

Give onesolf up—আবোগ্য হটবাৰ আশা ভাগ-ক;
Despair of one's recovery — বানিক্ত-হ; To resign
or devote, abandon oneself to; be addicated
to —অভিনিৰেশ-ক; Devote oneself to.

Cive out —প্রকাশ-ফু; জাতের-ফু; Proclaim; utter publicly: —নির্গনিত-ফু; নির্গত-ফু; বহিন্তত-ফু; Emit; cend forth.

Give over—পরিত্যাপ-কু; বিরত-হ; Abandon; cease —পর হরে সম্বর্ণ-কু. Make over:—শীড়া হঁটেত রক্ষা পাইবার আশা তাগে-কু; Believe to be past recovery.

[way; yield.
Give place—পথ দেওৱা; অধীন-হ, বশান্তত-হ; Give

Give play to—দৰন না ক; প্ৰধান-হ, ৰশাভ্ত-হ; Give Give play to—দৰন না ক; প্ৰধান-দে; Allow liberty of acting not to restrain.

Give the cut direct—অভৰ্কতা অধাৰ-কৃ, To avoid recognising; to show personal discourtesy.

Give the devil his due—অভ্য লোকের সঙ্গেও ভাল বাৰ্হার কর; Be fair and honest even to the worst people. [notice; to evade.

Give the go by-ARTA; To pass without Give the hand-Yield pre-eminence.

Givo the last finish-("17-7; Bestow the last required labours.

Give the lie to - প্ৰতিবাদ-ক ; Charge with falsehood, to return direct contradiction.

Give the reins to imagination—কাজনিক-হ; কলনার অনুব ্ৰী-হ; To indulge in imagination.

Give up—পথি থাগ-কু, ত্যাগ-কু, Abandon. Give up for lost—আর রক্ষা নাই এই ভাবিবা সমস্ত আধা ভর্মা ভ্যাগ-কু, রক্ষা পাইবার আশা পরিত্যাগ-কু; Give up all hope of saving; conclude to be lost.

Give up the ghost — (पर्जात-क्; Yield up the spirit into the hands of God; die.

Civo up to—সম্পানক, Surrender to (an enemy). Civo vent to—প্ৰকাশ-ক; To suffer to escape; to let out; to pour forth; to express.

Give warning—সঙ্গ-ক ; To warn ; to caution. Give way—ংটল-ক ; To caucie ; to make

soom --वनीकृत-इ, बोक्ट-इ; To yield; to concede to the opinion of another. [ to Be given to—जानक इ , जानक- इ : Be addicted It is not given to one—অমুকের ভাগো এলি নাই. अंगे पढ़ि ना . One is not destined to (do a thing) Giver, giver, n मांठा ; अनामकादी , मानकर्छा , One who gives or bestows. Gizzard, gizard, n शकी इ डेनद, इरमानिद शांक्यनी. The muscular stomach of a fowl or bird. To fret the gizzard—蒙古帝子, To worry Glabrous, glabrus, a [L. glaber, smooth]
মহণ; অবস্থুর, কেল বা লোমহীন, Smooth, having no hairs or any unevenness Glacial, glashi-al, a. [L glacies, ice] नामपूक, ভুবার ঘটিত , ভুবারমর , Icy, especially, pertaining to glacier . frozen. Glacier, glasher, n [L glacies, ice] मनुबन পর্বভগন্তরত্ব ভুষারবাশি , A field or mass of ice, formed in the hollows and on the slopes of loftv mountains - श्रिकृषि, ववन क्या, किन्न बौहावादुक Tia, Great field of ice and snow Glacis, gla-ses, " जयनियला, हान क्यि, A gentle slope, a smooth sloping bank. Glad, glad, a. कहे, धक्त, आनमिक, महारे, De lighted, pleased, cheerful, joyful, pleasing n=gladness, ad=gladly Syn -Gratified, blithesome, gleeful, animating, cheering Be glad of-कान किंदू भारेगा वा भारेख युनि इस्ता Be glad to have — कान किছ खनिया वा खनिया श्रीत एक्षा ; Be delighted to hear of. Gladden, gladn, v t হাত-কু, প্রকুল্ল-কু, উল্পিড T, To cheer, to please, to animate Syn -Exhilarate, gratify, delight, make glad Glade, glad, n. कानन भथ, वनभवाइ कीका जान Grassy opening in a wood an open space in a wood [ 4911414 , Sword-shaped Gladiate, gladi-at, a [ L gladius a sword ] Gladiator, gladi-a-tor, n [L gladius, a sword] महारवाका, महाविष्यत, A sword-player, prizefighter, esp in ancient Rome, one who fought publicly in the arena a=gladiatorial, gladiatory Gladiatorial, glad-1-a-tori-al, Gladiatory. gladi-a-tor-i, a महामचलीय वा প उपकारिक. Relating to gladiators or prize-fighting. Gladiole, gladi-ol, Gladiolus, gla-di'o-lus, n পদাৰং উত্তিস্বিশেব , A lily-like plant Gladness, gladnes, n. জ্বতা , প্রকৃত্রতা ; আনন্দ Cheerfulness, gayety, pleasure, delight, 10y. Gladsome, gladsum, a आनमकनक, माखावकनक, কাই, সম্বাই, Joyous, gay, pleased, pleasing ad=gladsomely, n=gladsomeness. Cheerful, joyful, blithesome, gleeful, happy Glair, glar, n फिल्बद एक काम , व्यवस्थान एक वान का जाना , White of an egg or any thing like it any viscous transparent substance -v t affin-इ, हक्टाइ-इ, To varnish with white of egg -Glair'y, Glar'eous ( Like glair ). Glamour, glamer, n [ lee glam, dimness of sight] ৰৃষ্টিশক্তির উপর করিত ঐক্তঞালিক প্রভাব , A charm on the eyes, making them see things differently from what they are. Syn .- Witch-

ery, sorcery, spell, fascination.

Glance, glans, n. [Ger. glans, brightness] ক্শিকপ্ৰভা , দীপ্তিৰ চমক , A sudden shoot of light or splendour — ৰৃষ্টপাত , A darting of the eye : —কটাক , ইবড়াট , A lapid or momentary view ; glimpse -ए : कित्रण विस्कृत-क , क्लानगीशि ध्यवन-季, To dart a ray of light or splendour -- 東京 बिक्ल - कृ , कड़ीरक प्रश्न , To snatch a momentary view --বক্তাবে শমন-কু, To fly off obliquely -মিট মিট্ কৃ, Twinkle —অপ্রকাশিত কোন বিবয়ের वाकाम (म , Allude -v t. रहार वा वक्कारव नमन-क . To dart suddenly or obliquely Syn -(n) Gleam, ghtter, rapid look, momentary view. A glance at-अवर पृष्ट वा উল्लেখ, A cursory At a rapid view. view of At a glance-पर्ननमांज , किंदिक , पिर्विनामात्वर ; Glance at-त्रेवर मृष्टिगांठ वा कंडीक्यांठ कड़ी. Snatch a momentary view of .- नेपर छत्नम कहा ; Shohtly allude to. Sidelong glance—কটাক নিকেপ। Gland, gland, n [L. glans, glandis, an acorn ] जिन्न बान्त्रज्ञि . A fleshy organ of the body which secretes some substance from the blood Glandered, glanderd a हिन्दक्र माध्यक्षिकी डि-বোগাক্রাক , Affected with glanders Glanders, glanders n অথের সংক্রামক বোগ, অবের চিবকর শিরাগ্রন্থি ক্টতি রোগ . A highly contagious disease of the mucous membrane in horse Glandiferous, gland-if'er-us, a [ 1. glans, an acorn, and fire, to be ir । पुत्र एलशानी , Bearing acorns or other nuts Glandiform, glindi-form a. [ 1 glans, and firma, torm ] त मा भव काब Nat-shaped. Glandular, glandu-lar, Glandulous glandulus, a अश्विम्भूमान , अश्विम्ब, अश्विम्बक, Containing, consisting of or pertaining to glands Glandule, glandul, r an aff. A small gland. Glans, n লিকের উপর গোলাকার হব Nut of the penis, the vascular body forming the apex of the pennis. Glare, giac, n. क्षकांठि , हरुयव , मृष्टेद्रांशक मीखि ; Lasting dazrling light, overpowering lustre -এकार , जीकार , Long steadfast look , a piercing look -v. t. ठकगन-क , डेब्बन अडा विकान क , To shine with a clear disching light - 44903 (941; মৃষ্টনিকেপ ক . To look with herce piercing eyes : -অতিরিক্ত প্রভাব আলোকিত-ই, Lo be ostentatiously splendid, to shine with excessive lustre. Syn -(v) Dazzle, gleam, glisten, flare, flame; glower, gaze steadfastly Glaring, glar'ing, a नहे, Clear - विश्वा. नापडाना , नितन्त Notorious , barefaced. ad= glaringly n=glaringness Glass, glas, n 415 A hard, brittle transparent substance -কাচনিশ্বিত ক্ৰা, Anything made of glass - नर्जन, वार्नि, व्यादना, A merror - नाम-পাত . A drinking glass, a tumbler - পেৰিবাৰ कांह , I ens , spy , glass -n pl. हन्या , Spectacles - मान्त्र शिवमान , The quantity of liquid a glass holds - v. ! দৰ্শণে প্ৰতিনিশ্বিত-ছ , দৰ্শণে দেখা ; প্রতিক্লিড-ৰু, See in a glass, to reflect in a

mirror .-- कांड नित्रा आक्रानिक-कृ, कांडमिक-कृ, To

cover with a glass. Syn :- Speculum, sandglass; tumbler · telescope; barometer. a= [ Maker of glass. glass-like. Glass-blower, glas-blo'er, म. काठ-नियाणी, Glass-house, n. कारूब कांब्शना ; Manufactory of glass :- TILDE TE ; A house made of glass.

Glass-blower

Glassman- +15- (acast, Seller of glass. [maker. Glass-silverer, n. দৰ্গণ-নিৰ্দ্বাতা ; Looking glass Glas-ware, n. कार्ट्य वामन : कांडशाजानि । glass. Glassworks, n. कांट्र कांत्रवाना , Manufactory of Glasswort, glaswurt, n. কাচ-নিশ্বাণে ব্যবহৃত উदिश्विर नव , A plant yielding soda, used in making glass.

Glassy, glasi, a. कांচनिर्मिक ; कांচवर , किंकन ; Made of glass; resembling of glass; smooth. ad = glassily. n=glassiness. Syn :- Vitreous; crystal, crystalline, hyaline, glacial.

Glaucoma, glawk-o'ma, n. हक्द्रांभवित्नव ; A disease of the eye.

Glaucous, glaw'kus, a. [ L. glaucus, bluish ] नेगर हरिए वा मील ; Grayish blue ; sea-green.

Glave, glav, n. saatfa, A sword

Glaze, glaz, v. t. mif ania, winai ania; To furnish or cover with glass (in windows or pines) -कांठ बाता मिंड-क , कांठ बाता कार्त्वर-क , Cover with a glassy surface - 479 & 514 641-भागी-कृ ; हक्हरक-कृ , Make glassy or polished ; vanish; enamel -v. 1. bette-4; To assume a glassy lustre:-n. भाजामित्र मर्प वार्गिम; The glassy coating put upon pottery, varnish .-উन्हर मन्त्र, हार्नेहका, Any shining exterior, polishing or glazing surface. Syn .- (v) Coat; polish, burnish, calender, furbish, gloss.

Glazer, gláz-ér, n. मुश्रापाल-পরিষ্কাবক : A workman who glazes pottery ১c. —কাপত ভ কাগভেব মহণতা সম্পাদক , A smoother of cloth, paper &c. Glazier, glazier, n. श्वक्ला-विद्वार्थ, कारहव काव-वर्गान गराकां फिट मः लक्ष कता गहात वानमात्र, One whose business is to set glass (in a frame).

Glazing, glazing, n. मानि श्रकृष्टि नांगान वा डाहार কোশৰ, The act or art of setting glass — সপর রঙের উপর প্রদত্ত পাতলা রঙ্ ; Transparent colours put thinly over others.

Gleam, glem, v. s. मीखिमान-इ: मीखि भारता . To flash; to shine, to glimmer; glitter -- n. 451; মৰি, উজ্বা; A beam ; a ray, brightness; splendour , lustre.

Gleamy, glemi, a. त्रिशम : डेक्ट : मीरिमानी . Casting beams or rays of light, flashing.

Glean, glen, v. i. [ Fr. glaner, to glean ] ( 44) শস্যাদির আহরণের পর অবশিপ্ত সংগ্রহ-কু, বাজ্ঞাদির শীব কুডাৰ, To gather in handfuls the corn left by the reapers :-- v. f. সহিষ্তা ও বিশেষ পরিভাষের সহিত সংশহ-ক ; To gather after a reaper ; to collect : —n. উহু , সংগৃহীত দ্রবা , That which is gleaned. Syn:-(v) Collect, pick up, select, cull.

Glebe, gleb, m. [L. gleba, a clod, soil ] # [4; Turi ; soil ; ground : - वृश्विकृषि : वर्षणांनाव अवि-কাৰভুক ভূমি; The land belonging to a parish church or ecclesiastical benefice :- পৰিজ শাতু-স্থানিত ভূমিখৰ, A piece of carth containing

mineral pic.

Glebous, giebus, Gleby, giebs, a. लाइम्ब ; चारमब हानडायुक ; Cloddy, turfy.

Glade, n. fin ; The common kite of Europe. Glee, gle, n. [ A. S. gleo, joy, song ] र्व ; डेब्रॉन ; joy ; mirth and gaiety -- शीजविदनव ; A song in parts. a=gleeful ( 58; Joyful ). Syn :- Merriment, gayety, hilarity, joyousness, fun, gladness; catch, roundelay. erant minstrel. Gleeman, gle man, n. অগ্ৰাকারী গায়ক ; An itin-Gleet, glet, n. প্রমেহ ; शकुक्वन , Chronic gonorrhoræa. ad=gleetv. [ valley.

Glen, glen, n. উপতাকা ; বিরিদয়ট ; Dale , narrow Glib, glib, a. পিছিল, মকণ; Smooth; slippery: -চপল ; বাক্তরিত ; Voluble , fluent , flippant. n=

glibiness. ad=glibly.

Glib-tongued, a. अध्यक्ता ; Quick in speaking. Glide, glid, v. i. शीरव शीरव वश्चिन-शा ; अप्रशक्तिक खवाहिङ-इ ; To move silently ; to pass rapidily and casily; to flow gently :- n. शोदब शोदब अभव ; The act of gliding ad=glidingly. Syn :- (v) Slip, slide, skim over; roll on, run, lapse.

Glim, " बार्नाक; A light or candle.

Glimmer, glimer, v. : भिड़े भिड़े-क : To shine faintly, to appear unsteadily -n. we get. मिहेगिएंडे आत्नाक; कीन आत्नाक, A faint light; feeble rays of light - সভ পনিজ পদার্থ; Mica. Syn :- (v) Gleam, glitter, flicker.

Glimpse, glimps, n. जैवर वाला , कांकन्त्रिक अंडा ; ক্ৰিক আলোক, হীনপ্ৰতা; Weak unsteady light; sudden flush, gleam '一有作意, Hasty view :v. 1. क्वर दृष्टिगान्व-इ ; To appear by glimpses. Syn :- (n) Gleam, glint, glance, rapid look.

Glisten, glisn, Glister, glister, v. i. डेव्यन-इ ; हकरव-कृ, अवर नीधि भास्त्रों, To shine by its own light, to sparkle, to glitter. Syn :- Beam, gleam, scintillate, twinkle.

Glitter, glifer, v. i. (माडिड-इ , উळ्चन-इ ; खरमक-इ ; मीडि-शा ; लोखिड-र , To sparkle with light ; to shine ; to glitter ; to glisten :-- n উজ্জাতা ; প্রতা , Lustie: brilliancy. Syn: - (v) Gleam, glisten. glare shine unsteadily. (n) Sparkle, glister, brilliancy, splendour, lustre.

Glittering, gliter-ing, a. डेक्न , मीश्रमानी ; अछा-विभिन्ने ; Spendid , brilliant ; shining. ad=glitter-[ dusk. ingly.

Gloaming, gloming, n গোধুলি, The twilight. Gloat, glot, ए.:. व्यानमगरकादा नमन-कु. लानुभरनात (मर्था ; मन्द जाननतार-कृ ; To stare with eagerness; to gaze with malignant satisfactor or passionate desire; to view with joy. Syn :-[ spherical. Stare, gaze, look intently.

Globate, globat, a. वर्तनाकात : Like a globe, Globate, -ed, a. (利可有) . Circular.

Globe, glob, n. लानक : वर्ब्स ; Sphere ; orb ; ball :- पृथिवी ; जूमकत ; Earth or world. Globose, glob-ös, Globus, globus, a. crien-

কার, Globular. neglobosity.

Globular, globu-iar, Globulous, globu-lus, a. (त्रांताकाव ; Spherical. n=globularity. ad = globularly. Syn :- Globose, orbicular, round. Globule, globul, n. खनिका ; क्य वर्ष , A little globe or round particle.

Glomerate, glomer-at, v.t. বৰ্ত্ত্ৰাকাৰ-কৃ, উটা-ইবা পোৰ-কৃ, তাল কৃ, To gather or wind into a ball —a গোলাকাৰে বন্ধিও, Conglomerate n glomeration

Glomeration, glom-ér-দ-shun, n. গোলাকাৰে গঠন, বৰ্ষাকাৰ প্ৰাপ্ত ৰপ্ত, The act of gathering or winding into a ball, a body formed into a ball Gloom, gloom, n অন্ধৰ্ণ , Partic il darkness, tot il darkness, dimness— বিষ্ণতা বিশ্বতাৰ, ছ.ব. নৈবাজ, Heaviness of mind, sullenness, sadness, dejection, hopeles ness—. ৷ বিষয়-হ. অনুজ্জন-হ, To be sullen or dejected, to appear dark, dismal or gloomy— et the ক্লুক অনুজ্জন-হ, To render dark, to make sud or demal Syn—(n) Darkness, cloud ness, cloud, dimness, heaviness, dulness, depression, dejection, melancholy, sadness.

Gloomy, giouni, a tefnatica, ফুকাব্যুক্ পুলান্ত, Dim, obscure — ছু.পিছ, বিষয়, হতাল, Sad, melapcholy, heavy of heart , হ্লাপ্ত mines ad হ্লাপ্তলান্ত Syn — Dusky cloudy, lowering, lund, dismal, moody, sullen, moro ε, disheartened, dejected, downcast elim

Glorify, gloti-fi, v. t. [L. o'eria and face) to make ] প্ৰা কৃ, To adore, wor-hip:—গে বৃণাৰিত কৃ, প্ৰশান-কৃ, ন্যান কৃ, lo make gloticus, to praise, to honour neglorification syn—Evalt, brighten laud, magnify extol, celebrate

Glorious, glorn-us. a. বিখাণ্ড, জ'ল্ল Il'u 'mous, famous —ব্ৰক্ষর, সন্থানতক, (onferring glory —২৯৭. Excellent, noble, great – নত্নী, স্থানল, Splendid, brille int. Syn — (c'ebe itel), bright, brilliant, radiant, imagnificent grand adorable ad-gloriously, n-gloriousness

Gloss, clos, r ভাভা, দেলা চাক বা, Sin oth, lustic, shaning surface—বাঞ্পোভা বি মেনেতা appearance, external show—টাকা, বা, না, Commert, interpret tion, explanation—ত গ চিকা ও উজ্বায়, চৰণৰে ফ, To make smooth and shaning—বাজ - ক, টাকা ফ, To explain, to illustrate—ত ঃ বা,বো-ফ, To make rimark, to comment. Syn—(n) Note, scholum annotation, specious plea, pretext, pretence, brightness, polish [hide by excusses Gloss over—বাক্স-ফ, বোপন ফ, Varnish over, Glossarial, glos-air-al, a, বা)বা,-সমব্বি, Containing explanation.

Glossarist, glosar-1st, n অভিথাৰ-নেপৰ; ঝাঝা-সকলক . A writer of a glossary.

Glossary, glosar-i, n. অগ্রচনিত শক্ষের অভিধান: নিঘট, মুক্ত শকাদিব অর্থ-স্থত্ত্ব; A dictionary of uncommon or intiquated words, a vocabulary of words requiring special explanation.

Glossator, glos-átor, n. চীকাৰার; A writer of glosses or comments, a commentator.

Glossography, glos-ograf-1, n টাকা-স্থলন ঃ
The writing of glossary or comments. n=
Llossographer, a=gl stographical.

Glossology, glos-olo-p, n [ Gr glossa, and l. grs, a discourse ] ভাষা-বিজ্ঞান, ভাষা, Study of tongues, Linguinges or terms, the science of linguis, philology n=glossologist. a= alossologist

Glossy, প্ৰত 1, a চিক্কণ, মহল, Smooth and shinning, 11 hily polished ad=glossily, n=glossiness. Glottis, 10-15, n [ Gr glossa, the tongue ] শাসনা নি উপরস্থ জিল, The narrow opening at the upper part of the laryny, between the vocal code, the narrow opening at the root of the tongue or entrance to the undeppe a=glottal. Glottology, glot olo-ji, n ভাষা বিভাগ, The science of language, comparative philology.

Glove, pluv, n হতাবরণ, দতানা, Covering for the hand —v s হতাবৰণ ছাত্ৰা আতৃত-কু, দতানা ছাত্ৰ অংবত্তি কু Fo cover with a glove

Throw the glove- গুৰু 'ৰ্ব সাজান জু, Challenge to a smole combat

Glover, cluver, n দত্তাৰ বিহেতা : দত্তাৰা বিশ্বতা, Maker or seller of glove

Glow, slon উত্তাপ Heat, warmth — ৰজিমা, ছালা Reduces brightness of colour — সংৰয় মানুহাল Intense excitement of carnestness, whemened of pission — গাং কুলা কুলা নিজ কৈ কিলা with an intense heat — ৰজিমাৰা-ই, so be flushed — ভাষে তিনা কৈ কে কিলাকোন, to right Syn—(n) Intense cone white heat, whemenee, ardour, forwar, enthissism (\*) Brighton, become both, selent time a c.

Glow-worm, ১০ জনাত, জানাতি (পারা An ir etthat hines in the dark.

In glowing colours- 1479 !

Glozo, Lict, r. [A S n re, gloss] Cointent

p lotalk amouthly, to flatter, to wheedit—

2 t c 7 7, (本元本) 5 t 4 tal 初刊一次,To

pullinte by specious explanation Syn—Ca

pile, ministerpret, glos, smooth over

Glucose, (ko-k) n [(ir glykys, sweet] \\ \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \], The peculial kind of sugar occurring in the juice of many fruits

Glue, glou, n [Low L glue, to draw together বিশ্বন, Sticky cement — v t. বিশ্বন দিল জোণ দে, In join with glue, to cement .—বোগ-কু, To hold together, to unite.

Gluoy, ploo'i, c. আটাৰ্ক, আটাৰ, Sticky, viscous reglucyness.

Glum, glum, a কুকুট-কৃটিল, বিষয়, Frowning, sullen, gloomy. Syn.—Moody, sulky, lowering, morosc, silent,

Glume, gloom, n. [ L. gluma, husk ] ভূৰ; ভূৰি; A husk.

Glut, glut, v. t. প্রান-ক: To swallow: —পর্যার ভোকন-ক; ভ্র-ক: To feast to satiety: —প্রান্ত কলাভিবিক দেবলা; To supply in excess:—n. প্রান্ত: That which is swallowed:—প্রান্তর্গ: Abundance; supply beyond sufficiently:—ভূবি: Satiety. Syn:—(v) Gorge, stuff, cram, satiate, sate, cloy, surfeit.

Gluten, gloo'ten, n. মরদাব কটার কোমল আঠাল ভাগ: A tough elastic substance seen in the

dough of wheaten bread.

Glutinate, gloo'tin-at, v. t. পিৰিস বাসা বোজনা-ক ; বোড়া দেওছা: To unite as with glue to cemer t. n=glutination. [কারক ; আঠাল Tenacious. Glutinativo, gloo'tin-a-tiv, সংস্লেক ; দ'লগ্ন-Glutinous, gloo'tin-us, a. সংযোজক , আঠালুক , Tenacious. n=glutinousness. Syn:—Viscous, viscid, ropy, sticky, cohesive.

Glutton, glutn, n. অতি ভোকা; পেটুৰ, ওদবিক; One who overeats; an epicure. Syn:—Gor-

mandizer, gourmand.

Gluttonize, glutu-īz, v. i. পেটুকের মত शास्त्रा ,

To cat voraciously or to excess.

Gluttonous, glutn-us, Gluttonish, glutnish, a. উদৰিক, পেটুক; Given to gluttony, excessive eating. [Excess in Lating Gluttony, glutn-i, n. উদ্বিক্তা; উদ্বিক্তা, Glycerino, glutn-i, n. [Gr. glykys, sweet] মধু-বং মিট কছে জ্বা; A viscid liquid of a sweet taste Glyph, glif, n [Gr. glytho, to caive] প্রামাদ গান্তাবিতে কোদিত নালী; In architecture, an orna-

Glyphography, glif-og'raf-1, n. [Gr. glypho, to carve, engrave, and graphe, drawing ] ডান্ডের সাহাযো নমার ছাপ লইবাৰ কৌশন; A process of taking a raised copy of a drawing by means of voltaic electricity. a=glyphograph'c.

mental sunken channel, usually vertical.

Glyptic, glip'tik, a. হীবকাদি লোদন সম্কীয়; চিত্ৰিত; Pertaining to the ait of carving on pre-

cious stones; (min) figured.

Olypties, glip'tiks, n. sing. ইবকাদি কোদন কোশন; The ait of engineering, especially on piccious stones.

Glyptodon, n. আনেরিকাব জন্ত বিশোল, An entict quadruped of South America with fluted teeth Glyptography, glip-tograf-i, n. [Cir. glyptos, caived, and grapho, to write] গ্ৰেকাছিল কোলন-কৌশল বিষয়ক বিবয়ণ; A description of the art of engraving on precious stones. a=glyptographic.

Gnarl, närl, v. i. পৌজান; গর্জন-কু; অসন্তোষ প্রকাশ-কু; To snarl or growl:—n. কাই-প্রান্থ; A twisted knot in wood. Syn:—Gumble, murmur.

Gnarled, näiled, Gnarly, a. নুখার, অহিন্ত ; Knotty.

Gnash, nash, v. t. ( দতে দতে ) ঘৰ্ষণ কু; বাঁড কিডি-মিডি-কু; To strike the teeth together in rage or pain: — v. t. বাঁড কিড্মিড-কু; To grind the teeth. Gnat, nat, n. মুলক; মুলা; A small dipterous insect.

Graw, naw, v. t. मःगन-कृ; हर्त्तन कृ; आह्न आह्न

উৎসাৎ-কু; To tear with the teeth; to bite with the teeth; bite off by degrees:—v.i. নত থায়। চৰ্মাণ-কু, To use the teeth in biting. Syn:—Bite, nibble, champ, eat away; corrode, fret. Gnome, nom, n. ভূড; বামন; A fairy; a goblin,

a dwarf. a=gnomous.

Gnomon, nö'mon, n. [Gr. gnomon, an interpreter] ছায়া ঘড়ির-কাটা: Pin of a sundial:—ছায়া ঘড়ি; Sundial:—শহুক্তের; In geometry, a parallelogram minus one of the parallelograms about its diagonal.

Gnomonic, no-mohik, Gnomonical, no-mohik-al, a. ক্যা-ঘড়ি নিশ্বাণ-কৌশল সম্বন্ধীয় ; Pertaining to the art of dialling. ad=gnomonically.

Gnomonics, no-moniks, n. sing. ছাবা বড়ি নিশাণ কৌশল; The art of dialling.

Gnostic, nostik, n. [Gr. gnostikos, good at knowing] শ্বাই সম্প্ৰদায় বিশেষ: One of a sect of Christians —a. উক্ত সম্প্ৰদায় বা ভাছানের মৃত সম্বন্ধীয়; Pertaining to the Gnostics or their doctrines.

Gnosticism, nosti-sizm, n. প্ৰোক্ত সম্পানের মত ; The doctrines taught by the Gnostics.

Gnu, nū, n. এक कांडीय प्रत ; A kind of antelope found in S. Africa, resembling the horse and ox. Go, gō, v. 1. भारत-क ; यांच्या ; To pass from one place to another :-- ঘটে : অবস্থাবিশেষ প্রাপ্ত-ছ : To happen in any particular way, to turn out; to fare :- চলা ; To walk :- गर्जवती- इ ; गर्डभातन-क ; To be pregnant :— প্রহান-ক ; To leave ; to depart :- मृड-इ , रिनक्टे-इ ; To die ; perish :- हना ; To be in motion :- অগ্ৰস্থ-হ ; To proceed :- মুল্য স্কাপ প্ৰদন্ত বা প্ৰা ছওয়া; To be accounted in value - প্রত-ই; To be about to do:-v. t. কোৰ কাৰ্যো অংশী-হ: To take a share in an enterprise ; to become a partner in :- n. परेना ; A circumstance or occurrence :- 315, Fashion or mode :- आरमान , Noisy merriment. Syn :--Pass, proceed, advance, travel, journey; vanish; reach, extend; contribute, concur, tend, avail, serve; be reckoned, be considered; be worth, circulate.

Go a begging—গ্ৰেষ্ট-হ; To be in excessive quantity:—( দচৰণৰে নাহিত হইবেও ঘটনাক্ৰমে ) প্ৰাহ্-কেব ভলা উপাচক হংলা কেৱা; Go about begging to be taken up, stand in need of being taken up ( aid of a thing which is generally coveted, but which, for the time being, there is no one to take up).

Go about—চাবিদিকে বাধবা বা কেৱা; Go in all directions .— চেষ্টা-কু; প্ৰবৃত্ত-হ; Set about; attempt, endeavour; seek; proceed.

Go abroad—বিদেশে ব্ৰিয়া; Walk out; go to foreign parts:—প্ৰকাশিত-হ; Be published.

Go after- অৰুগ্ৰন-ক ; Follow.

Go against—नापा-(न ; Oppose :— अिक्न-इ ; Be disagreeable to ; be adverse to.

Go against the grain—ভাল না লাগা; ইচ্ছার বিক্ত হ; Be against one's nature; be against one'e own inclinations:—ক্লেশকর বা বিরক্তিকর হয়ো, Prove mortifying.

Go against the stomach—विविक्किन-र; To excite dislike or disgust.

Go ahead-अगरारभका केंग्ड-ए ; Advance beyond; make progress beyond others.

Go all lengths-wife-v; To proceed with utmost limit in anything; to be excessive :-चारनक कृत वांश्रा : कोन विषय चारनक कृत्त चारनब क्श्रा : Proceed far in a matter :—উদ্দেশ্য সাধনাৰ বতদুৱ ৰাইতে হয় বাওয়া; Go to the utmost or fullest extent.

Go among क्यांबार्डा-इ : Have intercourse with. Go aside-- विश्वशामी- ह : Deviate.

Go astray-বিপাৰ গমন-ক ; Wander ; go out of the right and proper way.

Go at-আক্রমণ-ড়; Attack :—চেষ্টা-ড়; Attempt Go away—প্রহাৰ-ড়; Depart.

Go back on-পরিত্যাগ-কৃ; বিপক-হ, To abandon; turn against, expose.

Go beyond—অভিক্রম-কু, Surpass.

Go by-- अनुमारत हत्तः; अनुमारत कार्या कताः; Be guided by , act according to :- . होन महिन , बाहाना : Evasion

Go down-পডিয়া-বা, পভিত-ই; Fall; descend. - ক্র্ব-কু; Be swallowed or received :- মুল্য হ্রাস-इ ; Fall in value .- किया-गा ; Abate :- आउ-गा , Set :- फुरिज़ा-शा ; Sink :- इाम-र , Decrease :-बड-इ ; Have to submit.

Go down with—গেৰা; গলাধ:কৃত-হ, Be accepted by :--সাগবে গৃহীত-হ, Be received with fayour by.

Go far-बाराक एव-वा : बाराक श्रीवार्ण गाहाया-क , Materially contribute, reach a great way.

Go for-विवा साना , अपूक विवा साना , Pass for ; pass for another - अनुमकान-क , Seek.

Go for nothing- नार्थ-इ , Have no efficacy ; prove ineffectual —কোৰ কাজেৰ বলিয়া পরিগণিত ना रुखा, शालाद माना ना-इ ; Be regarded as of no value.

Go forth-একাশিত হ . Become public.

Go forward-591, Go on , take place.

Go halves-नमान कांत्र न अपा , Be partners in halves , divide equally

Go hand in hand-शिल कां क-क , Act amicably Go hard with-काइन अधीन-र, Be subjected to difficulties.

Go heels over head-अमारवान ভাবে कारा कृ Move in a heedless, rash or inconsiderate িলাগা ; Strike effectively. manner.

Go home—গুহে-বা ; Go to one's place — টিক Go in-অভান্তৰে প্ৰবেশ-কু।

Go in and out-वाशीन कारत गांवता : Come backwards and forwards, move freely.

Go in for-किहा-कृ, Attempt - कान भरीका किएड বাঙ্মা; Appear at an examination to compete for a prize :--কোন বিবরের প্রতিপোষক হইতে বাওয়া, Undertake to advocate :- (कान किहुए वन-रन, Apply oneself diligently to.

Go into-(वांश-वि , Take part in :-- जी महवांश-क , Have sexual intercourse .- 4744-3; Enter into :- পরীকা কবিয়া (नवा , Examine - निर्मंव वृष्ट-পূৰ্বাৰ কোন কাৰ্য্যে আয়ুত্ত-ই ; Apply oneself to.

Go into committee-क्षिण कतिश (कान विषय विकार-क, Form a committee to discuss any point. Go into fits - arei vieni, Faint awya,

Go it-त्यांनवान-कृ, To behave in a wild manner ; be uproarious :-- ভরতি-কু ; To preceed ; make progress.

Go off-किना वांबन ; Depart ; go away :-- वन्त्व इंडिया-या ; Explode or be discharged :-- छान्द्राभ विकी-र ; Sell well :-कुलकार्वा-र ; Succeed :- मुल-र, Die:-- निर्कार रहेगा यांश्वा, Pass off , take place. Go on - চলা ; Continue : - অভাত-ই ; Pass away ; wear on

Go on a fool's errand-जनदर कार्ता धारुख-इ: To undertake a useless or an impossible enterprise.

Go one's way-চলিয়া-বা; Depart:--আপনার हैष्क्रांग्ज कांवा कता; जाननांव हैष्क्रांग्ज क्रांत्न शंखता; Follow one's inclination; take one's own course. Go out-अञ्चान-क ; Depart -- निर्वान इंड्या . Be extinguished; become extinct ( as light ), cease. Go over-পাঠ-ক To read :-পরীক্ষা-কু, ভাল कतिया (पश) : To examine, to review - अक पन श्हेर अन्न गल गांख्या , To change sides :-- वर्गना-क ; Review or relate.

Go over to-ৰপক আগ-ক ; দল হাডিৱা-বা ; Join ; pass from one party to ( another ).

Go partners, Go sharers—कानीमांव-इ ; Be in partnership. [ to take part.

Go shares- चव्रात्त्र डांगी-इ, To share expense; Go shares with style of a faul west . Share. Go the way of all flesh-43-5, Die.

Go the way of all the earth-भूड-इ, Dic. Go the whole length— चरनक पृत्र-श , To go

to the extreme of anything; to be an extremist. to be radical.

Go through-(णद-कृ ; Finish -काम निरुप प्रमाक পাৰ্ব-ক ; Observe to the full extent -সময় পরীকা করিয়া দেখা, Examine the whole of -প্রবেশ-কু, Penetrate - সমাধা-कु; সম্পন্ন-কু, Perform , finish '—( পুত্তকের ) সংক্ষৰণ-কু; through — স্কৃ-কৃ, ভোগ-কৃ, Endure, suffer — সমস্ত স্থান প্রাটন-কু, Go over the whole extent of Go through fire and water—বে কোন বিপদ इडिक ना त्कन, ठाहा इहेट्ड भन्छारभम ना-इ, आक्षरभड পুডি আব সনেই ডুবি কাজ করিতেই হইবে, এই ভাবে কোৰ কাৰো প্ৰবৃত হওৱা, Risk any danger, face any danger in order to gain some object.

Go through thick and thin-সকল বাধা অভি-क्य-कृ, Be hindered by no obstacles.

Go to-1 : Come begin shame.

Go to and fro—ইতত্তত. ভ্ৰমণ কু।

Go to law-আগালতের আলম গ্রহণ ক : To refer a dispute to judical decision.

Go to rack - नहे-इ, To perish; to be destroyed. Go to sea - ना निक-इ, Follow the occupation of a sailor.

Go to the pot and go to the dogs-नहे-र ; To be ruined or destroyed.

Go to the wall—কোন ঠেলা হওৱা ; উপেক্ষিড হওৱা ; অকৃতকাৰ্য্য-হ ; Be shelved :--হেনে বাওনা . Be discomfited, have to retire being hard pressed .-ছুৰ্গতিপ্ৰাপ্ত-ছ ; Become the unsuccessful party.

Go to war-15-71

Go to wreck-नहे-इ , To be destroyed. Go together—अक्ट पाना , Be seen associated. Go under-wis-r : Be talked of or known. Go up-( क्षेत्र ) हाइ वांक्या : नृष्टि क्ल्या : Rise. Go upon-कांन किছू बच्नारे हना : कांन बुनियात्व ख्नात क्य कवित्रा हना वा कान कार्या अवृत्व इत्ता ; Prooeed upon, as on a foundation; take as a principle: -কোৰ নিয়ম মত চলা ; Follow.

Go well with - भोजानामानी-इ; Prosper. Go with-नाम ; Accompany :-- नमाज-इ ; Agree [ Be pregnant. with. Go with child, Go with young- गर्बको र ; Go with the stream—স্রোতে ভাসিয়া-যা; বাহা चन्द्र क्दर, म्हेंक्रन क्दां; To do just as every

f tude of. body else does. Go without-পরিতাগ- Forego; be desti-Go wrong—अक्डकांग्रं-र ; Not to prosper ; to be improperly managed.

Let go-可修订 (96間; Relax one's hold:-गांडेटड-एन : परिया ना बाबा : Allow to depart.

A no-go-হইবাৰ নহে; Something unworkable; failure.

Go-ahead, গ উর্তিশীল, Progressive.

Go-between, go-be-twen, n. ATT; A person who is agent between two parties :- पानान . An interpreter, broker.

Go-cart, go-kart, n. sence fefeig wie viel . শিশুদিগকে চলন । শথাইবার জন্ত ব্যবহৃত ভোট গাডি : A machine to teach children to walk in; a small cart or frame-work for teaching children to walk.

Goad, god, मं. अवून ; जाजन ; A sharp-pointed stick for driving beasts :- \$(\$894); A stimulus -- v. t. खड्ड मार्ग ; डाक्न मार्ग ; To drive with a goad: —উত্তেজিড-ক; To urge forward, to incite. Syn :- (v) Excite, arouse, irritate, instigate, stimulate, spur.

Goal, gol, n [Fr. gaule, a pole] मीमा . नका द्वान भोत्कत मीयानित्मिणक हिरू ; ছाष्ट्रियाद वा किलिबात व्यंति . Starting point in a race; post or mark set up to bound a race; winning-post; the two upright posts between which the ball is kicked in the game of foot-ball :- नका; End or aim Syn .- Starting-post, close; purpose.

Goat, gut, n. Finn; A beast; a well-known quadruped, allied to the sheep.

Goat-herd, n. अज-रक्क।

Goatish, a. नागाउँ ; Lustful.

Goatmoth, gu'moth, n. ফুৰ্মৰ পতৰ বিশেষ; A gray-coloured British moth, which has a goat-

Goat's-beard, Goat's-rue, Goat's-stones, Goat's-thorn, n. नानामाजीव छेडिन ; Plants of different kinds.

Goatsucker, gorsuk-er, n. अकीविरमद : निमानत পকী; A kind of bird; a nocturnal swallow.

Gob, n. अन भविमान ; A small quantity :-- मृत ; The mouth :- min; Spittle or saliva. [ lump Gobbet, gobet, n. आम ; A mouthful ; a little Gobble, gobil, v. t. [Fr. gober, to devour] গোলাসে পাৰমা ; To swallow hastily or in lumps -v. i. को स्ट्रेंट अक बक्ब अब वाहिब-क ; To make a noise in the throat, as a turkey. Syn :-Gulp, bolt, swallow,

Gobble, v. t. 93 854-3; To swallow in lumps greedily :- v. i. an ann mara; To make a noise like the turkey cock.

Gobbler, n. পেট्रक ; A greedy eater.

Goblet, goblet, n. Manta; Drinking cup; a cup without a handle.

Goblin, gob-lin, n. क्वांत्री-(क्नीव हिव्हिड वह विलंब : A species of rich French tapestry.

Goblin, goblin, n. ভূত; উপদেৰতা; An evil spirit; a frightful phantom. Syn :- A gnome, an elf, sprite, sea-fishes. Goby, gobi, n. यदशा वित्यव ; A genus of small

Go-by, go'-bi, n. ननात्रन ; अनत्का ननात्रन ; कोनन-क्रप भनावन ; Escape ; evasion ; a passing without notice; escape by artifice.

Give one the go-by-এড়াৰ; কাহাকে উপেকা-কঃ Evade one, pass one over.

God, god, n. প্ৰমেশ্ব ; ঈশ্ব ; The all good, the Almighty; the Supreme Being, the Creator and Preserver of the world :- বেৰডা; Deity; a divinity. fem=goddess ( (वर्षी ) ।

God forbid-मेंबर कक्न (यन अन्नण ना इस : Pray God that such a calamity may not happen.

God helps those who help themselves-यि केंचरवव সাহাया পाইতে চাহ, ভবে यভদুর পার চেটা कब ; If you wish God to help you, do the best you can for yourself.

God knows, Heaven knows- नेवर कार्त्व (সচরাচৰ কে:ন অনিশ্চিত ঘটনা সম্বন্ধে এই বাক্য ব্যবহার कदा बात ); God alone can tell (used of uncertain events ) :- जैवन माकी ; नेवन (पश्चित्वहरून ( নিশ্চিত ঘটনা বুঝার ); God is my witness ( used of real facts ).

God-child, n. 4493; One for whom a person becomes sponser at baptism.

God-father, godfa-ther, n. वर्षवान ; A man who becomes a sponser; a man who, at a child's baptism, engage to be its father in relation to its religious training. fem=God-mother ( धर्ममा )।

God-head, म. (नगरु ; जैयदरु ; (नवर्ज ; व्यवद्र ; Deity; the state of being a God; divine nature; deity. Godless, godles, a. नेपातव अविरच अवियानी: नाविक, Acknowledging no God, impious, atheistical. ad=godlessly. n=godlessness. Syn :-Irreligious, profane, wicked, ungodly.

God-like, godlik, a. शिवा ; अशीव ; Divine.

Godly, godii, a. श्रेयत-ध्यिक,; शर्मिक ; Pious. na godliness. ad=godly, godlily. Syn:-Holy, [ a sponser. devout, religious, righteous. God-mother-- 44-41; A woman who becomes Godsend, godsend, n. সৌভাগ্য ; ঐশরিক কুপা ; An unexpected piece of good fortune.

God-speed, godspēd, n. मक्का ; माक्का ; Good success, good speed. ্রান্ড ; Towards God. Godward, godwawrd, ad. अववाधिमृत्य ; अवव-Godwit, godwit, n. পक्नीवित्यव ; A kind of bird. Goor, go'er, n. शावनभीण वाकि; शमनक्की; शावमान affer, Runner or walker; one who goes; a runner or walker :- ( ); A horse.

Goggle, gog'l, v. t. क्यू चुतान ; नवन वृक्षभान-क ; To strain or roll the eyes :- a. प्रामान ; Full and rolling or staring,—said of the eyes :—বিকারিড নেত্র; পরিৰূজ্ঞমান, With rolling eyes, staring, prominent.—» নৱন বুৰ্ন; নেত্ৰ-বিকাৰণ, A strained or affected rolling of the eyes :- pl. চন্দ্ৰা বিশেব . A kind of spectacles :—হোড়ার চোখের an ; Blinds for shying horses

Going

Goggle eyed-Having large prominent eyes,

which are constantly in motion.

Going, go'ing, n. প্রহান , বাজা , Departure '---अर्डावशा , Pregnancy .- जीवन , Course of life :-हलन : An an act of moving.

Goitre, Goiter, goiter, n [ L. gutter, the throat ] जनगर, An enlargement of one of the glands of the throat [ Affected with goiter Goitred, Goitered, goiterd, a প্ৰগণ্ডসূক; Goitrous, goitrus, a अन्त्राध-नम्बीय , Pertaining to or affected with goitre.

Gold, gold, n of, A precious metal of bright yellow colour — वर्गर्ग, श्री दर्ग, Yellow, gold colour :- वर् , धन . Money , iiches

Gold-bester, gold-bcfer, n. স্বপ্র-নির্মাতা, One who beats gold into leaf. n=gold-beating.

Gold-coast, n Part of W Africa

Gold-company-One for working gold.

Gold-dust, gold-dust, n काकनदान , वर्गदान , Very fine particles, as it is sometimes found in rivers.

Gold-fever. n. স্বৰ্ণ পাইবার প্ৰবল ইচ্ছা, Mania for Gold-field, n. वर्षक, Region, where gold is found. [ singing bird Gold-finch, göldlinch, n. গাবক পশ্বিবিশেষ, A Gold-fish, goldfish, n. हौनाम्भीय वर्गवर्ग कक मध्या faceta. A small gold coloured fish, native to

China, having gold-coloured wings.

Gold-hunter-ৰৰ্ণ অবেৰণকারী, One who seeks [ sheets of gold. after gold. Gold-leaf, goldlit, n. স্বৰ্পতা : দোনার পাত , Thin Gold-proof. a अर्थ बादा वनाइड इट्वान नाइ. Not to be seduced by gold [ ment for the finger Gold-ring, n वर्गात्रुवीयक, मानाव व्यां ही, Orna-Gold-smith, goldsmith, n. अनेकाद, नार्वना, A [ gold-wire worker in gold. Gold-thread or wire, n স্বৰ্ণ সূত্ৰ, Thread of Golden, goldn, a क्निय , क्निय , Made of gold .- वर्गमन , स्वर्ग वर्ग , डेब्बन , ममुब्दन , Of the colour of gold , bright - महामून्। Most valuable .- হণপূৰ্ণ ; অহ্ৰুল , Happy , highly favour-

cious, valuable, auspicious, shining. Golden age-শতাবুগ, সতাকা । সতাকালের ভাব সময়; The fabulous age of primeval simplicity and purity of manners, a period of great and unexampled prosperity.

able - Bear , Excellent Syn - Yellow , pic-

Golden fleeco, n কলিত লোম, Fabled fleece sought by the Argonauts - कृतिन मन्धनात्र , Distinguished order of Knighthood.

Golden grease, n. Stats, Fee; bribe. Golden haired, a Having yellow hair Golden hearted-78; Honest cept. Golden maxim—डे९क्ट्र डेलाएन, Excellent pre-Golden mean-The intermediate position between two extremes.

Golden Rule, # देवबानिक : Rule of three :-'বে যতি অন্তের কাছে বাছ ব্যবহার। অক্ত প্রতি সেইরূপ করিবে আচার i" Rule of doing as we would be done by.

Goldy locks, göldi-loks, n. শীতবৰ্ণ পুন্সবিশিষ্ট শুন্স বিশেষ, A plant bearing tufts of yellow flowers; wood crow foot. [ ball and bat or club. Golf, golf, n कोडांबिटनंद; A game played with a Gondola, gondo-la, n क्लि (बोक्); धामांप छही; A long narrow pleasure-boat with a flat bottom used at Venice.

Gondolier, gon-do-ler', n. Ger (नोकांद नालि: One who rows a gondola; a boat-man.

Gone, gon, part participle of go Taway. Gone by—চলিবা গিবাছে শ অভীত হইবাছে, Passed Gonfalon, confa-lon, n. প্ৰকা বা ধ্বসা; An ensign or standard f thief standard-bearer. Gonfalonier, gonfa-loner, n अथान भडाकी : A Gong, gong, n. वाना यक, পেটাবজ ; A Chinese musical instrument, a metal drum, a stationary call-bell

Gonorrhea, gen-or-ा a ( शताविषा ), n. [ Gr. gone, that which begets, and rheo, to flow ] প্রায় , মের্রোগ . An inflammatory discharge of mucus from the membrance of the urethra of the male or the vagina of the female.

Good, good, a ভাল , উত্তৰ , Not bad :—উপযুক্ত ; Fit , proper —উপবৃক্ত ; Competent — সাহাকর ; Wholesome —ধাৰিক, Virtuous, pious —মৃত্ Mild -1779, Valid -98, Auspicious -अरनक, अनल, Considerable, no small - मर्गान्, সময়, Kind, benevolent - তুৰ, Skilful, clever -- वशार्थ, Real, serious -- (मार्ग्य , Unblemished, honourable - 4748, Sufficient in a commercial sense —मन्त्र्व ; Complete, full — উপকারী, Beneficial -n. উপকার, হিত, Advantage —সেভাগা, উন্নতি, Prosperity — সুখ, Welfaic - va, Virtue - अधिकात ; Possessions -নৈতিক অণ. Moral qualities -- pl. দশতি; অস্থাবৰ সম্পত্তি , গৃহসজ্জা : পণ্যদ্ৰব্য , Moveable property, household furniture, merchandise ad সাজা, Well - অধিক পৰিমাণে; Quite considerably -int (本, 日本, Well, right. Syn .-(a) Hone t, just, true, excellent, valuable, useful, profitable suitable, seasonable, convenient; friendly, unimpeached, fair; able, skilful, qualified, pleasant, agreeable, considerable, great, (n) Boon, benefit, gain, blessing; weal; righteousness, abungance, richness.

As good as—বস্তত:, কোন কিছুর সমান বা তুলা মূলা : Not less than, in effect, virtually; virtually the same as -att , Well-nigh

Bo as good as your word—त्व कथा (महे कार्य) ; অঙ্গীকার মত কাব্য করা, Fulfil your promise, fulfil what your promise.

For good, For good and all-applie, fig-कात्वव निविष्ठ , l'inally , permanently (never to ieturn ).

Good at-96 . Ready.

Good for- छेनवुङ ; गर्बर्ड , Sufficient.

Good for nothing-অপদাৰ্থ, অ্কিঞ্চিক্তর : কোৰ कार अवहे नरह, Useless, worthless.

Good, good, int. আছা; Well; right.
Good Homer sometimes nods— মুনীনাক মতিঅম: ; We are all apt to make mistakes.
Good wine needs no bush—চেনা বামনের গৈতার
গরকার লাই; What is valuable does not need to
be praised or advertised.
Hold good—গাটে; ঠিক গাটা, Hold true; be
applicable:—ছিরভর গাকা; Be true or valid.
In good sooth—বংগ্র, Really. [slow.
In good time—ঠিক সবরে; Not too fast nor too
Make good—ফিট প্রপ-কু; To indemnify for;
give an equivalent for:—ছির-কু; প্রমাণ-কু; কার্য্য
সংস্থাপন-কু; To prove; to establish:—সম্পাদন-কু;
সম্পাদন-কু; To fulfil; effect; perform.
Stand good—বলবং-হ; To be firm or valid.

Stand good—বল্বং-ছ; To be firm or valid. Good-breading, good-breding, ন. ভদুতা; বিষ্টা-চার, Polite manners.

Good-by, good-bi, n. or int. মকল হউক , বিদায়-পুচৰ বাৰা; Farewell, adieu; a form of address at parting; a contraction of God be with you.

Good-cheer, n. আহাবীয় জ্বা; Articles of food. Good-day, good-dá, n. or int. মন্ত্ৰল হউক, সন্তায়ণ থাকা; A salutation at meeting during the day, wishing good to any one, a common salutation. Good-fellow, good-lefo, n. আহ বকু, আমোচন সহচন; Boon companion; merry companion. Good-fellowship, good-felo-ship, n. আমোদ-পূর্ণ সন্ত; Merry or pleasant company, compa-

nion ableness. Good Friday, pool-fri'da, n. গ্রীষ্টর পর্কা দিবদ , বিশুর বর্গাহোল অবণার্থ উপবাস দিবদ , A fast in memory of the crucifixion of Jesus, kept on the

Friday before Easter.

Good-graces—অসুবাই; Favour. [care. Good-heed, n সাবধানতা. Due caution; great Good humour, good-yōট'mur, n. প্ৰস্ত্তা. প্ৰস্ত্তাৰ; Cheerfulness, cheerful temper or state of mind:—a শ্ৰুন্ত; Good-humoured, good-natured. ad = good-humouredly.

Good-living, a. অথের জীবন; A life of ease. Good-looking, a. অনুজ, Beautiful.

Good-luck, n. 55 4541; Happy event.

Goodly, goodli, n. ফ্ৰন্ত ; স্বৰ্জ ; Handsome , good looking :—উৎকৃষ্ট ; উত্তৰ , Excellent :—বৃহৎ ; Large. n=goodliness Syn :—Pleasant, comely, graceful ; desirable, agreeable , considerable. Goodman, good-man, n. আমী; বাড়ীৰ কৰ্তা , Husband ; the master of the house

Good-morning, n. or intj. হ্রভাড, A form of salutation in the morning.

Good-nature, good-natūr, n. ভনুতা, সংকভাব; Mildness and kindness of disposition. a=good-

natured, ad = good-naturedly.

Goodness, goodnes, n. সাধুতা, উৎকৰ্ম : Excellence:—শ্ৰম ; Virtue:—দরা : উপচিকার্মা, Benevolence. Syn:—Worth, value, righteousness, integrity, honesty, probity ; kindness, good will. Good-night, good-nit, n. or intj. রাজিতে বিদার-দানী অভিযাপন ; মাজেদানীন বিদারমুহক বাক্য ; A salutation in parting for the night, wishing good to any one. [ diation. Good-offices, n. ভাল কার্ম্য ; Intervention, me-

Good-Samaritan - বিশহনন-স্থায় ; One who befriends others when in trouble, especially strangers and friendless persons.

Good-sense, n. হৰ্দ্ধ ; Sound judgment.

Good-speed, good-sped, n. Excl. কুডনাৰ্ডা; আৰ্থান্থান্দদন বিশেষ; Good success; an old form of wishing success. [not easily irritated. Good-tempored, a. ধীৰ্থভাব; সংগভাব; Mild; Good Templar—নদ্য ড্যানে কুড শাশৰ; One of a society pledged by certain rites to teetotalism. Good-turn—সমন্ত সাহায্য, Timely help, aid or service.

service. [a family. Good-wife, good-wife, n. গৃহিলী, The mistress of Good-will, good-wif, n. গৃহলী, সজল কামনা; যজ-লেচ্চা; Benevolence; kindly faciling; well-wishing:—প্লার; শুক্ত; Saleable custom of a trade; the custom of any business or trade.

Good-woman, n. 到; Wife.

Goody, n a; Good wife, good woman.

Goose, goos, n. হংস, রাজহংস, Water-fowl, the well-known web-footed aquatic fowl:—দর্কিব বছ বিশেষ; A tailor's smoothing-iron, of which the handle resembles the neck of a goose:—চঞ্চল ব্যক্তি: বোকা, A stupid silly person. pl=geese.

To kill the goose to get eggs— অবভা বন্ধ দাভ করিতে থাইলে সঞ্চিত অর্থ বিনষ্ট হয়; To grasp at what is more than is due, and lose an excellent customer.

Goose flesh skin—ভয় বা শীত জনিত চর্মের কাঠিভ ; A roughness of the skin produced by cold or fear.

Gooseberry, goozber-i, n. খনামধ্যাত গুলাভ তাহাছ খল; The fruit of a berry shrub of the same name:—বোকা; A silly person.

Goose cap, n. চঞ্ল ব্যক্তি; Silly person.

Goose-grass, goos-grass, n. স্তারিশেব; A common creeping plant.

Goose-Quill, gooś-kwil, n. বাজহাসের পাণার কলম; A large wing-feather or quill of a goose, used as pen:—পেন; Pen. [for keeping geese. Goosery, goośér-i, n. হংস রাখিবার স্থান; A place Gorcock, gor'kok, n. পক্ষীবিশেষ, The red grouse

or moorcock. [ carrion crow. Gororow, n. gor'krō, n. কাক; The common or Gordian, dordyan, a. Pertaining to Gordius, king of Phrygia, oi to a knot field by him which could not be untied, but was cut by Alexander the Great —কঠন, ক্টিন; Intricate, complicated,

difficult.

Gordian knot—ৰ্নোচ্য বন্ধন; বিশ্ব সম্যা!; A knot so tied by Gordius, king of Phrygia, that no one could untie it, an inextricable difficulty. Gore, gor, v. t. [A. S. gôr, spear] বক্ত, বক্তাপিত; বিকোশালার কলির কাপড় বা ভূমিখত; Blood; cloth ted blood; a triangular piece of cloth sewed into a parment to widen it:—v. f. সৃষ্ঠ দিয়া বিদ্ধান্ত , তীক্ষাত্র অন্তর্ছারা বিদ্ধান্ত, To stab with a horn, to pierce; to pierce with a pointed instrument: ব্রিকোশাকারে গঠন-কু; To shape like, or furnish with, gores. Syn:—(v) Stab, wound.

Gorgo, gorj, n. [ L. gurges, a whirl-pool ] কঠ; The throat:—গিন্নিষ্ট ; A defile ; a narrow passage among hills - इर्लंब विदेशांहींव वारवन-नव. The entrance to an outwork -v.t sty F. To swallow greedily , to glut -- চ : ভক্-- কু , ভোক্ন-7, To feed. Syn -(v) Cram, stuff, fill, sate, satiate

Gorgeous, gor'ius, a [ O Fr gorgias beautiful, gaudy ] बाकान , विच्या , Showy splendid negorgeousness, ad = gorgeously Syn -Magnificent, glorious, brilliant superb luxurious

Gorget, gor'jet, n কণ্ঠকৰচ, যোদ্ধাৰ কণ্ঠভূৰণ A piece of armour for defending the throat or neck Gorgon, gor'gun, n दोक्स, क्लिक निकाम वि (न्डा বিশেষ, বাহাকে দেখিবামাত দৰ্শক প্ৰাৰ প্ৰিণ্ড হইত A fabled monster of so houghle an aspect that every one who looked on it was turned to stone -অতি ক্লাকাৰ বস্তু . Any thing very ugly or hornd

Gorgonian, Gorgonean, gor'go ni-an Gorgon, gorgon a অতি বদাকাৰ কি বা ভ্যানক অত্যন্ত বিকটপুরি , Very ugly or terribe very horr d Gorille, gor ila, n आक्रिकारमणीय वृश्माकाय बानव

An ape of tropical Africa of g cat size, strength and ferocity

Gormand, goi mand, Gourmound, n পেটুক A glutton Syn -1 picuse bou vivant

Gormandise, gormand iz a 1 (%) किय 35 ৰাওয়া, অগান্ত আহাব কু, Lo eat like a gormand # = gormandisei

Gormandising, gor'mand it-ing n অভিভৰণ उन्बिक्छ। I he act or habit of eating voraciously Gorse, gors, n কটক গুলাবিশেষ, লতাবিশেষ, A thick, prickly shrub

Gory, goi'i, a त्रकांक , तक्कांब , Bloody, covered with goie, ensanguined

Goshak, Goshawk, goshawk, n চিল এবৰকম निवात भाषी. Greedy hawk a short winged slender hawk, once used for hunting wild-geese Gosling, gozling, n 1152, F-4174, Little or

young goose

Gospel, gospel n [A S god good and spell story ) স্প্ৰাচার, বীষ্ট্ৰম্ম গ্ৰীষ্ট্ৰ প্ৰত্যানেশ (100d news, good tidings the Christian revolution ধর্মত , A system of religious truth " Syn -Revelation divine truth, doction, creed

Gospel truth-(त्रवाका, A fixed truth Gospellers, n. Followers of Wychne, called the Gospel Doctor

Hot gospellers, " A nickname applied to the Puritans after the Restoration

Gossamer gosa-mer, # माक्डमाव कार्लक नाक रुक তত্ত্ব, উৰ্বা-তত্ত্ব মাক্তনাৰ জাল, Fine spider-threads which float in the air

Gossip, gosip n अज्ञनां , मिश्रेनेल्ल , Idle talk -बहुद A talkative person, idle tattler - विष्य পৰিটিত ব্যক্তি, A familiar acquaintance -v t क्वना-क , त्वी कथा तना Prate , to chat Syn -(n) Tattler, tell tale, newsmonger, chat, tattle, small talk.

Got, p t and pt p of Get

Goth, goth, # A tribe akin to the English -बन्छ। (नांक , A barbarian , rude, ignorant person The wasemen of Gotham-14 view, Fools.

Gothamite, gotha-mit, Gothamist, gothamist n (नाक), A wiseacre, a simpleton

Gothic, gothik, a অসভা, অভ্তত, Belonging to the Goths or their language, barbarous, romantic - এक अकांत गृंहनिर्धाण विमा त्रवतीत , आठीन ৰালীয় একপ্ৰকাৰ স্থাপতা বিষয়ক বা তংস্চক , Denoting a style of architecture with high pointed arches, clusterd columns &c

Gothicise, gothi-siz, v t To make Gothic -অস্ভাবিকাৰ আনমূন কু, অস্ভা কু, lo bring back to barbarism

Gothicism, gothi sizm n लांहीनकारवत कांब कहें।-निवानिव निमान अनानी Gottuc idiom or style of building — অসভা বাৰহাৰ, অসভাতা, Rudeness of manneis

Gouge, goo, n [low I guria, a kind of chisel | किक कविवात अववक्य बांग्रेकी A chisel with a hollow blade for scooping or cutting holes -ए र ছिक्त क (काव कविया वाहित कृ To scoop out as with a goinge to force out as the eye with the thumb or inger fruit Gourd, Lord n guis, aniq A plant and its

Gourmand, por mand " (পটক , উলৱিক , One who eats greedily, a glutton

Gout, gowl " शक्तिकवाक औं हे बांक A disease of the joints especially in the great toe Gout, 500 n आयोगन Taste reli h

Gouty, gowin a বাজবোপণত্থ বোলা বোগী Relating to gout disea ed with or subject to gout. ad=g rutily n=goutine s

Govern, guiern v / [L guberno to rule ] কর্ত্ত কু প্রিচালিত-র To direct, manage - শাসন Sway , rule with authority , control - मन्न-क Restrain -- वादिवर्गान्यांशे व्यक्ति कृ In gram determine the mood tense, or case of -v s. প্ৰভুত্ব জু শাগন কমতা বা বিধিনমূহ পৰিচালন কু. To exercise authority to administer the laws a= governable Sy: -Administer guide superintend, order command, conduct pilot steer Governable, a नामन योगा, नामनीय, वाधा, I hat may be got erned

Governante, guver-nant, n निक्षिकी, A gover ness, a lady who has the care of young ladies Governess, guver nes n निक्धिको , नियदिको ड तक पिजी, A tutoress a lady who has the care of instructing and directing young ladies.

Government, guvern-ment, n 河河河, Management, control — माननकर्डा, माननकाब आख बाक-कर्महाजिबर्ग, The body of administrators of a common wealth or kingdom - ats, Kingdom, a state — শাসনপ্রণালী, ভত্ত, System of governing -In gram the influence of a word in regard to construction -a রাজকীয়, রাজাশাস্ব नवसीय, Of or pursued by government a= governmental Syn -Rule, regulation, conduct, direction, guidance, restraint, control, sway dominion, common wealth, state, polity, administration executive

Governmental, guv-ern-mental, a बाकापहिड. alasta, Pertaining to or santioned by govern-

Governor, guvern-ur, n, नामनक्डी, निक्छा.

Ruler:—শিক্ষক; অভিভাৰক A tutor; guardian:— কলের গতি সংব্যাকরারী কৌলল্পিনের; A contrivance for maintaining uniform velocity with a varying resistance:—আছাজের প্রশোক; A pilot. n= governorship Syn:—Directior, controller, manager; magistrate, executive; instructor.

Governor-general—15 at The Viceroy of India; chief governor of New Holland, Canada or the West Indies.

Gowan, gow'an, r. একবকৰ বুল; The mountain Gown, gown, n স্থালোকের পরিছেদ; স্থালোকিদিগেব ধাৰ্মা, Woman's long garment; the outer garment of a woman:—লখা পৰিছেদ; A long loose robe worn by professional men and scholars.

Gowned, gownd, a. যাগরা প্রভৃতিতে আব্রিত, Dressed in a gown.

Gownman, gowiman, Gownsman, gown2man, ন. ধর্মাচক; পানরী, কৌলিলী, One whose professional habit is a gown, as a divine, a lawyer, one devoted to the arts of peace— ইংরাজি বিশ্ববিদ্যাল্যেৰ সভ্য, A member of an English university.

Grab, grab, v t and v. s. বলপুৰ্কক খৃত-কু; হঠাৎ চাপিলা খু; To seize with strength or suddenly: —n হঠাৎ হত্ত্বালা ধাৰণ, A sudden grasp or science Syn — Seize, clutch, grisp, snatch.

Grace, giās, " [ 1., grotia, favoui ] 4725, अभाग , Favour — त्रामया , नावना . Beauty — কুপা, ক্ষা, Mercy, paidon —সৌক্ষা, Beauty, phy u il, intellectual, moral -शांशिक छन, inherent excellence — (काकरनद गुर्क्स वा (गर्व खार्चना , A short prayer before or after meat - मुखाड बालिय उनाबीकान्य, The title of a duke or an archinshop -- \$4" 47 many. The undeserted kindness or forgiveness of God :- अनकात , प्रान , Adornment, emblishment — অনস্ত জীবন, Eterna! life - মৃক্তি, Salvation :--pl সৌন্ধোৰ অধি-केर । (ज्योज्य ; In muth the three sister goddesse- in whom beauty was deified - v f ভৃষিত কু, শোভিত-ধ, To adorn, decorate -- মানা-কু, To mark with favour, honour. Syn -(n) Bencficence, kindness, generosity, elegance, combness, charm

Pain the good graces of one — কাহাৰ প্ৰিৰ 'শাৰ-ছ. Be a favourite of one, be in trendship with one

Days of grace—ছণ্ডী প্ৰভৃতিৰ টাকা দিবাৰ লিখনাত্ত-মাৰে দেব ভাগি:পৰ পৰেও যে দিন দিন সম্য দেওয়া হয়; Three days that a bill may remain unpaid after its date

With a good grace—প্ৰসমন্তাৰে, প্ৰীতিক্ৰভাবে; Gracefully, in a becoming manner.

With an ill grace—অপ্রস্তাবে , অঞ্জীভিকরভাবে , In an unbecoming manner.

Graceful, g.হ.fool, a. স্কাৰ; কমনীয়; Pretty; elegant and easy. n=gracefulness. ad=gracefully. Syn — Beautiful, symmetrical, natural. Graceless, gracies, a. ফুল্বিঅ; পাপী; Depraved; wicked; corrupt.— এইন, Wanting in excellence. n=gracelessness. ad=gracelessly. Syn:—Degenerate, vicious, abandoned, worthless, profigate,

Gracious, gráshus, a. প্ৰসন্ত: ক্যান্ত: ক্যান্ত

Gradationed, gra-dáshund, a. কুমাৰুৱে সন্ধিত বা গঠিত, Formed by stages.

Grade, grad, n. [L. gradus, a step] ক্ৰম; পদ-ম্বাদা, পদ, A degree, a step in rank, a dignity; stage — ক্ৰমনিয়ভাৰ পৰিমাণ, The degree of slope on a road.—v. t To reduce to a level.

Gradient, gradient, a. [L. gradier, to step] ক্রমোজ; Rising gradually or with a regular slope.—n. বর্ষের ক্রমনিরতা, আনতম: The degree of slope on a road or railway; an incline.

Gradual, gradu-al, a জনসমূত : জনাপ্ৰসাৰ : বিৰ-মিত লনৈত্ব , Advancing by grades or degrees ; regular and slow. ad=gradually. n=graduality Syn.—Progressive, slow, continuous, gradational.

Gradual, gradu-al, Grail, gral, n. [L. gradus a step] খুলার খোনে গ্রন্থ(বেশ্ব . An ancient book of hymns.

Graduate, gradu-at, v t [ L. gradus, a step, a degree ] छेलापि अङ्ग-कृ, छेनापिशाश्च-ए; To take a degree at college -v t for aid oin- . ক্ৰমিক অংশে বিভক্ত-কু; Divide into degrees or measures; mark degrees:-n. विश्वविनानित्वन উপাধিপ্ৰাপ্ত ব্যক্তি; One who has been admitted to a degree in a college, university, or society. n=graduation. Syn -(v) Adjust, regulate. Graduator, gradu-a-tor, n. বেখা বিভাগ করণার্থ গণিত্যস্ত্ৰ-বিশেষ; Instrument for dividing scales. Gradus, gradus, n. ছत्मन खिल्लान . इत्माविनम् পুত্ৰক , A Dictionary of Latin or Greek prosody. Graft, Graft, graft, n. [ L. graphium, a style or pencil ] दुक्षां नित्र कलम , शत्रभाष्ट्रांच कलम , Shoot inserted in another tree -v. f. গাড়ের কলম-জ ; भवनीकृति क्नम-कृ, To make an incision in a tree or plant and insert in it a small branch of another :- १. १. कलम लागान : अक शास्त्र कलम कविया অপর গাড়ে নিলিড-), l'omert cuttings into a tree. Grail, grīl, " পाज, পानशाजित्याव: A broad, open dish or cup, a chalice.

Holy grail or sangail—In mediaeval legends, the dish in which Josephof Aitmathea received the blood of Christ and could be received by a knight, chaste in act and thought.

Grain, gran, n. [L. granum, seed] শ্লা; থান্ত; A kernel, especially of corn wheat —বীজ. Seed —কণিকা; জা; A minute particle, a very small quantity:—ইংবাজি ওল্লবিশেষ, এতি, The smallest weight, 20th part of a scruple, 24th of a penny-weight.—কাঠাণিব আশান্মুহের বিস্তান, যে দিকে কাঠ তত্ত্ব প্রস্ত ; Direction of the fibres of wood:—প্রকৃতি, Temper, disposition:—বুলন; Texture:—বা; Dye:—pl, অবাদিই জাল, ভুন;

cetal: The husks or remains of malt after brewing or any grain after distilation; residum :- 154 : Texture :- v. t. 46-4; কাৰ্টের অণুাদির অবুকরণে চিত্র-কু; To paint in imitation of the grain of wood. Syn :- (n) Cereals; atom; bit, jot, whit, tittle; fibre, texture humour, tint, hue, shade, tinge.

Against the grain

Against the grain-কৃতিত প্রসারের বিপরীত शिक : Against the direction of the fibres :-অনিচ্ছাপুৰ্নক করে; Unwillingly; with difficulty Dye in grain-बद्-कृ ; भगरम बद्-कृ ; Dye in the raw material; dye firmly; dye in the the wool. Go against the grain-विक्किन्द-इ; To be repugnant to.

In the grain-affits : Deeply scated.

Grained, grand, a. অণুতে বিভক্ত; Divided into small particles or grains .- অম্পুণ; বৰুৱ; Roughened . rough :- afas , Dyed in grain : painted in imitation of wood —কাভ;বিক; Ingrained.

Grainer, graner, w. कारकेंद्र अगरीमत अनुकद्रान रच हिज Tig; One who paints in imitation of the grain of wood.

Grallatorial, gral-a-tor'i-al, Grallatory, grafa-tor-i, a [ L. grallator, one walking on stilts ] বৰ প্ৰভৃতি জলচর পদা জাতাৰ, Pertaining to the wading birds, as the stork, crane, &c.

Gram, Gramme, gram, s. क्वांमी एनीय अजन-বিশেষ; The French unit of weight.

Gramineal, gra-mine-al, Gramineous, gramine-us, a. [L. gramen, grass] पानकां शेष ; ज्याय ; Like or pertaining to grass; grassy.

Graminifolious, gram-ın-i-fo'lı-us, a. Mais-शांक , Bearing leaves

Graminovorous, gram-in-ivo-rus, a তৃণভোছী; উঙ্গিছোজী ; Feeding on grass.

Grammar, giamar, n. [ Gr gramma, a letter ] ৰাকরণ; ব্যাকবণশাস্ত্র ; The science which treats of the principles of language; the law of speaking and writing.

Grammar-school, n. (व विषा'नत्य व्यक्ति ७ औक শিকা দেওছা হয় ; A school in which Latin and Greek are taught :- जाकबन विमा लग ; A school in which grammat is taught.

Grammarian, gram-mari-an, n. वाकिन्छ ; रिवाकत्र : रिवाकर्णिक ; One skilled in grammar Grammatic, gram-matik, Grammatical. gram-matik-al, a. नाकवर्गमक ; काकदरपिछ ; Belonging to or according to the rules of Grammar ed=grammatically.

Grammaticiso, gram-mati-siz, v. t. वाकान-मार्थक-क ; To render grammatical -- v. : বৈয়াক্বণের স্থাব ভক-কু; To act the grammarian. Grampus, grampus, n. Acetacean. Granary, grahar-i, n. मभ्याभाव ; मरमाव (भावा ; A store house for grain or thrashed corn; garner ; corn-house.

Grand, grand, a. [ L. grandis, great ] 759; बह : Great :- अधान ; Chief :- महर , महान ; शांक , Noble; lofty, dignified; splendid; illustrious: –পৈন্তামহিক; মাতামধিক; পোত্ৰিক বা দোহিত্ৰিক; Of the second degree of parentage or descent. == grandness, ed-grandly. Syn .- Majestic, ele-

vated, stately, august, pompous, magnificent; principal, superior.

Grandam-nam,-ny-351; An old woman especially a grand mother.

Grandam, grandam, n. 341; with: An old dame or woman; a grandmother.

Grand-child, grand-child, म. श्रीव: महात्वत সম্ভান ; Son or daughter's child.

Grand-daughter, grand-daw'ter, n. (नोदी: भिरिजी; The daughter of a son or daughter. mas=grandson.

Grand-father, -ia'ther, n. निजायह , बाडायह : A father or mother's father, fem=grandmother.

Grand-jury, -ifff'ri, n. वश्चिक्क वाकित लागालाव श्चिकदेशार्थ निर्माकिङ वास्त्रिन : Preliminary jury : a jury that decides whether there is sufficient evidence to put the accused on trial.

Grand-mother—পিতামহী; মাতামহী।

Grand-nephew, -nel'il, n. ৰাত্পোত, ভাগিৰেছ প্রভারৰ পুত্র; The grand-son of a brother or sister fem=grand-niece.

Grandsire, -sire, n. পিতামহ বা মাতামহ; বিতা মংগি-পূর্বপুরুষ ; A grand-father, any ancestor.

Grandson, n. প্রোক্ত, দৌহিত।

Grand vicior, " MIT AND; The head of the Turkish council of state.

Great grand-father-প্রপিতাম্ছ। Great grand-daughter—সংগাতী।

Great, great grand-father—বৃদ্ধপ্রথিতাম্ব Grandeo, gran-de', n. উচ্চপদত্ব সম্ভান্ত লোক: A

Spanish nobleman; a man of high rank or station, n=grandership.

Grandeur, grandur, n. 304; Vastness :- 950: चांड्य ; (भोहेत ; Splendour of appearance :--উচ্চতাব; महद , महिमा , लोदन , Elevation of sentiment, language or mien, sublimity. Syn :-Greatness, majesty, stateliness, augustness, loftmess, magnificence.

Grandiloquent, gran-dilo-kwent, a. [L. grandir, and lequer, to speak | বাগাড়মর পটু; শকাড়মর िया ; Speaking bombastically ; pompous. मgrandiloquence, ad = grandiloquently.

Grange, granj, n [L. granum, grain] क्लाशा ; গোৰাবাড়ী, Granary:-কেত , Farm.

Granite, grahit, n. [ L. granum, grain ] with अन्त्र विरागन ; A crystaline, unstratified rock : stone consisting of grains.

Granitiform, gran-iti-form, Granitoid. grani-toid, a किंक अख्याकात वा उरमपून; Of the form of, or resembling granite.

Granivorous, gran-ivor-us, a. [ granum, and voro, to eat ] नमानीवी; नमाटनानी; Feeding or subsisting on grains or seeds.

Grant, grant, v. t. अमान-कृ ; मान-कृ ; To give ; to bastow - खोकांब-क : मानिया लख्या : To concede : admit - अधिकाद-(प ; To make conveyance of ; to give possession or title of :- n. अभान : Bestowing :- पान ; An allowance ; a gift :- पान ना ৰাবা হস্তান্তর করণ; A transfer or conveyance by deed or writing. Syn: - (v) Bestow; transmit, convey, transfer, yield, (n) Gift, boon,

present, donation, largess, benefaction; admission, concession

Take a thing for granted—খীকার কবিলা লওয়া; ঘেনে লওয়া; গ্রেছত বলিয়া বিধাদ-কু; Admit to be true, allow.

Grantee, grant-e', n. শানগ্ৰীতা; The person to whom a grant or conveyance is made.

Granter, Grantor, grantor, n नांडा ; नानक्डी ; The person by whom grant is made.

Granular, granular, Granulary, granu-lar-i.
a. ক্পাম্য, পানার মন্ত; Consisting of or like grains.
ad=granularly.

Granulate, granulat, v. f. দানাসন ক: বন্ধন ক:
To form into grains; to make rough on the surface:—v. i. দানাবং-হ, দাবা বাধা, To collect or be formed into grains:—a. দানাব্জ; Granular:—
বন্ধ, Having small elevations on the surface.

Granulation, gran-uldshun, n. দানার আকার ধারণ; The act of forming into grains:—pl. কভের আমুম; The minute grain-like fleshy bodies which form in sores when healing. [particle.

Granule, granul, n. দাবা; Little grain; small Granulous, granul-lus,-ular,-ulate,-ulated, a. দাবাদার; দাবার মত, দাবাদ্ক, Consisting of or like grains or granules.

Grape, grap, n. [ O. Fr. grappe, a cluster of grapes] জাকা, আকুৰ; Fruit of the vine:—গোলা বিশেষ; Grape-shot.—বোডার পারে কোডা, A mangy tumour on the legs of a horse.

Grape shot, grāp'shot, n. অনেক ছিটাগুলি; অনেক-গুলি ছোট গুলি, Small shot from a cannon; shot discharged in clusters.

The grapes are sour—কোন বস্তুকে না পাটনা ভূছে করা. A thing is disparaged when it is beyond one's reach. [grapes are grown.

Grapory, grāp'er-i, n আকাকে; A place where Graphio, graf'ık, Graphical, graf'ik-al, a [Gi grapha, to write] বিচিত্ৰ; স্থাচিত্ৰিড; স্থাচিত্ৰড; স্থাচিত্ৰড; স্থাচিত্ৰড; স্থাচিত্ৰড; প্ৰভাতিড ; described picturesquely. ad=graphically. Syn:—Forcible, telling, vivid, lively.

Graphite, graf'it, n. ধনিজ বিশেষ; A mineral. Grapnel, grap'nel, n কুদ্ৰ নক্ষৰ, লোহাৰ আৰকী, Small anchor; graphling-iron.

Grapple, grap'l, v t. প্রহণ-কু; বৃত্ত-কু; চাপিবা-গু; To seize, hold, to lay fast: -v. i. মারামাধি-কু, To contend in close fight. -n. A fastening one ship to another. Syn: -Grape, grasp, clutch; struggle, cope, contest, wrestle.

Grappling-iron, n. শক্ৰপফীর জাহাজ ধরিবাৰ জন্ত বাবন্ধত বোহ্যন্ত farms; A large grapnel once used for seizing hostile ships. [hke grapes. Grapy, grap'i, a. ক্লাকাৰ; ক্লাকাৰং. Made of or Grasp, grasp, v. t. এছন-কু; আকড়িয়া বয়া; To catch; to seize and hold by clasping with the fingers or arms:—আৰ্ এছন-কু; To comprehend:
—v. i. টেষ্টা-কু; To endeavour:—पবিভে চেষ্টা-কু, To endeavour to seize:—n. হত্বকু, এহন, আবত্ত ; Gripe of the hand; hold; reach of the arms:—
ধাৰণাকজি; Wide reaching power of intellect to tomprehend subjects. Syn:—(v) Catch, clasp, clutch; aim at, strive for; grapple.

Grasp at—জাকু বাঁকু কৰিয়া ধৰিতে যাওয়া; Endeavour to seize eagerly:—গাইবাৰ জন্ত ব্যৱ-হ; Be eager to get.

He that grasps at too much holds nothing fast—অতি লোভে উাতি নই।

Grasping, grasp'ing, a. wf-944; portious: greedy Syn:—Avaricious, exacting, miserly, niggardly, close-fisted.

Grass, gras, n. যাস; ত্ব; A plant; a common herbage:—v. ত্বাজাদিত-কৃ; To cover with grass. The sacrificial grass—কুল। [grass. Grass green, a. যাসের মত সর্কবর্গ; Green like Grasshopper, grashop-er, n পতক; গৰা কড়িল; An insect; a hopping insect allied to the locust and leeding on grass or leaves.

Grass-plot, grass-plot, n. ত্ণাছাদিত তুমি; তৃণবয় ত্বত; A plot of grassy grounds; a lawn.

Grass widow, n. পৰিতাকা বা; A woman living away from her husband.

Grassy, grasi, a. সবুজবৰ্ণ; Like grass; green:
— ত্পাচ্ছাৰিত, Covered with grass. n=grassiness.
Grate, grat, n. [F. gratter, scratch] বৃদা; To
rub; scratch; wear away:—কৰ্কণ প্ৰ-কৃ; To
rub hard so as to offend, to make a harsh
sound:—ঝাঝা বিশিষ্ট-কৃ; To furnish with grates
or cross bars:—বিষ্ক-কৃ; উত্তেজিত-কৃ; To offend
or irritate:—n. কাক্সি; A lattice work used in
windows of prisons &c:—কংলার চুলার ঝাঝা;
A frame of iron bars for holding coals. Syn:—
(v) Scrape, scratch, abrade; rasp, comminute,
triturate; be vexing, fret.

Grated, grāt'ed, a. বাৰ্ন্ত্তীৰ্ণিষ্ট; Having a grating. Grateful, grāt'fool, a. [L. gratus, pleasing, thankful] সুবাদ, মনোৱাদ, স্থান্ত্ত ; Pleasant; delightful; acceptable; acceptably welcome:—কৃতন্ত্ত; Thankful, n=gratefulness, ad=gratefully. Syn:—Beholden, indebted; gratifying, agreeable, welcome, delicious, palatable, nice.

Grater, graver, n. মোটা উধা; An instrument with a rough surface, rubbing off small particles of a body.

Gratification, grat-i-fi-káshun, n. নৱোৰ; আজাদ; The act of pleasing; that which affords pleasure; delight — প্ৰথম ; Reward. Syn:— Pleasure, satisfaction . recompense.

Gratify, grati-ii, v. t. [L. gratus, and facio, to make] সভ্ত-ক: ভৃত্ত-ক, সান্ধ্যা-ক; প্ৰহা-দে; To please, to satisfy, to soothe; include. n=gratifier. Syn.—Humour, delight; requite, recompense.

Grating, grating, n. বার: A partition or frame of bars:—a. সন্তাপদারক, বিরক্তিকর; Harsh, irritating. ad=gratingly. Syn:—(a) Irritating, jarring, rough, disagreeable, offensive.

Grating, ন. ঘৰ্ষণ কৰিত কৰ্মণ শব্ধ; A harsh sound of rubbing.

Gratis, grátis, a. n. বিনা মূল্যে; কিছুই মা লইয়া;
নি:বার্থে; By grace or favour; for nothing;
freely.
[ ness; gratefulness.
Gratitude, gratifuld, n. কৃতজ্ঞতা; ThankfulGratuitous, gra-tu'i-tus, a. বিনা মূল্যে প্রকৃত;
Done or given gratis or for nothing:—সমুক্ত ;

Without reason, ground or proof — বেছাপুৰ্বক, বেছপুৰ্বক, Voluntary — মুকাৰণ, Without cause or provocation Syn — Spontaneous, assumed, groundless, unwarranted.

Gratuity, gra-tu'i-ti, n লান, পাবিভোগিক, বেছা-কৃত লান, Free gift, present Sin — Dountion boon, grant, benefaction, endowment, charity Gratulate, &o—Same as congratulate &c

Gravamen, n [ I.. gravis, heavy ] অনুবোগ, অভিবোগের ভাষ্য কারণ, Grievance, substantial cause of complaint or action

Grave, grav, v t লোগৰ-কু, তক্ষ্ণ-কু, To cut, to engrave —v. : লোগৰ-কু, To practise engraving —n কবৰ, স্মাধি Tomb —মৃত্যু, অন্ত Death, end Syn—(v) Carve, sculpture, imprint, impress, infix, (n) Sepuichre, pit, vault, long home.

Grave, giāv. a [L giavis, heavy] ভারি.
Heavy, weighty—ত্তৰ, Important—গভাৰ
বার, Serious—গভার, In music, not acute ad=
gravely, n=graveness. Syn—Pressing, exi
gent, sage, staid, sober, plain, not showy,
deep

Have one foot in the grave—অতি বৃদ্ধ, অতি আচীন, Have not long to live, being very old On this side of the grave—এ জীবনে, বাঁচিয়' থাকিতে থাকিতে, In this life

With one foot in the grave—as all calls,

Grave bow-ers Formal courtsey.

Grave-clothes, n বে পোষাক মৃত ব্যক্তিক পোৰ কেন্দ্ৰা বাৰ, The dress in which the dead are buried [and preplies graves Grave-digger, n ক্বৰ-প্ৰকারী One who digs

Grave-stone, n A monumental tone. Grave-yard, n প্রেক্সি, (cmetery, necro-

Gravel, n (अञ्चाप, Cometery, necropolis, a yard for the interment of the dead Gravel, gravel, n [Fr grave, a sandy shore]

কৰৰ A mass of small stones or frequents of stone — পাড়ৰি, পাণ্নি Concretions in the kidneys — গ ই কৰব হাবা আছে দেন কু কত্ৰুদ্ধি-কু, To cover with gravel, to puzzle a=mascily

Graver, graver, n ভাৰর An entriver — প্ৰন্ শ্বঃ, An engraving tool Syn — Sculptor burin engraving tool [Preznant Gravid, gravid, a [L. gravis, heavy] গত্তী Graving, graving, n স্বোগন, সোগিত দিন, The act of cutting figures in hard substances — আহাত সংকার The act of cleaning a ships bottom

Graving-dock, n ভাইজ সংখাৰ স্থান , A dock into which ships are taken to be graved

Gravitate, pravi-tit, 2 : [1. gravis, heavy] কেন্দ্ৰের দিকে আকৃষ্ট কৰে।, পৃথিবীৰ মূৰে আকৃষ্ট-হ, 10 tend towards the centre

Gravitation, gravi-ta shun, n মাধ্যাকৰ্ণ শক্তি মহাক্ৰি, The peculiar force by which all bodies are drawn to the surface of the earth

Gravity, gravi-ti, n [L gravis, heavy] ভাষ্ণ, Heaviness, weight নাটগ্য, Importance — বাটাগ্য, Seriousness, solemnity — নাগাকৰ্ম, The tendency of a body towards the centre of the earth — খোর পাপ. Atrociousness, weight of guilt — নিয় সূর. I owness of sound Syn — Gravitation, centripetal force sobriety, sedateness, moment

Specific gravity—আগেকিক ওকত , The relative weight of any solid or liquid as compared with the weight of an equal bulk of distilled water or any gas as compared with air

Gravy, हाउँथा, n. मार्जित वन, बार्ज-निःश्ड बनीव भार्च, The juices from meat while cooking.

Gray, gra, a ধ্সরবর্ণবিশিষ্ট, Ash-coloured, white mixed with black — বৃদ্ধ, পবিপক, Old, mature:
— n ধ্যবৰৰ, A gray colour, any mixture of white and black — ব্সরবর্ণ কর, An animal of gray colour n=grayness

Gray-beard, gilbeid, n প্রাচীন ব্যক্তি, An old man —কদ্যা ইংপাত্র, A coaise earthenware vessel [gray.

Grayish, graish a পাণু ইবং বুসর, Somewhat Grayling, graing, n মংস্থা বিশেষ, A silvery gray fish allied to the trout, but with a smaller mouth and larger scales.

Graystone, griston, n প্ৰস্তাৰ বিশেষ, A greening compact volcanic rock, allied to basalt

Graze, graz v t চরাৰ ত্ৰ ভৰণ করাৰ, To feed with griss to tend grazing cattle —v s. তৃশাভাৰ ক. চরা, Fo eat grass Syn —Rub against, shave, skim scrape pasture, crop Grazer, grazer, n গ্ৰাণ ত্ৰভোৱা হাৰ, An ani-

Grazor, grazer, n প্ৰা'দ ভূপভোৱা ভাৰ . An animal that grazes

Grazior, gracher, n 43-bigs, aisin 939ins,
One who pastures cattle and rears them for
market { pasture.

Grazing, n চরণ, The act or feeding on griss, Gresse, grc, n [br , ross fat] বসা, বেখ, চর্কি Animal fat — t চর্কি মাধান, বস্ক-ক lo smear with crease — ভংকোং-দে, To bribe.

St. John's golden grease — ইংকোচ Bribe. Greasy, gien a ভেলপুৰ্ব, ভৈলমা, Oily — চিক্ৰ ক্যা, Smooth, fat ad=greasily n=greasiness

Great, grat a বৃহৎ, Large, wide, big, vast
—প্রধান, Chief —গুকাৰ, Important, weighty
—গাৰ্কত Proud —ধনা Rich —বিবাচি, Supenor distingui hed —ইউপন্তি, Of high rank
—ক্ষতাপত্ত Mighty —নহান Noble n=greatness
Syn —Huge vist bulky, ample, immense, much high, excessive, numerous, eminent, powerful excited, magnanimous, sumptuous, hard difficult principal superior

Great at, Great in, Great on—নিপুণ, Skilful Great cry and little wool—ৰহ্মাণতে নৰ্কিয়া, Much ado about nothing

Great with—পৰিচিত, Familiar —পর্বতী, Pirgnant [distinction The great, n পদত লোক, People of rank or Great born, a মহৎ বংশোহৰ, Nobly descended Great-coat, grilkot, n. বড় লখা কুটি, Outer coat over cost

Great-guns—ৰড়, Tempest Great-hearted, graf-harfed, a সহৎ, উদ্বি-বভাৰ, উজ্জন্ম High spirited, noble, Greatness, # नर्च , टारांनच , Largeness of bulk, dimensions, number, quantity or the like Great seal - The principal seal of state. Greaves, grevz, n pl. शान-दक्षांकादी अञ्च , Anci-

ent armour for the legs.

Grebe, greb, n অগচর পকী , Water-fowl. Grecian, gre'shan, a जीनामन नवकीय , Pertaining to Grecce -n जीनवामी, A native of Greece - গ্ৰাক ভাষাৰ পণ্ডিত One well-versed in the Greek language and literature

Grecise, git'siz, क ई औक स्वित्र अन्वीत-कृ, To make (recian to translate into Greek -v : आक छावाव कथा कहा , To speak Greek.

Grecism, gre sizm, n গ্ৰীক ভাৰাৰ বিশেষ ৰাকা-TEG, An idiom of the Greek language [ voracity , greediness Greed, gred, n. লিকা পেট্ৰতা, Covetousness, Greed of gain-श्वरतां ।

Giee iness, n লোচ পেট্ৰ Ravenousness, voi scity, gluttony eagerness, avidity.

Greedy, gredi a পেটুক Voracious — ধনলোজী, Covetions -( ) Fagerly desirous greediness ad=greedily Syn -Ravenous, g' ticnous insatiable eager, avancious

Greck, gick a जीनलांचि Greetin -n जीन-ৰালী, A Grecian — এক ভাৰা The language of Griece

Be greek to one-(খলানিত ভাৰাৰ) কথাৰাৰ্ডা বিছুত বুকিতে লা পাৰা, Be perfectly unintelligit le to one ( is in unknown tongue )

Greek meeting Greek - १कडन रहनानी गांकिक সহিত আর একলন তুলা বশবিক্রম বিশিষ্ট লোবের সম-वाज्यन माका , बढा , बाम बावरनव युद्ध , One strong per on meeting of equal prowess in a fight

It is Greek to me-It is something unintelligible dulge in one s cups

To play the Greek-विक खोलन क्यो , To in-When Greek joins Greek then is the tug of war-वर्ग क्रे श्वाकां रिकाम वृत्क अवृत हर, ভৰ্দি ভূষ্ণ বৃদ্ধ উপস্থিত হব When two armies of undoubted courage fight, the content will be very servere

Greek cabends - क्यन न Never

Greek church-i he eastern church, the es tablished church of Russia, the church within the ottoman empire subject to the partriarch of Constantinople

Greek-fire - नाना अरवाद मिला । উरशह परमनील भगार्व farms A combustible composition which buins under water — আদি বৃদ্ধিতে পারি না, A sound mound in sound body.

Greekling, n Beguiner in Greek Greek Greekmaster, n খ্ৰীকভাষাৰ শিক্ষক, Teacher of Green, gren, n. effect, The colour of growing plants — ভুণাচ্ছাদিত কেৱ , উদ্ভিদপূৰ্ণ ভূপও , A small green or grassy plain -pl भार महो , Vegetables -a. effe. Verdant having the colour of growing grass - bibai, and, an Fiesh --অপক, অপরিপক, Unripe — অবভিত্তা, ববীৰ, Inexperienced, young n=greeness Syn — (a) Verdant, emerald, vigorous, blooming, flourishing, new, recent, crude, raw, awkward

ৰুবাৰ মত ক্ৰিট্ৰি ৰাছে এই ভাব) , Cheerfulness and liveliness which one retains even when old Greenback, grehback, n बुकदोरका अवान अठाविक [ भूर्सकानीन हे लाउन विठाबानन । ব্যাহ্ব সোট। Green cloth, n बालशामान्य व्यवसावीत मानि वक Green crop, n 可有情, A crop of green vege-[ very choice variety of the plum. Greengage, n একপ্ৰকাৰ অমধ্য কণ , A green and Green grocer, n. नाकमञ्जी विरम् छ , A retailer of greens [ युवक , One who is inexperienced. Green horn, grenhoin, n অনভিজ বাজি, তল্প Greenhouse, githhows, n লভাদি রক্ষণ স্থান: [n = greenishness.Conserv story

Groonish, grifish a क्राइ करिए Rather green. Greenness, n নবীৰতা, অপ্ৰতা Vindity, fieshness newness, rawness unripeness

Green-room-- अख्टित इवर्शन विद्यामार्थ गृह , Retiring room for players

Green sand, n প্ৰৱ বিশেষ, A variety of sandstone in which green specks of iron o cur

Green sickness—य्वजेल्लिब नीम विल्ब, An illness of woman [ grass grows Greensward, n ज्याद्व कृषि , Turf on which Groet, gitt v t [ A S gretan, to go to meet ] অভিবাৰন-কু সভাবণ কু, To salute congratulate -ण : अधिवाणन-कृ, To meet and salute Syn -Hail, address accost, welcome, compliment

Greeting, griting, n अडार्जा, अडिनयन . Salutation compliment

Gregarian, gre gári-an, a. लीन (अनदी अवसीम বা ভংগ্ৰাপ্তিত, Belonging to or established by Pipe Gregory as the Calendar

Gregarian calendar-1 he calendar, as reformed by Pope Gregory XIII in 1582

Gregarious, gre giri-us, a [L gregis. & flock ] वाहावा मनवश्व इहेवा वाम करत व्यक्तावी Associting or living in flocks n=gregariousness, ad=gregatiously

Grenade, gre nad, n [1 granatum a promegranate] কামানের গোলা বিস্লব , A sma I bomb-shell Granadier, g en a der n দৈনিক, পদাতি সৈত बिरन्द , Originally a soldier who throws grenades - দীৰ্ঘাকার পদাতি দৈক , Later, a tall foot soldier -Now one of a regiment so called

Green marriage-Run Gretna. matches

Gretna-green, " Place for run-away weddings. Grew, gito hist tense of grow Grey, gra Sine as Gray

The grey mare is the better horse-1 ৰামীকে শাসৰ কু The woman is all paramount, the wife rules the husband

Groyhound, grahownd, म निकांत्र कुन्त, A swift hunting hound

Griddle, gridl, n পিটুক ভালিবার কড়া ভালয়া A pan broad and shallow, for baking cakes

Gridiron, gridi-urn n मारम कांदाव अञ्चल कविवांब बीवता , Portable grating for cooking

Grief, gref, n [L gravo to grieve] 5:4, (4)4; Sorrow regret — মুংখৰ কাৰণ Cause of sorrow. Syn -Dejection, affliction, mourning, mourafulness, moaning, woe, anguish, trouble, tribulation; trial, grievance.

Come to grief wil; Be in trouble, to meet with an accident.

Grievance, grēvans, n. কট্ট ; হুৰে . ব্যথা ; উৎ-শীন্তৰ; Wrong done and suffered; burden; hardship, injury; grief; oppression; wrong; trial

Grieve, grev, v. t. হংগ-দে; বাবিত-কৃ. To vex, to afflict:—v. i. বিলাপ-কৃ; শোক-কৃ; To mourn Syn:—Pain, hurt, wound; injure, trouble, annoy; lament, deplore, sorrow, bewait.

Grievous, grevus, a. ছ:খন্ত্ৰনক; কটুকর, Painful:
—শোকাকুল, Full of grief:—ঘোর, উৎকট, Heinous; atrocious. n = grievousness, ad=grievously.
Syn:—Afflictive, distressing; heavy, oppressive; offensive, provoking, hurtful, injurious, destructive; great, flagitious.

[ crook

Griff, Graff- इत्न रहन रहन त्यान ; By hook or by Griffe, n. The offspring of a mulutto woman

and negro man

Griffin, grif'ın, Griffon, grif'un, n. করিত ছব বিশেষ, An imaginary animal, generated between the lion and eagle — গুৱ; A species of vulture found in the mountainous parts of Europe, north Africa and Turkey.

Grig, grig, n. মৎসা বিশেষ, বাইন মাছ, Small eel. .
— প্ৰক; Grass-hopper.

Grill, gril, v. t. कांको , विक-कृ ; Broil on a grate . —कहे-एव ; यहबी-एक , To torment.

Grim, grim, a. विकडे; ভशानक; क्लाकांत्र, Fierce horrid, ghastly; ill-looking. n=grimness, ad=grimly. Syn:—Ferocious, horrible, frightful, grisly, hideous, sullen, surly.

Grimace, gri-mas, n মুখতরা; A distortion of the countenance, a smirk. a=grimaced

g Grimaced, gri-masd, a. বিকৃত , Distorted [cat Grimalkin, gri-malkin, n. বৃদ্ধ বিচাল, An old Grime, grim, n. মুমলা , অৱৰ্গত মুম্বনা, Foul matter, ingrained dirt — v. t. কন্বিড-কু. To soil deeply Grimy, grimi, a মলিন; কন্বিড- কু. Dirty, foul

Grin, grin, v. হ দাঁত দেখান, To open the mouth, withdraw the lips from the teeth, or in laughter, scorn or pain:—v. t. গত্তবিকাশনহকারে বলা. To express by grinning — \* কপট ছালা, গত্ত দেখান, Affected laugh, showing the teeth

Grind, grind, v t চর্কা-কু, চূর্ল-কু, To reduce to powder by friction as in a mill or with the teeth — ঘ্রণ ছারা পরিকার-কু, To wear down, polish or sharpen by friction — শীড়ল-কু, উৎশীড়ন-কু; To oppress by severe exactions — পরীকার আন্তর্ভান্ত কু; To prepare for examination — য র ঘ্রিত বা ঘ্রিত-ক, ঘর্রণ ক্রীক্ত হুরো, শানিত-কু, To become pulverised, polished, sharpened by friction. Syn.—(ম) Pulverize, pound, comminute, triturate; grate, rub together; sharpen, oppress, plague, persecute, harass, afflict,

Grind-stone, grindston, #. শাণ প্রস্তা ; A circular revolving stone for sharpening tools.

labour.

Grind and bear—বিবৃদ্ধি ভাব প্রকাশ না করিয়া সহিবা বাওখা; Suffer without complaint.

Grind one's teeth, Grash one's teeth-atta

গাঁড কিড্মিড্ করা বা গাঁড কাম্ডান; Rub or strike the teeth against one another (in anger).

Grind the face of — উৎপীড়ন-কু; Tyrannize over. Grinder, grinder, n. পেৰক; He or that which grinds: — চৰ্বাণ কন্ত, কলেৰ কান্ত; পেৰণ কন্ত; Double tooth, molar.

Grip, n. হব খারা খারণ; Grasp; a holding fast:-

Gripo, grip, v. t. শক্ত কৰিয়া ধরা; ( গুড় মুইতে) ধাৰণ-কু; To seize, hold fast:—উদৰে বেদনা-দে; To pain the bowels as if by pressure or contraction:—কষ্ট-দে; নিশীডিড-কু; To pinch, distress:—v. i গুড-কু, To seize by griping:—পেট কামডানি ভোগ-কু, Tofeel griping pains in the bowels:—শীডন কৰিয়া অৰ্থ লগুৱা; To get money by hard bargains.—n. হুও খাবা দৃচন্দ্ৰপে ধাৰণ, Grasp; seizure; clutch:—হাডল, A handle:—নিগ্ৰহ; পীডন; Oppression, cruel exaction:—pl. পেট কামড়ানি; দাৰণ পেট বেদনা; Spasmodic pain in the intestines Syn:—(v) Clutch, seize, hold fast; tighten, press, compress, squeeze, pinch, pain, distress.

Griping, grip'ing, p. a. অর্থনোলুগ; Avaracious :
—নিবতিশয় যন্ত্রণাদায়ক , Pinching.

Grisotto, gri-zet', n. ফ্রাসীদেশীর নীচ জাতীবা বিলা-দিনী স্ত্রী, A gay young French-woman of the tower class.

Grisly, grižli a. oslav, fare, , Hideous, frightful. Syn: —Terrible, dreadful, terrific, horrible, ghastly, grim.

Grist, grist, n. এককালীন পেৰণীয় শ্বা; Corn for grinding at one time —খাদা ক্ৰব্য বোগান, লাভ, Supply, provisions, profit.

Gristle, grisl, n কোমলান্তি, Cartilage a=gristly. Gristly, grisli, a. কোমলান্তিমন বা সমূপ, Consisting of or like gristle, n-gristliness

Grit, grit, n সামাস্ত থাণা, The coarse part of meal —পাধৰ বিশেষ, কাৰ্য্য, Sand or gravel — সাংস, তেজ, Spirit —pl. যবান্থিৰ বুল চুৰ, Oats coarsely ground:—v. r. যস বস্ শম্ব-২, To give forth a sound, as of sand under the feet —v. r চৰ্যাৰ-কু, To grind.

Grithy, a বাৰ্কাময়, Containing or consisting of sand &c:—অন্তঃ, বৃদ্ধঃ; Rough.—তেক্সী, মৃদ্ধান্তিক, Spirited, resolute.

Gritty, griti a কটন কণানৰ, Consisting of or having hard pirticles, n=grittines,

Grissle, grizl, n. [ Fr gris, gray ] धूनवर्ष, A gray colour a=grizzled.

Grizzlod, grizid, a धूमधर्ग, तिश्चर्ग, Gray . of a mixed colour. [gray.

Grizzly, grizh, a কিঞ্ছিং ধুনবৰ্গ ; Some what Groan, gron, n. আর্তনান , বছণাবন্ধেক অক্ট্রেনি . Deep sound of pain , a deep moaning sound, as of distress — v t. আর্তনান ন . To utter a moaning in distress:—আর্গ্রন্থক টেট্রা-ক ; কট পাজা, Strive after earnestly, to be afflicted. Syn:—Moan, lament audibly.

Groaning, gröning, n. গভার আর্ত্তিনাদ, অক্ট্রেনি, A deep sound uttered in pain, any low rumbling sound.

Groat, grot, n. थातीन हैं लखीय मूजा विल्लव ; An old

English coin worth 8 cents :- অতি অল্প প্রসা; Any small sum.

Groats

Groats, grots, n. pl. ह्वीकुछ त्रम ; कुवशैन करें ; Oats

or wheat husk broken or cracked.

Grocer, groser, n. मूनी ; नक्दिनिक ; Dealer in tea, [ sold by grocers. sugar, coffee, spice &c. Grocery, groser-i, n. मुनीशानांव भेगा ज्या ; Things Grog, grog, ". क्लिमिळ मना; मानक श्यत विरन्ध; [ tailing grog. Spirit and water. Grog-shop, n. मतनत लोकान : A place for re-

Groggery, n. भारतक (शांकांच ; A grog-shop. [ stuff. Groggy, a. মাতাৰ ; Drunken ; tipsy.

Grogram, grog'ram, n. यह विध्य ; A coarse Groin, groin, n. [ Ice. greina, to divide ] 李原本 . विवास्त्र मियान क्यां ; The angular curve formed by the intersection of two arches. a=groined.

Groom, groom, n. অৰণাৰ ; সহিন ; A servant, esp one who takes care of horses :- नव ; Bridegroom -- बाक्सशादिव दर्गावी; An officer in the royal household :- v. t. আपत्र भतिकशी-क ; To take care of horses; to tend, as a horse. Syn :-(n) Stable-man, hostler; waiter, valet.

Croomsman, n. व्याजी ; Attendent on a bride-

gic im at his marriage.

Groove, groov, n. [A. S. grafan, to dig] (34). शाक, अवाली : A turrow, channel ; a long hollow cut by a tool .- v. t नीडां वा अगानी अनन-द ; अनन-3 . To cut a groove or furrow in , to dig.

Grove, grip, v i. [ A S. grapian, to handle ] অন্তৰ কাছোৰ; Feel about, as in the dark :-ए t अक्टार्त हा ग्रहारेयां धार्मान-कृ . To search by tech e, as in the dark. Syn .- Grabble, fumble. Gropo one's way- শাৰ্ষাৰে পথ হতিটাৰ ; Search one's way by feeling in the dark, (like a blind man ).

[ groping manner. Gropingly, groping-li. ad 2122174 bitt. In a Gross, grus, a. বুল . Bulky :- অপরিধাব ; খুল ; Coarse, rough :- " Palpable .- fatelly ; qu', Stupid · dull :- अभीत ; Sensual , obscene :-नधुन्ध ; ममष्टि ; The whole ; total :- n. मन्तव अवान करण, The whole bulk :- > 88 नः बता ; The numbet of 12 dozen. ad = grossly. n=grossness. Syn:-Large; dense, close; vulgar, low. broad; rude, indelicate, impure; enormous shameful, flagitious; palpable, glaring, manifest, whole, entire, total,

In the gross, In gross—(बांटें ; (बांटेंबांटें ; সৰ্কনাক্ৰো; In the bulk, all together.

Grossbook, groblek, n. এक्काठीय वक्रहकू नकी . A genus of birds with a thick strong convex beak. Grossness, n. হুলভা ; মুৰ্বা ; Bulkiness . rudeness. Syn :- Greatness, bigness, bulkiness; density, thickness; enermity, coarseness

Grot, grot, Grotto, groto, n. कर्।, अञ्चत्र A subterianean cavein ; cave. pl=grots, grottos. Syn :- Cavern, den.

Grotesque, धाठ-tesk, a अन्त्रन शामामीनक Whimsical; odd: extravagant .- n. অপ্রপ্ মৃত্তি यो पृक्ष ; Whimsical figures or scenery. n=grotesquesness. ad=grotesquely. Syn :- Franciful, bizarre, unnatural,

Ground, grownd, pa. t. and pa. p. of grind. Ground, grownd, n. जुनु ; जुनि ; आतम ; महनान ; মাঠ : Earth ; soil ; land ; field :- ভিত্তি ; Foundation .- \* | Cause, reason, originating force: —pl. मना ; शाम ; Dregs — मून ७३ ; Principles :-v. t. ভিত্তির উপর স্থাপন-কু; To fix on a foundation :- ভালরূপে শিক্ষা-দে; মূলসূত্র শিক্ষা-দে; To instruct in first principles; to instruct thoroughly :- v. i. कृतिट नाना ; माहित्व नानिया कहन-इ ; To stike the bottom and remain; to run ground. Syn: -Clod, turf, sod, loam. mould; region, territory, country, domain, estates, acres; basis, support; motive, consideration, inducement, account, (pl) lees, sediments, settlings. (v) Found, establish, base, fix; initiate.

Gain ground-अधमत्र-इ; कुडकावा-इ; To advance; make way; obtain an advantage.

Give ground-निष्ट रहें। ; Recede :- युविश हातान : Vield advantage.

Lose ground-fits sol : To retire, retreat :-স্বিধা বা यन হাবান; Lose advantage, citalit or reputation. [ reason that.

On the ground that - 4 \$ \$ 1319 CT. For the Groundage, growdaj, n. বলব ভক; বলবে অবস্থান ৰত কাহাজের কৰ; A tax paid by a ship for the ground or space it occupies while in port.

Be grounded in-(कान दिशस्यत यज एक छोलक्रभ काना ; Be instructed and versed in the elements or first principles of subject.

Be grounded on—কোন মূলের উপর স্থাপিত হওবা; Be based or founded on.

Ground-floor, grownd-flor, n. निश्चान (मान: গৃহভিভিন্ন সংলগ্ন মেজে; Floor on a level or nearly so with the ground. [ in truction.

Grounding, n. ভালরণ শিকা: Thorough Ground-ivy, grownd-ivi, n. नहां विकास, A. plant which creeps along the ground, lik. 1vy. Groundless, growndles, a. बाइड्रक, बनुनक,

विशा ; Wanting ground, foundation, or reas m ; not authorized; false, ad = groundlessly, n= groundlessness.

Groundling, growndling, n. मश्मा वित्नव ; A fish that keeps at the bottom of the water :-- 47% লয়ের গৃহতলম্ দশক; A spectator in the pit of the theatre.

Ground-nut, grownd-nut, n. हीत्वव वानाव ; Peanut :--লভা বিশেষ ; A leguminous plant.

Ground-plot, grownd-plot, n. গুহাদিব ভিত্তি ভূমি; The plot of ground on which a building is placed. Ground-rent, grownd-rent, n. कृत्विक , कृत्विक शक्ता, Rent paid for the privilege of building on another man's land.

Grounds, grownds, n. pl. তলাৰি বা গাৰ: Dregs of drink; sendiment at the bottom of liquors.

Groundsel, growndsel, n. देवब दिद्यव ; An annual plant, about a foot high, with small yellow

Ground-swell, ground-swel, বড়ের পর সনুদ্রের আলোলন , দ্বস্থ অটিকাকণ্ডক সমুত্ত সমুদ্রের উত্তাল তরক , A broad deep swell or undulation of the ocean, after a storm or caused by a distant gale Ground-work, growndwurk, #. विखि , यूनिवृक्ष ; ৰূপ, Foundation — মূল তম্ব, মূল কাৰণ, First principle the basis, the essential part Group, group, n [ It groppo a bunch knot ]

সমবাৰ, মনুহ, একজ বিকাশ Cluster crowd বsemblage — গ দলবদ্ধ ইইয়া বিকাশ ক To form into a group or groups to arrange combine Syn —(n) Collection, clump, order, class, family

Grouping, prooping, n অন্ধিত প্রতিমন্ত্রি বা অপব বস্তব একজ সমাবেশ, The act of disposing and arranging figures or objects in groups

Grouso, grows n বস্তু পক্ষীবিশেষ Illusth cock Grout, growt n [A S grut coarse meal] মোটা বক্ষেৰ খালা, Coarse meal—ভলান শিটা The sendiment of liquor—ণুহ দিব নিনিত্ত মোচা বক্ষেৰ মসলা, A thin coarse moitar

Grove, প্ৰতিত n বৃক্ষসমূচ Acollection of tires — বীৰি, কুল্ল কানন An avenue of tires Syn — Forest, woodland thicket copse

Grovel, grovel ে : হ'লাত ইটো মাটীতে হামা ভাত-দে (reep on the ground না দা প্ৰক : ; নীট-ই Be low or mean by m—Crawl, cringe fawn, sneak it low u groveller

Groveler, n a star Ties. One who grovels an allect wretch

Grow, প্ৰতে ং কেন্দ্ৰ-ছ পুদ্ৰ-প্ৰস্থ Advance to fusines increase ২৪ the sine — বিদ্ধিত ছ lo develop — ভন্নত চি comprose thrise — ত ধ বাদ্ৰ প্ৰসদক উপোদা দু চানত lo cause to grow cultivate pod ce to generate produce Sym — I spand extend veg tate germinate shoot product alvance improve make progress with this product cultivate Grow anto— ব Linarge

Grow out of - ১ শার ই জন ই ই Spring from Grow up, Grow up to ক্ষানি ই k ich mature y arrive at mathood and maturity — জংকাই উন্ধাহ Arise

Grow upon one— দ্যে প্ৰৰণ ১, বৃদিপ্ৰাপ্ত হ Gradually gain power over onc

Let the grass grow under one s feet—
সময় অভিবা হত হটতে দেওবা lost time

Growl, gr wl " ! [(ser grollen to be anary |
কুব্ৰের মন্ত গোঁ গোঁ কু বাব্ৰের সাদ স্পাধন ক্রাক্তন কু
To mumur or snari as a dog অসম্ভোব প্রকা
কু To utt i an angry gumbling sound — " t
গোঁ গোঁ বিদ্যা প্রকাশ কু To express by growling
— n কুব্ৰেৰ লাখ স্পাধন স্পাধন ক্রানাল্য sound is of an angry day Sy! —(v)
Grumole gral mumur complain n=growler
Grown gray— চুল স্প্ৰিবা বেলা, (কোন বিব্রের)

পেকে বাধবা Groun old Grown up, a প্রেচ Adult

Growth, groth n বৃদ্ধি কৃষ্ণিক বৃদ্ধি বৰ্ধন A growing, gradual increase of bodies; advancement — উৰ্ভি পৃথতা সাধন . Progress development — উৎপদ্ধ কৰা , কৰা Product Syn — Augmentation advancement, progress, expansion, development produce product.

Grub, grub v: জনি ধনন ক To dig in or under the ground —থান্যতিকা ক, To beg, esp food — নীচৰকো নিযুক্ত-হ, To be employed meanly — v t খনন ক, ৰুলোৎপটিন কু To dig, dig up by the roots —n অভোকাত কীট পোকাব ছানা, A fleshy lurve —বামন A shout, thick man, dwarf —খাল সাম্প্রী Victuals

Grubber, gruber n ধননৰ বী, A digger —বৃক্ষের মূল উৎপটিন করিবার যন্ত্র An instrument for digging up the roots of trees

Grudge, gruj া f অনিজ্ঞাপুৰ্বক দান কু, To part with reluctantly — অনিজ্ঞাসহকাৰে আদান প্ৰদান কু Fo give or take unwillingly — স্বাসহকাৰে অব লোকন কু, Io murmur at — ৮ গ অনিজ্ঞুক হু I be unwilling to be reluctant — ৮ গাপবাৰণ ল গোভী-হু To be coverious or envires — অনুষ্ঠোৰ প্ৰকাশ কু Io complain to show discontent — দু হুপা সৰ্ধ আহু কুৰালনা Ill will envy pique hard spate Syn — (\*\*) havy begrudge repine at murmur complain, (\*\*) Aversion, dishike secret cumits

Owe co bear one a grudge —ক'চাবও প্রতি বিশ্ব বা হৈছেত ব থাকা Bear ill will or commity to

Srudeingly, gruping is al অনিজ্ঞাপুৰ্ক Ui-Gruel, হাতেলৈ ম ৰঙ, া কেন A light liquid f cd made by boiling meal in water

Giuesomo, groo sum / ভীৰণ ভব নক Horrille, femiul

Gruff, truf a कर्रण कालकृति, करूँ ने ती, Roigh, harsh stern in n anner tilly churlish itgruffly n-vruffness Sin — Roiged, u ly tearish rude that tru pre

Grum, o fatal Moio - ever of councinance - = + 44 Grim - 1-4 low d p in the throat

Grumble at পেশাল নং ২ ২০০ ব্ৰাহ পাৱা বাৰ

কমন ভাবে স্কালাৰ প্ৰকাশ সু কাম বাৰ

কমন ভাবে স্কালাৰ প্ৰকাশ সু কাম বাক্ত কু হি

pres di coi ent at (in a low mui mui in g vo cc)

Grume, হাতত স n | L crumus a little heap]

বাক্ষৰ ট Ili k consistence of fluid, a c it

as if blod a = rumbo is [tilk

Grumous, gic nue, a মন ভমাই বাবা (I ited

Grumpy, rum, i a আনুই বিষয়, Suly m

It hole dis at sied

Grunt, তঃ শ্ৰণের জাব নোড বোড কৰে প্ৰণৰ জাব প্ৰ দু Io mak : sound like : pig — " প্ৰব বৰ, শ্ৰণেৰ জাব (বাড প্ৰাৰ Noise of a h , a short guttural so ind is of a dog n=grunter Gruntling, n শ্ৰৰণাৰৰ A young hog

Guanacum, n পৃশ্বিশেষ, A tree is gum resin Guano, n সাম্পিক পঞ্জীর মণ Fxcrement of sca fowls- used as minuse

Guarantee, gar an-te' Guaranty, gar an te n দ্যাবিদ্ধ ছিলে বিশেষ A contract to see perform ed what another has undertaken security for debt — প্ৰচিত্ধ কামিল The person who makes such a contract — n t জানিল চ To undertake that another shall perform certain engagements — নিক্ষা ক. To make sure. Guard, gaid, o t. बचा-कृ, विश्व इट्रेंडि बचा कृ, To take care of, to protect from danger -রকার্থে মতে না , To accompany for protection -ข : मडक- इ. होदी (न, To watch, to be cautious, to be wary -n 444, Defence , protection -अंडर्रेडा Watchfulness - नक्क, अर्बी, A watch, sentinel - ভৰবাৰিৰ বাট, Part of the hilt of a sword -- আৰুবকাৰ ছাৰ Posture of defence -(वल शर्य-शकरे ट्यांवर उद्मावधानक, One who has charge of a coach or railway train -pl 有(新有 भवीव वक्क रेमजनन . Troops attached to the per son of a sovereign Syn -(v) Defend, protect, shield keep watch, save, secure, be vigilant, be cautious, take care, (n) Shield, safeguard, security sentry, watchman, convey, escort, care attention vigilance caution.

Advanced guard, Vanguard ব্যৱস্থা সেয়

Be on one's guard—मजर्ग ह, भावधान ह, Be vigilant, be cautious, be careful

Guard against— আঘাত ইশতে রক্ষা-কু আপদ নিপদ
না বাচ এখন কৰিবা নক্ষা-কু Secure against injury
or cuil — (কোন বিপদ বা অপৰাৰ খাঘাত জ্ঞাত হয়ত চ্ছা-কুৰাকা, Buin a state of defence
injurist (some cuil or curo), take care that
some cuil does not befull

Mount guard - भागित्याववर्ग के भीवक। व कृ I ike the station and do te day of a sentine! [prince or e recal

Lifte guards-Hoise volder itending i

Put on one's guard—কাহাৰে সঙ্ধ কৰিব। দেওবা

Throw one off one's quard—কাহ বৈ অনবছিত শ্বা যথাত সূত্ৰ বা সাবধান না পাক ওছোই-কু Readle one in attentive or unsuspecious of danjee full one to slep (with a view to surprise one and ann so) advanta

fuard room, প্রবেতিল গ বিশিপ্র প্রেল ডপ বাগ পুড় A room for the accommodation o

Guard-snip, and ship, in after a faret A vestlof will appointed for service in a harbour or river

Guardsman, girl man # বাকপুক্ষণিগের শাই ? বফার্থ বিযোগিত সেক্ত , A soldier of the guards

Lunrdod, gar'ded, a সাধ্য ন', সতক, অব্হিত, Wary countries — সাধ্য নপুষ্ঠক উক, United with caution ad=guardedly, n=guardedness Syn — Circumspect, watchful, reserved

Guardian, g irdyan, n প্রতিপাদক তথাবধাবক,
One who takes care of —অপ্রাপ্তবয়ক কাশনকৰ
প্রতিপালক, In law, one who has the care of an
orphan minor —a কুকাকাৰী, Guarding, protecting n-guardianship Syn—Custodian,
warden, keeper, protector, conscivator, defender, preserver, tutor.

[ A fruit

Guava, gua'va, n. বৃক্ষ বিশেষ A tree — পেবারা, Gudgeon, gujun, n ৰংসা বিশেষ, A fish — যে বাজি সহকে প্রভাষিক হয় A person readily duped — চার, টোপ. প্রভোজন, A bait, allurement. Guelder-rose, gelder-roze, n সোলাকার পুলাবৃক্ষ

বিশেষ, A tree with large white ball-shaped flowers. [pense, requital. Guerdon, ger'dun, n প্রকাব, Reward recom-Guerrilla, n লয় বুজ, Skirmishing warfare, a mode of harassing an army by small bands

Guess, ges, v e অনুমান-ফু, Conjecture, hit upon chance, to judge it randon — t নিশ্চম জ্ঞান ব্যত্তীত মত স্থিয় বু, To form an opinion without certain principles or meins of knowledge — n অনুসান, Conjecture Syn — (v) Divine, surmise suspect, reckon, believe, imagine, fancy, suppose

Guesawork, geswurk, n আসুমানিক কর্ম , Work done by guess, or at hazard

Guest, gest, n নিমন্ত্রিত বাক্তি অভাশত ব্যক্তি, Visitor received in a house sisitant

Gussaw, gus-saw', n উচ্চ হান্য A loud laugh Guidance, gusans n জপদেশ পৰিচালন, Direction, idvice, counsel a leading

Guide, gid, o t প্ৰথম শ্ৰান্ত প্ৰ দেশন To lead, conduct direct in a way —উপ'দ্ধ-দে To direct —শাসন-কু, Influence control — প্ৰদৰ্শক Conductor —উপদেশ Adviser leader — স্বাধিশ ক'তে সংবাদ স গহাৰ্থ নিশাহিত গৈল A soldier of other person employed to obtain information for any army Syr —(v) Pilot, manage, superintend train instruct, (n) Director pilot, cicer one, mentor, monitor, counsellor

Guide-book, gichook, n ভ্ৰম্পৰ বিশ্বনাৰ

Guide-post, প্রচেটিংচ । প্রকাশক প্রসাদ্ধার্শ প্রথা স্তে আর্থিস্থা স্থানিজ্য , প্রপ্রাদ্ধ কাষ্ট্র, A post to direct travellers

Guild, gild n [A S gild money] সম্জ, জল Society corporation b otherhood

Guild-hall, edd' hawl n বে পু হ ন ি ব তাৰ্বেশ্ল হয় সম লগে The hall when a guild or corpoint on is a notes of of members of a trade Tradeguild, n ৰস্থি লগে কিল Brotherhood Guile, all n পত্ৰ কিল কিলা (raft cunning, traud Syn — Artifice diplicity decent, art, subtlety trackery

Guileful, gilin l ে হত ক ৰং শঠ Crafty, dece that, treach rous adequatefully, negurie-fulness

Guileless, gi'les a जनन जायू, अव के Frank, honest with s n= unicles ness, ad - zuit lessly.

Syn - Sincire open, candid und signing.

Guillmot, sile met, n সামুদ্রিক পক্ষী বিশেষ, A genus of m time diving birds

Guillotine, gilo t'n, n निवास्त्रनमार्थ यञ्च , A machine for beheading by the strake of a steel blade — v t निवास्त्रम कृ, To behead.

Guilt, cilt 1. পাপ দোৰ, Cum ্বা offence -শাপাসাক (riminality Syn —Guiltiness, wickedness sinfulness

Guiltless, gilt'-les, a निर्द्भावी नित्रणवांथी, Innocent ad=guiltlessly, n=guiltlessness

Guilty, gilt-i, a অপৰাধী, দোষী, পানী, Wicked n=guiltiness, ad=guiltily. Syn.—Criminal, culpable, sinful, evil.

Guilty of—কোন অপরাধে অপরাধী; Justly chargeable with (some crime) [gold coin=21s Guines, cini, n ই কণ্ডের মুলা বিশেব, An English Guines dropper—প্ৰভাৱক, A chent

Guines-fowl, প্নান-fowl, Guines-hen, grinhen, n এক জাতীয় বুষুট ও বুষুটী, A fowl like the turkey.

Guines-pig, gińi-pig, গ শ্বর ছাতীয় আবেবিকার জন্ত বিশেষ; A small Brazilian animul, like the pig and the rabbit.

Guise, giz, n ৰাজ আকৃতি, External appearance:

শ্বিজ্ঞান, Dress — কাঁতি, জাতবৰ, Mainer, behaviour Syn — Aspect, form, shapt, fishion, garb, costume, mien, custom, mode practice
In the guise of—কোন বেশে, In the dre sorgrab
Guiser, gifer, n ছম্বেশ্যাৰী, A person in disguise — A murmer who goes about at Christmas

[ stinged instrument
Guiter, gi-tar', n সেনার', তানপুরা, A musical

Guiter, gi-tar', n নেনার', তানপুরা, A musical Gulf, gulf, n উপসাপর I rige bay — দহ, জতন লগ থাত, আনত "ইব গছ, An abyss, whirl pool — অত্ত বিষ, Arething insatiable — v i বাস ক: Suilleu up Syi — (n) Inlet, arm of the sea, chash

Gulf-stream, n > x 2 - v z, A warm current run nu g from the Gulf of Mexico along the shores of the U S into the N E Atlantic

Gulfy, gulf i, a জ ব<sup>†</sup>ায় , অগাৰ , Full of which pools or gulfs.

Gull, gul n সামূতিৰ পকী, গাজতিৰ, A webfooted, ser fewl — এডাৰণ , চাৰুৱা, Trick — বে সম্ভ কোৱাৰিত হয় Ore reacily cheated a dupt — ৮ ধ প্রতারণা-কু, কাবি দেও 1, Io deceive be guilt; cheat Syn — (१) Defraud, cezen circumvent, overreach, impersion.

Gullet, gulet n [L gula, the throat] वर्धनानी, जनाव ननी, The Fsophagus

Gulliblo, guli-bl, a त्रहार कर दे हैं , Easily de-

Gully, cult in জকলা নি, Whier-channel — v '
মা কা পয় বিহা প্ৰদান ক, To we is into a gully
Gulp, pulp, v t আন ক, To swillow car rly or
in lurge draughts — n আন, Sudden wallow,
what is swallowed at once

Gulp down—এৰবাৰে প্ৰদানক, Swallow at once Gulp up—ফ্লীৱৰ-ক, Diegorge.

Gum, gum, n দত্যাল, বাতেৰ মাদি, Flesh on the taws — বুল নিহাদ, আটা, গঁল, Resin — v t আটাবৃত্ত-হ, আটা নিরা হোড়া, To harden into gum, become gummy — v : আটাবৃত্ত-হ, To exude or form gum — [ 'peak's of the genus Ac uci form Arabic—গঁল, Agum from trees of sever il Gummiferous, gum-il'er-us, a [L gummi and fevo, to produce] নির্যান্য উৎপাদনকাবী নির্যান্যাংশদক, Producing gum.

Gummous, gumus, Cummy, gumi, a আটায়ন্ত দিয়ানপুৰ্ব, আটাল, Like gum, viscous, adhesive. n=gumminess.

Gun, gun, n কামাৰ, স্পৃত, Firelock, cannon Syn —Fire-arm, blunderbuss, musket, carbine, rifle, fowling piece [lently Blow great guns—প্ৰচৰ্ভাবে বহা, Bl. w vioGun-barrel, gun-bar'el, n कामानित नती . वन्त्क कृती , The tube of a gun.

Gun-boat, gunbor, n কামানাহী নৌৰা বা কুল্ল কাহাজ, বামান বহনোপথোগী নৌকা, A boat or small vessel htted to carry one or more guns

Gun-carriage, guń-kar'ıj, n কাৰ্যানাই প্ৰত . A curri ige on which a cannon is supported or moved

Gun cotton, guń-koin, ল বায়দেব জাব দংননীৰ জুবা বা জন্ত উদ্ধিপ পৰাৰ্থ, A nightly explosive substance obtained by soaking cotton, est in nitric and sulphuric acids, cotton or any other regetable rendered highly exposive

Gunnage, guñaj, n একথানি রণপোতের কামান সমস্ত The number of guns in a ship of war Gunner, guñer, n কামান দাগে যে, কামানের জন্ধান্দ ধাবক, Cunnoncer, one who has charge of cannon.

Gunnery, guńer-i, n কামান বিষয়ৰ বিদ্যা, কামান ছাড়াৰ কৌনল Art of minaging guns or the science of ir illery

Gunny, Luni, n. E. A strory, coarse kind of sacking manufactured in high from jute.

Gun-powder, guni ow-der, n বাক্স, A combustible

Gunshot, gunshet ए यज्ञून भशिक कांगांन (राजा यय, कांगांजन भारा, Ringe of a gun

Gunshot wound—ৰাণান কুত ঘ্ৰাৰ, Wound made by fire arms [ নানাগ্ৰাৰী, Cun-maker. Gunsmith, pui-mith n বন্দ্ৰেৰ ৰ বিগ্ৰ. বহুৰ Gunstock, instak n ৰন্দ্ৰাৰ কুনা ি teck or wood on which the built of a gun is fixed Gunwale, pui'd n নাম জ গালেৰ ৷ কুলা ইংডেই উপৰ হুদ্ৰেৰ ৰাম্যান কোনা গাল The upper edge of a ship's side next to the bulwarks

Gurgle, gurgl n ঘৰরে লক্ , কড় গা লক , Sound made by a flowing liquid — v t ধাৰণ দ বিশিত হু পাল পাল বিশাল or flow in a broken not y current Syn — (লা tar le, Lubbl ripple purl [f লাৰ A kind of fish Burnot, gui net, Gurnard, curnaid, n বংল ভিন্ত কাৰি, gui net, Gurnard, curnaid, n বংল ভিন্ত কাৰি, gui net use of a flod — ছাকুকা Sentimertality — v হ বংলভ হু, বেশে লিশত-হু, To flow out with violence or copiculy — বেল কাৰ্ক, Io act with a sudden and rapid impulse Syn — (v) Stream, rush spout.

Gushing, gushing, a (बार्ग निःमदश्मेन , यह न अवह-भान , Rushing forth with violence, emitting copiously , effusive.

Gusset, gu'ct, n [Fr gousset aimpit gusset]

a fues a ta an offen afra, w'r's ofa, The

picce of cloth covering the aim pit in a shirt,

2 smill piece of cloth inserted in a garment to

stiengthen or enlarge some part of it

Gust, gust, n প্রচে কটিকা, আবা ফ প্রকা বাবু, সম্বা বাহান, A sudden blast of wind — প্রচন্ত বোধ প্রকাশ, আকল্লিক বোগবাদ্দীপন, A violent burst of passion. Syn — Squall, blow, gale, stiff breeze, sudden passion, fit, paroxysm

Gust, gust, Gusto, gustō, n [L gustus, taste] जात पूज, जानरवार, Relish putification — श्राचानन

ক্ৰিবার শক্তি , উপ্ভোগ , Capacity for enjoyment a = gustatory. Syn .- Zest, gustation, savous, [ Pertaining to taste Gustatory, gusta-tor-i, a चानविक, ऋषान, Gusty, gusti, a. अहिकामकून, अहमूक, Stormy, tempestuous n=gustiness. Syn -Windy, squally, blu-tering Cut, gut, n as, The intestinal canal of an anımal - v t अत्र वाहिद-कृ, अञ्चरीन कृ, To take out the bowels , eviscerate , disembowel — ৰুগুন [Agun 7. To plu ider Gutta-percha, guta-percha, # विद्यान विराम । Gutta-serena, n অৰতা, দৃষ্টিংনতা . Amaurosis blindness caused by a pulsied retina or optic Gutter, guter, n [L gutta, a drop] अनं जी. हारम्ब डलनिर्ममन नाली, Watter channel - नर्फम्। Apfd, Watter channel of streets - 1 : Afras ह (वाडि (य ने कविंग शनिवा भड़ा , To be hollowed to run down in drops, as a candle. Syn -(n Channel, conduit, tube pipe. Suttural, guiur-al, a [ L guitur, the throat ] वर्श वर्शनी मधकीत , Pertuning to the throat formed in the throat -n. 4579, A letter pri nounced in the throat ad=gutturally. Guttural letter, " ककेन्दर्भ Guy, or r क न दक्ष पैक वर्शिवांत दक्क A rope or rod attached to any thing to steady it -ce . atta af. A queer figure Guzzlo, Ju l ৩ ৷ উদাবের জায় ভোজন-কু , সর্কনা 9 47 To wallow liquids greedily, drink frequ ntly - - वाधव न कान्यात अक्न-क , नल ध-449 \$ , to willow much or often n-guzz Sin Dink, suddle, carouse, tope, quite will wig gorm indize Evmnasium, jim-niri um, n वाह्यभनानां, Place teres i iscef the body plagymnasia ymnast, i mnist, n diala fama, aifrirai? O) who to the or practises gymnastics Symnastic, jim-nasti , Gymnastical, jim na tin al a कार म भयभ क, Pertuning toath'e ic ! [ exerci (5 ca ruses an=gymnastically Hymnastics, jim-nastiks, n. 4714/4, Athletic

nos, naked, sophos, wise ] (यांगी , मांशा नवाामी : Indian philosopher walking bare footed; Gynarchy, jinar-ki, n [Gr gyne, a woman, arctre, rule ] প্রীশাসন, বমনা-বাজ্য, Government by a female. Gynecocracy, jun-e-kokra si, Gynecocrasy, jin e okra-si, a [Gr gyne, a woman, krated, to rule ] श्रीनामन, Government by woman, fe-[ vant at Cambridge. male power or sway. Gyp, jip, n. কেবিভা কলেকের ভুতা, A college ser-Gypsum, " शांकु वित्नव , A mineral, consisting of sulphate of lime and 21 percent of water -When burnt to drive off the water, and ground up, it forms plaster of Paris Gypsy, Gipsy, Gypsey, pp'si, n. One of a wandering race originally from India - 1874. Vazabond, fortuncteller — প্রবোক, ডাইন, A cunning or crafty person

Gyrato, pirat, v : [L gyratum, to move in a cucic] চ্বাহারে পতিঅধ-ক, কেন্দ্রের চড়দিকে পরিঅমণ ক, To move spirally, whirl round in rings:
—n চলচি (ination a=pyratory
Gyration, proshum, r ত্রেকার পরিঅমণ, চক্র-

ল'ত, A turning or whitling around, a circular niction [a circle. 'প্ৰেবেচ্ছ, jira tor-i, a চ্ছাপ্তিশল, Moving in ২১ ro, jir n [Gr gyi is, a rin , tound] যুগ্ন; চত্ৰগত িবল a circular motion

Gyrfalcon, Gierfalcon, jer'-faw kn, n. বৃহ-দাকাৰ বাংপকী A large filcon, a species of himk — শিৰ ীপনী, A bild of prey

Gyromancy, pito-man si, n [(ir gyros, a circle, mantica divinction] তেজাৰ পাৰা, A k nd of divination by walk n in circle.

Gyroscope, pio kop n Gr হাত s, a circle, and skette to see | চিমুন্ত প্ৰতি স্থাত কৰিছ য়ে মা appara us shewing to the eye the effects of latition

Gyvo, pr. দ নিগদ প শব বেটি Felter, chun ter the legs — চ t নিগণ্ড কু, পাবে বেড়ি ৰে, Co fetter, chain

## П

田一子ণালী কৰিবলৈৰ অইম বৰ্ণ আমার, The ch

Lia, hi intery আ , বিশ্বস, আনস বা ছংগত্তক শক An exclamation of surprise, joy, or grief— ৩ t ইডস্ক: কু, বিশ্বস্থাৰাৰ কু, Io hesitate, to express surprise

Habeas-corpus, hibe-as-kor'pus, n [L. haleo, to have, and corpus, the body] কতসাহেত্র সন্ত্র অপ্রাণীকে উপস্থিত ক্রিবার প্রভ্যানা
অব্যাহকারণপ্রশাবার নীমা'সার্থ অবস্ক ব্যাক্তকে বিচা
বা ন্য় সান্ধন এক কারাধ্যকের প্রতি আবেশপত্র, A win

for producing a prisoner before a judge and show no why he is confined

Happy Isonor, happy-dish et n দুঁণ কিছা প্রভৃতি কর্পার বিদেশা, De lier in small wares, such as riobons, tapes

Habordashery, haber dash-er-1, ন পণা জ্বা; ছুচ কিডা এখতি বিজেৱ ব্যৱহাত, Goods sold by a haberdasher.

Happreson, ha-b<sup>2</sup>1'je-un, n থাবা ও বক: রক্থার কথ, A cost of mun or almour to defend the reck and breast. Habiliment, ha-bili-ment, n [Fr. habiller, to dress—L. habilis, fit, ready] বেশ, পৰিচ্ছদ, পোৰাক, Dress, garment, Syn.—Vestments, robes, clothes, garb.

Habit, habit, n [L habitus, state, dress] বেশ, পারজ্জ, Diess — প্রকৃতি, Temperament — জঙ্গা, বৈতি, Practice, custom — ব্রীলোকের কোট, A closely fitting coat worn by ladies — v t. সন্ধিত-কু, পোবাক-কু, To dress, clothe, array Syn:—(n) Garment, gaib, habiliment, constitution, temperament, disposition, custom, usage, wont, practice way, manner, mode

Be in the habit of—কাহাৰ জ্ঞান থাকা, Be accustomed or used to (followed by a present participle) [ the dress or garb of In the habit of—কোন বেল বা প'ত্ৰুল পৰিবা, In Habitable, habit-a-bl, a [L hubito, hubitatus, to inhabit] বাস-ঘোগা, That may be inhabited or dwelt in ad=habitably, n=habitableness

Habitant, n ানংদী, Inhabitant. Habitat, habit-at, n জাব ও উদ্ভিদেব স্বাভাবিক বাদ স্থান, Natural abode of a planet or animal

Habitation, hab-i-táshun, n ব্যতি, বাসগৃহ, Place of abode, a settled dwelling, a residence Syn —Domicile, house, mansion, home, residence, habitat

Habitual, ha-bi'd-al, a. অভ্যাসলক, ব্যবহারসিক অভ্যাসগত, Customary, usual, common Syn — Accustomed, ordinary, regular

Habituate, ha-bitu-ai, ৩ ঃ অভান্ত , অহাস শিক্ষা দেওবা , To accustom , to inure Syn l'amiliarize, train.

Habituate (oncself) to—কোন বিষয়ে অভাত হ,
Make oreself familiar with (by use or acc)
ciation). [habit of
Bo habituated to—অভাান বাকা, Be in the
Habitude, habitud, n অভান্যাপের অব্যাতা,
ব্যো, অভ্যান, তেয়াত, Custom, habit, usual
manner

Hacking cough—বঙ্গাৰ কাশ, A broken, troublesome cough.

Backle, hakl, n পাট বা শণ আচডাইবার চিকণী,
An instrument with teeth for sorting hemp or
flax —v t. চিক্নণী ছাবা পরিস্থাব-কু, খণ্ড খণ্ড-কু, To
dress with a hackle, to tear rudely asunder
Syn —(v) Hatchel, rend, lacerate, question
sha p'y.

[broken, as if chopped
Hackly, hackli, a বন্ধব, অসমপুঠ, Rough and
Backney, haknt, n. ভাডাটিয়া ঘোড়া, A horse
kept for hire —বেতৰভোগী, A hireling —বেজা,
A prostitute —v. t. ভাড়াটিয়া গাড়িতে কইবা বাড্যা,

To carry in a hackney coach — অভ্যত-কু; ব্যংহার কু, To use much — a ভাড়াটিয়া; Let out tor hue — সকলো ব্যক্ত, Much used — মুন্তারিগা. Prostitute. Syn — (a) Hack, hued, common, worn out, trite.

Hackney-coach, hakin-kōch, —carriage, n. ভাদটিবা গাড়ী, Coach let out for hire

Hackreyed, a ভাডাটিয়া, সাধারণ, অতিরিস্ত ব্যব-হুণ, Hack, common, used much.

Had, pa t and pa p of Hame Haddock, haduk, n महत्रा विस्ति, A sea-fish of

the cod family

Hades, hider, n মুক্ত ৰাজিদেৰ আবাস, মুক্ত ব্যক্তি-াদগেৰ বাদস্থাৰ, যমা যায়, প্ৰলোক, The abode of the dead, the place of departed spirits

Hady, " भहा पाउ , Pilgrimage to Mccca.

Hadyı, " etfer, A pilgrim

Haomal &c. sec Hem il &c

Haemoglobin, he-mo-globin n [ Gr haima, blood, and L gl bus, a bund body ] যে পদাধ ইতৈ বক্তেৰ কাল বঙ্হৰ, The colouring matter of the blood.

Haemorrhage &c See Hemorrhage Haft, haft, n বৃটি, হতেল, A handle

Hag, hag, n ব্ৰুপা প্ৰী কদাকাৰ থালোক ভাইন; An usly woman, witch sorcies Syn — Visen a fury, beldam, sorceres

Haggard, hag'nd, a রুণ, কে ইণার্ছ কে, Lean; thin hollow-cycd — ৰূপান্ত, Wild untamed —n কদাবাৰ প্রী, Hig Syn —(a) Wayward, unruly grunt, spaic, meagre, wasted, wrinkled ghastly

Haggle, hag'l, v : দর করেবি বু বচবাকচনী-কু; ইছমেত দব-কু, fo be slowin makii g a bargain, luggle —v t অ ্য কাম বর্তন-কু কাটি। নঃ-কু, Fo cut in an unskillal manner, to mangle S)n —Notch luggle chaffer, prig, stickle.

Hagiographa, Hagiography, n pl migsized the list of the three Jewish divisions of the Old Testament, the lines of the saints a = haviographal

Hastographor, n वर्षश्रांत वा मान्योदनी लाएक; One of the writers of the Hagiographa, a secred writer

Hagiology, n [ Gr lagios, holy, logos, discourse | মাধু দুগেৰ বিবরণ, Hi tory of saints.

Hah, hat, intj 朝, An exclumation of wonder. Haha, hah i, n Same as la il aw

Hail, hāl, n শিলা, শিলাপুট, Frozen rain or grins of ice precipitated from the clouds — অভিযানৰ, A wish of health, a salutation — v. . শিলাবৃষ্টি-হ, To pour down masses of ice of frozen vapour — inter. অভিযানৰ, সংব্ধনাগৃহত অবস্থ, An exclamation of salutation — v ধিলাবৃষ্টিক, To pour down, as hail.— অভিযানৰক, সভাঘৰ-ক, To salute, to greet. Syn.—(v) Accost, address, salute, we know

Hailfellow—অন্তবক বজু, An intimate companion. Hailfellow well met—পুৰ মাধামাধি On easy familiar terms. [ stone or ball of hail. Hail-stone, haiston, n বিল, নিলাৰ্ভ, A single Hair, har, n. চুল, কেল, লোম, শুবা, An integument of the body or of plants; the whole mass of thread-like filaments forming a covering for the head or the whole body:—কুমানুভি বস্তু; অভি নামান্ত মুন্;: Any thing very small; a trifling value. a=hairless.

A braid of hair - करती।

Curly hair—अनव : हर्गज्यन। [braid—(यभे। Hair twisted together into a single Matted or clotted hair—अहे।

Not a hair of one's head shall be touched

—মন্তকের একগাছি চুল পদান্ত ছুঁতে পাবিৰে না, কিছুমাজ ক্তি কবিতে পাবিৰে না; Not the slightest injury
shall be done to one.

Not worth a hair—অধিক্তক ; Of no value.
One's hair stands on end—ভবে শ্ৰীৰ বোনাঞ্চিত্ৰ হৰণা, প্ৰেৰ্থটো দেৱবা; বোনাঞ্চত্ৰ, The hair of one's head stands erect from fear; the hair of one's body stands erect from fear, &c

To a hair - हुन रिव, With the nicest distinction.
To split hairs - हन रिव विशेष-क To make distinctions of useless nicety: - शृंहिनांहि-कृ; To dispute over petty points.

Hair-brained, a. 547; Giddy.

Hair-broadth, hār'biedth, Hair's-breadth, bair'-biedth, n কেশ প্ৰিমাণ বাৰধান, বেধামাত্ৰ; ltai's breadth, a very small distance:—a. স্ক্রি, Nirrow

A hair-breadth escape—আহেন জন্ম কোঁচে যাওয়া, (বেন এছট এইটে ) ভাগে, ভালে। পনিত্রাণ; অতি কছে গ্লামন, A very narrow escape; very narrow escape from ome evil.

Be within a hair's breadth of—এক চুসমাত্র ক্লং এখন নিমানে, স্থিপট্ট-ই . Be very near to.

Hair-brush, n. हुत चं। इन्हारवाव क्यू ; A brush for smoothing the hair.

Hair-cloth, ল. লোমনিন্দি বস্তা; Cloth made of Hair-drosser, n কোনিক, নাপিত, Barber, one who cuts or dresses hair.

Hairless, a. कमहोन , Wanting hair.

Hair-pencil, har-pensil, n. চিত্ৰ কৰিবাৰ তুলি; Bush of camel's hair.

Hair-powder, har-pow'der, n. চুলে দিবাৰ ক্ষন্ত হল্ম ওড়া; কেশেব নিমিন্ত চুৰ্ণ, Powder for the hairs. Hair-splitting, n আভি হল্ম প্রভেদ, The art of making nice distinctions—a. হল্মভেদ নিশায়ক কৌশল, Cavilling about trifles.

Hair-spring, har'spring, n. পকেট বড়ির ফ্ল প্রিং, A very fine hair-like spring on the balance wheel of a watch. { the flesh.

Iair-shirt, n. Shirt of rough hair to mortify Iair-stroke, har stroke, n. বেশাৰ সক টান; A delicate stroke.

Hair-trigger, hai'-trig'er, n. বলুকাদিব এক রক্ষ টিপকল, বন্ধারা অভি অন্ধ আঘাতেই বলুকাদি ছোড়া যায়. A trigger which discharges gun or pistol by hair-like spring.

Hair-worm, hāi'wurm, n. কীট বিশেষ; A worm like a horse-hair which lives in the bodies of certain insects. [ing hair. n=hairiness. Hairy, hār'i, a. লোমন; লোনাবৃড; Of or resembl-Hake, hāk, Hakot, hākut, n. নামুদ্রিক মধ্যা বিশেষ; A sea-fish of the cod family.

Halberd, halberd, স. পরত; টাজি; কুঠাব; Ari ancient weapon, a combination of battle-axe, spear and billhook with a handle.

Halberdier, hal-berd-er, n. টালিখাৰী নৈনিক; One armed with a halberd.

Haleyon, halsi-un, n. পাণীবিশেব; King-fisher:
—a হথকর; হাছির; শান্তিময়; Calm; peaceful;
happy. Syn:—(a) Quiet, undisturbed, serene,
still, happy. [ happy times.

Haleyon days— হথের সময়; Peaceful and Hale, hal, a. [A S. hal, sound, whole ] মুখ; সনল; Sound; robust:—n হিড, Welfare:—v.t. টানা; টানিয়া লইয়া বাঙ্যা; Pull; drag. Syn:— Healthy, strong, hearty.

Half, haf, n. একাৰ্কাংশ; আৰু · One of two equal parts —a. আৰু, আংশিক, Having or consisting of one of two equal parts .—ad. তুলা'শে; অংশতঃ; অসম্পূৰ্ণৰূপে; In unequal part or degree . in part; not perfectly. pl=halves.

Half a loaf is better that no bread—বেই মানাব োথে কাৰা মাৰা হাল।

Half seas over-হাতাৰ; Reeling; drunk.

Half the battle—কুতক(বা ক্টবার অন্ধেক, Half of what is necessary to success.

Half-bred, haf'-bred, a অণিকিত; অসত্য; Imperfectly trained, wanting in refinement.

Half-blood, haf-blud, n বৈশব্যেয়; বৈপিত্যেয়; Offspring of the same father or of the same mother.

Half-blooded, half-bluded, a. বিজাত; Produceed from a male and temale of different blood.

Half-breed, haf'-bred, n বিজাত; The offspring of Indians and whites.

Half-brother, half-bruther. Half-sister, n. বৈশারেম বাতা বা ভগ্নী; Brother or sister by one parent only.

Half-coaste, half-kast, n. ছিলু ও ব্ৰেণিীৱের সকর; কিরিকি; A person, one of whose parents belongs to a Hindu caste, and the other is a European. Half-cock, half-kok, n বন্ধের যোড়ার অধ্পতনাব্যা; Gun cocked at the first notch.

Half-crown, n. मूज दिल्ल ; 2s. 6d. [kiad. Half-hearted, a. निक्षर, निष्ठेव, Illiberal un-Half-moon, half-moon, n. अर्केट ; A moon half lighted. [amount of pay.

Half-pay, haff-pa, n. আৰু বেডন; Half the Half-penny, hapen-i. n. আৰ এক প্ৰনা; ইংল্ডীৰ ভাষ মুদ্ৰা বিশেষ; A copper com worth half a penny p/=half-pence. [intermediate tint. Half-tint, haf-tint, n. ছই রঙের মাঝামাঝি বঙ্; An Half-way, haff-wa, adv অর্থপথে; At half the

way or distance:—অসম্পূর্ণনে : Imperfectly; partially:—a. মাঝামাৰি; মধ্যতিত : Equally distant from two points.

Half-way, half-wired, a. চকল ; নিক্ষোধ;

ভরল বৃদ্ধি . Silly , foolish. Half-yearly, haf-yer'li, a. বাগানিক ; Occur-

Half-yearly, har-yer'h, a. वाजानक ; Occurring twice in a year :—ad. वर्ष वार्विक ; वरनाव इरेबाव ; Twice in a year.

Halibut, hali-but, n. मश्ता दित्यत : A flat-fish. Hall, hawl, n. चरत्र मानांच : मांपांच शृक् ; दिनानिम-मन्त्रि : Large room or building for public business; the edifice of a college. Syn —Vestibule, entry, court, public room, chamber, manor house; college

Hall-mark, hawl-mark. স. অর্ণাদির বিভদ্ধতা নিক-প্রপার্থ ভত্নপরি অর্ণবাবদিশের ছাবা প্রদন্ত চিক্ত, The mark made on plate at goldsmith's hall to show its punity.

Halleluish, Halleluish, hal-c-luu'ya, n and interj [Heb. hall'n, praise ye, and fith Jehovah] ধন্ত হউক; ভোৱে ব্যবহৃত বাক্য, A song of praise and thanks giving.

Hallelujah Victory—A victory gained by some newly-baptised breton, led by German, bishop of Auxone.

Halloo, hal-loo', দ্ধ মানবোগাকর্ষণ কবিমার ভক্ত আহ্বান A call to invite attention — দাবাদি, A call; shout:— দাবাদি, মাবাদি, An exclamation to call attention or encourage — দাহ নাম ধরিবা ভাকা, To cry out, call to by name:— দাহাছুরি-দে, চীংকারপুরুক উৎসাহিত কু, To encourage or chase with shouts

Hallow, halo, v t [A S há'ıg, holy] পৰিত্ৰকৃ, তছ-কৃ, To make holy, to reverence Syn —
Sanctify, venerate, consecrate dedicate, devete,
endrine

Helloween, halo-en, স প্রীষ্ট নদিপের উৎসব বিশেষের পূর্ববর্তী সাংশ্বরুজ . The evening preceding All-Hallows or All-Saints'-Day

Hallowmas, hatomas, n প্রীটানদিগের উৎসব-বিশেষ; The miss or feast of All-Hallows, All-Saints, All Souls

Hullucination, hal-di-sin-ashun, n ভ্ৰম. মতি বিভ্ৰম, ভাত্ত Blunder, delusion, illusion Syn.—Delusion, aberration, phantasm, dream, mistake, fallacy

Hallucinatory, hal-lu'sin-4-tor-1, a. ভ্ৰমণনৰ, জনায়ক, Partaking of or tending to produce hallucination

Halo, hálo, n [Gi halor, a round thrashing floor] হ্ৰ্যা বা চন্ত্ৰেৰ বেছক মণ্ডল, A ted circle round the sun or moon —দেবমুৰ্দ্ধিৰ মুখকতি ভাতিৰ্মণৰ, Bright glory around a saint head —v t. or v z. ভোতি: ধাৰা বেছল-কু, To form or surround with a halo. pl halos. Sin—(n) Corona, aureola, glory, gloriole.

Halser, han zer, n. affe, A rope for hoisting anything, a small cable.

Halt, hawlt, v. 1 পথিনথো অবাহিতি-কু, পথে তবন্ত'ন কু, To stop in wilking or marching — ১০েশ ক্সাব চলা, নেকচিনা ইটো, To stop lamely, hmp — ইতন্তত,-কু, To heatate — ছলোভক-ই, To have an irregular rhythm — সন্দিদ্ধ হত্তা, বিধা কৰা, To hesitate, to be in doubt — v ধ থামান, অব-হাপিত-কু, To stop, to cease; to cease marching —a পকু, Halting in walking, lame — n পথিবয়ে অব'হতি, গমনে বিহতি, A stop in marching —থগ্যতা, Act of hmping, lameness Syn —(v) Rest, pau e, falter, hobble (n) Stopping, stand, hmp, lameness, stammer, stutter

Halt between two opinions—কোন পক অব-লঘন করিতে হইনে ভাহা স্থিব করিতে না পারা; Be undecided as to which side to take, Halter, hawkier, n. বাগাডোর; পত বন্ধনার্থ হজু, ধান বড়ি; উব্ধন রজা; Rope for a horse's head, rope for hanging — চ কাস সভি লাগান, To put a halter on — বজা বারা বন্ধন-কৃ To catch or bind with a rope

Halting, hawlling, a. গমনে বিবত , নিক্ষের , Holding back , stopping , limping ad-halting y. Halve, hav v. t. বিভাগ-কু , ছই সমতাগে বিভঙ্গ-কু ,

To divide into equal parts.

By halves—আৰ (বঁচড়া থানিকটা করা থানিকটা না বরা, Half at one time and half at another; partially (not thoroughly). [share. Cry halves—সমান অংশ দাবি-কু: Claim an equal io halves—সম অংশ দাবি-কু সমান ভাগ বঙ্গা, if we an equal share—share equally

Halved, hand, a সমানাংশে বিহন্ত , Dirid into hilves; appearing as if one side were cut away Hulyard, Halliard, halyard, n জ হ তেব পাউশ, ম প্রস্ন প্রস্তৃতি ভূলবার ও নামাইবাব দড়ি, বাচি , A 10,10 by which yards, suls, &c. are handedor hoisted Ham, ham, n হাঁচুৰ পকাপ্তাগ, উক, কলা, In ter put of the knee, thigh, hip—শুক্তের লবগন্তে শুক্তাগ্রা, Smoked thigh of a hig

Hamadryad, hama-dri-ad, n [Gr hima, ogither, drys, a tree] दबरको दिन्स , A wood nymph. pl=hamadryads, hamadryads

Hamitic, hamitik a বোহার পুর হান কা ভাহার কালাকা সম্বাদি, Pertaining to Ham, a son of Nuh or to his descendents.

[ village Hamlet, hamitet, n পার, কুল কাল, A emil Hammer hamier, n স্বাদ, হাড়াছ, A tool for chang nails — v t. মুলার হাড়াছ কু. A tool for crite, beat or forge with a hammer — ম নান কিলা ভারাই ভারাই ভারনক, To centrive by intell tual labour Syn—Form make shape is c.

Living to the hammer— বিশ্বাধ বিশ্ব কু. Sill

by public action (the auctioneer giving a rap with a small hammer when a lot is sold).
Come to the hammer — निकास विकास की है।

Hammer and tongs—वन ७ मज भूतक, With

mammer at – পৰিশ্ৰম-কু , Labour at

Liammer out—প্ৰহার বাবা বাহিব-কু, Beat out Live hammer and tongs—সৰ্বদা বিবাদ-কু, To be always quareling

Send to the hammer — নিলামে বিক্রয়ত্টলার নিনিত্ত পানান , Send for a le by auct on

H immerman, hamer-man, n কর্মার, মুক্সা ত াথো গাল্কার, A smith, a hammeier

Hammer cloth, n नरहे-हालार द्व आहनाक्कांकन रख , The cloth for covering a coach-box

Hammock, hamuk, n. लावना , लाविका , काशांकव बन्ना नवा , Swinging bed ; sailing bed

Hamper, hamper, v. t আটক-ক, ণতিবোধ-ক, দুখলাবন্ধ-ক, To impede, to shackle, to embiass, to perplex —n. শুখল, A shackle, fetter Syn —Shackle, fetter, entangle, clog, encumber, restrain, hinder, impede

Hamper, hamper, n বৃদ্ধি, A large basket —

v t বৃদ্ধিতে ৰাখা, To put in a hamper.

Hamster, hamster, n. ইন্দুর বিশেষ ; এক জাতীর মুখিক , A species of short tailed rat. Hamstring, hamstring, n. ৰুজার বাংল; ৰুজার বিবা; Tendon of the ham:—v.t. ৰুজার বাংল কাছিল খন-ক; To lame by cutting the hamstring. Hamsper, hańa-pèr, n. [Low L. hanaperium, a large vessei for keeping cups in ] বৃড়ি; A royal treasure-basket.

Hand, hand, n. रह ; नानि ; The outer extremity of the human arm, consisting of the palm, thumb, and fingers :- विक् के कि ; Index of a clock :- कर्मानी; काहिशव; मज्ब, An agent or workman :- इञ्चलिभिव दीम ; त्लवात दीठ ; Penmanship :- কৌশৰ; Skill; dexterity :- আগত; अधिकाद : Possession :- मन्यानन : मन्यानन - (को भन , Performance ; power or manner of performing -- afofafe: An agent: - fre ; 414 , Side ; direction :-- চারি বুরুল পরিমাণ; Measure of four inches :- v. t. ET TINI-CY, To give with the hand :--পাণ দর্শন-কু: চালিভ-কু; To lead or conduct :- ( नोकांत्र भारेत ) कड़ान ; To furl, as sails. n=hander. Syn:-(n) Palm, paw; index. pointer; part; act, deed, influence, agency, chance, catch, take; check, control; conveyance, transmission; labourer, operative, artizan, employee. ( v ) Transmit, convey; conduct, lead, guide ; trim.

A note of hand—The (ATE; A paper acknowledging a debt and promising payment

At first hand - मूल हहेएड ; मूल दास्तित निक्छे हहेएड , From the original source.

At hand — নিকটে , নিকটে (সান বুঝার); Near, near in place: — আসম্ব; নিকটে (সময় বুঝার); Approaching; near in time.

At one's hand, At the hands of—কাহার হাতে বা বিকট হইতে, From (a person).

At second hand—অভের নিকট হইটে, অভেব নিকট ছনিয়া, Not directly from the original source; from hearsay. [person]

At the hand of—কাহারত নিকট হইতে; From ( a Be a good or bad hand at—দক্ষতা থাকা বানা থাক; ( কোন কাষা ) ভালস্ত্ৰণে কারতে পারা বা না পারা . Be skilful or unskilful.

Be admitted or allowed on all hands— সক্ষাণীসম্মত-হ, সর্কজ সীকৃত হওয়া; Be admitted everywhere and by all parties.

Bo hand and glove with—বিশেষ প্ৰিচিত ৬ অনুগত-ছ; Be intimate and familiar with — মাৰ্মাধি-ছ (অভিশৱ আহুগতা বুকায়); Be intimate with; be familiar with one.

Be in hand--- 表記 41本1; Be in preparation.

Be in the hands of—কাহাৰত হাতে বা ক্ষ্ডাধীনে ধ্ৰাকৃ , Be under the power of.

Boar a hand—t naut.) জ্বা-কু, Hasten — শিষ্ঠ সাহাধ্য-কে, সহাহভাষ ছবিত-হু, To give help quickly; make haste to help.

Bring up by the hand — वज्ञान " जित्रक नाजन-भागन क. Rear up, as a child, without suckling it [tool or instrument.

By hand—হত হাবা; With the hands, not by Carry things with a high hand—বংগজ্যানী হত্যা কাব্য-ক; Do things arbitrarily or imperiously.

Change hands—হতাত্তবিত-হ ; Change owners.

Clapping of hands—हाडडानि (बायनपूर्ण); Striking the hands together in applause.

Come to hand—প্ৰাপ্ত-হ, হাতে পাৰা, Be received. Fall into one's hands—কাহাৰত হাতে পড়া; Come under the power of one:—Pass to one's possession by chance.

From hand to hand-এক হ'ৰ হইতে আৰু হ'ৰ ; From one person to another.

From hand to mouth—ভৰিবাৎ না ভাৰিবা; কিছু সঞ্জ না কৰিয়া; যত্ৰ আন্ধ ভত্ৰ ৰাম এই ভ!বে; Without thought for the future, precariously; without previous provision.

Get or have the upper hand— গ্ৰাণ্ড কাড-ক ; Be superior : get or have an ascendency over.

Give one's hands to —কাহার পাণিগ্রহণ-কু; কোন পুরুষের পাণিগ্রহণ-কু, পতিত্বে বরণ কু, Marry any person; marry a man.

Go hand in hand with—এकज शांका: अकज प्रशिष्ठ शांक्ष्या याद्य ; मदक अप्तक आहेमा: मनानशांद हना ; Keep pace with, come along with.

Hand and gloves—প্ৰিচিত, Familiar; intimate. Hand down—প্ৰশাধত-ই; Transmit; in succession.

Hand down to—পরন্পরার চলিয়া জাইদা বা চালাইদা দেওয়া; Transmit in succession to one, ( as from father to son or predecessor to successor).

Hand in—ইপ্রিচ বিশরে; Under discussion:— বোক্টাকা, In ready money.

Hand in hand—একজে:—In union:—(কোৰ কায় হাতে) থানা, Undertake, be engaged upon.—নম্পূৰ্ব আৰু থাকা (হাতের ভিতর থাকা); Have under complete control.

Hands off-विद्रुष्ठ-इ ; Forbear.

Hund out—ছাব প্ৰান্ত সঙ্গে-য়া ; Escort to the door. Band over—জৰ্মণ্ড-কু , (প্ৰয়া ; Dehver over.

Hand over head — ধারিকেলাপুর্বাক; By passing the hands alternately one before another; rashly. Hand over to—হাতে করে বেওয়া; Give to; make over to

Hand to hand —শক্তর পতি নিকটবর্তী চইবা, হাতা-হাতি ; In close fight, in close encounter.

Hand up-Pass up

Have a hand in—কোন বিষয়ে হাত থাকা; Be concerned, have concern with, have anything to do with [disposal or sale.

Have on hand — ি কীৰ সম্ভ থাকা, Have for Have one's hands full, One's hands are full—কাহো নিজ্ঞ থাকে, নানা কাহো দপুৰ্ণ বাণ্ড থাকা, বঙ্গে লাকা; Be completely occupied, have in hand all that one can do conveniently, have planty of work to do.

[ Undertake.

Have of take in hand—কোন কাথেৰ তার লঙ্যা। Have the cards in one's hands—নৰৰ নিজেৰ এতিব,বে থ.কা। বেৰপ ইচ্ছা সেইৰপই করিতে পারে; Have everything in one's own power.

Heavy hand, n ए९ नीएन , Oppression.

Lay hands on—ধরা, হাতে পাঙরা; আছন্ত-কৃ, Seize, get hold of:—হাতে আসিয়া পড়া; Chance to find.

Lay violent hands on—মারা; পামে হাত দেবলা; Commit an assault on .—পাকড়ান, জবরদানি কবিয়া ব্যা, Soize forcibly. Lend a hand—পাহাযা-দে ( হাত দিলা কোন কার্য্যে কাহায়ত ) সাহায়-কু, Give assitance, assist ( with the hand ).

Off hand, Out of hand— অবিলয়ে, ডংকণাং; না ভাষিয়া চিত্তিয়া, At once, without preparation, immediately

Off hand—বিস্থ না কৰিবা; Without delay, hesitation or difficulty. [session or care Off one's hands—হাভছাড়া; Out of one's posoffer a person one's hand—পাণ্ডিংশৰ এডাৰ
ক্ ; Make a proposal of marriage — নাহাৰা
ক্ৰিবাৰ নিমিত্ত ছাত ৰাজাইবা স্বেখন, Present one shand with a view to help.

Offer one's hand to—পালিগ্ৰহণেৰ বা সাহাঘা-দানেৰ প্ৰবাৰ-ফু, To make proposal of marriage, to offer to help. [ possession

On hand—কাহাৰত অধিক'বে, হাতে (ধাৰা), I-On the one hand—একপাক, একদিকে, On the one side. [ বিকে, On the other side

On the other hand—লপৰ পঞ্চে . পঞ্চালত বা জন্ত One's hands are clean—নিৰ্দেখি , One is innocent of or free from guilt.

One's hands are tried—হাত পা বাঁধা থাকা (পাধানভাবে কম করিতে অকম), One is tectered or powerless to act freely.

One a right hand—প্ৰধান সংহাধাকাৰী, দ'হ'ৰ উপৰ সমস্ত কাৰ্য্য নিভৰ কৰে, One's chief supporter, one's chief assistant.

Out of hand-क्निवल, এकवाद, At once, directly, without delay, immediately

Shake hands with one, Shake one by the hand—সাকাংকার বা বিদাৰ এইপ্তালে বব তথ্ন ক Salute by grasping the hand and shaking it (at meeting or parting)—িব্যাল স্বাহ্ম পেন ক্রার পুলা ছাপিও ত্রার প্রাহার পুলা ছাপিও ত্রার প্রাহার পুলা ছাপিও ত্রার প্রাহার পুলা ক্রান্ত কর্ম কর্ম কর্ম করিছার করিছার

Take in hand—চেষ্টা-কৃ. বোন কাযো হাত-দে, (কোন কাৰ্যা) হাতে লগ্যা, Attempt, undertake — কাহাকে নিজেয় ভদ্বাবদানে বাধা, Take under onecare

To be on the mending hand—থাবোল হ. To be convalescent or improving [nocent To have clean hands—নিৰ্দোধী হ. To be into hand, Is to hand—পোচবাহে, Has reached us or come to us.—খাহা পাওবা বিষাহে, That in our possession—যোগাৰ, Occui to one.

Try one's hand at—কোন বিষয়ে হ'ত প্ৰাক্ষা করা , কোন বিষয়ে ক্ষমতা, পরীক্ষা-কু, Try (for the first time) one's power or skill in.

Turn one's hand to—ৰে কোন কাৰ্য্য ইউক হাতে-কু, (সুন্দান্ত কৰিবাৰ ক্ষমতা আছে এই তাৰ). Set one's hand to, take in hand (used of versatile persons and implying a power of taking up a new occupation readily). [in hand Turn one's right hand to—হাতে লওলা, Take Under hand of—হতাকৰ বা সাকৰ বাৰা সংমাণিত-কু, Authenticated by handwriting or signature of. Under one's hands—হতাত, Under the power of one.

Walk hand in hand—হাত ধরাধরি করিয়া বা পাশাপাশি হইয়া বেড়ান, Walk side by side. Wash one's hands of a thing—বোৰ জালৰ-ফু, নিৰ্দ্বোধী-হ, হাড ধুইষা কেলা কোন বিষয় হইডে নিবৃত্ত বা সম্পৰ্ক বৃহত্ত-ফু, Profess innocence, to declare that one has nothing to do with; disclaim all further connexion with, have anything further to do with

With a high hand—জববদন্তির সহিত, বেজা-পুরুক; গর্জিত ভাবে, Arbitrarily, inperiously, arrogantly.

With clean hands—नर्ज्यकाव निर्माक , निर्णाण , त्राप त्याप त्यापी न्या , Fice from guilt of .uny kind , with blameless life. [ इहेया | With clean hands with innocence—(कार्यक

Hand-barrow, hand baro, n হস্ত দারা চালিত খন, ংজ্ঞানিত চক্ষীন বান বিশেষ, A vehicle boine by mens hands, without a wheel

Hand-bill, handbil, n. ঘোষণাপত্ত , বিজ্ঞাপন-পত্ত , Printed sheet for circulation

Hand-book, handbook, n সকলে প্রয়োজনীয় পুস্ক । বাদ প্রস্থা, উপক্রমণিকা , A book of reference for the hand , a manual. [ A palm

Handbroadth, handbredth, n তালাছ, কণতল . Handvart, handkart, n তাতগাতি . A cart drawn by l and

Handouff, narchul, n 美速を作。 Fetter for hand ーヤイミシャン To put handcults on Sen - Fetter, minick, shield

Hindfull, hanciul া প্ৰতৃতী, অৱ সংখা বা প্ৰাণ্ As much as the hind will hold, a small number or quisatity p<sup>\*</sup>=handfuls

Hand-gallop, hand-galup, n আধ্যন বিভিন্ন গতি গতি . An casy ga lop in which the hand presses the budle to restrain the speed of one horse

Handglass, গ টেডিটে গছ বলপথ বাণালি বাবা বিশুত পত্ৰে. A small plazed frame used to pource plants

Handi-eap, handi kip, n of their cuiting, (16.5, A race in which the horses carry different weights, according to their age and character for speed to to equalise the chince as much possible —v i title, for hamper

Handieralt, hand-brait : পিছ, ইয় ছাবা সম্পা-পিট, শিবৰ Manual occupation, work performed by the han J

Handierafteman, hindi-kraftsman, n. निही

Handi-work, handi-wurk, n. শিৱকর; বৃদ্ধি বাজ, Work of skill or wisdom.

Handkerohief, hang'kerchif, \* क्यान ; Lines to wipe the face or wear on the neck.

Handle, handi, v. t. [A. S. handlan, to touch লাল কু, Touch with the hand:—নিকাহ-কু; চালিড কু, Wield; manage:—বাধ্যা-কু; আলোচনা-কু, To discourse on; discuss:—বজান-কু; To practise:—v.t. হত চালনা-কু; To use the hands:—n হাজেল, হাডল; বাট: Haft; that part of a vesse held in the hand when used Syn.—(v) Manipulate, use; feel, treat well.

A handle to one's name—কোৰ উপাৰি; A tittle such as "Raja", "Rai Saheb".

Give a handle to— স্বোগ-বে, Furnish an oc casion or pretext for.

Handless, handles, a হত্তবি , Without hands. Handmade, a হত হাবা প্ৰস্তুত , Made by hand. Handmaid, Hand-maiden, a দানী , চাক্ৰাণী প্ৰিচাৰিকা , A female servant , maid-servant

Handsel, handsel, n দাদন, দান বাঘনা, Earnest, gift —প্ৰথম বিক্লবা ব্ৰহার, The first sale, the first using of a thing —v t ব্ৰহাৰ-কু, প্ৰথম উপহাৰ দেওবা, To use or do anything the first t me, to give a handsel.

Handsome, hundsum, a সম্পৰ, Good-looking, beautiful — সদাৰ্থ, উপাৰ, Liberal, generous— ব্ৰেছ, Ample, modirately large, n=hand someness ad-handsomely. Syn—Picity elegant, graceful, comely becoming, plentiful Handspike, handspik n হত্ত্বাৰা ঢালিভ উত্তোপৰ কৰু, A bar used as a liver.

Hand-writing, handrit-ing, n হতাকরের ছাঁদ হতাকর, Chirography, cast of writing peculiar to hand

Handy, handi, a मिश्र नवृश्य , (कोमनी , मक Dixterous , skilful , convenient — निकडिश्व , Near S,n —Adroit, ready , convenient

Handy-work -Same as handrunk

Hang, line, া পুলান, লিছি রু, lo suspend

-ফালি লে, lo kill by su pending and choking

-ফাজি কু To decorate with picture & cas a
wall স মাধিত কু, lo iffecto — া লকানি ই
To be suspended drugge — দেখিলত হ, lo
drag — মুলাভিছ, Fo linger — n খোগ The
manner in which one part hings upon another,
connection, arrangement — কৌলন, Plan
Si, —(1) Incline bend ittach, drape, exe
cute, dingle, droop depend, rely on, rest
ching, hover float about

Hang about — বুরিবা নেডান, I ofter about — বিশ্ব ফু Lineer — তার ংকে থাবা, Move to and i o in the neighbourhood of (threatening by or watchfully) fume idiy, to Intel Hang around — আল্লো সমূল বাটান, I o pies the

Hang back - निवय र पाइट जा होशे Holdback he state, feel reduction to proceed -- পশ্চত

अहियां या , अकारणम-१ lo recede

Hang by (cron) a thread—এৰ পই সভাবে কুনি বকন ভিএল ব হওবা, আৰু টেকনা থাৰ বা হওবা আনমূল দিন্ত হওবা, সকটে পদা নিপাৰ পভ নোমুশ ক, B in a very pre rious position of condition, hing by a very slight hold, be in suspense be in imminent danger, be in a critical situation

Hang down-লক্ষান-ছ, Be suspended, lean over —ৰঙ কু, Band down

Hang down one's head—লজ্জাৰ মন্তক অবনত-কৃ, লক্ষাৰ যায় থেঁট কথা, Bend down one's head out of shame

Hang fire—বিবাৰে কাৰ্যকাৰী হ , Be slow in exploding be slow in takin, effect [ pence Hang in doubt—সন্দিধাৰণায় থাকা , Be in sus Hang in officy—কাহাৰ প্ৰতিস্থি কৰিয়া কাৰ্য-কে, il ing the image of a person.

Hang on or upon—নির্ভর কৃ, Depend on, rest on —সংলগ্ন থাকা, পনা জডিয়া ধরিয়া থাকা, Adhere to, cling to.—হা কবিয়া গুলা, মনোবোগপুর্কক প্রবণ- ক, Listen with attention to — নিৰ্ভৱ করিয়া **বাকা**; Be dependent on

Hang on the lips, words &co-বজ্তার মুখ-ছ;

To be charmed by the eloquence. [dispay.

Hang out—অবাশ-কৃ, Expose to view, to

Hang out the red flag—বুছের সংহত-কৃ, To

give signal of battle

Hang out the white flag ব্যুতার চিত্ত বন্ধণ শেত পালা উত্তোলন কু, To ask quarter, to give a

sign il of submission

Hang to-- म नश्च- इ , नांत्रियां शोकां , Ching

Hang together - এবারত ২ নিলিত থাকা, To be united, to icmain united - স্বত হ, To be self-consistant.

Hang over—বেহ্বলত: নত হ, Bend affectionately over —প্ৰদেশ কু To project —আসৱ-হ, ঘাড়ে খোৰা, Impend over, to the caten —আজ্ব কৰিয়া থাকা, Overcloud

Hang up -- লখ্মান হ, Suspend -- জ্মীলাণ্ডিত জ্ব-ভাষ থাকা To suffer to remain undecided.

Time hangs heavy on one's hands—সময় ভার ফলগ বোধ-ছ, (কোন কাজ না থাকিলে সময় যেন বাটে না এছ ভাবে), Lime proves tedious (through want of occupation)

To get the hang of—জভানবশত: শৃত্যাল শিকা-কু, Fo learn the arrangement of, become accustomed to

To hang by the eye-hids—সাধান্ত স্ভায় স্লাল . I o ning by a very slight thread

Bo hanged, drawn and quartered—কানি হওয়া এৰ লাম্ কৃষ্টী ৰ হিব কৰিয়া মৃত্যুক্ত কৰে ওও বত কৰিয়া ফুল্ডি করা Be han ed and subjected to the crosse trinsult that c in be offered to the dead Hangdos, n যে কুয়ুর কানি কটে কুনিবার যোগা, One who is worthy of the gallows

Hanger, hang'ei, n. ভরাবী A short broad sword — বাদা ধাবা কেন বস্তু লখিত হয়, I hat by which a thing is hung

Hangor-on, hang ci on, n অধীনত লোক, গ্ৰহত, অভিতৰ , A dependence, an importunate acquaintaice

Hanging, hanging n কানি. Death by suspen ion - p/ বাকা বালিক বস্তু I spectry —a. প্রাক্তিক D serving death by the halter

Hanging gardons- ুত দোহুলামান বাগান, (under in terral or in gloch and one another. Hanging judge — উন্নত্তন পাণ্ডত দানপ্ৰেয় বিচাৰক; (In tond of hinging cuminals

Haneman, hang man, " चांडक , महकादि बलांच : A pul he executioner

Hank, hingk n 交易 不同 (利制, Two or

Hankor, hangver, ত ঃ ইজা কু, কপা-কু, To lore for - বুণিনা স্কোল, To hin a about Syn:
—Il inger for, covet years for, lust for

Hanse, hans, n [O Ger ha isa, association]

Hanso towns, n বাজ্যি-সংবক্ষাৰ্থ খ্রীনীর ছালশ শুভাগীতে নিশিত জন্মানীৰ ক্ষেত্ৰী নগৰ, Certain cities in Germany, which leagued together for the protection of commerce about the 12th century Hanseatio, a উক্ত নগরসমূহ বা তাহাদের সমিতি
স্বন্ধীৰ, Pertaining to the Hanse towns or to
their confederacy [superior cab
Hansom-cab, n গাড়ি বিশেষ, বান বিশেষ, A
Hap, hap, n [icel happy, unexpected good fortune] দৈব, ভাগা, ঘটনা, Chance, fortune ac
cident Syn—Casualty, lot, fate. [accident
Hap hazard, hap'hazard n দৈব ঘটনা Chance
Haploss, hap'les a মুর্ভাগা, অমুখী Unlucky
unhappy ad=haplessly Syn—Luckless un
fortunite, ill-started, ill-fated

Haply, ad দৈৰাৎ, হ্ৰভো হইলেও ছইতে পাৰে, বেধ হব, lt may be, perhaps

Happen, t. s ঘটা , সংঘটিত-হ To befall , fall out Syn — Take place, occur, betide bechance, supervene

Happiness, n নোভাগা হব , Pleasure felicity , blessing Syn —C ntentment, bliss blessedness welfare well leng prespents

Happy, hap: a সেতাপালা ৈ ভাগাবাল hortunate lucky — কেলালী দক নিগুল Dexter ous — আনুন্দত্ত আনুন্দত্ত বিশ্ব কিবাল কিলাল দিনে tour de light d — উপক্ল Str k nelly appropriate a a speech — কলক্স Propitious faxou ible adhappily, r=h appiners Syn — Elessed liest blissful, pleased grit fied glad joy ous merry thesome successful ready expert season able opportune felicitous

As happy (or merry) as the day is long
— নিৰ্পতিত্ব স্থী, Happy all the day perfectly

Harangue, harring n বছুতা A popular ora tion, a public addiess, diclamatory speech declamation — t বছুতা ক lo deliver a harrangue — v া ৰুক্তা ক lo address by a harangue n=haranguer.

Harass, hira of [Fr larger probable from harasse a very shield] বিষ্ট-কৃত্ৰ কৃত্ৰ ক

Harbinger, har bin per, n জহগনী 'ব দুঠ
A forc runner cou ier, enso, — r ক হ
গ্ৰন্ত, আহগামী ছ পূৰ্বে হলতে জ্ঞান কৰ', ি
precede and announce usher in

precede and announce usher in Harbour, har bur, n বন্ধ , পোডাইম Haren a pert for ships — জ এয় শব্দ, Any refuge or shelter — v t (জি-বি) সংবাৰ-কৃ To lodge to entertain — ৰুড় কটাত গলা-কৃ To protect a shifter storms — পোবৰ কৃ To indulge, a milice — v : আডিখা কৃ আংইম সংবা তি take shelter, to lodge for a time — গোপৰ-কৃ, To secrete (a thief) n=harbourless Syn — (n) Asylum, covert, sanctuary retreat, anchorage destination [charge of a harbour Harbourage, n আখ্যম Shelter, entertainment Hard, hard, a কতিন, মৃত, যন, Not soft, firm, solid, impenetiable — কিবাৰ Difficult to

un derstand — নিশার, হাণরপুঞ্জ, রাচ, উপ্র, Severe,

unfeeling harsh — স্বৰ্গান্ত , Containing salt — ক্টুকর Painful — ছুবোৰা , ছুন্ডানাৰা Difficult to please — কুঃনাৰা , কুন্নিয়া Difficult to ontrol or bear — অভাৰণৰ Unjust — বিকাশ Sour — ad. কটে , With difficulty — পরিশ্রম বারা , Diligently — নিতান্ত , Excessively — বলপুর্বাক , Vigorously , forcibly — বারভাবে With urgency . — সাগ্রন্থ · Earnestly n=haidness Syn — Puzzling, intricate, laborious arduous, oppressive exacting , rough, haish stern, austere ; unjust unreasonable , priching, bitter , meagic scanty griping avaricious , coarse, unparatable stiff constrained unyielding, stubborn cruel, abusive

A hard nut to crack—বিষম সম্সা, A great difficulty to be got over [ to. Be hard of—সহজে ক্রান বায় না Be impervious Be hard of hearing—কানে বাট-হ, Having the learing impaired, be unable to hear well, be somewhat deaf

Be hard up—वड अनोहें न गढ़ा, Be greatly pre sed by want or necessity — अर्थव होनाहिनि-ह Be in pecuniary difficulties

Be hard upon one—নিৰ্দৰ বাৰহাৰ-কু কাহাৰ দত্ত কঠিন ব বহাৰ কু, Treat one unkindly or oppressively

Dio hard — অৱশোদানা না কৰিছা মহা Die impenite it — প্ৰশাপণে বৃদ্ধ কৰিলা মহা , Die only after a desperate struggle for life

Go hard with one—বিশেষ বিপাদ ফেলা সুবিধন পড়া Cause serious trouble or danger to, expose one to cerious trouble or difficulty

Hard by—ছাত নিকটে Not fai off very near.
Hard up—ছাৰ্থৰ টানটানি আভাবকিষ্ট, Without money or resources, closely pressed by want
Hard upon—ৰাছাকাছি ( সময় বুঝায় ), Very near (in point of time)

Hard-drinker, n मांडान , Drunkard

Harden, haidn হ t কটিন-কু To make hard — দুচ কু, To make firm, to strengthen — পাপ কৰে পাৰিক-কু To confirm in wickedness obstinacy — কলৈ হৈ To make insensible — ফ ঃ কটন হ To become hard or more hard, to become strengthened n=hardener Syn — Indurate consolidate compact, fortify, nerve, hill ituate inure season, train, sear

Hardened, hirdind a কটিনীয় চ নিৰ্দন পাপাচরপে
দ্বেড Made hard unfeeling confirmed in
vice [উম্প্রি, Having stern features
Hard-faced, Hard-favoured, hard-favrd, a
Hard-featured, hard fcfurd, a অপ্রস্তুর ব্যবস্থ
Of hard coarse or forbidding features

Hard-fisted, hard fisted, a. \$71, Close-fisted, niggraidly [contested

Hard-fought, a जुनन, (पांत्रज्ज , Vigorously

Hard-fought battle-(यांव युद्ध।

Hard-handed, hird handed, a আকোষণ কর, বটন হয় কর্মণ, Having hands coarse from haid work harsh, rough [intelligent. Hard-headed, hard-heded a স্কুত্ব Shrewd, Hard-hearted, hard-harted, a নিট্যু, ক্রিয় হয়য় Cruel, unfeeling, nehard-heartedness. Hardinood, hardi-hood, n. ছামাহসিকতা; নিলৰ্জতা; Boldness united with firmness and constancy of mind; audacity; impudence. Syn:—Boldness, firmness, intrepidity; assurance, effrontery.

Hardiness, harde-ness, n. সাহসিকতা; Hardihood; boldness, firmness, assurance.

Hardish, hardish, n. কিন্তুপরিমানে কাটিভ ; Some-what hard.

Hardly, hardli, ad. करहे; With difficulty — कां ह ; कांहिर, Scarcely : — करहे । कर्न- छार ; स्वराधित ; कर्न-

Hard money. n. ( ( ) ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) | ( ) |

Hard-mouthed, hard-mowthd, a. কটিন মুখ . বে সহস্তে মুণে লাগাম লয় না , Having a mouth hard to the bit :— মুন্দ্ৰৰ : মুন্দৰা ; Not easily governed ; using hard words. [coarse part, of flax. Hards, hards, n. pl. লগেয় ব্যক্তিয়াল ; Refuse, or

Hardship, hardship, n. ৰষ্ট্ৰ, ক্লেশ; কষ্ট্ৰকর বিষয়, Grievance; trouble. Syn — Severe labour, toil, fatigue, oppression, trial, calamity, affliction

Hard-visaged, hard-vizेंग्रंत, a क्क्रभ ; स्वामूर्ड ,

Hardware, harduar, n. লোহতাত ; লোহানি-নিশ্বিত ক্ৰম ; Small wares of iron.

Hard water-পাতৃ বিমিত্রিত জল, Water containing mineral substance

Hard won, a অভি করে উপার্কিত, Obtained with difficulty or severe trouble.

Hard working, a भविश्रमी . Industrious.

Hardy, hardi, a. নিতীক; সাহদী; Bold, brave, confident:—দৃদ্, প্রমাজাত; প্রমাজিক, Strong; firm; inured to fatigue.—দৃদ্ধায়, কজাহীন, বিস্কা, Impudent ad=hardily, n=hardihood, hardiness. Svn —Brave, intrepid, stout, robust, lusty, vigorous, firm, stout.

Hare, hāi. ৯. শশক, ধ্রগস, A timid animal Hold with the hare and run with the hounds—কণ্ট ব্যক্তিক, Play a double and descitful game.

Harebell, har'bel, n. এক রক্ষ লভা; A fanciful name, given to a plant with blue bell-shaped flowers. [ Giddy, heedless

Hare-brained, hāi'brānd, a চপল; চঞ্লন্ডি; Hare footed, a. জতুপামী, Switt.

Hare-hearted, a. €]# ; Fearful.

Harelip, har'hp, n. ছিলোই, श्रीटरकांत्रे; शताकांत्री; Splitting of the lip a=hare-hpped.

Harem, hárem, n. অন্তঃপুর; অবরোধ; Woman's apartment; seraglio — (কাচাবত) গড়ী ও উপপত্নী-সমূহ; The collection of wives and concubines helonging to one man.

Harroot, hari'-kō, n উদ্ভিদ সংঘোগে ছৰ্ক্তিত মেখ-মাংসের খঙ, Partly boiled pieces of mutton, fried with vegetables; the kidney-bean.

Hark, hark, int. প্রবণ-কু; Listen, hear, attend. Harl, harl, n. স্থাবং পদার্থ; শণগাছের ছাল; A filamentous substance; the skin of hemp or flax.

Harloquin, här'le-kin, n. তাত , সৰ্ ; Buffoon. Harloquinado, här'le-kin-ad', n. সৰ্ ; অভিনয় ; A pantomine.

Harbot, har'lot, n. (वश); अनिका; वात्राधना,

Strumpet; prostitute:—a. ছুকাৰিনী; সুনাটঃ Wanton lewd.

Harlotry har'lot-ri, ল. বেছার্ডি; Prostitution. Harm, harm, n. কডি; আনিষ্ট আপকার; Injury; damage:—v. t. আপকার-ফু আনিষ্ট-ফু; To injure; hurt. Syn:—(n) Mischief, evil, loss, damage, detriment, misfortune; wickedness, criminality. Harm set, harm get—পরের মল করিতে গেলে নিজের মল হয়; Those who lay traps for other get caught themselves.

Out of harm's way—কোন বিপদ না ঘটে এমৰ ভাবে বা অবস্থাৰ · Safe from harm or evil.

Harmattan, n উক্ৰাৰ্ প্ৰবাহ বিশেষ; A dry, hot wind which blows for Africa.

Hermful, harm-fool, a অনিট্ৰব ; হানিজনৰ ; Injurious. ad=harmfully, n=harmfulness.

Harmless, harmles, a নিৰ্দোষী; নিরীই, আকত; Innocent; unhurt; unharmed. ad=harmlessly, n=harmlessness Syn:—Innoxious, innocuous, inoffensive, unoffending, uninjured, gentle

Harmonic, har-monik, Harmonical, har-monik-al, a. স্বৰ্থিছি; একা; Musical; concordant. Syn.—Harmonious, consonant, melodious, tuneful ad=harmonically.

Harmonics, har-moniks, n. pl. used as sing.
শক্ষিজ্ঞান . দ্বীভ্রাণ-বিদ্যা , The doctrine or science of musical sounds —pl. মধ্যের সন্মিলন;
The component sounds.

Harmonious, har-mohi-us, a. হ্পৰ; হ্পৰ্ববিশিষ্ট;
সমস্ব, একতাৰ, Harmonic; concordant:—মিষ্ট;
Sweet; mclodious — একাৰ্যৰ; Symmetrical.
ad=harmoniously n=harmoniousness. Sym:—
Concordant, consonant, tuneful, musical, mellifluous, correspondent, consistent, congruent;
friendly, amicable, eordial, agreeable, peaceful.
Harmonise, har'mon-iz, v. 1 একতাৰ-হ; মিল
বাকা; To be in harmony; to agree in vocal or
musical effect; to concord — মিলে ক্লে থাকা;
To be in peace and friendship:—v t. মিলিড-ফ;
ব্ৰতাৰ-ফ; ফ্ল বাবা, To cause to agree; to
bring into harmony. n=harmoniser. Syn:—
Accord, agree, correspond with; make harmonious, arrange, set in parts, adapt.

Harmonist, har mon-ist, n গাঁত-বচ্ছিতা : স্বীত-বচ্ছিতা : স্বীত-বচ্ছিতা : Composer of music; a musical composer .—Writer of a harmony of the gospels.

Harmonium, har-mc'ni-um, त. बान्।वज्रविद्यंव ; A musical wind instrument.

Harmony, hat'mo-ni, a [Gr. harmos, a fitting—aro, to fit] সমভাল; Concord; melody:—
একড়া, Agreement — মে সাহিত্য-পুত্তকে একই ঘটনাব বিষয়ে লিখিত সমভাবাপর বিভিন্ন বাকাসমূহ সংগ্রহীত
থাকে, A book with parallel passages regarding
the same event. Syn —Consonance, unison;
correspondence, congruity, fitness; peace,
friendship, good understanding.

Harness, har'nes, n. ব্যেতাৰ সজি; অবসজা; Furniture for horse and carriage; equipment; accourrements, tackling:—v. f. অৱ বাৰা সজ্জিত-ভু; To equip with armour:—অবের সজ্জা-দে; To put the harness on a horse.

Die in harness-কান কৰিতে কৰিতে বলা ; Die

while actively engaged in the discharge of one's duties.

Harp, härp, n. [A. S. hearpe.] বীণা; A musical instrument; lute:—v. t. বীণা বাজা; To play on the harp:—বারংবার উল্লেখ-ছ: To dwell tediously upon anything. Syn:—(v) Strum, thrum, be prolix.

Harp forever on the same string—এক কথা ক্ৰমাণত বলা; To be forever teasing one about the same subject.

Harp on or upon—ভূয়োভূম এক কথা বলা; অক্সের বিরক্তিকর হয় এমন ভাবে ক্রমিক একই বিবরে কথা কহা; Dwell on often or tediously; dwell tediously or monotonously on

Harp upon the same string— একই বিষয় কইলা খান্ খান্-কৃ; Dwell on the same subject with wearisome persistence.

Harper, harp'er, Harpist, harp'ist, n. वीपी-

Harpes, n. Rapacious monsters, having the faces of men, and the bodies, wings and claws of birds of prey.

Harpoon, har-poon, n. তিমি মংস্য মারিবার বল্লম; বৃহৎ মংস্য হনলার্থ বর্বী; Dart for striking and killing whales:—v. t. বড়লা ছারা আঘাড়-কৃ; To strike with the harpoon.

Harponer, har-pooner, Harponeer, harpon-er', n. ৰডশা নিকেপক: মৎস্য হনন-বৰ্ধা ব্যৱহার-কাৰী; One who uses a harpoon.

Harpsichord, harp'si-kord, n. वानाय वित्यव ; A harp shaped musical instrument.

Harpy, hār'pi, n. কল্পিত গৈতা; কল্পিত রাক্ষ্ম; A elfin bird of the Greeks; a fabulous monster:
—শোৰক; উৎপীড়ক; An extortioner:—এক জাতীয় নাগোলী পক্ষী; A species of eagle.

Harquebus, Harquebuss, Harquebuse, har'kwi-bus, n. এক প্রকার কামান ; Hand gun.

Harridan, har'i-dan, n. বৃদ্ধা বেখা; A decayed strumpet; prostitute; a hag.

Harrier, har'i-ër, n. কুৰুর; Hound :—এক জাতীয় শিকারী পাথী; A kind of hawk.

Harrow, har'ō, n. [A. S. hyrwian, herewian, to vex, afflict] লোট্ট-ভেদক বিদে; মৈ: Frame with spikes:—v. t. বিদে দেওৱা; To draw a harrow over:—বিষক্ত-কৃ: যম্বা-দে; To harass; to torment:—ছিত্ৰ-কৃ: ছিন্নবিছিত্ৰ-কৃ: To tear; lacerate Harrowing, har'ō-ing, a. হাদ্যবিদ্যক; ভীৱবাখা-দায়ক; Heart-breaking. ad=harrowingly.

Harry, har'i, v. t. ব্ঠ-কু; To pillage:—জান-কু; To ravage; to destroy:—বিজ্ঞ-কু; হামরাণ-কু; To worry, harrow. Syn:—Plunder, ravage, rob; disturb, trouble, harass.

Harsh, härsh, a. ৰটু; কৰ্কশ; Rough to the touch, or feeling, taste:—কটোৱ; Severe; crabbed:—
আনীব; Abusive. n=harshness. ad=harshly.
Syn:—Disagreeable, discordant, rugged, grating, jarring; sour, bitter; austere, morose, uncivil, bluff, rude, abusive, brutal, cruel.

Harshness, härshnes, n. কৰ্মণা; কটোরতা; Roughness; sternness; severity. Syn:—Acrimony, asperity, tartness. [fem=hind. Hart, härt, n. ছবিণ; The stag or male deer. Hart's horn, n. ছরিবের পুরু; The antier of the hart or male deer.

Salt of hartshorn—An impure solid carbonate of ammonia, obtained by distillution of hart's horn.

[ common British fern.

Hartstongue, härtstung, n. উদ্ভিদ্ বিশেষ ; A Herum-scarum, hárum-skárum, a. চকুল ; হা-কারী অসমীক্ষরৌ ; Hare-brained ; wild ; rash ; giddy flighty.

Harvest, harvest, n. ্A. S. harfest, harvest, autumn ] শাস্য সংগ্রহ করিবার কাল: Season when a crop is gathered:—শাস্য; ক্ষমল; Crop gathered:—কল; অমকল; The product of labour; consequences:—v. t. শাস্য সংগ্রহ-ক; To reap or gather (fruits &c.). Syn:—(n) In gathering, produce, crops; result, product.

Harvester, har'vest-er, n. শন্যসংগ্ৰাহৰ; শন্য-ছেনৰ; A reaper in harvest.

Rervest-homo, har'vest-hom, n. নবার; শ্না-সংগ্রহান্তে উৎসব; The feast itself; the feast at the bringing home of the harvest:—শান্যংগ্রহকালীন কুবকদের ক্ষীত; The song sung for reapers at the gathering of corn:—শ্না-সংগ্রহ-কাল; Time of harvest.

Harvest-man—শৃসা সংগ্রহকারী মজুর: Labourer Harvest-moon, hār've-t-moon, n. কণ্ট সংজ্ঞান্তি-কালীন চন্দ্র; Moon near the autumnal equinox, when it rises nearly at the same hour for several days.

Harvest-queen, harvest-kwen, n. পূৰ্বকালে শন্য গৃহে আসিলে যে দেবীষ্টি লইয়া ইংবাজ কৃষক উৎ১ৰ কৰিত: An image of Ceres, the queen or goddess of fruits, formerly carried about on the last day of harvest.

Has, haz, n. 3rd. pers. sing ind. of Have.

Hash, hash. v. t. বঙ্গ বঙ-কু; কুছিকুচি ক্রিয়া কটো Chop into small pieces und mix; mince:—r মিশ্রিত বাদা; কুটি কুচি মানে ও তবকারির বাজন; Tha. which is hashed; a mixed dish of meat and vegetables in small pieces.

Hashish, hashesh, n. ডাঙ্গ; ডাঙ্গ; A name given to the leaves of the common hemp, from which an intoxicating preparation is made.

Hasp, hasp, n. পতর; লোহার হাল বা আঁকড়া: A clasp; a clap of a padlock:—v. t. পতর মারা; To fasten with hasp.

Hassock, haśuk. n. পুটার ধর্মদলিরে ব্যবহৃত নোটা মাজুর; জাকু পাতিবার আসন; Mat cushion for kneeling in church.

Hast, hast, and pers. sing. ind. of Have.

Hastate, hastated, hastated, hastated, a. Shaped like the head of a halberd.

Haste, hast, n. ক্ৰডা; জ্বা; ক্লডানি ; Quickness; hurry; speed. Syn:—Nimbleness, rapidity, swiftness, expedition, despatch; precipitance, vehemence.

Haste, hāst, Hasten, hāśn, ৩. ৫. ত্রা-তু; ক্ত-চালিত-তু; To hurry on; to drive forward; expedite:—৩. ৫. ক্তর্গতি-তু; তাড়াভাড়ি-তু; To move with speed; to be in a hurry. Syn:—Push on; accelerate, precipitate; speed, press, hurry. Be in haste—তাড়াভাড়ি-তু; Be in a hurry; be quick (implying simply a strong desire to get on)

In haste—স্বৰ, Quickly. [very great haste In hot haste—ব্ৰ ভাডাভাডি, বাজনমত হট্যা, In Make haste—পাছ ৰীয় কোন কাব্য-কৃ; ৰীয় ৰীয় ব্যৱসা, Proceed quickly, be quick.

Hastinose, hī ti-nes, n ত্রা, Haste — অবিষ্যা-ধারিতা হঠকারিতা, Rashness, irritability. Syn —Precipit tion, speed

Hasty, histi, n. সহৰ, ছবিত, জত; Quick; speedy —অবিষয়কারী ব্যৱবাদীশ Rash —কুছ, কোষণীল Passionate Syn —Expeditious, eager, precipitate, irritable, easily excited, forward, early ripe

Hat, hat, n off . Cover for the head a cap, the dignity of a cardinal

Hat band, n A band round the crown of a hat Send round the hat, The hat goes round — চ দা কুলিবাৰ কন্ত চুপি লইবা অভ্যেকের কাছে থোৱা, Solicit subscriptions.

Hatable, hatabl, a 3115. That may be hated Hatch, hach, v f डिन कुछ न , डा दमक्यां , To produce, especially from eggs, by incubation -अधिमित्र के . वहनी के , উद्धारन-के . lo contrive , to plot to originate -- v. s. শাবক প্ৰদৰ কু, (ডিম) बुढ़े। To produce young - পरिशक विश्व উপनीछ-♥, কম ত্ৰে পৰিপদ হ, To advarce towards maturity -n. किम गुड़ीन, Act of hatching, the act of exclusion from the egg -একবারে যত ছাবা হয়, একবালে প্ৰস্ত শাবক্ষমূহ, Brood hatched — প্ৰকাশ, আবিকাৰ, Disclosure, discovery -ক্স भार , Half door , grated door or opening - मूज बात्वर बाष्ट्राम्न, The covering of a hatch way -ज्य द्वापक क्ष , A flood gate Syn -(v) Breed , quicken, plot, scheme, devise, contrive, concout , incubate

Hatch, hach, v t প্ৰাপেল বেধা বাৰা চিত্ৰপটে ছাবা বা অলকার দ্বান, (In painting and engraving) to shade by minute lines crossing each other. n=hitching

Be under the hatches—অবসম্-s. Be confined below — নিয় হ Bi in di tress.

Hatch an egg—fra ৰু b a B ing the young ones out of the eggs —পূৰ্ণ বৰৰ কু, (hence) develop a scheme or bring it into maturity.

Hatch a pot—ব্লিখা ৰ্নিখা কুমমুণা আঁচা, Concoct a plan, commit mischief

Hatch-way, hachwa, n জাইজেব একতল হইতে অক্তলে বাৰ্টবাৰ চাপ দৰজা বা কুল দৰজা, \n opening in a ship s deck, floor &c, covered by a hatch or trap-door.

Hatchel, hachel, n same as hackle Syn— Heckle, dress [Small axe Hatchet, hachet, n জন্ত কুঠাৰ, কুণালি, টাঞ্চি, Bury the hatchet—স্থিক, Make peace

Take up the hatchet—গুলো প্রবৃত-হ, Make war.
Hatchment, huckment, n কুল চিচাকিত কলকের
বৈষ্ট্র , গৃহাদিতে রন্ধিত মৃত ব্যক্তিব পদবী-চিচাবার . A
frame bearing the escutcheon of a dead person,
placed in front of the house, on a hearse or in
a church —ভরবারির বাটের উপর অলকার, An ornament on the hill of a sword.

Hate, hat, v t বৃণা-কু. To dislike intensely; abhor, detest:—n আতি মুণা; ভুজ বেগি, Extreme dislike, hatied. n=hater. Syn.—(v) Abhor, detest, loathe, dislike, abominate.

Hateful, hat-fool, a খুণাই, খুণিত, ছেন, খুণা-ব্যানক, Odious, detestable ad=hatefully n= hatefulness Syr—Abominable, execrable, loathsome, abhorrent, repugnant, repulsive, disgusting forbidding

Hatred, hatred, n. चाँउ द्वा, चाँउ । दिख्य ; Extreme dislike, malignity, odium enmity. Syn —Odium, ill-will, hate, animosity, malevolence, rancour, enmity, detestation, loathing, abhorience, repugnance, antiputhy [a hat. Hatted, hated, a. चित्रवाराञ्चालिङ, Covered with

Hafted, haled, a. শিৱস্থাণাজ্ঞানত, Covered with Hatter, haler, n টুপি বিকেতা বা একতকাৰী, টুপি-থ্যাবা, One who makes or sells hats

Hatti-sheriff, hati-sherif, n ভূমস্ব ফ্ৰডানের হুম্ম, A I urkish decree of the highest authority. Hauberk, haw'berk, n বৰ্ম বিশেষ, Steel ring; sleeviless coat of mail.

Haughtiness, haw'e-nes, n. পৰ্বা, অহলাৰ, উদ্বভা, Arrogance, insolence, disdain, contemptuousness, superciliousness, loftiness

Haughty, hawti, a [L altus, high] গৰ্কিত, উদ্ধৃত, অষ্কৃত, Proud, airogant, contemptuous n=haughtines, ad=haughtily. Syn—Scornful, imperious, insolent, superculious, contemptuous, disdainful, overweening

Haul, hawl, v t ভোৱে টানা, আকর্থ-কু, To pull with violence, drag — ঘাইতে বাধ্য-কু. To compel to go.—v i. জাহাজেৰ গতি কিরান, To change the direction of a ship, sail with a changed course—n. টানা, আকর্থণ, A pulling:—কেপ, জালের কেপ, A draught as of fishes n=hauler. Syn—Drag. pull pluck, tug tow, trail

Haul over the coals - saying, fake to task for short coming , to call to account Haulage, hawlag, n आक्ष-, Hilling —(कोक) आंकर्रायं धवना , Charge to hauling or pulling a ship or boat - आनम्भव मृतक I en th houl d Haulm, Halm, Haum, haum, a अंड , नमाहिन्द [ thigh , hind part बाडा . Straw , stubble. Haunch, hansh n कज्यां, करि, निज्य, Hip, Haunt, hant, v t [ A S hentan, to puisue ] त्रयन-कृ , श्विति :- कृ , To frequent — ভূত इत्या तान किश्वा (मर्था-त्म To infest as a ghost - अनिविकास अकान-कृ, To intrude on - १. श मर्त्रका डेशिइड-इ, To appear or visit frequently -n मकाना गांड-विधित चान, य द्वारन नियंड लाक अंडांगांड करन. A place much restored to. Syn -(v) Resort, re-I quented by ghosts. pair to visit often. Haunted house, n (अड-निगाम, A house fre-Hautboy, ho boi, n वानी विद्यव , मानाइ , Wind instrument - 47 facts , A large kind of straw-

Hauteur, ho'tur, n বৰ্জ, Haughty manner or spirit, pride Syn —Haughtiness, pride, loftiness, stateliness, dignity, arrogance, disdain.

Have, hav, v ধ অধিকাৰ-কৃ, ব্যৱাদ-কৃ, To own or possess. — এইণ-কৃ, প্ৰাপ্ত-কৃ, বাজ-কৃ, To accept; obtain ——( সন্ধাৰ) উৎপাদন-কৃ, To bear or beget

(young):—সম্পাদন-ক ; সপায়-ক ; To effect .— উৎ-পাদন-ক ; To cause :— ব্ৰিডে পায়া; Understand : — বাধ্য-ক ; To be under obligation. Syn :—Hold, occupy, acquire, receive ; take ; maintain, keep ; embrace, contain ; be obliged.

Have after - अनुशादन-कृ ; Pursue.

Have at—आजम् न ; Assail ; attack.

Have away—श्नाखिविछ-कृ ; Remove.

Have been to—( কোন স্থানে বা কোন বাজিকে দেখিতে) গিয়াছিলাম বা গিয়াছিলেন; Have visited or have gone to see ( a person or place ).

Have in, v. शावन-क ; Contain ; hold in.

Have it out with one (collog)—বিবাদ পেব-কু; (কাহাকে দেখে লগুয়া, এই ভাব); Settle a dispute with one:—বগড়া-কু; Have an altercation with one on any point.

Have on-Maria- 7: Wear.

Haven, havn, n. বন্দর ; নদীর মুখ ; Port :—আজির : Shelter ; an asylum. Syn :—Harbour : refuge. Haver-sack, haver-sak, n. সৈন্তদের থাদ্যাদি রাখি-বার থলে; A bag of strong linen for a soldier's provisions; a provision bag.

Havock, havuk, n. [W. hafog, havoc] ধ্বংস;
সর্বব্যাপী নাপ; Wide and general destruction;
devastation; waste:—v. t. ধ্বংস-কৃ; To lay
waste:—int. প্রাকানীয় মুগ্রা বা যুদ্ধকালীন চীৎকার
শব্ধ; A cry, used originally in hunting, afterwards in war as a signal for slaughter. Syn:—
(n) Desolation, ruin, ravage, slaughter, carnage.
Haw, haw, n. বেড়া; A hedge:—ফল বিশেষ; A
fruit; the berry and seed of the hawthorn:—
বিশেষ সংকাচ; সংকাচ সংকাহে উক্তি; A hesitation
in speech:—v. i. সংকাচনহ বলা; বলিন্তে সংকাচ-ই;
To speak with hesitation.

Haw-finch, n. পৃক্ষিবিশেষ: A small shy bird-Haw-haw, n. বেড়া; শুৱধাড়; A sunk fence or a ditch not seen till close upon it.

Hawk, hawk, n. গোল, শিক্রে পাথী; বাজ পঞ্চী; A rapacious bird; a bird of prey; a falcon:—মেন্সা নির্গমন; কাশ ডুলিবার চেপ্তা; A noisy effort to force up phlegm with noise:—v. i বালপক্ষী দাবাৰ পক্ষা শিকার কু; To catch birds with hawks:—উডনবালে আক্রমণ-কু; To soar or strike like a hawk:—মেন্সা নির্গত-কু; গামের তোলা; গলা ইইতে কাশ তোলা; To force up matter from the throat. n=hawker.

Hawk, v. t. জবা বিজয়াৰ্থ ঘোষণা-কু; জিনিস ফেরি-কু; বিজ্ঞাৰ্থ চীৎকার-কু; To carry about for sale; to cry for sale; peddle.

I know a hawk from a hand saw-I know one thing from another.

Hawker, hawker, n. কড়িলা; ক্ষু কুছ জ্বাৰিকেলা; কেরিওয়ালা; A peddler; a falconer. [sight. Hawk-eyed—তীক দৰ্শনশক্তি সম্পান; Having keen Hawse, hawz, n. জাহাজের কাছির অবহান বিশেষ; The situation of cables before a yessel's stem:
—pl. জাহাজের যে ছিদ্র দিয়া কাছি যায়; 'I'he holes in a ship's bow through which the cables pass.

Hawseholes, hawiholz, See hawse.

Hawser, hawzer, Halser, n. साहारकत काडि ; Cable ; a large rope.

Hawthorn, hawthorn, n. বেড়া দিবার এক বৰুৰ পাছ; পভা বিশেষ; Athorny flowing shrub or trees. Hay, ha, n. 04 51; Dried grass :- v. i. 54 64-5; To cut and dry grass for preservation.

Make hay while the sun shines—রৌজ
থাকিতে থাকিতে ঘান গুরুইবা নইবা; সমর থাকিতে
থাকিতে ছটাকা উপার্জ্জন (নিজের কাজ) করিবা লগুবা;
Take advantage of a favourable opportunity
while it lasts (to get money). [Heap of hay.
Hay-cook, hákok, n. বামের তুপ; ঘামের গাবা;
Hay-fever, n. জর বিশেব; সন্ধি জব; A catarrh
accompanied with fever and some times with
paroxyams of dyspnæa to which some persons
are subject in the spring and summer.

Hay-knife, n. খাস কাটিবার যন্ত্র; A sharp instrument used in cutting hay out of a stock. [hay. Hay-loft—তৃণ রাখিবার মঞ্চ; A loft or scaffold for Haymaker, hámak-er, n. অখাদির খাদ্যার্থ তুল সং-প্রাক্ত ; One who cuts and dries grass for hay.

Hay riok or stack, n. বানের কুণ : Hay raised in a pile or heap for preservation in the open air. Hazard, haźaid, n. বটনা : দৈব ; Chance ; accident :—বিপদ ; Risk ; danger :—দাতকীড়া বিশেষ, Game at dice :—v. t. স্বটে বিশেষপ-কু; দৈবে বিশ্বকুকু, To risk ; to expose to chance :—সাংস-কু, বিপদ্মস্কুকু, To venture ; jeopardise :—v. i. বুলি লক্ষা; To encounter risk, or danger. Syn:—(n) Casualty ; peril, risk, jeopardy. (v) Adventure, jeopard, peril, endanger.

At all hazard—বাহাই ঘটুক না কেন; যত বিপদ ঘটুক না কেন; Whatever the risk may be.

Hazardous, haźard-us, a. আন্দিত; Uncertain; dubious:—বিপদজনক; বিগংসকুল; Dangerous. ad. —hazardously. Syn:—Bold, daring, adventurous, venturesome; precarious, uncertain, perilous, dangerous.

Haze, hāz, n. কুজুঝটিকা; Fog; mist: -- অককাৰ;
অশাইতা; Obscurity. dumness.

Hazel, házl. n. বৃক্ষ বিশেষ; A tree or shrub:—a. পিকলবৰ্ণ; Of light brown colour:—উক্ত পাছ নম্মনীয়; Pertaining the hazel.

Hazel-nut, hazl-nut, n. এক জাতীয় কল; বাদাৰ; The nut of the hazel-tree. [hazel nut. Hazelly, a. পিললবৰ্ণ; Light brown like the Hazy, haze, a. কুল্মটিকামত্ব; Thick with haze. n= haziness. Syn:—Misty, foggy, cloudy; dim, obscure, uncertain, vague.

He, he, n. pron. থিনি; সে, ড্ডীর ব্যক্তি; Of the grd person; the man or male alluded to; any person:—a. পু: কাডীর; Male.

Head, hed. n. মন্তিক; মন্তক; Seat of the brain; that part of animal body which is the uppermost or foremost in the creature's locomotion:—
বৃদ্ধি; বোধশক্তি; Understanding:—নারক; Leader:—কর্ত্তী; Chief of a family:—অগ্রহাগ; সন্মুখ-ভাগ; Top; front:—বাক্যের প্রধান অংল; ডকের মূল কথা; A topic or chief point of a discourse:—নাগার উৎপত্তির ছান; উৎসমূল; অস্তরাপ; The source. as of a stream or river; a cape:—সক্ত; Crisis:—ক্ষতা; Power:—সমান ছান; The place of honour or command:—এক ব্যক্তি; An individual:—কোন ক্রেবার ছুল অংল; The longer, thicker or heavier part or extremity:—v.t. কর্ত্তুক্ত; শাসন-কু; To lead; govern, command:—অংশ

ৰাম-ছ; To go in front of .—বাধা-ৰে; কাৰ-ছ.
To check:— 

• গাভিয়া ভঠা; হচ্যৱ-ছ; To grow to a head:—উংগ্র-ছ, আছুবিজ-ছ, To originate, spring from:—কোন গিকে গাম্ব-ছ, To go or tend:—a. প্রধান; Chief, superior. Syn — (n) Summit, acme; fore part; noddle; mind, intellect, chief, chieftain, ruler, commander, commencement, beginning, rise, source, origin, topic, subject; class, division, section, branch, department, category, pitch, height (v) Direct, govern; get in front of, intercept, be directed, tend towords.

At the head of—আগৃক ইইয়া; As commander of:—সংশ্লোপাৰ; শীংস্থানীয়, At the top of —্বে খানে এখান ব্যক্তির বসা উচিত সেই স্থানে, Occupying the place of honour at .—সর্পন্তাধান, সন্ধান্ত্রগণা, The leader of, chief among.

At the head of affairs—রাজ্যের সর্বাদ্ধ কর্তা.
At the head of the government.

Be over head and ears—কোন কিছুতে ভূৰিখা থাকা, কোন বিষয় হেড় বিত্তত-হ, Be deeply involved or immersed in , be almost overwhelmed by.

Carry a high hoad—গৰিতভাবে বিচৰণ-কৃ, Bear proudly or arrogantly.

Come or gather to a head—কোড়া পাকিয়া উঠে, মুধ-২, Suppurate — ঘটনাৰ উপক্ৰম-হ, পাকিয়া উঠা, Come to a crisis or height, come to a clima

From head to foot—আপাদমন্তক, সর্কাশরীর, From top to toe, all over.

Gain or gather head—ক্ষে ক্ষে প্ৰবল-হ , Gain strength '—পাৰিয়া উঠা , Come to a crisis.

Give the head to—ছেডে-দে, ঘোডাৰ বাস ছাডিয়া দেৱলা, যে দিকে ইচ্ছা বাইডে-দে, Let go control, let go freely (as a horse), as, he gave his horse the head —আযন্ত না বাখা, Give up all control over Head and shoulders—বলপ্ৰ্যক, সালোবে, জোৱ কৰিবা, By force, violently.—আন্কেটা, By a great degree, by far.

Head or tail—চিং কি উপ্ত প্ৰণিট কি ছণিট, This side or that, the obverse or the reverse. Head over heels—হমডিখেরে, Heels over head;

with the heels upper most.

It never entered one's head—এটা মনে উদয় হয় নাই ; এটা যোগায় নাই ; It did not occu. to one

Lay heads together—মিণিত হইয়' (কো- বিব বেৰ) পরামৰ্শ-কু, একত হইয়া মুখ্রণা-কু; To rembine in a plan; to consult together.

Make head or to make head aga ns'-বাড়িয়া জড়ী হওৱা, বাধানানে কৃতকাৰ্য্য-হ, প্ৰতিংধ্বত্ত্ব; Resist with success — কাহাৰ বিপক্ষে অনুসৰ-হ,
প্ৰতিকৃত্তে বাঙ্কা; Advance against

Make neither head nor tail of it—মাধামুধ কিছুই বৃত্তিত না পায়া, Make out neither beginning nor end, make out nothing distinct or definite about it, be unable to see through it or understand it clearly.

Meither head nor tail—নাধান্ত কিছুই না; Neither distinct nor definite:—অসম্পূৰ্ণ; অনিন্তিত , Incomplete; undefined

Off or out of one's head—কিন্ত ; Insane. On one's head—নিজের কুক্তি, On one's own responsibility.

Out of one's own head-विना काशासा Without the advice or co-operation of another.

Over head and ears—मन्त्रीकान, In an extreme degree, entirely

Put over one's head—ভিন্নিরে উপরে ঙোলা, নীচের কর্মচারীকে উপরে বসান; Supersede one; place over one.

Take it into one's head—চিন্তা-কৃ, হঠাৎ কোন ধ্যোল-হ, Imagine, take a fancy, indulge a sudden whim, conceive a sudden notion — কোন বিবাৰে কাহাৰও ধাৰণা-হ, Take a fancy

To his head — তাহার মুখের সামনে, মুখেব সাক্ষাতে;
Before his face

Turn one's head—বৃদ্ধিঅংশ-কৃ. Infatuate one. Under the head of—(কোন বিবৰেৰ) অন্তৰ্গত : হিমাৰ যে পৃথক পৃথক হেড্ ৰা ভাগ লেবা যায়, তাহাৰই কোন্টীৰ শুন্তৰ্গত , Included in the item of.

Under this or that head—এই বিবা দেই বেন্ধী-ভূক, As belonging to this or that class

Hoad-acho, hedak ( হেডাক্ ) n. শিবংপিডা , Pain in the head.

Head-band, hedband, n. शिरांचकन, भाषांच किछा, A fillet, top knot, a band for the head

Head-dross, her-dress, n. নিরোভ্রণ, জীলোকেয় নিরোভ্রণ বিশেষ, Trappings for the head, an ornamental dress or covering for the head, worn by women

Head-gear, hedger, n. বিরোচ্যণ, Head-dress. Head-guilt, n. আগদৰবোগ্য অপরাধ, Capital offence.

Heading, hecing, n. পিবোনান, পীৰ্বন্থিত বিষয়; That which stands at the head. [montory. Head-land, hedland, n. অন্তর্গাণ; A cape; pro-Headless, hedles, a. মত্তক্ষিত্তীন, অধ্যক্ষপুঞ্জ; Without a head, having no head.

Hoadlong, hedlong, ad. ছু.সাংসমহকাৰে, অবিৰে-কিন্তাপুক্তক, Rashly, precipitately —a. ছু:সাং-সিক, অবিবেচক, Rash —খাড়া, Precipitous; steep. Syn —Hastily, without deliberation.

Head-man, n. अश्व राकि, मञ्ज , Chief.

Head-money, n. মাধানতি কর, Poll tax. Headmost, hedmost, a. প্রথম, দর্পগ্রন্থ, First; most advanced or forward.

Head-pan, n मिक, Brain

Head-piece, hedpcs, n গিবছাগ, Helmet; morion, armour for the head —বৃদ্ধি, Understanding. Head-quarters, hedkwor-terz, n. pl সেনাগভিষ নাম্যান, অধ্যক্ষের নিবাস্থ্য, The residence of the commander in-chief or general, centre of authority or order

Headsman, hediman, n. saw, पांचक, Executioner, a person who cuts off heads.

Head stall, hedstawl, n जाशास्त्र लोडा, The part of bridle incompassing the head

Headstone, hedston, n. আটালিকাৰ সর্বোপরিছ প্রান্ত , The topmost stone of a building :—বোরেৰ প্রোভাবের প্রান্তর, The stone at the head of a grave.

Headstrong, hedströng, a. উত্তাৰভাৰ . উত্তাহিত ; একপ্ৰয়ে . Ungovernable , self-willed , stubborn. Syn —Obstinate, untractable, unruly, ungovernable, self-willed , venturesome, heady. Head-swimming, a নাণা থোৱা , Giddiness.
Head-tire, n. শিরোভ্যণ Attire for the head
Headway, hedwa, n বতদ্ব অগ্রস্ব হওবা যায় .
The distance advanced — অগ্রসামী আহাজের গতি .
চলিকু জাহাজের গতি , Motion of an advancing ship.

Be under headway—লভোৱে আহাত-ৰূ. Dash Headwind, her wind, স. চলিৰু জাহাজেৰ প্ৰতিকৃত্তে প্ৰথমান বায়, প্ৰতিকৃত্ত বায় Contrary wind, a wind blowing right against a ship's head.

Head-work, n. मृश्लिक कांग्र, Labour of the understanding

Head-workman, n. প্রধান কারিকৰ, Foreman Heady, hedi, a মতিকের বিকাধ দশাদক Apt to affect the head, intoxicating —অবিশ্বচক, অধিবেকী, Rash, self-willed n headings adheadily Syn—Hasty, headstrong, stubborn intoxicating, inebriating

Heal, htl, v t [A.S hulan, from ha?, hale ]
আবোগ্য-কু, নীবোগ-কু ি cure — দ্বন-কু, নিবাবণ
কু, To remove or subdue — v : হুল ছ নীরোগহু, To grow sound n=he iler ( thবিৎসক, Physician ) Syn — Remedy, it tore remove differences reconcile, settle make up cicatrize

Physician heal thyself—ত্ম ভাজার আগে নিজেব রোগ সামলাও নিজেব চর্বায় ভেল দাঙ, As you are a doctor cure your own distast first

Healing, heling a. জাণাগাৰারী অংরাগাৰৰ, Tending to cure — মুছ, Mild — গাণোগা শাৰোগা ৰবণ বা ভাষণৰ প্রক্রিয়া The act or process by which any thing is healed Syn — (a) Sana tive, curative, medical

Health, health n [A S huldh, from hell, hale] বায়া, সুৰুতা, Soundness of body — অপবেৰ মঙ্গল প্ৰাৰ্থ A wish to health and happiness — স্বৰ্-কুপা, Divine favour Syn — Salubity, soundness, vigour, robustness, moral well-being, purity, toast.

To drink a health—অপবেৰ মঙ্গল প্ৰাৰ্থনাৰ্থে মদ্য-পান-ক, (পাশ্চাভা প্ৰধাস্থসাৰে) কাহাৰও কুশ্ব মানসে মদ্যপান-কু, To drink with the expression of a wish for the health and happiness of some other person

Healthful, helthfool a कुछ, कोछावर Whole some, salutary n—healthfulness. ad=health fully Syn—Well, healthy, salubrious properous, favourable [n=healthlessness Healthless, helthles a कुछ, Sickly, alling Health officer, n One appointed to take care of the public health

Healthy, helite, a বৃষ্ণ, বাদ্যবৃক্ত, Coducive to health — বনিও, সভেজ Sound, vigorous, n=healthness ad=healthnly. Syn —Active, hale hearty, salutary, salutary, wholesome, healthful

Heap, hep, n বাণি, তুপ, Pile, mass crowd, throng — আন্মর্থাণ, A ruin — n t বাণীকুড-কৃ, ভূপীকুড কু, সঞ্চ-বৃ, To throw in a heap or pile, to amass, to pile Syn —(n) Pile, accumulate, add to, augment increase [(American), Heap of love—অভ্যন্ত প্রপায়, Very great love মন্ত্রাক, her, n.t. প্রবাদ, ক্পিড-কু, অব্যাদ-কু,

Perceive by the ear, attend to, listen to — বিচাৰ-কৃ, Hear judically, try — অমুক্ল উভার-কে, অমুগ্রহ-কৃ, To listen to and answer favourably; to favour — ৮ ঃ ভ্ৰমিডে পাওলা, অবণ-কৃ, অবণভ-হ; To listen, to be told, to be hold n=hearer. Syn — Hearken, heed, attend, regard, favour; examine judicially, be informed, be told

Hear from প্র প্রস্ত হ , প্রের বারা ব্যরাধ্যর পা; Receive a letter , receive any communication from one (generally, written)

Hear of—বাচনিক অবগত হ , Be told of (by oral communication) —কাহারও বা কোন কিছুর বিবয় গুনিতে পাওবা , Receive information about (a person or thing by report or by letter) —গুনা, I isten to

Hear out—শেব পর্যান্ত ভাবণ-ক Hear to the end Hearing, horing, n ভাবণ, Act of perceiving sound —আগণাকি Sonse of perceiving sound —মনোন্যান্ত, Attention to what is delivered—মতনুৰ পৰে স্তৰ্গক ভাবণ কৰা বিহাতে পাৰে, ভাবণ পৰ Reach of the car—ভ্যোত্মান Audience—চিরিজ, ক্লম্ Individual disposition or character—নিচানৰ ভাভাবণ, A listening to fact and evidence for adjudication

In the hearing of one—ক্লিন্ড পাওয' যায় একপ্ ব্যবধানে কেছ ক্লিন্ডে পায় এমন ভঙ্গাৎ ছংগ্ৰেড Within reach of the ear of one so that one may easily he ir

Out of hearing-वावना ेक।

Within hearing—শ্বৰ গোচর কথা কহিলে তনা ধায় এত নিকটে Near enough to be heard

Hearken, harkn, ৩ ঃ প্ৰবণ কু সাধাৰোগ কু বাবাৰ কু, To listen, to give heed to grant Hoarsay, hēr'sa, n ৰূপ্ৰাত প্ৰবাণ, জনবৰ, Common talk, rumour

Hearsay evidence—ত্ৰিয়া সাক্ষাদাৰ।

Hoarse, hers n [ I herpen, a harrow ] अववान, अववरून अकडे, Carriage for carrying the dead — कदर, Fomb

Heart, hart » হংগিও An organ of the body that circulates the blood — অন্তৰ, অন্তঃকরণ, Inner or vital part, core — কৃষ্ণর, I he seat of the affections, especially love — সাইল Cour ige, spirit, vigorous activity — সুত অর্থ বা অভিযার, Secret meaning or design — ক্যুণিতাকৃতি, That which is heart-shaped Syn — Life, core, inner part, centre, kernel pith, marrow, geniality, cordiality, mind, will inclination, character, disposition, strength, spirit, vigour, resolution

After one's own heart—মনোমত, কাহারও ঠিক মনোমত, নিজেই ইচ্ছামত, Exactly according to one s liking, just such as one likes

At heart—বাত্তবিক, অকৃতিসক্সপে, মনে মনে আসল্টা, Really, in one's true character or disposition, at bottom

Break the heart of—হতাৰ-কু, জার্থণ-কু, আর সমাধা কু, Bring to despair or hopeless grief, to finish very nearly [thorough manner. By heart—সমাকৰপে, ক্ষাত্ৰপে, In the most Do one's heart good—মনেব তৃত্তি জন্মান, আহ্লাদ-কু, Please one very much, be exceedingly graifying to one's feelings. Eat into one's heart—हनव गुणिय-व ; Corrode one's heart ; prey upon one's mind. [ posed. Find in the heart—केक्ट्र-ह ; Be willing or dis-Get or learn by heart—केक्ट्र-ह , Commit to memory. [ Affect or pain one deeply Go to one's heart—गर्वाल्य-ह ; तह दूक्त कर ह ;

Go to one's heart—মৰ্গভেগ-কৃ; বড কেশ্ৰুব Have in the heart—অভিপ্ৰায়-কৃ; Purpose.

Have or know by heart—কঠৰ থাকা; Have a thing committed to memory { be frightened. Have the heart in the mouth—ভাত-ছ; To Head and heart—স্কাণ্ডেৰ; Both in intellect as well as in feelings; thoroughly [thusiastically Heart and soul—স্কান্ডকেরণ, Heartily; cn-Heart upon one's sleeve, Wear one's sleeve—ভিতর বাহির এক হওয়া; Have one's heart on one's sleeve as it were, so that others may easily see it; have an open heart; lay bare one's heart.

In one's heart of hearts—ক্ষয়ের গুচতম দেশে, বঙ্কুব চহতে হয় আন্তরিক, in the inmost recesses of one's heart; secretly.

In the heart of — ভিচরে; অন্তর্দেশে; মধ্যমনে; In the innermost part of, in the centre of activity of (a place)

Lost heart-माहमहीब-इ ; Lose courage.

One s heart bleeds—যাতনায় একণেষ হওয়া; One is excessively pained.

One loses courage or confidence.

One's heart is in the right place—সন্থ ঠিক থাকা; যে তাবে থাকা উচিত সেই ভাবে থাকা ( অর্থাৎ পবের ক্ষে সুখী এবং পরের ভাগে দুঃখী-২). One is of a kindly and sympathetic disposition, one is

One's heart sinks within one—কাষার মন একেবাৰে দ্বিলা-যা, One is overwhelmed with depression.

Out of the fulness of one's neart—ছাবে ভোর হইবো; মনেব বেগে. From feeling intensely on any subject, when one feels intensely.

Sot one's heart on—কোন বিবৰে ভন্মব-ছ; সমস্ত মন অৰ্থা-কু; Fix one's desires on; long earnestly for. be very fond of. Sot the heart on—ইজ্জা-কু; Fix the desires on; Take heart—অকুল্লমনা: হওয়া, সাহসী-হ, সাহস পাওয়া, বুক বাধা; Be cheerful; become hopeful; gain courage; gain confidence.

Take or lay to heart—অত্যন্ত অভিত্ত; আন্তরিক বেদনা অনুভব-কু; হৃদমে তান-দে; Be much affected; take to the inmost affections.

Take to heart—আন্তরিক বেদনা অনুভব-কু, ক্ষাত্রে স্থান-দে, Take to the inmost affections.

Take to heart, Lay a thing to heart—কোন বিষয় কাহারও লাগা (কপ্তকর-হ); Be much affected or pained by:—যতপূর্কাক মনে স্থান-দে বা বিবেচনা-কু; Ponder over seriously. [affection.

Win one's heart—কাহারও প্রিয়-ছ; Gain one's With all one's heart, With one's whole heart—স্কার:কর্বে; Heartily; sincerely.

With half a heart—বড় ইচ্ছাপুৰ্বৰ ৰহে; Reluctantly:—স্বাস্থ:ৰহণে ৰহে; Being wanting in true attachment.

Heartache, hartak, n. হুংব , মনভাপ ; মনঃপীড়া ; Sorrow ; anguish.

Heart-breaking, hart-braking, a. वर्षाङ्गी; इनव्यविनात्रक, Crushing with grief or sorrow.

Heart-broken, hart-broken, a. ভব-ক্ষর; Having the heart intensely afflicted or grieved; deeply grieved.

Heart-burn, hartburn, n. বৃক্জালা: অনুরোগ; Affection of the stomach; a disease of the stomach which causes a burning acrid sensation near the heart.

Heart-burning, hart'bur-ing, গ. অস্বোৰ, মবো-মালিস্ক, Discontent; secret enmity:—a. অস্তোব-জনক; Causing discontent.

Heart-deep, a. क्षत्रह ; Rooted in the heart.

Heart-ease, hartez, n. মনের প্রসম্ভা, ক্লরের শাস্তি, Quiet of mind ; tranquility.

Hearten, harin. v. t. [A. S. Inertan ] উৎসাহিত-কু; উত্তেজিত-কু; To encourage. Syn:—Incite, embolden, inspirit. [deeply; sincere. Heart-felt, harifelt, a. ক্ষরক্ম আন্তরিক, Felt

Hearth, harth, n on; The fire-side: - 78; Home; the house itself.

Hearth and home—সমস্ত প্রিয়তম বস্তু, বলেশ. Objects dearest to one, one's own country.

Hearth-stone, harthston, n. চুল্লী. বে প্ৰতৰ ৰাৱা চুল্লী নিশ্বিত হয়, The stone forming the hearth; fire-side.

Heartily, harte-le, ad. আছবিক, অন্তবের সহিত; বান্তবিক, From the heart; with all the heart. Syn:—Cordially, sincerely, really, genially, zealously, actively, warmly, ardently, earnestly; freely, largely.

Heartiness, harte-nes, n. অকণটভা, স্বলভা, The state of being hearty. Syn — Sincerity, zeal, carnestness, eagerness, warmth, cordiality. Heartless, hartles, a ক্ষয়-বিহীন, ক্ষয়পুত্ত, নিশ্ম, ভীক, Wanting in feeling or courage; destitute of heart. ad=heartlessly. n=heartlessness.

Heartlet, hardet, n. কৃত্ত কৃষ্ণ : A little heart. Heart-quelling, a. কৃষ্ণভাষী; Conquering the affections.

Heart-rending, hhit'-rending, a. ক্রব-বিদারক; ক্রবে বাংগাদ্যক, মশুভেণী, Deeply afflicative; agonising.

Heart's-blood, n. मात्र . Life ; essence.

Heart's-ease, hart'cz, n. লতাবিশেব. প্লাবিশেব; Pansy; a species of violet:—মনের শাস্তি, হৃদরের শাস্তি, Peace or tranquillity of feeling, case of heart.

Heart-sick, h.lrt'sik, a. হতাশ, মৰ্থগীভিত্ত, ভগ্নাশ; Sick at heart; depressed; dejected. n=heartsickness.

Heart-sickening—হণয়-ভগ্নকারী, Tending to make the heart sick or depressed.

Heartsome, a. जानमक्त्र, Cheerful.

Heart-sore, n. হাদ্য-বেদলা, What pains the mind:—a. Deeply wounded.

Heart-striken, Heart-struck -- siles ; Driven to the heart; shocked with fear.

Heart-string, n. ক্ষর-কৃষ্ণি; A nerve or tendon, supposed to brace and sustain the heart.

Heartwhole, harthol, a with a with . Whole or unaffected at heart

Hearty, harte, a अकृतिम, Sincere, cordial, genuine — মতিশার, প্রস্বাট, Rich, abundant, warm — वनवान , वनवर , शृष्ट , शृष्टिकांद्रक , Strong , healthy , zealous, vigorous, nourishing n=heartiness ad-heartily Syn -Real, unfeigned, undis sembled, warm, cordial earnest, ardent, cager

active, energetic, sound, hale.

Heat, htt, n [A S haete ] Boily, তাপ, Caloric — উত্তাপ-বোৰ, Sensation of warmth, the agent which excites the sensatition of warmth —কোধ, Rage, vehemence —একটা উদ্যান ঐকা खिक উদাস , A single effort, as in a race - সঙ্গী বতা, উৎসাহ, Animation —উতাপ High tempera ture —লোহিডবর্ণ, ব্যক্তিমা, Redness —বে সমবে সর্বাপেকা উক্তাব বৃদ্ধি হব, The warmest period, as the heat of the day - শুকার বিষয়ক উত্তেজনা, Sexual excitement in animals - 1 638-7 To make hot —উত্তেজিত-কু আলোডিত-কু, lo ınflame, agitate excite —v : উত্ত-চ উक्ছ To grow warm or hot. Syn -(n) Incalescence, calefaction, warmth, passion, violence ardour, excitement contest, race

At a heat-अक्टोरन ( छाविया हिस्स्ति नरह ). By a single violent and unremitted effort

At the heat of the moment-বাবেৰ মাধাৰ Under the influence of a sudden passion

Blood heat—মানবাৰ্য শোদিকো সভাবিত উক্তা The natural temperature of the hum in body

Heater, heter, n Garata One who or that which heats

Heath, heth, n हाताशांक , উतुश्च A small evergreen starub -- बन्जून क्यान सम्कान अ'खन A desert a bairen heerless country - 75 5141-পাছপূৰ্ণ স্থান . A place overgrown with a heath

Heath-cock, n 94 (717) A large bud would

frequents heaths

Heathen, hothin n (2005 fattil A pigin -শর্ম ও চিন্তা বিহীন মাকি, An irreligious unthinking person .- Meson One of the wo wor hip idols and do not acl nowledge the true God a অবাহিক বিবশ্বী পৌত্তালক Pagan melicious Syn -Idolater unbeliever

Heathendom, hethn-dum, n মণীপান বাং পৌত্ৰিকভাৰ বাসভুতি That part of the world which is not christian

Heathonise, he'thn-17 ए ह अथीहीन-कू, लो डॉ क-T lomak heatica

Heathenish, ht'thn ich a (भौवितक मरकीय Relating to the heathen - 3731 783, fata Rude, uncivilised n=heathenishness ad=heathenishly Syn -Pagan, gertile, heathen savace

Hoalhenism, hethn izm, n পৌত निक्छा, Paganism, idolatry —অসহাতা, বর্ষাবতা, Barbarian-19m , rudeness

Heather, hether, n Gget Heath a=heathery Heathy, a কড় চারাগাছপুর্ব, Full of or abounding with heath

Heave, hev, v t [ Goth hafjan, to lift ] 5081-लिक क , উত্তোলন-क , To raise , to lift - निरक्ष १-क , डर्रफ्स च-न , त्यन्त-न , To throw cast, send - क

হইতে নিঃসারিত-কু, To force from the breast :-- কীত-क , To cause to swell or rise - । क्रिक्ट-ए . উংগতিত-হ . ফীত-হ , To be raised ; to be thrown up, to rise and fall - नमन कतिएक कही-क. To try to vomit - n উত্তোলন, উৎকেশ, প্ৰকেশ, ক্টতি, An effort upward, an upward motion. a throw, a fling - वसत्तकहा, वसन एहा, An effort to vomit - To. Swell or distension, as of the breast Syn -(v) Elevate, upraise, hoist. breathe, force out, swell, dilate, expand, labour, pant retch, vomit [ down on one side. Heave down-এविषय नित्कल-कृ, Throw or lay Hoave in sight-पृष्टिगाय डेगरिड-इ, Come in sight —উপস্থিত ই . Appear ( naut )

Heave out—নিকেপ-কু, Throw out Heave to—ৰাহাৰের গতি বন্ধ-কু, Bring the ship's head to the wind and stop her motion (naut). Heave up-ভাগ কু পবিভাগ-কু, ব্যব-কু, Give

up relinquish, vomit out

Hoaven, hevn, n [A S heo, for, heben] atom. भागन मखामन Sky firmament the air - मर्ग. প্ৰলোক, The celestral abode — স্থাংক অবস্থা, প্ৰমুখ্য চন্নমোংকৰ্ম State of bliss, supreme hippine a sublime condition - 344, God Syn - Welkin, starry sphere, abode of bliss. supreme happiness, elevation, sublimity

Go to heaven - পৰ লাৰ পমন কু, Die Heaven kissing-faxia Fourhing hea-Heavenly, have le a 75 14 Celestral - 1134 হুগা Supreme blessed -পৰিত্ৰ, দিবা, Pure, cul stial – অনুৰ্কৃত্ব Very excellent —ad স্বৰ্গীয় ভাবে ক্য়ীয় প্ৰভাবে In a he avenly manner n= heavenliness Syn -Divine, godlike, angelic, immortal, supernal

Heavenly-minded, hevn h-mind-cd, a अरिख. #সাস.বৰৰ Pure i=heavenly-mindedness

Heavenward, hern-word, Heavenwards, hevn-wards, ad अमाल्या , Toward or in the direction of he iven

Heave offering, hev-of'er-ing, n. देखनीविश्व পুশাৰ প্ৰাণীৰ প্ৰথা বিশেষ Among the Jews an offering made to God which was heaved or mixed up and down by the priest

Heaver, haver, n 551494. One who or that which heave or lifts

Heaviness, heve nes, n 物理, Weight, ponderosity of a body Syn -Gravity, ponderousness, oppressiveness, grievousness, severity, depression, dejection, sadness, dulness, languor, sluggishness, moisture, dampness

Heavy, here, a [A S hefig, hafig, lifted with lal our] 图 明 , Weighty , not light , difficult to move - 4844, (3444, Oppressive, afflictcd — কাগ্যাক্ষ, নিজালু অনস , Inactive , drowsy , ·luggish, slow —एक, Loud — अहर , धारन , Violent - त्यवांक्ष्त , अक्कांत्रमत्र , Dark with clouds - বিষয়, Gloomy, sad -ব্যায়সাধা, Expensive 一世界門本. Not easily digested .- 有多-वडी Pregnant -कर्षममग्र, Cloggy, claycy: miry ad=heavily, n=heaviness. Syn:-Ponderous, bulky, massive; grievous; indolent, lazy; stupid, foolish, wearisome, tedious, labourious,

copious, abundant; close, clammy; low, deep.
Heavy with care—চিডার্ল। [stupid.
Heavy-headed, a. মূৰ্ব; Having a dull head;
Heavy-hearted, a. হুবে অভিত্ত; Borne down with sorrow.

Heavy-laden, a. ভারত ; Having a heavy Hebdomadal, heb-doma-dal, Hebdomodary, heb-doma-dar-i, a. [Gr. hebdomas, a period of seven days ] সাধাহিক; Weekly.

Hebdomadary, ন. বোমান ক্যাধানিক বাজক বিশেষ, A member of a chapter or convent whose week it is to officiate in the chair.

Hebee, n. সভী; Goddess of youth.

Hebotate, hebe-tat, v. t. [L. habetare, from hebes, dull] হতবৃদ্ধি করা; To render abtuse; dull, blunt, stupefy.

Hebraic, ht-braik, Hebraical, he-braik-al, a. ইহুদী জাতি বা ভাষা সম্বন্ধীয় , ভিন্ন জাতীয় ; Relating to the Hebrews or to their language.

Hebraically, he-brink-al-i, ad. ইজনী ভাষার রীভাশুসারে, দক্ষিপ ছইতে বাম দিকে, After the manner of the Hebrew language; from right to left.

Hobraise, hc'bra-īz, w. t. হিন্দু ভাষাতে পরিণত-কু, To turn into Hebrew; to convert into the Hebrew iduom.

Hobraism, he'bra-izm, n. হিক ভাষাসুসাৱিশী বাক্-পদ্ধতি, Hebrew idiom —কটন আয়সংব্যা, আছি প্ৰিম্মন, Hebraic type of character, servile and severe allegiance to conscience; stoical selfcontrol, unrelaying industry.

Hobraist, he'bra-ist, n. হিকভাবাজ, হিকভাবাভিজ, One skilled in Hebrew. [ like Hebrew. Hebraistic, he-bra-istik, a. হিকৰ মত; Of or Hebrew, he'broo, n. মাবুৰের বংশ্বৰ; ইহলি, Israelite; Jew:—হিকভাবা, The language of the Hebrew:—a. হিক্ক জাতীয়, Pertaining to the Hebrews or their language.

Hecate, n. ইত্ৰহাৰের বেৰতা. A goddess who presided over enchantment; conjurations.

Hecatomb, heka-tōōm, n [Gr. hekaton, a hundred, and bous an ox] একশত বলিগান, বছবলি; Sacrifice of 100 head of cattle; any large number of victims.

Hockle, hekl, Same as Hackle.

Hootie, hektik, n. কয়জ্ব, The fever of irritation and debility usually associated with consumption:—a কয়কারী, Consumptive, habitual.

Hoetie, hektik, Heetical, hektik-al, a. [Gr. hexis, habit] অভ্যাসমূরণ, Habitual:—কর্মন্ব

Hector, hekter, n. [From Hector, A Trojan warrior] বে দান্তিক লোক অগরকে বিরক্ত করে, বিরক্তিকর জন, A bully; one who annoys; one who teases or vexes:—v. t. বিবস্ত-কু; To treat insolently; to annoy:—v. i. দন্ত প্রকাশ-কু, To play the bully; bluster. Syn:—Threaten, menace, lecture; bluster, swagger.

Hedge, hej, n. [A. S. hege] লভার বেড়া; ঝোড়; Fence of bushes; a thicket of bushes:—v. t. লভার বেড়া-দে; (বেড়া ঝারা) বেটিড-কৃ; To enclose with hedge:—বেঃল-কৃ, বকা কু; ঝাণা দেওরা, To surround; to guard; to obstruct. Syn:—(n) Fence, hedge fence. (v) Fence; surround, hem in, skulk; bet on both sides

Hedge-bill, hejbil, Hedging-bill, hejing-bil, n. বেডা হাঁটিবার কাঁটি; A bill or hatchet for dressing hedges.

Hedge-born, hejbawrn, a. নীচবংশলাভ ; নীচ-বংশোধন ; Of low birth ; outlandish ; obscure. Hedge-creeper, y. One who skulle for bad

Hedge-creeper, n. One who skulks for bad purposes.

Hedger, herer, n. व গাছেৰ বেডা বেছ; বে বেড়া বাবে; बानी; One who dresses hedges.

Hedge-hog, hejhog, n. বাছ বিশেষ; শৰাক ; A small animal having frickles or spines on the upper part of the body and able to roll itself into a ball.

[ young hedgehog.

Hedgepig, hejpig, n. শল্লকী (শলাফ) শাবক; A Hedge-row, hejrō, n. বেডা বান্ধিবার বৃক্ষেকী; A row of trees or shrubs for hedging fields.

Hodge-school, hejskool, n. আয়ৰ্গতে বাঠে বে পাঠশালা হয়; An open air school kept by the side of a hedge in Ireland.

Hedge-sparrow, hé/-spar'ō, স. কুল গায়ৰ পকী বিশেষ, An European little singing bird.

Heed, hed, v. t. [A. S hédan] মনোবোপ-ক ; লক্চ্-কু, যুড়-কু, To attend to ; to observe ; to look after :—n. মনোবোপ , লক্ষ্য , সত্ৰ্কৃত্তা , Attention ; notice ; caution. Syn :—Mind, watch, mark, note, consider.

Hoedful, hediool, a. यतारगंभे ; मर्ज्ड ; Attentive, observing. ad=heedfully. n=heedfulness. Syn:
—Vigilant, watchful, cautious, circumspect, wary, observant, suspicious, mindful, careful.

Heedless, hedles, a. अमलायांगी, अनाविष्ट ; अमलक ; Inattentive; careless. ad = heedlessly. n=heedlessness. Syn :- Unobserving, incautious, reckless, careless, thoughtless, negligent, unmindful. Heel, hel, n. भानपूत, भाषानि, अन्क: क्षमूष: Hind part of the foot :- শেব ভাগ; কোন বস্তব পশাংভাগ, The latter or remaining part of any thing - = = ; A protuberance - = = ? The whole foot .- বোড্দওয়াবেব জুতার কাটা, A spur :-अनुक-बाक्होबनी . The covering of the heel :- v. t. ত তাব গোড়ালী লাগান, To use the heels as in dancing , furnish with heels :- v. s. হেলিছা পড়া ; কাত-R, To incline, to lean as a ship. [ behind one. At one's heels -পেছু পেছু, অৰূপদ গমন; Close Be at the heels of —অতি নিকটে অসুসরণ-7. Pursue closely; follow hard.

Beat the hools—পশ্চাকাবনান-কু, Pursue closely. Lay by the hools—নিগড় বন্ধ-কু; শৃথ্যাবন্ধ-কু; Fetter, shackle; confine.

Nocks and heels—আপদমন্তক; সন্প্রিণে; The whole length of the body; completely. Istances. Out at heels—মল দলায়; In decayed circum-Take to the heels, Take to one's hoels. Show a clean pair of heels—চলাট্-দে; পিট্টান-দে; প্লায়ন-ফু; Take to flight; run away; to flee.

To be out at the heels—মন্দ দশাপ্রত-হ; ছুৰ্না-প্রত-হ, To have on wornout stockings; to be in a bad condition. To cool the heels, To cool one's heels— দাড়িবা থাকা; Have to wait rather too long) or tediously:—অপেকা-ক, To wait.

To go heal over head—ভাড়াতাড়ি গমন-কু; ব্যৱ-ৰাগ্যনের স্থাব চলা, To move in a hasty, inconsiderate or rash manner.

To have the heels of—দৌজিয়া অভিক্ৰম-কৃ, To outrun [To run from
To show the heels—(কেছ ইইতে) পলাখন-কৃ.
Heelpiece, hclps-, n গোড়ালীর আববণ, A cover for the heel —শেষ, The end. [Heave up
Heft, htt, n ভাব, Weight —v l. উভৌলন-কৃ.
Hegemony, he-jemo-ni, n. [Gr hegemon, leader] আংকভা, Leader-hup. a=hegemonic

Hegira, Hejira, he-jira, n [Ar hijrah, flight]
মকা হইতে নহমাদের পলাঘন সেট পলাঘন দিবস হটতে
মুসলমানদেব চনিত সন অ বস্তু ইইবাছে, মুসলমানদেব শক,
The flight of Muh umm id fro n Mecca, September 13, (or 10 July) 022 A. D from which is dated the Muhaminadan era —প্লাঘন —Any flight.

Heiser, hei'er, n. করা, বরা বাছুব , A young cow Heigh-ho, hi-ho. inti হিহি , আহা , বিশ্বৰ বা ক্লান্তি-ব্যক্তৰ শব্দ , An exclamation expressive of sur-

prise uncasiness or weariness.

Height, hit, n. [A S. healho, from heah, high] উচ্চতা. I he condition of being high, attitude—
গাহাড়, উন্নত ভূডাগ, উচ্চ এদেশ, A hill, an elevated place, a submit —পাদ্ধ উচ্চতা, Elevation in rank or excellence, grade or degree —প্ৰবল্ডা, চৰ্মদীমা, Utmost degree —ডাইডি, An eminence Syn.—Attitute, elevation, tallness, highest point, top, summit, apex, culmination, eminence, hill, mountain, utmost degree, acme.

At the height—চরম সীনায়, In the highest degree [clamax Be at the height—চরমসীমা পৌছান, Reach the Height of folly—ম্থতার একদেব।

In the height of fever-ছারেৰ প্রাবালা।

Heighten, hifn, ৩ t. উন্নত-কৃ. উৎকং-কৃ, বৃদ্ধি-কৃ.
To advance or improve, intensify — ডজ্জা বা
দুইপোচৰ-কৃ, To make brighten or more prominent Syn:—Elevate, exilt, raise, increase, augment, enhance, aggravate.

Hernous, hānus, a [Fr haineux, from haine, hatred] বোৰ, নিজাকণ, উৎকট, অত্যন্ত সুণিত, অতি মুণা, Atrocious, chormous, hateful n=heinouness Syn —Excessive, aggravated, monstrous, enormous, flagrant, flagitious, nefatious

Horr, ar, n. [L heres, an heir] 曼朝(南南), One who is to succeed another. n=heirdom, heirship feg=heiless

Heir to—কোন বিছুৱ উত্তব্যবিকারী, Successor to Heir-apperent, মা-ap-parent, মা- ভাবী উত্তর্যবিকারী, নির্কিরোশ উত্তর্যবিকারী, One whose right to an estate is indefeasible, if he survives the person in possession

Heir-at-law—উন্তরাধিকাৰী, One who after the death of an ancestor or relation has a right to inhemt all his intestate estates. [inheritance. Heirdom, n. উত্তরাধিকারী সহ, Succession by Heiross, n. উত্তরাধিকারিকা, A female heir.

Heirless, ar'ies, a. উত্তরাধিকারিহীন Destitute of an heir.

Heir-loom, Zr'loom, a. কোন আছাবৰ সম্পত্তি বাহা কুশক্ৰমাগত এক ৰংশের অধিকারে থাকে, উত্তরাধিকাবীয় প্রাপ্ত আছাবৰ সম্পত্তি. Any movable which descends to the heir with the freehold; any piece of furniture or personal property which descends to the heir along with the inheritance.

Heir-presumptive, Ar-pre-zump'-tiv, a. ৰে বাজি একণে উত্তবাধিকাৰী, কিন্তু বাহার উত্তরাধিকাৰী সন্থ সম্ভান জন্মিলে লোপ হউতে পারে, বিবোধ সম্ভানাবিশিষ্ট উত্তবাধিকাৰী, One who is heir at piesent, but who, would lose the heirship on the birth of a nearer relation, one who is presumed to be or would be heir if no nearer relative should be born.

Henra-See Hegira.

Held, p t. and p. p. of Hold [beauty. Holen, n সৌন্ধবোর আদর্শ. The type of the female Heleotrope, ht'li-o-trop, n [Gr. heliot, the sun, tropos a turn ] স্বাস্থা লাভ . A pl int whose flowers are said always to turn round to the sun —এজর বিশেষ . A variety of chalcedony of a dark green colour —স্ব কিবণ বাব' দুরে সম্ভে দিবার যত্ত্ব . An instument for making signals by means of the sun's rays

Holiac, heli-ak, Helialical, he-link-al, a [Gr. helios, the sun] সেগ্ৰ, প্ৰাণ্ডৰৰ হতে বইণানি বা ভাইতে গতনগৰ Pertaining to the sun, emerging from or passing into the light of the sun—হবোৰ সঙ্গেত বা অভ্যিত, স্বাসহ বা ভংসমকালে উপ্যাপ্ত গাম্বাণাল Rising or setting at or near the same time as the sun, ad—heli scally

Helical, helik-al, ০ জডাৰ কুওলাকারে বক্ত;

Spiral ad=heliacally

Heliocentrio, ht-li-o-sentrik, Heliocentrical, ht-li o-sentrik-al, a [ Gr helios, the sun, hentron, the centre] দৌৰ কেন্দ্ৰ ভটতে দুশাৰ ন, Appearing to be seen from the sun's centre. ad = heliocentrically.

Heliograph, ht'h-o-praf, স. স্থাৰিষণ সাহাব্যে বছদুৰে বাঙা পাঠাইবাৰ যন্ত্ৰ, An apparatus for telegraphing by means of the suns rays

Holography, hī-li-og'ri-fi m. [ Gr helios, the sun, and graphe a punting] হয় কিব্-সাহায়ে প্রতিমন্তি লিখন বা সাকেতিক-বার্ত্তা-খেরৰ বিদ্যা, The act of taking pictures by means of the sun and a camera obscura, the art of signalling by means of the sun s rays — মনোক লেখা, Photography a=hcliographical n-heliographer.

Heliolator, hē-li-of i-tér, n স্বোপাসক, A worship of the sun. [সনা, Worship of the sun. Heliolatry, hē-li-ofa-tri, n স্বাপুত্রা, সংখ্যাপা-Heliometer, hē-li-ome-tér, n. [Gr helios, the sun, metron, a mersure] প্রহাপির বাসিও বাবধান প্রিনাপক বন্ধ, An instrument of measure to ascertain the apparent diameter of the sun or other heavenly body.

Helioscope, ht'li-o-skup. n [Gr helios, the sun, skopeo, to look] সূৰ্ব্য দেখিবার দূরবীক্ষণ, Teliscope for the sun.

Heliostat, he'li-o-stat, n [Gr. helios, the sun, statos, fixed] একভাবে স্থ্যকিবণ-প্রতিকলন বন্ধ , An

instrument by which a sunbeam may be reflected in an invariable direction.

Helispherio, hel-i-sfer'ik, Helispherical, hel-i-sfer'ik-al, c. কুলাকারে বক, Winding spirally round a sphere.

Helix, ht aks, n [Gr helesso, to turn round]
অন্তান ভার, কুল্লাকার রেখা বা ভার, A spiral line,
as of wire in a circle — শব্দের খোলা, শব্ধ, Shell
of a snail — কর্ণের বহিতাগ কর্ণের বহিত্যাপ্ত, The
external part of the ear pl=helices

Hell, hel, n নরক, প্রেডভূমি, The abode of the dead, the place or state of punishment of the wicked after death, the abode of evil spirits — হাৰ বা পাণেৰ স্থান, পাণভূমি, Any place of vice or misery — দৃতিগৃহ, কুমাৰেলার স্থান, A gamblinghouse — কাৰাগার, A dungeon or prison

Hellebore, hele-bor, n नर्जावरणव , উडिस्विरणव , A poisonous plant used in medicine.

Hellenian, hel-li'ni-an, a जीत्रीय, Pertaining to the Hellenes or Greeks, Greek Greenn

Hellenne, hel-lenk, a আৰ্দাৰ্কীয়, Pertaining to the Hellenese or Greeks, Greetan

Hellenise, helen-iz ৩০০ একিভাৰা ব্যবহাৰ কু, এবভ বা বলা Fo use the Greek language

Hellenism, helen izm , এক বাকা প্রয়োগ, এক-ভাষাৰ বাব , গদ্ধ ত , A Greek idiom

Hollonist, helen-ist, a গ্ৰীৰভ জ, যে ইছদী গ্ৰীৰ-ভাষা নিজেৰ ম তৃতাদাকলৈ ব্যৱহাৰ বাবত, One skilled in the Greek language, as his mother tongue —গ্ৰীস্ব মী A Greetian

Hollenistic, hel en-istik Hellenistical, helen-isti-kal a. গ্ৰীবভাষী ইচ্ছাসম্বন্ধীয়, Pertaining to the Hellenists ad=hellenistically.

Hell-hound, helhownd, n নবকের বৃত্র, নাবকীয় ধর্ব A dog of hell —নববের দৃত, পাণী, নাবকী, An agent of hell, miscreant

Hellish, hellsh a নরকসম্বায় বা নরকের উপযুক্ত, নাববীয় নরকত্ত্বা, Pertaining to or fit for hell, infernal —আভ পানী পামৰ Very wicked n=hellishness Syn—Infernal, fiendish diabolical, devilish, detestable abominable, malignant, extremely wicked.

Helm, helm, n [A S helma, healma, rudder] কৰ্ণ, জাহাজেৰ হাল, A vessel's streering apparating esp the tiller — চালাহবাৰ হাল, নেতৃপদ, The station of management or government Syn — Rudder, tiller, direction, control, command, helmet, morion

Helm, helm, Helmet, helmet, n. মন্তৰ বন্ধনী, শিবস্তাৰ, A defensive covering for the head, head-piece —পুশবিশেষের চূড়াকৃতি উদ্দল, The hood-formed upper sepal of certain flowers

Take the helm—ৰণ্যার-২ Assume the direction of alfairs or government

Helmed, helmd, Helmeted, helmet-ed, c. প্রাণ সংবলিত, Furm hed with a helmet.

Helmet, helmet, n মন্তক-বক্ষণী, পিরস্তাণ, Defensive aimour for the head. Syn.—Head-piece, morion, casque.

Helminthie, hel-minthik, a. [Gr helminthos, a worm ] कृत्र-मक्कीव, कृत्रिनावक, कीर्टनिवादक.

Pertaining or relating to worms, expelling worms .-- » কুমিনাশক ত্রবণ, A medicine for expelling worms [ shaped. Helminthoid, helmin-thoid, a की है। कुछ , Worm-Helminthology, hel-min-tholo-ji, n [Gr helmenthos, a worm, and logos, a discourse] To-তত্ব, কৃমিবিবয়ক বিজ্ঞান, The science or natural history of worms a=helminthological n=helminthologist [ man , the man at the helm. Helmsman, helżman, n মাঝি, কণিার, Steers-Helot, helot, n. जीउनाम, A slave in ancient Sparta [ State of a slave , slavery. Helotism, helot-izm, n জী ভদাদেৰ অবস্থা, দাসত্ত্ব, Helotry, helot-ri, n. क्वीडमात्र-मन , मात्राव्यक्षी ; The collective body of the helots, any class of

Help, help, v.t [AS helpan] সাহাব্য-কু,
সহাবতা কু, To assist, to support, to aid—
গ্রুতিবিধান-কু, নিবাবণ-কু, To remedy, to prevent.

ত । সাহাব্য-বে, সহাব হওবা, বোগ-বে, To lend aid or assistance, to contribute—n সাহাব্য,
Assistance aid, relief—সহাব, One who helps—দাস বা দাসী, A hired man or woman.

Syn—(v) Succour, second, back, cure, heal, relieve, hinder, resist, withstand, avoid, forbear, promote, forward, co-operate in. (n)

Succour, support, remedy, helper assistant.

Cannot help—না কৰিয়া থাকিতে পারা বায় না, Doing it.

Cannot help it—লাচার (বা হবার তা হয়েছে, এবন আব তার চারা নাই), There is no remedy

Help forward—সহায়তা-কু, Advance by assistance, promote by aid

Help off—সাহায্য ৰানা দ্ব-কু, Remove by help Help on—সহায়তা-কু, সহায়তা ৰানা উৎকৰ্ষ সাধন-কু; Forward by aid

Help (one) in-কোৰ বিবয়ে কাহারও সহায়তা-ङ ; Runder one some services in any matter

Help oneself to—আন্থানং ক, Appropriate to one s own use ( what does not belong to one ). Help out—কট হইতে উদ্ধাৰ কৃ, বিপৰ হইতে পৰিকাশ জন্ম সাহায্য-কৃ, Aid in delivering from difficulty or completing a design

Help out one's maintenance—জীবিকা নিৰ্বা-হেব প্ৰয়েজনীয় দ্ৰব্য ভপাজন কু, Lam the necessaries of life

Help over—অভিক্রম কবিতে সাহাব্য-কু, অভিক্রমণে পারক-কু, Enable to surmount [furnish with Help to —যাগান, সংযোজিত কু, Supply with, Help up—ধারণ-কু, To sustain —ভটতে সাহাব্যক্, ডথানে সহায়তা-কু, To assist in rising, as after a fall and like [helps, an assistant. Helper, help'cr, n সাহাব্যকাৰী, সহায়, One who Helpful, help'fool, a উপকারী, সাহাব্যকাৰী, বাস্থাক্ত কু, কর্ম্বা, Furnishing help, useful, wholesome, n=helpfulness

Helpless, help'les, a. নাহাব্যবিহীন, নি:নহান :
নিব্ৰব্যবন, Wanting assistance, destitute of
help or power n=helplessness, ad=helplessly
Syn —Feeble, weak, powerless, imbecile, impotent, abandoned, exposed, defenceless, unprotected, unavailing, beyond help.

Help-mate, -meet, help mat, n. [ From help. and meet, fit, proper ] नाहावाकांबी, नहकाबी, An assistant , a companion - महस्यिन , A partner , a wife Syn -Helper, companion, consort Helter-skelter, helter-skelter, ad. sigisite & খোলমাল করিয়া: বাজসম্ভ হইয়া, দিক্বিদিক্ জ্ঞানশৃষ্ঠ

ভাবে; In hurry and confusion.

Holve, helv, n. कुछांनिय बीडे, हांडन , The handle of an axe or hatchet, a handle —v. t. (ক্ডালির) वींडे (पश्या , To furnish with a handle, as an axe Helvotio, hel-vetik, a. ब्रेड्ड्ल अवकीय , Pertain ing to Switzerland

Hem, hem, n [A S hem ] পাড, দেলাই করা বছ্নপাৰ ( মৃডি ) , প্ৰাক্তাগ , Border of a garment , edge - Tim, A sort of half cough to draw attention — t मुख्रिमलाई-कृ, To edge, form hem on. Syn -Tuck frange edge margin (v) Border, skut confine surround, inclose

Hom. hem, int su bollete ift, An utterance of half cough to attract attention -v: 27 ইত্যাকার শব্দ-কু, কাসা , কথা কহিবার সময় সৃষ্টিত-হ , To utter the sound hem, to hesitate in spinking

Hem in or round—विश्व कृ, हार्तिमित्क (विश्व क्र Surround, inclose so as to prevent egress or ingress

Hem out—প্রতিকন্ধ-রু , Shut out.

Hem statch, v t निवाद-इ. To ornament at the head of a hem by drawing out a few parellel threads in clusters.

Hemal, Hemal, hr'mal, a [Gr. haima, blood] রক্সবন্ধীয় , শোণিত সম্মীয় , Relating to the blood or blood-ves-els.

Hematemesis, n. assaud, Blood-spitting.

Hematine, hema-tin, n [Gr haima, blood] শোণিতের লোহিতবর্ণজনক পদার্থ, The colouring matter of the blood

Hematite, hema-tit, n [Gr haima, blood] लोरहत थनि , आकृतिक लोहितिलंब , Orc of iron , an important ore of iron, sometimes of a reddishbrown colour a-hematitic

Hemicrania, n and and anica. Pain of one side of head

Homiplegia, n. শবীরের অর্দ্ধাংশে পকাংকি, A palsy that affects one side only of the body

Hemipter, hem-ip'ter, n পতत्र दिर्भिष , One of that order of insects, which has four wings, the two anterior of which are scarcely perceptible

Hemisphere, hemi-sfer, n [ (n. hemi, half, and sphaira, a sphere ] অধ্যোলক , ভূগোলের অর্থ-जान, लानकारकेत मानिहता. Half of the globe or a map of it. a=hemispheric, hemispherical.

Hemispheric, hem-i-sfer'ik, Hemispherical, hemi-sfer'ik al, a অৰ্থোলক বা তাহার মান্তি ত্র अपनीय , Relating to a hemisphere.

Hemistich, hemi-stik, n [Gr hemi, half, stichos, a line ] वर्ष झांक. अन्यांश भगा-भडिक Half of a poetic verse, an incomplete poetic verse, a = hemistichal

Hemistichal, he-mistik-al, a. वर्द लाक ब्रहिड , Relating to or written in hemistichs

Hemlock, hemlok, n. विषयुक्त विराय , विषाक केंद्रिय वित्यव , A poisonous plant.

Hemoptysis, স বস্তু ব্যব , Spitting of blood Hemorrhage, hemor-aj, n [Gr haima, blood, , hegnyms, to burst ] तक्षांत , Any discharge of t lood. a=hemorrhagic.

Hemorrhoids, hemor-oidz, n pl [Gr haima, blood, and rheo, to flow ] of, Piles , livid and painful tuberches around the margin of or with in the anus, from which blood is occasionally discharged. a=hemorrhoidal.

Homp, hemp, n नग. भाडे, मिक्कि, गीजा, A plant whose fibrous bark is used for cloth, fibre of a plint, a rope a=hempen ( 49 atai निर्मिड. Made of hemp ) hemp

Hempen, hemp'en a my faffig. Made of Hempy, hemp's, a \*773 will. Like hemp

Hen, hen, n कुक्जी, युवजी, The female or any domestic fowl mus=cock

Henbane, henban, n विषय वाक्तिमन भविताई वाव-र ॰ छी अशक्ष छिक्क विरमय, विषवृक्ष, The stinking nightshade, used in medicine as a substitute for opium, and so named because it is bane of poisonous to domestic fowls a poisonous plant Hence, hens, ail এई द्वान स्ट्रेटिंग, अहे मन्य स्ट्रेटिंग, এই কাবণ হইতে, From this place, from herc, from this time , from this cause -int. 73 to , र्जन्य बाज , Away ! become !

Hence forth, hens forth Hence forward, hens-for'ward, a এই সময় ইহতে, এখন হইতে আর্ক ক্ৰিয়া, From this time forth or forward

Henchman, henshman, n मान, ठाक्व, नहत्व. A servant, a page, a supporter

Hencoop, henkoop, n গুল্পালিভ পদ্মীর পিল্লব , बीहां , Cage for poultry.

Hendecagon, hen-dena-gon, n [Gr hendefa cleven, gonia, an angle] একাদশভুল কেতা. A plane figure of cleven angles and as many sides

Hendecasyllable, hen-deka-sifa-bl, n [Gr hundika, cleven, and syllale, a syllable | artael FA Ametrical line of eleven syllables ahindecasyllabic

Hendiadys, hen di'a-dis, n ছইটা শব বা বাকা দ্বো একাৰ্থক প্ৰতিপাদক অলকাৰ বিশেষ, A figure in which the same idea is presented in two words or phrases

Hen-harrier, hen-har'i-er, n. वाक्शको ; एवन-বিশেব, A species of falcon

Henhearted, a els, Cowardly, timid

Honna, hena n [Ar hinna, a kind of colouring shrub ] উদ্ধিদ বিশেষ হইতে প্ৰস্তুত বঞ্জন , A pigment used by the Egyptians and Asiatics for dying their nails and hair.

Henpecked, hehpekt, a 24, Governed by a wife or woman, weakly subject to one's wife

Henroost, n ब्राउन वाना, Perch on which [ rose. poultry roost at night

Hop, hep, n कन विस्ताब, The fruit of the dog-Hepatic, hep-atik, Hepatical, hep-atik-al, [Gr hepatos liver] যকুং-ঘটিত, যকুতের স্থায় বৰ্ণবিশিপ্ত , যকুত সম্মীয় , Pertaining to the liver.

Hepatitis, hep-a-ti'tis, n वक्राडव थाना , Inflamation of the liver

Hepatoscoy, n. बडन यकुड (प्रविद्यो अपना कहा व

siels कोबन, The act or art of divination by inspecting the liver of animals.

Heptade, hep'tad, n. [Gr. hepta, seven ] ਸਰ; ਸਾਰ . The sum or number of seven.

Heptaglot, hep'ta-glot, n [Gr. hepta, seven, and glotto language] সপ্ত ভাষায় দিখিত প্ৰক. A book in sever languages —a. সপ্ত ভাষায় দিখিত, In seven languages.

Hoptagon, hep'ta-gon, n. [Gr hepta, seven, gonsa, an angle] সপত্ত স সপত্র সংল বৈথিক ক্ষেত্র, A plane figure with seven angles and sides a=heptagonal (seven-sided).

Heptahedron, hep-ta-ho'dron, n [Gr. hepta, seven, hedra, a base] সপ্তত্মি খনকেন, A solid figure with seven bases or sides.

Heptarchy, hep'tar-ki, n [Gr hepta, eeven, and arche, sovereignty] সন্ত শাসন, সন্তজন ছায়া ৰাজ্যশাসন বা শাসিত ৰাজ্য, Government of seven persons or commonwealth, the seven English commonwealth in Britain. a = heptarchic.

Hor, her, pron. ওাহাকে, সেই দ্বীলোকের, ওাহার, Objective and possessive case of she —a কোন মানোকর, Belonging to a female.

Herald, her'ald, n. [Gr herold, from hare, nemy] অৱগানী মৃত, প্রচারক, ঘোষক, Forcrunner, proclaimer, harbinger —কৃলজী-রক্ক, ঘোষক, An officer for keeping genealogies and for making proclamations; a proclaimer —o t ঘোষণা ক, To proclaim

Heraldic, her-aldik, a. কৃপজী-সম্ভীয় , Of or relating to heralds or heraldry.

Heraldry, herald-ri, n কুল-চিক্ত বিদ্যা, দৌতা, বুলগী বিশ্ব, The art or office of a herald; science of recording genealogies and blazoning coats of arms

Herb, herb, n শাক, উষ্থি, Plant, vegetable Horbacoous, her-bashus, a. [ L. herbaceus ] শাক্সখন্ধীয়, শাক্ষাতীয়, উম্পিকাতীয়, Pertaining to or of the nature of herbs

Horbago, herbaj or erbaj, n. পাক-তৃণাদি উদ্ভিদ, সমগ্র প্রবাধলাতি, প্রাদির ভক্ষ্য তৃণাদি, Herbs collectively, green food for cattle, grass —চারণ, মাঠ; Pasture

Horbal, herbal, a. পাক্সম্মীৰ, উৰ্ধি ভৱকলা সম্মীয়: Pertaining to herbs.—n উভিদ-বিৰুদ্দ সম্মীয় পুসক, A book containing a classification and description of plants—ভক্ত লভাৰ সংগ্ৰহ, বত্বে ব্ৰধিত বুকলভাদি, A collection of dired plants

Horbalism, herbal-ızm, n ওব্যুক্তৰ; The know ledge of herbs

Horbalist, herbal-ist, n উহিদ বিষয়ত ; উদ্ভিত্যুক্ত Ore skilled in plants, dealer in heros

Herbarium, hei-bari-um, n. ওম্বিশালা, তম্ক জক-লতা সংগ্ৰহ, A classified celection of precited herbs or plants, a ganden of herb. f = nerbariums, heibaria

Herbescont. heibeieit, a উদ্বিজ্ঞানীৰ প্ৰাপ্তি-বল, Growing into heibs, becoming perbaceous Herbivorous, her bivor-us, a [L. herva, and voio, to devour] তুপনীৰী, তুপাদিভোনী, Eating or hving on herbs. Herborisation, herb-or-i-zishun, দ. বুফলডানির আবেংগ, আকরিক প্লাবে তর্তন্তাদির আকৃতি; The act of searching for plants, the figure of plants in mineral substances

Herborise, he boriz, v.i মৃত্য উদ্ভিমের অনুসন্ধানক, নতাপতি অনুসন্ধানক, To search for plants; to botanise, to search for plants or seck for new species —v.t (আক্ষিক পদার্থানিতে) বুক্ষাতাদিব আকাব গঠিত-ক, To form the figures of plants in, as in minerals n=herborisation.

Herculoan, her-ku'ie-an, a. [L Herculcus]
অতি কঠিন, অতি বলবান, অতি বৃহৎ, আহারিক, Extremely difficult or dangerous, having extraordinary strength, size. Syn — Toilsome, laborious, operose, colossal, huge, gigantic, cyclopean, powerful, vigorous, brawny, athlectic,
muscular, massive

Follow one to the pillars of Hercules—
পৃথিবীর শেব পর্যান্ত কাহার সঙ্গে যাত্রা, To follow one
to the ends of the earth.

Hercule's'club—ইবেৰ গণ ; A stick of unusual size and formidable appearance.

Heroule's pillars—The rocks on the African coast of Gibralter

Hord, herd, [A S. heard, Gr herde] মুখ; পন্ত-পাল, Flock —পল, (ইডর নোকের) জনতা, নীচ লোক; Crowd, rabble —রাধান, One who tends cattle. —ত. : দল বাধিনা দৌটাল, পালে পালে গমল-ক, To run in herds —একত্রি চ-ছ, দলে নিশা, To unite in a company by custom of inclination — ত চ. দল-বছ-ক, To form or put in herd. —পভপাশন-ক; To tend as a herdsman. Syn. — (n) Drove; rabble, herdsman, shepherd.

Herdman, herdman, Hordsman, heideman, n. जाशांत्र, A man employed to tend cattle

Hore, her, ad এখানে, In this place —এ জীবনে, বৰ্তনান অবহায়, ইহলোক, In the present life or state.

Heroabout, htt-a-howt, Horeabouts, —abowts, ad. এই স্থানের নিকটে, ইং মণিকটে, এই অঞ্চল, About or near this place, about this place, in this neighbourhood

Horoaftor, her alter, ad ভাগতেত, প্রকাপে, পরে; In time to come, in ome future state, after this — প্ৰকাশ, ভাষী অবস্থা, A future existence, a future state.

Hero and there—ইত্তত: . এপানে কিছু সেখানে কিছু, এখানে দেখানে , In this and in that place , in one place and in another , lying in a dispersed manner:—বোন বোন হলে , In a very few cases . —দেখানে দেখানে , At random —িব্ৰন , বাঁক কাঁক , আনুখানু , I limly , iregularly

Hereat, ad ইহার জন্ত ; At or by reason of this. Hoveby, her-bi, ad এডদাবা, By means of this; by this.

Horom, har in, ad. ইং তে , In this. [ of this. Herom after—এই প্ৰায় , In the following part Heroin to—ইহাতে , Into this

Horoof, her of, ad sol sects, ascerta, Of this concerning or from this.

Horoditable, he-rec'it-a-bl, a উত্তরাধিকারবাক প্রাপ্য , Capable of being inherited. Hereditament, her-e-dita-ment n উত্তরাধিকার-বাবে প্রাপ্য সর্বপ্রকার সম্পত্তি, উত্তরাধিকারী. Any property of whatever kind that may be inherited, any species of property that may be inherited

Hereditary, he-rede-tar-e, a [F hereditare, from L. haeres, heir] গৈতৃক, উত্তর্গিকাবে ক্ষে
প্রাপ্ত, বংশগরশারা আগত, উত্তর্গিকাবেরে প্রাপা,
Transmitted from parents to their off-pring
Syn —Ancestral, patrimonial, transmitted, inherited, inheritable.

Heredity, he-redi-ti, n. বংশপরস্বাগত ভা . কৌলিক ভাগিকার, The hereditary transmission of qualities or even acquirements

Horostarch, hei'e-st-lick, n প্রচলিত ধর্মনতের বিক্রম্বাদিগণের নেতা, Chief in heresay, a leader among heretics

Heresy, her'c-se, n [Gr hairesis, a taking, a sect] হাপিত ধর্মের বিরোধী মত, প্রান্তির ধর্মনতের বিকর্মনান, Heterodoxy, opinion not in accordance with the christian church Syn—false opinion, unsound doctrine

Horetic, her'e-tik, n ধর্মবিবোধী, চলিত ধর্মের বিক্রবাদী. One who holds heresis, the upholder of a heresy. a=heretical a i=heritically Syn — Schismatic, sectarian, sectary, dissenter, non-conformist

Hereto-এই পর্যন্ত , To this.

Heretofore, her-tou-foi<sup>e</sup>, ad ইভিপুৰ্কে ইভ:-পুৰ্বে, আবে, Before this time, formerly Syn — Previously, antecedently

Hereunto, hrr-un too, ad এই কাল প্ৰায়, এ

H eupon, her-up-on, ad ইহাৰ ভক্ত , ইহাতে , এই কাৰ্ব্যে , On this , in consequence of this

Herewith, her-with, ad. ইंड्। मह , এতৎসহৰাহে With this

Nather here nor there—ভাতে বিছু আইনে লায় লা , সে বথাছ এখন কাজ নাই , শ্লে কিছুই নহে , No matter of no consequence

Heriot, ler'i-ot, n (ই'লভে) প্ৰজাৰ মৃত্যুতে ভূব নীৰে থেয় কঃ, An ancient tribute of munitions of war given to the lord of the manor, a du'y paid to the lord of the fee on the decease of a tenant.

Heilrable, her'it-abl, a উত্তৰাধিকার-বোণ্যা, উত্তৰ-ৰাণিৰ বক্ষান্ত প্ৰাপ্য . That may be inherited

Heritable property—হাৰৰ সম্পত্তি, Real property as opposed to movable property

Heritage, her it ন্য, ল গৈড়ক বিনয়, উত্তৰ্গনিকাৰ্যন্তে আপ্তাসম্পতি That which is inherited inheritance Syn —Pitrimo y portion estate

Horntor, her'it-or, n বোল এব গিঙার অধিকাৰত অমির ভ্ৰামী, উত্তরাধিবারী A landholder in a parish in Scotland, heir, land-owner

Hermaphrodism, her-mai'rod-izm, Hermaphroditism, her-mai'rod-it-izm, স একাথাবে বীছ ভ পুভোৰের সমাবেশ, The union of the two sexes in one individual

Hermaphrodite, her-mafred-it, গ একাবাবে গুলহ ২ বহানী, উদ্ভিদ বা নানৰ, নপুণসক, An ammal or plant of the both sexes:—বিলিয়া, স্ত্ৰী e পুলোতির উভয়বিধ চিক্ বিশিষ্ট, Uniting the dis-

Hermaphroditic, her-maf-rod-itik, Hermaphroditical, a পুন্ত্ৰী উভন্ন জাতিন ভাৰ বিশিষ্ট, বিলিয়া, Paitaking of both sexes

Hermeneutic, her-me-nū'tik, Hermeneutical, her-me-nū'tik-al, a [Gr hermeneus, an interpreter] বাধ্যকারী, Explanatory, interpreting ad=hermeneutically

Hermeneutics, n sing বাধা বিজ্ঞান, The science of interpretation, especially of the scriptures

Hormes, n The Greek name of Mercury.

Hermetic, her-metik, Hermetical, her-metik-al, a রাগাবনিক, উল্লেডাকিক, Chemical, magical—গোলনীয়, বন্ধ, সম্পূৰ্ণকলে আৰক্ষ, Secret, completely closed ad=hermetically [schemy Hermetic art, n. অগ্ৰস্থান বিদা, The art of Hermetically sealed—সম্পূৰ্ণকলে বন্ধ; (কাচ-পাঞ্জাবন মুখ আগ্ৰণ গলাইয়া) সম্পূৰ্ণকলে আৰক্ষ, Closed completely as a bottle, against the admission of air or any fluid closed completely, said of a vessel, the opening of which is closed by fising the extremity

Hermit, hei'mit, n [ G esemi'es from eremos, lonely ] তাপন বতি , বনবানী , সন্ত্যানী , উদানীন , One who retires from the world and lives in contemplation recluse, anchoret Syn — A solitary, ascetic

Hermitago, her'mit-ত্ৰ্য গ তগৰীৰ আগ্ৰম, সন্থানীৰ আগ্ৰম নিচত বাসহান Abode of a hermit, a retired residence—মদা বিশেষ, A French wine Hern, hern, Same as Heron

Herris, her'ni-a, n অনুবৃদ্ধি রোগ বিশেষ, A protruding rupture, a rupture, particularly that of the abdomen. a=hernial

Strongulated hernia—Irreducible protrusion with constitution of an intestine

Horo, he i ে । [G hēros] বীর, শুর, ঝোছা, A man of distinguished valour or enterprise, a warnor —িং, াত থাকি, প্রধান ব্যক্তি । Illustrious pe son principal personage —( নাটকাদির) নাযক, The principal figure in any history or work of ficti । fem=heroine (নাটকা)। Syn — Warnor braveman, heading character, principal person

Out Herod Herod — সর্কাপেকা অভ্যাচারী-ছ, To out do in wickedness, the voict of tyrants. Herodians, n pl A Jewiso sect.

Horoic, hī-rō'ik Heroical, he ro'ik-al, a স্থানক, নিভাক Courigeous daring — বিশাস, পদ্ধ Illustri us ad=heroically Syn — Brave, ii rejid viliant, gallant, fearless, undaunted, bild during enterprising, magnanimous; epic Heroic age—বীর বুগ, The age in which heroes are supposed to have lived, the age of a nation intervening between the purely mythical period and the hystoric.

Heroic medicines—অনিষ্টকারী উবধ, Those which produce serious or even fatal consequences.

Heroi-comic, heroi-komik, Heroi-comi-

oal, her'o-i-komik-al, a. पीव ७ शामात्रम मार्याला , Consisting of the heroic and the ludicrous.

Heroic poetry—মহা কাৰ্য; Epic poetry; that in which the life of a hero is celebrated.

Heroic treatment remedies—প্ৰবৃত্ত উৰু : Those of a violent character.

Heroic verse — ছ'ল বিশেষ; The verse of heroic poetry, being in English; the Iambic of ten syllables.

Heroism, her'o-izm, n. নাহন, নিভীৰতা; বীরত্ব, Courage, intrepidity. Syn:—Fortitude, bravery, valour, gallantry.

Heron, her'un, n. 35; A wading bird with long slender legs and neck.

Heronry, her'un-ri, n. বকলালা; বকের প্রস্বস্থান, A place for the rearing of herons.

Heronshaw, her'un-shaw, n. 每年行号; A young heron.

Horo-worship, he'ro-wur'ship, n. বীর-প্রা, মহাপৃক্ষদিগের অভিরিক্ত শুভি; মহাজনদিগের প্রা, 'The worship of heroes; extravagant or excessive admiration of great men.

Herpes, her'pez, n. দক্ৰ প্ৰভৃতি চৰ্দ্মরোগ; A kind of skin disease. [small sea-fish Horring, her'ing, n. সামৃত্রিক মৎসা বিশেষ; A Hers, pron. and a. তাহার. Possessive of she.

Herse, hers, Same as Hearse.

Herself, her-self, pron. ৰয়: (ব্ৰীজাড়ীয়) তি'নই বা তাঁহাকে: The emphatic form of she in the nominative or objective, in her real character — প্ৰকৃতিহা; বতাবহা, Having the command of temper, in her right mind; sane. [panied By herself—একাকিনা; Alone, apart; unacom-Heastanoy, here-tan-se, Heastation, here-ta-hun, n. বিধা, সন্দেহ, কথনে সভোচ; অব্যক্তিত চিত্ততা, Doubt; stammering; indecision. Syn:— Doubleness, suspense, irresoluteness, uncertainty, dubiety; stammering, stuttering.

Hesitate, hezi-tāt, v. i. [L. haesitare, haesum, to stick ] সৃষ্টিত-ছ; সন্দিৰ্ঘ-ছ; ইতস্তত:-ফু; Falter, be doubtful, stammer. ad=hesitatingly. Syn.—Doubt, waver, scruple, deliberate, demur, stammer, stutter.

Hesper, hesperos, evening ] ভদ্ৰাহ; The evening star or Venus. [Western; accidental. Hesperian, hesperian, a. প্রাচ্য ; পাছাত্য,

Hest, n. भागन , Command.

Eleterocoreal, het-er-o-ser'kal, a. [Gr. het-eros, different from, kerkos, the tail] ( জনজাৰ সমুক্তে) অসমপুক্ত: Having a tail, the upper fork of which is different from or larger than the lower, as the shark.

Heteroclite, heter-o-klit, n. [Gr. heteros, different from, kerkos, the tail] যে গদ নিয়ম বহি ভূত স্বতম্ভ্ৰপ প্ৰাপ্ত হয়; নিয়ম বহিৰ্ভূত ব্যক্তি বা বস্তু (Gram.) A word irregularly inflected; any person or thing irregular.

Heteroclite, heter-o-klit, Heteroclitic, heter-o-klitik, Heteroclitical, het-er-o-klitik-al, a. সাধাৰণ নিয়মের বহিত্ত; Deviating from ordinary rules; irregular.

Heterodox, he'er-o-doks, a. [Gr. heteros, orher, and doxa, opinion] ছাপিত মতের বিরোধী-বাদী, চলিত মত-বিরুদ্ধ; ধর্মবিরুদ্ধ; Not orthodox; heretical; unsound.

Heterodoxy, heter-o-doks-i, n. ৰণ্মবিক্ত মড; আন্ত্ৰিত মডেব বিক্জাচৱণ: Heresy.

Heterogeneous, het-er-ō-jēńe-us, Heterogeneal, het-er-o-jēńe-al, a. [G. heteros, other, and genos, race] ভিত্ৰ; অসমুখ্য; ভিত্ৰৰাজীয়; Disimilar, different in kind. n=heterogeneity, heterogeneouslys. Syn:—Unlike, different, incongruous, alien.

Hetman, hetman, n. ক্লিয়ার জাতি বিশেষের দেলা-পতি বা সন্ধার; Cossack commander-in-chief.

Hew, hu, v. t. [A. S. heātwan] কুঠার বারা ছেম্ব-কু, বঙ্গ বঙ-কু; Cut with an axe, cut in pieces:—গঠন-কু; গঠিত-কু; Shape. n=hewer. Syn:—Chop, hack; form, smooth, make even. Hower, n. ছেম্ক; One who hews cutter.

Hewers of wood and drawers of water—
মূটে মজুর: গোলাম, বাহারা আতি নীচ কার্য্যে নিযুক্ত.
Those who are employed in performing the most menial offices, slaves.

Hexagon, hekśa-gon, n. [Gr. hexagonon—hex, six, and gonia, an angle] বড়ভা কো; A plane figure with six angles and sides. e=hexagonal. ad=hexagonally.

Hexahedron, heks-a-hédron, n. [Gr. hex, six, hedra, a base ] সমষ্ট্ৰাৰ্থ খনকেন ; খনকেন ; বনকেন ; বনকে

Hoxameter, heks-amet-er, a. [Gr. hex, six, metron, a measure] বট্-পদী লোক; বট্পদী কবিতা; A verse of six measures of feet:—a. বট্পদী; Having six metrical feet.

Hoxapla, heksa-pla, n. বাইবেলের ষ্ট্রাব সম্ভাবাৰ সম্ভাবাৰ স A collection of the scriptures in six different languages, particularly that published by Origen. a=hexaplar.

Hexapod, hekśa-pod, a. [Gr. hex, six, and pous, a foot ] বট্পদ, Having six feet :—n. বট্পদ জীব; An animal with six feet.

Hexastich, hekśa-stik, n. [Gr. hez, six, and stichos, a line ] ছৱ চরণের বা লোকের কবিতা; A poem consisting of six lines or verses.

Hexastyle, hekśa-stil, n. { Gr. hex, six, and stylos, a pillar] চয় বস্তবিশিষ্ট অটালিকা ; A building with six pillars or columns.

Hey, hā, enterj. হোহো; প্ৰশ্ন বা হৰ্বায়ন্ত অব্যয়; An exclamation or interrogation.

Heyday, hádā, interj. বিশ্বয় বা উল্লাস্ত্ৰক অবান্ত : An expression of frolic, exultation or wonder : n. কৌতুক . A frolic :—যৌবনহলভ উচ্ছ্য্বাতা; উল্লাস ; The wildness and spirits of youth.

Hiatus, hī-átus, n. [L. hiare, to gape ] ছিজা An opening:—পোৰ, অস্থীনতা; A defect:—ছুই ব্রহর্ণের সংমিলন, In Gram. a concurrence of vowel sounds in two successive syllables. Syn:— Gap, chasm, break, interval.

Hibernal, hī-ber'nal, a. [ L. hibernus, from hiems, winter] হৈব, বীতকালীন; Wintry; winterish; belongin to winter.

Hibernate, hi'bār-nāt, v. i. [L. hiberna, winter quarters] পীতকাৰ বাপন-কু: পীত কটিন: To pass the winter in sleep; to winter. n=hibernation.

Hibernation, hi-bēr-náshun, n. পীতকাৰ অভিনাইন: The act of hibernating:—কোন কোন অভ্যুত্ত পীতকালীন নিশাল ভাব: The state of torpor in which many animals pass the winter.

Hibernian. hī-ber'ni-an, a. [ L. Hibernia, Ircland ] আয়র্লভ-দেশীয় ; Relating to Hibernia or Ireland:—n. আয়র্লভবাসী ; An Irishman.

Hibernianism, hi-bér'ni-an-izm, Hibernicism, hi-bér'ni-sizm, n. আয়লতের বিশেষ বাক্য-পদ্ধতি; An Irish idiom or peculiarity.

Hiccough, hikup, Hiccup, Hickup, n. হিন্ধা; A sudden and involuntary kind of cough:—v.t. হিন্ধা ভাগা; হিন্ধা ভাগা; To have a cough of this kind p=hiccoughing. pa. p=hiccoughed.

Hickory, hikor-i, n. মার্কিন দেশের বাদাম জাতীর বৃক্ষ; An American nut-bearing tree valued for timber.

Hid, pa, t. and pa. p. of hide.

Hidalgo, hi-dalgo, n. পেনদেশীর ভদ্রলোক; পেন-দেশের সর্কনিমত্রেণীর কুলীন; A Spanish nobleman of the lower class; a gentleman by birth.

Hidden, pa. p. of hide.

Hidden, hidn, a. গোপনীয়; তুকাহিড, গুপ্ত; জজাড; Secret, unseen; unknown; concealed. Syn:—Concealed, covert, occult, clandestine, close, mysterious; obscure, dark, unrevealed, abstruse, recondite.

Hide, hid, v. t. [ A. S. hydan, Icel. hyda, to spread skins over ] v. t. গোপন-ডু; পু্ৰায়িত স্থানে বাংগ; To conceal; to keep in safety:—v. i পুৰায়িত ভাবে থাকা; প্ৰায়িত থাকা; To lie concealed. Syn:—Cover, bury, secrete: shelter, cloak, screen, veil; flog, whip.

Hido, hid, n. চগ্ম; পশুচৰ্ম; The skin of a beast, raw or dressed:—ভূনি নাগ বিশেষ: An old measure of land differently estimated from 60 to 120 acres:—v. t. কৰাৰাড-কৃ. To flog; to whip.

Hide and seek—বুকেটু রিংলা; A child's game, where one hides and another seeks; a game in which one hides and the others try to find him; concealment from public view; a secret or concealed course of action.

Hide one's light under a bushel—আগনাত গুণ ছাপিছা রাখা: গুণের প্রিময় না দেওমা; Modestly conceal one's talents. [favour

Hide the face—আনুক্লো বিরত-হ; Withdrav Hide bound, a. কইন তক্বিৰিষ্ট; Having the skin or bark too tight:—কুপুণ; Niggardly.

Hideous, bide-us, a. [F. hideux, from hide fright] ভয়ানক: ভীৰণ; বিকট; Horrible; frightful, ghostly. n=hideousness. ad=hideously. Syn:—Ghastly, grim, grisly, horrid, ugly, dreadful, terrible; hateful, aleminable, detestable.

Hiding, Hiding-place, hiding-plas, n. বৃকাই-বাৰ হাৰ; A place of concealment. Syn:— Covert, refuge, shelter, retreat.

Hie, hi, v. i. [ A. S. hiegian, make haste ] জত-কু; খরা-কু; To hasten; to go in haste:— চেন্তা-কু; Endeavour, Syn:—Fly, speed. Bierarch, hi'er-ārk, n. [G. hieros, sacred, and archos, leader, ruler] পর্যনাম ; পর্যাপিত : অধান প্রোছিত ; A ruler in sacred matters; chief of a sacred order. Syn:—High-priest, primate, archbishop; arch angel.

Hierarchy, hi'ér-ārk-i, n. যাজকগণ; পুরোহিতবর্গ;
The body of the clergy:—পুরোহিত তন্ত্র; যাজকগণকর্ত্ব রাজ্যশাসন; A government by priests. a=
hierarchical. [ যাজকার; Sacred, sacerdonal.
Hieratic, hī-er-atik, a. পবিঅ; পুরোহিত-সহকীর;
Hieroglyph, hī-er-o-glif, Hieroglyphic,
hī-er-o-glif'ik, n. [Gr. hieros, sacred, and glypho, to carve] চিত্রাক্ষর; চিত্রবেশ্য; সাক্ষেতিক বিশ্বন;
Picture-writing among the Egyptians; any
symbolical figure. a=hieroglyphic, hieroglyphical. ad=hieroglyphically.

Hieroglyphist, hi-ér-o-glissis, n. নাছেডিক লিখন পড়িতে পটু; চিত্রেল্য পাঠাভিজ; One skilled in reading hieroglyphics.

Hierographie, hī-ēr-o-graf'ik, Hierographical, hī-ēr-ō-graf'ik-al, a. [Gr. hieros, sacred, and grapho, to write] ধর্মপুত্তক সম্বায়; ধর্মগুত্ত স্থানার, Pertatining to sacred writing. Syn:—Symbolical, figurative, typical; obscure.

Hierology, hi-ér-olo-ji, n. [Gr. hieros, sacred, and logs, a discurse ] প্রাচীন ধর্মনিদারীদির নিখনবিধ-রক বিজ্ঞান; ধর্মনিদারীদার নিখনবিধ-রক বিজ্ঞান; ধর্মনিদারীদার harden which treats of sacred matters, especially sacred writings and inscriptions.

Hierophant, hier-o-fant, n. [Gr. hieros, sacred, fhaina, to shew] পুরোহিত, আচার্যা; ধার্মাপ্রস্থা, One who teaches the mysteries of religion, a priest.

Higgle, hīg'l, v. i. [ Dan. hykter, to wheedle ] জ্বা লইড়া বিজয়ার্থে ছাত্রে কিলা , কেলি-কু , Carry provisions about for sale:—বপড়া বগড়ি-কু ; পরেষ কচলা কালি-কু ; To make difficulty in bargaining ; to chaffer. Syn:—Chaffer, haggle, bargain, stickle , peddle, hawk.

Higglo and haggle-जर-विकासक मारत मात लहेश ক্রাক্রি করা; Be difficult in bargaining; belong in coming to the price. f fusion; confusedly. Higgledy, Piggledy, ad. लिम्बलकारन: In con-High, hi, a. [A. S. heah, Gr. hoch] मीर्च ; उक्र ; Lofty, tall :- 345 . Elevated ; lofty ; sublime :-िलाड : Dirtinguised .- माखिक ; अश्याती ; गक्ती ; Proud, arrogant :- कटिन ; कुटरेना ; Difficult, abstruse: -গভার, Profound: -- অভাৎকৃষ্ট : Excellent :- কোধাখিত ; কুদ্ধ ; Angry :- অভাচারী ; Violent; severe; oppressive: - नइ९, Noble, illustrious, honorable :-- शांत ; अवन , Violent ; tempestuous -- পूर्न ; Full ; complete :- पनी ; विनामी ; Rich ; luxurious ; well-seasoned :-উদ্ধন ; কমতাবান ; Strong ; vivid ; deep :— অধিক ; দুৰ্মলা: Dear .- উন্নত; অভিমাত্ৰায় অপ্ৰগত; Far advanced :-- দুরতম ; প্রাচীন ; Remote in time :-উচ্চকণ্ঠ ; উচ্চ ; Loud :-ad. প্রচুব পরিমাণে ; উচ্চভাবে ; গভীর ভাবে ; In a high manner ; to a great attitude, eminently, profoundly. ad=highly. Syn:-Towering; eminent, prominent, chief, superior; recondite, profound : haughty, lordly;

boastful, bragging, overbearing, despotic; powerful, mighty ; great ; violent, stormy, turbulent, inflamed; costly; acute, sharp, shrill. High-admiral, hi'-admi-ral, n. वशान (भाउनावक; প্রধান পোতাধাক ; The chief admiral of a fleet. High-aimed, hर्वज्ञात, a. উक्तनका ; Having lofty

designs.

High-altar, hi'-awitar, n. बीडीव वर्षमन्दित्व दार्थान বেদিকা; The principal altar in a church. High-bailiff, n. The Chief officer of a town.

High-born, hī'-bawm, a. উळवः वेस ; महासवः वेस ; कित्रश्चल ; Of noble birth.

High-bred, hi'-bred, n. হজাত : উচ্চবংৰে পালিত ও শিকিড; Of high education or blood; bred in

high family.

High-church, hi'church, n. वर्षशंककिश्तित अञ्च-वामी है:नास्त्र वर्षमण्डामात्र विराग्य: Inclined to magmify the authority and jurisdiction or ecclesiastical rites and ceremonies of a church,-usually applied to such as attach the highest importance to the episcopal office and the apostalic succession. n.-highchurchman, highchurchism. High-coloured, hi-kulurd, a. অতিবল্লিড; হ্র-

ঞ্চিত, উজ্লবৰ্ণবিশিষ্ট; Having glaring colour. strong in representation. [ Holiday ; festival. High-day, hi'-da, n. नर्ल : क्रुगित मिन : मिनमान ; High-fed, hi -fed, a. अठिज्ङ , या शे भविमार क्र , Pampered, fed luxuriously. n=high-feeding.

High-flier, hi'flier, n. य व्यवस्थित कार्या वा नाका बारबान करत ; One who is extravagant in pretensions or manners. a=high-flying.

High-flown, hī'-flon, a. निर्वेख ; बाह्यदर्श . সগব্দ , অপরিমিত , অত্যধিক ; Proud ; turgid , elevated, extravagant.

High-handed, hi'-handed, a. गर्निङ ; উৎপাदक ; अंग्राठात्री : व्यतन , Overbearing , oppressive , vio [ कारप ; With heart full of courge High-hearted, hi'-harted, a. माहमिक ; निर्टीक-Highland, hilland, n. शांकाजीय अरमन ; शांकारमन . Mountainous region.

Highlander, hiland-er, n. नर्सछवामी : नार्सछा-व्यापनवानी; An inhabitant of a mountainous

region.

High-life, n. वावृतिति , व्हालादिक हान्त्रसम ; Life of the fashionable class; life among the aristocracy; the manner of life that prevails among the higher classes of men. [ rich food.

High-living, n. ভোজবে বিলাস ; A feeding upon High-mass, hi'-mas, n. द्यशंन द्यशंन छेरत्रद्य त्य ভাতিগাৰ হয়; The mass performed by a choir in { spirit. a specially solumn manner.

High-metalled, a. उज्जो; Having a high High-minded, hi'-minded, a. एवड ; एकमना ; উদার্ঘান্ত ; পর্বিত ; Elevated ; proud ; magnanimous, arrogant. n=high-mindedness.

Highness, hi'nes, n. উপাধি বিশেষ ; त्वव ; बाक्कन-माणित छेशापि; Title of a prince, king, pasha :-EDD : NEW: The state of being high. Syn :-Attitude, height, loftiness; dignity, rank, eminence, violence, vehemence, intensity, greatness; acuteness, sharpness. [ in the meridian. High-noon, n. 4917. Time when the sun is

High-pressure, hi'-preshur, n. agies ain-বিশিষ্ট , অতিবিক্ত ভাৰ ; Pressure exceeding that of 15 bs to the square inch.

High-priest, hi'-prest, n. अशन शूरवाहिङ ; अशान ধৰ্মথাঞ্চক : A chief priest

High-principled, hi'-prinsi-pld, a. Gris auta-नवी; Of high, noble or strict principle :- धंxtravagant in politics.

High-proof, hi -proof, a. ध्वल बनामांत्रपूर्व ; अकि-बिक ख्वामाविनिष्ट ; वित्नाधिक ; Very strong ; containing much alcohol; highly rectified.

High-reaching, a. উक्रांडिनाची ; Ambitious.

High-road, hi'-rod, n. बांक्शव; Public road. High-seas, n. The water of the ocean, three miles or more from the coast line.

High-seasoned, hi'se'znd, a. मननानि बांदा प्रश्की-कृष , गत्रम पमना ও युङापित (पार्त शक , Made rich or piquant with spices or other seasoning.

High-souled, hi-sold, a. महाश्वा ; महानद्र ; Having lofty soul or spirit.

High-sounding, hi-sownding, a. युगीर्च : আড়ৰৱপূৰ্ব, সাংকার; Pompous; ostentatious;

High-spirited, hi'-spirit-ed, n. निर्शिक ; माए-সিক; তৌধন, তেপ্নথী; Bold; daring; irascible.

High-tested, hi'-tasted, a. जीजायांप ; Having a strong relish; piquant

High-time-পূर्वला ( बाद दिलक दिएक नरह, अहे जार); Quite time (indicating that no further delay should take place ); full time.

High-toned, a. wee; High in tone or sound; noble; elevated.

High-treason, hi'-trezn, n. बाजविद्धाहकन क्यू उन्न অগরাধ; বাজমোহ; Treason against the sovereign or state, being the highest civil offence.

High-water, hi'-waw'ter, n. क्यांत्र ; क्यिंत्व ৰোমাৰ; Top of the tide; the greatest elevation of the tide.

High-way, hi'wa, n. ताक्ष्यव ; The public road ; a public way. Syn .- Way, road, path, course, [ way robber. passage, street.

Highway-man, hīwā-man, n. vyī; A high-High-words - ट्यापपूर्व वाका, बारनत कथा; हड़ा कथा; Angry words

High-wrought, hi'-rawt, a. হকৌশনে সম্পাদিত : অতি রঞ্জিত . Wraught with exquisite art or skill : highly finished; greatly coloured; accurately finished. [ in the sky.

On high-वार्ग ; In heaven :--वाकान-नार ; High Hilarious, he-lar'e-us, a. [ L. hilaris ] ज्ञा-সিত ; প্রত্ন , ক্টটিড ; Gay ; very merry ; merthful. Syn .- Jovial, jolly, joyous, joyful.

Bilarity, he-lar'e-te, n. आवम , উज्ञान ; Gaiety ; mirth. Syn :- Merriment, glee, cheerfulness, joyousness, exhilaration, joviality, jolity, convi-February 1. viality.

Hilary, n. A law-period from January 11 to Hill, hil, [A. S. hill] n. 東亚 中氣 : পাহাড; A small mountain :-- v. t. মৃতিকা বারা বেইড-কু; To surround with earth. Syn :- Mount, mound, eminence, a height. [ small hill.

Hillock, hiluk, n. ceis পাহাত ; তুদ পর্বাত ; A

Hilly, hili, a. पूर नक्डम, Full of hills. n= hillness.

Hilt, hilt, त ब्लानिय मुद्दे ; The handle of anything esp of a sword amhilted

Hilted, hilfed, a मुहेबूड , Having a hilt.

Rim, him, pro. (%, 4154) State, State, The objective case of He

Himself, pro (পুংবাচক) তিনি বয়ং , তিনি আপনি , The emphatic and reflective form of him

By himself-এकाकी निस्त काः।

Hind, hind, n. [O Eng hyne] হবিণী, মুগী. The for ale of the red deer or stag — কুবৰ, A peasant, a rustic — a প্ৰভাৱনী, Backward, placed in the rear Syn—(n) Ploughman, swain, boor, bondager, herd

Hinder, hinder, a অধিকতৰ পকাৰতী, Compara-

tive of hind ; opposed to fore

Hinder, hinder, v t [A S hindrian, from hinder, back] বাধা-দে, গতি রোধ কু. To prevent, to obstruct, to stop —হ ঃ কাধা-দে বাধা উপস্থিত-ছ, Fo interpose impediments, to cause obstacles. Syn —Impedi, obstruct, interrupt, thwart oppose, ariest, retail delay, debar

Hinderance, hinder ans Hindrance, hindrans n. र था. প্রতিষ্ক , বিশ্ব. Obstacle. obstruction Syn —Impediant, obstruction, interruption check, difficulty restraint

Hindermost, Hindmost, a সর্কালভারতী.
Furthest behind. [ spoken in North India
Hindi, hindē, n হিন্দি ভাষা The language
Hindoo, Hindu, hindöö, n হিন্দু, A native of
Hindustan, an adherent of Brahmanism

Hindooism, Hinduism, hindoo-izm, n হিন্দু-ধম, হিন্দুনান , The religious tenets of the Hinduis Hinduistani, n হিন্দুনা বা উদ্ধাৰা, A dialect of Hindu also called Urdu

Hinge, hinj. n বজা হাঁসকল, Hook or joint of a door — I hat on which anything turns — v t বজা-দে, হাঁসকলযুক্ত-কু, নত-কু, To furnish with hinges, to bend — v. : ৰজাৰ উপৰ পুৰু বিভিন্ন To hang or turn as on a hinge, to depend. Syn — (v) Hing, depend, rest, turn

To be off the hinges-বিশ্বাস ক, To be in a disorder or irregularity

Hinny, hini, n [Gr hinnos, ginnos, mule] আচর, আপরস্কত পদ, The produce of a stalion and a she-ass, a term of endearment

Hint, hint, v t [A S hentan to pursue Dan ynste, to whisper] মুক্তে-কু, ইলিতে প্রথ করাংগান্তে, To allude to, to suggest .—v. 1. উল্লেখ-জুইনিড কু. 10 make an indirect or remote allusion to allude —n সহেত, ইলিড, A distant a'lusion, slight mention, suggestion. Syn—(v) Intimate, insimuate, imply, allude, refer to glance at, touch on (n) Intimation, insimuation Take the hint—অভেন্ন ইসারা বা ইলিড বুকিতে পারা, Make out a person's meaning from a slight intimation or gesture made by him.

Throw out s hint—হলিড-জ, ঠারে ঠোরে বলা, Utter a hint, speak a word or two to give

Hip, hip, n. 1754, The fleshy part of the

thigh, the haunch — ফল বিশেষ; The fruit of the wild brier or dog-rose:— চ . নিতম্বেদ আকৃষ্ণিত করিয়া বেদনা কমান, To sprain the hip. inf মনোবোগ আকর্ষণ কক শব্দ, Used in calling and exciting attention

Have or catch one on the hip—atra fish; Have the advantage over one in a struggle.

Smite hip and thigh—সন্পূৰ্ণৰূপে প্ৰাধিত-কৃ Defeat utterly [A species of fish Hippo-campus, hip'o-kam-pus, n. মংসা বিশেষ ,

Hippocentaur, n same as Centaur

Hippodrome, hip'o-drom, n [Gr hippos, a hoise, and dromos, a course] ঘোড়দৌড়ের মাঠ. অবশকটাদির দৌডগ্রদর্শনার্থ ছান বা রক্ষত্বনি, Race course, open circus.

Hippogriff, hip'o grif, n [ Gr. hippos, a horse and grips, a guifin ] অৰ্ধ ঘোটক ও আৰ্ধ পকীর আকার বিশিষ্ট কল্লিত যাবদ, Half horse and half griffin.

Hippopathology, hip o-pa-tholo-ji, ন. পত্ত চিকিৎসা বিজ্ঞান অধানির চিকিৎসা বিজ্ঞান, The science of veterinary medicine

Hippophagous, hip-pofa-gus, n [Gr hippos, a horse, and phago, to act] अवक्त, अववाद, Feeding on horse

Hippophagy, hip pol'a ji, n অব্যান ভকা, আছ ভকা, The act or practice of feeding on horseflesh. n=hippophagist

Hippopotamus, hip-o-pola-mus, n [Gr hippos, a horse potamos, river] অৰ্থনী, সিদ্ধ থোচক, Aquatic quadruped of Africa

Hippuric, hip u'rik, a [Gr hippos, a horse and ouron, utine] অব্যুৱ হইতে প্রাপ্ত, Obtained from the wine of horses.

Hire, hir, n. [A S hyr] ভাঙা, পারিত্রমিক, Wages, rent, the price paid for the temporary use of inything –v t ভাঙা-কু, পারিত্রমিক দিয়া নিযুক্ত-কু, lo obtain price, engage for pay — ভংকে'চ-কে, যুব দেওবা, To bribe Syn —(n) Salary, stipe id, pay, allowance, recompense, remuneration

Hire onesolf out—পর্না পাইবার বস্ত কাহারও কাথ্যে নিযুক্ত-হ , Engage oneselt in the service of another for muncy.

Hire out-tul-cy, Let out

Hireling, huling, n টিকা লোক, অৱকানের জন্ত নি থাজিত ভূত্য, One hired, a mercenary, ver nal —বেখা, A prostitute —a অর্থারবশ, Serving for wages, ven il

Hirsuto, hir-sūt, a [ L hirsutus ] ৰোমৰ, ওঁছা বা ব্চিনুক্ত, Hairy; shaggy — অসম, Rough Syn —Bristly, coarse, rude rough.

His, hiz, pron. ( % (164) sixts at sixts, Pos-

Hispid, hispid, a [L hispidus] Rough with bristles or minute spines, having hairs. Syn.—Hany, shagggy, hisute.

Hibb, his, n. সর্পের শব্দ, হিব্ , ইংরাজি বর্ণ উচ্চায়ণের
শদ, Noise of a snake, the sound of the letter
s —যুণা ও অসমতি হুচকবান. An expression of
disapprobation, contempt &c —v ঃ শিন্-লে,
বিকার-কু, To condemn by hissing, whiz, hoot
হিন্ শন্-কু, To make a sound like the letter s.

as the goose, serpent, &c:—মুণা বা অসম্বৃতি প্ৰকাশ-কু: To express contempt by hissing.

Hissing, hising, n. পিন্; থিকার; ঘ্ণাহচৰ পক; ঘুণার্হ বিবর: A hiss; object of hissing, object or occasion of contempt.

Hist, int. py , Hush ; silence.

Histoloy, n. প্ৰাক্তিবদা; উদ্ভিদ্যবিদা; The science. which treats of the minute structure of animal and veretable tissue.

History, histo-re, n. [G. historia, from histo rein, to learn by inquiry] ইতিহান; ইতিবৃত্ত, নিৰ্মণ, বৃত্তাত্ত; আধ্যায়িকা; গল; An account of an event; the knowledge of facts, events &c.; a true story. Syn:—Account, narrative, recital, story, record, chronicles, annals.

Civil history, Ancient history—পুরার্ভ .
The history of the nations of antiquity.

Classical history—History of the Romans and Greeks.

Natural history—বাড়, উদ্ভিদ ও প্রাণীদিপের বৃস্তান্ত .
ডিভিদ বাড়-প্রাণিগর্গের বিবরণ ; Description and classification of objects in nature as minerals, plants, animals ; a description and classification of the mineral, vegetable and animal productions of the earth. [of nations in general Profane history—মন্ত্রাজাতির ইভিহান ; History Sacred history—মন্ত্রাজাতির ইভিহান ; The history of religion and the events connected with it as contained in the church; history of the church

Historian, his-to're-an, n. ইতিহাস-লেবৰ; A writer of history; chronicler, annalist.
Historic, his-tor'ik, Historical, his-tor'ik-al, a. ইতিহাস্প্ৰক; ঐতিহাসিক; Containing history;

derived from history. ad = historically.

The historic sense, n. Capacity to represent the unity of a past events.

Historiette, his-tor-i-ct, n. সংক্ষিপ্ত ইতিহাস বা ইপাণান; A short history or story.

Historiographor, his-to-ri-og'raf-er, n. ইতি থান লেখক; নৱকাৰী ইতিবৃত্ত-লেখক; A historian; writer of history, esp. an officer employed to write the history of a prince or state.

Historiography, his-to-ri-og'ra-fi, n. ইতিহাস লিপিবাৰ কৌশল বা কাৰ্ব্য, ইতিহাস-সঞ্চলন-বিদ্যা; The art or employment of writing history.

Histrionic, his-tre-o'ik, Histrionical, histri-on-ik-al, a. [L. histrionicals, from histrio, a player] নাটকীয়, নাটক; নাটকাদি সম্বন্ধীয়; Relating to the stage or stage-players, befitting a theatre; theatrical.

Histrionism, huktri-o-nizm, n. স্থের অভিনয়, ভাষি; The art or practice of buffoons or pantomines; the acts of stage-playing.

Hit, hit, v. t. [Icel. hitta, to hit ] আঘাত-কৃ. পাৰ্ক-কৃ: To touch or strike —উপৰোগী-কৃ: উপযুক্ত-ভৃ: Accord with; suit. —সমীপবৰ্ত্তা-হৃ: লক্ষ্যপৰ্য করা বা ভারিকটম্ব-হৃ: To reach, to touch or reach that which is aimed at:—v. i. কৃতকাৰ্য্য-হৃ: To succeed in any attempt:—n. অহাব; A stroke; blow: —ভে ঘটনা: A lucky chance:—হ্বাক্য প্রবোগ; A happy turn of thought or expression. Syn:—(v) Smite; reach, attain, goin, win, secure; suit, actord with, fit; clash, collide, dash against; succeed. (n) Collision; chance, fortune, venture, successful speculation; happy remark.

A hard hit—আতে যা: শক্ত যা; A home-thrust; a severe blow; a taunt that tells.

A lucky hit -- ঠিক ভাক; অবার্থ লক্ষ্য; A successful stroke:—বেটী হঠাৎ হইবা পড়ে. A successful chance or attempt:—বেটী হঠাৎ বোগার; A fortunate guess.

Hit against—आयाज-क ; Clash.

Hit at-- 司亦「李; Aim at.

Hit hard — খাতে যা দেওয়া; Oppose vehemently:
—Ridicule with the greatest effect.

Hit off —টিক ছবিঘা বৰ্ণনা-কু; ঠিক কবিঘা বা আটিছা বৰ্ণনা-কু; Describe happily; describe or represent exactly but briefly ( with a few touches ).

Hit on or upon—উদ্বাননকু; হঠাৎ যোগান: হঠাৎ (কোন উপাব) উদ্বানিত হওয়া বা যোগান, Devise; come to light upon by chance; discover or light upon by chance. [good luck.

Hit out—সেতাগাবলত: সম্পাদন-কু; Perform by Hit tho mark—তীর লাগা; Reach or gain the object aimed at:—ঠিক যারগার ধরা; Come to the exact point.

Hit the nail on the head—ঠিক বারগার আঘাতকু, ঠিক বারগার ধরা বা আসা; Hit or touch the exact point:—ঠিক বাহা করা উচিৎ ঠিক সমলে তাহাই করা; Do the right thing, at the right time:—
ঠিক বাহা বলা দরকার তাহাই বলা; Say the right thing.

Hitch, hich, v. i. [Scot. hitch, a motion by a perk] বিজ্ঞতিত হ; Become entangled:—বড়শীবিজ্ঞের জ্যার অঙ্গবিজ্ঞেপ সহকারে চলা; পমন-ক; Move by perks; to fidget, move:—v. t. বিজ্ঞ-ক; বড়শীবিজ্ঞ-ক; ধরা, To fasten, unite, yoke, harness; to hook, to catch:—বিজ্ঞা মারা; To raise or pull with a jerk:—n. হোঁকা টান; বিজ্ঞা; A jerk:—বজন; A catch:—প্রতিক্রক; An obstacle:—অকসাৎ গতিরোধ; A sudden halt.

Hither, hither, ad. এখানে; এইবানে; এদিকে; To this place:—a. অধিক নিকটম্ব; অপেকাকৃত নিকটবর্তী; Nearer: toward the speaker.

Hither and thither - ইडउड:।

Hithermost, hither-most, a. অতান্ত নিকটস্ব ; গদিকে অতি সমিছিত : Nearest on this side.

Hitherto, hither-too, a.d. এই সাৰাভিমুৰে; এই স্থান প্যান্ত ; To this place :—অদ্যাৰ্থ ; এইৰও , To this time; until now, as yet.

Hitherward, hither-ward, a. এই স্বাভিম্বে; এই 'প্রে ; 'I oward this place; hither.

Hive, hiv, n. মধ্যকিকার বাস; মধ্চক: A box or other place for a swarm of honey-bees to live in, the habitation of a swarm of bees:—বেন্যাতির কাক. A swarm of bees:—জনতাপুর্ব স্থা; Crowded or bu y place:—জনতা; Company; crowd:—গ ন মৌচাকে রাখা; মধ্চকে সংগ্র-স্থা; To collect and lay up in store; to collect into a hive:—একতে বাস-কৃ; কলবজ্জ হইলা বাস-কৃ; To take shelter or lodging together; to reside in collective body. n=hiver.

Ho I Hos, ho, int. excl. ए। इत्मात्वात्र वाकर्वनार्व

ৰাহ্যাৰ বিৰেষ . Stop , hold , attend i a call to excite attention

Hoar, hor, a শুর , বাৰ্ক্যবৰত: শুর , White or

Hoar, hor, a শুৰ, বাছিক্যবৰতঃ শুৰ, White or grayish white, esp with age or frost, white or whitish n=hoariness

Hoard, hord, n ভাঙাৰ , সক্ষাগাৰ , ধনৰাশী , Treasure, stock, store hidden store — n t সক্ষাক্ . পুজি-কৃ , গুগুভাবে মজ্ত-কৃ , To store secretly , to amass and deposit in store — n i সক্তি-ই , এক্তিত ইবা ভাঙাৰ গঠন-ই , To store up to collect and form a hoard. n=hoarder Syn — (৩) Accumulate, treasure up, garner, hive, amass Hoard, hord, Hoarding, hording, n গৃহনির্ম্পাণ-কাবে গৃহ ও মার্গ মনলাদির চারিদিকের বেডা , A fence inclosing a house and materials while builders are at work.

Hoer-frost, hor-frost, n ঘন-নীহাৰ . নীহাৰ বিন্দু,
The white particles formed by the freezing of
dew [লড়া বিশেষ উদ্ভিদ্বিশেষ, A plant
Hoar-hound, Hore-hound, hor-hownd, n
Hoarse, hors a [G heisch] গলা ভাষা, কন্দ্ৰ ব্য
বিশিষ্ট, কৰ্মশ শ্ৰুডিকট়, Having the voice rough,
harsh, discordant grating n=hoarseness. ad
=hoarsely Syn—Rancous husky, rough

Hoary, hori, a दाईकावनाण: छात्र, आध्यतकुळ, White or gray with age, grayish white, covered with whitish hairs n=hoainess

Hoax, hūks n. কটু দিবা ভাষাসা, ছল, অৰজা, Deceptive trick a practical joke, a stight —n f ভাষাসা কু, প্ৰভাৱণা-কু Todeceive to play a trick upon for sport or without malice n=hoaxer Syn —Impose on, dupe, befool, gammon, trick Hob, hob, n ভাকের নাজি, The nave of a wheel — লোডচুল্লীর বিস্তৃত আশা বিশেষ The flat shelf at the side of a grate where things are placed to be kept warm —প্রামা পোক, চাবা, A rustic, a boor, a clown —প্রী, A fairy

Hobble, hobl, v: [Diminutice of hop] কুনিং, ইটো, কুংনিডভাৰে চলা, To limp awknardly to walk lamely —v t আল্পা কৰিয়া পা বাধা To fasten loosely the legs of, to hopple, clog —n কুডিয়া চলন, Halting gait —সম্ভট বিপদ, সমসা দায়, A difficulty, perplexity n=hobbler ad=hobblingly Syn —Hault, falter

Hobbledehoy, hobl de hoi, —tehoy, n হালৰ, কিশোৱৰাক পুৰুৰ, A stripling, a youth letween hoyhood and manhood

Hobbly, a ছিদ্রময়, Full of holes, rough Hobby, hom. Hobby-horse, hobi-ho

Hobby, hofn, Hobby-horse, hobs-hors, ন স্বৰ কৰ্ম্ব আৰু, আৰ A strong active horse a pony, nag —প্ৰিয় বস্তু প্ৰিয় বিষয়, Favourite object, pursuit or play-thing

Ride & hobby—ৰে থেবাল চাপে সেই থেবান মন্ত কাৰ্য-কু Follow a favourite pursuit, or that which occupies one unduly

Ride ones hobby or hobby horse—কোন বিবৰে অথবা মনোবোল দে, এক বিবয়ে বারংবাব বলা, Fo be constantly setting off on one's favourite theme of discourse, to give undue attention to something

Hobsoblin, hob-goblin, n 98, A frightful appaistion. Syn -Sprite, spectre, evil spirit.

Hobnall, hobnal, » বোড়াৰ পাৰ নালৰকী করিবার নোটা মাধা বিশিষ্ট প্ৰেক, জুকার কাঁটা : A thick headed nail for shoes — চাবা , Boorish fellow, a clownish person. a=hobnailed

Hobnob, ad মদাপান করিবার জন্ত পরশারহ্বান, Take or not take—a familior invitation to reciprocal drinking —o t বন্ধু মিলিবা পান-কুবা আহার-কু, To drink or feast familiarly

Hobson's choice, n. পতান্তর্ভাব , অনস্তোপার বা অনস্তগ্তি , Where there is no alternative

Hock, hok n. वनावित्तव, A Rhenish wine. Hockey, hoki, Hooky, hoki n की हा वित्तव, A game at ball played with a hooked stick

Hockle, hokl v f. बच्चात्र माःमर्लाचे कांद्रिश (बाँद्रा) कृ . To hamstring

Hocus, ho'kus, v t প্রতারণা করা, দ্বিত কু, To cheat, to adulterate —n প্রকারক, One who cheats p=hocussing pa p =hocussed

Hoous-poous, ho kus po kus, n বাজীবরের জেনী, Juggler < trick —বাজীবর, A juggler v t প্রজারণা কু, To cheat

Hod, had n. গামলা, ইউকাদি বহলার্থ মাবচ্চত কার্চ্চা ধার, Tray with a long handle for moitar Hoddengray, hodingra n একপ্রকাব সাধা নোটা

Hoddengray, hodingra দ একপ্ৰকাৰ সাদা নোটা প্ৰমী কাপ্য, Coarse cloth made of undyred wool in its natural state

Hodge-podge, hospon, n. [F hock pot from hocker to shake and pot, pot ] 73 1 37 3 37 437 4 437 . A mixed mass, 1 medicy of ingredients Syn—harrago miscellany cho, ollapodiida, gallimaufry hotch-potch

Hodman, hodman, n बार्डिय पड़र (रक्ष) A man who carries a hod, a mason s tender, a mason s labourer

Hodometer, ho-dome-ten n [Gr hodos, a way and metron a measure] চৰপাৰ্চৰ ন বাণ্ রাথিবার অন্ত অবদতে সাম্ভ্রিকার ব্যাধিবার বিদ্যাধিবার বিদ্

Hoe, ho n. কৃষ্ণকৰ বন্ধ কুলাৰ, Hush indmans tool—হ t কোলালি ছাবা তৃণ পৰিছাৰ কু বুলান ছাবা কটো, জন্ধ পৰিছাৰ-কু আগাহা পৰিছাৰ-কু Io cut or clean with a hoe to weed—v t কোলাৰ ব্যবহার কু, To use a hoe, to labour with a hoe n=hoer

Hog, hog, n প্ৰৱ, ছিল্ল প্ৰৱ, শ্ৰহ শাবৰ, A swine, a castrated boar, a pig —নাও লেক A mean filthy or gready fellow — n t ডুল চ টা, লোম ছাটা, To cut short the hair of — য় ব্ৰহ্ হ, To become bent upo i in the middle like a hog s back

Drive the hogs-নাক ভাকা, Snore

To go the whole hos—আনেক দুৱে বা, To be thorough-going in anything

Hoggorel, hog'er-cl n हुई वश्त्रदश (कड़ा , A sheep of the second year

Hogget, hog et গ ছু বংসারেব শুকর, এক বংসারের উদ্বাহক মেন বা অবশাবক, A young boar of the second year, sheep or colt after it has passed its first year

Hoggish, hog'ish, a ব্যবাৰ্ক প্ৰপ, জগতিজ্ঞ, Brutish, filthy, swimsh —ৰাৰ্পৰ, Selfish, ad= hoggishly. n=hoggishness. Syn :- Greedy, gluttonous, selfish.

Hog-herd न्वन-शानक ; A keeper of swine. Hog-ringer, hog'-ring'er, n. ए दाकि मुक्दबद नामिकाय अनुवीवक लागारेवा त्वय, One who puts rings into the snouts of hogs.

Hogshead, hogshed, n. পরিমাণ বিশেষ ; An old measure=about 521 imperial gallons or 63 wine

gallons :-- বড় পিপা , A large cask. Hog's lard, hogi-lard, म. मुकरवन करिंद ; The melted lard of the hog; the fat of the hog or [ swine.

Hog-sty, n. गुरुद्रभाना ; A pen or house for Holden Hoyden, holdn, n. [W. hoeden, flirt] अतिनीलां वानिकां ; हक्लां वानिकां ; A flirt ; a rude girl, a romp; a rude :-a. अमन्, धान्न ; Rude, rustic; bold:-v.i. অবাভাষিক বা কুংসিডভাবে नाकानांकि कृ; To romp rudely or indecently. Syn -A romph, tomboy.

Hoist, hoist, v. t. উত্তোলन-क ; তোলা , To heave ; lift ; raise ; elevate :- n. উত্তোলन ; That by which anything is hoisted, the act of raising: - পতাকার বা পাইবের উচ্চতা, The height of a flag or sul.

Hoist with his own petard, Hoist by one's own petard-আপনার ফালে পড়া; নিজেব ভাবে ভাতিত বা নিজে ধৰা পড়া; Beaten with his own weapons; caught in his own trap; be caught in one's own toils or net.

Moist-toity, hor'ti-tor'ti, a. हक्त, नपूरिख; Thoughtless, giddy, flighty, noisy :- int. विश्वय ভ গুণাস্চক আকেণ, An exclamation, denoting surprise with some degree of contempt.

Hold, hold, v t. [A S. healdan] 司表明-事; To grasp .- ममन-कृ ; To restrain :- मधन-कृ ; possess ; to occupy :—অধিকাবে বা আধিপডো বাৰা ; To maintain possession of or authority over .-আবদ্ধ ক ; To confine ,- বৃদ্ধ ক , To bind -- ধাৰণ-李; To contain: -- 南野 - 季; To keep; to defend. -वित्वहना-कृ; अनुगान-कृ; To esteem; think:-সম্পাদন-কু; স্মরণীয়-কু; To do; to celebrate:-উঠিয়া পড়িয়া লাগা, অবিবত যত্নবান হইয়া কাণ্য-কু; ক্ৰমাণ্ড চালাৰ; To persist in; carry on; continue .- প্রছণ-ক ; To accept an opinion :- विद्य-हना-क ; Consider, regard account ; esteem :v. i. अटेन श्रेष्ठा थोका ; पृष्ठ श्रेषा थाका ; To remain fixed :- श्वि थाका ; व्यविह्निक थाका ; To be true or unfailing:—অদমিতভাবে থাকা; অবিভিন্ন বা অৰ্ণীকৃত থাকা; To continue unbroken or unsubdued :-- नानिया श्रांका ; To adhere ; to cleave : -- मच शाश-इ; अधिकात नाच-कृ; To derive right: —n. গ্রহণ ; ধারণ ; Scizure :-- গ্রহণ-শক্তি , Power of scizing :-- अवनवन ; Support :-- अविकाद ; Authority; claim: - मूर्ग; Stronghold; a fortified place :- कांबांगांद : ब्यांवड कतिवाद श्वांन ; Prison , a place of confinement :- \*\* Influence, ascendency. Syn :- (v) Gripe, clutch, clinch ; retain, possess, have occupy; restrain, detain, imprison; bind, fasten, connect; stop, stay, arrest, detain, suspend; maintain, support, prosecute; embrace, entertain, cherish, regard, consider, esteem, count, contain, admit,

take in, receive; celebrate, solemnize; be firm, remain, last; cling to, stick, cleave; be derived; think, believe; stand, prove good. (n) Grasp, gripe; stay; footing, vantage, ground; confinement, custody; fort, fortress. n=holder. Have a hold in- मानि मान्या शका: Have a claim upon :- म्थल श्रीता . Be firmly fixed in :-প্ৰভূম বা ক্ষমতা থাকা ; Have influence over.

Hold a candle to - नगान-इ, Be equal to.

Hold and corner—न्कान চুৱান विषय ; Clandestine ; underhand.

Hold back or back from-१भन-कृ, Restrain. Hold by-नगर्न-कृ ; Maintain.

Hold fast-- गक कतिया पदा ; Keep tight.

Hold forth-वङ्ग- इ ; Harangue :- श्वाव-कृ ; টথাপন-কু; Propose; put forward.

Hold from or in--- भगन-क ; Restain.

Hold good-नजा-र ; Hold true :- कि थांछे। সঙ্গু হওয়া ; Be of validity.

Hold in—प्रभव-क ; Restrain. Hold of—Derive title from.

Hold off-मृत्व बांचा ; जकार चांका ; Keep at a distance, keep aloof.

Hold off from- निवृद्ध चौका ; Refrain from.

Hold on-ক্ৰমাগত-কু; চলা; নিবত না-হ; Continue ; proceed in ; go on :-- बाजान रहेगाउ ना रही ; নিজের কোট বজাত বাধা. Continue to maintain one's ground without falling off :- विश्वाप कडेन शका ; Keep oneself up.

Hold one's breath-( छात्र वा (कान कांतर्थ ) सम বন্ধ-কু, Listen breathlessly and anxiously; cease respiring for a moment or two through great excitement.

Hold one's ground—( আক্রান্ত হইয়াও) আপনার স্থান না ছাড়া বা আপনাকে রক্ষা-কু; Maintain one's position against opponents -- সমকক হইলা সমাৰ मबान-या , Compete successfully.

Holds one's own-আপনার স্থান বা পদ না চাড়া: Not to lose ground. [ कहा ; Keep quiet. Hold one's tongue-हुन करिया थाका ; कथा ना Hold out—সমূপে ধরা; প্রস্তাব-কৃ, Offer; give or make an offer; put forward:—বশীভূত না-হ;
অক্তের নিকট বস্ততা স্বীকাব না কবা; Not to yield; not to give way .— কাটা- হ . টেকা; Maintain one's strength; last :- > ; Continue to suffer, endure.

Hold out against—আপনাকে বকা-কু; নিজের কোট বজার রাখা; Maintain oneself against.

Hold out a hope—( मकावना चार्छ वनिया ) व्याना-(W; Give or offer hopes.

Hold out a promise-( निकार किवर वा इट्रेंब विवा ) आना-(म , Give assurance.

Hold out a threat—(किছू कविव वित्रा) च्य দেশাৰ; Express a determination to inflict punishment or loss.

Hold over-নির্দিষ্ট সমবের অধিক অপদে থাকা ; নির্দা-রিত সময়ের অধিককাল ভূমাাদি অধিকারে বাধা ; To remain in office, possession, beyond the regular term; to keep possession of land or a house beyond the term of agreement.

Hold to—দুঢ়ৰূপে লাগিয়া থাকা , জডিয়া ধরিষা থাকা ; Fix to, keep to, cling to .- (कान चाकित नक-ए। ৰভাৰণৰী-ই; To take sides with a person or opinion. [from Hold under—Be a tenant of, have a title Hold up es a model—অনুক্ৰণ-যোগ্য বলিয়া মক-লেব দ্যাকে আনা, Put one forward as worthy of

being imitated Hold up one's head—মাধা তুলিয়া থাকা, উন্নতি-কু; Keep oncself up, prosper.

Hold up one's head high - डे इ हात्न हना , Look big, assume a proud demeanour.

Hold up to, Hold up as— ( প্ৰশংসা বা নিন্দাৰ ) বোল্য বলিয়া সাধারণেৰ সমক্ষে ত্লিয়া ধৰা অৰ্থাৎ সকলেব পোচৰ কু, Present to public view as being descrving of.

Hold water—কার্থা-হ, টিক বাটা, Be sound, be Hold with—বাগিথা থাকা, Adhere to, take sides with a person or opinion

Lay hold of, Lay hold on-val, Seize

Not fit to hold a candle—ক্ষেড আবুলের গোগা লহে, Be very inferior to one. [traint Hold-back, n কাৰা, Check, hindrance, res-Hold-fast, höldfast, n আৰুৱা, লাল প্ৰেৰু A catch, hook &c to secure some thing cise, a long nail

Holden, old ha. p of holl.

Holder, hölder, n भगनावी, One who or that which holds, an occupier Syn —Owner, possessor, proprietor clip clasp

Holding, hölding, n ভে ২ শ্ৰা, কেন্তু; Tenurc -—ক্ষতা, প্ৰভাৰ Hold, influence, power

Hole, hūl, n [ A S / vl ] গছলৰ, গৰ্জ An opening in a solid body aperture — বিশ্ব, শালৰ, A cave, den — আন্নত আক্ষকাৰ্মৰ স্বাধী কাবান A low, n irrow, dark lodging, a mean h ibitation — v t গৰ্জ নিৰ্মাণ-কু, গছলৰ মধে চালাট্যা দেৱছা, To make holes in, to drive into a hole — গৰ্জে প্ৰবেশ কু; To go into a hole Syn—(n) Perforation, opening, hollow, concavity, pit, cell, hovel, kennel, me an habitation.

Pick a hole in one's coat—কাহার দোৰ অৰ্-সন্ধান করা, Find fault with one

Holiday, hole-dā, n পৰ্বা, উৎসব দিন, আকাশ দিন, Day of mirth and sport —a আনস্কল্ক, Joyous, gav Syn:—(n) Feast, festival

Holmess, hole-nes, n. পৰিক্ৰা, সাধ্যা, Sanctity, moral goodness—পোপেৰ উপাধি, A title of the Pope. Syn —Godliness, religiousness, righteousness, purity, piety, moral perfection, divineness, sacredness

Holla, hola, Hollo, Holloa, holo, int ওন, এই যে, Ho, here. attend —n. উচ্চখনে আহ্বান, চীংকার, A loud call, a shout.—v. 2. উচ্চখনে ডাকা, To call out

Holland, holand, n. বন্ধ বিশেষ, হলাও দেশজাত কাপান নিৰ্দিত বন্ধ, A kind of linen first made in Holland [ মদ্য, Gin made in Holland Hollands, n মদ্য বিশেষ, ছলাও দেশজাত Bollow, holo, a কাপা, Not solid —পৃত্তগত, Vacant, sunken —অসরল, কণট, Insincere, insound —n. গর্জ, A hole —গহলব, A cavity, pit:
—অবলত তান, A depressed part of a surface:—ছিত্ত, প্রণালী, A groove, a channel —n. t. খনন-

by, To excavate —ad. Ampliton, Wholly. n=hollowness. Syn —(a) Concave, sunken, empty, void, deceiful, insincere, faithless, treacherous, false, deep, low, rambling (n) Depression, low place, dent, cavern, excavation, concavity, den, channel, canel (v) Scoop, groove, cry aloud, vociferate.

Hollow-eyed, a Having sunken-eyes. Hollow-hearted, holo-harted, a. কণট, অবি-যানী, বিশাস্থাতক, Faithless, treacherous, in sincere.

Hollowness, hollo-nes, n. শূৰ্ণভাতা , গজৰ , The state of being hollow , cavity —কণটভা , বিশাস্থাতকতা , Insincerity , treachery

Holly, holi, n. লঙা বিশেষ, চিবহৰিৎ গুলা বিশেষ, An evergreen shiub [বিশেষ, A plant Holly-hock, holi-hok, n. লঙা বিশেষ, উদ্ভিদ্ধ Holm, holm, n খীপ, নদ-জীপ, An islet or river isle —নদীভীবেজ অহুচ্চ ভূমি, নদীভীবেজী উর্জব কেরা, A low flat tract of rich land on the banks of a river, rich lind near a river —গুক বৃক্ষ, The evergreen oak

Holoa, inf চীংকাৰ-কু, To call out or exclum
—n চীংকাৰ,—A loud shout —i. i উজে:ববে
ভাৰা, To cry loudly to one at a distance

Holocaust, holo knwst, # হোম. A burnt sacrifice or offering wholly consumed by fire — ১ টাবোৰ , A great slaughter

Holograph, ho'le graf n [Gr holos, whole, and graph o to writ | শতনাতাৰ নিজ স্থানিখিক গত, নলিকভাব ক্ষম্ভ নিষ্টিত দলিক, Deed written by the hand of the signer, a deed or testament wholly written by the grantor or testator's own hand, a holographic

Holometer, hol-omet-er n [Gr hol e whole, and metron, measure] সকল প্ৰকাৰ মাল লগোৰ যথ বিশেষ, Pintometer, an instrument for taking all kinds of measures.

Holpen, holp n, old pa p of help

Holster, htl ter, n [Dut holster a pistofcase] পিশ্বল ৰাখিবাৰ চক্ষাধাৰ Case for pi tols, a cover for a pistol a=holstered

Holt, hölt, n. বৰ, বননম পাইছি, A wood or woody hill — আপৰ বান A hole or other place of security — নদামৰায় মংক্ৰগালে আন্যভূত হগভীৰ গহৰ, A deep hole in a river, where there is protection for fish.

Holy, hō'li, a ধাৰ্শ্বিক, নিপাপ কচি, পৰিজ, Hallowed, religious, pure, sacred. Syn —Immaculate, good, pious, devout, spiritual, consecrated ad = holily.

Holy-day, ho'li da, n. উৎসব, धर्माৎप्रव, नर्राविव. A festival, a religious festival, a holi-day

Holy-ghost, ho'li-gost, Holy-spirit, ho'li-spirit, n. [AS haling, holy, and gast, spirit] Mraisi, The third person of the Trinity Syn—The spirit, Comforter, Consoler, Sanctifier, Paraclete

Holy land - ৰগজ্মি, প্ৰাভ্মি, Palestine. Holy of holies, n. ম্লিবেৰ অভান্তর, The innermost apartment of the Jewish tabernacle or temple, where the ark was kept.

Holy office, holi-of's, \* পোপের বিক্রমতাব্রম্থা-দিগেৰ দমনাৰ্থ স্থাপিত বিচারালয় , ধর্মসক্ষীয় বিচারালয় , [ mighty , Christ. The inquisition Holy One, ho'liwun, n. 344, \$8, The Al-Holy orders, ho'li or'ders, n pl धर्मवाक्रकमक्ती, পুৰাতি চৰৰ্গ , The several ranks of the ministry ,

the Christian ministry

Holy-rood, ho'lı-rood, n রোমান ক্যাথলিক ধর্ম-মন্ত্ৰের বেদীমগুণে প্রাবশহারের উপবিভাবে সংস্থাপিত क्न, कुटन वक विक् व वृत्ति, Crucifix, the holy cross in Roman Catholic churches over the entrance to the chancel

Holy rood day, n 14th September.

Holy-stone, ho'li-ston, n জাহাজেৰ পাটাতৰ প্ৰিক'বাৰ্থ ব্যবহৃত অন্তৰ্মবিশেষ , Soft stone to scrub decks, a stone used by seaman for cleaning the ducks -v t डेक अवन बाजा मार्कन क , To scrub with a holy stone

Holy Thursday, ho'lı thurida, n বীষ্টেব সর্গা-বোহণ স্মাবক গ্রীষ্টানদিগের পর্বাদিন, Ascension day, the day on which the ascension of Christ is commemor ited, ten days before Whit suntide

Holy war, n. 有有事, A war undertaken with view of crushing the enemies of the churchusually restricted to one of the crusaders

Holy-water, hol u aw'ter, n পরিত্র জব , Water characted by the priest

Holy-week, ho'li-wek, म देखर क्रिनेटडांन-चार्क পুদার্কিশার পার্ম সপ্তাহ The weck before F ister in which the passion of Jesus is commemorated. pa sich week

Holy-writ, holi-rit, n औद्देशनरम्ब पर्वापुत्रक , The enercd scriptures the Bible

Homago, homitj, n. [ l. homo, a man ] अशीनडा সাৰাৰ, প্ৰভুজ্জ, Service paid to a superior, ut of fealty -- পূजा সন্মান, প্রেম, ভক্তি, Respect, devout affection -- 344-5 @, Reverence directed to the supreme being Syn -Fealty, obers it e, allegi ince, loyalty fidelity, respect ubmission, deference, duty, survice, honour, ciltus, worship

Home, hom, n ste, wists . One's own dwelling, abode, place of residence - 314, Seat, as of war -- बाम्बुमि, बामशान , अरम्भ , Place or country in which one dwells - व शृहमवसीय , अरमनमक्सीय , গার্চস্থা , Pertaining to one's dwelling or country domestic —কঠোর, হ্লাই, Close, severe pointed.—ad নিকটে, ঠিক, Close, closely, to the point. a=homeless n=homelessness Syn -(n) Tenement, dwelling, abode, residence, domicile, habitation. (a) Domestic, home-born ,

direct, poignant At home—पदं , निरमंत्र वांगिएं : In one's own home -- [नरक्ष (नर्भ , In one's own country At home and abroad—चात्र वाहित्व, तम वित्यत्म . In one's own country and elsewhere [familiar Bo at home - अडाउ इंडब , On any subject, be Be at home in-त्वान विवास नक वा भड़े इख्ता . Be conversant with or skilful in (some subject) Be at home with—लोन लोक्ड महिल एएइड লোকেৰ মভ মেশা ; Be thoroughly familiar with

( some purson ).

Bring home-hanna-p, Bring home to, to apply, to make personal, to cause one to feel the force of, make one fully sensible of, convict one of 🕒পাই প্রমাণ-কু , Prove conclusively.

Come home — কলাত হ , To come close , to touch the feelings, interest or reason -(Naut) 277 बहिका ता उतक कावार ( नकर ) करी इहेट मित्रया या , To become loosened from the ground by the violence of the wind or current -said of the

Fool oneself at home — নিম াটাতে থাকিলে যেমন ব্যক্তৰ বোধ হয় তেমনি স্বচ্ছৰ বোধ-কু, (বাধ বাঁব না ঠেকা ), Feel oneself comfortable and happy (as one is at home).

Make onoself at home—चरत्रत्र यक नावशंद बता বা ধাকা, Make oneself as comfortable and easy ( as one is it home ).

Home-born, homboin, a गृश्य . अपनीत . Domestic , nitive -शंडाविक , Natural

Home-bred, hom-bred, n अपनीय, नाईका, গৃহজ Native domestic —সামান্ত, প্রাম্য, অনাকৃত, Plain, not polished, unpolished

Home department, n Department of govern ment having charge of internal aff ura-

Home-farm, hom-farm, n বাসগৃহের সরিহিত খ'ৰাব, The farm near the homestead.

Home-felt, hom-felt, a আত্তবিক, সলাত, আভাতfae, Inward, private.

Home-keeping, a गृहरानी, Staying at home. Homeless, a. গৃহসুত্ত , Without a home.

Homely, homli, a 15%, 1163, Domestic -अপिनिष्ठांव , क्लाकांव , Couse , home-spun , rude . —গ্রামা , অন্বকৃত , সাদাসিদে , অস্তব্ব সামাস্ত , Unpolished, of plains texture, of plain fe itures, not handsome plain - মুপ্রিচিত Familiar, Syn -Unpolished, home-spun, inelegant, uncomely not handsome, everyday, familiar, n= homeliness ad=honelily

Homelyn, homel in n भ्रम निर्मस , A species of ray, found on the British coasts

Home-made, hom-mid, a none at home -- 東京町-町15 Made in one sown country: --मार्गामित, भवल , Plain

Home-rule, hon root, n. আন্তশাসনাধিকার, অধ্যনতেও স্বায়ত শাসনাধিকার The right to a Parliament distinct from the imperial for the management of their home-aff ms claimed by a section of the Irish people, in licland, a form of home government claimed by the league so called, the chief fe it ire of it being a separate parliament for the management of internal affairs.

Home-sick, hum-sik a गुरुविबहाइन , गुरुविबहाई ; Depressed in spirits by separation from home. n = homesickness

Home-spun, homispun, a. গৃহস্ত, গৃহজাতঃ लिनीय, Spun or wrought at home; native -সামাত্ত , অহলৰ , Coarse , plain , inelegant -- \*\*. গৃহজাত বস্তু, দেশী কাপড, Cloth made at home -চাবাড়ে বোক , A clown. Syn .--(a) Home-made ! plain, homely, coarse rude

Homo-stall, homstawl, Home-stead, horseed, n. वाज्ञ कृषि, वाबान भि, Place of the house house with neighbouring land :- 5 १ न हि. Place of origin.

Home-thrust, ». মর্গে আবাত; A severe or effective blow.

Homeward, homward, ad. গৃহাভিমূৰে; বাংশাভি-মূৰে; Toward one's habitation or country:—a. গৃহাভিমূৰ, Being in the direction of home.

Homeward-bound, hūmward-bownd, a. গৃহ-গম্বোপুৰ, Bound for home or to one's native land [ward home.

Homewards, homwards, ad. স্কাভিদ্ৰে; To-Homeopathic, ho-me-o-pathik, a. হোমিওপাৰি (সদৃশ) চিকিৎসা সম্বায়; Of or pertaining, to homeopathy.

Homeopathist, ho-me-op'a-thist, n সদৃশ ব্যবহাসারে চিকিৎসক, হোমিওপাাধি চিকিৎসাভিজ বা চিকিৎসক; One who believes in or practises ho-meopathy.

Homeopathy, hild-me-op'a-thi, n. [Gr. homoios, like, pathos, feeling] সমূল চিকিংসা; The system of curing discuses by small quantities of those drugs which excite symptoms similar to those of the discuse a—homeopathic.

Homor, ho'mei, n হিজ পৰিমাণবিশেষ; A Hebrew measure containing, as a liquid measure, about 2 barrels, as a dry measure, 8 bushels.

Good Homer sometime node—সকলকাৰ ভূল হুইবাৰ সন্থাননা, We are all apt to make mistakes Homerie, hō-mer'ik, a. কৰি চোমন সম্বন্ধীৰ. হোম-বেন্ন কৰিতাসম্বন্ধীয় বা তৎসভূল, Pertaining to Homer, the great poet of Greece; pertaining to or resembling the poetry of Homer.

Homicidal, homi-sid-al, a. জিঘাংহ; নরহত্যা-স্করীব, Pertaining to homicide, murderous. bloody.

Homicide, home-sīd, n [ L. homo, man, and cardere, to kill ] নবহত্যা; Man-slaughter — হত্যাকাহী; নরহস্তা; Man-slayer. Syn.—Murder; manslayer, murderer.

Homiletics, hom-i-letiks, n. ধর্মোপদেশ প্রথম ও প্রচাম করিবার কৌশল; ধর্মোপদেশ-বিজ্ঞান. The art of preparing and delivering homilies amhomiletic, homiletical. [preaches to a congregation.

Homilist, homi-list, n. ধর্মোপদেষ্টা, One who Homily, homi-li, n. [Gr. homilia, an assembly] ধর্মোপদেশ, ধর্মপ্রকা; ধর্মবিব্যে কথোপকাৰ, Religious discourse; a plain and familiar sermon, a serious discourse, a=homeletic, homiletical. Syn:—Lecture, sermon, address.

Hominy, homi-ni, n. জনসিদ্ধ ভূটার্গ ; Maze hulled and broken, prepared for food by boiling with water :—ভূটা , Food of boiled maze.

Hommock, homuk, n কুল পাহাড়; A hillock or small conical eminence.

Homocentric, ho-mo-sentrik, a. [Gr. homos, same, kentron, centre] क्राइस्त्री; Having the same centre.

Homopathy &c. - See Homeobathy.

Homogeneal, hō-mo-je'ni-al, Homogeneous, hō-mo-je'nı-us, a. [Gr. homos, one, same, and genos, kind] সমলাভীয়, একলাভীয়; Of the same kind or nature. ns-homogeneousness, homogeneity. Syn .- Cognate, congenial, kindred, akin, uniform.

Homologate, hō-molo-gāt, v. t. [Gr. homos, the same, and lego, to say ] অৰুমোগৰ-ক; To say the same; to agree; to approve, to allow. n= homologation.

Homologous, hō-molo-gus, a. [Gr. homos. the same, and lego, to say] একজাডীয়; একসভ ; অস্থ্যপা; সমাসুপাত, Having the same relative position, proportion, value or structure.

Homologue, homologo, n. প্রশার অধুরূপ বস্তু, That which is homologous.

Homology, hō-molo-p, n. একামত , অব্লগতা . গঠনসাদৃত্য ; The quality of being homologou. a=homological.

Homonym, homo-nim, n [Gr. homos, the same, and onoma, name ] ভিন্নাৰ্থব্যেক স্থোচাৰৰ শব্দ, A word having the same sound, but a different meaning.

Homonymous, hō-mohi-mus, a. বিভাৰায়ঃ অভিন-সংজ্ঞ অধ্য বিভাৰায়ক: ব্যর্থবাধক, Having different significations, ambiguous, equivocul a = homonymously.

Homonymy, ho-moinmi, n. ছার্ব , ভিরার্থবাধৰ একসংজ্ঞভা, ছার্বভারক ভা, Sameness between word which differ in signification, amibiguity.

Homophone, hom-o-fon, n. [Gi homos same, phone, sound] সংস্কারণবিশিপ্ত বৰ্ণ, A letter or character, expressing a like sound with another.

Homophonous, hō-moi'o-nus, a. সমেচ্চারণবিশিষ্ক, Expressing the same sound. n- homo
phony.

Homotype, homo-tip, ক. [Gr. homos, the same, typos, type] ভিন্ন পদাৰ্থেব সহিত্য এক মৌলি আদৰ্শে বিনিশ্বিত পাৰ্থক্য সমন্বিত বস্তু, That which he the same fundamental type of structure with something else.

Hone, hon, n শান নিগাৰ পাৰৰ . শান , Fine where stone .—v. t. শান-দে , To rub or sharpen or hone.

Honest, onest, a [L. honestus, from hono honor, honour] ছাত্রপাৰ, সং, বকপাট, হলপান, সব "
শত্যপ্রিয় Frank, chaste upright, true; jus Syn—Reputable, creditable, equiable, rightful proper, fair, conscientious, trusty, faithful candid, straightforward, sincere. ad = honestly Honosty, ones-ti, n. নাধুৱা ভাষপাৰতা; সহঙা, নাৰাতা, Integrity; candour; an upright dispotion. Syn:—Probity, uprightness, trustiness, faithfulness, honour, justice, equity, fairness, plain dealing; veracity.

Honesty is the best policy—সভতাই স্থলৰ উপান, অৰ্থাৎ কান্ধকৰ্মে উন্নতির যদি কোন বিশেষ পথা (ফিকিব) থাকে, সভতাই সৰ্ম্মপ্রধান; In the transaction of business there is no policy so good as the policy of being honest in word and deed.

Honey, huhi, n. মধু; Sweet substance made by bees.—মধুরতা; Sweetness:—v. t. মিই-কৃ, নধুর-কৃ; প্রতিপ্রদ-কৃ, To sweeten; to make agreeable.—v. i. মিপ্ত ক্যা বলা, ভোষাযোদ-কৃ; To talk loadly, to fawn. Honeyd, Honied, hunid, a बिहे मध्य , Sweet Honey-comb, huni-kom, n. agea, (a) 14, Cells of the bee

Honeyd, Honied

Honey-combed, huni-komd a नश्चक मनन कड করে গহার সময়িত , Having little flaws or cells like honey combs.

Honoydow, huni-du # जीवकारन वृक्ष्मत-विनिःश्र् সুনিং বস , Sweet substance found in small drops like dew on the leaves of plants - BE fafas এক প্রকার ভাষাক, A kind of tobacco moistened with molasses

Honey-moon, huns moon, Honey-month, hunt munth n বিবাহের পৰ এক মান, বিবাহের পর वर्ती अध्य बात्र संस्थात, The first month after mairiage the time after marriage spent away from home.

Honey-mouthed, hum-mowthd, a. [4] of \$1, मुत्रुक Soft speaking soft in speech

Honoy-suckle, hum suk l, m. नजा विस्तर Wordline a climbing shrub [ in speech Honey-tongued, hum tungd, a मिहें होती , Soft Honour, onur n [L honor honos] मन्त्रि, efe Respect esteem veneration, reverence —মাশ Reputation — শ্রণম্যাদা, Esteem due or paid to worth - notate! Excellence of character Smy High rank exalted rink dignity 7, Female chastity -সম্মান্ত্ৰ পৰ সহ নত্তক দুপাৰি A title of res pt -p পি পাশ্যর দিপাধি যা পারিভোষ্টিক , বিষ तिक विषय भूतकांत्र वी अन्त्रान Academic prizes of dist netim - अध्य राविशानि छक्त अस्त्र जान The four highest curds in games —জন্ম বা প্ৰেৰ অধি ক 1 প্রশান স্কিপ্ত Privileges of rank or brith conducts paid - v t সন্ধাৰ কু, Torcspect - পুলা क To idore revere - शामात्रिक कू, महिमांविक कू Il vac in rank to dignify - एक् अभारत शाहिश्रक ত্ত পৰিশেষ কু (হৰি পঞ্জি) গ্ৰাহ্ম কৰিয়া সময় মৃত টাকা (#34 Accept and pay when due Syn -(n) R n t consideration, credit glory renown fin dignity distinction, elevation rank pi I to honesty integrity rectitude orn iment boist (7) Exalt, reverence venerate esteem commomorate, celebrate observe, accept and pay. a-honourless honoured

A point of honour-गंश मा कवित्य मोनश्नि हर गांगी किनान बान बकाय शांक ना A matter which is looked upon is involving questions of character and reputation, a matter to do which is looked upon is honourable and to abstain from which is considered dishonourable

A sense of honour—সাধবৃদ্ধি, মানাপদান জান. A senre of what is right, proper and honourable with a course of life correspondent thereto An affair of honour-1775 stat of fasitha নিপত্তি হব , মানাপ্যানের বিষয় মীমা সা করণার্থ ছুইঞ্জনে 75 A dispute to be decided by a due!

Codo of honour-Certain rules by which social intercourse is regulated among persons of

Debts of honour-ৰে দেনা আইন অনুসাৰে আগায कर ना Debts contracted by betting, gambling or verbal promise

Do honour to-काशंब शत्क मन्त्रात्नद विवत-र , Be cruditable to, reflect crudit on -त्रवान अपनन-7, Treat with respect

Do the honours of—অভাগত ব্যক্তির প্রতি ঘরেব কর্তাব স্থার বৃদ্ধ দেখান, Show civility and attention to guests in the manner of a host

Honours of war-नदाक्षित नक्तिक मुमान धर्मान : Distinctions granted to a vanished enemy

In honour of-कान रित्नत घटना छेपलस्क ता कान সন্মানযোগ্য লোকের সন্মানার্থ কোন সন্মানস্চক কাথ্য , By way of marking or glorifying (some important occurrence or person).

Laws or code of honour—ভদ্যমাজে যে সকল ভদ্ৰতার নিয়ম প্রচলিত আছে, Certain rules and regulation, which prevail in fashionable society On one s honour, Upon ones honour-ধৰ্মত: , নিজের মান পণ করিয়া , দিবিব বঢ়িল বলা , On the sake of one's reputation for integrity, on the pledge of one s honour

Pay honours to-मनान अपर्नन-क. Show res pect to

To do the honours—অতিথি সংকাৰ কু, নিমন্ত্ৰিত वाक्तिगंगिक मचान अवनेन कृ, To show attention to a gue t, to pay respect and attention to guests in the manner of a host as at a private or public dinner.

Honorarium, hon ur T'ri um, n পাবিভোষিক, ব্যানাদীর পারিশ্রমিক, A voluntary fce paid to a professional man for his service.

Honorary, oner-ar e a. जात - निक , मन्त्रांनकनक . Dine for honour and not for payment -n পারিভামিক উপটোকন A fee, a present Syn -Titular nominal formal unofficial

Honourable, oher-2 bl, a यांक माननीत , मचा-नान्त्रन, Worthy of honour - याननीय विशाज Illustrious -সন্মান জ্ঞান খাবা প্রণোদিত, সন্মান ভি आर्गानिक Actuated by principles of honour --मन्त्रानिवरायक , मन्त्रानश्चन , Conferring honour -উচ্চপদ । (बादक वेशपुक्त , अमन बाताहित Becoming men of exalted station —সন্মান f হ দালা কুঙ Performed or accompanied with marks of honour -- অনধম . Not base - সম্বানস্থ উপাধি Boilfy An epithet of respect or distinction Sin -Noble innowned upright, honest, principled, conscientious just, true virtuous, reputable estimable, equitable right, proper, fair n=honous ableness, ad=honourably

Honourableness, onur a bl-nes, n. वांशंच ; uiffs Linin nee - নাধুতা, স্থাবপৰায়ণতা, Conformity to the principles of honour, furness.

Honourless, a भानशेन, Without honour Hood, hood, n শিরস্তাণ মন্তকাবৰণ, Covering for the head cowl — ডপাধি-পৰিচ্ছদেৰ পশ্চাৰতী অলক্ত य न विद्नार An ornamental fold at the back of un academic gown - v t निवद्यांग बावा आवृत्र कृ , গোগৰ f lo cover with a hood, to cover, to hide - पृष्टिशे न-क , To blind a=hooded Hood of a serpant—平利 i

Hood-wink, hoodwingh, v. f 5季 國行第9 季 আছि। नन-क lo blind by covering the eves to cover Anten F a 75., lo deceive to impose on Sin -Blinaio a, delude, cheat

Boof, hoof, n. প্ৰাণিৰ পুৰ, Hard horn of a beast's foot:—পড; A beast. pl=hoofs, hooves. a = hoofed.

Hoofed, a. ব্রবিশিষ্ট; Furnished with hoofs.
Hook, hook, n. আকড়া; আকুনী; বঁড়নী; A piece of metal bent into a curve, for catching, holding or sustaining any thing:—বাকা শেবেক.
Bent nail:—কাতে, Sickle:—পাল; Snare:—v. f আকড়া দিঘা বরা বা টাবা; To fasten or form with a hook:—কাদে কেলা; কাদে-যু, To ensnare:—v. i. নত-হ; বক্ত-হ, To bend; to be curved Syn:—(n) Catch, clasp, hasp.

By hook or by crook—বেমন ভেমন কবিবা হউক , বে উপায়ে হউক ; In some way or other , somehow ; by any means direct or indirect.

Off the hooks—30; Out of sorts; dead. Hooksh, n. 20, Smoking apparatus.

Hooked, hookt, a. 35; Provided with a hook; curved. Syn:—Bent, curvated, aquiline.

Hook-nosed, hook-nord, a. বজনাসা; বজ্ৰ-নাসিকা-বিশিষ্ট, Having a hooked or curved nose.

Hooky, hooki, a. আকড়াপুৰ্ণ বা তৎসম্বন্ধীয় ; Full of, or pertaining to hooks.

Hoop, hoop, n. পতর, Circular hand for fastening a cask; a pliant strip of wood or metal formed into a ring, used to confine the staves of casks, &c :--বস্ত্র বিস্তাব করিবাব জন্ম তিমি মংসোব Whale bone to spread out petti-coats -চক ; अञ्ज्वीतक ; A ring -pl जी लाक्य चांगताद প্রান্তে সংযোজিত শ্বিতিস্থাপক চক্র বিশেষ . A circular of elastic materials used to expand the skirt of a lady's dress :-- v.t গতর দিরা বন্ধ-কু, বেস্থন-কু, To bind with hoops; to encircle: - v. s. हो १ क वि- कृ ; To call out; whoop. Syn :- (n) Gird; farthingale, hoop-skirt, (v) Clasp round, encircle Hooper, hoop'er, n. य वाकि পত्रव दिशा शिशा बाहि. শিপা-পদ্ভতকারী; One who hoops casks, a cooper Hooping cough, n. offe, A cough in which the patient whoops with deep inspiration of breath.

Hoopoe, hoop'o, Hoopoo, hoop'ou, n. শেনপথী বিশেষ, A bird with a large crest on its head. Hoot, hoot, n. [Fr. houter, huter, huer, to call ] খিকাৰ; অৰক্ষাপ্তক শক; Shout of contempt—v. t. থিকাৰ দিয়া বহিছত-কু, To drive with cries of contempt, to follow with cries or shouts of contempt:—v i. অৰক্ষাপ্তক উজ্জানি-কু; পেঁচাৰ মহ শক-কু, To cry out or shout contempt, to cry as an owl. Syn:—(v) Shout, yell, hiss, decry Hop, hop, v.t. [A S hoppan] এক পায়ে লাক-

HOP, nop, v. t. [A S noppan] এক পারে বাক-দে, পৌড়াইরা চলা; নৃত্য-কু, To leap on one leg , to spring; to walk lame; to limp; to dance:— গ. এক পারে বন্দ , নৃত্য , Leap on one leg , a dance Syn:—(v) Skip, jump, bound, caper; dance, trip; halt. (n) Bound, jump, skip, spring.

Hop, n. উষধাৰ্থে ব্যবহৃত কাটা গাছ বিশেষ, A wellknown bitter plant, the cones of which are much used in brewing and in medicine —v. t. উক্ত কলের সহিত মিশ্রিত-কৃ; To impregnate with hops —উক্ত কল চরণ-কৃ; To pick hops.

Hopbind, hop'bind, n. 'হণ' কলের বৃষ্ণ; The stalk on which hops grow.

Hope, hop, n. [A. S. hopa] আলা; Expectation:—বিষাস; Confidence:—পূৰ্ব্ধ অনুমান; পূৰ্ব্ব স্টনা; Anticipation:—আমান; আমানন্তন; That which furnishes ground of expectation:—আলাব বস্তু, That which is hoped for:—v: আলাব বস্তু, That which is hoped for:—v: আলাব-কৃ; ভরমা-কৃ; To expect; to place confidence—v. f. অন্যাশার সহিত্ত ইচ্ছা-কৃ: প্রাপ্তির ইচ্ছাম্ আলা-কৃ; To desire with expectation. Syn:—(n) Trust, confidence, faith, belief; reliance, dependence. (v) Trust, believe, feel confident, flatter one's self; long for, look for.

Hope against hope—আশা করিবার কারণ না থাকিলেও আশা-কু, আশা নাই বলিলে হব তব্ও আশা-কু, Hope for what is good, when there are very slight grounds for hoping

Hope for-कान विवत्तव आना करा ; Expect.

Hopeful, hop'fool, a আলাপুৰ্ , Full of hope — আলাজনক ; আলাপ্ৰদ , Promising good or success Syn:—(a) Expectant, confident , promising, propitious, auspicious. n=hopefulness, ad=hopefully.

Hopeless, hop'les, a. নিৰাণ; হতাণ, Without hope; despairing — অভাৰনীণ, Unexpected n=hopelessness. (হতাশা)। ad=hopelessly Svn — Desperate, desponding, remediless, irremediable, incurable, impossible, impracticable

Hopper, hop'er, গ এক গাবে উন্নগনকারী, One who hops —বে বাইলিমিছ টোজেৰ নৰা দিয়া জাতাৰ শ্লাদি নীত হব, A wooden trough through which grain passes into a mill:—বপনার্থ শল্প-বীশ লাজার বিশেষ, A vessel in which seed-coin is carried for sowing.

Hopplo, hop'i, v. t. ক্ৰন বা ধাৰন নিবাৰণাৰ্থ এক স গাদৰস্কৰ-কু, To tie the feet loosely together, to prevent running —n. চারণাৰ্থ নিমুক্ত অধ্যের পাদ-বন্ধন পৃথাল; Λ fetter for horses, when turned out to graze ( chiefly in pl )

Hopseotch, hop'skoch, n. শিশ্চিপের জীয়া বিশেদ A child's game in which lines traced on the ground are hopped over.

Hopvine, hop'vin, n. হণ্ গাছেৰ বৃস্ত , The stalk of the hop. [to an hour Horal, hūr'al, a. হোৱা বা ঘটা সম্প্রীয় . Relating Horary, hūr'ar-1, a. ঘটাসম্প্রীয় . ঘটাস্চক , ঘটাবালী Pertaining to an hour; noting the hours,

Horde, hord, n. পৰিভ্ৰমণনীল জাতি, ঔপনিনেশিক ভ্ৰমণনীলভাতি বা সম্প্ৰদায় A migratory tribe or clus. Syn —Nomadic people, migratory tribe, gang, multitude.

Hornpilation - বোমাঞ্চ, A bristling of the han of the head or body resulting from disease or terror

Horizon, hō-ri'zun, n. [G. horizōn, the bounding line] মণ্ডল, চক্ৰবাল; দিছাঙল, দৃষ্টি-পরিছেদ্ধ রেণা বা বৃষ্ট; The cucle which bounds the view where the earth and sky appear to meet. Syn:
—Boundary, limit, border, verge.

Horizontal, hor-e-zontal, a. চক্ৰবালীয় ; চক্ৰবাল-দলিহিত, চক্ৰবাল নমান্ত্ৰবাল , দমতল ; Pertaining to, near, parallel to the horizon ; level, ad=hori zontally, n=horizontality. Horn, horn, ম. শৃক, Antler —শিকা; A musical instrument —পাৰপাত্ত : Drinking cup:—বাকৰ রাখিবার পাত্র, A utensil for holding powder.— তে উপাকাৰে শৃক প্রস্তুত হয়, The tough, fibrous material of which horns are composed —v. t ক্ষতাৰ চিক, শক্তিপায়চাৰক চিক্ক; A symbol of strength, power, exaltation.—v. t শুক্ৰিনিষ্ট-ক, To furnish with horns; to cuckold. a= horned.

Botween the two horns of a dialemma— इ.स. भक्षा , Between two difficulties.

Draw, pull or haul in the horns—উৎনাচ বা আগলার দমন কু, অহলাবপূৰ্ব কথা প্রস্তাচাব-কু, lo repressione's ardour, restrain one's pride, take bick arrog int or boastful words

Horn-bill, hornhil, n. পক্ষী বিশেষ, A bird havong a horny excrescence on its bill. [neral Horn-blende, hornblend, n. ধাড় বিশেষ, A mi Horn-book, hornbook, n প্ৰথম পাঠা, প্ৰথম পুস্ক, Primer, first book for children.

Horned, a শৃসাধশিষ্ট, Funnished with horns. Hornot, hornet, n. একজাতীয় বদু বোৰ্ডা, A species of wip

Disturb a hornot's nest - Eश्वरत्व कान घोडोन, Privoke the attack of a swarm of spiteful one

To hope one's head into a hornet s nest— १००० तत्र राज राज राज के, ते कर्य into trouble by middle or hornfoot, hornfoot, a नुकलान, Hiving a horn Horning, horning, a तक्ष्यां हन्त-रना, Appe indicate of the moon, when increasing or in a creatent form.

Hornlot, n কড শুক, A little horn [crazy Horn mad, a বন্ধ পাগক, Stark mad, raving Horn-owl, hornowl, Horned-owl, horndowl n া বিশেষ, এক জাতিৰ পেচক, A species of owl Horn-pipo, hornpip n বালা বিশেষ, A wind metium int — নুডা, আনক্ষাৰক বাগ বিশেষ, তালসকত বুঙা A lively dance, a lively air, dance to the time.

Horn-stone, hornston, n ভৰ্পাৰণ প্ৰস্তুৰ বিশেষ, A stone much like flint but more brittle

Hornwork, hornwork, n হুপ্ৰহিংস গৃহ বিশেষ, An outwork in firt fication composed of two demi bastions joined by a curtain.

Horny, horni, a. শৃষ্ণ হাবা নিশ্বিত . Made of horn or horns — শৃষ্ঠবং , কটিন , ফ্কটিন , Like horn . hard , callous.

Horography, hor-og'ra-fi, n. [ Gr hora, an hour, and grapho, to describe ] ঘটকায়ে নিৰ্মাণ বিদা, The art of constructing dials or instruments for indicating the hours.

Horologe, horo loj, n [Gr. hora, an hour, and lego, to tell] as. An instrument for telling the hours, a time-piece.

Horology, hor-olo-ji, n ঘটিকা-বন্ধ নির্মাণ বিজ্ঞান . ঘটি প্রস্তুত করিবাধ কোশল Art of measuring hours or constructing time-pieces. a — horological.

Horometer, hor-omet-er, n [Gr. hora, an hour, and metron, a measure] গমস নিকাপক বৃদ্ধ , Any instrument for measuring time, Horometry, hor-omet-ri, n. সময় নিরূপক বয়; সময় নিরূপণ বা ভাহার (কাশল, The art or practice of measuring time.

Horoscope, hor'o-skop, n. [Gr. hora, an hour, and skopeo, to observe ] জয়পত্ৰিকা , কিবুজী , কোষ্ট, জয়শ্বপত্ৰিকা , Observation of the heavenly bodies at the moment of a person's birth

Horoscopist, hor-osko-pist, n. जारिज्यो ; An astrologer.

Horoscopy, hor-o'kop-i, ". জন্মগানিকা দেখিয়া ভবিষ্যৎ গণনা করণ বিদাা, জন্মকালীন এহাদিব অবস্থিতি; The art or practice of predicating the events of a person's life from his horoscope, aspect of the planets at the time of birth a=horoscopic.

Horrent, hor'ent, a পাড়া , বহিশুল . Standing on end, as bristles , bristled , pointing outward

Horrible, horre-bl, a. [L. horribilis] ভয়াৰক, ভাষণ, ভয়োপাদক, কংকলোপাদক, Dreadful, wful, terrific, shocking n=horribleness, adhorribly Syn:—Frightful, fearful, terrible, shocking, hideous, horrid.

Horrid, hor'rid, a [L horridus] ভয়ানক, ভয়োৎপানক, Hideous, shocking:—অন্যোক্তর, অন্যোবভনক, Disagreeable, offensive n=horridness,
ad=horridiy. Syn —(a) Bristling, prickly;
alaiming, shocking, dreadful, awpel, terrific,
terrible, frightful [ful.]

Horrifie, hor-rifik, a ভাষৰ, ভয়নৰ, Fright-Horrify, hoi're-fi, v. t উত-কু, To strike with horror, to terrify. Syn —Shock, frighten, alarm

Horror, hor'rer, n [I. horror, from horrere, to bristle] আস, ভন্ন, কংকলপ, Terror, dread; shuddering —ভবোতজ্ঞক, ভবোৎপাদৰ বিষয়, That which excites horror or dread. Syn —Fright, dismay, gre it alarm, fear, consternation, abomination, detestation disgust, loathing, hatred. Horse, hors, n. [A S hors, Skr hrêsh, to neigh] অৰ. A beast —অবাধবাই নেজ, Cavalry:—v t অবোহণ কু, অবাবোহণ-কু, To ride or sit on any thing astride, to mount on a horse—
অব হোগান, অব স্ববহাহ-কু, Provide with a horse; furnish with a horse Syn —(n) Steed, charger, palfrey, nag, cob, roadster, horsemen.

Take horse—অধাৰ্ণহৰ-কৃ, To mount a horse in order to set out to ride.

To get upon one's high horse—ভাক বেণাৰ; To give oneself airs

Horse-block, horsblok, n. অবারোহণ সাধন, ঘোড়ায চটিবার মঞ্চ , Step for mounting a horse.

Horse-boat, horsbot, n. অৰ বারা চালিত বৌকা; বোড়াব নৌকা, A boat drawn by horses or for carrying horses

Horse-breaker, hors-braker, Horse-tamer, horstamer, n. অৱদ্যনকারী, অৱশিক্ষক, অবশাসক; One whose employment is to break or tame horses, or to teach them to draw or carry

Horso-chestnut, hors-chesnut, n. হুপারি, A nut once used as food for horses.—বৃক্ষ বিশেষ,
The tree that produces it.

Horse-dealer, horsdcier, n. अव-वादनायी, One who deals in horses.

Horse-doctor, n. अविध्यान , A vetermary surgeon [fly that stings horses Horse-fly, hors-fli, n अववरणनकाती मिक्स . A Horse-guards, hors-gardz, n. अवादारी तकक्षण, Body of soldiers, mounted on horses, employed as guards [that of the mane and tail Horse-hair, n वालांकि, The hair of horses, esp Horse-hoe, n A harrow drawn by a horse Horse jockey, r व्याप्टनीट्ड मुम्ब क्यादारी, अविद्वार , One who rides a horse at a rate, a dealer in horses.

Horse-laughter, horslifer, n আট্রানা শ্রুতি-কঠোর উচ্চহান্য, Coarse laughter a loud harsh, bossterous laugh

Horse-leech, horstech n আৰু কিংসক, Horse docter; one who cures horses —জোক, One that bites horses, a large sp uses of luech

Horse-litter, hors-litter n ছই ঘোটাৰ বানবিশেষ ছি-মৰ-ৰাহিত বানবিশেষ, A litter or carriage borne between two horses

Horseman, horsman, ল অধাবোহী, A rider — অধাবোহী দৈৱ , A mounted soldier.

Horsemanship, horsman ship, n অব শিষা অবাবোহণ বিদ্যা, The art of riding, training and managing horses.

Horse-play-লাড়া ঘোড়া শেলা Rough and frolicsome play attended with boisterous noise

Horse-power, hors-pow'er, n. অৰবল, Strength of a horse in draft — পায় ৪১২ মণ ভাৱ এক মিনিটে এক ফুট উৰ্ছে উল্লোলনস্থম শক্তি, বাল্গীয় কলেৱ শক্তির পনিমাণ বিশেষ, Strength of a team engine, 33,000 lb, raised one ft high in one minute, a standard by which the power of steam engines is measured

Horse-race, horse's, দ খোনটোড় A match of horses in running, a race by horses

Horse-racing, hors rasing, n খেডুড়োড়, The practice of racing or running horses in matches Horse-radish, horseadish, n ভীত্ৰ মূল, লভা-বিশেষ, A plant — আচাৰ, A condiment.

Horse-sacrifice-- अक' मर !

Horse-shoe, horsshoo, n. যে দার নাল খেডার পারের নাল, A piece of iron on a horse's hoof, a shoe for horses, consisting of a curved plate of iron — বোডার নালের স্থার আকার্বিশিষ্ট বস্তু, Anything shaped like a horse-shoe [leafless plant Horse-tail, horstal, n প্রহীন লভা বিশেষ A Horse trainer, n অবশিক্ষ, অবপ্রিচালক One who trains horses for racing

Horse-wayroad, n. অৰ বাইবাৰ পৰ, A road in which horse may travel

Horse-whip, horshwip, n বোডাৰ চাবুৰ, Wip for driving horses — v t ক্ৰাথাত-কৃ. To strike with a whip, to lash. [giving advice Hortation, n উপদেশ, Act of exhorting or Hortative, horfa-tiv, Hortatory, horta-tor e a [L hortari, to incite] উৎসাচৰ্ভক, উত্তেজক, উপদেশ্যাৰ, উপদেশৰ, Encouraging, advisory Syn—Inciting, persuasive homiletic

Horticultural, hor-ti-kultur বা a উদ্যান বৰ্ণ-চৰ্মীৰ, Pertaining to the culture of gardens Horticulture, ho'ti-kul-tur n [L. hortus, a garden ] उमान-कर्न निमा , The art of cultivat ing gardens. a=horticultural

Horticulturist, hor-ti-kultur-ist, n. উদ্যাধ-বিদ্যার নিপুণ, Gardener, one who is skilled in gardening.

Hosanna, hō-zaha, n. ইবরের তব; ইবর-তোর, আরাবনা, অর জয়, Exclamation of praise to God Hose, hōz, n মোজা, প্রাবরণ, Close fitting breeches, stockings, socks—অগ্রিনির্কাপক বাবি বাহী নল, A bending tube for carrying water to extinguish fire

Hoster, ho zhi-er, म (सांका-विदक्त , (सांका-वाद-मादी, One who deals is stockings, socks & c

Hostery, hō /hi-er-i n. সর্কাশ্রকার যোলা , যোজার বাংসায , I hc business of a hosier , stockings in general.

Hospice, hospes, n [L hospes, a stranger, a guest] সন্ত্যানীদিশেৰ চিকিৎসালয়, Hospital for monks — অতিথিশালা বিশেষ, An alpine convent where travellers are treated as guests

Hospitable, he pit-a bl a [ I. hospitalis, from hospes, guest ] আহিছের, স্পর, Kind to st angers or guests, shewing kindness n he-pitableness ad=hospitably. Syn —Kind, generous, liberal, bountiful plentiful

Hospital, hospit-al, n [L hospes, a guest] চিকিৎসালয়, ইাসপাতাল, Establishment for the wounded and sick

Hospitality, hospitaliti, n. অভিথিদংকার আভিথেয়তা এআভিখ্য, Kindness to stranger, ritu of hospitality.

Hospitalor, n বৃদ্ধবন্ত সন্ত্ৰামী চিকিৎসালৰে পীড়িতের তথাবধাবক ধর্মসম্প্রদানের অক্সতম, Knight monk one whose duty is to relieve the poor on of a religious community for the care of the sick in hospitals.

Host, host, n [ L hosts enemy] অভিধি সেবক, নিমন্ত্ৰণকাৰী ভূখানী, One who entertains another, landlord —সৰাই-বক্ষক, An inn-keeper —সেজ সেজ্যল, An army —বক্ষসংখা, A great multi-tude —বোমান ব্যাথলিক ধর্মনিবের ভংসগাঁকুত পবিত্র ক্রী বিশেষ, In the Roman Catholic Church, the consecrated bread offered in mass as the body of Christ Syn—Inn-keeper, entertainer, assemblage, crowd.

He is a host in himself—ভিনি এবাই এব ল, He is a equal to a host or a great many per sons, a person of great powers.

Hostage, hostaj, n সন্ধিরকার্থ প্রদন্ত বান্ধি , শরীব বন্ধণকারী , প্রতিভূ , লগ্নক , One given in pledge for the performance of conditions

Hostel, hostel, Hostelry, hostel-ri, n পাত্-শালা সরাই, An inn

Hostile, hostil, a [L. hostils, from hostis, enemy] যুদ্ধবিষ, বিপক, শক্তপকীয়, Warlike, inimical, belonging to an enemy admhosticly Syn —Unfriendly, adverse, antagonistic, contrary repugnant.

Hostile (or opposed) to—প্রতিবুল, Against Hostility, hos-tife-te, দ প্রতা, দ্বাম. Enmity war Syn—Animosity, hatred, anti-pathy, aversion, unfriendliness, ill will, opposition, antagonism.

Hostilities, hos-tifi-tiz, n. pl. शक्त शांकन ; पूर्व काशिक : Acts of warfare.

Hostler, hoster, n. जननील ; शास्त्रनिरादमत जनतकक ; नहिन ; One who has charge of horses at an inn ;

stable boy; groom.

Hot, hot, a. [A. S. håt] তথ; উড়; অগ্নিমর; Having the power of heat ; very warm ; fiery : —তীক ; তীব্ৰাদ : Pungent ; acrid :—উপ্ৰ ; প্ৰচত ; উত্তেখিত ; Fiery ; vehement ; furious ; animated :--কাৰ্ক ; বিশ্পরতম্ব ; Lustful ; passionate. Syn: -Burning, scalding; hasty, irascible, passionate, choleric; fervid, glowing; eager, ardent, precipitate, violent; biting, piquant, highly seasoned.

Make ( a place ) too hot for one-( कान नाम বা স্থানে) কাহাকে অত্যন্ত আলাতন করিয়া ভোলা ( আর ডিটিতে পারা বার বা, এই ভাব); Make one's position highly uncomfortable. [ culty.

To be in hot water – স্কটে পড়া; Be in diffi-Hot-bed, hotbed, n. বৃক্তবৰ্ধনাৰ্থ কাচাচ্ছাদিত ভূমি; Glass-covered bed heated for rearing plants : অভ্যুক্ত ভূমি; সহর বর্ষনাসুকুল ছান; Any place favourable to rapid growth.

Hotblast, hotblast, #. উত্তাপদৰ্থনাৰ্থ চুল্লীপ্ৰবিষ্ট উত্ত বার-প্রবাহ ; A current of heated air injected into a furnace to raise the heat.

Hot-blooded, hot-bluded, a. উত্তৰভাৰ ; Having hot blood : - তেজবী; কোপনস্বভাব ; High-spirited; [ violent.

Hot-brained, a. উत्रच्छा . Ardent in temper ; Hotehpotch, hochpoch, Hotehpot, hochpot, Hodgepodge, hojpoj, n. यह क्रवाद अक्क मः-রক্ষণ; ভেঁচডা; চচ্চডি; অবধা বিনিত্রণ; বিচুডি; A confused mixture of ingredients; a confused mass of ingredients mixed in the same pot.

Hot-cockles, n. कोड़ा ; A game.

Hotel, ho tel, n. [ L. hospes, a stranger ] 913-নিবাল; সরাই; প্রবাসাপ্রম; A superior house for entertaining strangers; an unn; a tavern:eithin, A palace.

Hot-headed, hot-heded, a. উগ্ৰন্থতাৰ; উপ্ৰন্তিক, ere; Violent; impetuous, of aident passions. Hot-house, hothows, n. ফল পরিপক কবিবাব গৃহ , চারা রক্ষার্থ উঞ্গার; কোমল গাছপালা পরিবঙ্ক জন্ম हेक्ष्र ; Building for ripening fruits or sheltering tender plants; a house kept warm to rear tender plants.

Hot-press, hotpres, v. খাতুপাত্রমধ্যে কাগজাদিতে চাপ (एक्झ); Press paper &c., between two hot plates. Hotspur, hotspur, n. কৃদ্ধ লোক ; উপ্রস্থভাব লোক , A rash and passionate man.

Hottentot, hotn-tot, #. দকিণ আফ্রিকাবাসী . অসভ্য Tife; A savage native of South Africa; a brutish fellow.

Houdah, Howdah, how'da, त. ट्रिश : ट्लिश्रेड भागन ; A seat to be fixed on an elephant's back. Hough, Hock, hok, त. भवावित भकार भारत त्रकि ; हेन्न ; हार्ड्स नकारकान ; Ham ; joint of a beast's hind legs :-- v. t. পিরা ছেদ করিয়া খণ্ড ₹8-7; To disable by cutting the sinews of the legs; to hamstring.

Hound, hound, n. निकाती क्क्ब; Hunting dog:-

v. t শিকার-কু; Hunt :--শিকারার্থ উত্তেজিত-কু; অগ্র-त्रव-क ; Incite, as a hound to pursuit ; to incite ; to spur on, to urge on. Syn :- (v) Chase; urge on, stimulate, goad.

Hound a person—काम वाक्तिक निर्वाचन-कृ : To persecute a person or rather to set on persons

to annoy him.

Houndfish, same as Dogfish.

Hound's tongue, howndz-tung, n. 44 काजीब बाह ; A plant, so called from the shape of its leaves.

Hour, our, n. [ L. hora ] 401 : Sixty minutes : the 24th part of a day :- নিদিষ্ট সময় : কাল : क्रांत ; A fixed or appointed time ; a time or occasion :-- pl. ঋত এবং হোরার অধিষ্ঠাত্রী দেবীপণ : In myth the goddesses of the seasons and the hours. Syn :- Time of day; stated time.

At the eleventh hour-Me Auta; Very last; at the very last moment :--যতক্ৰ অপেকা করা যাইতে পারে ভাহার পর ; Very late :-- বখন আর বড় এकটা कारक माजित ना अयन मयहा: लिव लिव नयहा; When likely to be of little use; when some decisive step is about to be taken.

Bad hours-विवास ; Late.

Good hour-नकारन ; Early.

The small hours—তুই প্ৰহুৱ বাত্ৰির পর সময় ; The hours after midnight.

Hour-glass, owr'glas, #. वानित पड़ी; Sandglass running for an hour.

Hour-hand, n. वडीव वडीव कीडी : Index of a clock pointing to the hour.

Houri, how'ri, n. পরী; अन्तर्वा; A nymph of the Mahammedan paradise.

Hourly, our'li, a. প্রতি ঘটার কৃত; Happening or done every hour; frequent :-- পুৰঃপুৰঃ সম্প-शिक ; Frequent :- ad. প্রতি ঘটার ; প্রংপ্ন: ; Every hour, frequently.

Hour-plate, owr plat, n. परित्र डांना ; The plate of a timepiece on which the hours are marked. House, hous, n. গৃহ ; বাটী ; বাসন্থান ; A dwellingplace; home:—পাছণালা; পাছনিবাস; An inn; tavern:—সাংসাৱিক কাষা; সাংসাধিক ব্যাপার; Household affairs : - পবিবার : অস্মৌর স্বজন ; Household ; family; kindred: --বাণিজ্যালয়; বাণিজ্যাপার; A trading establishment:--ব্যবস্থাপক সভা ; A legislative body :-- মহৎকাতি ; A note and illustrious race :-- সমগ্র বাশিচক্রের বাদশ ভাগের এক এক ভাগ; A twelfth part of the heavens among the astrologers :- v. t. আলম্- পে; To harbour; to shelter :-- आक्रांतिङ कविया तका-कृ; To protect by covering :-ভাভারজাত-কু; ভাভারে রাখা, To store : —v. s. আত্ৰর-ল ; বাস-কু ; To take shelter ; to reside. Syn :- (n) Dwelling, mansion, abode. residence, domicile; building, edifice; lineage, race, kindred; firm, company, partnership: hotel; lodging. (v) Abide, dwell, reside, lodge. Bring down the house, Bring down the whole house—সমস্ত শ্রোভূবর্ণেব নিকট হটতে প্রশংসা পাওয়া, নাটাশালার সমন্ত লোকের প্রশংসা আকর্ণ-কু: To draw forth applause from a whole audience: to draw an outburst of applause from the entire audience as in a theatre.

House-to-house visitation—বারী বাড়ী বোধী। House of correction, n. কাৰাগার, Prison for idle and disorderly persons, vagrants &c

House of God--ধৰ্মনিব, A temples or church Keep house --গৃহস্থানী-কৃ, ঘৰক্ষা দেখা, Manage domestic affairs

Open house—অভিধি-সেবা , Hospitality to all comers

Religious house, n মঠ, Monastry or convent To make a house—In Parliament, to get a quorum of members.

House-agent, n বাটা বিক্ৰম কৰিবাৰ বা ভাড়া দিবাৰ দাবাৰ, Agent for selling or letting house

House-breaker, howsbrak-er, n নিজেপ চোৰ কিংগেপ চোৰ, Burglar, one who breaks into a house n=housebreaking

House-breaking, n ডাকাইভি, Forcibly break ing into a house for robbeiry, burglary

House-hold, houshold, n পৰিবাৰ, Family living together —a পাৰিবাৰিক, গাৰ্হ্য, Domestic, belonging to the bouse and family Syn —(a) Domiciliary, home.

The household—বাজকীর পাবিবাধিক লোকজন ও দলবল, The royal domestic establishment.

House-hold god- गृश-प्यवा।

Household-troops—বাজধানী ও রাজার রক্ষণাবেকণ এক ছর দল সেনা, Six regiments whose peculiar duly is to attend the sovereign and defend the metropolis.

House-holder, howshold-er, n গৃহস্ব , গৃণপতি , গৃহস্থানী , Master of a house , one keeping a house

House-keeper, howskep-er 2. গৃহী, প্রধানা ধানী, House-holder, head woman servant

House-keeping, how-krping, n. জাতিখা, গৃহ-ৰূপ্নে বন্ধু, গৃহ্ৰাণ্য; সাংসাধিক কাথ্যের তত্ত্বাবধান Hospitality, care of domestic concerns, domestic concerns and m inagement —প্ৰচুব অভিপি-সংকারোপথোগী খাদ্যসানত্রী, A plentiful and hospi table table —a. গার্হস্থা, Domestic

Houseless, howsles a গৃহপুত্ত, আশ্রহীন , গৃহহীন , Having no shelter , without a house

House-maid, how-mid, গ দাসী, পৰিচাৰিকা, Woman servant, not a cook, a female servant House-steward, howstu'ard, গ প্ৰধান দাস, বাটিৰ সরকাৰ, Head man-servant of a large house-hold.

House-surgeon, hows-sur'jun, n হাসপাতালবাদী চিকিংসক, Resident officer in an hospital

House-warming, hows-wawrming, স গৃহ প্ৰকেশংসৰ, Merry-making when entering into a new house

Housewife, how-wif, n সৃহিন্দী, Mistress of a house-hold; woman economist —ব্রীলোকগণের স্টাকর্মকরণোপবোগী উপাদান প্রভৃতির আধার বিশেষ, A small case or bag for articles of female work, also spott Huseif, which see. a=housewifely.

Housewifely, a, গতিবী সম্বন্ধীয়, গতিবী মত, Per-

Housewifely, a. গৃতিৰ সংখ্যার, গৃতিৰ মত, Pertaming to a housewife or to female management of home affairs, like a housewife.

Housewifery, howswif-n, n গৃহিণীয় কর্মীয় কর্ম , গৃহক্ম ; The business of a housewife .—গৃহ ক'ব্যাস্থান , বাহিত্ব কম , Domestic management ; business of the mistress of a family.

House wright, n. গৃহনিৰ্দ্ধাতা; Builder.

Housing, houzing, n নবম জিল; বোডার জিলের কাপড় Soft saddle or covering for a horse, a saddle cloth —pl বোড়াব সাজ, The trappings of a horse Syn —Covering, protection, horsecloth, saddle-cloth

Hove, pa t and pa p of Heave.

Hovel, huvel, n [AS hôf, den] প্ৰানা, কুনি, A small or mean dwelling, a shed, a cottage —v t প্ৰশালায় বকা-ক, আল্লান্ত, বি —Mean dwelling, poor cottage, hut, cabin, cot.

Hover, huver, v:. [W. hofian, hofiam, to hang over, hover] প্যস্তু সঞ্চালন করিতে কবিতে উৰ্জ্বলৈ উদ্ভিতে থাকা, পক্ষীর পাথার আগট মারা. Hang fluttering in the air over head, to flap the wings—কোন স্থানেৰ নিকট অমণ-কৃ, নিক্তে অপেকা কর', To move to and fro in the neighbourhood o.. to wander about near, to wait suspense. Syn—Flutter, hang over, move about, fly around.

Eover about — উদ্ভিয়া না গিয়া এক স্থানে পক্ষেব উপস্থ ভব কৰিয়া থাকা , H mg about ( a place without flying away ) — ডকে ডকে থাকা , Move to and fro watchfull), in the neighbourhood of ( some place )

How, ad কেমন, কি প্ৰাহে, কচনুর কেমন স্বাস্থায়, In what way or manner, to what extent, in what state

How-best, how-best, n তথাপি সে বাহা চইক, সংহঃ, Notwithstanding, yet however. Syn:
—Nevertheless but, be it as it may
Howdah—See Houdah

However, how-ever, conj যদাপি, তথায়, বদিও; তথাপি, Nevertheless, notwithstanding, yet though, still though—ad কোন প্রকাবে, যে কোন উপাবে, অন্তত্ত, In whatever manner or degree; at all events at least Syn—Yet still

Howl, howl, v: [G hulan, L. ulula, an owl] নেকডিয়া ৰাঘ বা কুক্বেৰ স্থাব চীংকার কু. To cry as a wolf or dog — আর্ত্তনাদ কু. শোকস্চক উচ্চ চীংকার-কু, আফেপ কু, বিলাপ কু, To utter a sound of districts, to utter a long loud mournful sound; to wail — পর্কান কু, To roar, as a tempest — n. কুকুর বা নেকডিয়া বাহেব স্থায় শালক।, শোকস্চক কুলাব্দের বা dog or wolf — আর্ত্তনাদ, শোকস্চক কুলাব্দের, A loud cry of distress, a mournful cry; yell Syn — (v) Yell, scream, screech, roar; wail, lament

Set up a howl— কুকুরের স্থার বর টানিরা শব্দ-ফু; Make a prolonged cry, like a wolf or dog— হাউ হাউ-ফু, Raise an outery

Howlet, how'let, দ কুত্ৰ পেচক, An owl; owiet. Howsoever, how-so-ever, ad. যদিও, বাহাই ইউক, However although.

How-witz, How-witzer, how its-er, n কামাৰ বিশেষ, ছোট কামাৰ, A short light cannon used for throwing shells.

Hoy hos, n কুল পোত, বৃহদাকার নৌকা বিশেব; A small sloop, a large one decked boat, usualle

rigged as a sloop:—inj. ওন; ধাম; Haloo; stop. Hub, hub, n. অৱেদ মৃষ্ট; The hilt of a weapon: —চক্ষেম নাডি; Nave of a wheel:—সক্ষা; Mark to be thrown at.

Up to the hub—নিরভিশর: To the utmost. Hubble-bubble, hubl-bubi, n. শুড়শুড়ি, হকা;

A tobacco pipe.

Hub-bub, hubbub, n. গোলমাল; গৰগোল; গালা হাকামা; Confusion; uproar; riot. Syn:—Uproar, clamour, din, racket; tumult, disturbance. Hubert, (St)—Patron saint of huntsmen.

Huckaback, huka-bak, n. ফুল ভোলা টেবল-আছাদৰ স্থূল কাৰ্পান বস্তুবিশেষ . A coarse variety of table-linen, having raised figures on it.

Huckle, hukl, n. निजय ; कक्न, बूंडि, The hip,

Huckle-backed, hukl-bakt, Huck-shouldered, huk-shoilderd, ৫. কুলগুঠ; কুলকৰ; Having round shoulders.

Huckle-bone, hukl-bon, n. নিতথাত্তি, The Huckster, hukster, n. [Dan hokker, to carry on the back] কুত্ৰ বণিক, কেণিওয়ালা; Inferior dealer; a retailer of small articles:—v. i. স্বৰ পরিমাণে ক্ষণিক্যক; সামাস্ত ক্ষণোৰ বাণিজ্য-কু; To deal in small articles or pretty bargains. fem=huckstress. Syn —Retailer, peddler, hawker.

Huddle, n. গ্ৰগোপ, জনতা, পোপদান, A crowd; tumult; confusion:—v. i. গাদাগাদি হওয়া; গাদা ক্ষিয়া রাখা; To put up things in a hurried tmanner; to crowd —v. 1. জমা করিয়া রাখা; গাদা ক্ষিয়া রাখা, To put on hastily; to crowd together in confusion.

Hudibrastic, hū-di-brastik, a. বিজ্ঞপায়ক: হানোদ্বীপক, In the style of Hudibras, a satire by Butler; doggerel.

Hue, hu. n. [A. S. hiw, hirw] রছ; বা; Colour; dye:—চীংকাব; উচ্চকাব; Clamour; cry:—চেহার; বাফাবরব, Appearance. a=hueless. Syn:—Tint, tinge, shade, complexion.

Hue and cry, n. সশ্বে চোবো অনুধাবন; The outery with which a felon was anciently pursued:—চোর ব্রিবার ঘোরণা. Later, a proclamation requiring all persons to aid in retaking him. Huff, huf, n. কোৰ, উদ্ধৃতা বা গর্বা; Rage, a fit of disappointment or anger, a boaster:—দাভিক; আছনারী লোক; A boaster.—v. i. স্বীত-কৃ; উদ্ধৃত্য পর্কান করিরা আপমান-কৃ; To swell; to bully:—v. i. স্বীত-হ; To dilate, swell:—কৃদ্ধ-চৃ; To take offence:—ভর্জন গর্জন-কৃ; মন্ত প্রস্থান-কৃ; To bluster; storm.

[ anger. In a huff—রাবে; In a fit of disappointment and

In a huff—বাবো ; In a fit of disappointment and Huffish, huffish, a. গৰা ; যত ; উৰত ; Insolent ; arrogant. ad=huffishly, v=huffishness.

Huffy, huf'i, a. কীত; Puffed up: —গর্কিত; থিট্-থিটে; কণরাগী; কুছ; Arrogant; petulant; angry. Hug, hug, v. t. [A. S. hegan, to inclose] আলিকন-কু; মুচ্চাবে বরা, To embrace closely and fondly; to hold fast:—v. i. একজ জড়-কু; To crowd together:—n. আলিকন; A close and fond embrace; a gripe. Syn —(v) Clasp, grasp, gripe, embrace; retain, hold fast, cling to; go near, keep close to.

Huge, hūi, a. [ D. hoog, high ] প্ৰকাৰ, বৃহৎ; ভাৰণাকার; Very great; immense; vast; monstrous. n=hugeness, ad=hugely. Syn:—Enormous, monstrous, immense, gigantic, colossal, prodigious, vast.

Hugenot, n. A French Protestant of the period of the religious wars in France in the 16th century.

Hugger-Mugger, hug'er-mug'er, n. গুৱাৰখ়া; গোলবাল; Privacy; secrecy, confusion:—a. গোপনীয়; Secret; clundestine:—বিশুখন; Confused; disorderly:—ad. গোলবাল করিয়া, Disorderly.

Hulk, hulk, n. [A. S. hulce, a den] জাহাজের খোল; The body of a ship, hull —জীৰ্ জাহাজ; An old ship unfit for service:—pl. কারাগার বরণে বাবহৃত জীৰ্ণ ভ্রীসমূহ; Old ships used as prisons. Hull, hul, n. [A. S. hule, hulu, the crust of a thing] ভাল; ভূষ; খোসা; Husk; shell:—জাহাজের খোল; The frame or body of a ship; hulk:—v.t. ভূষ বাহিৰ-কু; খোসা ভাড়াৰ, To husk; to strip off the hull:—জাহাজের খোল ভিজ-কু; To pierce the hull (as with a cannon-ball):—v.i. জলে ভাসা, To float or drive on the water. Syn:—(n) Husk; hulk, (v) peel, husk.

Hully, huli, a. জুৰ বা বোদাবিশিষ্ট ; Having husks

or pods.

Hum, hum, n. গুল্লন, গুণ গুণ ল'ল. Noise of bees &c., buzz:—আপষ্ট ল'ল. আফুট ধানি; Low dull noise:—v. t. গুল্ গুল্ ব্ৰেগান-কু, To sing in a low voice.—v. i. গুল্ গুল্ শ্ল-কু; হকার-কু, To make a buzzing sound like bees:—int. সন্দেহ্দুক ল'ল; সন্দেহ্দুচক হকার; A sound with a pause implying doubt. Syn:—(v) Murmus, drone, buzz, mumble.

Hum and how—কথা কছিতে কচিতে ঢোক পোলা; নংশর করা; Speak with interruption or hesitation; hesitate. [mouth shut.

Hum a tune— अन् अन् वात्र शान-के; Sing the Human, hū'man, a. [ L. humanus, from homo, man ] सन्यामककीय, सामरीय; Belenging or pertaining to man or mankind. — मान्यिक अपविनिष्टे. सामर्थकों ; Having the qualities or attributes of man. ad=humanly. Syn.—Anthropological, manly.

Humane, hū-māh, s. [L. humanus] ধ্যাৰ;
কুপাৰাৰ, Kind; tender; meiciful. ad=humanely. Syn:—Sympathizing, benevolent, mild,
compassionate, benign.

Humanise, hū'man-iz, v. t. গরাব-ক, কোমল-ক, স্থা-ক; To render human or humane. to soften; to civilise:—v. i. সন্তা-হ; To become civilise. Syn:—Refine, enlighten, improve, reclaim from

Humanist, hu'man-ist, n. সাহিত্যে স্পণ্ডিত , মানব-অকৃতির সমালোচক ; One versed in polite literature or in human nature.

Humanitarian, hū-man-i-tári-an, n. খাথেৰ জ্বৰত অধীকাৰ কৰিয়া বে ব্যক্তি উহিকে মুখ্বাপদবাচ্য কৰে: One who denies Christ's divinity and holds him to be a mere man:—দৰালু বাজি: One who practises benevolence:—দৰালু, মানব-চি:ভবী;
A philanthropic person:—a. মানবীয়, হিটেডী;

स्त्रान्; Of or belonging to humanity; bene-

Humanity, hū-mahe-te, স. মুখ্যাৰভাগ; মানবৰৰ্ম;
Quality of being human:—মন্যালভি; Mankind:—ক্ষা; কোনবভা; Benevolence; tenderness:—সুকুমান বিদাা; Liberal education:—pl= humanities, মাহিভাগি; Classics; polite literature; the branches of polite or elegant learning.

Professor of humanity—স্কট্লভের বিশ্ববিদ্যালব-সমূহে লাটন ভাষার অধ্যাপক; In Scotch universities the professor of Latin.

Humankind, human-kind, n. মনুব্যজাতি; মাৰবস্বাতি; The human species; mankind.

Humanly, ad. মানবের রীতি অনুসারে; After the manner of man.

Humble, humbl, a. (L. humilis, on the ground, low) বাঁচ; Low; mean:—ব্য , বিনীত, Modest; submissive; meek; unpretending:—v. t. বভকু; বিনীত-কু; অণাস্থ-কু; To lower; to degrade; sink; mortify. n=humbleness. ad=humbly.
Syn:—(a) Not high, not great, poor, lowly; meek, acquiescent, unassuming. (v) Bring down, put down, reduce, depress, abase, mortify, humiliate, disgrace.

Humble-bee, humbl-be, n. একজাতীয় মধ্যকিবা; A large hairy bee, having nests in the ground Humble-cow, humbl-kow, n. নুসহীন গাড়ী; A cow without horns.

Humble pie, Eat humble pie—ঘট মানা। Humble to the dust—মাটিক; Reduce the power of one to the lowest point.

Bumbug, humbug, n. [From hum, to impose on, and bug, a frightful object] প্রতাবণী, ছল, ছললা; A hoax; trickishness:—প্রতাবক, প্রবৃদ্ধ; One who hoaxes; imposter:—v. t. প্রতাবণী; ছললা-ফু; ডামালা-ফু, To deceive, impose on; to hoax. Syn:—(n) Imposition, imposture, cheat, trick, fraud, blind, feint, chouse; charlatany, quackery, hypocrisy, cant; cheat, charlatan, quack. (v) Trick, mislead, hoax.

Humbuggery, n. asiani; sea; Practice of impositions

Humdras, c. বিবন্ধিক ষ; নির্কোধ, সামান্ত; Dull; stupid; common place, tiresome.

Humdrum, humdrum, a. মূর্য; Dull; stupid:— গুল গুল লক্ষারী, Droning; monolonous:—n. মূর্ব লোক: A stupid fellow.

Humectant, hū-mektant, a. [ L. humeo, to be moist ] ব্যক্তর তাবলাবন্ধক; Tending to increase the fluidity of the blood.

Humoctive, hū-mektiv, c. সিতকরণক্ষ , Having the power to moisten

Humoral, hū'mei-al, a. [L. humerus, the shoulder] ক্ষণেশ-নগ্যায়; Belonging to the shoulder.

Humorus, hū'-mer-us, n. বাছ; The upper arm
—উক্ত স্থানের অছি, The bone of the upper arm.
Humhum, n. ভারতীয় নোটা কার্পান বস্ত্রবিশেষ, A
kind of plain, coarse, Indian cotton cloth.

Humid, hū'mid, a. [ 1... humidus, from humere to be moist] আধি . মিস্ত , ভিজা , সেউদেঁহত , Moist , damp , rather wel. n=humidness. Humidity, hū-mdi-ti, n. वार्डका ; श्रिक्तिक वार : Moisture ; dampness.

Humiliate, hū-mile-at, v. f. [ L. Anmiliare ] অবলত-কৃ; হীনাবয়া-কৃ; To depress; to lower in condition. Syn:—Humble, abase, mortify, shame, degrade, debase.

Humiliation, hū-mil-e-áshun, ল. অপথাৰৰা; গর্চা ; অবন্যৰ ; Abasement ; mortification ; disgrace. Syn:—Humbling, self-abasement ; condescension, resignation, submission; humility, meckness, submissiveness, lowliness; indignity, affront.

Humility, hū-mile-te, n. বিনর; নমভা; সৌজস্ত; Lowliness of mind; modesty. Syn:—Diffidence, humbleness, meekness, penitence, submissiveness.

Humming-bird, huming-berd, n. কুর পকী-বিশেষ , A very small American bird.

Hummock, huniuk, n. কুর পাছাড়; A rounded knoll or hillock:—নীহার কেত্রেছিত নীহার তুপ; A ridge or pile of ice on an ice-field. Same as hommock.

Humoral, u'mur-al, a. রস্পৰ্কীত; স্লেমা-সমূতুত; হৈম্মিক; Relating to the humours.

Humoralism, u'mur-al-izm, n. নৈশিকতা; রোগ-মণুং রেখাসমুদ্ধত এইকপ মত. The doctrine that all diseases are owing to a depraved state of the humours or fluid of the body.

Humoralist, U'mui-al-ist, n. বোগসৰ্ছ স্থো-সম্ভূত-এইরূপ মতবাদী, One who favours the doctrine of humoralism.

Humorist, u'mur-ist, n. বিদিক লোক, রাদিকতা; ভাড়; থামথেযালী, রামাভিজ্ঞ ব্যক্তি, One who has a playful fancy; a wag; a droll. Syn:—An eccentric person, oddity, wag, droll, jester, wit. Humorless, u'mur-les, a. রসহীন; রামিকভান্ত; Destitute of humour.

Humorous, U'mur-us, a. ধান্ধ্যানী; চকল; Capricious, whimsical, irregular:—কৌডুকলির; হাসান্থনক; হাসোদীপক; Merry; laughable. n= humorousness, ad=humorously. Syn:—Jocose, jocular, playful, witty, pleasant, merry, funny, comical, whimsical.

Humour, U'mur, n. আর্দ্রভা, শারীবিক বস; Moisture; animal fluid:—প্রকৃতি; মনোভাব; State of mind:—বেয়াল; মনোভাব; Whim:—রসিকতা; বহুমাপ্রিয়তা, Wit:—p. t. ভূষ্ট-কু; পরিভূষ্ট-কু; To gratify; to go in with the kumour of. Syn:—(n) Bent, bias, propensity, mood; fancy, whim, caprice, frenk; facetiousness, jocularity. (v) Indulge, favour, yield to, suit, fall in with.

Hump, hump, n. [ L. umbo, any convex elevation ] 文文, 文章; 文章; 文章; A lump or hunch upon the back, a protruberance. Syn:—Hunch, huckle, lump, swelling, convexity.

Humpback, hump'back, n. কুজাঠ; কুছ; A back with a hunch:—কুজোলোক; A person with a humpback. a=humpbacked (কুছা)!

Hunch, hunsh, n. [Ger. hucke, hocke] \*\*\* ; A hump, a protuberance. Syn:—Lump, knob, bunch, thick piece, hunk, push, shove, punch.

Hunchback, hunshbak, n. रूजार्ड; One with a hunch on his back.

Hunchbacked, a. ক্ৰো; Having a crooked back. [বিশেষ; Division of a shire. Hundred, hundred, ম. একৰত; 100:—প্ৰেম্ম Hundred-fold, hundred-fold, a. শতশ্ব; A hundred times as much; multiplied by a hundred. Hundred mote, n. Meeting of the free men of the hundred for legislative or judicial pur-

poses.

Hundredth, hundredth, a. পত সংবাদ ; শততম্;
Coming last or forming one of a hundred; the
ordinal of a hundred:—n. পততমাংশ; One of
100 equal parts into which one whole is direc-

ted; one of a hundred.

Hundred-weight, hundred-wat, n. ওজৰ পরিমাণ বিশ্ব ; ইম্মন্ত ; A denomination of weight,
usually denoted by Cwt. containing according
to different laws or customs 100, 112, 120
pounds avoidupois; the 20th part of a ton.
Hung, Past tense and past participle of Hang.
Hunger, hung'ger, n. [A. S. hungur, hunger] মুখা; Desire for food; eager desire or
want of food:—বল্বতা সুহা; Strong desire:—
v. i. ইমা-কৃ, মতাৰ ইছো-কৃ; মুখ্ড-কৃ, To long
for to desire food; to crave food. Syn:—(n)
Craving appetite, appetence, (v) Long for,

wish, desire eagerly; famish, starve. Hunger-bitten, hung'ger-bitn, a. কুধা বাৰ) উৎপীতিত; কুংপীড়িত; Pained or weakened by hunger.

Hungry, hung'gre, a. ক্ৰিড; Feeling hunger; greedy:—লোপুণ, অভাৰ ইন্ধুক; Having an eager desire:—অপুৰ্বাৰ; Not rich or fertile; barren; poor:—কৃশ; Lean. ad=hungrily. Syn:—Desiring food, famishing, craving, ravenous, covetous, greedy; lean, emaciated, meagre.

Hunk, n. বৃহৎ ৰঙ ; A large lump or piece. Hunker, n. বৃহণ ৰাজ , A conservative ; fogy; one opposed to progress in politics.

Hunks, hungks, n. কুপণ ব্যক্তি; লোডীজন; অর্থ-লোলুণ ব্যক্তি; A covetious, sordid man; a miser. Hunt, hunt, n. [A. S. huntsan, to hunt] মুগরা; Chase of wild animals:—অনুসকান; অনুসকা; Search; pursuit:—শিকাবিদের সভা; An association of huntsmen:—v. t. মুগরা-কৃ; বক্তজভ শিকার-কৃ; To chase wild animals for sport or game:—অনুধানন বা পশ্চাকামন-কৃ; অনুসকান-কৃ; To search for, to tollow after; to pursue:—v. t. শিকার করিতে বাছির-কৃ; To go out in pursuit of game:—অনুসকান-কৃ; To search. Syn:—(v) Chase, pursue, follow after; seek, look for.

Hunt counter—Go back on one's steps. Hunt down—উৎপীড়ৰ করিয়া বিশ্বস্ত-কু; উৎপীড়ৰ ধারা বিৰাশ-কু; Pursue till found or till destroyed, to destroy by persecution or violence.

Hunt for up or after—অনুসন্ধান-কৃ; Seek. Hunt out from—বহিক্ত-কৃ; Drive out. Hunt the slipper, n. কীড়া বিশেষ; A game. Hunt up—অনুসন্ধান-কৃ; অবেবণ-কৃ; Seek for; week; drive up.

"Hunter, hunter, n. बांब ; निकादी ; One who

chases:—শিকারের কল ঘোড়া; Hunting horse;— শিকারী কুকুর; Hunting dog:—বাড়ুমর আবরণবিশিষ্ট শংসা ঘড়ি; A hunting watch. fem=huntress.

Hunting-horn, n. বৰ-শিকা ; Bugle.

Hunting-seat, hunting-set, Hunting-box, hunting-boks, n. श्रापार्थ जहात्री आवान ; श्रापार्थ के Temporary residence for hunting.

Huntsman, huntsman, n. পিকারী; ব্যাধ; A hunter; one who practises hunting:—কুকুর-পালক ভূডা; কুকুর-রক্তক ভূডা, A servant who manages the hounds during the chase.

Huntsmanship, huntsman-ship, n. পিকারিছ কৌশল; মুগ্য়া-কৌশল; Skill of a huntsman.

Hurdle, hur'dl, n. চুবড়ী ; बाकरी ; Frame of sticks, woven together; a grate :-- ভাকরীর স্থার ৰোহ বা কাঠের ক্বাটাদি; A movable frame of split timber or iron for gates, &c. :- v. t. au-रम ; काक्त्री मित्रा विद्या (पश्चमा ; To enclose with hurdles. [ A musical stringed instrument. Hurdy-gurdy, hur'di-gur'di, n. बागायत विरम्ब : Hurl, hurl, v. t. वलभूतंक निरक्तन-क ; मदल निरक्तन-ক , To throw with violence: --বলপূর্বাক উচ্চারণ-ক: জোর দিয়া উচ্চারণ-কু; To utter with vehemence :-খ. i. ক্রভবেগে পরিভ্রমণ-কু; To move rapidly:-- যুর্ণিড ह; To whirl :-- निक्ल बाजा अस-इ; To make a noise by throwing :--n. নিকেপ; Throw; a cast; a fling :—গতগোল , গোলমাল ; Tumult ; commotion. n = hurler. Syn :- Throw, fling, project, sling, cast, send, toss.

Hurly, Hurly-burly, hur'li-bur'li, n. গোল-মাল; গওগোল; বিশ্বাতা; Confusion; bustle; tumult.

Hurrah, Hurra, hoor-ra', त्र. दिश्वत्र ७ जानज्ञशृहक खनि ; अप्रसनि ; An exclamation of excitement or joy.

Hurricane, hur're-kan, n. প্রচন্দ্রালা বা প্রকা কটিকা; প্রকা বৃশি বাজা; Violent storm; tornado; tempest. [the hurricane blows. Hurricane months, n. Months during which Hurry, hur're, v.t. [A. S. hveran, to move hastily] প্রাক্ত; প্রাতিত-কৃ; প্রস্কর-কৃ; To hasten; to urge forward:—v.i. প্রিক্ত কার্যা বা স্মর্ক-কৃ; স্পর-কৃ; To move or act with haste:—n. প্রা; Haste; a driving forward:—কৌল্মাল; Bustle. Syn:—(v) Precipitate, expedite, quicken, accelerate, hasten forward, despatch, (n) Speed, despatch, expedition; pressure, urgency, precipitation; commotion.

Be in a hurry—(কোন কাৰ্য করিবার নিমিন্ত) ব্যক্ত সমস্ত হওয় ; Be in haste to do something (denoting generally a confusion and want of collected thought).

Hurry-skurry, hur'i-skur'i, ad. পোলবালে; গোলবোগপুৰ্ক ; In a bustle or confusion; confusedly:—n. গোলবাল; Confusion and bustle.

Hurt, hurt, v. t. [A. S. hyrt, hurt] পিড়া-জে বাধা দেওৱা, To wound; pain:—কেল-ফে; To grieve:—কভি-ফু; To damage:—n. অপুৰিধা; আখাত; বাধা; A wound; injury; harm; disadvantage. Syn:—(v) Wound, bruise, injure, damage, impair, grieve, annoy, (n) Bruise, injury; damage, detriment, loss, wrong.

Burtful, hurtfool, a. शिक्षां व हिस्स . व्यव शे : कृष्टिकां व : Causing hurt : injurious . mischievous. ad-hurtfully, n=hurtfulness. Syn .— Pernicious, destructive, harmful, baneful, prejudicial, detrimental, disadvantageous noxious, unwholesome.

Hurtle, hurtl, v. t. আৰিপ্ত-কৃ, প্ৰচন্ডবেৰে পৰি-চালিত-কৃ; To dash against, to move violently: —বনংকার করান, প্রশাস সংঘৰ্ষ ছারা অন্ধ করান; To clash; to rattle,

Hurtless, hurtles, a. निर्फाची; अनशकाबी. निर्वोह, Without hurt or injury; harmless. ad=hurtlessly, n=hurtlessness.

Husband, huźband, n. [A. S. hûsbonda, the master of the house or family] পতি, কানী, A man wedded to a woman —কৰ্তা; গৃচবানী, The manager of a house-hold; the head of a family:—v. t. পরিষত থবাচ চালান: To manage with economy, be thrifty — ভূনি কর্বা-কু; To cultivate (land); till; to supply with a husband. Syn:—(n) Spouse, consort, partner, manager, economist.

[mer; tiller, cultivator.

Husband-man, huźband-man, n বৃদক; A tar-Husbandry, huźband-re, n. কৃতি, বৃদিকাৰা; Tillage, agriculture —প্ৰিমিত বাম, মিত্ৰাখিতা, Economical management; thrift. Syn —Farming, cultivation of the soil, tillage; domestic economy, frugality.

Hush, hush, int or imp. পাস্ত হও; ধান; Silence, be still:—v. t. শাস্ত-কৃ. ধানান, To make quiet:—a. বিজয়; পাস্ত; Silent, quiet Syn:—(v) Calm, silence, appease; suppress, conceal.

Hush-money, hushmuni, n. উৎকোচ; চুপচাপ পাৰিবার কম্ম ঘুব; Bribe to secure clence

Hush up—পোণন-কু, নিলাজনক নিষয় লইবা আৰ গোলমাল না করা; আর উচ্চবাচা না কৰা; Suppress in silence; to conceal; see that no further noise is made about (some disagreeable affair); surpress or keep concealed.

Husk, husk, n. [D hu'sche, Ger. hulse, A. S helan, to conceal, cover] খোৰা, ভুষ; Rough shell of fruits or seeds:—n.t. ভুষ শুস্ত-কৃ. খোলা বাছিৰ-কৃ; To strip off; to remove the husks from. Syn:—(n) Shell, glume, hun, chaff.

Husked, huskt, a. 2778; Stripped of husks, deprived of husks.

Huskiness, huske-ness, n. তুৰপুৰাতা; State of being husky, roughness of sound. Syn:— Harshness, hoarseness, raucity.

Husking, husking, n. তুব নিকাশন ; খোলা ছাড়ান , The stripping off of husks.

Husky, huske. a. ভগ্ৰৰ; ক্ৰাডকটু; Rough in sound; not clear as the voice, hoarse:—সতুৰ; ত্ৰম ; Abounding with, consisting of, or like husks. ad = huskily, n=huskiness. Syn:—Dry, shrivelled; hoarse, raucous, harsh.

Husser, hooz-zar', n. অবাকচ দৈয়া বিশেষ : হাসারী বাজ্যের অবারোহী দৈয়া ; Light horse-soldier ; armed Hungarian.

Hussif, huźif, n. | Ice. husi, a case—hus, a house ] বুড়া বাধিবাৰ আগায়; A case of threads. Hussy, huże, n. হুৱা শ্লীপ্ৰি, ন্যুচিয়া ব্লী, An ill-behaved woman or girl; a jade, pert girl.
Syn:-Wench, quean, a jade.

Hustings, hustingz, n. [Ice. hus. a house, and thing, an assembly ] পার্লেমেন্টর সভা নির্বাচন মঞ্চ, Platform for election business:—জভন নগরের প্রধান বিচাবালয়; Citymote; the principal court of the City of London.

Hustle, husl, w t [D hutselen, hutsen, to shape] বিশুখলভাবে আনোডিড-কু: বিশুখলভাব সহিত একত্রে আনোডিড-কু, বাকা মারা: To shake together in confussion; jostle:—বলপুর্বক সামারাদি করিছা জ্মা-কু, To crowd with violence. Syn:—Push, thrust, jog, justle, elbow, crowd.

Hut, hut, n. [F. hute] কুটাব; পর্ণপালা; Poor or temporary cottage, lodging:—v. t কুটারে স্থাপিড-কু; সেনানিবেশেব জ্ঞাব অপানী আবাসে স্থাপন-কু; To place in huts, as quarters, to lodge in huts as troops in winter quarters. Syn:—(n) Cot, cabin, hovel, shed.

Hutch, huch, n. [L. hutica, a box ] সিমুক, ধ্বগোস বাধিশার বান্ধ, Chest, box for keeping rabbits — যান বিশেষ, A low wheeled car in a mine —ইকুর ধ্বিশ্ব কীন; A rat-trap. Syn.—Chest, box coffer, bin, safe, cupboard, trap.

Huzza, hoo/-za', n ভারেনি. A shout of triumph or joy — v t. ভারেনি-নে, To receive or attend with shouts of joy — v t ভারেনি কু. To utter shouts of joy or acclamation — interj. সাবাস; ভারেনি. Hurrah.

Hyacinth, hi'a-sinth, " উদ্ভিদ্ন বিশেষ, A well-known beautiful, bullous plant — বহুমূল্য প্ৰশ্বৰ বা মণি বিশেষ, A priciou stone -পুন্দ বিশেষ; A flower — a Hyacinthine (made of or like a hyacynth)

Hyades, h'a-dt', Hyads, h'adr, n. fl [Gr. hycin, to rain] নক্ষর্ণি, নক্ষপুর বিশেষ, A cluster of five stars in the constellation of Taurus, Hyæna, n. Sec Hyena.

Hyaline, hi'a-lin, a. [Gr. hyalos, glass] नहः ; काहर , Glassy; transparent.

Hybrid, hibrid, n. [L. hybrida, allied to G. hubris, wantonness] হৈলাভীৰ জীব বা উদ্ভিদ ; ৰচ্চত্ৰ ; A mongrel plant or animal, a mule. a=mongrel Syn —Mongrel, mule.

Hybrid, hibrid, Hybridous, hib-rid-us, a. विकारीय, तक्का . Produced from the mixture of two species, mongrel

Hybridism, hibrid-izm, Hybridity, hibriti ti, n. বচ্চরত , বিজাতীয়ত ; State of being hybrid.

Hydatid, hida-tid, n. [Gr. hydatos, water] জন্ত্ৰপৰীনত্ত ভলপূৰ্ণ কোৰ, Λ watery cyst or vesicle sometimes found in animal bodies.

Hydra, h'dra, n [Gr hydor, water] কাছনিক বচনিক সাপ, জনসৰ্গ: Water-snake with the many heads which when cut off were succeeded by others, a celebrated water-scrpent with seven heads, which infested lake Lerna. As fast as one head was cut off, who sprang up in its stead:—বহু সক্তৰ্বশিষ্ট বাক্স: A monster with many heads—বহুল আনষ্ট, Any manifold evilof one not to be repressed by a single effort. Hydra-headed, a. वह भवकविभिद्रे; Having many heads always growing.

Hydrangea, त. চারাগাছ ; A plant.

Hydrant, hi'drant, n. [Gr. hydor, water] জন উড়োলন কৰিবাৰ কন; A water-plug; a machine for discharging water; street fountain.

Hydraulic, hi-drawlik, Hydraulical, hi-drawlik-al, a. [ Gr hydor, waters, aulos, a pipe ] ভরল পদার্থের গভিবিষয়ক, প্রোবাহী: Relating to water in motion, conveying water— ক্ষেত্র সাহায্যে কবিষয় ; Worked by water.

Hydraulios, n pl. তরল পদার্থের গভিবিষক বিদ্যা; ভরল পদার্থের গভি বিজ্ঞান; The science relating to the action of fluids in motion.

Hydrocele, n. অবকোল কল বৃদ্ধি; Dropsy of the serotum or of the covering of the testicles or spermetic cord.

Hydrocephalus, hī-dro-sela-lus, n. [Gr. hydor, water, and kephale, the head } মুখ্যতে জনস্কায়; Water in the head, dropsy of the brain.

Hydrodynamic, Hydrodinamical, a. জনের প্রিম্পুর্য ; Pertaining to the dynamics or force of water.

Hydrodynamics, hi-dro-di-namiks, n. pl জনের শক্তিসংকীয় বিজ্ঞান; তরল পদার্থের গতি এবং সাম্যাবস্থাব বিজ্ঞান, The science relating to the dynamics or force of water. a—hydrodynamic, hydrodynamical.

Hydrogen, hi'dro-jen, n. [ A word coined by Cavendish ( 1766 ) from Gr. hydor, water, and gen-nao, to produce ] উপজাৰ. A gas found in water a phydrogenous.

Hydrographor, hi-drog'ra-fer, n. যিনি সামুদ্রিক জ্বাল্যের বিষয় বর্ণন করেন, সমুদ্রের মানচিত্রকর; Marine surveyor.

Hydrography, hi-drog'ra-fi, n. [ Gr. hydor, water, grapho, to write ] জনতার : সমুদ্রের মাণ্ডিল বিদ্যা , Knowledge of the seas and waters of the world ; the art of making sea-charts a=hydrographic, hydrographical. ad=hydrographically.

Hydrology, hi-drolo-ji, n [Gr. hydor, water, logos, a discourse] ज्वाविकान. वाविविकान. Knowledge of the properties of water, science of water.

Hydrometer, hi-dromet-er, n [Gr hydor, water, metron, a measure] তরল পণার্থের আপেকিক গুরুত্ব পরিমাণক বস্ত্ত, An instrument for measuring the specific gravity of liquids

Hydropathist, hi-drop a-thist, n. জল-চিকিৎসক; One who practises hydropathy.

Hydropathy, hi-drop'a-thi, n [Gr. hydor, water, and pathos, suffering] अन-छिक्सिन ; Cold water cure; the treatment of diseases by the copious and frequent use of pure cold water. a=hydropathic, hydropathical, ad=hydropathically.

Bydrophobia, hi-dro-fö'bi-a, n. [Gr. hydor, water, and phobos, fear ] অবাতক; গুগাল-কুকুৰাদি অন্ধ্ৰ হংগৰ কম্প পীড়া, Apreturnatemal dread of water; dog-madness, a=hydrophobic,

Hydropsy, hi'drop-si, Same as Dropsy. Hydrostatios, hi-dro-statiks, n. pl. अन अविक (

Hydrostatios, hi-dro-statiks, n. pl. অৰ প্ৰিত ; তবল প্ৰাৰ্থ বিজ্ঞান ; Laws of the equilibrium and pressure of fluids; the science of fluids when at rest. a=hydrostatic, hydrostatical. ad= hydrostatically. [ the chest.

Hydrothorax, r. বক্ষনে জনস্ক্ষ, Water in Hyemal, hi-e'mal, a [L hiems, water] পীত-কালসংকাৰ, পাঁওকালীয়; পীতকালে কৃত; Belonging to winter, done during winter.

Hyena, Hyaena, hi-eña, n. [Gr. hys, a sow]
তরকুলাতীর অর্থিকেব , তরকু. A grisly quadruped
of the dog kind, a fierce animal of the wolf kind.
Hygeian, hi-je'an, a. [Gr. hygieia, health]
বাহানকা-সম্বাচ, বাহা-সম্বাচ, Relating to health
and its preservation.

Hygiene, h'jı-ën, Hygienies, hi-jı-ehiks, Hygienism, h'jı--en-izm, n. नहीदभानन रा बांध्य-रक्षा रिषयक रिकान : The art of health. a=hygienic. (बांध्यनक्षीद : Pertaining to hygiene, sanatory)

Hygienist, hiji-en-ist, n. नजीवनाननिमानिर; याश्राविमानिनावन : One skilled in hygiene.

Hygrometer, hi-gromet-er, n. [Gr. hygros, wet, metron, a measure] বাযুম্বলের আর্ত্রতা পরিমাপক বয়; An instrument for measuring the moisture in the atmosphere.

Hygrometry, hi'-gromet-ri, n বাৰ্মণলের আর্দ্র-তার পনিমাণ; বান্মণল বা শরীরের আর্দ্রতা পরিমাণ করি-বার বিদ্যা, Determination of the moisture in the atmosphere, and of bodies generally.

Hygroscope, hi gro-skop, n. [Gr. hygros, wet, skopen, to view ] বায়ৰভাষ আহ্ৰিতা আপুৰ যুত্ৰ; An instrument for showing whether there is more or less moisture in the atmosphere, but not its amount. a=hydroscopic.

Hymon, hi'men, n. প্রজাপতি; কামদেব; The Goddess of marriage. a=hymoneal, hymonean. Hymoneal, hi-men-t'al, a বিবাহনখনীয়, Pertaining to marriage. Syn:—Nuptial matrimonial, bridal, conjugal, conjugal.

Hymn, him, n [Gr humnos, a festive song] খোত্ৰ; Song of adoration or praise, a religious song:—v. t. ভুজন গান-কৃ, স্বভিগান-কৃ, To celebrate in song; to worship by singing hymns.—v. i স্থতিগান-ক, মুণোগান-ক, To sing in praise or adoration a=hymnic Syn—(n) Sacred ode, devotional por m, secred lyric.

Hymnal, n ভঙ্কৰপুত্তক , A book of hymns. Hymno, hminik, a. ভোত্তসম্থলীয় ; Relating to

hymns, hymns.

Hymnologist, him-nolo-jist, n. অব্যালা-লেখক; খোত্ৰলেখক, A writer of hymns, a composer of hymns

Hymnology, him-noloji, n. [Gr. hymnos, a hymn, logos, a discourse ] তথ্যালা ; তোত্ত-সংক্ৰছ; The science which treats of hymns; a collection of hymns.

Hypallage, hi-pala-je, n [Gr. hypo, under, and allasso, to change] ৰাজ্যালভাৱ বিশেষ, A rhetorical figure consisting of a transference of attributes from their proper subjects to others.

Hyperbaton, hi-per/ba-ton, n, [Gr. hyper.

beyond, and baise, to go ] বাক্যালকার বিশেষ; A rhetorical figure by which words are tranposed

from their natural order.

Hyperbola, hi-per'bo-la, n. [ Gr. hyper, beyond, ballo, to throw ] জামিতিক কেত্ৰ বিশেব ; A curve formed by a section of the cone, when the cutting plain makes a greater angle with the base than the side of the cone makes. a= hyperbolic, hyperbolical. ad=hyperbolically.

Hyperbole, hi-per'bo-le, n. অত্যক্তি; অতিবৰ্ণনা; अनुकात विष्णव ; Exaggeration ; a figure of speech which expresses more or less than the truth. a= hyperbolic, hyperbolical. ad=hyperbolically.

Hyperbolise, hī-per-bol-īz, v. t. अधिक क्रिड़ी वर्गना-क ; To represent hyperbolically :-- वर्णान-

F; To exaggerate.

Hyperborean, hi-per-bore-an, a. [ G. huperboress, beyond Boreas, i. e. in the extreme north ] সুদূর উত্তরদেশীয় ; অতি উত্তবস্থ ; অতিশয় শীতল ; Far north; arctic; very cold; frigid:-n. 明日 উত্তরদেশর লোক: An inhabitant of the extreme north.

Hypercritic, hi-per-kritik, त. युन त्रवादनावक : कृष्ठे मशालाहक , One is who over critical ; a captious censor; an over-rigid critic. a=hypercritic,

hypercritical.

Hypercritic, hi-per kritik, Hypercritical, hi-per-kritik-al, a. कृष्ठ त्रवादलावन श्रिष्ठ ; Overcritical. ad = hypercritically. n = hypercriticism. Hypercriticise, v.t. एक नमालाध्ना-कृ, To criticise with too much nicety. n=Hypercriticism ( नाक्न मनात्नाच्ना ; captious criticism. )

Hyperion, n. तोनार्याद भागनं ; Apollo, a model

of manly beauty.

Hypermetrical, hi-per-matrik-al, a. wolfer প্ৰাংশ স্থায়িত; Having a syllable too much. having a redundant syllable Syn -- Overcritical, excessively nice, unjustly severe. बिलोकिक, Supernatural captious.

Hyperphysical, hi-per-fizik-al, a. अवास्तिक. Hypertrophy, hi-per-tro-fi, n. [Gr. hyper, and trophe, nourishment, trepho, to nourish ] অতি পোষণ ভক্ত ছুলভাপ্রাপ্ত অঙ্গের অবস্থা; The state of an organ, or part of the body, when it is augmented from over-nourishment.

Hyphen, hi'fen, n. [ Gr. hypo, under, hen, one ] नरावात्र किए ; A short stroke joining two

syllables or words into one (-).

Hypnotic, hip-notik, a. [G. hupnoun, to lull to sleep, from hupnos, sleep] [ [ ] [ ] Tending to produce sleep; soporific. Syn: - Soporific, somniferous, narcotic, soporiferous.

Hypnotism, hip'no-tizm, n. [Gr. hypnos, sleep ] কৃত্তিৰ উপায়জনিত নিজাভান ; A sleep-like condition produced by artificial means; the mesmeric sleep,

Hypochondria, hip-v-kondre-a, n. [Gr. hypo, under, chondros, a cartilage ] focultate : विवास : লাখনিক রোগ: Melancholy; a nervous malady. a=hypochondriac. Syn:-Spleen, vapors, depression, low spirits.

Hypochondriae, hip-o-kondri-ak, a. रिन्ध; চিত্তোরাদ সম্বার; Melancholy:-- म. চিত্তোরাদপ্রত वाकि , One affected with hyprochondria.

Hypocrisy, he-pokre-se, n. [G. hupokrisis, acting a part ] কপ্টতা ; ভঙামি ; ভাগ ; Dissimulation; the assuming of a false appearance of virtue or religion. Syn :- Deceit, deception, pretence, imposture, deceitful appearance; pharisaism, formalism, sanctimoniousness, cant. Hypocrite, hip'o-krit, m. कभी ; उ. One who practises hypocrisy; a pretender to virtue or piety which he has not. Syn :- Dissembler, feigner, deceiver, impostor.

Hypocritic, hip-o-kritik, Hypocritical, hip-o-kritik-al, a. ৰণটা, ৰণটাচারী; Dissimulating. ad=hypocritically. Syn:-Dessembling. insincere, false, hollow, deceitful; pharisaical, sanctimonious, canting.

Hypogastrie, hip-o-gastrik, a. [Gr. hypo, under, gaster, the belly ] जनार होते बार जान महाना : Belonging or situated in the middle of the lower part of the abdomen.

Hypostasis, hi-posta-sis, n. [ G. hupostasis. from hupo, under, and histasthai, to stand I ম্বরের এক একটা বতর বরূপ পদার্থ : এবাস্কৃক ; State of being; existence. Syn:-Subsistence, substance, person, personality; principle, element. Hypotenuse, hi-poten-us, n. [Gr. hypo, under, and tane, to stretch ] ममाकां विज्ञासत कर्ग त्रथा : ₹1, The side of a right angled triangle opposite to the right angle.

Hypothecate, hi-pothe-kat, v. t. [ Gr. hypo, under, tithemi, to place] 344-74, To mortgage. n=hypothecation.

Hypothesis, hi-pothe-sis, n. [Gr. hypo under. tithemi, to place] अनुभान ; Supposition, assumption, proposition or principle taken for granted. Hypothetic, hi-po-thefik, Hypothetical, hi-po-thetik-al, a. अनुमामनिक; अनुमाननश्कीम; Conditional. ad - hypothetically.

Hyson, hison, n. of facet, A fragrant species of green tea from China. [ aromatic plant. Hyssop, hisup, n. डेवब विरमव ; डेडिवविरमव ; An Hystoric, historik, Hystorical, his-terik-al, a. [Gr. hystera, the womb] मुद्धा (वानवार : Convulsive; affected with hysterics.

Hysterics, histeriks, Hysteria, his-teria, s.

মৃচ্ছা রোগ : Nervous fits of women.

Hysteron-protern, n. बांक्शांतकांत्र वित्नव : क्रांत-শান্তের নিম্ন বিপন্যম; An inversion of logical order.

I, 1, ইরোজী বর্ণমালার নবম অকর; The 9th letter of the English alphabet.

I, i, pron. আমি; অস্থাচক সর্কান্য শব্দ . The nominative case singular of the first personal pro-

Iambio, i-ambik, lambus, i-ambus, n. [Gr. iambos, from iapto, to assail] চল বিশেষ; A short and a long foot syllable. a=iambic.

Iambic, i-ambik, a. উক্ত ছবে নিৰিত বা পূৰ্ব ; Consisting of iambics.

Ibex, i'beks, n. পাৰ্কতীয় ছাগ বিশেষ; A wild goat of the Alps and of the mountains of Europe.
Ibis, ibis, n. পকী বিশেষ; An Egyptian holy bird.
Icarian, a. ছু:সাইসিক; Daringly adventurous.
Ioe, is, n. [A. S. is] ব্যক; Congealed water:

v t. ব্যকায়ত-কৃ, To cover with ice:—ব্যকে পরিপত-কৃ; To turn into ice:—काहि-कृ; To freeze.
Syn.—Frozen water; concreted sugar, frosting.
Iceberg, isherg, n. ভাসমান ত্বাব-পর্কত; ভাসমান ব্যক্তৃপ, Mountain of ice floating on the ocean.
Ice-blink, isblingk, (or blink of the ice),
n. চত্রাল সন্নিধানে ব্যক্ত হতে প্রতিক্লিত উক্ষল মূর্ডি;
Bright appearance seen over ice.

Ice-boat, i bot, n. বৰকের উপর দিখা বাইবার নৌকা; A boat or sledge to pass on the ice.

Ice-bound, isbound, s. বরষাবৃত, বরফরেটভ; Blocked up in ice. [কুল্লী বরফ, Iced confectionery. Ice-cream, iskrēm, Iced-cream, isk-krēm, n. ice-field, iśfēld, n. বরষ-কেন্দ্র; A large field or sheet of ice; an extensive sheet of ice.

Ice-float, isflot, Ice-floe, isflo, n. ভাসমান ব্যক্রাশি ; A large mass of floating ice.

Ico-house, ishows, n. হিমগৃহ; ত্রীক্ষালে বরক রাখিবার গৃহ; A house of preserving ice during warm weather. [ting ice.

Ice-island, n. ভাসমান বয়ক-দ্বীপ , An ice of thoa-Ice-man, n. ব্যক্-বাৰসায়ী ; A dealer in ice.

Toopack, ispak, n. গুড়সকছ ভাসমান প্ৰকাশ বৰক-বালি, Drifting ice packed together.

Iceplant, isplant, n. বরকারত সদৃশ প্রসম্থিত বৃক্ষ;
A plant whose leaves appear as if covered with ice.

Ichneumon, ik-nū'mun, n. [Gr. ichneuo, to hunt after] ৰকুল, বেজী, A kind of weazel:—
কীট বিশেষ; A genus of insect.

Ichnograph, Ichnography, ik-nogʻraf-ı, n [Gr. ichnos, a track, grapho, to grave] অছন; স্থেতিতির চিত্র; Ground plan. a=ichnographic, ichnographical, ad=ichnographically.

lehnology, ik-noloj-i, n. [Gr. ichnos, a track, a foot-print, and logos, discourse] প্ৰকেশ-চিত্ বিভাৰ; The science of fossil footprints. Ichor, ikor, n. [Gr. ictor, to sprinkle] ক্ত হইতে জনীয় পদাৰ্থের আৰ; ক্ত চ্ইতে যুকুআৰ; An acrid, watery discharge from an ulcer. a— Ichorous (জনীয়; watery; serous).

Ichthyography, ik-thi-og'ra-fi, n. [Gr. ichthyos, a fish, grapho, to write ] মংক্রের বিষয়ণ সম-মিত পুত্তক ; A description of treatise on fishes. Ichthyolite, ikthi-o-lit, n. [Gr. ichthyos, a fish,

and lithos, a stone] প্রস্তাপ্ত সংস্য, মংস্যাচিছ; A fossil fish; the impression of fish in a rock. Ichthyologist, ik-thi-olo-jist, n. মংস্যবিজ্ঞানবিং;

One versed or skilled in ichthyology.

Ichthyology, ik-thi-olo-ji, n. [Gr. ichthyos, a fish, logos, discourse, science] মংসাবিজ্ঞান, The branch of zoology that treats of fishes; knowledge of fishes. a=ichthyological.

Ichthyophagous, ik-thi-of'a-gus, a. [Gr. ichthyos, a fish, phago, to eat ] মৎস্যভাৰী; মৎস্য-ভোজী, Eating or subsisting on fish.

Iohthyosaurus, n. [Gr. schthyos, a fish, sauros, a lizard] সামৃত্রিক সন্ত্রীয়ণ বিশেষ; A genus of extinct carnivorous marine reptiles.

Icicle, ici-kl, n. তুখার-ক্ৰিকা; তুবার-ক্ৰা, Hanging shoot of ice.

Icing, ising, n. बदक वा शानाशांत किनित कावदर्ग ; A covering of ice or concreted sugar.

Iconoclasm, i-końo-klazm, n. অভিনৃতি চুৰীকবণ ; Breaking of images.

Iconoclast, i-koho-klast, n. [Gr. eskon, an image, and klastes, a breaker—klao, to break] প্রতিমা-চুৰ্কারী; Image-breaker:—One who exposes or shams.

Iconolater, i-kon-ofa-ter, n. [Gr. eikon, an image, and latres, worshipper] প্ৰতিমাপুলক; A worshipper of images. n=iconolatri.

Iconology, i-kon-olo-ji, n. [Gr. eskon, ar image, and logos, science] প্ৰতিষা প্ৰাৰ মত, The doctrine of images.

Icosahedral, i-kos-a-hē'dral, এ. সমবিংশ পাৰ বা মুখমভল বিশিষ্ট; Having twenty equal sides or faces. [sides or faces

Icosahedron, n. A solid having twenty equal Icy, see, a ব্যক্ত শীভল; শীভাৰ; সুগাৰুল; Cold as ice, frosty, chilling. ad=rily, n=iciness. Syn.—Cold, frosty, chilling glacial; frigid, indifferent.

Idea, i-de'a, n. [G. idea, from idein, to see ]
মত; চিন্তা; বিধাস; কল্পা, A notion; thought;
opinion; imagination. Syn:—Concept, archetype. form, pattern, essence; impression,
apprehension, thought, fancy, conceit; belief,
judgment, supposition, sentiment.

Form an idea of-water-F. Conceive, imagine

Ideal, I-de'al, a. कन्नना-अमृद्ध , मानजिक , Existing in idea or thought, mental - क्रिड, l'nreal — (आर्ड हज़म, व्यापनेयका Perfect best — n. छरकृष्ट जामने, The highest concept n of any thing, a stand rd of perfection, beau', &c Syn -(a) Intellectual, mental, visionary, unreal, imaginary, chimerical, shadowy, dreamy Idealisation, i-de-al-i /a hun, n कहना करा . উচ্চত্ৰ ক্লনাম উন্নান, The act of ferming the idea, or of raising to the highest concept on

Idealise, i-de'al-ir, v t कबना कू, कबना दिवना-कू, बाम्म-इ, Fancy, to raire to the highest conception -v s. 年間刊-東, To form ideas. n= idealisation

Idealism, i-dč'al-i/m n মারানাল, ব্জাতভূত পদার্থসমূহ কলনামাত , The theory that demos the existence of matter [ the doctrine of idealism Idealist, i-dč'al ist । भारावामी, One who held. Idealistic, i-dt-al is ik, a সাধার দ-সন্দীব , Pertaining to idealists or to idealism

Ideality, 1-d-111-11 n विषय मिल को मण 8 পূর্বভাব আলেগ রিম গঠন জি A hvely ima\_in itio) united to a love of be suty - 570x (44, The quality of being ideal.

Idem, n The same or above, -al breviated id Identical, i-destine-al a L. idem, the same অন্ভা, একই, ডাক্ট হতিয়া, Ilie same no'different ad sidentia lly n= ainticalnece.

Identical with-443, [89 ACT. The same as, not different from

Identify, 1-den 1-ti, v t { L idem, the same and facio, to make অভিপত্ৰ কু, সৰাজ বু make to be the same to prove to be the same - এक क राध्ये कृ, ए गई विलड़ी निक्रिण ना अमान-कृ, मनाककृ, To make to the same determine or proje to the time - 1 1 4 84 . To become the same coalesce in best purpose, use effect &c "=1 identification.

Identify with- 300 der a Ter ach & Consider to be the same ineffect with - 4-97 7 1911 নিজের মত গণ-কু, Make another's cause of in rest one s own

1dentity, 1-dente-te " [ L idem the same ভুলাডা, ব্ৰপ্টা, অংহতা, একছ, অভিনয়, 11-০ state of being the same, sameness. Syn - One ness, sameness.

Ideogram, Ideo raph, " A pictoral repre sentation of a viable object or an abstract thought, an energy

Ideographic, -e-o-gra",k Ideographical, id-e-o-gra,'ik-al, a [ Gr ideo, idea, grapho to write ] हिळ'कन श्रांदा प्रत्में छात्र अक्षांक . Represen ting ideas by pictures instead of words

Ideology, 1-de-ofo-je, r. [Gr idea, idea logos, discourse ] बझना विकान, मरनाविकान, The science of ideas, metaphysics. Syn -Pneumatology, psychology, metaphysics.

Ides, n #! The 15th day of March, May, Jul, and October and the 13th of other months.

Idiocrasy, id-1-okra-si, Idiosyncrasy, id-1-

o-sinkra-si, n [Gr. idios, peculiar, and krasis. a mixing ] ব্যক্তিগত শাবীবিক অবস্থা ; ব্যক্তিগত প্রকৃতির ৰিশেষ্ড , Individual peculiarity of constitution. a = idiosyncratic.

Idiocy, ide-ত-se, Idiotoy, idi-ut-si, n. কডতা : मु॰डां, Insanity, foolishness. Syn .- Imbecility, tatuity, mental weakness, folly.

Idiom, idi-um, Idiotism, n [Gr. idioma, peculiarity-idioo, make one's own-idios one's oun বাকপদ্ধতি, ভাষাগত বিশেষ তত্ত্ব; Mode of expression peculiar to a tongue a=idiomatic, thomatic il

Idiomatic, id-i-o-marik Idiomatical, id-i-omat'-ik-al, व छातांशक बिल्वछानुयायी , Pertaining to the peculiar mode of expression which belongs to a language ad=idiomatically

Idiopathic, id i-o-pathik, a অপুরোগ হইতে অপুৎ-भन्न ( भिनिक) (त्रांत्र नवकीय , Primary, ad-idiopathica ly

Idiopathy, id-1 op'a-thi # [Gr sdios, pecul ir patnos cuffering | व्यानिदान , त्यानिक (त्रान , P imary disease.

Idiosyncracy, See Idiocrasy

Idiot, ide-ut n [G idiotis, a private person] মু-, শেকি, অক্সান " কি , One without understanding a foolish or unwise person. Syn -linbecile, natural, innocent, simpleton, fiolish person [845], Imbecility, folly.

Idiotoy, mi ut si, Idiocy, who a n nysi, Idiotic, id-i ofik, Idiotical, id-i-ofik il, a. कृष , Fooli h , sottish ad - idiotic illy.

Idiotism, ici ut-izm, n E'aja eja!. An idiom. Idle, idl a [A S ide', ydel ] শমবিমুগ আলস. মনাপুত, Lazy unemployed - শ্ৰাবপ্তক, কিৰ্ম্বক, Useless, u important, trifling - 1 1 本西州-৯ বুখাক্ষেপ-কু, বুখা নছ-কু To spend in idleness; waste, consume n=kher idleness, ad=idly. sin -(a, Indolent sluggish, slothful, vacant, unused useless, ineffectual, unprofitable, unit bing, futile vain, trifling, trivial, frivolous, uni nportant, foolish.

Tdleness, n আলভ , অসমভা ; Indolence ; sloth. Idlor, n अनम वाकि, भोर्यण वी, A lazy person Idol, i'dul, n [ L ido um, G eidolon, from endos, figure | (मन्य्रिं, अधिमां, अधिम्तिं, Image worshipped for a God, a figure - far affer, One much loved, one greatly adored. Syn Filse god, pagan deity, favourite, darling, beloved object, pet, false idea, falsity, phantom Idolater, 1-dolater, # [ G. eidolon, idol, and aires worshipper ] পৌত্তলিক, অভিমাপুতক, A wershipper of idols, a pagan - अन्तिनारी. 'বংশৰ অপুৰাগী, A great admirei , adorer fem= ulol itress Syn -Heathen, adorer, admircr. Idolatrise, i-dola-triz, v t. প্রতিষা প্রা-কু, উপা-সনা-ক, To worship idols, to adore

Idolatrous, i-dola-trus, a. পৌষ্ঠ নিক; প্রতিমা-नडा मनकीर, Worshipping idols, pertaining to or of the nature of, consisting in, or partaking of idols ad-idolatrously

Idolatry, i-dofa-tii, n প্রতিমা-প্রা, Worship of idols — অত্যক্ত ভক্তি, অত্যধিক অনুৱাৰ বা মনা , Excessive veneration for any thing; excessive attachment.

Idolise, i'dul-ir. গ পূজা-ছ; To make an idol of, worship — জনুত্ব ভালবাসা, To love to excess. n= idoliser Syn:—Deity, reverence, adore, love Idyl, Idyll, i'dul, n [ Gr sidos image—sidomai, to seem ] কাব্য, বে কাব্যে কোন বিৰয় কুলব্যুক্ত ব্যক্তি ছয়, A short pastoral poem, also a narrative poem in an elevated and finished style a= idylic. [ idyls

Idyllie, i-dilik, a কাব্যসংক্ষীয়, Belonging to If, if, cong বলি, এই ভাবিরা বে, কি না, Allowing or supposing, in case that, supposing that

Tgneous, ig'ne-us, a [ L igneus, from ignis, file] আহোব, অগ্রিসমূত্ত; অগ্রিস্পূর্ব, Pertaining to, consisting of, containing or like fire.

Igneous rock—Rocks that have been produced by the agency of fire.

Ignoscont, ic-nesent, a. [ I. ignis, fire ] আগ্র-ফ্রিক নির্গমনকারী, অগ্রফ্রিলেগেণ্টী, Emitting sparks of fire, when struck with steel, scintillating

Ignis-fatuus, ig'nis-fatu-us, n [L ignis, fiic, fatu is, fo hish] witerst, Will-o'-the wisp p'- ignes-fatui.

fentto, ig-nit, v.t. [ L. senire, from senis, fire] কৰাণত ক, জালিশবোগ ক, Io kindle, to set on fire—n s অজ্পতিত দেৱ দিক হৈ Io take fire, to begin to burn n=Ignition (জ্বন, ইজন)। n=Ignitible (জ্বনন্ধ্ব, Capable of being ignited) স্থান - Kindle, light, begin to burn, catch fire Ignitible, ig niti-bl, a. দাঞ্জ, জ্বনন্ধ্ব, Capable of being ignited)

ignition, ig-nishun, n অগ্নিসংখাগ, প্রজন্ম, Act of setting on fire, state of being ku dled.

Ignoble, ig-no bl a [L in, not, and nobilis, noble] নীচ, নীচৰুলোছৰ, Not noble, base mein ad=ignoble v n= gnobleness Syn—Picheian, vul, ii, bic-born, degenerate degraded, base, dishonourable, mean, worthless shancless, infimous

gnominious, ig no-mine-us, a. অসম্বানাপাৰ আৰাদুত, নাচ, Marked with ignominy, incurring public disgrace. Syn —Infamous, scandalors, disgractul, dishunour ible, shameful, despicable Ignominy, ig'no-inn-e, n. [L. ignominia] অপমান, অপ্যাপ, অকীন্তি; কীর্ত্তিনাশ, Shame, infamy, oppicohum, disgrace a=ignominous (সজ্জাকর, মুণাই, shameful, disgraceful) Syn — Reproach, dishonour, shame, contempt, infamy.

Ignoramus, ig-no-idmus, n মূৰ্থ লোক, নিৰ্কোণ, বিদ্যা-ভাৰকাৰী, বিদ্যাতিমানী, One wanting in knowledge, a vain pretender to knowledge pl=ignoramuses. Syn —Dunce, dullard, numskull, novice, sciolist, smatterer.

Ignorance, ig'nū-rans, দ অজতা , চুৰ্বতা , জানা-ভাব , Want of knowledge or learning , the state of being ignorant.

Ignorant, ig'no-rant, a জানহীন, অজ; অণিকিত, Wanting in knowledge, uninstituted — অন-হিজ, Unacquainted with. ad-ignorantly

Syn -- Illiterate, untaught, unenlightened, unlearned, unlettered the knowledge of. Ignorant of- (कान विश्व अमिष्ड , Destitute of Ignore, ig-noi', v t [ L ignorare, from ignarus, ignorant] श्रीकात्र मा-कृ, अश्रीकात-कृ, প্राक्षाशाम-F, Declare ignorance of, not to know, to set aside, to disregard wilfully. Syn .- kegard as unknown, not recognize, reject, set aside, disregard Iguana, i-gwa'na, n. স্বীস্প বিশেষ , A genus of Ileum, n কৃত্ৰ অন্তের নিয় প্রদেশ . The lower part of the small intestines green or holm oak. Ilox, i'lcks, n বুক বিশেষ , Scarlet oak , the ever-Tise, ifi-ak, a. [Low I. 1/1a, the flanks, the groin | अवस्थ अश्रमक्रिक . Pertaining to the Ileum. Iliac passion - गुल-लमना , Dangerous Celie Iliad, ili-1d, n হোমর লিপিত বীবরসাথিত কাবাবিশেব. The great Epic of Home

Ill. il, a [ A S. yvel ] मून , जन , Bad , evil -পীডিত, Sick -পাপী, Wicked -ছভাগা, Unfortunate — প্রতিকৃপ , Unfavourable — আত্তর, Uncorrect — বিটাপটে, Cross, surly — অনুপাযুক্ত Improper -ai. মন্ত্রপে, Not well - অপ্রকৃত্রাপ অসক্ষণকলে, Not rightly or perfectly - অ'ত बाह, With difficulty - । आनिष्टे, Evil -পাপ, Wickedness — আফল, জুলাগ্য, অনুত, Micfortune Sun -(a) Sick indisposed deseased, unfortunate, unfavourable, disastrous, unwholesome, unlicalthy, in-alubrious, wicked, wrong, ini juitous, cross, surly haish, ugly, unprepossessing (n) Misfortune calamity, misery, pain, wickedness, riiquity, di pravity, evil. Be taken all, ( lake all ) (fail all )- 1 55-5, Be attacked with some illness.

Take a 111, (Take it amiss)— उट्टा नश्य, Take a 11th ing in a wrong sense or in an unkindly spirit,— िरुक इंडरी, Be offended.

Ill-affected, a. WEFF , Ill-dep sed

Illapse, il-lips n | L. in, into ia or to shp, to shde ] ভিতৰে প্ৰবৰ্গ The ent incc of one thing into another, a shding in —সহস্থাৰেশণ, A sadden actick

Illation, dill in n [1 n'atio, a logical inference] জন্মন মন্দা, সৈদ্ভ, Interence, deduction, con liston

Illative, if i tiv, a অপুণানস্চক, অ পুণানিক. That may be interred, inferential, conclusive ad= illatively [1.mmit, bad feeling. Ill-blood, if blud, n শক্তা তোগ, আক্রাশ, Ill-bred, i'bred, u. অশিপ্ত, অস্তা, Uncivil, unplite n=ill-breeding Syn—Impolite, rude, unceremonious, discourteous

Illegal, il-le'gal, n [L pitfix, i', for in, and lega'is, legal] অবৈধ, বিধিবিক্স, Contrary to law, unlawful. n=illegality (অবেধতা) i ad=illegality Syn—Unlawful, illicit, unlicensed unconstitutional.

Illegalise, il-lt'gal-iz, v t আবৈধ কু, বিবিধিক --কু, To tender unlawful [ness Illegality, il-le-gali-ti, n. আবৈধতা, Unlawful-Illegible, il-lefe-bl, a [L. i/, for in, and legibilis, legible] ছুলাই), অপাই), অপাহ, Unreadable; indistinct. ns.=illegibleness, illegiblity. ad=illegibly. Syn:-Unreadable, undecipherable, obscure, defaced.

Illegitimate, il-lc-jille-māt, a ভাৰত; Not born in wedlock:—অবৈধ; Unlawful:—অনিধ, অবৃতিন্দি; Not authorised by good usage:—নকল; অনুভঃ Not genuine. n=illegitimacy, ad—illegitimately. Syn:—Unlawful, illegal, illicit, unauthorized, improper; not lawfully begotten; spurious, bastard, illogical.

Til-fated, a. হতভাগা; Unlucky. [formed, ugly. Ill-favoured, il-favoured, a. ক্লাকার; কুংসিড; De-Til-gotton—অভাতলত।

Ill-grounded, a. Having loose principles.

Ill-luck, ন. মুর্ভাগ ; Misfortune. [ ill-natured. Ill-nature, ন. মুন্তান্ত ; Ill temper ; ill will. a= Ill-natured, a. মুন্তান , অন্বভান ; বিচমিটে ; Ill or bad tempered, cross ; postish. ad=ill-naturedly. [ Unlucky , fated to be unfortunated. Ill-starred, il-stard a মুর্ভাগ ; অনৌভাগানি ; Ill-tempere, ম. কোন্টান্তা । a=ill-tempered.

Ill-timed, a. अनावाँरक, Done at an unsuitable time.

Ill-treat, v. f. बल वावताव-क ; To maltreat.

Ml-turn, n. निवक्रण क'त ; l'nkind deed.

fil-will, il-wil, n. त्क्व , नित्वत्त ; निक्का , Rancour; malevolence , enmity.

Illiberal, il-liber-al, a. [ L. 11, for in, and liberals, liberal] ৰূপণ নীত; অধুপাৰ; Niggardly, mean; ungenerous n=illiberality. ad=illiberally. Syn:—Close, niggardly, base, selfish, sordid, self-secking; narrow-minded, uncardid, uncharitable, ill-judging.

Illicit, il-lisit, a. [ L. 17, not, and liceo, to be allowable ] নিষিদ্ধ . অনুস্ঞাত : প্ৰতিষ্কি ; অবৈৰ ; Unlawful ; forbidden ; prohibited. n=illicitness, ad=illicitly. Syn:—Illegal, unlicensed, not permitted or allowed.

Îlimitable, il-limit-a-bl, a. অসীম; অনয়; Infinite. ad=illimitably, n=illimitableness. Syn:— Boundless, limitless, unlimited, unbounded, immeasurable, immense.

Ellision, il-lizhun, n. [ L. in, in, upon, laedo, to dash, to strike ] আছড়ান; আফেগ; The act of dashing or striking against.

Illiteracy, il-liter-a-si, n. মূর্যতা, নিরক্ষরতা; Want of learning; ignorance; a literary blunder.

Elliterate, il-liter 和, a. [L. il, for in, and literatus, learned] 其前; 咽門神事; 河南神南; Not learned, uninstructed, ignorant. ad=illiterately. m=illiterateness. Syn:—Untaught, unlearned, unlettered, rude, barbarous, coarse, vulgar.

Illness, ilnes, n. পীড়া; অমুধ; মুখুতা; Sickness, disease. Syn:—Malady, ailment, complaint, distemper, disorder; badness, wickedness.

Illogical, il-lojik-al, a. অবৃতিনিদ্ধ; নিয়ম্বিকৃদ্ধ; Not according to logic or reason. a = illogically. n = illogicalness. Syn:—Inconclusive, inconsequent, unsound, incorrect, sophistical.

Illude, il-lud, v. t. [L. il, for in, and ludere, to play] প্ৰভাৱণা-ৰু; বৈজ্ঞা-কু; Defude, deceive; mock. Syn:—Mislead, cheat, trick, mock,

Illume, Illumine, Illuminate, il-luminate, v. t. [ I.. il, for in, and luminare, to enlighen l আলোকিড-ফু; To light up; to enlighten:—আলো-দে; To light up with festive lights:—বিগ্ৰন্থ অকৰ বাৰা সুলোভিড-ফু; অৰম্ভ অকৰ প্ৰভৃতিৰ নিজ্ঞ-ফু; Emblazon with ornamental letters. Syn:—Enlighten, lighten, decorate with lights; illustrate with pictures.

Illumination, il-lum-in-fishun, ল. আলোক প্রধান; আলোকিড করণ; The act of giving light:
—দীপালি: Display of festal lights:—প্র-বর্মন; The decoration of manuscripts:—উজ্জাতী; উল্লা, জাক্সমক; Brightness; splendour. Syn:
—Instruction, enlightenment; inspiration; decogration with light, splendour, brightness.

Illuminative, il-lumin-ম-tiv, a. আলোপন ; আলোপন ; বিলাগান কারী ; উলাগবণ-প্রদানী ; Illustrative or explanatory. Illuminator, il-lumin-ম-tor, ম. আলোকণাতা ; প্রস্কাক . One who or that which illuminates ; esp., one who is employed in adorning books with coloured letters and illustrations.

Illusion, il-lū'zhun, n. [L. illudere, illusum, to illude] 實情意; 現時; Deceptive appearance; false show, error, phantasm Syn:—Delusion, mockery, deception, chimera, fallacy, error.

Illusionist, n. বান্ধীকর; One given to illusions; jugg'er.

Illusive, il-lū'siv, Illusory, il-lū'sor-i, a. নিখা; স্বার, Deceiving by false appearance, fallacious. ad illusively. n=illusivenes. Syn:—Deceiful, delusive, beguing; deceptive,

Illustrate, il-lustrat, v. t. [L. illustrare] স্পষ্ট-কু, উদাহরণ-দে; উজ্জন-কু, বাজ-কু; ব্যাপা-কু; To make clear, bright, conspicuous; to exemplify; to explain — চিত্রিত-কু, সজ্জিত-কু, To explain and adorn by pictures. Syn:—Elucidate, explain, interpret, exemplify.

Illustration, il-lustrashun, n. বাগো; বিশাসকৰণ, Elucidation; explanation:—উলাহ্রণ, Example:
—চিত্র; A picture of diagram. Syn:—Interpretation, explanation, exemplification; illustrative picture.

Illustrative, il-lustra-tiv, a. অর্থবাধক; বিশদ-কারক; বাংগাকরণক্ষম; Having the quality of explaining. ad=illustratively.

Illustrious, il-lustre-us, a. [ I. in, in, lux, lucis, light ] উक्त , Bright :- निशां ; अभिक ; महोन ; नेपानिक्यक ; Conspicuous , grotious. n= Illustriousness Syn - Brilliant, radiant, splendid; glorious, famous, renowned, remarkable, noted, celebrated, distinguished, signal, exalted. Image, imaj, n. [ L. imago, an image ] रक्त . প্রতিমূর্ত্তি , Likeness :—প্রতিমা ; পুত্রলি , An idol : — विविष ; काम ; Reflected image ; shadow :-মনের ভাব, মনোভাব; Idea:-- v. t. প্রতিবিশ্বিত-কু, প্রতিমৃত্তি-ক ; To form an image of ; to reflect :--कब्र-ा-क ; Imagine. Syn :-- (n) Statue, effigy, likeness, similitude, picture, portrait; idol, trope. (v) Imagine, fancy, picture, conceive. Imagory, imaj-er-e, n. मर्कायकात अठिमूर्ति ; हिज ; Images in general, or in mass .- 425; 49. Unreal show:—কলা; Work of the imagination or fancy:—বাকাবিবার বাবার রূপন; জিপন; Rhetorical decorations; figures in discourse; figures of speech. Syn:—Pictures, statues; mental pictures, similies, tropes, metaphors, representations, false ideas, phantasms, visions, dreams.

Imaginable, im-ajin-a-bl, a. বোখা; চিন্তনীয়; কল্লৰা কৰিবাৰ বোগা; That may be imagined. ad= imaginably. π≕imaginableness.

Imaginary, im-afin-ar-e, s. কালনিক; কপোল-ক্লিড; অঞ্জড়; অবাত্তিক; Unreal; not real; visionary. Syn:—Ideal, fanciful, unreal.

Imagination, im-ai-in-ashun, \* করনাপতি; উদ্ভাবন; Power by which the mind forms ideas or mental images; contrivance.

Imaginative, im-afin-a-tiv, a. কলনাস্কুড; কলনা-কিম; Proceeding from, and characterised by the imagination:—কলনাস্ব; Full of images, fancies. π≕imaginativeness.

Imagine, im-afin, n. [L. imago, an image]
v. f. or v. i. কলনা-কু; অসুমান-কু; বিবেচনা-কু; To
form in the mind a notion or idea of; conceive;
contrive; to think. n=imaginer. Syn:—
Fancy, apprehend; plan, scheme, devise, frame,
project; image, picture; believe, deem, suppose.
Imago, i-mágo, n. কীটমীবনের চরম অবস্থা; The
last or perfect state of insect life.

Iman, i-mań, Imam, i-mań, Imaum, i-mawń, n. [Ar. Imam, chief] মুদলমান প্রোছিড; A Mohammedan priest.

Imbank-Same as Embank.

Imbeoile, imbe-sel, a. [L. imbecillis] ছুৰ্বল; জ্বাৰ; জ্বাৰ; Destitude of strength either of body or mind; weak; feeble:—প্ৰব্তহীন; Impotent;—n. বলহীন ব্যক্তি; One who is weak of body or mind. Syn:—(a) Debilitated, infirm, impotent; toolish, latuous, idiotic.

Imbecility, im-be-sile-te, n. পারীরিক বা ধাননিক পোর্মগা; পারিকীনতা; Weakness of body or mind. Syn:—Debility, imfirmity, weakness, impotence; foolishness, fatuity, idiocy.

Imbed, im-bed, v. t. শায়িত-কু; অভ্যুপনথো নিহিত-কু; Sink or lay, as in partially inclosing clay, mortar &c.

Imbibe, im-bib, v.t. [L. imbibere—in, into, and bibe, to drink] ছবিছা-ল; লোকা-ফ; To drink in; absorb:—মনোবাৰ ব্যক্ত : To receive into the mind; to contract; acquire. n=imbiber. Syn:—Swallow; acquire, receive, take in, gain. Imbitter, im-biter, v.t. ভিক-ফ; To make bitter:—ব্যক্ত : To make unhappy:—ক্ত : ব্যাপাৰ; To make angry; exasperate; to render more violent. n=imbitterer.

Imbody, Imbosom, v. t. Same as Embody, Embosom.

Imborder, im-bor'der, v. t. বেষ্ট্ৰ-কু; পাড়-কু; To border; to enclose with a border.

Imbroglio, im-brolyo, n. জটিল গল্পন্ত ; বৈৰম্ভিক জটিলতা; জটিল বিবাদ; An intricate plot in a romance or drama; an embarrassing state of things; a complicated misunderstanding. Imbrown, im-brown, w. t. श्वाप्य- ; इक्ष्य- ; ; To make brown; to darken the colour of ; tan; darken.

Imbrue, im-broo', v. t. [Prefix in, and O. Eng. brue] সিক্ত-ক ; ভিত্তাৰ ; মহা-ক ; To wet or moisten ; to soak ; to drench in a flood or blood; steep; drench.

Imbue, im-bū', v. t. [ L. imbuere ] বলিত-ড়; To tinge deeply:—খনিত করান; To cause to become impressed or penetrated. Syn:—Dye, stain, colour; infuse, ingrain, instil.

Imitable, imit-a-bl, a. অবুকরণীর; Worthy of imitation. n=imitability.

Imitation, im-e-táshun, n. জনুকরণ; The act of imitating:—অধুনিপি; প্রতিষ্ঠি; নদৃশ চিত্র; Copy; likeness. Syn:—Copying; resemblance, counterfeit; mimicry, parody, travesty.

Imitative, ime-tat-iv, a. অনুকরণীল; অনুকরণ-প্ৰাণ; Inclined to imitate; formed after a model. ad=imitatively. Syn:—Copying, imitating, not original, mimicking, aping.

Immaculate, im-makū-lāt, a. [L. immaculatus,—in, not, and maculo, to stain] পবিত্য ; নিৰ্মণ ; বিভন্ম ; Spotless ; unstained ; pure. n=immaculateness. ad=immaculately. Syn:—Stainless, unsullied, unpolluted, unblemished, clean, innocent, undefiled, guiltless, faultless.

Immanent, infa-nent, a. [ L. immanens, ppr. of immanere, to remain in ] আভান্তরিক; অন্তর্নাহিত; বড:প্রতঃ; Remaining within; inherent; internal, subjective. Syn:—Inherent, intrinsic, innate, indwelling.

Immaterial, im-ma-tere-al, a. অপরীয়ী; আজেভিক; Incorporal:—অধিকিংকর; লঘু; Unimportant.ad=immaterially, v=immaterialise. Syn:—
Unembodied, unsubstantial, incorporeal, disembodied; inconsiderable, trifling, insignificant,
unessential.

[ ritual.

Immaterialise, v. t. অশরীরী-কৃ; To make spi-Immaterialism, im-ma-te'ri-al-izm, দ. অশরীরী প্রাণীব অভিছে বিশাস; অভড়বালিছ; Belief in immaterial or spiritual beings. [in immaterialism. Immaterialist, দ. অভড়বালী; One who believes Immateriality, im-ma-te-ri-ali-ti, দ. অদেহবছা; কশরীবড়া; অভড়ছ; অভৌতিকছ; The quality of being immaterial.

Immature, im-ma-tūr', Immatured, a. [ L. in, and maturus, ripe] অপরিপক; অপক; অকানোং-পর; অনাধ্যিক; Unripe; early. n=Immatureness, immaturity (অপক্তা)। ad=immaturedly. Syn:—Green, crude, raw, unformed, unprepared, undeveloped, imperfect, premature, untimely, unseasonable.

Immaturity, im-ma-tur'e-te, n. অসম্প্রা; অপ্যা; Imperfection, unripeness, crudity, rawness, greenness.

Immeasurable, im-mezhur-a-bl, a. 47 तिद्यद :

क्षाव , क्यीय , That cannot be measured. ed= immeasurably ==immeasurableness Syn — Illimitable, infinite, boundless limitless, unbounded sast immense, unfathomable

Immediate, im me de-হা a [L immediatus]
জ্বাৰ্হিত প্ৰাক্ত মুখা, Direct, without a medium—বৰ্ডমান অবিলম্বিত, আৰু, Without delay, present m=immediateness ad=immediately (জ্বল্লে) i Sin — Close, proximate contiguous direct present instant, instantaneous

Immemorable, im memo ia-bl a সর্প করিল'
বাধিবাৰ অবেণ্যা Not worth remembering

Immemorial, im me morn al a থাংক আৰুড প্ৰবণ হব না প্ৰৱণাতীত, Beyong remembrance ad—immemorially

From time immemorial—ছতি পূৰ্ককাৰ হইতে I rom a period that is beyond meinory, from of old

Immense, im meis a [1 immensus—in not me sus to meisure] অসম এক'ও, অভি বৃহৎ Vastin extent very large vast n≃immense ness al immen clv Syn —Infinite, immen curatic illi nitable interminable, vast prodigious er rincis monstrous

Immensity, im men e te n আনীম চা, বিশাব চা আনীম চা কৰিছে ৷ Infin ty greatness Syn — Boundlessness infinitude vastress hugeress Immensurable, im mensural) ৷ অপাৰ ফা hat cunnt be measured n= mmensurability Immergo, im merf v t [1 in into and mergo, to plunge] দুন দে, মন্ত্ৰ To plunge into Immerson, im mers v t [1 immergere immersim] দুন দে fo plunge into — নিময় হ বিলক হ, To engage de ply — আভিকৃত ই Over whelm n=immersion Syn — Dip douse duck submerge sink overwhelm involvengage absorb drown inundate

Immersion, im mershin n মজন নিমজন জাভাটি Act of immersing Syn D ppin ducking plunting submersion engagement absorption disappearance occultation

Immethodical, im-mc thodik al a বিশুৰ ল শুমাণিক Without method or ord r irregular unsystematical ad=immethodically Syn -Confused disorderly desultory

Immigrant, in crant n ওপনিবেশিক বেব দ্ধিদেশে মইয়া বস ৰংগ One who immigrates

Immigrate, imi grit ২ i [L in into and misgratum to remove] অন্তল্পৰ বাহ্বা ব স কু I migrate or remove into a country for permanent residence i=Immigration (প্ৰান্তৱে বান, Imminont, imi nent a [L in upon, minoo to project i আনন্ত ভপন্থিত প্ৰায় Impending — faminary Perilous ad=imminently, n=iminence Sin —Hanging over near, at hand Immission, im-mishun, n আন্তঃপ্ৰিষ্ট কৰণ, Act of immitting

Immit, im mit v t [L in, into, mitto, to send] প্ৰবিষ্ট কু অন্তঃপ্ৰবিষ্ট কু, পিচকান্নী কু, Fo send in to inject infuse

Immobility, im mo bife te, n [ L immobilis immovable ] স্বিষ্ট্, অচল্ছ , The state of being

immovable, incapability of being moved  $S_0 n$ —Fixedness, immovableness, stability firmness, steadfastness

Immoderate, im-moder at a. অপৰিনিত নীমা তিকান্ত, Not moderate, exceeding proper limit ad=immoderately Yun—Excess ve exorbit int inordinate unreasonable, extra vagant enormous, intemperate

Immodest, im-modest a নিৰ্লক্ষ কৰিন্ত, কৰিষ্ট গৃষ্ট Not modest, shameless impudent n immode ty ad= mmodestly Syn —Indecorous, ind cent indelicate shameless, impudent, gross filth, impure unclasse chacine

Immodesty, im modest c n নিজ্জা, ছুক্তৰি-জ্বা, Want of modesty Syn —Indecency, indecorum grossness coar eness indelicacy, impurity obscenity unchastity lewdness

Immolate, mo lat v t [I immolare —in upon mola meal] বলি দে বলিবরপত্নের কু, Fo offer in sacrifice to seculi e to kill as i sacrificial viction i—immolation byn —Sa c ifice offer in sacrifice

Immortalise, im mortal iz ং f আমন্ত চিব প্ৰথা কু Io make immortal গিল —Lternize pc p tuate make famous for ever

Immortality, n অনবত অবিলয়রত চিরস্থ বিভ The quality of bing immortal Immortals, n A regiment of 10 oor chace

soldiers of Persia Immortalle, im mortel in an farmy A kin i Immovable, im movable a 450 7194 What cannot be moved — निर अ बधन्न म Steadlast unalterable -for I nfee ng. = Immor 1 bleness immovability (3595) ' Svn -Firm y fined stendtast firm, stable, unshakeu un changeable immutal le real, ad-immovible Immovables, im moovi blz n শৃহ বা জানতে लागान य कान खवा , य जायत बन्त अला शानास्त करिए ड That lixtures &c not movable by a tenant Immunity, im-mu'ne te, # [ L ammunitat I im immunis, free from a public service ( म क बानाम Freedom from obligation, office, tivac - whata Privilege Syn -Freedom, re ea exoneratio i privilege, prerogative, right liberty, charter, franchise,

Immure, im-mur, v. t. [ L. in, in, and murus, a wall ] वक्त-कृ; व्यवक्रक-कृ; कातावक्त-कृ; करतप-कृ; To shut up; to imprison. Syn:-Confine, incarcerate.

Immuro

Immutability, im-mu-ta-bile-te, अ. अनिवर्धन-ৰাবতা; Unchangeableness, invariableness, per-

manence, stability, constancy.

Immutable, im-mū'a-bl, a. [ L. in, not, and mutabilis, mutable ] अनिहर्वजीय ; अनिहर्वजनीन ; Unchangeable. n=immutability, immutableness. Syn: -Invariable, unalterable, undeviating, constant, stable.

Imp, imp, n. [A. S impan, to graft] महान ; A scion, ofispring :- (Elb 93; A little devil or wicked spirit. Syn :- Progeny, son; brat,

scamp ; devil , demon.

Impact, impakt, v.t. কসিয়া একত ৰু; Drive close or hard; to press firmly together :- n. म १पर्वन , স্থারিত ব্ৰ; Collision; force communicated.

Syn - Impulse, collision, shock.

Impair, un-par', v t. [ F. empirer, L. pejor, worse | फ्रांत-कृ; कड़ि-कृ, नहे-कृ; To injure or weaken; deteriorate. Syn :- Diminish, decrease, injure, diteriorate, weaken, enfeeble, enervate. Impale, See Embale, v t. Mon-CH; To fix on a stake; to put to death by fixing on a stake:-(नप्रन-क ; To enclose, as with stakes, posts or pali ades. n-impalement.

Impaipable, im-paipa-bi, a. अनेन्डवनीय, অলেধা, Not percurvable by touch :-- আতি পুল ; mys Very fine, not coarse n=impalpability at impalpably. Syn :- Intangible; fine, thin, unsubstantial, shadowy, imperceptible, indis-া লেখা ; Enrol the names of jury timet. Impanel, Impanuel, impahl, v. t. জ্বির নাট Imparadise, v f यात्रे त्राया ; Put into paradise Imparity, im-pai'e-te, n. অসমানত; বিষমত . Difference of degree, rank, excellence, number, and the like, inequality, disproportion.

Impark, im-park, v. f. मक्तिय वारक-क ; To en-

close in a park; to shut up.

Impart, im-part, v. t. [ L. in, and partire, to part, divide ] atta- ; मान- ; To bestow a share or portion of; to give .- জাত-কু, বিপিত-F; To make known; communicate: -v i. আংশ-দে; পরামর্শ-কু; To give a part or share; to hold a conference. Syn .- Yield, grant, afford, confer; reveal, discover, divulge, disclose.

Impartial, im-pai'she-al, a. অপক্পাতী; সমদণী; কারপর ; Just. ad=impartially. Syn :- Equitable, fair ; unbrased, unprejudiced, disinterested.

Impartiality, im-par-shiality, n. অপক্পাতিতা; সমদশিতা; Freedom from bias.

Impartible, im-par'ti-bl, a. (भव : टामानर्यामा : জ্ঞাপনীর; অবিভাল্য; Capable of being imparted. n=impartibility.

Impassable, im-pasa-bl, a. অগমা ; ছুর্গম ; আনতি-ক্ষা ; Unpassable ; maccessible. n=mpassability. impassableness. Syn:-Impervious, impenetrable, impermeable pathless.

Impassible, im-pase-bl. a. [ F. from L. i., and patiri, passus, to suffer j স্তীক্তির, স্থয়ংখ্য

ৰভীত ; Incapable of suffering. n=impassibilty, impassibleness. Syn: - Impassive, insensible insusceptible, unimpressible, callous.

Impassionate, im-pashun-at, a. অত্যন্ত মোহিড ৰা উত্তেজিত; বোধশুক্ত; ভাণৱহিত; Strongly affected; destitute of passion or feeling; -v. t. well মোহিত বা উত্তেজিত ক ; To affect strongly.

Impassioned, im-pashund, a. উত্তেজিত ; অত্যন্ত মোহিত; Actuated or agitated by passion; animated; excited. Syn :- Passionate, vehement, fervid, intense, vivid, glowing.

Impassive, im-pasiv, a. ক্লেপ অনুভব করিতে অকষ; হুখছাবের অতীত ; Insensible of suffering. n=impassiveness. ad - impassively.

Impatience, im-pashe-ens, n. অসহিক্সা; অধী-बड़।; Want of patience; hastiness. Syn :-Restlessness, disquietude, fietfulness; passionate, eagerness, vehemence of desire.

Impatient, im-pashe-ent, a. অসহিক : অধীৰ. Restless; wanting in patience; freiful. nimpatience. ad=impatiently. Syn .- Unquiet, restless, fretful; hasty, precipitate, impetuous, vchement, eager; intolerant; unsubmissive. rebellious. of enduring.

Impatient of—সঞ্ করিতে অকম ; Not capable Impawn, im-pawn, v. t. বন্ধক-দে; প্রতিভূপরণ গচিত্ত রাখা ; Pawn ; deposit, as security.

Impeach, im-pech, v. t. [ F. empecher, to prevent, hinder ] निन: कृ; अजिग्रह-कृ; Accuse by public authority; arraign; indict; to charge with a crime .- व्यदिशाम-कृ, कलकारवान-कृ; Bring into question; call in question. Syn .- Accuse, irraign, criminate, indict, censure, denounce; challenge.

Impeachable, im-prefia-bl, a নিন্দাৰ্থ: কলহা-রোপদোগা, Chargeable with crime; accusable. Impeacher, n. অভিবোগকাৰী, One who impeaches.

Impeachment, im-pechment, n. অভিযোগ ; অপ-वान ; Arraingement esp., of a public officer formal administration; accusation: - आववान; Calling in question as to purity of motives or rectitude of conduct Syn :- Accusation, artaignment, indictment, crimination; censure, blame, reproach, imputation.

[mpearl, im-perl, v. t. मूक्न बाबा लाखिड-कृ ; मूक्नाव ज्ञांग-ज ; To form into or deck with pearls ; to form like pearls.

Impeccability, im-pek-a-bile-te, n. পাপনুত্রা; Exemption from sin. Syn:-Impeccancy, sinlessness, innocence, purity.

Impeccablo, im-peka-bl, a. [L. im, from in. not, and peccare, to err, to sin ] निलानी : Not liable to sin. n-impeccability, impeccancy. Syn :- Perfect, sinless, pure incorrupt.

Impecunious, im-pe-kū'ni-us, a. [L. in, pecunia, money ] बनशैन ; निःव , पतिज . Poor. n= impecuniosity.

Impede, im-ped, v. t. [ L. impedire, lit. to entangle the feet ] 4141-67. To hinder, obstruct. Svi .- Retard, delay, clog, hamper, bar, block Impediment, im-pede-ment, n. नाम ; अ जनक for; Hinderance; obstacle. Syn: -Obstruction, difficulty, bar, check.

Impediment in speech— चना वाद्याको वर्ग ;
A defect which prevents distinct utterance.

Impeditive, im-peditiv, a. वाश्वनक, Causing hinderance.

Impel, im-pel, v. f. [L. in, and pellere, to drive] ভাডনা-ছ: To drive:—উডেজিড-ছ. To urge forward:—কুকুৰ্বে অনুভ-ছ: অবিভিড-ছ: To instigate; to incite to action. n=impeller. Syn:—Push, press on; move, induce, persuade, incite, influence, actuate.

Impellent, im-pelent, a. ভাওনাকম, উত্তেলকম; Having the quality of driving on:—n. উত্তেলক-শক্তি; A power that impels.

ampend, im-pend, v.i. [1. im, for in, and penders, to hang] ब्लान, आंगड-इ: Hang over, be imminent:— उम्र त्यान; To threaten. Syn:—Hover, threaten, be imminent.

Impendent, Impending, im-pending, a. wing; a select; Hanging over; ready to act or happen; imminent. Sym:—Threatening, menacing, imminent, near at hand.

impenetrable, im-pehē-tra-bl, c. অভেগ; That cannot be penetrated —ভাববিহান; That cannot be penetrated:—ভাববিহান; Unimpressible. n= impenetrability. ad=impenetrably. Syn:—Impervious, impermeable, impassable; undiscernible, dark, obscure.

(mponitonce, im-pene-tens, n. অৰ্ডাণণ্ডতা, কাঠিছ; Hardness of heart or mind. Syn:— Obduracy, hard-heartedness, impenitency.

empenitent, im-pene-tent, a. [L. in, not, and poenstens, penitent] অনুযুত্ত ; অনুযুত্ত নি, Not penitent; hardened:—n. যে বাজি অনুতাপ কৰে লা, দৃঢ় গাণাচারী; One who does not repent a hardened sinner. admimpenitently. n=impenitence. Syn:—Obdurate, not contrite, hardened, reprobate.

mpennate, im-penat, Impennous, im-penus, a. প্ৰাবিধীৰ; পাক্ষীৰ; Wingless, short winged. Imperative, im-per'at-iv, a. [L. imperativus—impero, to command] অনুজ্ঞা-বোধক, প্ৰভূষ-ব্যৱক, অব্য কৰ্মৰ, অবস্থ ক্ষমীয়; Authoritative, obligatory. ad=imperatively. Syn:—Commanding, peremptory; binding.

Imperceptible, im-per-sep'te-bl, a. ছৰ্পোধা; অনুপ্ৰক; হৰু, Insensible, minute. n=imperceptibleness, imperceptiblity, ad=imperceptibly. Syn.—Invisible, incognizable, impalpable; inaudible; fine, faint, shadowy.

Imperfect, im-per'iekt, a. অসপুৰ ; অকান; Not perfect or complete; defective. n=Imperfectness, imperfection. ad=imperfectly. Syn:—Unfinished, incomplete, defective, impaired, faulty, weak, sinful, frail, erroneous, fallible.

Imperfection, n. অসম্পূর্য; অরহীনতা, Quality or condition of being imperfect. Syn:—Defect, want, deficiency, fault, incompleteness, insufficiency, blemish, strain, flaw; failing, weakness, fruity, foible, vice.

Imperforable, im-perfor-a-bi, a. नारक,

আজ্লা; নিজ্জি, অভেনা; That cannot be bored through.

Imperforate, im-perfor-rat. Imperforated, im-per-fo-rat-ed, a. অবিদ্ধ; দ্বিন্ত : Having no opening. namimperforation.

Imperial, im-pore-al, a [L imperium, so-vereignty] রাজকীয় , সমটে সম্বানীয় , Of or belonging to an empire or emperor; sovereign; royal; সেঠ . সর্বানেঠ; Supreme:—n. শকট বিশেষের বহিঃ আসন, An outside seat on a diligence. ad—imperially. Syn:—Sovereign, kingly, regal.

Imperialism, im-peri-al-izm, n. সমাটের প্রভূত্ বা থাচরণ; The power or authority of an empire.—The advocacy of Napoleon.

Imporialist, im-perri-al-ist, n. স্বাট সৈত্ত বা প্রচা, স্বাটের দলভূকে লোক; A subject or soldier of an emperor; advocate of imperial government.

Imperiality, im per-ri-ali-ti, ন. স্থাটেৰ ক্ষতা বা অধিকাৰ, Imperial power, right or privilege. Imperil, im-per'il, v. t. বিপদ্রত্ত-কৃ; বিপন্ত-কৃ, To endenger. Syn:—Risk, hazard, expose.

Imperious, im-pe're-us, a. উদ্ধৃত : দাছিত : দ

Imperishable, im-per'ish-n-bl, a. অবিৰয় ; জম্ম, চিৰ্মায় ; Indestructive ; everlasting ; not subject to decay. n=imperishableness, imperishability, ad=imperishably. Syn:—Unfading, eternal, immortal, perpetual.

Impermeable, im-per'nte-a-bl, a [L.in, and permeare, to pass through] with a filter a limperetrable; not permitting passage. n= impermeablity, impermeableness. ad=impermeably. Syn:—Impervious, impassable, imperviable.

Impermissible, im-per-mite-bl, s. Unallowable. Syn:—Insufferable, unlawful; objectionable, deniable.

Impersonal, im-per'sun-al, a. বাজিত্মুন্ত; আপুৰ্ব-বাচক, Having no person; not having personality —n. কোন ভূতীয় পুরুষের রপবিশিষ্ট; That which wants personality; in Gram. a verb without personal subject. n=impersonality, ad= impersonally.

Impersonate, im-per'sun-হা, ত. t. মন্ত্ৰায়প-কৃ; ব্যক্তি বলিয়া বৰ্ণনা-কৃ; To ascribe the qualities of a person to; to personify. n=impersonation. Syn—Personify, embody; act, personate, imitate, mimic.

Imperspicuous, a. অপরিছার; অলভি: ভাগক, Not clear, obscure, vague. n≔imperspicuity

Impersuasible, a. ব্ভিডৰে অপ্ৰবৰ্তনীয় ; Not to be moved by persuasion or arguments.

Importible, a. बरिकाका ; Indivisible.

Importinence, im-per'te-nens, n. জনিইডা: গুটুডা, Rudeness, impudence; sauciness:—জন্মান-বিক্তা, জনাস্থাকিক বা অকি(কংকর বিষয়, Irrelevance, Syn:—Irrelevancy; insolence, incivility, forwardness, pertness, assurance, presumption.
Impertinent, im-per'te-nent, a. অপ্রাম্ভিক; আকি কিংকা; Irrelevant, trifling:—বৃষ্ট: অপিট্ট; Impudent; insolent, ad—impertinently. Syn:—Inapplicable; rude, officious, intrusive, saucy, pert, uncivil.

Importurbable, im-per-turba-bl, a. [L. in, not, and perturbare, to disturb ] অযুভেনার; গিয়; পান্ত: That cannot be disturbed or agitated, calm n=imperturbability. Syn:—Unmoved, undisturbed, sedate, composed, collected, cool, calm. quiet, tranquil.

Importurbation, im-per-tur-bā-shun, n. মনের ফিবড়া, মব্যাঞ্লডা; Freedom from agitation of mind, calmness

Imporviable, im-per'vi-a-bl, Impervious, im-per've-us, a. ব্ৰেলা; Impenetrable; impassable; imperviable. ns=imperviableness, imperviablity, imperviousness, ad=imperviously. Impetigo, im-pe-ti'go n. [L. impeto, to attack] চৰ্কুবোৰ বিশেষ; A con'agious disease

Impetuosity, n. 53 way; Condition or quality of being impetuous. Syn -- Vehemence, violence, haste, precipitancy, force, fury.

Impotuous, im-perū-us, a ero, 52; (वर्राच, 27a, Furious, passionate; violent; hasty, no empetuousness, impetuousney, adeimpetuously. Syn—Forcible, precipitate, boisterous, rapid, furious, fierce, raging; ardent.

Impotus, imputus, n. [ L. sn, and peto, to fall upon ] আক্ষণ. An attack — তৎপৰতা; activity — বেল , উত্তেজনা, Momentum.

Impinge, im-ping v. s. [L. sn. against, and pango to strike] ধাকা-দে, আঘাত-ক: To strike or fall against; to dash against; to hit. n= impingement.

Impingent, a. 4: 71 ; Striking against.

Improus, improus, a. (Lin, not, and pius, pious) ব্যাহিক, গাণিষ্ঠ; ভাক্তিন : অপথিৱ, Not pious, wanting in veneration for God, wicked; profane. Syn:—Irreligious, ungodly, profane, irreverent, unholy, atherstical.

Impionences, Impioty, im-pi'c-te, n. [ L.
1mpietas, from impiur, impious ] অংশ: ইবৰের
কৃতি অভন্তি, Want of piety, irreverence towards
God. Syn:—Irreligion, unrightcourness, sinfulness, profaneness, ungodliness, profanity,
godlessness, atheism.

Impish, a. বলৰভাব; Frendish; like amimp.
Implacable, im-plaka-bl, a. [ I.. im, not, and placabilis, placable] অপাত্ত; নিঠুৰ, অকমশীল; Unappeaseable, inexorable. ad=implacably, n. =implacableness, implacability. Syn:—Irreconcilable, unrelenting, unyielding, relentless, remorseless, cruel, merciless.

Implant, im-plant, v. 1. [L. in, and plantare, to plant] রোপৰ বা হাপান-ক ; To plant, graft; infuse; insert, sow. n=implantation (রোপণ)!
Syn:—Ingraft, insert, fix, place; instil, inculcate.

[ dict. n=impleader.

Implead, im-pled, v. i. अख्रियांत्र-क ; Sue ; in-

Implement, infple-ment, n. [L. implementum, from implers, to fill up] যুদ্ধ; অৱ; A tool or instrument of labour; utensil:—v. t. ব্যুবা আন্ত দেৱয়; নংসাধন-কৃ; To provide with implements; to cause to be effected.

Impletion, im-ple'shun, n. পূৰ্বভা; পৰিপূৰ্ব; The state of being full; that which fills up a thing. Implex, impleks, a. [L. in, into, and plecto, to twine] বিজ্ঞিত, জটিন; Entangled; infolded; complicated.

Implicate, imple-kat, v. t. [L. im for in, and plicare, to fold] ভড়িত-ড়: লিখ-ড়, To infold; to entangle; to involve. Syn:—Entangle, make participator in. [(some offence). Implicated in—(কান মুক্তের ভড়িত; Involved in Implication, im-ple-káshun, n. বিখতা, পেট, Entanglement:—অনুমান Inference. Syn:—Involution, intricacy; implied sense, tacit conclusion.

By implication—থকাবাৰে, অনুমানে; ক্ষ্টুক্ৰে লিখিয়া পড়িয়া নহে, প্ৰকাৰতে বুখিয়া পঙ্কা ঘাইছে পাৱে এই স্থানে; Not expressly; indirectly; not expressly and in direct terms but indirectly; tacitly; impliedly.

Implicative, impli-kā-tiv, a. (1964); Tending to implicate. ad=implicatively.

Implicit, im-phisit, a. অব্যাত , উফ , Implied :পৰ্য : নিয়তিপ্ত : Absolute : unconditional : relying entirely n=implicitness, ad=implicitly.
Syn —Inferred, tacit : entire, unreserved, confident, unhesitating, firm.

Implore, im-plor, v.t. [ L. in, and plorare, to cry aloud ] প্রাথনা-ক; বাজ্ঞা-ক; ভিন্না-ক. To pray; to beg, to ask earnestly. Syn:—Beseech, supplicate, pray; entreat, solicit, crave. Imploringly, im-ploring-li, ad. কুডাৰ্লিপ্ৰক. In an imploring or earnest manner.

Imply, im-pli', r. t. অভুন্ত-কৃ; To include — শুচনা-কৃ; বুঝার; অর্থপ্রকাশ কৃ, To mean, to signify. Syn:—Involve, comprise, import, denote.

Impolicy, im-pole-se, n. অব্যক্তিক তা, নিক্জিলা; অবিজ্ঞতা; Quality of being impolitic. Syn:—Bad policy, inexpedience, imprudence, indiscretion. Impolite, im-pū-lit, a. ক্তুদ্ৰ, অসভা; Unpolitic. n≈impolitenses ad - impolitely Syn.—Uncivil, rude, unmannerly, uncourteous, ungentlemanly. Impoliteness, n. ক্তুলা, অসভালা; Want of good manners. Syn.—Incivility, rudeness, unmannerliness.

Impolitic, im-polit-ik, a. অবিজ্ঞ; অবিবেচিভ; অবৌভিক, Wanting in policy, unwise, indiscreet. ad=impoliticly. Syn:—Incautious, imprudent, inexpedient.

Imponderable, im-ponder-a-bl, a. বাহা ওজন করা বাব না, ভৌলের অধিবধীভূড; That cannot be weighed. ns=imponderableness, imponderability.

Imponderables, im-ponder-a-bls, n. pl. ভাৰ-বিহীন বস্তু, প্ৰতাকভাৰশুক্ত ব্যৱহাত Bodies without sensible weight, as heat, light &c.

Imponderous, im-ponder-us, a. ভাৰবিহীৰ; ভাৰণুক্ত, Without sensible weight, Import, im-port, v t [L sn and portare, to bear] আনহানি-তু, নইয়া-বা, Bring in from abroad, bear or convey — আৰু প্ৰকাশ-তু; To signify, to imply.—চিন্তাৰ বিষয়ীভূত-কু, To concern, to interest — n. আমদানি; That which is brought from abroad — আৰ্, Meaning.—
আনহাৰতা, প্ৰয়োৱনীয়তা, Importance, consequence Syn—(v) Introduce, denote, imply, (n) Importation, purport, drift, gist, consequence weight

Importable, im-portabl, a আমণানি-বোগা, That may be imported or brought into a country — অসহনীয়, অসমধ্নীয়, Not to be endured

Importance, im-portans, n way, Condition or quality of being important. Syn —Consequence, weight, moment, value, concern, import, significance

Important, un portant, a. গুৰু, মহৎ, আবস্তক, অর্থানিসালক, Weighty, momentous; having a bearing on, significant ad=importantly. n=importance Syn —Significant, material, grave, serious, consequential

Importation, im-por-tashun, n আমদানী, রপ্তানি, The act of importing — আমদানি করা জব্যাদি, রপ্তানি মাল, The commodities imported

Importer, im porter, n. विष्ण इंटेंड भगाउँचा बानप्रनदारी, दशानिकांत्रक, One who imports goods

Importunate, im-portu-nāt, a রবাইড, বেও,
অভিবাচৰ, Troublesomely urgent, overpressing
in request ad=importunately. n=importunacy,
importunateness. Syn —Pressing, earnestly
solicitous, pertinacious, clamorous, busy,
teasing.

Importune, im-por-tuh, v f আগ্ৰহের সহিত অনুরোধ-কু, সাগ্রহে ৰাজ্ঞা কু. To press urgently, to beg earnestly, tease by asking, request ungently. Syn—Entreat, solicit, press, dun

Importunity, im-por-tuni-ti, n. मांबर आर्थना . अनुरक्षार . Urgent request

mposable, a. স্থাপন বা ধার্বা করিবাৰ বোগ্য . Cap-able of being imposed or lain on.

Impose, im-pūz, u.t. [L in, and ponere, to place] খণ্ড-কু, স্থাপন কু, To lay on —আদেশ কু, To enjoin or command — প্ৰভাগণা-কু, প্ৰকলা কু, To cheat, to palm off — u. : অম জ্যান, Io mislead or deceive Syn —Set, fix, lay, place, prescribe, appoint, pass off

Impose on—কর হাপন-ক, Levy (a tax)— কোন আর হাডে চাপান, Lay on one (as a duty or obligation). [delude.

Impose on or upon—প্ৰতাৱণা-ক, Decuve, Imposing, im-poling, a. সম্ভ্ৰমাকৰ্ক, সম্ভ্ৰমাকৰ, ক্ৰম্বায়ক, ক্ৰিড্ৰাফ্ৰক, চিত্তাকৰ্কক, Commanding, adapted to impress forcibly. Syn —Impressive, striking, effective, dignified, grand.

Imposition, im-pō-zishun, n. [L. in, on, pono, to place] বিষোগ, The act of imposing, lying on — ভার, কর, Charge; burden, tax — প্রভারণা, Deception — আবেশ, Command. Syn—Enjoining, imposing, oppression, charge,

injunction, levy, tax, delusion, deceit, fraud, imposture, cheat.

Impossibility, ন. অসাধ্যতা, Quality of being impossible, impracticability, infeasibility.

Impossible, im-pose-bl, a. [L. in, not, and possibilis, possible] আমত্তৰ, আমত্তৰ, আমাত্ত, আমাত্ত, কিবাৰ, Absurd, what cannot be or be done. মালাক্ত possibility. Syn —Impracticable, unfeasible, unattainable, inc inceivable, highly improbable.

Impost, impost, n. [L sn, on, and pono, to place] उद, उद, A tax laid on, a duty laid by government on goods imported into a country; excise, custoni. Syn—Tribute, toll, duty.

Imposthumate, im-postiim-ইং, খ. ঃ. কোড়া-হ; To form an abscess, to gather —খ. ৫. কেটিক কৰিয়া দেওবা. To affect with an abscess

Imposthumation, n. কেটিক, কেটিকজনন, The act of forming an abscess, an abscess

Imposthume, im-postum, n. [ Gr apo, away, histomi, to make to stand ] (可可, c中语本, Absects Syn —Uker, gathering, pustule.

Impostor, im-poster, n [L imponere, deceive] প্ৰভাৰক, A cheat, deceiver, pretender Syn — Rogue, charlatan, juggler.

Imposture, im-postur, n. 25171, Fraud, delusion Syn —Cheat, trick imposition, deception.

Impotence, impo tens, n হুর্মলতা, Want of strength or power. ১৮n — We ikness, feebleness, imbeculty, incapacity incompetence, inefficiency, inability

Impotent, impo-tent, a. [ I zn, and polens, potent ] ছকল, ছানবল, জন্ম Weak, impecile, powerless —প্ৰচন্ধ শ ক্ৰিটান, প্ৰবৃত্তীন, Unable to beget without generative power ns-impotence, impotency ad-impotently Syn—Feeble powerles, unable, incompetent, imbecile, incapacitated disabled, helpless

Impound, im-pownd, v t খোৱাতে আজি কু, নীমাৰদ্ধ-কু, অধিকার করিয়া লওখা fo shat up or hold, as in a pound, re-train a thin limits; take possession of.

Impoundage, im pownবঁৰ, দ খোনবাদি খোনাড়ে আবন্ধকৰণ, I he act or improunding cattle.

Impoverish, im pover-ish, v f [L sn, and f. pauvre, poor ] পৰিষ্ক-কৃ, বিশ্ব-কৃ, To make poor — হুৰ্মন-কৃ, অক্সন্ত-কৃ, To exhaust the strength, richness, or feithlity. n=impoverishment (Act or state of being impoverished.) Syn—Beggar, make sterile

Impracticable, im-prakte ka-bl, a. জ্বাৰা, জ্বাৰা, অসমৰ, একপ্ৰায়, inc ipable of being done, impossible, stubborn ns=impracticability, impracticableness. ad=impracticably Syn—Impossible, unicasible, unmanageable, unreasonable, impassable, insurmountable

Impressts, impre-kāt, v t. [L im, and precars, to pray ] অভিশপ্ত-কৃ, অভিশাপ-কে, অনসভ প্রাথনা-কৃ, To curse . obsecrate, pray or call for cuisc. n = imprecation.

Imprecation, n weeth, Curse Syn - Malediction, malson, execution, anathema.

Imprecatory, impre-ka-tor-i, a. wifestfas; जनजनशाची ; Cursing ; maledictory.

Impregnable, im-preg'na-bl, n. [ L. in, not, and prehendo, to take ] जन्म ; जात्म ; जात्म ; इटर्न ; Untakeable ; invincible. #- Impregnability. ad=impregnably. Syn:-Inexpugnable, unassailable, immovable.

Impregnate, im-pregnat, v. f. [ L. in, and prognans, pregnant ] 4543-7; To fill with young :- উर्नाय-क ; To fertilise :- अकुटाविष्ठे-क , এक नेपार्थ अन्न नेपार्थ म्यातिष्ठ-कृ ; To infuse particles of another substance into. n=impregnation. Syn :- Fecundate, get with child : imbue, infuse, saturate, tincture, fill with; fertilize.

Be impregnated or saturated with-वर्न-इ ; Be soaked ; be filled with.

Impregnation, n. Mcferina; Wagiferat. The act of impregnating; infusion.

Impress, im-pres, v. t. [ L. in, and premere, to press ] অন্বিত-কৃ; চাপ বারা চিহ্নিত-কৃ; To imprint ; to mark by pressure :-- मान निविष्ट-क . To inculcate : - বলপুৰ্পাক গত-কৃ, To seize for public service '-n. हिन् ; त्यांत्रत ; श्रांग ; Mark ; stamp ; device:-মনের উপর কার্যা: Impression or influence wrought on the mind :- अवम मः कान : Single edition: -Act of impressing for the public works. Syn :- (v) Engrave, stamp, indent; instil, infuse, inculcate. (n) Indentation, imprint, print; motto, seal.

Impress upon (one)—হাববে অভিড-ক : হালাড করিয়া সেওলা; Fix deeply on one's mind.

Impress (one ) with-काहाब क्रम्रत शालिक-क ; Make one sensibly feel,

Impressible, im-presc-bl, a. অমুভবক্ষ, অহনীয়, Susceptible. n=impressibility, ed=impressibly. Syn :- Susceptive, sensitive.

Impression, im-preshun, n. ara, Imprinting: marking - किक. Mark: - शांखर अक माखरण; भुत्तरबद्ध अक्वांत्र मुमाहन , An edition :- आमाहे चूछि ; বিষাস, An indistinct notion, remembrance or belief. Syn: - Printing, stamping; dent, indentation, stamp, impress, brand; sensation. imfluence, effect; notion, idea, fancy, indistinct, remembrance.

Be under the impression—काराव मान वावना शका : Be under the belief.

Make an impression on- रुपा विक-ए : Become indelibly stamped on one's mind :-- विद्रश्व कार्याकत वा कलकांत्रक-इ; Produce a perceptible effect or influence on. [impression.

Impressionable, a. अस्म त्यामा ; Susceptible of Impressive, im-presiv, a. क्याबोरी ; िलाक्दक . क्रमन्त्रणी ; नकीय ; Capable of making an impression on the mind; solemn. n=impressiveness. ad=impressively. Syn :-Affecting, exciting, forcible, moving, sturring.

Impressment, im-presment, n. महकाती कार्याव জন্ত লোককে বলপূৰ্বক খৃত করণ; নৌগৈছের জন্ত বল-পুৰ্বাৰ গ্ৰহণ ; Seizing for public service.

Imprimatur, n. [ L. in, on, and premo, to press } প্ৰকাৰি মুলবের অসুমতি; A license to print a book &c.

Imprint, im-print, v. t. আছড-ড়; মুব্রিড-ড়; To print ; to stamp : - बाल निविष्टे - क ; To impress ; to fix in the mind :- n. ws : That which is printed:—প্ৰয়াদিতে মুদ্ৰিত প্ৰয়ঞ্জালকের নাম বা मुख्यानव नाम; What is printed on the title page of a book, esp. the name of printer or publisher. Syn: -(v) Engrave, print, fix indelibly.

Imprison, im-prién, v. t. wtatas-y; atas-y; To shut up; to confine; to restrain. n=imprisonment. Syn: -Incarcerate, immure, shut up, jail.

Imprisonment, n. watala : watala . Confinement. Syn: -Incarceration, custody, durance. Improbable, im-proba-bl. g. water : Unlikely. n = improbability.

Improbity, im-probe-te, n. [ L. in, and probitas, probity ] অভচিতা: অসাধুতা; Dishonesty. unlikelihood. Syn: - Unfairness, faithlessness, bad faith.

Impromptu, im-promp'tu, a. [L. in, and promtus, readiness] অচিত্তিতপুৰ্বা কৃত; তংপৰ; Done off hand -- ad. তৎপরভাবে: তৎকণাৎ: Readily:-" অচিক্তিতপূর্ব রসিকভাবাপ্রক বাকা বা প্রবন্ধ; An off hand or extemporaneous composition.

Improper, im-proper, a. 4768; 4749; Not suitable: unfit: unbecoming: - 455; ভাষ: Incorrect; wrong. Syn:-Unadapted, unsuited, inapposite, inappropriate; unseemly, incedent; inaccurate, erroneous

impropriate, im-pro'pri-at, v. t. [ L. in, in, proprio, propriatus, to appropriate ] निरमत नाव-5'त्र नियान-क ; To appropriate to private use. n = impropriation ( আৰু আৰু করণ; The property impropriated ).

mpropriety, im-pro-pri'e-te, n. अपूर्विच वाव-হার ; অবোগাতা : অমুবোগিতা , Want of propriety or fitness. Syn .- Unsuitableness, inappropriateness; unseemliness, indecency, indecorum; inaccuracy, incorrectness; solecism.

lmprovable, im-proova-bl, a উৎকর্ণীর : উন্নমনীর : উন্নতিশীল; That may be improved. ns=improvability, improvableness. ad=improvably.

Improve, im-proov, v. t. [ Prefix in, and L. probare, to esteem as good ] \$36-7; To make better :-- मरानाशन-कृ, To correct :-- मचावराव-कृ; To employ to good purpose :- ण. i. উञ्चल- इ ; To grow better :- উप्रणिक ; वृद्धिक ; To make progress; to increase. n=improver. Syn :- Amend. mend, better, meliorate, rectify; use, employ; advance; rise, be enhanced; reform.

Improve on or upon—কোৰ কিছুৰ উন্নতিসাধন-কু: Make useful additions or amendments to.

Improvement, im-proovment, n. উত্ততি; উত্ততি-সাধন : Advancement or progress :- বৃদ্ধি ; Increase, addition :- [4]; Instruction. Syn :-Melioration, amendment, correction, reformation; proficiency, advancement; good use of. Improvident, im-prove-dent, a. अमृत्रक्षी ; अनि-| | Wanting foresight; thouhtless. n= improvidence. ad=inprovidently. Syn:-Inconsiderate, negligent, careless, heedless, reckless, imprudent, thoughtless, prodigal, shiftless. Improvingly, ed. % to to to In an improving manner

Improvisate, im-prov-sat, Improvise, impro-vez, v.t or : [L in and provisus, foreseen] না ভাবিবা হঠাৎ বচনা-কৃ To speak, compose or sign off-hand, extemporize. n=improvisation, improviser

Improvisation, n না ভাৰিবা চিত্তিবা পদ্যাদি বিবচন ৰা বচিত পদ্যাদি, The act of improvising, that which is improvised

Improvisatore, im-pro-viz-a টোরে, গ বে বাজি
লা ভাবিলা চিজিলা পদ্যাদি রচনা বা আবৃতি কবে, A
person who composes and recites veises offhand pl=improvisatori

Imprudence, im-proo'dens n 1831 Audaci ty, want of prudence. Syn -Inclution unwariness indiscretion, rashness recklessness

Imprudent, im proo dent a [ L in, and prudens, piudent ] ৰূপাৰ বিশ্বনী অসাধিবৰ Wanting foreight or discretion, inclusions inconsiderate n imprudence Syr—Indiscrett, injudicious un missel, heedless, rash

Impudence, impū den, n গুইগা নত Shame k nes , insolence Syn — Effrontery, saucine , audacity importanence perturess indeness Impudent, a i i ii and puden ash imed i নিলজ গুই ছবিনা প্রগানত দিলজ bld rude, insolent n=impudence a l=impudently Syn — Audacious, bold-raced, immodest, torward, saucy impertunent, pert

Impuganable, i n-pūna bi, a অধীকাৰকণ কোণ নিন্দ \$ Cap ible of being impugned or called in quistion

Impugn, im pūn, v t [ I in and piznare to fight] v t কথা বা তৰ্ক থাবা জাত্ৰণ কু, fo attack by words or arguments — অধীবাৰ কু To call in question — প্ৰতিবাদ কু, To gainsay, n= impugner Syn — Contradict gainsay, resist contravene, oppose.

Impulse, im'puls, Impulsion, im pul-sun, n ভাডনা, The act of driving on —শক্তি Force, comunicated —মনেব বেগ বা উপ্তক্ষনা ঝোক Sudden and unconsidered thought or mental purpose exciting to action

Impulsive, im-pulsiv, a ভাজনাকম বিভাজনাক উত্তেজনকন, ক্ষিক কৰ্ম্বারী, Having the power or driving on, impelling moving forcible violent, rash, passionate — মানসিক ভাব কানা উত্তেজিত, হঠবারী, Actuated by mental impulse, hasty ad—impulsively.n impulsiveness Impunity, im puncte, n [I impunity with out punishment] মুক্তি, অব্যাহতি Exemption from injury or loss

With impunity— যবাৰে, অসত হইবা, নিরাপদ, Without being subjected to punishment safely Impure, im-pur', a [ L. in, not, and purus pure] ৰপবিত্য, কণুষিত, অন্তম্ক, Not pure unholy, defiled by sin — মিশিত, Mixed with other substance us—impurity, impureness ad—impurity Syn—Mixed, tinctured, foul feculent, tained, vitiated, corrupt, unhallow

Impurity, Impureness, ন. অপ্ৰিত্তা, অবিতদ্মতা, The quality of being impure. ১৮৮ —
Mixture adulteration foulness uncleaness pol-

ed, unholy, unchaste, lewd, obscene.

Mixture, adulteration, foulness, uncleaness pollution, coarseness, grossness, vulgarity, indecency, obscenity, smuttiness

Impurple, v. t লাল-ড়, To colour or tinge with purple, make red or reddish

Imputable, im-puta-bl, n আরোপীয় , Atributable, ascribable. ns=imputableness, imputablity. ad=imputably. Syn —Chargeable, refferible

Imputation, im-pū táshun, n আবোপ, The act of imputing — নিলা, ভিরন্থাৰ, Censure, reproach Syn — Ascription, attribution, charge, accusation, blame.

Imputative, im-pūra-tiv, a আবোপনীৰ আবোপা,
That may be imputed. ad=imputatively

Impute, im-put, v. t [L. in and putare, to reckon think] WITHY. Ascribe, attribute n=imputer Syn.—Assign to, icfer, consider as due

In, in, prep ভিতৰে, Within — মধ্যে বাপিছা, During — ছাবা By or through — ভিতৰে, Not outside of —ad. ভিতৰে, Within, not out, nide into

'Be in for it—থাৰত হওয়া গিৰাছে আৰু ি icin হ'ণৰ ল' Be committed to a certain course — বলা । ফাটাত হৰ লাওৱা Be prepared to go to the utmest —পাওৱা বাইনৰ, Be going to have

Be in with a person—কাহাৰৰ সংক্ৰ সংখ্যা । খাকা Be on friendly or familiar terms with one In a dilemma—বিষম সম্মাৰ, In a sit ration in which it is difficult to determine what course to pursue

In and in, a From animals of the same paren-In and out—একবার বাহিবে একবার ভিতরে With n and without

In as much—বেংজু, Seeing that, because, In that—বেংজু, Because for the reason that The inns and outs—ভিতৰ ৰাহিব সময়ই Particulars, the secrets, the nooks and corners, the details

Inability, in-a bile to, n. পজিনীনতা, অক্ষরা, স্পাবকতা, Incapacity, weakness. Syn — Imn tence deficiency, incompetency, disability, i qualification

Laccossible, in ak গণ্ড bl, a ছুর্ধিগমা, ছুর্গম, Not to be reached unapproachable —ছুল্ড, Unattainable #r - inaccossibility, inaccessibleness ad=inaccessibly

Inaccuracy, in-akkū ra-se, n. ভাষ . Mistake. Syn —Incorrectness inexactness, fault, defect, error, blunder, inadvertence

Inaccurate, in-akku rat, a. ৰাজ্য, ৰাসকুল,
Not accurate, erroncous n=inaccuracy Syn:
—Inexact, incorrect, faulty, wrong, defective.

Inaction, in-akshun, n বিশ্রাম, আলস্য, Idlenes,, rest.

Inactive, in aktiv a. অপস, বিভিন্ন, Not active, idle, dull Sy i -- Sluggish, indolent, slothful, lazy, mert.

Inactivity, in-ak-tive-te, त. वतन्त्रां, बानना . Idleness -- AUSI . Inertness Syn .- Sluggishness, indolence, slothfulness,

Inadequacy, in-ade-kwa-se, n. waitet . Defectiveness, insufficiency, incompetency, incapa-

Inadequate, in-adr-kwät, a. anfiret; anto Insufficient. #s=inadequacy, inadequateness ad=madequately. Syn -Unequal, incommensurate, disproportionate, partial defective, incomplement, incapable

Inadmissible, in-ad-mise-bl. a wate. Not Syn -- Unallowable n=madmissibility allowable, improper, unreasonable, unqualified, incompetent

Inadvertence, m-ad-vertens, Inadvert in-ad-verten-e, n. অনুবধানতা , তাজিলা genic, oversight. Syn -Inattention lersness, heedlessness, thoughtlessne servance, inconsiderateness, error blunder.

Inadvertent, in-ad-vertent, a जमानाराणि . जनाfar Not attentive carcless ad=madvertently. yn -I attentive, thoughtless, inconsiderate, unobservant negligent.

Inglienable, in-alyen-a-bl, a. হস্তাপ্তবের অবোগা . 15 5, Not capable of being transferred Svit -Not alienable, intran ferable, ent uled Inamorats, n. প্ৰাহ'সক বাজি, One who is inamound or in love. pl = 1 1 imorati

Inane, in-an a नृष्ठ , शाल , वृद्धिविशेन , व्याधशीन , t mpty, purposeless, void of sense or intellezence

Inanimate, in ancemat, a 40, fasta. TEST, Lifeles; dead. n=inanimation ( arbay , I ifelcosness ) Syn .- Inert, mactive, dull, spiritless. [ of animation , lifeleseness. Inanimation, n. Mariasi, fastesi, Want Inanition, in-a-nisliun, n শৃষ্কতা, শৃষ্ণার্ভতা, Empliness,—ৰাল্যাভাবে ব্যক্তি, অনাহাবে শরীর কর, Exhiustion from want of food Syn -Lyhaustion, starvation, want of nutrition, manity, vacuity.

Inanity, in ane-te, n. প্রতা, প্রস্থান, Emptiness, - मूर्नेडा, खानशेनडा, Senselcsiness, frivolity. Syn - Vanity, senselessness, frivolity. Inapplicable, in-ap'ple-ka-bl, a. अअर्गाना : ष्यांना, Not applicable, unsuitable 22 CO mapplicability. Syn -Unsuited, irrelevant, mapt, mappropriate, mapposite.

Inapplication, in-ap-plik I spun n. अमहनारहा-গৈড়া, অধনোবোগ: Want of application or atten-

in-ap'po-zit, a. Inapposite, অসকত; অনুপর্ক, Not suitable, unfit ad =inappositely. Sun -Unsuitable, irrelevant, mapplicable, impertment

Inappreciable, in-ap-pit'shi a-bl, a. व्हार् 189 दिव कता वांग नां , व्यतांश , व्यनिर्देश मृता : That cannot be estimated or valued

Inapproachable, a m-ap-proch a-bl, sia, अमिश्रिमा , Inaccessible,

Inappropriate, inat, a. অসুপর্ক ; बनक . Unsuitable happropulateness. ad=inappropriatele -- Unfitting, improper

Inapt, in apt ন অপটু, Not fit; unfit. n=Inaptitude (5); Unfitness )

Inspitude ... च्यारपात्रका, want of artifuctions, unsutableness, unreadiness Inarchite ... गाउँ के निर्माण के

A mental of ingrafting.

A mental of ingrafting.

Inautal of the ingrafting.

Inautal of the ingrafting of the ingraftin Inational n=marticulateness, marticulateness, marticulate ed=inarticulately ned

ticulateness, Inarticulation, n. 761in a speaking in speaking Inartificial, in ar-te fish'e-al, a অকৃতিম , সরব . অৰপট . Not artificial , honest , simple ad =in artificially Syn -Natural, articss, unaffected In-as-much, ad বেংডু, একণ অবস্থায়, Since, seeing that, such being the case.

Institution, in-at-tuńskum, n. অস্বিধানতা, অমনোযোগ, উপেছা, অবহেলা; Heedlessness, neglect Syn -Inadvertence, thoughtlessness, neglect, carelessness, disregard, indiffcrence, absence of mind.

Inattentive, in-at-tentiv. a. অনবৃথিত , অম नारवानी, अनाविष्टे, Not attentive, careless, ad=inattentively. Syn -Heedless, regardless, thoughtless, negligent, remiss.

Inaudible, in-aude-bl, a. অফুট; হু:প্রাবা, অবোহৰা, Incapable of being heard, indistinct. n=inaudibility ad=inaudibly. Syn -Noiseless, silent, low, still, mute.

Inaugural, in-aw'gur-al, a. अवम , अवमाप्रकेनिक , Pertaining to, done, or pronounced at an inauguration, first

Inaugurate, in-awgu-rat, v. t. [ L an, and augurari, to augur ] अडिसक-कृ, अडिडा-कृ, Invest with office - बाब-क, To cause to begin. n=inauguration ( প্রতিষ্ঠা, অভিবেক ), inaugurator ( প্ৰতিগ্ৰাকাৰী ) Syn -Install, introduce with ceremonies, commence, begin.

Inauspicious, in-aw-spishe us, a. wes, ছৰ্ভাগা . Unlucky ; ill-omened n=inauspiciousness, ad = inauspiciously. Syn -Unpropitious, unfavourable, unpromising, dispromising, discouraging.

Inborn, inborn, a. সভাবিক সহজ , সহভাত . Native, implanted by nature. Syn -Innate, inbred, natural, inherent, ingrained, congenital Inbreath, in breth, v. t. ann बाता मशाबिक-क To infuse by breathing into natural Inbred, inbred, a. প্রকৃতিদন্ত, বভাবজ, Innate; Inbreed, in-bred, v. t Gota Beetla-7, To breed or generate within .- a. बाडाविक, Innate, natural [ Peruyians. Inca, n A king or royal prince of the ancient Incage, inkaf, Same as Encage

Incalculable, in-kalku-la-bl, a अभनीत अन्ता, स्तृ था , Unreckonable. ad = incalculably. Syn:—Incomputable, uncountable, countless, numberless.

Incandescence, n. Aciely; A white heat. Incandescent,in-kan-des'ent, a. উঞ্চিত: উত্ত ; বেডোডার; সমুস্বন; Glowing with white heat; becoming warm or hot. [ वाद : Enchantment. Incantation, in-kan-táshun, n. ইতারাল; বর : Incapable, in-ka'pa-bl, a. [ L. in, and capabilis, from capere, to take ] व्यक्ष ; वाशांतक ; वागार्थ ; वन्त ; वन्न्यानि ; Insufficient ; unable ; disqualified. n=incapability. ad=incapably. Syn. -Unfit, incompetent, weak, feeble, unqualified. Incapacious, in-ka-páshe-us, a. স্থাৰ : অল পরিসর: Narrow. Syn :-- Scant, not spacious. Incapacitate, v. t. ক্মতাচাত-ক : অসমর্থ-ক : অক্ম-; Disable; make incapable, unfit, disqualify. Incapacity, in-ka-pase-te, n. অসমর্থতা : অধা-সর্ব: অপক্তা: অক্ষতা; Inability; disqualification. Sym .- Incapability, incompetency, unfitness. Incarcerato, in-kar'ser-at, v. t. [ L. in, and

carcer, a prison ] क्विशिद्ध वश्च-कु; क्विक्ट-कु; चावक-कृ : To imprison ; to confine. n=incarceration ( \* 141417; imprisonment ) Syn .- Imprison, commit, shut up. dyc red. v. t. वक्तर्व ब्रिक्ट-कृ; To Incarnadine, Incarnate, in-kar'-nat, v. f. ( L. in, and carn, carnis, flesh) भरीव शंदर-कृ: माराम कड़ि छ-कृ: To embody in flesh - v. i. मारमगरिज-कृ. To form flesh :- a. पृष्टिमर ; नवीवशावी ; (करी : मान्त्रितिष्ठ : Invested with flesh. no incarnation. Incarnation, in-kar-na'shun, n. अवलाव । जनीव बाह्य ; आविजीय ; Act of clothing with or adding Syn :- Embodiment; hypostatical flesh. union; impersonation, exemplification.

Incarnative, in-kar'na-tiv, c. নুতৰ মালোং-

Incase, in-kās', v. t. আধারত্ব-কু; আবরণ মধ্যপত-কু. To enclose; to put in a case. n=incasement. Incasement, n. আবরণে আবৃত ক্ষণ; আবরণ; The act of inclosing with a casement; an inclosing substance.

Incautious, in-kaw'she-us, a. অহনোনাগী;
আগাবদান অন্তহিত; অসভৰ্ক; Careless, herdless,
inattentive. n=incautiousness. ad=incautiously
Syn:—Indiscreet, inconsiderate, imprudent,
impolitic, heedless, unwary, thoughtless,
improvident.

Incautiousness, n. অধনোবোর; অসাবধানতা.
Carelessness. Syn:—Unwariness, heedlessness, imprudence, inconsiderateness.

Incavation, in-ka-va'shun, n. [ L. incavare, to make follow] The act of making hollow. Syn:—Encavation, trench, hole, valley, depression. [ an incendiary. Incendiarism, n. গৃহদাহ; Act or practice of Incendiary, in-sen'de-ar-e, n. [L. incendium, a burning] গৃহদাহক; বে ৰজের গৃহে অগ্নিস্কালা করে; One who sets fire to a building &c. maliciously:—আশোলনকারী ব্যক্তি; An agitator. n=incendiarism. Syn:—Fire-raiser, political agitator, firebiand.

Inconse, in-sens, v. t. [L. in, and canders, to glow] n. খৃণ ; খুণখুনাদির গছ : Burning perfume : -ত.t. খুণ-দে ; To perform with incense :—কুছ-ফু: কোখোজান্ত-ফু ; বাগান ; To inflame with anger. Syn: —Enrage, exasperate, infuriate, madden, provoke, anger, irritate.

Be incensed at—cota force wife and ; Be highly enraged on account of

Incontive, in-sentiv, n. [L. in, and canere, to sing] a. উৎসাহকর; উত্তেজক; Inciting; encouraging:—n. কারণ, প্রবৃদ্ধি; অভিপ্রার: Motive; cause, stimulus. Syn:—Spur, incitement, encouragement.

An incentive to—ateics (win facts staffs com; That which moves the mind or prompts to good or ill acts, a motive or inducement to.

Inception, in-sep'shun, n. [L. inceptio, from inceptio, to begin] n. আরম্ভ : প্রারম্ভ : Commencement ; beginning. Syn:—Start, origin, rise; inauguration, preface, prelude.

Incoptive, in-sep'inv, a. আরম্বনারক; প্রায়েকারী বা প্রায়েক্তক; Commencing or marking commencement.

Incertitude, in-sért'i-tūd, n. [L in, not, and certus, certain] জনিক্যতা; সন্দেহপুৰ্বতা; Uncertainty; doubtfulness.

Incessant, in-ses'ant, a [L. in, and cossare, to cease] অবিরাম, অপ্রতিত্ত : Unceasing, n-incessancy. ad=incessantly Syn:—Unceasing, uninterrupted, unintermitted, ceaseless, continual, constant, perpetual.

Incost, misest, m. [L. in, not, and castus, chaste] জগমা গমন; বাভিচার, নিরিক্ষ সম্পর্কীয় দীপুরু-বেব অবৈধ সক্ষম, Sexual intercourse within the prohibited degrees of kindered. a = incestuous. Incostuous, in-sest'u-us, a. অগমাগামী; অবৈধ-সক্ষমাপবাধী, Guilty of incest. ad = incestuously. n=incestuousness.

Inch, insh, n. ইঞ্ ; The twelfh of a foot — ৰঙি অন্ধ পৰিষাণ ; অভান প্ৰথ বা পৰিষাণ ; A small distance or degree. [Containing inches. Inch, insh, Inched, insht, a. ইঞ্চিপিট ; By inch meal, by inches—মন্তে আন্তে ; Gradually ; by slow degrees.

Every inch - नर्सारन, All over; in every respect, thoroughly; pre-emmently.

Inch by inch— অভি পদে; Every inch of it — অৱে অৱে . By slow degrees.

Within an inch of — ৰভি নিকট; Very near. Inchoate, in'-k'o-āt, a. [I.. inchoatus, to begin] আৰম্মান ; সদমান্ত ; Just begin ; incomplete.

Inchoation, in-ko-a'shun, n. alas;
Beginning.

Inchoative, in-ko-a't'iv, 6. 4143754;

Incidence, insi-dens, ন. বে দিকে কোন পদাৰ্থ বা কিন্তু-বেৰা অন্ত কোন চলেৱ উপৰ পতিত হয় : যে দিকে বা যে ভাবে কোন বন্ধ পতিত হয় : The manner or direction in which one body falls on or strikes another:—ঘটনা : আক্ষিক ঘটনা : Accident.

Incident, inse-dent, a. [ l. incidens, from in, and cadere, a lall ] বট্নাক্র উপক্তি ; প্রেষ্টিত ;

লাক্ষিক; বভাৰত: নাবই: Failing upon, happening accidently: fortuitous; casual; occasional:
—ক্ষমা; An event:—আসমিক কথা; অন্ত সাংগক্ষ কথা; An episide. Syn:—(n.) Circumstance, fact, adventure; episode, digression, subordinate action.

Incident to—alel कारण बाब्रकिक हत ; Naturally belonging to ; appertaining to.

Incidental, in-se-dent'al, a. আক্ৰিক; আসনিক; সহসা উপন্ধিত; নিমিত্তিক; Occassional; accidental, causal—n. কৈব ঘটনা; An accident. ad=incidentally. n=incidentalness. Syn:—Fortuitous, contingent, occasional, adventitious, non-essential.

Incipient, in-sip'e-ent, a. [L. incipiens, incipers, to begin] অবিৰত ; অবিপ্ৰায় : Uninterrupted ; continual ;—প্ৰায়েশ্বতক ; Beginning. n=incipience ; incipiency. ad—incipiently. Syn:—Commencing, originating ; inceptive.

Incircle, Same as Encircle.

Incise, in-siz', v t. [i.. in, into, and codo, to cut] কর্তন-ক ; To cut in or into with a sharp instrument:—ৰোগিত-ক ; কোগন-ক ; ডক্ম-ক ; To carve, to engrave

Incision, in-sizh'un, n. ছেফ; ছেমন; কোলন, কর্তন; কর্তন জন্ত থাত , A cut. Syn :—Gash, hack, noich

Incisive, in-sisiv, a [l.. incidere, from in, and caedore, to cut. kill] কঠনসমৰ্থ, কেনকম. Cutting —তীক্ষ, ধারাল, Sharp; acute:—ব্যক্তারী, বাসপূর্ণ; Sarcastie. Syn:—Sharp, biting, trenchant, severe, saturical.

Incisor, in-si'zor, n. ছেম্বদন্ত; সনুধের বত , Cutting tooth; a fore teeth. a=incisory.

Incitation, in-si-ta'shun, ল. উৎসাহ; প্ৰবৃত্তি; উত্তেজন, উত্তেজন; Incentive.

Incite, in-sit', v. t. [L. in, and citare, to rouse] \$5411年3-年; \$1686-5-年; To encourage; to stir up, urge on ad=incitingly. n=inciter. Syn—Excite, instigate, goad, urge, rouse, provoke, prompt, animate, stimulate, stir up.

Incitement, n same as Incitation. Syn:—
Motive, incentive, inducement, spur, stimulus, impluse, encouragement.

Incivility, in-se-vile-te, দ. অভ্যতা; আসভাতা; আসভাতা;

Inclemency, n. নিচুৰতা; নিৰ্দৰতা; Want of clemency. Syn:—Hardiness, severity, cruelty, rigour, roughness, boisterousness, storminess.
Inclement, in-klement, a. নিদ্র; নির্দার; কঠিব; Unmerciful, cruel:—উবা; প্রচেক, ঝড়বুক্ত; বাতা-ত্ত্ত, ঝটকাস্কুল; নিশাকণ শীতল; Stormy; very cold. ad—inclemently. n=inclemency. Syn:—Severe, harsh; rough, boisterous.

Inclinable, in-kluna-bl, a. নম্নীয়, প্রেণ; আনত, That may be inclined; leaning; tending. n=inclinableness.

Inclination, in-klin-2'shun, n. প্ৰণতা: আনতি; ইন্ধা; অনুমাণ ; Leaning ; liking ; disposition , desire:— अवनमन; अपन ; (कांच ; Act of inclining; leaning:— क्रेट्स पा पा उपना अपने की किंदि ।

The angle made by 2 lines or planes which meet or would meet if produced. Syn:—Slope, slant, bend; verging, bending, oblique direction; bent, bias, disposition, proneness, propensity, tendency, proclivity, aptitude; partiality, fondness, affection, wish, desire, liking.

noline, in-klin, v. i. নত-হ; আনত-হ; অবনত-হ;
To lean:—To deviate from a line towards an
object:—বড-হ, প্ৰবিতিত-হ; To be disposed:
—v. t. নত-হ; To bend:—বড-ফ; প্ৰবিতিত হ; To
dispose, to induce:—n. An ascent or descent,
is on a road or railway. Syn:—Bend, slope,
slant, diverge; stoop, bow, be disposed;
dispose, bias; (n) grade, gradient.

Inclose, in-klož v. t. [ L. in, clando, to shut ] আবদ্ধ-কু; বেইল-কু; ঘেৱা; বেড়া দিয়া বিরিয়া কেলা; To confine; to surround; to fence. Syn:— Encircle, encompass, shut in; envelop, cover,

Inclosure, in-kloshur, n. বেটিড ছাৰ; A space fenced up:—বেরা ছাৰ; বেডা; Fencing.

nclude, in-klud, v. t. [L includere, from in, and claudere, to shut] ভূত-তৃ; অতুৰ্গত-তৃ; বিপ্তান কালে আছিল কালে আছি

nolude in অন্তৰ্গত-কৃ; Take in. [including. nelusion, n. ধারণ, অন্তনিবেশ, The act of nelusive, in-klöö'siv, Inclosing, a. সমেড; বেইনকারী, অন্তনিবেশী, Comprehending the stated limit. ad=inclusively. Syn:—Encircling, embracing, comprehending all, including each.

Incognisable, in-kogniz-a-bl, Incognisable, in-końiz-a-bl, a. অজেন; অপরিজেন; That can not be known or distinguished.

Incognito, in-kog'ni-to, a. [ L. in, not, and cognitus, known ] প্ৰজ্ব : ছম্বেনী ; অজাত ; Disguised; unknown :—ad ভপ্তাবে ; ছম্বেনী ; ব্জাত ; Disguised; unknown :—ad ভপ্তাবে ; ছম্বেনী ; ব্ছানিত কাৰে ; In disguise ; under an assumed title. Incoherence, in-kū-hū'ens, n. স্বেনীটাৰ ; ব্লানাপ্তা ; Looseness of parts , want of connexion :—অস্বস্থ ; অসামস্থা , Incongruity. Syn:—Want of adherence ; inconsistency, inconsequence.

Incoherent, in-kö-her'ent, a. অসংলগ্ন ; শিবিল ; Unconnected, loose :--অনয়ন্ধ ; অসমস্ত্রা ; Incongruous. ad=incoherently. Syn :--Detached ; inconsistent, illogical.

Incombustible, in-kom-busti-bl, a. অপায়; অবাংনীয়; Incapable of being consumed by fire; unburnable. ns -incombustibility, incombustibleness. ad = incombustibly.

Income, inkum, n. बाब, बढ़; Revenue; gain; profit. Syn:—Receipts, rents.

Incommensurable, in-kom-mensur-zbl, a. জারবের; Having no common measure of standard of comparison. ad incommensurably. Syn —Disproportionate, enequal, inadequate, insufficient.

Incommensurate, in-kom-mensur-at, a. जनम-

श्रीत्वष , अनुष्यं , Having no common measure — अनुष्यं , Unequal , अनुष्यं , Inadequate ad=ncommensurately.

Incommode, in-kom-mod, t f [L :n, not, and commodus, convenient] পীড়া-কে, কই-কে, বিশ্বক্ত করা, উত্যক্ত-কৃ; To make inconvenient, to annoy, to molest. Syn —Inconvenience, disturb, annoy, trouble, embarrass, disquiet Incommodious, in-kom-mo'de us a অস্থ-বিশ্বন্ধ , কেপ্ৰয় বিশ্বক্তিকর , অসুপ্রোগী, অস্থকর Inconvenient, annoying. ad-incommodiously.

Inconvenient, annoying. ad=incommodiously.

\*\*mincommodiousness Syn —Disadvantageous, troublesome, unmanageable cumbrous, cumbersome, awkward, unwieldy, unhandy

Incommunicable, in-kom-mu'ne ka-bl a অকথনীয়; অকথা, অপরিচালনীয়, বিনিম্বাবোগা, That cannot be communicated or imparted to others, that cannot be exchanged. n=incommunicability, incommunicableness, adv=incommunicably. Syn—Inalienable, not transferable, inexpressible, unspeakable.

Incommunicative, in-kom mū'ni kā-tiv, a. অস্থিপনিজ্ঞ , Not disposed to hold communion with — অসামাজিক , Unsocial ad=incommunicatively

Incommutable, a প্ৰিনিষয় থোগা, Not capable of being committed or exchanged n=incommutability, incommutableness ad=incommutability, incomparable, in kompar a-bl a অপুপান, নিৰূপন , অভুগনীয় , Matchless ad=incomparably n=incomparableness Syn → Peerless, transcendant, paramount, unrivalled, unequalled

Incompatible, in-kom-pati-bl, a আসমত, বিকৰ, বিরোধী, Not consistent, inconsistent, contradictory—n p বে সকল দ্রব্য একত থাকিতে গাবে লা, Things which cannot co-cxist n=incompatibility ad=incompatibly

Incompetence, in kompetens Incompeten cy, n অবোগ্যতা, অবুগযুক্তা অপ্রাচ্ন Incompetey unfitness, insufficiency Syn—In ibility insufficiency, inadequacy, disquilification.

Incompetent, in kompt-tent, a. অক্স অন্তঃ অৰপন্ত, অপনাত, Incapable, unit, in ufficient ad=incompetently Syn —Unable in adequate, insufficient, improper, disqualified, incapacitated.

Incomplete, in-kom plet a [L in, and complere to fill up ] a sange , Imperfect near comleteness, ad=incompletely Syn —Defective, deficient, unfinished, unaccomplished unexecuted, left undone,

Incompliant, in-kom pli-ant, Incompliable in-kom-pli'a-bl, a অসুযোধাসুমাবে কাৰ্যকাণে আনিছু, Unyielding to request,—a অনমনীৰ, Unyielding ad—incompliantly n=incompliance

Incomprehensible, in-kom-pre-hensi bl a হ্ৰেমাৰ, অবোৰা, ধাৰণাশন্তিৰ অভীত, Inconcurable ns=incomprehensiblity, incomprehensiblencss, incomprehension ad=incomprehensibly

Incomprehensive, in kom-pre heisiv, a মুর্জ্জো, সম্বাধ, সীম্বাস্ক, Limited, not comprehensive. # = incomprehensiveness

Incompressible, m-com-presi-bl, a আংখোচ-নার, Not to be compressed into smaller bulk a=:ncompressibility.

Incomputable, in-com-puta-bl, a. অগণনীয়, অগণ্য, অসংখ্য, Unreckonable.

Inconceivable, in kon-seta-bi, a অচিত্তনীয়, অবোধ্য , ধাবণাশন্তির অভীত , Incomprehensible, n=inconceivableness ad=inconceivably

Inconclusive, in-kon kl০০১'iv, a আনিশান্তিকৰ, অমীমা'সক, বঙনীয়, Not settling a point in dispute ad=inconclusively n=inconclusiveness Incondensable, in kon-densable, a আনভোচনীয়, Not to be made more dense or compact n=incondensal ility.

Incongenial, a অনুপ্ৰামী, অনুন্তা ; বিরূপ, Unsustable, unsympathetic n=incongeniality Incongruity, in-kong-groue-te, n আনৈক;, অসমতা, Unsustabliness Syn —Inconsistency, impropriety, incompatibility, discrepancy, incoherence, absurd ty.

Incongruous, in kong'grood-us, a [ L in, and congruere, to agree ] আনহয়, আনহয়, Inconsistent, unsuitable n=incongruity ad=incongruously. Syn —Unsuited inappropriate infit, improper, incoherent discrepart absurd.

Inconsequent, a উপস্থিত প্রতাব হইতে জনসুমেয়,
স্থালনাস্ত্রের নিম্মন্তিক্স , Not following from the
premises , illogical n=inconsequence

Inconsequential, a উপায়ত প্ৰসাদ হটাৰ বাগা অনুমান কৰা যাব না, ভ্ৰম্বতীন, অনিকিংকৰ Not regularly following from the premi es, of little importance ad=inconsequentially

Inconsiderable, in-kon-sider-i bl, a [I in and considerare to consider] a আৰু, মুক্ত নগাণু, বংলামান্ত অগ্যা Unimportant, little of no consequence n=inconsiderably Syn — Trivial insignificant, petty, minor immitted al Inconsiderate, in-kon-sider at a আনিব্যক্ত আমনবাৰী, অনবহিত, হঠবাৰী, I houghtle sinattentive, heedless n=inconsiderate insignificant, improvident carelass, imprudent, indiscreet, incautious, injudicious, i ish hasty

Inconsiderateness, n অনিশ্চকতা অমনো-যোগীতা, হঠকাবিতা Though'essness inntientiveness, heedlessness Syn—Carelessness, thoughtlessness, inadvertence, inattention, imprudence

'nconsistent, in-kon-sistent, a [L:n, not, and consistere, to stand together] অসমত, প্ৰশাব বিৰোধী, অস'লগ্ন, বিকল্প, অসমজ্ঞান, Irre-corcilable, incongruous, contradictory ns-in-ronsistence, inconsistency ad=inconsistently Syn—In compatible, unsuitable, discordant, contrary, repugnant, inconstant, variable, changeable.

Inconsolable, in-kon-solable, a অপ্রবোধনীয়, wসাত্মনীয়, Not to be comforted, ad=incon-solably.

Inconspicuous, a and, Hardy Jiscernible.

ad = inconspicuously n=inconspicuousness

Inconstant, in-konstant, a চক্ষ কৰিক, পরিবর্জনীয়া, পরিবর্জনীনা, অহৈর্গা, অন্থিয়া Fickle, subject to change n=inconstancy (চক্ষতা Ficklenes ) ad=inconstantly Syn — Changeable
variable, wavering, vacillating, mutable, volat le, unstable, capticious,

Inconsummable, in-kon-sūma-bi a অক্র, জানিশ্ব অবিনাণী I hat cannot be wasted Incontestable, in kon testa bl a অধ্নাম, ধবিবাদনীয় নিঃসন্দেহ অবস্ত ছীকাৰ্যা, অস্কর সন্ধিবার আমাগা, অশিক্ষানী, Incontrovert ble in-disputable Sym —Irrefragable, unden abic,

ng is tionable indubitable
\*reontinence, n ব্যক্তিয় Unchartity
Incontinent, in kontinent, a আনিউলিয়
ত লাভন্তিয় পিপুণালয় কানুক ফুক্তিনিত্র, Unchart to little nontinence incontinence
Incontinently, at অন্তর্গে কানুক্তানে

বিভাগে Unchastely, 'ustfully —আবিত্যে

In little

The national bloom, in-kontrolled a अनुस्ति।

Let the limit at mentrolled y

controver bloom went of the office of the tensor of the following of the followin

12 ontonience in knotneen Incontonion Incontonio Incon

Incorventible, in hon vertible a আপৰিবৰ্তনীয The tennet leading of a nonvertibility Inconvincible, in-hon vin i ble a আফিলেং-পাদনায় Not capable of conviction ad=inconvincibly

Incorporate, in-kor po rat গ t [ L :n not ind c : pus, corporis, tody ' t t বিশ্বিতকু : মান্ত-কু, To mix — শরী কু To embody
—এক এত কু মিলিড-কু একললভুক কু To unite with a tombetone or mass air idy formed or in being —স্মিতি কু সমাজে পবিশত-কু To form into a legal body or body politic — v : সন্মিলিডহ To be m xed —এক বিত হ কান্ত্ৰৰ আশ্বিক শেষকণ স
10 unite so as to become part of another body
— a িলিড দিশত United in one body mixed 
Syn — Embody unite, blend mix, mingle, mirege, consolidate

Incorporate into or with-as an; Unite with

Incorporation, in-kor-po-ra'shun, n. সংযোগ, সন্মিনন, Union of different ingredients in one mars — সন্মিত সন্থা, সনাজ The formation of a legal or positical body by the union of individuals a corporation an association.

Incorporeal ৷ lor চিটো a জানীরী, অভেডিক, আধারিক Spiritual, immaterial ad =incorporeally Syn —Immaterial unsubstantial bodiese

Incorroct, in kor-rekt a अन्त होत्वर (त्रोवहर, अम हर्ग Not are trate faults n=incorrectness al incorrectly Syn—inaccurate, incorrect erioneous fase untrue wiong immoral faul, ungran matical

Incorrigible, in korigib a আন শাধনীৰ আন শেধনীশ্বপে দুলিত, ছুক আ Lod beyond correction or reform n=incorrigibleness incorri bity a i=incorrigibly

Incorrodible, in koi দিলৈ bl ৫ আৰু ছইবাৰ নাৰ্ বালাভ নি পা পাৰভ পাৰে বা Not corrodible or able to be ruited

Incorrupt, in ko ipt a তাৰ; জন্ধ জৰু জৰু জৰু জন্ম কৰা কৰিছে কৰিছে

Incorrupt Ao, i - or upfill a আয় লৌৰাল নেছে অংশ স ৈ inpublic of dictive — সুণ ন আৰি লিকি চালাৰী left ohij i id up in ht ad icr ll i=100 n long s

Incorruption, r . 40 challed The

Incor uptnose, n িকল্পা অন্যয় মান্য প্রিড) Flest te of extra tion toom corruption or decay pur ty extrained

Increasete, in kit to flow into crosso, to nake tick] সুৰ্গত কুটি nate thick—

া সুৰ্বা সুক্ত হৈ তি loone thick or thick r—a সুক্ত পুৰ্কি স্থান্ত Make thick or flow thick or the conflict the flower

Therassative, a ত তত — নক, I hickenin, — জু — ক্লপ্ত I hat which has the power to the con

Included the line and crescere, to li the second greater, to grow to live young — অগ্ৰন ক, To advance — ব প্ৰান্ত To augment to add — শুসাৰক ক Advance — প্ৰাণ্ড ক Fatend — গুলা Growth — লাভ Profit — উৎপন্ন প্ৰবা Produce — ব'শ সন্তালসন্তাভি Progeny Syn — ( ) Full re grow be fruiful multiply, extend polong advance heighten, raise enliance ignivate intensify swell (n) Augmentation enlargement extension increment, addition a cession produce product gain, interest offspring issue progeny

Incredible, in kredi bla অবিষয়নীৰ, অবিষায়, অশ্বেষ Unbelievable improssible to be believed n-incredibility ad=incredibly
Incredulity, in-krē-dū'ie te n. সন্দিছতা, অবি-

tivel; Indisposition to believe. Syn :- Unbelief, disbelief, distrust, scepticism.

Incredulous, in-kredu-lus, a. অবিৰাসী, সন্দিশ্ধ;
Hard of belief. ad=incredulously. n=incredulity.

Increment, inkre-ment, n. অল্ল বৃদ্ধি , Small increase:—বৃদ্ধি ; Growth ; matter added — প্ৰিক্তিনশীস কাশিব চন্দবৃদ্ধি ; The finite increase of a variable quantity :— অধীলকার বিশেষ ; An adding of particulars without climax.

Increscent, in-kresent, a. বৰ্ধনাৰ; বৰ্ধনাৰ; Growing; increasing.

Incrimmate, Same as Criminate.

Incrust, in-krust, v. t. কঠিন আবৰণ ছাবা আচ্ছা-দিত-কৃ; কঠিনাবরণে আবৃত-কৃ; Cover with a crust or hard coat. n=incrustation. Syn:—Cont overlay. Incrustation, n. কঠিন আবরণ, কঠিনাবরণে আচ্ছা-দন; The act of incrusting.

Incubate, in-kū-bāt, v. t. [ L. in, upon, cubo, to lie down ] ডা-দে; ভিনে ডা দেওৱা, To sit on eggs to hatch them. n=incubation.

Incubation, n. ভাগ প্রদানার্থ ডিখোপনি উপবেশন . The act of sitting on eegs to hatch young — ব্যোগের স্ক্রণাত ও পরিণতিব মধাবত্তীকাল।

Incubator, n. কুজিৰ তাপসঞ্চাল ৰাবা অওক্টন ব্য ; A machine by means of which eggs are hatched by artificial heat.

Incubus, inkū-bus, n. হংহয়; বেশকৰ ষথ় . Nightmare:—ক্লেকৰ বা বৃদ্ধিন্তংশক্ষৰক শক্তি বা প্ৰভাৱ : Any oppressive or stupefying influence. p:= incubuses, incubi.

Inculcate, in-kuľkāt, v. t. [L. in. and carcare, to tread] উপলেশ দে; পুন: পুন: উল্লিখাবা মনোমধ্যে সংকার কবিয়া-দে; শিক্ষা-দে. To unpress on the mind; to enforce by frequent admorstion; to teach. n=inculcation, inculcator. S; n: Impress, enforce, infuse, instil, implant, ingratit. Inculpable, in-kuľpabl, a. নির্দেখী: অনিকানিয়,

विक्तक ; Blameless. ad=inculpably.

Inculpate, in-kulpat, v. t. լ L. in, and culpa, fault ] নিন্দা-ক; অগবাধী-ক; দোষা-ক; দোষালোগ-ক.
To criminate; to impute guilt to; to consure. n=inculpation. Syn:—Charge, impeach, censure Inculpatory, in-kulpa-tor-i, a. নিন্দাীয়, দোষা-বোপকারী; Imparating blame; criminatory.

Incumbency, in-kumben-si, n. কাৰ্ডাৰ , প্ৰে ছিডি; পদাধিকাৰ; The holding of an office:--ভাৰ; A weight:--বাধ্যতা; An obligation :--ধৰ্ম-বাৰকীয় হুডি; An ecclesiastical benefice.

During his incumbency—তাহার অধিকার সময়ে।

Incumbent, in-kumbent. a. [L. incumbo, incubo, to lie upon ] উপবিশ্বিত, লহমান; অবলম্বিত, Lying upon :—অবত কর্বনীয়, অবত কর্বনা; অপবিহারী; Indispensable, obligatory,—n. ধন্ধার্থ বৃত্তিভাগী বা অক পদাভিষ্কিত, ধর্মধান্ত্তীয় বৃত্তিধানী, One who holds a benefice or any office. adincumbently.

Incumbent on—কোন কিছুর উপৰ ভং করিখা.
Resting upon, being supported by :—অবগু
কর্ত্তবা, Obligatory on.

Incumber, Same as Encumber.

Incunabula, n. pl. মুবাছন-কৌশন-উদ্ধাননলৈ প্ৰথম মুদ্ৰিত প্ৰস্মুত্ন; Rooks printed during the carly period of the ait, before the year 1500. Incur, in-kur, v. t [L. incurrere, to run into] অবীন-ত; সংঘটন-তু: ভাৰাকাত্ত-তু; To became liable to; to bring on; to contract. Syn:—Run the risk of, contract.

Incurable, a. অপ্রতিবিধন্ন; অসাধ্য: জচিকিংসা; Capable of being cured; not curable. ns=meurableness, incurability. ad=incurably. Syn:—Iriemediable, remediless, irrecoverable irretievable, hopelessly bad.

Incursion, in-kui'shun, n. আক্রমণ; A hostile inroad or attack, raid; foray. Syn:—Invasion, truption, raid

Incursivo, in-kur'siv, a. আক্রমণকারী; বৈরী; আক্রমণস্কোন্ত; Making attack; hostile; pertainting to an incursion.

Incurvate, in-kur'vāt, [ L. in, and curvus, bent ] n. t. बज-क; To curve; to bend:—a. बज:; Curved inward or upword n= incurvation.

Indebted, in-deted, [L. in. and debitus, due j a কাল্ডত, কলা. Bring in debt:—বাণিত:
Obliged, n=indebtedness. Syn:—Owing, beholden.

Beindebted to (one) for—কাচাৰ্ড নিকট কিছু পাজ্যা: Receive something from a person or through the agency or effort of another:— কাহ্ৰিড নিকট কোন বিবাহৰ লক্ষ্য কৰি হত্যা; Be under obligation to one for something.

Indecency, in-difference, n. willigs; Want of decency S n - Indelicacy, immodesty, impurity, obscenity, impropriety, indecorum.

Indecent, in-decement, if [Lin, not, and decement, fit] 图度,图序, Not decement; offensive to mode-ty or decement. n-indecement, ad=in-decementy, Syn:—Indecement, indefinite, unseemly, immodest, impute, unchaste, obscene, fithy.

Indecision. in-de-sizhun, n লম্ভিড্ডা; অছির ননস্কা, অব্যব্জিড চিত্তা; মান্সিক দৃচতার অসঙাধ; নন্দেহ; Want of decision; hesitation; fickleness. Syn:—Irresolution, chilly-shallying, hesitation, inconstancy, wavering.

Indecisive, m-de si'iv, a. জনিচিত, সন্ধিঃ; দেশারমান, Not deceive; dout that n= indecisive-ness. ad=indecisively. Syn:—Inconclusive; undecided, uncertain, undetermined, wavering, hesitating, irresolute.

Indeclinable, in-de-klin'a-bl, a. অনিসাদ্য, বিভক্তি থাপা অপথিবভ্নীয় ; Not declinable or varied by inflexion. ad = indeclinably.

Indeclinable compound · অবাদীভাব। Indeclinable word — অব য প্ৰা

Indecomposable, " in-de-kom-pāz'a-bl, a. ক্ৰিণ্ডেৰ্প্ৰ : ভূচসম্বন্ধ , Not decomposable.

Indecorous, in-de-ko'rus, a [L. in, and decus, decoris, honour] অসুচিত . অবিনীত ; অনুত ড জুতা বিশ্বন্ধ , অভডোচিত ; বিশুটার বিশ্বন্ধ ; Unbecoming ; improper : violating good mannets. ad=in-decorously. Syn:— 'nagemly, indecent, rude, coars., impolite, uncivil.

Indecorum, m-de korum, # अदिनग, अञ्च ৰ্বহাৰ, অণিইডা, অভন্তা, Indecency Syn -Impropriety, rudeness, incivility, grossness, unpoliteness

Indeed, in-ded, ad वाखविक, अकृडकाल, मडा, वर्षा , वर्षा : , In truth , in fict in reality Syn -Really, truly, certainly, positively

Indefatigable, in de fate ga bi ff in, not de down, fatigo, to tire] অক্লাৰ অবিতাৰ, जनांत , ज्यावनांत्री , Unwerred uncemitting in effort persevering n-indefatigableness ad=

indefatigibly Syn -Untiling assiduous Indefensible, in de free-bl a [F from defaire to undo] अंशांकीम, अनार्थ अभवातमय In capable of being defeated or made void neindefeasibility a lend feasilly Syn -lite versit le un ilteral le incocable

Indefectable, a ক্ৰাইাৰ নিদোৰ অলাস্ত, Not hable to defect, unfa hing

Indofensible, in de fens'e bl, a অরশ্বীয অসম নীঃ Not to be defended al≈indefen 51 ly Sn - Unternal le uni ist fiable inexcus il le ur w irrant ible, consurable

Indefinable, in len i 12-11 a द भव मीमा वा अवर्षा निग्ना यागना अन म Not definable ata deh ably

Indefinite, indfrit a তথ্যত অনিদি, Nt pre i or certain not l'inited ed-n d l'hy e-indefir t'n Syn L'elimite! Syn L rhmite! a l'uncertion indetermine l'uil n't en icd vague, doubtid equitocal unsettl cd 1

Indelible, a let It a L in not and I e er is capall of lune des ris 1] sar sy आप्तार के भ कि Il it and the bitt dout n- nd lhlty al-nicl y Syn -Inde trueti ble rettireable ingrained

Indoheacy, in kili ka si n আশিষ্টতা বৃষ্টা এব কম্না কিলাৰ্য Rudencs wint ci refinement flist orminner

Indelicate, in del lat a lair and de calm ] a टा॰ , राष्ट्र मार । विनक्ष र॰ ल solo, Coarse want ig delicacy inde effect al-n delicately \$ 2 - li det ros unbecoming unseemly lead on a indicit Indomnification, n Afreque, The act of indemnifying.

Indemnify, in derine fi n t [I in not and damnif care] ক্তিপুৰণ কু, অমত বাণা, To make gord for dimage done to give compensation for loss n= indemnification. Sin - Satisfy, compensate remi urse, remunerate requite Indomnity, in-demne te, n [ I indemnitas from indemnis, uninjured ] क्रिन्न्व , Com pensation for loss or injury - wie at we হইতে অন্যাহতি, Security from damage, loss or punishment Sin -Security, remuneration, অপামেয় Not to be provid. reimbursement Indemonstrable, in de monstra bl, a অস্থ্য Indent, in dent n [L. intentare, is and der s tooth] श्रीक, िज A notch - ot श्रीम काढ़ा Lo nouth —অঙ্গীকার পথ বাবা আবন্ধ-কু, lo bind ক্ষেত্ৰৰ প্ৰাৰণ্ড কাক দেওবা, To bern further in fi it i the n ar in than the rest of a paragraph — ) গ বাজ বাড়া, বজ হ, 10 be cut or n teled to crook n=indentation. Syn -(n) N teh jag bud by contract, indentuie.

Indentation, n मूनलकारण जगुरुक्तमत्र धारण्ड कीक বাধা পাস ভিজ A cut in the margin of paper or other things Syn -Notch, 11g, dent, dint, depres ion dimple

Indonture, in dentilr, n নিবস পত্ৰ, লিখিত চুক্তি প্ৰ চুত্তি, Ceremant contract - v t নিরম্ পদ দাবা আবন্ধ a lo bind by indentures -- F €16 To indent [ of dependence. adopendence, n वारीना , कारबा Ab ence Independent, n de p ndent, a नारीन, पडड़. त्र नामी, अञ्चलिन, निरातक Frec not depend nt, not ul ordinate —n প্রতীয় ধর্মসভাগায় रिर्नात्त्व व अद्व वांतों A con regationist ad = and pendently no independence, independency Syn -Unrelated unconnected unrestricted, t er self du cting, absolute, unconstrained, l 11 irre pectic of [to separate from ndopendent of কাৰিল পুখক Not subject idopen lently of - ath sir! Apart from ndescribable, in J' Irib i bl a अनिस्हिनीय. 19. . 5 4 1.17 That cannot be described. Sin — Incapes ble unu teral le meffat le Indostruct ble, in de strukte bl. a 四种的。 স্বিধা Noted trevalle. n=n ! structibility id in he uctly Sin -It prishable, indecompa which

Indeterminablo, in de ter mina bl. a. অধি শচত ভৰণা কৰিছা। Nt to be ascertan dorfixed aa- I te minally.

'nd sterminate, in-di termisat a অবিশ্চিত, ধনিং সভ অভিনিত Urcetain Syr -Indefinite not pre ise undeter i ich.

Indotermination, in d termin Tshun, n. (মলা) লাখিখন কবলা স্থায়, सन्तर हक्षत्र A v aver ng state of the mind, want of fixed de erm time

Indetermined, in he will mind a saless. व्यन्तिहे, छ न्त् In tiled

Index, in d! n | l i lice to show and. That which ponts out at wa or mainlests -wraga fill of contents of a book -धरिवनीं Pining lini -शन्कामत अक्रof sive its In With the exponent of a power - " The fore finger -v t To provide with or place in an indix pl=indexes, indu s Syn -(n) Pointci, hand, forc-finger, exponent

Indiaman, " क्र कार्ड A large ship in the East India trade -ভাতত্ত্তিৰ দহিত বাণিজাবত সুৰুদ্ধ স্থানপোত . A large ship employed in trade with India

Indian, indian a ভারতবর্ষীয়, ভারতীয়, আবে-विकात व्य निमनियांनी नवकाय, Belonging to the Indics Last or West or to the alongines of An crica -n Bigsain A native of India -आविकात आंत्रिमनिवानी, One of the aboriginal

inhabitants of America.

Indian corn, n. জনার ; ভুটা ; Maize.

Indian ink, n. ছাণাৰ কালি; আনা কালি; Ink for printing. [Caoutchouc. India rubber, Indian rubber, n. বৰাৰ; Indicate, inde-kāt, v. t. [L. in, and dicare, to proclaim] স্কলা-কু; আনা-কু; আনা-কু; স্বালন-কু; To show; to point out. Syn:—Denote, betoken, designate, signify, discover, manifest.

Indicative, a. অকাশক; স্চক; প্ৰদৰ্শক; বিজ্ঞাপক; Showing; pointing out; giving intimation of:
—in Gram. applied to the mood of the verb
which affirms or denies. ad=indicatively.

Indication, in-de-kā'shun, n. নিগণন; চিচ্ছ;
লক্ষণ; প্রদর্শন; প্রনর্শন; Mark; token; symptom;
that which indicates. Syn:—Sign; manifestation, index, note, explanation.

Indicator, in-di-kn-tor, n. বয়বিশেষ; Instrument for ascertaining the pressure of steam.
a=indicatory.

Indicatory, a. প্ৰকাশক ; প্ৰদৰ্শক ; Showing.

Indiet, in-dit, v. t. [L. indicere, in-lictum, to proclaim] অভিযোগ-ক; জ্রীর বিচারে অপরাধ দ্বির-ক; Impeach; to charge with a crime formally or in writing, esp. by a grand jury. Syn:—Accuse, arraign, impeach; summon for trial.

Indictable, in-dika-bl a. অভিযোগাই ; অভি-যোজনীয় ; Liable to be indicted.

Indiction, n. কলটাটাইন কর্ত্তক প্রবর্ত্তিত পঞ্চদশ্বর্ধ চক্র; A cycle of fifteen years, instituted by Constantine the Great.

Indictment, in-ditment, n. অভিযোগ; লিখিভ অভিযোগ-পত্ত; Act of indicting or state of heing indicted; a formal charge of a grand jury; written accusation; accusation. Syn:—Impeachment, allegation.

Indifference, in-differens, n. উল্লা; উপ্লা; Apathy:—মধ্যতা, Neutrality —মধ্যেংগ; Passableness; mediocrity. Syn:—Carelessness, negligence, unconcern, disregard, apathy, insensibility, impartiality, disintere-tedness; unimportance, insignificance, triviality.

Indifferent, in-dit'er-ent, a. উদাসীন ; কার্থপুজ ; বিরপেজ ; Apathetic ; unconcerned ; disinterested :—মধ্যস ; Neutral :—মধ্যস ; মধ্যসক ; Of a middle quality. n=indifference, indifferency. Syn:—Impartial, unbiased, disinterested ; unmoved, unconcerned, all the same ; tolerable, middling, ordinary, so-so. [ of ; inattentive to. Indifferent to—কোন বিষয়ে উদাসা; Regardless Indifferently, ad. উদাসীনহাবে; মধ্যসকপে; বির-পেক্তাবে; In an indifferent manner; tolerably; impartially.

Indifferntism, ন. উদাসীস্ত ; নিঃস্লার্কতা ; State of indifference ; unconcern.

Indigence, in'de-jens, n. দারিক্য; নিংশতা; কাৰ্যভাষ, Poverty; penury. Syn:—Penury, destitution, need, pauperism.

Indigenous, in-difen-us, a. [ L. in, and gignere, to beget ] অবেশজ ; অবেশজাত ; কেনীর ; Native ; not exotic.

Indigent, in'de-jent, a. महिला; मीन ; कीनिकाहीन ;

Poor; needy. Syn:—Straitened, necessitous, distressed.

Indigested, in-di-jes'ted, c. অজীৰ্ ; Not digested:—বিশ্বনা পূৰ্বক বিশ্বত ; অন্ত্ৰিত ; Not methodised ; unarranged.

Indigestible, in-di-jest'i-bl, a. অপাচা; অপচনীর; ফুলচা; অনীর্ণ; Not casily digested, ad—indigestibly.

Indigestion, in-de-jest'yun, n. মুলায়ি; স্বাহীণ্ডা; অপাক; Want of digestion. Syn:—Dyspepsia, difficult digestion.

Indignant, in-dig'nant, a. [L. in, not, dignus, worthy] কুন্ধ; কুপিড; Affected with anger and disdain. ad=indignantly. Syn:—Exasperated, wrathfu', angry, provoked, incensed, wroth.

Indignation, in-dig-náshun, n. জোধ; অবজা-মিশ্রিত জোধ; বিবেষ; Anger mixed with contempt. Syn:—Ire, wrath, fury, rage, exasperation.

Indignity, in-dig'ne-te, n. অপ্যান; অনুক্ত থবজা; Contumely insult. Syn:—Affront, injury, contumely, outrage, slight, disrespect, dishonour, abuse.

Indigo, in'di-go, a. [ L. indicus, Indian ] নীল; নালরভ্; A dye plant; deep blue.

Indirect, in-de-rekt', a. বস্তু, প্রেক্ত : Not direct :
—আসং : অসরস ; Not straightforward or honest.
n=indirectness. ad = indirectly. Syn :—Oblique,
circuitous, crooked round about ; collateral,
inferential . unfair, dishonest.

Indiscernible, in-dis-sern'e-bl, a. অসুগ্ৰ; অপ্তাক; অজ্ঞা; Not perceptible. ad=indiscernibly. Syn — Inticible, imperceptible, undiscernible, indistinguishable. [ rable. Indiscoverable, a. আন্ত্ৰিক্ৰীয়; Not discove-

Indiscoverable, a. অনা। বছরণীয়; Not discove-Indiscreet, in-dis-krēt', a. [ L. in, and discretus.] আব্বেচিক: অব্যক্তিক; Imprudent; injudicious. n=indiscreetness. ad=indiscreetly. Syn.—Inconsiderate, foolish, reckless, rash, hasty; incautious, heedless.

Indiscretion, in-dis-kreshun, n. অবিবেচনা; ইকাৰিড!; অবিষ্যাকালিড!; অনভিজ্ঞতা; Rashness; an indiscreet act. Syn:—Imprudence, inconsiderateness, recklessness; mistake, error.

Indiscriminate, in-dis-krinfin-at, a. এবো-মেলা; বাংদকারা; বিশুসা; Undistinguishable; confused; promiscuous. ad=indiscriminately. Syn:—Mixed, mingled.

Indispensable, m-dis-pensi-bl, a. অৱ্যাবগুক; নিভান্ত আবগুক; Absolutely necessary. n=in-dispensableness. ad=indispensably.

Indispensable to—ৰত্যাবগুক; Absolutely necessary to.

Indispose, in-dis-poź, v. t. অযোগ্য-কু; অনিজ্ঞা উৎপানন-কু; To render unfit or unsuited. Syn:— Disorder slightly; disincline, render averse. Indisposed, in-dis-pozd, a. আনিজু; বিরক্ত; প্রবৃত্তিগন:—Averse; disinclined:—কিঞ্চিৎ অস্থ ; Slightly disordered in health. n=indisposedness. Indisposition, in-dis-po-zishun, n. অনিজ্ঞা; প্রবৃত্তি; Disinclination:—অন অসুস্থা; Slight illness. Syn:—Aversion, unwillingness, dislike; sickness, disorder, ailment, Indisputable, in-dis put-a-bi, a. নির্কিবাদ; ব্রাথারিড; নিক্তম; অপ্রতিবাদ-বোল্য; Undeniable; certain; unquestionable. n=indisputableness. ad=indisputably. Syn:—Incontestable, unquestionable, incontrovertible irrefragable, indubitable.

Indissoluble, in-dig'sol-u-bl, a. [ I.. in, not, dis, apart, and solvere, to loose ] অবিষয়ে; অবজ্যে ; অবজ্যে ; চিনহারী; That cannot be broken or violated; inseparable; binding for ever. n—indissolubleness, indissolubility. ad=indissolubly. Syn:—Indissolvable, indestructible; perpetually binding, inviolable. Indistinct, in-dis-tingkt, a. [L. in, and distinctus, to separate] অবিজিপ্ত; অব্ভ: Confused; not distinct. n=indistinctness. ad=indistinctly. Syn:—Undefined, undistinguishable, confused; dim, faint, imperfect; uncertain, doubtful. vague, ambiguous.

Indistinguishable, in-dis-ting gwish-a-bl, a. অপ্রিচেন্স; অবিভেন্স; Not distinguishable. ad = indistinguishably.

Indito, in-dit, v. t বচনা-ক ; সেখা ; To compose, to write. ns=inditer, inditement. Syn:—Dictate ; compose, write, pen.

Individual, in-de-vidu al, a. [L. in, not, and dividuus, divisible] বিশেষ; এক; অবিভাষা; অভিভাষা; অভিভাষা; অভিভাষা; অভিভাষা; অভিভাষা; অভিভাষা কাৰা ....... ১ নৈক বাজি, আছিলী বাজি; একটি শীব বা লগা; A single person, animal, plant or thing Syn—Separate, one, personal, singular, distinctive, special, peculiar, characteristic.

Individualiso, in-di-vida-al-īz, v. t. বিশেষ-কৃ; এবটি বাছিঘা লওয়া, প্রভেদ-কৃ; To particularise; mark with individual features. n=individualication.

Individualism, m-di-vidu-al-izm, n. ৰাজিক, বাজিপ বাৰ্থেৰ প্ৰতি দৃষ্টি, The state of regard to andividual interests instead of society at large. Individuality, in-di-vid-u-alit-i, n. বাজিপত ভাৰ, পাৰ্থকা; ৰাত্যা; Distinctive character; individual or separate existence.

Individuate, in-di-vidu-at, v. t. পৃথক-ক; অন্তিটা-ক; To make single. n=individuation. Indivisiblo, in-de-viz'ibl, a. অবিভালা; Undividable:—n. ক্ষেত্ৰম গণিতলাপি; An indefinitely small quantity. n=indivisibleness ad=indivisibly. Indocile, in-do'sil, a. অপিক্ষিণ; অদম্য; Unteachable; intractable. n=indocility.

Indoctrine, in-doktrin, v. t. [L. in. into, doctrino, doctrine] সংস্থাৰ করিয়া কেবরা; শিক্ষা-নে; To imbue with a doctrine; to instruct; teach. n=indoctrination.

Indolence, indo-lens, n. [L. in, and dolere, to feel pain] আবসা; অবসতা; Ilabitual idleness; indisposition to labour. Syn:—Laziness, sluggishness, sloth, inactivity, inertness.

Indolent, indo-lent, n. [l.. in, not, dolco, to suffer pain] অসম; l.azy; slothful. n=indolence ad=indolently. Syn:—ldlc, sluggish, listless, incrt.

Indomitable, in-domit-a-bl, a. [L. in, not, domo, to tame] অপ্যা; অবাধ্যা; Not to be subdued; untamable. ad=indomitably. Syn:—Untamable, invincible, unconquerable, unviciding.

Indorse, in-dors, v. t. [L. in, and dorsum, the back] পুঠে দত্তগত-কৃ; পৃঠলেশে লিবিয়া দেওৱা; Write upon the back; transfer a bill:—অনুমোদন-কৃ; To sanction. n—indorser. Syn:—Superscribe; sanction, approve, confirm, ratify.

Indorsee, in-dor-se', n. হতী প্ৰভৃতির পূঠে বাহার নামে বরাত লিখিয়া দেওবা হয়; The person to whom a bill &c. is assigned by indorsement.

Indorsement, in-dorsment, n. হণ্ডী প্ৰভৃতিৰ পূৰ্তদেশে লিখন বা লিখিত ব্যাত; পৃষ্টে দ্বাৰত; The act
of writing on the back of a bill &c. in order
to transfer it; that which is written on a bill:
—সাবাৰ করণ; অবুমোনন; Sanction or support
given to any thing. [Certain: not doubtful.
Indubious, indu'bi-us, a. নিশ্চিত; অসান্ধির;
Indubitable, in-dubit-a-bl, a. [L. in, not,
dubito, to doubt] নিশ্চিত; অবধান্তিত; অসান্ধির;
অসনিধ্য: Unquestionable; certain. a = indubitableness. ad = indubitably. Syn:—Incontrovertible, incontestable, indisputable, undeniable, irrefragable.

Induce, in-dus, v. t. [L. in, and ducere, to lead] প্রত-ক. প্রপত্তি-ক; To prevail on; to persuade:—উৎপাদন-ক; To cause. n=inducer. Syn:—Influence, actuate, prompt, move, instigate, urge, impol, incite, press; effect, produce; exhibit, introduce.

Inducement, m-dūśment, n. প্রনোচন ; প্রবর্তনা ; প্রবর্তনা ; প্রসঙ্গ ; Temptation. Syn :—Motive, consideration, cause, reason, incitement, incentive. Inducible, a. প্রবর্তনান ; অনুমেন ; Capable of being induced.

Induct, in-dukt, v. t. সমানীত বা সমুপন্থিত-কু;
ধশ্বমাজকীয় বৃজ্ঞাদির অধিকারী-কু; To bring in, as to
a benefice or office, introduce; instal. n=
inductor.

Inductilo, a অত'ন্তৰ; Capable of being drawn out into wire or threads. n=inductility.

Induction, in-dul'shun, n. অনুমান; পদ বিশেষে স্থাপন, যাভকীয় বৃত্তি প্রদান; The act or process of reasoning from particulars to generals. a= inductional. Syn:—Introduction, installation, inauguration, institution, conclusion, inference; inductive method.

Inductive, in-duktiv, a. প্ৰবৰ্ত ; অনুমানজনক ; নিৰমানুমানজনক : Leading to inferences ; reasoning from particulars to generals. ad—inductively.

Indue, in-du', v. f. [L. induo, induere, to put on ] পরিধান-কু; ভূষিত-কু; বোগান; প্রদান-কু; To invest or clothe with; to furnish; to supply. n=inducement. Syn:—Endow, supply with, endue; clothe, invest.

Indulgo, in-dulf, v. t. তৃষ্ট-কু; প্ৰায়ৰ-কে; অসু-মতি-কে; সংযত না করা; To graufy, cherish, foster; to yield, to allow: -v. t. আপনাকে চলিতে দেওৱা; বশীভূত-হ, সাসক-হ, To give one-elf up to; to practise a forbidden or questionable act without restraint. n=indulger. Syn:—Concede, allow, permit; harbour, yield to, favour, humour, spoil, pamper.

Indulge in—কুজিয়া বা অসং বিবরে আসক হওয়া:
Give oneself up to (some evil course):—বাহা
ভাল নহে এমন বিবরে রত থাকা; Give free course to.
Indulgence, in-duljens, n. প্রদাদ; Favour
granted:—আসকি; Gratification:—কমা; প্রথম
দান; Forbearance of restraint or control; permission:—পাপ হইতে কমা; পাপের বস্তু মও কমা;
Remission of temporil punishment for sins,
supposed to save the sinner from purgatory.
Syn:—Humouring, pampering; favour,
liberality, lenity, kindness, tenderness, absolution, remission, pardon.

Indulgent, in-duljent, n. [1. in, towarls, and dulcis, sweet] অমুকা: কমাণীল; প্রায় : প্রায়ণতা; অকটোর; Compliant; kind; not severe; humouring; not severe. ad=indulgently. Syn:—Yielding, gratifying, favouring, lenient, forbearing, liberal, tender, mild, favourable.

Indurate, indu-rat, v. t. [L. in, in, duro, to harden—durus, hard] কটিন-কু; To harden; to deprive of sensibility:—v. i. কটিন-হ; To grow to hard; to harden:—n কটিন-ছ; Hardened n=induration. Syn:—Render unfeeling, make obdurate.

Induration, n. কাঠিছ. Act of hardening or process of growing hard:—কাঠিছ; Stiffness, want of pliancy.

Indusial, a. প্রস্তরীভূত-কীটাও গঠিত: Composed Industrial, in-du-'tri-al, a শিল্পতাত জ্বা;দি প্রস্তৃত করণে নিবৃক্ত: শ্রমণ্ডাত্ত; শ্রমণ; Employed in manufacture... [dustrial pursuits.

Industrialism, n. প্রাক্তবার, Devotion to in-Industrious, in-dustre-us, a. পরিপ্রান ; কর্মী; কর্মীর; কর্মীর; কর্মীর; কর্মীর; অধ্যবদায়ী; Diligent; laborious, ad= industriously. Syn:—Assiduous, active, steady, busy, sedulous.

Industry, indus-tri, n. পরিশ্রম, শ্রমণীলতা; অধ্যবস্থায়; Habitual diligence; assiduity.

Indwelling, indwelling, a. ভিতরণাদী, নধান্তিত Dwelling within:—n. ভিতরে বাদ; মধ্যে বাদ, Residence within or in the heart or soul; interior abode.

Inebriate, in-C'bre-At, v. t. [L. in. and ebrio, to make drunk—ebrius, drunk] মাডাল-কু; মন্ত-কু, To intoxicate.— কিন্তুকু; উত্তেজিত-কু; To make furious or frantic to animate.

Inebriation, in-ড-bri-ন'shun, Inebrity, in-cbri'e-ti, n. মাতলামি, সুরামত্তা ; Intoxication ; drunkenness. [published. Inedited, a. অম্ক্রিড ; অগ্লারিড ; Not edited ; un-

Ineffable, in-effa-bl, a. [1. in, not, effor, to speak, to utter] অকথনীয : অকথা . আনুর্ক্তনীয় ; Unspeakable. ad—ineffably. n=ineffableness. Syn:—Unutterable, indescribable.

Ineffaceable, in-ef-নিঠa-bl, a. যাহা মুছিয়া কেলা বায় বা ; অনোচ্য ; অনপনের , Not capable of being nubbed out. ad=ineffaceably

Inoffective, in-ci-lektiv, a. निक्न ; बक्शिक्त ;

অক্ররা ; Inefficient ; useless. ad = ineffectively Syn :—Inefficacious, fruitless, weak, inoperative, futile.

Ineffectual, in-ef-fektu-al, a. 1979; Fruitless. ad=ineffectually, n=ineffectualness.

Inefficacious, in-ef-fi-kā'shus, a. নিৰুল; বাৰ্থ, আৰাজিত ফলদানাক্ষ; Not having power to produce an effect, ad = inefficaciously.

Inefficacy, in-el'fi-ka-si, n. নির্দেশকা নিক্তরা; ফলদানে অক্ষতা; Want of power to produce an effect.

Inefficient, in-ef-fishe-ent, a. কাৰ্যাকৰ; আকা; effecting nothing:—আদক; আকা; Not expert; incapable. n⇒inefficiency. (বিকলতা); ad=inefficiently. Syn:—Inefficacious, incompetent, unfit, incapable, feeble, impotent, weak.

Inelegance, in-ele-gans, Inelegancy, inele-gan-si, n. অবাৰণা; সৌৰ্থাণ্ডভা; চাক্চিক্-হীনতা; Want of beauty or polish.

Inelegant, in-cle-gant, a. অহন্দর: সৌন্ধাপ্ত; চাক্িকাহীন; অনুবন্ধুত; Not elegant. ad - in-clegantly.

Ineligible, in-eli-ji-bl, a. নিৰ্মাচনেৰ অৱপৰ্ক ; অনিকাচনীয় ; Not eligible. n=ineligibility. ad=ineligibly. | not persuasi

Ineloquent, a. অবাকপটু, অপ্রবন্ধ , Not fluent ; Inept, in-ept', a. [L. in, not, and aptus, fit] অদক ; অনোগা; অপ্রপরোধী , নির্থক , Not apt or fit ad=ineptly. n=ineptitude. Syn:—Unfit, unsuitable, improper, inappropriate; foolish, silly, non-ensical.

Inoptitude, in-cpte-tid, n. অনুপারতা; The quality of being mept Syn:—Unfitness, unsuitableness; foolishness, non-ense.

Inequality, in-r-kwofe-te, n. অসমতা ; ভিন্নতা ; বৈশমা ; Want of equality ; desimilarity — অনেগাত!, আপ্রথমেণ্ডিড়া, Incompetency — ৰজ্বতা ; Unevenness Syn:—Disparity, difference diversity. [ অস্তাহণৰ ; Not just ; unjust. Inequitable, n-ckwi-ta-bl, a. স্তাহণাৰ নহে ; Ineradicable, a. অনুস্থানীৰ ; Not capable of being rooted out. ad = incradicably.

Inort, in-cit, [L. in, not, and are, artis, art]
জড়; নিজিয়, নিশান; মন্তুর, নিশেষ্ট; Inactive; slow; unable to move itself, sluggish:—আকম; Powerless. n=incrtness. ad=inertly. Syn:—Lifeless, dead; dull, torpid, sluggish, slothful, idle, lazy.

Inertia, in-ci'shi-a, n. জড়তা; বে গুণে কোৰ বন্ধ নমভাবে থাকে; জড়ত্ব; নিশ্চেষ্টতা; Inactivity; property of continuing in the same state of motion or rest. [essential or necessary.

Inessential, in-cs-schshal, a. জনাব্যক; Not Inestimable, in-c-tim-a-bl, a. জনুলা; বংমুলা; Priccless; invaluable; incalculable, ad inestimably.

Inevitable, in-evit-a-bl, a. [L. in, not, evitabilis, avoidable—evito, to avoid] অপারহার্য; অসম; Unavoidable; 'resistable; necessary. n -meyitable.ness. ad=inevitably.

Inexact, in-rgz-akt, a. অটক; অবপাৰ্ব; অনিৰ্ভুল; Not exact; incorrect n=inexactness. Inexcusable, in-eks-kūźa-bl, a. अक्यनीय; अग्राज्योव; अग्रानीय; Not instifiable; unpardonable. n=inexcusableness. ad=inexcusably. Syn: —Indefensible, unjustifiable.

Inexhausted, in-egz-hawsted, a. অক্লান্ত; জনিঃ-নেবিক ; জন্মন্ত ; Not exhausted ; not spent.

Inexhaustible, in-egz-hawsti-bl, a. অকর;
অনিংশ-বিশীয়; Unfailing; not to be exhausted or
spent. n=inexhaustiblity. ad=inexhaustibly.

Inexorable, in-eksor-a-bl, a. [L.in, not, and ex, and oro, to entreat, from os, oris, the mouth] নিৰ্দিষ; কঠিন; অনস্থাময়; অপনিবৰ্ধনান; Unyielding; unrelenting; unalterable; unchangeable. n=inexorableness, inexorability. ad=inexorably. Syn:—Implacable, merciless, pitiless.

Inexpedient, in-eks-pē'de-ent, a. অসুবিধাজনক; অয়ৌক্তিক, অয়োগা; অসুপথোগী; Inconvenient; unfit. n=inexpedience, inexpediency. ad=inexpediently. Syn:—Unadvisable, undesirable, improper, disadvantageous. ∫ ses.

Inexpensive, a. ব্যৱ্যসাধা; Of slight expen-Inexperience, in-eks-pe're-ens, n. ব্যৱজ্ঞা; ভূমোৰপিডাভাব; Want of experience. Syn:— Ignorance, unfamiliarity, rawness, greenness.

Inexperienced, in-cks-pe'ri-enst, a. অন্ডিজ; অণ্টু; অনত্যস্ত; Unskilled; unpractised.

Inexpert, in-eks-pert, a. অনিপুৰ; অপটু; Unskilled; unskilful. n=inexpertness.

Inexpiable, in-eks'pi-a-bl, a. অমার্কনীয়; প্রাথ-কিব্রানীত; Unatonable; admitting of no atonement. n=inexpiableness. ad=inexpiably.

Inexplicable, in-eks'ph-ka-bl, a. অব্যাধ্যানীয়; অবাধ্যার, বাধ্যাতীত; ছুর্কোধা; Unexplainable, unintelligible. n=inexplicability; mexplicableness, ad=inexplicably. [Not clear. Inexplicit, in-eks-phs'it, a. অপষ্ট; অবিশ্বন, Inexpressible, in-eks-pres'e-bl, a. অনিক্চনীয়; অবশ্বায়; অবশ্ব

Inexpressive, in-cks-pres'iv. a আলাই; আন্থ-আকাশক, Not expressive or significant. n = inexpressiveness.

Inextinguishable, in-eks-ting'guish-a-bl, [L. in, and extinguere, to put out ] a. অনি-র্কাপনীয়, Unquenchable; indestructible. ad = inextinguishably.

Inextricable, in-eks'tti-ka-bl, a. অবোচনীয়:
অলুমোচনীয়; Not to be disentangled, ad=inextricably.

fnfallible, in-fal'e-bl, a. আনাৰ; নিকিত: অকাট্য; Not liable to error; uncring, certain. ad=infallibly. n=infallibility. Syn:—Certain, sure, unfailing, trustworthy.

Infamous, in'fa-mus, a. [L. in, and fama, report] অগ্ৰণভাজন; অপ্ৰশ্বী; গাণী; মুণিত, অঙাইিকর; অপ্ৰানহনক; নামজাগ মুই, Disgraceful; publicly brandad with a crime; notoriously vile. ad=infamously. Syn:—Disreputable, shameful, ignominious, base, scandalous, notoriously, vile, odious, detestable.

Infamy, in'ia-mi, a. অপবৃদ; প্ৰকান্ত অপনান; অকীৰ্ত্তি; অধ্যাতি; ক্ৰয়াতি; জব্যতা; Public disgrace; extreme vileness.

Infancy, in'fan-se, n. শিত অবস্থা; নাবালক; শৈশৰ; নাবালক্য; Childhood;—এথনাবস্থা; The beginning of any thing. Syn:—Babyhood; nonage, minority; beginning, commencement, first stage.

Infant, infant, n. [ L. in, not, and fani, to speak ] শিশু: নাবালক; Babe; person under age;—a. শিশু সম্বন্ধীয়, শৈশ্য; কোমল; Belonging to infants or to infancy; intended for infants.

Infanta, ম. উত্তরাধিকাদিনী ভিত্র স্পেন ও পর্ত্ত্যালের রাজার অপর কন্থা; Any daughter of kings of Spain and Portugal, except the heiress-apparent.

Infanto, in-fa i'ta, n. উজ রাছার অপর পুত্র ৷
Infanticide, in-fant'i-sid, n. [ L. infans, infact, and caedo, to kill ] পিত হতা বা হতাকারী :
Child murder or murderer. a=infanticidal.

Infantile, in'fant-il, Infantine, in'-fant-in, a. বালকসম্বন্ধীয়, বৈশব; Pertaining to infancy or to an infant. Syn:—Childish, young, tender, immature, childlike.

Infantry, in'fant-ri, n. [It. infante, fante, a child, servant, a foot-soldier] প্ৰাতিক দৈয়; .
Foot-soldiers.

Infatuate, in-fat'u-āt, v. t. [L. in, and fatuus] খোহিত-কৃ; হতবুদ্ধি-কৃ; জানহীন-কৃ; নির্মোধ-কৃ; মৃথ-কৃ; To make foolish, to stupefy; to inspire with an extravagant or foolish passion. a=infatuated (foolish); n=infatuation. Syn:—Besot, stupefy, stultify, craze; mislead, delude. Infatuate, a. জানহীন; হতবুদ্ধি; Infatuated; foolish.

Infect, in-fekt', v. t. [L. in, and facere, to make] দ্বিত-ক; দ'কামিত-ক; বিবাজ-ক; Taint; communicate disease, corrupt. Syn:—Poison, vitiate, pollute, defile, contaminate, affect, corrupt.

Infection, in-fek'shun, n. সংক্রমণ; সংক্রামক বোগ; দ্বিতকারক; Act or process of infecting; that which taints, poisons, vitiates, pollutes, defiles. Syn:—Contagion, infecting influence, contamination, taint, pest, poison.

Infectious, in-fek'she-us, Infective, in-fek'tiv, a. সাংকাদিক; সংকাদক; দ্বিতক্রণক্ষ; Corrupting; apt to spread. n=infectiousness. ad=infectiously. Syn:—Contagious, catching, pestilential, pestiferous, contaminating, corrupting, defiling, polluting.

Infelicitious, in-fe-lis'i-tus, a. অহণী; অভাগ্য; অন্তৰ্জনক: Unhappy; not felicitous.

Infelicity, in-fc-lis'i-ti, n. অহথ; রেণ; ছর্বাধা; অনামুক্লা; Unhappiness; misery; misfortune; unfavourableness.

Infer, in-fer', v. t. [ L. in, and ferre, to carry ] অসুমান-কু; সিছান্ত-কু; To deduce; to guess; to imply. Syn:—Gather, draw from, conclude, consider probable.

Infer from—কোন পূৰ্বপ্ৰসক হইতে অনুমান-কৃ; অনুভৱ বারা কোন সিকাতে উপনীত হওয়া; Derive or arrive at a conclusion from. Inferable, in-fer'a-bl, Inferible, in-fer'i-bl, a. अनुरक्त ; आंचुमानिक ; That may be deduced ; inferential.

Inferable

Inference, in'fer-ens, n. अवसान : निकांच ; উপপত্তি: ক্স : Corollary ; conclusion ; deduction. a. अनुमानत्यांत्रा : infer-enshal, Inforential, अनुवानिष्य: Deduced or deducible. ad=inferentially.

Inferior, in-fe're-er, a. [L. inferus, below] কুছতর; নিম্নতর; নিকুইতর; সৌণ: Lower; subordinate; secondary:--n. অপেকাকৃত নীচ লোক: নিমপদ্ধ ব্যক্তি; One in a lower rank. Syn :--(a) Underneath; subsidiary; poor, indifferent.

Inferior to (one) in-কোন বিশল্প কাহারও অপেকা निकृष्टे ; Below one in rank, value or excellence. Inferiority, in-fe-ri-or'i-ti, ন. কুদ্ৰত; নিকুইতা; নিমতা ; A lower position in any respect.

Infernal, in-fer'nal, a. [ F. from L. infernus. that which lies beneath ] नांद्रकीष्ठ ; नदकमपून ; পৈশাচিক ; Devilish ; hellish. Syn :- Tartarean, Stygian, satanic, diabolical, fiendish, malicious Infortile, in-fer'til, a. উপর : অপুর্বরা ; Not productive : unfruitful. n = infertility.

Infortility, n. উদ্বতা; অনুসরতা; Unproductive ess; barrenness, unfruitfulness, sterility Infest, in-fest', v. t. [L. infestus, hostile] উত্তাক-कु ; वित्रकु-कृ : तिष्टे-कृ ; अवतान-कृ ; ज्ञान (म अयो . 'To disturb ; trouble greatly ; harass :- नमना नयन-F; Haunt. Syn:-Annoy, pester, tease. plague, molest.

Infidel, infe-del, a. [ L. in, not, fidelis, faithful -fides, faith ] नाडिक, व्यविचामी; (श्रीडिमिक; Unbelieving ; sceptical ; heathen :- n. नानिक ; व्यविश्वामी त्नांक: Unbeliever, Syn:-Unbeliever, sceptic, free-thinker, atheist.

Infidelity, in-fe-dele-te. n. নাবিকতা ; অবিধান . Unbelievingness; unbelief .-বিশাসহীনতা: विवाजवाजक : प्रक्रियापि बादा विवाह-निग्रस्मत विकाकाहत . Unfaithfulness, especially to the marriage contract :-- বিশাস্থা ভকতা; Treachery. Syn :--Scepticism; faithlessness, unfaithfulness.

Infilter, v. ड्रांकिया लंड , To filter or sift on. Infiltrate, in-filtrat, v. t. fest बाजा व्यान-कृ To filter in, or through the pores. n=infiltration. Infiltration, ж. हिट्डिय चित्र मिया व्यवननां व ভাহার धार्गाली ; The act or process of infiltrating. Infinite, infin-it, a. [L. in, and finitus, ppr

of finire, to bound] অদীম; অনন্ত; E dless, boundless :- n. ইশব ; অন্যদেব . The Almighty ; the Infinite Being or God. ad=infinitely. Syn -(a) Immeasurable, illimitable, interminable, limitless, unbounded, immense, enormous, vast, stupendous.

Infinitesimal, in-fin-it-eze-mal, a. অভি কৃত্ৰ; অপরিমেয় কৃত্ৰ; I finitely small:—n. অপরিমেয় क्रावाणि ; An infinitely small quantity. ad=infinitesimally. Syn :- Inappreciable, microscopic, atomic.

Infinitive, in-fifit-iv, a. অসীম; অসংযত; অসমা-পিকা কিয়া, Unlimited; not restricted; the mood of the verb which expresses the idea without limitation to person or number. administively.

Infinitude, in-fihi-tud, n. क्लीवड ; क्लीवड ; অনম্বত ; অগণ্যসংখ্যা ; Immensity ; boundlessness. Infinity, in-fini-ti, n. अभीयत ; अमारत ; अमीया ; Unlimited extent or number.

Infirm, in-ferm, a. [L. in, and firmus stable] प्रकात ; क्या ; शीनवत ; अक्ष : नामर्वाशीन : कीनमना ; Feeble; weak; irresolute; imbecile. Syn:— Debilitated, sickly, enfeebled, failing; decrepit, lame ; imbecile.

Infirmary, in-fermar-i, n. कर्यवाद्यमः किक्श्मावदः कशावात ; Hospital for the infirm.

Infirmity, in-ferme-te, n. (मोद्देश) ; क्रवेनकां ; (मोव : কুটি; সামৰ্থাহীনতা; Defect; failing; imbecility; weakness. Syn :- Debility, feebleness, decay, decrepitude; disease, malady, failing, fault, foible, defect, imperfection.

Infix, in-fik's, v. t. [ L. in, and figere, to fix ] পোতা; প্রোণিত-কু; Fix in; drive or fasten in: -বন্ধাৰ-ক : দুচ্স'ব্য-ক : To implant or fix, as principle thoughts, instruction. Syn :- Insert, inoculate, introduce, set. place.

Inflame, in-flam, v. t. II. in, and flamare, to flame] প্রদালত-কু; To cause to burn, to set on fire:-- प्रेडिंग 5-कृ: निकड-कृ; To excite, to exasperate ; to increase :-- খ. i. উত্তপ্ত-হ ; কেশকর-হ ; To become hot and painful :- - - ₹ ; To become angry. Syn :- Kindle, heat ignite; provoke, fire, incense, enrage, anger, rouse, madden, infu iate.

Inflammable, in-flama-bl, a महन्त्रीय : परमीय : म'का ; शक्तनीय ; Capable of being set on fire ; combustible ad =inflammably. n=inflammability Syn :- Ea ily kindled; quick, irascitle, choleric, passionate.

Inflammation, in-flam-त'shun, म. दोन्ह , क्यान : গ্ৰহণ ; প্ৰকোপ ; Red swelling, heat of a part of a body with prin and swelling :- Bullet উত্তেজনা; Violent excitement.

Inflammatory, in-flama-tor-e, a अन्दर्भन्य : श्रमाञ्चारशामक : अञ्चलननीप : Tending to inflame : —উত্তেহক, Exciting; seditious. Syn:-Inflaming, fiery

Inflato, in-flat, v. t [I. in, and flare, to blow] वानुभून-क ; क्षीज-क ; To swell with air , to puff up. n=i flation. ad-inflatingly. Syn :- Distend, expand, blow up , enlarge, increase ; elate.

Inflation, in-fla'shun, n. This; Act of inflating. Syn: - Distension; expansion; puffness, swelling; increase, enlargement; mental elation, vanity, conceit.

Inflatus, in-flatus, n. erenter ; बखरद बांदू (धार) ; A power or breathing into : inspiration.

Infloct, in-flekt, v. t. [L. in, and flectere, to bend] নত-ক ; To bend ; turn :-- ক্লপ ক ; পদের অস্তাগ ক্লপাস্থবিত-কৃ; To vary the terminations : to decline :--(ধরের) পরিবর্ত্তিত-ক ; To modulate, as the voice. n=inflection. Syn :- Bow curve : decline, conjugate; modulate.

Inflection, n. ধাড়ু বা শব্দ সাধন ; আনতি ; প্ৰচ্যুতি : चरत्रत्र शतिवर्श्वन ; Declension, conjugation. a= inflectional. Syn :- Bend, bow, curve, flexure, crook; variation, modulation; diffraction,

Infloctive, in-flektiv, a. एक कवर्यका; शरिवर्डब-विण : Having the power of bending.

Inflexed, in-flekst, s. बानक ; मक , यह , यहोकूछ ; Bent ; turned.

Inflexible, in-flekie-bl, a. অবানীর; আননা; জ্বনার; জ্বনার; জ্বনার; জ্বনার ; আচending; unbendable. ns = inflexibility, inflexibleness. ad=inflexibly. Syn:—Rigid, stiff; stubborn, firm, resolute, persevering, unchangeable.

Inflexion, Same as Inflection. [or fold. Inflexure, in-fleksur, n. জাড়; আনতি; A bend Inflict, in-flikt, v. t. [L. in, and fligere, to strike] আমোন ; আমোন ; To lay or send on; to impose, as a punishment; cause to bear, suffer, apply; impose. n = inflection.

Inflict on or upon—क्विविधान-कृ ; Impose punishment :—क्विविधान किह्न कविधा कोशांक कहे (प्रविधा) ;

Trouble one with.

Infliction, দ. আবোগ বা প্রবোগ ; The act of inflicting or imposing :—বিহিত **ৰঙ** ; The punishment applied. [ able to inflict.

Inflictive, in-fliktiv, a. প্রয়োগকৰ; Tending or Inflorescence, in-flor-chens, n [L. infloresce, to begin to blossom] পুলিভাবয়; প্লাবিকাশ প্রালী; Flowering; unfolding of blossoms.

Influence, influence, et. [ L. in, into, and fluo, to flow ] পৰিচানকম শক্তি; পৰিচানক শক্তি; পৰিচানক শক্তি; পৰিচানক শক্তি; Impulsive or directing power:—কমতা; প্ৰভাব; প্ৰভুত; Authority; power:—প্ৰতিঠা; Distinction:—v. t. প্ৰিচালিভ-কৃ: বিচলিভ-কৃ: To affect; to move; to direct:—প্ৰভুক; To induce:—শাসন-কৃ: To control. Syn:—(n.) Sway, authority, control, agency. (v) Lead, control, sway, bias, impel, instigate, persuade, incite, rouse, work on.

Influential, in-flu-chshe-al, a. অভিগণিছ; ক্ষতাৰালী; প্ৰভূত্ৰারী; ক্ষতাৰিতারী; Having influence or power over. ad=influentially. Syn:
—Potent, forcible, powerful, controlling, guiding, leading.

Influenza, in-floo-enza, ন. সংকাৰক কটকৰ নেমাৰত্ৰ বিশেষ ; ব্যাপক সন্ধি ; Epidemic catarrh.

Influx, influks, n. [L. influere, influxum, to flow in] অবৰ্ধাই ; স্থান ; আগন ; Act of flowing in ; infusion :— গল ; Crowd. Syn :—Infusion, intromission, introduction.

Infold, in-fold, v. t. আর্ড-কু; জড়ান; To wrap or wrap up; inwrap:—পরিবেটিড-কু; আলিক্স-কু; To involve; to embrace.

Inform, in-form, v. f. জাত-কু; জাপ্ৰ-কু; বুলা;
To acquaint; to impart knowledge to; to tell:
—স্বীৰ-কু; উজীবিত-কু; To animate:—v. i. স্থাদ(দ ; To give intelligence or information. Syn:
—Inspire, quicken; apprise, teach, instruct, enlighten; make known, tell, communicate.

Inform against ( one )—কাহারও বিরুদ্ধে গোরেকা-বিরিক্; Give intelligence of a breach of law made by. [ Acquaint one with.

Inform (one) of—কোন বিষয় কাহাকৈ অবগত-কু; Informal, in-formal, a. আবধ; বিশুখল; লনির-নিড; বিভূতাকার; Not in form; irregular. n = informality. ad = informality.

Informent, in-formant, s. sq ; विज्ञालक ; ज्ञालक ;

শংবাপদাতা ; One who informs or gives intelli-

Information, in-form-áshun, ল. বিজ্ঞাপন; Act of informing:—বার্ডা; সংবাদ; News:—জান; Knowledge:—বিচারাগরে আনীত অভিবাদ; An accusation exhibited to a court. Syn:—Intelligence, tidings, notice, advice; charge, accusation. Informer, in-former, n. বিবেশক; স্বোদেশা; One who informs or gives intelligence; a spy. Syn:—Informant; accuser, complainer.

Infraction, in-frak'shun, n. [L. in, and frango, fractus, to break] ভাষাৰণ ; সজ্জান; Breach; violation. Syn:—Infringement, breaking; nonfulfilment, transgression.

Infrangible, in-fran'ji-bl, a. আভলা; আভলনীয়; Incapable of bring broken:— মনজ্বনীয়; আব্দ্র-মতিপালা; Not to be violated.

'nfrequent, in-fre'kwent, a. বিরস; ছুৰ্ট:
আনাবারণ; Rare; uncommon. ad-infrequently.
n-infrequency.

Infringe, in-fring, v. t. [ L. in, and frangere, to break ] লজ্ম-ড়; অপ্রতিপালন-ড়; To violate, to transgress; to break. n = infringement (গজ্ম; Violation.) Syn:—Disobey; encroach on, trench upon.

Infringement, n. ভল; লহান; ব্যতিশানন; Breach; violation; non-fulfilment.

Infuriate, in-fu're-at, v. t. [L. in, and furiare, to enrage] কুৰ-ক; কিন্ত-ক; To enrage; madden:—a. কিন্ত; Enraged; mad. Syn:—Exasperate, incense.

Infuse, in-fu2, v.t. [L. in, and fundere, to pour] ঢানা; ঢালিয়া দেবলা; Pour in :—প্ৰিষ্ট করান; জনুপ্রবেশিড-কু; To instil; to inspire with:—মনে ঢোখান; জলীয় ক্রেন্য সিজ-কু; To steep in liquor without boiling. n=infusion. Syn:—(v.) Steep, soak, macerate; implant, ingraft, inspire, introduce, inculcate.

nfuse into—কাহাৰ মনে কোন ভাব বা গুণ প্ৰবিষ্ট কৰান; Put into; inspire one with:—বিশান; Pour or mix as a liquid.

Infusible, a. স্প্রেণীর; অনুষ্ণীর; Capable of being dissolved.

Infusion, n. অনুধ্রেণ ; কল্মেড ; Act of infusing. Syn:—Instillation, introduction, suggestion, inspiration; steeping, maceration; steeped liquor.

Infusoria, n. হল কীট; Larvæ of worms; microspic animalcules. a = infusorial, infusory.
Ingathering, ingäth-er-ing, n. সংগ্ৰহ; শস্যসংগ্ৰহ; কসস্কল; Gathering in; harvest.

Ingenious, in-jene-us, a. [L. ingenium, natural capacity] প্রবীণ; শিল্পী; উদ্ভাবনক্ষ; প্রতিতান্ত্রার ; উদ্ভাবনক্ষ; প্রতিতানক্ষর; উদ্ভাবনক্ষর ; বৃদ্ধিকৌশলমন্তর ; Inventive ; clever ; dexterous; witty, ad—ingeniously. Syn:—Gifted, able, shrewd, contriving, skilful, ready, apt.

Ingenuity, in-je-nu'e-te, ম. কৌশল; প্রতিভা, উল্লেখন বন্দক্তি; Dexterity; skill. Syn:—Inventiveness, ingeniousness, ability, skill, cleverness, aptitude, faculty, capacity, knack, gift, genius.

Ingenuous, in-jenu-us, a. সরল; অকপট; উলার; সুম্বার্ড; Frank; open; artless, honorable.

thing else.

maingenuousness. admingenuously. Syn:—Noble, generous; unreserved, plain; sincere, candid, fair.

Inglorious, in-glore-us, a. [L. in, and gloria, glory] অবপৰী; অসমানজনক; লজাকর; Not glorious; shameful. n=ingloriousness. ad=ingloriously. Syn:—Undistinguished, unknown, obscure, mean, low; disgraceful, ignominious, infamous.

Ingot, in got, n. ধাতুৰ পিও; ধনিক ধাতুপিও; A small mass or wedge of unwrought metal.

Ingraft, in-graft, v. i. কলম্-কৃ; এক পাছের ডাল জপর গাছে সংলগ্ন করিয়া কলম-কৃ; To insert the sprig of one tree into the stock of another .— জুচ্বজ-কৃ; লুচসংলগ্ন-কৃ; To fix deeply. n=ingraftment. Syn:—Graft; inplant, infix, instil, infuse, inculcate.

Ingraftment, n. कन्य कत्र ; शांदर कन्य . छाँडे फान ; The thing ingrafted , a scion.

Ingrain, in-gran, v. t. বৰ্-কৃ. আদিন অবস্থাৰ বৰ্-কৃ, Dye in the raw state:—পূচবদ্ধ-কৃ. পৃচকপে সংবাধ-কৃ; To infix deeply.

Ingrate, ingrat, a অনুচন্ত , কুডায়; Unthankful Ingratiate, in-gra'shi-at, v. t. [L. in, into, and gratia favour] অভ্যেব কুণা লাভ-কু; অভ্যেব অসু- প্রহালন-হ; Put in favour; recommend to kindness.

Ingratiate (oneself) with—কাহাৰত অধ্যয়ভাতন হলা; Gain the favour or good graces of (a person).

Ingratitude, in-graic-tud, n. অৰ্ডজাতা কুম্বা ; Unthankfulness ; want of gratitude Syn:—Ungratefulness, thankfulness.

Ingredient, in-grede-ent, n. [L. ingrediens, ppr. of ingredi, to enter] डेलागन, भाजिक भगर्थ. Component part of a compound body, material; element.

Ingress, ingres, n. প্রবেশ ; প্রবেশাধিকার ; প্রবেশ করিবার ক্ষমতা, অধিকার বা উপার , Entrance ; power, liberty or means of entrance or access. Syn .— Entry, entrance, access.

Inguinal, ing'gwin-al, a. [L. inquen, inguinis, the grain] ক্তৰা সংখ্যায়; Belonging to the grain.

Ingulf, in-gulf', v. t. বুৰ্ণান্ধলে আন-ক; সম্পূৰ্ণ আন-ক, উপনাগৰে নিকেপ-ক, To swallow up in or as in a vast deep, gulf or whirl pool; to cast into a gulf:—অভিভূত-ক; To overwhelm:—আন-ক, To swallow up. n=ingulfment.

Ingurgitate, in-gur'gi-tat, v. t. [ L. in, into, and gurges, a gulf ] আন-ক; উপরিকের ভার আন-ক.

To swallow up greedily, as in a gulf; to ingulf. Inhabit, in-habit, v. t. [L. in, and habitare, to dwell] বাস-ক; অধিকার-ক; To dwell in; abide; to occupy. Syn:—Tenant, possess, live in, reside.

[ may be inhabited.

Inhabitable, in habit-a bl. a. বাসবোগা: That Inhabitant, in-habit ant, n. অধিবাসী; নিবাসী; A resident; dweller. Syn:—Occupaut, tenant, residenter; citizen.

Thickly inhabited—जनाकी (।

Inhalation, n. बांब्र्टकांच मापा आंकर्तन, The act of

drawing into the lungs, as air, or fumes.

Inhale, in-hal, v. t. [L. in, and halo, to breathe] ৰাষ্ট্ৰেৰ বৰো আৰ্কণ করা: নিবান টানা;

To draw into the lungs; inspire; breathe in. n = inhalation. [A respirator.

Inhaler, n. যে নিবাস টানে; One who inhales:—
Inharmonious, in-har-mō'ne-us, a. বিষয়;
ভালনমুন্ত: ইতিকট্ট: অনুযান্য; Harsh; discordant, n=inharmoniousness. ad=inharmoniously. Syn:—Unmusical, discordant, unmelodious; incongruous, inconsistent, disagrecable.

Inhere, in-her', v. i. [L. in, and haereo, to stick] স্কুলপে বাকা; স্কুলপাৰা সংলগ্ধ হবল; To remain firm in, to exist inseparably in some-

Inhorence, in-her'ens, Inherency, in-her'ensi, ম. বৃচনংলপ্লড়া; অন্ত বস্তুতে বর্তমানতা; A sticking fast; existence in something.

Inherent, in-hēr'ent, a. ৰাজাবিক; Innate:—
দুল্মানায়; Sticking fast. z=inherence, inherency,
ad=inherently. Syn:—Inborn, native, inbred,
indwelling, natural. [rally pertaining to.
Inherent in—অনুষয়; অজ্ঞান্ত; Innate in, natuInherit, in-lur'it, v.t. [F. heriter, from L.
haeres, herr] উত্তরাধিকার্মন্ত উপার্জন-ক; উত্তরাধি
কার স্থান এইবাক, To acquire as an heir; herr:
—v.i. বিষয় প্রাপ্ত-ছ: উপার্জান-ক; To have an inheritance, possession or property; come into
possession of.

Inheritable, Same as Heritable.

Inheritance, in-her'it-ans, স. পৈতৃক বিষয়; Heritage, patrimony:—উত্তরাধিকারী, প্রাপ্তর হঠতে প্রাপ্ত নশান্তি; Heirship, birth-right.

Inheritor, in-her'st-or, n. উত্তরাধিকাৰী; An heir. fen=unheritress, inheritrix. [heiress. Inheritress, inheritrix, n. উত্তরাধিকারিশী; An Inhibit, in-hibit, v. t. [ L. in, not, and habers, to have ] দ্যন্তু; বিবাৰণ্ডু; সংযত্ত ; To restrain; prohibit, check. Syn:—Hinder, prevent, bar, debar, stop; forbid, interdict, disallow.

Inhibition, in-he-bishun, ম. নিৰেশ; নিবৃত্তি; ধনৰ; সংব্যান : Prohibition; embargo. Syn:— Restraint, prohibition, embargo, interdiction, disallowance. [Prohibitory.

Inhibitory, in-hibit-or-i, a. নিবেৰক; নিবেৰফ্চক, Inhospitable, in-ho'pit-a-bl, a. আভিখাবিদ্ধ, অনাতিবেদ্ধ; অভিধিনবেদ্ধান প্ৰাত্ম ; Not hospitable. ad—inhospitably. n—inhospitableness.

Inhospitality, in-hos-pi-tali-ti, n. আডিখাবিষ্ণতা; অলাভিখেনতা; Want of hospitality.
Inhuman, in-hū'man, a. নির্দিন্ন; ক্ষমনুত্র; Cruel;
uncompassionate; unfeeling. ad = inhumanly.
Inhumanity, in-hū-mani-ti, ম. নির্দ্ধতা; নির্দ্দিন্
মতা, Cruelty.

[ সমান্তি ক্ষমণ interment.
Inhumation, in-hū-mā'shun, n. প্রোক্ত বা
Inhume, in-hūm', v. t. [ L. in, and humare, to
cover with earth] মুক্তিকা ভিতরে প্রোক্তি-কৃ;
সমান্তি-কৃ; সমানি-কে; To inter; to bury;
entomb. n=inhumation. (সমানি; Burial)
Inimical, in-imik-al, a. [I. in, not and amicus

Inimical, in-imik-al, a. [I.. in, not and amicus friendly } অমিত্ৰ; বৈরক্ষাবাপর; বিবেধী; বিরোধী, Unfriendly; hostile, Syn:—Adverse,ill-disposed, antagonistic, repugnant, pernicious, hurtful.
Inimitable, in-imit-a-bl, a. [L. in, and initabilis] অভ্যাৎকৃষ্ট; অনুপম; অনুক্রপম; That cannot be imitated; surpassingly excellent; incomparable. Syn:—Transcendant, perfect, incomparable, matchless, unequalled, unmatched.

Iniquitous, in-ikwit-us, a. পাক ; অধ্য ; ছই ; অভাষা ; অভাষ ; Wicked ; unjust. ad — iniquitous-ly. Syn:—Sinful, depraved, immoral, vicious, flagitious, unrighteous, nefarious, criminal.

Iniquity, in-ikwe-te, n. [L. iniquitas, from iniquus, unjust] পাপ; অধাপ্রিকতা; পোব: Wickedness; injustice; a crime. Syn.—Injustice, unrighteousness, evil doing, sin, crime, offence.

Initial, in-ishe-al, a. [L in, into, eo, itum, to ৫০] প্ৰায় সংগ্ৰাম ; সংগ্ৰাম ; Of or pertaining to the beginning ; first ; incipient ; commencing :
—n. আগক্ষা ; The first letter of a word :—
v. t. নামের আগক্ষা কোৰা ; To put the initials of one's name to.

Initiate, in-ishe-at, v.t. আর্থ-কৃ: প্তলা-কৃ. To begin — বুলভাব লিকা দেওৱা; উপদেশ-দে; লীকিড-কু, To instruct in the rudiments or principles: — নুগ্ৰ-কু, To admit; to introduce into a society: — v.i. প্ৰথম আবস্ত-কু; To perform the first rite or act.—a. আবস্ত, নুভৰ; অনভাত; Begun; fresh; unpractised. Syn:—(v) Commence, introduce, inaugurate, indoctrinate.

Initiate one into the mysteries of— সাধাৰণের অপ্রিক্তাত কোন বিবরে দীব্দিত-কৃ; Instruct one in some subject not generally known.

Initiation, in-ish-i-a'shun, n. আৰু; Beginning:—দীকা; Admission into any secret:—
বিকা, Full instruction.

Initiative, in-ishi-a-tiv, a. আরম্ভাই ; আইড-সূচ্য ; Serving to initiate, introductory; initiatory:—n. স্বেপাত, প্রায়েশ্যত প্রক্রেণ ; An introductory step or movement.

Take the initiative—অন্তৰ অধ্যে আরত-তৃ; পথ

Initiatory, in-ishe-a-tor-e, a. প্ৰাৰম্ভিক; প্ৰাৰম্ভিক, Tending to initiate; introductory :—n. প্ৰাৰ্থিক; Introductory tite. Syn:—(a) Inceptive; initiative; introductory, preliminary.

Inject, in-jekt, v. t. [L. in, and jacers, to throw] নিম্পে-ফু; অফিপ্ত-ফু; পিচৰাবী-দে; To cast on; to throw into; dart in; introduce. n = injection.

Injection, দ. প্ৰকেপ, পেছের কোন জালে অনুপ্রতিষ্ট ভারন উষধ; The act of injecting or throwing into; a liquid medicine injected into any part of the body.

Injudicial, in-joo-disī-al, a. বিধিবিক্স; আইন-বিক্স; অবৈধ, Non judicial; not according to law forms.

Injudicious, in-ioo-dishe-us, a. বিচাৰবিধীন; অবিবচনাপিছ, বিবেচনাপুত ; Void of judgment; inconsiderate; imprudent. n=injudiciousness. ad=injudiciously. Syn:—Incautious, rash, hasty, indiscrect, imprudent, unwise; illjudged, ill-advised, impolitic, inexpedient.

Injunction, in-jungkshun, n. [L. injunction, from injungere, to join into] আবেল; আতা; নিদেল; অনুরোধ; A precept; exhortation — কিছু না করিতে আবেল; বিচারালবের নিষেধান্তাপত্র; A writ of prohibition granted by a court of equity. Syn:—Command, mandate; urgent advice, exhortation.

Injure, injour, v. t. [L. in, not, and jus, juris. law] অহিত-কু; অপকাৰ-কু; কতি-কু; নই-কু; বিষক্ত-কু; To wrong, to damage; to annoy. Syn:—Hurt, abuse, maltreat, impair, mar, disfigure, deform; weaken, deteriorate.

Injurious, in-joor'e-us, a. [L. in, not, and jus, juris, right, law, justice] স্তিভনক বা কাৰক; অহিতকর : অহায়; অবশ্বৰ, Unjust: wrongful; mischievous, hurtful. Syn:—Iniquitous; detrimental, damaging, pernicious; baneful, mischievous; disadvantageous, ruinous, destructive, detractory, slanderous.

Injury, injooree, n. কতি; অহিচ; মনিষ্ট: Wrong; mischief; annoyance. Syn:—Injustice; hurt, damage, detriment, harm, prejudice.

Injustice, in-justis, n. অস্থার, অবিভার, অন্থাবিচরণ; পোৰ; অস্থাতিক কাৰ্যা; Wrong, iniquity, unjust deed. Syn:—Iniquity, untaurness, unlawfulness; grievance, foul play.

Ink, n নদী: কালী. Fluid for writing and printing - v. t. কালী ঘাৰা লাগ-দে, কালী মাধান;
To mark with ink, to blacken.

Inkholder, ingkhold-er, Inketand, ingkstand, n. গোৰাত; মদাপাত, মতাধাৰ, Vessel for holding mk.

Inkhorn, ingkhorn, n মনাধাৰ; দোৱাত, A portable case for ink &c :-a. বিদ্যাভিদানী; Pedantic.

Inking-table, n. তাপিবার সম্ব কলে কালী
মাধাইবার মেল . A flat surface used for supplying
the inking roller with ink during the process of
printing. I কল; Roller for printer's inki
Ink or inking roller, n. তাপিবাৰ সম্ব কালী দিবার
Inkling, ingkling, n. ইজিত . মাজত; সংবাদ
জ্ঞাপন, Hint; momention. Syn — Faint wish,
desire, faint whi per, but, suggestion, intimation, faint idea, rown, conception.

Inky, ingki a কৃষ্ণৰ্গ, ন্সীপূৰ্ণ, ব্সীবৎ, Consisting of or re-embling ink, black, n=inkness.
Inlace, v. হাৰি হাৰ' ভূষিড-কৃ, To work in a lace.

Inlace, v. জাৰ দাব' ভূষেত-কু, 10 work in a lace, to lace.

Inlaid-pa p of 1. 11v.

Inland, minnd, a. সমুদ্ধ হউতে দূরবারী; সাগর হইছে স্থূববারী দেশমধান্ত; Remote from the sca, interior:—দেশজ; দেশমধো পবিচালিত বা উৎপত্ন; Carried on or produced within a country:— দেশীর; দেশবিশেবে আবদ্ধ; Confined to a country; native:—n. দেশেব অভান্তব; দেশের স্বাভাগ; The interior part of a country.

Inlander, in-land-cr, n. দেশবাদা বাস্থারী : One who lives inland ; dweller in the land.

Inlay, inla', v. t. ষ্টিড-কৃ; Veneer; variegate with inserted materials:—n. ষ্টিড করিবার উপক্রব, Pieces of pearls &c. for inlaying, n=inlaying, inlayer.

Tniet, iniet, ম. বাৰেশ-পৰ; বাৰেশ স্থাৰ; Entrance:
—বাড়ি; স্থা উপসাধার; Creek or bay. Sys:—
Passage; small bay, recess, bight, cove.

Inly, inli, a. আভাতারিক; তথ্য; গোপনীর; Inward; secret:—ad. অভাতার; তথ্যভাবে; In the heart;

secretly.

Inmate, inmat, n. [L. innatus, from in, and natus, born] সহৰাসী; One who lives in the same apartment or house with another:—
চিকিল্যালয়ে স্থাত ব্যক্তি; One received into a hospital. Syn:—Natural, inherent, indwelling, inmanent.

Inmost-See under Innermost.

Inn, in n.পাছাবাস; পৃথিক' শ্ৰম; সুরাই; আবাস:
Public house; hotel; a lodging: — v. t. ছান-বে;
To lodge,

Inn of court, প. জ্ঞান নগবের আইন নিকানর; College for barristers in London or Dublin; a college of students of law.

Innate, innat, a. [ L. in, nascor, to be born ] বহাৰৰ, বত:প্ৰস্ত ; বাহাৰিক ; Inborn ; natural ; inherent. n=innateness. ad=innately.

Innavigable, in-av'i-ga-bl, a. জাহাজের বারা অসম্য ; Impassalle by ships. ad⇒innavigably. Inner, in'er, a. অধিকভার মধ্যাত ; আভাতবিক ; Further in ; interior.

Innermost, in'er-most. Inmost, in'most, a.
অধিকভ্য অন্তিহিত; অন্তবিস্চ ; Most remote from
the outward part.

Innervation, in-ēr-va'shun, ন. গৈলিক পঞ্জি; Special activity inherent in the nervous structure: nervous activity.

Innerva, in-érv, v. t. वन वा टेगिनिक निक्क खनाव-कृ ;
To give force or nervous energy.

Innholder, Inn-keeper, in'kep-er, n. পাছ-নিবাদের অধিকারী, পাছনালাধিকারী; সরাইওয়ালা; One who holds or keeps an inn.

Inning, in-ing, n. শভদাত্তই; The ingathering of grain:—ক্রিকেট খেলার পালা; Turn for using the bat in cricket;—pl. Lands recovered from the sea.

Innocence, in'no-sens, Innocency, n. নিৰ্দোৰিতা; নিৰণৰাধিতা; সাধুতা; পবিত্ৰতা; Harmlessness; blamelessness; purity; integrity. Syn:— Innocuousness, inoffensiveness; sinlessness; integrity, rectitude, uprightness; simplicity, ignorance.

Innocent, inno-sent, a. [L. in, not and noreo, to hurt] নিৰ্দোৱী; নিশাৰী; নিৰ্দাৰ; নিরীহ; নিরীহ; নিরোৱ; Inoffensive; blameless; pure:—n. নির্দোৱী বাজি; নিরীহ বাজি; One free from harm or fault. ad—innocently. Syn:—Innoxious, guiltless, spotless, fauitless, guileless, immaculate, unblamable, sinless, pure. [Devoid of. Innocent of—নির্দোৱী; Not guiley of:—হীল; Innocents, in-nok'd-us, a. [L. innocents, from in, and nocere, to hurt] নির্দোৱী; নিরীহ; লন্পবারী; Harmless. n—innocuouslys. Syn:—Safe, innoxious, uninjurious, innocent.

Innovate, in'o-vat, v. t. [ L. in, and novus, new ] न्जन-कृ; नःवात-कृ; क्जन निवत खबः श्विहे क्विही পরিবর্জিত-ছ়; To introduce something new :— ত. i পরিবর্জন-ছ়; নৃতন প্রধা প্রবর্জন-ছ়; নৃতন বিষয় প্রচলিত-ছ; To introduce novelties; to make changes. n=innovator, innovation.

Innovation, in-nō-va'shun, ন. পরিবর্তন; সংকরণ; Change; alteration.

Innovator, n. নৃত্য প্ৰথা প্ৰয়ৰ্ক ; সংখ্যাৰক ; One who introduces something new.

Innoxious, in-nolishe-us, a. নিৰ্মোনী; Free from mischievous qualities. ad - innoxiously. Syn: — Harmless, innocent, inosfensive, uninjurious.

Innuendo, in-u-eńdō, n. [L. in, and nuo, to nod] অপ্ৰভাক ইজিড; গরোকভাবে ইজিড; গরোক উল্লেখ; Oblique hint; insunuation; remote allussion.

Innumerable, in-numera-a-bl, a. আগ্ৰা; আগ্ৰা; Countless. ad=innumerably. n=innumerableness. Syn:—Numberless, unnumbered.

Innutrition, n. পোৰণাভাৰ; Want of nutrition; failure of nourishment.

Innutritious, a. অপুইকর; Not nutritious; without nourishment. [ যোগী; Heedless. Inobservant, in-ob-zervant, a. অনবহিত, অননো-Inobtrusive, in-ob-troo'siv, a. যে বা ধাহা অনবিশার-প্রবেশী নহে; Not obtrusive. n=inobtrusiveness. ad=inobtrusively.

Inoculate, in-oku-lat, v. t. [L. in, and oculare, to furmsh with eyes] সাছের কলম-কু; To engraft:—টাকা-দে; To communicate disease by inserting matter in the skin:—খনে নিবেশিত-কু; To instil itnto the mind:—v. i. কলম-কু; To propagate by budding:—টাকা-দে; To practise inoculation. n=inoculation. Syn:—Bud; ingraft, infect with virus, vaccinate; imbue with, instil into, indoctrinate with.

Inoculation, n. ীকা কেন ; The communicating of disease by inserting infectious matter in the skin.

[ Smelless ; scentless.

Inoderous, in-o'dur-us, a. গন্ধহীন; নিৰ্গন্ধ; Inoffensive, in-of-fensive, a. [L. in, and offendere, offensum, to offend] অনুকারী; অপুকারী; বিশীহ: Harmless. n=inoffensiveness. ad=inoffensively. Syn:—Not mischievous, unoffending, innocuous, innocent.

Inofficial, in-of-fishal, a. উপযুক্ত কৰ্মচারী হুটছে জনাগত; বথারীতি ক্যতাস্চেক আকারহীন; বে-সরকারী; Not proceeding from the proper officer; without the usual forms of authority. ad=inofficially.

Inoperative, in-operative, a. নিকল; বিকলঃ বিকলঃ আকাৰ্যাকারী; অকলপ্ৰদ; Not working; producing no effect.

Inopportune, in-op'-por-tüh, a. অথানেল; অস্থানিক; Unseasonable in time. ad-inopportunely.

Inorculate, o. f. সংসৰ্থ হারা সংযুক্ত করা বা হওয়া; স্থিতিত করা বা হওয়া; To unite by mouths or ducts, as two vessels in an animal body; to blend. n=inorculation.

Inordinate, in-or'din-at, a. অপরিবিত ;
আতিরক ; Immoderate. n = inordinateness. ad=
inordinately. Syn:—Irregular, disorderly, extravagant, excessive.

Inordination, in-or-di-na'shun, s. [474]

निवयकाकि : अनिविधिकांकाव : Irregularity : disorder. Inorganic, in-or-ganik, a. आधारिक, कोवन क Bergiff fafes ; Not having living forms. adm inorganically.

Inorganised, a. Same as Inorganic.

Inquest, inkwest, अ. आजन्य ; अनुमक्ति ; Search ; inquiry :-- विहातार्थ अनुमकान ; हर्डाए मुकान कारण अनुमकानार्थ निवृक्त कृति ; Judicial inquiry ; jury to inquire into sudden or violent death. Syn:-Inquisition, investigation; coroner's jury.

Inquietitude, in-kwi'et-ud, n. Stan ; fowi ; भारीतिक वा मानिजिक अञ्चला ; अञ्च ; Want of rest of body or mind.

Inquire, in-kwir, v. i. [ L. in, and quoerere, to seck ] अनुमदान-कृ ; अत्र क्रिकामा-कृ ; To search after or for; to ask a question; to make an investigation :-- v. t. তম্ব-কু; বিজ্ঞানা-কু; To ask about. n=inquirer. Syn :- Question, interrogate ; make investigation ; seek after.

Inquire after-কাহারও কুশন বিজ্ঞানা-কু; Make inquiries about (generally, one's health.) Inquire for—(शंबा ; मकान-कृ ; Seek.

Inquire into-অনুসন্ধাৰ বা তদাৱক-ক ; Examine into; investigate.

Inquire of-काशांक क्रिकांश-क ; Ask a person. Inquirer, n. 4778151; One who inquires. Inquiring, in-kwiing, a. অপুস্থিৎক, অপুস্থাতী,

বিজাম ; Given to inquiry. ad = inquiringly. Inquiry, in-kwir'e, n. অবুস্কান; জিজাসা; প্রর; Investigation, search; scrutiny; a question. Syn: - Interrogation, interrogatory, question.

query, exploration, study, research.

Inquisition, in-kwe-zishun, n. अनुमकान: অবেৰৰ; Investigation; judicial inquiry --বিচারার্থ অসুসন্ধান; পাষ্ঠ দমনার্থ স্থাপিত বিচারালয়; Judicial inquiry; a papal tribunal for examination and punishing heretics. aminquisitional. Syn -Inquest, examination. [ inquiry Inquisitional, a. অবুস্কানকারী; Making Inquisitivo, in-kwižit-iv, a. অৰুসন্ধিংক ; জিজাক ; কৌত্হনী; Apt to ask questions; prying

curious. n = inquisitiveness. ad = inquisitively Syn :- Inquiring, curious, prying, scrutinizing Inquisitor, in-kwizi-tur, n. অপুসন্ধানকারী ; One

who enquires; esp. one whose official duty is to inquire and examine :- मक्बिशानार्थ विहानानात्त्व বিচারক; A member of the court of inquisition.

a=inquisitorial. ad=inquisitorially.

Inrail, v.t. (यन कांदा (बहेन-कृ; To inclose or surround with rails.

Inroad, n. inrod, n. আক্ৰমণ ; আক্সিক আক্ৰমণ ; बनाम्बद अहन ; Attack ; a sudden or desultory invasion; encroachment. Syn:-Irruption, incursion, raid, foray; infringement,

Insalubrious, in-sa-lubre-us, a. [L. in, and salus, health, soundness) waisjas: Unwholesome, unhealty. n=insalubrity.

Insane, in-san, a. [L. in, and sanus, sound, whole] উন্মত্ত; সম্পূর্ণ অন্ধ; Mad; utterly unwise. ad insanely. Syn:-Crazy, distracted, delirious, demented, franție, raying, deranged, lunatic.

Insanity, in-safe-te, n. উন্নাৰ : কিপ্ততা ; ৰাজুল ; Madness. Syn :- Lunacy, madness, derangement, alienation, aberration, mania, delirium, frenzy, monomania, dementia.

Insatiable, in-sa'she-a-bl, a. [ L. in, not, and satiare, to satiate ] অভি লোভী; অভোকীঃ; অৰিকৃপ্ত ; That cannot be satisfied ; very greedy. ns=insatiableness, insatiability. ad-insatiably. Syn:-Ravenous, voracious, unappeasable, unquenchable.

Inscribe, in-skrib, v. t. [L. in, and scribere, to write] छनाद निवा ; To write on ; address to :---গভীরন্নগে ৰন্ধিত-কু ; কোদিত-কু ; To imprint deeply 🔉 to engrave :--- अकी (करवा मर्ग) जन्न अकी (कर्व चकन-क ; In Geometry to draw one figure within another :- উৎসৰ্থ করা ; To commend by a short address less formal than dedication. n=inscriber. Syn: - Write, engrave, imprint, impress ; address, dedicate to.

Inscribe to-त्यान अप काशाय नात्व हरनर्ज-क: Dedicate some work to a person.

Inscription, in-skrip'shun, n. শিরোমান ; উপাধি ; Addressing, writing; title; address:- | | মামে গ্রন্থের উৎসর্গ ; Dedication of a book to a person :- Any thing engraved on a solid substance for preservation of public inspection.

Inscriptive, in-skrip'tiv, a. কোদিত বেশৰ বিশিষ্ট বা তজা তাৰ ; Bearing inscription.

Inscrutable, in-skroo'ta-bl, a. [ L. in, and scrutari, to search ] इर्खाद : इर्प्साप ; इचारपण ; চরবিগমা ; Inexplicable ; unsearchable. লঃ -inscrutability, inscrutableness. ad=inscrutably. Syn :- Undiscoverable, hidden, mysterious.

Insect, insekt, n. [ L. in, into, and seco, to cut] ৰীট; পতঙ্গ, A small animal:—ৰতি কুৱ -Any thing small or contemptible :- a. कीछेनर; शाजननर; Like an insect:-कुछ; नीठ: Small, mean. f an insect.

Insectile, c. পতৰ্থকৃতি ; Having the nature of Insection, n. एक्न ; कर्डन ; A cutting in ; incision. Insectivorous, in-sek-tivor-us, a. [L. insectum, and voro, to devour] কটি ভুক্ , গতসভুক্ ; গতসভোৱী ; Devouring or living on insects.

Insecure, in-se-kūr', a. [ L. in, and securus ] বিশংসকুৰ, Not safe. n = insecurity. ad=insecurely. Syn - Unguarded, unprotected, unsafe, exposed, dangerous, hazardous, perilous, uninsured ; uncertain, not confident.

Insecurity, म. विभम्भदूनला ; Want of security, Syn :- Uncertainty ; danger, hazard, peril.

Insensate, in-sensat, a. [ L. in, not, sensus, feeling ] মুৰ্ব : অবোধ . বোধপজিছীন : আনহীন ; নিৰ্কোষ , Stupid , dull ; thoughtless. Syn ;— Foolish, unfeeling, stolid, insensible, senseless. Insensibility, n. पूर्वठा ; (वांश्यक्तिशेवठा ; कांब-होन्छ। ; Want of sensibility or the power of feeling or perceiving. Syn :- Dulness, numbness, lethargy, torpor, apathy, indifference.

Insensible, in-sense-bi, a. अनुष्ठवणिक वृद्धि: বোগপুর ; বিচারম্চ ; অচেতন ; Not having feeling ; callous ; unconscious :- 3:35 73 ; Imperceptible by the senses : সু জ কি কাৰে সম্প্ৰ ; Progressing by imperceptible degrees, gradual ad=insensibly n=insensibility Syn —Imperceivable, gradual, torpid, senseless, unfecting, hard-hearted, indifferent, dull stupid unsusceptible Insensible to—বোল বিবয় ধ্ৰেধাৰ শক্তিন, সম্ভাপ্ত Destitude of the power of perceiving. Insentient, in sensible ent, a আচতন, বোৰশ্ত, Not having perception

Inseparable, in-sep'ar-a-bl, a. জবিস্থালা, জবিজেলা, জবিজেলা, জবিজেলা, জবিজেলা, জবিজেলা, জবিজেলা, জবিজেলা, জবিজেলা, inseparable or ible to be separated ns=inseparableness, inseparable ad=inseparably Syn—Indissoluble, indivisible, always united

Insert, in-sert v t [L in and sero, sertum to join] সন্থিবলৈত-তৃ, অন্তঃপ্ৰিপ্ত তৃ, সন্থিবিষ্ট কৃ Set or place in among, put in n-instition Syn --Place in, thrust in introduce among Insertion, n সন্থিবেশ The act of inserting Insersosial, a বৃশ্বশাধান উপবেশনেপামাণী কল বিশিষ্ট Having feet suitable for perching on trees. Inserverable, in severable a অধিযোগ, অনি ভালা, অবিভেন্ন That cannot be severed.

Insheathe, v (कार्यात्रक कृ To cover or hide

Inshore, in shor' al উপৰ্কে, Near the shore Inshrine, Same as Fishine [ing.i]
Inshrine, Same as Fishine [ing.i]
Inside, in sid in মধাছা মুল্প আৰু Il side of part within—a মধাহৈত মধাত আহ স্ত বিক Being within interior—alverty if মুল্প ভাগসমই The inwaid parts entral lowels Insidious, in side us, a. [L inside, an ambush—in side us, a. [Inside us, a. [Insi

Insight, in sit is a appearable of the state observation Sin — In part of the pection, panetiation descriment

Jnsignia, in signia n pl [I in, and signium a maik পদচিক পৰিচয় চিক্ Badges of three or honour marks by which any thing i distingui hed

Insignificant, in signific kant a জন্প দাৰাত আৰ্থিংকর তুক্ত Trifling not significant, unimportant insignificance insignificance ad—insignificantly Syn—Immatcivid inconsiderable, unimportant, trivial mean to temptible

Insignificative, in significative a অৰ্ণ্ড বাহু চিক্ ধাৰা অল্লাক Not significative or co pressed by external signs

Insincere, in sin-scr a ৰপট প্ৰভাৱৰ প্ৰবৃক্ষ অনুল, অবিধান Not sincere untruthful deceitful, hypocritical n=insincerity ad=in sincerely Syn —Dissembling hollow decer tive, disingenuous, dishonest, pictended, false, fulfiless, unfulfful

Insincerity, & settel, Want of sincerity

Syn — Dissimulation, deceitfulness, duplicity, disingenuousness dishonesty, unfairness Iusinuate, in-sinu-st, v f [ I sn, and sinus, the bosom ] আন্ধে আন্ধে প্ৰাৰ্থ কু বিশ্ব আৰু আন্ধিই-কু, Introduce gently gain on the affections — v ঃ অনুবহণাত্ৰ হ, বাবৈ ধাবে অবিট-হ, 10 ingratiate one self, to enter gently n=insinuator Syn — Ingratiate, advance artfully, instif, in use, inculcate, hint, suggest, intimate, allude to

nsinuating, in-sinu-at-ing, a আৰু কৰে বিধান ভাষন হ Insensibly winning confidence — বীৰে ধীৰে প্ৰবেশকাৰী, অজ্ঞান্তসাৱে বিধানলাভে সমৰ্থ, Tenling to enter gently ad—insinuatingly

Insinustion, in-sin ট ত'shun গ. ইপিড. সংক্ত A hint — অপুন্তভাজন , Ingratizting Insinuativo, in-sinu S-tiv a আৰু আলে প্ৰবেশ কাৰী Insinuating using insinuation Insipid, in sipid a [[ in and sapidus,

savoury বিষদ নীয়দ বিষাদ Tristeless — নিশ্ৰত, তেনো নি Dull wanting spirit rs—insigidness insigicity Syn — Vapid flat flavourless spiritless unanimated lifeless characteriess Insipidness, Insipidity, n বাদ্যীনতা, নিশ্ৰ ভ্ৰ নীব্দুৱা Want of taste duliness

Insist, in sist v: [L in and si tire to tind] एउन कृ Rest upon persist in dwell upon urge press n=insistence Insist upon—coin निवास किए का Pices or urge with exinetness—coin निवास किए हैं है है जिल्ला निवास किए हैं किए का प्रकार किए के Relige to give way without —िया कार्या (कार्य निवास की Dwell upon a miller as being sery important

'nanaro, in snTr, vi. কালে কেলা পাণবন্ধ- ক বিজ চিন্তু To entrop, to entangle Syn — Decoy nil ne invesse involve

nsobriety, in so bije ti n প্ৰাশৃতিক, সুৱা ম, া Intemperance diunkenness

isolate, in' so lit, v i [ L in and so! the I dirs ato To expose to the rays of the n=msolation [ conductor nsolator, m sulat-ur n বিভিত্তকাৰক, A non Insolence, in solens, n affest ক্তভা Contempouousness Syn -Impudence assump tion offensiveness sauciness pertness rudeness Insolent, in so lent a প্ৰগাল্ড উদ্ভাৱ, কাচ Hall ty and contemptuous, insulting, rude, saucy n=insolence ad=insolently Syn -Overbearing, domineering, arrogant abusive con emptuous, audacious, pert, impertment of solidity weakness i npudent Insolidity, " निविन्डो, अपृष्ठा पोर्कना, Want Insoluble, in-solubl a आइवनात्र, Not capa ble of being dissolved - अवार्यात्र अवार्यानीत . अवा । भा , इत्संप Not to be explained ws= insolubility, insolubliness

Insolvable, in-solva-bl, a অব্যাধ্যের, Not to be cyplained Syn —Insoluble, inexplicable.
Insolvent, in-solvent, a [ L in, and solvens ] ৰণ পৰিলোগে অধ্য Not able to pay one's debts bankrupt —n ৰণ পৰিলোগে অধ্য ব্যক্তি, One who is not able to pay his debts. n=insel-

vency ( ৰণ ৰোধৰে অক্ষতা; Bankruptcy. )
Insomula, in-sommi-a, n. [ L. insomnis, sleepless] অনিয়ো; Sleeplessness. a = insomnious.

[ such a degree

Insomuch, ad. একপে; একপ পরিমাণে; So; to Inspect, in-spekt, v. t. [L. in, into, and specio, to look or see] প্রাকা-কৃ; প্রিদর্শন-কৃ; তত্ত্বাম্বান-কৃ; Superintend; examine. Syn:—Investigate, secretinize, search into, overhaul; oversee, overlook, supervise.

Inspection, in-spekshun, n. পৰীকা; অবেকণ , পৰিদৰ্শন : তথাসুগ্ৰান ; Superintendence ; careful examination. Syn:—Examination, investi-

gation, scrutiny; oversight.

Inspector, in-tpekter, n. প্ৰীক্ষক; প্ৰিদশক, ডব্ৰব্যাহক; An examiner; a superintendent. n=inspectorship. Svn:—Censor, visitor, overseer, supervisor. [office of an inspector Inspectorship, n. প্ৰিদশকেৰ পদ বা কাবা; The Inspirable, in-spira-bl, a. বিশ্বনীয়; Able to be inspired or inhaled.

Inspiration, in-spe-ra'shea, ৩. বাসগ্ৰহণ, <sup>\*</sup>n halation:—বৰ্ণীয় প্ৰভাবেশ; অনুস্থাণন; নিবান বৈৰশক্তি; Divine prompting. Syn:—Breathing breath; afflatus, spiritual direction.

Inspiratory, in-pir'i tor-i, a. বাসস্বজীদ নিবাস অংশ-স্কান্ত, Belonging to or aiding in piration or inhalation.

Inspire, in-spir', v. i. [L. in, and spirare to breathe] বাৰু কোৰসংখ্য আৰপণ-কৃ : প্ৰত্যাদেশক-কৃ অনুপ্ৰাণিত-কৃ ; To breathe into; to infuse int the mind; to instruct by divine influence -v. i. বাৰত্ব-কৃ , নিৰ্দি অহ্ণ-কৃ , To breath Syn:—Inhale, breathe; instil; animate, en liven, inspirit.

Inspire (one) with—কাহাৰও চিত্তে কোন বিশে ভাব প্ৰবিশ্ব কৰাইয়া উত্তেজিত করা; Animate one with excite in on.

Inspirit, in-spir'it, v. t. উৎসাহ-দে ; উজীবিত-কৃ উদ্ভেজিত-কৃ; প্রোৎসাহিত ক; To invigorate, to encourage. Syn:—Enliven, invigorate, exhilarate, animate, cheer, encourage.

Inspissate, v. f. জাৰ ভাগ বাপাকাৰে উডাইবা বাঢ়-জু; To thicken by evaporating moisture n=inspissation.

Instability, in-sta-bile-te, n. অন্তিয়তা; অধৈর্য; চাকলা; পরিবর্তনশীলতা; Want of firmness; fickleness; inconstancy; mutability. Syn —Unsteadiness, changeableness, wavering.

Install, in-stawl, v. t. গণাডিবিক্ত-কু; অভিবেক-কু আসনস্থ-কু। To set in a seat, give a place to . instate in an office, rank, or order with cere monies. Syn:—Induct, introduce, inaugurate. Installation, in-stal-ন'shun, n. অভিবেক, আভিয়া; পদাডিবিক্ত কৰণ, The act of installing of placing in an office with ceremonies.

Instalment, in-stawlment, n. দেয় টাকার কিন্তি.
কিন্তিবলীর এক এক কিন্তির টাকা; Portion of a sum to be paid at different times, part payment.

Syn:--Installation; partial payment.

Instance, instans, n. উল্ছেম্ব : Example :-

citation:—v. f. Entext-(v; To mention, as an example or case in point. Syn:—(n) Urgency, application, prompting, importunity, entreaty, request, instigation, incitement; exemplification, illustration; time, occurrence.

At one's instance, At the instance of—
কাহাৰও বিশেষ থাৰ্থনাৰ; কাহাৰও আদেশাৰ্সাৰে;
At the urgent solicitation of one under the
orders of. [example.
For instance—বৰা; উনাহৰ বৰণ; For
'nstant, instant, a. [L. in, upon, sto, to stand]
পীয়; সহব; Pressing; urgent; immediate;
quick:—বৰ্জনাল; চলিত; Present, current, as the
month—m. বৰ্জনানকণ: মুহুৰ্জনাল; বৰ্জনান মানের
একদিন; The present moment of time, any
moment or point of time; a day of the current
month. ad=instantly. Syn:—(a) Importunate,

In an instant-45 3400. In a moment.

carnest, solicitous; now passing.

Instantaneous, a. অধিনাৰ কৃত, কণৰাতে মুলাবৰ; কণিক, তৎকণাৎ সমুপৰিত; তৎপৰ; Done in an instant; momentary, occurring or acting at once, very speedily, ad=instantaneously. Instantor, ad. তৎকণ'(২; অধিকাৰে; সাক্ষাই: Immediately; earnestly.

Instantly, instant-le, ad. তথনি; মুহুর্ডমধ্যে; ক্ষ্ব-ক্ষেত্র, অপ্নতঃ Immediately; importunately; on the instant.

Instate, in-stit, o. t. ছাগৰ-ফু, ছাগিত-ফু; পদান্তি-দিক ফু, To put in a state or place, to install. Instead, adv পৰিবৰ্জে; In the place of.

Instead of (in its or one's stead)—পরিবর্তে:

In place of:—না ইইণা ৰবং; Far from.
Instep, instep, n. মানবপদেৱ উপবিভাগ; ঘোডাৰ
পাৰেৰ পশ্চাৱাৰ; The prominent upper side of the
human foot, in horses, the part of the hind

leg reaching from the ham to the pasture join.

castigate, instegat, v. t. [L. in. and stig, to pick] উৎসাহ দে; উরেজিত-কৃ, প্রণোদিত-কৃ; প্রবৃত্ত কৃ;

Tourge on; to set on; to incite, m=instigation.

Syn —Stimulate, spur, incite, impel, animate, incourage, actuate, influence, persuade, provoke.

nstigation, in'ste-ga'shun, n. क्राई डेश्नार: अर्थापन: डेएडबन, Act of instigating. Syn:— Incitement, urgency, importunity, prompting, influence, solicitation, temptation, impulse.

At the instigation of—কাষাৰও উত্তেজনাৰ;
Being impelled or urged (to some evil course)
by. [ প্ৰবৰ্ত্তক; One who instigates.
Instigator, in stil. v t. [ L. in, and stillare, to
drop ] বিন্দু বিন্দু করিয়া ঢানা; আরে আরে প্রবেশ
করান; To pour in by drops; to infuse slowly
or by degrees. ns=instillation, instillment
(বিন্দু বিন্দু করিয়া স্কারণ; বীরে বীরে প্রবিষ্ট করণ)
Syn.—Infuse, insinuate, introduce, implant,

ingraft, inculcate.
Instill into—কাহাৰও চিত্তে কোন ভাৰ বা ভাগ প্ৰবিষ্ট
করান; Inspire one with; put into:—মিশান;
Pour or mix as a liquid.

Instanct, instingkt, n. बांडाविक अनुचि वा क्याडा :

ৰহম জান; Natural desire, aptitude or\_faculty:
—a. উড়েভিড; প্রগোলিড; অপুগালিড; Moved; animated; excited. Syn:—(n.) Natural impulse, intuition, spontaneous prompting.

Instinctive, in-stingktiv, a. বাভাবিক : বতঃ-সংকার সিত্ত ; বতঃপ্রবৃত্ত ; Involuntary ; done by instinct. ad—instinctively. Syn :—Natural,

spontaneous, involuntary.

writer of institutes.

Institute, inste-tut, v. t. [L. in, and statuere, to set] স্থাপন-কৃ; প্ৰতিষ্ঠা-কৃ; To establish; found:
—আরত-কৃ; To commence:—পিকা-দে; Instruct; to educate:—বিয়োগ-কৃ; To appoint:—ন. উপবেশ; Maxim; precept:—অচলিড ব্যবহা: হিনীকৃত নিমন.
Established law:—সাহিত্য বা বিজ্ঞান সমাজ; A literary and philosophical society:—pl. সংহিত্য; A book of elements or principles; esp. a work containing the principles of jurisprudence. Syn:—(v) Appoint, originate, settle, fix, enact, ordain, begin. (n) Dogma, tenet; scientific body, principle; (pl) treatise, commentary.
Institulist, n. মোলিক নিম্মাবলিক অপেতা; A

Institution, in-ste-tū'shun, ম. স্থাপন; অভিঠা; Establishment, foundation:—সভা; সমিতি, A society:—নিমন-প্রধানী; A system of principles or rules:—বিধি; Enactment as—institutional; institutionary. (সভা সংক্রান্ত, মৌলিক; প্রাথমিক) Syn:—Establishing, founding: investment, investiture; organized society.

Institutive, a. ছাগৰ; হাগৰকম; প্ৰতিষ্ঠানাণেক, Tending to institute; depending on institution, Instruct, in-strukt, v. t. (L. in, and struc, to pile up) পিকিত-কু; পিকা বেওৱা; Teach:—আঠ-কু; আগ্ৰ-কু; Inform:—আবেপ-কু; অনুজা-কু; Order, command. n=instructor. fem=instructress. Syn:—Indoctrinate, enlighten, educate; guide, direct; enjoin, advise, acquaint.

Instructible, in-struktı-bl, c. শিশ্বাবোগ্য, শিক্ষীয় : Capable of being instructed.

Instructor, or, in-strukter, n. 何季年; A teacher. Syn:—Preceptor, tutor, pedagogue, schoolmaster.

Instruction, in-strukshun, n. পিকা; উপদেশ,
ভাৰ দাৰ, Teaching:—সংবাদ; ভাপন; Information:—অনুভা; আাদেশ; শাসন, Command. Syn:
—Education, direction, indoctrination, advice, council, mandate, order.

Instructive, in-struktiv, a. জানপুৰ্, উপৰেশ-ৰঙ ; উপৰেশপুৰ্ব, বিকাশন ; Conveying knowledge, containing instruction. n=instructiveness. ad = instructively.

Instrument, in-strödment, ন. বয়; আয়; Implement; tool:—বাগাবয়; Musical apparatus—
থলিব; Writing, deed:—উপায়; সাধন অকপ ব্যক্তি
বা বছ; An agent, means. Syn:—Utensil;
medium; document, charter, record, muniment.
Instrumental, in-stroo-ment'al, a. সাধক;
কারণভূত; সাহাব্যকারী, Contributory; helpful:—
বাগাবয়সকার; বাগাবয়সকোত্ত, Belonging to or
produced by musical instrument. ad—instrumently.

[ Help or assist in.

Be instrumental in—বোৰ বিহুতে সহায়তা-ক;

Instrumental osse-TYTTITE

Instrumentalist,in-stroo-mental-ist,ল. বাংৰজবাংক: One who plays on a musical instrument.
Instrumentality, in-ströd-ment-al'o-te, ল.
বাংক: বিষয়ত্ব বা কৰ্ড: Agency. Syn:—Mediation, intervention, subordinate meaus.

Instrumentation, w. नावन ; वश्चिष ; वानव्य वानव ; Means, agency ; the act of paying upon musical instruments.

Insubjection, s. 44951; 4414151; Want of subjection or obedience; disobedience.

Insubordinate, in-sub-or'din-at, a. আবাদ;
আবা : Disobedient. mminsubordination.

Insufferable, in-suffer-a-bl, a. আৰম্ভ ; হাৰে ;
খুণা ; Unbearable. ad = insufferably. Syn :—Insupportable, unsudurable, intolerable.

Insufficiency, n. মূলতা; অলুমুখা; Want of sufficiency. Syn:—Deficiency, madequateness, dearth; inability, incapacity, incompetency, lack, defect.

Insufficient, in-suf-fishe-ent, a. [ L. in, not, and sufficiens, ppr. of sufficere, to suffice) অলচুৰ; অপৰাত ; Deficient:—অকম; অসমৰ্থ ; Incapable; unfit. n=insufficiency. ad=insufficiently.

Syn:—Inadequate, incommensurate, unequal; incompetent,

Insular, in'st-lar, a. [L. insual, an island] বৈণ; বীপন্যকীয়, Belonging to an island. n=insularty. ad=insularly.

Insulate, in'su-lat, v. t. পৃথক-কু; বিজয় বাবে বাবা; To detach so as to have no communication with any thing else; to separate by a nonconductor. n=insulation; insularity ( বিশ্বাৰ, the state of being insular.)

Insult, insult, v. t. [L. insultus, from insilire, to leap upon ] অপ্যান-কু; গালাগালি দেৱবা, Treat much insolence; affront:—ve. উদ্ভত ভাবে ব্যবহার-কু; To behave with insolent triumph—n. অপ্যান, গালাগালি; অব্যাননা; Affront, contumely. Syn:—(v)Abuse, outrage, provoke.(n)Indignity, outrage, abuse, provocation.

Insultingly, ad. अन्याननार्टक्डांद ; In an insulting or insolent manner.

Insuperable, in-su'per-a bl. c. মানের; মানের; অন্তিকুমা; Insurmountable; unconquerable. n=nsuperability. ad=insuperably.

Insupportable, in-sup-porta-bl, a. [L. in, and portare, to carry] আসহ; ছুৰ্বাহ; অসম্ব্ৰীয়; Unbearable; unendurable, ad = insupportably, n = insupportableness. Syn:—Insufferable, intolerable.

Insuppressible, in-sup-preši-bl, c. গোপৰ করিবার নহে, জগোপনার্হ; অগোপনীর; জদস্য; ছর্দ্ধরু, Not to be suppressed or concealed.

Insurable, in-shoor'a-bl, a. বিমাবোগ্য ; That may be insured against loss or danger.

Insurance, in-shoor'ans, n. বিমা; বিমাৰরণ; বিমার কল্প বরাট; Security for loss, assurance: the premium for the same; security.

Insure, in-shoor', v. t. নিশ্চিত-ফু; নিরাপদ-ফু; Make sure or secure;—বিমা-ফু; Secure against a contingent loss;—v. i. বিমার ব্যসার-ফু; To un-

derwrite; to practise making insurance. Insurer, in-shoor'er, s. figiwist; One who in-

Tagurer

[ 544 ; Insurrection ; rebellion. Sures. Insurgency, in-sur'jen-si, a. विद्याद ; विक्षा-Insurgent, in-surjent, [L. in, upon, and surgo, to rise ] विद्यारी , विक्वाणात्री , Rising in rebellion :- अ. विद्यारी ; A rebel. Syn :- Rebel, mutineer, rioter, revolter.

Insurmountable, a. व्यविक्या : व्यवका : Incapable of being surmounted or overcome; that cannot be overcome; unconquerable. ad= insurmountably. Syn: - Insuperable, ovecome. Insurrection, in-sur-rekshun, n. বাজ-বিজোই ; विक्रवाहत्त्व; A seditious rising ; rebellion. a=insurrectional, insurrectionary. Syn :- Sedition,

revolt, riot, mutiny, emeute. Insurrectionary, a. बाबद्यांशे ; Pertaining or suitable to insurrection; rebellious; seditious. Insurrectionist, n. বিরোহী; One who favours or takes part in, an insurrection.

Insusceptible, in-sus-sep'te-bl, a. [ l., in, and suscipere, to undergo] অৰুতৰ শক্তিহীৰ; अनवशीन ; अविवननीय ; Not capable of feeling or being affected. n=insusceptibility. Syn:-Incapable of, insusceptive, unimpressible, insensitive.

Intact, in-takt, e. [ L. in, not, and tactus, pp. of tangere, to touch ] खविकन ; अकड , अन्त्रहे , Uninjured; untouched. Syn :- Undefiled,

undamaged, unhurt, scathless, left complete. Intactible, a. 473; Not preceptible by touch. Intengible, in-tanje-bl, a. বাহা পর্বেজিবের গ্রাহ নর; সর্নেঞ্জিরাতীড; অস্ত ; সর্ন বারা অনুভবনীর, Not perceptible by touch. ns=intangibleness, intangibility. ad-intangibly. Syn:-Impalpable, immaterial, unsubstantial, unreal, shadowy, vague.

Integer, inte-jer, n. [ L. in, not, and tango, to touch ] पूर्वा ; पूर्व नःशा ; ज्यक ज्ञानि ; The whole; a whole number.

Integral, inte-gral, a. मयूनय ; अहेड ; मण्यूर्य ; व्यक्ति ; Not fractional :- त. पूर्व मःवा ; व्यक्त ज्ञानि; The whole, made of parts. ad=integrally. Syn:-(a) Complete, entire, whole, not fractional.

Integrant, in'te-grant, a. প्रीक्कांवक ; Contributing to make up a whole.

Integrate, inte-grat, v. t. मण्पूर-कृ : এकीकृष-कृ ; পুৰুৱার মৃত্য-কু; To make entire; to form one whole; to renew. =integration.

Integrity, in-teg're-te, #. ভাষণৰতা; সাৰ্তা; সারবা; পবিজতা; Uprightness; honesty; purity: — অবতা; পুতা; Wholeness. Syn :- Entireness, completeness; probity, virtue, rectitude, moral soundness, goodness.

Integument, in-teg'll-ment, n. [ L. integumentum, from integere, to cover ] जाक्रांपन ; चक ; हर्म ; Covering ; a covering which invests the body as the skin or a membrane that invests a particular part. s=integumentary. Syn :- Skin, membrane, envelope.

Intellect, intel-lekt, n. [ L. inter, between.

lego, to choose ] वृद्धि ; मत्नावृद्धि ; त्मश ; नव ; विकास-Tie; Understanding; the thinking principle; the power to judge and comprehend. Syn :-Mind, reason, judgment, sense, brains.

Intellection, n. cata; stast; sages; Apprehension, perception.

Intellective, in-tel-lektive, a. বৃদ্ধিন শ্ব ; বৃদ্ধি-भागी ; वृद्धिमान् ; वृद्धि बादा উৎপাদিত ; Having power to understand; produced by the understanding. Intellectual, in-tel-lekt'ū-al, a. বৃদ্ধিবৃত্তিসংক্রাম্ভ : वृक्ति काता मन्नाविछ ; वृक्तिमान ; मानिमिक ; Belonging to or performed by the mind; mental. Syn: -Intelligent, rational; ideal, metaphysical, psychical.

Intellectualism, a. বোৰণতি-সংক্ৰান্ত মত ; বৃদ্ধি-বৃত্তির অসুনীলম ; The system of doctrines concerning the intellect, culture of the intellect.

Intellectualist, n. (वांश्यक्ति मावम्क्य वा खान-মূল বলিয়া বাহার বিখাস; One who overrates the human i ntellect.

Intelligence, in-telle-jens, n. वृद्धि ; व्यापनिक ; বোধ ; জ্ঞাম , মামসিক শক্তি ; Intellect ; act of knowing :- नमां हाव . मःवाप : News :- एवरवानी : A spiritual being. amintelligential. Syn :- Instruction, advice, notice, information, knowledge, notification, tidings, report, rumour.

Intelligence office-A place where information may be obtained, esp. respecting servants to be hired.

Intelligencer, n. সংবাদবাহী ; One who or that which sounds or conveys information.

Intelligent, in-tel'i-jent, a. वृद्धियान ; वृद्धिविभिष्ठ ; বিজ ; অভিজ ; Knowing ; endowed with a good intellect :-- वृद्धिमान ; कोननी ; Well-informed , sensible; skilful. ad = intelligently.

Intelligible, in-telle-je-bl, a. পাই ; বোধপায় ; श्रुवाह : विनाप , Understandable ; clear. ad=intelligibly. n=intelligibleness, intelligibility. Syn .- Comprehensible, perspicuous, plain, obvious, distinct.

Intemperance, in-temper-ans, স. অসংবয় . অমিতাচার; অমিতপান; অগরিমিত ফ্রাগানাভ্যান; Want of temperance; excess, habitual indulgence in spirituous liquors. Syn :- Immoderation; excessive drinking, intoxication, inebriation.

Intemperate, in-temper-রা, c. অনিভাচারী : অভি পানাসক, অপরিঘিত হ্বাপারী, Not temperate: -কুছ, ইন্দ্রিগপরবর্শ; অসংযতেন্দ্রির; Passionate. Syn:-Immoderate, excessive, inordinate, ungovernable, drunken, incbriated.

Intend, in-tend, v. t. [ L. in, and tendere, to stretch ] मनश्-कृ ; मः कझ-कृ ; खिळ्यांत्र-कृ ; Contemplate, meditate, purpose. Syn :- Contrive, plan, scheme, determine, design, mean, purpose, aim at. office of an intendant. Intendancy, n. ज्वावनावत्वत्र भगवा कार्या: The Intendant, in-tendant, n. अश् ; उद्दिश्चिक : Superintendent, mayor.

Intended, in-tended, a. সকলিত; অভিন্তেতঃ বান্সন্ত , Betrothed ; purposed .-- n. বান্সন্ত প্ৰবৃদ্ধী रा विवाहां , One betrothed; an affianced lover, Intensative, a 45444. Exerting force, intensifying

Intense, in-tens, & [L. intensus, tight] कांच्य . Anaious -मातारांत्री, Attentive -मडीब, Deep — অগাত , Closedly strained — অভি কঠোৰ , Very severe n=intenseness, intensity ad=intensely Syn—Stretched, drawn close strict severe excessive, extreme ardent, keen forcible, energetic, vehement carnest

Intensity, in-tensi li, v t वृद्धि-कृ अधिक छेट কু, পাঢ়তর কু, To make intense or more intense -০.ঃ বৃদ্ধিত-ছ, অধিকতর প্রবশ-ছ, প্রণাঢ় হওরা To become more intense.

Intensity, in-tense-te, n. antesi , State of being stretched or strained Syn -Intenseness closeness, strictness, severity excess, vehemence, extremity, violence, vigour, strength energy, force, ardour, earnestness.

Intensive, a विवृठ, वर्धननील, Stretched, ad mitting of increase of degree - अविवास बन्दिक . Unremitted , serving to give force ad = intensively. n=intensiveness

Intent, in tent a এकाश्र-ित अधिनिविष्ठे , बाज निविद्यमां कृ म न्यानिक , Attentive , cager , fixed clo ely —n অভিপ্ৰায়, বৰ্ষ উব্দেশু, সকল, A design, meaning, end, aim ad=intently n=intentness Syn -(a) Close, fixed carnest, resolutely bent (n) Intention, meaning view, drift, object, end aim [ cagerly busy in Be intent upon-अनोबन्दिक क्रिक करा Be To all intents and purposes-Africa, স্ক্রিবরে, ক্লিডার্থ In all senses, practically Intention, in-tenshun, a অভিপ্ৰায় সংকর, Design purpose - बाक्नडा, Deep ardour of mind, intentness Syn - Aim end, view meaning, drift

Intentional, in tenshun-al a ৰভিত্ৰত সাভি आह अकाब Done Ly intention or design intended, designed al=intentionally Syn -Purposed, contemplated, premeditated studied Intentioned, a Meant de inted Inter, in ter', v t |L in and terra, the earth] अमाहिक-क , To bury n= interment । मनाबि burial ). Syn -Inhume, intomb, inurn

Interaction, in-ter-akshun, n পারপ্রিক কার্য্য Mutual action.

Intercalary, Intercalar, a अलंब मन्दि मणा স্থিবেশিত , Inserted in the midst of others

Intercalate, in ter'kal at, v t [L inter, between, calo, to call] পরিকার একদিন সল্লিবেশিত क , श्रीव्यविष्टे-क , To insert a day &c, in a calun dar n=intercalation

Intercede, in ter-sed, v t [L inter between and cedere, to pass] মধারতা কু, কাহারও পক্ষমথ্ন T, Plead in favor of one, mediate a=iiitercedant (medient) Syn -Interpose, a.t. trate, plead for, advocate

Intercede for—ৰখাছ হইবা কাহার পক্ষে কিছু প্রাখন 3. Mediate and plead for

Intercedent, a नपानको अक्नमर्थन, Going be tween, pleading for ad-intercedently [cells Intercellular, a. क्रियगादिक, i ying between

Intercession, in-ter-seshun, n ম্থাবৃত্তিয়া, পঞ্চনমূপ : Mediation a=intercessional. Syn -Interposition, intervention, advocacy, prayer, solicitation.

Intercessional, a. मशब्का वा लक्ष्ममर्थन ममविक . Containing intercession or pleading for others Intercessor, in-ter-seser, # व्याप , পক্ষমৰ্থ , One who pleads for another, mediator sentercessorial Syn -Advocate, pleader

Intercossory, in-ter-sesar-i, a. म्यान्द्रों , Interceding

Intercept, in-ter-sept, v t [L inter, between, and capere, to take] ৰাধা দে, পতিরোধ-কু, পথে (114-7. Cut off, to interrupt communication with n=interception, interceptor, intercepter a=interceptive Syn -Scize on the way, obstruct, preclude

Interchange, in-ter chang, n विनिश्च Change of one thing for another mutual exchange -ग र जाणान अलान क, विनिमंत्र के, To exchange --ण । भेगांत्रकाम र, To change mutually, to succeed alternately Syn -Bandy, recipro-.ate , alternate

Interchangeable, in-ter-chanja bl. a বিনিমন-বোগ্য . Exchangeable — नशायकत्म छन्त्रिक, Following alternately ad-interchangeably. n = interchangeableness interchangeability

Intercipient, in ter-sip i-ent, a शिक्तिवादक, Intercepting - n शिंडात्रांशक वस वा वास्ति असबात , He who or that which intercepts

Interclude, in-ter klood v t [L inter, between claudo, to shut | शिंडरबांध-क , त्याध-क , **\*\*\*\*** To intercept to cut off meinter clusion

ntercolonial, in-ter kol-ত'ni-al, a বিভিন্ন উপ-निरंगमगृहर मध्य-मः जां Pertrining to the r lation existing between colonies

ntercommune, v t পরশার কথাবার্তা করা Co commune between or together

<sup>r</sup>ntercommunicable, in ter kom üńi-ka bl, a नवण्य सानतीय, Capable of being communicated between or mutually

Intercommunicate, in-tei-kom ühi-kät v t. পরশ্বর কথাবার্তা কহা প্রশার চিট পত্র লেখালিখি কু, To communicate mutually n=intercommuni-

Intercommunion, in ter kom-unyun, প্ৰস্তু কংখাপকখন বা মিলন Mutual communion

Intercommunity, in ter kom-űńi-ti n প্ৰশাস জ্ঞাপন বা সংলাপ , Reciprocal intercourse , mutual communication

Intercostal, in-ter-kostal, a नाम महावारी . গল্পৰ মধ্যহিত Lying between the ribs

Intercourse, inter-kors, n na किथो किथि . Communication, correspondence by letter. communion — সম্পর্ক , সংস্রব , সংস্ক . Connection by dealings Syn -Correspondence communion. connection, commerce, familiarity, intimacy. acquaintance

Intercurrent, in-ter-kur'ent, a म्यावर्ती, Intervening n=intercurrence.

Interdependence, in-ter-de pendens,

পরশার নির্ভয়; Mutual dependence of parts one on another.

Interdict, in-ter-dikt, v. t. [L. inter, between, and dicere, to say] দিবারণ-ক ; দিবেৰ-ক ; To forbid :— আলাপ রোধ-ক ; To forbid communion :— নিবেৰ ; Prohibition :— নিবেৰ তেওঁ আবেল ; নিবেৰ জ ; A prohibition decree :— Papal prohibition of religious rites. Syn :—(v.) Prohibit, inhibit, disallow, prevent, debar. (n.) Prohibition, inhabition, disallowance.

Interdictive, in-ter-diktiv, Interdictory, in-ter-diktor-i, a. नित्यक ; नित्यकात्रक ;

Interest, inter-est, v.f. মন আকুট-ৰু; মনোবোগী-কু; প্রাথে উন্তেজিত-কু; To excite concern in behalf of another; engage the affections; affect:—

n. আর্থ. Concern:—আদর; Regard:—আল; ওাগ; Share; participation:—হিড, ম্বিধা; লাভ; Good; advantage:—বেছ; Affection:—হৃষ; Premium for the use of money:—মুদ্ধি; Any increase:—বিশিষ্ট মনোবোগ; বিশেষ মনোবোগ; Special attention:—The persons interested in any particular business or measure, taken collectively, as the manufacturing interest. Syn:—(v) Concern, move, engage, enlist. (n) Sympathy, regard; benefit, profit, influence, authority; selfishness.

In the intersts of—কাহাৰত বা কোৰ বিষয়ের হিডাপে: For the benefit of.

Make interest—জোগাও-ক; সহি ফুণারিস করান।
Take an interest in—কোন বিবরের কথা ভবিতে
বা কছিতে আমোদ বোধ করা, Take a delight in
talking or peering about:—কোন বিবরে আমোদ বোধ করা; Feel pleasure in attending to—
কাহাবত মহলে আনন্দিত হুডার; কাহারত হিড চেটা
করা; Feel pleasure at one's welfare; endeavour to advance one's interests.

Interested, interested, a. প্ৰপাতী; Partial -— বাৰ্থপৰাম্থ ; Looking to one's interest; selfish. ad—interestedly. Syn:—Affected, moved, excited; biased, predisposed, prejudiced.

Be interested in—কোন বিবাৰ ইষ্ট থাকা; Have a care, concern, or regard for:—কাহাৰ মন্ত্ৰল ক্ষৰী হত্তা, Be pleased at the welfare of:—কিছুৱ জন্ম আগ্ৰহ থাকা; Be solicitous about.

Interesting, inter-esting, a. আক্ৰণকাৰী: চিন্তাকৰ্মক; ভাৰোত্মিপক; Engaging the attention or regard. ad=interestingly.

Interfere, in-ter-fer'. v. i. [L. inter, between, and ferire, to strike] হতকেপ-ক; মধ্যবত্তী-হ; Intermeddle; interpose:—বিরোধী-হ; প্রতিক্ল-হ; To clash:—সংস্ট-হ; To come in collision. n= interferer, interference. Syn:—Intervene; collide, conflict. [বিষয়ে হতকেপ করা: Take a part in. Interfere (or Meddle) in (a matter)—বেশা Interfere (or Meddle) with (a person or a matter)—বাধা বেজরা; Oppose:—কিছু করিতে মান্তেরা; Not to allow:—পর্কল বিরোধী হলা; Clasp with, stand in the way of.

Interference, in-ter-fer'ens, n. इन्हरून : Act or state of interfering; interposition: -- विद्राप; Collision: clashing.

Interfluent, in-terfluo-ent, Interfluous, in-terfluous, in-terfluous, a. (L. inter, between, and fluo, to flow) অন্তৰ্গাই; মধ্যে বহুমান; Flowing between. Interfoliaceous, a. প্ৰস্থান্ত; Situated between leaves.

Interfused, in-ter-inzd. a. [L. inter, between, and fundo, to pour] মধ্যে স্থায়িত, Poured or spread between.

Interfusion, in-ter-fü'zhun, n. मारा म्हांत्र ; A pouring or spreading between.

Interim, inter-im, n. यशाकात ; अशावकी कात ; The meantime ; time intervening.

Interior, in-ter'e-re, a আভাত্তবিক; মধ্যহিত; Internal; inner,—opposed to Exterior; superficial:—কেশমধ্য ; Inland:—n. অভাত্তব; মধ্যভাগ; Inside:—কেশমধ্য; কেশেব মধ্যহল; The inland part of a country. ad=interiorly. Syn:—(a) Inward, inside.

Interjacency, in-ter-ja'sen-si, n. বৰাৰবিভা; বৰাৰতীয়াৰ; A lying between; a space or region between others.

Interjacent, in-ter-ja'sent, a. [L. inter, between, and jaceo, to lie] মধ্যবর্তী; মধ্যবিত ; I.ying between. n=interjacency. Syn:—Intervening, interposed, intermediate.

Interject, in-ter-jekt, v. t. [L. inter, between, jacio, to throw] মধ্যে নিকেশ-কু; সন্নিনিষ্ট-কু; To throw in between; to insert:—v. i. মধ্যবন্ধী-কু, To throw one's self between.

Interjection, [in-ter-jekshun, n. বংগ নিকেণ; Intervention:—ভাবপ্রকাশক শব্ধ; ইংবিস্মাদি সূচক্ শব্ধ; Exclamation of emotion a=interjectional. Interiunction, in-ter-jungkshun, n. বোগ; মধ্য-

Interjunction, in-ter-jungkshun, #. ব্যেপ ; মধ্য ব্যেপ : Junction or joining between.

Interknit, in-ter-nit', v. f. একত্র সেলাই-কৃ, দৃত্রপে সংস্কৃ-কৃ; To knit together; to unite closely.

Interlace, in-ter-las, v. t. মধ্য প্রবেশিত-কৃ; এক পদার্থের মধ্যে অন্ত পদার্থ সম্বন্ধ-কৃ; To put one thing within another:—মিপ্রিত-কৃ; To intermix. n= interlacement. Syn:—Cross, reliculate, intertwine, interweave.

Interlard, in-ter-lard, v. t. স্টানিত-কৃ. To mix in, as fat with lean:—মিল্ল থারা ভিত্ত প্রাক্রান্ত-কু, To diversify by mixture.

Interlay, in-terlá, v. t. মধ্যে রাধা; মধ্যে হাপন-কু;
To lay among or between. [leaf inserted.
Interleaf, n. প্তকের মধ্যে সাদা কাগত, A blank
Interleave, in-ter-lev, v. t. প্রকের মধ্যে সাদা
কাগত-কে, প্রস্থান্যে জনিধিত পক্ত সন্নিবিট-কু; To insert
blank leaves in a book.

Interline, in-ter-lin, v. t. त्यांत प्रता प्रता तथा ; धुर लड्डिय प्रता लया ; To write between lines.

Interlinear, in-ter-line-ar, a. ছই প্ৰুণ্ডির মধ্যে লিখিত; প্ৰুক্তিব্যের মধ্যে লিখিত; Written between lines already written. n=interlineation.

Interlineation, in-ter-lin-ea'shun, n. পৃথ্যি পর্যায়ে বা গছজিমবের মধ্যে লেখন বা বিবিশ্ব বিষয়; The act of interlining; that which is interlined. Interlink, in-ter-lingk, v. t. পৃথালে পৃথাৰে ধাৰ্য-কু; পৃথাবিত-কু; To connect by uniting links.

Interlocation, in-ter-lo-ka'shun, n, and ald : Interposition, placing between.

Interlocution, in-tel-lo-kū'shun, n. [L. inter, between, and loquor, locutus, to speak] তুড়াছ নিশান্তিৰ পূৰ্যবৰ্তী ভিজিল আংশেশ; An intermediate decree before final decision:—কংখাপ্ৰথম; Dialogue; conference.

Interlocutor, in-ter-lokin-tur, স. কথোপকখন-কারী; Diologist:—চূড়ান্ত নিস্পত্তির পূর্বে মধ্যবর্তী আলেশ; An intermediate decree before final decision. a=interlocutory.

Interlope, in-ter-lop', v. i. [I., inter, between, and Dut, loopen, to run] v. t. বিনা লাইনেন্দে ব্যানা-ক; To traffic without a proper license:
— স্বিনারে হতকেপ-ক; To intrude into any matter in which one has no fair concern.

Interloper, n. অৰ্থা প্ৰচৰ্তাকাৰী; One who interlopes; one who interferes officiously-

Interlude, in-ter-lood, n. [L. snter, between, Indus, play] নাটক বিশেষেৰ অৱসমতের মধ্যে বা ছুই থানি নাটকের মধ্যে কুলু নাট্যাভিনয়, বিষয় , গভাছিনয়; মধ্য আছ; A theatrical entertainment between acts of a play or between the play and after piece.

Interlunar, in-ter-তিল্লেন, Interlunary, in-ter-তিল্লেন-i, এ অমাৰ্সা সৰ্ভীয়, অমাৰ্সা কালীৰ, Belonging to the time when the moon is invisible.

Intermarriage, n. পরিবর্তে বিবাহ, আসবর্থ বিবাছ; Marriage between several members of two families or between different castes.

**Intermarry**, in-ter-mar'ı, v. i. প্রিবর্জে বিশাহ-কু; অসবর্ণ বিবাহ-কু; To marry reciprocally. n= intermarriage.

Intermeddle, in-ter-medi, v. f. অকাৰণে হত্ত-কেন্-কৃ; To interpose or interfere improperly.

Intermedial, in-ter-me'di-al, Intermediate, in-ter-mede-at, a. a and in lintervening, interjacent, interposed. ad=intermediately.

Intermedium, in-ter-mt'di-um, n. 447437

Interment, in-ter'ment, n. मनावि , मनावि कत्रवे . Burial. Syn .—Sepulture, inhumation.

Intermigration, in-ter-mi-grasshun, n. টগ-নিবেশ কাপন বিনিমন্ত্ৰ, Reciprocal migration.

Interminable, in-ter'min-a-bl, Interminate, in-ter'min-at, a. [l. in, not, and terminus, a boundary] খনত ; খনীন, Boundless, endless, n=interminableless. Syn:—Limitless, illimitable, immeasurable, infinite, unbounded, unlimited.

Intermingle, in-ter-ming'gl, v. t. or v i. fৰ্মিন্ত-ভূ; বিনিত-ভূ; বিনিত-ভূ; বিনিত-ভূ; বিনিত-ভূ; -Intermix, commingle, blend.

Intermission, in-ter-mishun, n. বিরাম, বিবৃতি;
মধ্বতী অবকাশ কান, Interval; pause, time
between the paroxyems of a disease. Syn:—
Remission, suspension, suspense, stoppage,
interruption; stop, rest.

Intermissive, a. সময়ে সময়ে উপস্থিত; সবিৱান; Coming at intervals.

Intermit, in-ter-mit, v t. [L. inter, between, and mittere, to send] नित्रज-इ, विद्युक्त किन्दुक, To cause to cease for a time; to in-

terrupt. Syn: -Suspend, discontinue, stop, leave off.

Intermittent, in-ter-mifent, c. সবিষাধ; Ceasing at intervals, as a fever :— ম. বে পীড়া মুখ্য ব্যস্থা হয়; An intermittent disease. ad—intermittingly. Intermittent fever—পাৰ্থাৰ;

Intermix, in-ter-miks, v. f. বিশিত-তৃ; To mix together; intermingle:—v. i, বিশিত-তৃ; To be mixed together; be intermingled. Syn:—Commingle, blend,

Intermixture, n. বিশ্বণ সভুত বিশ্ব ; বিশ্বিত বস্তু ; A mass formed by mixture ; something intermixed. [Between worlds.

Intermundane, in-ter-mundan, a. বোৰাত্ত্ৰতী, Intermural, in-ter-mural, a. বাটারাত্ত্রতী; Lving between walls.

Intermusoular, in-ter-musku-lar, c. পৌৰ্ধ্য-

Intermutation, in ter-mu-tashun, n. বিনিম্ব; Mutual change; interchange.

Internal, in-ter'nal, a. আত্তরিক; আভ্যত্তরিক; Inward, interior:—ব্দেশীয়; ধেনীয়; পরিবারিক; Pertaining to its own affairs or interest—said of a country, domestic, as opposed to foreign. ad—internally. Syx:—Interior, inner; domestic; intrinsic, real.

International, in-ter-nashun-al, a. ভিছু আভি সম্বভীয় ; আন্তৰ্জাভিক ; Pertaining to the relations between nations. ad = internationally.

Interneoine, in-ter-ne'sin, a. (L. inter, between, and necare, to kill) সাজাতিক; আপনাসক; মারাস্কক; Deadly. Syn:—Fatal, mortal.

Internuncio, in-ter-nuńshi-ö, n. [L. inter, between, and nuncius, a messenger] মুড ; পোপের প্রতিনিধি; Messenger between two parties; the Pope's envoy at republics and small courts.

Intercossenie, in-ter-উ-she-anik, a. সহাসমূলাত্ত-ব্যা, Between oceans.

Intercoular, in-ter-oku-lar, a. অভিনয়ের মণ্য-ব্যা; Between the eyes.

Interosses!, Interosseus, a. निवास मन्

Interpellate, v.t. [L. inter, between, and pello, to drive] ৰয়ী বা অন্ত রাজকর্মচারীকে প্র-কৃ; ক্বিজ্ঞানা কৃ; To question (a minister or executive officer) in explanation of his action; to question.

Interpollation, in-ter-pel-ত্ৰি'shun, ধান প্ৰাৰ; চন্তাক্ৰণ; সাথাই অনুধাই; বাধায়বাবের মধ্যে উজালিত প্ৰায় : A summons; citation; interruption, interposition, intercession. [ the petals. Interpolalary, ধানধানিক ; Situated between Interplanetary, in-ter-planetar-i, ধানধানিক বিশ্বা : Between the planets.

Interplodge, in-ter-plei, v. t. প্ৰতিভূ বিনিয়-ভূ To give and take a piedge.

Interpolate, in-ter po-lat, v. f. [L. inter between, and police, to polish] বাক্ষেক্ ; আধান কণে সমিবিটক; পৰিবিটিড-ক; To insert unfairly, as a spurious word or passage in a book or manuscript. \*\*\*\*interpolation (প্ৰকেণ; বাজিব ভাগ). Syn: Foist in; introduce surreptitiously. Interposal, in-ter-posal, Interposition, in-ter-po-zishun, n. ব্যাব্রিড); A coming between:—ব্যাহ্ড); Meditation; intervention; interpellation; intercession.

Interpose, in-ter-pox', v. i. [L. inter, between, and powers, to place] খ্যাব্তা-হ; খ্যাহ-হ; হতকেণ্হ; To come between; to mediate; to intercede; to interfere:—v. t. খ্যো হাগান-ছ; প্ৰকিশ্হ; বাছাব্যানাথিয় প্ৰধাৰ-ছ; To place between;
to thrust in; to offer, as aid. n=interposer.

Syn:—Introduce, insert, intrude; intervene,
interfere; mediate, arbitrate.

Interposition, ল. হৰকেপ ; মধ্যবৰ্তিতা ; মধ্যহতা ; মধ্যে হাপিত বন্ধ ; Intervention ; mediation ; anything interposed.

Interpret, in-ter'pret, v. t. [L. interprets, interpreter] বাখ্যা-ক; অনুবাদ-ক; Expound; translate; explain the meaning of. Syn:—Elucidate, unfold, define, make out, decipher. render, construe, translate.

Interpretable, in-ter'-pre-ta-bl, a. বাঝাবোঝ; অব্যানাথা; Capable of interpretation.

Interpretation, in-ter-pret-2'shun, n. আৰ্; অব্যাদ, অধ্যকাৰ; Explanation, meaning: version; translation. Syn:—Exposition, elucidation; rendering, construction, version, signification, sense.

Interpretative, in-ter'pre-ta-tiv, a. ব্যাধ্যা-বোগ্য: ব্যাধাপূৰ্ণ: অসুবাদ বাৰা সংস্থাত : অসুবাদবিশিষ্ট ; Designed or fitted to explain; collected or known by interpretation. ad=interpretatively. Interpreter, in-ter'pret-er, স. ব্যাব্যাকারী; অসুবাদকারী, অসুবাদক; অর্থাফানক; An expositor; a translator, an expounder.

Interregnum, in-ter-reg'num, n. [L. inter, between, and regnum. rule] বে সময়ে সিংহাসন শৃত্ত হয়, দুই যাজছের মধ্যবন্তী অবকাশকাল; The time between the cessation of one and the establishment of another government.

Interrex, inter-reks, n. [L. inter, between, rex, a king] বাজপ্রতিবিধি বা আছি; A magistrate that rules during an interregnum; regent.

Interrogate, in-terro-gat, v. t. [L. inter, between, and rogare, to ask] প্রস্কৃত্ব: ক্ষিন্তান্ত্র ক্ষুত্র ক্

Interrogation, in-ter-ro-ga'shun, n. প্ৰশ্ন; বিজ্ঞাবা; Questions put:—প্ৰশ্ন চিক্ ; প্ৰশ্নতৰ চিক্ ; A point, mark, or sign (?) thus indicating that the sentence preceding it is a question. Syn:—Questioning; inquiry; question, interrogatory.
Interrogative, in-ter-rog'a-tiv, a. প্ৰশাৰ্ক, প্ৰশাৰ্ক, প্ৰশাৰ্ক ই কাৰ্বিক বিজ্ঞানিত ; Denoting a question:—স. প্ৰশ্নতৰ প্ৰশ্ ; A word used in asking a question.

Interrogatory, in-ter-rog'a-tor-i, n. প্ৰয়; বিজ্ঞাস ; A question or inquiry :—a. প্ৰয়াৰ্ক; অৱস্টুক ; Expressing a question.

Interrupt, in-ter-rupt, v. t. [L. inter, between,

and rumpers, to break] বাধা-ৰে; বাধাত-ৰে; বাভাত-ৰে; বাভিন্নে; বিভক্ত বা ভিন্ন-কু; নিজ্ঞতা ভল-কু; To stop or hinder by breaking in upon the course or progress of; hinder; to divide; to break continually. Syn:—Break, divide, disconnect, separate; disturb, hinder; intermit, suspend, discontinue, leave off.

Interruptedly, in-ter-rup'ted-li, ad. বিরাম সহকারে : বাধা দিয়া ; With interruptions.

Interruption, in-ter-rup'shun, n. প্ৰতিৰ্ব্ব ; বাধা ; বিশ্ব বা বাাঘাত উৎপাদৰ, বিনাম ; Hindrance ; cessation. Syn :—Intervention, interposition ; intermission, suspension ; pause ; obstruction, obstacle, impediment, stop.

Interruptive, in-ter-rup'tiv, a. বাতিব্ৰক; বিশ্বলক; বাণালক; Tending to interrupt. ad=interruptively.

Intersoribe, in-ter-skrib', v. t. [L. inter, bteween, scribo, to write] মধ্যে মধ্যে (লখা; To write between. [Dividing into parts; crossing. Intersecant, in-ter-se'kant, a. ছেদৰকারী; Intersect, in-ter-sck', v. t. [L. inter, between, and seco, sectum, to cut] মধ্যছেল-কু; মধ্যে কাটা; বিভক্ত-কু. To cut into or between; to divide into parts;—v. i. প্রশার ছেল-ভু; প্রশার মিলিড-ভু; To cut into one another, meet, and cross each other. ne intersection.

Intersection, in-ter-sek'shun, ন. ছেদ; ছেনৰ; ছই বেখা বা তলের ছেদবিন্দু বা ছেদ রেখা; The act of intersecting; the point or line in which two lines or two planes cut each other.

Intersperse, in-ter-spers, v. t. [ L. inter, between, and spargere, to scatter] বিকাৰ-ক; ইড-ডেচ বিশিপ্ত-ক; To scatter here and there among other things; interland. n—interspersion.

Intersteller, Interstellary, a. সৌরবোধ-ভাত; ৰক্ষ মধ্যত; Situated beyond the solar cystem of among the stars; in the intervals between the stars.

Interstice, in-ter'stis, n. [ L. inter, between, and sisters, to stand ] ব্যায়ল; ম্বাবতী প্রয়াল; Space between small interventing space. a= interstitial. Syn:—Interval, interspace, chink. Interstratified, a. অভাত পদাৰ্থন মধ্যে তানীভূত; Stratified between other bodies.

Intertexture, n. feles eleicis active eras

Intertropical,a. অৱনাত বৃত্তব্যের ন্যাব্তী; Situated between the tropics.

Intertwine, in-ter-twin, v. t. পাৰাইরা বিভিত-কু; একত্র জড়ান, To twist together,—v.i. পাক লাপিরা একত্রিত-হ, বিজড়িত-হ; To be twisted together; to become involved. ad=intertwiningly. Syn:—Interlace, interweave.

Intertwist, in-ter-twist, v. t. পাৰাইবা ঘোষিত-ক; একন ভটান; To twist together. ad—intertwisting.

Interval, in'ter-val, n. [L. inter, between, and vallum, a wall] মণ্ডল কাল বা হাব; ছই হৰেৰ মণ্ডল অবকাল; Time or distance between. Syn:—Intermediate space, interspace; season, period, term, spell.

At intervals—বংগা মংখা; সময়ে সময়ে; At times:—বাৰুম; At periods intervening between one event and another:—মধ্যে মধ্যে; বীষ্ণায় ব্যৱসায় ; Here and there; at distances long or short from each other.

Intervene, in-ter-ven, v. i. [ L. inter, between and venire, to come ] মধাৰতী-ই; মধাই-ই; Come or be between; mediate; interpose:—v. t. বিভিন্ন-ই; To separate. Syn:—Interrupt, interfere; happen, occur.

Intervention, in-ter-ven'shun, ন, বৰাছতা; মধ্যবৃত্তিতা; হতকো; Mediation; interposition. Syn:—Interference: agency.

Interview, in'ter-vu, n. প্রশার ধর্ণন; সাকাং; সাকাংকার; প্রামর্ণ; Meeting; meeting for conference; parley:—a.i. সাকাং-ড়; To have an interview.

Interweave, in-ter-web, n. t. সংক্ষতিত-তৃ; একত্ত ব্যৱ-কৃ; To weave together:—সংযুক্ত-কৃ; মিলিড-কৃ; To connect closely. Syn:—Interwine, interlace; intermix, intermingle.

Intestacy, in-testa-si, n. আইন অস্থায়ী উইল লাকবিয়া বৃত্যা: The state of one dying without having made a valid will.

Intestate, in-testat, c. [ I.. in, not, and testor, to make a will ] উইল না করিয়া মৃত . Dying without making a will:—n. বে উইল না করিয়া মৃত বজি: A person who dies without a will. n=intestacy

Intestinal, in-testin-al, a. অমসংখীয় , Pertaining to the intestines.

Intestine, in-testin, a. [ L. intus, within, on the side ] বৰ্ষীয়; আভাষ্থায়ক; অভাষ্থায়ক; Domestic, not foreign; internal:—applied usually to what is evil:—n. ( usually in the plural) অন্তু, লাড়ীভুডি; Bowels; guts. Syn:—Inward, interior Inthral, in-thrawl, v. t. দাস্থাবীন-কু; ব্ৰীকৃত-কু; প্ৰদান-কু; প্ৰদাব্দ-কু; To enslave; shackle, neinthralment.

Inthralment, in-thrawlment, a. নাৰকাৰ; দাসভ;
Act of inthralling or enslaving, slavery.

Intimacy, inti-ma-si, n. ঘনিটডা; আন্থ্যায়তা; বন্ধতা; বন্ধত্ ; Close familiarity ; friendship

Intimate, inte-māt, a. [ L. intimus, from intus, within ] বিশৃচ; পাঢ়; হুপবিচিত; Familiar; close in friendship:—ম. অন্তর্গ বন্ধু; নহচয়; A familiar friend or an associate:—৮. t. ইপিড-ফু; সক্তে-ফু; হুচিড-ফু; জাপন-ফু; Insinuate; hint. ad=intimately. Syn:—(a) Near, close, friendly; conversant with. (n) Associate, companion, helpmate, comrade, crony. (v) Allude to; impart, communicate, announce, tell, declare.

Intimation, in-te-ma'shun, n. ইপিড; Hint, indication:—সংবাদ, জাপন; Information. Syn:—Suggestion, declaration; notice, warning.

Intolerable, in-toler-a-bl, s. [L. in, and tolerars, to bear] चन्छ; हान्छ; Unbearable.

n=intolerableness. ad=intolerably. Syn:—
Insufferable, unendurable, insupportable.

Intolerance, Intoleration, প. আবৰ্গ; অসহিত্তা; অক্ষমতা; Impatience:—অসুদাৰতা; বোড়ামি; Want of toleration; bigotry.

Intolerant, in-toler-ant, g. অসহন্দীল; অসহিক্; Not tolerant; impatient:—নিগ্ৰহকারী: নিবাডিন-ভারী: Persecuting:—n. নিগ্ৰহকাৰী বাজি: পৌড়া; অসহিক্ৰাজি: One opposed to toleration. n= intolerance, intoleration. ad=intolerantly.

Intomb, in-toom, v. s. (914-(4; To bury; inter, inhume.

Intone, in-tōn', v. i. এক প্ৰকাৰ কৰে কথা কথা; শল-কু; To give forth a low protracted sound; to ulter a sound:—v.i. পাল-কু; হৰ কৰিয়া আবুন্তি-কু; To chant.

Intonate, in'ton-রিt, ৩. i. ত্র-কু; সজীত পদ উৎ-পাদন-কু; দক-কু; To sound the notes of a musical scale; to modulate the voice, to sound forth.

Intonation, in-ton-assum, n. [L. in, and tonare, to sound ] হয়; ব্যৱসায়, Modulation of the voice. Syn:—Accentuation, cadence.

Intersion, in-ter'shun, n. জড়াৰ : বকীভাৰ : A twisting, winding or bending.

Intoxicate, in-tokic-kat, v. t. মদ বিহাল-কৃ.
নাতাল-কৃ: উন্নৱ-কৃ; To make drunk — ট্রানিডকৃ. To excite to a kind of delirium — a.
উল্লালিড; উত্তেখিত উল্লালিড; Over excited as with joy,
grief. Syn — (v) Inebriate, fuddle, make tipsy,
make delirious.

Intoxication, in-toks-e-ka'shun, n. মন্তর্য; হ্রামন্তর্য; মাডলামি; Drunkenness.—উল্লাস, অভিশন্ত উত্তেজনা; High excitement or elation. Syn:—Inebriation, inebriety; infatuation, excitement, exhilaration.

Intractability, in-trakt-a-bife-te, n. অবাধ্যতা, অধ্যাত্তা, অধ্যাত্তা, Quality of being ungovernable Syn:
—Obstinacy, perverseness, indocility, stubboriness, obduracy.

Intractable, in-trakta-bl, a. তুলাত তুলি । আবা ; জনমা, অবাসনীত . Ungovernable ; unmanageable. n=intractableness, intractability. ad=intractably Syn:—Perverse, obstinate, cross, unmanageable, unruly, headstrong. Intramural, a. প্রাচীয় ম্যাবত ; Within the walls,

as of a city.
Intransitive, in-transi-tiv, a. অকপ্ৰক; কৰ্পুণ্যে
আৰম্ভ: Expressing a meaning which does not pass over to an object. ad=intransitively.

Intransmissible, in-trans-misi-bl, a. অপ্রের-ত্যা, অপ্রিচালনীয়; That cannot be transmitted. Intransmutable, in-trans-miita-bl, a. অপ্রি-হর্তনীয়; That cannot be changed. ad = intransmutability.

Intrant, intrant, s. [L. intro, to enter] বৰেণ-কারী; তেগক; Entering; penetrating:—বৰেণক; One who enters, particularly on some public duty

Intronch, in-trensh, v t. পৰিখাদি বাৰা পৰিবেটত-কু, গড়বন্দি-কু; গৰ্ভ-কু, Make a trench; fortify with a ditch; to furrow :— o. f. जाजन- कृ ; वन-পূর্বাক বারণ বা বছণ- कृ ; To encroach ; invade.

Intrenchment, in-trensh'ment, n. পরিখা; গড়, A trench; a ditch and parapet for defence:— আক্ষম; An encroachment. Syn:—Moat, rampart; infringement, encroachment.

Intropid, in-trep'id, a. নির্ভয়; ভয়পুস্ত; নাইনী; Undaunted; brave, fearless; daring, n-intrepidity. Syn:—Bold, undaunted; dauntless, doughty, daring.

Intrepidity, in-tre-pide-te, a. নিতীকতা; সাহদিকতা; Fearless bravery; undaunted bravery. Syn:—Courage, heroism, fortitude, gallantry, valour.

Intrioacy, intre-kā-se, n. অটলতা; Entanglement. Syn:—Perplexity, complication, complexity, involution, obscurity, difficulty.

Intricate, intre-kat, a [L. in, and tricari, to make hinderances] when; fastes; Entangled, involved; perplexed. n=intricacy; intricateness. ad=intricately. Syn:—Perplexed, complicated, obscure, difficult.

entrigue, in-treg', n বডবন্ধ; চজান্ধ; Secret plot or scheme:—বাটকালির গলস্ক ; The plot of a poem or romance:—বাবৈৰ, গুৱাপুৰ; Amour, secret illicit love:—v. t. বচৰন্ধ-কৃ; চজান্ধ-কৃ. To form intrigues:—গোপনে মনৈৰ প্ৰাৰ-কৃ, To carry on illicit love. Syn:—(n.) Cabal, plot, conspiracy, machination, artifice, wile, finesse, ruse, manoeuvre. (v) Scheme, cabal, plot.

Intriguer, in-treg'er, n. वस्त्रकारी; व्याखकारी, One who intrigues.

Intriusic, in-trińsik, Intriusical, in-trińsikal, a. [L. intra, within, and secus, side] আভা-ভবিক; বাভাবিক, বভাবজ; Inward; inherent— বৰাৰ্ব; প্ৰকৃত, Genuine. ad—intrinsically. n= intrinsicality. Syn:—Internal, inborn, native, natural, true, real, essential.

Introduce, in-tro-dus, v. t [L. intro, within and ducers, to lead] উপস্থিত-কৃ. লইবা বাঙ্যা, ধাৰেশ করান, To lead in, to bring in, conduct or usher in:—ক্সাচ-কৃ; গোচব-কৃ; পবিচিত-কৃ; পবিচিত-কৃ; পবিচিত-কৃ; পবিচিত-কৃ; প্রচান-কৃ. To commence; to begin, to preface:—প্রচালত-কৃ; To bring into practice Syn:—Conduct, usher in, bring acquainted, present; import, produce.

Introduce into—ভিতরে প্রবিষ্ট করান; Insert in, put into :—প্রবৃত্তি কৰা; Bring into use in :—ভিত্তরে কাইরা বাওরা; Conduct one to.

Introduce (one) to—আলাপ পরিচর করিরা দেলা; Make one known to another.

Introduction, in-tro-dukshun, n. আবন্ত; Beginning:—প্রিচয় করান; পরিচব করিয়া দেওন; গোচর-কবা; Act of making persons known to each other:—মুখবন্ধ; এত্তের ভূমিকা; Preface:—I.eading in —উপক্ষণিকা, উপক্রমণিকা প্রস্তু . Rudiments. Syn:—Ushering in, presentation; proem, prelude, prologue, preamble.

Letter of introduction—পরিচয়-পতা। Introductive, in-tro-duktiv, a. জ্ঞাপক, পরি-চারক; Serving to introduce. Introductory, in-tro-duktor-e, a. প্ৰবঃ প্ৰায়ন্তক; ভূমিকাৰক্স; Prefatory; preparatory; preliminary:—আপক; পরিচায়ক; Serving to introduce. ad=introductorily. Syn:—Previous, i itiative, precursory, proemial.

Intromission, ম. অব্প্রেরণ; অভের রবে বা বিবরে হলকেপ; Sending within, intermeddling with another's effect.

Intromit, in-tro-mit, v. t. [L. intro, within, mitto, missum, to send] অনুধ্যের-কৃ: এইণ শীকার-কৃ; প্রবেশ করিতে দেওছা; To send within; to admit, to allow to enter.

Introspect, v. t. অকার দেশা , Look within.

Introspection, in-tro-spekshun, n. অন্তর্ননা ; alandalari ; Sight of the inside or interior, self examination. a=introspective.

Introvert, in-tro-vert, v. t. [L. intro, within, and verto, to turn] ভিতর দিকে ৰজ-কু; ভিতর দিকে ছিলান; To turn inwards.

Intrude, in-trood, v. s. [L. in, and truders, to thrust] বিৰা আহ্বানে উপস্থিত-ছ; অৰাহুডভাবে প্ৰবেশ-কৃ. To enter uncalled or uninvited, to thrust into:—v. t প্ৰবেশিত-কৃ; অৰ্থিকাৰ প্ৰবেশ-কৃ; বলপ্ৰ্কৰ অন্তঃপ্ৰিই-কৃ; To thrust in or cause to enter without right or welcome, to obtrude, encroach; infringe, trespass. n=intruder. Syn.—Force into, interich, interfere, enter uninvited.

Intrude into—অধিকার না থাকিলেও কোন বিবয়ে হতকেপ করা; Enter into without right:—বলপুৰ্বক প্ৰবেশ-কু; Force oneself into (some subject or place).

Intrudo upon—বিনা আহ্নানে বা অস্মতিতে কাহারও নিকট আসা (বিবক্তিকব হব এউভাব ); Come without permission; thrust oneself upon another in an abrupt and unwelcome manner.

Intruder, n. অনাহত ব্যক্তি; আগস্তক ; One who enters without asking or leave.

Intrusion, in-troo'shun, n. বিনা আহ্বামে আগমন; অনাত্রত প্রবেশ; Entering into a place without welcome or invitation.—অন্ধিকাৰ প্রবেশ; বল-পূর্বক গ্রহণ বা আক্রমণ; Encroachment.

Intrusive, in-troo'sive, a. বিনা অনুসভিতে উপন্তিত, জনাত্তভাবে প্রবেশকারী, Tending or apt to intrude; entering without welcome or right, ad=intrusively. n=intrusiveness.

Intrust, in-trust, v. t. ভাবাৰ্পণ-কু; বিৰাসপ্ৰক স্থাৰ বা অৰ্পণ-কু; To deliver in, trust, confide to the care of, commit, consign.

Intuitive, in-tu'it-iv, a. সহত জ্ঞান থাবা উপলছ; সহত জ্ঞান থাবা উপলছ; সহত জ্ঞান থাবা উপলছ; সহত জ্ঞান থাবা উপলছ; the mind without argument or testimony; received or known by simple inspection. ad—intuitively. Syn:—Knowing directly, perceived at once; immediate, full, distinct, certain.

Intumescence, in-tu-mesens, n. [L. in, and tumes, to swell] কীতি; বৃদ্ধি; উন্নতি; A swelling; a tumid state.

Intwine, in-twin, e. একৰ অভিত-তৃ: Twine around or together. [Twist together. Intwist, in-twist, v. পাক-খা; একৰ অভিত-তৃ: Inumbrate, in-umbrat, v. t. [L. in, and umbro, to shade—umbra, a shadow] ছায়াইড-ক: To shade.

Inundate, in-undate, v. f. [ L. in, and undare, to rise in waves ] wnaires ; Flood; overflow with water. n=inundation. Syn:—Deluge, drown, overflow, overwhelm, submerge.

Inundation, in-un-da'shun, #. অলমানন : ঘতা;
A flood, an overflowing. Syn :- Deluge, rush;
cataclysm.

Inure, in-ur', v. t. অভ্যত-ড়; কটিন-ড়; To accustom; to habituate to harden;—v. i. ব্যক্তিৰ আৰা; উপকাৰে বাগা; To come into use; to serve to the use of. n=inurement. Syn:—Train, familiarize.

Inure one to কোন কটকৰ বিবৰে অভাত কৰা; Habituate one to something that is difficult or troublesome.

Inurn, in-urn. v. f. নমাহিত-কু; পোৰ দেওৱা; চিডা-ভনাবারে বাবা; To intomb; to put in an urn; to fur. Inutility, in-u-tile-te, n. অসুপ্ৰোগিডা; অসুপ-কাৰিডা; অব্যৰহাৰ্য্যতা; Uselessness; unprofitableness; fruitlessness.

Invade, in-v3d, v. t. [L. invadere, from in, and vadere, to go] আন্ত্ৰা-কৃ; Attack; encroach upon:—ব্যাল্ড-কৃ; Violate. n=invader. Syn:—Assail, assault; infringe, violate.

Invador, n. আক্রমণকারী; One who invades or attacks:—অন্থিকারে প্রবেশকারী; An encroacher; an intruder.

Invalid, in-valid, a. [L. in, and malidus]
অগ্নাণিক; অকাৰ্যাকর; বাহিল; অগ্নাফ; Not valid
or strong; void; null:—ছৰ্মাল; মুম্মালার;
ইনিবল; করা; পীড়িড; Infirm; sick:—n. বোগী;
করা লোক; মুদ্ধ আহত সৈক্ত, A sickly person; a
disabled soldier:—v. t. মুদ্ধ আহত সৈক্তপ্পির
ভালিকার নাম লিখা; করা সৈনিকাদির তালিকা হুত-কৃ,
To enrol on the list of invalids in the military
or naval service;—করা-কৃ; To render invalid or
affect with desease. Syn;—(a) Weak, worthless; void, null; sick, feeble.

Invalidate, in-valid-at. v. t. অকর্থা-কু; অসার বা নিকল-কু; ফুর্মল-কু, বার্থ-কু; To render invalid; to weaken. n=invalidity, invalidation. Syn:— Nullify, make void, overthrow.

Invalidity, n. অসারড; নিঘণতা; Want of cogency; want of force.

Invaluable, in-valua-bl, a. eqq; Priceless. ad=invaluably. Syn:—Inestimable, very costly, very precious.

Invariable, in-vare-a-bl, a. [L. in, and warius, changeable] অপ্নিবর্তনীয়; নিষত একরূপ, Unalterable, n=invariableness. Syn:—Constant, immutable, unchangeable, always uniform Invasion, in-varzhun, n. আনুষ্প; আৰুক্তৰ, Attack, an uncursion:—অন্থিকার অবেশ; বল্পুক্ত

থাবা; An encroachment; a raid; infringement:—সভাব; Violation. Syn:—Assault, aggression, irruption, inroad; raid, foray; encroachment.

Invasive, in-vasiv, a. আক্রমণীল; আক্রমণারী; হতকেপ্ৰায়ী; Aggressive; hostile.

Invective, in-vektiv, n. ভংগনা; নিকা; বিভায়; বালোভি; Abuse; reproach; satire:—s. নিকাৰায়ী; বিজ্ঞপাস্কভ; Railing; abusive; satirical. Syn:—(n) Railing, obloquy, vituperation; philippic, sarcasm.

Inveigh, in-vá, v. i. [ L. in, and vehere, to carry] গালাগালি দেওৱা; নিম্মা-ক: ভিরম্বার-ক: To attack with words, to revile. Syn:—Denounce, reprobate, censure, reproach, declaim against. Inveigh against—খুব বিশা কছা বা গালি দেওৱা; Attack bitterly with reproaches.

Inveigle, in-ve'gl, v. i. প্রাণ্ডি-রু; কুর্বে প্রতি-রু; To entice, seduce, wheedle. n=inveiglement. Syn:—Allure, ensnare, entrap, mislead. [Enticement; enticing.

Inveiglement, in-vergl-ment, n. হাগোডন;
Invent, in-vent, v. t. [ L. invenire, to find ]
উভাবন-কু; আনিভাব-কু, উভাবিত-কু, বচনা-কু; স্ট-কু,
নির্মা-কু; আন-কু; মিখা ভজনা-কু; Contrive;
create; to frame; to forge; devise something
not known before. n = invention. Syn:—Find
out, design, fabricate, originate, forge.

Invention, in-venshun, n. আবিকাৰ; কৃষ্টি; উত্তাবন, Act of finding out or producing something new:—প্ৰভাৱণ]; A deceit:—উত্তাবনান্ধি; The faculty of inventing. Syn:—Contrivance, fabrication, device, plan, design; discovery; deceit, fiction, forgery.

Inventive, in-ventive, a. \$\forall stars = 17 \, Able to invent; quick at contrivance. n=inventiveness. ad=inventively. Syn:—Skilful, creative, ingenuous.

Inventor, Inventer, in-ventur, n. আবিধারক; উরব্যক্তা; One who invents or finds out something new. fem = inventress.

Inventory, inven-tor-e, দ. তালিকা; Catalogue of goods:—v. t. তালিকা-কু, To make a catologue if. Syn:—(n) Register, roll, schedule.

Inverse, in-vers, a. বিপরীত; বিপর্যন্ত; উটা; Inverted; opposite; contrary. ad=inversely. Inversion, in-ver'shun. n. ব্যক্তিকম; বিপর্যন্ত; বিপরীক্তাব, Change of order or position.

Invert, in-vert, v. t. [L. sn, and vertere, to turn] উণ্টা-ক ; বিপ্রায়-ক ; বিপ্রায়-ক ; বিপ্রায়-ক ; বিপ্রায়-ক ; to reverse ; to revise. Syn:—Upset, subvert, owrturn, overset.

Invertebral, Invertebrate, a. সেক্লড্টান; Destitute of a vertebral column or backbone. Invertebrate, n. মেক্লড্টান জাব; An animal

destitute of a skull and vertebral column.

Invertedly, in-verted-li, ad. বিশ্বান্ত বা বিশ্বীন্তভাবে , In a reversed or contrary manner.

Invest, in-vest, v. t. [L. in, and vestire, to clothe] সন্ধিত-কু; কাণড় পরা, To dress; to clothe:—কৰ্প-কু, প্রদান-কু; বেংলা, To endow; to confer or give: প্রবাদ স্থাপন-কু, প্রাক্তিকি-কু.

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To instal :- कृष्ड-मृ : To adorn :- अवस्य-मृ : To besiege :--वानिकानि विवस्त धन व्यस्तान-कृ; biका बाहान ; To lay out money on :-- (बहेन-इ ; To surround :- - To block up :- v. i. To make an investment. Syn :- Array, robe, drape ; endue; grace, bedeck; inclose, surround, blockade. [ business for making a profit. Invest in-514) बाढीन; Lay out money in Invest (one) with—क्लानकल नवान क्ला; Adorn one with :- কোৰ ক্ৰড়া প্ৰয় ; Clothe one with some authority or office.

Investigable, in-vesti-ga-bl, a. चन्नमानायांत्रा ; अनुमाना ; Able to be investigated.

Investigate, in-veste-gat, v. t. [L. in, and verligare, to track ] जन्मकान-कृ ; जन्मवर्ग-कृ ; To search out ; to pursue. Syn :- Inquire into, examine, scrutinize, test, criticise; explore.

Investigation, in-ves-te-gashun, n. जन्मकान ; अर्थरन ; Enquiry ; examination :- नारवरन ; अवा-दन , Research ; study.

Investigative, in-vesti-ga-tiv, Investigatory, in-vesti-ga-tor-i, a. जनुमकारमञ्ज् : जनुमकात्री, Promoting or given to investigation

Investigator, in-vesti-ga-tur, अ. अनुमकानकांदी ; उदान्त्रकानकाती, Enquirer; examiner.

Investiture, in-vesti-tur, n. जिल्ला ; अजिही ; अधिकांत्री कदन , Installing in office.

Investment, in-vestment, " অর্থরোগ; অর্থের বিনিয়োগ; Laying out money on :- আক্রমণ. चवरत्रांथ ; रवांथ ; Siege :-- मस्जिड कत्रण ; The act of investing :- " A vestment. Syn :- Vestment, garment, clothing, besieging, surrounding, blockading; money laid out.

Invoterate, in-veter-at, a. [ L. inveterare, to iender old ] वस्ता, मृज्या ; Deep-rooted :-खन्त : Violent. ns = inveterateness, inveteracy. ad = inveterately. Syn :- Obstinate, confirmed, ingrained, habitual.

Inveterateness, Inveteracy, n. প্রাচীনত হেড় YEST; Figuress produced by long use or continuance.

Invidious, in-vide-us, a. [ L. invidiosus, from envidia, envy ] राष्ट्रशेर ; Enviable ; desirable --- (वर अवर्डक ; जर्गाधनक ; वेद्या- छन्नी भक ; वृशाधनक ; Likely to incear ill will, hateful; offensive; odious. n=invidiousness, ad=invidiously.

Invigorate, in-vig'or-at, v. t. [ L. in, and vigor, force ] वृष्-क ; वनभागी-क ; मवन-क ; अनू-शाहिक-म ; To strengthen ; to animate n = invigoration. Syn: -Brace, harden, nerve.

Invincible, in-vinse-bl, a. [L. in, and vincere, of conquer] অন্তিক্রন্য ; অলের ; ছুর্কের ; Insuperable ; unconquerable. ==invincibleness, invincibility. ud=invincibly. Syn:-Indomitable, impregnable; insuperable; insurmountable.

Inviolable, in-vi'o-la-ble, a. অনতিক্রমনীয়; অনত্যা; আনত্যনীয়; That cannot be violated. n= inviolability. ad = inviolably. Syn :- Sacred, holy; obligatory, unalterable.

Inviolate, in-vi'o-lat, a. [ L. in, not, violatus, pp. of violars, to violate ] == ; == | चन्त्रिक ; Unhurt ; unbroken. Syn :- Uninjured.

unprofaned, unpolluted, virgin, intact, undefiled.

Invisible, in-vize-bl, a. [ L. in, and visere, videre, to see ] wys; That cannot be seen. ns = invisibility, invisibleness. ad=invisibly. Syn: - Imperceptible, unperceivable, indiscernible, unseen.

Invitation, in-ve-tashun, n. নিময়ণ; আহ্বান : মিনতি; অপুরোধ; The act of inviting; asking, solicitation Syn: -Bidding, call, summons.

Invite, in-vit, v. t. faast-7, To ask to a place of entertainment :—প্ৰবৃত্ত-কু; আকৃষ্ট-কু, প্ৰলোভিড-क : To persuade ; to allure :- किछा मा-क : To ask :-- आरमन-कृ ; आळां-कृ , To summon ; to bid : -আকর্ণ-কু; To attract:-- চ. ঃ. নিমন্ত্রণ-কু; To ask in invitation. n=inviter. Syn :- Solicit, call ; attract, entice.

Inviter, n. আর্থনাকারী: One who invites.

Invitingly, in-vering-li, ad. ettel ster with a প্ৰকৃত্ব কৰিয়া, In an inviting or alluring manner. Invocate, invo-kat, v. t. entin-4; याका-4; Call upon with solemnity; to implore. n=invocation.

Invocation, in-vo-ka-hun, #. প্রার্থনা; প্রার্থনার वोडि, बाह्मान ; Act of addressing in prayer ; a call or summons. Syn: -Supplication, entreaty, petition, orison.

Invoice, invois, n. মূলা সহিত প্রব্যাদির তালিকা; मात्त्र हालान, Writing sent with goods showing the particulars and prices .- v. i. তালিকা প্রস্তুত-क ; हालान टिकान-क ; To make an invoice of ; to insert in a priced list.

Invoke, in-vok, v. i. [ L. in. on, voco, to call ] প্রার্থনা-क ; माधूनवा वाक्का-क ; वन्तना-क ; Call upon solemnly; to address in prayer :-- महिंचा आर्थना করা; সাহাব্য তিক্ষা করা; To implore assistance. Syn:-Supplicate, beseech, conjure, appeal to, adjure.

Involuntary, in-volun-tar-e, a. [ L. in, and voluntus will ] अनिकृक ; ইচ্ছাবিকর ; अनिख्या ; Not voluntary or willing; not chosen. n=involuntariness. ad-involuntarily. Syn :- Compulsory, reluctant; instinctive, automatic\_ spontaneous, off-hand.

Involution, in-vo-lu'shun, n. বিজড়িত করণ; বিকড়িত ভাব : The action of involving ; state of being entangled :- 415144; Act or process of raising a quantity to any given power.

Involve, in-volv, v. t. [ L. involvere, to roll about, wrap up ] बड़ान ; अड़ान ; नपावुछ-कृ ; To roll up ; enwrap ; envelop :-- निय-क , विकाधिक-ক : To entangle ; to implicate :-- বিপদ্পাৰ-ক বা वर्गाय-कृ, To overwhelm; embarass:-- अवक्ष-कृ: To comprise; to include; to contain. Syn :- Envelop; include, imply, embrace; complicate, make difficult; connect, unite, mingle, blend; twine, interlace, interweave.

Involve (one) in-কোন বিপাকে জড়িড-কু; Entangle one in some difficult or danger :- ( ) বিভাতে আক্র-ক ; Envelop completely in :- Embarrass one by debt :- - - Mingle confusedly with.

Involvement, n. विकास : विकासिक कांव : The act of involving : state of being involved.

Invulnerable, in-vulner-a-bl, a. অভেন্য; আবাতের অবাধ্য; That cannot be wounded. ns=invulnerability. invulnerableness. ad=invulnerably. Inward, inward, a. [A. S. in and ward, direction] বাছরিক; আভারিক; মানসিক; ঘলিষ্ট: Inside; internal; interior, inner, intimate.—ad. মুধ্য; Towards the inside:—মনেমুখ্য; Into the mind:—n. pl. আছ; The intestines.

Inwardly, ad. ব্যভাগে; অন্তরে, In the inner parts; in the heart:—গোপনে; কেন্দ্রাভিমুখে, Privately; toward the centre.

Inweave, in-wev', v. f. বুনানৰ ছাবা একজ-কৃ; একজে বয়ন-কৃ; To entwine:—বিজড়িত-কৃ, জড়িত-কৃ; জটিল-কৃ; To complicate.

Inwrap, in-rap', v. t. সমারত-কৃ, আর্ড-ক;
Wrap up:—নারপ্রত-কৃ; বিজ্ঞতি-কৃ, To involve in difficulty or perplexity, to perplex. Syn:—Infold, envelop, encase, cover.

Inwreathe, in-reth, v. f. মালা খারা বেষ্ট্রদ-কু; To surround with a wreath.

Inwrought, in-rawt, c. ফাৰুকাৰ্যা শোভিত , চিত্ৰ মুধা অনম্বত , Wroughed or worked in or among other things , adorned with figures

Iodate, i'o-dat, ন. বানামনিক মিপ্সক্রা বিশেষ . A combination of iodic acid with a base.

Iodide, i'o-did, n. রাগায়নিক মিল্লা বিশেষ ; A combination of sodine with a simple body.

Iodine, i'o-din, n. [Gr. ion, a violet, and eidos, form] মৌনিক পুলাৰ্থ বিশেষ; A chemical element a=iodic.

Iolite, i'o-lit, n.[Gr. ion, o violet, and lithos, a stone] বচ্ছ যদি বিশেষ, A transparent mineral. Ionie, i-ohik, a. প্ৰীনের অন্তৰ্গত আইয়নিয়া সংক্ৰান্ত:

Relating to Ionia in Greece:—এক প্রকার খণ্ডি বিশ্বাস্টক; Relating to an order of Greek architecture.

Iota, i-ত'ta, n. অৰ্ ; বিন্দু ; সামান্ত পরিমাণ ; Tittle .
jot. Syn :—Bit, particle, grain, atom, scrap, whit
Ipecacuanha, ip-e-kak-য-ana. n. লভা বিশেষ ;
ভৈষয়া কতা ; A plant:—ব্যনন্দাক উষধ : Emetic.
Irascible, i-raśe-bl, a. [L irascs, to be angry]
কোণীল ; কোপনভাল ; ফিট্ডিটে ; Easily provoked ;
readily angered ; irritable. n=irascibility. ad=
irascibly. Syn:—Irritable, hasty, hot, passonate, choleric.

Irate, গৈৱা, a. [L. iratus, angry] লোগনাল; কাই; কুম; Angry, enraged. Syn:—Incensed, inflamed, irritated, wrathful, exasperated.

Ire, ir, n. criv; criv; Anger; rage. Syn - Wrath, choler, indignation, passion, exasperation.

Ireful, ir'fool, a. জোগনীল; জোগপূৰ্ণ; বিষেষ্টা.
Angry; resentful. ad=irefully.

Iridescent, Irisated, c. রামব্যর স্থার বাবিশিষ্ট ; Having colour like the rainbow, n=irisdescence.

Iris, i'ris, n. ইঅগ্য; Rainbow; Goddess of the rainnbow or the rainbow itself:—চকুর পুর্বালয় চতুদ্দিকর রঞ্জির বৃক্ত; Prismatic circle round the pupil of the eye, pl≕irishes,

Irish, i'rish, a. আমুল্ভ সংক্ৰান্ত; আমুল্ভনাত; Relating to or produced in Ireland:—n. আমুল্-ভেন ভাষা; Language of the Irish, a species of Celtic:—pl. আমুল্ভবাসী; The native inhabitants of Ireland.

Iritis, i-ri'tis. n. জনি-বোলকের প্রদাহ ; An inflammation of the iris of the eye.

Irk, erk, v. t. nw ; sec; fast; To weary; to trouble: to distress;—used impersonally.

Irksome, crksum, a. রাজিলনৰ; ফ্লেকর; ছুব্বজনক; বির্ক্তিকর; Tedious; unpleasant. n=
irksomeness. ad=irksomely. Syn:—Wearisome,
tircsome; troublesome, burdensome, annoying.
Iron, i'ron, n. লৌহ; A metal:—লৌহাল্ল; লৌহবন্ধ; An iron implement:—শক্তি; Strength:—pl.
লৌহন্থল; Fetters:—a. লৌহনিমিত; Made of
iron:—কঠিন; জনমনীয়; জন্মবন্ধ; অভেন্য; কঠোর:
Inflexible; hard, stern:—ফুডেন্স; Impenetrable:
—দুচকার; Robust:—অসভ্য, Rude:—দুচকার;
Fast-holding:—v. t. ইতিনি কৃ, ইন্সান্ধ;
Fast-holding:—v. t. ইতিনি কৃ, ইন্সান্ধ;
To
smooth with a hot iron:—স্কলাবন্ধ-কৃ; To
fetter; to shackle.

Iron-age, n. The last of the four ages, being that of enforced toil; the last of the three pre-historic ages.

Iron-bound, i'urn-bound, a. লোহবেটিত ; লোহবছ ; বন্ধুর ; Encircled with iron ; rugged.

Iron-elad, i'urn-klad, c. নোই দায়া আছানিত, নোইবৃত্ত; Covered or protected with iron:—n.
বৃদ্ধভাহাত ; লৌহাবৃত অৰ্থপোত, A war-vessel having the parts above water plated with iron.

Iron-filings, # (वोक्ड्ब , Filings of iron.

Iron-founder, i'urn-founder, n. লোহ ৰে ছাঁচে ঢাৰে, লোচ চাৰাইকাৰ, One who casts iron.

Iron-foundry, jurn foundri, n. কোহার কারখানা; লৌহ চালাই করিবাৰ কাৰখানা; Place where iron is castings are made.

Iron-gray, t'urn-gra, a. प्नत्वर्ग; Of a gray colour — n धूनवर्ग. Gray colour.

Iron-handed, 'urn-handed, a দুচ্ছয়; Having hands hard as iron. [ক্টিন্ছ্যয়; Cruel. Iron-hearted, 'urn-harded, a. নিচুম্ব; নিজ্য; নিজ্য; নিজ্য; নিজ্য; নিজ্য; নিজ্য; নিজ্য; নিজ্য; নিজ্যালাক, Manufacturer of raw and bar iron. Iron-mongor, Turn-mung-ger, a. সৌহকার.

লোহপণ্য-বাৰসায়ী ; Dealer in iron.

Iron-mongery, 'urn-mung-ger-i, n. লোহনিশ্বিত

বস্তুলিচয়; শৌহনিমিত জৰাজাত; Miscellaneous articles in iron.

Tron-mould, i'urn-mold, ন. লোহের দান, লোহ মরিচার সংল্পর্ণ হেডু আর্ত্ররে উৎপত্ত দান; Mark on linen from iron rust.

Iron-pan, n. কটাই ; Frying pan.

Iron-rule, ম. কটিন শাসন; Harsh and stern government.

Iron-side, n. ৰলিট লোক; Strong man; curaissicr; one of Cromwell's cavalry.

Iron-smith, n. লোহকার; কর্মকার, কামার; A blacksmith, a worker in iron.

Iron-ware, i'urn-war, n. লোহছাও; লোহ ব্যাহাত; Wares or goods of iron. Iron-wood, ন. লোহৰং ৰুড় কাঠ; Applied to the timber of various trees on account of their hardness.

Iron-work, i'urn-wurk, n. নোহার কারণানা; Place for melting iron:—নোহত্রব্য, Anything made of iron.

Irons in the fire-মনোবোগ দিবার বিবয় ; Matters requiring attention.

The iron enters into his soul—ৰভাত বাতনা অনুভা-ক; The anguish or annoyance is felt most keenly.

Too many irons in the fire—হকেবারে অনৈক-দিকে মন; Too many objects requiring attention at one time.

Ironical, i-rohik-al, a. বাসস্চক; বাসপূর্ণ; নেবপূর্ণ; Satirical; sacastic. ad =ironically.

Irony, Yurn-i, a. [Gr. eiron, a dissemblereiro, to talk ] লোহনিমিত; লোহসদুদ; কলি; Resembling iron; hard:— ম. বাস ; ঠাটা; নেব; Satire; a delicate sarcasm.

Irradiance, ir-ra'di-ans, Irradiancy, tr-ra'di-an-si, n. ৰাডা; কিলগভটা বিকাশ; Emissions of rays of light:—গীও; ঔক্ষণ; Lustre; splendour. [Shedding beams of light. Irradiant, ir-radi-ant, a. গীওমান; কিলগবিকালী; Irradiate, in-ra'de-at, n. t. [L. in, and radius, ray] উজ্জ্ব-কৃ; আবো-কৃ; শীও খাবা অলয়ত-কৃ; To dut rays upon; to adorn with light:—জ্ঞান-কে; To illuminate the understanding:—v. t. কিল্পু বিকাশ-কৃ; শীও গাওমা; To emit rays; to shine:
—a. প্ৰভাগৰা অলয়ত, Adorned with lustre. Syn:
—Brighten, shine upon, illuminate, enlighten.

Irradiation, ir-rā-di-ā'shun, n. উজ্লতা; উজ্লা; Brightness.—জানালোক, Intellectual light. Irrational, ii-iashun-al, a. [L. in, and rationalis, from ratio, reason] বিবেক্টান; বিচারশার্কিপ্ত, Voic of reason:—অন্টেকিক, অনুত্তঃ Absurd; unicasonable. ad-arrationally. n=urationality. Syn:—Brutish, brute; foolish, preposterous, silly, unwise, injudicious.

Irreclaimable, ir-re-klania-bl, a. অংশাগু; আশোধনীয় ; অসংশোধনীয় ; অপ্রতিবিধ্বা, That cannot be reformed, incorrigible. ad=irreclaimably. Irreconcilable, ir-rek-on-sila-bl, a. পুন্মিলনের অবোগা; অপুন্মিলনীয়; That cannot be reconciled; inplacable:—অসম্প্রস; অসকড; Inconsistent. n=irreconcilableless. ad=irreconcilably. Syn:—Unappeasable; incompatible, incongruous.

Irrecoverable, ir-re-kuver-a-bl, a. অৰ্ডব্ৰীয়;
বপুনক্ত্ৰীয়; অন্ধ্ৰোধনীয়; Irretrievable. n=nrecoverableness. ad≈irrecoverably. Syn:—Irreparable, irremediable, incurable.

Irrodeemable, ir-re-dēm'n-bl, a. অৰ্থন কৰি; Not redeemable; not subject to be paid at the nominal value. n=irredeemableness, irredeemability. ad=irredeemably.

Irreducible, ir-re-dusi-bl, a. অপরিবর্ডনীয়; Not to be reduced. n=irreducibleness. ad=irreducibly.

Irrefagable, ir-refra-ga-bl, a. [L. in, and refragars, from frangers, to break] with:

स्वरतीय ; स्वित्रवाधिक ; Unanswerable. n=irrefragability, irrefragableness. ad=irrefragably. Syn:—Irresistibly cogent, incontrovertible, indisputable, incontestable, indubitable, irrefutable.

Irrefutable, ir-re-fu-t'a-bl, a. অধক; অধকনীর; That cannot be refuted. admirrefutably. Irregular, ir-reg'u-ler, a. [L. in, and regula, rule, order] अनित्रिपिछ; अवाङादिक; अदेवर ; বিশুখন ; Not regular ; unnatural ; unsystematic ; abnormal :- In grammar, departing from the ordinary form in respect to the inflectional terminations :- अवशांतीक ; इहे , वाकिनात्री ; Immethodical; vicious:--n. অনিয়মিত দৈমিক; A soldier not in regular service. n=irregularity. ad=irregularly. Syn :- Erratic. devious, eccentric, anomalous, unsymmetrical: immethodical, uncertain, unpunctual, capricious, desultory, variable; disorderly, wild. immoderate, intemperate, inordinate,

Irregularity, ir-reg-u-lar'e-te, \*. বিশ্বস্থা; আনিবনিততা; রীভি-বাতিক্রম; ছুইাচরণ; State of being irregular; vice. Syn:—Aberration, abnormity, anomaly; uncertainty, capriciousness, variableness, fitfulness, unsteadiness: impropriety, indecorum, laxity, vice.

Irrelative, ir-rela-tiv, a. অপাসন্ধিক, অসমক; অসপাক : Unconnected. ad = irrelatively.

Irrelevant, ir-rele-vant, a. অপাসজিক; আন্তেষ্ট্ৰ;
Not relevant. n=irrelevancy. ad=irrelevently.
Syn:—Inapplicable, inappropriate, impertinent.
[religion.

Irreligion, ir-re-lifun, n, অধর্ম; Want of Irreligious, ir-re-life-us, a. আবার্থিক; Ungodly. n=treligiousness. ad = irreligiously. Syn.—Impious, profane, wicked.

Irremediable, ir-re-me'de-a-bl, a. অপ্রতিকার্য;
অচিকিৎসা; অপ্রতিবিধেয়; Incurable. n=irremediableness. ad=irremediably. Syn:—Irretrievable, irreparable, remediless.

Irremissible, ir-re-misi-bl, s. অক্সাবোগ্য , ব্যাক্নীয় ; Not to be forgiven. n=irremissibleness.

Irremovable, ir-re-moov'a-bl, a. মুচ; মুচুমালা : বাবর: Not removable; steadfast. n=irremovability, irremovableness. ad=irremovably.

Irreparable, ir-rep'ar-a-bl, a. অপ্ৰতিকাৰা;
অতীকারাশকা; অপ্ৰতিকাৰীয়; অপ্ৰকাৰীয়; Not capable of being recovered. n=irreparableness.
ad=irreparably. Syn:—Irretrievable, irrecoverable, irremediable.

Irrepealable, a. যাহা ৰাজ হইবার নতে; Not capable of being repealed or annulled. ad=irrepealably. Irreprehensible, ir-rep-re-hensibl, a. আনিশ্ব-বীয়; অনিশ্ব; অনব্য; Blameless; faultless. ad=irreprehensibly. n=irreprehensibleness.

irrepressible, s. will; Not to be restrained.

Irreproachable, ir-re-procha-bl, a. আৰিক্ৰীয় ; আনিকা; ভাষপৰ; বিজেৰ ; Upright; innocent. admirreproachably. [provably. m≕irreprovableness. Irreprovable, a. বিশ্বুৰ্ছ; Blameless. ad ≕irre-

Irresistable, ir-re-zisti-bl, a. अनिवार्ग , इतिवाद ; Not to be opposed with success. ad-irresistibly. n=irresistibleness, irresistibility.

Irresistance, n. নির্কিরোধে ব্যতা খীকার ; Want

of resistance; passive submission.

Irresolute, ir-reźo-lūt, a. অন্থ্যচিত; অবাৰ্থিত চিত্ৰ; শিবিল প্ৰতিক্ষ; Not resolute or firm in purpose; fickle. ad—irresolutely. Syn:— Vacillating, undecided, undetermined, unsettled, unstable, unsteady.

Irresolution, ir-ref-o-lushun, Irresoluteness, ir-refo-lut-nes, n. অহিনটিভতা; অব্যবিভিটিভতা; Fickleness; hesitation.

Irrespective, ir-re-spektiv, a. নি:সম্বন্ধ; আন্যন্ধীয় ; নিরণেক ; উদাসীন ; Not having regard to. ad = irrespectively.

Irresponsible, ir-re-sponsi-bl, a. দাবিত্ৰ্ত ; বারী বহে ; Not answerable. n=irresponsibility. ad=irresponsibly.

Irretrievable, ir-re-trev'a-bl, a. অপ্রতিসমাবের;
অসংশোধা; অপুনক্ষরীয়: Not to be recovered or repaired; irreparable. n=irretrievableness.
ad =irretrievably.

Irreverence, ir-reverens, n. অছভি ; অবদা; অসমান : Disregard; absence of reverence or veneration.

Irreverent, in-rever-ent, a. অনুত্ত ; ভজিশুত্ত ; অনুদাসভূত ; Not reverent. ad=irreverently.
Irreversible, ir-re-verse-bl, a. অপ্রিবর্তনীয় ; আবত্ত ; That cannot be reversed ; unchangeable. ad=irreversibly. n=irreversibleness.
Syn:—Irrevocable, irrepealable, immutable.

Irrevocable, a. অগনিধৰীয়; That cannot be recalled. ad=irrevocably. n=irrevocableness.

Irrigate, ir-re-gat, v. t. [L. in and rigare, to water] কেন্তে জল-দে . গিক-কৃ , আর্ত্র-কৃ , জনদেন-কু; To water land, to moisten. Syn:—Wet, flood.

Irrigation, ir-i-প্ৰত্ৰাচাল, গ্ল- জলদেচন, প্ৰণালী খাৰা জল-সিঞ্চন; ভূমাদিতে জলদেচন; Act of watering lands artificially. [moist.

Irrigous, ir-rig-u-us, a. আর্ড; জনসিক্ত; Wet; Irrision, ir-rizhun, n. [L. in, against, rideo, risum, to laugh] উপহাস; The act of laughing at another.

Trritability, ir-i-ta-bili-ti, ম. কোণনীলডা; উত্তেজনীয়ভা; The quality of being easily irruated.

Irritable, ir'rit-a-bl, a. কোৰন; কোৰনা; কোৰন-ৰভাব; Easily provoked. n=irritability; irritableness. ad=irritably. Syn:—Irascible, excitable, hot, passionate, fretful, testy, choleric, splenetic, fiery.

Irritant, it'i-tant, a. উত্তেজনীৰ ; Irritating :স. উত্তেজক ; That which causes irritation.

Irritate, ir'rit-It, v. t. [L. irritare, from in and iru, wrath] কোণাৰিত-ক; কুছ-ক; লাগাইলা-দে; উন্তেজিত-ক; To provoke; to worry; tease. Syn:
—Inflame; exasperate, enrage, anger, fret, offend, annoy, vex.

Irritation, ir-rit-a'shun, n. জোগোদীপন; উদ্ভেজন; কোগ, Anger; excitement:—জাগা, A vitiated state of sensation or acion. Syn:—Provocation, exasperation, resentment, indignation, choler; inflammation.

Irritative, ir'i-tāt-iv, Irritatory, ir'i-ta-tor-i, a. উত্তেজক : কোগোদীপক : উত্তেজনক্ষিত : Tending to excite ; exciting,

Irruption, ir-rup'shun, n. [L. irruptio, from irrumpere, to break in] বিশ্বৰ ; Breaking in; bursting in:—হঠাৎ আন্তৰণ ; A sudden invasion; incursion. Syn:—Inburst, inroad.

Irruptive, ir-ruptiv, a. नहना आङ्ग्यनकात्री ; Rushing suddenly in or upon. ad=irruptively.

Is, v. হয়; আছে; Third person sing. pres of Be. Isagon, i'sa-gon, n. [Gr. isos, equal, and gonia, an angle] সমান্ত্ৰোকী কেন্ত্ৰ; Figure with equal angles.

Ischiadic, Ischiatic, isk-i-arik, c. [Gr. is-chion, the hip-joint] নিতৰদেশ-সংকাৰ; Pertaining to the region of the hip.

Isinglass, i'zing-glas, n. [Dut. huisen, a kind of sturgeon, blas, a bladder] মংসোর আয় ইউডে প্রস্তুত এক প্রকার শিরীব; A gelatine prepared from the air bladders of sturgeon.

Islam, iźlam, Islamism, iźlam-izm, n. [Ar. islam-salama, to submit to God] মহম্মীয় ধর্ম; Mahomedanism. a=islamitic. [religion. Islamism, n. মহম্মীয় ধর্ম; The Mahomedan Island, i'land, n. জীপ; সূর্হহ ভাসমান জড়পিড; Land surround by water; a large floating mass:—v.t. বেইন-কৃ; জীপ-কৃ, To cause to became an island as by surrounding with water; to surround; to insulate. [island. Islander, i'land-er, n. জীপবাৰী; Dweller in an Isla, il, n. জীপ; An island.

Islet, i'let, n. কুজৰীগ; A little isle.
Isocheimal, Isocheimenal, a. [Gr. isns, equal, cheima, winter] গড়গড়ডায় তুলারূপ লৈডাঅভাব বিশিষ্ট; Having the same mean winter temperature.

Isochromatic, a. [Gr. isos, equal, chroma, colour] একরণ; Having the same colour.

Isochronal, Isochronous, a. ডুল্যকালীর; সমকালীন . Of equal time.

Isochronism, i-sokron-izm, #. সম্বালীনতা; The quality of being done in equal times.

Isolate, i'ত-līt, v.t. [l. insula, an island] বিভিন্ন অবস্থান রাণা; পৃথক-কু; To place in a detached situation; to insulate. n=isolation. Syn:—Separate, segregate, detach, disconnect, dissociate.

Isometric, Isometrical, a. [Gr. isos, equal, metron, measure] সমপ্রিমাণ; Having equality of measure.

Isonomy, i-soho-mi, n. [Gr. isos, equal, nomos, law] তুলাবিকার; Equal law, rights, or privileges.
Isoscoles, i-sośc-lez, a. [Gr. isos, equal, skelos, a leg] সম-বিপন্থ: Having two equal legs:
—সমান বিভূলবিশিষ্ট; সমধিবাহ; ln geom. having two equal sides, as a triangle.

Isotheral, a. [Gr. isos, equal, theros, summer] গড়ে ছুলান্ধপ ত্ৰীমনিশিষ্ট; Having the same mean summer temperature. Isothermal, a. [Gr. isos, equal, therme, heat] ভলা পরিমাণ ভাপবিশিষ্ট : Having an equal degree

Isotonic, i-so-tohik, a. [Gr. isos, equal, and tonos, tone] म्यवह ; Having equal tones.

Israelite, iźra-el-it, n. किन्मी ; A Jew. a - isra-[ taining to the Jews. elitic, israelitish. Israelitio, Israelitish, a. देवनी बांडीन : Per-Issue, ishoo, v. i. [F. eiser, eissir, to go out] ব্ৰহিণত-হ : নিৰ্গত-হ ; To come out ; to proceed ; flow :—উংগন-হ ; To be produced :—পৰিণত-হ পোৰ-ক : To end ; to terminate :-- v. t. অপণ-ক . ममर्गन-क ; To deliver :- अहात-क , To publish :-कानमभारक क्षात्र का To put into circulation :--ल नि:मत्रण ; विहः श्वां ; क्षावां : Flow, egress :-क्ल : Result :- न्यानम्ब्रि ; Progeny ; children : —छेदशञ्च वस्त्रनांस , Produce; profits:—वानांत्र . প্রচলন ; সংখ্যা Publication, as of a book . edition :--মীমাংসার্ব বিবরষ্টিত বা আইনষ্টিত বিবর बिटनंत , विरुचि विवन ; A single material point or fact depending in the suit, which, being affirmed on the one side and denied in the other is presented for determination :- 3 44 কোটক , An ulcer produced artificially. Syn :--(v) Emanate, proceed, arise, spring, originate; follow, ensue, end, terminate, result, put forth, send out, distribute, circulate. (n) Fut, outlet, sending out, delivery, publication; event, consequence, end, offspring.

A point at issue—বে বিষয়ে বাদাশবাদ চলিতেছে:

বিচাৰ্য্য বিষয় ; A point in dispute.

At issue-क्रिका क्रवशय , In debate ; in a

state of disagreement; at variance

Bo at issue with-कान विश्वां कि विशेष करेनका-E, Disagree with one on some disputed point Join 18800-विभशीत नक जनवन-कृ, Take opposite sides in a suit of debate. Childless Issueless, ishoo-les, a সম্ভতিবিধীৰ, নিঃসন্তান: Isthmus, istmus, # (वाक् ; A narrow neck of land connecting two larger portions of lands It, pron. ইহা ; উহা ; The thing spoken of or referred to.

Italian, 1-talyan, Italic, i-talik, a. toisi-प्रभीत : इंडोनीम:कांच : Of or relating to Italy or its people .- n. केंग्रेनियोगे : A native of Italy :

-ইটালীভাবা : The language of Italy.

Italianise, i-talyan-iz, v. t. ইটালীবাসীর স্থাব बावशंब-कृ ; To make Italian .- v. i. देवेनी कार्य প্রয়োগ-কু, To play the Italian ; to speak Italian. Italiciso, i-tali-siz, v. t. रीका अक्टब मुक्कि-क. To print in Italics.

Italics, i-taliks, n. pl. অকর বিশেব , এক প্রকার বাঁকা

चकड़; A kind of types which slope to the right. Itoh, ich, n. (थात्र; शीव्छ); क्ष्यत्र; क्ष्युः Disease of the skin: - निष्ठ दिवस्तिक अधिनायः; A constant irritating desire :- v. i. pasal; To have an uneasy, irritating sensation in the skin:—অত্যস্ত ইচ্ছা-কু; নিরভ বিরক্তিকর অভিলাব-T, Long; to have a constant testing desire. Itchy, ichi, a. কণুরলসংক্রান্ত; কণুবিশিষ্ট; Pertain-

ing to or aff-cted with itch.

Item, i'tem, ad. Wise, Also; at the same time: -n. বতর দ্বা ; বিবর ; দকা ; A separate article or particle :- v. t. प्रा-क ; अवनीय-क . To make a note of.

Iterate, iter-It, v. t. প্ৰকৃতি-ক: প্ৰকৃতেৰ-ক: विजीवनात-क ; To repeat, to do a second time. z=teration.

Iteration, it'er-ब-shun, अ. श्नक्कि ; श्वकाद्वर्थ ; भून:कद्रन , Repetition, Repeating. Iterative, iter-at-iv, a. भूनक्राह्मकावी : भून:काती : Ithuriel's spear—त बहुर बाहा कान किছू अकानिक क्ष , Detecting or discovering spear.

Itinorant, i-tiner-ant, a. [L stinerans, from ster, staneris] অমণনীল, Travelling :-- n. অম্ব-कावी , अवाहेक , धर्माञ्चाहक ; One who travels from place to place, wanderer. n=itineracy; itinerancy ad=itinerantly Syn:-(a) Wandering, roying, roaming, nomadic, vagrant

Itinorary, i-tin'er-ar-i, a. ভ্ৰণণাল, ভ্ৰমণকারী: অন্প্ৰাৰ কত , Travelling , donc on a journey : —n ভ্রমণ-বৃত্তার, পথিব দিগের পথজ্ঞ,পক পুরুক; A book of travels, a guide-book for travellers. Ithuriel's spear—र वहन वार्व कान किছ अक्लिक

हर ; Detecting or discovering spear.

Itinerate, 1-tin'er-ut, v. t. [ L. iter, itineris,eo. stum, to go ] ज्या करिया तिकान ; To travel from the place to place, particularly for the purpose of preaching or lecturing. Its, poss. from Esta; Geta; The possessive Itself, it-self, n. देश चयर, छहाई वा छहारकरे. देशांडे व हेश्रक्टे, Reciprocal pronoun of it.

Ivied, Ivyed, i'vid, Ivy-mantled, I'vima i'tld, a আইভী-লভাবৃত , Overgrown or cover-

ed with ivv.

Ivory, i'vo-ri, n. इंडिपड़, शंक्षड़; White hard substances composing the tusks of the elephant: —a. গ্ৰছণত্ত নিখিত; হতিদ্ধ নিশিত বা ভংসদৃশ: Made of or resembling ivory.

Ivory-black, i'vo-ri-blak, n. এক প্ৰকাৰ কুক্ৰৰ্ 59; A black powder. plant. Ivy, i'vi, n. figefie जड़ वित्नव . A parasitical Ivy-mantled, त. बाईडो न ा बुड, Overgrown or mantled with ivy.

J-हरताकी वर्गमानाच प्रभव व्यक्त या वर्ग, The 10th

letter of the English alphabet.

Jabber, jaber, v. i. জননা-তৃ; বুধা গন-তৃ, To chatter; to babble:—ক্ৰড অপাষ্ট কথা কচা; To talk rapidly and indistinctly:—v. t. অপষ্ট ভাবে কছা; To utter indistinctly:—n. ক্ৰড অপাষ্ট কথা; Rapid, indistinct speaking. n=jabberer. Syn: Prate, gabble.

Jecent, a. जनमान ; Lying at length.

Jaointh, jz'sinth, n. মুলাবান মণি বিশেষ; গাঢ় নীৰলোহিত বৰ্ণ; A precious stone; a dark-purble colour

Jack, jak, n. জন নামেৰ জগজাল, A nick name or diminutive of John:—নাৰিক; A sailor:—ছেণ্লা, ছোড়া; A saucy or paltry fellow.—জুতা বুলিবাৰ বয়; Instrument to pull off boots:—ভাত্ৰী বস্তু উত্তোত্তৰ কৰিবাৰ বয়; Machine for rausing heavy weights:—গভ বিশেষের পু: জাভি: গর্মন্ড; The male of the ass, hare &c:—বৃক্ষ বিশেষ; A tree:—কাটাল; The fruit:—বর্ম্ব; A coat of mail:— অর্থব-পোতে ব্যব্জত এক প্রকাব পতাকা; A small flag hoisted from the bowsprit of a ship:—কাটাল গাছ, A large tree of the East Indies.

A good jack makes a good jill—ভাল বামী হুংলে ভাল দ্ৰী হয় , A good husband makes a good wife.

Before you can say Jack Robinson— Every jack shall have his jill—Every man may find a wife if he likes.

Jack-a-dandy-কুলবাৰ : A little, foppish, impertinent fellow.

Jack-a-dreams—জনস লোক; A man of inac-Jack-at-all trades, A jack of all trades — পল্লপ্রাহী; যে ব্যক্তি সকল বিষ্টেই কিছু কিছু ভালে, কিছু কোনটা ভালকণ জানে না; One who can turn his hand to any kind of business, but excels in nothing.

Jako-at-a pinch—A person who receives unexpected calls to do anything.

Jack in office—ৰে বাজি ক্ষতা পাইলা কৰ্ত্ত কৰায়; ৰে বাজি কৰ্ত্ত্ত পাইবা পৰ্ক কৰে; One who assumes authority on acount of his office; a person who presumes on the autority with which he is invested.

Jack with a lantern—ৰালেষা; Ignis fatuus.
Union Jack—The national flag of great
Britain and Ireland. [kindlof dog.
Jackal, jak'awl, n. পুৰাল, A wild gr gorious
Jackanapes, jak'a-নৱচ, n. বাৰম; A monkey:
—বেশভ্যান্তিয় লোক; ক্স ব্যক্তি; A coxcomb:—
গ্ৰপ্ত ব্যক্তি; An impudent fellow.

Jack-ass, jakas, n. নিষ্টে ৰূৰ্ণ; A block-head; a dolt . – পু: প্ৰজন্ত , The male of the ass.

Jackboots, jak'bööts, n. p'. বড় বুট কুড়া; আৰু
পৰ্যন্ত আছাদৰ পাছকা; Horseman's boot; large
boots reaching above the knee, serving to
protect the leg.

Jackdaw, jak'daw, n. দীডকাক; A species of
Jacket, jak'et, n. ডোট ভাষা বিশেষ; অক্যাণা

বিশেষ; A short coat. a=jacketed.

Jacketed, jak'e-ted, a. জ্বাকেট্-পরিহিড; Wearing a jacket.

Jack-ketch, n. Willy, A hangman.

Jack-pudding, n. sit; A merry andrew; buffoon.

Jack-screw, jak'skroo, n. গুকভার এব্য তুলিবার বস্ত্র : A screw for raising heavy weights.

Jack-straw, n. অধাৰ মানুৰ ; A servile dependent ; a man of straw.

Jacobin, jak'o-bin, ক. পুৰোচিত: সন্নাসী বিশেব;
A dominican frair: -- করাপী বাদবিদ্যোহী; One of
the Society of Revolutionists in France, so called
from their meeting in a Jacobin Club: -- কণোত
বিশেব; A hooded nigeon -- বিশ্লোকেনিক বজা;
A demagogue. a=1 icobinic, jacobinical.

Jacobinical, a. কৰাৰী বাচবিলোহী সংকাৰ, ৰাজ-বিজ্ঞাহতিয়া, Pertaining to the revolutionists of France; holding revolutionary principles

Jacobinism, jak'o-bin-izm, n. কৰাৰী রাজবিদ্যোহী-দিগের মত, The principles of the jacobins or French revolutionists.

Jacobite, jak'o-bit, n. ই'লতের বালা ২ব জেমস ও জনীব বংশ বল ব অপুণত লোক , Follower of James Il and his supporters:—a. জ্ঞাকবাটট সংক্রান্ত ; Of or belonging to the Jacobites. a—jacobitical. n=jacobitism.

Jacob's-ladder, ja'kobs-lad'er, n. গড়িব মই, গড়িব সিঁড়ি, A tope ladder with wooden steps:
—ইডিদ বিশেষ; A garden plant with large blue flowers. [গড়, Vain boasting; vaunting. Jactitation, n. চকাড়া; Restlessness:—বুখা Jade, jad, n. ভেলোইন গোড়া; লাভ অব; অকর্মান গোটক, A horse of no spirit; a tired horse; a worthless nag:—ছহালী; বেডা; Mussy; a bad woman.—v. f. কাড়-ড়; আড়-ড়; ইডরাণ-ড়; To tire; to harass:—v. i. কাড়-ড়; বেডাড়; to became weary; to lose spirit. Syn:—(a) Hack; wench, quean, slut, slattern. (v) Fatigue, weary, knock up, fag, exhaust.

Jag, n. বাজ; বন্ধ উন্নতি; A notch; a ragged protuberance .—v. t. বাজ কাটা; To indent; notch. a=jagged. n=jaggedness.

Jagged, jag'ed, a. बीज कांडी; बब्ब बांब; Having notches or teeth; rough-edged. ad=jaggedly. n=jaggedness. Syn:—Notched, serrated, indented; unaven, broken, rough.

Jassy, jag'i, s. বাজ কাটা; দীত বসান: বন্ধ; Set with teeth; uneven; notched.

Jaguar, jag-war', त. आत्मित्रकारमेश वांश विरमव : An American tiger.

Jah, ja, m. किट्डांगं ; देशव ; Jehovah.

Jail, n. কাৰাগায়; A prison. See gaol. [ jail. Jail-bird, n. কাৰাবাগী; One who has been to Jail-fever, n. এক আকায় আয়; A fever of the typhoid character, generated in jails and crowded place.

Jalap, jalap, n. বিবেচক মূল বিশেষ; The root of a Mexican plant used in powder as Cathartic.

Jam, jam, v. t. গুড়ৰূপে পেৰৰ-কু; চাপা; To press; crowd; squeeze; to wedge in:—n. মোরবা; A conserve fruit boiled with sugar.

Jamb, jam, n. চৌকাঠের বাস্কু; Side-piece or post of a door, window or fireplace.

Jangle, jang'l, ভ. i. বাগ্ছল-ড়; বচদা-ড়; To wrangle or quarrel:—ভ. i. কৰ্ণজ্ঞপে শব্দ করান: শ্রুতিকটু শব্দ করান; To cause to sound harshly:
—দ ক্ৰেশ শব্দ; শ্রুতিকটু শব্দ; Discordant sound:
—বিবাদ; বাগ্ৰিডভা; গ্রুপোল; Contention. n= jangler, jangling.

Janitor, jani-tor, n. [L. janua, a door]
আৱপান; দৌবারিক; A porter; a door-keeper.
fem=janitrix.

Janizery, jahi-zar-i, Janiserry, jahi-sar-i, n.
[Turk, yeni, new, and askars, a soldier] তুৰ্ম
গদাভিক সৈপ্ত বিশেষ; A soldier of the old Turkish
foot guards a=janizarian.

Janty, janti, a. আড্ডম্মারির; Showy; airy. January, jahū-ar-i, n. [L. janus, the sun-good] ইংরাজি প্রথম মাদ: First month.

Japan, ja-pań, v. t. বাণিশ করা; Varnish:—
কাল ও চক্চকে করা; To black and gloss:—n.
বাণিশ; রথ করা কাজ; Varnish; figured work.
n-japanner.

Jar, j.i.r, v. t. [Ger. kerran, to chatter] বিবাদ-তৃ;
অনমন্ত্ৰপ্ত : To clash; to quarrel:—v. i. কলিডকৃ; To shake; cause to tremble:—n. কর্কণ পক,
A harsh sound:—বিবাদ, Discord:—সুগ্রম পাত্র;
A large earthen vessel:—গবিমাণ বিশেষ; A
measure. ad=jarringly. Syn.—(v) Interfere,
contend, jangle, wrangle, oppose, disagree; jolt.
(n.) Harsh noise, collision, agitation, jolt; discord, disagreement, variance.

Jar upon—বিশ্বজ্ঞিকর বোগ হওয়া; Prove exceedingly disagreeable to one's feelings:—কোন কিছুর অভিযুক্ত হওয়া; Interfere with.

Jar upon one's ears—কৰ্ম শব্দের মৃত কাৰ্ণে লালে; Sound, harsh to one's ears.

On the Jar or Ajar—অন্ধ খোৱা; Partly open.
Jargon, jargun, n. অৰ্থীন বাক্য; বিশ্বাল কলৱব,
প্ৰলাপ; অপভাষা; Confused talk; slang;
gabble; gibberish.
Jargonelle, jar-go-nel, n. এক জাতীর প্রান্তা;
Jasmine, jasmin, Jessamine, jeśa-min, a.
মন্ত্রিকা বা বালতী জাতীয় পুশা বিশেষ; নালাপ্রকার মূল
গাছের বাম; A genus of plants.

Jasper, jasper, n. গাড়; মণি বিশেষ; বহুমূল্য প্রস্তর; A mineral; a precious stone. a = jasperated.

Jaundice, jandis, n. পাত্রোগ; নেবা; A disease

characterised by a yellowness of the eyes, skin, &c. caused by the bile. a = jaundiced.

Jaundiced, jandist, a. পাও বোগে কয়: আন্ত-সংকার বিশিষ্ট; Affected with jaundice; prejudiced. Syn:—Bilious; prejudiced, biased, prepossessed.

Jaunt, jant, v.i. লগা-ক: Ramble; trip:—n.
জনণ; An excursion; a ramble. a=jaunting
(strolling.) Syn:—(n.) Ramble, trip, tour.

Jaunty, idite, a. বাহাড্ৰদ্বিলয়; Showy; dashing.
n=jaunti ress. ad=jauntily. Syn:—Airy, finical,
gay, gairish.

Javelin, javlin, n. বড়শা; বল্ল ; বল্ল ; বল্ল ; Short

Javelin, javlin, n. বড়শা; বল্ল ; বল্ল ; বল্ল ;

Jaw, jaw, n. চোরাল; Bone of the mouth:
— চোবালের জার বস্তু: Anything resembling a jaw:
— গালি; Loud talk; abuse:—pl. মুধ; Mouth:—
v. i. ভংগনা-কু; To scold:—v. t. To abuse by scolding.

Jawbone, jaw'bon, n. চোরালের ৰে হাড়ে বাঁত থাকে; The bones of the jaw containing the teeth.

Jaw-fall, faw'fawl, n. চোষালের প্তন; A falling of the jaw:—উদাম ভক্ত, আলা লোপ; Depression of spirits.

[ chattering bird. Jay, ja, Jaypie, n. নীলকঠ প্ৰথমিনেব; A

Jealous, jelus, a. (Gr. selos, emulation) সন্দর্ধ; A Jealous, jelus, a. (Gr. selos, emulation) সন্দর্ধ; ইর্নাধিত; বেষ্টা; Suspicious of a rival. n=jealousy (বেষ; ইর্না) । ad=jealously. Syn:—Suspicious, apprehensive, anxious, solicitous; emulous, rival, envious.

Bo jealous of—সমকক ব্যক্তির বিষেষী হওয়া; Be apprehensive about the motives or proceedings of a rival:—কিছু নই না হয় এই আকাঞ্চা হওয়া; Be afraid of losing, suspiciously watchful of.

Iean, jān, n. ভিন কাপড়; A twilled cotton cloth. foor, jēr, v. i. [Ger. schers, sport, jest] বিজ্ঞপ্ত ; ব'ল-ড়; To treat with derision; to make sport of:—v. i. বাক্-ড়; ঠাটা-ড়; বিজ্ঞপ-ড়; To scoff; to decide; to make a mock of:—n. পরিহান; বিজ্ঞপ; ঠাটা; তীর বাক; A biting jest; mockery; railing remark. ad=jeeringly. Syn:—(n.) Sneer, flout, gibe, mock.

Johovah, je-hū'va, n. ইপর; Jewish name for Jejune, je-jūōh, a. [L. jejunus, abstaining from food, hungry] কৃষিত; Hungry:—তম্ব; উপর; Dry; barren:—অসার, নীরস; Void of interest; unprofitable. n=jejuneness. ad=

jejunely.
Jejunum, n. ক্জতৰ অত্তেম প্ৰথমাণ ; The first part of the smaller intestine, so called because generally found empty after ceath. [ of jelly. Jellied, jelid, a. মোৰকাৰ ৰদেৰ কড় ; In the state Jelly, jeli, n. আটাবং ভ্ৰন পাৰে আটাল জ্বা; মোৰকাৰ বেল গাৰে আটাল জ্বা; প্ৰোক্ষা ; মোৰকাৰ বল ; A ge'atmous substance; gums &c.; juice of fruits or meat boiled with sugar to a stiffened consistence a jellied.

Jolly-fish, jeli-lish, n. 4491 (444; Medusa; acaleph.

Jennet, Gennet, jehet, n. পোন-বেণীয় কুমকার কাব; A small Spanish horse. [early apple.] Jenneting, n. এক কাতীয় আপেল; A species of Jenny, jehi, n. হতা কাতী বন্ধ বিশেষ; A spinning machine. Jeopard, jep'ard, Jeopardise, jep'ard-iz, v. t.
প্ৰপ্ৰত-ডু; বিগ্র-ডু: Hazard; endanger. Sym:
—Risk, peril, endanger.

Jeopardous, jep'ard-us, a. বিপদ্ধনক; বিশৱ: সম্ভাগর; Exposed to danger or loss; hazar-

dous. ad - jeopardously.

Jeopardy, jep-aide, n. স্বট; বিগল; Hazard; danger. Syn:—Peril, risk. [ beast. Jerboa, jer'bō-a, n. জুৰু বিশেষ; A four-footed Jeremiad, jer-e-mi'ad, Jeremiade, n. পোৰ-ছঃৰণ্ডৰ গল; ছঃৰণ্থ উপজান; A tale of grief; a doleful story.

Jeremy Diddler, n. জ্বাচোর; A swindler.
Jerk, jerk, v. i. সভ্র বিকেপ-ভূ, হেঁচকাইলা টানা;
হেঁচ্বা টানা; To throw with a quick effort, to
give a sudden pull:—n. হেঁচ্কা, আকমিক লক;
হেঁচ্বাটান; A jolt; a short sudden movement,
a sudden spring. Syn:—(n.) Pull suddenly,
twitch, thrust, throw; beat, drub.

Jerked-beef, n. es (ninings), Beef cut into thin pieces and dried in the sun.

Jorkin, jerkin, ম. অসরাধা; ফতুবা; A jacket.
Jersey, jer'zi, ম. উত্তথ পশ্মের কেটা, প্রিকৃত পশ্ম.
Fine yain of wool, combed wool.

[ plant

Jeruselem Artichoke, n. লভা বিশেষ: A Jess, jes, n. বাজপকার পারেব কিতা, Strap of leather for a hawk's foot. a= jessed.

Jessamine, jesa-min, See Jasmine.

Josse, jeśi, n. গ্ৰীষ্টাৰ উপাসনা মন্দিৰে ব্ৰহ্ছ স্বৃহৎ বৃদ্ধিয়; A large branched candle stick used in churches.

Jest, jest, n [O. Eng. gest, deed, tale] পৰিছান; ৰাক, বিজ্ঞা; Joke, sport; lun —উপহানাকন; পৰিছানাকন; Object of laughter:—৩. ঃ বিজ্ঞানক; পৰিছান-ক, কৌতুক-ক. To make jest or inerriment. ad—jestingly. Syn:—(n) Witticism, quip (v) sport, joke.

Jost at-বিজপ-ক ; Take jestingly of.

In jest—তানানা করিছা, ড'নাসাজলে; For mere sport and diversion, not in truth and reality.

Jester, jester, n. ভাড়; পবিহাসকারী; One who jests, a buffoon. Syn:—Joker, wag, humourist; fool, clown, mountebank, merry-andrew.

Jesuit, jeźu-it, n. বাজক বিশেষ, One of a monastic order:—শঠ; ধুৰ্ত লোক; A crasty person; an intriguer. a=jesuitical, jesuitic. ad =jesuitically.

Josuitism, jeźu-it-izm, n. জেকুইট্লিপের আচার-অপালী; পুরুলা; বক্ষা, The principles and practices of the Jesuists; cunning; deceit.

Jesus, je'zus, n. [Heb. jehoshma, help of Jehovah, the saviour—yasha, to save ] মুখ্যুজাতির আৰম্ভা বীত ; The saviour of mankind.

Jet, jet, কং প্রজন বিশেষ; বোর কৃষ্ণৰ্থ কটিল থনিজ পদার্থ; A mineral very compact and black:— কলোজান; উৎস; A spout of water; a spouting stream:—v. t. প্রবাহিত-ক; খোচাকারে বহিন্ত-ক; To spout forth; emit in a stream or spout:—v.s. নির্গত-হ; বাহিন-হ; বহিন্ত-হ; To emit in a stream. Jet-black, jetblak, s. বোর কৃষ; গাঢ় কৃষ্ণৰ্থ; The deepest black colour.

Jetsam, Jetson, Jettison, n. witter wit

ক্মাইবার কর বিশ্বতালে তাহা হছতে ব্যাদি ইকাপুর্কিক কলে নিকেল; ইক্সপে নিকিত্ত কলম্য ব্যাদি; The voluntary throwing of goods overboat in a case of great peril to lighten a vessel; the goods so thrown away which remain under water.

Jetty, jeti, n. জেট ; A projecting pier :—a. জেট নিশ্বিত ; কুৰুৰ ; Made of jet, black as jet. n jettiness. { jewish. fsm—jewess.

Jew, joo, n. ইহলী; A Hebrew or Israelite. a= Jewel, joo'el, n. মণি; Precious stone:—আগদের বস্তু; Anything highly valued:—v. t. মণি হারা সজ্জিত কু; অলক্ড-ফু; To deck with jewels; to fit with a jewel. Syn:—Gem; brilliant.

Jewoller, poel-er, n. जहरी; मनिकात; One who deals in jewels.

Jowelry, jতট'el-ri, Jewellery, jতট'el-er-i, স.
সর্বপ্রকাব অলকার; Jewels in general.

Jewish, jouish, a terfailet; Pertaining to the jews. ad=jewishly. n=jewishness.

Jowry, juo'rı, n. জ্ডিয়া: ইঙ্গীদিগের বাসভূমি; Judea; a street of London in which the Jews live. Jow's eye, n. কলিত অৰ্থ; Imaginary treasure.

Jew's harp, 1002-haip, n. बांगावड विष्णव ; A small musical instrument.

Jib, jib, n ৰাহাতের আকোণাবার পাইন; Large triangular sail in front of a ship:—v. i. পাইন ব্দলান, To shift a boom sail from one side of the mast to the other:—v. i. ইতন্তঃ চালিত-হ, ন্ধানিত-হ; To move restively.

Jib-boom, n. A spur run out in the bowspirit. Jibo, n. fusen; Sneer; taunt:—v. t. fusen-;; To sneer. See gibe.

Jiffy, n. 126 . A moment ; an instant.

Jig, jig, n. নৃত্য বিশেষ; Light dance:—একশৰাৰ ত্ব, A quick lively tune:—p. :. নৃত্য-কু, To skip about, to dance a jig.

Jilt, pilt, n. বিপ্রকৃত্তিকা, ছিনাল; ছিনাল ব্রীলোক; Coquette; a flirt, a woman who encourages a lover and then disappoints him:—v. f. ছিনালি-কু; To coquette, to deceive in love;—v : ছিনালি-কু; To act as a pilt; to play the jilt. Jingle, ping'gl, n. শব্দের নিল, বন্ বন্ শন্; A correspondence of sounds; a rattling sound:—v f. বন্ বন্ শন্ক; To make a jingling sound:—v f. বন্ বন বন নিল, বন বন বা callot hill; to strike or stab suddenty:—v. i. বন বন শন্ক; To sound with jingle. Syn:—Clink, tingle.

Job, গ. জুজ বা নীচ কথা; সামাজ টিকা কাজ; Piece of work:—মাৰ্থপুক্ত কথা; মাৰ্থনাধনোজেলে কৃতকথা; Something set on foot for private or unfair objects:—হ. ৷ পুন্মা বা টিকা হিনাবে কাজ-কৃ; জাড়া-কৃ; দালালি-কৃ; To work at jobs; to hire by the job or period of use and service; to do by separated portions or lots; to buy and sell as a broker.

A job's comforter—নৌধিক বন্ধু; A false friend; one who under pretence of sympathy really annoys.

To do a job for one—বৰ-কৃ; To kill one.

Jobber, jober, n. সামাত ব্ৰসায়ী; বে ব্যক্তি গালালের
ভার ক্ষাবিক্ত করে; Wholesale dealer in stocks;
one who purchases goods from importers and

sells to retailers; petty, low intriguer; one who buys and sells, as a broker.

Jobbery, jober-i, ন. আন্ত্ৰণায়; Unfair means employed to procure some private end.

Jobbing office—A printing office where small tobs are undertaken.

Jookey, jok'i, ন. বোড়ফৌড়ের বোড়সভয়ায়; আৰ বাবসায়ী; One who rides a horse in a race; dealer in horses:—প্ৰভাৱক; One who cheats in trade:—v. f. বেভাৱপা-ক; To cheat:—v. i. To play the jockey.

Jockeyism, Jockeyship, त. वस्य वायनाव ;

The art or practice of a jockey.

JOCOBE, iD-kos, a. [L. jocosus, from jocus, joke] ব্যাস্থ বাহ্যাবাদ প্রস্কার প্রস্ক

Joenlar, jok'ū-lar, a. [L. jocus, a joke] ছাদ্য-কর; হাদ্যান্তনক; হাদ্যান্তনমন্ত্র; রহ্দ্যান্তির; Humorous; droll; laughable. ad=jocularly. n=jocularity. Joennd, jokund, a. প্রকৃষ; উৎকৃষ; প্রকৃষ্টিত্ত; Merry; pleasant; cheerful. ad=jocundly. n=jocundity.

Jog, jog, n. ধাৰা; টবং কৃষ্ণ; Push; slight shake:

— v. t. কমুই বা হাড ধারা ধাৰা-দে; ঠেলা; To push
with the elbow or hand:— v ঃ ৰাক্তে বাংডা; ধারে ধারে বাংলা; To move by small shocks; to
travel slowly. Syn:—(n) Notch, dent, indentation [excite the memory to action
Jog the memory—সরণগান্তি উত্তেভিত-কৃ; To
Joggle, jog'l, v. t. ধাৰা ঘাৰা; ইবং ক্লিপ্ড ক্রা.
To jostle: to shake slightly:—ক্লিপ্ড-হ; To

shake. [jogging trot Jogtrot, jog-trot, n. शीख शीख शास्त्र शास्त्रावर : A slow John Bull, n हैं खंख . An Englishman.

John Dory, " बरमा विल्लव , A sea-fish.

Johnsonian, a Like Dr Johnson, long worded Join, join, v t. সংযুক্ত-ক; সম্পদ্ধ-ক; সম্পদ্ধ-ক; সম্পদ্ধ-ক; ক: মান্ত্রক্ত-ক; ত unite; to add or annex into; to associate—v.i. সংযুক্ত-ছ; একজ-ছ; সন্নিকৃত্ত-ছ, To be connected with; to unite (with). Syn:—Attach, append, connect, couple, combine, conjoin, link, cement; grow to, adhere, associate, confederate, league. Joiner, joiner, n স্কেশ্ব, A carpenter; a mechanic, who does the wood work in building

Joinery, joiner-i, n. প্ৰধরের বৃত্তি: প্ৰধরে কার্য়; প্রধরের বাবসার; Art or work of a joiner. Join hands—একজ-ছ; Unite, associate with.

Joint, joint, n সদ্ধি, Articulation:—কন্ধা, Hinge:—ক্সি: গাইট; Knot.—দেশই, A scam:
—Limb or part of an animal cut:—a নিশ্ত, সন্মিলিত: সংযুক্ত; সমবেত: Joined; combined, united:—মাধারণ; মংশুক্ত; Held in common:
—v. t. সংযুক্ত ক: ক্রিক মিল-কু; সন্দিতে সন্দিতে ছেল-কু; To unite by joints; to fit closely; to cut or divide into joints:—v. t. সম্পূর্ণ মিল-চু, To fit perfectly. Syn:—(n) Juncture, union; scam, commissure; internode, (a.) combined, concerted.

Out of joint, a. विज्ञान: विश्वाच: हाट्यानवाट्यान; Disordered; thrown into confusion; full of disturbance.

Jointly, ed. मिलिक कार अकरवार ; अकरव ; in a joint manner ; unitedly ; together.

Joint-stock, n. নিমিলিভ ন্লখন; Capital of a company.

Joint-stock company, n. Company in shares. Joint tenancy, n. Tenure by unity of title. Joint tenant, n. One who holds in joint tenancy.

Jointress, jointres, Jointuress, jointures, n. পতিৰ মৃত্যৰ পৰ উপভোগ্য স্থীধনপ্ৰাপ্ত ৰুমণী; A woman holding jointure.

Sointure, join'ur, n. স্বীণন; পতির মৃত্যুর পর পর্কুচ উপভোগ্য স্থাণন; Estate settled on a wife, which she is to enjoy after her husband's death:— ০. ৫. খানীর অবর্ত্তমানে স্তীর ভোগের জন্ত সম্পত্তি ধান-ক; পতির মৃত্যুর পরে পড়ীর প্রাণ্য স্থাণন নির্দারণ করিয়া বেশুরা; To settle a jointure upon.

Joist, joist, ল. আড়কাঠা : কড়িকাট ; Timbers to which the boards of a floor or the laths of a ceiling are nailed :— r. t. আড়কাঠা সংলগ্ধ-ক ; To

fit with joists.

Joke, jōk, n. ভাষাসা; বহস্য : বসিক্ডা ; Jest ; fun :
—হাস্যোদ্দীপক কাৰ্য্য বা বাক্য ; Anything said or done
to excite a laugh :—v. t. কোতুৰ-কু ; বসিক্ডা-কু ;
ভাষাসা-কু ; To banter ; to make merry :—v. i. উপহাসান্দ্ৰ-হু ; To jest ; to be merry ; to sport Syn:
—(n) Quip, quirk, a witticism, sally, sport.

A practical joke—কথায় তামাদা নছে, কিছু কাজে; কাজে তামাদা করা; A joke played on a person sometimes to his injury or annoyance; a joke the fun of which consists in something done.

In joke-পরিহাসজ্জ; In jest; not in earnest. Joker, jökér, n. পরিহাসকারী; One who jests.

Joking apart—তামানা বা করিয়া; Speaking seriously. [joking manner. Jokingly, jöking-li, ad. প্রিচাসকলে: In a

Jokingly, jöking-li, ad. পরিহাসজ্জে; In a Jolo, jöl, n. পক; পাল; পথকেল; Jowl; the jaw, the cheek.

Jollification, jol-i-fi-kā'shun, a. কোলাইলমর পানভোকনোৎস; Noisy festivity and merriment.

Jolly, jolle, a. [F. joli, jolif, joyful, merry]
অনুত্র; অনুত্রচিত্ত; সবলকার, বলিষ্ট; Gay; plump;
robust. ns=jolity; joliness. ad=jollily. Syn:—
Jovial, joyous, gladsome, mithful, merry,
sportive, funny. hindsome, stout, lusty.

Jolly-boat, joli-bit. n. কেলিনেকা; জাহাজসংলগ্ন ছোট নৌকা; A sma'l boat belonging to a ship.

Jolt, jolt, v. t. সহলা থাকা দে; To shake with sudden terks:—v. t. থাকা লাগা; To shake with short, abrupt risings and fallings as a carriage moving on rough ground;—n. থাকা; A sudden terk.

Jolt head, n. 1965. A block head.

Joltingly, ad. সংসা ধাকা লাগিয়া কম্পিডভাবে; In a politing manner.

Jonathan, n. The United states.

Brother Jonathan, n. An American.

A joseph—ৰে ৰাজ্যিক প্ৰসুদ্ধ করা বাব না; One not to be reduced from his continence by the severest temptation.

Joss-stick, n. বুপ বিশেষ: A stick of gum burned by the Chinese as incense to their gods.

Joetle, jośl. v. f. [F. jouster, from jouste, a tilt] বাৰা নানা; To strike against; to drive against:—v. i. বাৰা বানা; To hustle, shove about, elbow:—n. বাৰা; An encounter or shock. Syn:—(v.) Joggle, push, thrust, jog, jolt.

Jot, jot, n. [G. ivia, the name of the letter i]
বিলু, অত্যন্ত পরিমাপ; Tittle; iota:—সমান্ধ বিশেবের
কাধ্যাবলীর বিবর্ধ: The transactions of any
society:—p. f. সংক্ষেপে চুকিয়া লক্ষা; To make
notes; to set down briefly. Syn:—(n) Whit,
grain, scrap, mite, particle, atom, bit, morsel,
fraction.

Jot down-तीका ; लाशा ; Note down.

Jotting, joting, n. মহণাৰ্থ ক্তু লিপি; আরক-বিপি;

Journal, jur'nal, n. [I.. diurnus, helonging to the day] হৈনিক হিসাৰ বই; দৈনিশিন; দৈনিক বিবৰণ; Daily record; diary:—দৈনিক সংবাদ-পত্ৰ; A daily newspaper; a magazine. Syn:—Daily register; daily paper, newspaper, periodical. Journalism, jur'-nal-izm, n. সম্পাদকতা. স্বোদপত্ৰ-পত্নিচালন; The profession of conducting newspapers; the editing or writing for

journals. Journalist, jur'nal-ist, n. সম্পাদক : সংবাদপত্ত-পরিচাদক ; Writer of a journal or diary ; con-

ductor or contributor to a public journal.

Journalistic, jur-nal-istik, a. স্পাদকভাসহন্ত্রি,
স্পাদকভাসকার; Pertaining to newspapers or
to journalism.

Journey, jur'ne, n. [F. journe'e, a day] জমণ,
পাঁটিৰ; Any travel; travelling; tour; excursion:—v. i. জমণ-ক; To travel. Syn:—(n)
Tour, trip, expedition, pilgrimage.

Journeyman, jur'nı-man, n. মতুর ; ঠিকা লোক , Any hired workman.

Joust, joust, n. [ L. justa, nigh to ] অৰপুঠে কুজিৰ বৃদ্ধ; Tilt; tournament; a mack
encounter on horseback:—v. i. অৰপুঠে কুজিন হুছে
ৰ্যাপুত ছ; To engage in a mack fight on horseback:—অৰাৱেহিংগ কুজিন হৰ-কু: To run in the tilt.
Jovial, jū've-al, a. প্ৰয়ল্ল; উৎপুল; আনন্দিত; Joyous; gay; merry. n=joviality, jovialness. ad=
jovially. Syn:—Airy, jolly, convival.

Jowl, jöl, n. গও; গওলেশ : The jaw or cheek.

Cheek by jowl—ম্বাম্ধি : Side by side, in such close confabulation as almost to have their faces touch.

Ioy, joy, n. [F. joie, L. gaudium, joy] আনন্ধ; উল্লাম; আজ্ঞাদ: Mirth; gladness:—ক্ষেত্ৰ কাৰণ, The cause of happiness:—v. i. আনন্দিত-হ; উলাসিত-হ; উলাস ব্যক্তা-হু; To rejoice; to be glad; to exult. Syn:—(n) Picasure, delight, happiness, felicity, transport, ecstasy, rapture, bliss; merriment, hilarity, gaicty; festivity.

Toyful, joy'fool, a. হট ; সহট ; উৎমূল ; আনন্দিত : Very merry ; happy. n=joyfulness ( অভান্ত আহ্বাদ) ! ad=joyfully. Syn:—Very glad, gay, exulting, joyous, merry, happy.

loyless, joy'les, a. নিরানন: Not giving joy.
n-joylessness. ad-joylessly.

Joyous, joy'us, a, wisifes; seeg; Glad. adminyously. n=joyousness. Syn:—Merry, lively, blithe, gleeful, gay, mirthful, sportive, festive, happy, blissful, charming, delightful.

Jubilant, joo'be-lant, a. [L. jubilans, ppr. of jubilare, to shout] জনগানকারী; বিজ্ঞানকারী; বিজ্ঞানকারী; বাং আনক্ষানিকারী; Rejoicing; triumphant, uttering songs of joy. Syn:—Shouting with joy, triumphing, exulting.

Jubilate, jou-bi-la'te, দ. ইষ্টাবের পরবর্ত্তী ভূতীর রবিবাবের খুটার উৎসব বিশেষ: The 3rd Sunday after Easter.

Jubilation, job-bi-la'shun, #. জরকানি; বিজয়ো-লাস প্রচার; আনস্থানি প্রকাশ; The declaration of triumph.

Jubileo, i০০'bi-le, প. ইন্দীদিশের দাস্থ্যোচন-উৎসব্তুক প্রতি পঞ্চাপৰ বৎসর; ঘ্রেৎসব; The year of release among the Jews every filtieth year; any season of great public joy and festivity. Judaic, i০০-da'ık, Judaical, joō-daik-al,a. ইন্ধান্থৰীৰ; Pertaining to the Jews. ad ⇒ judaically.

Judaiso, jou'da-iz, v. i. हेह्लीवर्श्व अन्हेंव-कृ; To conform to or practice Judaism.

Judaism, jou'da-izm, n. ছন্দীনেপুর ধর্ম; ছন্দী ধর্মনতঃ; The religion of the Jews. [ of courtesy. A judas'kiss—ছন্দাপুৰ্ণ ভক্ততা; A deceitful act Judosn, jou-de'an, a. ইন্দী কেশ-সংক্ষান্ত . Belonging to Judea:—n. ইন্দী; A nation of Judea. Judge, juj. n. [ L judicare, from jus, law or

right | বিচাৰপতি: তিয়ালক. One who decides; an arbitrator —পাব্যুখৰ; The Supreme Being, — গোৰণাভিজ. One having knowledge; expert — চা খুটাৰ ধুনুপ্ৰবেশন সন্তান্মন্ত : The title of 7th book of the Old Testament:—ফ. i. বিচান-ফ: To decide:—বিভেন ক; প্ৰভেন-ক; Distinguish,—ফ. t. বিচান-ক, সভিত্য ক; To sentence:—ছাউ নিজা-ফ; To consure severely:—বিহেচনা-ফ, To consider. Syn:—(n) Magistrate, justice; arbitrator, umpire, refere, critic, connoisseur. (v) Conclude, doom; regard, esteem, reckon, account, believe, hold, suppose; estimate, appreciate, rate

[Form an opinion of, rate of the state of

Judge of—কোন বিষয় বা কাহাৰ সৰকে মত ছিব করা; Judgeship, inj'ship, n. বিচারপতির পদ বা কার্যা; The office of a judge.

Judgment, jui'ment, n. বিচাৰ; Act of judging:—
দথাজা, Sentence:—দশ্ত . Condemnation; doom:
—বিশেচনা; কটি, Notion; taste:—বিচারকজি:
মত; The reason; opinion:—সতা নির্মাণার্থ বিষয়সম্প্র ভুলনা; The comparing of ideas, to ascertain truth. Syn:—Discernment. discrimination, understanding, intelligence, penetration, shrewdness, sagacity, wisdom, sense; determination, decision, conclusion, opinion, estimate; award, decree, verdict, doom.

Judgmont-day, juj'ment-da, n. festa fin; Day of doom.

Judgment-hall, n. পর্মতা ; বিচারস্ভা ৷

Judgment-seat, juj'ment-set, n. বিচারপতির আসন; বিচারসন; Seat of a judge. Syn:—Court, tribunal, bar, bench. [ be judged or tried. Judicable, juo'di-ka-bl, a. বিচাধ্য; That may Judicative, joo'di-ka-tiv, a. विहास्य , Having

power to judge.

Judiostory, joo'di kā-tor-i, a. विहात्र िमवकीत . विश्वविश्वास . Belonging to a judge , dispensing justice :- n. प्रीपिक्यप, विठाव विख्यप, A tribunal. Judicature, joo'di-ka-tur, n. वर्षाविकवन, विहाता-ব্য় , A tribunal :-- অধিকার , আদালতের এলেকা , Jurisdiction ,- विश्वविक वा अवशाली, Power of dispensing justice.

Judioial, 100-dishal, a. fasianfe at fasiains अपनीत : Pertaining to a judge or court .--दोन-বিশি খারা প্রতিষ্ঠিত , Established by stature ad-

judicially.

Judioial department, \* विहास विकास । Judiciary, 100-dishi-ar-i, n বিচাৰপতিগণ , विहातकमत्त्रकात , Body of judge -a. मध्यमानकारी , বিচার মত প্রকাশক , Passing judgment or sentence -- विहाबानव-नवकीत , Pertaining to courts of justice.

Judicious, joo-dishe-us, a. জানী, সুবিকা, সুদ্বad=judiciously Syn -Rational wise, skil ful, discerning, sagracious, sensible, discreet, well-judged, well-advised

Jug, jug, n sanla, den, san, Pitcher -ot নিছ ক , lo boil or stew as in a jug - জপ অপ चक्-क . To utter the sound jug.

Juggle, jugl, v t. [ L jucu'ar, to jest jocus, a jest ] त्यको त्यथान , अजानमा-कृ , To amuse by sleight of hand, to practise artifice or impos ture -n. ( ) , soisti , An imposture

Juggler, jugler, n. বাতীকৰ উপ্ৰালিক, ভোজ-वाकीका, One who performs tricks by sleight of hand, a trikish fellow.

Jugglery, jug ler-ı, n. रेखकान, (कि क्लिक्ताकी Legerdemain , trickery.

Jugular, 100'gu-lar, a. il jugulum, the collar-bone] जीवा नवकीत , ककादि मात्र & , Bulonging to the collar bone which I ins the nick and shoulders -n. जीवा धमनी , अक्षानियां , A vem in the neck.

Juice, 100, \* [L jus, broth gravy] 37. Sap of vegetables .- #14, Cate, The fluid part of animal bodies. a=juicy. a=juiceless Syn -Sap, fluid. [ n=juiciness.

Juicy, 10051, a. ARR, Abounding with juice Jujaboe, n. 37. An oriental fruit allied to the plum.

Jujube, 100'100b, n. wasteria. A pecies of shrubs - মিটাই বিশেষ, An expectorant made of sugar and gum.

Julep, Julap, n [ Pers. gul, rose and ab, water ] स्मिष्ठ गांभीव विराग , A pleasant liquid

Julian, 1001yan, a. क्निहान मिलव न'जांच वा ভংসমুত, Relating to the old account of time established by Julius Cæsar.

St Julian-Patron sunt of travellers

July, 100-li, n. रे बाको मध्य मान, I he seventh month.

Jumble, jumbl, v t [F. combler, to heap ut] থলোমেলো কবিরা নিশিত-তু, বিশুখলভাবে নিশ্রিত-তু,

To mix confusedly — ए : अल्लास्म्यानां विविध-इ, कारनाड़िड-इ, To be mixed together confusedly, to be agitated - n. अत्वादनत्वाकादन विज्ञ , A confused mixture Syn -Throw together, confound confuse, disorder.

Jumblingly, jumbling-lt, ed. विनुधनकाद, in a confused manner

Jump, jump, v : नक-त्व , উहाक्त-कृ , नांकाईश्रा चना , To leap, spring, bound - । र नक नित्रा অভিক্রম-কু, লাখাইবা পার-হ , To skip over , pass over eagerly or hastily -n अन , उझका, A bound, skip Syn - n) Skip, hop, vault, caper.

Jump from the frying pan into the fire -এক रिशम এডाইश स्रोत्र এব বিগদে পড়া, lo extricate one's self from an evil or a difficulty by falling into a worse one

Jump to a conclusion—अनुमकान ना कवित्रा निष्य है , To infer hastily without investigation or proof [ Agree with one's fancy. Jump with one's fancy—মতে সন্মতি প্রদান কবা, Junction, jungkshun, n [L jungere, to join] पांग, मण्यांग, भिनन, L'mon, joining - मक्रम; সন্ধিকণ সন্ধিতান, Place or point of union Syn: -Combination, coalition, connection, linking, couping juncture, place of meeting

Juncture, jungktur, n সকটকাৰ, সন্ধিকৰ, A critical time Syn -Joint, junction, conjuncture, Crisis, emergency

June, 100n, n ই ব'তী বঠ মাস , The sixth month. Jungle, jung gl, n [Sans. Jangala, desert] अवग , अवग , Thicket of canes a=jungly

Junior, jod'ne-er, a [L junenis, young] किने : Younger than another -n. अनुक, त्यःकनिक ৰোক, One who is so, minor, one under age. ns = juniority, juniorship

Juniority, Juniorship, n वहाक्रिकेटा, क्रि-BE', The state of being junior [ A shrubbery. Jumper, 100'ni-per, n बाङ। विल्लब , अना विल्लब ; Junk, jungk, " हीनाननीय (भाउ, Chinese vestel -कां , श्वाडन मे Pieces of old cable : - नवगांक भाषात्म, एक नवगांक बान्म, Salt beef; haid salted meat

Junket, jung ket n [L juncus, a rush] [4817. भितेष्ट , Sweet neut - अद (कांज , A stolen entertai ment -v : ag cola eter , To feast in secret -v t (814 (798), Tofcast

Junta, punta n त्यानरमनीय महामखां. Spanish council -मिश्रिनि उ मम'क, A body of men united. Junto, junto n श्वान्छा, पन , कङ्कांद्रकाती नश्ब . A cabil or faction. pl =juntos

Jupiter, 100 pi-ter, n त्यापानतन (क्ववांक, The c'nuf and among the Romans, the supreme god ef the Romans — এহ'বলেৰ, বৃহস্তি এই, A planet. Juridical, job ridik-al, a [L jus, juris, law, and luo, to declare] বিচা গলরে ব্যবহৃত , বিচারপতি সম্বন্ধীয় , বিশারক সংক্রান্ত , Pertaining to a judge ; used in courts of Justice ad = juridically.

Jurisconsul, joo-ris-końsul, n [L rus, juris, law, and consulo, to consult] ব্যবহারশালকুশল ব্যক্তি, काइन नवाक প्राभिनाता, A lawyer, who gives opinion on cases put to him, a Jurist.

Jurisdiction, joo-ris-dikshun, n. विशिनक उ बाकुष ; विচারালয়ের অধিকার ; এলাকা ; Legal authority; district of a court. amjurisdictional. Jurisprudence, job-ris-prod'dens, n. [L. jus. juris, law, and prudentie, knowledge] नावहाड फब ; ब्राव्यविवि विकान ; आहेन ; Science of law.

Jurist, joo'rist, n. [ I., jus, juris, law ] बावशंब-भावक वाकि ; भारेन विश्वत किछा वाकि : One who is versed in the science of law, especially the Roman or civil law; civilian. Syn :- Lawyer, civilian, jurisconsult, counsellor.

Juror, joo'rur, Juryman, joo'ri-man, n. বিচারার্থ নিয়োজিত লোকরলের অস্তত্য: One who

serves on a jury.

Jury, joo'ri, n. [L. juro, to swear] festate facul-किंड त्नाक्तन . A body of men judging a case.

Jurymast, n. काहारकर क्या माखरतर होन भूतनीर्व निविष्ठ खड़ाही पांचन ; A temporary mast erected in a ship to supply the place of one lost or destroyed.

Jury-rudder, n. कांशाल्य अवृथ्ये कर्. A tempo-

rary rudder instead of one lost.

Pack a Jury - (कान क्-किमिक निकित कन करण्य জন জুরিকে জন্তার কবিধা একত্রিত-তু . কোন জুগদভিস্থি সাধনার্থ বেমন তেমন কহিছা একনল ভূবি জোটান ; Bring together a body of jurors unfairly and fraudulently for the attainment of some unjust end Just, just, a. [ L. justus, from jus, right, law ] शायवान ; माय . Upright ; honest :- विक : निवस्थि , Exact, proper ; regular :-- शार्तिक ; मङानदावन ; ৰণ্ডনিবত ; Righteous ; true :- ad. ঠিক : টিকৰাপ . Accurately -- #17; Almost; barely -- n. \$ 44 क्ष्य : A tilt. Syn : -(a) Lawful, right : true, correct; equitable, rightful, legal; accurate, regular, complete, due, suitable, descrived, merited; good, virtuous, blameless, pure, honourable, impartial.

Just as-লেই. বে দরে; Exactly at the moment that :- कि दावन ; Exactly in the manner that. Just as the twig is bent, the tree is inalind-মন্তব্য বাল্যকালে বেমন শিক্ষা পাণ, তেমনি ভাছার

हित्र इव ; The character of the man is determined by the training he receives in childhood.

Just no- এখन , At the present time :-- এই मारा : A moment ago.

Justice, justis, n. [ L. justitia, from justus, just ] कामनेवर्ग ; Impartiality :-- माप्टा ; Intcgrity, honesty: - ছাব্ৰিচার; 78; Retribution. punishment :- বিচারক ; বিচারপতি ; A judge ; a magistrate. n=justiceship. Syn :- Equity, law, rectitude, impartiality, fairness, right, justness. Do justice-कार्यात्राची काया विकात-क ; Administer justice according to the law.

Do justice to- कि कतिया वना : To give credit

heartily:--বে হুখাভির উপযুক্ত তাহার হুখাভি-তু; Treat one justly :- Speak justly of one :- render to every one his due-give the praise one merits.

In justice to—আপনাকে সমৰ্থন কৰিবাৰ কৰা; বে কোচ আরোপিত হইয়াছে বা হইতে পারে তাহা হইতে মুক্ত করিবার অভিপ্রাবে ; With a view to vindicate oneself.

Justiceship, justis-ship, त. विश्वादक्य अप वा Tritt: The office or dignity of a justice.

Justiciar, jus-tishi-ar, Justiciary, jus-tishi-ari, n श्रापान विচারশক্তি ; व्यापान विচার ; A chiefjustice Justifiable, juste-fi-a-bl, o. ममर्पनामा ; ममर्पनीक . Defensible; excusable, vindicable, n-justifiableness. ad - justifiably.

Justification, jus-te-fe-kā'shun, म. इन ; करवार ; Excuse :- लाव हरेट युक्ति ; त्वाव थक्न ; Absolution : -অ স্থাক সমধন ; Vindication. Syn : - Defence. exoneration, exculpation, remission of sin. Justificative, justi-fi-ka-tiv, Justificatory,

justi-fi-kā-tor-i, α. স্থপ্ৰক্ষ ; Having power to

justify.

Justifler, juiti-lier, n. ममर्थनकाती : भक्तमर्थक : One who defends: --পাপ হংতে মুক্তকাৰী; কমী; Absolver. Justify, juste-fi, v. t. [L. justus, just, and facere, to make । छाया वित्रष्टा श्रेक्तमभर्वन-क ; छात्रमण । প্রমাণ-ক , ঠিক প্রমাণ-লে , To vindicate ; to prove or show to be just :--পাপ ছইতে মুক্ত-কু; পোনসালন-तु; To free from sin by pardon; to absolve Syn :- Defend, maintain, warrant, encuse, acquit, absolve.

Justly, just'li, ad. जावनक्काल ; वधाववकाल ; नाव्काद महिन , विकारण : करनाम निवा : In a just manner . equitably; uprightly; accurately; by right.

Justness, jusines, স ক্লাবপরতা ; বাধার্বা ; উচিতা . Quality of being just Syn :- Justice, equity equitableness, right, fairness, exactness, accu racy, propriety, reasonableness.

Jut, jut, v. s. मनुर्वत शिक नवमान-इ ; वश् अक्ट-इ हिला इ-ह ; To shoot forward ; to project beyond the main body.

Jute, jout, n. 415; (4131; The fibre of an Indian plant, used in the manufacture of coarse bags, coarse carpets.

Jutty, n. A pier or mole ; jetty.

Juvenescent, jou-ven-esent, a. [L. juvenesco, to grow young] योवनशाय ; वारमाहिक ; व्यरकाहिक : Becoming young. n=juvenescence.

Juvenilo, job've-nil, a. [L. juvenilis, juvenis, young | निवद ; दानरकांडिंड ; दानाज्यक ; Young ; puerile; youthful; childish. n-juvenility ((4) माबावजा ; Youthfulness) ; juveniteness.

Juxteposition, juks-ta-po-aishun, n. रेन्का ; निविध ; नाविधा , निकार शांभव था शिक्त ; Contiguity , a placing or being placed in nearness or conti for one's deserts :- Bie क्रिया जाशान-क ; To eat ! guity. Syn :- Proximity, close contact.

E. देखिन वर्गिनात अकावन वर्ग वा सकत ; The 11th letter of the English alphabet. Kafir, kaffir, Kaffir, Kaffie, n. [Ar. kafir, unbeliever] चाक्रिकां प्रकित-शृक्षारत्व विवासी , One of the great Bantu race, occupying Africa Kail, Kale, kal, n. क्लिनाक वित्तर , A cabbage. Kaiser, n. नजारे ; An emperor. Kaleidoscope, ka-li'de-skūp, n. [Gr kalos, beautiful, eidos, form, and skopeo, to see] [8 ব্যাহর বারা নানা রঙ দেখা বার; দৃষ্টিসভার বস্ত্র বিলোন: याहा मत्या खनःशा समात वर्ष अ मृद्धि वृद्धे क्या ; An optical instrument in which we see an endless variety of beautiful colours and forms. Kalendar, Kalends, Same as calendar, [ native to North America. Calends. Kalmis, n. 45 fe.44 . An evergreen shrub. Kengaroo, kang-gar-एए, म (कन्नाम , आहेनियांत ने क ferete; An Australian herbivorous quadruped Kedge, kej. n. कृत नक्त , A small anchor v. t. छाहाक कित्रान ; लाहाल पुतान , Bring a vessels up or down a river, to warp, as a ship. Kedger, kefer, n. এক প্রকার ছোট নক্ষর , A kedge Keel, kel, n. कांश्रक ; अनुक्त-विकुठ उप (भाउ विस्मय . Ship, flat bottomed barge -- बाहारका डना : Bottom of a ship: - or 1. (बोकां हालान; জাহাল লইয়া গমনাগমন-কু, To plough with a keel to navigate -काशास्त्र जनातम देशियक कितान, To turn keel upwards. Keelage, kel'aj, n away sisters ou, Dues for a keel or ship in port, ship tax Kooled, keld, a. बाहारकत उलाकात , कुछ पृष्ठे , Keelshaped; having a prominence on the back Keelhaul, kelhawl, v. : অধন্তন লোকের প্রতি নিগ্ৰহ-কু, To treat a subordinate in a galling manner. Keen, ken, a. তীক্ষ, তীক্ষার, ধারাল, Sharp -- তীব, Severe; acrimonicus :- नाज; Euger: - निवन . হৰবৃদ্ধি; ভীৰবৃদ্ধি; Shrewd; penetrating n= keenness. ad = keenly. Syn -Acute; piercing; ardent, vehement, zealous, bitter, poignant, caustic, quick, shrewd, discerning. Keenness, kennes, n. তাহতা ; Quality of being keen. Syn :- Eagerness, vehemence, sharpness, asperity, acuteness. Keep, kep, v. t. 49-9; To take care of -वर्षा-इ : To maintain :- (कांन व्यवश्वत त्रांथा : To cause to remain in a given position, situation,

or condition :- 4144-#; To retain, to hold :-

রকা-ভু; To guard; to protect — অভ্যাস-কু, To practise:— রকা-ভু, to preserve — বথাবিধি পালন-ভু;

Celebrate, solemonize . - उत्तर्भागन . To conduct.

manage:--- ৩. ১. খাকা ; অবহা বিশেবে থাকা ; To remain, continue:--- সংলগ্ন ইবা থাকা, To adhere ·

— হাহী-ছ ; To last, to endure :- ল. বুকৰ : Hold . - The dungeon of a castle, a stronghold s — হুগমধাস বৃঢ় অংশ ; The securest and strongest part of a castle n=keeper. Syn:-(v) Detain, cuntinue; reserve, withhold, restrain; fulfil, observe, obey, commemorate, honour; sustain, support, feed, tend, dwell, abide, stry. (n) Care, guardianship, custody, confinement, castle, donjon, maintenance, board, food, fodder [ maintain in operation. Keep a going-blनान ; Continue going ; to Keep a jealous eye on-निकार (क्या : To watch suspiciously. [ Watch carefully for. Keep a sharp look out for - वक् करिया (नवी , Keep a stiff upper lip—ক্ষাগত একভারেমি প্রকাশ-7. To manifest persistent obstinacy. Keop a vigil-छेप्तर कवित्रा वार्कि कांग्रेन : Spend the night in festivities. Keep alive—জাগকক রাধা , অকুল রাধা : Keep unextinguished, keep in a state of action. Keep aloof-নিৰুত থাকা ; Refram from. Keep an eye upon-(44); Watch. Keep at arm's longth-मृत्य नांचा ; Keep at a distance. a distance. Keep away- निवृत क्षेत्र ; Remain absent or at Keep back-faga- ; Withhold ; refrain. Keep body and soul together-জীবিত থাকা, ব্যটিশ থাকা, Keep alive, keep from starving. Keep books-হিনাৰ রাধা, To record mercantile transactions. [ अज्ञान , To avoid. Keep clear of-पुक-क , To keep free from :-Keep company with-7-7-7, Associate with ; to frequent the society of .- विवाद है फूक-F. To give or receive attention with a view to marriage. Keep down-समन कतियां तांशा: Prevent from rising, hold in subjection; restrain. Keep from- निरुष्ठ-इ , Abstain ; forbear. Keep good or bad hours-म्यदा वा विन्दन শরন-কু, To retire early or late. Keep hold-बारा ; Retain. Keep house-Maintain a family estate :-ৰ্যাগেড-হ ; To be confined. Keep in- नमन-क ; Conceal, restrain. Koop in check-न्यन-इ ; Control. Koep in countenance—লক্ষিত না হইতে দেওৱা; To keep assured; to make one feel at ease. Keep late hours—অধিক রাত্রি জাগরণ-ক ; Be habitually late in retiring to rest at night. Keep off-मृत्त ताथा ; मिनादन-कृ ; मृत्त थाका ; Not to admit ; hinder , keep at a distance :- निकटि आभिएड मा त्रक्मा; Prevent from coming upon one.

Keep on — আগ্ৰন্থ ; Go forward ; to proceed , to continue to advance.

Resp on a stretch—বৰাসাধা একজনকে চেটা ক্রান; Make one exert one's power to the utmost.

Keep on terms—পরিচিত-হ ; Be familiar.

Keep on view—সমূধে রাধা ; No: to lose sight of.

[bed through illness.

Keep one's bed—খ্যাশায়ী হলা; To remain in Keep one's footing—হাৰ বকা-কৃ, Maintain one's position.

Keep one's head above water—মাধা তুলিবা থাকা; Keep oneself from sinking — ( দেনদাৰ না হুইয়া) খোগে থাগে প্ৰাণ্যকা-কু; Make both ends meet, avoid bankruptcy.

Keep one's own counsel—নিজের অভিনাধ বোপন-ক; To hold one's purpose &c, as a secret. Keep one's powder dry—প্ৰস্তুত ইইনা প্ৰাকা: To take precautions, to be in readiness.

Keep one's word—প্রতিজা পালন-ড়; Keep one's promise. [one to be correct in conduct

Keep one straight—কাহাকে টিক রাধা ; Cause Keep open house—Have much company coming and going.

Keep out—বাহিরে রাধা, প্রবেশ কবিতে না দেওৱা. Exclude; prevent from affecting one — দ্বল করিতে না দেওৱা, Prevent from obtaining possession

Keep page with, Keep up with—পিছু পতিরা না বাব , সমান সমান থাওবা : To keep up with , go i hand in hand with, be proportionate to, not to be behind :—Go as fast as :—ক্ৰমণ: উৰ্তি-কৃ , To progress gradually.

Keep school—বিদ্যালয়ে শিকা-দে, To teach a school as a preceptor. [company Keep the field— বৃদ্ধ ভাগে লা-কু; Continue the

Reep the peace—The sale; Continue the Reep the peace—The sale; To refrain from disturbing the order of society.

Keep the pot boiling—পরিবারেৰ আহার বোগাল . Keep the family supplied with provisions.

Keep the wolf from the door — অৱবাই নিবাৰণ-কু; Ward off starvation; keep out hunger or poverty; keep from starvation

Reep to — वाजिया थाका ; ना काड़ा ; मझ ना काड़ा , व्यक्त-भिरत ना पांच्या , Adhere to ; confine oneself to.

Koep to oneself—প্ৰকাশ দা-কু, গোণন-কু, পেটার কথা পেটো রাধা, To refrain from telling others, to keep secret, not disclose to others.

Keep under- भ्या- क् ; Oppress ; subdue.

Keep up—সমান ভাবে চালান; বজায় রাখা, লমিয়া না বাওয়া; Muintain, preserve; uphold; remain unsubdued.—রাত্রি জালা বা জালাইখা রাখা, Keep awake.—কমিতে না বেওয়া; Prevent from falling:—শব্যাসত না হওয়া; Not to be confined to bed.

Keep up one's spirit—নাংস ক্লা-কু; To maintain one's courage and cheerfulness,

Keep up with—পিছু পড়িয়া না যায়; Keep pace with one. [tive or vigilant. Koep watch—সভৰ্ক-ছ; দাব্ধান-ছ, To be atten-Keeper, kল্p'er, n. বুকক; পানক; One who keeps:—কারাগার-বুকক, Jailor. Syn — Defender, preserver, guardian, tutor, governor, custodian,

Keeper of the Great Seal, Lord Keeper— A high government officer.

Keeper of the Privy Seal, Lord Privy Seal-Keeper of the King's private Seal.

Keepership, kep'er-ship, n. রক্ক বা তদ্বাব্ধারকের পদ; Office of a keeper.

Keeping, keping, n. বয়; বনা; Care:—হরের মিল; Harmony:—সমারুপাত, Proportion. Syn:— Charge, goardianship, custody; maintenance, support; conformity, congruity, consistency.

Be in keeping with—মিল ধাকা; Be in harmony with; be in aggreement with; be consistent with; agreeing. [one's charge or custody. In one s keeping—কাহাৰত ফেলার বা হাতে; In Keepsake, kep'sak, n. অবণাৰ্থল স্ত ক্ৰা; প্ৰণ্য-নিগৰ্কৰ ক্ৰান্ত উপহার; Gift in token of remembrance—any thing given to be kept for the shake of the giver.

Keg, keg, n. ক্ত গিণা; Small cask; small Kolp, kelp, n. কাৰ বিশেষ; Calcined ashes of sea-weed, an alkaline.

Kolpio, kolpy, kel'pi, n. অধাৰার কলিত জলপুত, An inaginary spirit of the waters in the form of n horse.

Kon, ken. v. i. জানা, দূর হইতে দেখিবা চিনিতে পারা; Know; see and recognise at a distance:—n. গোচর, দৃষ্টি, জ্ঞানের দীমা; View; sight; reach of knowledge or sight; congnisance.

Kendal-green, kendal-green, n. বন্ধ নিশেষ;
Green cloth made at Kendal in Westmoreland.
Kennel, kenel, n. [L. canis, a dog] কুৰ্বেৰ
নৰ, A pack of hounds;—কুক্ৰাপাৱ; কুক্ৰণালা;
\ house for dogs.—পূণালাগির ভান! The hole of a
ir \ or other beasts:—সক্ৰণ প্ৰন হান; A haunt:
প্ৰঃপালী, The water-course of a street, a
autter:—ফ. t. কুক্ৰোলাগ ৱন্ধিত-কু. To keep in a
council—ক. i. কুক্ৰেণ মন্ত হান-কু; To lodge, lie,
liwell—as a dog or hog.

Kopt-Past tense & past participle of keep.

Korchief, ker'chif, n. [Fr. convrir. to cover, nef, the head ] ক্ষাল, ভোৱালে. A square piece i cloth used by women to cover the head:—
্পুক্ৰিক্ বিশেষ; Woman's head or neck dress.
Corn, Korne, kern, n. আন্তৰ্গতের প্ৰাতিক সৈত;
An hish foot-soldier.

Kornel, kernel, n. नगा ; (बाना तो कृत्वत्र नवानक नगा , A little grain or seed; anything including in a husk or shell :- ity; Core; inside of a nutshell .-- কলের বীজ , কেৰী; The seed of a pulpy fout ; - मशारान ; मशाकान , Nucleus , central part of anything. [ or resembling, kernels. Kernelly, kernel-i, a. नाममय ; नामन ; Full of Kerosine, Kerosene, ker'o-sen, n. [Gr. keros, wax] अक्शकांत पनिस्र देवन ; देवन वित्नव : A hydrocarbon illuminating oil distilled from petroleum. Kersey, ker'zi, n. वाडी अनमी कांगड़ ; A coarse woolen cloth. [twilled cloth of the finest wools Korseymere, kér-zi-mér, #. ক্ল পদমী ব্য ; A Kestrel, kestrel, n. কুন্ত জাতীর বালপকী; A small species of falcon.

Ketch, kech, n. विभावत वर्गन निरम्भ ; Heavy two mast ship ,—व्यान ; Hangman.

Kettle, ketl, # 4515; Iron pot with a spout...
A pretty kettle of fish—A bad job.

Kettledrum, ket'l-drum, n. নামামা; ভেরী; Large metal drum: —চাপান্ধি-সম্প্রদান ; a tea-party.

Key, ke, n. ক্লিকা; চাবি; Instrument for opening a lock:—ব্যাধ্যা; অর্থুকে; What solves a difficulty; explanation:—বাধ্যুক্তের অরপ্রকাশক যা; Part of a musical instrument struck by the fingers. Syn:—Guide, explanation, solution; translation; tonic, key-note.

A key to—ৰাহাৰ ছাৱা কোন ছপ্ত বা কঠিন বিষয় জানা হাইতে পাৱে, Something that enables one to get an insight into (a secret or anything difficult). In a key—কোনৰূপ পরে, In a certain tone:— ধোনরূপ করে গাওৱা; In a certain strain.

Power of the key-Power of excluding from or admitting into Paradise-claimed by the Pope in his character of St. Peter's successors

Keyhole, kr'hōl, n. চাবির প্রবেশের ছিন্ত , চাবির ছিন্ত : A hole in a lock for a key.

Keynote, ke'not, n. अश्वन युत्र, (प्रानिकन्तर, The fundamental note of a piece of music.

Keystone, kr'ston, n বিভাবের মধা প্রান্তর সকল প্রান্তর . The middle stone of an arch

Khan, khan, n. বা , শাসৰক্ষা Governor, lord, prince, n-khanate.

Khanato, khan-at, n খা সাহেবের ম্বিকার Territory of a khan, the dominion or jurisdiction of a khan [ The little of the ruler of Egypt Khodive, khodiv, n মিলর লেশের শাসনকর্তার উপাধি, Kiek, kik, v f. [ W ciciaw, from cic, foxt] প্রভাব-কৃ, To hit with the foot —v. i. স্কোবে 'দিকেপ-কৃ, সবলে পদক্ষেপ-কৃ, To thrust out the foot with violence — প্রতিকৃত্য ভাব প্রকাশ-কৃ, Mannfest opposition —n. লাগি, প্রথমতি, A blow with the foot. Syn:—Calcitrate, spurn, retelections, recoil

Kick out-(क्यान-क , Eject.

Kick the beam— গ্ৰহণে কম হইণা উপত্নে নিটা , জন্ত্ৰ বলিয়া স্পা-ছ; To rise as the lighter scale of a balance does—hence, to be found wanting in weight; to have less comparative value.

Rick the bucket -4st , To die.

Kick up, n. (表明年; A riot

Kick up a dust—গোলনাল কু; আনি দিংকৰ তর্ক বিতর্ক-কু; To make a bustle or ado, to make a fuss, carry on a valueless or uscless di cussion Kickehaw, kikshaw, n. কৌতুকলনক চেণ্ডন পাত্র; অনুত বন্ধ, Something fantastical, a fancy dish Kid, kid, n. ছাগ্ৰংস, চাগ্লছালা; Young of a goat —ছাগ্লাবকের চর্জ, ভাগাবকের দত্তানা, Leather, made of kid skin, a glove of kid leather —n t. or i. ছাগ্লিত প্রস্ব-কু; To bring forth a kid.

[small kid.

Ridling, kid'ling, n. ছাগশাবক: ছাগণিও; A Ridnap, kidnap, v t. [Eng kid, child, and nap, to seize] সমুধ্য হরণ-ড়; Steal children or men. n=kidnapper (চোর) Syn:—Abduct, steal away, run away with.

Kidney, kidni, n. মুকাছি; One of two flattened glands on either side of the loins, which secretes the urine.

Kidneybean, \*. लिय ; A sort of bean shaped like a kidney.

Kilderkin, kilder-kin, n. কুম্ন শিশা; পৰিমাণ বিশেষ ; Small barrel ; 18 gallons.

Kill, kil, v t. [O. Eng. quellen, A. S. cwelian, to torment] 호텔 - 후, 작는후; Slay; to put to death. n=killer Syn:—Murder, assassinate, butcher, destroy, slay, slaughter; quell, calm, still.

Kill off—辆河-季, Exterpate.

Kill time— নসম বাপন-কৃ; কাশবাপন-কৃ; To busy oneself with something, which occupies the attention, so as to make the time pass pleasantly or without tediousness.

Kill two birds with one stone—এক উদানে ছুই কাৰ্য্য-কু; এক চিলে ছুই পাৰী যাৱা; To accomplish two objects at the same time or by one effort.

Kiln, kil, # পোৰাৰ বা ভাটা; চুক্লী: পাজা, A large furnace or oven for calcining, vitrifying, burning or drying anything:—ইটের পাজা, A pile of brick for burning or hardening.

Kilndry, kıl-dri, v t. পাজাতে ওছ-ৰু, পোৱাৰ বা ভাটাতে ওছ-কু, To dry ın a kiln.

Kilogram, kilo-gram, Kilogramma, n. পরিবাণ বিশেষ, করাসী গুজন পরিবাণ বিশেষ; A measure of weight—1000 grams=2,67951 pounds troy or 2,20485, pounds avoirdupois.

Kilometre, kilo-mē-ti, n. করানী দৈর্ঘ্য পরিমাণ বিশেষ, French measure of length being 1000 metres or nearly & of a mile.

Kilt, kilt, n. शंडामी वित्नव ; नविष्कृष वित्नव ; Highlander's peticoat.

Kimbo, a 44 , Crooked , arched ; bent.

Kin, kin, n [A. S cyn, G. genes, birth] গোৱা;
কুইখ, জাতি, Relations; relatives:—সমন ; কুইবন;
গোটাই, Relationship, afflinity—a একজাতীয়; Of
the same nature or kind, akin Syn:—Consanguinity, kindered relation, kinsfolk, connection.
Kith and kin—কুইখ, Relations and kinsfolk.

Kith and kin to—आडी लांडी, Related to;

Of kin—Allied, related by birth or marriage. Kind, kind, n. বংগ, জাতি, Race, genus:— প্রকাব, প্রবালী, Sort, manner:—বতাব, প্রকৃতি; Nature—a. গরালু, সদ্ব, স্মবেদনাযুক্ত, Benevolent; mild, gentle n=kindness (প্রা, মেই) + Syn:—(n) Family, breed, species, set, class, quality, character, style. (a) Obliging, congenial, sympathetic, benign, bounteous, beneficent, gracious, propitious, generous, indulgent, tender, humane, compassionate, good, lenient, clement, bland, friendly, amicable, affectionate, loving. In kind—টাকার পরিবর্ধে কোন করা দিলা; In produce or some kind of commodity and not in

duce or some kind of commodity and not in money —টাকাৰ নহে. Not in money:—বে কটিয় নাগ নেই কটিয়ে লোখ, Like for like, in similar way. Kindergarden, n. A school for young children, where play is combined with study and especial attention is paid to object teaching.

Kind-hearted, a. नवरक्षव ; मत्रान् ; Having kindness of nature, sympathetic.

Kindle, kindl, v. t অগ্নিসংযুক্ত-কৃ; আঞ্প-দে; প্রজ্বভিত কৃ, Set on fire; to light: —উত্তেবিত-কৃ:

ভালিত-ড়; To provoke; to inflame, as the passions;—০. i. আহন লাগা; অপ্নিস্থান্ড; To take fire:—উভেডিড-ড়; To be roused; to grow warm or animated. Syn:—Light, ignite, rouse, excite, stimulate, fire, enrage, exasperate; be excited, grow warm.

Kindliness, kindle-nes. প. স্বৰ্ডা; Quality of being kindly. Sym:—Benignity, benevolence, gentleness, affection, amiability, compassion,

sympathy.

Kindly, kind'le, a. খাণাৰিক; Natural — বলাতি; খাড়ীর; Kindred;—নগর; অব্যৱস্থাক: Benevolent. n=kindness; kindliness. Syn:—Sympathetic, congenial; gracious, favourable, mild, gentle.

Kindness, kindness, n. val; wys-yl; Benovolence; good will; generosity. Syn:—Grace, compassion, humanity, indulgence, clemency, mildness, gentleness, goodness, generosity, affection, tenderness, amiability, fellow-feeling, good will, benevolence, hospitality.

Kindred, kindred, n. গোজী; কুটুৰ জ্ঞাডি; Relatives:—জ্ঞাডি ভাব; Relationship:—পরিবাববর্গ; Families:—এ জাতীয়; Related:—একজাতীয়; Congenial. Syn:—(n) Consanguinity, affinity, relations, kinsfolk, kinsmen.

Kine, kin, n. cffms, p. of cow.

Kinematics, n. [Gr kineo, to move ] বিশ্বদ্ধ পতিবিজ্ঞান; The science of pure motion without reference to force. a= kinematical.

Kinotics—গতি ও তংকাৰণ বিজ্ঞান; The science of motion viewed with reverence to its causes. n= kinetical.

King, king, n. বালা: Monarch, sovereign:—
ভাষের সাংহৰ : A card having the picture of a
king:—ভাষাংগলার বালা; The most important
piece in chess:—ভ. t বাকা বোগান, To supply
with a king; make royal. fem=queen. Syn:—
Supreme ruler, chief, head.

King of beast-সিংচ, Lion. King of metals-কা, Gold

King of terrors—মুকা: Death. King of the forest—The oak.

The king can do no wrong—A sovereign is not responsible for the acts of his minister

Kingerab, n. কৰ্কট বিশেষ; The largest of the ctab genus.

Ringeraft, king'kraft, " भामन(क)भन ; भामनकीडि ; Craft of kings ; the act of governing.

Kingcup, n. উদ্ভিদ বিশেষ; The buttercup or unright meadow crowfoot.

Kingdom, kingdum, n. রাজত্ব; রাজা; বাই, in the territory of a king — শ্রেণ্ডবিজাগ; Division in natural history; classification:—লাসন; Government:—আদেশ; পাসনাধীন আদেশ; Region. Syn:—Sovereignty, supremacy, rule, monarchy, reign, dynasty; realm, empire, state, nation; region, territory, domain; division, King-fisher, king'fisher, n. মংসারজ; বাছ বার্ল; A bird; the haleyon.

King-killer, n. बाजरचा ; Regicide.

Kinglet, king let, n. কুন্ত বাজা; A little or pretty king:—পাৰী বিশেব; The golden-crested wren.

Kingly, king'le, s. वाक्षीय ; वाक्षीक ; काव्या ; Royal ; noble :—adv. वाक्षाव कर ; With an air of royalty. n=kingliness. Syn:—Regal, monarchical, sovereign, imperial ; aplendid, august, majestic, magnificent.

King's bench, kingibensh, n. প্রধান বিচারাকর; High court of law; the highest court of common law in England:—বেওয়ানি ফেল; Debtor's prison. King's English—বিওছ ইংবাজি ভাষা; Correct or current language of good speakers; pure English.

King's-evidence, ল. কোন আগরাবের সাহায়-কারীকে সাকী খলে এহণ; রাজসাকী; An accomplice accepted as witness; a criminal allowed to become a witness against an accomplice.

King's-evil, king'-E'vl, n. গৰগত; Scrofula. King-ship, n. ঝালার পদ; State, office or dignity of a king, royalty.

Kinsfolk, kinflok, n. কুট্ৰ; আতিবৰ্গ; People related to one another; relations; kindred, relatives, kinsmen.

Kinsman, kiniman, n. seffs; For, Cousin; relative, relation fem=kinswoman.

Kinswoman, n. জাতির ব্রী. A female relation. Kippor, kip'er, n. লোণা গুরু মধ্যা; Dried and salted salmon:—v.t. (মধ্যাদি) গুরু লবণাক্ত করিখা রাখা, To cure or preserve, as a salmon. Kirk, kerk, n. ফুলতের গির্জা; উপাদনা-মন্দির,

Church in Scotland. Kirtle, kei'il, n. পাজামা; যাখরা; বভিংপরিজ্ঞ

Kirtle, kei'll, n. পাজাৰা; যাথৱা; বাহপোৱজ্জ বিংশব; Outer petti-coat, gown, short jacket; mantle, cloak.

Kiss, kis, v. ৷ চুৰ্ব-কু; Salute with the lips:—
v t. চুৰ্ব-কু; আন্তর-কু; Salute by touching with
the lips; to treat with fondness:—n. চুৰ্ব-,
Kisses.

[ defeated.

Kiss the ground—অবনত-হ; Be humbled or Kit, kit, n [D. kil, a large bottle] বিভাগলাৰক; Kitten —বড় বোতল, ডোট টব; Large bottle, a small tub.—ক্ষ বেহালা; A small fiddle; a small violin:—ডক-পাত্ৰ: Milk pail:—মন্তন কঃ; Churn:—A small fish tube:—উপকরণ; Outfit:—নৈজের পিটবেচিকা; Soldier-knap sack:—টকাকাড়; Property and connections, Syn:—Kid, tub, pail; knapsack; outfit, equipment. Kit cat club—A club formed in 1658 by the

leading whigs of the day.
Kitchen, kichen, n রক্ষণালা, Cooking place:

—রন্ধনপাত্র; পাকপাত্র বিশেষ; Cooking utensil.

Kitchen-garden, kichen-gar'den, স. শাকের
বাগান; তরকারী বাগান; Garden for vegetable.

Kitchen-maid, kitchen-mad, n. ব্ৰহ্মণালাৰ দানী বা পরিচারিকা; Kitchen helper.

Kite, kit, n. চিল; A rapacious bird of the hawk; kind:—বৃদ্ধি; Boy's play thing for flying —নৃত্ব ব্যক্তি; অৰ্গৃত্ব, লোক; A rapacious man:—v. t. বৃদ্ধি ধড়ান; To fly a kite:—অৰ্থ নাঞ্ছত ; To raise money or sustain one's credit by the use of fictitious mercantile paper.

Kitten, kirn, দ বিভাবেদ ছাবা; বিভাবনিত; A young cat;—v. f. বিভাবেদ লাবৰ প্ৰসৰ্-মৃ; To bring forth young as a cat,

Kieptomania, n. [Gr. klepto, to steal, and mania, madness] 

MYET STEEL CATE TOWNS to secrete things

Knab, nab, v f. क्य दोवो पता , रता , To seize with the teath , to lay hold of. Syn .—Bite, nibble ,

catch, seize, apprichend

Knack, nak, n [Ger knacken, to break] কৌৰন, নৈপুণা, চাতুৰা, গৰুতা, Dexterity, a nice trick —পেলনা, ক্রীড়নক, Toy Syn.—Plaything, gimerack, bauble, trick, feat.

Knacker, naker, n A naker of toys &c — বে ৰাজ্যি বৃদ্ধ বোড়া মানিয়া সুৰুৱের গাদ্যাৰ্থ ভাষার মানে বিজয় ক্ষুৱে, A dealer in old horses and dog's meat

Knag, nag, n. কাটো গ্রন্থি, Knot in wood, peg Knaggy, nag'i, a গাইটবিশিষ্ট, গ্রন্থিল, অসমান বন্ধা, Knotty, rugged

বন্ধ , Knotty , rugged
Knap, nap, n পাইট , A protuberance , knob or
button —v t সপতে আখাত বা ভল-কু , To snap
or break with a snapping noise

Rnapsack, nap'sak, দ পৃথিক ও দৈছাদিগেই ব্যাহকা Soldiers portmanteau carried on the back a case for food &c, borne by soldiers and travellers—খাদাস্থালী, A provision sack

Knave, nīv n [A S cnapa, a young man, a toguc] কুবাটোর, প্রভাবক ক্ষমাধু, দ্ববাস্থা Rogue will am — ভাগসর গোলাম A playing card marked with the figures of a servant so dier a=knavish. Syn — A rascal cheat, deceiful fellow, Jack Knavery, naver e, n শুঠুড়া, ক্ষমাধ্যা, Dis

honesty, petty villainy, trickery, friid
Knavish, nivish, a প্রক্ষ, বুর্ত, অনাধু Frau
dulent, villainous, like a knave ai=
knivishly Syn—Dishonest, tricky roguish
Knead, ned v t মন্দা ধাৰা ও ঠানা, Work flour
into dough n=kneader

Kneading-trough, neding trui, न. वात्रकत्र तक्रों, A trough for kneading

Knee, nc. n ভাত , হাটু, ভাতুসজি, The joint of the leg with the thigh

Fall on ones knees, Go down on ones knees, Bow ones knee to —ইট্লেড়ে বলা, kneel down (generally, to beg some invour)
—ৰত হওৱা, Submit to

Knee cap, a रोहेंद्र हाकि, Kneepan. Knee-crooking, a. नेह, Obsequious

Kneed, a ৰাত্ৰবিশিষ্ট, Having knees. [move on Broken kneed, a. নড়িঙে অণক্ত, Unable to Knee-deep, a. নাড় পৰায় পৰীয়, As deep as the knees [ upwards to the knees

Knee high — আৰু পৰ্বাৰ উচ্চ . Rising or reaching Kneel, nel, v ঃ ইট্ পাড়িলা উপৰিৱ হ , জাৰু পাড়িলা বৃদ্ধা , Bend the knee , rest on the knee

Kneepen, n হাটুৰ চাকি, Round bone in the knee. Knee-tribute, n আৰু পাতিয়া নম্বাৰ, সাইছে অপিশাতপূৰ্বাক প্ৰা, Obersance with the knee, adoration or reverence shown by prostration of bending the knee

Knell, nel # মৃত্যু বা সমাধিকালে খণ্টার বাদ্য, The sound of a bell at death or funeral —মৃত্যু, শেষ, Death, end — ৷ ঘটাবালি-কৃ, To sound a knell, or as a warning or evil omen.

Knew, no, Past tense of know

Knickerboekers, n pl কাৰ প্ৰায় কৰিও চিন্দ আৰা, Loose trousers gathered in at the knee, trousers ending at the knee, worn by sportsmen, young boys

Knick-knack, nik'-nak, n (श्लान) , नायांक स्वा , कोजनक A trific or toy , gew gaw.

Knife, nif, n ছবিকা, ছবী, কর্ত্তাপকা, ছোরা; A cutting instrument having a blade with a sharp edge and handdle

Knife edge, n তুলাৰভাদির অবলম্ব ভীক্ষার ইপাভ বভ , A sharp piece of steel like a knife's edg serving as the axis of a i alance, &c.

Knife-grinder, n বে হার শান দেয়, One who sharpens knives [for sharpening knives Knife-sharpener, n ছবি শান দিয়ার ব্য Tool Knight, nit n ভূতা, An attendant, a follower—ক্ষামাই দৈয়, Soldier on horse back—ক্ষা হোই ভূমানাক, Gentlemen serving on horse back—উপাধি বিশেষ, A title of nobility above esquire—হোৱা, সন্ত্ৰ পূক্ৰ, মূল, A chai ipion, a man at-arms—হোটক দাবা প্ৰেলার বেণ্ডা A piece in the game of chess usually being a horse sheld—v t. নাইট্ উপাধিভূমিত বু নাইট বু.

To create a knight, a=knightly (pertaining or becoming a linght) ad=knightly

Knight of the blade—কলচনিষ লোক, Bullies Knight of the carper—Same as calputkin hts [therary or Diu gist Knight of the Pestle—ইবৰ-প্ৰস্তুত্তার , Apo-

Knight of the Post —A man in the pill ry Knight of the Rosd — দতা, A highway man Knight of the Shire— হ'লভের প্রাদেশবিশ্বকৈ ভ্ৰন্ত মহাসভার সভা শা প্রতিনিধি. In England, a member of parliament for a county

Knights of the whip— भक्ते जान , Coachmen Knight bachelors—Person who are simply I lights but belong to no order

Knights Bannerets-Knights created on the field of battle

Knight-errant, nit-er'ant, n अग्वाबी वीत , विश्वकी वीत , A wandering knight n=knighteirantry [ing knight.

Knight-errentry, n Practice of a wander-Knighthood, nithood, n নাইট সম্মান্য, নাইট-্ৰান্ন, The order or fraternity of knights

Knight-marshal, n ই'লভের রাজপরিবারের কর্মচারী, An officer of the British 103 al household
Knight-service, n নাইটের ভূমিবৃত্তি, A tenure
by a knight on condition of military service

Knit, nit হ t বয়ন-কৃ, অন্থিতে পরিণত কৃ, দেলাই কৃ,

To form into a knot or into knots, to tie —
সংস্কৃকৃ, Unite closely — আকৃষ্ণিত-কৃ, শক্তিত-কৃ,

Contract — গ হবন-কৃ, সেলাই-কৃ, একজনগোৱা-কৃ,

To interweate with needles, to grow together,

n = knitter. Syn — Fasten, interloop, connect.

Knit the brows— আকৃষ্ণিত কৃ, Contract the
brow into wrinkles.

Knitting, niling, n. সেলাই, বরন, The work of a knitter:—স্মিলন, Union; juncton.

Knives-pl. of knife.

Knob, nob, n. 1186, कीडि, कार, वर्डन, Boss;

protuberance. a=knobbed. Syn:—Bunch, hunch, stud. [ ness. Knobby, nob'i, a. প্রস্থিল, Knotty. n=knobbi-Knock, nok. v. i. আবাত-কৃ; মুনি মারা; মারে আবাত-কৃ; To strike against; to strike a blow; to rap:—v. t. আবাত-কৃ; বাকা মারা; To strike; to drive against.—n. আবাত; ধাকা; মারে আবাত; A stroke with something heavy; a rap. Syn:—Clap, smite, hit, thump, slap.

Knock about - বুৰে বুৰে বেড়াৰ; Wander about ( without any definite aim ).

Knock at the door or gate—দরজার ঘা নারা,
Beat at a door for admittance:—সহাযতঃ প্রার্থনা-কৃ;
Apply for help:—দ্বারে উপন্থিত; Be so sery near.
Knock down—আঘাত করিরা তুতলশারী-কৃ, নউ-কৃ;
Strike down: prostrate by blows; fell:—Assign to a bidder by a blow or knock:—n. ঘাহা
আঘাত করিতে সক্ষ, What is strong enough to knock down.

Knock-down argument—वर्ष पृक्ति ; An overpowering, unanswerable argument.

Knock in (or on) the head—ৰবংক আঘাত করিবা সংহাব-কু; Kill by a blow on the head:— নই-কু, Destory —ৰাৰ্থ-কু; To frustrate.

Knook off —আখাত খালা জালিখা কেলা; বিরত-হ; Force off by beating; stop; to leave off.

Bnock on the head—মাধাৰ আঘাত কবিয়া সংহাব করা, Kill by a blow on the head:—একেবাৰে নই করা; Destroy completely:—সম্পূর্ণরূপে বাবী কবা; Entirely frustrate.

Knook out—আগত হারা বাহির করিয়া কেলা; Dash out; force out of the socket by blows.

Knock under—ৰ্পাক্ত-ব; To yield; to submit. Knock up—অবসর-কু; ক্ষম্ক-কু; Fatigue, fatigue so as to render one unable to do more:— আগ্রিড-কু; To awaken by knocking.

Knocker, noker, अ. शास्त्रत कड़ा ; आयान कड शास-সংখ্য कड़ा ; The hammer of a door.

Knock-kneed, a. arely; san; Having knees that knock or touch in walking; weak.

Knoll, nol, ন. বুল পাছাড়; পিরিপুল; A hillock, a small elevation of earth; the top of a hill.-

Knotty point—কটিন বিষয়; A point or subject which is difficult or intricate.

[ whip. Knout, nowt, n. সনিয়ায় প্রচলিত কণা; A kind of Know, no, v. t. স্থানা; জানিতে পায়া; To be informed of; to be acquainted with — জাভ্য-ই; চিনিতে পায়া; জানুনোগন-কু; To be acquainted with;

knottiness.

to recognise, to approve:—শ্বীসংবাস-ক; To have sexual intercourse:—v. i. আড-হ; To have knowledge, take cognisance. 
স্কল্প সংগ্ৰহণ বিশিত-হ; কাহারও পরিচিতহ; Be acquainted with; be familiar to onc.

Know of—কোন ব্যক্তি বা পদার্থের বিষয় জানা; Have knowledge of. [ to be.

Know one for — অমুক বলিয়া জানা; Know one Know one's mind — জাহিবচিত্ত না-হ, To be decided and positive in character; not to be ure-solute and wavering.

Know on which side one's bread is buttered—অপনাৰ কৰিখা বুঝা; To understand what is for one's interest.

Know what one is about—বিংবচনাপুৰ্কক কাল্য-ক; To act with understanding and judgmet. Know what's is what—বিচকণ-ৰ, To be wise,

Make known to—প্রকাশ-ক: Disclose:—জাত-কু. কাহাকে জাপিত করা বা কামান; Inform; tell or proclaim to.

Knowable, a (朝本: Capable of being known. Knowing, no'ing, a. 有意: 資育和司: Cunning; intelligent: 一面行法。Conscious ad—knowingly. Syn:—Learned, instructed, skilful, competent qualified; shrewd, astute, discerning, acute.

Rnowledge, noiej, n. জান; State of knowing:—বিদ্যা; Learning:—কৌলন, কাধানৈপুণা; Skill; practical skill:—সংবাদ; Information, notice. Syn:—Apprehension, comprehension.

Knowledge is power—জানই বৃদ ; One who knows much has much influence.

Knuckle, nukl, ন. অসুলিসন্ধি; অসুলিগ্রন্থি; Finger joint:—গোবং ও শৃক্র শাবকের আত্মন্ধি; The knee-joint of a calf or pig:—৩. ঃ. অসুলি নত-কৃ; To bend the fingers:—বনীসূত-কৃ, বক্ততা বা পরাজ্য বাকার-কৃ, To yield:—৮ t. গাঁটা যারা; To bend or strike with the knuckle.

Knur, Knurr, Knurl, n. বৰি; A contorted knot in wood, nodule; protuberane:—বিট্থিটে বেকি; A cross grained fellow.

Knurly, nurie, a. afera; Full of knots. Syn:
-Knotty, gnarled, knaggy.

Kobold, kō-bold, n. Same as Goblin.

Kopeck, ko'pek, त. इन्द्रेष छात्र वृक्ष वित्नव ; A Russian com worth about two-third of a cent ; \$d.

Koran, koʻran, n. [Ar. quran, reading] খোৱাৰ; মুনলমান পৰ্যায়; Mahommedan book of faith.

Koumiss, ম. A fermented or distilled intoxicating liquor made from mare's or camel's milk.

Kraken, kra'ken, ম. কল্লিড বৃহধাকার সামুদ্রিক জীব;

A fabled sea-animal of enormous size.

Kreatin, Kreese-See Creatin, crease.

Kyanise, ki'an-īz, ত. t. কাঠের পচন নিবারণ-ক ; To preserve wood from decay by subjecting it to a solution of corrosive sublimate.

Kyrie, kir'i-ë, n. [Gr. kyrios, God] देवत ; O l.ord:—विकारित अवन कवा ; The first word of all masses.

Kythe, kith, क.ई. वाहांब-क् ; To declare :---, . हेन । विह-ह , (नवा-त्म ; To appear ; to shew one s self. L-Regist adains a set of all was ; The 12th letter of the English alphabet.

La, la, inter. CP4; CP4; Look; see; behold.

Lebarum, laba-rum. म. त्यायोत मन-मठांचा विर्नित ;
A Roman military standard.

Label, lábel, n. চিন্তুট; চিডিট; Narrow slip for writing a name:—উইলেন ফোডপুন; A paper annexed to a will, as a codicil:—v. t. চিন্তুট খে; চিডিট বাবা; To affix a label to.

Labellum, la-belum, s. [L. labium, a lip]

Labial, la'bi-al, a. [L. labium, a lip] उर्ह नव-बीड ; Pertaining or belonging to the lips :—की ; Uttered principally with the lips :—n. बीडिंग ; A letter pronounced with the lips ad=labially. Labiodental, a. गडीडी ; Pronounced by the co-operation of the lips and teeth.

Laboratory, n. [L. labor, work] রসায়নবিং পরি-তের কারধানা; বৈজ্ঞানিক পরীকার হান; মুদ্ধোপকরণ-নির্দাণশানা; কারধানা, Chemist's work shop, pharmacy; a chemist's work-room; a place where scientific experiments are carried on; a place for the manufacture of arms and war-material; a place where any things is prepared for use. Laborious, la-bū're-us, n. [L. labor, work] শ্রমাধ্য, Requiring labour:—পরিশ্রম্য; Industrious:—শ্রমনিরত; Devoted to labour:—স্কারিকর; Toilsome; wearisome. ad=laborious-

ness, laboriously. Syn:—Tiresome, arduous, onerous, lauguing, difficult, diligent, assiduous, indetaugable.
Labour, laber, n. পরিবাদ; আন ; উদ্যাম ; Toil,

Labour, laber, n. পারপ্রন্ধ ভ্রম; ভ্রম্ম; lon, exertion — প্রশ্নর কর্ম, শ্রমনাধ্য কর্ম; Drudgery: — প্রস্কার কেলা, Travail; the pangs of child-birth — ক্লো; Pains: — করবা; Duty: — ফ t. পারপ্রন্ধ-কু; ফাল্ল-কু; To toil, to work: — কর নীকাব-কু; To take pains: — প্রধার বেশনা পারবা, To be in travail:— ফ t. উল্যান মহলারে সম্পার-কু; To work at; to finish or prosecute with effort: — বীরে বীরে চলা: To move slowly. Syn:—(n.) Effort, industry, pains, painstaking; work, task, undertaking, travail, parturition, childbirth. (v.) Strive, e 'nyour, drudge; be afflicted, suffer; travail, be in labour; pitch, roll heavily.

A division of labour—শ্ৰমবিভাগ; Division of work among several persons, each having some particular portion.

A labour of love—শ্নির সভল ; ঘাহা সক্ করিছা করা বায় ; A work undertaken spontaneously without expectation of reward.

In labour -- mad (444) at; Undergoing the pangs of child-birth,

Labour of love—ব্যাধ বৰ্ড কাৰ্য : Service performed from affection or fondness and not for pay or profit.

Labour pains—अमर (वनना ।

Labour under—রেশ ভোগ-ড়; Suffer :—কোনরপ অক্ষিথার কার্য্য-ড়; Do one's work under hard or grievous conditions.

Laboured, la'burd, a. আৰু বাবা স্পাণিত ; বাংকুড ; Bearing marks of constraint or effort in execution or style. [man. Labourer, la'bur-ér, n. বজুৱ ; আম্লীবি ; Work-Labouring our, n. The oar which requires

the most strength or exertion or on which most depends.

Laburnum, n. আন পর্কতের পুপর্ক বিশেষ : A small tree with beautiful yellow flowers, a native of the Alps.

Labyrinth, labe-rinth, n. পোলৰ বাঁধা; বিষয় সম্পা; A maze; a place full of inextricable windings:—কবিভায়ের ছিন্ত; The cavities of the internal ear. Syn:—Entanglement, intricacy, perplexity.

Labyrinthian, lab-e-rinth'e-an Labyrinthine, lab-i-rinthin, a. পে-বিশিষ্ট ; Winding :
— কটিল ; Intricate :— ব্যৱসংশকারী ; Perpiexing.
Syn:—Mazy, confused, winding.

Labyrinthiform, a. পোনকৰ্বাধীৰ আকার্নিলিট্ট; এটল; Having the form of a labyrinth; intricate. Lac, lak, n. লক: 100,000 rupees — শ্বাধা; লাকা; Agum; a resinous substance.

Lace, las, n. আরি ; জিতা ; Ornamental fabric of thin linen or cotton thread :— v t. জারির জিতা লাগাল ; জারি লাগাল ; To fasten with a lace , to adorn with a lace . Syn :— (v) Tie, attach ; deck with lace, fringe; beat, lash.

Lacerable, a. (ল্পা; Capable of being lacerated.
Lacerate, lacerate, v. t [ L. lacero, to tear ]
বিশী-কু; ভিন্ন-কু, ভিন্ন-কু; To tear; to rend; to
wound. n=Laceration (বিশারণ; The rent or
breach made by tearing.) Syn:—Sever, mangle;
wound, afflict.

Laceration, laser-I'shun, n. বিদাৰণ ; ছেলল ; কাটা ; ভেদ : The rent or breach made by tearing. Lacerative, laser-I-tiv, a. বিদাৰণকা ; ভেদনকা , ভেদক ; Having power to tear. [gence. Lache, Laches, n. pl. জনাবানাতা ; Negli-Lachrymal, lakri-mal, a. [L. lachryma, a tear] a. জঞ্জনিমানক ; জঞ্জবাহী ; Secreting or conveying tears.

Lachrymary, iskri-mar-i, a. 对事; Contain-ing tear-.

Lachrymation, n. 93741; Sheedding tears,

Lachrymatory, n. প্ৰকালে মৃতের সহিত সমাহিত অক্লিদৰ্শন পাত ; A vessel anciently interred with a deceased persons, symbolising the tears shed for his loss.

Lachrymose, lakri-mos, a. অঞ্পূৰ্; অঞ্চলক; সাজ; Full of tears; generating or shedding tears. ad-lachrymosely.

Lacing, n. বৰ্ণনাৰ ; A cord used in fastening. Lack, lak, n. [Sw. lacka, to fail] অভাব; হীনতা; Want; destitution:—v. t. and v. i. অভাব-হ; অভাবনহ; To be in want. Syn:—(v) Want, be deficient, be poor in; be wanting; fail.

Lack-a-daisical, lak-a-dázi-kal, a. ভাৰুক; ভাৰপরায়ণ ; Affectedly pen-ive ; sentimental.

Lack-a-day, lak-a-då, int হায়; Alas! the day. Lack-all—ঘাহার এক কপ্পক্ত নাই; One who has nothing. [understanding

Lacke-brain, n. নিৰ্কোষ ; Fool ; one deficient in Lacker, Lacquer, laker, n. বাণিশ ; Varnish for metals :— মিধ্যা আড়ৰৱ ; False show :—v. t বাণিশ-কু ; To varnish. n=lacquerer.

Lackey, lake, n. দাস; নামান্ত ভ্রা; পরিচারক; A menial servant; a servile attendant — v. t and v i. ভূড়োর আর দেবা-কু, পরিচারা-কু; To pay servile attendance. Syn:—(n) A footman, eriand-boy, footboy.

Lack-lustre, a. উজ্জাতাবিহীন, Wanting bright-Laconic, la-kohik, Laconical, li-kohik-al, a. [Gr. Laken, a Laconian] লগু. ন্ত্তিপ্ত, Buef; concise; puthy:—n সংক্রিপ্ত বচন; A concise, sententious method of speaking. admlaconically. Syn:—(a) Short, sententious, terse, curt.

Laconiam, lakon-izm. Laconioiam, lakonisizm, n. সংকিত ব'কা; সংকিত ভাষা: A concise style; a short, puby phrase.

Lactation, lak-ta'shun, ল জ্জালান ; জ্জালান কাল, The act of giving milk; the period of suckling. Lacteal, lak-te-al, a. [L. lac, lactis, milk) জ্জালাকীয় ; জ্জালাকীয় ; জ্জালাকীয় ; জ্জালাকীয় ; জ্জালাকীয় ; জ্জালাকীয় লাখি, milky,—n. বজ্জ অব্ভিক্তালাকীয় ; জ্জালাকীয় পাৰীয় বছ বিশেষ ; One of the absorbent vessels of the intestines, which convey the chyle to the thoracic ducts.

Lactescent, lak-te-lent, a. [L. Incresco, to tuen to milk] 55年1971年; 夏年17; Producing milk or white juice; milky. n=lacte-cence.

Lactic, laktik, a. হুধ্বৰকীয়; হুধ্বকোন্ত; Pertaining to milk; obtained from sour milk or whey Lactic Acid—চাধাংপর অর্থিকে; An acid obtaining from milk.

Lactiferous, lak-tif'er-us, a. [L. lac, milk, and fero, to bear ] \text{\text{Titles} titles or producing milk.}

Lactometer, n. ছৰপত্নীকার যত্ত্ব বিশেষ; An instmment for ascertaining the milk.

Laouna, n. 村本; 包括; A gap, a hiatus.

Lacustral, Lacustrine, a. [L. lacus, a lake] Engine Pertaining to lakes.

Lad, lad. n. বালক; ছেলে; ছোকরা; A boy; a youth.

Ladanum, lad'a-num. n. নির্বাস বিশেষ, A gum Laddor, lad'er, n. প্রথিবাহণী, সিভি, সই, প্রারো- হিনী; Flight of steps for climbing :-- ক্ৰেছিডি; A gradual rise.

Lade, lad, v. t. [A. S. hladan, to load] ধোৰাই-ৰ ; To load :—নিৰ্গত-ৰ ; অবৰ্গত বা ৰহিৰ্গত-ৰ ; To let off water ; to throw in or out. Syn:
—Heap on, freight. [ প্ৰাণীট্ড ; Oppressed.
Laden, lading, a. ভারাকাস্ত : Loaded :—উৎগীড়িত ;
Lading, lading, n. বোবাই ; বোঝাই দাল ; ভার ;
Load ; cargo ; freight ; burden.

Ladle, Idd, n. siei; que sine; ear and fasina us; A large spoon for lading or dipping out liquid from a vessel.

Lady, láde, n. গৃহৰুৱা; ৰুৱা; The mistress of a house:—ত্ৰী; পদ্মী; সৃহিনী; Wife:—ভ্ৰবংশীনা দ্ৰী সন্ধান্তবংশীনা ব্ৰমণী; A woman of refined manners, gentle woman. Syn:—Mistress, matron; spouse. A lady in the case—ত্ৰীলোকৰ্টিড ব্যাপান; A lady concerned in the matter.

Lady of life—প্লাণেৰরা; প্রিয়ত্যা। [insect. Lady-bird, ládi-berd., n. কট ; পতল বিশেষ; An Ladyohpel, ládi-chap'el, n. কুমারী মেরীর নামে উৎস্পীকৃত ধর্মনিকর; A chapel dedicated to the virgin Mary.

Ladyday, ládi-da, n. পুটার একটা উৎসব দিন: The 25th of March, the day of the Annunciation of Virgin Mary.

Ladyforn, n. বিজ্ঞাতীৰ কুলৰ উল্লি বিশেষ: One of the prettiest varieties of British ferns.

Ladylike, la'di-lik, a আৰ্ ; ভর ; শিষ্ট ; শোষল ; Like a lady in manners ; soft , delicate.

Lady-love, la'dı-luv, n. প্রেরনী; অপ্রিনী; Sweetheart.

Ladyship, ladi-ship, ন. ভদ্ৰথহিনাৰ উপাৰি; The title of a lady.

Lag, lag, a. দীৰ্ঘনী; মন্ত্ৰগতি; অধিক বিলম্বিত; প্ৰচাপামী, Slow; tardy; sluggish; long delayed coming, behind:—n. অন্তিন প্ৰান্ত; The fag end: —v. t. আন্তে চলা; মন্ত্ৰগতিতে চলা; প্ৰচাতে পড়া, To move or walk slowly, to loiter. Syn:—(v) Linger, saunter, stay, behin't, fall off.

Laggard, lagard, a. মুলগতি; মছরগতি; পশ্চাং-গামী; Slow; sluggish; backward. Syn:— Tardy, dilatory, lottering, late.

Laggard, Lagger, lag'er, n. দীৰ্ম্বী ব্যক্তি; A lotterer, an idler. [lagging manner. Laggingly, ad. মন্থ্যাভিতে বা বিলম্ব করিয়া; In a Lagoon, la-gook, Lagune, n. অগভীর হুদ বাহাতে সমুদ্রের জল প্রবেশ করে; অগভীর জলাশর; A shallow lake or pond into which the sea flows.

Laic, Laical, la'ik, a. [G. laikos, from laos, the people] পুরোহিত ভিত্র লোক সংক্রান্ত; বে বা বাহা বাজকীয় বাহে; Not clerical. Syn:—Lay, secular. Laid, pa. t. and pa. p. of lay.

Be laid up—পীড়িত ইইলা প্লাগত-হ; Be confined to bed by illness; be unwell.

Lain, pa. p. of lie, to rest.

Lair, lar, n. [Ger. lagar, from legen, to lay ] বৰপত্য বাস্থান; বৰপত্য আবাসভহা; Wild beast's coach; the retreat of a wild beast. Syn:— Couch, den.

Laity, Id'i-11. n. प्रविश्वि किन्न नांवान लाक; The people apart from the clergy.

Lake, lak, n. হুৰ'; A large body of water surrounded by land:—সায় বাব বহ; A deep red color.

Lakelet, Iskiet, \*. To Et; A small lake.

Lake School (the)—The school of poetry introduced by the Lake poets, Wordsworth, Coloridge and Southey, who resided in the Lake district of Cumberland and Westmoreland.

Lakh, n. বৃদ্ধ; Term used for 100,000. [lakes. Laky, lāki, a. বুৰসফোন্থ; Pertaining to a lake or Lama, n. বৃদ্ধ বিশেষ; An animal.

Lama, la'ma, n. [Tib. llama, spiritual teacher or lord] বৌদ্ধপ্ৰের প্রেছিড; High priest of Tibet; a Buddhist priest. [of Tibet. Grand or Delai lama—The Buddhist pontiff Lamb, lam, n. মেৰণাৰক; Young sheep:—নিৰ্দোধী লোক, নিরীছ লোক; One innocent and gentle as lamb:—v. i. মেৰণাৰক প্রস্ব-কৃ, To bring forth young, as a sheep.

Lamb of God-lesus.

Lambent, lambent, a. [L. lambo, to like, lambens, ppr. of lambere, to like] মুহুপানী; কীডাপর;উপর দিয়া ক্লডামা; উপরে কীড়ধান . চৰুল; Touching lightly; playing about, gliding over; playing on the surface; flickering. Syn:—Gliding over, twinkling.

Lambkin, lamkin, n. त्यवनीवक ; A little lamb-Lamb-like, lamlik, a. मृद्ध ; विनञ्ज ; Gentic.

Lame, lam, a. থঞ্চ, খোড়া; Crippled; holibling:
—অসন্তোধজনক; অপূৰ্ব; অসন্পূৰ্ব: Unsatisfactory, imperfect:—v. t. থঞ্চ-কৃ; খোড়া-কৃ; To make lame, to cripple:—অসন্পূৰ্ব-কৃ; অপূৰ্ব-কৃ; To render imperfect; unsound. n=lameness. Syn:
—(a) Disabled, halt, defective; weak, poor, feeble, insufficient. (v) Disable.

Lame excuse or apology, n. বুণা ওলর: An excuse or apology which is not good or sufficient Lamenoss, lamines, n. অসম্পূর্বতা; ব্যক্তা; The condition of being lame. Syn:—Crippleness, haltness; disability, weakness, imperfection.

haltness; disability, weakness, imperfection.

Lament, la-inent, v. i. বিলাপ-কু; বেল-কু; To wail; to mourn:—v. t. বিলাপ-কু; হু:প্ৰকাশ-কু.

To mourn for; to deplore:—n. বিলাপ-কু: বেলাকি; বেলাকি; বেলাকি কিনাকিবিতা; An elegy, mournful ballad. Syn:—(v) Grieve, moan, complain; bemoan, deplore, bewail. (n) Wailing, moaning, plaint, complaint; dirge, funereal song, coronach.

Lamentable, lament-a-bl. a. ছ:বপূর্ণ; লোকার্ছ; লোকার্ছ; বেপনীয়; করণার্ছ; Sad; despicable; pitiful:--দীন; Miserable, low, poor. ad=lamentably. Syn:--Sorrowful, wailing; pitiful; mean, low, poor.

Lamentation, lam-ent-I'shun, ন. বিলাপ; Walling:---বেদোজি; ছ:খগ্ৰকাশ; Sorrow, grief, mourning:---pl. বুটার ধর্মপুরাধে প্রস্থ বিশেষ; A book of Jeremiah, so called from its contents.

Lamontingly ad. विवाशनहरूदित ; With lamentation.

Lamina, lami-na, ল. আবরণ ; পুত্র ভর বা বিল্লী ; Thin layer or coat lying over another :- পর,

শাড়া; Blade of a leaf. pl=laminæ. a=laminæble. Laminæble, c. Capable of being formed into thin plates.

Laminar, lami-nar, a. প্রথম : প্রামার : ব্যা খর্মার ; Consisting of or resembling thin plates. Laminate, lami-nat, Laminated, lami-nated, a. ভর্বিশিষ্ট ; Consisting of layers, one over another.

Lamination, n. প্ৰকাশির বিরল থারে সজা; The arrangement of stratified rocks in thin layers.

Laminiferous, lamin-iffer-us, a. [ L. lamina, and fero, a bear ] সুরুষর; Consisting of lamina

or layers. [lame, hobbling. Lamish, তিনাজি, তেইবং ধল বা প্ৰ ; A little Lammas, lamas, n. [A. S. hlaf, loaf, and maesse, feast] গলা আগষ্ট তাৰিখের কলভোজবোৎসৰ ;
The 1st day of August.

Lamp, lamp, n. প্ৰদীপ; দীপ; আলোক; Implement for holding a light, a light of any kind.

Small of the lamp—গাচ অধাননের চিক্ ধারণ-ক্

Bear marks of great study.

Lamp-black, lamp'-black, n. কজল; দীপধুৰোং-গত্ৰ কৃষ্ণৰ পদাৰ্থ; A paint; a fine soot formed of the smoke of pitch &c.

Lamp-lighter, n. शेश-श्रवांतक , त आत्त। काल ; One who or that which lights a lamp.

Lampoon, lampoon, n. [F. lampon, a drinking song] বিজ্ঞাপ, কৰন্ত ; তির্মার, Personal satire; low censure: -৩ f. ব্যক্তিগঠ জিলা-ক ; ঠাটা-ক ; বিলা-ক ; বাটা-ক ; বিলা-ক ; বাটা-ক ; বিলা-ক ; to satiries; to libel, defame Syn := (n) Libel, calumny, pasquinade, squib. (v) Slander, calumniate, satirize.

Lampooner, lam-pooher. n. বিজ্ঞাপৰাকা বেৰক বিজ্ঞাপৰাৱী; বাজকাৰী; বিশাকাৰী; One who writes a lampoon or abuses with personal satire.

Lampoonry, lam-poonni, ন. বিজ্ঞা ; বিধিত ব্যক্তি-গত অঙ্গ ; Written personal abuse or satire.

Lamprey, lampre, n. [ 1.. lambo, to lick, and petra, rock ] বাইন মংস্য বিশেষ . A kind of eel.

Lance, lans, n. বড়শা : বল্লম ; Spear , lancet :—
কৈন্ত ; Soldier :— v. t. বল্লম বাবা বিশ্ব-কু ; To pierce with a lance :— বেলকার বাবা অন্ত কু : ছুরি দিয়া চেরা ;

To open with a lancet :— নিকেশ-কু : অন্ত কু ;

To throw in the manner of a lance. Syn :—
(v) Thrust, stab, cut into ; throw, project, dart, launch.

Break a lance—ব্ৰ-কৃ, বিবাদ-কৃ; Fight with; Lance-corporal, n. বে দৈনিক সক্ষনিদ্ৰপদ্ধ দেনানীৰ প্ৰতিনিধিত করে; A private doing the duties of a corporal.

Lance-knight—পদাতিক দৈয় ; A foot-soldier.
Lanceolate, Lanceolated, a. বল্লমাৰা;
স্বান ; Having the form of a lance-head;
tapering toward the outer extremity.

Lancer, lanser, n. ৰপ্লথপারী; One who carries a lance:—pl. নৃত্য বিশেব; A kind of dance.

Lancet, lanset, n. (वनकात : नावि : क्विकिशि-विवादन क्य : A surgeon's instrument.

Lanch, länsh, v. t. নিকেপ-কৃ; To throw as a lance, dart:—বল্লম বাৰা বিদ্ধ-কৃ; To pierce with a lance. See launch.

Land, land, ন. ছল: ভূমি; Earth: ground, soil:
—হলেক; A district:—হাম্ব নলান্তি; ভূমি, Real
estate:—ভাতি; A nation or people:—কে; A country:—০. ৫ অধ্যাধিত-তৃ, কলে ছাপন-তৃ; To
set on land or on shore; disembark:—০. ৫
অধ্যাধ-তৃ; তীরে উপস্থিত-তৃ; To go on shore;
disembark; embark. Syn:—(n.) Region, tract.
Land of bondage—Egypt, where the Jews
were bondsmen to the Pharohs.

Land of cakes—Scotland, famous for its meal cakes.

Land of promise—Canan, which was promised by God to Abraham :—Australia.

Land of stars and stripes.—The United States of America.

Make the land—সমুত্র হইতে কমি কেবিতে পাব্যা; Discover the land from the sea as the ship approaches.

Landau, landau, m. বাদ বিশেষ; পাড়ী বিশেষ; Carriage or coach with a top which may be opened, and thrown back.

Land-breeze, landbrez, u. জু-বাৰু; বে বাৰু জৰি হইতে সমুত্ৰ দিকে প্ৰবাহিত হয়; খুল হইতে সাগরাভিমুখী বাৰু-প্ৰবাহ; Wind blowing from the land.

Landorab, landkrab, n খুলক্টা, A crustacean. Land-fall, n অধিকারীয় মৃত্যুতে অকসাৎ বিবন প্রান্তি; A sudden transference of property in land by the death of its owner.

Land-flood, landflud, n 481, Inundation.

Land-flood, landflors, n. হল দেশাৰল, A military force serving on land, as distinguished from naval force [ভদ্ৰাক: A German earl Landgrave, landgrav, n. কর্মান্দেশীর সর্বাহ্য Land-graviate, land-gravi-at, n. ল্যাব্যেতের ক্ষিকৃত কুলাব বা ক্ষিকার, The territory of a land grave.

[ The wife of a land-grave Landgravine, landgra-ven, n. ল ভ্যাত-প্রতি
Landholder, landhold-er, n. ক্ষিকার, ভ্রামী, ভ্রামিকারী, Proprietor of a land

Landing, landing n. অবতরণ, Disembarking
— অবতরণ করিবার সোপান; অবতরণ কান, Sairs
for disembarking:—ঘটি; অবতবণ কান, A place
for getting on shore:—চৌতারা; The level part
of a staircase between the flights of steps—a
আহাজের মাল নাবান সংক্রান্ত, Pertaining to the
unloading of a vessel's cargo.

Landing-net, n. sens effects win, A small hoop net to secure fish.

Landing-place, n. weest wit. A landing.

Land Jobber, ম. ভূমি কেন্তা বা বিকেন্ডা, One who buys and sells lands, as a business:—ভূমি ব্যব্যায় ; Speculator in land

Land-lady, landla-di, n ভ্ৰামিনী, ভূমাাধিকানিনী, A woman land-holder —সরাই-কলী; পাছনিবাস-বামিনী; সন্ত্রিবালী; ৰাড়ীওয়ালা; Mistress of an inn; mistress of a lodging-house

Land-loapers—Persons, who fly from the country for crimes or debt.

Landlock, landlok, v. t. ভূমি বারা বেইড-কু; স্থা-বেইড-কু, To enclose by land.

Landloper, n বাবাৰয়; A variationd or vagrant.
Landlo:d, landlord, n. ভূবাৰা, ভ্ৰিনয়, Owner

of a land :—সরাবের কর্তা ; সরাইওরালা ; বাড়ীওরালা ; Inn keeper. Syn :—Owner, proprietor ; innholder, host.

Landlordism, n. The policy of landlords.

Land-lubber, n. ছলগাসী ( আন্তান্ত্ৰ ); Among seamen, applied in ridicule or contempt to persons who pass their lives on land; a landsman, a term of contempt used by sailors:—
নলগেবে বাত্ৰা কৰে বা; Landloper; one who lives on land—so called among sea-men.

Landman, landman, Landsman, landfman, ল. ছলবালী, বাৰিকভাৱ আৰ্ডিজ ব্যক্তি; A man who lives or serves on land—opposed to seaman.

Landmark, landmark, ». ভূৰির সীমা বিশ্বির ভূমির সীমা-চিক্ল; হলনিক্রির; Boundary mark or guide for ships at sea:—কোন হালিভ চিক্ল; Any fixed and known object or prominent feature of a locality:—বিখ্যাভ ইভিহানিক ঘটনা; A striking, historical event. [high way.

Land-pirate, n ভাৰাইড; One who robs on the Landral, landral, n. পৰী বিশেষ; The crake or

corn crake, so named from its cry

Landscape, landskap, n. ভূতাৰ দুৱা; দেশেৰ দুৱা; Scene, the aspect of a country.—নৱা; দেশেৰ চিত্ৰ, A picture representing the aspect of a country.

Landscape gardening - डेग्रान निर्माण क्लेमन. The act of laying out gardens.

Landslide, Landslip, landslip, ল. পর্সন্তচ্যত ভূমিশত . পর্বভাদি ছইতে বিচ্যুত ভূম্ম, Pottion of land which has slidden bodily down

Land-ateward, landstu'ard, n. ৰাষ্ণারের নারেব; One who has charge of lands. [ land. Land-tax, land-taks, n. ভূমিয় কয়, A tax upon Land-warter, n. কাহাজেব খাল নামান্ত ভাগোলক, A custom-house officer who waits or attends on the landing of goods.

Landward, la núward, ad স্থাতিমুখে; Towards the land — এ স্থাতিমুখিন, সাগ্ৰহণ ইইটে ব্ৰহ হী; Lying toward the land; away from the seacoast.—মানা, Rural [a narrow street. Lane, lan, ম. সলি; স্বাণিপথ; A narrow passage; Language, languagi, n. [L. lingua, the tongue] অ'তিগত ভাষা, ভাষা; Human speech, speech — বেশ ভাষা, Dialect:— শব্দ ব্যৱনার ধারা; বিভাগে সাণানী; Diction.—ভাষবাহাণ প্রতি; Any manner of expressing thoughts. Syn.—Tongue, idiom; style, phraseology.

Languid, lang'gwid, a. [L. languere, to be faint] स्पन्त ; निरुष ; हीनर्ग ; कीन , Sluggish , spiritless; weak ; feeble, enhausted , faint , without animation. n=languidness. ad=languidly. Syn:—Sickly, pining, feeble; heavy, dull, manimate, listless, torpid.

Languidness, lang'gwid-ness, #. অংশহতা;
কীৰতা; নিৰেবতা; Faintness, feebleness Syn:
—-Lassitude, languor, heaviness, slowness,
dulness, listlessness.

Languish, lang'gwish, v. i. [L. langue, to be weak] प्राय-इ, अवन्यः । क्षेत्र-इ; क्षिक-इ; क्षिक-इ; क्षिक-इ; क्षिक-इ; क्षिक-इ; रिष्टक-इ; क्षिक-इ; रिष्टक-इ; to lose strength.—n, Tender look or appearance. n—

languishment. Syn :- (v) Wither, fade, faint, decline, sink.

Languishingly, ad. वर्षनकार ; कीनकार ; निरवकार ; (कानजार ; In a lanuishing, weak, dull, or tender manner.

Languishment, দ. কঃ (তার্বার ; কুইর কোন্তা); The act or state of languishing; softness of look. Languor, lang'gwer, দ. মারি; অব্যয়তা, তেলো-ইন্ডা; কালে; Dullness; lassitude; feeblness. Syn:—Weakness, faintness, weariness, heaviness; listlessness, ennui.

Laniary, a (ছৰক ; Lacernting or teasing. Laniferous, Lanigerous, a. [ L. lana, wool, and fero, to bear ] প্ৰথম্বায়ী; প্ৰায় উৎপাদী; Woolbearing.

Lank, langk, a. [Ger. schlank, slender ] কীণ, কুণ, কাৰ্ড; Loose or lax, thin and slender, drooping. nælankness. ad = lankly. Syn:—Lean, slim, meagre, scraggy, gaunt, attenuated Languenet, n. [Gr. land, country, and knecht, a soldier] আৰ্থণ প্ৰাতি: A German foot-soldier:- ভাসংখ্ৰা বিশেষ, A game at cards. Lantern, lantern, n. [Gr. lampo, to give light] আৰু ; A case for a light:—v. t. নাইণ বালা ক্ষিত্ৰ-কু; To furnish with a lantern.

Lalyard, Laniard n. ৰাহাজের ছড়ি বিশেষ . A short piece of rope. [different to religion Laodicean, n. বে ব্যক্তি ধর্মবিষয়ে উদাসীৰ ; One in-Lap, lap, v. i. or v. া. কেহন-ফু; কিলা খাবা চটি; To lick up with the tongue —উপরে বেপন-ফু; To overlap:—উপরে রাখা ; To lay on —জড়ান, To wrap:—n. অঞ্জ; Flap of agarment:—ভাল; Fold —কোড়; অফ; কোল, Part from the waist to the knees, when sitting. Syn:—(v) Fold, turn over; wrap, twist round; lay over, cover; lick, lick up.

Lapdog, ম. কোড় কুবুল ; A small dog in the lap.
Lapel, ম. কোড়েল উপলিভালের সম্বান আপ ; The
part of the breast of a coat which folds over like
a lap. a—tapelled. [as the lap will hold.
Laptul, lap'fool, a. আকপুনি, কোডপুনি, As much
Lapidescent, a. [L. lapidesco, to become
stone] বাধানে প্রিবর্ত্তনীয় ; Becoming stone. ম=
lapidescence.

Lapidiary, lap'i-dar-i, n. [L. lapis, lapidis, a stone] वस्त्रण अवत-त्याम , अव्हि ; भनियायाधी ; One who cuts precious stone ; dealer in precious stones :— अवत्यापन नामास , Pertaining to the cutting of stones.

Lapidify, lapidi-fi, v. t. v. i. [L. lapis, a stone, and facio. to make] বাধ্যে গৰিণত কৰা বা ধ্ৰমা;
To form to stone; to turn into stone. nmlapidification.

Lapper, n. বে অবদেহন করে; বে বাঁক করে; One Lappet, lap'et, n. অকল; স্বস্থান বস্প্রাভ, Part of a garment, &c. hanging loose; a flap.

Lapse, laps, v. s. [L. laps is, from labi, to fall]
আৰ্ছিড-হ; বীলে বীলে চলিলা বাৰজা; To flow;
alide; slip; to pass by degree:— কলে পভিড-হ;
To err:— অভিভাৰকাণির অনবধানতার অন্ত অধিকারীর
হতে বাৰজা; To pass from one proprietor to
another by the neglect or failure of some one;

ান্ত্ৰ-ই; To become yoid:—ন. ৰডি; চীজন, motion:—গতৰ; Fall:—চাডি; খলন; কটি; Failing; slight fault:—কবিষ্ণান্তন; Transfer of right by neglect of the holder; a failing in duty. Syn:—(n) Smooth course; fall, decline, declension, descent; slip, fault, error, failing; apostasy. (v) Glide; fall from virtue, fail in duty, apostatise. [passing away of time. Lapse of time—কালাভিগ্ৰন, The gradual Lep-wing, n. চিডি, ব্লচন গৰা বিশেষ; A bird which flaps its wings in a rapid and peculiar manner, a wading bird.

Lar, lar, n. severel, A household deity regarded as the soul of a deceased ancester.

Larboard, lar'bord, n. জাহাজের বাহণাৰ; The left hand side of a ship looking from the stern :—a. বাহণাৰ সংক্ৰান্ত, Pertaining to the port.

Larconist, lar'sen-ist, n. হোৱা, অপ্যাক , Thief. Larcony, lar'sen-e, n. [L. latro, a tobber] টোৰা, চুরি; অপ্যাব ; Theft. Syn:—Stealing, pilfering, petty robbery.

Larch, larch, n. 34 facet : A tree.

Lard, lard, n. চৰ্জি; শ্ৰুলরের বৃদা, Melted swine's fat :— v. f. চৰ্জি-ৰে, To grease :— বেটি-কু; ছুলকার-কু, To fatten :— বিভিন্ত-কু, To mix with anything. Lardsceous, lard-athus, a. চৰ্জিবৰ; চৰ্জিবুক্ক; বেষবর; Of or like lard.

Larder, lard'er, s. নাংনাগার; নাংসের ভাতার; A room where meat is kept; pantry.

Larderer, n. One in charge of the larder.

Lardy, lard'i, a. চৰ্কিপুৰ্ব, বনাৰত্ব, Full of lard.

Large, larj, a. প্ৰশ্বত, বিকৃত; Wide, extensive (said of surface or area) — পৰ্বাৰ্থত, প্ৰচুত্ব, বহুল;

Abundant, plentiful (of quantity) — বৃচ্ছাকার: বৃহৎকার; বড়; Numberous, populous, bulky,

huge (of size):—ফনীর্; দীর্ষ; Diffuse, long,

rull (of language, style):—উলার, Liberal; com
prehensive (of the mind):—স্বাশন; বহুব; Gene
rous, noble (of the heart) ad - largely. n=

largeness. Syn:—Big, immense, ample, broad,

spacious, full, copious, capacious.

A gentle man at large বাধীন বাজি (কোন কাৰকৰ্ম নাই); One who has given up or is without any serious occupation.

At large - वांगेनकार ; जार ; राषक ; Without restraint or confinement : - न न विद्या ; वांगेवर ; वांगेवर ; Diffuse ; to the full extent ; the whole or all the, in the mass ; fully.

Be at large—আৰম্ভ অবস্থা হইতে সুক্ত হওৱা; স্বাধীন ভাবে বেধানে সেধানে বাওৱা; Be at liberty; be going about without restraint.

Large-acred, a. Having large estates.

Large-handed, e. ৰহাত্ৰ; Having large hands —লোভী; Rapacious, voracious.

Large-hearted, श्रित्ं -hart'ed, a. वहांच ; नवांचद ; देवांत्रक हां ; Munificent ; liberal.

Large-minded, a. উপায় ; Of a liberal mind.

Largeness, larj'nes, m. দীৰ্ভা ; বৃহৎ আকার ; Bigness ; bulk.

Syn :—Magnitude ; wideness, extensiveness, breadth, comprehensiveness ; greatness, vastness ; liberality, generosity,

Largess, larj'es, n. হাল; উপহার; A present; a donation. Syn: Cift, bounty, grant.
Lariat, lari-at, n. হালবিশিট কজ; A lasso.
Lark, lirk, n. চাতক; A song-bird:—তামানা;
জীড়া; কৌডুক; A frelic; a game:—v. t. চাতক
বয়; To catch larks:—জীড়া-ক; To frelic.

Larkspur, #. শুলগাই বিশেষ; A plant with showy flowers.

Larum, n. বিশ্বজ্ঞাপক স্কেড প্ৰ ; Alarm ; a noise giving notice of danger.

Larva, larva, ». আভোগত কটি; কটিজীবনের আগ্যা-বস্থা; Second stage of an insect; a caterpillar; grub. s=larval. pl=larvae.

Laryngites, lar-in-ji'tes, ম. কঠখনাই ; Inflammation of the laryng.

Laryngoscope, n. [Gr. larynz, the throat, and skopeo, to behold ] কঠ গরীকার দর্শণ বয়; A kind of reflecting mirror.

Larynx, laringks, अ. कंत्रांती : वाद्नांतीत छेड्डांत ; The upper part of the windpipe ; throat. a== laryngeal, laryngean.

Lascar, laskar, #. থালাসি ; ভারতবর্গীয় নাবিক ; লয়র ; A Hindoo seaman employed in European vesels.

Lasoivous, las-sive-us, a. [L. lascivus, wanton] a. কাষাডুৱ ; কাষ্ক , ললাট ; কাষোকীপক ; Leud ; lustful. n=lascivousness (লালাট) ; lust) ad=lascivously. Syn:—Wanton, sensual, libidinous, unchaste, licentious, prurient.

Lash, lash, n. ৰণা; চাবুৰের ৰড়ি; চণ্মবজ্মু; The thong of a whip; a whip:—কণাবাড; Stroke with a whip:—তীর প্রস্থান্তর; বিদ্ধাণ; তীর পরিহান; Retort; a stroke of satire:—v. t. বেলাবাড-ক; কণাবাড-ক; To strike with a lash; to whip:—বিশা-ক; তিরকার-ক; বিদ্ধা-ক; বিজ্ঞা-ক; বিজ্ঞা-ক; বিজ্ঞা-ক; বিজ্ঞা-ক; বিজ্ঞা-ক; বিজ্ঞা-ক; বালোভি-ক; To play the whip:—তীবণারণ আক্রমা-ক; বালোভি-ক; To attack severely; to satirise. Syn.—(v) Flog, scourge, beat; lampoon; bind, tie together. Lash into fury—কোৰাজ-ক; বালে জলিকে পেডছা, ক্ষিপ্ত-ক; ভোলগাড়-ক; To madden; to cause to rage; render furious.

Lasher, lasher, n. বেরাঘান্তকারী; কণাঘান্তকারী, One who whips:—A piece of rope for binding one thing to another.

Lashing, lashing, n. क्यांचाठ; तक; त्यावक; A whipping with a lash; a chastisement; a rope for making anything fast.

Less, las, n. वालिका ; ह्वजी ; A girl. Syn :-Girl, damsel, maiden, lassie.

Lassitude, lase-tud, n. [L. lassitude, from lassus, faint, weary] ক্লাড়; ক্লাড়া; অবসরতা; Weariness; weakness; languor. Syn:—Prostration, faintness; weariness, dulness, heaviness, ennui.

Lesso, laso, n. কান কড়ি; A rope or long leather thong with a running noose for catching wild animals:—p. f. উক্ত কড়ি বারা ব্যা; To capture with the lasso. pl=lassos.

Last, last, a. আছ ; কছিব ; Final —পূৰ্ক ; Preceding :—চরব ; অভ্যন্ত অসম্ভব ; Utmost ; most unlikely :—সর্বাধেব ; সর্বাপকাধ্রী ; Latest ; com-

ming after all the others:—s. বেৰ; The end:—
ভূডার থানা; ভূডার হাঁচ; A footshaped block on
which boot or shoes are formed:—v. i. না বাবা;
হানা-হ; বাখা; To continue:—v. t. ভূডার ব্যরহার
বাল চড়ান; To fit with a last ad=last, lastly.
Syn:—(a) Hindmost, latest; closing, ultimate;
highest, extreme, most likely; lowest, meanest. (v) Abide, remain, hold out.

At last—অবশেষ; At the end; finally, ultimately. Be on one's last legs—আৰ টে'ৰে না; বাৰ বাৰ ইয়াছে; Be in a tottering or sinking cotdition. Breathe one's last—ব্যা; To die; to expire.

Last but not least—সকলের পোবে বটে, কিব্ধ সেই কয় বে সামায় বা করায় ভারা নহে; Last in order, but not on that account the least in importance. To stick to one's last—নিজের ব্যবসায় বা হাড়া; To abide by one's proper business.

To the last—শেষ পর্যস্ত ; আজীবন ; Till the last moment ; to the end of one's life.

Would be the last man—( जगत गांश करत जांश कतिरुक भारत जांश) निरम त्यानकरवर ना कता; Would himself upon no account do a thing, though others might.

Lasting, lasting, a. will; Durable; permanent. Syn:—Long-standing, continuing, enduring, undecaying, perpetual, unending.

Lastingly, ad. স্থানিবলে; In a enduring manner. Last-resort—শেষ উপায়; Ultimate means of relief.

Latch, lach, n. হডকা; আৰ্থল; বিজ; Door catch:

–v. t. আৰ্থলবন্ধ-কৃ; হড়কা দিয়া বন্ধ-কৃ; To fasten with a latch.

Latchet, lacket, n. ৰুতার ফিডা; The string, thong, or fastening of a shoe or sandal.

Latchkey, n. वाणिताहब-कृषिका ; A key to raise the latch of a door.

Late, lat. n. [ A S. lat. Icel. late, late) বিল্ খাগত : ধীৰ ; চিবকারী : Long delayed ; tarday — গারিণত : দীর্ঘারী : Far advanced :— মৃত : অভিত ; Deceased ; departed :— মৃত্তপূর্ম্ম : অনতিপুর্মা , প্রাক্ তন : Not long part :— পুর্মাতন ; পদ্চাত : কর্ম হইতে অবসত ; Out of office. ad = lately , late ( সম্প্রতি ; recently ), n = lateness. Syn :— Slow, delayed ; recent.

Better late than never—নিভাছ না ইবছা অপেকা বিসৰে হওৱা ভাল ; মূলে না পাওছা অপেকা সৌৰে পাওছা ভাল ; ৰেই মানায় চেয়ে কানা মানা ভাল ; It is better to have something that is desirable evn at a late period than not to have it at all.

Of late—সন্তাতি; ইনানী: ; Lately.

Sooner or later—অন্য কিংবা কিছুবিল পরে ; At some indefinite future time.

The late we ; No longer living :- work; No longer holding the appointment of.

Too late — উচিত সৰমের পরে; অতি বিলম্বে; উপৰুক্ত সময়
অতীত হইরা বেলে; ববন কোন কাকে নাগিবে না তথন; Not
in due time; of little use; the proper time being
past, after the proper time. [ triangular sail.
Lateln, a. জিকোণাকার পাইলে ব্যবহৃত ; Applied to a
Latency, Iz'ten-si, n. পোপনীরতা; অককার;
অধ্যতা; The state of being latent; hiddenness, obscurity.

Lateness, ম. বিলম্বিডা; ক্রম্বিড়া; The state of being late.

Latent, litent, a. [ L. laters, to lie hid ] ক্র্যেন্ডার ; তথ্য ; ব্যারিড ; Concealed; hidden. ad—

latently. Syn:—Secret, invisible, occult.

Latent heat, n. Heat insensible to the touch or thermometer.

Later on-ois for me ; Some time after.

Lateral, lateral, a. [ L. latus, tateris. a side ] একলাৰ্থছ; পাৰ্থিক; পাৰ্থসক্ৰোভ; পাৰ্থভিছ্ৰীৰ. Belonging to the side. ad=laterally.

Leteritions, c. [L. later, lateris, a brick]

At the latest—বড় জোর এও বিলৰ হবে, তাহার পর কৰেই বয় ; Not later than, not beyond

Lath, lath, n. কাৰ্টের বাতা, পাতলা তন্তা; A thin narrow board or strip of wood to support tiles, covering plastering:—v. t. বাতার বারা আর্ড-কু, To cover with laths.

Lathe, lath, n. বছ বিশেষ : শ্রমি ; The machine.
Lather, lath'লা, ম. স্বাবানের কেনা , ঘর্মজনিত কেন ;
Foam of soap and water ; froth from sweat :—
v গ স্বাবানের কেনা মাধান , To spread over with
lather :—v. ৫. কেনাযুক-ই ; কেনিক-ই ; To become
frothy ; to form a foam with water and soap.
Latin, latin, a. [L. Latium, the district in
which Rome was built] লাটিন ভাষা বা বোমকলাত
সংক্রান্ত , Pertaining to Latin or to the Latins or
Romans :—লাটিন ভাষাহ লিখিত বা ক্ষিত , Written
or spoken in Latin :—n. লাটিন ভাষা ; আট্না
ব্যাহক ভাতির ভাষা ; The language of the ancient

Dog Latin-Bad Latin.

Romans.

Latin race—The nations of Western Europe, whose languages are closely allied to Latin, as the Italians and French

Low Latin-A corrupt Latin largely interspersed with foreign words; corrupt Latin.

The Latin church—The Western or church of Rome in contradiction to the Greek or Eastern Church. [Latin words. Latinise, latin-iz, v. i. नाहिन भन्न नारहात-कृ; Use

Latinism, latin-izm, দ. লাচন কৰাৰ বীতি বা ভাৰ . Instinism, latin-izm, দ. লাচন ভাৰার রীতি বা ভাৰ . নাচন ভাৰা পন্ধতি ; Latin idiom.

Latinist, latin-ist, n. नाहिन ভारा ; नाहिन ভारा विनाहन ; One skilled in Latin.

Latinity, n. নাটন ভাষার বিজ্জতা ; লাটন ভাষা বা ডাহার' রচনা-পদ্ধতি ; Purity of Latin style ; the Latin tongue, style or idiom.

Latish, Iz'tish. ৫. ইবং বিস্থিত ; Somewhat late. Latitudo, late-tud, n. [L. latitudo, from latus, broad, wide] বিস্থৃতি ; Width, breadth :—বিব্ৰুব্ৰেণ্ডা ইবংড ব্যুষ্ট ; আৰু বেণ্ডা ; The distance from the equator north or south or from the ecliptic —বৰ্ণেত্ৰ বিস্থৃতি ; অৰ্ণ্ডা বিস্থৃতা ; Extent of signification :—বিশ্বিক্তা ; Laxity, freedom. am latitudinal. Syn:—Room, space; extent, range, scope; liberty, indulgence, free play.

Latitudinal, a. क्यांबर-मःसांब : क्यांबर्वाविन्तीन ; in the direction of latitude.

Letitudinarian, lat-i-tud-i-nz'ri-an, a. unia;
Gris; unnacu Spis usiana, Lax in religious

opinions, free; liberal:—ন. সাপিত পর্যাত অবীকর্টা; অবাধ চিত্তক; One who indulges in laxity of opinion; one who departs from orthodoxy. n= latitudinarianism.

Latitudinous, lat-i-tud-nus, a. बहर ; रुप्पूष । Having large extent ; vast.

Latrine, latrin, n. [L. lavo, to wash] ৰলমুত্ৰ ভাগের স্থান ; পাইখানা ; A privy or water-closet. Latton, latren, n. ভিনের চাগর ; উন্যতিত লোহ-

5144; Sheet tin; tunned iron-plate.

Latter, later, a. প্ৰভান্তর; পরবর্ত্তা; Coming or existing after:—আধুনিক; বর্ত্তধান; Modern; recent:—প্ৰভান্তক; পরে উল্লিখিড, Mentioned the last of two. Syn:—Lately past, last, latest.

Latterly, later-li, ed. পরবর্তী সমযে; সম্রাতি; In latter time, of late.

Lattice, lat'is, n. জাকরি; A net work of crossed bars, called also lattice work:— চ. t. জাকরি নংলয়-কৃ, To furnish with a lattice.

Laud, lawd, v. t. [ L. laus, laudss, praise ] প্ৰশংসা-কু; গুণকীৰ্ডন-কু; To praise. n=lauder. Syn:—Extrol, celebrate, magnify, glorify.

Laud to the skies—ৰগেঁ হোলা, Praise highly. Laudablo, lawde-bl, a. প্ৰশংসার, প্রশংসনীয়; সাম্বীয়; Praiseworthy, commendable. ad= laudably, n=laudableness.

Laudanum, lauda-num, ন. আফিনের আরক; জহিকেন ঘটিত উবৰ; Preparation of opium; tincture of opium.

Laudatory, lauda-tor-i, a. প্রশাসকর; That which contains praise:—প্রশাসকর; প্রশাসকর; প্রশাসকর; প্রশাসকর; প্রশাসকর; প্রশাসকর; প্রশাসকর; প্রশাসকর; প্রশাসকর; প্রশাসকর; মেনুরুরা বিশাসক; Make noise of mirth; to be gay or lively:—

গ গ বিক্রাপ-ক; নিলা-ক, To express by laughing; to ridicule or deride.—n. হাস্য, The sound caused by merriment. Syn:—(v) Be merry, smile, chuckle, giggle, titter, roar.

Laugh at—উপহান-কৃ; Ridicule; deride — পৰ্
হয় এবং বেশ টের পাওয়া যায় এনন ভাবে হাস্য-কৃ;
Indulge in laughter. [laugh secretly.
Laugh in one's sleeve—পোপনে হাস্য-কৃ; To
Laugh off—হেসে উডাইনা পেওয়া. Laugh so as to
imply that the matter is of little interest;
dismiss with a laugh.

Laugh out of the other corner or side of the mouth— क्या-इ: To weep, to be made to feel vexation or disappointment, esp., after exhibiting exultation.

Laugh to scorn—বিক্লপ-ফ ; Treat with mockery ; deride :— মুৰ মুচ্চে হাসা , এমন ভাবে হাসা হৈ বা পাৰে ; Laugh at a person, not openly but a secret :— মুণা প্ৰমাশ গাম প্ৰমন ভাবে হাস্য-ফ , উপহাস-ফ ; Treat with contempt and scorn, deride.

Laughable, lafa-bl, s. হাসাকর; হাসাকনক; হাস্যোদীপক; Ludicrous. ad=laughably, n= laughableness. Syn:—Droll, ridioplous, mirthful, comical, droll, funny.

Laughing-gas, laffing-gas, ন. হান্যোদ্ধাপৰ বাপা; হান্যান্তৰ্ক বাপা, A gas which excites laughter, called nitrous oxide. Laughing-stock, lafing-stok, n श्रामान्त्रम् . A butt an object of ridicule

Be the laughing-stock of - उंश्हानान्त्र इंड्यां . Be the object of ridicule to

No laughing matter-इंगि छोमानाव दिवद नरह (क्षू का नाना ), No joke but a very serious affair. Laughingly, lafing-li, ad अक्लकार, महामा-बम्रान , In a merry way ; with laughter.

Laughter, n. रामाकांत्रों, One who laughs

Laughter, laf'ter, n. হান্য ; হান্যেৰ শব্দ , Act or noise of laughing. Syn :- Laughing, laugh. cachinnation.

Launch, Lunch, lansh, v t [Fr lance, a lance ] सत्त्र ভागारेगा-त्य , ভाগমান-क . Cause to slide into the water :- (2339- 7; To send forth -ए. i ভাসমান-इ, To go forth, as a ship in water - विद्याविक वर्गना-क, वागवाहना-कृ, To expatiate in language -n. পোডাদি ভাল ভাষাৰ, First floating of a ship - - 759 (A' of , Large boat. Syn - (v) Cast dait, huil, let fly; slide into water, send forth, despatch, plunge into, expatiate, enlarge, descant, dilate.

Launch forth or out-বিকারিত বণনা-ক, Expatrate - व वनाव-क . Speculate.

Traunch into-तिका करन कामान . Set a vessel afloat - কিছু কবিতে জাবন্ত-কু, Begin making -( बनानरर ) (अन्न-कृ , Despatch to

Launched into eternity-ESIS 55 5691, क्रांति-त्न . To be killed suddenly , hanged

Launder, lawhder, n. 21417 413- 9742. शृहेबोह शाख , A trough used in washing ore

Launderer, n. (414), One who washes clothe Laundross, lawheres, n (1919), 35 की, Washer-woman. f Washing place

Laundry, lawndr, n (धालान कान्य न) , रहकालम , Laureate. law're-it, o t erer s'd' (" | se-T. To crown with laurel - ship in 5 5 5. To confer a digree up in -1 (7 भावा (भावित वर्ग . लवान-मूद्र ७७० र क , Oic uno 15 so crowned - \$1344 In- 11 - laure are o. court poet -a. chiles. Deckel or invested with a laurei.

Poet laureate-京学本语, An once, et the royal household originally retained to correct odes for the king's unthday and other state occasions

Lauresteship, let it-At-ship, n बाटकरित अप. Office of a laure atr.

Laureation, lau-ri -5 .hu : উপাধিত্যাৰ বিশ্বৰ, The act of laur ating a conferring a decree.

Laurel, lawich, n 14 100 . The bay-true used in ancient times for making honorary wreaths. Laurolled. law'reld, a नवान-माना-धृशिक, Crowned with laurel.

Lava, la'va, n [li lava, a stream] আয়ের পর্বাত হততে নিৰ্গত জৰ পদাৰ্থ, আগ্ৰেছবিশিনস্থত নি:আৰ, Molten matter from volcanoes.

Lavatory, lava-tor-1, n (4) পাৰ কাৰখাৰা, Washing-place -शावन शावा द्यवर्ग निकालन ज्ञान , A place where gold is got by washing -a. cets, Washing. Lave, lav, v. t নি ল-ক , লান-ক ; খোড-ক ; To bathe, to wash Syn - Jathe, purify, cleanse.

Lavender, laven-der, n. 31/8 34 faces An aromatic plant

Laver, iz'ver, n. दृश्य अक्लान शांख ; वानार्व क्लशांख : A large vessel for washing.

Lavish, lavish, v. f. अश्तुह-कृ; बहु-कृ, To scatter with profusion; to expend profusely; to waste -- a. অপবিমিতবারী; অপবারী; অমিতবারী; Prodigal, wasterful, extravagant - अन्त ; অসংবত , Wild; unrestrained. ad=lavishly. Syn -- (a) Extravagant, profuse, immoderate, excessive, uniestrained

Lavish on or upon, Be lavish of-cete fee টেলে দেওবা . Bestow upon one with profusion Lavishment, lavish-ment, Lavishness, lavish-ness, n. অপচয, অপব্যায়তা, অবিভব্যায়িতা, Profusion, prodigality.

Law, law, n. [ A S. lah, from leegan, to lay ] नियम , विवि . आहेम , A tule .- विवि : Statute --শ্বতিশান্ত্র , ব্যবহার-সংহিতা , jurisprudence .-রাজাদেশ, রাজবিদি, Educt of a government -मुनाव अञ्चलामन अष्ट . शृष्टीय धन् नुवान , श्राष्टीन विधि , The Jewish or Mosaic code distinguished from the go pel, hence, the Old Testament Syn -Edict, regulation, command, order, decree, enactment, ordinance, act, precept, commandment, formula, principle, form, code, litigation legil science

Canon law—Ecclesiastical law
Coromonial law—মুগ কাৰ্য কাপিড ধর্মপুর্ণত The ne s and e it no is instituted by Moses Civil law- #95 fe fi f The written laws which regulate the ordinary rights and duties ol mu.

Commercial law - or fire five; The laws that resulate the intercourse between merchants of the English race and trides.

Common law-राजि भे , The unwaiten law Caminal law-refer The laws of trul to regulate the nature and punishment of crime as and pasons or property.

Club law - 82'3421, Government by violun e or by the use of irms, anarchy

Give law to, Make ones will the law-rule, be absolute

Go to law- जनमान है . Lingate -- आमातार राउया व्याक्तव बाजर न प्रा , Seek legal redress for ome wrong, refer a dispute to judicial decision

International law or law of nations -The law which regulates intercourse between nations

Law makers must not be law-breakers-বিধি প্রণেতাদিনের বিধি ভঙ্গ করা অসুচিত : Those who make the laws ought especially to keep them

Law of the Modes and Persians - সপৰি-বৰ্চনীৰ বিধি , হাতা পবিবৰ্ডন চক্ৰবাৰ নতে; ভীৰেব প্রতিজ্ঞা , হাকিম কেরে ভ কুনুম কেরে না , A law which cannot be changed, unalterable law

Moral law-नीडिनियग्रक नियम; The lawa which lay down to men their duties to God and . to each other-applied particularly to ten Commandments,

Moses or Jewish law—The law given by Moses contained in the first five books of the old Testamant scriptures

Municipal law-नाराजन निषि, The ordinary law of a country, regulating the conduct and

affairs of its people.

One's word is law—স্কেন্স্কা হৰবা, অৰ্থাৎ বাহা বনেৰ ভাহাই হয়, One's orders are obeyed as strictly as if they were the law, one is supreme Physical laws or laws of nature—ভোটক নিষম, The properties, actions, tendencies &c, impressed by the creator on animals vegetables and matter generally in all their varied conditions and forms

Statute law-11পিৰছ বিধি A law or rule cnacted by the legislative powers recorded in

writing

Take the law into one's own hands— आहेन आहार ना कोनता निक्र करंड एडिंग्स क Usurp the functions of a court of justice, in flict junishment on one will it going to like The law—३ जिल्का निषि — The books of the Jewin likes as opposed to the P ob t

Lawful, law to la friupes বিশিল্প আনি সভাত বিহুল গান Rightia ইন্যাক বিশ্বনিক বিশ্বন

Lawgiver, lim is er n बाटबालक, यहनवर्त ,

Lawless, law les a আ ধা আইনবিক্ল lliceal—
fe'ৰৰ ব বনাৰ আৰুগান l'incestrained n=lawless
n s Sin — I nauthor red unwarrante J
wild reckles self willed rebelliont, disorderly
Law monger, law'mung yer n সামান্ত ধান ম চ-ব বাবান, Low dealer in law a small rer

Lawyer, liwed in A 444 / 1074 A
Lawyer, liwed in A 444 / 1074 A
Lawyer, liwyer, not served a fonce
who is resed in or who pine is liw Syn —
Attorney, counsellor, solution burnister ad
totale

Lawn, hwn, n বন-ৰাজ আনালত ছান মাঠ An cpen space between woods with প্ৰায়ণ্ড — গাঁই চতুংপাৰিল ভূগাৰ্ড ভূমি পুছস্থিতিত ভূমি পুছস্থিতিত ভূমি পুছস্থিতিত ভূমি পুছস্থিতিত ভূমি কিলা covered with hort grass, generally around a hour — স্থায় বস্তু থেশাৰ, A sort of fine linen or cambric

Lawn-tenns, lawn-tenns, n 《本 《本书 ? 《新 . A kind of tennis generally played on an open lawn

Lawny, a সন্ধাৰ বাৰ বাৰ কাৰ প্ৰতি Made of lawn Lex, laks, a [L lazus, loose] কোনল লিখিল, নৈতিক বৰ্তীন, Not strict in discipline or moral—Having too frequent alivine discharges—নিশ্ন, Licentious—কেবন, Loose in the bowels n=laxation ad=laxly Syn—Relax, not tense, flabby, solt, not firm, miss, not strict, latitudinarian, dissolute, immoral

Laxation, n filled say, then, The state of being loose or stackened.

Lexative, lakśa-tiv, a বেচৰ, Purgative —n. বেচৰ ঔষ, A laxative medicine n=laxativeness

Laxness, laks-nes, Laxity, laks-te, n [L. laxitas, from laxus, loose, slack] পিনিলতা, বৈশিল্য, State or quality of being lax —সংবাস ভাব, Want of exactness Syn —Looseness, slackness, remissness, vagueness, dissoluteness, licentiousness

Lay-Past tense of he, To lay one self down Lay, la, v t [ A S lergan, causative form of ligan to be ] नाषिउ-कृ जालन कृ, बाथा , To cause to lie , put down , place or set down - 95407 হাপন-কু, Establish firmly —ভূমিশাৰী কু, Beat down prostrate —শ্ৰেণীবন্ধ ক্ষিয়া রাখা , সাজার , I o place in order, set in order, arrange regularly -233-7, To make ready, provide — विक् क , lo spread on a surface — भार-क , প্রশণিত কু To calm, to appease, allay পণ ক বাজি বাধা To deposit (a wiger). to water stake — अनव-क , छेरशामन-क Bring forth and deposit (eggs), produce (as eggs) -धाराण-कृ, lo apply, to put -कन्न निकालिक-कृ, 1. (3) (a tax) impose (a burden, suffering or punishment) - WICHIN & To charge (origin of, re ponsibility for) - [ Armen- &, Enjoin (a duty) — প্ৰিচ ক, To present — চ ঃ ডিম্ব প্ৰাৰ ক To produce eggs —n শ্ৰেমী, স্থৰ, That which lies or is laid row, stratum, laver -गान, गींड गीडिकांदा Song a lytic or narrative poem Sin -(v) Set down deposit, put over, set, plant found, put on impute ascribe, impose, asses, tax settle, prepare, contrive, devise, scheme, bet wager, depress sirk, allege state (n) Wager, bet ballad, carol, ditty

Lay about -ৰলপুনৰ আঘাত কু Strike with vigor Lay about one—চাৰিদিকে শক্ত আঘাত কু, ১৮৫০ ০ throw the arms on all side. [away Lay aside or apart—পৰিচাৰ-কু বৰ্জন-কু, Put Lay asleep —]মু পাটন অনস্থিত কু I ull Lay at — ক্ষাৰ্থ গতে চলাকু I ide avour to strike Lay at the door of—আৰোপ কু Impute Lay a wagor—ব ীৰ পানা ১ a bet

Lay before - প্ৰেল বলা প্ৰকাশ বা দেওবা প্ৰকাশ-কু, Reveal untill, show clearly duclose Lay before - পেলেৰে মালা Present to view.

Lay before—(한편 학생 Present to vie Lay blame upon—[학생] 후, lil ime

Lay by 一河 \$ Reserve for future use, save.
Lay claim to 一时 李 Chaim

Lay damages—Hinere vilas viani (ven), State the amount of damages

Lisy damages at—না, লনে দাবি বা ধেনাৰতৰ পরি-নাণ দেওলা State the money-value of damages

Lay down (as a rule) — 南衛 中衛司 (中國司 ; Presente (as a rule) — 西河市 專 , Resign ; relinquish , give up

Lay eggs-[64 916], Produce eggs.

Lay heads together—4764 7414-7, Con-

Lay hold of - 15-7, Seize.

Lay in—সকল করিয়া রাখা; Store up; treasure.

Lay in for—প্রথাব-কু; Make overtures for.

Lay on—প্রহার-কু; প্ররোগ-কু, Beat; apply with force—খোৰ খবিয়া বালি দেওয়া; Criticise:—কল্
বসাল; Fix pipes to supply.

Lay oneself open to—কোন কিছুর ভালন হণ্ডা; কোন কিছুর আন্দান বা অধীন-হ; Expose or subject oneself to.

Lay oneself out—वित्वंद क्रिश-कृ , উलाव-कृ ; Make special exertions ; strive earnestly.

Lay one's hand on one's heart and say—
ৰহন্ত: বলা; Say honestly, conscientiously and sincerely.

Lay one's hands on—বৃত-কৃ, Seize.

Lay one's hand upon—বেশা; Find.

Lay on thick—ফেল বেডায়; Bestow liberally.

Lay open—অবাজাণিত-কৃ; Make bare, uncover

Lay or put together—শ্রামণ-কৃ; Consult together.

Lay out—বাব-কৃ; Expend money :—বিক্তাস-কৃ.
Plan; dispose in order :—সকল-কৃ; To purpose .—টাকা খাটান, Invest money :—বোছান,
Arrange.

Lay over--উপবে বিস্তুত-তৃ; Spread over-Lay siege to--আজমণ-তৃ, Besiege. Lay stress upon--জোর-তৃ, তেল-তৃ, Urge.

Lay the axe to the root of - मन्त्र्नार्भ नहे-के . Thoroughly destroy.

Lay the foundation of aise- ; Begin the preparation, take the first steps.

Lay to ৰাবোপ-কু; সোৎসাহে প্রবৃত-হ, Impute; apply with vigour.

Lay together—একজিড-ক; ক্মা-ক, Collect.

Lay to heart—মনে কই পাওলা; কিছু মনে-ক; অনুভব
করা; Feel deeply, to permit to effect greatly;
take to heart:—মনে মনে বিশেষ বিষেচনা-ক, Consider seriously and intently.

Lay to one's socount—আরোপ-কু; কারণবর্ষণ নির্দেশ-কু; Attribute to.

Lay under—ৰণীত্ত-ই; অধীন-কৃ, Be subject to Lay under contribution—সকলকেই কিছু কিছু দিতে বাধ্য-কৃ; Make people pay or contribute. Lay under restraint—দখন-কৃ, Sestram.

Lay up—স্ভত্ত , স্কল্প ক্রিলা হাপা , Store , reserve for future use; store:—শ্ব্যাগত-কু; Confine to bed.

Lay up against a rainy day—বিপদ নিবারণ জন্ম টাকা সক্ষর-কু; Save money in anticipation of a time of sickness or misfortune.

Lay wait for ৰাজ্যৰ করণাৰ্থ ক্ৰাইরা থাকা ; Lie in ambush for. [ destroy. Lay wasto ৰনশুজ-ক ; নই বা উলাড-ক ; Desolate ,

Lay waste - জনপুজ-কু; নই বা উজান্ত-কু; Desolate, Lay, a. নাবারণ লোকসম্বনীয়, Pertaining to the laity or people as distinct from the members of a learned profession; not clerical.

Lay, la, Laik. la'ik, Laical, la'ik-al, a. [Gr laos, the people] জনসাধারণ সংস্লান্ত ; বে বা বাহা থাজ-কীয় নছে ; Pertaining to the people, not clerical. Layer, la'er, n. বয় ; বৰক ; A bed or stratum, bed:—মুল ; A shoot laid up for propagation.
Layering, la'er-ing, n. কালসংলয় গল্লৰ লোকিত কিয়া অনুবোধনাক, A propagation by layers.

Lay-figure, laffigur, n. wis all; Doll used by artists for modelling.

Layman, la'man, ন. বিষয়ী লোক ; ব্যবসায় বিশেৰে অনভিক্ৰ ব্যক্তি , A non-professional man.

Lazar, n. कुंद्रांनी ; Leper.

Lazaret, laźa-ret, Lazaretto, laz-a-reto, প. চিকিংসালয়; ফুটাল্লম; A public hospital for diseased persons.

Lezar-house, la'zar-hows, n. চিৰিৎসালঃ; কুটাবাৰ . A hospital for the reception of diseased persons; a hospital for quarantine.

Lazarista, n. A body of missionaries, founded by St. Vincent de Paul and so termed from the priory of St. Lazarus, which was their new quarters. [বং: Full of sores; leprous. Lazar-like, lazar-lik, a. কুটনোগরত, কুটনোগ্রত, মিহরেলনা, laz-a-লান, n. কেন্সের অলম ভিজ্ঞানী নীচকেনির লোক: The lowest classes in Naples, who live an idle out-cast life

Lazarus, n. ভিক্ক , Any poor beggar. Laziness, la'ze-nes, n. আসন্য ; The state or quality of being lazy.

Lazy, la'ze, a [L. lazus, loose] আমনিষ্ধ , জলস , Slothful — ক্লান্তিঅনক ; Tedious. n = laziness ad=lazily. Syn — Idle, inert, mactive, supine, torpid , slow, slack, sluggish

Loa, Loy, 18, n. চারণ : পশুচারণার্থ মাঠ , ভূণকের . Grass land ; pasturage.

Lead, n. দীদা, দীদক, A metal; plummet for sounding — লেড, ছাপিবার জন্ত সন্ধিত পহুন্তিসমূহ বিজিয় করিবার দীদের পাত্র, A thin plate of type-metal separating lines in printing — pl. দীদের পাতের ছাদ A flat roof covered with lead-sheets — v. t. দীদা ছারা আছোদন-কু, To cover of fit with lead: — ছাপিবার জন্ত সন্ধিত পহুন্তিসমূহ লেড বসাইখা বিজিয়-কু, To separate lines in printing with leads.

Lead, led. v. f. शब वर्गान , शबद्यप्रत्न-क , शतिकालन-कृ , To guide , to direct to conduct . - चारम्न-कृ . To command — बाज तमन-क ; बाजनायी इस्ता ; To precede · -- আকাৰ-কু , লালোভিড কু ; To draw ; to allure, to entice - अधिवाहिन-कृ, To pass, spend —বাপন করার , To cause to pass or spend ·—ए. । অত্রে গমন কবিয়া পথ প্রদর্শন-কু; অপ্রগামী হটরা প্র দেশাৰ, To go before and show the way :--डेश्शांपन-कृ; To tend :- अवृत्ति अकान-कृ; क्या বিভার-কু, To put a tendency; to exercise dominion :--- স. অপ্রগামিতা; অপ্রবর্ত্তিতা, First place. precedence :--পরিচালন , নেড্র ; Direction . guidance. Syn .- (v) Direct, escort, go before, head ; govern ; influence, induce, persuade, prevail on; tend to, conduce, serve, contribute. Lead a cat and dog life नक्षण विवान-क ; To be in the habit of quarrelling.

Lead a pretty dance—কাহাকের করে কেলা;
Bring one to trouble. [induce to evil.
Lead astray—বিপশ্গামী-কৃ; পদলাই-কৃ, Mislead;
Lead by the nose—নাকে লভি দিলা টালিলা লইবা
বাবলা, বে দিকে ইচছা লইবা বাবলা; Lead blindly;
drag one as a bear by his ring—cause one to
কাঁচাত another's direction blindly. [into captivity.
Lead captive—শলী ক্রিলা লইবা ব্রেলা, To carry

Lead off or out—আৰ্ড-ড়; ছম্ম-ড়; Begin. Lead one to the altar—বিবাধ-ড়; কোন বস্থীকে বিবাধ-ড়; Marry one; marry a lady.

Lead the way নৰ দেখাইয়া কইয়া বাংলা; To show the way; act as, as a guide; go before and show the way.

Lead to - जरेश वांत ; Take to :- (कांत कम स्वर्ध ; Be followed by (as a consequence.)

Take the lead—নেতৃত্ব এইণ-কৃ; সর্কান্তে বাওছা; কোন কার্ব্যে অনুবর্ত্তী-কৃ; Be foremost; act as the leader; take the foremost place; take the most prominent part.

Leaded, a. Fitted with or set in lead.

Leaden, ledn, a. সীদা নিশিত ; Made of lead :--

নিজেল : নিশ্চেট্ট ; জড়বং ; Heavy ; dull. Leaden-headed, a. নিজেল ; Dull.

Leaden-hearted, a. fata; Unfeeling.

Loaden-heeled, a. मननार्ड ; Slow.

Leaden-penoil, n. An instrument for drawing, made of black lead or plumbago.

Leader, leder, n. প্ৰপ্ৰদৰ্শক, অপ্ৰসামী; Guide; conductor:—মুখ্য প্ৰবন্ধ; প্ৰধান প্ৰবন্ধ; The leading article in a newspaper:—নলগভি, নেডা; অধিনায়ক; The chief of a party:—বজ্ৰের প্ৰধান চক; The principal wheel in any machinery. Syn:—I brector; chief, commander, head, principal.

Loader of armies—সেনানায়ক, Commander.
Loadership, তিবলৈ-ship, n. নায়কছ; নেতৃত্ব, অধিনায়কছ, The state, condition or office of a leader
Loading, তিবলৈ, a. ধাৰান; সুখা; Guiding;
chief; first. n=guidance. Syn:—Governing,
ruling, principal, most important, most influential, highest.

Leading question— searce at ; One to suggest the kind of answer.

Loading-strings, leding-strings, n. pl.
পিত বে রক্ষ্ অবশ্যন করিয়া হাঁটিতে পিখে; হাঁটিতে
পিখিবার সময় পিতাগিনের অবশ্যন রক্ষ্, পরের কথীন
হত্যা; Strings for supporting children, when
trying to walk; under the guidance or control
of another:—পর্বশে, In a state of absolute
dependence.

Be in leading-strings—1874-7, He in a state of dependence or under the control of others.

Lead-pencil, led-peńsil, n. সীনের পেন্সিল; লেড্ পেন্সিল, A pencil or instrument for drawing, or making lines, made of blacklead.

Lead-poisoning, led-poi'zn-ing, n. দৈছিক
বয়মবা নীন ধ্ৰবেশ বাৰা ধাণবৰ; A poisoning by the
absorption and differsion of lead in the system.
Leaf, lef, n. পত্ৰ, গাছেৰ পাতা; Green blade of
plants:—আছেৰ ফুই পৃষ্ঠা; Two pages of a book:
—কগাটেৰ বা জানালাৰ বাইল; Side of a door or
window:—সোনাৰ পাত, Thin plate of gold:—
v. i. পত্ৰ বাহিৰ-ডু; গ্ৰোক্ষত-ডু; To shoot out or
produce leaves.

Take a leaf out of one's book—কাহাৰে
আন্তৰ্গৰ করা; বিষয় বিশেষে কাহারও দুটাত অনুকরণকু; Imitate one in certain particulars; make another one's model; do what another has done.
Turn over a new leaf—নুজন জীবন আন্তক্ত ;
To reform an evil habit, to began a new

course of life: -- চাল্চলৰ পৰিবৰ্তন কৰা; কৰুৰণ চলা; Begin a different mode of life; change one's conduct or course of procedure.

Leafage, lef'aj, n. প্ৰদাৰ্থ, প্ৰছফ্ ; Foliage. Leaf-breaker—গোর ; Thief. [ leaves. Leafless, lef'les, a. প্ৰহীন ; প্ৰশৃক্ত ; Destitute of Leaflet, lef'let, n. সূত্ৰ পত্ৰ ; A little leaf.

Leafy, lefi, a. भूजन ; Full of leaves. n = leafiness.

League, leg, n. [F. ligue, L. ligare, to bind] প্ৰায় বেড় কোল ; Nearly three miles:—সভি ; বছল ; একতা মিলল ; A compact confederacy; a bond:—
v. চ. সভি- কু ; সম্মিলিড-ই ; To form a league; to unite for mutual interest. Syn:—Alliance, confederacy, coalition, combination, compact, union.

Be in league with—কোন (ছুই) অভীই সিম্মির জন্ত আক্তর সহিত বোগ দেওগা, Be in alliance with another (generally, for a bad purpose.)

A sea-league প্রার ৩২ নাইল; It contains 32 English miles nearly.

Leaguer, leg'er, n. निविद ; A camp.

Leak, lek, n. [A. S. hlecc, leaky] ছিল; তরল-পদার্থের গমনাগমন উপযোগী ছিল, Hole letting water in and out:—পোষ; A flaw:—v. i. তরল পদার্থ প্রবিষ্ট বা বহিপত-হ, To let water in and out. Syn:—(n) Crack, crevice, chink, hole.

Leak out—বাহির-কু, Let out; ooze out:
—প্রকাশিত হইনা পড়া; বেড়িরে পড়া; Find publicity in a clandestine manner; become public in a clandestine or irregular way.

To spring a leak—ছিড-হ; জল ঢোকা; To open or crack so as to let in water; to commence leaking, let in water through a crack or hole (used of ships.)

Leakage, টেkaj, n. ছিন্ত দিলা বডটুকু তৰল পদাৰ্থ প্ৰবিষ্ট বা নিৰ্গত হয়; That which enters or escapes by leaking — নিৰ্গত হইমা বডটা অপচন হয় তাহান ধরাট; ছিন্তু দিয়া নিঃসারণ জন্ত বাহা বাদ দেওয়া হয়; An allowance for leaking.

Leaky, leki, a. किजनत ; निक्क , Letting any attached. liquid in or out. n=leakiness. Leal, a. विशानी ; Faithful. Syn :- Loyal, true, Lean, len, a. कृत, भारमहीन ; समहीन ; Thin ; wanting flesh :- ७. १. बदन्ड इंडर्ड ; (इना ; इनाव-দে; আনত হওয়া; To incline towards :--নত-হ; To incline in opinion, conform in conduct :-আত্রবন্ধন অবলম্বন-ক ; To depend for support :--v. t. नड कतान ; To cause to lean ; incline :-- n. ৰসাহীৰ মাংস; The muscular part of flesh without fat. ad=leanly, n=leanness. Syn: -(a) Slender, spare, meagre, lank; skinny, gaunt, emaciated; barren, jejume; scanty, poor. (v) Recline, bear, rest, repose, confide, depend, tend, lead to.

Lean against—হেলাৰ দেওৱা; Bend from a vertical position resting the back on (something).
Lean on a broken reed—ছালা বছির উপন্ন ভন্ন
দিনা, Depend for support upon something that

has no strength of its own. Lean on or upon—কেট হইরা ভর করা; Bend the

body forward for supporting oneself on :--

Lean to-(कान जिस्क (क्ला), Incline to the side of Have a leaning to—त्काम जिल्क त्वीक वा क्रीम भाका, Have a predilection or liking for

Lean to

Leanness, lennes, n. 345, Thinness, meagreness, emptiness, poverty [ understanding Lean-witted, a we graffied, Having little Leap, lep, v : [A S hleapan, to leap] क्य-с. উञ्चल-कृ, जक्दनान-कृ, To jump, spring upward or forward, to move with bounds -v t खेन्नब्यन कृ, जाकाहेब्रा शांब-इ, To pass over by leaping, to spring or bound over -r नग्भम, Bound - अदिवर्शन , Sudden transition Sun Vault, bound, skip, hop, dance of joy

Leap from the scabbard- দ্ববারি বাল হইতে লাশিয়ে উঠা, অর্থাৎ আগ্রহের সহিত লডাই কবা Bound from the sheath readily, implying readiness or eagerness to fight

Take a leap in the dark-পরিণাম না ভাবিফা ছ্লাহিদিক কর্ম-কু, Do a hazardous thing without any idea of what may result in

Leap-frog, lep-frog n উल्लब्न , कोड़ा वित्नव A play among boys, in which one stoops down and another leaps over him

Leap-year 17p-jei, n वा क हुउई वस स्थित ce send todayout out, Every futh year a ir of set day

Learn, tern, & t [A S learnian middin laeran, to teach; 何本 ] জ্ঞান জন-ক To acquire new knowledge or ideas of -v : स्त्रांन डेलाक्कन-इ, निका-इ, खांड इ, To gun knowledge, to improve by example, to receive information Syn -Attain gather, clean, collect, understand know be informed he ir Learn by heart-148-#, Learn so as to

repeat. Once Learn off hand- ao ora [ ] hand - p L irn at Learned erned, a প্তিত জান্দপ্র, শিক্ত विश्वान निर्मा , Versed in literature and se ence literate, skilful Syn - Knoving well in formed, experienced skilled lettered dues read, erudite, scholarly [ who learns a pur ! Learner, flerner, n fett, काउ विकाश One

Learning, lerhing, n end, fra i, Miss, Knowledge, scholarship, erudition Syn -Literature, lore, letters

Loase, les, n [hr lass er to let, leve reinquish লোভ, জোভকমান বিলি, পাটা, Ho'din, of land or house for a term of years at a rent . tenure -v.t পাটা-ति. জোতक्षमा विनि-कृ, To let for a term of years

Lease-hold, leshold, a পাট্টাপ্রায়, Held by lease -n. coto, cotosfa, Property held by lease

Leash, lesh, n. एक वल, शांशी 8 कुनुव वांबा पछि . Leather thoug to hold dogs or birds -v t বালা , বছৰ-কু , To hold by a lash , to bind

Leasing, ležing, n [A S leas, false, loose] दिशा नवा , Falschood , lies.

Least, lest a work, whom, Smallest -ad আগবে, কিছুই, অতাল পরিমাণে, In the smallest degree Syn -(a) Feeblest, lowest, meanest, last, most diminutifu.

At least, At the least - 475: , Atany rate ; to say no more, if no more degree In the least—মুলেই, কিছুমান , In the smallest To say the least-অন্তত: স্কল কথা না বলিলেও, Saying as little as can be said or as ought to be said, speaking mildly, not to say all that might he said.

Leather, lether, # ठर्च, श्रीकृत कार्याभ्यांनी ठर्च. The prepared skin of an animal -a bare, চৰ্মবিশিষ্ট ক'টন; Of or like leather, tough -ত t বেত্ৰৰ আঘাত কু, To whip, to thrash

Nothing like leather—वार्थ लाक्टक अन करत्र. Self interest blinds the eyes

Leather bag-15/31 [ prepares leather Leather-dresser, n 547 7174, One who Losther-factor- पंबादमायी . Dealer in leather Loathern, lethern, a. শ্পবিশিষ্ট, চম্মনিস্মিত, हभूत्र Made or consisting of leather

Leathorn-faced, a Weather beaten

Leather-wright, " " FIF A tanner Loathery, lether 1 a 5474, 45 Resembling leather, tough

Leave, lev & t. পৰিত্ৰাৰ & . প্ৰকাৰ- To forto abindin, d part from - Flana fart- & To beque it - & fare of To uff i to remain - 7494 } Is trust - 9 15 14-4. Reject - 3 4 8 loreter - 1 fage 7, काक-इ, Tod sist toene n अनुप्रति, Petmission - 'gair unied, fo it frienell - 443 च्यान', Liberty grante l Syn - (v) Desert.

iclinqui h litaline, let be, primit allow, commit con ign, refer, d mise coast desist from go depart remove decimp retire, ce se stop (") Allowance li en-2, withdra wil d pirtire when, poolly

Leave alone of view, I have milisting or m ddling with one. finmo dischie Leave in the dark - Mo a at a Not to in-LORVO Off - 9 40 11 4 tral 414, Desert nom, at indon, give up

Loave one in the lurch-ser? of view! अन्तर वो प्रशाद अत्याय (कामप्र) वा 3 1, Leave in a forforn state or without help have one in ultarrassed or helpless aturim

Leave one to one s fate - वर्गा व वाहा जाह 5,5'इ यहक बर्ड डाप्त बाहारक शनिष्ठ in p , Think no m re of one, take no more care of one but uif I one to undergo what fate ordiains

Leave no stone unturned - किছ गाकि ना जाता. - कश्च मार्नार्व एक मूद मारा एडी-कू, Do eve ything that can be done, to use all practical mean-

Leave out- F'fst (9, Omit

to effect an object Iname Leave one s mark-Leave behind a famous Loave out in the cold—sishmiff, Neglect leave uninhabited -ettla, Lose.

Take leave of- विभागवश्न- . Bid farewell to Leaved, levd, a. পতাर्शनके, मुश्क, मार्कानिकिंड, Furnished with leaves, having a leaf, or made with leaves or folds.

Leaven, levn, n. [F. levain, from lever, to raise ] वीमद , गीक-डर्गामक भिन्न , बामि , A portion of fermenting dough; yeast:—বাহা পরিবর্জন বটায়; পরিবর্জনজনক বস্তু, Any thing which makes a general change:—v. f. গাঁজান; পুবিত-কৃ; কলু-বিত-কৃ; To excite fermentation in; to taint.

Leaves, levz, n pl. of leaf.
Leavings, levings, n. pl. waffister; waters;

উল্লিষ্ট ; Things left ; relies ; refuse. Lecher, lech'er, n. বশাট ; A leud man :—o.t.

Lecher, lecher, n. লাভ ; A leud man :—ছ. কাৰমন্ত্ৰি চয়িতাৰ্থ-কু , To indulge lust.

Locherous, lecher-us, a. কামানক; কামোদীপক; Lustful; leud. ns=Lecherousness, lechery. ad=leacherously. Syn:—Lascivious, wanton, salacious, concupiscent.

Lectorn, Lecturn, n গিজাৰ বৃতীয় ধর্মগ্রন্থ পাঠের আধার (জেয়); A reading-desk in churches from which the Scripture lessons are read.

Lection, leksun, n. [ L. lectum, to read ] পাঠ; হত লিখিত বা মুদ্রিত প্রস্তের পাঠের ভিত্রতা; প্রতীয় জ্ঞানা-লহে পঠিত ধর্মান্তাংশ. A reading; a variety in a manuscript or book; a portion of Scripture I read in divine service.

Lectionary, n ৰোমান কাণ্ডলিক ভলনাগ্ৰন্থ, The Roman Catholic service-book

Lector, ick'tor, n পাঠক; ধর্মায় পাঠক, A reader; a reader of Scripture

Lecture, lek'tur. n [L. lectura, from legere. to read ] n বক্ষা, A set discourse:— তিবখার. A formal roproof:—n f বক্ষা বাবা উপদেশ-দে. প্রান্ধ বাবা শিক্ষা-দে. To instruct by discourse:— ভ্রেমা-কু, বিষয়বাক্ত, To reprove:—n. i বক্ষা-কু, প্রান্ধ পাঠ-কু, To give a lecture or lectures Syn:—(n) Reprimand, sermon, address, pre-lection, lesson

Read one a lecture—हर्वना-इ. Administer a formal reproof to one, reprove one.

Lecturer, lek'tār-et, n. ধলা, প্ৰস্ক-পাসক, One who cives lecture, a professor — চল্পেন্ত , A preacher in a church who assists the fector or curate.

Lectureship, #. 384 41 3904813 94 , The office | Led. pa and p p. of led. to show the way.

Be led away by—সমাকরণে নীত বা চালিত হৰ্মা , Be completely swayed or misled by.

Lodge, lej, n [A. S. leger, from liegan, to he ] এবাদি বাদিবাৰ ডাক, A shelf on which to las articles.— টুরুডারে, উর্ভ লৈল্ডবক, Raised edge, ridge — সাধি, A row:—ত্ত্ত্ব, A layer:—
ফেট ফাচ, A small moulding, a=ledgy Syn:—
Projection, shelf, small moulding, ridge of rocks.

Ledger, legies, n. ৰতিয়ান, ৰতেৰ বহি, An account book.

[ ledges.
Lodgy, leji, a শৈলস্বক্ষয়; Abounding in
Loo, le, n. বায়ুপ্ৰনাহের অভিমুখীন ভাগ; বায়ু সঞ্চার
হইতে রক্ষিত ভাল; বে দিকে বায়ু বহে; A place detended from the wind; that quarter towards which
the wind blows.

Leeside, the leeside of a ship—কাচাৰের বে পার্ব বার্ব হটতে ব্যক্তিত; The sheltered side of a ship; the side or part not exposed to the wind. Leech, leth, n. অনোকা; জৌক; Worm that sucks blood; a blood-sucking worm:—চিকিৎসক, Physician:—উকীল; Lawyer:—v. i. জৌৰ ব্যাইরী বস্তু মোক্ষা-কৃ; To bleed by means of leeches. Leecheraft—আরোগা কৌনল; Healing art. Leech-house, n. চিকিৎসালয়; Hospital.

Leek, lek. n. প্ৰাছ ; পেন ; A kind of onion :— ওয়েল্পন জাতীন চিক ; The national emblem of Wales.

Learingly, ad. অপাসগৃষ্টতে, With a leering look. Lear, হৈ, v. i. আড় চোকে দেবা; অপাসগৃষ্ট-কু; Look obliquely; look askance:—n. আডনরন; অপাকে দৰ্শন, An oblique look.

Lees, Icz, n. pl. মল, উজিছঃ, জনানি; শিট্ট, Sediments, dregs, refuse.

Thore are lees to every wine—অভি উৎকৃই ংস্তা কোন গোৰ আছে; The best things have some defect. [to the lee-side of a ship. Lee-shore—বাৰ্ডাড়িড বাৰু; The shore opposite

Leet, let, n. স্কৃলণ্ডের কার্ব্যান্ত পদপ্রাধিগণের তালিকা; A selected list of candidates for an office in Scotland.

Leeward, ad. বাব্ৰ অভিমূখীনদিগাভিমূখে; Toward the lee;—a বাব্ৰ অভিমূখীন ভাগ সংক্ৰান্ত কা তদভিমুখীন; In the direction of the lee.

Loeway, n লাছাজেৰ প্ৰকৃত গতিপথ চইতে ৰাষ্থ্ৰবাহের অভিমুখান নিকে বতদ্ব চালিত হয়. The way or distance a ship is driven to leeward of her true course

Left, p. t. and p. p of leave.

Left, leit, n. বাম , বামপাৰ্যন্ত ; Not righ :—n. বাৰ-দিক , বামপাৰ ; The side opposite to that of the right.

Left to onesolf—একাকী বা অন্ত কৰ্তৃক পৰিত্যক্ত ২ গুয়াতে, নিজেপ ইচ্ছামত চলিতে যাওয়া; Left alone; permitted to follow one's own desire; —আপনার ইচ্ছামত কাষ্য করিতে-সে; To be permitted to follow one's own opinions or desires,

Loft-handed, left-hand'ed, a. স্থাটা: নেসা; নেটা, Using the left hand.—কুংসিড, Awkward: —ছুখালা, Unlucky, malicious

Loft-handed marriage—An irregular and not perfectly valid marriage

Left-handedness, Left-handiness, n. কুং-বিত্ত ভাব , Awkwardness.

Loft-witted, a निर्देश, Dull

Log, leg. n. পদ; Lumb for walking:—আন্ত্র, পাগ;; Support. a=legged (পদবিশিষ্ট; having legs).

Be on one's last legs—মৃতপ্ৰায়-ছ; Be about to collapse, be near to ruin or death.

Be on one's logs—বক্তা কৰিবাৰ কৰা দীটাৰ, Stand to speak, stand in order to speak:—বৰ্গ পাইৰা খাড়া হৰবা; Regain stength so as to be able to stand.

To take leg-bail (slang)—প্ৰায়ন-কৃ; To abscond or run away. [Having no support. Without a leg to stand upon—ৰবৰ্ণনাই : Liegacy, leg'a-se, n. [L. legace, to bequeath] মুগুৰানে দত্ত সংগতি; Bequest. Syn:—Bequeathment, devise.

Legacy-hunter,leg'a-si-hunt'er,n. বে ব্যক্তি উইল্ জনুসারে সম্পত্তি প্রান্তির জন্মেরণে ভোষামোদ করিয়া বুরিয়া বেড়ার ; One who strives to get legacies. Zegal, ie'gal, a. [L. legalis, from lex, legis, law] বিবি সম্বায় : আইন সম্বায় ; Pertaining to law :—বৈধ, বিবিস্কৃত : Lawful :—আইন বারা গঠিত বা অনুবাহিত ; Created or permitted by law. n= legality. ad=legally. Syn :—Constitutional. legitimate, authorized.

Legalise, le'galis, v. f. ব্যবস্থান্থায়ী-কৃ, বিধিসিক-কৃ; অনুবোদন-কৃ; To authorise; to sanction. Syn:—Legitimate, make legal.

Legate, leg'at, n. [L. legatus, from legure, to send with a commission] পোপের দৃত, পোপের প্রতিবিদি, Deputy; Pope's ambassador. a=legatune Syn:—Envy, representative, delegate, nuncio Legatee, leg-a-té, n. উত্তর্বাধিকারী; উইলে করিয়া বাহাকে কাল করা বার; One to whom a legacy 15 left.

[ office of a legate

Legateship, leg'at-ship, n. বাৰণ্ডর পদ; The Legation, le-gashun, n. দৌতা, দুতা, Embassy, deputation:—ৰূড; Envoy. [ to, a legate Legative, a. বাৰণ্ড সপাৰীয় ; Of, or pertaining Legator, n. One who bequeathes a legacy.

Legbail, n. नजापन, Flight.

Legend, lej'end, \* [L. legendus, to be read] পৌরাণিক কথা; পোরাণিক উপাধ্যান, জনপ্রতি; Tale. a marvellous or romantic story from early times:—বর্ষের উপৰ অভিত স্নোক, Inscription or motto, as on a coat of arms. Syn:—Romantic story, ancient tale, incredible narrative, fable, myth, fiction; motto, inscription.

Legendary, lej'end-ar-e, n. শৌরাণিক উপাধ্যান, শৌরাণিক কথাপূর্ণ ক্ষক . A book of legends :—a শৌরাণিক ; অমুত ; কার্মানক . Consisting of or like legends ; exaggerated ; extravagant ; romantic , fabulous. Syn :—Fictitious, mythical

Legerdemain, lej-ér-de-man, n. ভোজবালি : ইজলাল ; Jugglery :—হড়কৌশল ; Sleight-of-hand Legging, leg'ing, n. পদাবৰৰ , A cover for the legs.

Logible, lej'e-bl, a. [L. legibilis, from legere, to read] সাই ; পাইসাঘা; সুবোঘা, Clear and distinct, clear of being understord ns=legibleness, legibility. ad=legibly. Syn:—Readable, decipherable, discoverable, clear, distinct, plain.

Legion, le'jun, n. [ L. legio, from legere, to gather ] সৈত্বলগ, বোজ্যতা; A body of Roman soldiers, a military force:—আন্তেম সংখ্যা, বৃত্ত-সংখ্যা, A great number. Syn:—Army, host: multitude, myriad. [ insituted by Napoleon Legion of honour—A French order of merit, Their number is legion—ভাগাৰে কংখ্যাৰ সীমা বাই; They are innumerable, their number is large.

Legionary, le'jun-ar-i, a. গৈৰুসৰ্থীৰ; দেনাফল-সংক্ৰান্ত, Consisting of a legion or legions:—বহু-সংবাৰ; Containing a great number:—ন. কৰৈক দৈনিক, A soldier of a legion.

Legislate, lj'is-lat, v. i. [L. lex, legis, law, and fero, latum, to hear ] चारेन-कः, वावश-कः, चारेन विविच-कः, To make laws. n=legislation, ( वावश विवान)।

Logislative, lej'is-12-tiv, a. ৰাৰ্থাপ্ৰ; বিছি-ব্যৰ্থাপ্ৰ সংক্ৰান্ত; Pertaining to legislation. Legislator, lefis-lat-er, n. আইনকৰী; বিবিশ্ব-খাপৰ; A law-giver. fem—legislatvess. Legislature, lefis-lat-ur, n. ব্যব্দাপৰ সমাল; Body which makes laws. [skilled in law. Legist, lefist, n. আইনজ: ব্যব্দাখাভিজ: One Legitimacy, lefiti-ma-si, n. বৈশ্বা; বিশিস্তা; Legality:—হজনতা; হজাতত; Lawfulness of

Legality :— বন্ধৰতা ; ক্ৰাভত্ব ; Lawfulness of birth :— অকুতিনতা ; বাৰাৰ্ডা ; Genuineness :— বৰাৰ্ডা ; বৰাৰ্ডি নিছাত্ত ; Regular deduction.

Legitimate, হি-jit'e-mat, a. বিধিবৈধ ; Lawful :

তরসলাত ; বুলাত , Lawfully begotton :—কর্মিন,
আসল ; বুলাত ; ব্রাবহার বারা সিদ্ধ ; Genuine ;
real :—ভার-শারাকুবারী ; Following by logical or
natural sequence :—০. ৫. বৈধ-কু ; আইন সকত-কু ;
To make lawful :—বর্মপুরিল সন্থানের অব উপপুর্ভীন
স্বভাবক বার-কু ; To give the rights of a legitimate child to an illegitimate one. ad=legitimately. Syn:—Legal ; not spurious, acknowledged, authorized.

Legitimate wife—ধর্ণদী।

Legitimation, le-jit-i-ma'shun, n. रेक्फा সম্পাদন; হ্রামের ক্ষদান; The act of rendering legitimate, particularly of conferring the privileges of lawful birth.

Legitimist, le-jiti-mist, n. বৈশক্ষভাসন্থক; বৈশ-ক্ষভান প্ৰবোৰক; One who supports legitimate authority:—In France, an adherent of the Bourbons deposed in 1830, partisan of absolutism.

Loglosa, leg'les, a. পদান ; Destitute of legs.
Log-lock, n. প্ৰা ; Fetter. [veller.
Log-strotcher, n. অব্যক্ষী : Pedestrian ; tra-Logumo, leg'um, Logumon, le-gumen, n.
[L. lego, to gather] ভঁটা, কলাই ; ছইভাগে বিজক বীজকোৰ ; A seed-vessel of two valves. pl = legumens; legumina, a = leguminous.

Locuminous, le-gu'min-us. a. वीकाकांत्रक ; खीवाडी ; क्लाहे नमहिक . Consisting of pulse.

Leisure, হি' কাটা, n [L. licere, to be permitted]
আৰকাশ; কাটা ইতৈ নিবৃত্তি; অবস্বকার, Freedom
from business; unoccupied time:—a. অব্যাপ্ত,
Unoccupied. Syn:—Vacation, opportunity,
convenience, ease, quiet, retirement, spare time.
At loisure—অবকানক্ষয়ে; Slowly and leisurely;
conveniently:—অবকানক্ষয়ে; Free from occupation.

Leisurely, le'zhōōr-k, a. অবহিত ; মহর ; নীর ;
মন্দ , Slow ; deliberate :—ad. আতে আতে ; বীরে
নীরে ; In a leisurely manner. [heart.
Leman, le'man, ম. প্রণানী বা প্রণানী ; Sweet
Lemma, lema, ম. [Gr. lambano, to receive]
পর্বতী কোন প্রতিক্রার প্রমাণ সৌক্রার্থ প্রতিপন্ন প্রতিক্রা;
Assumption to facilitate demonstration.

Lemming, त. डेबर रेब्र्डारनेत अक्वाडीत वृदिक; A species of rat in northern Europe.

Lemon, lemun, n. পেবু; An acid fruit:-লেবু পাছ; The tree that bears lemons.

Lemonade, lem-un-হd, n. সরবং; পারীত্ব বিশেষ; লেমবেড্; A drink made of lemon-juice, water, and sugar.

Lemur, le'mur, n. [L. lemur, a ghost] wind faces; A kind of monkey in Madagascar.

Lend, lend, v. f. 44-cv; via cvent; To give for a short time something to be returned:—cv; via-v; To afford or grant:—wip-cv; To let for compensation. n=lender. Syn:—Advance, loan; give, present, furnish, supply, confer, impart.

Lend oneself to—কোন ক্ৰিবৰে কাহাৰও সাহাব্য-‡: Countenance; aid a person in (something

bad) :- (414-(4; Join.

Lend one's name to—ছোন কিছুতে দাম দেওৱা; Allow one's name to be used in —নিজের দাম বিয়া অপুযোগন-ত্ব; Sanction with one's name.

Length, length, ন. দৈগ্য; দীৰ্ডা; Extent or reach from end to end:—দীৰ্কালন্থিত, Long continuance:—পুঝাৰুপুঝা; Detail.

At length— अवस्ताव, At last; at the end; after a long period.— नविवन वर्गना, In detail, without abbreviation.

Great lengths—বাড়াবাড়ি; A hazardous extent or effort. [ throughout.

Length and breadth—চানিলিকে, All over; The length and breadth of the land— কেৰের সকলে, চালিলিকে, The whole extent of the

Lie at full length, Fall at full length— তথ্য পাঠত হওবা, পটাৰ হইবা পোৱা বা পদা, Lie prostrate, be stretched, fall flat.

Longthon, lengthin, v t. দাং-ত্ব; টানিরা গছা-ত্ব.
To make long or longer, to draw out, te prolong —v. r. দাং-ত্ব, গীওতর-ত্ব; To grow longer. Syn —Stretch, elongate, produce; protract extend, spin out.

Longthwise, lengthwiz, ad, नवानिय, In the direction of the langu

Lengthy, lengthe, a 京市, nat, Rather long, lengthened n=lengthmese ad=lengthily. Syn:
- Prolix, tedious, long-drawn, not brief

Leniency, le'ne-en-se, n. 明 ; 衛有學科, Lenity, Syn:—Clemency, mildness, gentleness, mercy, forbearance, tenderness.

Lennent, le ne-ent, n. [L. lenire, to soften]
দাব্ ; সদ্য ; Mild; merciful:—n. কোমলভাস্থৰ
উপৰ বা ব্ৰেছা ; A medicine that soften n=leniency. Syn:—Clement, gentle, tender, forbearing;
soothing, assuasive.

Lenitive, lenit-iv, c. উপ্পমকারী; পান্তকারক; উপপ্মক্তনক, স্থানজনক; নেচক; Mitigating; soothing; palliative; laxative:—n. ব্ৰপানিবারক ঔবধ বা এলেপ; মুছ বিন্নেচক; A medicine or an application for easing pain; a mild purgative.

Lenity, lehe-te, Leniency, n. [L. lenitas, from lenis, soft, mild] FM; Mildness; gentleness; clemency. Syn:—Kindness, tenderness, softness, humanity, mercy.

Lens, lenz, n. [L. lens, lentis, the lentil] #3-

Lent, lent, n. s- বিনব্যাকী উপবাদোৎসৰ ; চল্লিশ দিবের উপবাদ ; A forty-day fast of the churches of Rome and England. a=lenten.

Lenten, lenten, s. লেউ-সংক্রান্ত; কেটে ব্যবহৃত; পরি-মিত , Pertaining to, or used in, lent; sparing. Lenticular, len-tiku-lar, Lentiform, lenti-

form, a. [ L lens, a lentil ] কাচবিশিষ্ট; মহ্বাঞ্চার,
Shaped like lens. ad—lenticularly.
Lentil, lentil, n. [ L. lens, lentis, the lentil
মহব; মহব পাড়; A kind of pulse; a plant.
Lentisk, lentisk, n. [ L. lensus, sticky ] শুলা
বিশেষ; The mastic tree. [ viscid.

Lentous, lentus, a. আঠান; চট্চটে; Sticky, Leo, lc'o, n. নিংহরালি; The fifth sign of the zodiac. Leonine, leo'-nın, a. সিংহবং; সিংহসবজীয়; সিংহ সম্প: Of or like a lion.

Leopard, lep'ard, n. [Gr. leon, lion, pardos, pard] छिडाबाब. A cat-like beast, a carnivorous animal of the feline kind, with a spotted skin. Leper, lep'er, n. [Gr. lepos, a scale] कृष्णाधित्रच (लाड ; कृष्टातात्री ; One having teprosy.

Lepidoptera, n. pl. চতু:পক্ষিত্ৰ কটি; Insect having four wings. as-lepidopteral, lepidopterous

Leporine, lep'o-rin, a. ( L. lepus, leporis, the hare ] প্ৰক-স'প্ৰান্ত; ধ্বগোসসম্ভান্ত; প্ৰগোসসম্ভান্ত; প্ৰক্ষমূল; Pertaining to, or resembling, the hare.

Lepra, Leprosy, lep'ro-si, ম. কুটরোগ; Loathsome skin-disease.

Leprous, lep'ins, a. কুঠরোগনিশিষ্ট ; কুঠরোগাকান্ত ; Affected with leprosy. a=leprously. n=lept numers

Losion, le'raun, n [ L. laedo, laesum, to hurt ] 明明3; 李5, An mury or wound.

Less, les, a. কুমতার; অভ্যান, Comparative of little; smaller; diminished —ad. তত কতে; অভাতর পত্নিমানে, Not so much; in a lower degree:
—n. কুম্ভান অ'শ; A smaller portion:—নিকৃত্তি ভান, The interior or younger. Syn:—(a) More diminutive, more insignificant, inferior, lower.

None the less, Not the less—সেই কারণে যে একটুও কম ভাগে নকে; Not on that account in a ics degree.

Lesseo, les-se', भः জোডজনির পাট্টাদাব ; জোডদার : ()ne to whom a lease is granted.

Losson, leśn, v. t. নাৰ-ক; স্থান ক; অবন্ধিত-ক;
To make less, weaken, abate, lower, degrade:
—v. i. নাৰ-হ; ক্ষতৰ বা অৱত্ব-হ; To become
le-s. Syn:—Diminish, decrease, reduce, abate,
abridge, contract, narrow, curtail, retrench;
weaken, impair; be reduced, sink, shrink,
dwindle.

Lesser, leśćr, a. ক্ষতন; নিক্টতর; Smaller; Lesson, leśn, n. [L. lego, to gather, to read] শিকা, Instruction:—ছাত্রের পাঠ; Task:—উপায়েল; A precept or doctrine:—ভটোর শিকা, ভর্মলা; Severe lecture; reproof. Syn:—Pupil's task, exercise, rebuke, formal censure

Learn a lesson—শিকা পাওৱা ; ঠেকে শেখা ; Gain some knowledge by personal experience.

Take a lesson from one—কাহাবত নিকটে পাঠ
জহবা, Become with advantage the pupil of one.
Lessor, lesor, দ. বে ব্যক্তি ছোভজনির পাঠা দেব;
One who grants a lease. | fear that not.
Lest, lest, conj. পাতে, বেন না; এই আনহাত; For
Let, let, ত f অসুমতি-কু; দাত; To allow; to
permit, suffer:—ভাডা-দে, ইআরা-দে; To grant
to a tenant or hirer, to lease.—অভিরোধ-কু;

कार्य-त्य : To prevent ; to hinder :- म. वार्थ ; अधिक : विश्व : Hindrance : obstruction ; delay. Syn:-(n) Obstacle, impediment.

Be let out to - डाड़ी (महत्त्र) ; Be hired by.

Let alone—হাডিবা বেওরা; জাগ করা. Forbear molesting or meddling with.

Let down -- নামান ; অবনমিত-ফু; উপৰ হইতে নীচে নামাইখা দেওবা . To permit to sink or fall lower ; [ forth with violence lower

Let drive or fly-वनग्रूक निर्मान , To send Let in or into—ভिতात दादन क्रिएड मध्या : Admit , allow to enter.

Let loose-নুক-কু, বছন গুলিয়া দেওবা ; আবদ্ধ অবস্থা क्ट्रेंट मुक कतियां शाफिवा त्वथ्यां, Let at large, set at large, set free from restraint.

Let loose on-কুকুরের মত নেলাইলা দেওবা , দৌবাদ্ধা क्तिए ए उच् . Suffer to f ill upon.

Let off-हाडिय।-त्य , Suffer to go free from some penalty .- ৰক্ষ বা বাজি ছোড়া. Discharge a fire-arm - 75 ; Release (from an engagemet or penalty )

Let one into-Admit one into (a secret) -জ্মবৰ্গত ক্ৰু, কোন ওপ্ত কথার ভিতৰ প্রাথশ ক্বিতে দেওবা Make one acquainted with.

Let out-17-7. To extend or loosen as a rope on the tops of a garment .- 81.1-7, To lease . — ছाডिश-त्म , Suffer to escape.

Let pass - ann. f . Neglect.

Let slip—ছাডিশ দেপ্যা , হাইতে তেওলা , আক্রমণার্থে ছেতে নেওয়া; To suffer to pass insensibly or negligently; set in motion with a view to fall upon. Let the cat out of the bag-(त्राश्चेष विशव धाकाल-कृ ; To tell a secret

To let blood-वक स्थाकन के, वक कारा. To cause blood to flow (from a vein), to bleed Without let or hindrance-frai distr. Wi-

thout impediment

Lethal, le'thal, a [ I. lethalis, from lethum, death ] वागनानक, माझ्यांडिक; मात्राञ्चक, Fatal, deadly, mortal; destructive.

Lethargic, le-thar'lik, Lethargical, le-thar'lik-al, a. अनम ; निरुट ; निजान ; Dull ; sleepy ad = lethargically.

Lethargy, lethar-je, n [ Gr. lethargia, drowsy, forgetfulne-s ] यांनगा , उता , उडा ; सपाडा-विक निजानुष्ठा ; नित्न्द्रेडा , Drowsiness , stupor ; duliness. Syn :- Morbid, torpor , dulness , in-

Lethe, lethe, n. [Gr. lethe, forgetfulness] বিশ্বতি নদী : বিশ্বতি সাগর , River of death or oblivion, a river of the lower world, whose waters caused a total forgetfulness of the past :-বিশ্বতি ; Forgetfulness.

Lethean, le-the an, a. fanfonge; Oblivious; inducing forgetfulness.

Letherous, a. diffaire, Mortal.

Lethiferous, le-thifer-us, a. [ L. lethum, death, and fero, to bear ] मात्रायक ; नाव्याजिक ; প্ৰাৰ্থক , Bearing death , deadly. Letter, leter, n. ককা ; বৰ্ণ , Alphabetic charac-

ter :-- निनि ; नव ; निवन , Epistle :-- नारकात वर्ष ; चाक्तिक वर्ष, Verbal expression; literal meaning,

exact signification : - ছালিবার অকর; A printing type -- pl. विशा ; Learning :- v. f. अकड विक क ; अक्त मुक्कि-क ; To stamp letters upon : to impress letters. Syn :- Note, missive.

A man of letters-163; A learned man. Letter of attorney—दक्षाज्यांमा ; Authority to act for another.

Letter of credit-Letter to a merchant requesting to make an advance to the bearer.

Letter of license-Permission to a debtor to carry on his business unmolested.

Letter of marque-A commission given to a private ship by government to make reprisals on the ships of another states; hence, the ship thus commissioned.

The letter of the law - শৰাৰ্থ : আইনে বাহা লেখা আছে তাহ। , आहेनानुशाही; The exact wording of the law, the strict import of the words in which the law is expressed.

To the letter—অবিকল ; ঠিক ; একচুলও ভচ্চাৎ নহে ; Literally and strictly; exactly, minutely

Lettered, leterd, a. कुड्रिका, निकिन , विदान : Educated ; versed in literature - अक्न विनिष्ठ ; Marked with letters. Syn :- Learned, well read, bookish. literary; docquetted, stamped. Letter-founder, leter-founder, n. sifata 444

ঢाल'ईकांत्र ; Type-caster. Lottering, leier-ing, n अकत मुसारन, पुतिक

अक्रवनमूह, The act of impressing letters; the letters impressed.

Letters-patent, leterz-patent, n. faren afenta পত্ৰ , সহি মোচৰ কৰা ৱালদত্ত লিখন , কোন অধিকার ভোগ করিবার কমতা-পত্র, Royal grunt, patent; open sheets of parchment sealed and signed by one in authority granting power to some one to do some act, or enjoy some privilege, a writing by which a person is authorised to enjoy some privilege.

Letter-press, leter-pres, n. water sini . water ক্লিড অক্সবসমূচ বা বিষয়, Letters impressed or matter printed from type, as distinguished

from engraving.

Letter-writer, n পত্ৰ-লেখক; Writer of letters :-- भव निविद्ध निका मिनात भूतक ; Book for teaching how to write letters -- Coppying machine [ गठा विश्नव ; A plant. Lettuce, letis, n. [ L. lac, milk ] উঙ্জি বিশেষ. Levent, le-vant, n [L. levare, to raise] 70411-मन्न विन्तु , श्वामिक ; The point where the sun rises : the East: - कृषवानाश्रद्धक मूर्सविकष्ट छणकृत ; The eastern part of the Mediterranean :- v. i. क्षकार भनावन-इ ; Abscond, decamp mysteri-

Levant, levant, a. प्रकृतिकारीय . गुर्कायनीय : Eastern. Leventer, le-vanter, n. अवन भूक्तिका : A strong easterly wind in the levant wind.

Leventine, le-vantin, a. Thicking: (1981) अध्याद , Belonging to the levant ; eastern :n. A native of levant.

Loves, leve, n. আগত্তকগণের প্রতি:স্মিতি : হরহার ১ A morning assembly of visitors, an assembly received by a sovereign or other great personage, Leves day, \* wasta fee. The day in which visitors are received by a sovereign.

Level, level, ন. সমন্তল, সমন্ত্রি; Even surface
—সমতা; সাধারণ উচ্চতা, Equality; usual elevation —উচ্চতা; Customary height.—সম্প্রার্থা; The line of direction:—ব্যু বিশেষ . Theodolite — ত চ. সমার-কু, সমতক বা সমোচ-কু, To make horizontal, to make even flat, or smooth:
—ত্ত্যা-কু, সমার কু, To make equal, to make even:
—ক্ত্যা-কু, সমার কু, To make equal, to make even:
—ক্ত্যা-কু, সমার কু, To make aim — এ. সম্ভল,
অব্যুর, সমোচ, Horizontal, even, smooth—
পাদ বা সর্বাদ্যান্ত্রা, Equal in rank or degree Syn:
—(a) Even, flat, plain, horizontal, smooth; flush; on a par, equal. (v) Smooth, rare, demolish, aim, direct, point, adapt, suit, fit, proportion.

Be on a level with—সমান অপবিশিষ্ট-হ, Be on an equality with, accord with [direct against Level at—লকা-ফ, কাহারও প্রতি লক্ষ্য-ফু, Aim at Level down—সমান-ফু; Smoothe.

Leveller, level-er, n সমতলকারী সমতাসাধক;
One who levels —সামাবাদী, One who advocites universal equality

Levellors, n A political party in the time of Charles I, who wanted all men to be placed on a level with respect to their eligibility to office

Levelling, leveling, স সমতাসাধন, ভূপুটো ভিন্ন ভিন্ন কানের সমতার তারতমা নিকপন-প্রণানী, The reduction of uneven surfaces to a level, the process of finding the difficiences in level between different points on the surface of the earth

Levelness, level-nes, n नगड़ा, The state of being level, even or equal

Lover, it'ver, n [L levo, to raise] ভাৰ উদ্ৰোচন করিবার বস্ত্ব, ভারেণ্ডিলন গও, গওবন্ত্ত , Bar for raising a weight

Leverage, it verify n read till of an reing a fill. Action of a lever the mechanical power guided by the use of the lever

Loviable, kvi-a ble, a কর বসাহবার যোগা, ধার্মা করিয়া আছায় করিলার যোগা বা সাধা That may be kvied, fit or able to be assessed

Leviathan, le-vi'a-than, n প্ৰকাণ জনাজ্য বিশেষ.
A fabulous monster, a large sea-animal—
কোন প্ৰকাণাকৃতি বস্তু, Anything of huge size—
a আতি বৃহৎ, Monstrously large

Levigate, kvi git, v t [L levis, smooth] প্রিছড-ক, চূর্ণ-ক, গুলা-ক, Smoothe, grind to small powder n= levigation

Levitation, lev i-th shun, n [L levis, light]

Levite, levit, n প্ৰেছিড, সেডাৰ ক'শ্বর, One of the pricetly tribe of Levi a son of Jacob. as—levitic, levitical ad—levitically.

Levitical degrees—Degrees of relationship named in Leviticus, within which marriage is forbidden.

Leviticus, leviti-kus n হুতীয় ধর্মপুরাধের প্রস্থ বিশেষ, The third book of the old Testament.

Levity, leve-te, n { L levilar, from levis, hight m weight ] মনুৱা, চগলতা, চাগলা, Lightness, unsteadiness — নবুচিন্ততা, অবিবেদিতা, ব্যাফিনান, Lightness of temper or conduct, thoughtlessness; disposition to trifle; vanity Syn — Buoyancy; inconstancy, fickleness, volatility, flightness, frivolity.

Levy, leve, v. t. [L. levo, to raise ] কর সংগ্রহ-র , Assess; collect tax , raise army — n. জোৰ , Distraint:—বৃদ্ধের বস্তু সৈতা সংগ্রহ , Raising men for the army , men so raised — করনিষ্কারণ , Assessment — প্রাপ্ত ক্ষতানুসারে সংগ্রহ , The act of collecting by authority Sym — (v) Raise, muster , gather, collect, exact

Levy in mass, n. A requisition of all able bodied men for military service

Lovy war—আজনগের জন্ম অহ এংগ-কৃ, যদ্ধ আছে-কৃ, আজনগ-কৃ, To take arms for attack, to begin war to attack

Lewd, lūd a ছুক্ৰিৰ, কামুক, কলট বাই, ক্লুবিড অপৰিৰ, Wicked, lustful; licentious, profligate, unchaste, debauched, impure n= lewdness ad=lewdly Syn —Libidinous, sensual, impure, lecherous, incontinent, profligate, dissolute, lascinous

Lewdness, ludnes, ল লশুটিডা, আইডা, The unlawful indulgence of lust Syn - Lascivious-ness, impurity, unchastity, debauchery, lechery, incentiousness.

Lexicographer, leks-i kog'ıa-lêr n অভিযান লেক, শনকোৰ-সম্বাক, Witter of lexicogra phy a=lexicographi.

Lexicography, leks-i-kog'ra-fi, n [Gr lexicon, a dictionary, and grapho, to write ] অভিধান সকলন করণ, শব্দকোৰ সকলন বা ভৰ্ণা, The art of writing a dictionary, a = lexicographic il

Lexicologist, leks i-knfo-jist, n नविद्यानिवि , One skilled in lexicology

Lexicology, leks-1-koto in n [Gr lesis and 1070s a discourt of treatise ] - স্পরিজ্ঞান, That branch of philology which treats of the proper signification of words the science of words

Lexicon, ichse-kon, n [Gr lexis, a word]
খনকোৰ কোৰ, জাওবান Dictionary a=lexical.
Syn —Vocabulary Libsary, word-book

Loy, lt, n (MI GipA, A meadow, pastur

Leydon jar, n A glass jar so coated inside and outside that it may be charged with electricity 2 2011ty, li-1-bile-te, n 时间, 氧铂矿 (本铂矿 ), 本种可 (the count of pustice Syn —Responsibility, accountability, obligation, exposedness, tendency

Inable, ha-bl, a [I ligare, to bind] বাগা,
লাবী, Answerable, obliged, responsible—আধীৰ,
প্ৰবৰ, Subject, exposed to tending, n=hability.
Syn —Accountable, bound, amenable, responsible; obnovious [the power of

Be liable to—কোন কিছুৰ ক্ৰীৰ ২৩মা, Be under Liable to death—মৰণ্দীৰ।

Liable to be punished-rectivity

Insison, le'o-zong, \* [L liques, to bind] সংবাস, সংবাসবন্ধন, প্ৰবন্ধ, A union, or bond of uni n, intimacy

Lusr, li'ar, স মিখাবালী, One who utters falsehood Lubation, li-bā'shun, n [Gr. leibo to pour] কোনেকেশে মলা বা ভরল দ্রবা প্রদান, ভর্গণ, পিতৃপোক উদ্দেশে কল বা মলা নিবেলন, The pouring of wine or other liquid in honour of some deity, pouring wine in honour of a god or hero

Libel, libel n (L. libellus a little book)
প্ৰনিক্ষা নিকাৰাক, বিকেপ্প কুংসা প্ৰচাৱ, Lampoon, malicious publication, satire, calumny
ত ট প্রনিক্ষা-কু, কুংসা কু ব্যক্ত সু, To defame,

to satirise to lampoon Libeller, libel-er, n शहनियांकांदी, क्रमांकांदक

One who defames by libels

Libellous, l'bel-us, a নিন্দাপূর্ণ কুৎসাবিশিষ্ট , Defamatory ad=libellously

Laboral, liberal a fL liberalis, from liber, free] ज्य जातां कि Free by birth, refined befitting a gentleman — नजन Open hearted, candid — जेनाव नणना, Cuthonic generous — मणना वनाय, Bountitul — अक् Proline — व्यक्ति निम्मा वनाय, Bountitul — अक् Proline — व्यक्ति निम्मा वनाय, Bountitul — अक् Proline — व्यक्ति निम्मा वनाय, Bountitul — अक् Proline — जिल्ला कि प्राप्त कि प्रा

Inboral arts— Paris far | Such as depend more on exertion of the mind than on labour of the hand, as grammer rhetoric painting sculpture, archi ecture musi

Tuberalise, liber al iz, 2 / মন্ত্ৰক ক দুল্ল বা মাজেভ মত ক বিশাল ক. Fo mike h ril to enlarge, free from narrow views or preju dice, to enlarge.

Liberalism, liber-al-izm, ল কাণীনতা রাজনীত বাধ্যমেলজ উলারতা, প্রিযতা, The pinc ks of i liberal in politics or religion, fundaess of freedom

Liberalist, n Advocate of liberal principles Liberality, liberale te, n উন্নত্ত প্ৰক্ৰম Cathol city, generosity, largeness of mind candour —বলভতা, Munificence —দান দান-শিবতা A gift —শিবতাক তা, Impartiality Syn—Beneficence, benevolence, bountifulness, charity, present, donation, benefaction, giatuity, magnanimity, candour, impartiality, toleration, catholicity

Liberate, liber at, v t [L liberare from liber free] ছাডিয়া দেবনা, মুক ক, Set free, release from restraint. n=liberation. Syn — Deliver, discharge, free manumit, emancipate, disenthrall [One who liberates of frees Inberator, liberator, n মুকুকানী মুক্তিৰাতা, Libertine, lib

ৰ কৰিক, কামানজ, অনংৰত, Unrestrained, lecentious. Sys —Freedman, rake, voluptuary, profilgate

Libertinism, lib'ér-tin-izm, n. বাশ্টা, বেছা চাব, কামুকতা, Lewdness, debauchery.

Liberty, lib'er-te, n [L. libertas, from liber, frue] বাধীনতা Freedom — অনুষতি, Permission leave — অধিনার, Privilege — স্বিনার, Breach of decorum — স্ববাহতি, Exemption Syn — Independence, licence, leave, franchise, immunity, exemption

Be at liberty—ৰাধীন থাকা, নিজের ইচ্ছান্ত কাল করিতে পারা, Be free, be unrestrained

Liberty of conscience— শইবিবৰে স্থানীৰ মন্ত The liberty to follow what one's own conscience dictates

Laberty of the press-प्यायद्वत्र वाधीनलां, Free dom to print or publish anything without legal control and interference

Set at liberty—মূক করিয়া বে, কারাবহা হইতে মূক কু, Set free from confinement

Take liborties— বিলয় অতিএম কু, অমর্থালাব কথ বা কাজ করা তামালা করা Io neglect the laws of propriety or courtesy, to treat without cere mony, use language or do things in an improperly familiar way

Take the liberty of - দাহদ কৰিয়া বলা বা বরা Make bold is or do something that is not exactly proper

Inbidinous, ic-bidin us a [1 libidinous from libi? desire] 可可能 有情事, lustial lend liserious, unchiste, n=libidinousness ad libidinously Sin — Impure, sensual, licentious lecherou silacious

Libra, libra n ভূলবালি A sign of the rodiac Librarian, lib in an, n [L librarias is tinn ribur of to ks ] পুত্ৰকাল্যর অধ্যক পুত্ৰা লাগত Keep rofa library n - librarianship Librarianship, n পুত্ৰ-পুত্ৰের অধ্যক্ষর প্রতিষ্ঠিত বিষয় বিষয়ে প্রতিষ্ঠিত বিষয়ে বিষয়ে প্রতিষ্ঠিত বিষয়ে বিষয়ে প্রতিষ্ঠিত বিষয়ে বিষয় বিষয়ে বিষয়ে

Library, i from in [ [ liber a book] প্ৰথ সংগ্ৰাগতি গাড়ী গাড়ী বাস A collections of book প্ৰাণাৰ প্ৰাণাৰ A room or building conturning a c i tion of books

Librate, libit v t সম্ভূল কু, তুল কু To ba lince to pr c — v : সম্ভূপ-ছ To be prised — ১ ব ভাষ বোলা To move as a balance n libration

Libration, n জুলন জুলামান, ছবং খোলন, Ba lincing, a state of equipoise, a slight swing ing motion

Libratory, libra-tor-i, a সমান গতিবীল, তুলায় ভাব পোডুল'মান Moving like a balance Libratto, li-brcto, n [L liber, a brisk] কীতি-

নাট্যাদির শব্দকোব, A book containing the words of an opera or other musical composition

Lice, lis, n Plural of louse

License, li'sens, n [L licentia, from licere, to be permitted] অপুষ্ঠি, Permission leave— কেছাচাৰিডা, খাধীনতার অপ্যাবহার, Excess or abuse of libetry—প্রস্থানা, অপুষ্ঠি-পার, The document by which authority is conferred—

. हे. शत्रकाना-ए ; अनूनजि-(र ; To grant license to :- चन्नकि-त्न : चन्डा-त्न ; To authorise ; per-Syn:-(n) Leave, liberty, privilege, immunity; warrant, permit; laxity. (v) Warrant, make legal; allow, suffer, tolerate.

Licenson

Licensor, li'sens-er, n. नाईराज मार्छ : अनुमिन লাডা , Granter of licenses :--লাটক-পরীক্ক ; Examiner of play; Censor of the press.

Licentiate, li-senshi-at, n. লাইলেল্যাও লোক; बाबमांत्र विद्रानव পविচাनव क्ष्मडाञ्चा र गाँछ ; One who has a license to exercise a profession.

Licentious, li-senshe-us, a. नगरे; काम्ब Dissolute; loose; given to sensual indulgence. ad=licentiously. Syn:e=licentiousness. Uncurbed, uncontrolled, unruly, ungovernable, lax; sensual, impure, unchaste, lascivious, immoral, profligate.

Lichen, li'ken, a. नडां वित्नव ; A plant of the moss tribe .- हर्नारवान निरम्ब , Erruption on the

skin, a contamous eruption

Lichgate, n निकाम नथ मगाविकालय नवाधाव जानि-বার আক্রাদনবিশিপ্ত তোবণ . A churchyard gate with a porch to rest the bict under. [ corpse Lichwake, n. 44 25 [45]: The watch over a Lick, lik, v. t. 时间; 叫机两天平- ; To lap; to cover with the tongue; to pass the tongue over -(बढ़ांचा इ-कू, To strike repeatedly for punishment; flog, beat, whip. n=licker.

Syn .- Flog, beat, whip, thrush, slap, spank. Lick the dust-\$57-\$. To be slain, to perish in battle.

Lick up--如何-事; Devour entirely.

Lickerish, a. ভোজনবিলাগী, আস্থাসন বা উপছোগার্থ If . Dainty , eager to taste or enjoy.

Lickspittle, n. वि नीह (छाया:मानकारी भनशह. (ठावाटमानकार्यो ; An abject, servile dependent, [ root is used in medicine. servile flatterer Licorice, Liquorice, n FREY . A plant , its Lietor, liktor, n. आधीम तारिव माणि दे दित अकुत्व, भ अवर , Romai, beadle , an officer who attended the Roman magistrate, with the ensigns of office

Lid, lid, n. अ वद्रव ; छोकनी , Cover - हक्य आयरन , অক্সিপত্র, চক্ষর পাসা; Evelid, the cover of the eye. Lie. li. n विष्य कथा . विष्या ; Criminal falsehood; untruth; any intentional violation of truth :-ए : मिशा वना ; मिशा क्था कहा ; To tell las ; to make a false representation. Syn :- Falsehood, fiction, deception, fabrication, fib

A lie hath no fact-মিখা কিছুৰ সাহাৰ্য ভিন্ন शेषाहरू भारत ना . Because it cannot stand alone. Give the lie to-- (क्नि अनवाम मिथा। अमान-कृ. Prove an imputation to be false:- शिशावानी वना ; Charge one with falsehood.

Tell a lie-त्रिया कथा कहा ; Utter a falsehood. Lie, li, v. i. नम्ब-कृ; नवान श्रोका ; श्रोका ; To rest length-wise; to lean; to rest; to sleep -44-ৰিড-ছ; To be situated '-বাস-ক; To lodge:-विकारत वाका : To belong, pertain :- बिर्णावड-क : Weigh; to press on: - आहेन अनुनाद नमर्नोत हला। To be sustainable in law. Syn :- Recline, couch, be prostrate, rest, repose, remain, be

placed, be situated; consist in, pertain to; be sustainable. [ To be imputable to one. Lie at any one's door—কাচার প্রতি আরোপ-ডু; Lie at one's door-witain-y; To be attributable to one [ रखड़ां . Depend upon. Lie at one's money—কোন বিছয় সম্পূৰ্ণ স্থান Lie at the heart—বাছিত বস্ত-হ ; To be an object of desire: -- बदनानिविष्ठे- ह ; To be fixed in mind. Lie down-- 明明 - Tile Lay the body on the ground; go to rest; lie side by side. Lie hard or heavy—উৎপীড়িত-কৃ; Oppress.

Lie in-277 ; To be in child-bed; bring forth young :-- ভিতর পাকা; অৱৰ্গত-হ , Consist of ; be comprised in.

Lie in a nut-shell-नारकान वर्गीय रुखा ; अक কথার ব্যক্ত করা থাইতে পারে; To be capable of brief statement; to admit of easy determination, may be expessed in a few words.

Lie in one-काहांबर नारा-इ ; To be in the power of. pediment Lie in the way--वार्थ अवल-इ ; To be an im-Lie in wait-আক্রমণ কবিবাৰ অন্ত আপেকা করিবা बाका, अर कदिया शाका ; To watch for an opportunity to attack or seize; he concealled with a view to surprise or seize an enemy.

Lie on any one's head—কাহাৰ প্ৰতি আরোণ-কু: काङाद अ नित्त नाडा ; To be imputable to any one. Lie on hand-बनावश्या इंडेण काशबु अधिकात्त পাকা, To remain in possession without occasion for use

Lie on one's hand—অবিক্ৰীত অ'কা। Remain unsold :- ब्राविकव-इ . To be tedious.

Lio on or upon-পालनीय-इ; To be a matter of obligation or duty. [ cupied. Lie on the hands-sits etal; Remain unoc-

Lie on the head- बार्ना न . Be imputed. Lie or be at the root of - कावन इंडम ; To be the toundation or source of , to cause.

Lie or hang heavy on one's mind-wa ভারত্বলপ ধাকা: মনে कहे পাওবা, Lie like a burden on one's mind, cause pain to one.

Lie over- sfire & . Remain over , to be deffered to some future occasion.

Lie to-To have progress checked, as a ship. Lie under - 3991, 3-2, To suffer, to be oppressed by.

Lie under arms-प्रकार क्या अवत हहेगा शाका : To be in a state prepared for immediate action. Lief, lef, ad. ই짜াপ্রক. मालारक, Willingly; now chiefly used in the phrase, I had as lief gladly :- a श्रिप ; Loved, dear.

As lief - यड नीम ; As soon.

Liege, Ici, a. वशेन ; अबू ; बावगीव मार्ज . Bound by a feudal 'enure under a superior; dependent ; subject :- विश्व ; Faithful -n. अशानश লোক, জ্বান ব্যক্তি, A vassal: - প্রভু; Superior, lord; sovereign; one who has lieges.

Liego-man, n. Mai; A vassal; a subject. Lien, lien, n [ L. ligo, to bind ] आवस विस्त দ্ধলে রাখিবাব অধিকার; অক্টের সম্পত্তি দখলে রাখিবার अधिकात . Right to detain property until a debt is paid.

Lion, in. n. [L. locus, place] श्राम; वश्म ; পরিবর্ত ; Place : stead.

In lieu of—কোন কিছুৰ পৰিবৰ্কে; Instead of. Lieutenancy, lef-tehan-si, দ. প্ৰতিনিধি কৰ্মচানীৰ পদ বা কাৰ্যা; প্ৰতিনিধি কৰ্মচানীৰৰ্গ; Office or commission of a lieutenant.

Lieutenant, lef-tenant, n. [Fr. lieu, a place, and tenant, holding—tenir, to hold ] প্ৰতিনিধিকন্ধচানী; কাণ্ডেলেম্ব বা নৌ-সেনাদলে অধ্যক্ষের অব্যবহিত
বিষপ্তম্ব সেধানী; One next to a captain.

Lord Lieutenant—In countries, an officer appointed by Parliament to call out for training the militia:—The chief executive officer of Ireland.

[n=licutenant-generalship.

Lieutenant-general—One next to a general. Lieutenant-governor, n. ছোট বাট; One

next to a governor.

Life, lif, ম. জাবন; প্ৰাণ; সজীবনা; জীবনতাল; The state of living; vitality; animate existence; the period of life:—নৈতিক জাচনন; Moral conduct:
—উৎসাহ; Animation; vivacity; energy:—জীবনচনিত Biography; narrative of a life:—ভালবাসাস্চক কথা; Word of endearment:—সজীব জভ; A living being:—বাস করিবার দ্বীতি; Manner of living:—সামাজিক জববা; Social state —প্রাণী জগং; System of animal nature:—বর্গার হণ, Heavenly felicity:—জীবনী শক্তি; A quickening principle (in a moral sense):—প্রির বস্তু; Darling:—মানবের কাবাবলী; Human affairs.

A matter of life and death—জীবন-নরপের ব্যাপার; A matter involving the risk of the liss of life:—আতি অনুতর ব্যাপার; A very serious matter.

A stuggle for life and death— সাণের নিমিত্ত বাড়া; A struggle which ends either in victory or destruction; a desperate struggle for existence.

For life—আজীবন: বতদিন জীবিত থাকিবে: During the period of one's existence; for the whole period of one's life; as long as one should live.
For one's life, On one's life—ব্দি দ্বীৰ জীবন ক্ষা কহিছে চাই; If one wants to save one's life,

at the risk of forfeiting one's life.

Give life to—পুনজীবিত-স্ . Animate. Hover between life and death—মৰণ বাঁচন সংশ্বৰ একুণ অবস্থাৰ থাকা; Lie in a precurious state.

Lead a life, Live a life—(কোনরপে) জীবনবাণন-কু, Live in a certain manner.

Not for one's life—কোন রকমেই নহে; Not by any means in one's power, even if one were to give one's life.

One's whole life is a lie—বাসার সমস্ত ভীবন সভা ও স্তারবিশ্বর আচরণেই বাপিত হয়; One has been a hypocrite all his life, one has never in all one's life acted honestly and truthfully.

Sell life dearly—প্ৰাণ্যৰ ব্ৰভা, Not to yield without fighting hard, suffer defeat or death after a desperate fight.

Taken or drawn from life—ফীবন্ধ বাজি বা ৰৱ দেখিবা চিত্ৰিড; Drawn from the living original. The life and soul—ৰূল; The chief elements; the root:—জীৰনীপজি; মূলাধার; The leader, the moving or animating spirit.

Through life, All one's life—বরাবর;
আজীবন: During the whole period of one's life.
To the life—টক: অধিকল: টক কীবিতাবছায়
বেনন সেইরলে; Exactly, exactly representing
the original so as closely to resemble the
living person or original.

Life is sweet—স্কলেই বাঁচিতে চাহে; Every one wishes to live. [ life. Life annuity, n. বাৰ্থিক জীবনবৃত্তি; Pension for Life-assurance, lif-ash-shoorans, n. জীবন-বিষা; Lile Insurance.

Life-blood, n. attatactives as; That necessary for life; vital blood.

Life-boat, lifböt, n. আহাত ভারিলে জীবন রক্ষার্থ নৌকা বিশেষ; জনমগুদিশের উদ্ধার তর্গী; জীবনতরী; Buoyant boat to be used at shipwrecks.

Life-buoy, n. जीवन-वत्री; A buoy thrown overboard to any one drowning.

Life-consuming, a. প্রাণনাবক; Wasting life. Life-drop, n. ক্ষির বিকু; Vital drop.

Life-estate, lif-es-tat, n. জীবন ; জীবন সন্থ ; ভোগ কবা সম্পত্তি , Interest for the term of life.

Life-everlasting. n. অনন্ত জাবন; Enternal life. Life-framer, n স্বার; The Almighty.

Life-giving, a. জীবনমণ; উত্তেজক, Imparting

life, invig reating.
Life-guard, lif-ए.trd, n. बीवन-त्रक्रक: ट्रब्डक्क.
बहुती: त्रीक्षा वो छेक्कभटनव वृद्धिय दक्षी: Body-

guard, a guard of a prince or other dignitary.
Life-hold, lifhold, Life-land, lifland, म.
क्षेत्र-वरण्ड क्या; Land held by lease for life.
Life-Insurance, म. कीवन विमा; कीवनांद्ध निक्षांतिज्ञ
शिक्षांत क्षेत्र विश्वां हिंहा; Assurance of a sum of money to be paid at death; a contract by which a sum of money is insured to be paid at the close of a person's life.

Life-interest, n. जीवन-मण ; Life estate.

Lifo-loss, lilles, a. মৃড; Dead:—বিজেজ;
নীনা, বিশাদ: Spiritless; destitute of vigour;
insipid:—নহবগডি: Sluggish. ad=lifelessly,
n=hfelessness Syn:—Defunct, inanimate;
soulless, inert, inactive, unanimated; frigid,
pointless, flat; tasteless.

Lifelessness, liftles-nes, n. নিজেজা; Destitution of life, vigour, and spirit. Syn:—Inactivity, inertness, dulness, sluggishness.

Life-like, a. ঠক; দজীবের ছাত্ত; Like a living person; resembling life. [Through life. Life-long, liflong, a. আজীবন; আজীবনহানী; Life-office, n. Life assurance office.

Life-preserver, life-pre-zérver, n. অধি কাছ বা মজন হততে বকা পাইবার বয় বিশেষ: An appa ratus for preserving lives in cases of fire or ship-wreck.

Life rent, hif'rent, n. আজীবনকাল দেৱ কর; A rent that continues for life; rent for the term of hife. Life time, n. জীবিভাবছা; The time that life continues, duration of life.

Lift, lift, v. t. [A. S. hlifian, to be high ]

इत्स्विन-इ ; छाना ; Raise, elevate, upheave ; bring up to a higher place; upraise: - \$35-7; डेब्रिय-म ; To exalt, improve in fortune, estimation, rank :-- कोउ-कृ: To cause to swell (with pride), clate :--হরণ-ক ; To steal :--লইরা हिना वाद्या ; To take and carry away :- ण. i. केंद्रि हैर्स्त ; केरबानन श्रेरक क्ही-कृ ; To rise, to try to raise; be raised, seem to rise:—n. উত্তোগৰ : Act of lifting or rising :- উল্লোখনীয় ব্যা: বে বস্তুকে উব্যেলিত করিতে চইবে; Thing to be raised :-উভোগিত কবিতে সাহায্য দান : উত্তোলন সহায় ; Assistauce in lifting; that which assists to lift :-উত্তোলন করিবার ঘত্র: An elevator :--উন্নতি : Rise, promotion, degree of elevation.

Give one a lift-বাড়িতে ভুলে দেওৱা ; Take one into a carriage.

Lift up the face—अक्ट्रकार वर्गन-कः मानाम (14); Look to with confidence, cheerfulness and comfort. [ Reinice

Lift up the head—बाज्ञानिङ-कृ: बानिनिङ-इ: Shop lifter-cots; A thief

Lifting jack-উত্তোলন কৰিবাৰ যন্ত্ৰ বা ফল: Apparatus for lifting.

Ligament, lig'a-ment, n. [ L. ligamentum, from ligars, to bind | रकनी ; रकन ; A bandage ; band, ligature: - জ'ত্তদ'ৰে জ fa বী. A membrance connecting the movable bones as= ligamental, ligamentous.

Ligamental, lig-a-mental, Ligamentous, lig-a-mentus, c. म रवाक् म , म रवाक क । अहीवर , Composing or resembling a ligament.

Ligation, h-ga'shun, n. वक्न; मरायांत्र, The state of being bound.

Ligature, lig'a-tur, n. दक्ती ; क्छांनिय तक्त-त्य ; A bandage :- मनीज-चन मः त्यां अक त्रथा ; A line

connecting musical notes.

Light, lit, n. wirete; That agent or force in nature which illuminates objects and renders them visible :- उन्न अमार्थ : That which shines or is brilliant :- पिन ; Day :- आत्मात्कत कांत्र ; योश जात्वाकि इ करत : That which furnishes or is source of light; that which gives light as the sun :-- वाहां प्रशा निवा जात्नां कार्यन करत : जात्नां क वारान-नव ; The medium through which light is admitted; an aperture for admitting light:-कौरन : Life :- िहरखंद कारनांकिङ करन : The illuminated part of a picture :- शिवारिवांक : मानिविक रा बांशाबिक बारनाक ; Mental and spiritual illumination -- জানালোক; বিদ্যাজ্যোতি:; Enlightment :- প্ৰভাৰ : Dawn of day :- প্ৰচাৰ ; প্ৰকাৰ ; Publicity:-- ফুৰের সমন; সৌভাগা: A time of Knowledge :-- প্ৰকাষ পৃষ্ঠ ; Open view :-- আপুথাই ; Favour :-- शांखनामा वास्ति ; विशांख लांक ; A conspicuous person: - - - - - The power of vision :- a. बालाकविनिष्टे ; डेब्ल ; Not dark ; bright; clear: - হাকা; লবু; Not heavy:-চালाक: Nimble :-- नामाक : Slight : trifling :--চৰুল; Unsteady; fickle: — গাচ নয়; Not intense :-- वानुकावत ; Sandy :-- वानुक ; निविज : Loose :- कुन्डबिक; Unchaste :- आरंगामिका ; अनुस ; Amusing, gay: -v, t, \( |\tau | -(7; To kindle; )

ignite, flame :- अवनिष्ठ-क ; वानिष्ठा-त्र ; To set fire to :-- बारलांक विनिष्ठ-क ; To furnish with light :- v. i. वना ; अविष्ठ-ए ; To settle, rest :-चवडत्र-कृ; नांगा ; To come to by chance. ad= lightly, n=lightness. Syn:-(n) Luminous rays, radiance, luminosity, phosphorescence gleam, scintillation, flash; sunrise, dawn, daybreak, daylight; candle, lamp, taper, lighthouse; insight, knowledge, instruction, understanding; interpretation, illustration, explanation; window, pane; aspect, point of view. (a) Buoyant, volatile, not dense; imponderous, not burdensome, portable; easy, not difficult: porous, spongy, loose, sandy; small, inconsiderable; flimsy, unsubstantial; frivolous, unsteady; white, whitish. (v) Illuminate, lighten, irradiate; happen, fall on, find; alight. According to one's light-winights; According to one's knowledge :- निरंबं द्विड বেমন আইসে: According to the knowledge or conviction one has.

Bear the light-अवानिङ कत्रियांद्र (याना-र : मांबादन সমক্ষে প্রকাশ করিবার বোগ্য ছওয়া; Can be made public.

Bring to light-date; Reveal : Cscever. By the light of—অক্তন হইতে বে জান বা আলোক পা अर्थ साय छाइ। है अवनयन कहा ; Availing oneself of the light or knowledge furnished by.

Come to light - eriffe veri ; Be discovered or revealed.

In the light of-car; As. [ to alight. Light down or from - 44534-7; To descend: Light gains make a heavy purse-Small profits and quick return is the best way of gaining wealth.

Light of knowledge—জাৰ প্ৰদীপ।

Light of the countenance—সমূর্য : প্রাদ; Favour ; smile.

Light up-अवनिष्ठ-कृ: Kindle:-ष्ठेश्नोरिष्ठ-कृ: উক্ল-কু; ब्रान्डाव पूत्र-कृ; Animate; cheer up:---राभा-कृ ; পরিষ্ট বা পরিষার-কু ; Elucidate.

Light upon—পতিত-হ; হঠাৎ প্রাপ্ত-হ; হঠাৎ আসিয়া পড়া; হঠাৎ উপলব্ধি করা; Come to by chance; to happen to find; discover to chance. Make light of-अधाश-कृ; किंदूरे नग्न मरन कवा ; To consider as of no account; to treat with indifference; treat anything as of little or no consequence.

See the light-লক্ষর্ণ-ক ; মাত্র্য ক্রতে ক্ষিত্র হ'ভায়া , Be born :- একাৰিড-ই ; Be made public ; come out.

Strike a light-with wind; Light a candle or lamp:--- हरूबिक परिवा वा पितानगाँ पिता जास्त्र दाहित-क ; Produce a light by means of a flint and steel or a match.

Throw or shed light upon--व्यक्ति-त्य; Make more clear ; to explain :- मोडि अमान-क ; বিকশিত-ক ; Dispel the darkness hanging overmake clear to the mind, give a knowledge of, enable one to understand.

Light-brain, \*. 年時時, A booby; a simpleton. Lighten, lite, v. t. [ A. S. leohtan, lyhtan, te Lighter, liter, n. অবাহুত বড় নৌকা; One who or that which lightens; a barge used in lightening or unloading ships, also in loading

them. n-lighterman.

Lighterage, liter-zj, স. লাইটার বৌকা ঘারা আহাতের নাল নামাইবার ভাড়া বা নাল নামান; A price paid for unloading ships by lighters; the act of thus unloading.

Light-fingered, lit-find gerd, a. অপংরণ করিত নিশুণ; অপহরণগরামণ; Thievish; dexterous in stealing. [Thieves

Light-fingered gentlemen—ctৰ দকল ; Light-footed, a. ফুড ; ছবিডণ্ড , কীপ্ৰগ'ড ; Nimble . quick of foot

Light-headed, in hed ed, a. চক্ল, অবিৰেকী; চিতাপুত; চক্লম্ভিছ: Thoughtless; headless; unsteady.

Light-hearted, lif-hārted, a. প্রস্কুর প্রক্রিত . নিক্ষো ; উৎকুল্ল ; Cheerful ; free from anxiety. ad=light-heartedly, n=light-heartedness.

Light-heeled, a. अन्त्रभागी, Numble

Light-horse, lit-hors, n. অন্তর-অরণরে সন্ধিত অবারোহী দেনাদল; Light-armed cavalry.

Light-house, lithows, n. সমূত্ৰণ দেশক আলোক-বৃহ; A house or tower with a light at the top to guide mainers at night.

Light-infantry, līt'-infant-re, গ অন্তৰ্ভয়ন্ত্ৰণত্তে সজ্জিত পদাভিদৰ , Infantry lightly armed.

Light-keeper, n. আলোৰ-গৃহ রক্ষাকাবা . One in charge of a light-house

Light-legged, a জতগামী. Nimble. [slightly. Lightly, ad. উজ্পরপে; আতে আতে; Brightly, Sit lightly on—আহের মধ্যে গণ্য না হওয়া; Be slighted or not thought much of.

Light-minded, lit-minded, a. চক্ৰচিত্ৰ; চক্ৰন্ধনা; স্থিকিকা; Not considerate. [ammais. Lights, lits, n. pl. জাৰৰ বাধুকোৰ; The lungs of Lightsome, litsum, a. প্ৰস্তুৱ; Gay:—লচুচিত্ৰ; প্ৰকৃত্যজনৰ; Airy, cheering: n—lightsomeness. Lightness, littnes, n. লম্বতা; Want of weight Syn:—Volatility, instability, inconstancy, unsteadiness, levity, giddiness, flightness, amness, gayety, liveliness, sprightliness, briskness, swiftness, nimbleness. [thunder Lightning, littning, n. কিছাৰ: Flash attending

Lightning, litning, n. विद्वार ; Flash attending Struck with lightning—व्यक्तिः।

Lightning-conductor—ভড়িৎ সঞ্চালক।

Lightning-proof, a. वर्षानवात्रक; Safe from lightning.

Lightning-rod, litning-rod, n. বছবারক শলাকা; ; সৃহাদি বিজ্ঞাপাত হইতে রক্ষা করিবার ধাতুমর শলাকা; A metallic rod to protect buildings from lightning. Lign-aloes, lin-aloz, Lignaloes, lig-naloz, n. অন্তর্ক কাঠ, Alces-wood.

Ligneous, lig'ne-us, s, [L. lignum, wood]

কাঠ নিৰ্দ্বিত; কাঠবর; কাঠবং; Made of wood; woody; wooden.

Ligniferous, lig-nifer-us, a. [L. lignum, wood, and fero, to bear] withtering; with ; with producing wood.

Lignify, lig'ni-fi, v. t. [L. lignum, wood, facio, to make] 本社 为情况多一章; To turn into wood; to convert into wood:—v. i. 本格。 本格·克; 本格·克; To become wood or woody. n—lignification. [fibre.

Lignine, lig'nin, ন. বিশ্বদ্ধ কাঠতন্ত্ৰ; Pure woody Lignite, lig'nit, ন. কাঠচিক্বিশিষ্ট মুদকাৰ; Mineral coal retaining the texture of wood. a lignitic. Lignum-vitae, lig'num-ve'ta, ন. ক্ষিণ আ্যোনিকাল ফুচকাট বুক্বিশেষ; A south American tree with every hard wood.

Ligule, lig'ul n. [L. lingua, a tongue] ভূপপত্ৰের বিস্থতাংশ, পুশ্রবিশ্বের চর্মরজ্বব সল; The flat part of the leaf of a grass; a strap-shaped petal in certain flowers. [ci us stone.

Ligure, lig'ur, n. বৃত্যুলা প্ৰস্তৰ বিশেষ; A p.e. Like, lik, a [Ge. leik, body, kind, form] স্বান; সুলা, সদৃশ; Similar:—সম্বতঃ; সম্বত্যর, Probable.—স সাদৃস; An exact resemblance:—মতিক্তি প্রস্তান্তি, A liking:—ad. সম্বতঃ; ত্লাকপে, Probably, in a like manner; likely. Syn.—(a) Correspondent, similar, resembling, analogous, allied, paralled, likely, probable.

Like, lik, v. f. গছল-কৃ, অনুযোদন-কৃ; মনোনীত-কৃ; উপভোগ-কৃ; To approve; to prefer; to enjoy . v. i. সত্তই-ড়; To be pleased, to choose. Syn :— Love, approve. choose, relish, esteem, fancy.

And the like—এই প্ৰকাৰ আৰও, Things of a similar character. [Had nearly, come near. Had like to have—প্ৰায় (যাৰ যাৰ) হউবাহিল; In all likelihood -গুৰ সম্ভবতঃ; In all probability; most probably.

Likes and dislikes—অপুরাগ এবং বিরাগ, Preferences and antipathies.

Likely, likli, a. সম্বৰ, বিশাসবোগা; Probable; creditable; having or giving reason to believe:
—আনুষ্ণায়ক, মনোচয়; হুজী; Pleasing; handsome.—ad. স্বৰ্গয়; Probably. n=likelihood, likeliness

Liken, lik'n, v. t. তুলনা ক; সায়ত অমণন-ক; To compare; to represent as similar; compare with.

Likeness, liknes, n. সাৰ্ভ ; Resemblance :—
ছবি ; চিত্ৰ , আলেখ্য ; অতিমূৰ্ত্তি ; Portrait ; picture ;
effigy. Syn :—Similarity, parallel, similitude ;
counterpart, semblance, from ; representation,
effigy, image. [ Produce a likeness or image.
Take a likeness—ছবি আৰা বা চেহারা ডোলা Likewise, lik'wiz, adv. অপিট; আরও; অধিকত্ত;
Also; morcover; too.

Liking, liking, n. অভিকৃতি; আজাদ; সংস্কাৰ; প্ৰজ্ব; অবস্থা; Inclination; satisfaction; pleasure; condition. [Have a fancy for, like. Have a liking for—পছৰ বা মনোমত হতা; To one's liking—কি পছৰসহি; কি মনেয় মত; Exactly as one wishes it to be, exactly suiting one's taste, Idino, if lak, so. with the pretty flowering shrub.

Talliaceous, lil-i-ম'shus, a. প্রস্তাতীয় ; প্রবং ; Pertaining to or like lilies. [ lilies.

Lilied, lind, a. প্র-শোভিড; Embellished with Liliput, ম. ক্রিড বীপ্রাসী; An imaginary island of dwarfs, a=liliputian.

Lilliputian, lil-i-pu'shian, n. কুৰ্ক্তনায় বা বামনাকায় লোক; A person of small size; a dwarf:—a. প্রকা-কায়; কুক্তনায়; বামন; Of diminutive body and narrow size; of small size; dwarfish.

Lilt, lilt, v. i. কি এতা সহকারে কাজ-কু; ক্টচিতে গান বা বেলা করা; To do anything dexterously or quickly; to song or play mertily:—n. প্রস্তা-ক্ষক কীত বা ক্ষর; A cheerful song or air.

Lily, lift, n. নলিনী; পছ; A flower:—Emblem of France:—পদাধ; A bulbous plant. a= lilied (পদ্মবিশিষ্ট; Having lilies).

Lily of the Vally—প্রজাতীর এক প্রকার মূপ, A well-known and much-loved flower of the lily genus.

Lily handed, a. They; White handed.

Lily white-White as the petals of a lily.

Limb, lim, n. এতাৰ, অব ; Joint or part of an animal body; arm or leg —তরুশাধা; বৃদ্ধের শাধা, Branch of a tree :—প্রাপ্তভাগ ; ধাব ; Edge ; border :—v.t. অববিশিষ্ট-ক ; প্রতান্ত বা শাধা সংবোজিত-ক ; To supply with limbs ;—অবহান-ক , প্রতান্ত বা শাধা বিছিন্ত-ক ; To tear off the lambs ; to dismember. Syn.—(n) Member, arm, leg ; branch, bough. Limb of the law, Limb of the devil—অব্য উকীৰ, An unmannerly lawyer.

Limber, limber, a. নমনীয় ; বগু; Pliant, easily bent; flexible:—v.t. নমনীয়-কু; To cause to become limber:—সংঘোজিত-কু. To attach to the limbers as a gun:—n. কামানেব গাড়ীর যে আংশে সংঘোজিত হয়; That part of a guncarriage consisting of two wheels and a shaft to which the horses are attached.

Limbo, limbo, Limbus, limbus, n. নৰ্কেৰ্ বাস্ত; নরকোপাস্তবত্তী ক্ষেত্ৰ ; Frontier of hell, a region on the borders of hell:—নরক: Place where the souls of christains are lodged till doomsday:—কারাপার; অব্যোধ স্থান; Prison; a place of confinement.

Lime, lim. গ. নেবুৰ গাছ; A tree:—নেবু, জনীব,
A fruit allied to the lemon:—পাৰী ধৰিবাৰ আটা;
Bird-lime:—চূৰ্ব; Calcareous matter; the white
caustic substance obtained from limstone, &c.:
—গ. ৪. জনাট-ক; সংযুক্ত-কু; To cover with lime;
to smear with lime; to cement:—আনে আবদ্ধকু; পাশবদ্ধ-কু; কানে কেবা; To insnare.

Lime-juioe, lim-jus, n. লেব্ৰ আৰক, The acid juce of the lime.

Limekiln, limkil, n. চ্ৰ পোডাইবার পালা, চ্বের ভাটা, A kiln or furnace for burning lime.

Lime-stone, n. চুবের পাধর; বুলিং; Carbonate of lime.

Lime-tree, n. ইয়োরোপীর বৃক্তিশেষ; The laidentree with heast-shaped leaves.

Lime-twig, lim-twig, n. পাৰী ধৰিবাৰ আটা বাধাৰ ভাল ; A twig smeared with bird-lime,

Lime-water, s. orts we ; Water impregnated with lime.

Limit, limit, n. [ L. limus, transverse ] शोख : नोमा ; A boundary :— मण्ड ; Utmost extent :— ममन ; Restrain :— नोमा , Restriction :— ए. र. नीमावच-इ ; To bound, circumscribe :— ममम-इ ; नरवज्ज ; To restrain. Syn :— (n) Bound, border, confine, marches, precincts; end, termination, stop; restraint, hinderance, obstruction. (v) Confine, define, restrict.

Limit to—সীমা নির্দেশ করিয়া দেওরা; Set to limit:

—কিছু ভিতরে থাকা, তার বাহিবে না যাওয়া; Come to.
Limitable, limit-a-bl, a. সীমাবদ্ধ করণ বোগ্য; সীমাবদ্ধ করপ্র; দমা; That may be bounded or restrained.

Limitary, a. मीमात्व शांगिङ ; भीमांच मात्र जांगक ; Placed at the limit ; confined within limits.

Limitation, lim-it-Z'shun, n. দীমাবধারণ; দীমাবদ করণ; That act of bounding or restraining:— মিবাদ; ডামাদির কাল, Restriction; restraint.

Limited, hmit-ed, a. স্থাৰণ ; নিশ্বাহিত , সামান্ত ; নিন্দ্ৰমাণীন ; Narrow ; restricted. n-limitedness. ad=limitedly.

Limited liability, a. Liability restricted to the value of the shares which are horded in a joint stock company.

Limitless, limit-les, a. অসীয়; বিশাল; অনভ:
Boundless, immense; infinite. Syn:—Unbounded, illimitable, unlimited.

Limn, lum, v. t. চিত্রিভ-কু; চিত্র-কু; Draw, paint. Limner, lumner, n. চিত্রকর; A portrait-painter, Limous, limius, c. আটাযুক্ত; আঠাল; কর্মমন্ত্র; Slimy; gluey; muddy.

Limp, limp, a. [Ger. lam, lame] নমনীয়, ছীন-বল, Flexil le; weak:—v.i. গমনে বিয়ত-ছ; পুঁডিয়া ইটো; To halt; to walk lamely; hobble:—n. গমনে বিয়তি; পুঁডিয়া চলার কাষ্য; পোঁড়ান; A halt; act of limping.

Limpet, n. শৰুক বিশেষ ; A small shell-fish.

Limpid, linipid, a. [G. lampein, to shine]
ৰচ্ছ, নিৰ্মান; বিগুদ্ধ; Transparent, clear; pure.
ns=limpidness, limpidity (ৰচ্ছতা); Syn:—
Clear, pellucid, lucid, translucent.

Limpingly, lumping-li, ad. ধোঁডাইতে খোঁডাইতে; In a lumping manner. [ nous; viscous. Limy, limi, a. আটাবৃক্ত; আঠাব; Sticky gluti-Linch-pin, linsh'pin, ম. গাভিব চাকার বিব; A pin used to prevent the wheel of a carriage from sliding off the axle.

Lindon, lindon, n. বৃক্ বিশেষ; A kind of tree.
Line, lin, n. [ L linea, a linen thread, from
linum, flax ] বেখা; Longitudinal extension,
having length without breadth or thickness:

—হক্ষ হতা; হতা, A slender strong cord, rope:
—সাবি; গড়ভি, শ্রেণী; A row; a rank:—কবিতা;
পদ্য পদ্যভি; A verse —এক ইকের বাদশাংশ; The
12th of an inch:—বসভা নরা, নরা, Outline:—
শৈক্ষপ্রেণী; Row of soldiers:—উপ্দেশ, Direction:
—ব্যানায়, বৃত্তি; Occupation:—নিয়মিক প্রযাভি
সেনাঘন; পদাতিক সৈপ্ত; The regular infantry of
an army; infantry:—পাত; Trench.—Railway course:—বিবৃত্ত কেথা; Equator:—পিছিবার;

Family: -- विषय जन्म : A mark or lineament : -कार्वाध्यमानी ; Course of conduct, thought, occupation, or policy directed towards an object :-नीयां ; Limit :- बातां ; खनानी ; Method : course : —শব ; Lint ; flax :— কুন্তলিপি : কুন্ত পত্ৰ ; A short letter or note :-- বিভাগ ; Department :-- বংশ ; Ancestry or descendants of a given person :-খ. ঠ. ভিডর আছোদিত-কু; ভিডর দিকে কিছু দিরা সমা-38-3; To place in a line; to cover on the inside with linen :-- রকার্থ (কিছুর) পার্যে রাখা; To place along by the side of for guarding :- CATA কিছু বোগ করিয়া স্বল-কু; To strengthen by additional works or men :-- v. i. বেগাবত-ক ; To mark or cover with lines :- অভ্যন্তর ভাগে আবৃত-কু; Cover on the inside : —পছক্তি পছক্তি পাঠ-কু; To read or repeat line by line :- রক্ষার জন্ত পার্বে রাধা; To place along the side of for defence. pl=lines (fortifications, boundaries). Syn :- (n) Stroke, streak; straight direction, parallel direction; row, rank; succession, series; lineage, race, family : occupation, employment, pursuit calling; equator; equinoctial; note, short letter. a verse in poetry; twelfth of an inch.

A hard and fast line—বাধা নিয়ম; দে সীমা প্রতেস বা নিয়ম অভিক্রম করিবার বো নাই; A limit or line of demarkation that can not be crossed—a strict distinction, a strict injunction that cannot be violated. [nces; unfortunate fate or lot. Hard lines—কুঠাগা; Distressing circumsta-

Line of battle—বৈশ্ব-বিশ্বাস; The disposition of an army.

[ conduct.
Line of conduct-ধার]; বীচি; Course of

Dine of conduct—Vial; alls; Course of On the line—At the right height—said of pictures, as hung at Exhibition.

Ship of the line—মুদ্ধ জাহাজ, A vessel of war carrying seventy-four guns or more.

Lineage, line-aj, n. [ L. linea, line ] কুল; বংশাবলী; জাতি; বংশ: Race; family; descent. Syn.—Progeny, off-pring, descendants, house, geneology, birth, ancestry.

Lineal, line-al, a. বংশীয়; একবংশসভত, Descended in a direct line from an ancestor:—বেধাময়; বৈশিক; Composed of lines. ad=lineally.

Lineally, adv. का नीचूकरन ; In a direct line.

Lineament, line-a-ment, স. [F. from L. linea. line] মুখাবয়ৰ, আফুচি; Feature; line, trait. Linear, line-ar, a. বেখাময়; বেখাবিশিষ্ট; সরল; Consisting of lines; straight. ad=linearly.

Lineation, lin-e-ashun, n. Same as Delineation.

Linemen, n. Men employed on a railway.

Linen, linen, n. [L. linum, flax] পাঠ বা পণের
বহু; প্তী কাপড়; অন্তঃপরিছেদ; Cloth made of
flax; under part of dress:—a. পাট বা শোণ
বিশ্বিত; প্তী কাপড়ের সদৃশ; Made of flax; resembling linen cloth.

Liner, n. নিরম্বত গ্রমাগ্যনকারী জাহাজ; A vessel belonging to a regular series of packets.

Ling, ling, n. স্বিভিক বংস্য; A marine fish:— ভ্ৰম বিশেষ; Heather.

Idnger, ling ger, v. i.. ( A. S. lengra, compasative of lang, long ] বিলখ-ৡ; ড় | বৃদ্ধ-ৡ; ইত-

च्छ:- इ : विया-इ : To loiter ; to hesitate. Syn :--Lag, tarry, stop, idle, dawdle.

Lingering, ling ger-ing, a. বিলৰকাৰী; চিৰকাৰী; দীৰ্ঘলহামী; Protracted; slow; tardy:—দীৰ্ঘলহামী; A remaining long.

Linguadental, ling-gua-den-tal, a. জিজাদতা: জিজা ও দত্ত খাবা উচ্চারিত; Uttered by the joint use of the tongue and teeth:—দ. জিজাদতা শব; জিজা ও দত্ত খাবা উচ্চারিত শব; A sound thus produced.

Lingua Franca, n. The commercial language of the Levant—Compound of French, Italian, Arabic &c.

Lingual, ling'gwal, a. [L. lingua, the tongue] জিলাসংকাত; জিলা সম্বন্ধীয়; Pertaining to the tongue:—n. জিলামূলীয় বৰ্ণ; জিলা তারা উচ্চারিত বৰ্ণ; A letter pronounced mainly by the tongue. ad=lingually. [in language.

Linguist, ling'gwist, n. ভাষাবিদ্; One skilled Linguistic, ling-gwistik, Linguistical, linggwistik-al, a. ভাষা সম্বভীয়, বিভিন্ন ভাষা ও ভাছাদের ঐক্য বিষয়ক; Relating to linguistics or to the affinities of language.

Linguistics, ling-gwistiks, n. sing. with a ; The science of languages.

Liniment, lini-ment, n. [ L. lino, to besmear ]
পাতলা মলম প্ৰেল ; Ointment : balsam.

Lining, lining, n. রেণা ছারা চিন্সিত করণ; রেণাছন Act of drawing lines upon or marking with lines:—আন্তর; অন্তর; সপ্রাব; আন্তর্ত্তীণ আবরণ; The covering of the inner surface of anything.

Link, lingk, n. শুমুল; শিকলের কড়া: A ring of a chain:—বোগ; Connection:—সংযোজক প্ৰাৰ্থ; Anything connecting:—উদ্ধা; মুলাল; Torch:—

v.হ. শুমুল ছারা সংযুক্তক; To connect as by a link:
—সম্মন প্রেলাড সম্মিলিড-ক; To unite in a series:
—সম্মিলড-ক; To join in a confederacy:—v. i.
সংযুক্ত-হ; To be connected. Syn:—(n) Bond, tie, connective, copula, vinculum. (v) Bind, tie, join, conjoin, fasten.

A link is a chain—(বটুকু হইলে সমত পুরণ হয়; An intermediate part which supplies an omission and serves to complete the whole,

Connecting link--বন্ধন-সূত্ৰ।

Link-boy, lingkboy, n. বে বালক মশাল লইয়া গুলিকলিপ্যকে প্ৰপ্ৰদশন করে; A boy who carries a link or torch to light travellers.

Links, n. pl. এক প্রকার বল্ ধেলার উপযোগী ভূষিণভ বিশেষ; A stretch flat ground on which game of golf is played.

Linnson, Linnosn, n. Pertaining to Linnœus, the celebrated Sweedish botanist or to his system. [পকী বিশেষ; A song bird. Linnet, lihet, n. [L. linum, flax] n. বাহৰ Linoloum, lin-o'le um, n. [L. linum, flax, and olum, oil] সহতবে পাতিবার কাপড় বিশেষ; A

kind of floor-cloth. Linseed, linsed, Lintseed, linsed, m. মৃদিনা; ভিনি . Lint or flax seed.

Linseedoake, hinsēd-kāk. গা. যদিনার খোল; মনী-নার খইল; The cake remaining when the oil is pressed put of flax-seed, Innspedofi—ব্যিনার তৈল ; A yellow oil obtained from the seed of the flax plant.

Linsey-wolsey, linze-woolze, স. স্তা ও পাৰ 'মিজিড বন্ধ; Stuff of linen and woolen mixed:—a স্তা ও পাণ্য নির্মিত; পাণ্য ও কার্পাস বারা প্রস্তত; Made of linen and woolen:—নীচ; Of unsuitable part; vile; mean.

Linstock, linstok, n. কাষাৰে আছন দিবাৰ কছ অজ্ঞানত পলাকাৰাহী দও; A staff to hold a lighted match for firing cannon.

Lint, lint, \* মন্ত্ৰের বন্ধ : ক্ষত স্থানে প্রেরার করিবার জন্ত নুরুষ কাপড়; Soft-flaxen sustance, linen scraped for sores.

Lintel, lintel, n. চৌকাটের উপরিস্থ কা?, বাবপিত্রী. Horizontal beam over a door or window.

Lion, Irun, n. সিংহ, A large and fierce fourfooted beast:—সিংহরাশি; A sign of the zodiac. —কৌতুহলোদীশক বস্তু; An object of interest and currosity. fem=lioness.

Lion-hearted, l'un-hārted, a. সি'হের সাহসবিশিষ্ট, সিংহেৰ জ্ঞান সাহসী; Having the heart or courage of a lion. [hunts lions or curiosities. Lion-hunter—ৰে সিংহ শিকাৰ কৰে; One who Lionise, l'un-îz, ৩. ৫. শেষ্ট বোৰে সম্মান-কৃ, কৌজুরলোদীপক বস্তুর জ্ঞাব ব্যবহাৰ-কৃ; To treat as-a

lion or object of interest.

Lion-mettled, a. সাহদিক, Brave as a lion

Lion's share, The lion's share of—প্রাথ
সমস্ত , The whole or undue share, a disproportionately large share, all or nearly all.

Lip, hp, n. 如明末; 68, Outer part of the month.
— 五河 ; The edge of anything:—v. t. 長曜司 ;
李明 李明; To touch with the tips, kiss; to speak.

Syn — (n) Edge, border, brim.

Becape from one's lips—হঠাৎ মূণ থেকে বেড়িছে পড়া; Fall from one's lips accidentally or unintentionally.

[ Be lettered by.

Fall from one's lips—মুখ খেকে বাহিৰ হত্যা, Lip devotion, n. কপট পুজা Devotion of the lip and not of the heart.

Lip good, a. रुने हिटेडपी; Good in talk without p. actice. | sentiments.

Lip labour—ভাৰবিচীন বাকা; Words without Lipped, lipt. a. জগরোঠবিশিষ্ট; সমূহত বা পোলাকার প্রাপ্তবিশিষ্ট; Having a raised or rounded edge re-embling the lip.
[without practice. Lip wisdom, n. জনার বিজ্ঞতা; Wise talk

Liquation, li-kwa'shun, n. [L. liquo, liquatum, to melt] जावन ; जावनांक ; The state of being melted.

Liquefaction, lik-we-latshun, n. জাৰণ বা জাৰণ প্ৰধানী; Act or operation of melting or dissolving. Syn:—Melting, thawing, dissolution, colliquation, fusion.

Liquefy, likwe-fi, v. t. [L. liquere, to be liquid, and facere, to make] 34-5; 544-5; To make liquid; to dissolve; colliquate, fuse:

-v. i. 44-5; 544-5; To became liquid. n= liquefaction.

Liquescent, li-kwesent, a. [ L. liquesco, to come liquid ] তাৰ ভাগিনিত্ত : তাৰণনীক , Becoming liquid ; inclined to melt; melting, n=

liquescency (মুখনীৰত)! [spirit; a cordial. Liquer, lik-ér', n. সুগৰি কুখাছু মৰা; A flavered Liquid, likwid, a. [L. liquidus, from liquere, to be liquid] কৰ; তরল; নরল; Fluid; soft; smioth:—নির্মান ; ৰজে; Clear; transparent:—n. তরল পালাব, ক্রব কুবা; A flowing substance:—নহজ উচ্চারিত বর্ণ; A letter having a smooth flowing sound. n=liquidity, liquidness. Syn:—Flowing; mellifluous, sweet, dulcet, soft and clear.

Liquidate, likwid-At, v. t. [L. liquidare, from liquidus, liquid, clear] পরিবোধ-তু পরিভার-তু: কেউলিয়া সম্পত্তির গোলবোগ মিটান; To pay off; to clear off; to arrange or wind up the affairs of a bankrupt estate. n=liquidation. Syn:—Adjust, settle; discharge.

Liquidation, lik-wi-da'shun, n. টাকাকডিব চিসাৰ পৰিকাৰ কৰণ; দেওলিয়া সম্পত্তিৰ পোলবোগ মিটাল; The clearing up of money affires, the adjustment of the affairs of a bankrupt estate. Liquidator, lik-wi-dat'or, n. পরিশোধকাবী, হিসাবাদি পরিকারকাবক; He who or that which settles and adjusts.

Liquor, liker, n. [L. liquere, to be liquid ] তব্ৰপ্ৰাৰ্থ; কৰা; মন্তা, উত্তেজনক কৰা, Strong drink. Syn:—Liquid, fluid, decoction; solution, tincture; spirituous fluid, alcoholic liquid, drink, beer, spirits, wine.

Liquorioe, hkur-is, n. [Gr. glykys, sweet, and rhisa, root] 观智慧; A plant; prepared juice of the plant.

Libp, lip, v i. আগাই কথা কগা, আধ আধ কথা ক্যা; To speak with a defective utterance; to draw like a child; to utter imperfectly:—v. া. অক্ট ব্যে বলা; অক্ট উচ্চারণ-ড়; To pronounce with a lisp:—n. আৰ আধ কথা; অক্টোচ্চারণ; লক্ট উচ্চারণ অন্তাস; The act of habit of lisping.

Lisping, a. অক্টোজাৰী; Pronouncing with a lisp:—n. অক্ট কংল; The act of speaking with a lisp ad=li pingly.

List, list, n [A. S. list, a list of cloth, Ger. lista, border] কাপড়েব কালি; কাপড়েব প্রান্ধ, জাচন; A strip of cloth; a border of cloth — তালিকা; Roil, register; catalogue.—প্রান্ধ, বার; কিনারা, Border, edge:—pl. রমভূমি; Enclosed ground for tournaments:—ক্ষুক্তরি বেটিত ভ্রুব ; The ground inclosed for a combat:—
v. t. শেলাই-কৃ; To sew together as strips of cloth:—তালিকাভূক-কৃ; Enlist; enrol; register in a list:—ক্রাবে বেটিত করা. To enclose for contest:—v. i. ইজ্যা-কৃ; ইজ্কক-ছ; প্রকাশ-কৃ; মনোরাত-কৃ; To desire; to choose; to like or please:—ফ্রে তোলা; তালিকাভ্রুক-ছ; To enlist —
ব্রুব-কৃ; To hearken; to listen. Syn:—Selvage, strip; row, line, limit, boundary, border, fillet, annulet, listel; roll, catalogue, register, inventory, schedule.

List, v. t. or v. i. dim. Of listen.

Civil list, n. Expenses of civil officers of government.

Enter the lists—que diase; fair signe; Engage in combat; engage in contest.

List of names—नामावली।

Listen, lisn, v. t. मत्नारवान-कृ; अवन-कृ; To attend to ; to hear :-- ए. i. अवन-कृ ; भरनारवान-कृ ; ৰ্ণাত-ৰ ; To hearken ; to give ear; to obcy :-Syn :- Hear, give ear; heed, observe, obey.

Listen to মনোবোগপুৰ্বক তনা; Hear with [ hearkens. attention.

Listener, liśn-ér, n. অবাকর্তা ; আতা ; One who Listful, a. मरनारवानी ; Heedful ; careful.

Listless, list'les, a. আমনোখোগী; অনবহিত; আনাবিষ্ট; Careless; heedless; inattentive:---ইচ্ছাপুত্ত; উদাসীন; Having no desire; uninterested :-- निश्चित्र ; अवन ; Weary ; indolent. n= listlessness, ad = listlessly. Syn :- Thoughtless, inattentive, indifferent, vacant, languid, supine. indolent.

Listleseness, n. অমনোগেগিতা; The state of Syn :- Inattention, heedlessbeing listless. ness, carelessness; languidness, indolence, [ alight. supineness, torpidity.

Lit, p. p. of Light, to lighten, and Light to Litany, lit'a-ni, n. প্রার্থনা ; প্রার্থনাপদ্ধতি ; A form

of supplication in public worship.

Literal, lifer-al, a. [ L. leteralis, from litera, a letter ] অবিকল; প্রকৃত; অলভার বর্জিড; সরল; Word for word : following the exact words or letters; not figurative; plain. n=literalness, ad-literally. Syn :- Real, exact, verbal, word

Literary, liter-ar-e, a. [ L. literarious, from litera, a letter ] সাহিত্য-বিৰয়ক; সাহিত্যয়টত; विवान ; Belonging to letters or hterature ; learned. Syn :- Erudite, scholarly, bookish, skilled in learning.

Literary labours—গ্ৰন্থাদি অপ্যন।

Literate, lit-er-nt, a. পাছত; শিক্ষিত : বিছান ; Learned; versed in letters; literary:-n. পৃতিত ; শিক্ষিত অধচ উপাবিপ্রাপ্ত নয এমন ব্যক্তি ; One educated but not having taken a university degree; a literary man.

Literateur, n. সাহিত্যাসুরাগী; পরিত, One versed in literature ; a literary man.

Literati, lit-cr-a'ti, n. pl. विषदमभाज ; Men of letters, the learned.

Literator, lit-ér-a'tor, n. বৰ্ণশিক্ষ , পাঠশালার শিক্ক; বিশান; A petty school-master; a learned man.

Literature, liter-a-tur, n. সাহিত্য; The whole body of literary productions:—विमा ; खान ; Learning. Syn:—Lore, erudition, learning, belles-lettres.

Light literature—उन्हान ; Works of fiction. Literature Polite-Literary works of elegance and taste. [ erudition. pl = literati. Literatus, n. 9/65; A learned man; man of Lith, n. मचि व अत ; विष्ठांग ; आत ; A joint or limb; a division.

Lithe, lith, n. अत्र ; Limb ; joint :- a. नमनीत ; সহজে অমনশীল ; Flexible ; easily bent :—তৎপর ; Active. n=litheness. Syn .- (a) Pliant, limber, [ ble ; nimble. n=lithesomeness. Lithesome, li'th'sum, a. नमनीत ; Supple, flexi-

Lithic, a. वावत्रमच्चीय ; Consisting of or pertaining to the stone in the bladder; uric.

Lithograph, litho-graf, n. [Gr. lithos, a stone, and grapho, to write] পাখরের উপর বেখা ভবিছা ছাপা ; প্ৰস্তাহন হইতে কাগছে ছাপা ; A print from drawing on stone :- v. t. शांदात निवित्रा छारा হইতে কাগজে ছাপ লওয়া ; প্রস্তার অন্তিড-ড় : To trace on stone. a = lithographic.

Lithographer, lith-og'ra-fer, n. (4 वाकि लागा নিধিয়া তাহা হইতে ছাপ এহণ করে; One who prac-

tises lithography.

Lithographic, lith-o-grafik, Lithographical, lith-o-grafik-al, a. পাধরে লিখিরা ডাহা হইতে ছাপ লইবার কৌশল-সংক্রান্ত; Pertaining to

lithography. ad = lithographically.

Lithography, lith-og'raf-i, n. পাৰ্বের উপর বেখা তুলিয়া ছাপা; পাধরে লিখিয়া তাহা হইতে ছাপু লইবার কৌশন বা বিদ্যা; The art of engraving on stone and printing there from. [One skilled in lithology. Lithologist, lith-olo-jist, n. প্রস্তর্জ পৃতিত ; Lithology, lith-olo-ji, n. [Gr. lithos, a stone, and logos, discourse] अखन विवन विवन : अखन-ত ; Natural history of stone. a=lithological. Lithophyte, litho-fit, n. [Gr. lithos, stone, and phyton, plant ] প্রত: প্রস্ত উড়িপ্ এতর্কর कारण काठीयमान कांखर भगार्थ: An animal production apparently both stone and plant, as coral.

Lithotomist, lith-oto-mist, n. 四利取取中等;

One who practises lithotomy.

Lithotomy, lith-ofo-mi, 71. वाशीतराक्षमन : অগ্নীরছেদ; The operation of cutting for stone in the bladder. n=lithotomist.

Lithotripsy, Lithotrity, n. [Gr. lithos, stone, and tribo, to grind] अशोतका ; The operation of breaking a stone in the bladder. Lithotriptist, n. অশীরভঙ্গপটু; One skilled in

lithotripsy.

Litigable, lit'i-ga-bl, a. আইন অনুসারে বিচার্য; Such as may be contested in law.

Litigant, ht'i-gant, a. (भाकमभात क्रक ; Engaged in lawsuit :- n. মোকদ্মাকারী; A person engaged in a law-suit.

Litigate, lit'i-gat, v. t. [L. litis, a strife and ago, to do] (भाकक्यां-कू; आहेन अनुमाद्य विशामशानीक कत्रो ; To contest in law :- v. i. সোकस्था-क ; To carry on a law-suit. n=litigation.

Liligation, lit-e-ga'shun, n. [ L. lis, litis, strife at law, and agere, to make ] त्यांक क्या ; Act of carrying on a process at law. Syn:-Legal process, lawsuit; disputing, contending, verbal strife.

Litigious, le-tife-us, n. [ L. litigiosus, from litigium, dispute, quarrel] त्याक्क्याधित ; विवाना-बीन ; Inclined to engage in law-suits : contentious; subject to contention. n=litigiousness, Syn :- Quarrelsome, ad=litigiously. disputatious.

Litotes, lit'o-tez, n. [Gr. litotes, simplicitylitos, plain ] अनकात निरमक ; A rhetorical figure. Litre, le'tr, n. क्यांमी अवनज्ञात्त्रात शतिमान वित्नव : A French liquid measure, equal to 176 English pints.

Litter, lit'er, n. [ F. litiere, from, L. lectus, bed ] সম্বালভাত ভৱন শাব্ৰসমূহ; ছোট পণ্ডর भारतम्भ ; Young produced at a birth by animals; a brood of small brutes: -পত্ৰ कृतनेवा ; अवन विद्याना ; Bed for beasts : - विकिश्व সাবাস্ত প্রব্যস্থাত ; A scattered mass of objects, particularly of little value :- इड़ान अड़ ; Scattered straw :- क्ला ; क्लान ; Mass of rubbish :-শিবিকা; বান বিশেষ; A vehicle with a bed for carrying about :-- বিশ্বনতা ; A condition of disorder or confusion - . t. (ছোট প্ৰৱ শাবৰ ) প্ৰস্ব-ক ; To give birth to (said of small animals) :- इज़ान ; इज्ज्जः विकिश-क ; To scatter carelessly about : - ভূণব্যায় সন্ধিত-কু; To supply cattle with beds :- v. i. अनव-कृ ; To produce a litter or brood. Syn:—(n.) Couch; bedding of straw; brood, mess, confusion.

Little, lit'l, a. কুড় (ছাট. Small:—আল্ল; Not much or many:—ৰীচ; Mean:—সামান্ত; অপ্ৰবল; Brief; slight:—n. সামান্ত ছাল; কিঞ্ছিৎ; Small space or quantity:—ad. অন্ধিক; আলু; অভ্যন্ত প্ৰিমাণে; Not much. n.—littleness. Syn:—(a) Minute, diminutive, tiny, pigmy, short; scanty, inconsiderable, slender, feeble, weak, trivial, paltry, mean, selfish, narrow, contemptible.

[ degree; for a short time.
A little—আল আল, অলুকণেৰ আল, By a small

A little bird says—কোন বাজি বলে ( তাহার নাম মা বলা ); Some one who shall remain nameless,

Little by little, By little and little—जप कप्प, बाद बादा, Gradually; by small degrees. Little go, n. Intermediate examination at a university.

Little pitchers have long ears—Children hear what is said when you little think it.

Little strokes fell great oaks—সামান্ত চেপ্তাৰ মহৎ কাৰ্য্য হইতে পাৰে, Great things may be done by many small efforts.

Lot a little—ৰঙাত ; অবল ; Not in a very small degree ; very much.

Littleness, lit'l-nes, n. 氧石 ; The state or quality of being little. Syn:—Smallness, slightness; inconsiderableness, insignificance; meanness, paltriness, shabbiness.

Littoral, lit'or-al, a. সমুমতীর সম্বাদ্ধির সামার সংক্রান্ত: সাগরতীরত্ব ; Belonging to the sca-shore : n.—তীরভূমি ; The strip of land along the shore. Liturgios, litur'jiks, n. নিক্সপিত উপাসনাপদ্ধতি সম্বাদ্ধির স্কুটির স্থানিক বিশ্বাহিত : বিস্কৃতির বিশ্বাহিত : বিস্কৃতির বিশ্বাহিত : বিস্কৃতির বিশ্বাহিত : বিস্কৃতির :

Liturgist, lit'ur-jist, n. ভোত্ৰমালাবিং; নির্নপিত উপাসনাগছতির পৃষ্ঠপোষক বা তপৰকাৰী; One skilled in hturgy.

Liturgy, lit'ur-ji, n. খুটায় ভ্ৰনালয় বিশেৰের নির্মাত উপাদনা-পছতি; ভোতা পছতি, ভোতা নানা; The form of service or established ritual of a church; formulary of public devotion, a liturgic, liturgical.

Live, liv, v. i. জীবত থাকা; বাঁচিয়া থাকা; টিকা; To have life; to exist; to last:—বাস-কু; To dwell:—জীবনধারণ-কু; পৃষ্ট-হওয়া; To feed; subsist; be nourished or supported:—v. i. ব্যৱ-কু, আভি-

বাহিত-কৃ; To spend:—(কোন কিছু) অনুসারে চলা গ (কোন কিছুর) অনুসারে কার্ব্য-কৃ; To act in conformity with. n=liver. Syn:—Breathe, subsist, be alive; remain, continue, endure; abide, reside; feed, be nourished; be supported, obtain, livelihood; enjoy life, be happy, fare; lead, pass.

Live, liv, a. জীবিড; স্নীব; Alive; having life:
—প্রস্কা; চালাক; Lively; active:—বলাক; সমুক্তন;
Burning; vivid. Syn:—Animate, quick, not dead; not extinguished, burning; active, earnest, vivid, glowing.

Live above one's means—আৰ অপেকা ব্যক্ত অধিক-কু; Spend more than one's income.

Live alone—একাকী থাকা; Be solitary; keep house by one's self.

Live by—কোন ব্যবসা বা কার্যোর ছারা জীবিকা আচরণ-কু; Earn one's livelihood by (some means).

Live by one's wits—কৌশল কৰিয়া জীবিকা নিকাহ-ক; Live after the fashion of one, who, with more versatility than solidity, lives on expedients; carn one's livelihood by means of literary labours.

Live down—ভাল জীবন দেধাইছা দমন-কু; লোকের উণহাস বা নিন্দা শুভিক্রম করিছা জীবিত থাকা; Put down by one's manner of living; live so as to subdue or refute. [ of dissipation.

Live fast—লম্পটভাবে জীবনবাপন-কু; Lead a life Live from hand to mouth—দিন আনে দিন বায়; Live precariously without provision for the future, obtain food and other necessaries as want requires without having an abundant previous supply.

Live on or upon—কোন ব্ৰহা ভক্ষণ কৰিছা জীবন-ধাৰা-ক; Feed; subsist on; maintain oneself by eating:—(কোন কিছুৱ ছাৱা) জীবিকা নিৰ্বাহ-ক; Be supported by.

Live out one's day—cts tivi; Continue to livi. [married.

Live single—অবিবাহিত থাকা; Not to be Live up to—কোন নিবম অনুসারে চলা; Conform the life and conduct to; to make the life consistent with.

Live up to one's means—সমৰ আৰু ব্যৱ কৰা; Spend all that one earns. [Cohabit with, Live with—বাস-কৃ; Lodge with:—ত্ত্তীসংস্কৃ-কৃ; Live feathers—Feathers which have been plucked from the living fowl.

Livelihood, livis-hod, n. জীবিকালিকাছের উপায়; জীবিকা, Maintenance; means of living.

Liveliness, livle-nes, n. সঞ্জীবতা ; Quality or state of being lively or animated. Syn:—Gayety, animation, spirit, vivacity, briskness, spright-liness, smartness, activity.

Livelong, liviong, a. क्रांबिक्त , वहक्रपदावी ; भीर्षहामी ; That continues long ; wearisome ; living or lasting long,

Lively, livic, a. ডেম্বা; Vigorous; sprightly; nimble; living; animated:—এবর; সমুক্তা; Spirited; strong; vivid:—ad. ডংগরভাবে; স্থেড; Briskly; vigorously, n=liveliness,

Syn: Quick, smart, alert, prompt, blithe, gleeful, jocund, vivacious, gay, light, airy; expressive, forcible, energetic, spirited, vivid, glowing; brisk, effervescent.

Liver, liver, n. 454; An organ of the body. Fast liver - 7975; Spendthrift; a libertine. Liver-colour, a. Dark-red.

Liver-grown, liver-gron, म. विकि वक्द: Having a swelled or overgrown liver.

Liveried, liver-id, a. विरम्पनिविक्त्वाती ; Having or wearing a livery.

Liverwort, n. देनवान विदल्व ; Iceland-moss. Livery, liver-i, n. मच्चलान ; The formal delivery of possession: —ভূত্যবর্গের একরণ পোষাক; The uniform worn by servants :- সন্ত্ৰাপ্ত ভদ্ৰবোকের পরিজ্ঞ ; The garb worn by officers or citizens of high rank :-- বিশেষ পরিজ্ঞ ; Any characteris ic dress.

Livery coat, n. Coat of a servant.

Liveryman, liver-i-man, n. नखन नगरतत विराग अधिकांत्रभाश लोक : Freeman of London holding a higher rank.

Livery-servant, n. One wearing a livery.

Livery-stable, liver-i-stabl, n. cq আন্তাবল খোডা রাখিরা নির্মিত হারে তাহাদের আহারাদি দেওবা হব; Stable where horses are kept or let out for hire. Lives, livz, n. pl. of life.

Livestock, hvistok, n. গোমেবাদি ; কুবিতে নিরোজিত বা তদৰ্থে পালিত পশুৰুস ; Living animals ; those necessary for the stocking of a farm.

Livid, livid, a. नीन-कृष : आचाउ दावा निवर्व ; कान-শিরা পড়া; Black and blue; discoloured, as by a blow. n=lividness, lividity.

Living, living, a. कोवल ; मजीव ; कीविछ ; Having life :- हानाक ; मटडन ; Active ; lively :- वश्यान ; Running or flowing :- n. जीविका ; कीवामाणात्र ; Means of subsistence :— সুন্দান্তি ; A property :— পুরোহিতের বা ধর্মবাজকের বৃত্তি; The benifice of a clergyman. Syn :- (a) Existing, animated, alive, not dead, vigorous; life-giving, quickening; fresh flowing, (n) Support, livelihood; benefice, cure; course of life, mode of life.

The living- बोविड लाक; Those alive.

Living rock-The rock in its native or original location. [ old French coin. Livre, le'vr, n. भूतांकानीन कतांनी नूजा वित्नव ; An Lixivium, liks-ivi-um, n. কাঠের কার মিপ্রিভ खन ; Water impregnated with alkaline salts imbibed from wood ashes. Lizard, lizard, n. हिक्डिकी; त्रिवृतिकी विरम्ब; Llama, lama, n. निक्न आत्मविकावांत्री উट्टे विस्नव ; South American camel.

Llano, lano, n. मन्दिन आध्यतिकांत्र উভवांश्या विजीन সম্ভল ক্ষেত্ৰ; One of the prairies in the northern part of South America. pl=Llanos.

Lloyd's, n. न्धन मगरवन अक कारनन नाम ; A part of the Royal Exchange in London.

Lo, lo, int. (44; See; behold; look.

Losch, Loche, loch, n. এ후 四年河 (東南 中南-भरता ; A small river-fish.

Load, lod, n. win; calat; A burden :- ateten मान ; वाकार मान ; Freight ; cargo :- वाकार ;

পতিবিক ভার ; A weight or encumbrance :--বাহা यनत्क क्रिष्ठे करत्र ; That which oppresses the mind ; - क्लिक विवय ; That which burdens or grieves : - गतियां वित्यव ; A measure : - ए. ६ (वांबाई- ह ; To burden encumber : - वज्जूक क्रोग ; वज्जूक क्यो ; To charge (as a gun) :-- अठूद गतिमार शान-इ ; पिक-রিক্ত পরিমাণে আদান-কু; To bestow in abundance : -- वहन कन्नोन : Cause to bear :-- बठितिक जना शांगन-事; To put on overmuch. Syn:-(n) Lading, charge, pressure, incubus, heap, dead, weight. (v) Lade, freight; oppress, burden, weigh down. Load with—(原西 (中西); Give in profusion; shower upon one :- eisiele ; Burden with. Loading, loding, n. लाबाई; लाबाई मान; A

cargo or lading; a charge. [ ding stat. Load-star, n. এবডার ; The pole star; gui-

Load-stone, n 544 clas; Magnet.

Loaf, loi, n. शांखेकि ; विनित्र बानि ; विनित्र कान ; Any thick lump or mass; large cake of bread, a mass of suger :— v. i. আলস্যে কেপ্ৰ-ড় ; কাল-কর-কৃ. To spend time idle; to lounge; to loiter: -v. f. আলস্যে সমর কাটায়; আলস্যে অপবার-কু; 'l'o pass in idleness; to waste lazily. n=loafer.

Loafer, n. वृक्षा अभनकाती ; Idler ; vagrant.

Loaf-sugar, তি'-shoog'ar, n. মোচাকারে সঞ্জিত পরিষ্ঠ চিনির শ্বুপ; Refined sugar formed into a loaf or cone.

Loam, তিলা, n. সারমাটি; বালুকা ও গলিত কল্পব ও উঙ্জি পদাৰ্থ মিলিড পৰিব স্থৃত্তিকা; Naturally mixed sand and clay; a mudy soil of clay, sand, and decayed animal and vegetable matter :--৩.৫. সারমাটি দিয়া আচ্ছাদন-ভু, উক্ত মাটি হারা আবৃত-ভু; To cover with loam.

Loamy, टिnii, a. সারমাটিপূর্ণ; পরিল মৃত্তিকামর; Consisting of or resembling the nature of or like loam.

Loan, lon, n. क्ष्मान ; श्रावत कड़ होका कर्क ; Anything lent; mony lent on interest:-- वावशाद করিবার অনুমতি; Permission to use:-v. t. ধার লেওয়া; To lend. [ with the public.

Loan office -Office for negotiating state loans Loath, loth, a. [ A. S. ladh, hostile, odious ] অনিজুক; অপ্রবৃত্ত; Unwilling; reluctant; disliking; backward. ad=loathly. n = loathness.

Loathe, loth, v. t. 可多可 取中事; To dislike; greatly hate; abhor; detest; abominate; nau-

Loathful, lothfool, a. युवानून ; युवान्तक ; Exciting loathing or disgust; disgusting; disinclined; indisposed.

Loathing, lothing, n. অভিশয় খুণা; Abhorrance ; extreme disgust :- a. वृशाकांत्री ; Hating. ad = loathingly. Syn: - Detestation, abomination, horror, hatred.

Loathsome, löthsum, a. বুণাজনক; বুণিত; বুণা Detestable; odious. n=loathsomeness. ad= loathsomely. Syn :- Disgusting, sickening, offensive, repulsive, revolting; hateful, aborninable.

Loaves, lovz, n. pl. of Loaf.

The loaves and fishes—বোটা বেতৰের কর The emoluments of office; personal emolument. Lob, lob, n. নিৰ্কোধ নিজিয় লোক; যুল ও ভারী বস্তু; A dull, sluggish person; something thick and heavy:— o. t. অসমভাবে পড়িতে দেওয়া; To let fall heavily and lazily.

Lobate, lob'at. Lobated, Lobed, lobd, s.

ভাগ ভাগ করা ; Consisting of lobes.

Lobby, lob'i, ল. ব্যের সন্ত্রের দালান; একাধিক প্রকাঠের সাধারণ প্রবেশপথ; ভাট দরদালান বা বৈঠক-থানা; Entrance hall; outer room or passage; a small hall or waiting-reom:—বাবহাণক সভার দালানের সেই অংশ বাহা কোন দর্বাধি কার্য্যে ব্যবহৃত হল না; That part of a hall of legislation not appropriated to the official use of the assembly. Lobbyist, Lobyman, n. One who frequents a legislative lobby, to influence legislation:—
v. f. To solicit members of a legislative body with a view to influence their votes.

Lobe, lob, n. গোল জাগ; কর্ণের নিয়ভাগ; Any division or a rounded form; the lower part of the ear;—কৃষ্কৃষ্ যভিদ প্রভৃতির ভাগ; A division of the lungs, brain &c:—প্রের ভাগ; A division of a leaf. n=lobuler.

Lobelia, n. লভা বিশেষ ; A genus of plants. Loblet, löb'let, Lobule, lob'ul, n. পৰেৰ ছোট ভাৰ ; A small lobe.

Lobster, lob'ster, গ. চিকডি মাত্ ; গল্লা চিকড়ী ; A crustacean ; a shell-fish with large claws.
Lobster's Pound—কাৰাগাল ; A prison.

Lobworm, lobwurm, n. মাছ ধরিবার টোপরণে ব্যক্ত এক প্রকার বড় কটি; A large worm used as bait.

Local, lo'kal, a. [L. locus. a place] ছানীর;
লাগেশিক; Relating to a place; limited to a place, confined to a spot. ad=locally.

Localise, lo'kal-iz, v. t. কোন নিৰ্দিষ্ট স্থানে নি-বেশিত-ক; নিৰ্দিষ্ট স্থানে স্থাপিত-ক; To put into a

definite place, n.-localisation.

Locality, lo-kale-te, n. ছান; প্রবেশ, Place. district:—সংস্থিতি; অবস্থান; Situation; position. Locate, lockst, v. t. [L. locare, from locus, place] ছাপিত-কৃ; অবস্থান বিশেবে ছাপন-কৃ; To place: to set in a particular position; to designate the place of. Syn:—Establish, fix, settle. Location, lo-ka'shun, n. ছাপন; Situation:—
ৰাজনা বা জাড়া বিলি, A leasing on rent.

Locative, lo'ka-tiv, a. অপাদান; ছানাধিকরণ সূচক; (gram) indicating place.

Loch, loch, \*. অগাপর ; হয় : নাগরশাধা , A lake ; arm of the ses ; a bay.

Lock, lok, n. জ্লুণ; ডাণা; Instrument used to fasten doors, &c:—ব্লুকের রঞ্জক মন্ত: That part of a gun by which it is discharged:—কেণ্ডজঃ; পল্পের গোড়া; Tuft of hair; flock of wool:—ক্রীপ অবক্তর মান; Any narrow confined place; prison:—ক্রির সমরে আক্রান্ট্রা ধরা; A grapple in wrestling:—ক্পাটের কব; ক্পাট-কব: Enclosure in a canal to confine water and allow barges to pass from one level to another:—v.t. চাবি-লা; ভালাবজ-ফু; To fasten with a lock:—বজ্ফু, To confine; restrain:—গাড় আলিস্ম-ফু; To embrace closely:—v.t. कृत्यत्व বজ্ - হুল্ সম্বজ্হ; To become fast; to unite closely. Syn:—(v) Shut up, close fast; inclose, embrace, encircle,

Dead lock—A complication or counter action of things producing an entire stoppage.

Lock out - वांव वक कतियां व्यादन कतिएक मा त्वलवां ; Shut out,

Lock out—A suspension of work on the part of employers—corresponding to strike on the part of the employed.

Lock the stable door after the horse is atolen—চোৰ পালালে বৃদ্ধি বাড়ে; To begin to guard against a danger or provide for an emergency, when it is too late.

Under lock and key—চাবি দিয়া বন্ধ; চাবিভালা বন্ধ, Shut up with locks, securely locked up:— দোর বন্ধ করিয়া বা গোপনে; With closed doors, in secret.

Lookage, lok'aj, n. থালের কণাট-কলের উপাদান; Materials for locks in a canal:—Amount of elevation and descent made by the locks:— কণাট-কলের ভিতর দিলা ঘাইবার কর দের বাজুল; Toll paid for passing through the lock of a canal.

Looker, loker, n. দেরাজ; আলমারী; সিন্দুক; তালা বন্ধ করা যাইতে পারে একপ বন্ধুয়ান; A drawer; what locks; a close place that may be locked.

Note shot in the locker—খণ্না; Among sailors, a familiar phrase for being without money.

Looket, n. হোট তালা; কুছ তালা; A small lock:
—আটো; Catch; spring to fasten a necklace &c:
—পদক বিশেব; কুছ কানিবাৰ বাহা অলকার করণ ধারক
করা হয়; A little ornamental case of gold or silver worn as an ornament contraining a lock of hair miniature &c.

Look-jaw, lok jaw, Locked-jaw, loki-jaw, n. ধৰ্ণান ; বাতকগাট ; A contraction of the muscles of the jaw by which its motion is suspended; a variety of tetanus.

Lock-keeper, n. খালের লক্-রকক; One who keeps or attends the locks of a canal.

Lock ram, n. এক প্রকার যোটা সূত্রী কাপড়; A kind of coarse linen.

Lock-smith, loksmith, n. তালা-নিৰ্মাণকাৰী; ডালাৰ কারিকৰ; One who makes locks.

Look-stitch, n. এক থাকার গেলাই; A short of stitch formed by the locking of two threads together. [of confinement; police-cell. Look-up, lockup, n. কারাবার; হাজতবানা; Place

Locomotion, lo-ko-mo'shun, n. গতিপক্তি; স্কুর্ণ-শক্তি: Power of motion.

Locomotive, তি-ko-mō'tiv, a. [L. locus, a place, and moveo, to move] ইডডঃ স্থামি; Running by inward machinery, moving from place to place:—n. স্থয়ণ-সহায় বয়: বেলগাড়ির বল; A locomotive machine; a railway engine. n=locomotivity.

[Divided internally into cells.
Loculous, a. অভ্যন্তর্গেশে হোট হোট বর্জে বিভক্ত;

A locum tenens—কাহারও টিকে বদলি, বে অলাদনের অন্ত একজনের কর্ম করে; A tempory substitute.

Lipous, lo'kus, গ. ছাৰ; A place:—বিশিষ্টপথে স্ক্রৰ বিশু ৰাৱা অভিত বড় বেখা বা বেখা বাৰা উৎপাছিত ডল; Line traced by a point which varies its position. Toougt, lokust, n. Mania; A devouring insect; a migratory winged insect, highly destructive to vegetation :-- বুন্ধ বিলেব : করেক জাতীয় हेडिएम नांत्र; A name of several plants and trees. Lode, lod, n. আৰম্ভিক বাতু-প্ৰবাহিকা , A regular vein or course, whether metallic or not; a [ the pole-star. metallic course or vein. Lodestar, n. 340141; The star that guides;

Lodestone, n. 54年; Magnet.

Lodge, loj, n. [Ger. laube, arbour, bower, from laub, foliage ] সুত্ৰ গৃহ; বিহারকেত্র; Small house ; cottage ; cot :- बरतात्रातनत कृतित ; वादलातनत # : Cottage at a park-gate, the shed of a gate-keeper ; porter's room :- निकृठ वांत्रक्षान ; A retreat :- अध्यम् व । छाहात अधिरतनन दान ; A local branch of a secret association as of the Free masons &c., or the place in which they assemble:- v. t. शांगन-कृ, अशांत्री आवांत अनान-कृ: To place; to put; to furnish with a tempory habitation :- जुनावी-कृ ; To lay flat, as grain :-চাৰিছা बाबा : To cover :-- আত্ৰৰ-দে ; To harbour : - बरनानिविष्ठ-क ; To fix in the heart, mind or memory:-- ए. इं. वांग-कृ ; व्यवद्याय-कृ ; व्यवद्यि-कृ ; To reside; to rest; to stay; to dwell for a time. a = lodgeable. Syn :- Den, lair, haunt ; secret society, association; assemblage, collection.

Lodge an information—অভিযোগ-ক ; Make a complaint.

Lodger, lojer, n. धारांभी ; खाड़ांगिया ; त वाकि व्यव मध्रवह सम्ब (कान काल काम करत : One who abides for a time; tenant of part of a house.

Lodging, lojing, n. आवाम ; अशाही वामशान . অবস্থিতি গৃহ; Residing; settling; harbour; apartment. Syn :- Harbour, cover, protection, habitation, abode, dwelling house.

Lodgment, lojinent, n. वाम कब्रव; वमिक ; षशांत्री ৰাসভাৰ প্ৰদান বা বাস; Act or state of being lodged :--বাসহাৰ; A lodging house :-- বির ভাবে অবৃত্তিত প্রবাদমার ; Accumulation of something remaining at rest.

Loft, loft, #. উक्कछा ; উপরিত্ব কুঠবী ; উপরতলার ঘব : Elevation ; elevated story :- গিৰ্জাৰ মঞ্ ; গালাবি , Gallery in a hall or church.

Hay-loft, s. witis !

Lofty, lofte, a. [ Ger. luftig, lofty, A S. loften high ] कें ; High , tall :-- महर ; आउपन्यामी ; পৰিত; Haughty, stately; majestic. n=loftiness ad=loftly. Syn:—Towering, evalted, sublime, dignified, stately, arrogant, proud.

Log, log, n. पूत्र कांट्र के , कांट्र के ; Beam or billet of wood. a bulky piece of wood :-- जाहारकत পতি মাপ : জাহাজের গতি-পরিমাপক-রজ্জ্বালগ্ন কার্গণত . Instrument to measure the rate of ship's motion through the water .- जाशास्त्र गंडिनिकापक भूखक: Journal of a ship's progress &c.; log-book :--ভরল ক্রব্যের ইহুদী পরিমাণ বিশেষ; Hebrew liquid measure ? or ! of a pint :- v. t. हुन क्रिये व्यव 本前; To cut and get out logs.

Logarithm, log'a-rithm, n. [ Gr. logos, ratio. arithmos, number ] निष्दि द्रानित्क व पिक्टि छेन्नीड कतित्व ज्ञान अकृष्टि निमिन्डे त्राणित नमाम इत ; The exponent of the power to which a given number

must be raised to produce the number. as=logarithmic, logarithmical.

Logarithmic, Logarithmical, a. मनाविष्य সংক্ৰান্ত বা তৎসম্বনীর; Pertaining to, or consisting of logarithm. ad=logarithmically.

Logboard, n. काशास्त्रत शिवनाम निविदात करू ; A board on which the log-reckoning is kept.

Log-book, log'book, #. আহামের গতিনিরপক পুরুক ; Ship's journal.

Log-cabin, log'kab'in, Log-house, log'hows, Loghut, log'hut, n. कृष्टीत ; कार्यंत कामता वा पत ; Cabin or house made of logs.

Logged or Water logged-Disabled from motion or action by water, as a ship.

Logger-head, log'er-hed, n. निर्द्शाप ; वाका ; इतवृद्धि ; Dolt ; a dunce ; a blockhead :--pl. বিবাদ; বিভগ্ন; Quarrel, dispute. a=loggerheaded.

To be at loggerheads, To come or go to or fall to loggerheads—বিবাদ-ক: খগড়া-ক: Fall out : quarrel.

Logic, loj'k, n. [Gr. loges, speech, reason] সামশার : Art or laws of reasoning.

Logical, loj'ik-al, a. क्रावनात्रमञ्जोत : Pertaining to logic :-- ক্লারপান্তসকত ; ক্লারপান্তারধানী ; According to the rules of logic :-- সামশারজ , সারশারে निश्व , Skilled in logic :- विट्यनकात्री ; Discriminating. ad=logically.

Logician, lo-jish'an, a, নৈয়ায়িক, স্থায়শান্তক পণ্ডিত : One skilled in logic.

Logistic, Logistical, a. [Gr. logisomai, to calculate] बाह्य ; (math.) Made on the scale of calculate.

Logistics, n. sing. বাছিক পাটীগণিত ; A system of arithmetic, in which the numbers are expressed in a scale of sixty.

Logline, log'lin, n. छाहास्त्रद शिक्सन ब्रह्म ; सन मांशा निष् ; The line fastened to the log, and properly marked for ascertaining the speed of a vessel.

Log-man, n. व लाक कांड्रेश्व कांट्रे; कांट्रेडिश : One who cuts timber and gets it to the mill : one who hews timber.

Logography, lo-gog'ra-fi, n. [ Gr. logos, word, and grapho, to write] বন্ধার কথা লিখিবার ब्रोडि ; এक अकात शांशिवात अवाली ; The art of taking down the words of a speaker; printing with a character for each word; a method of printing with whole words cast in a single type.

Logomachy, lo-goma ki, n [ Gr. logos, word, mache, fight ] बाग्युक ; बाग्विङ्ग ; कान क्या नहेंबा विवान ; War of words.

Log-reel, n. A reel for the log-line.

Log-spun, a. 对情事可事; Tedious, extended to great length.

Log-wood, n. এক একার লোহিত্বর্ণ কাঠ; বছ করি-वात्र नान कांत्र ; A wood of a deep red colour, much used in dyeing; a red heavy wood much used in dyeing.

Loin, loin, n. ভোজনার্থ ছেদিত পণ্ডপুঠ; The back of a beast cut for food :- pl. cotan; at: किएन ; The reins or the lower part of back,

Gird up your loins—ভোষায় কোনৰ বাৰ।
Loiter, loi'ter, v. i. বিলৰ-ড়; দেৱী-ডু; আলডে
কালকো-ডু; To delay; to linger; to spend time
itlly. smloiterer (কালকোকারী)।

Loll, lol, v. i. হেলাৰ-দে; আরানে পরৰ-দৃ; আলগ-ভাবে গুইরা বাকা; Lean idly; to lounge; to lie at case:—মূব হইতে কুলিরা পড়া; To hang out from the mouth:—v. f. জিহ্নাদি বাহির-দু; To thrust out, as the tongue.

Lollard, lolard, ল. ইংলভের উইলিকের অসুচর বা বিষা; Pollower of Wyckliffe: - কর্মণির পুক্ষবাদীন সংবারকলনের অক্ততম; One of a sect of early reformers in Germany.

Lollardism, ন. লোলাডের মত; Principles of Lombard, ন. লগনাডোবাদী; Native of Lombardy:—স্বৰ্থনার; নেকরা; Goldsmith:—ক্ষিৎনা; মহালন; Banker, money-lender; pawn-broker. Lombard fever—আলস্য; Laziness.

Lombard street, n. neces sint forms; Street of the banks or money market in London.

Lone, lon, a. নিজ্ন; একক; একাকী; Solitary; alone; retired:—ক্ৰিবাহিত; Unmarried. n=

Loneliness, löhle-nes, n. নিৰ্দ্দনতা; Condition of being lonely Syn:—Solitude, retirement, seclusion, solitariness, isolation.

Lonely, lone, a. একাকী; একক; সন্সিবিরহিড; নিৰ্জন; Sequestered from company or neighbours. Syn:—Solitary, lone, alone; lonesome, retired, unfrequented, secluded, dreary, lonesome.

Lonesome, lonsum, a. জনপুত্ত; নিৰ্জন; Solitary; dismal. n=lonesomeness. ad=lonesomely.

Long, long, a. দীৰ্ঘ; দীৰ্ঘ্য ; Extended; not short; having length:—দীৰ্ঘ্যালয়াপী; Continued through a considerable time:—বিব্যক্তিক দীৰ্ঘ; Tedious:—দূৰদৃষ্ট; বিকাৰ্শ; Tear-reaching:—ad. দীৰ্ঘ্যাল: To a great length; throughout:—v.i. আডাত্ত ইচ্ছা-ক; স্হা-ক; To desire earnestly:—হাকৰ ব্যক্তা-ক; স্হা-ক; To desire earnestly:—হাকৰ ব্যক্তা-ক; স্হা-ক; To have an eager appetite. ad=longingly. Sym:—(a) Protracted, produced, lengthy, prolonged; far-reaching; slow, dilatory, tardy, ingering. (v) Wish for, hanker after, crave, lust after, pine for, yearn for.

A long pull, A strong pull, A pull altogether—সমবেড চেষ্টা; একজিড চেষ্টা; A united, vigorous and continued effort.

As long as--वांवर ; यठक्य गर्वास !

As long as one lives—যাবজ্জীবন; বতদিন বাঁচিবে। Bre long—অচিনে: शैष्ठ।

Happy as the day is long-নিরবচ্ছির স্থী; সর্বাণাই ক্থী; Perfectly happy.

In the long run—অবশেষে; অন্তে; পোষে; At last ultimately; in the end; eventually; ultimately.
Long after—বহুদিন পরে; অনেকদিন পরে;

Long ago, a. বছদিৰ পূৰ্বো; অনেক দিন আগে; A long time since.

Long for—কোৰ বিবরে অভ্যন্ত ইচ্ছা-কু, Wish for eagerly.

[ Wealth; riches.
Long surse, Heavy purse—বন; অৰ্ব;
Long since—বছৰিন পূৰ্যে; A long time ago.

Make a long face-14 जूल श्ला ; मून इस्-क ;

Wear a sad dejected countenance.

The long and short of it—ৰোট কৰা; আনক কৰা; The summary; a brief statement; the most important point:—The matter viewed in its most important aspects.

Long-armed, a. দীৰ্ঘাছ ; Having long arms. Long-boat, long'bōt, ম. ভাছাতে সংলয় দীৰ্ঘত নৌকা ; The largest boat belonging to a ship.

Long-bow, n. six; Brw for shooting.

Long-cloth, ল. হতার কাগড়; হ্রেব্য়; Cotton. Long dozen, ল. ১৬; One more than a dozen; 13. Long-drawn, a. বিকৃত; Extended to a great length. [forbearing for a long while.

Long-enduring, a. নহিনু ; মজনীল ; Lasting long ; Longeval, longeval, Longevous, lon-je'vus, a. [L. longus, long, and ævum, age ] দীৰ্বাধু-বিশিষ্ট ; প্ৰাচীন ; Long lived ; of great age

Longevity, lon-jevi-ti, n. शोषातू; वृक्ष रवन ; Long life; old age.

Long-headed, a. জানী; তীকবৃদ্ধি; Wise; having fore-thought and sagacity. [grave; death. Long Home—সমাধিছাৰ; গোৱছাৰ; মৃত্যু; The Long hundred, n. ১২০; 120.

Longimanous, lon-jima-nus, a. [L. longus, long, and manus, a hand] पोर्ववाइ; पोर्ड्ज; Long-handed. [ances.

Longimetry, n. দূরতপরিমাণ; Measuring dist-Longing, longing, n. সৃহা; Desire; a craving. Syn.—Yearning, aspiration, hankering, itching, earnest desire, wistful eye.

Longish, long'ish, a. ইৰফীৰ্ছ; Somewhat long. Longitude, lohji-tūd, n. দৈব্য; Length:—
ভাবিনা; ভাবিনান্তর; Distance of a place east or west of a given meridian:—আনন্তলান্ত বিকৃপি হতিত অংপান্তর; Distance in degrees from the vernal equinox, on the ecliptic. a=longitudinal. Longitudinal, lon-ji-tūdi-nal, a. দৈব্য বা ভাবিনান্তন সংভাৱি; দীৰ্ঘানে বিকৃত; Pertaining to length or longitude; extending lengthwise. ad=longitudinally. [of length.

Longitudinally, ad. লখাবৰি; In the direction Long-lasting—চির্যায়ী; Permanent.

Long-legger, n. কুকুর বিশেষ; A grey hound. Long-lived, a. আবুমান; চিরঞ্জীব; দীর্ঘজীবী; Living or lasting long.

Long-liver, n. বে বহুকাল জীবিত থাকে; One who lives a long while. [The measure of length. Long-measure, long'mezh'ür, n. হেবাগরিমাণ; Long-primer, long-primer, n. ছাণার অক্ষ বিশেষ; এক একার ছালিবার হবণ; A kind of type. Longrun, long'run, n. সমগ্র ঘটনাথবাহ; চরমকাল; The whole course of events; the ultimate result. Long-shoreman, long'shor-man, n. জাহাজের নাল বোঝাই করিবার ও নামাইবার মুটে; One of a class of labourers employed about wharfs esp., in loading and unloading vessels.

Long-sighted, long'sit'ed, a. দ্বদৃষ্টি; দ্বছিত প্লাৰ্থ দৰ্পনক্ষ ; Able to see at a long distance:— বিচকৰ ; তীকবৃদ্ধি ; Sagacious. ফ≕long sightedness ( দ্বদৃষ্টি ) ì

Long-spun, a. Carried to an excessive length.
Long-stop, म. अरेक् (वनाव (व जीवन क्टेर्क)

কিণারের পশ্চান্ডে বাড়াইরা বলের গতিয়োগ করে; One who stands behind wicket-keeper and stops balls sent a long distance. [offence. Long-sufferance, ন. সহিক্তা; Patience of Long-suffering, long-suffering, a. সহিক্; ভার্মহিকু; Enduring long:—z. সহিকুতা; Patience; long endurance.

Long-tongued, a. पीर्विक्स ; Babbling.

Long-winded, a. भेर्पश्तम्बङ ; दिवल्कित ; Long Long-wise, ad. लप्तास्य ; Lengthwise.

Loo, loo, n. এক প্ৰকাষ তাদ খেলা; A game at cards:—v. f. ল্-খেলায় ছারাইরা দেভয়া; To beat in the game of loo.

Looby, n. ছুলবৃদ্ধি; নির্কোগ ব্যক্তি: মূর্য ; Dolt. Loof, তিটো, n. জাহাজের বক্রাফার সন্মুখদেশের পশ্চাদ্ধার;

The after-part of a ship's brow.

Look, look, v i. [ Ger. luoken, allied to Skr. lok, to see ] সুইপাত-কু; To direct the eye towards an object so as to see it :- ( In the imperative. see, behold :-- गरनानिरवन-क , गरना-त्यात-त्य ; To direct the attention to ; consider : ---আশা কবিয়া অপেকা-ড়: আশা-ড়; To wait for expectantly : to expect :- भीवारमा-क : To penctrate ; solve, as a mystery : — সতর্ক-ছ ; লকা-ক ; To direct the gaze in all directions; be circumspect ; watch :-- अनुमकान-कृ ; To seek ; search :- नतीका - कृ ; Examine :- ताव-इ ; विश्वान : Appear, seem :-- সম্পান-ই ; To face front :-v. t. চাহিরা দমন-কু; দৃষ্টি বারা অভিভূত-কু; To influence by looks or presence :-- চাহিয়া অকাশ-ক; पति बादा अकान-क ; To express by a look -- n. मुंबाकृष्डि ; मुंबावत् ; Cast of countenance ; air of the face :-- पृष्ठ ; पर्नन , पृष्टि ; The act of looking or seeing; view; glance :—আকৃতি; চেহাবা, Aspect. m=looker-on. Sym:-(v) Behold, observe; contemplate, think on, mind, consider, take care heed; front, face, be directed to; appear; seem. (n) Gaze; air, complexion, mien.

Look a gift-horse in the mouth-qua অস্ত্রত স্বরূপ পাওবা পিরাছে তাহার দোবলগ বিচার করা : Examine the quality or value of what is obtained as a gift. [one 434; Be vigilant. Look about, Look around, Look about Look about— क्विंकिक (प्रश); Look on all sides. Look after- मत्नारपान- क : To attend to :-रष्ट-इ: (प्रवास्त्र); Take care of :- अनुमकान-क ; आदवर्ग-कृ ; Search ; seek :—आंग्रा-कृ ; To expect. Look after one's own interest-আপনার স্বিধার দিকে দৃষ্ট রাধা; Attend to what will profit [ horror or fright. or benefit the person. Look aghast- टाज विस्तान-इ: To stupified with Look at-明常的写; Gaze at; direct one's eyes to see :- जनुमकान-कृ ; त्रथा ; Examine ; view : investigate.

Look before you leap—nir frais পূৰ্কে দেখিৰ, না দেখিলা কোন কিছু করিও না; Do not make any venture or take any risk without previous scrutiny.

Look black—ক্রী-ক ; To frown. [confused. Look blank—বিশ্ব-ই ; Appear astonished or Look blue—বিরাপ হতার বত কেবাৰ; কিংকর্ম-বিষ্কৃ-হ; Seem disappointed; appear so puzzled as not to know what to say. [angrily. Look daggers—ক্ষ্কৃতি-কৃ; To look fiercely or Look down on or upon—ফ্লা-কৃ; উপেকা-কৃ; অবজ্ঞানুষ্ট নিকেপ-কৃ; To regard with contempt; to despise:—বেধান হইতে নীচের কোন প্লাপ্ত ক্ষেত্র পাকা; যাব এমন উচ্চে থাকা; Command a distinct view of something lying below.

Look for—আলা-ক: প্রতীকা-ক; Expect; wait expectantly to:—অনুসন্ধাৰ-ক; পাইবার চেষ্টা-কু;

Seek.

Look for a needle in a hay mow — इस्स सर्भ निवृत्त- इ ; To engage in a hopeless search.

Look forth or forward, Look forward to—প্ৰতীকা-কৃ; আশা-কৃ; To anticipate; expect; await.

Look in—আইন; আসা; To visit; call; come in. Look in the face—সাহ্যপূৰ্বক সাকাং-কৃ; Face or meet with boldness.

Look into —ভন্ন ভন্ন কৰিবা দেখা; ভাল কৰিবা দেখা; ভাল কৰিবা ভিতৰ পৰ্যায় দেখা; To examine closely; inspect closely.

Look not a gist-horse in the mouth—ৰে জ্বা ভিকাৰ বন্ধপ পাওৱা গিবাছে ভাষাৰ দোবঙাৰ বিচাৰ বা করা; ভিকার চাৰ কাড়া আৰ আৰ্কাড়া. Examine not the quality or value of what is obtained as a gist; do not examine a present too closely or critically. Look on, Look upon—দশকের স্থায় দেখা; Be a merc idle spectator:—বিবেচনা-কু, কোৰ ভাবে দেখা; গণ্য-কু; বোধ-কু; Regard; think.

Look on one as, Look upon one in the light of—কাহাকে বা কোন বস্তুকে (কোন কিছুল) মত বিবেচনা বা পাঢ়ক; Regard one (or something) as. Look on the bright or sunny side—আৰত্ত ; আবাহিত-ই; To have a cheerful and hopeful spirit.

[ To be discouraged.

Look on the dark side—নিৱাশ-হ; হতাৰ-হ; Look out—অসুসন্ধান-ক; To search; seek:— মনোনীত-ক; নিকাচন-ক; Choose; select:—সভৰ্ক-তান সহিত ক্ষা-ক; To be on the watch.

Look out for—আশা-কু; অসুসন্ধান-কু, ভল্লাস করা; To expect; seck.

Look over—বিশেষ করিয়া অনুসন্ধান-কু; To try one by one; examine carefully; scrutinise:—কোন কাগন্ধপত্ৰ বা বই পরীক্ষা বা পাঠ-কু; Read:—পড়া তৈযায় করা; Prepare a lesson.

Look red—লক্ষা পাৰৱা , To blush. [enquire. Look round—অৰূপদান-ক ; To search ; seek ; Look sharp—সত্ৰক থাকা ; উনিয়ার হওয়া ; Be very careful ; to exercise foresight :—সব্ধ হইছা কাৰ্য্য হাদিল-ক , Act quickly or promptly.

Look through—পথাৰেন্দ্ৰ- কু; ভিতর পৰাত্ত প্ৰবিত্ত করিয়া মতনৰ বৃত্তিতে পারা; অক্তব্য পৰাত্ত বেশিতে বা বৃত্তিতে পারা; To penetrate into; see or understand perfectly; penetrate with the eye or understanding.

Look to—কিছু পাইবার প্রভাশা-কু; Resort to with confidence or expectation of receiving something; to fix hopes on:—বছ-কু; মৰোযোগ-কু; To take care of; attend to:—(কাহারও উপৰ) বিভান-কু; Depend on.

Look to one for—কাহাৰত নিকট কোন কিছু পাইবাৰ বজাবা-ডু; Expect to receive from.

Look up—ভাল হছৰার উপক্রম দেখা বাইতেছে ; বৃদ্ধি বা উন্নতি হইবে এমন গতিক দেখা ; Show a tendency to improve :—কোন ব্যবসা মাধা বাড়া দেওৱা ; উঠা ; The prospects are brighter.

Look up to—সন্নান-কু; Respect:—সাহাব্যের আলা-কু; অসময়ে সাহাব্যের প্রভ্যালার কাহারও মুবপানে চাওয়া; Expect help from one in need:—উচ্চদিকে দৃষ্টপাত কু; Raise one's eye to something high:—কাহারও মত গ্রা-কু; Regard one as.

Look with an evil eye—কাহারও বিবন্ধনে পড়া; Regard one with jealousy or ill-feeling ( as being the source of some evil ).

Looker, n. (व शिर्थ ; वर्षनकादी ; One who looks. Looker-on, n. वर्षक ; A mure spectator.

Looking, looking, n. দৰ্শন; অধ্যেণ; Seeing; search or searching. [মুকুর; A mirror. Looking-glass, n. দৰ্শন; আয়না; Look-out, lookout, n. অব্ভিত প্রিদর্শন; পর্যবেকণ . A careful looking out or watching for; observation:—পর্যবেক্ষণ করিবার স্থান; মমুরত পর্যবেক্ষণ স্থান; An elevated place from which to observe:—পর্যবেক্ষণকারী; One engaged in watching.

Be on the look-out for—সাবহিত ছইবা প্রতীক্ষা
ছ; কাহারও বা কিছুর সন্ধানে থাকা. Be carefully looking for. [ business or concern One's look-out—কাহারও নিজের কাজ; One's Loom, তিতাল, দ. ঠাত, তত্ত্ব; Machine for weaving cloth:—ক্ষান্ত : The indistinct appearance of anything as land whose outline only is visible:—মাতের বাট; The handle of an oar:—u. i ভূর হইতে দৃত্ত-হ; Appear at a distance:—ক্ষান্ত আহতি অপেকা বৃহত্ত প্রতিক্ষান্ত কিংকান-হ; To appear larger than the real size:—কাম্ব-হ, To rise and to be imminent:—চক্রবানের উপরে কাশ্ব দেওয়া; To shine or appear above the horizon.

Looming, তিলোing, n. মরাচিকা: মৃগতুকা; Mirage. Loon, তিল, n. বদমাইন; বজাত; নীচ লোক; Rogue; rascal; a mean fellow:—অন্তর পক্ষী বিশেষ: A web-footed acquatic bird.

Loop, তিট্p, স. ৰাডিব জাঁস; Double or fold of a cord; noose:—ছিন্ধ: Loop-hole:—বালরেব ভাঁজ; An ornamental doubling in fringes:—পলাযন পথ; A means of escape:—ত. t. কাঁস-দে; কাঁস দিয়া আটকান খা অলম্কত-কৃ: To fasten or ornament with loops.
Looper, তিত্p'er, ম. ভাঁট বিশেষ; The larva of certain moths.

Loop-hole, তিচ্চ'hol n. ছুগেৰ প্ৰানীয়ন্থ কুছ ছিন্ত ;
আংলায় ভ্যাগাৰ্থ ছিন্ত ; A small hole in a wall for firing though :—পৰায়ন পম ; পলাইবার পম ; Shift ; chance of escape. a — loop-holed. { of railway. Loop-line, n. লুপ লাইন ; Double alternate line Loose, loos, v. t. বছন মুক্ত-ফু; বছন মোচন-ফু; খোলা ; Untie ; unbind ; free from any fastening — মুক্ত-ফু; হাড়িয়া দেখা ; Set free ; release :— বালিছ লোক ভার হুইতে মুক্ত-ফু ; Release from anything obligatory or burdensome; absolve, remit:— শিক্তি-ফু; Relax:—v. f. জাহাল খোলা; জাহাজ হাড়িয়া বানা-ফু; To set sail; to leave a port or harbour:—a. জবছ ; শিখিল; Unbound; not com-

pact ; untied :- चनाविष्ठे ; Unattentive :- चनःतक ; Unrestrained :- अनवक्ष ; Not confined :- नाविष হইতে বুক ; বুক ; Free from obligation ; disengaged :- कन्डांश्र्भ वह ; Not crowded or compact : —সংক্রির বছে ; Not concise : — ট্রিক নয় ; Not precise ; not exact :- कड़ा नरह ; अवृष् ; Not strict ; not rigid :-- वनपद ; Unconnected :- एकएड्राक्र ; डेनदामद्यक ; Having loose bowels :-- जन्म ; क्रुक-রিত্র; অসতী; Dissolute; wanton; licentious; unchaste. n = looseness. ad = loosely. Syn : -(v) Unfasten, undo ; disconnect, disengage, detach ; liberate; absolve, remit, relieve. (a) Unsewed: slack, relaxed, not tight, movable; disenthralled, at liberty, rambling, straggling; not concise, diffuse, vague, indefinite; lax, not costive; dissolute, immoral.

Loose, v. i. বিধিস করা; To make loose:—মল কৃষ্টভা দূর করা; To remove costiveness from:— শাসন হইতে মুক্ত-কৃ; To free from restraint.

Give a loose to—বাস্ত-কু; Give vent to:—ৰস্-বত-কু; হাড়িয়া দেবয়া; Indulge freely in.

Let loose the blood hounds of war-Set in motion the destructive forces of war.

To break loose—ম্বন্ধে ইবৈড প্ৰান্ধ-কু; To escape from confinement. [at liberty. To let loose—মুক্ত-কু; ছাড়িয়া দেহমা; To set Loosen, loosn, v. t. মন্বক্ষ-কু; To make loose:
—ব্যান বোচন-কু; To relax anything tied:—
নির্দিন-কু; To make less dense:—v. i. নির্দিন-ছু;
To become less light, Syn:—Unbind, untie, slacken, relax, release; unloose; make lax, remove costiveness.

Loot, তিটা, m. লুঠ; লুঠন; Plunder; the act of plundering:—v. t. or i. লুঠ-ফু; লুঠন-ফু; To plunder.

Lop, lop, v. t. [ D. lubben, to cut ] ছেন-কু; ছাটিয়া ফেলা; কাটিয়া কেলা; অতিবিক্ত অংশ কাটিয়া ছোট-কু; Cut off; cut of the top of extreme parts of; to shorten:—v. i. নিম্নে লখ্মান-ড; আনক্-ড; To hang downward; be dependent:—n. বাহা কাটিয়া কেলা হয়; ছাটা গাছেব ভালপালা; What is cut off: twigs and branches of trees cut off. Sym:—(v) Prune; dock, crop, shorten, curtail; drop, let fall; be pendent, droop.

Loquacious, lö-kwáshe-us, a. [L. loquax, loquacis, talkative] কথাপিয়; জনাবিয়; Talkative; noisy. n= loquaciousness, loquacity (talkativeness). ad = loquaciously. Syn:—Garrulous, chatty, conversable.

Loquacity, তি-kwase-te, n. বাক্ষিরতা; The habit or practice of talking continually. Syn:—Talkativeness, garrulity, babling, gabbling.

Lord, lord, ন. প্রভু; Master:—শাসনকন্তা; Ruler:
—কামী; Husband:—ডিউক বা মার্ক্টনের প্রা; A
peer; son of a duke or marquis:—পরনেমর;
The Supreme Being; God, Jehovah:—উপ্তব
ব্যক্তি; Superior:—পালেনেটের সভা আবাৰ বর্ষক্তিক;
A bishop, if a member of parliament:—v. r.
আধিপত্য-ক; অভিযাত্রলে উন্নত-ক; To play the
Lord; to domineer; to raise to the peerage.
Syn:—Superior, governor, king.
Lord it over—একাধিপত্য-ক; Domineer; rule

with despotic sway :—বেন অধিণতির ভার চলা; To command the prospect of; play the lord over. Lord of misrule—One formerly chosen to preside over the sports and revels of a family

during the Christmas holiday.

Our Lord—Jesus Christ. [province. Lord Deputy, n. বাসন্ধা; Governor of a Lord-High steward, n. Presiding officer of the court of peers. [peals. Lord Lyaptics n. Lydge of ap-

Lord-Justice, n. wifriting as; Judge of ap-Lord Lientenant, n. Viceroy of Ireland;

Chief Military Magistrate of a shire.

Lord Mayor—Mayor of London, Dublin, or York. [in office Lord Mayor elect—Mayor elected but not Lord Mayor's day, n. The day on which the Lord Mayor of London is elected; oth November. Formerly it was celebrated in a grand ostentatious manner. [Lord Mayor's day. Lord-Mayor's show, n. Grand procession on Lord's Day, n. বিলাম দিল; ব্যবিধার; Sabbath of the Christians and Jews; Sunday; the first day of the week.

Lord's supper, n. প্রীষ্টের শেব ভোজ, প্রভ্রুব ভোজ; The sacrament of the communion, instituted at Christ's last supper, the holy communion; Christian Eucharist.

Lordling, lawrdling. n. সামান্ত অভিছাত , সন্ত'বা অভিছাত ; কুত্ৰ প্ৰভু; A little lord; a would-be lord.

Lordly, lordle, a. মহৎ : আভিজাত ; Noble , majestic ; dignified :—পর্বিত ; পৌংবারক ; Haughtv , proud , imperious. n = lordliness. ad=lordly. Syn:—Lofty, magnificent , overbearing, tyrannical, despotic, dominecring.

Lordship, lordship, n. আভিছাত্য, State or quality of being a lord:—প্ৰভূষ; কমতা . আধিপতা .
Dominion; power; authority:—অভিজাতের অধিকার; The territory belonging to a lord—ধমরা উপাধি; A title given to a lord. Syn—Rule, command, government, domination, feudal estate, manor.

Lore, för. n. [ A. S. lar, from laeran, to teach ]
শিকা; উপদেশ, বিদ্যা, Learning; doctrine. Syn
—Erudition, letters, scholarship, knowledge,
learning.

Lorica, lo-ri'ka, n. [ L. lorum, a thong ] প্রা-কালীৰ রোমকদিগের চর্মনির্মিন্ত উৰস্কাণ: Currass of leather set with metal plates; cuirass made of thongs.

Loricate, lor'i-kat, v. t. উৰৱাপে দক্ষিত-কু: To furnish with a coat of mail:—বাতু ধারা মণ্ডিড-কু: To plate or coat over. n=lorication.

Lorication, lor'i-kā'-hun, ন. আবরণ প্রদান : A coating or crusting over, as with plates of mail. Loriot, তি'ri-ut, ন. পকা বিশেষ : The oriole.

Lorn, lorn, a. ফভিত্ৰত ; পৰিত্যক্ত ; নিঃসক ; Lost , forlorn ; lonely.

Loory, lor'i, π. চারিচাকার বেরশৃষ্ঠ মালগাড়ী; A four-wheeled wagon without sides.

Lory, lori, n. 영화회원회 এ학 설환경 東京 內衛 . A small bird allied to the parrot.

Long, looz, v. t. ধোৱান; ছাৱান; Not ta win; forfeit:—বকিড-ছ; Be deprived of:—বকাছনে বা বিবলে ছাপন-ছ; Mislay:—নই-ছ; অপথান-ছ; Waste:—না পাওৱা; ছাৱাইবা কেলা; Miss:—হত-বৃদ্ধি-ক; কিংকগ্যিবিশ্ব-ক; Bewilder:—নই-ছ; বিকল্প-ছ; Ruin; destroy:—কর সম্ভ-ছ; Suffer waste:—v. i. ক্তিখন-ছ; To forfeit anything in contest; to suffer loss. a=losable. n=loser. Syn:—Let fall, let slip, mislay, drop, wander from; squander, misspend; be bereaved of; fail, decline.

Lose battle-পরাঞ্চিত-ए ; হারিরা বাওরা।

Lose friends—বন্ধু বিয়োগ-হ।

Lose ground-পিছ পড়া ; Recede ; fall behind : -কতি সহ-কু; To suffer gradual loss or disadvantage. [discharaged : to grow timid. Lose heart—इंडान-इं: निराम-इं: To become Lose life-প्राप्त विद्याप-इ , क्षेत्रन महे ह । [ भूत्र- । Lose one's consciousness—চেডনাপুর-ই ; জান-Lose one's head—आंगा इंडचं , Be executed : — মুঞ্ যুরে যাওলা; বৃদ্ধির ছিরতানা থাকা, Lose the power of judging calmly. [ To fail in love. Lose one's heart-প্রেমামুরজ-ই : প্রেমে পড়া : Lose one's kingdom—বাদ্যবহু-হ; রাদ্যচাত-হ। Lose one's self—श्जवृद्धि-१; किःवर्जवाविगृद्ध-१; Be bewildered. I come angry. Lose one's temper—কুদ্ধ-হ, বাগাবিচ-হ; Be-Lose one's wits-किःकर्डनाविष्ठ-इ, कटवृद्धि-इ, মোহপ্রাপ্ত-হ; বৃদ্ধিতীন-হ, জানশৃন্ত হ; To lose one's mental faculties, to suffer momentary lapse of intellectual forethought and composure.

Lose sight of—না দেখা, Not to see :—ভূনিয়া বাৰণা, Forget; neglect. [chain of. Lose the thread of—খেই ধারান; Lose the Lose time—কালকেপ-কু; সময় নতু-কু;

Losing, loozing, a. কতিকৰ; আণ্ডেজনক; Causing loss. ad=losingly. [table enterprise. A losing game—আণাভজনক নাৰ্য্য; An unprofi-Loss, los, n. [A. S. los, loss, losing] কর; আণচর; হানি; Waste:—নাশ; কতি; Destruction; injury:—বাহা নই হয়; That which is lost:—পত্তল; নিকলতা; Fall:—পরাজয়; পরাজম; Defeat:—হারাল; The act of losing. Sym:—Privation, deprivation, bereavement, forfeiture, failure to win; squandering; detriment, damage; destruction, overthrow.

[want of. At a loss for—weita; কোন কিছুত্ব আভাবে; In

Be at a loss—হতব্দি-হ; দিশাহারা হ্ররা; বিং-কর্ত্তব্দি-হ; দিশাহারা হ্রেরা; বিং-কর্ত্তব্দি-হ; be unable to determine. [হতব্দি-হ; Be at a loss what to do—হিংকর্ত্তব্বিন্ন-হ;

Make good a loss—কতিপুরণ-কৃ।

Lost, lost, a. অন্থিকত : অধিকারআই : হারান : No longer possessed : missing ; missed :—বিজ্ঞ : বিনাশপ্রাপ্ত : কই : অপ্যায়িত : Squandered ; ruined : wasted : thrown away :—অবৃক্ত ; Not visible :—বেষ্কুড় . Hardened beyond sensibility or recovery ; insensible :—বিজ্ঞা : Parted with. Sym : Forfcited ; ruined, destroyed ; bewildered, com

fused, benighted; abstracted; absent, dreamy; deprayed, corrupt, abandoned; reprobate, hardened, graceless; dead.

Give up for lost—হতাপ-হ; নিরাশ-হ। Lost in thought—চিভাবর; ভাবনারত।

Lost in wonder - स्टब्रि ; छाव् नात्रा ; Bewildered ; greatly surprised.

Lost to হান হলো; Destitute of; insensible to.
Lost to shame—নিৰ্লক; নকাহীন; Shameless.
Lost to virtue—নশাট; মুক্তিরিত্র: ক্টিরিত্র; Dissolute; ruined in character. [thrown away on Lost upon—বার্গ হলো; Without effect on; Lot, lot, n. [A. S. hlot, lot] ভাগা; আরুই; সৈব; Pate; fortune; destiny; one's fate in the ture; chance—আরো; ভাগা; Part; share:—আবিক
সংখ্যা; Quantity or large number:—ফ. f. আরুর
ক্রিয়া-ফে; বতর বতর আরে বিভক্ত-কু; To allot; to separate into lots. Syn:—(n) Doom, destiny, allotment, chance, fortune, hap, hazard; portion, parcel, division; number, quantity, piece of land.

Casting of lots—ছটিকাপাত।

To east lots- পত্তি ধেলা; To use or throw a dice or to employ other means of chance in order to determine an event.

To draw lots-एड (वना ; To determine a matter by drawing one from two or more things marked with symbols agreed upon, but which are concealed from the drawer while I taxes according to ability drawing. To pay scot and lot -কমতাবুদারে-তে. To pay Loth, loth a Same as Loath. [ debauchee A gay lothario- and; A gay libertine; a Lotion, lo'shun, n. [ L. lavo, lolum, to wash ] ক্ষত স্থানাদিতে লেপন করিবার আরক ; A wash ; a fluid for external application to a wound or bruise. Lottery, loter-i. n. হার্ডি; ভাগ্যাপুসারে পুরস্কার বিত্রণ , সৃষ্টি ধেলা ; A distribution of prizes by lot or chance; a game of chance.

Lotus, lotus, Lote, lot, Lotos, lotos, ল. পন্ন : কমন : পদ্মিনী : মিশবেছ কলগন্ধ : A genus of leguminous plants , the water-lily of Egypt :—উভিদ্-লেন বিশেব : A genus of leguminous plants.

Blue lotus—डेश्नन ; बीनगद्य । Film of the lotus—ब्गान ।

Red lotus—काकनमः वस्ताना

Stalk of the lotus—পৰের নাল ; পছের ভাঁটা। White lotus—পুতরীক : বেডদল।

Lotus-eater, lō'tus-হt'ér, স. ত্থাপ্রির লোক ; আনোদ-প্রির ব্যক্তি : One gives humself up to pleasureseeking :—প্রাদ ; An eater of the lotus.

Loud, loud, a. উচ্চৰয়বিশিষ্ট ; উচ্চনাৰী, উচ্চশক্ষায়ী .
কোন্ত্ৰকাৰী ; Powerful in sound ; clamorous ; noisy. ad=loudly. n=loudness. Syn:—
Sounding, sonorous, deafening, stunning, stentorian ; clamorous, vociferous, obstreperous ; blustering, vehement ; strong, glaring.

With a loud voice—ইচ্চংৰরে। [of lock. Lough, lock, n. বলাগয়; A lake; the Irish form Louis-d'ar, lob'e-dor', n. প্ৰকাটণ কয়ানী ব্ৰথ মুৱা বিশেষ; A French gold coin.

Lounge, lounj, v. i. विश्राप-कृ; भवनकारव कांग्रेस ;

Lour, ন. অভ্যার ; জাবার ; Cloudiness ; gloominess :—০. ঠ. ক্রুটা-কু ; ক্রছজি-কু ; To look gloomy or stormy ; to frown.

Louse, lows, n. উৎকুণ : উকুন ; A small insect :

— v. t. উকুন খুন-ছু; To clean from lice. pt —
lice (lis). [with lice. n — lousiness.
Lousy, lowii, a. উকুন খানা পানিপূৰ্ণ ; Swarming
Lout, lowt, n. চাৰা; ইতন্ত্ৰ লোক ; A clown;
bumpkin.

Loutish, lowtish, a. alay; Clownish, awkward and clumsy. n = loutishness, ad-loutishly. Louver, Louvre, 100'ver, n. whilever wir-সংলগ্ন গৰাক বিশেষ ; An opening in the roof serving for a skylight. [ Worthy of love; amiable. Lovable, luva-bl, a. (क्यांन्यम ; कमनीय ; शिव ; Love, luv. n. [A. S. lufian, Skr. lubh, to desire] ভালবাসা : व्यह ; व्योजि : Affection : fondness :- वर्ष ; Kindness ; benevolence :- প্রির ব্যক্তি : প্রবরণার ; The object of affection : darling :- 3 | 1501 প্রতি প্রগাঢ় অসুরাগ; Devoted attachment to one of the opposite sex :- \* The god of love ; Cupid :- v. t. डानवाना ; त्वर-कृ ; To be fond of; to regard with affection; to have strong affection for :-- आनिष्ठ- ह ; To delight in :-- ए. रं. मञ्जे- ह ; आनव्यतीय- क ; आनक्ष- ह ; धनाव পড়া ; To delight ; to take pleasure ; to be in love. Syn: -(n.) Strong liking, warm admiration, regard for, passion for, courtship; amity, friendship; benevolence, charity; lover, sweet-heart. (v) Like, be enamoured.

Amorous love-কাৰ, মধন।

Be in love with—প্রেমাস্থত হ : প্রেমে প্রা; Fall in love with —ভালবাসা ; Be very fond of. For love or money—ভাকা বা প্রেম কিছুতেই ; For any consideration whatever.

Love is blind—প্ৰেম আৰু। [fondness for. Love for or of—অসুরাগ; ভাগবাসা; Affection or Love-bird, luvberd, ম. গুৰুৱাতীয় পৰ্মী বিশেষ; A small bird of the parrot kind, extremely devoted to its mate. [of love.

Love-broker, ন. বটক; Negotiator in matters Love-charm—প্ৰেম উত্তেজনক মন্ত্ৰ; A supposed charm by which love is excited.

Love-cracked, a. প্রেমারত : প্রেমার

Love-day, n. বিবাদকলৰ দিবস : বিবাদ নিটবান দিব : Day for the amicable settlement of differences.

Lover, luver, n. নারক; প্রেমিক; প্রণয়ী বা প্রণয়িনী; মিজ; One who is in love with another; a friend. Love-favour—Something to be worn as a token of love.

Love-feast, ন. ধর্মোংসৰ; A delicious festival held by some religious denominations.

Love-knot, luvnot, n. বোনছাই; বাণয় নিদৰ্শন খন্নপ কটল অহি; An intricate knot used as a token of love.

Love-laboured, n. Laboured through leve.

Love-lass, huvias, म. (धानी; धार्मिनी; A sweet-heart.

Love-letter, স. প্ৰায়স্য ; A letter of courtship. Love-lock, luviok, স. আক্ৰিছিড কেল্ডছ ; জুল্মী ; A lock or curl of hair hanging at the ear.

Love-lorn, luviorn, a. অপ্রপাত কর্ক পরিতাক; Forsaken by one's love.

Lovely, luvle, a. कमनीय; क्षोडिजनक; स्यांक; आंकांक्यक; Amiable; pleasing; delightful; charming. n=loveliness. Syn:—Enchanting, winning, graceful, beautiful, handsome, admirable, adorable.

Love-making-(अम वार्वना ; Courtship.

Love-monger, \*. One who deals in affairs of love. [for the sake of love.

Love-match, ন. প্রেম প্রশোদিত বিবাহ; Marriage Love-portion—প্রেমোরেজক উবৰ; A compound draught administered to excite feelings of love.
Love-shaft, ন. মৰনের শব; Cupid's arrow.

Lovesome, a. fay; Lovely.

Love-stricken—मननपत्रवन ; कामणत्रवन ।

Love-suit, n. থেমশিকা; Courtship.

Love-token—প্রেমটিক ; Present in token of love. Love-siok, luvsik, a. কামার্ড ; প্রণাব-পীড়িত ; Languishing for love ; sick with amorous desire. n=Love-sickness ( কামেছা ; languishing and amorous desire ).

Loving, luving, a. প্রির; প্রীতিপূর্ব; স্কেমর; প্রেম্মর, Dear; affectionate; fond:—প্রেম-প্রকাশক; প্রবৃদ্ধরক; Expressing love. ad = lovingly. n = lovingness. Syn:—Attached, affectionate, fond, devoted, kind, tender.

Loving-kindness, luving-kindnes, n. দল; কেহ; সমেহ বছ; অহকপা; অধুগৃহ; Tenderness; mercy; favour.

Low, 15, ৩. i. গলর ভার গাঁ গাঁ শব্দ করা : হাখারব-কু : To bellow as a cow; to make the loud noise of oxen.

Low, lo, a. নিয়; অনুস্তত; Not high:—অগম; নীচ; Mean; base:—চক্রবাল সন্থিতিত; Near the horizon:
—জগভীর; Shallow:—সরল; সালাসিংল; Plain:—সরা; Cheap; not dear:—মৃদ্ধ; Not loud; soft:
—বিষয়; ভয়োলাম; Depressed; sad:—ফল; কর্মুন্না; Moderate, cheap; not intense; reasonable:—বিবীত; নম্ম; Humble:—ad. নিমে; নীচে; Not aloft:—অনুস্তম্বর; মুফ্বর; Not loudly; gently:—নীচভাবে; Meantis; Near the equator. n=lowness. Syn:—(a) Sunk, deep, subsided; short, small, stunted; not sharp or shrill, grave, base; not luxurious, simple, plain; dejected, degraded, object, unworthy; lowly, feeble, poor, humble, vulgar.

Low-bell, n. পকী ব্রিবার জাল; Net with a bell to catch birds at night. [Meanly born. Low-born, a. নীচ বংশোৱৰ; নীচ কুলোৱৰ; Low church, n. Dissenters who conform to the church of England to profit by its revenues.

Low Dutch or L. German—The language spoken in the Lowlands or northern parts of Germany.

Lower, lo'er, v. t. [Ger lauern, to lurk]

Lowering, low'er-ing, a. বিমৰ্থাব্যুক ; Looking sullen :—মেঘাক্তর ; ক্র্টাপুর্ব ; Appearing dark and threatening :—কবৰতকারক ; অপ্যাৰকর ; Letting down ; sinking ; degrading :—n. নিয়ে আনমন ; কবৰমন ; The act of bringing low or reducing. Lowermost, lo'er-most, a. নিয়ন্ত্রি ; Lowest.

Lowing, lo'ing, n. গৰুৱ জাহ গী গাঁ শাৰ্য; হাধারব; Bellowing or cry of cattle:—a. হাধারকারী; Bellowing, or making the loud noise of men.

Low-land, lo'land, n. নিষ্ভ্য, A low country; marsh, land low with respect to the neighbouring land.

[A native of low lands.

Low-landers, lo'land-ers, n. নিষ্ভ্যির অধিবাসী;

Low-lands, n. pl. The English district in Scotland.

Low-life-नितिष्ठ (लांटकत्र कीवन ; द्वःशी कीवन ; Life among the poorer classes of a country.

Lowly, lo'le, a. নম, বিনীত; মুখান; Humble; mild; meek; modest:—নীচ; Mean. n=lowliness. Syn:—Low, not high, meek, gentle, submissive; modest, unpretending, plain, simple; servile, mean.

Lowness of spirit-wante; Dejection.

Low-prossure—Employing of exerting n low degree of pressure, said of steam and steam-engines.

Low-spirited, lo'spir'it-ed, a. নিজেজ; বিষয়, উদায়তয়; ভয়োৎসাহ; Not lively; sad; dejected. n=low-spiritedness.

Low Sunday, n. The sunday after Easter.

Low thoughted, a. नोठ विश्वापुरू ; Having the thoughts directed to low pursuits.

Low-water, lo-waw'ter, n. ভাটার সময়ে জলের নীমা; The lowest point of the ebb-tide:—ভাটা; Ebb-tide.

Loyal, loy'al, a. [L. legalis, from lex, legis, law] রাজভক্ত; Faithful to one's sovercign; faithful to the common-wealth:—বিবানী; বাব্য বিব্যানী; বাব্য বিব্যানী; True to a lover. n=Loyalty. ad bloyalty. Syn:—Attached, faithful, constant, not perfidious, not treacherous.

Loyalist, loy'al-ist, ন. মাৰ্ডক ব্যক্তি; রাৰ্ডক বোক, One who is faithful to the old country in the American war; one who is faithful.

Loyalty, loy'al-te, n. রাজভক্তি; অনুরাস: বাধ্যতা; Obediency. Syn:—Allegiance, fealty, fidelity. Lozengo, lożenj, n. সমচত্ত্র; বিষম কোণী সমচত্ত্র কোর: A rhombus; an oblique-angled equilateral parallelogram:—সজনচুস; এক একার দিঠাই; A smallcake of preserved fruit or medicine. Lubber, suber, Lubbard, lubard, n. পুস্কুত্বি

বাসঃ অবিচ অনুস লোক ; বাসু চাবা ; An awkward clumsy fellow, esp., one unskilled in seamanship; clown. a=lubberly.

Lubberly, a. \*\* | Clumsy.

Lubricate, তিওঁ bri-kāt, v. t. [ L. lubricus, slippery ] চৌৰ্দ-কু; স্থাদ-কু; পিছিল-কু; To make smooth or slippery. n=lubrication, lubricator, lubricant.

Lubricity, loo-brisi-ti, n. পিছিলতা; অব্যুৱতা; নাশট্য; কামুকতা; Slipperiness; smoothness; lewdness. [when full-grown.

Luce, 100s, n. স্পূৰ্বিছিপাও পাইৰ মাছ: A pike Lucent, 100'sent, a. [L. luceo, to shine] সাজ্যসান; উজ্ল: Bright; shining.

Lucerne, loo-sern, ». উত্তিপু বিশেষ ; A wellknown fodder-plant.

Lucid, lu'sid, a. [L. lucidus, from lux, lucis, light] উপল: Resplendent, bright:—বজ: নিপ্রল: বিশাল: Transparent; pure; clear:—বিশাল, Distinct; intelligible; perspicuous. n=lucidness, lucidity. ad=lucidly. Syn:—Luminous, radiant, beaming, effulgent; limpid, diaphonous; obvious; sane, sober, sound.

Lucid interval—উন্নাদ বা অজ্ঞান আবার সময়ে সময়ে যে চৈড্রন্থ হয়; An interval of reason, enjoyed by an insane person between the fits of insanity: an interval of consciousness enjoyed by one bereft of reason.

Lucifer, Iতত'ci-fer, n. [ L. lucis, light, fero, to bring ] ভক্তাবা; ওক্তাবারণী ওক্তাই; Planet Venus as the morning star:—দিয়াশলাই; দীপ-শ্বাকা; A match:—সম্ভাব; Satan.

Proud as lucifer— মতান্ত গালিত, Very proud. Lucina, n. বাইনেবী; The goddess of child-birth. Luck, luk, n. অণ্ড, ভাগা, সৌভাগা; Fortune; good fortune:— দৈব; Chance; accident. Syn: —Hazard, fate; success.

A run of luck—উরতিকাল: হণ্ডতা; হ বা কু পদ্তা; A course of good fortune; a succession of chances, favourable or unfavourable:— ঘটনাপ্ৰবাহ, A course of events.

Luckless, lukles, n. তুর্লা; সাহকল; Unhappy, unpropitious. n=lucklessness. Syn:
—Unfortunate, ill-fated, ill-starred.

Lucky, luke, a. ভাগাৰান; সৌভাগাৰালী; Fortunate; having good luck:—७७; ७७। नती; Auspicious. n=luckiness. ad=luckily. Syn:—Successful, prosperous; propitious, favourable. Lucrative, lukra-tiv, a. [L. lucrari, to gain] नाडकन : नाडक ; नाडकाक; Profitable; gainful. ad=lucratively. Syn:—Remunerative, paying.

Lucre, 100'ker, n. [L. lucrum, gain] 715; Profit; gain; advantage; money-gain.

Lucubrate, loo'kū-brāt, v. i. রাজিতে অধ্যয়ৰ-ভু; রলনীতে কাজ বা অধ্যয়ৰ-ভু; Study by candle-light; to work or study at night. n=lucubration.

 tation, speculation, cogitation; composition, writing, essay.

Lucubratory, তিত'ku-bra-tor-i, a. বাতির আলোডে লিখিত ; দীপালোকে রচিত ; Composed by candle-light.

Luculent, 155'kū-lent, a. নির্মন; পরিকার; কছ; ফুলাই; Lucid; clear; transparent; evident.

মুগাই; Lucid; clear; transparent; evident. Ludicrous, lu'de-keus, a. [L. ludicrus, from ludus, play] হাস্যকর; হাস্যোদীপক; পরিহাস্বান্তক; হাস্যক্ষক; ব্যক্তপুর্ব; Laughable; burlesque; ridiculous; sportive; comic. ad=ludicrouslys, n=ludicrousness. Syn:—Farcical, funny, droll. Luff, luf, n. প্রায় বায়ুর সভিপথে কাহাক পরিচালক; কাহাকের বজাকার অপ্রদেশক সভাত্তার; Sailing close to the wind; fore part of a sail; weather gauge:—v. i. বাতাসমুব-ফ; বায়ুর অভিমূপে কাহাক কিরাক; Keep close to the wind; to turn a ship toward the wind.

Lug, v. t. টালা; To drag; to hull; to pull violently:—হেঁচডাইবা টালিয়া সইবা যাওয়া; অভি ৰঙ্গেটালা; To pull with difficulty:—n. ভাৰ; Anything drawn or carried with difficulty; a weight.

Luggage, n. ভারি বোৰা ; গাঁটরি : মোট ; Anything cumbrous carried about baggage ; the trunks and other baggage of a traveller.

Lugger, n. कृष्ठ नोका वित्नव; A small vessel carrying two or three masts.

Lug-sail, lug'sal, n. এক প্রকার সমচতুকোৰ পাইৰ;
A square sail hanging obliquely from the mast.
Lugubrious, lòò-gòò'bre-us, a. [L. lugubris, from lugere, to mourn] ছংবজনক; পোকার্ব; ছংবার্ব; বিষাদমর; Mournful; sorrowful. ad = lugubriously. Syn:—Serious, sad, gloomy, melancholy, doleful, sombre.

Lugworm, n. এক প্রকার কোঁচো; A sluggish worm.

Luke-warm, lūkwarm. a. [ A. S. wlaec, warm, remiss ] ইবছক: Moderately worm; tepid:—
মৰ্বোৎসাহ: উৎসাহনুক্ত: উদাসীক; ইবছকতা); ad=lukewarmly. Syn:—Indifferent, not ardent, cool.

Lull, lul, v. f. সাজনা-কৃ; পাজ-কৃ; প্ৰামিত-কৃ; To quiet; put to rest; compose; soothe:—v. i. পাজকৃ; প্ৰামিত-কৃ; To become calm; to subside:—
ж. উপপৰের সময়; পাত্তির সময়; A season of quiet.
Syn:—(v) Still, tranquillize, calm; abate, cease.
Lull to sleep—ব্য পাড়ান।

Lullaby, iula-bi, n. বালকদিগকে মান্তনা করিবার পীত: বালক্দিগকে ঘুম পাড়াইবার পীত; A song to still babes.

Lumbago, lum-ba'gō, v. [L. lumbus, a loin] কচিদেশের বাড, বেদলা; A rheumatic pain in the loins.

Lumbar, lumbar, Lumbal, lumbal, a. ক্টিন্থ-জীয় ; কটিবেশীয় ; কটিনৱিছিড ; Relating to the loins ; pertaining to, or near the loins.

Lumber, lumber, n. [A. S. leoma, utensil]
কাৰ: A pledge or pawn:—ভার: Anything
cumbrous:—ভাকপ্রা এবা; অকার্যাকর বলিয়া বাহা
পরিত্যক হয়: Thing thrown as useless:—ভঙ্গা:
বে কাঠ করাত হারা কাটা হয়; Timber sawed or

split for use :- a. i. wis wift; To cut lumber and prepare it for market :- विक काई वीरत वीरत क्षत-कृ ; का नड़ा ; To move heavily and labouriously :-- ए. रे. विज्ञधनकार शांना (प्रदश वा वानीक्फ-क ; To heap together in disorder :- अक्ट्री अत्व Tie; To fill with lumber. Syn :-(n) Trash, rubbish, trumpery.

Lumbering, c. जर्क्युगु ज्ञाता पूर्वकांत्री ; विनुधनकारव THE: Filling with lumber; putting in disorder :- शैदा नकाती : Moving heavily.

Lumber-room, #. अमदकांद्री क्रिनिन दांधियांत्र शान ,

Place for useless goods.

Luminary, loo min-ar-i, n. [ L. lumen, luminis, light ] cutton; Any body that gives light, especially one of the heavenly bodies :-শিক্ষ : মান্বলাতি শিকাৰাতা : Enlightener ; one who instructs mankind :- त्यांन विवद्यव विचय बाबाकांडक : One who illustrates any subject.

Luminiferous, loo-min-il'er-us, a. [ L. lumimis, light, fero, to carry ] जालाक्यांशे ; Trans-

mitting light.

Luminous, Id'min-us, a. [ L. luminosus, from lumen, light ] Gun , miceffas , Bright ; radiant; shining: -পরিছার, হুপাই; Clear; lucid. ns - Luminousness, luminosity (উৰ্বতা); ad = luminously. Sym :- Vivid; perspicuous, obvious; illuminated.

Lummer's hole-A lazy, cowardly way of doing what is appointed.

Lump, lump, n. नि: नमअनमा ; (मार्ड ; Mass ; the whole together; the gross:-v. t. (4)(4) बड़ा : ब्बार्टिक डेनाइ बड़ा : To throw into a confused mass; to take in the gross.

In a lump, In the lump—(बांट्डे ; वर्कताकरना ; Collectively, in the gross.

Lumper, n. काशास्त्र थान वाकारे कतिवात छ बाबोइबाइ बुट्डे, A labourer employed in the loading or unloading of ships. [ A sea-fish. Lump-fish, lump'fish, #. मान्डिक भश्मा विद्यव : Lumping, lump'ing, a. etal; (Albi . Heavy . bulky.

Lumpish, lump'ish, a. eifa; शिक ; कड़बर , मर्च ; Heavy; gross; dull; stupid. ad=lumpishly.
n=lumpishness.

Lumpy, lump'i, a. Press; Press; Full of lumps. Lunsey, lu'na-se, n. [L. luna, the moon] উন্ধাণ; কিন্ততা; বাডুলতা, Madness; insanity. Syn :- Derangement, craziness, mania, mental aberration.

Lunar, loohar, Lunary, loohar-i, a. [ L. luna, the moon ) हलामक्की ; हाल ; हलावर ; हला-Belonging to the moon; pertaining to the moon; caused by the moon.

Lunar caustic, n. Nitrate of silver.

Lunar sclipse-52359

The lunar dynasty-534:41

Lunar, n. 5#; Moon.

Lunate, loonat, Lunated, loonat-ed, a. 44-চন্ত্ৰাকৃতি; অভিচন্ত্ৰাকাৰ, Crescent shaped; having the form of the half-moon.

Lunatio, luna-tik, s. \$46; fee; Affected with lunacy :- n. Ting; Galv; A madman.

Syn: -- (n) Maniac, insane person. Lunatic asylum—कि विशंत : वांच्या बांस्वांत । Lunation, loon-n'shun, s. simula; The time

between two revolutions of the moon: a lunar monbt

Lunch, lunch, Lunchson, lunshun, a. etw-क्षांचम च धाराम कांचरमत्र मशावर्की क्षणभाव ; A slight repast between breakfast and dinner :- v. i. क्तर्गान-क ; क्रवारांत्र-क ; To take a lunch.

Lune, loon, n. who minis and; Anything in the shape of a half-moon.

Lunette, loo-net, #. विक्रिय र# ; A detached bastion :-- बालाक टार्यनार्थ द्वाद हादव हिन्न ; An aperature in a concave ceiling to admit light :--পকেট যড়ির কাচাবরণ : A watch-crystal.

Lung, lung, n. क्नूक्न ; बाइटकाव ; Breathing organ. ad=lunged.

Lunge, luni, n. बाकियर पाछ : A sudden thrust : তাঃ. আক্সিক খাত-দে, To give a sudden thrust. Lungwort, lung'wurt, n. उर्व वित्तव ; कुककारक উৎপত্ন শৈৰাল : An herb with purple flowers ; a lichen that grows on tree trunks.

Luperoal-छेदमर बिरनेव . A festival held by the Roman on the 15th February in honour of Lupercus, the god of festivity.

Lupine, loo pin, n. ফুলগাছ বিশেষ, A kind of flowering pulse; a leguminous plant.

Lupine, loop'in, a. [ L. lupiss, a wolf ) 3444; Wolfish : like a wolf.

Lupus, " हभारतान विरम्ब : Skin-disease.

Lurch, lurch, n. क्यार अक्तिएक लाशक (क्ला ; ज्ला काहारकर काउ , A sudden roll of the ship to one side ; side twist , upset :- ए. १. महना काइ ३ छता , এক পার্বে হেলা : To roll suddenly to one side over : - 65 कदिश थांका ; खडाडार बाका ; To watch . to steal, to he in ambush or secret; to lurk.

Leave in the lurch—সৰটে পড়া , বিপৰে বা নি:-त्रकृति अवकात सार्थ-क . Leave in a difficult situa tion or without help.

Lurcher, lurcher, n. tota; বে ব্যক্তি গুড় ক্রিয়া etce. One who lurches; a poacher; one who lies in wait :-- निकाती कृत्रत , A dog for game.

Lure, lur. m. attited, Any enticement; decoy .- v. f. 47%-F, 4171/85-F. To entice. Syn .- (n) Allurement, bast, temptation.

Lurid, lurid, a. (वांत ज्ञान ; कीवन विवर्ग , नीर्न ; विवर ; Ghastly pale; wan; gloomy. Syn :- Dismal. murky, lowering, toreatening.

Lurk, lurk, v. s. 88-7 , 88814 44 186-7; 65 कतियां बादक : To be concealed ; To lie in wait. Syn :--Hide, skulk, keep out of sight.

Lurking, lurking, a. वांभनीह ; खडादर अरहिछ :

बर्ड ; Lying hid ; keeping out of sight. Luscious, lushe-us, a. [ Eng. lush, juicy ] श्रवाषा : यहा : Delicious ; sweet ; delightful :-वृश्वासनक , अनुविक विवक्तिकत ; Fulsome, as flattery n-lusciousness. ad-lusciously. Syn:-Honeyed, savoury, palatable. grass. Lush, lush, a. नवन ; Rich and juicy, said of Lust, lust, अ. कामश्रवृत्ति ; काम ; Carnal appetite concupiscence :- (नाक ; निका ; कावना ; Long-

ing desire ; eagerness to possess :- v. i. Willy-

मदकारम रेक्टा-इ ; जिन्छ-इ ; To desire eagerly :-কাৰাৰজ-হ; কাৰএবৃত্তি চৰিভাৰ্য কৰিবাৰ ইচ্ছা-কু; To have carnal desire :-- অসং কাৰণা-কু; To have depraved desires. Syn:-(n) Cupidity, craving, hankering; carnal desire, inordinate affection, sensuality, lasciviousness, pruriency, lechery. Luster, luster, Lustrum, lustrum, n. [L. luo, to wash ] পাঁচ বংগরকাল ; The space of five

years; a period of 5 years.

Lustful, lustfool, a. कायूक ; कायवर्धन ; कायांत्रक ; कारमानीशक ; Inciting to lust ; sensual :- लांछी ; (MISAAS; Having lust. n=lustfulness. ad= lustfully. Syn: - Concupiscent, craving, hankering; fleshly, carnal; libidinous, lewd, lascivious, prurient, rampant, licentious, unchaste.

Lustiness, luste-ness, n. Strength or stoutness of body. Syn:-Robustness, sturdiness, hardihood. Lustral, lustral, a. लायक ; विलायनमःकांख ; विला-वमार्थ वावक्ष ; Relating to or used in purification. Lustration, lus-trashun, n. [ L. lustro, to purify ] প্রোপহার দারা পাপকালন; পোধন করণ; जि ; वित्नारन ; A purification by sacrifice ; the act of purifying.

Lustre, luster, n. [ L. lucere, to shine ) dang . উপ্ৰতা : প্ৰতা : Brightness ; splendour :-খাতি ; रन : Renown ; distinction :-- वाड़ की शावात ; प्रत्राल-निवि ; भावाशन ; Chandelier ; a candlestick ornamented with pendants or cut glass. Syn:-Brilliancy, radiance, resplendence, refulgence; celebrity, eclat, glory, eminence.

Shed a lustre upon-सनहोत्र नक्ष : Raise to distinction; confer honour on.

Lustreless, luster-les a. প্রভারীন ; নিপ্সত ; Des-[ kind of glossy silk cloth. titute of lustre. Lustring, lustring, n. দিৰণ পটনত বিশেষ: A Lustrous, lustriis, a. উक्त ; मीविमान ; अलाविनिष्टे ; ৰোভিছ ; Bright ; shining ; luminous.

Lusty, luste, a. विकि ; पृष्काय , वनमानी ; व्यक्ताय ; Stout ; bulky ; 'vigorous : healthful. melustiness, lustihood. ad=lustily. Syn:-Large, robust, vigorous, brawny, muscular; hearty, jocund.

Lutanist, n. वीनावांपक , Player on the lute. Lutarious, lootári-us, a. क्लमवद ; क्लमीब ; Like, or belonging to mud.

Lute, 1ठ0t, n. बीना ; A stringed instrument of music :- मुखिका ; A clay :- v. t. मुखिका बाजा stigs-F; To coat or cement with clay. n= luter, lutist, lutation.

Lute. 150t. Luting, louring, n. Maile Mistig वा बाह इक्टेंट बका कतियाद कर्फनाकात वस विष्य ; A composition like clay for making vessels airtight, or protecting them when exposed to fire. Luter, looter, Lutist, lootist, n. बुढ-बानक ; बीना राष्ट्रकाडी ; A player on a lute.

Lutostring, n. बीनावाजन जात : डेव्यन (प्रनम ; The string of a lute; a lustrous silk.

Latheren, loo'ither-an, a. श्रीवेश वर्षनायांत्र ज्ञांत या स्वीप मछावलको माजाब ; Pertaining to Luther: -- म न्यात्रम अपूर्ण वा निया ; A follower of Luther. w=Lutheranisor.

Lutheranism, n. न्यास्त्र वर्षम् ; The doctrines of Luther.

Luxate, luksat, v. t. 可管到电子; To dislocate; to put out of joint :- राज्याक क ; To displace. n=luxation. [ A dislocation, Luxation, luks-áshun. #. সবিচ্যুতি; হাসচাতি; Luxuriance, luks-d're-ans, n. wors se: Exuberance. Syn: -Rank, growth, abundance, excess, profusion.

Luxuriant, luks-u're-ant, a. বছৰ বা সভেৱে বৰ্ছ-मान ; अञ्चित ; Exuberant in growth ; overabundant. ns = luxuriance, luxuriancy. ad = luxuriantly. Syn :- Superabundant, plentiful, plenteous.

Luxuriste, luks-u're-at, v. i. बक्त विक-क : To grow exuberantly :--অতিশর স্বতোগ-কু; বিলাসিভার महिन कीरनमानन-क : To live luxuriously :-- मानत्म वाह्ना वर्गन-क : To expatiate with delight, Syn :-Flourish; revel, wanton, indulge in.

Luxurious, lug-zu'ri-ous, a. विनामिश्रम ; विनामी ; ভোগরত; বিলাসক্ষবিত; Given to luxury; voluptuous; softening by pleasure. n=luxuriousness. ad = luxuriously.

Luxury, lukśū-re, n. [L. luxuria, from luxus, excess] হুখাদা ; তুরিদাধক ম্বা ; A dainty ; delicacy : -- विसामिडा ; Splendour of living ; voluptuousness, effeminacy; free indulgence in rich diet or costly dress or equipage. Syn :- Epicurism, sensuality, lasciviousness; pleasure, gratification; treat.

Lycanthropy, n. [Gr. lykos, a wolf, and anthropos, a man ] ज्यान द्यान : A form of

Lycoum, li-séum, n. नाहिजाननाज ; विनानम ; वस्का ৰাৱা উপদেশ দিবার আগার; School of Aristotle; literary institution, grammar school.

Lydian, a. 35; (34; Soft; effeminate.

Lyo, li, n. कांत्र विजिल वन : A mixture of ashes and water.

Lying, li'ing, a. wafes; Recumbent :- fasti-বালী; Telling lies:-n. মিখা।; Falsehood:-মিধাা কথনের অভ্যান; The habit of telling lies. ad=lyingly.

Lying in, n. Mag; Child-bearing. Lying-in-chamber—স্তিকাগৃহ।

Lymph, limf, n. वर्गशैन नंदीरत्व तम वित्नव : बन : A colourless fluid in animal bodies; water.

Lymphatic, lim-fatik, a. तनवारी : तननःकाव : Pertaining to lymph; containing to lymph:-n. बनवारी नव ; A vessel which conveys the lymph. Lynch, linch, v. f. विठात ना कतिता प्र- (न : पाइन मछ विहात ना कतियां पिकड-कृ; To judge and punish

without the forms of law, as by a mob. Lynch-law, n. সাধারণ ব্যক্তি ধারা প্রহার : Sum-

mary punishment without legal trial by private unauthorized persons. Lynx, lingks, a. रक विकास वित्यव : A small wild

animal of cat-kind noted for its sharp sight. Lynx-eyed, lingks-id, a. रमानी; जीवनी: Sharp-sighted.

Lyre, lir, n. वीनी ; बानावत ; A musical instrument like the harp :-- नक्जनकन विरम्ब ; Lyra, one of the northern constellations.

Lyre-bird, lir'bird, n. আইলিয়া দেশীয় পকী বিশেষ ; An Australian bird.

Lyric, lir'ik, Lyrical, lir'ik-al, a. বীপাবোগে বান করিবার উপযুক্ত; Played in the lyre, fitted to be sung to the lyre —তবকাকারে লিখিত, Written in stanzas:—কবির ব্যক্তিগত ভাবএধান, রস্প্রধান;

Lyrist, lir'st, s. बीनावानक ; A player on the harp.

## M

M-इर्साजी वर्गमानाव खर्चानन वर्ग वा सकत ; The sath letter of the English alphabet.

মি, ম. মাতা; মা, জননী. Mother (an abbieviation of mamma), a child's title for mother

Mab, mab, n. প্রাদেব বাজা; পরীরাণী, The queen of the fairies.

Macadam, n. খোলা; প্রবর্গত, Powder graMacadamise, mak-adam-ir, v t রাভাব খোলাদে; ছোট ভোট প্রস্তর্গত হ'বা আবৃত্ত- ফু, To cover, as a road, with small broken stones, so as to form

a smooth, hard surface. n = macadamisation.
Macanco, n. বাৰ্য ; A monkey

Macanco, n. বাৰৰ; A monkey

Macaroni, mak-a-rō'ni, n. মুরলার পিটুক, পিটুক
বিশেষ; Paste of flour, an article of food made
of wheat-flour in long slender tubes — চিলাব,

বিভিন্ন জবোর সংথিতাণ , A medley —বোকা , ফুল্লাবু A fool , a fop .—কলনাম্যামী অসাধারণ বস্তু , Some-

thing fanciful and extravagant

Macaronic, mak-a-rohik, a. হাসোদীপক, Burlesque:—সানাস, অসাব, Tuffing —গৰিত, Affected:—n. বিভিন্ন দ্বোর মিল্লণ বা মিল্লিড তুল, A jumble; a macaronic composition

Macaroom, n. বাদামেৰ পিঠক, ব'দামের বিষ্কৃত্ত, Cake made chiefly of almonds and sugar, a sweet biscuit:—কুল বাবু. Coxcomb

Macassar oil, ma-ka'ar-oil, n. কেশৰ্থক হৈল, স্বাদি তৈল; An oil much used for promoting the growth of the hair, exported from Micassar.

Macaw, ma-kaw, n. बारमित्रकांत्र काकालूता, An American parrot.

**Mace**, mās, n. বাই, আলানে সৈ; A heavy staff used as an energy of authority; a staff with an ornamental head — সাম; A club — কৈনী, A spice, the second coat of the nutmeg.

Macer, māśér, n क्षर , वानारमीही-वाहक ; A mace-bearer ; a court officer.

Macerate, maser-At. v t. [L. macero, to steep] क्लिक्ट नवम-कृ, To soften by steeping as in a fluid. n=maceration Syn:—Mortify, waste, wear away, steep, soak, soften, digest Maceration, mas-ér-A'shun, n. क्लिक्ट मं बोचियां नवम क्या, The act of softening by stepping.

Machiavelian, mak-i-a-velyan, c. রাজনী-ভিজা; চড়ব, বৃত্তি, বিবাস্থাতক; Pertaining to Machiavel, an Italian writer or to his supposed principles; politically cunning, crafty, perfidious:—n. ইডাগার প্রসিদ্ধ ভাকনীতিবিশাবদ স্যাকি- বাভিলেৰ অনুকাৰী, One who imitates Machiavel.
n = machiai chanism

Machiavelianism, দ চতুরতা, Political cunning and artifice intended to layour arbitrary power.
Machinal, maki-nal, a ব্যাস্থ্যীয়, Pertaining to machines

Machinate, maki-nai, v t অভিসদ্ধি-ফু; মতলৰ আটা, To contrive; to form a plot or scheme. n=machination.

Machination, n. কৌশন উদ্ভাবন, অভিসন্ধি, কুমন্ত্রণা, কুটসন্ধন ; Act of scheming, usually in secret and with an evil interest Sin —Plot, conspiracy, intrigue cibal, stratagem, device, scheme.

Machinator, maki-nā-tur, z. অভিস্থিকারী; সম্বাৰণৰ , One who machinates.

Machine, mi-shon, v [ G. mechane, from mechas, means ] কাৰ, যম, An engine, a tool. Machinery, ma-shoher-i, n. বছৰন্ত, বছৰাধাৰৰ; Machines in general, works of a machine — বাছৰ কাৰ; বাছৰ কাৰ্যালিক কাৰ্যাৰে কিছি parts of a machine— বাছৰাৰ কাৰ্যাৰ কৰি কাৰ্যালিক হব, Means by which anything is kept in action esp, sup rnitural means by which the action of a fieldings work is carried on and

Machinist, ma-shehist, n বছনিৰ্বাচা; বছপৰিচালনাগিতে কুপ্তিচ, A constructor of machines;
one versed in machinery
[A sea-fish.
Mackerel, mak-i-el, n. সামুজিক মংসা বিশেব;
Mackintosh, makin-tosh, n. ওয়াটারক্রক কাপড়ের
বহিবাববণ; A water-proof coat.

brought to a catastrophe.

Macrocosm, marro-kozm, n. বিশ, বকাও;
পৃথিৱী, The universe, opposed to Microcosm,
—the little world constituted by man.

Macula, makū-la, n नात्र, क्लाइ, A spot, as on the skin, or on the surface of the sun. pl-maculæ.

[ To spot, to stain.

Maculate, maku-lat, v. t. দাগবুজ-কু, কলভিড-কু; Maculation, n [L macula, a spot] কলভিজ কবণ, দাগ; The act of spotting; a spot.

Mad, mad, a. [Ger. matt, weak] বিকৃতবৃদ্ধি;
পাগল, কিন্তঃ; Insane; crazy:—কৃদ্ধঃ উন্তেজিতঃ;
কোগোলীতঃ; Furious with anger; enraged;
angry.—কিন্তভাৰনিতঃ; Proceeding from or indicating madness or fury. n=madness. adminally.
Syn:—Lunatic, frenzied, delirious, distracted;
infatuated, frantic, incensed raging, violent.

Drive one mad—শাসণ-ড়; খেণাইয়া ভোলা; Make one mad, infuriate one.

Go mad - পাগল-হ; বুদ্ধিগুদ্ধি হীন-ছ; Become mad. Go mad with - নাগাদি কোন প্রবন্ধ মনের বেগে উমস্ত-ছ; Become mad through or out of.

Run mad-भागन-इ ; Become mad.

Bun mad after—পাগবের স্থার কোর কিছুব পকাৎ পকাৎ বাংলা; Pursue an object conceiving a violent passion for it.

Madam, madam, Madame, n. দেবী; ভয় ব্ৰীলোক; সমান্ত মহিলা; সমান্ত মমণীয় নিষ্ট সংবাদন পদ; A lady; a courteous form of address to a lady. Madeap, madkap, n. উত্তথ্যকৃতি হঠকারী ব্যক্তি; কিন্ত লোক; কোপনবভাৰ ব্যক্তি; A wild, rash, hotheaded person.

Madden, madn. v. t. কিপ্ত-ড়: উন্নত-ড়: কেপাইলা ডোলা: To make mad:—কুছ-ড়; রাগাইলা দেওখা, To enrage:—v. i. কিপ্ত-ড়: কিপ্তের জাল কার্য্য-ড়: To become mad: to act as if mad. Syn:— Craze; inflame, influriate, enrage, exasperate. Maddend with wine—পাবোলার: [ plant. Madder, mader, n. লতা বিশেষ: উদ্ভিদ্ বিশেষ; A Made, mad, pa.t. and pa. p. of make. a. প্রস্তে: বিশ্বিত, Prepared.

Be a made man — শাস্থ হইয়া বাৰ্টা: বার জন্মের চিছা করিতে হইবে না, এই চাব; Become what a man ought to be—one's success in life is ensured:— সম্পন্ন অবস্থা-হ; Be well off.

Be made of—কোন উপাদানে গঠিত বা নিৰ্দ্ধিত; Be formed of; consist of:—Be made of (a certain) metal or stuff —কাহার অনুভি কোনকণ উপাদানে গঠিত হবা; অকৃতির পরিচয় পেরমা; Be of a certain nature or character.

Be made up of —বে বে উপকর্ণে সংগঠিত ; Consist in :—Be composed of , consist of

Made up, a. 435; Prepared . concocted.

Madeira, ma-de'ra, n. মদা বিশেষ: A rich wine. Mademoiselle, mad-mwa-yel, n. বুমারী, আন-বহুদা রম্পুর শিষ্ট সম্বোধন পদ: Miss.

Mad-house, madhows, n. বাডুলাজম; পাণনা পাৰদ; কিপ্তাগার; An asylum fir the insane; a house for mad persons.

Madman, madman, n. কিন্ত লোক, পাগল; One who is mad; a lunatic. Syn:—Insane person, maniac.

Madness, madnes, n. fout); Condition of being mad. Syn:—Insanity, distraction, derangement, delirium, craziness, lunacy, mania, aberration, alienation, monomania; frenzy, rage fury.

Madonna, Madona, ma-dońa, n. কুমারী নেরীর আবের; Picture of the virgin Mary; virgina Mary. [of coral; the common coral. Madrepore, madre-pūr, n. প্রবাল বিশেষ; Kind Madrigal, madri-gal, n. নীত বা কবিতা বিশেষ; A pastoral song; light airy song; a short poem. Madwort, n. উত্তিম্ বিশেষ; A plant.

Maelatrom, maistrom, গ. নরগুরের উপকূল সরিহিত প্রসিদ্ধ আবর্ত্ত; A celebrated whirl pool of the coast of Norway.

Magazine, mag-a-zēń, n. चौर्चात्र ; चौर्चात्रपृद : Store-house :- শহাগার দৌকান ; गुरकाशकर्तात्रात्र ; Powder store or room; military store:—প্রীক্ষা;
Periodical; pamphlet:—আহাজের বারস-বন্ধ; The
gunpowder-room in a ship. Syn:—Warehouse,
entrepot. [ক্রিরাছে; A reformed prostitute.
Magdalon, mag'da-len, n. বে বেখা চরিত্র সংশোধন
Magende, n. নুর বিশেব; A light-red color.

Maggot, mag'ut, n. [A. S. madha, earthworm] বাটাও; বাট; Grub; worm:—বেবাল; Whim; fancy, caprice. Syn:—Crotchet, vagary, freak. [When the fancy takes us. When the maggot bites—বৰ্ব বেবাল উপয় হয়; Maggoty, a. বাটাৰম্ব; বেবালী; Full of maggots. Magi, maji, n. আচ্য ব্ৰিগ্ৰ; প্ৰচ্য প্ৰভ্ৰমণী; Parsee priests; wise men of the cast.

Magian, mā'ji-an, a. পারদ্য প্রোহিত বঙলীসংক্রান্ত; Pertaining to the Magi:—n. পারদ্য প্রোহিতমঙলীর অক্তচম; One of the Magi. n=magianism.

Magianism, n. পারদা প্রোহিত্দিপের ধর্মত; The philosophy or doctrines of the Magi.

Magio, majik, n. ইপ্ৰভাল; ভোৰবিলা; বাহ; Witchcraft, enchantment: sorcery; necromancy; black art.

Magic, majik, Magical, majik-al, a. একাছিৰ; Done by magic, used in magic. ad = magically. Magic lantern, n. একাছিৰ আবোৰাৰা; An optical instrument which produces striking effects by throwing a magnified image of a picture painted on a screen.

Magic wand—ৰাত্ৰবের বই; A wand used by a magician to perform magical feats.

Magioian, ma-jishe-an, n. शक्का; वेजवानिक; One skilled in magic; wizard. Syn:—Enchanter, necromancer, conjurer, sorcerer.

Magisterial, maj-is-te'ie-al, a. [L. magister, a master] প্রত্যাপ্ত : প্রত্যাপ্ত : প্রত্যাপ্ত : প্রত্যাপ্ত : প্রত্যাপ্ত : প্রত্যাপ্ত : কিড : পর্বিত : Pertaining or appropriate to a magistrate or master; authoritative; imperious : proud; stately; despotic, dogmatic. ad—magisterially. n= magisterialness. Syn:—August, pompous, dignified, commanding, lordly, domineering, ariogant.

Magistracy, majis-tra-si, n. শাসনকর্তার পদ বা মন্যাল; Office or dignity of a magistrate:— শাসনকর্তাপণ: বিচারকল্প: Body of magistrates.

Magistrate, majis-trat, n. মাজিটেট ; শাসনকরা ; বি:ারপ্তি ; শাস্ত্রিক্ত : A person clothed with powers executive or judicial ; a justice of the peace ; a public civil officer. a=magistratic.

Magna charta, ম. ই রাজদিশের অভাবিকার বিষয়ক সংগ্রহার স্বৰূপতা; The Great Charter obtained from King John, A. D. 1215; a declaration of English rights

Magnanimity, mag-na-nime-te, স. মহত ; মহা-মূহবতা, উপারতা; Greatness of mind; highmindedness; elevation or dignity of soul; generosity; disinterestedness.

Magnanimous, mag-nahe-mus, s. [L. magnus, great, and animus, mind ] মহালয়; মহালু; মহানুভাব : উল্লেখনাঃ : উপার : বার্থপ্রতাহীল ; Great of mind; generous ; unselfish. Syn:—Noble, honourable, chivalrous, unselfish, disinterested, liberal. Magnate, mag'nit, n. [ L. magnus, great ] कार्यक्ष (लाक ; कार्याक ; महर याकि ; दनी (लाक ; A noble ; a man of rank or wealth.

Magnesia, mag-ngshi-a, n. মৃদ্ভিকা বিশেষ ; A white almost insoluble, alkaline earth.

Magnesian, এ. যাগ্ৰিদিয়াস্কোড ; Belonging to magnesia.

Magnesium, mag-ng'shi-um, গ. বাহা ইইডে ন্যাগ্নিসিয়া অস্ত হয়; The metallic base of magnesia.

magnesia.

Magnet, mag'net, n. ह्यक ; आकाव ; The Magnetic, mag-netik, Magnetical, magnetik-al, s. ह्यकावा ; ह्यकावा ; आवर्षक ; Having the properties of the magnet , attractive. ad = magnetically.

Magnetics—The science or principles of Magnetics, mag'net-iz, v. f. टिंग्यम्बी-कृ, mag'net-iz, v. f. टिंग्यम्बी-कृ, Make magnetic -- v i टिंग्यम्बी-कृ; To become magnetic.

Magnetiser, mag'net-iz-er, n. कृषकवर्धनःकाषक :

One who or that which imparts magnetism.

Magnetism, mag'net-izm, n চৌৰকণাৰ; চুৰক
ৰৰ্ম; কাকৰণ, আকলাৰাজ, The cause of the attractive power of the magnet, attraction; the
science which treats of the properties of the
magnet.

[ One skilled in magnetism.

Magnetist, mag'net-ist, n. চৌৰকণাৰজ পতিত;

Magnific, mag-nifik, Magnified, magnifi-ed, a. [ L. magnis, great, and facio,
to do] মহং; মহান; কাকাল; Great; splendid,
grand; illustrious; noble.

Magnificant, n. ভোত্ত; কুমাৰী ঘেৰীর কীড; A song of the Virgin Mary, the inspired Hymn of the Blessed Virgin Mary.

Magnificonce, mag-nii'e-scus, a. অতি শোড়া, এবৰ্গা, উক্তিম্মৰ, Grandeur, splendour, gorgeousness, pomp.

Magnificent, mag-nife-sent, a. মহং; আড্ময়-আকাৰক; কাকাল; ইবৰ্গালালী, Grand, noble, pompous; exibiting grandeur; splendid n= manificence, ad=magnificently. Syn:—Gorgeous, brilliant, imposing, stately, superb.

Magnify, mag'ne-li, v. t. [ L. magnus, great, and facere, to make ] অভিন্তিত বৰ্ণনা-কৃ, প্ৰাণনা-কৃ, বৃহৎ-কৃ; বড-কৃ; অভিব্য়িড-কৃ; To make great enlarge, amplify; extol --v. s. To increase the apparent dimension of objects. Syn:—Exaggerate, augment; praise, exalt, elevate, celebrate, glorify.

Magniloquent, mag-nito-kwent, a. [ 1.. mag-nus, great, and loque, to speak ] প্ৰসূত্য; দান্তিক, শক্ষানুক্রিয় ; Bombastic, boasting. n=magniloquence ( শক্ষানুক্রিয় ; অনুপ্রাস্পূর্ব ; Big speaking ; boasting.) ; ad=magniloquently. Syn:—Tumid, turgid, high-flown, stilted, inflated.

Magnitude, mag'ne-tūd, n. [L. magnitulo, from magnus, great] বৃহত্ব, মহত্ব, বিকৃতি; Greatness; largeness; size; extent — ভক্ত; Importance. Syn — Bulk, volume; grandeur, duantity.

Magnolia, mag-noli-a, স অসুত্র বৃদ্ধ বিশেব, A tree having large fragrant flowers, Magnum, ». বোডল বিশেষ; A bottle holding two quarts. [London. Magog, ». One of the giants of the city of Magpio, mag'pi, ». পঞ্চী বিশেষ; A chattering and mischievous bird.

Mahogany, ma-hog'a-ni, n. কাঠ বিশেষ; আমেরিকার বৃক্ষ বিশেষ; Cabinet wood; a tree of tropical America.

Mahomedan, Mahometan, ন. বুনলখান; Follower of Mahomed:—এ. বুনলখান নৰকীয়; Pertaining to Mahomed or to his religion. See Mohammedan [ of Mahomed. Mahomedanism, ন. বহুস্থপুষ্ণ; The religion Mahomedanism, চ. চ. বুনলখান-ছ; Convert to Mahomedanism.

Maid, mad, n. কুমারী; অবিবাহিতা রমনী; Virgin; an unmarried girl:—দানী; পরিচারিকা; A maid-servant, a female servant. Syn:—Maiden, girl, lass, damsel.

Maid of all work, n নানী, Servant bound to Maid of honour—নানীৰ পরিচারিকা বা নবী; A female attendant of a queen or royal princess.

Maiden, madn, n. কুমারী; আবিবাহিতা রমণী, A maid—An instrument formerly used in Scotland for beheading criminals .—কাপড় খোত করিবার বস্ত্র, A machine for washing linen:—a. অর্লযুক্তা রমণী সংক্রান্ত, কুমারী সম্বন্ধীর; Pertaining to a virgin—বিশুদ্ধ; আভিনৰ, আবাবজ্ঞ; প্রথম, আকল্বিড; Pure, fresh; new; unused, first, unpolluted Syn:—(a) Virgin, chaste, undefiled, unused.

Flosh one's maiden sword—আৰম গড়াইছে প্ৰত-ছ; (I'se one's sword ( brgn to fight ) for the first time. [ tried or condemned to death. Maiden-assise, n. An assize where no one is Maiden-assiy, n. প্ৰথম চেষ্টা, A first trial. Maiden-hair, n. স্বৰ্গন উদ্ভিদ বিশেষ; A species

of fern Maidonhood, mādn-hood, Maidonhood, mādn-hed, n ক্যায়ীভাব; কৌমাধ্য, চৰিত্ৰের নিজ-লকডা, নৃত্ৰত্ব, Virginity, purity, freshness

Maiden knight, " যে দৈনিক-পুরুষ যুদ্ধ দেখে নাই, অসমরদণী . A knight who has not seen service. Maidenly, madn-h, a ধীয়প্রকৃতি , লজাণীলা , Becoming a maiden , gentle , modest. ==maidenliness

Maiden name-विवादक भूदर्भ नाम ; The family name , the surname before marriage.

Maiden speech, n প্রথম বক্তা; The first speech of a new member in a public body.

Maid-servant, n. দাসী; পরিচারিকা; Woman

Mail, mal, স. বৰ্দ্ধ, সাঁজোৱা; কবচ; Defensive armour, coat of steel network, armour generally.—দস্যাক প্ৰদত্ত কব; Tribute paid to free-booters —ধলি, A bag; portmanteau:—চিট্ট গভাদি লইবার ভাকবারেব পলি; Post office bag for letters —ভাকগাড়ি, ভাকবাইা লোক; ভাকবনকা, The person or carriage carrying letters:—ক.f. বৰ্দ্ধ সজ্জিত-ক, বৰ্দ্ধ পৰিধান-ক, To clothe in mail; to arm defensively.—ভাকে গঠিন, To send by mail, to post.

Reil coach, s. skys the; A coach that conveys a mail.

Maim, mam, n. [L. mancus, deficient ] कि: अवहीनम ; Privation of a limb ; injury :-- v. f. विक्लांभ-कु ; अवशीन-कु ; To lame ; mutilate ; mangle; cripple; disable. [ state of being maimed. Maimedness, mamed-nes, अ. विक्लांकडा ; The Main, man, n. [ A. S. magen, from magan, to be able ] यत ; भक्ति ; Strength ; might :-- (कांत्र ; The ocean :- महारम ; Violence : — ৰহাসমুদ্ৰ ; Mainland ; continent :-- वड़ वज ; Great pipe :--व्यक्त आप ; The chief part ; the whole : - a. क्षवान ; बुवा ; Chief ; principal :-- वनवान ; Strong ; powerful :-- श्रान ; अश्रान्त ; First in importance ; leading. admainly (ধ্বাৰত: ; Chiefly, greatly). Syn:—(n) Force; bulk, mass; great sea; continent, mainland; chief pipe, great conduit. (a) Cardinal, capital.

For the main, In the main—প্রধানত: ; মুলত: ; প্রায়ই : Mainly ; for the most part ; to a great degree.

Main-dock, mandek, n. জাহাজের অধানতল (পাটা-তন); The principal deck of a ship.

Main-fast, a. वनवान : Powerful.

Mainhold, n. अवाद वत ; Main strength.

Mainland, mānland, त. ब्हारम ; A continent ; the larger land. [ mast.

Mainmast, n. গ্ৰহাৰ মান্তৰ; Chief mast; middle Mainsail, n. প্ৰহাৰ পাইল; Sail of the mainmast. Mainspring, n. নিদান; Chief spring; chief fountain; cause.

Mainstay, n. The stay extending from the foot of the foremast to the main top:— বিশাস আৰু স্বৰ্- স্থান ; Main-support; principal; dependence.

Maintain, men-tan, v.t. [F. main, hand, and L. tenere, to hold ] ধারণ-ছ; অধিকারভূকে রাধা; To hold by hand; to keep possession of:—রক্ষাকু; To keep, to defend:—অবস্থা বিশেবে রক্ষা-ছ; To keep in any particular state:—চালান; To carry on:—ধারণ-জু; প্রণ-জু; To keep up; to make good:—ভরণপোবণ-জু; পোবণ-জু; To support:—তর্ক ধারা সমর্থন-জু; বুকি ভারা পোবকতা-জু; To support by argument:—v.i. সমর্থন-জু; বুলা; বুকুর্বাপ্ বুলা; To affirm, as a position; to assert. Syn:—Sustain, uphold, preserve; vindicate; justify; continue, carry on; provide for, supply with; assert, aver, contend.

Maintainable, men-tāna-bl, a. রক্ষীয়; পোষ্ণীয়; সম্ব্নীয়; Able to be maintained, supported or defended. [who maintains; supporter. Maintainer, n. ভর্ডা; রকাক্ডা; পোষ্ণকর্ডা; One Maintenance, mānten-ans.n. বারণ; Holding:—অবংগাবণ, Support:—সম্বন; Defence; vindication:—আনাজ্যবন; ভর্বগোষ্ণোগায়; Means of support:—সম্বন, Protection. Syn:—Justification; sustenance, food, victuals, provisions, livelihood; allowance, aliment. [main-mast. Maintop, n. ধারণ মাত্তের অর্ডার; Top of the Main-yard, n. Yard of the main mast.

Maize, mar, দ. কৰাৰ ; জুটা ; Indian corn. Majestic. ma-jeśtik, a. বালবোগা ; উদাব ; মহৎ ;

Majestio, ma-jestik, a. बावरवात्राः, क्यादः सहरः। महानः, बाब्राह्मकः, Princely: possessing majesty: lofty; stately; sublime. Syst:—August, grand, imposing, imperial, regal, royal, dignified, elevated.

Majesty, maj'es-te, n. [L. majestas, magnus, great ] নহয়; নহিবা; নহালা; উচ্চচালচনন; Dignity; grandeur; elevation of mannar — সাজপদনী; নালা বা রাজীয় সমানস্টক উপাধি: A title of kings and other sovereigns:—উচ্চ অন্সেম বাকাৰালো বাণালী; Loftiness of style. Syn:—Stateliness, augustness.

Hor Majesty—बराबाळी ; (परी ; क्षत्रकी ) His Majesty—घराबाळा ; क्षत्रवाल ; (पर ) Your Majesty—(पर ; बालन ; बराबल )

Majolica, n. চিত্রিত বৃৎপাত্র বিশেষ ; A kind of painted earthen ware.

Major, ma'jur, a. অধিকতর; বৃহত্তর; অত্যাবক্তক; ভকতর; Greater; more important:—ns. সেনানি বিশেব; Field-officer above a captain:—বয়ংখাও লোক; প্রাথবহন্দ (সাবালক) লোক; Person of a full age:—পূর্বাপক; First proposition of a syllogism.

Majorate, mā'jur-āt, Majorahip, mā'jurship, n. মেত্রের পদ বা কার্য; The office or rank of major; majority.

Major-domo, ma'jur-do'me, n. [L. major, greater, and domus, a house ] বাটার প্রধান ভয়াব-ধারক; বেওয়ান; প্রধান মন্ত্রী; House steward; chief minister.

Major-general, ma'jur-jeneral, n. সেবা বিশেষ; An officer next to a lieutenant general in some armies.

Majority, ma-jor'e-te, a. [ L. majoritas, from major, greater ] অধিকাংশ; অধিক সংখ্যা; The greater number:—পূৰ্বয়স; প্ৰাপ্তবয়ন্ত্ৰা; সাধানকৰ; Full age:—মেলমের পদ বা কাৰ্য্য; The office or rank of major. Syn:—Plurality, more than half; manhood.

To attain majority—नवःश्रीतः ।

Make, mak, v. t. পৃষ্ট-কু; গঠন-কু; Create; to cause to exist ; to frame :-- প্রস্তুত-কু ; বিশ্বাপ-কু ; Form :-- डेर्शायन-कृ : डेर्शब-कृ : Produce :- निकाइ-कृ ; अन्त्रांत्रम-कृ ; मःत्रांत्रम-कृ ; Perform ; execute ; do :-- वाधा-क ; Force, constrain ; compel :--উপনীত-ছ; উপস্থিত-হ; Reach :-- উপাৰ্জন-ক; প্ৰাপ্ত-इ ; Gain :--- शत्र :- - शत्र :- - अवत्र वित्यत्व आव-कन-इ: To bring into any state or condition :-সংঘটন-कृ , To occasion :-- পরিশত-कृ ; To turn :--ছাপন-কু; প্ৰতিষ্ঠিত-কু; Establish :--প্ৰস্তুত-কু; Prepare :-- निकार : निकाप-क ; Ascertain :-- निर्दाक-কু; Appoint :-- রচনা-কু; Compose :-- খ. i. গখন-কু: To tend, proceed; to move :--সহারতা-ক; সাহার্য-事; To contribute: have effect :-- 事 ; To increase; augment; accrue :- n. 114; 4146 with Form or shape, as parts, ingredients or materials; structure; texture. Syn :- Frame. fashion, fabricate, construct; effect; constitute, compose; enact, ordain, appoint; acquire, secure; represent, show; tend to, conduce, contribute, operate.

Make a cat's paw of—একজনের মাধা ধাইরা নিজের কার্যা উদ্ধার-কু; পরের অপুপকার করিয়া নিজের কার্যা সমাধা-কু; Make a dupe or tool of another. Make a clean breast of नन्। वीकात-इ ; To confess fully.

Make account-Mal-F ; Reckon.

Make account of—বিবেচনা-ড়; জান-ড়; Esteem.
Make a clean sweep—একবাৰে নই-ড়; To
move or destroy entirely.

Make a conscience of or a matter of conscience—বিবেদের আদেশাসুনারে কাব্য-কু; বিবেদের বড কর্ম-কু; To act according to the dictates of conscience, or to scruple to act contrary to its dictates.

Make a fool of—হাস্যাভাৰ-ড়; খুণাভাৰ-ড়; To cause to appear ridiculous.

Make a fortune-শৃস্তি করিয়া বভয়া; বড় নাছ্য-ই; Become wealthy.

Make after—পিছু পিছু বাংলা ; Follow ; go after.

Make a man of—মাৰ্থ-ড় ; Develop manly qualities.

Make a man of one—মাধুৰেৰ মত কবিবা ডে'লা, কোৰেকত্বে থাইডে পানিবে এমন অবস্থান ডোগা, Raise one from an inferior position into an indeperdent and prosperous condition so as to enable him to act in a manly way.

Make amends-#5739-7 , Make good.

Make a mess of it—খিচুৰি পাকটিয়া কেলা; ভাল ক্ষিয়া কৰিতে না পালা, To bungle; to treat awkwardly; to manage clumsily; to create confusion or embarrassment and make matters worse.

Make a mountain of a mole hill—তিকাক তাল প্ৰাণ-ক ; To magnify trifles ; to exaggerate difficulties or obstacles.

Make a name for oneself—नात्र क्ला, Acquire fame or distinction.

Make an appointment—সাকাতের সম্ব ও চান নির্পণ-ড়; Make an arrangement for a meeting.

Make an ass of one's self—মূৰ্থের স্থাব কাৰ্থ-কু; নিৰ্কোণের মত কাৰ্য্য-কু; Act in a foolish or stupid manner.

Make a remark—মন্তব্য প্রকাশ-তৃ; (কোল নিবর) টোকা; Make a casual observation or comment. Make as if—ভাগ-তৃ; ছল-তৃ; Pretend.

Make assurance doubly sure-নিক্ৰ-র, ট্র-র; To render as certain as possible; to increase certainty or conviction.

Make at-(ৰাগ বাৰিত-ই ; Rush at.

Make a virtue of necessity—To do, as graciously, as possible, something one is compelled to do.

Make away-calsia, Run off.

Make away with — বিনাল-কৃ: সংহায়-কৃ. নট-কৃ:
Destroy; kill:—গোপনে তকাং কৃ: Take away
surreptitiously:—নিনা অনুমতিতে আন্ধনাং-কৃ:
Transfer or appropriate to oneself without
authority.

Make believe—ভাগ; কেবল ছলনা; প্ৰাচাৰণা,
Sham; a mere pretence:—৮, ভাগ-কু; ডল-কু;
To pretend. { liberty.
Make bold—সাহস-কু; Presume; venture; take
Make both ends meet—আগবাৰে সমতা বুকাকু; কাম্য লা হুইতে হয় এমন ক্রিয়া চলা; Preserve a

balance between income and expenditure so that the latter may not exceed the former; keep out of debt or insolvency.

Make by—উপাৰ্জন-কৃ; লাভ-কৃ; Gain through.'
Make choice of—পছল-কৃ; To cho se.

Make common cause - रद्द्पतिकत-इ; Unite against a common enemy.

Make eyes at-cots bist; Ogle at.

Make for — অভিমুখে বাজা-কু; কোন দিক বৃক্ষা করিয়া থাওয়া; কোন দিকে বাওয়া; Proceed towards; move towards; rush or direct one's course towards, attempt. [ without ceremony. Make free with—বিনা নছোচে ব্যবহার-কু; Treat Make game of—ভানাদা-কু; বিজ্ঞাণ-কু; প্রভারণা-কু; চাতুরী-কৃ, To hoay, to impose on one's credibility. Make good—কভিপ্রণ-কৃ; To compensate:—To maintain; defend.

Make head against —জব-ড়; Overcome.

Make head way—সুভন্ধ্য-হ; সধ্প-ই; To
progress, to succeed

Make light of—ৰ্যাগ-কৃ, তুজ্জাৰ-কৃ; ভূগলাৰ-ড়; Treat as of no consequence.

Make love—প্ৰণয়াকাজ্যা-কৃ; Court:—জানন্দের সহিত ভোজাদি-কু, Feast with mirth:—কোন বিবর লইঘা কৌতুক বা আমোন-কু; Amuse oneself, indulge in joking and laughter

Make merit of—কোন কিছুৱ নৱৰ বাহাছত্তি কণ্ডয়া ; Take the credit of , take or claim credit for.

Make merry - 52-5; Re jovial

Make mouths at - म्थलकी कु; त्वकान; Distort the mouth; make faces at.

Make much of—অভান্ত বা স্থানৰ-কু; Treat with fondness; treat one with great esteem or attention:—কাহাৰ নিবর বাড়াইবা বলা; Speak a good deal in praise of one '—জাক-কু, Look upon as of great value —অভাকি-কু; Exaggerate.

Make neither head nor tail of—বৃবিতে বা পাৰা: To be unable to understand.

Make no difference—ৰভিন্ত ; To be a matter of indifference [have no doubt. Make no doubt—সন্দেহ না-ছ ; নিংসন্দেহ-জ · To Make no secret of—মাণাজভাবে বলা , To declare openly. [no effect. Make nothing for—ফাগাকাৰী না-ছ ; To have Make nothing of—সাবাস্থ জান করা ; Trifle:—মাথায়ুক কিছুট বুধিতে না পারা , Understand nothing

ahout: —বৃথিতে লা পারা, Not to understand.

Make one's mark, Make a mark—গাতি
লাভ-ক: Distinguish oneself.

Make of -বৃথিতে পার , To understand by :— উৎপর-হ; ফললাত-কু, To produce from ; to effect :
—লিবেচনা-কু, To consider :—জান বা পাৰা-কু;
To esteem.

Make off—প্লাঘন-কু; সরিয়া পড়া; Escape; run Make one's blood boil—কুছ-কু; রাগাধিক-কু; To provoke one. [কু; To terrify greatly. Make one's hair stand on end—অভিনয় ভীত-Make or create a sensation—হতুক ব্যা বা ভুমুক লাগা; Make a noise by exciting the feelings or interest of others.

Make out-প্রমাণ-ক ; সাবাত্ত-ক ; প্রতিপাদন-ক ; To prove ; establish :--কানিডে পারা ; উপ্লক্ষি-ক ; ৰিক্ষণ-ভূ; পৰিভাৱনে বৃত্তিতে পারা; To make a clear understanding of; learn; discover; understand clearly:—বাছত-ভূ; Prepare; make ready:—সংখ্যাৰ-ভূ; To furnish:—ভূতকাৰ্থ্য-ভূ; সক্স-ভূ; To succeed.

Make or mar—হয় উত্ততি বা হয় সৰ্ববাণ-কু; হয় পুৰ ভাল বা হয় পুৰ মৰ-হ; Raise or ruin; cause one to thrive or fail.

Make over - হৰাত্ম-কু; আত্মৰ হতে আৰ্থ-কু;
To transfer (the title of); convey; transfer
something absolutely to another. [acc unt.
Make political capital—স্বিধা-কু; Turn to
Make sail—Increase the quantity of sail.

Make short work of or with—সংক্ষো-তৃ;
Do rapidly or in a short time; make brief:—
সংহাৰ-তৃ; শই-তৃ; Make away with. [certain.
Make sure of—বিশ্বত, ইংতে পাৰে লাভ কৰিব।
লৱা; কিছু ইইতে লাভ কৰিব। লঙকা; Derive the greatest possible advantage or benefit from.

Make the mouth water ইচ্ছা উৎপাদন-ফু, অভিলাদ-কু, To cause desire or longing.

Make to বাভয়া বা আইনা, Go or come to.

Make too much of—পুৰ ভালবাদা, To overestimate; to be too fond of.

Make two bits of a cherry—ৰল কৰিছা-কু; Do anything in parts and not thoroughly or at one stroke.

Make up—শংগতিত-ক ; Constitute ; form ; compose ; consist :—ৰভাব পুরণ-ক ; কতিপুরণ-ক ; শোৰাইয়া লওয়া ; Compensate ; make good :— মিটান ; Reconcile :—বংশাবত্ত-ক ; Settle , adjust .— হিসাব প্রস্তুত-ক ; Supply (what is wanting) :— সংগ্রহ-ক ; জড় করিয়া একজ-ক , To collect into a sum ; collect into a mass :—বিবাদ মিটান , Reconcile or compose a quarrel or a breach :— প্রস্তুত-ক ; Manufacture.

Make up for—কৃতিপুৰণ-কৃ; পোৰাইলা দেওলা বা জন্মা: Compensate for.

Make up into—কোন কিছুৰ আকার পরিবর্ত্তিত-তু, কোন কিছু ছইতে তৈজার-তৃ; Form into; turn into. Make up matters—বিবাদ ভল্ল-তৃ; ঝণড়া মেটান. Settle differences with; be reconciled.

Make up one's mind--সংৰদ্ধ-কু; কোন বিষয়ে
মন:ছিন্ত্ৰ-কু; Determine; decide.

Make up one's mind to—কোন কিছু সফ করিতে বাঁকুত বা অন্ধত বাৰা; Decide to abide by; be prepared to suffer.

Make up to—উপন্থিত-হ; সমীপন্থ-হ; Approach:
—নিকটে বাওয়া; Go up to .—পরিচিত হইনার চেষ্টা-ক; Seek the acquaintance of:—সন্মান-কু; Pay court to:—সন্মান-কু; Become friendly.

Make weter-ent- ; Void urine.

Make with-এक्नड-इ ; अका-इ ; Concur.

Make up with, Make up matters withfacts wan-a; Settle differences for; be reconciled to.

Make way—অৱসাৰ-ই; To make progress; advance:—গণ পরিকার-ই; To open a passage; clear the way.

Know what to make up—এ স্বল্প কি করা বাইতে পারে ভাহা বুবিতে না পারা, Not know how to consider or view a thing; not to well understand a thing. [breeder. Make-bate, n. বিবাদ উৎপাদনকারী; Quarrell Maker, maker, n. বিবাদ উৎপাদনকারী; নির্মাতা; One who makes:—স্টেক্ডা; বিবাতা; নহা; বিবন্ধা; The creator; God. Syn:—Framer, builder, constructor, fabricator, manufacturer; composer, author; writer, poet.

Make-shift, makshift, n. কোনল; ফিকিল; A temporary expedient that which serves a shift. Make-up, n. সমুদায়; The whole, distinguished from the parts composing it :—সমন; General composition or structure; get up:—বেষপ্ৰ; Arranging of type into pages, with proper head lines &c.

Make-weight, makwat, n. পাশাৰ; ভার পুরণার্থ জুলাবন্ধে প্রদান কুলার; That which is thrown into a scale to make up the weight; something of little value added to supply a dificience.

Go to the making of—বে সমত উপাদান কোৰ কিছুব পক্ষে নিতান্ত আবিগ্ৰহ ; Be required to form or constitute.

Malachite, mala-kit, n. ভার বিশেষ; ধনিজ রবা বিশেষ; Green carbonate of copper found in Siberia, Cornwall &c.

Maladjustment, mal-ad-justment, n. বিশ্যুল; অস্টিত লাৰস্থান; Bad management; wrong adjustment.

Maladministration, mal-ad-min-is-trashun, n. কুশাসৰ ; কুণবিচাসৰ ; Bad management, especially of public affairs.

Malady, mala-de, n. কিনা; ব্যাধি; মোগ; Illness; disease. Syn:—Distemper, ailment, disorder, complaint, indisposition.

Malapert, mala-pert, a. চকল; প্রাপ্ত; গুই; Saucy: forward; impudent. ad=malapertly. n=malapertness.

Malaria, ma-la'ri-a, n. ছবিত বালা: Miasma; the noxious exhalation of marshy districts, producing fever &c. as=malarious, malarial.

Malconformation, mal-kon-for-máshun, n,

অনুপ্ৰি); অধানপ্ৰদা; Imperfection or disproportion of parts:--ক্ৰাকাৰ; Ill-form.

Malcontent, Malcontent, malkon-tent, ম. রাজনোহী; One dissatisfied with a government:
— অসম্ভই ব্যক্তি; One who is discontented:—এ.
অসম্ভই; Discontented:—রাজনাননের প্রতি কটু: Dissatisfied with the government. n=malcontentedness. [tisfied with the government.
Malcontented, a. অসম্ভট্ট; Discontented; dissa-Malo, mal, a. পুৰুষ আতীয়; পুং আতীয়; Masculine; not feminine; bearing stamens:—κ. পুৰুষ্
ভাইয় জীন, জন্ত্ৰ বা উভিছ; মন্ত; One of the male sex; a he-animal; a stamen-bearing plant.

Malediction, male-dikshun, n. [L. male, badly, dico, dictus, to speak] শাগ; অভিশাগ; অবস্থ প্রার্থনা. Curse, imprecation, execution; malison. Malefactor, male-fak-ter, n. [L. male, evil, and facere, to do] অপরাধী; কৃত্যালারী; A criminal; convict; an evil-doer. Syn:—Evildoer, offender, delinquent, criminal, culprit, felon, convict. Balevolence, ma-leve-lens, n. activisistic; Evil disposition toward another. Syn:—Illwill, personal hatred, malignity, maliciousness, malice, rancour.

Malevolent, ma-levo-lent, a. [L. mals, ill, and volens, willing] দ্ব্যাপরামণ ; হিসোপর ; বিষ্টো ; Malicious ; envious. ad-malevolently. n=malevolence. Syn:—Evil-minded, spiteful, malignant. rancorous.

Walformation, a. বিকৃতি ; ক্লাকার ; বিশ্বান গঠন ; Irregular or anomalous formation.

Malice, malis, ম. [L. malitia, from malus, bad] বেৰ; অপকারেছা; অহিতেছা; ইছাড়ত অনিষ্ট; আ-will; spite; deliberate mischief. Syn:—Malevolence, maliciousness, rancour, malignity, windictiveness, hate.

Malicious, ma-lishe-us, a. বেৰণম্বন ; বিৰেণমা-মা ; হিলেক ; বেৰলমিত ; Spiteful. n = maliciousness. ad=maliciously. Syn :—Ill-disposed, evil-minded, mischievous, envious, resentful, rancorous.

Malign, ma-liń, w. f. দিলা-ক ; কণবাদ-ক ; কংগা-ক ; To defame ; to speak evil of ; to eury ; to karm :—a. কেণৱৰণ ; বিষেষ্টা ; হাতিকুল , Malicious ; unfavorable. n=maligner. ad=malingly. Syn:—(v) Injure ; traduce, vilify, calumniate, stander, traduce.

Malignancy, malig'nan-si, ম. বেৰ; ছিংলা;

Malignant, ma-lig'nant, a. दश्यवय ; दिःताणव ; Spiteful; hurtful; malicious. n=malignancy. ad=malignantly. Syn:—Malevolent, malign, malicious, mischievous, bitterly hostile; unpropitious, ill-omened; virulent, dangerous, heinous.

Maligner, ma-lig'ner, v. i. কাৰ্য এডাইবার জন্ত শীড়ার ভাগ-ড়; কর্তব্য কার্য পরিহারার্থ শীড়ার ভাগ-ড়ু; Feign illness to avoid duty.

Malignity, ma-ligne-te, n. বেৰ; ৰাকণ বিৰেব; Virulence; extreme malevolence:—অপকারিতা; হারাত্মকতা; Deadly quality. Syn:—Malice, maliciousness, ransour, spite, ill-will, malignancy, animosity; virulence, fatality.

Malison, malizn, n. অভিস্পাত; অভিশাণ; Malediction; curse.

Mall, mawl, ন. মূলাৰ; নীৰ্ছ কাঠ মূলাৰ; A large wooden beetle or hammer:—ছাৱাৰ্ড সমতল পাদচাৰণ ছাব; A level, shaded walk; a public walk:—p. t. মূলাবাঘাত-ড়; চূৰ্ব-ড়; To beat with something heavy; to bruise.

Mallard, malard, n. महान ; वड इरन ; A drake ; wild duck.

Malloable, male-a-bl, e. বাতসহ; বুকারাবাত বাবা এসাবস্থীয়; That may be beaten out by hammerring. ns=malleableness, malleability.

Mallente, male-মা, খ. t. মুলাবাত-কু; মুলাবাতাত বারা প্রসাহিত-কু; To hammer; to extend by hammering. n-malleation.

Mallet, malet, s. 可言 項門有; A wooden hammer, used especially for driving a chisel.

Mallow, maio, Mallowa, maioz, n. कृष विरमंद ; देखिए विरमद ; A plant.

Malmaey, māmze, s. अक्कांकीय दोष्णं ; A sort of grape :---वित्रा ; नगा ; A strong and sweet wine.

Malpractice, mal-praktis, n. অবং আচাল বা আচৰণ: কুৰাৰ্থ: ভাল বা নীডিবিক্স কাৰ্য: অচলিড নিলমের বিক্সাচৰণ; হু:শীলড়া; Evil practice; illegal or immoral conduct; esp. professional misconduct of a physician.

Maletor, mawifster, n বৰ প্ৰছক বাহাৰ ব্যবদান; বৰ প্ৰভক্ষানী; One who makes malt; one whose

occupation is to make malt.

Malt, mawit, n. বৰ; Preparation of barley:v. f. বৰচূৰ্ প্ৰয়ত-কৃ; To make into malt:--v. i.
বৰচূৰ্ব প্ৰয়ত-হৃ; To become malt:--ভ. বৰনহুৰোধে
প্ৰয়ত; Containing, or made with malt.

Maltreat, mal-tret, v. t. ক্ৰাব্ছাৰ-কু; আনৰাচৰণ-কু; নিজয় ব্যবহাৰ-কু; To treat ill; abuse. \*\*—maltreatment. Syn:—Abuse, use ill, hurt, injure. Malversation, mal-ver-sashun, \*\*. ক্ৰাব্ছাৰ; অভাৰণাপুৰ্ব চাত্ৰী; সৰকাৰী ধন অণহৰণ; Evil conduct; corruption or extortion in office; flaudulent tricks; peculation.

Mamsluke, Mameluke, n. One of a military force in Egypt of Circassian slaves, massa-

cred in 1811.

Mamma, mam-ma', n. vi ; visi ; Mother.

Mammal, mamal, n. रजभाति कीन, An animal that suckles its young. pl=mammals.

Mammalia, mam-ma'ıi-a, n. তপ্তপানী জীবনেৰী-সৰ্হ; অভপানী জীব স্বুদ্ন; That whole class of mammals. a=mamalian.

Mammalogy, mam-malo-ji, স. বৰুণারী বাং-শান্ত; The science which relates to mammals.

Mammary, a. उनम्बद्धाः; Pertaining to the breasts or mammæ.

Mammifer, mami-fer, n. [ L. mamma, breast, and fero, to bear ] তাৰ্বিশিষ্ট কড়; তাৰ্ধায়ী কীব; An animal having breasts or paps. a= mammiferous.

Mammillary, mam-ifar-i, a. [ L. mamma, breast ] অনম্থানীয়; অন্বিষয়ক; অনম্থানী; Pertaining to or resembling the paps.

Mammillated, a. কুম তনাগ্ৰবিশিষ্ট ; ভনাগ্ৰহ কুম গোলকবিশিষ্ট ; Having small nipples or little globes like nipples.

Mammon, mamun, n. [ L. mammona, riches ]
ধন; ধনবেৰতা; ক্ৰের; Riches; the god of riches.
Mammonist, mamun-ist, Mammonite,
mamun-it, n. বিষয়কীট; অর্থনেবক; বোর সাংসারিক;
One devoted to mammon or riches; a
worldling.

Mammoth, mamuth, #. হবীজাতীয় কৰ বিশেষ ; Mastodon ; huge beast ; an extinct species of elephant :— a. বৃহৎ ; অভি অকাভ ; Gigantic ; very large.

ৰ্মিনা, man, n. মনুবা; মানুবা; মানুবা; মানুবা; human being:
— নুবালাতি; মানুবালি; Mankind; human race:—ব্যালাতি; বাসুবলাতি; Mankind; human race:—ব্যালাতি পুৰুষ; Adult male; a grown-up male:—দান; পুৰুষ অনুচন; A male attendant; servant:—বামী; Husband:—দাবা বেলাম বুঁটি; A piece used in playing chess:—ত. t. লোক সম্বন্ধাৰ্ক; লোকলনে সন্দিত্ত-কৃ; To supply with men:—কৃচ-কৃ; বলিট-কৃ; সম্বন্ধান-কৃ; To strengthen or fortify. pl—men. Syn:—(n) Person, individual, body, somebody, personage, soul, living soul,

eme, some one; male; valet; place in chess. (pl.) hands, crew.

A man of business—विनि विश्वकार्य नियुक्त है man engaged in any business or trade.

A man of few words—बह्न कथान लाक ; विनि तनी क्वां करहन मां : A man who does not talk much. A man of his word-এক কথাৰ লোক: যিনি কথা পেলাপ করেন না ; A man who acts up to his promise. A man of letters-wes; A learned man.

A man of the world-পাৰা বিষয়ী লোক ; A man keenly attentive to his own interest :-पुत हजूब ; A sharp fellow :- मात्राजी ; One devoted to this life and its enjoyments.

As one man সকলেই এক থোগে; All together; with an accord; unanimously.

Man and boy--राजाकान हहेंड ब नेराख : From youth upwards.

Man for man, Man to man-45 गरका बरबन অন্ত পক্ষের একজনের সহিত তুলনা করিলে; One man [ Man of rare excellence. against another. Man in a thousand—(लोर्ड लोक ; नर्कश्रमान वास्ति ; Man in the moon—ক্লিড বাজি; আকালকুম্মনং चनीक नार्च ; A fictitious person ; a nameless and unknown person (purely fictitious and imaginary. )

Man of bolial-58 (नां ; Any wicked man. Man of blood-Any man of violence.

Man of mark-विकां ठ वाकि : अमिक लाव : A distinguished person.

Man of straw—बमाद लाक ; गार्डाद (कान मृद्राप माई: Puppet; one who has no character or influence; one worth nothing.

Man of war-secests, युक्-क्षांत्राच ; Ship of war or of the line :-- त्यां : Fighting man.

Play the man-माइन नुसंब कार - क , Act manfully. To a man-मकालडे, अकब्बन दाव बहर ; One and all without any exception

Manaolo, maha-kl, n. [1. manicula, dim of manica, handcuff ] steafe, Hand-cuff :- v. 1 शंडकष्डि-ल ; वक्ब-कृ ; क्ब-कृ ; To put manacles on; to fasten. Syn :-- (n) Shackle, fetter, gyve, chain. (v) Handcuff, shackle, fetter, tie, restrain, confine.

Manage, mahaj, v. t. [ F. menager, to keep horse ] निकार-कृ; नामन-कृ; To administer :-চালান : পরিচালন-কু ; To direct , conduct ; control. — শিকা (পওয়া ; To train, as a horse - - প্ৰ- ? ; Handle :-- थ. र. कश्वानिकार्-कृ विश्वकर्त्र राजान ; To conduct affairs, n=manager, Syn :- Regulate, govern, administer, superintend, rule, guide; wield, handle; influence, bring about, effect, husband, economize; manocuvre, concert; act for, do for.

Manageable, manaj-a-bi, a. नामन्याना : अविहाल-नीय ; ममनीय ; Governable. n=manageableness. Management, maiiaj-ment, n. निकाद ; नविज्ञानन ; Act of managing :- >(194; Administration :-কৌশল ; সকৌশল আচরণ ; Skilful treatment. Syn : -Conduct, direction, guidance, control, charge, superintendence, care; contrivance, cunning, practice ; tact.

Manager, mańaj cr. n. 可可奉; One who

manages. Sys :- Conductor, director, over seer, comptroller, superintendent.

Manatoe, man-a-te', n. सज्ञाह कीप विरुद्ध ; An aquatic animal. I child. Manchild, manchild, अ. वाजक : प्र-विक : A male Mandamus, n. A writ issued by a superior court to some inferior tribunal, corporation, or person exercising public authority, commanding the performance of some especial duty.

Mandarin, #. हीनावालन भागनक्ता : हीन-बाजकर्थ-हाडी; Chinese governor; s European name for a Chinese official.

Mandatary, manda-tar-i, Mandatory. manda-tor-i, क. पशित्क कात्मन वा कात प्रक्रम बाव ; बाविडे राष्ट्र ; One to whom & mandate is given.

Mandate, mandat, n. [ L. manus, the hand, and do, to give ] with | Equ ; Order ; command. Syn :- Edict, charge, precept, injunction, commission, warrant.

Mandatory, manda-tor-i, a. बाखारूक ; बादन-TET; Containing a command; preceptive; directive. [ jaw. a= mandibular. Mandible, man-di-bl. m. ET; colaiq; The Mandibular, man-dibu-lar, a. कावानगरकात्र : Relating to the jaw. [ A narcotic plant. Mandrako, mandrak, n. মতা বিশেব ; উত্তিদ বিশেব : Mandrel, n. \*( ) The revolving shank to which turners fix their work in the lathe-

Mandrill, s. 44 काजीइ वानव; A large kind of baboon. [ on the neck of some quadrupeds. Mane, man, n. (444; The long hair growing Man-cater, m. पश्राज्य ; बाक्न ; Cannibal.

Manoge, man-azh, #. खदादाहन निकाद कान्य : अवहानन-कोनन ; अवनिका , A riding-school ; horsemanship. [ spirits of the departed. Manos, a. p!. frecester; Aucestors; defied Man Friday, w. ver; A servant that does everything.

Manful, manifóði, a. সাহসিক; Bold; courageous; showing manly spirit. nomanfulness, ad = manfully. Syn :- Brave, courageous, noble, daring, heroic, stout, strong, vigorous. Manganose, mang-ga-neż, n. बाकू वित्नव ; A

metal. a=manganesian. Mange, manj, ম. প্ৰাদিৰ খোদ পাঁচড়া; গৃহ্পালিত পত্ৰ পাত্ৰকভ . Scab in cattle or beasts.

Mangel-wurzel, n. डिइंग वित्यव. A plant of the beet kind.

Manger, m mjer, n. श्वांवित काठांत कतिवांत शांक : नवामित (डाकनभाव : नामला : छाता : An eating trough for horses and cattle.

Mangle, mang'gl. v. f. [ L. mancus, infirm ] ছেম্ব-কু , কর্ত্ম-কু ; ছিন্ন-কু ; To cut piece-meal ; hack; to tear in cutting :- 事何思 教子: To smooth with a mangle; to calender:-n. 45 পারিমাজনী : কাপডের ইশ্বী ; Rolling press for smoothing linen. n=mangler. Syn :-(v) Lacerate. tear, rend.

Mango, mangu, n. wis; The fruit of the mango tree of the East Indies,

Mango-fish, n. Equa vie !

Mangrove, mangrov, ল. বৃদ্ধ বিশেব ; A tree. Mangy, manji, s. প্ৰবৃদ্ধ ; গাঁহকবৃদ্ধ ; Scabby. n=manginess.

Manhood, manhood, ম. থোৰৰ; Puberty:—
ব্যাস; Human nature; the state of being a
man:—গোকৰ; Manliness; manly quality:—
সাহনিকতা; Bravery. Syn:—Virility; full age,
maturity; manly quality, courage, bravery,
manlihood; firmness, resolution.

Mania, ma'ne-a, n. [ G. mainesthai, to rage ] কিবতা; উনাদ; উন্নতা; ধাৰত ইচ্ছা, Madness; insanity. Syn:—Aberration, frenzy, demontia, monomania.

Maniac, ma'ni-ak, a. কিন্তু; Mad:—n. পাগন; বোৰ উম্বস্ত লোক; A madman; one raving. a= maniacal.

Manifest, mane-fest, a. আই; বিশ্ব ; মুলাই:
Evident; clear; apparent; obvious:—v. t.
আকাশ-কু; বিশ্ব-কু; To show plainly; to reveal,
to declare:—n. বোকাই মালের তালিকা: আহাজের
আলের তালিকা; Invoice of a cargo. Syn:—(a)
Open, evident, conspicuous, plain, distinct,
patent, glaring. (v) Exhibit, display, declare,
evince, express, expose, set forth

Manifest (or Evident) to— স্ট প্রতীব্যান; Evident or plain to.

Manifestable, Manifestible, a. লাই প্রদর্শনীয় ; Capable of being manifested.

Manifestation, man-e-fest-a'shun, ল প্ৰকাশ; প্ৰচাৰ; প্ৰদৰ্শন; আৰ্থিবিৰ; Display; revelation; expression; exhibition.

Manifesto, man-i-festo, দ. রাজার উদ্বেশ্র প্রকান্থ বোষ্ণাপত্র; Public declaration of the intention of a sovereign or state proclamation.

Manifold, mane-িd, a. আনক সংখ্যক; বছল; বিধিষ; নানাবিষ; বছলকার; Many in number; various in kind; in kind; complicated; multiplied:—v.t. জাছ-জ; To double or fold in many complications or thickness. Syn:—Numerous; various, diverse.

Manikin, mahi-kin, n. বামন; A dwarf:—
বানবদেহের বিভিন্ন আংশের আবর্ণ; A paste board
model, exhibiting the different parts and organs
of the human body.

Manilla, a. Of or pertaining to Manilla, the capital of the Phillipine islands:—n চুকুট বিশেষ;
A kind of cheroot or cigar made at Manilla

Maniple, mani-pl, n. এক মুট ; দপলন দৈকোৰ দল ; Handful; body of ten soldiers:—বোনীয় দেনালন ; A company of soldiers in the Roman army. e=manipular.

Manipulate, ma-nip'ul-13t, ত. t. হয়চালনা-ত ; হয়োরা কার্য-ড়; Handle; work with the hand:
—ত. i. হয়চালনা-ড়; To use the hands, especially in scientific experiments. n=manipulation.

Manipulation, n. ইতচালৰা; লক্ষতা; দক্তান্থ-কাৰে ইতচালৰ; Dexterity; use of the hands, in a skilful manner.

Manipulative, Manipulatory, a. ব্যালৰ বাৰা বাধিত : Performed by manipulation.

Manipulator - इव पात्र। क्रांत्र कार्य ( Orie who works with the hand.

Manitou, n. Pitter; The name given by the American Indians to their spirits or gods.

Mankind, man-kind, n. againsts; states to The race of men. Syn:—Man, men, society, human race, humanity.

Manliness, mahle-nes, n. नाइनिका; कुछा;
The quality of being manly. Syn:—Beldness, courage, firmness, independence.

Manly, manile, a. নাহাসক; মহান; Brave; bold; dignified; noble. Syn:—Firm, stout, daring, courageous, undaunted, fearless; heroic, manful.

Manna, mańa, n. অবৃত বিশেষ: The food supplied to the Israelites in the wilderness of Arabia.

Manner, maner, n. [L. manus, the hand]
নীতি; ধারা; Method; fashion:—কার্বার ধারা;
Mode of action:—কারার; আরমা; Habit; custom:—রাকাব; Sort, kind; style:—pl. ব্যবহার;
আরমা, বিষ্টারার; ভরজা; Morals; behaviour;
politeness Syn:—Style, cast, mode; practice;
degree, extent; behaviour, carriage, deportment.

[As is usual with one.

After one's manners—(यम कांश्वेद क्रेंडा बांटक ;
Bad manners—प्रवाशित ।

Good manners—मन्दित

In a manner—একৰ্কৰ; To a certain degree; in a way; some what; in a centain sense; to a certain extent:—কোনুৱুপ ভাবে; In a way.

Mannerism, maher-izm, n. 434; [ब्रिप्प 414]; Sameness or peculiarity of manners. n-mannerist.

Mannerist, manerist, s. वित्यं वांत्राच्या ; One addicted to mannerism.

Mannerly, mańér-li, a. জয়; নিষ্ট; Civil; polite:—ad. ভয়ভাবে; নিষ্টভাবে; Respectfully. n= mannerliness.

Manœuvre, man-òó'vr, n. [F. from main, hand, and ocuvre, work ] কৌলল; সনিপ্রা পরি-চালন; Dexterous management; stratagem:—v.t. কৌশলের সহিত নির্কাহ-ফু, নৈপ্রাসহকারে পরি-চালন-ফু; To manage with art; to perform a manœuvre. Syn:—(n) Artful, design, artifice, contrivance, trick, ruse, finesse.

Manor, mahor, n. [ L. maneo, to stay ] কুমাৰি-কার : কমিলারী ; বত লোকের অধিকার ; Lords of an estate ; estate having lordly rights.

Manor-house, manor-hows, Manor-seat, manor-set, n. ভ্ৰিদাৰেৰ বাসধানাৰ ব্যাহ সূহ; The house or seat belonging to a manor.

Manorial, ma-no'ri-al, a. ক্ৰিণাৱের বাসবামার স'লাড ; Pertaining to a manor.

Manse, mans, n. গৰ্বাৰ্কের বানবাটা; বাটা; Scotch parsonage; the residence of a clergyman; house and land.

Man's estate—সাবাসকাৰয়াৰ; Age of manhood. Mansion, mańshun, n. [ L. mansio, habitation] বাটী; বড় সকৰেৰ বাটী; Abode; dwelling house; a manor-house. Syn:—Residence, seat, palace.

Mansion-house, manshun-hows, n. আট্রালিকা; নর্ড শেষরের সরকারী যাড়ী; House in which one resides; the official residence of the Lord Mayor of London. [Killing a man

Man-elaughter, maislaw-tér, n. नदर्का ; Man-elayer, mai-siz-ér, n. नदर्का कांक् ; नद-बाक ; One who slays a man.

Man-steeler or thief, s. यथ्या-इत्राकांती ; One who steels and sells men.

Mantel, mantl, n. আনুবোরোগরি তাক; The ornamental work over a fire place in front of the chimney, esp, a narrow shelf above a fire-place ( Also mantal-piece, mantel-helf )

Mantelet, म. जीलांदन (कांडो , A small cloak for women. See mantlet.

Mantle, mantle, ল ভিলা বড় জানা , আবৰণ , Cloak; aloose outer garment, a covering — হ ধ আছা-বল-ক: আবৃত-ক, To cover with a mantle:—ক্থাবিত-ক; লোপন-ক, To hide, to disguise — হ. i. বিৰ্ত-হ, To expand or spread (like a mantle):—কো নিৰ্গত-হ, ফেনিল-হ, To forth, ferment (Also) mantle-shelf Syn — (n) Cover, covering, mantlepiece (হ) Cloak, overspread, cover, expand, be suffused, flush, cifcrvesce, foam, froth, cream.

One's mantle falls upon—একচনের তাৰ আর একজনে বর্তান, একই কাজে নিমুক্ত, One's virtue are inherited by another; one's work is taken up by another.

Mantlet, mantlet, Mantelet, mantel-et, n বালোকের ছোট কামা; A small cloak for women. Mantling, n বর্মাদি পরিচ্ছদের প্রতিমূর্ত্তি প্রদর্শন,

The representation of a mantle.

Mantua, mantua, গ. স্থালোকের পৰিচ্ছদ ; স্থা-পৰি চ্ছদ, A lady's gown :—স্থালোকের পরিচ্ছদ বিশ্বাতা, স্থা-পরিচ্ছদ-রচ্বিতা, Maker of ladics dress. n= mantua-maker.

Manual, manual, a [L manus, the hand]
হতক্ত, হত্তসাধিত, ক্রচালিত, Done, made or performed by the hand —n. উপক্ষণিকা, পুতিকা,
সাক্তি এছ, ক্লু এছ, A hand book —কাধ্লিকদিপের উপাসনারছ, Catholic service book

Manufactory, man-त-fakt'or-1, n निजनाजा , कावशना ; Building or place where manufacture is carried on

Manufacturer, man-u-faktur-er, n শিল্পী কারিগল ; ক্ষরিতা , One who manufactures

Manumission, man-u-misliun, n कानक-स्वाहन,
The act of freeing from slavery

Manumit, man-u-mit', v. f [ L manus, the hand, and mitters, to send off ] দাসত মুক্ত ক ; দাসত মুক্ত ক , ছাড়িলা-কে, To release from

slavery; to free, as a slave. n=manumission. Syn:—Free, liberate, emancipate.

Manure, man-ur', v. t (জনিডে) বাব-বে; To enrich with any fertilising substance:—n. (জনিছ) বাব, Dung, a fertilising substance. n=manurer.

Manuring, man-uring, n. cara nia divin; A dressing or spread of manure on land.

Manuscript, mań-u-skript, a. [L. ক্সলম্ম্য, the hand, and scribe, to write] হুবলিবিত .
Written by the hand :—n হুবলিবিত কানল; Paper written by the hand. [to man. Man-worship, n. নহুবা-পূজা, Undue reverence Manx, manks, n. ন্যাবহীপের তাবা, The language of Isle of Man :—a. মানহাপ বা তুল্ববানীকা সংক্রান্ত, Pertaining to the Isle of Man or its inhabitants.

Many, mene, a. অধিক, বহুসংখ্যক, অনেক, Numerous, not few:—n অধিক লোক; বহুসংখ্যা, জনতা, A multitude, many persons, bulk of the people, crowd. Syn:—(a) Multiplied, frequent, manifold, various, divers, sundry.

Maori, n. One of the aboriginal inhabitants of

New Zealand and of their language

Map, map, n মানচিত্ৰ; ভূচিত্ৰ; ধণোলচিত্ৰ; Chart, picture of the earth:—v t. মানচিত্ৰ-কু; চিত্ৰান্ধিত-কু, বিশনরণে বর্ণন-কু, To draw geographically; to plan, to describe vividly; mark out.

Maple, mapl, n. কৃক্বিশেষ; A tree, a wood.
Mar, mar, v. f. মন্ত্ৰ-কৃ, কত-কৃ, কতি-কৃ, বিকলালকৃ, To blot, to injure, to damage, to impair;
to disfigure.—n কতি, ম্বিট; Blot; injury;
hurt Syn:—(v) Maim, ruin, hurt, harm,
impair, deface, spoil, blot, stain

Maranatha, n. অভিশাপস্তক কথা, শাপস্তক বাৰা, The Lord comes, a word of cursing

Marasmus, n. কুশতা , কীণতা , Emaciation , a wasting of flesh

Maraud, ma rawd, v s. লুঠ-ফু, Rove as a freebooter — লুঠনাবেবৰে জন্ধ-ফু, Rove in quest of plunder

Marauder, ma-rawder, n নুম্কারী Plunderer:

—নুষ্ঠনাবেশ্যে অমণকারী কয়ে, A rover in quest of booty or plunder Syn —Freebooter, moss-trooper, robber, pillager, filibuster.

Maravedi, n ( ) ( ) The smallest copper coin of Spain.

Marble, mār'bl. ম. মার্কেল পাধর; Fine limestone highly polished — মার্কেল পাধর; Fine limestone highly polished — মার্কেল পাধর কার; A hittle ball used by children in play — a. মার্কেল পাধরের ধারা দিখিত, কঠিন; Made of marble; hard, insensible.—v. i. মার্কেল ধারা বহুকু. To stain or vein like marble; to variegate in colour namarbler. [hearted, Marble-hearted, a নির্দ্ধন, Hard-Marble constant, a বির Firm as marble. Marbly, mar'ble, at মার্কেলেব ভার অকাকে, In the manner of marble

Marceacent, mar-sesent, a [L. marceo, to fade] NAVELLE, Withering, decaying.

 The distance passed over:—ঘাড়া ; নিম্মিত
অগ্রগতি ; দৈওপুলের চলন ; Regulated walk ; regular advance ; journey of soldiers:—প্রান্ত ;
দীলা : Border ; confine (used chiefly in plural) :
—৩. ঃ. বৃদ্ধসন্তাশ গমন-ক ; ঘণানিম্নে বা গভীরভানি ।
অথানিক, To move in order, as soldiers ; to
walk in a grave and stately manner :—৩ i
দৈকের ভাব লেনিবন্ধমণে চালিত-ক ; ঘণানিম্নে প্রস্থানক ; To cause to march ; to move in order.

Marching regiment-One on service.

Marchioness, mār'shuñ-es, n. fem. of Mar quis. মার্ক্স-পত্নী, Stately lady.

Mare, mar, n. ঘোটকী; The female of the horse. Mare's nest, n. ঘোটাৰ ডিঘ; Discovery of something having no existence.

Margo, marj, n. প্রান্ত ; কিনার , Edge , brink.
Margin, mar'jin, n ধাব , প্রান্ত , Border ; an
edge :—প্রকার-পৃথিব অলিখিত পাস্ত . The blank
eage on the page of a book. Syn —Rim,
brink, brim, verge, skirt, limit, confine ; 100m,
space, latitude.

Marginal, mar'pin-al, এ ধাৰ্মিত, আছড়িত। Pertaining to the margin, placed in the margin ad=marginally.

Marginete, mar'un-at, Margineted, mar'inat-ed, a. ধারবিশিষ্ট ; প্রান্ত বিশিষ্ট , Having a mar, in Margravo, mar'grav, n. Count of the marches —কর্মান অভিনাত বিশেষ, German nobleman ci the rank of an English Marquis. fem—Margravine (mar'gra-ven)

Marigold, mar'ı-güld, n. ইছিল্ বিশেষ, A plant
—সাধা কুল; A yellow flower.

Marino, ma-rth, a [ L marinue, from more, the sea ] সামূদিক, সাণ্যসন্তিতিত্ব, Belonging to the sea or navy; done at sea, naval — সামূদিক বাপোৱ; Sea affairs, naval affairs — বুজলাচাত সমূহ, Navy — (পাত-সভা, নৌ-সৈনিক, Sea-soldier, Syn — (a) Oceanic, pelaire, heptunian, naval, nautical, maritime.

Mariner, mar'c-ner, n. नारिक: Seaman. Syn --Sailor, navigator, a salt.

Mariolatry, n কুমারী ফেরীর উপাসনা, The worship of the Virgin Mary.

Marital, marie-tal, a. [L. marital) from maritus, a married man ] স্বাধীসমূলীয় ; প্রিম্থ জায় ; Belonging to a husband; pertaming to a husband. Syn:—Matrimonial, conjugal, connubial.

Maritime, mar'e-tim, a. [L. maritimus, from mare, the sca] সামূদ্ধিক; Marine; naval; nautical Marjoram, mar'jo-ram, n. এক প্ৰকাৰ স্থাপিন মনবাৰ বাছ, কড়া বিশেষ; A plant.

Mark, mark, n. দুখ্যান চিক; A visible sign:—চিক, লফণ, Badge —প্যাতি; Distinction:—নাম্বর চিফ; Cross or emblem to signify a name:—লফা; Butt or point aimed at — আমাণ, Proof.—নিম্পুন, A trace:—লফ্ন; Characteristic:—v. t. চিক্তি-ক; লাগ-দে; আহিত-ক; তি make a mark on; to stamp; to impress with a sign:—বেধা; লক্ষ্য-ক, মনোনোগ-ক, Notice the marks of note; observe; regard; give heed to:—v. t. বিশেষ মনোনোগ-দে; কিশেষকাৰ

সকা-ড়; To note; to take particular notice. Syn:—(n) Impression, stamp, brand, print, moision, dint; trace, foot-print, vestige, track; sign, note, token, symbol, index; proof; indication, evidence, symptom; target; consequence, eminence, notice, regard. (v) Brand; notice, regard, note, heed, show, evince, indicate, betoken, denote, characterize.

Mark, n libs weight, 1s. 4d. Germany 18s. 4d. England.

A man of mark—বিবাধে কোৰ; A distinguished person. [one's standard. Below the mark—আনবের নিমে: Inferior to Beside the mark—আনবের নিমে: Inferior to Beside the mark—আনবার; Not to the point. Be up to the mark—আনবান : Be equal to the standard of quality expected:—অভসুৰ আনা আবদক তাহ' অবস্ত আৰা; ঠিক যাতা হল্মা উচ্চিত হোৱা হল্মা (one up to the required standard of skill or excillence, possess the knowledge or power requisite, possess the knowledge or power requisite, possess the quality expected. Mark one out—আহমে বিশ্লেক, Point one one, destane one.

Overshoot the mark—দীমা অভিক্রম করিয়া দাওটা, Pass or go be youd the proper limit.

Wide of the mark—সতা হইতে পুরে; আসন িত্তর নিকট নিয়াও নড়ে, Remote from the truth correctors, incorrect far away from the point or truth [dard.

Within the mark—Within the proper stan-Markor, mark er, n (बनाव दिशाव टिक्कावी; One who marks the score at grames, as billiards.

Markot, market, n [L. mercari, to trade]
বালার; হাট, A public place for buying and
scling নদৰ, Rute, value; price:—বিশ্বা
করিবাৰ স্থাবিদ্যা, Opportunity of sale:—৮০ ঃ.
মানাৰ কু, ক্ৰাৰ্ক্য-কু; Io deal in market, to buy
and scil. Syn—(n) Place for traffic, mark,
emocrium; market house, market-place; sale.
Markotablo, mit ket-a-bl, a. বিক্রবাশা, Sale-able n=marketableness

Market-eross, murket-kros, n. বাজারে শ্রোবিত ্তুল : ( rose set up where a market is held.

Market-day, n হাটের দিন; Day in which a market is held. [for raising vegetables. Market-garden, n. শাক্ষান্তিব বাগান; Garden Market-town, market-town, n. বানার ব্যাহ্রার পার নাম , A town having the privileges of helding a public market.

Marking-ink, mirking-ingk, #. কাপড় চিছ ব্ৰিণা কৰি, বন্ধ চিঞ্জিত করিবার অমোচা যদি; Indelible mk for marking clothes.

Markeman, mark'man, n. লকাডেনী; অপ্রাপ্ত লক্ষ্য-

Marl, mil, n সারমাটি মৃত্রিকা; A fat or rich carth or clay often used as manure:—v. t. মৃত্রিকা দ্বারা আক্রান্তন-কু; নারমাটি লেক্সা; To cover or manure with marl. মাটি ত্বা; Like marl. Marlaceous, marl-a'shus, a. মৃত্রিকাবং; নার-Marlino, mar'lin, n. মড়ি; কাছি ভটাবার ভোট দড়ি, A kind of small line for binding round a rope—ve t. ভোট দড়ি কিয়া কাছি ভটাব। To wind tound with marline.

Marlinespike, mar'lin-spik, s থাছিব থেই পুলিবার ব্য বিশেব; An iron tool, like a spike, for separating the strands of a roce

Marlite, mar'lit, ন. এক প্রকার সারমটি: Variety of marl. a=marlitic. [ing in marl Marly, mar'li, a. সারম্ভিকাবং; মৃভিকাপা: Alxound-Marmalade, mar'ma-lad, ন মোরমা বিশেষ, Sugared confection of oranges &c

Marmoraceous, mar-mo-ra'shus, a [L. marmor, marble] মার্কেল প্রভন্ন ম'ক্রান্ত বা তৎসমূপ , Pertaining to, or like, marble

Marmoreal, mar-mo're-al, Marmorean, mar-mo're-an, a. মাৰ্কেন সম্বনীয় ; মাৰ্কেনসংকাত ; মাৰ্কেল নিৰ্মিত , Pertaining to or like marble , made of, or having the qualities of marble

Marmoset, mar mo-zet, n कुछ रानद्र विटनव . A small variety of American monkey

Marmot, mar'mot, n পাৰ্বত্য মৃষিক , পিরি মৃষিক , Mountain mouse.

Maroon, ma-তেন, n. প্লাভৰ ফীডদান; Run away negro slave :—n. t জনপুন্ত হানে নামাইছা দেবা, নিৰ্দ্ধন খাপে বাধা; To put ashore on a desolate island:—a. আপিন্ত লোভিড, Brownish, crimson like the chestout

Mar-plot, " One who frustrates a scheme by officious interference.

Marque, mark, ৪. শক্তের নিকট হটতে সীমান্ত প্রথপ দিরা সমনের অনুমতি; Letters authorising reprisals on enemy's shipping —শক্তের নিকট ইটতে অনুমতি-প্রাপ্ত বৰ্ণপাত, A ship commissioned for making reprisals.

[ A large field tent

Marquee, mar-ko, n বৃহদাকার সমর-নিবির.
Marques, mar'-kwes, Marquis, mar'kwis. n
আভিলাভাস্টক পদ বিশেষ. Title next under a
duke fem=marchioness.

Marquisate, mar'kwis-तिः, क. मोक्किएमत भव-मर्गामा : Dignity of marquis

Marriage, mar'rij, n. [F marier, to marry] বিবাহ; পরিশ্ব Wedding wedlock, match; the union of a man and woman as husband and wife. Syn:—Nuptials, espousals

Marriageable, mar'ıj-a-bl, a. मित्रव-एगेगा। विवादहर एगेगा; Capable of union n mu riageableness. [tract of marriage

Marriage-articlos, n. pl. বিবাহের চুক্তি; Con-Marriage-bed - বিবাহের অবস্থা; State of marriage. [One rung at wedding. Marriage-bell, n বিবাহকালীন ঘণ্টা; শহাধানি,

Marriage-certificate, n. বিবাহের নাটকিকেট :

Marriage-gift, # (योड्का

Marriage-licence, n. বিবাহের মন্ত্রমন্তিপত্ত ; Permission to celebrate a lawful marriage at an unusual time or place.

Marriage-portion, n. থৌডুৰ; Fortune given to a woman on her marriage.

Marriage-string-अवत्रता

Be married to—কাহারও সহিত বিবাহ করে। Marrow, mar'ro, n. মজা; The soft, fatty substance in bones — সারাংশ; Pith; the essence or best part. a=marrowy Syn:—Essence, erearh, gist. Merrow-bone, mar'o-bon, त. मकावीव राष्ट्र; मकावि , A bone containing marrow :—pl. वीह ; The bone of the knee : knees.

Marrow fats, n. बहेब , A pea

Marrowish, mar'o-i-h, a. प्रश्नावन्त्रकः; क्वांत्रः; Of the nature of marrow; resembling marrow.
Marry, mar'i, v t. विवाह-कः; পরিপারস্থাে আবছ-কৃ
Wed; take for husband or wife:—विवाह-कः;
To cause to marry i—v : विवाह-कः; विवाहिणहः To enter the maried state; to take a
husband or wife. [Obtain wealth by marriage.

Marry a fortune—বিবাহ করিলা ধনলান্তক.
Marry into—কোন বংশ বা পরিবাহত্ত কালেক বিবাহকু; Marry some one belonging to (a certain family)

Marry (one) to—কাহাৰও মাণ্ড বিবাহ দেওৱা। Mars, mārz, ম যুদ্ধ-দেবড়া; বুধগ্ৰহ; Roman Thor, the god of war, one of the planets.

Marsala, mar'sa-la, n মদ্য বিশেষ। A kind of light wine resembling sherry. [moiass; bog. Marsh, marsh, n. জলাতুৰি, বিল, Swamp, Ien, Marshal, mai'shal, n. সেনাপতি, সেনামাক। A thicl officer of arms; the highest multicry officer — पृठ, A herald: a harbinger:— A nead: a harbinger:— A herald: a harbinger:— A chicl officer of police — A sheriff of the United states— ए द ভেলিবজ্-কৃ. (पूट्ड छाउ) महेडा गांडग, To arrange in order, to dispose in order, to lead as a herald. Syn:—(v) Rank; range, dispose, array, draw up, set in order.

Marshal of the Kings or Queen's Bench -Keeper of the prison.

Marshaller, mar'shal-er, n. (अनैनक्षात्र : One who arranges or disposes in order

Marshalship, mar'shal-ship, n. মারভাবের প্র । Office of a marshal.

Marsh-mallaw, m.irsh-malo, দ্ৰু, জলাভূম্যাবিতে হাত উদ্ধিৰ বিশেষ : A species of mallow common in meadows and marshes

Marshy, márshe, a. চলাপার নিশিষ্ট , Swampy — চলাভূমি সদৃশ ; জলামার , Wet , lenny ; boggy. n=marshiness.

Mar-sport, " One who spoils sport.

Marsupial, mar-su'pi-al, a. [Gr marsupion, a pouch | পাবকবংনস্থলী বিপিষ্ট; পাবকবাহী; Carrying young in a pouch — n. পাবকবাহী জীব; ক্ষমণ জীব; A marsupial animal.

Mart, mart, n. বাজার; হাট; ক্ষমিক্স হাব;
Martello, mar-telo, n তীর (সাসরকৃস) মক্ষমণ বিশিষ্ট পোবাকার মুর্গ; A circular fort erected to protect a const

Marton, m.ir'ten, s. বেঁজি বিশেষ : একজাতীয় সাংলাশী নকুব : A destructive kind of weasel yalued for its fur.

Mar-text, n निर्माद वर्षश्रीतक ; One who spots text : a blundering or ignorant preacher.

Martial, mar'shal, a. [ L. martialis, from Mart. the god of war] বুছাবিষ : মুছাবিষয়ক; সামায়ক; সাহাসিক; Belonging to war; warfile; military; brave; heroic. ad=martially.

Martial law, #. আইন বিশেষ; An arbitrary kind of law extending to matters of civil as wall as of criminal jurisdiction, and proclaimed only in time of war, insurrection, rebellion or emergency.

Martial music-वन्ताना।

Martin, mar'tin, Martinet, mar'tin-et, #.

Martinet, mar'tin-et, গ. উপদেষ্টা; করিব শাসন-কর্তা; করিব শিকাশাসনবাদী; A strict disciplinarian.

Martingal, mar'tin-gal, Martingle, mar'tingl, \*\*. পেটা; বোড়ার কোমবণেটা ও বতকসংলগ্ন গেটা; A strap from the nose-band to the girth:
—বাহাতের কর বিশেষ; A short spar under the bowsprit.

Martinmas, mar'tin-mas, ন সেণ্ট মাটিনের উদ্দেশ উৎস্ব বিশেব ; The feast of St. Martin iith November.

Martiet, martlet, n পকা বিশেষ, Martin, Martyr, marter, n. ব্যভার্থ ত্যক্তপ্রাণ; জীবনোৎস্বী; বে জালুবিবাদের জন্ত জীবন বিসর্জন করে; One who suffers death for his belief:—p. t. ধর্মার্থ
হত্যা-কু; কাহাকেও তাহার জালুবিবাদের জন্ত ব্য-কু; To put to death for one's belief torment, torture.

A martyr to disease—পড়ারৰ ব্যক্তি; One who suffers much from disease.

Martyrdom, mär'ter-dum, n. সভোর কন্ত জীবন উৎসৰ্গ ; মৃদ্ধ প্রভারীর জীবন বিসর্জন বা নিপ্রহভোগ ; The death or sufferings of a martyr.

Martyrologist, n. সত্যের বন্ধ মুডের ইতিহাস নেবন ; A historian of martyrs.

Martyrology, mar-ter-olo-ji, n. নাটারদিলের ইতিহান; নভোর জন্ত মুক্তের ইতিহান; A history of martyrs; register of martyrs:—মাটারদর্শ্বরত্ব; A discourse on martyrdom. n=martyrologist.

Myrvel, mar'vel, n. [L. mirari, to wonder]
আৰুত ব্যবহার; অনৌকিক ব্যাপার . Wonder; miracle; a prodigy:—v. f. আক্র্যাবিত-হ; বিম্মাপার-হ,
To be struck with surprise or admiration; to wonder. Syn:—(n) Prodigy, portent, miracle, phenomenon; admiration, astonishment, amagement.

Marvellous, marvel-us, c. বিশ্বকৰ , আছে .
Astonishing; wonderful; improbable. n=
marvellousness. ad=marvellously. Syn —
Strange, portentous, miraculous, amazing ,
improbable, incredible, preternatural. [gold
Marybud, ma'ri-bud, n. পুলাবুক বিশেষ; MariMasculine, maskul-in, a. [L. masculus, mas.
male] বাহনিক; বন্ধান; বুকুলার; Manly, strong ,
robust; bold:—পু-ৰাজার; Of the male sex.
ad=masculinely. n=masculineness. Syn:—
Male, virile; powerful; brave.

Mash, v. f. বিজ্ঞান কুলেন কু

ৰামৰ ক্ষিয়া আনোৰপ্ৰবেশ ; মুৰ্বৰায়ী আনিক্ষানিক্ষে নট্যাভিনয় ; A masquerade; revel ; a feative entertainment in which the company wears masks ; a dramatic performance in which the actors must appear masked :— চ. : মুখন প্রা ৷ মুখন বারা আবৃত-তৃ ; To cover the face with a mask :— গোপন-তৃ ; বৃত্তান্তিত-তৃ ; To disguise ; to hide :— চ. : চ ছাবেশ আনোৰপ্রবেশ বোগ দেলা ; To join in a mask or masquerade :— হলবেশবাৰ-তৃ ; To be disguised in any way :— আনশিত-তৃ ; আনোৰে মন্ত-তৃ ; To revel. Syn:—(n) Disguise; cloak; screen, evasion, shift.

Masker, masker, n. रुवादनशांत्री ; व्यवदांत्री ; One who wears a masks.

Mason, ma'sn, n. বাজ্যিয়ী; স্পৃতি; A builder in bricks or stone; a freemason.

Masonio, ma-sońik, a. হাপত্য-বিষয়ক ∤ Relating to freemasonry.

Masonry, ma'sn-ri, \* রাজের বর্ম; মুণ্ডা; The work of a mason; the art of building in stone:
-বর্ম বিশেষ; Freemasonry.

Masque, mask, n. ছয়ম্বন; মুখন; Mask; cover for the face; masquerade.

Masquerade, mask-ér-ād, n. প্রবোদার্থ বিলিড ছন্নবেশিগন; আনোদপ্রযোদার্থ মুখনবারী জনসমূহ; Entertainment where the company is masked; an assembly of persons wearing masks:—ছল; চন্দ্রবেশ; Disguise:—৩. f. মুখন পরিয়া গোগন-ফ; ছন্নবেশ বারশ করান; গোগন-ফ; To conseal with a mask: to disguise; cover; hide:—৩. f. ছন্নবেশ বারশ-ফ; ছন্নবেশ বারনা; To revel to be masked; to go in disguise.

Masquerador, mask-ér-वर्तटं, अ. व्यवस्थी ; इस्त्रवर्गी ; इस्त्रवर्भागी One wearing a mask ; one disguised

Mass, mas, n পিe, Lump — ভূপ; পুঞ্জ; Heap, a collective body — কিবং পৰিমাণ; A quantity:— জড়পিভ; A lump of matter:—প্রধান অংশ; Principal part — জনসমনার, A multitude:—আকৃতি; Bulk, size — ধর্মমননীর পূজা প্রকরণ; A religious service:—n t পিভাকাব-কৃ, একজিড-কৃ; পুণ করা; To form into a mass; to assemble. Syn:—
(n) Collection, magnitude, dimension; assemblage, congeries, whole, aggregate, totality, main body, great mumber. (v) The people, the lower classes.

[ as a whole.

In the mass—নোটে, মোটনাটে; Collectively;

Mass moeting, n. বচ লোকের কমবার ; বছ কোকের সভা : Large assemblage.

Massacro, masa ker, n [Ger. metsgern, metsgen. to kill cattle ] দাহাৰ, দৰ্মদাহাৰ; হত্যাথাও; আন্ধানত হা Indiscriminate slaughter; carnage,—v t ভ্যান্দ; বিশালমণে হত্যান্দ; To slaughter; to kill with violence and cruelty. Syn:—Butchery carnage

Massivo, maliv, a शांति , यह ; वृष्णांत्रका ; सह ; अक्रान्त : Balky ; weighty n=massiveness, ad= massive, Syn —Compacted ; heavy,ponderous, Massy, mali, a श्रानात्र ; Massive : n=mas sueness.

Mast, mast, n. wigh; A long piece of timber

to support sails of a ship:—2418; Nut of beach, oak; acorns; chestnut:—s. f. नावन नरवार-इ; To furnish with a mast.

Master, master, n. প্রভু; A lord:—পিকক; Teacher:—অধিনায়ক; One who controls:—অধিকায়ী; A owner:—বেডা; Leader:—বিয়োগকর্ত্তা; An employer:—বিষয়িগালয়ের উপাধি বিশেষ; A degree in universities:—বাশিলা-পোডের অধ্যক্ষ বা নারক;

In universities:—বাবনা-শোকের অবাব বা নামৰ;
Commander of a marchent vessel:—Chief;—
Employed as title of respectful address, also,
familiarly to an inferior or a boy:—অবাক,
লামক; Governor, ruler, director:—কোন কারো বা
বিষয়েহ নিশ্ব বাজি; কোন বিষয়ে ক্নিশ্ব বাজি; One
highly skilled in any thing:—p. t. জন-ক; আমতকু; To subdue; to overcome:—কোন-ই; ব্যব্দান-ই;
ব্যক্তা লাজ-ই; Excel; be skilful; to execute
with skill:—a. এড়; প্রবান: Chief; principal.
Syn:—(n) Director, manager, head, principal; owner, possessor, proprietor; instructor,
tutor, preceptor, school-master; commander,
captain: proficient, adept, skilled hand. (v)

thoroughly. Be master of one's situation—কুৰিণাম্বৰ স্থান অধিকার করা; Have the vantage ground against

Conquer, overpower, overcome: acquire, learn

an opponent.

Be master of the situation—ঘাহার সমকক ৰাই;
Be without a rival; have none to contest the supremacy:—কমতাবাধেৰ, বাহা বলিবে তাহাই হাইবে; Be in power; have sway. [chancery. Master in chancery, s. Inferior judge in Master of arts—বিশ্ববিদ্যালয়ের এম এ উপাধি; Higher degree of Arts in a university.

Master of ceremonies—উৎস্বের কর্তা বা অধ্যক ৷ An officer who superintends the forms to be observed by the company or attendants, on a

public occasion.

Master of dialectics—ভৰ্বাচশতি।

Master of family—কুলপতি।

Master of fence—ভরবারি চালাইতে নিপুণ, অসি-চালনে কক; One skilled in the art of fencing.

Master of hounds—কুকুর-প্রভু, Gentleman who keeps and hunts a pack of hounds.

Master of one's self—আগ্রন্থন); ক্লিডেক্সির নার্থনী; Self possessed; able to control one's feeling and passions. (officer of artillery.

Master of ordinance— সৈৱাধান ; A chief Master of the horse—হৰ-ত্ৰাব্ধান , One who has chief charge of the horses in a large

household.

Master of the house-hold—12-wei. One of the chief managing officers of the royal house-hold.

Master of the mint—to writers were; Chef Mester of the revels—One chosen to direct sports. [cery,

Master of the Rolls—Second Judge in chan-To be master of—वित्र निश्न-इ. द्रश्य-इ: To be highly skilled in , to have eminence or authority.

[ nism.
Masterbation, स. इक-देवपूत, S. f-abuse orna-

Masterful, s. wester, (whith, Overbearing.

Master-hand, master-hand, m. निर्म गार्कि One very skill; a person eminently skilled.

Master-jest—প্ৰধান তামানা ; ভোষ্ঠ তামানা।

Master-key, master-ke, n. বুল চাৰি; ধাৰাৰ চাৰি; Key that opens many locks;—বনেত কচিন বিৰয় নীমাংসার সাধারণ প্র ; A general clue to lead out many difficulties; a main clue.

Masterless, master-les, a. প্ৰভূবিহীৰ; অবস্থিত বাৰিশুন্ত; Without an owner:—অবাসিত; অবায়াত্ত;

Ungoverned; unsubdued.

Masterly, master-le, a. বিচৰণ; স্বিপ্ৰ ; অনুধকুট্ট ; Skilful ; excellent :—ad. স্বিপ্ৰ ভাবে ;
With the skill of a master. Syn :—Finished,
artistic, consummate ; skilled, expert, adroit ;
imperious, domineering. [ minant intellect.
Master-mind, n. শেষ্ট বৃদ্ধি ; ভাল বৃদ্ধি ; PredoMaster-pioce, master-pies. n. সংকাৰ্ক্ট কাৰ্যাবিশ্বা ; বিশেষ নৈপুণাৰাজক কাৰ্যা ; প্ৰধান ভব ; উৰ্ক্টে
বৃচৰা ; Excellent performance or piece of workmanship ; chief excellence ; best production.

Mastership, master-ship, n. any; alvis;

ৰেটৰ , Rule ; dominion ; superiority.

Master's mate—নৌতানকের সহকারী অব্যক্ষ ; Assistant in navigation.

Mester-spirit-होनक ; Guiding spirit.

Master-stroke, master-strok, n. উংকৃষ্ট কাৰ্য্য সম্পাদন : চূড়ান্ত কাৰ্য্য : Capital performance. Master-work, n. উৎকৃষ্ট রচনা : Master-piece.

Mastery, n. এড়ব; বানিষ; Dominion; supremacy:—জন ; Victory:—উৎকৃতা; শ্রেকা; Eminence; superiority:—শ্রেকার কনতা বা বৈশ্নেতার সাধন; The attainment of superior power or skill. Syn:—Superiority, pre-eminence, ascendancy, upper hand, dominion, rule, sway, command; eminent, skill, dexterity, proficiency, acquirement, attainment.

Mastic, Mastich, mastik, n. বৃশ্ব বিশেষ, The lentisk-tree :—নিৰ্বাস; আটা; Gum of the tree: —নিমেট, অলেগ বিশেষ; A cement for plastering

walls.

Masticate, maste-kāt, v. t. গ্রহারা চূর্ব-কু; চর্মান্ কু; To grind with the teeth, chew. n=mastication. a=masticable. Syn:—Manducate, munch. Masticatory, masti-ka-tor-i, a. চর্মান্যাল; চর্মা: চর্মান্যালী, Adapted for chewing: chew-

চর্মা; চর্মণকারী, Adapted for chewing; chewing:—n. লালা বৃদ্ধির নিমিন্ত চর্ম্মা শুরুণ; A substance

to be chewed to increase the saliva.

Mastiff, masul, n. বৃহৎ জাতীয় কুকুৰ; A large variety of dog. [of the nipple, Mastitis, n. অনের বৈটাৰ আছাছ; Inflammation Mastoid, a. অনের বৈটাৰ আছাছ; মাইৰের বেটাৰ সংক্রান্ত; Re-embling the nipple or the beast. Mastodon, n. অম্বান্ত্র হাতী, Fossil elephant. Mat, mat, n. মাছর; A texture of flags, rushes &c.:—Anything growing thickly or closely into waving:—গাণোৰ; A texture of rope-yarn:—ত. গ. মাছর বাবা ভারত-কৃ. মাছর বুবা; বিশান্তি-কৃ; To cover with mats; to interweave; to entangle:—s. i. To become interwoven.

Matadore, mara-dor, n. [Sp. metar, to kill]
1954; 1944; 1944, One who kills; the
man appointed to kill the bull in bull-fights.

Metoh, mach, m. विद्याननाई ; रीभननावा ; A lucifer a combustible substance used for containing, conveying or communicating fire :- नम-বোৰ ; সমৰু ; প্ৰতিৰ্শী ; One equal to another ; an equal; one able to cope with another:-বিবাছ: Wedding marriage: - ক্রীড়া; Game: —বিবাদ; Contest:—বিবাহনভা; One to be gained in marriage: - v. i. ममान আকৃতি-र; क्लाकांबनिहें-इ ; To be of the same make, size &c. :- विवाह-क : To be united in marriage :e. f. मनान-ह ; मनक्क-ह ; मगरवात्री-ह ; अधिवसी रहेटड भक्ष-र: अिंगानी-कृ; उन्यानी-कृ; To be equal to; to be able to compete with; to rival successfuly; to find or equal to; to adapt :feete-ce: To marry; to give in marriage. Syn:-(n) Mate, companion; competition. (v) Equal, rival; sort, suit; mate; pit against; contend equally.

A match for—কাহারও সহিত তুলা বল; Equal to another in strength or ability; able to cope with another.

Be more than a match for শারীরিক বলে বা খোল কৰে আক্রম অংশকা আই হবরা; Be superior to another in strength or other quality. [to it. To match—মানালসহি ছবং!; To be suitable Matchless, machles, a. অতুল; Unequalled; having no equal. n=matchlessness. ad=matchlessly. Syn:—Unrivalled, unparalleled, incomparable, peerless, consummate.

Matchlock, machlok, n. দীপ্ৰলাকাণিনিই এক আকার বস্তুক ও ভাষার রক্ষক ঘর; the lock of a musket containing a match for firing it; a musket so fired; gun fired by a match. [marriage. Match-maker, n. ঘটক; One who contrives a Match-making—ঘটকের কাণ্য।

Mate, mat, n. [ Icel, mati, equal, companion ] मनी ; महत्र ; An associate ; a comrade ; a companion :- সমক্ষ; An equal : - সামী কিংবা बी ; Husband or wife : -कोवजयुत खोलूक्सव अम-3; A bird or animal which has paired with another of opposite sex :-- জালাজের মালিম ,বাণিজা-শোডের বিতীয় অধাক্ষ; সহকারী কণ্মচারী. In a merchantship the second in command; an assistant :- ए. र. ममकक इउद्रो : त्याङ (मन्द्र) ; विन्ह-F : To match ; to marry , to pair. | checkmate Mate, mat, n. and v. t. in chess, same as Mateless, mattes, a. मनीविश्रेम: मनीविश्रेम: Without mate or companion; having no mate. Material, ma-te're-al, a. [ L. materialis, from materia, matter] ভৌতিক; প্রাকৃতিক, Composed of matter: প্রধান; শারীরিক, সদার; आवर्ड ; Important ; physical ; essential ; substantial :- नातीविक : सनागाविक : Corporeal . not

tous, vital. (n.) Substance, stuff, body.

Materialise, v. t. পদাৰ্থে পরিণত-ক ; জড়রূপে গণ্যকৃ; জড়তাবন্দক ; ভৌতিক-কৃ ; Reduce to matter;
render material; occupy with material
interests.

spiritual :- n. esp. in pl. Betete, That of

which anything is to be made. ad = materi-

ally, n=materialness, materiality. Syn:-(a)

Corporeal, bodily ; important, weighty, momen-

Materialism, ma-téri-al-ism, a. বুৰুতা; The doctrine of materialists:—Belief that the universe is self-existent and that the functions of life, thought &c., arise out of the modifications of matter:—বিষয়াস্থিত; Devotion to the material nature and wants.

Materialist, n. জড়বাদী; One who holds the doctrine of materialism.

Materialistic, ma-te'ri-al-istik, Materialistical, ma-te'ri-al-istik-al, a. জড়বাদ স্থান; · Pertaining to materialism:—জড়বাদিশা সংকাষ; Pertaining to materialists.

Maternal, ma-ter'nal, a. [L. maternus, from mater, mother] মাতৃৰং; মাতৃৰং; Motherly; pertaining to a mother. ad=maternally.

Maternity, ma-ter'ni-ti, n. নাড্ড; The state, character, or relation of a mother.

Mathematic, math-e-matik, Mathematical, math-e-matik-al, a. অহণায় স্বন্ধীয় ; পণিতপায় সম্বন্ধীয় ; Pertaining or done by mathematics: — খুব টিক ; Very accurate. ad = mathematically.

Mathematician, math-e-matishan, শ. আছ-লাবজ্ঞ; গণিতপাত্রবিশারদ; One versed in mathematics.

Mathematics, math-e-matiks, n. sing. অধনায় : গণিতনায় : The science of quantity to which belong arithmetic, geometry &c.

Matin, matin, a. প্রান্তর্ক, প্রাত্তমস্বাদীয়; Pertaining to, or used in, the morning:—n. pl. প্রাত্তপ্রধান; প্রাত্তিক উপাদনা; Morning prayers: or service:—রেমান কাগ্রিকদিপের প্রথম উপাদনা কাল; The first canonical hours of prayer in the Roman Catholic Church.

Matrice, ma'tris, n. 75; Womb.

Matrioide, matri-sid, n. [ L. mater, mother, caedo, to kill ] মাতুহতা; The murder of one's mother:—মাতুহাতক; মাতুহতাকারী; Motherslayer; a murderer of his mother. a = matricidal.

Matriculate, ma triku-lat, v. t. [L. matricula, a register] বিস্যালয়াদির সভ্যালগ্রিক-কৃ, হাত্রেরপে বিশ্বিদ্যালয়ে প্রবেশ-কৃ, কলেজে প্রবেশ-কৃ, Admit to member-ship by enrolling one's name in a register; enter a University by being enrolled as a student enrol as a member of a college &c:—n. সমাজবিশেবের সভ্যালগ্রিক লোক; One who is admitted to membership in a society. n=matriculation (প্রেলিকা পরীকা)! Matrimonial, mat-re-moneal, a. বৈবাহিক; Relating to or derived from marriage; nuptial. ad=matrimonially. Syn:—Connubial, conjugal, spon-al

Matrimony, matre-mun-e, n. विवाह: Marriage; wedlock, union of man and woman as husband and wife.

Matrix, ma'triks, n. [L. mater, mother]
নায়; গঠ; Womb:—হাচ; The cavity in which
anything is to med; a mould:—খনিৰগৰ্ভনয়
পদাৰ্থ, Substances in which minerals are found:
—মুস্বৰ্ণ; The five simple colors (black, white,
blue, red, yellow.) pl=matrices.

Matron, ma'trun, n. [L. mater, mother] গৃহিল, প্রোড়া; চিকিৎসালয়ের ভয়াবগারিকা; Mother

of a family; female superintendent ( in a hospital) — পরিশতবয়কা বিবাহিতা সম্বী, An elderly married woman, an elderly lady.

Matronage, ma'trun-aj, Matronhood, ma'trun-hood, \*\* মৌঢ়ার অবহা , মৌঢ়া মহিলার ভাব ; State of a matron —সমগ্র মৌঢ়ামহিলা সম্মায় , The collective body of matrons.

Matronal, matrun-al, a. माज्यर, माज्य , शबीत ,

Motherly ; grave.

Matroniso, ma'tium-iz ত f প্রোঢ়ামহিলাবং-কু.
To render matronly —রক্ষাত্রীরূপে কোন মহিলার
সাহায্য-কু, To attend a lady to public places
as protector,

Matronly, a প্লোচ়া, মাড্বৰ, Becoming or belonging to a matron, elderly —গস্ত র, Scdatc Matter, ma'er, n. পদার্থ, Material, substance body —বিবর, বাপোব, Subject — জনিন্দিন্ত পরিমাণ Indefinite amount —সার, Essence —বিবর আর, Affair, thing —অর্থ Concern —অর্থ প্রান্তনীয় বিবর, Import, importance, const quence —কারণ, হেড়, Inducing cause or occasion; cause of a thing —পুন, পুর, Puspurulent discharge —v t. আনশ্রন-১, প্রব্রোজনীয় র, প্রতীত-ছ, Fo be of importance import signify —পুন্ত সঞ্চন-কু, Fo form puss Syn —(r) Stuff, raw material, typic que tion, business event, includent, trouble cause of distress significance, moment (a) Miturate suppur ite A matter of life and deith — প্রন মব্যেণ্য ব্যাপার, মুর্ণব্যিক ব্যাপার, A matter that my lycs

the risk of loss of life (thu দুভ are As the matter stands – তেঁলান অবস্থা As For that matter— মত্ৰ আমি জানি I or ought I know

For the matter of that - 31 4 कि 3 लोग , So far as that is conceined.

In matter little, No matter—ভাতে কিছু এচে বায় বা lt is of little or no consequence

In the matter of—কোন কিছু সম্বাদ্ধ Regarding Matter in hand —মানোটা বিষয়, The subject or work which occupies us

Matter of choice—পদশের বিষয়, That which one may choose or refuse.

[following

Matter of course—Something naturally Matter of courtesy—ভত্তাৰ বিষয়, I hat which is courteous, what pertains to good breeding

Matter-of-fact, mater-ov-fakt, a ত্ৰিব ক্ৰিছ বিষীন, প্ৰকৃত, প্ৰকৃত কথাৰ পূৰ্ণ, কেবল প্ৰকৃত কথা থাকিবে, নীবদ, গুৰুতা, Adhering to the matter of fact, adhering to facts, treating only of facts, prosaic, procise, dry — সামান্ত (বাহাতে অধিক বুদ্ধি থাটাইতে হয় না), Commonplace — কাজনিক নাহে, বাহা প্ৰকৃত ভাঙাই মানিবা (চলা), Not turning aside from absolute realities, not giving way to fancies — সং বুধাৰ্থতা, Reality — বুধাৰ্থ ঘটনা. Verity fact.

Matter of surprise—আভবোর বিষয়, Subject of surprise, thing to be surprised at

Matter of taste-First fees, Point of nice perception of excellence of any kind

Mend matters—ৰবছা ভাগ করা, কোন কিছু ভাল অবস্থায় দীড় কৰাইবার চেচা করিয়া সফল হওয়া, Mend Minco matters—( সজা বা অন্ত সংক্রেক্তাঃ) সজ্জ গোপন ক , Suppress the truth (out of delicacy) : — অর্কেক কাণিয়া অর্কেক আকাশ ক , Express half and suppress half [ The fact is.

The matter of fact is— একড কথা বা বাণার এই; What is the matter—বাণারটা কি, হইবাছে কি; What is the trouble or difficulty? what misohief has happened?

What is the matter with—ভোষার কিংবা তাহার কি হুইবাছে, What mischief has happened to? Matting, mating গ মাছুর সমুদ্য, Mats collectively—মাছৰ হারা আছোদন Covering with mats—মাছুরের উপাদান, Materials for mats—মাহুরের স্থায় বুনন, A mat-like texture

Mattock, matuk n (कांगानि अक अकांत्र कृपान), Pick are with the broad ends

Mattross, matres, n कठिन विश्वाना (नामक, असी , Hud be i stuffed with wool, horse-hair &c.

Maturate, maturat, v t [ l. maturus ripe ]
প্ৰিণক-কু প্ৰাণিপ্ত-ক To make mature, to
p omote the sunpuration of —v :. পুদ্ৰ-ই, To
suppurate perfectly. n=maturation

Maturative, mi u-rāt-iv, a প্ৰজন্ক, Ripen-in- — না met promotive suppuration — ন স্কল্ক উপে A remedy promting suppuration Maturo, natūr. a. [L maturus, ripe] পারপার পাক Ripe:—স্পর্যক্ষ, সম্পূর্ণ বৃদ্ধিপার, Of full time or age full-grown —পরিশত, Completely worked out — গ প্রিশ্ ক- কৈ, To ripen.—পূর্ণ কু প্রশ্ন-কু To bring to perfection— গ. গ প্রশান্ত To become ripe—প্রভ্রা হিল্ল তি become due, as a bill n=matureness, ad=maturely Syn—(a) Perfect, completed, prepared, ready, well-digested (v) Develop fully, prepare carefully, digest thoroughly, perfect

Maturoscent, mat-u-resent, a [ L maturesco, to become ripe ] প্ৰায় পরিশত, শ্চতিক্য, Approaching maturity

Maturity, ma-tur'c-te, n পরিপক্তা, Ripeness
—দেয় হওন, A becoming due Syn —Full
growth full age

Matutinal, mit U-ti'nal, Matutine, matutin, a প্ৰাচঃকালসম্বনীয়, বাভাতিক, Early

Maudin, mawdin, a মাতাল. Drunk — নিকোৰ , মুৰ্থ , Stupid , silly —নিকোৰ কলনাজির , Sickly sentimental. [In spite of

Mauger, Maugre, maw'ger, a pre. Acqe. Maul, mawl n Same as Mail.

Maul-stick, m iwistik, n চিত্ৰাছনকালে হস্ত স্থিপ বাৰিবাৰ জন্ত চিত্ৰকবদিলের বাৰছত যষ্ট্ৰ, Painter's stick to keep the hand steady in working

Maunder, n আনজোৰ প্ৰকাশ-কু, খুত খুত-কু, To mutter, to grumble

Maundy thursday, mawhdi-thur2da, \*.
গ্রীপ্তের মৃত্যু-অরণেৎসব-সন্তাহের বৃহন্দতিবার, Thursday
before Good Friday.

Mausolean, a সমাধিতত ঘটিত, কবরদৰ্ভীয়, কীতিতে ঘটিত, Pertaining to a mausoleum, monumental. Mausoleum, ». क्रम ; जमानिक्ड ; कीर्डिडंड ; Magnificent tomb or monument. a=mausolean. Mauve, mawy, #. কুলর নীললোহিত রঙ : A beauf thrush. tiful purple dye.

Mavis, ma'vis, n. গায়ৰ পক্ষী বিশেষ: The son--M8w, maw, n. প্ৰাদির পাকছলী : প্ৰথম পাকছলী : The stomach of a beast; the craw in birds.

Mawk, n. Maggot.

Mawkish, mawkish, a. पुनाकनक ; अकावलनक ; वर्गाक्त : Loathsome, disgusting : squeamish . nauseous. n=mawkishness ad=mawkishly. Syn :- Insipid, flat, stale, vapid

Mawworm, maw'wurm, n. কৃমি কটি . উদর কটি : An intestinal worm; the thread-worm.

Maxilla, n. colain ; Jaw-bone.

Maxillar, maksil-ar, Maxillary, maksil-ar-i. a. coisin sanis, coisin session, Pertaining to the jaw-bone.

Maxim, maksim, n. Ta ; অবধাৰিত মত ; বচন , बाराम बाका ; Leading truth , established prin- ! ciple: axiom: proverb. Syn:-Aphorism, apothegm, adage, saying.

Maxim monger, n. वहन-बाबमादी ; बांकावाशीम . One who deals in maxims.

Maximum, maksi-mum, व मर्स्साक्त . greatest :- n. मसीरणका खेरिक मध्या , श्रीवर्माण . উচ্চত্ৰ পুত : The greatest number, quantity or degree. pl = maxima.

May, ma, v. i. হইতে পারে; সম্ভবপর : দৈবাৎ ঘটিক To be free to act, to be possible be

by chance.

May, ma, n. है बोकी वरमत्वव शक्य माम ; The fifth month of the year :- বংসাবের প্রথম ভাগ ; Entire! part of the year - (क्षान ; Youth - 5 गान ) क्षान्तिः The early part of life -कहिन कृत , The flower of the hawthorn .- v i. sym note. ? . ক্টক কুল সংগ্ৰহ-ক ; Gather flower, on May morning; gather May-flower.

May-apple, n. यन निरमद ; The yellowish pulpy fruit of the podophyllum. 1 day of May May-day, mada, n. (4 मारमन श्रम किन ; The first May-flower, maflow'er, n. এक शकान कर्देक कृत : The flower that appears; the hawthorn which blooms in May

May-fly, maffi. n. पहकातको ती मक्किका : भटक तिर्मत . An ephemeral fly which appears in May.

May-game, n. भना विद्यात . Game fit for May-I ist or other day of May freshness day. May-morn, n. म मामव शांड:कान : Morning of Mayor, maur, n. [ L. magnus, great ] नगडांचाक : नगरबब अधान माकिएंडे : Chief magistrate of a town or borough. fem = mayoress.

Mayorality, máur-al-ti, Mayorship, máurship, m. CANCAR MY; The office of a Mayor.

Mayoress, n. त्मत्रवद न्यो ; The wife of a mayor.

May-pole, mápol, n. अना त्य डाहिए हाविशिष्क যুরিবা নৃত্য করিবার মিমিত্ত শোধিত দীর্ঘ দও; Pole to dance round in May.

May-Queen, mákwön, ৯. ১লা নে তারিখে বে রুমণীকে बाने नाजान रह ; A young woman crowned queen with flowers at the celebration of May-day.

Mase, maz, n. বুছ ; খোলকথাৰা ; Labyrinth :-विज्ञांचि ; किरकर्डवावियुक्ष ; शानमान ; Confusion of thought; perplexity; intricacy: -v. t. = [ ] ; विवाधि-इ : किःकर्डवाविश्व कु ; To confound with intricacy; to bewilder; to confuse; to amaze. Masurks, n. (शामकारनीय नुसा क दोना : A Polish dance, or its accompanying music.

Mazy, maze, a. ato; pto; Labyrinthine; intricate; perplexing. ad=mazily, n=maziness.

Syn: - Confused; confusing.

Me, me, pro आभारक . The objective case of I. Mead, med. n. मधु च कन मिलिक (शह क्या : मधन शानीक विद्राव : A termented liquor made of honey and water : - भगनान ; Meadow.

Meadow, medo, Mead, med, n. velterifes ভূমি; ভূণকেত্র: ঘাসভূমি; ভূণকেলপ্রচার; A rich pasture-ground. a = meadowy.

Meadowy, medo-i, a ज्नाम ज्यक्तिनिष्ट : Pertaining to, like or consisting of, meadow.

Meagre, Meager, me'ger, a. क्न ; शैवरन ; Thin; lean; destitute of strength: - WATER; वन ; Scanty ; insufficient :- निःच ; व्यक्षावश्रच , Poor :- 可有句; Barren, n=meagreness, meagerness. ad = meagrely. Syn :- Lank; gaunt, starved, hungry, poor ; tame, feeble, jejume.

Meagreness, me'ger-nes, n. কৃণতা: অৱতা; Quality of being meagre. Syn :- Leanness, want of flesh, poorness, barrenness, cantiness. Moal, mri, " (ड!सन ; এककारन जुन्ह आहारा , Food caten at one time; a portion of food taken at one time '- मयन', ननाइन ; Flower of corn , Prain ground to powder.

Mosly, mel., a warte win, whither; Like meal; be sprinkled as with nical, soft, smooth, no

mealiness.

Mealy-mouthed, meli-mouthd, a. महहारी: मनल्डा मन् कथा व्हित् व वांबाद् क Smooth-tongued : soft of speech; unwilling to state the truth in [ u mai time for eating meals. plain terms. Moal-time, n ट्रान्च (दल् ; आहादब ममन , The Mean, min, a नीइक्:प्रांडन वा निवनपत्र . Low m birth or rank .- नीठ , अवन ; निकृष्ठ , अवन , Base , bumble ; sordid .- त्रवा ; Middle :- मगावली : मगा-िम. Intervening, moderate - म. मधापन; मगुविन् : The middle point -pl. with, case; wells. Income , resources ; estate :- नायन ; यह ;Instrument :- v. f अध्यान-त ; प्रदा-क ; To intend ; to purpose :— "চনা-কু, To indicate :— আৰ্ প্ৰকাশ-क ; To denote, signify :- o. i. यत-क ; वर्ष शका ; To have in the mind; to have meaning. admeanly. n-meanness. Syn: -(a) Ignoble, plebeian, ordinary, common, vulgar; abject, wretched, degraded, degenerate, vile, servile, menial, grovelling; dishonourable, disgraceful, shameful; penurious, niggardly; small, httle, insignificant, paltry. (n) Medium, middle state, mediocrity; average, intermediate value, instrument, method, way, means. (pl) Resources, property, revenue, income. Design; imply, import, express.

A means to an end—কোৰ উপ্ৰেক্ত সাধ্যের উপার :

A means to effect some object.

By all means-west; Certainly ; without fail. By any means-ce ceta setta . In any way. By means fair or foul-(यमन त्लमन कवियां , मञ्जादाई इंडेक वा अमञ्जादाई इंडेक; By means ho-[ having recourse to nest or dishonest. By means of--( कान छेशांच ) खरलबन कतियां , By By no means, By no manner of means-कान मराउई नरह ; निकार नरह ; In no way ; not-atall.

By all means

Meander, me-ander, n. কৃটিলগতি; বক্রগতি; অটি-লতা ; A winding course ; maze ; perplexity -ए t. बङ्ग श्रम- क ; To run in windings ; to wind about :-- ए. 1. वज्रकादा खवाड्ड-इ ; कृदिन-इ ; To flow or run in a winding course; to be intricate.

Moundaring, me-ander-ing, a कृतिनशांशी, Winding in a course :- n. affinits. A winding couse.

Meaning, mening, n. wf; wf; Signification; explaination; sense :-- অভিপ্রাব; স্থল, Intention, purpose .- a. स्थानान : लापक ; Significant ad =neaningly. Syn: Intent, design, purpose, aim, object; sense, interpretation, import, purport, significance.

Meaningless, mening-les, a. wery, Having no me wing; without meaning

Mannoss, mennes, n. fageai; Lowness :-21931; Niegardliness, Syn -Smillness, littleress, scantiness, poorness, poverty, vileness, haseness, illiberality, penuriousness, sordidness. Mean-spirited-ৰূত্ৰনা।

Meant, pt. and p. p. of Mean.

Mean time-while—ইতিমধ্যে, ইত্যবসরে, In the intervening time, during the interval.

Moaslos, me'zlz, n. Eta; Disease with small red spots upon the skin.

Measly, me'zh, Measled, me'zld, a Finidis-গাৰ, হামরোপে আক্রাস্থ, Infected with measles or eruptions.

Moasurable, mezhur-a-bl. a. পরিষেষ, পরিষ্ণ-সাধা. That may be measured - পরিমিত, মধা-विष , Moderate :- अस , अस পরিমাণ ; সামাস্ত প্রস্ব , In small quantity or extent Syn :- Mensurable, computable, temperate.

Measure, mezhur, n. [ 1. mensura, from metere, mensus, to measure | পৰিমাণ ; নিশাৰিত পরিমাণ; Standard; a stated quantity - বিশ্বতি; जाइडन ; Size , extent :-- यन्त्राता कान किছूद दिहात इत ; मार्गनिक्रभन व्यनांनी ; A rule by which anything is adjusted or judge :-- সাধ্মোপায় ; উল্লেখ্য সাধ্যেব উপায় ; Proportion ; means to an end :-- পুতা बिरनंब ; डांन ; अब ; A grave ; solemn style of dance; musical time:—মিতাচাৰ; পরিমিতি; Moderation:—তর; Strata; bed:—চম্ম, Metre -pl. উপার ; Expedients :- v. t. পরিমাণ-ক ; To ascertain the dimensions of :--বিশ্বাস-কৃ, পরি-ষিত্ত-কু; To adjust :-- চিহ্নিত-কু; To work out : -विकान-इ ; वर्णेन कतिया (मध्या , To allot ; mite :v. i. भित्रभागविभिष्ठे-र ; मञ्जूला वा এकत्रभ-र : To be of a certain extent; to be equal or uniform. Syn :- (n) Rule, gauge ; quantity, degree ; limit, due bounds, rhythm, foot, verse, tune; plan, scheme, proposition, proposal, bill. (\*) Estimate, value, appraise, gauge; adjust, preportion : distritute.

Beyond measure—অভিযাতা ; পরিমাণের অধিক। Fill or fill up the measure of—কোৰ বিযুদ্ধ পূর্বমারা-ই ; Render complete.

In measure—পরিমিত।

Lineal or long measure—বেখাৰুবৰ পরিমাণক ; The measure of lines or distance. contend. Measure grounds-निवान-कृ; अन्ना-कृ; To Moasure oneself with or against-विवास वा 可有一季; Contend with. [ गंडम ; Fall prone. Moasure one's length—সটাৰ হইলা পডিলা Measure one's strength—প্ৰকাশকাপ বিবাদ-কু; Come into open conflict :- काशांत वन कूर-कृ ; Judge of one's strength .--কাহারও সহিত বিচারে প্রবৃত্ত-ছ; Enter into a controversy:—প্রতিবোগিতা अवनसन-क ; Pit oneself against.

Square measure-The measure of the superficial area of surfaces in square units as inches, feet &c.

Take the measure of-মাপ প্রথা; Compute th dimensions of :--কভটা আৰতন বা কভটা পত্তি নিকাপণ-কু, Form an idea of the capacity or powers of -कूर-कृ . Form an idea of :- नम्ब সমাশকাপ ব্ৰিকে পাৰা ; Judge fully of.

To take measure—উপার অবশ্বন-কু !

Moasured, mazhurd, a. नमान . जूला ; क्रकान ; Equal, undorm - मृत्, वित्र ; Sleady :- मीमा-বি"ই . ' বিমিত , Restricted.

Measuroless, mezhar-les, a. জনীম; অপবিষয়; Without measure; limitless. Svn -- Boundless, vast, immense, infinite, immeasurable.

Measurement, mezh Tr-ment, n. Apt; The act of measuring -প্ৰিমাণ : পৰিমিতি ; Area.

Mont. met, " शामानता, नामा, Victuals, food : —माम, त्र न माम, Animal food Syn:-Viands, provious, aliment, nour hment, fare, provender, flesh for food

Most offering, mct-offering, अ. थीना मान ; देनात्वामा (कार्य , Offering of food, esp. of flour with salt and oil.

Meat-pie, n Pie of meat ; mince pie.

Mest-test, " 75; Appetite.

Meaty, a atrage; Fleshy.

Mochanic, me-kańk, Mochanical, me-kaink-al, a यञ्चलियक , श्चमश्रकीय ; वल्विकान अञ्चलीय ; Relating to machinery or mechanics :-- ---गन्न बाबा कुछ , Done by a machine :- निह्नी ; Belonging to artisans .- लिशेकवाल कार्याकात्री; Acting by physical power :- (करन संशास्त्रक राज मादि 5 , Done mercly by force of habit :- नी ; Vulgar. ad = mechanically.

Mochanic, me-kańik, n. कांत्रिकत ; मित्रो , An aitisan; artificer; craftsman.

Mechanician, mek-an-ishan, Mechanist. mekan-ist, n. विकानविद पश्चित्र; कार्तिभन्न; कल-নিখাতা; বন্ধনিখাতা; One skilled in mechanics; workmen : machine maker.

Mechanics, me-kaniks, n. रनिकान ; रप्रविकाद शक्ति निर्नाषक विकात ; The science of forces and powers of machinery.

Bischenies Institute—কারিগরাধণের বিদ্যালর, শিল্পী বিদ্যালর Institution for the instruction of working men

Mechanism, mekan-ızm, ॥ काल्य गर्रेन , गाँ विद्यान The construction of a machine

Modal, medal, n প্ৰাতন মুন্তা , Ancient coin — প্ৰতিষ্ঠা মুন্তা , গদক বিশেষ , Coin struck in memory of a person or event —পাদ্বিতোধিক মুন্তা , গুণের প্রকার A reward of merit a=medalisc

Medallio, me-dalik, a পুরস্কার পদক সংক্রার , Pertaining to medals

Medallion, me-dalyun, # বৃহৎ পদক ঈবছনত পোলাকার প্রতিমূর্ত্তি Large medal the representation of a medal in painting a bassrelief of a circular form

Modallist, Medalist, medal-ist n পদকপ্ৰাও ব্যক্তি, বেডলপ্ৰাও ব'জি Prize min one who has gained a medal —পদক কোদক An engraver of medals

Meddle, medle । (D mid'l means)
হতকেপ-কু ক'জ থাকা Interi re act officiou is
have to do interpose intermedelle । in
Meddle in—কোল বিষয় হতকেপ-কু Take a pi
Meddle with—প্ৰশাব বিষয় হ েনিন h ut'
stand in the wiv of — ( এ জন বে'ন সম্প্ৰক না
ব্যান বিষয়ে ) হস্তক্ষণ কু Take a part in (c meaning which does not not in all con ern one)
Meddler, medler in ক্ৰম-বাৰণ ক্ৰী লেখিক
ক্ৰিবিবিব স্কা ক বি হস্তকেশাৰ One who is it
feres with matters in which is his no concert
a busy body

Meddlesome, redisum a ফুর্বেরার ব Given to medding officiously intrusive imeddlesomenes Syn—Interferin it er meddling pragmatical

Mediate between-tree style \*, gale & !

Mediation, me di istur n নধ্য কা নদ্যাহিছ আক্রানিষ্টি অনুনাৰ, The act of interpos y entraty for another act of mediating Syn—Interposition, intervention, intercession, arbitration

Mediatise, më'di a-iz, v f বাস্ত্র-কু To innex as a smaller stite to a large neighbouring one —ৰ ডাৰেও মধ্যেত্ৰী হাতিবা সম্পূৰ্ণ ক্ষীন-কু Fo mike mediately dependent

Mediator, me'di at-er n unias, aus One who interpo es bet veen parties at variance

Syn —Intercessor, advocate, propitiator, arbitrator [mediator. Mediatorship, n মধাৰতীয় কাৰ্যা Office of a Mediatorial, me-di-a-torical, a মধ্যত সহজীয়, মধাত্বটিউ Belonging to a mediator, his agency or office ad—mediato ially [plant Medic, medik, n উত্তিত্ব বিশেষ, A leguminous Medicablo, medi-ka-bl, a আবোগানীয়, চিকিৎসা, চিকিৎসায়াধা Capable of being cured, admitted to being healed curable

Medical, medickal, a. চিকিংসাবিদা বিষয়ক.
ভোজ আন্দাস্থাকারী Pertaining to the art of healing diseases relating to medicine, containing that which heals ad=medically

Medicament, medicament, n. উবৰ, ভোৰা , তাৰ প্ৰবেশ A medicine or anything used for healing a healing application Medicaster, n শেষ্ট্ৰিবা , Quack

Medicate, medi-kat ए ए देवर एक देवर व्यवीत-कृ किविश्मी के To treat with medicine to functure with anything medicinal n=medication

Medication, med ikishun n day design.
The use or application of medicine

Modicative, med ki tis a আবোদাৰারী, তুল্পতিসাক Tending to heal curing

Medicinal, me-disin-al, a अवसम्बद्धीय , दिनिक्-गुलाग \* Pertaining to medicine ad= ा l nally

Medicino, medicin n [L medicus, n phi u ni] (काक देवा Drug remedy frequent Art of healing a-micutinal Syn —Ply c no trum bealing art, therapeutics Medicine man—मार्कियो पश्चित, Indian man, quick a sor erer i doctor

Moderal, Mediaeval, me-di-ēral, a [ ]

m is midlic and oerem an age ] we

war R lating to the middle ages

Medievalist, Mediaevalist, n সংকানীয় শোসাবা One sensed in the history of the

Modiocre, mc-de öker a [I mediocris
f m meti is middle] সামাক্ষ সংগবিধ, মাঝারি
Midding medicrate indifferent ordinary
commonplace—n দ্যোক ক্ষ্ডাবিশিষ্ট লোক, A
precn of moderate abilities

Modiocrity, me di ocu ti, গ ব্যাম আবস্থা, স্থানির সমস্ত মধ্যবিধ পরিষ্টা, A mildle state or o dit in a moderate degree or rate

Meditate, mide tit v t or s বান-কৃ, প্রগাঢ় গির স্থিত বিশেলা কু To cognitic, to think to consider deliberately —সংকল কৃ, কিং-কৃ সামান্যা মান্দালন কু To intend, pur pe plan Syn —Muse think, ruminate, contemplate consider study scheme, devise. Meditated, a সংক্ষিত Planned

Moditation, med-e-tashun, n and, an fort.

Deep thought serious contemplation Syn—
Reflection cognitation, rumination, musing,
pondering

Meditative, meditative, a ধাৰণৰ , চিশ্বালিৰ ,
চিশ্বালিৰ Given to meditation, expressing
design n=meditativeness, ad=meditatively

Mediterranean, med--ter-rane-an, Mediterraneous, med--ter-rane-us, a [L medius, middle, and terra, earth, land] পৃথিবীর মধ্যতি, কুভাগের মধ্যবাতী, Situated in the middle of the earth — ভূমি ধারা বেছিড, আভাতারিক, সাগর হততে পুরবর্তী, Sorrounded by land, inland.

Medium, me di-um, n. মধা, Middle, mean —
ৰয়বৰ্তী হান বা পরিষাণ, The middle place or
degree — সাধনোগায় বা বহু, সাধনবার, উপায়,
Channel, vehicle, instrumentality of communication, agency of transmission — স্বাপুকৰ,
A person through whom the action of another
body is said to be manifested and transmitted
pl=mediums, media [tree a fru the diar, mediar, n বুক বিশেষ, মন্ত্ৰী বিশেষ, মন্ত্ৰী

Mediar, mediar, n বুক্ষ বিশ্বৰ, কলা বিশ্বৰ, Mediay, media, n [ I. miscere, to mis ] বিশ্বৰণ কৰে দিছিত পিত, বানা ক্ৰেয়েৰ দিশ্ৰণ A composition which consists of several different ingredients, a mingled and confused mass Syn Mixture, miscellancy, jumble, hodge-podge farrago, confused mass.

Medula, n war , Marrow , pith

Medullar, me-dular, Medullary, me-dular ।

a (। melu//a, marrow । মন্ত্রাবাশ্র, মন্ত্রন্থ
মন্ত্রাবং, Marrow).

Mood, med, n. essi, প্ৰকাৰ পাৰিত কৈ -গৰ Hire, that which is bustowed for mentteward gift Syn —Recompense, remune tation, due.

Meed man or wright — অর্থপ্রতা সূত্র Hireling Meek milk a. [let] minks mild soft j বিষয় মৃত্র বিনীত বৰ্ণাসুগ Gentle mild, sub missis yielding n=meekness ad=meekly fyr sist pacific, unassuming, humble, sub missise, modest

Meet, mit a उल्बंड , উচিত উপযোগী Fitting

Mooknoss, mixnes n सङ्घा Mildness or temper yn Hirmitt submissiveness resignation submis i n modesty gentleness Meerschom, mêr shawn n श्रंड् दिस्त . वंट मुख्ति, A fin. white clay a mineral

Moet, met গ / সাক্ষ্ড, To come tace to face — সাক্ষ্ড সমুখীন-ই To encounter fall in with — প্ৰাপ্ত ই প্ৰচন্ত To find receive, light on — গ ৷ প্ৰক্ৰ-ই To come together, assemble, assemble together — সাক্ষ্য ইন্ত্ৰী, সমুখীন-ই, To have an encounter — একজিও ই Collect — মিলিড ই, সম্মিলিড ই Agree, harmonise — সাক্ষ্যন A meeting as of huntsmen Syn — (গ) Confront come in contact converge join, unite, fulfil, comply with congregate

Meet one on one s own ground—আত বাচা করে তাহা কথিয়া তাহার সমান-ছ Be on a footing of equality with another by imitating him in every respect

Meet with—কোৰ বিছু পাওৱা, Get, find Meet helf way—উভৱ পক হইতে বিছু হাডিৱা-দে, সৰান দৃহত্ হুইতে অপ্ৰসৰ-হ, Make mutual concessions, approach from an equal distance

Meeting, meting, n সমাসন , Coming together —স্কা; ন্দ্রিকান , ক্ষড়া, An assembly , an in-

terview. Syn -Conference, company, and tory, confluence, union.

Meeting-house, mëting-hows, স. ভ্ৰমণান্ত ,
উপাসনাজয় , A place of public worship in
England , a dissenter's congregation —সভাগৃহ ,
A house where people meet [mammal Megatherium, স. প্ৰত্যাভূত কর , A fossil Megrim, লাইলালা, দ আৰ্থকণালে , শিরালীলা ,
Neuralgic pain , headache —প্রাল , A whim ,
freak , humour.

Menasis, mi O'sis, n. distincts from A species of hyperbole representing a thing as less than it really is

Melancholic, mcl'in kol-ik, a ছুংখন্তৰ, হতাল , বিবান্তৰ, বিবন্ধ, ছুংখিত , Dejected , given to melancholy , mournful.

Melancholy, melan-kol-e, n [G. melas, black, and cholos, gall, bile] ছুংব, বিবরতা, অবসাদ, Depression of spirits, dejection —a হতাশ, বিবর, ছুংগজনক, Depressed in spirits, gloomy Syn—(n) Gloominess, sadness, moodiness delictuless vipours, hypochon-in (a) Sad d spirited, low-spirited, unhappy, cisconsolate heavy deletil, gloomy, dismal, cilimitous distressing afflictive

Meliorate, mc'h oi at, t f [L melior letter] উল্কৃ, ভাল কৃ, To make better to improve — r ভাল-ছ, উল্ভৃছ, To grow 'etter n=melioration

Melioration, n ক্রতিবিধান, উরতি The act of making better, improvement

Mellay, mela n বিশ্বন গোলমান: Confusion. Molliferous, mel if er-us, a [ L. mel, honey, and fero, to produce] মধু উৎশাসক, মধুত্ৰক, Producing honey

Mellifluent, mel-floo-ent, Mellifluous, mel if'iū-us a il mel hone, and fluere, to flow ] মিট্ নিত্ৰাৰ ক্ষাৰ মহণ কামল, Flowing with honey or sweetness sweet, sweetly flowing smooth n=mellifluence admillifluently, mellifluously Syn —Smooth, du'cet euphonious

Mollow, meli a কোলৰ পৰু, পরিপ্ৰু, Soft, ripe mature — পুরা, Well broken, as soil — অকটাৰ পূৰ্ব কোনৰ Not hard, coarse, or rough to the senses soft to the touch — কোনৰ. Soft, rich delicate—said of sound, colour, flavour — মন্ত Genial, jovial, with liquor, slightly intoxicated — v t পরিপ্রুক্ত, To mature — প্রুক্ত বা ব্যমে কোনৰ কু To soften by ripeness or age — v. । পরিপ্রুক্ত, কোনৰ হু, Fo be matured to become soft n—mellowness Syn—(a) Perfect, full, fullflavoured, mellifluous well-toned jovial, half tipsy, jolly. Mollowness, n কোনবা, পরিপ্রুতা, প্রকরা, Softness, maturity

Mellowy, melo-i, a. बद्ध , डिनव्क , द्विमांन , Soft oily , unctuous.

Melodious, mē-lö'de-us, a স্থাৰা, ক্ৰম, তাৰ-লম্মুক্ত Harmonious, musical n=melodiousness ad=melodiously Syn —Dulcet, concordant, tunciul Melodise, v t ব্যৱ-কৃ, To make melodious Melo-drama, melo-drama, Melodrame, melo-drama, Melodrame, melo-dram, n [Gr melos a song and drama a drama] গীতি নাটক, উদ্দীপক গীতিনাট্য বিশেষ, Play with songs, music, or pantomine a= melodramatic Melody, melo de, n. [Gr melon, a song

and ode, a lay ] चर मिल जर, खर, मजीड Sweetness of sound, music, air, tune song n=melodist [ Overstrained sensational Melodramatic, a. चित्रविष्ठ छेरस्रकाकीशक Melodramatiat, mel-o-drama-tist n गीडि লাটক প্রণেতা, গীতি লাটক রচরিতা One who is skilled in melodramas or who prepares them Melon, melun, # [Gr melen an apple ] 76. जत्रमुख , कृष्टि लांक जरम्बनांक A plant and fruit Melt, melt, ए ई अरीकुर कृ अर कृ उत्त कृ ी0 dissolve, soften liquety - । । अतेज्ड इ To dissolve —আর হ বিগ'লত হ ভগ্নাইন হ To become tender or mild to be discouraged Melting, " छनल र अप कदन (कांमल त' निम्न कदन The act of dissolving the act of softening ad = melt ngly

Member, member n was graw Limb 12'
of a whole was, Chaus marine are
One of the p sons compoing a society Sir
Wital organisation part point constituent are
ponent subordinate part branch distributed felow a social

Member of congress, স কেটাৰ সহ'ব সহ One of the house of Representatives in the United States

Member of Parliament, দ মহাদ্যার সভ Representative in the Imper all Parliament Membered, a প্ৰজ্ব Having limbs

Mombership, m mbers ip ৷ সভায় শুল সভায়, State of tenna member —সভস্থ সমায়, Collective body of members a community

Membrane, membran , জালাং ডক কিলী
The thin extended cellula in the orisks a
membraneous membranou membraneous
Membraneous, Membranous, Membra
naceous, a বিশ্বীয়া, বিশ্বীয়া, Consisting of

or like a membrane

Momento, m<sup>2</sup>-mento, n. [L meminisse to remember | প্ৰাৰ্থ চিচ্ছ পৃতি-ইকীপ্ৰ সম্পত্ত A signestion or notice to awaken memory memorial hint reminder remembrancer sousenir pl-memento

Memoir, me nwoi n f I memoria memory সাকি জীবনী ছবিউ Biographical sketch, statement — সমাজ কোৰাই ক াবনী The pro ceedings of a society Syn —Record, register purnal biography auto i lograpsy

Me norable, membra-a-bl, a স্থান্থ সাধ্যানা, গিবাতে প্রতিত্ব Remarkable ad-memorably van —Signal distinguished, extraordinary, famous notable

Memorandum, mem cr-andum, n manie

পুর্তিশি, সংগীয় বিষয়, A note to assist the memory plamemorandums, memoranda Memorial, me mo're-al, a সাবদ, সুভিছিত.
Bringing to memory contained in memory — 
 সুভিচিত্ কীৰ্ডিত, সৰ্গ চিত্, Something to keep in remembrance, a monument —আব্যুদ্ধ প্ৰ; Sta ement and pe ition of facts Syn —(a) Melento monument record souvenir, address, notition [10 petition by memorial.

Memorialise, me-mo'ri al-iz, v f আবেদৰ-ই, Memorialist, me-mo'ri-al-ist, ন. আবেদৰ-ব আবেদৰ করে One who writes, signs, or presents a memorial

Memory, memore, n [L memoria, from remor, mindful] মুডিলজি, হামাণিজি, The aculty of the mind by which it retains the nowledge of previous thoughts or events, cas —মুডি মুব্ৰ Remembrance, recolcition, reminiscence, memorial Syn —Commemorative record fame renown, celebrity.

Men, n নমুখাল pl of man

Monaco, mehīs ফ ট উতিপ্ৰদৰ্শন কু, উভ-ছু, To nreaten to inspire with apprehension — স ভার, গ্ৰাপ্তব্য উতিপ্ৰদৰ্শন A threat or threatening )) —Intimidate denounce, defy

Monacing, a stat Threatening

Menage, n পৃত্ৰাৰ্থ, House-keeping, domestic ciono ny — শতুশালা A menagerie — প্ৰনিকা, Tia ing of an mals, as of horse

Monagorie, Monagory, men-Ezhe-ri, n. গাল্পাথাৰ পাল্লাৰ A collection of wild animils a place for keeping wild animals

Menagogue, n Medicine to forward the flow of the menses

Mond one s pace— ফুড ব্যান- কু, Go faster Mondacious, men-dashe us a [L mendax , ng] প্রবৃদ্ধা-রুড থিবা , Given to deception , tilse ly ng n = mendacity ad = medaciously. Syn — L ntruthful, deceptive, fallac ous.

Mondacity, men-dake-te n 明初到 , 红神明 , Disposition to lie , lyingness Syn —Lying deceit, untruth, fal-chood, lie, deceitfulness Mondicancy, mendi kan-si, s. [李明] [] 。

প্রকাষ ব্যাস্থ্য বিশ্ব বিশ্ব

Mendicity society, n. राहिकाविश्वास मार्थ ; Society to stop begging

Menial, me'ne-al, a. शांत्रह, क्लान्यकीय ; Be-

longing to a retinue of servants; servile; low: - नीड कांक्कांत्री ; Performing servile office :- नीड ; Low: mean:-n. बीठ ठांक्ड; नान; कठा A domestic servant :-- नीह लांक : बीहबक्छित लांक . A person of servile disposition. Syn:-(a) Domestic, attendent, dependent, servile, base, sorry, vile, abject. (#) Lackey, flunkey, underling, footman, valet.

Moningitie, n. [Gr. meninggos, a membrane ] बाबिक बिलीन अनाह ; Inflammation of the membranes of the brain.

Meniver, mehi-ver, Minever, Miniver, minver, n. मकुलकां और संख वित्नव : अखत लाम : A beast; its fur, which is white with specks of black. িমানিক; Monthly

Mensel, mensal, a. [L. menser, a month] Menses, mehsez, n pl. মানিক বছলাব; ত্রী-কড়; The monthly discharge from the womb . [ menses catamenia.

Monstrus, menstron-a. n pl. बी-कड़ . बज: ; The Menstrual, menstrov-al, a. aifer : 4945. warmi : Lasting a month , perturing to the menses. [ शर्याव अशीन : Subject to monthly flowing Menstruant, menstron-ant, a बङ्गडी , बाडा-Menstruate, menstroo-at, v f. woarb-s, ब्रह्मत्राव-इ., To discharge the menses. n= menstruation

Bathing after menetruation-43714 Menstruous, a. क्रम्बला , बङ्गम्बलेव , Having, or pertaining to, menses

Menetrum, mehstron-um, n. Bine apid; A solvent or dissolving substance. -- pl. 43. Menstrua (the menses).

Mensurable, mensu ra-bl, a. [ 1.. mensura, to measure ] Mains, Measurable n=mensurability. I tuning to measure Monsural, mensu-ral, a. পরিমাণ স্থায় Pei-लिविमान . Monsuration, mens-ur-Ashun, n माल, नविशान कन, The art of measuring; the

result of measuring. Syn: - Measure nent,

survey, surveying.

Montal, mental, a [ 1.. mens, mentis, the mind ] बाबनिक ; कुकिन तिवयक , Relating to the mind, intellectual. ai = mentally Syn .-Rational, ideal, spritual, interestive, metaphysical, psychical, psychological putation Mental arithmetic-sevil; Off-hand com Mental reservation - नान वान त्यापन , Mental qualification; the withholding or failing to disclose something that affects a statement

Mention, menshun, n. [ L. mentio, from meminisse, to remember ] वर्न , उराज , हिन्छ ; A brief notice or remark, hint, recital; naming :- ए. रे. डेरमय-कृ; मध्करन दना, नाय-कृ, To notice briefly; to remark, to name. Syn: -(a.) Allusion, hint, observation, suggestion, declaration, announcement (v) Allude to, refer to, name, cite, report, notice, communicate, impart, declare [ mentioned. Mentionable, a. केरवनरगाना . That can be Mentor, mentor, u Grinen ; fam-fang Bo-(121; A faithful friend of Ulysses, He was regarded as the wisest man of his time; wise counsellor or tutor. a-metorial.

Menu, n. ভোলনার্থ প্রস্তুত প্রবালতের তালিকা . List of things composing a repast.

Mephistophelesn, n. ব্ৰস্মা : পর্মীকাতর ; স্থিক্ मना : विश्ववत्य : Cynical ; sceptical, malicious.

Mophitic, me-fitik, a. विवमह ; वृर्गचावृत्त ; विवाह ; Offensive to the smell. Syn :- Foul, fetid, noi-ome, poisonous, noxious, pestilential, malarious, miasmatic,

Mephitic, Mephitical. a. प्रश्न : अनिष्टेक्च : বোগজন\*; Noxious; pestilential

Mephitis. Mephitism, n. ছৰ্গৰ বাস বিশেষ; A foul, pestilential exhalation.

Mercantile, mer'kan-til, a. [ ]. mercari, to traffic ] वानिसामचन्नीय ; वानिकामरकान्त्र , Commercial. Syn :- Trading ; interchangeable, marketable. of country.

Mercantile service-The mercantile marine Mercantile world—বাণিকো নিযক্ত লোকসমহ: The whole body or class of persons engaged in mercantile.

Morconary, mer'sc-nar-e, a. [ L. merces, wages, reward ] वर्शनाडी ; (नानुष : (बजनाबी ; Hired for money, actuated by the hope of reward; greedy of gun, sold or done for money -n. টিকা লোক , বেতনাৰ্থী দেক , One who is hired; a soldier bired into foreign service Syn:-(a) Hired, hireling, venal, sordid, base, avaricious, covetous, grasping, griping.

From morcenary motives - সাৰ্থনাত: । Mercer, mer'ier, भ. अहेनकृतानमात्री : (त्रनम-भन्म কাপদ বিক্লেণ , One who deal, in silks and wooden clathes. [ The goods of a mercer. Mercery, mer'sersi, म अपनादवव वालिका वा ननामना : Merchandiso, merchan-dis, n. [F murchand a merchant 1 affest, Commerce, trade -अष्डार, Guads, commodities Syn :-Traffic ; wares

Merchant, mei'chant, n IL mercans, mereiri, to trade ' नीक, प्रश्चन, Trader :- a. विकिम्हनीह, वाजिनाक्ष्य, Pertuning to trade or merchandise I but for market. Merchantable, mérichant-a-bl. a विक्रवाराजा: Morchant captain - 四日 利耳, Master of a trading ship

Merchantman, n বাণিজাপোত, A tradingship hi = merchantmen

Merchant-prince - মহা বৰিক, Great merchant. Merchant ship -दानिकारणां 5; Trading ship. Merchant-tailor-A tailor who keeps and sells materials for the garments made by him. Merciful, mer'se-fool, a. कवाल , ममन ; क्लामन : ক্ষাপ্রায়ণ , কুপালু , Compassionate ; tender : humane, disposed to pity and spare. n=mercifulness ad=mercifully. Syn -- Pitiful, grarious, kind, mild, clement, benignant.

Merciless, mer'se-les, a निकृत , निर्मत्र ; निर्मत्र ; कतिम क्षत्र ; Unfeeling ; hard-hearted ; unsparing; cruel. ad=mercilessly. n=mercilessness.
Syn:—Unmerciful, ruthful, pitiless, severe,

barbarous.

Morcurial, mer-ku'ri-al, a. পাৰাযুক্ত, পাৰববিশিষ্ট; পাৰবৰম; Containing or consisting of mercury: —চকৰ, চপল, ওংপন, ভেৰবী, Sprightly, fickle, active, full of fire or vigour.

Mercurialise, mer-ku'rı-al-iz, ত. t. পারদ্বিশিষ্ট-কু, পারদ্বক্ষ-কু, To make mercurial, to affect with mercury, to impregnate with mercury.

Moroury, mer'kū-rī, n, [L merx, mercis, merchandise] পাৰ্থ, Quicksilver —ৰ্ববাহ, The planet nearest the sun:—দেবপুড; দেবভাদের মুড, The messenger of the gods; god of cloquence, and trade and of lawyers, cheats and thieves—মুড, ম্বোধ্বাহক; A messenger—সংবাদ-গত্ত, A news-paper.

Mercy, mer'se, n. [L. misericordia, pity] ক্ষা-ধাৰ্ডি; কুপা, অনুক্ষা, দ্বা, Kindness to an offender, willingness to spare, forgiving disposition, pardon; clemency, tendernes Syn —Leniency, mildness, compassion, pity, charity, grace, favour, kindness, forgiveness

Be at the mercy of, Lie at one's mercy— স্পূৰ্কণে আন্তৰ অব্যহাৰীৰ-হ, Be wholly in the power of.

Mercy-seat, n ইবৰেৰ নিংহাসন, Throne of God Mercy-stroke, n. সাংবাতিক আঘাত, Death-blow Mere, mer, n. জলাকৰ, A pool of lake - লখা, A boundary — a বিভদ্ধ, ভদ্ধ, বেৰবদাত্ত্ৰ, একছন্ত্ৰ, Unmixed, pure, only this and nothing else alone, absolute, bare ad=mercly Syn — (a) Entire, bare, simple

Merely, mèr'li, ad. কেৰলমাত্ৰ, একমাত্ৰ, কেবল একমাত্ৰ উপায়ে, Purely, simply, only, soicly. Merestead, 22 জোডদনিৰ সীনাৰ মধণত ভূডাগ,

The land within the boundaries of a firm
Meretricious, mere-ই-trishe us, a [L meretricis, a harlot, mereo, to earn] বৃহাদ্যৰ দ্বাৰ
আক্ৰাকাৰী, আডবৰ্ক, অভিৰোভন, Alturing ty
false show, gaudy, false, shory —কাম্যভাগক, Lustful. n=meretriciousnes ad=me-

retrictionsly Syn — Unchaste, dece that spurious, sham, tawdry, flashy [see duck Morgansor, n হ'ল বিৰেব, A diving lind or Morgo, merj, v. t. ডুবাইবা-বে, কবলিত বৰ ন, To sink, to immerse, immerge, to cau e to be swallowed up — v ঃ. ডুবিয়া-বা, lo be swallowed.

lowed. Syn — Submerge plunge dip, be lost Merge in—কোন কিছুর অন্তর্গত বা সামিল ইট্রা ত চাব সভিত মিলিয়া বাওয়া, Sink in, be blended with, be lost in.

Meridian, me-ride-an, n [ L. medius, middle, dies, day ] মধ্যাফ্ৰাল, মধ্যাফ্, Midday — মধ্যাফ্ৰাল (রবা; Great circle drawn through the poles and at right angles to the line or equator — চরমনীমা, The highest point, as of success, climax —a. মধ্যাফ্রনম্বার, মধ্যাফ্রিক, Pertaining to midday — নামেটি চ. চরমনীমার ভরমিত, Raised to the highest point. Syn.—(n) Noon, noon-tide, summit, culmination, acme

Meridional, me-ridi-un-al, a দাকিণ্য, দাকিণা মুখ, দাকিণাফ, Southern, having a southern aspect. n=meridionality

Meridionally, ad. मर्गानन-त्रशिकनृथ; In the

direction of the meridian.

Merino, me-re'no, ম. একৰাতীয় ভেড়া; মেব বিশেব;
Fine wooled sheep, a variety of very fine wood—ভেডার বোৰ, মেরিনো প্রনামর কাপড়; A fabric of merino wool—

a. মেরিনো মেব বা ভাহার গোম সম্বর্জীয়,
Belonging to the merino sheep or their wool.

Merit, mer'it, n. [L meritum, from merere, to deserve] শুৰ, বোগাড়া, মুলা; Worth, meed, reward, desert, value — চ ে ঘোগাড়া, প্ৰকাষ লাখি মুখ লাভ-কু, To deserve, earn, be entitled, be worthy of, to have a right to claim as reward Syn:—(n) Goodness, excellence, worthiness, credit, claim, right.

Meritorious, mer-i-to'ri-us, a. পুরকারের বোগ্য, প্রশংসনীয়, সম্মানার্হ, Deserving of reward, honour or praise. n=meritoriousness ad=meritoriously [Scotch silver coin

Mork, merk, স ফটলতের প্রকালীন মুদ্রা, An old Morle, merl, স প্রকীবিশেব, The black-bild. Morlin, merlin, ম. ভুদ্র বালপ্রকী, A little hawk

—गाइकत , Wizard Mermaid, mér'mcd, n कहिए मरमानाती , कहिए

সামূদ্রিক ভীব বিশেষ Sca woman, a fabled ma rine animal having the upper part like that of woman and the lower like a fish

Morrimont, mér's ment, Morrinoss, mér's ne n অ কৰ, উল্লাস, উচ্চ'নৰ Muth, hilanty Syn — Froke, glee, jolkty, jocularity, sportive ness, liveliness

Morry, mer'e, a হাই, সানক, উৎকুর এক্র , উন্নাদিত Gay sprightly, lively, cheerful — হাসকের , হাস্যরনক, Cau ing mirth ad—mercily Syn —Blishe, blithe ome airy, vivacious, gleeful, joyous, mirthful, jocund, sportive, jolly, ficetious, funny

Merry-andrew, mer'i andi 70 n. 215, A buifoon, zany quack doctor's fool

Morry-making, mer'i-making, n छेरनव, खानकारवार A festival, a meeting for muth

Morry-moeting, n (\*) , least.

Merry-thought, n কাডাকো কুৰ বিশেষ, A kind of play.

Mersion, n মজন, Act of merging Same as

Mescems, me-semi, v amp. আনার বোধ চর, lt seens to me [ plant Mesembryanthemum, n উদ্ভিদ বিশেষ, A

Mosh, me-h, n জানের বন্ধ, জানের ব্যানি, The opening between the cords of a net, net-work.

— ৩. ১. জাল দিয়া ব্বা, জালে-ছু, লাগে কেলা, To ensnare, to catch in a net a=meshy. Inetwork.

Meshy, a ভাবের আকারে গঠিঙ, Formed like
Mesmeric, mef-mér'ik, Mesmerical, mef-mér'-ik-al, a. বৈশ্বতব্-ব্যক্ষিয়, Of or relating to mesmerism.

Mosmoriso, mc2mér-iz, v t হজ্ঞানন বায় বিবশ-কু, অন্তের শরীর বিবশ-কু, To induce an extraordinary state of the nervous system in which the actor controls the actions of the subject. n., mesmerism.

Mosmorisor, meź-- '-ız-ċr. Mosmo iist, meźmer-ist, n বে অক্তের পরীর বিবশ করে, One who mesmerises. Mosmerism, n. (44404; One who mesmerisc. Mosne, e. 44141; Middle ; intermediate.

Aless, mes, m.[L. mensa. a table] থাবা;
এককাৰে গৃত্তিবেশিত ভোকাৰত; Dish; meal for a
certain number; a quantity of food served up
at one time:—বিজ্ঞা; বিশ্বান-বিজ্ঞা; বিশ্বানা;
Hotch-potch; a medley; disorder:—একত্তে
ভোকাকারী ব্যক্তিগণ; বে সকল লোক একতে ভোকা
করে; Set of persons eating together; set who
eat together:—০. f. ভোকাৰত প্রদান-ক; To supply with a mess:—০. f. কেত্তে আহার-ক; কেত্তে
ভোকা-ক; To take meals together; to eat in
company. Syn:—(n) Company; mixture,
miscellany, medley, mixed mass; difficulty,
perplexity, confusion.

Message, me'aj, n. [ L. missur, 'sent ] আবেল , সলেল ; সংবাদ ; বাঠা . An errand ; an official communication. Syn .—Communication, intimation, notice, missive.

Mossenger, mesen-jer, w. atsite; 78; The bearer of a message; a forerunner — atsite; An officer who executes summonses. Syn:— Emissary, express, courier, carrier; harbinger, herald, procursor.

Mossentery, me'en-ter-i, n. [Gr. mesos, mid-dle, enteron, intestines] 智慧智慧; Membrane fastening the bowels to the backbone. s=me\_senteric.

Mossiah, mes-si'a, Mossias, mes-si'as, s.

Messianic, u খুটাৰ; Relating to the Messiah Messmato, mesmat, n. সহতোটা; Companion in a mess; one who eats at the same table

Mostoo, mes-te'. n. বেড কুকের মৈধ্নোৎপত্ত সন্থান . The off-pring of a white person and a quadroom

Mestino, Mestizo, n. [L. misceo, to mix] শেন ও আমেতিকার নৈধুনভাত সম্ভান; The child of Spaniard and a native American.

Met, pa. t. and pa. p. of Mect.

Meet, met, a. উপৰুক্ত; উচিত ; উপবোগী; Fitting; qualified; adapted. ad-meetly, n=meetness. Syn:—(a) Fit, suitable, proper; convenient, appropriate, congenial. [metacarpus

Metacarpal, a ক্রতন্স কার . Pertaining to the Metacarpus, n. ক্রতন . The part of the hand between the wrist and the fingers.

Metachronism, n. কালনিৰ্দেশ এম; An orr committed in chronology by placing an event after its real time. [coal, price of measurement. Metage, n. মুণসাদমান; মানমূল্য, Measurement of Metal, metal, n. ধাড়, ভালা পাণন, Simple

mineral; broken stone, a=metallic
Metallic, a. থাতা; থাতুমা; Pertaining to or

consisting of metal.

Metalliferous, met-al-if'ér-us, a. 1975

माजुरमानी ; Producing or yielding metals.

Metalliform, me-tali-form, a. থাতাকার : ধাতুবৎ ; Having the form of metals.

Metalline, metal-in, a. বাত্ৰয় , বাত্ৰিপিট ; বাত্ৰ Consisting of or impregnated with metal. Metallise, metal-iz, v. /. বাত্তে প্ৰভ-কু; বাত্তে প্ৰিপ্ত-কু; To form into metals, n=metallisation.

Metallist, #. metal-ist, #. बाहुकर्मकाद ; बाहुबिंद ; Worker in metals.

Motalloid, metal-oid, n. [Gr. metallon, a metal, and eidos, form ] ধারাকার গদার্থ; অবাতৰ দাহ পদার্থ; Substance like a metal, as sulphur &c. calcium &c

Motalloid, Metalloidal, a. ধাতুসৰুণ; অধাতৰ লাজপৰাৰ্থসৰুহ সৰক্ষীয়; Like metal; pertaining to the metalloids. [Pertaining to metallurgy. Metallurgic, a. ধাতু পরিভারকরণ বিলাসক্ষীয়; Metallurgiat, metal-ur-jist, n. ধাতু পরিভারক; Onewho works metals; one skilled in metallurgy. Metallurgy, metal-ur-ji, n [Gr. metallon, a metal, and ergon, work] ধাতু পরিভারক বিদ্যা; ধাতু পরিভার কৌশন; The art of working or melting metals. a=metallurgic.

Metamorphio, met-a-mor'fik, এ. পরিবর্ত্তমনীল; Subject to change; pertaining to the changes of rocks since their original deposition. গ=> metamorphism.

Metamorphorio words—Words slightly altered and made current again.

Metamorphism, ল পরিবর্তন নীলতা; The state or quality of being metamorphic.

Metamorphose, met-a-morios, o. t. জ্পার্ড-কৃ, পরিবর্তি-কৃ; To change shape or form; transform. Syn:—Transfigure, transmute.

Metamorphosis, met-a-mor-fo-sis, n. স্পাত্র আকার বা গঠন পরিবর্তন ; Transformation ; change of shape or form. plametamorphoses.

Metaphor, meta-fer, n. [ G. metaphora, from metapherein, to transfer ] উপৰা; কপক অলভার; উপৰিতি. A short similitude; simile, a word suggesting similitude without a formal expression of comparison, image.

Metaphorio, met-a-for'ik, Metaphorical, met-a-for'i-kal, a. জগক; জগক অলভান্যক, আলভান্তিৰ, Not literal; figurative. ad-metaphorically. Metaphrase, meta-frāz, n [ Gr. meta, denoting change, and phrase, to speak] অবিকল্ অসুবাৰ; আক্রিক অসুবাৰ; Translation from one language into another, word for word.

Metaphrast, n. আক্রিক অপুবালকারক; One who translates word for word.

Metaphysical, met-a-fizik-al, a. ম্লাবিভাদ সৰ্ভাব, গৰ্নশাৱসৰ্ভাব, Abstract; pertaining to metaphysics. Syn:—Mental, intellectual, psychological, general, ideal, unreal.

Metaphysician, met-a-fi-zishan, n. মনোবিজাক-বিশাবৰ; কাৰ্দ্যবিক, One versed in metaphysics. Motaphysics, met-a-fifiks, n. sing. [Gr.

Motaphysios, met-a-triks, n. sing. [ Cr. meta, after, and physics, nature ] प्रविचित्रका । प्रविच्या : The science of mind. Syn:—Ontology, psychology, mental philosophy.

Motatareal, a. প্ৰারভাগ স্থভীয় ; Belonging to the metatarsus.

Metatarsus, n. [Gr. meta, beyond, tarsas, the flat of the foot ] नगड़; The part of the foot between the ankle and the toes.

Metathesis, n. শ্বালয়ার বিশেষ; A figure by which the letters or syllables of a word are transposed.

Metayer, গ. ভাগ-ভোভগাই; A farmer holding land on condition of yielding a half, or other fixed proportion, of the produce to the proprietor. Meto, met, v. t. পরিষাণ-ছ, To measure — n. সীষা, পরিষাণ; Measure; boundary, limit Syn. — (n) Apportion, divide, distribute, allot.

Metempsychosis, me-temp-si-kū'sis, n [Gr meta, expressing change, and en, in psyche soul] দেহাত্তর পানন, প্রাক্তির, মৃত্যুর পব আন্ধার কেই। ভার প্রান্তি, The transmigration of soul after death into some other body pl=metempsychoses

Meteor, meteor, n Est, Falling star, fiery body or ball in the sky. a = meteoric

Meteoric, a. উদাস্থলীয়, উদাস্থ, উদাস্থ, ট্ৰান্ড; Pertaining to, consisting of, or proceeding from a meteor.

Meteorologist, me-te-or-olo-pist a বাধ্বিজ্ঞানবিৎ, বাধ্বিজ্ঞানবিৎ পাতিত, One skilled in meteorology. Meteorology, me-te-or-olo-gi, n বাধ্বিজ্ঞান. The science which treats of the atmosphere and its phenomena a = meteorological, meteorologic. Meteor, me'ter, n প্রিমাণক বস্তু, গাসে-মানবস্তু An instrument for measuring gas.

Meter, Metro, m'iér, n চৰা: Rhythm. verse — কৰ্মি হৈছি প্ৰিয়াৰ, A French measure of length equal to narry 30 37 inches

Meteorolito, mī-tড-ল o-lit. Meteorite, গ উদায় প্ৰস্তঃ, উদাপিও A meteoric stone

Metheglin, n पासी मध्येक, A fermented liquor made from honey mead

Mothinks, me-thingly impers হ আমি তিত্তনা ! ক্রি, আমার এখ হয় it seems to me, I think ba t=methought

Method, method n [G meta, after, and hodos, way] প্রশাস, ধারা পৃথালা. System regularity, order, classification —প্রকার, পর্যাতি; Manner, rule —সজা, Ariangument Syn —Orderly disposition, classification, way, manner, mode, process, course mean

Methodic, me-thodik, Methodical, methodical, a. প্রণালী-সম্ভৱ বীতি অমুন্দী ব্যাণীত প্রপাণী কর্মাণী কর্মাণী কর্মাণী কর্মাণী কর্মাণী করা ব্যানার বা ব্যানার বা natural manner, arranged with method, systematic. ad = methodically. Syn —Orderly, regular, finical, precise.

Methodise, methodize, v. t সৃষ্টো-কু, প্ৰণজী-সম্ভ-কু, সন্ধিত-কু, To reduce to method Syn—Arrange, regulate, put in order, systematize Methodism, method-izm, n. মেৰ্ডিছনিব্যার ফাটার প্রতি, The principles and practices of the Methodists

Methodist, method-ist, দ প্রস্তুধর্মসম্প্রদার বিশেষের।
লোক, ধর্মবার্থা বধারীতি আনুভানিক, One of a sect ।
of Christians founded by John Wesley. a= ।
methodistic.

Methodistic, Methodistical, a. বেণ্ডিইলিংগর ভুলা, Resembling the Methodists. ad methodistically.

Methought-See methinks.

Metonymic, Metonymical, a. স্টেলিখি-আবহারকাপে প্রক . Used by of metonymy admetonymically.

Motonymy, me-tońi-mi, n. [Gr. meta, expressing change, and onoma, a name] বাৰ্ণা-লহার বিশেষ, লহাই!; A trope in which one word is put for another. a=metonymic, metonymical. Metric, metrik. Metrical, metrik-al, a. ছলোবিশিষ্ট, ছবোৰর; ছলামৰ্কীর; Consisting of verses, pertaining to metre. ad—metrically. Motric system—French decimal system.

Motrology, me-tuolo-gi, n. [Gr. metron, mc.surc, and logos, discourse] পরিষাণ-বিজ্ঞান, পাৰ্বাণ বিদ্যা, The science of weights and

Motronome, metro-nom, n. [Gr. metron, mensure, nemo, to distribute ] ভাল-মান-বত্ত , সৰৱ নিকপক যত্ত্ব . An instrument which measures musical time

Motronomy, me-'roho-nu, n সময় নিরপক বছ, বছ ছাবা ত'া-মান Measurement of time by a metronome

Metropolis, m?-trop'o-lis, n. [G. meter, mother, and polis city] बाक्सने . The chief city , capital of a country a=metropolises.

Metropolitan, met-ro-polit-an, a. রাজধানী মন্থলীয় , Belonging to a metropolis :—প্রধান বিজ্ঞান সংক্রান্ত Pertaining to the mother church —ল প্রধান ধান । প্রকেশ বিশেষের প্রধান বিশপ্ , The bishep who p esides over the other bishops of a province

Mottle, mett, n উৎসাধ, সাহস, তেজৰিতা, তেজ, উপাদান, Sprit, স্বাহানামালন্ত, courage, ardo if, c'ement, material. Syn:—File, nerve, life pluck

Of great mettlo-महण्डल थी।

Put one on one's mottle—stafes-s. Place one in trying circ irratances and rouse him to do his best, to sur one up, rouse one's spuit; recite one to use one's best efforts, inspirit or a manage one

Miasm, mi'am, Miasma, mi-aima, n. [Gr. miaino, to stain] দ্বিত বালা বিশেষ, হাৰিকাৰক বালা, Pestilence of pestilential substance floating in the air pl=miasms, miasmata. am miasmal, miasmatic [taining miasma.

Miasmal, Miasmatic, a প্ৰিত বালাযুক্ক; Con-Mica, mika, n [L. mii a, a crumb] বনিক প্ৰাথ বিশেষ, আন A mineral easily split into extreme thin flexible, plates more or less transparent and used like glass, Tale a-micaceous. Mico, mis, n স্বিক্সণ; Plural of mouse

Michaelmas, milel-mas, n. Bene feine . (##

ৰাইকেলের ভোল ; The feast of St. Michael, celebrated on Sept. 29. [great quantity. Mickle, c. অধিক ; Much :—n. অধিক পরিমাণ ; A Many a little makes a mickle—দশেব লাঠি একের বোধা ; অল অন্ধ করিরা আড় কবিলে ক্রমে অনেক ফ্রা বাঁড়ার ; পাঁচকুলে সাজি ; Many small things or amount put together make a large quantity or amount in time.

Microcosm, mi'kro-korm, ন. কুম জাবং; কুম পুৰিবী; বহুবা; সমুদান আদৰ্শসূত মানব, A little world; man supposed to be an epitome of the universe or great word. a=microcosmic, microcosmical,

Micrography, mī-krog'ra-fi, n [ Gr mikros, little, grapho, to write] অতি ক্ষুত্র বন্তুর বিদরণ, অতি ক্ষু পদার্থবিশেষের বৃত্তান্ত; The description of micro-copic objects.

Micrometer, mi'-krome-ter, n [Gr mikos, little, metron, measure] আতি কৃষ্ণ দূরত প্রিমাণক ক্য় ভূরত প্রিমাণক ক্য় ভূরত প্রিমাণক measuring very small distance. a=micrometrical.

Microphone, mi'kto-তিন, n. [Gr mikros, little, and phone, sound | আঁত সম্মানত প্রথম ব্যাপ্ত An instrument tendering the telephone which renders the faintest sound, distinctly audible

Microscope, mi'kto-skop n | Gr mikros, httle, and skepeo, to look at | অস্থীকণ বস . An optical instrument for viewing small objects a = microscopic, microscopical.

Microscopic, Microscopical, a. অসুকীৰণ সম্ব্ৰীয়, অসুকীৰণ বস্ত্ৰে দ্ৰষ্টবা, Pertaining to a microscope, visible only by the aid of a microscope

Microscopist, mi'kro-skop-ist, n অধুবীকণ বছৰিছ; অধুবীকণ ব্যৱহাৰোপদুক্ত বাজি, One skilled in the use of the microscope

Microscopy, n. অধ্বীকৰ ব্ৰহাৰ: The use of the microscope [extremes; middle Mid, mid, a. মধানিত; মধানতী, Situated between Midas, n. A foolish king of Phrygia, whose ears Apolo changed into those of an ass

Midsa eared, a. বৃদ্ধিনীৰ; Without discretion or judgment.

Mid-day, mid-da, n মধ্যাক; Noon —a. মাধ্যাছিক। Midden, n. ভমরাশি; প্রীবসুণ; A heap of ashes or dung.

Middle, midl, a. মধ্য : মধ্যত , মধ্যতি ; মধ্যবৰ্তী ; Intermediate ; intervening :—n মধ্যত্বিল, মধ্যবিৰু বা অংশ ; Midst ; central portion ; the middle point or part. Syn :—(a) Mean, medial, mid. (n) Centre, waist. [petiod of life. Middle-aged—কোচ, Being about the middle Middle-Ages—বোমের অংগতন ও ইংরোপের অন্ত্যাকর মধ্যতাতন ও ইংরোপের অন্ত্যাকর কার্যকাল, The period from the decline of the Roman Empire in the 5th century to the revival of letters in Europe at the end of the 15th century.

Middle-man, n. বাতিনিধি: An agent between two parties:—দালাল; আন্তৰ্গনের মধ্য বছাধিকারী বাবা; A broker; esp. in Ireland, one who rents land of proprietors in large tracts and lets it in portions to the peasantry. Middle-passage—আফ্রিকা ও পশ্চিমভারতীর শীপ-প্রের মধ্যবতী আট্লান্টিক মহাসাগরাংশ, The part of the Atlantic ocean between Africa and the West Indies.

Middling, midling, a. মধ্যৰ , মধ্যৰিং; নাৰারি; Of middle rank, state, size or quality; mediocre, moderate. Syn:—Ordinary, average, indifferent, tolerable, well enough.

Midge, n. পত স্থ বিশেষ , A very delicate fly.

Midland, midland, n. মধ্যদেশীয় অভ্যন্তবৰ্ধী; সাগৰ-তীৰ চইতে ঘূৰ্ষিত; Inland, distant from the coast. Midnight, midnit, n. ছুই প্ৰচৰ ৰাজি; মধ্যমাজি: Twelve o'clock at night.—a মধ্যমাজিকালীৰ; বোৰতিমিয়াৰ্ড, Being at mid-night; dark as midnight

Midrib, n. প্রমের , পরের ভাটা , The continuation of the leaf-talk to the point of a leaf.

Midriff, midrif, n পেল নিৰেষ; The diaphragm. Midship, a পোতৰখাৰলছিড; Being in the middle of a ship. ad = midships.

Midshipman, midship-man, n. জাহাজের
কর্মচারী: বাংপাডের কর্মচারী: Naval cadet or
officer whose rank is in the middle between the
common seamen and the superior officers.

Midst, n. महाउन, महा. The middle:—ad.
महारा महाउदान; In the middle. Syn:—(n) Centre;
thick, throng

In the midst of—মানে, মন্যে, চতুদিকে বেটিড; Among, amid, surrounded by:—আভিত্ত হইবা; চতুদিকে বেটিড হইবাও, Overwhelmed by; though surrounded by.

Midsummor, midsum-či, n. প্রীয়কালয় মধাকাল, প্রীয়কানীয় অবনাস্ত সীমা, The middle of summer, about the 21st of June.

Midus, " One whose touch turns every thing to gold, a bad judge of music.

Midway, midwa, n আছপৰ, সংগ্ৰহণ Half way; the middle of the passage—a মুখ্যপূৰ্বিত; Being in the middle of the way.—ad. আছপাৰ; মুখ্যপূৰ, Half way

Midwife, midwif, n mid; A woman who assists others in child-birth p/=midwives.

Midwifery, midwif-ii, n मानेविका। शबीव कार्य ; Art of practice of a mid-wife or accouchedr jobstettics.

Midwinter, n flooting ustels; The middle of winter about the 21 December.

Mien, men, n ংছিক আৰুতি; দেহাবা; মুবাবন্তবা, নিজ, Look; external appearance, countenance; manner, bearing. Syn:—Aspect, air, demeanour, deportment, carriage. {cesentment. Miff, a. নামান্ত কোৰ, A slight degree of Might, mit, fa t. of may.

Might, mit, n পজি; কমতা; বন, সামৰ্থা: Power; ability; strength; energy of feeling. Syn:—Capacity, prowess, valour, energy.

Mith might and main—সাধানসাৰে; With utmost strength, with all one's power or energy:—বড জোৰ আছে ডড জোৰে; With the utmost strength one has. [ness, excellency, Mightiness, n. কমতা; মহত, Power; great-Mighty, mite, a. শক্তিমান; কমতাশানী; বল্পানী;

Powerful, strong:—মুৰ্ব; অৰুত; Very great, important; wonderful. n=mightiness. ad=mightily. Syn:—Vigorous, robust, sturdy, able, capable, valiant, bold; bulky, enormous, wast, extensive; forcible, efficacious; violent, vehement, impetuous; momentous. [pretty. Mignon, a. কোমন; কুম্মর; Delicate; dainty; Mignonette, min-yo-net, n. কুম্মিক লতা বিশেষ; An annual plant, bearing sweet-scented flowers. Migrate, migrat, v. t. কেম্মারতে মাজ্যা; কেম্মারতে মাজ্যা বাস্কুর; বাস্কুর প্রিম্পান পরিবর্জন-কু; To pass from one abode or land to another for residence.

Migration, ম. দেশান্তরে বাইরা বাস ; A change of abode from one country to another.

Migratory, mi'gra-tor-e, a. व्यनकारी; व्यक्तिन : बाबाबद्ध : Wandering; roving. Syn:—Shifting, nomadic. | the emperor of Japan.

Mikedo, n. জাপানের বাদসংক্রে পদ: The title of Miloh, milch, a. হুছবটা; কোমন; Yielding milk—said only of beasts; soft; tender.

Mild, mild, a. (कामल; सृद्द; कतालू; कीव; नाख; Kind; meek; not sharp; mellow; calm; soft. m=mildness, ad=mildly. Syn:—Bland, element, merciful, indulgent; gentle, soothing, pleasant, calm, tranquil; mollifying, demulcent; lenitive, assuacive.

Mildlew, mildu, n. উত্তিদের বোগ বিশেষ: Disease in plants or vegetable substances:—v. উক্ত রোগান্তান্ত-কৃ; To taint with mildew.

Mildness, n. কোমলতা , থারতা ; মৃত্তা ; Tenderness, clemency, softness, gentleness, tomperateness. [yards

Mile, mīl, n. আছ অছিকোল; ৩৫২ ছাত; 1,60 Mileage, mīlāj, n মাইল অকুনারে ছাড়া: Rate of fare per mile: —যত মাইল নীড়া; Length in miles Milepost, Milestone, n. এতি মাইলে চিহু পোতা পাণার; মাইল নিদৰ্শন বস্তঃ A post or stone set to mark the distance of a mile.

[ yarrow Milfoil, milfoil, n. লতা বিশেষ; The herb;

Miliaria, দ চৰ্দ্ৰোগ বিশেষ ; Bruptive disease. Miliary, milyar-i, a. মিলেট বীজ সনুণা ; বিলেট-বীজ- -সনুণ প্ৰপৃত্ত ; Like or accompanied with an crup- tion like millet seeds.

Militant, militant, a. মুম্মত ; ল প্রান্থীল ; বিষয়ান ; Fighting ; engaged in warfare ; combating ; serving as a soldier ; belligerent. n=militancy (বৃদ্ধ ; warfare). [ earth.

Church militant, n. Christian church on Militarism. militar-izm. n. সামবিক অবহা, A military state or condition, reliance on military force in administering Government; a military system:—ৰভিবিক বুৰ্মান্ত্ৰা; An excess of the military spirit.

Military, mile-tar-e, a. [L. militaris, miles, a soldier] দামরিক; দেনিক; মুদ্ধপ্রির; Pertaining to war; warlike, soldierly:—n. দৈয়া, দেনাদ্দ; Soldiery; the army. Syn:—(a) Martial, soldier-like.

Militate, mile-tat, v. i. विदायी इ; विक्य-इ; विवान-इ; To contend; to stand opposed to; to fight. Syn:—Conflict with, be opposed to, operate against.

Militia, mi-lisha, n. লাধ্যিক সৈতু; ব্যক্তে কার্য করিবার জন্ত জনিষ্পিত সেনালল; Citizens trained to arms for war and not as a standing army. Militia-man, mi-lisha-man, n. সৈত্য সিলিকা-

Militia-man, mi'-lisha-man, n. দৈয় ; বিলিশা-দৈয়দ্দের অন্তর্জুক দৈনিক ; A soldier in the militia

Milk, milk, n. ছছ ; উছিছ খেডাৰ ; A white fluid secreted by female mammals for the nourishment of their young ; a white-like juice of some nuts or plants :—৩. t. ছছ বোহন ক ; ছছ টানিয়া লহো ; ছছ দেহলা ; To draw milk from ; to supply with milk; to press milk from :—গোগৰে বাহিন্দ, To draw the substance, contents &c., from, esp. surreptiteously, as to milk a telegram—to use information designed for others. n=milker. Milk and water—ছুম্মল; মাণ; Weak; lacking in force, energy &c.

The milk of human kindness—কোমল অস্তঃকরণ: কোমল হলর; Softness of heart.

Milker, ». ৰে বা ঘাহা লোহন করে; One who or that which milks:—ছম্বতী সাতী; ছম্ববতী জন্ত, An animal giving milk.

Milk-fever, milk-fe'ver, n. তক্ত ছুম্মনিত অর; স্তিকালা, Puerperal fever; a fever which accompanies the secretion of milk after bearing.

Milk-gogo, n. হুন্ধ-পরিদাপক বৃদ্ধ ; Lactometer. Milk-livered, a. তীক্ষ্ট ; Cowardly.

Milkmaid, milkmad, n. গোগী; গোরাগিনী; গোপিনা; A woman who milks or sells milk:

a dairy-maid Milkpail, n. লোহন-পাত্র: ছখ ছুইবার কেঁছে।

Milk-sickness, n. গো-রিলা. Cattle-disease. Milksop, milksop, n. ছুছে বিজ্ঞান করি; ছুছসিজ ক্রীড়েও; A piece of bread sopped in milk:— ছুর্কলিডির লোক; ভীক কাপুকা: An effeminate feeble-minded man.
Milk-tooth, n. ছুলে বিজ; ক্রি কাড়: First tooth Milk-tree, milk-tre, n. বুল বিশেষ: ছুদ্ধালয়, A tree yielding a milk-like nourishing juice, as the cow tree of South America.

Milk-woman, n. গোয়ানিনী; গোপিকা; One who sells milk; a dairy-maid.

Milky, milki, a. ছক্ষৰ, ছক্ষ্পুৰ্, ছক্ষ্যতী; Having the qualities of milk; full of milk; yielding milk:—ন্তম; কোনল; বীর; Soft; gentle. n= mi kiness (কোমলড়া; softness.) ad=milkily.

Milkyway, milk'i-wā, n. ছারাপথ; Belt of stars in the heavens; galaxy.

Mill, mil, n. হাঁচা : পেৰৰ যত্ত্ব ; ফল ; A machine for grinding :—v. t. চ্ৰ-কু ; পেৰৰ-কু ; To grind :
—স্তাধিত-কু , To stamp, as coin. Syn :—(v)
Comminute ; coin, stamp, forge ; full.

Bring grist to one's mill— नवना आना, Be profitable to one; be a source of profit to one; add to one's income or profits.

Mill-cog, n. disia his; পেৰণ্য-চক্ষেত্ৰ দীভ; The tooth of a wheel.

Mill-dam, mildam, Millpond, milpond, m. পেৰণয়ৰ-পরিচালনোপবোদী জলাদর বা বাঁছ; A dam to obstract watercourse and raise the water to a height sufficient to turn a mill-wheel.

Millenarian, a. 和東京有有时間; Lasting a thou-

aand years :—ম. বিশাসগরাধণ ব্যক্তি ; One who believes in the millennium. n=millenarianism, millenarism.

Millenary, mile-nar-i, a [L mille, a thousand] সহল ; সহল সংখ্যক ; Consisting of a thousand :—n. সহল বংসর ; সহলবর্ধ ; A thousand years. Millennial, mil-lehi-al, a. সহল ঘর্বীয় , Pertaining to the millennium.

Millennialist, ম. সংশ্ৰবৰীয় বিধাসপ্ৰাহণ বোক; One who believes in the millennium.

Millennianism, Millenniarism, n. পৃথিবীতে বয়ং বৃদ্ধের সহত্রবর্ষাণী বাৰত্বকালে বিধাস, Belief in the millennium.

Millonnium, mil-lehi-um, n. [L mille, a thousand, annus, a year] সহত্ৰবৰ্ধ, পৃথিবীতে বয়গুইের সহত্ৰবৰ্ধবালী বাজহুকাল; 1000 years, expected reign of Jesus on Earth, something that will never come or at a most distant time

Milleped, স. বছপদ কটি বিশেষ, An insect. p!=
millepedes. [attends a corn-mill

Miller, miler, n শ্লাপেৰণ-মন্ত্ৰাৰাক, One who A joe miller—পচা তামালা; A state jest

Miller's-thumb, milérz-thum, স কুল মংলা বিশেষ, A small fish.

Millosimal, a. সহলাপে বিভাল . Consisting of a thousand parts. ad = milli simally.

Millet, milet, n [L. mille, a thousand] बान, जीवात ; A plant, its grain, a grass yielding grain used for food

Milliard, n. नदरकाण . A thousand millions

Milliner, milineer, n ছীলেকের টুলী প্রস্তাকারী, ছীলোকের মন্তবাবরণ নির্মাতা ও বিশ্বতা, One who makes woman's head dress, bonnet &c

Millinery, milin-ér-i, u বন্ধু, পদ্দির , মিলিনারের নির্মিত বা বিক্রীত জব্যুক্তাত The articles made or sold by milliners

Milling, n পেৰণ্যৰ মধা কিছা পরিচালন, বন্ধ খেত প্রধানী, The act of passing through a mill; the process of fulling cloth

Million, milyun, n [L mille a thousand] ভালক, অনাধা, loooooo; a very great number Millionsiro, milyun-মা, n. ভালকপতি, জোব-পতি, কুনাম, One worth a million of money or

Millionary, milyun-a:-. a দশলক সৰ্জীয়, বৈষ্ঠিক, দশলক পৰিমিত, Pertaining to or consisting of milhons.

Millionth, a. The ten hundred thousandth

enormously rich.

Mill-race, milras, স পেৰণৰপ্ৰপ্ৰিচাৰক কলপ্ৰাই বা বে বাবে উচা প্ৰবাহিত হব , The current of water that turns a mill-wheel or the canal in which it runs.

Mill-stone, milstön, ন. পদ্য চূৰ্ণ কৰিবাৰ প্ৰস্তৱ . পদ্য-প্ৰেণ প্ৰস্তৱ ; Round stone for grinding corn. Hang or weigh like a mill-stone round

one's nock—ব্ৰে পাধ্যেৰ মত চাপিনা ধাৰা; বড়ই ক্ষুক্ৰ ক্ৰয়া, Oppress one's mind as with a very heavy load.

Milletone-grit, n. बीखांत डेलपुक बचत विराम ; A hard gritty standstone suitable for millstones.

Milt, milt, n. ब्रीहा, बार , शू:बश्या-वीब , The spleen , the soft, white spermatic glands of the

male fish; sperm of the male fish:—v. t. বছাৰ হইবাৰ উপৰুক্ত-ছ. To impregnate, as the spawn of the female fish.

Miltor, n. Tacay, A male fish.

Mill-wright, mil-rit, n. জাতাকল-বিশ্বাপকারী; পেৰণ্যয় নির্মান্তা; One who constructs the work of a mill

Mime, স অকৃত ঘটনা-প্রদর্শী অহনৰ; ইক্লপ অহনকৰ আছিনেতা; A kind of farce, in which real characters were represented, an actor in such a farce. Mimetic, mi-metik, Mimetical, mi-metik-al, a. [Gr. mimos, an imitator] অভ্যন্তব্যা ; অভ্যন্তব্যা ; বিশ্বনাধ্য ; Apt to imitate

Mimio, minik, Mimical, minik-al, a. অৰুকর্ণ আৰু, অৰুকরণপ্ৰতু; Imitative, apt to copy; inclined to copy.

Mimio, mimik, ৮ া পরিহাসার্থ অনুকরণ-কু; To imitate for sport — দ ভাত , অনুকরণকারী; নীচ অনুকারী; A buffoon; a servile imitator

Mimiery, minik-ri, n ধাড়াবি , কতা , Buffoonery [leguminous plants. Mimoss, n. লজাবতী জাতীয় লতা . A genus of Minaret, mina-ret, n মন্তিৰে চূড়া . A slender spire; a turret on a Mahommedan mosque, from which the people are summoned to prayer. Minatory, mina-tor-i, a [L. minatus, to

Minatory, mina-tor-i, a [L. minatus, to threaten] छाडमनेक, छीडियमनी, Threatening; menacing.

Minco, mins, o f থক থক- কু স্কারণে ছেম্ম-কু;
To cut into very small pieces, to chop fine:—
আতে আতে বলা; Speak little at a time; clip
words — r ; আতে আতে চলা; ভদী কবিলা ইটি! বা
কথা কহা, কোনজাবে কথা কহা, To walk with sort
steps: to walk with affected incety, to speak with
affectedly. Syn:—Hash, chop small, comminute, diminish, attenuate, palliate, extenuate;
affect delicacy

Mincematters—সতা বোপন-ড়: Suppress the Not to mince matters—শতু কৰা বুলিলে।

Minced-meat, n বাংসগত, Meat cut very small. Minced-pie, minst-pi, Mince-pie, mins-pi, n. মাংস্থতের মিঠাই; কম্মরূপে ছেনিত সাংসাদির পিইক; Pie or pasty containing minced meat

Mincing, mining, a अमन्त्र-श्रमारी ; छत्रिमहकाद बादकाकात्री ना अमन्त्रित . Not giving fully , speaking or walking with effected nicety ad-mincingly. Mind, mind a AF; The faculty of understanding; the rational faculty in man :-- यानां वाद : Sentiment , - wal , The entire spiritual nature :-ৰুদ্ধিবৃত্তি I he understanding :-- প্ৰবৃত্তি ; অভিকৃতি : शोनम . हेव्हा ; Liking ; choice :- विश्राम ; शुन्ति ; Belief, remembrance; memory - 744, 46-প্রায় , Intention :- मङ ; Opinion :- o. t. मनोरबान-কু; মান্ত-কু, প্রতিপালন-কু; স্মব্ণ-কু, To attend to: obey, notice, note, mark; regard; remember: -v: Wisett-F; To intend. Syn:-(n) Soul, spirit, intellect, reason, brains, sense, judgment, thoughts; recollection; inclination, disposition, will, wish, liking. (7) Observe, watch; heed, obey.

Absence of mind-wasters; In attention to what is passing or present.

A turn of mind—সনের পতি বা ভাব , A certain bent or disposition of mind. [ in mind. Bear it mind—সমৰ ৰাখা ; Not to forget , keep Be of the same mind—একসত-ছ , একা-ছ , Bo of the same opinion.

Call to mind—স্বৰ-কৃ; Remember. { to one. Cross one's mind—বৰে উদয়-কৃ, যোগান, Occur Mind one's P's and Q's—যুখান-কৃ; সতক-কৃ, To be careful; to be circumspect. [Be careful Mind what you are about—সতক-কৃ, সাৰ্থান-কৃ, Never mind—হাক্ ক্রিক না; বেনে দাব, Do not heed; it is of no consequence.

Of one mind, Of the same mind—একমত:
Of the same opinion or inclination, unanimous
One's mind misgives one—আশহা বা উৰোপূৰ্ব-হু, মনে সলেহ-ফু; One's mind is filled with
apprehension or uneasiness (about something)
Out of mind—শুসনক।

Out of one's mind, Gone out of one's mind—বিকৃতবৃদ্ধি, Deranged in intellect. incline Put one in mind of—খবৰ করান, মনে পড়াইবা বা করাইছা দেওবা, Remind one of.

To one's mind—কাহার মতে, কাহার চকে, In one's opinion; in one's view

Minded, minded, a. ইছুক্, সকলবৰ, কৃতসকল, Disposed; determined, n=mindness.

Mindful, mind'lool, a महन्यां भी, सकाकार Attentive, observant. n=mindfulness ad=mindfulny.

Mindless, mindles, a নির্কোষ, বৃত্তিবৃত্তি Stupid. Syn:—Unthinking , regardless, heedless, forgetful, negligent, careless, neglectful Mine, min, a. pro আমার, Belonging to me . my Mine, min, n [L minare, to drive ; বনি, A pit in the earth from which stones and metals are dug — মুড়ক, বাকুক বারা হুলালি ভূমিনাহ কবিবার অভিযানে ভূমিনাহ কবিবার অভিযান ভূমিনাহ কবিবার আভিয়ানে ভূমিনাহ কবিবার আভিয়ানে ভূমিনাহ কবিবার মানির হুলালি ভূমিনাহ কবিবার আভিয়ানে ভূমিনাহ কবিবার মানির হুলালি ভূমিনাহ কবিবার আভিয়ান ভূমিনাহ কবিবার নাম কর্মান কর

Miner, miher, n. अनिथनक . अनक . One who dig-

Mineral, miner-al, # ৰাতু, বনিজ্পলাৰ্থ Any substance containing a metal — a বাচৰ, খনিজ্
বৰ, Relating to minerals, impregnated with minerals, as water.

Mineralise, minér-al-īz, v. ধ খাতুতে পরিণত-কু, খাতুময়-কু, খাতু সংবোগ-কু; To make into or combine with a mineral —v s. ধাতু সংগ্ৰহ-কু; To collect minerals, n=mineralisation

Mineralist, miner-al-ist, a. ধাতুবিলাবিশাবদ, থনি-জ্ঞা, One versed in or employed about minerals. Mineralogical, a. ধনিজ্বিদ্যাসম্ভান , Pertaining to mineralogy. ad-mineralogically.

Mineralogist. a. প্ৰিজ্বিদাবিদ্ , One versed in mineralogy

Mineralogy, min-ér-alo-p, त्र. विकासिकान, पाइविया, The art of describing and classifying minerals, a=mineralogical,

Minerva—नत्रपत्ने; The goddess of wisdom of the Greeks and Romans.

Minever, n. same as meniver.

Mingle, minggl, v. f. বিভিড-ফু; বিশ্বল-ফু; ভালপাকন, To mix; to confuse; to unite into one
mass: —v. t. বিভিড-ফু, বিশিত-ফু; To be mixed
or confused. n=mingler. Syn:—Blend, intermingle, compound; confound, confuse.

Mingle (or mix) in—বিশা; Join:—কিছুতে বোগ দেশা; Take part in. [Associate with. Mingle (or mix) with—কাহারত কহিত বিশা; Ministure, mini-a-tur, ম. কুল চিন্তা; হুব অভিকাশ; Very small likeness or picture:—a. কুল, কুল, হুব, Minute, on a small scale —p. e. কুলতম বালে অভিকাশ প্রশান-কু, To represent on a small scale. In ministure—হোটখাট রক্ষের; On a small scale:—Smaller than the object represented. Ministin, mini-kin, n. প্রিক্পান, প্রির বাঞ্চি; Darling, favourite:—কুল আব্দিন, A small sort of pin —a কুল, Small

Minim, minim, n [ L minimus, the least ] এছ কেটা , বিজ্ পরিমাণ , A small measure , a single drop —সন্ধীত সংকত দিশেন , A note in music Minimial, v t হ্লান কু , লম্ব-কু , To diminish.

Minimum, minimum, n সকাল, সামান্ত বস্তু:
The least, a trifle '—a. মান সংগা, সকাল, Small.
p!=minima [forming or working mines
Mining, n কুমুন্থ বিশ্বনন নিয়া, The art of
Minion, minyun, n [Ger. minne, love] ব্যক্তা
অনুবহান্ত্ৰ, বন্ধত, ভোষামোনকান, A favourite,
especially of a prince, a flatterer —ফালিবার
আকর বিশেষ, A small kind of printing types,
Syn—(n) Duling, pet, favner, sycophant,
parasite, dependent, trencher triend.

Minish, v. 317-7. To duminish.

Ministor, minister, n দ'ল, ভূতা, A servant:
— অধীন কৰ্মানী, A subortinate:— এধান স্থিত,
রাজমন্ত্রী A high officer of state, counsellor —
দুত, An ambassador — ঝানো, পুরোছিত, ধর্মনাকক, Clergyman, priest - v i. সেবাকু, To serve; to attend, as a servant — সাহায়া-কে;
To give help:— v t বোগান, প্রদান-কু; To furnish, afford, supply, administer Syn — (n)
Subordinate, administrator, executive officer;
envoy, delegate, parson, pastor. (v) Give, contribute, attend, wait on, serve, officiate.

Minister to—কাহাৰ কট বা দ্বংৰ শান্তিৰ কম্ম ৰাছা অ'বজক ভাহা কর'; Do the needful for; contribute to:—পুরণ কবা, Suppry .—কোম কিছুৰ শান্তিৰ উপায-কু, Offer relief to

Ministering angel—মনুবোর নাহাব্যের জন্ত প্রেরিচ দুঙ্গ, Spirit sent by God to help men —বিনি পরের হিত্তটোর ড, বিনি পরের ছংখ্যোচন বা দেবাভন্ত-নার নিয়ন্ত , One po-sessed of angelic goodness; one engaged in ministering to the needs of the afflicted

Ministerial, min-is-te'ri-al, a. বাৰস্ত্ৰীনম্বার,
Pertaining to the office of a minister:—বাৰসীয়
Clergical:—কার্যাক্ষ ; Executive:—বেশক্সাক্ষীয়
Clerical:—আবেশাসনায় কর্মবারী; Acting under authority administerially

Ministerialist, s. 4(174) A supporter of

ministers or the government.

Ministrant, minis-trant, a. महनावी ; जालनाव-वर्षी : त्यांबर ; Administering ; attendant.

Ministration, min-is-trashun, n. কাৰ্যসাপাৰ ;
কৰিবৰ বাৰৰ ; The act of performing service :
— নালমন্ত্ৰীৰ পদ ; বাৰকছ ; The office or service of a minister :—বাৰকের পদ ; Ecclesiastic function.

Syn :—Ministry, agency, instrumentality.

Ministrative, minis-tra't-iv, a. नाहावाकांत्रक ;
नाहावाकांत्री ; Serving to aid or assist.

Ministry, ministri, n. কৰ্ম; Ministration; agency:—সচিবত্ব: ব্যাহ্ম: The office or duties of a minister:—প্রোহিত্তগণ; যাজকনপ্রগায়: প্রোহিত; বাজকর্তি: The clergy; the ecclesiastical profession; the elergical profession:—সচিবসন্ত; মন্ত্রীবর্গ; বাজের মন্ত্রিকল; The body of ministers of state:—সেবা; Service.

Mink, mingk, n. नक्त कांडी कह. A carnivorous and fish-cating quadruped, allied to the weazel. [small fish

weazel. [small fish Minnow, minō, n. কুর মৎসা বিশেষ A very Minor, minor, a. ছোট : কুরুতর ; Less ; smaller — নিয়তর ; Lower .—n. নাবালক ; অপ্রাপ্তরক বাজি ; A person under age :—Second proposition or subject of a syllozism Syn:—(a) Junior, younger ; subordinate, petty. [can friar Minorite, minor-u, n সন্তাসী নিশেষ ; A fransis-Minority, minor'e-te, n. নাবালক হ ; অপ্রাপ্তরক্ষতা ; State of a minor . the state being under age .—অন্ত সংখ্যা ; কুরুতর সংখ্যা ; The smaller number, as of votes. Syn:—Nonage, pupilage.

Minotour, mino-tawr, n. নগমিত; একাছ মানব অপ-বাছ বৃষ; A fabled monster, half-man and half-bull. Minstor, minster, n প্রধান ধর্মনালা, প্রধান গিছল; Convent conventional church; cathedral church. [ ব্যসমায়ী; Bard; harper, Minstrel, minstrel, n. বাদাকর: সাম্বন, সীত্বাদা-Minstrelsy, minstrel-si, n বাদা; Instrumental music:—প্রকণ্ন; গাঁতসমন্তি, The collective body of ministrels; a body songs

Mint, mint, n টাকেশল: The place for making money:—উদ্বাৰন কৰিবাৰ স্থান, যে স্থানে কিছু প্ৰস্তুত হয়: A place for invention, fabrication or production.—প্ৰাচুধী ভাষায়; Unlimited supply.

—v. t. মুদ্রা প্রস্তুত কু; To coin (as money):— গঠন-কু; উদ্ধাৰৰ-কু, To invent; forge, fabricate, fashion.

Mintage, mintaj, n. মুদ্রিত জ্বা, That which is coined:— মুদ্রিত করিবাব খণ্ডা, মুদ্রা প্রপ্তত করিবাব মান্তন, Charge for coining; the duty paid for coining.

Minter, minter, n. মুলা-প্রত্কারী; মুলাকারক, One who coms:-মাবিকারক, উচাবক; An inventor.

Mintman, n. বুলা-আন্তৰ্নী; One skilled in coining or in coins; a coiner. [of mint. Mint-master—ট কিবালের অধ্যক; Chief officer Minuend, min-u-ent, n. [L. minue, to lesson] প্ৰশীয় সংখ্যা বিশেষ; বিয়োজ্যমানি; The number to be lessened by subtraction.

Minuet, mińu-et, ল. নুতা বিশেষ; A stately, regular dance; a slow, graceful dance; a tune regulate such a dance.

Minus, minus, n. a. অপেকাৰত অৱ গৰিতেই বাৰিক চিক; কুমতন; নিয়োজা; Less, wanting,—the sign. Minute, mi-nut, a. [L. minutus, pp. of minuere, to lessen] অতি কুম্ম; Very small:—অতি কুমা; আতি অনা নাগা; নানাজ; বিশিষ্ট; বৰাৰক; Very slender or little; of little consequence; slight; particular; exact:—n. বতীয় বাট ভাবের এক ভাগ; ক্ষ্ম . আড়াই পদা; Sixtieth part of an hour:—সংক্ষি বৰ্গনা; চুম্মকলিগ; Short sketch or note of proceedings:—v. t. সংক্ষেপে নিবা; চুম্মক নিশিষক-কু: To make a brief jotting or note of any thing. næminuteness, ademinutely. Syn:—(a) Microscopic, diminutive, slight, tiny; exact, circumstantial, detailed.

Minute-book, minit-book, n. চুৰক মন্তব্য লিপিপুৰুক ; A book containing short funts.

Minuto-glass, minit-glas, n. দিনিট আপক বালির ঘঢ়ি: A glass, the sound of which measures a minute in running.

Minuto-gun, mióit-gun, n. ৰে কাষাৰ প্ৰতি মিনিটে ছাড়া হয়; মিনিটে মিনিটে তোপধ্যনি; A gun discharged every minute, as a signal of distress. Minuto-hand, mińit-hand, n. মিনিট প্ৰদৰ্শিনী; মড়িব মিনিটের কাঁটা; The hand that points to the minutes on a clock or watch.

Minutely, ad. তন্ত্ৰ কৰিছা; Particularly.
Minute-man--One enlisted for service whenever required to be ready to march at a moment's notice.

Minuteness, n. ৰতি কুতো; ৰতি কুতা; Extreme smallness or fineness. Syn:—Slenderness, exility, tenuity, exiguity; particularity, niceness, exactness.

Minutiao, mi-nū'shi-ট, n. কুদ্ৰতম বিৰয়ণ ; স্বতম ঘটনা , The smallest particulars or details.

Minx, mingks, " গুটা ব্ৰতী: চক্ষ্যা বালিকা; A pert, winton girl:—ত্তুমশাবকী, কুকুম বিশেষ; নকুল ভাতীয় ভস্ত বিশেষ; A she-pupy; a lap-dog; a mink. [mines; subterraneous.

Miny, mini, a. ধনিমা; ভূপত্ত ; Abounding with Miocone, a. [Gr. meion, less, and kainos, recent] অপেকাতত আছ অ'ধুনিক; Less recent, applied to the middle division of the tertiary strata.

Miraele, mir'a-kl, n. ি L. miraeulum, from mirari, to wender ] অল'কিক বলপার; অহুতকাঞ্জ্যসূদিক ব পাব: অলে'কিক ঘটনা, A prodigy; a supernatural event; anything wonderful. Syn:
—Wonder, prodigy, marvel.

Miracle-mongor, n. A dealer in miracle.

Miraolos-play, n Scripture play; a spectale of dramatic representation exhibiting the lives of the saints.

Miraculous, mir-akū-lus, a. আক্রান্তন্ত ; অতুত , অতাত্ত্ত ; আনাত্ত্তিক কাতত্ত্তা ; Of the nature of a mirade; very wonderful; performed supernaturally. ad=miraculously. n=miraculousness. Syn:—Supernatural, preternatural, extraordinary unaccountable.

Mirage, mi-razh, n. মুগড়্বা ; মরীচিকা , An optical illussion as of trees land or town far off.

Mire. mir, n. 447; 98; Deep mud :-- e. f.

পুতে নিবছ্ক কু কৰিল প্ৰোধিত-তু; কৰিবাত-তু; To plunge and fix in mire; to soil with mud:— ত. i. পুতে প্ৰোধিত-তু; To sink in mud.

Mirk, a. अवस्थात्रमा; Dark; marky:—n. अवस्थात्र, Darkness; gloom.

Mirky, a. wis; Dark; obscure.

Mirror, mir'er, n. [L. mirari, to wonder]
দৰ্শ : আবলি: A looking-glass:—আফৰ্ Pattern;
—দৰ্শতুলা চিন্ধা বন্ধ; Any polished substance
that reflects objects:—v. t. প্রতিবিধিত-কৃ,
প্রতিক্লিত-কৃ; To reflect, as in a mirror.

Mirth, merth, n. হবঁ; উল্লাস, আমোগপ্রসোদ, আনন্দ; উচ্চহাস্য; Merriment; pleasure; noisy gaiety; sport; laughter. Syn.—Joyousness, gladness, glee, hilarity, festivity, jollity, sport, fun.

Mirthful, merthiool, a হ্রাক্স, উরাদিত, আনজ; প্রকা; প্রকা; Merry; jovial; full of merriment. memirthfulness, ademirthfully Syn:—Jocund, cheerful, jolly; playful, sportive, frolicsome.

Miry, mi'ri, a. পাইস. কর্মনার ; কর্মনারত ; Abounding in mire, containing of mud; covered with mire, n=miriness

Misadventure, mis-ad-ventur, #. ছুৰ্ঘটনা; ছুৰ্থন : ছুৰ্ডানা , Accident ; disaster ; ill-luck. Sym:—Mishap, mischance, misfortune, infelicity, disaster, calamity.

Misadvised, mis-ad-vizd, a. কুপরামর্শ কারা চালিত .
কুপথে চালিত ; অসমুগবিষ্ট ; Ill-advised , ill-directed
Misalliance, mis-al lians, n. কুসবজ ; অসুণিত
সৰ্জ ; Improper alliance , improper association.
Misanthrope, misan-throp, Misanthropist,
mis-anthro-pist, n. নরবেবী ; মসুবা-বিবেবী, Haler
of mankind.

Misanthropic, mis-an-thropick, Misanthropical, a. নরবেষী, মনুৱা প্রতি ঘূণাপর, Hating mankind; cynical; morose ad=misanthropically. (মনুৱা-বিবেষ; Hatred to mankind, Misanthropy, mis-anthropi, n মানববেষ, Misapply, mis-ap-pli', e. t অংশবংশ প্রোক্ষ, মুপুরারোগ-ক, To apply wrongly or to a wrong purpose. n=misapplication. Syn-Misemploy, abuse, pervert.

Misapprehend, mis-ap-pre-hend, v. t সন্তাৰ্থ এছা-কু; ভূল বুঝা, To apprehend wrongly: to misunderstand. n=misapprehension (জন, অস্থাৰ্থ প্ৰহণ; Misconception; mistake).

Misappropriate, mis-ap-prö'pri-āt, v. t.
অস্তামরণে আর্নাং-কৃ; অস্তামরণে প্রয়োগ-কৃ বা বার-কৃ;
To appropriate wrongly. n=misappropriation.
Misarrange, mis-ar-tānj, v. t. অবধা বিস্তাস-কৃ; To
arrange in a wrong order. n=misarrangement.
Misasoribe, Misassign, v. t. অস্তাম আব্যোগকৃ; To ascribe or assign erroneously.

Misbecome, mis-be-kum, v. t. অংশাগ্য-ছ; অনুপ্ৰোগী-ছ; To suit ill, not to befit or suit; not to become one. [fully begotten.

Misbegot, gotten, a. অবৈশ্বনে ভাত ; Ünlaw-Misbehave, mis-be-hāv, v.t. অভান আচন্ত্ৰ-কু; অনং ব্যবহাৰ-কু; To behave ill or improperly. n=misbehavious.

Misbehaviour, mis-be-havyer, n. मण जाहन ;

स्याप्ताः : Improper, rude, or incivil behaviour ; ill conduct. Syn:—Misconduct, miscarriage, misdemeanour.

Misbelieve, mis-be-lev, v. i. আছায় বিধান-য়; মিধাা বিধান-য়; To believe wrongly or falsely. n=misbelief, misbeliever.

Misbeliever, গ. ভূল বিধাসকারী; উপবৰ্গ বিধাসকারী; One who believes wrongly, one who holds a false religion.

Miscalculate, mis-kalku-lat, v. ঃ. বিখ্যা পণনা-কু: ভূল গণনা-কু, To calculate erroneously. স miscalculation.

Miscall, mis-kaw!, v. f. অপ্রকৃত নামে ভাকা; অহণা নামে আহ্বান-কু; গালি দেওৱা; To call by a wrong name, to abuse or revile.

Miscarriage, mis-kar'ij, n. প্রণাত, আবারে প্রায় Abortion — অনুত্রবার্থাতা; আনগাচরণ; Failure; ill-conduct. Syn:—Mishap, mischance; premature birth, misconduct, misbehaviour.

Miscarry, mis-kar'ı, v. i. সফল বা হওছা; অভূতকাধা-তৃ, To be unsucces-ful — অকালে প্ৰদৰ্ কু, গৰ্ভনাৰ-তৃ, To bring forth as young, prematurely, to abort.

Miscollaneous, mis-set-la'ne-us, a. [L. miscellaneus, from miscere, to mix] মিত্রিত; বিবিধ, Mingled, consisting of several kinds, various. n=miscellaneousness, ad=miscellaneously. Syn:—Mixed, deversified, promiscuous

[ writer of miscellaness.

Miscollanist, n. বিবিধবিষ্যক প্রবন্ধ-শেষ্ক: A Miscollany, miscl-an-e, n. ভিন্ন ভিন্ন প্রকারের নিত্রণ, A mixture of various kinds, medley—বিবিধ রচনা সংগ্রহ, বিবিধ ছাত্রণ গংক সংগ্রহ: Collection of writings on different subjects. n=miscellanist. Syn:—Mixture, diversity, variety, olio, melange, collection.

Mischanes, mis-chans, n. ছভাগা; ছণ্টনা; হন্দুই, ছ-দ্দুব; Ill-luck; ill-fortune, mishap; misfortune, calamity. Syn.—Misadventure, infelicity, disaster

Miachief, mischil, n. আনিষ্ট; অপকার, হানি; কড়ি; Harm. injury, damage; evil; loss. Syn:
—Hurt, detriment, ill-turn, prejudice; ill consequence, misfortune, trouble.

Mischiovous, mischēv-us, a. অনিষ্ট্রন্নক ; অনিষ্ট-কর , ক্রিকর : ক্রিকরেক : Injurious ; inclined to do mischief , prone to mischief. n = mischievousness, ad = mischievously.

Mischoose, mis-chōōź, v. f. আতার নির্মাচন-কু; To choose wrongly:—v s. to make a wrong choice.
Miscible, missi-bl, a. [L. misceo, to mix]
নিশ্ৰণায়; Capable of being mixed.

Misconceive, mis-kon-sev, v. t. ভুল-ড়; ভুল বুখা; ভুল ধাৰণা-ড়; To misapprehand, to conceive; to mistake.—v i. ভুল ধাৰণা ধাৰা; আৰু ধাৰণা-ড়; To understand. n=misconception. Syn:—Misunderstand, misjudge.

Misconception, n ভুল ধারণা; ভুল করণ; Erroneous conception. Syn:—Misapprehension, misunderstanding, mistake.

Misconduct, mis-końdukt, n. ফুচরিড; আনখা-চরণ; আনখাচার, Bad conduct, ill behaviour; misbehavious; misdemeanour:-- ए. र. वनवारशात-कु : स्वायशंद-ह : अनशंक्त्रभ-ह ; To conduct badly ; mismanage.

Misconstrue, mis-koństrób, v. i. way we acy वा बार्चा-कृ ; अञ्चात्र वर्ष-कृ ; To interpret wrongly. = misconstruction. Syn :- Mistranslate, misrender; misinterpret, misconceive.

Miscount, mis-kownt, ए. i. कुन अपना-कृ ; To count wrongly :-- n. कृत भवना ; बाद भवना : A

wrong counting.

Misoreant, miskre-ant, अ. द्वांतंत्र ; बदांष्य . वदि-भागी : Wrong believer ; vile wretch ; an infidel. Syn :- Sceptic, unbeliever ; villain, scamp, vagabond, knave, rascal, ruffian, caitiff.

Mindate, mis-dat, n. जुन जातिन ; A wrong date : - t. कृत छात्रिय-त्य ; To date erroneously.

Misdood, mis-ded, n. कुक्ब ; क्कार्श ; क्यारक्ब ; (wia; wright; An evil deed; fault; crime. Syn:-Misconduct, misdemeanour, offence, trespass, transgression.

Misdemesnour, mis-de-meher, n. wantis : कुक्षं ; क्वावशाव : मामास चनवाव : Bad conduct ; a petty conduct; a petty crime. Syn :- Misbehaviour, misdeed, trespass, transgression.

Misdirect, mıs-di-rekt', v. t. जून दिकाना-त्य : अकाव चित्रांत्री-क ; To direct wrongly. n=misdirection. Misdo, misdoo', v. t. चणात-क ; चनताय-क ; To do wrong. n = misdoer.

Misdoubt, mis-dout, v. t. मिशा जत्यर वा जानहा \*al; To be suspicious or apprehensive of Syn :- Suspect, mistrust, distrust.

Misemploy, mis-em-ploy', v. t. अनावन्त्रक नियान-कृ: अन्धादान-कृ; बन्वादशब-कृ; To employ amiss: to misuse. n=misemployment.

Miser, mi'zer, n. [ L. miser, wretched, miserable ] बाहरू है ; कृष्य ; इडकाया ; A niggard ; a wretch. Syn :- Churl, skinflint, screw, sordid fellow, low wretch.

Miserable, mizer-a-bl, a. अंडि मीन ; निःव : प्रापी : इंडडाना : ब्रान्ड ; यूना : ल्लाइनीय : अनुनर्सन : Very poor . mean; worthless; wretched; despicable; barren. n=miserableness, ad = miserably. Syn :-Abject, forlorn, pitiable, wretched, sorrowful, afflicted, melancholy, dejected; low, mean, despicable, contemptible. [ psalm.

Miserere, n. बुधेर अक नकांबर अजीउ : The Sist Miserly, mi'zer-le, a. कृत्रन ; विख्यांकी ; कृत्रनवाद : লম্ভের ; Parsimonious ; stingy ; avaricious ; niggardly, sordid. Syn :- Penurious, mean. beggarly, close-fisted.

Misery, mizer-e, n. [ L. miseria, miser. wretched ] इ: थ ; इकियोन ; कहे ; वड्ड श : Distress : trouble; calamity; grief; extreme pain. Syn: -Wretchedness, torture, agony, torment, anguish, sorrow, affliction, misfortune.

Misfortune, mis-for'tun, n. 5:4; 56145; इर्कना ; इक्लिश् ; Ill-fortune ; ill-luck ; calamity. Syn:-Mishap, mischance, misadventure, harm, disaster, stroke, blow, visitation; affliction, trouble, distress, adversity.

To my misfortune-yélyists: 1

Misgive, mis-giv, v. f. 河州南-東; 河:叫東|河區-東;

विश्वानशेव-क ; To fill with doubt ; to fail. n= misgiving. ্ উপন্থিত হইয়াছে। My heart misgives me—जातात जदाद नःनंद Misgiving, n. n: 44 ; water ; Mistrust, distrust. Misgotten, a. অসায়র পে প্রার্থ ; Unjustly obtained. Misgovern, mis-guvern, v. i. क्यानव-कृ; To govern ill. #=misgovernment ( কুৰাসৰ )।

Misguide, mis-gid, v. t. আম লইয়া বাঙ্যা: बाब नीज-कृ ; To lead into error. n=misguidance. Mishap, mis-hap, n. प्रदेशन ; प्रवित्न ; देनवक्रिक्शक : इत्राहे : इडीना ; Evil accident ; ill-luck ; misfortune. Syn :- Ill chance, calamity ; mischance. Misimprove, mis-im-prodv. v. t. angife atta कारवान-कृ ; अनवावशात-कृ : To fail to improve ; to abuse; to misuse, n=misimprovement, Syn:-Misemploy; disregard, neglect.

Misinform, mis-in-form, v. t. বার সংবাদ জাপন-क ; निवा मःवाप-त्य ; To tell incorrectly. n=misinformation, misinformer.

Misinterpret, mis-in-ter'pret, v. t. छन वर्ष-क : To misconstrue; interpret wrongly. n= misinterpretation; misinterpreter (ভুল ব্যাব্যা; कुल बार्चाकाती )। Syn :- Explain amiss, falsify, distort, misrepresent; misunderstand, misconceive, mistake. [ join unfitly or improperly. Misjoin, v.t. जरबाङात्व वा जनूनवृक्तकान मायुक-कृ : To Misjoinder, n. অপ্রকৃত পক্ষের বা অভিবোগের হেডু-वारमंत्र अञ्चात्र नमारिन ; An incorrect union of parties or causes of action in a suit.

Misjugde, mis-jul, v. t. अवदा विहाद-इ : जान बीमा:ना-क : To judge wrongly :- v. i. विहाद छन-क : To err in judgment. n=misjudgment. Mielay, mis-la' v. t. अशास बाचा ; श्राहेबा (क्ला :

To lay in a wrong place; to lose.

Misload, mis-led, v. t. क्नथनायी-इ ; जरन नहेन् বাৰৱা ; To lead into error ; astray :-ভুল করাইরা দেশলা ; To cause to mistake. Syn :- Misguide, misconduct, beguile, deceive, delude.

Mismanage, mis-mahaj, v. t. মন্দরণে কর্ম নির্দাহ-क : To manage or behave :- v. t. बमकार होनांब : क्नविग्राजन-म ; To manage ill ; conduct lli ; administer improperly. n=mismanagement.

Misname, mis-nam, v. t. अन्न नात्म डाका ; अवना मार्य डाका , To call by the wrong name.

Misnomer, mis-no-mer, n. অপ্ৰকৃত নাম; মিখ্যা नाम ; A wrong name.

Misogamist, mis-og'a-mist, n. [ Gr. miseo. to hate, and gamos, marriage ] विवाह-विरक्षी; विवादित्वो ; Hater of marriage. n=misogamy.

Misogynist, mis-ofi-nist, n. [Gr. miseo, to hate, and gyne, a woman ] नम्ने-(पनी ; A woman-hater. n=misogyny.

Misplace, mis-plas, v. t. water and; To put in a wrong place :- ৰত্তিত পাত্ৰে হাপৰ-ক ; To sent on an improper object. n=misplacement.

Misprint, mis-print, v. t. कृत कृषि उक् ; अवद हाना . To print wrong :- अ. हानाइ जून ; A mistake in printing.

Misprise, mis-prif. v. t. [ F. mes, wrong, and prendre, to take ] जवका-इ ; (रवकान-इ ; फूक्-इ ; To slight or undervalue. Syn :- Misapprehend, mistake; undervalue, underrate, slight.

Misprision, mis-prizhun, n. আरहना, উপেকা, ( Neglect ; oversight , contempt.

Mispronounce, mis-pro-nowns, v. t. 404 कितान-कः कुन कितान-कः To pronounce incorrectly. n=mispronunciation.

Mispronunciation. n. way of and Gwist: Wrong or improper pronunciation.

Misquotation, w. जुन डेक्ड कदा; A wrong quotation. [ 543-7; To cite erroneously. Misquote, mis-kwot, v. t. অভ্যমণে উদ্য-কু, ভুগ Misrockon, v. f. पूज अन्त-क ; To reckon or compute wrongly. n=misreckoning.

Misrepresent, mis-rep-re-zent, v. t. well क्ना-क ; To represent incorrectly n=misrepresentation. Syn :- Misstate, falsify, distort.

Misrule, mis-rool, প. বিশুখন; গোলমাল, খোলবোৰ, অভায় শাসন; কুণাসন, D sorder; tumult; unjust dominion; unjust rule. Syn .-Misgovernment, maladministration, anarchy, confusion, tumult.

Miss, mis, n. কুমারী; অবিবাহিতা দ্রীলোকেব সংবাধন of . An unmarried female; a tittle of address of an unmarried female : - अन्नव्या वानिका : A

young girl. pl = misses.

Miss, mis, v. f. লকা কবিতে না পারা; To fail to hit:--वान म्हन्ना; পরিত্যাগ-कृ; To omit; pass by :-- आ स ना-इ : आ स इहेटड अममर्थ-इ : To fail to have:-- অভাব বৃথিতে পারা; অভাব অবৃত্তব-কু, To feel the want of : - v. s. লকা ছাড়াইলা-বা , To fail to hit :-- ভুল-তু; To mistake. :- n আছি; ভन : कि ; पछाव ; Mistake ; error, loss , want. Syn: -(v) Lose; leave out, forego; feel the loss of ; fall short, fail, miscarry.

Missal, misal, n. উপাদনা বা প্রার্থনা পুরুক: The Roman Catholic mass-book. singing bird Missel, Missel-bird, n. शांत्रक भकी विरश्व : A Missend, v. t. অমপুর্কাক প্রেরণ-কু , To send amiss.

Misshape, mis-shap', v. t. क्याकाव-क. To

shape ill : - কৃগঠন-কু; To deform.

Missile, misil, n. [ L. mitto, missum, to send, throw ] কেপ্ৰীয় আৰু; A weapon thrown by the hand; projectile: - a কেপণীর; নিকেপ্যোগা; That may be thrown from the hand or any instrument. Missing, a. वाहा भाउता बाहिएउए ना, बाहा बाह्यहवा

france : Lost, wanting.

Mission, mishun, n [ L. missio, from mittere. to send ] (अत्र , A sending :- मोडा , Embassy . — (धातिक अनमपृह ; निर्पाणिक लाक्षण , Persons sent to :- जीवानत উष्पत्र ; Purpose of life :-कानक्षित्वव मिनिङ वा कानामहान ; A station or association of missionaries. Syn:-Commission, charge, errand, business, duty, trust, office; delegation, embassy, legation; missionary station.

Missionary, mishun-ar-i, n. वर्षश्रहात्र ; वर्ष-क्षांत्र (जार ; One sent upon a mission to propagate religion :- a. यहात्रमस्कीम . वित्नव कार्या-সাধ্ৰদশ্ৰীর; Pertaining to missions.

Missive, misiv, a. কেপণ্টর; নিকেণার্ আছিলেত ; Intended to be thrown :- সং প্র ; That which is sent, as a letter; letter.

Misspell, v. t. जून बानाव-कृ ; अञ्चित्र वर्शविकात-कृ ;

To spell wrong. A wrong spelling. Misspelling, स. कुम बानाम ; व्यक्तिक वर्गविकाम ; Misspend, mis-spend', v. t. भगवाद-इ: waste; to squander. Syn:-Lavish, fritter away, misuse.

Misstate, mis-stat', v. f. मिथा वना : अमुका वर्गन-क : To state falsely; to falsify. n=misstatement. Mist, mist, n. 東京本語本1; Watery vapour in the atmosphere . log. amisty. Syn :- Haze : obscurity, dinness.

Mistake, mis-tāk, v. f जुन-कृ, जुन नुवा; To take one thing or person for another, to understand erroneously :-- া হাৰে প্ৰিড-ই; ভ্ল-ই; To err :- n. बन ; बाहि , An error. a=mistakable. Syn: -(v) Misunderstand, misapprehend, misconceive; blunder, be at fault. (n) Misconception, misunderstanding; blunder, oversight, trip, fault, slip.

Mistaken, mis-tann, a. att; In error; erroneous, incorrect .- বিখা , অগ্ৰন্থ , Wrong ; false. wrong in. ad=mistakenly.

Be mistaken in-(कान विराद छन व) जम-इ : Be Mister, miliei, u प्रशान : वयः आध पूक्तवत्र निष्ठे সম্বোধন পদ . Master , sir ; a title of address to a adult male written Mr.

Misterm, mis-term, v. f. वशक्डला मान-ति : अवस्थ नामकद्रक में . To name erroneously , to denominate wrongly

Mistime, mis-tim, v f. সময়ের ভুল কু , অসভা সময় अम्बन-क . To time wrongly. wrong name. Mistitle, v. t अवश नात्र डांका , fo call by a Mistletoe, Misletoe, Missetoe, mil-to, ग. नडा विषय . এक अकात भवगाचा : A parasiucal ever green plant.

Mistranslate, v. f. जून अपूरांप-म ; To translate erroneously n=mistranslation..

Mistress, mistres, n कतो ; गृश्नि : निक्तिजी ; The female head of a family or school :-উপপত্নী: প্রতিপাশিত বেলা . A concubine -- প্রিরা अन्तिनी : A woman loved :- अपडी ; मत्याधनमा : A form of address, usually written Mrs. :-निल्ला श्रीतिक: A woman well-skilled in anything.

Mistrust, mis-trust', n. अविश्रात्र ; Want of confidence :- v. t. अविशांभ-कृ ; मत्मह-कृ , To doubt. Syn:-(v) Suspect, distrust, feat, apprehend. Mistrustful, mis-trustfool, a. अविवासर्थ : সন্দিশ্ধ, অবিধাসী; Pull of mistrust. n=mistrustfulness. ad = mistrustfully.

Misty, miste, a. क्:इनिकायप ; अन्तरे ; Overspread with mist; attended by mist; dim; obscure. ademistily. n = mistiness. Syn :- Cloudy, vaporous, foggy.

Misunderstand, mis-un-der-stand, v. f. अधकुष्ठशास्य युवा या बाना ; कुल युवा ; बाद वर्ष-कृ ; To take in a wrong sense; misconceive. Syn :-Misconceive, mistake, misapprehend.

Misunderstanding, mis-un-der-standing, #. वर्षत्र ; व्याचि वर्ष ; कुन ; Misconception ; mistake :- वात्रका ; मछवित्राप , मज्यक्ष ; Disagreement; difference, Syn :- Misapprehension slight quarrel.

Misuss, mis-iff, v. f. জন্তাৰ ব্ৰিছান-কৃ; জনবাৰ্ছান-কৃ; ক্ৰাব্ছান-কৃ; To treat ill; to abuse; to misapply:—n. ক্ৰাব্ছান; জনব্ৰছান; জনহুকেতে বিনিয়োগ: Improper use; employment to a bad purpose. Syn:—(v) Misemploy, misapply, pervert, profane, desecrate; waste, squander, fritter away, spend foolishly; maltreat, ill use. Mite, mit, n. অভি কৃত্ৰ পদাৰ্থ; কণ্ডক; Anything very small:—অভি কৃত্ৰ কচি বিশেষ; Very small insect:—কৃত্ৰ মুলা বিশেষ; Small coin.

Mitigable, miti-gabl, a. जब्कतीय: धन्यमीय: That can be mitigated.

Mitigate, mite-gat, v. t. [L. mitigore, from, mits, mild, soft] লয়-ক, উপলয়-ক, প্ৰশ্বিত-ক, ক্ষ-ক: To soften; to lessen; to temper; to alleviate. Syn:—Assuage, allay, soothe, palliate, subduc, diminish, moderate, modify, abate, appease, pacify, mollify.

Mitigation, mit-e-ga'shun, ন জাবৰ: বাজি: প্ৰশমন : ছান : দমন ; Alleviation ; abatement. Syn :— Moderation, relief.

Mitigative, miti-gāt-iv, a শান্তিদায়ক; প্রশানত-কারী; Soothing; alleviating; tending to mitigate. [who or that which mitigates. Mitigator, n. অপ্নিতকারক, শান্তিকারক; One Mitrailleuse, n. বক্স্ক বিশেষ; A breechloading gun [ing to, or recembling a mitre. Mitral, a. ৰাইটাৰ সংক্ষাম, মাইটাৰ সন্ধা, Pertain-Mitre, Miter, miter, n. শিরক; A head-dressor crown worn by archbishops and some about. —বাভকীয় পদ বা মধ্যাদা, Episcopial dignity:—ত. ৫. মাইটাৰ দিয়া ভূতিত কু; To adorn with a mitre —তে কোণে সংযুক্ত-কু, To unite at an angle of 45° a=mitral.

Mitten, " Foir faces ; A kind of glove.

Mittimus, n. [I. mitto, to send] অপরাধীকে কারাপারে প্রেরণার্থ নিদেশ-পত্র: এক আলানত চইতে অস্ত আপালতে দলিল পাঠাইবার আদেশ-পত্র. A warrant granted for sending to prison a party charged with a crime; a wiit for removing records from one court to another. [insects Mity, miß, a. কুত্র কীটনাঃ; Full of mites or Mix, miks, v f. মিন্তিত-কু. স্থিলিত-কু. To mingle; associate —v. i মিন্তিত-ফু: To become mixed, to be joined no mixer Syn:—Commingle, compound, combine, amalgamate.

Mixture, mikstur, n. [L. mixture, from miscere, to mix] বিজ্ঞা; A mingled mass:—
স্থাসায়ানক সংবোগ, A chemical composition. Syn:
— Union, association, admixture, intermixture; medley, compound, olic, miscellany, variety.

Mizzon, min, n. [L. medius, the middle]
প্রায়ার্ডিড, সর্বপ্রায়েডী: Hindmost; nearest
the stern — আহমেজর প্রতাতের পাইল; The hindmost of the fore-and-oft sails of a vessel.

Miszen mast, n. কাহালের পশ্চীদিকত্ব মান্তল; The mast nearest the stern

Mizzle, v. i. ভড়ি ভড়ি বৃদ্ধিশাত-হ : To rain in very fine drops '-n. ভাঁড় ভাঁড় বৃদ্ধি, Fine rain.

Mnemonic, në-mohik, Mnemonicai, në-mohik-al. a. [Gr. mnaomai, to remember]

Mnemonics, no-motiks, n. স্বৃতিসহাৰ শাস্ত্ৰ; স্বৃতি-সাহায্যকাৰী বিদ্যা ; The art or science of assisting the memory.

Moan, mon, v. t. [A. S. maenan, to moan]
বিলাপ-কু; To lament, deplore .—v. i. কুলৰ-কু;
বিলাপ-কু; To make a low sound of grief;
lament audibly —n. কুলৰ, বিলাপ; বেগেকি;
Audible expression of pain or sorrow; lamentation. Syn:—(n) Bemoan, grieve, mourn;
sigh, groan, make lamentation.

Most, mout, n. পরিধা; ছর্গ-পরিধা. Ditch round a castle - - v. t. পরিধা ধারা বেইব-কু; To surround with a moat.

Mob, mob, n. ইতর লোক: হালামাকারী লোকৰল; Crowd. lower classes; riotous assembly:—
v. f. বহলোকে বিশুখনভাবে আক্রমণ-কু; বিশুখনভাবে দলবদ্ধ হইবা আ্রমণ-কু; To attack in a disorderly crowd; to harass tumultuously. Syn:—(n) Assemblage, multitude, mass, throng, populace, rabble, riff-raff, lower orders. [ cap. Mob, Mob-cap, n. ইপী বিশেব; A kind of plain Mobile, mö'bil, a. পরিচালনীয়, বিচলনীয়; চলনীল; Moveable; capable of being moved or excited. n=mobility (moveableness)

Mobilise, mobilize, e. t. মুদ্ধ আহ্বান-কু; To call into active service, as troops. n=mobilisation. Mobility, n. বিচননীয়তা, Moveableness; the quality of being mobile.

Mob-law, n. বছ লোক থাবা প্রহার; Lynch law; law administered by the mob.

Mobocracy, n. ইতর সোকের প্রভূষ; The rule or ascendency of the mob

Moceasin, Mocassin, moka-sin, n গাছৰা বিশেষ; Deer skin-shoe.

Mock, mok, v. t. [G. mokes, scorner] উপহাসকৃ. কৌডুক-কৃ; বাক-কৃ: Laugh at, deceive;
mimic:—v. s. বিজ্ঞপ-কৃ, To make sport in
contempt, or in jest; scoff, jeer; jibe:—n.
কৃত্ৰিম উপহাস, বিজ্ঞপ, বাক, Sneer, ridicule;
jibe, jeer:—a কৃত্ৰিম; মিহাা, False. n=mocker,
ad=mockingly Syn.—(v) Ape, counterfeit,
take off, ridicule, sneer, taunt, insult, delude,
dupe, disappoint, balk

Mockery, moker-e, Mocking, moking, n.
বিদ্ধাপ, উপহাস, Dension, ridicule; scorn;
scoffing — বুখা আড়ৰ্য, কৃত্ৰিম ভাষ; Vain imitation; false show. Syn:—Jeering, scorning;
sport; counterfeit, deception [the heroic.
Mock-heroic, a বীরতে অনুকর্মকারী; Mocking
Mocking-bird, moking-bird, n পকী বিশেষ;
শকার্কারী গারক পকী; A thrush, a bird of North
America which imitates the notes of other
birds.

Modal, mi'dal, a. আকাৰ সম্মান ; Relating to mode, not essence ad-modally, n=modality. Modalist, n. ক্ৰমেন মতন্ত নিন্ধিত অবিধানী; One of a class who look upon the three persons of the Godhead as only modes of being, and not as distinct persons. [in form only. Modality, n. Quality of being modal or being Mode, mod, n [L. modus, measure] আহুতি; Form:—ভোল, Fashion:—আকাৰ; Variety;

manner of existing :- [444 : Rule :- wists : Custom :- ब्रीडि : Manner :- अवास्त That which exists only as a quality of substance. Syn :- Make ; state, quality, affection, modification; style; method, plan, way;

means, course, process.

Model, model, n. [L. modus, a measure] चापर्न ; छाँठ ; व्यक्तित्र ; नक्त ; A pattern ; mould ; standard ; specimen :-- v. t. আদৃণাবুসারে পঠন-কু ; नकन इ; नर्तन-इ; To form after a model ; to shape: - v. i. নলা-ড়; গঠন-ড়; To practise modelling. n-modeller. Syn:-(n) Gause; example, type, mould, design.

Modelling, model-ing, n. जानर्न शर्म वा छिषमा : A branch of sculpture; the art of making a

model of something.

Moderate, moder-at, v. t. [L. modys, a measure ] जब्-क ; नांति-क ; नांत-क ; To mitigate ; to pacify ; to lessen :-- अ:पम-क ; To control :--नवात्र इरेगां भीमारमा-क : To decide, as a moderator :-- নিয়মিত-কৃ; To regulate :-- নাতি প্রথব-কৃ; To make temperate:-v. i. नास-इ. नाडियवड-₹; To become less violent or intense :- निक!-পতিৰ কাৰ্যা-কু; To preside as a moderator —a विकाहारी: Temperate: sober:-यशाव: मशाविष: Of middle rate: -পরিমিত, নাতিপ্রথম : Between extremes; not excessive or extreme; within the measure. n=moderateness. ad=moderately. Syn: -(v) Regulate, control, repress, subdue; allay, temper, qualify, abate, still, appease, pacify, quiet. (a) Limited, restrained; abstemious, frugal; equable, reasonable, judicious, cool, mild; mediocre, ordinary, cheap.

Moderation, mod-er-a'shun, n. नप्कत्र . The act of moderating :--পরিমিততা ; সংব্যন ; ক্যন ; Temperance; freedom from excess :- देशा : মনের শান্তি; Equanimity; calmness of mind Syn: - Temperance, frugality, sobriety · cool-

ness, sedateness, composure

Moderator, moder-a-tor, n. সভাপতি; One who presides at a meeting, a president or chairman Modern, modern, a. आधुनिक : न्डन . Recent : not ancient ; new ; novel :- n. व्हाइनिक व्यक्ति , One of modern times :-pl. आर्थानक आहि : The nations after the Greeks and Romans, who are called the ancients. n=modernness, ad= moderniv.

Modernise, modern-iz, v. t. आध्निक-क : वर्डनान সময়ের উপবোগী-কু; To make modern; to adapt to the present time. n=moderniser.

Modernism, mod'ern-izm, n. आधुनिक गामशंत : खावनिक विवय : Mudern practice ; a thing of recent বাগী; An admirer of the moderns. Modernist, modern-ist, #. वाध्निक कांन्ति वन-Modest, modest, a. L. modestus, from modus. measure ] नव्याना ; Bashtul :- निश्च ; विमीच ; Not presumptuous ; boastiul :-- সজরিত্র ; সাধ্বী ; নত্ত ; Chaste ; virtuous :- विक् ; मःव : Pure and delicate; moderate. ad = modestly. Syn: - Reserved, unobtrusive, coy, distident, humble, unassuming, becoming, pure-minded; moderate, not excessive, not extravagant.

Modesty, modest-e, w. विमा : नवान निका: Absence of presumption; bashfulness; humiity :- 5.30 ; Decency :- সক্ষরিকতা ; পৰিবতা ; বিভদ্কতা; Chastity; purity:—সংবৰ; Moderation. Syn: -- Coyness, shyness, meekness. Modicum, modi-kum, n. वर्शकिक: नामान পরিমাণ ; A small quantity , a little quantity. Modification, #. गतिवर्धन ; भविवर्धिक जाणांत वा अवश् ; The act of modifying ; changed shape or condition. Syn :- Alteration, variation, qualification, change; mode, form, affection. Modify, mode-fi, v. t. [ L. modus, and facers, to make ] भतिवर्त्तम-क ; भतिवर्तित-क ; क्रमाञ्चन ;

माराउ-क : To change : to alter : to vary : to moderate. n=modification. ad=modifiable. Syn: -Shape, form; moderate, reduce, limit. Modish, modish, a. व्यक्तिक ; अविक बीकान्-

बाबो ; Fashionable ; according to mode. ad= Syn :- Fashionmodishly. n = modishness. able, stylish, courtly, genteel.

Modist, mo'dist, n. त्वच्याळित लाव : व्यक्तिक রীতির অপুগানী; Follower of fashion; one who follows the fashion.

Modiste, n. যে প্রচলিত প্রধার পরিক্ষণ প্রস্তুত করে; One who makes dresses according to the fashionable mode.

Modulate, modu-lūt, v. t. [L. medulus, a small measure ] হর মিলান, নিয়মিত-কৃ; To form sound to a certain key harmoniously; to regulate -v. i. श्रावत शतिवर्शन-इ ; To pass from one key into another. n=modulation. Syn:-Attune, harmonize; inflect, vary in pitch.

Modulation, n. নিয়মিত করণ, নিয়মিত অবস্থা প্রাত্তি: স্থারের পরিবর্তন; The act of modulating; the changing of the keynote and the alteration of the original scale of music.

Modulator, n. সুরের পরিবর্ত্তনসাধক, One who or that which modulates.

Module, n. जारने ; A model. f of goat. Mohair, n. ছাগলোম বিশেষ : The long silky hair Mohammedan, mo-hamed-an, a. यह अरोब: Pertaining to Mohammed or to his religion :-22. महत्त्वप्रवर्षादनक्षी : मुमलकान : A follower of Mohammed, one who professes Mohammedanism.

Mohammedanise, mo-hamed-an-iz, v. f. बुगनमान-कृ, मश्चानीय शर्च मोक्निङ-कृ, To convert to Mohammedanism.

Mohammadanism, Mohammedism, s. अक्षकीय वर्ष ; The religion of Mohammed.

Mohur, mohur, n. CHET; A gold coin; fifteen [ coin of Portugal, valued at 27s. Moidore, moidor, n. गर्डगात्नत्र मुझा विरन्द ; A gold Molety, moie-ti, n. with; One of two equal parts : half.

Moil, moil, v. t. [L. moliri, to struggle] অপরিছার-কু; অপরিক্ত-কু; To daub; to make dirty -v. i. Meda-F; To toil, labour: drudge. Syn :- Make dirty, soil, defile.

Moire, n. जनगिक (तथम ; Watered silk.

Moist, moist, a. [ L. musteus, belonging to new wine ] fest, sif; Humid; damp; 'alightly wet ; dank. स=moistness. Moisten, moisn, क. t. जार्ज-इ ; निज-इ ; To make

slightly wet; to make damp.

Moisture, moistur, a. wistel ; Moistness.

Molar, mo'lar, n. [L. mola, a mill—molo, to girnd] চকাণ্ডল: পেৰণক্ষ; পেৰণক্ষ; পেৰণক্ষ; পেৰণক্ষ; পেৰণক্ষ; বোৰাজ; আৰু for grinding:—n. চকাণ্ডল; পেৰণক্ষ; কান্তল, কান্ত

Mole-cast, n. वन्तीक ; A mole-hill.

Mole-oricket, n. की वित्यव ; An insect.

Molecular, a. with Belonging to molecules. n=molecularity.

Molecular attraction—जांगिवर क्वारूर्य : त्य निक्षात्रा अस्त्रभार्यत्र शत्रमान् त्रकत शत्रभारत्य जाकवन करत । Molecule, mole-kül, n. शतिमान : जन् . Atom , a very small particle. a=molecular.

Moleoyed, mol-īd, a. কৃষ্ণ চক্ৰিণিষ্ট ; প্ৰায় অক .
অপূৰ্ব দুষ্ট ; Having eyes like a mole , nearly blind ; of imperfect sight , seeing imperfectly Mole-hill, mo'l-hil, n. বজীক ; ছুটো কৰ্ড্ক উৎক্ৰিয় সুভিকাত্বণ , Earth thrown up by a mole :—ভোট পাহাড় ; A very small hill .—সামান্য বিশ্ব , Insignificant difficulty.

To make a mountain of a mole hill-ভিলকে তাৰ করা; To magnify trifles; to exaggerate difficulties or obstacles.

Mole-rat, n. মুবিৰৰ কড়; A small rat-like animal.

[ silk cloth Mole-akin, n. ব্ৰৰ কাণ্ড বিশেষ; A kind of Moleat, mo-lest, v. t [ L. molestus, trouble-some ] বিৰম্ভ-ড়; উভাজ-ড়, To disturb, annoy, render uneasy. n=molester, a=molestful Syn:—Incommode, inconvenience, vex, tease, irritate, worry, torment, bore, bother.

Molestation, mō-lest-Z'shun, n. উৎপীড়ন , বিয়ন্ত্রি: Annoyance. Syn:—Disturbance, trouble, uneasiness, vexation.

Molestful, a. विक्रिक्य ; Troublesome.

Mollient, molycut, a. শ্বিশ্বকারী; উপাশমক: কোমল-কারক; Softening; assuaging.

Mollification, mol-i-fi-ka shun, क. डेल्यर :

Mollify, mole-fi, v t. [L. mollis, soft, and facere, to make ] শান্ত-কু; কোমন-কু, আপমিত-কু, খ্যান-কু; সংঘত-কু; To soften; assuage; soothe, pacify; calm. a—mollifiable, n—mollifier. Syn—Appease; mitigate, moderate, abate, relieve, temper.

Molluso, Mollusk, molusk, n. [L. molluscus, softish—mollis, soft] কোনাছ বন্ধ; Animal having a soft body and no inner frame-work of bones. pl=molluscs, mollusks, mollusca.

Molluscan, Molluscous, a. কোৰলাক কর্-স্বন্ধীৰ; Pertaining to molluscs.

Molluscan, s. क्षित्रांच वद ; A moliusc.

Molooh, a. त्व त्वकाव निकड वनी त्वका इव ; God

to whom bloody sacrifices were made: —Any influence which demands from us the sacrifice of what we hold most dear.

Molton, möli'n, a. ধাত্ৰয় ; গৰিত ধাতু নিৰ্দিত ; Made of melted metal.

Mome, n নিৰ্বোগ লোক ; বুৰ্থ ব্যক্তি ; A dull, silent person ; stupid fellow.

Moment, mo'ment, n. [L. momentum, from movers, to move] অতি সাধান্য সময়; নিমেষ; মুহুৰ্ত্ত; An instant:—একৰ: Importance:—ৰ্লা: Value:—পজি; বল; Moving cause; force:—পতির বা গতিশীল বছার শক্তি: Force of motion, or of a moving body. Syn:—Second, twinkling, trice; weight; gravity, consequence, significance, import.

Momentary, mo'ment-ar-i, a. কৰিব; Done in a moment. ad=momentarily, n=momentariness. Momently, ad. এক মুহুৰ্ছে; প্ৰতিক্ষেপ; in a moment; every moment.

Momentous, mō-mentus, c. আবস্তুক; প্ররোজনীয়; Important. ad=momentously, n=momentousness Syn:--Weighty, significant, serious. Momentum, mō-mentum, n. বেগ; গতিবীয়

ৰন্ধৰ বেগ-পৰিমাণ; The quantity of motion in a body which is proportional to the mass multiplied by the velocity; impetus. pl=momenta.

Momus, n. নিৰু দেবতা; The god of ridicule and satire. [monks.
Monachal, a. স্ব্যাসীস্বন্ধীয়; Pertaining to

Monachal, a. স্বাসাস্থক্য : Pertaining to Monachism, n. স্বাসীজীবৰ : The state of monks , monastic life.

Monad, monad, n. [Gr. monos, alone ] প্রসাপু; কটিপু বিশেষ. An ultimate atom; one of the simplest kind of animalcules. a=monadic.

Monadic, Monadical, a. পরমাণু সদৃশ; कोडोग्-कालोव, Being or resembling a monad.

Monandrian, Monandrous, a. একৰাত্ৰ পুপক্ষেত্ৰ বিশিষ্ট; Having but one stamen or male organ.

Monarch, mońark, n. [G mones, alone, archos, chief] ৰাজা; সন্তাট্, অধিতীয় শাসনকর্ত্তী; A sovereign; sole ruler; emperor; king:—a. সর্বান্তেই; প্রধান, Superior to others; supreme. Syn:—Autocraft, despot; queen, prince.

Monarchal, mon-arkal, a. बाजकीय ; Pertaining to a monarch ; regal.

Monarchie, mon-arkik, Monarchical, mon-arkik-al, a. রাজাসখনীয়; রাজনীয়, Relating to a monarch or monarchy, vested in a single ruler

Monarchical form of Government— Monarchise, monark-iz, v. t. পাসন-কৃ; রাজ্যে পরিণত-কৃ, To convert into a monarchy:—s. i. ৰাজার মত ব্যবহাৰ-কু; To play the king.

Monarchist, monark-ist, n. বাজাৰ পদ; বাজাৰ প্রশোধন; An advocate of monarchy.

Monarchy, monark-i, n. 1879, A kingdom. Fifth monarchy men—Those who believed that the second coming of Christ was at hand, and that at his second coming he would establish the fifth universal monarchy. Monastery, monastere, n. [G. monastes,

a solitary ] বহানীর মঠ; বহানীর আলন ; An abbey; a convent. Sym.—Cloister, nunnery, abbey, priory.

Monastic, mon-astik, n. সন্ত্ৰাসী. A monk.
Monastic, mon-astik Monastical, mon-astik-al, a ধর্মণালাসম্মান , মঠসম্মান . Pertaining to monks and nuns . conventual , reclause. ad —monastically [সন্ত্ৰাসী নীবন; Monastic life Monasticism, mon-asti-sizm n সন্ত্ৰাস্থ্য,

Monday, munda, n. নোনবার, The 2nd day of the week [for going to school Black Monday—বিদ্যালয়ে খাইবার দিবস Day

Monetary, mune-tar-1, a होकानवर्षाय, आर्थिक, Relating to money or monied affairs, pecuniary

Money, mune, n होको, Coin, stamped metal used in commerce — वर्ष भन, Wealth — भूतान, Stock, capital pl=moiess Syn — Paper currency, bank-notes, circulating medium, riches, cash

Money-broker, Money-changer, n টাকাৰ দাবাৰ, A broker who deals in money or exchanges

Moneyed, Monied, munid a অৰ্থান Having money — ৰনী, ৰনশানী, Rich in money — অধ-পূৰ্ণ, আহিক, Consisting of money

Money-lender, n vettia Usaier.

Moneyless, muhi-les, a অর্ণুক্ত নিংখ, ৰূপ ৰ্ফকশুনা, Destitute of money

Money-order, n होका পঠाইবার ক'তি বা किए। An order for a sum of money issued by a port office to which payment has been made and payable by another office

Monger, mung'eer, म बातमारी, विस्तान A dealer, trader —v. t बातमा-कृ, बा। का कृ

Mongrel, mung'grel, a সহৰ ভামিৰ, সহৰ, Of mixed breed —n সহৰ বাতীয় ভত্ত, An animal of a mixed breed, hybrid

Monition, mo-nishun, n [L. monitio from monere, to warn] উপদেশ, উপদেশপাৰ। সংবাদতা স্কৰণাৰতা স্কৰণাৰতা, সংবাদ, Admonition, instruction given i by way of caution, warning notice. Syn — Advice, counsel, information hint.

Monitive, monitiv, a. डनरमनपूर्व , टेनरमन्त्रम , Conveying admonition

Monitor, mone-ter, n উপজেল উপজেল। সত্ৰ কাৰক, Adviser, instructor, warner— উপত্ৰক, ছাত্ৰ-শিক্ক, A pupil, who assists a school-master a= monitorial, n=monitorship, fem=monitress Syn—Counsellor, mentor, overseer, pupil assistant

Monitorial, a উপদেৱান্থকীৰ, উপশুক্ত হারা ক্ষরা পিত, Pertaining to a monitor, taught by a monitor ad=monitorially.

Monitory, moni-tor-i, a উৰোধক, উপদেশক, উপদেশক, সতৰ্কায়ী, Giving admonition, warning.

Monk, mungk, n সন্ত্যানী, A religious recluse. Monk-House, n সন্ত্যানীৰ মঠ, Monastery,

Monkey, mungki, w. बानव, बानव, I ong tailed ape; baboon —बानवकांत्रे बानक, अवकाश्वक नाव.

Mischievous boy, a name of contempt, plan monkeys.

Monkish, mungkish, a সর্গাসীসবজীর, সর্গাসী-সম্পা, Pertaining to a monk, like a monk— মঠসবজীর, Monastic

Monk s-hood, mungks-hood, n कांडे दिव, विवास किराया विराय, Aconite

Monochord, mono'kord, n वक्षांत्र , वक्ष्यो वागवत One stringed musical instrument

Monochromatic, mon-o kro-matik, a এক বৰ্ণবিশিষ্ট . Of one colour only

Monocotyledon, n এক পারোৎপত্তিক, A plant with one seed lobe a monocotyledonous Monocracy, n প্রসামক Covernment by a

Monocracy, n arrives, Government by a single person

Monocrat, n बांगा , मञांत . Monarch.

Monocular, mon-okti-lar, Monoculous, mon-okti-lus, a একচন্থবিশিপ্ত একাকি, With one eve only e [ or one fingered

Monodactylous, a এক বছানিবিশিষ্ট্র, One total Monodist, mono-dist, u হুং প্রকাশের গান লেক . বিশাপকারা-বেশক , One willowatte monodies

Monody, mono-di n 夏河空南河本 布河, [1-1] 1 有" A mournful poem in which is in glymourner expresses lamentation. a—monodical Monogamy, monog'a-mi n [Gr m nr, one gamo marriage] 如本 西京 [ 如何如此, Wed ding with one woman only a marriage to one wife only n=monogamist (如本 行行"为有 如本, upholder of monogamy)), a—monogamous

Monogram, mono-gram n (in menes, alone gramma a letter l এবং মুক্ত বা কুল্ফান্তিক বা কুল্ফান্তিক বা কুল্ফান্তিক বিশাস, A character or cipher composed of 1 2, or more letters materwoven, being an abbreviation of a name

Monograph, moho-graf r i G mores, alone and graphs to write | कान कि विश्व कि विश्व

Monographer, Monographist, n Acaisia-

Monographic, Monographical, a মনোগাক-স করে বিনা কক চিছেড, Pert mini, to a monograph drawn in lines without colours

Monography, দ দিনা রাজব চিয়, বস্থা নপ্তা, A representation by hims only an outline driving Monogynian, Monogynous, a এক্যান

গৰ্ভকেশৰ বিশিষ্ট , Having only one pi til Monolith, n একপ্ৰস্তুৰ ধন্ত A pillar consisting of a single stone a=monolithic, monolithal

Monologue, mono-log, r ( (rt monos, alone, logas, speech ) বসত কথন, Soliloquy

Monomania, mon-o-mī'nia, n. [Gi monos, alone mania, madners] কোন এক বিবৰে পাণালানি, কিন্ততা Madness confined to one subject

Monomaniae, mon-o-ma'ni-ak, a. এক বিবৰে কিন্তু, Affected with monomania – n. এক বিবৰে কিন্তু সোক, One affected with monomania.

Monome, Monomial, n teles all ferre; A series of factors of single terms. ammonomial.

Monophyllous, s. 4年刊前; Having a leaf of but one piece.

Monopolise, mon-op'o-liz, e. t. একচেট্যা-সু: একাবান্ত-কু; Buy up so as to be the single seller; engross the whole of.

Monopoliser, mon-op'o-liz-er, Monopolist, mon-op'o-list, n. একচেটিয়া ব্যবদারী; একচেটিয়াকারী; One who monopolises.

Monopoly, mon-op'o-li, n [Gr. monos, alone, poleo, to sell] একচেটিয়া বাণিজা, সম্পূৰ্ণ আয়ন্তভা ৰা অধিকায়; Exclusive possession or command of a thing or market. [only

Monospermous, a. একবীৰ, Having one seed Monostich, monostick, n. [Gr. monos, alone, stichos, verse] একলোকী কবিতা; A poem completed in one verse.

Monostrophic, mon-o-strofik, a. এক ছলে এবিড;
Having but one strophe. [one syllable
Monosyllabic, a. একণদাৰেলিট, Of words of
Monosyllable, mon-o-silla-bl, n. একণদ বিশিষ্ট
শব; A word of one syllable. a=monosyllabic.
Monotheism, mono-the-izm, a. [Gr. monos,
alone, theos, God] একেব্ৰবাদ; Belief in the one God
Monotheist, mono-the-ist, n. একেব্ৰবাদ; One
who believes that there is but one God. a=
monotheistic.

Monotone, mono-ton, n. [ Gr. monos. alone, tonos, a tone ] সম্প্ৰ, Sameness of sound, a single key or sound.

Monotonous, mon-ofon us. a ি. monos, alone, and tonos, tone ] সম্বর্গিলাই, এক বেতে, সম্বন্ধে উচ্চাবিত; Marked by du'l monotony, uttered in one unvarying tone a l=nonotonously. Syn:—Unvaried, uniform, wanting inflection, dull, tiresome, wearisome.

Monotony, mon-oro-ne, n. স্মান্তর, অভিন্তনত্ত, Dull uniformity of tone or sound:—এক বেফে ভাব; বিৰ্ভিক্তর একভাব, liksome sameness, want of variety. Syn:—Sameness; dulness, tiresomeness, wearsomeness,

Monseigneur, n. সহাত লোকের সংখাৎন পদ; My lord; your grace or highness.

Monsieur, n. ফ্ৰান্তে জন্তভাস্টক নৰোগনপদ; A tittle of civility in France. [A periodical wind. Monsoon, mon-sound, n নৌস্মি বায়; সামন্ত্ৰিক বায়, Monster, monster, n. [L monstrum, show] বিকটাকার জন্ত, অবাভাবিক বন্ধ; দানব; A strange animal formed out of the common order anything horrible; a prodigy:—অভ্যাভানী, A tyrant. Syn:—Prodigy, enormity, abnormity, deformity, fright, monstrosity; portent, marvel; ruffian, villain, brute, fiend, demon.

Monstrance, monstrans, দ. উৎস্থাভুত পিটুক সমৰেত উপাদক্ষভদীকে প্ৰদৰ্শিত পাত্ৰ; The utensil in which the consecrated water is shown to the congregation.

Monstrosity, mon-strosisti, n. বিকৃষ ; বিকটছ, ভীৰণছ ; অবাভাবিক বস্তু ; State or being monstrous ; an unnatural production.

Monstrous, monstrus, a. অবাধাৰিক; বিকটা-কৃতি; অকাও; Unnatural and misshapen; enormous:—ভয়াৰক; ভীৰণ, Dreadful; horrible:—

Syn:—Abnormal, unnatural, deformed; huge, immense, vast; shocking; extraordinary, marvellous, prodigious.

Montanic, a. পার্কভীর; Mountainous.

Month, munth, n. মান; One of the twelfth part of the calendar year.

Monthly, munthli, a. যাসিক; Lasting a month; appearing once a month —n. মাসিক পত্ৰিকা; A monthly magazine:—ad প্ৰতি মাসে প্ৰকাষ ; মাসে মানে, once a month; in every month.

Monument, mońū-ment, n. [L. monumentum, from monere, to remind] কীৰিছে; সুন্ধছ; স্বতিচিক্ ; Memorial of the living or dead :—লিপি ;
স্বতিন্দি , A record. Syn ·—Mausoleum, pillar, tombstone, memento, memorial, remembrancer.
Monumental, mon-ū-mental, a. স্বতিস্বৰ ;

পারক; Serving as a monument; memorial.
ad=monumentally.

Mood, mood, n. মাৰ্শিক কাব; মনের কাব; Temper of mind; temper; frame of mind:—কোব; Anger; heat of temper:—প্রকার; ধারা; নীতি. Mode; fashion, manner,:—ধাতু ক্লণের রীতি, Manner of conjugation. Syn:—Humour, vein, disposition.

Moodiness, n. কোপ্ৰস্ভাব; Peevishness.

Moody, mood'i, a. ছ:বিড; কুছ: কোৰী; বিষ#; ধাৰণেয়ালী; Sad; angry; ill-humoured; gloomy, n=moodiness. ad=moodily.

Moon, moon, n. চন্ত্ৰ; স্কপন্নই; The secondary planent of the earth; a satellite:—সাস; Month:
—চন্ত্ৰাকাৰ বহি:প্ৰাচীৰ; A crescent-formed outwork. Syn:—Secondary planet; crescent.

At the full of the moon—প্ৰিয় রাতি। The day of new moon—প্রতিপদ।

To cast beyond the moon—ৰসঙ্গ অহ্বাৰ-ক: To cast your thoughts or guesses beyond all reason.

To cry for the moon—অসতৰ বন্ধ পাইবাৰ নিমিত্ত ভিকা-কু; To crave to have what is wholly beyond one's reach.

To find an elephant in the moon—ৰনত্ব তুৰা প্ৰায়-ছ, Find a mare's nest.

To level at the moon—অত্যন্ত উচ্চাভিলাধী-হ;
অতি উচ্চাঙ্কাজ্ঞ-ই, In be very ambitious.

Moon-beam, möönbem, n. be 年第9; A ray of mounlight.

Moon-blind, a. 南神常; Dim-sighted.

Moon-calf, n. বিকটাকার জন্ব; A monster:—
নিৰ্মোণ বাজি . A stuped fellw. [the moon.
Mooney, a. চন্দ্ৰসম্বান ; Pertaining to or like

Moonish, moonish, a. हज्यद ; हरून ; नहिवर्डन । Mooniske ; variable ; changeable.

Moonless, mountes, a. জ্যোৎবান্ত ; জ্যোৎবাহীৰ ; Destitute of moon-light.

Moon-light, moohlit, স. জোৎয়া; Light of the moon; night time:—a. জোৎয়ামঃ; চল্লামোকে সংঘটিত; Illuminated by the moon; occurring during moon-light.

Moonling, n. (वांक! ; मूर्व ; निर्द्धांष ; A simpleton.

Moonraker, n. (वांक! लांक ; निर्द्धांष गुक्रि ; A simpleton.

Moonshee, s. त्यांत्रवयान वशांत्रक ; यूको ; A mo-

hamomedan teacher of language.

Moonshine, moonshin, n. জোংলা; চন্দ্রালোক; Moonlight :- মরীচিকা ; অপ্রকৃত বস্তু ; কৃত্রিম আড্বর ; Show without substance; show without reality. Moonstruck, moonstruk, a. fag . Lunatic.

Moor, mòor, अ. अनाकृषि ; विन ; Marsh, fen, bog,

swamp, morass; heath.

Moor, moor, v. t. 新村南 司明 - F; Secure a ship by anchor; confine a ship by cables :- v i. मुझन वा काहि बांबा आवद-इ; To be fastened by a cables or chains.

Moor, moor, n. উত্তর আফ্রিকার অধিবাসী মুসলমান; A native of north Africa; Mussulman.

Moorage, mooraj, n. नजब करिवाब होन, A place for mooring.

Moor-cock, Moor-fowl, Moor-game, n. क्ल-क्लें ; The red grouse or heath cock found The waterhen in moor.

Moorhen, n. विन : Marshy land -- जन-कृक्ति . Mooring, mooting, n pl. नक्त कवितार इस ; साहाक बावक कविवाद दान वो छोश्कानिक कवदा : A place for securing a ship by anchors; the place or condition of a ship moored :- " আগত जातक करन ; वाहा बाजा काहा जातक कर्न हर ; The act of mooring; that which serves to moor a ship. Moorish, a 哥哥; Marshy; boggy.

Moorish, moor'ish, Moory, moor'i,a िलम्बू .. खनामत ; Marshy , boggy -- व्यक्तिकारामी मचकीन , Belonging to the Moors. [ land

Moorland, n. क्लाकृति . A tract of low mar-hy Moose, n. मृत दि: ना The largest deer of

Moot, moot, v. i. তর্ক-ক ; To plead on a supposed cause, to argue for practice:-v. t. वामान्यान-क ; जर्कविकर्त-क ; To discuss ; to debate :- a. अमे बार्तिक , वामानवामायां . L'nsettled , debatable. [ That can be discused.

Mootable, mootabl, a. बाद्याका, वाम्अक्तिमायांशा : Moot-case, moot-kas, Moot-point, mootpoint, n. विहादी विवन , अभीमा'भिक उक , A care, point, or question to be argued; a doubtful question, an unsettled question.

Moot-court, moot-kort, n. क्रिड (बाक्सब) विकास কৰিবার আদালত ; বাদপ্রতিবাদ শিখিবার কৃত্রিম বিচারালয় বা স্থাৰ ; A court or meeting for arguing feigned cases. [ who argues cases.

Mootman, #. बांगामुबांमकांत्री शांत्र ; A student Mop, mop, n. बीड्न, Piece of cloth &c, fastened to a handle -- न्याक्ति : A grimace, a wry mouth :-- ए. t. बाइन दाना পৰিবার-कृ; To rub or wipe with a mop :- म्यडको-कृ ; To grimace.

Mope, mop, v. s. নিবেজ-ই; ভয়োৎসাই-ই; নিআনv; To be silent and dispirited, to be dull or stupid :-- v. f निरवन-कृ ; To make spirit less or stupid - . प्र लाक ; A dull, stupid person :-भारत वाकि ; A drone. ad - mopingly.

Mope-eyed, Mopsiel, a wing, Dim sighted. Mopish, mop'ish, a निष्डब, कड, निष्डड; ভাগোৎসার , Dull ; spiritless. n=mopishness, Moppet, " तिक प्रात् शृक्षणिका ; शिवववनिर्विष्ठ कोछा-257, A doll made of rags, a doll of rags

like a mop. of blocks and gravel. Moraine, mo-ran, n. देशन पर्वापन चन्न ; A line Moral, moral, a. [L. mos, moris, manner] নীভি সৰ্ন্ধীয়; নৈভিক; Relating to morality; relating to the conduct of men :- 4144; 44-সঙ্গত ; Virtuous :-- সম্ভব ; সম্ভব্সর ; Probable :-n. তাংগধা, নৈতিক উপদেশ; Practical lesson taught by anything; practical application of a tale or fable -- n. pl. নীতি অসুঠান ; নৈতিক আচাৰ, ব্যবহার; জাচরণ; নীতিশাল : The doctrine or practice of the duties of life; manners. conduct; ethics. Syn: -(a) Ethical; accountable, rational, responsible; just, upright, well-conducted, true, strict; circumstantial.

Moral certainty— আয়নিক্রডা।

Moral character-5741

Moral courage—धर्मवृद्धि मःबुक्त मानद माहम: Strength of mind which enables a man to do what is right.

Morale, mo-ral, a. निजिक बरहा , माननिक बरहा ; মানসিক ভাব; Moral condition, mental state (as of a body of men )

Moralise, mor'al-ız, v. t. বৈভিক উদ্দেশে প্রয়োগ-कृ, बोर्डि मच्दक वार्शि-कृ: To apply to a moral purpose; to explain in a moral sense -v 1 ন'তি বিষধে বলা বা লিখা; নৈতিক মন্তব্য প্রকাশ-কু. To speak or write in moral subjects; to make moral reflections. n=morali-er.

Moralist, mor'al-ist, n নীতি-শিক্ষক; One who teaches the duties of life :- नीडि अनुहानकाती; নেতিক আৰুটানিক; One who practises morality. Morality, mor ale-te, n. कर्डवानिवहक खान ; নৈতিকতা; Knowledge of the duties of man's lite, the quality of being moral :- नी ि नात . Ethics -- पर्य : पर्याहतन , Virtue -- এक अवाब ऋषक ন'টক , নৈতিক উপদেশপূর্ণ নাটক বিশেষ : A kind of moral allegorical play. Syn: -- Moral philosophy, morals, goodness, uprightness. manner. Morally, mor'al-i, ad lafsasita, in a moral

Morally responsible -वर्षा । Moral-philosophy-नीडिमर्नन।

Moral-sense-बिरदक; Power of moral judgment and feeling.

Morass, mo-ras, n. and , fan . Marsh. moor : wet ground. Syn .- Fen, bog, quagmire, swamp, slough.

Moravian, mo-ra'vi-an, a. acatsat city সংগ্রান্ত: वृष्टीन मन्त्रनात्रमचकीत्र. Pertaining to Moravia or to the Moravians or united Brethren :- #. #होनपर्क मच्छापांच ; A protestant religious sect.

Morbid, morbid, e. [ L. morbidut, mom morbus, disease ] অবুষ , কুল্ল ; পাড়িত ; Diseased ; sickly; not healthful. n=morbidness ( পীড়িতা-(31), ad = morbidly. Syn :- Sick, ailing, indisposed, diseased, un sound, unhealthy.

Morbifio, mor-bifik, a. [L. morbus, desease, and facto, to make ] Totalia ; Causing disease. Mordacious, mor-da'shus, a. [ L. mordeo, to bite] विश्वकांबी, मध्यन, Biting, given to biting :- विज्ञानायक ; वाक्तित्र , वाक्रपूर्व , क्रिक्ष ; Sarcastic; severe.

Mordeoity, a. straigned: melased; The quality of being mordacious.

mordant, a. গণেক: Biting into:—বৰ্ণের স্থায়িক-বাদারী: Serving to fix colours:—স. সোৰার পাত লাগাইবাম আঠা; A sticky matter to make goldleaf adhere.

More, mor, a. আরও অধিক : অধিকভর : অভিনিক্ত ; অপরাপর ; বৃহত্তর : Additional ; greater in amount ; other besides ; greater :—adv. অধিক পরিষাধে ; To a greater degree :—অধিকক্ত ; পুনরাধ ; আরও ; In addition : again ; longer :—n. অধিক পরিষাধ ; অভিনিক্ত বক্ত : A greater thing.

Be no more—লোগ পাওৱা ; ইংগোৰ হইতে অপগত-হ ; Cease to exist. [ nual increase. More and more—উন্ধান্তৰ আৰও : With conti-More is meant than meets the ear—বাহা দেখা বা তুনা বায় ডা ছাড়া অনেক বুঝায় ; More is implied than expressed, means a great deal more than what you see or hear.

More or less—হিছু কাই হটক বা কিছু বেশীই হটক ; Perhaps more, perhap, less:—অধিক বা অৱ পরিমাণে, In a greater or smaller degree.

No more—মৃত : Existing no longer ; departed ; deceased or destroyed —মার নতে, Not any longer :—তাহার অধিক নতে. Not in a greater degree :—মার কাজ নাই, Enough,—No greater quantity

The more—অধিক পরিখাবে, To a greater degree. The more, the more—एड পরিমাবে দেই পরিমাবে, বৃত্তই ভত্তই: By how much more—by so much more. [woolen stuft used for curtains. Moreon, morth, n. শুরু পাশারী বাণ্ড, A stout Moreover, morth, a লু পাশারী বাণ্ড, A stout Moreover, morth, a লু পাশারী বাংলার (urther. Moreogue, morte-k, a উত্তর আফ্রিকার অধিবানীকের প্রণানীতে কৃত, Done after the manner of the Moors.—n. এক প্রকার অনহার নাগন, A species of ornamentation, same as orabe-que.

Morganatic, mor-gan-atik, a. বামহন্ত Left handed — নীচলাতীর স্থানোকের সহিত বিবাহিত, Married to a woman of lower rank.

Morganatio marriago—ৰে বিবাহে স্বী স্থানীয় পদ স্থিকার করিতে পারে না , A marriage in which the wife does not take the husband's rank.

Moribund, mori-bund, a. [L. morior, to die] বৃত্তৰ : মৰ মন : At the point of death, about to die, dying. [abounding with little holes. Moril, n. মেডৰ ছাড়া, ছাজ; A mushroon Morion, more-un, n. শিৱস্থাণ; An open helmet without visor or beaver; casque.

Morisco, Morisk, n. The Moorish language: - 751 1974; A moorish dance.

Mormon, mor'mon, স ইউনাইটেড ইেটেৰ খনামধ্যত নুজন খুট্টান সম্মান বিশেষে লোক; One of a sect in the United states, founded by Joseph Smith, who invented a spurious scripture. namormonism.
Mormon state—Utah.

Mormonism, n. মর্ম্বিদ্বের ধর্মত, The doctrines of the Mormons.

Morn, n. আতঃকাল, এডাড ; Morning ; the first part of the day :—a. আতঃকালীৰ, Pertaining to the morning.

Morning, morning, m. প্রাক্তঃকাল; ব্যবাংশ; The first part of the day or day-light till noon; am early part:—s. প্রাক্তঃকালীল: প্রাক্তিক; Pertaining to the morning:—প্রাক্তঃকৃত; Done in the morn; being in the morning. Syn:—(n) Dawn, day-break, morn, sunrise; forenoon; spring time.

Morning-gift, n. পৌতুক; Gift made to a woman the morning after marriage. [plant. Morning-glory, n. লুড়া বিশেষ; A climbing Morning-land, n. পুর্বাকিক, The East. [Venus. Morning-star, n. পুর্বাকিক, বিশ্বাই। The planet Morocco, mo-rok-kō, n. মুরোকা চাম্বা; সুল্ম ভিন্ন চর্ম; A fine kind of leather of goat or sheep skin, first brought from Morocco.

Morose, mo-105, a. [L. morosus, from mos, moris, manner] বিষাদগ্ৰহ, বিষয়, কুটান ক্ষেত্ৰ; কেপানবভাষ, Gloomy; severe. n=moroseness, ad=morosely. Syn.—Sullen, gruff, austere, splenetic, crabbed, crusty, churlish, surly, ill-humoured, ill-natured.

Morpheus, morfus, n. अध-(अवङ), अध्यिक्तिका ; The god of dreams.

Morphia, morfi-a, Morphine, morfin, n. wifecas ris, whereas risely, The narcotic principle of opium.

Morrice, moris, Morris, Morris-dance, m. Feffer A dance in imitation of the Moors performed with castanets by a single person a dance in imitation to the Moors

Morrow, mor'o, n. আগাৰী কলা, পর্নিবন, অব্যবহিত্ত প্রথিন: To-morrow, the day following the present; the next following day.

Morse, mors, s. निष्-त्यां , The walrus, seahorse, the American elk.

Morsol, morsel, n. একজাস, টুকরা, আল প্রিমাণ ' এক কাম্ড . A small piece of food a small quantity; a mouthful. Syn:—B.te, mountal, piece, fragment, part, scrap.

Mort, n. [ L. mors, death ] পিৰাবের মৃতু তে ধানিত হয়; A note or tune sounded at the death of game.

Mortal, mor'tal, a. [ L. mortalis, from moriri, to die ] ন্যা ; সার ; Subject to death :—প্রাণ্ডর ; মায়াক্রক ; সাংঘাতিক ; Causing death, intal, deadly :—মানবীয় , Human :—সাংঘাতিক , Deadly in malice or purpose . inveterate .—মুত্ত সভযোগ্য ; Deserving death :—মামাক্ত নাহে , Not venial :—জ্যানক ; মারব , প্রবন ; Extreme ; violent .—
বিবাহিকর ; Vexing ; tormenting ; tedious —n.
A being subject to death :—মহুলা , Main. ad — mortally. Syn:—(a) Destined to die; frail ; likely to kill, destructive , wearisome.

Mortal lot of people—बह्हाशाद वासि ; A vast number of men.

Mortality, mor-tale-te, n. মৃত্যু , Death :—মৃত্যু-সংখ্যা ; মারি , মড়ক ; Frequency of death ; the number of deaths :—মানবলাভি . The human race. Syn :—Destruction, corruption , humanity.

Morter, morter, m. ह्व , ह्व वाली क करना भिन्न ; Cement for joining bricks and stones; a cement of lime, sand and water:—वन ; होवान-विचा, A vessel in which substances are pounded with a pestle -कामान विरागन, Short wide gun for throwing shells

Mortgage, moi'gi, n. नक्क, क्लंडिंड निक्ड ample, A pledge of lands or goods, a conveyance of property, as security for a debt, a pledge of land to a creditor till the loan is paid -v t THE-CT. To pledge as security for a debt n - mortgager ( বৰ্ব লাডা )।

Mortgagee, mor-ga-je' n गांशांव निकड वक्क वांथा one to whom a mortgage is made or given Mortiferous, mor-tifér-us a [L mors death, and fero to bring] मारचाहिक मृत्र इनक , Fatal Mortification, morte fe-ka shun n के वामाइन अका त्वा अवनान शहन . The death of one put of the animal lody, gangrine — বিশ্বসাৰ সংখ্যা, ইন্সিয়নিশ্ৰহ Sul, chon of the pas ions and appetites by bodily severities - আপমান विवक्ति Humiliation Titation - An a বিৰক্তিৰ কাৰণ That which mai ifies Syn -Gangrenc sell d inl abacment discon tent disappointment vexation chagain

Mortify, mort is " t | 1 min warter death and for to make ] 73 7 10 d in the cause to die - बरहरतक --er may libigto oul uct i - ie e प्रत्यक्तः स्थापन प्रश्ने प्रत्ये । स्थापन स्यापन स्थापन स्यापन स्थापन देश' अडाम-= le practice severities । e penancer - " 5 ara", To gangien - 3 F, I's become subdued Syn — Caner ne subdue sham confound abit a appeint di sati fy, dispirase, annov, rot, pu rety

Mortifying, morti-li ng व यल नहनक विद्वविक्य Humiliating volum

Mortmain, mortmin , कलाख्य कर्प प्रमाद्यात्र मुल्लिशिन, Al chat on of lands to a corperation or religious Lody

Mortuary, moitu ar-i a segres mar war. मुट्डिव ममादिनश्कीय, Beloner to the burral of the dead - n Anie, Antern, A luni place, burial ground

Mosaic, mozák Mosaic work, mozais wurk, n नि निक्स करता 'ाक 11 ( work in which the effect of paints , 1 17 duced by piece of colored time word . Mosaic, mo-zaik a कत्रकाम रिन्मू + Relating to or composed of mosaic varie

ted aa=mc an al v

Mosaic, mu zaik a arranti Pertainin, te Mores, the great Je whilsw iver

Moschatel, n Sish farmer A plant Wine Moselle, mo-rel n sar (may, French white Moslom, molicm, n Gin 1414, A Mussulman or Mahoriedan - व स्थान-पानिभागत मधकीय Of or belonging to the Mahomedans

Mosque, mosk π मन्दिन, A Mahomedan place of worship

Mosquito, mos-k"to, n 7" F" , A large gnat, a biting gn it pl-mo quitoes

Mosquito-bar, Mosquito-net, n uniff, A net or curt un ( exer a bed or in a window ) to exclude mosquitocs.

Moss, mos, क्र लियांन , लिखनां , A family of cryptogamic plants, a lichen -v. t. crest বিশিষ্ট-কু, শৈবালাবত-কু, To cover with moss.

Moss-land, n শৈবাৰপূৰ্ণ ক্ষা, Land abounding in moss or pot bogs variety of rose Moss-rose, mos-roz, n গোলাপ পুন্দ বিশেষ . A Moss-trooper, mos tioop'er, n मञ्जा वित्नव Robber, one of the bandits that used to infest the border country between England and Scotland

Mossy, most, a শৈবালপূর্ণ, শৈবালমর, Overgrown or abounding with moss nemossiness Most, must a नर्राष्ट्रका व्यक्ति , व्यक्तिका , वहल , Greatest exceeding n number -ad महिल्ला অধিক ব্লপ্তিমাণে In the highest degree -n অধিক সংখা সুংওম সংগা, বছল পরিমাণ, Ihe greate t number or quantity

At most, At the most ুৰ্নখা ইহাৰ আৰম্ ける・「あった しゃ・ Ind not more. For the most part-371

Make the most of ध्र मत हते जात जाड of m 73.1 firm the clet account

To the most of one sability - Telplat I Mote, कार म बर् विक् इ म्म रह सात्र , A very on all particle, and I no very mall, a I agent - Mr n conjustule Motet. : " " " har place of sacred mu alcomp inti

Moth, mett r v a f frata ge A mill - 11/2 1 1 7 25 4CT That n cats may 1 yil no gradually and 4 5 1 1

Moth eat, m that a f e art (र वि च्य क , lo prey ujon, soon heats a ument. Moth-eaten, mi'n a 74x0, कीट-करे. Facucreit ly mate

र म गार्थ जनमा A fem ilc Mother, ' मार्ट - १३', (श्रीष्ठ) वसले Pin -4 Matin 75 7 4 H lot a numery fr. & 1 1) 's or dime ' as if sinegar त राजारा अ व Natural native -0 7 received by to h - Fissista মাত্ৰকণা Acting the part or having the part t i moth ntn १ (भाराश्रम प्र) " + . 1 > 21 p' 15 2 son or 1 213, . fill a sel occasio bird dir ti Mother Carva ch caes in fama, Storm Mother (01 '11'), ' " Country from wholelis licent wh

Mother Foose, , if, A tury woman -The one where I sever now

Motherhood, action had, a. alog early. The state or be a amother

Mother-in law, mut in in-law, war, Wieso in 1 md s mother

Motherless, muther le a आफ्रोन, Without arnother d tur of a mother

Motherly, mather-le a मा ; वापा , माजूक ; अनती-ह न जिड़, त जल त्यापूर्व, l'uent il , maternal , tend r n= motherliness

Mother of pearl, muther-ov-perl, n fagrag তিতাৰ অংশ ডাক এছতিৰ লাভাতবাৰ কৰা. The

internal layer of several kinds of shells, esp. oyster shells of the Indian Seas. Mother-gueen, ». রাজ্যাতা , Queen mother Mother-tongue, muther-tung, n. बाक्डांच , का निश्राची , One s own tongue, native language Mother's brother, n মাতৃল , নামা ! Mother's sister, n মাতৃহশা মাসী। Mother s son - अप नित्न . One s ownself Mother wit, n খাভাৰিক বৃদ্ধি, তীক্ষ বৃদ্ধি, Nalive wit a ready reply Moth-hunter, moth-hunter n পদীবিশেব . A little kind of swallow which hunts moths Mothy, moth, a প्रक्रमय, कोडेश्र्र, चूर्यवर, Full of moths Motion, mushun n. [ 1 . motio from movere motum, to move ] পতি ভল্লী, Movement প্ৰাধ — र बाइक कि , Power of motio । — कल्लाब अ वाइन Change of position - नानांत्रक (एक्टन' Lucite ment of mind -state Proposal -v t -v? 8143-4. To make a uguific ut moveme t अक्षांत्र व To propor Sin -'1) Chino rinting pr are ution impul prompting n e tim projo t n proj Of one sown motion - কড় প্ৰাক বেজাল To put in motion \*\*\* \* To second a motion—28 \* - - 5- 31 Motionless, mö shun li a वक्ष विकल अध्यक्ष Without mo' on Syn — '! ' and ing till grescent will i th Motive, in tix, , सम्प्र क्लात Whit more to act on or to cho indi mit -क नव १४७ Reacon र प्रकृतिक स्वर्णनाम and a can be a strong that ar power to my Sy -Incentive in it ment pir imuli premote team cur condustion or m cer tivir a fu per Motivo power -. \*\* \*\* The power 1 rcc, wh h at noon inv body or quantity : ratter puts icin crotim Motivity, n बांठ-एए हक बांड विन्य रागुनः The pow i of producing nini n the quality of being influenced by million Motley, matte, n [ W : claw to change and him colour | wheel a crisis Disci shed diess of a time and ना नार्माण विन्त-वर्गाकी, नाना करम १ - Dict fed vin ? ted in colour compound of viri is pat Syn -(a) Spotted, pecked dippled mottle l beterogeneous Motely crowd-लि बण्यत का निमान है तिव A hody of men dre sed in dre e of vi rious colou's fant miten Motor, mo'tor # পতি স্কাশন, Ihu which Motor car-wife ferme [ motion Motory, motor-i, a मान प्रकात Giving Mottle, moll, क र नानांग्रा । व विभिन्न-कृ, 10 mark with spots of various colours Mottled, a sar, Marked with spots of differ ent colours Motto, moto n क्य मर्फकांश्व कर वांका लोक A brief sentence put as a device or token

emblem pl=mottoes.

Mould, mold, n sit, wirf, Model, pattern, cast -- वृद्धि, आंकात्र , मतम मार्टित कींट , Form , shape ; character -नवम मुखिका , डेर्बजा माहि , Soil rich in derayed matter — খুণি, Dust — উপাদান, Com posing matter - \$15 (45, A minute pengus which grows on bulle in a dimp atmosphere. — গ ট স্থিব। বালা পূণ-র মৃতিবার্ড ক , lo cover with coil 一切をする している ! loshape, to form in a mould — इन' टामा माना, To knead — ছাত। পদাन, In cause to contract mould -ए :. ছাতা পঢ়া, চাতা ধৰা, Io become mouldy n= moulder Syn -(n) I ashion mildew, mustiness, smut blight loam (v) Model, fashion cacve cast configure Cast in a mould-এक र्त्तरा यश रावात्र म 5 क्तिन der Shape (so nething) in a cordance with something else —কোন বিশেষ ছাঁচে গতিত, Form of a (certum) make Cast in the same mould-একট ছ'ণ নিৰ্মিত এवर ना अ अ अलावितिनहें-इ , Be indentical in nature or character being moulded Mouldable, a का 5 को नवांच त्यांना , Capabic of Moulder molder 2 : f Lng mon'd, soft, carth ত্রমাশ না চ করিত-ছ lo waste away ciadually - \$18 . Lo cruiable to dust -v t 5' 4 To turn to dust Syn -Crumble decay, perish [ tectoral ornaments. Moulding, molding n \$15, Cieting, archi-Mouldwrap, n states, A mole. Mouldy, m di a gie 951, Occigrown with t 11 - nouldiness Moult, mul ৩ t চুৰ পালৰ পুত্ৰ প্ৰভৃতি প্ৰা '। १८ ८८ -ए र हूप हायम जात-क loca the tichit, skin &c), to shed Moulting, n 'in " : পাৰক সাগ অহাতি প্ৰি · I it c pr of moul ngot cat ing feith is skin &c. Mound, mid n il mone leap) 季何平 FA (0) 7 Art might fill or elevation of enth are It ink a utified mount grafebed an Dine bulwirk, rampart. a bank of control of stone thrown up for de-- 5015 Anatural i olated hill a hallock or knc i - ' वश बाना त्वान कृ वश बांबा with a mound Syn -(n) Hill halo k k l h ap , Lank Mount, n unt n [L mons maitis, moun 1111 প: পদত শেভার্য বল A high hil mount in an orniment il mound - \$3414 > p Me is or opportunity for mounting is, ther in dthe equipments for a horseman - 1 टेर्फ प-न \$. चन्दव हेंडो , To rise up -ह्य त्राच्य द lo get upon anything, get on h toll ack -4. 2 355 & To be of great elevatun नवि र Io amount or count up -v ! के पातिन के To raise iloft -बारबाइन-क , To chmb - अध्नुति आत्वाहण कवान अवशुति शांशन क ; To put on haise back - 44 cutate, Supply with houses - एडव शार्त शा विका डिशरवनन कृ , Bestride .

ব্যাবৰভাবে সন্ধিত কু To set in fitting order -

(454 644 1174-4, To put upon something.

Sys: -(v) Ascend, arise, uprise, tower, soar; scale, escalade; raise upon, set in, embellish, ornament; carry, furnish with.

Be mounted with—वीबान ; माना वा क्रमा निया वीबान ; Be laid over with ( gold or silver ).

Mount Elon—ৰৰ্গ: Heaven. [ sentinal. To mount guard—গ্ৰহনীৰ কৰ্ম-কৃ: To act as a Mountable, mountabl, a. আবোহণ-বোগ). আবোহণ-নাথা; That may be ascended.

Mountain, mowntan, n. পৰ্বাত, A high hill:— বৃহৎ বন্তু, কোন প্ৰকাণ্ড বস্তু . Anything very large : — n. পৰ্বাত্ৰসম্বাধীয় , পাৰ্শ্বতা ; Of or relating to a mountain :— বৃহৎ ; Vast

Mishomet shall come to the mountain— ছেটি বড়ৰ নিৰ্কট অবগুই আসিৰে, The less must come to the greater.

Makes mountain of a mole-hill - তিল্কে তাল অধ্যা-ক. Make great out of little difficulties.

Mountain in labour—বহাড়ৰে লঘু কিয়া, A mighty effort made for a small effect.
Mountain-ash, " কে প্ৰাৰ্থ . The rowan-tree

Mountain-dow, দ হ'া বিশেষ, Whisky.
Mountaineer, may ইনা-বিশৈষ, প্ৰতিকাদী, আন
কোক, label that of the bills, a rustic.

Mountam-lime-stone, n. colf agaga form.
A series of lime-stran election

Mountainous, mo ectio-us. a. পৰ্কতমৰ , পাৰ্প্ত ভাষ ; Ituli of mount : ১ — বৃহৎ , প্ৰকাত , Huge Mountain-pass – পিৰিম্ম ।

Mountebank, mounte-bangk, n. [lt. montare, to mount, arrivance, bench) হাত্তিরা, মুর্থ বৈদ্য আনার্থনী, এডাকে. A quark ductor; a boastful pretender charlitan Syn:—Empire, quack Mounting, n. অনুকার সাধন, The act of embleshing

Mourn, morn, n. s. বিনাপ-কৃ. ভাবিক-চ. To grive, to be sorrow'ul —n t (বাহাণ ভন্তঃ বিনাপ-কৃ, কৃৰ প্ৰকাশ-কৃ, To grieve for, bewail bemoin n=mourner Syn:—Deplore, liment, sorrow.

Mournor, ন লোককাৰী, নিশালনাতী, One who mourns—লোকত্তক বৰ প্ৰিথান কলি যে ক্ৰেৰ প্ৰায়ে প্ৰতিষ্ঠ অৱশ্যন কৰে; One who follows a funeral in the habit of mounting.

Mournfal, mornfool, a শেকস্কক, কোন্দ্ৰকাৰক, Expressing sorrow —লোকাবুল; লোকাবু; Full of sorrow —ছঃগ্রন্থক, Causing sorrow namournfullness, a framournfully. Syn —Sad, sorrowful, grievous, afficting, distressing, deplorable, lugubrious, doleful, heavy

Mourning, murhing, u নিলাণ; লোক; Grief, corrow:—পাকসচক বস্তু, The dress worn by mour ners — বেণকজনক, শোকস্থাক, বিবাশমান; Lamenting; expressing grief, ad-mourningly.

Mousetrap, n. रेन्स का ; A trap for catching mouse.

Moustache, mous-tash, n. Same as Mustache. Mouth, mouth, n. মূব; বনন; The opening in the face communicating with the wind pipe and gullet — মূব. Opening of a vessel, cave, hole, river &c.:—কবা কহিবাৰ বন্ধ: Instrument of speaking — অধান বজা; A principal speaker — মূবজনী. Wry face; grimace — ৮ . উচ্চকানিক; ইটানেবার উদ্যান-কৃ: To speak in a big or swelling manner. vociperate, rant — ৮ . ক্ষানান-কৃ: তিন্ধান-কৃ: To devour; to chew. Syn—(n) Chaps, jaws; aperture, opening, orifice, entrance, inlet.

Down in the mouth, a. বিষয়: ছাৰিত: Cast down.

[ the face Make mouths—মূৰকটী-ফু: মূল ভেলচান, Distort One's mouth waters—( কোল পাস্তেলা পেৰিয়া) মূৰে লাল পাড়ে: One feels a longing desire for something ( generally, food ) which is excessively tempting.

Stop the mouth—মূৰ বৰ-কৃ Put to silence Take the bread out of one's mouth—মূৰ্ত্ব আন কাড়িয়া লখ্যা; Deprive one of the means of subsistence.

Mouthed, a. ফু'লিই, Furnished with a mouth. Mouther, n দায়িক বস্থা . An affected speaker. Mouth-friend, n কণ্ট বন্ধু , A more professing friend.

Mouthful, mouthfool, n প্রান, অভন, সমিন্ত পৃথি-মান; As much as the mouth contains at once, is much as fills the mouth, a small quantity Mouth-honour, mouth-onur, n. কণ্ট ভয়তা, মোৰিক শিষ্টতা, Civility without incenty.

Mouthless, monthles, a न्यून, निक्य, Wi-

Mouth-place, mowthpes, n বানার মূপ, স্থানা, Part of a musical institument that touches the lips — নে বক্তি মন্তানত ব কামত প্রবাশ করে, মুখ-বরুপ, মুখানির, One who speaks for others, a spokesman.

Movable, a চেৰবীল; That may move or be moved — অহানি, অহাৰৰ, Not fixed, changeable [and turniture.

Movables, r. p. water ren's . Personal goods Move, moor, o t [L movee, to move ] চালিত-কু, খান পবিবর্তন করান; সঞ্চাবিত-কু; To cause to change place or position, to set in motion - विश्वविक . To affect (the mind, will or passions) —বাধাৰ-ৰ : Propose . offer :-- আন্ত-क. Touch pathetically -कार्या (अ'enfes क. To excite to action :- artis 5 7. 347/90 7. উত্তেজিত-কু , To persuade ; to arouse , to excite : -v. s. Asi . To have motion ; to go from one place to another :- बीडी ; भावतम हना To walk : - वान गतिवर्तन-इ: वानाव्यत वार्या; To change place or posture; to go from one place to another -- ariq-F; To make a motion as in an assembly :- ॥ अवन ; त्रकांतन , A movement , the act of moving :- (को भन : Trick # mover. Syn :- (v) Impel. propel. push. shore. of the change, alter, remove, actuate, persuade

prompt, instigate, incite, induce, incline, influence, rouse, agitate; affect, impress, touch; go, proceed, march, progress; act, live; change residence, flit.

Move earth and heaven—ৰৰ্গ মৰ্ক আলোড়িছ-কু; বৰ্গ মৰ্ক পাড়ান এক-কু; বৰালাগা চেটা-কু; Exert one's utmost; make a most powerful movement; use every possible effort.

Movement, mooving, a. চলন্ত্ৰ সংগ্ৰহণ কৰি ।

Movement, mooving : দি act of moving ; motion :—উত্তেজনা : মানসিক উদ্ভেজনা ; Excitement ; emotion :—বাজবিলোই : Insurrection :—নজীতাংল ; A part in music :—মনের পতি ; Motion of the mind. Syn :—Motion, change, moving, flowing ; agitation.

[ এইটা কাব্য অস্থান সংগ্রহণ কি প্রতিগাল, কি লাতিখাল, mooving, a. চকানীল : পরিবর্জনীল .

Causing motion changing position :—মর্থ-ক্ষিণী : কুলা-উত্তেজক ; Pathetic ; affecting the feelings, ad = movingly.

Moving spirit — डेस्सामी भूडव ; Principal or energetic pers in an enterprise.

Mow, no, n তুগের রালি; শদোর মুগ: Heap, as of corn, a pile of hay —v. t. তুণ রাশিকৃত রাগা: শদা মুপাকারে রাখা; To lay hay or sheaves of grain to a heap:—কাতে বারা কঠন-কৃ; কাতে বাবা চেলন বৃ, To cut down with a scythe:—ব্লাব বদাক, বছল পরিমাণে কাতিয়া কেলা; To cut down in great numbers:—v. i. মাম কাতা; To cut grass.

Mowor, molér, n. বে মান কাতি: ভূপজেলক; One Mowing, n. কাতে মাব কেলে, তেনিত ভূপ ভূমিবত.

The art of cutting down with a scythe; land from which grass is cut.

As much as lies in one's power—বধানাথ।
As much as lies in one's power—বধানাথ।
As much as to say—তাহা খারা এই বলা বা ভাব থাকাল করা হয়; Meaning thereby to say:—এ বনাও বা ও বলাও তা; Equivalent to saying.

Make much of—সন্ধাৰ-কু; Treat with great respect.

Much coin, much care—যার জনেক টাকা, ভার বড় স্থাননা; One who has a great deal of money has also a good deal of care.

Much cry and little wool—ব্লারত্তে সব্জিলা। So much for—ও সবলে এই ড, বা এই পর্যন্ত ; This is all that I have to say about.

So much so—এতদুর ; To such a degree. Think much of one's self—আন্ধরাবা পরবৰ-হ ; To be self-conceited.

This much, thus much—এডা; এই পৰ্যন্ত ; So much ; so far. [ #=mucidness. Mucid, mu'sid, a. আটাবুক ; আঠান ; Slimy. Mucilage, mu'si-lāj, n. আটাবুক পৰাৰ্থ ; বিল ; বাছেন আটা . Slimy substance like mucus ; gum ; a substance like mucus, found in certain vegetables.

Mucilaginous, mū'si-lajin-us, a. আটাবং;
আঠাল; Slimy:—রসনিসালা; Secreting mucilage.
Muck, muk, n. ভিজা গোবৰ; পুরীব; Dirt; dung;
filth:—অযক্ত এব্য: কদ্ধ্য বস্তু; Something mean
vile, or fithy:—v. t. গোবরাদি ধারা সার-দে; প্রীবাদি সার দেওখা; To manure with muck; dung.
Muckworn, n. গোবরে পোকা; A worm that
lives in dung:—সপা; Miser.

Muoky, muki, a. मग्रनायुक्त ; मम्ल ; क्लानिकांत ; Nasty ; filthy. n=muckiness.

Muoous, mū'kus, a. [L. mucosus, from mucus, mucus] আটাবুক : আঠাব : Slimy; viscous. Syn:—Ropy, gummy, glutinous, viscid, mucilaginous.

Mucous diarrhos—আমালয়। Mucous tissue—লৈখিক বিলী।

Mucua, mū'kus, n. কো , আম ; কক ; নোআ ; The shime fluid on all the interior canals of the body to moisten them ; the viscid fluid from the nose. Mud, mud, n. পক , কৰ্দম ; সৃত্তিকা ; Moist ; soft carth :—v. t. পকে গ্ৰেছিড-কু ; ক্দিনে গ্ৰেছিড-কু ; To bury in mud :—ছোলা-কু ; পৰিল-কু ; To dirty ; to muddy.

Muddle, mudl, v. t. ঘোলাক : আনিল-ক ; To make muddy or foul, as water :- মাতাল-ক ; তত্ত্বিদি-ক ; To make half drunk ; to stupefy.

Muddy, mude, a. আনিল; প্ৰিল, কৰ্মমাক্ত: ঘোলা; Foul with mud; containing mud; covered with mud; turbid:—বিকোৰ; হতবৃদ্ধি; Stupid: confused:—হ. t. কৰ্মমায-কৃ: আবিল-কৃ: To dirty:—বিকোৰ-কৃ: ভতবং-কৃ. To render dull; make dull. ad=muddily, n=muddiness. Syn:—(a) Miry, luteous, impure, dirty, soiled, foul; dull, muddled, confused.

Muddy-headed, muci-heded, a. অলস; বির্দেশ। ভঙ্গুদ্ধি; Dull; eluggish.

Muezzin, m3-eźm, n. বে মোসলমান মোলা মস্বিদে থাকিবা উচ্চৈঃখরে উপাসনাকাল জ্ঞাপন করে; A Mohammedan official, who announces the hours of prayer.

Muff, mui. দ হস্তাহরণ বিশেষ: উপায়র হস্তাচ্ছাদ্রী; Soft cover of fur to wrap the hands in :— নির্কোধ লোক; A fool; a sly, stupid fellow.

Muffin, mul'in, n. কোমল পিষ্টক বিশেব; A light spongy cake.

Muffin boy, n. A boy who sells muffin.

Muffle, muf'l, v. f. আচ্ছালন-কৃ. To wrap up; shroud:—গোণন-কৃ; Conceal:—এমন ক্রিয়া আচ্ছালন করা বে শব্দ শ্রুত না হয়; শব্দ শ্রুতগোচর না হয় এ ভাবে ভড়ান; To wrap up, so as to render sound dull:—চকু বাধিয়া দৃষ্টপক্তি হীন-কৃ; To bludfold. Syn:—Cover; disguise; deaden the sound of. [A cover that muffles the face. Muffler, muffler, n. মুখাবরণ; মুখাচ্ছাণনী; অব্ভাঙন, Muffi, n. ডুবফালের মোনবন্দান-বিধি বাংখাকাৰ

An official expounder of alchammedan law fiug. in Turkey. Mag, mug, s. वनशीत : Barthen or metal cup or Muggy, mug'i, Muggish, mug'ish, a. 李汉何-कामा ; बाई ; किया ; hoggy , close and damp. Mulatto, mu-lato. #. ইউবোপীযেৰ উরসে কারিক গঠলাত সন্থান; খেতকৃক-বৈখুনজাত সন্থান; The offspring of a white and black parents. fem = [ tree, a fruit. mulattress. Mulberry, mulber-i, n. जुंडवाह : जुंडवन . A Mulberry-faced, a. Spotted like mulberry Mulberly nosed, a Having the note spotted Mulet, mulk, n. [ L. muleto, to fine ] अविश्वान . wifes; A fine of money; a penalty .- v f [ sing a fine खर्बक क-कृ , To fine. Mulctuary, mulktu-ar-i, त अर्थन्तकारी, Impo-Mule, mul. n. जवडन, नक्षन; Mongrel (off-

spring ) of a horse and an uss : - लियांव लांक . একররে লোক; Pig-heided man; a stublmin person: - जुड़ा काड़ी यम् , डेंड् विटनर , Spinning machine; an instrument for cotton-spinning Muleteer, mil-et-ti', p 代的4 51年本; 報告 54-

5174 One who drives mules.

Mulish, malish, a twater, waster, Like a mule -- अवश्वात , निष्ठी शांतवक , Obstinate , पा तीbut a milen. ad-malishly, no mulishne M all, mal, t. ! व्यम ह , शतम क शा करता किला "" कृषाञ्च , Soften , to leat spice, and sweeten Mullagatawny, म. लून दिल्ला ; An East Indian [file

curry-soup Mullet, mulet, n. ceta. Firt went. A gen .s c Mullion, mulyun, n. अ, बाबा प्रवाद , जुराका क मृत्र वा उछ . Upright bar dividing the lights o' a window :- v. t natted atal ein- , lo shipe

into divisions by mulle no Multiangular, Mullangular, a 4814 | TELET, Having mant angle o corner-

Multidinous, adi 3 48 . Many

Multifarious, mul-te-l'i'c u., a ' L. multu many, and varius, variou j apaffet, re 4 Manifold, various, having creat diversity ad=nultifarrously. Syn -- Multifarm, divers, diversified.

Multiform, multi-form, a वक्कम, नशाबीह, Having many forms n=multiformity

Multilateral, mul-ti-later-ul, o. 49 29 . Hat ing many sides

Multilineal, mul-ti-line-al, a. उक्तव : Havir. name many lines.

Multinomial, a sine ame of the Having main Multiped, mu'ti-ped, n. 1 . multus, many and pes, pedis, foot | 3297 416; An insert

having many feet.

Multiple, multi-pl, a [ I. multus, many, plico, to fold | 1975 . 2894, Having many parts, repeated many times -n. 1973 uftow; A number or quantity containing another an exact number of times. Multiplex, multi-picks, a अत्वक, तकन, Mani-Multipliable, multi-pli-a-bl, a. अपनीत , That may be multiplied; capable of being multiplied Multiplicand, multi-pii-kand, n. गुत्रेश अक .

खातानि . A number or quantity to be multiplied by another.

Multiplication, mul-te-ple-ka'shun, #. 934: ভাব. ভাৰ কৰিবাৰ নিয়ম ; The number or quantity by which any given number or quantity is multiphed Syn .- Multiplicity; repetition; seiteration, reproduction.

Multiplicative, multi-pli-kat-iv, a. ७१वनीव ; ध्यनक्त्र, Having the power to multiply.

M iltiplicator, multi-pli-kat-ur, n. etestet; The multiplier.

Multiplicity, mul-ti-plisi-ti, n. नानाविष ; निवि-वद् ; रहम वा , रोहना ; A great number or variety. Multiplier, multi-pli-er, n. अक्पूदक: अपक: क्षकानि. The number or quantity by which another is multiplied

Multiply, multe-pl. v. t [ L. mulius, many, and pluare, to fold ] विक-कृ, बहमाबाक-कृ; To make minifold or many; to make more numerous - of # . To perform the process of arithm "'c mu'un'ication -ए : श्वम-कु ; रिक्रिक \* To there'se. Syn :- Augment ; repett, re't rate.

Multitudo, multe 'ad, n f I, mu'ius, many ] round, ent. Great miny -nitige coit. हतारे, कामांशांत्र , तश्हांक महताय , Throng . a crowd populace; the common people. Syn -Hit lemon army, warm, concourse mob, county alty, vulgar,

Multitudinous, mul-ti-tīci-nus, a. Ales ; west ( a stray or larger the appearance of a mult tude manifold

Mum tum, a faya, aar; Silent .- n. fare of Stene to from , A sort of strong beer -art feenis Dit, Be slent.

Mumble, murild, ए : 1 र विष त , अल्ब्हेडाय देश : Speak with the lips pratty closed, speak indi in the live of gramble, speak marticula 'e and any Ever- f. To thew soft'y gerre of after gravit, to ent with the lips 17-1 १ / प्यत्नाष्ठ वला, अत्रन्मर्व डेक्टाइन-कू. To uter and tenetly or imperiectly :- The Tits ata est. To mouth cently

Mumbler, mumble, n erfes fes des, ala www.z-if. One who speaks with a low, indis-

Mumm, mum, ए / हद्यारण-कृ: क्याराम (क्रोड्क-7 : To mask ; to frolic in dirguist.

Mummer, mu iei, n buciel Gis; sucte কৌত্ৰ হাই . A bulloon ; a masker.

Mummery, mumeri, n. मूक्त शंबानुक्क कीड़ा क्षाप , छन्नादन शादन , कोजूक क्ष्मन , Masking , faicical show, butto mery; diversion.

Mummify, muni-it, v. t. यमनीवित बांती कुछत्वक ড্রান বিরয়া বাপা : To make into a mummy ; to embalm and dry as a mummy. n=mummification.

Mumming, n. কথানেৰী ভাতের অভিনয় . The sports of mummiers '-a. ভারের অভিনয় সংক্রান্ত ; Pertaining to the sports of munimers.

Mummy, mumi, n. मनता शंद्रां तक्षित नव : भनन इक्ट जिल्ल नव; Dead body dried and preserved; human body preserved by the Egyptian art of balming —v. t. গলন হইতে বন্ধা-৫.
To embalm and dry, as a mummy. [soundly Beat to a mummy —উত্তম মধ্যম প্রহার ক. Beat Mump, mump, v t মুখ বন্ধ রাখিনা অধ্যোক্ত কংক স্থানক-ক. অপত্তী বন্ধা, To move the lips with the mouth almost closed —গাঁহ চন্ধা-ক. প্রকট্ট করিয়া কামড়ান, To cheat —v ঃ. ডিকা-ক ডিক্তের ভাগ ক. To play the beggar —বিভ্
ভিক্তের ভাগ ক. To play the beggar —বিভ্
ভিক্তের ভাগ ক. To play the beggar —বিভ্

Mumpor, mump'er, ম ভিক্ক, A beggar. Mumpish, mump'ish, a বিভেক, বিভাক, বিভাক, বিশ্বভাৰত্তক, Silent, dull, sullen. ad – mum-

pishly, == mumpishness

Mumps, # কৰ্মল প্ৰদাহ , গলাপুল , A swelling of the glands of the neck

Munch, munch, v. t শক্ষাৰ্থক চৰ্জ্ব-কু, To chew noisily or engerly — v i মুখ না ধুলিং। দৰ্শন-কু
To chew with closed lips, masticate, to chew without opening the mouth n=muncher

Muncher, त. पूर्व वा कृतिका व्यवस्थ वाच, On who munches

Mungoose, Mongoose, ११ वर्ग, An animal of India, which dortoys snakes, small animal &c., 1 species of icritiumon

Mundane, mu'id 1, a | 1. mundus, the world | अभिन सार्थात्र विद्यालय । world |

Municipal, municipal, and in unit efficial duties, and capio, to take I have say, Relating to a city, corporation or state

Municipality, লাই লাও চাই চা, ল নাগৰিব বিভাগ, বিশেষ অধিকাৰত প্ৰভাৱ ল lown corpo a tion, a municipal district

Munificance, mū-nic-cent, a [ I muneri ,
gift, and facere, to make ; দ্বিশালত] . শেষ্টেড়া
Bountifulness, lib rality পিন্ধ -- Beneficent
bounteous, bountiful, cenerous, princely.

Munificent, ma-nli-scit, a भ्यानु वक्षण उत्तर Generous, bount ful ad-munificently Muniment, mu'ni ment, n 5° आञ्चरकप, Fortification, stronghold defence - यः इत प्रकि-अख. A record defending a claim, title deeds.

Munition, mainishin n f L munitio from munite, to forthly | 347144, August 44, Materials used in war for defence, or for annoying an enemy, military stores of all kinds usually in pl — 44. Fortress. Syn —Fortification, defence, ammunition

Munnion, munyun, Same is Muliian [deet. Muntjac, muntjak, n হ'বৰ বিলেগ A species of Mural, mural, a [L. murus, a wall, প্রাচীবস্থায়, প্রাচীবস্থায়, হাচীবস্থায়, steep.

Mural crown, n wright, Crown given to him who first mounts a breach and plants a standard there

Murder, mur'dei, দ হতা হিছাকৃত বরহতা।, Slaying a human being with malice, the act of killing a person intentionally and from malice—e. t. ইজাপুৰ্ক বরহতা।-কৃ. হতা৷-কৃ. বিলই-কৃ. To commit murder, to desiroy, slay, to put an end to. Syn.—(n) Assassante, massacre,

dispatch, kill.

Murder the king's English—was talk

বলা . ভূপ ই রাজি কহা , Talk bad English Murder will out—পুন চেপে বাবা বার না ; A murder cannot be kept concealed long

Murderer, mur'der-er, n. इडाकिजी, चांडक. Slayer, one who is guilty of murder. fem= murderess Syn —Assassin, cut-throat, bloodshedder, man-slayer

Murderous, mui'dei-us, a হচাপৰাৰী, ক্ৰিয়া; হচাচনক, হন্তৰাম, Guilty of, consisting in accompanied with, fond of or premeditating murder, bloody, blood-guilty, blood-thirsty—
অসভ্য, নিজৰ নিত্ৰ, Savage, cruel—হন্তকাম; নিউৰ, Bloody, cruel a l=murderously Syn:—
hell, sanguinary, truculent

Mure, mur, v t. প্রাচীর বেইড কু, To inclose in walls [shell-fish.

Murex, mu'reks, n শব্দ বিশেষ, A genus of Muriatic, niū-ii-atik, a [L muria, brine] লব্ধৰ্ক, দৈৰূৰ লশ্পেংস, Obtained from seasile hydrochloric

Muricate, muri-kat, Muricated, a. ভীক কণ্টকবিশিপ্ত Aimed with harp points

Muriform, a প্রাটারেশ ইয়ক মত Resembling the bucks in a will

Murky, mur's, a অককাৰত (पान, जलहे, Dark; chane gloony n=murkiness ad=murkily Murmur, mur'mur, n वल वल नक, जलबिक् हैं निवस हान चिन जलांग, low or grumbling cound, complaint—v: वल कल म्बन्द, To utter a murmur— निवस्थियांम-क To grumble; complain n or urmur Syn—(r) Undertone, whisper, mutt r grumble humming, buzzing. (\*) Hum drone, bu z, repine

Murmurous, mui'n ur us, a कलकान अपूक ; Atten led with murmurs , murmuring

Murrain, mur'an, r [L mirror, to die]

Muscadel, Muscadine, Muscat, Muscatel, n জাত বিশেষ, তজাতীৰ নৰ, A spicy

Muscle, must n = a sell. The fleshy parts of in an null by with it mayes

Muscle, Mussel, n নাম ত্ৰক কিবুক, A marine bivalve shell insh ( used for food )

Involuntary muscle বর পেনী, Muscle of or came his a unscriped muscle

Voluntary muscle—ইচ্ছাৰত পেনী. Muscle of

Muscoid, a ध्वतानंदर, Moss-like —n. केंद्रि

Muscular, musku-lar, a মানাপৰী সৰ্বায় , Belonging to a muscle —বলবান , বলিচ , মুচ্বায় , মানল , Strong , brawny , vigorous \*=muscularity ad-muscularity Syn —Sinewy, brawny robust, sturdy, lusty, athletic, powerful. Muscular Christiantity—বল্ম ব্য ; Christianity which braces a man to fight bravely and manfully.

Muse, muz, v : [F. muser, to trifle] निकृत्य जारनाइनो-कृ, To study in silence, अताह हिन्दा-कृ গৰীৰ চিছা-ছ: Think closely; maditate:—a.
বাৰ; অহুবাৰ; গৰীৰ চিছা: Deep thought; contemplation:—কাষাবিটাতী কেবী; Goddess of
song; one the Greek nine goddesses of the
arts. n=muser. ad=musingly. Syn:—(v)
Reflect, cogitate, contemplate, ruminate. revolve, ponder, dream, brood, speculate.

Museum, mu-ze'um, n. চিত্ৰণালিকা, বাছৰৰ, Collection of curious objects in nature and art. Mush, n. ৰলসিছ ভূটা চুৰ্ব; Indian meal boiled in water.

Mush-room, mushroom, n. ছত্ৰক; বেজৰ ছাতা;
A fungus:—ৰাধুনিক বাবু: হঠাৎ বাবু: An upstart:
—a. অন্তৰ্গহাৰী; Pertaining to mush-room;
short-lived.

Music, muzik, ল. স্বীত্ৰিলা; স্বীত্ৰায়; Science which treats of harmony:—ফ্ৰয়; স্বীত; Melody or harmony:—পান যুচনা; A musical composition. Syn:—Melody, harmony, symphony. Discourse sweet or eloquent music—স্বীতের আলাশ্চারি-কৃ: Chaunt:—মধুস আওমাল বাছির-কৃ; Produce melody.

Instrumental music-- वाषा

Musical, mu'zik-al, a. নসীত্ৰ্যন্তীয় ; স্কীত্ৰিয়ক ; Relating to music :—সঙ্গীত্ৰিয় ; Fond of music :—নৰ্ম ; কুলাবা ; Melodious ; sweet. n=musicalness. ad=musically. Syn :—Harmonical, dulcet, harmonious, tuneful.

Musician, mu-zishan, n. ৰাদ্যকর ; সন্থাতবিদ্যানিপুণ ব্যক্তি ; সন্ধাতপারবিপারদ , A performer of music, one skilled in music.

Musing, mufing, n. Meditation. Syn:—Contemplation, reflection, dreaming, brown study, abstraction, reverie.

Musk, musk, n. মুগৰাভি; কন্তান্ত; A strong perfume, obtained from a bag behind the navel of the male musk-deer .—v. t. মুগৰাভি বান; স্থানি-কু; To perfume with musk.

Musk-door, n. এক প্ৰকাৰ বস্ত হৰিণ ; কন্তবিকা-খুগ , A deer that yields musk.

Musket, musket, n. वन्त्र ; आंश्वाय विद्नित , The common hand-gun for the infantry.

Musketeer, mus-ket-ër', n. बन्क्यादी दिनिक , A soldier armed with a musket.

Musketoon, mus-ket-তিন, n. ছোট বন্ধুক; A blunder-bass; a short musket:—বন্ধুকারী নৈনিক: One armed with a short musket.

Musketry, musket-ri, ন. বৰ্ক সন্বয়, Muskets collectively:—মকেট্ পরিচালন, Practice with muskets. [cious melon.

Musk-melon, ন. কুট বিশেষ; A species of deli-Musk-ox, ন. বৃক্তাতীয় লয় বিশেষ, A small quadruped of the ox family.

Musk-rat, n. ব্ৰিক্লাতীয় লকু বিশেষ; A rodent of the shrew family.

Musky, muski, a. বুগৰাভিবাসিত; কছাবিকাগছি; Having the odour of musk. ad—muskily. n= muskiness. [ fine thin kind of cotton cloth. Muslin, muslin, n. ব্যৱ কাৰ্ণাস বন্ধ বিশেষ; A Muslinet, muslin-et, n. মূল বন্ধ বিশেষ; A course kind of muslin.

Musquito-Same as Mosquito.

Mussel, See muscle. स. विष्य : A shell-fish. Mussulman, mussul-man, स. यूग्यमान : Mohammedan. pt = mussulmans.

Mast, v. i. ( or auxilliary ); বাধা হৰৱা; অৰ্থই; অৰ্থ কৰিতে হৰৱা; To be obliged; to be essential to the end proposed:—ন্ন. অপক আকা-মুখা; A kind of wine,

Mustache, mus-tash, Mustachio, ল. আজ:
গৌদ: কব: The beard growing upon the upper lip.
Mustachioed, a. কবলারা, Having mustachios.
Mustard, mustard, n. স্বলা বুক; A plant with
a pungent taste:—স্বল; রাই; The seed:—
আচার; Condiment.

Muster, muster, v. f. [L. moustrare, to show]
সংগ্ৰহ-ড় ; সমবেত-ড় ; একআ-ড় ; To collect togather; to assemble :—v. f. একআ-ছ, সমবেত-ছ;
Tobe gathered together, as troops :—n. সৈত-পরিদর্শন ; সৈতু সংগ্রহ ; সেনাসব্যায় ; An assembly of
troops ; review :—সমবেত ভ্রত ; Collected show.
Syn:—(v) Marshal, collect, rally, convene,
gather, enrol; meet together, congregate, assemble.

Pass muster—চলে বাৰকা; To pass inspection uncensured; pass without censure; pass without objection made or fault found; be approved of. [ হইবা আনা; Come in a large body. Muster strong—দলে অধিক হইবা আনা; দনে পুৰু Muster up—নাজ্যক কু, Gather or summon up. Muster roll, muster-roll, m. সৈম্ভদের নাম লিখিত কুৰি বা তালিকা; List of soldiers.

Muster-master, muster-master, n. সৈনিক-দিগের ও ভার্নের অৱশ্রানির হিনাব-রক্ষক; One who keeps an account of the muster.

Musty, muste, a. ছাতা পড়া; ছাতা ধরা. অপরিকার; Spoiled bp damp; sour, foul n=mustiness. ad=mustily. Syn:—Mouldy, fetid, stale.

Mutability, mu-ta-bile-te, n 知知: Quality of being subject to change. Syn .—Changeable-ness, inconstancy, instability; unsteadiness, fickleness, vacillation.

Mutable, mu'tā-bl, a. [ I.. mutabilis, from mutare to change ] a. भित्रवर्शनीय ; भित्रवर्शनीय ; 547 : Changeable ; variable , fickle. ns=mutability, mutableness, ad=mutably. Syn:--Alterable, unsteady, unsettled, wavering, irresolute. [ alteration , variation. Mutation, mu-ta'shun, n. প্রিবর্তন, Change; Mute, mut, a. मूक : वार्वा ; यानी : वाक्नाक्तरीय ; Dumb ; silent ; unpronounced :- " . युक ; (वावा ; One who is dumb :-- भव वाजीत पुरू अनूहत , Dumb attendant of a funeral :-- व ग्रीह मुख्यम् आरह তাংার সমুৰে দভারমান ভূতা : অক্টেডিকার স্বাবহিত भूत्सं नियुक्त अखिरांत्री: One employed to stand before the door of a house in which there is a corpse :-- अवकार्श वर्ष : A consonant formed by a position of the vocal organs which stops the passage of the breath entirely, as p, b, d, g, k, t. n=mutness. Syn :- (a) Silent, speechless, voiceless, taciturn, still.

Muto, mut, n. পদা-বিচা; The dung of birds:—
v. t. (পদাবি) জাগ-ড়; To cast off as feathers:—
v. i. (পদাবিৰ) সক্ষাগ-ড়; To dung, as birds.

Mutilate, mu'te-lat, v t [L mutilus, maimed] अवशीन-कृ, दश्य-कृ, To maim, cut off a limb. n=mutilation, mutilator. Syn—Disable, cripple, disfigure

Mutilation, n. আংশ বিশেষ হেগন , কোন জন্ম বা আন্দোর বিজ্ঞোনাধন, Deprivation of a limb or essential part.

Mutineer, mu-ti-ner', # बाकवित्जांशे , विद्धांशे . One guilty of mutiny

Mutinous, mu'te-nus, a त्राक्तिकारी, निकारी.
Seditious n=mutinousness, ad=mutinously
Syn —Turbulent, unruly, in ubordinate,
factious, riotous, insurgent, rebellious.

Mutiny, mu'te ne, n [ h mutin, rebellious ]
বিজ্ঞাহ, বাকবিটোহ, Insurrection sedition—
গোলমাল, গঙগোল, Tumult, strite—v ঃ.
বিজ্ঞাহী-ই, বিজ্ঞোহ-কু. To revolt, to rise in aims
Syn:—(n) Insubordination, revolt, rebellion,
rising, riot.

Mutter, muter, তঃ অপুক্তৰ কং কং , অপ্ৰত কথা কহা, To utter words in a low voice — ত প অপষ্টভাবে উচ্চাৱণ-কু, To utter indistrictly — দ অপষ্ট উচ্চাৱণ, Repressed or obscu us utterance. Syn —(n) Mumble, speak imperfectly, murmur, grumble [ sheep

Mutton, mutn, n বেল-ফাংল The flesh of | Mutton-chop, mutn shop, n মৰ-মাংসের | টুকৰা, ছেণিত মেৰ পক্ষরাছি A rib of mutton chop ped from the loin

Mutual, mu'tu-al, a. I mu'tu, it?

mutare, to change | Mar de Mara Reco

procal n=mutuality, a l=mutuality Syn —

Interchanged, common alternate, interchangeable, correlative.

Muzzle, muzi, n মুখ Mouth.—\*\*খন নিৰাৰণাৰ মুখৰজনী, A projecting for the mouth to prevent biting —কামানেৰ মুখ, The extreme end of a gun —v t মুখৰজ কু প্ৰতিৰোধ কু. To put a muzzle on Syn —(n) Sneut, nozzle.

My, mi, poss a আনাৰ, Belonging to me Mycology, mi kolo ji, n [Gr mykes, fungus, and logos, discourse] বেডেম ছাডার বিষয়ণ, ছত্ৰদ বিজ্ঞান, The science treating of the fungior

mushrooms.

Mynheer, n. Sir, Mr — The ordinary title of address among the Dutch, hence, a Dutch man.

Myology, mi-olo-ji, n মানবদেবের পেনী বৃত্তান্ত , A description of the muscles of the human body

Myope, mi'op, %. अहम्हिरिमिष्टे लोक , अन्यमर्थन-क्य व्यक्ति ; A short-sighted person.

Myopy, m'o-pi, n [Gr myo, to close, and ops, the eye] अवगृष्ट, अमृदगर्ननक्ष, Short-

sightedness Myriad, mir'i-ad, # দশ সংল্ৰ , অবৃত্ত , অগণিত সংখ্যা ; Any immense number.

Myriapod, গ. ব্যাহলণৰ কীট; কীটাকাৰ কৰ: A worm-shaped articulate animal, having many jointed legs.

Myemidon, mir'mi-don, গ. অতত গৈনিক পুরুষ ; যে বাজি বিভিন্নতাযে আফেশ পালম করে ; অসমসাহসিক দত্যা-বন্দের একক্ষম ; Rough soldier ; one who rutlessly executes orders, a ruffian under a daring leader.

Myrrh, mer, भ भक्त , स्थिक नियान विस्तृत , An aromatic gum retin and incense

Myrtle, mer'tl, n মেদিশাছ, চিরছরিৎ বৃক্ষ বিশেষ; A plant sacred to Verus, an evergreen shrub with beautiful and fragrant leaves.

Mysolf, mi-seli', pron आणि वद , श्वः आयोद ; I myself, me in person

Mysterious, mis-tc'ie-us, a निमृष्ठ, स्थः; ख्रांशः, Obscure, secret incomprehensible. n=mysteriousness, ad=mysteriously Syn — Occult, hidden, dark, mystic, cabalistic, eingmitical, abstruse, recondite, unicvealed, unexplained, unaccountable

Mystery, mister-t, n [G musterson, from musin, to shut the eyes] সূত্তৰ, ভূজেই বিষয়; মহলা Something hidden, dark unexplained or above man's understanding, secret — আছে- f ক Enigma, puzzle, riddle — ৰাহ্মায়, Trade, calling — হয়শিল, Handicraft — pl. নাটক শিক্ষা A kind f rude drama of a religious charact r

Mystery plays and miracle plays—A species of drimatic compositions, having characters and seems drawn from the Bible which were performed in the in ddle ages

Mystre, mit k Mystreal, mistik-al, a [G. mit then belonging to secret inter] সুত, গোলনাম, দিশ্ব খালনামিক, নিশ্ব খালনামিক, Al egorical ad = mystreally Syn — Obscure, hidden, mysterious cabalistic, inscrutable, obstruce emblematical

Mystic, n ধ্যুসন্তাগার ধ্যেক্র অক্তম, One who holds to mysticism

Mysticism, misti-sizm, n দিছিক সম্প্রদারের ধর্মত জালানের সংস্কৃতিবের প্রভাক যোগ হইতে পারে এই মতে বিবাস The doctrine of the mystics, who maintain that they have direct intercourse with the divine spirit —নিগ্রহা, ছুজের্ছ, Obscurity of doctrine.

Mystify, miste-fi, t t [G mus'es, and L. facere, to make, গোপন-কৃ. ছজেব বা নিগ্ত-কৃ.
To make obscure or secret, to involve in mystery n=mystification Syn—Perplex, confuse, pose, puzzle, confound, play upon.

Myth, mith n (नोवानियो क्या , উनक्या , भव , A legend , fable fiction, allegory, parable.

Mythio, mithik, Mythical, mithik-al, a. পৌরাণিক, কার্নিক, Relating myths, fabulous, ad-mythically. Syn.—Imaginary, fictitious, fanciful

Mythologic, mith-o-logik, Mythological, mith-o-logik-al, a. (शीवांतिक, कांब्रानिक, Fabulous, ad=mythologically.

Mythologist, mith-olo-just n. পৌরাণিক . প্রাণক , প্রাণ-লেবক , One versed in, or who writes on, mythology.

Mythology, mith-olo-ji, n. প্ৰাণ, প্ৰাণনিকাল; বেৰভাষ্যাল, System of fables on religion; the science of myths, a treatise on gods, angels, fairies &c. মি-ইংৰাজি বৰ্ণনালায় চতুৰ্কল বৰ্ণ ৰা অকল ; The 14th letter of the English alphabet.

Nab, nab, v. f. অক্সাং-বৃ; To catch suddenly. Sym:—Seize, lay hold of, clutch, grip, take; capture, arrest, apprehend.

Nabab, na'bob, n. দ্বাব: মোগলসমাটের প্রতিনিধি
শাসনকর্ত্তা; East Indian prince or governor:—
ধনশালী ব্যক্তি ধনীলোক; Any man of great
wealth:—প্রাচ্য ভূবতে প্রচ্ব ধনসক্ষর করিয়া বলেশপ্রত্যাপত ইব্রোপবাসী; A European who returns
home from the East with immense wealth.

Nacre, na'kr, n বিসুক; Mother-of-pearl.

Nadir, na'dır, n. আবাবিন্দু, The point or pole of the heavens under our feet.

From senith down to the nadir—উচ্চতন
খান ক্টতে নিমতন খান পৰ্যান্ত; From the highest
point of elevation to the lowest depth.

Bag, nag, n. টাটুবোড়া; A small saddle-horse pony:—p. t. বিষক্ত-কৃ; ডাক্ত-কৃ; To tease; to scold; annoy.

Naiad, na'yad, n. জলদেবতা; উৎস-দেবতা; Water-nymp; nymph of fountains and streams Nail, nal, n. নব . The claw of a beast or bird:
—নব; নবন, The horny scale growing at the end of the human fingers or toes—পেবেক .
A metal spike for fastening timbers:—স মুই
বি ; A measure of length (2) inches)—v. f.
পোনক মানা, পোনক দিয়া আবছ-কু; To fasten with nails.

Wail a lie—পট করিয়া যিখা প্রকাশ করিয়া দেওলা,
To show it to be a lie, so plainly as to stop its
circulation.

Nail one's colors to the mast—স্চলভিজ-হঙ্কা; To take a decided stand in any matter; to express a determined purpose.

Nail up—ৰাবৰ-কৃ; Fasten up.
On the nail—তৎকণাৎ; নগৰ টাকার; Immediately; on ready money.

To hit the nail on the head—विक द्वारन हाड-त्य; To touch or seize the exact point.

Tooth and nail-पशंत्राण; नाषावढ; With one's utmost power.

Mailer, naier, भ. (भरतक-वारमात्री ; (अकनिर्धान-वारमात्री ; One whose trade is to make nails.

Mailery, nalèr-i, n. পেরেকের করিবানা; থেক নির্বাধনানা; Place where nails are made.

স্কাশক, নহ'লে, ত. সরল , অবণ্ট ; Artiss ; ingenuous ; frank. ed=naively. n=naivete.

Maivete, n. नरगठा; भवनकेषा; Articsaness; aimplicity.

Maked, naked, s. डेल्ब ; वर्ष ; Unclothed ; bare :--वर्ताव्छ ; Open ; plain ; artless :-- (क्लू ; Mere; simple:—নিরম্ভ: অঅপার্থীন; Weaponless; unarmed; defenceless. Syn:—Nude, uncovered, undraped; manifest, evident, undisguised, unconcealed; sheer; unarmed, unprotected, unprovided for.

Naked eye, —ধোলাচোধ; গুৰু চক্কে, অৰ্থাং চক্ষে চসমা বা সুবনীক্ষণ না লাগাইলা; The eye alone, unaided by the telescope, microscope or the like; the eye without the help of instruments.

Naked sword—(খাগ ছইতে) খোলা ভরবারি; Sword unsheathed.

Namby pamby, a. ভাৰপ্ৰৰ; Weakly sentimental:—n. ভাৰপ্ৰা: That which is weakly sentimental or affectedly pretty.

Name, nam, n নাম, সংস্থা; Designation:—
উপাধি, Title:—পাতি, যল, Fame, reputation.
—ছতি; Memory:—বংল, জাতি, পরিষায়; A race. family:—বংকি, A person:—v. t. নাম-ফু; জাবাত-ফু; উল্লেখ-ফু, To designate; to mention by name:—নিংহাগ-ফু, To nominate, to appoint.
n=namer. Syn—(n) Appellation, denomination, epithet; houour, praise, distinction, renown, celebrity, eminence, reputation, character, credit, repute. (v) Denominate, style, term, entitle, christen, speak of, specify.

A nother name for — একট পদাৰ্থ, নামান্তর দান ; The same thing as, under a different name.

By name, Of the name of—अपूर्व नाना. Named —काहांत्र नाम पश्चित्र।, Uttering the name of any one.

Go by the name of—কোন নামে লোকের নিকট বিদিত হওয়া; Be known or pass under the name of. In name—নামমাজ, Nominally, not in reality. In the name of—কাহার পকে, কাহারও পক হইতে, On behalf of:—কোন কিছুর নামে বা ছলো; Clothed with the name or authority of:—কোন কিছুর প্রতি মুক্তী রাখিয়া; Having regard to:—কোহাই দিয়া; By (implying adjusation).

In the name of Gods—দেবতাদের সাকী করিয়া।
Name one after—কাহাকে কোন ব্যক্তির নাম দেবরা:
Name one like another, give one the same
name as.

Nameless, nāmies, a. নানহান; আনুদ্ধ; Without a name; undistinguished. ad namelessly. n=namelessnoss. [ is to say; to wit. Namely, nāmii, ad. অধাং, বধা; এই এই: That Wamesake, nāmiāk, n. এই নাম One who bears the same name as another.

Nankeen, nan-këh, ন. কাপড় বিশেষ ; কাপাস্থয় ; A buff coloured cotton-cloth.

Map, nap, n. wa faul; veri; riving faul; A short sleep: -- नवन रगांव; Down: -- स्वत् क्रांत्र-

ভাৰত গোৰৰং পৰাৰ্থ; উদ্ভিদেৰ গোৰৰং কোনৰ আৰম্ব ; The wooly substance of the surface of cloth; the downy covering of cloth:—খ. i. বিশ্বৰ: ভক্ৰাভিত্ত-ছ; To take a short sleep; to see drowsy. «=nappy ( ভক্ৰাৰু; Drowsy ). সঙ্ক্ৰচe, nap, n. আড়েৰ গাইট, প্ৰীৰা-সন্ধি; Joint of

the neck behind.

Mapon, দ. বন্দেৰতা; Nymphs of the groves and valleys. [ table. Mapory, দ. টেবিল আছাদন বস্তু, Linen for the Maphtha, nap'tha, দ. তরল ধাতু হইতে উৎপন্ন আলকাভ্যা; থনিজ তৈল বিশেষ; Liquid bitumen; rock-oil. Waphthaline, দ. বাসায়নিক পদাৰ্থ বিশেষ, A grayish-white, inflammable substance.

Mapkin, nap'kın, n. পাত্র-মার্ক্ডনী , গামছা ; তোরালে; ক্ষাল : Cloth to wipe the hands ; a little towel, handkerchief [ nap Mapless, nap'les, a. ভার্ব, Threadbare, without

Mapoleon, n. মুখা বিশেষ . A 20 frank piece — ব্যামখ্যাত ব্যক্তি , Napole in the Great — বন্ধনোক , A great man. [Great

Napoleonist, n. Supporter of Napoleon the Narcissus, nar-situs, n বভা বিশেষ; নানাজাতীৰ পূপ বৃক্ষ; A bullbous plant, a genus of flowering plants.

Marcotic, nar-kotik. a [Gr narke, torpor]
নিমান্ত্ৰক; নিমান্ত্ৰিক. Causing drowsiness or sleep.—n নিমান্ত্ৰিক উবধ, সংজ্ঞাপহাৰক উবধ; A medicine producing sleep or stupor ad = narcotically.

Nard, nard, n. তৃগন্ধি লগা বিশেষ. An aromatic plant — প্ৰলেশ বিশেষ, মলম বিশেষ; An ointment prepared from it. a=nardine.

Nare, Nares, " ainiam , Nostril.

Nariform, nat's form a L naris, nostril, and forma, form] নানিকাৰার, Formed like the nose Narrate, na-rat, v t. বৰ্ণনা-কু, বলা, To recite, to give an account of n-narration. Svn:
—Tell, rehearse, report, detail, repeat, relate.
Narration, na-ra'shun, n. বৰ্ণনা; বৰ্ণিত বিবয়; ইতিহান; Description; thing related, story.
Syn:—Account, recital, rehearsal, relation, explanation, detail, narrative, tale.
Narrative, na'a-tiv, a. ইতিহান সম্বাদ্ধ : বিবয়ণ-

কারী; উপজাসবশী, কথক; Pertaining to narration; giving an account of any ocucrrence; inclined to narration :- n. migiia; affi, wai, affo दिसम ; Story : a continued account of any oc-[ rates. currence. Narrator, " वर्गनाकाती ; वर्गक्रिङा ; One who nar-Marrow, nár'o, a व्यवपरिमत ; वाधन ; महीर् ; Not wide ; of little breadth - অসুদার ; বার্থার ; Illiberal, contracted in mind .- 34. Accurate: -- जाबशान : शक्रवान : Careful ·-- जकीर्ग : Limited :-অপুরবর্ত্তী; সাহিহিত; Within a narrow distance; close :-- কুপুৰ; Parsimonious :-- বছটপুৰ; Involving serious exposure :- Scrutinising :- n. (chiefly in the plural) অপ্ৰশন্ত পৰ ; অপ্ৰশন্ত প্ৰপালী : A strait between two lands; a narrow channel: -- v. t. महोर्- म ; मराकर्ग - मृ ; मक्षित - मृ ; To make narrow : to contract , to confine :-- वद्याप्र-कृ ; To make less liberal or more selfish : -v. i

সমীৰ্-ছ; To become narrow. ad=narrowly. n= narrowness Syn:—(a) Circumscribed, straitened; bigoted; niggardly, miserly, mean, selfish, close, near (v) Limit, restrict, cramp, straiten, confine.

Have a narrow escape—আর একটু হইলে বিপৰে পতিত হইতে হইত ; বড সাম্লে বাওরা , আরের অন্ত বেঁচে বাওয়া ; Escape at great risk , get out of some danger in which some great evil or death was imminent.

Narrow-bed, n नमावि ; Grave.

Narrow-minded, nar'o-minded. ৰ কুমুখনা; স্কীৰ্মনা; Illiberal; having contracted views. n=nairow-mindedness.

Narrowness, n কুত্ৰতা , Meanness :--স্থাপিতা ; Want of breadth :--ক্ষিত্ৰতা ; Poverty :---ক্ষ্ণ-নতা : Illiberality

Narwhal, nai'hwal. Narwal, nar'wal, n. তিমিজাতীৰ মংস্য . সামুদ্রিক জন্ত বিলেব; A sea-unicorn; a cetaceous mammal.

Nasal, nāźal, a (L. nasus, the nose) a নানাস্থ-কাৰ; অপুনাদিক: Pertaining to the nose; affected by or sounded through the nose:—n. অপুনাদিক শক্ষ বা বৰ্ণ; A letter or sound uttered through the nose.

Nascelise, v t. অপুনাসিক-কৃ. To render nasai, Nascent, nasent, a. [ L nascor, natus, to be boin ] ভাষমান: ব্যক্তি ; জননোত্মৰ, বৰ্জমান, উৎপদ্য-মান: Just being born, growing

Nastiness, naste-nes, n. কণ্ডাতা: অৰজতা, The quality of being nasty Syn:—Filthiness, dirtiness, impurity, uncleanness, squalor, obscenity, ribaldry, smuttiness.

Nasturtium, n. কটু শাক বিশেব, A kind of cress with a pungent taste.

Nasty, naste, a. ম্বলাবুক্ত , অন্তৰ্ধ , কৰ্ম্ম ; কৰ্মিত ; অপৰিকাৰ ; সমল ; Dirty , filthy , foul , disgusting , obscene n=nastiness. Syn —Impure, unclean, defiled , offensive, repulsive, nauseous ; indecent, indelicate, gross, obscene.

Matal, na'tal, a. জনস্বজীয়, বাভাবিক; Pertaining to, accompanying or dating from; native.

Natation, n. [L. nato, to swim] সম্বৰ;
Swimming.

Natatory, a সন্তব্যকারী. ভাসমান; Swimming. Nation, na'shun, n. [ L. natio, from nasci, natus, to be born ] আতি; বহুনখো; A great body of people born of the same race, a race; a great number. Syn:—People, community, inhabitants, society at large, commonwealth, realm, state, body politic.

National, nashun-al, a জাতীৰ, দেশীৰ; সাধারণ; বন্দেশভন্ধ; Pertaining to a nation; attached to one's own country; public; general. ad nationally, n=nationalness.

National convention—The assembly of deputies which assumed the government of France on the overthrow of the throne in 1792. It succeeded the National Assembly.

National-debt—aisla 44; Money borrowed from individuals for national purpose and due by a nation.

Mational-gallery, n. Gallery of paintings.
Mational-guard—The militia of France.
Mationalise, nashun-al-iz, n. t. জাতীয় ধ্পাৰিশিষ্টকু; জাতীয় ভাৰবিশিষ্ট-কু; To make national.

Mationalism, nashun-al izm, ন. ভাতিত , বংলাপুরাগ ; ভাতীর ভাব বা চরিত্র ; National idiom or practice, nationalness ; national attachment ; national character. ন=nationalist.

Nationality, nashun-ali-ti, n. বজাতিরিঘতা -দেশাভিমানিতা , Attachment to a nation .—জাতীয চবিত্র ; জাতিব ভাব ; National character.

Mative, na'tiv, a. দেশীৰ, দেশোৎপন্ন, Born in or within a country; not foreign .—সহত, সহত,ত, ক্রিক; কভাবক; Original; born with one, no artificial:—n. দেশবাদী; আদিন অধিব নী, One born in a place or country, original inhobitant. ad=natively, n=nativeness. Syn—(a) Natal; natural, congulatal, indigenous, intrinsic, genuine, real, martificial; vernacular, mother.

Nativity, na-tivi-ti, n ক্যা; Birth:— ক্যেন্ কাশ্বা বাবা বা বা বা কি Time, place or manner of birth — ক্যাপত্ৰিকা: কোটা; A horoscope. [] is in The Nativity—ইতিইন ক্যাদিন: The birth-day of Natron, n. কাম বিশেষ; A native carbonate of soda.

[ of toad.

Natterjack, n. কেম বিশেষ, A European species Native, a. প্ৰিকাৰ প্ৰিচ্ছৰ, Neatly fine; spruce

Natural, natū-ial, এ. বাচাবিক, বভাবত ; নৈস্পিক্
প্রাকৃতিক ; According to nature, pertaining to
or bestowed by nature — স্বৰুত , শাতাবিক, বভাশ
দিন্ধ ; Inborn ; constitutional — স্কোন্ধন, কোন্ধন, ,
Tender — ভাবত — Illegiumate, bastard.—
বিচার বারা বিভারনীয় , Discoverable by reason—
ক্টক্তিত নহে; Not farletched — দ হয়।
ভাবা পাগল; An idot:—৮! প্রকৃতিবন গুল বা পাগল; An idot :—৮! প্রকৃতিবন গুল বা পাগল; An idot :—৮! প্রকৃতিবন গুল বা পাগল; An idot :—৮! ক্রান্ধনার গুল নাংঘানানে,
ভাবাধনানে ক্রান্ধনার বিভানিক ক্রান্ধনার নিজ্ঞানিক স্বান্ধনানিক,
স্কালাধিক স্বান্ধনার নিজনীয় , naturalnes,
syn—(a) Congental, natal, original, native
not forced, essential, characteristic regular
normal, not exceptional, legitimate, ordinary, usual.

Natural child, n. কারজ সন্থান; One not born in lawful লাটালে . foourse of mount of course and matural death, n. কাজানিক স্থা; Death in Natural history, n. প্রাকৃত ইতিহাল, পায়াহিক ক্তোপ্তা, প্রান্ধিকাল, Description of objects, geology, botany, zoology &c.; the science that deal with the earth and all its productions. Natural philosophy, n প্রদাধ বিজ্ঞান, প্রদাধ ক্লিন, The science of the physical properties of bodies.

Natural religion, n. কাজাবিক ধর্ম; Religion so far as it is discoverable by reason.

Natural selection, গ নৈদৰ্গিক নিৰ্কাচন: A supposed operation of natural laws, analogous to designed selection in the breeding of plants and animals, resulting in the survival of the fittest.

Natural system, n. বাভাবিৰ অসপান বেবিয়া খেবী বিভাগ; Classification according to natural organisation instead of by fanciful resemblances. Natural theology, n. প্রাকৃতিক ব্যক্তির ; করে বিষয়ক সহল জান ; Religion of God and his works; the knowledge of God from his works by the light of nature and reason; the theological science which treats of God and his attributes by the aid of reason without revelation. [naturally to.

Natural to—কাহাবত অভাবনিত্ব: Belonging Naturaliso, v i. তির দেশের জল বাবুর উপযুক্ত-তৃত্ব; তির দেশের উপায়ালী-তৃত্ব: To acclamatise; to adapt to a different climate:—বিদেশীবকে বাদেশীবেল অধিকার বিশিষ্ট-তৃত্ব; কেলাজ আধিকার-দে; গেশাজাত আধিকার বিশিষ্ট-তৃত্ব; To invest with the privileges of natural-born subjects, n=naturalisation.

Naturalism, natu-ral-izm, n. বাভাবিকাৰে।; প্রাকৃত অবস্থা, Mere state of nature:—বাভাবিক ধর্ম, Religion of nature

Naturalist, naturalist, n. প্রাণীতব্রিক; প্রাকৃত তব্জ . One who studies the natural history of animals.

Nature, গৰ্ণালে, n [ L. natura, from natus, born ] পট : ভত কৰং: বিষ, The visible creation; the universe — পক্তি, The original cause; first cause:—হকাৰ Kind; sort:—ভাষ; Substance, purport — পড়াৰ; Natural disposition:—ভাষ চিৰন, পক্তি, ধৰা, Temper; character, mind, inherent qualities:—প্ৰকৃতি; The established order of things:—সভাষ সভে কিল্লোভিড়া; Adaptation to truth:—প্ৰভা; Nukeunce:—প্ৰক'ৰ Species. Syn —World; incator, erecace, quality, disposition, affection. Attend to or satisfy the call of nature—

ৰ্লান্ত গ া পি-র ৷ ( bad temper. Bad naturo - মনং প্রকৃতি : ছত প্রকৃতি ; Natural By naturo – কতাবত , Naturally.

Good noture -সবলমা; সভা প্রকৃতি: Natural good temper, emability

In a state of nature—িল্ল , নিবস্থ ; Naked as when home, unclothed :—অসন্তা , আরণা অবভার বা দলন লগতে ক'কে . Rude ; in a natural or wild state.

Naught, nawt, স কিছুই নতে; Nothing :—a.
ফাক ন্যের , নবাণা , ছই ; Worthless ; naughty :—
, কাং গ্রেণ্ড নতে , in no degree.

Set at naught—एनवर छान-क ; Despise.

Naughtinosa, nawfe-nes, n sgift; Badness; mischi'i Syn.—Wickedness, perverseness, forwardness.

Naughty, nawii, a. ছট , অনিটকারী ; বিকৃত বভাব ; Liad ; wicked , perverse , mischievous. \*\*= naughtiness. nd = naughtily.

Nausoa, naw'ze-a, n [G. nausia, from nans, ship] বয়নছা; বয়ন; Any sickness of the stomach accompanied with a propensity to vonit.—য়া; অস্তি; Loathing. Syn:—Seasickness, qualin, squeamishness; queasiness, disgust, aversi n, strong dislike.

Nauseate, naw'she-at, v. i. বৰ্ষনেজুৰ-ছ; বিভ্ৰুত্ত, To became squeamish:—মুণাবেশ-ক; To feel disgust:—v. i. মুণা-কৃ. To loathe:—বিভ্ৰুত্ত তাগে-কৃ, To reject with disgust.

Mauseous, naw she-us, a. प्रशास ; प्रशास ; Disgusting , loathsome .— द्वनसम ; सम्हिम्स . Pro

ducing nausea. ad=nauseously, n=nause-OUSDESS. Nautic, Mautical, naw'tik-al, a. त्योविना नक्तीय ; नामुजिक ; Naval ; marine. ad=nauti-[ বৌ-ষটিত ; Marine ; nautical. Naval, na'val, a. [ L. navis, ship ] नाम्धिक. Nave, nav, n. scars alfe , Hubb , boss ; centre of a wheel; the hub or piece of timber &c , in the centre of a wheel, through which the axle passes :- ধর্মনিরের মধাভাগ , গির্জার মধ্যভাগ ; The

middle or main body of a church. Navel, #. बाठी ; बदाइन ; The depression in the centre of the lower part of the abdomen; the extreme part of anything.

Navigable, navi-ga-bl, a नांदा : अन्यान भगता-भाषात्री ; That may be passed by ship or vessels n = navigableness, ad=navigably.

Navigate, nave-gat, v t. [ 1. navis, ship, and agere, to move ] नाका हालान : পোডरवारन कडिक्य-. To steer or manage a ship in sailing; to sail upon -- v. i. कलवार वमन-क ; खाइ'रक वमन-क . बोलाएन वां उद्यो : To sail in a ship ; to sail. Syn : -Sail, course, cruise, steet, direct

Navigation, nav-s-gashun, n. लोका हालाञ्चाद কৌশল ; নৌচালন-বিক্ৰান ; The art of managing a ship at sea.

Art of navigation—(ने'-निमा ।

Navigator, navi-gat-or, n পোতবাচক; লাবিক; নেখারী . One who directs the course of a ship Navy, návi, n [ I. navis, a ship ] क्रांक्रव्यक ; ভৰ্নীসমূহ, Body or fleet of ships -ৰণত্ৰিসমূহ, वर्ता उन्नहें. The ship force of a nation :-রণতরির নাবিকগণ, সমগ্র নে দেনাদল, The sailors belonging to the war ships of a nation.

The navy-(a)-(45)

Nay, na, adv. ना ; क्वल डेहाई नह , No , not only so but more:—» অননাতি, অংকৈতি, Denial. Nazarone, n. शास्त्रस्थ-नभवरात्रो , An inhabitant of Nazateth.

Nazarite, nafar-it, n. Galpin Bent : A Jew who vowed to lead from strong drink &c.

Nasaritism, nazar-ut-ızm, # श्राकावाकाते अधिका e ateq; The vow and practice of a Nazarite. Naze, naz, n অন্তবীপ , A he idl ind or cape Nesp, nep, a. As. ags. Low -n asi (कार्डान , A neaptide, opposed to spring-tie. Neaped, nept, a छ्या (क'डाइनव छेक्नीवांव ठछांव

अर्गा : Left around by the tide.

Nesptide, n. Ani (Filia . Lowest tide. Near. ner. a. निकछेत्र ; निकछे : अनुव : Not fai distant : nigh ; close :- जिय ; Dear :- कि , সরল: Direct : - বায়কুঠ: কুপণ. Stingy , closefisted :- ad. निकार . अनिजमूत . At a little distance :- श्रोह : Almost ·- ग. t. मबिहिड-इ : बिक्टेवडी-इ : To approach ; to come nearer -v. i. निक्डेवडी-इ : To draw near , approach Syn: -(a) Neighbouring, adjacent, guous, adjoining, proximate; imminent, impending, forthcoming, threatening; intimate, familiar, dear, close, direct, short, straight.

Near relation—বিকট সম্প্ৰীয় লোক; One closely connected with us by birth or marriage.

Mearly, ner'li, ad. wafovca, faste; At no great distance : closely :-- विश्वार ; Intimately : -आंबर: Almost

Nearness, n. रेनकी : पनिहेल : निक्रेनच्य : কার্পণা; Closeness; intimacy; close alliance. Near-sighted, ner'-sired, a. प्रम्पनक्ष ; अपूर मनी . Short-sighted. n=near-sightedness.

Nest, net, a. পরিভার : পবিজ্ঞর ; পরিপাটী ; Tidy :--বিশুদ্ধ , Pure ; clean .- n. বাঁড , গাভী ; An ox or cow ad=neatly, n=neatness. Syn :-- (a) Cleanly, unsoiled, unstained, pure; nice, spruce, trim, well-finished, well-fitting; chaste, simple; handy, dexterous, adroit, precise, exact, net. Neat-herd, net-herd, n. siste, critica; Keeper of ox or cow.

Neatness, neines, n. विश्वका : नविकात : Condition or quality of being neat. Svn :- Cleanliness, purity, tidiness, spruceness, trimness; finish, elegance, chasteness, simplicity. [ a bird. Nob, n নাদিকা . চকু; The nose : the beak of Nebula, nebil-la, n [Gr nephele, cloud, moist ] नकरमपुर , (नशांत्रिका , छात्रांश्य , Cluster of stars; dark spot; hazy appearance. pl= nehulæ, a=nebular [ nebulæ. Nebular, a. ছাত্ৰীপথ সংক্ৰান্ত : Pertaining to Nebulose, nebū-los, Nubulous, nebū-lus, a. (२वान्छत्र ; देनशाविक : कूट्शिकावर ; स्थाकात्र ; Misty, cloudy, having the appearance of

clouds vague n=nebulosity. Necessaries of life—অবাচ্চাদনাদি।

Necessary, neies-sar-e. a. अभिनिश्ता : आंतन्त्रक ; अवज्ञादी, Unavadable, indispensable; requisite - " अविक्रिनेत ज्ञा, अविश्वक ज्ञा; A requisite-used chiefly in the plural. ad = necessarily Syn -(a) Inevitable requisite, essent al, needful, compulsory, involuntary.

Necessary for or to-বিছব বা কাহারও পক্তে আবগুৰ ; Needful or requisite for

Necessitarian, ne-ses-si-tári-an, Necessarian. ne-ses-san-an, a mphilet, mammilagaift; One who demes freedom of will, fatalist.

Necessitato, rt-sesetat, v t. [ 1. necessitore, necessitatum, to force ] siana-4: To make indispensible - नाम क ; To compel, to force, to oblige

Necessitious, ne-sisit-us, a. অতি দ্বিল : নি:ৰ : हैन, Very poor, very indigent; destitute. ad = neces itousiy, n = necessitousness.

Nocessitude, n. অপরিহাণ্য স্থয়, Necessary connection or relation.

Nocassity, ne-scise-te, n. অবলম্বাবিতা, ঝবল্ল-স্থাবিত , I navo dableness .- আব্রুকতা; Requisiteness :- # aus . শারিকা; Indigence :---প্রাণালন , অভাব ; Any thing necessary ; need ---हा । हवांडा : Fate , fatality. Syn :- Indispensableness, inevitableness; compulsion, destiny; need, needfulness, urgency, exigency, pressing want , requisite, requirement, essential.

Be under the necessity of-(कांव कार्या कहा আব্সক হত্যা; Find it necessary to do something. Make a virtue of necessity-sig sigks বাধ্য হইবা করিতে হটবে, তাহা ভাল ভাবে অথে-কু, To

খা as graciously as possible something one is compelled to do:—কোল অবহার পড়িরা অনৱগতি অবহুত তাহা হইতে যে লাভ করিয়া লাবরা বাইতে পারে, তাহাই করা বা সহু করিয়া বাঙ্কো; Submit to circumstances and turn them to the best account; do or suffer that patiently which cannot well be avoided.

Mecessity has no law—আডুবে নিয়মা নাজি: অভার আবিজন হইলে ভাষাভায় জান থাকে না, When a person is in great necessity he is not very scrupulous about the means he employs for removing it.

Nesessity is the mother of invention—
काल কৰিতে বাইল কোন কিছুৱ অভাব বোধ হইলে, লোকে
ভাহাৰ উপায় উদ্ধানন করিছা লয়, Inventions in
science or art are often the result of circumstances which lead a person, when he feels the
want of anything (in getting through his work)
to think about it and discover methods for
supplying it.

[ unavoidably

Of necessity—কাৰে কাতেই. Necessarily. Neok, nck, n. এবা. গলা, Part connecting the head with the trunk.—লবা সভীৰ্ণ আল ; দীয় অপ্ৰকৃত আল ; A long narrow part.

Neck and crop - দশ্বিরেণ ; Completely

Nock and heels—খাড়ে পাৰে এক করিয়া . সম্পূৰ্ব-ক্লেণ্ড, With the whole body, in a hasty and summary fashion; entirely.

Neck and neck—naid naid, canically, Side by side; in close competition.

Neck of land—ৰপ্ৰত ত্ৰিব্ৰ: Narrow strip of land. [desperate Neck or nothing—বিশ্যপ্ৰত: At great risk Plant a foot on the neck of সমনে র ব : কাহাৰ বাজে বা তেকা; Keep in check, reduce

to submission.

To turn by the neck-465 ...

Up to the neck-मन्त्रिका , Completely.

Meckbend, Meckeloth, nekkloth, n. প্ৰা-ব্ৰুৱনী, এইব্ৰুৱনী; A piece of cloth worn on the neck by men. [a neck

Mecked, nekt, a. গ্ৰীৰানিপিট, দলীৰ, Having Meckerchief, ne'ter-cluf, n. গ্ৰাপকনী, গ্ৰায় বাবা ক্ষাল; A handkerchief for neck.

Mecklace, nekias, n হার; মালা, প্রীলোকের
কঠমালা, String or chain of beads of precious
stones for the neck [defence for the neck
Meckpiace, n. গলার কালার বিশ্বনি, মান্ত্রীবার্থনী, A
Mecktie, nekin, n. গলার কালার, মীবার্থনী, A

tie or cloth for the neck
Meokverse, n. বাইবেলে বিশিত এক গঞ্চাশব্ৰম ধৰ্মসমীতের প্ৰথম বোক; The verse formerly read to
entitle a party to the benefit of clergy, said to

be the first of the 51st Psalm.

Mecrologic, Necrological, a. মৃত্যুর হিনাব
সম্বাীয় ; Pertaining to necrology.

Mecrologiet, nek-rolo-jist, n মৃত্যুসংখ্যার ভালিকা লেখক ; মৃত্যু-সংখ্যার হিসাব-ভাতা ; Writer of obituaries ; one who gives an account of deaths.

Macrology, nek-rolo-gi, n. [Gr. nekros, death, and logos, a discourse] বৃত্যান্থ্যার ভালিছা; বৃত্তের হিলাব; A register of deaths, obi-

tuary. es=necrologic; necrologicat. Meoromancer, nekro-man-sér, n. देखवानिकः वाह्यत्र ; A sorcerer : magician.

Neoromancy, ne'rū-man-se, n. [G. nebros, dead, and manteia, divination] ব্যৱস্থা ইক্ষান; বাছবিদা!; Enchantment; magic; witch-craft; sorcery; black art. as-necromantic, necromantical.

Necromantic, Necromantical, a ইন্তৰানিত:
Performed by necromancy. ad-mecromantically.
Necropolis, nek-rópol-is, n. [G. nekros, dead, and polis, city] ব্যাধি-ছাৰ: ম্যাধিক্ষো; মেডলোক: A cemetery; grave-yard; burying-ground; church-yard.

Noctar, nektar, n. অনুত; The drink of the Gods:—হৰাৰ মৰা. হ্মধুন পানীয়; A pleasant liquor; a delicious beverage.

Neotareal, nek-tare-al, Neotarean, nek-tare-an. a. অনুত স্থলীয়, অমৃত্যুৎ; Pertaining to or resembling nectar:—স্থায়; স্বৰ্থ ; Delicious.

Nectared, nektard, a. আওপুৰ্ণ, আনুভ্ৰম ; সমুদ্ৰ ; Mingled or abounding with nectar.

Neotareous, nek-táre-us, a. অনুভবং; ক্ৰাছু; ফুলাড়ু;

Nectarine, nekta-rin, a. সমূতবং ; সৰ্জ্লা বৰুস্থ ; প্ৰতিবাদ : A peach-like fruit.

Nectarous, nektar-us, a. অনুতেম মত কৃষ্টি:
Noctary, nektar-us, n. পুলের মধুকোর : Organ that secretes honey, the honey gland of a flower.

Need, net.l. n. প্ৰেক্স : সাৰ্ভ্ৰা : Necessity :

—वड'व : Want :-- मार्विज्ञा , Poperty :-- कांडव : Reason or occasion -v. t. wett wert; मार्क्ड-३. To want, to require. n=needer. Syn:-(n) Exigency, urgency, strait, extremity distress, destitution, penury, poverty, nd gence [ quiring attention. Crying needs-मकालई वाही हारए ; Things re-Stand in need of-siving seri; (all ser প্রবাসন হওয়া, Require; be in want of:--काशांत महिष्य स्वित्र इंड्डो . Require the help of. Noedful, nedloul, a. आनज्ञ : आहाबनीह : Nicessary , requisite :- महिन , अकारतक : Indigent; needy ad = needfully, n=needfulness. Syn :- Needy ; requisite, essential, indispensable.

The magnetic needle—waste safet; Needle-book, Noodle-case, n. gentle: ge aliada safet; A book or case to hold needles. Needleful, a. As much thread as fills a needle. Needle-gun, ned-gun, n. as as a safe sage; A gun or rife loaded at the breech with a cartinge, containing powder, exploded by the prick of a needle. [Money to buy needle.]

prick of a needle. [Money to buy needle. Needle-money, ল. হ'ল ধৰিদ কৰিবাৰ ইন্যা; Needless, nedles, a. অবাধ্যক, Unaccessory, useless; not requisite..ad = needlessly. n = need-lessness.

Beedle-woman, nedl-woom-an, n. জীবিদা বছ বেরীলোক সেলাই করে; জীবন-বাবনাটিনী; Seamstress. Beedle-work, nedl-work, n. হচিকর্ব; Embroidesing with the needle; the business of a seamstress. [servant.

Meedling, n. হাস ; কৃতহাস ; A slave ; forced Needs, nedz, ad. অবজই ; জনিবাৰ্য্যরূপে ; Of necessity ; indispensably.

Must needs - जनकह ; Must necessarily. Meedy, nedi, a. नि:व ; नीन ; निडांख प्रतिम ; Very

poor; indigent. ad=needily. n=neediness.

No'er, nar, ad. construction of never.

Mefarious, ne-fa'ie-us, a. [ L. nefarius, from ne, not, and fas, law ] পালিঃ; অধ্যা; বিয়তিশ্ব ইটু: Impious; villainous; wicked in the extreme. n=nefariousness. ad=nefariously.

Syn:—Iniquitous, detestable, hortible, dreadful, atrocious, monstrous, enormous, infamous, shameful, flagitious, flagrant, hemous.

Negation, nc-ga'shun, n. [L. negatio, from negare, to say no] অধীকার; নারিবাদ; অপলাপ; Denial; statement of what a thing is not or has not; disavowal; disclaimer.

Mogative, neg'a-tiv. a. [L. nego, to deny]
আৰীৰারণ্ডক; আপলাপকারী. De iyinv. implying or
containing denial, negation or refusal:—Not
positive:—লঘনকারী; নিবারণক্ষ; Having the
power of stopping or restaining:—আভাববোধক;
Implying absence:—n আভাবপক; A position
by which something is de ied or torbidden:—
আধীকার বাকা; না-শুচক পড়; A word that denies,
veto:—v. t আপমান-ফ; To disprove, to reject
by wote. ad=negatively. n=negativeness.

Neglect, neg-lekt, v t. [L. nec, not, lego, to gather, pack up] উপেন্ধা-ক ; ডাজিলা-ক ; To omit; to slight; be careless; not to attend to —n উপেন্ধা; অবহেলা; Disregard, slight; omission.

Syn:—(v) Leave out, pretermit, slight, overlook, disregard. (n) Negligence, carelessness, failure, default; disrespect.

Megleotful, neg-lektfool, a. অনবাছত ; অনবাৰা ; অৱনোবোদী ; অনাধরকারী ; তাজিলাকারী ; Careless ; inattentive ; treating with neglect or slight; slighting. ad=neglectfully. n=neglectfulness. Megligence, neg'le-jens, n অনবধানতা ; কর্ত্তবা কার্বো উপেকা ; তাজিলা ; শৈবিলা ; অবংলা ; আনাব-ধানতা ; Habitual neglect ; carelessness ; heedleasness. Syn:—Inattention, heedlessness, disregard, remissness, thoughtlessness.

Megligent, negle-jent, a. [ L. negligers, to neglect ] a. অনবাছত: লিখিল; অনবাদ; অবনোধারী, Careless; inattentive. admnegligently. Syn:—Headless, neglectful, regardless, indifferent, regardless.

Megotiable, no-go'shi-a-bi, a. হ্যান্ত করণবাস; প্রকার কর্পনাস; That may be negotiated transferable by assignment or indorsement to another person. π → negotiability.

Megotiate, ne-goshe-At, v. i. [ L. negotium, businese] . Anferen ve-e; cois off-e; states

সন্ধিয় নিষিত্ত কথাবার্তা কহা; To transact business; to bargain; to hold intercourse for the purpose of mutual agreement:—v. t. পাইবার বলোবত-কু; ব্যবহা-কু; বিজ্ঞা-কু; To arrange for by agreement; to pass, as a bill; to sell. n=negotiator. Syn:—Treat with, deal with; treat for; put into circulation.

Negotiation, ne-gō-shi-a'shun, n. প্রশ্রের ব্যে কার্য্য সাধন: সন্ধি সংখাপন; The treating with another on business; stipulation; conference. a⇒ negotiatory.

Negotiatory, a. প্রপার বিষয়বার্থা-সংক্রান্ত ক্রোপ্-ক্র-স্ব্যানির (Of, or pertaining to, negotiation. Negro, ne'grō, n. কারি, One of a race of black persons in Africa. fem - Negress. [ Tobacco. Negro-head, ne'grō-hed, n. গুড় যাখাৰ ভাষাৰ; Negro jail, n. Place for keeping Negroes for

Mogus, n. नानीत वित्नव . A beverage.

Neigh, n5, v. i ছেবা বৰ-ক ; To utter the cry of a horse:—n. ছেবা বৰ ; The cry of a horse.

Neighbour, nábur, n. [A. S. neah, near, gebur or bur, a farmer] প্রতিবেশী; প্রতিবাদী; One who lives near or in friendship:—v. i. প্রতিবেশী-ড. To dwell near each other:—v. t. বিকট-ড; সরিভিত-ড; To be near to; to border on. Neighbourhood, na'ber-hòòd, n. প্রতিবেশী ; পাড়া; প্রতিবেশ, Quality or condition of being a neighbour, vicinity; adjoining district; place near. Syn — Vicinage, proximity, propinquity, nearness; closeness.

Neighbouring, na'bur-ing, a. স্থীপ্ৰজী; সৃদ্ধিfes: Living near, being near.

Noighbourly, náber-le, a. নামানিক; বাতিবেই-জনোচিত : বনুভানাপন্ন; Friendly; social; cultivating familiar intercourse. n=neighbourliness. ad r=neighbourly. Syn:—Companionable, conversible. kind, genial, accessible.

Neither, ne'ther, prom. নহে; ছইএর একও নত্ত Not either:—conj. নহে; Not either; nor.

Neither extenuate not set down aught in malice—ৰদি কোন দেব হইবা থাকে, তাহা বৰু বা করা এবং বিষেবেৰ উপর ক'ল কার্য্য চইবাছে তাহাও বা বলা—টিক টিক বলা ( বাডাইবাঙ লা ক্যাইবাঙ লা); Neither palliate any offence that has been committed not impute anything that has been done to any evil design—not to misreport or misrepresent what has occurred, to speak the real truth. Neither fish, flesh nor fowl—খনিভিড; Peculiar, indefinte, net easily classified or understood.

Neither rhyme nor reason—উপৰেশ বা আমোৰ কিছুবই লাভ উপযুক্ত নতে, Neither sound nor sense; fit neither for amusement nor instruction.

Memesis, neme-sis, n. [Gr. nemo, to distribute] প্ৰতিহিংসা-বেৰী: বডের অধিটানী বেৰী; ইবরের বোপ, বৈৰনিৰ্বাচন: The goddess of vengeance; the goddess of justice and punishment; retributive justice or the righteous anger of God.

Meologio, Meological, a. বৰ পৰ প্ৰবেশকাৰীঃ বৰ পৰ প্ৰবেশ স্থৰীয় : Employing new স্বৰ্ণনিত্ৰ pertaining to neology. Meclogise, ne-olo-jiz, v. ঃ নৃতন পদ সমাধিই-ক .
'To introduce new words. [new word or doctrine.
Meclogism, ne-olo-jizm, n. নৃতন পদ বা মত ; A.
Neclogist, ne-olo-jist, n. নৃতন ধন্মত প্রবর্তক ,
ধর্মবিবরে নৃতন মতের প্রবর্তক An inventer in theology.

Meology, ne-olo-ji. n. [Gr neos, new, and logos, word ] ন্যাৰ ব্যৱহার, ভাষায় ন্যাৰেণ সমাৰেণ , New word, phrase or interpretation — ধ্যাবিষ্য ন্যাৰ্থ কৰে, New doctrines especially in theology. a=neologic

Neophyte, ne'ö-fit, n. [ G. neophulos, properly newly planted ] কোৰ কাজে বৃত্তন লোক, নবৰিবা; নবপুৰাহিত; A novice, a new convert —a. Newly entered. Syn:—Proselyte, catechumen. pupil, beginner, tyro.

Neoplastic, a. নৃতন গঠিত . Newly formed Neo Platonist, n. Mystical philosopher of the school of Plotinus [recent, origin, modern. Neotric, Neotrictal, a আধুনিক . নৃতন . Of Nepenthe, Nepenthes. n কোৰ ও তু.খনাশক বৰণ, উদ্ভিদ বিশেষ, A drug to assuage p un and grief, a magic potion, the putcher plant

Nephew, neff n. wistra . wifitav . The son of a brother or sister fem=niece

Nophralgia, ne-fia<sup>†</sup>µ- i Nophralgy, ne-fia<sup>†</sup> ji, n [ Gr ne-biroi, ki incys, and a<sup>†</sup>exis, pam ] ৰ্মান্তিত বেৰবা, ৰ্মান্তিৰ বেৰবা, Pan in the kidneys

Nephrite, n কটন বনিত শিশ্ব. A hard mineral Nephritic, ne-frick, Nephritical, ne-frick-al, a. মৃত্তাছিপীড়াত্তৰ, মৃত্তাছিপাল্ড, Affected with a disease of the kidneys.

Mophritio, n. ব্যৱস্থিতাগনাপৰ টাৰ . A med.cine for the diseases of the kidneys

**Rephritis**, ne-fri'tes, n. মুত্রর্জ্ প্রস্থার , Inflamation of the kidneys.

Nepotism, nep'o-uzm,গ অ'কৃপ্রাদি আধুশিক্রামর অ'ক আপুরাই আদশ্ব, অ'কৃপ্র বা আ'ত প্রতাত আদি (স্থ, Undue preference of nephews or kinsmen, favouritism to one's relations

**Repotiat,** n. আয়ীদের প্রতি অনুগ্রহশ্রন , One who practises nepotism.

Meptune, nep'tun, n. জন-দেবতা দম্ম-দেবতা, The god of the sea :— প্রহ, A large planet

Meptunian,nep-tu'ni-an, a সাগরীর , সংগ্রনমন্ধীন Pertaining to the sea .—জনগাতি ; Formed by water. [ sea-nymph

Moreid, ne're-id, n. জন্দেৱা, Sca-elf or farry, Norve, nerv, n আৰু, An organ of sentation and motion — গৈছিক পত্তি, মূচত ; সাহস, Physical force, strength, firmness, courage:—v. t ভেকৰী-কৃ, সৰ্ব-কৃ, To strengthen; to give strength; to give vig our to. Syn:—(n) Sinew, tendon, power, force, fortitude, resolution, hardshood pluck

Merveless, nérvles, a সাম্বিহীন; Without nerve:—শজিহান; শজিবিহীন, Without strength, destitute of strength.

Morvino, nérvin, a. যাৰ্ উত্তেলনা শাক্তমারী; সাধু নক্ষমের উপর কাধ্যকারী; Quieting nervous exciteament:—n. সাধু উত্তেলনা শাক্তমারী উবর, বার্থিক डेरडसन-समयक देवर; A medicine that soothes nervous excitement.

Nervous, nervus, a. ছাবুবিশিষ্ট, ছাবুন্থৰীয় ; Having nerve; relating to the nerves:—বলিষ্ট; তেলৰী, পানীয়ারী, Sinewy; strong; vigorous:— হৰ্মল, Weakly; shaken by trifles n=nervousness. ad=nervously. Syn.—Vuscular; rebust, forcible, energetic, shaky, timid, timotous, hysterical.

Norvous, Norvose, ner-vos, Nerved, nerd.
a সমাস্ত্রাল শিরাবিশিষ্ট , Having parallel fibres or veins

Nervous system—বাৰ্ষাণ, বাৰ্বত : বাৰ্মভল ; The brain, spinal chord, and nerves collectively. Nervous tissue—বাৰ্মণ বিলি ;

Mescience, ne hers, n [ l. ne, not, and scio, to know | জান্বিট বুড়া: Want of knowledge.

Ness, nes, n. অধ্বীপ, A promontory or small cape.

Nost, nest, n নীড়, কুলার, পক্ষীৰ বাসা; Bed of a bird for taying exis, with bed —বাসস্থান Abode —v.t নীড় নিশাণ-কু, বাসা করিলা তর্বানে গ্রাক! To build and occupy a nest —v. s To form a nest for.

A mare's nest - বাটার ডিম , Something grossly Feather one's nest - his র র বাবার বর স্কর-কু, Make sufficient provision for oneself, lay by money

Foul one's own nost—অ'পনার অনিষ্ট আপনি কয়', নি.৯ল পাছে এটা ন মানা, অগাতি কেনা, Spoil one's own cause, bring discred to one's own self

Nest-cock, a বে ৰখন বাটা ছইতে অন্তত্ৰ বাৰ না ; One was has never been from home.

Noster, n A Grecian hero, famous for his eloque ice and wisodom

Neatle, ne.l. ৩. ৷ অবস্থান পাকীৰ নীড়ে থাকা: House, ne in a nest. he sung, as in a nest.--৩ ৷ ভালবাৰা, বালনপাৰন-কু, To cherish as a bird her young

Nestling, nesling, n. পকীশাৰক; A young bird in the nest —a নৰস্কৃতি (জাত), Being in the est, newly hatched

Nestorian, n লোপ্তাবিষয়ের বর্ষণ্ড. An adherent of Nestorius, who held that the divine and human nature in Christ were not so united as to form but a single person—a. বিজ্ঞ: বৰ্ষণী, Like Nestor, the aged warrior and counsellor mentioned in Homer's Illiad; sage, experienced: wise—নেপ্তাবিষয়ের বর্ষণ্ডরাজ্ঞান্ত; হোমর বর্ষণ্ডরাজ্ঞান্ত নামের ব্যাপ্তাবিষয়ের বর্ষণ্ডরাজ্ঞান্ত হেন্দ্র বর্ষণ্ডরাজ্ঞান্ত কিন্তাবিষয়ের বর্ষণ্ডরাজ্ঞান্ত হিন্দ্র বর্ষণ্ডরাজ্ঞান্ত হিন্দ্র বর্ষণ্ডরাজ্ঞান্ত হিন্দ্র হ্যান্ত হিন্দ্র বর্ষণ্ডরাজ্ঞান্ত হিন্দ্র হিন্দ্র হ্যান্ত হিন্দ্র হিন্দ্র হ্যান্ত হিন্দ্র হিন্দ

Not, net, n আল, Texture of twine to snare fish, birds &c:—আল; Snare:—বিশ্ব; A difficulty —v. t. আল বুবান; To make into network:—পালবছ কু, আলে ধরা; To catch with a net:—v: Fo form network. Syn.—(n) Trap, gin,toil.

Not, net, a বিশুদ্ধ, অবিমিয়া, Pure; unadulterated:—ব্যুচা বাদ; বাচি, Clear of all charges:
—v t. ব্যুচা বাদে উৎপাল-কু; বাচি লাভ উৎপাল-কু;
To produce, as clear profit. [imfernal.

Nother, nether, a. বিশ্বেষ, পাতাল-বেশ্বা; Lower
Nother Lands, n. Holland and Seignum.

Methermost, nether-most, s বিষত্য: Lowest.
Methinim, \*.pl. গিতাইট্রিগের সাহায্যকারী লোকজন,
Men or servants given to the Levites to assist
them. [net-work
Metting, neting, \*\* কালের সাম বস্তু , A piece of
Nettle, netl, \*\* [A S netels, a poisonous
plant ] বিষ্টি , A stinging plant — \*\* বিষত-তৃ ,
ডিব্লেড-ড় , To fret, as a nettle does the skin ,
to sting , to irritate Syn — (v) Sting, provoke,
fret, exasperate.
Mettlerash, netl-rash, \*\* আম্বাত , বোল বিশেষ
Skin equiption - a kind of fever — [birds]

Skin eruption, a kind of fever [birds Net-trap, n. পকা ধরিবার দাঁল, Trap to catch Network, network, network, network, network a mineral with a net Neural, nutral, a [Gr. neuron, a nerve] সান্ত্ৰকায়, সাম্বিক, Pertaining to the nerves.

Neuralgia, nutralji-a, Neuralgy, nutralji, n [Gr neuron, nerve, algos, pain] সান্ত্ৰ্বপূৰ্ণ.

Pain in the nerves a=neuralgic.

Nourelgic, nu ialijk, a বাবু-বেদনা-সম্বন্ধীয় , Pertraining to neuralgia [writer on neurology Neurologist, nu-rolo-jist, n বাবুহৰ-বেৰক A Nourology, nu-rolo-ji, n [G neuron, n rulogos, science] বাবু-বিনা বাবু হয়, The science of the nerves a=neurological

Neuroptora, nu-rop'ter, n [Gr neuror nerve and ptera wings] and form Insec having four transparent wings amneuropte

ral, neuropterous

Nourotic, nu-rofik, a মাধুস্থানীয় Relating of seated in the nerves — ন মাধ্যিক যোগ, য দ বোদের উৰ্থ , A disease of the nerves , a medicine useful for the disease of the nerves

Meurotomy, nu-rotom-1, n [Gr neuron a nerve, and tome, cutting] चांबू-वाराज्य, Ihe

cutting or dissection of a nerve

Nouter, nu'iei, a [L ne not uter cither নপুনক, দ্বীৰলিক, Neither masculine nor feminin—ডদানীৰ, অপকণ্ঠী, Neutral—Having neither stamens nor pictils—n অপকণ্ঠী লোক বিবাদে উদানীৰ বাজি Neutral one taking no part in a contest—দীৰ, নপুনক, One of neither sex, as a working bee

Neutral, nu'tral a [ I ne and uter eithe ] |
ব্যাহ, Not of either side — নাতি উত্তম বা ভ্ষম
নাতি-উত্তম-বাতি অবম, উদাসীন Neither very good
nor very bad, indifferent, unbiased — ভগ
কেশ্যুহাৰ, Having neither stamens nor pistils —
n. মুণাছ বাজি বা জাতি, A person or nation that
takes no part in a contest ad—neutrally
n-neutrality Sun—Neuter, on either side
intermediate, indistinct

Neutralise, nutral 12, ৬ t নাণ কু, নই কু অকর্মা-কু, To make neutral or mert, to de troy the effect of, to render indifferent ns = neutraliser, neutralisation Syn —Counteract, cou terbalance, counterval, make of no effect

Neutrality, গ নিরপেকতা. State of being neutral, indifference —নিরপেক রাজ্য, A combination of neutral powers or states.

Never, never, ad. क्यन वस, क्यन बाह, Not

ever, at no time — [ ] | TE, In no degree; not in the lest.

Never fading-age

Never mind—গ্রাহ্ন করিও না, It is no matter; it is of no cosequence

Nover say die — নিরাশ হইও না , Never despair. Nevertheless, nev-er-the-les, ad বদিচ , ত্র্বালি ; সন্থেও , Notwithstanding , in spite of that Syn:
— However, at least, yet

Now, nu, a নৃতন নব, ননীন, Not old, novel—ভাজা, Fresh—আধুনিক, নবা, Modern—আন্তাভ, Unaccustomed, unfamiliar—নৃতন, Recent—আতুত, Strange—প্ৰথমভূত, Cultivated for the first time—আনুত্পূৰ্ম, অজ্ঞাতপূৰ্ম, Not before seen on known n=newncss ad=newly.

Syn—Recent, renovated, repaired, renewed, restored, unused to, unfamiliar with

New birth—নবজীবন, Regeneration Newcastle, a City in England a coal port Carry coals to Newcastle, সেই স্থান

Carry coals to Newcastle—ceলা মাণ্য ভেল দেশুলা Do what is superfluous [ inned Newcomer, n আগন্তক, One who is newly Newcl, nu'cl n যে লছভাবে দুখামনান আন বেইন করিবা গোশাকার ম্বিবোহনীয় সোপানাকনী উথিত হয়, The upright post about which the steps of a circular stair case wind [ States

New England, n. Northern States, United Nowfangle, nu-langgl, t f নব-বিশ্বর সনাবেশ করিয়া পরিবর্ত্তিত-কৃ. To change by introducing novelties

Newfanglod, nu-fang'gid, e নৰ নিশ্মিত, নৰ ক্ৰিত, নৰ্ক্ৰাণ্ডী, Made new, newly made, marked by the affectation of novelty, fond of novelties n≠newtang'edness

New-fashioned, na-fashund, a ন্বষ্টত , জ্বুলা অচনিত , Lately come into fashion

Newgate, n. काइ'≠ाइ , Puson in London

Newgate bird, n বন্দী কৰেই Prisoner in Newgate | 11 cally new. New18h, nuish a অভিনৰপ্ৰায় So what new. Newland, n Land coe red and cultivaled for the first time

Nows तथर । हाह , राव हाएगाव नुकन विवस Lidin vs un'clingene fich account Syn — Information, आर दा

Newsboy, n idos Newsman, nufman, ন্দ্ৰ সংবাৰ-পত্ৰ কিছা মানাদপত বিত্ৰ বা ৰটৰ কৰে, One who sign of their newspapers

Newsletten, nu. let en, n সংবাদবাহী দিশি বা পান, A letter or printed sheet conveying news. News monger, nu? nung gen, n বাজা প্রচাৰক, সংবাদ ক বিক স্বাদ স্বাদ্য One who carries about news one who spends much time in hearing and tilling news

Nowspaper, nu/pe-per, n नायोग भव Printed journal or gizette a paper printed and distributed periodically for circulating news &c

Newsroom, গৰ্মসৈতিল, গ্ৰাস্থাৰ পড়িবার পৃষ্ট, দ্বান পৰে নির পাঠাবাৰ . A soom for the reading of newspapers, magazines &c

Newsvender, Newsvendor, nuivencer, n নাবাৰ্থ-বিক্তা, A seller of newspapers

Newt, put, a. कुलाकांत्र नित्रनित्री ; Small lizard. Mewtonian, nu'toni-an, a. निউটन मच्योब ; निউটन কর্মক আবিষ্ণত ; Belonging to Sir Isaac Newton or his philosophy.

New world-America and Australia.

New-year's-day, nu'yerz-da, n. नदनार्वत अध्य क्षि : The first day of the new year.

Next, nekst, a. বিকটছ; Nearest :- ad অবস্তর; পরে: আমর : পরবতী ; অব্যবহিত পরে : Nearest or immediately after. [ best after that. Next best-छात्र शत (वहाँ या विनि मार्क्सा कुछ : The

Next door to-affi ; Near to , almost. Next to-ঠিক পরে বা ঠিক উপবে; Immediately

[ अम्बद : Almost impossible. after or over. Next to impossible—এক প্রকাব অসম্ভব : প্রায Wext to nothing-अठि बहा; श्रीय किहुई नव ; Almost nothing ; very little [ nection. Nexus, neksus, n. तकन: नवक; Tie, con-Nib. nib, n. क्लापन (मांड ; एक् ; Something small and pointed; a point; the point of a pen, the beak of a bird; bill; neb. a = nibbed ( having a nib ).

Nibble, nibl, o t. (शंकतान ; अक्ट्रे अक्ट्रे क्रिए \*tagta; To eat by little at a time :- v. 1 ঠোকর মারা : নিশা-কু : To bite ; to find fault n. অন্ন কামডান ; A little bite. Syn .- Gnaw browse; catch at, carp.

Nice, nis, a. कामन ; Fine ; delicate .-- कृष्टिकत . আনশ্রদ ; Agreeable ; delightful .- স্বায় . Delicious; dainty: - 744; Handsome - 24, Exact, accurate: - 52177; Squeamish, fastidious: — হ'ব , Refined: — হ'ব , Requiring delicacy of treatment. n=niceness, ad= nicely. Syn :- Precise, minute, subtle ; punctilious, difficult, exacting; savoury, palatable, pleasant, good.

Nice question-ए अब महत्व मैथामा करा याद 71; One requiring exact discumination or difficult to decide.

Niceness, nisnes, n. मानाहरक ; स्थकत्र , मिन-\*of; Pleasantness; exactness, crupulousne... Nicoty, nicete, n. Avin, Delia, A delicacy . —बरनाशंतिक : Agreeableness :- विचन हा . Exact ness; accuracy: - THE; Fineness, minuteness:- बुल्यामाणा , अधिमत कृत्तर्गणा : Fastidiousness :- (कांप्रज शक्तिकानम ; Delicate management :- अक्मात्राञ्चन ; Delicacy of perception Syn :- Precision ; daintiness, squeamishness . dainty, delicacy, tid-bit.

Niche, nich, n. (中四有); 31年, Hollow in a wall for a statue. [ nicht Niched, nicht, a. কোলছার সাপিত; Placed in n (St.) Nicholas—বাবিক্দিপের দেবতা; Patron saint of sailors. Thieves

Clerks or knight of St. Nicholas-65's. Nick, nik, n. Evices for, elw. A notch. reckoning :- छेणपुक पृहुई ; छेणपुक समग्र ; Exact point of time; a fortunate conjecture :- v. t बीक कोडी ; To cut in notches :- हिंद नगरत काछ-कू To do a thing at the proper time, to strike at the precise time :-এতারণ-কু; উপযুক্ত সুমরে আখাত-# ; To cheat.

Nick, s. Tuesta; The devil. In the nick of time-of sacs; ce sacs ভাৰতক ঠিক সেই সময়ে; Just at the right time; at the exact point of time required; exactly at

the right moment. Nick, also old Nick-Assia; The devil.

Nickel, nikel, n. 419 fares : A metal.

Nicker, n. festa (cta; One who watches an opportunity to steal. [ ITT ; A trifle. Nicknack, niknak, n. সামাত বন্ত ; অকিকিংকর

Nicknackory, n. cental : Trifles : toys.

Nickname, niknam, n. जनका रा क्षेत्रकरक নাম , বাঙ্গত্তক নাম ; A name given in contempt or sportive familiarity :-- ए. ई. व्यव्हांत्रसक मान-एवं धूने। व' राज्ञशुरुक साम-एम ; To give a nickname to. Nicotian, nı-kö'shi-an, n. ভাষাক্ৰমনীয়, ভাষাক হটাত উৎপন্ন, Pertaining or derived from tobacco. Nicotin-Peculiar principle of tobacco.

Nicotine, niko-tin, n. दिव दित्यव ; A poisonous liquid.

Nictate, v. i. চকু মিটু মিটু-কু; To wink.

Nidification, nid i-fi-kashun, n. [L. nidus, a nest, facio, to make ] बीड निर्वात ; Building nests 1 The daughter of a brother or sister. Nieco, nes, n. ভাতপানী, প্রাত্তনরা; ভাগিনেরী; Niggard, mg'erd, n. कृत्रव , बायक ; A miser :a 399. Miserly, meanly covetious. Syn .- Skinflint, churl, curmudgeon, screw, scrimp.

Niggardly, mg'erd-le. Niggard, nig'ard, a. कुल्म; रक्षमुष्ट, रायकुष्ठ, कुल्मिक्कान, Miserly; penurious. n= niggardlines, ad = niggardly. Syn . - Saving, chary, sparing; sordid, parsimonious, mean, grasping, avaricious, greedy. Nigger, n. কাজি (অবজ্ঞা প্রকাশ); A negro in contempt.

Nigh, ni. a. निकार : अन्द , म्बिक्ट ; Near ; not distant , not far oft , close .- ad. sits ; Near ; almost -pre र्विङ्क, अनुवन्ती; Near to; not distant from Syn -(a) Adjacent, contiguous, proximate, bordering on.

Night, na, n 新聞; Time of darkness; the time from sunset to sunrise -লৈডিক অক্ষার; इंग्डा , Darkiness ; moral darkness , ignorance : -- भूड्रा , A state of adversity , death

At night, By night - area ( frea are ) ; In the depth of night - गणीव वाजिए , हरे आहत न्डानीएड

To-night - यहा तहनी। | night Night-bird, n রাত্তিচর পকী, A bird flying by Night-blindness-दोबाक्टो ।

Nightesp, nikap, n. देन विश्वक, Cap worn in bed at night :- So night-dress, night-gown, night-shirt.

Night-cart, n. महनात्र शांकि , Cart for the night Nighted, a. नथवाड , नथवहे : Benighted.

Nightfall, nitlawl, n. विवायमान ; निर्णामन ; मस्बी-न्य ; आप्ताव ; Close of day ; coming of night. Nightfire, n. witon; Fire at night; ignis fatuus.

ि भेषसहे ; Lost at night. Night-foundered, a. शांबरड नवबाड ; प्रवरीरड Night-house, n. 東東河; Public house open at night; a bad house.

**Mightinale**, nitin-gal, n. বুলবুল্; পঞ্চিবিশেষ; A song bird.

Mightjar, nītjar, Nightohur, nītchur, n. পৰিবিশেষ: A bird; the goat-sucker. [ no night. Nightless, nītles, a. রজনীপৃত্ত ; নির্পিশ ; Having Nightly, nītli, ad. প্রতি রজনী; প্রতি রাজিতে; Every night:—রজনীতে; রাজিতে; By night:—a. রাজিকালে সম্পাধিত; প্রতি নিশার কৃত; Done by night; done every night.

Nightman, n. বিশা-সম্মাৰ্জক; মেধর; One who empties privies by night.

Night manure-4941; Night soil.

Nightmare, নালৈইন, দ. বায়ুরোগ বিশেষ; নিলাকালে বুৰ-চাপা রোগ; Oppressive feeling in sleep.

Nightpiece, nitpes, n. বুজনী-চিত্ৰ; Painting to be seen best by candle-light:—বুজনী-দৃত্য: নৈশ দৃশ্যের চিত্র; A piece of painting representing a light scene.

Night-shade, nitshad, n. রজনীয় অফকার; Darkness of the night:—লভা বিশেষ; বিশাক্ত উদ্ভিদ্ বিশেষ; Belladonna. [ carried away by night. Nightsoil, n. বিষ্ঠা; মুম্বলা; The contents of privies Night-walker, nit-wawker, n. বে মান্তিত কু অভিসদ্ধির জনা বেড়ায়; নিক্রাবে, নিশাচয়; One who walks in his sleep at night; one who walks about at night for bad purposes.

Nightward, nītward, a. ব্যক্তিতে, Towards night: —রন্ধনির্ধ: Approaching toward night. Nightwatch, nītwoch, n. রাতিতে পাহারা; নৈশ-

প্রছরিতা : Time of watch in the night.

Nigroscent, ni-gresent, a. [ L. nigresco, to grow black ] कुकाहमान ; Growing black.

Wihilism, nihi-lizm, n. দাৰ্গতৌদ অবিষাদ: একাল্লিক নাথিকতা; Belief in nothing; extreme scepticism:— শ্নামত; শ্ৰাডা; Nothingness

Nihiliata, n. pl. কশিয়াৰ নামান্তিক সম্প্ৰদায় বিশেষ: Those who profess nihilism.

Nil, nil, a. কিছুই নহে; ন-কিঞ্চিৎ; পুনা, Nothing. Nimble, nimbl, a. [A. S. nems!, nume!, capable] ক্ৰত; চালক; চঞ্জা; চঞ্জা; ক্ৰেপ্ন : ক্ৰিপ্ন: Light and quick in motion; active; swift. n=nimbleness ( চলাকী); ad=nimbly. Syn:— Agile, active, brisk, lively, alert, sprightly, prompt. Nimbus, ninibus, n. বৰ্ণ-বেদ; The rain cloud.

Niminipimini. শ. কৃত্রিম সরপতা; Affected simplicity.

Nincompoop, ম. নিৰ্কোণ, বোকা : A silly fool, a simpleton. [ and one.

Nine, nin, a. and n. ৰব: মবন সংখ্যা, নৱ: Eight Nine day's wonder—অৱকাল হায়ী উভ্তেজনা:
Something that causes great sensation or astonishment for a few days only.

Ninefold, nihföld, a. নবজগ; Nine times repeated.

Nine-holes, nihhölz, n. ক্রীড়া, বর্থেলা বিশেষ; Ninepins, nihpinz, n. ক্রীড়া বিশেষ; A game played with pins and a bowl. (a q ib ball. Nine-pounder, n. কামান বিশেষ; Gun carrying Nineteenth, nihtenth, a. উনবিংশতি তম: 1q in order; ninth after the tenth:—n. উনবিংশতি-সম্বর্গ : A nineteenth part.

Minetieth, ninti-eth, c. নৰভিতৰ; go in order:
—n. নৰভিতৰ অংশ ; A ninetieth part.

Minety, nifiti, a. and n. নবতি; নকাই; Nine times ten. [a simpleton.

Minny, nini, n. মূর্ব; নির্কোব; বোকা; A fool; Ninth, ninth, a. নবম; Next after the 8th:—
n. ম্বমাংশ; One of nine equal parts. [place. Ninthly, ad. নবম হালে (ফলায়); In the ninth Niobe, n. The daughter of the king of Thebes who kept for the loss of her children till she was turned into stone.

Nip, nip, v. t. থামচাল; চিম্টাইয়া থয়া; বিৰাশ-ৰু; নই-কু; হেঘৰ-কু; To catch or inclose and compress tightly between two surfaces or edges brought togather; to pinch; to destroy; to check the growth; cut off:—n. থামচাল; A pinch with the nails or teeth:—ভ্যার থারা বিনাশ; Destruction by frost:—বাতাথাড; A blast. ad=nippingly. Syn:—(v) Compress, squeeze, gripe; clip; blast, bite, destroy, ruin.
(n) Pinch, bite; small cut, bit; dram, sip, toothful.

[ Destroy prematurely.
Nip in the bud—worten বাই-কু:অছবে বাই-কু:

Nip in the bud—জকালে নই-ক ; জকুরে নই-ক; Nipper, nip'er, n. অনের সম্পন্ত দত্ত: Foretooth of a horse:—যে বা বাহা চাপিয়া ধরে; He who, or that which, pips.

Nippers, n. দাড়াবি : Small pincers.

Nipple, nip'l, n. চুচুক; অনের বেটা; অনুত্তঃ
Tent; pap. [the Budhists.
Nirvana, n. মুক্তি; Enternal rest according to
Nit, nit, n. n. কটিডিঅ; কুলু কীটের অভ; The egg
of a louse or other insect. a=nitty.

Nitrate, nitrat. n. কার বিশেষ : A salt formed by the union of nitric acid with its base. a = nitrated ( combind with nitric acid ).

Nitrate of silver, n. কাষ্ট্ৰিক, Lunar caustic. Nitrated, a. নাইট্ৰিক এসিডের সহিত মিলিড; Combined with nitric acid.

Nitre, ni'ter, n. ঘৰকাৰ: সোৱা; The nitre of potash, also called saltpetre.

Cubic nitre—কার বিশেষ ; Nitrate of soda

Nitrie, ni'trik, a. যবকার সংজীয়; যবকার গর্জ; Compounded of nitrogen and oxygen; resembling nitre.

Nitric soid, n. यदकादिक आह ।

Nitrify, ni'tri-fi, v. t. [ L. nitrum, Initre, and facio, to make ] বৰকাৰে পৰিণত করা বা হবরা; To convert into nitre:—v. i. To become nitre. n=nitrification. [ acid.

Nitrite, ni'trit. n. কাৰ বিশেষ; A salt of nitrous Nitrogen, ni'tro-jen, n. [ Gr. nitron, and ges-nao, to generate ] যুবকারজাত বাপা: ঘ্ৰকারজান; A gas forming nearly four fiths of common air. a = nitrogenous.

Nitros, nitrūs, a. যবকার তুলা; যবকার-গর্ভ; Resembling or containing nitre.

Nitry, nitri, a. ঘৰকারজনক; Producing nitre. No, no, a. একজনও বা একটাও লয়; নয়; Not one; no one:—ad. না; নহে; The word of refusal or denial.—n. অধীকার; Denial, vote in the negative:—One who votes in the negative. [ dead. Be no more—সুধাত, বুংকুত বুংকুত

No joke, # 8754 निवा, Something important [ ous consequence and serious. No laughing matter—जामांगा नाइ Of cert-Woschian, no akı an, a मात्रा मचकीय वा उर-कालिक, Relating to Noach or to his time Rob, n क्लवाव् ध्वडंडब्र लांक A fop a superi or sort of person Nobility, no-bile-te, n Gwelt **लक्ष्मक्षाम** क्लिना Rank dignity -महास त्नी वाडिहाउ नञ्जात क्लीन मञ्जनात्र , উक्र द्वनी Noblemen collec tively, the peerage - महर (भीवन, खन्ना Great less eminence Syn - Grandeur no bleness elevation toftiness nobe birth, pa- | trician rank . peerage, aristorial)
Noble, no bl. a মহৎ প্রেট উদার উপযুক্ত দানু Gentlemanly, great, high in rank illustrious worthy, excellent generous free - n डेक्क नम्ब लांक पांच्यांच, A peer - जार्न मुखा निमंद 6. 9d sterling ad=nobly Syn -(a) Honou able, exalted, eminent renowned grand magnani mous, patrician ar focratic titled stately splendid lefty siblime Nobleman, noli man r rayema एक भाग certa A peer one bore i commoner Nobleness, nobleness, nobleness, not in a see west in a re-Dignity greatices worth grandiur Sv 1 -Magnanim to I ftiness, ex cli nee nobility stateliness magnificence grandeur Nobody, मरे रेश म (दर्ध भार , त्वर मद मनन wife No one a pers nel ro inportance Noctambulist, , ए न दिए व निजाय मनव विशेष Sleep or right walke Nocturn, nokturn n I nox noctes nght रिम उनामन रिम नृत्य Reigious e vice at n oft Nocturnal, act turnal a ff n tir alic from noctu by right, har a seria Ni tely -n day warrant pr An ir trament for of servations in the night ad=nocturnally 1,4 - Dark, gloomy tenebro & Nod. nod - : मण (नावा - की क मक्त कर्लाड के fares T More the head forward be d th head wha nuck motion bow slittly be drawsy - t नड कृ कानड कृ Tot c in at bend as the head -n find any mini ar and क्रिक्मिन Motion of the head a slight bow wran A command Syn -(2) Bow berk be drowsy [ tuning to nod a Nodel, nodal व व इम्बबीय अफिनयभीष Pr Nodated, nod ared a 1973 offen, signa Kn tted [ of the head, the head Noddle, nodi ॥ महक , महाका शहाहान , Bick Noddy, no.li, n factive 44, Simpleton, idiot –সামুদ্রিক পশ্চিবিশ্ব A sea fowl Node, nod, n ale are, A knob one of the two points at which the orbit of a planet inter sects, the ecliptic - F'ta's fare, The plut of a peer in poetry Nodose, nodos, a dista figa, Knotty Module, nodul, n कुद्ध निक, A small lump Nozgin, nogin, n कृष्ठ कार्डेड शांड, कार्डेड (कार्डे नाज A small m ig or wooden cup

Noise 1012, n [F. noise, strile] 44, 37, 50

Nominative निनान अपि , Sound , loud sound , outery , din . ा ( विविधान के , कन्याविष्ठ श्राह्म के , To spread by rumour - : Bieria. ; To so ind loud Syn -(n) Cry, clamour, clatter, tumult uproar. Make a noise-- (काम विवय गहेता व्यवाय वा हाजावा कु I alk much about, as being of great importance. Make a noise in the world-quis ets-F. সক্ত গাতি লাভ-ক , Attract great attention , attract attention everywhere Noiseless, noifles, o fa: 44, faux, Silent. n=noiselessness ad = noiselessly Noisome, noisum a [I nocere to hurt] अभिकारी अनकारी अवाशास्त्र वक्ठिकत , कुना ; हुर्नका म Injurious to health unwholesome; disgusting fitted novious m=noisomeness, at-noromely Syn -Hurtful mischievous invital cious, destructive offensive disgusting ferid Noisy, noite a अक्कांत्रक श्लीत्रांत्रण्य (कालांडल an, Clamarau tur'm'ent nanoisiness ada nairily Syn -Busterous vociferous, obstreperous Nomad, nemad Nomade, n [G: nomes । १८ ।। वंगान्त्र क्षां शेव (नाक अपनेनेन बांबान बांडि Windering hepicrd or Tirtar one of a tribe that wanders about in quest of game or of 13 tire Nomadic, no-madik a सम्पनीन नापान काडीन, প্ৰণায়ণ নৰ্দ্ধীশ অসভা Pastoral wander ing tud aderomalically Nomadic tribo-alaira mifa Nomenclator, romen kis tor n [ L romen, יחריו ב ınd cı' to co'll नाम माजा नाम farers One who gives names to persons or this fm-nomenclatress Nomenciature, nomen kla tur, n mit बाहर के लें विकास निकारत अमादात्र साथ , A list cinamics rimin; term of an art or science Nominal, named a IL nominalis, from ग गार 3 fine | नाम मांज, नामीत , चनाम . Sisting it name only not real or substantial Syn - Litular, formal, professed ostensible, [ trine held by the nominalists pr tended Nominalism, म निम्छ'ल्डिन्सिन यह . The doc Numbralist, and a st, a Affird Atminuted া চকপ কোন পলাবীর লাই মেণ্ডলি কেবল নামনাত্র हर ।कार मड'दलयो मार्ननिक मच्चनारवत अञ्चलक ()ne who maintains that general conceptions or uriversals are names only Nominate, nomin it v t [ L nominare, from n men name | निर्हाण कु , नाम कवित्रा खखाव-कु . To appoint, to propose for an office, propose by name n=nomination. Syn —Propose, de ignate present being nominated. Nomination, a. नितान , निकांडन , The state of Nominative, nomin-3-tiv, a segist नवकीय কৰ্ত্বাহৰ বোৰক , Naming , applied to the case of the subject - n TETER The simple form

(or cree) of a noun which may be the subject

of a verb.

Nominator, nomin-at-or, s. (बर्गनवर्गन) :

ৰিৰ্ম্কাচক ; ৰামকায়ক ; One who appoints. Mominee, nom-in-হ', n. নিৰ্মাচিত ব্যক্তি ; নিৰ্মায়িত

Mominee, nom-in-ই', দ নিৰ্বাচিত ব্যক্তি; নিৰ্বাচিত ব্যক্তি; One nominated by another; one on whose life depends an annuity or base.

Monage, nonis, n. অপ্রার্থকতা, নাবালকত, Minority, a=nonaged.

Monagenerian, n. [L. nonaginte, ninety]
ৰণভিবৰ্ণমুক্ৰ পোৰ ; One ninety years old.

Nonce, nons, n. এই উপলক; বৰ্তমান সময় বা অভিযায় : The present occasion or purpose

For the nonce—তংকালে; আপাতত:; তৰ্কার

নত; On that one occasion, temporarily.

Nonchalance, n. তাছীলা, উদাদীনতা, Indifference, coldness.

Mon-commissioned, non-komishund, a. অপ্রাপ্ত নিশ্বের, Not having a commission, as an officer in the army or navy.

Non-conductor, non-kon-duktor, গ অপ্ৰবৃত্তিক, অপ্ৰিচাসক পদাৰ্থ, A substance which does transmit another substance or fluid.

Nonconforming, non-kon-forming, a. ea মহাবলহা, প্রচারত প্রধানবলহা; Not conforming, especially to an established church

Nonconformist, non-kon-formist, श. डिड बहाबक्के (नांक , Dissenter.

Nonconformity, non-kon-formi-ti, n আনকা, অনিকা, অনিকা, অনিকা, অনিকা, অনিকা, Wint of conformity.
Non content, n অভ্যন্ত নি ইন্তাব্যিক মৃত্যাহা, in house of Lords, one who gives a negative sele-

Non-descript, nonde-skript, a. [L non, not, and descriptus, described] অবণিত, নৃত্ৰ, অহুত, Undescribed, novel, add —n. অবণিত বয়; A thing not described, something abnormal or haidly classifiable.

None, nun, a. কেছ নছে; একও নয়; বিশ্বমাত্রও নয়. Not any, nut one, not the smallest part.

Nonentity, non-ente-te, n. অসৰ, অৰ্ণ্ডিছ, অবিদ্যান্ত্ৰৰ বস্তু, Thing not existing Syn:—Non-existence, mility; nothing, nobody.

Nones, nonz, n. [ L. nonus, for novenus, ninth ] বোমীৰ পঞ্জিকাৰ দিন বিশেষ, In the Roman calendar, the ninth day before the ides.

Nonesuch, nunsuch, n. অতুৰ বন্ধ , অসাধারণ জব্য , Something extraordinary.

Non-juring, non-joor'ing, a [L. nen, not, and juro, to swear] বস্তভার পথৰ করে নাই এরপ, Not swearing allegiance.

Mon-juror, non-joor'or, n ইংল্ডের রাজলজ্জির আমুগ্ডা করিতে লগধ করে নাই একগ লোক, Jacobite, one who would not swear to the Government of England, at the Revolution of 1688.

Non-pareill, non-pa-rel, n. [Fr non. not, and pareil, equal] অতুলাতা, অতুল উৎকৰ্ব, Un-paralled excellence — হাপিবার ক্ষু অকর; A small printing type:—এক কাডীৰ উৎকৃষ্ট ফল, A rich sort of apple:—এ. অসুপম; অতুল, Without an equal, matchless.

Monplus, nohplus, n [L. won, not, and plus, more] সভটাবছা; বিবৰ সমনা ; Puzzle; state of embarassment; insuperable difficulty:—v. f.

\*\*\* To puzzle; confound. Syn:—(\*\*
Embarrass, pose.

Monsonso, nońsens, n. অবৰ্ক বাৰ্য; অসকত বাৰ্য; Unmeaning language; absurdity; trifles a=nonsensicat.

Nonsensical, a. অনর্থক; অর্থপুঞ্জ; নির্থক; অসকত; Absurd. ad = nonsensically. n = nonsensicalness. Nonsuit, n. নালিশ নামনুব; আদালত ইইতে বোককৰা উঠাইয়া লভন, A withdrawl of a suit at law, either voluntarily or by the judgment of the court .—v. t. নালিশ নামনুব-ড়, To record that a plaintiff drops his suit

Noodle, noo'dl. n. নিৰ্কোণ ব্যক্তি; বোৰা নোৰ : A simpleton , blockhead , stupid person.

Nook, nōōk, n. কোণ; নিতৃত ছান; Corner; angle, a recess.

Noon, noon, n. মৰ্যাক ; Midday ; twelve o'clock —চরমনীমা , উন্নতি , Height :—a মাৰ্যাকিক . Meridional.

Noonday, noonda, n. ম্বাক; Noon, midday:—
a. মাধাকিক, Pertaining to mid-day; meridional.
Nooning, n. ম্বাক সময়েব আরাম বা আহার, Repose at noon; a repast at noon.

Moontide, noontid, n. মধ্যকৈ, Midday :-a. মাধ্যকিক, Pertaining to noon; meridional.

Noose, nooz, ম. পাল, খাস; A running knot; lasso —v. t. খানে বন্ধ-ছু বা-ছ, To tie or catch in a noose.

Nor, nor, conj. নহে, Not:—'না' বৃচক বাজ্যের বিহীয়া'ল বোধক অবায়পদ, A particle marking the second or subsequent part of a negative proposition.

Normal, normal, a [L. normalis, from norma, rule] নিয়মানুষাৰী. নিযমিত; Regular; according to rule, ordinary; analogical:—n. লয়, Perpendicular, ad=normally.

Mormal-school, न. आवर्ग-विशानह ; For the training of teachers.

Norman, nor'man, n. নৰ্মাণীয় অধিবাসী: A native or inhabitant of Normandy:—a. নৰ্মাণী প্ৰদেশ বা তাহ'ব অধিবাসীগৰ সম্বন্ধীয়, Pertaining to the Norman- or to Normandy.

Norse, nors, a প্রাণ্টন-স্থাতিন্তিয়া-সংস্থান্ত ; Pertaining to ancient Scandanavia — n. প্রাচীন-স্থাতিনেভিয়ার ভাষা . The language of ancient Scandanavia.

North, north, n ইত্তৰ িক. One of the four cardinal points of the housen:—a. উত্তর্গিকস্থ; Lying toward or situated at the north:—v. t. উত্তর্গিকে গ্ৰামন-কৃ. To turn or move towards the north. North-east, north-est, n. উত্তর-পূর্কাদক; ইপানে কোণ, পুরুষ্ণিক কোণ, পুরুষ্ণিক কোণ, পুরুষ্ণিক কোণ, চিলাক between the north and east equidistant from each:—a. পুরুষ্ণিক, উত্তর-পূর্কাদক্ষীর, Belonging to, or form the north-east.

North-casterly, north-লংগোন, a উত্তৰ-পূৰ্ক হইতে আগত, উত্তৰ-পূৰ্ক হইতে সমাগত; Coming from the north-east

Morth-eastern, north-Estern, s. উত্তরপুর্বাহিত ; Being in the north-east, or in that direction. Morth-eastward, north-est ward, s. উত্তর-পূর্বা-ভিম্ন , Cowards the north-east. Mortherly, norther-li, a. উत्तप्तिकृष : উत्तप्तिक : Being toward the north; for the north :- ad. উদ্ভাৱ : উদ্ভৱাভিয়ৰে : উদ্ভৱ হুইডে , Toward or from the north.

Northern, northern, a. উত্তর্গিকঃ; উত্তৰ্গ : Being in the north :- n. डेडबरांनी ; An inhabitant of the north.

Northernmost, northern-most. Northmost, e. উত্তর্গকের চর্মসীমার অবৃত্তি, Situate at the point furthest north.

Worth-star, northstår, n. উত্তর মেক্-প্রদেশীর नक्छ ; The north polar-star

Morth-ward, North-wards, adv Scaffice . উত্তরাভিমূৰে : Towards the north.

Northward, Northwardly, a. উত্তরাতিমুখীন. Being toward the north

North-west, n. উত্তৰ পশ্চিম্দিক, বাবুকোৰ, The point between the north and west:—উত্তৰ-শকিষাৰত . Pertaining to the north-west

North-west passage-The supposed existence of a passage for ships from the Atlantic ocean into the Pacific or the reverse, long sought for, and at last discovered by captain M'clure in 1851.

Morth-westerly, a. উত্তর-পশ্চিমাগত . From the north-west. [ the north-west North-western, a. Gen-Merer. Being in Norwegian, nor-witt-an, a. नदश्य (मन्त्र-क्रांच , Pertaining to Norway :- n. नवस्य-त्रणवानी ; A native of Norway.

Mose, nor. n. वानिका , आर्गनिक : The organ of smell :-जान ; Scent :- डीक्नुकि , नुकि , Sagacity :- v. t. মাণ-কৃ , আমাণ-কৃ ; To smell -- অমায়-क , नानाभानि-तर , To oppose rudely to the face . to abuse -- নাসিকা জিলা উচ্চ'ল#- স, To utter through the nose. Llindh

Lead by the nose—যথ উচ্ছা বইয়া য'ৰয়া . Lead Length of one's nose-यङ्ग वाधाम (मधा गांत . As far as one can see at the first view

Poke one's nose into-- निर्मादकार्य के कि CREM . Thrust oneself into , pry officiou ly into Put one's nose out of joint—এक्জनार काश्यव खनग्र हरें एक विकादिक विकादिक प्राप्त कार्य कार्य करता. To supplant one in the affections of another

Running at the nose-मिक

Thurst one's nose in-अनिकांबर्ट्स के , To meddle impertmently.

To have one's nose on the grinding stone - डे॰नेडिड-इ, To be subject to exactions, to be oppressed, as by exactions.

Turn up one's nose-wast states: Show disdain, contemn .- नाक मिंडेकान ; Bend onc's look with nose upward (by way of contempt ) Under one's nose there sets; Before one's eyes, in immediate proximity

Nose-bag, nozbag, n. जरदत बाहारतत दलि, विद्या नामा बोहेबात बनि ; A bag for a horse's nose, containing oats &c

Mose-bleeding, n. নাসিকা হইতে রক্তপ্রাব; A bleeding at the nose.

Mosegsy, nūigā, n. কৃত্ম-ব্ৰক, পুলাভাছ : কুলের cots! . Bunch of flowers, a boquet, a posy.

Noseleus, noties, a. fafffire; Destitute of a nose helmet. Nosepiece, n. Manieta wer; Part of a

Nose-ring, n. Ring put through the nose.

Nosology, n. [Gr nosos, a disease, and logos, a discourse ] ব্যাধিতৰ; রোগ-বিজ্ঞান; The science of diseases, knowledge or description of disease a=nosological, n=nosologist (cata বিজ্ঞানবিৎ; one versed in nosology).

Mostralgia, त. पृष्ट गमान यमगडी हेस्स् ; Homesickness. of the nose. Nostril, nostril, n नागांतच् . One of the holes Nostrum, nostrum, n. etgitt, 75 ett; A quack or patent medicine. f or refusal. Not, not, at at. A word of denial negation It is not for one—কাহাৰো পক্ষে উচিত বা উপযুক্ত नाइ , It is not becoming or proper on one's part. Not that but - अ कथा विन मा त्व . I do not say that —এমনে কৰা উচিত মহে বে, it is not to be supposed that

Notability, not-a-bili-ti, n अभिक वस या वास्ति . A notable person or thing - 94% (414, Man of rank or deputy convened by the king of France on an important occasion

Notable, nota-bl, a. [L. notabilis, from notare, to mark ] विशांड, अंतिक, मांग्यांगां, Remarkable; memorable, notorious, dis tinguished .- n. विशां उ वाकि ना वह . A person or thing worthy of note, ad-notably, n= notableness. Syn '-(a) Noticeable, plain, evident, extraordinary, unusual, rare striking, prominent

Notary, notar-ı, n. मिलन मांत्रकारी (बाकक्ष-हांदी ) , A public officer who certifies deeds of others writings a-notarial, ad-notarially

Notation, no tá hun, n I L note, netatum. to mark ) किए (क्ष्य , किए वा माक्ष्य भागा , Noting or marking, a system of signs or symbols -म'क्लाप जिस्त . अब जियम , Signifying anything by marks, characters or signs, as Authmetic Algebra, Music

Notch, noch, n বাঁক, হিন্ত An indentation hollow cut , a nick -v. t. die Tiel , To cut a hellow into

Note, not, n. [ L nota, from noscere, notum. to know ] for , माका , A mark or sign ; indication, symbol, a token -- यन . शार्ति . Reputation ; fame - चूडि-महांत ; चुडि माहावार्थ कुछ লিখন, Memorandum — কুন্ত পৰা, পৰিকা; Short letter — ব্যাখ্যা, চীকা, A short explanation; annotation -- 49-41414 , Acknowledgment of a debt :- अडिका-नव , Promissary note -- मार्ड , Bank note - MERICETT . Notice ; heed :- 44 ; Tune -- ऋरवत्र हिरू : ऋत्ररवाषक हिरू ; Musical symbol - 44, Musical tone : - 444, Observation : —v f. বৰ্ণনা-ৰু , To observe, to remark :-- লিখা ; To record; write down: - नामारियान- ; To attend to. Syn: -(n) Brief remark; minute, short letter, billet, character, distinction; bill, paper money. (v) Heed; designate; denote. Make a note of-First west, Make a

memorandum.

Note down-বেধা , Make memorandum. Take note of-নলোবোৰ-ছ , Pay heed to , notice.

Note-book, न. भहनार्व भूकक ।

Noted, noted, a. विद्यांड, अनिद्य, क्षितिहिड; बाक्काना ; Remarkable , celebrated , notorious , well-known, eminent. n=notedness, Syn :-Distinguished, illustrious, conspicuous, famous. Moteless, noties, a. অজাত , অপ্রসিদ্ধ . Not at-[ बाबाकाइक , An annotator tracting notice. Noter, n. वर्गनकात्री , One who observes -Nothing, nuthing, n. weit, Nonentity -मिकिशिर, किहूरे वह , Not any thing , non-existence —कुम्ह दिवय, Trifle —नुष्ठ . A cipher —वृत्राहीनठा , No value .- ad मिकिकाण , किन्न प्रतिमाण वन . अस्क्यात्वरे मा, In no degree, not at all n= nothingness Syn -Non-existence, nonentity, nihility, nothingness, nought, zero, c pher, trifle, bagatelle

Come to nothing—निकल ह। Have nothing for it but—डेलांबाह्य ना बांका Fhese is no other course left that

To make nothing of seal at 7

Noteworthy, notwenth a সুন্দীৰ, অবধান-বোগা, আসিছ, Worthy of the or notice

Notice, notice n [1], the from noscer, notum, to know ] সনামাগ লছ Heed attention observation—বিক্তাপন সংখ্যান, Information, intelligence—উল্লেখ, নিক্তিশ, Alluson, mention—আগশালি Notification—সকক কৰণ Warning—সমালিনি, মন্তবা, Reinark—গুলু কুলুকুকু, 10 mark or er—মানাবোগালি কি regard or attend to, mind—বংলা-কু 10 mention—ভক্ত ব্যৱহাৰ কু, লিংতা প্ৰদৰ্শন-কু, 10 treat with civility Syn—(n) Cognizance, it gard, note, consideration respect, c vility advice news, intimation (v) Remark, perceive mark note, avert to

Take notice of — দেশ টোকা, নছবে প্ল Observe and show that one has observed — দেঁজপুৰৰ সুত্ৰা বা আফাল আলা Pay heed or attention to

Moticoable, nitis-ৰ bl a দশ্ন দেশে কক্ষ্য-নাথ অবধান যোগা, Worths of observation ad noticeably

Notification, noti fi kāshun n. খোৰণা বিজ্ঞা প্ৰ The notice g von - খেণ্ডণা পত্ৰ, বিজ্ঞাপৰ পত্ৰ, The paper containing the notice

Notify, note-fi, v t [I. notus, known, and facere, to make] জাপন ক প্রচাধ-ক, সাবাদ-কে
To declare, announce, proclaim Syn — Publish, inform, apprise, acquaint.

Notion, nō'shun, n [ L notio, from noscere notum, to know ] মনেৰ ভাব অনুমান, ধারণা Conception, idea —মভ, সর্কাবিদিত বিশাস, Opmon, belief a=notional Syn — Sentiment apprehension, view, impression, understanding, inclination, fancy

Notional, a কালনিক, কলনাপ্রিয়, Ideal, fanciful Notoristy no-to-ri'e-te, n প্রকাশ, মুর্বাম, নাধারণো আচার; Publicity, public exposure, bad name Syn.—Repute, celebrity, name, note, vogue

Motorious, no-to're-us, a. [ L. notare, to mark ] অসংকর্ষে প্রসিদ্ধ , নাধারণ্যে গরিচিত , নামলালা , Infamous ; noted n=notoriousness, ad=notoriously. Syn—Open, overt, patent, obvious ; remarkable, celebrated, famous, renowned, disreputable

Notwithstanding, not-with-standing, prep. সত্তেও, In spite of, despite —adv or conj. তথাপি, তথাচ, যে যাহা হউক; Nevertheless however.

Nought, nawt, n কিছু নতে. Not anything; nothing —ad কিবং পৰিমাণেও নয় In no degree. Set at nought—ছণা কু, অবজা-কু, Despise; উভাইনা বেওয়া, slight, disregard

Noun, nown, n. স'জা, বিশেষা পদ, (Gram)
The name of anything

Nourish, nur'ish, v t পালন-কু, জনপপোৰণ-কু;
To feed or bring up, to support —উৎসাহিত-কু,
উত্তেভিত কু, To encourage —পোৰণ-কু I o chesh —শিকা-দে, To educate n=nouriser a=
nourishable Syn —Nurture, foster, tend provide supply support encourage, comfort

Nourishable, a श्रांत्र-त्यात्रा , शांत्रनीय , शांत्रनीय ,

Nourishing, a 2844, Nutritious.

Nourishment, nur'ish-ment, n আচাৰ ভক্ষা-ড্ৰুম্ম ভালন্ত্ৰা, Nutriment, food Syn —Food, sustanance aliment diet

Novel, novel a অভিনৰ, নুচন আগধাৰণ, আছুত, New unusurl, strange —n. আব্যাহিকা, উপকাগ; উপকথা, A fictitious tale, a romance. Syn:— (a) Modern fresh, unusual, uncommon, rare. Novelette, n ক্ষু উপকাস, A small novel

Novelist, novel ist, n. আংশব্লিকা কেপৰ, উপজ্ঞা-প্ৰিক A novel write:

Novelty, novel-ti n ন্তনত্ব, নবহ আছিলৰ বা আছুত্বস্থ Newness, anything new or strange November, no veni-ber, n নবেশ্ব মাস The tith month of the year

Novennial, nū-senyal a L roten, nine, ainus, a year | প্ৰতি ৰব্যবৰ্গে কৃত Done every ninth year

Novice, novis n I সহাতে new ] শিকাৰী বাজি কোন কান দক্ষ নহৈ \ \forall beginner, one new in any business— না কেবল প্ৰবেশ কৰিয়াছৈ কিছু বৰ প্ৰতি কৰে নাজ One who has entered a convent numery \ \text{but has not taken the yow — নবালীকিত্ত লোক One newly received into the church Syn — Learner, tyro, neophyte, pro-

Movitiate, no vishi-a-t, n অন্তেবাদিত্ব শিকাৰিতা, The state of being a novice — প্ৰথম শিকার কাল, শিকাৰাল, I he period of being a novice — শিকা-মবিশ, শিকাৰী, A novice

Now, now, adv একণে, বৰ্ত্তমান সমৰে, At this moment, at the present time — tong কিছ, জতংশর হতবাং, একণ ছইলে, But, after this; thing being so — n. বৰ্ত্তমানকাল, The present time

[ intervals, frequently.

Every now and then—वसन ७५०, At short Now and then—नमूद नमूद , उसन कथन , Occassionally , at intervals , at one time or another,

Now-Now-44 नवार ; चक्र नवार , ग्रीविकार ,

Mow (one thing) now (another)—ক্ষ্ম (এটা) কংল ওটা, একবার এদিকে একবার ওদিকে; At one time and at another time.

Now or never—এই শেব, এই ক্ৰোগ, বাহা হব করিবা লব, ইহাব পর কার হইবে না, The present (is the only time either to do the thing or give it up altogether).

Now that—(ৰাছতু একৰে; Since now

Now-a-days, now'a-daz, ad একাৰে, আজিকাণি, In days now present, in this age

Moway, no'wz. Moways, no'waz, ad. কোন মতে বাং , কোন রূপেই নাং , কোন ক্রমেই নাং , In no manner or degree

Nowhere, no hwar, ad কোন হলে মংহ, কুআণি লয়ে, In no place, not any where

Nowise, no'wiz, ad. কোন কাপই বা কোন মতেই নহে, কোন কমেইনহে In no degree, by no means Noxious, nokishe-us, a [L noxa, hurt—noceo to hurt] অনিষ্টকৰ, কভিকর, অনিষ্টকনক, হিল্লে, Unwholesome, hurtful, corrupting to motals—fail—noxiously n=noxiousness Syn—Harm ful, inturious, pernicious destructive baneful insalubrious, noisome pe-tilent, deadly, destructive, poisonous

Rossle, nożl, n. নাম্প্ৰ খুড়ৰি, প্ৰায়ভাপ The

snout, the extremity of anything

Muclested, a जीवीन Having a nucleus Mucleus, nJ'kle-us n रीज, जन जीव, Kernel —श्यरकजूब नजीव ना मधक, Body or head of a comet. pl=nucle:

Nude, nild, a [L nudus, naked] at sam.

73, Naked, bare, void n=nudity Syn Uncovered, undressed, exported

Nudge, nuj. n atta 4'at A gentle push - o. t atta 4'at atal . To push gently

Nudity, nutti দ লগতা Nakedness —pl লগ্ন অংশ , মালব্যুক্তির উলক ভাগ Naked parts, naked portions of the human figure

Nugatory, nd ga-tor-e a [I negatories from nugars, to trifle] নিকল, নিব্ত কার্থ নিকাৰ, নিব্তি জ্ঞান, ineffectual Syn — Trifling, tutile insignificant, inoperative, ineffectual

Nugget, nuget, n পিত, ধাতুর তাল A mas especially of a precious metal, a lump, as of a metal

Nuisance, nll'ans, n. T. L. nocen, to huit উংপাত , বিয়ক্তিকর বিবহ অনিট্রকর বিবয় , Some thing noxious or offensive Syn —Offence, annoyance, plague, trouble pest

Null, nul, a [L. nullus, not any] নিজ্ঞা, বাৰ্থ অপ্ৰান্ত, বাহিল, Void, invalid, nugatory, of no account, of no force, invalid [no validity Null and void—নিজ্ঞা, বাহিল, রুখ, Of Nullity, nulle-fi, v t [i. nullus, none, and fizere, to make] নিজ্ঞান্ত আবাহ্যকঃকু, বাহিল-কু, To annul, to render void. n=nullification Syn—Abolish, abrogate, revoke, annul, repeal, make void, neutralize. Mullity, nuli-ts, ল বিশ্বনতা, বিশ্বনতা; আবিখ্য-ঘানতা, Nothingness; any thing void or ac efficacy.

Mumb, num, a বড়, অবণ, অনাড়, Chilled, destitute of the power of sensation and motion, torpid, insensible, benumbed, motionless, paralyzed — v t. সময়তিত কু, অবণ-কু, আনাড়-কু, তি make numb, to deaden, to stupefy, to make torpid n=numbness.

Number, number, n [L nemo, to distribute] সংখ্যা, একৰ, A single unit, a unit in counting:
—বচৰ, The difference in words to express singular or plural —বৰ্ডা, Multitude, a collection of individuals —pl ছবা, Metre, verse—ভাবা, Harmony:—A book of the Bible —v t. গণনা-ক, To count, to reckon—নোট-হ, সমন্ত্ৰীত হত্তা, To amount to —সংখ্যা ক, সম্বাচন বাৰা নিক্তিক ক, To mark a number Syn —(n) Figure, numeral, digit many, crowd, throng (v) Enumerate, calculate, reckon estimate, compute tell, Number one—বাৰ্লিক (বিম্না), One's self, one's onestly, one sown personal interests Number up—বাৰ্লিক Add together

Numberless, numbér-les, a जन-या, ज्रान्ड,

Numerable, numerable, n পণনীয় গণ্ৰসাধা first may be counted at—numerably. n=nunerableness, numerability

Numeral, na'mer al a. अवस्त' क अन्यां मुक्ति .

Pertaining to or consisting of number — n

बद 1 fizure used to express a number, as 1,
2 3 &c

Numerary, numer-ari, a অৱস্থানীয়, সংখাবিশেষ স্থানীয়, কল্ডি Belonging to a certum
number [reckon how many, reckon
Numerato numer-ation of প্ৰশাক কি চি টো,
Numeration, numerathum of প্ৰশাক্ষী
নিকা, সংক্ষেত্ৰ, সংখা প্ৰ-এপানী, The actor
act of reciding or writing numbers

Numerator, numer-ator, n সাৰক, স্থা<sup>1</sup> লোকা The upper number of a sulgar fraction Numeric, nd met ik Numerical, numerik at, a অম্বানয়ক সংবাদিবস্থক, জুবাসংখ্যক Be i nging to or denoting number, the same in number ad= in netically

Numorous, numerous, a স্থাৰত, নলোৰ্ড, fees Bing many, great in number, fie quent n=numerousness ad = numerously Syn — Many Is go in number, abundant

Numismatic, a [Gr nomisma, current coin nomizo, to use commonly] মুখা বা পদক সংক্ৰিছ. Pertaining to coins or medals

Numismatics, nu-mis-matiks, n 東南 何期间, 1974 何期间, The science of coins and medals a -numismatic [versed in numismatology Nnmismatologist, n 東京 何期间间, One Numismatology, nu-mis-ma-tologi n. [Ginimisma coin, logos science] n 東京一行期间 I he science of coins and medals in relation to history n=numismatologist

Nummulite, numu-ht, a ब्राया ध्याप्य-

Numskul, numskul, n. feccit, ceivi; A block-head.

Mun, nun, # बक्डाबिन ; छन्त्रिनी ; Cloistered woman: -- শুত্ৰ কপোত বিশেষ; A kind of small pigeon. Nunchion, ম. অপপাৰ ; A luncheon

Nunoisture, # পোপের নিকট হইতে স্মারত বৃত্তের भए : The office of a nuncio.

Muncio, nuńshe-o, n. [ L. nuncius, a messenger ] (পাপের पৃত , A messenger ; Pope's envoy Syn :- Ambassador, envoy, legate; the Pope's legate.

Nuncupative, nun-ku pa-tiv, Nuncupatory, nun-ku'pa-tor-i, a. [L. nuncupare, to call by name] अकामकाती ; अठावकाती ; Declaring publicly or solemnly -- মৌৰিক; অ-বিবিত; Oral, not

Munnery, nufer-e, #. यह ; मन्नामिनीविश्वत आवेत ; A house for nuns. Syn -Convent, closster,

Nuptial, nup'she-il, a. [ L. nuptiace, mar] mage ] বৈবাহিক; পৰিপ্ৰথটিত, Belonging to weddings.

Nuptiale, n. pl. विवाह ; পরিশয় উৎসব ; Marriage ; wedding ceremony. Syn .- (n) Bridal, espousals, marriage ceremony

Nurso, nurs, n [ L nutrio, to suckle ] than, Woman who cuckles an infant, not her own -রোগীর শুল্লঘাক।বিশী, পরিচারিকা; One who has care of the sick -v t. 4 45-7; To nourish --कक्षवा-क : श्रीवरणां-क , To tend :- इक्षशान कवान , To suckle - नना-न ; To protect, cherish -त्रवृष्ण विष्ठवारम श्रीकोनन-कृ . To manage with care and economy Syn -(v) Suckle, nurture, feed: foster, encourage, su cour, minage, husband. Mursery, n मार्टल-१, म ध'ओ-गृर , नि उन्तिन अदकां , The place for nursing young children, an appartment - 51414-71714, A piece of ground where plants are reared

Mursery man —পুশোপজীবী।

Nursery tale, n. [भणा अब , A fictitious or ex travagant or simple story such as amuses children.

Nursling, nuisling, n 199, An infant.

Nurture, nurtur, n. [ L nutrio, to nourish ] चारात, थाना, Food, nourishment - निका, Education; instruction —লালনপালন, Tender care.— v f. প্র-কু; পোবণ-কু; বিশ্বা-পে; To nourish, to bring up, to educate. n=nurturer. Syn -(v) Nurse, cherish, tend, train, educate, school, rear, discipline, instruct.

Mut, nut, s. प्रशांत , वानाय , वाजिएक ; Fruit or kernel of some trees and shrubs in a hard or soft shell .- v. t जेवून रून मध्यर-कृ ; To gather nuts. A nut to crack-नारा नाना क्या नात ना . Some-

thing puzzling to be explained.

Nutant, nu'tant, a. [ L. nuto, to nod ] worth जामङ-मध्क ; Nodding ; having the top best downward.

Nutation, n. वसककनान , भूरणाव प्रशासिक्षता ; A nodding, the turning of flowers towards the sun. Nut-brown, nut-brown, a, निक्त्व ; Brown like an old nut.

Nut-craker, nutkrak-ér, n संकि ; Instrument for crackling nuts :- नकी विरनव ; A bird.

Nuthatch, n পকী বিশেষ, A small climbing bird. Nutmeg, nutmeg, n 朝京寺司; The kernel of the fruit, an E. I tree, having an aromatic smell. Nutria, nutri-2, n. (तक वित्नव, The fur.

Nutrient, nutri-ent, a. [ L. nutrio, to nourish ] पृष्टिकांबी ; पृष्टिकांबक : Nourishing :- n. पृष्ट-কারক , পৃথিপাধন , Anything nourishing.

Nutriment, nu'tre-ment, n. [ L. nutrimentum, from nutrire, to nourish ] क्लाज्य , श्रीमाज्य ; Food. a=nutrimental. Syn -Aliment, sustenance, nourishment, nutrition, subsistence.

Nutrimental, a. (शांवनवर्षी; शूहेनांदन, Nutritious. Nutrition, nu-trishun, n [L. nutritio, from nutrire, to nourish | पृष्टे , पृष्टिमायन ; Nourishment. Syn -Nourishing, food, nutriment, aliment. Nutritious, Nutritive, nutri-tiv, a. 9843; शृहिन्दिक , Nourishing , promoting growth ad=

nutritiously, nutritive'y n=nutritiousness. nutritiveness Syn -Nutrimental, strengthening, who'esome

Nutshell, n. স্পারির খোদা, Shell of a nut .--অল্ল পরিমাণ খান . A small space or compass.

Lie in a nutshell-was son sto, To be capable of brief statement.

Nuxvomica, n [ L nux, a nut, and vomicus, from vomo, to vomit ] विवास वृक्षविद्रभाषत्र स्व ; The seed of an La t Indian tree.

Nuszle, v t. गुरुदात स्वाय नामिका राता वृक्तियां त्युनि ; To poke about with the nose, like a swine.

Nyctalopia, Nyctalopy, n. দিবাৰতা বোগ বিশেষ, A desease of the eye.

Nyctalops, n. शिराच , One affected with nyctalopia. [ large antelope. Nylghau, nilgaw, n. मृत विरम्प, A kind of Nymph, nimf, n (वरी वित्वव , वनत्वका , विनावित. Elf or fairy of the woods, meadows or waters . —प्रठी वानिका, क्यांत्री, A lovely young gul, a maiden. a=nymphlike.

Nymph, mmf, Nympha, nimf'a, n. wyfers The pupa or chrysalis of an insect, ol-

nymphae (nimf'e).

Nymphean, Nymphical, a. निक्तपतीत Pertaining to nymphs. of madness Nympholepsy, n. अक अकांत्र देवान , A species Nymphomania, n. शीरनारक्य कार्याखांव . Morb d and uncontrollable sexual desire in woman,

O, 5, दे:वांकि वर्गमानात श्रक्तभ वर्ग वा अकत ; The 15th letter in the English alphabet -int विश्वय रा যাত্ৰাস্চক অব্যব , সম্বোধনস্চক বা শেকছ:খাদি একাশক अवाजनेत , An exclamation of wonder, pain, grief &c. Oaf, 61, n. निर्त्मांव रामक , (वांका , अञ्च निक् व द्वारम

भवोगन-कर्क्क शिवास नि.कांध निल A dit a blackhead, changeling, foolish child left by elves for a bright one. a=oafish ( [ 本村 ] ,

Stupid, dull)

Oak, Dk n ga ferra A tiec

Oakapple, उ.ap l, n अक अन्य कांव , A spongy excrescence on the leaves of the oak. Oaken, Jon a es sis fifus, esus, Made

of oak, consisting of oak

Oakling, n stat ea ate, A young oak. Oakum, Bleum, n किश्म, त्रक्तामि नम् कतिवात चताडन कड़. Old rope, untwitted and trased into 'o ise hemp for calking the scame of ships Oaky, a \$5#, Like oak, hard, firm

Oar, or, n. careff \$15, Instrument for roving boats -v : fig + at Turov -t t ( Toris. বোলে সঞ্চালিক ক. To imp I by towing a woared Boat the oars-#7 4 641 (else rowing and lay oars in the boat or from wurk Las on one's cars -fas a- R . one ou To feather the oars-lot in the nedgewise, as they move but to rip it it stroke Oared, ord, a firstly, 4 - Flys hu. nished with oars [ who tow, tith an our Oarsman, örzman : केंदि त्य के-173, One Oasis, 8'a-cis, n. मात्रकेण, महाकृ ६व र ४ डेल्प्स हमी,

A faitale spot in a sandy desert pl = oases. Oat. Ut n ES, A gran pl = oats

To have sown one's wild oats-चकार अधिकाल द , To leave off one's gay habits and to become steady

To sow one's wild oats - इंडिय (१-ना-कृ. क्करई वड बाका , To indulge in loose habits or forbidden pleasure [ of oatmeal

Oatoake, " बडेहार्नर निष्टेक विराम , A cake made Oaten, a was faffs , Made of oatmeal Ontmenl, ormel, # कर्ड , Flour from oats.

Oath, 5th, n 494 , Swearing pl = oaths

Administer an cath-बाहेनाष्ट्राशी ननव करान , Tender an oath

Oath of abjuration, n. An oath introduced after the Revolution of 1689 for the purpose of excluding the Stuart family from the throne Oath of allegiance, म. (य नन्य पात्र) अयो त्रोकात बिक्डे दक इर . The oath which binds the subject to swear allegiance to the sovereign.

Oath of supremacy-The cath which establishes the supremacy of the British sovereign over every other power, spiritual, or temporal in the realm

Oath-breaking, " नर्भ-क्ष , Perjury.

Obduracy, obdu ras-e, म भावान-सरवजा, कडिन क्षमवका. निर्मेका, अक्केंद्रिम. Inflexible persistence in sin, stubborness. Syn -Obstinacy, doggedness persistency, impenitence.

Obdurate, obdu int, a [L obdurare, to harden ] क्षिन , भाग'न-क्रमच अक्लेर , Hard in heart, hardened in feelings, stubborn n-obdu aceness, ad=obdurately Syn - Firm, unbending, unyielding, obstinate, inflexible, unfeeling, insensible callous, impenitent, graceless reprobate

Obedience, o br'de ens, # आञ्चान्तर्वन , सामनीय-বস্তিতা, কর্ত্তৰ পরাহশতা , I) itifulness , compliance with what is requied Syn -Compliance, yielding acquiescence, subservience, duty, respect [ In compliance with

In obedience to-वनवढी श्रेया, आकान्यामी, Obedient, ন-be'de-ent a. আজাবহ, আজাপুৰৱী, বল্প কর্তবাপরায়ণ Willing to obey dutiful ad=bediently Syn -Compliant, obervant, regardful, subservient, submissive, respectful, deferential

Oboisance, 5-bisans, n [Fi ober, to obey] अनिशांड, नमकांब किनायन, A bow or act of revc ence, an expression of reverence

Obeism, n मर्नवड़ा, Serpent worship.

Obolisk, ohe lisk, n syraid, Gu valdes frem, A quadrangular pyramid, a tall, foursided tapering pillar :- + for facet , A mark or note thus t

Obose, 0-bes, a [ i. ob, and edo, esum, to eat ] पृत्रकार , बान्न , समयो , Fat. n=obeseness , obeatty.

Obesity, ठ-beist-c, अ. वनवित्रां, बांन्स्ताइना; 375], Corpulence, abnormal fatness. Syn :bleshiness, fatness, corpulence, stoutness, pursiness

Obey, 5-bá, v. t [L ob, and audire, to hear] नाम क ; चारमनिव्नारत कार्या-क , To submit to ; \* comply with, to yield to. n=obeyer. Syn :-Follow, observe, keep

Obeyingly, ad चारम्भात्रकी रहेश , Obediently. Obfuscate, v t. [ L. ob, intensive, and fuscus, dark ] जरमानव-कृ, एउन्दिन्हः; To darken, to confuse. n = obfuscation.

Obit, o'bit # [ L ob. against, so, to go ] Thi; Death .- Majgigal ; Funeral ceremonies.

Obitual, a আন্তাইজিয়া-বৃত্তিক, Pertaining to obits
Obituary, চ-bitu-ar-i, a মৃত্যুবন্ধনীয়, মৃত্যুবিব্যুক,
Relating to the death of a person — ল. মৃত্
বাজিবের তালিকা, মৃত ব্যক্তির বিবয়ণ, A list of
deaths, an account of dead persons

Object, ob-jekt, v. s. [L. ob, and jacere, to throw] আগত্তি-ক , Oppose, contravene — v f বাবা বা আগত্তি উপস্থিত-ক , Io offer in opposition . to oppose — n. গদাৰ্থ, বস্তু , ন্দ্ৰবা, An external thing — শিষ্ম , As opposed to subject — উন্দেশ্য আভিপ্ৰায় , End , motive — কৰ্ম্ম, কৰ্মপথ ; In Grammar, that which follows a transitive verb m=objector Syn — (n) Mark, butt , aim, design, purpose, intent view, scope, drift

Object of love -প্ৰায়ভাজন ৷

Object of trust—বিধাসভূমি ৷ [guments Object to—আপত্তি কৃ, Oppose by words or ar Object-glass, objekt-glas গ নূৰবীকণ বা অপুনীকণ বাজ্বের যে কাচৰ্ভ দৰ্শনীয় প্ৰাৰ্থেব সন্ধিছত থাকে, The glass nearest the object and furthest from the eye

Objection, ob-jekshun, ল আপত্তি, প্ৰতিবাদ
The act of objecting, argument against, ad
serse argument Syn —Adverse reason, argument against, doubt scruple, exception
c ivi', demurrer [আপত্তি কৃ. Object to
Make an objection, Take objection to—
Raise or nrge objection to—আপত্তি উত্থাপন কৃ।
Take objection to—আপত্তি কৃ Object to
Objectionable, ob-jekshun-a bl, a আপত্তি
আনক আপত্তিবাদা, পরিষ্টা, That may b
oljected

Objective, ob-jektiv, a ৰাফ্ৰন্ত সৰ্জীয় , ৰাফ্ৰণ্য ভিন্ত Being exterior to the mind not subjective —ক্ষাকারকীয় , Pertaining to the case of the objective — n ক্ষাকারক , In Grammar the case of the object ad = objectively

Objectiveness, Objectivity, স ৰাহুলুইতি সঙ্গা The state of being objective

Object lesson -A lesson in which object tea ching i employed

Objurgate, v t [ L ob, against, and jurgare, to quarrel ] ভিৰন্ধাৰ-কু, তৎগৰা-কু, To chide, to remove.

Objurgation, n ভিরকার Reproof, reprehen sion [ proof

Objurgatory, a. িবকাৰকাৰী, Expressing re-i Oblate, ob lit a ইত্যান্তসভল, কমলালেব্য আকাৰ বিশ্বস্থ, Plattened at the poles shaped like as an orange —নিবেদিত, Consecrated, neoblate-i

Oblation, ob-lishun, n [ L offere oblitum, to ofter ] পুতা, হোম, নেবেলা সেবেলেক শতবন্ধ, Offering; sacrifice

Obligation, ob-le-ga'shun, n. [I. ob and ligare, to bind ] ধর্মবন্ধ, কর্ত্তবা, বাধাতা Binding moral power, duty, that which binds —সন্ধি, আকীকারণতা, Contract, a bond with a penal for non-fulfilment —দায়িত্ব, Indebtedness Syn.—Responsibility, accountableness, bond of duty, engagement, agreement, debt of gratitude, favour.

To be under obligation—ৰণী-ছ, উপাৰ-ছ,
To be indebted [বাজিক বাৰিত-ছ;
To lay a person under obligation—কোন
Obligatory, obli-gri tor-i, a বাৰ্ডালনক, অবভ
কৰিবা; কৰিবা-বিবাহক, Binding, imposing duty;
bounden, compulsory n=obligatoriness, adobligatorily

Oblige, ত-blif, v. t. [L ob and ligare, to bind] বাধ্য-কৃ, অনুগ্ৰহলদন বাহা বাধ্য-কৃ, To bind by a legal or moral tie, constrain, compel—
অনুগ্ৰহ-কৃ, সম্ভই কৃ, To do a favour to please.
Syn —Coerce, necessitate, force, serve, benefit, accommodate gratify, bind obligate

Obligee, n বাহার নিকট অন্তে অসীকার বারা আবহু
বাক The person to whom mother is bound
Obliging, 5-bliping a হ্যানু, তপ্রারহ, উপকারশীল, প্রান্তর, অপুরাহী, Disposed to oblige or confer fivours kind civil. ad=obligingly n=
obligingness Syn—Complaisant, courteous, accommodating, considerate friendly

Obligor, n যে ব্যক্তি অ'ক্সর নিকট অজীকানে আবিদ্ধ , I he person who binds himself to another.

Oblique, ob-le. a [Lob and liquis, bent]
বল উথাৰ বুটল, অসমান্তবাল, Slanting, not
upright not traight not perpendicular not
parillel—অসৎ অসমল, Not straitforword,
underhind—সমপ্তাৰন্তি, Not direct in
descent collateral ad=obliquely Syn—Inclined aslint in direct

Obliquenoss, obliquity, ob-likwi-ti, n বক্তা কুলৈ বা তীয়ক গতি, A slanting direction —আপি জম Error, wrong — অনিয়ম,

weinisas lricgularity

Obliterate, ob liver না, v. t [L ob and litera, letter] লোপ ক দিবস্ত ক ধাস-ক মুছিল কেলা To b'ot out to destory to rub out n=obliteration Syn —lifface expurre, cancel [অপলাবিত-ক ৷ Obliterate from the memory—মনপণ হইতে Obliteration, n পোপ বিলোগ ক্য ধাসনাধন, A botting or wearing out extinction

Oblivion, ob live-un u [I ablivio from oblivisci, to friget] বিশ্বতি Forgetfulness. loss of remerit rance—সাধাৰণ ক্ষা, General pirdon immest, [gotten Be buried in oblivior—ভূলিয়া বাজ্যা Be for-Oblivious, ob liv us a শুভিছৰ বিশ্বভিজ্ঞাক, I orgetful al-obliviously n-obliviousness Oblong, of long n [L ab over and longus, long l আৰু শুল বিভাগ্যাত্য of figure longer than broad my oblong figure—a বাৰ্ চতুৰক, জায়াভাৰ্তি, I near than broad

Obloquy of 10 km n [1 ob'og n, to speak trainst] fatt, seath, Coisure calumny. In —Reproach odium contumely, gain-aying realing, slander detriction, dishonour, disgrace shame infamy

Obnoxious, ob no shi us, a [L ob, a 1 no sins huriful] অধীন Liable, subject — মুণ্; বুণাজনক , নিশ্দীয় , গহিত , Offensive , hateful, blameworthy , unpopular. n=obnoxiousness. ad=obnoxiously Syn -- Exposed , reprehensible, blamewortey , odious, unpleasing.

Obnoxious to signe fails at gain farm;
Offensive or odious to.

Obolus, n. शाहीन मूझा ७ धनन भतिनां वित्नव ; An

ancient weight and coin.

Obscone, ob-seń, a. अज्ञीम: अनवित: क्रिनिड: च्योल्कि : Lewd ; filthy ; indelicate ; unchaste ; disgusting. n=obscenity. ad=obscenely. Syn. .- Indecent, unchaste, impure, immodest, licentious, ribald, gross, foul. [ [ 435]; Lewdness. Obsceneness, Obscenity, त. बहीनला ; बर्ग-Obsourant, त. व अक्षकांत्रमः करतः ; त्व (नवक क्रांना-লোকের উহতি বোৰ করে; One who obscures; a writer who hinders the progress of enlightenment. n=obscurantism. [ obscuring. Obscuration, n. saniages; The act of Obscure, ob-skur', e. अक्कांत्रपुक ; अक्कांडमद ; Dark ; dusky ; gloomy :— অপ্রসিদ ; অফাড ; জন্য : Retired ; unknown :- ছর্কোষা ; অপাই ; Not easily understand; not clear or legible :-माराङ ; भीष ; Humble :-- ए. १. (प्रयोख्द्र-कृ ; व्यक्तांत-बा-कृ : To darken :- जारे-कृ : To make less plain. n-obscuration, ad -obscurely. Syn --(a) Shadowy, murky, dim, darksome, indistinct, defective; mean, low, undistinguished, inglorious, mysterious, recondite, uncertain, doubtful, obstruse, difficult, illegible, unintelligible. (v) Cloud, shade, dim, conceal, eclipse. Obscurity, ob-skure-te, n. अक्कांत ; अक्कांत बहुडा ; Darkness :- अन्यहेडा ; इस्तिश्राडा ; Unintelligibleness :- e deta ; Privacy ; hiddenness : -azel . Humility. Syn :- Dimness, gloom, shade : retirement, seclusion.

Obsequies, ob-sekwe-us, a. [ L. obsequium, compliance ] অন্থেই কিবা; Funeral ceremonies. Syn:—Meanly submissive, deferential, cringing, sycophantic, servile.

Obsequious, ob-sc'kwe-us, a. আন্তাকারী; weanly condescending; meanly complying; compliant to excess. n=obsequiousness. ad=obsequiously. Syn.—Servile, sycophantic, cringing, deferential.

Observable, ob-zerva-bl, a. দর্শন্থোগা; প্রিক্ষণ-বোগা; Worthy of observation. ad=observably,

n=observableness.

Observance, ob-zervans, n. প্রতিশালয়; বর্ষকর্ম অনুষ্ঠান; Performance of religious ceremonies—মনোবাগ; অভিনিবেশ; Attention:—পরিলফ্ণ, Act of observing with attention:—আচনাপথতি, Rule of practice. Syn:—Observation; celebration, performance; fulfilment, discharge, acquittal; ceremony, form, rite.

Observant, ob-zertant, a. মনোবারী : অভিনিত্তি : কল্যবারী : Taking notice : adhering to ; carefully attentive ; mindful. Syn :--Watchful, heedful;

obedient, submissive.

Observation, ob-zervn-shun, \*\*. ম্নোবোগ;
অভিনিৰেশ; পৰ্ববেজন: নিরীকণ; Attention:—
ধর্মক্রার অসুষ্ঠান; মন্তব্য: Remark:—পালন; Performance of what prescribed; observance:—
পর্বনেজন; নৈস্কিন্দ ঘটনার প্রতি সাভিনিবেশ লক্ষ্য; Act
of recognising and noting some fact or occurrence in nature. Syn:—Observance, ogg-

nition; notice; comment, animadversion, note.

Observational, a. user-elle; reservations Consisting of, or containing, observations or remarks.

Observator, ल. गर्शात्यस्य ; वस्त्रायांत्रस्य : A

Observatory, ob-zerva-tor-i, %. বাদ-মবির;
পর্বকেণিকা; Place or building for looking out
or observing the stars.

Observe, ob-zerv, v. t. (L. ob, and servary, to keep ] অবলোকন-কৃ; লক্য-কৃ; To see or behold with attention; to pay attention to; to keep in view:—মনোবোগ-দে; অবলান-কৃ; To notice:—পালন-কৃ; To celebrate; to keep; to obey:—সমাবোচনা-কৃ; মন্তব্য প্রকাল-কৃ; To remark:—v. i. মনোবোগ-দে; কল্য স্থাবা; To attend; to remark. n=observer. Syn:—Note, watch, eye; heed, fulfil, perform, follow, comply with; celebrate, remember, solemnize; comment, say, make a remark.

The observed of all observors— থাহাৰ দিকে
সকলেৰ চকু বায়, বিনি সকলেৰ দৃষ্টি আকৰণ কৰেন; The
cynosure of all eyes, one who attracts the
attention of all men.

Observer, n. 44\* : Spectator.

Observing, ob-serving, a. মনোবালী; Attentive. ad=observingly. [duced by volcances. Obsidian, n. ক.চ বিশেষ; A kind of glass pro-Obsoloscent, ob-so-letent, a [ L. ob, and soleo, to be wont ] অপ্রচলিত হইয়া উত্তিয়াত একণ; Going out of use.

Obsolete, ০০১০-টিং, a. পত ব্যবহার ; জড়ীত প্রনার ; অম্প্রচাৰিত , অপ্রচ ; Gone out of use : antiquated ; obscure. n=obsoleteness. Syn :—Ancient, old-fashioned, disused, neglected.

Obstacle, obstackl, n [L. obstaculum, from obstare, to stand against] বাধা, গ্রি ; বাণ্ডাত ; প্রতিষ্ক্ত, Obstruction; hinderance. Srn:— Impediment, interruption, barrier, stumbling-block, difficulty.

Obstetric, ob-stetrik, Obstetrical, ob-stetrik-al, a. [ I... ob. helore, and sta, to stand ] ধানীবিদ্যানস্থার , ধানীবিদ্যা-বিষয়ক; Pertaining to mul-wifery. [ in obstetrics,

Obstetrician, n. ৰাজীবিদ্যা-বিশাষণ . One skilled Obstetrics, ob-stetriks, n. ৰাজীবিদ্যা , The science of mid-wifery.

Obstinacy, obste-nas-e, Obstinateness, obsti-nat-nes, n. একপুরেনি; অবিচন্দার দিরতা; Stubbornness; excessive firmness. Syn:—Pertinacity, firmness, persistency, perverseness, contumacy.

Obstreperous, ob-strep'er-us, a. [ L. ahtrepere, to make a noise at ] কোলালনারী; পদ বৃহদ, Clamorous; loud, noisy. ad-obstreperously. Syn :- Uproarious, vociferous,

Obstruct, ob-strukt, v. t. [ L. ob, and structe, to pile up ] বোৰ-ড়: বছ-ড়: To block up:—
বাধা-বে; বছৰ-ড়: To hinder; to retard. Syn:—
Bar, barricade, clog, choke, impede, interrupt.
Obstruction, ob-strukshun, n. বাধা; বিষ;
প্ৰতিযোগ: Obstacle; impediment. Syn:—Embarrassment, bar, barrier, hinderance.

Obstructive, ob-struktiv, a. वांवक ; वांवकव ; वांवकव ; वांवकव ; Hindering. ad=obstructively.

Obstruent, obstroo-ent. a. নোধৰাৰী; প্ৰতিবোধক; বাধক; Blocking up; hindering:—n. ফেচাভান্তৰৰ বাভাবিক-মাৰ্থ-বোধক; Anything that obstructs the natural passages in the body.

Obtain, ob-tain, v. t. [L. ob, and tenere, to hold] উপাৰ্জন-কু; আজন-কু; পাডনা; To get; gain; win; earn; procure:—v. i. প্রচলিত-ছ; বিভ বা বিদ্যমান থাকা; স্কল-কু; To be established; to be prevalent; to subsist; to succeed. Syn:—Attain, acquire, procure, secure, sacrieve. Obtain or gain the ear—ম্নাখোগ আকব্য-কু. To induce one to listen; to get one's attention. Obtainable, ob-tainable, a. যাহা পাওয়া যায়; প্রস্কনীয়; That may be procured or acquired, capable of being obtained.

Obtrude, ob-trood, v. t. [ 1.. ob, and trudere to thrust ] বিনা প্রাথনায় প্রবেশ-কৃ, জনাইত হইবা প্রেশ ক্বান; To thrust in upon when not wanted; to offer with unreasonable importunity:—v. i. উপর পড়া-হ; To thurst or be thrust upon; to intrude. n=obtrusion. Syn:—Foist in, press in; encroach, infringe, trespass, trench

Bbteude on or upon—কেহ আনিতে চ'ছে না শালি নিজেব মতাদি তাহার ঘাড়ে চাপান; Force one's (opinions or remarks) upon (another with unrea onable importunity).

Obtrude oneself upon—কাহারও ইজার বিরুদ্ধে বা মাইচ না হইবাও ভাহার নিকট আসা; Come to a pe, con (unnvited or against his will).

Obtruding, Obtrusion, n. ইक्टांब विकास वारण ; A thrusting in or up in against the will of.

Obtrusive, ob-troosiv, a. বৃষ্ট; Disposed to thrust oneself among others; bold. ad=obstrusively. Obtuse, ob-tus, a. ভোতা; নিজেজ; নিজ্জ; জড়; Not pointed; stupid; dull; unintelligent; stolid:— বুল (কোন); Greater than a right angle, n=obtuseness, ad=obtusely.

Obverse, n. প্রধান চিহ্নাধিত মুদ্রা-পৃত ; The face of a coin containing the head or principal symbol:—a. মুখ্রাগ অপেনা তলদেশ ক্ষত্ত ; Having the base narrower than the top. ad=obversely.

Obviato, obve-হt, v. t. [ L. ob, against, and via, way ] নিবারণ-ক ; মুব-ক ; পরিহার-ক ; To remove, to prevent. n=obviation. Syn:—Preclude, turn aside; provide against.

Obvious, olive-us, a. লাই ; মুলাই ; Manifest ; evident :— আগন ; Liable ; subject. ad=obviously. n=obviousness. Syn:—Visible, plain, clear, apparent, patent, palpable, distinct, explicit, open.

Obvolute, a. পর্যায়ক্তমে পরশারকে বিকৃতিত করিতে-পারে এ ভাবে সন্ধিত; Arranged so as alternately to overlap.

Occasion, ok-kázhun, n. [L. occasio, from occidere, occasum, to fall down ] ব্ৰোপ; ক্ৰিবা; Opportunity:—নিমিন্ত; Incidental cause:—
আমালন: Need:—ৰটনা: Incident; occurrence:—
v.f. উৎপাদন-কু; কাৰে বৰূপ-কু; ব্ৰুত্ত-কু; To cause; to influence. Syn:—(n) Occurrence, casualty, event; conjuncture, opening, room, time; exigency, necessity; cause, ground, reason.
Occasion for—প্ৰোধন; Necessity for.

On occasions—সম্বে স্ব্যে; Occasionally:—
আবস্তুক মৃত্ত; When necessary. [ an opportunity.
Take occasion—ইতাৰসত্তে কিছু করা; Seize
Occasional, ok-kázhun-al, a. সাম্মিক; ম্ব্যে মধ্যে
লক্ষিত; ঘটনাক্রমে উপস্থিত; Occuring only at
times; causual. ad—occasionally. [ The west.
Occident, oksi-dent, n. পশ্চিম; প্রভীতী;
Occidental, oksi-dent'al, a. পশ্চিমনিক্স; Western.
ad=occidentally.

Occipital, a. মহকের পকান্তার সম্মীর; Pertaining to the back part of the head.

Occiput, o'si-put, n. [ I.. ob, against, caput, head] সহকের গভাছাগ: The back part of the head or skull—opposed to simiput. a=cciputal.

Occult, ok-kult, a [ L. occultus, pp. of occulture, to cover up ] %7; 75; %313: Hidden; weret; unknown. n=occultures, ad=occulty. Syn:—Invisible, unrevealed, latent; recondite, mysterious.

Occult sciences—গুপ্ত বিদ্যা ; Magic, alchemy and astrology, so called because they were occult or hidden.

Occultation, ok-kul-tর্গ্রিhun, n. শুরভার;
ল্কাখন, Hiddenness; darkening of a planet by
another body. [করণ; Possession; tenancy.
Occupancy, o'(ū-pan-si, n. অধিকার; অধিকারOccupant, o'(ū-pant, n. অধিকারকারক; অধিকার);
One who has possession.

Occupation, ok-u-páshun, ন. ভোগ; অধিকার; Possession :- जिं ; Mode of livelihood ; calling :-- वार्गात : वादगात ; कांत : Business : employment. Syn: - Occupancy, holding, tenure, use, employment, trade, pursuit, an occupant. avocation. Occupier, n. बारगारी : अधिकारी ; A tradesman : Occupy, okū-pī, v. t. [L. ob, and capio, to take ] অধিকারে রাখা, অধিকার-কু; To hold possession of; to possess :- 94-7, To cover or fill :-- नियुक्त कृ ; To employ :-- थ. रं. व्यक्तित-कृ ; वाशिका-कृ ; To hold possession ; to trade. Syn : -Possess, keep; use, cover, fill, take up; [ busied with. busy, engage. Occupy one's self with-गुष-इ ; Be Occur, ok-kur, v. i. [ L. ob, and currere, to to run ] এशान मिशान मिशान क्षिए वांत्र ; हेउवड: मुद्रे-र : To be found here and there :- नःविक - इ : वटि : উপস্থিত-ছ; To happen; to take place; to appear :-- मत्नामत्या छेशविछ-इ ; मत्म छेनिछ-इ ; To f in one's mind. come into the mind. Occur to-काराबर गरन छन्द-ए ; Come to or risc Occurrence, ok-kur'ens, n. पहेन। इंडेनाइटा देनाइडि: Incident; occasional presentation Syn:—Event, circumstance, fact, accident, casualty, adventure, affair.

Occurrent, a. আক্ষিক; বাটনিক; Incidental; accidental:—n. আক্ষিক ঘটনা; An occurrence or incident.

Ocean, ড'shun, n. মহানাগৰ; Great body of the sea:—s. মহানাগরীয়; Pertaining to the great sea. Oceania, n. A division of the globe, comprehending the islands in the Pacific.

Oceanic, ত-she-ank, a. সম্ভ্ৰম্থনীয়; সমূত্ৰে প্ৰাপ্ত বা প্তঃ মহানাগরীয়; Pertaing to, found or formed in the ocean. [nivorous mammal. Ocelot, n. ছবিশ আবেরিকার বাাম বিশেষ; A car-Ochlooracy, ok-lokra-st, n. [Gr. ochlos, the mob, and kratos, rule ] ভালাভ্য A government by the populace. a=ochlocratic, ochlocratical, ad=ochlocratically. [ochre colour. Ochraceous, ত-krā'shus, a. ব্যাধ্বৰ্ণ. Of an Ochre, Ocher, ত'ker, n. [G. ochros, paleyellow] প্ৰিন্যাট বিশেষ, ব্যাধিক, A coloured clay containing iron.

Ochreous, Ochry, a. গৈরিকন্দ, গৈরিকনৰ্ভ, গৈরিকনগুল, Consisting of, containing, or resembling, ochre,

Octagon, o.ta-gon, n. [Gr. okta, eight, gonia, an angle ] অইচুল, অইচুল নামত্রিক কেন্দ্র, A plane figure of eight sides. a=octagonal.

Octahedron, ok-ta-he'dran, n. [Gr. okto, eight, and hedra, a base] সমাই পাৰ্ব খনকেত্ৰ.
স্থান : Solid of 8 sides, each three cornered a=octahedral

Octangular, ok-tang'gular, a. মইকোপ্ৰিণিষ্ট, আইকোপ্ন', Having eight angle... [a circle Octant, n. ব্ৰেষ ক্ষেত্ৰণ, The eighth part of Octave, oktav. a. [Locto, cight] মহ. Consisting of eight—n কাইম, An eight.—কেনি উৎস্বেৰ পৰ কাইম দিবদ বা কাইচ The Sth day or 8 days after a festival, including the festival:—ক্ষমভাস, The eighth.

Octavo, ok-tৰ্থত, a আইপেট', Having eight leaves to the sheet —n. আইপেছা গ্ৰন্থ, A book having eight leaves to the sheet, contracted 8 vo. pl=octavos. [month of the year

October, ok-to'ber, n. দশম মান; The tenth Octodecimo, ok-to des'i-mo, a [ L octo, eight and decem, ten ] আৱার পেন্ধী; Having cighteen leaves to the sheet, contracted 18 mo

Octogenarian, Octogenary, n. वनी बिर्वीय (लाक, A person eighty years of old.

Ostogonary, ok-toje r-ar-1, s. [ L. octogon; eighty each ] अनी उन्हें न्युक ; Of eighty year, of age.

Octopod, okto-pod, Octopus, okto-pus, u. [Gr. okto, eight, pous, pado., loot ] अक्ष्मविणिश अब. An animal having eight feet or legs.

Octoroom, ok-to-room, अ. मनाम निरामन, The off-pring of a quadroon and a white person.

Octosyllabio, a. সই দিবা।বন্ধিদিই, Consisting of eight syllables.

Ocular, oxu-lar, a. [L. oculus, eye] pr

বোটারে; চাকুৰ; এডাক; Depending on or known by the eyes. ad =ocularly.

Oculist, oku-list, n. নেত্রার ভিকিন্দ; করি-চিকিৎসক; One skilled in eye-disease.

Odalisque, n. ডুবৰ-ফুলডাবের বারী: A female slave in the harem of the Turkish Sultan.

Odd, od, a. [ W. od, singular ] বিষয়; বিষোদ্ধ প্ৰকাৰী বা একাকিনী, Not even; not divisible without a remainder — কপকণ; ক্ষাৰাৰণ; ক্ষাৰাৰণ; ক্ষাৰাৰণ; ক্ষাৰাৰণ; ক্ষাৰাৰণ; ক্ষাৰাৰণ; ক্ষাৰাৰণ; বিষয়াল n=oddness. Syn:—Uneven, unmatched; supernumerary, redundant; quaint, unusual, queer, eccentric, singular.
Odd-fellow, odfel-o, n. ক্ষাৰ্থাত গুলু হিউচিকীৰ্

সন্ত্ৰে সভা, A member of a secret society, established for mutual aid and social enjoyment. Oddity, odi-ti, n. অনুভদ্ধ, অপন্তৰ; অসাধাৰণত; Strangeness; unlikeness; singularity:—অপন্ত ব্যক্তি বা বস্তু, A singular person or thing.

Odds, ods, ম. আধিকা , Excess :— বৈৰমা , প্ৰভেদ অৱৰ , Inequality — স্থাৰণা , প্ৰেচতা ; Advantage , superiority — বিবাদ , Dispute :— অৰ্থেৰ ; সামান্ত বত : Remnants.

At odds—महम्मत्र विराध ; At variance :— काम (काम खाटन होन शांक्या ; मधान श्रविधा ना शांकरत ? . Being at a disadvantage

Odds and ends—আনিপ্তাল; টুকৰা টাকলা, Scrapes; refuse, fragments, remains; that which is left, remnants, stray articles; bits: —নালাঞ্জাৰ বিষয়, Miscellaneous subjects.

The odds are against one—অনুধ্ৰ পক অপেকা প্ৰিৰ্বাপক অধিক, Piere are more against one than on the side of one, the chances are against one. [lyncal poem

Ode, ōd, n. গান , গাঁহকাৰ্য, গাণা, A song; a Odious, ō'de-us, a [ L. advosus, from odium, hatred ] বুণাই, চুণিত, বিবাক্তিক, বিভ্নাকনৰ, মনীতিকৰ, Offensive, hated, repulsive. no odiousness, ad=od ously. Syn —Abominable, louth-ome, hateful, detestable, disgusting invideous.

Odium, o'de-um, n. [Loti, odisse, to hate get, Hatted, invidiousness, offensive. Syn:—Abhorrence, detestation, antipathy, dishke; disapprobation, censure, condemnation; disgrace, dishonour, shame, obloquy.

To bear odium—পুণাচালন-হ, বন্ধভাগী-হ।
Odometer, n. শ্ৰুমেৰ গভিমান বন্ধ বিশেষ; An instrument attached to the wheel of a carriage,
to measure the distance passed over, by marking the number of revolutions of the wheel.

Odontalgia, n. মৰুপুল, Toothache.
Odontology, উ-don-tofo-ji, n. [Gr. odons, olontos, a touth; and logos, science] মন্ত্রিষ্ট্রন্থ, The science which treats of the teeth.
Odoraforous, উ-dur-fi-èr-us, a. [L. odor, odour, and fero, to bear] স্বানিত, স্পন্ধ; Fragnant, perfumed. adsodonterously.
Odorous, উ'dur-us, a. [L. odorus, from odor colour] স্পন্ধ; সর্ভি, Sweet-smelling; tragrant aromatic, perfumed nd=odormisly. [scent

t dour, o'dur, n. 278, 78, P fume, smell

Be in bad odour-afan-e; Be unppu'ar , be disliked; be ill spoken of; be out of favour. Odourless, o'dur-les, a. निर्मक्ष ; शक्किनि : Without odour.

O'er, or, Contracted from over.

Oesophagus, n भारतानि ; Gulle ; esophagus.

Of, ov, prep. इहेटि ; From or out from :-- नयन বোৰক; Belonging to; denoting relation: - হইতে. Proceeding from :-- मापा . Out of :- + FCS. Among :- नपरक ; Concerning.

A vessel of clay—সুমুখপার ।

Of course -- 47% . In due order.

Of itself-আপনাআপনি : নিজে নিজে : Alone :-Without any one applying a force or impelling. Of late-अधूना ; Lately.

Of old-शार्त ; Formerly.

Off, of, ad. मृत्व ; इडेटड : वाहित्व ; Noting separation or distance; from; away; away from:a. पूत्रवर्ती : पूत्रकम ; Furthest :- prep. पूर्त ; वोविद्य ; Distant from :- int. पुत्र इंड ; हिना गांव ; Away ; depart.

Be off - हिंदा या उदा ; Go away.

Come off-পলাবন-ক : Escape :--বটা : Take place. Got off-भनायन-कृ , Escape.

Go off-sista-p . To depart. [ poverty. Ill or badly off - 7 47; In a state of Off and on-माश माश शकिया; शकियां २; जानाक दारक; Now and then ; at intervals ; occasionally. Take off-नकन-क Mimic:--लहेवा बावजा, Tike away.

Well off-पनी ; In good circumstances.

Offal, of'al, n के किहे. खिकिक ब बवा : गैविडाक भ'त : Refuse : anything worthless : waste meat Syn: - Garbage, carrion; rubbish, dregs.

Offence, of-fent, n. whate; cota; ata; crime; fault ; sin :- निवान , Displeasure ; resentment : — অপমাননা: অপনান ; Affront, insult Syn :-Attack, assault; anger, wrath, indignation, umbrage; injury, injustice, wrong, insult, indignity, outrage, affront; misdeed, transgression, misdemeanour, trespass, delinquency.

Take offence—বোৰ এইণ-কু।

Offend, of-fend, v. t. [ L. ob, against, fendo, to strike ] পীড়া-দে; অসম্ভট্ট-কু, ক্পিত-কু; To annoy ; to displease , to wound :- ए.i. वित्रक-र : अनवाय-क : भाग-क : त्कारधत कांद्र - ह : To transgress; to sin, to take offence. Syn :- Affront, vex, irritate; shock, wound, pain, grieve; do [ sin against. wrong, err. Offend against—निश्न উन्नज्यन-कृ; Transgress,

Offender. n. व्यमिष्टेकात्रक ; व्यभवांथी ; भाभागांदी ;

A criminal, a trespasser.

Offensive, of-fensiv, a. অগ্রীতিকর; অসভোচকর: Displeasing; disagrecable:-পীড়াকর; অনিট্রকর; Injurious :-- প্ৰথম আক্ৰমণকারী; Making the first attack :-- आक्रमनकारीय व्यवदाम ; The posture of one who attacks. n=offensiveness, ad = offensively. Syn :- Offending, assailing, invading; distasteful; obnoxious, abhorrent, disgusting; impertinent, rude, saucy, insulting, insolent, [ attacking party. abusive, scurrilous. act on the offensive - - | To be the

Assume the offensive—আক্রমণকারী হওয়া ; Be the aggressor.

Oriensive to the ear----

Offer, offer, v. t. [ L ob, and ferre, to bear, bring ] প্ৰতাৰ-কু; To make a proposal to :-(521-क़; To attempt : -- छेशशांत-त्व; त्वत्वात्वरन त्रत्न-कृ; To present in prayer or worship :-দিতে চাহা ; To propose to give :-- ব্যবহার-ক ; To make use of :- v. i. উপস্থিত ए ; निक्षेत्रश्ची-इ ; To present itself; to be at hand: -- অঙ্গীকার-ক; To volunteer ; to promise -- n. अश्वव : A first advance; proposal:--বিবাহ প্ৰভাব; Wedding proposal :--প্রাবিত মূলা; Price bid :-- চেটা; Endeavour. Syn :- (v) Exhibit, tender, extend, show, hold out, proffer; furnish, give; propose, propound, bid; sacrifice, immolate. (w) Overture, tender, proffer, proposition, bid. Offer up - आज्ञानना-क ; Make a prayer so that

it may go up to heaven.

Offer violence, v. t. अ क्या-कः To assault : to assail with hostile intent :-- वनाइकात-क : To commit rape.

Offerable, of cr-a-bl, a. প্রস্তাব্যাসা: উপস্থাপন-लांगा ; That may be offered ; capable of being offered.

Offering, of'er-ing, n. উপহার; वित्र; Presentation; gift, sacrifice, oblation.

Offhand, of hand, ad. অবিলয়ে; কোনৱৰ্গ ছিবা না क बा का विका कि किया ; Promptly ; without hesitating, without study or preparation :- a. তাৎক্ষিক কৃত বা ক্ষিত; Done or said on the spur of the moment.

Office, of is, n. [L. ob, and facere, to make or do] क्षं , कांग ; Duty ; work ; business ; service, employnent — উপাদনা-পদ্ধতি; উপাদনা; প্রাপদ্ধতি; Act of worship; formulary of devotion :-कार्यात्रव ; कार्यात्रान ; A place of business :-- विरमव बाबहात ; Peculiar use :- श्विकत वा कश्विकत कार्या ; Act of good or ill :--pl. तक्कनणाना ; शृहवााशांत नमा-धानार्थ शृह्य विश्वित अरकां ; Kitchen &c ; the apart. ments of a house in which the domestics discharge their duties. Syn :- Employment, function, trust, commission, station, post, situation, place, bureau, counting-room.

Good office—উপকার। who holds an office. Office-bearer, of is-bar'er, n. कर्महाती ; One Officer, of e-ser, n. कर्षात्रो ; One who holds an office; one who performs some public office:v. t. क्यूंहांबी वाताव ; त्वज्य-इ : To furnish with officers; to command as officers. Syn :- Offi-

cial, functionary, magistrate.

Official, of-fishal, c. भय-भतिनायक ; अत्रकांबी : कर्य-চারী কৃত : Done by virtue of an office or in the character of an officer, made by authority:n. कर्यहात्री; अधीन तामकर्यहात्री; One who holds an office; a subordinate public officer. ad=officially Official assignee, n. Public assignee in ban [ wind up a joint stock company kruptcy. Official manager, s. Officer appointed to Officiate, of-fishi-at, v. i. প্রতিমিধির কার্যা-ক ; व्याजिनिधित ह ; To perform official duties for another,

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Officinal, of-fisin-al, a. [ L. opus, work, and facio, to do ] a. ব্যেকানসম্বাদ ; Belonging to a shop:—হেম্বা-আম্বন ব্যবহাসুসারে আছত ক্ষিমা ব্যক্তার্থিক ক্ষিত্ত ; Denoting an approved medicine, kept prepared by apothecaries.

Officious, of-fishe-us, a. অন্থিকারচেটা; প্রগন্ত; Meddling; obtrusive; assuming. n=officiousness. ad=officiously. Sny:—Impertinent, meddlesome, busy, pragmatical; kind, obliging. Offing, offing, n. তীর হইতে সুরস্থ সমূত্রতাগ; কুল ফুইডে সুরস্থিত গতীর-জল সাগরাংশ; The part of the sea which is at a good distance from the shore. a part of the sea with deep water off from the

Offscouring, of'skowr-ing, c. উচ্ছিট; পরি-ভাজাব্দ; আবর্জনা; Refuse; anything vile or despised.

shore.

Offset, of set, n. আছুর; Sprout, shoot of a plant:
—তুলারণে স্থাপিত স্থাপি; A sum or value set off
against another as an equivalent:—v. t. তুলামুলা রণে স্থাপন-স্থ; To place against as an equivalent.
Offshoot, of shoot, n. লাখা, Off-set; anything
Offspring, of spring, n. সম্ভানসম্ভতি; বংশাবনী;
A child or children. Syn:—Issue, progeny,
descendants.

Oft, Often, ofn, ad. সর্কাশ ; প্র:পুর: ; অনেকবার ; Freguently ; many times :—a. পুর:পুর: কৃত , Frequent. n=oftenness. Syn :—Repeatedly, recurrently, not seldom.

Oftenness, of n-nes, n. পৌনাপুৰা; Frequency.
Oft times, of times, Often times, of n-timz,
ad. সক্ষা; পুনাপুনা; বারবোর; Frequently; many

Ogee, ত'je', ন. অট্টাজিকা-প্রসাধন বিশেষ; Wave-like architectural moulding with the convex part upwards.

Ogham, og'ham, দ. প্রাচীন আর্রত্বামীদিগের লিপি-কৌনল বিশেব : A peculiar kind of writing in cipher, practised by the arcient Irish.

Ogle, o'gl, v. t. কটাক-কৃ; অপাজদৃত-কৃ; To look at with side-glances:—v.i. To practise ogling —n. কটাক; অপাজদৃত্তি; আড়দৃত্তি; A side glance.
n=ogler; ogling.

Ogro, o'ger, ন. রাখন; কালনিক বহুবালি রাখন; A man-eating monster or giant of fairy tales. femosogress.

Ogreich, o'gér-ish, a. বাকসপ্রকৃতি; বাকসাকার, Resembling an ogre in character or appearance. Oh, o, ist. বিশ্বর, শোক বা বাতনাশুচক অব্যয়, Denoting surprise, sorrow, pain &c.

Oil, oil, n. তৈল; A greasy liquid:—e. t. তৈল লেপ্ৰ-কু; তৈলাক-কু; Smear with oil; anoint with oil.

As oil on the fire was white aces wis.

Like oil put on fire, something highly exciting or provoking.

Oil one's palms-पूर् तरका ; Bribe one.

Pour oil into fire - 474 wistes 46-c4; Make matters worse; highly excite.

Pour (or throw) oil on the troubled waters—sin nois in the troubled waters—sin nois in the troubled to the tro

quiet a disturbed condition of affairs; to heal dissenssions; calm angry passions; pacify matters; concidiate parties.

Woll oiled, s. नव ; Mild ; easy.

Oil-bag, oilbag, स. कीरतरक टेक्नरकांत ; A bag or cyst in animals, containing oil.

Oil-cake, oilkāk, n. খোল; খইন; Refuse after oil is pressed from flax seed.

Oil-cloth, oilkloth, n. वज्र वित्वव ; Cloth covered with oil or paint ; a painted floor-cloth.

Oil-colour, oil-kulur, n. বাছ করিবার বস্তঃ তৈজ বিখিত বাছ; A colouring substance mixed with oil. Oil-man, n. তৈল-বিজেতা; কলু; One who deals in oils.

Oil-merchant, Oil-factor, m. তৈল-বিজেভা; Oil-mill, Oil-press, m. তৈল-চক্ত, বাৰী।

Oil-lamp, s. शीन ; One lighted by oil.

Oil-nut, oil-nut, n. छत्तत्र चारमहिनात्र टेडरमारमाणी कल विरम्ब ; Butter-nut of North America.

Oil-painting, oil-panting, n. চিত্ৰ বিশেষ; তৈল চিত্ৰ, Painting done with oil-colours.

Oilskin, oil-skin, n. তৈল-লেপন হেছু জ্লানিবাৰক বস্ত্ৰ : Cloth rendered water-proof by oil.

Oily, oili, a. তৈলময়; তেলাল; তৈলনং, Greasy; like oil:—আভাসুৰতী; Supple; compliant. n=oiliness.

Ointment, ointment, ম. ব্ৰম্ এবেপ: Greasy stuff for smearing sores.—স্থানি প্ৰবা: A perfume. Old, তাd, a বৃদ্ধ: ব্যাবৃদ্ধ: Advanced in years; fair in years, aged:—প্ৰাচীন, Not new; out of date:—প্রাচন; Ancient:—বহুকাল প্রচনিত, বহু-অভ্যন্ত: বাষ্ট্র; Long practised —নিপুৰ: ক্ষতিস: Skilled; experienced —পীর্কালন; Existed long:—বর্মানকালে অপ্রচলিত: Antiquated —ক্ষ্: Wi nout; decayed:—মুল, নীচ; Bud, mean nodiness. Syn:—Elderly; pristing, original, primitive; antique, obsolete. [time long past, of old—শ্রেক, Long ago, for merly —প্রাক্তিন, in Old as the hills—প্রচনি, Very old

Old bachelor, n. waterfes ages, Elderly unmarried man. [ arrived or settled some time. Old comer, Old chum, n One who has Old continent, n. Europe, Asia and Africa.

Olden, öldn, a আচীৰ; প্ৰাতৰ. Ancient; old. Old fashioned, a. অপ্ৰচলিত; Out of fashion; of obsolete fashion.

Oldish, öldish, e. ইবং প্রাচীন; Somewhat old. Old maid, n. স্ববিধাহিতা করা; Elderly unwelded maid.

Old nick, n. 41514; The evil one.

Old achool—আচীৰ সম্প্ৰবায়, A school or party belonging to a former time, or having the character, manner, or opinion appropriate to a former time.

Old style—ইবুরোপীয় আচীন পঞ্জিকার্গন-প্রণানী; The mode of reckoning before 1752, according to the Julian calendar or year of 365‡ days.

Old world, n. Europe or the old continent :-a. देवाचित नृद्ध ; Like the old world ; unprogressive.

Oleaginous, 5-le-afin-us,a.[L. sieum, oil] (34-4); (44)4, Oily; unctuque, meoleaginouseas.

Oleander, উ-le-ander, ল. বৰোহৰ ক্সমি পুলা বৃদ্ধ বিশেষ: ক্রমী; An overgreen shrub. [ olive. Oleaster, উ-le-aster. m. বৃদ্ধ বিশেষ; The wild Oleiferous, উ-le-if'er-us, a. [ L. oleum, oil, and fero, to bear ] ভৈলোৎপাৰী; Producing oil, as seeds.

Oleograph, 5'le-o-graf, n. [L. oleum, oil, and Gr. graphs, to draw] এক প্রকার তৈল-চিত্র; A print in oil-colours to imitate an oil-painting.

Olfactory, ol-faktor-i, n. [ L. olso, to smell, facio, to do ] वचवारी; बागनवचीत ; Pertaining to or used in smelling.

Oligarch, oli-gark, n. অৱসংখ্যক কভিণন্ন ৰাজ্য-প্ৰান্তৰৰ অভতৰ ; A member of an oligarchy.

Oligarchal, ol-i-gārkal, Oligarchical, ol-i-gārk-ik-al, a. কতিপদ্ধ লোক ধারা রাজ্যপাসৰ প্রণালী স্বভীয়; দল স্বভীয়; Pertaining to an oligarchy, chiquish.

Oligarchy, ofi-gark-i, n. [Gr. oligos, few, arche, rule] কতিপ্ৰ কোক বাৰা পানিত রাজ; অল-সংগ্ৰহ বাজি বাবা রাজশানন-প্রণালী; A state governed by a few; clique.
Olio, ত'ii-ত, n. নিপ্ৰণ; বিভিন্ন স্কাৰ্য স্থান প্ৰতিত্ত প্ৰতিত্ত তাল্ডত তাল্ডত তাল্ডত কৰাৰ ক্ৰিপ্ৰণ; অনিভেন্ন আৰু মুহৰণ; Olive-green.

Olive, oliv, n. বৃক্ষ বিশেষ, উহার কল ও রছ : A tree, its fruit, its colour :—শান্তির লক্ষণ ; শান্তি , Emblem of peace; peace.

Bear the olive লাখিসংখাগৰ-ৰূ, Act the part of a peace-maker. [ peace. Olive branch, n. Branch of Olive, emblem of Olive oil—অলগাই তৈল।

Olla-podrida, n. বালৰ বিশেষ . A favourite Spanish dish:—অনম্প্ৰস্থিত বা বিবিধ স্থানের সম্বাধ . Any incongruous mixture or miscellaneous collection. [ of four years. A period

Olympiad, 5-limpi-ad, n. চারি বংসর; A period Olympian, 5-limpi-an, a. অনিস্থা পর্যন্ত সম্মীয় . Relating to Olympus.

Olympio, 5-limpik, a. ব্যক্তিয়া নগর স্ব্যার; Denoting Greek games at Olympia, in honour of Jove.

Olympios, Olympio games, দা অনিশিয়াৰ সুণিটারের উদ্দেশে অভি চারি বংসর অব্যব্ধ অবুটিড ক্লীড়োং-সব বিশেব : Games celebrated every four years at Olympia.

Olynthics, n. The orations of Demosthenes, inducing the Athenians to form an alliance with Olythus against Philip of Macedon.

Ombre, omber, m. [L. home, a man ] sintenfere; A game of cards usually played by three persons.

Omega, o'meg-a, #. আঁক বৰ্ণবাদার পেৰাক্ষর , The last letter of the Greek alphabet :—পেৰ ; The end. [made chiefly of eggs. Omalet, Omelette, #. ডিমের বড়া ; A pancake Omen, o'men, #. নিনিছ ; চিছ ; পরুল ; A fore-taken, prognostic :—ভাগী বটনার নক্ষণ বা স্কলা, Sign or indication of some future event. Syn :

—Presage, augury, portent ; premonition, foreboding, warning.

िकारात्वे, D'mend, s. किर्विनिष्ठे ; जानी बंदेनांत्र शक्य

वा रहनाविनिष्ट ; Containing omens.

Omer, o'mer, n. रेडनीविश्तत्र नतियान विराम : A Hebrew dry measure.

Ominous, omin-us, n. MARAGE; was; was; was; was; saw man; Foreboding evil; inauspicious. n=ominousness. ad=ominously. Syn:—Portentous, threatening, foreboding, premonitory.

Omissible, 5-misi-bl, a. ভাগবোগা; वर्जनीड ; That may be omitted.

Omission, 5-mishun, n. ডুল; কৰিয় কৰে স্বৰ্জন বা ক্লম; The act of omitting; the neglect or failure to do something required. Syn:—Neglect, failure, default; oversight.

Omissive, ö-miśiv, a. বৰ্জনীন; Leaving out. Omit, ড'mit, v. t. [ L. ob, and mittere, let go ] ভাগ-তৃ; বৰ্জন-তৃ; উপেন্ধা-তৃ; হাড়িয়া-বা; To leave out; to neglect, to fail. Syn:—Not mention, overlook, miss, let slip, loose.

Omnibus, \*. বাৰ বিশেষ, সূত্ৰত চায়িচকবিশিষ্ট শক্ষী; A large four-wheeled vehicle for conveying passengers. pl=omnibuses.

Omnifarious, om-ni-fári-us, c. [L. omnis, all and various, various] সম্মানি ; Of all kinds. Omniferous, om-niféri-us, c. [L. omnis, all, fero, to bear] সম্মানু, Bearing or producing all varieties or kinds,

Omniparient, Omniparous, a. [L. omis, all, and parere, to produce] नर्सवनमी; Producing all things.

Omnipotence, Omnipotency, n. নৰ্মনজিবছ; নৰ্মনজিবজ; অনীৰক্ষাভা; Unlimited power; all powerfulness.

Omnipotent, om-nip'o-tent, a. সর্কাশিকান; Possessing unlimited power; all powerful: n. সর্কাশিকান ক্ষর; The Omnipotent God. ad omnipotently.

Omnipresent, om-ni-present, a. नक्त्राचे; Present everywhere; present in all places at the same time. n=Omnipresence.

Omniscient, om-nishent, a. [ L. omnis, all, and scio, to know ] সর্বজ্ঞ , সর্বজ্ঞা; All seeing; infinitely wise. n-omniscience (সর্বজ্ঞা); ad=omnisciently.

Omnium-gatherum, n. বৰ বা বাজিলগুৰের বিশ্বাৰ বিৰেষ; A miscellaneous collection of things or persons.

Omnivagant, a. নৰ্জন বিচয়ণীন; Wandering Omnivorous, om-nivor-us, a. [ L. omnis, all, and voro, to devour ] নৰ্জনুক; আমিৰ-নিয়াৰিক উজাবিধ পাদ্য-ভোনী; All devouring; feeding on both animal and vegetable food.

Omphalic, a. [Gr. omphalos, the naval]

On, on, prep. উপরে; উপরিভাগে; Upon; above and in contact with:—নিকটে, সরিছিত, Near to; at:—পরে, Immediately after:—কড়; প্রতি; অভিনুদ্ধে; Towards, for:—কবিকড়; In addition to:—ad. উপরে; Above:—মারে; মার্থিকে; প্রেভাগে; Forward:—int. চল; করসর হব, Go on; proceed.

Be on (one)—( (कान (बारत ) बाजाब-इ ; Seise (as a disease) :—काहात बार्फ वहां ; Fall upon one. On a sudden-tile; wente, Suddenly.

On end on জানিকই; Continuously.
On fire জ্বলনাবস্থায়; In a state of burning:—
কোনাবস্থায়; In a rage or passion.
On high জনাত্ৰ; Above.
On, on চল চল (নিবৃত্ত হইও লা); Advance
On the alert—সভকাবস্থায়; সাবধানে; In a state of vigilance.

[ departing.

of vigilance. [departing. On the wing—উড়িতে ভিড়তে In flight, Onager, ona-jer, n [Gr. ০৪০০, ass, a gros, a field] মধা এপিরার বছ পর্যন্ত; The wild ass of Central Asia.

Onanism, n. इस्ट्रेम्ब्न : Masturbation.

Once, wans, ad. একবাৰ; একবাৰ নাআ; একবা; At one time; a single time, at a former time;—

π. একবাৰ; One time. [ suddenly. All at once—সহসা; একঘৰ; Abruptly, quite

All at once—সহসা: একলম: Abruptly, quite
At once—অবিলখে; ডকভেই; Immediately;
without delay:—সুপ্ৰৰ, এককালে উভয়; Both, at
the same time

For once—অভঃ একবাৰ, For a single time at least, as an exceptional case.
Once and again—বাৰবোৰ;

Once for all একবার চিরকালের নিষিত্র, Once and only once; one for all time to come; once for all occasions

Once on a time, Once upon a time—পূর্বে. একদা, এক স্থাব, বহুবাল হইল, Pomerly, at a

period long past.
Ono, wun, a. এক, অণিড'ল : অণিড'ল , Single, und vided, entire :— দেউ, The same :— n. একর ; Unity :— pro. অনিজ্য কেনি ক'লি. A per on, spoken of indefinitely Sun — (a)

Individual, common, united. \[ \text{in concord.} \]
At one—এক্ষত হুট্ট', In union, in agreement, \[ \text{Be at one with—এক্ষত-ই, Be in uniformity,} \]
be in union or agreement with

সাধ্যত (something) One -প্ৰধান-স , Wear. One and all-প্ৰতোক ব'লি , Every one

One and the same—সেই একট , সেইট , একট , Not call rent , ident cal , verily the same.

One another-Pisters. U ed to denote a recipiocal or mutual relation.

One by one-बार बार , बक बढ़ कतिया; One at a time; one after another, separately,

One way or another—কোন উপায় বারা, By some means [Consult one's interests.

Take care of number one—বাৰ্ণায় হবো,
One-horse, ৫. এক অবের বারা চালিড, Drawn by a single horse—said of a vehicle.

Oneness, wuhnes, n. মহিতীয়; একছ, Singleness; unity.

Onerary, oher-ar-i, a. [ L. onus, oneris, a burden ] ভারবহনোপবাকী ভারবিশিষ্ট, Fitted or intended for the carriage of burdens, comprising a burden.

Onerous, oher-us, a. [L. onerosus, from enus, a load, burden ] মুকাছ, কোনম; নিচাকম; Burdensome; oppressive. ad = onerously. Syn:—Toilsome, heavy, responsible, laborious, operose.

One-sided, wantid-cd, s. wayer : awtrated .

পৰণাতী : Limited to one side ; partial. s = onesidedness.

One's self-The person speaking.

Ongoing, ongo-ing, n. वकाडि, वार्श-धनाती । वहेना , A going forward ; procedure ; event.

On-hanger, n. अवीन इ (लांक ; One who attends or follows closely, as an idler ; a lounger—more usually—Hanger on.

Onion, unyun, n. পৰাৰু , পেরাজ , A bulbus root. On-looker, n. কৰিক , Spectator.

Only, 5hle, a. এক; একমাৱ; Single; alone; ad. (ৰবল, মাৱ; Singly; merely; barely. Syn; —(ad) Solely, simply.

Onomatoposis, on-o-mat-o-pe'ya, n. [Gr. onoma,—atos, a name; poseo, to make] আকুট শক্ষাহকরণে পৰ গঠন; উরূপে গঠৈও পদ বা পদ প্রয়োগ; Use of a word or saying which has a like sound to the thing signified.

Onset, ohset, n छोरा कांग्रम ; करादांब ; Violent attack , assault Syn — Charge, onslaught, assault, first brunt, storming.

Onslaught, ohslawt. n. बाक्यन, बन्द्रांग; Onset, attack, assault

Ontologist, on-tolo-jist, n छत्त्विनाविद, भनाई-विकानविद, One versed in ontology

Ontology, on-talo-11, n [ Gr on, ontos being, and logos, discourse ] ভৰ্বিলা, প্ৰাণ্ডিতান . Science of being metaphysics a=ontologic, ontological, ad=ontologically.

Onus, n ভাব, Burden
Onwards, ohwards, ohwards, a.
বৃদ্ধিত, বৃদ্ধিন, অনুবৃদ্ধি, মুখ্যানী, Advanced, advance; forward Syn—(ad) Progressively, ahead.

Onychia, n নখ-কোণ-প্রসাহ। [gem an agate Onyx, on-iks, n বলি নিশেব প্রবার নিশেব A Oolite, ট'o-lit, n [Gr con, an egg, and lithor, stone] প্রবার বিশেব, Linvertone like roe of a fish. Ooze, coz, n. কালা; পদ Soft mud — খার খনাত , Gentle flow — v. i ভুবাইরা পঢ়া; করিত-ভু, To flow gently, to percolate, as a liquid through pores:—v. t. ভুমার, করণ করাম, To cause to flow or percolate; drop, distil, shed; exude, filter, strain

Oosy, তেঠা, ৫ কর্মনার , পরিশ , Miry ; slimy.
Opacity, o-pa-i-ti, n. অবছেতা ; আনোকরীনতা ;
Want of transparency, opaqueness, obscurity.
Opah, n. মহনা বিশেষ ; A large seafish.

Opal, 5-pal, n. 49 faces, segan sizes; A mineral gem that has rambow shifting tints.

Opalescent, a. অভান্তর চট্টে মুন্তানং জ্যোতিনিকানী, Reflecting a milky or pearly light from the interior. n=opalescence.

Opaque, ত-pak, a. আৰক্ত; ভ্ৰোৰৰ , ছাবাৰৰ ; Not transparent , dark ; shady. ম = òpaqueness.
Opaqueness, n. আবছেড়া; Want of transparency.

Ope, v. t. and v i. etini ; In poetry, to open. Open, o'pen, a. উল্লাইড ; উল্লুড় ; Not shut , un closed — কুপন : জনাধ ; Free of access ; accesmble — কুপনিয়তিত , কুপনিয়ীন , Free front trets : ्रामानिक ; Public : - नशन : कवनडे ; Frank, art-less ; candid : - समिनीक : क्यीनार्शनक ; Unbalanced ; not settled :- अवनभन्न ; Listening :- मिनिडे ; Attentive :- fasia; Free to be discussed :-বেৰপুত্ৰ: কুনারাবদ্ধ; Unclouded; not fosty:--Without defence :-- शाबी ; जनावृष्ठ ; Liable ; expoed :-- v. t. Geilbo-p ; Gag-p ; To make open ; to unclose :-- श्वाम-कृ ; पृत्रेश्माहत्र-कृ ; To disclose, reveal; bring to view :-- वाक्त-कृ; To explain; expound :- = To begin ; commence :-थ. र. डेम्बाहिड-१; डेमूल-१; To be unclosed :-व्याविकीय-इ ; To appear :- व्यावक-इ ; व्यावक-इ ; To begin. n-openness; opener. admopenly. Syn: -(a) Unfolded, expanded, broad; unreserved, ingenuous; undisguished, unreserved, sincere, artless ; plain, evident, apparent ; exposed, unprotected, undefended; unrestricted, clear, public; unsettled, undetermined; mild, not frosty. (v) Unbar, unlock, uncover, unseal, exhibit, interpret; pierce, lance, spread, expand. An open question—अनिकिश विवय ; (य विवस्त्रत মীৰাংসা হয় না: A point not settled by a decision. An open secret, n. अल विषय गांश व्यकाण स्ट्रेगाल , ख्य विनम्न किङ छोड्। अस्तरकेडे आस्म ; A secret which is suffered to coze out, a secret that has become known to many. Be open to - नव (बानमा बाका, Be free to be used, not closed to :--- (मावाभि पत्री वाहेटल नापत ना আপত্তি ইত্যাদি চলিতে পারে; Be liable to an attack of any kind. Be open to an impression—कोन दिवस महाद बहुन अविदे कतान वाह ; Be ready to receive ideas into the mind, be easily impressible. Be open to conviction-वृक्षहित वृत्त : B: ready to receive some truth. pare the way for Lay open-EFM-71 Opon a door to-HEW-F; Render easy; pre Open noname, n. टारनरनागांद्रत यह चत्रण, A charm which opens something that is closed . [ terprise. means of admission, passport. Open the ball-statter; To begin an en-Open the eye of, Open one's eyes to-(\*)4 বিষয়ে কাছারও চন্দু কুটাইরা-বে, To make one sec. understand, appreciate &c , to enlighten . to enable one to see or understand ; to begin to perceive. Open the question—(कांव विश्रप्तत्र जालांहनां-कृ: To commence the discussion of a subject, to bring it before the public. Open to criticism—नवाद्याह्याद्यात्रा । Open to discussion-आतिहा। Receive one with open arms—বাহৰৰ প্ৰসায়িত स्तिता (कारन संदर्भ ; Welcome one warmly. Open up-4414-7; To disclose, to lay open: [ a building to discover. Open air-sifes; Under the free sky; not in In the open sir-অনাৰ্ড ছাবে; খোলা বালগাল; Not under any shade, out of doors.

Open-eyed, a. 334; Watchful.

Open-hearted, 5'pn-harred, s. नहन ; देशह ; ! raining to the eye.

Opening, Opening, n. fex; will; and; A breach ; aperture ; gap, hole :-- star ; wire ; Beginning ; drawn :- 2017 wifasta ; First appearance :- (5) 13 3714; Chance for exertion. Syn :- Orifice, cleft, rent; commencement, initiation; opportunity, chance, vacancy. Open-mouthed, o'pn-mowthd, a. 34 (4)11; वाणिक-वनम ; Having the mouth open :-- लाजी ; रेप्टिक ; शांत्रभानक'ती , Greedy ; clamorous. Open ses - नमूज जोरत्र वाहिएत. The part of the sea away from the slore. Open sky, n. Sky with no intervening shelter. Open winter, n. मोशाबन्त मीड ; Winter free from frost. A musical drama. Opera, op'era, #. नांडेक वि:नव ; गीडि-नांडा ; बाजा ; Opera-bouffe, n शामानी १६ गोडि-नांग ; A coan opera. Opera-dancer, n नजे ; A girl who dances in Opera-glass, op'er-a-glas, n swinte कुरक क पृत्रके क्ष , Small telescope for a theatre. Opera-house, n. बाहे। नाता ; Theatre for operas. Operate, op'er-It, w. i. [L. oberari, from opus, operis, work, labour ] 本何-事; 本世-事; To act; to influence - অন্তচিকিৎসা-কু; অন্ত-কু; Perform a surgical operation —v. t. कामारशीमन-कृ, जारवीम-क , উৎপাদন-क . To effect ; to occasion ; to produce by agency. Syn :- Labour, work, have effect, have influence Operate on-কাহার বা কিছুব উপৰ কার্যা-ক ; Act on -- यक्तिक्लमा-क ; Perform some manual act on the body with instruments. Operatic, Operatical, a. गीडि-नाडे जरबीद, के हम'ड़ा खुना, Pertaining to, resembling, the opera. Operation, op-er-ashun, अ. क'र्ना ; कन , Action ; exertion .— छेशाद . Agency :- अव विकिश्मा अनु-अरवात ; Surgical performance :- रेम्ट्स्त्र मर्डिंब्र ; Motion of an army. Syn .- Force influence, effect, process, effort, action, manipulation; movement, motion, managure Operative, op'er-n-tiv, a. क'र्यकाती. कार्यकड़: क्तज्ञ ; Everting force ; producing effects ; efficacious :- n. 西耶 ? , 平京 ; A labourer . a workman; a me-' anic. ad=operatively. Operator, op'er-a-tor, n क्षिकातक , कांशकाती : One who or that which produces an effect :-আন্ত্রিকিংসক, আরাদি-প্রবোগকর্ত্তা; One who performs a surgical operation. sical drama. Operetta, n. कुत्र गींडनांग, A short, light mu-Operose, op'er-us, a. क्राहिक्स ; अम्माधा ; Requiring labour , labourious ; tedious. n = operoseness ad = operosely. trumpet. Ophicloide, n. वड वंदी वित्तव ; A large brass Ophidian, Ophidious, a. [ Gr. ophis, a serpent ] সপ্ৰটিত : Pertaining to scrpents. Ophidian, of-idi-an, n. नर्वजाठीय अड: An animal of the snake family. Ophthalmia, of-thalmi-a, Ophthalmy, ofthal-mi, n. [Gr. ophthalmos, eye] 5 # 21716 ; # 4-द्वार ; Inflammation of the eye. a=ophthalmic. Open-handed, S'pn-handed, a. मुक्क ; मानील . wate ; Generous ; liberal. [Frank ; generous. Ophthalmic, of-thalmik, a. अभिन्यकीय ; PerOphthalmoscope, n. চৰুত্ব অভাৰমভাৰ পৰীকা কৰিবাৰ বহু বিশেব; An instrument for examining the interior of the eye.

Dpiate, ö'pe-at, n. নিজাকারক উৰধ; নিজাকাক উৰধ; হৈৰ্যাসাধন; Any medicine that produces sleep; causing rest:—a. নিজাকারক; নিজাকানক; বৈধ্যাসাধন; Inducing sleep; causing rest. Syn:—Narcotic, anodyne, sedative.

Opiated, 5'pi-āt-cd, a. নিদ্ৰাকারক উবং বারা অভি-ভুত ; নিদ্রাকনক উবংবর সহিত্ত মিপ্রিড ; Affected by or containing opiates.

Opine, ত-piń, v. s. [ L. opinor, to think ] বিৰেচনা-কু; বোৰ-কু; অনুমান-কু; Think; judge; be of opinion; suppose. Syn:—Suppose, believe, conceive, presume.

Opinion, ö-pinyun,n. মত; ধাৰণা , বিবেচনা ; বিধান ; A conviction on probable evidence, judgment; notion; estimation. Syn:—Sentiment, persuation, idea. [Agree with one in opinion.

Be of one's opinion—কাহারও সহিত একমত-হ, One is of opinion—কাহারও মত এই; One thinks.

[Be highly esteemed.

Win golden opinions—সক্ৰের সমানভালন-ছ; Opinionated, ত-pnyun-ated, a. একপ্তরে, বনতে অভ্যাসক; অউল বিধানী; Firmly adhering to one's own opinions.

Opinionative, 5-pinyun-At-iv, a. অপুচিতরূপে ব-মতে অপুরক ; আন্তরামী ; একগুরে ; বনতে অপুচিত মৃদ, Unduly attached to one's opinions ; stubborn ; conceited ; dogmatical. ad = opinionatively. n= opinionativeness.

Opinionist, ন. ব্যতে অব্যক্ত ব্যক্তি; One unduly attached to one's opinions.

Opium, o'pi-um, n. [Gr. opos, sap] जिल्ल, जाहिन, जाहिन, The narcotic juice of the white poppy.

Opossum, o-posum, n. আমেরিকার ক্রবিশেষ; A marsupial four-footed beast; an American quadruped.

Oppidan, n. [L oppidum, a town] A student of Eton college, England, who boards in the town, not in the college.

Opponent, op-po'nent, a. বিপরীত , বিরোধী; প্রতিকৃত্য; Adverse; opposite:—n. প্রতিপক্ষ, বিরোধী; প্রকৃ; বিপক্ষ; Adversery. Syn:—(n) Antagonist, foe, enemy, opposer, rival, competitor.

Opportune, op-por-tuń, a. ( L ch, before, and portus, a harbour ] সময়েচিত; বধাৰণৰে উপন্থিত; প্ৰাকৃষ্ণ , Timely, seasonable, convenient. neopportuneness. ad=opportunely. Syn — Convenient, fit, well-timed, appropriate, felicitous, proper.

Opportunist, n. बरहा द्वित वारहानक; A politician who waits for events before declaring his opinions.

Opportunity, op-por-tunete, ম. সুগোগ; অবসর। সুবিধা; Occasion; fit time or place. Syn:— Convenience, chance, fit opening.

Let slip an opportunity, Omit an opportunity, Miss an opportunity—wests stiffed creat at centar; Allow an opportunity to pass away.

Seige or embrace an opportunity—খুবাৰ পাইবা কোৰ কাৰ্য্য-ছ ; Avail oneself of an opportunity.

Opposable, op-p8fa-bl, a. ব্যক্তিয়োগ্য ; প্রতিযাধ-খোগা ; Capable of being opposed.

Oppose, op-poi; w. t. [L. opponers, oppositum, to oppose] বাধা-নে; প্রতিরোধ-ক; বিক্তমে উপরিত-ক; To resist; to withstand; to check; to compete with; to set against:—v. i. আপরি-ক; To make objection. n=opposer. Syn:—Combat, resist, confront; contradict, deny, oppugn, contravene; obstruct, bar, hinder.

Diametricatly opposed—সন্ধ বিগরীত: Directly opposite, like the two ends of a diameter. Opposed to—প্রতিক্ল; Against.

Opposite, op'-po-zit, a. [ L. ob, against, and pone, to place ] বিলছ ; বিপরীত , সমুখবজী ; Adverse; contrary; standing in front :-- नामना-সামৰি ; In front of ; facing :-- #. বিপক : প্ৰতিপক ; An opponent. ad - oppositely. n=oppositeness. Syn: -(a) Facing, hostile, antagonistic, inimical; contradictory, repugnant, diverse, incongruous, inconsistent. frent in nature from. Opposite to- একজিতে বিপারীত ; Entirely diffe-Opposition, op-po-zishun, n. বিপ্ৰভা; প্ৰতিবোধ; Adverseness, hostility; resistance .- 4141; विश्व : Obstacle :- विरवाद ; अञ्क्लाठा ; अञ्क्लाठत ; Repugnance; contrariety - विश्वकाल; वर्जभान महिनन वी नामन अनानीत विक्वकाली; The party that opposes the ministry or existing government:-ভ্যোতিকগণের পরশার ১৮০ অংশাস্তুরে অবস্থিতি: The situation of heavenly bodies when 180 degrees apart. Syn:-Counteraction; diversity, inconsistency.

Oppress, op-pres, v. f [ L. ob, and premere, to press ] উৎপীতন-কু; অভাচার-কু, পীচন-কু, পীদা-দে; চাপিবা ধবা; To curse with a heavy burthen, severity or cruelty, constrain; overpower. Syn:—Overburden, overtask, overwhelm, crush, weigh down, persecute, maltreat, treat severely.

Oppression, op-preshun, n. অভ্যাচায়; উৎপীজন; উপত্ৰৰ; Severity, cruelty; misery; hardship; injustice. Syn:—Misery, calamity, tyranny, persecution.

Oppressive, op-presiv, a. অতাচাৰী; স্থিড়াগাৰু; গাৰুৰ; বাৰুৰ; Unjustly severe, heavy; overpowering; tyrannical. ad=oppresively. n=oppressiveness. Syn:—Cruel, unjust, exacting, inhuman; close, uncomfortable.

Oppressor, n. অন্ত্যাচারী; প্রস্থাপীড়ক; উৎপীড়ক; One who oppresses.

Opprobrious, op-probre-us, a. কুংসিত ; খুপিত ; বিশান্তনক ; অধ্যাতিজনক ; Reproachful ; infamous ; despised. n=opprobriousness. ad=opprobriously. Syn:—Abusive, offensive, insulting, scurrilous ; rendered, hateful, shameful.

Opprobrium, op-probre-um, n. [ L. ob, and probrum, reproach ] অপমান; অপবল: বিৰা; ভিত্ৰাই; Di-grace; infamy. Syn:—Ignominy, obloquy, odium.

Oppugn, op-pan, v. f. [ L. ob, and pugnara

to fight ] খাখা-দে; আভিনোখ-ড়; To oppose; to resist. n-oppugner. Syn:—Controvert, contravere. [patroness of husbandry. Ops, n. ছবি-দেবী; The goddess of plenty and Optative, op'ta-tiv, a. ছফাত্তভ; ইচ্ছাগ্রভাশত; Expressing desire or wish:—n. In Gram. a mode of the verb exressing wish. ad = optatively. Optio, op'tik, Optical, a. খুই-বিজ্ঞান সম্মান্ত চামুল; Relating to sight or optics. ad = optically. Optician, op-tishan, n. আলোকবিদ্যা-নিপুন বাজি; দর্শনবিজ্ঞানবিধ; One skilled in optics:—আলোকব্য বিক্লেডা বা নির্মান্ত ; চন্দা-বিক্লেডা; Seller or maker of optical glasses or spectacles.

Option, op'tiks, n. আলোক-বিজ্ঞান; The science of the nature and properties of light.

Optimism, op'tim-izm, n. [ L. optimus, best ]
সকলই সমলের জন্ধ এই মত; 'সংসারে সকলই উৎকৃত্ত' এই
মত; The doctrine that everything in nature is
ordered for the best.

Optimist, op'tim-ist,n. সকলই মূলতের কল্প এই মতাবলখী; বাবতীর গাদার্থ ভারোক্তের কল্প এই মতাবলখী; One
who holds that everything is ordered for the best
Option, op'shun, n. [ L. optio, from optare, to
choose ] অভিনতি; ইচছা; অভিনাব; Choice; preference; right of choice; election. a≃optional.
Optional, a. ইচছাখীন; অভিলাবাধীন; Depending
on choice; left to one's choice. ad — optionally.
Opulence, op'il-lens, n. হব; অর্থ; Riches;
wealth.

Opulent, op'ū-lent, a. [ L opulens, from ops, opis, power, wealth ] ধনী ; ক্ৰথাশালী ; সম্ভশালী ; ধনবানু ; Wealthy. ad = opulently. Syn.—Rich, affluent, moneyed.

Opulent in words—বহল বাকা পূৰ্ব, Verbose. Or, or, conj. কিংবা, অপৰা, বা; Marking an alternative and some times opposition.

Oracle, or'a-kl. n [L. oro, to speak—or, oris, the mouth] দৈৰবাৰী; Answer supposed to be given by a Greek or Roman God or by wonderful wisdom:—দৈৰবাৰীৰ স্থান; The place where reponses were given, and the deities supposed to give them:—স্বাজ ব্যক্তি; জানী লোক; One famed for wisdom:—স্বাজ মত; A wise sentence or decision of great authority:—pl. স্বরোজি; The revelations made to the prophets.

Oracular, or-aku-ler, a. বৈষ্ণাণীৰিণিষ্ট ; Delivering oracles ; resembling oracles :—প্ৰামাণিক ; Authoratitive :—বৰ্গ ; বৰ্গবিশিষ্ট ; Obscure ; ambiguous :—প্ৰামাণ ; Grave. ad=oracularly. n=oracularness. Syn :—Prophetic ; uttering oracles, dictatorial, dogmatical ; sage, wise, venerable ; doubtful, ambiguous.

Oral, 5'ral, a. [ L. os, oris, the mouth ] বাচনিক; calfes; Uttered by the mouth; spoken. ad-orally. Syn:—Vocal, verbal; unwritten, traditional.

Orang, 5-rang', \*. বাৰর বিশেষ: A kind of monkey resembling man, found chiefly in the forests of Malacca.

Orange, or'anj, n. क्वना (सब्ब नांड ; A tree :-क्वना (सब्द ; Its fruit :-- a. क्वना (सब्ब कांव वर्-विभिष्ठ ; Orange-coloured. Orange girl ( or boy or woman ), अ. क्यां ब्यू विद्यां ; Seller of oranges.

Orangeman, oranj-man, n. প্রোটেটাই বর্ণনতন্ত্র আচারার্থ আরলভের সমাজের স্তা; A member of a secret society instituted in Ireland to uphold Protestantism.

Orange-musk, n. কন বিশেব ; A species of pear.
Orangery, oranj-dr-i, n. কনলা লেকুন বানান ; A
plantain of orange-trees. [in Netherlands.
Orangist, n. Supporter of the house of Orange
Orang-outang, (ধনাং উটাং) n. বনবাৰুৰ ; A
large monkey resembling man.

Oration, ö-rashun, n. [L. oratio, from orare, to speak] প্ৰকাষ্ট বস্তুতা; A public speech. Syn:—Harangue, address, discourse.

Orator, or'a-tor, n. বজা; বাঝি, A public speech. fem = oratrix, oratress.

Oratorioal, or-a-tor'ik-al, Oratorial, or-atori-al, a. বাগ্মিতা সৰ্জীয়; বজা সৰ্জীয়, Pertaining to oratory or an orator. ad=oratorically.

Oratorio, or-a-tő'ri-ö, n. ৰৰ্মণান্তনিবয়ক বাৰা ; উপাননা-হান ; A kind of musical drama usually founded on scripture ; a place of worship.

Oratory, or'a-tor-i, n. বজ্তা; বারিভা; বাক্ণচুভা; Eloquence:—অলহার; Rhetoric:—ভলৰা-গৃহ; উপানবা-গৃহ; Room'for prayer; an apartment or building for private worship.

Orb, orb, n. [L. orbis, a circle] মুখল; মুখ্জ; A sphere; circle; disk:—চক্র; A wheel:—চঞ্ছ; The eye:—v. f. মুখলাকার-কু; বেইল-কু; To form into an orb; to surround. Syn:—(n.) Globe, ball; sphere, circle, orbit. [Circular. Orbed, orbd, a. গোলাকার; মুখলাকার; বুডাকার; তিrbioular, or-bikū-lar, a. গোল; মুখলাকার; বুডাকার; বুডাকার; বুডাকার; বুডাকার; বুডাকার; বুডাকার; বুডাকার, Spherical; round. ad=orbicularly. n=orbicularness.

Orbiculate, or-bikū-lāt, Orbiculated, or-bikū-lāt-ed, a. গোলাকার ; In the form of an orb. n=orbiculation.

Orbit, or'-bit, n. [L. orbis, a ring or circle] গ্রহাণির পরিত্রমণ পথ কক; প্রহ-কক; Line or path of a star in its course:—চকুপজ্ব; জ্ঞিকেটের; চকুর চর্ম্ব; Hollow of the eye; the skin surrounding the eye. a=orbital.

Orbital, a. sife : Pertaining to an orbit.

Orchard, orchard, n. কলবুকের উদ্যান ; কলের বাগান ; A garden of fruit trees.

Orchestra, or'kes-tra, n. [Gr. orcheomai, to dance] রক্ষালয়ের বালাকরবিগের হাল; নাটাশালার মধ্যে গালকবের হাল; The part of atheatre for the instrumental musicians:—ক্লালয়ের বালাকরলল; গালক দল; The performers in an orchestra; the body of musical performers. a=orchestral.

Orchestral, a. বৰাল্যের বাধ্যক্ষণিধের ছানসক্ষীয় ;
Pertaining to an orchestra. [plant.
Orchid, orkid, n. ফ্লগাছ বিশেষ ; A fragrant
Orchidaceous, a. কতিপয় জাতীয় পুশাক্ষণক্ষীয় ;
Pertaining to a group of plants with beautiful
fragrant flowers. [orchidaceous plants.
Orchis, n. ক্ষেক্ জাতীয় বুনের গাছ ; A genus of
Ordain, or-dań, v. f. [L. ordo, order] বিশ্ববিদ্ধান
কু; নিয়োগ-কু, ব্যবহা-কু, To appoint ; to regulate :

- नावन (व्योष्ट- ह ; नगरितनात व्यक्तिक- ह ; To invest with ministerial functions ; to set in an office. Syn:—Call, elect. destine, consecrate ; arrange, institute, establish ; decree, determined

mine, enact, order, prescribe.

Ordeal, or'de-al, n. व्यक्ति वा अन वात्र नदीकां ; An ancient form of trial by lot, fire, water &c -- কভি কটোর পরীকা; Any severe trial or examination Order, or'der, ন. বিশ্বাস , স্বশ্ববা , পরিণাটী , 1) -position ; regular arrangement - निगम, नक्टि. Rule; method - शाशिक नित्रम, Established piocess :--উপৰুক্ত অবস্থা , Proper condition --আনেশ Command, direction :- (4), Rank, class -ज्ञांक ; A society of persons - ज्ञ कित्रांत आएम . Direction for purchase -भामनविधि , Regulation : - 4 47 - wif ; A religious fraternity .-देवलानिक विकार , A scientific division of objects —pl. শ্বতীয় বাজক-সম্প্ৰদায় , পুরেণহিতবণ , The christian ministry; the priesthood -v t. 4917-5. विक्रध-कृ ; To arrange, to dispose - कारनन-कृ প্ৰিচাপন কু, To command, to direct -- বাজকের পদ প্রাম-কু; To receive into ranks of the ministry -निविज्ञान-कृ, To conduct -- १ : स्र एम न अमान द To give command Syn -- (n) Method, regularity, symmetry, fit condition, proper state regulation, pre-cription, canon, law , precept injunction, instruction, famili, tribe nank class, degree, grade (1) Systematize, adjust, manage conduct lead, bid enioin, instruct Be in orders-(भोबहिडा कार्य निरुक्त इ , Be or- ) dained to the work of gospel ministry

By order of \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ action of gosper remistry

the directions of , by command of

Call to order—সভাব নিবম শুল হলবাছে এই কলিলা সভাপতিকে জ্ঞাত-কু, সভাল কেল কালেভা না নিবম বিকন্ধ কাৰ্যা কৰিলে ড'কাকে নিবমান্থায়ী চ'লাত আল্ল কব' To call attention of the pre-iding office to a wielation of pailiamentary rules acquire on to observe the forms or procedure of an a sembly.

[ d s pline

Keep order-नाहिनका-कृ, Preserve peace or In good order- प्राप्तिका

In order— 2753. Trate, reits In a fit state

In order— সুণ্ডাৰ, প্ৰাৰ্থ নিৰ্মাণ কৰিছে — ক্ৰাৰ্থা ব'ৰা , ক্ৰাৰ্থা , Deep lung in its proper place —পাৰ পাৰ, One after the other.

In order of- 714 ms ( राज क्षांत्रतात ), In regular succession in point of ( birth, rank, me it etc ).

In order that, In order to—এই অভিযায়ে বে. কোন কিছু করিবায় জন্ত , For the purpose of , with the object that.

In regular order -- वर्षा करम

Orders in council —কার্ডাসনের কান্তা, Temporary rules or laws issued by the sovereign, by and with the advice of the Privy Council, to meet particular emergencies.

Order of battle-79-14917. The different arrangements made by an army either to atta-

ck or receive an enemy.

Out of order—জগ্ৰন্থত হ'বলুখন, ফৰু বা সহজ অব-হাৰ নহে, Not in a healthy condition .—ট্ৰক না (চনা); Irregular .—বে দিলিন, Not in a work-

able condition.

Religious orders প্রশাসন্ত ; Societies established for religion.

Sailing orders—24-31518 510413 with ; The particular and final instructions given to ships of war.

Set one's house in order—ক্ষিত্র না হয় একন ক্ষিয়া সমত বংশাবত-ক ; Be cautious so as to guard against evil.

Standing orders—In Parliament certain rules and regulations laid down for guidance.

Take orders—পৌৰহিত বাৰদা অবস্থন-ক; Become a cleigyman, enter the ministry of the church by being ordained.

The lower orders—इंडबर्ग।

The order of the day—প্রচলিত নিরম ; রেওরাল ; A succession of business appointed for a specified day; the rule, the fashion —নাহাতে সকলেই মন্ত্র, What every one is striving after.

To order-আদেশ মৃত, According to one's direction or directions.

Ordering, or'der-ing, n বিস্থাস , পরিচালন , Arringement ; management

Orderless, a পৃথনাপুত্ত, নিশ্যাপ, Disorderly, Orderly, or'der-le, a নিয়মিত, Regular পৰিপান, সুপ্তিশিক, Well regulated —কর্ত্তনার্থা করণ নির্ক্ত, কর্তাকারে প্রস্তুত্ত, Being on duty — আন্তুত্ত, Well conducted, quiet — ন. সেনাপত্তির প্রস্তুত্ত করে নেক্ত ক্রাক্তিক, সংবাদ-চলক স্পেনিক, A coldier who attends on a superior — নের্বাদিক ক্রম, Regularly, methodically, neother some of lethics some — (1) Methodically, systematic; precide, well behived

Orderly book, n A book for every company, in which the sergeants write general and regimental orders

Orderly officer, n ক্ষান্ত . The officer of the day, one who has charge of affors for the day. Ordinal, ordinal a ক্ৰমনোধক, প্ৰণ্যানক, প্ৰকঃ Slewing order or succession —n. সম্বোধক; সংখা, A number denoting order —বিধি প্ৰকঃ ক্ৰমনামতি এই, A ritual for ordination.

Ordinance, or'din-aus, n विष , निक्षित वर्षात्रकाव अक्ष ५, A law, an establi hed rite Syn — Decee, enactment, statute, edict; rite, observaire, ceremony, sacrament.

Ordinary, or'din-are, a [ L. or linarius, from ordo, order] প্রচনিত নির্মাণত, নির্মাণত, বির্মাণত, Customars, regular, usual—সামান্ত, সাধারণ; সাধারণে, Common inferior; plain—n. পুরোহিত; বাজক, An ecclesiastic judge, bishop:—Settle c l establishment:—আহার কবিবার হাব; ভোকন্প্রেট্ট, Place for eating at a regular time and price ad=ordinarily Syn:—(a) Settled, habitual, wonted, usual, customary; mediocre, commonplace, plain, homely.

In ordinary—সর্বাই কারের কারে নিৰ্ভ ; Not in actual service, but laid up under the charge of officers ; in actual and constant service.

Ordinate, or'din-মা, এ. ব্যবস্থানত, ছবিছিত; নিম-নিত; Regular, methodical:—স. বক প্রেথার উজ-ার্থ সম্পানী তনুষ্যায় সমল রেখা বিশেষ; A straight line in a curve terminated on both sides by the curve and bisected by the diameter. ad=ordinately.

Ordination, or-din-ashun, n. ধর্মণান নিছোগ;
The act of ordaining;—বাচনিত্র ক্রম; ধারা; Established order. Syn:—Institution, appointment, induction, consecration. [guns; artiflery.
Ordnance, ordnans, n. কামান; তোগ; Great
Ordnance office, n. Office for managing the artiflery and engineering. [filth; excrement.
Ordure, or'dur, n. বিটা; পুরীষ; মল, Dung;
Ore, তে, n. আকর; ধাতু, মৃত্তিকামিপ্রিত ধাতু; Mineral as it is in the earth; metal in its unreduced state.

Organ, or'gan, n. বত্ৰ ; লাবন ; উপায় ; An Instrument of action or motion ; means :—ইন্সির ; Natural instruement, as the tongue ; mrdium :—
বাস্বয় বিশেষ ; A musical instrument with pipes,
bellows and keys.

Organic, or-gańik, Organical, or-gańik-al, a. ইন্সিয়সম্বাধীৰ, ইন্সিয়বিষয়ক; Relating to an organ:—ইন্সিয়সমূহ; ইন্সিয়েইডিড, Consisting of, containing or produced by the organs:—ৰান্ত্ৰিক. Instrumental. ad=organically.

Organic bodies—Such bodies, as possess life and sensation

Organic disease— ৰ' কি পীছা, ৰে পীড়াৰ ইন্দ্ৰিকের গ্যুক্ত পৰিবৰ্ত্তিক হয় "The di ense in which the structure of an organ is evidently altered

Organic law - MARASHER, A law which concern the fundamental parts of the constitution of state, a constitution.

Organic remains, n. জন্ধ বা উদ্ভিন্ন প্ৰথপ হত আপিই অপ , Fossil remains of animals or requtable. [being airanged

Organisable, a শুখলা-বিশ্ব-সাধ্য; Capable of Organisation, or-gan-iz-ashun, n শুখলাবিধাৰ, গাল; The state of being organised Syn:—Construction, constitution, organizing, forming, making; structure, form, organism

Organise, or'gan-iz, v. t. ইব্রিয়বিশিষ্ট-কৃ. To form with suitable organs; furnish with organs:
— এবড-কৃ; গঠন-কৃ; কলনা-কৃ; Prepare; arrange; form; devise. n = oganisation.

Organism, or'gan-izm, n. परजब शहेन, शांतिक शहेन : Organic structure.

Organist, or gan-ist, n. वर्गान् रहवानक : One who plays on the organ.

Orgasm, ন. অপৰিমিত উত্তেজনা বা কাৰ্যা; Immoderate excitement or action.

Orgies, or'jiz, #. pl. রাত্রিকালীৰ আমোন; তৈরব চক্র; নৈশ হুরাগানোৎসব; Mad or midnight revels; noctural drunken rites or revelry.

Oriel, ö'ri-el, #.বহি:প্ৰত গ্ৰাক বিশেষ ; A window that juts out so as to form a small apartment.
Orient, o'ri-ent, a. [ L. orior, to rise ] উদীয়ন্ন, Rising :--প্রাচা ; Eastern :--উজ্বন ; সমুজ্বন ; Bri-

ght; shining:—n. প্রাচী; প্রকৃষিক, The East.
Oriental, ত-tiental, a. প্রাচ্য; প্রকৃষেক্র Eastern.
— ভবক; Shining, glittering:—Aslatic:—n.
আচ্যকেশ্বামী, A native of the east.

Orientalise, v. पुनस्य नेत-मृ ; Make eastern.

Orientalism, 6-ri-ental-izm, n. আদিয়া বেশের রীতি বা ব্যবহার ; প্রাচ্যনীতি ; Eastern idiom ; oriental doctrine.

Orientalist, ö-ri-enfal-ist, n. প্রাচ্যদেশীর ভাষার অভিন্য পণ্ডিত ; প্রাচ্যভাষাবিদ্ , One versed in the eastern language.

Orifice, or'c-fis, n [ L. os, oris, a mouth, and facere, to make ] ছিন্ত, মুখ; মুখ; An opening; small hole. Syn — Aperture, perforation, pore. Orifiamme, n. [ L. ourum, gold, and flamme, a flame ] ক্লান্তোৰ পূৰ্বাকাণীৰ পতাকা বিশেষ; An ancient royal standard of France. [ Marjoram. Origan, Origanun, n. ফাছি মনলা বিশেষ; Origin, or'e-jin, n. [ L. oriri, to rise ] প্ৰথম উৎপত্তি; আনক: The first beginning; first existence:—কাৰণ; কেন্তু; মুল, Cause; source; derivation. Syn:—Commencement, rise, spring, derivation; root, foundation, occasion.

Original, ত-rifin-al, a. মোলিক; আদিম; প্রাথমিক; Primitive, first; first in order:—মুলীভুড, Primary —মুল, আনল; জনন্দিত; Not copied; not translated:—উদ্ভাবনকন; Inventive:—n. আদি; মূল, Origin; source:—মুশুমুছ; প্রথম লিপি; First copy:—আদল, Arch type:—অনন্দিত ভাবা; An untranslated tongue. ad—originally. Syn:—(a) Pristine, primordial, initiatory; creative; peculiar, odd, eccentric.

Original sin—set any; The first sin of Adam, namely his eating the fobidden fruit; either the imputation of Adam's sin to posterity or a natural corruption and tendency inherited from him.

Originality, o-rij-in-alit-i, n. মৌনিকছ; আদিছ; নুডনত; অপূর্ম কলনাপতি, উদ্ভাবনী শক্তি; The quality or state of being original, the quality of originating ideas.

[ Productive; primitive.

Originary, o-rifi-na-ri, a. উৎপাদনশীৰ; যৌলিক;
Originate, ত-rifin-at, v. t. সৃষ্ট-ক; স্তর-ক; উৎপাদন-ক. To bring into existance; to create:
v. i. আবস্ত-ক; উড্ড-হ; To begin; to have origin. n=originates (উৎপাদক; উদ্ভাবক) ৷ Syn:
Form, produce; commence; take existence,
arise, spring, proceed.

Originate in — স্ক্ৰণাত বা আৰম্ভ হ; Have origin in; arise from ( some source ).

Originate with—কোন ব্যক্তি কৰ্তৃক প্ৰথম উৰাপিত-হ ; Come from one, in the first instance.

Origination, o-rifin-a-shun, त. वृतः जांकः। Origin, beginning; mode of production.

Oriole, or'i-ol, n. [L. ourum, gold] \*\*[\*\*[\*\*] The golden thrush with black wings.

Orion, o-ri'on, n. दानिहक ; नक्ष्यपूत्र क्रिक्ट ; A. large and bright constellation.

Orison, or'i-zun, n. [ L. oro, to pray ] আৰ্থা; উপাদনা ; A prayer.

Orlop, n. পোডের তল বিশেষ; The deck of a ship.
Ormolu, n. পিতাৰ বিশেষ; A variety of brass.
Ornament, or'na-ment, n. [L. ornamentum,
from ornare, to adorn] আৰক্ষাৰ; বুৰণ; Embellishment; decoration; adornment:—বৃদ্ধ; Jewel:—

সন্ধান ; Honour :-- e. f. অন্তত-মু ; ভূমিত-মু ; Po adorn; to decorate. Syn :--(v) Embellish, deck. garnish, decorate; beautify; emblacon, illustrate.

Ornamented ground—ৰুক বাবা হলোভিত ভূমি Lands planted with trees and adorned with statues.

Ornamental, or-na-mental, a. শোভাবৰ্ক শোভৰ, শোভাসপাদক, Serving to adorn or beautify. ad=ornamentally.

Ornamental shrub—শোভাৰ্ত্ত বভা, Shrub cultivated for ornament.

Ornanentation, or-na-men-th-hun, n जाडाह,

Ornate, or nat, a. [L ornatus, pp. of ornare, to adorn] আনম্ভ, ভূমিত; বিভিন্ন, Decorated, picturesque, ornamented n=ornateness adornately Syn—Ornamented, decorated, embellished, high-wrought flowery, florid

Ornithological, a প্ৰিত্ৰ ব্যাৰ Pertaining to crnithology. ad = crnithologically

Ornithology, or-ni-tholo-ji, n. [Gr ornis ornithos, a bird, and logus, science ] পদিবিজ্ঞান, পদিতভ্ ; The science of birds a = ornithological Ornithologist, n. পদিতভ্বিৎ, One versed in ornithology

Ornithomancy, अ शोकून विका, A species of divination by birds, their flight, etc

Ornithorhynchus, or-ni-tho-ring'kus n 57 fara, A mammal in Australia with a duck's bill Orography, or-og'ra-fi, n ' Gr oras, a mountain, and grapho, to describe ] fra 7318. A description of mountains amorographic, orographical.

Orphan, or fan, n [ Gr orphanos, bereaved জনাধা, মাত'পিছত্বন, পিতৃত্বীন বা মাতৃত্বন জিল , Chiud bereft of father or mother or of both —a মাত্ত-পিতৃত্বীন, Bereft of parents

Orphan asylum—অনাধাশ্রম, অনাধানিবাস। Orphanago, oritan-তা, স অনাধ অবসা মাত্র পত হীন অবসা, The state of being an orphan —অন ধাশ্রম, A house for orphans

Orphean, or-fe'an, a পৌৰাপিক কৰি অকিলস সৰ্থীল Pertaining to orpheus, a poet, who is to p esented as having had the power of moving the rocks by his music.

Orpheus, n ্ৰীক-গান্তক, A Greek mus cian who moved inanimate objects by the music of his lyre Orpiment, or piment, n. [L. ourum, gold and pigmentum, paint] n হৰিডাক, Sulphuret of arsenic, a yelli w paint

Orpin, n গাঁচ পীতবৰ্গ, A deep gold or yellow colour. [coloured flowers Orpine, n. কুলগাছ বিলেব, A low plant with gold Orrory, n গ্ৰহাদির আকারাদি প্রদর্শন করিবাব বয় বিলেব, A piece of apparatus

Orris, n ক্লগাছ বিশেষ, A species of iris Ort, n সামাক কাশেষ, পরিত্যক অ'শ, A fragment, refuse

Orthodox, or'tho-doks, a [ Gr orthos, right, and doxa, opinion ) বৰ্ণপ্ৰায়ৰ, ধ্যমত দুচনিধানী, প্রচলিত ধ্যমত , শাহবিধানী, Believing the genuine doctrine taught in scripture, bigoted, according to the received doctrine. ad=orthodoxiv

Orthodoxy, or'tho-doksi, ন. বৰ্ষপ্ৰায়ণ্ডা; বডের ক্ৰান্ডডা, পে'ড়াৰি, Sound or right catholic belief. Orthoepist, ন. শব্দের বিশুদ্ধ উচ্চারণবিদ্যাবিৎ; One veised in orthoppy.

Orthoepy, or-tho-e-pi, n. [Gr. orthos, right, ind epos, a word] পদের বিশ্ব উচ্চারণ; The correct pronunciation of words. a=orthoepical.

Orthogon, n সমকোনী কেন ; A figure with all

Orthogonal, a আরভাকার ; সমকোণে , Rectangu-

Orthographer, or-thog ra-ier, %. বৰ্ণবোজনবিং; বিজ্ঞানকারক; One who spells words correctly.

Orthographic, Orthographical, a ব্ৰবিভাগ বিলাসৰকীয় , বিজ্জ বিভাগৰ , Pertaining or according to orthograpy, spelt correctly. ad-orthographically

Orthography, or-thog'ra-fi, n [Gr. orthos, right and grapho, to write] বিজ্ঞানগে গালের বর্ণ-বিজ্ঞান, বর্ণ-জু The correct spelling of words. a = orthographic, orthographical [sects. Orthopters, n এক ভোগাৰ কটি An order of in-Orthopterous, a অর্থাপটারা ভোগার কটিলক্ষাব . Pertaining to the orthoptera [bird Ortolan, n ক্ষণা গাবকশকা বিশেষ, A singing Oryx, ō riks n ভ জারার মূণ বিশেষ, A variety of south African anticlopic

Guidinatory, oal la tor-i a मालाप्रमान Swing-Oscitant, a क्वनकारी, रामानु निक्कित, Yawing, हाराहा, Growsy, dull ad=ascitantly n=osci-

Oscitate, গ : কস্তন-কু To y iwn n=oscitation. Oscilant, ে সংগ্ৰহণীল , Adhering closely. Oscilate, গ t [ L, oscilum, a kiss ] চুম্ব-কু;

may Iokiss, to touch n= neulation

Osculatory, a চুৰ্নস্থনীয়, Of or pertaining to ki sing [ used in marking baskets, Osior, J'zhi er, n ল্ডা নিশ্ব, The water-willow Osiored, a লডাসুনি, ওলিয়াৰ লডাৰ স্থায়, Made of or like osicr, adorned with osicrs

Osmium, দ ধ্দরবর্ণ ধাতু বিশেষ, A grey-coloured met il. [coarse linen. Osnabury, দ মদীনা বন্ধ বিশেষ, A species of Osproy, Ospray, ospra, দ মদাৰ আতীর পক্ষী, A is hing capte or hawk [Fruitless efforts. Hosping ossa upon Pelion—বুখা চেপ্তা, Osseous, ośe-us. a [L os, ossis, bone] আছি-বন্ধ, অছিবৎ, Composed of or resembling bones; bones

Ossicle, osi-kl, # कृत विषे . A small bone.

Ossiferous, os-sifer-us, a { L. os, bone, fero, o bear } আহি উৎপাদক, অন্থিয়নক, আহিবৰ্ক, Producing bone, containing bone.

Ossification, n অন্বিৰং পৰাৰ্থে পৰিপত্তি; The change into a bony substance.

Ocalifrage, oli-fraj, a. [ L. os, bone, and frange, to break ] ইপ্রাণিত বিশেষ; পালিবিশেষ; The young of the sea-eagle; the bearded vulture.

Ossify, cśi-fi, v. t. [L. os, hone, facio, to make] আছিতে প্রিপত-কু; আছিবৎ পদার্থে পরিপত-কু; To make into hone or into a hone-like substance:—v. i. আছিবছ-হ; আছিতে পরিপত-হ; To become hone or hony. n = ossification.

Ossivorous, a. [ L. os, bone, voro, to devour ]

Ossuary, n. মৃত্যিকের অভিনক্ষ স্থান; A place where the bones of the dead are deposited; a charnel-house.

Ostensible, os-tense-bl. a. [ L. ostendo, ostensum, to show ] প্রতীয়নাল; প্রশানীয়; প্রশানীয় ; প্রশানীয় ; ক্ষান্ত ; স্থানীয় ; Apparent ; manufest ad-ostensibly. n-ostensibility. Syn:—Exhibited, presented, professed, shown, declared, or avowed.

Ostensive, os-tensiv, a. প্রদর্শক ; প্রদর্শন : প্রদর্শন-

Ostentation, os-ten-tashun, n. [I.. ostendo, to show] হাৰজনক, বাহাজবরপ্রশান; ইন্ত; Ambitious display, boasting; outward show. Syn.—Parade, flourish; high pretension, vaunting, boasting

Obtentatious, os-ten-tashe-us, a. ৰাজাড়খৰলিয়; আলাভখনাথয় : লালিক; Fond of self-display; intended for display; showy; gaudy, boastful ad=ostentatiously n=ostentatiousness Syn — Boastful, vaunting, pretentious, dashing, pompous [versit din osteology]

Osteologer, Osteologist, দ. অভিচৰবিং, One Osteological, a. অভিচৰ দক্ষাৰ; Pertaining to osteology. ad=osteologically

Osteology, a te-olo-u. n. ! Gr osteon, bone, and logor, science ] याष्ट्रक: याँक्रकार, The science of the bones. s=osteological.

Ostler, odler, n. जन्मीन, Groom.

Ostlery, n. পाञ्चाला , Inn.

Ostraciso, o'tra-sir, v.t. [Gr. ostraken, a potsherd] নিজাদিত-কু, বহিছত-কু, সমাভচাত-কু, in ancient Greece, to banish by a people vote; to banish from society. w=ostracism.

Ostracism, ostra-sizm, त. निकासन ; Banishment by ostracising.

Ostrich, octuch, n. আফ্রিকার ব্যৱস উট্ট পকী; The largest of birds, found in Africa, remarkable for its speed in running and prized for its feathers.
Ostrich atomachs—যে শংকরনী সকল প্রকার বাদ্য জীপ করে; Strong stomachs which will digest anything.

Otacoustic, ot-a-kowstik, a. (Gr. akono, to hear) প্রতিবহার; Assisting the sense of hearing. Otacoustic, Otacousticon, n. প্রতিসহায়-বত্ত ; An instrument to facilitate hearing.

Other, uther, a. and pro. অন্ত , ভিন্ন, আনা ; আডিরিক্ত ; বিতীয় ; Different ; additional ; second of two.

Every other day—একদিন অন্তর , Each alter-

Other than - ব্যতাত , Different from ; besides. The other day - দেখিব ; At a certain past not distant but indifinite ; not long ago,

Otherwise, uther-wiz, ad. অন্ত প্রকারে; ভিন্ন অকারে; অন্ত কারণে; অথবা; কিংলা; In another way; in a different manner; by other causes; in other respects.

Otione, ए'shi-उs, a. [ L. ofium, rest ] निक्ति ; वनानु इ ; वनन , Uhemployed ; lazy.

Otitis, o-titis, n. [ Gr. ous, vios, the ear ] \*4-

Otoscope, n. কৰ্ণ পৰীকাৰ বন্ত ; An instrument for examining the car.

Otic, a. वर्गवकीय ; Pertaining to the ear.

Otorrhoea, n. कान बहेंडि पुंक भेड़ा ।

Ottor, ofer, n. डेविड्रान ; नवल विट्न ; A large kind of wearel living entirely on fish.

Otto, oro, Attar, atar, n. আছে ; A fragrant oil obtained from certain flowers, especially the rose. Ottoman, ofo-man, a. তুরক্ষমন্ত্রীয় ; তুরক্ষমন্ত্রীয় ; কুরক্ষমন্ত্রীয় ; কুরক্ষমন্ত্রীয় ; কুরক্ষমন্ত্রীয় ; কুরক্ষমন্ত্রীয় ; কুরক্ষমন্ত্রীয় ; কুরক্ষমন্ত্রীয় ; Pertaining to the Turkish empire:—
n তুনক ; A Turk — আসন বিশেষ ; A stuffed seat.
Oubliotto, n. কারাস্ক বিশেষ ; A dungeon with

an opening only at the top.

Ouch, owch, n. মণি বসাইবার গহার: A socket

in which a precious stone is set.

Ought, awt, e. i পাৰা-হ, উঠিচ-হ; আবহুক-হ; (A defective verb) to be bound in duty or moral obligation; to be under obligation; to be proper or necessary.

Ounce, owns, দ. গুজন পৰিম'ণ বিশেষ; প্ৰায় আৰু চটাৰ পৰিমাণ; The twelfth part of a pound of Troy; াঁ, of a pound avoirdupois:— না'ৰ জাতীয় জন্ধ বিশেষ, A teline carnivorous animal c. Asia, resembling the leopard.

Our, our, a and pro. আयापत ; आयानित्र ; अप-

Ours., owrz., pron. আনাদের; Possessive of we.
Ousol, ovzl. n. সামত পকী বিশেষ, Black bird, a
kind of thrush. [self (in the regal style).
Ourself, owr-self, pro. বহুং আমিবা আনাকে, MyOurselvos, owr-selvz, pro. pl. বহুং আমেবা বা

आर्यामगढक : We, not others ; us. Oust, oust, v t. [ F. ester, oter, to take awav ] वश्किक-कृ; छाउन्हेम! (मध्या ; To eject; expel; turn out. Syn :- Remove, dislodge; dispossess, [ Dispossession; ejection. disseize, evict. Ouster, owster, n. दक्त्यत ; अधिकांत्रहाङ कदन ; Out, out, ad. वाहिएव, Without; not in, not within :- विकास , Abroad :- अक्षिक बरश्रह ; প্রকাশিতভালে, In a state of discovery :-- সম্পূর্ণ-कृत्भ : Completely :--नाखि ; नाम वा करवब अन्छा ; In a state of exhaustion, extinction &c : — বথেছ কাৰে; चाबीनकारन . Freely :-- नवरन : वनपूर्वक ; Forcibly : —অনার্ডভাবে; Uncovered:—Not in office:— অনাশ্ৰিত অবস্থাৰ, Unsheltered :-- হতবুদ্ধি ইইলা ; At a loss :-- int. পুর হও ; চলিয়া বাঙ ; Away ; be gone : —n. কোণ; A nook or corner:—বহিঃস্থ বাজি বা One who, or that which is without, especially one who is out of office :-- मुक दान ; An open space :-- v. t. অধিকারচাত-কৃ; ভাড়াইবা-নে; To eject; to expel.

Be out—পেৰ-ছ; কুৱান; Be at an end; be over:
—নিকাণ-ছ; Be extinguished, as light:—বেরিকে
জাসা; বাটার বাহির হওয়া; Have come out.

In season and out of season—কালাকাল না ভাবিয়া, সমবাসমৰ না ভাবিয়া।

Out and out—গৌড়া, Extreme going to extremes, thorough going —সম্পূৰ্মণ, Complete ly, thoroughly —সাক্ৰওবালায়, নিস্চৰত্ব লাভ কৰিবা, Without reservation.

Out at the heels or at elbows- হ্রণারত. Ragged in reduced circumstances

Out of—বেল বিছু হটত, কোন বি ু দত্তপ, From
—কন্ত Owing to —মধ্যে, Among in —বাহিন্দ,
Beyond —ভিতৰ হটতে, From under - বীন
Not in

Out of character— অহাত লিবলে চনি বৰ সচিত লা মেরা অসকত, অনুগত্ত Inconsecut with one s character not in unison with other parts of one s general conduct unbe ming

Out of concert with - बाउँ । 134 No longer pleased with, not having a finourable opinion of

Out of countenante जिल्ला, त्राह्म , Confunded at 1 htd

Out of course target Out of order

Out of court—ষাত্ৰাতু মাদিত ৰাক ১ t yadi cally just mable [ tild of s lett Out of date—ম্প্ৰনিক কে বেওয়াক: Ant qua

Out of date—অপুনলিক কে বেৰয়াক। Ant qu Out of doors— টার ক'ছাব।

Out of fashion - 3 - 3 : [instantic.
Out of hand - 43 - 5 = 5 in the th
Out of harms way - 1 the from
harm, remove i from dan or

Out of joint - figure 17 "ate for" 3 2 27 3 Confused as the time is out of just

Out of keeping-freque (Men a, Not in

harmoney a . Octi nate
Out of kilter ANST Out of regular order
Out of mind 4 4 4 4 5 5 3 1

Out of one s head-"719" Delivi us

Out of one s time—frat Having harched one's apprenticeship—fill as, No leagur a miner.

Out of order-नावकामके विश्व करा।

Out of place—ৰজান'লৰ, অংগানিক দেশ ৰাম্পান্তি নতে Not in preper or usual place Out of pocket—ৰভিন্তৰ, Short of money

sustaining loss of of cith

Out of print- oratio similar, some \
in the market or to be purchased the copic printed having been disposed of

Out of repair—an \$5. In a state of dis repair,—applied to Luilding

Out of sesson—অকাল আসাম্থিক, আংখা-কালাগত Not in the proper season [unwell Out of sorts—অৱ অসত অসত, কল্প Ailing Out of temper—বিষ্ঠা, বাগাৰিক, In bad temper, irritated sullen, pecvish

Out of the frying pan into the fire— একটা বিপত্তি এখানতে গিয়া ত্তনপকা গুরুত্বৰ আব একটাতেপড়া, এক বিপদ্দ হলৈত নক্ত তইয়া আৰ এক বিপদ্দে পতিত হত্তবা, Avoid one evil only to fall into a greater said of going from bad circums-

tances to worse [ | शिकार |
Out of the fullness of the heart - हारा-

Out of the pale of—দীমার বাহিত্তে . Beyond the limits of [ অসম্ভব , Quite impossible Out of the Question—সম্পূৰ্ণজ্ঞ অসম্ভব , সম্পূৰ্ণ Out of the woods—বিশাসমূস , Freed from dangers or difficulties

Out of sight, Out of mind—চকৰ বাছিৰ ছইলে মনেৰ বাছিৰ হৰ, মাধুৰেৰ কুটুম এলে গেলে, দৃষ্টিপথেৰ বাছিৰে অদৃত্য, The persons or the things that we do not et we soon forget frequent meetings and intercourse are essential to the keeping up of friend hip

Out of truth - 3797 F Not properly prepared. Out of tune -3 37 Hush discordant

Out upon you and out upon it—Away with you way with it—I brases expressing dislike or contempt.

Out of uso—অগ্লা চ্ছা Not in employment
Out of way গাণ্ড অপ্ৰাণ অপ্ৰপা বিপদ্ধিত A
way from the line trik — গাণ্ড — Odd,
cccentin —ভাগ্ৰ Aside, npart — অসুবিধা
ভাৰক, In coherent [ giv out the truth
Out with it আগল কথা ৰাব জেল Confess or
Outact, out ikt — গ্ৰাণ সাধাৰ অভিক্ৰম কু,

excel in ireu c Outbalanco, out ' fus " f gara wear >

डा को कल था॰ मा leonen inh, teca endin weetheret et

Outbeg, outlier र शिका अर्थनाम महिन्द्र कृ

Outbad, ১১ ে বিগ ৮ আল পক্কৰিক মূল দিখা ুক্ক কৈ দৰ্গিক হ' Ineffering to ুাং (c supa in the off rotation — কৰ্ম locurges

Outbloom, o it - e t sat afrag.

Outbreak, or brik ল বিশ্ব টলাৰ Eruption, culturet or luisting forth — পে'লমাল বিজ্ঞাত, Di momo of n — Inflosion not, affray, affort pace

Outburst, n he e eige, Gree ferige, A bur ting, in explosion

Outcast, onthast a. পরিচান্ধ নির্মাণিত,
সমাচ্চুত I xiled rejected — দ বির্মাণিত বাজি,
ভবিপন্ন বাজি সমাচ্চুত ব জি, A person
bini hed, an exik one rejected, a degarded
person i vigabond. [quence
Outcome, outkum \*\* কল Issue, conse-

Outcome, owikum, n. कल, Issue, conse-Outcraft, out-kraft, v t. मठठात्र मठिवन ३. To exceed in cunning

Outcrop, owiktop, n পৃথিবীয় উপন্থিতাৰে ছয় বিশ্বদের উপন্থিতি The coming out of a stratum at the earth's surface

Outery, outkri, n हीरकांव, आईनांव, द्वाराश्वक इक्र नक A loud cry of distress or opposition clamour. Syn:—Scream, screech, yell, exclamation, clamour, noise, vociferation, hue and cry.

[ To surpass; to excel.

Outdo, owt-doo', a. t. আতিম্ম-কৃ; উৎকৰ লাভ-কৃ;

Outdoor, outdor, a. বাহিরে, গু-বহিঃ ; প্রধাস
ছাবে, In the open air; being without the house.

Outdoors, owtdors, a. গৃহের গাহিরে; Out of the house; abroad.

Outer, owter, a. বহিঃম্ব; External —opposed to Outermost, owter-most, a. সক্ষেপকা অধিক বহিঃম্ব বা দ্ববতী; সক্ষবহিঃম্ব, Most or furthest out; most distant.

Outfitting, n. मुख्य ; An outfit.

Outflank, owt flangk, v t. এক সেনাদলেব পাৰ্থভাগ অভিপঞ্জীয় সেনাদলেব পাখভাগ কভিত্ম কৰিবা বিস্তৃত-কু, To extend the flank of one army beyond that of another. [bear by frowing,

Outfrown, v. t জনকি বাবা লগান্ত গ , fo over-Out-general, owt-printe-d, ল t : জাবিলাম পেঠ-হ , দৈলাখনতাৰ অভিন্য-ক , lo outdo in peneralship , to gain advant i cove, by superior skul Outgoing, outgoing, ল ব্ৰিল্লন্ , Act of going out - ব্ৰচা , ব্ল , Expenditure; outlay — আন্দীৰা, Externe limit.

Outgrow, out-প্ৰনে', ব গ পৰিতে অভিকৰ-কু; বৃদ্ধি বিবৰে জন্তকে অভিকৰ্ম-কু, To surpass in growth:— বদ্ধ বা বৃদ্ধ ছইবা প্ৰিকাপ-কু, ভাউংহা ৬টা, Grow too great or too old for; to grow out of.

Out-Horod - 3 & fas the q- ; To overact or surplus the crucky of herod.

Out-Herod Herod —সকলের উপৰে বাজ্যা সকলের চেয়ে একক'ট সংবস, সকলকে হাখান; "এ আবাব দালাৰ বাবা" একজণ ভাব, Pas, beyond bounds, surpass all others (in some evil course), be more tyranical than Herod himself

Outhouse, outhows, n. বহিংলালা , বাহির বাটা ,

Outlandish, out-landish, a. বেঃ'লক ; বিদেশীৰ .
Not native, foreign, strange — অসভ্য .
বৰ্তবাচিত ; Rustic, rude, vulgar, clownish.
Syn :—Exotic, alien , barbarous, clowoish.

Outlast, owt last, v. t. शाहित् अध्यम कृ To last longer than.

Outlaw, out law, n. দ্বা; A robber or bandit.
—ৰাশ্বিধিয় আল্লবচান্ত লোৰ; One deprived of the protection of the law:—v. t. থিৰি বহিষ্ঠ ক; আইনেৰ আল্লব হউতে বহিষ্ঠত-সু. To deprive of the benefit of law, to pro-cribe.

Outlawry, outlaw-ri, n. মাণুনত কৰণ; Proccription:—মাংনেৰ আত্ৰম হঠতে বিচাত কৰণ; The act of putting a man out of the protection of the law.

Outlay, outla, n. 418, 448, Expenditure :-

Outlet, outlet, m. निर्शत लंब , Exit , way out . egress, vent :—v. f. निर्शत-कृ , क्रांडिया (मध्यो , To let out; to set free.

Outline, out'lin. n. নকা; ধনতা চিত্ৰ; A sketch; a draft — ৰহিৰেপা, The exterior line; the line which marks the outside of a figure:—n. f. ৰহিৰেপা আছিত-কু; নকা-কু, ধনলা-কু; To draw the exterior line of; to delineate; to sketch. Syn:—(n) Contour; delineation, plan.

Outline of a subject-पून कृत निरंत ।

Outlive, out-hv, v t. অধিকলাল বাচিয়া থাকা . দীৰ্ঘকাল জীবিত পাকা . Live beyond , to survive.

Outlook, out'look, n. প্রের: ; Watch :-- দুল: Prospect '-- দশ্যের হান , স্থিপন হান , The place from which one looks out. Syn -- Watch, sight, view, watch-tower.

Outlying, out'h-ing, a. দ্বংগী, দ্বন্ধ; সীমান্ত, Remote, on the frontier, Leng on the exterior. Oatmarch, v. t. জভগ্ৰনে শ্ভিজ্ন-কু, To march faster than.

Outmost, out'most, Same as outermost Outnumber, out-number, v. t. সংগাতে অধিক-হ, সংখ্যাৰ অভিক্ৰম কু; To exceed in number.

Outport, outport, m. त्रंबदानी दहेरड पृतक तकत , विकार remote from the capital.

Outpost, outpost, n. ছ্বন্ত চৌৰি বা হ'ডি; সেনা দৰেৰ বাহিৰ আছভা, A station or post away from the main body of an army.

Outpour, out-por', v. t जीनरा क्ला, To pour out .- n. जीनरा (मनन, Outpouring.

Output, ন. বিশ্ববিদ্যান সমৰ মধ্যে যে পরিমাণ পরিছত ৰাড় চুলী হউত লক্ষ্ হব, বা যে পরিমাণ স্বদ্ধার বলি হইতে উল্লেখিক হব, The quantity of metal produced by a smelting furnace, or of coal taken from a pit within a certain time.

Outrago, odi'iāj, n [ L. ultragium, from ultra, bevond ] উপায়ব; অত্যাহাৰ, মহানাতিক্ৰম, Open volence, excessive abuse, wa া n abuse or mischiel — v. t. অপান-ভ; অত্যাহাৰ-ভ; To injure by violence, to insult — v. ম আচায়াৰ-ভ, To commit an outrage. Syn—(n) Affront, insult, abuse, injury, offence, indignity.

Outrageous, out-raic-us, a. कांचन ; निवाहन .
जीवन , जीवन , जीविश्वी ; Excessive ; furious , violent ; turbulent ; enormous ; atrocious.
n=outrageousness, ad=outrageously. Syn —
Raging, mid, frantic, wild , exorbitant, excessive, extravagant ; monstrous, scandalous, flagitious.

Outro, 60'trā, a. [F. outror, to exaggerate]
Being out of the common course or limits.

Syn —Extravagant, excessive inordinate,
grotesque, odd, queer.

Jutreach, out-rech, o. i. অভিনয়-কু; চাড়াইয়া বাঙ্গা, To extend beyond; to reach beyond. Outride, out-rid, v. t. অবাবোহণে অপেকাকৃত নীয় ব্যৱস্থান কু, অবাবোহণে অভিনয়-কু, To ride faster than;

त्रमन-कृ, अवाद्याव्य बाउड्डम-कृ, To ride in see than; to pass by riding :-- अववादी विक-कृ; Trample down.

Outrider, out'rid-ir, म. वशाताही वर्ठत ; नक्ड महत्व वर्शाहाही क्डा, A servant on horseback who attends a carriage:— अवाद्यादान भवादेक; One who travels about on horseback.

Outright, out it, ad. जिन्ति ; करवनीर ; मर्ज-इ.ल.; Directly, immediately; at once; completely.

Outrival, out'rivel, r. f. cat- ; Beate Tales-

Outrun, out-run, v. t. জ্বৰণনে অন্তকে অভিজয়কু; সৌড়ে ছাড়াইলা বাওবা; To surpass in running;
to leave behind in running:—ভেট-হ; To exceed.
Outrun the constable—দেনাপান-হ; Get
into debt:—সক্ষতির অভিরিক্ত ব্যব করা, Spend
beyond one's means.

Outset, ourset, n. wise; A beginning. first entrance. Syn:—Commencement, opening, start.

At the outset-erays; At the beginning.

Outshine, outshin, e i. অপেকাচত অধিক দীখি-মান-ছ; প্ৰভা বিৰাশ-ছ; To shine out or forth; to send forth lustre — e t. উজ্জল কওবা বা উৎকাহ অভিক্ৰম-কু; To excel in lustre or excellence.

Outside, out'al, ন. বছিভাগ; বহিৰ্দেশ: The surface; the exterior; the outer side:—a. বহি.শ; বাজ: Exterior: external.

At the outside— three; At the utmost (generally as to number).

Outsider, স বাহিলেৰ লোক, অপর কান্দি, One not belonging to the concern, party &c., spoken of Outskirt, outskert, স. দীমান'; প্রাকৃত্যাল সহবত্তনী; Border; suburb (often used in pl.) Syn:—Outpost, purlivu, er siron, precinct.

Outspoken, cur-cpc'ken a ज्वज , निक्किक्स , Cand d , frank or bold of speech.

Ontspread, out-spred, v f বিস্তাপিত ক: বিস্তৃত-ক; To spread out, 'o pre id over.

Outstand, v i. লগ্যান ঃ ইলা কানেন্দ্ৰ Project outside the main body:—বহুলা পঢ়া, To remain unpaid as dent—v.t. প্রতিবাধ-তা Outstanding, out-sin ding a. জনাবাধী, বহুলা, বাদী পঢ়া; স্পোন্ধঃ, Uncodected, remaining unpaid. [down, browbeat Outstare, v. জনুটা কানা জন সেণান্দ্ৰ, তিল্ল-Outstretch, owt-sinch v.f প্রস্থিত-ক্, ভিল্ল-

ক ; To spread out ; to stretch out , to extend.
Outstrip, out--trip', r. / প্ৰদানে ক্ৰিম'-ম', চান্ক্রা-মা , To outrun ; to leave behind. [fat
Outstrip the wind—আতি ক্ৰম্মান্তম্য নিৰ্বাহনী-ড ,
Surpass Tunon in misanthropy.

Outturn, প. উংপাদিত দানতী বা নাল। [surpass Outvie, out-vi', v. t. অভিজন-কু; To exceed, to Outvote, out'vit', v. t. ভোটের সংশাদ অপ্তকে অভিকন-কু; অধিক ভোট বা নত দাবা প্রাক্তিত-কু; To defeat by a greater number of votes.

He was outvoted—ভণিকাণ লোকেই ভাঁচার শিক্ষে মত প্রকাশ করিণাচিত্রন।

Outward, out'werd, a. বাজ; বহিংস্থ; External, exterior. Syn:—Outer, extrinsic, entraneous, adventitious.

Outward, Outwards, ad. विशिक्तकः, विश्विष्ठि-मूलः, Towards the exterior:—देवत्निक वन्नवाहिन्। To a foreign post. Outward-bound, c. বহিরাভিন্থে বা বৈদেশিক বন্দরাভিন্থে গমনোণ্ড; Bound in an outward direction or to a foreign port. [ nally. Outwardly, out'ward'li, ad. বাঞ্ডাবে; Exter-

Outweigh, out-war, v. t. ওজনে অধিক-ছ; ভাবে অভিক্ৰম-ক; To exceed in weight or influence.

Outwit, out-wit', v. t. কৌশল বা চত্রতা হারা অভিক্রম-ক; এডাবণা-ক; ঠকান; To defeat by superior ingenuity; overreach; cheat.

Outwork, outwurk, n. ছবের বহিতাগ; বহিংছ ছব ; Detatched fortification.

Oval, U'val, a. [ L. ovum, an egg ] ভিৰাকার; অংকৃতি; Egg-shaped:—n. অংক্তার; বুডাভান; Egg-shaped figure; an ellipse.

Ovariotomy, n. [Fi. oraries, the ovary, and Gr. tome, cutting] প্ৰধাৰত ক্ৰাব্যক্ত্ৰ; The excision of a tumour from the ovary.

Ovarious, 8-vari-us, a. क्रिप्राणिहे, क्रियम, Consisting of eggs

Ovary, ए'vat-1, n शिक्षकां ; वीडरकां , अर्डाण्य , Organs centaining the female ovat a = ovartum. Ovate, ए'vat, Ovated, ए'vat-ed, a स्थि। 15; डियाकां , Egg shaped.

Ovation, 5-vishun. n [L. ovo, ova'um, to shout, exult] strigth, '45 trigth, An expression of popular appliance, inferior military triumph.

Over, ত'ver, গুলু ক্লিটা চুন্ন', তুলুর , Furn mes Over, ত'ver, গুলুণ ক্লিটা চুন্ন', তুলুর , Furn mes Over, ত'ver, গুলুণ ক্লিটা, Alove; upon — আনুষ্ঠান', আনুষ্পান্ত, Across , athwart — মাধা; Through, throughout —ad ইপান ; আনুষ্ঠান হারে , আনুষ্ঠান ; Across , above — সম্পূর্কান ; Completely:—আনুষ্ক , আনুষ্ঠান ক্লিটা নিজ লোকা; to excess :— এক ক্লিটাৰ ক্লিটা কলিক ; From side to side :—ক্লোকান , এক ক্লেটা কলিক ; দিকা ; From one country to another —আনিক ক্লিটাৰ, ক্লিটাৰ; কাটিড , আনুষ্ঠান ক্লিটাৰ; কাটিড , Upper, beyond, past. Syn:—(গুলু) Mere than upwards of All is over with one—সম্পূৰ্বা হ্ৰম্বা ; সক্লোজ-

ট ; মরা , One is done for ( ruined or dead ) Over and above—এফাঠারক , সংযায় , Beside ,

in addition to.

Over and again—wis as sta, Once more.

Over and over, Over and over again—পুন: পুন: , উপথাপতি , Repeatedly.

Over and over again—পুৰংপুৰ: ; Repeatedly. Over gain—পুৰুষ্ণ ; Once again.

Overact, ত-vei-akt, ৩. ১ কাৰ্য্যে অভিক্ৰ-কু, To act to excess:—৩. i. অভিৱিক ভাবে অভিন্য-কু; প্রধাননাতি,বিক কার্য-কু; To act more than is necessary.

Overalls, ত'ver-awle, n. এক প্রকার ছিলা পাজানা; A kind of loose trousers worn over all the other dress.

Overarch, ত. t. পিলান-ক ; বিলানের ছার উপথে বিনাধিত-হ ; To cover with an arch, to hang over like an arch.

Ovorawe, ত-ver-aw', v. t. ভ্যায়গৰি-কু; Keep in awe —জীতি ধারা অভিত্ত-কু; To restrait by fear. Syn:—Intimidate daunt, afftight, cow. Overbalance, উ'ver-balans, v. t. ওক্ত্ৰ কেই-ক, অভিবিক্ত কারী ইকলা; To preponderate; to weigh down.
Overbear, over-bar, v. s. উৎপীড়ন-কৃ; দমন-কৃ;

Overbear, över-bar, ৩. f. উৎপাট্ন-কু; সমন-কু; প্রাভ্ত-কু; To bear down by power, severity or pride; to repress; to oppress.

Overbearing, over-baring, a. श्रीकंड , बहड़ड ;

Overboard, o'ver-bord, জাহাল হইতে; ভাহাজের উপৰ হইতে; Out of a ship; from on board. Overburden, over-bur'dn, v. t. অভিনিক্ত বোৰাই-

কু ; অভিনিক্ত বোকা চাপান , To load to excess. Overbridge, n. নোহবর্দ্ধের ষ্টেশনে উভন্ন পার্বস্থ মঞ্চ সংযোগনার্থ নিমিড উদ্ধ সেডু , খানের সাঁকো।

Overoset, 5-ver-kast', v. t. বেবাছের-রু, তবদার্ত-কু; To cloud, to darken — কোড় বেবছা. To sew over slightly .—a. বেবাছের। Syn.—(a) Clouded, darkened, obscured, gloomy.

Ovorcharge, ö-ver-charg, v t অধিক দাস লগা।
To charge too much — অভিনিক্ত ভান চাপান।
To load with too heavy a charge .—n. অধিক
কব, অধিক মুলা; An excessive charge —
স্কৃতিবিক্ত ভাব . An excessive load. Syn —(v)
Burlen, enpress, surcharge, overload, surfeit, cloy, existerate, overstate.

Overcland, over kloud', ए. t. (सवाज्य-कृ , Te overclat, to cover with clouds.

Overcoat, över-kit, n. উপৰকাৰ কোট (জামা), A cost worn over all the other clothing.

Overcoloured, a শতিবলিত।

Overcome, ö-ver kum, ए १. कह-कू; नविक्षित्र-कू. To conquer, to subduc — ए १. तिकती-क्, Io be victorious. Syn.—Overpower, overthrow, defeat, vanquish, crush, best, surmount, rise above, preval, conquer, gain the victory.

Overdo, তংল doo', ত t জনাৰিক-কৃ, To do overmuch গ্ৰন্থ-কৃ, To latigue — হয়নাণ-কৃ বিশ্বস্ক-কৃ, To harass :—অতিধিক প'ৰ কৃ, To cook too much

Overdose, উদ্বৈশ্বেতি, দ. উববেৰ অণিরিক্ত পরিমাণ বা মাপ , An excessive dose .—৩. চ. আহিনিক্ত পরিমাণ উবৰ দেবন করাৰ , অভিনিক্ত নাত্রার ( উবৰ ) প্রহান-কু , To dose overmuch.

Ovordraw, ever-draw', v. t. জমার অধিক টাকা লওবা, জমার অন্তিরিক্ত শ্রুত কু; To draw too much, to draw beyond one's credit — অতু জি-কু, অতি বর্ণন-কু, To exaggerate, to paint too highly.

Ovordue, over-dd', a. পরিশোধ-সময়াতীত, Past the time of payment.

Overestimate, över-estim-at, p. s. অধিক আচ বরা, অভিবিক্ত অসমান-ক; To estimate too highly —n. অভিনিক্ত অসমান, অভিশয়িত আচ, An excessive estimate

Overflow, ত-ver flo, v. t. মাৰিড-ড়; বক্সাক্রান্ত-ড়; To flood, deluge:—জন-ড়; To overwhelm: v ঃ উথ্যিবা গড়া; ছাগিয়া উঠা. To run over:— অধিক-ছ; To abound:—ম. জনমাৰৰ, An inundation:—আধিক্য, Super-abundance. Syn:— (v) Overrun, spread over, inundate.

Overflowing, över-flo'ing, a. আচুর; Abundant:—n. আচুর্বা; বাহলা; Abundance; copiousness.

[ আর ব্যর বা; Fitted to excess.

Filled to overflowing—উপ্তে ক্র কর্

Overgrow, över-gro', s. t. তুৰ্বাদি বারা আফাদিত-ক ; To cover with growth or herbage :--ছাপাইরা টা , To rise above :-- s. ঃ. অভি বন্ধিত-ছ ; To grow beyond the natural size.

Overhang, over-hang', v. t. বুলিয়া থাকা; উলাভ হইয়া ঝোলা; To project over; to impend: v. i. লখমান-হ, বাধিত s, To hang over.

Overhaul, över-hawl, v. f. উপত্তে টানিয়া আনা;
To draw over:—পরীকার জন্ত উণ্টান বা কিয়ান
বুবান; To turn for examination:—পরীকা-কু;
To examine:—জত্তবাবান অভিক্য-কু; To overtake
in a chase:—n. পরীকা, Examination:—জীপসংকার; Repair. [Aloft; above. in the zenith.
Overhead, över-hcd, ad. মন্তব্যপার, উর্জ্ব; উপত্তে;
Overhear, över-hcr, v. f. হৃণা; গুনিহা কো;
বৈষক্রমে অবন-কু; To hear by accident, to hear
privately or by chance what was not meant to
be heard.

Overjoy, Ever-joy', v. t. উল্লাসিড-কৃ; অতিরিক্ত আফ্লাগিড-কৃ; To transport with gladness, to make excessively joyful:—n. অতিরিক্ত আনন্দ; অক্যানাস; Joy to excess; transport.

Overlabour, över-låbur, o. t. অভ্যন্ত ক্রমে সম্পন্ন-কৃ. আংথিক অন বারা ব্যবাদ-কৃ; To labour to excess, to harass with toil.

Overland, a. बाह्य इन मिना हिन्साइ, Passing entirely or principally by land, as a route.
Overlap, v. t. উপৰে চালিয়া পথা, উপরে জড়ান, To lap over.

Overlay, n t. or n. ৷ বিজ্ঞ হট্টা নিন্দিষ্ট দীমার উপর প্রেম্থ হার, বিজ্ঞ-কু; To extend so as to lie or rest upon, to spread over.

Overlay, över-id, v.t. উপৰে ছাপন-কু; উপৰে বিক্তৰ-কু, Lay something or too much upon — মেঘাজন কু, To cloud:—চাপিয়ে মাবা, To smother. Overloap, över-lip, v. t. লাফাট্যা পান কু, To ic up over. [মিলিড কু, To mix too much with. Overloaven, över-levn, ম.t. আহিবক্ত পৰিমাণ Overla, över-il, v.t. উপৰে ক'বা, লাহান-ভু, To he over or upon. [outlive, to survive. Overlive, över-liv, & t. আমক নিন বাঁচা, To Overload, över-löd', v t আমক নিন বাঁচা, To overload, över-löd', v t আমক নিন বাঁচা, স্ক্তি-ল্য ভ'বলোপ্ত-কু; To load or fill over much.

Overlook, ö-ver-look, v. t. উচ্চ হান ইইতে দেশ ,
ভপর হইতে দশনকু, To command a view of :—
প্রাকেশ-কু, পরিদশন-কু, To inspect; to look
into :—দেখিয়া না দেখা , উপেকা-কু, To pass by;
to de-regard —ক্ষা-কু, মার্জনা-কু; To pardon,
excuse; forgive. Syn —Supervise, survey,
superintend, disregard, neglect, miss.

Overmatch, över-mach, v. f. আৰু-কু; পৰাজ্জ-কু; To be more than a match for; to conquer:— আ্তিবিক্ত বল্পালী-হু, To be too powerful for —— দ. প্ৰাত্ৰণন সোক; One who is more than a match. Overmuch, över-much, a. and ad. প্ৰ্যান্তাতিন্তিক; More than sufficient.

Overnice, över-niś, ৫. অভিশন্ন ক্ষমণী; ছআসায়; Excensively nice; fastidious. [To pass over. Overpass, över-pāś, v. t. অভিক্রম-কু; অগ্রাফ্-কু, Overpay, over-pā, v. t. পাওনা অপেকা বেন্দ্র-কে, অভিবিক্ত-দে, To pay too much, to pay more than is due. Overpower, 5-ver-power, ৩. ৫. স্বভাতে অভিন্য-ই , ব্যান্ত - কু , To subdue , to vanguish. Syn .— Overbear, overcome, overwhelm, overthrow, conquer, crush.

Overplus, ö'vèr-plus, n ফাছিল, Surplus.
Overrate, över-rat', v.t অভিনিক মূল্য নিৰ্পণ-কু, অন্তত্ত্ব দান প্ৰদান কু, To rate at too much.
Overreach, ত-ver-rech, v t প্ৰভাৱিত-কু, ঠকান,
To cheat —সীমা অভিন্ন কৰিয়া থাবো, To reach beyond. Syn —Outwit, circum ent, defriud
Override, v.t অভিবিক্ত চড়িবা মাও কু, অগাংশেশ বহুনু গমন-কু, To ride beyond the strength of the horse, to ride too far —প্ৰদ্যিত কু, ব ভিল ক্ষিয়া বেভৱা, To trample down, and hence to set aside, to annul.

Override one's commission or powerপৰিতভাবে ক্ষতা প্ৰবাগ কৃ, To go beyond one's
power or authority, to use much arrogantly
Overrule, ō ver rool, v. t বাতিদ্-কৃ, জ্বাফ্ কৃ,
প্ৰজ্যাধা-কৃ, To supersede, to make void, to
reject — অহুপানন কৃ, কত্ত-কৃ, পানন-কৃ, To control by superior authority Syn —Alter,
annul, revokt, rescind, govern, sway, control,
influence, direct

Overruing, a मांगनकारी, निरंशक Excercising superior strength or power governing Overruin, उर्जन्मा, ए र दर्शन्त उत्र, व दिश्य वाद्य, To run or spread over, to grow all over — मांगन, शीयन-क ल्लान-क, राठ outcome by an invation, subdue, oppress — मांग्रन क, To invade — ए । क्षिक इ, न्यूड इ, To become excessive or superabundant, to oppread over, over flow

Oversee, Över-st, v া পরিগণিন-তৃ, তত্ত্বধান-কৃ ভবারক কু, To superintend —পাট কু, ি) persue Overseer, över- e'টা, n. পরিগণিক, ভবাংধারক, A superintendent

Overset, över-১৫, v. t. উট ইবা কেলা, বিপ্র ক্রকু, বিশ্বত-কু, To turn over, to upset, to over
throw — v ঃ উভাইবা-বা, To be turned over.
Overshade, över-shad', v. t. ছায়াৰুত কু, To
cover with a shade.

Overshadow, över-shado, o t বৃদ্ধ ক , To shelter, to protect — আবর দে . To cover w th superior influence — ছায়াত্ত-ক , To throw a

shadow over.

Overshoot, över shoot, o t লকা অভিনয় ক লকা হাড়াৰ, To shoot beyond the taruct — অভান্ত নাচৰ-কু, To venture too far — দুড় ব্ৰে অভিনয়ৰ নিচৰ-কু, To pass swiftly over — ত ব লকা ছাড়াইতাৰ কমা, To fly beyond the mark

Oversight, o'ver-sit, n. তর্বিধান, প্রবেশণ, Superintendence — তুল, ক্রন, Mistake, an overlooking ommision. Syn — Supervis on, inspection, direction, management, charge, surveillance, inadvertence, inattention, neglect error, omission, miss.

Oversloop, v t. নিদিপ্ত কালের অধিক নিজা যা,
বুনাহবা মাত্রধন-কু, To sleep beyond or by.
Overspread, over-spread a there wereless

Overspread, over-spread over, e ভপত্ন আগানিত বা নিকিল ; , fo spread over, to scatter over. —ত ১. উপত্নে নিমুক্ত ব্, fo be spread over. Overatate, över-stat', ৮. ঃ. অসুজি-কু; অভি-রলিত-কু, বাড়াইলা বলা; To exaggerate, n= overstatement (অভিবাদ);

Overstay, ত নিজপিত কালের অধিক দিন থাকা, সময় অতিক্রম কবিলা থাকা, To stay longer than or beyond the limits of

Overstep, উপনে-step', ত ঃ অতিব্যুক্ত, শব্দ-কৃত্ত To step beyond to exceed

Overstock, över-stok, v t. অভি পূৰ্ব-কু, অভিদ্নিক মানাৰ পূৰ্ব কু, To fill too much, to stock to excess

Overstrain, উপল strah, ৩ ৫ অতি বিস্তৃত করা, অতিনিক প্রস্থিত-৮, দেৱা কু, To strain to excess, to make too violent effort.

Overt, övert, a. প্রকাশিত, শাষ্ট্র, প্রভীয়মান, প্রকাপ্ত Open to view, public, apparent, manifest patent

Overtake, över tik, চ ৫ দৌদিলা বা ৰাইলা ধৰা . নাগাৰ ধৰা , To come up with , to come upon , to catch

Overtask, fiver task e f স্থিক ভাব দে, অভিনিজ্ঞ ভাকতৰ কাৰ্ভোৱ অৰ্পন কু, lo import too heavy a task on [কু lo tax too heavy a task on [কু lo tax too heavy y overtax, over tak, e f a de ক ক্ষেত্ৰাকাৰ তি overthrow, ত've 'hio v' পৰাতি কু, পৰাতি কুকু আলা কু, lo defent utterly to ruin নীতি নিক্ষা কু, lo defent utterly to ruin নীতে নিক্ষা কু, lo defent utterly to ruin নীতে নিক্ষা কু lo throw over to turn up in down to unche — n নিক্ষা কীয়া বিশ্বক সময় আছিল কুলা Time employed in overwork প্ৰাত্ত প্ৰাত্ত ক্ষা নি left ruin - কিপ্ৰায় , The state of bring overthrown — ad ৰাজ্য নিক্ষা সময় মাত্ৰ কিপ্ৰায় (Nerturn, ups t profit it d mobilit, destroy, or recome discount profit in out tuction, demoling, discount time act uction, demoling, discountered

Overtime, ত'r in, n জতিবিক্ষ সমৰ।

Overtop, Turt of the state of t

Overtrade, Over trad, र र मुक्ष्यरमञ्जलकिक वानिक कृ, I strid beyond cupital.

Overture, Uvert it n প্ৰজা প্ৰাৰ, I irst proposal, omething oftend in consideration—

# প্ৰজা হল ৰড় কি lay an overture or proposal before Syn—(n) Proposal, offer, invitation, resolution, musical, prelude, orchestral introduction.

Overturn, Tver turh, v t উটাইয়া কে, বিশ্বজিত-কু, Iuin upside down, subvert —নাৰ-কু, বিৰয় কু, To overthrow, ruin Syn —Overset, subvert ruin destroy.

Overvalue, ö ver-valu, क. । विशिष्ठ वृता विक्रणन-

Overweening, över-we ung, a गांडिक, गर्बिड, व्याहिकानी, Conceited, vans.

Overweigh, Overwi', v t erra 明语李平孝.

To exceed in weight Syn -- Preponderate,
overbalance, outbalance, outweigh

Overweight, o'ver-wat', n. wolfing with.
Weight beyond what is required by law or custom

Overwhelm, ठ-ver-hwelm, ए. ई. क्वांत्रवा (कर्ता ; Crush with some thing that covers or embrace the whole:--জলে মগ্ন কু, জাগে নিমফ্লিড-কু; To submerge ; to immerse :-- অভিত্ চ-ক ; আছার-ক ; To overcome, to overpower, to subdue. Syn :--Overflow, drown; overthrow, overcome, subdue.

Overwhelmed with anxieties—ি ৰাভিত্ত। Overwhelmed with sorrow—भावाडिकृत। Overwhelming, a. आंड धरन ; विश्वनकाती ; व्यविवाधा ; Overpowering or crushing with weight or numbers.

Overwise, 5'ver-wif, a. जानांडिमानी ; वांड दृष्टि ; Wise over much or to affectation, too wise. ad=overwisely.

Overwork, o'ver-wuik, v. t. माश्राकीड अन-कृ; अवक कर्ष कत्रीन, ज्ञांच-कृ; To work beyond strength; to tue:-n. অভিবিক্ত পৰিশ্ৰম. Evcessive labour.

Overworn, over-worn, a. Af; 318, Worn out ; subdued by trial .- बाबहात वाता नहे : कीर्न ; of , Spoiled by use.

Overwrought, Grei-raut, a. পৰিপ্ৰান্ত ; অতিবিক্ত শ্রম্পাধিত, Laboured to excess, worked all over-Oviforous, 5-vii'e -u a .1. orum, e.g., and fere, to be w stettates, first? . har bearing Oviform, Tvi-form, a. 1551417, Having the form of an egg.

Oviparous, betip'a-tus, a. [ L. onem, egg, and fart, to bring forth ] 40+; ferat. Bringing forth eggs.

Ovoid, ovoidal, a fiviale, Feg-shaped. Ovum, n. 154, 3114 5'5; An egg p'=ova. Owe. U. n. t. an eral, with, arti-#; I'o be bound to pay, to be under obligation, to be obliged for Syn .- He indebted to, be due, be obliged to, ascribe to, be imputed to,

Owe a grudgo-signal ale faces al cas ele काका, To cherish ill will, spite or enmity , to [ tertain a mean hatred bear malice.

Owe one a spite-কিছেৰ ভাৰ পোৰণ-ক : To en-Owe to-काशंबद निक्छ कान निरुद्ध मन्न वर्त इत्या , He under obligation to one for something :-कि कि कि कि वाका वाका : Be bound to pay or to perform.

Owing, Sing, a. (मर ; Due - - वारवाननीत ; कारवाना . কারণকাপ নির্দেশ্ত ; Ascrible to , imputable

Owing to - उ!राज कावन এहे . (र्ष्ट् : क्ष : Caused by : on account of.

Own, un, v. f. नथल-क , अधिकांत-क ; To possess :

-ৰী কাব-ক ; To acknowledge ; to grant :a. बरिकात कृत ; श्रीय ; यकीय ; वित्नय ; Belonging to prculiar. Syn :- Have ; recognize, confess, avow, admit.

Have one's own way, Fave it all one's OWn way-निटिश मछत्रव माधिक हता : (वज्रान हेन्स) করিটে পাবা; Act as one wishes ( there being no one to oppose ); be absolute.

Own to -. कान किছू जीकात-कृ ; Acknowledge ; confess as being affected by.

Owner, oher, n. याति ; यदाविकारी : अविकारी : মালিক; One who owns. n=ownership ( বস্তু; বামিত ; অধিকার )। Syn :- Proprietor, possessor, holder

Owl. ( আটল ), দ. পেচক ; পেঁচা ; A night bird. Owlet, owlet, n. 東京 (中日本; A httle owl.

Owlish, owlish, a. পেচকের সার; পেচক ভুলা Like an owl, resembling an owl.

Ox, oks, n. बीछ, वनीवध ; दुव ; Bullock ; neat cattle p'=oxen, fem=cow.

Oxalic, a मार्ग नामक छेडिए मचकीय वो छाहा इडेरड गाड : Pertroning to, or obtained from, sarrel. Oxalis, n Gr. oxys, acid ] উত্তিপ বিশেষ ; A

genus of plant. [ nieadows. Oxoyo, n. wisy fare; A common plant in Ox-eyed, oksid, a. 31817; Having large eyes

like the ox. the skin of oven. Oxfly, n. कुल भड़क विरमेद , A fly batchet under Oxidation, Oxidisement, n অক্সিড পরিবত

করণ বা ভংগবিদা; The operation or process of oxidising.

Oxide, okid, n. বাদাবনিক পদার্থ বিশেষ : A compound of oxygen without the properties of acid, as the rust of iron f being oxidised. Oxidisable, a. अन्तिः अविनामीय . Capable of Oxidiso, oksid-iz, v. t. Affice পরিপত-ক ; To convict into an oxide :- v. i. व इ अत्।, To become an oxide n=oxidiser. [ tary gas. Oxygen, oksi-jen, n अक्रान राजा; An elemen-

Oxygenate, okin-en-at, v. f. wasites nes विश्व उ-क ; To unite or cause to unite with oxygen. n = oxygenation. (vinegar and honey. Oxynel, n. মধু ও বিকাৰ মিল্ল : A mixture of Oxytone, a. कहलाजिङ, Having an acute sound. Oyez, Oyes, o'yes, int eq eq ; Hear ye.

Oyster, oister, n. एकि: विनुक; अपूक विस्तव: क्षति . A well-known bivaive shellfish.

Ozaena, त. नातिकांच चा. A fetid ulcer in the nose. Ozone, उ'रहत, म. वनीकृड अप्रकान ; Oxygen in an active or highly electro-negative state.

P-देश्वांकि वर्गवानाव बहेबन कवन ; The 16th letter of | Pace, pas, n. [ L. pando, passus, to stretch. ] the English alphabet. [ Pertaining to food. Pabular, pabu-lar, a. जाश्रतमक्कीय, बामाम-कांच, Pabulum, pabū-lum, n. বাদারবা : ভোজাবন ; Food ; provender :- बानावि कांड ; Fuel. Paca, म. मृदिस (दिन्द ; A small rodent mammal.

नगरकन ; गाँउ, A step ; a stride :--काड़ा वा छिन कृष्टे, 2g or 3 feet :- शिंड; Gait :-চলন বেগ; क्र-डगम्पतन পরিমাণ; Degree of speed: -- (पाछात्र करूप . Two legs of a horse lifted upon the same side: - v. t. मान-इ; नम्हाकन पाता পরিমাণ-কৃ; To measure by steps:—প্রচালনা শিক্ষা-কৃ; বভি নিরমিড-কৃ; To regutate the motion of:—v. i. আছে আছে চলা; কদমে চলা; To walk slowly; to amble. n=pacer. [Slowly. At a snail's pace—ধীরে ধীবে; মন্ত্রপতিতে; Keep or hold pace with—পিছু পড়িয়া লা খাকা; Keep up with; move as fast as.

Thorough paced, a. Complete in all respects; going all lengths.

Pacer, n. 47; An easy-paced horse.

Pacha, Pasha, pash-å, n. फुर्करानीय बांबर्शास्त्रिय ; फुरवरतनीय भागनकर्ता ; A Turkish viceroy.

Pachalic, pashalic, #. পাপার ক্ষিকার; Province of a Pacha.

Pachyderm, Pachydermata, n. যুল চৰ্ম-বিশিষ্ট চতুশাৰ বস্তু : যুবচৰ্মী : Thick skinned fourfooted beast. a=pachydermatous.

Pacific, pa-sil'ik, a. [L. paz, pacis, peace, and facere, to make ] পাত . প্রশাস্ত ; বিষপাস্ত ; Appeasing; mild; tranquil; peaceful:—n. প্রশাস্ত মহাসাগর; The occan between Asia and America. ad—pacifically. Syn:—(a) Peacemaking, gentle, conciliatory; calm, quiet.

Pacification, pa-if-i-ka'shun, n. লাভি-সংস্থাপন; সন্ধি স্থাপন; The act of making peace between parties at variance.

Pacificator, pa-sifi-kā-tor, Pacifier, pati-fier, n. পাতিহাপত; Peace-maker. expacificatory Pacificatory, s. পাতিকয়; Tending to make peace.

Pacify, pase-fi, v. t. [L. pax, pacis, peace, and facia, to make ] শাখ-কু; সাজ্যা-কু; To appease; to soothe; to tranquilise. Syn —Conciliate, calm, still, quiet, allay, compose.

Paok, pak, n. গাঁচট ; গাঁটটি ; গাঁট ; Large bundle ; bale :—বোৰা ; A burden :—কুকুৰ দল, Set of hounds for hunting :—এক জোড়া ভাল, Set of playing cards :—বহুনগো ; Any great number :—v. f. মোট বাণা, To bind and press together as for carriage :—কুকুৰ্ম কৰিবাৰ ক্ষম্ম বাজি মনোনীত-কু ; কুকুৰ্ম গাণনাৰ্থ নিৰ্কাচন-কু ; To select persons for a bad purpose :—v. s. গাঁটগোলাই; To form into packs :—ফুড প্ৰছান-কু, To depart in haste. n=packer. Syn:—(n) Packet, pacel, budget, package; load ; collection, assemblage, assortment, gang, crew, set, lot, squad.

Package, pakaj, n. গাঁটৰি; গাঁইট ; গাঁট ; A bundle or bale:—নোট বান্ধিবাৰ ভাড়া; গাঁটবলী করার মূল্য ; A charge for packing goods; charge made for packing. [goods.

Packer, n. বে গাঁট বা মোট বাবে; One who packs Packet, paket, n. ছোট নোট; ছোট গাঁটিরি; ভাড়া; A small package:—ভাবের জাহাজ; Mail of letters; a despatch vessel:—জাহাজ বিশেষ; A vessel plying regularly between two ports: v. i. ভাড়াবন্দী-ভূ; To make up into a parcel.

Packet boat, Packet ship—ভাকের বা বাঝীগণের জাহাল; Vessel for carrying letters and passengers at stated times.

Pack-horse, pakhors, n. ভারবাহী অব ; বোধা-বাহৰ অব : হালার বোড়া ; A horse for carrying baggage. Packing, n. গাঁটবাৰী কলা বা কৰিবাৰ উপকৰণ, The act of putting in packs; material for packing.

Packing-sheet, n. ববাদি মুড়িবাৰ বোটা কাপড়;

A large coarse cloth for packing.

Packman, pakman, ন. কেরিবরালা ; গাঁটবী-বাহক ; Pedler ; one who carries a pack.

Pack-saddle, pak-sadi, n. পালান; Saddle for burdens. [Thread used in packing. Packthread, pakthred, n. বোধা বাছিবাছ বড়ি; Pact, pakt, n. চুক্তি; নিয়ন; A contract.

Paction, pakshun, n. চুকি; সমি; A contract; an agreement. Syn:—Bargain, covenant, league, bond, alliance, compact.

Pad, pad, n. নরম জিন; কোমল পাঁদ; A soft saddle; cushion:—কদমে চলননীল আৰ; Easy-paced horse:—পদমুল; বস্তা; Robber going on foot:—কোমল উপাদান নিপ্তিত লেখনসংগ্ৰ আধান বিশেষ; A package of some soft material for writing upon:—v. t. জুলা খাবা ভবা; Stuff; to furnish with anything soft:—পদান-কৃ; To trample:—v. i. ভাৰাইভি-কৃ; To rob on foot.

Padding, n. কোমল বলি নিন্ধাণ বা তাহার অণানী. The act or process of making a pad.

Paddle, padl, v. ৷ কলকীড়া কু: শৰ্ল-কু; To beat water with the feet; to play in water, to finger:—v. t. কেশনি সঞ্চালনে অৱসৱ-কু, মাড় বাহিয়া ঘাওয়া, To move with an oar, to propel with paddle:—n. দাড়; নৌকাদত, A broad-ended oar; the blade of an oar.

Paddle your own cance—নিজের চরকায় কেন্ দেওয়া, Mind your business.

Paddle-wheel, padl-hwel, n. (পাতচাৰ\* দক, A water wheel used in propelling steam-vessels.

Paddock, paduk, n. ভেক; সেঙ্. A large ton l or frog:—কুন্ত বেটিড হান; কুন্ত শশুটারণ কেন্দ্র, A small enclosure under pasture.

Paddock-stool, paduk-stööl, n. বেছের হাতা, ছত্তক; Mushroom; a toad-stool.

Padlock, padlok, n. ডালা, ৰূবুণ; Lock with a link to pass through a staple or eye:—v t. কুবুণ-দে; ডালা দিয়া বন্ধ-কু; To lasten with a pad-lock.

Paddy, padi, n. sty; Rice in the husk.

Pasan, pe'an, n. জন্মবাৰ ; বিজ্ঞান্তাৰ প্ৰীড ; A song of triumph.

Pagan, pa'gan, n. [ L. paganus, a countryman ] পৌত্তিক, A heathen:—a. পৌত্তিক, Heathen. Syn:—Gentile, idolater.

Paganise, pagan-iz, v. t. পৌত্তলিৰ-কু; To convert to paganism, to render heathen.

Paganish, a. পৌত্তনিক্সবন্ধীয় ; Heathenish. Paganism, págan-izm, ». গৌত্তনিক্তা ;

Paganism, págan-izm, ». পৌৰণিকতা; Heathenism.

Page, pāj, n. বালক-ভ্ডা; বালভ্ডা; A boyservant in livery :—প্চা; পঅ-প্টা; A leaf of a book; one side of a book:—pl. লিখিড বিষয়; Writings:—v. t. প্ৰাছ-মৃ; প্ৰাছ-দে; To number the pages of.

Pageant, pajant, ল. এবৰ্ণনী; বৰাবোহ; বৃত্ত;
Public show or procession; showy exhibition;
a grand show:—a. বাহাড়ব্য আয়; আড়ব্যপূৰ্ণ;
ভাৰাব; Showy; pompous,

Pageantry, pajan-tri, n. वाश्वाद्व ; क्षांवक्षमक्षांनी TW; Ostentatious show; pompous exhibition [indicate the number of pages. or spectacle. Pagination, u. walk; The figures used to Pagoda, pa-go'da, n. (प्रमामित्र: (प्रमृद्धि; East Indian or Chinese temple; an idol.

Paid, pad, pa. t. and pa. p. of pay.

Paidentice, n. [Gr. paideno, to teach] अशांशन!-विकान : The science or theory.

Pail, pal, n. कन्याज ; दुक्ष्यां ; त्वंट ; त्यांश्वडां ; Wooden or tin vessels for water, milk-pail.

Pain, pan, n. [ L. poena, punishment ] (Awai ; লৈকিক ব্রণা ; Ache ; bodily distress : - মন:কট ; भागिक कहे ; Anguish :- नव ; Penalty :- pl. धानव-विकता ; Labour ; the threes of child-birth : -v. t. बहे-ता ; क्रम-ता : वांडमा-ता : वांधड-कू ; To distress t to torment to grieve. Syn: -(n)Pang trouble, distress, agony, torture, torment; grief, affliction, sorrow, anxiety, care, bitterness. (v) Torture, rack, agonize, hurt, wound, disquiet, trouble, grieve, aggneve.

On pain of or under the pain of well इहान के वह : The penalty of disobedience being. Be at the pains, Take pains-कृष्ट वा एड শীকার করিয়া কোন কর্ম করা; Undergo labour, take trouble.

Painful, philodi, a. क्ट्रेनारक ; क्ट्रेक्ब ; यश्रभाव ; कष्टमध्याः Distressing; difficult. ad=painfully, n=painfulness. Syn: -Tormenting, torturng, excruciating, afflictive, troublesome, disgnevous; laborious, toilsome, tressing; arduous.

Painless, panles, a. কটুৰুড়; কেপন্ত: Without pain; free from pain. n=painlessly, n= painlessness.

Pains-takor, pānitāk-ir, n. অম্পীন বাঙি, পবিভাগী; One who takes pains or care; a labourious person. Pains-taking, pānžtak-ing, a. 对京五朝, 本传-তংপৰ; কপ্তমই; Laborious, diligent:-n. পৰি-অম ; অধ্যবসার , অম ; Labour ; diligent.

Paint, pant, v. f. 35-4; 185-4; 1663-4; To represent by drawing with colours; to colour —বৰ্ণনা-কু; To describe: —খ. ঃ. চিত্ৰকাধা-কু; চিত্ৰ-ই ; To practice painting :-মুধে বুং নেওয়া : মুখ द्रशिष्ठ-कृ ; To lay colours on the face ; to colour the face:-n. 46; A colouring substance. Syn :- (v) Picture, depict, portray, delineate. represent, figure, sketch.

Painter, panter, n. foses; One skilled in paitting: - निविष्य क्षेत्र, A rope used to fasten from handling lead poisons.

Painter's colic, n. facted an caval; Disease Painting, panting, n. foofagil; foo; Art of delineating colours; picture : -- 447; Vivid description in words.

Pair, par, n. लोड़ां ; यूनन , वृक्ष , Couple ; brace ; two things similar, suitable to each other :-मन्ति, A man and his wife: - v. 1. युक-कृ; बुभविभनन-कृ: To join in couples, unite in couples :-- v. i. तुक-इ : यूगनकार मिनिज-इ . To be joined in couples.

To go off in a pair or pairs :-- दिश्यीक मकावनरीय দহিত এরপ নিরম্বদ্ধ ছওরা বে, উভরের কেইই খ খ ৰত প্ৰকাশ কৰিবে না; To make an arrangement with one of an opposite opinion by which the votes of both are withheld. [ birds couple. Pairing time, n. পকাদিবের স্বস্কাল; Time when Palace, palas, n. বাজপ্রানাদ; রাজবাটা; A royal house :--বিশবের কাব্যবাস ; A bishop's official residence :- অটালিকা; আসাৰ : A house eminently splendid.

Paladin, pala-din, n. fante cutel: fefanit नीत ; A distinguished champion ; an eminent person; a knight-errant,

Palacology, n. अप्रेड मक्कीय अवक वा अब ; श्रा-कालीन विववन ; A discourse or treatise on antiquities; archaeology, n= palaeologist.

Palacontology, n. कृष्टालंब आहीन उप: The science of the ancient life of the earth, or of its fossil remains : - मृद्धिका निमन्न नामार्थ निमा : Science of lossils, a=palaeontological, n=palaeontologist.

Palanquin, Palankeen, pal-an-ken, n. 41/4; मत्रशान ; A light covered carriage borne on men's shoulders.

Palatable, palat-a-bl, a. সুবাহ : Agreeable to the taste , savoury, ad = palatably.

Palatal, palat-al, a. ভালা; Uttered by aid of the palate: - 317 महत्तीप: Pertaining to the palate :- n. डोझ्बा वर्ष ; A letter pronounced by the aid of the palate.

Palate, palat, n. 317, The roof of the mouth touched by the food :- जाशान्य; जाम; Taste; relish.

Tickle the palate-সুবাহ-ক।

Palatial, pi-lishi-al, a. व'ङकीय ; बाज्यवनांनी : Royal; magnificent. [Province of a palatine. Palatinate, pal-atin-at, n. शालिक्तित अधिकांत्र : Palatine, pala-tin, a. রাজকীয় অণিকার বিশিষ্ট; Having royal privileges :-- বালেটিত ক্ষতাপর, Possessing royal privileges :- n. বাল ক্ষতাবিশিষ্ট मञ्जू दाकि ; A noble invested with royal privileges :-- stel ; A subject of palatinate.

Palaver, pal a'ver, n. वृश कत्रना; वृश वाका; তোৰাবোদ; Idle talk; flattery:-প্ৰকাজ সভা; र्पिष्ठ ; अकाश वामानवाम . A public conference.

Palo, pal, n. लीज ; खड ; वाडा ; वाहेड छान , मीमा ; त्वत ; क्षाम ; A narrow piece of wood used in fencing or enclosing; a pointed stake driven into the ground; an enclosure; limit; district: -ए. १. (बहन-कृ ; (बाँडी बाजा (बजा ; To enclose with stakes; to encompass.

Pale, pal, a. পाएवर्ग ; मिनन ; दिवर्ग ; चीन ; मन्द्रश्र . बाबुब्दल ; Wan ; of a faint lastre ; dim :- ए. f. वित्न-इ ; विवर्न-इ ; To make pale :-ण. i. मिलन-इ . বিবর্ণ- ; To turn pale. n = paleness ( মলিকজা ) ; ad = palely. Syn:-White, whitish, pallid, sallow, faint.

English pale-The limits of territory around Dublin, within which the English could be said ( वास्ति , Beyond the limits of. Out of the pale of-नीयांत्र भरता नरह ; ( नवांस्वत ) Pair off -(बाढ़ वीक्स बाबन : क्याड़ान क्याड़ान वाबन ; Paleography, pa-le-og'ca-fi, n; बाडीनकारण न লিখন পাঠ; Study of ancient writings and modes of writing.

Palestra, pa-lestra, n. [Gr. pale, wrestling] बाबान विमानिय : बल्लयूक विमानित ; A wrestling school. Palestric, pa-lestrik, Palestrical, pa-lestrikal, a. गांत्रीय नवकीत , मलपूक नरकांच ; Pertaining to wrestling. [overcoat.

Paletot, pale-to, n. উপবের চিলা কোট : A loose Palette, palet, n. চিত্রকরের রহু বাধিবার পাত্র বা with ; Painter's board for holding colors.

Pelfrey, paliri, n. কুম বোডা; সাধারণ আবোহণাব; A saddle-horse; a small horse for a lady.

Palimpsent, n. [ Gr. palim, again, psectos, rubbed ] যে হত্তলিপি অধনবার মৃছিং। বিতীববার লিখিত etate; A manuscript which has been written upon twice, the first writing having been erased to make place for the second.

Palindrome, 12. वि हाक, शम, वो बोका बाब वो मिकन क्रेनिक श्रेटि जुनाकरण भठित हव, A word, verse, or sentence that is the same when read backward or forward, as, deed, peep, madam.

Paling, paling, n. (बीडीवृंहि ; तब्हेन ; (बीहीब विछा , CTF; A fence of pales; an enclosure. [cantation. Palinote, n. पूर्व (पार्वाव विश्वी क (पार्वा), A re-Palisade, pal-1-sad, n. [L. pilus, a stake] ছুঁচলো গোজের বেডা, কাঠগদা; A fence of pointed stakes set firmly in the ground, sharpened stake driven into the ground, a fence formed of stakes :- v. t. कांग्रजा- ह , कांग्रजा निया (धरा , ৰেইন-ক ; To enclose , to surround with stakes. Palish, pa'-lish, a. wings; Somewhat wan, Pall, pawi, n. [ L palla, a mantle, a curtain ] পরিচ্ছণ, অসরকণী, A clock of state, a mantle: -- अविकासन वश्व , The cloth thrown over a coffin : -- v. t. बाव्हामन-कृ; To cover.

Pall, v. t. পরিত্ধ-মু; নিবেজ-কু, ভগ্নোদাম-কু; বিশাদ-; Make spiritless, make vapd, to coy; to depress :- v. i. विवान-इ; निष्डक-इ; To become vapid; to become spiritless. sipid to. Pall upon - अक्रिका-इ; विक्रा-इ, Bicome in-Palladium, pal-ladi-um, " भागाम नामक (प्रमृति; Statue of Pallas : -- রক্ষার উপাব ; বক্ষাত্রণ , Charm for security or protection , defence - भा कृ विरमेष , A rare metal. Greek name of Minerva. Pallas, n. সর্বতী; Athene or Minerva; The Pall-bearer, n. नवशब्रिक्श-वाहक; One who attends the coffin at a funeral.

Pallet, palet, n. [Fr. paille, straw] Ataly বিছানা ; বডের গদি ; A small or rude bed ; mattress of straw :- किकक्टबब बढ़ बाविकांत शाख : A palette : -क्रमारबंब श्रान-वंद ; The tool used by potters.

Palliam, s. A consecrated vestment worn by Pope and sent to patriarches, priests, metropolitans and sometimes to bishops.

Palliasse, n. [L. palea, chaff ] দীচে পাতিবার बाइन गाँव ; An under mattress of straw.

Palliate, pale-at, v. t. [ L. pullium, a clock ] नष्-द्व: हेननम-कृ; इनि-कृ; To excuse; to soften by favourable representation; to extenuate. Sym .- Cover, cloak, extenuate, excuse : allay, soothe, alleviate, mitigate, assuage.

द्रोत्रकृतः ; Extenuation ; mitigation.

Pallistive, pali-s-tiv, a. Bojonavill : Bojonav : गवुकांत्री ; शामकांत्रक ; Mitigating ; serving to extenuate.

Pallid, palid, a. মান্দ ; পাৰ্বৰ্ণ ; স্থাৰ ; Pale ; wan. Syn :- Ashy, colourless, cadaverous.

Pall-mall, pel-mel, n. बाहुकनि त्थना वित्नव ; ক্ৰীড়া বিশেষ; A game in driving a ball with a malt through an iron ring :- नकरना साधान नाम ; A street in London.

Pallor, palor, n. fasts; niess; Paleness.

Palm, pam, n. ववडन ; इराइडे डान् : The inner part of the hand : - তালছাতীৰ বৃক : A branchless tree :--বিজবোল্লাস চিহ্ন; জবচিহ্ন ; A token of titumph or victory :- v. t. করতবে প্রারিত-ক: হাতেৰ তলাৰ মধ্যে গোপৰ-কু; To conceal in the palm of the hand, to stroke with the palm of the hand .—প্ৰভাৱণা-কু; প্ৰভাবিদ-কু; To deceive; [best ; be pre-eminent. to impose by fraud. Bear the paim -(司書·夏、牙術(司書·夏; To be the Carry the palm - जरी-इ ; Become victorious. Disputo the palm—आंशांत्रत्र सञ्च विरोध-इ ; Contend for the prize or mistery.

Cive the palm to-(वंश शोकांत-कृ; Acknowledge a person or thing as superior to another. Palm on, Palm off upon one—कंदि किया চালাইয়া দেওবা, Pass upon one artfully (like a juggler), impose fraudu'ently upon one.

To palm off-45141 441. To impose by fraid, to put off by unlan means.

Palmar, palmar, Palmary, palma-ri, a কারতানক; করতনত্তা বিশ্ব বাবাস্থ, Pertaining to the palm, having the breadth of a palm.

Palmary, palma-11, n [ l. palma, a palm ] क्व उन्यात्रा, Worthy of the paim :- (वह ; Preeminent.

Palmate, palmat, Palmated, palmat-ed, a. ক্ৰড্ৰাকাৰ, বিশ্বপৰ, Shaped like the palm of the hand, entirely webbed, as feet.

Palmer, pamer, n. 5/4/(3); A pilgrim from the Holy land . - # side ; One who cheats.

Palmer-worm, pāmei-wuim, n. लायन कोड facets; A kind of hairy worm.

Palmotto, n. তাৰভাতীয় ক্ষেত্ৰ প্ৰকাৰ বৃক্ষেৰ নাম: A name for several far-trees.

Palm-house, n. তাশকাতীয় গাছের লক্ত কাচগৃহ; A glass house for raising palms.

Palmiped, a. निश्चाप, Web-footed :- म. मध्यप-क्रम शकी ; A swimming bird.

Palmister, palmister, s. 494; One who pretents to tell fortunes by the lines of the palm of the hand n=palmistry (সামুদ্রিক বিদ্যা)।

Palm-Sunday—प्रेष्ट्रीय উৎসবের অব্যবহিত প্রবর্তী gfagta : Sunday before Easter.

Palm-wine, n. 对传; Toddy.

Palmy, pame, a. जानविनिष्ठे, जाननावनात्री ; Bearing palms :- সমুদ্ধ ; বিজ্ঞবী ; Flourishing ; victorious. Syn: - Prosperous, fortunate, joyous.

Palmyra—তাল গাছ ৷ [ সুস্টুড়া ; Obviousness. Palpability, Palpableness, त. अजोरनांब्डा ; Palpable, palpa-bi, a. [ L. palpo, palpatus, Palliation, pal-i-abhun, n. উপ্ৰদৰ, বৰ্কমণ; to tou h softly ] পাৰেন্দ্ৰিল্লান্ত; প্ৰভাৱনাৰ; কুলাই; the touch; obvious; gross. n=palpability, palpableness. Syn:—Tactile, tangible, manifest, evident, plain, obvious, gross.

Palpitate, palpi-tat, v. i. ধুক্ ধুক্-কৃ; শান্দিত-হ;

flutter; pulsate,

Palpitation, pal-pi-táshun, ম. ব্ৰ মুক্, পাৰন; A disease of the heart, characterised by forcible pulsations.

Palsy, pawize, n. পকাষাত; Paralysis:—v. f. পকাষাতগ্ৰত-ভূ; অবৰ-ভূ; To paralyse; benumb; deaden.

Palter, pawiter, e. i তুদ্ধ-কৃ; ডাজ্নি-কৃ; চাড়্রী-কৃ; শঠড়া-কৃ; To trifle; to dodge . to haggle; to shuffle, to equivocate. Syn:— Quibble, trifle, prevaricate.

Paltry, pawitre, n. [Sw. palta, rag] নীচ.
ভব্য : অফি কিংকর ; কুড়, Mean ; vile ; worthless.
n=paltriness. ad=paltrily. Syn:—Contemptible,
pitiful, despicable, shabby, beggarly; small,
little, trifling, trivial

Paludial, pal-U'dal, a. [L. paludis, a marsh]
কলবুক ; কলাভূমিময় ; Mathsy

Paludinous, a. জনসংজীৰ; জলা-নিল দংক্ৰান্ত; Belonging to or produced in marshes.

Pampas, pampaz, n. pl দক্ষিণ আমেরিকার প্রান্তব; Vast plains in South America

Pamper, pamper, v. t. [Ger. pampfen, to stuff] অতিরক্ত ভোচন করান, প্যাপ্ত প্ৰিমাণে আহাব করান; To feed luxuriously, to feed to the full, to glut, n = pamperer Syn:—Granty inordinately, sate, surfeit; indulge, cocker. { small book, Pamphlet, pamflet, n পুতিকা, কুল পুতক, A Pamphleteer, pamflet-চাণ, n পুতিকা-বেশক; A writer of pamphlet; a scribbler.

Pamphleteering, pam-flet-ering, n. পৃত্তিকা-লিখন; পৃথিকা-বচনা: The writing of pamphlets -—a. পৃথিকা-বচনদান; Writing pumphlets.

Pan, pan, n. কটাঃ; A throad shallow vessel for domestic purpose:—বৰ্ত্তৰ বন্ধক বন্ধক, Part of a fire-lock which holds the priming:—
বন্ধবতা; God of shepherds.

Panacea, pan-a-se'a. n. [Gr. pas, pan, all, and akeomai, to heal] সর্কার্থিক উবধ, সর্কার্থিক উবধ; A remedy for all diseases; an univerval medicine. [sweat-meat

Panada, do, n. Bread boiled in water and Panoako, pańkāk, n. পিইক বিশেষ : ডিমের বলা :
Thin cake of eggs, flour, sugar, and milk fried in a pan.

Pancreas, pankre-as, n. [Gr. pas, pan, all, and kreas, flesh ] উদয় মধ্য প্ৰিপাক-স্থায় বহু বিশেষ; A fleshy gland situated under and behind the stomach, secreting a saliva-like fluid which assists digestion. a-pancreatic ( পাৰ্ ক্ষাৰ বহু বহুৰীয়; pertaining to pancreas).

Pandeot, pandekt, n. [Gr. par, pan, all, and dechomas, receive] বিজ্ঞানের ভাবং বৃত্যন্ত বিষয়ক পুৰুত্ব: বিজ্ঞান বিশেবের লিখিত সমুবার প্রস্থ: A treatise on the whole of a science:—pl. নাজেও ব্যবস্থানুক্
ক্ষিত্ত : Justinian code.

Pandemonium, pan-de-mo'ni-um, n. ক্রেকে সভাস্হ; শেত-আসাৰ; The hall of all the derils or evil spirits.

Pander, pander, n. ভেডুলা; কোটনা; বৰণস্ত; আন্তের ইত্রিয় পরিভূতি-নাধন-সভত্টক; A procurer; a pimp; one who procures for another the means of gratifying his passions:—v. f. কোটনাম-কৃ; To play the pander for:—v. f. কোটনাম-কৃ; ইত্রির পরিভূতির সহারতা-কৃ; To minister to the passions.

Pander to—লগরের জনং অনৃত্তি চরিভার্থ করিবার
জন্ত উত্তরনাগক-হ; Act as agent in gratifying (the
passion of another). [vices of a pander.
Pandorage, n. কোটনানি; Employment or
Pandit, pundit, n. গতিত, A learned Brahmin.
Pandour, piddoor, n. অন্ত্রীয় সেনাগনের প্রণতিক
সৈত্ত, A Hungarian foot-soldier in the
Austrian service.

Pane, pan, n. চারিকোণা কাচ কলক; কাচের পরকলা, A plate of glass:—ৰতন্ত্ৰ থক; A district patch. Paned, a. ৰতন্ত্ৰ থক বা প্রকলাবিশিষ্ট; Composed of panes; variegated.

Panegyric, pane-jir'ik, n. [Gr. pas, pan, all, and agyris, a gathering] of s; error ; Praise, an encomium; culogium, culogy. a=panegyric, panegyrical. ad=panegyrically.

Panogyrise, pane-jir-iz, v. t. প্রশাসা-কু, ভতিবাদ-কু, To praise highly. n = panegyrist.

Panegyrist, n. প্রশানারী; স্থাতিশারক; Eulogist. Panel, Pannel, panel, n. কণাটের পেবেল; কণাটের ধোন , A piece of board inserted into a frame thicker than itself:—ক্বিকের কর্ম, ক্রিবের তালিকা, A schedule containing the names of persons summoned as jurors:—v. f. প্রানেশ বিশিষ্ট-কু. To furnish with panels.

Panelling, n. Mita wis , Panel-work.

Pang, n [A. S. pyngan, to prick ] কৰিক আৰুৰ বছৰ ; বিষয় কষ্ট , A momentary and violent pam. Syn:—Throe, twinge, gripe, agony, anguish, distress.

Panic, pańik, n. আৰ্কন্মিক তয় ; নিশাৰণ জীতি ; Extreme or sudden fright .—e. সভাত ; নিশাৰণ ; আৰুন্মিক ; অমূলক . Extreme or sudden ; imaginary, groundless.

Panicle, স এক প্রকার শত্ত পুশোলাম; পুন্দ বা বাজেব হুছে; বোবা, A form of inflorescence in which the cluster is irregularly branched; a tuft of flowers or seeds.

Panic-monger, n. One who creates panic.

Panic-struck, panik-struk, Panic-stricken, panik-striken, a. ভাৰবিহুত, আক্ষিত্ৰ ভাৰতিক্ত; Seved with sudden fear; struck with a sudden fear.

Pannel, n. same as panel, ত্রান্য প্লায়ৰ; A kind of rustic saddle:—বাজপ্ৰীর পাক্ষ্ণী; The stomach of a hawk.

Pannier, paiyer, n. কচিন চুপড়ি; আৰোপনি কল মুনাদি বহুনাৰ্থ বোড়া; Bread-basket; a basket for carrying light produce on a horse.

Panoply, paño-pli, n. [Gr. pas, pan, all, and hopla, arms ] र्व. नींद्यांत्रा ; राष्ट्रवांत्र ; तींद्यांत्रा ; राष्ट्रवांत्र ; तींद्यांत्र ; तींद्यांत्र ;

Panoplied, a. অস্থাত্তে সম্পূৰ্ণরূপে কৰিছে; Completely armed.

Panorama, pan-o-ra'ma, n. [G. pan, all, and korama, a view] একল সমানিই বহুদুপূৰ্ণ স্থাবি চিন্ত; চিন্ত; বৃষ্ণ; A picture representing a number of scenes unrolled and made to pass before the spectator. a—panoramic.

Pansy, ponzi, n. नज विष्णव : এक काजीव कांग्रतह .

A species of violet, heart's ease.

Pant, pant, v. i. ইণাৰ, কটে খাস জ্যাগ-কু; To breathe quickly; to gasp, to breathe in a laboured manner:—অভান্ধ অভিনেধী-হু, অভান্ধ হৈছেক হু; To long for —u. t ফুড নিখাস ভাগা-কু. Gasp out; breathe forth quickly —n ইংগানি . Rapid breathing; gasp; palpitation —আকাঞ্জা; unit; Longing. Syn:—(v.) Blow, puff. sigh, desire ardently, long, yearn.

Pantagraph, n. ba नकल कविवाद वस वितन्त .
An instrume it for copying drawings, on the

same or on a different scale.

Pantaloon, pan-ta-চিচন, ন. ভাঁড়, সং , A buffon :--pl. পাজামা ; I rousers

Playing pantaloon—4,8148 अधीन-5, Playing second fiddle; being the cat's paw of another

Pantheism, paththeizm, n. l (i). pan, all, and theor, God ] প্ৰচুতি লা সন্দান বিষ্ট উৰহ একাৰ ড: বিৰেশ্ব বাদ, কৰেও বাদ. The doctrine that the whole universe is God a pantheistic, pantheistical.

Panthoist, pań-the-ist, গ আছত বাল , বিৰেশ্ব বাদী; A believer in patheism.

Pantheologist, n ধাৰতীৰ ধন্মত ও দেবজাৰে কুপৰিত; One versed in puntheology

Pantheology, pan-the olo-ji, n [G par all, theos, God, and logas, discourse i তেবন্দ্ৰর জ্ঞান; বাৰতীয় ধর্মনত ও দেবের জ্ঞান, A system of divinity or knowledge embracing all the gode Pantheon, pantheon, n [G pan, all and theos, God] হোমনগ্ৰহ দেবলগ্ৰেম্ ক্ৰিন্তা নাতিয় দেবোকেল উৎস্পীত মন্দ্ৰিন A temole of in atea to all the gods.—বেন্দ্ৰ, The whom of the gods of a sect.—জাতি বিশোধন ক্ৰেম্য ক্ৰেন্তা বিশ্বা শ্ৰম্ , A work in which all the divinities worshipped by a people are treated of.

Panther, panthér, n. চিডা কাছ, চিত্ৰ কাছ, A pard; a spotted ferocious carmivorous animal. Pantomimio, Pantomimical, a Pertaining

to pantomime.

Pantomime, panto-mim, n [ Gr pas, pantos all, and mimos, an imitator ! কেবল আন ভাল বাবা আভিবন্ধ; বহু, পুতুল লাচ. A show or representation or an entertainment in dumb show—
আভানে বাবা বে মনোভাব বাক করে. One who expresses his meaning by mute action—a আভানেজীতে ব্যক্তকারী, Representing only in mute action. a=pantomimic, pantomimical. ad=pantomimically. [ভাচ, An actor in a pantomimist, panto-mim-ist, n. মত. বিষ্কৃত :
Pantry, pantri, n. বাবা আনাতির ভাভার. An apartment or place for provision or for cleaning plate &c.

Pap, pap, n. वालरकत नतम आहातीत अवा, A soft

food for infants: — চুচুক ; কৰাত্ৰ ; কৰেত্ৰ কোঁচা ; A nipple or treat :— কলেত্ৰ খাঁল ; The pulp of fruit. a—pappy ( নহম ; Soft ). [ spiritual father. Papa, pī-pā. n. পিডা , Father :— দীকাজ্য ; A Papacy, pūpa-si, n. হোমীয় বৰ্গাধাকেত্ৰ পদ ; Popedom :— পোনেৰ পদ ; পোনেৰ খানৰ ; The office and dignity of the Pope.

Papal, papal, a. পোপস্থার; পোপস্থার; Belonging or relating to the Pope or to Popery;

popish. ad=papally.

Papaveraceous, pap-av-er-fishus, a. [ l...
papaber, the poppy | পোডারিবিড ; পোডাব্দুর ;

Of or like the poppy.

Paper, piper, n. কাগল : A substance on which letters and figures are written or printed; writing substance : a single sheet, printed or written — সংকিপ্ত বচনা . A brief essay :— কাগল-মুদা : Paper-money :—কালল : A document:—সংবাদপ্ৰ, A newspaper .—ভি : Money : a bill of exchange :—বেভাল ঠানিবাৰ কাগল . কাগলেৰ পৰ্যা বাখালৰ . Paper-hanging :—a. কাগল-নিমিত , কাগলেপ্ . Made or consisting of paper :—v দ কাগল লাগাল আন দিনত , কাগলেল লাগাল লাগ

Paper-currency, n (all ale ages, Issue of bank notes and bills of each inge.

Paper-hanger, pindr-hanger, n পদক্ষেত্ৰত, বে কাৰক দিয়া পৃথনিত ধাৰ মাজানৰ কৰে, One who hangs paper on the wills of cooms &c

Paper-hangings, paper-hangings, n পেওয়ার ছার্কিনর বাগজ, তেওখালে কুলাইলার কাবল, Stained or printed popers for the will of room.

Paper-money, paper-much, n & s. Alb. Agis. Printed and authorised paper issued by leads and circulated in place of coin.

Paper-rood, n বাৰ ত্ৰ বিশ্ব , The papyrus.
Paper-stainer, n. One who prepares paperh meings. [laying on loose papers.
Paper-weight, n. কাৰ্ড-চাৰা, Weight for
Papilla, pi-pila, n কাৰ্ডে, ভিন্তা অভ্যুত্তৰ অভ্যুত্তৰ, One of the minute elevations on the skin, represally on the upperourface of the tongue and on the tips of the
hingers, and in which the nerves terminate.
ht = papillae.

Papallary, pap'il-ar i, Papillous, pap'il-us, a. ভাৰের ো'া সম্বনীয় : চুচ্ন সম্বনীয় বা তংলদুল ; Pettaining to, or resembling the nipples or tre its —-মান্তম্ম, Covered with pimples, warty Papist, papist, n. হোষান ক্যাখনিক ; পোপের নিবা ; A Roman C tholic a=papistic, papistical.

Papistic, pápist-ic, Papistical, pápistical, a. পোগের মত সম্বাহ; Pertaining to papecy. ad-papistically.

Pappous, pap'us, Pappose, papot, a. [ Gr pappos, down ] পথীয় ছোমল পালক(বলিষ্ট ; ভোমল পক্ষৰ , I)owny [ কুমু ব্ৰহঃ ; Full of pimples Papular, Papulous, a. [L. papula, a pumple] Papyrus, papirus, n. এক প্রবার চারা পাছ বাহা
ইতি পুরাকালে লোকেরা ভাগর প্রকৃত ক্ষরিত ; A reed
from which the ancients made a matrial for
writing upon :—প্রাণাইরদের উপরে নিভিত হকলিপি;
A manuscript written on papyrus. pi—papyri.
Par, par, n. [L. par, equal] সারব্লা; মুলোর সমতা;
Equal value; equality of nominal and market
value:—অবহা-সাম; Equality of condition.

Above per ব্যব ১০০ টাকার কাগন ১০০ টাকার ক্ষম্পিক মূল্যে বিকল্প হয় : At a premium.

At par—স্বাৰ দৰে; বগৰ ১০ টাকাৰ কাগ্ৰ ১০ টাকাৰ বিক্ৰম হয়; Neither at a discount nor at a premium; at 100, the original nominal price or value.

Below par - वर्षन > • । টাবার কাগন > • । টাবার কম বুলো বিক্র হর ; At a discount. [ with. On a par with— नवजुला : अवने बस्त ; On a level Parable, par'a-bl. n. [ Gr. para. beside, and bello, to throw ] नाम् अवन्य ; A comparison :— क्यां : नाव्य ; हेनारमनमूर्व बस ; A fable or allegory

conveying some moral lesson; a similitude.

Speak in parable— अवस्त्र केशरमा-ता; Use illustrations drawn from natural objects as vehicles of instruction.

Parabola, par-abola, n. (1979) (1973; Intersection of the surface of a cone by a plane parallel to one of its side. a parabolic, parabolical.

Parabolic, Parabolical, a. কেণ্ট কেন্দ্র স্বকীয় বা স্থাকায় : Pertaming to, or resembling, ন parabola. a=parabolically.

Parachuto, para-shoot, n. বোষ্থাৰ ছইন্ড নিৰিছে অবচৰণ কৰিবাৰ মন্ত বৃহৎ হান নিশেষ, A contrivance in the form of an umbrella, for descending safely from a ballon.

Paraelete, par'a-klet, n. \*\*[Falst]: One called to aid or support; the Holy Ghost. Syn:—Advocate, consoler, comforter, intercessor, the Holy Spirit.

Parada, pur-ad, n. [ L. paro, faratus, to propare ] আড্রার; স্বাবোচ; আড্রার-প্রদর্শন; বৈদিক্রাপন; Pompous display; pompous exhibition; military display:—(নিকি-প্রদানের কান; The place where military display is held:—v. t. নোককে বেধান; আড্রার প্রদান-কৃ: আড্রার-কৃ; To show off—সাব্যিক নিবাম নৈক একন-কৃ: To marshal in military order:—v. t. আড্রার প্রদানার ব্যবা বেড়ান; লোককে প্রধাইণার কর ইড্ডাঃ প্রবা-কৃ: To walk about for show:—সাব্যিক নির্মাণ গাটিবিধি-কৃ: সহাস্থানের স্বাবোধনিক, স্বাবোধনিক, তালালালাক, তালালালাক, তালালালাক, তালালালাক, তালালালাক, ostentation, procession, spectacle, pageant.

Make a parade of—নাক করা : বড়াই করা। Parade-ground, n. দৈনিক-অদশনের স্থান ; Place for military exercise.

Paradigm, par'a-dim, n. [Gr. para, beside, and deiknymi, to show ] পাত্ৰপের উদাহরণ; An example of the conjugation of a verb :— মুটাছ; পাংল'; An example; a model.

Paradigmatic, Paradigmatical, a. Sejanva; Sejan-van; Consisting of, or resembling, paradigms. sd=paradigmatically. Peradise, par'a-dis, n. ৰাৰ্গ; পায়ৰ স্বৰায় স্থান; টাৰা উল্পান; Heaven; a place of bless; the garden of Eden. a=paradistical. [with rich plumage. Bird of paradise, n. স্বৰ্জ পানী বিশেষ; A bird Paradox, par'a-doks, n. [Gr. para, contrary to, and doza, an opinion] বাচা অসভাৰ বিশিষ্ঠা বোধ হয় বিশ্ব বাজৰিক সভা; আচলিক সভ্যেব বিশেষ মত; Proposition seemingly absurd, yet true in fact; seeming contradiction; a tenet contrary to receive opinion. a=paradoxical.

Feradoxical, a. বৃত্তত: আৰ্থ অব্য সভা; গ Inclined to paradoxes. ad=paradoxically. n= paradoxicalness.

Paraffine, Paraffin, ন. কৃটকবং কুত্ৰ পৰাৰ্থ বিশেষ ; A white crystalline substance.

Paragogo, par-a-go'je, n. [ Gr. para, beyond, and ago, to lead ] একৰাত অকন বা গৰাপের যোগ;
The addition of a letter or syllable to the end of a word. emparagogic, paragogical.

Paragon, par'a-gon, n. Scarcia mine; South; myses vaid; Perfect model; a pattern; something superlatively excellent.

Paragraph, par'a-graf, n. [G. paragraphe, marginal note, from para, beside, and graphesin, to write ] \*\*quast: "flaust; will: Distinct part of a connected discourse; a short passage. a=paragraphic, paragraphical. Syn:—Clause, section, passage, subdivision; brief remark, short notice.

Paralopsis, par-a-lip'sis, [Gr. para, beside, and leipo, to leave ] আমেণ অবস্থ ; A rhetorical figure by which a thing is pretended to be omitted, while it is mentioned.

Parallax, par'a-laks, n. লক্ষ্য; পদাৰ্থ বিশেষকে
বিভিন্ন হান চইডে দৰ্শন কৰিলে দেই পদাৰ্থে যে দুজনান অবস্থান-পৰিবৰ্তন প্ৰতীত হয়; Change of place or aspect; difference between apparent and true place. a - parallactic, parallactical.

Parallel, par'al-lel, n. [ G. para, beside, and allelon, of one another } সামভ্য সরল রেখা ; Line equally distant throughout from another line; a line always equidistant from another: —সামৃত্য , তুলনা ; প্রতিরূপ ; Resemblance ; likeness, comparison :-- অক্যুত্ত বা অক্সমানুৱাল . A line marking latitude :- a. সম্পূর: সমস্ত্রাল : সমপ্রত্ত , Extended in the same direction, and equidistant in all parts :- मन्म ; जुना ; Being equal in many particulars :- v. f. Anisainsita श्रांभव-उ. ज्ञा-इ; त्रमुण-इ; To make parallel; to compare ; to correspond to. Syn :- (a) Equidistant; like, similar, resembling, analogous. A parallel to, Similar to-টিৰ সমাৰ বাাপাৰ; Something exactly resembling or corresponding to (another). (Purallel-मर्सार्व मर्मान ; Resembling in all essential particulars. Similar-यानक विवास नम्भ ; Resembling in many

respects ).

Parallelism, par'al-lel-izm, স. স্বাভ্রতা;
স্বাভ্রাল ; বাট্ড : তুলনা ; State of being parallel ;
resemblance ; comparison.

Parallelogram, par-al-lelo-gram, w. [Grandlelos, parallel, gramma, a line] ways

হৈছিক ক্ষেত্ৰ; সামতদিক সমান্তহিক ক্ষেত্ৰ; A plane four sided figure, the opposite sides of which are parallel and equal.

Parallelopiped, Parallelopipedon, Parallelepiped, Parallelepipedon, n. [Gr. parallelos, parallel, and epipedom, a plane surface] বট্ নামডনিক কৰান্তর গাই ঘৰকেন; A regular solid bounded by six plane parallel surfaces.

Paralogism, par-alo-gism, n. আৰু সিদাৰ;
অপন্ত সিদাৰ; A conclusion unwarranted by
the premises.

Paralyse, para-liz, v. f. [Gr. para, derangement, and lyo, to loosen] প্ৰদায় চন্ত্ৰত- কৃ; প্ৰদায়ত রোগালান্ত- কৃ, Strike with paralysis; benumb:—বিহল-কৃ; সংজাহীন-কৃ; কাণ-কৃ; To make useless; to deaden, to exhaust. Syn:—Palsy, deaden, benumb, unnerve

Paralysis, par-alt-sis, n. [Gr. para, beside, and lyo, to loosen] প্ৰাথতি, অবশাসতা; ইপ্রিয়-বৈষ্ণা; A loss of power of motion in one side or part of the body; palsy.

Paralytic, par-a-litik, a. পকাৰাভয়ত; পকাৰাভ বোগাকান্ত; Affected with or inclined to paralysis:—n. পকাৰাভ বেলী, পকাৰাভাৱ বেলী; One affected with paralysis.

Paramatta, par-a-maia, n তুলা ও পৰম নিৰ্শিত কাপড় বিশেষ, A fabric of worsted and cotton resembling merino in appearance

Paramount, par'a-mount. a. [F. par, and amout, upward ] সর্বাহ্য , প্রধান , Chief , of the highest value .—n. অব ময় ; সর্ক্রমান ব্যক্তি ; The chief. Syn :—Supreme, predominant, principal, pre-eminent.

[A lover of either sex.

Paramour, par'a-moor, n. উপাপ্তিকা উল্পন্তি,

Paramour, par'a-moor, n. উপপ্ত ল উপপ্ত , বিপাৰ , বিশাৰ, A rampart breast high, a breast high wall on a bridge &c. a=parapetted ( প্রানির্বাশ্ত , Having a parapet).

Paraphernalia, par-a-ler-nan-a, দ. বৰুপি, আনহাবাদি; ব্যবস্থা; সালসজা; Apparel, jewels &c., of a wife · ornaments of dress; equipage; trappings.

Paraphrase, par'a-fraz, n. [Gr. para, beside, and phrasis, a speaking ) পদান্তৰে অধ্যন্ত নি অনুবাৰ; ব্যাধান, A loose or free translation, an explanation of a text or pussage —v t এইবাদ-ই; ব্যাধান্ত, To render more freely —v r অনুবাদ-ই; ব্যাধান্ত; ৰাধান্ত; ৰদ্ধান্তৰে অধ্যক্ষণ-ই, ভাবান্তৰ-ই; To make a paraphrase.

Paraphrast, para-frast, n. বাধাকারী, ব্যাধ্য কারক; অসুবাদক, One who paraphrases.

Paraphrastic, para-frastik, Paraphrastical, para-frastik-al, a. ব্যাব্যাক্ত; পাই ব ব্যাক্ত; বিবাহিত; অবাক্তরিত; Of the nature of a paraphrase; clear and ample in explanation, free; loose; diffuse. ad=paraphrastically.

Parasite, par'a-sit, n. [G. parasitos, eating beside] প্ৰপাছা; বৃদ্ধের উপরভাত বৃক্ষ; Animal or plant living on the body or substance of an animal or plant living or dead:—a. প্রায়ভোগী; প্রের ব্পর্ব, চাট্ডার, One living at another's

expense by flattery to; sycopham. s=parasitism, s=parasitic, parasitical. Sys:—Sycopham, flatterer, toady, hanger on, trencher-friend.

Parasitio, Parasitical, a. গলগ্ৰহৰ; ভোৰাবোদ-কারী. উপজীবী. Fawning; living on other plants or animals. ad=parasitically.

Parasol, pai'a-sol, n. [ L. paro, to prepare, and sol, solis the sun ] ছোট ছাড়া; Small umbrella for ladies; sunshade. [ in part. Parboil, par'boil, v. f. আংশিক নিছ-ফু; To boil Parcel, par'scl, n. [ L. pars, partis, a part ] বত; আল ; বাট, তাটা, A portion; a quantity; a package — v. f. বিভিন্ন আলে বিভাগ-ফু; বাতে বাতে বিভক্ত-ফু: To divide into portions:—a. and adv. আংশিক; আংশিক ভাবে; Part or half; in part.

Parch, parch, v. t. [ L. pararescere, to grow very dry ] গছ কু; খন্মিত-কু; To scorch:—v. i. গছ-ছ, To be scorched.—ছছ-ছ, নীয়ন-ছ; To be very dry Syn:—Roast, shrivel, dry, dry up. Parched, parched, a গছ, জছ, বিজ্ঞ, Scorched; dry. ad=parchedly, n=parchedness.

Parchment, parch nent, n চৰ্ম: চৰ্মের কাৰ ; The skin of a sheep or goat prepared for writing. Pard, pard, n [ Gr. pardes, the panther ] চিত্ৰা বাৰ, The leopard .— চিত্ৰিড পশু, Any spotted beast.

Pardon, par'don, v. t [L. per, through, dono, donare, to give] ক্ষা-কৃ, ৰাজ্না-কৃ, ি fo forgive:—
n ক্ষা, মার্জনা, নও ১২০৬ মুক্তি বা অব্যাহিত, Forgiveness, remission of a penalty; absolution n=
pardoner. Syn:—(v) Remit, overlook, acquit, condone, excuse. (n) Remission, absolution, remittance, grave, mercy, amnesty.

I bog pardon—ভান ভানতে বা বুৰিতে পান্তি নাই পুনৰাৰ বনুন . Plea e say again what you have said —মাণ কৰন আমান কুন হইয়াছে ; Excuse me (used when a person makes a mistake) — মাণ কলন, আগনি য'লা মান করিতেকেন ভালা নাই, যালা বলিতেকেন ভালা কৰিছে গা'বৰ না ; Excuse me (when a person contradict) what another affirms of me ins civilly to refuse to do anything).

Pardonable, par'-don-a bl, a. ক্যাবোগা , বাৰ্জ্ নীয় , বাজনাগোগা ; Excusable. ad-pardonably, n= pardonableness.

Pare, pre, v. t. [ i. pare, to prepare ] কর্ত্র-কৃ; চালা, ছাটিলা ফেলা, চুলিলা কেলা; To cut or shave off.

Paregorno, pre-c-gor'ik, a. [ Gr. paregorno, to soothe ] বেদনা-নিনারক; বন্ধনা-নিনারক; As-ua-ging pain — n. বেদনা-নিনারক উব্ধ , আছিলেব আরক; A medicine that assuages pain; tincture of opium.

Parent, parent, n [ L. parens, from parere, to bring forth] পিতা বা বাতা, অবক বা অননী: Irather or mother:—কারণ; Cause. Syn:—Producer, creator, author, origin, source.

Parontage, par'ent-az, n. 明明; 代刊; Descent; birth; extraction.

Parental, pa-rent-al, e. ৰাভাপিত্নৰৰীয় ; পিতৃ-তুলা, ৰংনল : বেহনয় ; নবেহ ; Pertaining to, or becoming, parents ; tender ; affectionate ; like a parent, ed=parentally, Parental affection - TITATI

Parenthesis, pa-refithe-sis, n. [Gr. para. beside, en. in, thesis, a placing ] পাট করণার্থ নামিবিট্ট আভিনিক পাল বা বাব্য; A word, phrase, or sentence put in or inserted in another complete without it:—pl. () এই চিক্ত বিশেষ; বৰানী; The marks () used to show this. a=parenthetic, parenthetical.

Parenthetic, Parenthetical, a. পাৰেছনিন্-সংক্ৰান্ত ; বছনী সমন্তিত ; Pertaining or using paren-

thesis. edeparenthetically.

Parentless, a. ৰাডাণিত্যুল; Without a parent.
Parhelion, par-he'li-un, n. [ ur. para, near, helios, the sun] প্রনারিখ্যে সকলে সকলে মুক্তবাৰ জ্যোভি:; A bright light, sometimes seen near the sun. pl=parhelia.

Pariah, pari-a, ল. খতি নীচ লাতি ; লাভিচ্যত ব্যক্তি ;

An hereditary outcast.

Parian, a. পারস দাপ সম্ভার বা ভাহাতে প্রাপ্ত ; Pertaining to, or found in the island of Paros.

Parietal, pa-n'et-al, [L. paries, parietes, a wall] প্ৰাচীয় সম্বাচ্ছ আছুৰ আপ্ৰান্ত জীব আবহৰ হুছৈ জাৱমান; Forming the sides or walls; forming the side bones of the skull.

Paring, piring, n. ছাটা; কগণাৰ্গ তৃণভূষিৰ উপহিভাগ কৰ্ত্তন; The cutting off the surface of grass land for tillage.

Parish, pur'ish, n [Gr para, beside, near, oik's, a dwelling] ব'ককের ক্ষণীনত্ব প্রচাদ ; এক সিঠান্ত্রন্ত পালী; প্রচাদ বাজকের ক্ষণীনত্ব লগেবর ক্ষণে .

Ecclesiastial district under one township; a district under one pastor .—a. পার্থিক সক্ষত্ত ; পালিক কর্ক নিছে ক্রিক, Belonging or relating to a parish and par

Parish-olerk—A lay man who leads the Parishoner, par-ishun-èr, n. এক নিৰ্মান্ত সন্ত্ৰী- বিবাদী; পাাধিশ-সামিট্ট লোক; One who belongs to or is connected with a parish.

Parity, par'e-te. n. [L. paritas, from par, paris, equal j grist, 735]; Alys; Equality; resemblance. Syn:—Close correspondence, analogy.

Park, park, n. বেড়া; An inclosure — ভোগৰানা;
The space occupied by the artillery — মাঠ;
বিহাৰত্বি; উন্থান; A piece of ground inclosed
for recreation:—v. t. বেছন-দু, একত নমবেড-ফু;
To bring together in a body, to inclose.

Parlance, parlant, n [Ft. farler, to speak] ক্ষোপ্ৰথন; ক্ষোপ্ৰথনে বাজ্যে ধাৰা, Conversation; idiom of common talk; phrase.

In common parlance—নাধাৰণ কথাৰ প্ৰণালী অনুসাৰে : In the usual form of speech.

Parley, păr'li, v i. [Fr. parler, to speak ] কথাবাৰ্দ্ধা কহা: শক্তৰ সন্থিত সন্ধিয় কথোপকথন-কু: To confer; to treat with an enemy —n. কথাবাৰ্দ্ধা; কথোপকথন; সন্ধি: শক্তৰ সন্ধিত কথাবাৰ্দ্ধা: Talk, a conference with an enemy in war.

To beat a parley—To beat a drum or sound a trumpet in a particular way as a signal that a conference with the enemy is desired.

Hold a parley with—कांन किहरू कांतु-कृ: Give way to:—नकारका गरिक (शक्त नक्त) TY TOT ; Confer with an enemy ( as to terms of peace ).

Parliament, par'li-ment, n. asinsi; sast-sei; The general and supreme council of the nation in which alone is placed the legislative power; meeting for consultation.

Parliamentarian, pār-li-men-tārian, a. ইংসংকর রাজা প্রথম চার্লদের বিপক্ষে পার্লিমেটের পক্রুক ; Adhering to the Parliament in opposition to Charles I —n. One who sided with the Parliament of England against Charles I, and his partisans.

Parliamentary, par-li-mentar-i, a. পাৰিকেই-সংলাৱ : মহানভা সম্বনীত : Pertaining to Parliament :—মহানভা ধাবা বিধিবৰ, গালিকেই কৰ্তৃক ব্যক্তিত বা কৃত ; Fnacted or done by Parliament :— মহানভাৱ নিম্মান্ত্ৰাই ; According to the rules and usages of Parliament.

Parlour, parlur, ল. fr. parler, to speak ] বৈঠকবাৰা, সাধাৰণ বসিধাৰ মন্ত্ৰ, An ordinary sitting room. [ poetry. To climb Parnessus—কবিচা লেখা, To write

Parochial, par-c'ki-al, a. পরীসকরীয় ; Of or relating to a parish ad=parochially.

Parochialisa, o t. পার্বিপর্যুত্ত পরিপ্ত-কৃ; To form into parishe.

[ parody. Parodist, n. পারিডি-সেবছ; One who writes a Parody, parodist, n. পারিডি-সেবছ; One who writes a Parody, parodist, n. [ Gr. para, beside, ode, an ode or song ] কভিড়া বিস্ফোডা হাব ও ভাবা হাজো-ম্বীপকভাবে প্রাথাতিত হলৈ কৈ বিস্ফুড বিব্যুতিত হয়, উপায়ৰ, পানে ভিছ্ন প্রথাব; A poetical pleasantry in which verses of a grave and serious nature on one subject sie altered and applied to another by way of burlesque:—v. f প্রেম্বা ভিছ্ন প্রয়োগ-কৃ; পারিভাঙ্গ প্রয়োগ-কৃ; To alter, as verses or words and apply them to subjects different from that of the original.

Parole, par-তা, n বন্দীর অসীকাব; সেখিক বাজ; মানবিক শক্তে পৰ; The word of honour of a prisoner of war in return of indulgences or conditional freedom; the duly pass-word in camp or garrison:—a. বাচনিক; মৌৰক; Given by word mouth.

Paronomasia, par-o-no-māzhi-a, ন. ব্ৰিকা;

Paronychia, n. আজ্লহাড়া; A whitlew or felon. Paronymo. par'o-um, n. এক প্রকৃতিষ্পক বা সম্যোজ্যারণ হিত্তার্থক পথ; A word resembling another in signification.

Paronymous, a. [Gr. fara. beside, anoma, a name] এক অঠ্ডিমূলক; Having the same derivation [of parrot. Paroquot, n. ডক পকী নিশেষ; A small kind Paroxysm, par'oks-izm, n [G. paroxuners, to sharpen] পীডাৰ পাৰিষ্য, কোবাৰেশ, পাক্ষিক প্ৰচক্ত আকাপ; A fit of rage or passion, a recurring increase and exacerbation of a disease, any sudden violent action. a paroxysmal.

Parquet, por-kå, ল. নদালাবে বাদাৰৰ ছান হইতে ন্দ্ৰাগৃহ পৰাত্ত নমৰ গৃহতল, The whole lower floor of a theatre from the orchestra to the dresscircle. [ 712 ]

Perquetry, parket-ri, n. [Fr. parquet, an inlaid floor ] গুড়জাফাল্যাৰ কাটেয় কোণিত সৃত্তি কাক্ষাৰ্থ ; Figured in laid wood-work for floors. Parr, par, n. শিশু জাণ্যৰ স্বস্ত ; A young salmon. Parrieidal, par-ri-sidal, a. স্ভাগিত্যাতী ; Per-

taining to, or committing, parricide.

Parricide, par'ri-sid, n. { L. pater, patris, father, and caedo, to slay } মাতাপিত্তপা; The murderer of a father or mother:—মাতাপিত্ততা, The murder of a parent. a=parricidal.

Parrot, par'ut, n. ভোডা नको; चक्काठीत नकी;

Talking-bird.

Parry, pari, v.t. [L. paro, to prepare, to keep off ] এড়ায়; আঘাত ছইতে এজা-কৃ; নিবাৰণ-কৃ. To ward off; to fence; to turn aside.

Parse, pars, v. t. [ L. pars, a part of speech ] পদসাধন-ক; পদাধন-ক; সাধাৰত্ব-ক; To tell the parts of a speech of a sentence and their relation. n = parsing (পদ-নির্দেশ, পদ-পরিচয়)।

Parsee, par-se', n. পানী; One of the Persian refugees driven out of their own country by the Mahomedans, now living in various parts of

Bombay.

Parsimonious, par-se-morne-us, a কুপণ; মিত-বারী; বারকুঠ; অর্থনোডী, Frugal to excess; covetious; niggardly. ad = parsimoniously, n = parsimoniousness. Syn:—Avaricious, miserly, penurious, close, saving.

Parsimony, par'si-mun-i, n [ I.. parco, to spare ] কুপাতা; বাসকৃতিতা, কাৰ্পাণ়; Frugality, niggardlines, closeness. [ pot-herb. Parsley, pars'li, n. লতা বিশেষ, শাক বিশেষ, An Parsnip, pars'nip, Parsnop, n উদ্ভিদ বিশেষ; দিশু বুল বিশেষ; An edible plant, with a carrot-like root.

Fair words butter no paranips—তবু নিষ্ট কবার পেট ভরে না ; তথু কবার চিচের হিলে না।

Parson, par'son, n. পুরোডিত; পাদবী; খুষ্টর বাৰক; A clergyman; the incumbent of parish. Parson-ridden, a. পুরোছিত থালা উৎপীড়িত; Tyrannised by parsons.

Parsonage, par'sn ত্রা, স. পারানিতের বাসভান,
The residence of the incumbent of a parish —
প্রোহিতের বৃত্তি; Money paid for the support

of a parson.

Part, part, n. 4:4; A portion :- 44; egi'4; A fraction :-- সভ্য . A member :-- আৰুপাতিক কাৰ; A proportional division :-- কাৰ; Share : - [ ] 中 : 可事 . Side ; party : - 本何 ; Action :-नार्थ ; Interest ; concern :- n. pl. खनमपूर ; (मश) , ৰমতা; Qualities, faculties, talents; abilities :-ৰেপ; Regions; districts: -- চ. t. ভাগ কু, জংগ-কু, To separate into two or more pieces; to devide: -v. i. विस्त-र; विस्ति-र; To be separated. —वानवाव-६: नुषक-६: To be torn asunder. Syn: -(n) Piece, division; organ, element, constituent, ingredient . lot, allotment ; charge, duty, office, business, function; faction, (v) Divide, sever, sunder, dismember, break, disunite, disjoin, detach, keep separate, apportion, allot, share, distribute. as it concerns me. For my part—with Tall this (1) in; So far Por one's part—বাদ বত বালিতে চাৰ, পাৰা বহুলে এই বলি; So far as one is concerned; if one is to say what one thinks about the matter.

For the most part—with; Commonly; mostly, chiefly, mainly.

In good part— नक्षणार ; अनुकृत वा श्रमह कार्य ; In a friendly manner ; favourably.

In ill (or bad) part—অগস্ত ভাবে; অপ্রস্ত ভাবে; অনস্কৃত হইবা; With displeasure; unfavourably.

In part—কতকী; বংশতঃ; In some degree; On the part of one, On one's part— কাহাৰত পকে; On the side of one, so far as one is concerned.

Part and parcel—প্ৰথম আৰ ; An essential portion :—কোন কিছু হছতে অভেন্য , What is inseparably bound up.

Part company-744-8; To separate.

Part from—বিশান এইণ-ক ; কাহাৰও সহিত ছাড়াছাডি হ ; Separate ; bid farewell ; take leave of one ; be separated from one

Part in or into—বিভস্ত-ক ; Separate ; divide.
Take in good part—কোন ৰকাৰ কাল বা কৰার
রাস না করিয়া অনুব্ৰ বা ব্যুক্তাবে এহৰ-ক ; Not to feel
vexed but take (something unpleasant) patiently or in a friendly spirit.

Take the part of -- witing and and -- with, aide with, take the side of.

Part with—পবিত্যাগ-কু, ছায়া; Resign, quit, give up or loose. [of words. Part of speech—পদত্ৰেণী; One of the classes

Take part in—অভান সহিত কোন কাৰ্যো বোগ দেৱলা; Join others in.

Partako, par-tak, v. i. আল লগো, ভাল প্রথ-ক;
To take part with others; to participate:—
v. f. আল-কু; To share. n-partaker Syn:—
Participate in, receive a part.

Partake of—ৰাজ্য সহিত ভোৱা বা আনোদনাবাদে বোগ দেৱলা, Take a share of (some entertainment) in common with others:—সমভাবাগর-ছ; Have something of the same nature with.

Partaker, n. Aleria, Biff, One who partakes, a sharer.

Partaking, n. जान जन्म, जनपत्रिजात निवास ;
A sharing, a combination in an evil design.

Parterro, par-tar', n. পুলবাটিক; A garden bed with walks between ornamental bed or plots.

Parthenon, n. সর্বতী বশিব; Temple of Minerva at Athens.

Parthian arrow—A shaft aimed at an adversary while pretending to fly or avoid him.

Partial, par'she-al, a. [L. pars, partis, a part ] আ'লিক; Not total or entire; affecting a part only:—গৰপাতী; একের প্রতি অপুত্তি অপুত্তা ( see a color of avour one party:—আলান, Subordinate. Syn:—Limited, incomplete, imperfect, biased, prejudicial, warped, interested, unfair, one-sided Partial to—গৰপাতী; Inclined to favour or be on the side of.

Partiality, par-shi-alit-i, s. 14416; stes

affe wifes will ! Bias towards one party; liking for one thing more than others.

Partiality for or to—কোল বিষয় বা বাজিল প্রতি বিষয় অনুরাগ : পক্ষাত : Special fondness for. Partible, parti-bl, a. বিভালা : পুথক্ করবীর :

Separable. n=partibility.

Participant, partisi-pant, a. आते: जाते। आलवारी: Sharing:—n. आतीनांत: आलवारक: A partaker. ad-participantly.

Participate, partuase-par, v.i. [L. pars, a part, and capers, to take] with v. and average To have a share. neeparticipation ([1831]) i Syn:
—Partake, share, take part in.

Participial, a. বিশেষণ ও ক্রিলা উভগ্রন্থতিক পদ-জাতীর বা ভাগা হইতে সম্প্রা: Formed from a participle. ad = participially,

Participle, par'ti-si-pl, n. [L. pars, part, and capio, to take ] বিশেষৰ ও কিলা উভপ্ৰতিক পদ; ইম্ম পদ; A word partaking of the nature of both adjective and verb.

Particle, par'te-ki, n. [L. particula, diminutive of pars, partis, a part ] आहे : अवश्व ; अवश्व ; अवश्व ; अवश्व ; अवश्व ; A very small portion ; an atom. Sys:—Atom, molecule, grain, jot, tittle.

Particular, par-tiku-lar, a. বিশেষ, অস্থাৰণ; Special, singular — নিষিপ্ত: Definite — দুখাবৰ, কুল্পানাৰ, Minute — ৰাজিণত, Individual — কুল্পানাৰ, Nie in taste, punctilious — ক্ৰিক, Precise — স্বস্তা আৰু কুল্পান A distinct or minute part — ি লা বিনয়, বিলেষ বইনা; A single point, a single in tance — — in pl) বিশেষ বিনয়ন, Details In particular— বিশেষভঃ; ৰত্ৰভাবে, Specially, distinctly.

Particularise, par-tiku-lar-iz, ए. १ महिराना वेलां . কুলকাপ নাম করা, To mention in detail -- " वित्यंव पहेंना देश्वच हू, To mention single things. Particularity, par-tik-fi-lar'i-ti. n firmes . कन्यांचन दिनग . Minuteness of detail ; something peculiar or singular Distinctly, in detail Particularly, ad. विलयकाल , विलयक: , रुक्काल Parting, pirting, n farain, agia; fasia. Separation, departure, division —a প্রস্থানোম্ব : अशामांगा , निन'दरातीन , निमादकातीन : Departing, separating, given at parting. Sym: -(n) Severing, breaking, supture, disruption; division, detachment, leave taking, farewell At parting-विशेष कडेवाव मदव , काछावाछ वरेवाव FAIR; At the time of taking leave, at the time of separation.

Partisan, par'te-zan, n প্ৰভুক্ত লোক, ননাববাৰী বাজি. An adherent to a party:—a. প্ৰায় , পৰ্যক্ত : Adherent to a party:—a. প্ৰায় , পৰ্যক্ত : Adherent to a party: n = partisanship. Syn:—(n) Follower, supporter, backer, votary, staff, trunchenn, halberd. [the base, votary, staff, trunchenn, halberd. [the base, rotary, staff, trunchenn, n বিভাগ: Division; the state of being divided — হুই খনেন মধ্যে আলি, খাব আলিয় , কাব আলিয

Partitive, parti-tiv, a. क्षेत्रेव ; विकास ;

বটনকাৰী: Dividing; distributive:—n. প্ৰশ্ন বোৰক গদ; A word expressing a part or partition. ad=partively [A hen. Parlet, partlet, n. গদনক নিপেছ; A ruft:—কুমুটা: Partly, partle, ad. আংশিককংণ; কিবৰ পৰিমাণে; In part; in some degree.

Partner, paitiner, n. আনিবার; আনী; A sharer:
—পতিবা পড়ী; বামী বা বী. A husband or wife;
—সহচব, An associate:—যে প্রব্ব বা ব্যবী আপ্তের কৃষ্টিত নৃত্য ববে; One who dances with another. ১৮ল:—Participator, colleague, coadjutor, confederate, companion, spouse.

Partnership, pariner-ship, n. সমুস সম্পান; আপি; A contract between persons engaged in any business; the state of being a partner. Syn:—Union, connection, association, interest; company, firm, house.

Partook, p. t. of partake.

Partridge par'tnj, n. টাটৰ পনী; Bird of game. Partridge-wood, n. ফার বিশেষ; A variegated tropical wood. [ sung in parts.

Part-song, n. বিভিন্ন জংলে ক্ষীত ধান : A song Parturient, par-tū'ri-ent, a. [L. pario, to bring foith] প্ৰদ্ৰোজ্বী, আদ্যান্ত্ৰসৰ্ব : আস্থ্ৰসৰ্বী, Bringing or about to bring forth young.

Parturition, par-tu-rishun, n. अन्य भन्नान ; The act of bringing forth.

Party, par'te, n. খন; A faction:—খন; কোন বিশেষ উল্লেখ্য মিলিড অনসমূহ; A set of people united for a particular purpose:—জনতা; An assembly —শন, Side, cause:—আজি বিশেষ; A particular person:—সেনাখন, A detatchment: —বাৰী বা প্ৰিয়ালী, The plaintiff or defendant: —a. খন সম্পূৰ্ণ , বিভিন্ন, বিভক্ক; Belonging to party and not to the whole; parted; divided. Syn:—(n) Clique, cabal, coterie, league, corfederacy, alliunce; company, assembly, gathering, participant, sharer, partaker; litigant, plaintiff or defendant; individual, somebody.

Bo a party to—কোন মন কাৰ্য্যে অন্তের সহিত বোন-বে, Tuke a part with others in (generally, in some bed deed).—কোন কাৰ্য্যে এক পক থাকা; Be interested in (an offsir).

Party-coloured, party-kulard, a. নাৰাবৰ্ধে স্থাতিক, বিভিন্ন অংশে বিভিন্নলৈ স্থাতিক ; Having divers colours.

Party-man, n. नत्त लोक; One holding viclent party principles; a factious man,

Party-spirit, n. नजान्तान, The spirit or animus that distinguishes a party.

Parvenu, par's e-nöö, n. [L. per, quite to, perior to come] নুডন বড় চোক, হঠাৰ বাবু; An upstart, one who has lately become a gentleman or noble. [room over a church-porch. Parvis, n ভোৱাবাপবিদ্য বিনামনিয়: A school-pasch, pask, n. পর্যাধিকো, উৎসব বিশেষ; The Jewish passover, Easter. a = paschal.

Paschal, a. পৰ্ম সৰ্মীয় , উৎসৰ সৰ্মীয় ; Pertaining to the passover or to Easter.

Pasha, Pacha, n. 543 (acris rinautis brill; A title of Turkish officers,

Pashalio, n. Mela wifeta, The jurisdiction [ faces ; A plant of flowers. of a oasha. Pasque-flower, Pasch-flower, n. 177154 Pasquin, paskwin, Pasquinade, paskwin-Ed, n. तान ; निक्रण ; A lampoon or satire :- ए. र. ন্ধেৰ বা বিজ্ঞপ-ভূ ; To lampoon or satire.

Pashallo

Pass, pas, v i. [ L. passus, step ] 571; विकाश-इ; जन्द-इ; To go; move; travel; walk:-चनक्षित्र आंध-र ; To go from one estate to another :-- अहिन ड-इ : To become current :-क्ट ; To occur , happen ; take place :- अवाहि ड-म ; To flow through :- अपूज-इ ; To disappear : -विशिक्ति-र ; शड-इ , To clapse as time :--केलिकिड-इ ; To go unheeded or neglected :-পরিষ্ঠিত-ই; To become changed :-- ম্নোনীত-ই; To be approved; to be regarded .- 4153.8. To fall, as by inheritance :-- চ t অতিক্ৰম- কু , অভিবাহিত-কু, To go beyond, to go by or over: -বাপন-কু; To spend:--মগ্রাহ্-কু; উপেন্ধা-কু, To omit; to disregard; to neglect:-(=18-₹; चिक्किन-कृ : To surpass .- [ श्विर इ-कृ ; चारेन-कृ ; To enact :- হতাত্ত্ব-ক : To transfer - প্রাণ্ডিক-F; To give currency to .- - - TT : मत्नोनीज-इ; To approve .—(धर्व-इ; To send: - वहात्र-कृ ; वला , To give forth , to utter :-वाहीन क : To give circulation to : -वन पूर्वक वारिष्ठ-क ; To thrust. Syn :- Be spent, clapse , vanish, disappear, die ; circulate ; be enacted , answer, be unheeded; transmit, deliver. cross; overstep; undergo, experience; exceed, surpass, excet.

Pass, pas, n. [ L. passus, a step ] महीर्व मार्च : महीर् नव , निविमक्डे , A narrow way , a narrow defile .- बन्निंड भन्न , A passport :- बन्ना , मा Condition :- 4171 , A thrust, a push -pl नदीन शान : Dehles Syn .- Road, avenue, gorge, ravine, sale conduct, conjuncture, crisis, extreme case, lunge,

Bring to pass—मण्डा-कृ , माध्येन-कृ , Accomplish; cause to happen.

Come to pass - 7 465-2 , Happen.

Pass an opinion-43 4414-7. To express an opinion. [glen, cutting a mountain chain Mountain pass-faffares , A defile or narrow Pass away- Staffes-E. Disappear - 45-E, भक्तानगड-इ ; Die , depart from life : - नश-कृ , To spend or waste

Pass by-fast first steet, Go near; pars over - उरनका-क ; Overlook , disregard , take no notice of — क्या-कृ. Forgive. — बडीउ ह, অতিক্রম-তু , Pass away.

Pass current-upfers-z, To circulate freely Pass for-cota for afait sins-e; Be received as , take the character of -cata fas बनियां हरन यो उर्ग , Be regarded as - कान किंद्रत मनान हलिड-इ: Be current as, be equal in value to.

Pass from mouth to mouth—প্রচলিভ হ ; To spread; to gain currency.

Pass in the mind—মৰে উদিত-ই; To be the subject of thought, [ Be transferred. Pass 1810-गतिवर्षित-इ ; Change :-- एडावरिक-इ ,

Pass master-son view; To pass through an inspection without censure; to bear examinaf impose upon.

Pass off-wells-E; Vanish:-#3|14|-7; To Pass oneself off as—কোন কিছু বলিবা আপনাকে চালাৰ, Impose upon people by pictending to be. Pass one's word—ৰঙ্গীৰাৰ-ৰু; To promise; to pledge one's self.

Pass out-ANIA-9 ; Depart.

Pass over-more, Overlook; disregard; neglect '- शांत कृतेवा वां का ; क्रांकिया वां क्यां , Cross over ; omit , let pass :- \*\* Forgive.

Pass sentence - 40131-CF

This may pass—হুঙা চলিতে পাৰে।

To let pass —等(中本) 子!

Pass-book, pa book, n. stolbit; পোট আছিলের সেজিলে বাকেৰ খাড়া; A small book in which purchases on credit are entered.

Pass-check, n A ticket of admission to a place of amusement.

Pass-koy, pai-key, n. একাধিক তালা খুলিবাৰ biff, A key which opens a series of locks or commonly a latch-key.

Pass-note, n. A certificate from an employer that the bearer has legally left his last employment.

Pass-word, pas-word, n. 등등 기대가 역약 ; 이죠-मिट्यत तित्मवक अस् , अमना:मण , A word used as a signal by which a friend may be distinguished from a stranger and allowed to pass.

Passablo, pala-bl. o. हननेप, That may be passed .- अक्ष ह : (urrent :- नवाम : कननमह : Tolerable -- পরিবশন স্থ্যক্ষ That may bear i ispection :-- अक्तिव ; Acceptable # # Dassableness, ad=passably Syn - Traversable, navigable, admis ible, moderate, pietty good, fair.

Passage, pasel, n 484; Act of passing -महाजावान, Death - भव , ब्राजा , Way .- मारवन-श्रृत Entrance - भूमन निकात Right of passing : -विश्वक क्ष्म , Enactment -गान्य छा !! ; Fare : -अवाडेन : Journey - बडेना . Occurrence .-अध्यय अक पूर्व , गुक्कावित्र कुछ कार्न , A single clause or part of a book. Syn . - Journey, course, road, route, hall, vestibule, incident, occurrence, clause, sentence, paragraph, extract.

Birds of passage-Migratory birds.

In passage-wal data वित्रही । Passage money - stateles etal; stateless Passage of arms- नान्य . A sharp dispute. Passage to and fro- nisisis i

Passenger, paien-jer, n शादी ; शमनकाती ; One who travells in some public conveyance.

Passer, paser, n. त्रश्नकाती; वाजी; One who passes.

Passer-by, paser-by, n পথিক, পাৰ্বদানী, One who passes near; one who passes by.

Passerine, a box at sis . Pertaining to the order of birds to which the sparrow belongs. Passing, pasing, a. cas, Sept; Surpassing;

eminent :- ado. অভিশয় ; অভিনিক্ত পরিষ্ঠানে ; Bxceedingly; surpassingly.

In passing—क्यां क्षत्रक , नीड क्यांत्र मध्या , क्यांत्र क्यांत्र किंद्र रहां , By the way.

Passing fair wie and , Admirably fair.

Passing-bell, pasing-bel, n. क्याकान कडी; সুডার অব্যবহিত পরে নিনাধিত ঘটা, A bell tolled at [ tention. the hour of a person's death. Passing-notice-state acatests, Slight at-Passion, pashun, n [L passio, from pais, passus, to suffer] কঃ: সহিত্য : কেশভোগ, Suffering: - नांक् अनुवान , (अप , Ardent love .-ৰেষ, Anger, wrath .— দুংগ, Guel — প্ৰবল रेका, Zcal, ardour, eager desire — मानव डेरडक्या , श्राम् अवत डाव ; Mental excitement , strong feeling or agitation of mind -3783 भूषा , Death of Christ -pl मरनद छ,व , भानितक केरब्रक्मांत कांग, त्रिश्वन, The emotions of the mind Syn .- Violence, vehemente, rapture, transport, excitement, pathos tender emotion, affection, attachment, devotion, indignation, fury.

Passion for—কোন বিষয় অন্তঃ অনুরাস, Excessive fondness of desire for [flower, Passion-flower, n পুল বিশেষ, A kind of Passionless, passion-less, a আক্ষা, বিবিধ, Void of passion, not excited to anger.

Passion week, pastiun with n প্রটার ইটার গার্কের
আবার হিত্ত প্রকারী মাই ভি The wich before Easter
Passionate, pashiun মা a উৎবাটা, প্রায়াত, গাঁচ,
Fervent, eirnest, intense—কোষ্ণীল, কোণালআবার, kasily moved to anger—কামুক,
Lustiul a l-passionately, n=passionatelless
Syn—Irascible irritable, angry, hasty, fiery,
ardent, whement, animated, enthusiastic,
glowing, impulsive impetuous

Passivo, pasiv, a [L passinus, from patinuss is, to suiter] সতিক, ধৰি নিজ্ঞ, অভিযোগী, Unresisting, not acting, patient, suffering — কর্মান্ত সূচক, Expressing the suffering of an action n=passivity passiveness, ad—passively Syn—Enduring, submissive, quiescent inert inactive.

Passive obedience—Absolute obedience of subjects to a sovereign.

Passivity, pasivi-ti, n নিকেটুল Inactivity Passman, pasman n অন্তর্গত প্রীকাণপ্রীকোত্তীর্গ লোক, One who gains increty an ordinary pass or degree at the Oxford examinations

Passover, pas-5-1er, n. केडमेरक वादिक शक वित्यव A Jenish fe tival, neu Easter

Passport, picolit, n কোন দেশে অবৰ কৰিবায় আবেশ-পত্ৰ, বিদেশে অধ্যতি প্ৰতি কৰিবায় কৰেক, A written warrant granting permission to travel in a foreign country.

A passport to—ছাড়, বাজাতে প্ৰাৰণ কান্তের বা শাইবার স্থাবিধা ক্ৰে, That which gives access to, that which enables one to grain

Past, past, pa p ভূতকালীৰ, Of pass — a পত আজীত, সমাপিত, Cione by, clapsed — prep. শুলে, ৰাগালের বাহিৰে Further than out of reach — একংগ অপম, No longer capable of — বিকটালিয়া, By Sin — (a) Not present or future, anded, accomplished.

Be a thing of the past - gaiter fairle, with

ৰাই, Have ceased to exist, have passed away. That is past praying for কাৰ্য ইয়া শিষ্টাহ, এবন আর কোন উপার নাই, The thing is done and prayers will be of no avail now, there is no remedy or help now [passed, esp time. The past—গত কাল, অতীত কাল, That which has Paste, past, n. আটা, লেই, কাই, Soft sticky substance, a cement of flour and water, flour and water mixed for cooking—v f আটা বাৰ্য বোডা, কাচ দিয়া বোডা, To fasten with paste.

Pasteboard, pastebord, n colection, fonces ;
A stiff board made of sheets of paper pasted together &c

Pastime, pastim, n. wirth, anth, Amusement, recreation Syn —Entertainment, diversion, sport, play

Pastor, pastor, n [L pasco, to feed] ধাৰ্মাপ্ৰেশক, ধর্মাজক, A clergyman, minister; patson —্মেল্পাজক, A shepherd.

Pastoral, pastur-al, a. আমা, Rustic relating to shepherds —আচাৰা সম্মান, বাজকার, Clarical — ল গোপ কাব্য, রাধান ক্বিচা, A poem descriptive of shepherds:—মেৰণাস্কৰ্য বা ভাইাদেৰ জীবন সম্মান, Pertaining to shepherds or shipherd lite —বাজকীয় পত্ৰ বা উপদেশ, A pastoral letter or address.

Pastorate, pastur at, Pastorship, n. প্রো-হিতের পদ, হালকের পদ বা অধিকার, The office of a pastor, the jurisdiction of a pastor

Pastorly, pastur-li, a. visits 55, Becoming a pastor.

Pastry, pistin. n পিটক, Food made of paste, as pics, puddings &ে — পিটক'দি বন্ধন বা কৌনল, I he act or ait of making articles of paste

Pastrycook, pistri kook, n পিছক-পাচৰ, শিহক-বিক্ৰো, One who cooks or sells pastry Pasturable, pistur-a-bl, a পড় চ'বশ্যোগ্য, Fit for pasture

Pasturage, pastur-al n পোনারণ ভূমি, চারণ ভূমি, Grazing ground —চাবণ ভূপ (x ass for feed Pasture, pastur n. পাবচারণ ভূপ খান, Grass for grazing, food for cattle —চারণ ভূমি, Grazing ground ground covered with grass for

zing ground ground covered with grass for grazing — ত ' চৰাৰ, তুণ পৰাৰ কু, To feed on pasture, to supply with grass — ত ঃ চয়া, তুণ ক্ষম্পূৰ্, To feed on pasture, to graze

Pasty, p1: n পিছক নিশেষ . A small pie of crust rased without a dish — a কাইছুলা, Like paste

Pat, pat স চপ্ত, মৃত্ত আৰ্থচ কিল্ল আৰ্থান্ত , A light quick blow as with the hand or finger — গ গৈ চপ্তান ক্ৰিৰ ক্ৰান্ত কৃ, lo tap — a. উপযুক্ত , Convenient , exactly suitable

Patch, puch e t তালি দে, কৰ্মানাশে নীৰ্থ সংখ্যাৰ-কু, lo mend by swing on a piece, to repair clumsily — টুকরা লইবা তৈলার কু, lo make up of pieces — r ভালি, A piece sewed or put on — নাম ভূবৰ, A plot

Patch up —এক বকম করিল তালিকে; Mend in এন্য nav —তালিতুলি দিলা একনপ ধাটা করা, Mend no as to present no delect apparently —একনশ্ ক্রিলা ধাড়া কু, Get up —তাড়াতাড়ি কবিনা-কু; ভাড়াভাডি কিছু করিয়া কেলা; To make suddenly or hastily.

Patch-work, pachwurk, n. ডালির কান্ত; Work made up of pieces or patches of all kinds:— ক্রারুপে সভার কার্য, ক্রারুপে সমাহিত কার্য; A thing patched up or clumsily executed.

Pate, pat, n. মডিড; মাধার পুলি; The skull-pan; the crown of the head; the head.

Paten, paten, n. [ L. patina, a plate ] খুষ্টোংসবে উৎকৃষ্ট কৃতি রাখিবার আধার: The plate for the consecrated broad in the Eucharist.

Patent, patent, a. [ L. patens, ppr of patere, to be open ] লাই; প্রতাক, প্রকান ; গৃত্তমান ; Plain; conspicuous , public , open :—বিলেবৰণে রক্তিত ; প্রনারবাদিন, Protected by special purvilege, as by letters patent; spreading .—n. বিলেবাধিকার পত্র ; An official document, open but sealed at the foot, conferring a privilege :

—ত. f. বিলেবাধিকাণ পত্র প্রদান কবা বা প্রান্ত হওবা . To grant or secure by a patent. Syn:—(a) evident, manifest, apparent, obvious.

Letters patent—প্ৰকাপ বাচালা প্ৰ।

Patent medicine—পাটেট উষ্ ; Medicine sold, labelled with a government stamp.

Patent office, n. Government office for issuing patents.

Patent right—forms where; An exclusive right to the use of an invention conferred by government for a certain term of years.

Patent-rolls, n. The records or registers of Patent.

Patentable, patent-a-bl, a. বিশেষ অধিকায় পত্ৰ প্ৰদান বা প্ৰাণ্ডিৰ যোগা; Capable of being patented. Patentee, pa-tent-c', n. বিশেষ অধিকারপ্রাপ্ত ব্যক্তি; One who holds a patent, one to whom a patent is granted.

Paternal, pa-ternal, n. [L. paternus, from pater, a father] পৈতৃক; Pertaining to or derived from a father:-পিতৃত্বা; Fatherly:পিক্তিত, Hereditory, ad-p ternally

Paternity, pa-ter'ni-ti. n পিছৰ , জনকৰ , পিছ'ব কৰিকাৰ বা সৰক ; Fatherhood ; fathership — মূপ , আদি , উৎত্তৰ ; উৎপত্তি ; Origination or authorship. Paternoster, pat-er-noiter, n. ভৱৰা ; প্ৰেৰ অ'বৰা ; The Lord's prayer , Christ's prayer.

Paternoster Row, n. প্রনের একটা রাপ্তার নাম; A street in London, puncipally occupied by book-sellers.

Path, path, n [Skr. patha, from path, to go ] রাষ্ট্রা; পাখ; বল্প . A way; truck, road .— কাব্যার, কাব্য করিবার মীডি; Course of action or conduct — উপদেশ; নৈচিক লাগন. Precepts, moral Government. Syn:—Course, oute, passage, avenue; track, footway.

Cross one's path— राष (प्रदर्ग ; Thwart one ; come in one's way so as to thwart one.

Pathetic, pa-thetik, n. [G pathetikos, from pathetn, to suffer ] কৰণ, ন্ধানালী; Affecting or moving the tender environs; touching. ani=pathetically, n=patheticalness. Syn.—Affecting, moving; melting, tender, plaintive.

The pathetic—ৰেন্দ্ৰিক উৰ্থাণ্ড বাৰ্ডাণ্ড্ৰিড ইং

भाग्य ; The style or manner fitted to excite passions, especially emotions.

Pathless, pathles, a. প্ৰনাইত : প্ৰচীৰ : প্ৰতিক বিনাহিত : Having no path : untrodden.

Pathologiat, pa-tholo-jist, n. নিৰাৰ পালতত্বিং ; লোগনিদালাভিজ ; One versed in pathology.

Pathology, pa-tholo-ji, n. [Gr. pathos, suffering, logos, discourse ] নিষাৰ শাৱ; Science of diseases. a = pathologic, pathological (নিষাৰ সম্মীয়); ad=pathologically.

Pathos, páthos, n. কল্পা; Passion; deep feeling — প্ৰবৰ্ষা পভীৱাপুত্তির প'ৰভূটন; The expression of strong or deep feeling.

Pathway, pathwa, n নোকলন বাডায়াডের রাডা; সকীৰ্ণি প্ৰভাশন পৰ . A foot-path , a way :— কৰ্মণছডি ; দা'দাবিক নিমে , A course of life.

Patience, pashens, n. স্থিকুতা; অধ্যবস্থ ; Suffering without complaint; perseverance.

Pationce is bitter but its fruit is sweet — সর্বে মেওল ফলে।

Tore the patience of job—মতিস্থিক বাজিৰ। বিশ্বজ্ঞ বোশ-ৰ, Exhaust the patience of Job himself (who was the type of patience).

Patient, pashe-ent, a. [ l. patient, ppr of pati, to sufter ] সহিছু, অংকাৰন, অবাননারী; Sustaining pain &c, without murmuring; not easily provoked, persevering —n. চিকিৎনাৰ বাজি; A person under medical treatment. ad=patiently. Syn:—(a) Submissive, resigned, unrepining, long-suffering; persevering, persistent, constant. [ during.

Patient of — সভ করিতে সক্ষম, Capable of en-Patois, pat-wan, n. গামা ওগা; হতন ভাগা; Dialect peculial to the lower classes, a vulgar dialect.

Patriarch, patri-ark, n. [Gr patria, lineage —puter, a father, and arche, a beginning ] বংশালুদানান্যামী পানিবাহিক শাসনকর্ত্তা, কুলপাত, গোউর প্রধান, Father or head or a family:—ধুতাংক, ইপরিত্ব বৃত্তিকেরী ধর্মান্তক, A dignitary superior to an archbishop

Patriarchal, putriarchic, Patriarchic, putriarchic, putriarchic, কুলপাত সম্পূৰ্ম , মুখ্যমুক্ত সম্পূৰ্ম , Belonging or subject to a patriarch

Patriarchate, pā-tri-arkāt, n. ধর্মাধানের পদ বা অধিকার; The office or jurisdiction of a Patriarch of church dignity.—পেটিয়াকের বাদয়ান, The residence of a patriarch.

Patriarchism, pátri-ark-izm, n. প্রথিকের লাসন; পারিবারিক কর্তার পাসন; Government by a patriarch; the Government by the head of a family.

The Patriarchs, n. A term applied to Abraham, Isac, Jacob and his twelve sons.

Patrician, pa-trishan, n. [L. pater, patris, a father ] সম্ভাৱ বাজি; ভয়বোক, Roman of old nobility; a nobleman:—a. সমান্ত; মহুৰ, Pertaining to a patrician or noblemen; noble.

Patrimonial, pat-ri-mo'ni-al, c. fregorie est: with yanger esto Goulleward est. laburged from ancestors, ed = patrimonially.

Petrimony, patri-mun-i, n. [ L. pater. patris, a father ] रेणक्क-मणितः हेडवाधिकातः Right or estate inherited from one's fathers.

Patriot, patri-ot, n. [Gr. patrios, of one's father or fatherland ] দেশ-হিতৈবী; ৰদেশ-হিতেবী; ষাত্তবিশ্ব স্থেক ; One who loves and serves his nation or native land.

Patriotic, pa-tri-otik, a. परम्पानुबक्तः परमण-হিভৈণী ; Loving one's country —সাধারণের হিতকর ; Directed to the public welfare. ad=patriotically. Patriotiam, patri-ot-izm, n. चरनवानुत्रान : चरनव-রোম ; ৰদেশহি: চৰিকা ; Love of one's country.

Patristic, Patristical, a. গৃষ্টধার্থর আবিপুক্রপণ-平野日 : Pertaining to the ancient fathers of the Christian church.

Patrol, pa-trul, n. colfe; পাগৰা; Going the rounds in a watch :- अहती ; श्विम्भकाती अहती ; Watchman who goes his rounds, mounted police-man:--ण. i. (होकि-प , स्नानित्तरम भागात्री भिवाद बक्र पृत्रिता विद्राम , To go the rounds in a camp or garrison: -- v. t. পাছায়া দিবার ক্ষত

Patron, pairtin, n. [ L. pater, patris, a father ] প্রতিপোৰক ; মুরন্ধি ; A protector , one who countenances :-- ধর্মরারর অধিকারী: One who has the gift and disposition of benefice. the Pope Cardinal patron, n. The prime minister of Patron of learning-विकारनारनारी

Patron saint-In the Roman Catholic church, some saint as-u ned as a guardian either of person or of a place.

Patronago, patrun-Aj. n. Aleiti; আৰুবুলা; The support of a patron; special support :-অভিভাবকত, Guardian hip - - শব্ৰুৱাণি প্ৰদান कतित व अधिकांव : The right of bestowing offices, privileges or church benefices.

Patronoss, patrun-es, n fem of patron मुत्रकिनी। Patronise, pátrun-iz, v. t. महाय-क् , आहुक्ता-क् ; विश्वविद्युव अंग-इ: To support countenance, to assume the air of a patron to; to act as patron to. n=patroniser. Syn :- Fayour,

Patronymic, pat-ro-nimik, a. [Gr. pater, father, and onoma, name ] লোক নাম; পৈতিক न'व : The family name.

Patronymic, Patronymical, a. পৈত্ৰিৰ নাম क्रेटड नह, Derived from the name of a father or ancester.

Patten, paten, n. बाह्य लागान , बाह्य लाज ; The base of a pillar -- हर्द्रशाहकारक आम् हा इहेटह উন্নত বাণিব'ৰ জল্প ভারমত্ব কাগপাছকা বিশেব; A wooden clog mounted on an iron ring to raise the feet above water.

Patter, pafer, v. i. ठपुष्ठप्र भय-कृ ; कड्रेशह भएम श्रिड-5; To strike in quick succession, as hail.

Pattern, patern, n [F. patron, patron and pattern ] नमूना , आंतन ; महाय ; A model , a sample, an example .-- v. f. नकत-कृ , जाननं चत्रनfollowed. Syn :- Archetype, exemplar; original, precedent; specimen, instance; figure, shape, style.

Pattle, n. नाजन पक ; A plough-staff. Patty, pati, n. कृत शिक्षेत्र शिराय ; A little pies : -वा न- एन ; A pastry.

Paucity, paw'sit-e, n. [ L. paucus, few, little ] भवाता ; नावला ; Fewness ; smallness of number or quantity. Syn :- Deficiency, exiguity.

Paul Fry, n. अनिदिशंत दर्कानारी: Meddling busy body. to the Apostie Paul. Pauline, paw'lin, a. সাধক পল সহজীব ; Belonging Paunch, pansh, n. देवद . बाह्यकृति ; लाउ ; अवाद भाकप्रती ; The belly and it contents ; the first and largest stomach of a ruminant :- v.f. পেট /हज़ी ; अब कि हिया वाहिव-कृ ; To piece or rip the belly of ; to exiscerate.

Paupor, paw'per, n. গবিব : দবিদ্র লোক : কারাল : ভিশাজীৰী. One maintained in a work-house or at the public expense; a poor person.

Pauperise, paw'per-iz, v t. way-7, wifacer উপনীত-ৰ . Te reduce to pauperism. n=pauperi-

Pauperism, pawper-izm, n. क्विजा, क्विजा; State of bring pauper. Syn .- Poverty, indigence, penury, want, need, destitution, beggary, mendicancy.

Pause, pawz, n. [ C. pausis, from pausin, to cease ] विविध् ; विकास ; Stop ; suspense :-বিরাম চিক্ , A mark for cessation of the voice: -v. s. विश्वत-इ ; To make a short stop. Syn :-(n) Stay, discontinuance, cessation, intermission, interval, respite, interruption, suspense, hesitation, point, cæsura.

Pausingly, pawzing-li, ad. मरण मरण विश्वक Farl; With pauses, by breaks.

Pave, pav, v.f. इंडेक दा अलब नमान । अलब बाहा आक्रांबन-क : To lay or cover with brick or stone :-- প্রস্তুত- বৃ : To prepare. n=paver, pavier. Pave the way for-পণ পৰিধাৰ-কু, কোনও কিছুৱ बहेन। महत्त-कृ, Preprie the way for, to render possible or easy :-- বে'ন বিহুব কল পৰ প্ৰত করা; Facilitate the introduction of.

Pavement, pavment, u. भारत इंडा ; भारत नात्तद (ACE : A paved causeway or floor

Pavillion, pa-silvun, n তাবু, পটমতপ; শিবির; A tent, tent-like covering; building with a dome ; a tent raised on posts :- ए. र. छात्र योगान ; পটন্তপ বারা সজ্জিত-কৃ, To furnish with paviwho pares. llions.

Papior, pivyur, n. त अवनिति विकास करत : One Paw, n. नवानिव धारी; वानानव नव. The foot of tea ts of prey -- ए. हे. थायो भाउ। , अध्रम मृतिकारिक क्ष-क : To draw the forefoot along the ground like a horse -v. t. 4497 4141 469-7; To scrape with the forefoot :- 4141 4.31 : To handle with the paws :-- অত্ৰপদ বিষা চাঁচিয়া কেলা; To handle roughly .- colattain ; To flatter.

Pawed, pawd, s. anent; Broad-footed. Pawk, n. ভোট बांडीव नहां हिस्सी . A small lobster. Pawky, pawki, a. कृतित ; शुक्र , Arch.

To copy; serve as an example to be | Pawl, n unfine fices; ficesinia bieia wise; A short bar; a catch.

Pawn, pawn, n वक्क ; वक्क बांचा जिनित ; Something given as security for the repayment of money : -- भाव (पनात त्वादह ; A common piece in chess :- v. f. रक्क- (7 ; To give in pledge.

Pawn-broker

Pawn-broker, pawhbrok-er, n. বছৰ-এইণ-কারী; বছৰএইতা (উত্তৰ্গ); One who lends small sums on pledge. Syn :- Gage, security. Pawner, pawher, n. वसक्लाठा, वसक्लाबी ( अश्म ) : One who gives a pledge as security for money borrowed.

Pawwax, pakśwaks, n. বকুং; বভ বড় প্রব 请 ; The strong tendon in the neck of large quadrupeds,

Pay, pa. v. t. [ F. paier, L. pacare, to pacify ] ৰণ পরিশোধ-ক ; শোধা ; To discharge as debt :-পুরসার-কু; To reward: - আসকাতবা প্রভৃতি বেপন-F: To smear with tar, pitch &c. - We (4; भाष्डि-त्व , To punish :-- ण. i. शुक्कां इ-क ; कठिश्वन-🔻 ; To recompense :- n. (वडन , बकुति ; Salary ; wages :- etcl , Hire pt. p. p. paid. Syn :- (n) Settle, liquidate, cash, fuifil, compensate, requite, remunerate ; revenge upon.

Be in the pay of-काशांवड देवां बांडशं ( विक त्वजन नत्र किञ्च (वडन अक्ष), Receive money regularly from some one (not salary for any authorized or legitimate service, but for some service not exactly legitimate ).

Full pay-পুরা বেতন।
Pay back-প্রিপোধ-কু; Repay.

Pay court - 393 (74)7; To show civilities.

Pay dear for the whistle-To get any advantage at too great cost.

Pay dearly for- कान कि इत कल एक उन में टार्न-क ; (कान कार्यात अन्न भावि भावमा ; Pay a heavy penalty for.

Pay for-(कान किनिरमत ) माम लक्ष्मा ; मना-रम ; কভিপুর্ব-ক ; Pay the price of (any purchased); make amends :-কোন ছুকুতির ফল ভোগ-কু, পাংপর প্রাকৃতির-ক ; Atone for something by suffering some punishment; atone for-

Pay homege-সন্মান অসপন-ক ; To render respect; show reverence.

Pay into - कान शाल होका क्या (नहरा।

Pay off-(मना श्रीवर्गाय-क: Settle with and get rid of . discharge ( a debt ) :-- পांत्रनात्र द्याहेश विशे कर्भ श्रेट कवान-त्व ; Pay and discharge one . — প্রতিধান-ক : To requite :—প্রতিবোধ নওছা : Take revenge upon.

Pay one back—ডাটে গোৰ দেৱলা; ডাটে দোৱা-বোপ-ৰু, Return a charge.

Pay one back in his own coin-(4 41519 ৰাপ সেই কাঠার পোধ-বে; Return like for like, [ to eck in marriage.

Pay one's addresses - antique - 4, To court, Pay one's own or the same coin-43-শোৰ প্ৰয়া ; To retort , to retaliate.

Pay one's respects—河南(平); To visit as a matter of ceremony or courtesy.

Pay one's score-হিনাবে বাহা দেনা হয় ভাষা पिका, (य बड़ा नांप डाहा बाद्ध नड़ा; Pay what one owes, bear the charges.

Pay one's way-निवाद भन्न होनान ; त्यमा मा क्षित्र निराम बन्न होनान ; Meet one's expenses ; meet one liabilities without being in debt.

Pay out-何表示; 时时( \*\*\*); To cause to run out, as rope. [ according to ability. Pay scot and lot-नांशायनांत क्यात्य ; Pay taxes Pay the debt of nature-an ; Die.

Pay the forfeit, Pay the penalty of-we ভোগ-ড়; কোন ছুড়ভির অঞ্চ কল ভোগ-ড়; To suffer for; suffer the punishment incurred by (some misdeed).

Pay the paper-cent efficience; workers: To settle the bill; to suffer the consequencesespecially of extravagant, unwise and foolish acts.

Pay the piper -- नमक बंबर्ग वो क्यांटे वहन-क !

Pay up-नगड (गना (नाव-कृ: नगड गांडना (नावा ; Pay punctually or what is required; pay fully. Payablo, pa'a-bl, a. (नव ; वारनव : ग्रियानीय ; That ought to be paid.

Paybill, n. List of names and wages due to each.

Payclerk-(4 (454 (45; One who pays wages. Payday-বেতন দিবার দিবস ; Day fixed for payments to be made.

Payee, pa-e', n পांडनानांत्र ; वार्यत्र अहीकां ; One to whom money is to be paid.

Paymaster—त्व (वडन (वद ; (वडनगंडा कर्यहांत्री ; প্রাণ্ডা; (ব্রন্সাধা; An officer whose duty it is to pay wages.

Payment, pament, n. होका (क्टमा; अनीव: गुनिन्मा ; The act of paying ; that which is paid :- श्री डमान , श्रीवात : Recompense ; reward. Pay-office-বেধানে টাকা দেৱ ; The office for the payment of the public money.

Paynim, Painim, n. পোড निक. A pagan.

Pes, pe, n बढेत ; क्लांड ; A plant and its seed. p! = peas ( मःशा वृक्षाहर ); pease ( ममह दा वाणि व्याहरङ )।

Peace, pes, n. vila . Beris-fagie : A state of quiet ; freedom from disturbance :- " Freedom from wat :-- वक्षाव , (भवता ; Friendliness : — ঝেব , Harmony, concord :-- বিজ্ঞান ; Calm ; rest .- [नवकड] , Silence :- int. हुन कह ; जीकी \$3, fra \$3; Silence; hist. Syn :- (n) Repose, peacefulness, stillness; concord, amity; truce, armistice.

Bind one over to keep the peace- astall व्यात्रक ; Oblige one to behave well under penalties in case of misbehaviour.

Silent. Breach of peace-wife we ! Hold one's peace- हुन-कृ ; (बोमावनचन-कृ ; Be Make one's peace - 14 14 175-2; To reconcite or become reconciled. enmity.

Make peace- 7 4-7; To put an end to war or Peaceable, peia-bl, a. मास ; भाविवाद ; भाविवाद ; ()uiet , tranqui n=peaceableness, ad = peaceably. Syn :- Peaceful, pacific, amicable. friendly; gentle, mild, serene, still, undisturbed.

Peaceful, peifool, a. Migan; Mis; Aus; arte : Quiet ; tranquil ; still ; calm ; serene. ad=peacefully (FIT FIT); n = peacefulness (FIT वा आधुकाद) । Syn :-Still, undisturbed, serene ; mild, gentle, friendly, amicable,

Peacemaker, psimaker, n. মুগ্ৰ-সংখ্যাক; শান্তি-সংখ্যাক; One who makes or promotes peacs by reconciling persons at variance.

Peaco-offering, ped-offering, n. মজনাৰ্থ উৎসৰ্গ ;
ইছদিনিকাৰ ইম্বানেকে উৎস্থ নৈনেনা; বলি ; Among
the Jews, an offering to God, either in devout
thankfulness for past or petition for future
mercies; satisfaction offered to an offended
person.

Peace-officer, pēśofis-er, n. শান্তি-বন্ধৰ-,
Justice of peace or constable; a police-officer.
Peace-party, pēs-par'ti, n. শান্তি প্ৰদাৰল্মকানী;
নালনৈতিক সন্মানান; A political party advocating
the preservation of peace. [fruit. a=peachy.
Peach, pēch, n. পিচু বাছ ও কল; A tree and its
Peach-coloured, a. পিচু ক্ৰেৰ ভাৱ বৰ্ণনিৰিট্ট;
আ-লোহিড; Of the colour of a peach blossom;
pale-red.

Peacock, pëkok, n. 1911; He-hen; a large gallinaceous bird remarkable for the beauty of

its plumage. fem=peahen.

Pea-hon, n. ব্যুৱী; The female of the pea-cock.

Peak, pek, n. পক্ষৰুত্ব: ভূচা; শিবর; অগ্রভাগ,
Sharp top of a bill; a point; the pointed end
of anything, a peaked; peakish. [a point.
Peaked, pekt, a. ক্ষাগ্র. Pointed; ending in
Peakish, pekish, a. শিবর্থিনিই; Having peaks.
Pea-jacket, pe-jaket, n. এক আকার বোটা পদ্মী
ভাতেই (আমা); A coarse thick woolen jacket
worn by scamen. [pebbles.
Pebbled, Pebbly, a. ক্ষুড্পন্ধ্যয়, Full of

আৰ ; পাণাস্থা . Liable to sin. n = peccability.

Peal, pel, v. i. উজ্জ্পনি-ড় ; শ্ব-ড় . To utter or
give forth loud or solemn sounds:—v. t. প্র
ক্রিয়া আক্রমণ-ড় ; ধ্বিড-ড় ; ব্ধান ; To assail
with noise; to celebrate:—n. ক্রি: বৃহরাদ ;
নিনাদ : উজ্জ্পন ; A loud sound:—পরপর সরবদ্ধ
বটাশ্রেই ; The changes rung upon a set of bells.

Pean—See Pacan. [ and its fruit.

Peocable, pera-bl, a. [ 1. pecco, to sin ] 919-

Pear, par, n. বৃক্ষ বিশেষ; সমাল কল গিংশৰ; A tree.
Pearl, perl, n. মুক্তা; মতি; রকু; মণি. Whitish
gem; a shining gem, found in several shellfish; something very precious: a jewel:—a.
মণিসম্মীয়; মুকালিমিড; মৌকিক, Made of or
pertaining to pearl:—v. t. মণি মান মান ক্রিক্টেই;
মুক্তা বসাম; To set or adorn with pearls.

Cast pearls before the swine—টন্যনে যুক্তা ছ্যান; Offer something valuable to one who is unable to appreciate it, cast away, waste.

Pearl-diver, n. One who seeks pearls beneath the sea. [ the eye.

Pearl-eyed, a. Having a white speck on Pearl-fishery, n. Where pearls, oysters lie. Pearl-fishing—সমূত্ৰ ক্টতে মুড়া উট্ডোলন ৷

A pearl necklace—माजन माना।

Pearl-oyster, ন. ওজি ; মৌজিৰ ওজি ; A bivalve from which pearls are obtained.

Pearly, perli, a. খোজিক; মণিনন্ন; মণিনন্ধীন;
বুজাৰং, মুজাৰাজ; বুজানাজ; Containing or resembling pearls:—বাছ; নিৰ্মান; বিশুদ্ধ; Clear; transparent; pure, n=pearliness.

Peasant, pefant, n. [F. paysan, from L. pagus, the country ] কৃষ্
 ; চাৰা; A rustic :— s.
প্রামা : বামাৰ ; Rustic, rural. 'Syn :— Country-man, swain, hind.

Peasantry, pežant-ri, প. কৃষক্ষণ; চাৰাসকল; অংকীবীসভাগাৰ; Rustics; labourers.

Peat, pet, n. মানের চাণ্ডা; উদ্ভিদের পঢ়া পিকড়বিশিষ্ট স্বিকা; Turf in bogs; a turf cut for fuel. a= peaty.

Pebble, pcbl, n. বৃদ্ধি; ছোট পাধর; বছ পরকলা; A small rounded stone; transparent and colour-less rock-crystal. e=pebbled.

Peccadillo, pek-a-dillo, n. [L. peccatum, a sin] লয় লোৰ; সামাত আগমান: A petry fault; a venial offence. pl-peccadillos.

Peccant, pekant, a. [ L. peccans, ppr. of peccare, to sin ] (कार्य) ; (कार्यकार्य) ; कार्यकार ; क्रेट ; Transgressing ; guilty ; corrupt ; bad. n=peccancy, ad=peccantly. Syn:—Sinning, erring, guilty, criminal; morbid, not healthy, corrupting, malignant

Peccary, n. দৰিশ ঝামেরিকার প্ররাকার চতুপদ ভঙ্ক বিশেষ; A hog-like quadruped in South America.

Peck, pek, n. গরিবাপ বিশেষ; এক ব্ৰেণেরের চতুর্বাংশ;
A dry measure, 2 gallons or 1 of a bushel:—
v. f. চকু যারা প্রহণ-ক; চকু যারা গৃটিরা লওবা; To pick up with the beak:—পূন: পূন: আঘাত-ক; চকু যারা ঠোকর মারা; To strike with repeated blows.

Pecker, pekér, n. বে ঠোকর মারে; কাঠটোকরা পাথা; A wood-pecker.

[ to find fault.
Peckish, a. কুবিড; ছিলাবেনী; Hungry, disposed
Peotinal, pekin-al, a. [ L. pecter, pectinis, a comb ] চিকলী সম্পান ; চিকলী সমুল; Pertaining to or like a comb:—n. মংজ বিশেষ; A fish with bones like the teeth of a comb.

Pectinate, pektin-at, Pectinated, pektin-at-ed, a. চিক্ৰীৰ হতেৰ স্থায়; চিক্ৰীৰ স্থায় ; চিক্ৰীৰ স্থায়; চিক্ৰীৰ স্থায় ; চিক্ৰীৰ স্থায় ; Resembling the teeth of a comb. n = pectination, ad=pectinately.

Peotination, n. for \$175 nigs; The state of being pectinated.

Pectoral, pektor-al, a. [ L. pectus, pectoris, the breast ] ৰকাণ্ডল সমজীয় ; ককা সংকাত্ত ; Relating to the chest — বকাণ্ডলের ভালা ; A pectoral fin :—বকোনোগোল উৰধ ; A medicine for complaints of the chest.

Poculate, pe'u-lat, v. t. [ L. peculium, private property ] হয়ণ; রাজনোবছ ধন আগহরণ-তৃ; To steal; embezzle money; rob the public. n=peculation (রাজনোবছ ধন আগহরণ; ভত এবঃ হয়ণ); peculator (ভত এবঃ হরণকার)। Syn:—(n) Misappropriate, purloin, steal.

Peculator, n. नाशांत्र श्नांत्रव्याकांत्री . One who embezzles public money.

Poculiar, pē-kū'le-ar, a. [L. peculium, private property] farta; unitata; unitata; unitata; unitata; unitata; anitata; Appropriate; strange; particular; singular. n=peculiarity (fartata; fartata; unitata; unita

Poculier to—त्वरण अहे वसाउ वा शक्ति उत्था वास, षड विद्युख वा काहारक दश्या वास ना ; Belonging exclusively to.

Pecuniary, pe-ku'ni-ar-i, a. [L. pecunia, money] আৰ্থিক; অৰ্থসমূদ্ধীয়; Relating to money. ad=pecuniarily.

Pedagogio, ped-a-gojik, Pedagogical, ped-a-gojik-al, a. মিত্ত-শিক্ষ স্থানীয়, Belonging to a teacher of children:—শিক্ষা-স্থানীয়, Relating

to teaching.

Pedagogios, ped-a-gojiks, Pedagogy, peda-goj-i, n. শিকা-বিজ্ঞান; অধ্যাপনা-বিজ্ঞান; শিক্ষতা কায়; The science of teaching.

Pedagogue, peda-gog, n. [Gr pais, paidos, a boy, agogos, a leader] শিত্তদিগের শিক্ষ, বিন্যায়িমানী; শুক্ত মহাপন্ন; A teacher of children, schoolmaster; pedant.

Pedal, pedal, a. [ L. pedis, the foot ] পদ সংক্রান্ত; পদ সম্বান্তীয়, Belonging to foot :—n. বাদ্যবন্ধের বে আংশ পদ দারা চালিড হল ; পা-দান ; A lever or key of a piano or organ moved.

Pedant, pedant, n. পাছতাতিমানী; বিদ্যাভিমানী, বিদ্যাভিমানী; Self-conceited school-master; vain or awkward pretender to learning. a pedantic, pedantical.

Pedantic, Pedantical, a. পাছিলাভিমানী; পাছিতমত্ত, Vamly displaying knowledge.

Pedantry, pedant-ri, n. গাভিজ্যভিষ্যৰ ; গাভিজ্য অংশৰ ; A vain and useless display of knowledge.

Peddle, pedl, v. i. ফেরি করিবা বিকর-ক : বিকরার্থ কেরি করিবা বেডান : To travel about with a bundle of goods for sale, to hawk -- v. f. করে কর করিবা বিকর-ক : বৃচরা বিকর-ক ; To retail in very small quantities

Peddler, Pedler, Pedlar, pedler, n. কেরি-জ্বালা, One who carries goods about for sale in a box or pack; a hawker, a travelling trader

Peddlery, pedier-i, n. কেরি গ্রনারার বাবসাথ, The trade of a peddler —কেরি ওয়ালার ভিনিসপত্র; কেরি-জ্যালার গণাত্রবা; The wares sold by a peddler.

Peddling, n. কেরিওছালার ব্যবসায়, The trade of j

Pedestal, pedes-tal, n. [L. pes. pedis, the foot, and it. stallo, a place ] অৱস্থ , অন্তেৰ প্ৰাদ্ধেশ ; তাত্তৰ পাৰভূমি ; The foot or base of a pillar. Pedestrian, pe-destrian, a [L. pes, pedis the foot] প্ৰভাৱ প্ৰস্থান , প্ৰভাৱ সন্থানিত ; Going on foot; performed on foot :—n. প্ৰভাৱক, প্ৰভাৱ প্ৰস্থানী, One journeying on foot, an expert walker. n=pedestrianism.

Pedestrianism, n. 97308 939; 9195139; Travelling, walking.

Pedicel, pedi-sel. Pedicle, pedi-kl, n. [ [... pes, pedis, the foot j कर वा भरता वृष. भूभवृष, The little foot stalk by which a leaf or fruit is fixed on the tree.

Pedigree, pede-প্লাই, n. ক্ৰমী, বংশাবদী; বংশাব্-ক্ৰম, বংশপত্ৰিকা; Lineage, geneology. Syn.— Descent, register of ancestors.

Pediment, pedi-ment, ল ছাতের সমুধভাবে বারো-প্ৰিয়িত বিংল্'বাকার গাঁধুনি; Triangular part over

an entablature, a - pedimental. [baptisms. Pedobaptism, n. (বৃষ্টারে ) বৈশ্ববীকা, Infant Pedobaptist, n. বৈশ্ব-দীকানুৱাৰী; One who holds to infant baptism.

Pedometer, n. পাণ্চারণ গুরহমান যন্ত্র বিশেষ: পাল-ক্ষো-গণনার বয়: An instrument for indicating the number of steps. [ধরে; A flower-stalk. Peduncle, pe-dung'kl, n. কুনের উটি), বে হড়িতে মূল Peel, v t. কুর্বা বছল উন্নোচন-কু; হাল ধোলা; ধোলা ছাডান. To strip off the skin or bark; to bare. — লুঠন-কু; To plunder: — v. চ. ধুলিরা আসা; To come off: — n. চর্ম; ফুর, বছল; ছাল; The skin, tind or bark. a=peeled.

Peel, স. কটিলালার কাটের হাতা বা শাবদ : A baker's wooden shovel ; a fire-shovel :— সুত্র মুর্গ . A small fortress.

Poeler, ন. ঘক্-মোচনকারী; One who peels:

নৃষ্ঠনকাৰী; A plunder:—Slang for Policeman.

Poep, pep, ক. t. কুকুটলাবৰের ভাষ শব্দ-কৃ: চি চি
শব্দ-কৃ. ভাকা . To cry as a chicken; to chirp:

— ট'কি মারা , কুটল বৃষ্টি-কৃ. To look through a
narrow space, to look slyly or closely — প্রথম
দেখা-দে, To begin to appear:—ন. কুকুটলাবৰের
ভাক; চি চি শব্দ , The cry of a chicken; chirp —
ট'কি, A sly look —উদর ক্টতে আরম্ভ, উদর, A
beginning to appear, first appearance.

At the peep of street, seen when; At the first appearance

Peop of day— প্রকৃষ ; প্রকৃষ , The first streak of light , early in the morning.

Pooper, pēp'ér, n. কুটিৰ দৃষ্টি কেপক, কুকুটলাবক; One who peeps; a chicken just breaking the shell.

Peophole, Peoping hole, n. क्यांटिक व किस किया दें कि मात्रिका क्यां वाच कारा. A hole or small opening through which one may look without being discovered.

Peepul - जान नाह ।

Peer, per, v : গৃষ্টপোডর-ফ , ফর্লন ফেররা , উপস্থিত ফ , To appear '—কুটল গৃষ্টপাত-ফু , To look narrowly উ'কি মারা , To peep

Poor, pcr. n. [ L. par, paris, equal ] অভিকাত; বুনীৰ, বৰ্ড সভাব সভ: A nobleman. a member of the house of Lords:—সম্ভক, সম্ভুৱা বাজি. An equal, a match —সমী; স্থায়; A comrade, an associate feg=peeress.

Peerage, periaj, n কৃশীৰের পদ ; অভিজাতা ; The rank or dignity of a peer —কুলীৰ জনসমূহ ; অভিজাত সম্প্ৰদায় ; The body of peers.

Peorless, peries, a. অতুন : অতুনৰীয় , অসুনৰ , Matchless ad = peerlessly, n=peerlessness. Syn —Unequalled, incomparable, superlative, unsurpassed

Peevieh, prvish, a. খিট্ছিটে; কোগৰভাৰ, বিয়ক্তি লাখাক; Habitually fretful, easily annoyed n=peevishness (বিট্ছিটে ভাৰ); ad=peevishly (রাগত হয়।)। Syn —Cross, ill-natured ill-tempered, testy, spleeny, irritable, waspish captious, discontented, petulant.

Peg, peg, n. গোঁল ; কানক ; বোটা ; Wooden nai or pin .— v. f. গোঁল বাবা বৰ- ফ ; কানক দিবা আৰম্ভ ফ , To fasten with a peg, a — pegged. Paggod, pogd, a. कीवक बाता मरवक ; कीवकविनिष्ठ ;

Fastened or furnished with pegs.

Postop, n. শিপ্তবিষয় ক্রীড়ানক বিশেষ; A child's plaything for spinning.

Pekoe, peko, n. হুপৰি কৃষ্ণ চা ; A scented black Pelagian, s. সামৃত্যিক ; Pertaining to the sea.

Pelagian, ন. পেলেৰিয়ন নহ্যাসীয় শিব্য ; A follower of Pelagius, a British monk.

Pelagianism, n. পেনেबियन-मीडि; The doctrines of Pelagius.

Pelargonium, n. नाना टाकांत क्लगांक; A genus of beautiful flowering plants.

Polf, pelf, n. wi; it; Money, riches; love of money; generally in an ill sense.

Pelican, peli-kan, n. বল্টৰ পকী বিশেষ; A large water-fowl. [পাচৰেট; A roll of parchment. Pell, pel, n. [L. pellis, a skin or hide] পত্তৰ্থা, Pellet, pelet, n. [L. pila, a ball to play with] ভূদি; ছিটে; A little ball.

Pelletod, a. ছোট বৰ্ত্ন্যত ভলি ধারা আহত; Furnished with pellets, pelted, as with bullets. Pellicle, peli-kl, ল পুৰু চৰ্ম, পুৰু ডক্; বিল্লী; Thin skim. a—pellicular.

Pellisse, pe-les, n. [L. pellis, a ckin] প্রীলোকের বেশনি পোবাক বিশেষ; মহিলাদিগের পট্টপরিক্ষণ বিশেষ: Furred robe; woman's silk cloak; a silk habit worn by ladies.

Pell-mell, a. রোলমাল: হলমূল; এনোমেলো ভাবে; With confusion hurry, and violence, promiscuously.

Polluoid, pel-lu'sid, a. [L. per, very, and lucidus, clear, bright] = [447, Transparent; clear, n=pellucidness, ad=pellucidly Syn:—Limpid, crystalline, not opaque.

Polt, pelt, ম. লোমনুক চৰ্ম, অগ্রিস্ত প্রচর্ম; A raw hide; an undressed hide:—বাঞ্পক্ষীর ছিত্রভিন্ন শিকায়: The quarry or prey hawk, all torn.—নিকিশ্ব বস্তর অংবাত, A blow from something thrown:—v. t. কেলিয়া বাবা; নিকেপ্-কু; To throw or cast.

Pelted to death-अवस्थार रह ।

Polting, pelling, n. অধরাধাত, তিল-ছোড়া, An assault with anything.

Peltry, pelfri, n. লোগৰ কৰু চৰ্ম : লোগ . The skins of animals producing fur sturs.

Polvis, pcivis, a बाज-मस्त । बाज निकासन , The bony cavity forming the lower part of the abdomen.

Pen, pen, n. কলৰ; লেখনী, Quill, instrument used for writing:—ব্ৰেছাড়; A small inclosure; a coop:—v. f. বছ-ড়, বোলাড়ে বছ-ড়: To shut up; to shut in a small inclosure.—লিখা; বিশিক্ত-ড়; To write.

Pen and Ink-লিপিড; In writing.

Ponel, pe'nal, a. [L. poenalis, from poena, punishment] গণৰিবাৰক; গণন্বনীয়; গণাই; Pertaining to punishment; incurring punishment. admpenally. Syn:—Punitive, retributive; corrective. [ment of crimes. Penal-code—খণ্ডবিধিয় আইন; Code for punish-Penalty, penal-te, n. কণ্ড; আহিবাৰ; অৰ্থণ; ক্ষিমাৰা; Personal or pecuniary punishment;

a fine; mulet. Syn: -- Forfeiture, amercument, penal retribution.

Penance, penans, n. প্রার্থিত ; পাগকরার্থ কুছে-নাবা কার্বা ; Suffering ; voluntary or unforced for sin ; penitence.

Penoe, pens, n. Plural of penny.

Penchant, pang'shang, ন. ধ্রণভা; আনতি;
অনৃতি; Inclination; bias; decided taste.

Pencase, Penholder, n. An article for holding a pen or nib when writing.

Pencil, pensil, n. তুলী: তুলিকা; সীসক-লেখনীঃ পেলিল; Black led or other instrument or brush for writing or drawing:—কিন্তুগানালা; কিন্তুগালা; Collection of rays of light converging to a point:—চিত্ৰ বা অফন বিদান, The art of painting or drawing:—v. t. পেলিল যাবা লেখা; চিত্ৰ-ফু; অফন-ফু; নলা-ফু; To write, sketch or mark with a pencil; to paint or draw; to delineate. g—pencilled.

Pencilled, n. পেলিল হারা বিষিত বা আছিত; Written or marked with a pencil:—কিরণোজন; বিভাগিত Radiated.

Pencilling, n. fast at was fast; ast; The art of writing or sketching; a sketch.

Pencuttor, n. কলৰ-প্ৰস্তুভৰারী; One who makes pens:—কলম কাটবার যন্ত্র; An instrument for making pens.

Pendant, pendant. n. [L. pendeo, to hang]
সমান আৰ: প্ৰনান কৰা; Something that
hangs:—কৰ্তৃত্য, মূল; কৰ্ণান্তৰ; An ear-ring:
—প্তাকা বিশেষ; A long narrow flag, worn at
the head of the principal mast of vessel of war;
streamer or pendant at the mast-head.

Pendence, Pendency, n. গোলারমান বা দিন্ধান অবস্থা; অনিশান্তি; A hanging in suspense, the state of being undecided.

Pondent, pendent, a. [L. pendens, ppr. of pendere, to hang ] লম্মান, বিস্থিত; লম্বিত: Hanging, projecting; suspended. Syn:—Suspended, drooping, pendulous, pensile.

Ponding, pending, u. আনশার, নিরাবলম্ব; অনিশা-মিত; মূনভূবী, বিচারধৌন; Remaining undocided; not terminated .—prep. সময়েৰ মধ্যে; ঝাপিয়া; Ducing.

Pending the trial—वादः (सांकलवा किलाखिना दृदः । Pendulous, pendulus, a. [ L. pendulus, from pendure, to hang | (सांवादवाद , क्याबः ; (संध्यावाद , Swinging; hanging; suspended from above; pendent loosely. n=pendulousness, pendulousity

Pendulum, pendi-ium, n. [L. pendulus, hanging] (wine, niguries; Any weight so hing or suspended from a fixed point as to swing freely.

Penetrable, pene-tra-bl, a. (पा: (परी: (पर) (परी: (परी: (पर) (पर) (पर) (v)))))))))))))))))))

Ponetrate, pene-trat, v. t. বিছ-তৃ; To pierce into:—গ্ৰেক-ড়; To entire:—সন্তেক-ড়; বৰ্জে আগাত-তৃ; To affect the feelings:—আ আৰা; বোপন্য-তৃ; To understand:—বাহিক-ড়; To find

out :- . i. 44-7; To make way :- 45/47 बार्य-क : To pass inwards. Syn :-- Pierce, bore, perforate; touch, affect; discern, comprehend. Penetrate into-fests stavi-s; Make way into the interior of :-ভিতৰের কথা বুৰা; Comprehend the inner meaning of. [ with. Be penetrated with-544-5; Be pervaded Penetrating, pene-trat-ing, a. 3 ; Sharp :-रुत वृद्ध ; जीव वृद्ध : Discerning : acute ; quick to understand :- विश्वकारी ; Piercing or entering. Penetration, pen-ē tráshun, n. প্রেক : The act of entering :-- হল বৃদ্ধি , তীক বৃদ্ধি ; বৃদ্ধিব ভীকতা , किक्ना , Acuteness ; discernment , sagacity. Syn: -Insight, sagaciousness, sharpness, discrimination.

Penetrative, pene-trat-iv, a. MIRTHER, CON-কারী; অবেশপ্রবৰ: Tending to penetrate.-विष्ठक्य : जीक , श्वा : Sagarious :-- मानामूक्कत ; Affecting the mind.

Penguin, peń-gwin, Penguin, pengwin, n. অবচয় পকী বিশেষ; An aquatic bird in the southern hemisphere.

Peninsula, pen-insu-la, n. [ L. faene, almost, insula, an island ] MITTEN , Small ; A piece of fand nearly an island; a portion of land so surrounded by water as to be almost an island. Peninsular, pen-ihsti-lar, a. উপৰীপদ্পনীয়: আবোরীপ-শক্তার, Pertaining to a peninsula :-हिनशेनवानी; आहारीनवानी; Inhabiting a peninsula.

Penitence, pene-tens, n. পাপের লক অনুভাগ; चन्द्रानाः Sorraw for sin. Syn :-- Repentance, contrition, compunction, remorse.

Penitont, pene-tent, a. [ L. poenitens, pfr. of poenitere, to repent ] অপুতর ; পাংপর বার অব্তাপ-\*ist: Contrite; repentant, sorry for sin :-#. अनुष्ठ वाकि; One grieved for sin; one underpenance. ad - penitently.

Penitential, pen-1-tenshal, a. 475194745. অপুতাপসূচক; অপুতাপবালক; Pertaining to or proceeding from penttence, pertaining to or expressive of penitence ,-n. প্ৰাৰ্থিক বিধি প্ৰয় A book containing rules relating to penance ad=penitentially.

Penitential pealms—ৰতুতাপথকাৰক ভৱন; Psalms expressive of contrition.

Penitentiary, pen-i-tehshar-i, a. মাণ্ডিছ-विनवक : आविष्ठित्र आख : बनुडाननवधीत : Penitontial -- त. अनु उत्त वास्ति ; वाप्रक्रिक्तांत्रो . A penitent - আছতিত কৰিবাৰ স্থান . প্ৰায়তিত্ত-ভূমি , A place for penance -- काराजाब, व्यवजावीम्राज्य কাৰোধনাপাৰ, A house of correction for offenders. Penknife, pehnif, n. कन्य काही हाँव ; A small knife for mending pens. [ an author. Ponman, penman, n. (494; 35414 , A writer , Penmanship, pehman-ship, n. लिब्बाड (क)नल . निनि-त्योचन, निनि-नवडि; Art of writing, manner of writing

Pennant, penant, Pennon, penun, n. 33 भड़ांका , सावा ; A small flag ; a banner.

Broad penuent, n. A square flag of a Commodore carried at the masthead.

Pennate, penate, Pennated, penat-ed, s. [ L. penna, feather, wing ] Sining: Sinifafes: शक्किनिहे : Winged.

Penniless, pen-i-les, a. \*\*\*\*\* , vist; নিৰ; Without money; poor.

Pennon-See pennant. Penny, peńi, n. ইংবভীর ভার মুলা : आह पूरे गहना ; A copper coin = 1's of a shilling; four farthings: - वर्ष : डाका , Money in general. pl = pennies ( Denoting the number of coins ); pence (the amount of pennies in value).

Penny-a-liner, peni-a-liner, n. (राजनक् त्याप ; A casual contributor to a newspaper, who furnishers matter at 1d. or 11d. per line; a writer for pay.

Penny-father-Fry : A miser.

Penny-royal, pen-1-roy-al, n. जिंदम वित्नव:

A species of atomatic plant.

Penny-wedding, n. A wedding, where the guests contribute to the festival and the household outfit.

Penny-weight, pehi-wat, n. अवन পরিমাণ বিশেষ ; (31; Twenty-four grains of troy weight.

Penny-wise, a 72 and, Saving small sums at the hazard of larger.

Penny wise and penny foolish- का आहेन কথাবোৰা; মৃত্ত-কুপুণ, Careful about small savings but careless about larger gains.

Pennyworth. peni-wurth, n. att कहे भवना मालाव क्रवा . लास्क्रमक वााणाव : श्रदिशासमक मधना ; A penny's worth of anything, a good bargain.

Pensile, pensil, a. [ L. pendo, to hang ] नक्यान, म्हाइनामान; Hanging, suspended.

Pension, penshun, n. ल्यानन, वृद्धि, मानिक वा वाहिक वृद्धि. A stated allowance to a person in consideration for past services -- v. t. (970)4-त्म ; वृष्टिम वे-कृ, To grant a pension.

Ponsion off -(\* कान | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Cause one to retire from service by the grant of a pension, discharge with a pension.

Pensionary, penshun-ari, a. द्वाडानी : राज-यहिंड, तुर्द-मध्केष, Receiving a pension; consisting of a pension - - ne. খুকিলোৰ বোৰ; One who receives a pen ion.

Pensioner, penshun-er, n. afereit off. नव्यह , One who receives a pension ; a dependant.

Pensive, pensiv, a हिन्द्रांचील , शानवश्च ; Thoughtful with sadness, reflecting. n-pensiveness ( 47149851 ), ad=pensively. Syn -Thoughttul, meditative, reflective, dicamy; sober, sad, melancholy.

Pont, pent, pa. p. of pen, with; Shut up.

Pontachord, penta-kord, n. [ Gr. pente, five, chorde, string ] तक्ष्योक बाग्यम ; A musical instrument with five strings.

Pentagon, pehta-gon. n. [Gr. pente, five, and genia, angle ] প্ৰ কোৰ; পঞ্জুৰ সামতালৰ ( A plane figure having five angles and [ equal sides. five sides. a - pentagonal. Pentahedral, a. 7770 Mil; Having five Pentahedron, pen-ta-he'dron, n. [Gr. pents, five, and hedra, seat, base ] সম প্ৰপাৰ খনকেন; A solid figure having five equal sides.

Pentangular, pen-tang'gul-ar, a. 中 (中行-行行: 中 (中) : Having five equal angles.

Pontarchy, pen-tar-ki, n. [Gr. pente, five, arche, rule ] ne affer airl mins airl; Government by five persons.

Pentatouch, penta-tuk, n. { Gr. pente, five, and tenchos, a book } ब्रेश्च-প्रापत आम भग्य ; The first five books of the Old Testament. a= pentateuchal.

Pentateuchal, a. খুইবর্ত্ত-প্রাণের প্রথম প্রথম সংস্থাত ; Pertaining to the Pentateuch.

Pentecost, penteckost, n. ইংগানের উৎসব, ইংগানের প্রাণ্ড; A solemn festival of the Jews celebrated on the 50th day after the feast of the Passover. ampentacostal. [Pentecost. Pentecostal, a. পেটেকই সংক্রান্ত; Pertaining to Penthouse, n. penthows, n. বহিঃগৃড়; বাসবাটীৰ সংক্রা কৃটাব; A shed hanging out from a building.

Pent-roof, pentroof, n. (wan are my sing sing.)
A roof with a slope on one side only.

Penult, pe-nult, Ponultima, pe-nulti-ma, n. [L. paene, almost, ultimus, last ] এখোন অভিয় পদাৰ, The syllable last but one.

Ponultimate, pe-nulti-mat. a. ইপাস্ত; একোণ অভিম. Last but one:—n. একোণ অভিন পদাংশ, The penult.

Penumbra, pe-numbra, n. [L. paene, almost. and umbra, shade] চন্দ্ৰপথানির অহণকানীন অপ্ত্রাস. চন্দ্রানির অহণকানীন ক্ষম ছায়া, A partial shadow round the perfect shadow of an eclipse:—চিত্তের বে আলে ছায়া ও আনোক মিনিড জয়, The part of a picture where the shade blends with the light.

Penurious, pē-nū're-us, a. [L. penuria, scarcity, want] বাৰকুঠ, কৃপৰ; কৃপৰভাৰ, Sordid; miserly; not liberal; not bountiful. s=penuriousness, ad=penuriously. Svn:—Avaricious, covetous, niggardly, parsimonious, griping, close-fisted, stingy

Ponury, penti-re, n [L. penuria, hunger] দরি-জনা; দারিলা; নিবেলা, Poverty. Syn.—Want, indigence, beggary, destitution, privation.

Peon, pe'on, ৰ. পাৰ্চারী; সহিস. পেষাৰা; ভ্তঃ, A footman; a pedestrian; a servant.

Poony, s. 37 418; A plant having beautiful flowers.

People, pčipl, ল. লোক; বাজি: দেশবানী লোক;
Persons generally; inhabitants —জাতি; A
nation:—ইন্তঃলোকস্বুই, সাধাৰণ নোক: প্রজা; The
vulgar; the populace:—v. t. লোক বারা পূর্ব-কৃ;
ব্যবিষ্পুকৃ; To stock with people or inhabitants. pl. peoples (জাতি; races; tribes). Syn:—
Tribe, race; population, folks, public, community, mob, masses.

Peoples, n. pl. wifenge; Races, tribes.

Pepper, pep'er, n. ব্রিচ বা উহার বৃক্ষ: A plant, and its seed:—w. t. মরিচ হিটাইরা-দে; হরিচ সংযুক্ত-কৃ; To sprinkle with pepper.

Pepper-corn, pépér-korn, ম. স্থিত; The corn or berry of the pepper-plant:—নগণ্য ক্ষা; Something of little value.

Peppermint, pep'er-mint, ম. কটু গাছ বিশেষ; ভাষা হাতে পরিশত অবা; A species of aromatic pungent like pepper; a liquor distilled from the plant.

Peppery, pep'ér-i, a. গ্ৰহা; কটু; Hot; pungent-Pepsene, pep'sin, n. [Gr. pepsis, digestion] পাটক ৰাসের উপাদান বিশেষ; One of the essential constituents of the gastric juice, used in the process of digestion.

Poptic, pep'tik, n. [Gr. pepto, to digest]
প্ৰিপাৰ-সংক্ষি, প্ৰিণাৰ-সহায়; Relating to or
promoting digestion.

Peradventure, per-ad-ventur, ad. বৈবাৎ বোৰ হয়, বৈবাৎ, হইলেও হইভে পারে; By chance, perhaps.

Perambulate, per-ani-bul-at, s. t. [ L. per, through, and ambulo, to walk ] ভিডর বা উপর বিষয় বাজন; প্রক-কু; To walk through or over to pass through; to survey. n=perambulation.

Perambulation, n. ভিতর দিয়া প্রব: পরিবর্ণন;
A travelling survey

Perambulator, per-ambul-at-or, n. রাজা নাগ করা বন্ধ বিশেব . An instrument for measuring distances on roads .—ছেবের সাড়ি; শিন্তাদিশের কুল শকট : A low carriage for a child.

Perceivable, per-seva-bl, a. ইব্রিস্থ-গোচয়; Capable of being perceived. ad = perceivably. Perceivo, per-sev. v. t. [ L. per, and capere, to take, receive ! মৃষ্ট-ফু; ব্ৰিডে গারা, To see, to discern, to understand:—ইব্রিস্থ গারা জাল উপান্তিক, ইব্রিস্থ গারা ভালতে গারা; অনুভব-ফু; To get knowledge of by the bodily senses; to feel. m=perceiver. Sym:—Observe, note, descry, behold, discern, understand, know, comprehend, feel.

Porcentage, per-sentaj, n. শত করা ছাড়; শত-করা ছার; Allowance given on a hundred; rate per cent. [of being perceptible. Perceptibility, n. অনুভ্যনীয়তা; The quality Perceptible, per-septe-bl. a. ইন্তিয়নটেয়; অনুভ্যনীয়, জাত্রা; বোগসমা; That can be per ceived; that may be known; discernible. n = perceptibility. ad=perceptibly. Syn:—Visible, apparent, perceivable.

Porception, per-sep'shun, n. উপসৰি; অহুভূতি; অহুভূগ পতি , প্ৰত্যক জান , অভিছু বোধ; The power, act, or state of receiving knowledge of external things by impressions on the senses; discernness; idea; notion conception. Syn:—Secing, discernment, observation, sense, taste, sensation; cognition, apprehension, understanding.

Perceptive, per-septive, a. व्यवस्थ ; स्वायक ; Having the power of perceiving or descerning. Perceptivity, per-sept-ivi-ti, n. व्यवस्था ; स्वायक्ष ; The quality of being perceptive. Perch, perch, #. अभीत रेड ; Pole ; rod ; roost for birds :- शतियांन विरम्ब ; रा॰ शम : A measure of length of five yards and a half; the fortieth part of a rood :-- मश्य दिल्प ; मश्य वार्थि दिल्प ; A voracious fresh water-fish; a genus of fishes :- v. t. बेाएड़ बना : बेाएड़ब डेनब बना ; To set or roost on a perch; to settle :- v. t. tits ৰসান : গাড়ের উপর হাগিত-কু ; To place as on a perch.

Perchance, per-chans, ad. ঘটনাক্রমে; বোগ হয়; रेमबार ; ब्हेरलं ब्हेरक शास ; By chance ; perhaps. Percher, percher, n. मरबागरवनी ; नुस्कागरवनी

পকী . A bird that perches on trees.

Percipient, c. अनुकरकाती, अनुकृतिनक्ति जन्नद्र, অৰুভব করিতে সক্ষম; Perceiving; having the faculty of perception :- ল. অনুভৰকারী লোক; One who perceives.

Percolate, per'kō-iāt, v. f. or i. [ I., per, through, and colare, to strain ] ছাৰা . পৰিজ্ঞত-F; Te filter. n= percolation. Syn .- Filtrate,

strain, transude, core

against.

Percolation, n. Mass , The act of filtering. Percolator, per'ko-la-tor, n sifeque mis; Mis-अंड-स्ट्र , A filtering vessel ; a filtering machine. Percussion, per-kushin, n. [L. per. thoroughly, and quatio, to shake ] 4:01, ACETER अ:पर्न : Collision . the striking of one body :--कांड विवास भाषा शांत्रणा , Impression of cound on [ tonating can the ear. Percussion gun, n. Gun fired with a de-Percussive, per-kusiv, a. Atvat. Striking

Perdition, per-dish in, n [ L. perditio, from perdere, to lose ] नान, डेटब्र , क्ष'म ; Ruin , utter destruction; eternal death; entire loss. Peregrinate, per'e-grin-at, v. f. जमा-कृ, To

travel abroad :- ATT 414-4; To live in a

foreign country. n=peregrination.

Peregrinative, #. পविजयन ; दिल्ला नाम ; The act of travelling about; abode in foreign countries. One who travels about Peregrinator, per'e-grin-at-or, n. व्याकारी. Peramptory, per'emp-tor-e, a. [L per, entirely, and emo, to take] ক্লিডিড; দুচাৰুবদ্ধ; কুদুচ, जिल ; Authoritative ; dogmatical , dec. ive. n=peremptoriness. ad=peremptorily. Syn:-Absolute, positive, categorical, imperative, arbitrary.

Perennial, per-ehne-al, a. [ L. per, through, and annus, year] रर्भ्याणी ; वर्षश्राही , विव्रहाही ; निका , Lasting through the year or more than two years; perpetual, continuing:-n. A plant that lasts through the year or more than two years. ad = perennially. Syn :- (a) Enduring, permanent, uninterrupted, deathless, immortal Per favour of -( সামান্ত ভূত্য ৰূপেকা উক্ত ) কোন লোকের মারকং; Through (one who is above a menial servant ).

Perfect, perfekt, a. [ L. perficere, to perform, finish ] সম্পূৰ্ণ পূৰ্ণায় : Complete, wholly finished .—বোৰণুক্ত; নিচলক; বিশুছচবিত্ৰ, স্বৰ্ণাবিত Faultiess; possessing every moral excellence

-সম্পূৰ্যক নিপুৰ; Completely skilled or acquain ted:—गढ; नमानिकां; In grammar, expressing an act completed :- e. t. मण्यूनिक ; मसाश-क e পেৰ-ক ; To finish ; to complete. n=perfector. Syn :- Consummate : whele, entire ; blameless, unblemished, immaculate.

Perfectible, per-fekti-bl, a. বাহা সম্পূর্ণ করা বার ; পুণিক কর্মার ; That may be made perfect. #=

perfectibility.

Perfection, per-fekshun, n. 7401; Completeness ; the state of being perfect :- (आई (कोनन : Great skill :- Best : Excellence :- 17 : 774 खन वां क्यान ; An endowment ; a perfect quality or acquirement :- +| | Acme. | - perfector. Syn: -Perfectness, maturity.

To perfection—সম্পূৰ্ণরূপ; কৌশল কারা; Perlectly :-- মত্যান্তৰ ; In the highest degree of excellence.

Perfectionist, per-fekshun-ist, n. 4441610 व বাজনীতিতে কুলাচ অপুরামী; An enthusiast in religion or politics. n=perfectionism

Perfective, per-fektiv, a. मणुर्वकांत्री ; पूर्वजामन-त्रपून, Tending to make perfect. ad - perfectively.

Porfectly, per'fekt-li, ad. तन्तुर्वज्ञान ; क्रिक ; পূৰ্বক্ৰণে . বথাবৰভাবে : Completely : exactly. Perfectness, perfekt-nes, n. Geggs ; প্ৰি ;

हड्डम , लेदकन , Consummate excellence.

Perfidious, per-fide-us, a. विश्वामधाउक ; अविश्वामी Treacherous; unfaithful. n = perfidousness.

Perfidy, per'ic-de, n [ L. perfidus, faithless ] विशामवा उक्षा ; Treachery. Syn :- Faithlessness, treachery, disloyalty.

Perfoliate, per-fo'h-at, a f L. per, through, folium, a leaf । उनामान नुवन्तित्वहेक ; Surrounding the stem at the base.

Perforate, per'fo-rat, n. f. [ L. per, through, and forare, to bore ] विश्व-क : श्विक-क : मिका-क ; (EY-F; To pierce; to make a hole through; to bore though. n=perforation. Syn :- Penetrate, drill.

Perforation. n. (क्यम : बखन म्यान्ड क्यि : The act of borning or piercing through.

Perforator, per'io-rat-or, n. fell wights an : বিদ্ধ করিবার ব্যা; An instrument for perforating orbor ing.

Perforce, per-fort, ad. वनगुक्त : जवान : धारक-क्रत्भ ; By force ; violently ; of necessity.

Perform, per-form, v. f. [ L. per, through, and fournir, to furnish ] नवात-इ , नवात-इ ; To carry out; to bring to completion; to achieve ; to act :- v. i. 4 sas- ; To act a part - यद वाषन-कृ; नाविज-कृ; To play, as on a musical instrument. Syn: - Execute, dis-charge, accomplish, do, transact, achieve, effect, complete; observe, fulfil, meet; enact, act, play.

Performable, per-forma-bl. a. Amim : Ain : Practicable 1 capable of being performed.

Performance, per-formans, n. A-MINA; The act of performance :-- - \* | 41; \*\*, Deed; action, any public act :- आक्रिय ; An exhibition. Syn: -- Completion, execution, accomplishment; work, act exploit, feat.

Performer, per-former, ম. সম্পাদনকারী: কৌলন প্রদর্শক: অভিনয়কারী: অভিনেতা; One who performs, esp. One who makes a public exhibition of his skill; an actor.

Perfumo, per'lum, n. [ L. per, thoroughly, and fumus, fume] হণৰ; সৌরত; হারতি এবা; হণৰি এবা; Sweet odour; fragrance; scent; aroma:—v. t. হ্বালিড-ড়; হ্পৰিড-ড়; To scent.
Perfumer, per-lumer, n. হাৰি এবা বিভাগনী;

হয়তি-বিকেতা; One who or that which perfumes, one who trades in perfumes.

Perfumery, per-fumér-i, n. সুগৰি ক্ৰয়সমূহ; ক্ৰমি ক্ৰয় প্ৰস্তুত কৰণ; Perfumes in general; the act of

Perfunctory, per-fungktor-i. a. আন্তায় কৃত ; আনবোৰোগপূৰ্কক কৃত ; ডাফ্টালাসহকারে কৃত ; ভুজ , Negligent; carelessly done ; careless ; slight. ad—perfunctorily. n—perfunctormess.

Perhapa, per-haps, ad. বোধ হয় : সম্ভব্য: ; ইন্দেপ্ত মুটতে পাৰে : By chance : it may be ; possibly. Syn:—Perchance, peradventure. [or elf. Pori, pe'ri, n. পরী : An imaginary female fairy Pericardium, per-i-kardium, n. [Gr. peri, around. kardia, heart ] কং দেইক ; ক্ষণ পরুষ কোন্ত : Thin membrane surrounding the heart. a—pericardial, pericardian, pericardic.

Perioarp, per'i-karp, n [Gr. peri, around, and karpos, fiuit ] बीबरकांव, A seed vessel.

Pericranium, per-i-krani-um, n. f Gr. peri, around, kranion, the skull ; क्वी रहक किही.

The membrane that surrounds the cranium.

Porigoo, per't-je, n i Gr. peri, near, ge, the earth ] চন্দ্রন্তর সমাপেকা পৃথিবীর নিকটবরী চল, চন্দ্রক্ষের যে বিন্দু পৃথিবীর অভি নিকটবরী, The point of moon's orbit nearest the earth.

Perihelion, per-i-he'h-on, Perihelium, per-i-he'h-um, n. কোন এই বা ব্যক্তর ককেব যে বিৰু খণ্ডের আভি সন্নিছিত, The point of the orbit of a planet or comet nearest to the sun;—opposed to Aphelion.

Peril, per'il, n. [F. L. periculum, from G. peiraein, to try] বিপদ; আপদ; অনিষ্টপাত .

Danger .—v. t. বিপদম্ভ-ড়; To expose to danger; to endanger. Syn:—(n) Risk, hazard, jeopardy, venture; insecurity, exposedness.

At one's peril—করিবে বিপদ ঘটবে; With risk or danger to one.

Perilous, per'il-us, a. বিপদম্বন; বিপদস্কন, বিপদস্কন, বিশংপাতম্ভ; Dangerous; hazardous; risky. n = perilousness, ad = perilously.

Perimeter, per-infe-ter. ম. [Gr. peri, around, metron, measure ] সামতলিক কেজের সীমাত্তক হেখা বা বেখাসমূহের সমষ্টি. Boundary or length of a plane figure; the sum of all the sides of a plane figure.

Perimetrical, per-im-etri-kal, a. সামতলিক ক্ষেত্ৰৰ বহিংছ নীমান পৰিমাণ-সংক্ৰাম্ভ; Pertaining to the perimeter.

Period, perc-ud, n. [G. periodos, a going

round ] সময়; Time:—আছ; End:—প্ৰজেপ;
A full stop [.]:—সুন্ধ ব্যান; Complete sentence:—কাল্ডক; বংসর প্রায়; Cycle; series of years:—পরিসমাধি; Conclusion. Syn:—Date, age, era, epoch; duration, continuance; bound, end, conclusion; termination; stop.

Periodic, pē-ri-odik, Periodical, pē-riodik-al, a. সামনিক; পর্যায়ক্রমে সংঘটননীল; Lasting or happening at periods. ad=periodically.

Periodical, pe-ri-odik-al, n, সামন্ত্রিক পজিকা; সামন্ত্রিক পজ ; A magazine or other publication which appears in parts at regular periods.

Periodicalist, Periodical, pe-ri-od'ik-al, n. নাম্বিক পৰিকা লেকঃ; One who writes in a periodical.

Periodicity, pē-ri-o-diśit-i, त. সাবরিক অবস্থা; সাবরিকছ; State of being periodical.

Periosteum, n. कर्-त्वर ; A fibrous skin covering the bones.

Peripatetio, per-i-pa-tesik, a. [Gr. peri, about, paleo, to walk] এবিষ্টালের ধর্ণন বিজ্ঞান সংক্রান্ত:
Pertaining to the philosophy of Aristotle, who is supposed to have given his instructions, while walking in the Lyceum at Athens:—ন. এবিষ্টালের শিলা; A follower of Aristotle; itinerant preacher.

Periphery, per-iffer-i, n. [Gr. peri, around, phero, to carry] পরিধি; বৃদ্ধ বা অপর বক্তরৈত্বিক ক্ষেত্রের পরিধি; The circumference of a circle or any figure.

Periphrase, peri-fraz. Periphrasis, perifra-sis, n. [G. peri, round, about, and phrasis, a speaking] stoyagen; sain this; Circumfocution; speaking in a round about way, v. t. or s=periphrase (to use circumlocution).

Periphrastic, per-i-frastik, Periphrastical, per-i-frastik-al, a. stateonizat; united after unifes; Containing or expressed by periphrasis or circumlocution. ad=periphrastically.

Perish. per'ish, v. i. গতার্-ড; করবার্ড-ছ, নট-ছ, বিনালপ্রান্ত-ছ, মরিহা-বা; To die; to come to nothing; to waste away; to decay; to lose life:—v. f. কীণ-ড়; নট ড়; To cause to decay; to destroy. Syn:—Decease; wither.

Perishable, perish-a-bl, a. নবর; নান্ত্রন, মান্ত্রন, That may perish or decay; subject to speedy decay; liable to perish. n=perishableness. ad=perishably. Syn:—Destructible, decaying; frail, mortal, dying.

Peristyle, peri-stil, n. [Gr. peri, around, styles, a column] we call the . A building with columns in the inside court; place surrounded with columns.

Peritoneum, n. Systyre; A membrane investing the whole internal surface of the abdomen and the viscera contained in it.

Poriwig, per'i-wig, ম. পরচুলা; কৃত্রিদ কেণ , A small wig; a peruke:—e.t. পরচুলা পরায়; To dress with a periwig. [ eatable sea-smail. Poriwinkle, per'i-wingk-l, ম. শবুক বিশেষ; An

Perjure, pérjoor, w. t. [L. per, away, and juro, to swear ] বিশ্বা শণ্ড-কৃ; To swear falsely (followed by a reciprocal pronoun). n=perjurer.

Perjurer, ম. বিশ্বা-শণ্ডকারী; One given to perjury.

[ swearing.
Perjury, pérjur-i, n. বিশ্বা শণ্ড; False
Perk, pérk, e. পরিকার পরিজ্জ; Smart, trim:—

v. t. পরিকার পরিজ্জ-কৃ; To make trim or smart:

— v. t. ভঙ্গি করিয়া নজক উল্লত-কৃ; To hold up the

head with affected smartness.

Permanence, pérmanens, Permanency, pérmanensi, n. vifav; Continuance in the same state; duration.

Permanent, per'ma-nent, a. [L permanens, ppr. of permaners, to last] স্থানী; Durable; lasting. Syn:—Abiding, fixed, enduring, perpetual, constant.

Permanent settlement—ভিবহাৰী বলোবত।
Permeable, per'me-a-bl. a. ডেনা; পরিচাৰক,
That may be permeated; penetrable. ad ~
permeably, n=permeability.

Pormeate, per me-at, v. t. [L. per, through, meo, to go ] ভিডম দিয়া আবেশ-কৃ, পঞ্জি প্ৰান কৃ;
To pass through the pores of; to penetiate and pass through n=permeation

Permissible, per-misc-bl, a. অনুমোদনীয় , অনু-জ্বো, অনুমন্ত্ৰ, Allowable ad=permissibly. Syn.. Sufferable, admissible, lawful, legitimate.

Permission, per-mishun, ম. আদেব, আজা, আমুবতি, Liberty granted, allowance. Syn.— Leave, liberty, license, consent, permit.

Pormissive, per-musiv, a অপুনোদনকারী, বীকৃত, প্রাঞ্চ, Granting permusion or liberty, allowing, granted.

Pormit, per-mit, v. t. [1. permittere, permit]
আদেশ-কৃ, অপুমতি-কৃ, অপুজা-কৃ, মধ্য-কৃ; lo
allow, to give leave to — n অপুমতি, গণান্ত্ৰ্য
খানাথ্যিত কৰণাৰ্থ অপুজা, Permission. Syn —
(o) Let, suffer, tolerate, license, sanction,
authorize, warrant.

Permutable, per-milia-bl, a [L. per, through, muto, to change] প্রিয়ন্তনীয়, বিনিম্ব-বোগা, That may be changed, one for another n=permutableness, ad=permutably.

Permutation, per-mu-trishun, n. গণিত সক্ষীয় বস্তু বা বৰ্ণমালার অনুলোম বিলোম সন্থিবেশ, অঞ্চলাশ, পরিবর্ত্তন, বিনিময়, Exchanging arrangement in all possible orders.

Pernicious, per-nishe-us, a. [L. pernicies, destruction] মাজাতিক; অপকারক, অপকারী, আমিষ্টকর, Noxious, hurtful, destructive, highly injurious. n=perniciousness, ad=perniciously. Syn:—Rumous, deadly, noxious, mischievous, deleterious.

Peroration, per-o-ráshun, n. (L. per, through, and oro, to speak) বকুতার শেষ, বকুতার উপসংহার ভাগ; Close and summary of an oration.

Perpendicular, per-pen-dikū-lar, a. [L. per, through, and pendo, to weigh] ৰজ্ভাবে উডভ; টিক ৰাড়া; লখ; লখভাবে কৰ্ছিড; Exactly upright, at right angle to a given line of surface.—n. লখ; লখ বেখা বা সম্ভল, A perpen-

dicular line or plane. ad = perpendicularly. Perpendicularity, n. 244; The state of being perpendicular.

Perpetrate, per'pe-trat, v. i. [L. per, thoroughly, and patio, to perform ] স্পাদৰ-ক: ( অসং কর্ম) সপার-ক: কুর্মান্ত - To execute; to commit (generally in a bad sense). স্ক্লিক্স

Perpetrate a joke—সময় বিদ্যুক্ত; To be guilty of jesting at an unseasonable time
To perpetrate the remembrance of a

thing - हित्र अवशैव-कृ।

Perpetration, per-pe-trashun, ম. মুখ্মিকা; সম্পাদন; The act of committing a crime, the thing perpetrated.

Perpetual, per-petu-al, a. চিত্ৰছাত্ৰী, অবিরঙ: বিত্তা; অবস্ত , Never-ceasing; not temporary; everlasting. ad=perpetually. Syn:—Constant, endless, eternal, never-failing, perennial, continual, continuous, lasting, uncersing

Perpetuate, per-petu রা, ক h চিবছারী-ড় , বিশ্বতি হুইতে রশা-ড় , To make perpetual; to preserve from extinction on oblivion n=perpetuation.

Perpetuation, n. বিভাগ-বিধান , বিশ্বতি হইছে সংগ্ৰহণ , The act of preserving from oblivion

Perpotuity, per-pet-u'i-ti, n. বিভাজা, অবি-চিছরজা, অবিনম্মতা, চিবস্থায়িত অনস্তম, Continuity, endless duration, duration for an indefinite period of time

Perplex, per-pleks, v. t. [1. perplexus, entangled ] হ'ৰ দুৰ্ন কু, স্পিচাৰ কু, বিশাস কু, বিশাস

Perplexing, a. কটিব, বিবার্ককর, Intricate; Perplexity, per pleksi ti, ফ উৰেন, বোৰবোন, ভটিবড়া, সংশ্য, হতবুদ্ধিছা, সন্দেহ, কিংকর্ত্তবাবিষ্টভা, Embas security of mind; doubt, intricacy.

Perquisite, per'kwi zit, n [L per, thoroughly, and quoero, to ask] উপরিলাভ উপরি পাওলা, দল্পিব, Extra allowance or fee beyond ordinary salary. [pears.

Perry, n. মৰ বিশেষ, The formented juice of Persecute, per'. e-kūt, v f { L per, through, and seque, to follow } উৱান্ত-কু, নিয়াতন-কু; লগ্ডীত কু, নিয়াতন-কু; তথ্যীজন-কু; উৎপীজন-কু; উৎপীজন-কু, তথ্যীজন-কু; উৎপীজন-কু, তথ্যীজন-কু; উৎপীজন-কু, তথ্যীজন-কু, তথ্যীজন-কু, তথ্যীজন-কু, তথ্যীজন-কু, তথ্যীজন-কু, তথ্যীজন-কু, তথ্যীজন-কু, তথ্যীজন-কু, তথ্যীজন-কু, তথ্য কিন্তুলন কি

Porsecution, per-se-kū'shun, ম. বিশ্বহ ; বিশ্বান্তৰ ; বিশীনৰ , The state of being persecuted.

Perseverance, per-se-ver'ans, n. aggaria; afface, Steadness, rigid constancy, per-sistence. S, n.—Indefatigableness, continuance, steadfastness, constancy.

Persevere, per-se-ver', v s. [ L. per, through, and severus, strict] আজিনিবেশ-কু; আধাৰসায়ী-হ; বৃত্তুনীন-হ; To persist, to hold on, be constant; to pursue anything steadily. ad=perseveringly. Syn.—Continue, proceed.

Persevere in—डेनाम कन स्ट्रेलिंड क्यापनायात्र महिड ((स्न म्क) कार्या नाना, Continue steadily and firmly in (generally, something that is good inspite of discouragements).

Persifiage, n. চাগলা বা বাজোজিপুৰ্ব কৰোপক্ষৰ;
Frivolous or bantering talk. [পারভাষা।
Persian, e. পারদিক; পারভ:—n. পারভাষা।
Persiat, per-sist, v.i. [ L. per, through, and sistere, to stand ] অ বৰত বছৰান হইনা কাৰ্য-ক;
ভাষক কাৰ্য্যে অবিচলিত থাকা; অধ্যবসাধী-হ; To keep steady or steadfast; to persevere; to continue rigidly in any course, ed=persistingly.
Syn:—Remain, endure, last.

Persist in—(কোন মৰা বিবছে) নাছোড়বাৰা-ছ; Continue in (some course that is bad, implying greater obstinacy than persevere).

Persistence, per-sistens, Persistency, persisten-ci, n. অধিয়ত চেটা; অধ্যবসায়; ঐকান্তিকতা, অধিনাম্ভ উলোগ; Perseverance; obstinacy; constancy, duration.

Persistent, per-sistent, a. গৃঢ়; বছৰীৰ; বছৰিব. Tenacious; fixed; unmovable. ad=persistently.

Person, per'sun, n. [L. persona—per, through, and sonare, to sound ] পুৰুষ, কোৰ, বাজি: সজীব মনুষা, A human being; an individual; a hving soul—প্ৰীয়. Body:—ক্ষণ; Form; character. Syn:—Man, party, one, somebody; bodily substance

In person—ৰখ: অধাৎ প্ৰতিমিধি দিয়া নতে, বন্ধ উপাছিত করিলা, By one's self, personally; not by substitute, not by representative.

In the person of—অন্কেড। The first person—উত্তৰ পূক্ৰ। The second person—মহাত্ৰ পূক্ৰ। The third person—ভূতীয় পূক্ৰ। To one's person—সমকে।

Personable, per'sun-a-bl, c. কুমর; ত্রুপ; বির-দর্শন; দিব্যাক; Of good appearance, graceful.

Personage, pér'sun-aj, n. বিখ্যাত নোক; স্থাসিদ্ধ ব্যক্তি; বাজাব্যব; An individual of eminence; exterior appearance.

Personal, per'sun-al, a. ব্যক্তিগড়; নাছবিক; Individual:—দৈহিক; লাবীবিক; Bodily.—ব্যক্তি সম্বায়, Belonging to person:—ব্যংকৃত; Done in person:—বিজ, স্বায়, আপনার, Own, peculiar:—আছাবর, Moveable, as, personal property:—বৈয়াকরণ-পুরব-ব্যাক, Denoting the grammatical person. Syn:—Peculiar, individual, private, corporeal, exterior, material, physical.

Personal estate—ৰয়াৰ সপ্তি; Personal property; every species of property except real estate—that is, lands and house.

Personal indentity, ন. আত্মান একড়, আছিব জান; Our sameness of being at every stage of life of which consciousness gives us the evidence.

Personal pronoun—I, we, প্রভৃতি সর্কনাম শব্দ।
Personal representative, ম. মৃত ব্যক্তির
সম্পত্তির কার্যকর্নী; The executors or administrators of a person deceased.

Personal rights—निक वर्गावकात । Personality, per-sun-ali-ti, स. शोक्रवह कार : ৰাজিক; পৃথক আন্মতা; That which constitutes a person; individuality:—ব্যক্তি বিশেষের নিশা; ব্যক্তিগত নম্বন; Offensive individual reflection; abuse; a personal remark.

Personally, per-sun-al-li, ad. বাজিণভভাবে; Individually:—বয়ং নিজে: বয়ং উপস্থিত থাকিয়া; In person; by bodily presence.

Personalty, n. সকল প্রকার অস্থাবর সম্পন্ধি; All sorts of movable property.

Personate, per'sun at, v. t. অণর রূপ ধারণ-কু; ছজ্জ-বেশ ধরা; জাল-কু; ভাগ-কু; To assume the character of; to disguise; to counterfeit; to feign. \*\*
personator, personation. Syn:—Represent, playPersonify, per-sohifi, v. t. ডেজনত্ব ধর্ম আরোপকু; মানবধর্মের আরোপ-কু; আচেজন পদার্থে ডেজন ধর্ম
আবোপ-কু; To ascribe to any thing the qualities of a person; to represent as a rational being. \*\*
personification ( মনুবা ধর্মারোপ )।

Perspective, per-spektive, n. (L ৯০০, through, and specie, to lock) মুখ; পরিকো: A view; vista:—চিত্রাকন বিদ্যা; চিত্র করিবার কৌনল; The art of drawing objects mathematically:—মুখ্যে অভিড চিত্র; A picture in perspective:—এ. মুখাব্যারী; মুখ্যমন্ত্রীয়; Pertaining or according to perspective.

Perspectively, ad. পেৰ্লেক্টাভ নিম্নাস্নারে; According to the rules of perspective.

Perapicacious, pér-spi-káshus, a. [L. perspicie, to see through] তাৰ দৃষ্ট; Quick sighted:
—তাৰবৃদ্ধি; Of clear or acute understanding.
ad = perspicaciously, n=perspicaciousness.

Perspicacity, n. তীম দৃষ্টিতা; দৃষ্টির তীমতা; তীম-বৃদ্ধিতা; বোগশন্তির তীমতা: Acuteness of slight; the state of being acute in discerning; acuteness of understanding.

Perspicuity, per-spe-ku'e-te, n. শাইড়া; হামহা বিশহতা; পরিকৃতিওা; আক্ষতা; Clearness; freedom from obscurity or ambiguity. Syn:
—Perspicuousness, intelligibility, plainness, distinctness, transparency, translucency.

Perspire, per-spir', v. t. [L. perspirare, to breathe through] বৰ্দ্ধ তাগি-ত ; বৰ্দ্ধ নিৰ্গত-হ; বৰ্দ্ধান্ত-ত ; বামা , To sweat.

perspiration.

Persuade, per-swad, v. t. [ L. ber, through, and suadere, to advise ] বায়াচিত- চু, বায়ত- চু;
To prevail on , to induce; to exhort; to entice:
—স্বাৰ; Move. n=persuader. Syn:—Induce, influence, allure, actuate; convince.

Persuasible, per-swasi-bl, c. অবর্থনীয় ; অংশানিক ফ্রার থোগা . Capable of being persuaded. n persuasibleness, persuasibility.

अवर्डना : Persussion. per-swazhun, cataloni; Inducement:-पुरु विवान; वर्ष; वठ; Faith: creed: belief: settled opinion: - 47 मठावनको क्षेत्रधाराव ; A seat or party adhering to a creed. Sys :- Influence, motive, reason ; conviction.

Persussive, per-swasiv, s. क्षत्रिक्षण ; व्यवर्षक ; आरबोहक ; अवर्डनांबनक ; Having the power to persuade; influencing the mind or passions. == Syn :persuasiveness, ad=persuasively. Convincing, cogent, sound, valid; seductive. alluring, enticing.

Pert, pert, a. [ W. perc, from percu, to trim ] बुहे ; क्षानक ; व्यनिष्ठ ; निर्माच्छ ; Forward ; saucy , bold; impertinent; smart. ad=pertly. n=pertness. Syn:-Lively, forward, bold, saucy, flippant, impertinent, impudent.

Pertain, per-tan, v. i. [ L. per, through, and tenere, to hold ] অধিকারে থাকা; সম্পর্ক রাখা; সংস্ট-হ ; ডংসল্পৰীয়-হ ; To belong ; to relate to. Syn: - Appertain, regard, concern; behoove, befit.

Pertinacious, per-te-nashe-us, a. [ L. per, through, and tenaz, tenacious ] 13216m: वित्रमक्त ; नारशंख्वामा ; अक्ट्रांत ; Resolute ; determined; obstinate; stubborn, n=pertinaciousness, ad=pertinaciously. Syn:-Steadfast: inflexible.

Pertinacity, per-ti-nasi-ti, अ. दिशद्यका: हित्रधाठिका : এक्कंट्रिम : त्वर : Obstinacy.

Pertinency, Pertinence, per'ti-nens, per'ti-nen-si, .. डेलव्का : উপবোগিতা : বোগ্যতা : Appositness; suitableness; fitness.

Pertinent, per'te-nent, a. উপযুক্ত; যোগ্য; প্রাদ-[ Fitting ; appropriate ; relevant ; to have relation. ad=pertinently ( সম্ভর্গ ) । Syn :-Apposite, suitable, fit, proper, applicable.

Perturb, per-turb, v. t. [ L. per, through, and turbare, to shake ] बाताइंड-कृ; विविज्-कृ; विमुखन-कृ; अधित-कृ; To agitate; disturb; to disquit; to disorder. Syn :- Unsettle, confuse, discompose, yex.

Perturbation, per-tur-bashun, n. বাক্ৰতা; কোত ; উবেদ ; চাঞ্না ; অলাতি ; Disquiet of mind. Peruke, per'ook, n. [ L. pilus, hair ] नत्रका ; A periwig. reading; examination. Perusal, per-tital, n. नाउ ; नाउन ; भवीका ; Study : Peruse, per-0'2, v. t. পাঠ-তু; পড়া; পরীকা-তু;

To read with attention; examine.

Peruvian, per-00'vian, a. लङ्ग नप्कीतः; Pertaining to Peru in South America :- n. (97-দেশবাসী; A native of Peru.

Peruvian bark, m. Cinchona.

Pervade, per-vad, v. t. [ L. per, through, and vadere, to go ] गांध क ; अव्यादन क ; नमानिक्के-कृ; To spread all over; to extend through the whole; to pass through; to affect entirely. Syn :- Penetrate, diffuse, permeate; fill, be diffused, overspread.

All pervading—সর্পধ্যাপী।

Perveding spirit-The spirit or feeling which characterises one's conduct.

Pervenive, a. water-airs; winy; Tending to pervade.

Perverse, per-vers, a. [ L. perversus, turned the wrong way] विश्वनामी, हेर्भवनामी ; विश्व हामिछ ; উন্ধাৰ্গপামী ; Turned aside :-- विद्वक्तिकृत ; स्मापन ; Vexatious, cross :- अक्ट्रेंस ; अवना ; Stubborn ; intractable. # = perverseness ( wisatel ); perversity (विविद्या) : ad - perversely. Sym :-Distorted, bad, forward, cross, wayward, unmanageable, petulant, peevish.

Perversion, per-ver'shun, n. विश्वाद : विश्वाद গমন ; সভাচাতি : ক্লায়বিবর্ত্তন ; অশিষ্টাচার : একওঁমেমী ; अन्यरगत ; A diverting from the true path ; a turning from truth or propriety; misapplication. বিহামি : State of being perverse. Perversity, #. এक्लेप्पि; क्षांत्रवहेजा; हुईका; Pervert, per-vert, v. t. | L. per, through, and vertere, to turn ] मडाबहे-कृ ; विह्निड-कृ ; क्नूबिख-कः प्रिक-कः विभधनामी-कः क्कर्ण धाव्य-कः To corrupt, to change from the truth or right path; lead astry; to entice to evil :- n. निगम-গামী বাক্তি; বে ব্যক্তি উৎকৃষ্ট বংশ্ব ত্যাগ করিবা নিকুষ্ট প্রথম গ্রহণ করে: One who has turned away from a right way to that which is wrong. n=perverter. Syn:-(v) Distort, falsify, misrepresent; convert, proselytize.

Pervertible, a. निगमग्री-क्त्रगताहा : Capable of

being perverted.

Porvious, per've-us, a. [ L. per, through, and via, a way ] अनुआरवननीय ; आरवज ; (वश ; (क्यनीय ; Penetrable; permeable, affording a way or passage through; # - perviousness ( ); ad = perviousi.

Possimist, pesi-mist, n. [ L. pessimus, worst ] जकन विवय अपनार्वा इस को प्रश्ने महावादी । वावलीय वस व्यवकार्य शहे श्रेतारह अञ्जल व्यवस्थानकाती : विधनिन्ता : A general grambler; one who complains of everything as being for the worst :- oppossed to optimist. n=pesimism (विश्विष्क )।

Post, pest, n. [ L. pestis, a contagious disease ] यहात्राजी : यक्षक ; मात्राज्यक विवत्र वो वख ; A plague; a fatal epidemic disease; anything destructive. Syn :- Pestilence, infection ; taint, bane ; infliction, nuisance, annoyance.

Pester, pester, v. t. क्रिडे-क ; क्डे-प ; विवक-क ; To annoy; to vex; to disturb.

Pest-house, n. मःक्रांमक बानश्रक्तित्व शैन পাতাৰ; A hospital for persons infected with any contagious disease.

Pestiferous, pest-ifér-us, e. [ L. pestis, a contagious disease, and fero, to bear ] \TI-ৰাশক; সাংঘাতিক; সংক্ৰামক; Bearing pesdlence, pestilent; infectious, contagious. adm pestiferously.

Pestilence, pest'i-lens, n. বছৰ্বাদী সংক্ৰাৰৰ বৌদ ; नडक ; बादी ; Any contagious deadly disease. Pestilent, pest'i-lent, a. অপকারক ; কতিকারক ; বৃতি ছুই; Hurtful to health and life; mischievous; corrupt; troublesome. ad = pestilently. Pestileptial, pest s-lenshal, a. नः जानक ; बांबाक्य । বিনাশালক; নাশক; Producing pestilence; destructive. ad - pestilentially,

Postie, peśl, u. [L. pistum, to pound ] উন্নৰসেয় কণ্ড; হাৰল বিখা; ৰোটনা; মূৰল; An instrument for pounding anything in a mortar:—৩. 1. হাৰাল-হিখাৰ উন্না-ক; বোটনা হাৰা চূৰ্ব-ক; To pound or break with a pestle.

Pet, pet, ন. বল্লড; বিৰুপাৰ; A favourite:— পোৰা কৰ; Any animal tame and fondled:— বিৰুদ্ধি; ইবং ক্ষুড়াব; A fit of peevishness; slight passion:—v. t. আগৰ-ক; To fondle.

Potal, pet'al, n. পুলাল ; পুলোর গাণড়ি ; A flowerleai. a=petalous,

Petalaid, pet'al-aid, a. পুলাগুলের সাম আকার-বিশিষ্ট : Having the form of a petal.

Petaled, pet'aid, Petalous, pet'al-us, a.

ৰক্ষিকিট্ট ; সম্বন , Having petals

Petaline, pet'al-in, a প্ৰেমন পাগতি সম্বন্ধীন ; পূজাক্ষম সম্বন , Pertaining to, or resembling, a petal.

Petard, pe-tard, n. [Fr. peter, to crack]
আয়েরাত্র , মুব্যত্ত্ব; An engine of war used to
break down gates, barriers &c., by explosion.

Hoist on his petard, Hoist with his
own petard—আগনান কামে পাড়া; Caught in
his own trap.

Poter-pence, pc'ter-pens, n. প্রাচীন ইংবান জাতির নিষ্ট পোলের প্রাণ্য বাধিক কর বিশেব; An annual tax of a silver penny formerly paid by the English to the Pope.

Petiole, pet'i-5l, n. [L. pes, pedis, a foot]
TIGHT (Tible, Mage; A leaf-stalk.

Petition, pe-tishun, n. [L. petitio, from petere, to beg, ask] দর্শাত, আবেদন, আর্থনা, A request; a supplication, an entreaty, a prayer — গ প্রাথনা ক, আবেদন ক, অনুনৰ-ক, To solicit, to supplicate. Syn:—Solicitation, suit; address, application, appeal, memorial

Petitionary, pe-tishun-ar-i, a. आंद्रवनकांत्री; अनुवारक्त Supplicatory.

Petitioner, pe-tishun-er, n. আবেদনকারী; দব-বান্তকারী, আর্থনাকারী; আবেদক. One who presents a petition or prayer. [Entreaty, solicitation Petitioning, pe-tishun-ing, n. অসুনার; আবেদন, Petro—Same as saltpetre.

Petrean, pe-tre'an, a. [Gr. petra, a rock]
প্রক্রমধ্বার; Pertaining to rock or stone.

Petrefaction, # সাধানীকরণ; প্রতরক্ষপে পরিণাম; প্রতর্গকারে পরিণতি; প্রতরীভূত পদার্ব, The act or process of changing into stone.

Petrefactive, pet-ri-fakt'-ıv, Petrific, pe-trif'ik, a. প্রত্তীকরণকর; Having the power to convert into stone.

Petrel, n. সামুদ্রিক পকী বিশেষ ; An ocean bird.

Petroscont, pe-tresent, a. প্ৰভন্নভূভ; প্ৰভন্নভাবে পরিষ্ঠনান; Growing into or becoming stone.

\*\*- petroscence.

Petroleum, pe-trole-um, a. [ L. petra, rock,

and oleum, oil] শিলা তৈল; গাৰিব জৈল; আছম নিংসত ভরল পদাৰ্থ; Rock oil; a brown hquid oil. Petrous, pe-trus, a. প্ৰছম্মৰ; পাৰাপ্সদৃশ; Like stone; hard; stony.

Petted, pet'ed, a. नानिङ ; সোহানবার ; আয়ুড ; Indulged ; fondled

Petticoat, pet'i-köt, n. বীলোকের বাববা; ছোট বাবা, A loose under garment worn by females; a little coat. a=petticoated.

Petticoat government—ইলাসন, স্থালোকের বারা চালিত শাসন : Female rule

Pettifogger, pet'i-fog-er, n. নাযান্ত উদিন; নাকে উদ্বল; A lawyer who practises in petty or paltry cases; a petty lawyer.

Pettish, pet'-ish, a. वित्रक्षिकत्र, विहेबिट ; बानी , त्यावन ; Peevish, fretful.

Petty, pet'e, a. সাৰাত ; কুত্ৰ ; বৰণা ; নিকুট , তুজ্ঞ ; Small ; little , inconsiderable ; contemptible , inferior. n=pettiness, ad = pettily. Syn:—Trifling, diminutive, trivial, unimportant, frivolous, slight ; inferior. [Wearing a petticoated, a. ছোট জাষা বা বাবরা পরিছিত ; Petty-toggery, n. সাবাত্র উক্লের বাবনা ; বাজোভি ; Disreputable tricks ; quibbles.

Pettylogging, n. সীমান্ত ওকালতি, অভি নীচ কৰ্ম. নীচ কৰ্মকারী; প্রভাবক, The practice of a pettyfogger; mean tricks, quibbles, paltry.

Petulance, petū-lans, Petulancy, pet-ū-lan-si, n. বৃষ্টভা, আপিইডা, প্রপন্ততা, Forward-ness, sausiness; impudence:—বিয়ন্তি, উক্ষাপতা, Peevishness; wantonness.

Petulant, pet'ū-lant, a. [L. peto, to fall upon]
पृष्ठ , প্ৰগণ্ড , Forward ; impudent — পিটু বিটে,
সহলা রাগী , বিবস্ত ; Peevish. ad=petutantly.
( চটিহা ; উল্লভাবে ) । Syn — Querulous, captious,
cavilling, irritable, ill-humoured, cross, fretful.
Pow, pu, n. ষ্টাৰ ধৰ্মালয়ে পৰিবেটিত আসৰ, An
inclosed seat in a church. a=pewy.

Pewit, pewit, Pewet, pewet, n. পদী বিশেব . চিটিভ , The lapwing.

Powter, pū'ter, n এক প্ৰকাৰ দতা; An alloy of lead and tin or lead and zinc:—দতা নিৰ্দিত পাত্ৰ; Vessels made of pewter —a. দতানিৰ্দ্ধিত, Made of pewter.

To soour the pewter—আগনার কার্য-কু; To Pewterer, pu'ter-er, n. দতার কারীকর; কারারী; One who works in pewter

Pewtery, a ব্যাস্থ্যীয়, Belonging to pewter.

Phaeton, ide-tun, n. খোলা চাৰি চাৰার বাজী
বিশেষ, কেটিৰ বাজি; A kind of open pleasure
carnage on four wheels:—পকী বিশেষ, The
tropic bird.

Phalanges, fa-lanjez, n. pl. অজ্লির কুল্ল অন্তি-স্মৃত্ ; The small bones of the fingers and toes. Phalanx, falangks, n. সৈভ্তেমী ; পডাদি সৈভের চতুকোৰ বৃহে ; মনসন্তিবিষ্ট সৈভের দল, A line of battle, a square battalion of heavy armed troops formed in ranks and in files close and deep; any compact body of men.

Phanerogamous, a. পৃথক পৃথক পুৰেশৰ ও গঠকেশৰ সময়িত পূজাৰায়ী, Having visible flowers, containing distinct stamens and pistils, Phantasm, fan'azm, «. [Gr. phaino, to bring to light; phao, to shine ] অপ্তায়, কামনিক মুখ বা বৃত্তি; বয়; করনা; ভূড; A fancied vision; a spectre; a phantom. pl=phantasms, phantasmata.

Phantasmagoria, fan-taz-ma-gō'-na, ন. ছাৰাবাজি; ঐজনানিক আলোকাগার; A magic lantern with slides by which figures are magnified on a wall or screen and made to appear as if in motion. [ tasy.

Phantastic, Phantasy—See Fantastic, Fan-Phantom, fahtom, n. অপহায়; মৃত; A spectre; a fancied vision, an airy spirit.

Pharisaio, ar-e-saik, Pharisaical, far-e-saik-al, a. সাহিনীদিনের নগৰীর বা সমূল, Pertaining or resembling the Pharisees — কণ্টা, ধহ-পাৰী; Hypocritical. ad-pharisaically n=pharisaicalness. Syn —Formal, sanctimonious.

Pharisaism, far't-গ্ৰ-12m, Pharisasism, far't-st-12m, n. সাধ্যে নীতি, কপট্ডা, ধ্ৰম্বনিতা. The practice and opinions as of the Pharisacs strict observance of outward forms in religion without the spirit of it, hypocrisy in religion.

Pharisee, par'i-চ, n. ছনাহ্বাক বিজনী ৰহ সম্ভান বিৰেছ, A well-known Jewish sect, noted for their strict observance of the law, and of the traditions of the elders and pietender to superior sanctity.

Pharmaceutic, far-ma-sūt'ic. Pharmaceutical, far-ma-sūt'ik-al, a. উৰণ প্ৰস্তুত ক্রিবাৰ কৌনল সম্বীয়, উৰ্থ প্ৰস্তুতকরণ বিভাগৰ্থীয়; Pertaining to the knowledge or art of pharmacy ad-pharmaceutically.

Pharmaceutics, far-ma-sūt'ıks, n. উৰ্থ প্ৰস্তুত করণ বিখ্যা; উৰ্থ প্ৰস্তুত করিবার বিজ্ঞান; The science of preparing medicines.

Pharmacoutist, lar-ma-stit'ist, n. উবধ-প্রস্তাত-কারী; উবধ প্রস্তুত করণক্ষম লোক; One who practises pharmacy; an apothecary.

Pharmacopeoia, fai-ma-ko-pë'ya, n. [Gr pharmakon, medicine, posso, to make] ত্র্য প্রত-করণের প্রয়, Book of directions for preparing drugs.

Pharmacy, far ma-si, n. [ Gr. pharmakon, a drug] শুৰৰ প্ৰস্তুত ক্ষিণাৰ বিদ্যা, শুৰণালয়, The art or practice of preparing and mixing medicines. Pharos, নি'ros, n. সমুখ্যীরহু আলোকগৃহ; নাবিক-ছিপের ছক্ত নীপমক, A light-house.

Pharynx, farinks, n. MANIN; The cavity forming the upper part of the gullet

Phase, faz, n. 47. Appearance which any thing manifests. pl=phases.

The phase of the moon-star stal !

Pheasant, felant, n. স্পর পক্ষীবিশেব, A beautiful bird of game.

Pheasantry, feżant-ri, n. কেলাট পদীর ভৱ বেটত হাব; An enclosure for keeping pheasants. Phonix, ičniks, Phoonix, n. করিত পদী; কার-নিক পদী বিশেষ; A fabulous bird believed to burn itself and arise from its own ashes.

Phonomonal, fen-orien-al, a. বৃত্ত সম্প্রীয়; আবাদ্যক, অবুড; অপুর্ক; Pertaining to a phenomenon or appearance; very extraordinary.

ad-phenomenally.

Phonomenon, fen-omen-on, n. [Gr. phaino, to shew] মুক্ত: মুক্তির বিষয়ীসূত বন্ধ: আপুন্ধ মুক্ত: আপুন্ধি মুক্ত: আপুন্ধি মুক্ত: আপুন্ধি মুক্ত: আপুন্ধি মুক্ত: মান্ত্রাক্ত বিষয়ীসূত্র বন্ধানি মুক্ত: আপুন্ধি মুক্ত: মান্ত্রাক্তন মান্ত্রাক্তন

Phial, fi'al, n. বিলি, A small glass vessel or bottle:—v. t. বিলি বা বোডলে বাবা; To put or keep in a phial.

Philander, fi-lander, v. i. [Gr. philo, to love, and andros, a man] (अमानाग-कृ, एक्नानी-कृ; Make love; coquet, flat.

Philanthropic, fil-an-throp'ik. Philanthropical, fil-an-throp'ik-al, a বিষয়েমিক, হিতিতী; মলনকানী; Benevolent; loving mankind; exhibiting philanthropy. ad=philanthropically.

Philanthropist, fil-anthro-pist, n পোৰভিত্তিৰী, বিৰৱোধৰ, One who loves and wishes to serve mankind.

Philanthropy, fil-anthro-pi, n. [ Gr. phi'os, loving, and antiropes, a man ] মনুবা হিত্তিবলা, নম্মীতি, বিবাধেন, Love of mankind, universal good will.

Philhermonie, fil-har-monik, a [G. philos, loving, and harmonia] স্বাতির ; সকীত্যার , Loving harmony or music.

Philippic, fil-ip'ik, দ কিলিপের বিকল্প ডিমছিলেনের বজ্ঞা; তীরপূর্ব নিন্দা; কুংসাপূর্ব বজ্ঞা, An oration of Demosthenes against Philip of Macedon; a discourse full of invective.

Philippine, v. l. গালি-জে, Utter invective:-কিলিপের পকাবলগন-কু, Side with Philip

Philistine, মিজ-lin, n. ক্ৰিফা-বিচীৰ লোক, অশিকিত ব্যক্তি; কুমাণৰ লোক, সম্ভানিধনা ব্যক্তি. Man without liberal culture, a narrow-minded man. pl = philistinism.

Philistinism— ধর্ম ওয়নীয় : A cynical indifference and supercitions sneering at religion.

Philologist, fil-ofo jist, n. ভাৰাতৰ্বিত্, ভাৰা বিজ্ঞানবিং; One versed in philology.

Philology, fil-olo-ji, n. [Gr. philos, loving, and logos, discourse] states; statistic, wasfart, Knowledge of languages, the science of languages a=philologic, philological ( states assault); ad=philologically.

Philomath, n. [Gr. philos, loving, and manthano, to learn ] ছাত্ৰ, বিদ্যাৰ্থী; A scholar. a=philomathic, philomathical.

Philomel, filo-mel, Philomela, fil-o-mela, n. নাইটিকেল নামক পকী; The nightingale.

Philosopher, fil-250-fer, n [Gr philos, a lover, sophos, wise] দাৰ্থিক, দ্বৰ বিজ্ঞানবিং; জানবিস্কু, One versed in or devoted to philosophy.

Philosopher's stone—পূৰ্ব মি ; পৰেশ পাৰন্ধ ; A stone fancied to turn base metals into gold : —ৰন্ধেৰ উপান ; The way to wealth.

Philosophic, fil-o-sofik, Philosophical, fil-o-sofik-al, a. দৰ্শনস্থীয় ; ধাৰ্ণনিষ্ ; Belonging or according to philosophy স্থানিষ্ ; Rational; wise:—ছিন্ন; বেশাৰ, Calm. admiphilosophically.

Philosophise, fil-ośo-fis, খ.i. বিচাৰ-কু; দাৰ্গনিকের ভাষ বিচাৰ-কু; ভাৰণাপুসন্ধান-কু; To act the philosopher; to reason; to moralise.

Philosophism, fil-oso-fizm, n. saves (stiart):
The practice of sophistry. n-philosophist,
supphilosophistic.

Philosophy, fil-alo-fi, n. [ Gr. philos, loving, sophia, wisdom ] বিজ্ঞান; দুপনশাহ; The knowledge of the causes of all phenomena.

Mental philosophy—यत्नविकान।

Matural philosophy—नगर्विकान ।

Philter, Philtre, filter, n. কামোকাপক ওবন; লেমোকাপক বোহমত্ব; A charm or spell to excite love; a love-potion.

Phlebotomy, fle-bot'o-mi, n. [Gr phlebos, a vein, and tomos, a cutting ] \$\$\text{3}\$\$ \$\text{4}\$\$ . \$\$\text{3}\$\$ \$\text{2}\$\$ \$\text{4}\$\$ . Act of letting out blood; blood-letting

Phlegm, flem, v. (C. phlegma, a flame, phle gein, to burn ] কো, কক, The thick matter discharged in coughing — চিলামি: অনসভা, জন্তা, বৈশকত; Dullness; slugarshness, indifference. Syn —Mucus; coldness.

Phlogmatic, flee-matik, Phlogmatical, flee-matik-al, a. দেখাত্ৰক; ক্ষোযুক্ত, Abounding in phlogm—নিকেঃ চিমা, জড়; অনাসক. আল্য, Dull. cold, sluggish. ad=phlogmatically. Syn—Heavy, indifferent, apathetic.

Phiogiston, n. অসুভূত তেজ . দাল সম্ভঃ কপ্লিগৰ্ভ;
The smagmary principle of tire. a-phiogistic
(তংকেজ সম্ভীয়))

Phlox, ম. পুলবৃক, A well known flowering Phonine, a. নীলভাতীয় জনজন্ত সমন্ত্ৰীৰ, Pertaining to the seal tribe.

Phoebe, n. 53; Diana, the Goddess of the Phoebus, n. 747; 747744; The sun; Apollo. Phoenix—Same as Phonix.

Phonetic, fo-net'ik, Phonetical, fo-net'ikal, a. [ Gr. phone, a sound ] বৰ্ষিবয়ক, শক্ষ বা ব্যু স্বন্ধীয় ; Vocal ; pertaining or according to the sound of the voice.

Phonetics, io-mit'iks, n. খৰ বিজ্ঞান, জনবিজ্ঞান, The science of sounds, csp, of the human voice, phonology. Phonio, fohik, a. পজবিষয়ক, স্বন্যক্ষীয়, Per-Phonios, finhiks, n. খৰ-বিজ্ঞান, সক্ষিক্ষান, The science of sound; accoustics.

Phonogram, n. বিশেষ শ্বনির বা তৎপরিবর্তনের ব্যোতক বিশিত বর্ণ বা চিচ্চ; A written letter or mark indicating a particular sound.

Phonograph, fo'no-grai, n. [Gi. phone, sound, and grapho, to write ] বে ব্যন্ত্রন সাহাবো বাকা বা আছ পৰা এছণ করিছে এবং ইচ্ছাপুসারে ভাষার প্রয়াবৃত্তি করিছে পারা বাম, শ্রন্ত-পৰ্য-গেখক বন্ত্র, সাক্ষেত্রক চিন্তু, A character or symbol; used in phonograpy.

Phonographer, fo-nogra-fer, Phonographist, fo-nogra-fist, ন. বিভিন্ন বৰ্ণ বিভিন্ন ৰক্ত আগম কৌশলক; One versed in phonography.

Phonographic, Phonographical, s. wa-

Phonography, fo-nogra-fi, n. हिल् बावा अक् अकान कविवाद विवा, द्वर्थानकाकिका विवा; लाख-

ভিন্ন সংক্ষেপ-লিপি-কৌশন; The art of expressing sounds by characters or types. a—phonographic, phonographical. aa—phonographically.

Phonologist, a. नजनिकानिविः; One versed in phonology,

Phonology, fo-nolo-ji, n. [Gr. phone, sound, logos, discourse] পদ্ধিকান; মেলিক পদ্ধিকান; মজিক বিদান, Phonetics; the science of the elementary spoken sound. a=phonological.

Phonotype, তি'no-tip, n. [Gr. phone, sound, typos, type] উভাৱিত অনির স্থোতক চিক, A type or sign representing a sound.

Phonotype, fo-not'ip-i, n. ভিত্ত ক্রেরে কর্ বিজ্ঞান বিশা; The art of representing sounds by types or distinct characters.

Phosphate, " नवन वित्नव , A kind of salt.

Phosphoresco, fos-for-e4, v. i. কৰ্কানের ছাব জনকারে আবোক প্রকাশ-কু; To shine in the dark like phosphorus.

Phosphorescent, fos-for-esent, a. আৰক্ষাৰ জনগান; Shining in the dark like phosphorus. n=phosphorescene.

Phosphoric, fos-for'ik, Phosphorous, fostoru, a অস্কবাদ সম্ভাৱ , তংগদুৰ বা তত্ত্বাদ্ধ , Pertaining to, resembling, or obtained from Phosphories.

Phosphorus, folior-us, n. [Gr. phos, light, and phoros, bearing, phoro, to bear] অছ এই, ওজচারা, The morning star — শীপক ইবা; অকলারে জননশীল দাই বস্তু বিশেষ; অক্লাক; A yellowish substance, like wax, inflammable and luminous in the dark.

Phosphuret, n. মন্ত ৰাতুর সহিত ক্স্করানের বিলাপ; A combination of phosphorus with a metal.

Phosphuretted, a. কৃন্দরানের সহিত দিবিত; Combined with phosphorus.

Photograph, তি to-graf, n. চিত্ৰ বিশেষ, আলোক চিত্ৰ, A picture produced or obtained by photography:—w. f আলোক সাকাৰো চিত্ৰাক্ষণ-তু ।

Photographer, Photographiet, ». আলোক-চিত্ৰ ব্যবদায়ী; আলোকচিত্ৰকুপল থাজি; One who practises, or is skilled in, photography.

Photographic, Photographical, a. আনোৰ চিত্ৰ বিদ্যা-বিষয়ক; আলোক চিত্ৰ-কৌপললক. Pertaining to or obtained by, photography ad photographically.

Photography, io-tog'raf-i, n. { Gr. photos, light, and grapho, to draw } আনোৰ নেখা. আলোক ডিঅবিলা, আলোক সাহাবো চিআবেলা; Daguerrotype, the art of drawing or producing pictured by light on chemically prepared surfaces.

Photometer, fo-tomet-ér, n. [Gr. photos, light, and motron, a measure ] আনোক গাঁৱবাপক বয়; আলোকনাৰ বয়; An instrument for measuring the intensities of light.

Photophobia, থি-to-তিbia, n. [Gr. photos, hght, phobos, fear ] আবোৰ জীতি; আনোৰাডহ বোগ; Dread of light.

Photophone, n. ferr (44) nivices yeared that (414-42; An apparatus for transmutting acti-

culate speech, to a distance along a beam of light. Photosphere, s. चांलांकवृद्ध ; प्रशास्त्रका ब्लांडि-

ৰ্দ্ধর পরিবৃত্তি ; A sphere of light.

Phrase, traz, n. [ G. phrasis, from phrasein, to speak ] वांकारण ; वांकानमहि ; वांका कथरनद भावा : A short pithy expression; a mode or form of speech :-- v. t. वांका टाकान-कृ; वांबांछ-कृ; To express in words; to style. Syn: -(n) Expression, term, idiom; diction, style, phra-

seology. Phraseologic, Phraseological, a. वाका-কখনপদ্ধতি সম্বন্ধীয় ; কুন্ত বাকা বা বাক্যাংশময় ; Consisting of phrases. ad = phraseologically.

Phraseology, fra-ze-olo-ji, n. [Gr. phraseos, phrase, logos, science ] वांका बहना ; वांकाब ब्रीकि ; ভাষার খারা : कथरनत थाता : अमानिन : Peculiarities of diction; a collection of phrases. 4-phraseologic, phraseological

Phrenologist, fren-olo-jist, n. बाँडक विमार्गिद ; ম্বিক তছবিং: One who is versed in phrenology. Phrenology, fren-olo-ji, n. | Gr. phrenos, mind, and logos, science ] बांचक विमा ; मांचक The science of the functions of the brain and its different parts. umphrenological, adphrenologically.

Phthisic, tižik, Phthisical, tižik-al, a ক্ৰেণাৰাজঃ Pertaining or having phthisis.

Phthisical, tizik-al, a. ক্রকাশ সংকীর . ক্র-\* | Pertaining or having phtmsis; breathing hard.

Phthisis, thisis, ( कार्रिम ) n. [ Gr. phthio, to waste away ] 東京中门; Consumption of the lungs.

Phylactery, fi-lakter-i, n. ami mas farem; Amulet against infection. e=phylacteric, phylacterical.

Phylloners, n. की विषय ; A genus of insects. Physic, s. চिक्शा कोनन ; खेरन ; Medicine ; the art of healing :- v. t. @वथ-(म , हिक्टिश- म ; आनाम-F ; To give medicine to ; to cure.

Physical, fifik-al, a. [ G. phusis, nature, from phuein, to bring forth ] शमार्थनिमा विवनक ; ৰাভাবিক; প্ৰাকৃতিক; Pertaining to nature or natural objects:—ভোতিক; পারীবিক; বাফ, Bodily; corporeal; external. ad-physically ( (#3-ANCE ) | Syn: - Material, tangible, substantial. natural; medicinal, cathartic, purgative.

Physical exercise—শারীরিক ব্যারাম; অসচালনা : Physical Geography—আকৃতিক ভূগোল ৷ Physical labour—কায়িক পরিশ্রম।

Physician, fi-zishan, n. हिक्दिम् ; खिनक ; देवता ; One who prescribes remedies for diseases.

Physicist, fizi-sist, n. अमार्थमर्नमाशाही : अमार्थformifee; A student of nature, one versed in physical science.

Physics, fiziks, n. Maid fami; The science which treats of the general properties of natural bodies ; natural philosophy :-- रेटरजा विकान ; उप-विकान ; The science of medicine ; the art of healing diseases :- 344; A medicine. Physics, filiks, n. sing. apfe famia; an

विकास ; भगार्थ विकास : The science of the material system; natural philosophy.

Physiognomist, ». বে মুখের ভাব দেবিরা বভাব विवास नारत ; One skilled in physiognomy ; one who tells fortunes by the face.

Physiognomy, fiz-i-og'no-mi, n. [ Gr. physis, nature, and gnonei, to know ] with cyling মনের ভাব নিজপণ করিবার বিদ্যা; সুধমওলের রেখাপাত प्रिक्षां चलाव निक्रभव विका वा कोणन ; The science or art of knowing a man's character from his features :-- मृत्यत वित्नव ভावछको ; व्यवस्थल : ৰাহাৰার; Particular expression of the countenance. a=physiognomic, physiognomical, ad = physiognomically, n = physiognomist.

Physiography, fiz-i-og'ra-fi, n. [ Gr. physis, nature, and grapho, to describe ) वाक वनारकत বিবরণ ; পৃথিনীর বাহাকার সম্বন্ধীর বিজ্ঞান-শাল্প , প্রাকৃত বিজ্ঞানের উপক্রমণিকা; An introduction to the study of nature.

Physiology, fiz-i-olo-ji, n. [Gr. physis, nature, and logos, science | भडीब विश्व : भावीब-श्रान-विना : कीवकनाउन्न मक्ति विकान . The science which treats of the functions of living beings. a = physiologic, physiological. ad - physiologically. n=physiologist.

Physique, fiz-čk, n. मनुरमात आङ्गिक वा नातीविक शहन; The natural constitution, or physical structure of a person.

Phytology, fi-tolo-1i, n. [ Gr. phyton, a plant, and logos, science | star famt. The science of plants, botany, a=phytological, n=phytologist. Piacular, pi-akū-lar, n. প্রশাসক; পাপছর; Expiatory; requiring expiation :- 4518 58, of the brain. Atrociously bad.

Piametor, n. तक वहा नासीविनिष्टे विक्रि : Thin skin Pianissimo, ad. व्यक्ति शेरव शेरव : Very softly. Pianist, pi-a'nist, n. निवान-वानक ; Pianoforte

player.

Piano, pi-a'no, ad. शीरव शीरव ; Softly. Piano, pi-ano, Pianoforte, pi-a'no'for'te, n. वानावश्व विरमव ; निवारना ; A musical instrument.

Piastro, pi-as'ter, n. (त्रोभा मुझा वित्यद ; A silver coin used in Turkey and other countries.

Piazza, pi-aźa, n. বারাণা; বারাণা ধারা বেইত চতুক রাখা; টাদনী; A square surrounded by buildings; portico:-A walk roofed in.

Pibroch, n. নাগরিক বাদ্য বিবেদ; The martial music.

Pica, n. ছাপিবার জকর বিশেষ ; A printing type. Pick, pik, v. t. citesta : To peck at :- 534- ; बढ़-कृ; त्रःबह्-कृ; त्रक्त्र-कृ; To pluck ; to gather :-(छम-ङ् ; विश्व-ङ् ; To pierce :--- मत्नानीछ-ङ् ; निर्वाहन-7; To choose; to select :- 744-7; To separate :- डेन्पांडेन-कृ ; To open, as a lock :- आरब्दन-कृ, अनुस्थान-कृ; To seek, as a quarrel :-जल्ड्यन-कृ ; To steal :-- ७. रं. क्ष्मस्त्राम (कांग किह्न-कृ ; To do anything nicely :-- আৰু আল করিয়া ভোজন-क ; बार बार बार वा का ; To eat by morsels :-n. তীকাৰ বন ; শ্চীৰূপ আৰ ; Any sharp pointed instrument :- मरनानमन ; नहन्म ; Choice. Syn :--Glean; cull, hull; clean; steal, pilfer.

Pick & bone with any one-wf-F, निराप-

हुः क्षांत्र किहू बहेश कोशांत त्रहिठ कामहाकानिक वा विवार-कृ: To wrangle, to dispute.

Pick acquaintance with wints; Make the acquaintance of. [Find fault.

Pick a hole—দোৰ বাহিন-ক: ভিতাপ্ৰস্থান-ক:
Pick a hole in one's cost—পৰ-ছিতাপুসন্ধানক: Find fault with. { with a false key.
Pick a lock—পৰ চাবি দিয়া বোলা; Open a lock
Pick and chose—ইক্ষেত্ৰ প্ৰস্ক-ক: Select at will.

Pick and steal—Steal indiscriminately.

Pick a pocket—ৰেৰ হইতে চুরি-কু; ৰেৰ ইইতে

Piok a pocket—ৰেব হইডে চুরি-ছু; ৰেব ইইডে অব্যাদি অপ্তরণ করা; Steal the contents of a pocket.

Pick a quarrel—পার পড়িয়া বাড়া-কু; ইচ্ছা করিয়া বল্লা বাধান; Get into a quarrel by seeking for it. Pick quarrel—বিবাদের কারণ অনুস্কান-কু; পারে পড়ে বগড়া-কু; Seek cause for quarrelling.

Pick at- विक्थ- म ।

Pick-me-up, #. উत्तबक गानीत वा स्ता ।

Pick off—সক্ষ-কু; Gather:—ব্য-কু; এক একটা ক্রিয়া ভাল বাবা পাড়া; Take away by an unexpected movement, as the life of an enemy in sharp shooting; kill.

Pick one's pocket—কাহারও প্রেট বা ক্ষেব ইইডে কিছু চুরি-কু; Steal something from one's pocket, Pick out—প্রন-কু, বাছিল কলমা; Select; select from a number or quantity.

Pick to pieces, Pick pieces— निया- क ; त्यांव

Pick up—হঠাৎ জড়-কু; Gather by chance or indiscriminately:—বৌধ ক্রমে সারিয়া জাইসা; Improve slowly in health; improve in health by degrees:—বাইতে বাইতে মধন্য-কু; Acquire possession of, something as one moves along:—এবান ধেকে গুধান ধেকে কালে কেবান ধেকে সংগ্রহ করা; উপার্জন-কু, Gather from here and there; obtain in a chance way; acquire by chance:—সম্বোদ সম্বোদ করা বা এব গুর কাছে তিনিয়া শিক্ষা-কু; Acquire (some knowledge by casual study):—কুড়াইমা করা; Take up from the ground with the fingers.

Pick-axe, pikaks, n. কাৰ: বনিত: দাৰণাত্ত; A picking tool used in digging; digging tool pointed at the one end and broad at the other, used in excavating.

Picklock, pikiok, n. ভালা খোলা কাট; চাবি বাড়ীত তানা খুলিবার যন্ত্র; An instrument by which locks are opened without the key:—(চার, যে ইন্ধপে তালা খোলে; A person who picks locks.

Pick-pocket, pikpok-et, n. গাঁটৰাটা; প্ৰেট বাৰা চোৰ; One who cunningly steals from the pockets of another in a public way.

Pickthank, त. (ভাবাবেশকারী; An officious person or parasite.

Picked, a. বাছাই; বনোৰীত : চুনিবা লবছা ; Carefully selected; as, picked men:—হচাত্ৰ; Point ed; sharp:—অগ্রত; Plundered:—চালাক; Smart.

Pioket, piket, স. হক্ষাপ্র বৃটি; তীক্ষাপ্র দত; উাবুর বৃটি; A sharp pointed stake, used in fortifications and encampments:—আহবি সভিবেশ; A small outpost or guard :—ভাসবেলা বিশেষ : A game at cards :—ভ. ই. ক্ষান কৰ বাবা হ্যক্তিক কু; বৃটি বাবা ব্যক্তি-কু; To fortify enclose or fence with picket.

Pickle, pikl, v. f. লবণাজ-কু; লবণ-নিৰ্কা ৰাধাইৱা ৰাধা; To preserve, or season with salt, vinegar:—n. লবণাজ জল; আচার বিশেষ; কাহৰি; A liquid in which substances are preserved; substance picked:—অত্থকর অবস্থা; A disagreeable position.

Pick-wick, n. नवा नतात (छाडे हुकडे ।

Pionie, piknik, n. চচুই ভাতি; বৰ-ভোৰৰ: উলাবাদিতে ভোৰন; An entertainment in the open air, at which each person contributes some article for the common table; an open air entertainment:—বিকুট বিশেষ; A kind of small sweet biscuit:—v. i. বৰ ভোৰৰে বাবল; To go on a picnic..

Picquet-Same as picket.

Pictorial, a. চিত্ৰ সম্বন্ধীয় ; চিত্ৰ সম্বন্ধিত ; সচিত্ৰ ; Pertaining to pictures ; illustrated by pictures, admpictorially.

Picture, piktūr, n. [ L. pictura, from pingers, pictum, to paint ] চিজ; ছবি; Painting; drawing; likeness; resemblance; image:—v.t. চিজ
; চিজিড-ৰ অভিড-ৰ: To paint; to represent:
— মুলাইভাবে বৰিন-ৰ: To describe vividly. Syn:
—(n) Drawing, engraving, print; portrait, effigy, similitude, representation.

Picture-book, n. চিত্ৰ পুস্তক; ছবিয় বই; A book for children illustrated with picture.

Picture-frame, n. हिन्द (क्रम ; The ornamental border or case made to contain a picture.

Picture gallery, n. fourist; Rooms set apart for the exhibition of picture.

Picture-liner, n. One who prepares and fixes the inner canvas of a picture.

Picturesque, pik-tūr-esk, a. [L. pictura, a picture] কুলার; কুলার; রন্ধা; নরন-রন্ধা; Romantic; mild and beautiful:—বাভাবিক; অকুনিম; Natural:—কুলাই; Vivid. n=picturesqueness. adpicturesquely.

Piddle, pidl, v. t. সাগান্ত ক্ৰব্যে ব্যবসাক; ভুচ্ছ ভাজিল্য-ক; To deal in trifles; to trifle:— প্ৰসাধ-ক; মুডা; To urinate.

Pie, pi, ম. প্ৰী বিশেষ; A magpie:—পিইক; মাংসপুথিত পিঠা; Crust baked with something in it; a meat baked within a crust of prepared flour:—উপাসৰা পুতক; Roman Catholic service-book:—অক্স বিশেষ; অক্স কুণ; A type; a mass of printing types.

Piebald, pi'bowld, s. বছবৰ্ণবিশিষ্ট ; বৰ্ণ বৈচিত্ৰপূৰ্ণ ; চিত্ৰবিচিত্ৰ ; Of various colours ; deversified in colours ; mottled :—মিজিড ; Mixed.

Piece, pës, n. বহু ; বংলা ; ট্ৰুলা ; Part of anything ; bit :—একটা মাত্ৰ বহু ; বংলা ; A single article ; an individual article :—এবৰ জন্ম ; A literary or musical composition :—কামান ; বৰুহু ; A gun :—বুলা ; A coin :—বালি : লোহ ; লোহ ; বি parson (slightingly) :—v. t. ভালি -দে ; ক্ষেড্ৰু ; To patch ; to mead by adding a piece :—v. i. সংক্ষেত্ৰ ; To join. n—piecer, Syn :—(n) Scrap

shred, portion, mouthful, morsel; writing, fire-arm, cannon.

Fall to pieces, Go to pieces—ৰও বৰ কীয়া বাৰয়া বা পড়া; Be reduced to pieces; be destroyed.

Of a piece, Of a piece with—সমান; অহলণ; এক ভাবাপ্য; Of the same sort; alike; simi-

Of a piece with—সেই ছক্ম ; সমরূপ।

Piece out—ডালি-মে; Add to; extend or enlarge by the addition of one or more pieces.

Piece up - विवाद अधव-इ., Make up a quarrel for a time.

Tear to pieces, Break or out to pieces— 40-7; Reduce to pieces by tearing; reduce to pieces by breaking or cutting.

To fall to pieces—हजमात-इ ; कृज्यात्री-इ । To give a piece of one's mind to—मत्त्रद क्यां चला वला ।

To pieces-To utter ruin.

Piece-goods, দ ব্যাদি পানুবা, Dry goods sold by drapers, as, cotton, longcloths. [whole. Pieceless, presles, a. সুসূৰ্ব, অবত, Entire; Piecement, presmel, a. এক; পুৰুষ, অবিভায়, Single, made of parts!—ad. বন্ধতে; বন্ধ ব্যাদ্ধ সংগ; ক্ষমা; By pieces, gradually; in fragmants,

Piecer, s. a sin are; A factory hand who attends on farms and spindles to join broken threads.

Piecework, peswurk, n. বে কাৰ্য থাও বাতে সম্পন্ন হয়; বাতে বাতে কৃত কৰ্ম, Work done by job. Pied, pid, a. চিত্ৰবিচিত্ৰ; বিবিধ বাৰ্থ চিত্ৰিত, সাগৰুত, Variegated, spotted.

Pier, per, n. উত্তরণমণ ; জেটি, A wharf; a jetty; a projecting wharf or landing place:— ভরম বেগ নিগারণার্থ প্রস্তার নির্মিত বাঁগ; পোনা; A mass of stone work or a mole projecting into the sea for breaking the force of waves, a buttress:—বিশানের অবলমন; পিছা; A mass of stone-work for supporting an arch.

Pier-glass, perglas, ন. পৰাক দৰ্পণ; বাঙাহনের মধ্যে বিলম্বিত দৰ্শণ; A mirror hanging between windows.

Pierce, pērs, v.f. or i. বিদ্ধ-কু, ছিন্ত-কু, বিলাপ-কু, বিলাপ-কু, বিলাপ-কু, বিলাপ-কু, বিলাপ-কু, বিলাপ-কু, বেলাক্ড-কু; To touch or move deeply — সংস্ক কেন্দ্ৰ-কু, ভন্ত বিষয়ে প্ৰবেশ-কু, To dive into, as a secret of purpose. n = piercer. Syn:—Perforate, drill, affect, touch, move, thrill, strike.

Pierceable, pería-bl, a. त्वश, त्वशनीय; Capable of being pierced.

Piercing, a. প্ৰবেশকারী, Penetrating — নিদারক, বর্মভেদী; Affecting deeply — জীৱ, ভীক, Cutting; sharp; keen. ad = piercingly ( সম্বেদ-পূর্মক)। [muses.

Pierian, a. সম্বতী স্বন্ধীয়, Pertaining to the Pierian apring—ব্ৰহ্ম কুল।

Piet, n. काक्जाडीब नकी , A magpie.

Pietism, piet-iem, ম. পর্শের বাজাড়বর : এক মেনীর পর্মনীতি , Obstentations piety , the religion of the pietists Pletist, pl'et-ist, n. আগায় গর্মায়ারী; এক এইছ প্রসংখ্যারক; One of a sect of German religious reformers of the 17th century, characterised by great piety or practical religion; one who marked by strong devotional or religious feeling.

Piety, pi'e-te, n. [L. pietes, piety] ধর্মসাল্ডা : ধার্মিকতা : ধর্মার্মান ইব্যক্তি, বাতাশিতার অতি অভি : ধ্রেশাস্থাস ; কর্ত্বাবোধ , Reverance for the Deity, parents, or country ; reverance towards God , affectionate reverence for parents, or country ; sense of duty. Sym:—Religion, sanctity, holiness, veneration, devotion, godliness, grace.

Pig, pig, n. প্ৰৱণাৰক; A young swine, male or female:—v. f. প্ৰৱণাৰক অসম-মৃ; To bring forth pigs.

[ næpig-headed.a. কেন্দ্ৰে: Stunidly obstinate.

Pig-headed, a. একটার; Stupidly obstinate. Pig-iron, pig-t'urn, a. অবিজ্ঞ নৌহণিত; অপনি-কার পৌহণত; Rough iron, in rough bars.

Pig-tail, pig'tāl, n. প্ৰরশাবকো লেজ; The tail of a pig; the pair of the head tied behind in the form of a pig's tail —ভাষকুট বিশেষ; ভাষাকেল জটা; A roll of twisted tobacco.

The pig-tail-The Chinese.

Pigeon, pifun, n. ৰণোড; পারাবড; A wellknown bird; the dove —নিকোধ বাজি. A simpleton.

Pigeon-breasted, a. 1835 145; With a raised Pigeon-English, n. The barbarous and childish dialect of English in use in Chinese ports, between the English and American merchants and native trade.

Pigeon-express, n. 4:413 4131 41414 (434. Supply of intelligence by carrier pigeons.

Pigeon-fancier, s. One who keeps rare pigeons.

Pigeon-hearted, pigun-hart'ed, Pigeon-livered, a ভাষ ; জম্মা, কণোভমুক, Timid, fearful; cowardly.

Pigeon-hole, pilun-hol, n. পাৰ্যাৰ খোপ . ৰংপাত বিষয়, Hole in a dovecoat; a hole for pigeons .—কাপজ বাণিবাৰ চিত্ৰ, ৰাগজপত্ৰ বাণিবাৰ কাষ্ট্ৰাকোঠ, Small whole for papers, a division of a case for papers.

Pigeon-house, n. কপোত-গৃহ . Nove-coat.
Pigeon-livered, a জাক . তালাল . Timid,
cowardly .—বিনয় , কোন্দ্ৰভাব , Mild in temper ,
gentle.

Pigeonry, n. atriffits . Dove-coat.

Piggory, pig'er-1, n. 4444141; A place where pigs are kept. { vessel

Piggin, n. কোটা, কাঠপান, A small wooden Piggish, pig'i'h, a প্ৰৱ-সৰ্থীয়; প্ৰৱৰং, প্ৰদ সমুখ, Belonging to, relating to, or like pigs

Pigment, pig'ment, n. [1. pingo, to paint]
ন6, বে বছ হইতে ন্ধ প্ৰস্তুত হয়, Any substance for colouring paint. s—pigmental.

Pigmy, pig'me, n. Same as Pygmy. राष्ट्र, A dwarf. Syn:—Dwarfish, small, diminutive, inconsiderable.

Pike, pik, st. colemants aga : att ; A long lance ; a weapon consisting of a long wooden

shaft and spear-head; pitchfork:—499 विश्व ;
A fresh-water fish. [a point; acuminated.
Piked, pikt, s. एठांड ; एठांच्य ; स्वव्य ; Ending in
Pikeman, pikman, n. वर्षपाती; च्यापाती; A
man armed with a pike. [a pike at the end.
Pike-staff, pikstaf, n. व्यापात ; A staff having
Pilaster, pi-laster, n. [L. pila, a pillar]
sucult uu; A square pillar set within a wall.
s—pilastered.

Pilastered, pi-lasterd, a. ভিডিমালয় ভয়েও: Furnished with inserted pillars.

Pilohard, pilchard, n. সামুদ্রিক সংস্ক বিশেষ; A herring like sea-fish.

Pile, pil, n. [ F. pile, L. pila, a ball, G. pilos, a ball, globe ] 和何; 智可; 制厚; A heap; a roundish mass :- बुजरपर बानादेवात कार्ड ; किला ; Combustibles for burning, esp. dead bodies :- 74; कुर बोर्गिका ; स्थान : An edifice ; a building :-লোলা-মাশি: গোলাঞ্জির পাঁজা; A heap of shtor shell:-- THE FROME ; A form of battery :-- THE ; সুদ্ধিকাথোণিত কাইদত : A piece of timber pointed and driven into the earth for the support of a building, a bridge, on the lake :- 419064 594-कांब क्ला ; कांत ; क्ला ; The nap on cloth :- v. t. সংগ্ৰহ-তু; মড-তু; রাণীকৃত-তু; তুপাকার-তু, To heap up ; to collect in a mass :- #1918 #1918 99-3; To fill above the brim or top. Syn:-(n) Accumulation, lot; building, structure; filament, thread, fibre; staple.

Pile, n. हुन ; Hair. Funeral pile—हिंछा ।

Pile-driver, Pile-engine, a. wanter sière (aifes statis en faces; Machine for driving down piles.

Pileate, pile-ইt, Pileated, pile-ইt-ed, a. টুণিৰ আকাৰ্যবিশিষ্টঃ Having the form of a cap or hat. Piles, pile, n. pl. [ L. pila, a ball ] অৰ্থ বোদ; Hæmorrhoids.

Pilfor, pilfer, v. i. সামান্ত বন্ধ চুরি-কৃ; অপর্যাপ-কৃ; To rob; to steal small things — v. t. অপ্রয়ণ-কৃ; To steal by petty theft; to filch away. Syn.— Thieve, filch, purloin, cabbage.

Pilferer, n. cota; Thief.

Pilfering, n. anean; coles; Petty theft. Pilfery, pilfer-1, n. ninis pfa; Pretty theft.

Pilgrim, pilgrim, n. [ L. per, through, and ager, land ] ভাইবারা পর্টক, পরিবাজক: One who travels on religious account; a traveller; one who travels to a distance to visit a holy palce. Syn:—Palmer; wanderer, wayfarer.

Pilgrimage, pilgrima-aj, s. Signaj; A journey to a shrine or other holy place.

Pill, pil, n. [L. pila, a ball] উৰ্থে বৃদ্ধি; বৃট্টিকা; A little ball of medicine:—v. t. ছাল ভোলা; To strip bare:—ক্ষন-ক; To rob or plunder:—v. i. To be peeled off; to come off in flakes.

Swallow a pill—ভাগ লাগে না এবন কিছু সৃহ ক্ষিতে হত্যা; উৰ্ঘ গেলা; Have to go through or endure something unpalateable or disagreeable.

Pillage, pilaj, n. [ F. piller, to plunder ] সুঠন;
সূচনাট; Plunder; spoil, especially taken from
enumy in war:— . বুটন্-য়; To plunder; to

spoil. n=pillager. Syn:—(n) Devastation, depredation, spoliation, rapine, robbery; booty, loot. (v) Sack.

Pillar, pilar, n. [L. pila, a pillar] we; win; winya; Column. Syn:—Shalt, post; prop, support; foundation, basis; supporter, maintainer. Pillars of Heroules—Mountains at the straits of Gibralter.

Piller of state-ate-ate

Running from pillar to post—Running from one thing to another, without any definite purpose.

Pillar-box, s. यात्र शिक्ष ; A box attach to a pillar in the streets for the mailing of letters.

Pillared, pilard, a. estantes; es sist afes; estats; setats; Supported by a pillar; having the form of a pillar.

Pillau, pil-law', ম. জুরছবিরের ভোজা বিশেব; পোলাও; Turkish dish.

Pillion, pilyun, ল. আবারোহীর পকাতে রীলোকের বিদিনার পদি; কিনের পদি; A cushion for a woman to ride on behind a horse-man; the cushion of a saddle.

Pillory, pilor-i, n. नाकि समानाई वह विश्व ; Wooden machine in which offenders are fastened by the neck:—v. t. हेट वह दावा वर समान-इ; To punish in a pillory.

Pillow, pilo, n. alinn; South ; A bag filled with feathers, down &c., for resting the head on; any cushion:—v. t. sifesis Go-co; To lay on for support.

Pillow-case, pilo-k2s, n. বালিবের হয়ত ; A case or covering for a pillow.

Pillowy, pilo-i, s. উপাধানতুলা; নয়ম; কোমল; Like a pillow; soft. [Hiary. #=pilosity. Pilose, pilos, Pilous, pilus, s. চুৰমুক্ত; লোমণ;

Pilot, pilut, n. কৰ্মাৰ; আহাজ-পৰিচালক; One whose business it is to guide ships in and out of a harbour or channel; helmsman:—প্ৰপ্ৰকৰ্মক; A guide:—ত. f. আহাজ পরিচালিত ক; প্ৰপ্ৰকৰ্মক ক; To conduct as a pilot; to direct the course of, as a ship; to guide through dangers or difficulties. Syn:—(v) Steer, guide, conduct.

Pilotage, pilut-না, n. আহাজ পরিচালন; The act of piloting:—পোতচালকের বেতন; পোতচালকের ধরচা; The fee or wages of pilots:—পোতচালকের পদ বা কার্য়, The duty or office of a pilot.

Pilot-cloth, n. মোটা শক্ত কাগত বিশেষ ; A coarse stout kind of cloth for overcoats.

Pilot-Ash, ম. মংক বিশেষ : A fish. [ pepper. Primenta, Pimento, n. মনলা বিশেষ : Jamaica Pimp, pimp, n. কোটনা : কেডুৱা : মনগৃত : A pander : a procurer :—v. i. কোটনামি-কু : কেডুৱা-নিরি-কু : To pander : to procure. [ plant. Pimpernel, Pimpinella, n. উছিদ্ বিশেষ : A Pimple, pimpl, n. মূন্তুভি : এব : A small swelling. [ pimples on the skin. Pimpled, Pimply, n. অবনুক্ত : এবাই : Having Pin, n. মালাপন : Short piece of wire for fastening articles together:—বিব : সৌল : কাল : A peg :—ম্কিক্ডের বস্তু : মান্ট্রিক : মিত : মান্ট্রিক : মান্ট্রি

with a pin; to fasten: -- (वहेंच-इ; जावज्-इ; To inclose; to confine.

A rolling pin-com

Pins and needles—বিশ্বিষা i

Pin one down—নানেচ্য বিষয় ব্যতীত আৰু কথা কৰিতে না পেৰমা; In discussion to force one to keep to the point.

Pin one's faith upon another's aleevo-খণনেৰ ৰতে যত-বে; খাৰীৰ ভাবে চিছা না-কু; (কোৰণ কিছুতে) বিশ্বাস খাপন-কু; To be slavishly dependent on another for one's opinions, not to be an independent thinker.

Pinafore, pina-for, n. বালকের পোবাৰ : শিন্তর বছিবান ; An apron for a child fastened before ; a tier-

Pinbasket, n. বাগকের চুবড়ি; Basket for a boy:
—বীলোকের শেষ সন্থান; Woman's last child.

Pinesse, pińkās, Pincushion, pińkoosh-un, n. আবৃদিন রাধিবার আধার, Case for holding pins. Pinesta, pińserz, See pinchers.

Pinch, pinsh, v. t. [F. pincer, from Ger. pfitarn, to pinch] চিষ্টা কটো; To squeeze the flesh so as to give pain:—পীড়া-দে; To distress:—
ৰ্থা কৰিয়া বা কাৰড়াইলা বৰা, To nip; to gripe:—
নিপোৰণ-দু; To squeeze:—v.: কটকৰ ব্যানিক; To live sparingly; to be thrifty; to spare —n. চিষ্টা, Squeeze with the fingers —উৎপীড়ৰ; পীড়ৰ; Oppression:—বেৰুৱা; Pain:—গাড়ল; ডিনা; Oppression:—বেৰুৱা; Pain:—গাড়ল; ডিমান; Oppression:—বেৰুৱা; Pain:—গাড়ল; ডিমান; তিন্তা বৰুৱা, অৰ্থাব্যক্তিৰ কোন : Difficulty, pang, distress through want. Syn.—(v) Squeeze, nip, gripe, compress, straiten, distress, spare.

At a pinch, On a pinch—काई; काईव नरा ; At a difficulty.

At or on a pinch—গাঁজৰ বহবে, What at a loss for something to do:—বাংবাৰ বাড; When necessary; in an emergency.

Know or feel where the shoe pinchesceiels and glace risk; spins (cie) ceiels aces with mite, Have personal and practical experience of anything.

Where the shoe pinches—nices canada attracts; What part of the feet is squeezed: catals and, at cata airs, at cite, When the difficulty or puzzle is.

Pinched with cold—ইডার্ড।
Pinched with hunger—ক্ষার্ড।
Pinched with went—ক্ষাত্তাৰ কম্ব ক্লিয়।
Pinch-penny, s. কৃপন; One niggardly towards his dependents.

Pinehbeck, pinstibek, n. ভার ও ক্যার বিজ্ঞাপ্তির বাড় ; An alloy of copper and zinc.

Pincher, n. বে বাজি বা বস্তু চিষ্টাইচা ব্যৱ বা কট বেম ; One who, or that which, pinches.

Pinchers, Pincers, n. সাহাৰ: An instrument for seizing anything, esp nail; small tongs.

Pinohing, c. ক্লেপাৰত; Causing pain or distress:— মিলাপাৰত; Acting as a pincher, geiping:—বিনাপভারী, Nipping — ৰতাত লোভী; Covetious, Pinching poverty—was sifes; : Pinchingly, finshing-li, ed. \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*, in a pinching way.

Pindaria, pin-dar'ik, ল- নীতকান; কুল বাধা; An irregular ode in imitation of these of Pindar, the Greek poet:—s. নীতিকান্-নেৰক শিভাবের নিশিকোলার্বারা; After the style and manner of Pindar.

Pinder, n. (1145-144; A pound-keeper.

Pine, pin, s. (vente sw : A tree,

Pine, pin, v. i. ওকাইবা-বা; কুণ-ত; স্থান-ত; ক্থান-ত; To waste away; droop; languish; decline; flag; wither; decay:—v. t. পোক-কু; অপুণোচনা-কু; To grieve; to wear out.

Pine-apple, piń-ap'l, s. willen; Anana; a tropical plant, and its fruit.

Pinery, pineri, n. winish sinis; winish su; A place where pine-apples are raised; a pineforest. [for cattle.

Pinfold, pińfold, w. প্ৰাদ্ধি বৌষাড়, A pound Pinhole, \* স্চী-মৰ i

Pinion, pihyun, n. [L. ponna, feather, wing]
পক; পানক; A feather; quil! — চাকা; বৃহৎ চত্ত্ৰমন্ত্ৰিক বৃত্ত চক্ৰ: A small wheel with teeth playing
into a large wheel — চাত্ৰ্যন্তি, Fetter for the
arm — v t. পক্ৰকেন ক; To bind the wings of
পক্ষেদন ক; To cut off the pinion:— পিউমোধা
ক্তিবা বাবা, আবহু-ক, To confine by binding the
arms, to restrain by binding. Syn:—(v) Confine, shackle, fetter, chain.

Pink, pingk, n. পূল বিশেষ; A flower:—পাটন বৰ্গ. A colour like that of the flower:—বংশ বিশেষ. A fish:—বংশ বিশেষ; A plant —বংশ কুটা; Height of excellence:—v. t বিছ-কৃ. মু ছিন্ত-কৃ; To stab, to pierce with small holes cut in small scollops or angles.

Pink-eyed, pingkid, a. পুর হিমাবিশিষ্ট; পুরুজ , Having small eyes (the acme Pink of perfection—আন্তর্গ; The beaudeal, Pinking-iron, m. কোর ক্রিয়া কাইবার এর বিশেষ . A cutting instrument, for scalloping the edges of ribbons

Pin-money, n 4'sl कर्ड्ड बाहर द्वीरकांट्य निक कृत्र। बाहरू किया, द्वीय हाटड बाहरू बच्च किया, A wife's allowance for her personal expenses; a sum of money allowed to a wife for her private expenses.

Pinnace, pińss, a. কুম্ব নৌৰা বিশেষ; A small vessel navigated with oars and sails.

Pinnacle, pina-ki, n. 74; Highest point — 551; মনিবালিন অপ্রতান; A turret or elevation above the main building; a stender tower:— v f চুড়াছ করিয়া নিমান- ; To build with pinnacles Pinnate, pinat, a. [L. pinna, a feather] প্রাকৃতি; Shaped like a feather:— সংস্কৃতি প্রাকৃতি, Furnished with fins. ad = pinnately.

Pinner, pihér, n. आवृत्ति अवज्वाती; A pinmaker — त्वाडाय-रक्क ; The pound-keeper. Pin-point, pih-point, n. आवृत्तिमस अवयात ; The

point of a pin -- alaig and, well-eas was a farm; A mere trifle

Pint, pint, (लादेखे), w. जतन शरार्वत्र शक्तिकांव विकाय ,

Half a quart or 4 gills:—বাৰ আউল, 12 ounces. Bintle, pihti, n. ছোট আল্পিন; A little pin:—বোহাৰ বড় অৰ্গন; A long iron bolt. [pine trees. Biny, pihi, s. বেৰণাক বৃক্পুৰ্ণ; Abounding with Pioneer, pi-o-ner, n. গণ পৰিষাৰক নৈনিক; A soldier or mechanic who clears the road for an army:—বেডা; অপ্রসামী বাজি, অপ্রপ্ ; Settler who penetrates into the wilderness; one who goes before to prepare the way for another.—v. t. অর্গামী ইবা পথ পরিষার-কু, To act as pioneer to. Pious, pi'us, s. বর্ষপরায়ণ; বার্ষিক; স্বান্তপ্রমিক; সাধু; Devout, religious; devoted, dutiful. ad—piously (ছঙ্কিপুর্কক; সাধুডাসহকারে)। Syn:—Godly, holy, righteous, saintly.

Pip, pip, n. পৰিবিশের রোগ বিশেষ; A disease of fowls:—কলের বীয়া; The seed of a fruit:—

कारनत र्किटि ; A spot on cards.

Pipe, pip, n. বীৰী; বংৰী; A music instrument consisting of a long tube — নল, চোল , Any long cylindrical body; tube: — নল; Tube for conveying gas, water or sound: — ডামাক বাইনার নল; Tube for smoking tobacco — বড় শীপা; A cask containing 'wo hog-heads:—v.t. বাজী বাছান, To play on a pipe. — To call by means of a pipe, a on board ships:—v.t. শীব-দে, To whistle. n = piper.

Pipe-olay, pip'kla, দ. নল নির্দাণ করিবার খেত মুক্তিবা, A species of white clay used for making tobacco pipes, and carthen ware.

Piper, n. বানীবাৰক; সানাইলার, Player on the pipe.

As drink as a piper—অভিনয় মন্ত বা বে-To pay the piper—অভিনয় মন্ত বা বে-বুলাট বছৰ কু. To pay the expense as at an entertainment, where the presence of a paid piper used to be deemed indispensable.

Piping, piping, a 支柱有、平質, Weak, feeule, suckly:一個面面 面面, 更强, Boiling hot, as

vater.

Pipkin, pip'kin, n. কুতু দুংগার বিশেষ; উণ্ডি, A small earthen boiler. [ tart apple., Pippin, pip'in, n. আয় আপোল বিশেষ, A kind of i Piquanoy, n. তীয়তা; Pungency, seventy

Piquant, pikant, a { F. piquer, to prick of the state of

Pique, pek, v. t. কোৰোকীপ্ত-কু, কোৰ উত্তেজিত-কু; To excite to anger —গৰ্ক-কু, আন্তর্নাথা-কু, বিরক্ত-কু; To pride or value; to offend —n বিরক্তি; বাস; অসংকাষ; An offence taken, dislake:—বেষ; Spite:—used reflexively:—বিস্তা, Panctilio. Syn —(n) Displeasure, irritation, grudge, spite, offence, umbrage.

Piquet—Same as Picket
Piquet, pi-ket, n. এক অধার তাস দীড়া; A game
Piracy, pi'ra-si, n. কলদহাতা, জলে ভাকাইভি;
Robbery on the high ক্বেড:—প্রকারের বন্ধানিকার
বিষয়ক আইনলকান; বিনা অনুমতিতে অক্টের নিবিত বিষয়
আচার; Infringement of the law of copyright.

Pirate, pirat, n. [L. pirata, G. peiran, to attempt] anny; A sea-robber:—annyis any

বিষয়ৰ ৰহাগহানক, One who steals or infringes a copy-right.—ন্দ্ৰা কাহাল, An armed vessel, which plunders other vessels on the high seas:
—৩. f বিলা অব্যতিতে এহব-কৃ; আকেন বেবা চুনি-কৃ;
To take without permission, as books or writing. Syn:—(n) Frecbooter, buccancer, corsair.
Piratical, pi-ratik-al, a. জনস্মা সৰ্ভীয়; জন্মহাতা-ব্যবাহী, Pertaining to a pirate; practising piracy. ad—piratically

Pironette, pir-on-er, n. নাচিতে লাচিতে পদাসুলির উপর ভর দিয়া আবর্ত্তন; A turning about on the toes in dancing — অবের চকাকারে পরিক্রমণ: The turning of a horse on the same ground:—ত, পদাসুলির উপর ভর দিবা যোকা. To whirl, or turn about on the toes, as in dancing.

Piscatorial pis-ka-tori-al, Piscatory, piska-tor-i, a মংক্স সম্বন্ধীয়, মংক্ত ধ্বিবার কৌলল সম্বন্ধীয়,

Relating to fishes or fishing.

Piscos, putez n মংস্ত: The fishes:—বালিচকের ভালৰ স্থানীয় ব'লিচকে: মীনরালি, The twelfth sign of the rodiac

Pisciculture, pisi-kur-tūr, n মাছের চান. The artificial methods of rearing and nurture of fish.

[Belonging to a fish-pond. Piscinal, pisi-nal, a. [L. piscina, a fish-pond] Piscine, pisic, a মংস্ত স্বৰ্ধ য়, মংস্ত বিষয়ক; মংস্ত পৰিপূৰ্ব পূচ্চবিলী স্বৰ্ধায়, Pertaining to fishes.
Piscivorous, pis-ivo-ru a. [I.. piscis, fish, and erro, to devour] মংস্তাহাটা, মংস্তাবি; মংস্তাবি, মংস্তা

Pismire, piźmir, n. পিনীলিকা, The ant or emment.

Piss. pis, v : মুত্ৰ ভাগেক, To make water.

Pistachio, Pistacia, n. মুত্ৰ বুল ও তং প্ৰ

Pistil, pistil ল গাড়-কেশৰ, কৈ কে'ৰ. The seedbearing organ of a flower, the female organ in the centre of a flower

Pretrillaceous, a প্ৰভাকশ্ৰেণ্ডা Growing on the pistil of a flower. [no stamens. Pretrillate, a সাজ্যকাৰ Having a pistil, and Pistilliforous, a প্ৰাৰেশৰ বিশ্বিত প্ৰভাকশ্ৰুক : Having a pist I without stamens

Pistol, p etol, n পিছল, হাত বসুক, A small firearm discharged by holding in the hand, a land-gur — r r হাত বসুক হে'হা; To snoot with a patol

Pistole, p -tūl, n শোৰাত্ৰীয় বৰ্ণমুক্তা বিশেষ : A Sp .nish and Italian gold com about to st illings

Pistolet, prito-let, n চেট হাম সমূক; A little Piston, piston, n. দ্ৰকল পড়তি বাস্ত্ৰ আৰু বিশেষ; ছাল কড়. A short solid cylinder, used in pumps & . fitting and moving up and down with another.

Piston-rod, pistun-rod, n. পিটুল পরিচালক বক বিশ্ব A rod by which the piston is moved. Pit, pit n গাউব গাড়ি গালের , কুগ A large deep hole in the carth, a well — অভবাদান পালার; নুর্ব ; ক্বর , An abyss ; the bottomiess pis; hell, the grave —ৰভ কৰ ধৰিবাৰ গলাৰ, কাল, A hole used in a trap for wild beasts, whatever in snares or entraps —উলয়, পাকালয় গলাৰ, The hollow of the stomach —নাটালালাৰ নিষ্কৃত্ৰ স্থান, বহালয় প্ৰাৰ্থ, The ground flour of a theatre where spectators asssemble —ধনি প্ৰবেশের বড়ল, The shaft of a mine —বসান্তের লাগ, বসত্ত কতের চিহ্ন, Mark left by small-pox —বক্ষেণ, বলল, Hollow under the arm pit -গ দুলুকুল পর্বে চিহ্নিত কু, To mark with little hollows —বগঁচা বিনিয়োগ কু, To set in competition Syn—(n) Exastion, hollow, trench, cavity, dent, depression, dimple, gulf, abyss, parquet, partere

Pit against—কণ্ডা লাগাইবা দে. বিবাদ বীষাইরা-দে Set fighting as cocks or dogs in a pit

Pit one against another—সমক্ষ হওবা, প্ৰভাৱ উত্তর দেওছা, Be rvals —িবারাধ বীধাইবা দেওবা, ঝণড়া জাণাইরা দেওবা, Set one against another in competition.

Pit-a pat, pi a pat ar ব্যক্ত করিয়া ক্রণিতের ঘন ঘন পালনস্কাপর With palpitation or quick

beating in a flutter

Pitch, pich, . t [A S piccan, to prick ? নাকেণ চু জুত ক্ষেপ্ৰ-কু To fling to throw, to hurl —স্থাপত কু, সজ্জিত-কু দৃচরূপে আবদ্ধ-কু To fix or set in array, to fix firmly —ক্ষুবাছা कृत वैश्विता-त्म . To fix the tone - आन्तकाडवी त्म পিচলিপ্ত-কৃ, To smear with pitch to cover over with pitch - v . HT To-F To settle - 35' 47 নামা, To rise and fall - ঠ'বু গাঁড়া To encamp -অংশাসুথে পতিত ;, To fall headlong - n. আপু कांडवा मुटेडिया त कांडे न दक्त नांबवा वांच निष्ठ , The solid thick black substance obtained by boiling down common tar - ज्या केळाव भविनान Any punt or degree of elevation - 5 7 314, 54-Frasi. Declivity, a descending slope degree of slope — ৰবাৰেছে , A descent — দকত বাৰব উक्षमाम . The height of a music il note - कुडेमाइन अप निम्बादद र न्राम , The distance between the c n'res of two teeth Syn -(v) Cit, Aing launch, send, hurl plant, place, station settle plunge fall toss

Pitch in, Pitch into—আক্রম ফ: গালি-বে আছো কৰিয়া দেৱলা, ঠোন বরা, Attack abuse attack one vigorously either by actual blow or abusive language

Pitch of heroism—वीत्रावद अक (चर ।

Pitch one s tent—Prepare to tarry or reside for a longer or shorter time

To pitch upon—লিবির স্থিবেশ বা ছাপন কৃ. To come suddenly down upon, to fix the choice upon

Priched battle, s তুৰ্ব বৃদ্ধ বা সংখ্যান. A battle in which the hostile forces have firm or fixed position as distinguished from a skirmish

Pitch-dark, a चान्यादवात आंश क्यार्न, Black

Patobfork, pichfork, n musica science as specific forces affatta plata faces. A farming mistrument, pronged as a fock, for lifting and thowing hay or sheaves of grain —v t Use

pitch fork —সাহসপূর্বাক বিকেপ-ড়, To throw in boldly

Pitchpipe, pichpip n ৰাণ্যবন্ধে কৰ বাহিৰাৰ লক্ত বাৰী বিশেষ, A small pipe to pitch the voice or tune with

Patcher, picher, n wante facet waitis facet, an want, A vessel with a spout for holding water.

Pitchorpiant, picher-plant, ». জীমপ্রধান কেনীয় লভা বিশেষ A tropical plant.

Pitchy, pich: a পিচের মত ছাল, পিচ সংক্রিত্ব;
Black like pitch smeared with pitch —
তসস্চিত্র অভ্যাব্যত, ভীবণ, Dark, dismal

Pateous, p লৈ us a করণ, পোকজনক, Compasionate —কল্পান উদ্দীপক পোকসন্তব, অনুকল্যানার, দ্বালু Mournful, miserable —সামান্ত নীচ.
Paltry mean ad —piteously m=piteousness.
Sym — Mournful, corrowful, sad, pitiable; affecting, wretched miserable, paliry, mean, pitiful tender

Pitfall, pitfaul স প্রাদি পরিবার তপ্ত প্রন্তর চোরা

Pith, pith n [D pit pith kernel] বুজাৰির
নজা The marrow of plants — পজি , বল,
ভেলবিড়া, সাবতাৰ Porce, vigour, importance.
essence Sin — Heart, quintessence, substance g et kernel cream strength, energy,
vigour weight moment, importance

The pith and marrow of—কোন বিবন্ধে সাম ভাগ, The v tal or essent at part of any matter. Pithless, pithles : মন্ধাপুত সন্ধানীন, পজিপুত সন্ধানীন নিক্লম Wanting pith force or energy Pithly, pithe a মন্ধানিক সামাল, Full of pith —ভেকৰ, বলবান, উদামনীল, Forcile strong energetic, ad—pithly n—pithiness. Syn—Nervous, terse, luconic, concise rententious

Pitiable, pite-a-bl, a কয়ান বোৰা, মৰ্কাজনী, লোচা,
Descring pity affecting, lumentable—
ঘুণার্চ নিকুই, দীনচীন হতভাগা, Contemptible,
despicable miserable wretched ad-pitiably
n-pitiali cness syn —Sorrowful, lamen
tible mournful woful wretched miserable

Pittful, pite fiol a sata (कांबनावक, कांकिक, Compass onate, tender — क्या , क्या , Sad, despicable, contemptible ad—pitifully, significances Syn — Lender compassionate, miserable, sad, lamentable, contemptible despicable, piltry

Pittless, piti-les, a faga, fafa, vitiques, Unsympathising, cruel, merciless, hard-hearted n=pitilessness ad=pitilessly.

Pitman, pilman, se (4 वाकि क्यांकित कार्य वाकिया कर्य करव One who works in a pis, esp in sawing timbers

Pitsaw, pirsaw, n पड पराठ. A large saw for timber worked vertically by two men, one of whom stands in a pot below.

Pittance, pitans, n. অভ্যন্ত আৰু বা পৰিবাণ, দিনপাতের নিমিত জনাক্ষাদন , A very small portion or quantity —পরত্তাৰ বোচনার্ব হাব ; A charity gift Pity, pite, n. নহাব্যুতি , পরত্তাকাভয়তা , বহা Sympathy :-- (इटनंत्र कांशन ; मधानवानक विवत्र ; इटनं-अनम निवा : Subject of pity or grief ; thing to be regretted :- u. f. সহাসুভাত একাপ-#; To sympathise with; to feel pain or grief for. Syn:-(s) Compassion, mercy, commiseration, condolence, fellow-feeling. (v) Commiserate, compasi be regretted. sionate.

It is a pity-sites fees se; It is much to Take pity upon-कार्त्रित कडे लिखा प्रतिन् स्वत्रो : Have a tender feeling for (a person, excited by his distresses), compassionate one.

Pivot, pivut, n. आका कान : A small peg or stake on which anything turns :- बिस्क विन : वाशंत्र छेला भारतक कम निर्केत क्तिएकह: Turning point : that on which important results depend —সেনাদলের পার্বস্থিত বে সেনাকে অবলম্বন করিয়া সেনাদল মানাক্ষণে আবর্তন করে; The soldier at the flank upon which a company wheels.

Pivoting, अ. व्यानिस्ड व्यात्नत्र कांग्र ; Pivot-work in machines.

Pixy, Pixie, piksi, n. मूज পরী; A small fairy. Placable, plaka-bl, a. [L. placo, to appease] जनमनेय ; माखावनीय , कामीन , कमी ; That may be appeased, relenting; forgiving, ad = placably, n=placability, placableness.

Placard, pla-kard, n. त्यावना-शत्र ; विकाशन-शत्र , Buteta ; A bill struck upon a wall as an advertisement; a written or printed paper posted in a public place :- v. t. sie sice ceteri-e. To notify publicly.

Place, plas, n. TIT; Space in general .- TIT, Locality ; situation : - नगर , महर , A town :-বাসভাব, A residence.—পদ, পদ্বী; Rank: office :- बनन , Stead .- बान . Room :- बहानिका . Mansion .- वायमाड ; Occupation ; calling :-शांत्रव , Court-yard :-- शृक्षस्व व्यव्हाल्य ; A passage of a book :- अनावृड शान ; An open space : --- নগরের বংগাল কলাক পথ , A broad way in a city:-v f. TIM-3: To put in any place or rank; set; establish: — নির্দারিত-কু; স্থাপন-কু; To settle; to invest :- 418-CF; To lend :-WITH To ascribe. n=placer. Syn:-(n) Position, location, site, spot, village, city: rank, station, grade, condition; space, room, stead; mansion, abode, residence. (r) Station, lay, deposit, locate, fix, appoint, assign, arrange, invest.

Give place to-4795-5; To make room or way ; to yield precedence :-- अक्टीत निवर्ष जात्र 4#51-8; Be succeeded by ; give way to. [ of. In place of-পরিবর্ডে, কোন কিছুর ছলে; Instead In the first place-sury

In the next place-wit !

Out of place-visas; (बिजिन; Not in the proper place : - অপুপর্ক ; বেখাণ , Misplaced :-বেলছ , Unbecoming ; unsuited to the occasion. Place out-Put into an employment; invest. Supply the place of-(कान किहुत कानीय-ए: Serve the same purpose as :- # telae with

विषया छन्यूक-इ : Be fit to occupy another's place. Be ranked with. Take obe's place among—with site still; Take one's place among, Take a high place among— कि (जीप कांबाबर महिल भी। vest; Be ranked with.

Take place- 405 ; Happen ; occur.

Take the place of-way yis days ; were शान नथन-इ ; काहांत्रक भन अह्य-इ ; Occupy the place of.

To have place - with wish; To have a station, room or seat; to have existence.

Piaceman, pia man, n. बालकोड कर्पाती : One who has an office under a government; one who fills a public station; creature of patrenage. pl = placemen.

Place-monger, n. A trafficer in public employment and patronage.

Placenta, pla-scata, n. 957 [334; 47; Afterbirth. a = placental, pl = placentæ.

Placental, a. गर्डणहिन्त मधकीय वा उपनर्ड : Pertaining to, or having, a placenta :- n. 75-পরিত্রবৃথিশিষ্ট ওপ্তজীবী; A mammal having a placenta.

Placid, plasid, a. [ L. placidus, from placere, to please ] লাত : ধীর : প্রশাস্ত : আকুর : Gentie : peaceful; mild. n = placidity, placidness. Syn: -Pleased, contended, unruffled, serene, quiet, tranquil.

Plagiarise, plati-ar-iz, v. t. wers con at बहना इंडेटड हिन्दे: To steal from the writings of others.

Plagiarism, pla'ji-ar-izm, n. बहना हुनि , (अरखर) ৰেখা চুৰি; The act or practice of plagiarising. Plagiarist, pla'ji-ar-iet, म. व तहना हृति कतिल

निकात निनता थागत करत ; व्यक्तित (वाथा कात ; One who

plagiarises.

Plagiary, plaji-ar-i, n. [ L. plagium, manstealing ) त जरसन कार रा दहना हित करिया जाननार वश्चित अहार करन ; One who steals the thoughts or writings of others and gives them out as his own -- a. बाइन क्षां- कृति-नान्नाती; Practising literary theft.

Plague, plag, n. [ L. plaga, a blow, stroke ] वडक : बहाबादि : विषय म'लायक (तांग : मावीस्त : A pestilence ; a deadly epidemic : -- উপদ্ৰব ; দৈবছ-र्मिनांक ; रेननर्निक विनन ; क्फेंक ; Any great calamity : any great natural evil :- v. f. (31436-क ; नैष्डि-क , इस्बान-क ; विब्रक-क ; To infest with disease or calamity; to harase; to trouble; to tease. Syn:-(n) Pest; calamity, affliction. trial, annoyance, vexation, torment, curse. (v) Distress, afflict, annoy, trouble, vex, torment, molest, harass.

Plague-mark, plag'mark, Plague-spot, plag-spot, w. AGGRA GE; A mark or spot of pestilence or foul disease.

Plaice, plas, n. চ্যান্টা-মকে; লবণাত-জনচর বংক; A broad flat-fish; a salt-water fish.

Plaid. n. नामी वश्च विरामत ; A striped or variegated woolen cloth, worn as an over-garment by the Scottish Highlanders. amplaided.

Plaided, a. 38 43 Mafes; Wearing plaids. Piein, plan, a. সম, সমতল; সমপৃষ্ট; Smooth; even ; level ;- च्याह ; नह ; Clear ; evident :---

Visible — मार्, Honest — नानांतित्व , मुक्रमान , Artless — প্ৰকাশমান , Open , public — সবল , অক-পট, Frank, candid, sincere — সামান্ত, আডবর-পুত্ত, অন্লকুত, Common, homely, simple — তত্ত, কেবল, Merc — অর্লিড, ব্লিড নহে, Not coloured or figured -n. সমতৰ ভূমি, প্ৰান্তৰ, Plain or level land and open field - कुद्रक्त A field of battle —ad স্বৰভাবে, সুস্ট্ৰণে, Honestly, distinctly a l=plainly, n=plainness Syn -(a) Even, flat , open, manifest obvious, certain , explicit, distinct, unamburuous, unadoined, unvainished, honest ingenuous downright, ordinary Plain-dealer, plan delei, n अवन लांक , महन क्षमय अनुशा. One who deals or speaks out his mind frankly.

Plain-doaling, plan dt'ing, a. সাধু, অকপট, সৰ্ব . Honest, open candid — স প্ৰৰ ব্যক্তি ৰা ভাৰণ, সূত্ৰকা, অকপটতা, Frank and candid speaking or acting success.

Plain-hearted, plan lie d, a weeks, nam, Sincere n=p in heart hices.

Plain-looking, a A H B, Ord nary [ dour Plain spoaking, n. Tries Franking com-Plain-spoken, plan pe a Rang 1 482-474, Speaking with rough since 1 y

Plaint, p ant, ৯ েত । শেল ত চিংকণ বিmentation. complait — মুল্লাকণ শতীৰ ভাগপূৰ্ণ কৰে. A sad ২০ ৷২ — মুহ্বগোপৰ, আহ'ল আদিল, ব'ৰা-পজ, Witten taken int of a sut in accept

Plaintiff, plantif, # वामे सिंडणांस, कविष्ट हो. One who commences a suit against another a complainant

Plaintive, plantiv, a ছুংপুৰ্ণ, ভূণ্ণনক বিল্প কারী, ছাণিত, Complaining mountal, sad ad-plaintively n=p univeness Syn—Sor row'ul, doleful, melancholy walling

Plain-work, plan-wurk, n আৰু বিশ্বিত লট কৰ্ম Plain needle-work, as distriguist I from embordery

Plast, plat, n [G p'elte a twisted rope string दिन इनाउँ, क्वती, (वेंना Afild, a duble of a cloth a doubling - 2 " 315-5 हुनार इ., To interweave -- तिनी वक्तन क. 1) braid - 45 95 \$, Io entangle Syn -(n) [ or brids Braid, plat gither pucker Plaiter, n ( sie ti qui ara, One who p uts Plan, plan, n [ 1. plan es flat, le vel | नहा . A drawing , a design '- কভিন্দি , মতলৰ , অ'sand, Scheme, project contrivance -v t. नत्रां-क, To make a sketch of on a flat surface — अखिनक्षि ई, बान बान यहन-कृ, To devise or scheme, to form in design n = planner Syn -(n) Delineation, plot, sketch, map, chart, contrivance, device system, method, proposal Planary, planar i, a नमठल त्कज नवकीय, Peitaining to a plane

Plane, plan, a সন্দ, সমপুঠ, Even, plan, level — সমান ভূমি, সমপ্ত ক্ষেত্ৰ, A level surface — রেলা, A joiner's or carpenter's tool — ত f সমান-ভূ, সমত্ব-ভূ, To make level, পুল — (a) Flat, smooth, plan.

Planer, n সমপূচিবারক ব্যক্তি বা বস্তা; One who or that which planes — ( মুহাবত্রে ) করমার মধ্যম অকর সকলকে বসাইয়া সমতল করিবার কাঠবত, পেলেলা; A wooden block for forcing down the type in a form, and making the surface even.

Planet, planet, n. 25, Wandering star, belonging to the solar system, a celestrial body which revolves round the sun.

Planetarium, n বে ব্যুমাহারে প্রহণনের পতি ও পা চপ্য ব্যিতে পারা যার, An astronomical machine showing the motions and orbits of the planets.

Planetary, planet-ar-i, a গ্ৰহণৰ্থীয়, Pertaining to the planets —গ্ৰহণটিত, গ্ৰহণ্থ, Consisting of or produced by planets —গ্ৰহের প্রভাষাধীন; গ্রহণ্ড্রিক, Under the dominion or influence of a planet —প্ৰিলাম্যণ, জ্মণকারী, Erratic, revolving

Planotary system—califered !

Plane-tree, n 李年 行四 , A fine tall tree.

Planet-striken, Planet-struck, a কাছিত্ব। বহুপী তি বিস্তৃত্বতি-নিগৃহীত, Affected by the

Planetoid, planet-ond, n [Gr planetes, and et lo i im i কপাক . A very small planet, often cull d an isteroid.

Planish প গাড়প্রকার সমন্তন ও মধ্য ক , Fo render enoth and level, as a metalin surface be gerik pounding n=planisher

Planisphore, n il. pianus plane, and stricia, pneic] প্রবাকর্ত্ক অধিত তুসমূহর মানচিত্র, A map exhibiting the circles of a cpl re

Plank, planck, r (27) 551, A broad piece of sawed timer - v t 551 2131, To cover with plank

Pianner, planer, n বে বাজি লল্লা কৰে, নলাকারী, One who forms a plan —কলনাকাৰী, অভিসন্ধি-কাৰী, A projector

Plant, ilant, n উদ্ধিন চারাণাড়, জন্ম, Vegetable hapling, i shrub — শিক্ষান্ত ন, A child — গ বধান বা রোপাড় ি set in the ground — হাপন-কু locatablish — পে বিভক্ত, lofix

রোপাকাধা সমধা সু , I o perform the act of planting — চ মান স্থাপন কু Fo set in the mind.

Syn — (v) Set insert, selle, found, institute

Plantain, plantan, স কৰনী কুম্ম, কলাবাছ, বৰনী

क्ल बन्न A tree its fruit

Plantation, plan-tishun, ল সুক্ৰাটকা উল্পান, আবাৰ, Act of planting, place planted with trees or shrubs, land brought under cultivation — নুকৰ বৰ্ষাত্ত, উপৰিবেশ A new colony or original settlement — আমেৰিকাৰ বুজ সামান্ত্ৰের অনুষ্ঠিত কৰিবৰাই, In the United States and West Indies, a large estate

Plante grade, plante-grad, s [L. planta, the sole, and gradier, to walk] প্ৰতল পাডিয়া সম্মনীল, Walking on the sole of the foot — n. ভর্তির আমি পা পাডিয়া সমস্মারী পত্ত, An animal that walks on the sole of the foot, as the bear.

Planter, planter, ম. রোপকারী, রোপক; One who plants —ক্ষেত্রারী, উদ্যানাধিকারী • The owner of a plantation.

Planting, w. cathes as; Something planted:
—Bujia; A plantation.

Plash, plash, n. প্ৰমি ; কুত্ৰ জলাপত্ৰ বা ডোবা; Pond; puddle:—জনোজান; A dash of water: —v. t. জনজীড়া-কু; জন ছিটাইড়া কেওল; To dabble in water; to speash; to splash.

Plashy, plashi, a. জননঃ Watery:—সুৱ জনাশনে পূৰ্ব; Abounding with puddles.

Plaster, plaster, n. [Gr. plasso, to mould, to fashion ] চূণ, বালি ও জল হারা প্রস্তুত জমাট; চূণ-কান; Composition of lime, water and sand for overlaying walls:—বলন; An external medical application spread on cloth:—v. f. চূণকান-তৃ; বালিকান-তৃ; To cover with plaster:—নলম হানা আবৃত-তৃ; মলম দিরা ভাকা; To cover with a plaster, as a wound:—a. গঠনবোগা-পদার্থ নির্দিত .
Made of plaster. Syn:—(n) Mortar, cement, stucco. [plaster.

Plasterer, n. ca pyalu aca; One who Plastering, plastering, plastering, n. pyalu al affinalu; ettem; Plaster

Plastic, plastik, a. [G. plastikov, from plaster, to form, mould] সঠনকন; সংনক্ষী: কানন্দ্ৰ; Having power to give shape or form. neplasticity. Syn:—Formative, soft, aveile, carely moulded. [of being plastic. Plasticity, n. সঠনগোগাড়া; The state or quality Plat, n. ক্ষিত্ৰ, ক্ষত, A piece of ground; plot.

Platano, n. বৃদ্ধ বিশেষ, The plane-tree.

Plate, plat, n. ৰাতুনিশ্বিত চানহ; A thin or flat piece of metal:—বৰ্ণ বা বৌশ্য ভোজন পাত্ৰ, House-hold utensils in gold or silver:—বাদ; পাত্ৰ; বেকাৰ; A flat dish, vessel:—বোণিত প্ৰশুত ৰাতুন্ধত; কাহিত ৰাতুক্ষক; An engraved plate of metal:—মুদ্ৰিত চিত্ৰ; Any printed picture:—বাশ্ব বৃদ্ধ; Something flat —v. t. পাতা বোড়া, পাতৰাত্ব বিলা চাকা. পিটিয়া পাতৰা পাত-মৃ; To overlay with a coating of plate or metal; to adorn with metal, to beat into thin pieces.

Platosu, pla-to, n. উচ্চজুমি; উপতাকা; সমতল কেত্ৰ, A table-land. p/=platraux.

Plateglass, n. 5171 715 fqt-47; A fine kind of glass, cast in thick plates.

Platform, platform, n. মাচাৰ: উন্নত মঞ্ ; A raised level scatfolding:—এব মতাংকাৰী ব্যক্তি-দিশের মত দিবরী ; A declaration of principles to which any body of men declare their adhesion:—কাম্ব পাতিবার উচ্চ ভূমি , An elevated floor for cannon.

Platina, platin-a, Platinum, platin-um, n. ধাতু বিশেষ; A metal.

Plating, plating, n. পিন্টা; A thin coating of metal laid upon another metal.

Platitude, plat-i-tūd, n. অন্তেড়া; প্রশন্তভা; বিক্টেড়া, অন্ত্র উক্তি; অনার মন্ত্রা; Flatness; dullness; an empty or weak remark.

Platonic, pla-tońik, Platonical, pla-tońik-al, a. এইকগ্ৰিক মেটো বা ডণীয় মত সংকীয়; Pertaining to Plato, the Greek philosopher or to his philosopical opinion:—অবাসক; আগাছিক; Pure and unmixed with carnal desires; spiritual, administration of the platonically.

Platonic love, n. বৰ্ণায় বেষ; Wholly spiritual love.

Platonism, platon-izm, ম. মোটো বা ভানীয় শিষা-বিশেষ মত বা নীতি; The philosophical opinions of Plato. n=platonist. [ of Plato. Platonist, plato-nist, n মেটোর শিষা; A follower Platoon, pla-টেটা, n. পদাতি নৈতের কল; সৈত বিভাগ বিশেষ; A part of a company of infantry; a subdivision of a company.

Platter, plater, n. হল্লন্ত আগভীয় বড় পাত্ৰ; A large flat shallow plate or dish.

Plaudit, plawd'it, n. [L. plaudo, to prai e]
আশ-সা. প্রশাসাবাদ ; Applause, praise bestowed.
Plauditory, plawd'it-or-i, a. প্রশাসাবাদী;
প্রশাসাবাদী ; Applauding ; commending.

Plausible, plawże-bl, a. [L. plaudo, to praise] সত্যৰ প্ৰচীয়নাৰ; বধাৰ্থৰ প্ৰচীয়নাৰ; Seemingly right; apparently right; superficially pleasing, specious:—প্রশাসনীয়; অনুপ্রব্যোগ্য; লোকপ্রিয়; Fitted to gain favour or popular. ad=plausibly, n=plausibleness, plausibility.

Play, pla, v. i. ক্রীড়া-ক : (খলা-ক ; To frolic ; sport , game .—ক্রীড়া-ছ; To trifle :—কুলা খেলা; To gamble :-- विनय-क ; To act in a theatre; to act a part upon the stage :-- প্রভারণা-ক ; To practice a trick :-ইতস্ত: দুর্কণরিত-হ ; To move irregularly:--रामःगद्व राष्ट्रान . To perform on a musical instrument :- क इसग-क ; To represent a character :- উপ্সাস-क ; Mock :- v. t. मन्त्रामन-क ; To bring into action : - नकातिक .क ; To put in motion :-- म. कीडा ; त्यना ; आत्रावदाय ; Pastime ; sport ; game :- नाउँक ; A drama :- जुड़ा (बला ; Gambling :- কাৰ্য্যের কার্য্যমনতা ; অসর ; Freedom of action; liberty of acting; scope: --ব্ৰহাৰ; Action ; use : - অভিনয় ; নাটক ; Dramatic show , dramatic composition :- 15; Motion, movement. Syn:-(v) Frisk, toy, trifle, wanton; perform, act, represent, personate, engage. (n) Frolic; amusement, gambols, diversion. recreation, pastime; tragedy, gaming ; room, swing.

Call into play—প্ৰাত্ৰা-ক; Call into action. Come into play—প্ৰিচাৰিত-হ; Be called into action.

Fair play—ৰাষ্ বাৰহাৰ; Equitable and imparial treatment; uprightness of conduct.

Foul play—বলমাইনি; Treachery, dishonesty, Give play to—কোন প্ৰবৃত্তি উদিন্ত-কৃ; Give room for action; afford scope to. [be deceitful. Play a double game—কণ্টতা-কৃ; পঠতা-কৃ; To Play against—নিৰাদ-কৃ; Contend with.

Play a part—লটি:শালাঘ অভিনৰ-কু; Act a part on the stage:—কোন উদ্দেশ্ত সাধনাৰ্থ কোন ৰূপ ধাৰণ-কু; Assume a certain character for some purpose:—কোন বৃহৎ বাপোৱে অধানরূপে কার্থা-কু; Take a part in and cut a figure:—কণ্টতা অবলম্বন-কু; Practise simulation or hypocricy, pretend to be that which one is not.

Play at—ফাডা-ক : Engage in a game :—কোন ধেলা-ক : Play a game for diversion :—কোনন্ধন দানিলা ধেলা-ক : Amuse oneself by personating a certain character :—কোন কিছু কৰিবা নিকেত পেৰান

Plisbility Phiability, pli-a-bili-ti, Pliableness, plia-

bi-ness, #. सम्बोग्डा , Flexibility

Pliable, plia-bl, c. [ F. from plier, to bend, to fold ] नयननीत , नयनीय , नश्क धावर्छनीय ; Supple , easily persuaded. #=pliableness, pliability. Syn :-Phant, flexible, supple, limber, ductile ; yielding, manageable, compliant.

Pliant, pli'ant, a. नमनीय ; महक्ष्ममा , नमनील , Fexible, tractable. ad = pliantly. n = pliancy. Syn :- Flexile, lithe, limber, supple, ductile, yielding, manageable, docile, obsequious.

Plicate, plikat, Plicated, plikat-ed, a. [L. plico, to fold] winger, कृष्णि, Folded, plaited.

Pliers, n. pl. मांडानी वित्यव ; A kind of pincers Plight, plit, n. [ A S. pliht, danger, pledge ] afog; क्ष , A pledge; a security:-व्यवद्याः महद्राभन्न मना . Condition , dangerous condition :- Msss , faceist, Promic, engagement :-- १ । मापिन-रन , वकक-म , वकक वांशां , To give, as security -- अत्रीकांच-कृ, To give at a proof of good fath, to pledge, as, one s fath Syn -- (n) Gage; state, difficulty, perplexity. Plighted, a. अते कृड, Pledged, formally

promised. Father's plighted truth-পিত্ৰতা।

Plinth, plinth, n. [ Gr. plinthos, a brick ] खब्बन , छिवियत , खडांक्ति म्लाश्रामण कहेकाकात अन्म . The lowest brick-shaped part of the base of a column or pedestal

Plod, plod. v f. यति काहे समन-कृ, अहास भिन्नम-7. To travel laboriously, to toil, to drudge -खितानिक-खशारमाय मनकारत कह खश्वन-कृ, To study heavily with steady diligence.

Plodder, plod er, n. निरमा वन्त পविश्वे लाक আডীক বৃদ্ধি মধ্য পরিএমী বাজি, A dull heavy, laborious man

Plodding, ploding, a अभीत, श्विमी किंद्र मक्त , Laborious but slow - n अमर्गन :' Slowness with steadiness and perseverance -অবিচলিত পরিত্রম সহকুত মন্তর পমন বা অধ্যন Clow movement or study with persevering industry ad = ploddingly.

Plot, plot, # ভূমিবঙ : ক্স ভূবঙ . A small extent of ground —ए र नजा-कृ, लाक्टलवा क्राना कृ, To make a plan of

Plot, plot, n वड्यम क्यम , Conspirary, stratagem, intrigue — नम्र वश्कः, नाउँग्कालिण्ड व्यावाद्यिकात्र यउँनाणत्रव्याय धार्वादाष्ट्रिकडां, The chain of incidents in the story of a play - v i. FE To conspire, to scheme, to intrigue .-# ま 電荷刃傷・夢、 本室町・子、 To devise, to contuva. Syn - (n) Stratigem, cabal, combination, machination (v) Contrive, concout, [ pirator hatch, frame, project. Plotter, ploter, n बहुवहराही , महनाकाही , A cons-Plough, plow, अ जीवन, इन, कृषिकर्वन, होन, An instrument for turning up the soil, culture of the earth ; tillage -ए : नाजन बाबा करन-इ , ब्लहान्त्र|-कृ; To turn up with the plough :--विडा शिया बहिना-या . To run through in sailing -- नुषक F. En-F; To divide, to tear .- v. s. नाकत-त्र ,

To labour with a plough :-- वायान्यक व्यवसान ; To advance in spite of obstacles. n=plougher. Plough in-कर्न कतिश आव्हानन ए; कर्नन शांबा होको ; Cover by ploughing.

Plough up or out-नाजन बांबा छेश्यांच्य-इ: Turn out of the ground by ploughing.

Ploughable, plow'-a-bi, a. wfitting; wells; Capable of being ploughed; arable.

Plough-boy, plow'boy, अ. क्रक-बांगक : क्रिक-वानक . A boy who drives or guides horses in ploughing, a rustic boy.

Ploughman, plow'man, #. क्दक, क्विकीवी : क्दि-বল, কঠোর পরিভাষী , A husbandman , a rustic ; a hardy labourer.

Ploughshare, plow'shar, u. नांनराज मांन ; The part of a plough which cuts the ground at the bird. bottom of the furrow

Plover, pluver, n. 內部 facet, 節節: A kind of Pluok, pluk, n. [ Gael pluc, a lump ] Ecotta, माक्ष्म , A single act of plucking -- जवन अपन , यक् ७ एम कृत . The heart, liver, and lungs of an aminal - ATER, COW, Courage, spirit - # f. मरशब-कृ, Io gather — शक डेरलाइन-कृ, हाड्डिश त्कला . Io strip oft feathers -काडिया नवडा : To snatch — 南神寺 亨, Topullaway — (中町-子, To reject at an examination. Syn -(n) Resolution, intrepidity, hardihood, mettle, nerve

Pluck up-niss देशांत के, Recover courage. Pluck up spirit-es जान कर, माहम वीपा Throw frat aside and regain confidence.

Plucked, a পরীকার অনুত্রীর্ণ, Rejected in an examination —উংপাইত পকা, অপহত , Stripped of feathers robbed ty sharpers.

Plucky, pluki, a मान्त्री , (डब्बी , Having spirit or courage. r-pluckiness, ad - pluckily

Plug, plug, n fefet, A block on peg used to stop a hole, a stopple -u ! toff tiel att-#. Fo stop with a plug —বৰপুৰ্বক ছিপি অবিট-> To drie plugs into

Plugging, " 'b'ma Sminia, The material of which a plug or stoppte is made,

Plum, plum, n 47, A well-known stone-fruit. Hog plum आमर्ग।

Plumage, plēāmāj, n भनीत भानक, भनीत भन-FRE , The whole feather of a bird

Plumb, plum, n f L plumbum, lead ] 473. সরলোরতি জাপন'র্থ বাবস্কৃত রক্ষ্ণবিভ ভার বিশেষ, A mass of lead or other material hung on a aring and used to find whether any thing is upright or to sound depths -ए ! व्यवहार माहानिक-क तंकी बाता अविमार के, शबीका-के, To sounds the depths, to examine by tests, to adjust by a plumb-line -ad সরলোর's বা প্রভাবে, in plumb direction , perpendicularly - व नश्रानावक , नच . Perpendicular

Plumbago, plum-bágo, n [ L. plum bum, lead | সীসা , অসার ও লোহ মিশ্রিত খনিক পদার্থ বিশেব , A mineral, blacklead.

Plumboan, plumbe-an, Plumbeous, plumbe-us, a तीनावय , काजाकाय , कड़ , पूर्व विस्तिष , Consisting of or resembling lead; dull; beavy; stupid

Plumbery, plumber, n. নীসক-কৰ্মকান্তের ব্যবসার:
The business of a plumber:—নীসা চালাই অত্ভিত্ত ক্ষেত্রবার: The place where plumbing is
carried.

Plambio, plumbik, a. সীনা সম্বাদ; সীনা হইডে প্ৰাপ্ত: Pertaining to or obtained from lead.

Plumbing, pluming, n. সীলা চালিবাৰ কৌশল; The art of casting and working in lead &cc.:— নীবাৰ মল পাতিয়া তাহায় মন্য দিয়া জল চালাইবার কার-বার; The business of arranging pipes and conducting water.

Plumbline, plum-lin, n. বলৰ পতি; বলৰ; A line attached to a mass of lead, a plummet.

Flumeake, s. 1987; Cake containing plums, raisins or other fruits.

Plume, ploom, n. [L. plume, a small soft feather] পক; পকায় পালক; Bird's feather:—
ক্ষেত্ৰাৰ-ৰূপ পৰিছিত পক; A feather worn as an ornament:—স্বান-চিক; অবণভাকা: প্ৰতিবাদিতায় প্ৰভাৱ: Token of honour; prize of contest; prowess, stateliness:—শিৰা; চূড়া; A crest:—
গ. গক বিভাস-ক; To adjust the feathers of, as a bird:—পালক বাবা অবড়ত-ক; To adorn with plumes:—প্ৰাক উৎপাটন-ক; To strip off feathers:—প্ৰাক উৎপাটন-ক; To strip off feathers:—প্ৰাক উৎপাটন-ক; To pride; to boast:—স্বানাৰ বোৰ-ক; To value.

Plume oneself upon—কোন কিছু আছে বলিয়া জাক-কু; অকলায়-কু; Boast of, pride oneself on.

Plumer, plumer, n. সীসাৰ কাণিকর বে ব্যক্তি দীনার কাল করে; One who works in lead.

Plummet, plumet, n. ওবন; গভীরতা-পরিবাসক ভাব বিশেষ; A weight of lead hung at a string for sounding depths; a plumb-line:—প্ৰাৰ্থিক, A lead-pencil.

Plumoss, ploomos, Plumous, ploomus, a. প্রকৃতিরি, প্রস্কৃত্ব ; Feathery ; plume-like.

Plump, plump, a. পুৰা; বাঁট; Downright, unreserved:—ক্টপুট; বোটা; সুলকায়: Fat; massive — ত. i. হঠাৎ পতিত্ত-ছ, হঠাৎ নিৰ্মান্ধত-ছ, To fall like a lump; to fall suddenly; to sink suddenly:—v. t. অকলাং নিস্কিত-তু; To cause to sink suddenly; to give in the lump or undivided; as a vote to one only:—ado. ৰপ্ করে পতিয়া; একেবারে, সহলা; With a sudden fall; suddenly; heavily. Syn:—(a) Round, full, well-conditioned, chubby, strapping, bouncing, fleshy; complete, full, direct, downright.

Plumper, plump'er, n. একাদিক ব্যক্তির নির্বাচনব্যাপারে একের উদ্দেশে প্রথম মত; ইন্ধুপ মতদাতা; A
vote given to one candidate only where the
voter has a right to vote for two or more:
সম্পূর্ণ মিধ্যা; A downright lie.

Plumpudding, n. शिक्ष वित्यव ; कृत्यव कांडा ; A pudding containing plums, raisins or other frusta.

Plum-pudding face—Face marked with purple pimples.

Flumule, n stres statists; The first bud, or gen mule of a young plant.

Plunder, plunder, n. ns ; plunder ; poil ; booty :—e. f. ns ; ns - plunder r. Syn :

-(v) Despoil, rifle, strip, rob. (n) Booty, lest, pillage, prey, spoil.

Plunderer, n. vej; A spoiler; a robber.

Plungo, plunj, চ. ই. অনে অকস্থাৎ নিজেশ-ছু; To thrust or cast suddenly into water or other fluid:—সহলা বলপূৰ্থক প্ৰবিষ্ট-ছু; To force suddenly into:—শৃষ্টবৰ্গ্দে কৰিছ-ফু; To baptise by immersion:—ক. ই. অলম্য-ফু; ড্ৰ-লে; To dive:—ক্ষতবেগে থাবিভ-ছ; To rush or throw one's self headlong, as a horse:—বেগে থাবিভ-ছ; প্ৰবল্বেগে বিপদে পভিত-ছ; To rush into any danger:—ক. ক্ষমান; অবসাহন; Act of plunging:—অক্সা অব্যৱ ক্ষাৰন; Act of rushing headlong, as a horse. Syn:—(v) Dip, douse, submerge, sink, overwhelm; dive, pitch.

Plunge into—ৰবে ভোবা, ভূব দেওৱা; Dive in water:—গুচুডনদেশে প্ৰবেশ-কু; কিছুতে ভোবা; Enter into the depths of:—ৰোচা বাবা; বানৱে দেওৱা; Thrust into.

[ A diver.

Plunger, plunjer, n. অবগাহনকারী; মজনকারী;
Plunging, plunjing, a. বেগে ধানমান; Rushing
down headlong:—প্রবাহনেদ নিরাভিগামী; Pitching
downward:—n. অনে বা ভরন ত্রবা নিমজন,
অবগাহন; The putting or sinking under water
or other fluid:—প্রনম্য অবের আহোইকে ভুগাভিড
করিবার চেপ্তা; The act of a horse trying to throw
its rider.

Pluperfoot, plob'per-fekt, a. প্রেছ; অউভ-ঘটনাব্যেক; In Grammar, noting that an action happened before some period referred to.

Plural, ploo'ral, a. [ L. plus, pluris, more ] বহুৰ্বচনাম্ভ; একাধিক-বোৰক; Containing more than one:—n বহুৰ্বচন; In Grammer, the number or form denoting more than one ad=plurally.

Pluralize, Pluralise, v. t. वहवडवाय-कृ ।

Pluralism, ploo ral-izm, n. একাৰিকঃ; এককালে একাৰিক বাজকীয় বৃত্তির উপজ্ঞান. The holding of more than one ecclesiastical living.

Pluralist, ploo'ra-list, n. বৰ্গবিশোৰী বাৰক; A clergyman who holds more than one ecclesiastical benefice.

Plurality, plu-rafe-te, n. একাধিক বাজকীয় বৃত্তিয় উপজ্ঞাপ, The holding of more than one benefice:—-বন্ধ; অধিক সংখ্যা, A number greater than one, majority.

Plus, plus, n [ L. plus, more ] খন বাং বোৰ চিক ;
The mark (+) prefixed to positive quantities is a sign of addition.

Plush, n. বুদ ৰাজীয় পোনৰ বন্ধ, A species of Plutocracy, n. [ Gr. ploutos, wealth, kratos, strength ] ধনাচাধিবের রাজ্যপাসন ; Government by the wealthy.

Plutonian, Plutonie, a. ব্যেত্ত্বি নম্মীয় ;
Pluvial, a. [ L. pluvia, rain ] বৃষ্টি নম্মীয় ; বৃষ্টিমূল, সিক ; আর্ম ; Rainy ; humid.

Pluvious, ploo'vi-us, a. वृह्ववस्य ; Rainy.

 ক; To make regular passages between two ports:—ভাড়াডাড়ি থাওয়!; To go in haste:—বাৰুব প্ৰডিবুলে গৰন-ড়; To make way against the wind:—n. ডাল; বুকন; A fold; a plait:—গতি; অভিমুখ; Bent; direction. Syn:—(n) Press, strain, force, exercise, practise.

Ply a trade—কোৰ ব্যবসা চালাৰ; To exercise or follow a trade.

Ply for hire—ভাডা বাটা; Go from one place

Ply for work—ভাড়া খাটা; Work for hire.
Ply one's heels—প্ৰায়ন-ফু, To exercise one's heels in running away.

Ply one's trade—নিজের ব্যবসা চালান; Follow one's profession; do one's business.

Ply one with—ব্যাপত রাখা; Keep one busy with:—ক্ষিক কোন লোভানি দেখান, Tempt one repeatedly with.

[ To keep flattering him.
Ply one with flattery—কাহারও তোখানোন-ড়;

Ply one with wine—(বাতল বোতল মৰ বাবলাৰ;
Give repeated doses of wine.

Plymouth Brethern—A sect that protests against all sectamanism.

Pneumatic, nu-matick, Pneumatical, nu-matical, a. [G. pneuma,—atos, wind, air] वायुष ; दावरोष, राष्ट्र वाय। जानिक. Consisting of air, moved by air or wind. ad=pneumatically.

Pnoumatics, nu-matiks, n. sing. বাধ্বিকাৰ, The science which treats of air and other elastic fluids or gases.

Pneumatologist, nu-mat-olo-jist, n. বাধ্বিজ্ঞান-বিং; অধ্যাস্থ-বিক্যাবিং, One versed in pneumatology.

Pneumatology, nū-mat-clo-ji, n. (Gr. pneuma, wind, spirit, and logos, science] অবাস্থ-পাত্ত;
The science of air and other clastic fluids, the doctrine which treats of the spiritual substances.

Pneumonia, nū-mōni-a, ম. [Gr. pneumon, the lungs ] কুন্ক্ৰের অঘাহ; Inflammation of the lungs.

Pneumonic, nū-mohik, a. কুন্কুন্ সৰক্ষীর; Per-Posch, pōch, v. i. গোগনে অগহর-কু, শিকারের পাটি আহর-কু, বিকারের ভারির লাভিন কুটের বালে ডিম ভারিরা পাক-কু; To dress eggs by breaking them into a vessel of boiling water:—v. s. চুরি করিবার অভ অভের অধিকারে প্রবেশ-কু; To intrude on another's grounds in order to steal game.

[game.

Poscher, pocher, n. coin; One who steals Posching, n. coin, Trespass in pursuits of game; the occupation of a poscher.

Pock, pok, n. ৰসন্ত রোগের বা ; প্রসর্ভ বা , Pustule from small pox or other disease.

Pocket, poket, n. আমাৰ বেব; ছোট বলি, A little pouch or small bag in a garment:—v.t. বেবে বাবা; To put in the pocket:—পূৰ্তভাপ্ৰক কৰয়, অপহৰণ-ক; To take slily; to take stealthily:— ব্ৰুক্ত, To take without resenting it.

Be out of pocket—টাকা বোরান; Be a loser (in money matters):—এত টাকা বরচ হইনা সিরাছে; Have expended (so much).

Pocket an affront, abuse - বিশ্ বাইবা কিল

Fig. 7; Receive an affront, abuse or insult without resenting it.

Pocket an insult—অপৰাৰ স্থ-কৃ; কিল থেছে কিল চ্বি-কৃ; Receive an insult without resenting. Pocket up—Put out of sight without examination.

Pocket-book, policet-book, স. বেৰে ব্ৰনবোদ্ধ দূত্ৰ প্ৰিকা : কেৰে ৱাধিবাৰ ৰাজা ; Diary or memorandum book for the pocket.

Pocket-borough, n. Political place in the hands of a patron. { book. Pocket-edition, n. ক্ষাকার প্রক; Small size Pocketful—As much as the pocket will hold. Pocket-money, poket-mun-i, n. সামায় প্রচের লক্ষ্টাকা; নিক বরচ, আবস্তুক বস্তু প্রঃ প্রায় প্রচের ক্ষাটাকা; নিক বরচ, আবস্তুক বস্তু প্রঃ প্রায় প্রচের ক্ষাটাকা; নিক বরচ, আবস্তুক বস্তু প্রঃ প্রায়

Pocket-picking—ৰেব হুইডে আগ্ৰয়ণ; Act of stealing from the pocket. [left by a pock. Pookmark, Pookpit, n. ব্ৰশ্কতিক: The mark Pod, pod, n. বাবের আগ্রথ. শিব মটা অভ্যান্ত করি: The covering of the seed or seed-vessel of certain plants, as the pea or bean; seed-case:
—০০ া. পুর্ব কু জাটান্ত, জাতান্ত, To fill, as a pod; to produce pods; to swell.

Poom, po'em. n. কৰিড়া, কাৰ্য, পদা; ছকোৰছ বচনা; A composition in verse

Poosy, pu'e-si, n. f Gr poiso, to do or make ] কবিতা, পদা, Poetry, poem.

Poet, n. বাৰু কৃতি হা, ৰবি, The auther of a poem — ৰৱনাপ্ৰিপানী ব্যক্তি; One with a strong imagination. fem-poeteso. [ state or city. Poet lauroato—রাজক্বি, Poet maintained by a The jewel of a poot— ৰবিবৃদ্ধ।

Pootester, pū'el-as-ter, n. কু-কৰি; বিশ্বশ্ৰেণীৰ কৰি, A writer of contemptible verses; a pitiful writer of vorses, a petty poet.

Poetic, po-crik, Poetical, po-crik-al, a. কৰিডা
সম্ভীয় : কৰিডাউট : কন্মন্ত : Pertaining or sustable to poetry — ছলোবভ : কলোবভ : কলোবভ : Expressed in poetry — কলোৱিন্ত : Imaginative :
—কালোক্ড : Possessing the peculiar beauties of poetry.

Poetical justice—That ideal justice which poets exercise in making the good happy and the bad unsuccessful in their evil schemes.

Poetically, ad. কৰিবভাবে, in a poetic manner.
Poetics, po-ciks, দ কৰিবাৰ স্থালোচনা; কাৰ্য স্থালোচনা; কাৰ্যনীতি; The branch of criticism, which relates to poetry, the doctrine of poetry.
Poetise, po'et-iz, v. 2. কৰিবা বেখা; কৰিবা ক্রমান্ত্র; To make verses; compose verses.

Poetry, poet-ri, n. কৰিডা; কাব্য; গৰ্য়: ছবোন্ধ বাক্য; Metrical composition:—ন্দ্রীভাকারে প্রকৃত্য; Metrical composition:—ন্দ্রীভাকারে প্রকৃত্য; Utterance in song. [ being poignant. Poignancy, n. তীক্ষভা; তীব্রভা, The state of Poignant, pointant, e. [ F. poignant, from L. pungere, to prick ] তীক্ষ; Sharp; keen:—তীব্র; কর্ট, Pungent:—বেংক; তীক্ষ; Penetrating:—তীব্র; সর্বাপানী; সর্বাহেনী, Acutely painful:—রাধিক্য; বিকৃপাক্ষক; Saturcal. nespoignancy, admipoignantly. Syn:—Severe, intense, pointed, pungent, caustic, biting.

Point, point, n. [ L. punctum, from pungere, to prick ] त्यक बदाब कीकांब ; The sharp end of a piercing instrument :- स्म ; That which pricks or wounds :-- अक्ट्रे क्सना ; Lively turn of thought :-- नरनारवान आकर्षन : That which awakens attention :- विन् ; Dot :- विन् ; Smallest possible space : —পূর্বাহণ ; Full stop : — শুহুর্ব ; Moment of time ; instant :-- नावाक वााणांव ; A small affair :- একমান বস্তু : একটা বস্তু : A single thing :- क्रेडि ; बाजांडि ; Sting of an epigram ; that which stings, as the point of an epigram : -अपनि वाका : A single assertion :- चारनांना faus : The precise thing to be considered :-देशरबर : Example :- चत्र : Note : tune :- भार ; क्षत्र ; Degree : - अवद्य ; Condition : - विटलव नक्ष्य ; वित्नव ; Peculiarity :- अवतीन ; A small headland :- Mark of the decimal place; as 1. 18: :pl. এক পৰ হইতে অন্ত পৰে শক্ট সঞ্চালিত করিবার বিভিন্ন-क्यीन लोश्वर्षक्रवत चारकशत्वाका दान; The switch or railway track; the switch on a railway:e.i. जीक-क ; एकांध-क ; To sharpen :-- नका-क ; To aim : - श्रावाचार्या निरवण-क ; भन (म अया ; To direct one's attention :-- वाका माना (इस्टिक्स मित्रवन-कू; Punctuate, as a sentence :- o. t. अवृति निर्देश-कृ ; To direct the finger towards an object -- ye बांडा निकाब द्वराहेवा-द्व ; To show game by looking, as a dog. Syn:-(n) Stop, end, extremity, termination; spot, place, station, stage; state, condition; summit, top, apex; projection, cape ; verge ; aim, purpose, design ; object; question, subject, theme; respect, trait; peculiarity; poignancy; edge; sting. (v) Level, direct; show, indicate, designate.

Armed at all points—আপাণ্যত্ত অহুণান্ত স্থিত, Armed from head to foot.

At the point of death—মূন্ববিষ্টাৰ; মরমৰ; On the verge of death; as near as can be to death. At the point of the bayonot or sword— বল বামান থাবা; আছু সমূৰে ধ'রা।, হলোবার উটাইয়া বা ব্যবহৃত্তি কৰিয়া; By military force; by compulsion.

[ অবহ'ত্ত্ত , At this stage.
At this point—এই ব্লে; At this part:—এই
Being to the point—াস্ত্তিক:

Come to the point—মাসল কথাৰ আসা; Take up the main question. (Opposite of deaf about the hush)

Gain one's point—ইপিত বন্ধ প্রাণ্ড-ছ; কে বিবরে
লক্ষ্য থাকে তাহা হাদিল-কু; Got the thing aimed at.
Give point to—তীর-কু; যাহাতে একটু লাগে এমন
করিয়া বনা: Make incisive—রংলার কবিবার জঞ্জ
বাড়াইরা বনা; Make (anything) striking by exaggerating it.
In point of—সববে বা বিবরে; কোন কিছু ধরিতে
Make a point of—সিহম-কু; কোন নিহমে চলা;
Make it a rule with oneself:—হিরনিক্য-কু;
Decide:—বিক্যাই; Be sure to.

Mine points of the law—আইনের মধান বল; The greater chance of success in a suit at law. On the point of—মান: উল্লেড; উল্লেখ; About to:—ভারিৰ ক্ষিল, হ্ৰ হ্ৰ এই অৰ্থ ব্যাৱ; On the verge of.

Point at - 明明 字; Aim at :- 明明 字; To treat

with contempt:—बक्ती वांत्र विर्त्तन कृ : Force upon notice, draw attention to (by the finger). Point in one's favour—काराज़ बन्द्रत (कार्ववद ; A circumstance that is favourable to one. Point of dispersion—विकार-विकार-विकार

Point of honour—Tiels Bys air fines ace; A matter which concerns one's self-respect or the esteem of others.

Point of view—एक्न व्हेट्ड स्वान वस एक्न वाह : Stand point; place from which any object is seen.

Point out—দেশান; প্ৰনাণ-তৃ; সক্তে ৰাছা বা অসুলী দিয়া বেখাইয়া দেওছা; Show; demonstrate; indicate:—দেখাইছা বা বুঝাইছা বেওছা; Explain or indicate clearly.

Point or matter in dispute-fails fair;
The point or matter which is disputed or contested.

Point to—অনুনী ৰাজা দেখান; Direct attention to (by the finger):—পূৰ্বনক্ষণ দেখান; Foreshadow: —কোন দিকে বাওয়া; Tend to.

Point to be solved—ferry free; The thing to be explained or decided.

Point to or towards—विस्न-कृ : Indicate Point under discussion—बालाहा विषक ।

Rallying point—বেখানে কোন বলহ বা মতহ বোক জ্মা হয় এবং উৎসাহ পায়; আড্ডা; The focus; the point of concentration, the place where people attached to a certain cause meet and find encouragement.

The turning point in or of one's career—
(বে সমবে) কাটারও কপাল কেরে; The period in a man's life when there is to be a decided change when he is either to rise or to fall:—(বে মটনার লকা) কাহারও কপাল কেবে, The circumstance that brings about a decided change in a person's career.

[ successive hits.

To mark or score a point—To note down To strain a point—টিক দীমা অভিজন-কু; To go beyond the proper limit; to exceed the bounds of strict propriety or of duty.

To the point—অন্ত্ৰোপ্ৰাপ্ৰাপ্ৰাপ্ত ; Pertinent; apt, apposite, bearing directly upon the subject in hand.

Point-blank, point-blank, a. হুলাই; লাই; Direct, plain:—ad. লাইডঃ; সমসভাবে, সাকাৎ ভাবে; Directly; plainly; expressly:—n. A white mark at which aim is taken.

Pointed, pointed, a. খ্ৰাব; তীকার; তীক; Having a sharp point; sharp:—তীর; Keen:—টক; প্রত্যক; Direct:—ব্যক্তিগত; Personal:—ক্রেব; Telling. ad-pointedly. n-pointedness. Syn:—Peaked; distinct, marked; severe, poignant, epigrammatic.

Pointer, point-er, ন. ফুৰুৰ বিশেষ; A dog trained to point out game:—বিশেষক; আনৰ্থক; That which points:—বড়ির কাটা: Clock-hand.

Pointing, ল. স্থিকেশ-কৌশন; বিরাস-চিক্-স্থিকেশ:
The art of making the divisions of a writing by
points or marks; punctuation:—চুণপুরকি দিয়া
লাগরাজি করণ; The att of filling the crevices of
a wall with mortar.

Pointless, pointles, s. (बीक) ; वाडीक ; Blunt ; obtuse :-- वृद्धिविदीत ; निर्देशक ; Dull ; stupid.

Pointamen, a. এক দৌহণৰ হইতে অৱগবে শকট চাৰাইয়া দিবার ভার বাহার উপর বাকে; One who has

charge of Railway switches.

Poise, poiz, s.f. [L. pendo, to hang, to weigh] স্বাৰ ভারি-ড়; স্বাৰ ভারনিপিট-ড়; To balance in weight, to make of equal weight:

গ. ভার; তুলা ভার; বাটকারা; Balance; weight; that which balances.

Poison, poi'zn, n. [L. patio, from potare, to drink] হ্বাহল; বিষ, পরল; Venom; anything infectious or malignant.—বাহা চরিত্রের বিশুছতা কর্মিত করে; যাহাতে বৈতিক পরিত্রতা নটু করে. That which taints or destroys moral purity or health:—v. t. বিষাক্ত-কু; বিষ প্রহাসে বব-কু; বিষয়াপালাক করা; To infect or kill with poison—কর্মিত-কু; মুখিত-কু; To corrupt:—তিক-কু, অফ্রাক্রা; To mar; to imbiter. n=poisoner. Syn:—(n) Virus; bane, pest, corruption, infection. (n) Taint, vitiate, contaminate, envenom.

Administer poison to- विव शास्त्राम ; Give poison with a view to kill.

Poison the ear-wits 4-7 1

Poisonous, poi'rn-us, a. বিষয় ; বিবাদ ; সাংঘা-ভিক ; Venomous ; full of venom , destructive. ad=poisonously, n=poisonousness.

Poke, pok, ত. t. দীৰ্ঘ ৰায় খোচান; To search for with a long instrument.—লুভ ৰায়া ভাঁড়া নায়া, To thrust at with home —ইম্বাইবা-দে, To stir (fire &c.):—ত. ঃ. ছাড্ডান; To grope — ল. খজি, ভাষায় জেন; Bag; pouch; pocket:—খাড়া; A thrust.

Buy a pig in a poke—न। त्रिवा किंदू क्य-क्; To buy a thing without seeing it.

Poke about—ৰশ্বৰাৰে হাড্ডান, See in the dark; grope.

Poke fun at—উগহাস-ড়: হাজাশ্য-ড়, ঠাটা-ড়; Ridicule; to make fun of.

Poke fun at one-wisits similar; Make one a laughing stock.

Poker, poker, s. अधि डेबाइवाद कोइ-मनावा; An iron rod for poking or stirring the fire.

Polar, pollar, a. মেলসৰ্মীয়; মেল সমিনিত বা স্থিতি : Pertaining to or situated near the poles:—চুৰফাকুই-মৌহ-স্লাফা-স্চিত দিক্ সম্বায়; Pertaining to the magnetic poles.

Polar circle, n. বের চইতে ২০ ২৮ অকাংশ অভ্যর পরিক্তিত অকর্ত, One of two circles on the earth 23: 23' from the pole.

Polarisation, n. মের অভিযুখীকরণ; ভাডিতবক্ত বিশরীত প্রবাদ, A particular modification of rays of light, by the action of certain media or surfaces, so that they cannot be reflected or refracted again in certain direction.

Polarise, po'lar-iz, n কোন বস্তুকে কোন বিশেষ ধর্মাকান্ত-কু; To give polarity to.

Polariser, n. বছগত বিশেষ ধর্মপাতা; That which gives polarity to.

Polarity, po-lar'it-i, ल. (यस्त्र चित्रपुरक); त्यस्-धारणो; त्य चर्चा वा चन वाकाटक तथक विनदीक व्यात्स चीक वृद्द दह: A property in certain bodies by which they arrange themselves in certain direction or point as it were to given poles.

Pole, pol, ল.বেছ; ভূমেছ; One of the extremeties of the axis of a sphere, especially of the earth:
—্চ্যকাদি বছার যে ছুই বিশুক্ত আকর্ষণ বা বিকর্ম শন্তি ক্রিক্তি হয়, ভাহার পাছতাই; One of the two ends of a magnet:—লীপ কাল্ডিড; A pale; a long piece of wood:—বৃষ্ট; A long staff:—পালিবার বিশেষ; A measure of length, 5½ yards:—বালিবার ব্যাবিশেষ; An instrument for measuring. Sym:—Suck, rod; thill, shaft; rood, perch. [ Poland. Pole, pol, ল. পোলাভের অধিবারী; A native of North pole—হথেত।

Poles of the heavens—পৃথিবীর উভয় বেক্স সৰ্থ্য পাতে অবস্থিত নতোমতলের বিশ্বর; The two points in the heavens or the celestial sphere opposite

to the poles of the earth.

South pole—ক্ষেত্ৰ ৷ [her sails are furled. Under bare poles—Said of a ship when all Poleaxe, pol-aks, n. প্ৰত ; টাজি ; কুঠান্ত ; Axe or hatchet with a long pole or handle.

Polecat, n. नक्ल बाठीत बढ़ : नक-मान्त्रा ; बोल . A kind of weasel.

Polemic, po-lemik, Polemical, po-lemik-al, n. [Gr polemos, war] ভক্সিয়; ভাৰিক; বাগাহ-বাগসিয়; Given to disputing; controversial. ad=polemically.

Polemie, po-lemik, n. ভর্তরিক-বেশক; A controversialist —ভাতিক, A disputant.

Polemics, n. pl বাদাপুৰাষ : বিভগ্ন : Contest or controversy — ৰক্ষণিবন্ধ বাদবিভগার ইতিহাস : In theology, the history of ecclesiastical controvency.

Polenta, n [ L. polenta peeled barley ] obis fags. Pudding made of flour of maire.

Pole-star, pol-star, n # वनका: # वजाता: The name of the star nearest to the north pole of the heavens.

Polico, po-lies', n [Gr pelis, a city] পুলিন; লাভিরক্ত কর্মচানিকা, Regulation and government of a city or town; the body by which this is effected.

Police court—খানা-চালানি বোকসমার বিচারালয়। Police inspector —(খানার) দাবোগা। [stable. Policeman, n. শান্তিরক্ক; খানার দোক; Cons-Police officer—খানাস্কার কর্মচারী।

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Policy, poli-si, ম. অভিমান ; Plant ; object :পৰিণানগণিতা , বিচন্দণতা ; চতুৰতা ; পঠতা ; Expediency ; skill ; prudence ; cunning :-- নাৰণীতি ;
বাজাপানৰ-অণালী ; The art of governing a nation :-- অৰ্থ প্ৰদানেৰ অনীকাৰ পতা ; বিমাৰ চুক্তিপতা ;
Certificate of a life, fire or other insurance.

Commercial policy—वानिया निषय विश्व : Measures relating to the agriculture, manufacture, trade and commerce.

Domestic policy—Measures relating to the just administration of land and the well-being of the nation.

Foreign policy—The relations and dealings of the government with foreign powers.

Policy-holder, a. et tifes first fest-ite we [ people. व्यक्तरमञ्जूष्य क्षीकात्रमञ्जूषारमः। Polish, polish, e. Relating to Poland or its Polish, polish, v. t. [ L. polio, to make shine ] गतिकात-ङ्गः गानिन ङ्गः वरून ७ विक्न-ङ्गः To make smooth and glossy by rubbing :-- ত্ৰাৰ ও গড়া-ছু; My ; To make elegant and polite ; to refine : -ए. इं. अपूर्व-इ ; इक्टरक-इ ; श्रीबक्टक-इ ; To become smooth, glossy :--- स. (बहा ; हांकडिका ; केंब्काला ; A smooth glossy surface produced by friction or rubbing :- উপরের কৃত্রিম মহণতা ; অবাভাবিক উজ-महा; Artificial gloss :- निहेज ; निहोत्ता , Elegance of manners; refinement :-- वस्ता वाक्षिका Bens Es: A substance used to impart a gloss. Syn:-(n) Burnish, gloss, # = polisher. brighten, furnish; refine, civilize.

Polite, pō-lit, a. [L. politus, pp. of polire, to polish] ভয়; শিষ্ট; ভবা; শিষ্টাচাৰবৃত্ত; হুপীল; বিশীভ, Refined; well-bred; obliging; courteous. n=politeness. ad=politely (শিষ্টভাবে; সবি-মহ)। Syn:—Accomplished, courteous, complaisant, urbane, civil, courtly, elegant, genteel.
Polite learning—বাৰ্কিত বিশ্যা।

Polite literature—Those branches of knowledge or instruction, apart from art and science which please the understanding.

Politeness, po-litnes, n. nois); filisis; chies; State or quality of being polite; civility. Syn:
—Courtesy, refinement, urbanity, courteousness, affability, complaisance, gentility.

Politic, pole-tik, a. [G. politikas, belonging to the cuizen or state, from polis, a city.] ব্যৱহানিক, বাৰনীতিক, Skilled in political affairs:— বিজ; বিচন্দ ; বিবেচক; চতুম ; Judicious; wise; prudent; discreet; cunning. ad—politicly. Syn:—Political, civil, civic; wise; provident, wary; artful, cunning, diplomatic.

Body politic—THE SHOPS; The whole machenery of Government.

Political, po-lifik-al, a. বাজনীতি বিষয়ক; পানৰ-প্ৰণালী সম্বৰীয়; Partaining to government:— ভাতিগত; আতি সম্বৰীয়; Pertaining to nations:— সম্বৰায়ী; সাবায়ৰ; Connected with government; public:—n. Indian civil servant.

Political arithmetic—Political statistics, Political division—बाबकीय विकास ।

Political economiat—ৰথণাত্তবিং। Political economy—ৰথনীতি বিজান; কৰ্ণাত্ত;

Political economy—অর্থনীতি বিজ্ঞান; অর্থনাত্ত : Science of national wealth.

Political rights—রাজা সম্বাহ অধিকার। Political science—মীডিশাল।

Political world—That portion of society directly concerned with or interested in political affairs.

Politician, pol-i-tishan, त. शासनीरिक ; One versed in politics :- कृष्ट्रिक ; कृष्ट्र लोक ; A man of artifice and cunning.

Politics, poli-tiks, n. sing. মাল্লীতি; The art of science of Government:—বাজনাতি; Political affairs:—বাজনৈতিক চাতুরী; Political trickery.

Polity, poli-ti, n. त्रांबानागव-वर्गानी ; त्रांबरुष ; Civil

Polka, polka, n. 40 ferre; A dance of Polish origin.

Poll, pol, n. ৰছক; মাধা; The head:—ব্যাহকর গালাভার; Back of the head:—(লাহের ভালিকা; বাজিবর্গের ভালিকা; List of persons; register of heads:—রাজকর্মচারী-নির্মাচক বছর্মচারিগের বামের ভালিকা; The entry of the names of electors who vote for civil officers, such as Members of Parliament:—বঙ্ক আবাল করিবার লগালী; An act or process of voting:—নির্মাচন-মান ; The place where the votes are taken:—নির্মাচন; Election:—

□ t. কাটা; মাধা কাটিরা কেলা; বৃদ্দের ভাল ইটিবার্কো; To cut; to clip; to lop as the branch of trees:—কাহারক লাম ভালিকাভুক-ক; To take a list of persons or votes; collect and register votes:
—নির্মাচন মানে আন্মন-ক; To bring to the poll as a voter. n=poller.

Poll, pol, n. ভোতা পকী; ভোতা পাৰীৰ আদরের নান;
A familiar name of a parrot:—কেম্বুজ বিশ্ববিদ্যাকরে বে সামান্ত উপাধি প্রাপ্ত হয়;

Pollack, Pollock, a. night are first; A salt-water fish of the cod family.

Pollard, polard, ন. ছিবাৰ বৃক্ষ; ভাল হুটো বা ব্যুটা পাছ; A tree with its top cup off:—০. ভাল হুটো; To lop the tops of trees. [ votes.

Poll clerk—One who receives and registers Pollen, polen, n. পুলৱেণ ; প্রায় ; Powder in the anther:—পরিক্ত ব্যবা ; Fine flour.

Poll-tax, pūltāks, n. বাধা প্ৰবাস ধাৰ্য বীজকৰ; ব্যক্তিগত বাজকৰ; কেজিছা; A tax by the head.

Pollute, pol-lut, v. t. [L. pol, towards, and luo, to wash ] সমস্ক ; ক্স্ডিড-কৃ; ত্তি-কৃ; কস্ডিড-কৃ; অপবিজ-কৃ; স্প্তিড-কৃ; অপবিজ-কৃ; To soil; to taint; to defile; to corrupt, to abuse; to profane. Syn:—Soil, vitiate, contaminate, deprave, debase; debauch, dishonour.

Pollution, pol-lu'shun, ম. অপ্ৰির্ভা; অবিভয়ভা; বালাভা; Defilement; impurity; uncleanness. Syn:—Contamination, vitiation, taint, corruption, uncleanness.

Nocturnal pollution—पद्यक्षर ; यद्यावशृत्र (वर्धः-

Polo, n. আছারোহণে বলজীড়াবিশেব; A military Polony, n. আছিলছ যাংলের ওক চাটনি বিশেব; A kind of dry sausage made of meat partly cooked.

Poltroon, pol-tròon, n. কাপুনৰ; তীক বালি; A coward, a dastard:—a. নীচ, তীক; হেন : মুগাৰ্ছ; Base, vile, contemptible. Syn:—(n) Craven, milksop.

Poltroonery, pol-trooher-i, #. কাপুকৰতা; ভীকতা; মানসিক নীচতা; Cowardice; want of baseness of mind.

Polverine, n. [L. pulveris, dust] কাজ নিৰ্মাণোপ-বোৰী কাঠেৰ কাৰ বা হাই; Calcinid ashes of a plant used in the manifacture of glass.

Polyandrian, a. [Gr. polys, many, endros, a man] বিশেজাবিক-প্ৰেক্ত সমষ্টি ; Having many or more than twenty stamens.

Polyandry, pol-i-andri, ন. [Gr. polys, many, andros. a husband] বহু পুরুষের সহিত বিবাহ ; এই-কালীৰ বহু পতি এইণ ; The having more than are [ 750 ]

husband at the same time; plurality of husbands.

Polyanth, Polyanthus, ম. [Gr. polys, many, anthos, a flower] বহুপুৰুত্ব বিশেষ; A kind of prim-rose bearing many flowers.

Polygamist, pol-ig'a-mist, n. বহৰিবাহকারী; বছ-পত্নীক; বহুপড়ী গ্রহণকারী; বহুবিবাহের পক্ষণাতী; One who practises or advocates polygamy.

Polygamy, n. [Gr. polys, many, and gamos, marriage ] বছৰতা এছৰ; বছৰিবাছ; The condition of having more wives than one at the same time; plurality of wives. a=polygamous.

Polygiot, a. [Gr. polys, many, gloto, language]
বহুভাবাসবহিত; Containing many languages:—n.
বহু ভাষার লিখিত বাইবেল বিশেষ; A bible containing
the same subject in several languages.

Polygon, poli-gon, n. [Gr. polys, many, gonia, a corner] ৰত্তককেন : A plane figure of many angles or with more than four. a=polygonal, polygonous.

Polyhedron, n. क्ष्म करूब: A solid body with many sides. a=polyhedral, polyhedrous.

Polynomial, #. বছপদী বৈদিক মাই; An algebraic expression composed of many terms:—

a. বছপদী; Containing many terms.

Polypode, poli-pod, a. সহল পদৰিশিষ্ট কৰ : বছপদ কৰ ; An animal with many feet.

Polypus, poli-pus, Polype, polip. Polyp, n. [Gr. polys, many, pous, foot] নাদাবোৰ: খোটক; A tumour in the nose:—বহুণাৰ ক্ষম বিশেষ; বহুৰ্ব বন্ধ বিশেষ; Something that has many feet or roots. pl=polypes, po'ypi. a=polypous.

Polypus of the nose-sintered to

Polypetalous, a. বৰণৰ; Having many petals.
Polysyllable, poli-sil-a-bl, n. বচ প্ৰাণ্যবৃদ্ধবাদ্য;
বহু প্ৰাংশ প্ৰথিত শব্দ; A word of many or more than three syllables. a—pollysyllabic, pollysyllabical.

[ hending may arts.

Polyteohnic, a. বছলিকবিলা-সমন্বিত; Compre-Polytheism, poli-the-izm, n. বছলেবাৰ্চ্চলা; বছ-বেৰাৰ্চ্চলা-নীতি; The doctrine of a plurality of gods. a=polytheistic, polytheistical.

Polytheist, poli-the-ist, n. বছদেবাৰ্চ্চনকাৰী; বছদেবাশাসক; অনেকেক্ষ্ববাদী, One who believes in many gods; a believer in many gods

Pomace, s. बांत्यात्रव नांव, The substance of apples.

Pomaceous, a. আপেলন'রতুলা; Like pomace.
Pomade, po-mād', Pomatum, po-mā'tūm,
ক. কথাৰ তৈলযুক্ত পদাৰ্থ বিশেষ; পথেটম; Any greasy composition for dressing the hair.

Pomogranto, pom-gran-at, n. ৰাড়িবগাছ; বাডিব ক্ল ; A tree and its fruit.

Pommel, puniel, n. কোন বন্ধন বোলাকার উন্নত ভাগ; উন্নতাংশ; গাঁইট; Ball; knob:—ভর্বানির বাটের মাখার গাঁইট; The knob on a sword-blade:—জিনের সমূব ভাগের উন্নতাংশ; The high part of a saddlebow—s. t. প্রভার-কু; স্বাধাত করিয়া চুৰ্-কু; To beat; to beat roughly; to bruise by beating.

Pomona, n. यम-त्यवडा ; क्य-त्यवडा ; The goddess of orchards and fruits.

Pomp, pamp', n. कांक्यत ; कींक्यत ; की ;

वृष्याय ; Pageantry ; grandeur ; splendour ; display ; ostentation ; a splendid ceremony. Syn:—Parade, display, pageant, pageantry ; stated, magnificence.

Pompey's Pillar—A pillar erected by Publius, Prefect of Egypt, in honour of the emperor Dioclitian to record the conquest of Alexandria. Pompous, pomp'us, a. আড্ডবপুৰ্ব; আড্ডবিনিট্ট; আডাল; Grand; magnificent; dignified; stately; boastful. n=pompousness, pomposity. ad=pompously. Syn:—Splendid, superby, gorgeous, sumptuous, showy, august, stately, magisterial; inflated; bombastic; ostentatious. Pond, pond, n. প্ৰবিশ; বৰ্ষ কৰাণৰ; প্ৰৱ: A body of fresh-water shut in or dammed up; a pool of stagnant water.

Ponder, ponder, v. t. [L. ponderers, from pondus, a weight ] v. t. शान-कृ; त्रान त्रान कारणाणन-कृ: त्रित्तना-कृ: किश्वा-कृ; To think over: to consider. n=ponderer. Syn:—Examine, contemplate, study, meditate, reflect, muse, cogitate, ruminate.

Ponder on or over—নিজের স্বজে কোন বিষয় দীৰ্ঘনাল চিল্লা-কু, Denotes a long-sustained meditation on what is of deep personal concern

Ponderable, ponder-a-bl, a. ভারন্ত : ভারনিটাই : ভার : Having sensible weight n-ponderability. Ponderous, ponder-us. a. ভারার : ভারী : ভারি ভার : Massive, very weighty : very heavy. nponderousness. Syn:—Bulky, massive, weighty. Ponderousness, Ponderousty, m. ভার : ভার : Heaviness, gravity.

Poniard, ponyard, ম. ছুবিকা; ছোৱা; A sharp pointed instrument for stabbing, dagger; dirk, stiletto:—v. t. ছোৱা ছাবা কৃচিয়া মারা; ছোৱা ছাবা আঘাত-কু; To stab with a poniard.

Pontage, n. [ L. pontis, a bridge ] সেতুর বারল; সেতু সংকারার্থ অনত কর: A toll paid on bridges; a duty paid for repairing bridges.

Pontiff, pohifi, s. এখাৰ বন্ধাচাৰ্য; এখাৰ বন্ধৰাজক; পোল; The Pope.

Pontific, pan-tifik, Pontifical, pon-tifik-al, a. প্রদান ধর্মবাজনীন : পোপ নম্মান : Of or belonging to a high-priest or the pope — আড়ম্বন্ধ : ফারাল ; Splendid : magnificent :—বাস্কীয় কিলাপন্ধতি এবং বাজ আচার প্রক্রিয়া সম্মানি পুরুক্ত বিশেষ ;— A book of ecclesiastical ceremonies.

Pontificals, n. নাৰক বিশাপ কৰবা পোলের বনৰ ভূবণ, The dress of a priest, bishop or Pope. Pontificate, pon-tilli-kat. n. পোলের পদ: পোলের মধ্যালা; পোলের পাসনকাল; The state and dignity or reign of a Pope.

Pontoon, pon-tooh, n. [L. pont, bridge] নৌৰাৰ সেতু; A bridge of boats:—ভাসমান শোড বিশেষ; A portable floating vessel:—খনত নৌৰা বিশেষ; A lighter. [horse.

Pony, pōni, ন. ক্য বোটৰ ; টাটু বোটা ; A small Poodle, pōo'di, ন. ক্য বোটৰ কুছুৱ বিশেষ ; A small dog with long silky curling white hair. Pooh, pōo, int. ছি: ; ইন্ ; ডাইডো; An exclama-

tion of contempt or disdain.

Pooh Pooh, v. f. (实实) 明确技术 中科·李;

चरणं न ध्याप-मृ; To put down summarily and contemptuously; to take light of.

Pool, pcol, s. কুর জনাপর; পুত্রিকী; ভোবা; A small body of water; a puddle:—(ব্যায় বাজিব পৰ বাজিবার পাত্র; কুরাবেলার বাহা বরা হয়; The receptacle for the stakes in certain games; the stakes played for.

Poop, poop, n. ৰাহাৰের পকান্তাগছিত নর্কোন্ত পাটা-ভব; A deck above the ordinary deck in the after-part of a ship:—n.t. ৰাহাৰের পভারাগ ৰাষ্যত বা ভয়-ড়; To strike the stern.

Poor, pôòr, a. দরিয়; দীন; পরীব; ছ:বী; সন্পত্তি-হীন; Needy; indigent; without means:— কুল; মুর্কাল; Lean; weak:—দীন; বেচারা; দরার ঘোলা; Wretched; pitiable:—সামান্ত ; আকিভিবেনর; মুন্ত; Low; paltry:—উন্তর; অপুর্কার; Barren; sterile:—সৌম্পর্কার; ম্বালাহীন; Destitute of fitness, beauty or dignity. n=poorness, ad= poorly. Syn:—Moneyless, penniless; emaciated; mean, paltry; trifling; miserable; unfruitful; unproductive.

A poor post- क्रिंश

Poor opportunities are better than none
—লাই মানার ভেবে কানা মানা ভাল।

Poor-box, n. বে বানে ধরিছদিগের জন্ত অর্থ সংগৃহীত হয়, Box to receive money for alms:—পরিছণণ; The poor.

Poor-house, poor-hows, n. হরিছ শালা; দরিছ নিবান; অভিথিনালা, নাবারণের বরতে বে বাটাতে বরিছ-দিপের ভরণপোবশ হয়; Work house; a house established at the public expense for the poor.

Poor-law, গ. ব্যৱস্থান ভ্রণগোষণার্থ বিদি; A law providing for the support of the poor.

Poorly, ad. নামাপ্ররাপ ; হীনভাবে ; নিকৃইভাবে ; With little or no success. n=poorlines (অনুস্তা)।

To be poorly off-निर्मन रक्श।

Poorness, n. नित्रजा ; गाँविक : Indigence.

Poor-rate, poo-rat, w. sangered wasteriested

Poor-spirited, pour-spirited, a. নীয়; ভীক; হীনসাহস; ভেজোহীব; Mean; cowardly. sepoorspiritedness.

Pop, pop, n. ৰটু কট্ শব্দ; পটাং, ছব, পট্ প্রভৃতি
শব্দ; A sharp, quick sound or report:—v. i.
কট্ কট্ শব্দ-কৃ; পটাং বা ছব শব্দ-কৃ; To make a
sharp quick sound:—v. i. ক্রন্তবেগে অবলাং চেনেেং; To push suddenly:—সহসা পোচরীভূত-কৃ; To
bring suddenly to notice:—অবলাং একলান হইতে
অস্ত হাবে-বা; To move suddenly:—ad. হঠাং;
সহসা; অবলাং Suddenly.

Pop at—গোনাবৰ্ণ-কু, Fire at. [for a while. Pop in—আলবা লাভ পীত্ৰ প্ৰবেশ-কু; Come in quickly Pop off—হাগৈ অবৃত্ত-হ; সহলা অৱহিত-হ; Disappear suddenly. [while. Pop out—ক্ৰেণাৰ লাভ প্ৰহাৰ-কু; Depart for a Pop the question—পুৰুষ কৰ্ম্ক কোন নারীকে নিজানা করা বে সে তাহাকে বিবাহ ক্রিডে রাজি কি মা;

विवाह कतिवात क्षण वार्थना-इ : Ask in marriage. Pop up-स्त्रीर हैते : Rise suddenly.

Pope, pop, n. [L. pape, a father ] caragin after

গিক বৰ্ষের প্রথম বাজক ; The Head of the Roman Catholic Church.

Popedom, n. critical ne al salital al salitals;
The office, dignity or jurisdiction of the Pope.

Popery, pop'er-i, n. (sixia system 44; The religion of which the Pope is the head.

Pop-gun, n. বালকের বন্দক; A child's gun. Popin-jay, pop'in-jā, n. ওকপকী; A parrot:—

विनामञ्जाह (लोक ; विनामी वाक्ति ; क्नवाव ; A coxcomb ; a fap.

Popish, pop'ish, e. পোগধর্ম সম্বনীয়; পোগকর্ত্ত পিকিড; Pertaining or taught by the Pope.

Poplar, pop'lar, n. বৃক্ষ বিশেষ; A tall tree.
Poplin, n. বস্থ বিশেষ; A textile fabric made of silk and worsted.

Popper, न. ( यकारे ) क्वांबरात्र (बाता ।

Poppy, pop'i, n. Mane; A plant from which opium is got.

Populace, pop'u-lis, n. [L. populus, people]
নাধাৰা নোক; জননাধাৰণ; The common people;
the vulgar. Syn:—Mob, people, commonalty,
vulgar, mobility.

Popular, pop'u-lar, n. [L. popularis, —populars, people] সাধারণ লোকসবলীয়; সাধারণের; জনসাধারণ সম্বন্ধীয়; Pertaining to or prevailing among the people: —কলপ্রির; লোকপ্রির; Pleasing to the people: —সংক্রোধা; বোষসা; Easily comprehend: —সাধারণ; অপকৃষ্ট; নিকৃষ্ট: Inferior; vulgar. ad = popularly. Syn: —Common, current, general, prevailing, favourite; easy, familiar, plain.

Popular discontent—প্ৰজাৰিপের অসম্ভোব। Popular favour—লোকজীতি।

Popularise, pop'll-lar-iz, v. f. লোকপ্ৰিয়-ত্ব; সাধারণের উপথোকী-ত্ব; To make popular or suitable to the people.

Popularity, pop-U-lar'i-ti, ন. লোক্ষিরতা;
নৰ্কন্মিরতা; Quality or state of being popular
or pleasing to the people:—নীচতা; Vulgarity.
Populate, pop'U-lat, v. f. লোকপূৰ্য-কু; লোক ধারা
প্রিপূর্ব-কু; To people, to furnish with inhabi-

Population, pop-U-la'shun, m. অনসংখ্যা; প্ৰজানকা; অবিধানা-বংখ্যা; The inhabitants of any place. [people of a country increase. Law of population, m. Law by which the Populous, pop'U-lus, a. অনাৰথি; অন্যান্ধ ; ব্যান্ধ ; Full of people. m=populousness, ad=populously. [Fine painted pottery. Porcelain, porsian, m. চীনের বাসন; চীনাবাসন; Porch, porch, m. বারেখা; চারনি, অলিখা; ভোরণ;

A portico; a stately or ornamental entrance way; a roof supported on pillars before a door.

Porcine, porsin, a. [ L. porcus, a swine ] ব্যাহ
স্থায়; Pertaining to swine.

Porcupine, porku-pin, n. [L. porcus, a pig, spins, a spine] Aut : A beast like hedgehog. The quill of a porcupine—Aut of the control of the porcupine—Aut of the control of

Pore, por, m. [L. porus, G. poros, a passage, a pore] (minger ; Ming; Small hare; minute hole in the skin for the perspiration. Syn:

Spiracle: interstice; aperture.

Pore, e. i. কলেনিবেশপূর্ণক গাঠ-ড়; কলেবোগপূর্ণক পুরিপাত-ড়; To study closely; to look with steady attention.

Pore over or upon কান্তটোত গড়া; Read with close attention:—কান্তটোত গড়া; See with close attention.

[ In the form of a pore.

Poriform, por'i-form, a. ছিয়াকার: ছিয়ারলা;

Pork, n. [ L. percus, a hog ] শ্বরের বাবে; The fiesh of swine:—শ্বর শাবক; A pig.

Porosity, pō-ros'i-ti, m. লোমকুপমরত্ব : সন্ধিউভা ; সাত্তমভা ; Quality of being porous.

Porous, porus, a. ছিত্ৰয়; সন্ধিত্ৰ, লোককুপৰিশিষ্ট; Having pores. ad=porously.

Porphyrise, v. t. পরকিরি নামক উৎকৃষ্ট প্রতানের অনু-রূপ-কু; To cause to resemble porphyry.

Porphyritie, Porphyraceous, c. Mafefa

Porphyry, n. ces faces; A very hard rock.
Porpoise, por pus, Porpose, por pes, n. [L. porcus, a hog, piscis, a fish] 1004; feetis;
Sea-hog; cetacean.

Porridge, n. win faces; we faces; coin; Food made by boiling flour in water.

Porringer, poringer, n. পাত বিশেষ; কটোৱা বা বাটা; A small dish for porridge.

Port, port, n. পোডাপ্রম ; বন্দম ; Harbour ; haven:
—বাম ; A gate of an entrance:—নগ্য বিশেষ ,
A dark purple wine:—অভতনী ; চান ; Bearing ;
gesture:—আহাকের বাম পার্য ; A larboard or left
side of a ship:—নগপোতের কানান ছাড়িবার ছিল্ল ;
A port-hole:—v. f. আহাকের বামপার্যে রাখা ; To
put to the left side of a ship. Syn:—(n) Roadstead, anchorage; portal , embrasure ; porthole; larboard , air, mien, carriage, demeanour,
behaviour, deportment.

Portable, portabl, a. [L. portabilis, from portare, to carry ] বহুৰাল; স্থাপ ; আৰভিভ্ন ; That may be carried; capable of being carried. n = portableness. Syn:—Movable, light, handy.
Portage, portaj, n. বছৰ; Act of carrying; carriage:—বছৰৰ্জা; The price of carriage.

Portal, portal, n. 418; acquire; Any entrance, any passage way.

Portoullis, port-kulis, n. त्व वक्का त्वाचा वा नामान बाहेरक शास : होना वक्का : कुर्मत्कातलय बील कशाहे वित्यव : Sliding door to close a door-way.

Porte, port, n. कृष्क गांबाका; The Turkish government.

Portend, v. t. [L. pro, forth, and tendo, to stretch] আনিই স্চনা-ড়; ভাষী স্চনা-ড়; To betoken, to forebode; to presage. Syn:—Foreshow, foretoken, augur, pronsoticate, threaten. Portent, por'tent, n. অনকণ; ফুনকণ; পূর্ব লক্ষণ বারা আনিই স্চনা; অভক-চিছ; An evil omen. Portentous, por-tentus, a. ভাষী আনক্ষপ কৰি, প্রভাগক; অভক্তচক; ভাষী আনিইস্কক; Foreshadowing ill; ominous. ad=potentously.

Porter, porter, s. sistin; sistin; sisten; critise; A door-keeper; one who has charge of a gate:—sisting; One who carries burdens for hire:—sistin faces; A liquor. fog = porters, portress.

Porterage, porter-वां, अ. कावलदरक्य वृतिकारिक ; Charge made by a porter.

Portfolio, port-fo'lio, n. আব্যা কাৰ্যনাম বাৰিবাৰ আবাৰ; A case to keep loose papers:—স্কিবের পদ; মন্ত্ৰীর পদ; The office of a minister of state. Port-hole, port-hol, n. আহাবের কার্যান বয়; আবোক

Port-hole, port-hol, n. ৰাহাৰের ফাৰাৰ হয়; বাংলাভ ও বাহুর প্ৰনাগৰৰ ৰজ পোডপাৰ্থ ছিল; An opening in a ship's side for light and air or for pointing a gun through.

Portico, por'ti-kö, ল. বাহাপা; চাবনী; An ormamental porch with columns before a gate-way; a porch. e=porticoed. pl=porticoes, porticos.
Porticoed, s. চাবনীবিশিষ্ট; Furnished with a

portico.

Portion, por'shun, n. [L. portio, allied to pore, portis, a part] আল্পড় ; বিভাগ ; Part ; an allotment ; a divident :— গৈড়ক খব ; উত্তর্গিথারপুরে লাভ সম্পান্তির আলে ; The part of an estate descending to an heir :—প্রীবন ; বৌডুক ; A wife's fortune :—v. f. আল বিভাগ ক : আল-ফ্ ; To divide into portions ; to allot a share :—আল্পান্ত ; বৌডুক-বে ; To furnish with a portion sym:—(n) Piece, bit; division, share, lot; parcel, quantity; divident. (v) Share, divide, parcel, allot, distribute ; endow.

Portioned, a. Having a portion or endowment. Portioner, por'shun-ér, a. वर्डनकांबी ; वःनवर्डक ; One who assigns share.

Portionist, n. विशासन वित्तदित वृत्तिपात्री: One who has an academical allowance or portion.

Portionless, por shun-les, a. আংশপৃত্ত ; শৈত্ৰ-ধনপৃত্ত ; ত্ৰীধনৱহিত ; ধৌতু কহীন ; Having no portion, dowry or property.

Portly, portle, a. रूगकांत्र (सांधे , रूपकां ; Bulky ; corpulent; good-looking, n=portliness. Syn:—Stately, grand, dignified, majestic; burly, stout, obese.

Portmanteau, port-mante, n. ি porter, to carry, manteau, a mantle বিভাগ ব্যাদির পেটরা বিশেষ; পোটমেট; A bag for carrying apparel &c., on journey.

Portrait, pōr'trāt, n. মাৰব্যতিকৃতি; আলেন; চিত্ৰ; The likeness of a person:—মৰ্থনা; Description in words.

Portrait-painter, n. fores: One whose occupation or profession is to paint portraits.

Portraiture, portrat-ur, ম.চিত্ৰ-লিবৰ ; চিত্ৰাঘলী ; চিত্ৰাঘল ; বৰ্ণি ; The drawing or describing of portraits or describing in words.

Portray, por-tra, v.t. [L. pro, forth, and traho, to draw] চিত্ৰ-য়; চিত্ৰিভ-য়; বাধা-য়; To paint:—প্ৰা-য়; To describe in words. \*= portrayer (চিত্ৰণয়): Syn:—Draw, delineate, depict, figure, sketch; represent.

Pose, poz. w. f. ভাগোড়াকা-ড়; কুইপ্ৰথে হডবুছি-ড়; To puzzle; to bring to a stand:—মাণিড-ড়; বুলিড-ড়, To put:—বিশেষ ভাগভালি ধাবণ-ড়; To assume an attitute:—н. বিশেষ ভাগ; এ position; an attitude. Sym:—Perplex, embarrass, bewilder, confound, dumfounder, mystify.

Poser, poter, n. who an : कृष्टेशन ; Puzis :-

Position, po nishun, s. [L. haritio, from ponero, position, to put] অবহান; সংবিতি; Situation:—বিবঃ

Posture:—বাজিনা; Proposition: the ground taken in argument or a dispute:—সামাজিক প্রক্রাণা; মানাজিক অবহা; Place in society:—পত; চাকরা; Post. Syn:—Place, attitude; locality, post, station; thesis, assertion.

A man of position—সভাত বা পদত্য বাজি। To be in a false position—স্থিতে পড়া; সভট অবহার বাকা।

Positive, posit-iv, a. [ L. pone, to place ] " : Explicit; clear; cleariy expressed: - 475; ववार्ष ; Real ; actual :- निन्द्र ; निन्द्र ; Certain :--কুত্ৰিকৰ ; Fully assured :- বিরুপেক ; Absolute : -চুড়াছ; Decisive:--ৰচছারী; স্বনতপোৰক; নিজ-वा नवर्गवांती ; Dogmatic :- कृष् विका ; Confident : - अवक्रमार्थिया ; Opposed to relative :-ৰাকাং: Direct:—সাৰাত ; Simple :-- n. বাচা विकिष्ठ इत्न वना यात्र : That which may be affirmed :-- अवनाविक विवव ; That which is laid down :- वश्रीवंडा : यांशावा : Reality, ad=positively, ( নিক্ররেশ ; অবস্ত ) ; n = positiveness ( নিক্ররে) )। Syn: -(a) Substantial, veritable, true, absolute, express, explicit, definite, categorical; sure, assured ; peremptory, stubborn. । हिन्द् बारक । A positive quantity—(4 वानिक भूदर्स + दर्शन

In positive words—শুরাকরে ৷
Positive proof—প্রক্রমণ প্রনাণ ৷

The positive degree—বিশেষণালির বরণ ভাব।
The positive Philosophy—অবত কমটে এইডিট

दिक्कानिक पर्यन ।

Positivism, poźit-iv-izm, প. প্রভাগবাদ; বিবাত দার্শনিক কর্টে উর্ভাবিত নিন্দর্গবাদ, A system of philosophy, originated by Comte, a French philosopher, which ignoring all inquiry into causes, simply seeks to discover the laws of phenomena.

Positivist, požit-iv-ist, ম. প্রভাকবাদী; নিদর্শ-বাদী, A believer in positivism.

Possess, poz-zes', v. f. অধিকার-ড়; ব্যাস-ড়; ইউ-গড়-ড়; Have as owner; hold as master; hold:— অভিযুক্ত-ড়; To enter into an influence:—আত-ড়; জাপন-ড়; To inform:—বায়প-ড়; To seize. Syn:—Have, own, hold, occupy.

Be possessed by we will all the under the influence of (evil spirits).

Be possessed with—কোন কিছু যান। বন আৰুত্ত ক্ষমা; কোন এবল চিন্তা বা সংস্থাবে পাইপূৰ্ণ হওমা; Have one's mind filled with.

Possessed by a devil-potist !

Possessed of—কোৰ কিছু সম্পন্ন বা বিশিষ্ট; Possessing or having.

Possession, por-reshun, s. where the

ৰাজ্যাৰ; ডোগ; The act of possessing:—সপাতি; Property:—ত্ত্যাতা; ত্তাবিইতা; ত্তাবিৰ আকৰা; The state of being possessed as by an evil spirit:—অধিকৃত বড়; The thing possessed. Sym:—Ownership, proprietorship; occupancy, occupation, seizin, tenure.

Possession is nine points of the law-

বিবাৰের স্থলে কোন সভাতি কাহায়ত যথলে থাকিলে আইকে ভাষারই বতা আফ করে; Actual possession of a disputed property confers almost full legal right to it.

Take possession—গৰন-ড় : Seize :—ৰভাইডিছে ৰনোনিবেশ-ড় : Occupy one's mind entirely, by one subject of one's thoughts.

Possessive, poz-ześiv, a. wiestacatae; wiesta-75%; Pertaining to or denoting possession. ad = possessively.

Possessive case-NVANIA

Possessive pronoun-नक्कराज्य मर्जनात !

Possessor, poz-zes'or, n. বানী; অধিকারী; ভূথানী; বালিক; দ্বলিকার; Owner; proprietor; occupant.

Possessory, poz-zes'or-i, a. অধিকার স্থানীয়; অধিকার সংক্রাস্থ্য, Relating to a possessor or possession:—অধিকারবিশিষ্ট; অধিকারী; Having possession. [or acid.

Posset, n. বৃদ্ধি বিশেষ ; Milk curdled with wine Possibility, pos-i-bifi-ti, n. সভাবনা ; সভবনা বিবৰ ; সভাবিত্ৰ বিবৰ , শকাতা ; The state of being pos-ible ; that which is possible ; a contigency. Possible, pos'e-bl. a. [ L. possibilis, from pusce, to be able ] মন্তবনীয়া, সন্তব্যয় ; সাধা ; শকা ; শভাবসকত ; That may be done; not contrary to

pusce, to be able ] মন্তব্য , সন্তব্য ; সাধা; প্ৰজ; প্ৰতাব্যক্ত ; That may be done; not contrary to the nature of things; practicable. Sym:—Potential, likely, feasible.

Every possible case—নৰ্ম সম্ভবনর ; ৰতটা বছ করা বাটতে পাৰে তাহা।

If possible--সত্তৰ হইলে।

Post, post, n. [ L. postis, allied to ponere, positum, to piace ] we ; बाब ; ब्रि ; कार्डक ; An upright timber in a building; pillar :- [4] र्नि : पांड्डा : कि ; A fixed place, as a military station :- পদ ; An office :- লিপিবাহক : ভাক-श्राक्त : Quick messenger ; a letter-carrier :--डॉक ; Mail :- v. f. अकात बादा ; To fix on a post, i. e. in a public place :—বৰ্ণত: সাধারণের নিস্যভাষন-ক ; To hold up to public reproach :— छोक बदद दांबा ; डाकबदद त्यञ्जा : To put in the post office; to deposit in the post-office :- -बनियां अहात-क ; Proclaim as a coward :-- बाह्यांत ছাপৰ-ক: To station:--ৰভিয়াৰ বহিতে ভোলা: To carry as an account from the journal to ledger; to transfer to the ledger :- " ( ( ) इ : To send letters :- . i. डाक लाहार महिन ना क्षान्ति अथन-म : To travel with post horses or with speed :- edv. वि क्रिंग्स्या क्रिंगित : With great rapidity; with speed. Syn :-- (#) Pillar, column; stake; station, position, place; situation, berth; courier, letter-carrier.

At one's post-fitted fifth vite; At one's appointed or proper place.

By post-sk4 i

From pillar to post—ইডড:: To and fro.
Knight of the post—কিলা নাম দিয়া ৰে জীবিকা
দিকাৰ কৰে; One who gains his hving by false
evidence; a sharper in general. [ books.
Post up—কিলাবেৰ পুৰুষ্ণে হোৱা; Enter in account

Posted up-weiw; Made familiac with.

Bide post-water white fage-e; cripit sibil

क्षात्रम् संबद्धाः Be employed to carry des-

Travel post—কতবেৰে অগ্ৰ-কু; মধ্যে মধ্যে বোড়া বাৰিয়া সমূদ্ৰ অৰ্থ-কু; Travel with post-horses.

Postage, postaj, स. क्षेत्र वांचन ; Price for conveyance of letters.

Postal, postal, e. ভাৰণৰ সৰ্জীৰ; ভাৰবিভাগ স্থ-জীৰ; Belonging to the post-office or mail-service Post-boy, postboy, a. অধাবোহী বা প্ৰবাহৰ বালক; A boy that rides with letters.

Postcard, n. (\*\*) A stamped card on which a message may be sent by post.

Post-chase, postshaz, n. sirvitsi A carriage with four wheels for conveying travellers from one place to another.

Post-date, v. t. pos'dat, v. t. প্রভারিণ-দে; প্রকৃত ভারিণের পরবর্জী ভারিণ-দে, To date after real time. Post-day, ম. ভাকের দিন; Day when the mail comes in or goes out.

Post-diluvial, Post-diluvian, a. সুইন্দ প্রয়োক্ত নহামাবনের উত্তরকালীন , প্রদায়ের উত্তরকালীন ; Being or happening after the deluge.

Post-diluvian, n. মহামাৰ্নের পর বীবিত ব্যক্তি; One who lived after the deluge.

Posterior, pos-te're-or, a. পভাংকানীৰ; পভাং; উত্তৰ্গানীৰ; পরবর্ত্তী; পভারতী; Later; hind; hinder. n=posteriority. ad=posteriorly. Syn:— (a) Succeeding, subsequent; back, rear.

Posteriors, n. pl. জন্ম শভাৱাগ; জীবদেহের প্ৰভাৱাগছ অংশসমূহ; The hinder part of an animal.

Posterity, pos-ter'e-te, n. ভাৰীবংশ, উদ্ভৱকানীৰ লোক; প্ৰসুদ্ধবন্দ, জাভি; বংশ, Succeeding generation; a race. Syn:—Offspring, descendants, progeny.

Postern, postern, n. পিড়ৰিব বাব; ভৱাব; কুর বাব: A private entrance; a small door:—a. প্ৰাংহিত, বিড়ৰি; ভৱ; Back; private.

Postax, post-files, ন. পাৰের বাবে নাযুক্তব ; প্রভার ; An affix :— e. t. পেৰ বোগ-ড় ; প্রভার বোগ-ড় ; To add to the end of another word.

Post free, d. Stantenue

Post-haste, post-hast, n. ভাৰের সাম সহর; ক্রুডাভি; Haste in travelling like that of a post:—ad. ক্রুডাড়ে; With haste or speed.

Post-horse, posthors, n. sites (stipl); A horse for conveying travellers for hire.

Posthumous, postu-mus, a. [L. posterus, coming alter] শিতাৰ স্কুল পাছ আত ; অনুকাৰের স্কুল পাছ আকালিত ; Born after the death of either parent; published after the death of the author. ad-eposthumously ( স্কুলৰ পৰে ) ।

Postil, postil, n. acquired hat; A marginal note in Roman Catholic Church; a homily read after the gospel:—v. s. nite hat coul; To make marginal notes.

Postillion, pos-tilyun, n. অবচানক; ক্ত ; সারবি; One who guides post borse or horses in any carriage. Postman, postman, s. siwiter, visiter 1 . A. letter-carrier.

Post-mark, postmark, s. ভাৰণাৰে বোহাৰে ছাৰ :
The mark or stamp of a post-office on a letter.
Postmaster, postmas-ter, s. ভাৰণাৰে আছাৰ :
ভাৰণুখী : The manager of a post-office :-ভাৰ বাড়াৰ সম্বয়াহ্বামী : One who supplies post
horses.

Postmaster General—ভাকবিভাগের এবাৰ পর্ক-চারী; The chief officer of the post-office department.

Post-meridian, c. wysifer; Being in the Post-mortem, c. [L. post, after, and more, death ] मुखान प्रमाणित : मन्यासन : After death.

Post-natal, a. [ I.. post, after, nains, to be born ] सरवत गतकालीन ; कवासत ; After birth.

Post-nuptial, a. [L past, after, numium, to marry] বিবাহের উত্তরকাণীৰ; Being or happening after narriage.

Post-office, post-offis, n. 51448; An office for receiving and transmitting letters by post.

Post-paid, post-pad, s. বাহার ভাৰ বাজন বেজা হইয়াক, Having the pastage paid, as a letter Postpone, post-poh, v t [ L. post, after, and ponere, to place, put ] স্থান্ত-কু; বিশ্বস্কু; To

deler; to delay; adjourn.
Postponment, post-ponment, अ. चुनिक कवर ।
कांचन विनव . Temporary delay.

Post-prancial, a. [L. post, after, prandium, a repast ] প্রধান ভোজনের প্রভানীন ; After dinner. Postsoript, post'skript, n. [L post, after, and scribo, to write] প্রের প্রভানিক লিখন ; হোড়প্র ; প্রক' লখের পর হাজ নিখিতে হয় (সংকেশে P. S. নিখিতে হয়); A part added to a letter after the signature; an addition to a book after it is finished.

Post-town, post-town, n. ভাৰবাৰিশিষ্ট হাৰ; A town in which there is a post office.

Postulant, n नग्लाना, A candidate.

Postulate, postu-lat, v. f. [L. postulo, to demand—porco, to ask urgently] প্ৰমাণ বিবা ৰীকান্ত , প্ৰমাণ বাতীত বীকান করিয়া লক্ষা. (বতঃসিদ্ধ বলিয়া) ধরিয়া লক্ষা; To assume without proof ——n. বতঃসিদ্ধ যা বিবা ; প্ৰমাণ বাতিবেক বীকৃত পিছ ; জাখিতিক বীকৃত বিবা , A position assumed as self-evident; a self-evident; problem. Sym :— (n) Supposition, hypothesis, assumption, theory. Postulatory, c. বিবা নাবাৰে প্ৰকাৰী বা বৃহীত; Assuming or assumed without proof.

Posture, postur, n. [ L. positura, from ponere, to place ] sia; Situation:—wat; wat; State; condition, attitude:—watesia; wateria; Gesture:—asis; Disposition:—(velouin; watesia, The position of the body:—v t factority and, factority and, factority and, factority sind, f

Posture-master, x. One who teaches or practises artificial postures of the body.

Posy, pō'zi, ন. জোৰ , অধুনীয়ের বোষিত বাৰ্যা ; A motto , an inscription on s ring ;—পুশাৰন্য ; খুবের ভোটা , A nosegay. প্ৰত্য, flot, m. ৰাজুণাল ; A motallic vessel :--পাৰ-পাল ; সুসাপাল ; A drinking vessel ; a vessel for liquors :---ব্যৱসাল ; বলাইবার পাল ; বুড়ি ; An earthen vessel for plants :---পালের আবার ; The quantity in a plot :---ত. f. পালে রকা করিয়া রাবা ; পালে স্থাপিত-পু ; To preserve in pots.

A pot-companion—वक त्यवाद्यव देशव ।

A pot-herb-- पान भाक !

Go to pot-त्याक्षात्र वांदवा ; वांवधात हहेत्व वांका : Go to ruin.

Resp the pot boiling—নানাবারা বছ না হর অর্থাং প্রকার চার্যা চলিতে থাকে তাহারই উপনারী অর্থাহর-কু; Ram just enough to maintain one's household:—ন্তম্ব-ল্যালী জানা; Know how to cook food properly:—ভর্গুণোখণের আবস্তক ন্যাধি যোগান; Keep in comfort.

The pot calls the kettle black—Said of a person who accuses another of facults committed by himself.

Potable, c. pō'tā-bl, a. [ L. poto, to drink ] পেল; পানীয়; ভরগ; Drinkable; liquid:—n. ক্লীয়; ক্লব্য; পেল ক্লব্য; Something drinkable. n = potableness.

Potash, potash, ন. কার বিশেষ; কাইজনের কার; ব A powerful alkali obtained from the ashes of plants.

Ritrate of potash—বৰাকার। [broken pot. Potashed, ম. কপ্লপাত্তক; Fragment of a Potassium, ম. পটালের ধাতবিক মুল; The metallic base of potash.

Potation, po-tishun, n. [L. poto, to drink] জ্বেছ পরিষাণ; পানীয়; A drinking:—পান; A draught. [potatoes

Potsto, po-tato, n. will; An eatable root. pl= Pot-boy, n. A boy who takes out pots from a public house. [ large belly.

Pot-bellied, a. লবোদর; ভুঁডেল; Having a Pot-companion, pot-kom-panyun, n. পান গোন্ত হুম্বল; ৰয়াপান সহচৰ; Fellow-drinker.

Peteen, n.ৰারগভাবেশীৰ ব্যৱহা বিশেষ; Irish whisky.
Potency, po'ten-se, n. শক্তি; ক্ষতা, বন, বীৰা,
The state of being potent; power. Syn:—
Strength, might, power, energy, sway, influence, authority, control.

Potent, po'tent, a. [ L. potens, ppr. of posse, to be able ] বলবান; বলিট; ক্ষতাগত্ত; মহাপ্রভাবলানী; Strong; powerful. n—potency, potentness. ad—potently ( বাৰণভাবে ) । Syn:—Mighty, puissant, able, efficient, forcible, efficacious, cogent, influential.

[ A prince; a sovereign.

Potentate, po'ten-tat, n. নরপত্তি: রাষা; সমাই;
Potential, po-teńshal, a. ক্রেলারক; কাষ্যকা;

Efficacious:—সম্বাবনাস্থেক; বাষ্যতাস্থেক; সম্বাবনীয়;

Existing in possibility or obligation; possible; not in reality. n=potentiality ( প্রাত্তা) । ad—potentially ( সম্বত্তা)

Potentiate, v. t. কাৰ্যক্ষ-কু; To render active.

Pother, pother, n. ব্ৰিয়াক-কু; To cloud of dust:—
কোনাৰ্ন; বোলনাল, হাৰামা; Bustle; stirs; confusion:—v. t. বিয়ম-কু; কজ-কু; To puzzle; to harms, to perplex; to tease:—v. i. বোলনাল-কু;
To make a pother,

Potherb, s. 414; An herb.

Pothook, স. অধিৰ উপৰ পাঞাৰি ৰূপাইবাৰ কীলক; A hook on which pots are hung over the fire: —হিৰিবিভি গেখা; A scrawled letter.

Pot-house, pothows, n. efewtys; An ale-house; a low drinking house.

Potion, ps'shun, n. (L. poto, to drink ) was a start : A liquid medicine.

Pot-luck, pofluk, স. বৈশাৎ কর ভোজন ; ভারা-লত্ত ভোজন সামনী ; ভোজনার্থ বাহা কিছু আটারা উঠে ; A familiar term for taking chance for what may be for dinner, without a formal invitation. Potmetal, স. এক প্রকার কাসা।

Pottage, potsi, s. বাজৰ বিশেষ; পূপ বিশেষ; A thick soup of meat and vegetables,

Potter, poter, n. মুক্লার; One whose occupation is to make pots:—n. i. সাবাদ্ধ বিষয়ে বাদ ইয়া বেড়ান; To be busily engaged about trifles. n = potterer.

Pottery, poteri, স. বুংগালসমূহ; মুগরগাল; Earthenware pots or vessels:—কুল্পারগালা; মুন্তকারের কারবানা; A place where pots are manufactured. Pottle, potl, ম. ভরল ক্রোর গরিমাণ বিশেষ; A measure of four points:—কুলি; কলের চুমনি; A small basket for fruit. [ geous from drink. Pot-valiant, ৫. মণ্ডান করিয়া সাহনী; Coura-Potwalloper, ম. ইলেকের মন্তানা বিশেষ; A voter in certain boroughs in England.

Pouch, powch, n. ছোট খলি; A small bag:—
নাবদেহৰ খলি, কৰন খলি; The bag or sack of an
animal:—v. t. খলিতে নাখা; খলিব ভিতৰ নাখা; Te
put into a pouch.

[ fowl.
Poult, poit, n. কুছট খাবক; Chicken; a little
Poulterer, n. কুছটাৰিব প্ৰিয়োজন : প্ৰিয়োজনী

Poulterer, স. কুকুটাবির প্রতিপালক; পক্ষিব্যবদারী, One who deals in fowls.

Poultice, politis, n. প্ৰতিদ্, আৰেণ; Application for sores:—v. t. প্ৰ্তিদ্-বে; প্ৰ্তিদ্ লাগাৰ; To dress with a poultice. [Domestic fowls. Poultry, politri, n. কুকুটাদি গৃহণানিত পকী; Pounce, powns, n. দিকালী পক্ষীর বাবা; ক্বনিকা; The claw or talon of a bird of prey:—v. f. কো নালা; কো নালিল বলা; সহসা বেকে বাবিড-হ; To fall and seize with the claws; dart suddenly; fall suddenly;

Pound. \*. ( गाउँ ) वर्दमंत्र : Weight of 12 oz troy or 16 oz avoirdupois :-- र- निविद् बृत्वाद A sovereign or 20s :- calling; Pen for strayed cattle, an inclosure for strayed animals: -- v. f. (बीबास वर्ष- र ; To shut up or confine as strayed animals :- 51-7; To pulverise; to bruise -- wivis-#; To beat. #-pounder. Sym: -(v) Beat, bray; bruise, triturate. [agreement. Pound of flosh-The exact terms of the Poundage, powndaj, n. (बीबाएड बाबिबाब छाड़ा : বৌহাড়ের মাহল : A charge or fee for stray cattle :-- affe नार्केटक (पत्र पूर्व ; Rate per pound sterling; a sum charged for each pound to f or beater. throw with force, Pounder, n. पूर्व वड ; श्वानिष्ठि ; व्यक्त ; A pestie Pound-foolish, e. 18 744; Neglecting the care of large sums in looking after small ones, Pour, por, v. t. ब्रवादिक-इ; क्राना ; निरक्त-इ.

To cause to flow; to send forth:—ক. i. ম্পা; লিপড-হ; বহিপড-হ; To flow; to issue forth:— বেল থাখিত-হ; To rush.

It never rains but it pours—প্ৰচুৰ পৰিমাণে আইলা; অধিআন বৃষ্টিৰ ভাৰ আইলে; Whenever it rains, it rains in abundance; comes in profusion.

Pour oil on the troubled waters—fair

sun 7: To quiet a disturbed condition of
affairs: to heal dissensions.

Pour out the vials of one's wrath-(Fit

Pour water on a drowned mouse—মচার উপর বাঁডার বা . কাটা বাবে সুনের ছিটে।

Pourtray-Same as Portray.

Pout, powt, v. t. টোট কুলান; বিন্তিকাৰ পেৰান; To put or put out lips in contempt or displeasure; to look sulky; to protrude:—n. বিউৰিটে আৰ, বিন্তিকাৰ; বোবাবেশ; A fit of sullenness.

Pouter, ম. বে টোট কুলাব; One who pouts:-

Pouting, powting, n. Gers, 体管 東村; Childish sullenness.

Poutingly, ad. fasteria; In a sullen manner. Poverty, pover-te, n [ I. paupertas, from pauper, poor ] well; wifast, waster, Want, meanness; indigence:—(418; Defect. Syn.—Indigence, penury, beggary, necessity, pauperism, need, tack, scantiness, sparingness, meagreness, iciuneness.

Poverty-struck, Poverty-striker—ৰতি ব্যৱস্থা দেৱৰৰ, ভাৰাতীৰ, Very destitute in

Powder, pow'der, ক. ভুঁড়া; কল চুৰ্ব, Any substance in fine particles:—বাক্ক, Gun-powder, — চুক্ত সাধাইবাৰ ভুঁড়া, Hair-powder:—ত. ঃ চুৰ্বা-কৃত-ই; চুৰ্ব-ই; To crumble into powder, to become powder:—ত. t. চুৰ্বাকৃত-ই, ভূড়া-কৃ, To reduce to powder:—ত্বান্ত-ই, To ralt.

Powder and shot—Material for charging a gun for one shot — কোন কিছু আহিব কল ৫২ই; পরিকাম ও আৰ্থ ব্যৱ; The cost of obtaining any result.

Powdered, a চুণীকৃত . Reduced to powder :--Sprinkled with powder :-- লবণাক্ত , Salted

Powdery, powder-1, a. हुर्नद, सहावद, Recembling or sprinkled with powder :-- श्रानद , Dusty :-- हुर्नद ; Friable.

Power, pow'er, ম. [ pouvoir, from, L. prsse, to be able ] কাৰ্য্য সম্পাদনের কমতা; পজি, Ability to act; ability to do something; capacity '—কর্ত্য, Agency:—সামন; Sway —অভাব . Authority — বল; পজি; Strength:—কাৰ্যকৰণ শক্তি, কৰ চালাটনাৰ পজি; Moving force of an engine:—বেগ, Momentum:—মালা, Soverei্ন:—বামন্ত ; Commonwealth or estate — নৈত্ৰকণ, Military force—নীৰ্; সামৰ্থ্য; Energy —মানসিক পজি, Faculty of the mind:—সক্ৰ-ক্ষমতা; Magnifying strength:—গণিতের পজি ( খাত ); The product of the continued multiplication of a quantity by itself any given number of times. Syn:—Might, force, strength, ability, competency, efficiency,

cogency, efficacy; faculty, gift, talent, todowment; rule, sway, control, authority, dominion, command, influence; ruler, governou, monarch, potentate; host, troop, army.

As far it lies in one's power - रहाकार । Balance of power - या नाम ।

Horse power An expression to denote the power of a steam engine—that is, how many horse's work it will accomplish

In power-147; In office.

Power of attorney—ciwis aim; Authority to act for another

Superhuman power—ইপিৰ শক্তি!

The powers that be—শাসকর্বা; কর্মান ; নার্যান সের হাতে আগভিত: কর্ম্ম আছে; The rulers for the time being; superhuman agents—those who for the time being are in power or hold high offices in state.

To be under the power of another—"Kas
To bring under one's power—"kas-71

Powerful, pow'er-fool, a. বৰণাৰী; কৰতাৰৰ; শতিনাৰ; কৰতাৰাৰ, Full of power; mighty; strong:—অধিক: Inten-e:—কলমদ; কাৰ্যকর; Forcible; efficacious. ad=powerfully. n=powerfulness. Syn:—Potent, puissant, active, energetic; able-bodied, robust, vigorous; cogent, efficacious, valid.

Powerful argument—अवन युक्ति ।

Powerless, pow'er-ics. a. হুৰ্কাৰ, অকন; পজিকীন;
ক্ষতাহীন অনমৰ্থ, Weak; impotent. ad -- power-ics-iv. n=powerlessness. [worked by steam.
Powerloom, n. ৰাণা বারা চালিড ডালার ব্যঃ,
Printing press worked by steam.

Pox. poks, n. বসতু, জণ; কেটিক, ভট, Postules; an eruptive disease.

Chicken Pox-नानि कार ।

Small Pox-रेक्श वन्तर ।

Pow-wow, n बाइनत: Wizard:-मृजा वित्नत: An Indian dance -- बाइनिही, Somery

Practicability, n. नावाद ; मावाठा ; मावादिकां ; मावादि

Practicable, prokte-ka-bl, a. সাধা, বাৰহাৰা; মন্ত্ৰবা , I hat may be done; that may be used or followed —বাৰহাৰা , সত্ৰ ; Useful. adm practicably, n=practicability. Syn:—Possible, fr i ble, performable, attainable, achievable.

Practical, praktik-al, a. (G. praktikos, fit for doing) কাৰ্যকৰ; কাৰ্যাপ্ৰাৰী; That can be put in practice; not theoretical:—কিছ; বিভাগন প্ৰায় , Relating to life and practice. n=practicalness. ed=practically (কাৰ্যত:, বাৰ্যাৰত:)! Syn:—Serviceable; experienced, skilled, proficient; trained, accomplished

Practical joke—কার্য বারা কৃত পরিবাদ; কার্যেই ভাষাধা; কারের ভাষাধা; Joke done to personal unjury or annoyance; a trick played that hunts or tends to hurt the body.

Practical knowledge - বাজৰ বা কৰ্যাৱিক আৰু; বে অভিজ্ঞতা ৰুত্তে ক্লমে বাভ করা বহু ৮ Precion man with one on aged in the exercise of his business.

Practice, praktis, w. [G. praksis, from prass sein, to do ] आधान ; श्वाश्वा वायकात ; The habit of doing anything ; costomary use :- नन्तावन ; লাখন; Performance:--প্ৰণালী; পদ্ভতি; Method: -हिक्किना; Medical treatment:-नामनाव निकासन ; Exercise of any profession :-- नारक्षिक निरम ; বেরেলি নিয়ন ; A rule in Arithmetic :--আচার ; Custom. Syn :- Custom, habit, wont; use, usage; exercise, application.

Bad practices - 4741574 !

Be out of practice—werta at atal; Not to have practised any art or accomplishment for one's acts. sometime. In practice-with: with se : Practically ; in Practise, praktis, v. t. जून: जून:-कृ ; निडा-कृ ; To

do habitually :-- निकान-कः कान नावना कानानः To exercise, as a profession :- निमान-म ; To perform :-- बाबबाब-इ : To use or exercise :--च. i. अडाइ-ह ; To have or to form a habit :-কোৰ কাৰ্য- ; To exercise any employment or profession :--(क)नत-क : हानाकि-क : To try artifices. n = practiser. Syn :- Apply, pursue.

Practise law - डिकि'त-क : आहेन वानना ह । Practise upon or on-मानव देलद कारी-7: কোন মনের ভাষ উন্দীপিত-ক : উন্দিছ-ক : Work upon a man's feeling :-- ফিকির কবি কবিছা ভুলান; Use artifices on.

To practise deception—প্রভাবণা-কৃ। Practitioner, prak-tishun-er, n. वादमादी : One who is engaged in the exercise of any profession, esp, medicine or law.

Legal practitioner—ज्ञानाकीन : केनेल। Medical practitioner—देका, हिक्स्तक।

Praemunire, n. हे:लाइत देवायिक अहि ममानतामव অপরাধ; ঐ অপরাধের দলিল; তাহার বিহিত দও; The offence of introducing foreign authority into England; the writ grounded on such an offence; the penalty a-cribed for the offence.

Practor, pretor, n. नामनकता; आहीन तारवड जान-#451/4 farm. In ancient Rome, a civil officer [ मचको इ । next in rank to the consuls. Praetorial, pre-trom-al, a. alba-n: min. fapia

Practorian-Pertaining to Practor, judicial. Praetorian hands, guards or cohorts-

In anc. Rome, house-hold troops; the bodyguards of the emperor of Rome.

Praetorium, n. दागोत क्षीहेत वा क्षाप्त्रनिक नामम-করার আবাস; The residence of the Romans praetor.

prag-matik, Pragmatical. Pragmatio. prag-mat'ık-al, a. अनिषकाद इक्राकाती ; शक्तिन ; bini ; ₹2; Meddling; impertmently busy or officious; officious; overactive; meddlesome. ad - pregmatically.

Pragmatic sanction, n. ময়সভাকর্ক অবুযোগিত बालाव डिक्टि वा अनुका; A solemn order or decree of a sovereign promulgated by the advice of his council.

Prairie, pri'ri, n. [ L. pratum. a meadow ] শানেরিকার বিভাগ প্রণাক্ষাণিত ছবি , বুক্ষরীস প্রশন্ত যাঠ : In North America, an open and slightly-un dulating grassy plain of vast extent.

Praise, praj. n. erent; et; els; Comme dation; a glorifying :- v. t. approp ; wa-4; ৰতি-ড়; ভণগান-ড়; ভজি-ড়; To commend; to glorify; to honour. Syn:-(x) Approval, approbation, encomium, culogy, laudation, panegyric, plaudit, applause, acclaim, eclat, honour, renown; homage, worship. (v) Applaud, laud. eulogize; glorify, magnify, extol, worship.

Praiseworthy, praiwur-thi, a. दान्त्रनीय : वाना-সার্ছ; Commendable. #=praiseworthiness.

Prance, prans, c. i. 44-(4; To bound gaily : as a horse :--সবেশে লক্ষ্ দেওৱা ; To spring :--माइयरत (योक्रीय प्रक्रिया योख्या ; To ride ostentestiously.

Prandial, s. [ L. prandium, a repast ] cota-মকোৰ ; Relating to a repast.

Prank, prangk, v. t. CHIST : To display or adorn showily :-- स. कीला ; क्लिक ; A sportive action; olay ; frolic :- (कोनव ; जामांत्रा ; A joke. Sym :- (w) Gambol, freak, trick.

To play prank-ভট নহামি-ড ; ভামানা-ড । Prankish, prangkish, a. क्रीड्राक्क्य ; Full of pranks.

Prate, prat, n. नितर्वक कथा ; Triffing talk :- . f. धानवंक कथा कर्रा ; कवाना-कु ; धानन छानन वका ; To talk idly :- v. t. अनर्थक कथा कहा ; To speak without meaning. Syn: -(v) Tattle, babble, [ who talks idly. chatter, prattle, gossip. Prater, praver, n. अनर्बक बहुकारी ; अबक ; One Prating, a. 341 444 . Talking idly or unmeaningly :- n. 34 44 , Idle talk.

Prattle, prati, v. i. कहना-क , नितर्शक कथा कहा ; To talk much and idly :-- त. दुश वाका ; अनश्क वहन ; Babbles. Empty talk.

Prattler, pratier, त. बतांक ; नांठांत ; नहांती ; Prawn, prawn, m. fowls att; A small crustacean allied to the shrimp.

Praxis, n. जातात : अन्नीपनार्व डेवांस्डव ; Practice ; an example for exercise.

Pray, pra, v. i. वार्षना-कृ : राक्का-कृ : पद्चत-कृ : То entreat; to ask earnestly:-- खब-कृ; अवस्त्रव निकछ আখনা-ক: আরাগনা-ক. To petition or address God :-- v. t. आर्थना-कृ : चरवाडि चाडा अवकृत-कृ ; To ask carnestly and reverently as in worship; to supplicate; to move by prayer. #= prayer. Syn :- Supplicate, beg, implore, beseech, petition, solicit, crave, adjure, invoke.

I pray-নিবেদন করি ওনিতে আজা হউক। Praver, práer, n. [L. precari, to pray] आईमा ; वर , A solemn address to God :-- राक्ष्म ; Act of praying or of asking a favour. Syn :-

Petition, supplication, entreaty, suit, request; orison, devotions.

A prayer book--आईना-१उक ।

Prayerful, prar'fool, c. नृजांत तक ; आर्यनामुत्रक : हेशामबाब्द : Devotional ; given to prayer. adprayerfully, n = prayerfulness.

Prayerless, prar'les, s. আর্থনাপুত্ত ; উপাসনাপুত্ত ; Not using prayer, ad-prayerlessly, #prayerlessness.

Exactlection for—(কাৰ দিকে টান্; A liking for. Pradiapose, pre-dis-pos, v. t. পূৰ্বা হটাত অগৃতি অবান; পূৰ্বা হটতে ৰত বা অগৃতি কয়া; To incline beforehand. seepredisposition (অগৃতি, পূৰ্বা-অবাৰতা)।

Predisposition, s. পূৰ্ম অল্ডা বা অনৃতি; Pre-

viously inclination or propensity.

Predominance, pre-domin-ans, Predomimancy, pre-domin-an-si, এ. অপুণাড়া ; ভোডা ; আধ্যে : Superiority ; ascendency.

Predominant, pre-doman-ant, a. প্ৰথম ; প্ৰথম ; প্ৰথম ; Ruling ; prevailing ; ascendant. ad = predominantly. Sym :—Prevailing, ruling. reigning, controlling.

Predominate, pre-domin-āt, e. t. প্রভূম-ড়; শাসন-ড়; To rule over :—e. i. প্রাগ্রন্থত-ড়; To be dominant over :—প্রেটজনড়; নগবান-ড়; To be superior :—প্রেম-ড়; প্রচনিড-ড়; To prevail.

Pro-eminence, pre-emi-nens, n. আখাছ; কোতা; অবাধ্যতা; Superiority in excellence.

Pro-eminent, pre-emi-nent, a. [L. prae, before, and eminens, standing out] আমান; আমান; আমান; আজা; আমান; superior, suprema, paramount, chief.

Pre-emption, pre-emshun, n. [L. prac. hefore, emptio, a buying] আছেব পূৰ্ব কৰ বিবাৰ অধিকাৰ; Right of purchasing before others.

Preen, e. f. कहाईस नावान; To dress up and arrange as birds do their feathers,

**Pro-emgage**, prē-en-gāj, v. t. প্রেট নিয়েজিড-কু; পূর্ব ইইডে অধিকৃত-হ; To engage beforthand. a pre-engagement (পূর্বা-নিয়েখ)।

Pro-establish, v. t. পুর্ক ফটতে খালিত বা প্রতিষ্ঠিত-কৃ; To establish beforehand. n = pre-establishment.

Preexist, pre-egz-ist, o. i. পূৰ্ব্বে বৰ্তমান থাকা . To exist beforehand. n = preexistence (প্ৰধানখিতি)।
Preexistent, pre-egz-istent, c. পূৰ্ব হইডে বৰ্তমান; Rxisting beforehand.

Preface, prefas, n. [L. praefatio—praefari, to say beforehand] উপক্রমণিকা; মুবৰজ; ভূমিকা; অভাবনা; The introduction to a book:—v.i. ভূমিকা-কৃ; অভাবনা-কৃ; মুবৰজ-কৃ, To introduce by preliminary remarks. Syn.—(n) Introduction, preamble, proem, prelude, prologue.

Profatory, prefa-tor-e, a. ভূমিৰা সামাত , ব্ৰবৰ-স্বভাত , Introductory. Syn —Preinmmary, proemial, prebusive, precursory.

Profect, pre'iekt, n. ( L. prae, over, faceo, to make, to place ] শাসনকৰ্তা, আনিবাৰক; কৰ্তা; A commander; a governor, especially of a province in France.

Profecture, Profectship, ন. বাসন্তর্গার বাং বা অধিকার; The office or jurisdiction of a prefect.

Presser, preser, v. t. [L. pres, before, and forre, to bear or carry] পছল-ক; মনোনীত-কৃ, To choose, to select: — উন্নীত-কৃ; To advance; to exait; to promote:—নিম্নোন-কৃ; To offer, to address:—ৰম্ভ আনকা সমান-কৃ; আপকাঞ্চ আনম-কৃ; To esteers above another:—কিমানাৰ ক্ৰিয়ানৰ ক্ৰ

পো-ড়: To present for decision. Sym :- ভারতে ;
present , raise, exalt.

Profer a charge—wettin-\$ 1

Prefer a claim-vife-y

Profer to—একাৰ বা এক বন্ধ আপোৰা আৰু ব্যক্তিক বা বিবন্ধ অধিক ভালবানা : Have a greater liking for (one person or thing) than (another) ; esteem one person or thing above another.

Profesable, pret'ér-a-bl, a. আপেনারত ভাল;
আধিকতর বাহুনীর; আগতনীর; More desirable, more
excellent. ad - preferably, n - preferableness.

Preference, pref'er-ens, ম. অভিনতি: অভুরাব: মনোন্মন; Choice. liking; higher estimation. a-preferential. Syn:—Selection, predilection. In preference to—কিছুম চেন্নে ভাল মনে ক্রিয়া; As being in one's estimation more desirable or better than.

Proferential, a. স্বিশেষ আগর্মীয় ; উচ্চতর সন্মান-শালী ; Having a preference.

Preferment, pre-ier'ment, n. প্ৰেরন্তি; তেওঁতর প্ৰথমবাদা; Promotion: superior place:—বৃত্তি; An ecclesiastical benefice.

Profigurative, pre-fig'd-ra-tiv, s. পূৰ্ব প্ৰতিকৃতি বা সামূপ্ত বাৰা প্ৰদৰ্শ, গ্ৰহণানী, Showing by previous figures, types or similatedes.

Profigure, pre-fig'ii. ত t প্ৰক প্ৰতিকৃতি বা সাধ্য ৰাষা প্ৰথম ক : লক্ষ্য বা চিক্ ৰাষা প্ৰকা প্ৰদৰ্শন ক : To suggest by previous representation or by type . to announce. n = prefigurement, prefiguration. Syn — Foreshadow, betoken, foreshow, signify, typify.

Prefix, pre-fike', v. t. পূৰ্বে বোগ-কৃ, আৰিতে নজি-বিষ্ট-কৃ; পূৰ্বে নগু বা বৃঞ্জ-কৃ; To fix or put before or at the beginning —n. উপনৰ্গ; উপপাদ; A letter, syllable or word fixed or put at the beginning of another word.

Prognancy, preg'nan-si, n বৰ্চাৰহা; অৱনেছা-বহা. State of being pregnant or with young .— আন্ধাৰৰ ব্যৱশাস্তি. Unusual capacity:—উপনিতা, Fertility. ad=pregnantly.

Program, preg'nant, a. [L. pras, before, and genere, to beget ] গঠনতী; Big with child.— কলপুণী; Fruntial—কৰ্মপূৰ্ণ; কৰ্মায়ক; Full of sign he mee:—প্ৰিপ্ৰ'; Teeming:—উপ্ৰেক্ষ; Inventive.—আৰামণ; Promising. ad-pregnantly.

Prognant with—ভিত্তত পরিপূর্ব ; Full of ; filled Prognant with colostial fire—পরীয় উৎসাহে গরিপূর্ব ; Full of heavenly enthusiasm.

Prehensible, pre-hensi-bl, a. বাহা যুত করা বাছ; ব্যার্থবোল; That may be seized or taken in the hand.

Prohensile, pre-hensi. a. [L. prehendo, to scize] গ্রহণাপবাদী: ধারণকম; ধরিবার; ধারণকারী; Seizing; grasping; adapted for seizing or holding.

[A seizing or taking hold.

Prohension, pre-henshun, ম. মৃত ক্ষমণ, ধারণ.

Pro-historic, pre'his-tor'ık, a. ইভিয়নের পূৰ্ম-কানান, Relating to a গালেৰ before that treated of in history.

dress :-- वह वर्षणा जन्नान-ङ ; वर्षणकाकृष वानभ-क ; Projuctee, pro-juj, ए. र. द्वितात गुर्स विहाद-ङ ; To esteers above another :-- विहास केनष्टिक स । ना द्विता विहाद-ङ ; द्वितात गुर्सिक सेनारान-ङ ; Te decide upon before hearing the whole case; to condemn unheard. == prejudgment.

Prejudicate, pre-joo'di-kat v. t. [ L. pras, before, and judico, to judge | fastcan gran fafa-क ; जबुरम जो खिनमा विहास निन्नाडि-क : To prejudge ; to judge beforehand :- v. i. পরীকা না করিয়া fifti-F; To decide without examination. == prejudicution (विहासक मृत्यं निर्वत )।

Prejudicative, pre-joo'di-kat-iv, a. ना कनिया विहात-निर्णालकाती: Forming a judgment or opi-

nion before hand.

Prejudice, prefu-dis, n. [ L. prae, before, and judicium, judgment ] কুসংখার : পক্পাত : টান : Unfair predilection for or against something; bias :-- বিধেষ ; Dislike : - স্বলিষ্ট : কতি ; Injury ; mischief ; hurt :-- पूर्कतःवात ; पूर्वश्वता ; Opinion formed without due examination, prejudgment -- 0. 1. श्रेत माशात्त्र विषठ वृक्ष्या : कमायात्रा-ষিত ক , প্ৰপাতী ক ; To prepossess ; to bias the mind of .- Af : 48-4 : To injure or hurt. Syn : -(n) Picjudgment, preposession, predisposition , harm, detriment, disadvantage. (v) Predispose, bias, warp; injure, harm, damage, Lant.

Projudice (one ) against (another )-Figite 분기 5기 . 사용사회 회장 지수를 : Blas a man against (another by of mions formed without examination ).

To the projudice of-কাহারও বা কোন কিছুর शास का ने देव ; Injurious or determined to the interests of : - # !# 13 9 (1704 ; Against one.

Projudiced, p. a. 42 714 781

Prejudicial, pre-jJ-dishil, a. afigen; किन्त. श्रविद्यास ; यन्यानक ; य्यान्य कात्रक ; श्रविद्यास , Disadvantageous; injunous; mi chievous; tending to obstruct. adeprejudicially.

Projudicial to—(कार्यक क्षित्र, हेरे. बाहा बा कीनन अवरक ) कनिहेमनक ; Injunous to one's in-

terest, character, health, or life.

Prolocy, prefa-si, n. stere wishers of al व्यक्तित , अथान प्रयोगात्मत नव वा नवामा , उळ टार्नत বাচৰ সভাৰায়, Episcopacy, the order of bishops or the bishops collectively.

Prelate, prefat, a. [ L. prae, before, and latus, borne ] अवान वर्षातारा ; फेल्स्ट्रावित वाक्क , Bishop ; a church dignitary. \*=prelateship.

Prelatic, pre-latik, Prelatical, pre-latik-al, a. अथाव चारुरेश मध्योद ; वदावाक नामन-मःकाव ; Pertaining to prelates or prelacy.

Prolatist, prolat-ist, n. अशान वाहावाड प्रवर्शनकावी ; বোলেট-শাসনের অপুরাগী: An upholder of prelacy. Prelect, pre-lekt, v. i. [ L. prae, before, and lego, lectum, to read ] প্ৰক পাঠ-তু; ৰজ্তা-তু, To lecture; to read a discourse.

Protection, n. नागाजर्गन नमान गरिंड आवस : A discourse read in public.

Prelector, n. 2347134 , 481 . A lecturer. Prelibation, n. Thirty, Foretaste,

Preliminary, pre-limin-ar-e, a. [ L. prae, before, limen, liminis, threshold, entrance] पूर्तः आधिकः आध्यकः कृतिकाषक्षणः बानुकेतिकः 

प्रता : कृतिका : गुर्कावकी निवद : बनुक्यनिका : Introduction. Syn: - Prefatory, precursive, prelusory, initiatory, previous, prior, precedent.

Prolude, profud, n. [ L. prac, before, and ludus, play] अवारता; अधिम अस्तिय ; A short গৌরচন্ত্রিকা; প্রানকণ; A preface; a forerunner: -v. f. पूर्वः एवना-क : पूर्व अञ्चारना-क : वृश्यक-क : To play before; to precede, as an introduction. Syn :- (n) Introduction, preliminary, prologue. Prolusivo, pre-lū'siv, a. প্রসাননাবরূপ; ভ্রিকা-

Premature, prema-tur, a. [ L. pras, before, and meturus, ripe ] অভাৰণ্ড; অসাম্বিক; অপা-মাপিক; Happening before the proper time; unauthenticated, as a report. n=prematureness, prematurity, ed=prematurely. Syn:-Precocious, predeveloped, untimely, early.

Premoditate, pre-medi-tat, v. t. [ L. prae, before, mediter, to meditate ] MIRF ATR-F: भूरक्रे रिखा कविश दिव-इ : To design previously : -v. i. पूर्व शेरक विजा- क ; To deliberate belore hand. n-premeditation ( পুরা-বল্প )।

Premoditated, a. नुक्त त्रःकृति : नुक्त दित्रीकृष्ठ । Premier, piemyer a. [ L. primus, first ] ग्रथम ; त्रशन ; त्या ; First , chief .- n. दालमधी ; ख्यान महिन ; The prime minister. n=permiership. Premise, pre-miz', v. t. পুর্বেই প্রসায়-র ; ব্রন্-कः To make an introduction :-- প्रविशे वर्द-ৰানের বন্ধ প্রতিক্রা উপস্থিত-কু; l'o lay down propositions :- n. 4(5%); देनाइतन वा उननव ; कर्क-नाइत्र अवृति , A first or antecedent proposition ; one of the first two propositions of a syllogism from which the conclusion drawn.

Premises, n. গৃহ ও ভংগংগর ভুগারি; Building and its adjuncts.

Promium, pre'me-um, n. भुवकांत्र ; शांतिकांदिक ; A reward, a recompense; prize: - छाडी; रवाड ; A payment for a loan :- विमा कवगार्व अवस्तुक्तिका : Payment made for insurance :- वानमात्र निविनात्र क्ष बारक विक्या ; Bounty or incentive. Syn :--Bonus, boon.

At a premium-sti Fita: At a sum above the par value, obta nable at an increased value. Give a premium to—त्कान दिहुद डेदगाइ (नेड्रा) : Encourage.

Hold a premium - देश्नाई-एन ; Encourage.

Put B premium - नव हडावेडा-त्न ; Raise the value of; set on something a value higher than the real salue .- 874 राजादेश (प्रशा. Encourage

Premonish, pre-monish, v. t. পুরু হউতে সভর্কbeforehand. n=premonition क: 10 " irn ( #45-7" P(F) ) 1

Promonitive, pre-monit-iv, Premonitory, pre-monit-or i, a. मुड्बारी ; मुन्साक्ष्म-अवाहक ; Giving warning or notice beforehand, adpremonitorily.

Premonitor, pre-mohit-or, n. পূর্ব হাতে সভক-कांबक; नडक्काती : One who or that which gives warning beforehand.

Pre-occupancy, pre-oku-pan si, s. Talifala;

ক্ষতেৰ পূৰ্বে অধিকাৰ কৰণ বা ভাষাৰ পৰ ; The act or the right of occupying beforehand.

Pre-occupy, pre-oku-pi, v. t. অতের প্রে অধিকার-মৃ: To take possession beforehand:---পুর হুটার এক প্রেশ্বত-মৃ: To prepossess. সঞ্জ pre-occupation (পুরাধিকার)!

Pre-ordain, pre-or-dan, v. t. প্র হয়তে দিন-ড়: প্র হয়তে নির্মানত-ড়; To ordain or appoint beforehand. w=preordination.

Preparation, prep-ar-ashun. ম. প্ৰত করণ, আন্তোহন; উল্লেখ : প্ৰত বিষয় : The state of bring prepared or got ready:—পূর্বে স্থোবন : Previous arrangement.

Preparative, pre-par'a-tiv, s. আংলাকন; অন্তড়-কারী; প্রস্তুত্ত করণে বা ২৩নে অনুক্র; উপবোদীকারী; Having the power of preparing or making ready:—s. বাহা প্রস্তুত করে; That which prepares; preparation.

Proparatory, pre-par'a-tor-i, a. প্ৰভতনারী; সূৰ্ববৰ্তী; প্ৰাথবিক; Preparing for; previous, introductory.

Propared, pre-pard, a. প্রস্তুত্ব; ভৈষ্টির; Made ready; ready. n∞oreparedness, admoreparedly Pro-paid, a. পূর্বে হয়; দত্তক, বাহার মাতন প্রেই ধেতা হয়গছে; Paud before-hand.

Prepay, pre-pá, v.t. আগ্রন-দে; অরে প্রদান-দৃ; To pay in advance. n=prepayment (অপ্রেপ্রনা); Pre-pense, pre-pens, a. পুরে বিবেচিত; পরেই চিকিত; ইজ্যুক্ত; Premeditated; intentional; deliberate; aforethought. ad=prepensely.

Preponderant, pre-pondér-ant, a অধিকভারী, ভাৰতার; থাবল; ক্ষতা বা প্রভাবে শেউডর. Outweighing; superior in weight, power or influence. ad=preponderantly n=preponderance.
Preponderate, prepondér-at, v. t. [ L. prac. before, pondero, to weigh ] অধিক ভারী-কৃ. জারে ভারতা-কৃ: বুলিয়া পড়া; To outweigh — মানা-ফৃ. To excred in power or influence. n=preponderation.

Preponderate over—esta বেৰী হবলা; একটাঃ অংশৰা আৰু একটা অধিক হবলা; Outweigh, exceed. Preposition, prep-o-zishim, n. [L. prac, before, pana, passium, to place or put] উপাৰ্থ, অব্যাহণাৰ, A word or parts of speech expressing the relation between objects and governing a case. exprepositional, adapterpositionally.

Proposess, pre-poz-red, e. t. পূৰ্ণা অধিকার-ড়; প্ৰপাতী-ড়; To pre-occupy; to bias or prejudice. Be proposessed in favour of—অপুকৃষ্টিত হলা; Be favourably inclined towards.

Pro-possessing, pre-poz-zesing, a. ক্ষুম্বারী;
ক্রাণাক্ত ; চিত্তাক্পাকারী ; Tending to propossess in one's favour ; charming ; attractive.
Syn:—Engaging, taking, attractive, winning ,
captivating ; fascinating ; amiable.

Pre-possession, pre-pos-seshun, #. পূর্ব সংখ্যাঃ (খাড়: Pre-conceived opinion or impression; pre-occupation.

Pro-posterous, pre-poster-us, c. [L. pras, before, and posterus, coming after] unue: unue; ferdie: ute: us; Absurd; wrong; foolish; monstrous, supre-posterousness, admirational, ridiculous; reversed, inverted, perverted.

Prorogative, pre-rog'a-tiv, n. বিশেষ অধিকার; বিশেষ কমভা; The exclusive or peculiar privilege; right : immunity.

Presage, preśaj, v. i. [L. prae, before, sagire, to perceive acutely] পূৰ্ব প্ৰচনা-কু; পূৰ্ব প্ৰকণ প্ৰদৰ্শন-কু; ভবিষ্য বিষয় বলা; To forebode; to prophesy, to predict —n. ভভাত্ত কৰণ; পূৰ্ব প্ৰকণ; পূৰ্ব প্ৰকণ; পূৰ্ব প্ৰকণ; পূৰ্ব প্ৰকণ; পূৰ্ব প্ৰকণ; পূৰ্ব প্ৰকা; A foreboding, presentiment; omen; prognostic. a=presageful n=presager. Syn:—(w) Predict, betoken, foretell; foreknow, foresee.

[Long sightedness.
Presbyopia, pres-bi-উpi-a, n. ব্যক্ত বোধ; প্ৰতিষ্
স্বাজ) প্ৰচিন ব্যক্তি, A priest or minister, a member of a presbytery.

Presbyterian, prez-bi-te'i-an, Presbyterial, prez-bi-te'ri-al, a আৰ্-নিটাৰ-সংক্ৰান্ত ; মেৰ-বিটাৰ ষ্টিত ; Pertaining to presbytery or calvinistic government.

Prosbyterian, a জেত্তিবিক্লাস্বাস্থা, One of a sect of christians, belonging to a church governed by presbyteries, a calvinist

Prosbyterianism, n. (বছৰিচাৰ-পাৰ্যবালী, The form of church government by Prebyterians.

Presbytery, prez bi-ter-i. ম. গ্ৰেজ্বিটাৰ স্কাৰার , A body or council of presbyters

Proscience, pre'shi-ens, #. ভাবি বোষ; পূৰ্ব-জান ভাবি দৰ্শন, পূৰ্ব ৰৃষ্ট , Fore-sight; forekn wledge.

Proscient, pre-shi-ent, a. [L. prae, before, ecro, to know] white whates; Knowing things beforehand.

Proscribo, pre-skrib, v. e. [L. prae, before, scribers, to write] বিদ্যোক্ত ; নিছাবিড-কু, To lay down for direction, to appoint:—বিশান-কু; বাবহা-কু, To give directions for, as a remedy:
—e. i. ব্যৱহা-কু; To give direction. nemprescriber. Syn:—Appoint, command, order, decree, dictate, direct, enjoin, impose.

Prescript, preskript, s. বাৰছিত; Directed. prescribed:—n. উপদেশ; ব্যবস্থাপান; Direction, a prescription.

Prescriptible, a. बारब्राक्ज्यात्वाचा ; Proper to be prescribed for. # = prescriptibility.

Prescription, pre-skrip-shin, n. বাৰহাণত ;
ইবৰ ব্যবহা; A written direction of remedies
for a disease; a recipe:—বহুকালের কোনবাৰিত
অধিকার; চিত্র বাৰহারলীত অধিকার; A right acquired by immemorial use and enjoyment.

Prescriptive, pres-kriptly, a. fix a retained five:
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Prescriptive rights—চিন্ন্যবহার নিত্ত অধিকার ৷
Prescrice, prefers, ম. উপস্থিতি: বর্তমানতা ; নতা ;
State of being present :—অব্যব ; হেবারা ; Mien ;
personal appearance :—শাস্তব্য ; ত্বেরারা; Calmness ; readiness.

In presence—simplyica; varies; In the room in which a prince or a great man receives company. [face with. In the presence of—name; Before; face to Presence of mind—distributes; Suffice and Quickness at expedients; undisturbed state of mind which enables one to speak or act without embarrassment in difficulties; self-possession, a calm and collected state of mind which enables a person to speak or act in the midst of unexpected difficulties without disorder or embarrassment.

Presence-chamber, Presence-room, গ্ৰন্থৰ-শালা; ধ্ৰহণাৰ খহ; বৈট্ৰখালা; The room in which a great person receives company.

Present, prežent, a. বৰ্জনাৰ, Now existing:—
উপন্থিত; হাজির; In view.—আলোচ্যনাৰ; Now
under consideration:—সংক্ষা অপুত; Ready at
hand:—আনোযোগ; Attentive:—অবলন্ধিত, Immediate. Sym:—Existing, at hand, nigh, immediate; instant, current.

Prosent, pic-fent, v. t. উপাহার-দে, সংগাদ-দে; To offer, to make a gift of — প্রশান-ক; To exhibit, to view; to show:—উপায়ত-ক, To set before:
—লক্ষা-ক; To point, as a gun — প্রদান-ক; To give, to deliver:—বিবেচনা করিতে-দে; To lay before for consideration:—পরিচর করিয়া-দে; To introduce:—লান-ক; To make gifts — ক্ষিণা-দে; To give a benefice. s=presentable, n= presenter. Syn:—Bestow, grant, confer.

Present, pre-zent, ম. উপ্তে'কন, দান , নজন , উপহার ; সৰক্ষা ; A gift :—বর্ত্তমান সময় ; Present time. [pre-cent time, now.

At present—একৰে; বৰ্তমান সময়ে. At the For the present—আপাত্তত: উপাত্ত সময়ের কর .

For the time being. [ without delay.

In present—তৎকণীৰ; অনিল্যে, At once;

Present arms—সভাসন্তর্গনার্থ অনুষ্ঠ সমূরে ধ্রা.

To hold the arms out in token of respect, as if

ready to deliver them up; salute militarily.

Present at - नक - ; To make aim at .- To

offer a bill for payment.

Present tense—( गांचबर) वर्डमानकात ।

Presentable, a. अध्यक्तांचा । किरोड स्थानक

Prosentable, a. অধানবাগা; দিবার উপবৃক্ত ।
Presentation, prez-ent-áshun, n. দাব; উপটোকব; Giving:—প্রতিক্রপ প্রদেশন , Representation:—বালকীর বৃদ্ধিতে নিবৃদ্ধ কবিবার অধিকার;
Giving a benefice; the right of presenting a
clergyman. Syn:—Donation, bestowal; representation; exhibition; introduction.

A presentation copy—पद्यांत कर्तक व्यवस्त्र विवास-गुक्तमः

Presentee, n. বাৰকীয় বৃদ্ধিতে নিয়োজিত ব্যক্তি; One presented to a benefice.

Prosentiment, pro-senti-ment, त. पूर्वादाप : चार्यदे बरन बरन माझा : डावी चवकरणह पूर्वादाप : पूर्व-वर्ष : पूर्वादाप , Previous notion ; a fore-boding ; previous opinion; a consuction of something unpleasant to happen.

Presentive, a. वर्ष धाउमहिक्द ।

Presently, ed. তংকাং; বীয়; স্থয়; অধিকলে; Without delay; after a little.

Presentment, pre-zentment, n. via; Giving:
— ব্যক্ত : Exhibition:— অভিযোগ; Indictment;
accusation presented by a grand-jury:—
ভাৰহাই; Behaviour:— উপযোগ : Representation.
Preservation, prez-er-váshun, n. যুক্ত : যুক্ত :
The act of pre-erving; the state of being preserved. Syn:—Conservation, maintenance,
protection; security, safety, salvation.

Preservative, pre-zerva-tiv, Preservatory, pre-zerva-tor-i, a. বহণৰীস; বহণৰম; Tending to preserve:—স. বহাৰারী; বাহা বহিত করে; বহার নাবৰ; A preventive of injury or decay; that which preserves.

Preserve, pič-zerv, v. t. [L. prae, before, and servare, to preserve] রক্ষা-ড়; বাচাব; To keep from injury; to secure, to defend:—
লবাজ-ড়; To season for preservation:—বই হৈতে না দেবলা; অকত অবহাত রাখা; To maintain in a sound state:—অবিকৃত রাখা; To keep up, as appearances:—n. রক্ষিত বস্তু; বোবআ; That which is preserved, as fruit:—প্যাধ রাখিবার হাল; A place for the protection of animals, as game &c. স=preserver ( ব্রক্পালক)। Syn:—(v) Uphold, sustain, spare, protect, guard; conserve, keep sound.

Preside, pre-zid, v.i. (L. prae, before, sedee, to sit ] সভাপতিৰ কাৰ্য-ৰু, সভাছলে অধানের আসন অধিকার-ৰু; To act as chairman or alderman:— অধাক-ৰু, সভাপতি-ৰু, ভৰাবধান-ৰু, To direct or govern, to superintend.

Presidency, prezidentsi, n অধ্যক্তা , সভাপতি ; Superintendence :—প্রবেশ ; Province.

President, preze-dent, n. সভাপতি: সভাবাৰ: A chairman, one who presides over a meeting — বিশাব্যের অধ্যক্ত , The chief officer of a public institution &c — নালাধিপতি, দেশ বা আহি বিশেবের নিকাচিত শাসনকর্তা , An officer elected to the supreme executive of a province or nation. n=president-hip (সভাপতিত্ব): Syn:—Moderator, chairman, superintendent, principal; governor, prefect, chief.

Vice-President—সহকারী সভাপতি।

Presidential, prez-i-denshal, a. मनाशिक मनकीय ; Pert siming to a president.

Presiding doity—অধিনাত্রী বেবতাঃ [beforehand. Presignify, v. t. পৃথ্য ইইতে স্চনা-কৃ; To signify Press, pies, v. t. [L. premers, pressum, to press] নিজ্ঞান; শেষণ-কৃ; চাপ-দে; চাপা; To squeeze or crush:—ইডেনিড-কৃ; বেল-কৃ; To urge —আনিস্থন-কৃ, To hug:—গীডন-কৃ; To bear heavily on —ক্লেশ-দে; কই-দে; বাধা-দে; To distress —আনহেব সহিত মনে নিষ্টি-কৃ; To inculcate with earnestness—ব্যাস্থাক বোৰ মুক্ত ক্রিয়া নিষ্টা-কৃ; To carry men off by violence to hecome soldiers or sailors; to impress:—v. s. জিড়-কৃ; To crowd; throng:—বোৰ-কৃ; বাৰ প্রাণ্ড ক্রিয়া বিষ্টা-কৃ; To urge with vehemence and

Press, pres, ল. পেৰণৰত্ব ; চাপিবার বত্ব ; An instrument for squeezing bodies :—মুহাবত্র ; A printing machine ; printing-press :—মুহাবত্র ; Art or business of printing and publishing :—বেকা অপ্রসরণ ; The act of pressing forward :—গুকুতর প্রয়োজনীয়তা ; Urgency :—সংবাগপত্র ; Newspapers and their writers :—জনতা ; ভিড় ; Crowd :—নাবিক যুত্ত করণার্থ লোকজন ; Seizure of men for navy or army.

Liberty of the press—agraces without; The right of publishing books, pamphlets, newspapers without previous restraint or censorship.

Press forward—agra-e; Urge on, hasten.

Press into service—ছোর করিয়া কাজে বাগান:
Force into service; make (something) serve
some purpose.
[ কাজের কঞাট।

Press of business—কাশ্যের ভিচ্ ; কারোপরোগ; Press one hard—অভান্ত অনুযোগ-কু; To earnestly urge or entreat one.

Press of sail—ছাহারের বানতীর পাঁচল: As much sail as the the state of wind can possibly permit.

Press upon—ধাকা-দে: Push against:—কাহমন-কু; Invade; assail:—পীড়া-দে; Bear hardly on.

The press—কোনানেরের সাহিত্য বা সংবাদশক্ষরত্বত:
The literature of a country, especially newspapers.

To be in the press —বন্ধৰ পকা বা মৃত্তিভ-ই।
To be pressed for time—সমৰ্থ আছাৰ-ই: Not
to have sufficient time; to be burried.

Press-gang, presigner, n. (त'क-मार्डार्श (र्याहिड रिक्त ; स्तो-किन्स्टिक कोर्डाड कक्त लाककन बहितांड विभिन्न निर्णाक्षित बनान ; मोद्राधराह कृत ; A detachment sent to seize men for the navy.

Pressing, presing, a. অভ্যান্তৰ জন্ম , প্রোক্ত নীয়: Urgent; importunate; forcible. ad=pressingly.

Press-man, presman, ল. মূছাকারী; মূছাকারী; ছাপাওবালা; The printer who works at the press:
—সংবাদ প্রবেশক; Member of a press; news-paper-writer:—প্রেশ্পাং ছল্মুক্ত বাজি; One of a press-gang.

Press-money, preśmuhi, n. বাহনা; ফালন; Earnest money:—Money given for impressment.

Prossure, pressur, n. চাপ; পেনা; Pressing or being pressed; squeezing:—নেন; Impulse:— জনাচার: কেন; কই; ছাব; Oppression; distress; straits:—ভান; Weight; gravitation:—বানোন-নীয়তা; Urgency:—নভট; Difficulties. Syn:— Squeezing, crushing, force; urgency, exigency, hurry.

Pressure from without নাসৰ-কর্মানিগর উপৰ প্রধানাগারণের মতের প্রভাব প্রত্যেগ; Exertion of public opinion on a government.

Pessure of business - कारवाद किए वा बढाई ।

Prostidigistation, Prestigistion, n. হয়-বোশন ; হাজের কেনী ; Skill in legerdemain.

Prestidigitator, Prestigiator, स. (बाहराजी-कत्र, One who practises legerdemain tricks.

Prestige, pre া, দ. ইক্ষত; পৌরব; বাহান্য; প্রাথান্ত; মানাতা; কুডকার্যাতাক্ষত প্রতিপত্তি; Influence. Presto, ad. বটুগট্ট; বুন: নাগনাণ; Quickly.

Presumable, pre-zuma-bi, a. অব্যেষ: স্ত্য বলিয়া এইপীয়; বীকাৰ্য়; Such as may be presumed. ad=presumably (অবুমান করিয়া);

Presume, pre-zum. v. t. (L. prae, before, and sumere, to take ] ধরিয়া লখ্যা; খীবার করিয়া লখ্যা; To take for granted; to assume:—কল্পনা-ফ; অপুনান-ফ; To suppose:—v. i. আন্তেই বিধাস বা লাহস-ফ; To venture layond. Syn:—Believe, think, surmise, conjecture; venture, dare.

Presume on or upon—নাধন কৰিয়া বতৰ্ব থাৰগা উচিত তাহাৰ অধিক বাৰয়া ; Venture too far.

Presuming, pre-zūming, a. বৃষ্ট : অবৃতিত সাহসী ; ছাসাহসী ; Venturing without permission ; unreasonably bold. ad=presumingly.

Presumption, pre-zumshun, ল. অভ্যান: Supposition:—অভ্যান সন্থাননা: Strong probability:—
প্রাণ্ডভা: দত্ত: মুইভা: Presumptuousness; arrogance; forward conduct:—অবভাষটিত আমাণাত্রনার
ঘটনা সভা বলিয়া ধারণা; প্রমাণ বাটাত অভ্যান: In
law, assumption of the truth of certain facts
from circumstancial evidence; inference, Syn:
—Opinion, conjecture, belief; forwardness,
assurance, arrogance, audacity.

The presumption is in his favour—এজপ অবস্থার বেরুপ অসুমান হইতে পারে ভাহা ভাহার পকে অসুকাঃ

Presumptive, pre-zump'tiv, a. আনুমণ্নিক;
সম্ভাৱা অবাণের উপর নিভিড; সন্তারনীত; Grounded on
probable evidence; indirect on circumstantial.
ad = presumptively.

Presumtive evidence—আপুনানিক অলাপ, অবস্থা-ঘটিত (প্ৰেক্ত) অলাপ: Evidence derived from circumstances which usually attend a fact as distinct evidence or positive proof, circumstantial evidence.

Prosumptive heir, n. One who would inherit were things to remain in their present state, but whose succession may be put aside by the hirth of a near heir.

Presumptuous, pre-rump'ui-us, a. কাছনিক; দাৰ্থী; Bild and confident; overconfident:— প্ৰাৰ্ভ; দাৰ্থক; Wilful; audacious:—ৰাজ বিশ্বানী: Full of presumption. n=presumptuousness. ad=presumptuously. Syn:—Over-confident, presuming, forward, arrogant; bold, rash, venturesome, foolhardy.

Presuppose, prē-sup-pot, v.t. প্রেই অসমান সু: বীকার করিয়া লঙ্গা; To suppose before other things; assume. n=presupposition.

Protonce, pre-tens, n. En; ets; Pretext; encuse:—wife; Claim; assumption. Syn:—Subterfuge, evasion, excuse; mask, colour; simulation, affectation.

Under pretence of, On pretence of—কোন হল করিলা; কোন কিছুল বাবদেশে; On the plea of. Protend, pre-tend, v. t. [L. pras, before, and senders, to stretch ] আন-ক; মূল-ক; To feign; to sham; to offer something unreal:—v. i. বাবি-ক; বাবো-ক; To put in a claim. n=pretender (বাবিকারক)! Syn:—Counterfeit, affect, simulate; aspire, claim. [Feigned. Pretend, a. কৃতিন; ভাগালক; চাত্রিক; অসভা; Pretender, n. বাবিকারক; ভাগালক; Imposter; ane who puts forth a claim to the throne:—Son of James II.

Pretension, pre-tensiun, n. দাবি; Claim; demand:—ছবিৰ বাজভাব; ছল; ভাব; False appearance; fictitous show: pretent. Syn:—Assertion, show, pretence, assumption, profession; pertness, priggery, pretentiousness, conceit.

[বাহে কৰিবাৰ বা বাকা!
To have no pretension to scholarship—

Protentions, a. eingi; faun sifagi; Full of pretente: -- 98; viles; Arrogant.

Proterimperfect, pre-ter-im-perfekt, e. আনশূৰ্ব-অতীত-প্ৰচৰ: Implying that an event was happening of a certain time

Protorit, preiei-it. Protorite, a. [ L. proctor, hevond, eo, itum, to go ] গত, কঠাত; Noting the past tense:—n. ভূতনাৰ; কঠাতকাৰ; The pi-t tense.

Pretorition, r. wifered. The state of being past: - 557 is ferry; A rhetorical figure.

Pretermission, n. কভিক্ষণ; তাগে; The act of passing by, omission.

Protormit, pre-ter-mit, n t ছাড়িয়া-ৰে; অভিনয়কু. To omet; pass by neglect n=pretermission.
Preternatural, pre-ter-natural, a. অবাভাবিক,
অনুঃ, বনাধান, Extracidinary. ad=preternaturally. Syn.—Supernatural, miraculous,
irregular, abnormal, anomalous, maryellous,
strange, mexplust le [perfect tense.
Protorporfect, a. ভূতনালগড়ক; Denoting the
Protorpluperfect, a. প্রধাক-ত্তনাল-প্রক;
Denoting the pluperfect tense.

Pretext, pic-tchst, n. 53. 59; Fol; A pretence. Svn:—Semblance, colour, show, mask. Under pretext of—(\*14 57 4fss); On the plea of.

Pretor, n. নেধ্যের বাক করিচারী; Roman magistrate next to the consul. a = pretorial.

Protorian, n. The official residence of the Roman proconsul.

Prottily, preti-li, ad. কলবজনে; মনোচরকাণে; পরি-জনজনে; Pleasingly; elegantly, neatly.

Protty, prei'e, a. তথ্ব, মানাহৰ; Beautiful; moderately handsome:—তচাৰ; পৰিপাটা; Neat; trim:—ত্থাৰ জগত আড়খ্বপুতা. Beautiful without grandeur:—ক্ষিকৰ; Tasteful:—বিলানিতাপ্ৰির; (In contempt) fine:—ad. ক্ষুক্ পরিমাণে; কিছৰ পরিমাণে; মধ্যবিধ ক্ষেপ; Moderately; in some degree. Syn:—Handsome, elegant, comely; neat, trim, fine, tasteful; fair, moderate, tolerable.

Protypify, v. t. পূর্বেট আনৰ্ প্রদূৰৰ-টু; To exhibit previously in a type.

Prevail, pre-val, v. i. [ I. pras, before, and

valere, to be strong ] প্ৰবন্ধ; To be very powerful:—ৰহনাত-কৃ; নরাত্ত-কৃ: পরাজিত-কৃ: To overcome; to gain the advantage of:—কৃত্যাধী-কৃ: To succeed:—কাৰ্যাধী-কৃ: To have influence or effect:—প্ৰচলিত-কৃ: চলিত বাবা; প্ৰায়্ভীবন্ধ; To be in force:—প্ৰবন্ধিত-কৃ: To persuade or induce. Syn:—Predominate, preponderate, prosper; obtain, rage.

Prevail over, Prevail against—লগনত: পরাজ্য-কু, Predominate:—জিক্তির প্রতাবশালী বা কাণ্যকারী হ; Be more powerful than; gain the advantange over.

Prevail with, on, or upon—প্ৰবৃত্ত-কু; ল্ডফান; লয়িড-কু; প্ৰবৃত্তি-কু; Persuade.

Prevailing, pre-valing, a. কার্যারা; Efficacious:—চলিত; অতি প্রচলিত, সাধারণ; Most general:—প্রবল; ক্ষতাশালী; Having great power.

Syn:—Prevalent, predominant, controlling, preponderating, overruling, successful, general, current, usual, established.

Prevalence, preval-ens, Prevalency, prevalen-si, n. প্রাথান্ত; প্রাথান্ত; প্রাথান্ত; ব্যাথান্ত); প্রভাব; কার্যকারিতা; Preponderance; superiority; predominance; influence; efficacy.

Prevalent, prevalent, a. বিজয়; Victorious —
সাধারণ; প্রচলিত; Most common:—প্রথম: Prevailing, ad-prevalently. Syn:—Prevailing,
predominant, governing, ascendant; compelling,
powerful, efficacious; received, established,
current, ordinary.

Prevaricate, pre-vare-kāt, v. i. [L. praevaricari, to walk crookedly] মিখা উত্তর-দে; সভ্যের আগলাপ-ছু, ভাটান; সভা হংছে ইতস্তঃ-কু. To prevert; to shift about from side; to evade the truth, to quilble:—-শল-কু; To shuffle. Syn:— Cavil, equivocate, dodge, palter.

Prevariention, pre-vari-káshun, n. নিবা ক্ষন; বাক্তল; সংগ্ৰাপনাণ, ভাডাইটড, Quibbling-Prevarientor, n. সংগ্ৰাপনাগৰাই, A quibbler. Prevent, pie-vent, n t [ 1. prac, before, venire, to come j বাধা-দে, নিবাৰৰ-দু; To hinder; to obviate; to thwart. Syn:—Impede, obstruct, stop, frustrate, avert, preclude, anticipate.

Prevent from-[488-7; 414] (468]; Keep one back from (doing anything).

Preventable, a. প্রতিরোধা: গোলীয়; দিবাধা. Such as may be prevented or hindered. ado = preventably (পূর্বে)। n = preventability.

Prevention, pie-veńshun, n. 344; fatale; fatale; fatale; fatale; construction. Sym:—Stoppage, interception, interruption.

Provontion is better than is cure— চিকিংনা হারা রোগ হইতে মুকিনাত করা আপেকা রোগ বিধারণ হরাত করে।

Proventive, pre-ventiv, a. নিবাৰক; নিৰোকক; বাধানক; Tending to prevent or hinder; pre-veryative:—n. নিবাৰক ঔষধ; বাধান্তনক ঔষধ; That which prevents; a preservative, antidote pre-viously taken to prevent an attack of disease.

Proventive of debility—হোর্জনানিবারক। Proventive of disease—রোগনিবারক। Previous, preve-us, a [ L. prav, before, uia, way ] প্ৰবৰ্তী ; প্ৰধানী ; আংবৰার ; Going before ; proceding ; former ; prior. ad=previously.

m—previousness ( প্ৰায়েতি ) ) Syn :—Antecedent, anterior, prior, foregoing, former, earlier.

Provious to—বোৰ বিষয়ে প্ৰে: Before.

Prevision, ন. বুৰ্বায় ; প্ৰভান ; Foresight ; foreknowledge. [ beforehand.

Prewarn, v. t. পূর্ক ছইন্তে সতর্ক-ছ: To warn Prey, pra, s. মুঠ; পৃত্তিক ন্তবা; Booty; plunder; spoil; pillage; ravage:—দিকার: That which is or may be seized to be devoured:—v. t. মুঠন-ছ; মুঠ-ছ; To plunder:—দিকার-ছ; 'িo seize and devour:—কম্পা: কর-ছ; খীরে ধীরে কর পাওরা; To waste (or impair) gradually.

Beast of Prey, Bird of prey-শিৰার কঃ: হিলাকঃ: Animals that kill and feed other

animals.

Prey on or upon—কাচার বাড়ের মানে বাজা; বোকা করা; ভাগ-কু; De-poil; rob:—কুড়িয়া বাজা; Cause to waste or pine away gradually. Price, pris, ম. মূল্য, দাম; মনু; পন; Cost; expense:—পুনরার; Reward:—উৎকর্ম কিন্তুত্ত; Excellence:—৮. i. মূল্য নিরুপণ-কু; To set a value on. Syn:—(n) Expense, value, figure, worth, estimation; recompense.

At cost price—(कर्ना नांत्र ; सातन नांत्र ; सतिन मूरता । Every man has his price—(तारक नत नृतिका निर्देश नांत्रितन्दे होका कांत्री नक्नरक्ट वस कर्ता वांत्र ; Every man may be won over by gold if only you make it worth his while to accept it.

High-priced, a. अंडि ब्ताबान ।

Set a price on one's head—কাহাকে বৰ করিবাৰ কল্প প্রভাবের অভাব-কু; কাহারো পির বা স্থান কাটিঃ; আনিবার কল্প প্রভাব দিতে চাওয়া; Offer a reward for killing a person.

Price-current, म. मुलाब छानिका ; म्लाब क्ष ; A

list of market prices of goods.

Priceless, prišles, a. অবুলা; ব্ৰাহীৰ; Invaluable, inestimable; without value:—অভিকিৎকর; বংনামার; Worthless.

Price list-stars we

Prick, prik, n. বেৰৰ; ডাফন; অছুল; সুচী; স্চাপ্ত বয়; A puncture; a pointed instrument:— অসুডাল; Remorse:—হাডনা; বিষম ক্লেল; Stinging pain:—৮. গ্ৰেছ ড়; ডাফন নারা; বেচি নারিছা উডেজিড-কৃ; To pierce; to spur:—কষ্ট-কে: স্পে:—(ম) Goad, point; thorn, spur; puncture, mark. (ম) Puncture, perforate, telebrate, bore; spur, goad, incite, stimulate, drive; sting, wound, pain.

Prick up—কাণ ধাড়া-কু; Raise up the ears. Prick up one's ears—কাণ ধাড়া করিয়া ওলা; Erect one's ears in order to listen attentively. Pricker, priker, n. তীক্ষার বয়; বেশ্বিকা; A sharp pointed instrument:—ক্ষারোহী; A light-

Prickle, prikl, ম. কটক; কাটা; A sharp-pointed projection growing from the bark of a plant.

Prickly, prikli, a. কটকৰঃ; কটকায়ঃ; Full of prickles. n=prickliness.

Frickly-pear, ম. এক কাটায় কটকায় পাছ, A

The Prickly heat—write

Prido, prid, m. অহলার ; পর্বা ; বেলাক ; Haughtiness; arrogance :— গৌরবাকক আমাদর ; Noble
self-esteem; dignity :— আকার ; Ornament :—
আকারের বন্ধ বা বিবর ; That of which one is
proud :— চ. চ. অহলার-ফু; ভার-ফু; বাক-ফু; To
take pride; to plume; to value, used reflexively.
Syn:—Self-respect, elevation; self-exaitation,
conceit, hautour, haughtiness, loftiness, arrogance, vain-glory; ornament, brightness,
splendour, glory.

Pride oneself upon or on—আগৰাকে বড় জান-কু; কোন কিছুৰ বস্ত ভবর-ড়; কোন কিছুতে গৰিবভ-ছ; To value oneself upon; feel or manifest pride in.

Priest, prēst, ন. প্রেছিড; ধর্মান্ত ; পান্তী; Clorgyman. fem=priestess.

Priest-craft, prest-kraft, m. পুরোহিতের চাতুর্বা ; কুটল বাজকতা ; আর্থিক পৌরাহিতা ; Arts by which

priests gain power; religious fraud.

Priesthood, presthood, n. Mailes; sinesen;
challes; sinesi; The priestly order; the

office of a priest.

Priestly, prestli, a. প্ৰোহিত সম্মীয়, বাৰকের
উপযুক্ত; প্ৰোহিটোটিত, বাৰকীয়; Pertaining to or resembling a priest.

Priest-ridden, prist-ridden, a. যাজকনিশীন্তিত; বালকগণ থারা উৎপিড়িত; পুরোধি চ-দাসিত, পুরোধি-ভাবিন; Controlled entirely by priests; governed by priests.

Pris, prig, n. অংকারী লোক, বনিত বাজি; Upstart; conceited fellow:—চোব; A thief. a priggish ( বুবা গলিত; অংকৃত; upstart like ). n = priggery, prigism.

Prim, prim, a. [ L. primus, the first ] টক;
বৰাৰ ; পরিগাটা; কিটকট; Precise, affectedly
nice; formal, rent:—v.t. পরিপাটীর সহিত ক্রিড্রকু; বৰাৰ্থভাবে বাইৰ-কু; To deck with great
nicety, to form with affected preciseness. ad =
primly, n=primness. Syn:—(a) Starched,
stiff, priggish.

Primacy, prima-si, n. প্রথম প্রেচিতের পদ, প্রথম বর্ষাধন্দের পদ; প্রথম আচাধার পদ্যাদা; The office or dignity of an archbishop.

Primedonna, n. शैं जिनाहिता व्यान नाहिका; The first female singer in an opera.

Primage, primal, দ. বাব বোৰাই করিবার বন্ধ বাধিকে দেহ অভিনিক্ত মাজল; চাণানি মাল বন্ধে রাধা হয় এইজন্ম সাধিকে দে কিছু বশ্লিস্ দেওয়া ইউত ভাষা; A gratuity to the captain of a vessel for loading the goods.

[First; original.

Primal, primal, a. जानिम; अवम; आर्थिक्ड; Primary, prima-re, a. L. primarius, from primus, the first ] आध्यिक, आर्थिम; मुनीक्ठ व्यानिम; Primitive; first; original:—मुना; अध्यान; Chief, principal:—n. That which is highest in rank or importance. ad-primarily (आर्था; अर्था)। Syn:—(a) Primeval, pristine, radical, earliest, leading; lowest, elemental.

Primary cause—चानि कांत्र । [ and blue. Primary colours—व्यान की, Red, yellow, Primary planets—(क्या प्रा-त्येक्सोने क्यांस । Those which revolve round the sun and not round another planet.

Primary qualities—stell et :

Primary qualities of bodies—unveiled 44; Such qualities as are inseparable from them.

Primary rooks—All slaty and crystline strata, and wholly destitute of organic remains.

Primary school—unveile and interest of the primary school—unveiled and interest of the primary school—unveiled and interest of the primary school and interest

Primate, primate, e. cab year; and a chief;
An archbishop. exprimateship. [ York.
Primate of England—The archbishop of
Primate of all England—The archbishop
of Canterbury.

Prime, prime, a. [L. primus, first] সৰ্বান্ধৰ : প্ৰান্ন : উক্ট : উদ্ধা ; First ; chief ; best ; excellent :—আধিন ; মেনিক ; Original :—তরূপ ; Early ; blooming :—n. প্রকৃত্ম : The dawn :—বৌৰন , The spring :—মারভ ; আরভ ; The beginning :—সংকাৰ্ড ভাগ , The best part :—চরবৌধ-কর্ব ; পরাকার ; The height of perfection :—v. f. বর্ম বার বাবন-দে ; To put powder on the mipple of a gun :—মার প্রথম পোচ-দে ; To lay on the first coat of paint :—কানান দালিবার সাধন-দ্ ; To serve for the charge of a gun. Syn :—(a) Primitive, pristine, primary ; highest, capital, first-rate, principal.

In the prime of life—citansies, 524 auto; in the spring of hie; in the height of one's health, strength or beauty.

The prime mover—sate ates; The person originating or most prominently carrying on an enterprise.

Prime-minister, prim-minis-ter, n. আধাৰ স্চিধ; প্ৰধান মন্ত্ৰী; The first minister of a state. Prime-number, prim-number, n. মৌলিক সংখ্যা; Number which has no division.

Primer, primer, n. অধনগাঠা পুতৰ, পিতৰিকা; বৰ্ণাবিচয়; A first-reading book.

Primoval, pri-me'val, c. আছিন; মৌলিক;

Priming, n. 3274(4) 4177; The powder in the nipple of a fire-arm.

Primitive, primit-iv, a. { L. primitivus, from primus, the first ] আছিন; মৌটান; Original:— পুরাতন; অবচলিত ব্যবহার; আটান; Antiquated; old fashioned:—n.মৌলিন শন্ত; An original word or one not derived from another. ad —primitive-ly. n=primitiveness. Syn:—(a) First, pristine, ancient, primeval, primordial, radical, antique. Primogenial, pri-mo-jeni-al, a. { L. primus, first, and geno, genitus, to beget } আছিন; ব্লীকৃত; আয়ুলহারী; Primary, constituent.

Primogenitor, pri-mo-jehi-tor, n. আহি পুরুষ;
পুরুষ; A forefather:—ব্যক; The father.

Primogeniture, pri-mo-jehi-tūr, n. custu;
\*\*\*\*\*\*; The state of being born first of the same
parents:--custificate; The right of inheritance
of the eldest son.

Primordial, pri-mor'di-ai, a. [L. primo, first, and ardo, order] আদিব: সর্কাশব্য: এবন ইত্তে বর্তন্ত; Fast in order; original; existing from

the beginning: william; First principle or element.

Primrose, primröz, n. বস্থ পুল বিশেষ ; An early spring flower common in woods and meadows.

Prince, prins, n. [L. princeps, from primus, first, and capere, to take ] बाक्यांब; बाक्यांब; बाक्यांब; Son of a king or emperor:—बाका; A sovereign; monarch:—केक्क्षणवर्गाश्चितिह लाक; One of the highest rank:—(बडा: बाह्य; क्यांब; The chief of any body of men. feg=princess.

Prince of darkness—সংভাৰ: Lucifer. Prince of the blood—নাজার নিকট কুটুখ; Near

relation of a king.

Prince of the senate—ব্ৰহন সচিব; Eldest
Prince of Wales, ম. ইংসালে ব্ৰহাল; Eldest
son of the sovereign of England. (a king.
Prince Boyal—বাজার ব্যোগ্র; Eldest son of
Princedom, prinsdum, ম. হিলের অধিকার,
রাজ্য, মুসপুতি বা গদ; বৌৰস্থাল; The jurisdiction,
estate, sovereignity, or rank of a prince.

Princely, prinsle, a. বালোচিড; ঐবর্গপালী; জন-কাল; মহং; Becoming a prince, grand; august:
—্যালকীয়; Relating to a prince; royal; regal:
—ad. বালোচিডভাবে; In a prince-like manner. n=
princeliness. Syn:—Noble, stately; imperial;
magnificent, munificent, bounteous.

Princess, ন. সহাজী; রাণী; A queen :-- হাজ-কুমানী; A king's daughter.

Princess royal, n. বাৰাৰ ৰোইক্ডা; Eldest daughter of the king of England or of any king. Principal, prinse-pal, a. অধান; সর্বজেই; Highest in character, rank, authority, or importance; chiefest:—n. বিদ্যালয়ের অধাক; A head of a school:—আনাৰ কাৰ্যকাৰ্যক; One who takes a leading part:—স্বধন স্পাল্য বা ভাষার সাহাব্যকার; The chief actor of a crime or an abettor:—আনাৰ ক্ষিকটে বা ভাজা; A main beam or timber, aid—principally (অধানত:, বিশেষত:)৷ Syn:—(a) Chief, first, main, leading, foremost, cardinal. Principality, prin-si-pali-ti, n. বাই, বাৰত;

Principality, prin-si-pali-ti, ম. বাছ, বাৰছ; আহিপতা; The territory of a prince or the country which gives title to him.

Principle, prin-se-pl, ম. আদি; Source; origin:
—মৌদিক তথা; ব্ৰত্য : A fundamental truth; a
law or doctrine from which others are derived:
—মৌদিক শক্তি: মনোবৃত্তি : An original faculty of
the mind:—ব্ল; বীজ : Element:—উপাদাব : A
constituent part:—v. t. বিশ্বমত কু; উপাদেশ অভিযকু: To establish in principles : to impress with
a tenet. Syn:—(n) Cause, spring; substratum, postulate, axiom, law; doctrine, tenet,
dogma, opinion, maxim, rule; motive, reason;
integrity, uprightness, rectitude, honesty,
virtue, righteousness.

A man of bad principle—ছहাচাৰী লোক।
A man of no principle—খবাৰছিতিত ব্যক্তি।
A man of principle—খাৰ্থিক লোক।
On principle—খিলের বা নিজের বল্লালার বিধানাত্তবারী; নিজের নিজন অস্থানে; Fundamentally, according to the tenent, opinion, or belief one holds.

Principle of gravitation-নাগাকগণিক নিয়ম ৷ Prink, v. t. সন্ধিত কলা : সাজান : To dress up. Print, m. for; we; 919; A mark: - 34187; বাৰা : The impression of types in general :-অভিরূপ ; A copy :-- খোদাই ; A cut, in wood or metal; an engraving:- मःवानग्व: A newspaper :- आदि वह ; A printed cloth ; a fabrie figured with impressed figures :-- v. t. আছিত-কু; চিক্-কু; To mark by pressure :-- মুদ্রিত-কু; ছাপা-ক ; মুলাছিত-ক ; To impress with types - প্ৰকাশ-क ; वाठात-क ; To publish :- ए. i. हाशांत वावना-क ; ছাপা-ক ; To practise the art of printing :- প্ত-TITE ETATE; To publish a book. Syn:-(v) Impress, imprint, engrave, stamp, mark, indent, trace.

Be out of print-हाना कवाईया याखा: (मुखिड পুতক) নিংশেষিত চইরাছে; অপ্রাণ্য ইটবাছে; Applied to a book of which no more new copies are to be had for safe; be no longer ready for sale by the publisher (the copies printed having been [ published.

In print-341/45: I sued from the press; Print off-Fi91; Work off on a press.

Printer, printer, n. मूझकातो ; मुझकत , One who prints, especially book, newspaper &c.

Printer's devil-ছাপাধানার শিক্ষা-ন্বীস; The newest apprentice-lad in the press-room.

Printer's ink-sing \* Fig : Preparation of oil and lamp black.

Printing, printing, u. छानात कर्त्र वा विका कि:श बावनांग ; बुडाइन , हांगा ; The act, art or practice of printing.

Printing house-sigistal | [used by printers. Printing ink, a. Figit alia; Ariah; The ink Printing-office, n. হাপাধানা ; মুডাপানা ; A place where the printing of books, newspapers or general printing is carried on.

Printing-paper-ছাপাৰ কাগজ; The kind of of paper generally used in printed books or newspapers and the like.

Printing press-451431

Prior, prior, a. [ L. prior, former , geragi; र्कडन ; भाग ; Previous ; former . anteriot . coming before in time :—n. মঠাথাক, মঠের প্রধান त्यांक्ष ; The head of a monastery. fem=prioress. Syn :- (a) Antecedent, precedent, earlier, former, foregoing, anterior.

Priorate, prior-at, Priorship, prior-ship, n. 1 नेशाक्त ; (नाश्यत नामन का काश : The government or office of a prior.

Priority, pri-cu'e-te, n. প্রাথমিকছ; পুর্ববর্ত্তি গ্র শ্রপাতা; Preference; precedence; the state of being first in time, place or rank. Syn :- Anteriority, anteredence; precedence, pre-eminence, superiority.

Priory, prio-ie, n. 45; अध्य , A religious house, under a prior or prioress, and next below an abbey. Syn :- Convent, monastery, abbey, cloister.

Prism, prizm, n. [ Gr. prizo, to saw ] mar-विनिष्ठ कार यन भार्ष ; डिन-भूगा कार : कारह कहार :

parallel plane figures and whose sides are parallelograms; solid glass with triangular ends. Prismatic, priz-matik, Prismatical, priz-

mati-kal, a. कांडवर वा अवसीत ; कांड कराम शांडि : Resembling or pertaining to a prism; formed

by a prism. ad=prismatically.

Prismatic colours, त. कन्त्र कारात्र बाता विजिहे The colours into which a ray of light is decomposed in passing through a prism :viz; the three primary colours, red, yellow, blue and the secondary tints arising from their intermixture-orange, green, violet, indigo.

The prismatic compass—of fravia us tist সমতল-জন্ম কোণ পরিমিত হয়।

Prismoid. n. প্রেজদের আকারবিশিষ্ট পদার্থ বা ক্ষে: A body or figure in the form of a prisom-

Prison, puin, n. [ L. prehensio, a seizing ] कानागात ; त्कल ; विमानाना ; Goal :- o. t. करमा- द ; কাবাৰজ-ক ; To confine ; to captivate. Syn : --(n) Dungeon, bridewell.

Cast into prison-वनी-क ; Imprison.

Prison-bird, n. वनी ; Prisoner.

Prisoner, prein-er, n. ननी, करवनी: Captive; one confined or arrested in prison.

Pristine, pritin, a. আদিম , প্রাথমিক : Original : former :- भूबाउन ; आधीन ; भूबकालीन . Old . anci ent. Syn :- Original, first, primitive.

Prithee, ent. अधूनय क्ति; विनय क्ति; I prav thee.

Privacy, priva-se. n. fassasi; The state of being private:-- বিৰ্দ্ধৰ স্থান: বিভঙ স্থান: A private place, retreat; retirement :--গোপৰ: Secrecy. Syn :-- Solitude, seclusion, retreat; secrecy, concealment.

Private, privat, a. [ L. from privat, single ] चकीय : निष्डत : निजय : Preuliar to one's self :--निकन, Secluded - एड : लाभनीय ; Secret :-नाशंबरणन अखा 5; अधाराण; Not public :-বে-সরকারী: Not invested with public office:-ন. সাধারণ নৈনিক; A common soldier. adv= privately (গোপনে; নির্জনে)। n=privatences. Syn:-(a) Separate, retired, sequestered, solitary; peculiar, personal; privy, close, f publicly; privately. confidential.

In private - wastes: ( Maria. Not openly or Private act or statute—অসাধাৰণ বিধি; In law, one which operates on a particular person or class of persons.

Private apartments - 45:94 1

Private parts-ACTION !

Private-way, n. अशाहत प्रतिव छेशत बाँहेवाव व्यक्षिकातः अन्त्र वाल्ति कृषित छलत निशा हलांहन छ ষাত্রাবাহেস অবকার; Right of going over the land of another.

Woman's private property-1144 !

Privateer, pri-va-ter, n. বিশক্ষের জাহার দুঠ कविनात क्षत्र रामाएम श्रीष्ठ मनव त्न-मत्रकादी तुब्रवासि : An armed private ve-sel commissioned to seize and plunder an enemy's ships :-- u. 1. मुद्रे कदिनात सम्र एक साशास अभ्य-कृ ; To cruise in a privateer : to fit out privateers.

A solid, whose two ends are similar, equal, and | Privation, pri-vashun, n. 48; (44; Desti-

totion; hardship: -- (198); well; Deprivation; absence. Syn: -- Loss, bereavement; negation; want, need, indigence.

Privative, priva-tiv, a. অভাবত্তক; অভাবত্তক; অভাবত্তক; অভাবত্তক; অভাবত্তক; অভাবত্তক; অভাবত্তক লৈওঁর করে; That which depends on the absence of something else:—অভাবত্তক উপস্গ; হানাৰ্থক উপস্গ; ব্যক্তি; A prefix to a word which gives it a negative sense. ad—privately.

Privet, n. বৃদ্ধ বিশেষ ; An ornamental shrub.
Privilege, prive-lej, n. বিশেষ সুবিধা ; বিশেষ
অধিকায় ; বিশেষ ক্ষতা ; সহ ; A peculiar advantage ; a peculiar right ; prerogative :---υ. t.
বিশেষ অধিকার বহাল-কু ; বুড-কু ; জন্যাহতি-লে ; To
grant a privilege ; to exempt. Syn :---(n) Prerogative, advantage, favour, franchise, immunity, liberty.

Personal privileges—শারীরিক অধিকার ৷ Privileged, এ বিশেষ অধিকারপ্রাপ্ত ; ক্ষমতাপ্রাপ্ত ; Endowed with privileges.

Privileged communication—त्व मरवान जांहरू जमत काहात्रव मिकडे श्रकान कतिरक भारत या।

Privily, privili, ad. carres; wewer; Secretly;

Privity, privi-ti, \*. সম্বতিহৃচক জান, Joint knowledge; knowledge implying concurrence:

—pl. অৱহাত জালসমূহ; Secret parts.

Privy, prive, a. গোগনীয়; ভাট: স্চ; Secret; private:—গোগনে অভিজ্ঞ; বিদিত; আনসায়; Secretly cognisant:—ন. পৌচহান; পাইখানা; A place of retirement; a necessary house:—কাথাবিশেনে বার্থসংস্ক লোক; A person having an interest in any action. Syn:—(a) Not open, clandestine; private, personal, peculiar.

To be privy to—ভিজ ভিজ ধাৰা। [ber. Privy-chember—The king's private cham-Privy-council, privi-kowń-sil, ন. বাৰসভা; স্থিম স্থা; বাস আবাৰত; A private council of a sovereign to advise in the administration of government.

Privy-councillor, privi-kowńsil-or, a. ব্যৱ-সভাস্টিব; সচিব-সভায় স্ভা; A member of the privy-council.

Privy-sual or signet, privi-sel or signet, a. Alayai: Alais talk cairs, The seal used by or for the king in subordinate matters, or those which are not to pass the great seal.

Prize, priz. n. [F. pris, pp. of prendre, to take] প্ৰকাৰ, পানিভাবিক; A reward; anything gained by competition — প্ৰিপেলায় বে টাকা প্ৰাপ্ত হৰল খাল; প্ৰিডে লক্ষ্মল; Money drawn by a lottery ticket:—বল্পক গৃহীত অব; Anything taken from an enemy in war:—বৃদ্ধে গৃহীত আছা; বৃদ্ধে লক্ষ্মলাল: A captured vessel:— চ t. আছাৰ লাগম-কৃ; অতাৰ বুলাবাল আন-কৃ; To estimate highly; to value highly:—ব্লা হিম-কৃ; বন্ধ কেলা; To set a price on; to rate. Syn:— (w) Trophy, laurds, guerdon, reward; booty,

spoil, plunder; capture. (\*) Rate, appraise; appreciate, esteem, value, treasure.

A prise fight-time we at out?

Prize-agent—Agent appointed to receive for the captors the value of prizes condemned in the prize courts.

Prize-book, n. Mincellates 1844; A book given as a reward of merit to the pupil of a school.

Prize-court, priz'-kört, n. বুছে বুড আহাৰ সম্মান বিচারাকর; A court having jurisdiction of all prizes made on the high seas; a court for deciding on ships or slaves captured.

Prize-fighter, prizfit-er, n. ag (vit); A black guard who fights publicly for money; a professed boxer who fights publicly for a prize. n=prize-fighting.

Prize-man—গারিভাবিদ বাজনারী; বে বাজি পারিভোবিদ প্রাপ্ত হইবাছে; The winner of a prize. Prize master or office—বে কর্মচারীর জ্বীনে শব্দ হতে বলপ্তাদ গৃহীত মাহাল রাখা হয়; One put in command of a captured vessel.

Prise medal—गांत्रिकावित्कत्र शहक ।

Prize-money, priz'-muhi, n. বৃত্তিত অব্যের বৃত্তা বাহা জনবোদ্ধানিগকে বউন করিয়া বেডয়া হব; জবলম্ব বন; বিজয়লম্ব ধৰেব আল; A division of proceeds from a captured vessel &c., paid to the captors; a dividend of the money or proceeds from any prizes taken from an enemy.

Prize-ring—আৰভা; আৰড়া; বে বেটিড স্থানে বৰস্থ হয়; The ring or enclosure for a prize fight usually spoken of, as the ring.

Pro, pfx. উপদৰ্গ বিশেষ:—n. পেশাদার ব্যক্তি; A professional:—ad. অপুকৃতে; বৰ্গকে; Por. Pro and con—বৰ্গকে ও বিশকে।

Probability, prob-a-bife-te, n. সন্তাৰনা; স্বত্য বিষয়; Chance; likelihood; appearance of truth, something probable. Syn:—Verisimilitude, likeliness, credibleness, likelihood, presumption.

In all probability—নিঃসবেহে; Most probably. Probable, probabl, a. [L. probabilis, from probare, to try, prove] সম্ভবনৰ; সম্ভব; সম্ভবনীয়; বাহা হউতে পারে; Likely ad = probably. Syn:—Credible, reasonable, presumable.

Probably, ad. সম্বত: ; ছবত ; Very likely.

Probate, probat, n. [L. probatum, proved]
আনান্ত ইজাপত্রের নকল; আনানতে ইজাপত্রের
আনাশ, The official copy of a will, with the
certificate of its having been proved; the official
proof of a will.

Probation, pro-báshun, ন. পরীকা; Trial:—
পরীকাকার; শিকানবিশির সমব; Time of trial;

In probation—পরীকারনে , পরীকার্ব।

Probational, pro-báshun-al, Probationary, pro-báshun-ar-i, a. প্ৰাকা সম্বাদ্ধ ; Relating to probation or trial:—প্রাক্ষ্মিয় ; Serving for probation.

Probationer, pro-báshun-ér, ন. পিকানবিশ;
পরীকারলে নিযুক্ত হাজি; One who is on probation
or trial: apprentice, n≠ probationship.

Probe, prob, n. [ L. probars, to try ] কথাৰি
গায়ীকাৰ্থ পৰাক); স্বভায়; An instrument for examining a wound:—s.f. পৰাক। বিয়া গায়ীকা-ক;
To examine with or as with a probe:—সম্পূৰ্তাবে
গায়ীকা-ক; ভাৰ ভাৰ পৰিয়া বেখা; To examine
thoroughly. Syn:—(n) Search, explore, sound.
Probity, probe-te, n. [ L. probits, from
brobus, good] সকভা; নাৰ্ডা; নৌৰড; Honesty,
uprightness. Syn:—Rectitude, goodness,
righteousness, trustworthness, sincerity, veracity, truthfulness, equity, fairness.

Problem, problem, n. [G. problema, from probablein, to throw or lay before] নীমানোৰ আন ; কৰিব বিশ্ব ; A matter difficult of solution or settlement, question ; subject :—সম্পাধা প্রতিক্রা ; A geometrical proposition in which something is required to be done. Sym:—Enigma, puzzle;

most point.

Problematio, pro-lem-afik, Problematical, prob-lem-afik-al, a. আনিছিড; আনির্বায়ক , সকেছযুক, Questionable; doubtful. Syn:—Uncertain, unsettled, disputable, dubjous.

Proboscis, pro-bosis, n. [Gr. pro, in front, bosko, to feed ] হবার তে; ওড়; A elephant's trunk; snout.

Procedure, pro-sed'ilr, m. কাল্য-কালা; Process; progress:—নাকার; আচন; Conduct. Sym:—Praetice, management, course; act, transaction, action, deed, step, proceeding.

Proceed, p.ত-sed, v. i [ L. pro, forward, and cedere, to move ] অৱসর-ছ, To advance — উৎপর-ছ; To arise, to be produced:—চলা; ক্ষাৰত ক্রিডে থাকা, To go on:—নিৰ্গত-ছ; To issue.—বোকক্ষা চালাৰ; To prosecute. Syn:—Progress, issue, emanate.

To proceed against—विकास विकास विकास न

Proceeding, pro-seding, n. কাৰ্যা; উপাৰ, Action; transaction; operation; step:—কাৰ্য-অবানী; Procedure; progress. Syn:—Advance, movement; measure, step, process, conduct.

Proceeds, proseds, n. pl. আছ; Income; money arising out of a comercial transaction; rent:—উৎপত্তি; ফল; মুল্য; Produce. Syn:—Produce, products, yield, receipts, returns.

Process, proses, \*\*. জমিৰণাত , প্রশান : ক্রোরতি ; Advance : gradual progress , course —কার্চা-প্রক্রিয়া ; Operation :—মৌক্রমার আয়ুপুরিক কায়া-প্রকারা ; Proceedings in a lawsuit :—আহিন উন্ন-ভাগে ; A projection of a bone. Syn :—Course, procedure, proceeding, action, performance , step, measure, transaction; suit, trial, case.

In process—wife; In the condition of advance or accomplishment, begun but not completed.

In process of time—singer; 'see'; eine';
Process-server, n. chiesta; Bailiff.

Summary process—नवानवि विशेष ।

Procession, pro-seshun, n. वांबा ; भवन ; Proceeding ; issuing forth :— वर्गात्व अवस्त भवन , লোকমেণী; স্বাবেছ; A train of persons in a formal march. a-processional. Syn:—March, advance; train, retinue, file, march, cavalende. Processional, a. ব্যৱস্থিত; Consting in a procession:—n. বর্ণন বিশ্বস্থ বিশেষ; A book relating to processions of the Roman Catholic Church,

Proclaim, pro-klan, v. t. [L. pro, before, and clamere, to cry out] বোৰণা-কু, নগৰা-কু; প্ৰভাৱ-কু; বিত announce officially; to publish; to call or cry out:—প্ৰদৰ্শন-কু; বাৰাৰ; To show. Syn:—Announce, publish, promulgate, declare.

Proclaim on the house top-essa-7; To proclaim or make known to every one.

Proclamation, prok-la-mashun, ল. বোৰণাতা; লাচার; ঘটনা; সরকারী বিজ্ঞাপন; ইফেছার; Official notice given to the public. Syn:—Announcement, publication, promulgation; declaration, edict, ordinance, decree, ban.

Proclivity, pro-klive-te, n. [ L. proclivitas, from proclivis, sloping, inclined] অবৃত্তি; অবৃত্তা; বিজ্ঞা, বাহারিক ইজা; তংগাড়া; Tendency; inclination; aptitude; readiness. Sym:—Propensity, proneness, disposition, bias, bent.

Proconsul, pro-końsul, n. আদেশিক শাসনকর্যা;
The governor of a province. a=proconsular.

Proconsular, a. শাসনকৰ্তা সৰ্বীয় বা ভাষাৰ শাসনা-বীন: Pertaining to, or under the government of, a proconsul.

Proconsulate, pro-końsu-ist, Proconsulship, n. pro-końsul-ship, n. পাস্বকর্তার পদ; শাস্বকর্তার কাষ্যকাল; The office or term of office of a proconsul.

Programmate, pro-krafte-nat, v t. [ L. pro, forward, and craftinus, of to-morrow ] বিল্য-কৃ; কালকেণ-কৃ; দেৱা-কৃ. To postpone; to differ; to put off — v. i. বিলয়-কৃ; To delay. n=programmator, Syn:—Adjourn, defer, delay.

Procrastination, pro-kras-ti-nashun, a. বিলয়: চিরকারিডা : দীপ্রতা : Dilatormess.

Precreate, prothre-at, v t. [ L. pro, forth, and crears, to create ] উৎপাদন-তৃ: অম্ব-তে; To generate; to propagate. Syn:—Beget, engender, breed, produce.

Procreation, pro-kre-áshun, #. উৎপাৰণ; ক্ষৰ-ক্ৰিবা, Generation; production.

Procreative, prokec-a-tiv, a. উৎপাদনকৰ; উৎ-পাদনকারী; উৎপাদনীল, জননকম; Generative; productive. n = procreativeness.

Procreative power - - जनन- निक

Procreator, prokre-s-tor, n. পিডা; জনক; কল্পাডা, A father,

Procrustean, pro-kruste-an, a. ব্যাপুৰ্বৰ আৰু বিশেৰের অন্তল্পকারী; Reducing by violence to strict conformity to a measure or model.

Progrustes, pro-kurstes, s. ation along ver:
A highway man of ancient Greece, who laid
his victims on his bed, stretching them it too
short and cutting them shorter if too long.

Prootor, proktor, ». কাহাব্যক, A manager for another:—আহাত্মিক বিবরের বিচারকিরের বোকার; An attorney in an admirality or spiritual

court :-- विकामितक वीकिनिकक वित्नव ; An officer, . who attends to the morals of the students and enforces obedience to the college regulations. expractorial, n = proctorship.

Proctorial, c. अपूर्वाइक ; Magisterial.

Procumbent, a. वज्ञानावित ; जूनावित ; जूनावित ; [ entry : That may be procured. Procurable, pre-kur'-a-bl, a. व्याननीय , मः अरनेवः Producation, s. ACME; Procurement: -- MCWA विवय-कार्वा निकान्य; The management of another's affairs.

Procurator, prokur-ब-tor, n. (बारमब नामनकर्डा ; A governor of a province under the Roman emperors :-वाडिनिन ; कार्याशक ; Agent ; one who manages another's affairs.

Procure, pro-kur', v. t. [ L. pro, for, and curare, to take care ] वाच-ए ; উপাঞ্জন-ए ; সংগ্রহ-; attiq; To obtain; to gain; to acquire. n=procuratorship. Syn:-Get, win, earn, achieve, provide, furnish; contrive, compass. Procurement, pro-kur'ment, #. व्यानहन ; नःबेर ;

প্ৰাৰি; কাৰা পৰিচালৰ; The act of procuring; bringing; management.

Procurer, pro-kur'er, n. क्लिना , खालक ; शरपेक ; ANTES; A pimp, a pander fem - procuress. Prodigal, prod'e-gal, a. [L. prodigus, from prodigere, to squander away ] অপবাধী, অমিত-বারী; অপচরী; Wasteful; lavish:—অপরিমিত; Profuse :-- n. অপচবী ব্যক্তি ; উন্তৰচতে , A spendthrift; waster. ad-prodigally. Syn:-Profuse, lavish, reckless, immoderate; excessive.

Prodigality, n. অপবাৰ; অমিভবারিভা; Waste;

extravagance; profusion.

Prodigious, pro-dife-us, a. [ L. prodigiosus, from prodigium, a prodigy ] আক্ৰাৰ্য ; অভা-इड : विश्वत्रक ; Astonishing ; marvelous :- अका ; অতি বৃহৎ; Enormous; monstrous. n=prodigiousness (বিশালতা)। ad=prodigiously ( আক্র্যারণে, Syn :- Protentous, amazing, wonderful, extraordinary, marvellous; enormous.

Prodigy, prod'e-je, n. [ L. prodigium, from prodicere, to foretell ] উৎপাত ; Portent :-- আছুত বাপাৰ ; ভাজৰ ; অভ্যানতা ঘটনা ; Wonder ; miracle; marvel: - रेक्डा; क्षान्य; Monster.

A prodigy of learning—অসাধারণ পভিত। Prodigies of valour-अनावात नीतक; Uncommon deeds of bravery.

Produce, pro-dus', o t. [ L. pro, forward, forth, and ducere, to lead ] क्रांदिक-इ; शांत्रिय-इ; To bring forward :-- डेरनास्त्र- । To bring forth; bear :- == rent ; To yield :-गरवष्टम-इ ; छेरशाय-इ ; To cause :-- वृद्धि-इ , To extend; to draw out. #=producer ( \$59194 ) | Syn :- Exhibit, show, offer; beget, procreate, engender, breed; make, originate, effect, create, furnish, give, afford, impart, render; extend, prolong; protract, lengthen.

Produce, prod'ss, n. খন; উংশতি; লাভ; That which is produced; product: - will: Proceeds. Sym :- Fruit, returns, issue, production, result, effect, consequence,

Producible, pro-dusi-bl. a. डिस्पावनीय ; वर्धनीय ; That may be generated, extended, or made. # = producibleness.

Product, produkt, n. Ecola un; Produce :-बहना ; Composition :-कार्य ; अर्थ ; Work ; effect :- ( wer) wife; In arithmetic, the result of numbers multiplied together. Sys :-Yield, proceeds, returns; result, effect, production, fruit, performance.

Production, pro-duk'shun, n. Bentun; The act of producing :-- वाक्रीन : Exhibition :-- वा উৎপদ্ধ ত্ৰবা ; উৎপত্তি ; Produce ; product ; fruit :--कर्ष ; कांगा ; Work.

Productive, pro-duktiv, a. উংপাদনকৰ; অস্ ; উৎপাদক; कननकम; উৎপাদনশীল, Generative:-टेर्लब ; Fertile :- क्रावारणांचक ; क्लावाइक ; Efficient. ad = productively. n=poductiveness. Syn:-Fruitful, generative, prolific.

Proem, proem, n. [ L. pro, before, and vimos, a way ] कृमिका ; मूलवक ; A preface ; a prelude. a = proemial. [ tion ; pollution. Profenation, n. অপবিত্র করণ; দুবণ; Desecra-Profese, pro-15h, a. [ L. profanus, without the temple ] अभवितः , अगुङ , अशर्तिक , अवत-निक्क ; Unholy; impious; impure; blasphemous:-लोकिक. Seculer:-- ७. १. अभवित- इ ; अभवावश्रत-F; To abuse anything sacred; to pollute; to debase. n=profaner, profaneness ( অপৰিত্ৰতা ) 1 ad = profanely ( অপ্ৰিক্তাৰে )। Syn :--(n) Unsanctified, unconsecrated, temporal, unhallowed impure, polluted; sacrilegious, irreligious, wicked, godless, blasphemous; common, unclean, polluted; heatherish, idolatrous.

Profane history-The history of nations in

general, called also civil history.

Profenity, pro-fane-te, n. বর্ষে অলমা, অগবিত্ত ভাৰ : Irreverence :- अवब-निका . Profane language; blasphemy. Syn:-Impiety, profaneness. Profess, pro-fes, v. t. [ L. pro, before, and fateri, to own ] अवाद्य वास-कृ, मूककार शैकाब-F. To avow publicly; to make open declaration of ; to own freely .- 519-7; To pretend: — ৰক্তা প্ৰকাশ-ক, To proclaim one's skill in. Syn :- Acknowledge; confess, own, affirm, allege, declare. Profess a religion—কোন ধর্মাবলম্বী বলিরা শরিচয়-

Profess friendship-আত্মীরতা জানান। To profess medicine—চিকিৎসা বাৰসায়-স

Professed, pro-fest, a. মুক্তকটে অসীকৃত; প্রকাশিত; থকার; Openly declared; avowed; acknowledged. ad=professedly (व्यक्तंत्रकारक)। Profession, pro-feshun, n. ৰমত প্ৰকাশ; প্ৰকাষ্টে প্ৰচাৰ; শাষ্ট অভিবাজি, Open declaration; the act of professing :-- ৰাবসার ; কর্ম ; পেলা ; Trade ;

calling :- वावनांत्री मच्चेणांत ; वावनांत्री त्वांक ; The collective body of persons engaged in profession :- বিশান ; Religious belief :- পৰ্যাৰাজ वित्यत्व वारवयः Entrance into a religious order. a - professional. Syn :- Acknowledgment ; employment, vocation, occupation, business.

By profession-wants; By occupation, according to the occupation which one follows.

Learned Profession—Law, divinity, medicine, to which may be added that of a teacher or school master.

Professional, a. ব্যবসায়-সৰ্বায়; ব্যবসায়ী।
পোৰাবাঃ Pertaining a profession — লাই বাঁকুত,
Avowed — ম. জীবিকাজনাৰ্থ ব্যবসায় বিশেষবিক্ষী।
One who, unlike an amateur, follows any profession as a regular occupation. ad=professionally.

Professor, pro-fesor, n wijive; witifi, mes. Public teacher of a science or art; one who publicly teaches any branch of learning empressorial, n = professorial.

Proffer, prof'er, v. t [ L. proferre, to bring forth ] আছাৰ-মু, দিছে চাছা . To propose, to offer for acceptance, to make an offer of — স খাৰ-অসম, প্ৰভাব . An offer made, a proposal, n=profferer. Syn—(\*) Propound

Proficience, pro-fish-ens, Proficiency, profishe-en-se, স ভন্নত, বংশান্ত, সংখাৰ, Improvement in anything .—পারদ্বিতা, Adeptness ১৮৮ —Advancement, progress, skill, dexterity mastery, accomplishment

Proficient, pro fishe ent, a. বাংগছ, বিচৰণ, সংখ্যাগায়, Well-qualified, competent — দ বিচৰণ বাজি, পাবদশ লোক, গুড়াল, One who has made advancement in any thing, an adopt Sym —(a) Skilled, skilful, versed, conversant, qualified, expert, trained, accomplished

Profile, profil, n. [L. pro, and filum a thread, outline] একৰোপা চায়, এক পাৰে প্ৰদৰ্ভত চিত্ৰ, বাহা'কায়, The outline of any object the side-face — v. গাৰ্থ ইন্তে নক্সা-কু, To draw the outline of, to draw profile

Profit, piosit, n. (L profectus, advance)
মুনাৰা, লাভ, Gain — কুজল, উপকাৰ, Bennitt, improvement — চ লাভ-কু; কন্যায়ক-কু তি improve, to be of advantage — চ লাভন্ত,
ইন্তি-কু, To gain advantage, to receive profit,
to improve. Syn — Advantage interest,
service, utility, produce returns, avals

Profit and loss - नाड (नाकमान।

Profit by—বাত-ক, To make improvement by, to gain advantage by, derive advantage from —Avail oneself of —Grow wiser by Profitable, profitable, a বাতজনক, কৰো-গৰাক, Gainful, lucrative —উপকাৰী, নলককৰ, হিতকৰ; Useful, advantageous, beneficial in profitableness. ad=profitably. Syn —Reinunerative, beneficial, productive, serviceable Profiting, n লাভ বা উপকাৰ, Gain or advantage

—উন্নতি বা পাৰদৰ্শিতা; Progress or proficiency **Profitiens**, profit-les, a লাজপুৰ, লাজগুৰ, লাজগুৰ, নিৰ্দল, Without profit, gain or advantage. a i — profitlessly, m=profitlessness

Profitgacy, profile-gas-i, Profitgateness, profile-gat-ness, n nimbi, asai, profitavi. A profitgate or vicious course of life.

Profligate, profle-gat, a. [L. profligatus, ppr. of profligare, to strike to the ground] লাভাই; ফুডজিন, আই; Dissolute, prodigal — আসায়, নিলজা, Extremely vicious:—n, লাভাই বৃদ্ধি,

ছণারিজ বৃত্তি, One leading a profligate life.
ad=profligately. Sys:—(a) Corrupt, deprayed,
vicious, wicked.

Profound, pro-found', e. [L. pro, before, forward, and fundas, the bottom ] বাটাৰ; আগাৰ; 
Very deep:—আতি গতীৰ; আগাড়; Intellectually deep.—বিশৃচ; গুড় মুকুত্ত ; Abstruse, mysterious; 
occult:—বিশাত, স্থবিজ; গ্ৰম , Lowly; intense:—

м. সমূত্ৰ, বহাবাগৰ; The sea; ocean. Sym:—(e)
Fathomless, lowly, humble; learned, penetrating, signatious, strong, intense, vivid; obscure.

Profound sleep—গাড় বিস্থা!

Profound sorrow—গাড় গোৰ

Profoundly, ad. nelamin; nelamic; Deeply; with deep concern.

Profoundness, pro-foundines, Profundity, pro-fundit-i, দ প্রভাৱ , Depth of place — প্রায়তা , Intellectual depth :—নিশুছতা , Abstruseness

Profuse, pro-fus', a. মুক্ত ; অনিজ্যালী ; কাৰ্জন ;
অই পাৰ, Produgal ; liberal to excess; very liberal — প্ৰচুৱ (opious abundant, ad-profusely (ভূব', অসুভারতাপুর্বাক) । Syn —Lavish, wasteful extravagant, diffuse, excessive, exuitarant, overabounding, plentiful.

Profuseness, pio-fusnes, Profusion, profu'rhun, n প্রাচ্যা, Rich, preat abundance —
বুক্তব্যা, অনিভ্যান্তা, অপচ্ছিতা, Extravagance,
prodigahty Sym —Profuseness, waste, excess,
exulus ance, composisness,

Progenitor, pro-pant-or, n f L pro, before, and genitor, a parent ) পূল পুৰুৰ, আদি পুৰুৰ; A forciali cr in ancestor.

Progeny, profen-t, n. 1 pro, and gignere, to beget ] সন্ধান সম্ভাত, সন্ধান প্রভাব ). Descendants, children —বশ, Race Syn:—Offspring, race, issue, breed, itok, lineage.

Prognosis, prog-nu'sis, n. [Gr pro, before, gig: osho, to know ] জন্মণ দেখিলা বোণের জাবী আবহা নিরূপণ করিবার বিদা , প্রজ্ঞান : রোপের গতি বা প্রিণাম নবজে বাপুনান , The act or art of fore telling the course of a disease from the particular symptoms.

Prognostic, prog-nostik, a. প্ৰাহতৰ; ভাবি ভাৰত কল্মচৰ, Foreshowing — শৰুম, Omen —ভাবি লক্ষ্য; পূৰ্ব হচনা, An indication. Prognosticate, prog-no tik-যা, ত / ভাবিভাৰত স্চনা-ক, ভবিষাৰ বলা, ভাবী ঘটনার জ্ঞাপন-কু, To forefell, to forelands Syn —Foretoken, broken, presage, predict.

Prognostication, prog-nos-ti-kāshun, n প্র-লগণ, প্রনিধণন, A foretaken, provious গ্লুল. Prognosticator, prog-nosti-kā-tor, n. বভাৱত লফণ্ডিং, লক্ষ্ণ ছান্না ভাবিবিষয়ক ব্যক্তি, A weather prophe?

Program, pro gram, Programme, programme, s. [Gr pro, before, and grapho, to write] সাধারণ কোম কানের সংক্তি বিষয়ণ পত্র .
কাকতান্ত্র নির্মন্ত পত্র বা বিজ্ঞাপন ; A written public notice, a brief outline of any forthcoming proceeding

Progress, progress, n. [ L. progressus, from

progradi, to go forward ] কৰণ: উন্নতি; উন্নতি; Improvement:—খালা; March; passage:—
বৃদ্ধি; Increase; growth:—প্ৰোৰ্থন; ধানান; বানান; বানান; বানান; বানান; বানান; বানান; বানানন; বানানন, বানা

Progression, pro-greshun, n. কাৰ বৃদ্ধি; Regular and gradual advance:—অৱগতি; গতি; অনে গ্ৰন্থ; The act of moving forward; pro-gress; course:—সংখ্যানির বিভানিত বৃদ্ধি বা হান; লেন্টা-ভাৰহার; Regular increase or decrease of numbers or magnitudes. a=progressional.

Arithmetical progression—সমান্তর ক্রেটা। Geometrical progression—সমন্তব ক্রেটা। Progressive, pro-gressive, c. উত্ততিশীলা; অবসামী।

Progressive, pro-gressiv, a. তহাতভা, বৰণান। কৰা বৃদ্ধি; Advancing gradually; improving. ad=progressively, progressiveness.

Prohibit, pro-hibit, v. t. [ L. pro, before, forth, and kabere, to have ] निरम-कृ, निर्मात-कृ; व्यक्तित्वार-कृ; रित्राय-कृ, To forbid; to hinder, to check; to prevent. Syn:—Inhibit, disallow, interdict; debar, preclude.

Prohibited, a. निविद् ; Forbidded.

Prohibition, pro-he-bishun, n. নিৰেশ; নিৰামণ;
প্ৰতিবেশ; The act of forbidding or interdicting;
an interdict. Sym:—Interdiction, inhibition,
disallowance, prevention. [ of goods.
Prohibitionist, n. Advocate for exclusion
Prohibitive, pro-hibitive, Prohibitory,
pro-hibit-or-i, a. নিৰামণ; নিৰেশণ ; নিৰেশণানী;
প্ৰতিবাধন : Forbidding.

Project, pro-jekt, v. 1. [ L. pro, forward, and jacere, to throw ] বিকেপ-কৃ; বাড়ান, To throw out:—কলনা-কৃ; উদ্বাবন-কৃ, বাড়ান, To devise; to plan:—অভন-কৃ, বাণান-কৃ; To draw; to exhibit:—v. s. বহিগত-হ; উপাত-হ; লখমান-হ; To shoot forward, to jut; to be prominent:—n. কলনা, মতলব; আভিন্যায়; কৌলনা A scheme; a plan; contrivance. Syn:—(v) Throw, hurl, dart, contrive, scheme, purpose, design, delineate, bulge, protrude. (n) Purpose, contrivance, device, design.

Projectile, pro-jekin, a. afree; Projecting or throwing forward impelling forward, impelled forward:—s. afree ve, A body projected by force; esp. through the air.

Projection, pro-jekshun, ম. প্রকেশন: Act of projecting:—কমনা; মতান, A plan, a design:—
চিনামন: চিনামন: কিন্তুন A representation of any object or a plan:—কম্পত আন; A part jutting out.
Syn:—Propulsion, hurling; prominence, protuberance, bulge, process; planning, designing, contriving; delineation, map.

Projector, pro-jektor, n. কর্মনাকী; Schemer.
Prolate, prolate, a. [L. pro, forth, and fero,
to bear ] অস্থানিক; বিশ্বত; Produced; extended.
Prolegomenon, n. মুখ্যক; উপক্ষানিক]; An introduction to a treatise. pl = prolegomena.

Prolepsis, n. 74 (414; Anticipation :- 474)

fitted; A rhetorical figure. a proleptic, proleptical; ad-proleptically.

Proletarish, pro-le-tari-an, a. সাৰাভ; কীড ;
ব্তর; অবন; Plebian; vulgar. [ class of people.
Proletarist, a. নিয়ত্ম শ্রেণ্ড লোক; The lowest
Prolific, pro-lifik, Prolifical, pro-lifik-al,
a. [ L., proles, offspring, and facere, to make ]
ক্রান; ক্রান; ক্রান্ড, ক্রাণ্ডান্ড; উপশাবক; Fruitful; productive, resprohibiness (উৎপাবক); fruitfulness). Syn:—Fertile, generative, teeming.
Prolix, pto-liks, a. [ L., prolixus, extended ]
কীণ্ড; ক্রাণ্ডম; ফ্রিকর; Tedious, lengthy; long.
n=prolixity, prolixness, ad=prolixity. Syn:—
Diffuse, prolonged; tiresome, wearisome.

Prolocutor, pro-luku-tor, n. [L. pro, before, and locutus, to speak] সভাপতি; The chairman of a convention.

Prologue, prolog, n. [G. prologein, to say beforehand] প্রবাবনা; প্রভান: সৌরচলিকা; A preface; the introductory poem before a play. Syn:—Prelude, proem.

Prolong, pro-long, v. t. [ L. pro, before, and longus, long ] বিলৰ-ড়; প্ৰবৃত্তিক-ড়; To continue; to postpone. Syn:—Extend, protract.

Prolongate, pro-lon'gat, v. t. বৃদ্ধিত্ব ; পাৰ্থ-ত্ব ;
আবৃদ্ধিত-ত্ব ; To lengthen. n=prolongation.

Promenade, prom-e-nad', n. [L. pro, for-wards, and mino, to drive] বিহাৰ-ছাৰ; বেড়াইবাৰ পৰ; বিহাৰ-ছাৰ; বাছাৰাৰ্থ অৰণ; A walk for amusement, show or exercise; a place for walking:—v.i. বিহাৰ-ছ; বাছাৰাৰ্থ অৰণ-ছ; To work for amusement or exercise.

Promethesn, pro-me-the-an, a. জীৰনগতি-জনীবেলস্ পেৰ-সংক্ৰান্ত, ভীৰনগাঁই; Pertaining to Prometheus, fabled in ancient mythology to have stolen fire from heaven.

Prometheus—Is said to have formed men of clay, to whom he gave life by means of fire stolen from heaven; at which Jupiter being offended sent Mercurry to bind him on mount Cocsus, and placed a vulture to torment him by continually preing on his liver.

Prominence, prome-nens, n. উচ্চতা; শইতা; ইংসো; ইতিতা; State of standing out from. Syn:—Projection, bulge, jutting; process; conspicuousness, distinction, celebrity.

Prominent, prome-nent, a. [ L. prominens, ppr. of prominers, to jut out ] সমূত্ৰত ; উপাত ; উপাত ; উপাত ; উপাত ; তালিত ; Projecting ; conspicuous :—বিখাত ; আদিত ; বাত ; Eminent ; distinguished. মাল্লাননে, prominence, prominency, ad-prominently ( স্থিনিৰ ক্ষেপ্ ; ব্যক্তিভাবে ) ! Syn :—Protuberant, jutting, remarkable, emiment, foremost, forward.

Promisouous, pro-misku-us, a. [ L. pro, and miscere, to mix ] দিখিত ; বিশ্বা ; ব্যোহিলো ; Mingled ; confused ; indiscriminate. মাল্লানানে :

Mingled ; confused ; indiscriminate. মাল্লানানে :

Mingled ; ব্যাহিল্যা ; ব্যাহিল্যা ) ! ad—promiscuously ( আছমপুর্বাক , ব্যাহিল্যা বিশ্বাব ) ! Syn :

—Mingled, huddled, disordered.

Promise, promis, n. [L. pro, forward, forth, and mittere, to send ] অৱবিধার; বীধার. এতিয়া; An engagement to do os to refiain from doing

something; a pledge:—আনা; আবানবাক);
আনাব্য : Expectation; that which affords expectation; prospect:—v. t. আয়ীকার-কু; বীকার-কু; To make an engagement to do or not to do something:—আনা-দে; দিছে প্রতিক্রত-চু; To afford reason to expect; to furnish hopes; to assure; to engage; to bestow. n=promiser, promisor. Syn:—(n) Pledge, engagement, assurance, word. (v) Assure, engage, pledge, covenant.

A youth of promise—A promising youth; a youth from whom much is expected.

Promise one's self— মতিজা-কু; বির-কু; সম্পূর্ণ বিধান-কু; To be assured; to have strong confidence.

The plan promises to be successful—
বোধ হইতেহে বে কল্লাটা সকল হইবে।

The promised land—যে স্থানে ঈশর এরাহিমের বংলোম্বতির আলা দিরাভিবেন।

To fulfil a promise—অরীকার পূর্ব-র । [promise-Promise-breach, n. অরীকার ভঙ্গ; Violation of Promise-crowned, c. Filled with promise.

Promising, a. আশাহাদ, Affording ground for hope or expectation.

Promissory, promis-or-i, a. অসীকারপূর্ণ; অসী-কার বা করার স্বাধিক; প্রতিশ্রুতি বিশিষ্ট; Containing a promise or something to be done.

Promissory note—কোৰও নিৰ্দিষ্ট সময়ে কোৰও বিশিষ্ট টাকা দিবার অসীকার পঞ্জ; বং বিশেব, A written promise to pay a certain sum at a certain time specified in consideration of value received by the promissor.

Promontory, promon-tor-i, n. [L. pro, for-ward, and mons, montis, a mountain] সম্ভনীপ:

A head-land or high cape.

Promote, pro-mot, v. t. [ L. pro, forward, and movere, to move ] উত্ত কৃ, বৰ্জন-কৃ, উত্তেজিত-কৃ, উত্তীত-কৃ; To advance; to further; to excite; to encourage; to exalt in position; to elevate. a=promotive. Syn:—Forward, further, aid; elevate, exalt, raise, prefer.

Promoter, n. উৎসাহী . সহাৰতাকারক . উৎসাহদাতা ; উদ্যোগী . প্ৰবৰ্ধক ; One who promotes ; encourager.

Promotion, pro-mo'shun, n. উন্নয়ন; উন্নতি, বৰ্জন পদোৱাতি, অত্যুদ্ধ: Advancement; encouragement; preferment. Syn:—Furtherance; exaltation elevation.

Prompt, promt, a. সহর; প্রস্তুত, ওৎপর; উদাত; কিন্দুকারী; Ready.—স্থানন্দ্রনক, প্রকুল্ল, Acting with alacrity, cheerful. n=promptness (কিন্দুলিকা)। ad=promptly (ডংকণতা; স্থাচিত)। Syn:—Expeditious, apt, agile, alert, brisk, hasty, early, timely, punctual.

Prompt, promt, v. t. [ L. promptus, pp. of promere, to bring forth | সকাৰে সাহাযা-কৃ. সহায়তা-কৃ: (বিদ্ধৃতি প্ৰৱে) পৰাখি বলিয়া বা ধরাউহা দেওৱা; ইলিভে শ্বৰণ করিয়া বেওৱা; To assist a speaker when at a loss for word; to suggest:—উত্তেজিত-কৃ: প্ৰোৎ-সাহিত-কৃ: To incite, to excite to action; to move to action. ্ৰিপ্ৰল':—Incite, instigate; remind, dictate,

Prompt-book, s. The book used by the person who assists or prompts the player.
Prompter, n. বে বাজি কথা সমৰ কৰাইয়া-বে; উত্তরনামক; উথোৰক; সামক; One who prompts.
Prompting, s. ইনিভ; (বিশ্বতি কথা) বনিয়া
বেৰবা; The act of suggesting; that which is prompted or suggested.

Promptitude, promte-tild, n. উৎসভা; কিল্ল-ভারিতা; তৎপরতা; কিল্লতা; সংবতা; উন্যোগ; Readiness; quickness of decision and action. Syn:
—Promptness, alacrity, activity, briskness.

Promulgate, pro-mulgat, e. t. আচার-কু: প্রকাশ-কু: থোবণা-কু: To publish: to proclaim. n=promulgator (প্রকাশক; প্রচারক) ৷ Syn:—Announce, declare, proclaim, spread, disseminate.

Promulgation, pro-mulgashun, n. হাচার; বোৰণা; প্রত্যাধান; Publication; open declaration Prone, pron, a. প্রবণ; উৎস্ক ; হেনিড: প্রবৃত্ত; Inclined; disposed:—মানড; নড; Bending forward, bent; not erect:—মধ্যেমুখ; Lying with the face downward. n=proneness (প্রবৃত্তা; তিংকা)। ad=pronely. Syn:—Tending, apt; sloping, inclining; prostrate, flat, recumbent. Be prone to—(ভাল নহে প্রমূভ্য ) কোন দিকে কোন বাংকা; Be disposed to (something not good or desirable).

Prong, prong, n. তীদ্ধার অয়; কাটা, A sharp pointed instrument; the spike of a fork.

Pronominal, pro-nominal, a. সকাৰাৰ সৰ্ভাৱ; সকাৰাৰ বটিড; Belonging to or of the nature of a pronoun.

Pronoun, pro'nown, n. সকাৰাৰ, A word used Pronounce, pro-nound, v.f. উচাৰৰ-কৃ; To speak distinctly, to utter:—বাড-কৃ; বিকৃতা-কৃ; Deliver:—এচার-কৃ, বলা; To declare. n=pro-nounce. a=pronounced (লাই; আনলিছ)! Syn:—Articulate, speak, enunciate, express.

Pronounce sentence of death--- वान्तरका

Pronounceable, pro-nown'a-bl, a. উভাৰণ বোগা, উভাৰণ সাধা, Capable of being pronounced.

Pronouncing, pro-nownling, a. উচ্চারণ-শিকা দারক; উচ্চারণ-প্রদর্শক; Giving pronunciation.

Pronunciation, pro-nun-si-áshun, n. উচ্চারণ, উচ্চারণ প্রণালী; পাঠ-প্রণালী; Utterance; act or mode of pronuncing.

Proof, proof, n. [F. preuve, from epreuver, to try] প্ৰমাণ; Evidence:—পৰীকা; Trial, test:
—কৃত্য ; Firmness:—সপ্ৰমাণ কৰণ, Experiment:
—হাগাৰ জুল সংশোধন কৰিবাৰ কত মুক্তিত গৱ; গৰীকা গৱ; Proof-sheet:—a. বাধা নিতে সকৰ; প্ৰতিয়োধক; Firm in resisting. Syn:—(n) Experiment, assay, ordeal; demonstration, attestation, testimony, evidence.

Fire-proof-well

He is proof against temptation—আনাজৰ ভাষাৰ চিডাৰিকার উৰণায়ৰ করিতে পাৰে ৰা :
In proof of—অনাণ বৰুণ; As an evidence of.
Proof against, Proof to—উপহাস বিশ্বভাষানিতে
বাবৰ, Able to resist the power:—স্বতেসা; Impervious to.

Put to the proof-view visit (vi); Test, try; prove the truth or genuineness of something by trial.

The burden of proof—কোন বিষয় প্রমাণ করিবার ভার: The obligation of proving a statement. This cheet is proof against fire—আভণে এই সিশ্বকের কিছু ক্রিতে পারে না, ইহা অগ্রি-নিছ।

Water-proof-बनारहमा।

Proof-house, n. House for trying guns or gunpowder. [evidence. Proofless, a. অপ্রাণিক: Wanting sufficient Proof-sheet—পরীকা পত্র; আবর্ণ বরূপ বর-বৃত্তিত

কাৰক; Kirst impression for correction. Proof-spirit, n. প্রীকিত হ্বা; Half alcohol and half water. [ proving a doctrine.

half water. (proving a doctrine.

Proof-text, n. A passage of scripture for

Prop, prop, v. f. chain-বে; অবলঘৰ বাবা বাঢ়া
বাধা; ধরিবা বাধা; To support; to sustain:—কলাড়; To save from ruin:—n. ধোঁচা; গুঁট; আলা;
অবলঘৰ; A support; a stay; pole. Syn:—(v)

Stay, uphold, maintain, shore up. (n) Stay,
buttress, shore, strut, staff, pillar.

Propagands, n. বোম লগবের জীইর বাজক-সমাজ বিশেষ; কোন বিশেষ মত প্রচারের ব্যবস্থা, Institution for spreading Roman Catholicism; the revolutionary cabal.

Propagandism, prop-a-gandizm, শ. মত প্রচার; কোন বিশেষ বডের প্রচার, The art or practice of propagating tenets or principle.

Propagandist, prop-a-gand'ist, n. 4505144; One who devotes himself to propagandism.

Propagate, prop'a-gat, v. i. আন্ত-কু; উৎপাদন-কু,
উৎপাল-কু; To produce:—বিভার-কু; আনানিত-কু;
বিভারিত-কু; To spread; to extend; to diffuse:
— . i. উৎপাল-টু; To be produced or multiplied:
— শাসক; বংশবৰ্জক)। Syn:—Breed, generate, multiply, continue, increase; disseminate, promote.
Propagation, prop-a-gashun, n. অনন; উৎপত্তি;
উৎপাদন; Reproduction:—বচান্ত; বিভান্ত; আনান্ত্রণ, Extension; dissemination. Syn:—Production, generation, breeding, multiplication, increase, continuance; enlargement, diffusion.

Propel, pro-pel, v. t. [ L. pro, forward, and pello, to drive ] আন ঠেলিয়া-দে; চালিড-কু, অবাধিত-কু; অফিন্ত-কু; To urge forward.

Propeller, pro-pel-ér, n. আয়েছ ভাইন চাকা; চালৰ-চক; পরিচালৰ; বাপীয় আহাল বাহার আবর্তনে চালিত হয়; A screw for propelling a steam-boat. Propense, a. বাৰণ; অযুদ্ধ; Inclined; disposed. ad=propensely.

Propensity, pro-pense-te, n. [L. pro, and pendere, to hang] বৃত্তি; প্রবৃত্তি; প্রবৃত্তি; বাহাৰিক প্রবৃত্তি; Inclination; disposition; natural tendency. Syn:—Bias, proclivity, proneness.

Lower propensities—নিকৃষ্ট গায়তি সকল।
Proper, prop'er, a. উপযুক্ত; উচিত; কৈ; সকত;
Right; becoming:—খকীয়; নিজেয়; আগনায়,
One's own:—বিশেষ; Peculiar:—খাতাবিক;
Natural. admproperly (সম্পূৰ্মণে; টিক্মণে; fitly).
#=properness. Syn:—Fit, befitting, suitable,
meet, seemly, decent, appropriate, legitimate,

just ; judividual, particular, peculiar, special.

A proper noun—special:

Property, prop'er-tp, n. feet; some: An estate.—feet est; A peculiar or essential quality:—est; Quality:—est; estate: Ownership:—pl. essentials estate: Articles required by actors in a play. Syn:—Attribute; goods, possessions, riches, wealth.

Personal property—অৱাৰৰ নশান্তি। Real property—হাৰৰ নশান্তি।

Property man, n. One who has charge of play-house trappings. [estates and goods. Property tax, n. নাভির উন্ম কয়: Tax on Propheoy, professe, n. [G. propheteia, from prophemi, to foretell] ভবিষ্যাপ্ত : A prediction:
— শিকা: Instruction. Syn:—A foretelling, prognostication, vaticination, divination.

Prophesy, prof'e-si, p. f. ভবিষাৎ বলা; ভাবী বিষয় বনা; To foretell; to predict:—p. i. ভবিষাৎ বাক্য কহা; To utter predictions:—ৰাদ্মাণবেশ-বে; ধৰ্ম-লচাৰ-কৃ; To preach.

Prophet, profet, n. seasys; statel : One who prophesises; a foreteller. fem=prophetess. Prophetio, pro-fetik, Prophetioal, pro-fetikal, a. seasys; Foreseeing or foretelling events. ad=prophetically. [vative.

Prophylactic, a. নিৰাজক; Preventive; preser-Propinquity, pro-ping'kwe-te, n. [ L. propinquus, near, neighbouring ] বৈষ্ঠা; আজি ; Nearness; proximity; kindred. Syn:—Neighbourhood, proximity, vicinity; kindred, affinity. [ may be propitiated.

Propitiable, pro-pishi-a-bl, a. প্রায় ; That Propitiate, pro-pishe-at, v. t. [ L. propitius, favourable ] প্রায় ; To appease ; to render favourable :—v i. প্রায় ভিত্ত ; To atone ; to make propitiation. n=propitiator. Syn:—Conciliate, reconcile.

Propitiation, pro-pish-i-Ashun, ন. ভূটা করণ; প্ৰশিক্ষ ; Act of propitiating ; reconciliation :— প্ৰাৰ্থিত ; Atonement.

Propitiatory, pro-pishi-a-tor-i, e. আনরকারী; আয়ন্তিকারী; Having power to propitiate; expiatory:—n. ইহনীদিনের অমুত্রহান্ত্র; The Jewish mercy-seat.

Propitious, pro-pishe-us, a. অপুৰুষ; ধানা; ভাষা; Favourable, kind. n-propitiousness. ad-propitiously. Syn:—Benign, benevolent, friendly; auspicious, lucky, fortunate.

Proponent, pro-po nent, a. ( L. pro, forward, and pono, to place ] প্রধানকারী; Proposing:—». প্রধানকারী; One who makes a proposal.

Proportion, pro-pūr'shun, n. [L. pro, in comparison, with, and portio, part, share] আৰু নোঠৰ; Symmetrical arrangement:—সমান বা এক আৰু. Equal or just share:—সমান ; Relation, adaptation:—In math. the equality or similarity of ratios:—v. t. বিস্থান-কৃ; আৰ-কৃ; To adjust, to form symmetrically.

In proportion to—কোৰ কিছুৱ সহিত সমান পরি-মাণে; বে পরিমাণে দেই পরিমাণে; Equal in amount or degree to. In proportion—cq affaird; According as; to the degree that.

Out of proportion to—অসমত পরিবাধে অধিক; Immensely great considering.

Proportionable, pro-por'shun-a-bl, a. সবাস্থ-পাৰৰ-সাধ্য; That may be proportioned. adproportionably.

Proportional, pro-por'shum-al, a. সৌহৰ সভাই; সৰাসুণাডিক; Relating to proportion:—আখুণাডিক মাশি; In math. having the same or constant ratio. ad—proportionally. n=proportionality.

Proportionate, a. নামজত-সভার; নমাসুপাতিক; Proportional. ad-proportionately.

Proposal, pro-potal, n. etwis; Anything proposed; offer. Sys:—Proposition, tender, overture.

Propose, pro-poz. v. t. [ L. preponere, propositum, to put forth ] evel - ; To offer for consideration :-- v. i. awin- ; To make a proposal: —विवाह क्षिएं क्षांव-इ ; To offer one's self in marriage. Syn :- Propound, move, proffer, tender; purpose, intend, design. [ or purpose. To propose to oneself—মতলৰ-কু: To intend Proposition, prop-5-zishun, n. 4414; Proposal, offer :- effew ; Sentence in which something is affirmed :- afom; In rhetoric, anything stated as a subject :- a. In mathematics, a statement in terms either of a truth to be demonstrated or of an operation to be performed. a-propositional. Syn :- Suggestion, overture, tender; position, thesis, statement. declaration.

Propositional, a. প্রভাব বা প্রতিক্রাস্থ্যীয়; প্রতিক্রা-বরুণ; Considered as a proposition.

Propound, pro-pownd', v. t. [ L. pro, forth, and pono, to place ] প্রধান-ক; প্রসম্ভ-ক; প্রদান-ক; সি propose or offer for consideration; to exhibit, n=propounder.

Proprietor, pro-pri'ctor, n. নথাৰিকাৰী; অধিকাৰী, বানী; An owner. n=proprietorship. (অধিকাৰ সম)। feg = proprietress.

Proprietory, pro-prie-tor-i, a. वर्षकांत्र त्रकोत ; Belonging to an owner:—#. वानी ; वर्षकांत्र ; An owner.

Proprietory right—অধিকারনত্ব; ভ্রাধিকার। Proprietress, n. অধিকারিকী; বানিনী; Fem. of proprietor.

Propriety, prö-pri'ete, ন. উণ্যুক্তা; উচিডা; Fitness:—ৰবিশান ; সপতি ; Peculiar right or possession, property. Syn:—Correctness, accuracy, appropriateness, justness, reasonableness, decorum.

Propulsion, n. পরিচান্স , The act of propelling. Propulsive, s. পরিচান্সক ; Tending or having power to propel.

Prorogation, n. ব্যাকেণ; Adjournment of parliament; postponement:—ব্যাকেণ্য; The act of proroguing.

Prorogue, pro-rōg', v. t. [ L. pro, forward, and rogo, to ask ] বাংকণ-ড়; বাংকিও-ড়; চনিত রাখা; To adjourn for some time, to prolong; to postpone.

Pros and come অধুকুল ৰখা ৰাতিকুল যুক্ত ;
Arguments for or against :- আভালাভ ; Advantages and disadvantages.

Prosaic, pro-za'ik, Prosaical, pro-zaik-al, a. বৰা সম্বাম; বৰ্ষণ; Pertaining to prose; like prose:—নীয়স; Dull. admprosaically.

Froscenium, n. অভিনয়নকের নমুখভান; The front part of the stage.

Prosoribe, pro-skrib, w. t. [ L. pro, before, and scribere, to write ] বুড়াখ-(খ; To condemn to death:—ব্য়ড-কু; নিবানিড-কু; To banish:
—নিবেশ-কু; To reject; interdict; denounce:—
(বাবারোশ-কু; To denounce. n=proscriber. Syn:
—Denounce, outlaw; exclude, prohibit; condemn, denounce.

Proscription, pro-skrip'shun, #. বাণ্যত কৰা; বিকাশন; The act of dooming to death; outlawry:—সম্পূৰ্ণ প্ৰিভাগ; Utter rejection. Sym: —Banishment; condemnation; denunciation; interdiction, exclusion, prohibition.

Proscriptive, pro-skrip'tiv, s. বিৰ্থানৰ বা পৰিকাশ ঘটত অধবা ভংগমবিত; Pertaining to or consisting in, proscription; prescribing.

Proselst, ল. গল্য-লেখক; A writer of prose.

Prose, prox, n. [ L. pro, forward, verto, versum; to turn ] গল্য; All words not in verse:—

a. গল্যায়; সরল; দীরস; Not poetical; plain; dull ——. ে গল্য লেখা, গল্য রচনা-ক; To write prose:—এনন ভাবে কথা কছা বা লেখা যাহাতে লোক বিরক্ত হয়; বিরক্তকরন্তাশ লেখা বা খলা; To speak or write tediously.

Prosecute, proie-kit, v. i. [ L. pro, forward, and sequi, to follow ] অনুসরণ-ড়. To follow up; continue:—অভিবোগ-ড়. To pursue by law:—
v. i. অভিবোগ-ড়; বোৰজনা চালান; To carry on a legal prosecution. Syn.—Continue, pursue, persist in, arraign.

Prosecution, pros-e-kü'shun, ল. অধুসরণ; অনুচান, Pursuit:—অভিবোগ, ঘোকসবা; A civil or criminal suit.

Prosecutor, prośe-kūt-or, n. অভিযোকা; অসু-সর্বাকারী; One who carries on a criminal suit. fem=prosecutrix. [মভাবন্ধী; Convert. Proselyte, prośe-lit, n. ব্যশ্তাণী; অন্ত বৰ্ষ Proselytise, prośe-lit-iź, v. f. অন্ত বৰ্ষাবন্ধী-য়; To make proselytes; to convert. n=proselytism.

Proselytism, prose-lit-izm, a. ভিন্ন বৰ্ণ বা মতাবলবী করণ; The act of making converts.

Prosodial, Prosodical, a. হলপায় সম্বীর; হলপায়াস্বামী; Pertaining to prosody. adprosodically.

Prosodian, pros-ö'dian, Prosodiat, prosodiet, স. হলপায়াভিজ ; হলপায়ল পাতত ; One skilled in prosody.

Prosody, proso-di, n. [Gr. pros. to, and ode, a song ] ছলপ্ৰকাৰ; ছলপায়; Laws of accent, quantity, rhythm &c. as = prosodial, prosodical.

Prosopoposia, pros-o-po-pe'ya, ম. অভেজন পৰাৰ্থে ডেজন ধৰ্ণাৰোপ ; সমানোভি অল্বছাৰ , Personification. Prospect, prospekt, n. [ L. prospectus, from prospicers, to look forward ] पूज ; A view; a scene :—पूरिशाहत करान ; A field of view :— आना ; Anticipation ; expectation :—v. f. आर्थ- ; To search for. Syn:—(n) Survey; show, display, vision, perspective, landscape, scene; presumption, promise, hope.

Prospecting, n. afile whereas wearet an factor wreat; The act of searching a district for gold or silver mines.

Prospection, n. ভাৰী অভাবের জন্ত সংখ্যান কয়ণ; The act of looking forward for future wants.

Prospective, pro-spektiv, a. ভবিষাৎ সম্মীয়; Relative to the future:—প্রগর্ক, দ্রদনী; Acting with foresight, circumspect. ad - prospectively. Prospectus, pro-spektus, n. অষ্টাৰ পত্ত; A programme of arrangements.

Prosper, prosper, v. t. হ্থী-ড়; To make fortunate or happy:—v. t. সকল-ছ, কৃতকাধা-ছ, সমূজিশালী-ছ; শ্বিদ্ধি-ছ, To succeed; to be successful; to thrive; to flourish.

Prosperity, pros-per'i-ti, n. অভ্যাদঃ সমৃতি, সাকলা, সৌভাগা, Success; good fortune: -- উন্নতি; Advancement.

Mad with prosperity—এবর্ণানত।

Prosperous, prosper-us, a. [L. prosperus, answering to hope] অৰুক্ল; Favourable:—
নয়মানা ন, প্ৰায়ক্ত; Flourishing:—নকল; Successful. Syn:—Thriving, fortunate, lucky, favourable, auspicious, propitious.

Prostitute, prostitut, n. (L. pro, before, statuo, to place ] বেখা; মৰ্থ লোভে ছ্ছাৰ্য্যন্ত লোভ ; Strumpet; counteran; a base hireling:—v.t. নেখা বৃত্তিতে কোন শ্বীলোককে মুণ্ডৰ কৰা; মৰ্ম লোভে ছুৰ্খ্যন্ত কুল শ্বীলোককৈ মুণ্ডৰ কৰা; মৰ্ম লোভে ছুৰ্খ্যন্ত কুল যাত let out for hire wrongfully on upon vile terms; to sell to leudness:—a. বেখা বৃত্তিতে হত; অকান্তে ব্যভিচারিনী; Openly devoted to leudness.

Prostitution, pros-ti-tū'shun, n. বেছাবৃত্তি; Common leudness of a female:—বেছাফীবন; The life of a leud woman:—নীচবৃত্তিতা; অপব্যবহার, The being devoted to infamous purposes.

Prostitutor, n. যে আপনাকে বা অপরকে নীচকার্য্যে নিয়েজিত করে; One who prostitutes either himself or another.

Prostrate, proitrat, a. [ L. pro, before, and sternere, to throw down ] ভূমিতে পতিত; পরাৰ, ভক্তিবে প্রবন্ধ : Lying at length; lying at mercy:—v. t. ভূমিনাং-ক; শানিত-ক; To throw forward on the ground; to lay flat:—ছৰ্কন-ক; বিশ্বত-ক; বিশ

Prostration, pros-tráshun, n. ভ্ৰিমাৎ করণ; নারিক করণ; Act of throwing down or laying flat:—সম্পূর্ণ করেন্ডা; Complete loss of strength:—উল্যান্ড ল'; নিরালা; Dejection:—সাইকি প্রণান; ভক্তিবাবে প্রণতি; Act of falling down in adoration. Syn:—Overthrow, destruction, demolition, depression, exhaustion.

Prosy, proži, a. নীরস; বিরক্তিকর; Dull and tedious in discourse or writing:—গদ্যবিং; Like prose, neeprosiness.

Protean, prote-an, a. नव्यनी; Assuming different shapes like Proteus, the sca-god, fabled to have the power of assuming variety of forms.

Protect, pro-tekt, v. f. [L. pro, and tegers, to

cover] ৰকা-ভ ; জালিভ-ড় ; To defend ; to shelter ; to shield. Syn:—Guard, preserve, save,

Protection, pro-tekshun, n. মুখা; মুকৰ; আলা ; Preservation; refuge; defence:—মুখাৰারী; That which protects:—ছাড় চিট্টি; Pass port. Syn:—Guard, shelter, refuge, security, nafety. Protectionist, pro-tekshun-ist, n. বিবিশ্বহার ধারা বাণিলা মুখাৰ পৃষ্ঠপোৰক; One who favours the protection of trade by law.

Protective, pro-tektiv, n. বকাকারী; আত্রবাজী; Affording protection; sheltering.

Protector, pro-tektor, n. বক্ষক; অভিভাৱক; One who protects from injury or oppression; a guardian:—ৰাভ্জতিনিধি; A regent. fem=pro-tectress, protectrix. n=protectorship.

Lord protector, n. A title applied to Oliver Cromwell during the period of his government of Great Britain and Ireland.

Protectoral, protektor-al, Protectorial, pro-tek-tu'rial, a ব্ৰহ্ম বা বাচপ্ৰতিনিধি সম্বায়; Pertaining to a protector or regent.

Protectorate, pro-tektor-রা, n. বালপ্রতিনিধি শাসন; উপরিজন ব্যক্তির প্রভূত; The government by a protector.

Protege, pro-ta-zha, n. [Fr. proteger, to protect] ছাত্ৰ; আজিত ব্যক্তি; প্রণাগত ব্যক্তি; নাবালক; A pupil; a ward. fem = protegec.

Protein, n. অৱসার; অরম্ব ; Albumen.

Protest, pro-test, v. i. [ L. pro, before, and testari, to te-tify] সাই প্রকাশ-কু; প্রতিবাদ-কু; সর্কাশমক বলা. To declare openly; remonstrate:—v. f. প্রতিবাদ-কু; সাকী ইইডে জাহান-কু; To make a solemn declaration:—To note, as a Bill of Exchange from nonacceptance or non-payment:—n. সাই প্রতিবাদ, নিশ্বিত অন্পর্যতি; A solemn declaration:—The attestation by a notory public of an unpaid or unaccepted bill. n=protester. Syn:—(v) Affirm, asseverate, assert, aver, attest, testify, declare, profess.

Enter one's protest against—মতি গড়ীরভাবে আপত্তি-ছ; মূবে বা লিখিয়া অসমতি প্রকাশ-ছ; Solemnly object to.

Protest against—প্ৰকাশ্তৰণে (অধিকাংশ ছবে লিখিয়া) আপত্তি-কৃ; Object to something in a public or formed manner, generally in writing. Under protest—অসমতি অকাশ প্ৰকাশ ; Making a declaration denying the justice of some cause or demand.

Protestant, protest-tant, n. রোম্যান ক্যাথলিক-দিগের বিক্রবাদী বৃষ্টান; One who protests against the Church of Rome:—a. প্রতিবাদকারী; বিক্রব-বাদী; Pertaining to the faith of those who protest against the Church of Rome.

Prostestantism, profes-tant-izm, ন. রোমীয় ধর্মের বিরোধী ধর্মমত ; The Protestant religion. Protestation, prot-es-táshun, ন. প্রভিয়ায় ; প্রভিয়াপুর্কার প্রকাশ ; A solemn protest ; remonstrating :-- लक मनर्थन विवत्रक अवडाह्न ; A declara-

Protocol, pro to-kol, n. [Gr. protos, first, and kolla, glue] আৰি ৰেখা, গলিলের থসড়া; মুনাৰিখা;
The first copy of a document.

Protomartyr, n. মত বিশেবের সমর্থনার্থ প্রথম ক্লেভোড়া; The first who suffers in any cause. Protophyte, n. মর্কামিরভৌগুর উদ্ভিদ্; The lowest

order of plants.

Protoplasm, দ. জীবনের জড়ীয় ভিত্তি; জৈবনিক; A coating of matter deposited on the inside of the cells of the cellular tissue, from which the cell nuclei are formed.

Prototype, pro'to-tip, ন. আদৰ্; আফল, মুল;
নমুলা; An examplar; a pattern.

Protozoan, ন. সর্বা নিম্নেশীর জীবসমূহের অভ্যন্তর ; One of the lowest order of animals.

Protosoic, a. জীব্যা সংক্রান্ত; Pertaining to the protozoans.

Protract, pro-trakt, v. t. [ L. pro, forward, and trahere, to draw ] विषय-कृ; To prolong, delay. n=protraction. Syn:—Continue, extend. Protracted struggle—नीर्याची विवान।

Protractor, n. দীৰ্ঘল হায়িকগণ; বিলম্ব; বাকে-প্ৰ; The act of prolonging; the delaying of the termination of a thing.

Protractive, pro-traktiv, a. বিশ্বকারী, ব্যাকে-

Protraction, n. কোণ-পৰিমাণক বছৰিবেৰ; A mathematical instrument for laying down angles:—বিশ্বকারক, আকেণ্ড; One who protracts.

Protrude, pro-tròòd', v. t. [ L. pro, forth, and trudere, to thrust ] বাহিত্ৰ-কু, বহিনত-কু; To thrust forwards; to drive along, to put out:—v. i. ৰহিনত-হু; বাহিত্ৰ-হু; To be thrust forward.
n=protrusion (বহিন্নত্ব; নির্নত্ব)। Syn:—Shoot, project, bulge.
[ being protruded.
Protrusion, n. বহিন্নত্ব; নির্নত্ব; The state of Protrusivo, a. বহিন্নত্ব; নির্নত্ব; বিভাতক বা পরিচালক; Thrusting or impelling forward.

Protuberance, pro-tuber-ans, n. উলাডাংশ; আৰ; ne; A prominence; a tumour. Syn:—Projection, knob, lump, swelling, excrescence.

Protuberant, pro-tuber-ant. a. কাড , উলাজ

Protuberant, pro-tuber-ant, a. কাড, উলাড, Swelling; prominent. ud=protuberantly.

Protuberate, pro-tuber-at, v. i. [L pro, forward, and tuber, a swelling ] কাড-হ; উলাড
, To swell or bulge out.

Proud, proud, a. অহনুত; অহনারী; দান্তিক.
Haughty; arrogant:—সাহসিক; Daring:—
নহৎ; সমারোহবিশিষ্ট; বাফাডম্বরপ্রিয়; আড্মবশালী,
Grand; ostentatious. ad=proudly (গ্রিক্ডভাবে;
অহমারপ্রিক)। Syn:—Conceited, vain, supercilious, elated, boastful, arrogant, imperious,
presumptuous; lofty, splendid, magnificent.

Be proud of, Pride oneself on—কোন কিছুতে গৰিত-হ ; Feel or manifest pride in.

Proud-flesh, prowd'-flesh, n. আচিন; কতে নাসেবৃদ্ধি, A growth or excrescence of flesh in a wound.

Proudish, a. कि निवाद ; Somewhat proud.

Provable, proova-bl, a. ধ্বনাবোগ; ধানাণ; ধানাণ; ধানাণ; বানাণ; That may be proved. ad= provably, n=provableness.

Prove, proov, v. t. [ L. probare, to try, prove ]
পরীকা-কৃ; To test:—গ্রামান-কৃ; To try by experiment; to værify:—প্রতিপাদন-কৃ; To establish:
—ন্ত-কৃ; ভোগ-কৃ; To suffer; experience:—v. t.
পরীকা-কৃ; To make trial:—গ্রামাণিত-হ; বঙ্গা; To
turn out; to become:—পরে আদর্শিত-হ; পরে
কার্শিত-হ; To be shewn afterwards. n=prover.
Syn:—Examine, assay; evince, show, demonstrate, justify, manifest, confirm.

Provender, proven-der, n. প্ৰাণিয় ভকা ওছ ভূমাণি ; জাব ; Fodder ; dry food for beasts as

hay or corn.

terms.

Proverb, proverb, n. [ L. pro, and verbum, a word ] হেবাল ; প্রবাদবাকা ; প্রকেকা ; Common saying ; a byword ; maxim. Syn:—Aphorism, apothegm, adage, saw, byword.

Pass into a proverb—লোক প্ৰসিদ্ধ-ছ; Become proverbial; be current as a proverb; become a by-word.

To a proverb—সে বিবন্ধ এত প্রসিদ্ধ বে ডাঙ্গ সকলেই কানে; So as to be universally acknowledged or spoken of as such.

Proverbial, pro-verbi- il, a লোক্পসিদ্ধ . সর্বাচন-ক্ষিত ; Widely spoken of ; univers illy spoken of ; common as a proverb. ad—proverbially.

Provide, pro-vid', v t. [ L. pro, before, and videre, to sec ] প্ৰস্তুত কৰিবা ৰাণা, বোগান, পূপ ইতে সংগ্ৰহ-কু; To prepare, to supply, to procure beforehand:—v.i. সৰবৰাহ-কু, To procure supplies:—উপায় কৰেলখন-কু; To take mea sures:—পূৰ্ব্ধ চুক্তি-কু; To stipulate previously. Syn:—Arrange, get, collect, furnish, cater.

Provide against—কোন বিপদ হইতে বক্ষা পাইবাৰ জন্ম উপান অবশ্বন-ফু, কোন অনিষ্ট না ঘটে প্ৰাতে ভাহাৰ উপাৰ কবিৱা ৰাখা; Take measures beforehand for counteracting or escapaing any evil.

Provide for - পূৰ্ব্য হুইতে সতৰ্ক-হ; To take care beforehand: —বোগান: Supply - কোন কিছুর উপাৰ-কু; Take steps for: —লীবিকা নিৰ্বাহেন্দ্ৰ উপাৰ ক্ষিয়া দেৱলা; Supply one with the means of earning livelihood:—কোন কিছুব ব্যবহা-কু, Meet. Provide with—চবিবাতে আবহান কুইতে পারে এমন জিনিস বোগাড় করিয়া দেৱলা, Procure beforehand for future use (implying care or calculation). Provided that, conj. বিদ; এই সর্ব্ধে বে; On condition, on the condition that; upon these

Providence, provi-dens, ক. সমলোচিত আমোজন; Timely preparation:—মিতব্যমিতা; Frugality:— পরিণামন্ত্রিতা; প্রন্তর্কিতা, Foresight:—বিধাতার পর্যবেক্ষণ; ইম্বরের পরিণামন্ত্রিতা ও বিধান; The foresight and care of God over all his creatures:— বিধাতা; God.

Provident, prove-dent, a. পরিপানদর্শী; Providing for the future; prudent:—সতক; Careful; cautious:—বিভয়নী; Economical. Syn:—Forecasting, cautious, discreet, considerate, prudent, frugal, thrifty.

Providential, prov-i-defishal, ब, देन्स्वीन ;

देशका: अविक ; Effected by, or proceeding from divine providence. ad providentially. Province, provins, n. [L. pro, before, and vincere, to conquer] atten; strain wit; A portion of an empire :- # A region :-कर्पना कर्प ; कार्ग ; Any business or duty :- कान विकास : A department of knowledge :- वाकांत्र ; One business or calling:-এলেকা; স্বাধিকার; The proper sphere. Syn :- Department, section; colony, dependency; business, function, duty, part, post, charge.

Provincial, pro-vuhshal, a. लाएनिक : लाक्निक : Relating to a province :-- ज्ञांमा ; चन्छा ; Rude, unpolished:-- \*. প্ৰদেশীৰ লোক; আম্য লোক; An inhabitant of a province or country district.

ad=provincially.

Provincialism, pro-vinshal-ism. n. sivis প্রাদেশিক বিভিন্নতা : কণিত ভাষার বিশেষত : A mode of speech peculiar to a province or country district; a peculiarity of dialect.

Provision, pro-viction, n. fagu : Stipulations : conditions :-- ब्राम्बावस ; Preparation :-- pl. बामा সংগ্ৰহ ; সভার . A store of food. Syn :-- Preparation, arrangement; food, supplies, victuals, stock, store, hoard, fund; proviso, clause.

Provisional, pro-vishun-al, c. अवकातीन : माय-विक : अशि ; विक्रानित क्छ तान्ति : Temporary : conditional. ad=provisionable ( जानाडड: ) !

Provisional government-Temporary government during a revolution.

Provisional registration-Conditional registration of a company.

Provision-dealer, n. (प्राकानमात : मुपि : A grocer or shop-keeper who retails articles of food of daily use.

Proviso, pro-vi'10, n. wirstan; The act of providing :- সর্ভ ; নিখম ; করার ; Terms settled :-केशाय, Measures tiken beforehand. pl=provisos. Provisor, n সৰবৰাঃ কারক, One who provides. Provisory, pro-vi'701-i, a. निरम्बद : Condi-

tional :- मानविक ; क्षात्रांशो , Temporary. Provocation, prov-o-Lashun, n. Alta wind. কোণোদীপন, উত্তেজনা; Act of provoking, that which provokes. Syn :- Incitement, stimu-

lant, annoyance, grievance, vexation, insult. Provocative, pro-vo'ka-tiv, a. धरदाक ; Tending to provoke or excite :- n. উত্তেक : Any thing which provokes : stimulant. Provoko, pro-vok, v.t. [ L. pro, forth, and vocare, to call ] 3 95-7; To irritate; to make angry :- উর্বেজিত-কু, উদ্দীপিত-কু; To excite :-वित्रक्ष-कृ, To offend:—( महत्र्व ) ब्लाक्शन-कृ; To challenge. ad = provokingly. Syn :- Incite, stimulate, awake, exasperate, offend, incense, anger, vex. [ \* ; Exciting anger. Provoking, a. त्कारपामी नक ; (बारपामी नक , विव्रक्ति-Provost, proviust, n. क्ट्रेसएडव अवान गांखिनकक ; शायक विरागव ; शतिवर्गक ; The head of a Scotch town, college, chapter or other body. n-pro-

vostship ( প্রভারের পদ )। Lord Provost-बाबिएड्रेटिन डिशांवि निर्मन ; The style of the chief magistrates of Edinburgh &c.

Provost-marshal, #. रेमजनित्र जावनकावन শিধাইবার ভারপ্রাপ্ত কর্মচারী; শাত্তিবক্ক; A military officer who preserves discipline :-- विकित्तक ভত্বব্যায়ক নৌ-কৰ্মচারী; A naval officer who has charge of prisoners. The forepart of a ship. Prow, prow, n. জাহাজের অগ্রভাগ; পোডাগ্রভাগ; Prowess, prow'es, r. [ L. probus, good, excellent ] পরাক্রম ; বিক্রম , বীর্ষা ; পৌক্র ; সাত্স ; Bravery, especially in valour. Syn:-Intrepidity, heroism, courage, gallantry.

Prowl, prowl, v. i निकात वा बुक्तब बादवनार्व बन्द-क ; To rove in search of prey or plunder. Proximate, prokie-mat, a. [ 1,. proximatus, pp. of proximare, to come near | sarafes: সন্নিহিত ; আসন্ত ; Next , immediately preceding or following ; near ; immediate , direct. ad - proximately (প্রার; নিকট নিকট )। Syn :- Nearest, closest.

Proximate cause—সমীপৰত কাৰণ. That which immediately preceds and produces the effect; opposed to remote or mediate.

Proximity, proks-imit-i, n. निक्छा ; नाविश ; Immediate nearness. [ the next (month). Proximo, proksi'-mo, n. পরবর্তী মাসাস্থর্গত ; In Proxy, prokie, n, वाजिनिध ; वाजिनिधिष : One who acts for another. Syn :- Agent, substitute, representative, deputy.

Prude, prood, n कृतिम लक्षानीता वसनी : A woman of affected modesty.

Prudence, prod'dens, n. পরিশাসদর্শিতা, বিজ্ঞতা; Wisdom applied to practice, caution. Syn:-Providence, considerateness, judiciousness, discretion, circumspection, judgment.

Prudent, prod'dent, a. 4(44 , dis; পরিশাসদর্শী; সাবদান : तिराम्क ; Discreet , circumspect :-মিতবাৰী; Frugal. Syn :- Cautious, wary, considerate, judicious provident; careful, frugal. Prudential, proo-denshal, a. निवासकती: वार्षिक ; Proceeding from or ditcated by prudence. ad=prudentially ( शिवहनां पूर्वक )।

Prudery, proodet-i, n. कृदिन नकानीनडा : Manners of a prude, affected modesty.

Prudish, prood'ish, a. कृतिम नव्यनित ; Affectedly modest or reserved. ad - prudishly.

Prune, proon, n. एक कन ; कन : A dried plum. Prune, proon, v. f. pibl ; অভিবিক্ত ভাগ ভ্যাগ-ছ : To cut off superfluous branch; to trim, to lop: -v. i. कृषिक-कृ ; To diess. n= pruner. Syn :-Clip, dock, trim.

Prunella, Prunello, n. এক প্ৰকাৰ প্ৰদী কাপ্ড; A smooth woollen stuff.

Prurience, Pruriency, n. क्ष्म देशका वा লোপুপৰ, The state of being prurient.

Prurient, pido're-ent, a [L prurient, ppr. of pruries, to itch ] (नामून , कामाजूव ; Itching ; uneasy with desire. n = prurience. pruriency. Syn :- Longing, hankering, lustful, libidinous. Pry, pri, v. 1. & F Hist. To peep narrowly or officiously, to look into closely; peer:-रचारवन-क ; To try to discover with curiosity ; search. ad=pryingly.

Pry into another's secrets-Malifata pat-

কু, অন্তের থপ্ত বিবৰে অপুস্থান করা (অন্থিকাৰ চর্চা ব্ৰায়), Attempt to discover that which is inaccessible (officiously, curiously) [ sacred song Psalm, sam, n ভোত্ত, ধর্মস্থাত, A hymn or The Psalma—খুৱীয় ধর্মপুরাণের তাম্ব্ বিশেষ, One of the books of the old Testament.

Pselmist, samist, n. বৰ্ণীত-বেৰক, তোক-নচনিতা, Writer of the Psalms.

Psalmodic, Psalmodical, a. খডিগান স্থানীৰ, Pertaining to psalmody.

Psalmodist, salmod-ist, n. স্থীর্ডনভারী, অভি-

Psalmody, samo-di, n স্কৃতিপান, ওচৰ, ন্ৰীৰ্থন,
The practice of singing psalms [book
Psaltor, sawiter, n ব্ৰন্যনা, জপনালা, Psalm
Psaltory, sawier-i, n বাগ্যন্ত বিশেষ, A strunged
instrument of the Jews

Pseudo, a Fivil laise

Pseudonym, sū'do nim, n কৃষিদ নাম, অপ্রকৃত নাম, A heticious name assumed as by an author {fectitious name Pseudonymous, a অপ্রকৃত নামধারী Bearing a Pshaw, shiw, n/ ি., ইন্, থক, An excla-

mation of contemp or chalk?

Psychical, akk l a. आचा मचकीय, की वाका
मच्चीय, Pertinning to the soul

Psychologic, Psychological, a মনতব স্বাকীৰ Pertaining to pycholo v ad psychologically

Psychologist, si-koio-jist, n. মনোবিজাৰ হি সৰস্থাৰি গতিত One who tudies Psychology. Psychology, sikology n হৰম্বৰ, মনোবিজাৰ The referre of the mind and its faculties ampsychologic psychological

Ptarmigan, n ' a faran, A species of bird Puberty, publit n () रजारका পূণব্য: ক্ম , Ripe ige of men ind weine the age of full I mrived at puberty development Pubesconce, n (4) 41731, The state of one Pubescent, a 93 77 A. Iving at pube ty Public, 1 iblik, a [ L f ib i iis from fopulus 463 Not pivate of peopl ] श्रवाणिक Common to all acci t -- मक्त्रांशांवन , वाशांवन — সৰ্কজন বিশিষ্ঠ, Generally known —n. জন-সাধাৰণ আল The people at large subjects -भागवार्ति , The general body of mankind at publicly Syn -General common open. For the public good—সাধাৰণেৰ হিতেম কন্ত i

In public-সক্ষমণে, জনসাধ্ধণ সম্বৰে, Before the public at large —প্ৰকাৰে, In open view, not in secret

Regard for public opinion—লোকবঙ্কা। Public affairs—বাজকাষা।

Publican, pub lik-an, n. কর্সপ্রকারী, কর সংগ্রহক, A tax-collector —সরাহ রক্ক, হোটেশ-ব্যুক, The keeper of a public-house — শৌতিব, One licensed to retail wine, bler &c.

Publication, pub-lik-2-liun, n প্রকাশ, প্রচাব, The act of publishing —প্রকাশিত অস্থাপি, প্রচারিত প্রকাশি, A book or pamphlet published.— বোৰণা, A proclamation

Public-benefit मार्शन्त डेलकात् ।

Public-credit.—The reputation of or general confidence in the ability or readiness of a government to fulfil its pecuniary engagements. Public-education—(1) [4]

Public-house, publik-hows, n. শৌভিফালয়, Ale-house — অবায়িত গৃহ, নাধাবণের পান ভোজনালয়, বা আনোণের স্থান, A house open to the public, a house of public entertainment.

Publicist, publi-sist, n বিধি-ব্যবস্থা কেবক, সংবাদপত্তের লেবক, Writer on the public law, nature and nations.

Publicity, publisher, গ প্রকাশন; সর্বজন-জানগোচর, The state of being public, or open to the knowledge of all —প্রসিদ্ধি, অব্যান্তি, Notoricty (প্রচার করিয়া দেওরা। To give publicity to—কোনর কিছু সাধারণো Public opinion—স্বাধারণ মত, The prevailing

Public road—নবকাৰী রাজা। Public salo—প্রকাশ বিদয়।

belief or feeling

Public-spirited, publik-spirit-ed, a লোক হিতৰত নৰ্কাহতেৰী Dictated by a regard to the public good ad=public-spiritedly n public spiritedness

Public works—निकात श्रीकार्श, Walks constructed by engineer for the public and at the public east.

Publish, publ h, w. f প্ৰৰণ কু, প্ৰকাশিক কু To mike public to disclive to install —প্ৰচাৰিত কু প্ৰাণিক Fo put into circulation — জাপাইবা বাহিৰ কু, প্ৰবাশ কু কু দিত বলা বিশ্বাপ সমুগত্তিত কু, To print ind other for sale — নাধাৰণ সমুগত্তিত কু, To print ind other for sale — নাধাৰণ সমাক প্ৰেৰণকু Fo send fith to the public — বোৰণা কৰা, fo proclaim Svn Announce proclaim promulpate divisies, adverts a declare issue Publisher, pu' in h et, n পুৰুষ প্ৰকাশক, One who publisher books — প্ৰবাশৰ, প্ৰচাৰক, One who publisher hooks — প্ৰবাশৰ, প্ৰচাৰক, One who publisher

Puce, pus a আপাটা-নীৰ লোভিড বৰ্ণ, পাটখিলা, Litowarsh purple, et i dirk tipwi colour Puck, puk n ছিল ছুং, জনপ্তৰাৰী প্ৰেভা**কা A** 

goblin or mischierous spirit — विशास नती, A celebrated farty

Pucker, puker, o.f ভাঁচ কু, কৃষ্টিত কু, চুনট কু, কোচান lo guther in fold to rumple, to wrinkle — গ ভাঁচ চুনচ A fold or wrinkle Pudding, pooding, n বিশ্ব শিশ্ব হা গুৰা বিশেষ,

A soft kind of food of flour milk eggs &c

Pudding faced, a Having a face which
from its roundness smoothness, and fatness, is

suggestive of a pudding Pudding headed, a If Stupid

Pudding-sleeve, n. The full sleeve of a chirical gown

Pudding-time, n আহাবেৰ সমৰ Time of dinner — ঠিক সমৰ, Very nick of time

Puddle, pudl, প বৰ্দ্দন্য জলপূৰ্ণ কল্প জলাপ্য, থানা, ভোৱা, A small pool of muddy water —কদ্দ এবং বালিব দিলা, A mixture of clay and sand — থ ে থোলা-কু, কৰ্দ্দন্য কু, To make foul or muddy —থ ঃ আলোচন করিলা পাইল কু, কৰ্দ্দাক্ত-কু, Io make a duty stir, to befoul. Puddler, n. व इंगाई जाइंटन लिएंड लाइंट अविश्व कृतः; One who turns cast-iron into wrought-iron by puddling.

Puddiing, n. siniই লোহাকে পেটা লোহার পরিণত করিবার প্রক্রিরা; The process of converting cast into bar or wrought iron. [generation. Pudenda, n. pl. The external organs of Puerile, pu'er-il, a. [L. puerillis, from puer, a boy ] বালোচিত: বালফলত; Childish; boyish:— চকল, Silly:—আকিক্তের; ডুচ্ছ; Trifling. ad— puerilely. Syn:—Youthful, juvenile, trifling, futile. [Childishness.

Puerility, pū-ėr-ili-ti, n. বালকড; ছেব্লামি; Puerperal, pū-ėr'pėr-al, a. [L. puer, a child, and pario, to bear ] আনৰ সম্বান্ত; Relating to child-birth.

Puerperal fover- ? जिका कत ; रून्का कर ।

Puff, n. আক্ষিক বাস; কুংকার; A sudden, forcible breath:—দমকা বাতাস; আক্ষিক বাব্পবাহ;
A sudden blast of wind, a gust or whill:—
অতিরিক্ত প্রশংসা, An exaggerated expression of
praise or commendation:—v. t. কুংকার-দে;
বাতাস দিয়া সকালিত-কু; To drive with a puff, or
blast of wind:—বায় বাবা কীত-কু; To swell with
a wind:—অতিরিক্ত প্রশংসা-কু, To praise extravagantly or in exaggerated terms:—v. i. বায়ুতে
কীত হ; To blow in puffs or whilfs, swell with
air:—বায় বাবা পূৰ্ব-কু, To fill with air:—বাজ কহণ
বেডান; To bustle about:—অবজ্ঞার ভাবে কুণেবল,
To blow in contempt.

Puff away - কুৎকাৰ দিবা ইড়াইবা-দে; Blow away. Puff out - নিকাণ-ক; Blow out.

Puff up – ফাত্ত-হ, Swell up; swell with vanity. The puff-adder—তিন হাত দীৰ্ঘ এক প্ৰকার খোটা বাগ। [extravagant praise, Puffery, puffer-i, n. স্তিরিক্ত প্রশাসা; Puffing or

Puffin, n. সামুদ্রিক পৃক্ষি বিশেষ, A water-fowl.
Puffy, puff, a. ফাড; Puffed out with air;
swelled with air — দীর্ঘ শুকুত্ব;
ইচান্তবিত্ত, Bombastic; tumid.

Pug, pug, ন বালৰ, A monkey:—ক্কুব বিশেন; A small kind of dog like a monkey:—ক্ষ্ঠ পুৱ কাঠাৰ কৰু; Any small animal (in familiarity or contempt). [a=pug-fared (বালবমুখা): Pug-face, ন বাৰবৰৰ মুখ; A monkey-like face. Pugh, poo, int. [क:; ছ্যা:: ইন্; তাইড; An expression of contempt or disdain.

Pugilism, pu'jil-izm, n. [ I. pugil, a boxer ]
মুনামুদি করিবার কৌশল ; মুইমুক, The art of boxing
or fighting with the fists. a = pugilistic.

Pugilist, pu'jil-ist, n. Attala; One who fights with his fists.

Pug-mill—কৰ্দনাৰাৰ বৃদ্ধ : এক প্ৰকাৰ বালি কল।
Pugnacious, pug-nashe-us, a: [ L. pugnax,
from pugnare, to fight] বিনাদানৰ ; কলহাপ্ৰব;
কাডাটিৰা; Combative; quarrelsome; disposed
to fight; contentious ad - pugnaciously. n =
pugnacity (কলহাপ্ৰৱড়া; বিবাদান্ত্ৰড়া; ব্ৰুংনা)।

Pug-nosed, a. 4171; Having a nose like a monkey's.

Puisne, pu'ni, a. পদে নিয় ; Inferior in rank :-শামান্ত ; কুত্ত ; Petty , small.

Puisne judge or beron water feerants;
Judge under a chief justice.

Puissant, pul'is-ant, a. [ L. potens, from posse, to be able ] শক্তিয়াল; বনবান : পরাক্রান্ত : Strong ; powerful. n = puissance ( পজি ; পরাক্রম )। ad = puissantly. Syn :—Mighty, forcible, potent.

Puke, puk, v. i. डिलिजन-कृ; रामन-कृ; To spew; to vomit.

Pule, pul, v. s. কুকুটপাবকের ছার চীংকার-কু; কিচ্ কিচ্ শক-কু; To cry like a chicken :—বাসকবং রোদন-কু; শিক্তর ছার খান খান-কু; To cry whimper or whine like a child. n=puler.

Pull, pool, v. t. আকৰ্ণ- ; বলপ্ৰক টানা; To draw:—উংপাটন ক; বিজ্ঞিত্ত ক; ছিল্ল- ক; বেড়া; To pluck; to tear:—v. i. টানা, টান বেড্রা; আকর্ণ- ক; To give a pull; to draw:—n. টান; আকর্ণ-; The act of pulling:—ডচাড়ডি, বিবাদ; A stunggle or contest:—উদাম; Effort. n=puller (আক্ষক)। Syn:—(v) Drag; haul, tug; gather; tear, rend.

A long pull, A strong pull, A pull altogether—A steady, energetic, and systematic co-operation.

Pull against-- विवान-कृ : Contend with.

Pull a lag faco- # किया निया निया

Pull a thing off - কোনত কণ্ণ দলে সকল হওয়। Pull down - ভারিয়া কেলা; Demolish: - ক্ষেত্রকু; Subvert: - নামান; পদপ্রত-কু, Bring down; dethione.

Pull forth--वाहिय-कृ, Extract.

Pull in—ভিতরে টাৰা , টেৰে রাখা ; Draw in ; be more careful about one's expenses.

Pull off- कि पिया (कना ; विव्हित-कृ ; Tear away.

Pull on-डोनिंग श्रा ।

Full oneself together—আবাৰ প্ৰকৃতিত্ত।
Full one through—কাহাকেও ধোনও হাজামা হইতে
উদ্ধাৰ-সুঃ

Pull out—টানিখা বালিম-কু; Draw out; extract. Pull the strings, Pull the wires—বোশনে কাষা-কু; ভিতৰে খা-কো কলকাট নাদা; To operate by secrets means; intrigue, be or act as the leader though hidden.

Pull through—ৰতি ক'ই উভার ইওয়া; Escape from (with great difficulty). [concert. Pull together—খিলিবা মিশিবা ভাত্ত-ভূ; Act in Pull to piecos—ছিড়া; বাড়া; Teat:—ক্ষেদ-কূ; Destroy.

Pull up—উৎপটেন-কু, নিৰ্পূল-কু; উপাডিলা কেলা; Tear up by the roots:—(পানাইবার জক্ত) খোড়ার লাগান টানা; To draw the reins of (a horse):— ধামান, Stop.

Pull woll with—কাহাৰ সহিত জাল বনাবনি হওলা;
Act in harmony with one. [young hen.
Pullet poolet, n. ছানা কুকুটা, মুবগীৰ ছানা; A
Pulley, pooli, n. কপি কল; Graved wheel moveable about an axis. pl=pulleys.

Pulmonary, pulmon-ar-i, a. [L. pulmo, pulmonis, a lung] ধুসূৰ্স সম্ভীত , বানুকোৰ সংক্ৰান্ত ; Pertaining to or affecting the lungs,

Pulmonic, pul-monik, a. ফুৰ্ফ্ৰ সম্ভাৱ; কুৰ্ কুৰ্ সংকাৰ; Pertaining to or affecting the lungs:—n. কুৰ্ কুৰ্ পীডাৰ উবৰ, A medicine for disease of the lungs :- কুন্ কুন্তাৰ ব্যক্তি; One affected by disease of the lungs,

Pulp, pulp, #. শাঁদ; মজা; The fleshy part of bodies; marrow:—বুকাদির কোমল আংশ; The soft part of plants or fruits:—কোমলাও; A soft mass:—ক: i. শাঁদে পরিপত-ক; To reduce to pulp:—শাঁদপ্ত-ক; শাঁদ বহিগত-ক; To deprive of pulp; to separate the pulp.

Pulpit, pool'pit, n. ৰ্প্তান্ত্ৰিক কন্ত উচ্চ আসৰ; কংকের কন্ত উচ্চ বেদী, Raised stand for preaching; a platform for speaking from; rostrum:

— a. কথকের উচ্চাসন স্থ্যীর; Belonging to the pulpit.

[ for preachers.

Mount the pulpit-Go up the raised desk

The pulpit—वासकमप्र।

Pulpiteer, n. elbist; Preacher.

Pulpit-trumper—ধর্মহাধ , Violent preacher. Pulpous, pulp'us, a. নামপ্ , নামাল . শতমম ; নাম ; Consisting of or resembling pulp ; solt. n = pulpousness.

Pulpy, pulp'i, a. কোমৰ, মবম; Like pulp; soft:— मां अन ; Fleshy. n=pulpiness.

Pulsate, pulsate, v. i [ L. pulsare, pulsatum, to beat ] ধৰু ধৰ্-কু; পানন-কু, To throb; to beat, as the heart; palpitate.

Pulsatile, pulsat-il, a. আঘাত ছারা বাদিত: Played by beating, like a drum:—শাসন ছারা জিয়ানীল; Acting by pulsation.

Pulsatilla, n. পুষ্প বিশেষ, ঔবধ বিশেষ।

Pulsation, pul-sáshun, n. প্ৰাৰ , নাডীৰ পতি; বুক্ ধৃক্নি; A beating or throbbing; a motion of the pulse, a vibration.

Pulsative, pulsa-tıv, Pulsatory, pulsa-tor-i, a. কুপুমান , পুদ্দশীল , Beating , throbbing.

Pulse, puls, n. নাডী শ্লন, হার্দণিও শ্লন, নাডী, ধ্যনির গতি; The throbbing of the heart and the arteries:—শ্লন; কপ্লন, A beating; a throb: —মটর শিম ইত্যাদি; Grain or seed of pea, &c.

Feel one's pulse—নাড়ী দেখা; Feel with the hand the beating in one's pulse —কাহারও মন বুদিয়া বেখা; Sound one's opinion or mind.

Pulseless, puls'les, a. নাড়ীংনীন, শ্লন্দানীন, Having no pulsation, without pulse.

Pulverable, Pulverisable, a. [L. pulvis, pulvers, powder] হলচুৰে পরিণ্যনীয়; Such as may be pulverised or reduced to five powder. Pulverise, pulveris, v. t. চূৰ্ণ-কু, কুড়া-কু, কাৰি-কু, Reduce to dust. neepulversation.

Pulvorous, a. খুলিপ্ৰ ; খুলিসভূশ ; Consisting of, or like dust.

Puma, puma, \* হি'ল কর বিশেষ, A carnivorous mammal; the American lion.

Pumice, pū'mis, n. আংগ্রেমগিরির কঠিন লগু প্রস্তর বিশেষ, Hard stone, light enough to float on water. a-pumiceous.

Pummel-Same as pommel.

Pump, pump, n. জল ছুলিবার কল: দমকল: বোমা;
A machine for raising water and other fluids .— মৃত্যকালে ব্যবস্ত কুড়া, A shoe with a thin sole used in dancing:—v. t. দমকল করিয়া জল খুলা, নমকলে উত্তোলন-কু; To raise with a pump:
—কোশ-করিয়া কোন সংবাদ বাহিব-কু; প্রসাধি বাবা

কৌপলে টানিয়া বাহিয়-ডু; To draw out information by artful questions.

Pumpkin, pump'kin, Pumpion, pump'yun, n. বাউ; কছ; অবাৰু; A well-known plant and its fruit.

Pun, pun, n. বাৰ্থ বাকা; স্লেব; অভেনরণে উজাবিত ভিন্নার্থ বোধক শব্দ, A play upon words similar in sound but different in meaning; quibble:—ত. t. বার্থ বাকা; ব্যবহার-কৃ; আভেনরণে উজাবিত ভিনাব বোধক শব্দ প্রয়োগ-কৃ; To make puns; to quibble; to play upon words similar in sound but different in meaning.

Punch, punch, n. আবাড : বাজা; A blow, a stroke, a thrust; a push:—বলা; পানীর; পরবহ বিশেষ; A drink; a beverage of fine ingredients (spirit, water, sugar, lemon-juice, spice):—প্তবো বাজার; নাং, ভাড; Buffoon of a puppet show:—ছিত্র কবিবার বাছ; বেখনী; A tool for making holes:—মুলাকিত কবিবার ভেনী; A tool for stamping:—n t ছিত্র-কৃ, বিছ-কৃ, ছেনী বাবা ছিত্র করা বা ছাপা; To pierce with something sharp; to perforate with n steel tool:—(মন্তবে) বা দেওবা; ধাকা দেওবা, To strike or bit, especially on the hand, to poke.

Puncheon, punshun, n. [ L. pungo, to prick ] ছিন্ত কৰিবাৰ যন্ত্ৰ; লেইসনী, বেখন যন্ত্ৰ, A steel tool for perforating metal plates —ন্ত পিশা; A large cask, a liquid measure of 34 gallons.

Punchinello, Punch, n. ভাড়, A baffoon. Punctate, Punctated, a. স্চীমুৰ, ছুঁচাৰ, সভিত্যে; Pointed; punctured.

Punctiho, pungk-tilyo, n. filtsia; Nicety, a nice point in behaviour, exactness of forms.

Punctilious, punck-tile-us, a. [L. punctum, a point] নিষ্ঠ. ব্যবহাৰ বিশেষে নিষমানুৰত্বী, Very exact in behaviour, very nice in ceremony, exact or punctual to excess. n = punctiliousness. ad = punctiliously. Syn:—Scrupulous, particular, formal, piecise, nice, ceremonious.

Punctual, pungktu al, a [L. punctum, a point ] সময় নিউ, Exact in keeping time and appointments:— কিক, বৰাবৰ; Accurate, minutely correct. ad = punctually (বৰা সময়ে): Syn:— Exact, piecise, strict, accurate, prompt.

Punctualist, n. বধানীতিশিষ্টাচার বা নিরমপালক লোক, A punctilious person.

Punctuality, pungk-luali-ti, n. স্বয়-বিঠা, ডং-প্রতা; The keeping of the exact time of an appointment.

Punctuate, pungitu-at, v. f ৰিৱাম চিহ ৰাৱা চিহ্নিত ক, বিৱামাৰ চিহ্নিত-ক, To point, to mark with points.

Punctuation, pungk-tu-åshun, n. বিরাম চিক্ নিবেশ, বিরাম চিক্ সন্ধিমেশ, The act or art of dividing sentences by points or marks.

Puncture, pungktur, n. কুর ছিন্ত; Small point; pucking .—v. t. ছিন্ত-কু; বিদ্ধ-কু; ভেদ-কু, To puck; to piece with a sharp pointed instrument. Syn:—(v) Perforate, penetrate.

Pundit, n. 965; A learned man.

Pungent, punjent, a. [ L. pungere, to prick ] 第1, 季6, 季1雨, Acrid to taste or smell:-

ভীৱ; ভীত্ব; Keen; acute:—বিজ্ঞান্তৰ; ব্যক্তৰ; Keen; sarcastic. n-pungency (উত্ততা; কটুড়া; Heat:—ভীৱতা; Keenness). ad-pungently. (তীৱতাৰে)! Syn:—Pricking, piercing, sharp, penetrating, acrid, biting, stinging, stimulating, acute, poignant, distressing, severe.

Punio, a. কাৰ্থেজবাসী সৰ্জীয়; Pertaining to the Carthaginioans:—বিশাস্থাতক; প্ৰভাৱক; Faithless; deceitful.

Punic faith—বিশাস্থাত্ৰতা; Treachery.

Punic ware—কার্থেলবাসীদিপের সহিত রোবানদিপের বে তিনবার যুদ্ধ হয়।

Punish, punish, v. t. [L. punire, from poena, punishment] नानि-एन; नाना-एन; पान-एन; To chastise. n=punisher. Syn:—Castigate, scourge, whip, lash, correct, discipline, chasten. Punishable, punish-a-bl, a. प्रशीप; That may be punished.

Punishment, punish-ment, n. we; wife; Loss or pain as the reward of crime. Syn:—Chastisement, correction, chastening, discipline, penalty.

Punitive, a. wolavine ; micenamin !

Punksh, n. টানাপাখা; A large moveable fan.
Punstor, puńster, n খাৰ্থাকা ব্যবহার করণে কুশন
বাজি: বিভিন্নার্থে পদপ্রবাদ কুশন ব্যক্তি; One who is
skilled in punning.

Punt, punt, n. নৌকার সেতু; A bridge of boats:
—প্রশন্ত তলাবিশিষ্ট নৌকা; খেবার নৌকা; নাল্ড;
A flat-bottomed boat:—n. লগ্ম নাবিধা বাহির-কু.
To propel, as a boat, by pushing with a pole against the bottom of a river.

Puny, pilhe, a. ক্য়; ছোট; Small:—কুৰ্বল; शैনবল; Weak; feeble. Syn:—Inferior, petty; pigmy, dwarfish, tiny, diminutive, undersized. Pup, pup, n কুৰ্ব-শাবৰ, Dog's whelp; puppy:
—n. i. কুৰ্ব-শাবৰ প্ৰস্ব-কু; To bring forth pup-

pies, as a bitch. Pupa, pu'pa, Pupe, pup, n. ভটিকা; পত্ৰসভটি,

Pupa, pupa, Pupe, pup, n. 8641; 42466, Chrysalis. pl = pupae, pupes.
Pupil, pū'pil, n. [ L. pupus, boy, pupa, girl ]

Pupil, pū'pil, n. [ 1... pupus, boy, pupa, girl ]
শিব্য: ছাত্ৰ; A scholar; a disciple:—কণীৰিকা;
চকুৰ ভাৱা; The apple of the eye:—নাবাৰক,
Ward. Syn:—Learner, tyro, student.

Pupilage, pu'pil-aj, n. শিব্য ; ছাত্ৰছ; শিভ্ছ, The state of being a pupil; boyhood. Syn:— Minority, nonage, girlhood; wardship.

Pupillary, Pupilary, a. শিখা বা কণীনিকা সংক্রান্ত, Pertaining to a pupil.

Puppet, pup'et, n. তারে চালিত প্রলিকা; পুতুল,
A little doll moved by wires in a show:—নাকীনোপাল; One entirely under the control of another.

A puppet in the hands of—নাকীগোপাল, কীড়াপুর্লিকা; A weak man completely under the guidance or control of ( another ).

Puppet-show, Puppet-play, n. প্তলোগালি; পুডুল বাচ; A mock drama performed by puppets

Puppy, pup'i, n. কুৰুৰ-পাৰক; A whelf:—ৰহ্ছত ব্ৰক; মাজিক লোক; Young dandy; a meanconceited man,

Puppyism, n. অত্যন্ত আন্তর্জাবা; অহনিকা; আজ্ঞানিক নীচতা বা অহলার; Entreme meanness or conceit. Pur, Purr, pur, v. t. (বিড়ালের ভার) বড় বড় শব্দ-কু; মিউ মিউ-কু; To utter a murmuring sound as a cat:—n. বিডালের শব্দ বা ডাক; বড় বড় শব্দ; The low murmuring sound of a cat.

Purblind, pur'blind, a. कीन्नृष्ट ; अन्तहेनृष्ट ; भन्तृष्ट ; Near-sighted ; dim-sighted. n = purblindness.

Purchasable, pur-chase-a-bi, a. জ্বুবোগ্য; জেব; That may be purchased; capable of being purchased.

Purchase, purchas, v. t. [F. pourchasser, to seek eagerly] ক্ৰ-কৃ; কেনা; ধ্রিদ-কৃ; Buy; to bargain for:—অৰ্জন-কৃ; সংগ্ৰহ কৃ; To acquire:—
n. ক্ৰয়; ধ্বিদ; Buying:—শ্রীত এবা; ক্রীত সম্পত্তি;
What is bought. a=purchaser (কেডা)। Syn:—
Acquire, procure.

At ten years' purchase—বাৰ্ষিক আবের দশত। Not to the worth a day's purchase—বাসর বিশদগ্রত-হ। [out in purchase, cost.

Purchase-money, n. ৰুলা: পণ; Money iaid Puro, pur, a. জনিপ্ৰিত; জনিপ্ৰিত; Unmixed, unalloyed, unsoiled:—বিজ্ঞ , জড়; Clear, clean:—
সাধ্নিজ, নচনিঅ; পবিজ্ঞ; Spotless; chaste:—কেবল; Mere:—থাট; Real. n—pureness (নির্প্রভার) পবিজ্ঞতা; তক্ততা); ad=purely (নির্প্রভার); Syn:—Genume, unadulterated, real; unsullied, unstained, immaculate, undefiled, fair; true, virtuous, honest, innocent, guileless; modest; sheer, absolute.

Pure and simple-इंका; बीहि, Unadulterated; unmixed; real:-Without any qualification; unconditionally.

Purgation, pur-gáshun, n. विटनांबन : विद्रवहन ; द्रिवकांतन , Purging ; the clearing from imputation of guilt.

Purgative, pur-ga-tiv, a. রেচক; ভেনক; বিরে-চক; Having the power of evacuating the intestines; cathartic:—n. বিরেচনা; বিরেচক উষধ; A medicine that evacuates the intestiness; a cathartic. [to purgatory.

Purgatorial, a. প্রেডলোক সম্বন্ধীয় : Pertaining Purgatory, purga-tor-, n. মৃত্যুর পরে বে ছাবে মানবাকা পবিত্রীকৃত হব : যম লোক ; প্রেড লোক ; মৃত্যুর পর পাণীর পাণকালনের হান ; A place or state in which souls are purified after death; hell. a = purgatorial.

Purge, purj, v. t. [L. purus, pure, and ago, to do or make ] অৱত্ত কি-কৃ; মলাদি অপনাবিত-কৃ; To evacuate, as the bowels:—পাপ হবঁতে মুক্ত-কৃ; To clear from guilt:—পরিকার-কৃ; To purify:—মন্ত প্রিকার-কৃ, To clarify, as liquors:—v. s. নির্মান-কৃ বিশোধিত-কৃ, To become pure by clarifying:—বাংক-বা; মন্ত্যাপ-কৃ; To have frequent evacuations. Syn:—Cleanse, clear, clean.

Purging, purjing, n. विराहण ; विष्यंत्रण : रहण ; Act of cleaning or clearing :— विष्यंत्र ; केश्यावय ; ट्रिंग ; एपेंट-नांगानि ; Diarrhoza , looseness of bowels. [ इत्रथ ; The act of purifying. Purification, purifich-káshun, n. र्यायम ; ग्रीक् Purificatory, pur-if'i-ka-tor-i, a. পৰিজ্ঞায়ী, বিশোধনীল; Tending to purify or cleanse

Purify, pur'e-si, v. t. [ L. purus, pure, and facere, to make ] পৰিত্ৰ-কৃ; অপৰিত্ৰতা হইতে মৃক্ত-কৃ; To free from guilt or moral defilement —শোধিত-কৃ; নংৰাৰ-কৃ, আনা প্ৰয়োগ হইতে বিমৃক্ত-কৃ, To free from impurities or barbarisms, as language:—বিক্ত-কৃ, To make pure:—নিৰ্দেশ্য কৃ, To free from pollution —v. s. বিক্ত-কৃ, To became pure n = purifier (পৰিকাৰক; শোধক)। Syn —Cleanse, clear, lustrate, clarify; defecate.

Purism, pur'ism, 22. বিভগ্ন চৰিত্ৰ বা ভাষা, Immaculate conduct or style —বিভগ্ন ভাষাপ্ৰয়োগ, Niceness in the use of words.

Purist, purist, n সাধুতাৰাপ্ৰিৰ, সুন্দর অবচ বিভন্ধ শন্ধ বিস্তাসকারী লেবক; One who is excessively nice in the chice of words

Puritan, pur'i tan n এপিডাবেণেৰ স্মৰে আচার ও ধর্মের বিরোধী লোক; A dissenter in the time of Elizabeth — a পিউবিট্যান সম্বনীয়, Pertaining to the puritans

Puritanic, pur-i-tanik, Puritanical, puri-tanik-al, a গোড়া, অতি নৈদিক, Rigid, exact
Puritanism, pui'i-tan-izm, n ইতিনৈটিকতা,
The notions of practice of Puritans

Purity, pūr'e-le, n. [ L. puritas, from purus, pure ] তদ্ধি, নিৰ্মাণত বিভিন্নতা, Channess — সাধীতা, Chastity. Syn —Clearness, genuineness, excellence; sincerity, innocence, virtue, honesty, integrity, modesty.

Purl, purl, n স্নোতেৰ লক্ষ্য, কুলকুল ধানি, Murmur of a stream —কালৰ, ফুলী, A lace, a waved fringe:—v t. মানু মানু লক্ষ্য লক্ষ্যুৰ্কিক প্ৰবাহিত-ই, কুলবুৰ ধানিতে গমন-কু, To flow with a murmuring sound —v.f ঝালর সংলগ্ধ-কু, ফুলী দাবা শোভিত-কু, To decorate with a fringe.

Purlieu, pur'lū, n [ h. pur fiee, and lieu, place ] দীমা, বহিৰ্দেশ বা প্ৰান্তভাগ, The boilders or environs of any place, environs, outskirt Syn—Borders, precincts, suburbs, environs.

Purloin, pur-loih, v t [F purloignier, to ietard] অপ্তর্গ-কৃ, To steal n-purloinci ( অপ্হারক, হোর; thicf). Syn —Filch, pilfer.

Purple, pur pl, n বেজনে বছ, ধুন্বৰ্ণ, A very dark-red colour.—বেজনে বৰ্ণের পোষাক, A purple dress or robe —সন্মানস্চক পোষাক, A robe of honor:—a. নীল-বোহিত, Red tinged with blood—রক্তবর্ণ; Blood-red —v.t. বেজনে রহুকু, নীল বোহিত কু; To make purple

Born in the purple—ৰাজবংশোৰুত; উচ্চ-বংশোৰত; Born of a royal parents

Marry into the purple—রাজমহিবী হওরা , সন্ধান্ত ব্যক্তিকে স্বামীতে গ্রহণ-রু।

Purport, pur'port, n. [F pour, for, and porter, to bear] আজ্ঞান; Intention, design — অৰ্থ, সৰ্দ্ধ, Signification — তাংপৰা, Drift:—v t আৰ্থ আনান্দ্ৰ, আভিয়ান্দ্ৰ, To mean Syn:—(n) Meaning, import, drift, tenor, bearing, sense, tendency, spirit, intent.

Purpose, pur pos, n. উদ্দেশ্ত, অভিনার, Intention, design, aim:—v t. অভিনার-কৃ, দানস-কৃ, ি intend.—v. s. মানস-কৃ; অভিনার-কৃ; To have

an intention. Syn — (n) View, end, design, resolution. (v) Design, mean.

Answer the purpose—यादा व्यवस्य छात्र। (यथा ;

Be at cross purpose—ৰা লানিয়া পদ্মশার বিপরীত দিকে বাওবা বা বিপরীত কার্য-ভূ; Act in such a way as to thwart each other—though wishing to act in concert.

For all practical purposes—ৰৱত:; কাৰ্য্য-কাৰিতা বিবেচনা করিলে; So far as it is capable of being turned to use.

For religious purposes—বৰ্ণাৰ। For the purpose of—দিখিছ।

On purpose—শতিপাৱপ্রারণ্ পুরুক , Purposely , deliberately ; with previous design

On purpose to, For the purpose of—এই ভ্রিপ্রাণে বা উদ্দেশে যে; With the object of

Serve a purpose—বোৰও উদ্দেশ্ত সাধন-কৃ, Gain an end [ প্ৰযোজনমত, To the point To the purpose—উদ্দেশৰ উপবোগী, ঠিক ধাটা,

To no purpose – বৃথা, অন্ধক, In vam, without any practical benefit.

[ Aimless.

Purposeless, pur'pos-les, a. উদ্দেশুহীন, বিকল, Purposely, pur'po-li, ad. অভিপ্ৰাবাস্থারে, ভানিবা শুনিবা, ইচ্ছা করিবা, মন্তব্দ আটিয়া, Intentionally

Purse, purs, গ টাকাৰ খলি, কেছিয়া, Money big, a small big for money —টাকা, অৰ্থ, ধনাগার, কোষাণ র, A cum of money, a treasury — গ ধনিজে টাকা বাবা, ধনিজাং কু, lo put into a puise — কুঞ্ছিত-কু, To contract into folds.

Inght (or empty) purse—পৃত্ত ধলি; ধৰিত্ৰতা , দাৰিত্ৰ্যা , অনটন , Poverty , w int of resources.

Long (or heavy) purse—यन; वर्ष, देवस, Wealth, riches.

Sword and purse—মাতীর (দামরিক) শক্তি ও নার্থ . I he military power and wealth of a nation.

Purseful, a. একখলি (টাকা), As much as fills

Purse-proud, c. ধনগৰ্কী, ধনমদে মন্ত, ঐখ্যা গৰিত, Insolent from wealth. n=purse-pride (ধনগৰ্মা, টাকাৰ অহমায়)।

Purser, purser, n জাহাজের বন্ধী, জাহাজের বাজালী, Naval officer having charge of money and stores n=purser-ship.

Purslane, Purslain, n. শাক বিশেষ ; A annual plant

Pursuance, pur-sū'ans, n. অসুধাৰন; অসুবৰ্জন, অপুসরণ, 'The act of pursuing or following — ফল, পরিণাম, Consequence.

In pursuance of অৰুনাৰে, In accordance with, in fulfilment of. [able. Pursuant, a অনুনারী, অনুবারী; অনুবারী, Agree-Pursue, pur-su', v.t. [L. pro, onwards, and requor, to follow] অনুবাৰন-কৃ, পশ্চামান-কৃ, To chase — অংবৰণ-কৃ; অনুনান-কৃ, To seek — চালাৰ, To continue. — সমুক্রণ-কৃ, To

imitate. mapurauer (9514144) | Syn:-Hunt, track; continue, conduct; prosecute.

Pursue one's advantage—The followed up one's success; make use of the success gained.
Pursuit, pur-sut, ন. গলাছানন; অনুসরণ; অব্লাবন; Chasing :—উপাৰ্জন-চেষ্টা; পাইবার চেষ্টা;
Endeavour to attain:—ব্যাপার; কাষ্য, ব্যবসার;
Occupation.

Pursuivant, pur'swi-vant, n. অপুচৰ; অপুগানী; A follower:—মাজ্যুত; A state-messenger:— মতের অপুচর; An attendant on the heralds.

Pursy, purie, c. বোটা; মূল ও বাৰ্কা, Puffy; inflated (at and short. n=pursiness. Syn:—Inflated; swelled; corpulent, fleshy, fat, short-breathed, short-winded. [nes of an animal. Purtenance, n. জীবাৰ্হের অসুসূত্; The intesti-Purulence, puroo-lens, Purulency, puroo-lensi, n. প্রোংশতি; প্রস্কর; পূজ; পূজ; The formation of pus or matter; pus.

Purulent, pu'roo-lent, a. प्रवर ; प्रवर भट ; Resembling pus. ad=purulently.

Purvey, pur-vá. ७. ६. बांगाजवा (यात्रांन ; मदववार-कृ ; To provide with provisions ; supply:—७. ६. बांगाजवा कव-कृ ; To buy provision :—मःजर्-कृ , To provide.

Purveyance, pur-vaans, n. বাদায়ৰ; Provision:—সংবাহ; আমোজন; The act of purveying.
Purveyor, pur-vaor, n. মাজপরিবারের জন্ত বাদানি
সংগ্রাহক কথাটো; An officer who formerly exacted provisions for the use of the king's household:—সরবাহকারক; One who provides victuals:—কোটনা; কোটক; বোগাড়িয়া; বমণ-দৃত; A procurer; a pump.

Pus, pus, s. चूंड ; दूड : The matter of a Pussy 18m., s. Anglo-Catholic doctrines of Dr. Pusey. [ Pusey.

Puseyite, n. One who holds the views of Dr. Push, pôosh, v. t. ধাৰা-বে: Push against, to thrust or beat against:—জিল-কু: অনুলাকু; To press forward, importune; urge:—v. i. জোরে বৈলা-বে, ধাৰা-বে; To make a thrust:—তিইা-কু; To make an effort:—আনুলা-কু, To make an attack:—বিশী-ই; To burst out:—n. ঠেলা; ধাৰা, A thrust:—উত্তেজনা, An impulse:—আনুলা: Assault:—উত্যুল; কেইা; Effort:—নিভান্ত প্রোজন; ক্রম্ম, Exigency. Syn:—(v) Thrust, impel, urge, press, drive, hurry; importune; strive, endeavour.

Push about—সাবংগ ইতভত: অন্--কৃ; Knock Push along—ফলবেংগ অর্থর হওরা; Move forwards quickly.

Push aside प्रमुख ; Drive away. Push away - भवत वृत्रीकृत के , Force off. Push by - निकं विद्या ; Move past.

Push down—গাকা দিয়া নই-কু, টেলিয়া কেলা;
Overthrow by pushing.
Push forward—কতবেল অপ্ৰস্কু-ফু; Move quickPush in—ভিতৰে কবেশ-কু; Intrude; thrust in.

Push off ayla- ; Thrust off ; depart.

Push on — वर्षत्र । स्टाप्टल वांद्रां, Drive er urge forward ; hasten.

Push out or aut of-(1945-y; Eject,

Push over—के होईड़ा-त ; Upset. Push up—केरहानन-क ; Raise.

To be put to the push—প্রীকা ছলে বা বিশহে পতিত ২ওরা: দাবে ঠেকা:

Pushing, pooshing, a. উদায়নীত , উদ্যোগী; Enterprising, active; energetic:—সাহনী; সাহনিক; অন্যথকারচটোকারী; Bold, vigorous, forward.

Pusillanimous, pū-sil-aĥe-mus, a. [ L. pusillus, very little, and animus, spirit ] সাহস্থীন; ভীক ; নীচাৰর ; Cowardly ; mean-spirited. ক = pusillanimousness, pusillanimity (ভীকতা)। ad=pusillanimously. Syn:—Dastardly, meanspirited, faint hearted, timid, weak, feeble.

Puse, poos, ম. বিভাল; বিভাবেৰ আগবেৰ নাম; A familiar name for a cat:—ব্ৰগোদ; শৃপ্ক; A hare, so called by sportsmen.

Pussy, poosi, s. far fauty; A dim. of puss. Pustular, Pustulous, a. TE 3747; Covered with pustules. form into pustules. Pustulate, pustu-lat, v. t. acq affire-#; To Pustule, pustul, n. 34; भूत 34; मुक्कि; कि; A small pimple containing pus. a-pustular. Put, post, v. t. श्रान-कृ ; द्रांथा , To place ; to set ; to lay; to deposit:—সংযুক্ত-কু; To add:—বাধ্য-কু; To oblige:—উদ্ৰেভিত-কু; To excite:—সহসা উপস্থিত-কু, কোন অবস্থায় উপনীত-কু; To introduce suddenly; to bring into any state :- 4714-7; Offer ; propose :-- निरत्नांभ-क ; To supply :-- ग. रं. बाहाज ठानिछ-कृ; পরিচালিত-कृ; To turn; steer. Syn: - Set, locate, fix, establish, situate, commit; impose, enjoin, levy, inflict; present, state, oblige, force, contrain, urge.

Bo put to, Be put to it—काहे गड़ा ; बाँबा जाना ; Be placed in a difficulty; be perplexed.

Put about-- 5 कुर्षित्क पूता ; त्यतान ; छेषिश्च वा वाक-कृ ; Turn round :-- गमत्तन पिक गतिवर्शन-कृ।

Put a construction or interpretation on
—কাল বা অব্ধ ভাবে ব্যাধ্যা করা বা প্রব্য-কৃ; Interpret
in a certain way.

Put a false construction on—টিৰ বৃথিতে না পাৰা; To interpret or explain wrongly; to misinterpret; to misunderstand.

Put a gold face upon—win with crein; To represent favourably; to cause to appear in a good light.

Put a ship into commission—To send it forth on public service after it has been laid up.
Put away—ভাগ-ড়; Discard; divorce.

Put an end to can ; Terminate : - - To destroy.

Put back—বাধা-দে; বিলম্ব-কু; কেলিয়া রাধা; কিরিয়া বাংলা, To hinder; to delay. [for future use. Put by—নক্ষ করিয়া রাধা, তুলে রাধা; Lay asida Put down—বন্ধ-কু; দমন-কু, Suppress; repress; crush; check:—বেধা; Write down:—স্বাদ্ধিত-কু, Degrade.

Put forth—লগাবিত ই; লগাবণ-ই; Extend :আক্রিড-ই; Shoot out or germinate, sent forth,
as a sprout:—ল্রোগ-ই; Exert, use:—লাব-ই;
ল্কালিড-ই; Publish; issue:—ল্রান-ই; Propose.
Put forward—ল্লাব-ই; Propose:—ব্রিড-ই;
উন্নিড-ই; To promote,

Put head together—প্ৰশ্ৰ বৃদ্ধি কৰিব। মন্ত্ৰণা-ক ; Consult with one another. [আটা। Put heads together—একজে প্রাম্প-ক , মতন্ব Put in—সন্ত্ৰিবিট-ক ; নিবেশিত-ক ; Insert :—দাবিল-

কু: Place in due form before a court; file:—
কল্বে অ্ৰেশ-কু; পোডাল্লে ৰাইৱা ব্যৱসা; To enter a
harbour.

Put in an appearance—উপস্থিত-ছ; To appear ; to present one's self , to be seen.

Put in a word—बाबबान त्याक अकी कथा बनिया त्याबा : To say something in a general conversation ; slip in a word :—এकडी कथा बना , Say a word.

Put in a word for - कोश्रांत हरेता कृते। कांग क्यां वना ; Speak a word in favour of , recommend.

Put in fear- जब वार्गन-कृ।

Put in for-कावि-कः वाकी-कः Claim

Put in force-wife-y, Enforce.

Put in hand-wise-a, Make a beginning.

Put in irons—হাতৰ্ডি-বে, To apply manacles or handcuffs to a person.

Put in mind-way water-cy; Remind.

Put in practice—কার্জে পরিশত-কু, ব্যবহারে আবা, Use, exercise.

Put in requisition—To render necessary.

Put it to one—কাছাকেও জিজাসা-কু, বলা, Ask one
Put off—টালমাটাল-কু, ফপিত রাধা, বিলখ-ফু;
Delay; postpone:—কিনারা হইতে ভাসিচা-লে,
Embark, leave land; push from shore —পরিভ্যাস-কু; আবরণ ত্যাগ-কু; To lay aside (cloth) —
কু দিক চাডিয়া অন্ত দিকে বোরা; Turn aside —
কাছার চেটা বিকল-কু; বিকল সনোরখ-কু; Baille,
frustrate.

Put on (upon)—গরিধান ক ; Wear :—ধারণ-ক ; ভাগ-ক ; Assume ; feign :—হাপন-ক , Impose :—

जारतान-क ; Impute to.

Put on one's good behaviour—কাহাকে পাত মন্ত্রি ও ভাগ ইইবা চলিতে হইবে এইরূপ আবেশ-ত্ব-Require one to behave well, to put on probation or in a state of trial in which something important depends on good behaviour.

Put on one's guard-734-7; To warn; to

caution; to render watchful.

Put on paper—কাগতে বেখা; Commit to writing.

Put one down for—কোন পদেৰ উপযুক্ত বনিঘা
কাহাৰত নাম বিধিয়া ৰঙ্গা; Register one as being

কাহাৰও নাম পিৰিয়া লওখা; Register one as being qualified for the office of .— চামাৰ বহিতে কাহাৰও নাম লিখিয়া লওয়া বা পেওয়া, Take down one's name as willing to subscribe or pay.

Put one in the way of—(কোন বাঞ্নীয় জব্য) পাইবাৰ পথ দেখাইয়া দেওয়া; Show one the way to (something desired).

Put one on his mettle—কাহার হ সাহস উত্তেজিত-ক ; To arouse one's spirit or courage, to excite one.

Put one out—চটাইবা দেববা: Offend or anger Put one out of conceit with—কাহাকে বিরক্ত-কু; কাহারও বিরক্তি বা অস্থোব জন্মান; Make one disgusted with.

Put one out of countenance—কন্সিত-ফু; Make one ashamed :—ভাবাগকা লাগাইয়া কেওৱা; Disconcert one; confound one. Put one out of court—হান-এক-ড়; কাণা করিছা বেকরা; Eclipse one:—বার আইনের আলর পাইডে পারেন না; Deprive one of the right to further judicial hearing:—কাহার কথার আেব না বাকা; Disqualify one from speaking with authority.

Put one's hand into a hornest's nest-ज्ञिनस्त्र होट्न संज-त्य; To get into trouble by meddling.

Put one's self forward—To make one's self prominent in a bold or conceited manner.

Put one up—cein que elace elace elace elace; Instigate one. [ supplant one.

Put one's nose out of joint—ছান্ত-ক; To Put out—নির্বাপিত-ক, নির্বাপ-ক; Extinguish:— ব্রে গাটান, Place at interest:—ভাডাইনা বেবরা; ব্র-ক, Eject:—অক্বিত-হ; To shoot a sprout:—উপাত-হ; Emit:—হানাবিত-ক, অসার্থ-ক; To stretch forth, to extend —বাহিব-ক; To protrude, bring out:—প্রচার-ক; প্রকাশিত-ক; To publish —বার্থ-ক; To disconcert:—পেধান, Show.

Put out lights—जातना काँडियां आत्मा (मर्वश्र)
Put out of humour—कृष-कृ; To irritate; to
make angry. [ceal.

Put out of sight—গোপন-ক : To hide ; to con-Put out one's eyes—কাহাকে অন্ধ-কু ; কাহাৰও চকু কাৰা করিয়া দেওবা , Render one blind.

Put out of the way— उकार-कृ ; उकार कतिबा-ति ; Remove to a distance :— त्याद (क्ला ; Put to death.

Put strength—বল প্ৰযোগ-কৃ। Put through—সম্পন্ন-কৃ।

Put over—কৰ্ত্-দে . To place in authority:— বিলখ-ড়; ফেলিয়া রাখা; মূলতবি রাখা, উপেকা-ড়; To defer; postpone.

Put the beast foot foremost—वर्गामान छो-इ, To do one's best or utmost; to use all possible dispatch.

Put the cart before the horse—To say or do in an inverted order. [ফু; To begin. Put the hand to—হলকেশ-ফু; হাত লাগাৰ; আমত-Put to—সকল কবিবা লাগা; Lay by:—বোগ-ফু; Add together —বিপদপ্রত-ফু; Expose.

Put to a stand—থামান; বন্ধ বাধা; To stop; to arrest by difficulties or obstacles.

Put to bed-শাষিত-কু!

Put to death—ব্ৰ-কৃ, সংহার-কৃ; হত্যা-কৃ, Kill. Put to flight—পৰাইতে বাধ্য-কৃ, Cause to flee; to force to escape

Put together—একঅ-কৃ; মিলান; Unite in a sum. Put to inconvenience—অক্ৰিণাতে কেলা; To incommodate.

Put to it—শীড়া-দে; শীড়িড-কু; ৰাথী লাগাৰ; To press hard, to distress.

Put to press—ছাপান, To cause to be printed.
Put to (on) trial—পৰীকা করা৷ [ in disorder.
Put to right—বিশ্বাস-কৃ, To arrange, as objects
Put to rights—বধাসনে স্ক্রিড-কৃ৷ [ perse.
Put to rout—পৰাভব কৃ, To defeat and disPut to see—সমৃত্ত ধানা-কৃ, Set sail.

Put to shame - निकड-इ ; नकांत्र (रूना ; To inflict shame on.

Put to the blush—मन्दिर-इ ; सद्दिर-इ ; To cause to be ashamed or confused.

Put to the proof-walt-F : Put to the test. Put to the rack was car-ca: To subject to [ Slay. extreme torture; to torment. Put to the sword-न्य-क : जबवाति यात। रजा-क : Put to the vote-To submit to expression of f to a test; to try. will by voting. Put to trial or on trial - 对引刺一手; To bring Put trust in-विश्वान-क । Put trust in a person—বিধাস-কু। Put two and two together - ( वांक्राड वृद्धित পরিচর পার এমন ভাবে ) একটার দহিত আর একটার কোডডাড দিয়া কোন বিষয় ঠিক করা বা ভোন নিছাভে উপনীত-হ; কোন সিদ্ধান্ত-কু; So to combine or connect things as to be able to form a correct conclusion. Put under the screw - कठिन भन्नीकांगीन-क : To subject to a servere trial. Put up-मक्त्र-कृ ; To store :-- निकान : Post :--অৰাকে অভাব-ক ; To offer publicly :--ধামা ; Stop :- शहान : Pack :- जान करा ; (तर (मध्या , Lay aside -- ভূলিয়া রাখা : Reposit for preservation :-- वाहित्व शालन-कः; To expose: -- अकारेबा ৰাখা; To set in order:--বাসা বওয়া; Take lodgings. [ lodgings. Put up at. Put up in-ain किया बोक! ; Take Put up for-Stand as a candidate. Put up to-(कांन किंकिन कलो (नवांन : Teach one a dodge or trick :-- :कान खन्द निवास कार्याक मजना পিছা প্রবৃত্তিত-ক ; Incite or instigate one ( to do something that is improper). Put up to-Besses-\$1 Put up to suction or sale-finity est; Offer publicly for sale at an auction -- का बादक रकान भए निवृक्त कतिया होका नश्या : Accept money from persons appointed to officers. Put up with-मश-क ; अन्नानवहरून मश-क ; श्रीद्र ना ৰাৰা; Bear patiently submit to :--বাহা পাওৱা यांत जाहारे मञ्जे हरेश अहन-क ; Take without dissatisfaction. [ have difficulty. To be put to it—কটে পড়ে; হালামে পভিড-ই; To Putative, pū'tā-tiv, a. [ L. putativus, from putare, to reckon ] 45 45; Files; Supposed. reported. Sya: -- Commonly thought, reputed, deemed, reported. [ tion ; pretence. Put-off, n. ছব; বিসম্ব; Evasion, procrastina-Putrefection, pu-tre-fakshun, n. 754; 27461; প্ৰাৰ , Rottenness ; corruption. Putrefective, pu-tre-faktiv, a. sitesistive. बनवमक्कीय: नहनेनेन : Pertaining to or causing putrefaction. n=putrefactiveness. Patrety, patre-fi, v. t. [ L. putrete, to be rotten, and facere, to make ] বিকৃত-কু, গলিত-কু; बहे-इ ; To rotten ; to corrupt :- v. i. नाजड-इ ; महे-इ ; To become putrid ; rot. Putrescent, pu-tresent, a. भारतभील ; नेला : मोलि-ৰুক্ত; Becoming putrid; pertaining to putrefac-tion. n=putrescence (পলিত আৰম্বা; পঢ়া ভাৰ)। Putrid, pa'trid, a. গলিভ; বিকৃত; দুবিত; পচা; क्रीच ; Rotten ; corrupt. n=putridity, putridness (পৃতিতা; পচা অবহা)। Syn:—Decomposed,

carious, stinking.

Putty, pull, n, 78: ; 264, 461 files : Glasier's

Pythien cement ; fine cement of lime :- v. t. 181 ৰোড়া বা ভদারা পুরব-ক: To fix or fill up with putty. Puzzle, puz'l, v. t. वित्रक्ति-कृ; क्छवृद्धि-कृ; To perplex :- v. i रडगृषि-र, To be bewildered :m. दिशानि ; वादनिका ; An enigma ; riddle :-কাপৰ; Perplexity. Syn -- (v) Embarrass, conuse, confound, mystify, pose, bewilder. Puzzling, puz'ling, a. विशक्तिक ; कृति ; Perplexing. ad = puzzlingly. Pysars, pigarg, n. aprils; A species of an-Pygmean, a অতি কুল ; বাহনাকাব ; Very small ; Pygmy, pig'mi, n. नामन; Dwarf:-a. 44; ৰটি : অভি কুত্ৰ , Dwarfish ; diminutive. Pylorus, pi-lous, n. পाकहरीय निष्य माख , शाकानंत्र ও व्यमस्यव माना एवं चांत्र ; Lower opening of the stomach. a=pyloric. Pyramid, pir'a-mid, n. प्रात वृहद एक : पृष्ठ-पन-( A solid figure standing on triangular square and ending in a point. Pyramidal, Pyramidio, Pyramidioal, a. पृत्तिवनक्यांकातः; प्राज क्यांकातः, Having the form of a pyramid; tapering to a point. ad=pyramidally, pyramidically. Pyre, pir, n [55]; ( Marisia ) wisyen; A pile of wood &c, to be set on fire at a funeral. Pyrites, n. অস্তান্ত গাড়র সহিত গলকের বিশ্রণ : A compound of sulphur with other metals. a= pyritic, pyritical. Pyrogenous, a. while : Produced by fire. Pyrologist, n. তাপশাহবিং পতিত; One versed in pyrology. Pyrology, n. Sinila-It. A treatise on heat. Pyrometer, अ. अधिमञ्जाल लित्रांत कविवाद वड विश्व ; ভাপনাৰ বন্ধ विश्व ; An instrument for measuring the temperature of bodies under fierce heat. Pyrometry, s. डालमान निकलन वा उरदोनन ; The act or art of measuring the temperature of bodies under fierce heat. a=pyrometric, pyrometrical. Pyrotechnic, Pyretechnical, c. वारुगवांकी गक्तीय: Pertaining to fireworks. Pyrotechnics, pir-o-tekniks, Pyrotechny, n. আত্তনবাদী প্রস্তুত করিবার বিবায় বা কৌশন; The art of making fireworks. Pyrotechnist, piro'-tek-nist, #. वाज्य-वालावतः One skilled in pyrotechnics. Pyrrhie, n gor faceta; A military dance. Pyrrhonism, pir'ro-nism, त. नाडिकडा ; मरन्द-वाहिका : Scepticism ; universal doubt. [A sceptic. Pyrrhonist, pir'ro-nist, n. नाविक, जरमहनारी : Pythagorean, pi-thag-o-re-an, a. निवारनोहान वी ভাহার দর্শনাত্র সম্বনীয়; Pertaining to Pythagorus, a celebrated Greek philosopher or to his philosophy:-- দ. পিখাপোরাসের বিবা ; A follower of [ trines of Pythrogoras. Pythogoras. Pythagorism, n. निवारनाशरनं मंड ; The doc-Pythian, pithi-an, a. अशाला त्याव नचानार्व व्यक्तिम जीत्मत जाविज्ञ केन्द्रवद्य अक्टमन्डक ; Noting one of the four national festivals of ancient Greece, cele-

brated in honour of Apollo.

Python, ম. আলাগর; এপোনো বর্ক নিহত সাপ; বোড়া সাপ; A large snake; a rock-snake.

Pythoness, pithon-es, n. ভেল্ছি নশিনের বৈহ-বাৰ-আচারিকা বেবানীন; মোহিনী; The priestess who are delivered oracle of Apollo at Pytho, the oldest name of Delphi, in Greece; a witch.

Pythonic, pi-thonik, a. ভবিষ্যাবিষয়ক; ভবিষ্য-বন্ধ্যক ভাপৰায়ী; আপক; Pretending to foretell future events like the Pythoness, prophetic.

Pythonism, pithon-izm, n. खविराष्ट्र कथन विष्णा ; खविराष्ट्रीक्षण विष्णा ; The act of predicting events by divination. n-pythonist. Pythonist, n. William; A conjurer; a scotlesayer.

Pyx, piks, n. বে বাজে বীজন বেৰ্থকা কটা ক্ষিত্ৰ হন; The box in which the host is kept:—ইকি-লালে বে বাজেন ভিতন আদৰ্শ মুৱা বাধা হন; At the Mint, the box containing sample coins:—p. t. (মুড়াদিন) ওজন ও ধান অভূতি পরীকা-ক; To test the weight and fineness of, as the coin deposited in the pyx.

Trial of the pyx—টাকনাল হইতে বাহিন করিবার পূর্বে মূলাসমূহের বেব পরীকা ; Final trial before

coins are issued from the mint

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Q—ইংৰাজি বৰ্ণমালাৰ সপ্তাল বৰ্ণ বা আক্ষা, The 17th letter in the English alphabet.

Quack, kwak, n. হংসেৰ ডাক বা শন্ধ; প্যাক পাঁক শান্ধ; The cry of a domestic duck:—কুবৈদা; জন্জ চিকিৎসক; হাড়ডিবা; A boastful pretender to skill which he does not possess, esp medical skill; a mountchank, an empiric — . i. হংসের স্থান ডাকা; পাঁকি পাঁকি-কু; To cry like a duck:—অহমান-কু, বডাই-কু, স্মাৰ্কে চীৎকান-কু, To boast:—কুবৈদ্যৰ স্থাব চিকিৎসা-কু, To practise as a quack:—a. আনাডী; হাড়িক্সা-কুনিদ্যান-ক্ৰান্ধ, Pertaining to quackery; used by quacks. Syn:—
(n) Charlatan, impostor.

Quackery, kwaker-i, n. কুচি হিংলা; হাতুডিবা-বিবিঃ হাতুডিবা চিনিংলা; The boastful pretensions or practice of a quack, e-pecially in medicine. Quacksalver, n. হাতুড়িবা বৈদ্য; A quack who

deals in salves &c.

Quadragesima, kwod-ra-jesi-ma, n. [L. quadraginta, forty] খ্ৰীষ্টান্দিগের উপানপৰ্কের প্ৰেক্ চল্লিশ দিবস উপবাস; Lent or the forty days of fast before Easter.

Quardragesimal, a. লেটকাল সম্বন্ধীয় বা ডংকালে ব্যবস্থাত ; Belonging to, or used in, lent.

Quadrangle, kwodrang-gl, n. [L. quatour, four, and angulus, an angle] চতুৰ্জ বেজ, চতুৰ, A plane figure having four equal ides and angles:—আটালিকা পরিবেটিত আফন, অটালিকা বেটিড চতুৰোণ ভূপত; A square surrounded by buildings. e=quadrangular.

Quadrangular, a. চতুজোণ, চতুজোণী, চতুজ্ঞ; Having the form of a quadrangle. ad=qua-

drangularly.

Quadrant, kwodrant, n. উচ্চতা পৰিমাপক ব্য বিশেষ; An instrument for taking altitudes:— বুজের বা তৎপরিধির চতুর্বাংশ; In geometry, the fourth part of a circle or an area of go'; the quarter of a circle. a=quadrantal.

Quadrantal, a. বৃত্তের চচুৰ্বাংশ সংকাত ; Pertaining to a quadrant.

Quadrat, kwodrat, n. ছাপিবার অকর অপেকা কর উচ্চ সীসথত বিশেষ; A piece of type-metal cast. Quadrate, kwodrat, a. [L. guadro, to square] স্বচ্ছুবোধ; চচুকেণী; Having Iqur equal sides and four right angles:—সমচতুর্জানে বিভাৰা; চৌকদ, সমান চারি ভাগে বিভক্ত; Divisible into four equal parts —ঠিক; উপযুক্ত; উপযোগী; বধাৰণ; Bulanced; cxact, suited, fitted:—ক. সমচতুর্জ নেত্র; বগক্তেত্র; A square figure:—v. i. ঐক্য-হ; To square or agree with to correspond. Quadratio, kwod-ratik, a. বর্গক্তেত্র সম্বাধীণ, বর্গক্তেত্রত্ব; Perlaining to, containing or deno-

ting a square. Quadratic equation, n. বৰ্গীয় স্থীক্ষণ; One involving the square of the unknown quantity.

Quadrature, kwodra-tur, n. राजीकवा, A squaring:—(अद्याखित क्रुणामान वर्गास्का दिशीकवा, The finding of a square that shall have the same area as a given figure of some other shape.

Quadrennial, knod-renyal, n. [L. quatuor, four, annus, a year] totalis; totalis; cocurring once in four years.

Quadrilatoral, kwod-ri-later-al, n. [L. quatuor, four, and latus, side] চজু जंब एक द्वा ; हजू के एक दिन ; मिर्याल four sides —a. हजू के ; हजू जंब एक ; मिर्याल four sides :— हजू के दिन दिन ; Consisting of four letters. [वित्य ; A game at cards. Quadrille, ku-dril, n. मृज वित्य ; जागरका Quadrillion, n. बरक शृद्ध २० मृष्ठ वर्गाहरण वर्ज वर्म दिन देश मृष्ठ वर्गाहरण वर्ज वरम् देश । The number represented by a unit with 24 ciphers.

Quadrinominal, a. চারিণবাবিশিষ্ট; Consisting of four terms:—n. চারিণবাবিশিষ্ট রাশি; An expression of four terms.

Quadroon, kwod-roon, n. महत्र महान दिल्ह ; वर्गनकत्र क्षांक ; Off-pring of white and mulatto ; one quarter blooded.

Quadruped, kwodroo-ped, n. [L. quatuor, four, and pes, pedis, a foot ] 55 97 55, A four-footed animal:—a. 55 97. Quadrupeded.

Quadrupedal, a. চতুপান, Having four feet. Quadruple, kwod'roo-pl, a. চতুপ্ৰ; Fourfold: —n চতুপ্ৰ পরিমাণ বা সংবা; Four times the quantity of a number:—v. t. চতুপ্ৰ-ক; To increase fourfold.

Quadruplicate, kwod-tööpli-kät, a. [L. quatour, four, and plico, plicatus to fold] by 64; by 645, Made fourfold; double

swice: - v. t, runty; To make four fold; to double square. n = quadruplication.

Qualf, kwaf, e. s. इक् इक् कतिश्रा भीत-कृ; To drink in large draughts; to swallow in large draughts: —v. c. जावक भवित्राम भान-कृ; To drink largely. s=quaffer.

Quagga, kwag'a, n. गनिन चोडिकांत रक्षण बड़; A hoofed quadruped of South Africa like the ass in form and the zebra in colour.

Quaggy, kwag'i, a. एकहरन ; त्रता ; क्या ; कार्ड ; Of the nature of quagmire ; boggy.

Quagmire, kwag'mīr, n. [O. E. quag, quagge, to shake, and mire] प्रवादन पृषि; शिक्षापृषि; Marsh; soft yielding bog; wet, boggy land. Syn:—Morass, fen, bog, swamp.

Quail, kwal, v. i. [A. S. cwelan, to die ] नाहन होव-इ; जीव-इ; पविच-इ; To fall in spirit; to loose spirit. Syn:—Shrink, cower, blench, flinch, quake, tremble; crush, subdue; depress. Quail, kwal, n. পद्मित्यम; A partidge like gallinaceous bird.

Quail under-Cower.

Quaint, kwant, a. অনুত; অপরণ; কিমাকার; Odd; singular; unusual. n=quaintness (অপ-রূপতা)। ad=quaintly. Syn:—Ingenious, artful; curious, far-fetched, old-fashioned, fanciful.

Quake, kwak, v. i. কলিত-হ; নীতে বা ভৱে কলিত-হ; To tremble, especially with cold or fear; to shake with fear, cold or emotion:—n. কল; A shake. ad=quakingly. Syn:—Shudder, quiver, shiver.

Earthquake, अ. कृषिकन्त्र ।

Quaker, kwaker, n. श्रीश्वर्ष मध्यमात्र विस्तित्व अञ्चलमः; One of the society of Friends, a religious sect founded by George Fox. n= quakerism. [tenets of the quakes. Quakerism, n. কোবেদার मध्यमादात्र वर्षमण्डः; The Qualification, kwol-e-fc-káshun, n. स्माः महामाः; स्मामाः; A quality:—পবিবর্জন: Condition; restriction; modification:—(पामाणाः; Fitness. Syn:—Capacity, fitness, suitableness, capability, endowment, accomplishment, modification, limitation, diminution, abatement, allowance.

Quaified, a. বোগ্য; উপযুক্ত; সমুচিড; Fitted. Quality, kwole-fi, v. t. [ L. qualis, such, and facere, to make ] (यात्रा-क ; উপयुक्त-क ; To fit ; to render capable or suitable :-পরিমিত-কু; নিয়মিত-₹; To modify; to limit; to soften :-- হাস-ক; To abate :- नदीर्- क ; To restrict. n=qualifier. Syn : -Fit, equip, prepare, adopt, capacitate; restrict, restrain, abate, diminish, soften, moderate. Qualitative, kwofi-ta-tiv, a. 29 न्योह ; Relating to quality:—বৌগিক পদার্থের উপাদানসমূহের একুতি निर्मात्र ; Determining the nature of components. Quality, kwole-te, n. [L. qualitas, from qualis, how or so constituted] 29; 44; Property; attribute :- 5 शिक ; Character :- भा ; Rank :— माकि : Power :— উक्तवार अन्न : Superior birth. Syn :- Attribute, nature, condition, peculiarity; sort, kind, description, standing, station, gentry, nobility.

The quality—क लाक ; नहांच वाकि ।

Qualm, kwam, s. [A.S. cwealss, death.]
सम्प्रदेशमा ; मनशाम ; विराद्यक पश्चिका ; A scruple,
as of conscience :—होद (सारम साक्षम ; होद मिश्रांत साक्षम ; A sudden attack of illness :— वसन्तका ; विविध्य ; Nausea. Sys :—Misgiving ; queasiness ; throe, pang.

Qualmish, kwämish, a. বৰবেজুক; বিব্যিষ্ : সামাক্ত শীন্তিক ; Affected with qualm or a disposition to

vomit or with slight sickness.

Quandary, n. लीनत ; मुक्ति ; नकी ; A state of perplexity ; uncertainty ; a hard plight.

Quantitative, a. পরিমাণ বিষয়ক; পরিমেয়; Measurable by quantity.

Quantity, kwohie-te, n. [ L. quantitas, from quantus, how much ] পরিমাণ: বালি; সমষ্ট; The amount of any thing; a determinate amount:——
আহতি; আকার; Bulk; size. a=quantitive.
Syn:—Amount, aggregate, sum; portion, part, share; length, duration.

An unknown quantity—ৰঞ্জাতরাশি।

In small quantities— अवनः। Nagative quantity— কৰা।

Positive quantity—4 |
Quantum, n. 19814; Quantity; amount.

Quarantine, kworfan-ton, n. সংক্রামক পীডাপ্রক স্থান হইতে কোন বন্দরে সমাগত জাহালের পাকে তীরের সহিত যোগাযোগ নিবেধের নিদ্ধিষ্ট সময়; যে সময় গলৈ জাহালের তীরে গমনাগমন নিবেধ; Period during which an infected ship is not allowed to communicate freely with the shore:—v.t. বোগ-সংক্রমণ ভাষে তীরের সহিত সংস্রহ নিবেধ-কু; To prohibit from intercourse from fear of infection.

Quarrel, kwor'rel, n. [L. querela, a complaint]
বিবাদ; কলছ; বপাড়া; বন্ধবিজেদ; An angry dispute; a petty fight; a breach of friendship:—
υ. i. বিবাদ-কু; কলছ-কু; বগাড়া-কু; To disagree; to dispute violently. n=quarreller. Syn:—(n)
Broil, squabble, affray, altercation, dispute, variance, disagreement, strife, contention.

Quarrel with one's bread and butter-कारांबर कि बांबा; To find fault with one's means of livelihood and so endanger his support.

To pick a quarrel—বস্চা বাধান।

Quarrelsome, kwor'el-sum, a. কলহজিয়; বিবাহ-জিয়; কুছুলে; Disposed to quarrel. n-quarrelsomeness.

Quarry, kwor'i, n. প্রস্তরের আকর; প্রস্তর পনি; A stone or chalk-mine:—শিকার; মৃগবানক জন্ত; Heap of game killed; game:—Prey of a hawk:—v. t. পনি হইডে উরোগন-কৃ; To dig or take from a quarry.

Quarryman, Quarrier, n. assath (1) ; A man who works in a quarry.

Quart, kwart, n. পরিদাণ বিশেষ; আম তিন পোরা; Two pints:—দুই পাইন্ট পরিদাণবিশিষ্ট পাত্র; A

vessel containing two pints.
Quartan, kwor'tan, s. চতুরাহিক; ছই দিব অভঃ
(অর); চাতুর্থিক; Occurring every fourth day:

n. চাতুর্থিক কর; An intermittent fever, occurring every forth day.

Quartan ague—क्रे किन अवत शांता वत । Quarter, kworter, a. i.f. quartier, from L. quartus, the fourth ] ज्यूबीर्य ; निवि ; A fourth part :-- साम तिम त्मन समन ; The fouth part of a cust or a ton :- atten; A region; district; locality:--मनबानित विकान ; महरतत विकान ; नाफां ; A division of a town :--এক ঘণ্টার চতুর্বাংক : The fourth part of an hour: সেনানিবেশ; Station at which officers and men are placed during a a battle :--pl. नहां ; नद्भन क्षांत मनत वावहांत ; Mercy; mercy granted to a disabled antagonist:-v. f. siff সমান ভাগে বিভক্ত-ক : To divide into four equal parts :- जानक-(ज ; To furnish with shelter: - o. i. singla-cq: sini-cq: To lodge.

ship. A querter less—শৌনে। At quarters atelias Brits: On board the At close quarters—হাভাহাতি; দিকটানিকটী। Four quarters-Asia, Europe, Africa and [ lodging free of charge. America.

Free quarters—বিনা ভাডার বাসা : Place of From every quarter—চতুদ্ধিক হট্ডে।

Give quarter to--(পক্র প্রতি) দলা প্রফাপ-কু, সংহার লা-ড়: Show mercy to (an enemy); forbear to kill.

Head quarter—त्मनांगंडि निक्डन। One and a quarter-resil Quarter of the sky-194 !

Quarter one on—wising vice das sivin; Throw the charge of supporting one on:-Billet on, as soldiers.

Quarter on or upon-Send soldiers to lodge with. ি হাতাহাতি বৃদ-ক । To come to close quarters in battle-

To give or show quarter—ৰশী প্ৰতি ক্ষা

ष्याम ; বিজিত ব্যক্তিকে হত্যা না-क ।

To quarter arms-In heraldry to place the arms of other families in certain compartments of a shield, the family arms being placed in the first.

Quarter day, kworter-da, n. जिन मान कारनव শেব দিন ; श्रांक्रमा दा छाछा मिनात मिन : The day of a quarter or when rent is due.

Quarter-dock, kwor'ter-dek, n. winigas Gra ভনা : ৰাহাৰের পভাষ্টাগন্থ উচ্চ পাটাতন : Deck from the stern to the mizen or main mast; the part of the upper deck of a ship aloft the main mast; officer's deck.

Quaterly, kworter-li, a. हजूर्वजानविनिष्ठ ; हजूर्वाःन সম্বিত; Consisting or containing a fourth part :- देवशंत्रिक ; Recurring at each quarter of the year; relating to a quarter:- n. देवसांतिक পঝ: A periodical published every quarter of a year :-ad. जिम मांग व्यवद ; By quarters.

Quarter-master, kwor'ter-mas-ter, n. সৈত্তের मिराम बल्यावक कत्रिवाद कर्चछात्री: तमलामि वक्रमकात्री সামরিক কর্মচারী বিশেষ; An officer for arranging the quarters of soldiers.

Quartern, n. शहरकेन क्ष्यीर न वक जिन ; The fourth of a pint; a gill.

Quarternary, kwa-ternar-i, a. 594; 594 न्तर्पाक; Consisting of four; by fours:-n. ह्यु:माना ; The number four.

Quarternion, kwa-ter'ni-on, n. vifa nieri :

रेज्याताचे वित्तद ; The number four ; a file of four soldiers. [ loaf of 4 Bs. Quartern-loaf, n. sifs vibe waters will; A Quarter-sessions, kworter-seshuns, m. pl. প্রত্যেক কাউন্টিতে অন্ততঃ ছুইজন বিচারকের ত্রৈসাসিক অবিবেশন ; ইংল্ডের প্রত্যেক জেলার ডিনমান বছর বে আগালত বলে ; A general court held every three months by the justices of the court of peace of each country. [ weapon of defence. Quarter-staff, n. with and an west; A long Quartette, Quartet, kwor-tet, n. stfs with विकक्ष यत्रभाव वा ब्रामाव माहारमा बैक वित्यव ; कोनही ; A musical composition of four parts, each part performed by a single voice or instrument; a stanza of four lines.

Quarto, kwor'to, a. stis 781; stis cola; Having the sheet folded into four leaves :-- স. চারি পেজি 144; A book of a quarter size. pl-quarters. Quarts, kworts, n. क्षिक विश वानुका-अवत ; A mineral composed of pure silica; rock-crystal. e-quartzose (composed of or like quartz).

Quartzose, n. निना-कृष्टिक मन्न ; Like quartz. Quash, kwosh, v. t. [ I. quassare, to shake ] नेतांच-कृ ; कांच-कृ ; समन-कृ ; To crush ; to beat down; to subdue or extinguish suddenly and completely:—রহিত-ক ; রদ-ক ; বাতিল-ক ; To annual ; to make void. Syn:—Repress, supress, extinguish; cancel. [ A tree, its bark. Quassia, kwashia, n. বৃদ্ধ বিশেষ; বৃদ্ধের ছাল; Quaternions, #. গণিত শাস্ত্ৰীয় তত্ব বিশেষ : A kind of method of mathematical investigation.

Quatrain. n. এकांख्य-विण চाविष्ठात्व लाक: क्रकुलान GIT : A stanza of four lines rhyming alternately.

Quaver, kwaver, v. i. कन्निक-इ: कन्निक्तात श्रीन-F; To shake; to sing or play with tremulous modulations :- n. व्यक्तान ; A shape or rapid vibration of the voice.

Quay, ke, n. कांग्रंब त्वांबाई कविवात वा मान छुनिता महेरात्र बाँठ ; त्बंद्धि ; Wharf for the loading or unloading of vessels. [ Wharfage. Quayage, n. श्रीषा-कांछा ; नानवाटिय नालगः

Quossy, kwe'zi, a. रामन थरन ; रामनाविश ; रामनाविश ; Inclined to vomit; causing nausea :- actique; Squeamish; fastidious. ad=queasily, n=queasiness ( বমনোবেশ )।

Queen, kwen, n. बांकबांनी; बराबांनी; बांकबहिनी; बाक्री : The wife of a king : a female sovereign : -মৰ্চক্তিত ত্ৰীমকিকা ; The semale of the hive :-তজাতীযার মধ্যে প্রধানা : The chief of her kind :-( जान (बनाब ) विवि ; ( नावा (बनाब ) मजी।

Crowned-queen—महिनी। [ tournament. Queen of beauty, n. Presiding lady at a Queen of dismonds-पनी बोरनाक; Rich [ hive or swarm.

Queen-bee, n. नित्री माफि ; The fertile female of a Queen-consort, n. त्रावनको ; नारियान ; त्रावन्त्र সহধর্মিনী; The wife of a reigning king.

Queen-dowager, n. बाबाब विवदा भट्टी; वृष्ड রাজার পদী; The widow of a king.

Queenly, kweńli, a. बाळोबर ; बाळोब डेनबुक : Like a queen; becoming or suitable to a queen.

Queen-metal-#141

Queen-mother, kwen-muther, n. 1979 119-

Queen-regent, s. et sien वार्षकांत्रस्य नामन करवन ; Queen, who is regent for her child.

Queen-regnant, #. त बांडी चाविकांत्रण्य बांडा करवब ; Queen who reigns in her own right.

Queen's bench, n. Since a sire within factor:
One of the high courts of law in which the king formerly sat in person:—Chief debtor's prison.
Queen's counsel—Barristers who have been called to the bar, selected to be advocates for the crown.

Queen's evidence, s. In criminal proceedings the evidence given by an accomplice against his fellows.

Queer, kwēr, a. [Ger. queer, queer, cross]
আপুৰ্ব ; আপুৰুপ ; আছুত ; Odd ; strange ; singular.
n=queerness (আপুৰুপন্থ) ; ad = queerly (আছুত্ৰন্ধপ) ।
Syn :—Quaint, whimsical, curious, strange,
unusual, extraordinary ; fanciful, crotchety.

A queer fish-An eccentric person.

In queer street—sinantification are sen of all all all are represented by the control of the second street are required as a second street are required as a second second

Queerish, kwer'ish, a. কিনং পরিমাণে অভুড; Quell, kwel, v. t. প্রশমিত-ক; শাস্ত-ক; To allay; to calm:—সমন-ক; To subdue; put down, quash; check. n=queller. Syn:—Calm, quiet, still; crush, overpower, suppress; repress, restrain, check, curb.

Quench, kwensh, v. f. নিৰ্কাশ-ক ; To put out :— প্ৰশাস্ত-ক ; বাণনিত-ক ; To allay :— কাংস-ক ; বিনষ্ট-ক ; To destroy :— দমন-ক ; To check. Syn:—Extinguish, stifle. repress, check, suppress ; slake, cool.

Quenchable, kwensha-bl, a. निर्काभनीय ; क्यनीय ; अन्यनीय ; That may be extinguished.

Quenobless, kwenshless, a. অপাত্ত; অপ্রদান ; অপান: That cannot be quenched:—অগম্য; অধ্যনীয়, Irrepressible.

Querimonious, kwer-i-monyus, a. আন্তঃ;
অনুবোগনারী; Discontented. n=querimoniousness. ad=querimoniously.

Quern, kwern, n. 415); (444-53; A hand-mill for grinding grain.

Querulous, kweru-lus, a. [L. querulus, from queri, to complain] অবস্তাঃ অনুবোৰণাৰী; Discontented; murmuring. n-querulousness, ada querulously. Syn:—Complaining, murmuring, fault-finding, dissatisfied, cross, peevish.

Query, kwe'ri, n. [L. quaero, to inquire] आत्र किए; The mark of interrogation:—श्र ; क्लिकांगा; A question; an interrogatory:—v.f. क्लिकांगा-कृ; ध्य-कृ; To question:—गरमञ्जू ; To doubt of:—v.f. क्षा या गरमञ्जू ; To question.

Quest, kwest, n. अनुमकान ; अत्वर्ग ; Search.

In quest of way raite, In search of.

Question, kwestyun, n. [ L. quaerere, quaeritum, to seek;] क्षत्र; Act of asking; an interrogatory:—नत्त्रतः; সম্পেदः; Doubt:—नामान्त्रतः;
विवादः विकातः; Dispute.—जन्नतातः; व्यवदः An
enquiry:—नामान्। विवादः Subject of discussion:

A loading question—নাকীকে একণ ভাবে সভনাপ করা বাহাতে বেরপ কবাব পাইলে নিজ পক্ষেত্র ভাল হর সেইক্লগ কবাব বাহির হইডে পারে; A question that suggests its own answer; a question which is so put as to suggest to the witness the answer which he is desired to make.

An open question—বে বিবরের এবনও সিদান্ত বা নীৰাফা হব নাই।

A vexed question—ৰে বিষয় সহজে মীমানো হয় না; A question that is difficult of decision; a question that causes much wearisome discussion.

Beg the question—বালা প্ৰমাণ করিতে হুইবে ভাহাই বাকার করিবা লভরা; Assume the point to be proved; take for granted that which is to be proved.

Call in question—नत्मर-इ।

In question—বাহার বিষয় বলা হইতেছে; উল্লিখিড (বিষয়); In course of examination or discussion; referred to; that is the subject of present inquiry.

Out of question-जार्कन नाहित ; निकार ।

Out of the question—সপুৰ্গ অসন্তব; তাহাৰ জ ৰধাই ৰাই; এত হইতেই পাৰে ৰা; Quite impossible; quite impracticable; not to be thought of at all. Put a question—বিজ্ঞানা-ফু; প্ৰব-ফু; Ask.

Question at or in issue—with त्रव ; The matter which is contested or disputed.

Without question or past question—
নিচয়: নিসেছিছরণে; Undoubtedly.

Questionable, kwestyun-a-bl, e. আনিকিত; অক্সৰ, Doubtful; uncertain:—ন্ৰেক্পূৰ্ব; সংশ্ব-পূৰ্ব; সংশ্বাধিত; Suspicious:—বিষদনীয়; Disputable. Syn:—Equivocal, disputable, controvertible, debatable, problematical.

Questionary, a. उपिकार, Inquiring.

Questionist, kwestyun-ist, n. এরকারী; এরকরী; তথ্যসূদ্যারী; A questioner.

ত্বাস্কালা; A questioner.
Questor, kwestor, n. পাটান বোনলাজ্যের ব্যালিট্রেট ;
কোব্যালক ; A Roman magistrate, who had charge

of the monetary affairs of the state; a treasurer. n=questorship. [ twist of pair. Queue, ku, n. প্রাকালীয় প্রবেশ: A tail-like Quibble, kwib!, n. বাক্যের ছল; কথার মাধ্যেতি; বজাজি. মেব: An evasion, a pun; a petty con-

বকোজি , সেব ; An evasion, a pun; a petty conceit :—v. i. বাকোর ছল-কু; To evade; to pun. n=quibbler ( সেবকারী )।

Quick, kwik, c. নজীব ; জীবং ; Alive ; living :— তীক ; Sharp , keen :—প্রস্তুল ; Lively ; vigorous : —চটুল ; Agile :—শীব ; কুড ; বাখনবত ; Speedir s rapid; swift:-গর্ডবৃতী; With child:-ম. স্থীব बद वी कुक ; A living animal or plant :-- कीविड वाणी ; The living :- जन्जू कृष्ठि मन्त्रह (महारण ; The sensitive parts :-- ed. As; wellence; arocach; Soon; without delay; rapidly:-n. 明; Quickness; speed. ad=quickly. n=quickness. Syn: -(a) Active, brisk, alert, prompt, ready; fleet, expeditious; adroit, skilful, dexterous, clever; hasty, impetuous, passionate.

Out, sting, or touch to the quick-पत्रप আবাত-কু; মর্শ্বে আবাত-কু; মর্শ্বাহত-কু; Wound one in the most sensible parts; afflict or distress

one deeply.

Piercing to the quick-मर्याख्यो।

Quick as lightning—figures wis vice of তংকণাং।

Quick as throught—অভি পীয় ; Very quickly. Quick ear-Natural aptitude for distinguishing right notes from wrong.

Quick of hand-water

Quick with child-1693; Pregnant.

To the quick-act; enter

With a quick pace— अकार !

Quicken, kwikn, v. t. कोविछ-कृ; जबीव कृ; পুনৰীবিত-কু; To vivily; to make alive :--তীম-কু; To sharpen:—প্রকৃরিত-কু; আনন্দিত-কু; To cheer:-ছরাখিত-কু; ছরা-ছু; ক্রতগামী-কু; To hasten :—উভেজিড-কু; To excite :—v. i. ফুড-नामी-र। n=quickner. Syn :-- Revive, resuscitate, reinvigorate, refresh; accelerate, expedite, despatch. speed; animate, stimulate.

Quickly, ad. non; seconte; secon;

immediately.

Quickness, kwiknes, n. তংগ্ৰতা; ক্লভবেগ, তীক্ষতা; Rapidity of motion. Syn :- Speed, velocity, celerity, haste, expedition, despatch, swiftness, nimbleness, fleetness, agility, activity, briskmess, ; liveliness, sagacity, shrewdness, penctration, keenness, sharpness, dexterity, adroitness, aptness, facility.

Quick-lime, kwiklim, n. क्लिह्न; नांगाति हन. Carbonate of lime without its carbonic acid.

Quick-sand, kwiksand, n. cotatetta; Unsolia ground; losee sand abounding with :-- विश्वानवाडक विवय ; Any thing treacherous.

Build on a quicksand—চোরা বালির উপৰ পৃত निर्याप-कृ ; अप्रक्रव विरायत्र कल्लना-कृ , ludulge in visions or dreams that are utterly impracticable.

Quick-scented, a. Acute of smell.

Quick-set, n. वृक्ष विश्वव ; A plant :-- a. मजीर বৃদ্ধনিত : Composed of living plants.

Quick-sighted, kwiksit-ed, a. 57498; Keensighted; sharp sighted: - छोक्च्कि; Quick in discernment.

Quick-silver, kwiksil-ver. n. may; may. Mercury :-- o. f. शांत्रक कांत्रा कांक्काविक-क ; Cover with mercury, as a looking glass.

Quick-witted, a. डेनविङ वृद्धिविषिडे; প्रणुरनवमिछ ; Having ready wit.

Quid, kwid, n. offic an; Something chewed :- मूर्व क्रीकट काशक ; A piece of tobacco kept in the mouth.

Quiddity, kwidi-ti, n. र्ज्जा ; वनरें कर वे वाक्रोक्श ; A trifling nicety ; a cavil ; a captious question :- विश्वान ; नात ; The essence of anything.

Quidnune, kwidnungk, #. जनूनिक्द राष्ट्रि । नर्स-जांचा वाकि: One always on the look out for news. Quiescence, kwišens, z. नियस्त्र ; दिस्या ;

নিক্লড়া; Silence; rest of mind.

Quiescent, kwi-esent, a. क्त्र ; निषक ; निक्क ; भार ; Still ; not moving ; unagitated ; silent. =quiescence. ad=quiescently ( ? ] quietly ). Syn :- Motionless, quiet, dormant; mute, not sounded.

Quiet, kwiet, a. धनीय: द्वित: नीय: नज: Calm; at rest; tranquil; gentle; mild:-n. উপদ্ৰবশূক্তা; নিমিমতা; নিখৰতা; শাস্তি; Repose; rest ; calm ; stillness ; peace :-- . f. 13-7; সাহ্বা-কু; শান্ত-কু; To calm ; to pacify ; to lull ; to suppress ; to ally. adequietly ( [ [ ] E E E ] ) ! Syn: -(n) Tranquility; silence; calmness.

At quiet-मोत्रव ; श्वि । In quiet—চুগে চুগে ; স্থিতাবে।

Quiet times-निक्ताय कान।

Quietism, kwi'et-izm, n. माननिक नाहि ; रेरब्राग ; উষাপীত ; Mental tranquillity ; indisturbance :-জীবাকা ও পরমান্দার বোগই পরম ধর্ম এই মত: The doctrine that religion consists in repose of the mind and passive contemplation of the Deity.

Quietist, n. भानितक देश्वां निर्दे थर्च अहे यखवानी; One who believes in this doctrine.

Quietly, kwict-li, ad क्वित इडेबा, विवकार्य; भाक-ভাবে , निक्कडारव ; Calmly , patiently ; silently. Quietness, kwi'et-nes, Quietude, kwiet-ud, n. শাভি ; বিআম ; হৈগ্য ; নিতক্তা ; Repose ; stillness; peace, silence.

Quietus, kwi-c'tus, n. विश्वात ; नीचि ; Rest ; repose: - মৃত্যু ; Death . - চূড়াত নিশাত্তি ; A final settlement.

Quill, kwil, n. इ:मानित शुक्छ, भानक; The feather of a goose or other bird used as pen :- \*\* ; A pen :-- শতাকর কাটা ; মেক্সড ; The spine, as of a porcupine: - শর; পরেব কলম; A piece of reed; a reed-pen :-- v. i. हनके- इ; To plant with small ridges like quills.

A quill driver, n. (क्झाने ; लावक ; A mere [ of a clerk. clerk.

Quill-driving, n. কেরাণীগিরি; The occupation Quallet, n. (र्जुवामंत्र (कोनन ; कुछ वान्नान ; A trick in argument; a petty quibble.

Quilt, n. (नण , त्वारे , वानात्नाव ; The cover of a bed , a thick coverlet :- v. t. বেপ-কু; ভুলা ভরিয়া कार्ते , To stitch together with soft or warm substance between.

Quinary, kwinar-i, a. ११क ; नीव्हींब नीव्हींब af. Consisting of or arranged in fives.

Quince, n. यह क्ल वित्नद ; A fruit with an acid taste.

Quinine, kwińin, n. कूरेनारेन ; कुरेंदनव ; Vegetable alkali from cinchona.

Quinquagesims, a. গ্ৰাপ্তৰ; Fiftieth.

Quinquangular, kwin-kweng'gu-lar. s. 9 কোপ্ৰিপিট ; প্ৰু কোপী ; Having five angles.

Quinquental, kwin-kwenyal, a. [ L. quinque, five, and annus, a year ] नक्वांना ; नक्वांविक ; नीवनाना ; Occurring one in five years ; lasting five years.

Quinsy, kwińze, n. ebaiol-anie : প্ৰায় কত ; व्यवस्थित करेकोणि ; Inflamatory sore throat.

Quintal, kwintal, n. शहिमां विट्य ; इस्पत्र ; Hundred weight; 100 lbs.

Quintessence, kwin-tesens, w. সারাংশ ; বিভদ সারভাগ ; The pure essence of anything.

Quintillion, kwin-tilyun, n. अकरकत्र शृंदे जिः भर मुख नगहित्व त्व मःशा इत्र छाहा : Fifth power of a million.

Quintuple, kwinte-pl, a. [ L. quintus, fifth, plice, to fold ] প্ৰভাগিত ; পাচৰণ : Five fold :v. t. नक्विन्ड-इ ; नीव्यन-इ ; To make five fold.

Quip, kwip, n. fast; tibi; statai; Taunt; a jibe ; scoff :- v. t. bib - ; To taunt.

Quips and oranks-jests and conceits. Quire, kwir, n. an frei ; 24 sheets of paper :-Old form of choir.

Quirk, kwerk, n. जानां ; Quick stroke :-বিজপ; ঠাটা; Smart taunt; a quip: - বজোভি: क्तियात ; वारकात एन ; Quibble :- एन ; Trick , decit; shift :-- আত্মাতিখাৰ, A slight conceit.

Quirkish, a विक्रशायक; Consisting of quirks. Quit, kwit, v.t. 579-7; To abandon; to leave 一(时中, To discharge; to repay:-15-5; মাক-ক : রেহাই-ক , To replease from obligation , to absolve; acquit: - रक- क ; To stop :- a निर्मूल; बावाहिज्ञाश; मूक; Set free; acquitted. Syn:—(v) Leave, vacate, relinquish, resign, surrender; settle, pay, liquidate; deliver, set free, clear.

Cry quits-পরস্থরের দেনাপাওনা সমস্ত পবিধার হইয়া faults; Acknowledge that one's account with (with you) another is clear and settled. To be quits-नमकक इ, मिलन-इ. To be even

To quit cost-435-(7)

To quit one's solf-- वात्रांब-इ. To behave.

To quit scores—हिमान विहान।

Quite, kwit, ad. मञ्जूर्वज्ञाल ; Completely, wholly, entirely -- अडीव . অভান্ত ; Very. Totally, perfectly; considerably, largely.

Quit-rent, kwit-rent, n. पुष्टि-द्रोक्षत्र, शहा अवस হইলে আৰুপতা হইতে অব্যাহতি হয়; Rent paid by the tenant of a free hold discharging him from any other rent.

Quittance, kwitans, n. निकृष्टि, वन्युक्ति; कर्क হইতে অব্যাহতি ; খোলাসা , কারকত ; Discharge from a debt or obligation.

Quiver, kwiver, n. 911, A case for arrows.

Quiver, kwiver, v. i. [ D. quicker, vivid ] কশিত-ই; To tremble; to shiver:—n. কশ্ব; A tremor. Syn :- Quake, vibrate, shudder.

Quivered, kwiverd, a. कृषीवर्षिण्ड ; क्षावाद्य ; Furnished with a quiver; sheathed.

Quivive, n. कतांगी कोकिमादाव 'क्ल' 'क वांब' ইত্যাদি ভাক।

Quixotic, kwiks-oflk, a. 3431/74; Like Don Quixote, the hero of Cervantes; romantic to extravagance. ad=quixotically.

Quixotism, kwiksot-izm, n. ভনকৃইক্সটেব চেষ্টার श्राप्त छेरकडे क्रिहा ; यजनव ; इ:माश्त्र ; Romantic and absurd notions, schemes or actions like those of Don Quixote.

Quis, kwiz, n. প্রহেলিকা; হেরালি; A riddle; a puzzle :- अकुछ लांक ; An odd fellow :- v. f. হতবৃদ্ধি-ক ; To puzzle :--উপহাস-ক ; বাস-ক ; To make sport of.

Quoif, koif, m. निरविज्ञान ; हेनी ; A cap or hood : -ए. f. रें भी भड़ान ; To dress with a quoif.

Quoin, koin, n. बहि:इ क्लेन, An external angle :- কর্মা আটিবার তলি ; A wedge-like piece used to fasten the types in the forms.

Quoit, koit, n. নিকেপার্থ নৌর নির্থিত ক্রীড়াচক : A circular iron ring to be pitched at a fixed [ Former. object in play. Quondam, kwohdam, a. कुरन्स, Quorum, kwo'rum, n. काशा मन्त्रांगरन निर्फिष्ट मछा-

मरना : Sufficient number to hold a meeting and transact business.

Quota, kwo'ta, n. [ L. quotus, of what number -quot, how many | जान ; जानुगां कि यान ; The part or share assigned to each; a proportional f quoted.

Quotable, kwora-bl, a. Garas; That may be Quotation, kwo-tashun, n. एकांत ; अमानार्थ डेकड तहन ; धार्मानश्राम छेह्नच ; Quoting ; a passage cited :-- नाकांत्र क्य ; हिन्ड क्य ; Current price.

Quote, kwot, v. t. वहन डेक् छ-क ; श्नककि-क , To repeat the words of any one ; to cite :-- राजाव मत-(म ; क्षाइतिक म्रावाद উল্লেখ-क ; To give the current price of.

Quoth, kwoth, v. f. विनातन ; विनाजित ; क्ष्य . কৃহিল; Say, says or said :- Used only in the 1st and 3rd persons, in the present and past tenses, with the nominative always following it.

Quotidian, a. वालाहिक; विकाहिक; रिप्तिमन; Occuring daily ; teturning daily :-- म. दिनिक পালা জ্ব , প্রাতাহিক জ্ব , একাহিক জ্ব , A fever that returns daily, a kind of ague that returns daily. Quotient, kwoshent, n. [ L. quoties, how often] जानक . Result of a division.

B-इं:ब्रांबि वर्गमानांव बहामम वर्ग वा अक्षत्र ; The 18th letter of English alphabet.

-B's, n. pl. निश्न शहन ए हिमाव ; Reading, (w) riting, and (a)rithmelic ( को नानांक निकायनांक) | Rabbet, n. बीच, बाविंह, A groove cut in the

The three R's at |-Reading, writing, and arith metic (the last word being pronounced as if the A were not there ).

edge of a plank so that another may fit into it:

-ए. f. त्रांतिक (नंदत्र), बील कांक्री; To groove a
plank thus.
[ कांक्रि (न खाड़ (नंदत्र) कांक्रि)।

Rabbet-joint, स. शांतिक (लाड़; बील कांक्रि) कांक्रि

Rabbet-plane, स. बीती (बीनकांग)।

Babbi, rabi, Babbin, rabin, দ. ইত্যি প্ৰতিত্য পদ ; ইত্যিদের বৰ্ষণায়ের পণ্ডিত মহাণয় ; A Jewish title of a doctor or expounder of the law; lord. e-rabbinic, rabbinical.

Babbiniam, rabin-izm, n. ইচ্পিদের ধর্মত; The doctrine or teaching of the rabbis.

**Babbinist**, n. One who adheres to the Talmud and traditions of the rabbis.

Rabbit, rabit, n. প্ৰক; ধ্ৰণোন; A small fourfooted beast of the hare kind; a cony.

Babble, rabl, n. ইতর লোকসমূহ: নিমন্তেণীর লোকের জিড়; A mob, the lowest class of people:—v. t. ইতর লোক বারা জাপনান কু; জনতা বারা প্রহার বা জ্পনান-কু; To mob; to insult by 2 mob.

Rabid, rabid, a.[L rabidus, from rabies, rage] প্রচণ; উৎকট, উমত; কিন্ত; Furious; raging; mad. n=rabiduess (প্রচণ্ডা)। ad=rabidly (কিন্তানে)। Syn:—Infuriated, frantic, maniacal.

Babies, n. কুকুৰণুগালদিৰ ক্ষিপ্ততা; A distemper, as that of dogs, from which hydrophobia is communicated.

Bace, a. 4741; Worthless.

Baccoon, Baccon, ra-kooh, n. মাংদালি অন্ধ্রিশেন; A fur bearing quadruped of North America.

Bace, ras, n. বংল; বৰ্ণ; ক্ল; Lineage; family:
—কাভি; Nation, tribe:—বাঝা; March; progress:—মদ্যাদির বিশেব গন্ধ বা ভেজ; Peculiar
flavour or strength as of wine:—দল; প্রদান; A
herd:—প্রকার; প্রেকী; A breed:—প্রবাত (প্রাত;
A rapid current:—ধাবনেব প্রতিম্বাতা; পৌড়;
Contest in running or speed:—গতি; সকার.
Progress; movement of any kind:—৩. i. ক্রতবেলে
বেটানের: To run swifty:—বাজি রাধিরা পৌড়ান;
বাজি রাধিরা বৌড়-কৃ; To contend in running.
Syn:—(n) Line, breed, offspring, progeny,
issuc, generation; farmily, clan, people;
course, carecr chase, pursuit; water-course,
mill-race.

To run a race—বাজি রাখিরা দৌড়ান; এক দৌড় Bace-ball, n. Ball held on a race day.

Race-course, rāikors, n. দৌডের বৃত্তাকার পথ, ঘোডদৌড়ের রাতা; দৌড়চক; A circular path on which races are run.

Race-day, n. বোড়নোডের দিন; Day on which a race is held.

[ which a race is held.

Race-ground, n. বোড়নোডের মাঠ; Ground on Race-horse, rashors, n. বোড়নোডের ঘোড়া, ক্রন্ত সামী অব; A horse bred for racing.

Baceme, n. পুলাৰবৰ ; A flower in cluster. Recemed, a. পুলাৰবৰ বিশিষ্ট ; Having a raceme

Racer, 12ser, n. व्यावन विश्व (विद्या द्वार्थ); A race-horse: ---धावक; One who races.

Back, rak, n. তাত্ৰ বেগনা; Extreme pain:— বস্ত্ৰণাদায়ক বন্ধ বিশেষ; সম্পীড়ন বন্ধ; Engine of torture; an instruement for extending or stretching:—ত্র্যা সাজাইরা মার্থিনার বন্ধ বা আবার বিশেষ ;
A framework on which articles are arranged :—
অবাদির ভোজনার্থ ডছ তৃগাদি দিবার বের ; A receptable for hay for feeding horses &c. :—সংসন্তঃনত্ত
কত বিশেষ ; A straight jar with teeth to work
with those of a wheel :—v. t. সম্পীড়ন বন্ধের উপর
রাধা ; To stretch on the rack or wheel :—বর্ধাবেং ; শীড়ন-বেং ; To torture ; to strain :—বিটা বা
আইট ইইতে পৃথক-ফু; To draw from the lees :—
v. i. শ্রে ভাসবান-হু; To fly or float as broken
clouds. Syn:—Extend, force, wrest; torment,
agonize; distress, harass; defecate, strain.

Be on the rack—অভান্থ বাতনাগ্ৰত-হ; উৎকট শীজন সঞ্-কু; Be in extreme pain of body or mind:— কোন কিছু লইনা মাধা খামান; Be in a state of restless activity.

Go to rack and ruin—উচ্ছির বাঙ্গা; ছারেখারে যাঙ্গা, বিনষ্ট হওয়া; Perish or be destroyed.

Put to the rack—অভাত ব্যপা-দে; ফটোব পীড়া দেববা বা বাভনাৱত-কৃ, Subject to extreme tortur of body or pain of mind; to torment.

Rack and ruin-मन्तूर्ग विनान : छात्रवाव ।

Back one's brains or wits—গভৰুর সাধা বৃদ্ধি খাটান, বারপরনাই মাধা ঘামান; Strain them to the uttermost without adequate result.

Backet, n. ক্রীড়াফ বিশেষ: Bat used at tennis:— গোলমাল; হৈ চৈ; A chattering noise:—ক্য জাল; Small net:—তুবার জুড়া; A snow-shoe:—r. f (ব্যাকেট) বারা আঘাড-কু; To stike, as with a racket. a=racky (ব্ৰক্বী; noisy).

Back-rent, rak-rent, n উচ্চ হারে নির্দিষ্ট কর ; আতি-রিক রাজ্য ; Extreme rent ; rent raised to the utmost. [ sive rent.

Back-rented, a. Subject or hable to exces-Bacy, rase, a. তীত্ৰ; হগজ, তেজাল; Strong, flavoured; high:—টাটকা; তীত্ৰভাৱবিশিষ্ট; সতেজ রুম্বক; Seasoned; pungent. ad=racily. n= raciness. Syn:—Spicy, spirited, lively, smart, piquant, fresh, rich.

Raddle, ৩. f. বরন-কৃ; বোনা; Interweave:—n.
বৃক্ষশাধার প্রস্তুত্ত বেড়া; A hedge formed by inter
weaving the branches of trees.

Badial, rádi-al, a. অংশুৰং নিৰ্গমকারী; Shooting out like a ray or radius:—করাতি সম্বনীয়; Pertaining to the radius of the forearm.

Badiance, rade-ans, Badiancy, radi-an-si, n. উল্লেখ, উল্লেখ ; প্রভা ; প্রভা ; Brilliancy, lustre ; splendour. Syn:—Splendour, glitter, glare, effulgence, resplendence.

Badiant, rade-ant, a. [L. radians, ppr. of radiare, to emit rays] সম্ভূল: প্রভাগালী; উত্থা; Bright; shining:—n. বালাই; A straight line from a point about which it is conceived to revolve. ad=iadiantly. Syn:—(a) Lustrous, beaming, glittering, brilliant, splendid, effulgent, resplendent.

Radiata, n. 4:5414; Rayed animals.

Radiate, ráde-āt, v. t. [L. radiare, from radius, ray] বিভাগিত-কৃ; আসো বিকীৰ্ণ-কৃ; Send out or proceed in rays:—v. i, বিকিন্তিত-ফু: বিভাগিত-ফু: To emit rays of light, Syn:—Shine, gleam, emanate,

Badistion, ra-di-áshun, #. विकिश ; महन त्रवीक्ष । विकृष्टि ; The emission and diffusion of rays of light or heat.

Badiation of heat—छान विकेशन ।

Badical, rade-kal, a. [L. radix, radicis, a root] a. যৌলিক; আদিম; Primitive, orininal:— প্রকৃত, Fundamental; real:— প্রকৃতির-মাজনৈতিক, In politics, altra liberal, democratic:—n. পাড়; A root:—মূল পক বা বর্ণ, A primitive word or letter:—মূলাত্র-বাজনীতির পক্ষপাতী লোক; A democrat:—বৌগিক পক্ষপিতী ক্ষেত্র মূল; The base of a chemical compound. ad=radically (মূল; সম্পূর্ণ-মূলে); n=radicalness. Syn:—(n) Organic, constitutional, underived, innate; uncompounded, simple; thorough, complete, entire.

Radical cure-- त्रम्पूर्व जारवांगा ।

The radical sign—গণিতের চিহ্ন বিশেষ।

Bedicalism, radi-kal-izm, n. প্রকাতস্থ রাজনীতি . অভ্যান্তভীন ব্যক্তিব মতামত ; The principle or spirit of a democrat.

Radicate, radi-kāt, v. t. पृहत्तर वस्या-कृ. To root; to plant deeply and firmly:—a. पृहत्तरण वस्या ; Deeply-rooted.

Radicle, n. मूज मून ; A little root.

Radish, radish, n. 4 , An eatable root.

Badius, radi-us, n. বাসাৰ্ছ; বুড়েব কেন্দ্ৰ হইতে পৰিদি পৰ্যন্ত বে সৰল বেপা টানা যায়; A straight line drown from the centire of a circle to the circumference:—বাহৰ আছি বিশেষ, The exterior bone of the arm. pl=radii.

Badix, ra'diks, n. মূল ; মূল পদ ; A root ; a primitive word :— পণিত বেণালী বিশেৰের মূল, The base of a mathematical system.

Raff, n, 54; affe; Lumber.

Baffle, raf'l, n. হান্তিৰেলা; ছাড-ক্ৰীড়া; পালা-ক্ৰীড়া; Disposing of lottery and by dice. a game of lottery:—v. i. হান্তিৰেলা-কু; To engage in a raffle. Raft, raft, n. উড়প; ভেলা; মাড, Logs fastened together to serve as a support on the water:—v. t. ভেলা খারা বহন-কু; To carry on or in a raft. Rafter, rafter, n. বরগা; করা; A support; a beam supporting the roof of a house.

Bafteman, raftsman, n. উড়প চাৰক; One who manages a raft floating down a river.

Bag, rag, n. চীর বছপত; A fragment of cloth .— নীৰ্ব বহু; ছিত্ৰ বহু; নেকডা; কাৰি; Worn out cloth :—pl. সামান্ত পরিচ্ছণ; Mean attire.

Ragamuffin, rag-a-mul'in, n. ইচর বোক. নীচ ব্যক্তি; ওঁচা বোক; Idle, worthless, ragged fellow; mean wretch; a mean paltry fellow.

Rage, raj, n. [L. rabies, fury] প্রচণ কোণ, রোব: রাব; কোব; Uiolent anger; fury:—লালনা; Violent passion; eagerness:—প্রকোণ: প্রাবলা; Extrme violence:—ৰীড়ি; Fashion:—v. t. রাগোলভান্থ; কোবোলভান্থ; কুছ-হ; To be furious with anger:—অভান্থ পার্কুরিব-হ; প্রবল-হ; To prevail fatally, as a disease:—প্রবল্বলে আলোড়িড-হ; To be violently agitated, as the waves. Syn:—(v) Vehemence, violence, fury, passion, frenzy, ire; eagerness; vogue. (v) Storm, fret, chaic. The fire of rage—কোবালন।

Ragged, rag'ged, a. दित ; कोर्न , शाना ; Torn or

rent into rags, worn into rags;—(বৰুড়া পৰা; ছিল্ল বল্ল পৰিছিড; Clad in rags:—কৰ্ম-পৃচ; মাৰড়ো-পাৰড়ো; Having a rough edge. ad-raggedly. n=raggedness. Syn:—Tattered, rent, torn; uneven, jagged, rugged.

Rassed-school, n. বে বৈতনিক বিদ্যালয়ে কৰিছ সন্তানের। পাঠ করে: কবিজ বালকদিপের বিদ্যালয়: School for street wanderers, school intended for the poor.

Raggee, rag-ge', n. कृतेशं वित्नत ; A species of Baging, rajing, a. ट्यांपाचिड; मीनामान : थान . Furious; impetuous. ad = ragingly ( assetts ) ! Ragout, ra-goo', n. मारत्न नामन निर्मन ; A highly seasoned dish. impure lime-stone. Bagstone, Rasg, #. अध्य निर्मंद ; A kind of Hag-tag, n. नमांद्वत कि नीड वाकि; नमांद्वत की লোক ; The scum of population. Bagwort, n. आंत्रांश विष्णव ; A large coarse Raid, rad, n. [ A. S. rad, a riding ] abate जान्त्रन : A hostile or predatory invasion. n=raider ( আক্রমণকারী )। Syn .- Foray, inroad. Rail, rai, n. naifeat, naice ; Ger : A bar of wood or iron resting on posts :-- লোহনৰ; One of the iron bars on which railway carriages run :- পৰি বিশেষ ; A genus of birds :-- v. t. বেইন-ক : To enclose : - शांति वर्षन-कृ ; To abuse, reproach , revile :-- তিরকার-সু, কলল-সু, To brawl. Syn :--(v) Bluster, scold; reproach, scoff.

By rail—বেল পথে; বেলগাছি কৰিলা; By railway. Rail at or against—বিজ্ঞান্তালে নিলা করা বা গালি-পে; Use insolent and reproachful language; scoff at.

Reiling, rating, n. ভৌবেব বেডা; কচিগডা; রেলের বেডা; A fence of posts and rails:—গালি; ভিরকার; ঠাটা; Abuse, reviling.

Baillery, raler-i, দ. উপহাস ; বিজ্ঞপ : ঠাটা , Banter : good-humoured satire or irony.

Bail-road, rairod, Bailway, rai'wa, n. লোহ-পৰ : লৌহবর্দ্ধ : বেলেব পৰ : A road or way laid with iron rails on which carriages run.

Raiment, rament, n. 对邻联节; (刘刘孝; ख., Clothing in general; clothes. Syn:—Vestments, garments, dress, apparel, attire.

Bain, ran, n. বৃষ্ট ; Water from the clouds:v. i. বৃষ্ট-বৃ ; বৃষ্ট পড়া ; জনবিশুর স্থায় পতিত-হু ; To fall
from the clouds ; to drop like rain:--v. f.
বৃষ্ট বৃধ্ধ-কু , To pour like rain.

It rains-বৃষ্ট হুটতেছে ৷

Bain in torrents— ন্বৰণাৰে বৃষ্টি পভিত-হ ; To rain with violent or rapid flow.

Bain or shins—Without regard to weather.

Bainbow, rāhbō, n. ইত্তৰপু, রামধ্য ; Iris ; the
brilliant coloured bow or arch seen when rain
is falling opposite the sun.

Rain-fall, n. वृष्टिभाछ ; वर्षिछ वाति ।

Rain-gauge, rangaj, n. বৃষ্ট মাণক বয় ; বৃষ্টমান বয় : An instrument for measuring the quantity of rain that falls ; measure of quantity of rain. Rain tight—So tight as to exclude rain.

Rain-water, n. 384 wa 1

Rainy, rani, a. बावना ; दृष्टिवडम ; नवर्षन , जार्क ; Abounding with rain ; showery. [ 796 ]

Against a rainy day—जनस्तर क्षा; As a ( क्:अवतः। provision for bad times. A rainy day-त्य मिला अछिनद्र वर्षण स्व : फ्लिन ; The rainy season-diale

Raise, raz, v. f. উথাপন-তৃ ; উত্তোলন-তৃ ; ভোলা ; To cause to rise; elevate; lift up; set up right: —বিশ্বিত শক্তি-কৃ; সতেজ বা বলবৎ-ফু; To increase the strength of :- छिर्शानन-क : To originate or produce :- উত্তত-কু ; বৃদ্ধি-কু ; To exalt :-- পাডা-কু ; নির্মাণ- ; To erect ; to make upright ; build :-উত্তেজিত-কু; জাগান; চেতান; To excite; arouse: -জীবিত-কু; Bring into being :- ভূত নামান ; Call up ghosts :-- আরম্ভ-ক ; Begin :-- উচ্চ শব-ক ; Utter loudly :- \* To cause to swell, as dough. Syn :- Uplift, hoist, heave ; construct ; elevate, advance, promote; augment; enhance, heighten, aggravate; awaken; collect, levy; obtain, get; produce, breed; institute. Raise a blockade-To remove or break up ह्याष्ट्रिक् । a blockade. Raise & cheque-नतां ि ठिठिएड अकांनि वास्तियां

Baiso an army— সৈক্ত সংগ্রহ-কু। Raise & siege-वन्दर्गायन (5%) जान-क ; जनत्त्रीय कविया मधन कवियात উদাম ত্যাণ-कृ, Remove a be sieging army and abandon the attempt; re-

linquish an attempt to take a place by besieging it.

Raise money—টাকার যোগাড় বা টাকা সংগ্রহ-কু. Get together or obtain money.

Raise the devil-ভয়ানক উৎপাত-কু ৷

Raise the wind-কোনও উপানে অর্থ সংগ্রহ-কু টাকার জোগাড়- : Procure money; obtain the necessary funds. [grape. Raisin, razn, n. তৃষ্ক দ্রাকাকল ; কিস্মিন : A dried Raj. n. রাজ্য ; Kingdom. in Hindustan. Rajah, raja, n. 3161; A native prince; a king Raj-shuya, n. ব্ৰুপ্ৰ; A festival generally celebrated by the Hindu kings at the time of their coronation.

Bake, rak, v. t. [ Icel. raka, to scrape ] हाहिया কেলা; কাঁটা বস্ত্ৰ ছাবা আঁচডাইয়া সংগ্ৰহ কু; জড়-কু; To scrape with something toothed :- টিকে পেওবা; To smooth with a take: 一本读 天(\$) 子; To collect with difficulty: —পরিশ্রমপূর্বাক অনুসন্ধান-কু; अव्यवन-कृ ; To search deligently over :-- न्यानिय ভাবে পোলাবৰ্গ-क : Fire into a ship in the direction of her length or decks :- v. i. stutten সনান-কু; To scrape as with a rake :-- খোল-কু, পুথাতুকপে অবুসকান-কু; To search minutely:-व्यवनारवात्र हिना देखिश ; To pass with violence : -खम्प-कृ ; विकृति : To wander ; ramble :- नाम्पहा জীবন বাপন-ভূ; To lead a debauched life:-n. अविनिष्टे वंड , विष्ण ; An instrument with teeth for smoothing earth : - লম্পুট ; ছুক্তবিত্ত লোক ; A libertine; a debuchee:—প্ৰৰণতা; হেলৰ; আনতি; The inclination of a mast from the perpendicular. Syn: -(v) Scour, ransack; search.

Rake up—ভত্মাজাণিত-ক ; Cover with ashes :--चैं िया टोना ; ब्रैं िया वाहित-कृ ; Bring up or revive as old quarrels and grievances:- अवन कविश বাহির-ক ; Call to mind. [fligate ; a debauchee. Rake-holl, rak-hel, n. नजारे . ब्रेट लाक ; A proBaking fire -A fire that passes through the whole length of the deck.

Bakish, a. লাগাট : Debauched :-- মান্তলের আনতি ভাব্যুক : Having a great inclination of the masts. ad = rakishly ( লালুটের মত ) । #=rakishness.

Rally, rali, v. t. পুनतात (अनीवक-कृ: পुनर्खिनिष्ठ-ক : প্নৰ্কাৰ সংগ্ৰহ-ক ; To collect and reduce to order ; to reunite ; to gather again :-- উপहान-ক ; বিজ্ঞাপ-ক ; বাজ-ক ; To banter, to ridicule :v. i. गः बर-क ; शूनकात (अधिवह-र ; To assemble, reunite ; come back in order :-- वन श्राधां छ-इ ; To recover; gather strength. The rallying point—বেৰানে কাৰ্যাৰ্থ সকলে সমৰেত Ram, ram, n. (44; (45); (45); A male sheep: -( Fog. ewc ) श्रांठीशांत्र छाजियांत्र छिक कन वित्नव ; Battering ram :-- (भवत्रानि ; One of the signs of

the zodiac :- v. t. हाना ; शाना ; इम्न-क ; To thrust by violence as ram; to force together; to drive down.

Ramble, rambl, v. i. [ Ger. rammeln, to tumble ] প্ৰাটন-কু; ইতন্তঃ অমণ-কু; To wander; rove: - এলোমেলো কথা কহা ; To be desultory in discourse :- n. इंडडड विहत्न : भगहेन : A going from place to place; an irregular excursion. n=rambler ( अश्वाही )। a=rambling. Syn :-(n) Rove, roam, range, stroll, saunter, struggle. Rambling, a. जमनकारी; भर्ताहननीत ; Wander-

ing :- অনিয়নিত ; Desultory.

Ramification, ram-e-fe-kashun, 72. **"!!!!** প্রশাখা ; প্রতিশাখা ; A branch :- শ্রেণী বিভাগ ; A division; a subdivision. Syn:-Forking, divarication; branch.

Ramify, rame-fi, v.t. | L. ramus, a branch, and facerc, to make | শাখাৰ বিভক্ত-কু; To divide into branches -- v. i. नावात विख्य-इ ; To shoot into branches. Syn: -(v) Branch, divaricate; separate, divide. scented.

Rammish, Rammy, a. ভীরগর; Strong Ramose, Ramons, a Malfafeig; Branchy.

Ramp, ramp, n. नक ; A leap ; a bound :- v. t. लक-(प ; लाकाहेग्रा डेंग्री ; To leap, to bound.

Rampant, tamp'ant, a. লক্ষকারী; অনিবন্ধিত; ছুদ্দাস্ত; অসংযত, প্রবল; Overleaping restraint; wild ; ferocious :-- পশ্চাৎ পদৰ্যের উপর দশুয়মান , Standing on the hind legs. a=rampancy, ad= rampantly. Syn:-Rank, luxuriant, exuberant, wanton; frisky, violent, vehement, impetuous, headstrong.

Rampart, rampart, n. [ F. rempart, remparer, to fortify] ছ ে त हर्ज़ कर किन्य थाति ; पूर्व थाति ; গড়ের চারিদিকর মাটির ঢিপি; Broad wall or mould around a fortified place. Syn .- Bulwark, defence, fortification, fort.

Ram-rod, rairod, n. वन्कामिएक वांत्रम नामिवांत्र শিক: গাদৰ-কাটি: A rod used in charging a gun. Ramstam, a. অতি ব্যস্ত; হঠকারী; Forward:adv. बालकार्त ; महमा ।

Ran-Past tense of run.

Rancid, ransid, a. [ L. rancidus, from rancere, to be rank ] চুৰ্গন ; পতিগদগ্ৰু ; জীৱগৰ ; কটু : Having a putrid smell, as old oil; sour n. rancidness rancidity. ad=rancidly. Syn:-

Strong smelling, musty, fusty, tainted, reasty. Bancitiness, Bancidity, n. তীৱগৰ; কটুগৰ; Sour scent.

Rancorous, rang'kur-us, a. বিষেষপূর্ব : ক্রীপর-বশ : বিষেষ্টিভ : হিসোপুর্ব : Spiteful : malicious. Syn :—Malignant, malevolent, implacable ; bitter, virulent.

Rancour, rang'kur, n. यहन्य विरक्ष ; अरूबी ; विर्मा ; An old grudge ; spite ; virulence ; deepseated enmity. Svn :—Malignity, malice, ill-will ; venom, virulence.

Bandom, rahdum. a. বিশ্বাল; অনিয়নিত; অবিচারিত; বৈবাদিন; Done or uttered at hazard; left to chance:—n. অনিমিট্রগতি; লক্ষ্যহীনতা; Hazard; chance. Syn:—(n) Chance, fortuitous, casual. A random shot—ব্যক্তাক্তনে নিক্তি গুলি।

At random—এনোনেলো; বদুছাক্রে; দৈববলো; শুক্তাবে; দৈবাৎ; Without settled aim or purpose; without any settled point of direction; wildly; at haphazard:—বেশাস সেবাস হইতে; Without any method or consideration.

Talk at random—এবোমেলা वका !

Random shot—Shot discharged at random without any direct aim; a shot not aimed towards any particular object.

Rang, pa. p. of ring.

Rango, ranj, n. [F, ranger, from rang, a row] শ্ৰেণী, পছকি; সাৰি: A row, line --- শ্ৰেণী; A class; order :--বিচরণ ; ইতস্তত: ভ্রমণ ; পবিভ্রমণ ; A wandering :- विवन : Compass, reach :- मत्नव बान ক্ষতা; দৌড়; Natural or acquired power to comprehend knowledge; capacity of mind:-গোলান্ডলির পালা : The horizontal distance to which a shot is carried :- खमन भीया ; निवाद : Extent of excursion :- अमीर्च हुद्धी वित्नव , The long cooking-stove of a kitchen :- v. i. (2975-ष्: To be placed in order : - वपृष्ट्याक्तम जनग-कृ ; अवार अभी-क ; To rove at large ; to wonder about :-- v. t. विकान-कृ ; (अनीवक-कृ , To arrange ; to dispose in proper order; to set in a row :-खमन-क. To rove or pass over Syn :-(n) Rank, tier; kind, sort; roving, excursion, scope, sweep, extent, reach, amplitude, latitude. (v) Rank, class; roam, ramble; wander, expatiate, consort ; lie, run.

Bange in order of battle—গুদ্ধাৰ্থ শ্ৰেণীবদ্ধ-হ। Range of a gun—As far as shot from the gun will reach.

win reach.

Range of mountains —পর্কত-শ্রেণী; A stretch or line of mountains.

(গোচৰে।

Within the range—কোলং কিছুর দূরতা মধ্যে;

Ranger, দ্মানুল্য, ন পর্যাচক; অগকারী, A rover:
—শিকারী কুকুর; A dog that heats the ground:—
ক্ষরণাপাল, অবণারক্ষক কপ্রচাবী; An officer who superintendends a forest of park. n=rangership.

[Resembling a fog.

Raning, a. [L. rana, a frog] ভেক সম্বন্ধীয়;

Raning, rangk, n. শ্রেণী, সারি; গর্জি; A row or a line:—স্থান;

Plugh station:—মর্যাকা; Degree of dignity:—

দামাজিক উচ্চণৰ; High social position :— শ্লেপী , lass , order :— o. t. সারি-কু , শশুক্তিবশ্ব-কু ; To place in a line:—কৌন্ত্ৰ-ছ; To class:—ব্যারীতি সজ্জিত-ছ; To dispose methodically:—০, i.
কৌন্ত্-ছ; To be placed in a rank; to be
ranged:—গদনিশের বাধি-ছ; পদন্-ছ; To have a
certain degree of elevation or distinction:—a.
জাত বাচ্য; জাত বাছিড়; জাত বাছিড; Exuberant,
rich; very fertile:—কট্লৱ; ক্রম্নুত্ত; Rancid:
—তীর খান; High-tasted:—টংকট; সন্পূর্ণ;
Gross:—আভাবিক; বুল; Excessive. n=rankness (বলবতা; উত্তা); ad=rankly. Syn:—
(n) Range; division, degree, grade; dignity,
nobility.

[or low condition.

Risen from the ranss—From mean origin To break the rank—गुरुवज् र ।

The rank and file—সমিত সৈত গল; সমগ্ৰ নিৰ শ্ৰেণীৰ সৈনিক; The whole body of common soldiers:—স্মাত লোক; The ordinary mass of men; undistinguished ordinary mass of men.

The ranks—নামান্ত সৈত্তবেশী; নামান্ত সৈনিক্লিগের সম্প্রদায় : The order of common soldiers.

To take rank of—সকলের অপ্রধানই; To enjoy precedence over; to have the right; to occupy a higher place.

Bankle, rangki, v. i. अविकञत-इ; धारण-इ; यञ्चपानादक-इ; To be inflamed; rage, fester.

Bankle in one's bosom—ক্ষেত্ৰ-হ'; কোন কইকৰ বাংপার কাহারও মনে আগিয়া থাকা; Be a source of great irritation to one.

Bannee, n. बांडी : A native queen.

Ransack, rańsak, v. t. বৃঠ-ক; বৃঠন-ক; To plunder, to pilfer:—তত্ত্ব তত্ত্ব কৰিয়া অসুস্থাৰ-ক; অব্যাপ-ক; To search thoroughly. Syn:— Pillage, rifle; rummage, explore, overhaul.

Bansom, ran'sum, n. বন্ধীর উদ্ধার মূল্য; নিজ্ঞর; মোচন মূল্য; Price paid for redemption from captivity or punishment:—বন্ধিত নোচন; বন্ধীর উদ্ধার; Release from captivity, punishment or ownership:—v.t.টাকা দিয়া করেনী ব্যক্তিকে উদ্ধার-কু; (বন্ধীকৃত ব্যক্তিকে) মৃক্ত-কু; To redeem from captivity, punishment or ownership.

Ransomless, a. নিজ্ঞবন্ত ; Without ransom.
Rant, rant, v. t. পাগলের স্থাব বকা ; আগল্ভতা-কু ;
To be noisy in words ; to bluster :— ম. অৰ্থীন
বাক্য ; বড়াই , বাগাড়খব , Boisterous, empty declamation.

Ranter, ranter. n आग्राज्यांक् वाक्ति, अनर्बक वह-श्रोतो ; A noisy talker. n=ranterizm.

Rantipole, a. क्यांड : Turbulent.

Ranty, ranti, a. গোলমানপ্রিয়; উচ্চরব্কারী, Noisy; boisterous.

Ranunculus, n. উদ্ভিদ্ শ্ৰেণী বিশেষ; A genus of plants. pl=ranunculuses.

Bap, rap, n. (ঠাকৰ মারা; शका মারা; To strike with a quick blow, to knock:—খরিয়া লইবা বাজ্যা; জপছত-কু; To seize and carry off:—n. টোকৰ; বাকা; যা; A sharp blow; a knock:— বংকিঞ্ছিৎ মূল্যের মুদ্রা।

Not to care a rap—किह्मांव और मा-इ।

Not worth a rap—স্কিকিংকর।

Rap and rond—ৰা কিছু পাওলা বার তা এইশ-ক।
Rap out—ভোবে বশা, সংসা উচ্চাবণ-কু, Utter with
sudden violence.

Rapacious, ra-páshe-us, a. (L. rapers, to seize and carry off ] বলপুৰ্বাক গ্ৰহণকারী; লুঠনকারী; হিন্দ্রক; অভি পৃষ্ক; লোলুগ; Given to plunder; raveneus; greedy. ad-rapaciously (বলপুৰ্বাক; হিন্দ্রভাবে)! n-rapaciousness. Syn:—Preying, raptorial; voracious, avaricious, grasping. Rapacity, ra-paśi-ti, n. বলপুৰ্বাক আপ্তর্বা; The act or practice of seizing by force; extortion:
—আন্ত্যাচার; বিভূম; অভি বোভ; গৃহুভা; Excessive greediness.

Bape, rāp, n. বৰাংকার; Violation of the chastity of a female:—হরণ; বলপূর্বক ধারণ; Seizure by force:—মূল জাতীর উদ্ভিদ; A plant.

Rape-oake, n. स्टन ; Cake or refuse, remaining after the oil has been expressed from the rape-seed.

[ from rape-seed.

Rape-oil, n. বেশ্ বীজের তৈল; Oil expressed

Rape-seed, n. नर्रण ; बारे।

Raphselism, n. র্যাক্যাএলের প্রবর্ত্তিত চিত্রনীতি। Raphselite, n. র্যাক্যাএলের নীতির অনুচর।

Bapid, rap'td, a. ছবিড; শীড়; জড়; কিপ্ত, Very swift; speedy:—n. নদীর বে অংশে অধিকতর বেগে স্রোভ প্রবাহিত হ্য; প্রপাড; That part of a river where the current is more rapid than usual (gen. in pl.). ad=rapidly (ক্রান্তবেগ, সহর); n=rapidness. Syn:—(a) Fast, fleet; expeditious, hurried.

Bapidity, ra-pidi-ti, n. ফততা; কিখতা; হবা; Swiftness; velocity. [Dagger. Bapier, rapi-er, n. তবৰাৰি বিশেষ; কিন্তি; Bapine, rapin, n. বৃঠন; বৃটপাট; Plunder; violence:—v. t. বৃঠন-ক; To plunder. Syn:—(n) Spoliation, pillage, depredation.

Rapparee, n. আয়ৰ্বভাৰ বন্ধবৃহা; A wild Irish plunderer.

Rappee, n. নত বিশেষ; A moist, coarse kind of snuff.

[ knocker.

Rapper, rap'ér, n. বারে আবাতকারী; A door
Rapt, rapt, a. উল্লাপিড; ভাবে প্ৰপাদ; Transported.

Mapt, rapt, a. ভল্লানত ; ভাবে বৰ্ণন ; I ransported.

Baptorial, rap-to'ri-al, a. বৰণুৰ্থক হৰণকারী ;

Seizing by violence, as a bird of prey.

Bapture, rap'tūr, n. [ L. rapere, raptum, to carry off ] উল্লাস; মহানন্দ; অভি হৰ্ব, Transport; extreme delight; ecstasy. Syn:—Bliss, delight, exultation.

Bapturous, rap'tür-us, a. পরমাজাণজনক; উন্নাদ-জনক; Ecstatic; transporting. ad = rapturously. Baro, rar, a. বিরল; ছর্লভ; জনাধারণ; জনামাভ; Uncommon; extraordinary; scare, excellent. ad=rarely (रेमवी९, कमांडिङ)। n=rareness. Syn:—Unusual, infrequent, scare, singular, unique, exquisite; thin, subtile, porous.

Barefaction, rar-e-fak'shun, n. অঘনত, বিস্নান্ত্রণ; পাডলাকরণ; Expansion of acriform bodies. Barefy, rar'e-fi, v. t. [ L. rarus, rare, facio, factum, to make ] পাডলা-কৃ, লঘু-কৃ; To make rare, thin, or less dense:—v. i. পাডলা-কৃ; লঘু-কৃ; To become thin and porous,

Rarity, rar'e-te, n. विवनहां; विवनदः व्याह्म ; व्याह्म वे बहा: Thinness; uncommonness; anything valued for its scarcity. Syn: — Subtility, rareness; scarcity, in frequency. Bascal, raskal, n. [A. S. rascal, a worthless deer] ছয়ায়া; ধুৰ্ব: পাৰি; প্ৰভাৱৰ; পঠ; A knave; a villian; a mean fellow, a rogue. Syn:—Scoundrel, rogue, scamp, caitiff, vagabond.

[Dishonesty; fraud.

Bascality, ras-kal'i-ti, #. পেলমি ; ब्र्डज ; मंडज ; Bascally, ras'kal-i, #. मीठ ; ইजत ; व्यय ; व्यक्त ; Vile ; mean ; base ; worthless.

Base, rāz, v. t. [L. rado, rasum, to scrape]
স্কিলা কেলা; ডুলিলা কেলা; চাঁচিলা কেলা; To efface;
to cancel:—ভূমিদাং-ড়; কংস-ড়; বিশ্বৰ-ড়; To
level with the ground; to demolish.

Bash, rash, a. हर्गजो ; व्यविद्याच ; व्यविद्याच वि ; (जीवाज ; Sudden ; hasty ; headstrong ; reckless :
—n. हर्गदान वित्य ; A slight eruption on the body. n=rashness. ad=rashly ( नर्ग ; र्गे १ ) ।
Syn:—(a) Headlong ; foolhardy, heedless, incautious, unwary, adjecturous; thoughtless, careless, unguarded.

[ of bacon.

Rasher, rasher, n. পুৰুষ্ নাংস্থভ; A thin slice Rashness, n. হৃঠকারিডা; গোৰারভামি; Hastiness. Syn:—Precipitancy; recklessness, tementy, foolhardiness; inconsideration, indiscretion.

Basorial, ra-zō'ri-al, a. [L. rado, rasum, to scrape] বৰ্ষণা; বৰ্ষণা পকা সৰ্জীয়; Belonging to an order of birds, which scrape the ground for their food, as the hen.

Basp, rasp, n. মোট উধা; A coarse file .—v. t.

ৰাটা উধা ধারা ধ্বণ-ড়; To rub with a rasp. n =
rasper.

Baspherry, rafber-i, n. এক প্রকার কাঁটা বাছ ও ভাষার কর ; A kind of bramble and its fruit.

Basure, rázhur, n. धर्मार्कन , (माठन : मार्कन ; An erasure ; obliteration.

Bat, rat, n. সুৰিক; ৰেডে ইন্দুৰ; বড ইন্দুৰ; An animal of the mouse kind, but larger and more destructive.—দলত্যাগী; One who deserts his party:—v. i. বগদ ভাগে কৰিয়া প্ৰভিগদেব আগ্ৰ-চু; নিজের দল ছাড়া; To desert one's post and join their opponents for gain or power, leave a falling party.

To smell a rat—সংশক্ করিবা সতর্ক-ই; ভিতরে গবাদ সংশক্ত কু; To suspect something and be on the watch, to be on the watch from suspicion, as, a cat by the scent or noise of a rat.

Ratable, a. ब्ला निक्रभनीय ; क्यांश क्यांशा , क्यांला द्वांशा ; Capable of being rated , tanable. ==ratability, ratableness. ad=ratably (हिनावक्क) । Ratafia, म. ख्वां वित्वंद ; A spirituous liquor.

Ratan, Rattan, n. বেজ, বেজ, Small cane.

Raten, Rattan, n. বিজ, ব্লা; বিজ, Price, value:—কর,

Tax:—গতি, Movement:—জাহাজের প্রেট্ট; The
class of a ship:—পবিমাণ; নিকপিত জংশ: A proportion; a ratio:—v. t. দর-দে; মুলা হির-কৃ: দাল
কেলা; To fix rates:—গণনা-কৃ: To calculate:—
বিচার-কৃ: To estimate:—জংসনা-কৃ: তিরখার-কৃ:
বার হির-কৃ: To make an estimate:—v. t. পবনা-কৃ:
বার হির-কৃ: To make an estimate:—বিচার-কৃ:

To be placed in a certain class. ১৯৮:—(n)
Standard, degree: ratio; cost; worth, estimate, impost, assessment. (v) Appraire;
estimate, reckon; chide, abuse.

At any rate-नाराहे रहेक ना त्कन ; At all events : - 485: ; At least.

At a quick rate—क्रवासन ।

At the rate of-the; at the; According to the scale of ; in the proportion of.

Bate-payer, ratpa-er, s. क्रमांडा ; One who is assessed and pays a tax. Ttimes. Rath, Bathe, s. allert, ninfat; Early; be-

Rather, rather, a. बहा : वित्नबढ: : More so than otherwise :- fast "faste"; fas; Somewhat, as rather deaf.

Hed rather-अवदेश वाशका जात अवदे गहन-क : ৰৱং এটা ভাগ ; Would sooner ; would prefer to.

Bather than-बहर बड़ी छव छड़ी नाइ; क्लान किहू অপেকার: প্রতেশ: More willingly (do this than [ र्थन ; चित्रीकत्तन ; Confirmation. Batiflostion, rat-i-fi-kashun, n. अष्टामानन : मम-

Ratify, rate-fi, v. t. [ L. ratum, firm, and facere, to make ] अनुत्रांशन-कृ ; To confirm ; to approve :-- মন্ত্র-ক ; বাহাল-ক ; To sanction. Syn : -Establish, sanction.

Ratio, ráshi-o, n. eta; wants; The relation of one thing to another, proportion.

Ratiocination, rash-i-os-i-náshun, n. [L. ratiocinor, to calculate ] watsie; Freis; fasis; A deducing conclusions from premises.

Ration, rashun, n. दिनिकिश्य दिनिक चारात . The rate of provisions distributted to a soldier or sailor daily :- निषिष्ठ शतियां ; An allowance. Bational, rashun-al, c. বাংগতিষত; জানশন্তি-अन्तन , विक ; खानी ; Possessing reason ; having season :- विदन मच्चीत ; विदनको , वृक्तिमञ्ज ; Relating or agreeable to reason. Syn :- Intellec-

tual, mental; sane, sound, intelligent, sensible, wise, discreet, judicious, reasonable, fair, just.

Rational being - खानगहिनन्त्रत कीव। Bational conclusion - বৃত্তিগঙ্গত সিমাধ ৷ Rational horizon— কৈবিক চক্ৰবাল।

िक्य। Bational quantity—মৌলিক চিক্ বিনা প্রকাশিত Rational treatment — বৃক্তিসঙ্গত চিকিৎসা।

Bationale, rash-100-nale, ন. তেজুবাৰসম্বিত বিবৰণ , মুক্তিপূৰ্ণ বিবৰণ; An account of the principles of some opinion, action, &c.

Rationalise, rashun-al-iz, v. t. विनात-क. युक्ति-To reason.

Bationalism, rashun-al-izm, n. एड्जाप, त्वीक्रिक 44; The religious system or doctrines of rationalist.

Rationalist, rashun-al-ist, n. (र्जुवाणी ; वृक्तिवाणी ; One guided in his opinions solely by reason.

Bationalistic, Rationalistical, a. पुल्यानीय শর্মবিষয়ক কার্যাপছতি বা মত সক্ষমীয় অথবা ভদপুবারী; Pertaining to or in accordance with the principles of rationalism.

Bationality, rash-un-ali-ti, n. वित्वक्छा; বোভিৰতা, Reasonableness :-- বুংপভিনতা; প্ৰজ্ঞা-ৰভা : Possession or due exercise of reason.

Batline, Batlin, n. माखन वसन बस्कृत बरशा त এডো দড়ি থাকে তাহা।

lattan, n. বেজ ; বেড , A genus of palms.

battle, rail, v. i. धन् धन् भन-कृ; वह वह भन-कृ; व वम नम-इ ; To clatter :-- (क्रांट्स क्या करा ; वह

निक् क्रियां निक्छ बाका ; To speak eagerly and र्क्तवा-क ; To cause to make a rattle or clatter ; to stun with noise ; to sold :-- n. वन् वन् अव ; अव् ৰৰ পৰা , A sharp noise; a clatter :-- বড় বড়াৰি; निवर्षक कथा ; Loud empty talk :-- (श्रामा ; ब्रन्यूनि ; A toy :-- pl. ( मृष्टाकांनीन ) नलात वर्षत्र भवा ।

Battle brained or headed, a. हक्ज ; अधित ; निर्दर्श ; वह डायो , Giddy ; noisy , unsteady.

Rattle-snake, ratl-snak, n. witalgeis demiste বিৰণৰ কৰা বিৰোধ; A deadly American snake having a number of hard, bony rings loosely joined at the end of the tail, which makes a rattling noise.

Battling, n. 45 45 44 1

Bavage, ravaj, v. f. गूठ-क ; न्हे गाँह-क ; साम-क ; ছারণার ক; To pillage; to destroy, to lay waste; to spoil:- म. नूर्ड; आत्म; डेटब्ड्न, Plunder; devastation; ruin. Syn:-(v) Despoil, plunder, sack, devastate, desolate, ruin.

Ravager, ravaj-er, n. गृहकाती ; मुक्तकाती ; मुक्क A plunderer.

Bave, tav, v. i. वांकुलब मड धनांग-इ : गांगन-इ ; कुन दका, To be wild or raging, like a madman; to talk irrationally.

Bavel, ravel, v.t. (मनाई (बाना : बान्नाविक-इ. To untwist ; to unweave :-- ए. i. वित्रथ अव-३ ; व्क হইতে উৰোচিত-ই: To be untwisted or unwoven.

Bavelin, ravlin n. प्रामंत्र वहित्तहेन वित्नव ; Work formed of two embankments meeting at a salient angle.

Reven, rav'n, v. t. অতি লাগসার সহিত ভক্প-কু; বলপুৰ্বাৰ লাভ-কৃ, To devour greedily; to obtain by violence :- v. i. वनपूर्वक नीकात-क ; To prey with rapacity: 一个一下,To be greedy:-n. शेषकोक ; A large black bird akin to the crow .-শিকার, শুঠন ; Prey ; plunder : -a. কুইবৰ্ণ ; Black, like a raven.

Ravenous, rav'n-us, a পেটুক; লোল্ণ; অভি wild; Voracious, n=ravenousness. ad=ravenously. [ violence.

Ravin, v. f बन्न्स्क नाड-कृ; To obtain by Bavine, ra-vin, n. गडीव महोर्न त्रित्रिमहरे . भर्ताङ बशाय रुंडि अप ; A deep, narrow mountain pass ; a gorge, to rape.

Baving, n. ल्लान ; Delirium ; frenzy ; furious talking, as of mad man :- निवर्षक वांका ; बजना . Absurd talk, nonsense: -a. धनानकाडी। ad= ravingly.

Ravish, ravish, v. t. वनारकात क ; To violate by force -बाजारम मझ-कृ; बाजारम बाबहारा-कृ; To fill with ecstasy -- ह. t रत्न क्ष हत्न-क ; To seize and carry away by violence. n=ravisher (বুঠেব); বলকারী, defiler) । Syn :- Deflour, abuse ; transport, enrapture, delight, enchant.

Ravishing, a. मानार्य ; चलालांगबनक ; Charming. Ravishment, ravish-ment, त. जगहबन , वनारकांब ; Abduction ; rape :-- इर्द्धानाम , जज्जाताम . शहमाञ्चाम ;

Raw, raw, a. 4151; were; Not cooked or dressed :- जेजूक ; Bare :- जनकर्दि , जनकिस ; Inexperienced; untried: - অমির , অমিরিড; Not mixed:—ৰপুণিষ ; Immature:—কড ; Sore:—
ৰভেড ; আপুণ ; Unfinished:—itel ; আল ,
ভিনা ; অভি ইডল ; Piercingly damp or cold. n = rawness ( আপুকা ) ! ad=rawly. Syn:—Uncooked, undressed, unmanufactured ; naked, bare ; tender ; unripe, crude, immature ; unskilled, inexperienced, undisciplined, green.

Rawboned, rawboned, a. অভিনার; অভিকূপ, With little flesh on the bones; gaunt.

Ray, rā, দ. কিবণ; লোডি; বৃদ্ধি; A line of light; lustre:—জানালোক; Intellectual light:—বোধ-শন্তি; Apprepension:—এক জাতীয় মংস্ত: A class of fish.

[ meden subject of Turkey.
Rayah, দ. ভূৱকবাসী মূলনমান প্ৰজা, A non-MahamRazo, rāz, v. t. ভূমিদাং-ছ: To lay level with the

Base, rāz, v. t. ভূমিশাং- হু; To lay level with the ground; to overthrow; to postrate: —বিনষ্ট- হু,
To destroy: — মুছিলা কেলা, To erase. Syn:—
Demolish, prostrate, subvert, destroy.

Rasor, razor, n. wa, A knife for shaving.

Razor-strop, n. ৰ্ব শানাইবার চর্ম্বণত; চামাটি; A strop for razors.

Bo, n. विषय , मक्फमा ; -- / fx. भून: ; विक्रस्त , शकां । Reach, rech, v. t. अमाविक-क ; विकात-क , To stretch; to extend :- इस अमाउन कविया जिमान्त्र-কু; হাত বাড়াইয়া কোন কিছু পাওয়া বা স্পৰ্ন-কু, লাগাইন शास्त्रा ; To attain or obtain by stretching out the hand -- हखांबतिक-कृ; To hand over :--পৌছাৰ . উপস্থিত-ছ: To arrive at ; to attain to :-উপাৰ্জন-ৰু; প্ৰাপ্ত-হু, To gain:---অন্তৰ্ভূত-ৰু; To include:- v. i. विश्वविज-३. ज्यानार्थ अमातिज-इ; To be extended so as to touch :-- হত প্রদারণ-কু, হৰ বিভার-ক ; To stretch out the hand :--উপাঞ্জ-কু; লাভার্থ বৃত্ব-কু; To try to obtain :--ব্যবের উপ-ক্ম-ক ; To make efforts to vomit :--n. বিকৃতি , প্ৰসাৰ ; বিভাৰ ; Extent :-- বৃদ্ধি ; Penetration :--কৌশল; Artifice; contrivance .—দীমা , Limit:— ক্ষতা, শক্তি, Extent of force :-- জল-প্ৰণালী; The straight course. a=reachable ( প্রারণ , আর্থা-बीन )! Syn :- (v) Touch ; strike, hit, get.

Beyond reach—অনায়ন্ত ; Inaccessible to , unattainable. অবালুননগোচর।

Beyond the reach of speech and mind— Reach after or at—পাইতে চেষ্টা-কু।

Beach one's ears—आंनान; To be told or communicated.

Within the reach of—আরতের নধ্যে; নিকটে।
React, re-akr, v. f প্রতিক্রিঘা-কৃ; পুনবাভিনর-কৃ,
To act again:—প্রতিষ্ঠি-কৃ; প্রতিরোধ-কৃ; প্রস্পাবেন
উপর কাষ্য-কৃ, To return an impulse; to act
mutually upon each other.

Beaction, re-akshun, n. প্রতিক্রম্বা; প্রতিমাত্ত; Counteraction; reciprocal action:—জাংবাগতি, জ্বনাথ; (রোগাদিস্থলে) উন্নতি, Backward tendency from reform, revolution, or progress

Beactionary, re-akshun-ar-ı, a. প্ৰতিক্ৰিয়াস্চক, প্ৰতিব্ৰিয়াস্কনক, উন্নতি-প্ৰতিব্ৰোধক, Implying reaction Bead, red, v. t. পাঠ-কৃ, অধ্যয়ন-কৃ; পড়া; To peruse; to study.—বুঝা; বেংগসা-কৃ; To comprehend:—v.i. পাঠ অভ্যান-কৃ; পঠন-চৰ্চা-কৃ, পড়া; To practise much reading.

Read, a. প্ৰতিত, শিকিত; বিশ্বন, পড়া খাকাতে ভাল-

লগে জাৰা; ডাগলগ পাঠ হেতু সমূহ অভিন্ন পাৰা; Know (a subject) well by reading.

Bead a lecture or sermon—जिन्हान कि To give a magisterial reprimand or a formal reproof.

Bead a riddle—दंगानी जाना ; नवजात वर्ष-कृ ।

Bead between the lines—गृष्ठ वर्ष वास्ति-कृ ;

गृष्ठ वर्ष व्यक्षान-कृ ; (वर्ष वर्ग करत त्वा वास ना यिनता )

जान किता পढ़ा ; वर्ष वाष्ट्रिता दिव-कृ ; To go beyond
the text or to conjecture an implied but unexpressed meaning ; read carefully the meaning
not being apparent on the surface; see a

writer's concealed meaning.

Read up-निवास अनुनीतन-कृ।

Beadeble, rēda-bl, a. পাঠা; পাঠোপবোদী; Worth reading. ad=readably, n=readableness.

Readdress, v. t. পুনরায় বলা; পুনত আবেদন-কু; To address again.

Reader, redér, n. পাঠক; অধ্যয়নকারক; One who reads:—প্রকু সংশোধক, One who reads or corrects proofs:—ধর্মান্দ্রে প্রতিপাঠক; One who reads prayers in a church:—পাঠাপুরক; A reading book:—পুত্তক পাঠে অধ্যবদাধীন ব্যক্তি; One studies in birds.

[ reader.

One studies in birds. | reader.

Readership, n. পাইকের পদ, The office of a

Readily, ad sentle, Quickly.

Beadiness, rede-ness, n. প্রস্তৃত ; ত্রপরত ; স্বর্গ , State or quality of being ready. Syn:
—Promptness, promptitude, quickness, alacity; aptness, expertness, facility, dexterity, knack, preparedness, ripeness; willingness
Hold in readiness—প্রস্তৃত্ব থাকা; Keep ready.
Beading, reding, n. গঠন, পাঠ, অধ্যয়ন,
Persual; study of book; act of reading:
গুরুষাদির ব্যাখ্যা, An interpretation of a law, text, passage or work:—সাধারণ সমক্ষে আর্তি, পাঠ; Public of formal recital;—বিদ্যা; Scholarship; learning:—a. পাঠকাবী; পাঠস্থলীয়; Addicted to reading, studious of books.

Beading-book, n. পাস্ত্ৰ ; A book of enercise in reading.

Reading-room, reding room, n. পাঠশালা, পাঠাগার; পাঠ-অকোষ্ঠ; A room with paper &c. resorted to for reading.

Re-adjourn, rc-ad-jurn, r. t. পুনরার ছগিত বা মুলভুবী রাধা, To adjourn again.

Ro-adjust, re-ad-just, v. f. প্ৰরায় ঠিক-কৃ, পুন: সজ্জি চ-কৃ; To adjust, settle or put in order again Re-admission, ir-ad-mishun, n. প্ৰত্থ, পুৰুষায় ভঠি; The act of admitting again.

Ro-admit, rc-ad-mit, v. t পুন্তাহণ-কু; পুন্তাব ভৰ্ত্তি-কু; To admit again.

Beady, rede', a প্রস্তুত; সন্ধিত; তৈরার; Prepared:—উৎস্ক, ইচ্ছুক, Willing, cheerful — সমুদাত, উপাত্ত, On the point of, about:—উৎপর; ক্রিপ্রতুর, উদ্বোদী, Quick, prompt — উপাত্তত, নিকটত্ব; সন্ধিচিত; At hand, near — সমুপত্তিত; Present at hand — অনাবাসসাধ্য; সহজ, Easy:—কৌশনী; দক; প্রভূৎপত্তি; Dexterous n=readiness, ad—1 eadily (তৎক্ষণাৎ, ইচ্ছাপ্রক্ষণা Syn —Active, lively, expeditious, speedy; কুট্, skilful, expert; inclined, disposed; familiar, short, handy, near, convenient.

Make ready—190-7; 190-1; Prepare.

Beady for—(\*) | (1915) | 195; Prepared for (what one is about to do).

Beady-made, a. পূৰ্ব হটতে গ্ৰন্থত ; তৈয়ারি ; Prepared beforehand ; not made to order. { cash. Ready money—নগৰ টাৰা ; Money in hand ; Beady-reckoner, n. গ্ৰহণা বই ; ভূগিণৰ ।

Ready-wit—এতাংগরমতি; উপছিত বৃদ্ধি।
Beagent, তে-ঠালাt, n. পদার্থান্তরের বর্তমানতা উপদ্ধি
করিবার জন্ধ ব্যবহৃত প্রার্থ; পরীক্ষা; A substance
employed to detect the presence of other bodies;

Beal, re'al, a. [ l. res, rei, a thing ] বাছৰিক; প্রকৃত্ত; স্বতা, অকুলিম ; আসল, Actually existing; true, genuine —কাকুলিক নছে, Not imagmary:
—ক্ষান, Pertaining to things fixed, permanent, as lands or houses; not personal:—n. তেলাকেন্দ্র মুলা বিশেষ; ইহান এক পত্ত এক পত্তিভ: A Spanish coin. Sym —Actual, substantial, absolute, positive, veritable, authentic; intrinsic, essential, internal, heritable.

Real action—Action relating to property.

Real presence—Supposed individual presence of Almighty God in a bodily form in a bit of bread at the Christian communion.

Beal property or estate—1143 7-16. Property in land, not goods or money.

Bealisable, Realizable, re'al-iz a-bl, a. সাধ-নীৰ; আদেৱ; আদাৰ বোলা, That may be realised. Bealisation, Bealization, re-al-i-záshun, n সাধন, সমাধান, Accomplishment:—অমুকৃতি, জনৰে ধাৰণা, The act of feeling vividly.

Bealise, Realize, re'al-ız, v. f. সাধন-তৃ, কার্থ্য পরিপত্ত-তৃ, To accomplish, to bring into act — ক্ষত্মন-তৃ, কাষ্ট্রে ধারণা-তৃ; অনুভব-তৃ, To feel strongly:—ৰাগাব-তৃ, নাজ-তৃ, To obtain — স্থাবর সম্পত্তিতে পরিপত্ত-তৃ, To convert into real property. Syn —Effect, complete, acquire, gain, get.

Realism, re'al-izm, n পুৰ্বাৰ্ভ বন্ধই সন্বাৰ, ইত্যাৰাৰ মত , Upholding that universals in logic are things, and not names.

Realist, re'-al-1st, n. যথাৰ্ট তথা বৰ্ণনাকাৱী; ৰ্ট কণডেয় বৃত্য স্ভাবাদী, One who holds the doctrine of realism.

Bealistic, a. জগং বা গোড়াদির খড়ত্ত সভা বীকার সম্বন্ধীয় ; Relating to the realists.

Reality, তে-ale-te, n. নত্যতা; বাহ্যবিকতা, প্রকৃতত্ব , The state of being real:—সত্য , প্রকৃত ঘটনা; Truth. Syn:—Fact, actuality, certainty. In reality—বহুত:।

Beally, rc'al-li, ad. প্ৰকৃতিগকে, বন্ধতঃ; ব্যার্থতঃ; বাফ্ৰিক; প্ৰকৃত্ই, Actually; in fact; in truth. Bealm, relm, n. [ L. regalis, 109al ] বাই, বাল্য,

দেশ; অধিকার, Kingdom, province, country.

Bealty, n. হাবর সম্পত্তি, হারী বড়, Immobility of real property.

Ream, rem, n. कृष्टि निष्ठा कांत्रस , A quantity of paper consisting of 20 quires.

Reanimate, re-ani-mat, n. প্ৰজাবিত-কৃ; পুৰক্লোহিত-কৃ; To revive, to invigorate; to restore to life:—ৰাজাহিত-কৃ, To cheer, gladden.
n=reanimation.

Reanse one's mouth—ছব দুচো-দু।
Reap, rep, v. t. [A. S. repan, allied to reofian,
to seize] পত কৰ্তন-দু; পতানি ছেবন-মু; To cut
down, as grain:—ন্তেই-দু; To gather:—প্রথম মুলা লাখ-হু; To receive, as a reward:—v. t.
পত ছেবন-মু; To cut grain &c:—পরিত্রের কল লাভ
দু; To receive the fruit of labour or works.
s=ceaper (পত্তেক)। Syn:—Obtain, gain.
Reap a harvest—পরিত্রের প্রথমবন্ধপ নাকাল
পারবা; Receive something as the fruit of one's
labour.

Resping-hook, n. with Sickle.

Be-appear, re-ap-per', v. t. প্ৰরাধিভূত-ছ; কেছ আবা; To appear a second time.

Bear, rer, m. পাতাছাগ; পাতাছিক; The back or hundmost part — সৈতের পাতাছাগ, রণভরীসবৃহেদ্ধ পুঠভাগ; The last part of an army or fleet.

Rear, cer, v. t. লাজনগালন-কু, To bring up —
লিকা বেৰৱা; To educate —উন্তোলিড-কু; ভোলা;
ৰাড়া-কু; To raise:—v. t. নির পা-কু; আবের আছ
পকাং পথে ভছ দিয়া বাড়ান; To rise on the hind
legs, as a horse. Syn:—Lift, elevate, erect,
construct, breed, raise; train.

Bring up the rear—সকলের পকাতে আইসা; সকলের বেবে আসা; Come behind (as a part of a possession). [lowing; behind in progress. In the rear—পকাতে; পকালেবে; Behind, fol-Rear-admiral, rer-admiral, n. বণতরীর পকারাপবিষয়ক কৃতীয় অেশীর কর্মচারী বিশেষ, An officer of the third rank, who commands the rear or last division of a fleet.

Rear-guard, ret'-gard, n. সেনাগদের পকাবিগ-রক্ষ সৈত্তগণ, Troops which protect the rear of an army.

Bear-rank, rer'-rank, ন. সেন্তগতের পশ্চাবতী শ্লেণী; The hindermost rank of a body of troops Rear-ward, rer'wawrd, ন. সৈম্ভবনের পশ্চাভাগবন ক দৈয়পণ; The last troops.

Reason, rezum, n. বিবেক; বৃদ্ধি. প্রজা, বিচারশক্তি, The rational faculty — কারণ, উদ্বেক, ক্তে্
বাল; ক্তে্ত্; লিমিন্ত; Ground, motive; reasoning;
cause; purpose.—প্রমাণ, Proof—বোগাড়া; মকতি;
Justice, propriety.—ছল, Excuse—বন্ধর বর্মা
ভান; Just view of things:—নির্দেশ সভ্য, Absolute right or truth—বিচার, Argument—ত. হ.
ভর্ক-কৃ; বিচার-কৃ; To argue; to deduce inferences
from premises— তে. গ্রীকা-কৃ; বিচার-কৃ; To examine or discuss—তর্কে প্রাত্ত-কৃ; To persuade
by reasoning. Syn:—(n) Understanding,
judgment, intellect, sense, principle, consideration, account; object, design, purpose, aim;
reasonableness, wisdom, moderation, argument,
exposition, ratiocination, rationale.

By party of reason—দেইরণ বৃতি অনুসারে; By a similar process of reasoning. [count of. By reason of—কতে, বণত:; নিবনন; On ac-In reason or in all reason—ভাহান্সারে; ভাগকে, in justice, on rational grounds; looking at the matter in the most reasonable part. Beason for—কোৰ কিছুৱ কেছু; A thought or consideration offered in support of (an opinion or action).

Reason in a circle or argue in a circle— To use two or more unproved statements to prove each other.

S'ands to reason—এট স্বায়সঙ্গত বটে; ইহা বৃক্তি-সঙ্গত হওয়া : Is elearly reasonable.

Why reason, The reason why—কেন ইইনাছে; কেন; The cause of anything being done. Reasonable, re'zun-a-bl, a. বৃদ্ধিবিশিষ্ট; বিবেক-বান; Rational:—ভাষনকত; বৃদ্ধিবৃদ্ধায় টক, Just; proper:—পরিমিত; মানতিরিজ; Mederate; not excessive. n=reasonableness. ad=reasonably (ভাষনকতবংশ; উচিত মতে)। Syn:—Intelligent, sensible, judicious, wise, enlightened, right, equitable, tolerable. [ment; argumentation. Reasoning, re'zun-ing, n. বিচার, তর্ক; Argu-By parity of reasoning—সেইবৃদ্ধার্কি মুক্তর্বারে, স্বান মুক্তির বলে; By a similar process of reasoning.

Beassemble, v. t. or v. i. পুনবাৰ একত্ৰিড-কু ৰা-ছ, To assemble or collect again.

Robesert, v. t. প्न: ममध्य-कृ; প्न: উল্লেখ-कृ. To assert again; to maintain after cessation.

Beassurance, n. প্ৰবিক্ষাতা; Repeated assurance.

Resssure, v. t. अङ्ग्लान-कृ विशान धानान-कृ, To assure anew; to give confidence to.

Beave, rev, v. t. वनश्राक इत्रव-कृ ; To take away by violence. pt. pp. reft. I baptise again. Rebaptise, v. ( औहंश्राम् ) भूनवाय मीकिङ-कृ ; To Bebate, re-bat, v. t. [ I.. rc, back and batato, to beat ] बाद नहे-क ; (डाउ)-क . To blunt :--वाद পেওয়া; To deduct from. [ duction ; discount. Bebatement, re-batment, n. वाह : द्रान : De-Robel, rebel, n. [ L. rebelles, making war again ] बाबद्धारी; विद्धारी वाकि; One who rebels :- v. i. ब्राकटबार-क् , विकक्षांतावी-र , व्यवाधा-र . To renounce authority; to revolt; to resist lawful authority :-- a. বিছোহী; অবাধা; Rebellious. Syn: -(n) Revolter, insurgent, revolutionist. f 599, Revolt. Robellion, re-belyon, n. नाकि (क्रांक , विद्यादी-

Medellious, re-belyus, a. রাজাধ্যার , বিদ্রোহণী Bebellious, re-belyus, a. রাজদ্রোহা , বিদ্রোহনারী ; বিদ্রোহী ; Engaged in rebellion.

Bebound. re-bownd. v. s. প্রতিয়াক-র : প্রতিক্রিপ্ত-

Bebound, re-bownd, v. 1. প্রতিঘাত- 3; প্রতিশিপ্ত-হ; টিকরাইবা পড়া. To be reverberated; to start back.—v t. প্রতিঘাত উৎপাদন-কু; প্রতিক্ষেপ-কু. To drive back; to reverberate:—n. প্রতিক্ষেপ, প্রতিঘাত; The act of rebounding.

Bebuff, re-bul', n. প্ৰতিকেপ, প্ৰতিষ্যত ; Sudden resistance; a beating back:—হঠাৎ প্ৰতিবাধ, বাধা; ধমক ; ধমকান ; Sudden check; unexpected refusal:—v. t. প্ৰতিষ্যত-ক ; To beat back:—প্ৰতিবাধ-ক ; বমক-দে ; অধীকার-ক ; To check ; to refuse. Syn:—(n) Repulse, discouragement. Bebuild, re-build, v. t. প্ৰনিশ্যণ-ক ; প্ৰৱাম গঠৰ-ক ; Build again , repair ; renew.

Rebuke, rc-būk, v. t. [F. re, and boucher, to stop, bouche, the mouth] চিবকার-কু; তুর্বনা-কু; তুর্বনা-কু; তুর্বনা-কু; তুর্বনা-কু; তুর্বনা: কেন্দ্রনার ; ভ্রেনা: কেন্দ্রনার ; ভ্রেনা: কেন্দ্রনার বাবা প্রতিনিবৃত্তি; Check by reproof.

Bobus, n. किंज बाजा नम ध्यकान ; (रेशांनी वित्नव : Enig-

matical representation of a word by pictures of objects. pl-rebuses.

Bebut, re-but, v. t. আহিবাত-কু; পকাংপদ-কু; To drive back:—বৃত্তি বা প্রমাণ বারা পতনক; অম্মাণ-কু; To oppose by argument or proof: v. i. প্রভাতর-কে; To return an answer.

Rebutter, re-buter, \*\*. বাদীর প্রভাৱরের উত্তর; প্রতিবাদীর উত্তরের উপর বাদীর প্রভাৱর; A plantiff's answer to a defendant's rejoinder.

Recalcitrant, re-kalsi-trant, a. [ L. re, back, calcitro, to kick ] বিৰেশ-প্ৰকাশক; প্ৰতিবাদকরী; বিরোধী; Expressing repugnance; showing opposition.

Becalcitrate, re-kaisi-trat, v. f. or v. i. পদা-ঘাত-তু, বিষেধ বা বিজ্ঞা প্ৰকাশ-তু; To kick back; to express repugnance.

Recall, re-kawl, v. t. প্ৰৱাহ্বাৰ-কু; ভাৰিছা কেৱাৰ, To call back:—রহিত-কু; প্রভাব্ত-কু; কিরাইরা লক্ষা; Annul, revoke.—মরণ-কু; মনে-কু; To remember:—n. রক; প্ৰরাহ্বাৰ; প্রভাবার; Act of recalling or revoking; revocation. Syn:—(v) Supersede, cancel; recollect; restore.

Bocant, re-kant, v. t. প্রভাগাৰ-ক ; To retract:—
v. i. প্রকাপ্ত প্রভিবাদ-ক ; To revoke as a former
declaration:—প্রভাগান-ক , To unsay what has
been said. n=recanter. Syn.—Recall, revoke,
disayow, abjure.

Recantation, re-kan-tashun, n. প্রত্যাপান ; প্রতি-সংহার, প্রতাহার ; পুরু উদ্ভিত্ত প্রতিবাদ ; A declaration contradicting a former one, retraction.

Recapitulate, re-ka-putu-lit, v. t. [L. re. again, and caput, the head] পুনরায় বানা-ড়; পুন-ছন্তি কু, সংকোগে পুনরান্তির, Repeat the heads of what has already been stated; go over again briefly.

Recapitulation, n. স্থাকি বা উল্লেখ , সংক্ষেপ পুৰ-কৃষ্টি, A summary of main points

Recapitulatory, n. re-ka-pitu-la-tor-i, a. প্ৰকলেখকারা; Repeating again, containing recapitulation.

Recapture, v. t. প্রতিরহণ-তৃ ; To retake:—n. প্রতিরহণ ; The act of retaking ;—প্রত্যাহত বস্তু ; A prize retaken.

Recast, re-kast, v. f. পুনর্মার ছীচে চালা ; প্নাঠন-কু; To mould anew, to reconstruct :—প্নরায গানা-কু; To compute a second time.

Recode, re-sed, v. s. [L. re, back and cedere, to go] পিছে ইছিবা-বা; কিরিয়া-বা; To fall back; to move back, to retreat:—নিরস্ত-ছ, দাবি উঠাইয়া নুৱা; To withdraw a claim—v. t. প্রস্থা-কু; To cede back or yield to a former possessor. Syn—Retire, retrogade, withdraw, ebb.

He has proceeded too far to recede—

তিনি এডদ্র অগ্রনর হইবাছেন বে তাহার পাকে প্রতিনিবৃত্ত
হওবা সন্তবপর নহে।

Becede from—কোন কিছু হইতে নিছান; Move

Beceipt, re-set, n. প্রাত্তি; আদান; Receiving:
—প্রাত্তিবীকার পত্র, রসিদ, Note of acknowledgment:—pl. আন; Income:—p. t. রসিদ-কে; To

give a receipt for.

Receipt book—র্নিদের বই '

Receipt stamp—র্নিদের বিশিট '

Receivable, re-seva-bl, Receptible, re-sep'ti-bl, a. আদেয়; পরিবহণীয়; আস্য; That may be received.

Beceive, re-sev, v. t. [ L. re, again and cepere, to take] পাৰবা; বহৰ-কু; অব্যা; To accept; take, get:—ৰাডিখা-কু; সনাগর-কু; অব্যান-কু; Entertain; welcome:—বীকার বা ভূক্ত-কু; অব্যাভিজ্য-কু; Bear. Syn:—Obtain, derive, acquire; admit, welcome; allow, tolerate, permit; believe, hold, embrace.

Beceived doctrine-बीकृड मछ।

Beceiver, re-sever, n. এইজা. এছৰ; One who receives:—ৰাজান্তি; সম্পৃতির তরাবধারক; Cashier:
—চোরাই বস্ত এইগৰারী; One who takes stolen goods knowing them to be stolen:—ব্ৰুব্ৰেৰ পাত্ৰ; ৰাপাধাৰ; Vessels of the air pump or for receiving products of an operation.

Beconsion, n. সমালোচনা; পুনরাশোচনা; Review:
—শোষিত সংকার; Critical revisal of a text.

Becent, resent, a. জভিনৰ; নবা; মুত্তন; New; fresh:—আধুনিক; Modern. ad=recently ( সপ্রতি; lately). n=recentness. Syn:—Late, latter, modern, novel.

Receiver, reservoir, cistern:—প্পৰ্ল; The basis of a flower.

Recoptilibity, re-sep-ti-bili-ti, n. এইপাণাড়া, এইপাণাড়া, Capacity of acceiving or of being

Recoption, re-sep'shun,'n. পৰিমহ, গ্ৰহণ ; Receiving —ৰভাৰ্থনা ; উপচার ; অভ্যাপত ব্যক্তির আকর : Entertamment ; welcome :—ৰীকার ; Admission Syn:—Acceptance, receipt, admission, levee.

Receptive, re-sep'tiv, a. প্রপ্তম ; প্রাংই ; Having the quality of receiving or containing; able to take in. n=receptivity (প্রগ্ৰাভি )!

Recess, লে-se', n. বিভূতবান; Retreat, a retired place, place of retirement:—বিপ্তামণিক; Holiday:—( কাথোৱ) বিবাম বা বিশ্লাম; Remission of husness:—কোলক, গৃচ-কোণ; ভাক; Nuchee:—শতিমন; ভাতবাৰ্থিক; অন্তবান; Withdrawing; retirement:—মিভূতভা; নিভূত অবস্থা; Seclusion. Syn:—Nook, noche; intermission, vacation.

Recession, n. প্রচাপণ; প্রতিনিবৃত্তি; A ceding or Recipe, resi-pc, n. উবদের বাবসাপত্ত; Medical prescription:—বন্ধন কৰিবাৰ ব্যবহা; Prescription for cooking. pl.=resipes.

Beoipient, re-sip'i-ent, n. প্রদাধারী; প্রতীতা; One who receives; a receiver:—a. প্রাধী, Receiving.

Reciprocal, re-sip'ro-kal, a. প্ৰশান ; অকান্ত , Mutual :—প্ৰশান অনুৰক্তী ; Mutually interchangeable :—n. একককে কোনত রাশি দিয়া ভাগ কবিলে ভাগকলে বে অক হন তাহা ; The quotient arising from dividing unity by any quantity. Syn: —(a) Alternate, interchangeable ; correlative.

Beciprocal pronoun—ৰভোক্তৰাতৰ সক্ৰাম,

Reciprocally, ad. नद्रभारत ; Mutually.

Beciprocate, re-sip'ro-kat, v. t. आवान आपान-क ; To give and receive mutually :-- विनिध्न-क ; Beciprocation, n. আলানপ্রদান; বিনিমর; পরি-বর্তুন; Interchange of acts; alternation.

Beciprocity, rec-i-pro{i-li, n. বাধ্য বাৰকচা; আবাত প্ৰতিঘাত; ক্ৰিয়া প্ৰতিক্ৰিয়া; Mutual obligation; action and reaction.

Becital, n. আবৃত্তি; পান; Act of reciting; rehearsal:—বৰ্ণা, Narration, Syn:—Recitation, repetition; description, detail, relation, account. Becitation, res-i-tashun, n. আবৃত্তি; Rehearsal:

— অধাতে পাঠ; A public reading, a = recitative.

Recitative, a. সদীতানৃত্তি সহনীয়, Pertaining to
musical recitation — ». আবৃত্তি জন্ত সদীত; A
piece of music for recitation.

Bocito, re-sit, v. t. [ L. re, again, and citare, to cite ] আধৃতি- কৃ. মুবৰ বলা, To rehearse; to tell over; repeat by memory:—বিনা-কৃ; To narrate. nereciter. Syn:—Narrate, relate, tell, recount, rnumerate, describe, recapitulate, detail.

Rook, rek, v. f. 刘邦·李; 刘丁-李; To regard to care for.

Jieckloss, rekles, a. জবিবেকী; জনবহিত; জদাব-বান, Heedless of consequences, careless, n= recklessness (জনমনাহনিকতা), ad=recklessly, (জনমনাহনিককণে, heedlessly). Syn:—Careless, mindless, thoughtless, indifferent, headstrong, incautious, imprudent, wild.

Bookling, n. চৰ্মল শিত, A helpless babe :--a. ছৰ্মল , কীণ ; Week.

Reckon, rekn, v. t. গগনা-কু; সংখ্যা-কু. To count:
— গণ্য-কু; To account:— মান্ত-কু; সম্মান-কু; To calculate:—
কিন্তু: To esteem:— v. i. গণনা-কু; To calculate:—
কিন্তু: To settle:— দও-দে; To pay a penalty:—
কিন্তু:— To make up accounts. n=reckoner ( গণনাকাৰী)! Syn:—Compute, number, enumerate. estimate, value, account, think, suppose, imagine.

Reckon for-मार्थी-इ ; कवान-मिठि-इ ।

Reckon on — গণনা-কু; নিৰ্ভৰ কু, আলা কু, Calculate or count upon; rely upon; expect confidently.

Reckon with—হিমাৰ নিটাৰ।

Beckon (or count) without one's host—
ভূল গণনা-কু, আগনাৰ গণনাৰ ভূল-কু; নিজের দিক খেকে
দেখিলা একটা ঠিক-কু, বাহা মনে কৰা যান্ন ভাষা নহে
(গাছে কাটাল গোঁগে তেল এই ভাৰ); Be mistaken
in one's calculation; reckon from one's own
stand-point without considering what another's
standpoint might be.

Reckoning, rekning, n. হিনাৰ; Adjustment of accounts &c:—গণনা কৰিবাৰ কৌশা; The art of computating:—গণনা; An account of time:—জাহাকেৰ অবস্থান নিৰূপণ, A calculation of the ship's position. Syn:—Computation, calculation, counting, charges, bill, score; esteem, account, estimation.

Call to reckoning-we-cw; Punish.

Reclaim, re-klam, v. f. [L. re, again, back, and clamare, to call or cry aloud ] সংশোধন-কু.
To call back from error; reform:—প্ৰকল্পাৰ-কু;
To recover:—উল্পি-কু; To deliver:—v. f. চীংক্যুক্তি To cry out, to exclaim:—সংখ্যাৰ-কু;

To effect reformation. Syn: - Reform, regain, recover, restore.

Reclaim from—( (कान क् व्यवहा इहेरङ ) छेडांत-ङ् ; Call back from ( a bad sourse ).

Beolaimable, re-klama-bl, a. পুনর্কার, সংশোধ-নার; That may be reclaimed; reformed. ad = reclaimably.

Reclamation, rek-la-máshun, m বাবি; Demand:—সংশোদন; Reformation:—পুনস্থান; Re-

Beeline, rē-klīń, v. t. [L. re, again, back, and clinare, te lean] ছেলাল-দে; ছেলিডে-দে; To lean :
—বিলাম-কু; To rest or repose. a=reclining (ছেলিড, দমিত): Syn:—Bear, lie, couch, rest.

Beeluse, rē-klūś, a. নির্কান, নিংসক; সংসারত্যাকী;
Secluded; retned, solitary:—n. উলাসীন;

Secluded; retued, solitary:—n. উদাসীন; সন্থ্যানী; A retired person; a hermit, Syn : -(n)Anchoret, eremite, solitary.

Recongnisable, a. পরিজের, বীকার্য; Such as may be recognised or acknowledged.

Recognisance, re-kog'ni-zans, n. আজীকার; বীকার; Avowal:—চিহ্ন; A mark:—বং বীকার; Recorded acknowledgment of a debt:—বুদ্-বোকা; ইকবার নামা; A legal obligation or bound to a magistrate to do something.

Recognise, rekog-niz, ৩ t. [ L. re, again, and cognoscere, to know] চিনিতে পালা, চিনা, To recover the knowledge of; to know again:—
বীকার-ক: ক্বল-ক; To avow. Syn:—Confess, own, admit, allow, concede.

Recognition, rek-og-nishun, প্ল. বীকার, Avowal:—মুতির পুনকীপন; স্বরণ; পুনজান; Renewed or revived knowledge, recollection. Syn:—Acknowledgment, confession, admission; recollection, remembrance.

Recoil, re-koil, ভ. t. পশ্চাপামন কু; পশ্চাৎ ইটি বা-বা; পশ্চাবস্ত্ৰী-হ, To start back, to fall back; to shrink from; to return:—n. পশ্চাপামন; A starting or springing back—প্ৰতিনিৰ্ভি; Rebound. Syn:—(v) Rebound, reverberate, react, resile; draw back, flinch.

Recoil from—ভবে কিছু হুইডে পিছাইবা পড়া; পরাব্যুব হুবরা; Draw back from ( something).

Recoil on—উপ্টে নিজের যাতে আদিয়া পড়া, Roll or fall back on.

Becollect, rek-ol-lekt, v. i. স্বৰণ-কু, To remember; recall to memory:—প্ৰকৃতিহ-হ; শাস্ত-হ; To cause to be collected or composed.

Recollection, rek-ol-lekshun, ন. স্থৃতি; স্থবণ, Remembrance; memory; reminiscence

Recomfort, v, f. পুনরাখন্ত-কু; নব বলে বলীয়ান-হ, To comfort again; to give new strength to.

Becommence, re-kom-mens, v. t. পুনরার আরম্ভার্থ-কু; পুনরাব্য-কু; Begin anew. n=recommencement.

Becommend, rek-om-mend, v. t. ফ্পারিস-কু,
অপুরোধ-কু; প্রাথ-কু; ভাল বলিরা পরিচর করিয়া-দে,
To commend to another; to praise to another;
to make acceptable:—পরামর্গ-দে; To advisc.

Syn:—Approve, praise, commend.

Bacommendable, rek-om-menda-bl, a.
বাংবাই; Worthy of praise.

Becommendation, rek-om-mend-fishin, #.
অবুৰোগ; হুণায়িব; ধাৰীৰ্ত্তৰ; Act of recommending; commendation, praise, approbation.

Letter of recommendation— শব্রোগ প্র : Becommendatory, rek-om-mendá-tor-i, n. এশংসার্হ ; ধার্কার্কারা ; That recommends ; commendatory.

Recommit, e. f. भूनवर्श-इ ; भूनः (अवश-इ To commit again ; to send back to a committee.

Becompense, rekom-pens, v. f. পরিশোধ-কু; অভিযান-কু, প্রভার-কু; কতিপ্রশ-কু; To repay; to repuite; to reward; to compensate; to remunerate; reimburse; indemnify:—n. প্রভার; পরি-শোধ; অভিযান; কভিপুরণ; Repayment; reward compensation; remuneration; amends; satisfaction, requital.

Recompose, rē-kom-pōz', v. f. শাস্ত্ৰ-কৃ; То soothe or quite:—পুৰস্কাৰ-কৃ; То form anew.

econcilable, a. পুন্মিলনীয়; সকত; Capable being reconciled, consistent. Syn,—Apasable, placable, forgiving, consistent.

বি conciliare, to bring together ] ব্রুছে পুন:
ব্রাপিড-কৃ, প্রাথিজিড-কৃ; To restore to friendship or union; to conciliate:—ইক্য-কৃ; সামল্ড-কৃ, To make consistent:—মামানো-কৃ; To adjust or settle:—শাস্ত-কৃ, To pacify. n=reconciler.

Syn:—Reunite, propitiate.

Beconcile (one) to—বিবাদের পর প্ৰস্থিকন কৰিব। দেওবা; Restore one to friendship with another (after estrangement):—আগতা কোন বিবৰে সম্ভঃ থাকা; Make one samme to, as being unavoidable.

Beconcile with—একটাৰ সহিত আর একটার সাম্প্রক্ত করা; Take (one thing) consistant with (another).

Reconciliation, rek-on-sil-i-áshun, Reconcilement, rekon-sil-mént, n. বকুছে পুন:রাপন, পুনর্থিলন, Renewal of friendship.—একীক্বণ; সামরস্থানির The bringing to agreement things at variance:—প্রাকৃতিক, Atonement.

Reconciliatory, a. প্ৰথিবৰ পাৰক; Serving or tending to reconcile.

Becondite, rekon-dit, a. [L. reconditus, pp. of reconders, to conceal] সূচ; ছবোৰ; সভাৰ; ছবোৰ; সভাৰ; হবোৰ; সভাৰ; cocult, obscure, unfathomable.

Reconnoisance, re-końa-sans, #. প্রকাণ্য প্রিদর্শন ; পর্যবেষণ ; Survey ; examination,

Reconnoitre, rek-on-noiter, v. t. প্রবেক্ত্র- কু, নিরীক্ত্র-কু; নির্পণ-কু; To survey, to examine,

Reconsider, rc-kon-sider, v. t. পুন্ধিচার-কু, পুন: বিবেচনা-কু; To review. n-reconsideration. Reconstruct, re-kon-strukt, v. t. পুন্দিশ্বাণ-কু;

Reconstruct, re-kon-strukt, v. t. পুনৰিশ্বাণ-ভূ; পুন: গঠন-ভু; To rebuild. n=reconstruction.

Reconvey, ত. t. পূৰ্ব বানীকে প্ৰত্যৰ্পা-কু; To transfer back to a former owner. n=reconveyance (সম্পত্তি লেখাগড়া ছাৱা ক্ষেত্ৰ দেৱন - পূৰ্ব বানীকে প্ৰত্যৰ্পণ)।

Record, re-kord, v. t. [L. recordari, to remember] (जवा , जिनिवक कु ; जिल्ला हाथा , To register; cause to be remembered; to enrol:—».
পিৰম; রাজনীয় কাগল গরাগি; ধনিল; ধরাবেল; নাই;
A register; state paper:—জীবনী; Personal
history. Syn:—(v) Chronicle, enrol, note,
minute. (\*) Register, chronicle, note, minute,
memorandum; memorial, trace, vestige. (pl)
Annals, archives, muniments.

Beat or break the record—বাহা কৰ্মৰ হয় নাই তাহাই হজা বা করিতে পারা; Surpass others in any kind of performance; do what no one yet known has been able to do.

On recond—লিখিত থাকা; Recorded in history, preserved in writing.

Put on record—শ্বণার্থ পৃত্তকে লিপিবছা করা। Record a deed-नवकांत्रि शृक्षक मनित्वत नकन वांचा । Recorder, re-korder, n. (544; One who registers :- विहासक वित्नव ; हाकिय ; The chief judicial officer in some town. [ recorder. Recordship, n. त्रकार्डन नम ; The office of a Recount, re-kount, v. t. [ F. reconter, to relate ] বর্ণ- ক : বিবৃত-ক : To tell over ; to relate ; to narrate ; to describe ; to detail :- পুनরার গণনা-7: To count again. Syn :- Relate, recite, rehearse, enumerate. [ good , indemnify. Recoup, rc-koop, v. ক্তিপুৰ্ণ-ক; To make Recourse, re-kors, n. [ 1. re, back, and curro, to run ] সাহাধার্যে চেষ্টা , আতায়; গতি; শরণ; A going to with a request, resort, application, as

Have recourse to—অবলম্বনকু; Resort to —
কাহার আশ্রম এহন-কু, Seek the help of. [ হওরা।
Without recourse to—কোনও কিছুব প্রণামত লা
Recover, re-kuver, v. t. [ L. re, back, and
capere, to take ] পুনরায় পাওঘা, পুনরায় লাভ-কু; To
regain —আবোগ্য-কু; To cure; receive to get
a gain, to win back:—পুরণ-কু; To make up
for:—v. i. আবোগ্য-হু; সুহ-হু; ভাল-হু, To regain
health. Syn:—Repossers, recuperate, retrieve,
restore, recruit, re-establish, rally.

Becoverable, re-kuvér-a-bl, a. প্রভান্ত; প্র-প্রার্থ্য; আর্থান্ত: That may be recovered or regained.

Recovery, re-kuver-i, n. প্ৰলাভ; প্ৰাঞাতি; The act of regaining anything lost:—আরোগা, বায়া লাভ; Restortion to health.

Recreancy, rekre-an-si, n. বৰ্ণুভাগি; Apostacy:—ভীকডা, কাপুক্ষড়; Cowardly spirit.

Recreant, rekre-ant. a. [ L. re, and credo, to believe ] তীক; পৌৰবংশীন; অণিখাসী; বিবাস্থাতক; Cowardly; false:—n. স্বৰ্থতাগী; An apostate; a renegade. Syn:—(a) Craven, dastardly, base; apostate, unfaithful, backsliding.

Becreate, rekre-at, v. t. [L. re, again, and creare, to create] পুনবাৰ স্ট-কৃ: পুন: সজন-কৃ; To create again or anew :—বিশাম করা; কার্যক্ষ-কৃ; To refresh after toil:—আবোদ-কৃ; To amuse:
— ে. বিশাম বা জীড়া-কৃ; To take recreation.

Syn:—Refresh, reanimate, enliven, gratify, amuse, entertain, cheer.

Recreation, rek-re-áshun, n. বিশাম; জিরেব; আনাদির পর বিরাম; Refreshment after toil, sorrow &cc.:—জীমোদপ্রযোদ; ফ্রীড়া; Diversion;

sport :—নগৰাই ; নৃতন বাই ; A creating again. Sys :—Amusement, entertainment, pastime. Beoreative, a. আমোৰজনক ; আমানদায়ক ; আমান্ত Amusing ; giving relief in weariness.

Becriminate, re-krim-in-at, v. t. প্রভাগবাদ-বে; উটে অভিবোধ-কু; To accuse in return:—v. i. অভিবোধার নামে সম্প অভিবোধ উপস্থিত-কু; To charge an accuser with the like crime.

Beorimination, re-krim-in-áshun, #. প্রভাগনার; প্রতি দোবাবোগ; A counter-charge; a counteraccusation.

Recriminative, Recriminatory, a. প্ৰতি-পরিবাদক; প্রত্যভিয়োগকারী; Retorting accusation or charges.

Becrudescence, Becrudescency, n. প্ৰধ-ৰে; পুৰ: প্ৰেণ ; Fresh outbreak.

Recruit, re-króót, v. t. [F. recruter, from recroitre, to grow again] আবোগা লাভ-কৃ; স্থ-চ; To recover in health; to gain health:—
নৃতন সৈশু সংগ্ৰহ করা; To enlist new soldiers:—
নৃতন করিবা জ্বাণি প্রাপ্ত-হ; To gain new supplies:
—v. t. সংখ্যার-কৃ; সরবরাহ-কৃ; অভাব প্রণ-কৃ; To repair; to supply; to remedy lack or deficiency in:—নবসেশু সরববাহ-কৃ; To supply with recruits:—n. অভাব পূরণ; Supply of want:—
নবসগৃহীত সৈশু, A newly enlisted soldier.
n=iecruiter (সংগ্রহক; আতৃক্টি), recruitment (সৈশু সংগ্রহ কার্য)।
[বেডাব।

Beat up for recruits—দৈল অহুস্কান করিব! Baw recruits—অণিকিত দৈল।

Rectangle, rekt-ang-gl, n. [ L. rectus, right, and angulus, an angle ] আৰতকেন, সৰ্কেণী চতুৰ্জ; A four-sided figure having only right angles. a=rectangular. [ angles.

Rectangled, a. সমকোণী; আরত; Having right Rectangular, a. সমকোণী; Right-angled.

Beetifiable, a. সংশোধনীয় ; Capable of being rectified or set right.

Rectification, n. সংশোধন, সংকাৰ; The act of rectifying or setting right.

Rectifier, n. Attite; One who corrects.

Rectified spirit—শোধিত হুৱা।

Beetify, rekte-fi, v. i. [L. rectus, right, and facere, to make ] সংশোধন-ক; টেক-ক; গুৰু-ক; বেশ্বন-ক; বিশোধি-ক, To correct; to adjust; to set right:—শোধন-ক; বিশোধি-ক, To refine by distillation. n=rectification. Syn:—Redress, amend, reform, improve, purify.

Rectillineal, rek-ti-line-al, Bectillinear, rek-ti-line-at, e. সম্বেণাবিশিষ্ট; সৰল বেণা ঘটিত; Bounded by straight lines; straight.

Bectitude, rekte-tūd, n. [L. rectitudo—rectus, right, straight] সাধুতা; সরবতা; Integrity. Syn:
— Justice, equity, righteousness, uprightness, honesty, virtue, goodness.

Rector, rektor, n. [L. rego, rectum, to rule]
বিদ্যালয়ের প্রধান শিক্ক; The headmaster of a
public school:—নহাব্যক; ধর্মনালার ক্ষাক; The
head of a convent or religious house:—ন্ত্রিভাই
বালক; Parson holding the great titles of a
parish. a=rectoral.

Rectoral, Rectorial, a. (तक्टेरवर अधिकात ना

ৰাখান সংক্ৰান্ত; Pertaining to a rector or to a rectory.

[ office or rank of a rector. Rectorate, Rectorship, n. বেক্টবের পদ; The Rectory, rektor-i, n. ধর্মালকের আলম; বেক্টবের অধিকার; The province or mansion of a rector. Rectum, n. অবোদেশ; ভঞ্ছান; বলি; The terminal part of the large intestine.

Recumbent, re-kum-bent, a. [L. re. back, cumbe, to lie down] अई नहान; भविउ; Lying

back; leaning: -- -- tole. n=recumbence, recumbency, ad=recumbently.

Recuperation, v. t. প্নলাভ-ফ ; প্ন: সবল-ছ।
Recuperation, n. প্ন: প্রাত্তি ; প্নলাভ ; আবোগ্য ;
Recovery.

Recuperative, re-ku'per-a-tiv, Recuperatory, re-ku'per-a-tor-i, a. आरबांगानावर ;

আরোগাজনক; Tending to recovery.

Becur, ic-kur', v. i. [L. re, again, back, currere, to run] পুনৰাগমন-কৃ; পুনৰায় উপন্ধিত-হ; To return, happen again:—পুনরায় মনে আসা; To come back to the mind. Syn:—Resort, revert.

Recur to—পুনৰুখাগন-কৃ, Return to:—পুনরায় মনে

পড়া ; Come again to mind.

Recurrent, re-kur'ent, a. সময়ে সময়ে প্রত্যাগমন-শীল, পুনবাবর্ত্তক; Returning at intervals. n= recurrence (প্রত্যাবর্ত্তন)।

Recurring, 4. शोन:शनिक ।

Recurvate, re-kur'vat, v. f. প্ৰচান্ধিকে বজ বা নৃত্-কু; To curve or bend back.

Recusancy, re-kūżan-si, n. মতবিভিন্নতা, (ধর্ম-

विवदा ) अवाशाजा : Non-conformity.

Red, red, a. বন্ধবৰ্ণ; লোহিড; লাল. Of a colour like blood:—n. লাল বহু; বহুবৰ্ণ; The colour of blood. n∞redness ( বন্ধিকা), ad=redly.

Red rag to a bull—ধাৰা বেণিকে কেচ চেনা আৰু হুইবা ধান : Something specially irritates or provokes (as a bull at sight of red).

Bedact, v. সম্পাদন-কু, সজ্জিত-কু: To edit, to reduce to order. n=redaction (সজ্জিত করণ)।

Redan, দ. বিপাৰিক গড বিশেষ; গড়ের প্রাচীর বিশেষ; A field-work consisting of two faces; kind of rampart on advanced work.

Red ant, n. नान कृति निंगु ।

Red-book, redbook, n ৰে পুৰকে সমন্ত সরকারী কর্মচারীয় নাম থাকে; কোন্সানিয় কর্মচারিদের ভালিকা, A list of government employers.

Bed-breast, redbrest, n. কুত্ত গায়ক পক্ষিবিশেব , A song-bird. [soldier. Bed coat, n. ইংরাজ দৈনিক পুরুষ ; An English Red cross, n. দেও জর্জের তুল বা চেরা ; ইংরাজ-

দিগের জাতীয় চিক; The cross of St. George, emblem of the English.

Red-deer, red-der, n. মৃগ; The common stag. Redden, redn, v. t. রক্তবর্ণ-কু; লাল-কু; To make red:—v. i. লাল-ছ, রক্তবর্ণ-হু; To grow red;

to blush.

Beddish, redish, a. ইবং লাণ; ইণং রক্বর্ণ; Somewhat red; moderately red. n-reddishness. Beddition, ন. [L. reddo, to restore ] প্রস্পি: ভাগ ; Restoration, surrender :—বাধা ; অব্যাদ ; Explanation. [answer. Bedditive, a. উত্তর-নির্দেশক ; Conveying an

Beddle, n. mirriles with first ; A soft clay

iron ore of a reddish colour.

Redeem, rē-dēm, v. t. [ L. re, again, back, and emere, to buy ] পায়মুক-কৃ; টাকা দিবা বশিষ্
মুক-কৃ; উদ্ধান-কৃ; To ransom; to liberate from captivity by a price:—প্ৰকৃষ্কান-কৃ; প্ৰণ-কৃ; To rescue:—প্ৰাকৃতি-কৃ; To atone for:—স্পাধন-কৃ; অসীকাৰ পালা-কৃ, To perform, as a promise:—বৃক্ত উদ্ধান-কৃ; বোনদা-কৃ. To recover, as a pledge:—প্ৰৱাম কম-কৃ; To buy back. Syn:—Repurchase, retrieve; free, deliver, liberate, save; compensate, discharge, fulfil.

Redcom a pledge—বৰ্ষক উদ্ধাৰ-কৃ। বিগ্ৰহার কৃ। Redcom the time—সময়ের বতনুব সন্তব ক্ৰিণাজনক Redcomable, re-dcma-bl, a. উদ্ধানীয়; মোচনীয়; পরিশোধনীয়; That may be redcemed. n=re-

demableness.

Rodoemer, re-dimér, n. উলারকরা; One who redeems or ransoms — বিজ্ঞাই; Jesus Christ.

Rodoliver, n. প্রকলার-কৃ; বিভারবার মৃক্ত-কৃ; To deliver again; to liberate a second time. n= redeliverance. [second delivery or liberation Rodolivery, n. প্রভাব, প্রকল্প, A Rodomption, re-demishur, n. উলার, মৃক্তি; বালার; Release, ransom; rescue —

অবাহিতি; ৰালাস ; Release, runsom; rescue — 
থিতথ্যই ধারা পাশীলিগের পবিজাগ; The deliverance of sinners from sin and misery by Christ — পুন: ক্ষম, Repurchase. Syn: —Repurcha c., liberation, delivery; recovery; performance.

Rodomptivo, a. श्रुक्त कांड, Pertaining to redeem.

Redemptory, a. মৃতিদাধক: Serving to redeem Redented, re-dented, a. দপ্তবিশিষ্ট, বাঁজ কাঁচা, Formed like the teeth of a saw; indented.

Red flag, n. विद्यादिहरू, नांग निमान, विश्वपन हिरू, The symbol of insurrection and terrorism.

Red hand, n. sere as: A bloody hand.

Bed hand, Bed-handed, a. শোণিডাজ, রজ-মাধা; রজ-হত্ত, চাডেনাডে; In the very act, as it were with red or bloody hands.

Red heat, red-het, n. তাপদাৰিত গজৰ ; Heat amounting to redness.

Red hot, a. অবস্ত , গন্গনে; Heated to red colour, heated to redness.

Bedintograto, re-dińte-grat, v. f. [L. re, again, and integrare, to make whole ] পুৰুত্বাৱ-কু; নৰ নিৰ্মাণ-কু; To restore, make whole again; to renew. Syn:—Renovate, re-establish, reconstruct. [নিৰ্মাণ; Renovation.

Redintegration, n. প্ৰীক্ষণ; প্ৰৰ্থতাপাদন; নৰ Red-lead, n. চিলাদিতে ব্যবহৃত লাল বছ বিশেষ; A color used in painting.

Rediaced jacket, n. বেজাখাত; A flogging.

Bed letter, n. লাল ফালিতে বিধিত অকর; Mark
of a saint's day:—a. লোহিতাকরে চিহ্নিত; ততলকণ্যুক্ত; Marked by red letters; auspicious or
fortunate, as a day.

Red letter day, n. অবকাশ দিন; তত্থিক;

Red man or skin, Red Indian, अ. वालिक-कांत्र वाषिय निवानी ; An American Indian.

Red ocher—বঙ্গ গৈরিক।

Bedolent, redo-lent, a. [ L. redolens, ppr. of redolere, to emit a scent ] সুগৰ; সুরভিড; Sweet scented. #=redolence, redolency (সৌরভ; fragrance). ad=redolently. Syn :- Odorous, aromatic, fragrant.

Redouble, re-dubl, v. t. fagy-7; To double again :-- বিশ্বণ-কৃ; অত্যন্ত বৃদ্ধি-কৃ; To increase greatly; to multiply:--v. i. অতি বন্ধিত-হ; To

become greatly increased.

Redoubtable, re-dowta-bi, a. সাহসী; ভর্কর; ভাষ; হুৰ্দ্ধ; Terrible to foes; formidable; valiant. Redound, re-dound, v. i. [ L. re, again, and undare, to surge ] প्रः প্রেরিড-ছ ; To be sent back :-- কল প্রস্-হ; পরিণত-হ; To result ; to conduce ; bring about :-ছাপাইরা উঠা ; অভিরিক্ত ই ; To be in excess. Syn :- Contribute, tend.

Bedound to-44-4; Flow black as a consequence:--कशिक्ष भाक क्वांनक्ष्म बाष्ट्रक्वक-ह: Conduce to ; result in :--কাহারও পক্ষে কিছু লাভের हरा ; Accrue to one. [ work ; outpost. Redout, re-dowt, n. হুৰ্গ বিশেষ, উপহুৰ্গ, Out-Redraft, v. t. नृष्टन পাণুলেখা-कृ: To draw anew :-- म. विजीय भाष्तिभि वा अिजिमिन ; A second draft or copy.

Redraw, v. t. विडीव शांक्तिया अञ्चल-क ; To draw a second drast :-- v. i. নৃতৰ হণী-ৰু; To drawa new bill of exchange. [Extremely republican. Red republican, n. डेश्क्ट्रे बाबीनडाधित वाकि; Redress, re-dres, v. t. अडिकांत-क ; To set right ; to remedy: - 934-3; To make amends; to compensate: -n. প্রতিকার; উপার; রক্ষা; ক্তি-পুরণ; Relief; reparation; amends. Syn:-Repair, rectify, amend, relieve.

Redressible, re-dresi-bl, a. अधिकातकानीय: সংশোগ্য ; বিমোট্য ; That may be redressed.

Redressive, re-dresiv, a. প্ৰতিকাৰ ; প্ৰতিকাৰ-সাংক ; Affording redress.

Red sand, Red lead, n. मिन्द्र।

Red-shank, n. জলচর পক্ষিবিশেষ; A bird of simple family. [ of a reddish-black color. Bed-silver, n. অপরিকৃত রৌপ্য বিশেষ; A silver orc Bed start, n. शकितिराष ; A small singing bird. Bed-tape, red-iap', n. কাগন্ধ বান্ধিবার লাল ফিতা : Tape for tying paper : - आक्रित्तत्र कांग्रगांकानन रो দক্তর ; সেরেস্তার কারদা বা দীর্ঘস্ফতা ; Official forms, official formality :- a. मदकांत्री कार्यानरवद वाकाफ़-सत्र पहिन्त ; Pertaining to official formality.

Red-tapism, red-tap'izm, n. উৎকট আফিনের কারদ; সরকারী কার্যালয়ের বাহাস্টানের প্রতি প্রগাঢ় অবুরাপী; The system of routine in government and other public offices; a strict adherance to

official formalities.

Bod tapist—मदकांदी कार्यानतात्र वाकान्त्रांत्व अभाव ৰ্ম্বাৰী; A strict adherent to official formalities. Reduce, re-dus, v. t. [ L. re, again, back, and ducers, to lead ] निष्ठ अवश्राप्त आनश्रन-क : To bring into a lower state : - হ্রাস-কৃ; ম্যান-কৃ; কমান; To leasen; to diminish:-- नमन-कृ; भन्नावद-कृ; To subdue ; to conquer :—বিশ্বাস-কু ; লেপাভূক্ত-কু ; To arrange, to order :-- এक म्रावात गरवा। जनत ब्रावात নংবাহি পরিবর্তিড-ক ; ভালা ; To change numbers from one denomination into another. Syn:-Restore, render, make, shape, convert, model; diminish, decrease, abate, shorten, curtail, impair, depress, lower, weaken; subject, subjugate, conquer : impoverish, ruin.

Reduce to ashes—ভগাভূত-কু।

Reduce to-क्यारेश वा नागारेश बाना: Bring down to :-- मर्था द्वान-क ; Diminish in number : -নিয়তর পদে নামান; কমতাহান-ড়; দাম কমান; Lower in rank, or power, or price :- (कानक) होनावशांत्र आना ; Bring to an inferior state :-आवा उ बांबा वा कुंड़ा कवित्रा आकातासद्य आना ; Bring to a certain state by blows or by grinding :- 301 ठिक ब्रांबिश निवडब টाकांत्र जाना ; Change from one denomination into another of the same value.

Reduce to poverty—দরিক্ত-কু।

Reduce to powder - is; To bring to the condition of fine particles.

Reduce to practice—কার্য্যে পরিণত-কু।

Reduce to order—अनाजीनब-कृ।

Reduce to the ranks - 4743-4; To degrade, as a sergeant or corporal for misconduct to the station of a private soldier.

Reduce to writing—লিপিবছ-কু। Reduced, a. नाजक्र ; क्नीक्र ; ह्नीक्र ;

Reduced to a skeleton—ৰতি কুণ; ক্যাল-विनिष्ठे : Much emaciated ; very lean.

Beducible, re-dusi-bl, a. পत्रिपमनीत्र ; That may be reduced.

Reduction, re-dukshun, n. ज्ञान ; नच्कत्र ; बली-कत्र : Diminution :- विक्र ; क्य ; Subjugation :-পরিবর্তন: লয়করণ: A rule for changing numbers or quantities from one denomination to another. Redundance, re-dundans, Redundancy, redundan-si, n. আধিকা; অতিরিকতা; Superfluity.

Redundant, re-dundant, a. अधितिक ; अधिक ; হাপাছাপি; Superfluous. ad = redundantly. Syn: -Excessive, overflowing, superabundant, exuberant ; diffuse.

Reduplicate, re-du'plik-at, v. t. বিগুণিত-ক: खन-इ : To double ; to multiply ; to repeat. n=reduplication ( विश्वनीकत्र ; वित्रावृश्चि )।

Re-echo, re-eko, v. t. পুন: প্রতিধানিত-কু; প্রতি-ধ্বনি প্ৰতিশন্তি-ক ; To echo back :- v. i. প্ৰ: প্রতিধানিত-ই; To resound:-n. প্রতিধানির প্রতি-₩#; The echo of an echo.

Read, red, n. नत: नन: शांत्रज़ा; A family of large grasses having jointed stems :- (44; A cane : - নল ; বেশু ; Small pipe.

Reeded, reded, a. नवनात्रा आक्रानिक : वान कृतमत्र ; Covered with reeds. [ Abounding with reeds. Boody, redi, a. नवबुक ; ननमत्र ; ननाक्द्र ; वान कृतमत्र ; Roof, ref, n. त्रमूझ निक्टेच वा उन्निमच रेनन-त्यानी ; Sand bank; a range of rocks lying at or near the surface of the water :- পাইলের খা ; A portion of a sail :-- v. t. ( পাইল ) অল উল্বাটিড-কু; To reduce the extent of, as a sail.

A coral reef-প্ৰবাল-বৈদ।

Reefy, a. শেলভোগাম ; Full of rocks.

Beek, rek, n. 414; 44; Vapour; smoke:-

ए. इं. पान्त निर्गठ-इ ; वृत्र केलनत-ङ ; To emit smoke [ चनविकात , Foul. or vapour ; to steam. [ আপরিকার , Foul. Reeky, reki, a. বাল্পার্থ ; মুমুর ; Smoky :—মনিন, Reel, rel, n. চরকা ; नाहाई ; (हजा ; Turning frame for winding thread:—কটলভের নৃত্য বিলেব; A scottish dance :- v. f. नाहारत क्ष्मान ; हत्रकात क्रांत ; To wind up on a reel :- v. i. हेन्यन-कृ, (स्लाक्षत्र) ; To stagger :-- इंडडड:-कृ, अपिक अपिक कतिश्रा गांडश ; To vacilate.

Ro-elect, v. f. পুৰবার निर्साहन-इ ; To elect again. =re-election ( भूननिकांकन )।

Re-eligible, c. पूर्व भए भूननिक्तां ; Capable of being re-elected to the same office. n=re-eligibility.

Re-embark, v. t. পোতে পুনৱারোপিড-ক ; To put on board again. n=re-embarkation. [ again. Re-embrace, v. t. পুনবালিকন-কু; To embrace Be-enact, v. t. or : পুনবিধিবদ্ধ-কু; To exact again. n=re-enactment.

Beenforce, v. t. भूनर्तलवर-क ; नुष्ठन मिछ वांवा ज्ञवन-क ; नुरुन नल वा रिमास्त्र बादा पृष्-क ; To strengthen with new force or support.

Re-enforcement, n. অতিধিক্ত সৈক্ত; নবাগত সৈক্তাদি, Additional force or assistance.

Re-enter, v. t. পুন: প্রবেশ-কৃ; To enter anew. n=re-entrance. a=re-entering ( बाह्य: अविष्टे )।

A re-entering angle—বচড়ল ক্ষেত্রের আভাস্তরীণ কোণ বিশেষ · অন্তশ্ৰণী কোণ ; An angle pointing towards.

Roontry, n. नृत: अरवन ; भूनवाधिकाव ; An entering again; the resuming a possession.

Ro-establish, v. i. পুন: প্রতিষ্ঠিত-কু; To establish again. n=re-establishment.

Roeve, n. नाराय वा जापून कर्मागती, A steward -v. t. हिन्द किया विक होनिक-कृ, To pass the end of a rope through any hole.

Re-examine, v, t. পুন: পরীলা-ক ; To examine again or anew. n=re-examination.

Re-export, v. t. आमनानी यांत श्रन: त्रशानी-कृ, To export again which has been exported .- n. भनदाय नहांनी कहा मान : Any commodity ic-exported. n = re-exportation.

Refection, re-fekshun, n [ L. re, again, facto, to make ] कनायांत्र; कन्त्रान; Refreshment, 2 meal or repast.

Refectory, re-fektor-i, n. ভোজনানা ; ভোজনা-स्य . Eating room ; refreshment room.

Refer, re-fer', v t. [ L. re, again, and ferre. to bear ] জিজাসার কক্ত পাঠান; বিচারাদির জক্ত প্রেনণ-কু; সোপদ-কু; To direct for information -আরোপ-ক ; To ascribe ; to assign :-পবিশত-ক ; To reduce :- ৩. 1. আগ্রয়-তু ; সমন্ধ রাণা ; To have referance : to relate :- লকা-ক ; উল্লেখ-ক ; To allude. Syn :- Deliver, commit, transfer; attribute, impute, assign; relate, belong, pertain; appeal, apply; advert.

Refer to-बीबारमार्व काहाबन्ध हत्त्व व्यर्थ-कृ ; Make over to another person or tribunal for decision :- কোন বিষয় জানিবার জন্ত অপরকে বরাত-বে; Direct a person to apply for information to. Beferable, refer-a-bl, Referrible, referibl, a. आरबाणा ; विरक्ता ; That may be referred.

Befere, ref-er-c', n. मध्य ; नांकित ; विश्वक ; Arbitrator, umpire; arbiter; judge.

Reference, ref'er-ens, n. 支票本; Allusion :-ম্ব্যস্থা ; Arbitration :- বরাং ; Referring to another for character or credit :- गर्ब ; नार्ब ; Relation :- নিশান্তির অন্ত অর্থণ ; সোপদ ; A submitting for decision. Syn:-Intimation, hint; regard, respect; appeal.

A book of reference—শব্দোব : অভিযান। With reference to, In reference to-मश्रक ; In regard to, Rofinary, re-finer-i, n. मरानांशन कतियांत श्रांत,

विष्णांबनानव ; A place for refining.

Befine, re-fin, v. t. विश्वक-क ; निर्मान-क ; अतिकांत-ক ; To purify ; clarify :-- সংকার-ক ; সংকৃত-ক . शक्तिक-कृ; To polish, make elegant :- v. :. নিৰ্মাণ-ই; বিশুদ্ধ-ই. To become fine or pure:— উৎকৰ্ষ সম্পাদন-ই; To improve in excellence in any kind. n-refiner. Syn :- Clarify, defe-[ Polished - 77 : Nice. cate, cultivate. Refined, p a. विलक्ष ; श्रीबक्ष 5 . Punfied - महा . A man of refined taste—বিভন্ন কচিসন্পর ব্যক্তি। Refinement, re-firment, n. विल्लासन ; विल्क्टा ; The act of refining; purity - Pristoin; Poli shed manners; elegance:—চাতুৰা; অতি সুস্থতা, Subtelty; an excessive nicety.

Refit, v. f. পুন: প্রস্তুত-কু; To prepare again -মেবামত-কু; জীৰ সংস্কার-কু; To repair.

Reflect, 18-flekt, v. f. [ L. re, again, back, and flectore, to bend or turn ] পশ্চাৎ নিকিপ্ত-কু, প্রতিবিশ্বিত-কু, প্রতিক্লিত-কু; To throw back, or cause to return after striking upon any surface as light, to mirror :- v i. अडादिख-३ : आर्लाक প্রতিকেপ-ক ; To be thrown back, as light, heat &c. :- ि छ।-कृ ; निक्षिष्ठ छाद्य विद्युष्टमा कृ ; छाता , To revolve in the mind; to consider attentively. to ponder :-- निकाराम-कू ; निकाशकन-इ ; तब्बा-(५ . To cast reproach or censure. Syn -Return. mirror, consider, cogitate, meditate, contemplate think, ruminate.

Reflect credit or honour on-কাহার পকে সাধ नीय-इ, अन्तराम वा अन्तरमात्र विषय-इ; Be creditable to Reflect on-ভাবা ; Think on :--কাহারও বা কোন किছ्य উপর দোব আইসা, দোব দেওয়া; য়ানি-কু, Cast censure on , find fault with.

Reflected, a প্রতিফলিত ; প্রতিবিশিত।

Reflecting, a. किशानान , Toughtlul :- अिक्न्क , Throwing back light &c.

Reflection, re-flekshun, n. প্রতিক্লন: প্রতিবিদ নিকেপ; The act of reflecting :- প্রতিবিশ্ব; The image reflected :- कावना , हिन्दा ; Consideration, deliberation :- निका. जिन्ना : Censure : reproach. Syn:-Reflecting; image; meditation, rumination, contemplation, cogitation, musing, thinking; reproach.

Reflective, re-flektiv, a. किस्नीन ; विकासक्य ; Reflecting; reflexive. ad = reflectively. n=reflectiveness.

Reflective faculty—शैनिक । Beflector, re-flekfor, n. पर्नम ; विक्रमा ; A

mirror; any polished reflecting surface; that which reflects.

Bedier, refleks, a. প্রতিক্লিত; প্রতিবিশ্বিত; প্রত্যা-বৃষ্টিত; গল্ডাং ব্যাং ; Reflected ; bent back ; directed back :—n. প্রতিবিদ্ধ ; প্রতিক্লার ; Reflection.

Reflexible, re-fleksi-bl, Beflectible, re-flekti-bl, s. অভিমেশা; অভিমন্দীয়; That may be reflected or thrown back.

Beflexive, a. প্রভাবর্তিত ; প্রতিকলনকম ; জতীত বৃদ্ধিত ; Reflective, turning back. ad=reflexively. Beflexive pronoun—বর্মবৃধ্ধ সর্ক্রনাম । হিন্ন । Beflexive verb—বে ক্রিয়ার ক্রুপাদ কর্মবৃদ্ধে প্রভাবর্তিত Befluent, ref ঠিত-ent, a. [ L. re, back, and fluo, to flow ] পাকান্দিকে প্রবৃহ্মান, ভাটা পড়িডেছে প্রমন, Ebbing. \*-refluence, refluency.

Reflux, re'fluks, n. পশ্চাৎ প্রবাহ ; প্রতিমব , ভাটা ; Flowing back ; returning back ; ebb.

Befold, v. f. भूमतात्र लील-कृ , To flold again.

Beform, re-form, v. t. [L. re, again, formare, to form] পুন: সংকার-কৃ, সংগোধন-কৃ; সংক্ষত-কৃ; ইন্ত-কৃ; উন্নত সংখার-কৃ; To form again; to amend; repair; correct; reclaim; improve; change from worse to better — n. সংখার; সংখোধন, উন্নতি; Amendment; improvement. Syn:—
(v) Reconstruct, remodel; regenerate, restore.

(v) Reconstruct, remodel: regenerate, restore.
Political reform—ৰাজনৈতিক সংকৰণ ৷ [suffrage.
Reform bill—Bill for altering the electorial
Reform or reformatory school—তৰণ ব্যৱস্থ অপ্ৰাধিপদের সংশোধনাথ বিদ্যালয়; A school established by a state for the instruction and reformation of juvenile offenders.

Religions reform—ধর্ম সংস্করণ।

Social reform—मभास माध्यव ।

Reformation, ref-or-māshun, ন. সংকাৰ; সংশোধন; উন্নতি; সংকার; Amendment, improvement:—বোড়ল লভাবিতে ল্থাবের অক্টিড ইউরোপীর বর্মনুহের পরিবর্তন; The great religious change of the 16th century, when the Protestants separated from the Roman Catholic Church:— প্রকার ; The act of forming again. Syn:— Reform, correctness, rectification.

Beformative, re-forma-tiv, a. সংসায়ক; সংসাব-ব্যবস্থ; Tending to bring on reform.

Beformatory, reforma-tor-i, c. সংশোধক; সংকারক; Tending to produce reform:—n. অপ্রাপ্তবয়ন্ত অপরাধীদিসের সংশোধনাকর; সংকার-গৃহ; An institution for the reformation of criminals, particularly young offenders.

Beformed, re-formd, a. নংকত , পরিবর্তিত ; নংশা-থিত ; Amended ; improved ; changed :—Protestant.

Freforms.

Reformer, re-former, त. সংখ্যক , One who Religious reformer—पर्भश्यक ।

Refrect, re-frakt, v. t. [L. re, back, and fango, to break] বাভাবিক গতিয় বৈলকণ্য-কু; (গতি) ভজ-কু; প্রাযুত্ত-কু; বীকান; To break the natural course or deviate from a direct line, as rays of light.

Befraction, স. পরাবৃত্তি; বক্রীকরণ; বক্রীভাব; আলোক-ব্যার বিক পরিবর্তন; The change in the direction of a rays of light, heat, &c., when it enters a different medium.

Refractive, a. नवन गांधिय नवांबर्धन परिष्ठ ; Pertaining to refraction. n=refractiveness.

Befractory, re-fraktor-e, a. चवावा; चवड ; चवडा; चव्छेदा, Unruly; obstinate; stubborn s perverse. ad=refractorily, n=refractoriness. Syn:—Contumacious, unruly, ungovernable.

Refrain, re-fran, v. t. [ L. re, back, fraenare, to curb ] খমন-কু; নিবৃত্ত রাধা; খাসন-কু; To rest; train, rein; hold back:—v. i. কাত্ত-হ; কাত থাকা হুবে থাকা; নিবৃত্ত থাকা; To forbear:—n. গালের খুয়া; The burden of a song. n=re-franment (নিবৃত্তি)। Syn:—Curb, govern; withhold, abstrain.

Befrain from—(কোন বিষয় হইতে) বিষয়ত-ই; Hold back or keep oneself from.

Refrangible, a. সরল পতিশব হইতে বিচ্যুতকরণ-সাধ্য । n=refrangibility.

Refresh, rö-fresh, v. t. [L. refrigerare, to cool] পুন: সবল-কৃ; উৎসাহিত-কৃ; উত্তেজিত-কৃ; সতেজ-কৃ; আনন্দিত-কৃ; ত্ত-কৃ; আনন্দিত-কৃ; তি make fresh again; to enliven, to restore; to revive; to cool; to renew; to cheer; comfort; invigorate. Syn—Renovate, rescruit; reanimate.
To refresh the memory—সরণে আনরন-কৃ।

Befreshing, a. শীতন; মধুর; আমাণহারক; আছি-নিবাৰক; Delightful; cool, sweet; fatigueremoving.

Befreehment, re-freshment, n. তৃত্তি; অমাণহৰণ , অমলাঘৰ, বিপ্ৰাম , The act of refreshing :—আহার ; বাদ্য . জনবোগ , জলপানাদি ; Food.

Refrigerant, re-frigér-ant, a. বিশ্বকারী; প্রদাহ-নিবারক; Cooling; refreshing.—n. প্রদাহ বা ভাপনাশক উষৰ, That which cools.

Befrigerate, re-frijer-at, v. t [ L. re, and frigero, to cool ? ৰীডল-কৃ. ঠাখা-কৃ. To cool; to refresh. n=refrigeration ( তাপ-নান্তি )।

Befrigerative, re-fn/cr-a-tiv, Befrigeratory, re-fn/cr-a-tor-i, a. বিশ্বনারী, তাগহারক; Cooling, refreshing.

Befrigerator, n. জবা শীতল বাধিবাৰ বস্তু; বৰক্-সিন্দ্ৰ, An apparatus for keeping articles cool; an ice-safe.

Befrigeratory, re-frijer-a-tor-i, n. ৰে পাতে কোন বস্তু শীতৰ হয়. A vessel or apparatus for cooling. Beft, pa. t. and pa. p of Reave.

Refuge, refuj, n. [L refugium—refugere, to flee back] আত্ৰৰ; Shelter; protection:—আত্ৰৰ হাৰ, বহাৰ হাৰ, An asylum, retreat:—উপাৰ; বহাৰ উপায়, Resource, expedient. Syn:—Protection, safety, security, convert, hiding-place, harbour, sanctuary.

A house of refuge—অনাধালম।

Oities of refuge, n Cities among the Jews appointed as a safe retreat to any who unintentionally committed homicide.

House of refuge—অবাধানৰ, Charitable institution for the homeless or destitute.

Take refuge in—কোন ছানে (বিগলে) আত্রর প্র্ব-কু ; পরণ-ল, Go to (some place) for the purpose of protecting oneself from danger:— অব্যক্ত কু ; আত্রর প্রব্ণ-কু ; Have recourse to.

Befugee, ref-ঘ-je', n. আজিত বাজি: শরণাপত্ত বাজি: Political exile; one who flies for refuge to a foreign country. Befalgence, re-fuljens, Befulgency, re-fuljen-si, n. देवाडा; शेदि; लड़ा; (उन्न; Brightness; brilliance; a flood of light.

Befulgent, re-fuljent, a. [L. refulgere, to flash back] উचन ; नीश्चमान् ; वाजानानी ; ट्यामान Emitting light; shining; brilliant. ad=refulgently. Syn:—Radiant, splendid.

Refund, re-fund, v. t. [ L. re, again, back, fundere, to pour ] কিরিয়া-দে; প্রত্যাপা-কৃ. To repay; to return what has been taken; to restore. Syn:—Restore, re-imburse. [rejection. Befuse], re-futal, n. অসমতি, অমাকার, Demal; Refuse, re-futal, v. t. [ L. recusare, to decline ] অমাকার-কৃ; অধ্যক্ত-কৃ; Reject, deny, as a request:—v. i. প্রত্যাধান-কৃ; অম্যক্ত-কৃ; Not to accept:—আনকার-কৃ; অসম্যক্ত-কৃ; Not to comply:—n. প্রত্যাদ্ধ ক্রম; জ্বাল ; আবজ্জান; উচ্ছিত্ত; Rubbish dregs:—a. প্রিভাক্ত: আবিংকিকর, Rejected; worthless. Syn:—(v) Decline, repudiate. (n) Sediment, scum, recrement. dross, trash, offal, sweepings, offscourangs.

Refutable, re-futa-bl, क्लोब ; वदायब ; That may be refuted or disproved. n=refutability, ad=refutably.

Refutation, म. रचन ता रचम द्यांती ; The act or process of refuting or disproving.

Refutatory, re-futa-tor-i, a. ধণনকোল, ধণন-কাৰী : Tending to refute, refuting.

Refute, v. t. অপ্নয়াপ-কু; নিবারপ-কু; পঞ্চন-কু: To repel; to oppose, to disprove. n=refutation (প্ৰদ; প্ৰমাণ)।

Regain, re-gan, v. t. পুন: প্রান্ত-ছ; ক্রিরাইরা-পা,
To recover; to gain anew, re-obtain, retrieve
Regal, re'gal, a. (L. rex, a king—rego, to
rule) রাজকীয়; রাজোচিত; Kingly; royal. ad=
regally. (organ

Bogal, Bigole, স. বাদ্য বন্ধ বিশেষ; A small Bogale, re-gal, v. t. তৃত্ত-কৃ. পরিভূট-কৃ. চবিতার্থ- কৃ; To refresh; to gratify; to entertain sumptuously:—v. i. ভোলন-কৃ; To least:—n. জাকাল ভোল; A regal or magnificent feast.

Regalement, #. আমোদ ; দেবা , ভৃতিদাৰন ; Entertainment ; refreshment.

Begalis, re-gáli-a, n. ( চামরাদি ) রাজচিক; The insignia of a king, the crown, seceptre &c:—
ताबात व्यक्तित ; The rights and privileges of kings.

[ Royalty; sovereignty.

kings. [Royalty; sovereignty. Regality, re-gali-ti, अ. রাজত্ব; রাজকীবতা, Begard, re-gárd, v. t বিশেষ করিয়া দেখা; দৃষ্ট-কৃ, কটাক-কৃ, To observe; to notice particularly:— সন্থান-কৃ; To esteem:—মনোবোগ-কৃ; To head, to attend to:—বজা-কৃ; To keep; to observe:— ব্যবহার-কৃ; To treat:—বিবেচনা-কৃ, To consider:——ম. মনোবোগ; দৃষ্টি; বৃদ্ধু, Attention with interest:—দর্শন, লক্ষ্য; Observation:—আদ্ধা; Respect; esteem:—pl. সন্থান, Compliments:—

(v) Mark, watch, remark, contemplate, mind; esteem, value, respect, admire; reckon, deem, think, hold.

Have regard or respect for Title ale

In regard, to, With regard to, As regards—nute; feta; maile; As to; in the matter of; concerning.

Begardful, re-gárdiobi, a. বাদাবাদী; অভিনিধিষ্ট , Heedful; attenuve; mindful, observant, ad= regardfully.

Regardless, re-gardles, a. আমনোবালী: উদাসীল; নির্পেক; Negligent; careless; heedless. aderegardlessly, neregardlessness. Syn:—Indifferent, unconcerned, inattentive, unobservant, neglectful, unmindful. [boat-race, Regatta, re-gata, n. নৌকার বাচ; Sailing match Regelation, n. [L. re, again, gelatio, freezing] পুনরার ক্ষমাট বাবা বা ভারার ক্ষমান্ত ; The act

or process of freezing anew.
Begency, re'jen-si, n. স্বাজ-প্রতিনিধির পদ, অধিকার
লা শাসন; রাজ-প্রতিনিধিন্ত; The office, jurisdiction

or dominion of a regent:—রাজ-প্রতিনিধিবর্গ; অপ্রাপ্তব্যক্তঃবা অপুণস্থিত রাজার প্রতিনিধি হইয়া বাঁহারা রাজকাণা নির্বাহ কবেন; A body of men intrusted with vicarious government.

Regeneracy, Regenerateness, s. 1987, The state of being regenerate.

Rogonorato, re-jeher-মt, v. t. [L. re, again, generare, to beget, create] প্ৰজ্ঞ-দে; প্ৰ: উৎ-পাদৰ-কৃ: প্ৰজিপিড-কৃ; To generate anew; to produce anew:—প্ৰকৃত্তি-সু; ইপস্প্ৰমিক-কৃ; To renew the heart and turn it to the love of God:
—a. প্ৰজিতি, ধৰ্মপ্ৰাৰাপন, Reproduced; renewed.
Syn:—Reproduce, revive, renovate; restore; convert, sanctify.

Regenerated, c. প্ৰজীবিত : Renewed.

Regeneration, re-jen-èr-áshun, n. প্ৰকৃষাৰ; অমুপাৰ; প্ৰথম, প্ৰ: মংমাৰ: প্ৰকংগাদৰ; The act of regenerating; the state of being regenerated.

Begenerative, re-jehér-At-iv, c. পুনক্ষার সম্-নীয় ; নবোৎপত্তি-সংক্রাম্ব ; Pertaining to regeneration. ad=regeneratively.

Regent, re'jent, a. [ L. rego, to rule ] শাসক; ণাসনকাৰী; Invested with vicarious authority; governing:—n রাক্সভিনিধি; বাল্সভিনিধি কষ্ঠাপন্ন লোক; One invested with vicarious authority, one who rules for the sovereign.

Rogentahip, re'jent-ship, n. বাজপ্রতিনিধির পণ; বাজপ্রতিনিধিত , The office of regent.

Regicide, reft-sid, n. [L. regis, a king, cardo, to kill ] বাৰুছ্ডা বা বাৰুছ্ডা; বাৰুণ্ডক; The murder of a king, a=regicidal (Pertaining to a regicide).

Begimo, ra-zhēm, n. [ L. rego, to rule ] বাজালানৰ প্ৰধানী; শাসন পদ্ধতি; Form of government; administration; system:—নীবৰ বাজা নিৰ্মাহ-প্ৰধানী, Mode of living.

Begimen, refi-men, n. নিৰ্মন্ত পাসৰ; প্ৰাণিৰ ব্ৰহা; প্ৰাণ্যবাদ নিবস; Rule of diet:—প্ৰাহ্-নাসৰ; কৰ্ত্তাধীৰ পদ; Government of one word by another, words governed.

Regiment, refi-ment, n. (1998; 1964; A body of soldiers commanded by a colonel.

Regimental, rej-i-mental, a. সৈত্ৰণৰ স্ব্যায়; গাল্ট-সংস্থাত : Relating to a regiment. Regimentals, u. pl. নেনাগদের বেশ, সামরিক পরিক্ষা অনুষ্ঠি; The uniform of a regiment.

Begion, rejun, अ. ब्यापन ; (वन ; ख्वांत्र ; वक्त ; ख्रांडे ; विकान ; A portion of land ; country ;

quarter; province; district.

Bogistor, refis-ter, n. [L. regerser, regestum, to carry back] লিখিত বিবরণ; সরকারী থাতাপাত্র; নপ্তর; রেজিন্তারী বই; ডালিকা; Record; chronicle; catalogue; list; roll; schedule:—Registrar:—
শ্বর্ত্তাম: A set of pipes on the organ:—শ্বর্ত্তাম: A set of pipes on the organ:—শ্বর্ত্তাম: বিশ্বর্ত্তাম:
রেজিন্তারী; Birth-certificate:—ভিত্তাম্পর্ণর চাকন; Regulator of a chimney piece:—৮ ৫. নিখিলারাখা; থাতা বা বহিছে তোলা বা বেখা; ডালিকান্ত্রক্তরণ বি

A registered letter—বে পত্তের শিরোনাম ডাক্বরেব খাতার বিশেষরূপে লিখিত হয়।

Register the edicts of - দ্বিক্তি না ক্রিলা তথাত বলা; চ্কুম বীকার বা অসুযোগন-কু; Pass what a man in power dictates.

Register-ships—Ships permitted to trade in the ports of the Spanish West Indies.

Bogistrar, rejis-trar, n বে পাতাপত কৰা কৰে। দেৱতাদার; বে ব্যক্তি ডালিকা রাখে; One who keeps n record. n = registrar-hip.

Registrarship, n. (बिन्नोत्वन पत्र : The office of a registrar.

[ Act of registering Registration, rej-is-tif-hun, n. (बिन्नोडीक्वर : Registry, refis-tri, n. त द्वार (बिन्नोड वार्थ) द्वार (बिन्नोड वार्थ) द्वार (बिन्नोड वार्थ) द्वार : प्राप्त स्वार्थ : विन्नोड वार्थ : विन्नोड वार्थ : विन्नोड वार्थ : विन्नोड वार्थ : प्राप्त : प्राप्त : विन्नोड वार्थ : विन्नोड वार्थ : विन्नोड : वार्थ : वा

Registry office, #. ক্যাস্তা বেজিপ্তাৰী আফিস; Place for registering byths, death &c.

Rogius, a. बासकीय ; बाखाव चाना निगृक ।

Regnancy, reginan-si, n. नामन ; तालक ; Reign. Begnant, reginant, a. [1. rego, to rule] नामनकारी ; ताकरकारी ; ताकरण वश्यित : Reigning ; exercising regal authority .— मार्कानी विज्ञान : Predominant.

Rogross, regress n. প্রচাগর্কন প্রচাগন্য Return; a passage back — v. ে প্রচাগন্ত্র কিবিবা-বা, পূর্বা হান বা অবস্থান প্রচিগত-হ; To go back; to return to a former state or place n=regression. a=regressive. [ turning. Rogrossion, n. প্রচাবত্রন; The act of re-

Bogressive, a. প্রচ্যাবর্ত্তন্ত্রীর; Returning.
Regret, re-gret, v. t আক্ষণ-কৃ; বেল-কৃ; বিলাপকৃ, পরিভাপ-কৃ; To grieve at; to mourn for . to temember with sorrow — স. বেল , চঃব , মবোনেরনা;
মবরাপ; অকুভাপ , Sorrow; grief; remoise Syn—Limentation, repentance, penitence.

Regretable, a. अपूर्णाहनीय।

Rogretful, a. ছ:লপুৰ্ব, ছ:খিড; Full of regret. ad=regretfully.

Regular, reg'u-lár, a. { L. regularis—regula, a rule } a. বির্মিট ; নিম্মান্ত বি, বাৰডাপুণারী ; Agreeable to rule ; established custom —সমান ; ফাবিরণে বাবডাপিড ; Uniform :—টিক ; Exact — কালাপুৰতা ; Punctual :—সপ্ৰ ; Thorough :—n. সমানী ; Monk :—ভাবী নৈজ ; Soldier in the army. ad=regularly. Syn:—(a) Normal, orderly, methodical, systematic, just, ordinary, custo-

mary; periodic, state, steady, established, constant. [বোদে নিশার হয় : A regular verb—বে ফিবার জাউভাগ d বা ed Regular troops—হারিলগে নকিত গৈতখন; The troops of a permanent army.

Regularity, req-u-lari-ti, ल. नित्रमण्डिताः निवमान्तर्विताः नित्रमनित्राः Conformity to rule:— नित्रमः व्यपानाः तावदाः, Method:—शाजाविक्काः ममानदाः, वकक्रणेडाः Uniformity in a course.

Bogularly, ad. নিয়মিসকলে; বিৰিপুৰ্বক; বৰাৰিৰি; ক্ষপুৰ্বক; Exactly; punctually.

Begulate, reg'u-lat. v. t [1.. regulars—regula, a rule] নিরমানুসারে হির-ড়; নিরমিত-ড়; To adjust by rule or method:—ক্রন্থোবস্ত-ড়; ক্রমানী-ড়; To put or keep in good order:—নিরমানীন-ড়; To subject to rules or restrictions. Syn—Dispose, methodize, arrange; direct, rule, govern.

To regulate a watch—ঠিক-ফু; খডির গতি নির-Besulation, reg-u-láshun, n. ব্যবস্থিতি; সংবিধান: Act of regulating:—নির্মিতকরণ; ব্যবস্থাপন: State of being regulated:—ব্যবস্থা; নিয়ম; বিধি; Rule; precept; law. Syn:—Adjustment, arrangement, disposition, ordering; order. [Tending to regulate. Regulative, reg'u-la-tiv, a. নিরম্বায়ী; নিযামক;

Regulative, reg'u-la-tiv, a. নিবর্ষকারা; নিবামক;
Bogulator, reg'u-la-tor, ম. পাসক; নিবামক;
ব্যবহাপক; One who or that which regulates —
বড়িব গতি পবিচাৰক. ক্ষুদ্র প্রিং; A lever which regulates the motion of a watch —স্তি-পরিচালক;
গতি পরিচালন সাধন; Anything that regulates motion.

Rogulus, n. ৰাতু প্ৰাইৰার সময় মৃতির তলায় যে বিভক্ত Re'nabilitate, o. t. বহুানে প্ৰনিবিষ্ট-ড়: প্ৰঃ প্ৰতিষ্ঠিচ-ড়, To reinstate.

Bohoarest, re-hérial, n পুনরার্ভি, পুনররেণ ; পাঠ ; পূর্বাভিনয় ; মহালা ; আকড়াই ; Recital , recital before public representation.

Rehearse, re-hers, v t. আবৃত্তিক . প্ৰয়াইত্তিক . মহালা-জে ; আৰুড়াই-জে ; To repeat , rerite previously to public exhibition :—বর্ণন-ক্ ; To relate. n=rehearser. Syn --Recapitulate ; detail, describs, tell, narrate, recount, relate.

Reign, ran. n. [L. regnum, from rev. regis, a king] বাক্লাক, বাজক: শাসন, সাঝাল্য; Royal authority, rule; dominion:—বাজ্যানকলৈ; Time of a king's government:—ধাসকলে; Time of a king's government:—ধাসকলে, Supreme power:—u.t. বাজ্যাসকল্য, আবিপতানক, To rule; to exercise soverently Syn —Ryyalty, sovereignty, rule, empire, kingdom, power, influence.

Reimburse, re-im-burs', n. [F. re, back, en, in, and bourse, purse] (#45-(#; \*166-114-\$, Refund -\*15-(14-\$; Make up n-reimbursement. Syn:-Repay, restore, indemnify, compensate.

Reimbursement, ল পুন: প্ৰদান; Repayment.
Rein, rin, n. নাগাম; বনগা; Strap of a horse :—
খামান; লাগান; Restraint:—৮ t. নাগান খামা কমনকু; To govern by a bridle:—৮মন কু; লাগান-কু; To
govern, to restrain. Syn.—(n) Restrain, control, curb, check.

To give the reins to—बानुवा-त्व ; वांश रेक्ट्रा white creat; Allow full liberty to; indulge freely in :-- मरक ना-क ; टालब-(म ; To leave unchecked.

To take the reins—শাসনকাৰ্য্য হতে সভয়া। Beindeer, rander, n. बन्त्रा इतिव; A ruminant mamal of the deer kind.

Beinforce, re-in-fors, v. t. नवबरल बलीबांब-कु; সাহায্য बादा वनवान-क ; भून: अवन-क ; आवात वनवर-क ; To enforce again; to strengthen with new force or support, esp., to strengthen an army or fort with additional troops.

Reinforcement, re-in-forsment, n. भूनः अवनी-कत्र ; शूनः वल योजना ; Act of reinforcing :-অতিরিক্ত সৈল্পল; নূতন সৈল্পাদির সমাবেশ; বলবৃদ্ধি; Additional force, tresh force.

Beinless, rafiles, a. অদ্যিত; অসংখত; Without restrain; unchecked.

Beins, ranz, n. pl. मृज्यनी; मूजानब; किरियन; Kidneys; loins - 574; The heart.

Re-instate, rc-in-staut, v. t. পুনব্ধিকার-দে; পুন: প্ৰস্থ-ক ; দৰল-দে , To place in a former state.

Re-instatement, n. পুন: ছাপন, পুন: প্রতিষ্ঠা, Re-establishment.

Reinvost, re-in-vest v. t., পूनवर्णन-क ; भूनविडरहरू-7. To invest again.

Roinvestment, त. পুনবর্গণ; পুনরভিষেক; A second or repeated investment.

Reinvigorate, v. t. श्रून: माइक वा बनवान-क ; श्रून: वीधावान-कृ; To reanimate. n=i einvigoration.

Reissue, re-ishoo, v. t. প্ৰরায় বাহিব-ভূ, To issue agrin:-n. विशेषतात्र वाहित क्रम , A second issue.

Reiterate, re-iter-nt, v. f. প्नः প्नः वना ; প्नः न्न:- F; To repeat again and again. u= reiterated (পুনৰজ ; পুন: ক্থিত ), reiterative. n= reitteration ( পুন: কথন ; পুনক্তি ; repetition ).

Reject, re-jekt, v. t [ L. re, back, and jacere, to throw ] পরিত্যাগ-কু, প্রত্যাপান-কু; প্রগ্রাক্ত-কু, नाक्ष-क ; To refuse , to renounce. n=rejection (প্রত্যাখ্যান; পরিত্যাগ)। Syn:—Repel, discard, exclude, eject; decline, slight, despise.

Rejection, n. व्याष्ट्रका ; व्योकात , वर्कन ; Refusal to grant.

Rejoice, re-jois, v. i. [Fr. re, again, iouir, to enjoy-joil, joy] जानिकड-र , क्षेट-र ; उदक्त-र ; To be glad; to exult, to feel joy, triumph -- r. t. चाननिष्ठ-कृ; चाक्शांषिष्ठ-कृ, To gladden. Syn:-Gladden, please, cheer, exhilarate, delight.

Rejoice in—কোন বিবরে আনোদ অপুভব-কু, Feel pleasure in.

Rejoicing, n. जानम , जानम अकाम ; जानत्मारत्रव ; Gladdening; expression of joy: - আনন্দের সময়, Time of joyfulness. [ joy or exultation. Rejoicingly, ad. यानम ना छेन्नान नहकारत ; With Rejoin, re-join, v. r. युक-कृ ; भूनाधान-कृ ; भूनद्विशिख-7; To join again; to unite after separation: वाजाखात कहां ; To answer :- v. i উত্তর-দে ; To

Bejoinder, re-joinder, n. श्मक्छन ; अञ्चलन ; An aswer to a reply: -- अञ्चलिंग ; अवाव ; The defendant's answer to a plaintiff.

answer to a reply.

Bejuvenescent, a. श्रुवः स्थोवनस्य गाविष्कानः Growing young again.

Bekindle, v. t. भूतः श्वनिष्ठ-ङ्गः भूतक्रविष-ङ्गः To set on fire; to arouse anew.

Relapse, re-laps, n. [ L. re, back, labor to slip ] প্ৰ:পতৰ ; অত্যাবৰ্ডৰ ; পাল্টাৰ ; Falling back ; falling back into a former bad state:--. t. প্ৰ:পডিড-হ; প্ৰড্যাবৃত্ত-হ; To backslide, to sink or fall back.

Relapse into-পুনরার প্র্রেণনা প্রাপ্ত বা কোব দোব-अंख-इ ; Fall back into ( a former bad state ).

Relate, re-lat, v. t. वर्षना-क ; To discribe ; to tell, to narrate :-- जवन वह-क ; अवह-क ; To ally by connexion or kindred :- . i. जन्मिन-इ ; मक्कीय-इ , मःयूक-इ ; To refer ; to pertain... Syn : -Rehearse, report, detail, recite, recount, respect, regard, concern.

Relate to-(कान विका म:काल-इ; Refer to; per-[ kindred or blood. tain to. Related, a. সহস্বত : Allied or connected by

Related, p. a. किएड ; मस्क। n=relatedness. Be related to-কাহারও সহিত সম্বন্ধ থাকা ; Be connected by blood or marriage with.

Relating, a. विवहक ।

Rolation, rc-lashun, n. वर्गना, Narration; recital : -- ইতিহাস ; Narrative . -- উল্লেখ ; rance :- नचक ; मन्नक ; छाडि ; कृदेव ; Connexion by birth or marriage; mutual connection:-সাদৃত্য; Resemblance. a-relational ( সম্মাচক ); u=relationship (আত্মীয়তা; কুট্ৰিতা)। ১৮৫:— Recital; tale, detail, account, description, connection, mutual dependence; respect, regard, bearing; relationship, kindred; relative. In relation to—সম্বন্ধ। [ relation or kindred. Relational, a. সমন্ত্ৰ, জাতি সমনীয়; Having Relative, rela-try, a. সাপেক, আপেকিক, Not absolute .- मयक्तकावक ; मयक ध्वकांगक ; Expressing relation ; ( Grammar ) :- भवकीय , भवकरूक ; Respecting :- n. मयन ; मिश्र ; That which has relation to something else, a relation. ad=relatively ( আপেকিপ্রপে )।

A celative pronoun—who প্ৰভৃত্তি সৰ্কৰাৰ শব্দ। Relative to-7979, Regarding. Relativity, n. আপেদিকতা; অপবিশুদ্ধতা।

Relax, re-laks, v. t. [L. re, back, again, laxare, to loose] আলগা-কু; বিধিন-কু; To slacken; to loose :-কঠোরতা লাবব-কু; কোমল-কু; To make less severe or rigorous :--প্রফুল্লিড-কু; আমোণিড-কু; To divert :— কোঠ কাঠিক দূর-কু; To loosen as the bowels :—অবসর-ক ; To make languid :—সভ্ল-হ ; To ease :—v. i. শিখিল-ছ ; চিলা-ছ ; To become less severe. Syn :- Loosen; weaken, enfeeble, debilitate; lessen, diminish, reduce, abate; unbend, ease, recicate.

Relaxation, re-laks-ashun, n. निवित्रका লৈখিলা; The act of relaxing; the state of being relaxed :- विमापन ; Division , amusement :-আদঙ্গশৈথিলা ; Remission of application.

Relay, re-lá, n. व्यनार्व बाका मध्य व्याप्त हानव; বদলী ৰোভা বোপান; A supply of horses to relieve others on a journey.

Release, re-les, v. t. airin-7; 18-4; Te set

free; to discharge from; to relieve:—সম্পারতাগ-ক; বাবী ছাড়িলা-ক; To give up a right to; to let go, as a legal claim:—n. মুক্তি; (সাচল; A setting free; discharge; acquittance:—সম্ভাগ; The giving up of a right or claim. Syn:—(o) Free, loose, disengage, quit, discharge, acquit, absolve, exempt. (n) Liberation, freedom, deliverance, discharge; exemption, exoneration, absolution, dispensation; acquittance, clearance.

Relegate, refe-gat, v. t. [L. re, away, lego, to send] নিৰ্বাসিত-ক; To banish; to exile:—
খরীত্ত-ক; To consign, n=relegation.

Relent, re-lent, w. i. নরম-হ; মৃদ্-হ; কোমল-চ; To become more mild:—আর্ক্তিন্ত-হ, নরার্জ-হ; To feel compassion; to soften in temper.

Relentless, re-lentles, a. নিৰ্দ্য; নিৰ্দ্য; কৰিন; Merciless. ad-relentlessly. n=relentlessness.

Belevance, rele-vans, Belevancy, rele-vansi, n. সময়েচিত: প্রাসন্ধিকতা; সম্প্রবিশিষ্টতা; Pertinence; applicability.

Relevant, relevant, a. [F. relevant, ppr. of relever, to raise again] অভাবায়ুকণ, প্রাসন্তিক; Bearing upon or applying to the purpose; pertinent; related. ad=relevantly. Syn:—Pertinent, applicable, appropriate, apposite, apt, fit. [nent to; applicable to. Relevant to—কি ৰাটা; প্ৰস্কোপথানী; Perti-

Reliable, re-li'a-bl, a. বিশাস্থাগ্য; বিশ্বত্ত, বিশ্বস্থীয়; That may be relied upon; worthy of credit n=reliablility, reliableness (বিশ্বত্তা)। ad=reliably. Syn:—Trustworthy, trusty, honest, true, creditable.

From a reliable source— विश्वपृत्त ।

Beliance, re-li'ans, n. নির্ভরতা; নির্ভর; বিখাস; প্রত্যায়; Trust; confidence. a=reliant (বিখাস-কারী)! Syn:—Dependence; hope.

Belio, relik n. [ L. relictum, to leave behind ] জ্বোবৰে ; অবলিষ্টাংল ; That which remains after the decay of the rest:—কীৰ্তিত ; সুৱণ চিক ; Memorial:—pl. মুভাবৰে ; মুভ ব্যক্তির কেশদভাদি ; Body or remains of saints.

Reliot, relikt, n. [L. relinquo, to leave behind] fivel al; A widow.

Belief, তে-ভি?, জ. অপসারণ; উপশম; The removal of any evil; alleviation:—সাহায্য; সহাযত); Assistance; succour:—অভিকার; Remedy:—সমতল পৃষ্ঠ হুইতে অভয় বা ৰাতু নিৰ্মিত মৃষ্টির উন্নত অংশ; The projection of a figure from its ground. Syn:—Succour, help, aid, comfort; redress; prominence, relievo.

Bring into relief—শা করিয়া চিত্র করা বা লেখা; Bring into prominence.

Relieve, re-lev, v. t. [L. relevare, to lift up] উপাৰ-ক; স্থান-ক; লয়-ক; তে case pain or sorrow; to alleviate; to mitigate:—সাহাব্য-ক; To help:—অভিকান-ক; To redress:—উজান-ক; To deliver:—ত্বনাম সন্থিবল-ক; To set off by contrast. Syn:—Succour, aid, assist, support, sustain; lighten, ease, diminish, remedy, free; put in relief.

Believing officer, n. An officer under a

poor-law board, to whom paupers apply for assistance.

Believo, n. Same as relief, in fine arts.

Beligion, re-lijun, n. [L. religio, from religior, to bind] স্বায়ভাট্ট ; ধর্ম ; The performance of our duties of love and obedience towards God:—ইম্মানিটা ; প্রাণছাট ; Piety:—ব্যাহত ; ধর্মবিদান ; Any system of faith and worship. Syn:—Sanctity, reverence, holiness, religiousness, godliness, grace.

Natural religion—আকৃতিক প্রমাণ্ডাই ধর্ম।

Revealed religion—वजानिह नर्भ ।

The religion of humanity—নাত্তিক ধর্ম বিশেষ : Beligionist, re-lijun-ist, n. ধর্মমতাবলমী ; মৌছা ; ধর্মামুমানী কোক ; One earnestly attached to a religion.

Beligious, re-lijus, a. ধাৰ্মিক; ধৰ্মনিষ্ঠ; ধৰ্মনায়ৰ; পৰিঅ; Godly; strict; bound by monastic views; pious. ad = religiously ( ধৰ্মজ: ); n = religiousness (ধাৰ্মিকজা; ধৰ্মনিষ্ঠজা)। Syn:—Holy, devout, devotional; conscientious, faithful, exact.

Religious founder—ধৰ্ম-অধ্যক্তিক।

Relinquish, rē-ling'kwish, v. t. [L. relinquere, to leave behind] পরিতাপ-ক; ছাড়িরা-পে; ইন্থা-ক, To abandon; to give up; to resign.
n=relinquishment. Syn:—Leave, quit, forsake, desert; forbear, forego, surrender, yield, cede, abdicate, renounce, disclaim.

Relinquishment, ল. পরিত্যাপ ; পরিবার ; Abandonment.

Beliquary, reli-kwar-i, %. সাধুদিদের মৃতদেহ রাখিবার বান্ধ; A small chest or casket for holding relics:—হিসাব দিকাসে দেবদার।

Relique, re-lek, s. कामायान ; A relic.

Relish, relish, v. t. [F. relecher, to lick or taste anew] রসাবাদ ভোগ-ড়; গরিভ্র-ড়; ভূর-ড়; ত like the taste of; to be pleased with; to taste or eat with pleasure:—v. i. স্বান্ত্র-ড়; আমোদ-বে; স্বান্ত্র-ড়; বি have an pleasing taste; to give pleasure:—n. স্বাদ; ভার; Taste; flavour:—হজা; Delight:—আত্তঃ ব্যুৱাস; Zest:—ইজা; Liking; চাটনি; মসলা; A sauce:—স্বা; Appetite. æ=relishable. Syn:—(v) Like, enjoy, appreciate; savour, smack. (n) Savour, gusto; appetite, fondness, partiality; quality, cast, touch, smack.

Reluctance, re-luktans, Beluctancy, re-luktan-si, n. অনিজ্ঞা; বিরাণ; বিজ্ঞা; Unwillingness. Syn:—Repugnance, backwardness, disinclination, dislike.

Reluctant, rē-luktant, [ L. re, against, luctor, to struggle ] অনিজুক; বিযুক: বিযুক; বিযুক; Unwilling; disinclined. ad-reluctantly ( অগতা; অনিজ্ঞাপুৰ্বক)। Syn:—Averse, loth, disinclined, indisposed, backward.

Bely, re-li', v. i. নিৰ্ভন্ন- ; বিশাস-ক ; Put trust in ; lean with confidence. Syn:—Trust, depend, confide, repose. [ full confidence in. Bely on or upon—বিশাস-ক ; Trust in ; have

Bemain, rē-māń, v. i. [L. re, again, back manere, to stay ] शंका ; जनविष्ठ शंका ; राकि शंका ; जनवान-कृ, To stay ; to be left behind ; to continue bend ; to last. Syn :-- (n) Continue, rest, abide, last, endure, survive.

Remainder

Remainder, re-mänder, s. बाकी; बदलिहे कांत्र; विद्यान-त्नव ; That which remains ; remnant ; difference of two quantities; remnant of an estate. Syn :- Balance, rest, residue.

Remaining, a. अविषष्ट ।

Remains, त. भी. चर ; वृडावर ; A corpse :- वृङ्ग-কালে অমৃত্রিত প্রস্থাদি; The literary productions of one dead.

remand, v. t. [L. re, back, and Remand. mando, to order ] न्यः (श्राप्त-कः, To send back : --- n. পুন: প্রেরণ l

Remark, re-mark, v. t. [ F. re, again, marquer, to mark ] (पदा ; पृष्ट-क ; नका-क ; To mark ; to notice :-- মন্তব্য প্রকাল-কৃ, বলা; To express what one thinks or sees, to say :- n. 4341; মত-প্ৰকাশ; Note; comment:--দৰ্শন; Observation :—ব্ৰু ; Notice. Syn :—(v) Notice, heed, regard; speak, comment, animadvert, observe (n) Annotation; notice, heed, regard. consideration; statement, assertion, declaration Remarkable, re-marka-bl, a. বিব্যাত: অসিদ্ধ; Distinguished , famous - अइ ड : अनाशोबन ; आंक्षा, Strange : wonderful ; extraordinary.

n = remarkableness, ad = remarkably. Romarkably, ad. স্বিশেষ ; সাতিশা।

Remarkably easy—অবি সহজ।

Remediable, re-me'di-a-bl, a. afseise. व्यादागा-माधनत्यांगा ; Curable. ad=remediably n - remed ableness.

Remedial, a. विकात-मांदक : Tending to remove evil ad=remedially. [able, in effectual Remediless, a. অপ্রতিবিধেষ ; निक्त , Irepar-Remedy, reme-de, n [ l. re, again, mederi, to heal ] বোগ নিবাবক শুবদ, An effective medicine ; cure :- 39|4, 45|4|; Restorative ; reparation :- v t. आह्माना-क ; आनाम-क ; To cure ; to heal --- অনিষ্ট নিবাৰণ ক . প্ৰতিকাৰ-ক ; To repair some evil .-- \$ 3941-\$ . To repair. Syn. -(n) Antidote, specific, restorative, medicine, counteraction; relief, redress.

The remedy was worse than the disease-রোগ অপেকা প্রতিকাব অধিকতর অনিষ্টকর।

Remember, re-member, v. t. [ 1. re, again, and memore, to call to mind ] नात्र-क ; नात-क ; সরণ বাধা ; To keep in mind ; recollect ; bear in mind :-- अत्नीनिर्दन-कृ , To attend to.

Remember one to-কাহাৰও নাম মনে কৰিবা (WENT: Recall one to the mind of another

Remembrance, re-membran, n. 731; Recollection : সুবিশ কি ; Memory সুৰুণাৰ্থ চিক ; সাবক বন্ত ; Memorial. Syn :- Reminiscence ; mind ; token, momento, souvenir.

Remembrancer, re-membrans-er, n. 1144 ৰত ; ভাষোধক , স্বৃতিটিক ; That which reminds , a memorial.

Remind, re-mind, v. f. श्वव कवाडेया-त्व ; श्वि-গোচৰ-কু; To cause to remember, to put in mind of; to bring under the notice or consideration of. Put one in mind of.

Bemind (one) of -- (क्लंन विषय प्रवंश क्यांटेश-त्म ;

Beminder, n. यात्रक ; प्रत्नार्थ निवन । Beminiscence, rem-e-nisens, n. [ L. reminiscor, to recollect ] মৃতি; মুরণ; প্রামৃতি; মৃতি

বিবর; Recollection; remembrance; memory; the recurrence to the mind of the past.

Romise, v. f. [L. re, back, mitto, to send ] ত্যাগ-কু; To surrender :-- ম. ত্যাগ ; Surrender. Romiss, re-mis, a. [L. remissus, ppr. of remittere, to relax] व्ययत्वारगानी; व्यनावश्रान; व्यनविष्ठ; শিধিন; আনগা; Negligent; careless; inattentive; slothful; slack. ad=remissly, ==remissness. Syn: - Dilatory, lax, negligent, careless, inattentive.

Bemissible, re-mili-bl. a. कमारवीता ; कमनेव ; That may be pardoned. n=remissibility.

Remission, re-mishun, n. क्या ; बार्कना ; दाश्र ; Pardon:- উপन्म, किशिष विद्राप; द्राप; Abatement; relaxation :- 6141 (2144; The sending of money to a distance :- \( \pi \); Release :-ষ্টাৰ ; Relinquishment. Syn :- Forgiveness, discharge, relaxation, diminution, removal; intermission, suspension, stoppage [Forgiving. Remissive, re-mi/sv, a. क्यानीन; क्यान्त्र; Remit, re-mit. v. t. जात-क ; To give up ; to resign - क्यां-कृ; बार्खना-कृ, To pardon, to forgive : -টাকা প্রেরণ-ক ; Send money , transmit, as money: -- ৩. ঃ. হ্রাস-হ, লগু-হ, কমা, To abate in force or in violence; to become moderated. n=remitter ( (अहक)। Syn -- Return, restore, replace, relax, abate; absolve, forgive; surrender, resign; transmit, forward, send, clacken, decrease. [ mitting , surrender. Remmittal, re mital, n (2114, 3114. A 1e-Remittance, re-mifans, n. টাকা প্রেরণ: প্রেরিড है। The sending of money &.. to a dis tance, the sum remitted.

Romittent, ic-mitent, a প্র বিবাম, প্রণকালের জন্ম হাস্থিতি; Increasing and abating after nately, as a disease.

Romittent fever - अब िदागलब . হাব ; বিবৃক্ত ) একঅর , বাতলৈ। মুক বিকার।

Remnant, remnant, n. अन्तर्गश् ; आर्म, अव-शिक्षेरम ; ताकी , नामान्त्र थंक ; द्वेनचा द्वेनचा ; विकेटकार्द ; Remainder; a fragment; a scrap. Syn:-Rest, remains, shred.

Remodel, re-modl, v. t. প्नःनिर्दाग-क , প्ৰकीन-事, To model or fashion ancw.

Remonstrance, re-monstrans, n. আপত্তি, বাদাপুৰাদ, প্ৰতিবাদ, Expostulation, strong representation of reasons against an act.

Remonstrant, re-monstrant, a afstirfas. आপভিকারী; আপভিকারক, প্রতিবাদক; One who remonstrates.

Remonstrate, re-monstrat, v. t. [ L. re, again, and monstro, to point out ] willia-F প্রতিবার-কু, To expostulate; show strong reasons against a measure.

Remonstrate with (one) against-wisted कारा मध्यक्त रवात्र व्यानश्चि-कृ ; Urge upon one strong reasons against (any act).

Remorse, re-mors, n. [ L. remordere, remor-

sum, to bite back ] बनुडान : बन्दान : वर्षनीड़ा : The gnawing pain or anguish of guilt; regret. Syn :- Compunction, self-condemnation.

Remorseful, re-morsicol, a. অনুতাণপুৰ্ : অব-छत : अनुकान्द्र : Full of remorse. ad = remorsefully.

Remorseless, re-morsless, अ. निक्रंब : निर्मा : Cruel. n=remorselessness, ad=remorselessly. Syn :- Unpitying, pitiless, relentless, unrelenting, implacable, merciless, ruthless, unmerciful, savage.

Remote, re-mot, a. [ L. remotus, pp. of remepere, to remove ] प्रवर्ती ; प्राप्त ; Far ; far away ; distant :-- बाषि : वांचिक : Primary, as a cause : —বিভিন্ন অসংশ্ৰপ্ত : Not agreeing ; not related : —সামার ; অশাষ্ট ; Slight. n-remoteness ( মুর-बर्डिज )। ad=remotely ( प्रवच्यकार )। Svn :--Secluded, removed, foreign, alien; separate, [ anew. unconnected; inconsiderable. Remould, v. t. প্ৰথম - क ; To mould or shape

Remount, त. मिक्क व्यवद शाहिक :-- প्ৰৱারোহণার্থ जावज्ञक अवाकां ; Things necessary for remounting :- v. t. or v. i. [ ] agitale - F : To mount again.

Removable, re-moova-bl. a. ছাৰাজর করণ বোগা: अन्नात्रभेत : That may be removed. #=removability.

Removal, re-mābval, n ज्ञानापुन कदन , जनमांदर्ग : The act of taking away :- স্থান পৰিবৰ্ত্তন : পৰচাতি ; Displacing; change of place; dismissal. Sym: -Displacement, transference, relegation; withdrawal, extraction, elimination, suppression, abatement; dismission, ejection.

Remove, re-moov, v. t. [ L. re, again, back, and movere, to move ] স্থানান্তর-ক ; অপদাধিত-ক ; मत्रान ; प्रीकृड-कृ ; व्याप्ठ-कृ ; To put from its place; to take away; to put away; to drive away, to displace; to withdraw :- স্থাৰ পৰিবৰ্ত্তৰ-ক, পদ্যাত-ক; To change place; to cause to change place :- v. i statect tiest : nat : auf ; To go from one place to another :-- n. অপস্বৰ ; अभाग: Removal:-शान श्विनर्डन: Change of place ; departure :-- प्राप्त ; प्राप्ति । ; Remoteness:-क्य इहेट्ड विमात्र; Dismissal -- अम ; ৰেণী; Step in gradation :-- দুৰতা; Distance :--(अक्ताश्रक ; A dish to be changed while the rest remain. Syn: -(v) Displace, dislodge; transfer, relegate; withdraw, extract; banish, destroy, suppress; dismiss, eject, oust.

Removed, p. a. ज्ञानाञ्चवित्र ; प्रवादी ।

Remunerable, re-mu'ner-a-bl, a. প্রস্থাব বোগা . नास्त्रक, Worthy of being rewarded. fit to be rewarded.

Remunerate, re-muher-at, v. t. প্ৰয়াৰ-ৰু, বেতন-দে; পারিতোবিক-দে, ক্ষতিপুরণ-কু; To recompense; to reward. Syn:-Reward, requite, repay, reimburse, indemnify.

Remuneration, re-mun-cr-á-hun, n. 14314; পারিতোবিক; পরিশ্রমের মুল্য স্বরূপ দান; এতিদান; বেতৰ : ক্তিপুরণ : Reward : recompense. Syn : -Repayment, reimbursement, indemnification, compensation; pay, salary, wages.

Remunerative, re-mu'nér-a-tiv. a. steurs: Lucrative : - অপুরাণ কতিপুরণ প্রাথাক ; Yielding proper return.

Renaissance, Renascence, n. विन्द्र गडर পूनक्रकोरन रा भूनक्रकांद ; भूनव्रकृत्वय ; A renewal. Bensl, rc'nal, a. कि तो नृत्यक्ती अवसीव : नृतानव नवकात ; Pertaining to the loins or kidneys. Bonard, rehard, Boynard, n. (वेक्टनहानी ; A

for, so called in fables and in poetry.

Renascent, a. [ L. re, again, and nascor, to be born ] পुनब्रज्ञाणीवमान ; Rising into being again. Bencounter, ren-kownter, Bencountre, ren-kounter, n. विवाप : बनवृद्ध : क्षांक्रिक : मरवर्ष : Conflict; a sasual combat; a collision; clash:v. i. পরস্বর যুদ্ধ বা হাতাহাত্তি-ক । Syn :--(n) Clash,

shock, combat, engagement, battle. Bend, rend, v. t. विनीर्थ-क ; (कप-क , विविध) (कना ; To tear asunder; to split. pt. pp. rent. Syn :-Burst, break, rupture, tear, sever, rive, lacerate fracture, crack.

Rend the air--गगनाडमी नव-क : ही कारब कांग्रिय পেৰল ; Make a mighty sound.

Render, render, v. t. [ L. re, away, and do, to give ] প্রচাপণ-কৃ . পুন: প্রদান-কৃ ; To pay back ; to return :--পরিচাপি-ক ; তাগি-ক ; To give up ; surrender :- == To make up :- == 1919-ক ; To deliver - অসুবাদ-ক ; To translate into another language :--সম্পাদন-ক ; সম্পার-ক ; To perform ; to make :- ₹₹₹5-(7 ; To cause to be. Syn:-Return, restore, pay, requite; deliver, surrender, give, offer, assign; furnish, contribute, supply; make; translate, construe.

Render into-ভাৰান্তর অবুবাদ-ক ; Translate into.

Render unto Caesar the things that are Caosar's-गाराय गारा थाना जारात्र जारा (परमा ; Give every one what is due to him.

Render up-সমর্প- ; সেওবা; Give on demand, surrender [ Version; translation. Rendering, render-ing, n. অপুবাদ; তরজনা; Rendezvous, (রেনডেকু) reń-de-voo, n. বিশিষ্ট সন্মিলন স্থান , নিজিষ্ট নিলন স্থান : সক্ষেত স্থান ; সমাগ্ৰ য়ান: Appointed place of meeting.

Rendible, a. विष्ठ्य , Capable of being torn :-সমর্পনীয়; তাজা, Capable of being surrendered. Ronding, a বিদাৰক।

Rendition, n. সবর্ণণ, জাগ; Act of rendering: surrender - अनुवान , बार्चा ; Translation. Syn : -Return, restitution; version.

Renegade, rene-gad, Renegado, ren-egalo, n. [ L. re, and nego, negatus, to deny ] স্বৰ্ণভাগী ব,জি , An apostate, a deserter :-প नाउक , A deserter. Syn :- Recream ; traitor; rebel; vagabond.

Ronow, re-nu', v. t. 754-4; To make again; renovate :-- भूनदोत्रक-कृ ; (वांडामि) वम्लाम ; नानडाम : To begin:—পুন: সতেজ-কু; To invigorate:—
v.i. নৃত্ৰ-হ; নবীভূত-হ; To be made new:— পুনরারস্ত-কৃ; পুনরার আরম্ভ-কৃ; To begin anew; to commence again. a=renewable. Syn :- Renovate, re-establish, refit, repair, recreate, revive; repeat, recommence; regenerate, transform,

Benewable, a. ছানাত্ম করণবোদ্য , মবজুত করণীয় ; Such as may be renewed.

Benewal, re-nu'al; त. श्नवीकवन ; न्यत कार्य ; श्व: क्षांच ; श्नवज्ञायान ; Renovation ; regeneration : restoration.

Benewed vigour—ৰবীপৃত তেজ।

Benitent, a. [L. re, against, and niti, to struggle] structure; Resisting pressure or its effect, n=renitence, renitency.

Bennet, refiet, n. গোৰংসের অন্তবিল্লী, বাহুরের আন্ত:
The inner part of a call's stomach for cuiding milk:—বিশ্ব আগেল বিশেব; A sweet kind of apple.
Benounce, re-nouns, v. t. [L. re, and nunciare, to announce] অথীকাৰ-ক; পরিভাগি-ক; ভাগি-ক; To disown; to reject; to forsake; to cast off:—বাবী ভাগি-ক; To disclaim. Syn.—Repudiate, disclaim, disown, deny, decline, abandon, forsake; quit, forego, resign, relinquish, abdicate.

Renounce the world—সংসার ভাগি-র ।

Benouncement, re-nownsment, n. পরিত্যাপ;

স্কাগ; Disclaiming or rejecting.

Benovate, rehō-vat, v. t. [ L. re, and novare, to make new ] ৰবীভূত-ড়; নুতন-ড়; To renew, to restore to the original state. n=renovation, renovator. Syn:—Recreate, revive, restore, reform, reconstitute, repair.

Benovation, n. नरीकत्र , नरकाव भूम: आहि ; Renewal; the state of being renewed.

Benown, re-nowh, n. [L. re, again, and nomen, name] বৃশ; ব্যাতি; প্রতিষ্ঠা; Celebrity; fame. Syn:—Fame, distinction, reputation, eminence, honour, glory.

Benowned, re-nownd, a. বিবাৰ; প্ৰদিদ্ধ; প্ৰক্ৰান্তিঃ; মূপৰী; Famous; celebrated; illustrious; wonderful. Syn:—Famed, distinguished, noted, eminent.

Bent, rent, n. ভাড়া; কর; থাজনা; Payment made to another for houses or lands:—চিড়, লাট; ভাল; কাটা; Fissure; break:—v.f. ভাড়াক; ইলারা-ল; To hold or occupy by paying rent; to lease or let for a rent:—v.i. ভাড়া-জ; ইলারা-ল; To be leased or let for rent. Syn:—(n) Breach, rupture, dilaceration, fracture, rift, cleft, split; separation, disruption, schism.

Bent, pa. t. pa. p. of rend.
Forehand rent—আন ভাড়া। [ be rented.
Rentable, a. ডাড়ার উপযুক্ত; ভাড়াটরা; That may
Bental, rental, ন. বাজানার ভালিকা; খোকা বই,
A rent-roll:—বাজনা, কর; Rent.

Rent-day, #. शंकना वानातत विन !

Benter, renter, ন. ভাড়াটিরা; প্রসা; One who holds by paying rent for.

Bent-roll, rent-roll, n. बांबानांत्र हिलाव ; कर्फ ; A rental ; a schedule of rents , account of rents. Benumerate, v. t. প্ৰগণনা-ক ; To recount.

Benunciation, re-nun-si-áshun, ন. ড্যাপকরণ, পরিহার; বহুল্যাণ; Disavowal; disowning; abandonment.

Re-open, v. t. প্ৰয়ায় খোলা ; প্ৰকল্মাটভ-কু ; নৃত্য কৰিলা ভোলা । [(প্ৰগঠন) । Beorganise, v. t. প্ৰগঠিত-কু । surcorganization

Repair, re-par', v. i. [L. re, again, and parare, to prepare] বাবরা; গ্যন-ড়; আলম্ড; To go; to resort:—v. f. জীৰ্ণ সংকার-ড়; নেরাসত-ড়; সংলোবন-ড়; To restore after injury; to mend; to fill up anew:—কতিপুরণ ড়; To make amends for:—

ন্ধ বাস্থান; আবাস; A retreat or abode:—জীৰ্ণ সংখ্যার, বেরামড; কতিপুর্ব; Restoration after injury or decay; supply of loss. Syn:—(৩) Mend, piece, patch, retouch; recover, retrieve.

Thorough repair ৰাডা নেরামত।

Repaid, pa. t. and pa. p. of Repay.

Bepairable, rep'ar-a-ble, a. সংখারকরণ বোগা; সংখ্যবন্ধীয়; প্রতিবিধেষ; That may be repaired. ad=repairably. Syn:—Restorable, recoverable. Bepairer, re-par'er, n. সংখ্যবন্ধী, জীপ-সংখ্যবন্ধ;

One who restores or amends.

Beparation, rep-ar-ashun, n. জীৰ্ সংখাৰ; নৰ সংখাৰ; Act of repairing:—কডিপুৰৰ; Amends; supply of loss. Syn:—Restoration, renewal, repair; redress, indemnification, satisfaction, compensation, atonement.

Beparative, re-par'a-tıv, a সংখ্যক : Tending to repair or amend :—কভিশ্যক , Tending to make good.

Bepartee, rep-ar-te, n. [Fr. re, back, and parter, to set out ] সেবস্ক অভ্যন্তর; উপস্থিত ও সরব অভ্যন্তর; A smart, ready and witty t ply.

Bepass, v. t. or v. i. প্রত্যাপ্থন-ড়; প্রত্যাবর্তন-ড়, To pass again.

Bepast, re-past, n. [L. re, and pastus, food, feeding] আহার প্রহণ; ভোজ, ভোজন, Act of taking food, a meal — বাদ্যেব্য আহার-সাম্মী, The food taken; victuals.

Bepay, re-pa, v. t. প্ৰিপোধ-দে; প্ৰিপোধ-কৃ, প্ৰভিদান-কৃ; To pay back; to make return for:
—প্ৰসাৱ-কৃ; To recompense. Syn:—Refund,
restore, return, compensate, remunerate, remburse, reward, requite.

Bepayable, re-paa-bl, a. পরিশোধকরণ বোগা; পরিশোধনীয়; That is to be repaid.

Bepayment, re-pament, n. পরিশোধ; Act of repaying:—বে অর্থ বা বন্ধ পরিশোধ কবণার্থ থেওয়া হয়; পুন: প্রনন্ধ বা প্রতিশোধিত টাকা বা বন্ধ; The money or thing repaid.

Repeal, re-pei, v. t. বাতিল-ক; রদ-ক; প্রভাহার-কু, প্রন-কু, To abrogate, to annul :— ম. বাতিল; প্রন, রদ; প্রভাহার, Abrogation. Syn:—(v) Abolish, revoke, rescind, cancel.

Repealable, re-pela-ble, a. প্রনীয় ; প্রত্যুহরণীয় . ব্যুবোগ্য ; That may be repealed.

Bepealer, n. বে বৰ কৰে, প্ৰভ্যাহাৰাবেৰী; One who repeals, one who seeks a repeal.

Bepeat, rc-per, v. t. [ L. re. again, and peter. to seek ] পূৰ্বায় বলা ; অত্যক্তি-কৃ ; মুখন বলা ; To utter again, to rehearse :—পূৰ্বায়-কৃ ; To do again. \*\*=repitition. Syn :—Reiterate, iterate, reproduce, echo; rehearse, recapitulate, retate.

Repeated, p. a. প্ৰাকৃত ; প্ৰকৃত । Repeatedly, ad. বারবোর ; প্ৰঃপ্ৰঃ; Over and over again ; frequently.

Repeater, n. 14:4184; One who, or that which, repeats.

Repel, re-pel, v. f. [L. re, back, and pellere; to drive] विष्कः ; अधिदानः ; तिराधनः ; विजानः ; कि वि

Repellent, re-pelent, a. Adjaden; facales;

নিবাৰক; প্ৰতিতাড়ক; Able or tending to repel.

Repent, re-pent, v. i. [L. re, again, and poenitere, to make repent] অনুভৱ-হ; ছাৰত-হ;

To be penitent; to regret; to feel sorrow (of):

-ত. t. অনুতাণ-কৃ; ছাৰ বা খেন-কৃ; To remember with sorrow.

[ pain or regret for.

Repent of—কোৰ মুক্তিৰ কক্ত অনুভৱ-হ; Feel

Repent of—কোৰ মুক্তির লক্ত অস্তর্থ-ত ; Feel Repentance, re-pentans, n. অস্তাগ ; পরিভাগ ; কেং ; Contrition for sin. Syn:—Penitence, contriteness, compunction, remorse.

Repentant, re-pentant, c. অসুভৱ; পরিভৱ; ছাবিত, পরিভাপকারী; Sorry for past conduct.

Repercussion, re-per-kushun, n. [L. re, again, back, percutere, to strike] প্রতিষ্ঠ , প্রতিষ্ঠেপ ; Reverberation; act of driving back, relound. [প্রতিশ্বনিত্রনারক; Reverberating. Reporcussive, re-per-kushv, a. প্রতিষ্ঠিকারী; Reportory, rep'er-tor-i, n. [L. re, again, and pario, to brug forth] স্টিপ্র; নির্থান, A place where things are kept in an orderly manner so that they can be easily found, as the index of a book:—ভাড়ার; A treasury.

Bepetend, " গশনিক ভাগাণে যে সংবাদি পুৰণপুন: আবৃত্তি হত ভাগা; বুলা; That part of a circulating decimal which re-curs continually.

Repetition, দ. প্ৰকৃতি ; প্ৰয়াবৃত্তি ; Re-iteration :—পাঠ ; স্তি ; Recitla ; rehearse.

Bepine, rē-piń, v.i. অসম্ভই-ই; বিমৃত-ই; কিনা-কু; বেন-কু; To murmur; grumble, fret; envy. n=cpiner. ad=repiningly. Syn —Be discontented, complain, grumble, grieve.

Beplace, re-plas, v. t. পুনর্জার রাধা; পুন: ছাপিছ-ক; To put again:—ছান পুরণ-ক; ছানাধিকার-ক; (একের) পরিবর্তে (অছ) রাধা; To supply the place of; to take the place of; substitute:—প্রত্যাপণ-ক; পরিশোধ-ক; To pay back. n=replacement (পুন:-হাপন)। Syn:—Reinstate, re-establish; refund, repay, restore.

Roplenish, re-pleńish, v. t. [ L. re, again, and plenus, full ] প্ৰ-ক; স্থা; প্ৰ-ক; Supply; fill again; to complete. n=replenishment (প্ৰ: শ্বাপন): Syn:—Restock, refill, supply, furnish. Replete, re-plet, a. [L. re, again, pleo, to fill] পূৰ্ব, প্ৰিপ্ৰিত; Full, completely filled.

Replete with- नामिन ; Full of.

Repletion, re-pleshun, n. নমাৰ; পুৰা; Superabundant fullness. Syn:—Overfulness, satiety, glut, surfeit; plethora.

Beplevin, ন. প্ৰথান্তির নালিব; A personal action of replevying:—v. t. জানিব দিয়া প্ৰথছৰক; To replevy.

Replevy, v. t. बाबिन वित्रा वालान-इ।

Beplies, ন. বকৃত চিত্রের অপুলিপি; একই চিত্রক্রকৃত বুল ভিত্রের অধুকৃতি।

Replicant, n. 333 7131; One who replies. Replication, n. 333; A reply.

Beply, re-oli v.s. [L., replicare, to make a reply] প্রভাৱর-ত্ব: করাব-বে; To answer:—v.t. ভররনে প্রমোশ-ত্ব: To return for an answer:—n. প্রভাৱর; করাব; Return to an answer. Syn:—(v) Respond, rejoin. (n) Rejoinder, answer. In reply to—প্রভাৱে; In answer to.

Beply to-वज्ञाहत-त्न , Answer.

Report, re-port, v. t. [L. reportare, to bear back] मरवान-तम ; वर्गना-कृ ; ब्लाख कहा ; To inform ; relate :-- সংবাদ পত্তে খবন্ধ-দে ; To give information to a newspaper: - 4514- ; To ciculate publicly :- विकास निरंत्रन-क ; To write down or take notes of :- v. i. विवृधि-क ; To make a statement :-- ম. সংবাদ , Information ; relation ; description :- विवश्नी ; कार्यावृक्षां ; That which is reported; statement of facts :--বার্চা; জনস্মতি; Rumour :--क्रि ; अन ; आं डज़ांन ; Sound, noise :-यन ; शांडि , Fame -- ( pl ). त्यांकममात्र विवत्तन ; An official statement. n=reporter. Syn:-(v) Announce, communicate, declare, promulgate, narrate, tell, mention; describe, detail. (n) Announcement, communication, declaration, narration; note, minute; explosion. [ সংবাদ-দে ! Report one's self-হাজির আছি, এই ব্লিক্স Reporter, n. मःवानमांडा ; वस्टा त्वस्क ; One who reports, especially for a newspaper.

Bepose, re-pāz', v. t. লান্ত-কৃ; বিআছ-কৃ; To cause to be quiet; to lay at rest; compose:—ভারাপ্র-কৃ, ভাগিত-কৃ; To entrust:—v. i. বিআম-কৃ; নিদ্রা-কৃ; To rest in confidence:—n. বিআম; গালন নিদ্রা, A laying at rest; sleep:—আরাম; গালন বিবার, পালি, Quiet; rest of mind. Syn:—(v) Lean on, confide in; recline, couch, slumber. (n) Slumber; relaxation, respite,

ease, quietness, peace.

Repose confidence in—কাহাতে বিধান হাগৰ-কু;
Reposit, re-potit, v. i. গড়িছ-কু, সম্পণ-কু;
হাণিত-কু; To lodge, as for safety. [repositing.
Reposition, n. নিৰাণাৰে অবস্থানৰ; The act of
Repository, re-pote-tor-e, n. ভাৰার; কোর;
That in which any thing is laid up; store-house.
Syn;—Depository, reportory, magazine, depot, conservatory; store-house, emporium.

Bepossess, ংল-poz-ześ, জ. t. পুনদ্ধণন-জু; পুনর্থি-কার-জু, To posses again.

Beprehend, rep-re-hend, v. t. পোবারোপ কু; নিন্দা-কু; ভংসনা-কু; তিরন্ধার-কু; To blame; to reprove:—জনুবোগ-কু; To chide sharply. Syn: —Chide, rebuke, censure, reprimand.

Reprehensible, rep-re-hehsibl, a. নিৰাৰ্ছ; ছ্ব-ব্ৰীয়, ভংগনীয়, Worthy of being blamed; censurable. ad = reprehensibly.

Beprehension, rep-re-heńshun, a. নিকা: ভিরমার : বাঞ্চনা ; Reproof, censure Sys :— Blazze, condemnation, rebuke, reprimand.

Reprehensive rep-re-hensiv, a. ভংগৰাপুৰ্ধ; তির্বারপুৰ্ব; Containing reproof.

Represent, rep-re-zent, v. t. वर्गना-क ; To portray ; delineate :--वर्गना-क ; To describe ; to set

To inform :—অভিনিধি-ঈ; ( काश्वक ) शांबीय-इ : To stand in the place of : -মনের সমূপে উপস্থিত করা; To bring before the mind :-- अखिनव-क ; To personate ; to act the part of :- প্ৰতিৰূপ প্ৰদৰ্শন-কু; To exhibit the image of :-- চিহুরূপে প্রকাশ-# ; To serve as a sign of. Syn :- Exhibit, show, express; depict ; personate ; stand for ; take the part of. Representable. a. वर्गीत : Capable of being

represented.

Representation, rep-re-zent-áshun, n. र्नान : विवव ; Delineation ; statement ; description : আবেদন ; নিবেদন ; Information :—প্রতিবাদ ; প্রতি-मृद्धि : Image : a picture : likeness . Syn :- Exhibition, show, personation, simulation, ac count, relation; portraiture, resemblance.

Theatrical representation—अधिनय; Dramatic performance.

Representative, rep-re-zenta-tiv, a. প্রতিক্প-व्यन्ति ; नाम्अ-व्यन्ति ; Shewing a likeness কাছারও স্থানীর; প্রতিনিধিতে বর্তমান; প্রতিনিধিরূপী . Bearing the character or power of others .-কোন সম্প্রবার স্থানীয়; Presenting the full character of a class :-- n. প্রতিনিধি ; One who stands for another; a deputy .- উত্তরাধিকারী; An heir. Syn:-(n) Agent, deputy, substitute, delegate, commissioner.

Repress, re-pres, v.t. प्रमन-क : निराविश-क . To check; to restrain. Syn :- Subdue, suppress, overcome, overpower; quell, curb, control.

Repression, n. प्यन , नामन ; Restraint. Repressive, a. ममनकांबी, निवानगंकम, Able or

tending to repress ad=repressively.

Reprieve, re-pitv, v. t. विवाय-ए , व्यवकाल विद्याय-মে; To give re-pite to .-- প্ৰবাৰ স্থানত বাধা, To delay the punishment of .-- n. বিপ্ৰাম , অব কাশ, দ্ধব্যক্ষেণ; Delay in the execution of capital punishment, respite.

Reprimand, rep're-mand, n. তীর অসুযোগ; ভংগৰা; Severe reproof -- v. i. ভিৰন্ধাৰ-কু, कर्मना-क, बनुर्याग-क, To chide; to reprove Syn: -(v) Reprehend, 1cbuke, severely censure, blame.

Reprint, re-print, v. t. পুनश्किष्ठ-क ; To print a new impression -- n. भूनर मिड अह ; भूनम् कन ; Another impression, a new impression

Reprisal, n. deinela, afermy asa, A seizing in retaliation, any thing seized in retaliation. Reprise, v. t. ক তিপুরণ-কু, To recompense

Reproach, re-proch, v. t. निमा-क , उरमना-क ; To censure; to upbraid:-n. जिन्हाव, कर्मना, Censure :- कलक , निका ; A disgrace Syn -(v) Blame, rebuke, condemn; revile, vilify, abuse. (n) Reproof, upbraiding, condemnation. reprehension, rebuke, remonstrance; disrepute, discredit, dishonour, scandal, approbrium, shame, infamy.

Reproschable, re-procha-bl, a. निनाई, Deserving teproach; approbrious. ad=teproachably.

Reproachful, re-proch-fool, a. निकाल्न , निकिंड ; Abusive; scurillous:--निकासम् ; निकास्त्र ,

नक्षक्तक ; Shameful ; disgraceful. ad - 10proachfully. Sym:-Condemnatory, upbraiding, vituperative, contumelious, offensive.

Beprobate, rep'ro-bat, a. পাপিs; भागी ; पर्वचार ; Depraved; vile; lost to virtue; given over to sin:-n. পাপাপা; An abandoned or profitgate person :-- v. f. निमा-कु; (पांत-एव ; To disapprove; to condemn; to censure. Syn:-(a) Rejected, disallowed, discarded, condemned, vitiated, corrupt, abandoned, hardened, profligate, castaway.

Reprobation, rep-ro-bashun, n. we; Condemnation, supposed abandonment of men to everlasting torment by the Almighty :- 3714, [ form anew. n=reproduction. Rejection. Reproduce, re-pro-dus, v t. भूनकीन-क , To Reproduction, n. श्वक्रशावन; The act of producing anew.

Reproductive, re-pro-duktiv. a. छेदशायनकांबी প्नक्रशाही, l'ending to reproduce.

Reproof, reproof, n. নিন্দা; ভিৰমার; ভংগনা Censure; rebuke, reprehension Syn .- Admonition, chi ling, reprimand, reproach.

Reprovable, re-proova bl, a निकानीय : निकाई, Deserving reproof, blame, censure, ad -reprovably. Syn: -- Blamable, blameworthy, censurable, reprehenable, culpable.

Roprove, re-proov. v. t [ 1. rc, off, probo, to try | विका-क , कर्मना-क , To condemn ; rebuke , chide, censure n=reprover Syn -- Reprehend, rebuke, blame, reprimand, admonish.

Reptation, n. नायन देशव वर्ग (नमा अपन , Crawling. Reptatory. a क व व अन्तर्व किया निमान निम्तान , Crecping. Roptile, epitil, a. [ ]. reps. to cicco | the call উপর ভর দিলা প্রন্থাৰ, Moving or crawling on the belly or by mems of very short legs -नोहान्य, अधिनोह, Low -- n न्दोनन , An anmal that moves or grawls on its belly or legs . -नोडानप नाकि: A grovelling low person.

Reptile house, n. A house for keeping snakes Reptilian, " नशरून नक्कोत ; Belonging to

Republic, re-publik, n প্রভাতর শাস্ব; সাধারণ-ডত্র রাজা , Commonwealth , free government.

Republic of letters—পण्डिनर्ग; निशानमण्ली; The collective body of literary or learned men. Republican, re-publik-an, n. Afetas offas, अज्ञाउत भागत्मत्र भक्तभाजी ; A democrat :-- a. अञाउत्र मक्कीय, मारावन-उड, Agreeable to the principles of republic.

Republicanism, re-publik-an-izm, \*. मांनान ওপ্রনাতি, প্রছাতপ্রবাগ; Attachment to a republican form of government, the principles of republican government.

Republish, re-publish, v. t. পুन: প্রকাশ-क , পুর: প্রব-ক ; To publish again or anew. n=republication.

Ropudiate, re-pu'de-at, v. t [ L. re. again, pudere, to be ashamed ] 如西川南4-事; 剛剛學-事; ভাগ-ক ; To reject ; to disclair, 10 cast away , to disayow. n=1epudiator. Syn :- Renounce discard; divorce; disown.

Bepudiation, re-pu-de-shum, n. আতাপাৰ;
আৰু; Rejection; divorce. Syn:—Disavowal,
disclaiming; disowning; divorce. [ diates.
Repudiator, n. আনুফ্ৰানী; One who repuBepugnance, re-pugnans, Repugnancy,
re-pug-nan-si, n. আনুফ্ৰানী; বিবৌধ; আনিছা; বুণা;
Aversion; resistance; reluctance. Syn:—
Contrariety, inconsistency, incongruity, incompatibility; unwillingness, dislike, antipashy,
hatred, hostility.

Bepugnance to—কোন বিষয়ে অত্যন্ত জনিক্ছা।
Bepugnant, re-pugnant, a. [L. re, again,
pugnare, to fight] বিজোহী, বিশ্বত্ত; বিপরীত;
জ্ঞীতিকর, Adverse; hostile; contrary, dis-

tasteful. ad=repugnantly. Syn:—Opposite, opposed, irreconcilable, incompatible, anta-

gonistic, inimical; offensive.

Repulse, re-puls, v. t. [ L. ee, back, and pellere, to drive ] ডাড়াইবা-দে; বেদান, To repel; to beat off, to drive back:—n. প্রতিনিবৃদ্ধি; প্রতিষাত্ত; আনারণ. The state of being repulsed or driven back; refusal. n=repulsion (খুণা)। Svn:—(n) Reject, refuse. [ of being repelled Repulsion, n প্রভাবর্জন, প্রতিনিবৃদ্ধি; The state Repulsive, re-pulsiv, a. আনীতিকর, অপ্রায়; ব্যাজনক, Repelling; cold, forbidding; disgusting. admeraphisively, n=repulsiveness. Syn:—Repellent; offensive, disagreeable, odious, loathsome, nauseating, revolting.

Repurchage, v. t. পুন: ক্রম-ক্ , To buy again :
—n. পুন: ক্রম্ ; The act of buying again.

Roputable, rep'ut-a-bl, a. সম্বাস্থ; প্রতিষ্ঠাবিত; Respectable; honourable. ad-reputably. n= reputableness. Syn:—Creditable, estimable, worthy, good.

Roputation, rep-ut-áshun, ক সক্ৰম; প্ৰস্থা; মংগোল; Estimation — যশ; পাতি; নাম, Fame; credit. Syn.—Repute, name, character, teem, honor, renown.

Ropute, re-put, n. [ L. re. again, puto, to reckon ] প্রণাতি, থাতি, বশ:, Reputation: estimate.—v. f. গণা-কু, মান্ত কু, To account; to estimate, to hold —গানা-কু, To reckon

Roputodly, re-pūt-rd-li, ad. নাগাৰণমতে; নাগাবন্ধে গাৰণৰ, in common repute or estimation.

Request, re-kwert, v. t. [L. requirere, requisitum, to ask for] অপুরোধ-কু; থার্থনা-কু; To entreat; to ask for; to desire:—n. প্রার্থনা, নিবেদন; অপুরোধ, Prayer, entreaty:—অভাব; বিয়োকন; Want; a demand. Syn:—(v) Ask, supplicate, petition. beg, solicit, beseech. (n) Solicitation, petition, supplication, suit; demand, requisition.

At the request of— कारांत क क्यातार वा आर्थनांत ; At the earnest desire or solicitation of.

Be in request—কাটভি-হ; বড় গরকাব-হ; Be in demand; be wanted.

Requiem, n. মৃত ব্যক্তির আত্মার শন্তার্থ তাব; মৃত বাজির সম্বাদ্ধ অবসীত বা মসল আর্থনা; A hymn sung for the rest of the soul of the dead; rest; peace; hymn for the dead. [manded. Requirable, a, বাঙ্যার উপস্কু, Fit to be deRequire, re-kwir', v. t. [L. re, again, back, and quaerere, to seek ] ट्रांबन - क् ; भावता - क् ; To ask; to demand: — भावता - क्; To need, call for. Syn:—(v) Claim, exact, insist on; want. Requirement, re-kwir'ment n. भ्वता ; पावि. Claim; demand.

Requisite, rekwe-zit, a. আবন্তক; ব্রেজনীব. Needful; indispensable; necessary, essential: — স. অভাব; A need.

Requisition, rek-wi-zishun, n. প্রার্থনা; পর আফান, লিখিত প্রার্থনা; Domand; a written request or invitation:—v. লাঃগা-ফু; আফান-ফু। Put in or into requisition—সরকাব বলিয়া চারা: Call for.

Requisitionsist, s. প্রার্থনারী; One who makes a requisition.

Bequital, re-kwifal, n. প্রতিগান; প্রিলোগ; প্র-কার. Payment in return; retribution, recompense; reward. Syn:—Compensation, remuneration, reward; retribution, retaliation

Requite, re-kwit, v. t. পরিশোধ-কু; প্রকার কে: To repay; to pay in return; to recomb ve Syn:—Reward, pay, remunerate, satisfy, recompense; retaliate, punish, avenge.

Reredos, n. আয়িছানের পশ্চাভাগ, দেওছাল বা পরদা বিশেষ, A screen on wall behind the alter in a church.

Reremouse, n. বাহড ; A bat.

Resale, n. প্ৰবিক্য ; A second sale.

Resalute, v. f. পুন; অভার্থনা-ফু; To salute anew. Rescind, re-sind, v. i. [L. re, again, scinders, to cut] বহিজ-ফু; রদ-ফু, বাভিল-ফু: To annul, to repeal; render null; reverse. n= rescission. Syn:—Revoke, recall, void, cancel, abrogate. [or repealing. a=rescissory. Rescission, n. বৰুদ; বুদ; The act of annulling Rescribe, v. f. পুনকার বেখা; বজান্তরে বেখা; To write back. n=rescription.

Reservet, rr-skript, n, শাসৰ, ব্লাজাজা লিখিড উত্তৰ, An edict or decree.

Besoue, reskū, v. t. মুক্ত-কৃ; উদ্ধাৰ-কৃ. আণি-কৃ: নকা-কৃ, To deliver; to hiberate —n. উদ্ধাৰ. মুক্তি; মোচন; Deliverance from violence or danger; release n=re-cuer (উদাৰকৰ্তা)। Syn:— (v) Free, save, redeem, release, extricate

Besearch, re-serch, n. গবেষণা; অপুনকান, তত্ত্বিকা; A careful research; scrutiny:—v. s. প্নক্ষবেণ-কৃ, To seek diligently.

Resell, v. t. भूनद्राय विकय-कृ; To sell again.

Besemblance, re-zemblans, n. সাম্ভ; অপু-ক্ষণতা; Similarity; similitude; likenes, Syn:— Analogy; semblance, image, counterpart, portrait, fac-simile, representation.

Resemble, re-zemble, v. t. मध्य-ङ ; अवस्य-ङ ; To make like , to be like.

Resend, v t. भून: (अत्र १-इ

Resent, re-zent, v. t. আফোশ-কৃ; কুছ-ছ; কাই-ছ; বাগ প্ৰকাশ-কৃ; To be indignant; to think ill.

Resentful, re-zentfool, a. কোণৰ; কোণৰল; কোনল; কোনলল; কোনললল; Full of resentment; wrathful. ad=resentfully.

Resentment, re-zeniment, n. water, caria.

নোৰ , প্ৰতিধিলো , Displeasure ; anger ; indignation; wrath.

Reservation, roz-ér-váshun, n. citiva, aut-কাৰ; সংৰক্ষণ, Keeping back, concealing --বাধা , Exception , restriction

Mental reservation—मत्न मत्न हानियां शेवन । Reserve, re-zerv, v t. [ L. re, again, servare, to keep ] ভবিবাতে ব্যবহারার্থ রাখা; ভুলিরা দাখা, बांछ बाबा , समा वाबा ; To keep for future or other use , to retain :- 447-7 , To except -n याहा जूनिया बांचा इस , अक्षत्र ; मिक्ठ अरा , That which is kept for future use .-- बानहांत्र मा करिया গভাৱাগে রক্তি নৈত , A part of an army or a fleet reserved to assist those engaged in action -वर्जन, Exception —यत्नव छाव त्यांशन, कुकीकांव, Mental concealment - সাৰ্থাৰতা, Caution -ৰাক্যে বা কাৰ্ব্যে সংবৰ, সংলাপপরাঘ্ৰতা, Absence of freedom in words or action. Syn -(v) Retain, hold, husband, withhold, keep back (n) Retention, reservation, constraint, restraint, backwardness, caution, shyness, bashfulness, [ ভাতাবর । coyness store, stock

In reserve—ভবিষাতে ব্যবহাবের জন্ত রক্ষিত সঞ্চিত, Without reserve—शकार , मुक्कर , Openly Reserved, re zervd, a नाका नीन , नाकुक , Shy -সংৰত, সংশাপ পৰাজুণ, Cold, not free or frank -- धिवाट वावशाबों बिक्छ। a = reservedly n= reservedness Syn .- Cautious, backward incommunicative, coy, modest

Reservoir, rez-ér-vwor, n ania; soia, চৌবাক্তা হৌজ, Pond, cistern, tank.

Reset, re-set', v ! श्रनः श्रांभिज-कृ, श्रनः वर्गान वा नाशान, To set again -( नगरू उ ज्यापि ) अर्व कत्र ज्यारेषा त्राचा , To receive and hide, as stolen goods

Reside, re-zid, v. : बान-कृ, बनवान-कृ, To dwell, to live Syn -Sojouin, abide, domiciliate, domicile, settle

Residence, reze-dens, n fefs, The act of residing or of dwelling in a place, stay - 417-कृषि , आंगान , The place where one resides , an abode, habitation Syn -Domiciliation, inhabitancy, sojourn, home, domicile, mans on, dwelling, abode habitation

Residency, n वानवान, इ वान बान शिवित वावान . Residence, the official dwelling of a govern ment officer in India

Resident, rezi dent, a. वानकाती, अधिवामी, वामी, Residing or dwelling in a place for sometime - n बानकात्री वाक्ति, अधिवानी, One who resides —विरम्पात्र जान्त्र अिनिषि , A public minister at a [ Having actual residence foreign court Residential, rez-i-denshal, a. वानी , वानमचलीव , Residentiary, rez-1-denshar-1, a. बानी , Residential -n. वाशंत्र (कानक्रण बानकान चारक, One who keeps a certain residence.

Residual, a walle, Remaining as residue Besiduary, re-zidu-ar-i, a. (नवारन नवकीय , वद-শিষ্টাংশ সম্বনীয় ; Pertaining to the residue

Residuary Legatee, n. One who takes all that remains of an estate after the payment of all other legacies.

Besidue, reze-du, n. [ L. reziduus, that is left behind ] चवरनव , वाकि , जबनिष्ठे वरन , The remainder. a=residual. Syn .- Rest, remnant, balance, surplus, residuum.

Residuum, re-zidu-um, n. अवटनंव . अवन्तिहारनं . That which is left after any process of purification.

Besign, re-zih, v t. [ L re, again, signare, to sign ] भार भविज्ञांग-कृ , ইखका-त्र ; To give up , surrender . - जात्र-कृ, Relinquish, abandon -रमवर्षी-इ , बच्चा बोकाद-इ , To yield e=resigned (বশীৰুড)। Syn -Cede, leave, forego, 1enounce, submit to . abdicate

Besign oneself to, Be resigned to with बाहा बाह्य वा क्रेबरतूत्र मरम बाहा बाह्य और कारिया मिरण्ठेहे হুইৱা থাকা, Calmly submit to.

Resignation, rez-ig-nashun, # পরিতাপ, हेड्डा , Relinquishment , abandonment - नमर्गा . ৰাবভাতা. Giving up, yielding - স্থাবের উপর নির্ভন্নতা, Submission to the will of God:-সৃষ্টিশুতা, Patience. Syn -Surrender, abandonment, renunciation, abdication; submission, acquiescence, endurance.

Resilience, Resilency, ৰ. প্ৰতিঘাতোৰ উল্লখন,

The act of springing back.

Resilient, a [L re, back, salso to leap ] नत्कानाङ, উৎপতननीन, Springing back or ic bounding [substance which exudes from trues Bosin, rezin, и पूना, दकन, An inflammable Besinous, režin-us, a प्नामान . Resemblin resin - ब्नाविन्डि, ब्रनामन , Having the quilite of or resembling resin. ad-resinously. n= resinousness.

Resiny, refin-1, a gala as, Like resin Rosist, re-zist, v f [ L re again, ciclere, 1) stand ] ৰাখা দে, প্ৰতিবোধ ক, To oppose -- খ ঃ বাধা দে, প্রতিবন্ধক-হ, To make opposition Sin -Withstand, confront, strive against, coun teract, hinder

Bosistanco, re zistans, n क्षा डिरन्थ, वांध Opposition —প্ৰতিযাত, প্ৰতিয়াতেৰ শক্তি বা বন Striking, as of force. Syn -Rebuff, hinderance, check

Resistible, re-zisti-bl a प्रक्रियांश्रीय . व्यक्तियांश बाबाद्यांना , That may be resisted n=resistabilit Resistless, re-zistles, a অপতিরোধনীয়, অপ্রতি श्रीषा अनिवाषा , पूर्विवाव , Incapable of being । sisted, irresistible, n=resistlessness, ad=ic sistlessly

rezo-lut, a जिनमक्त , पृत्मकत Resolute, মৃচপ্রতিজ্ঞ , স্থিপনিক্য , Determined , resolved बाहेन , श्वित , Firm , steady n=resoluteness alresolutely ( केनडांदर ) | Syn -Fixed, stead fast, persevening, unshaken, determined, firm bold, inflexible, unflinching.

Resolution, rez-ত-lu'shun, n সহর , স্চপ্রতিক্রণ Fixed determination .- नत्रांशन , वांशा , Schi tion , explanation — নিৰ্ণৰ , প্ৰভাৰ , সম্বান্ধিত বিশ্ব Decision, formal proposal in a public assem bly, resolution - facasa, Analysis - fats! Steadiness Syn -Separation, decompo tion, analysis, resoluteness, steadiastness firmness, sonstancy, courage, boldness; resolve, purpose, intention; dispension, termination; motion, declaration.

To move a resolution—daiq-7!

Besolvable, re-zolva-bi, a. जावक ; विद्याली ; Such as may be revolved or reduced to its

elements. ad = resolvably.

Resolve, rē-zolv, v. t. [L. re, again, solvere, to loosen] খ্ৰ-কৃ; বিবৃদ্ধ-কৃ; To dissolve; to melt:—উপাদাৰে পৰিপত-কৃ; বিশ্লেখৰ-কৃ; To separate into component parts; to analyse; to separate into parts:—(অফ) কবা; ব্যাবা-কৃ; To solve, to explain:—হিন্-কৃ, মীমানো-কৃ; To decide.—ব্যাইনা-দে, ব্যাবচ্ছেদ-কৃ; To disperse, as a tumour:—v. i. মনত্-কৃ; আভ্যান-কৃ; To determine:—বিন্তি-চৃ: To pass a resolution:—n. ক্ষেত্ৰা; সকল; Resolution; fixed purpose. Sym:—Decompose; reduce, change; unrayel; disentangle; decide, conclude, purpose.

Besolve into—কোন অকের ভাগ বাহিত্র-কু; Separate or find out the component parts of a sum:
—ক্ষিত্র-মা; Melt into:—কিছুতে পরিণত-হ, Come ultimately to:—ভোট দিয়া কমিট-কু; Form into a

committee by vote or resolution.

Resolve on-श्विक , Decide on, determine. Resolved, re-zolvd, a. কৃতসম্ম ; হিরপ্রতিক , Fixed in purpose :- [4] Analysed. neresolved-[ afs 4 ; Resounding. ness (মৃচ-প্রতিজ্ঞা) I Resonance, reio-nans, n. অভিস্পৃথি; অভিনাদ; Resonant, rez'o-nant, a [ L. resonans, ppr. of resonare, to iesound ) वाजिमनिकाती ; वाजिमनिक ; क्षा नवांत्रम्न . Returning sound ; echoing back ; resonading. Syn .- Echoing, sonorous, ringing. Resort, re-zort, v. s. [ F. ressortir, to go or come out again ] योडब्रा ; To go :- आश्रह अडब्रा ; অবলখন-কু; প্রয়োগ-কু; To betake one's self; to have recourse, to repair, to apply :- n. 434; Act of resorting :- नगावान, नमनानमत्त्व वृत्ति ; পালৰ হান , A place much frequented; a hunt - डेलार ; Resource :- बाबा अस्य ; The act [ means. of resorting. Dernier or last resort-cat Sala; Ultimate Resort to - वन्त्रवन के, Have recourse to :-या क्यां , Go to visit.

The last resort—লেবের উপায়; শেব আগালত।
Resound, re-zound, v. t. [L. re, again, back,
and sonare, to sound] প্রতিধানি-কৃ, To echo:—
বশ্বিতাব-কৃ, কীর্তন-কৃ; To spread the fame of;
to praise:—v. i. প্রতিধানিত-বৃ, To be echoed or
sent back:—উচ্চে শ্ব-কৃ; উচ্চধানি-কৃ; To be
much mentioned; to sound loudly. Syn:—

Reverberate, re-echo, ring.

Resource, re-sors, n. [F. ressourdre, to spring up again] উপান; সভাবনা; Resort, means, remedy:—pl. বিভব; সকতি; উপান, সংখন, Fortune; funds; means of raising money:—বে কোন উপান; Means of any kind. e-resourceful (সংঘৰ্ছি)। Syn:—Expedient, resort, contrivance, device, appliance, instrumentality. (pl) Funds, wealth, riches.

Heving no other resource—ৰবগতি ইয়া।

Last resource—FRE 15

Bospect, ie-spekt, v. f. সন্থান কু; আৰৱ-কু; To honour; to esteem:—সংশ্ৰ বাধা; সৰ্থ বাধা; To relate to:—n. সন্থান; স্বাধান; পূথা; Honour, regard:—সৰ্থ ; সংশ্ৰ ; Reference; relation;—গকগাডিডা; Partiality:—pl. অভিবাধন। Syn:—(v) Regard, revere, venerate, reverence, esteem; refer to, concern. (n) Relation; attention, consideration, estimation, esteem.

Resplendent

Command respect—(नात्त्र नवायकावन र ; Win esteem by one's personal qualities.

In all respects, In every respects—স্থা-

Pay respects to — স্মান্ত্রন্তিক ; Show one's respect or esteem for another :—সসম্বাদ সাকাং
\*\*\*; Meet one with courtesy.

With (in) respect to, In respect of-

Bespectability, n. নাজতা; মাননীরডা; সন্মানারতা; সন্মানারতা; The state of being respectable,

Respectable, re-spekta-bl, a. মাননীয়, মাস্ত, Honourable; worthy of respect:—সামাস্ত; Moderate, ordinary:—সম্ভাবিশিষ্ট; Of good quality:—মীচ বা ঘুণাই নয়, Not mean or despeciable. seriespectability, ad-respectably. Syn:—Reputable, estimable; decent, fair, ordinary, commonplace.

A respectable family—NYT

Bespectful, re-spektiool, a. বিৰীত; সম্বস্কারী; সম্বানহৃতক; Full of respect, marked by civility. ad=respectfully (স্বিন্ত্র)। Syn:—Deferential, dutiful, reverential, submissive, ceremonious, civil, polite.

Bespective, re-spektiv, a. ৰ ব; নিজ নিজ, আগন আগন; বিশেষ বিশেষ; সম্বীয়; Own; relative; particular.

Respectively, ad. उमान्तर , अनुकार ।

Bespector, n. নদানকারী; One who respects.
Be no respector of persons—ব্যক্তি বিশেষের
পাতির না-কৃ, Show no partiality for individuals;
make no distinction in favour of individuals.

**Bespirability,** n. নিযাসপ্রযাস-যোগ্যতা; The quality of being respirable.

Bespirable, re-spira-bl, a. নিষাস প্রবাদের উপযুক্ত, Fit for respiration. [ act of breething. Bespiration, res-pi-ráshun, n. বাস্ত্রহাস, The Bespirator, res-pi-rá-tor, n. এক প্রকার সাজ্জ্যা বিধারক ক্ষা তাবেৰ মুবাজ্যাদনী যত্ত্ব; বাস্ত্রানি; A network of fine wire for respiring or breathing through without injury. a=respiratory.

Bespiratory, s. বাসপ্রবাদ সম্বার; Pertaining to respiration.

Bespire, rc-spir', v. i. [L. re, and spire, to breathe] গালপাল-ড়; To breathe:—বিজ্ঞান-ড়; To take rest — v. f. গাল ডাগে-ড়, To breathe out.

Bespite, rc-put, n. বিলাগ; বিলগ; অবকাণ; Temporary cessation; pause, interval of rest; reprieve; stop; interval:—আগবত আগবে কিছু বিলগ, Reprieve:—v. f. বিলগ-ড়; স্থাতি করা; আগবত স্থাপিত বাবা; To give a respite to; to reprieve.

[ খাবি ; জোডি:; Brilliant lustre.

Besplendence, Besplendency, n. উজ্বতা;
Besplendent, re-splendent, c. জ্যুক্তর;

अमृब्द्ध ; श्रष्टांबर , Very bright, ad=resplendently ( जम्बनकार )। Respond, re-spond, v. s [L. re, back, spondere, to promise ] জনাব-দে, উত্তর দে, To answer, to reply — উপযুক্ত-হ, অসুনানহ, To suit - [ A To correspond to Bespond to-उड़ब-ए, Answer - बर्बन काल-F, Act in sympathy or conformity with -चन्नान छात्र धकान-कृ, Reciprocate Respondent, re-spondent, n वाडिबान-थक्नकारी . व्यक्तिमो , One who refutes objections —a. আশাসুৰপ , That answers to expectation Response, re-spons, n Gat, adit, A reply -रिश्ववाचे , An oracular answer , rejoinder In response to—agrees | [ re ponsible for Responsibility, a wifay, wis, What one is On one's own responsibility-faces vice ৰৌৰ লইবা, Taking the responsibility or consequences of one's own acts on one s ownself Responsible, re sponse-bl, a visi, viant, Answerable, accountable, amenable. n=responsibility ( ) | ad = responsibly. Hold one responsible for-नात्री कर्ता. Regard one as answerable Responsible to (one), for (something)-(\*) विवासन कह काशांत निकड भारी, Liable to be called to account to a person for a thing Responsions, n. जन्नासांड विश्वविद्यानस्त्र जानि পরীকা। Rosponsive, re-sponsiv a উত্তরকারী, সংবাদী, অবুরূপ , Answering , correspondent. Best, rest, # विश्राम , विद्राम Repose , cessation from motion — নিদ্ৰা , Sleep — খিবতা Quiet — বৃহ্যু , Death — শাভি , Peace — বিশ্ৰাম স্থান বন্ধা श्रान, A place of rest — व्यवनश्रन, Support, prop —অবশিষ্ট দ্ৰবা , অবশিষ্ঠা-শ , Remainder —Support for the spear when couched for the attick -इशि रामशान. A permanent habitation -ण : বিল্লান-কু, জিরান, To repose, to take rest -अन्तरन कवित्रा शाका, lo lean - निमा याञ्चा, Sleep — (क्षिण बाका , Lie — विवास > Trust -बीडिश बाका, To stand -ए t अवास के, विमान লে, lo quiet — আধারের উপর স্থাপন কু lo place on a support Syn -(n) Pause, intermision stop, stay "lumber, quiet ease, quietness, stillness, tranquility, peacefulness re id ic. balance, others (v) Stop, pause, desist, repose, relax, unbend sleep, slumber recline trust to rely on confide, acquiesce be satisfied At rest-fra at fafes , frantaine . Having no velocity with reference to the object on which the body stands Be at rest-निक्रविश-इ , Be at ease. Enter into rest-Die For the rest-weater | Rest on-कान किছुत উপর ভর করিয়া খাকা, Be supported by :- 481, Depend on, he on Rest with-काशंत्र शंद कान क्या थाका. ক্ষডাধীন থাকা, Be in the power of one Set at rest—त्यव कता, कृक्तिय त्य, Dispose of, settle, terminate To set at rest- [ रूत-ह , थानान ।

Restate, v f. MATAGRA-F! Bestaurant, res'to-rant, n wisia vin . cols-बाजा . A house for refreshment, an eating house Bestitution, res-te-til'shun, n [ L. re, again, statuo, to make to stand ] चुन: उद्याप . शक-দাৰ, অভ্যৰ্থ, The act of restoring what was lost or taken away, release Syn -Restoration, return, indemnification, reparation, compensation, amends, requital. Restave, restav, a [L restare, to stay back ] अक्लेख, इक्स , Obstinate — अश्रमत रहेए अनिक्स ; Unwilling to go forward n=restiveness, ad= restively Syn :- Stubborn, impatient, uneasy. Bestless, rest less, a অছিন, চকল, Uneasy, continually moving — নলাভ, ছবিনীত, Turbulent. n-restlessness. ad=restlessly ( 4/33 ভাবে): Syn - Disturbed, disquieted, sleepless, tossing, unquiet, agitated, anxious, inconstant, roving wandering Restoration, res-to-rashun, n. 94: 8614, मगुषान, Recovery, revival — बद्धान वकानसम Replacement Syn -- Resuscitation, replacement reinstatement, renewal, reconstruction, renovation redintegration, return restitution-The Restoration, n ७७० चुंटीरम विक्रोब छ।नामस প্ৰজ্ঞাগমন ও পিজ্নি হাদ্যন অধিবোচণ , The re-establishment of the monarchy under Chailes II Restorative, re stor'a-tiv, a वनकानक, वनवर्षक, Able or tending to restore especially to strength and vigour - अ वनकातक देवन , A medicine that restores ad-iestoratively Restore, ार stor', ए र अञ्जीन कृ. To give back -- नृष्टम क भून माकात क का डगूबन इ. Re pair -बारशंत्रा-कृ, locure -पृत्रावकात अञानदन F. To bring back to a former state -- ar স্থাপিত ক To replace Syn -Return, repay : replace, reinstate re-establish, renew, recover, revive, recruit heal Restore to-45)14-7, Give back to Restrain, restrin v t [ I re again back. stringere to draw | सम्म-कृ, मन्यल कृ, नावा तर, In hinder, to check, to hold back, to repress —দীমাবদ দ To limit Syn —Stop, curb, check suppress, subdue, prevent, debar, limit, confine restrict Restraint, re-strant v t नःतम, समन, बाबा, পৰ शैनडा , Hinderance , want of liberty - शीमा , Limitation - अधिकक व्यवहां, व्यवसाय, Confine ment Syn -Check curb, repression, suppres sion, prohibition, hinderance, prevention, restriction, confinement, durance. Bentrict, re-strikt, " # मीमायक-कृ , निष्दिष्ठ कतिला নে, বিশেষ ক, To limit, to confine, to repress Syn -Bound, circumscribe Restrict to -जीमा निष्म कविशा (मक्शा, Set 3 limit to - किश्र किछात्र शाका, Confine to Restriction, re strikshun, n farate, water, विरह्मंत्र, वांश्रो, Confinement, restraint - नीत्रा. नीमांवक्तन . Limitation

Without restriction-ग्लक्षांत्रक , विकास ।

Rostrictive, re-striktiv, a. affeff, gige,

string; Having the power or tendency to restrict. ad - restrictively.

Result, &-zuit, v. t. [ L. resultare, to spring ] करनाभानावक-इ ; উर्भन्न-इ ; भन्निषठ-इ ; To follow as consequence; to issue; to originate; to ensue: -- (नव-इ ; To terminate :-- अ. निवास ; त्यव ; कत ; Consequence; effect; fruit :- সিদ্ধান্ত; উপসংহার; Conclusion. Syn: -(v) Rise, arise, end, eventuate. (a) Inference; issue, event, decision, resolve.

Beault from—त्यांव कावन इवेटड केरनात-इ; Arise Result in-त्यांव किहरल त्य वा गर्याविक-इ ; End in. Besultant, re-zultant, a. मिनावारणंत्र ; नमनाव-ৰনিত ; Resulting from combination :-- ল. স্থপদ-স্থানিত বল , সংহতবল ; In physics, a force compounded of two or more forces.

Resumable, re-zuma-bl, a. प्रश्नित ; That may be taken up again,

Resume, re-zum, v. t. [ L. re, again, sumere, to take ] প্ৰজ্ব- ; To take back :- প্ৰকাৰ-आवष-क : To begin again after interruption :n. সংক্রির বিবরণ, An abridgment; a summary; a summing up. Syn: -Renew, recommence. Resumption, re-zump'shun, n. अलाहांब ; भूमई'-34, The act of resuming or taking back again. Resurgent, a. [ L. re, again, surge, to rise ] প্ৰকথানশীল, Rising again, as from the dead.

Resurrection, rez-ur-rekshun, n. नगांवि स्टेटक श्रूमक्थान, मुर्डाक्षान; The rising again from the dead; the future life.

Resuscitate, re-suse-tat, v. f. [ L. re, again, susciture, to raise, rouse ] शूनका विक-क ; शूनकांव नजीव-कृ. To revive ; to revivify ; to reproduce : —v. i. मजीव-इ ; वैंडिय़ कांख्या वो केंग्न ; To revive ; to come to life again; to awaken. Syn:-Reanimate quicken.

Resuscitation, re-sus-i-tashun, n. পুন: प्रकोष डा ; प्रतक्षकोषन ; प्रकृषान ; The act of coviving from a state of apparent death.

Resuscitative, re-susi-tat-iv, a. भूमजीविक করিতে নমর্থ: Tending to resuscitate, reanimating; reviving.

Retail, re-tal, v. t. F. re. again, tailler, to cut ] बुध्री विकश-क ; प्रेनोडन महत्र (वहां ; To deal out in small portions, to sell at second-hand: —n. ৰুচৰা বিজয়; The sale of goods in small quantities.

Rotailor, n. बुहता विक्रकाती : शाहरकत्ता

Retain, re-tan, v. t. [ L. re, again, tenere, to hold, keep ] stal ; afat stal ; To keep, to continue, to hold:--नियुक्त-कृ; विकन विद्रा आहिक-कृ; To engage, hire; to employ by a fee paid; to keep in pay. Syn:-Reserve, detain, withhold; engage, hire. [ be retained. Retainable, re-tana-bl, a. 事時事; That may Retainer, re-taher, n. अशेवह वाक्टि: बकाकांबी; শহুলা; পকীয় ব্যক্তি: A dependant; a follower:-छैकिन निर्द्रारित के कि ; तकानुना ; Retaining fee.

Retainers of the law-Servants maintained by the court.

Retainment, अ. रूप : निर्ह्म । [ again.

Betaliate, re-tale-R, v. s. L. re, again, talis, like ] অভিলোপ লওয়া ; প্রতিহিংসা কু ; লাল ভোলা , To repay:--- v. i. हेनवृक्त व्यक्तिनीय-त्य ; To return like for like. Syn :- Requite, revenge.

Betaliation, re-tal-e-ashum, n. afectis; रेनन-नापन : Requital : retribution. Syn :-- Requital, reprisal, retribution, revenge.

Betaliative, re-tali-a-tiv, Betaliatory, retali-a-tor-i, a. वाजिलांगपृष्ठक ; वाजिलांगमर्थ ; Returning like for like.

Retard, re-tard, v. t. [ L. re, again, back, tardus, slow ] वाश-त्म ; রোধ-क ; প্রতিবন্ধ-क ; To keep back; to hinder -- विमय-क ; विकासिक-क ; To delay. Syn :- Impede, clog, obstruct, detain; procrastinate, defer.

Retardation, re-tar-dashun, n. व्यक्तिक : बाल : सावाड ; Hindrance ; obstacle :- विनय , Delay. Retarded, p. a. विलक्षित ; वांक्षि ; विक्ष ।

Retch, rech, v. i. व्यन कतिवांत्र लही-कृ, छिक् ভোলা ; दिनिक टाना ; To try to vomit :- बाक्षिड পা প্রসারিত-ক , To strain,

Retching, म. डेकि ; देहिक ।

Betention, re-tenshun, n. तका ; तका करा ; Act or power of retaining :-- श्रृष्ठ ; शांत्रशांनिक ; Memory :- (1) : " Restraint :- [ant . Custody.

Retentive, re-tentiv, a. 413434; Having power to retain. n=retentiveness, ad-retentively. Syn :- Tenacious, griping ; close, reticent.

Retentive memory—বারণাং চী বৃদ্ধি।

Rotiary, a. [ L. rete, a net ] जानदर; कानदूक ' Net like; provided with a net.

Reticence, reti-sens, Reticency, reti-sen-si, n. भोन्छाव, जुकीकाव; Silence; reserve in speech; concealment by silence.

Beticent, refe-sent, a. [ L. re, again, facere to be silent ] (नोन : जुरेक्ड , Very silent ; reserved. Syn :- Taciturn, still.

Reticular, re-tiku-lar, a. दानार; दानाकात; Having the form of net work.

Reticulate, re-hku-lat, Reticulated, retiku-lated, a. बालवर ; कानाकाव ; Netted ; having the form of a net. nereticulation ( 朝河平省)!

Reticull, reti-kūl, Reticle, reti-kl, n. श्रीतारक कार धनि : वार्ष : A little bag to be carried in the hand.

Retiform, reli-form, a. atsitata; Having the form or structure of a net.

Retina, reti-na. n. ptotel ; अकितानाक्त প্ৰাৰ্থী থিলী; The innermost coating of the eye, resembling a fine net-work of optic nerves. a=retinal.

Retinue, reti-nu, n. পরিজনবর্গ ; अपूरुत्रवर्ग ; পারি-व्यथन . A suite ; attendant.

Retire, re-tir', v. i. [ F. re, again, tirer, to draw ] भन्दोमगंगन-क ; इक्रिया-चा ; कर्षजार्ग-क ; To re treat ; to recede ; to draw back :- v. t. ayiq-কু; উঠাইবা-ল; অবস্ব-দে; অপস্ত-কু; To withdraw ; to cause to retire. Syn :- Leave, depart, remove, retrocede-

Retire from the world—সংসাৰ পৰিতাপ-স। Betake, v. f. भूनव ११-४ ; उदान-४ : To take | Betired, a. नर्न हहाउ जर्मा ; वाक्षात्र : वर्ष নিরভ ; বাড় ; Private ; secret :-- নিভ্ত , নির্কান ; Secluded.

Retirement, re-tir'ment, ম. অবসর এইণ ; অপ-সরণ ; The act of retiring or withdrawing from society or public life :—নির্কানতা ; নির্কান হান ; খণ্ডা ; Solitude ; privacy. Syn :—Withdrawal ; retreat, seclusion.

Retiring, a. সজাণীণ; Reserved, not forward.
Retort, re-tort, v. t. [ L. re, back, torqueo, to
twist ] প্রভাগবাদ-দে; প্রভাবর্ত্তি-কৃ; To throw
back; to return:—ব্জ-কৃ; বীকান; To bend or
curve back:—v. i. প্রভাগবাদ-দে; প্রভাগত্ত-কৃ;
To return; to make a sharp reply:—n. প্রভাগবাদ; প্রভাগত্তর; A censure or incivility returned;
a witty answer:—ব্যুকালীবিশিষ্ট ব্যুব্ত্ত, A vessel
used in distillation, properly a spiral tube.

Betort upon—উन्टि চাপ (नवडा ; कर्षे वा कर्षन बवाव-एव ; Return an argument or a charge, make a severe reply.

Betouch, re-tuch, v. f. প্ৰকাৰ তুলি ছাৰা সংশোধন-কু, তুলি ছাৰা প্ৰ: পৰ্ব বা সমূজ্য-কু; To improve by new touches:—n. প্ৰ:পূৰ্ব; The re-application of the artist's hand to a work.

Betrace, re-tras, v. t. প্ৰক্ষেশ বা অনুস্থান-ছু; প্ৰচাৰিকে টানা বা লগুৱা; প্ৰভাৱস্বৰ-ভু; To conduct back by the same course; to trace back.

Retract, re-trakt, v. t. लाजाजान-कृ ; कोह्बा-क ; To recall, to recant, to disavow. n=retractation. Syn:—Revoke, disavow; abjure.

Betractible, re-trakti-bl, Retractile, re-traktil, a. बाजाशांन वात्रा, अर्थांग्रं ; मरकाव्योत्र ; That may be retracted or drawn back, as claws.

Betraction, re-trakshun, a. बजाहब , बजाबान ; मरुवर्ग : Recantation.

Retractive, re-traktiv, a. প্ৰভাইছাৰ ভংগই; প্ৰভাৰান ক্তিভে উপযুক্ত, Able or ready to retract. ad—retractively. [retranslation. Re-translate. v. f. বল ভাষাৰ প্ৰৱস্থাৰ-ড। ৪০০

Re-trenslate, v. t. মূল ভাষায় প্ৰরম্পাদ-কৃ। দল
Retreat, re-tret, n. [F. retrests, to withdraw]
শ্রভাবর্তন; পকালামন, Retreating; withdrawal:
—গ্রহান, গমন, Departure; retirement:—নিরাগদ্
হান; আগ্রহান; উপ্তান; The place to which
one retires; a place of security.—শবন; আগ্রহ;
A shelter; refuge.—v. i. পকালামন-কৃ, সিরা
যাওবা; পলারন-কৃ; To draw back, to withdraw; to retire:—আগ্রহানে গমন-কৃ, To retire
to a place of shelter or security. Syn:—(n)
Withdrawal; retirement, privacy, seclusion;
solitude, asylum, haunt, resort, den.

Reatreating, a. जननड ; Depressed, as reatreating forehead.

Betrench, re-trensh, v. t. [ F. re, again, transher, to cut ] বৰ্ডন-কু; ছাট]; লবু-কু, হাস-কু; To cut down; to curtail; to lesson .—v ঃ. মিডবায়ী-কু; পরিমিত ব্যৱ-কু; To economise. Syn:—Cut off, pare away, diminish, decrease.

Betrenchment, re-trenshment, n. কৰ্ত্ৰৰ,
নানীৰৱণ; লব্কৰণ; বায় সংকেশ. A cutting off;
the act of lessening. Syn:—Curtailment,
diminution, reduction.

[ pay back.
Retribute, v. t. পুৰ: অগ্ৰান-কৃ, প্ৰতিবাশ্যক; To
Betribution, ret-ri-bushun, n. [ L, re, back,

tribuo, to give ] পরিশোগ; প্রধান ; প্রতিধান ; প্রথান বা পাছি ; Repayment ; requital ; reward or punishment. [ paying ; rewarding. Betributive, a. প্রতিশোগার্ক ; প্রতিশোগারা ; Re-Betrievable, re-tre-va-bl, a. উদ্বার্থায় ; প্র-ক্ষর্বীয় ; That may be recovered. admeritievably.

Retrieve, re-triv, v. t. [ F. retrouver, to find again ] উदांत- इं; क्विश्वा जाना ; श्वा- इं; To recover, restore; recall; make up for: — त्रावात- इं; Repair, n-retrieval. Syn: — Regain, repair. Retriever, re-tre'er, n. वैकाती कृत्व वित्तव; A

kind of dog that pick up game.

Betrocede, v. i. [L. retro, back, codo, to go] বাজিগন-ক; To go back:—v. t. প্রভাগণ-ক; Grant or give back. [A giving back. Betrocession, ম. প্রাথজন; প্রভাগণ; প্রভাগণ; প্রভাগভার; Betrograde, re-tro-grad, a. [L. retro, backward, gradior, to go] প্রভাগান; বিপরীত; ভিণা, Going backward; contrary:—v. 1. প্রভাগনন-ক: To go backwards. n =-dation.

Betrogression, re-tro-greshun, n. পকালামৰ; A going backward:—সুপেৰ হাস; A decline in excellence. a=retrogressive. ad =-gressively.

Betropulsive, a. [ L. retro, back, pello, to drive ] বিভাড়ৰ, প্ৰতিনিবৰ্ত্তৰ, Repelling.

Retrospect, re'tio-spekt, n. [L. retro, back, specio, to look] পত্ৰিবয়ের পর্যালোচনা, পতামুখনন, A contemplation of the past. Syn:—Review, resurvey, re-examination.

Betrospection, n. অভীত বিবয়ে দৃষ্টি, The act of looking back on the past. a retrospective, ad retrospectively.

Betrospective, a. অতীতকাল সংস্কীর, অতীত দশী, অতীত বিশ্ব শটিত; Looking back, refering to the past.

Beturn, re-turn, v. i. [F. re, again, back. fourner, to turn] প্রভাগনন ক; দিরিবা আনা, 10 come back:—উত্তর-(দ; প্রভাগন-ক, To answer, to retort —v. t. কেব্ড-দে; প্রভাগন-ক, প্রভাগন-ক; To give back, to repay—n. প্রভাগনন; Coming back :—অভাগণ; প্রশোধ- Giving back; restitution:—প্রভাগন ; বিশোধ : Giving back; restitution:—প্রভাগন; —প্রশার, Regultal —Election:—সরকারী বিবরণ ইনাবগন, Official report:—pl. এক রক্ম ব্যামক : A light tobacco. Syn:—(v) Revert, recurrestore, remit; refund, requite, recompensereport, render.

By return of post—কেরং ডাকে; By the first post that leaves after the receipt of the letter Be returned to—সভা বলিয়া নিৰ্মাচিত-হ, Be elected a member of.

In return—কেনত; বৰ্ণে; প্ৰতিৰোধ বৰণ; Ry way of repayment; in requital, in retaliation In return for—বিনিষ্ট্ৰে, প্ৰতিৰোধ বৰণ; কোন কিছু পূৰণ বৰণ; পৰিবৰ্ধে; By way of compensation for, as a compensation for (a benefit of injury).

[ turn an equivalent los.

Make a return for—প্ৰতিৰোধ-কে; Repay; rcReturn to oneself—হৈত্তবাত কু; Recover one's senses.

Return to one's first love-To go back from other pursuits to that which first engrossed the attention.

Return the compliment-विनिमह-कृ: To make return for a favourable act; reciprocate. Returnable, re-turna-bl, c. প্রত্যপীয়; প্রতি-বের্থীয় : That may be returned or restored.

Beunion, re-Unyun, n. प्नियानम ; प्न:नमानम ; भिजनशिवन ; A union after separation ; an assembly of friends :-- v. i. পুনার্মান্ড-ছ: To be united again.

Reunite, re-u-nit, v. f. পুनश्चितिक-क ; To unite after separation; to join after variance :- v. i. পুনর্শ্বিলিড-ই; To join again.

Reveal, re-vel, v. t. প্রকাশ-ক ; ব্যক্ত-ক ; আত-ক , To make known ; to disclose. Syes :- Divulge, unveil, uncover, open, discover, impart, communicate, publish, show.

Beveille, n. প্রতি:কালে সৈক্তদিগের জাগরিত করিবার अब (एवी वा पूर्वी वांकन; The sound of the dium or bugle at day-break to awaken soldiers.

Revel, revel, v. i. [D. revele, to rave ] আমোদ व्यामानकः भानत्काकरनारम-कः To feast in a riotous manner :- n. विलान छेदनव : आधान आवात ; Riotous feast, carousal. n=reveller. Syn:-(v) Carouse, tipple, riot; wanton, indulge in.

Revelation, n 2417, 2514, Revealing; disclosing:- मेयर अविड मजा; अञालन: The revealing of divine truth; that which is revealed by God to man :- बाइरवरनात त्या अप ; The last book of the new Testament.

Revelry, revel-ri, n. व्हानाहनपूर्व आत्नान ; शानाद-নৰ ; ধুন্ধান ; Riotious festivity ; noisy festivity. Rovenge, re-ven] v. t. প্রতিহিংনা-ক ; বৈবসাধন-क ; मानद्राला ; To avenge; to retaliate. to punish in return; to return an injury; vindicate; requite:—n. প্রতিহিনো, প্রতীকাব, Retaliation. n = revenger.

Revengeful, re-venjibbl, a. প্রতিহিংদা-পরাবণ ; ( Full of revenge : vindictive ; malicious. ad=revengefully. Syn :-Vengeful, resentful. Revengement, n. वार्टिश्मा, Revenge.

Revenue, reve-nu, n. [ F. revenir, to return ] ধাৰৰা , আর , Income ; the receipts or rents from any source :- ateq; eq; The income of a state. Syn :- Profits, proceeds, receipts.

Reverberate, re-verber-at, v. t. [ L. ve. again, verberare, to lash | बाजियमा-क ; To send back as sound :—প্রতিধানিত-কু; To echo :-- খ. i. প্রতি-श्रानिष्ठ-इ; To echo ; to resound. n=reverberation. a = reverberatory.

Reverberation, #. প্ৰতিক্সৰ ; প্ৰতিক্সেণ । Reverberative, Reverberatory, a. dis-क्ष्मकांदी; क्षाजिक्तक; क्षात्कालक; Ruturning or driving back.

Revere, re-ver', v. t. [ L. re, again, vereri, to lear ] সন্মান-ক, লছা-ক; To venerate. Syn:-Adore, reverence.

Reverence, rever-ens, अ. मचान : अकि ; अका ; वर्गान , Respectful awe ; veneration ; honour :-च्या ; A bow ; courtesy :—वीवन्त्रता छेशावि : A title of the clergy :- . त. नचानगूर्सक वावश्व-क .

एकि-कृ; वाका-कृ; To regard; to venerate. Syn :- (n) Adoration, homage ; obeisance. In roverence—ধনাধিকারী সরিবে উত্তরাধিকারী বছে বে সম্পত্তি কান্তের আশা করা বার; Which one ex-

pects as heir on the death of the present proprietor.

Reverend, rever-end, a. भूवा ; शामनीव : मचानीव ; गुजनीय ; ভব্তিভাজন ; अक्षान्त्रन ; अरक्षत्र ; Worthy of reverence :- n. पाक्कात्वत्र डेनापि ; A title given to the clergy.

Boverent, rev-er-ent, a. ভङ्गितान; विमोछ; वनीज्ञ ; नज ; मन्नानकावी ; Expressing reverence; respectful; humble, submissive, adreverently.

Bevorential, rev-er-enshal, a. जिनेह ; विस्ता ; ভাৰু १६ क. हिल्मूनक ; स्थानां १६क ; वर्गे हु है : Proceeding from reverence; respectful; submissive. ad = reverentially.

Beverie, Revery, rever-i, n. कहाना ; रिण्यान गाम ; व्यमानच िक्षा : माउनीह छाता : Deep musing : wandering thought; a loose train of thought.

Beversal, re-versal, n. উণ্টান; উলট্পালটু; The act of reversing; an overthowing: - Maria: Change :- 494; 79; Annulling.

Reverse, re-vers, v, t. [ L. re, again, vertere. to turn ] উটা-ক ; বিপ্রাপ্ত-ক ; To place in the opposite direction; to turn back :- 300 (300) পরিবর্ত্তিত-ক ; To change wholly :-- ব্যব্দ-ক ; ব্য क ; To annul ; to make void :- n. विश्वी 5 आह ! शृष्ठं, The opposite; the back :—शिवर्धद ; विश्व ছুৰ্ঘটনা; Change; misfortude: - বিশ্বীত: বিপদাৰ, Opposite; turned backward. Syn:-(v) Invert, overturn, overthrow, subvert, over set; repeal, revoke.

A reverse of fortune—গৈবছৰিপাৰ। Reversible, re-verse-bl. a. উन्हां दबनीय ; भनिवर्दन সাধ্য; Capable of being reversed. Syn:-

Evchangeable, counterchangeable; alterable, revocable.

Reversion, re-ver'shun, n. প্ৰত্যাগমৰ; প্ৰত্যাগৰিৰ Reverting :- छावो উखब्राधिक ब्रोटिक व्यानमन ; Returning to the former owner :- 514 Gealfagia . শেষাধিকার : The right to an estate or money after the death of the present owner.

Reversionary, re-ver'shun-ar-i, a. ক্রমে প্রাপ্-নীয়; ভাবী পছবিশিষ্ট। Relating to a reversion; to be enjoyed in succession. n=reversioner ( with উखताधिकारी )।

Reversionary heir—ভাবী অধিকারী।

Revert, re-vert, v. i. [ L. re, back, verto, te turn ] अञाविष्ठ-कृ ; शिवाहेगा-ति , To reverse ; to turn back :- v. i. किंद्रिया आता ; किंद्रिया बांद्रश ! পুর্ববামী বা তাহার উত্তরাধিকারীদিপের হতে প্রত্যাগত-ই : To fall back; to return to the original heir. Syn:-Return, recur, refer to. [ turn to Revert to-श्नवाद बाना ; कान नित्क बाबता ; Re-

Reverted, a. बाजावृत्त ; विश्वात ।

Revertible, re-verti-bl. a. कित्रवाद केन्युक अजावर्षनीय: Such as may revert or be reverted. Revery-See reverie.

Revest, v. t. পুন: আফাদিত-ৰু : পুন: ক্ষতাপন্ত-কু ! Boviow, te-vu', n. প্ৰাবেশপ; প্ৰিৰপ্ৰ;

পদ্মীকা; Inspection; ক্ল-examination: —পুনৰিকার; Reconsideration: —সমালোচনা; A careful or ertitical examination; a critique: —সমালোচনাদি স্বাধিত সংবাদপত্র; সমালোচন পিত্রকা; এই সমালোচনাদি A periodical with criticism of books: —v. f. পুনা বিবেচনা-কৃ; পুনৰিকার-কৃ; To reconsider: —পরীকাক; To examine carefully: —পরিদর্শন-কৃ; পর্বাবেক্ষণ-কৃ; To inspect, as a body of troops: —সমালোচনা-কৃ; সোক্ষণ বিচার-কৃ; To criticise: —ছানি বিচার-কৃ। Syn:—(n) Re-examination, resurvey, retrospect; revisal, revise, revision; criticism.

Reviewal, #. त्रमात्लाह्ना ; A critique.

Beviewer, re-vu'er, n. স্মালোচক; পর্যবেশক; পরিদর্শক; One who reviews; an inspector.

Bevile, তে-vii, v. i. ভিয়কার-কৃ; নিশা-কৃ; ভংগনা-কৃ; গালাগানি-বে; অপ্যশ-কৃ; To reproach; to calumniate. \*=reviller. Syn:--Vihify, slander, defame, traducc, abuse.

Revindicate, v. f. शून: नमर्थन-कृ; शून: माबि-कृ, To vindicate again; to reclaim.

Bevisal, re-vi'zal, Rivision, re-vizhun, n. পৰিদৰ্শন : পুন: পৰীকা ; সংশোধন ; Re-examination : correction ; review.

Revise, rē-viż, v. t. { L. re, again, videre, visum, to see ] পুন: প্ৰীক্ষা-কু; পুন: পাঠ-কু; To re-examine and amend, to review, to re puruse :— পুন: পানা পানা পানা প্ৰায় প্ৰা

The revised edition—সংশাধিত সংকৰণ।
The revised version—সংশাধিত ক্লপ বা আকার।
Bevising barrister—One who revises the
list of parliamentary voters.

Bevisional, Bevisionary, a. পুন: আলোচনা দক্ষেত্ব, Revising.

Bovisit, 2. भून: माक्षर-कृ ; To visit again.

Bevival, re-vi'val, n. স্জো লাভ : পুনক্ষীবন ; Recovery of consciousness ; recovery from languor :—ৰ্থানিভভা ; পুন: উদ্দীপন ; New excitement for religion ; fanatism :—পুনর্ভিন্য ; Renewed performance. Syn :—Reanimation, revivification, resuscitation, quickening, awakening.

Revival of letters—বিদাৰ শালনেৰ পুনৰাৱন্ত।

Revivalist, re-vival-ist, n. ধর্মের পুনকথানকারী;

One who promotes religious revival. n=
revivalsm.

Bevive, re-viv, v. i. [ L. re, again, vivere, to live] জীবিত-২; বাঁচিষা উঠা; প্নথাবন লাভ-ক, To come to life:—সংজ্ঞা প্রান্ত-হ; প্নবায় সন্তেম-হ; To recover consciousness:—v. t. পুনঃ জীবিত-ক; To restore to life; to bring to life again:— ভেতনা লাভ-ক; To bring to consciousness:— লাগবিত-ক; উদ্বোধিত-ক; To awaken; arouse; re-animate. Syn:—Revivify, resuscitate; quicken, rouse, restore, invigorate, refresh, cheer, comfort. Bevivify, v. t. পুনঃ জীবিত-ক; To reanimate; to

Bevivify, v. f. পুন: জীবিজ-ৰু; To reanimate; to cause to revive. n=revivingation,

Reviving, 4. मृत मकोनन।

Bevocable, revo-ka-bl, a. বাতিল বোগ্য; প্রত্যাহর-পীর; পথন বা রসবোগ্য; Capable of being revoked. n-revocableness, revocability. ad=revocably. Revocation, revo-káshun, n, পথন; সুদ্দর্শ;

पांचिन कश्र4; Repeal; reversal:-व्यक्तिरहाइ; A recalling.

Bevolt, rc-volt, v. t. [ L. re, back, volvere, to turn ] বিজাহী-ছ; To renounce allegiance:—
আবাত ক; বা-বে; To shock:—ত. i. বিশ্বস্থ ইইবা
প্রান-ফ; To turn away; to be grossly offended:—নাজবিজ্ঞাই করান; To cause to rise in revolt:—ত্বা-ফ; ব্ৰাজবিজ্ঞাই করান; To cause to rise in revolt:—ত্বা-ফ; ব্ৰাজবিজ্ঞাই: ত্বাজন ভোজা; To shock; to be offensive:—n. বিজোহ; Rebellion; insurrection. n=revolter. Syn:—(v) Rebel, resist, mutiny, disgust, nauseate, offend. (n) Sedition, mutiny, rising, defection.

Revolting, re-volting, a. বীভংসজনৰ; খুণাজনৰ;
স্থভাৱজনৰ; বিৰক্তিকৰ, Shocking; disgusting.

Bovolute, re-vol-ut, a. প্রান্থবড়, Roll backward. Bovolution, rev-ol-u'shun, n. পরিজ্ঞাণ; জাব-র্জন; যুর্গন; The act of revolving; rotation:— আতারিক পরিবর্জন, রাইবিগ্লব; রাজনিগ্লব; Extensive political change —বিজ্ঞোত্ব; A revolt.

Bevolutionary, rev-ol-u'shun-ar-i, a. বাজ-বিজ্ঞোচ সম্বাধীয় রাজবিল্লকর; Pertaining or tending to a revolution in government.

Bevolutionise, rev-ol-u'shun-iz, v. t. পরিবর্ত্তিত-কু, বিশাবিত-কু, To bring about a revolution.

Revolutionist, rev-ol-u'shun-ist, n. বাজ্য-পরিবর্ধনকারী, বাইবিল্লনকারী; One who favours or promotes a revolution.

Revolve, it-volv, v. i. [L. re, back, volvere, to roll] কেন্দ্ৰের চহুদিকে পরিঅধ-কু: আবর্ধ-কু: ব্রা: To roll round on an axis; to move round a centre; to turn round:—চিন্তা-কু: মনে ডোলা-পাজা-কু: To consider; to reflect upon. Syn:—Whirl, rotate, wheel, gyrate, circulate; ponder, meditate. [with several charges.

Rovolver, re-volver, n. शिवन वित्नव ; Pistol Revolving, a. वृश्चान ।

Rovulsion, re-vulshun, n. (L. revellere, re-vulsum, to pull away ) সম্পূৰ্ণ পরিবর্জন; বিজ্ঞা; বিবাগ; খুগা; Repugnance; disgust. Syn:—Withdrawal, re-action, transition; abhorrence. Revulsive, a বিজ্ঞাকক; Tending to revulsion. Reward, re-wawrd, n. প্রকার, Recompense, prize:—অভিদন; Retribution:—আমকর; The fruit of one's own labour:—v. t. প্রকার-ফ; আডিবোধ-ফ; To recompense:—মাজিবলে; To punish:—কভিসুর্ব-ফ; To requite. Syn:—(n) Compensation, remuneration, pay, guerdon, bounty, premium; desert, requital, punishment; (v) repay, recompense, compensate, remunerate. Rewrite, v t. প্রকার লেখা।

Reynard, n. (बेक्ट्यांकी ; Fox.

Rhapsodio, Rhapsodioal, ত আৰক্ষিক, অনলেয়, Pertaining to rhapsody; unconnected. ad=rhapsodically.

Bhapsodise, rap'so-dis, v. f. আৰ্ডিছ; To route in the manner of a rhapsody:—v. i. অন্যায় ব্যক্ষাবা অকাশ-কু, To utter rhapsodies.

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Bhapsodist, rap-so-dist, स. कारत्य (गर्वर व TITY; TYY; One who composes verses extempore; one who speaks disconnectedly.

Rhapsody, rap'so-di, n. পুরাণ-পাঠ; अमःलश् लियां या कर्यानकवन : जनश्लक्ष बठनां वा वाविकान : Loose collection of songs or verses; disconnected composition. a=rhapsodic: rhapsodical ( व्यानशंत्रिक )।

Rhonish, renish, a. शहिन नहीं मचली : Pertaining to the river Rhine.

Bhetoric, n. অবভার পাত্র; বাগ্মিডা; The art of speaking with propriety, elegance, force and effect.

Rhetorical, re-torik-al, a. অলখার পাত্রবিবরক; Pertaining to rhetoric; oratorical, ad=rhe-

Rhetorician, ret-o-rishan, n. আগছারিক পভিত; অবভার শারের অধ্যাপক; One who teaches the art of rhetoric :-- वङ्गा ; वाश्री ; Orator.

Bheum, 100m, n. क्रया ; शिवृष्टि ; निक्नि ; कक ; मर्कि, Thin serous fluid from the mucous glands. a-theumy.

Rheumatic, 100-matik, Rheumatical, #00-matik-al, a. बांडरत्रांशकांख , वांडिक ; Pertaining to or affected with rheumatism.

Rheumatism, rooma-tizm, n. বাতরোগ; বাতজন্ত প্রদাহ ; Painful disease of the joints, muscles.

Rhoumy, a. (1919), Full of rheum.

Rhinocerous, ri-noser-os, n. nets; A large four-footed pachyderm.

Bhizome, n. मृजअधि : (गेंएजी।

Bhododendron, ro-do-dehdron, अ. भूभा, नुक वा नकां वित्नव ; A plant ; flowering shrub.

Rhomb, romb, Rhombus, rombus, n. मन्त्रह বিষম চতুরত্র; সমবাহ অসমকোণা চতুভুজ কেজ ; A figure having four equal sides but unequal angles.

Rhombic, rombik, a. अमग्रकानी मन्द्रज्ञ क्लाकात, Shaped like a rhomb.

Bhomboid, romboid, n. অসমকোণী চতুৰ্ভুত্ত কেত্ৰেৰ क्वन दिश्वीक वांक्वम म्यान ; Four sided figure wish the opposite but not adjacent sides equal. a-rhomboidal ( इत्यस्त्र भाग बानाग्विन्द्र )।

Bhubarb, roo'barb, n. রেউচিনি লভা বিশেব, विद्युष्टक लेका ; A plant , a catharic medicine. Bhumb, n. अशंन द्वाचित्रा ; वृद्ध , कम्लानवरम्ब विकाश ।

Rhumbline, n. त्य त्वथा अवन्त जाविवादक এकड् কোণে বিভাজিত করে।

Rhyme, rim, n. शिशकत कविडां, कविडां; The correspondence of sounds at the ends of verses, poetry ; poem :-- v. s. कविडा वहना-कृ ; भटक निला , To make rhymes or verse.

Neither rhyme nor reason—ae बर्द छेe बरह : ना भिन ना वर्ष ; পদ্যেत চরপের भिन्छ माই, वर्षछ नाই ; Neither agreeing in sound nor sufficient sense: —অকারণ ; যাহার ভাৎপর্বা সহজে বুরা বার না ; Inexplicably, from no cause to be easily understood. without rhyme or reason-watta, Witht sound or sense; without any cause,

Rimer, Rhymester, n. गण-लादक; मामान को क्किं ; One who makes rhymes. Bhym, rithm, n. इन ; छात ७ लग , श्वनित्र मिश-

बार्य कार्ति: Metre ; regular succession of

accents; harmonious flow of vocal sounds. rhythmic; rhythmical.

Rhythmic, Bhythmical, a. 37 जनकीय: Pertaining to metre. ad = rhythmically.

Bib, rib, n. शक्षत्र , शीखरा ; शक्षांचि ; शांविष्ट ; Bone forming part of the thorax :-- ছাম্বের কড়ি; আড়-कांडे ; Timber of a roof :— शिल्य ; Side timber or support of a ship : -পছা ; A wife :-- v. i. পক্ষাবন্ধ-ক ; To furnish or enclose with ribs :--উপাত বেখাপাত बाबा निर्माप-कृ ; To form with rising lines. जिलि द्रांशी।

To rib land--नाजन-পद्मिक याथा माशा जारुकि मिनिक Ribald, ribald, a. नीह ; ইডর ; अडअ , Low , base : mean : obscene :- आहोत : Filthy :- n. बीठ ব্যক্তি; অলীনভাষী ব্যক্তি; লশ্ট ব্যক্তি; A leud fellow; a loose, low character.

Ribaldry, ribald-ri, n. अज्ञीनला; नीह लांग , अज्ञीन वाका : Obscenity : low and vulgar scurrility ; filthiness.

Riband, Ribband, riband, Ribbon, ribon, n. বেশমি ফিডা : A fillet or strip of silk, a narrow thin strip :-- v. t. রেশমি ফিডা ছারা অলম্ব 5-ক : কিতা দিখা সাজাৰ : To adorn with ribbons.

The blue ribbon-সমান ব্যক্তিগিৰে শ্ৰেণী বিশেষ। To handle the ribbons-বাৰ ধরা; চাবাৰ।

Ribbing, n. পঞ্জৰ বিস্থান; An arrangement of ribs. Ribbonism, n. A secret association of Irish [ plant. Celts for assassination.

Rice, ris, n. 410, sen; sien; A grain of a Cooked rice-sis

Rice given to the dead-fre ! Sunned rice—আতপ চাটল ৷

Rico-paper, n. (व उत्तर्वव काशक वित्नव।

Rich, rich, a. बनवान्; व्यर्थनानी , धनी ; Wealthy , opulent .- वहम्मा , म्नारान, Costly ; valuable -अहब, बरबड़; Abundant; abounding:-डेर्सब, कल्या . Fertile ; frutful :- छन्त , त्यांव ; Bright, as a colour :- সমধ্র ; অ'তিমিষ্ট ; সুপ্রিত ; Full of harmonious or sweet sounds :- रूक्त्र ; नरन-वश्रम ; मोन्नधार्भुर्व , Full of beauty -- यमलावृक्त ; भगवा किया आवड ; Highly seasoned :-- मानवूक ; পুটকৰ; Full of agreeable or nutritive qualities. ad=richly. Syn.-Opulent, affluent; precious, superb, gorgeous, sumptuous, delicious, luscious, savory, generous; plentiful, copious; fruitful, productive, luxuriant.

Rich as Crosus - बर्जिश्बी ; Very rich (Crosus was an ancient king of Lydia famed for immense wealth).

Rich as Jow - अठाउ पनवान ; Very rich.

Bich in or with-পরিপ্র ; Full of ( rich in implies the container; rich with=adorned plentifully with, পরিপূর্ণ ও শোষ্টিত )।

Bichos, niches, n. pl. पन ; अपग ; वर्ष , Wealth :-প্রাচুধ্য ; প্রচুমতা ; Plenty ; sichness , abundance : -উৰ্বয়তা . Fruitfulness :—মুলা; মহাৰ্থতা ; Value ; costliness :- व्यवहात्रवाह्ना ; Abundance of imagery :-- आप्रवनामी वृज्ञ , Sumptuous appearance. Syn :- Opulence, affluence, wealthiness.

Richly, ad. अहत भतिमार : अञ्चित्र ।

Richness, n. वेश्वा ; Wealth :-- अपूर्वा ; Abundance .- उत्त्रा ; Fruitfulness :- पूना ; Value.

Richness of soil-nis [ heap, as of hay. Bick, n. शंक वा क्वेत्राणि, क्व , त्राण ; A pile ; a Bickets, rikets, n. pl. শিশুদিশের অভিবিকৃতি রোপ ( A disease of children characterised by great debility.

Bickety, riket-i, c. निवित्त निक : वालादाशाकाच : Affected with rickets :--কীণসন্ধি; ছুৰ্বান; Feeble in the joints; shaky; weak.

Bick-rack, n. বাকা কিতার বাসর বা পাইড।

Rick-stand n. शामात माहा ।

Riccohet, n. ভূমির উপর বৃত্তন; Rebound along the ground :- EA-MA : The skipping of a flat-stone on the surface of water,

Bid, rid, v. t. मूक-क : श्रीकांग-क : चालांग-क : To free ; to deliver ; to clear ; to drive away.

To be rid of—युक्त र । To get rid of—युक्त कतिवा-(प: युक्त-यु: युक्तिनांच-F; To drive away; to free from.

Biddance, ridans, n. 3fer : Gets : Act of ridding or freeing; deliverance.

Riddle, ridl. n. (र्वान : वार्यन्त : An enigma :-- চালুনি; ঝান্সবি; চাকনি: Coarse sieve :--কটবৰ, A puzzling question :- ০ f. বস্ত বাড়া; चुरक-क ; To separate with a tiddle, as grain from chaff: —অৰ্থ ভাঙ্গা; প্ৰাহ্যিকার অৰ্থ-কু: To solve or explain, as a riddle :- ए. i. ध्रम्बिक्टर कवां नतां : जन्महे कावां आयां ग-कृ ; To speak enigmatically.

Bide, rid, v. i. अशाबिहर-ह : अशाहित्क शमन-क : शांडीएड-पा; To go on horse-back or in a carriage or railway :-ভানিরা চলা ; To float :-- v. t. चारबाइन-क : कला : To sit or rest on so as to be carried. :- n. waterige; Riding :- = = = | প্ৰমন ; গাড়ীতে প্ৰনন , An excursion on horseback or in a vehicle:-অমাবোচৰ স্থান, অম্বোলনাৰ প্ৰ; Place or road for riding. pt=rid, pp=ridd\_a, rid. Ride and tie-अल्डर मिर्ड पर्भा ाम ग्रियम छ বিশ্ৰাম কৰা।

Ride at anchor-नज्य गा. . To be anchored. Ride down—গোডার চডিয়া ৭ · ২০-১ ৷

Ride easy or hard-খ্ৰভাৰে বা দোবাৰিড অবভায় ভানমান হওবা।

Ride hard-नीत व्यवादताहन करिया-मा ; Ride rapidly. Bide one's hobby or hobby horse-(क्विन প্রিয়কার্যা সম্পাদনে বা তদাবোচনার নিষ্ক্ত থাকা, কোন विवास व्यथा मानारपात्र-एम : To be constantly setting off on one's favourite theme of discourse; give undue attention to something,

Ride out-अवारवाद्य कतियां याख्यां , ब्लाफांय हिन्दां वन्तरत्र वा अत्रो ; Go out for a tide.

Ride post-काँड नीज अवादबाइन कतिया-यां ; To ride rapidly with as little delay as possible.

Ride or sit bodkin-Sit closely wedged between two persons.

Ride rough shod—এমন कार्या कहा बाहारक अभावन ক্লেকর হইতে পারে, কাহাব উপর বর্ত্ব-কু; To pursue a course regardless of the pain or distress it may cause others, be overbearing.

To take a ride—बनादबाइन कविया-या।

Bider, rider, n. अवादताही : त्वाप्त क्वांत्र : One who rides; equestrian: - अवहानक; One who manages a house :-- व्याहितिक शक्त ना देशभक्त वाहा

বাস্ত পত্রে বোগ করিয়া দেওরা হয়; ক্রোড়গরে; Addition to a bill or document, when nearly complete. Bidge, rij. n. পশ্চাৎ পৃষ্ঠ ; পৃষ্ঠের উর্দ্ধেশ : The back or top of the back :- অভারত পাহাত পর্বাত : Rough or sharp top of any thing like a back-bone :--পর্যন্ত-শ্রেমী; শৈল-শ্রেমী; Line of hills; a long range of hills :- " | A long elevation of land :- महेका ; हार . Top of the roof rising to an angle:--লাসল-পৰ্ডি; আলি ; Ground thrown up by the plough :- v. t. আনিতে পরিণত-ডু; উন্নত শিরাল-কু; আকুঞ্চিত-কু; To form into ridges; to wrinkle. [ Rising in ridges. Bidgy, rifi, a. चानिमःव्छ ; चालित छात्र ममुत्र : Bidicule, ride-kul, n. श्रीही, विक्रम ; महिशम ; উপহাস : Derision ; mockery, sarcasm ; satire ; burlesque :-- ए. ह. ब्रीडी-कृ, উপহাস-कृ; পরিহাস-कृ; रिकान-क ; To laugh at ; to sneer at ; to deride ; to saturise, to mock. Syn :-(v) Deride, banter,

rally, chaff, burlesque, satirize. Ridiculous, re-diku-lus, a. উপহস্পীয় ; উপহাস ; হাস্তজনক; হাস্তাশাদ, পবিহাদবোগ্য; অপ্রাঞ্জ Deserving or exciting ridicule; contemptible and laughable, about d. n=ridiculousness, ad-ridiculously ( হাজ্ঞ নকরপে )। Syn:-Ludicrous droll, grotesque, comical; preposterous. Riding, riding, a. अशादशहानानगढ ; आदारिनीय . চড়িবার ; Used to ride or travel ; suitable for riding on, as a horse :-- अ अवारवाश्य कविया गारेवाज রাতা; A road for riding on : -বাণিজ্যকর-নির্ভারক কৰ্মতারী কর্ত্তক পশিদৃষ্ট প্রদেশ ; A district visited by an excise office: :—ইংকঞ্জনেশের বিভাগতমের অক্তরণ; One of the three divisions of the county of York. [ Woman's riding dress.

Riding habit or skirt, n. অধানেহণেতিত বেশ. Riding-habit, Riding-skirt, n. wakajer অমাকালীন ত্ৰীগৰ পৰিহিত পৰিচ্ছদ বিশেষ; The long garment worn by females when riding.

Riding master, n. অব্বোহণ-কৌশল শিক্ষক, Teacher of riding.

Riding school— यशादाक्त निका मिनात्र विमानम , School for teaching riding.

Rife, 11f, n. প্রচুব; প্রচারত: প্রবল; Common abundant; plentifil, abounding; prevailing n=tileness, ad=11fely.

Rifle, rī'fl, v. t. १४१-क ; वृद्धित-न ; To rob ; to carry off by force ; to plunder ; to strip :-- न '1 भनायन-कु, नृहे-कु; To snatch away:--श्रीक कांग्री खगानी थनन-कृ; To groove :- n. वन्नूक विष्मव ; A musket -- pl. एक वन्त्रशंती देशनिक पन । मन्द्रानीदा Syn :- (v) Rob, pillage, plunder; channel.

Rifle-man, n. तम्क्यावी रिनिक; A man armed with a rifle; a sharp shooter.

Rif-raff, rif-raf, n. aufen ; wieden ; epei. Rabble; refuse; sweepings :- n. 234 (414, उंडालाक; The rabble, the mob.

Rift, tift, n. fes ; कांडा , कारें ; किंड ; Cleft ; 2 fissure . crack :- v. t. ( क - 7 ; ( क व ) ; क क | rive , to cleave :- v. i. (क्य-कू ; काण्यां-या , क्यिन-₹; To split; to burst open. Syn :-(n) Crevice, chink, cranny, fracture.

A rift in the lute-of fee and state sail Big, शह, थ. र. (शालाक नता ; नित्रशान-कू ; To dress ; to clothe; to put on:—( রুনাবনি বিরা) নজিত করা; পটিন ; ( New ) To fit with sails and tacking:— ». জাহাজের বজু প্রভৃতি; Sails and tacking. Big, ». কৌতুক; ভাষানা; A sportive frolic; trick:—পর্বত-প্রেণী; A ridge.

Big up-tible !

To rig the market — গৱ চডাৰ: আংশীবাৰি বাৰণাৱে আংশ কিৰিৱা ভাহাৱ দৰ চড়াৰ; Raise prices fictitiously—a term applied to a dishonest combination among a number of merchants to buy up so extensively any particular article or commodity as to be able to resell the same at greatly enchanced prices. [play a wanton trick. To run a rig—কোড়ক-ফ; ডামানা-ফ; ফট-ফ; To Bigadoon, ম. নৃত্য; A brisk dance for a couple. Bigging, riging, ম. কাহাজের শাল অভ্তি; মড়ি-ফড়া; সামানি; Tackle, cordage &c., of the masts and sails.

Right, rit, a. पनिष ; डाइन ; Not left :- माना ; সরল; বৰু; টিক; Straight; upright:--প্রত; ভাষা ; উচিত ; সত্য ; Proper ; reasonable :--উপৰ্জ ; रवाना ; Fit :- वानन ; ववार्च ; Real ; actual :- ज्ञा ; True ; correct :- किक ; Just :- वाला ; Erect :-रकोननी ; Most dexterous :- n. बाबार्वा ; कांब ; সত্য ; Justice ; truth ; propriety :-- পর্ব ; Virtue : --- विकात : मक : नावि : इक : नाडवा : Just claim : privilege :-- দৰিণ দিক ; Right side :-- ad. ৰজ্-ভাবে ; সরলভাবে ; In a right or direct line :--कडास , Very :-- v. f. त्रांका-कृ ; मराणायन-कृ ; To do justice to; to make right or straight. Syn :- (a) Direct; perpendicular, rightful; just, quitable, lawful; accurate, sound; suitable, seemly. (n) Rectitude, equity; goodness, integrity, uprightness; truth, correctness; prerogative, immunity : legal claim.

Assort one's right — নিজের সৰু রক্ষা-ক ; Maintain or defend one's own right by words or measures.

At right angles—সমকোধ করিয়া ( গুডামনান )।
Be in the right—জান্ত নহে; ভুল না-হ; Be not
mistaken; be not wrong:—ঠিক-হ, Be correct.
Bill of rights—A declaration of Rights, especially as granted by William III. in 1688.

By right of, In right of—কোৰ সৰ অনুসারে; By virtue of a title derived from.

Come or go right—টিক ঠাক হইরা আলা; Turn out happily as, matters will come right.

Go right—বেশন হওৱা উচিত তেমনি-হ; Go on as it should:—বেশ্বপ ইচ্ছা কৰা বাব সেইৰূপ; Turn out as desired. [missed; be sent away. Go to the right about—চলিবা-বা, Be dis-Of right—কাইন জনুসারে; Justly; lawfully.

Bight and left (collog). চড়দিকে; এবোপাড়াড়; In all directions; in both directions; on all sides:—ছহাডি; পোহেডো, All persons who come in the way.

Put to rights, Set to rights, set matters right—শোধনাইয়া-দে; দোনত-কু; Put in good order; adjust.

Right to- विकृष्ण जीवा जिवसेत वा चव ; That to which one has a just claim.

Serve one right-डेव्डि अखिरन-त ; समन कर्ष

ডেম্নি ম্ব-ই; Treat one as one deserves; punish one as one deserves.

Rime

Set one right—সংশোধন হ ; Correct one :- জ অপনান হইনাছে তাহার প্রতিষ্ঠান হ ; Rehabilitate one, clear one's character.

Bight about, n. ৰকিব পাৰ্ব দিয়া সম্পূৰ্ণকৰ অভ্যা-Bight a head—টিক সমূৰে; Directly before.

Right along-क्यांगर , ना वाविता ।

Right angle—जनावा

Bight angled, a. नगरकारी।

Right away-उरक्पार।

Bighteous, rityus, a. [A. S. riht, right, wis, way] द्वार्थ; छाइ; फ्लब्स् ; Just; upright; merited:—वार्थिक: न्यार्थान् ; नाव; Virtuous. marighteousness, ad—righteously (नाव्हार्य)! Syn:—Godly, holy, incorrupt; honest, equitable, rightful.

Righteousness, rityus-nes, n. নাৰ্ডা; পৰি-তা; স্থাচার: The quality of being righteous. Syn:—Uprightness, holiness, godliness, virtue: equity, rightfulness, integrity, honesty. Rightful, ritfool, a. ভাব; ভাৰসকত; অধিকার-

first: Having right; according to justice. adrightfully, n-rightfulness. Syn:—Legitimate, lawful, true; honest, equitable, proper, reasonable, fair.

Right hand, n. पक्ति रह ।

Right-handed, a. Using the right hand habitually or more often than the left.

Right honorable—মহামান্ত ৷

Right line—সরল বেধা।

Rightly, ad. क्रांबठ: ; व्यार्वठ: ।

Right-minded—সাধ্যনা; সরল; অকপট; প্রকৃ-বিচয়, Well disposed; sane; honest,

Rightness, n. সরলতা । [round. Right round—সম্পূৰ্ণনে সোলাকার ; Completely Rigid, rijid, a. কঠোর ; শক্ত . দৃত ; Stiff — কটন ; ককম ; দারশ , Stern ; severc ; strict n=rigidness (কটনতা) , ad=rigidly (কটনকলে) । Syn:—Unphant, unyielding, inflexible, exact, austere. Rigidity, n. কাঠিস , কঠোরতা ; দৃচতা ; Stiffness of manner. [talk ; a long story. Rigmarole, n. অনর্থক কর ; উপাধ্যান ; Foolish Rigorous, rig'ur-us, a. কঠোর ; কটন ; অতিপরিত ; দারশ ; Harsh ; very sereve , accurate ; relentless. ad=rigorously (ব্যাবিধি ; ঠক ; কঠোরভাবে ) ; n=rigorousness.

Bigour, rig'or, n. [ L. rigere, to be stiff ]
কৰিবা; কনোবলা; Stiffness; hardness; strictness; sternness:—উত্ততা; Intensity; severity:
—ীতে কলা; সকলাৰ শৈতাব্যব, Convulsive;
shuddering with cold. Syn:—Rigidness, inflexibility; austerity; exactness, inclemency.

Bill, ril, n. क्य नवी; क्य धवार; ध्याठवर्थी; A streamlet; a small brook:—v. i. धवारिष्ठ-इ; To flow in small streams.

Rim, 1im, n. উরত বেড়; ধার; কিনারা; প্রান্ত; A raised margin, a border, edge; a brim:—v. f. কানাবা ধার লাগা; বেড-দে; বেইন-কৃ. To put a rim to. Rime, rīm, n. ঘন নীহাব; হিমানী, তুহিনকণা; Hoarfrost; frozen dew:—মইনের কোরা, A rung:—কাটল, ছিন্তা। a∞rimy (frosty).

Bind, rind, n. रकन ; हान ; चन् ; रक्ना ; हिन्दा ; Bark ; husk ; peel.

Binderpost, n. नवानित्र मः ज्ञापक (बान वित्तव ; A malignant and contagious disease.

Ring, ring, স. চক্ৰ; মঙল; বৃত্ত; Circle:—

অকুরারক; আটো; A circular ornament of gold
for the finger:—মুক্সি; A circular area for
races:—বৃত্তাকারে সনবেত জনস্বলী; A circular
group of persons:—পক; A sound, esp. of
metals:—বৃত্তার শক্ত; A chime of many bells:—

বৃত্ত্যবাধিত শক্ত; শক্তি-কৃ; To encircle:—অনুনীয়ক

আরা সন্ধ্যিক-কৃ; বৃত্তি লগান; To fit with a ring;

—দিনালিড-কৃ; বাজান; বাধিত-কৃ; To cause to
sound, as a metal:—v. i. বাধ্য-হ; শক্ত্ হ; বাজা;
To sound, as a bell when struck; to tingle. pt=
rang, rung. pp=rung.

A ring dropper-ज्यात्वात वित्यव ।

Gentlemen of the ring -মরবোধা; Wrestlers. It has the true ring—It has intrinsic merit. A metaphor taken from the custom of judging genuine money by its ring or sound.

Bing in one's ears—কাৰে বেৰে থাকা; Continue to sound or vibrate in one's cars.

Bing in, or into, or out—বটা বাজাইয়া আনমন করা বা বিশার দেওখা; Celebrate arrival or departure by ringing.

Bing the changes on — य कि बना ; Talk much Bing with— अञ्चलकित : इंडिबिट बाय-इ ; Be faled with (report), resound with.

The prize ring—বে চকেৰ মধ্যে মরের। কুন্তি করে।
Ring-dove, ring'duv, n. কণে। চ বিশেষ; A pigeon.
Ring-finger, ring'-ling'er, n. অনামিকা; অসুবী;
Third flugger of the left hand.

Bing-loader, ring'lid-èr, ম. স্বল্ডি; দলের সন্ধার; মুর্ডদলের দেড়া; The leader of a riotous body of persons; the head of a riotous body.

Ringlet, ring'let, n. কুদ্ৰ অৰুৱা, ছোট আটো; Little ring:—কোকড়া চুল; চুৰ কুণুল; Curl of hair.

Ring-ousel, ring'-তত2l, n. পশ্চিবিশ্ব; Thrush. Ring-straked, Bing-streaked, a. গোলাকার বেপান্ত পেছ, Having ring like lines on the body. Ring-worm, ring'wurm, n. মন্ত; মান; Herpes. Bink, n. বৰ্মান্ত কীয়াভূমি; The area where a race is run, or games are played.

Skating rink—ব্যাক্র বা কাটের উপর পৌড়িবার প্রীডাক্স্যে; A place artificially prepared for skating. [ cleanse with clean water. Rinse, rins, v. t. জল দিয়া পরিধার-কু; খৌড-কু; To

Rinse one's mouth-- क्त क्रिड़-क !

Biot, riot, v. t. চীংকাৰ-কু; To raise an uproar:
—মাডলামি-কু; উজ্ছখন-হু; অভ্যাচার-কু; To revel
in:—n. কোলাহল; গোলমাল; হলেমা; দালা; Uproar; tumult:—শাধিভক; A disturbance of the
peace:—অভি ভোজন; কোলাহল সহক্ত ভোজন;
গানোংসব; Excessive feasting; revelry:—বিলাদ;
বিলাদিডা; Luxury:—উজ্ছখন ব্যবহার; Wanton
conduct. Syn:—(n) Row, commotion, fray.

Biot Act-Summons to disperse on pain of military force.

Bun riot—ৰশানিত ভাবে কাৰ্য্যকু; To act or move without control or restraint.

To run riot—বা ইচ্ছা ভাই-তু ; এতি এবল-তু । Bioter, s. উদ্ধান ব্যক্তি ; দাকাবার বোক।

Riotous, rīot-us, a. বিছোৱা; রাজছোৱা; Sআtious:—কোলাংলকারা; Tumultuous:—বিদানী; ভোগানক; উজ্থন; Luxurious; wanton. newiotousness. ad=riotously (উজ্থনকাৰে)) Syn:— Unruly, rebellious; licentious.

Bip, rip, v. t. ৰাটিয়া বিভিন্ন-কৃ; ৰাড়া; চেয়া:
Divide by cutting or tearing; to rend; to cut
open:—n. কাটা; চিড়; A rent; a tear:—বাছের
বৃড়ি; A fish-basket.

Rip up an old sore—প্রাণ কথা বৃচিত্র ভোগা; Revive an old quarrel or grievance.

To rip out —কড ফড় করিয়া বলা বা আওডান। To rip up old grievances or sores— পূৰ্বের কেব স্বর্ধ-কু; To recall them.

Biparian, rip-åri-an, a. नगेडीव नवचीव ; Pertaining to a river-bank.

Bipe, rip, a. [A. S. rip, harvest, ripan, to reap] প্রিপক: পাকা; Mature:—সম্পন্ন; পবিণত, Finished:—বাবহারোপবাগী; Fit for use:—পাকিম উঠা। n=ripeness (প্রতঃ প্রিপতাবস্থা)। ad=ripely. Syn:—(a) Ready, full, mellow; complete.

Bipe for — মন্ত : প্ৰিপক হ . কোন কিছুৰ টিক সময উপস্থিত , Ready for ; be advanced to a state of fitness.

Bipon, rip'en, ক. লৈ কছ : পাকা ; To grow ripe :

ক. ১. পক-কৃ , পাকান ; To make ripe :—পূৰ্ব-কৃ ,
নৰ্মাক ফুল্ব-কু ; To bring to perfection.

Bipplo, rip'l, n कुत्र ठनक; नहरी; हिस्त्रान, A little wave:—v.t. ऊर्नाकड-कृ, To cause a ripple in; to cover with small waves:—v.i. उन्निकड-इ, हिस्त्रानिक-इ, To curl on the surface, as running water.

Ripple, v. t. व्याह डाडेया वाहित-क : व्याह हान : To strip flax :-- n. वन कांहडाइवात्र हिल्ली ; A flax comb. Biso, riz, n. बारवाइन ; উপাन ; The act of rising ; ascent :-- उक्त इति : The rising ground :-- यून ; बाबि ; Origin :- ब्रीक , कोडि ; Increase :- हैनडि . Advance:—খবেৰ উন্নতি; Elevation of the voice:—৩. i. উঠা, উখান-কৃ; চড়া; আবোহণ-কু, To get up from the ground; to ascend :-कंशिश डेडा; To swell : - कबान ; Grow :--डेनिड-इ; To appear :- 174-17 , Spring up :- 48 (4154-2 , पृष्ठ इ : Come into sight :- आगिया पड़ा : Come forth: -উত্তেজি চ-ছ: বিছোহী-ছ: Be excited:-वृद्धि भी; Increase, pt = rore, pp = risen. Syn:-(n) Steep, acclivity, elevation; spring, source; augmentation. (v) Arise, mount, get up, appear; revive, grow, increase, swell, enlarge. Give rise to - 397197-7 . Cause ; produce.

Take rise from –কোৰ কিছু হইতে উৎপত্তি-ই; Issue from.

Rise above—ৰতিহন-ক: Surmount:—কোন কিছুতে না দমা; Not to succumb to or yield to the influence of.

Bise against—বিজোহী-হ: প্রতিকৃত্তে অভ্যাথান-হ: Take arms:—ব্রের প্রথিনা-হ: Demand vengeance on.

Bise from the ranks—সাধান্ত অবশ হুইতে উর্জি লাভ-কৃ, Rise to distinction from a low station. Bise in the world—উর্জি লাভ-কৃ, To prosper. Bise to—ৰত উচ্চে উঠা; Attain a certain height:
—বাম চড়ে বাবমা; Increase in price:—বডী
আবজন অভটা-চ; Acquire the adequate measure
of:—কোন উচ্চ বিষয় বুলিতে পানা; Be so elevated
in mind as to make in.

Rise to one's feet—কাড়িরে উঠা; Stand of.

Bise up—উপাৰ-কৃ; Arise. [being visible.

Bisibility, n. হাজোপালতা; The quality of

Bisible, rife-bl, e. [L. ridere, risum, to

laugh ] হাজনক, হাজোপালক, কৌতুকাবহ; আনক্ষক; Laughable; amusing. n—risibility, ed—

risibly. Syn:—Ludicrous, droll, comical,

fanny, ridiculous.

Rising, rizing, e. डेबाननेत : डेनोबमान : विक्र : Getting up :-- म. विद्याद : डेबान : Insurrection :

一(辛)6年; Tumour.

Rising generatiou—ব্ৰা কল; Young men.
Risk, risk, n. বিপল; কুকি; দান; আপন; কঠি;
Hazard, danger; chance of loss or injury:—v.
t. বিপল্পত-হৃ, পাৰ্যুক-হৃ, বিপল্ভ-হৃ; To venture on;
to expose to haz ird. Syn:—(n) Peril, venture,
jeopardy (v) Peril, endanger, jeopard, chance.
At the risk of—কোন বিপদেব আপকা থাকিবেও।

Run a risk—কোন বিপদ বাড়ে-কু, বিপদ সম্ভাবনা জানিয়াও কোন কাৰ্ব্যে প্ৰবৃত্ত হু; Incur hazard; expose oneself to some danger.

Bisky, a. বিপজনক; বিপানের জাপকাবিশিষ্ট, Hazardous; dangerous. [ laughter.

Risorial, a. হাজবটত; হাজজনক; Pertaining to Bissole, risol, n. ভাজিত মংস্য বা মাংস বিশেষ; A roll of fish or meat mineed and fried with bread crumbs and eggs.

Bite, rit, n. ৰপ অ'চাৰ, বৰ্ণনিধি; অহচান; আচাৰ, A religious ceremony or usage. Syn:—Form, solemuty, ceremonial, sacrament, ceremony, observance, ordinance.

Ritual, rifu al, a. শান্ত্ৰসিদ্ধ; অপুঠানিক; Consisting of or prescribing, rites, ceremonial:—n. কিলা-পদ্ধতি, অপুঠান পদ্ধতি; Manner of performing divine service:—তংশক্ষীর প্রক; A book of rites.

Bitualism, ritt-al-izm, #. ক্রি-পছড়; The system of ritual or prescribed forms of religion:—ক্রিয়াসুটান; The observance of them:—
ধর্মের বাছ অনুটানে বিশাস; Confidence in mere rites or external ceremonics.

—». t. প্রতিবাগিতা-কু, প্রতিগকতা-কু, To compete together; to emulate, to strive to equal or excel. Sym:—(n) Emulator, anagonist, opponent. (v) Oppose, compete; match, equal.

Rivalry, Rivalship, n. অভিবেদিক ; অভি-ব্যাস্থ্য ; Competition , emulation.

Bive, riv, v. t. विशेष-कृ, (क्छा; To rend asunder; to split:—v. i. विशेष-कृ; किविशे वांदश; To be split assunder.

[ stream of water.

Biver, river, n. वशी; अवाहिनो; Large running

Rivers of blood—इक्जनं ; (नोनिड-स्वाड ; River-craft, स. पूज (नोका ; Small vessel. River-dragon, स. क्जोब ; सक ; Crocodile. River-horse, स. निज्ञाबिक ; Hippopotamus. Rivet, rivet, स. (नोजक वित्तव ; स्वाक ; कोलक ; A pin chuched at both ends :—o. t. (सक वाडा विधि। वो व्यवक्त : To fasten with a rivet : to fasten

pin clinched at both ends:—v. f. প্ৰেক বাৰা পাঁটা বা আবন্ধ-ক ; To fasten with a rivet ; to fasten firmly:—বৃচ-ক ; বৃচবন্ধ-ক ; To make firm or immoveable.

Bivulet, rivu-let, n. [ L. rivus, a stream ] पूर्व नगी; सूत्र ध्यवाह; A brook, streamlet; small river. Boach, roch, n. नश्च विषय; A freshwater-fish of a silvery colour.

Boad, röd, n. [A. S. rad, a road, ridan, to ride] মাড়া; মাড়গণ, মার্গ; An open way for passengers and traffic, highway:—স্কলোপেশে পাতিনান; A plundering excursion. Syn:—Way, pathway, thoroughfare, route, course; roadstead, anchorage.

Road, rod, Road-stead, rodsted, Boads, rodr, n. बाहारका नकत कतियात दान; A place where ships ride at anchor.

By road-बांडा निवा।

On the high road to—কোন কিছু পাইবার ব্যক্ত উন্মুৰ; কোন ছানে পৌছিবার সহজ পথে; in a fair way to attain.

Boad to—কোন কিছু পাইবাৰ উপায়; Means of

Royal road to—সহত্ত উপার; Easy way to. To take road—বারা করা।

To take the road - 73-7; attata-7; To en-

Boad agent, n. দহা ; ঠেকারিরা; A highway man. Boad metal—রাধার দিবাব ধোবা। [পার্বছিত ! Boad-side, n. রাধার পার্ব; পার্বণধ:—a. রাধার Boadster, rödster, n. নসর করা কাহাল; Ship riding at anchor:—অনুশোপবোনী ঘোটক; A horse fitted for travelling. [way.

Boadway, rodwa, n. রাজা; গাড়ীর রাজা; High Boam, rom, v. i. ইততঃ; অন্ধ-কু; ঘ্বিলা বেড়াল; To rove about; to ramble:—v. t. অন্ধ-কু; অন্ধ ক্রিয়া অভিজ্ঞ-কু; To wander about. Syn:— Wander, rove, range, stroll, stray.

Roamer, römer, n. जननशरी; A wanderer. Roan, a. विश्व ; विन्त्र ; Of a mixed colour with a decided shade of red:—n. विक्रिय पर्द ; A roan color:—किंग (विक्रेड़ ; A roan horse.

Boantree, n. वृक् वित्नव।

Boar, roar, স. গৰ্জন, ছ্ৰার; The cry of a beast:
—চীংকার; উচ্চণক; A full, loud sound; a shout; a loud cry.—ৰাজানস্তক চীংকার; আর্থনাদ; An outcry of mirth or of distress:—চ. i. গৰ্জনক; গৌগৌলনক; To cry, as a beast:—চীংকার-ছ; ব্ৰ-কু, To cry with a full, loud sound.

Set the table in a rear—সময় লোককে এজ আমোণিত কয়া যে ভাছায়া কেনে গড়িয়ে পড়ে; Cause loud laughter (among the guests at table).

To do a great business.

Boaring, roring, स. ११६६ , Act or sound of roaring .— अध्यत द्यांत्र वित्यव ।

Robst, rost, v. f. নাংস কাৰাৰ-কু; কৰি উত্তাপে ৰজু-সাইনা পাৰ-কু; To cook before the fire; to cook

by exposure to heat :- wiel ; wies-F; To parch :- 4574 884-7; To heat to excess :m. क्विव ; क्ल्मान बारम ; That which is roasted. Rob. rob, v. t. वनपूर्वक कांछित्रा-न ; गुर्वन-क ; रवन-₹: To plunder ; to steal :-- विक- 7 ; To deprive :-- त. वधु विक्षिष्ठ द्रशक कालत तम ; The juice of ripe fruit mixed with honey. n-robber. Syn: -(v) Despoil, strip, pillage, defraud. Rob (one) of-天列-子; Steal something from one :--বঞ্চিড-কু; Deprive one of.

Rob Peter to pay Paul-बाक्त अनिहे क्विया অপবেৰ উপকার-কু; গল মারিয়া জুতাদান-কু; একলমকে ৰঞ্চিত ক্রিয়া আর একজনকে-দে; Withhold what is necessary in one direction to bestow it en another.

Mobber, #. क्या ; स्किडिंड ; One who robs. Robbery, rober-e, n. ডাকাইভি; মসাবৃত্তি; काइवन ; हात ; Theft ; plundering. Syn :-- Depredation, spoliation, despoliation, plunder, pillage ; larceny.

Bobe, rob, n. পৰিছে ; পোৰাৰ ; A rich dress :-রাজ পোষাক ; A gown of state :- v. t. বন্ধ খারা আহ্লানিড-কু, পোৰাৰ পরাৰ ; To dress ; to clothe : – শক্ষিত-কু; To array.

Men of the long robe-size: পান্ধ: বিচার-পতি বা ব্যারিষ্টার; Priests, judges, barristers who [বিশেষ ; A singing bird. wear robs. Bobin, Robin-redbresst, n. পুত্ৰ গাৰক প্ৰকী

Robin Hood-বিখ্যাত দ্যা ; A famous outlaw. Robust, ro-bust, a. | L. robustus, oaken, hard] ৰস্বান; Strong; sturdy:—সতের, জোরাল; Sound:—কর্মণ; Rude. n=robustness, ad= robustly. Syn :- Muscular, lusty, sinewy; hale,

hearty, sound, vigorous; rough, rude. Robustness, ro-bustnes, n. वनवछा ; महिन्देन्छा : The quality of being robust, Syn :- Strength.

soundness, sturdiness, vigour.

Boc, n. প্ৰিক্ৰিৰ; A bird. [worn by bishops. Rochet, n. शतिष्कृष वित्यव ; A linen garment Rock, rok, n. পাহাড়, পৈল ; প্রস্তব ; A large mass of stone: -- রক্ষাদাবন; আত্রয়; Defence: -- ব্ল , Stiength:-- 要有; (路(中); A distaff:-- v. t. খোলান ; খোল-খে ; To move backwards and forwards :- v. i. (वांड्यामान-क ; किन्यक-इ ; To totter. On the rocks-नि:प ; दिस्ट्र ।

Split on a rock—म्यूजनर्ड रेनेन-निधात नानिता 59-₹; Run upon a rock and be dashed to pieces :-- বেন কোন বিষম ভ্রমে প্রচা বাহাতে সমস্ত জালাব कवाञ्चित पिटि एवं : नर्रानाम मन-ए : Commit a fatal error which frustrates all one's hopes and desires. Bock shead, a. কাহারও পথে কটক; An obstacle in one's ways; dangerous impediment in one's way. [ with rocks. Rock-bound, a. वयत पाता (वहेंड ; Hemmed in Rock-crowned, a. Crowned with rocks.

Bocker, roker, n. (4 (प्राचात्र : One who rocks the cradle :- लाननात्र वक व्यवस्थ ; The curving support on which a cradle or chair rocks.

Bocket, roket, n. शांडेदेवांकि ; An artificial firework which is projected through the air,

Booking, s. (शंनावर्गन । Rook-oil, n. Petroleum. Bock-pigeon, rok-pijun, a. with fight; A pigeon inhabiting rocks. Bock-salt, roksawit, n. देनबाद श्रवन : निर्मा शहन :

Salt in rock like masses.

Rock-snake, n. বৃহৰাকার পার্বভীর বোড়াসাপ। Rock-work, #. बांबांदिक निवाकूरणेत अनुकदान शैपनि : A masonary in imitation of natural masses of rock.

Rocky, roki, a. निवासत : देनवसत : Full of rocks : —শাক্তীয়; প্ৰকভন্ম; Resembling a rock:-করিব ; Hard ; unfeeling. n = rockiness.

Rocceo, n. ছাগতা কাব্যে অসাধন বিশেব।

Rod, n. यह ; २७ ; A slender stick ; a wand :-त्व ; A bundle of birch twigs for flogging children ; a cane :- > ч + т ; 16} leet :- ч | л - ч ; প্ৰকাৰ চিহ্ ; An emblem of power or authority : প্ৰভুত ; Authority :- সভ ; শাসন ; Punishment :-অত্যাচার: উৎপীড়ন; Oppression:--লাভি; বংশ, Race ; family.

A fishing rod-fir !

Rod of state-siere ; Sceptre.

Rule with a rod of iron-ক্টিনরপে শাসন-সূ, Rule oppressively.

Rode-past of Ride.

Rodent, 10'dent, n. 61478 44; 444 44. Gnawing animals :- a. চক্ৰ্ৰারী, Gnawing. Rod-flahing, n. ছিপে মাচ ধ্বা ।

Rodomontade, rod-o-montad, n. 34 va, वर्श गर्न ; Vain boasting (A blustering hero in Orlando Furioso) :- ", i. उभा गर्ल-क ; To boast , to bluster.

Rodomontadist, n. क्या शक्ति ; A blustering Roo, ro, n. নংকের ডিব; The serm or spoon of fishes :-- नाक्नहोन र्शिन ; मुजीर्शिन ; The female deer. mas - hart.

Roo-buck, ro'buk, n. भाहेलवर्शव मुनी ; A deer. Rogation, ro-gashun, n. [ L. rogo, to ask ] প্রার্থনা , অসুনয় ; Supplication.

Regation days—औरहे वर्गादाइक्कावक छेएमस्व অব্যবহিত পূৰ্ববন্তী তিল দিন; The three days immediately before the festival of Ascension, being days of special supplication.

Rogue, tog, n. वाकात्रक ; द्वराष्ट्रा ; शक्षि ; दुर्कन. महे ; Knave ; thief ; vagabond .- वमबाइन लाक কৌভুক্তিয় ব্ জি; A mischievous or frolicsome person :- \$4777; A vagrant (law). Syn :-Scamp, rascal, villain, caitiff, scoundrel, sharper, swindler.

Roguery, rog'et-i, n. खूबाहुबि ; क्षानावा ; नर्का. Knavish tricks, fraud :- नकाणि ; व्यवस्थि, Waggery; mischievousness.

Roguish, rog'ish, a. क्याहिक मण्डीय: बाडांदर. Knavish: 一时; 好; 致; Waggish, mischievous. ad=roguishly. n=roguishness. Syn:-Vagrant, vagabond; fraudulent, dishonest, frolicsome. [ To bluster.

Roister, क. i. ही९कांत-इ ; To bully :- अमत-ई :

Roisterer, n. A turbulent fellow.

Role, rol, n. n. नांग्रेंक अख्रित्कुन्तवंत्र व व करन ; श्रु গুঠীত কাধ্য; মহৎ কাৰ্য; The part performed by an actor in a drama, any conspicuous action or duty performed by any one.

Ball, ती, n. [ L. rota, a wheel ] जानईन : कीन : Act of rolling :-- কড়াৰ বস্ত ; Anything rolled :--भ्यति ; Roller :-- विन ; A document :-- कानिका ; Register :- कृष्टि : कृष्टिव काल . Bread : a small loaf of bread :- जिन्हांन क्रिक्न नेय ; The continuing beating of a drum :-- 97; Character; office :- ण. रं. त्यात्रा ; চाकात आत त्यात्रा ; To revolve; to turn like a wheel :- To be formed into a round mass :—অক্ষের উপর আবর্ত্তিত-ই: To revolve upon an axis :--আনোলিত-হ; সঞ্চালিত-ছ; To move, as waves :- টলিতে পাৰা : To wallow :-- हेडचर: हानिड-ह : To be tossed about : —ৰড়াইয়া-যা; দোলায়িত-হ , To rock :—গড়গড় শব্দ-ই : চাকের अस में भेस निम्ह ; To sound, as a drum beaten rapidly :-- v. t. (पात्रान ; To cause to roll : -ভটাৰ ; অড়াৰ; To wrap round on itself :-চকেৰ উপন্ন স্পালিত-কু; বোবাৰ; To move upon wheels: -চালিত-ক : To drive forward :-চাপিরা সমতল-क ; श्लोनोकात्र वस्त्र पात्रा श्लियन-कृ ; To press with a roller :- क्र उर्देश वोकान ; To beat rapidly, as a drum -- विकाषि छ-क , व्यक्षेत्र-क , To enrap , encircle :-- গড় গড় কবিয়া বলিয়া-বা ; মনে মনে ভোলাগাড়া-すり Syn:-(n) Volume, scroll; chronicle, record, annals, list, schedule, catalogue, inventory. (v) Wheel, trundle; rotate, gyrate, run, flow; rock, tumble; wallow, welter in.

Roll-call, n. বধন তালিকা-লিখিত নাম ভাকা হয় . নাম ধ্ৰিয়া তাকিয়া ভাকা , The calling over of a list of names, as in the army.

Roll in riches, Roll in woulth—অভ্যন্ত ধনী-ছ; টাকার পাদাব বাস্থা থাকা . বন্দ্ৰের-ছ . To be luxuriously rich; to be in affluent circumstances; to be very wealthy.

To call the roll—নাম ভাকা; তালিকা-লিখিত নাম ভাকা; লাজিবা বহিছে নাম গাঠ-কু; To recite a list or register of the names of persons, as of school, college, or of any organised body of persons, to ascertain their presence or absence. To roll the eye—চকু খুবান।

Boller, ruler, n. ডননা; পোলাকার কাঠ বা প্রন্তর; বোড়া: পেবণ-দত ; A cylindrical wood or stone:— ক্ষতবছনী (বহাছির কালি) ; A bandage:—পক্ষিবিশেব; Bird:—pl. উত্তাল ডরজ্মালা; Heavy waves.

Bollie, v. i. To move in a carcless swaggering manner with a frolicsome air.

Rollicking, n. निन-निवत्ती; आत्मानिता; ভाষাना-वास : Jovial.

Bolling, rölling, a. বৃণিনাণ; আন্যামাণ; Moving on wheels:—চলিকু চফোপরি স্থিত; শুটাইবার জন্ত গ্যবস্তুত; Used in rolling.

A rolling stone gathers no mass—আবর্ত্ত-নান শিলাখতে শৈবাল থাকে না; অছিন ব্যক্তির প্রতিষ্ঠা বা অর্থ সক্ষয় হয় না।

Bolling-fire—শ্রেণীবদ্ধ সৈনিক্ষিণের অভি সংর ক্ষাৰ্য বলুকে অগ্নি প্রদান ; A charge of muskets by soldiers in a line, in quick succession. Bolling-look—বিশোলাই ।

Bolling-pin, röling-pin, n. (वजून ; (वजून ; A cylindrical piece of wood for rolling paste.

Bolling-press, roling-pres, n. ৰাণ্ড ইতিনি কৰিবান পেৰণ-বস্ত : A press of two cylinders for rolling or calendering cloth.

Bolling-stock, ro'ling-stok, n. নৌহবর্দ্ধের কাড়ি-কর্ম: বেলপ্রেম কল-নাড়ী প্রভৃতিয় ভাষায়; The stock of engines, carriages &c., of a Railway. Bolls, n. Court of the master of the rolls.

Master of the Rolls-The second Judge in chancery.

Bomaic, a. বাবনিক; আনদেশ সৰ্বায়; Relating to modern Greece, or its language:—n. আধুনিক আকভাবা; The modern Greek language; modern Greek, the language of the desendants of the castern Romans.

Roman, roman, a. ক্বম নগর সম্বান্ধ ; রোমীয় ; রোমনেশীর ; Pertaining to Rome or to the Romans :—রোমন কাথনিক ধর্ম সম্বান্ধ ; Pertaining to the Roman Catholic religion, papal :—সহৎ ; Noble :—সাহসিক ; Brave :—( ছাপার অব্যর সম্বর্জ ) সোজা ; Written in letters commonly used :—স. ক্রমবানী ; রোমক ; A native of Rome.

Roman candle, n. বৃত্যপাৰ, A fire work in form of a candle, generally held in the hand.

Roman Catholic, a. প্রীপ্তম্ববিভাগ বিশেষ স্টক;
Denoting the religion of that of Christian church of which the Pope, Bishop of Rome, is the acknowledged chief or head:—n. প্রীটীয় বর্ষের সম্প্রাপার বিশেষ; ইহাবা পোপের কর্তৃত্ব মান্ত করেন, সন্তার্বিশেষ, A member of the Roman Catholic Church.

Roman catholism, n. The doctrines and practices of the Roman Catholic Church.

Bomange, ro-mans, ম. দ্দিণ ইউরোপে প্রচলিড বিশেব বিশেব ভাবা; Tongue of South France and those akin to it:—উপভান; উপকথা; আকর্য ঘটনা; A wonderful tale; tale or work of fiction; novel; story; fable:—a. Belonging to the dialects, called Romance:—v. i. মিখা বলা; অভিবিক্ত ক্লপে গল্প-কৃ; To talk extravagantly; to tell romances. মান্ত omancer; romanist (উপভান বচিছতা, গলকারী)।

Roman coment, n. মাৰ্মসলা; A mortar used in the surface-fronting of brick and other buildings to imitate stone, which art was brought from Italy.

Romanese, n. হলেরি দেশের ভাষা বিশেষ।

Bomanesque, ro-man-csk, n. বৰিণ করাসী আবেশের ভাষা: The dialect of Languedoc and other districts in the South of France:—a. অনুড; Romantic.

Bomanise, rö'man-ir, v. t. রোম্যান ক্যাখনিক ধর্প্থ ধ্বস্তি-কু; To convert to the Roman Catholic religion:—v. i. রোম্যান ক্যাখালিক মন্ত বা বিচারের সহিত একমত হওবা; To conform to Roman Catholic opinions or practices.

Romanism, ro'man-izm, n. রোম্যান ক্যাথনিক ধর্মনীতি; The tenets of the Roman Catholic Church.

Bomanist, ro'man-ist, n. রোম্যান ক্যাথনিক ধর্মাবল্মী; A Roman Catholic.

Boman law—আইন বিশেষ, The name given to the laws founded on the laws and statutes of Rome and incorporated more or less into the laws of every country of Europe.

Roman nose- विकृतिक नामिका ; A high curved nose similar to that of the Romans.

Boman order-In arch, the composite order.

Bomany, \*. বাৰাবন্ধনের ভাবা ; বেগিবা ভাবা । Romans, \*\* পালাবিত পত্র , Epistle of St Paul King of the Bomans—Successor of the emperor of Germany.

Bomantio, rō-mantik, a উপনাসিক, আন্তর্গা, বিচিত্র, অস্থ্যব ; কালনিক, অনুত কিতৃত কিমাকার ; Fictitious, extravagant, marvelous, fantastic, wild ad≈romantically, n=romantically some communical chimercal, fanciful Romanticiam, n. আচীন বৃহতে স্থাকালীন ভাষা-রীতি ঘটিত পরিবর্তন : The change from a classical to a medieval style of literature

Roman white—Cisso, Purest white
King of Rome—Eldest son of Napoleon.

Bome was not built in a day—বড কাল এক দিনে সম্পন্ন হব না , বৃহৎ বাগায় একদিনে সম্পন্ন হব না সব্বে মেওয়া ফলে , Great decds are not accomplished without a considerable interval of time , great result cannot be obtained in a short period

Bomish, römish, a. বোৰ বা বামান কাথলক সম্প্ৰদাৰ সৰ্বনীয় Belonging to Rome or to the Roman Catholic Church

Bomp, romp ৩ ৷ গোলমাল কৰিবা খেলা-কু কান্তাতে লালা কলা-কু, To play nously to firsk about in play, to skip about in play — দ চকলা বালিকা, লক্ষ্মলাকাৰিণী নিশক্ষা বালিকা A girl fond of rough or boisterous play — মদুড়া ক্ৰীড়া, Rude field

Bomping, n की पांकांबी।

Rompish, rompish, a লক্ষ্য কীড়ানক, বীড়া বিষ, I ond of rude play n=rompishness, ad=rompishly

Rondeau, Rondo, rondo n অবেদিশপন কি তা বিশেষ, A little poem of verses, eight in one rhyme and five in mother.

Rood, তেতিd, n কমির পরিমাণ বিশেষ, প্রায় পনেব কাঠা, Quarter acre, the fourth part of an acre — কুশ, বেকাঠনতে ব'ড্ডীগা থাণ সহার হয় ভাহার প্রতিষ্ঠি, Crucilix, a cross

By the rood—By the cross, a form of wood formerly used in swearing

Rood loft, n Gall by on which the cross and rood was set to view

Roof, roof n ছাত, চাৰ, ছত ছকী The cover of a house or building, arch of a vault —গৃত, A house or dwelling — হাৰু, টাৰৱা, I pper part of the mouth — চ . ছাত কু, lo cover with a roof — লকা কু লাশবদান কু To shelter Roofing, roofing, n ছাৰ প্ৰস্তুত কৰে , ছাৰ বা

চাবের কাঠাম, The act of covering with a roof ছাবের উপক্ষণ, মালমদলা, Materials for a roof — —ছাম, The roof itself

Roofless, roof'les a ছাদ্ৰিচীৰ, Without a roof —ৰাব্ৰৰ্ভ, Unsheltered.

Book, rook, n ইড়িকাক, A kind of crow — ঠক; প্ৰচাৰক, A cheat —পান্ধী, Parson — সভৱক খেণাৰ বন, মৌকা. A castle —৩ t প্ৰভাৱণা কু, To cheat

Bookery, rooker-1, n বেপানে ইড়কাকেব। বানা করে, নীচাবান A place to which rooks resort to build their nest, as a wood &c. Boom, room, স কুঠরী, কোষ্ঠ, কাৰৱা, An apartment; a chamber of a house:—আনধিকত ভূবি, অনধিকত ভান বা বাবগা, Extent of place, space unoccupid — সবসর, অবকাশ, Freedom to act; scope —আসন, A seat —গরিবর্ত্ত, Stead — ত র বাস ক, To occupy a room; to lodge

Make room — যানগা থালি কু, ছান বা পথ বেওবা, বাধা সকল দ্ব-কু, Open a space, way, or passage, to remove obstruction — (কোন কিছুৰ) ছান কৰিয়া লওৱা Find space — নিকের সম্পত্তি অস্তাকে দে (nye one's own to another.

Room and to spare—অন্ধিকৃত ছান কৰাই ছান, More space than is needed, unoccupied room or space

Boom for—কোন কিছুর স্থান বা আবা (ধাকা).
Possibility of entertaining —Possibility of
making

Sick room—শৌর ঘব।

To give (or loave) room—অপকৃত হ , সন্ধিৰা ব্ৰিণা , lo withdraw to allow others to pass.

Roomful, a এক্ষৰ ( লোকাৰি )। Room-tree, n मन म कांत्रे होता।

Roomy, roomi, a. निस् १, सिनान, धनेष, लया-हरू। Having ample i som wide, spacious —वर्ष Biz n=roominess ad=roomly

Roost, root, n বা কালে পজিবিলেৰ বিশ্ৰামাৰ্থ দীত প্ৰীয় দিছে A pole or perch, a support on which a bird rest it might — শাৰিত পঞ্চীয় কৰি , ই বিনঃ পশ্চীয় কৰ A n mber of towls resting together — ত ঃ দিছে বসা বিশ্ৰাম কু নিজা যা, ঘুলাল to sit or sleep or retion a roost

Boot, root n মল লিকড জড় গোড়া The part of a plant in the earth, bulb —ভিত্তি, জল-দেশ Bottom —মাদি পাকৃতি, The origin — আৰম্ভ Beginnin — নাদি কাৰ্মণ, First cause — আদি পুক্ৰ First for clather — মূলকাৰ, ৰাড় A word from which others are derived — v গ দুক্ৰণ স্থাপিচ হ, দুট হইবা ব্যা, শিকড় চালাৰ Io be firmly established to take root — নাদিকা ৰাডা মাটি খনন কু Io turn up the earth with the snout — v গ দুটকাপে বছৰুৰ কু, মনে ৰুট্-ক প আৰু হ কু, To plant in the earth, to implant firmly Syn —(n) Radix, radicle, origin, source, spring cluse base, foundation

An esculent root — মুবা ওলকোপি প্রকৃতি।
Be or he at the root of—কোন বিবরের মূল হ;

Be the source of

Bulbous root—कम मृत ।

Cube root—भनपूल।

Go to the root of—বোৰ বিষয়ের বুল বা কাৰণ নিদেশ বা বাহিন্ন কৰা, Trace the source or cause of anything [উন্নতি-ক, Destroy completely Make root-and-branch-work with—সন্বে Root and branch—নম্পুৰ্নিশে, আমূল, সমুলে; আগাগোড়া, Completely, thoroughly.

Root out - डेब्न-इ , डेब्निड-इ , बड़ बाजा , Extirpate , tear up by the root

Boot up— छेन्न ह, रून मध्यक कृतियां एकता , Dig up-Strike at the root of—न्दन कृतीवांताक-ह, Eradicate.

Strike (or take) 2001—শিক্ত গাঁড়া , যুক্তাৰে বসা। Square root—বৰ্ণমূল।

planted OI Take root-4444-4; Become fixed :-- হাণিত-হ; Be established :-- বিভারিত-হ. fews-€ : To increase and spread. Take up by the root- 344-4; निर्म-इ. Eradicate ; extirpate. Rooted, a. 4549; Firmly fixed. Root-house, n. বুল রাখিবার বর ; মুল বারা নির্মিত পৃষ্ A place for keeping roots; house made of roots. Bootless, s. मृत्नुक , Destitute of roots. Boot-let, rootlet, n. कृष्ट यून : मल निवछ : উপश्न . A little root; a radicle. Root-stock, n. 本碑: (水灯 ) Bope, rop, n. রজ্, বনি, দড়ি; কাছি, A thick twisted cord or line :- v. i. কাছিতে পৰিণত-ই : To draw out or extend into a thread .- v. f. ! मिक निया वाथा , मिक वाक्या अथक-कृ ।

A rope of sand—বালির ন'ণ; বাণ্ডি; A feeble union, a bond or tie which is easily broken.

Give one rope—কাহ'কেও জ' াধা দেওলা। High ropes—আনৰ ; High spirit

Upon the high ropes—মাত ৮ ০০ , অংশকা।
With rope of halter round the nacis—
ফ্লিন কাৰ কাৰ্যাৰ কাৰ্যা, মান্ত মৃত্যুক্ত নিশ্লপ্ত (ইবা), Being in imminent danger of being hanged.

Rope-dancer, Rope-ganger, ল বজুপরি নর্ভক, বজুব উপর নৃত্যকারী, দেশবাভ প্রালী, One who walks on a rope.

Rope-dancing, n. महावादि ।

Rope-ladder, n. बस्कूब (नाशान ; प्रचित्र मण्डे ; Ladder made of ropes.

Rope-maker, n. রক্কাব ৷ [A maker of ropes Roper, rop'er, n. রক্জ-এজ চকাবী, রক্জ্নিয়াঙা; Ropery, rop'er-i, n. দড়ি এজ চ বিশোৰ ভান; রক্জ্ নিশাৰ ভান, A place where ropes are made.

Rope's and-नामनार्थ ब्रह्म ।

Rope-walk rop'wawh, Ropery, n. সভ প্রস্ত ভারত ক্ষিবাৰ ছাব; Place for making ropes — এজ বিশাপালয়; A long shed used for the manufacture of ropes.

Rope-yarn, n. নড়ি পাঞ্চীবাৰ স্থা. Yain tor Ropy, iop'e, a চট্চটে; আটাব, Adhesive, glutinous. n=ropiness, ad=ropily. Syn:—Stringy, viscous, ten icious.

Rorqual, n. তিনি বিশেষ, A genus of whales. Rosacoous, ro-záshus, a. পুশাসৰকীয়, গোৰাপ জাতীয়, Pertaining to the rose family of plants. Rosarian, n. Bed or garden of coses.

Bosary, io-zar-i, n কপনালা , কক্ত্ৰ , Stime of beads -- বেণাৰে গোগাপ কুট ; A bed of roses.

Rose, pt. Of rise.

Rose, rūz, n. গোলাগ পুপা বা বৃক্ষ: A plant and flower of many species; a rosette:—গোলাপের স্থায় বৰ্ধ; Pink, the color of the rose.

A bed of roses—হথেৰ শ্ৰা : হথেৰ জীবন ; এ very comfortable situation ; an easy life.

China rose, n. বৰা পূপ।
Red Rose—Badge of the House of Lancaster.

Under the rose—গোপনে; ব্যক্তি, একাশ না পায় ব্যক্তি, in secrecy, in strict confidence; with secrecy. Wars of the Boses—Wars between the houses of York and Lancaster.
White rose—Badge of the House of York.
Boseal, টেইc-al, a. গোলাপ কুলা; Like a rose.
Bose-apple. n. গোলাপ-ভাষ

Roseate, rufe-at, a. [ L. roseus-rosa, a rose ] গোলাপপুৰ্ব; গোলাপবছল, Rosy, full of roses:-গোলাপী; লোহিড, Bluoning; red; of a rose colour. Syn —Ruddy, blushing, mantling.

Rose-bed, n. সুপ্ৰা ; A bed of roses.

Rose-bud, n (शानात्त्र कृष्टि !

Rose-colour, n. গোলাপী बहु।

Rose-coloured—এমন স্কর মাহাতে লোক প্রভাৱিত হয়; Decembely fine. [ শেকার বৃদ্ধা Rose-engine, n. কাঁচানিতে বেখা ক্ষিত্র কাবেব প্রক Rosemary, idémar-i, Rosemarin, iofmaich, i L. 105, diw. mare, the sea ] কুল বিশেষ; ল্ডা বিশেষ, A পোন্ধা fragiant ereigreen shind, once used as an emblem of fidelity.

Rosotte, ro-zet, n. ফিঠা ছাবা দিশ্বিত কুলিম গোলাপ, An unitation of a rose by menns of a ribl on. Roso-water, 152-waw'tei, n গোলাপ হ 1, Scent d গানে from roses:—a. কৃত্বিভাগ্যম, Sentimental. [window like the leaves of a rose Rose-window, n. গোলাপানাৰ ব্ৰাফ, A curular Rose-wood, 152wood, n. ব্ৰেক্ল কেম্ব গোলাপানাৰ ক্ষেত্ৰ হৈছে ? The wood of a Brazilian tree having

Rose-work -- Articles made of tose wood.

a frag ance like that of rose.

Bosicrucian, a. জর্মন দেশের তারিক গুর-সঞা সম্বনীয়, ভারেক।

Rosin, rožin, দ. ধুনা . রজন , Resin from tarpentine . -- চ. রজন দিবা আবৃত-কু; To cover with rosin. [containing rosin.

Rosiny, rožin-i, a. বজনতবা, বজনগর্জ. Like or Rostor. n প্রাক্তমে কাথাকারীদিগের তালিকা, A list of persons liable of a military duty | beak Rostral, rostral, a চকু সমুল, Like a costrum or Rostral crown—A naval crown given to one who won a naval victo, being made of

gold decorated with buiks of ships. Rostrate, rostrat, Rostrated, rostrat-ed. c. हर्क्शविष्टे . Beaked. [ the form of a beak. Rostriform, a हक्त आंव आकांत्रविन्द्र, Having Bostrum, rostrum, n [ L rodo, rosum, to gnaw ] अकीन हक ; The break of a bird . brids beak :- জাহাত্ত্বৰ (চকু) অগ্ৰহাগ; Ship's beak, the head of a ship - ( ) , रहाजीय , Orator's pulpit. Rosy, 10fc, a. গোলাগী, গোলাপের স্থায় ক্রমন ; মনো-হব , গোলাপ-গোভিড ; Like a rose ; blooming ; blushing; charming; red, roseate n=i osiness Rot, rot. v. s. न्निड-इ; नहे-इ; निव्य-वा; Te decay, to become decomposed; corrupt, putrefy:-v. t श्रीलंड-कू; भाग ; श्राम ; श्रेमांन . To bring to corruption, to cause to be decomposed ; to make putrid :- n. 954 , 964 ; Decay ; putiesaction — আলুর রোপ বিশেষ, A disease of the pointo:-সেবজাভির পীড়া বা রোগ; A tatal distemper incident in sheep.

All rot—বাতে কথা। Botary, ro-tar-i, a. [L. rota, a wheel] ৰুণীৰ-নান, বাধ্যমাণ, বুণামান, Rotatory. Rotate, rotat, v. t. খ্ৰীড-ড়; আৰ্ডিড-ড়; To cause to revolve:—v. i. খ্ৰীয়মান-ছ; ঘুৱা; বাস পরিজ্ঞান-ড়; To turn round like a wheel, to turn round an axis.

Rotation, %. বুৰ্ণি; চক্ৰবং গতি; ব্যাস পরিবস্প; Revolution; a turning round like a wheel.

By rotation-चार्वकत्य ; श्यापिकत्म ।

Botstory, ro'ta-tor-i, a. যুণীয়নান; আবর্তনকারী; বুস্তাকারে পরিআম্যমাণ; Turning round like a wheel; going in a circle.

Rote, rot, n. মুধ্য অভ্যাস ; পুন: পুন: আবৃত্তি বা পাঠ ; Mere mechanical tepetition :—৮ ঃ. মুধ্য অভ্যাস-কু; Learn by rote.

By rote—কেবল মুখত ; By mere repetition, without the exercise of the understanding.

To learn by rote—মুখহ করা; অর্থ না ব্রিরা পুন: পুন: আরম্ভি হারা মুখছ-ক্র।

Botten, rotn, a. পচা; গলিত: প্তিগন্ধ : ছৰ্গন : আৰ্থ: Decayed; corrupt; putrefied; unsound:— বিশাস্থাতক, Treacherous. n=rotteness. Syn:— Carious, unsound. decetful, treacherous.

Rottennoss, n. कीर्वडा ; शनिडांवद्या ।

Botton-stone, n. পাতাদি ৰাজনাৰ্থ প্ৰচর্কু বিশেষ; A soft stone used in a state of powder for cleaning and polishing metals and glass.

Botund, ro-tund, a. (त्रान ; त्रानाकात ; नम्पूर् ; Round ; spherical ; entire. n=rotundness, ro-

tundity (বৰ্ণতা)।

Rotunda, ro-tunda, Botundo, ro-tundo, n. গোল ইমারং; গোল पद ; A round building. [45]। Rotundity, Rotundness, n. গোলাকারত : সম্পূ-Bouble, Ruble, n क्यावहिन्छ मूजा , आत्र २१० होका ; A silver coin of Russia. fligate ; a rake. Roue, roo'a, n. मन्नाड ; क्रक्रिय लाक ; A pro-Rouge, roozh, a. नान ; Ruhy ; red :- n. शारत पिरांत्र अक टाकांत्र लाग तह ; A red paint used to colour the checks or lips .—v. t. 可可 45-季; To colour with rouge :- v. i. लाल बढ्-कृ ; डेक्ट बर् बाना রঞ্জি-ক : To paint with rouge. f of cards. Rouge-et-noir, n. এक लकांत्र जांत्र (बना ; A game Rough, ruf, a. वज् द ; अनमान ; Not smooth ; uneven; not level; rugged; coarse:--অন্সৰ; আৰডোৰাৰডো; Harsh to the touch: - অপ্য ; मिर्डि ; Vague :- क्छांब ; करिन , कड़े ; Hush , severe; hard — অসভ্য , কল ; Rude; uncivil; unpolished; sharp :--বাজাকুল; প্রচত , উরা; पहिकामकुन, Stormy; tempestuous; boisterous; wild :- लामविनिष्टे , Hairy :- n. अमका वाक्ति , विवान-थित्र लोक ; वंगड़ांडियां गुल्कि ; A rude swaggerei ; a coarse bully; a riotous, turbulent, fighting fellow :-- v. t. वक्त-क ; विनीख-क ; व्यक्ति वन-क ; To render rough; to break in a horse, ad = roughly. n=roughness. Syn:-(a) Craggy, jagged; unhewn, unwrought, unfashioned, shapeless; uncut; shaggy, hirsute, bristly; unpolite, ungracious; blunt, bluff, brusque; violent; discordant, jarring.

A rough estimate (মাটাম্ট হিনাব; An estimate in general and not very extact.

A rough guess—মোটাষ্ট আৰাজ ; A opinion or judgment given at random and in general rums without attempt at precision.

In the rough—বেনৰ আছে তেননি; অপরিভার কাই-ছার; অনক্ষেত্ত; In the original material; in an unwrought condition; unpolished.

Over rough and smoth—পর্বত ও উপত্যকার উপর দিয়া; Over the ground rough and smoth; over hill and valley.

Bough and ready—ৰাছা তথনি তথনি বা তড়িবড়ি কৰ্ম্মে পরিণত করা বাইতে পারে; Capable of being promptly executed:—সরাসরি; Summary:— কট্কটে; তৎপর; Brusque.

Bough and tumble-अविशंतिक, त्रक्त ।

Bough customer—CFTFTF TOF, A trouble-some antagonist.

Bough diamond—খনংকৃত হীরক; প্রতিভা-সম্পন্ন লোক; বে ব্যক্তির বাহু কার্কপ্রের প্রভারেরে সন্তব্ধ থাকে; A diamond uncut and unpolished; hence, a person of fine natural ability without cultivation.

Rough it--कडेनस्-क, कडनकृत कोवनवान्त-क, Submit to hardship, puisue a rough or rugged course of life.

Rough-cast, v. t. এক্ষেটে-কু; আদ্বা-কু; To form in its first rudiments :— n. আদ্বা; মোটামুট নমুনা; Rough-draught, n. পাকুলকা, Rude sketch.

Bough-draw, v. t. (माठे मूटि आका , यूनकारन अधि उ-कृ ; Sketch slightly ; draw coarsely.

Rough-dry, v. t. हेन्रि ना कविया १०६-कृ।

Roughen, rul'n, v. t. বন্ধ- ক; অন্তৰ- ক; কৰ্ম- ক, To make rough: — v. s. বন্ধ- হ, অন্তৰ- হ; To become rough,

Bough-grained, a. অবিনীত; কর্মন ব্যবহারবিনিট্ট।
Bough-hew, v. t. অপবিভাবভাবে কাটা; আদরা-কৃ.
Cut out coarsely, give the first shape; hew
coarsely, n=rough hewer (যে নোটামুট খোগিত করে)।
Bough-hown—মোটামুট খোগিত, বজুব, অপারকাব,
অসম্পূর্ব; Rugged, unpolished.

Roughly, ad. अञ्चलात ; कईनवाल , भाषामूर्ड , Harshly ; rudely ; coarsely.

Roughly speaking—বোটায়টি বলিতে পেৰে। Roughness, স. অভয়তা ; অসভ্যতা , উহতা ; কাৰ্জ .

Harshness; severity.

Bough-rider, iuf'-rider, n. जनममनकाती; सन

বিনেতা, অবশাসক; One who breaks horses.
Roughacuff, n. অসত্য ব্যক্তি; নীচ লোক, A cour c follow.

Rough-shod, a. সনাল; কণ্টকান্বিত জুতানিশিণ, Having the shoes armed with points:—ad অপারের ক্লেশ অগ্রাফকারী; Regardless of pain or distress of others.

Bide rough-shod over—কাহাৰ উপৰ কণ্ড ক্লান, Be overbearing to; lord it over one বাৰ্ণৰ হ্ইবা কৰ্ম-কৃ; Pursue a course selfishly, regardless of consequence,

Rough weather-Stormy weather.

Roulette, n. মেজের উপর কল্ক-ক্রীড়া বিশেব; A game of chance played with a ball on a circle. Bound, round, a গোল; গোলাকার; Circular spherical, globular — সম্পূর্ণ; পূরা; পূর্ব; Complete; full; whole:—বড়, Large, great — মহল; সমান; Smooth:—সরল; Open; plain:—কিন্তা; চকল; Birsk:—ছিন্তা; নিশ্চন্তা, Positive, bold:—ad. চারিদিকে; চড়লিকে. Everywhere. on all sides.—গোলাকার্ক্রেশ, গাক দিয়া, Circularly.

— য়. বছল ; হক ; আবৃত্তি ; Globe ; circle :—পরিজরণ ; Tour ; circuit :—পর্বার ; Cycle ; succession :—আবর্জন ; Revolution :—বৃত্তাকারে নৃত্য ; A
round dance :—আরোক্শীর সোপান ; মইরের কোরা ;
Ladder ; step :—বৌদ পরিদর্শন ; পাত্তিরক্তের জনপ ;
নান ; Song :—Survey by a guard or officer :—
হক্ কারান নিক্ষেণ ; Volley :—prep. চতুদিকে ;
Around ; on every side of :—সক্রেল ; About :—
হু . বেইজ-কৃ ; বেইল-কৃ ; To surround :—সমাধানকৃ ; To complete :—সক্রেল-কৃ ; To make full :—
হু . ব্রাকেরা ; চতুদিকে-বা ; বৌদে-বা ; পরিজন্প-কৃ ;
To grow or become round or full. Syn :—(a)
Rotund, orbicular, cylindrical ; entire ; considerable ; plump ; chubby.

A good round sum—দোটাটাকা; A large sum. All round—চতুদিকে; চারিদিকে; In every direction:—সকলের দিকটে: To all parties:—সকলের সহিত; With all parties:—সকল বিবর; In all cases.

[ each man.

A round of catridges—One cartridge to A round robin—কোন লিখিড সরবাত বা আজিতে পাবে পরে নীচে সহি করিলে প্রথম ব্যক্তির নাম ধরা পাড়িবে, এইজন্ত সকলে গোলাকাবে সহি করে; A written petition or memorial signed by names in a circular form, so that it may not be known who originated it.

At a round rate—সত্তব : बीख ; Quickly.
Bring one round—কিরাইলা আনা ; ক্ছ-কু ।
Bring up with a round turn—হঠাৎ থাবা।
Go one's rounds—নিজেৰ এলাকার মধ্যে নিজের
কাকে যোবা; নোঁদে বা হলা ; Go about one's beat to
perform one's duties.

Go round—চারিদিকে ফিরে; Circulate among. Go the round of—পুন: পুন: পুন: পুন বেহান; Go over repeatedly:—একইন্নপ কাঞে নিয়ত নিযুক্ত থাকা; Go through the same series of duties over and over again. [Circulate all over the world. Go the round of the world—পূথিবীৰ সর্বাত্ত থাকা; In round numbors—মোটানুট ধরিলে; মোটানুট বিহানে; Approximately; in approximate numbers:—পুত্ত পেবে আছে এমন সংখ্যায় ধরিলে; In a number that ends with a cypher.

Round and round—Ta faca; Repeatedly sound; over and over again.

Bound off—সমাধান-তু; শেব-তু; Finish off. Run the round of—এক এক করিবা সক্ষত্ত কেরা; এক এক করিয়া সব শেব-তু; Pass through in succession.

To come round—হৈত্ত প্ৰায়-ছ; To revive.
To get round—ৰাবোগ্য নাত-ড়; To recover :—
প্ৰচাৰণা-ড়; ঠকান; To wheedle.

Round-about, rownda-bowt, a. বোরাল; বফ; স্বরল; Circuitous; encircling; indirect:—n. বিভানের আরোহণার্থ ভূতবের সহিত্ত সমান্তবালভাবে অবহিত বহু: A horizontal wheel on which children ride. In a round-about way—বুরাইরা বিরাইরা; In an indirect or circuitous way. [ tive saying. Bound-affirmation—বিশ্বর বাঙ্কা; Bold, posi-Bound-dealing—সংকর; Plain, open dealing. Roundol, n. বুর; A circle:—বুরাকারে ক্ষিত্র আরু বুঙা, A roun-delay.

Round-delay, n. এक क्षत्रोत शैष्ठ श् वृक्षा ; A song or dance in which parts are repeated. Round-game—एर र्यगांत अस्तरक रहांत्र (एव ; A game in which many join.

Round-hand—लांका लांक हांख्य होता।

Round-head, n. श्रीहोन मच्चानांव विदनत्वत्र त्वाच ; निक्रिक वाक्ति ; A Puritan,

Bound-house, roundhows, স. পোলাকার বাটা; A house of a round shape:—চৌকালারের বান-শালা; A constable's prison:—কাহাজের আকোষ্ট বিশেব; In ships, a cabin or apartment on the after part of the quarter deck. [round.

Bounding, a. পোল; প্রায় গোল, Round, or nearly Boundish, rowndish, a. विश्व भाग; श्राव গোলাকার, Somewhat round; nearly round.

Roundly, rowndli, ad. গোলাকারে; In a round manner:—স্টড:; Plainly; openly:—সপ্রকে; Fully; completely:—মাহনপ্রক; নির্ভরে; Boldly: —কিপ্রতাবে; Briskly.

Boundness, rowndness, n. বৰ্জাতা; গোনাকারত; The quality of being round:—বৰ্জাকৃতি; Cylindrical form:—শাষ্টতা; Plainness:—পূৰ্বতা; নপুৰ্বতা; Fullness:—মাহ্যিকতা; Boldness.

Round number—A number which ends in a cypher or that is divisible by ten; an approximate number.

Roundrobin, n. বহুলোকের গোলাকার সাক্ষর্ভ আবেদনগার; A petition with the name of petitioners signed in a circle. [sum.

Bound sum—ৰধিক মুদ্ৰা বা টাৰা; Considerable
Bound table—আৰ্থন নানক রাজা ও ঠাহার অনুচরবর্গ
যে গোলাকার নেজের চারিদিকে বসিতেন; The table
around which king Arthur and his knights sat.
Boup, n. নিলানে বিকর; A sale by auction:—u.
t. নিলানে বিকর-ক; To sell by auction.

Bouse, rouz, v. t. জাগরিত ক; জাগান; To raise up; to awaken; to arouse; উত্তেজিভ-ক; উজীপিভ ক; To excite; to agitate:—v. i. জাগিয়া উঠা; জাগিয়ত-ছ; To awake:—উত্তেজিভ-ড়; To excite to action:—n. নগাপানোধনৰ; A carousal. Syn:—Animate, kindle; agitate, surprise, startle; rise. Bout, rout, n. সাধাবৰ লোভ; লোকের ভিড়; জনতা; A large party; mob; crowd; rabble:—বোলমান; কোলাহল; Noise, uproar:—পরাজব; Defeat:—v. t. ভিন্নভিন্ন-ক; পরাজব; পরাজব ক; To defeat and disperse; to conquer. Syn:—(v) Distomfit, overpower, overthrow, scatter.

To put to rout-প্ৰাৱম ৰাৱা লভভভ-কু।

Route, root, n. गमन-११ ; तांदा ; १११ ; मोर्ग ; Course or way to be travelled ; road ; way ; passage. Syn:—Road, track, course, march.

Routine, १००६-२६, n. २८५३ शहा; निज कर्यक वावशा; Course of duties; any regular course of action; a round of business.

Routine of duties-- निडा कर्य।

Rove, rov, e.i. জন্ম-কু; গণাটন-কু; To wander over:—u.t. জন্ম করিয়া অভিজ্ঞান কু; To wander over; to ramble. Syn:—Roam, ramble, stroll, wander, range.

terate.

Bover of the deep— লাহাৰ; Ship.

Bow, তে, ন. ৰেণী; নামি; A line; a rank;
persons or things in a line:—কোনাহল; গৰনোল,
ক্যাড়া; Disturbance; a noisy squabble.

Row, v. t. গাঁড টানিয়া নৌকা বাচা; গাঁড গিয়া ঠেলা; To drive by oars; to impell with an oar v. i. গাঁড় টানা; গাঁড বছিয়া-বা; To be moved by the oars:—ল. কেপণী চালিড-ভরণী-বিহার, An excursion in a rowing boat. [or ado

Kick up a row - গোলমান- कृ ; To make a bustle Bowan-tree, त. वृक्ष विश्व ; Mountain ash-

Bowdy, row'di, n. স্বা, বদ্দাইন লোক, পালি লোক, Blackguard; notous, turbulent fellow -—a. পেল্লি; নভানি; বদ্দাইনি; Rowdynm; black guardism. [rowing what on horse's bits. Bowel, n. অবধনীন সংলগ্ন কুম্বন্ধ, A little oar in Rowen, n. ঘানের ভিতীয় বৃদ্ধি; Second growth of grass in a year.

Bower, n পোতবাহক, দান , One who rows.

Rowing. n নৌকা-বাহন, দভাকদণ। [Tit for tat

Bowland for an Oliver—মেন কৰ্ম ভেননি কল,

Row-lock, n নৌকাৰ পাখৰতী দাঁভ আটকাইবার বাঁজ,

A contrivance for supporting the oar in rowing

Royal, roval, a বাজকীণ; বাঙোটিত; বাজবং;

Regal; kingly—পোডাবিশিত, আড়ম্বনগালী, উচ্ছা,

Maginficent, splendd—সম্ভাত, মহৎ, উনার,

Noble, illustrious—n. বদ্ধ আড়াব কাগ্যন্থ লিকাৰ

A kind of large paper—উপৰবাৰ ভোট পাইল

বিশেষ, Highest sail of a slip;—প্ৰথম শ্ৰেণীৰ প্লাভিক সৈম্ব; Soldier of the first foot. Syn—(n)

Monarchical, imperial, kinglike, princely,
august, majestic, sup-rb

Royal Academy—The public school of art where annual exhibitions of paintings by his ing attists are held. [by law for the king Royal fifth—A fifth part of the spoil set apart Royalism, roy'al-izm n atsets, atsigning, attachment to the cause of a king instead of the people, adherence to kings.

Royalist, roy'al-ist, n র'ছভ্ড ব'জি, বালপক'ৰ লখী; রাজাহুগত লোক; রাভ্ড ত্রিক; An adherent to the cause of a king.

Boyal road—সম্ভ উপায়; A privileged or easy method —বায়বস্থা, বাদপথ।

Royal society, n হ'লতের প্রসিদ্ধ বৈজ্ঞানিক সভা বিশেষ, English academy of science

Boyalty, roy'al-te, ন. রাজবর্ষ, Kingship — রাজা, The person of a king or sovercing — রাজবিষার, Prerogative or privilege — শসুহ, রাজবিষ, Kingdom — বাজবিষ চিক্ত, An emblem of royalty — রাজ-বেলামি; বাজব বা কব, আবিধাববে বাপ্যাশ , A tax or duty paid to the crown or other owner as on the produce of a mine Syn:—Kingcraft, sovereignty, domain.

Bub, rub, v. t. মর্থা-কু, To apply friction to; to move one body along the surface of another with pressure:—পরিছাৰ-কু; To clean —মুছিয়া ফেলা, To erase; to wipe:—প্ৰ ম্বণ-কু, মৃদ্যান, To touch hard; to fret.—পালিদ-কু, ম্পন-কু, To polish.—পেপন-কু; মালিদ-কু, To smear—v.i. ম্বিড-হ; ম্বন্ট্যোচনা, To move against by friction:—ম্বংশ ক্ষুমাপ্ত-হ; বিষ্ক্ত-হ, Frei, to

chafe:—n. বৰ্ণ, বৰ্ণন; Rubbling; friction:— বাধা; নকট; Difficulty; obstruction:—বিহুপ, A pinch. Syn:—(v) Scrape, grate, abrade, wipe, clean, scour.

Rub against-गंका नांता ; Strike against.

Rub along-Get on in the best way possible.

Rub away—দূৰ-কু, মুছিলা কেলা, Remove by rubbing; continue rubbing.

Rub down—খাচড়ান, পরিকার-কু; Clean by tubbing, as a horse.

Bub off — সুছিবা কেলা, ঘৰ্ষণে বা স্পৰ্ণৰে অপনীত-কৃ, ঘ্ৰিষ্য ডোপা; Erase, take off (by friction or contact).

Rub on or along—কোন সকৰে মিলিবা জুলিয়া চলা . কন্তে ব্যক্ত চাৰাৰ , Manage to get on somehow. Rub out—মুছিবা কেলা , Erase ; wipe out ; obli-

Rub through-निर्मान ; Get through.

Rub up — পৰিবাৰ-কু, নাৰ্জিত-কু, উজ্জ্ল-কু; Polish, clean — চানকে বা, Poacaresh, as knowledge; revise — কাষ্য করিবার জন্ম উত্তেজিত-কু, জাগরিত কু, To rouse to action

There is the rub—এই পানেট বত গোলবোগ: দেট ত নুষ্ণিৰ, That is the p unt which causes trouble. Rubber, ruber, n. ঘ্ৰক, ঘৰ্ষণ প্ৰয়, One who or that which rubs — ন'ছানী নোচা ছথা, A coarse file.—তাস-ক'ড়া বিশেষ, Game at eards.—শান, ঘ্ৰষণ প্ৰস্তৰ; Whetstone.

Indian rubber—ছিতিছাপক নিৰ্বাস বিশেষ . বৰাৰ ৷ Rubbish, rub'ish, n. আ'ishai , প্ৰচলা , জলাল , মন্তলা , Waste mitter —িন্দৰ্থক বাকা , Nonsense. Syn — Fragments, ruins, debiis , litter, lumber, dregs, ti i h.

Rubble, এ পাঁধনিত বাবহাৰ আপরিস্ত প্রস্তুৰ্ভ ৷ Rubble, 100 bl. এ কণীবা লেণীয় মূদ্ বিশেষ . A Russian silver com about ৭, ৭d

Rubescent, a পে' হতাৰ আধিপাৰা; Tending to a red color

Rubicon, " डेडे कि (म्राम क्या मही।

Cross the rubicon — পান কোন কালে প্ৰকৃত চত্ৰা यां हें इंड बाब शि॰ देवाव (या नाई 10 adopt mersure from which it is not possible to re cde Rubicund, roo'he-kund, a [ L. rubicun lu from ruvere, to the red | न'न , शानानी , Ruddy n=rubicundity. Syn :- Plushed, reddi h, rox Ruby, roo'bi, n. [ L ruber red ] প্ৰাৰণ 4. off; A precious stone of a red colour - i's बल्ज , Anything red .- कृष मूख्यक विरम्य !-/ विक्य , नाम ; Red :- v. t. नान-कृ . To make and Rubric, 107'brik, n. बावका , विकि . निक्कि निवन Direction for the performance of the litu gy murction .— अद्भार अध्य प्रश्न , The tittle pire of a book. [ ted -a. नामवान किनि । Rubricate, v t. नान नान तन. To mark with Rub-stone, n भैलभाषद्र , A whetstone.

Ruck, ए. চ সমুটিত-বৃ, To winkle: —n. শ্ব. ভাচ। [of a ship Rudder, ruder, n. হাইল; কৰ্ব, Steering boud Ruddy, tude, a লাব, টবটকে মুহ; Reddish, of a red color; ted like. n=ruddness, ad-rud-

dily Ayn: - Florid, rub cund. Rude, rood, a. অধিনীত, অশিষ্ট, অনুভা; Uncivil, impolite; barbarous:—বাৰা; Boorish; unpolished:—কৰ্ণ ; হুল; (নাটা; অপৰিচ্ড; Harsh; rough; coarse; clumsy:—ব্যাত; Ignorant:—ইব; ভীক; Violent. m=rudeness. Syn:—Rugged, uneven, unwrought; ill-formed, crude, unfashioned, artless: uncouth, vulgar, raw, unskilful, illiterate, impolite; saucy, impudent, insolent, churlish; harsh, inclement, revere, violent, tempestaous.

Rudely, ad. কর্মপানে; তীবভাবে; Coarsely. Rudeness, স. অশিষ্টতা; অসভাতা; Incivility.

Rudiment, roode-ment, n. [L. rudimentum, from rudis, unwrought] স্তাপাত, আরম্ভ, উপজ্মিপিল। মূল্যতা; স্বাভন্ত; A first principle or element; beginning of any brinch of knowledge Syn:—Embryo, original. [বিদ্যানাগর। Rudiments of knowledge—জানাগুর, বোধোলন Rudimental, rööd-e-mental, Rudimentary, rööd-e-mental, Rudimentary, rööd-mentary, আদি; আদিন; আপনিক, বৌশিক; First; initial.—n. ভৈন্তা উহিদ বিশেষ; Medicinal plant. Syn:—(a) Rudimentary, embryonic; elementary, primary.

Bue, röö, n. ছাল; Sorrow: repentance:—v. t. ছাল-ক; বিশাপ-ক. অবভাগ-ক: To lament; to grieve for. Syn.—(v) Regret, repent of, grieve for, deploie.

Bueful, ròd'fool, a. শোকাৰুৰ; খেলজনক; অৰু-ভব; Sorrewful, sad, pitcous, almuctully, Syn: -Wolal, mournful, dismal, melancholy, lugubious.

Ruff, ruf, n. প্ৰবন্ধ , গলগজ বিশেষ ; Anything fitted ; planted collar : — জনচৰ পাদিবিশেষ ; A bird :—
মহস্ত বিশেষ ; A fish .— অভবাৰ :— ত. f. বড়ে বঙ্ক না
বিশা ভূকণ-কু. To trump at whist instead of following suit. fig=reeve.

Rufflan, ru'i-an, n. ছক্ত বা নিচুৰ বাজি; ৰহা; ভাৰাইত, ছতাকাৰী; ধুনিবা; ভঙা, A boisterous, brutal tellow; a robber; a murderer: a. নিছব: নিচুৰ, ছক্ত Brutal; boisterous.

Bufflanism, ruf'i-an-ism, n. লহাড়া; ভাৰাইডি; হুৰ্জ্ডড়া, Practice of a ruffian; conduct of a ruffian.

Rufflanly, ruf'i-an-li, a. ভয়ানক, মুখ্যসন্থ,
Ruffle, ruf'i, v. f. ভাল-কৃ. কৃষ্টিড-কৃ; To fold; to wrinkle:—ব্যাড-কৃ; আহির-কৃ; অলামেলো-কৃ; Agitate, discompose:—v. i. কৃষ্টিড-কৃ; বলো-মেলো-কৃ; দোলাবনা-কৃ; To grow rough; to flutter:—আভালন-কৃ; To swagger:—n. চুন্ট; কৌ; Fold; plait; frill:—লোলমাল: আলোডন; Agitation; commotion —চাকের নৃত্ শস্ক; A low beat of a dium. Syn:—(v) Pucker; disarrange, disorder; disturb, disquiet.

Ruffled, a. शाक्तिङ ; क्व।

Ruffler, n. 341 vife ; A bully.

Rufous, a. बारनाहिङ ; Reddish.

Rug, rug, n. क्यन; Coarse rough woolen cloth:

Bugged, rug'ed, a. जननान ; जानरहाशांतरहा ; Uneven ; rough :—সতেজ ; जनन : हक्क :—कर्डन : कह : नीडन : क्ष्म : Harsh ; rude :—वाही ; लाघान्छ ; Shaggy. n=ruggedness. ad=ruggedly. Syn : —Jagged, craggy ; crabbed, austere, wrinkled.

coarse, hard, severe; tumultuous, inclement, boisterous; inharmorious, grating.

Bugose, roo'gos, Bugous, roo'gus, e. কোৰডান ; কৃষিত ; Wrinkled ; full of wrinkles.

Buin, ròo'ın, n. [L. ruina—ruere, to fall with violence] নাল; কালে; উচ্ছেদ; Destruction; overthrow:—pl. কালোকোন; ভারাবনেন, Remains of buildings or cities:—v. t. নাল-কৃ; কাল-কৃ; উচ্ছেদ-কৃ; To demolish; to destroy; to defeat:—
দর্মিন-কৃ; সকালান্ত-কৃ, To impovenish. Syn:—
(n) Downfall, subversion, defect, perdition; mischief, bane, pest. (v) Overthrow, subvert, overwhelm; spoil, mar

He is a ruined man—তিনী দৰ্শনান্ত ইইবাছেল। Ruinate, v. t. বিনত্ত কু। n=nunation ( প্রাস্থা) Ruinous, roo'in-us, a. বিনাশক, বিনাশকৰক; অনিত্তকর; উজ্জেদকারী; ক্ষমকর, সাংবাতিক; Decaved; pernicious; fallen. Syn:—Dilapidated; wasteful, injurious, destructive, baneful.

Rule, rool, n. [ L. regula-regere, to keep straight] শাসৰ; প্রভুষ; Reign, government; sway - विवि ; निवम ; वावश , बाहा ; Regulation, principle , law ; precept , method .- \* | | A standard :- मुझलां ; Order -- त्वलां हानिवात यह , क्ल . An instument in drawing lines -- v. t. नामन-कृ, To reign; to govern :- नमन-कृ; वनीकक-क, To regulate, check ; control -- नानहां बांबा श्चि-क ; निरमित-क , To establish by decision :-कत-क ; माला कांत्र होना , To mark with lines :-ण. i. विहाब-क ; बीबारना-क . To decide ; to exercise authority: - गर्दा-इ, To lay down and settle :- गाउँ केलिन ; To stand or range, as prices. Syn: -(n) Control, authority, dominion, empire; canon, injunction; ruling, prescription, regulation; formula, test, criterion; principle, maxim; ruler. (v) Condict, led, direct ; reign, command, do nincer ; determine. A rule to show cause-कांत्र क्यांदेश अमर्थना क्ष बागांगांठत इक्त ।

As a rule—আংঠ এইকণ হইবা থাকে; সাধারণতঃ:
সচৰাচৰ; Generally speaking in the main;
usually. { practice.
As the rule—সাধাৰণ বিধি, As the general
Make it a rule—কোন নিয়মে চলা; Follow it as
a rule of conduct. [ national air.
Bule Britannia—ইংরাজের লাতীয় গীত, English
Bule of threo—( আছে) বৈবালিক; অন্তিত চতুর্ব;
Proportion, where three numbers are given to
find a fourth.

Bule of thumb—বোটামোট প্ৰণালী; ৰোটামুট নিবম; ৰোটামোট বাৰহা, Rough practical method; empiricism; rude process or operation.

Rule the roost - \* \* \* ; To domineer; to take the lead.

Rule with a rod of from—গীতন-তৃ; উপজৰ-তৃ; কটোৰ শাসন-তৃ; Govern tyrannically; tyrannical Ruler, rooler, n শাসনকর্তা, বাজা, A sovereign; a governor:—ক্ব; বেৰাৰত; An instument used in drawing lines.

Buling, rooling, e. প্রবল ; প্রভূত্কারী ; নির্মাষ্ট ; Predominant ; prevailing , governing ; chief : n. আনাস্তাদির নিশিষ্ট সময় । Ruling passion—श्रवन गरना छात : अधि श्रवना : वाडिक द्वात ; The feeling or passion which [ distilled from molasses. governs one. Rum. rum, n. मिना वित्नव, A kind of spirit Rumble, rumbl, v. i. 电影 电影 甲氧-克; 对思知等 甲氧-Z; To make a low, heavy, continued sound: continued sound :—পাড়ীর পন্চাতে বদিবার ভতাদের आंत्रज : A seat for servants behind a carriage. Rumbling, rumbling, n. बिर्दाद; गढ गढ़ नेय ; कड़ कड़ नाम ; A low, heavy, continued sound. Rum-bud, #. अधिविक महाशानक्रनिक नामिकानिव (काट्रक । Bumen, n. রোমছকদিলের উপরকার পাকহনী: The upper stomach of ruminating animals. Ruminant, roo'mi-nant, a. রোমত্বক; নিলিভ চৰ্বাণ্কারী; Chewing the cud:- n. রোমছক জন্ত. An animal that chews the cud, as the cow. Ruminate, roo'mın-at, v. i. বোগছন-ক ; জাবর कांका ; To chew the cud - किइ!-क ; कांवा ; To meditate: to muse. Syn:-Ponder, think, reflect, cogitate. [ again and again over Ruminate on-त्नान विवद निवड हिसा-कृ; Think Rumination, n. রোবছন : চর্নিত-চর্নণ ; The act of chewing the cud :- - - THIF; for ; Deliberate reflection. Rummage, runiaj, v. t. मित्राने अनुमनान-क ; To search narrowly by turning things over :v. i. उद्घ एड क्रिया व्यन्नकान-कृ; To search a place thoroughly:-- n. অব্সন্থান; ত্রাস; থোজ; A [ glass. careful search. Rummer, n. बृहद भानभाव दिर्गद ; A drinking-Rumour, roo'mur, n. [L. rumor, a noise] खनअंडि; উড়ো धनव: खनवर, खनवार; A current hearsay ; a flying report :-- খ. t. জনরব স্বারা প্রকাশ-कु; अन्द्रव-कृ; ब्रोनी-कृ; To report; to circulate by report. Syn: -(n) Talk, bruit, fame, news. Rumour is a afloat—बहे क्या नाडे। Rump, rump, n. (यक्रमध्य व्यवश्य , निउष ; शाहां ; The end of the back-bone of an animal with the parts adjacent, the buttocks :-- বিলাডী মহাসভা বিশেষ ; The remnant of the long Parliament. Rumple, rumpl, v. t. chipia ; कृष्णि क , हमडे वा कं|ब-क ; To wrinkle ; to make uneven :- n. चीव ; क्कन ; (कांड ; A fold ; a wrinkle. Syn :-(v) Crease, crumple, suffle, pucker, corrugate. Run, run, v. i. लोडान, क्र करवरन वा est; Step quickly ; move swiftly :—প্ৰায়ন-কু , সরিয়া পড়া ; Flee , fly :-- विष्ठ-ह ; To extend :-- धवाहिङ-ह , Flow ; त्रता ; Melt :-- विर्शठ-ह ; श्वादि शङो ; To discharge, as a sore :- ए. t. हालिङ-क ; शांविङ-क ; To cause to move swifty: -- বলে প্ৰকাশ-ক; পাৰা-দে; To force forward; to push :-- ছৰ-কু; পলাইয়া ঢালা; To fuse :- n. बांबन ; शोडन ; The act of running : –পতি; Course ·— কুত্ৰ প্ৰবাহ; Flow, a brook :-क्छ इरेड निर्शयन रा निःनत्र ; Discharge from sore : - (बोड़ ; Extent, reach : - अहनन ; अहान ; Prevalence: - ৰূলপথে অমণ; অলবাত্ৰা, Voyage:-জাহাতে অভিকাশ পুরত : Distance sailed —লোকের होश्कांत ; क्लांब्ल ; Popular clamour :--होकांत क्रक निहानिह ; Pressure as on a bank for payment : —बाबाबाहिक नवनावा ; Continued series. Syn :-

(v) Race, speed, hurry, hasten, scamper, rush; escape, retreat; glide, proceed; pass, elapse; spread, extend; continue, hold on; tend, incline; enter, pierce, penetrate; incur, determine; smuggle.

A run upon—কোৰ বাবে চাৰাৰ আৰু কিছু বা বড়ো-হড়ি; An uncommon pressure (on a bank or treasury for payment).

As things run—नहत्रोहत त्यन इत ; स्रोहीयूहि ।

Get the run upon-bibl-F!

Let go by the run—সমত একোরে বগাং করিবা কেলিবা বেওলা ৷ [ tion or sale. Have a run—চলন বা বিজয়-ছ; Have a circula-He that runs may read—চকিতের ক্সাব বেধিলেও ব্যিতে পারা বায়; দৃষ্টপাত মাত্র বৃথিতে পারা; The most careless observer may see at once.

Home run—গৃহে বা পূৰ্বাহানে প্ৰত্যাবৰ্তন।

Run about town, Go hither and thither. [ Pursue

Run after-পশাধান-ক; অভুসন্তৰ-ক; অভুধান-ক; Run against-ধাকালাগা, টোকাঠুকি-হ; To strike against while in motion.

Bun against time—Run as rapidly as poseble in order to ascertain the greatest distance that can be passed over in a given time.

Bun aground—জাহাজ চড়ার লাগা ; চড়ার আটকান , Strand a ship.

Bun a mine—ক্তুল খোঁড়ে; Dig a mine— (বাৰদ দিয়া নই করিবার উদ্দেশে) ক্তুল কাটা; Dig a pit under the earth and fill it with powder with a view to blowing up something.

Bun amuck—মনিয়া হইনা বাহাকে সন্মুৰে পান মাধিত বাবানানত; Run madly about attacking all out meets; rush frantically attacking all that convin the way:—স্বাগাৰ হইবা আক্ষমণ কৃ, Attack furiously.

Bun a race—(খোড) দৌড়বালি পেলা; এক দে ব দৌডান, To run in a comparative trial of speed, contend in running (generally used of hoiserace):—প্রতিশ্বী-হ; হুইরের মধ্যে আডাআডি বা রেলা রেলি চলা; Contend against:—(সং বা অসং ভাবে) লীবন বাপন-হ; Go through any given course, lead a certain kind of life.

Bun a rig—जामान-कृ. Have a frolic.

Bun a risk-বিপৰে পভিত-ই; To incur danger, to encounter hazard.

Bun at—ৰাজ্যণ কু; Attack. [ bat Bun a tilt—প্ৰতিবোগিতা-কু; To attack; to com-Bun away—প্ৰায়ন-কু; প্ৰাইরা বাহরা; Flee, escape; bolt away.

Bun away with—(হরণ করিয়া) লইয়া বাংগা।
Carry off:—শীল অবলখন-ক ; Adopt hastily —
মুরাইয়া-বে ; Drain —িবিবেচনা না কবিছা কোন তাব
ভাষা নীত-হ ; Be carried away by (a foolish
notion):—উৎসল্ল-বা ; Drag into ruin.

Bun counter to—ৰিপনীত-হ; To be contrary to, to be opposed to.

Bun down—লোড়াইনা তাড়া দিলা ছাত্ত-কৃ: হাত্ত-কৃ: Hunt, chase to exhaustion:—পতাত্তাবন বাবা অবসর করত: বৃত করা; Chase to exhaustion and capture:—তপরে চাপিলা ভ্রাইলা দেবলা; Cause to sink:—বিশা-কৃ; অপবাদ-কৃ; সপলত্ত্ত্ত্ত; Decry;

traduce; censure:-क्नान; ज्ञान-कृ; कीप-रू; Lower : reduce :- अनुहोहदा-पा ; Upset :- भारत-F; Crush; overthrow. [ At last; ultimatey. In the long run-अवत्नातः , निवत्नातः , आत्वातः Run down a coast-Sail along a coast. Run down a ship-काहां क ज्वारेमा (नवर्ता;

Run against ship and sink her.

Bun for an office—(कान भएनत कर आंधी-ह। Run for one's life—होतन वका कविवात कछ नवांप्रन , Run in order to escape great danger.

Bun foul of-पाका नाता, Come into collision with. Run hard-বিপদ্পত্ত ; Put in danger :- অতি-ছবিতাৰ পীড়িত-কু; অভিশন্ন জেদ-কু; বিদ্রাপ-কু।

Run headlong-त्वरत्र शांविक-ए ; To move rapidly and rashly:—বেগে প্রবৃত্ত হওবা; To engage in rashly or with undue haste.

Run high-अधिक-३: हिडा वा वाडिवा डिहा; Be intense, rage furrously.

Run in a groove-এकडाएव हजा : To proceed after a fixed method, to be unvarying.

Run in one's head—কাহারও মনে বা মাধার থাকা। Run in or into-आवन-क

Run in the blood—डेडवर्गिकावकाम आंध-इ : तक चित्रं का क्लीय-इ; To be hereditary, to belong to one by reason of his family relationship.

Run into danger-विशास शिक्ष । [or debts. Run into debt-4933-5, To contract a debt Run into excess-( (कान विश्व ) वांप्रावाछि-कृ . विशिक्त वाद्या ; Go beyond the proper limits in িবেডান। anything

Run mad after-coine किहुत क्छ भागत क्षेत्रा Run off-পলায়ন কু; Flee :-তাড়াতাড়ি সাল-কু; Finish hastily.

Run on-bei , biers etel , Go on ; continue in - অবিশাস কথা কহা; বলিতে থাকা; Talk in-मिला। cessantly about.

Run on all fours-कांड शहर खत्र निम्ना क्ला ; छिक Run one through—বোঁচা মাবিয়া একোঁড় ভকোঁড়-7, Stab one with a spear or sword.

Run out-( भन्य ) ( भन् - इ ; Expire ; be at an end:-क्रांख इ. नहें क्हेंबा यांख्या वा त्यांन शांख्या : Be wasted or exhausted, become wasted or extinct :-- (भाष-इ ; Terminate.

Run over-(গাড়ি বা বোড়া ঘাড়ে) চাপিয়া পড়া; Ride or drive over - नीच भार्र-कृ वा विलव्सा-कृ ; Consider or read quickly - চপুৰিবা পড়া. উৎবে গড়া: Overflow: -- সংকেশে আওড়ান, ভাগা ভাগা পরীকা-ক ; Recount or examine cursorily.

Run rampart-अखिविक পविवाद दुक्ष-इ, वाढावाछि-E : Overgrow the usual bounds ; become widespread.

Bun riot-ৰত্ত্ব বাড়িতে হব বাডিবা উঠা; অভ্যন্ত বাডিবা Est; Go to excess, act or move without contest. Run the chances- 46 पाछ-इ।

Run the eye over—একবাৰ চকু বুলাইয়া চাওয়া। Run the rig upon—जामान-क ; Play a sportive trick.

Run through-( अलवाय कविया ) উडाईया-त्म ; नहे-📭 : Waste ; squander :-- नीख नीख नयल बना . महब भार्त-इ, Go through hastily; read quickly :-वाणिया बाका ; वार्ष-इ , Pervade :- विश्व-क ; Pierce as with a sword :- किंडन पिया-या . Pass through,

Run to-आधार-ल : Betake one's self to. Run together-अक्टिंग-इ. Unite.

Run to seed—चवावशांवा श्वया ; वीटा श्वया ; वीटिय गांवर्षा , Become seedy :—विश्री-इ , निष्डव वा मिंड मेड़ि For ; Become old or worn out ; become spiritless or miserable-looking.

Run up-नृष्टि-कृ , राय करिया ज्ञान क्रांस हिमार राज़ान : Enlarge by additions, increase; swell or increase on account by additions :--এগিবে দেওয়া: Enable one to earn ( through all the succes ive steps ) :-ভাড়াভাড়ি ভৈযাব-কু, সত্ব ৰাড়া-কু; Erect hastily :-- मात्री-ठ ; Become hable for.

Bun upon-राम जाता , तंका ; Knock against ; strike upon :- Be in demand.

Run wild-अन वड-इ ; 'lo he unrestrained ; to be unreasonable; unlimited --- वदन वज्रदन द्वान मिडिया विस्तात (महैनार्थ (वर्षान ; Run about or roam as in a state of nature.

Run with-शाविठ-इ।

The run of people, The common run, The ordinary run—माधावन (लांक, अभव माधावन ; The generality of people; the ordinary kind.

The story or the rumour runs-( ) बाल, The tale or rumour going round is.

With a run-sole; मडमा ।

Run of luck-लोडांगा; A course of good fortune. A vagabond.

Runagato, # কংশতাাগী; A renegade -- পশাতক; Runaway, n. anisa, A fugitive -a. anisa; Fugitive .- প্ৰায়নপৰ ; Fleeing from danger or restraint. [ secretly from her home.

Runaway match-Where the bride runs away Rund, n. बनाराज्य भार्ते , मुदि। Rundel, n. 38, A circle -(21243); A small Bundle, n. महेराव कारा , किटी मिंडिन बान ; Step of a ladder; a round of a ladder. a=runic.

Rune, roon, n. अन्त्र वित्नव, Runic character. Rung, p. t. and pa. p. of Ring.

Bung, n. जिलिन शंभ, Step of a ladder : - नि 70 , A heavy staff.

Bunic, a. छिडेनिक छाठि वा छाता मचकीय ; Pertaining to runes, or to their language.

Runlet, Runnel, n. कुछ नशे : ट्यांडवडी ; A brook, a small stream.

Runnel, n. অতি कुछ महिर ; A small brook.

Bunner, runer, n. बावक , (नपान ; On who or what runs :- वा ; किशानमनकारा ; Racer :- पूछ ; Messenger :-- রজ্জু বিশেষ ; A rope.

Running, runing, a. (शोध्द वड दक्षिक ; Kept for the race :- वहनीन ; (नगरान ; हल९ ; Flowing : - मवन , महन ; Easy : - क्रिक , Successive :- n. দৌড , That which runs .- কত হইতে বিংসবণ ; The discharge of a sore.

Make good one's running—সমৰক-হ। [কু। Make the running—मोराउन श्रीवर अवि उक वृद्धि-Running comentary—পভিবার কালে মন্তব্য लिখन : Reflection and remarks made in the course of reading

Running fight-to att asset soits att. Will একজন পকাতে অপুধাবন-ক . পণাইতে পলাইতে পকাত্মা-বিত শক্তৰ সহিত বে বৃদ্ধ কৰা হব ; A battle in which the party fleeing keeps up the fight.

Bunning fire—ক্ৰমণত গোলা বৰ্ণ ; ক্ৰমণত বন্ধা-পিয় বৰ্ণি ; A constant firing of arms. Bunning horse—One that starts for the race. Bunning hunstman—A man in charge of

the dogs while hunting the fox.

Buning knot—A kind of knot made to slip or draw easily, or a snare for catching rabbits. Bunning titlo—প্ৰকের প্রতি পৃথার প্রকাশে লিখিত নাম: The title of a book continued from page to page on the upper margin.

Bupee, roo'pe', n. होड़ा ; त्रोशाजूजा ; An Indian silver coin usual worth about 25.

Buption, n. ডক; বিশাব; A breaking; a breach. Bupture, rup'ttir. n. [L. ruptura, from rumpere, rup'ttir, to break] ছিন্তু; ভেল, Breach:—আন-বৃদ্ধি; Herma:—ননোভক, বিবাল; অমিল; Dissension; breach of peace:—ভক; বিশাবল; The act of bursting:—v. t. ডেল-ড; ভালা; কিনী-ফ; To break, to burst:—v. s. বিলী-হ; To suffer to breach. Syn:—(n) Fracture, breach, break, disruption, dissolution; quarrel, altercation, contention, hostility.

The rupture of the spleen—দীহা-লাটা। **Bursl**, röör'al, a. [ L. ruralis, from rue, ruris,
the country] আয়; পাড়াগেলঃ ভূমিকণৰ সম্মীয়;
Rustic, pastoral.

Buralise, röör'al-iz, v. t. প্ৰায়-কৃ; পাড়াগেন্ত-কৃ; To render rural:—v. i. প্ৰায়-কৃ; পল্লীগ্ৰামে খাইয়া বাদ-কৃ; To become rural.

Rurelism, roo'ral-izm, n. जीताकी; जीताकीवन.
The state of being rural, rural-life.

Ruralist, त. नहीजांग्वामी; One who leads a rural-life.

Buse, rooz, n. [F. reuser, rehuser, to shuffle] কৌনল; হল; প্ৰবৃদ্ধা, Trick, fraud:—ব্যবংশ; A turning. Syn:—Attifice, stratagem, wile, deception, manoeuvre, dodge.

Rush, rush, v. i. [A. S. hreosan, to rush] বোগ বাবিত-ই; বেগে অগ্নৰ-ই; To move forward violently, to enter rashly and hastily:—n.মহাবেগ; বেগে অগ্নামন; A driving forward impetuously. Syn:—(v) Speed, career, dash, press, push.

Bush, rush, n. তৃণ বিশেষ: মল-থাগড়া; খাস, A plant; a grass:—জগদার্থ দ্রমা, তুক্ত বিষয়; Any thing worthless. [rushes.

Rush-bottomed, a. Having a bottom made of Rush-light, n. তৃণালোক; তৃণ-মজার প্রস্তুত বাতি, Taper with a rush wick. [of rushes. Rushy, rushi, a. তৃণময়, তৃণনির্মিত; Full of made Rusk, n. পিটক বিশেষ; A cake.

Russet, ruset, n. আমা পৰিছেল; মোটা কাণত , A country dress:—s মোটা; আমা , Coarse , home spun , rustic :—বালাটে; পটিলবর্ণ; Reddish brown. Russetting, Busset, n. আপেন কল; An apple.

Bussophobis, n. क्यांबेडि ; क्यांब्क ; Undue fear [ of Russia. of Russia. Russophobist-One who holds undue fear Bust, rust, n. लाहांत्र मतिहां ; मलिमछा ; मलक ; Reddish crust of iron :-- बाना ; Loss of power by inactivity :--উদ্ধিৰ-রোগবিশেষ ; A parasitic fungus : —v. i. মরিচা পড়া : মলিন-হ : To become rusty :-कान महकारत या बानक बाता नहे-इ; To impair by time and inactivity :-- v. t. मलाक्छ-क ; मजिहायुक-क ; To make rusty. Syn: -(n) Crust, dross; mould, mildew, blight, must. পরিশ্রম করা ভাল। Better rub than rust—আনত অপেকা অভিনিত্ত Rust in indolence—अन्त्र-इ ; Lead an inactive life; become dull by maction.

Rustic, rustik, a. আমা; Rural — অসভা; আছি .
Rude: —আডম্বরণুভ; নামাভ; সরল; Simple; artless: — আনসকত; Unadorned: —কুংসিত , তুল;
Awkword: coarse. ad-rusucally.

Rustic, n. প্রায় ব্যক্তি, An inhabitant of the country. Syn:—Pleasant, husbandman, clown.

Rusticato, rusti-kat, v. t. কিছু দিনেৰ কছ (বিদ্যালয় হইতে) দুবাছুত-কু; নগৰ হইতে বহিছত-কু; Banish for a time from a collage of town:—v. :. পল্লীপ্ৰামে বাস-কু. To live in the country. \*\*=rustication ( কলেকে ছাত্ৰের প্রতি প্রণক্ত শান্তি বিশেষ )।

Busticity, rus-tisi-ti, n গ্রামাতা; The state of being rustic, rustic manners:—সরবতা; আড়ম্বর শ্বতা; Simplicity:—অসভাতা, Rudeness.

Rustle, ruil, v. ं. शहमाइ-कृ, श्रम् श्रम् मन्न-इ; To make a noise, as of silk or straw:—n. मर्द्रड श्रच ; श्रम् श्रम् नन्न, श्रम्श्रमानि , A rustling.

Rustling, rushing, n. मध्य क्षति , सद सत्र सत्य ; A quick succession of small sounds, as of dry leaves or straw.

Rusty, rusti, a. মরিচা ধরা; মরিচা গড়া; মলারত, Covered with rust:—নিত্তেজ, ভোচা; Dull. ad rustly, n=rustness.

But, rut, m. চাকার ছাগ ; চজার : গর্জ : Track left by a wheal:—শুসার ; সক্ষেত্রা : The copulation of animals, as of sheep :— v. f চাকের দাগকু; To form ruts in :—সক্ষ চেষ্টা-কু, সক্ষ-কু; To seek in copulation; to cover in copulation— v. i. কামুক-হ; দেশ-ক; সক্ষেত্র জন্ধ ব্যক্ত-কু; To fust, said of animals.

Ruth, n पत्र। ; कल्पा ; क्ला , Mercy ; tenderness. Ruthful, a. मण्ड , चण्डक्षण , Merciful.

Ruthless, roothles, a. নিচুম; নিশম; নিশম; Cruel, without pity. n=ruthlessness. ua=ruthfully. Syn—Pitiless, merciless, unrelenting, inexorable, fell. Ruttish, a. কামুক; Wanton.

Rutty, a. গর্জপুর্ব, Full of ruts. [ coarse corn. Rye, ri, n. গরের নত পত্র বিশেষ. A genus of Rye-grass, ri'gras, n. ড্ব'; মান ; Coarse grass. Ryot, ri'ut, n. প্রভা; মাইছড; কুম্ক; A Hindu cultivator; peasant.

S-ইংরাজি প্রিলার উনবিংশতি বর্ণ বা অকর The 19th letter of the English alphabet.

Sabaism-See Sabianism.

Sabbatarian, sab-a-tári-an, n. ৰে বিপ্ৰায় দিবনৈৰ নিয়ম পালৰ করে; রবিধার-প্রতিপালক; A very strict observer of the sabbath:—a. বিপ্রায় দিব বা বিপ্রায়দিন পালক স্বন্ধীয়; Pertaining to the Sabbath of to Sabbatarians. n=sabbatarianism.

Sabaoth, sa-baoth, n. দৈক্তৰসমূহ; Armies. Sabbath, sabath, n. বিজ্ঞাম দিবস; রবিবার; (বিহুলীনতে শনিবার); The day of rest.

Sabbath-breaker, n. বে ব্যক্তি ব্ৰিবাৰ বিলাম দিন ব্লিয়া প্ৰতিশাসন কৰে না; One who profanes the sabbath.

Sabbath day's journey—A distance of nearly a mile, which the Jews were allowed to travel on the Sabbath.

Sabbatic, sab-atik, Sabbatical, sab-atikal, a. বিপ্ৰান দিব সম্বন্ধীয়; প্ৰাচ-সম্বন্ধীয়; Pertaining to or re embling the Sabbath.

Sabbatioal year—প্রতি সংঘ্যর্থ ; Every seventh year, in which the Israelities did not till their fields or vine yards.

Sabianism, sabi-an-izm, Sabaism, sabaizm, n. আরব প্রভৃতি দেশেব ধর্মবিশেব; চন্দ্রপ্রাদির পূজা, The worship of the heavenly bodies, angels &c, as well as of the deity.

Bablo, sibl. n. নকুল জাতীৰ কন্ধ বিশেষ; Weasel like animal:—ইচার লোম বা পাম. Its fur:—
কুমবর্ণ; Black colour:—পোকস্তক পরিচ্ছণ; A funeral robe:—pl. হুংখ; শোক; Mourning; sadness:—a. নকুলমাতীর জন্তব লোমজাত, Made of the fur of the sable:—কুমবর্গ, Black, dark.

Sabre, Saber, n. থকা বিশেষ; অসি; A crooked word:—p.t. ভৱবান্তি বাবা আহত বা বধ-কু; To wound or kill with a sabre.

Sabre-tache, n. 54(4); A leather case.

Sac, sak, n. ধৰে, ভিভি; কোৰ; A bag; pouch. Saccharine, a. শাক্রিক, চিনিবিশিষ্ট, Pertaining to sugar:—কৃষ্টি ; Sweet.

Saccharometer, n. জনীয় দ্ৰব্যে পৰ্করা নিরুপক যন্ত্র ; An instrument for measuring.

Sacordotal, sas-ér-dotal, a. প্রেছিড সম্বন্ধীর; বাজকীর; প্রোছিড সংজাত ; Priestly; belonging to priests. n=sacerdotalism.

Sacerdotal caste—প্রোহিত কাভি।

Sacordotalism, sas-dr-dotal-izm, ন. পুরোহিতের ভাব , বাদকের আবাা , পৌরহিব ; The spirit or style of the priesthood.

Sachel, n. ছোট বলি; A little sack. [chief.]
Sachem, n. অধিনায়ক বিশেষ; American Indian
lack, sak, n. [F. saccager, rob] থলে; বোৱা;
বযা; Bag:—বাহিবের পোষাক; বাহু বৱ; Loose
upper robe:—বল বিশেষ; Spanish wine:—সূঠ;
স্থান; Plunder; pillage:—n. f. ব্যান্তে বাধা;

খনেজাত-ট : বভাগৰি-জ : To put into a sack : to bag :— সুঠ-ফ : বুঠন-ফ : অপহরণ-ফ : উৎসর-ফ : To plunder : to ravage. a—sackful (খনে ভরা)।
Syn:—(v) Pillage, rife, waste, spoil, devastate.
To get the sack— ভাগিত বা অলাপ্যত-হ।
To give the sack—কাব্য হইতে বিশাস-দে, To dismiss from employment.

Sackerine, a. চিনিন্দৰশ্লীৰ; Belonging to sugar. Sack-but, n. পিতলের শানাই, A kind of lyre.

Sack-cloth, sakkloth, n. চটের কাপড়; গুণ্চট; A cloth of which sacks are made:—প্ৰাকালীৰ পোকস্টক প্রিছেল; A kind of coarse cloth formerly worn in mourning or penance.

In sack-cloth and ashes—অনুতানেৰ বেলে; বিভৃতি ও ক্ৰল ধানৰ কৰিবা; With the customary tokens of grief and penitence:—অনুতাই ক্ৰদেৱ; In grief and repentance:—ক্ষত্ত অপনানেৰ বিষয় মনে কৰিবা, With a feeling of deep humiliation. Sacking, saking, n. ধলে অন্তত ক্ৰিবান কাণ্ড; চট; Cloth of which sacks are made.

Sacrament, sakra-ment, n. পুটার বর্ষের অষ্ঠান বিশেষ; প্রভার ; Chief christian rite; eucharist; Lord's supper.

Bacramental, a. প্রীয় ধর্ম ব্যবস্থা সম্বনীয় ; Per taining to sacrament. ad=sacramentally.

Sacred, sakred, a. পৰিব ; প্ত ; Holy ; consecrated . religious :— শলকাৰীৰ ; Inviolable. n = sacredness, ad = sacredly. Syn :—Divine, hallowed, devoted, consecrated ; pious, inviolable, venerable, sainted.

Sacred to —পৰিত্ৰ ছান ৰলিবা সন্থানেৰ উপৰ্ক : Inviolable (as being sacred), entitled to the highest reverence.

To hold sacred-পৰিত বিবেচনা কৰিবা।

Sacred Band—The Theban regiment of 300 young hoplites belonging to the best families of Thebes who were united with each other by ties of intimate friendship.

Sacred fire—अव्दर्धां ।

Secredly, ad. Magesta; Holily.

Secrodness, n. প্ৰিত্ৰতা, অলজ্বনীৰতা, Holiness. Sacrifice, sakre-fiz, n. [L. racer, sacred, facto, to make ] বাগ; হোম, বলিবান। Offering to a deity; the act of sacrificing —উনস্গ, তাগ, Abandonment; giving up:—নাল; Destruction:
—v. t. বলি-দে; ধর্মাধ্যের বছ কু; উৎসর্গ-কু; To offer to the gods:—হত্যা-কু; মাল-কু; তাগ-কু; To destroy; to give up:—v. i. মেবোন্দেশে সাব্জী বিবেশন কু, স্বরোন্দেশে উৎসর্গ-কু; To make offerings to God. n=sacrificer ( প্রক; বাজক)। Syn:—(v) Offer up, immolate; surrender, forego. (n) Immolation, offering, oblation; surrender.

At a sacrifice—কৃতি বীকার করিয়া। Horse sacrifice—ক্ষেত্র। Imperial sacrifice—নাৰপুৰ বন্ধ। Sacrifice at the altar of—কোন কিছুব থাতিবে বিষয় বৰ্জন-কু, Forego or give up anything for the sake of.

Sacrifice of one's own self—আন্নোৎসৰ্গ। Sacrifice to—কোন কিছুদ্ৰ জন্ম নিজেদ্ৰ বিশ্ব বস্তু ভাগিন কু Give up (something that is dear to one) for the sake of

Sacrificial, sak-ri fishal, a ৰজীয়, বজ্ঞ সম্বনীয় হ্ৰনীয় গোনাখাগা, উৎস্থাসাধক, Relating to or consisting in sacrifice, performing sacrifice, employed in sacrifice.

Sacrificial vessel-ৰজগাত ৷

Sacrilogo, sakri-lej, n পৰিত্ৰ বস্তুৰ অপন্নবহাৰ; Profanation of a sacred place of thing — দেববাপহরা, The breaking into the place of worship and stealing there form

Sacrilegious, sak-re-it'ie-us, a. অবধাকৰণে অপবিনীকৃত, দেশল' 'হন্দণ দোৱে বল্ধিত, অধর্ম, অপ-বিত্র, Prolane, violating sacred things, im pious n=sacrilegiousness, ad=sacrilegiously. Syn —Irreverent, deserrating

Sacrist, sikrist দ ধর্মাণ্ড্রেব প্রবিচারক সিশেষ A section, a duri tan [sexton Sacristan, দ ধর্মান্দিবের ভোষাধানার অধ্যক্ষ A

Sacristy, sakristi, n শশ্বনশিবের ত্রবাণ ব বা

Secrum, n মেক্লণ্ডের নিমন্থ কন্মি বিশেষ, পৃষ্ঠ ব'লোর নিম্নতালে হিত অধি।

Sad, sad, a [A. S sad, werry] পোনারুল, পোকার্ড, বিষয়, সন্ধিল, মান Mournful, sorrowful, gloomy — পান্দি হুণ Wicked nau hty—পোনার , Causing orrow ad=sadly r=sadness Sy:—Sorrowful de pondin, depressed, checrle J, deject d dwin it Joomy, dismal, lugubrious, gricvous, afflictive, calamitous, deplorable, duk, dull heavy

Sadden, sadn, v t হু. ২ড় lo make sad v া হুৰ্বিট হু To grow sid

Saddle, sad, n জিল, S at put on a horse —

ज t জিল বাগান জিল বাগা, াখিত ই ভাগ চাগান,

To put a saddle on load, bander, encamber

A saidle roof গোচালা।

[ Lack
In the saddle—বেডোৱ ভগব (চড়া) On horse-

Baddle horse—ा व । वाजी। Baddle with—होत्र ह , Burden with

To put the saddle on the right horse-লোমীৰে নিন্দা ক প্ৰকৃত দোষীৰ প্ৰকি গোৱা যাপ কু, To impute blame where it is really de cryed Well or firm in the saddle—দুচভাৰে কিন্তু,

Firmly cated or cettled

Saddle-bow, a ভিনেব ক অণ্ড'ণ। [of sad Ilcs Saddler, sadler n জিননিখাতা, চিনক'র Maker Saddlery, sadler 1, n ভিন প্রস্তুত কবিবাধ উপাদান, The material for saddles

Sad dog— ৰাদাৰি প্ৰিয় লোক A merry fellow a Sadducean, a বিন্তা সম্প্ৰায় বা ধন্মত সম্বন্ধ য়, Belonging to the sudduceus or to their doctrines Sadducee, দ প্ৰকালেৰ জাৱিত ন্যমে অবিযাসী বিচন। সম্প্ৰায় বিশেষ, One of a Jewish school or party who demed the resurrection of the body, the existence of spirits, and a future state

Badduoeoism, n. तिस्वीिंगशत शतकात अवोकान,

The tenets or opinions of the Sadducees, denial of the resurrection [fully, heavily Sadly, ad ছাণ্ডভাবে, ক্ষমনে; অত্যন্ত, Sorrow-Sadness, n বিশ্বতা, শোৰ, ছাণ্ড, Scrious gravity, grief, woful expression Syn—Sorrow, heaviness dejection, melancholy, dejectedness, gloominess, mournfulness

Safe, saf, a নিৰ্কিষ্ণ, নিরাপদ, Free from danger secure, trusty — অনুধ্ , অকত দেহ, Uninjured, unharmed — n নিবাপদ হান, Place of safety — লোহার দিন্দুক, Iron-chest — বাদ্যাদি রাখিবার আন নারি, A chest for meats Syn —(a) Unendan geied, unhaimed, unscathed, unhurt, sound projected guarded, sure trust-worthy, reliable Safe and sound— কিবাক, Perfectly safe and in good condition

Safe-bind, Safe find—বত্ব করিয়া দ্বাদি রাখিনে সময়ে গাঁওবা বায় Things carefully kept will be found afe when wanted

Safe conduct, n ি সিত্তে গমনাৰ্থ অভ্যন্তাৰ বা লাই চ পৰোহানা অভ্যপত্ৰ চ চ চিক্ত Free pass throu h an enemy s forces, wair int of security.

Safe-guard, sif paid n ৰকা Protection — পৰোধানা , অভয় পত্ৰ ভাগ চিটি , দত্তক A gun i warrant or pass-port to protect a taveller —n ৰকা ক, Guard Syn —(n) Defence, convey escort, passport

Safely, at । निर्माष्ट्र , निर्नाशक।

Safety, Safeness, n নিরাপন, নির্কিছতা, রহা Freedom fron danger or loss, protection স্থান কম্ম Close critoly [till Safety-fuse, n ন্ব বিশেষ, A water-proof wow Safety-famp, Inlang n তাৰ ভাষাৰ প তেল, A lump s intounded by wire-pauze u i for only in mine.

Safety match, n বিশালী নিৰ্মাণানাই।
Safety-volve, safin valv, n বাপা সৰ্থ , বাপা নিমানে ধ ব বা গছা A valve to facilitate the c cipe of steam and prevent explosion—নিগমন Vent—নাগা বসা ববে, Safe-quard

Safflower, n বুস্ম কুল An annual flower Saffron, sajrun, n. জাকধান কুমুন, Crocus a colouring sub tance prepared from its flower —a গাচ পীত্ৰণ, Drep yellow

Sag, v t বসিষা যা দাবিবা যা To settle Saga, গাঁলু এ গাঁকি, বাব্য A tale, a saw, ১২৬ ালু —স্যাতিনেভিয়া দেশীয় কিম্মন্তী, A Scandanavian legend

Sagacious, sa-grishe-us, a [L sagax, from sapire to perceive quickly] উন্মুদ্ধি, মুন্দ্ৰশী নিচনণ, বুজিমান, জানী চতুর, সত্তৰ্ক, Acute wise, shrewd, discerning —তীক্ষ মাণশন্তিবিলিঃ
Keen scented ল = sagaciousness (চতুৰলা, বিশেষ্ট্র)। ad=sagaciously (চাতুগ্যাহকারে)। Syn —Shrewd, sige judicious, intelligent, shaip-witted, longheaded

Sagacity, sa gase-te, n. বিচক্ষণতা; তীক্ব্ধি স্বাদন, চতুবতা Acuteness of penetration, shruwdness Syn —Acuteness, sharpness, a stuteness, discernment wisdom, judiciousness Sage, sig a [L. sagus, wise man ] প্রাকৃ, জানী

श्रीक, विश्वक, Wise, discriminating, prudent

— হৰিক বাজি; জানী বোষ; A wiseman:—উছিদ বিশেষ; A garden herb:— এগাচ দাৰ্শনিক পণ্ডিত; A grave philosopher. n=sageness (পাণ্ডিত); প্ৰাজ্ঞতা)। ad=sagely (বিজ্ঞতা সহকারে)। Syn:— Judicious, prudent; sagacious, sapient, intelligent, knowing, shrewd, acute.

Holy sage-वि ; मूनि ; उनवी।

Sagittal, sajit-al, a. [L. sagitta, an arrow]
শরসম্মীয়; তীর-সদৃশ; Pertaining to, or like an arrow.

Bagittarius, saj-i-tári-us, n. ধৰুৱাশি; বৰমবাশি; The Archer, one of the 12 signs of the zodiac. Sago, ságo, n সাভ; সাভাগা; A dry starch produced from the pith of several palms in the East India Islands &c., used for food.

Said, p. t. and p. p. Of say:—p. a. ক্ষিত; উন্ধা Sail, sail, n. পাল, A sheet of canvas, &c. hoisted on the mast — জাহাজ; A ship:—জলপথে অনৰ; A trip or excursion in a vessel:—v. i. পালভ্যে-বা; জলপথে-বাওয়া; জলবানা আন্ত-কৃ; To be moved by sails; to set sails; to go by water —v. t. আকাশমাৰ্গে উড্ডীন-হ বা উড়া;—জলপথে গমনাগমন-কৃ, (পোডালি) চাবাল; To navigate.

Full sail—সকল পাল পুলিযা।

Loose sails—পাল ছাডিলা-দে। [of sail. Make sail—Extend an additional quantity Sail close to the wind—ভাগ বা উচিত্যের নিকট নিকট-যা। [sail.

Set a sail—পাল বিভাৰ-কৃ : Expand or spread the Set sail—জনপথে ভ্ৰমণ-কৃ : Mike a voyage.

Sails under false colours—চলনা করিবার টেষ্টা-ক , Pretend to be what one is not; to try to deceive. [tent of sail. Shorten sail—পাল কৰাট্ডা-জে , Reduce the exstriko sail—হুঠাৎ পাল নানান , হার্মানা ; Lower the sail suddenly

Take the wind out of one's sails—কোন স্বিধায় ৰঞ্চিত-কু। [ spread. Under sail—পালভবে চালিত ; Iffrying the sails

Sailable, a. ভাহাজ দিব গমা; Nevigable. Sail-cloth, saikloth, n. পাল প্ৰস্তুত কৰিবাৰ

কাপড়, কেখিন ; A strong cloth for sails. Sailor, n. জনবাকী; জনবান, He who, or that

which, sails. [ sailing, Sailing, \*. পোডবাইন; সমুদ্র-বান. The act of A sailing boat—ৰে নোকা পাণ্ডিবৰে চলে।

Sailing orders - Orders for sailing.

Sailor, sailor, n. নাবিক . মালা ; পালাসী ; Mariner, seaman, sea-farer, tar, navigator.

Sail-yard, n. পালিকত। [der-plant. Sain-foin, n. উড়িছ্ বিশেষ. A leguminous fod-Saint, Sant, n. [L. sancio, to render sacred] গান্ধিক ব্যক্তি, কবি, নাৰু; নিছ পুক্ষ; A holy person, one eminent for piety and virtue:—রোমান কাথিনিক বর্ণের মধ্যে পানীর বাক্তি; One cannonised by the Roman Catholic Church.

A patron saint—অভিভাবক বৰ্গদৃত। Saint Andrew, n. Patron of Scotland.

Saint Andrew's cross, n. Flag of Scotland. Saint Andrew's day—30th November.

Saint Bratholomew's day, 7. August 24th; slaughter of the Huguenots at Paris.

Saint Brice's day, n. Slaughter of the Danes in England.

Saint Cecilia-Patroness of Music.

Saint Donis, n. Patron of France and Portugal. Sainted, santed, a. পৰিত্ৰ ; দিছ ; Made holy ; sacred :— বৰ্গীৰ , বৰ্গত ; Gone to heaven.

Saint George, n. Patron of England.

Saintly, a. সিদ্ধাৰ, সাধু, গবিত্না; বিষয়; পৰিছে। Saintly, santle, Saintlike, santlik, a. প্ৰায়া জনোচিত, Like a saint. Syn:—Devout, religious, holy, godly, pious,

Saint Nicholas-Patron of children.

Saint Nichola's clerks—(tota; Thieves.
Saint Patric—A postle and patron of the Irish.
Saint Peter's church—The grand church
at Rome.

Saint Simonian, n. A follower of Saint Simon, who recommended a community of interests as a cure for all social evils.

Saint Stephen—Patron of Hungury. Saint Valentine, n. Patron of Lovers.

Saint Valentine's day, n. 14th Febuary.

Saint Vitus' dance, n. Chorea.

Sako, sak, n. [ A. S. sacu, sac, strife ] উদ্ভেশ্ব; কাষণ ; হেড় ; জন্ত ; বাতিষ ; Final cause ; purpose ; end , account; regard. Syn:—Reason; regard, respect, consideration.

For conscience' sake—বর্ণবৃদ্ধির অনুরোধ ; বর্ণ্থ-মত বা বর্ণজ্ঞান বজাব বাধিবার নিমিন্ত ; With a view to maintain what one's conscience tells, to avoid acting against one's conscience.

For its own sake—কোন বিষয়ে আন্তরিক জনুবাপ বশত:; From a natural loving towords it, from a love of it [ to God. For God's sake—দোহাট ঈববেব: Out of love

For God's sake—গোহাট স্বৰেৰ; Out of love For one's sake—কাহাৰৰ জন্ত; On one's account:—কাহাৰো খাঁডিবে; Out of regard to.

For the sake of—জতে : খ'হি'ৰ, On account of:—লাভ বা ৰকা কাৰবাৰ নিষিত্ত; For the purpose of obtaining or securing. [Salutation; homage. Salaam, Salam, n. ডেলাম; দেলাম; বৰকাৰ; Salacious, sal-áshe-us. a. [L. salaz. to leap] কাৰ্ক; কাৰ্ক; Lustful. Syn.—Lewd, lecherous, lascivious, wanton, prurient; exciting, stimulating, voluptuous

Salad, salad, n. কাচা পাকের চাটনি বা ঘট; কাচা পাকেব বালেন; Raw herbs dressed with oil, vinegar. [of soda and salt.

Salaeratus, n সোড়া ও লবণেৰ মিল্লণ. A mixture Salamander, sala-man-dér, n. স্বীকৃপ; কুৰুলাৰ; A repule once supposed to be able to live in fire. Salamandrine, sal-a-mandrin, a. অধিকছ; Enduring fire.

Sal-anmoniae, n. নবণ নিশেষ , A salt. Salaried, sala-rid, c. বেচনস্কু ; বেচনপ্তাইী , বৈত-নিক : Receiving a salary.

Salary, sala-re, n. বেডন; মাহিনা; মজুবী; Wages, pay:—v. t. বেডন-দে, To pay salary. Syn:—Stipend, hire, allowance, remuneration.

Sale, sal, n. ৰিক্ৰ ; Selling ; the act of selling :
— বাজার : Market :— নিলাম ; Auction :— ৰাই ;
ধাপ . আব্যাক্তা Demand.

On sale, For sale-বিজয়াৰ্থ ছাপিত। Saleable, sala-bi, c. विद्या ; विकारगंता ; That may be sold; being in good demand. n = sale-[ who sells goods. ableness. ad-saleably. Salesman, saleman, n. বিক্রেডা; বিক্রকারী; Qne Salic, salik, a. क्वारमय बाह्म-विरमद मःक्वांख ; Denoting a law as in France, by which males alone can inherit to the throne. Balicine, #. कत्र खेरण विरम्य । Balient, sale-ent, a. [ L. saliens, ppr. of salire, to leap ] अशान ; नारे अकानमान ; मूना , Prominent ; chief; conspicious :-- नक्कांब्री; Bounding :--विश्वीयो : Projecting outwardly. ad = saliently (প্রকাপ)। n=salience. Syn :-- Projecting, jutting, in relief; striking, remarkable. Saliferous, a. [ L. sal, salt, fero, to bear ] नवर्गार्शनक ; Producing salt. Salify, sali-fi, v. t. न्त्र-क ; To combine with an acid in order to make a salt. Saline, salin, a. नव्यक ; नाविष्य ; Consisting of or containing salt :- n. नवामादन : देवका नवन ; A salt spring. n=salineness. Salinometer, n. যত্ৰবিশেষ । Saliva, sa-li'va, n. जाना ; Spittle. a = salival, salivary ( नाना-निःगातक : नानावादी )। Balivary glands-नाना-निःमातक अनी । Salivate, sali-vat, v. f. অতিবিক্ত লালা উৎপাদন-কু: শাৰাপ্ৰাৰ করাৰ: To produce an unusual amount Salivation, sal-i-váshun, n. অভিবিক্ত লালা নিৰ্গ-यन : लाला निःमत्र : An unnatural flow of saliva. Sallet, n. निवतान निरम्य ; A helmet विमुद्धम् । Sallies of youth—योवनकात्तव बात्मामश्रामा वा Sallow, salo, a. शिज्ञलवर्ग विशिष्ट ; जैवर शिठवर्ग ; ল্লান; মলিন; Of a pale, yellowish colour:-n. वक वित्नेव ; A tree. n=sallowness. Bally, sale, n. क्ठांद विक्रांमन ; विक्रांवन ; निर्मन ; Bursting forth; excursion :--কলনা-রণিকতা প্রভ-ভির উচ্ছাস ; A flight of fancy, wit &c. :- লম্ভা ; ठाक्ला ; Levity :- v. t. इंग्रेंद विशेष : To rush out suddenly. Syn: -(n) Sortle; digression; frolic, escapade; jest, joke, quip, witticism. Sally-port, sali-poit, n. त्रक निर्तय-लव ; निर्तयwis: A port, a gate or passage by which a garrison may make a sally. Salmagundi, sal-ma-gundi, n. विश्व मरक-मारमा-नित्र चांठांत्र विरम्य ; A mixture of chopped meat and seasoning; a medley. Salmon, samun, n. मर्ज वित्न ; A fish. Salmon-trout, n. 403 वित्मन ; A trout resembling the salmon, but smaller and thicker in proportion. Saloon, sa-100h, n. सुमध्यित अगल कक : नांड-चत्र ; পাৰ-আকে। : Spacious room ; place of entertainment; hall of reception , place of refreshment: -वाषान कामता ; A main cabin. Baloop, sa-loop', n. পানীয় বিশেষ; A beverage. Balsify, n. Bay जिल्ला ; A plant. Salt, sawit, n. লবৰ ; কাৰ : Muriate of soda :--

Containing salt :- # ; for ; fa ; fis : Pungent :- नवनावांनी ; Tasting of sait :- p. f. नवनाक-कु; मृत्न बन्नान : To sprinkle or season with salt. ad =saltly. n=saltness. [4141]; Be maintained by. Est the salt of, Est one's salt-wising fare Old salt-वृद्ध गविक । [ good men. The salt of the earth-wir (wir : Essentially True to one's selt-fares pieces win ferial : বিবাসবাতক নহে ; নিমকহালাল ; প্রভূব অপুরক্ত ; Faithful to one's employer, not acting treacherously. Worth one's salt—(वडानक डेनवुस्ट । Saltant, saltant, a. [ L. salio, to leap ] 77-कांबी : नुडाकांबी : नवमान ; Leaping ; dancing. Saltation, sal-tashun, n. 77; A leaping or jumping :- > Beating. of leaping. Saltatorial, a. डेज़क्नका; Having the power Baltatory, sal-ta-tor-i, a, नक्कांत्री ; नवनकेप : Leaping; dancing. [ holding salt. Salt-cellar, n. Marting; A small vessel for Salter, sowiter, n. जनन-निद्युक्त ; ननन-वात प्रकारक ; One who sells salt; maker of salt. Salt-fish, n. लाना माह। Salt-gauge, n. नवराक करनड निक्यान एक : An instrument for testing the strength of saltwater. Saltire, Saltier, n. कुनिहर विद्युत ; An escutcheon in the form of an X. Saltish, Salty, a. আর বোনা ; কিঞ্ছি লবান্তি ; [ of salt ; insipid. Somewhat salt. Saltless, a. बानुनी ; नवनशीन ; नियान . Destitute Saltmarsh, n. पुगकृति वित्नव ; Grass-land. Saltpan, sawli'pan, n. May wollt al Mis; A pan for boiling salt. Salt-petre, sawit-petrer, n. प्राप्ता, (जारा, A salt consisting of nitric acid and potassa, nitre. Salt-pit, n. नवन विन ; A pit where salt is obtained. Salt-spring-काती छेश्त्र। Salt-water-लाना बन : अका। I salt is made. Salt-work, s. नवरनंत्र कांद्रवाना ; A place where Salubrious, sal-Wbre-us, a. [L. salubris, from salus health] a. বাহাজনক , বাহাকর : Wholesome ; healthful; healthy; salutary. ad=salubriousy. masalubriousness. Salubrity, n. बाहाजनक् ; बाहाकत्रका ; Healthful-Salutary, salutare, a. Tripa; Healthy; wholesome :-- श्रिजनक ; উপकाबी : উপকাৰক . Beneficial. n=salutariness. Syn :- Salubrious, healthful; useful, advantageous, profitable. Salutation, sal-U-tashun, n. অভিবাদৰ : নসকাৰ ; अवान : Welcome ; greeting :- कृथन ; Kiss. Syn : -Salute, address, obeisance, reverence, bow, courtesy; congratulation. Salute, sal-fit, v. f. [ L. salutare, salus, heakh, safety] অভিবাদন-কু; অভ্যৰ্থনা-কু; Welcome:-हचन-कृ ; To kiss : -n. अखितामन ; अखार्थना , Greeting :--সম্বানাৰ্থ তোপ ; A discharge of cannon in honour of any one:- 544; Kiss. Syn:-(v) Greet, hail, bow to, accost; kiss, honour. In satute - नमकात वा अञ्चलक कतिए । Salvable, c. [L. salvo, to save] Exists; मनना ; Seasoning :-- जानामन ; नाम : Taste :-- वृद्धि ; Wit : - वित्रका ; बारवाव ; Merriment ; piquancy : Capable of being saved. ad-salvably, n= - वृष नाविक ; Old sailor :- . जवनाय ; जवनभून , salvability, salvableness.

Selvage, salvaj, n. জাহাৰ মধ্য করণার পুরকান; উল্লুড ছবো থাল; Compensation for saving a ship &c., from wreck; the eargo and materials saved.

Salvation, sal-vāshun, n. বন্ধা কৰণ; পরিবাণ; Preservation; rescue:—মুদ্ধি; মোক, উদ্ধার; বিকার; The saving of man from eternal misery. Syn:—Deliverance, saving, rescue; safety, security.

Salvation Army—पृष्टि (कांव ।

Salve, sav, n. 494; cieff; Ointment:-माहाया : व्यक्तिकां : A help : remedy :-- ए. र. मनम-ৰে : প্রামেশ-নে ; Apply ountment to sores :- এতা-काव-कृ ; To remedy : -- ब्रियनानि स्ट्रेट बका-कृ । There is a salve for every sore-disja ব্লোগের উবৰ আছে; There is a remedy for every evil. Salver, salver, n. (तकांव , बान ; A tray ; a plate. Salvo, salvo, n. আনন্দ প্রকাশার্থ তোপ ; চীংকার ধানি ; Salute of artillery; salute with guns: - 994; কাৰা : অভাৰ . Exception ; excuse. pl =salvos. Salvolatile, w. Volatile salt. reckoning. To stand Sam-To be made to pay the Uncle Sam-The United States Government. Samaritan, sa-mar'i-tan, c. Pertaining to Samaria, a city in Palestine :- n. मारमतीत्री त्मरनव अशिवांत्री; An inhabitant of Samaria:- महान

language of Samaria.
A good samaritan—वीडि क्यालांक; A really kind hearted man who helps men in need or

ব্যক্তি; Kind person .- সামেরীয়া ভাষা; The

Samboo, 2ambo, n. কৃষ্ণায় লাভি বিশেষ ; কাফ্রি।
Same, sam, a. সেই, সমান, সম ; ডুলা ; একই, সমৃশ ;
Identical , similar :—পূর্কোন্ড , Mentioned below.
n=sameness.

[ All one,

All the same—একই কৰা; তা হলেও; তথালি; Sameness, samnes, n. একচ; সামা; অভিনত্ত; সাম্পুল, State of being the same; identity, near resemblance. Syn:—Oneness, uniformity, identicalness, correspondence, similarity.

Samite, n. 9593, Silk stuff.

Samphire, sam-fir, n. পাৰ্কান্ত বৈথি; লভা বিশেষ; An herb found chiefly on rocky cliffs near the sea, used in pickles and salads.

Sample, sample, n. [L. exemplum, example]
আবৰ্ণ ; মন্না, A specimen: —উপাহনণ ; An example :—v f. নম্না-ল, To take samples of.
Syn .—(n) Example, illustration, exemplification, instance, pattern, sampler. [of work.
Sampler, sampler, n. ছাঁচ, নম্না ; A pattern
Sampon, n. চীনদেশীয় নৌকা, Chinese boat.

Sampson, n. অভি বৰণাৰ লোক ; A man very strong.

Sanable, sańa-bl, a, [ L. sano, to heal ] কৃত্; আরোগ্রোগ্য , প্রতিকাষ্য; Sound; curable. === sanability.

Sanatary, Sanatory, sana-tor-e, a. [ L. sanare, to heal ] বায়কর, বায়-বিবাৰক; আরোগ্য-জ্বক, আরোগ্য; Conducive to heath. Syn:—Sanative, sanatary, curative, remedial, therapeutic, hygienic. [ Healing, n=sanativeness. Sanative, sanative, a আরোগ্যাক, আরোগ্যাক,

Sanatorium, Sanatarium, san-i-tári-wa, #. বাহ্যকর হান, আরোগ্যান্ত হান; আরোগ্য বৃহ; A healthy station.

Sanctification, sangk-te-fe-káshun, ক. প্ৰিত্ৰ-ক্ষণ; প্তৰ্যণ; উৎসৰ্গ; Holiness, purification, consecration.

Sanctify, sangkte-fi, v. t. [L. sanctus, holy, facere, to make] পৰিত্ৰ-কৃ; অছ-কৃ; To make sacied; consecrate:—শাগমূল-কৃ; To free from sin. n=sanctification. Syn:—Hallow; purify. Sanctiloquent, a. পৰিত্ৰ বিষয়ের ক্ষক; Speaking

of holy things.

Sanctimonious, sangkti-mō'ni-us, s. পৰিৱ; পৃত; Holy, devout:—ধর্মধানী; পৰিৱভার ভাগবুড়; Affecting holiness. n=sanctimoniousness, ad= sanctimoniously.

Sanctimony, n. পৰিত্ৰতা : ওছতা ; Holiness :— পৰিত্ৰতার ভাৰ ; Pretended sanctity.

Sanction, sangkshun, n. [L. sanctio,—sanctire, to fix unalterably] ধুড়ীকরণ; মধুন; অপুনোদন; সমৰ্থন, Confirmation; ratification, support—
v. t. মধ্য-কৃ, অপুনোদন-কৃ; সমৰ্থন-কৃ; To authorise; to ratify; to countenance. Syn:—(n) Authorization, authority, countenance, support. (v) Ratify, confirm, warrant, allow, support.

Sanctity, sangk'te-te, n. [L. sanctitas,—sanctus, holy] পৰিবাৰ্তা; সাধ্যা; কৰতা; Purity; godiness; holiness. Syn:—Piety, devotion, goodness, religiousness; sacredness, solemnity.
Appearance of sanctity—বাহ বা কৃত্যিম বিচা!
Sanctuary, sangk'tu-ar-e, n. প্রবিদ্যার (প্রাত্তমঃ প্রিয় হাল, A sacred place; a temple:—আর্থ্যার, ক্ষা হাল, Secret place of shelter for criminals; refuge. Syn:—Church, shrine; asylum, refuge, shelter.

[ place, private room.
Sanctum, n. পবিত্র হাল, বিভ্তুত কক; Sacred Sand, sand, n. বালি, বাল্কা; Fine particles of stone:—pl. নেকঙ, বাল্কাম্য তেট; A sandy beach:—v. t. বালি মতিত-ক, To sprinkle with sand.

To number the sands—ৰগতৰ কাৰ্যে নিৰ্ভ-হ: To undertake an endless or impossible task. Sandal, sandal, n. কুড়া বিশেষ, চৰ্ম-পাছ্যা; Shoe

tied with strings around the ankle; a loose slipper. [Wearing sandals. Sandalled, sandald c. गांगान-भाइकावाती;

Sandal-wood, n. 5-44 418, A well-known tree, an incense.

Sand-bag, n বালির থলে বা বস্তা; Bag of sand. Sand-bank, n. বাৰ্কাৰৰ ভচ, চড়া, Bank of sand. Sand-bath, n. উত্তপ্ত বাৰ্কাপূৰ্ব পাৰ; A vessel filled with heated sand.

Sand-blind, a. चण्डे-वृष्टि; वाका-नवद : Blind with gazing on the sands ; purblind. n=sand-blindness. [Drifting sand. Sand-drift, n. বারু বারা সঞ্চালিত বালি : नक्ष्मि ; Sanded, a. বাল্কাস্ত। [found under sand. Sandeal, sandel, n. नक्ष्मि (वत्र , A small cel Sanderling, n. नक्षित्त्व , A -mall bird.

Senders, n. বজ্চলন। [in a desert. Sand-flow, n. বাৰ্কার প্ৰবাহ; Flowing of sand Sand-glass, sandgles, n. বাৰ্কিয় বড়ি; Hour glass. Band-heat, sandhet, n. Ged signis Gin; The heat of warm sand.

Band-hill, n. राज्या-रेनन ; राज्यन ।

Sandiver, n. Titos Tiv; The saline scum.

Sand-martin, sand-martin, #. গাৰণাণিক;

ভালচঞ্ পদী ; Swallow.

Sand-paper, sand'-paper, n. বালিমিলিত কাগম; শিরীস কাগত : A paper covered on one side with a kind of sand for smoothing and polishing.

Sand-piper, sand'pi per, n. হলচর পদী: A wading bird.

Sand-pillar, n. वानुका-सन्छ।

Band-pit, n. वानि धनन कविवात शान : Place for cemented sand. digging sand. Sand-rock, n. वानुका-विना ; A rock made of Sand-stone, n. वानुकामन अस्त , (ततन भाषत्र , A soft porous kind of stone, stone made of consolidated sand.

Sand-storm, #. वान्का-त्व ; A cloud of drift-[ of sand. ing sand. Sandy, sad'i, a. वांनुकामव ; वांनिपूर्व ; Consisting Sandwich, n. इरे द्वितात कृष्टि मशाञ्चल नाःमथल, बारा बारमविनिष्ट प्रदेश कृष्टि ; Slice of meat between [ क्रेम्रा পৰে পৰে ঘোরে। two slices of beat. Sandwich-man. n. যে সন্থাধ ও পশ্চাতে প্রচারপত্র Bane, san, a. হছ ; প্রকৃতিছ ; নির্মল বৃদ্ধ ; Healthy , sound in mind or body. ad=sanely (विरक्षेत्र মত )। #=saneness (মানসিক সম্বতা )। Syn:-

Lucid, sober, underanged, sensible. Sang, pa. t. Of sing.

Bangfroid, n. অম্বিতা ; Calmness :—উদাসীন্ত। Sangreal, n. The vessel from which Jusus drank at the Last Supper.

Sanguinary, sang'gwin-ar-e, a. [ L. sanguis, blood ] রক্তপ্রাবী ; খুনে . রক্তাক্ত ; রক্তমর ; রক্তপিপাস , Bloody; attended with much bloodshed; bloodthirsty :- निकंत ; Cruel. ad - sanguinarily, n= Sym :- Murderous; savage, sanguinariness. cruely truculent.

Sanguine, sang'gwin, a. जानान्न; जानाश्रम; ञ्चलान ; Hopeful ; full of hope :- नाह ; नात . Deep : red :-- वाडा : Ardent :-- वाडा . Confident. ad=sanguinely (ব্যাহ্বতার)। n=sanguineness ( ব্যক্তা ; বিবাস ) ৷ Syn :—Animated, lively, warm, confident, buoyant ; crimson.

Sanguineous, sang-gwine-us, a. बक्यब : ल्यानिक-नवसीत : तक्ष्म ; Resembling or constituting blood; blood-red.

Sanguinivorous, a. क्षिक्तात्रो ; Subsisting upon Sanhedrim, sanhe-drim, n. केह्मीनित्तव अवान मछ।; The highest council of the Jews. [ discharge. Sanies, n. प्रजिमिनेश्न ; या इहेट्ड नि:एड तम : Purulent Sanitary, sani-tar-i, a. স্বাস্থ্যকর; স্বাস্থ্যকীয়; Hygienic; pertaining to promote health. n= sanitarium ( স্বাস্থ্যস্থান )।

Sanitation, n. ৰাষ্য বিজ্ঞান, ৰাষ্য রকা; Hygiene. Sanity, sani-ti, n. मत्नत वा (मह्दव श्वात); विष ; Soundness of mind or body; saneness.

Bans, pre. বিনা; Without.

Sansculotle, n. Materia; Ragamuffin; pretended , republican :- शिवशंत्री (नाक ; A ragged fellow.

Sanskrit, sans'krit, n. 735 vivi : The ancient language of the Hindoos.

Santonine, n. কৃষিয়াপক উবধ বিংশৰ ; A vegetable medicine. [ religion of Japan.

Santooism, n. আপানের প্রথান গর্ম; The chief Sap, sap, n. ব্ৰুক্ত ৰূপ বা সাত্ৰ; The vital juice of plants :-- v. f. अव: वनम-कृ ; Undermine.

Sap the foundation—ক্ষাপ: ক্ষেক্: Destroy gradually.

Sapid, sap'id, a. [L. sapio, to taste ] अवाप ; স্বাত : সুরুদ : ক্রচিকর : Well tasted : savoury.

Sapidity, Sapidness, n. ব্ৰায়তা; Savouriness. Sapience, n. বিচক্ষণতা ; বিজ্ঞতা ; জান , Wisdom , knowledge.

Sapient, sape-ent, a. [ L. sapiens, ppr. of supere, to have sense ) विकल ; विका ; Discerning; wise; sagacious. Syn:-Wise, sage, shrewd, knowing.

Sapless, a. নীবস ; ওছ ; Dry.

Sapling, sapling, n. bis sits; A young tree.

Sapodilla, n. কল বিশেষ, A fruit.

Saponaceous, sap-o-na'shus, Saponary, sap'o-na-ri, a. नावात्तव वठ ; नावान जुना ; Soaplike : soapy. Soap.

Saponify, v. t. সাবানে প্ৰিণ্ড-কু; Convert into Sapor, n. আবাদন ; কচি ; Relish ; savour.

Sapper, n. হড়ক্কারী, One who saps :— ইর্গ-मःकांवक रेमछ ।

Sapphio, sal'ik, n. ক্রী-কবি স্তাকো সম্বন্ধীর . ভাঁছার আবিষ্ণত ছন্দ প্রপালী সূচক: Pertaining to Sappho, a Grecian poetess; denoting a kind of verse said to have been inverted by Sappho.

Sapphire, safer, n, नीनकाल मान ; A gem ; a precious stone. a=sapphirine (সাকাবার মাণ নিশ্মিত বা তৎসদশ ।।

Sappy, sap'ı, a. वमवूक . मनम , वमान ; Juicy :--उन्न ; अन्तर्म ; Young , weak. n=sappiness.

Sap-tube, sap'tub, त. इन्बंश्कि ; A tube conveys sap. f ammedan. Saracen, n. यूननमात्मद नांबादन नांच ; A Mah-

Saracenic, Saracenical, a. Pertaining to the Saracens.

Sarcasm, sar'karm, n. বাস ; ব্যক্তোক্তি ; বিদ্রুপ ; Biting speech; a bitter sneer; taunt.

Sarcastic, sar-kas'tik, Sarcastical, sar-kas'tik-al, a. ग्रीही; वाजन्यक, विक्रणाञ्चक; Bitterly satirical. ad = sarcastically.

Sarcophagous, sar-kol'a-gus, a. শাংসভুক; भारमत्लाको : Feeding on flesh.

Sarcophagus, sar-koi'a-gus, n. প্ৰাৰ নিৰ্দ্বিত শ্বাধার, Stone-coffin. f thin silk. Sarconet, n. নরাপ দিবার পট বস্ত বিশেষ; A fine A sardanapalus—ইক্রিবপ্রতা লোক: A luxurious, extravagant, self-willed tyrant; Sardanapalus was the king of Ninevah and Assyria

noted for luxury and voluptuousness. Sardin, sardın, n. मामुक्ति मरन दिला ; A fish of the herring family :-- প্রধান বিশেষ ; A corne-

Sardonic, sar-dofik, a. अवकृष्ठ ; अवकारहरू ; কাঠ; নগহীৰ; গেডো; Having a forced heartless laugh,

Sardonio laugh—A convulsive passionate grin, the forced result of a certain disease. Sardonio smile— कृष्टिय होष्ट । कृष्टि होष्ट ।

Sardonyx, n. Molivide form; A silicious stone. Sersa, sar'sa, Sersaparille, sar-sa-pa-ril'a, 2. উद्धिष वित्यव ; जानमा ; A plant, its root; a drug. Saah, sash, s. नानि ; जानानात काटन द्वार ; A case or frame for panes of glass :--कहिनक ; Belt :-च. t. नानि-त्य : To furnish with sashes. flaurei. Bassafras, sasa-fras, n. कुछ कुक विरम्ब ; A tree of Sat, p. t. of Sit. | Har; Great enemy of man. Batan, satan, n. সরতাদ; The devil:—মাদবের পরম Satanic, Satanical, a. সরতার সমুণ; গৈণাচিক; Devilish. [ tion of Satan Satanophany, n. नवडान अवडात : An incarna-Satchel, sachel, त. कृत शन ; शुक्रकाणि वाशियात TIM: A little bag; a bag for books, papers, &c. Sate, sat, v. t. অভিপুরিত-কু; পরিভুই-কু; To glut, to satiate.

Satellite, sa'el-lit, n. মোসাহেব; অসুচর; A subservient follower; an obsequious follower:—
উপায়; A small planet revolving round another; one of the bodies, which revolve round some of the planets. Syn:—Moon, attendant, follower, dependant.

[ বীয়; That may be satisted Satiable, sáshi-a-bl, a. পরিভূতির বোগা; পবিতর্গSatiate, sáshe-at, v. t. পরিভূতার বোগা; পবিতর্গSatiate, sáshe-at, v. t. পরিভূতার; পরিভূত-রু; পরিভূত-রু; তি gratify fully; to satisfy; to glut. n=satiation.
Syn:—Sate, gorge, overfill, surfeit, glut.

**Satioty**, sa-ti'e-ti, n. পরিতোব , পরিতৃপ্তি ; বিভূষা ; অভিজ্ঞান ; পবিপূর্ণতা , Surfeit.

Satin, satin, n. বেশনী বন্ধ; সাচিন; A thickly woven glossy silk. a=satiny.

Satinet, sati-net, n. शांउना बक्त्यव नाहिंग ; A

Satinjean, n. পুরু কার্পাদ বস্তু।

Satin-wood, n. শত ফলৰ কাঠ বিশেষ; A hard ornamental wood. [composed of satin Satiny, satin-i, a. নাটন নৰুণ বা নিৰ্দ্ধিত; Like or Satire, satir, n. বিজ্ঞা; উপহাস; ব্যৱবাদ্য, Ridicule; lampoon; taunt; irony; severity of remark. Syn:—Sarcasm, invective, philippic, diatribe.

Satirio, sa-tirik, Satirical, sa-tirik-al, a.
উপন্যৰ্ক : বিজপায়ক : শ্লানিকর : নিকাকর : Sarcastic : abusive. ad=satırıcally. Syn :—Cutting poignant, consorious, bitter, represental.
Satiring satirik n.t. Betitan. স্থান বিশানে

Satirine, satir-iz, v. t. উপহাস-ক; আন্ত নিশা-ক; To expose by satire; to lampoon; to censure severly.

Batirist, safir-ist, ম. বিজ্ঞানারী; বাস কৰিডা-লেবক;
One who satirises; one who writes satires.
Batisfaction, cat-is-fak'shun, ম. স্বোব; ইজার নিবৃত্তি; পরিবোব; ছেবি:ছুবিনাবন; Gratification; comfort; that which satisfies:—ক্তিপুৰণ; পুরণ; কোলে: Amends:—মান্তিত্ত; Atonement:—সংশ্বজ্ঞেন; বিজ্ঞান; Conviction; release from a state of doubt:—পরিবোধ; Payment. Syn:—Content, pleasure, contentment, enjoyment, ease, comfort; compensation; remuneration, indemnification; discharge. [or liquidation of a debt. In satisfaction—পরিবোধ স্বরূপ; In discharge Satisfactory, sat-is-fak'tor-i, a. স্বোধ্যন্ত্র্য

নভোষণায়ৰ; Satisfying; giving content:—
বংবাচিত: কতিপ্ৰাকাৰী; কতিপ্ৰক; Making amends or payment:—পাৰ্ভিত্ৰৰ; প্ৰাৰ্ভিত্ৰাৰী; Atoning:—সংগ্ৰহেক; প্ৰভাৱৰ্কক; Convincing.
#=satisfactoriness, ad=satisfactorily.

Be satisfied with - 138-7; Be pleased with; be content with,

To be satisfied—তৃত্ব বা প্রীড-হ।

Batisfy, satis-fi, v. t. [L. sat, satis, enough, and facere, to make] পরিভ্র-কৃ: সন্তই-কৃ: To please fully:—প্রভাস ল্যান: নি:সন্দেহ-কৃ: সন্তেই-কৃ: স্বেছ-ভ্রন-কৃ: To convince, to free from doubt; to discharge:—v. i. সন্তোশ-নে; To give content:—নোৰ-কৃ: To make payment. Syn:—Satiate, content, please, gratify, sate; recompense, compensate, remunerate, indemnity, atone; comvince; fulfil, answer.

Satisfy (one) of—কোন বিবৰে সৰকে সম্পেহতরন-ছ; Free one from doubt or suspense in regard to :—প্রতীতি জন্মাইখা দেওৱা; Convince one of.

Satrap, satrap, n. পার্মান শাসনকরা; Persian viceroy. feg = satrapess.

Satrapy, satrap-1, n. sinces welve at sim:

Saturable, satu-ra-bl, c. পরিপূরণ-যোগ্য; পরি-

প্ৰণীয়; Such as may be saturated. Saturate, satu-rat, v. t. প্ৰিপুৰ্- কু, শোৰিত করাৰ;

পৰিপ্রিত-কৃ; To fill fully; to unite till no more can be received. #=saturation ( অপুৰেণৰ; প্রচুৱতা) ৷ [ be filled with. Be saturated with—পরিপু-তৃ; Be soaked; The saturated spirit of camphor—কপ্রের আরেক ৷ [ of the week. Saturday, satur-da, n. শনিবার; The last day Saturn, saturn, n. বোমান্দিসের দেবতা; The ancient Roman god:—শনিবাহ; শনৈবাৰ, The tenth of the planets of the solar system.

Saturnalia, sat-ur-nália, n. pl. পৰিব মহোৎসব, বীভংস উৎসব, সাধাবৰ আমোদপ্ৰমোদ, The annual festival of Saturn; general frolic.

Saturnalian, sat-ur-náli-an, a. প্ৰেৰ্থিয় ; কীড়া-ভংগর ; ব্যভিচার্থিক ; Riotously merry ; dissolute. Saturnian, sa-turńi-an, a. প্ৰিয়হসৰ্বীয় ; শান্ধ্রের রাজ্যকালীন ; Pertaining to Saturn :— স্বী ; স্বাৰ্থ ; Happy :— স্বল ; Simple :— বিশ্বন্ধ ; Pure :— Denoting the verse in which the oldest Latin poems were written. [ thing is venal. Saturnian days—Days of dulass, when every Saturnine, satur-nin, a. প্ৰিয়ন্ত ; অব্যান্ত কিন্তাৰ ; অব্যান্ত কিন্তাৰ ; বিশ্বন্ধ ; বিশ্বন্ধ ; Born under the influence of the planet Saturn; gloomy ; dull ; morose ; grave ; phlegmatic.

grave; pineginate.

Batyr, salér, n. আৰু বৰুব্য ও আই ছাৰ্য এৱল কজিত বৰ্ষদেবতা, A silvan deity, represented as part man and part goat and extremely wanton.

a-satyric. [derate veneroal appetite.

Batyriasis, n. আতিনিক সভোগ অনুভি; ImmoSatyric, a. ব্ৰদেবতা-সম্পান; Pertaining to satyrs.

Sauce, saws, n. আচাৰ; চাটনি; আমানন; ফটিনর
উপ্রেশ্বণ; Condiment for food, a relish:—বুইতা;
ভার বচন; Impetitinence:—v. f. চাটনিবুক্ত-ফু;
আচাৰ-পে; To put sauce into:—কটিনবুক-ফু; মুনাছ-

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কু; আৰম্পিট-কু; To give a higher relish:— ভীৰ বা কচ ভাবা প্ৰয়োগ-কু; অগপ্ত-কু; To treat with bitter or pert language; to be impudent.

Poor man's sauce-54 !

মৃত serve one with the same sauce—মতি-শোষ লঙ্কা; সমান শাতি দিরা প্রতিহিসো-ফু; To retaliate one injury with another.

What is sauce for the goose is sauce for the garden—এফলনের পক্ষে বাহা থাটে অস্তের পক্ষেত্র ভাহা বাটা উচিত; Both must be treated exactly alike.

Bauce-boat, n. চাটনি চানিবার পাত্র; A vessel with a lip for pouring out sauce. [fellow. Sauce-box, n. খুট লোক; A saucy impudent Baucer, saw'ser, n. সানকি বিশেব; রেকাবী; The

Baucer, saw'ser, अ. जानाक विषय ; जिक्राना ; 10 shallow plate for tea or coffee cup.

Saucepan, saws'pan, n. কঢ়া; চাটু; A pan in which sauce or small things are boiled.

Sauciness, n. অণিকুতা, অধিনয়; Qulity of being saucy. Syn:—Impudence, impertinence, insolence, pertness, rudences.

Saucy, saus'e, a. [ L. salsus, salt; sharp ] তীত্ৰ; তীক্ষ; কটু; Sharp; pungent:—গৃষ্ট; প্ৰগন্ত; গৰিত: (টো, Pert; insolent, impudent. n= sauciness (ৰগভাতা; বে-ৰাগ্ৰি)। ad=saucily (গৃষ্ট-ৰাকো; তীত্ৰ ভাষাৰ)। Syn:—Impertinent, presumptuous, rude, forward, disrespectful.

Saul among the prophets—Applies to one who unexpectedly shines in a department not his own.

Saunter, santer, v. i. ইত্যত আৰণ-ভূ; টো টো কৰিবা ব্বা; গড়িবাসি-ভূ; To wander about idly; to loiter:—n. অনণ: A sauntering:—বেডাইবাস হাব; A place for sauntering. Syn:—Linger, stroll, roam, ramble.

Saurian, saw'ri-an, n. টকটিক বিশেষ: Lizard:
—a. গোধা জাতীয়; টকটিকি সম্পীয়; Pertaining to,
or of the nature of, a saurian; lizard-like.

Sausage, n. মাংদের কাবাৰ বিশেষ; An article of food.

[French wine. Sauterne, n. করানি মনিরা বিশেষ; A kind of Savage, savij, n. [L. situaticus, belonging to a wood] বৰ্কার; মনভা; বভ; Wild; uncivilised:
—ভীবৰ; ভবাৰক; Fierce:—কুর; নিষ্টুর; পতবং; Cruel; brut.al:—n. অনভা লোক নৰ্কার লোক; A barbarian:—কুরবভাব মনুষ্য; নিষ্টুর লোক; A brutal person. Syn:—Uncultivated, sylvan, rough; rude, brutish, ferocious, barbarous, pitiless, merciless, murderous.

Savagely, ad. अन्छ। वा निकृत कारत।

Savageness, Savagery, n. অন্তাতা; Wildness:—বৰ্ণনতা; Barbarism:—কুনডা; Cruelty.
Savannah, Savanna, sa-vaha, n. আনেরকার
কানত কুণপূর্ণ ভূমি; One of the extensive meadows
in the west of North America. [learning.
Savant, n. পতিত; বিদান বাজি: A man of
Savant, n. পতিত; বিদান বাজি: A man of
Savo, ১৯৮, v. t. [L. salvus, saved, safe] নকাকুং বাচান; উদ্বান-কু; মুক্ত-কু; বাশ-কু; To rescue;
to protect; to preserve:—নক্ষাৰ্ণ নালা; নকন-কু;
To lay by; to economise; to reserve:—v. i.
কিন্তান হৈ To be economise; to reserve:—v. i.
কিন্তান হৈ To be economical:—pre. বাজীত; বাজিজেকে: Except:—conj. ব্যি না; Except; unless.

Bave one's bacon—वानिष्टे व्हेट्ड वानदारक दका-F: To preserve one's self from harm.

To save appearance—বাহিরের ঠাট বজার বাধা; বাহিরের সম্ম বজা-কু; To preserve a decent outside; to avoid exposure of anything disgraceful or embarassing.

Save-all, n. নব-ৰাচাট ব্যক্তি; অগচন নিবারবোপান; A contrivance to save anything from being wasted.

[ kind of dried sausage.
Saveloy, n. কাবারের মণলাগার চাটনি বিশেষ; A Saving, saving, a. বকাকারী; অনিইনিবারক; Preserving from wrong:—মিতবারী: Economising: economical:—মুক্তিনাবক; মুক্তিনাবক; Securing salvation:—n. পরিহার: Exception:—সভিত বস্তু: alvation which is saved:—pl. উপাৰ্ক্তর: Earnings:—pre. conj. বাতিরেক; ভাগে করিবা। ad—savingly, n—savingness.

A saving clause-প্রতি-প্রস্থ |

Saving one's presence—অসমাদ কা করিছা; Without disrespect to.

Savings-bank, n. নঞ্জি ধন পদ্ভিত-করণের ছান বা গলি: A bank in which savings are deposited at interest.

Saviour, sāvycr, n. বলাকাবী; আগকরী; পরিআকা; One who saves from evil. Syn:—Deliverer, rescuer, preserver, protector, defender, guardian. The Saviour—বীতস্থই; Jesus Christ. [herb. Savory, n. শাক বিশেষ; An aromatic kitchen Savour, sāvur, n. [L. sapor—sapere, to taste] বাবাৰন : খাদ-গাজ; বাগ; Taste; odour, scent:—প্রতিগত্তি; Reputation:—০. f. বিশেষ আবাৰন বাবা; কোনও বাগ বা গজবিশিষ্ট-ই; To have a particular taste or smell:—ন্যান-ই; তুল্য-ই; To be like. al—savourly. n=savourlness. Syn:—(n) Flavour, relish, gout, smack; smell.

Savour of—কোন কিছুর গন্ধ থাকা; Smell of, partake of the nature of.

Savoury, sávur-e, a. আবাৰ্ডনক; স্বাছ; Having savour or relish:—জানবাড়নক; মনোর্ড; Pleasant. ad = savourly. n=savouriness. Syn:—(n) Tasty, relishing, nice, palatable, piq iant, delicious.

Savoy, n. ৰূপি বিশেষ; A kind of cabbage. Saw, pa. t. of See.

Saw, saw, n. বরপত্র; কবাত; A toothed cutting tool:—চণিত কবা; প্রনাদ বাক্য; A proverb; a saying:—v. t. করাত নিখা চিবা বা কটো; করাত ক্রাক্ত ক্রাত নিখা চিবা বা কটো; করাত ক্রাক্ত ক্রাত চালাব; করাত ব্যবহার-কৃ; করাত দিরা ভিত্র-হ; To use a saw; to be cut with a saw. Syn:—Sentence, maxim, aphorism, adage, apotherm.

Saw the air -- Move the hand up and down, Saw-bones, n. Surgeon's apprentice.

Saw-dust, n. করাতের ওঁড়া; Dust made by the action of a saw.

Saw-file, n. A file for sharpening a saw.
Saw-fish, n. মংস্ত বিশেষ; A fish closely allied to
the shark. [ ting timber, a mill for sawing.
Saw-mill, n. করপত্র পৰিচাপৰ যত্তঃ Mill for cutSaw-pit, n. করাত খোলা; করাত ক্রিবার কর্ত্তঃ A

pit over which wood is sawed. Sawyer, saw'yer, n. कताडी; One who sawa timber. Baxifrage, n. 44 wiels blow; A genus of plants.

Baxon, n. অর্থান পেশের উত্তবাংশবাসী পূর্বকালের জাতি বিশেষ, ইবায়া ইংলও অধিকার করিয়া তথার বস্বাস করে;
One of a people who formerly dwelt in N. Germany, and who invaded and conquered England in the 5th and 6th centuries.—a. উহাবের ভাষা বা কেশ সক্ষীর; Pertaining to the Saxons, or to their language.

[Saxon idnom. Saxonism, sakion-izm, n. ভাকসন বাকপাণী; Say, sa, v. t. or v. i. বলা, কহা, নির্দ্দেশ-কৃ, To speak, to state, to tell; to utter words; allege——(pt. pp. said)—n ক্ষিত বিষয়; মন্তব্য, বক্ত্যা, Somthing said, remark; speech. Syn—(v) Pronounce, announce, declare, affirm, assent, repeat, rehearse, recite.

It is said, They say—লোক বৰে, কৰিত আছে; People assert or maintain.

Not to say-প্ৰাঃ Even

Say grace—ভৌগনের পূর্বেবা পরে ঈররকে বজবাদ-জ; ঈররের অপুগ্রহ প্রার্থনা-কু. Render thanks to God before or after a meal, ask God's blessing, render thanks before meat.

Say nothing of—নে কথা না ধবিৰেও বা না বলিলেও.
অত কৰা পূৰে থাক, Even if we do not take into account.

Say one's say, Have one's say—যাহা বনিবার আছে ভাষা বলা, ১ w all what one has to say
Say over one's boads—আৰ্থনা-কৃ, প্ন: পুন. বলা .
Repeat one's prayers

Bay or speak a good word for—কাহাৰ পাকে ছই কৰা বলা. To speak favourably of, to recommend

That is to say—অৰ্থি, In other words, namely. Saying, saine, n বচন; উক্তি; গুৱান্ত; প্ৰবাদ বাক্য, An expression; a maxim. Syn.—Observation, remark, statement, declaration, ad ige, aphorism, apothegm, saw, proverb, by-word.

A popular saying—চলিত উক্তি, লোকিৰ প্ৰবাদ।
Scab, skab, n মামতী, খোনদ, ছাল, Crust over
a sore:—মেধের সংক্রামক পীড়া, A contagious dissease of shiep:—v t. মামতী পড়া।

Scabbard, skabard, n. অদিকোৰ, তরোবারের থাপ;
The case in which the blade of a sword is kept; a sheath:—ə. t. থাপে পুৰা; To put in a scabbard.

Scabbed, c. শব্দায় ; স্থাব রোগে পীড়িত , Diseased n=scabbiness. with the scab. Scabby, skabi, a. कड़ ; मामजी शां : Scabbed. Scaffold, skal'old, n. माता ; मक ; ভারা ; ফাসিকার . A temporary platform, temporary stage raised by the side of a building, for the workmen to stand upon; a stage for the execution of a eriminal :- v. t. मक् विनिष्ट-कृ, खात्रा मःनश-कृ, To furnish with a scaffold, to sustain. Syn:-(n) Frame, framing; stage, platform, gallows, [ or put to death. Brought to the scaffold-Fift-G; Executed Scaffolding, skafold-ing, #. ভারার উপকরণ, कांत्रा वीविनात नामश्री, Materials for scaffold :--wird . A frame of wood for supporting work-

men while building .- Tit, A fame-work.

Scalable, skala-bl, a. micristrini; Capable of being climbed.

Beald, skald, v. f. देक छत्रम गर्नार्ड क्य-कृ ; बनुमान ; পোড়ান , To burn with hot liquid :- n. তক আৰ ৰামা বৰ হওন; পোড়া বা; A burn caused by hot liquid -कि वित्यर : One of the ancient Scandanavian poets. [ enough to scald. Scalding-hot, c. এउ नत्र त बनुनाईवा (नत्र ; Hot Scale, skal, n. [ L. scala, a ladder ] [7] : মই , A ladder - সোণান-জেনী ; Series of steps : - नमरिकक পরিমাণ , পরিমাণ , A graduated measure: - नव्याप ; A series of all the tones (in music ) -The order of a numeral system :-ৰত্ব; আইস, One of the small, thin plate on a fish : - 44, A thin layer .- 44; Gradation :pl. দণ্ডমত্ত্রেব পাত্র , পাল্লা , তুলাদণ্ড ; ভৌলদাঁড়ি : নিজি ; The dish of a balance; a balance - wat-वानि, Libia, one of the signs of the Zodiac: -ए t. वाहिन ছाछाब ; नवशीन-कृ , To clear of scaics, to peal off in thin layers - मह नागाहना জারোহণ-কু, সোপান দিয়া চড়া, To ascend, to mount by ladder :- পরিমাণ- क . Measure . - v. i. আহম ছাড়া, অভিযা পড়া, খুলিয়া আমা, To come off in thin layers Syn -(n) Layer, flike, lamina; balance, rule, measure, gamut, escalade. On a gigantic scale—সভিবিক পরিমাণে, in an mordina e degree.

On & large scale—ম্বিক পরিমাণে; To a large extent; in a large measure, extensively.

On a magnificent scale—খুব তাঁকাল রক্ষেত্র।
On a small scale—কর বর পরিমাণে , সকীৰ্ণ পরিমাণে , To a small extent , in a small measure.
Soale of existences—এবিলেণীপর-পুরা; Progressive series or graduation of beings

Throw one's weight into the scale of— কালবঃ পকে নিজে। ক্ষতা বা বল প্ৰবোদ-কু, Throw one's influence on the side of.

Scalo-beam, n তরাজ্-দত।

Scaled, skaid, a শন্ধিপিয়, Having scales. Scaleno, ska-leh, n [ Gr skalenos, uneven ]

অসন-জিবাধ, বিষম জুজ, Having three unequal sides — ন বিষমবাধ ভিড়জ, A scalene triangle Scaling ladder—উট্টবার সিড়ি, A ladder for scaling.

Scall, n गडांभित्त नक , Scab.

Scallop, skalup, n. লাখুক বিশেব , শুক্তি বিশেব ; A shell —বোল জবোর আছত্ত বক্ষতা , A curving in the edge of anything :— u. t. আন্তবেল কাটিয়া বুঙা লাকাৰ ক ; কৰ্পুটে পাক-ক , To cut the edge into segments of circle.

Soalp, skalp, n. নথকেব কেণ্যুক্ত কক্; The skin of the head on which the hair grows .—v. t. নথকেব ক্ৰ কেবলৈব , মাধান ক্ৰছেন্ব, To cut the scalp from.

[ A small surgical knife. Scalpel, skalp'el, n. আনুচিকিংসকেন ক্ৰ ভূমি; Scalping kaife, n. A sharp knife used by the North American Indians in scalping

their enemics.
Sealy, a আইনবিশিষ্ট; শ্ৰাৰ্ড, আইনবৃক; Covered ক
with scales, like scales. mescaliness.
Seamble, v. c. অধিন-হ, হডাছড়ি-ছ i

Sosumony, skanio-ni, a. 181 दिएन : टाउँडि श्रोह ; A plant.

Boamp, n. ব্যবাদেশ ; ইন্তর ; Rogue ; a vagabond :—n. t. অবস্থান্তক সম্পাদন-মুণ

Scamper, skamper, v. i. [L. ex. out of, campus, field] sworter (right; goigh-y; To run away with speed.

Soan, skan, v. t. প্ৰজ্ঞানে পদীকা-কু; তন্ন তন্ত্ৰ কৰিয়া পৰিষ্ক্ৰ-কু; To examine carefully; to scrutinise:—চন্ত্ৰপ ভাগ-কু; কবিতাৰ যাত্ৰা বিশ্ব-কু; To engasure, as verse.

Beandal, skandal, n. নিলা; মানি; মুর্বাষ; কুংসা; কলছ; অপবাদ; অবাডি; Approbrious censure; disgrace. Syn:—Dishonour, shame, infamy, disrepute, ignominy, approbrium; defamation, detraction, slander, calumny, backbiting.

Scandalise, skandal-iz, v. t. বননাৰ-ক: নিশা-ক: ভংগনা-ক; অপমান-ক: To give offence to; to disgrace; to reproach; to shock the sense of what is right. Syn:—Offend, disgust, horrify; villify, traduce, slander, libel, lampoon.

Beandalous, skan'dal-us, a. ব্জাকর; বিশিত; কুংনাজনক; Defamatory. all=scandalously, n=scandalousness.

Scandinavion, n. স্বাধিনেভিয়াবানী; A native of Scandinavia. [ of scanning.

Scansion, n. ছম্মোনির্ণর; মাজা-নির্দেশ; The act Scansorial, a. আরোহণকারী; Climbing.

Scant, c. আন ; প্রচুর ; বিরল ; Not full ; deficient :

— v. i. বঞ্চিত-কু; সন্ধীৰ্ণ-কু; ক্যান ; To traiten ;
to limit.

Scantiness, n. আপুর্বা: বুজা: Quality or condition of being scanty. Syn:—Narrowness, deficiency, scarcity, insufficiency, inadequacy, meagreness, bareness.

Scantling, n. বন্ড়া; A rough draft:—সামান্ত বত; কিছু পরিমাণ; A little piece; a certain portion.

Scanty, skante, a. অপুনুর; সামান্ত; আন; Not copious or full; hardly sufficient; narrow; small. n=scantiness ( অপার্গ ; অনুতা)। Syn:—Insufficient, scant, deficient, short, slender, meagre, poor, bare.

Beape, n. প্লামন; Escape; freak. [gallows, Scape-gallows, n. One who has escaped the Beape-goat, skap'got, n. উৎস্পত্তি ছাগ; পাণ্ডারাকার ছাগ; বলি; বে প্রের নোবের কর মত পার; অতের কৃতবোধের করভাগী ব্যক্তি; A goat cursed as representing of the Jewish people; one who bears the faults of others,

Scape-grace, skap'gras, n. পাগী লোক; হতভাগ্য ব্যক্তি; নরাধ্য; Worthless or wicked fellow.

Scapuls, n. আৰু কৰ্কান্তি; ক্লান্তি; The shoulder blade. [ing to the shoulder. Scapular, skap'a-lar, a. বক্ষবন্তীয়; Pertain-Soar, skar, n. [Dan. skar, a notch] কাটা দাগ; কভাক; কভাকি; Mark of a wound; cicatrix; seam:—সরবোরত তট বা গিরি; A precipitous bank or rock:—p. f. কাটা দাগ-দে; গত চিকে চিকিড করা; To mark with a scar:—p. i. কভাকিন্তুক-ত্ত;

To become scarred. Scaramouch, n. 奇贯; A buffeen.

Boarce, ekars, a. Enin ; fasa ; gers ; Not plen

tilul; rare; uncommon:—ক্ষাচিত; প্ল-scardeness, ad—scarcely. Syn:—Deficient, wanting; rare, infrequent, uncommon, unusual: ্ৰাপু ; if she is one of search and infrequent and infrequent

Scare away—ভর বেধাইরা তাড়াব। Scare up— তাড়া দিয়া বাছির-কু।

Scare-crow, ekarkro, n. পকীদিবের ভরপ্রবর্ণ মুর্ত্তি; কালনিক ভয়; বুবা শকা; Image to frighten birds; a vain terror.

Searf, skärf, m. গৰাবৰ; ক্ষাৰ; A loose sort of shawl; a light handkerchief for the neck; bandage for the arm:—কাঠাৰি কুড়িবার বান্ধ;—
v. t. মুইবাৰা ডজা সংযুক্ত-কু; To join two pieces of timber longitudingly.

Scarfakin, skāri'skin, n. বাছ খক্; বহিৰক্; The outer skin of animals.

Scarify, skar'i-fi, v. t. पुरु ইছং কৰ্তন-কৃ; বন্ধনাকণ-কৃ; To let blood by slightly cutting the skin; to scratch. n=scarification (বৃস্তব্যেকণ অন্ধ ক্র আন ক্রিন)। [Scarlet fever.

Scarlatina, skār-la-te'na, n. স্কোৰক জ্ব; Scarlet, skār'let, n. লোহিতবৰ্ধ; লাল রছ; A bright-red colour; reddish compound of yellow and red:—a. লালবৰ্ণের; Of the colour called scarlet.

Scarlot fever - शंभ-खब वित्नव ।

Scarlet runner, n. नजा विराम ; A plant.

Scarp, skarp, n. খানার গোন্তা বা চাদু; ছুর্গ-প্রাচীরের নিকট্ছ পরীধা পার্থ; উপদর্গ; A perpendicular slope; inner slope of a ditch next a fortification,

Scarred, a. কতচিকে চিহিত।

Scath, Scathe, skāth, v. f. অনিষ্ট-ফু; ৰউ-ফু; কতি-ফু; কতি-ফু; কতি-ফু; To injure; to waste; te destroy;—n. কতি; অনিষ্ট: lnjury; damage: harm. a=Scathful (অনিষ্টক্ষ)।

One doth the scath and another hath the scorn—उत्पंत्र शिंख तृशांत्र शांद्र।

Scathless, skath'les, a. ক্তিশুর; কতপুর; Without damage or injury. Syn:—Unhurt, unscathed, uninjured, undamaged.

Scatter, skater, v. t. ইততঃ নিকেশ-ক ; বিভার-ক ; ছড়াইয়া কেলা ; ছিটাৰ ; To throw down loosely or thinly ; disperse ; dissipate ; strew, sprinkle. Syn:—Strew, sprinkle, spread, diffusc, distribute, disseminate ; squander, waste.

Scatter to the winds—ইতস্তত: বিকিত-কু; একে-বাবে নষ্ট-কু; Scatter abroad; utterly destroyed. Scavenger, skaven-jer, ম. পথের মরলা পরিকারক; সম্মার্কক; বেছুয়া; স্বাডুকার; One who cleanses the streets of a city.

A scavenger waggon—আবর্জনার গাড়ী। Scene, sen, n. [ L. scene from G. skene, a stage ] নাট্যক : সক্ষুদ্ধি; Stage of a theatre: ্ৰুড়; A sight, spectacle; show — বিশ্ব- হলের প্রতিকৃতি; A picture of the place of an action:—কার্যাক্ষেত্র; ঘটনাম্বল; প্রকাশের স্থান; Place of action, occurrence or exhibition:—কর্তাফ; The part of a play acted without change of place:—কৃত্ত; মুগার্ম চিত্রিত মুক্তাম্ব; View; a large painted view:—সর্ক্রমম্মে ভয়ানক রাগাধি প্রকাশ; ভাব প্রকাশ; A display of passionate feeling between two or more persons:—সক্ত্রমর চিত্র; Fixed or moveable paintings of a theatre:—সম্ব্রম্বিত প্রদাপিত ঘটনাগরশার); A series of events connected and exhibited.

Behind the acenes, ad. দৃত্তপটের প্তাতে;—a. ভিতৰের ব্যাপার বিদিত।

Enact an make a scene—হাকাৰা হজ্ঞং-ই; (সকলের সমূধে) একটা কাশুকারবানা-ই; Make an exhibition of passionate feeling before others.

Scenery, sen'er-i, \*\*. দুজাৰলী ; দুজগটনমূহ ; নাবাৰণ দুজ ; Landscape ; the scenes of a play ; representation.

Scene-shifter, n. One who shifts or moves scenes:—Mechanical subordinate.

Scenic, sen'ık, a. দৃত্তসৰ্কীয়; দৃত্তপটস্ক্ৰীয়; Pertaining to scenery:—লাটাশালাসক্ৰীয়; লাটকীয়; আছিলবিক; ৱন্থানমন্তিত; Dramatic; theatrical.

Scenography, st-nog'ra-fi, n. [Gr. skene, a cene, grapho, to delineate] চিত্ৰ কৰণ; চিত্ৰাকন কোশল বা চিত্ৰ; The art of representing a scene or body in perspective a=scenographic, scenographical (চিত্রিড; Drawn in perspective).

Scent, sent, নং গৰু; তুগৰু; Odour, smell; perfume:—আণশকি; আপেকিয়; Power of smelling; sense of smell:—আণ ধারা অনুসরণ; Chase followed by the scent:—সতি পথ; অনুসরণ পথ; Course of pursuit:—০. ৫ আণ পাওয়া; আণ-ল; ফ্লাসি-চ-ফ; গাছ পূর্ণ-ক, ফ্লাছ-ক; To smell; to discern by the sense of smell; to perfume. Syn:—(n) Fragrance, redolence, aroma, perfume.

Be off the scent—हिंद स्थ পথে यहिन धन्न। यात्र स्थ भाग ना याद्यां ; Be on the wrong track.

Bo on the right scent—তিক সকাৰ পাওৱা। Be on the scent—সকাৰ পাঠৱা ধবিবার জন্ত অসুসরণ-কু; সন্ধানে কেরা; Be on the track.

Put one on the wrong scent, Put or throw one of the scent—প্ৰ ভূৰাইয়া-দে; Mislead or misdirect one.

We are not yet on the right scont— টিছ ন্যান না পালো; We have not yet got the clue.

Sceptic, skep'tik, Sceptical, skep'tik-al, a. আবিষানী; সন্মিশ্বতিত্ত ; সংশহী ; সন্মেহবাদী ; সংশ্যাকুল ; Doubting ; doubting or denying the truth of revelation. ad = sceptically.

Scoptic, skep'tik, n. নাৱিক; সংশরবাদী লোক; One who is sceptical.

Scopticism, skep'ti-sizm, n. নাত্তিকতা; সংশয়নাদ;
আনিখাদ; Doubt or denial of the existence of
God or the truth of revelation; tendency to
doubt; doubt.

Sceptre, skep'ter, n. রাজ্যক ; Staff or baton of royalty or command :—রাজ্যক্তি ; রাজার ক্ষরতা ; Royal power. [Bearing a sceptre. Scoptred, a. ক্রারী ; রাজ্যক বা রাজ্যক্তি ধাবা ভূষত ; Schedule, secul, n. [L. schedula, G. schede,

a tablet ] = 4; sifest; sorter; fast; A list. inventory, catalogue; table:—v. t. sifesting T.

To place in a schedule or list. Sym:—(\*)
Scroll, catalogue, register, record.

Schema, n. यांतर्न ; यांग्रा ।

Schematism, n. अश्वकवाणित मरावान ।

Scheme, skēm, n. [L. schema, G. schema, shape] নলা; স্নাবিলা; Plan; draft:—নতলব; কলি; Plan:—মহণা; নকল; কলনা; Plot:—কলিবা; Purpose:—v. f. নলা-ফু; অভিগাহকু; অভিনানিক; মহণা-ফু; বতলব-ফু; সকল-ফু; To plan; to contrive:—v. i. উপায় উত্তাবন-ফু; সকল প্রি-ফু; To form a plan or scheme. m-schemer. Syn:—(n) System; device, machination, design, contrivance, intrigue; draft, outline; horoscope. (v) Project, design, devise, imagine, frame; intrigue, plot.

Schemeful, a. महनव-वांक।

Scheming, skeming, a. बङ्ब्यकांत्री ; क्यकांत्री ; क्यका

Sohism, sizm, n. বিজেপ; ধর্মবিবনে বততে ; A division; a separation in a church occassioned by diversity of opinion. Syn:—Separation; disunion, discord.

Schismatic, siz-matik, Schismatical, siz-matik-al, a. মতভেদসংখীর ; মতভিদ্যাই ; Tending to or pertaking of the nature of schism. adschismatically.

Schismatic, siz-matik, n. ধৰ্মৰকে ভিছ নডাৰ-লখী: One who separates from a church from difference of opinion. Syn:—Heretic, dissenter, seceder, nonconformist, sectarian.

Behist, shist, n. তর সম্পন্ন থনিজ পৰার্থ; দিলা বিশেব; Slate-rock. a = schistic, schistous, schistose (শিস্ট অন্তর্গ সমূল)।

Scholar, skolar, n. ছাত্ৰ; পড়বা; আধাৰণৰ্থী; A student; a learner; a pupil:—শিব্য, A disciple: —পণ্ডিড; বিধান বাজি; মনীবী; A man of learning: —বৃত্তিধানী ছাত্ৰ; Endowed collegian.

Scholarly, skolar-li, a. বিৰক্ষনোচিত; ছাত্ৰৰণ; ছাত্ৰের উপবৃক্ত; পভিডোচিত; Like or becoming a scholar.

Scholarship, skolar-ship, n. বিদ্যা ; বিদ্যাৰন্তা; পাছিত্য; Learning:—ছাত্ৰবৃদ্ধি; Maintenance of a scholar; endowment of a scholar. Syn:—Erudition, lore, knowledge; exhibition, bursary. Scholastic, sko-latik, a. গভিত্ৰবৃদ্ধীয়; পতিত্ৰোগা; ছাত্ৰ বা বিদ্যালয় সৰক্ষীয়; Pertining to or suiting a scholar or schools:—অভি বৃদ্ধ; ক্ষা প্ৰেক্ষায়ী; Pertaining to the schoolmen; excessively subtle:—n. বে ব্যক্তি ব্যাহ্বের বার্নিক্ সম্প্রান্তের আইবর্ভন করে; One who adheres to the method or subtleties of the school of the middle ages.

Scholastic philosophy-44; Philosophy of the middle ages.

Scholasticism, n. প্রাচীন প্রতিস্থান্ত পর্যন্তি বা পর্য । Scholiast, skö'li-ast, n. প্রাচীর ট্রেকার; ভাষ্যকর; A writer of scholia. [Pertaining to scholia. Scholiastic, skö-li-ast'-ik.' n. ভাষ্যকর সম্বন্ধীর; Scholium, skö'li-um, n. ট্রকা, পার্থনিধিত ট্রিনী, ভাষ্য; প্রতিক্রার অন্তে সম্বন্ধ, An explanation subjoined to a problem; a marginal note; an explanatory observation. pl-scholia, scholiums.

Bohool, skòòl, m. [G. schole, leisure, a school] বিদ্যালয়; পাঠলালা; A place of education; place for elementary teaching:—বিশ্ববিদ্যালয়; University:—পিকার কল অনুস্থালনী; Exercises for instruction:—পভিত সম্প্রদায়; A sect of teachers:—ত.ব. বিদ্যালয়ে শিকা-দে: To educate in a school:—পিকা-দে: বিনীত-মু; মন-নু; তিরকার-মু; To instruct; to admonish:—a. বিদ্যালয় ব শিকা-সম্কার । Sym:—(n) Academy, seminary, institute, gymnasium; sect, class, denomination; disciples. High school, m. উচ্চ-শ্রেণীর বিদ্যালয়।

Normal-school—হে বিদ্যাপ্তে শিক্ষকরের শিক্ষা বেলা হয় ; School for the training of teachers.

Primary school, n. নির্থাধীক পাঠশালা; School where children receive elementary instruction. [ Charge for teaching.

School-bill—বিদ্যালয়ের পাতেৰ মাহিনা বা ধরচা; School-board or committee—বিদ্যালয় সমিতি; Board or committee for managing schools.

School-book, n. বিভালরের পাঠাপুরক; A book used in schools.

School-boy, skool-boy, e. বিদ্যালয়ের বালক; ছাত্র; A boy taught in school. fe. - school-girl. School-dame, n. বিদ্যালবের শিক্ষিত্র; The female teacher of a school.

School-day, n. বে দিবস বিদ্যালয় বন্ধ না বাকে; বিদ্যালয়ের পাঠের কাল; পাঠাবেছা; Day in which youths are sent to school.

School-fee, n. স্কুলের মাহিনা; ছাত্রণত বেতন। School-fellow, School-mate, n. সহাধ্যাবী; সভীৰ্ব: A fellow bred at the same school.

Bohool-girl, n. ছাত্ৰা; Girl that attends schools. Bohool-house, n. বিদ্যামন্ত্ৰ; The building in which a school is held.

Schooling, skou-ling, ন. বিদ্যালয়ে শিকা; Instruction in a school:—তিরস্কার; ভংগনা; Reproof; reprimand:—বিদ্যালয়ের বেডন; ভ্তম-দক্ষিণা; Expense of teaching; compensation for instruction.

[Government over-eer of school-sbohool-Inspector, ন. বিদ্যালয়ের ভ্রম্বারার; উচhool-man, skoulman, ন. দর্শনশার্থবেও); মন্ত্রারার দার্শনিক পভিত; Scholastic; one of the philosophers and divines of the middle-ages.

School-master, skuolmas-ter, n. শিক্ষা; ওয়-মহাবয়; One who teaches in a school; a pedagogue. feg=school-mistress.

The school-master is abroad—বিশা একণে অধিক পরিবাবে অচারিত হুহলতে, পিকা বিধার ভ্টতেতে; Education is now widely spread among the people; education is spreading all round.

School-mate, n. সহাখাৰী; School-fellow. School-mistress, n. শিক্ষিত্ৰী; A woman who teaches in a school.

School-room, n. शांत-अरकां ।

Schooner, skoon'er, n. বি-মান্তলের লাহাক; Twomasted vessel with fore-and-aft sails.

Boiatic, si-at'ik, Sciatical, si-at'ik-al, a. ব্যাতনার সম্বন্ধার ; বিভাগের পীক্ষাধারক ; Pertaining to or affecting the hip.

Sciation, sa-atik-a, n. [Gr. ischion, the hipjoint ] (ভোৰৰেল) বাতরোগ; নিতবেল বেদনা; A rheumatic affection of the hip-joints; hip-gout. Science, si'ens, n. [L. scio, to know] আন; Knowledge:—বিজ্ঞানশাল; Knowledge methodically arranged;—বিজ্ঞানত সতা; Truth ascertained.

Abstract or pure science, n. The knowledge of laws causes, or powers, considered apart from all application.

Natural science, ন. প্ৰাৰ্থ বিজ্ঞান ; The knowledge of causes, effects and laws of nature.

Practical science—ব্যবহারিক বিজ্ঞান; Knowledge derived from experiment and the classification of particular facts.

The science-12 duty

Scientific, si-en-tif'ik, Scientifical, si-en-tif'ik-al, a. [l.. scientia, science, and facio, to
make] বৈজ্ঞানিক, বিজ্ঞানবিং; বিজ্ঞানাস্বামী; বিজ্ঞানাসুমোদিত; According to or versed in science a le
scientifically.

Soientist, si'ent-ist, n. বৈজ্ঞানিক পণ্ডিত ; বিজ্ঞাননিৎ পণ্ডিত ; One versed in science ; a savant.

Scimitar, simi-tar, n. ৰজা; অদি; তরবারি; Sword. Scintillant, a. অক্ষক্কারী; কিরণজ্টা-বিকাশী; Sparkling.

Scintillate, sintil-at, v. i. [l.. scintilla, a spark] শুনিক নিৰ্গত-কু, শ্বিকনিক্-কু; চক্ষক্-কু; To give forth sparks; to sparkle, to emit sparks.

n=scintillation ( আপ্লাম্প্নিক; মিউমিট্ কবিয়া কিন্তু
প্ৰকাশ;) Syn:—Twinkle, glisten, coruscate.

Sciolism, siol-izm, n. সামান্ত জান; আন বিষয়া; Superficial knowledge; a smattering of knowledge.

Sciollist, si'ol-ist, n. বৈক্ষানিক ভক্ত; পানুবগ্ৰাহী পান্তত্ত; জ্ঞানেন ভাগকানী; A pretender to science, a smatterer.

Boion, si'on, n. [I. scinders, to cut ] শাখা, প্ৰশাখা; পানৰ, অহুৰ; Small twig; a twig for grafting; shoot.—কুমাৰ; বংশাৰ ন বাৰে; ম young member of a family; a young descendant. Syn:—Shp, off-shoot, branch; child.

Seirrhous, skir'rus, a. কটন ; কৰ্কট বোগ জনিত . Hardened , proceeding from scirrhus.

Scirrhus, skir'rus, n. বকংহলাণির ক্কি বোগ; আৰু বিশেষ; Hardening of the gland.

Scissors, sizurz, n. pl. হাচি; কর্ত্মী: A cutting instrument consisting of two blades fastened by a pin at the middle.

Sclave, Sclavonian, Same as Slave, Slavenian.

Belerotic, skle-rolik, a. ক্টিন; শব্দ ; অক গোলাৰের বহিৰাব্যবৃহ্চক ; Hard; noting the outer me nbrane of the cye-ball:—n. চকু পোলাৰের বাঞ্ খিল্লী, The outer coat of the eye-ball.

Scobs, n. sing or pl. ভঁড়া বাহুৰল; করাতের ভঁড়া i Scoff, skoi, v. t. [Icel. skuppe, to laugh at ] বিজ্ঞানক; উপহাস-ক; ঠাটা-ক; To laugh at; to treat with scorn; to mock:—v. i. ছ্বা প্রকাশ-ক; ক্রমা প্রকাশ-ক; To show contempt or scorn: —n. উপহাস, বিজ্ঞান; A gibe, n=scoffer (বিজ্ঞান - जाती ; जनसावात्रज )। Sym :—(m) Sneer. gibe, jeer, scorn, deride, scout.

Boold, skold, v. i. অংসনা-কৃ; ভিন্নভান কৃ; To chide rudely; to rail noisily:—n. অসভা বিবাদ-ধিন বীলোক; কচুভাবিশী বী; A rude, clamorous woman:—ভিন্নভান। nescolder. Syn:—(v) Rate, censure, blame, chide, reprimand, abuse.

Soonce, skons, n. ক্র দুর্গ; পড়; A small fort; a bulwork:—শিবরাণ; A headpiece:—কেরালগিরি; কোলারনান দীপাণার; A hanging candlestick:—মতক; Head:—বৃদ্ধি; Judgment; sense:—বর্ণনী; Skull. Sooop, sköpp, v. f. খনন-ফু: গড়বিনিস্ট-ফু; To hollow out; to make hollow; to dig out:—উড়োলন-ফু; বাহিন্ন করিরা কেলা; To lift up with sometning hollow:—হাড়া দিয়া খালি-ফু; To empty with a ladle:—n. কড় হাড়া; A large ladle:—কাট নির্মিত কোণালী; নৌকার জল ভোলা কেটো; Wooden showel:—বনন; গর্ক; Scooping:—আবাত; Sweep; stroke:—ভাজানি বৃদ্ধ; A surgical instrument. Scooper, n. ধোদন বৃদ্ধ বিশেষ।

Scoop net, n. ৰুড়ো ৰাল; A net so formed as to sweep the bed of a river.

Scope, skop, n. [G. skopos, a mark] অবকাশ;
স্থানীমা; অবসর; Room or opportunity for free
outlook or aim:—ক্ষিটেকল; Space for action:
—অভিন্নার; লকা; উপেন্তা; Aim; the object aimed
at; intention:—উপেন্তা; Limit, compass. Syn:
—View, design, purpose, intention, drift, object, tendency; liberty, range, latitude, room,
opportunity.

Give scope to—কাধ্য করিবার ক্রোগ-লে; কোন অবৃত্তি বা শক্তি খেলিতে-লে; Give one an opportunity to exhibit or exercise; give freedom to act. Scorbutic, skor-bū'tik, Scorbutical, skorbū'tik-al, a. চৰ্ব্বোগ্ৰন্থিত; Pertaining to, resembling or diseased with scurvy.

Soorch, skorch, v. t. কৰং দৰ্ভ ভাজা: থৰ্না; To burn; to singe, to roast highly; to parch: —v. i. থৰ্নাইঘা-বা; To be burn on the surface:—গুৰুত; To be dried up.

Scorching, a. न धकाती ; अनमानिया ।

Score, ন. থাজ . হিসাব রাথিবার দাগ; A notch; a mark for keeping count:—এক কুটি; বিংশতি; The number twenty:—গণনা; অহ ; গণনা-চিহ্ন; A reckoning —হিসাব; Account, bill:—কাবণ; হেন্তু: Reason:—pl. আনক; বিত্তর:—v. f. খাঁজ দাটা; দাগ-দে; আচিড়-দে; To mark with notches or lines; to furrow. n=scorer.

A mark of ten score—ছই শত গজ দূৰে ছিত লকা। On the score of—জন্ত; হেডু; On the ground of; by reason of.

Quit soores—দেনা পাওনা শোধ-ক ; দেনা পাওনা নিটান ; হিমাব শোধ-বোধ-ক ; To settle or balance account: :—শোধ-দে ; To give satisfaction.

Bun in score—ৰণগত-হ; Get into debt. Score down—লাগ কটো; Mark down. Score off—কডিপ্ৰণ-ফ, Compensate. Score out—মুছিবা কেলা; Expunge.

Score up-Charge, run up an account.

Bettle an old score—প্রাণ দাদ ডোলা; প্রাণ দেবা শোৰ-ড়; Satisfy an old grudge: pay off an old debt,

Bettle a score—त्या भावना त्यान है। त्यान भावना विक-क ; Settle an account.

Short score—বে পেনা সহজে পরিশোষ করা বার : A light debt or one easily discharged.

Scoria, skō'ria, n. ধাতুর মৃল; থাদ; Dross. Scorial, n. pl. আংশুর বিভিন্তুত ভদ; Volcanic ashes.

Boorn, skorn, n. অবজা; আবা; বুবা; উপহান; Disdain; derision; extreme contempt:— বুবার পাত্র; Object of contempt:—v. t. অবজা-কু: ব্ৰেজ্ঞান-কু; উপহান-কু; To hold in extreme contempt; to disdain. Syn:—(n) Contamely, despite, mockery, sneer, slight, dishonour. (v) Contemn, despise, slight, disregard, spurn.

Laugh to scorn বিজ্ঞান হ : উপহাস-ছ ; আইছি মনে-ছ : To make a mock of ; to deride.

Think Boorn—তৃত্ মনে কু ব্ণিত বিবেচনা-কু;
To disdain or despise. { who scorns.
Scorner, skorner, n. বিজ্ঞপনাৱী; বুণানারী; One
Scornful, skorneol, a. অবজ্ঞান্তক; অবজ্ঞানারী;
বুণান্তক; Full of contempt; contemptuous;
disdainful. ad=scornfully. n=scornfulness.
Syn ---Contumelious, reproachful, derisive.

Scorpion, skor'pi-un, n বৃত্তিক; কাকড়া বিছা; An insect with claws like the lobster:—বৃত্তিক-বালি, Eighth sign of the zodiac.

Soot, skot, n. ফটনত-দেশীয় ব্যক্তি; A native of Scotland.

[ গণনা ; Reckoning. Scot, skot, n. কর; অর্থনত ; A tax; a fine:— Scot and Lot—দেশা; কোনত কিছুল লক্ত বাগতা; Bearing the four chara of taxes; a tax formerly

Bearing the fair share of taxes; a tax formerly assessed according to the ability of the payer. To pay one's scot—44514 457-64; To pay one's share of a common expense.

To pay scot and lot – সাধাৰত কর দান-তৃ। Scotch, skoch, Scottish, skorish, Scots, skots, a. অটুলত বা অটলতবাসী বা অটুলতের ভাষা সম্বার; Pertaining to Scotland, its people or

language.

Scotch, v. t. ঠেকো-দে; ভূঁজি দিবা বন্ধ ; To prop; to support:—হড়া; অন্ধ আবাত-কু; To cut or wound superficially:—n. তেকো, ভূজি; আটন। Scotchman, n. বটল বাদী; Native of Scotland. Scotch thistle, n. A thistle; emblem of Scotland.

Scot-free, skoffre, a. নিৰ্দু ; লং হইটেমুক্ত ; আৰক্ত ; আনাহত ; Without payment ; untaxed ; without punishment , unburt ; safe.

Scotograph, n. না দেবিখা নিথিবার বন্ত ; An ins-

Scotoscope, n. বে বন্ধ সাহাব্যে অন্ধকারে বন্ধ সকল দেখিতে পানা বান্ধ, An optical instrument.

Scotticism, skoti-sizm, अ. क्रेन्बोड बाक्यवानी : A Scotch idiom.

Beoundrel, skoundrel, n. [Ger. schamberl, shameless man ] পাৰৱ; পাজি লোক, ছবাছা; বৰ্-মান; A rascal; knave; a villain. Syn:—Villain, vagabond, rogue.

Boundrelism, skowndrel-izm, n. পেৰ্বি; নীচতা : নৰাধ্যক ; Rascality ; baseness.

Scour, skour, v. f. 7 4 413-7, 441; 444-7; To

cleanse; to rub hard:— উপৰ বিধা কত চলিবা-বা;
বীন-বা; To pass quickly over:—পরিকান-ক; To clean by rubbing:—বেল পৌচান; To run swiftly:—n. ভীব লোভ; গবাদির উপরামর। n scourer. Syn:—Scrub, polish, furbish; rinse, purge; range, rake.

Securge, skurj, n. staces vie; state; ant; A lash consisting of a strap; a whip:— we find us; wenter; An instrument of punishment:— wife; we; Punishment:— w. f. antivo-p; coint atal; To whip severely:— n.cutal we-ce; mile-ce; usuff-ce; to punish with a view to correct. nescourger. Syn:—(n) Correction; pestilence, plague, pest.

Scourge of God—Attila, king of the Huns.
Scourge of the human race—A person
who inflicts great and wide spread suffering
on men.

Scout, skout, \*\*. চর; শুখচর; সন্ধানী লোক; A spy; person sent out to bring in tidings and observe the enemy &c.:—সন্ধান; ভল্লান; A lookout:—অন্নকোর্ডের ভূতা; A college servant at Oxford:—v. t. বিজ্ঞপ-কৃ; ঠাটা-কৃ; আগ্রাহ-কৃ; উপেকা-কৃ; To sneer at, to despise; to reject with disdain:—সন্ধান-কৃ; Observe closely.

Soout an idea—নিভাক অলডের বলিয়া অলাক্-কু।
Scowl, skowl, v. i. কুভন্নী-কু; চোক রাজান; মুখভার-কু; To look sour or angry; to frown; to look gloomy:—n. কুভূচী; কুভন্নী; A look of sullenness.
Scrabble, v. i. মাটী আচড়ান; আচড় পাড়া; To scratch; to scrawl.

scratch; to scrawl.

Scrag, skrag, n. পাতলা বা কৃঞ্চিত কোনও কিছু;

Anything thin, lean, or rough, a=scragged.

Boragged, skrag'ed, a. কুল ও অসমপ্ট; বৰুৱ; Uneven; rugged. n=scraggedness.

Scraggy, skrag'e, a. আবড়ো থাবড়ো; অসমতল; ব্ৰুৱ; Lean and rough:—কুল; Lean. n=scragginess. Syn:—Jagged, rough, scragged, rugged, uneven; lean, bony, thin, skinny, gaunt.
Scramble, skram'bl, v. i. কড়াকাড়-কু; কোল কিছুৱ ৰছ অভেৱ সহিত বটাপটি-কু; হড়াহড় কু; To struggle to seize something before others; to catch at or strive for rudely:—হামান্ডি-কে; To go on all fours:—n. প্ৰতিশ্বতা; কাড়াকাড়, The act of scrambling.

Scrap, skrap, s. इड १०; हिड्डी; हेन्सी; A small piece; fragment; an unconnected extract. Syn:—Bit, fraction, portion; crumb, morsel, bite, mouthful.

Borap-book, ন. ৰে সাধা প্ৰকে সংবাদ পত্ৰ বা অপন্ন ত্ৰাব্য হিটছাট গৃহীত হয়; A blank book for the preservation of short literary extracts and prints.

Scrape, skrap, v. i. চাচা; ঘৰ্ণৰ ক্ষ-কৃ, ব্ৰিয়া ক্লো, ছোলা; Take off the surface; rub the surface of; rub with a rough tool:—কূপ্তার সহিত সক্ষ-কৃ; কাই সংগ্র-কৃ; To save penuriously:
—v. i. কর্মণ প্য-কৃ; ক্রণ ছাবে ও সপ্যে ঘ্রণাকৃ; Make a shark noise; to rub harshly and noisily along:—n. স্কটাব্য; বিপাক; হাকাম, স্কট; A situation of difficulty or distress; perplexity. Syn:—(n) Abrade, grate, scratch; obliterate, erase; gather, collect.

To get into a scrupe—fact vol; To be placed in a difficult situation; to get into a great difficulty.

Scrape acquaintance—বাই আই আলাপের ছেই!-ফু: পরিচিড-হু ; Make acquaintance promiscuously. Scrape along—Get on in some way.

Scrape together— আন বলে বংগ ন্ধা-নৃ; To collect together by small gains.

Sorape out—গৰ্ন- ; Dig out by scraping. Sorape up—সাৰ্ভ- ক ; Scrape into a heap.

Soraper, skrap'er, n. আচড়ের আঃ : পুনিবার বয়: An instrument used for scraping :—কুপাৰ ব্যক্তি : A misering.

Soraping, skrapfing, n. বৰ্ণ; The act of scraping:—নমলা; বল; চাচন; Refuse; dirt:—বাহা
চাচিনা কেলা হব; Something scraped off.

Soratch, skrach, w. f. তীক্ষ বস্তুর দায়া টাচিবা কেলা;
নবে শাঁচড়ান; To rub and tear the surface with
something pointed; to scrape with the nails:
—ত. i. বননাদিতে নবয়াকির ব্যবহার-কৃ; To use the
nails or claws in tearing or digging:—na.
নবাবাত: শাঁচড; হড; দাগ; A mark made by
scratching; slight wound:—পরীকা; পরব ; Test.
Bring to the scratch—সাহস পরীকা-কৃ; Bring
to the proof or test of courage.

Come to the scratch-Fold-51-51

Come up to scratch—বিবাদ-কু; বৰজা-কু; To fight or prepare to fight; to come forward in the time of danger or difficulty.

Scratch against-Tear against.

Soratch away—ছিড়ে কেলা; চিড়ে কেলা; Tear away. [roughly. Scratch down—নলা-কৃ; ধন্ডা-কৃ; Sketch

Scratch out -- मृहिण (क्या ; Erase; rub out.

Scratcher, skratcher, n. বে আচড়াব; One who or that which scratches:—বে আচড়িরা আহার করে ব্রুক্টাবি পক্ষী; A bird which scratches for food, as a cock.

Sorawl, skrawl, v. t. or v. i. ভাড়াভাড়ি বেধা; আচডাইয়া বেধা; To write irregularly or hastily; scribble:—n. ৰন্দ বিধন; অকুন্দর বিধন; ডাড়ডাড়ি করিয়া বিধন; Unskilful or inelegant writing; hasty writing.

Scream, skrēm, v. i. [A. S. hreman, to cry out] (চঁচান; চীংকার-ড়; To cry out with a shrill voice; to shriek:—n. চীংকার ফানি; A shrill, sudden cry; a shriek.

Soreoch, skrēch, ৩. i. পেচৰণৰ চীংৰাৰ-ছ; কৰ্বল শন্তু; To utter a harsh, shrill and sudden cry: — n. চীংৰার; কৰ্বল শন্ত; পেচার বৃদ্ধ শন্ত; A harsh, shrill and sudden cry; a shriek; cry like an owl. Screech-owl, skrēch-owl, n. এক আকার পেচা; কাল পেচা; A kind of owl.

Screen, skren, n. বেইন; আব্যান; ব্যবিদা; গৰ্মা; Something to shelter or exclude heat, light, or cold; curtain:—চাপুনি; Sieve:—Partition in churches or offices:—v. t. বিশান; To shelter; to conceal:—আব্যান্ত ; To cover:—চাপুনি বিশা চালা; To pass through a coarse riddle. Syn:—(v) Cover, hide, shroud, mask; shield, protect, defend, shelter.

Screw, n. cie, nices chique; En ; & cylinder

of metal or wood grooved spirally; a screw-propeller:—চাপ; Pressure:—ফ্ৰথেয়; কুপা; Usurer; miser:—পরীকা; A searching examination:—v. f. পেচ দিয়া খাটা; ক্ল্যারা ছাপান; To apply a screw to; to press with a screw:— অৰ্থ সংগ্ৰহ বারা উৎপাড়ন-কু; To oppress by extortion:—গীড়ন-কু; পাক-দে; To squeeze:—বিকৃত-কু; Distort. A screw loose—বিশ্ববাচা; আল্গা; নাক; নব কিচাব নহে; কোন কিছু বিগড়াইখা বাজন; Something amiss; something wrong; some Irregularity, disorder or neglect.

A screwpine tree—কেযা গাছ; কেত্ৰী বৃক।

An old scrow-কুপণ বোক।

Put the screw on one—কাহাৰ প্ৰতি কঠোৰ বাব-হাৰ-ক: পেঁচ দিলা ক্ৰিয়া লওৱা, Subject one to severe treatment.

Put under the screw—পীচন-কু; পৌচ-ৰে।
Screw in—ভোৰ কৰিয়া প্ৰবেশ কৰান; Force in by
turning or twisting. [ সাহস-কু; Master courage.
Screw one's courage—কোন কাল কৰিবাৰ লক্ত
Screw one's courage to the sticking
place—কৃষ্ঠিজ বা সাহসী-হ; To become reso-

lute, determined, or courageous.

Screw out—পাক দিয়া বা নিজাছিলা বা বলপ্ৰক ৰাহিৰ-কু; জোণ কৰিবা সংগ্ৰহ-কু; Press out; extort. Screw up—জাটিয়া বন্ধ-কু; এটেনেটো আন কৰিবা লাখা; Fasten; to tighten:—কুফিড কৰিবা উপরে তোলা; Pinch up:—জোর করিয়া কোন কিছ-কু, ৰুগ প্রভোগ-কু; Force by pressure:—বডলুর বাডিডে পারে বাডান; Rack up; raise excessively high.

Screw up courago—কোন কিছু কবিবার জন্তু সাহস-কু; সাহস বাঁধা; Master up courage.

To draw one's screw-लडन शांखन ।

Berew-driver, skrūo'-drīver, n. পেচ বদাইবার বস্তু ; বিষ্ঠ্ ; কিবুহি ; An instrument for turning screws. Borew-Jack, skrōo'-jak, n. ভারি বস্তু উদ্ভোলন করি-বার বস্তু ; A machine for raising great weights ; see jackscrew.

Screw-nail, skröö'-nal, n. পাাচবিশিষ্ট প্ৰেক; কুপ; A nail in the form of a screw. [ screws. Screw-press, n. A machine for pressing by Screw-propeller, skröö'-pro-peler, n. কু বারা চালিত পোড; A stern vessel or steamer propelled by screws.

Screw-steamer, skröö'-stemer, n. কু বাৰা চালিড বালীয় পোড; A steamer propelled by a screw and not by paddles.

Sorew-wrench, n. জু যুৱাইবার বন্ত বিশেষ; A lever for turning screws.

Scribble, skribl, v.t. or v.i. ভাড়াভাড়ি বেধা; অব্যুপ্তাক বেধা; To write carelessly and hastily; to write much worthlessly; to scrawl. n= scribbler (আনুন বেধক)।

Soribe, skrib, n. [ L. scribe, from scribere, to write ] কেরাল ; লিপিকর ; লেবক ; Writer ; clerk : আধানকা : Notary public :— আইনলিকক : Iewish

বাধাৰণা; Notary public :— ৰাইনশিক ; Jewish teacher of the law. Syn :— Scrivener, penman, amanuensis, copyist; secretary, notary.

Sorinamago, n. হাজা; নারানারি; হড়াইড়ি; A skirmish; a general fight.

Sarimp, skrimp, v. t. নাবত-ড়; হ্রাস-ড়; জতিক্ত-ডু; To make too small or short :—a. হুব; জন্মচুন ;

Short, scanty. Syn: - Contract, shorten, curtail, limit, straiten, scant, stint, pinch.

Scrip, skrip, দ এক টুকরা লিখিত কাগল; লিখিত কাগল খণ্ড; পত্ৰ, চিরকুট, ভৰ্ম; A piece of paper containing writing:—হোট খলি; কৃত্ৰ খলিয়া; A small bag; a wallet. Syn:—Wallet, satchel.

Script, skript, n. [ L. scribe, to write ] হথাকরের অসকরণে ছাপার হরপ; Type in the form of writing letters.

Scriptural, a. वहित्वन मक्कीय ; Biblical. adm scripturally, n = scripturalness.

Scripture, skriptur, n. ধর্মপুত্ত ক, ধর্মপ্রস্ক; বাই-বেল; Sacred writings, the Bible:—pl. বাইবেলের বচন; ধর্মপান্ত। a=scriptural.

Scrivener, skriven-er, প. নকলন্বিশ; A copyist:—চুক্তি বা দানপত্ত লেখক; A conveyancer:— দলিলপত্ত-লেখক; A writer — যে টাকা হলে পাটায়; মহাজন; Money-broker, usurer.

Scrofula, skrōf'ū-la, n. [L. scrofa, a sow] গণনালা রোগ; গলপণ্ড; The king's evil; struma. a=scrofulous (উক্ত নোগে পীচিত)।

Scroll, skiöl, n. আবর্তিত কাগজ; গোল করিরা বাঁথা লেপা কাগজ; Roll of paper or parchment; roll of paper, anything rolled up:—নির্দ্ধি; ওপসিল ব্য ফর্ম; মুখনিনা; A schedule. Syn:—Schedule, list, inventory; flourish, paraph, volute.

Scrotum, n. অভবেদ ; মুছ . Double bag of the testicles. a - scrotal.

Tumour of the scrotum-(क्रिक ।

Scrub, skrub, n. মার্কনী: মুচো থাক্সবা; Worn-out broom; worn-bush: —কুন্ত ঝোপ; Stunted bush; low under-wood: —কুপণ; নীচ ব্যক্তি; Niggard: —v. t. জোরে বর্ষণ-কু, বগডাইবা পরিকার-কু; মার্কা; To rub hard:—v. i. অভিশন্ত পরিকার-কু, To work hard:—a. নীচ; হীন; Mean.

Scrubber, n. वर्शकावी ; मनार्क्षनी ; One who or that which scrubs ; gas purifier.

Sorubby, skrubi, a. নীচ; হীন; সামান্ত: Mean, worthless:—কুল, Small:—প্তিহচ-বৃদ্ধি; Of stunted growth:—পরিখামী ও কুপ্ৰভাব; Diligent and penurious.

Scruple, skröö'pi, n. [ L. scrupulus, a doubt ]
সন্দেহ; সন্দোচ: বিধা; Doubt; hesitation. difficulty:—মাটবিঙি পৰিমাণ: 20 grains; third of a
dram:—মাট কৃত্ৰ বস্তু; সামান্ত পৰিমাণ: Any thing
small; a very small quantity:—v. s. সন্দোচ-কু;
বিচারে বিধা-কু; To doubt, to hesitate in deciding. Syn.—(n) Perplexity, qualm, misgiving.
Scrupulous, skröo'pū-lus, a. সন্দিহ; সন্দেহপূৰ্ণ;
ধন্মপ্তাক; সাবধান: ঠিক; Cautious, conscientious;
exact. ad = scrupulously (সাবধান, সবিশেষবারে) 1
m=scrupulousness. Syn:—Strict, mice, punctilious, careful, precise.

Scrupulousness, skröö'pū-lus-ness, Scrupu-losity, skröö-pū-lośi-ti, n. নকোচ, নকা; বিধা; ননিকাৰ্য, নংশানীলভা; ধর্মভাতি; বধাবৰত; Doubt-ness, niceness, preciseness. [minute search-serutines, n. ক্লাব্সকানী; One who makes Scrutines, skröö'te-niz, v. f. সমাক কর্মভান-কু; ভাগত-কু; ভাগত-ক

Borutiniser, अ. अनुगक्तानकाती; नतीक्क; One who makes a minute search or enquiry.

Sorutiny, skróð'te-ne, n. স্থ অবুস্থান; হুৱ পরীকা; সমাক পরীকা; উদায়ক; Search; close investigation; critical examination. Syn:— Examination, sifting, minute inquiry.

Borutoire, %. (लवन-(विकि : इंकडब ।

Soud, skud, v. i. বেগে চলা; ৰাবুৰ সমুৰে বেংগ বাবিত্ত-হ; To run before the wind in a gale; to run quickly:—v. t. ফ্রন্ডবেগ-বা; To pass over quickly:—n. ৰাবুৰ বাৰা চাগিত মেব; A thin cloud driven swiftly by wind:—বেগে কৌড়ান; ফ্রন্ড সক্ষৰ; A rushing with precipitation; the act of moving quickly.

Scuffle, skuf'l, v. i. হাতাহাতি কু; নারিবারি-ফু; To strive or struggle with close grasp; to struggle closely; to fight confusedly:—n. ভুমুন বৰ্ণড়া; হাতাহাতি; A confused quarrel; a struggle with close grappling.

Sculk-Same as skulk.

Soull, skul, n. কুড় কেণ্ডি; হোট গাঁড়; A short light oar:—হোট নৌক!; A small boat:—v. i. বাড়ে বহা; ঝিকে মারা; বোটে দিয়া বাহন; To impel by sculls. n=sculling.

Souller, skuler, n. কুল নৌকা; A boat rowed by two sculls, pulled by one man:—যে ব্যক্তি বোটে

দিয়া নৌকা বাহে ; One who sculls.

Scullery, skulér-i, n. তৈজসগতালি বে ছাৰে বাধা হয়; রন্ধনলালা; পাকশালার পার্য-প্রকান্ত : A place for dishes and other kitchen utensils; a backkitchen.

[A servant for drudgery work.

Boullion, skulyun, n. বাসন-মালা চাকর; ভৃত্য;

Boulptor, skulp'tor, n. ভালর; শিলী; বোল-ভারক;

One who carves images or figures. fem = sculptress.

[Pertaining to sculpture.

Soulptural, s. ঝোলাই সম্মাল; ভালর-বিদ্যা সম্মাল;

Boulptural, s. ঝোলাই সম্মাল; ভালর-বিদ্যা সম্মাল;

Soulptural, s. ঝোলাই সম্মাল; ভালর-বিদ্যা সম্মাল;

Carving; the art of carving:—ভ. f. কোলন-কর্ম;

বোলা; To curve. s=sculptural.

Soum, skum, n. গাৰ; কো; গাঁজনা; মাড়; Refuse that rises to the surface and is skimmed off; foam or froth; refuse:—v. t. কো ডুলা; গাৰ-ফাটা; গাৰ ডুলিবা প্ৰয়া: ইাহ্মিয়া কেলা; To take the scum from; to skin:—v. i. গাঁজনা-হ; To form a scum, n—scummer.

Soum of society—সমাজের অভি হীন লোক; The most restless and worthless part of society.

Scupper, skup'er, n. জাহাজের পার্থে কুম বর্জনা; পোডভল হইডে জল অপসারিত করিবার পোতপার্বছ ছিন্ত; A hole in a ship's side to carry off water. Sourf, skurf, n. বৃস্কি; মরামান; Loose dry scab. a—scurfy. [ sembling scurf. n—scurfiness. Scurfy, a. বৃস্কিবিশিষ্ট; বৃস্কিজুলা; Having or re-Scurrile, skur'ril, a. আনীবভানা; সালিপূর্ব; অবাচা; আবড়; Using low or abusive language; coarse; indecent; low.

Scurrility, skur-rifit-i, এ. আলীৰ ; বিজ্ঞপ ; পরি-হাস : আলীলভা ; ইডরাবি : ভাড়াবি ; Low or obscene jesting ; vulgar abuse ; buffoonery.

Bourrilous, skur'ril-us, a. [L. scurra, 2 bulloon] अजीनकारी; अक्ष, करक, जोर ; Using the obscene language; indecent; vulgar; vile.
ad=scurrilously, n=scurrilousness. Spn:—
Opprobrious, reproachful, insulting, offensive, gross, vile, vulgar, foul.
Scurvily, a. বীচডাংব; ব্ৰহডাংব; Basely; Sourviness, n. বীচডাং

Bourvy, skur've, n. বোগ বিশেষ; কছু; কাউন; A disease accompanied with bleeding and general debility:—a. উক্ত বোগায়ার; Covered by scurf; affected with scurvy:—নীচ; হীন; Vile; vulgar, n=scurviness. Syn:—(a) Scabbed, scurfy, scabby; mean, low, contemptible, despicable, paltry, worthless, sorry, pitiful.

Soutage, n. প্রাকালীৰ কর বিশেষ; A contribution or tax.

Scutcheon, n. চিকিড চৰ্ছ; চাল; See escutcheon. A blot in one's scutcheon—নালা বালাগাৰ কালি, বাৰ, কলছ; A stain on a man's good name Scutiferous, sku-til'er-us, c. [ L. scumfum, a shield, fero, to bear ] চৰ্মবাহী; Carrying shield. Scutiform, sku'ti-form, a. চৰ্মবায়; Having the form of a shield.

Souttle, skurl, n. ৰাজ্য়া; ৰীকা; কয়লার আধার. A broad shallow basket; a vessel for holding coals:—জাহাজের ভার বিশেষ; জাহাজেব ভিন্ন; Opening in a deck to admit light or water:—জ্ববেলে পলালন: A quick run:—v. f. জাহালালি জলায় বা পাৰে ছিন্ত-ক; To cut holes through any part of a ship:—ছিন্ত ক্বিয়া জাহাজ ভূগাইয়া-দে; To sink a ship by cutting holes:—সম্ভন্ন গ্লামন-কু, To run hastily: to hurry.

Avoiding Scylla he fell into Charybdis
— এক বিপাৰ এড়াইয়া আর এক বিপাৰ পড়া; Trying
to avoid one danger, he fell into another
equally fatal (Scylla was a rock between Italy
and Sicily, opposite Charybdis.)

Between Scylla and Charybdis-Between

two difficulties.

To fall from Scylls into Charybdis—To fall out of the frying pan into fire.

Soymitar, n. ভরণারি; অসি; See scimitar.
Soythe, sith, n. কাজে: খান কাজিবার বস্ত্র; A kind of sickle; an instrument with a large curved blade for mowing grass:—v. t. কাজে দিয়া কাজ।; To cut with a scythe; to mow.

Soythian, a. prop. কৃষ্ণ ও কাল্টীয় দাপনের উত্তর-পূর্ব্ব নিধিলা নামক দেল সম্বতীর ।

Sea, sē, n. সমুদ্র; দাগর; The ocean; any large expanse of water less than an ocean: — বৃহৎ হুণ; A large lake:—হিল্লোল; তরজ; Wave; billow.

At sea—সমূত্র; সাগরের বক্ষে; স্থল হইতে মুরে;
Upon the ocean; on the ocean; away from
the land:—অনিশিত; বলিতে না পারা; Uninformed; uncertain; unable to tell:—অক্লগাধায়; কুল-কিনারা-বিহীন অবস্থায়; In a vague;
uncertain condition so as not to see one's way.

Go to see—নাৰিকের বাবসা ( নাবিক-বৃত্তি ) অবস্থৰ-কু; বানাসী-হু; Follow the occupation of a sailor; become a sailor. [ tipsy; half drunk. Half sees over—আৰ-মাতাল; আই মতু; Half Heavy see—উত্তাল তর্গমন সমুন্ত; The sea when

the waves run high.

High-sees-Buy Mys; The open ocean, as being the common high way of nations. On the high seas - NACE; In the open sea. Put to sea - witing ( Put out to sea, set sail. See of troubles-বিপদ সাগৰ। To be at sea - अकृत त्रमूदा नेखा; कून-किनाना (क्षिट्ड मा नाइया विनक्षक-इ। Ses-bank, sebangk, n. নাগৰত ; The ses-[ sea. shore. Sec-bathed, a. স্মূত খারা খোড ; Washed by the Sea-bathing, n. সমুদ্র-মান ; Bathing in the sea. Sea-beach, n. সমূত্রোপক্ল ; Sea-coast. Sea-beaten, a. Dashed or worn by the waves. Bes-board, se'bord, n. ममुख्डे ; Sea-coast ; the sea-shore:—a. সমুত্রোপকুলবন্তী; সাপরতীরস্থ; Bordering upon the sea :- ed. সাগরাভিমুখ; Toward the sea. Ses-bost, se'-bot, n. তর্কাভিয়াত্রন্ত্রক্র পোত; A vessel considered with reference to her power of maintaining herself in a heavy sea. Ses-born, n. মযুদ্রকাত : Born at sea. Sea-borne, a. সমূত্রপথে আনীত; Wasted by the Ses-bounded, a. ममूज बाबा नीमावस . Limited by [ ployed on ship-board. Sea-boy, ». কাহাজেৰ বালক-ভূডা; A boy em-Ses-breeze, sc'-brez, n. সমুখ-ৰায়; সাগম হইতে আগত বার প্রাই ; Soft wind from the sea. Sen-coast, sekost, a. সমুদ্রতট ; বেলাভূমি ; The - नाविक ; Sailor. Sea-dog, n. नार्किक वड , Seal :- हाजब ; Shark : Son-elephant, n. सन-इसी। [ sea ; a sailor. Sea-farer, se'far-er, n. नाविक : Traveller at Sea-faring, se'far-ing, a. काशबी, नमूजनामी; नाविकविक्षात्री: नाविक-वावनात्री; Going to sea or belonging to a seaman. Sea-fight, n. weigh; Battle of ships. Sea-fowl, Sea-bird, n. अपूर्वामी शकी : मामुजिक नकी : Birds that live in the sea. Sea-gage, se'gaj, n. काराक त्व नकीत्रका-नविमान क्लम्य करन ; The depth that a vessel sinks in [ Surrounded by the sea. Sos-girt, ब्ह'gert, a. मबूब-व्वष्टिक ; मानब-व्यक्तिक ; Sea-girt isle, n. England. Soa-god, n. बक्न-दिन । Sea-going, se'-go'ing, a. ममूज्यांत्री ; ममूख विहत्तin; Sailing on the deep sea. Bos-groon, se gren, a. ममूजवर रविवर्ग ; मिक्करनद भ्राप्त मृत्य , Green like the sea. Sea-gull, n. 41:154 1 Sea-horror, m. 451 Sea-horse, se'hors, ন. সিনুখোটক ; The wairus ; the hippopotamus. [ cabbage. Seakale, sekal, n. किंग-नांक शिलाव; A kind of Sea king, se'king, n. खांठीन कलमञ्चापन विरम्दाव ৰেতা: One of the leaders of the early Scandanavian piratical expeditions. Beal, sel, n. क्लिंगिक नीज ; नांनानिक स्नाहत ; Stamp

Official emblem of a state or corporation :-

that which makes fast or secure :-- वाहा कृ वा लात्राणु करत ; That which ratifies or authenti-

cates :- विकारता ; वश्रद : Assurance :- नावृद्धिक जञ्चभात्री कह वित्मव : Sea-animal ; an aquatic carnivorous mammal :-- v. t. বোহর-কু; পালা বোহস-क ; मार्व पात्र किल्ड-क ; To fasten with a seal ; to set or affix a seal to; to mark with a stamp : -पृष्ठ-कृ; मध्यत्र-कृ; ममर्थन-कृ; To confirm:---नित्राभाग ताथा ; क्य ताथा ; To keep secure. Syn :--(v) Close, fasten, secure; ratify, sanction; authenticate, attest. Great seal—স্মিলিভ (বিটন) রাজ্যের রাজ-মোহর: The state seal of the United Kingdom. Privy seal-The personal seal of the sovereign. Seal the lips, Seal one's lips-quar; 34 युक्तिया पाना ; क्या ना क्श , Prevent speaking or giving information; make one keep quiet; tie one's tongue. [ render secure by sealing. Seal up-rates करिया वद-क ; To shut close ; to Sea-language, se'-lang'gway, n. affafficia वित्नव कावा ; The peculiar language or phraseology of sea-men. Sealed book-वार् कानिवान त्वा नारे : Something that is kept close and cannot be known :-অব্যানিত ; Something quite unknown. Seal-engraving, sell-en-graving, n. (बाहब (शांपियांव कोणन : साहब क्लापन विना) ; The art of engraving seals. Sea-level, se'level, n. সমুদ্রের উপরিভাগ ; সাগরতল ; The level or surface of the sea. Sealing-wax, scling-wake, n. na वस क्रियांक बख बाना : (बाहब कविवाद बाना : ठीठ बाना : Wax for sealing letters &c. Sea-lion, n. जल-मिर्ट, मांयुजिक क्षेत्र विरम्द। Beam, sem, n. [ A. S. seam, from seowian, to sew ] কাপতেৰ ছই খাৰের বোড : সেলাইবের সন্ধি বা বোড IT; The line formed by the sewing together of two pieces, a line of union; the joining or two edges of cloth :- পুৰু হব ; A thin layer or stratum :- ७. १. मिनाई कविया विडि-ए ; मिनाई-कृ ; To unite by a seam, to sew : -- দীবন রেখাবিড-কু; To make a seam in. amseamy. Syn: -(n) Suture ; commissure, joint ; fissure, crevice ; stratum, vein, layer; scar, cicatrix. Seaman, se'man, n. नादिक ; बानानि ; बन-रेननिक ; Sailor; navigator. Beamanship, se'man-ship, #. त्योका होनान विशा : नाविक विमा , Good management of a ship ; the art of working ship. Ses-mark, se'mark, n. আলোক বিশাব; বাবিক-पिटांत श्वधानर्गक निष्मंत ; विश्वष्ठांशक हिन : A beacon; a conspicuous object on land seen from the sea. [ species of gull. Sea-mow, se'mu, a. সামৃত্তিক পক্ষিবিশেষ; A. Seamless, semies, a. আগালোড়া বোলা; Woven throughout. Seamstress, semtress, n. बीरनारकद क्रीकर्द द्वेशकोविका : शृतीकर्षकादिन मात्री ; (मात्र नव्यी ; A woman who sews. Seamy, semi, n. नीयनिवानिषिष्ठे ; Having a seam. engraved for yielding an impression :- (नार्व ; Sean, sen, m. 45 ain; A drag-net; seine. Boance, #. মন্দলিস্ ; বৈঠক ; প্রেডশক্তি-বাদীদিয়ের মোহর ; মুক্তিত লাকাদি ; Fastening for a letter ; रेक्ट ; A sitting ; a session, as of some public Bes-nymph, n. मिल्यो।

Boa-piece, se'pes, n. সমুজের চিত্র: সাগর দুর্জের চিত্র; Painting or picture representing a scene at sea. See-port, se'port, n. नमत ; Port or harbour for sea-going ships :--সমুদ্রতীরত্ব লগর; Port or town near such a harbour.

Bes-quake, अ. खनक्षा।

Bear, ser, v. t. क्क-कृ; अलुमान ; ७६-कृ; विवर्ग-कृ; To burn; to scorch; to wither; to cauterise; to dry up; to make callous : -कांग्न-क ; To render callous or insensible:-a. 11; 35; विवर्ष ; Dry ; withered.

Sear and yellow leaf-attors elias; That period of life when the body begins to decay.

Sear up-To close by cauterising.

Search, serch, v. t. [ L. circure, to go about, seek ] जनूमकान-क ; व्यादवग-क ; त्यीक-क ; To seck ; to look round to find '-প্ৰীক্ষা-কু; To examine : -পরিদর্শন-ক ; To inspect :—আবিদার-ক ; Explore :--পরীকা-কু; পরথ কু; To put to the test :-ব্দুপ্রসন্ধান-কু; সন্ধান-কু; তত্ব থিজ্ঞাসা-কু; 'Lo seek ; to make inquiry :- n. अपूत्रकान : अध्यक्त ; (वेंक ; Inquiry ; investigation :-- श्रीका ; Examination : -अपूर्धावन ; अनुनवन ; Pursuit. Syn :-(v) Scrutinize, investigate, pry, inquire. (n) Scrutiny, exploration, research, quest.

In search of অবুসকালাৰ ; In quest of.

Right of search-Right claimed by a nation to authorise her naval commanders to examine the merchant-vessels of other nations in time of war.

Search into-প্রীকা-ৰূ , Examine into.

Boarch out-अनुमकान चादा शाख्या , श्रीक्या राहित-; Find by seeking; seek till found.

Boarcher, seichei, n. आयवक ; अनुमकानकाती ; পরীক্ক ; A sceker , an inquirer , an examiner :-Custom-house officer :-- A woman, who searches dead bodies.

Searching, serching, a. अनुमकानकाती; उन्तरमकाती; হৰ্মণী; Looking over clo-cly :-- বিচকণ; তীক; Penetrating; trying: 一本以下: 本位年. Severe: -र्य ; Minute :-n. षात्रवा ud=searchingly ( निरित्नवकर्ण )।

Search-warrant, serch-wor'ant, n. Cl Bog-सामाद्र वर्ता जारकद्र वांगी थाना-छन्नानि इए, A legal warrant to search a house for stolen goods,

Sear-cloth, ser'-kloth, n. কত আৰুত কৰিবাৰ কাপড় form; A cloth to rover a sore; a plaster :w. r. वे कांभर किया बावुड कदा वा वाथा ; To cover or bind with sear-cloth.

Beared, a. मधुक . Burned :--किन : Hardened. 808-room, sc'room, n. काशक हलाय मानितात खरनुस হইয়া সমুদ্রবক্ষে বিচরণ করিবার প্রচুব স্থান: Ample room or space at for a ship to drive about without danger of running ashore; open sea; room for sailing. [ Pirate.

Sea-robber, se'rober, n. जनमञ्जा ; त्यारकत्रिता ; Seg-rover, n. बन्पश ; Pirate. [ sea. Sea-roving, n. जनभार जमन ; Wandering on the

Half sees over-with wisten : Hall drunk. Sou-salt, se'sait, n. (1964 5741; Salt made

from sca-water by evaporation.

Sea-serpent, se'-per'pent, m. कांग्रीविक नवुट्यन व्यक्ति ; Navy. ক্রমাণ সর্ব ; A fabulous sea-animal. Sea-service, n. Service at sea :—ৰণ্ণোডসৰ্হ; Bea-shore, se'shor, n. সমুদ্রভট; বেলাভূমি ; A shore or coast of the sea; the land adjacent to the sea.

Son-sick, se'sik, a. कारांत्कत जात्मांगत रमतात्वम-বিশিষ্ট; Affected with nausea through the rolling of a vessel at sea.

Bon-sickness, n. कोशास्त्र बोल्नोननवर्गन्यः वयस्त्री-(17); Nausea seizing people on going to sea.

Sea-side, se'sid, n. मगुज्ञक ; मगुज्ञक कियाता ; The shore of the sea; the land bordering on the sea. Season, se'zn, n. [ L. satio, a sowing, from severe, satum, to sow, plant ] #5; One of the four principal divisions of the year :- नगद ; कान ; Any period of time:- त्कान वित्तव श्रम ; Any particular time :—উপৰুক্ত সময় ; সুযোগ ; Fit time ; opportunity :- v. f. ক্ৰাছ-ৰু; ক্ৰাৰ-ৰু; মনলা-ৰে; To render palatable; to fit for the taste:-ৰাবহারোপযোগী-কু; বাবহারের জক্ম উপযোগী-কু; প্রস্তুত্ত-#; To prepare for use :- ( কোন কিছুতে ) অভাত্ত-কু; To accustom .—প্ৰশাসিড-কু, To moderate :— পরিপক্ষ ক ; To make mature ; to mature :— মিঞিত-ক ; To mingle :—মার্চ-ক ; কোমলতব-ক ; To moderate :- ७. ं পक-इ; भतिभक-इ; To become mature :--ৰভাত-ই; জৰবাৰু দহিষ্-ই; To be inured, to become adapted to a climate:-উপযোগी-इ ; To grow fit for use :- उह ४ गडा-इ. To become dry and hard as timber. Syn :-(n) Period, time, conjuncture, occasion, opportunity, term, spell, interval. (v) Habituate, inure, harden; mature, prepare, temper, qualify. In due sosson—डेशरगात्री; दशकात्त ; वशामगत ; At suitable times.

In season-मगरगंडिङ ; उरकारन ; Timely.

In season and out of season-कालाकाल बिरनहमा ना कविया : अर्जना ; अ**ि**नियट ।

Out of sosson—अभवत् : ठिक भगत वरह : मयन অতীত ক্রিয়া : Inopportune , too late ; not in the proper time.

Season, (or temper) with- नडीं इंडेल डॉन হুষ কিছুৰ সহিত তত্তী মিশ্ৰিড-কু; Mingle in due proposition with :-- কোন कराव बांबी काशंत्र अरखावकब-₹ ; Render agreeable by.

Seasonable, scizn-a-bl, a. मगरगंडिङ ; यशानगरा আৰম্ভ , Timely ; opportune. ad=scasonably, n = seasonableness. Syn:-Fit, convenient, appropriate, suitable, apropo.

Seasoned, p. a. গারন মসলা বারা বাছকুড; পক: পবিভগ্ন: পচান। Seasoned food—यमलायुक बानामामजी ; .Spiced Seasoned timber- 35 418; Dried timber. Seasoning, 12. जनन भननामि गांशांट शांना रुवांड

करत : That which is added to food to give it a [ cession of seasons. higher relish. Sonsonless, c. ৰতুপরিবর্তনশুক্ত; Without suc-Season ticket, n. A ticket or pass for travelling on a Railway at pleasure to a certain

Seat. set, n. [ A. S. siot, set ] winn : (14. कोिक ; शिष्ड, जिन क्षत्रि, Chair, bench :- श्रान,

station named for an extended period.

बाह्मा ; Station ; site :--वामष्ट्रान , खावाम ; Dwel-wiss ; Post of authority, as member of a legislative or administrative body : -v. t. উপবেশিত-क ; जागरन উপविष्टे-क ; To place on a seat :— जैशरनमन করান; To cause to sit down :-- সাপিত-ক ; To establish :-ছাপিত-ক ; আসন নিৰ্দিষ্ট করিয়া-দে ; To place in any situation. Syn: -(n) Settle, stool; place, situation; abode, residence, mansion; bottom, fundament, foundation, base.

Seat of authority-The place of government. Seated. a. आंगीन ; डेशविटे ।

Soa-term, n. नाविक-छाता ।

Sea-unicorn, se'-u'ni-korn, n. সামুদ্রিক আন্ত বিশেষ ; The narwhal.

Sea-urchin, se'-ur'chin, नांबुजिक कड ; The seahedge hog.

Sea-voyage, n. AMCH MAY; Journey by sea. Sea-ward, se ward, ad. मानवाण्डियर ; ममुजानियर : Towards or in the direction of the sea :- a. न्युक्तां हिम्थीन . Toward the sea.

Sea-wood, se'wed, n, ममुख्य डेडिंग ; A sea-plant. Sea-worthy, se'wurthi, a. ममूज नमरनाभग्र ; ममूज-वाद्यात्रायांत्री; Fit to go to see; fit for the voyage by sea. n = sea-worthiness.

Sebesten, n. বৃক্ষ বিশেষ ও তৎকল।

Secant, sc'kant, a. cena ; feece feeist ; Cutting ; dividing into two parts ,- n. य मजन तारी কোনও বক্ত বেখাকে ছুই বা ততোধিক বিন্দৃতে ছেদন করে ; ছেপিনী , অবচ্ছেদক বেখা ; A straight line drawn from the centre of a circle to one end of an arc, and produced till it meets the tangent to the other hand.

Secode, se-sed, v. i. [ L. se, aside, cedere, to go, move] পৃথক-হ; সমান্ত ছাডিয়া দুরবরী-হ; ভিতৰত প্ৰহণ-ক : অপস্বণ-ক : Separate one's self ; to withdraw from fellowship; retire; draw off. Secoder, se-seder, n. বে ব্যক্তি অপস্ত চব; ভিন্ন মত এচণকারী: One who secretes:-- ফুলভের প্রচ-लिक श्वीमक इहेटक विक्शिकांबी : Dissenter from the Scotch church.

Secossion, se-se-hun, n. মতাস্তর অবলম্ব ; অপস-त्र ; मुनाम जारिश्काक रिश्रीमन ; Withdrawal ; de-

Seclude, se-klood, v. i. [L. se apart, claudo, to shut ] শতস্ত্র-জু; শতস্ত্র কবিহা আবদ্ধ-কু; নির্জ্জনে রাথা; न्याकांकि इहेर्ड प्रस्थी-कृ, To keep apart, to shut privately; shut out to withdraw into solitude.

Seclusion, se-klu'zhun, n. নিৰ্ফন বাস ; নিভ্ত বা বিবৰ বাস : Retirement ; solitude ; priyacy. Syn : -Separation, withdrawment; secrecy.

Second, sekund, a. fisty. The ordinal of two: -অপেকাকত চোট, নিমপদত্ব; Next in dignity; mferior :- ए. इ. मनर्थन-कृ ; अनुरमानन-कृ ; माशाया-कृ ; To help; to assist; to support; to follow; to encourage :- n. नाहांशाकांद्री ; नृकेरनावक ; Promoter, supporter :- ঘশবুদ্ধে সহকারী; One who attends another in a duel :- এক মিনিটের বাটিভাগের এক ভাগ : both part of a minute. Syn :- (n) Bucker, assistant; moment, instant, trice, jiffy.

Play second fiddle—पात्रत कीरवर्गानि-क ; Act in a subordinate capacity; play a subordinate part.

Second to none-stell with tell are ; with त्रश्र वार्णको कव यो होन नाह ; Inferior to none. The second hand—कडीन ल नेशिन आकर पुरिष व्य : लोक्कांका ।

To come off second best—হারিল ভাষা। Without a second—अजून ; विकोश।

Secondarily, ad. [40] 40: ; Secondly.

Secondary, sekund-ar-e, a. चन्नवान ; विजीव-হানহ ; গৌণ , অধীন ; Inferior : subordinate ; not primary; deputed :- n. অপ্ৰধান লোক; অৰ্ডৰ ব্যক্তি: A subordinate; adeputy: -- প্রতিনিধি; A delegate or deputy. Syn :- (a) Second, secondrate, minor, unimportant.

Secondary-age—क्-बलहब वृत्र ।

Sedonder, ekund-er, n. माश्याकाती ; शृष्ट-(भारक ; One who supports.

Second-estate, n. House of Lords.

Second-hand, a. প্রাতন; ভূতপুর্ক; Not new or original ; what has been used before ;-n. 741-ধিকাৰী হইতে প্ৰাপ্ত বস্তু; Possession obtained from a previous owner. second place. Secondly, sekund-li, adv. feeles: ; In the

Second-rate, a. मांबामांबि ; मराम ; Of the second size, rank, or value.

Becond-sight, sekund-sit, #. छनिवार पृष्टे ; विवाहक् ; पुत्रपर्नन पाकि; Clairvoyance; prophetic vision; the power of seeing things future or distant.

Second-sighted, a. पिवाहक्विनिहें। Second thought-পनिकारकना ।

On second thoughts-পুনরার ভেবে দেখিরা ; After thinking over the matter again.

Secrecy, sekre-se, Secretness, n. nrefe; গোপন; Concealment; privacy:-নিৰ্মান বাস; নিৰ্ক্ৰতা ; Retirement ; seclusion.

Secret, sc'kret, a. [ L. secretus, pp. of secernere, to put apart ] গোপনীয়: প্রাধিত ; Hidden :-अपृष्टे , Unseen :-- निकान ; निज् ; Secluded ; retired :- लाभनीय ; ७७ ; गृह ; Private :-- हाना ; Rescrved:- n. ७३ विषय; वश्य ; Something concealed; anything unrevealed or unknown; a mystery. Syn:-(e) Concealed, unknown, obscure, recondite, latent, convert, unseen; occult; sly, clandestine, underhand.

An open secret—डेडिन बर्ज ।

In secret—গোপনে; অগ্ৰকান্তে; Secretly, Make no secret of - लागन ना-क ; Not to conceal; not to keep back.

Secretarial, a. অমাতা বা কাৰ্য্যস্পাদক, বা ভদীৰ कर्द्धवा मचकीय । [ यत वा व्यक्तिम । Secretariat, Secretariate, n. কাব্যাবাকের সেবেকা Secrotary, sekro-tar-i, n. cons; Writer:-কাধাব্যক্ষ ; কর্মনিস্থাহক সভার সম্পাদক ; Executive officer of a state, society, or office. a=secreta-थियान कर्जहात्री। rial ( কৰ্তব্য সম্বন্ধীৰ )। A secretary of state—बाबानांत्रन तिकात वितादक

Secretary-bird, n. নৰ্গৰাণক পশ্চিবিশেষ।

Secretary-ship, n. কাণ্যাক্তা।

Secrete, se-kret, v. t. গোপন-३ : नुकारेश वांचा : To hide ; conceal :- 453-7 ; To seperate.

Secretion, se-kre'shun, #. विश्वम ; विश्वम ; विश्वम পুত तुन : Separation of juices ; that which is secreted; the matter secreted.

Secretive, se-kretiv, a. बि:नाइक ; बनवारी ; Tending to or causing secretion :- त्भाननकाती ! সুকাইতে তংগার: Given to secrecy or to keeping secrets. nesecretiveness. ad - secretively.

Secretly, ad, त्रांगतः चळांडगातः चढाचरतः Privately; inwardly. [ being secret. Secretness, n. গোপনীয়ভা; স্চৃত্ ; The state of Secretory, se-kretor-i, a. क्रम्यांवी ; चल्लीकांदर ; Performing the office of secretion.

Sect, sekt, n. प्रमानामांत्र ; पण ; Body of persons holding the same opinions in philosophy or

religion.

Sectarian, sek-tari-an, a. मानामाविक : Pertaining to or peculiar to a sect :- সংখ্যাসভূক; সম্মান্ত্রের অন্তম; One of a sect.

Soctarianism, sek-tari-an-izm, n. সাতাদাবি-ৰতা ; গোড়াৰি ; Devotion to a sect.

Sectary, sektar-i. n. व्यापकारणयी ; वित्य मणा-[ cut. वनको : Dissenter. Sectile, c. (इननोब ; कर्डनोब ; Capable of being Section, sekshun, n. [ L. sectio, from secare,

sectum, to cut off ] (ETT; 40; WH; (ASIT). ভাগ; Division :-- পরিছেণ; একরণ, Portion :--कान वसरक कांग्रेटन रवज्ञान त्वथात्र क्यांकांत्र हिन्छ : Representation of a building supposed to be cut through so as to show its interior :-- এकी पनाकव ৰ জলেৰ প্ৰশাৰ ছেলোৎপত্ৰ তাল: The surface formed when a solid is cut by a plane. a-sectional (बाम मध्यीत : बार्निक , माख्यमात्रिक) । ad = sectionally. Syn :- Fraction, piece ; subdivision.

Conic section, n. जिल्लाविंड वनक्क क्लांश्नेड बक्र दक्ष्मी।

Section of an Act-काइराज शांता। This section—ছেখিত পাতলা পাত। Sectionalism, n. স্প্রায়িক্তা ৷

Sector, sektur, n. बानाइवर-मधानली बुलान : A part of a circle bounded by two radii and the intercepted arc :- निष्ठ वन्न निर्मव ; बृह्वन ; बृह-CETT; Mathematical instrument :- Astronomical instrument.

Secular, selfu-lar, a. शार्थिक, সাম্পাৰিক; ঐडिक: লৌকিক; বৈৰ্থিক; Worldly; not ecclesiestical or monkish :-- अ. शंक्राक उत्र (मांक : विवयी (मांक : A layman; an ecclesiastic not bound by monastic rule. ad=secularly. Syn :- Temporal, civil, profane.

Secular games, n. In ancient Rome games celebrated once every 100 years.

Secularise, seku-lar-iz, v. t. সাংসারিক কার্যো নিবৃক্ত-কু; সাংসারিক-কু; To make worldy; to convert from spiritual to common use.

Secularism, Secularity, sek-U-lar'i-ti, n.
নাংনারিকতা; নৌনিকতা; ইহিকতা; নাংনারিক বৃদ্ধি; Worldliness.

Secularist, n. সাংসারিক বা বৈবরিকতা।

secured. Secundine, n. शर्करकाव ; व्यानावहर्ग । Securable, se-kur'a-bl, a. 4494. That may be Secure, se-kur', a. [L. securus, from se, for sine, without, and cura, care ] निश्नां न : निकार ; निःचक ; Safe ; easy in mind :- कनावशान ; Incautious :-- বাচির জনা ; Confident :-- নিশ্চিত ; Certain :-- v. t. निका क ; इवर्गत-क ; आंतक-क ;

Make safe ; to render certain :-- 14-7; 484-事; To fasten :-- 京本一事; To protect. # -- secureness. ad-securely. Syn:—(a) Sure, assured, confident; snug, sheltered, protected; fixed, stable, immovable. (v) Guard, protect : confine : assure, insure ; get, acquire.

Becurely, ad. निर्दात्र ; निर्दिश ; Safely.

Security, se-kure-te, n. निक्रमहरूका ; अवत : নির্বিশ্বতা; Safety:-নকা; মুক্ব; Defence; protection :-- প্ৰতিভ ; জামিৰ ; Surety :-- বন্ধ ; Pledge :-- निकाला ; Certainty :-- जनवर्गका : Carelessness :- pl. नियमंत्र श्व ; Bonds or certificates in evidence of debt or property. Syn :- Guard shelter, protection, safeguard; safe-keeping, pawn, deposit; warrant, guarantee.

Sedan, se-dan, n. Maai; गांकी वित्नव : Portable

coach, covered chair.

Sedate, se-dat, a. [ L. sedatus, pp. of sedare, to allay, calm ] नांख , वानांच ; दित ; नीत ; नवीत ; Quiet, calm; serene; serious. = sedateness (दिशं : शोतजा)। ad=sedately (धानासजाद)। Syn :- Settled, composed, quiet, tranquil, still, staid, contemplative, sober, serious.

Sedative, seda-tiv, a. উপণম্বারী; भाखिक्य; Moderating :- n. भाविकत देव ; A remedy that allays in irritation or pain. Syn :- Soothing, tranquillizing, emollient, lenitive, balmy.

Sedentary, seden-tar-i, a. डेश्रवनन्त्रीत ; जलन : कार्याविश्व, अञ्जिक् ; निक्तन, Occupied in sitting ; in active; sluggish. n-sedentariness. adsedentarily. [ a court.

Bederunt, #. अविदिनन ; देवक : A sitting, as of Sedge, sej, n. कड़ा वा वाम विलय : Reed.

Bedged. a. সেমতণ নিশিত : Composed of sedge. Sedgy, a. সেকতাময়; Owngrown with sedge.

Bediment, sede-mont, n. [ L. sedimentum, from sedere, to settle ) পলি ; কাইট ; শিটা ; ভলাৰি ; शाम ; Dregs ; refuse ; lees. a = sedimentary (शक প্ৰসূত্ৰ, শিটিনম্মীয়)। Syn:—Settlings, residuum, precipitate, grounds.

Sedition, se-dishun, n. [ L. seditio, from se, aside, and stio, a going ] staffcate; Insurrection; sonspiring against government; tumult: -- बाक्षाव अडि समाद्वाव-केरहस्त्रा ; The stiring up discontent against government. Syn :- Riot, rebellion, revolt, mutiny. [ sedition. Seditionary, n. बाजविद्यादकांद्रो ; Promoter of Seditious, se-dishe-us, a. बाबविद्याद्मपतीय: विकाश्सम्क : नामम-विद्यारी , Pertaining to a sedition ; 'ending to excite sedition :--হাসামে লিও; হাসামী; বিশ্ববৃদ্ধি ; Turbulent. ed - seditiously. n - sedi-

tiousness. Syn:-Riotous, mutinous, rebellious, factious, insurgent, incendiary. Seduce, ve-dei, v. t. [L. se, aside, and ducere, to lead ] কুপখগামী করা; কুপথে লইরা-বা; অসং পথে जहें बार्डा ; वर्षकहें-इ ; To entice ; to lead astray ; to corrupt. n=seduceness. Syn:-Allure,

deprave.

Soducer, #. খ্রীলোকের ধর্মনাবক। Seducement, se-düsment, \*. steller ; Allure-Seducible, a. TTAR; Corruptible,

tempt, attract, mislead, decoy, inveigle, corrupt,

Seduction, se-dukshun, ল. ছীহনণ ; ছীনোবের বর্মনান ; The crime of fraudulently depriving a woman of her chastity :— মুদ্র্যে প্রযুদ্ধি নান ; প্রলো-ভন ; Enticement ; allurement.

Seductive, se-duktiv, a. atalenalii: atalen ;
Tending to seduce or lead astray. ad=seductively. Sym:—Alluring, enticing, tempting, showy, specious.

Sedulous, sedulus, a. [ L. sedulus, from sedere, to sit ] পরিজ্ঞা; অন্থান ; Diligent ; constant. mesedulousness (অন্থানতা) | adesedulously (অসম্ভাবে) | Syn:—Assiduous, laborious, industrious, persevering unremitting.

See, se, se, criters অধিকার; ধর্মাধাকের আদন; Seat of the Pope or Bishop:—ধর্মাধাকের অধিকার; A diocese; the jurisdiction of a bishop.

See, se, v. t. ফর্ল-কু; দেখা; Perceive by the eye; behold; look:—দৃষ্ট-কু; সাকাং-কু; Visit; call on:
—বুঝা; দ্বির-কু; To understand:—দর্শন-কু; Observe; discern:—অবলোকন; To witness:—v. i.
দর্শন-শক্তিবিশিষ্ট-ই; ফর্শনকার্থ্য সম্পাদন-কু; To have the power of sight:—সনোবেশী-হু: সাব্যান-হু: To be attentive:—inf. দেখা! Syn:—Behold, descry, view, spy; note, mark; discover; comprehend, understand.

Let me see—রোদো দেখি (তেবে দেখি) ; বৃথিয়া দেখি ; Wait a moment ; let me think about it.

See about, (after, for)—উপাৰ অবস্থন-কু, ডলা-বৰ-কু, Take measures for; supervise.

See about a thing—বিবেচনা-ক : মনোনিবেশ-ক । See at a glance—সম্বর দেখা ; Discover by mere

See fair play—স্বাবহার বাহাতে হয় তৰিবলৈ বেৰা; To secure just and equitable treatment.

See good—sim বিনেচনা-ক ; Think good.

See how the land lies—অনুসকান-কৃ, আবেণ-কৃ; Make examination or inquiry; to reconnoitre. See into—অনুসকান-কৃ; Enquire into; ascertain

what is going on within.

See life—ছনিগগাঁৱ কিন্তুপ জিনিস তাহা নিজে কেবা;
সংসায় বে কি জিনিস তাহা কেবা; Have actual experience of the hardships of life.

See off—অহানকালে সঙ্গে বাইরা বিষার দেওরা। See one of—কোন ছান হইতে কাহাকে বাইতে দেখা; Accompany one to a place of starting and

wait with him till he departs.
See one to a place—কোন স্থানে কাহাকে পৌছান, To attend one to a place and see that he reaches it.
Bee one's way clear—নিজের পথ পরিকার দেখা,

To perceive or discern that a course of action is right or best.

See out—बानारनाड़ा रम्या ।

See service—শত্ৰৰ সহিত বিবাদ-কু; To come into actual conflict with the enemy.

See stars-5(क महिया कुल क्या ।

See the light—একাণিত-ছ; To be published. See the point—অৰ্ বৃৰিতে পাৱা, To discern the meaning; to comprehend the importance, force or application.

See through—ভিতৰ পৰ্বাস্থ দেখিতে পাত্ৰা; বেশ বুখিতে পানা; সাহায্য-কু; Penetrate into; understand, comprehend.

See through and through—ৰঃ তঃ কৰিছা বেধা : কেছিলা ব্ৰিতে পালা ; Penetrate into or understand thoroughly.

See to - उपावधान-कृ ; सत्नारशान-कृ ; तथा धना ; Look after ; give heed ; take care of ; attend to.

See to it-- नावशन-इ , मत्नारवान-इ ।

See with half an eye- नश्च वृद्धित नाता ; Discern or understand easily.

Seed, sed, n. বাজ; বাচ; দুল; Sperm; embryo; germ:—সভান সভতি; Offspring:—বাদিকারণ; First principle; original:—বংশ; Descendants:
—ত. i. বীজ উৎপাদন-কৃ, বীজ প্রস্কু; বীজ প্রস্কু-ই; To produce seed:—v. t. বীজ বপন-কৃ; To sow.

Run to sood-- रोब धानवांत्व निरंतक-इ।

Sow the seed of discord—বিবাদের বীজ-বপন-মু। Seed-bud, sedbud, n. কবের ভটি; বীজের ভটি; The bud or germ of the seed.

Beedcake, n. পিটুক বিশেষ ; A sweet cake. Beeder, n. যে বীজ বণৰ বা রোপণ করে ; One who sows or plants seeds.

Seed-field, Seed-garden, স. বীজের কেত্র বা বাধান ; A field or garden for raising seed.

Beed-grain -- বীলাৰ্থ মুক্তিত শস্ত।

Seedling, sed'ling, n. বীচিত্র চারা; বীরোৎপত্ন বৃক্ত; A plant reared from the seed.

Seedlobe, sed'löb, n. বুকের পত্ত : বীল পত্ত : The lobe or leaf of a plant which nourishes the growing plant or seed.

Seed-oil, n. बीरबंब रेडल।

Seed-pearl, n. क्ष मूखा।

Seed-plot, n. रीवडना ।

Seedsman, sēd;man, n. বীজ-ব্যবসায়ী; বীজ-বৰ্ণন-কারী, A man who deals in seeds; a sower.

Soed-time, eed'tim, n. ৰণণ বা বোপণ করিবার কাল : বীজ বপদের কাল : The season fit for sowing. Seed-vessel, n. বীজ-পুটক।

Seedy, sēd'i, a. रोकप्री; रोजप्रत ; Abounding with seed:—अरायहांश ; कीर्य ; पेर्य ; Worn out, shabby. ad=seedily, n=seediness.

Seedy toe—যোডার পুরের রোগ বিশেব।

Seeing, se'ing, n. খণ্ন ; দৃষ্টি ; Sight ; vision : conj. বেছেডু ; বণন ; Since.

Seek, sek, v. t. অবেণ-কৃ; বৌজা; অসুসন্ধান-কৃ; To look for; to search for; to try to find:—প্রার্থনা-কৃ; বাজ্ঞা-কৃ; Solicit:— টেইা পাঙলা; To try for:— v. t. অসুসন্ধান-কৃ; To make search or inquiry:— টেইা-কৃ, To try; to attempt:—প্রার্থনা-কৃ; অসুসন্ধান-কৃ; To use solicitation. n=seeker ( অবেণকারক: বাকে )। Syn:—Inquire; ask; try, ondeavour, attempt, strive.

Seek a clue – কঠিৰ বিষয়ের সন্ধান পাৰয়া, To seek explanation or guidance in a difficult or perplexing matter.

Seek after -- अनुमदन-कृ।

Seek for-MECS (581-7)

Seel, v. t. 44-7; To render blind.

Seem, sem, v. ৷. বোধ-ড়; প্রতীয়মাব-ড়; To appear like; to have a show or sumblance; appear; look.

It seems—त्यांव क्ट्रेंट्ड्इ ; लांद्व बरन !

Seeming, seming, a. जागांचकः अधीवनान ; पाद ;
Apparent ; specious , ostensible :- अ. जाकृष्टि ;

আকার; সামৃত্য; Appearance; semblance. ad = seemingly ( আপাতত: ; বাহত: )।

Seemly, serile, a. উপযুক্ত , উপুৰোধী ; ফুলা ; Suitable ; becoming ; decent. n = seemliness (উচিডা ; মৌলার্ডা) । Syn: — Fit, proper, appropriate, congruous, meet, docorous ; comely, fair.

Seen, ( 78 ) p. p. of see.

Have seen service—নিজে (হাতে কলনে) বৃদ্ধ-ত্ব ; Have come into actual contact with the enemy. Have seen the world—ন্যান্যৰ বাহ্ৰ কিন্তুপে চলে ভাহা বেশ কৰিয়া দেখা ও জানা ; সাংসাহিক জ্ঞানে পরিপক্ষ স্থা ; Have had experience of how men conduct themselves in the ordinary affairs of life.

To be seen—দৃষ্ট বা প্রতীত-হ।

Seer, গ্ৰহং, n. ভবিষ্থা ; জাবীণৰা ; A prophet :—

ক্ৰি ! Syn :—Predictor, foreteller, vaticinator.

Beo-saw, se'saw, n. নাগর দোলা ; দোলনা ; বাক্
গগের কীড়ার্থে চেঁকিকল ; A play among children,
in which two scated at opposite ends of a

board supported in the middle move alterna
tely up and down :— ১. বোলা ; To move back
wards and forwards :— ৫. নিলোৱড, দোলাগ্রমান ;

Moving up and down , moving to and fro.

Seethe, seth, v. t. দিছ-কৃ, পাক-কৃ; To boil: w. i. দিছ-কৃ; To be boiling. pt=seathed, pp= seethed, sodden.

Segment, segment, n. [L. segmentum, from secare, to cut] আৰ; বভ, Section, portion, part:

—A part cut off from a figure by a line or plane:—বৃদ্ধাৰে, The part of a circle cut off by a chord.

Begment of a circle—বেধাচিত্র বৃতাংশ। Segmental, a. ধনুকাকার।

Sogregate, sog're-gat, v. t. [ L. ss, aside, gregare, to collect ] পৃথক-কৃ; বতন্ত্ৰ-কৃ; To separate; to set apart; dissociate; isolate. n=segregation (পৃথক করণ; বিজেষ)।

Seignior, schyur, n. মহাপ্সন; প্রস্তু; মহাপ্সা; সম্মান-স্থান প্রবা, Lord; lord of a manor. e=seignorial The grand seignior—তুর্কের স্বভান, The Sultan Turkey.

Seigniorage, n. বাজার প্রাণ্য অংশ ; রাজমান্ত। Seigniory, schyur-ı, n. প্রভূত্ব ; Lordship.

Seine, Sein, ম. মংস ধরিবার জাল বিশেষ, A large net for catching fish.

Seismie, Seismal, a. তুমিকপা সম্বায় ; Pertaining to an earthquake. [earth-quakes. Seismology, n. তুমিকপা বিক্লাম ; The science of Seisable, a. কোক করণীয় , That may be seized. Seise, sez, u. t. ধৃত-কৃ , ধবা ; To catch :—বল পুৰুক কৰিবাৰ-কৃ , কবল-কৃ , To take possession .—

শ্বনিক জবিকাৰ-কু, দখল-কু, To take possession .— আক্ৰমণ-কু, To invade, attack; take hold of .— মুড-কু; পাকড়ান; খোৱাৰ-কু; To apprehend; to arrest:—ৰলে ধাৰণা-কু; To grasp. n=seizer, a=seizable. Syn —Grasp, clutch, snatch, take, capture; bind, fasten.

Beize up-नावि धर्मानार्थ वकन-कृ ।

Soize upon (on)—গরা; Hold on:—জনরদৃত্তি ক্ষেত্ৰ-মৃ; Take possession of (by force).

Seisin, se'zın, ম. ধৃত করণ; Seizing:—ব্ধল; অধিকার; Possession:—ক্ষিকার বস্তু; The thing possessed. Beigure, se'zhōōr', ম. বৃত করণ; কোক করণ; বেবার; ববল; Act of seizing; capture:—আবিষ্ণুত বন্ধ;; Thing possessed; the thing seized:— ববল; Possession. [ প্রতিমুখ্যি বেইড বাকিড। Sekon, ম. পৌত্তনিক বন্দিরের বে কাবেশ দেবনেবীগণের Seldom, seidum, ad. কর্গাচ; ক্যাচিৎ; ব্যাবাং; Rarely; not often; infrequently.

Select committee—নিৰ্বাচিত উপস্থিতি।

Selective, a निकाहक।

Selection, se-lekshun, n. গ্ৰহণ; নিৰ্বাচন; The act of selecting; choice — মনোনাত বিষয়; নিৰ্বাচিত বস্তু; Things selected:—নিৰ্বাচিত অম্বৰ্ধ পুৰুষ; A book containing select pieces.

Salenic, a. sia , savies ; Lunar.

Selenium, গ. উপপ্ৰক; An elementary substance allied to sulphur. [tion of the moon. Selenography, গ. চন্দ্ৰথকা-বুৱাৰ; A descripself, self, গ. বয়ং; আপনি, নিজে; One's own person:—আপনার যার্থ; One's own interest:—(p!= Selves):—a. বিশেষ; নিজ; সেই; নিজের; Very particular: one's own.

To forget self—প্ৰোপকারার্থ আত্ম-বিশ্বস্ত-হ।

Self-abasement, n. Humiliation from a sense of guilt, inferiority or shame. {tion; onanism. Self-abuse, self-a-buse, n. ছত্তাৰপুৰ; Masturba-Self-acquired, a. পোণাৰিকত।

Self-aggrandisement, n. আন্তোরতি; Exaltation of one's own self.

Belf-applause, n. বিৰ প্ৰশংসা; Applause of one's own self. { one's self.

Self-born, self-born, a. ব্যস্ত ; Produced by Self-command, self-kom-and, Self-control, n. হৈয় ; দৰ-ভব, ব্যৱসংখ্য ; Equanimity of mind ; control of one's self.

Self-conceit, n. বহুধার ; আধুলাবা ; High opinion of one's own self. a=self-conceited ( অব্ছারী ; Vain ).

( own conscience.

Self-condemned, a. Condemned by one's Self-confidence, n. আত্মতায়; আগবাৰ ক্ষতার উপৰ বিশান; Confidence in one's own judgment, abilities or strength.

Self-confident, c. আৰপ্ৰয়া ; Confident of one's own judgment or strength.

Self-conscious, a. আনুজানবিশিষ্ট i স্প্ৰভাগি consciousness ( আনুজ্ঞতীতি ) )

Self-contradiction, n. cells-fecale; The act of contradicting itself or themselves; a proposition of two terms, one of which contradicts the other [self.

Self-control, n. আছ-সংঘদ; Control of one's Self-convicted, a. আপনার কথায় আপনি দোবী-হ; Convicted by one's confession or consciousness.

Self-culture, n. আহোৎকৰ ।

Self-deceit, Self-deception, n. जायप्रेमा; Deception respecting one's self. Self-defence, self-de-fens, n. जायपमा; प्राचित्रमा;

वाषात्राम ; पत्रः भवाश्व : व्यावाश्विमानी ; पश्नी ; Self-con-

. The act of defending one'sself ; the defence of one's own person. Self-denial, self-de-ni'al, দ. জাগ বীখার ; জাক্ with: The forbearing to gratify one's own appetites or desires. Belf-denying, a. बाब्रजाने । Self-dependence, अ. वांग्लवम् । Self-devoted, a. বেছাপ্রবৃত্ত ; বহুং প্রবৃত্ত ; Devoted in person, or voluntarily. Belf-devotion, n. আরোৎসর্গ; Voluntary devotion of one's self to some thing hazardous. Self-esteem, n. winited; The esteem or good opinion of one's self. Self-evident, self-cvi-dent, a. To: शिक ; पत अकाक ; चलकान : Evident without proof ; commanding assent. Belf-examination--আল-পরীকা ) Self-existent, self-egx-istent, a. 448; GCTC; Existing by himself, independent of any other being. neself-existence. Self-government, #. बांब-नामन ; बांबद नीमन ; The government of one's self; self-control. Self-help, n. आंश्रनाहाया ; Assistance of or by one's self. one's self. Self-knowledge, n. wiggin, Knowledge of Self-importance, selt-im-portans, n. 41%-भोत्रन : जाजनारा : कार्यभन्नरा ; Exaggerated estimate of one's own merit or interest; selfishness. Belf-interest, self-in-ler-e.t, n. वार्य; जायहिङ ; Private interest. a=self-interested. Selfish, sell'ish, a. সার্থপর; আত্মন্তবি: Void of regard to others. n=selfishness (স্বার্থপর্ভা)। ad-selfishly. Syn :- Egotistical, self-seeking, self-indulgent, mercenary, greedy. Self-love, n. আৰুপ্ৰীতি; আহাদর; বামুরাগ; আন্ধ-প্ৰেম ; সুধাসুভিজাৰ ; The love of one's self ; desire of happiness. Belf-made, a. TRIFE Selfmade man-त्य वाक्ति मित्त्रत्व क्रिहोच बनी इहै-TICE; A man who has risen from poverty or obscurity to wealth, fame or power by his own Belf-possession, self-poz-zeshun, n. देखी: ধীরতা ; সবের প্রশাস্ত ভাব ; আত্মাধিকার ; Calmness. delf-reliance, self-re-li'ans, स. आविष्कंत ; Relance on one's own power ; a=self-reliant. Self-represch, n. बाष्ट्रिका ; बाज-निर्द्ध ; The act of reproaching or condemning one's self. Self-respect, n. बाजनवामा । Self-restraint, m. जाजगरप्य Self-righteous, self-rifyus, a. पर्शक्रियांनी ; निस्त्रव विरवहमात्र वार्थिक ; Righteous in one's own estimation. ==self-righteousness. Self-seme, self'sām, a. অভিয়; বরুপ; ঠিক সেই; डाहे ; अवह ; The very same. Belf-satisfaction, n. निराव मरहार । Self-sacrifice, ন. সার্থত্যার ; আম্বনিগ্রহ : আম্বোৎ-कां; The act of yielding up one's own in-

ceited ; haughty. n=selfsufficiency ( आश्रापा )। Belf-willed, self-wild, a. avia; (veitifi); Governed by one's own will; obstinate. Bell, sel, v. t. বিকয়-কু; বেচা; To dispose of in return for something paid as equivalent :- v. i. বিক্লী-হ; To be sold. pt. and pp. - sold. Syn :-Vend, dispose of. Sell off—সমন্ত নিজন-ক ; Dispose of all. Sell one's life dearly—अत्नक लान जरेश निक व्यान-रम ; अपनक लोक शांविया निष्क मता ; To cause great loss to those who take one's life. Sell out-विकान ; Put an end to one's interest Seller, n. विद्वार्थ ; विक्तकांत्रक ; विक्रो ; One who Seltzer, a. बनिवन-एठक; Denoting a mineral [ of cloth :--- কুলুপে আলি-সন্ধি। Selvage, Selvedge, n. क्रिएड्ड शाह : A border Belves, selvz, pl. of self. Semaphore, n. সঙ্কেত ছায়া দূৱে সংবাদ জাপনের देशाह । a = semaphoric, semaphorical. Semblance, semblans, n. [ F. sembler, to resemble ] সাদৃত্য ; অপুরূপ ; তুল্যভা ; আকার ; Likeness; appearance. Syn:-Seeming, resemblance, similitude , show, figure, form. Semen, se'men, n. তক ; বীৰ ; Sperm ; seed. Semi, a. W. Half. Semiannual, a. Titles; Half yearly. Semibarbarian, a. 🐃 🐗 ; Half barbarous : ( পৰিমাণে সভা। — দ. অশ্বাসভা বাক্তি। Semibarbarous, Semibarbaric, a. fess Semibreve, n. অন্ধ্যাত্রাসন্পর আলাপ বা হর ৷ Semicastrate, v. f. मूल्ब अकांक रहतन-कृ; To deprive of one testicle. n=semicastration. Semicircle, ন. ৰুতাৰ ; অম্বৰণ ; Half of a circle. Semicircumference, n. W TATE; Half of the circumference of a circle. Semicolon, n. চিন্ন বিশেষ; Point thus (;). Semi-diameter, a. वर्ष वागि , वागिर्द ; Half of a diameter; a radius. Somidiurnal, c. wiffer; Pertaining to half Semifluid, a. 46-339; Imperfectly fluid. Semilunar, a. अईड्डांकार। Seminal, semin-al, a. [L. seminalis, from semen, seminis, seed] वीखनवदीय : विक्रक ; आणि ; सोनिक ; Radical ; rudimental :- Being or like sperm. Syn :- Germinal, original. Seminal discharge—বেডালাৰ। Seminary, semin-ar-e, n. [L. seminarius. belonging to seed] विमानिव ; इत : A place of education. Syn: -School, academy, gymnasium, college; nursery. Somination, n. 494; The act of sowing. Seminiferous, a. बीक्यद ; Producing seed. Somipellucid, Semi-transparent, a. . 7551; Half transparent. Semitik, a. বিহুদী, আবন্ত প্ৰভৃতি ভাতি সম্বাদ : Descended from Shem, including Hebrew, Arabic, Syriac. Semitone, n. অর্থর , তুনসালা ৷ Semi-transparent, a. With ; Half transparent.

Soif-nuttoient, self-suf-fishent, a. बारियांनी :

Belf-seeking, a. पार्वनतः पार्वतनोः

Bolf-alaughter, m. wiweeri ; Suicide.

terests, &c.

[ Selfish.

वार्थनमा :

Semi-rocal, a. नई नज़र्ग जनकोत ; Pertaining to a semivowel.

Bemivowel, s. जई रह र वई रह ( w d y ).

Semnopitheous, n. আনিয়ার বান্যবাতি ৷
Sempiternal, s. [ L. semper, always, eternus, eternal ] চিম্বায়ী, অনত; Everlasting; of neverending duration. Syn:—Everlasting, endless, interminable, eternal, perpetual.

Sempster, Sempatress, s. সীবন-ব্যবসারিশী; A woman who sews.

Senary, senar-i, a. বড়াত্মক; বট্সংখ্য; Containing six.

Sonato, schat, ন. ব্যবস্থা সভা; বিধনিদ্যালয়ের সভা; Legislative or deliberative body.

Senate-house, n. বিশ্বিদ্যালবাদিব সভাসূহ।
Senator, scha-tur, n. সচিব; দিনেটের সভা বা
স্বস্তু; Member of a senate; counsellor. n=
senatorship.

Senatorial, sen-a-to'ri-al, a. স্চিব বা সভা সৰ্থীয়; Pertaining to or becoming, a senate or senator. Send, send, v. t. শ্রেপ-কৃ; পাঠাব; To transmit by another; to cause to go; to despatch:— শ্রেপ-কৃ; ছোড়া; To cast:—v. s. কোন সংবাদ বা সংবাদবাহক শ্রেপ-কৃ; To despatch a me-sage or messenger. pt. and pp—sent, Syn.—Throw, hurl, fling, project, emit; forward; delegate, depute, bestow, grant, confer.

God send you well—ইশ্ব ডোমার ভাল করন। Send about one's business—নিজের চরকার তেল দিতে পাঠান অর্থাৎ দ্রীভূত-কু; To dismiss unceremoniously.

Send away-(414-5; Despatch.

Bend for ৰাহ্নান-কু; Call; summon:—ভাকিছা পাঠান; আদিতে অপুরোধ-কু; Request one by passage to come:—চাহিয়া পাঠান, Send some one to ask:—Require one by message to send.

Send forth or out—নিৰ্গত-কৃ, Emit; spread:— উৎপাদন-কৃ; উল্পাড-কৃ; To produce.

Bend off-(431-7; Dismiss; despatch.

Send packing—গ্ৰ-কৃ, Drive away; dismiss unceremoniously. [ চালাৰ। Bend something flying—কোৰত কিছু বৌ ক্রিয়া

Sent to coventry—श्वकाज-कृ।

Sen word-178-17; Inform by message.

Sendal, n. রেপনী; A thin silk.

Sender, n. (434)

Bonoschal, seńeshal, n. অধ্যক্ত ; কর্মচারী ; কুডা ; A steward. n=seneschalship.

Benile, se'nil, a. [L. senilis,—senex, senis, an old man] বাৰ্থবাৰ্থনার; স্বান্তর; Pertaining to old age; aged. n=senility ( বাৰ্থনা; old age.)
Syn:—Imbecile, doting.

Senior, sēńyur, a. ৰপ্তস্ত ; Older in office ; prior in age :—প্ৰধান ; বড় ; Superior :—n. বংৰাজ্যে বাৰ ; বংৰাজ্যেইতা ; শুকুজন ; One older than another ; one prior in office , an aged person.

Seniority, se-ne-or'e-te, ন. প্রাচীনত্ব; (জাইব; Quality or condition of being older. Syn:— Eldership, priority, superiority.

Benna, seña, n. নোনাৰ্থী পাতা; A tree and its leaves; cathartic.

Bennight, n. नदार ; नदनाव ; A week.

Bensation, sen-sa'shun, ম. [ L. sensus, sense ]
ইলিব-বোৰ; ইলিববৃত্তি; ইলিবলৰ আন; প্ৰজ্যক আন;
Perception by the senses:—বস্তুব্ধ; উপলত্তি; অবুকৃত্তি; Perception; knowledge:—কৈডভ; স্বুজা;
Consciousness:—সাড়; উত্তেখনা ভাব; A state of excited feeling; a great impression. Syn:—
Feeling, sense; impression; excitement, commotion.

Sensational, c. ইত্রিয়-বোধ স্থকীয়; Pertaining to sensation:—উৎস্কৃত্র্ক; Fitted to excite great interest.

Sensationaliam, sen-sárhun-al-izm, n. প্রত্যক্ষ্ট জানের একমাত্র মূল-এই কাপনিক মত; The doctrine that our ideas originate solely in sensation and that there are no innate ideas.

Sensationalist, n. উক্ত বতবাধী; A believer in sensationalism.

Sense, sens, n. ইজিব; কাবেজিব; A faculty by which objects are perceived; organ of preception:—উপল্কি: জান; বোধ: Perception: feeling:—বর্ব; তাব; Meaning:—বৃদ্ধি: Discernment; understanding:—বিভারপতি: সবত কথা: Reason:—বড় অভিপ্রার; Opinion:—বিভার; ধরিবা, Conviction:—বর্ব; Import. Syn:—Sensibility, sensation; mind, intellect, judgment, sagacity, wisdom, wit; notion, apprehension, conception; signification, import, persuasion, consciousness.

Bring one to one's senses—ব্য বৃত্তির কেবা: কৈন্তর উপর করিবা পেরবা; Make one understand one's error or fault.

[ক্রেক্সিক্সেরা;

Common sense—সল্পন্ধ; সামান্ত বৃদ্ধি; কাভজান, Prighten one out of one's senses (or wits) —ভয় বেবাইয়া ক্তবৃদ্ধি-কু; Frighten one so as to confound him.

In one sense—এক ব্ৰুক কৰিয়া ধরিলে; একভাবে দেখিলে, এই অর্থে, Considering the matter from one point of view.

In one's senses—আন হাড়া না হটলে; বৃদ্ধিত্তি
থাকিতে; আনহাথা না হইলে; বোৰলোথ থাকিলে; Possessed of reason and judgment, not having lost
one's senses.

Moral sense—ৰশ্ব্ৰি ; নীতিব্ৰি , হিতাহিত জান।
Out of one's senses—বৃদ্ধিত্ৰই , Destitute of the
usual powers of reasoning and judging ; insane.
The inner sense—অভ্যান্ত্ৰী।

Senseless, sensies, a. ৰজাৰ, ৰচেন্তৰ; Wanting sense; incapable of feeling, preception or judgment:—বিৰোধ; মুচ; Foolish. সক্তৰাহুহিৎচহয়ঃ
Syn:—Inert, insensible, unfeeling, apathetic; unreasonable, silly, stupid, absurd, unwise.

Sensibility, sens-i-bili-te, ম. ইবিষয়াফ্ডা; The quality of being sensible:—অনুভঙি, অনুভবৰজি , মজো; চেডনাবজি; Feeling; capacity of feeling; actual feeling:—বারণক্ষতা; Susceptibility:—কোমলড; Delicacy.

ceptibility; delicacy.

Bensible of—কোৰ বিষয় কাৰ্যক ; Aware of, conscious of. [feel. To be sensible of—লগুড্ৰ-কু; To perceive, to Bensitive, sensit-iv, a. অপুভ্ৰমপঞ্জিনিটি; অভাত বাল্যকাৰ; Having sense or feeling; highly susceptible:—সহকে অভিভূত; অভিযানী; Easily affected:—সহকে প্ৰতিভূত; অভিযানী; Engly sensitiveness (অভিযান) । ১৮০:—Sentient, perceptive; impressible, susceptible, tender, deli-

Sensitive to—সহতে অসুভা করা বা লাগা; Capable of receiving impressions, or of being affected by.

Bensitive plant—লজাবতী লড়া; A plant, the leaves of which close when touched slightly.

Sensorial, a. জানেলিয়-স্থানীয়; Pertaining to the sensorium.

Sensorium, sen-sori-um, Sensory, sehoot-i, প. জাবেজিয়; সংবিদ্ধি; সন্তিদ্ধ; Seat or organ of sensation: brain.

Sensory, a. अक्टर-मक्कीय।

cate, sprinking.

Sensory nerves—অরণ্ণী সানুমঙলী ৷

Sensuel, sensual, a. [L. sensus, sense ] ইলিন্দ প্রডম ; ভোষবিশামী ; কাষ্ক . Voluptuous ; lewd : —ইলিন্দ্রনার কি . Carnal. ad—sensually. n sensualness. Syn :—Fleshly, bodily, luxurious ; licentious, dissolute.

Bonsualise, sehshöö-al-ir, v. f. ইব্ৰিন্ন সুৰভোগ বারা কল্বিড-ক ; To debase by carnal gratification. Bensualism, sehshöö-al-izm, ম. ইব্ৰিনাগলি ; ইব্ৰিন-সেবিদ্ ; Sensual indulgence :—প্ৰভাদনাদ , The doctrine that all our knowledge originates from the senses.

Sensualiat, seńshöট-al-ist, n. কৃষ্ট; ইক্সিক-স্থাসক বাড়ি; A debauchee.

Sensuality, ন. ইন্দ্রিন-পরারণতা; ভোগাসন্তি; কামু-কুড়া; Lewdness. [senses. Sensuous, a. ইন্দ্রিন-ভোগা; Pertaining to the Sensuous objects—কুপাণি ইন্দ্রিন্ডোগা বিষয়।

Bentence, sentens, n. মত, বিচার; Opinion:—
ক্থানা; A judgment pronounced on a criminal
by a court of judge:—বচন; বাকা, মীডিবাকা;
A maxim:—গদ; In gram. a number of words
containing a complete thought.—v. t. দথানা-বে;
শাবির ছব্ম-বে; To condemn; to doom. Syn:—
(n) Decision; condemnation, doom; proposition, axiom.

A dark sentence-proteil

Sentenced to—কোনন্ত গতিত-ছ; Sentenced to undergo (some punishment).

Sontential, a. वाकाविक : Pertaining to a sentence. ad - sententially.

Bententious, sen-tenshe-us, a. নাৰপৰ্ড; অৰ্প্ৰ; ব্ৰাড়বৰপূৰ্ব; Short and pithy in expression; bembastic. #=sententiousness. ad=sententiously. Syn: -Short, energetic, terse, laconic, compact, pointed, axiomatic.

Bentient, senshe-ent, a. সচেতৰ ; চৈতত্ত্বিৰিট ; বোৰকৰ; Having the faculty of perception and sensation. Syn:—Perceiving, feeling; thinking, reflecting; sensitive.

Sentiment, sente-ment, n. [ L. sentire, to perceive, feel ] ৰড ; দিছাত ; Opinion ; judgment : —ভাবনিজিড চিডা ; ননবেলনা , কোলভাব ; Sensibility ; feeling ; tenderness :—বাড়ানীডি ; Maxim-Syn :—Emotion ; notion, idea ; saying ; toast. Sentiment of love—শুহার রস।

Bentimental, sen-te-mental, a. ভাষণুৰ্ব; সনের
আবেগবিশিষ্ট; স্থানিক; কোনতাগুৰ্প; Possessing sentiment; prone to sentiment; affectedly tender.
ad—sentimentally. Syn:—Romantic, fanciful;
impressible, tender.

Sentimentalism, sen-ti-mental-izm, Sentimentality, ম. ভাৰঘটিত চিন্তাদীৰতা; কৃত্ৰিৰ ভাৰুকতা; Affectation of fine feeling.

Sentimentalist, sen-ti-mental-ist, n. ভাবৃক; বাদিক; ভাগপ্ৰধান ব্যক্তি; On who affects sentiment or fine feeling. [sentry; watchman; guard. Sentinel, sente-nel, n. একবী; বালী; চৌনিকাল; A Sentry, sentri, n. বাহনী; বালী; বৈনিক-মহনী; Soldier on guard; watchman; sentinel.

Sentry-box, n. মহ্বীর আজ্বরতুত আছোদন; A box to shelter a sentry.

Bopal, n. गुणकारकत्र (बहेबनाद्ध ।

Separable, sep'ar-a-bl, a. বিভাগ ; বিজেগ ; বিজেপন That may be separated or disjoined ; divisible. ad—separably, n=separableness.

Boparate, sep'ar-ইt, ৯. t. পৃথক-কু; বতন্ত্ৰ-কু; বিভিন্ন-কু; To divide; to part; to sever:—৮. i. পৃথক-হ: বিভ্নন-হ; বিভিন্ন-হ; To part; to become disunited. Syn:—Disconnect, disjoin.

Separated, a. ভিয়; বিভিন্ন; পৃথক্ত ; বিজিয়; বিশুক্ত; Divided; distinct. ad=separately ( পত্য-ভাবে )। Syn:—Disconnect, disjoin, disunite, sever, sunder; withdraw, remove, eliminate.

Separation, sep-ar-áshun, n. পাৰ্থকা; বিপ্ৰয়োগ; প্ৰেক্ষণ; Disjoining; disunion:—বিক্ষেণ; Divorce. Syn:—Disconnection, disjunction, severance, dissociation; divorce; isolation. [বিক্ষণ বিশেষ বিশ্ব বিশেষ বিশেষ বিশেষ বিশ্ব বিশ্ব

Sept, sept, n. कांडि ; वर्न ; A clan.

September, sep-tember, s. বংগরের ব্যব বাদ;
The minth month of the year.

Septemary, sep'ten-ar-i, a. [ L. septem, seven ]
ng nigra; Consisting of seven:—ngatath;
Lasting seven years.

Septennial, sep-tehyal, a, [ î. septun, seven, annus, a year ] সন্তব্যাধী; সাওবাধিক; Lasting seven years; happening every seven years. ad—septennially

Beptic, sep'tik, a. [Gr. sepo, to make putrid] বন্ধ-সহার; পদনকন; পদাইবার শক্তিসম্পত্ত; Having power to promote putrefaction:—সন্তম ক্রমবিশিষ্ট। Beptuagenarian, স. সন্ততিবৰ্গক ব্যক্তি; A person seventy years old.

Septuagenary, sep-tuajen-ar-i, a. স্থাভিষ্টিত; Consisting of seventy:—সপ্ততিব্যার: Seventy years old:—n. সম্ভর বর্ণ ব্যক্ত লোক; One 70 years old.

Beptuagesima, n. তৃতীয় স্থবিবার নিপেব , The third Sunday before Lent. [ by seventies Septuagesimal, a. সন্তিভক্ষে গণিত ; Counted Septuagint, sep'tu-a-jint, n ীৰ বাইবেল; The Greek version of the Old Testament.

Sepulcher, chre, sep'ul-ker, n. সমাধি . গৌর, ক্বর; Tomb:—v c. সমাধি-ক ৷ a = sepulchral. Sepulchral, a. সমাধি-ক স্বকীৰ; সমাধি সক্ষীয; Monumental. Syn:—Funer.il, mournful, gloomy, dismal; deep, grave, hollow.

Bepulture, sepul-tūr. n. [ l.. sejultura, from sepelire, sepultum, to bury ] সমাধি-বিকা: Interment; burial:—গোৰ-পেওন; Inhumation:—কর; A grave. [ ness.

Sequacious, ন্মনীর, স্বস্ত । n=sequacious-Sequacious, a. অবগামী, অবংব, Attendant.

Sequel, se'kwel, n. [L. sequi, to follow] উত্তৰ ভাগ; শেবভাগ; পরিপিট, Succeeding part:— পরিপাদ; কল; Result; consequence. Syn:— Continuation; conclusion, termination, end, denouement; issue, upshot.

In the sequel—ल्याव, উত্তরভাগে।

Sequence, se'kwe'ns, গ. অস্ক্রম; পর্বাফ্রম; Order of succession:—পরিণাম; ফলাফল . Consequence.

The sequence of tenses—ক্রিবাপদ সকলের প্র-Sequent, a. আমুক্তবিক, প্রবর্তী, Succeeding.

Sequester, কে অধুকাৰক, গ্ৰগত্ব, Succeeding.
Sequester, কে wester, ক t. সভ্য-কৃ. পৃথক-কৃ.
(সমাজ) সগস্ত-কৃ; To separate, to set apart;
to withdraw from society—v. i. মুভগতির
সাগতিতে সমাজ ভাগি-কৃ. To renounce any concern
with the estate of a dead husband. (cluded
Sequestered, a. নিজ্জন; নিজ্জ; Retired; seSequestrate, se-kwestrat, v. t. মুভ্য-কৃ; মুখন
বা ক্লোক-কৃ. To sequester.

Bequestration, sek-wes-trashun, n. প্ৰক ক্ষৰ, সমাজ হইতে ৰূপস্তি; Act of sequestering; taking away from the use of the owner for a time; seclusion from society.

Sequestrator, sek-wes-trátor, n. যে পছেন্ত সংগতি দীয় স্বধিকারে দ্বাপে; One who sequesters another's property.

Sequin, st'kwin, n. বিনিসের বর্ণমুখা বিশেষ; A gold Venetian coin of the 13th century; os. 4d. Seraglio, se-ralyō, n. অন্তঃপুর; অন্যন্ত্রন, অব্বেশ; A harem.

Berai, শ. স্বাই; A caravansary. [ vessel. Berang, ম. জাহাজের সাবেদ; The boatswain of a Beraph, ser'al, শ. স্পায় আধান মৃত; First class angel. pl=seraphs, seraphim.

Beraphic se-rafik, Seraphical, se-rafikal, a.
স্থায় : পৰিম : নিম্বল : Angelic : pure : refined.
Syn : -Heavenly ; holy ; blissful, tapturous,

Serephine, \*. नाग्य नित्त्र । Sere, v. नक-कृ ; To dry up.

Serenade, ser-e-nad, \*\*. গ্রেণ্ডিনী সভোষাৰে ক্ষমান্ত কান ক্ষত্ৰান্ত; Nocturnal music in the open air; musical performance in the open air in the evening in honor of a lady:—v. \*\*. কৈ বাসু ধারা সভাবণ বা তুই-কু; To entertain with a serenade:—v. \*\*. নিশাকালে সরীত-কু; To perform a serenade:—গরিতার; নেমানি বিশ্বতা; Calm:—কিয়ার নেমানি বিশ্বতা; নিশাকাল:—দিয়ার স্থানি বিশ্বতা; Calm-ness; peace:—নিশাকাল; Clearness. Syn:—Clearness, fairness, brightness; quietness, tranquillity, sedateness, composure.

Sorf, seri, n. 717: 270717; Slave attached to an estate; a feudal slave. Syn:—Bondman, vassal, villain, dependent, drudge.

Serfdom, Serfage, n. 4174, 413; The condition of a serf.

Sorge, serj, n. পশমী বস্ত্র বিশেষ; Coarse woolen. Sorgeancy, Sorgeantship, n. সর্জ্জেন্টর পদ; The office of a sergeant.

Sergeant, Serjeant, sar'jent, n. সেনানী বিশেষ : A non-commissioned officer next above a corporal :—হাওলদাৰ , পুলিশের কর্মচারী ; Officer of police , Bailiff —উচ্চ প্রেণ্ডিব উকীল, A lawyer of the highest rank. n=sergeancy.

A sorgeant-at-arms—দতনেতা; পাতিরক্ত কর্ম-চারী; An officer who attends on the king, the lordhigh steward, &c. an officer of a legislative body for keeping order, &c.

Sergeant at law-্ৰেষ উকীল, Lawyer next in ran't to a judge. [ing a mayor or a sheriff. Sergeant at mace—Badliff or beadle attend-Sergeant major, sai'jent-ma-jur, n. লেট কাটেৰ নিম্পান স্বানা, 'The highest non-commissioned officer who assists the adjutant; chief sergeant of a troop.

Serial, serial, a. ক্ৰিক; আপ্তাৰক; Pertaining to or consisting of a series —ক্ৰমণ: অধানিত; Appearing in successive parts:—n. ক্ৰমণ: অধানিত প্ৰকাদি, A work appearing in parts periodically. ad =serially (পর পর, ক্রমপ্রাক)।

Serial numbers—(এপ সংখ্যা। [order. Serially, ad. ক্ষামুসারে, বধাক্ষমে; In a regular Seriate, se'ri-at, a. ক্ষাৰ্যে সন্তিবেপিত। এেপ্ৰেছ: Arranged in scries. [order.

Seriatim, ad. পর পর ; ধারাবাহিকরণে; In regular Serios, se're-ër, n. [ L. series—serere, sertum, to join together ] অসুক্রম; ক্রম. শেলী; ধারা; পার-শ্বা; Connected succession; sequence; order.

Arithmetical series—সমান্তৰ খেঢ়ী। Summation of a series—খেঢ়ী ব্যবহার।

Seriocomic, Seriocomical, a. পাছ ও হাছ ধন ধিনিত; Partaking both of seriousness an 1 comicality.

Serious, serre-us, a. গ্ৰীর: চিছালিল; ধীর; Solemn, grave, sober:—কুক; ওক্তর; ভয়ানক; Important:—বিপদসভ্ল; বিপজ্জনক; Attended with danger, ad-semusly (অধুকশ্যক; বভীরভাবে );

Sys: Thoughtful, earnest, devout, pious; momentous, weighty.

A serious matter—সমীৰ ব্যাপার।

Beriousness, se're-us-nes, স. পাৰীয় ; Gravity ; solemnity :— ভাষতা ; Importance :— Earnestness :— বিশ্বস্থ ; Danger.

Bermon, ser'mon, ম. বর্ষোপদেশ; বর্ষ বস্তুতা; An ecclesiastical discourse; a discourse on a text of scripture.

Bermonise, জ. : বর্জোগনেল-বে; বর্জ স্বাদ্ধে বক্তা-কু; শিকা-বে; Deliver sermon; tutor. [ mons. Sermonist, স. বর্জোগরেল লেবক; Writer of ser-Berous, se'rus, a. পাতলা; জনীয়; অপবং; Thin; watery:—বৈছিক।

Serous membrance—হৈহিক বিল্লী ৷

Serpent, ser'pent, n. [ L. serpo, to creep ] সৰ্গ; ভুজুৰ ; Snake :—কুর বোক , Malicious person.

Berpentine, ser pent-in, a. সৰ্গৰং; বকু; থাকা বাকা; Resembling a serpent; winding; crooked; spiral:—খনিজ বিশেষ। Syn:—Meandering, tortuous, crooked, anfractuous.

Sorrate, ser'rat, Sorrated, ser'rat-ed, করাতের ভার কাটা কাটা; Notched like a saw. n=serration (বজাকারে গঠন)।

Berrature, n. করাতেব গাঁতের মত বাঁজ; Notching like the teeth of a saw.

Serried, ser'rid, a. বছজনাকীৰ্ণ; একব্ৰিড; নিৰিড়; স্ব; Crowded; pressed together; close.

**Borum**, se'rum, n. মকের জলীয় তাগ; রগানি; The thin fluid which separates from the blood when it coagulates:—ছক্ষের ফলীয় অংশ; তক্ত; ছানার জল; The watery part of curdled milk; whey.

Bervant, servant, n. ভৃত্য; চাৰৱ; ক্ৰীডদান; A domestic; menial; slave. Syn.—Serf, drudge, slave, help, helper, dependent.

Servant of servant—winitywin; One debased to the lowest condition of servitude.

Your humble servant—আপনার নিনীত ভূতা; এমাস, এ অধীন; Myself (a rather polite way of referring to one's own self).

Serve, serv, v. t. [ L. servire, from servus, a servant or slave ] সেবা-ক ; কর্ম-ক ; To work for :-- गरभड़े-इ ; To suffice for :-- त्मरा-इ ; जान-পতা-ক ; পরিচ্গা-ক ; To wait upon at table :--( अरकत नित्रक्ष ) काक-इ ; To do duty for :-পরিবেশন-ক : যোগান : To supply with food :-- সম্ভর্-👣; To satisfy:---वावकान-कृ; कादि-कृ; To treat: -माराम नामन-कृ; To obey:---तरमावस-कृ; To arrange :- উপকাৰ-ক ; To do good to ; benefit : -- गांक-कु; पृत्रां-कु:--v. i. काशा-कू, कार्ता नियुक्त ৰাকা : To be employed ; to discharge the duties of an office; to be a servant or slave :-- অপেকা-ক; To attend ; to wait :-- गरशहे-इ ; To be sufficient : - उन्युक्त ; To suit. Syn :- Minister to, help. assist, succour; promote, advance, forward, benefit, subscrve; suffice. আগে দেওরা। First come first served—বে আগে আইসে ভাহাৰে Serve an attachment or writ of attach-

ment cets ; To levy it on the person or goods by seizure; to seize.

Serve an office—নামাজিক কর্ত্তব্য কর্ম নির্বাহ-ছু। Serve a purpose —উদ্দেশ্ত নাধন-ছু। Serve a subposens— nini wife-p. Present a writ to one summoning him to justice.

Serve a warrant—বৃত্তকাশের হতুম তামিল-কু। Serve a writ—সমন ধরান; আখালতের পরবাদাই আমি-কু; To read it to the defendant or leave an atteststed copy in his usual place of abode.

Serve one's apprenticeship—To acquire the knowledge of a trade under the instruction of one skilled.

[ liste : requiet.

Berve one out—প্রতিলোধ সভয়া বা দেওয়া; Reasserve one's time—কোন ব্যবদায় নিকার বন্ধ নির্দিষ্ট সময় কাটান; নিকানবালির কাল কাট্টরা অভীত-ফু; To pass the usual and necessary time for learning a trade under a superior or master.

Servo one right—ৰে বেনৰ ভেমনি ভাছার উপত্ত বাবহার-কু; উচিত্যত বাবহার-কু; Treat one as he deserves (usually in an ill sense),

Serve one same sauce— সভিবেশ্য-স ; To retaliate one injury with another.

Serve one's turn—বংশ্ট-ছ; শীম অভিট হাসিল-জ; নিজের মডলব সিছ-জ; প্রয়োজনমত কাজ-জ; To be sufficient for; to meet one's convenience or purpose; serve one's purpose.

Berve out—ৰণ্টন কৰিয়া-দে; বাঁটিয়া-দে; Distribute; deal:—নিৰ্দিষ্ট সমৰ প্ৰাৰ্থন্ত কাৰ্য্য-কৃ; মিৰাদভৱ বাটা; To serve the full period of time agreed upon.

Serve up—পৰিবেশন-ক ; থাকাদি বারা দেবা-ক ; টেৰি-লের উপর ধরিয়া-দে ; Prepare and present in a dish ; place on the table.

Server, n. সেবক; One who serves:—ছেট বেকাৰি বা বাবকোৰ; A salver.

Service, servis, n. কাৰ্য়; কৰ্ম; চাৰ্মা; Duty of a servant; work; office:—দেবা; পরিচযা; A woking for another:—উপকার; Benefit:—ব্যক্ষার: Use:—দৈনিকের নিমিত্ত কর্ম্ম; Public, naval or military duty:—প্রা: Exclesiastic office of devotion:—সন্ধিত ভোজন বাসনাদি; Order of dishes at a table:—সাহাব্য; Help:—ব্যক্ষিকরক স্কাত্ত; উপাসনাকালে ব্যব্ছারার্ম রিচিত্ত সম্পাত; A musical composition for devotional purposes:—স্কাব্যক্ত ভিছ: Profession of respect. Syn:—Labour, work; office, duty, employment; advantage, utility, avail; homage, marked repect.

At one's service—কাহাৰত অধীনে; কাহাৰত আজাপুৰবী, At one's command:—ব্যবহারার্ক নিয়োজিত; At one's disposal for one's use.

Do yeoman's service—অসময়ে বিশেষ কাজে লাগা; Do good and faithful service:—বিশ্বত ভূড়োর স্থায় কাজ-কু; নিমক্তের চাকরের মত কাজ-কু; Be of great service.

Serviceable, servis-a-bl, a. কাৰ্য্যকা; হিতৰ্ক ; উপকাৰী; Useful; advantageous; beneficial:—কৰ্মণা; কাৰ্যকা; Fit for duty:—পরিসমী; Active; diligent. n-serviceableness. ad-serviceable, Syn:—Helpful, profitable, advantageous, convenient, available; operative, diligent.

Service-book, n. 4414444 পূৰত ; প্ৰাৰ্থনা পূৰত ;

Serviette, n. ভোরালে; A napkin for the table. Servile, servil, a. [ L. servilis, from servire, to serve ] দানোচিত; হের; নীচ; হীন; অধীন; Slavish; cringing, meanly submissive, adm servilely (बीहणाद)। meservileness (होनडा; शांतवर वायराव )। Sym :-- Dependent, menial; mean, fawning, obsequious.

Servility, serv-ile-te, w. ving; aloui; coluicall; Slavery; obsequiosaness; mean submission :- अवीन्छा : A state of salvish dependance. Sys: -Bondage, slavishness, meanness, sycophancy.

Servitor, servi-tor, n. कान : अनुस्त : त्रवक : A servant; a follower or adherent. n=servitorship. Bervitude, serve-tud, n. [ L. servitudo, from servire, to serve] দাস্থ, গোলামী; Slavery. Syn :- Service, bondage, seridom, vassalage. Sesame, n. Ga 43 ; A plant and its seeds.

Open sessme-वानिवायात्र नात वारवायवादेन अड I a foot and a half. Sesquipedalian, n. (45 To 1)4; Containing Gossible, a. धवुश्वक ; (बीडी नो नहेश गांश छेलाछ हव । Session, seshun, n. अभिरयमन; छेगरवनन; Sitting: ---জারানত বা সভার অধিবেশমের কান ; বৈঠক ; বিদ্যা-मादब स्थापन नवकीत वर्ष ; Time during which an assembly continues its sittings; term tof a college or court. a-sessional.

Court of session—करेनाक्त एक्शनी जानाक : The Supereme Civil court in Scotland.

Rirk or church sessions-The first and lowest court for government and discipline in Pesbyterian churches consisting of the minister and a body of elders.

Petty sessions-Meeting of two or three justices of the peace for the trail of petty offendders and enquiry into grave charges previous to sending the accused to the central or circular · court.

Quarter sessions-Quarterly meeting of the justices with fuller powers to try all scionies and trespasses except capital offences.

Special sessions-Meeting of the justices to grant licenses, visit the prisoners.

Besspool -See cesspool,

Sesterce, #. त्वांत्यक व्यांतीय मूजा: Roman 2d.

Set, set, v. t. शांभन-क ; रमान ; मजित्यन-क , To put , to place; to post :-- आवड-कृ; आखाश-कृ; To fix :- नश-क ; मःनश-क ; आहिकान ; To attach :-(बांग्य-कृ ; To plant :-- निर्मम-कृ ; निर्मिह-कृ ; To direct :- अवान ; To curdle :- वाना-(म : To obstruct :- अवश्वविद्नात वांचा ; To put in a condition :--বিস্তার-কু; To spread as sails :-- মুশেভিত-ক: To adorn with something fixed: - বেলাইলা-CY; To point, as a dog :- To fit to music .-ण. i. जब-वा ; भारते वना ; जबनित-इ ; To below the horizon; to go down :-- হাস্-হ; Decline :-- ব্যোগিত-इ ; To plant:--नाजग्र-त्र ; मृह-इ : निकछ हाजाम , To become fixed:--नीकात (मध्या ; To point out game :- ===== ; To apply one's self. Syn: - Seat, place, locate, pitch; settle, fix, establish, ground; determine, appoint, assign; stake, wager; regulate, adjust; stud, variegate; sharpen; replace; decline, sink; congeal; concrete; tend, flow.

Set, set, a. 188; 1998; Fixed; determined:--মূচ , Pirm :-- নিৰ্মিত , রীতিষত ; Regular estab- । Set foot in a place--ংশন হাবে পা বাড়ান ।

lished formal :--- अ. त्महे ; अकदण सारगृह मस्ह ; A number of things similar to or suited to each other; a collection of things of the same kind: - PM : A number of person associated : clique : —গতি ; Direction :-- অৱগাৰৰ ; A decent below the horizon. ding further progress. Dead set, w. A fixed state or condition precha-In set terms-fire was ; in distinct and forcible language; in formulated expressions. Make a dead set at-cette wiener: faces गहकात आक्रमन-क ; किया चाना ; Make a determined attack upon; make a determined onset

Of set purpose—আৰে মডলৰ আঁটলা; পুৰ্বাকৃত नवस धार्क ; प्रानवस धार्क ; With a fixed determination.

Set about—बारव-मृ: वस-मृ: Begin; commence :-- नियुक्त- ह ; टावृक्त- ह ; Apply oneself to-

Set a dog on one-कृक्त तनारेबा-ए ।

Set against-4141-14 : Oppose.

Bet a-going—होनान, होनित्त (पद्यो ; Cause to beigin to move; put into working order. Set an ( or in ) order—बावचा पूर्वक प्राची ; बरमावक

कविण बाला ; Adjust or arrange ; to reduce to [ for imitation. method. Set an example-देगांग्जानकान-इ : To be model

Set apart-ৰত্ত কৰিয়া বাৰা; Reserve ; separate for a particular purpose.

Set a price on one's head- a state was ছেবন করিতে পারিবে, তাহাকে তিনি এত টাকা দিবেন; Offer a reward for killing a man.

Set aside-मिक्ड वांचा ; Put in reserve :-- वंदन-कृ त्रह-कृ : अन्तर्था-कृ : Annul :--- नर्क्तय-कृ : जानि-कृ : Omit ; reject :-- नन बाद बादा ना बता ; हिनादन ना बता . Leave out of account.

Set aside a claim -wife wats-7 !

Set a task-पड्यक्रण हाजत्क व्यविविक शांत-त्म : Im pose a supernumerary exercise on a student as a punishment. [ defy.

Set at deflance-- প্রাপ্তার অমাস-ক ; তুজ-ক ; তি Bet at ease-শাৰ-ক ; হছির-ক ; নিকিছ-ক ; Quiet. Bot at naught—adis-s; wasi-s; we-F; Despise; undervalue.

Set a trap or snare—কাৰ পাতা ; বৰ পাতা ; To place it in a situation to catch prev.

Set at rest-418-5; Compose.

Set at (or to) work-कार्च निवृक्त कहा वो नानान । Bet before-সমূৰে উপত্তিত-তু; ধরিয়া দেওবা বা বেশাৰ : To exhibit ; bring to view before :- To offer for choice.

Bet by-পুৰুষ বাৰা : সাৰি ক : Set apart ; reject : -- मान-क , जना-क ; जापत-क ; Esteem ; value.

Set down - ভূমিতে সাপন-ক ; Place on the ground : -গাভি হইতে নামান ; Let out of a carriage :-विशिवक-क . निकथ-क . निविद्या दाशा ; Enter in writting :-- নির্দারণ ক ; To ordain :-- ভিরন্ধার-ক ; To rebuke :- निया- ; To censure, to humiliate.

Set down to-withing; Attribute or impute [ see ; to behold. something to. Set eyes on -- मर्नद-कृ : वृक्षेशाल-कृ : वक्क-कृ : To

Set fire to-defes-y, Kindle.

Bet foot on - भवनित्यम-म : Step on.

Set forth-वाकान-मृ । वाक्त-मृ : विवृष्ट-मृ : पर्व-मृ : न्यारेश-ए : Manifest ; exibit ; describe ; ex-

plain :- नामा- ; Set out.

Bet forward সাহাত্য-তৃ; অবসর হ; উরত-তৃ; To begin to move on; to promote. [Liberate. Set free—বৃদ্ধ কু; বাবীনতা অধান-তৃ; হাড়িয়া-লে; Set in—মারত-তৃ; Begin:—বংগ হালন-তৃ; To put. Set in motion—চালিবে বেলয়; চালিত-তৃ; Be made to move:—অবর্তিত-তৃ; Start; originate:—
ভারি-তৃ; Enforce:—বিশ্বেভিত-তৃ; Employ.

Bot off— লগড়ত-ক : সন্ধিত-ক : Adorn : decorate :
— কুলান্ল্যকপে হাগন-ক : কুলা-ক : Place against as an equivalent :— প্রহান-ক : বানা-ক : Depart :
start :— বতম্ম করিয়া বাবা : To assign a portion to a particular use :— লংক লোভা সন্দানন-ক : Show so advantage :— ভাল করিয়া নাবারণের পরিচিত করিয়া প্রস্তা : Recommend :—বিছিছ-ক : To separate from a whole.

Set little by—জুছ-ড়; ৰন্দোৰত কৰিবা ৰাখা। Set light by—অবতা-ড়: জুছ-ড়; To treat as of no importance; to slight; to despise.

Set off against—कुगाव्या रूडवा ; Place against as an equivalent.

Bet one down as, Set one down for— কাহাকে কিছু বলিয়া ভাষা বা এহা-কু; Consider one as: take one to be.

Set one's cap (or for)—মনোবোগ বা প্রেম আৰু-বৰ করিবার চেট্টা-কৃ; কাহায়ও নজত বা অনুস্থাই হব এমন টেটা-কৃ; Endeavour to catch the aftention or affection.

Set oneselfageinst—কাহারত বিপক্ষেপভাষনান-হ; অতিকৃপ-কু; To place one's self determinedly in opposition to; resist; oppose.

Set one's hand and seal to—To sign and seal as legal document; to certify; to attest.

Set one's heart on—ৰত্ত প্ৰিয়-হ; Long for earnestly, to be very fond of.

Set on fire, Set fire to—ৰালাৰ; ৰাছি এবাৰ-কু, আলাইয়া-বে; To put fire for the purpose of burning:—রিপু উত্তেজিড-কু; To inflame the passions. Set on foot—আরম্ভ-কু, হচনা-কু; এব্রিড-কু; To

put in motion; to start.

Set one's teeth—গাতে গাত নাগাৰ ৷

Set one's wits to work—হোল বিবলে চিছা-ড়; Consider carefully; to think upon a matter,

Set out—প্রহান-কৃ. বাজা-কৃ; Depart; begin a journey:—পারজ-কৃ, Begin:—প্রচার-কৃ; Publish:
—পোডিড-কৃ; অলম্বত-কৃ, Adorn:—কণাল; প্রহাপ-কৃ; Show:—বিভারিভরণে বর্ণনা-কৃ, To state at large, Set over—নিয়োগ-কৃ, নির্জ-কৃ; To appoint over. Bet right—স্পোধন-কৃ; স্বধান; Correct.

Set sail—त्योका या बाराज यूनिया-त्य ; गारेन फूनिया 'याज-क ; Sail ; commence sailing ; start on a

woyage.

Set speech—একাজে বলিবার বস্তু বে বক্তা করে বায়ন্ত করা হয়; বরে বন্ধত করিয়া পরে বন্ধতা করা বায়; A'speech carefully prepared before it is

Bet store to-- क्लावान विद्वाना-क

Bet the hand to—(कांत कार्य) निष्क न : Engage in ; to undertake. [ or tranquillise the heart. Set the heart at rest—सम्बद्ध नाय-मृ : To quiet set the Thames on fire—मृत्या गृह यांचा ; जार्य कांक् नांगित (पद्या ; वार्षि कांक-मृ : Distinguish oneself by something extraordinary.

Set the river on fire—fines; To be highly successful or renowned in life; to do some great thing.

Set the table in a roar—নিষয়িত অভিগাকে অভান্ত হাসান ; Cause loud laughing among the company at table.

Set the saddle on the right horse-Let those bear the blame that deserve it.

Set the teeth on edge—গড টোকেবা; To affect the teeth with a disgreeable sensation.

Set to আরভ-ড়: প্রবৃত্ত-ড়; Begin: সংস্কৃত-ড়; সংলগ্ধ-ড়ু; পোতা; নাগা; To attach to; affix.

Set together by the ears—विवाप वानदेश (पडा) ; To cause to quarrel.

Set to music—ক্ষে বনাৰ; বাইবার বোধা-কু; Prepare for singing; adapt words to notes.

Set to work-wise-; Begin.

Set up—উরোলন-কৃ; উত্তত-কৃ; বাড়া-কৃ; Raise; put in power; erect:—কাগন-কৃ; থাতিভিত-কৃ; Establish:—চীংকার করা; Utter loudly:—কার্য আরম্ভ কৃ; কোন বাবনা হন্ত কৃ; Begin business:—হাত্ত কৃ; To restore to health:—Put forward:—ন্যায়িকানিকৃ; To make prosperous:—পাইবাড়-কৃ; To profess openly:—গৃতীপথে হাগন-কৃ; To place in view. Set up for—আগনাকে হাগন-কৃ; কোনৰ কিছু খা কেই হুইরা ইড়ান ; To put one self forward as, to establish one self as:—কোনভাবে স্বায়-হৃ; Pose কঃ; pass for.

[কৃ; Pursue; chase.

Set upon—चाजन-इ ; Attack ; assault :--डॉफ़ी-Set with—चनान ; बंडिंड ; Studded with.

To be at a dead set—गरायपुरू वद बाना ।

Well-set-- হৰিভৱ।

To be set on or upon— \*\*\*\*\* To be fixed upon; to be determined upon.

To be not down—To be established in popular or general estimation.

Set-down—ভংগৰা, হাৰতাকারক বিশা , A rebuke that quiets or silences ; a rebuff.

Set-off, ন. অবহার ; ত্বা ; Decoration :— ভ্ৰম হারি ; A counter-claim ; an equivalant ; off set : — গাল্টি দেলা গাৰেলা ; A counter balance.

A set-off against—একদিকে বে ভাল কি নক বাকৈ, নেই ভাল কি নক ভাগ বাহা বারা কেটে বার ; Something that counterbalances or neutralizes.

Seton, n. খোডার বালাকি বা রেপনীর প্রভার পলিতা; Twist of silk &c. drawn through the skin. Set-out, n. বাজার বলোবত; বাসন আ বল্লাকি প্রকর্ণন:

--কোলমাল।

Set-tee, স. চৌকী বা আস্থা বিশেষ ; A long seat.
Setter, seter, স. শিকারী কুকুর বিশেষ ; A dog
which crouches when it sees the game :—হাপক ;
One who adapts words to music.

Setting, seting, a. 444131; Falling below the

horizon:—n. বোৰনা; হাগৰ; কোৰত ভিছু বসাৰ; The act of placing or fixing:—অভ্যান; The act of sinking or appearing to sink below the horizon:—The direction of a current, or of a sea or wind:—ভিছু অলেপ্তে ক্টিৰ বৰণ; The hardening of plaster.

Setting day—Day on which accounts are balanced and settled, as on the stock exchange. Setting dog, \*\* কুমু বিশেষ ; A dog trained to crouch at the sight or scent of game.

Settle, setl, v. f. ছিন্ন-কু; To decide :—ছাপন-কু; To fix, to establish :- ( ) To confirm : -- विश्वति-क ; मीमारमा-क ; क्रिक विश्वाम-क ; To adjust, arrange :-- TV-7 ; To quiet ; to compose :--স্থিত-কু বা তলায় বদান ; লমান ; To cause to sink : -मन्यतिक-कृ ; To make sure :-- वज्य-कृ ; विक-कृ ; To finish :- वन नित्नांच-कृ ; त्नांच-कृ ; Liquidate ; to pay:--উপনিবেশ স্থাপন-ক ; উপনিবেশিত-ক ; To colonise :-- খ. i. খিতিখা পঢ়া : মীচে পতিত-ছ : To fall to the bottom :- दिन-इ ; दांती-इ ; To become come fixed; to become stationary: -- 有本事; To fix one's residence :-- नमा ; जमा ; To cease from agitation: -- To grow calm or clear :-- निक-क ; रामांगालमा क्कान : शिमांव विक-क ; To adjust differences or recounts :- n. (44; मक ; A bench ; a platform :- भोगामा। Syn :-Ordain, appoint, confirm; determine; reconcile, regulate; pay; plant, found; calm, tranquillize; subside, sink, fall; rest, repose; dwell, reside, inhabit; account, reckon.

Settle a pension on one—বৃত্তিৰক্ষণ-দে;
Confer on one. [ফু; To adjust differences.
Settle differences or dispute—বিবাদ ভ্ৰমSettle down—শান্ত-হ; Subside; to become
quiet:—Establish oneself; adopt a methodical life. [Adopt the life of.
Settle down into—শান্ত অনার স্থান বসবাস-ফু;
Settle the question—কোন বিবল্প হিন্ত-ফু; To

Settle the question—কোন বিবন্ধ স্থিত ; To decide that which was before doubtful or uncertain.

Settle to, (on or upon)—তিরকালের বত বৃত্তি-ব্যাল কিছু দাব-কু; বৃত্তিরূপে প্রদাব-কু; Make an investment or apportionment for the benefit of some one.

Settled, a. হিরীকৃত ; অবধারিত ; আইল ; Fixed. Settled conviction—হারী বিহাস ; Belief which cannot be easily shaken.

Bettled income—নিব্যবিত আৰু ৷

Bettled weather—Clear and calm weather. Settlement, se'l-ment, ম. যুগদ ; স্থিয়ীকরণ ; Estab-

lishment; the act of sitting: - ব্ৰেশ্বড়; ব্ৰন্থ; বিজি; Arrangement: --উপনিবেল; A colony newly settled: --রীমন; A dowry, jointure: -কিশ্বড়ি; Adjustment: --নীমানো; Liquidation.
Syn: --Ordination; installation; payment; pacification, reconciliation; colonization.

Act of settlement—The Act of 12 and 13 William III. by which the crown was limited to Her present Majest's house or to the House of Orange.
[A colonist. Bottler, setler, n. উপনিবেশকারী; উপনিবেশিক; Betto, n. মুনামুলি; নানানারি; A fight at fisticuss. Seven, sevn, a. and n. ला; लाड : Six and one.
Seven wonders of the world.—The Pyramids, the Colossus at Rhodes, the temple of Diana at Ephesus, the hanging gardens of Babylon, the Mausoleum erected by Artemesia, the statue of Jupiter Olympius and the Pharos or watch tower at Alexandria.

Seven-fold, sevn-fold, a. সপ্তথা; সাড-হারা; নাড ভাল; নাড-হারা; নাড ভাল; নাড-হারা; Multiplied seven times; increased to seven times:—ad. নাডভূলে; নাডবার। Seven-night, n. নাডবার্বাব; নগাছ। [twenty. Sevenscore, a. and n. নাডবুড়ি; Seven times Seven-shooter, n. A pistol with seven barrels. Seventeen, sevn-ten, a. and n. স্থাপ ; নডার; Seven and ten, 17.

Seventeenth, sevn-tënth, a. and মু. স্থাৰ; সূত্ৰই : The seventh after the tenth.

Seventh, seventh, a. সন্তম; সাতই; সন্তম ভাগ; Last of seven, next after the sixth:—n. সন্তম ভাগ; One of seven equal parts. ad—seventhly.

Seventieth, sevn-ti-eth, a. সম্ভতিতম ; The next after the sixty-ninth:—n. স্থাতিতম ভাগ ; One of soventy equal parts.

Seventy, sevn-ti, a. and n. সম্ভতিত ; সমন্ত ; Seven Sever, sever, v. t. [ L. separare, to separate ] পৃথৰ-হ ; ছিন্ত-হ ; কাট্টিনা কেলা ; To divide ; to cut apart ; to keep distinct ; to separate by cutting :
—v. . পৃথৰ-হ ; ছিন্ত-হ ; ভিন্ত-হ ; To be rent asunder. Syn:—Disjoin, disconnect, disunite, part, sunder, detach.

Several, sever-al, a. ভিন্ন , পৃথক ; ৰতন্ত্ৰ , Distinct; separate ; different :— আমক , কতকভিনি ; নানা ; Many ; arious :— প্ৰত্যেক ; Respective. adm severally ব্যক্তাপ )। Syn :— Single, particular ; different, sundry, divers

Severally and jointly—লভ্যেক ও সকলে ৷
Severalty, n. কাড্যা; A state of separation from the rest. [কব্ৰ, Separation; partition.
Severance, sever-ans, n. পাৰ্কা; বিভাগ; প্ৰক Severe, sever, a. পান্ধ; কঠিল; কঠোগ; প্ৰক Severe, sever, a. পান্ধ; কঠিল; কঠোগ; পাৰ্বা ; Serious; grave; austere; very strict; not mild; —ভৌক; Sharp:—সেকর; Distressing:—এডঙ; Inclement:—স্থান্ধ, Difficult to be endured. ad —severely (কটোগকণে; ডক্তবন্ধপ); ক—severeness (আভিন্ধা; কটিনক)। স্থান:—Stern, rigorous, cruel, morose, rigid, hard, rough; exact; simple unadorned, chaste; caustic; satirical, keen, cutting; acute, extreme, intense, violent.

Beverity, se-ver'e-te, n. কঠোৱতা; পাৰ্ব্য : দাৰ্কাড়; Gravity; rigour; harshness:—প্ৰচড়তা; আভিন্য; আড়াছিকতা; Inclemency. Syn:—Sternness, rigour, austerity; strictness, exactness; simplicity, plainness; sharpness, keenness; violence, intensity, coldness.

Sow, sb, v. t. সেলাই-ছ ; To unite or fasten together with a needle and thread :—v. i. সেলাই
ş ; To practise sewing. pt. = sewed. pp. = sewn.

n = sewer. [Refuse carried off by sewers.
Sowago, su'āj, n. ন্দানার নরলা ; নদ্দানার পাচা ক্ষর;
Sowor, su'ēr, n. ( বৃত্তিকা ব্যাহিত ) ক্ষর থানার;
( ভ্ষির বিষয় ) নদানা ; An underground passage for draining off water and filth.

Sowerage, strer-হা, n. লাখালাখাবিদিই নৰ্দানা; ভূষ্যত্ব নালী; The system of sewers of a city; drainage by sowers.

Sewing, soing, n. त्नाहित्तव कांक ; नीरन कर्त्व ; The act of sewing ; that which is sewed.

Sewing machine—शोवन पड ।

Sex, seks, n. পিল; বী-পুৰৰ চিক; The distinction of male and female.

The sex-siefs : Woman in general.

Sexagonarian, seks-a-jen-ári-an, ন্ধ. বইবৰীয় লোক; ৬- ৩-৭- বংসদের বধ্যবন্তী বয়দের গোক; A person who is 60 years old.

Bexagenery, n. seks-aj'en-ar-i, e. ব্টসংখাতিক ; Designating the number 60:—n. ব্টবর্ণযুদ্ধ লোক ; Sexagenarian.

Soxagenima, seks-a-jeśi-ma, শ. লেটের বিভীয় ব্যবহার ; The second Sunday before Lent.

Sexagesimal, seks-a-jesimal, a. মইসংখ্যা স্থ-ভাষ ; Sixtieth.

Sexennial, seks-enyal, এ. বডবাৰিক; বডবৰিছারী; ছয় বংসর ব্যাপক বা ঘটিড; Lasting six years or happaning once in six years. ad=sexennially.

Sextant, sekstant, #. यह दिस्पर ; दुष्ट्य वहारण; Astronomical instrument.

Bexto, n. পুত্তকেব ছব পেজী আকার।

Sexton, sekstum, n. ধ্পালহের পরিচারক; সমাধিধননকারী বা ঘটা-বরলার; One who has charge of a
church or graveyard.

Soxtonship, sckstun-ship, \*. সেক্সনের পদ; The office of a sexton.

Sextuple, a. বদ্ধণ; ছয়ঞাবিশিষ্ট; Sixfold; having six parts.

Sexual, seksu-al, a. মীপুলৰ সৰ্বাধি; উপস্থাটিত; Belonging to sex; pertaining to sex. #= sexuality (পুন্ধী ভিত্তা);

Sexual desire - 414 1

Sexual intercourse—जीनामर्भ।

The sexual selection—দাপতিক নিৰ্পাচন।

Shabby, shabe, a. रशिन; মনলা, কুংনিড; অবভ ; অপকৃষ্ট ; Mean in dress or conduct ; low; poor-looking:—ছিন্ন ; জীৰ্ণ ; Ragged ; worn to rags. n=shabbiness (জীৰ্ডা; ছীনতা); ad=shabbily (ছীনতাৰে; কদব্যভাবে)। Syn:—Ragged, worn, threadbare, faded ; mean, paltry, despicable, beggarly, dirty, scurvy, unhandsome.

Shackle, shakl, v. t. পৃথানত-ক; স্থানাৰছ-ক; বেড়ি-খে; আবছ-ক; To fetter, to chain; to confine. Syn —(v) Manacle; hamper, impede, embarrass. Shackles, ম. pl. হাতকড়ি; পৃথান; Fetters.

Shad, n. 49 facety; A fish.

Shaddook. n. ৰাভাবী নেৰু; A tree and its fruit. Shade, shad, n. ছায়া; Shadow:—ৰক্ষার; ভষ:; ডিনির; Darkness; obscurity:—নিক্ডা; Coolness—গ্রমা; Screen:—ভায়াময় ছান; A shady place:—আলার; Shelter:—ভ্ড; প্রভান্ধা; A ghost:—গ্রমাণ; Degree:—সানাভ পরিবর্জন; A very minute change:—v. f. উড়াণ নিবারণ-ভৃ; To screen from light or heat:—কাছ্যাভি-ভৃ; To cover with a screen:—ক্ষান্ত; ভাকা-দে; To darken; to cover:—v. i. To act as a shade. Syn:—(n) Veil, curtain; obscurity, duskiness; ghost, spirit, apparition, phantom; colour, hue, tunt,

stain; variety; difference. (v) Obscure, cloud, dim; screen, protect.

A shade, ed. এক ছোৰ ; এক খাত ।

Cast or throw into the shade সনিৰ-ড়; মনিন্মত্ত-ড়; Eclipse:—কাণা করে-ড়ে; Render dim-In the shade—চামাতে; In a spot not exposed to the sun:—নৰ্কনাধারণের: In obscurity.

Shade or degree of difference— কতি সামাস ব্যৱস : A very slight difference or variation.

Shades, n. pl. খেডগণের নালর; খেডগোৰ; Abode of ghosts.

Shadow, shado, n. ছারা; বন্ধ বা ব্যক্তির ছারা;
Shade within defined limits:—আছকার; Darkness:—ছড়; Ghost:—সামান্ত সান্তঃ; গৃচার্ভ প্রভিত্তনাগ;
Faint representation; mystical representation:
—আরার; রকিত ছান; Shelter; shade:—আবারব পানার্থ; Something only in appearance:—আবারব;
Fayour:—স্বচর; অব্তর; সাসী, An inseparable companion:—v. t. আছকার-ড়; নেখাবৃত-ড়, ছাবা-ড়;
To darken; to shade:—কির্ পরিমানে নাল্ড প্রদর্শন-ড়:—To represent faintly. n=shadowness.
Syn:—(n) Shade; obscurity, gloom; cover, protection; phantom; image, adumbration, representation, type.

Shadow forth—Represent dimly or mystically.
Shadow of a doubt—কিঞ্মাত সংক্রঃ সংক্রেয়

Shadow of death— মৃত্যুস হারা; The near and felt approach of death by a sick person; a dreadful darkness or trouble.

The shadow of a shado—ছারার ছারামার ; কিছুই নয় . Absolutely nothing, worthless.

Shadowing, n. জালোকহীৰ করণ; Shading; gradation of light and colour.

Shadowy, a. ছাৰাভ্ৰিষ্ট ; অন্ধন্যনম ; অনাম , Dark, obscure , unsubstantial.

Shady, shadi, c. ছায়া-বাৰাৰ; ছায়াৰ; কুংসিত;
দূখিত; Having shade; being in shade; sheltered
from light or heat. ad—shadily. n—shadiness.

On the shady side of—আরও অধিক; On the wrong side, i. e. more thin.

Shaft, shaft, n. তীর; শর; শর; শর-কাভ; শরবট্ট; An arrow; a long part of an arrow:—তত্ত্বভ: Part of a column between the base and the capital; the body of a column or pillar:—গাড়ির বম; Pole of a carriage:—ত্ত্ত্ত্বশম; বনির প্রবেশ গর্ভ: Pit of a mine; the entrance to a mine:—The stem of a feather:—গাড়ির চাকার আল; হাত্ত্ব; Large axle.

Shafted, shafted, a. wolfers; wielding; Having a shaft or handle.

Shag, shag, n. কোৰডা চুল; Rough wolly hair; coarse hair or nap; woolly hair:—বস্তু; A cloth:—পাকবিশেষ; A bird:—ভাষাক বিশেষ; A kind of tobacco.

Shaggy, shag'i, a. লোমণা: লোমগুক; With long hair; covered with rough hair or wool:—
ন্বান; অসমান; উচ্চাবচ; বনুর, Rough; rugged. n=shagginess.

Shagreen, sha-gren, n. जनमंद्रणांतिन कर्द वित्तव ; A kind of leather prepared from horse's, ass's, or camel's skin. Shagreened, Shagreen, a. कांग्रीन निर्मिक वा आहुङ ; Made of or covered with shagreen.

Shah, sha, n. [Pers. shah, a king] Matsa

aisi: The monarch of Persia.

Shake, shak, v. t. माजा-त्य ; किनाज-क ; To make to tremble -- बार्ट्सानिक-क : To agitate :-- विह्निक-ক : অবির-ক ; To cause to waver :--জাত-ক ; To make afraid :- v. i. किन्छ-इ ; कांशा ; To tremble :-- (शांनात्रमान-इ , विव्रतिष्ठ-इ ; To vibrate :-- n. ৰুপাৰ; নাড়া; Shaking :-- হতপাৰ, Salute with the hand :- नापांड ; A concussion :- (इप , दिव , A rent in timber : — यूनन ; छ्हे छ्रातत ज्ञन्त भर्तात ; A rapid alternation of two musical notes :-कृषि वित्नव ; A kind of military cap. pt=shank. pp=shaken. Syn .- (n) Convulse, shiver, quiver, quake, totter ; trill.

Shako hands, Shake hands with-18 444-क, इक्टलर्न दावा कानम अकान-कः इक्टीएन-कः, To express pleasure or satisfaction at meeting or parting with a friend by shaking hands :-পুনুষ্থিতিত হ , To become reconciled, as friends.

Shake off—बाडिवा-(क्या , कान वक्षन श्रेट्ड बार्यनांदक मुक्त-क ; Cast off ; get rid of ; throw of .-পরিত্যাগ-কু, পরিহাব-কু; Discard, divest oneself of :-- हांड अडान ; Rid onesalf of ; avoid.

Shake off the yoke—ৰধীনতা ইইতে নিকেকে যুক্ত 7. To free oneself from the control of another. Shake one's faith or belief- ित्रांत अभवान-इ ; To impair one's confidence.

Shake one's fist at-yff esta; Threaten to strike one with the fist.

Shake one's sides —বরবের সহিত হাত-ক : আপের বহিত ইাসা . To laugh heartily.

Shake or tremble like an as pen leaf-41-बा कवित्र केंाण . Tremble all over.

Shake the dust off one's feet-wis foliati না বলিয়া কোন স্থান বিষক্তভাবে ত্যাগ-কু।

Shake the elbow-পাৰা বেলা ৷

Shake the head, Shake one's head - अन्योड अकान-कृ, बाछ बांडिवा 'मा' वना कि:वा 'बांडिवड नरह' **এই** ভাৰ ব্যক্ত- To express dissent, doubt or refusal; shake one's head meaning thereby to say-No: indicate disapproval.

Bhaker. n. कचान गांपन . जारमानक : One who, or that which, shakes or agitates.

Shakers-প্ৰসম্প্ৰধাৰ বিশেষ : A fanatical religious sect of North America, whose professors introduce into their devotional exercises jumping and singing.

Shakespeareanian, a সেম্বপিয়র বা তদীয় প্রস্থাবলী न्यकोत्र ; Pertaining to or in the style of Shakespeare. [ military cap.

Shako, shako, n. निवद्यां वित्नव ; A kind of Shaky, shaki, a. হৰ্মণ; ভগ্ন. Feeble; un-steady:—চিডবিশিষ্ট; চিডপূৰ্ণ; Full of cracks or clefts :- कण्यान , Shaking. n = shakeness.

Shale, n. মেটের মত প্রতর বা পাহাড়, Crumbling kind of slate :- (4)41, 46, A husk, a pod. a=

Shall, v. i. auxillary. তবিষ্ণুচ্ক সহকারী ক্রিলা : বো, বে, বা, Implying a duty or necessity. pt should.

Shalli, w. TE ferry : A swilled cloth.

Shallon, a. প্ৰমী কাপড়; A light woolen stuff. Shallop, shalop, #. हुई शंखानत खित्र : (बोक्रिंदिन्द : A sort of large-schooner; rigged boat with two masts.

Shallot, shalot, a. Maje : An onion. Shallow, shalo, a. अम्बीद ; उद्देश , Having little depth; not deep :- प्रश्नी; असर्दि; अस, Not profound; silly:- n. 551; affin; A sand bank; shoal. Syn: -(a) Shoal; slight, simple, superfical, unprofound, empty, trifling, flimsy, trivial. (n) Flat, shelf. [ निर्द्शा , Silly ; foolish. Shallow-brained, shafo-brand, a. नवर्षि: Shallowness, ন. অগডীরতা ; তলশাস্তা , মুচ্চা ৷ Shalt, and per, sing, of shall. [ lities of shale. Shaly, a. (नन-निनारको ; Partaking of the qua-Sham, sham, n. Moigel; Ben; vife; bieife. Pretence ; imposture ; fraud ; trick :- c. 475 ; विशा , क्षिठ , कृतिव ; Pretended ; feigned ; false ; mock :-- v. t. छान-इ ; अनुकात-इ ; क्लि-त्व ; To pretend, to feign, to cheat, to ape :- v. i. ভাগ-কু, ছল-কু; To make false pretence. Syn: -(n) Delusion, feint, humbug, counterfeit. Sham Abraham - 154 514-5; To pretend to

be sick.

Shamble, v. i. केशिना वा त्यमहिना हजा: Walk awkwardly and unsteadily. a - shambling. Shambles, shamble, n. pl. 4712 4141, 4177

विक्य भान , Slaughter house , a flesh-market. Shame, sham, n. 734, 731, A painful sensation excited by a consciousness of guilt, conscious of fault :- अश्मान : Disgrace ; dishonour .-मञ्जा . Modesty .- v t. किंक्ड-क ; नक्कां-तम : To make ashamed; to cause to blush .- जनमानिड-ক ; অপণয়-ক , To disgrace , to cover with reproach. Syn .- (n) Abashment, humiliation. mortification; reproach, ignominy, dishonour, degradation.

Cry shame on- fight (v; Reproach one with shameful conduct.

For shame—ভোষার বৃদ্ধিত হওয়া উচিত: বিক (3) MCF; You should be ashamed.

Put to shame -- 可確認 - 平、平型 35- 子: To cause to feel shame; to inflict shame on.

Shame-faced, shame-fast, a. नका निन ; म्द्रांता ; आइक ; Very bashful ; modest. ad - shamefacedly n = shame-facedness. (नकानीनडां ; Modesty). Sham-fight—মিখা। বৃদ্ধ; Mock fight.

Shameful, shāmfóol, a. नकांका: नकांका: Full of shame; bringing shame or disgrace:-बहान ; Indecent. ad=shamefully. n = shamefulness. Syn :- Disgraceful, infamous, dishonourable, degrading, scandalous, ignominious. Shamoloss, shamles, a. निर्वेश ; नव्यारीन ; বেহারা; Immodest; unblushing :-- মুই; Audan-shamelessness. ad-shamelessly. CIOUS. Syn :- Impudent, brazen-faced, unblushing, depraved, graceless, abandoned, profligate. Shammy, shami, Shamoy, shamoy, st. 34 বিৰেৰ ; Chamois :-- হৰিব চৰ্ম ; Skin of chamois. Shampoo, sham-poo, v. नकांत्र मध्य-म ; वाबादक त्राज प्रान्त , Rub the limbs &c. in a warm bath : — সাবাদে ব্যেত্ত ; To wash thoroughly with soap and water. n=shampooer.

Shamrock, shamrok, n. ত্রিপত লতা বিশেব; Clover:
—সামবদকে ব্যতীর চিচ্ ; Emblem of the Liish.

Shank, shangk, গ. জন্ম, ঠাং; The leg:—
কথাছি; The lower joint of the leg:—নসনের মধ্যকভ; ব্যান দীৰ্ঘান; The long part of an instrument as of an anchor between the ring and arms.

Ride shank's mare—ই।টিরা বাবরা।

Shanty, n. कृतित : कृति वह : A mean hut or house :- v. f. कृष्टित रात-क ; To inhabit a shanty. Shapable, a. প্রবরোগ্য : That may be shaped. Shape, shap, v. t. शर्वन-इ ; आकृष्ठि वा छोलविनिष्टे-इ , To fashion; to form; to mould or make into a particular form :-- ক্ষ- ক ; To create :-- নিরূপিত-क ; निवामिष्ठ-क ; To regulate ; to direct ; to adjust : -কল্পনা-কু; To conceive :—৩. ঠ. পটিড-ই; To take a shape :- अगरवानी-ए : To suit :- म. शर्म ; चाकृष्ठि : स्टोन ; युर्वि ; Form ; figure :-- हाँठ . चापर्न ; Model; mould:—西南京; Manner. Syn:—(2) Form, frame, figure, model. (n) Configuration, fashion, outline, cut, build, cast, tournure; [prove another's appearance. pattern ; guise. Shape-smith, n. One who undertakes to im-To shape one's course-To plan and act; to adjust one's method of procedure.

To take shape—আকৃতিবিশিষ্ট-কৃ; কোলও বিশেষ আন্তান ধারণ-কৃ; To become embodied; to begin to take a definite form.

Shapeless, a. ক্যাকার ; বিরূপ ; বে-ডৌল ; Destitute of shape ; wanting symmetry.

Shapely, shap'li, n. হৰৱ; হৰাৰ; Symmetrical; beautiful. n=shapeliness.

Shard, Sherd, n. खानांकृष्ठि ; बानबाडांडा ।

Share, shar, n. অংশ; ভাগী; বধরা; হিন্তা; A part; a portion; dividend; division; part of the capital of a joint stock company:—( লাকলের) কাল বা কলক; Cutting blade of a plough:—v. f. অংশ-কৃ; ভাগ-কৃ; To divide; to partake with other:—v. s. বিভক্ত-কৃ; To have part; to receive a dividend. Syn:—(n) Lot, allowance, apportionment; dividend, contingent, quota. (v) Divide, distribute, allot, apportion; partake, participate.

Share in—কান বিছুৰ অংশ গ্ৰহণ-কৃ; Bear (with another) a part of. [concerned. To go shares—অংশ-হ; অংশ-ল; To be equally Share-beam, ন. নালনের মুড়া; The part of a plough to which the share is attached. [dealer. Share-broker, ন. অংশ ক্রমিক্রের গ্লালা; A Share-holder, shar/hold-er, ন. অংশীলার; অংশী; One who holds or owns a share in a joint stock. Sharer, ন. অংশীলার; সরিক; ভানী; One who shares.

Shark, shārk, ন. হাৰৱ; A large voracious seafish:—উনীল; Lawyer:—প্ৰকৃষ ; বুৰ্ছ ব্যক্তি; Sharper:—প্ৰভাৱণী; Fraud:—৩. ৩. নাৰাভ চৌৰ্ছা-বৃত্তি-কৃ; প্ৰভাৱণী-কৃ; Play the lawyer or petty thief; live by shifts.

Sharp, sharp, s. ধারাল ; ব্যহার ; Having a very thin edge :—ভাত্ব ; এবর ; Keen, of quick perception :—ভাত্র ; উর ; কৰন ; Shrill ; severe ; harch :

— বার্র : Eager : — বৃর্ত্ত ; সতর্ক ; Watchful : — Thin :
— n. উর্থার ; Acute note. ad = sharply ( ব্যবহার ;
টিক)। n=sharpness. Syn :— (a) Keen, acute ;
penetrating, sagacious, shrewd, astute, clever,
witty; biting, pungent, tart; caustic, sarcastic;
intense, painful, severe, distressing; nipping,
pinching; strong, violent.

Look sharp-স্বিধান হও। [ ধড়িবালি। Sharp practice-চালাকি করিয়া নিলের ক্ৰিধা-লাভ; Sharp-edgod-ধারাল; তীক।

Sharpen, sharp'n, v. t. তীক্ষ-মু; To make sharp:
—ধাৰাস-মু, ধার-দে; চোধান; To give a fine point
to:—তীব্ৰ-মু; To make pungent or painful:—
কটোন-মু; To render severe:—ন্যান, চৰকা বা তীব্ৰ-মু;
To make eager, active, or acute:—v. i. তীক্ষহ; To grow sharp.

Sharpen the Wita - বুলি ইত্তেলিত-কৃ; Arouse the mind to activity; to quicken the intellect.

Sharper, sharp'-er, n. শঠ: ধৃঠ ; প্রবঞ্চ : ক্রা-চৌর ; A swindler ; a trickster ; a cheat.

Sharply, ad. তীক্ষাণ : Keenly.

Sharpness, н. তীক্ষা ; প্রাবধ্য ; Keenness.

Sharp-pointed-ভীকার।

Sharp-set, sharp'-set, a. উৎহক; বার : প্রাণ্ণ ব্যা-পুশ : Eager in appetite; keen; ravenous:—
ফুণিড; Hungry.

Sharp-sighted, sharp'-sired, c. বিচৰণ ; ক্ষ-দশী ; ডীলপুট ; ডীকপুণ ; Shrewd ; discerning.

Sharp-shooter, n. senta; formia; A skilled marksman.

Sharp-smelling-ভীরগন্ধ ; উপ্রপন্ধ ।

Sharp-witted, sharp'-wited, a. বিচকৰ; তীক্ষ-বৃদ্ধি; Sagacious.

Bhatter, shafer, v. i. ৰঙ ধৰ-কু; তুৰ্ব-কু; To break at once into many pieces; to break up:—ব্যুদ্ধ গোলমাল-কু; To disorder:—ব্যুদ্ধ-কু; নাই-কু; To impair:—v. i. ভারিয়া-বা; ৰঙ খত হুলা; To be broken into pieces.—n. তথ্য খত; A fragment. Syn:—(v) Shiver; disorder, derange.

Shatter-brain, n. 544 (4) A careless and giddy person.

Shattery, a. वज्ञान ; Brittle.

Shave, shīv, e. t. মুঙল-কু; কৌরি-ফু; কারাব; To pare closely, to cut off with a razor:—v. i. উলোচন-কু; To strip. [friar (in contempt). Shaveling, shāviling, n. সর্যাসী; A monk or Shaver, shāve'r, n. নাপিড; কৌরকার; A barber:—ধুর্ক; চতুর-বাবসারী; A sharp dealer:—সুঠনকারী; মুঠক; A plunderer:—চালাক; রুসিক;

Shaving, shaving, ন. নুডল; কৌরকার্য; The act of shaving.

[pl. কলা ।
Shaw, ন. উপৰন; A small wood; a thicket:—
Shawl, shawl, ন. শাল, বীলোকের বাফ বহা; A
cloth of wool or hair used by women as a wrapper:—v. শাল বারা আবৃত-কু; Te wrap in a shawl.
Sho, pro. তিনি; নেই; নে ( বীলোক); Used for women or females:—n. বীলোক, Woman. mas.
—he, pl-they.

Sheaf, shel, n. wattra with; and; A bundle tied together as of corn; any bundle or collection:—v. t. with aim; To bind in sheaves:—v. s. with-a; To make sheaves, (pl-sheaves).

Sheafy, shell, a. 41541; 415455; Consisting of sheaves.

Sheel, Sheeling, স. শৈলকুলীর।

Sheal, v. t. त्यांना ছाডान।

Shear, shēr, ए. t. কাচি বারা ছাটো; কাটা; To clip; to cut:—v. i. প্ৰৰ-কৃ; To separate. n=shearer (কৰ্ডক; (ছগক)। pt=sheared, shore. pp=sheared, shorn.

Shearing, n. ছেগৰ; কর্ত্তন; ছেগিড লোক। [sheep-Shearing time—Time for clipping wool off Shearling, sherling, n. হে মেহেব লোম একবারমাত্র ছাঁটা ইইরাছে; A sheep only once sheared-

Shears, sherz, n. pl. বড় কাচি; Large scissors. Sheath, sheth, n. খাপ; কোব; আবরণ; Case for any instrument; scabbard:—পড়বের পকাবরণ; Wing-case of an insect.

Sheathe, sheth, v. t. बारण खत्रा ; बारण त्रांथा ; To enclose in a case : to put into a scabbard.

Sheathe the sword—শান্তি স্থাপন-কু; বুদ্ধ পেব-কু; Make peace.

Sheathing, n. আবৰক-পাত ; জাহাজেৰ তলগেল আছো-ভৱ ; That which sheathes, especially the covering of ship's bottom.

Sheaves, n. কণিকলের চাকা; The wheel of the pully.

puny.

Shebeen, n. বেখানে মদ্যাদি গোপান বিফ্রীত হয়।
Shed, shed, v. t. ত্যাগ-কু; স্বতন্ত্র-কু, To part, to separate:—ছড়ান; বিকীৰ্ণ-কু; Scatter; throw out:—ঢালা; বর্ধণ-কু; Pour out; spill; cast.—পতিড হুইতে-দে; Let fall:—n. চালা; কুড়েবর; শালা; A building with roof but open sides an outhouse; a hut. Syn:—(a) Effuse, diffuse, stread, cast.
Cow-shed—গোশালা। [ to destroy life.

Shed blood - বঙ্গণাত-কৃ; Cause blood to flow;

Shed tears—ৰাজ বিসৰ্জন-কু। Shedder, n. পাতকারী।

Shedding, n. Mea !

Sheen, shen, n. উজ্জ্বতা; প্ৰভা; Brightness; splendour:—a. উজ্জ্ব, চকচকে; Bright. a=sheeny (সুন্ধ্ৰ)।
Sheep, shep, n. মেৰ; ভেড়া, The well-known, wool-bearing animal:—বোকা, নির্দোধ লোক; A silly fellow (by way of contempt):—Clergyman's congregation.

Black-sheep—ছণ্ডরিত ব্যক্তি; কুলাসার; One who has a bad reputation in a company of people.

Sheep-bell, n. বেবের গ্লার ঘটা; Bell tied to a sheep.

Sheep-cot, shep'kot, n. ভেড়ার বোরাড়; Sheep-fold; inclosure for sheep. [care of sheep. Sheep-dog, n. মেবরজক কুকুন; Dog that takes Sheep-fold, Sheep-pen, n. মেবের বোরাড়; A fold or pen for sheep:—নেব্যল; A flock of sheep. Sheepish, a. মেববং; Like sheep:—নাসুক, নজ্জানাত; ভার; মুবচোরা; Bashful; foolishly diffident. n=heepishness. ad=heepishly.

Sheep-master, shep'mas-ter, ন. মেবৰ অভু; মেবৰামী; মেবপালক; Master or owner of sheep; a leeder of sheep.

Sheep-shearer, shep'sher-er, n. বেবের লোম কর্ত্তনারী; বেব-লোমচেত্রক; One who shears sheep.
Sheep-shearing, shep'sher-ing, n. বেবের বোর
কর্ত্তনার কেবি লোমচেত্রক; The shearing of sheep:—

বেৰ লোমছেৰৰ কাল ; দেবেৰ লোম কৰ্মান নৰৰ ; The time of shearing the sheep.

Sheep's eye, ন. সজাস্থ্যত সভ্ত ৰা বজা; কটাকণাত; অগ্যস্ট; Wishful glance; diffident loving look.

Sheep's head, n. (4) (4) A silly fellow.

Sheep-skin, n. (44-54)

Sheep-walk, shep'wawk, n. (4 कृषिष्ड (44 हाइ ; (44-हाइन ; Sheep-pasture.

Sheepy, shep'i, a. (बरनवर्षोत्र ; (बरन्द ; Pertaining to, or resembling sheep.

Sheer, sher, a. অমিল ; অনিলিভ; বছে; ডাহা; কেবল;
Pure, unmingled; dear; simple:—ad. পরিকাররূপে, নম্পূর্ণরূপে; কেবলমান ; একেবারে; Clear; quite;
at once. Syn:—Mere, bare, naked; perpendicular.
Sheer, sher, n. আহাজের বক্রতা; Bend or curve
of a ship's deck:—v. i. বিপথে বাংবা; বক্রতাবে
কেবা; Deviate from the line of the proper
course; turn aside.
[ away.
Sheer off—বিপথে গিবা মূরে পড়া; সরিৱা পড়া. Move

Sheer off — বিপথে পিয়া দূরে পড়া; সরিয়া পড়া . Move Sheer up—To turn and approach to a ship or a place in nearly a parallel direction.

Sheers, n. মান্তল ভূলিলার বন্ধ বিশেষ, See shears. Sheet, n. চাদর; বিছালার চাদর; আন্তরণ; Large piece of cloth over a bed; cloth for a bed — কাগজেব-তা; Broad piece of paper:—পাল; পাইল; A sail:—কাগজেব বজ্ঞ; দড়ি; The rope fastened to sail to extend it to the wind:—v. f. চাদর ধারা আজোদন-ফু; আবৃত-ফু, To cover with or as with a sheet.

In sheets—Folded, but not bound, said of the printed pages of a book. [ the ground. Sheeted snow—Snow lying like a sleet on Sheet of metal—পাতুপার! [ water. Sheet of water—স্বৰাণি, A broad expanse of To be three sheets in the wind—বেশার কতকটা বৃদ্ধত্ব।

Winding sheet-नवाञ्चापन वस ।

Sheet-anchor, sheet-angkor, ল. জাহাজের বড় নকর; The largest anchor of a ship thrown out in extreme danger:—শেষ উপাব; নিশ্চিত উপাব বা অবল্যন; Last refuge; chief support.

Sheeting, sheeting, m. বিহানার চাদর; চাদবেব কাপড়, Cloth for sheets.

Sheet-lightning, shet-lifning, n. বছ বিজ্ঞ বিজ্ঞালা; Lightning diffused over the sky, lightning appearance in sheets or having a broad appearance. [eminence; a lord. Sheik, shek, n. গাতনামা ব্যক্তি; প্রেড্ক; A man of Shekel, shekl, n. মিছনীদিশের ওজন ও মুলা বিশেব; A Jewish weight and coin.

Sheldrake, n. হ'ল বিশেষ; A species of duck. Shelf, shelf, n. তাক; মাচা; শেল্ক; Board for laying things on; a board fixed on a wall—
সমূলপত্ত শৈল; অলনিমন্তিত পাইড়; Rock under water:—সমূদ্ৰেছ চড়া; A sand-bank:—পালন; A ledge. e—shelfy ( চড়া বা শৈল বিশিষ্ট ) । pl—shelves.
Lay on the shelf—অথবোৰনীয় বোৰে একদিক ফোনো বাৰা।

Shell, shel, n. ছাল ; খোনা ; পানুকের খোনা ; বিজক পথ . Husk ; a hard covering :—কাশা লোখা . A bemb :—শ্বাধার . A coarse kind of coffin :— ৰাধ্যৰম্ভ ; An instrument of music :- ত. f. বোলা होड़ान; बोना होना; होन छोना; To remove the shell from ; to break off shell :— (त्रांग) वर्तन-क ; भागा निरक्ष-कृ ; To bombard :- v. s. धाराज मङ খ্যিরা গড়া : খোসা ভাগি-ক : To fall off like a shell ; to cast the shelf or husk.

Counch shell-

Oyster shell-sis | [money freely; to pay out. Shell out—अकांड्स होका बाह्र-कृ; To expend To shell peas—बहेबछि होडान। [ in plates. Shellac, Shellack, n. পাত গালা ; Melted lack Shell-fish, shelfish, n. नद ; विकुक ; नक् ; An aquatic animal with an external shell; mollusk with a hard covering; counch. [ing the shells. Shell-lime, n. fagrag 54; Lime made by burn-Seell-proof, shelpoof, a. গোলার আঘাত প্রতিরোধক বা স্ফ করণকম ; Able to resist bombs.

Shell-work, shelwurk, n. (बानांत कांक : Work composed of or adorned with shells. Shelly, sheli, a. अध्यक्ष ; व्यानायक्ष ; व्याना यात्र দিখিত ; Full or made of shells.

Shelter, shelter, n. [Nors, skyla, to protect] শরণ; আতার; Refuge:—তাণ; রকা; Defence; protection :--রকান্তান : আত্মন্থান : Retreat :-রক্ষক; আগ্রবদাতা ; অভিভাবক : A guardian ; that which protects :- v. t. जावर-(ए : To cover :-351-4: To defend; to protect; to shield:-(भागन-क : लुकान : To conceal :-- ए. इं. जाधाय-ज : আনার গ্রহণ-কু; To take shelter. Syn:—(n) Security: asylum, covert, haven.

Bholve, shelv, v. t. তাকের উপৰ রাখা; To place on a shelf :- এकनित्क द्राथा ; क्लिए। त्रांथा ; जान-कू , To put aside :- v. i. हान्- ह ; नड़ानिया- इ ; To bc sloping. n=shelving.

Shelving, a. कमनः छान् : अछानिता :- n. छारकद উপর স্থাপন; The act of placing on a shelf.

Shelvy, shelvi, a. ঢালু; গভানিছা; গড়েন; চডাবিশিষ্ট: wysta; Full of shoals or shelvis, shallow.

Shemitic-See semite.

Sheol, n. প্রেত্রোক; The place of department. Shephered, shep'erd, n. त्यवणानक ; वार्णान ; One who herds sheep : - कृषक , A swain : - वाकक . আচাষা ; ধ্যোপ্দেশক ; A pastor. fem=shepherdess. Sherbet, sher'bet, n. [ Arab, sherbet, a drink ] बिहेशानीह : महबर : A drink.

Sherd. Shird, n. Style : A fragment.

Shoriff, sher'ıf, n. आहेन साति कविवाद कर्यकानीदिश्व ; मिक : The chief officer who executs the law.

Sheriffalty, Sheriffdom, Sheriffship, Sheriffry, n. मित्रकत भए ; मित्रक्व अधिकांत्र ; The officer or jurisdiction of a sheriff. [ strong wine. Sherry, sher'i, n. त्नात्वत्र वणा विश्वव ; A Spanish Shew, sho, Same as show.

Shewbread, sho'bred, Same as showbread. Shibboloth, shibo-leth, a. माखनाविक नव ; माला বিশেষ লক্ষ্ ; The criterion or watch-word of a party.

Shield, sheld, n. जान ; ठर्च ; Buckler :- क्न फिल् ; क्नांशर्न कृषि ; An escutcheon :-- बाधव ; दका : Defence; protection: - 京本 (本語); Protector; guard :- v. i. तका-क : आक्षानन-क ; To protect ; to defend; to keep off.

Throw a shield over—রকা-কৃ ; আলার, দান-কৃ ; নিজের আত্রর গ্রহণ-কু; Protect ; take under one's protection; secure fron assault or injury. Shield-bearer, n. हर्मबादी ; हाल-वननाद ।

Shieldless, sheldle,, a. ঢাল-বিহীন; Without a shield; destitute of a shield:-आवा-विहीन; त्रवन-तिशीन ; Defenceless.

Shift, shift, v. t. निववर्तन-कृ ; वननान ; To change : –मत्रो≷श्रा-त्यः; To put out of the way; नवनमान সঞ্জিত-কু; To dress in fresh clothes:—v. i. বদ-লাইয়া বেড়ান ; ইতপ্ততঃ গমন-কু; চলা বা চলান ; To change about ; move :-- कान উत्सन्ध माननार्थ छैनान ष्यवादन-कृ; To resort to experiments for some purpose :-- n. পরিবর্ত্তন ; বদল ; A change :-- शिक्ति : চালাকি : কৌশল : ছল ; A contrivance ; artifice :---উপায়; শেষ উপায়; Expedient; means; last resource :-- श्रोत्नारकद्र श्रीवाक विश्व : A chemise. n=shifter. Syn:-(v) Alter, transfer, displace, remove; veer, chop; manage, contrive.

Be put to shifts-क्लिब्रहेकिव कविएक वांबा-इ: Be obliged to resort to decentful expedients.

Make shift-চালাইবা-ল; ক্সিতে পারা; উপার-ক; Manage; do or contrive with some difficulty.

Shift about-(नानायमान-इ ; To vacillate :-हार्तिपरक त्यांवा ; To turn quite round.

Shift for oneself—জীবিকা নিৰ্মাহের উপায় অবেহণ-कृ : निक्षित भथ (मर्था , श्रीय की विका कार्कन-कृ : Seck out one's own means of livelihood; see out means of safely in the best way one can.

Shift off-কোন ডপায় হারা বিলয়-কু; দেরী-কু; কেলিরা রাখা; To defer by some expedient.

Shift the scene—দুগু পরিবর্তন-কু।

Shifting scenos of life—कोरानक नानादिक गर्छना : Viccisitudes of life.

Shiftless, shiftles, n. নিরুপাব; উপায়-বিহীব; Destitute of expedients : - উপায়াভাব হেতু অকৃত-कांग ; अवन ; Unsuccessful for want of proper means. [ Fertile in expedients.

Shifty, a. डेशाय वा को नन छेडावनकम ; छालाक, छछुत्र ; Shilalah, Shillalay, n, ওৰ গাছের চারা; An oak sapling; a cudgel.

Shilling, shiling, v. ইংলগুর রোপ্য মুলা বিশেব: 12d, an English silver coin.

Shiloh, n. fay; The Messiah.

Shilly-shally, n. মনের অহিরতা ; সন্দেহ ; প্রপেচ্ছ ; Hesitation; toolish trifling; irresolution :- a. In an irresolute or undecided manner :-- v. i. গর•গচ্ছ-কু।

To stand shilly shallying-दिविष्य बा-इ; Hang off and on; be irresolute or undecided.

Shimmer, v. t. বিকিমিকি করিয়া হলা: সামাত আনো-দে; To gleam; to glisten: - ম. খিকিমিক आता , नामिन आता ; A gleaming ; glimmering. Shin, shin, n. शांख्य निन ; कष्या ; हाँद्रेय निवय शांद्रब

সমুগ্ৰাগ; Fore part of the leg; the large bone of the leg.

Shindy, shindi, n. সোলসাল; কোলাইল; An uproar; a row :-- v. বন বেলা; A game at ball. Shine, shin, v. i. जाता (पदता : केवन-र : शीख अनान-क ; मीखिमान-र ; To give light ; glitter ; glisten :- वृश्चित आषवा धामन-कृ ; धार्क-इ ; To be eminent :- n. एक्ना ; छक्नण ; हान्हिना ; Brightness: splendour: - \*\*\* \*\*\* ; Fair weather.

pt. pp. = shone. Sys: -(v) Radiate, beam,
gleath, glare, sparkle.

Make the face shine upon—बन्बर् पृष्टे-इ ; ज्यान हरा।

Take the shine out of—কাহাকে ছাড়িয়া-লে;
Outshine one:—অধিকতন উজ্জ্যতা বানা নিঅভ-ক:
Shingle, shing'el, n. ছাদের বস্তু পাতলা ততা.
Thin piece of timber used for covering the roof of houses:—v. f. ততা দিলা আছোদন-কু; To cover with shingles.

Single, a. বৃদ্ধি; Beach; gravel. a=shingly.
Shingle roof—ভৱা বায়া আন্তাদিত হাব; Roof covered with thin boards.

Shingles, shing'glz, n. pl. চর্ম বোগ বিশেষ; চলা-কার থক; An eruptive disease which spreads around the body like a belt or girdle, Herpes Zona.

Shingly, a. স্ডিবর : A bounding with gravel.
Shining, shihing, a. উজ্বল : জনকাল : তেজাল : পাঁওশালী : Bright : radiant :—বিব্যাত : Distinguished— ম. উজ্জ্বা : Brightness. Syn — Glistening,
resplendent, effulgent, lustrous, brilliant, glittering, sparkling, splendid, illustrious.

Shining light—faults affer; Men distinguished for piety and so an example to others.

Shintoism, n. जाशात्वर पर्य ।

Shiny, shini, a. छन्द , मीवियान् ; मीवियानी ; Bright ; splendid :- न्यवनावृ ; Unclouded.

Ship, ship, n. জাহাজ; পোড; Any large see-going vessel:—v. t. জাহাজে ভোলা; জাহাজে; বোধাই-কু.
To put on board a ship; to receive on board a ship:—বধাছালে স্থাপন-কু; To fix in its place—v. i. জাহাজেৰ কাৰ্বো নিযুক্ত-কু, জাহাজেৰ উপৰ বাধলা.
To engage for service on a board-ship; to go aboard ship. n—shipper (জাহাজেৰ অধিকাৰা, Sh.p-master; exporter of goods.)

Ship of the desert -32, Camel.

Ship one off—ৰাহাৰে ক্রিবা দেশান্তর করা, ধ্বলাবে শ্লেম-কু, Send away by water.

Take ship-काशस्य हिंद्रा याजा-इ ।

The ship of the line—বৃদ্ধ-আহাল; নানোগাল; A large war-hip of 74 guns or more belonging to the royal navy.

Ship-board, ship'bord, n. জাহাজের বেজে; জাহা-জেই পাটাতন, The board or deck of a ship. ad জাহাজের উপরে বা বব্দে, Upon or within a ship. On ship-board—ভাহাজের উপর।

Ship-boy, n. জাহাজের বালক ভূতা; A boy who serves on board a ship.

Ship-broker, ship'-broker, n. কাগজের খালাল; A broker who effects sales, &c, of ships.

Ship-building, n. জাহাত-নির্মাণ ৷

Ship-chandler, ship'-chandler, ন. জাহাজের বজু পাইল অভৃতি বিক্লেডা; A dealer in cordage, canvas, sails &c. [ ded ship.

Vas, sails ct.
Ship-lever, n. ৰাষ্ট্ৰান্তৰ আয়; Fever in a crowShipful, a. ৰাষ্ট্ৰেৰ বৰ বায়; এক জাহান্ত; As much
as a ship will hold. [ship; 424 tons of coal.
Ship-load, n. ৰাষ্ট্ৰেৰ বোখাই. The cargo of a
Ship-man, ship'man, n. নাৰিক, A seaman;
a sailor. pl=shipmen.

Ship-master, ship'mas-ter, ম. নাবিক; পোডা-গ্যক্ : A captain of a ship.

Shipmate, shipmat, n. এক জাহাজের সরী; বে নাবিক অঞ্জের সহিত এক জাহাজে কার্ব্য করে; A companion in the same ship; a fellow-sailor.

Shipment, ship'ment, স. কাহাৰ বোধাই করণ; লাহাজে প্ৰেৰণ বা চাৰাৰ, The act of putting on board a ship.

Ship-money, ship'muhi, স. কাহাৰ সর্বরাহেৰ পবিবর্জে বাজসরকারে প্রবৃত্তর বিশেষ: পূর্ককালে ইংলপ্রের বাজার রপপোত সংগ্রহার্থ সবরে সর্বের নির্দারিত কর; Money raised at intervals in England for providing ships for the service of the king in time of war.

Shipper, n. বে বাজি জাহান কৰিয়া নাল চালান পোৱা Shipping, ship'ing, n. জাহালসমূহ; পোতসমূহ; Ships collectively.—জাহালের জাড়া; জাহালের ৩%; Tonnage:—a. জাহালসংক্রান্ত; Relating to ships. Shipping articles—Articles of agreement between the captain and his seamen.

Take shipping-states whates-; To embank.

Ship-shape, ad. নাবিকোচিত ভাবে; In a seamanlike manner — ম্বাবাতি; উপযুক্তরূপে, According to usage, properly.

Ship's-husband, ship's-husband, n. ভাইছের বানী; ভাইছের স্থানীর পোচাধিকারীর প্রতিনিধি; The owner of a ship who man ige- its concerns in person; the owner's agent in the management of a ship

Ship-wreck, ship'rek, n. পোডজা; পোডজা ভাষাবলেন, গোডমানে, The wicek or destruction of a ship:—বিনাল, নাল, Ruin, destruction— গ ! সমূদ্ৰে বিনষ্ট-কু; পোডজান কু; পোডজান দাবা পীডিড-কু; To destroy on the sea, to cause to sufter wreck.

Make shipwreck of—яहे-क : ж л- т :

Saip-wright, shipint, क काराक-निजी, बाराजन राज्यक्र : (पाठनिकीडी , Ship-carpente.

Ship-yard, ship'yaid, n. ছাচাল নির্মাণ সান . বেবানে ভাষ্ট প্রস্তুত বা নেরানত হব . Place for building ships. [ sion of country; a country. Shire, n. বিলাতেৰ জেলা বা চাকলা; প্রনেশ , Divi-Shire-moto, n. প্রদেশীয় সভা; A meeting of the cutizens of a shire.

Shirk, sherk, v. t. জাগ-কু; পরিচার-কু; এচান; To avoid; to get off or shrink away from .—নীচ-ভাবে বান্ত-কু, To obtain meanly.

Shirt, shert, n. কানিজ, Man's undergarment; a loose garment: -ত. t. কানিজ পরা; To cover, as a loose garment with a shirt.

Shirting, sherling, n. কাৰিবের কাপড়; মাটাবালাৰ কাপড় Cloth fit for shirts.

Shittah, shi'a, Shittim, shitim, n. ब्नावान कांडे वित्तव ; A precious wood.

Shiver, shiver, v. t. বৰ বৰ-র : ভালিরা কেলা ; To shatter:—v. t. কলিত-ত্ব ; বাবুতে কালান ; To cause to chake in the wind, as sails:—v. i. বৰ বৰ-ই ; ভালিরা-বা : To break into pieces:—v. s. কল্পান-হ ; কলিত-হ . To shunder : to shake ; to quiver—n বৰ , টুকরা , চটা . A fragment , a splinter. Syn .—(v) Shatter, dismember, quake, tremble.

Shivery, shiver-i, a. ভত্তৰণ; Rasily falling into fragments:—কল্বান; Trembling:—শিবিদ্দ্রশে সংবদ্ধ; Loosely cohering.

Shoal, shoi, n. ভিড়; লনডা; A throng; crowd:
—নাহের ক'কি; বংক্তের ক'কি; A great multitude
of fishes swimming together:—নদী বা সমূদ্রের বে
খানে অর ক্রম; অপভীর ছান: A place where the
water of a river, sea or lake is not deep:—চড়া;
A sand-bank:—৩. i. দুলবন্ধ-হ; ক'কি বাছা-হ; To
crowd:—অপভীর-হ; To grow shallow:—চড়ার
উপরে আসিয়া গড়া; To come upon shallows.

Shouly, sholi, a. অগভার; চদ্যায়; Full of shallows; not deep; shallow. n=shouliness.

Shoar, n. Manua; A prop.

Shook, shok, ন. ৰাজা; A collision; a sudden dasking one thing against another:—আবাত; A blow:—প্ৰচাৰ আক্ৰমণ; জনানক আক্ৰমণ; Violent onset:—হঠাৎ মনের আবেগ:—বিরক্তি; An offence:
—শতের বাশি; বড়ের আটি; A pile of sheaves of corn:—কুকুর বিশেব; A dog with hair:—কশান:—
হ. t. আবাত-ড়; বাজা-দে বা মারা; To strike:—জন্ত বুণা বারা অভিত্ত-ড়; কানিত-ড়; জীত-ড়; বিরক্তফু; বিতৃক-কৃ; To offend; to horrify; to disgust.
Syn:—Clash, impact, percussion; conflict, brunt; blow, buffet; stook, hattock. (v) Encounter; stun, astound, stagger; disgust, offend; appal, terrify, affright.

Bo shocked at—কোন কিছু পেৰিয়া বা গুনিয়া আড়ুইহ, Be struck with surprise or horror by hearing or seeing. [thick and bushy head of hair. Shock-headed, a. নিবিদ্দেশ-নতক; Having a Shocking, shoking, a. মুণাজনক; বীভংগ; ভয়ানক; গুনিব; Disgusting, highly offensive; repulsive. ad=shockingly. Syn:—Appalling terrifying; frightful, terrible; repulsive, revolting.

Shod, pt. and p. p. of shoe. Shoddy, n. পুৰাতন প্ৰমা স্বাপন্তের সূতা একাইয়া কর

শাম, The wool of old woven fabrics.

Shoo, shoo, n. জুচা; উপানং; A covering for the foot:—নাল; Iron under a horse's foot:—পাছুকাদির আকারবিশিষ্ট বা তবুলা কাষ্যকারী বস্তু: Any thing in form or use like a shoe:—v. t. নালবাজা; নাল বাঁধা; জুচা পরান; পাছুকাদিত্ত-কু; To fit with a shoe; furnish with shoes; put shoes on:—ভলনেশ আবৃত্ত-কু; To cover at the bottom. pt. pp—shod. pl=shoes.

Horse shoe, n. विद्धांत्र गांत ।

Shoe the wildmare—A play in which one represents the wild mare and runs about the rooms, while the players try to catch hold of him and put in shoes to his feet.

Stand in another man's shos—আত্তর হাব অধিকার-ক: Occupy the place or lay claim to the honours of another.

Shoe-black, shoo'blak, #. জুড়া-পরিকারক; জুড়ার কালী পেওয়া মুচি; One who blacks and cleans boots or shoes.

Shoe-horn, shoo'horn, n. জুতা পরাইবার নৃত্য ; A curved piece of horn or metal used in facilitating the putting on of a shoe.

Shoemaker, shoo'-maker, শ. ৰ্তা-প্ৰতকারী; বুচি; চৰকার; One who makes shoes and boots. Shoer, ল. বে কুটা পরাইয়া-বে; বে নাল বাৰাইয়া বেয় গ One who fits shoes to the feet. Shoe-string, ল. কুটার ফিডা; পাছুকাৰকী i . Shone, pt. t. of Shins. Shook, pt. t. of Shake.

Shoot, shoot, v. t. वज्ञभूतिक विक्ल-क : जवरन विक्लन-事; To let fly with force; to dart :- 司司 司 司事 हरेंड (हाड़ा ; नित्कल-कृ ; श्रील-कृ ; To discharge from a bow or gun :--বিছ-কু; জাহাত্ত-কু; To strike with anything shot ; hit :- উनगढ-इ ; अबुद्र निर्माछ-क : वाहित-क : To send forth new parts, as a plant ; to thurst forward :- v. i. Halle wit-F ; শর ও আগ্নের অন্ত নিকেণ-ফু, To perform the act of shooting :- बहुबिड-इ; छन्गड-इ; बाहिब-इ; To germinate : - শূৰ-বেগৰা অপুতৰ-কু; To feel a quick lancinating pain : -তেনে ছোটা ; বেলে বাঙলা ; To pass with quickness; to jut out :- म. निरम्प ; क्लिन ; Act of shooting :- नवनक्षत : भाशा नहाव ; shooter. Syn:—(v) Dart, hurl, propel; discharge, fire ; emit, project ; kill ; bud, sprout. Shoot shead of—ৰতিক্ৰ কৰিয়া বাওৱা; ফ্ৰডবেংগ जार्यमञ्ज् ; अभिता वांख्या ; Outstrip ; surpass.

Shoot along—कु वांबर्ग ; Move swiftly.

Shoot at—হুলি মারা ; Fire at.

Shoot by-নিকট নিয়া গমন-কু; Pass by. Shoot forth-ৰত্ন বছিৰ্গত-তু; Bud, sprout.

Shoot made of the mark—art প্ৰিড-হ; To be in error.

Shoot over—সহর বাধরা; Pass over quickly.
To be shot of—নিৰ্দ্ধ বা বিষ্কাত।

'I'O DO Shot OI—निभूक वा विवृक्त-ह। Shooter, n. निरक्तभकः, छनिकादकः, जीदकाद्वाः।

Shooting, shooting, n. শ্রত্যাগ; বন্দ ছোড়া; তার বা গুলি নিকেণ; বেধন; The act of discharging fire arms or an arrow:—তীর বেধনা অনুভব; আকল্মিক কেশানুভব; Sensation of a quick pain:— শিকার; মুগরা; শিকার জভানে; Act or practice of killing game:—a. ফ্রগানী; আঙ্

Shooting box, n. निकानकारण वावशंका भन्नीआवष्ट

কুম বাটা; A small house in the country for use in the shooting season. [he goes to shoot. Shooting coat—A coat worn by a man when Shooting pain—তার বেশনা; তীক বাধা; Quick, sharp pain. [A meteor.

Shooting-star, shooting-star, n. ভৰা; দিবায়ি; Shop, shop, n. বিগৰি; দোকান; কারিকরের কার্য্য হান; A place where any thing is sold; work-place:—v. i. জন্মকরণার্থ ঘোকানে-বা; হাট বালার-ক;
To visit shops for the purpose of buying.

To smell of the shop—কাহাৰৰ ব্যবসায় অভি শাইভাবে প্ৰকাশ-কু।

To talk shop—ব্ৰসায়ে কৰা কহা ; To use phrases and manner of speech pecular to one's employment or profession.

Shop-keeper, n. বোকানবার : মুবী ; Tradesman ; retailer. [ of buying steals goods. Shoplifter, n. চোর ; One who under pretence Shoplifting, n. বোকান হাতে কণ্ডবণ ; বোকান হাতে মাল চুরি ; Stealing anything from a shop.

Shoppish, a. Having pettyhabits and thoughts.
Shop-walker, shop/wawker, w. (पाकारना बार्या विकास कतिएक कतिएक ए (क्काविश्वेस क्कावश्वेस करता; One who walks in a shop and sees the customers attended to. [serving in a shop. Shop-woman, ল. পোকানের দাসী; A woman Shore, shor, ল. উপকৃল; সমুদ্রের তট, নদীর তীর; The coast or land bordering on a sea, lake, or river:—অবলয়ন; ঠেল; সেকো; A prop; a support:—v. t. ঠেকনা-দে; ঠেকো পেওয়া; To prop; to support. m=shorer.

On shore, Ashore—उत्हें ; छोता।

Shoreless, shūr'les, a. তীর্বিহীন; অকুল; অসীম; Having no coast or shore.

Shorn, p. p. of shear. [ ক ; Be deprived of. Shorn (or stripped) of—কোন কিছু হইতে ব্ৰিত-Short, short, a. সংক্ষিপ্ত ; Brief:—হোট ; থকা, হব , আনতিনীৰ্ঘ ; Not long :—আৱ ; অপ্ৰচুৱ , কম ; Scanty :—অবশন্ত ; সহীৰ্ঘ ; Nariow :—নান ; আগবাধ , আন ,—Insufficient :—ভেসুর ; Bittle :—স্বাহত ; Near at hand :—ad. সহসা , হুলি , উৎক্ষণাৎ , আন সমঘে ; Not long. n=shortness. Syn :—Near, direct, straight; concise, compendious, summary , succinct, laconic, pithy, sententious ; abrupt, blunt ; limited, inadequate ; lacking, wanting, destitute ; brittle, friable , crisp.

At short notice—वज नभरत ; व्यवकात्वद भरता ; नीज,

স্থর; In a brief time; promptly.

Be short of—ক্ষিয়া আনা; বাঁজি-ছ; কোন এবা বংগ্ট না থাকা; Be ∍cantily provided with:—নীচে বাকা; Be below; be under .—প্যান্ত না উঠা; Not coming up to.

Be short of cash—কাহার অর্থেব জনটন হওরা। Come short, v. ব্যিমা আলা; Fail.

Cut short—নংকেপ-ঞ্চ ; ছাটিয়া ছেটি-কু; সহসা শেব বা বন্ধ-কু; Abridge.

Fall short—অবৃতকায়-হ; প্রবোজন বা প্রাসাধার In short—অর কথায ; সংক্ষেপত: , সংক্ষেপে বানতে প্রেন্ন, in fine ; to cum up in a few worlds.

Make short work of—নঃ- ই; হাকান চুকাইবা কেলা, Destroy. [ভাহাই, Nothing less than. Nothing short of—ভাৱ চেয়ে একচুও কম নহে, Run short—কমিবা আলা; কম পড়া, চানাচানি পঢ়া, kall short; became scanty, be chausted.

Short of—খাজি-হ; Scantily provided with — কম, Less than:—ভাবে তাহার কাব না এইবা, Not equal to in sense:—এইটা ছাড়া; Excepting, not going so far as.

Stop short—একবারে থানা; সহসাংখানা; Stop at The long and short—সমুদার, তাৎপথ্য কথা; মোট কথা, The whole.

To be taken short—হঠাং বাংক্র গীড়া বোধ কু। Short-allowance—অবরোবালির সময় অন্ধ রসদ। Short-clothes, n বালকাদির আন্ধাসুলন্ধিত হোট ইন্সেয়। Shortcomming, short-kuming, n. কটা, স্বালতা, অবংলা; Defective performance; deficiency as to duty; failure in duty.

Short commons - বল আহার; Small allowance of food; scanty fare.

Short cut, n. সরল পথ; সোজা পথ;—a. নিকটভব। Short-dated, shortdated, a. আর অল্পনিসাতে প্রবন্দ থাকিবে; Having little time to run.

Shorton, short'n, v. t. ছোট-কু, কমান; আন-কু;
ধর্ম-কু; হাস-কু; To make short; to lessen;
to deprive:—v.i. নছচিত-হ; নছোচ-হ; দ্ৰখ বা কম-ছ.

CFR-E; To become short or shorter; to contract.

Syn:—Abridge, curtail, abbreviate, retrench,
lessen, diminish, reduce, deck.

Shorton sail— कि भारत (भारत) करिया क्या; Contract the sail in order to lessen the speed of the vessel.

Short-hand, shorthand, \*. সংক্রিয় বিশি ; সংক্রেণ লিখন ; Stenography ; Phonography.

Short-horn, n. मूख पुत्र पुत्रदम्ह (भां।

Short-lived, shortlived, a. আচিরহারী; আজকাল হারী; আজজাবী; বজাবু; Living or lasting only for a short time; transient.

Shortly, ad. অধিলকে; শীষ; Soon; quickly:—
নাকেলে; Briefly.

Shortness, n. अमेर्जा; अवना ; मरका ।

Shorts, n. pl. will; Coarse part of meal.

Short-shrift—তড়িবড়ি ফুলবার; Little time to repent, cut a small interval being allowed before the infliction of punishment.

Short-sight, n. अपूत्रपनेत ; Myopia. a=short-sighted.

Short-sighted, a. অপ্রদর্শী, কীপদৃষ্টি; অবিচক্ষণ -অবিবেকী, Unable to see for; imprudent, heedless.

Short-tempered, a. অস্থিকু; অধীৰ; রাণী। Short-winded, short-winded, a. অণ্যান; কত যান, Short breathed; asthmatic; having a quech respiration.

Short-witted, a. यहाद्दि : मृह । Shot, pt. and pp. of shoot.

Shot, ন. শুনিকরণ, The act of shooting: — শুনি; জীর, কেপণ্টর আর; A missile: — গোলাবর্বণ; শুনি নিজেপ, Flight of a missile or the distance passed by it: — শুরন্ধার; লক্ষাণ্ডেদকারী; A marksman — পণনা; Reckoning: — শুনা; পোলা, Small globular masses of lead: — শু. গোলা, small globular masses of lead: — শু. গোলা, shots ( গোলাগুনি), shots ( যুক্তবার কেপণ করা হয়)।

Random shot - প্ৰকৃষ্ট স্থান-নিকেশ; Shot discharged without any fixed aim.

Shot free or proof, a. ভলি ৰারা অনাহত বা অক্ত, Not hurt by canon.

Grape shot, n. A number of shot so arranged as to resemble a bunch of grapes, formerly used to load guns.

Shot-gun, n. इट्टांका विदेशितिय वसून ।

Should, shood, p. t. of shall.

Shoulder, shol'der, n. কন; কাৰ, পৃষ্ঠ; The joint connecting the arm or the foreleg to the body; the upper part of the back:—v. f. কৰে স্থান-ক; কৰে-ক; To take upon the shoulder:—কন বানা বানা-ক; বান্ধ-বানা বানা; To push with the shoulder or violently.

Shrug the shoulder—( গুণাদি প্ৰকাশ কয় ) ছই কছ ভোলা; Draw up the shoulders ( by way of expressing dislike ).

Cold shoulder— অবজা; অনাদর; উপেকা; Contempt.

Give the cold shoulder to, Turn the cold shoulder on—কাহারত প্রতি অবজ্ঞা প্রকাশ-কৃ; Treat one coolly; show indifference to one. Put one's shoulder to the wheel—বাৰ-দে;
To assist in bearing a burden or overcoming a difficulty:—বিকেট বা থাকিয়া কালে লাগা; কৰ্বন্য কালা; Commence working in earnest:—
বাক্যবাহ বা ক্রিয়া কর্মে লাগা; Take up a work (instead of merely criticising those who are doing it).

Bub shoulders with—ৰেণাখেলি বা সংস্কৰ বাকা; Come in close contact with. ( একডাসহকারে। Shoulder to shoulder—একলে; পাশাপালি হইবা; Shoulder-arms—( শাস্ত্ৰীদের ভার) বন্দ বাড়ে-ফ; Bring a musket upright; place a musket on the shoulder in a particular manner.

Shoulder-belt, n. বৰ্ণদেশৰ পাটা; Belt passing over the shoulder.

Shoulder-blade, shol'dér-blad, স. ক্বান্তি; কাঁথের হাড়; The broad, flat, blade-like bone of the shoulder.

Shoulder-knot, shol'der-not, n. কল-প্রন্থি; কলা-ভাষ্ ; A knot worn as an ornament on the shoulder.

Shout, showt, ন. উচ্চজনি; জনজনি; চীৎকার; A loud and sudden outcry of joy, triumph or courage:—v. i. জনজনি-ক; চীৎকার-ক; To utter a shout:—v. t. চীৎকার করিয়া উচ্চারণ-ক; To utter with a shout. n—shouter.

Shout at—আনশকান করা; ছররে-দে; টিক্কারী-দে।
Shove, shuv, ক. t. ধাকা মাবা; ঠেলিয়া-দে; To
drive along; to push before one; to propel
with the hand:—n. ধাকা; ঠেলা; A push. Syn:
—Push, drive, impel, press, thrust.

Shove by-প্রিছার-ফু; নিবারণ-ফু; Push away; to delay or reject.

Shovel, shuvi. n. नवा शंडन धराना कामान : ककान : 481; Scoop with a broad handle; a kind of spade:- v. t. क्यांन बादां डेटबानन-मृ; क्यांनान बाता 歌年 : To lift up and throw with a shovel:-ज्ञानिङ्ख-कृ ; जूनीकात्त्र मः अश्-कृ ; To gather in great quantities, wel will hold. Shovelful, a. वड कुकोरन शर्त : As much as a sho-Show, sho, v. t. [ A. S. scamian, to look ] अक्न-कृ; अवन्त-कृ; To exhibit; to present to view; to display:- नथ (पथारेश करेश वाक्या: To guide:-काउ-कृ; To make known:-अनाय-कृ; मानुष-क ; Prove :-- निका-(प ; Teach :-- v. i. पृष्ट-বোচর-ছ; To become visible:-- দেখান; প্রতীর্নান-ছ; To appear ; to look :- #. अष्टान ; Exhibition :-जाएपत ; व्यपनी ; Ostentation ; parade :-- पृत्र ; A sight; aspect :- ছল; Pretence :- ব্যক্তিকতা; Plausibility. pt=showed, pp=shown. Syn;-(v) Indicate; disclose, divulge, publish, explain; manifest, evince, demonstrate; conduct, usher. (n) Spectacle, representation, pomp, pageantry, display; semblance, likeness, appearance; pretext, colour.

Dumb show-76; Pantomine.

Make a show of—লোক দেখাৰ কিছু-কু; Parade; present an appearance of; make a pretence of. Show a bold front—সাহসপূৰ্ত্তক বাধা-দে; Adopt an attitude of determined resistance. [ filee. Show a light pair of heels—প্ৰায়ন-কু; To Show causo—কাৰণ নিৰ্দেশ-কৃ।

Show fight—বৃদ্ধ কৰিবাৰ ইন্ধা প্ৰকাশ-কৃ; Manifest a disposition to fight:—বগড়া-কৃ; Show a disposition to quarrel or resist. [ প্ৰচাৰ-কৃ; Proclaim. Show forth—প্ৰকাশ-কৃ; প্ৰদৰ্শ-কৃ; Manifest:—Show off—প্ৰদৰ্শ-কৃ; ( অপপনা বা প্ৰভাগ) দেখাৰ : Exhibit ostentatiously; display:—অপপনা প্ৰকাশ-কৃ; Cut a figure:—( জাক ক্ষিবাৰ জন্ম) কোন কিছু লোককে দেখান; Make a vain display of something.

Show of hands—(সভার মত প্রকাশার্থ) কুছ উল্লোচন; The raising of hands as a vote in a public meeting. [plausibility. Show of reason—Appearance of arguments; Show one for money—Get money by making people see one.

Show one in or into—পাহাকে খনে দুইবা বাৰমা; কোন আগন্তক খনের ভিতর লইনা বাৰমা; Conduct one

into (a room or house). Show one's colour—নিজের মৃত দেখান; To make manifest one's principles or party.

Show one's face-Enfigs-; Appear; be present; be seen.

Show one's teeth—sa ( vota ; To threaten.

Show one the door—কোনও ব্যক্তিকে বারনেশ দেবাইয়া দিয়া ধুরীভূত-কু।

Show over—প্ৰত্যেক অংশ কেথাৰ: চারিদিকে লইয়া দেখাৰ, Show every part of (a place).

Show the white feather—on anti-; To show cowardice; to exhibit fear.

Show to advantage—sin site (न्यान ; Show in a favourable light; set off.

Show up—কিছু নইবা কাহাকে অপ্ৰতিভ বা অপদত্ত কু; হাপ্তালদ করিবাব জন্ত সন্মুখে ধরা; সঙ্গে নইবা উপধে-বা; প্রকাশ-কু; Expose; disclose.

Show-bill, n. বৃহদকারে দিখিত বিজ্ঞাপন পান : A large placard ; a bill for advertising the price, merits, &c., of goods.

Show-broad, n. বর্ষনিবরে ব্যক্তি বাদশ কটা; The twelve loaves of bread placed weekly in the sanctuary.

Show-case, n. বিকরের ক্রবা প্রদর্শনার্থ কাচের বাদ্ধ;
A case with a glass cover, in which articles of value are exhibited for sale.

Show-end, n. বস্তাদির মুখপাত।

Shower, show'er, n. বৃষ্টি; বৃষ্টিপাত; পশনা; A fall of rain:—v. t. বৃষ্টি থাবা সিক্ত-কু; বৰ্ণ-কু; চালিলা-দে; To wet with rain; to pour down:—v. i. বৃষ্টি পড়া; To rain in showers.

Shower bath, n. মানাৰ্থ কৃত্তিম বৰ্ণপ বয়; An apparatus for pouring upon the body a shower of water.

Showerless, a. বৰ্ণছীন। Showery, show'er-i, a. বৃষ্টপূৰ্ণ; বহুবার; বৰ্ণানু; গললাপাতী, বৃষ্টবহুল; Abounding with showers. Show-man, n. প্ৰদৰ্শক; One who exhibits a show.

Show-room, ন. বে গৃহৰ অব্যাদি অধ্যতি হয়; A room where a tradesman or manufacturer displays his goods.

[ in the fleet. Show-ship, ন. সর্কোৎকৃষ্ট বাহার; The finest ship

Show-ship, ন. নর্কোৎকট থাকার; The finest ship Showy, sho'i, a. জাকান; গোডন; অনকান; Ostentatious; stately; gay, n—showiness, ad showily. Bhrapnel, ন. সীনকভলিপুৰ্ণ দৌহপুটক; বোৰ-পোলা;
A shell filled with a quantity of musket-balls.
Shred, shred, ন. কালি; বত; টুক্রা; A small piece cut off; a narrow piece torn off; strip:—
হ. ব. বত বত-কৃ: কালি কালি করিয়া ভেঁডা; To cut or tear into shreds. Syn:—(n) Fragment, bit, rag, tatter, scrap.

A thing of shreds and patches—Applied to a thing that is patched, unconnected or not

original.

Shrew, shroo, \*\* কৰ্ছছিল স্থীকোক; কোশলিয়া বী;
A brawling, troublesome woman, a termagant.
Shrewd, shrood, a. বৃদ্ধিনান; চতুব; চালাক; বিচৰূপ;
কোনা; Keen; of acute intellect; cunning; willy
artful. n=shrewdness. ad=shrewdly. Syn:—
Cunning, subtle, crafty, astude, arch; sharp,
discerning, intelligent, sagacious, knowing.

Shrewdness, shroodnes, n. 50001; 51001; 51001; 510016; Quality or state of being shrewd. Syn:
—Cunning, archness, artfulness, subtlety, address, craft; sugacity, penetration, intelligence, sharpness, ingenuity, discernment, acumen.

Shrewish, shroo'sh, a. কোৰলিয়া; ক্লহ্মিয়; স্থানাল্যিয়; Troublesome and prevish; clamorous. n=shrewishness, td=shrewishly.

Shrew-mouse, shröb'mows, \*. টুল ; কছ বিশেষ ; A harmless little animal resembling the mouse, which burrows in the ground.

Bhriek, shrök, n. চীংকার; ভটেন্নের; Piercing cry:—v. i. চীংকার-কু; উচ্চ শক্ত-কু; To scream; utter a sharp shrill cry. [riffalty. Bhrievalty, n. স্থিকের পদ বা অধিকার; See she-Bhrift, shrift, n. নোমান ক্যাথালক প্রীষ্টান কর্ত্ক প্রো-ছিডের নিকট পাপ খীকার কবণ; প্রোহিডের নিকট পাপ খীকার; Confession made to a priest. [bird. Bhrike, shrik, n. শিকারী পক্ষী বিশেষ; Rapacious Shrill, shrill, a. জীক; ভীষ; উষ; কবণ; Piercing, loud and clear; sharp; uttering an acute sound. n=shrillness, ad=shrilly. Syn:—

Sharp, high-pitched. Shrill-voiced, a. ভীত্ৰৰ।

Shrimp, shtimp, n. চিক্ডি মাড়; Small crustacean:—(অবজ্ঞাৰ্কে) ৰক্ষ ব্যক্তি; বামন; A dwarf in contempt.

Shrine, shrin, n. পৰিক ছান; মন্দির; বেদী; A sacred place, temple; an altar:—v. f. মন্দিরে সাবা; To enshrine.

Shrink, shringk, e. i. কুকিড-ছ; To contract spontaneously:—কোচকাৰ; ভটাৰ; স্কুচিড-ছ; Shriwel:—( ভাষ ) জড়সড-ছ; To recoil, as from fear, disgust &c.:—v. t. আকুকিড-ছ; স্কুচিড-ছ; To cause to shrink or contract. pt = shrank, shrunk. pp = shrunk, shrunken. Syn:—Dwindle, wither; flinch, blench, withdraw,

Shrink from—পরাধুধ-২; ভরে কিছু হইতে পিছাইয়া পড়া; Draw back from.

Shrink into insignificance ভটাৰে বাট হুইয়া ব্ৰেয়া; আৰু তিৰোহিত-ছ; Be reduced to almost nothing; almost disappear.

Shrink on—কোচনাইরা টিক হওয়া বা লাগা। Shrinkage, গ. সভোচন ; কুকন ; মুল্য হাস। Shrinking, গ. সহোচ। Shrive, shriv, v. t. (পাণ বীৰায়) প্ৰৱণ-তৃ; পাণ ইইছে মুক্ত-তৃ; To hear at confession; to give absolution:—v. i. পাণ বীৰায় প্ৰৱণ-তৃ; To receive confession ( said of a priest ). pheabrove, shrived; pp—shriven, shrived.

Shrivel, shrivel, v. f. or v. i. [Icel. shrift, a thing torn] ক্ৰিড-ছ বা-ফ: ভুবড়াইয়া-বা বা-দে; কৌৰড়াম; To contract into wrinkles; to cause to contract. Syn:—Parch, dry: shrink, wither, dwindle.

Shroff, त. (वनिया ; महाजन।

Shroud, shrowd, ম. শ্ব আছোদন বন্ধ ; শ্বাছাদনী;
The dress of the dead; a winding sheet:—pl.
পালের দক্তি বা কাছি; মান্তল বাধিবার মশারলি; Large
side ropes upholding a mast:—w. t. শ্বাছাদন
বন্ধ দাবা আবৃত্ত-কু; To enclose in a shroud:—
আছাদন-কু; চাকা দেওলা; To cover:—গোপন-কু;
কুলামিত-কু; To hide:—আশ্রব দাব-কু; To shelter.
Shrove-twesday, ম. মান্তবেড্বেন্ডে নামক প্রদিনের প্রনিদ্ধান; The day before Ash-Wednesday.
Shrove-tide, shrov-tid, ম. পাপ বীকার করিবার
সন্ব; পাগ বীকার পর্যা; Time of confession.

Shrub, shrub, ন. শুঝ; গাচ্য়া; A low dwarf tree:

—সরাণ; হরা; Wine:—চিনি ও দেবুর রস মিশাইরা এক
প্রকার পানীয়, Lemon-juice.

Shrubbery, shrub'er-e, n. গুরোলান; লভাসমূহ; গুলসমূহ; Collection of shrubs:—গুল-বাটিকা; A place where shrubs are planted.

Shrubby, shrub's. a গুলুময়; বভাষর; বভার ভার; Full of or resembling shrubs.

Shrug, shrwe, v.t. বন্ধ উর্জোলন-কৃ; কুঞ্চিড-কৃ; শিহ্নিবা উঠা; To draw up; to contract (as the shoulders) —n. i. কাল জোলা; বন্ধ উন্দোলন-কৃ; To draw up the shoulders:—n. বন্ধ উর্জোলন; বন্ধন উৎক্ষেপণ; A drawing up of the shoulder.

Shrug the shoulders—কাণ তোলা; স্থা উত্তো-জন-কু; Draw up the shoulders.

Shrunk, pt. and pp of Shrink.

Shudder, shuder, v. i. ভগাৰিবৰত: কলিড-ড; বাৰ পৰ কৰিবা কালা; To feel a thrill from aversion or dread; To shake with fears:—n. ভয়াদি ছেড্ কলান; A trembling from fear or horror. Syn:—Tremble, quake, quiver, shiver.

Shudder from—ভার কাপা; Shake with fear at. Shuffle, shuf'l, v. f. গোলমাল-ক; এলোমেলো-ক; বেভাল-ক; To change the position of; to confuse; to remove or introduce by purposed or artificial confusion:—v. i. তান ভানান; ভেলান; তোমা; To change the order of cards in a pack:
—এড়ান; ছল-কু; চালাকি-কু; চাড়্বী-কু; To evade fair questions; to prevaricate, quibble, play tricks:—এফিক ডফিক-কু; To move the foot looseiy on the ground:—n. সোলমাল; চাড়্রী; চালাকি; কোনল; Trick, evasion, artifice. Syn:—(v) Shift, intermix, disorder; equivocate, cavil, evade, sophisticate.

Shuffle off—মূক-ক ; ঠেনিয়া কেলা ; Get rid of. Shuffle off this mortal coil—ম্বা ; Die.

Shuffle through—ভাড়াভাড়ি কাজ-ক ; Go through perfunctorily.

Shuffle up—ভাড়াভাড়ি একৰে নিকেশ-ড় ; Throw together in haste ; to form in haste.
To shuffle and out—ভাস ভাসিরা কটিবি!

prophetic.

Shunter, ল. প্ৰকৃষ্ণ; One who prevaricates. Shunting, m. পোলমাল: Confusion:—এপোমেনো চলন; Irregular gait:—চাত্ৰি; ছল; Evasion; trick:—a. ছল্ডিয়; Evasive.

Shun, shun, v. t. বৰ্জন-ক; পরিহার-ক; ভাগ-ক; To avoid; to escape; to neglect. Syn:—Elude, evade, eschew.

Shunt, shunt, v. i. প্রধান রেল হইতে সরান; পার্থবর্ত্তে চালিত-ফু; সবাইবা-দে; To turn off upon a siderail:—ন. পার্থে প্রেরণ; পার্থ-বর্ত্ত্ব; Sliding from the main line of rails.

Shut, shut, v. t. [A. S. scyttan, scittan, to shut or lock up] বন্ধ- ক্ ; নিমানিত- কৃ ; বন্ধ- কৃ ; To close; to bar :— সক্তিত- কৃ, গুটান ; To contract, to close itself; to be closed. pt. pp. = shut. Syn:
— Fasten, secure, inclose, confine, imprison; exclude, preclude.

Shut in- ভिতरत्र जावज्ञ-कृ ; क्रक-कृ ; Confine.

Shut off--विश्विकां छ-कृ।

Shut one out of or from—কাহাকে কোন কিছু হ'হ'ে বক্ষিত্ৰ-কু; কাহাকে কিছু কবিতে বা জানিতে না দেওবা, Exclude or debar one from.

Shut one's cars to—अन्य मा-कृ; ना खना; कांप मा एक्सा; Not to listen to.

Shut oneself up in—বাটাতে বা হরে বছ হইৱা বাকা; নিৰ্দ্ধনে বাস-কু; Keep oneself within doors, not to stir out of one's home or room; live in a retired secluded manner.

Shut one's eyes to – না ৰেখা; কোন বিষয়ে চকু বৃদ্ধিয়া থাকা; থোল থবৰ না লঙ্কা, Not to see; take no notice of: — মনোযোগ না-কু; Not to attend to. Shut out —প্ৰবেশ কবিঙে না-কে; নিবাৰণ-কু; বাহিৰ কবিৱা-কে, Exclude; prevent.

Shut the door against—বার ক্ল-কৃ; পৰ বল-কৃ; Close the doors so as to prevent one from coming in; preclude.

Shut the door upon—প্রবেশ কবিতে না দেওছা। Shut the gates of mercy—দরাপ্রকাশ না-কু। Shut up—ক্ষ-কু, চুপ-কু; Close up; bar —কারা-

क्षपा प्राप्त करा । जान करा । जान करा । जान । ज

Shut up shop—কাজ বৰ-ক; পাততাড়ি ভটান; লোকানপাট বজ-ক; Close business.

Shutter, shu'ér, n. ৰড়খণ্ডি; বিলমিলি; পাৰি; A close cover for a window or aperture.

Shuttle, shutl, n. তব্বারের মাকু; তুরী; An instrument used by weavers for shooting the cross threads.

Shuttle-cock, shull-kok, n. बीड़ा-कम्क; वोडनक; A cock stuck with feathers and shot backwards and forwards with a battle-door.

Shy, shi, a. ভাক; Timid; fearful:—লাজুক; লজাপীল; মুবচোৱা; Bashful; coy:—নাববান; নিপক; Cautious; suspicious:—v. f. ভরে চনকিয়া ভার; To start aside, as a horse from fear. comp—shyer. sup—shyest. ad—shyly, shily (পভিত ভাবে; ভবে ভবে); n—shyness (বজ্ঞাপীলতা; ভাকতা); Syn:—(a) Reserved, modest, backward, shrinking; cautious, wary, suspicious.

Fight shy of-পরিত্যাপ-ড়: পরিহার-ড়; তলাতে বাবিলা গড়াই-ড়; Avaid; have nothing to do.

Sibilant, sibi-lant, a. [L. sibilo, to hiss ] সকারকানিসপার; হিন্ হিন্ শব্দারী; Making a hissing sound:—n. উম্বৰ্গ; A sibilant letter, as S. Sibilation sibilation sibilation sibilation

Sibilation, sib-i-la'shun, #. ছিদ্ ছিদ্ শব্দ ; উন্নধাৰি ; A hissing sound.

Sibyl, sibil, দ. ডাইনী; ডবিব্যভাবিনী; অনুষ্টবাদিনী; A witch; a pagan; prophetess. a—sibylline. Sibylline, a. ভবিব্যুগ্নিসম্বিত; Prophetical;

Sibylline books—Certain prophetical books purched from a sibyl by Tarquin the Proud.

Sicilan, a. Of or relating to Sicily.

Sicilian vesper—The great massacre of the French in Sicily, A. D. 1282, on the eve of Easter Tuesday.

Sick, sik, a. পীড়িত; অপুৰু; রোগী; কগ্ন: Ill; affected with desease:—বিবক্ত; বিকৃত; Disgusted:—ব্যনোধগৰ্ক; ব্যনেক্ত্: Inclined to vomit:—পীড়িত-দিপে বারা ব্যবহুত; Used by the sick. ness. Syn:—Disordered, distempered, indisposed, weak, ailing, feeble, morbid; disgusted.
Sea-sickness, n. ভাষাৰ আনোনগৰণত: ব্যনেকা!
Be affected with (some disease)—বিশ্বক্ত-ই; আগাত্ৰ-ই; Be exceedingly disgusted with.

Be sick of -কার-হ ; কোন পীড়ার পীড়িত হয়; Be tired of; be weary of.

Sick at heart অভিনয় উদ্বোধার : Exceedingly anxious :—অভিনয় বিষক্ত ; আলাভন ; Sore mortified at heart :—হতান , Sad ; depressed.

Sick-bed---(दांगनवा . (दांगीर नवा ।

Sicken, sikn, v. t. পীডিড-হ; To become sick:— বিষক-হ; To be disgusted:—ফুর্বল-হ; To become weak:—v. t. বিষক-হ; To disgust:—পীড়িড-ছ, To make sick.

Sick headache, n. বৰ্নোংখণবিশিষ্ট শিৱংশ্ল; Headache attended with disorder of the stomach and navisca.

Sickish, sikish, a. দামান্ত পীড়িত; Somewhat sick:—ব্যাক্তারক; Nauscating. n=sickishness, ad = sickishly.

Sickle, sikl, n. কান্তিয়া , ক'বে ; Reaping hook. Sickleman, n. শন্তক্তনকারী ; Reaper.

Sick-list, n. পীডিডখিনের নামের তালিকা; Names of persons ailing.

Sickly, sikle, a. ৰয়; Unwell:—পীড়া-প্ৰবৰ; বোগোংপাৰক; Producing disease:—ছবল; কীণ; Weak; feeble:—অবাসাকর; Unhealthy. n—sickliness. Syn:—Diseased, ailing, infirm, weakly, morbid, indisposed; feeble, pining, drooping, delicate, whining, piping.

ween the hip and shoulder:—বুল; বংশপরার;
Branch of a family; line of decent:—a. পরেক;
বরু; পার্বছ; Lateral indirect:—v. i. পকাববাৰকু; পকে বাবলা; To embrace the opinion or
cause of one party against another. Syn:—
(n) Border; quarter; sect, interest.

Be on the safe side—গোলমাল লা ঘটে এমন অবস্থার থাকা; Place oneself in a position where

one is from trouble or difficulty.

Bright or dark side—হ বা কু; ভাল বা মন দিক; A hopeful or despondent view of circumstances; a favourable aspect as contrasted with an unfavourable one.

By the father's or mother's side—পিড্-গক্ষে বা মাড়পক্ষে; পিডুক্ল বা মাড়ক্ল বরিলে; In a line of decent traced through one parent

(mother or father). By the side of - निकट ; नात्म ; Close at hand ;

near to; beside:—এক শ্ৰেণীতে; In the same class with; on the level with —কোন কিছুর সহিত জুলনা করিলে; As compared or contrasted with.

Change sides—এক পক ছাডিরা অন্ত পকে প্রবেশ-রু। Look only at one side of the shield— কোন বিষয়ের সব দিক না দেখা।

On the side of, On one's side—কাহারও নিকে বা সকে; In support of; in favour of; on the part of, as regards one's cause.

On the wrong side of—অতীত; More than, above; past; beyond:—কোন উচ্চ ছানের অপর দিকে; On the further or other side of a declivity.

On the wrong side of thirty—Passed thirty. Pass from one side to another—এক পক ভাগে কৰিয়া অন্ত পক অবল্যন-কু।

Side with—পকাৰস্থন-কু; Join a faction; cooperate:—একবোগ-হু; Embrace the opinions of one party in opposition to another; be on the same side with.

same side with.

Take up a side, Take sides—পকাবলখন কু;

Weak side— মুৰ্বলতা; Weakness.

Side-arms, sidarmz, n. pl. পার্থয় বয়; কটিসগ্রিদ্ধ আনুবয়; Weapons worn on the side.

Side-board, sidbord, n. বাসন রাখিবার ডাক বা বেজ : A table in a dining room.

Side-box, sīdboks, ন. বলালরের পার্বর আসন; নাট্যশালার পার্বকরী আসন; A box or seat at the side of a theatre.

Bide cut, n. পার্বে আঘাত ; Indirect blow.

Sided, sided, a. পাৰসব্যিত ; Having a side.

Side-glance—বক্তি, অপাক দৃষ্টি।

Side-hint, n. Indirect hint.

Side-ling, sidling, a. চালু : ক্রমনিয় ; Sloping. Sidelong, sidling, ad. ভিগ্যপ্তাবে ; বক্তাবে ;

পাৰ ; Obliquety ; laterally :—s. বক্ত ; তিব্যক ;

Side look, Side long look, ন. ব্ৰুদ্ধ ; অপাক-দৃষ্ট ; আডচকের দেবা , Oblique glance.

Sidercal, si-de're-al, a. [L. sidus, sideris, a star] নাক্তিক, নকত্তপৰি; Starry, pertaining to

a star; measured by the apparent motion of the stars. [জিন; Woman's saddle. Side-saddle, sid-sadl, n. অবপুঠে ছীলোকের বনিবার Side view—পাৰ্য দৃষ্টি; View on or from a side.

Side walk, n. The raised foot path of a street. Side-ways, sidwaz, Side-wise, sid-wiz. ad. পার্বের দিকে; পার্বে; Laterally:—এক পার্বে; এক দিকে; On one side:—আন্তভাবে; Inclining.

Side wind, দ. একদিকের বাতাস; পার্ববায়ু; A wind blowing against the side:—পরোকে আক্রমণ: Indirect means.

Siding, siding, n. ধাৰাৰ লোহৰৰ্দ্ধের পাৰ্বস্থ ৰে আনতিলীৰ্থ বৰ্দ্ধের উপৰ পকট সকল সরাইলা রাধা হয়; A short line of rails the side of the main line for the purpose of traffic or shunting. [foremost. Sidle, v. i. আছলাৰ গ্ৰাম-কু; To move side-Siege, হো, n. আজন, সেম্মকৰ্ক্ক অবরোধ; বেইল; বেয়াও; The investment of a place by an army; a sitting down with an army round or before a fortified place for the purpose of taking it by force.

Lay siege to—( নগরারি) অবরোধ-কু; Besiege.

Raise siege—অবরোধ পরিত্যাগ কু; To abandon
the attempt to take a fortified place by force,
from necessity or by compulsion.

Siege gun—A heavy gun for siege operation. Sienna, n. আণীত লোহিত বন্ধ; An orange-red pigment. [mountains. Sierra, n. পুলালু শৈলপ্ৰেণী; A saw-like ridge of Siesta, si-esta, n. আহানেৰ পৰ নিয়া; ৰাখ্যাহ্নিক বা দৈকালিক নিয়া; Sleep after dinner, a midday nap. Sieve, siv, n. চাবুলি; ঝাচবি; What sifts.

Sift, sift, v. t. [A. S. siftaen, from sife, sleve]
চাবুনি থাবা থাড়া, চাবা; পৃথক-কু. To separate by
means of a sieve:—হক্ষমণ অনুস্কান-কু; ডৱ ডৱ
কবিলা পৰীকা-কু; To examine closely; to scrutinize n—sifter. Syn:—Bolt, scrutinize; investigate; search, canvass, discuss.

To sift out—গ্ৰিষা বাহির-কু। Sifter, স. চাল্নী; ছাকনী। Sifting enquiry—প্ৰায়সকাল।

Sigh, বা, v. i. দীর্ঘনিষাস ত্যাগ-কৃ. পোক বা কটের নিষাস কেলা; To inhale and respire with a deep, and audible breathing as in grief:—শোক-কৃ; ছ:খ-কু; To crieve:—v. t. বেদ-কৃ; দীর্ঘ নিষাস খারা প্রকাশ-কৃ; To express by sighs; to mourn over: —n. দীর্ঘ নিষাস; দীর্ঘবাস; A deep, audible respiration.

Heave a sigh, Fetch a sigh—গীৰ্থনিকাল তাৰি-কু; গীৰ্থ নিবাস টানা; Make a deep single respiration from grief, fatigue, &c. [Lament. Sigh for—ডুংগ-কু; আগ্ৰহপূৰ্বক ইচ্ছা অকাশ-কু; Sight, sit, n. বৃষ্টি; দৰ্শন, View; perceiving by the eye:—দৰ্শনশক্তি, চকু; The faculty of socing; faculty of vision:—বিবেচনা; Judgment:—দৰ্শন; Spectacle:—দৃষ্টিপথ, Space within vision:—দৃষ্টি; Eye:—পরীকা; Examination:—বক সংখ্যা পরিনাপ:—v. t. দর্শন-কু; দৃষ্টি-কু; (পবিতে-পা: To catch sight of; to get sight of. Syn:—(n) Vision, seeing, perception, ken, cognizance; show, exhibition, pageant; inspection.

A sight of- कान किहन ब्रानि वा कांड़ि ।

At Bret sight—श्यम पृष्टिक ; श्यम दर्शिकारे ; श्यम कन्दिन ; On the first seeing ; on first looking at a matter; on a superficial view; on the first consideration.

At sight or after sight—त्विनामांक ; वृद्धिमांदब है ; On or after presentment for payment, said of commercial bills.

At the sight of-offs!

Be in eight-पृष्टिभाव थाका ; पृष्टिभधेवर्छी-इ ; तम्मा [ of, as land बाइटल्टर : Be within view. Come in sight-पृष्टिनवर्की-इ : Obtain a view Know by sight-50% (Not); To have set eyes on :- চাকুৰ মাত্ৰ থাকা ; মেবিয়া ল্লাভ থাকা ; Know the look of a person. [ —ভূলিবা বাধরা ; Forget. Lose sight of-al (set ; प्रहिरोत्री-इ ; Not to see ; Payable at sight--থাপিল করিলেই বের; Pay-

able on presentation.

Out of sight-मृष्टित नाहित्त ; जुनमाद वाहित्त । See a sight (or sights)—আক্যা পদাৰ্থ দেখা ; See curiosities: - নৃতনতর ও আকর্বাকর কোন বস্তু দেখা; See something that is new and remarkable.

Sight for-काम किंद्रत अन क्राथ-क ; Long earn-

estly for something with a heart full of grief for not having it. थिमर्गन-कृ। Take a sight-अकृत दाहा नामिका व्यर्भ कतिया व्यवका Take sight—লক্ষ্য-কৃ; তাক-কৃ। [ sight. Bighted, sited, e. हम्मान ; महिनिनिष्ठे ; Having

Long-sighted, a. मूत्रमृष्टि । Sightless, sifles, a. wa ; महिरोन : Blind. #-

sightlessness, ad=sightlessly,

Sightly, sitli, a. चम्ब ; चमर्न , Comely , pleasing to the sight. == sightliness. seeing sights. Bight-soor, n. चान्तर्या वसु वर्णनकांत्री ; One given to Sight-seeing, sīt-sē'ing, n. मूटन पृष्ठ पर्नानद दिश्वा: Visiting places and looking at things of interest :- a. नव नव मुक्त पूर्णातारक्षक : Eager for novelties or curiosities.

Bigil, #. भवपंड ; मोर्ब ; Signature ; seal.

Sign, sin, n. किंक ; Token ; mark -- नाकड ; है जिन्छ ; देशांबा : मरका : Signal :-- निमर्शन : अमान : Proof : —ভঙাতত লক্ষা ; নিমিত্ত ; পূৰ্কালকৰ : An omen :--অভত ঘটনা : A miracle :- রোগের লক্ষণ : A symptom :-- ब्रानि हिरू : भ्वपुराणि ब्रानि ; One of the twelve signs of the zodiac :- প্ৰকাশ বিজ্ঞাপন ; A publicly displayed notice :-- বাকর; Signature :- v. t. महि-क ; चाकब-क ; To attach or affix a signature to :- हिरू बांदा खांड-क : िहिन्छ-क : To represent or make known by a sign :- ইশারা-ক: :--- v. i. নাম সাকর-ক ৷

Make a sign-ইনারা-ক ; ইবিত-ক ৷

Make no sign-সাড়া শব্দ না থাকা : নডন চডনের काव नक्ष मा (मधीन : बल कान नक्ष (मधी बांव मा : Give no reply; not to appear to be possessed of life; not to move; show no sign of stirring; nothing more is observable about one, that is all that can be perceived.

Sign away—বাকর করিবা পরিত্যাগ-কু; বেখা প্রা कश्चित्रा-त्य ; Give up by signing.

Signs of the godisc-simps !

Signal, signal, n. চিচ্চ; সক্ষেত ; ইসাবা ; Sign · - विक्रांत ; जका ; किक् ; Sign that gives notice ; token :-- v. f. and v. s. 7(43 % . 150 4131 4194-

F; To communicate by signs:—a AFF; विशांक ; बनाशांत्र : सङ्गाजत ; विलक्ष : Eminent : remarkable; notable. ad - signally, masignalling. Syn: - Memorable, extraordinary, conspicuous. Signal fire-A fire intended for a signal.

Signal gun-विशव-काशनकांदी कांत्रात :

कामान : Gun announcing danger.

Signal post (or staff)-A long pole upon which a flag or such like may be displayed for conveying signals.

Signalise, Signalize, signaliz, v. t. 411895-ক : বাতি-ক ; অসম-ক ; To make eminent :--সংকত থারা জাত-ক ; To signal. n=signalist.

Signally, ad. विल्विकाल : मन्भूर्वकाल ।

Signal-man, n. ( लोइनाय र ) माइक-काइक । Signatory, Singnatory, a. (স্কিপ্তে) সাক্রকারী । Signature, signa-tur, n. योक्ब ; नहि ; The name of a person written with his own hand:

- कत्रमा निर्द्भनक मरशा।

Sign-board, n. नाम गीविकां : विख्ञानन कांडेक्तक : যাহাতে দোকানাদির নাম বভ বভ অকরে লিখিত থাকে: A board with a sign telling a man's occupation or articles for sale. [ privy seal.

Signet, signet, n. Alex: ale Alex: Seal; Signet ring, n. नाम मूलांग्रू अन्तीयक ; त्व अन्तीरक माम्बद्ध मुनाब वा माहत चर्क ; Ring with a seal.

Significance, sig-nifé-kans, n. 34 : etc : atos : অভিপ্ৰাৰ ; Meaning :--আৰক্তা : ভক্ত : Importance : moment. ad - significantly. Syn :- Force, weight, consideration; signification, import, purport, sense.

Significant, sig-nil'e-kant, a. वर्षतापक: वर्ष-বিত ; হেতুগর্ভ , গুচার্থ প্রকাশক ; অভিপ্রার-সূচক ; Expressive of meaning; expressing something:-खद : खद्र उद : Import : momentus. ad - significantly, Syn :- Denoting, expressing, indicative, expressive, pregnant; momentous, weighty.

Signification, sig-ni-fi-ka'shun, n. wi; Mean-[ ing ; expressive. ing. Significative, a অধ্বিশিষ্ট ; সাধ্য ; Having mean-Signify, sig'ne-fi, v. t. [ I. signum, a sign, and facere, to make ] हिन्द बाबा काछ-क ; हिन्द बाबा দেখান ; প্রকাশ-ক ; To make known by a sign :---व्यर्थ थकान-कु; व्यान ; Mean :--वना ; वास्त-कु ; To declare :- अपनेन-कृ . Indicate. Syn :- Denote. be oken, imply, intimate, purport, indicate;

It does not signify—ইহাতে আসে বাব না ৷ What does it signify - 3217 air fo !

express, utter ; import.

Sign-manual, sin-manu-al, n. sia-sias; বাৰ দৰণত ; Signature with one's own hand ; the royal signature.

Signior, signor, schyur, n. बहानव ; बाब : विद् : An Italian tittle of address equivalent to Sir, Mr. fem=signora.

Sign-post, sinpost, #. সংজ্ঞা एक ; सक्षक ; किसwe; A post on which a sign hangs.

Silence, si'lens, a. নিত্তরভা : চুগচাগ ; পাত্তি ; প্রিতা ; Calmness ; stillness ; q tiet :- মৌৰ ; ভুঞ্চালার ; Muteness :--বিশ্বতি . বিশ্বরণ ; Oblivion : —গোণন : Secrecy :- \*. t. ছির-কু ; শান্ত-কু : ছপ-क्यान, बानाम; To still, to quiet:-निकटा-):

In silence—हुण कविता ; जुकीन्।

Silence gives consent—মৌদং সমতি লক্ষ্ণ; Since one says nothing it is to inferred that one agrees to what is proposed.

Vow of silence—त्योनउछ।

Silent, si'lent, a. নিজৰ; নীরব; নিজন্তর; ছির; Free from noise; speechless; still:—মৌলী; বাক্মত; Tacitum.

[করিবাও লাভের আংশ পার ।
A silent partner—দে আলীলার কোনত কায়ে না
Silently, ad নিংশবে; চুপে চুপে; উরেধ না করিবা।
Silex, si'leks, Silica, n. [L. silex, flint] চক্
মকীর পাবর; আয়ি-এবর; Flint and its metallic base.

Silhouette, sil-oo-et', n. কোনও বস্তুর কালী দিয়া লেপিড আদরা বা আদর্শ; A representation of a thing filled in with a black color.

Siliceous, Silicious, a. বাৰ্কায়ক; Pertaining to, containing, or resembling flint.

Silk, silk, m. বেশন; ওসন; বেশনী কাপড়; পটবন্ধ; Fine thread of a caterpillar; cloth woven from it.

Take the silk—বাজউকিলের পদপ্রাপ্ত-হ।

Silk cotton, n. निम्न गाह: A tree.

Silken, silkn, a. রেশ্মি; Made of silk; dressed in silk:—রেশনের মত; Resembling silk:—কেমিল; Soft; delicate:—চিত্তণ; Glossy.

The silken tie-Afsea !

Silk gown, Silk gowns man—ব্লি-ইকিলের পরিভেদ ; King's counsel ; barrister.

Silkmercer, silk-mer'ser, n. (इनक-बादनायी : A dealer in silks. [ turing silk.

Silk-mill, n. বেশমের কল; A mill for manufac-Silk-weaver, silk-we'ver, n. বেশমি কাপড় বোনা ভাত্তি; A weaver of silk cloths.

Silk-worm, silkwurm, n. ভালোকা; The caterpillar which produces silk.

Silky, silki, a. বেশমসূল্য; Resembling silk:— কোমল; Soft; smooth:—চিক্ল; মক্ল; Glossy. n=silkness.

Sill, sil, n. গোণনাট; প্তল-প্ৰতন্ত, The lower horizontal frame of a window; the stone at the foot of a door.

[made of wine or cider.
Sillabub, n. স্বাফিলিড সর বা দৰি; A beverage
Billy, sile, a. নির্মোধী; নির্মেধ ; Harmless ; সরব; Simple:—মূর্গ; নির্মোধ; বোকা; Foolish; stupid:—নির্ম্মাণ্ড করিজ; Impudent:—ক্ষাসত; ক্ষাম্পেধ; Ab-urd. n—silliness (মৃদ্ভা; ধ্যাকামি; Foolishness). ad—sillily (নির্মোধির মৃত্ত);

Bilo, n. ভ্ৰত্ত শভাগাৰ; Underground store for keeping grain.

Silt, silt, n. পলি ধোলাট বাটি; Sediment:—v. t.
কৰ্মন বাবা ক্লছ-কু; To obstruct with mud:—পলি
বাবা পূৰ্ণ-কু; To fill with silt:—v. i. কৰ্মন বাবা ক্লছ-হু; To become shoked or obstructed with mud.
Silurian, a. ভূতৰে ব্যিত গুৱ বিশেষ সম্বাধান।

Silva, Sylva, silva, ল. আবণ্য বুকাননীয় ইতি-সৃত্ত; Natural history of forest:—ক্ৰিডাসংগ্ৰহ; A collection of poems, Silvan, silvan, a. [ L. silva, a wood ] আফা; বস্ত ; বনবানী ; Relating to the woods ; woody. Silvan doity—বনবেবলা ;

Silver, silver, n. বজত; বৌণা; কাণা; টাণি;
A soft white precious metal:—বৌণা মুলা; Coin made of siver:—জনবৰ্ণ বন্ধ; Anything having the appearance of silver:—a. বৌণালিবিত; সক্ষত-নির্মিত; Made of silver:—বৌণাসর; বৌণা সভুণ; বজতবং; Resembling silver:—কলঃ; White:—জন্ম; Bright:—বহুণ্ডা; Precious:—কোনাল; মন্ব; Gentle:—n.t. বৌণাব্ত-কৃ; বৌণা মডিড-কৃ; To cover with silver:—কাণাৰ মত কৰ্মণ-কৃ; To make like silver:—সাধা চক্তেক-কৃ; উন্ধান-কৃ; To make smooth and bright:—ক্ত্ৰ-কৃ; পলিড-কৃ; To make hoary.

To be born with a silver spoon in one's mouth—ধনী ইইরা জ্যাব ; জারাবানের খনে অভ্যাহ্ব-কু; To be born to a good fortune.

Silver-beater, n. বুৰুতপত্ৰ প্ৰস্কৰ্মী; Ohe who makes silver-leaf.

Silver-key—উংকাট। [ing with silver. Silvering, দ. বৌপা-মুকুব; The operation of cov-Silver-leaf—মুকুত্বস্ত্র, Silver in thin leaf.

Silverling, अ. (बोनामुझ); A silver coin.

Silver lining—স্বন্ধের আলা; The prospect of better days.

Every cloud has a silver lining - ক্ৰম্ম মিলিড এই পূথিনীতে কোন বিষয়ই নিব্যক্তির কু হয় না; Every evil in life has some redeeming good about it, nothing is wholly bad.

Silver-smith, silver-smith, n. রোপ্যকার ; নেক্রা ; One who works in silver.

Siver-tongued, a. भवत वा मुझ्लावी , बाक्लाहे ।

Silver-ware, n. রপার ভার, রূপার ভিনিস্পত্র;
Acticle of silver,
Silver-wedding, n. বিবাহোত্তর
Silvery, Silvern, a. রজহবৎ; বৌপাসদৃশ, Resembling silver:—রৌপারভিড; Covered with
silver:—জন্তর; White:—পরিভার; পরিভৃত; Clear:
—কোষণ, মুদ্র; নরম, Soft. [silver.

Silverise, v. t. (4) পাম ডিড-ফু: To cover with Simia, n. বানৰ বিশেষ; Monkey.

Simian, Simous, a. বাৰ্বং ; Monkey-like. Similar, sime-lår, a. সমাৰ ; সন্ধ, ডুকা ; সৰ ; ডক্ৰণ : Like , resembling ; uniform. ad—similarly, n=similarity (সাম্ভ : ডুলাডা ; Likeness ).

Syn:—Resembling, alike, corresponding. Simila, simi-le, n. সায়ত ; Similitude ; resemblance ; comparison :—উপনা , মুৱাত্ত ; অবছার ; A

comparison to illustrate anything.
Similitude, si-mile-tild, n. সাগুর; সাম; Resemblance:—তুলনা; উপদা; Comparison; simile:
—ক্লকাকার নীতিকথা; A parable. Syn:—Likenesse, similarity, image, metaphor.

Simmer, simier, v. i. আৰে আৰু দিছ-হ; আৰু আৰু কুটা; দৌ দৌ-কু; Boil gently; boil with gentle hissing.

Simoniae, n. গ্ৰীষ্ট বাৰকীয় উচ্চতর পৰ ক্ষাবিক্ষরণ অপরাধে অপরাধী; One who practises simony. e= simonical (তলপরাধী)। [genuine. Simon pure—আসন; টেক, Unadulterated p The real simon pure—আসন ব্যক্তি; আসন The real person; the real man ( not one who falsely personates another ).

Simony, अ. वर्षानतात डेक्ट कत्रविक्य कत्रविक्य क्रिक्ट : The crime of buying or selling ecclesiastical [ A dry hot wind. preferment. Simoon, Simoom, n. डेक् बांद ; धेखरा बांडांम ; मु ; Simper, simper, v. i. कृत्य शता: किक किक ক্রিয়া হাসা ; To smile in a silly affected manner : -अ. मेबर राष्ट्र ; मूबहित्य हाति ; हाना हाति ; A silly or affect smile.

Simple, simpl, a. (क्वन ; खब ; Single ; mere :-সহतः जनमङ्कः निरनकातः नागनितः : Plain :- अमाहिकः अक्नि ; महन ; Artless ; undesigning ; frank : —निर्दर्शाप : Silly :—अविश्व : अविश्वित : Uncompounded ; not mixed :- (योगिक ; Elementary :-অকুত্রিষ ; Unaffected :--লোজা ; পরিকার ; Clear :-n. অবিমিশ্ৰ বস্তু; ভেৰজ ; উৰখি ; Single ingredient ; drug; medicinal herb. \*=simpleness. Syn:-(a) Unmixed, unblended, uncombined; pure, bare; unadorned; single-minded, open, unsophisticated; credulous, foolish, unwise

Pure and simple-वीष ; वावा। Simple equation—সরল সমীকবণ ৷ Simple-hearted, a. भवलांखः कवन । Simple-minded, a. नजनमनाः।

Simpleness, n. সর্বতা; অকৃট্রিডা; নিস্কিতা:

Simplicity, artlessness; folly. Simpleton, simpl-tun, n. निर्द्शिष गुरिक ; पूर्व लिक ; বোশাবাৰ : A foolish fellow.

Simplicity, sim-plisi-ti, n. সর্বতা; Sincerity; frankness :- অমাধিকত ; Artlessness :- শাইতা : Clearness :-- অলমারশুক্তা ; সহজহ ; Plainness :--মুর্বরা : নিক্তিতা : Silliness ; folly.

Simplify, simpli-fi, v. t. [ L. sinplex, simple, facio, to make ] महज-कृ; भवन-कृ; विनम-कृ; То make plain. n=simplification ( नवनीकवर् )। Simply, simpli, ad. (क्वलभाज ; (क्वल : Merely ;

alone; only: —সহজে; সরলভাবে; Plainly. Simular, n. Fatti ; One who pretends to be

what he is not. Simulate, simulate, v. t. [ L. simulare, from similis, like ] ৰপটতা-ক ; ভাগ-ক . Counterfeit ; pretend ; feign :- অমুসরণ-কৃ; To imitate :--a. क्ली ; कृषित्र ; Pretended. Syn :- (v) Pretend. act, affect.

Simulation, sim-u-lishun, n. 4 % ; ভাগ; কুত্রিমতা ; নিখাচরণ ; Pretence ; hypocrisy. Simultaneity, n. (योजनमा , जनकानडा ।

Simultaneous, sim-ul-tane-us, a. appiala; अवकालीन, Happening at the same time. ad= simultaneously (এককালে, বৃগপং: at the same time) weeringtaneousness. [ ধিক অজাত রাশি থাকে। Simultaneous equation—বে সমীকরণ বুংগা একা-Bin, sin, #. क्षेप्रवाद निवास नाज्यन ; भाग ; कुकुछ ; कल्व ; weight; Transgression of the divine law; wickedness :- ७. इ. भाग-कृ ; भागाव्यप-कृ ; व्यवर्ष-कृ ; To commit sin; to do wrong; to offend, Syn: -(n) Crime, wrong, trespass, iniquity, unrighteunsness, ungodliness, evil.

Besetting sin-avia (via : Prevailing or predominant vice; a vice which one is most prone to commit.

Original sin-প্ৰবৰ পাণ ; গৈত্ৰিক পাণ ; ৰৌৰিক পাপ : The native depravity of the human heart. Beven deadly sins—via, cate, cate, and मारमर्ग अहे म छ बहारमाव। [ tard plaster. Sinapiam, n. नर्भ-हर्णंद आलग ना भूनहिन् ; A mus-Bince, sins, ad. वनका; उरश्रत; गूर्ल; वार्क; From the time that; past; ago:-prep. (4) প্ৰায় হউতে; From the time of ; after :-- conj. বেতেতু; কাৰণ ; Because, considering, Long since- अरनक भिन प्रावर !

Since then-35: 29/31

Sincere, sin-ser', a. [ L. sincerus, sad, to be composed of sine, without, and cere, wax, as pure honey ] সাধু; অভপট, সরব; True; frank; honest :- आमन ; अभिन्न ; शेहिं ; अकु ; Pure ; gunuine; real. Syn :-- Unmixed, unadulterated; true, ganuine, unvarnished, unaffected; upright, undissembling, honest. [ Honestly. Sincerely, ad. यशार्थ ; अकृष्णरक : अक्गाइकाद ;

Sincerity, sin-ser'e-ti, n. अक्लिटेडो ; महन्डा ; अक्-পটা ; দাধুতা ; Honesty of mind ; frankness. Syn : -Uprightness, integrity, veracity, truthfulness. Sincipital, n. মতকাপ্রদেশ ন্যক্ষীয়: Pertaining to the sinciput.

Sinciput, sinsi-put, n. [L. semi, half, caput; the head] मजरकत्र नमूस्छात्र ; मखकाश्राम ; Fore part of the head.

Sine, n. লখ ও কর্ণের অভূপাত ; শিল্পিনী /

Sinecure, sine-kur, n. [L. sine, without, cura, care ] विना পविज्ञात (वंडन आहि ; विना याज्यन লব্দুর : An office with salary but without work. Sinecurist, sine-kūr-ist, n. কার্যাপুর বৈত্রিক পদধারী লোক; One who holds a sinecure.

Sinow, sinu, a. মাংসপেশী; যায়; Muscle; nerve; ligament by which a joint is moved :-- শক্তি; বৰ; गांगर्था ; Strength :- v. t. गांगर्शनीत हांबा रहत-क ; To unite as by sinews :- मृह-कृ ; मनन-कृ ; ननावान-F: To strengthen.

The sinews of war-bist; we : वन ; क्षित ; Everything which aids to carry on war; money; that which supplies strength.

Sinewy, sinti-e, Sinewed, a. मारमणीविनिष्ट : मारनन ; Having sinews :-- रननान ; (कांत्रान ; क्वनी ; Strong; vigorous. Syn: -(a) Muscular, browny, nervous, vigorous.

Sinful, sinfool, a. পাপে বড: পাপী; পাড়কী; Full of sin; depraved; wicked: -ad. অপবিত্র। #= sinfulness. ad-sinfully. Syn :- Iniquitous, criminal, unholy, unrighteous, ungodly, evil.

Sing, sing, v. t. 117-7; To utter sounds with musical modulation :--গদ্যে গান-ক ; কার্ত্ব-ক ; To celebrate ; chant :- v. i. nia nieni ; To utter sounds with musical inflections. pt=sang, sing. pp=sang.

Sing a song-গীত গাওৱা।

Sing out-होश्कातप्तंक डाका ; Call loudly.

Binging, a. शानकांत्री।

Singer, sing'er, n. यात्रक; शानकाती; One who sings.

Singing, n. 95; The act or art of singing. Singing class—গাল শিকা দিবার খেলী বা বিভাগ: Class in which singing is taught.

Singing-master, sing'ing-master, m. Asisisi ; नान-निक्क ; A master who teaches singing. Singe, sinj, v. t. छनविष्ठांत्र वस-कु; बन्नान; To

burn the surface of; to scorch: -n. नाइ माइ; ৰক্ষান : A burning of the surface ; a slight

burn. p-singing.

Bingle, sing gl, c. वक्की ; अक्साब ; One only ; individual :- ৰতম ; পৃথক ; Separate :- একাকী ; Alone :- অবিবাহিত ; অনুচ ; Unmarried :- অমি-ৰিভ ; Unmixed : — সরন ; সাধু ; Straightforward ; sincere: - o. t. भृथक-कृ ; To separate : -- वाहिन मख्या ; वाहिया वाहिय-कृ ; वाहा , To sclect from a number. n=singleness ( একাকিছ; সরবতা ); ad = singly (একাকী; এক এক ক্রিয়া; Individually ). Syn: -(a) Sole; particular, solitary; uncompounded, pure; upright.

A single combat—क्यूड : बार बार नहारे। Single out—বাছিবা বাহির-ক্ ; Choose out from among other ; separate from others.

Single blessedness—অবিবাহি চাবস্থা; Unmarried state.

Single-handed, singl-handed, a. একেলা; সহায়পুঞ্জ; Having only one hand; unassisted: unhelped.

Single-hearted, sing'gl-harted, a. भनन : मद-माश्चरमा ; जनभे ; Sincere ; without duplicity.

Single man, z. অবিবাহিত বাক্তি; Bachelor. Single-minded, sing'gl-minded, a. সং: একার-চিত্ত, একমনা: ; Upright :-- নিশাপ ; Guileless.

Singleness, n. অৰণ্টতা; স্বল্ডা, Freedom [ fighting from duplicity; sincerity. Single stick, n. This ag: Cudgel used in Bingle tree, Swingle tree, n. वत्रिका ; वादिकां. The cross-piece of a carriage to which the traces of a harnessed horse are fixed.

Bingly, ad. একাকী; এক এক ক্রিয়া; Individually : alone :-- गत्रवहार : Honestly.

Bing-song, n. টাৰাহৰ, কুংসিড বর; একবেরে হুর;

Bad singing; adrowing tone. Singular, sing'gu-lar, a. [ L. singularis, from singulus, single ] এकक ; এक , यड्ड ; Alone :--

অধিতীয়; Single:—অপরপ; Remarkable:— बार्ड , बार्क्स ; Strange ; odd :- बगुर्स , Rare :-आगोपात्रप ; रक्यनकत ; Extraordinary. Syn --Individual; particular, special; peculiar, exceptional, uncommon; queer.

Singular number-44 764 ( Singular term—गुक्ति गांठक गण।

Singularity, sing-gu-lar'i-ti, त. अनाशांत्रक ; একাৰিছ; অপুৰ্জন ; অসামাজন ; Uncommonness . oddness :--বিশেষ ; অভুতত্ব ; Peculiarity.

Singularly, ad. अनाधातनकाल , नवित्नव, वित्नवकाल , In a singular manner; peculiarly,

Sinister, sinis-ter, a नाम. Left :- पूर्वात्रावनक . Unluck :-- अवन्त ; अरुड ; Inauspicious -- अत्र ; কুটাল; Dishonest: —মন্দ, ছুষ্ট, ছুবিড; Bad, evil. Syn :- Unlucky, unfortunate, disastrous, injurious; evil, bad, perverse, corrupt.

Sinister motive—কু-অভিসন্ধি; ছুরভিসন্ধি। Sinistral, sinis-tral, a. atqu; Reversed; perverse. ad = sinistrally.

Sinistrous, sinis-trus, a. वात्रवित्रष्ट ; वात्रविष्ठ ;

Being on the left side :—ৰস্টিড ; ৰসাৰ ; ৰসাৰ ; विপ्रशामी ; Wrong , absurd ; perverse.

Bink, singk, v. i. পতিত-হ ; অবংপতিত-হ ; To fall down; to fall to the bottom :-- नश्च-इ; चच-वा: To fall below the surface :- 4 5 5 ; To be overwhelmed :- ज्ञांत्र-इ ; त्हांग्रे-इ ; To become less :- नमा ; जनमञ्ज-ह ; To be depressed :- अविक-र ; To be impressed :- v. f. मध-क ; ख्वादेशां-रप ; To cause to sink :- चनन-कृ ; To dig :- नडे-कृ ; लाग-कृ ; To degrade ; to ruin :- नान-कृ ; क्यांव ; To lessen :-- मृना इच-क ; त्नाध-क ; To suppress ; to lower in value :- n. नर्फामा ; नानि ; वर्ड ; A drain to carry off dirty. pt - sank, sunk, pposunk, pa=sunken. Syn :-(v) Fall, subside, descend; penetrate, enter; decline, droop, decay, decrease; drop, lower, merge, submerge, ingulf, plunge; excavate; depress; destroy; suppress, conceal.

Be sink in-(कानक्रण अवश्रापत चाका; Implies state :-কোৰ কিছুতে ডুবিয়া গাকা; Be swallowed up or overwhelmend.

One's heart sinks with one-काशंब मन प्रमित्र [ well by digging. यां one is depressed. Sink a well - कृत पनन-कृ ; द्राता (बीहा ; Make a Sink in deep mire—महाशाद निमध इ।

Sink into—এক অবস্থা হইতে অবস্থান্তরে পড়া ; Implies motion from one state to another ;- 4 5 5. কোনরূপে হীনাবভার পড়া, Fall into:-কমিরা আসা: money without profit. Dwindle into. Sink money—विना नाए होका वाय-क ; Expend Sink or penetrate the mind-नानामान वादन-कता ; To make a strong and lasting impression. Sink or swim-करनाड करा वा भन्नाकिड-इ; देश কি পড়া, Fall or win the victory; fail or sucreed :-- वाहारे घट्टेक ना (कन, (य किन पना इंडेक ना त्वन ; Whatever happens ; under any circumstances.

Sink under- लान विद्य पत्ना जात जनम दहेश 951. Fall or decline in strength by reason of. Sinking, v n. मक्दन !

A sinking, n. A feeling of weakness from which dyspeptic people often suffer.

Sinking fund—दन शतिरनात्वत वज नाविक वर्ष-স্কুর; A sum of money set apart usually at fixed intervals to the redemption of the debts of the government or of a corporation; appropriation for gradually paying off a debt.

Sinking-hole, n. 74141; A sink. Sinloss, sinles, a. famin ; naa ; Free from sin, pure; herlect; innocent. ad=sinlessly, n=sinlessness. Syn:-Immaculate, faultless, An offender or criminal. unblemished. Sinner, n. शानी ; जगदावी : गाउकी वाकि ; सावी ; More sinned against than sinning-অপনের অপকার না করা ; নিজেই কডিপ্রস্ত-ছ ; More the

party wronged than the party wronging. Sin-offering, n. गारणत आंत्रकित जन डिस्पर्न ; প্রাধান্ত ; Expiation for sin ; sacrifice for sin. Sinuate, sinu-at, v. i. [ L. sinuo, to bend ] रङ-इ; To bend m and out :- a. उन्निक्यां द: With a waved margin: - द्य; Curyed, a= sinuation,

Binuous, sinus, a. [ L. sinusous, from sinus, a curve ] আৰু; আৰাৰ : Bending in and out : undulating ; winding. m=sinuousity, ad=sinuously. Syn:—Winding. curved, crooked, flexuous, serpentine. [ bonds and turns. Sinuous, n. ভরম্পিত : ব্যক্তার বেলী ; A series of Sinus, si'nus, n. [ L, sinus, a curve ] ভাল ; A fold:—ছিল : গঠ : ( ক্তাপির ) শোহ : মালীরণ : কত-মালী ; An opening : a cavity containing pus.
Sip, sip, v. f. ভূম্ক-বে : ভূম্ভ বালা ; আনে আনে পান-স্ক: To take small draughts : to draw into the mouth — d. অভ্যানাত্য পান-ব : To drink in

ক : To take small draughts ; to draw into the mouth :—v. i. অৱসাত্ৰীয় পাৰ-ক ; To drink in small quantities :—n. চুমুক ; চোক ; আৰু আৰু পান ; A small draught taken with the lips.

Siphon, si'fun, त. रक्षमत ; वक्षमती वस वित्तव ; Bent tube for drawing off liquids.

Sippet, n. THE THE ; A small sop.

Sir, ser, n. মহাপর; প্রভু; Word of respect used to a man:—সহাস্ত লোকের পদবী বিশেষ; The title of a knight or baronet.

Sire, sir, n. পেৰ; মহারাজ; Lord; word of respect in addressing a king or emperor:—এটা; An originator:—কৰক; পিতা; ডাড; Father:—pl. প্ৰায়ৰণাৰ; Ancestow — p. f. প্ৰায়-ফু; To beget, used of beasts.

Siron, si'ren, n. কৰি-ক্ষিত কোকিনক্টা কুছ্কিনী সন্দ্ৰ-নারী; মুদ্ধকানিনী প্রামোক; Mermaid; enticing woman; three birds, with the face of virgins, on the southern coast of Stary, where with the sweet voices, they enticed those that sailed by, and then killed them; alluring women:—2-মুদ্ধকানিনী; মনোমুদ্ধকা; Fascinating.

Sirius, n. অত্যাহ্নৰ নকত বিশেষ; The Degstar.
Sirloin, ser'loin, n. গৰুৰ দাবনাৰ নাগে; ভক্ষাৰ্থ গৰুৰ
শিবদীয়া; Loin of beef.
Sirname, ser'nam n. প্ৰতিক্ৰমান A committee

Sirname, ser'nam, n. গৌৰ নাম: A corruption Sirocoo, si-roko, n. উত্তপ্ত বায়ু বিশেষ; উঞ্চ বায়ু; ল্-বিশেষ; A hot oppressive wind,

Sirrah, ser'a, n. via; hita; ca; Sir, used in reproach or contempt.

Sirup, sirup, u. नतर, भीक क्या क्रिय क्या , A solution of sugar in water, simple flavoured, or medicated; sugary liquid; sweet juice.

Siakin, sikin, n. নামক পকী বিশেষ. A migratory singing bird, resembling the green canary. Sister, sister, n. তাগনী; বোন, তথা; A female born of the same parents:—লেট গাই. Head nurse in hospital.

Half sister—বৈষাত্তের বা বৈপিত্র ভগী।

Sisters of charity— neight, Communities of nuns of various orders engaged in works of mercy.

Sister-hood, n. ভগিনীড়; The state of being a sister:—হথুনিভাগায়; ভগিনীগণ; A society of

Sister-in-law, siśtér-in-law—ছালিকা বা ভানী; নৰদিনী বা ননদ, আছ্বধুবা বা; A husband's or wife's sister; a brother's wife.

Sisterlike, sister-lik, Sisterly, sister-li, a.
ভরীবং; Like sister:—দ্যানু, বেহনীন; Kind; affectionate. [Sisyphus; incessantly recurring. Sisyphean, a, স্বাধান্ধ; কনানত; Relating to

Sisyphus, n. The son of Æolus, King of Corinth, famous for his cunning, and robbories.

Sit, sit, o. i. देशरंबन-कु; बिना बांका; कर्या; To rest up on the haunches:—विश्वान-कृ; To rest:— बांका; त्रवा; To remain:—विश्व क्या: To perch:— क्षिप छा-एक: जिल्ह क्या; To brood:—मतकात्री कार्या गागुड-६; To occupy a seat, especially officially:—याविष्ठ-इ; रहा; To blow from a certain direction, as the wind:—o. t. sivi; त्रांक क्या वाला; क्या ; To seat. p. t. and p. p.—sat. p—sitting.

Sit at one's feet—খুলুর জার মাজ-কু; Worship one as a master:—কাহাকে শুলু বলিয়া খীকার-কু; উপদেশ পাইবার কল্প ছাত্র-ভু, শিহ্য হওয়া; Learn or receive instruction from; be a disciple of.

Sit at table--वाहाबार्थ (मरत्वद शार्व दमा ।

Sit before a town—কোৰ বৰ্ণৰ আক্ৰমণ-ফু; To besiege it.

Sit bodkin-इट्रेंबानव गर्गा श्रीवेछ हरेवा बना।

Sit down—বিষয়া পড়া; উপবেশন-ক; Sit on a chair &c.; take one's sit; rest:—অবরোধ-ক; জারস্ত-ক:—Begin a siege:—নিরস্ত-ক:—ছির হইরা বসা; Settle.

Sit down with—(কিছু) গ্ৰহা সন্তঃ বাহিতে বাই-ছ। Sit easily on—ভাল নাগা; Be satisfactory to. Sit easy on—ভাল নামে বা বানায়; Suit so as to appear natural to.

Sit oggs-অভিথি হইরা অধিককাল আবস্থান-কু।

Sit for—কোন কোন স্থানের প্রতিনিধি হইয়া সভার ক্যা; প্রদেশের প্রতিনিধি-স্থ; পার্লিয়ামেন্ট সভার কোন প্রদেশের প্রতিনিধি ব্যূপ সভা-স্থ; Represent a place; represent in parliament:—Attend an artist.

Sit for a portrait—এরণ ছিব ভাবে ব্যিহা থাবা; বে চিত্রকর ভাষার চিত্র আঁকিন্তে পারে; To assume for a limited time a proper position to allow one's portrait to be painted by an artist.

Sit ill or well on one—त्यमान व मानान इ; ना नावा व जावा; Not to suit or suit one; not to become or become one.

Sit in judgment on—বিচাৰ ক্রিডে বসা : বিচাৰ-ক ; বিচাৰে বসা ; Sit as a judge to pass judgment on ; to assume judicial authority ; to judge censoriously.

Sit lightly on—প্রো জোৰ বা থাকা; কম বৰ্ণক থাকা; Have slight hold on. [character. Sit loosely on—ৰফাৰ বুঢ় বা বৰ্ণৱা; Be of a weak Sit on (or upon)—ডিমে ভা-লে; Brood. [cision Sit on the fonce—To be in a position of indesit on thorns—কই বা বয়পায় অবহার থাকা; অহবী-হ; To be uneasy.

Sit out—কোৰ কাষ্য লা থাকা: Be without engagement:—সমত শেষ হওয়া পৰান্ত বনিয়া থাকা; শেষ পৰান্ত বনিয়া থাকা, Keep seated until the end:— (কিছকাজ) বনিয়া কাটান; Sit during.

Sit to—চিত্ৰকর চেহারা আঁকিবে বলিয়া তাহার সমূপে ৰসা;
Sit before an artist to have one's portrait painted.
Sit under a preacher—উপদেশকের কৰা গুৰিন্ধে
উপবেশন-কু; To attend on the ministry of a particular preacher. [go to bed; keep awake.
Sit up—নিজা না বাৰৱা, জানিৱা বনিরা বাৰা; Not
Sito, sit, n. নংম্বিভি; আবহিভি; Situation: কুইান;
হন, বারগা; Legal position.

The site of a house-Trees

Sith, ed. 70%; CREY; Ago; since. Sitophobis, n. Meica Wele ; Me-ces ! Mitter u. Gricius; Els coinitain filas et Wie Sitting, siting, w. Bottana; The posture of being in a seat , state of resting on a seat :-- आनन; A seat :-- रेवर्डक ; मजाब अविरवनन : Meeting :--উপৰেশ্ৰকাল; Time for which one sits :--ভিৰ कृष्टीहेबाब सम् उद्दर्शनि छेशरानान : A resting on eggs for hatching. Sitting room, s. रिकंक्श्रीमा ; विनिवाद यह वा शान । Situate, situ-It, Situated, situ-It-ed, s. ছাণিত , অবহিত ; অবিটিত ; উপবিষ্ট , Placed ; seated :-- Circumstanced :-- वर्बमान ; Residing. Situation, sit-u-ashun, अ. बरहा ; शंकिक ; Condition :-- बिर्वन ; श्रान ; Location ; position :-- भन ; हाक्ति ; कार्ता ; Post ; place ; office ; employment : -- वामन : Seat :- किन क्या ; Temporary state. Syn:-Locality, station, site, ground, spot; state, case, plight, predicament, berth Six, siks, a. or n. হয় ; ষ্ট্, Five and one, At sixes and seven—বিশুধ্ব ; নয়হয় হওয়া , in disorder ; in confusion ; disarranged. By का प्रका- इन्निन कतिया : Six at a time. Six-fold, sikstöld, a. Free; Multiplied six siver coin. times ; repeated six times Six-pence, sikspens, n. সিকির মন্ত বৌপা মুলা, A Six-penny, a. निकि वा शाद इत जाना मुलात । Bix-80078, a. or n. 3415; 416 1 Bixteen, a. or w. (बाह्र ; त्वाल ; Six and ten. Sixteenth, sikitenth, a. (वाजन, वाजनारन ; व्यान्हे ; Sixth after the tenth. Sixth, siksth, a. 48; 897, The ordinal of six : 一元. dw 本情中, The sixth part. [ place. Sixthly, sikithle, ed. 455: , 464154; In the sixth Bixtieth, siksti-eth, a. or n. वक्डम ; वहटमारण , The ordinal of sixty. [ times ten. Sixty, siksti, a. or n. ৰঠ; বাইট; বাটি. Six Sixar, sikar, n. অবৈতনিক (বা আন বেতনেৰ ) ছাত্ৰ firm : Student of the lowest rank. Bisable, sizeable, a. 45 ; 3541413 ; Large, Biso, siz, n. wison: wiwis; পরিমাণ; Extent of volume or superficies; bulk; magnitude;-वानित्र ; बाह : बाहा : A varnish ; weak glue :- v. t. আকারান্ত্রপারে সাজান; আরতন অনুসারে সাজান; To arrange according to size :- बाडा बाबान : बाड-CY; To besmear with glue; to cover with size. Syn: -(n) Bigness; largeness, greatness, extent, volume, dimensious; sizing. Sised. 4. वांकात वां वांबळन विनिद्धे : Sizy, c. गरिवकुण ; Size-like :--आंडिल ; Glutinous. # = siziness. Bkald. w. कवि वित्नव : Scandinavian poet. Skate, skat, n. agerg Gre motate eigeie ei বেছাইবার পাছকা বিশেষ: A kind of sandal or frame of wood with a steel ridge under it for moving on ice; a sliding shoe; - मरक विराध ; A large flat fish :- v. i. काकृम गाइका गतिका लोहान , To slide on skates. n = skater, skating. Skean, Skeen, s. (Sis); varify first. A dagger, a short sword.

Skein, skan, n. नीवेंद्र ; प्रकांत्र (क्षेत्र तांवा : A knot or number of knots of thread or yara :-Skeleton, skele-tun, n. [ Gr. skeletos, dried, skello, to dry ] অইপঞ্চর; অছি নাজাকার; করাল; The bony structure or frame of the body :-मन्ना ; आन्त्रा ; General outline :-- मि कुन त्नाक ; व्यक्तिकानिके पाकि: Thin man:-a. व्यक्तिवाद: वक (मार्डे। A skeleton key—शंकरीय ठावि ; शब्दावि विरम्ब । Reduced (or worn) to a skeleton-\*\*\* विनिष्ठे : अक्रिक्यमात । There is skeleton in every house-stell লোকের কিছু না কিছু কট্ট আছে ; There is something to annoy and to be kept out of sight. Skeleton-key, skele-tun-ke, n. often fare: Thin light key. Skeptic, n. माःगातिक: खविषांगी वाकि: शांवक. One who is sceptical :- c. मिक्सनी ! Skeptical, a. मिक्किंड ; Doubting. naskepti cism ( व्यविषाम : मर्सम्बन्ध )। Skorry, n. পৈলমা; কুল দীপ; A rocky isle. Sketch, sketch, n. পাব্ৰেৰা; বনা; আদ্বা, সংক্রিক বিবরণ; Outline, first draft; rough plan .-- v. f. मक्ना-क : आमता-क ; वाक त्रवा होना . To make a rough draft of , to draw the outline of :-- अशन निमग्रकृति झम्पेन-कृ, To give the principal points of :- v. s. 445| 43|-7; To practise sketching, Syn -- (n) Drawing, delineation, design, plot, skeleton. Skotch-book, n. नहा शुक्क ; (र शुक्रक नानाहान अ नमात्क्य विज्ञावनी मक्टिन बहु : A book formed of drawing paper used for sketching in a book for sketches or outlines. Sketchy, skechi, a. (करन नांश्रतना बांदा व्यक्ति: মুশুভাবে চিত্তিত ; অসম্পূর্ণ ; Like a sketch or outline , incomplete. ad=sketchily, n=sketchiness. Skew, a. 43 5/4, Oblique :- ad. 43 5/14. Obliquely ; awry. Skewer, sku'er, n. ( शांत्र कावाव कत्रिवात ) (जांशांत শিক : ভেকুরা ; A large pin of meat :- v. t. উষ্ণ বিক বারা সংবদ-ক ; To fasten with skewers. Skid, skid, n. बाहाब त्रकार्य छरणार्थिक काव्यव : A piece of timber hung against a ship's side to preserve it from injury :- 5154 | 644 : 5151 টানিবার শিকল ; Chain to drag a wheel :-- कीलक वा (भना निज्ञा कांग्रेक-क ; To check with a skid. Skiff, skif, n. जिनि , कूड लोका ; A small light boat. Skilful, skilfool, a. निश्व : गर्ह : क्क ; क्वत ; Expert; dexterous. n=skilfulness, ad=skilfully. Syn -- Skilled, practised, proficient, adept, masterly, adroit, clever. Skill, skil, n. [ A. S. scilian, scylan, to distinguish ] देनपुना ; मक्का ; शक्का ; क्लानन ; Dexterity; ability; knowledge; experience:-v. i. वृतिस्त भावा; To understand. Syn:-(n) Skilfulness, adroitness, expertness, aptitude, cleverness, quickness, facility, knack, ad-

dress, ingenuity.

Bkilled, skild, a. एक्क ; इकुत्र ; दनिश्न ; Expert :

Skilled in-त्वाम विकास मक्का बांका अवर कांबाब

সহিত কার্যে তংশর ও পট ; Having familiar know-

skilful.

ledge of (anything) so as to be able to conduct it with readiness and dexterity.

Skillet, n. পায় বিশেষ ; A small metal vessel. Skillfully, ad. বৈপ্ৰাসহকাৰে ; Cleverly.

Skim, কkim, ত. ট. ছুক্তের সর তোলা; সর জুলিছা সাক্-ছু; বাল কচিন ; To take off by skimming; to clear off scum:—ভাসা ভাসা বা নেটাবাট পাঠ-ছু; To brush the surface of lightly:—ত. ট. আতে আতে উপর বিশ্বা-বা; উপর বিশ্বা বেশে চলিয়া-বা; To pass lightly; to glide along near the surface.

Skimmer, skim-er, n. यहन कतिवात रख, कार्य ; Utensil for skimming milk :-- गृष्टे-गार्केक ।

প্ৰkimmilk, skimmilk, এ. নবিভোলা ছম্ব, খোল; বে ছবের স্ব তুলিভা লভয়া হইয়াছে; Milk from which the cream has been skimmed.

Skimmings, n. pl. 117; What is skimmed.

Skin, skin, ন. ৰক্; চাৰজা; Covering of the flesh:—চাৰড়া; চৰ্মা: Hide:—বোনা; চাল, চৰ্মানী; মনক; ছাল খোলা; খোলা ছাড়ান; The bark or cind of plants:—v. t. চৰ্মানী-ক; ছাল ভোলা; To strip the skin from; to strip off, to peel:—
v. i. চৰ্মানুড-ক; চৰ্মানা আকৃত-ক; To be covered with a skin:—চৰ্মাননান।

Sell the skin before you have caught the hear—To count your checkens before they are hatched. [ sitive.

are hatched. [sitive, Thin skinned, s. পতি পীম চেডন, Unduly sen-To be all skin and bone—অন্থিচপানার-হ।

To same one's skin—কত বা আহত না হইয়া গলায়ন-কু। [বাহিন-কু। To skin a flint—কুপণতা-কু; পিপ্ডে টিংগ রস

With a hole skin—সহ প্ৰতির। Skin-deep, skindep, a. চৰ্মণত। প্ৰভেগী; ভাসা;

অপতীয় ; Slight ; superficial. Skin-flint, skihflint, n. কুপ্ৰ ; বস্তুৰ ; A miser.

Skinless, a. বিশ্বক্, পাতলা ছালবিলিট। Skinny, skim, a. চথে আরুত, চর্মায়; জতি কুল,

Consisting of skin.

Skip, skip, খ. : লক-দে, লাকান; ছাড়িয়া বাওবা, To leap; to paus over:—ভাগ-ক; To omit:— খ গ লফ-দে; To leap over:—গ. লফ; লাফ; উল্লেখন; A leap; a bound. [out notice. Skip over—ছাড়িয়া-বা; Omit, pass over with-Skipper, গ. ৰাবিক; বালিল পোডাধিকারী; A sailor; the master of a merchant-yessel.

Skip jack, n. chie via : Upstart.

Skipping rope, skip':ng-18p, n. তক দিবার বড়ি; উল্লেখন বজু; A small rope used in skipping; short cord for skipping over.

Skirmish, sker'mish, n. লঘু বুছ, নামান্ত বুছ; A slight fight:—নারামান্তি; A contest:—৩. s. নামান্ত বুছ-কু; মারামান্তি-কু; To fight slightly or irregularly. neskirmisher. Syn:—Combat, conflict, encounter, brush, affair.

Skirmisher, sker'misheer, দা লয়ু বুদ্ধাৰ্থ নিৰ্ক বৈনিক; Soldier sent in loose order in advance of the army.

Skirt, skert, स. [A. S. scyrtan, to shorten] खांड; जीवा; थांब ; कियांबा ; मित्रकट्टाब एवं एकंप छाटांब वांब ; Border ; margin ; extreme part ; loose part of a garment below the waist :—ए. ं. बांद्य बांबा ; To be on the border ;—ए, ं: जीवांबक्क, आब विज्ञा

वा : वाववूक-इ ; To border. Syn :--(n) Flap ; petticoat ; rim, border, edge, margin.

Sit upon one's akirts—খাহাৰত বাড়ি হিলো কর-পের বজ্পব জাটা। [ঠাটা-ফু; jeer-Skitt, m. (রব; ভাবাসা; ঠাটা; jeer; whim:—w.f. Skittlah, skitish, a. চৰুল; অহিন্ন; বেছাকানী; উল্লেখ্য ; Fickle; wanton:—সহত্যে ভীড; ভীড; Easily frightened:—চড়ন্ন, Sly.

Skittle, z. Nine pin.

Skittles, skitiz, w. pl. বীড়া বিশেষ ; একপ্রকার ভবি-ডাঙা খেবা , A game of nine pin.

Skulk, skulk, v. i. সুৰায়িত থাকা; সুৰাইৱা থাকা; ওত করিৱা থাকা; চুণে পলারন-কু; To sneak out of the way; to lurk, n—skulker.

Skull, skul, n. मानात श्रीत ; करतां है ; कर्नत ; The bony case of the brain :—मजद ; मिक्स ; Head :— हिंग ; A close fitting cap. [ A close-fitting cap. Skulloap, skulkap, n. त हिंग मानात कि जारत ; Skunk, skungk, n. बहु विरम्ब ; Weasel like beast. Skurry, n. Confused haste.

Hurry skurry, n. Impetuous haste.

Sky, ski, n. আকাণ; গগন; অন্তর্গাক; নভৌবতস; The heavens; the apparent arch hanging over our heads:—বাড়; Atmosphere:—শীত এইবানি-ভেবে আর্ডন ভান; অন্তনাড়; Weather; climate:— ছায়া; Shadow:—বেষ; Cloud.

Laud or extol or praise to the skies—
ৰভাত প্ৰশংসা-কৃ; ৰভি প্ৰশংসা দাৱা ভাকাশে তুলিয়া-দে;
Praise hightly. [shelter from the sky.
Open sky—ৰবাৰ্ড ছালৈ; With no covering or
Bkyblue, ski'bloo, a. কীল; গভীয় নীলবৰ্ণ, Blue like

the sky; azure. [ পাছ; Like the sky; ethereal. Skyoy, skii, a. আফাদের মত নীল; নাতনিক; আকা-Sky-high—অভ্যক্ত; Very high.

Sky-lark, ski'lark, n. চাতক পৰী; ভাৰই গৰী; ভাৰ-বাজ পৰী; A lark. (Frolicking; playing tricks. Sky-larking, ski'lark-ing, n. ক্রীড়া; উল্লেখন: Sky-light, ski'lit, n. ছাগরিত আলোকবার্গ; ছাবের গ্রাক, আলোক বিবর, Window placed in a roof.

Sky-rooket, ski'-rocket, ন. হাউই-বাজী; Firework. Skysail, ski'szl, ন. পাইল বিশেষ; The sail above the royal.

Bky-scraper, ski-skrap'er, ল. তিকোনাৰাৰ পাল বিশেষ ; A sky-sail of triangular shape.

Bky-ward, ski'ward, ed. আকাশের নিকে; নভো-

Slab, slab, n. প্রতর বও; A thin piece of marble:
—মর্থ্য প্রথমের পাওলা বও; কাঠের ছালট; চক্ষের
ছালট; Outer plank of a log; a piece sawed
from a log.

Slabber, slaber, v. i. বাল পড়ে; লালে ভিজান; ধুপু লাগান; ঢালিয়া কেলা; To let the saliva fall from mouth; to drive! :—n. নিঠাবন; লালা; ধুধু; Saliva. n=slabberer.

Slack, slak, a. আনুগা; চিলা; নিবিল; Loose; lax; not holding fast:—বালন: গাবিল; গীম; টিলা; Remiss; slow:—v. i. or v. i. নিবিল্ছ বা-ছঃ দা—slackness (নিবিল্ডা)। admislackly. Syn:—Relaxed, easy; backward, inactive, tardy.

Sleoken, slakn, v. i. চিলা-হ; অকুডকার্য্-হ; নিবিজ-হ; To become less light; to be remiss; to fail or flag: -v. i. চিলা-ফ; Render alack; make slack: —শিখিল-ড়; স্বৰ-ড়; To relax — সুনিত হাৰা; To put off Syn —Slack, abate, moderate, retard, loosen, rolax, lessen, diminish Slacken one's pace—মতি আবে আবে বাজা, To proceed more slowly.

Slackly, cd. #4814 1

Slack water—লোগার বা ভাটার মধ্যে বমধনা।
Slag, slag, n. ৰাজুমল; ৰাজুব বাদ, The dross of a metal; vitrified cinders. e-slaggy ( ৰাজুমল-বিশিষ্ট )।

Blain, p. p. of slay.

Slake, v. f. নিবৃত্ত-ত্ব; শাত্ত-ত্ব; গ্ৰ-ত্ব, To quench ;
— নিৰ্বাণ-ত্ব; To extinguish:— ললগহ মিজিত-ত্ব,
To mix with water — v. s. নিৰ্বাণ-ত্ব, নিৰ্বাণত্ব, নিৰ্ত-ত্ব; To become extinct, to go out.

Blaked lime—ভঁড়া চুৰ্ , Lime reduced to powder by water thrown upon out.

Siam, siam, p. f. সৰলে আঘাত-ত্ব, বৰণাৎ করিয়া বন্ধ-কু, বড়াম করিয়া কেলা; To bank; to shut with violence —p. s. জোরে বন্ধ-ত্ব।—n. বৰণাৎ করিয়া বন্ধ; A violent shutting.

To slam to-नय क्रिया रथ-कृ।

Blander, slander, n. অপবাদ, অব্যান্তি, নিলা, কুলা, Calumny, defamation by words —v.t. অপবাদ-কু; নিলা-কু, মানি-কু, To defame, to calumulate n=slanderer ( কুংগাৰাৰক ) ৷ Syn —(n) Asperse, vilify, malign, traduce, lampoon

Sianderous, slandei-us, a জাবালপূৰ্ণ, মানিকৰ, কুংসাজনক; Defamatory, calumnious. ad --slanderously (মানি কৰিবা)। n -- slanderousness.

Siang, slang, n. प्रायात , रेजन कार्य , Low lan-

guage

Slant, slant, a. ইডর, Low —বজ, চালু: গড়েন,
Oblique —n চালু: গড়েন, ক্রমনির ভূমি, A slope —
o t. হেলা, বুকান, To turn in a sloping direction — o : বুকিয়া থাকা, গড়েন-ছ, ক্রমনির-ছ, To
slope.

[(ব্লালার, n. চালু, হেলানিয়া, বফ। ad—slantingly
Slantly, Slantwise, ad. বিধানভাগে, Obliquely
Slap, slip, n. চাগড়, চড, চণেটাখান A blow with
the open hand — o t. চাপড় মাৰা, চড় মাৰা, To
give a slap to —ad. হঠাং, প্রচেশ্বংগ, বেণে, ন্লোবে,
ভতমুড় কৰিবা, বুপাং কৰিবা, Suddenly, violently

Slap-dash, slop'dash, ad একেবাবে, ইঠাং, বপ ক্ষিৰা, All at once, in a careless way, preciptately —v. t. ভাড়াতাভি ক্ষিৰা গ্যাণ।

Slash, slash, v. t. কটি , To cut — এনোমনো কটি , ইনিনি , To cut by striking violently and at randum , to make long cuts — v. গ মহনা প্রচক্ত মধ্যে আবাত-ক , To strike violently and at random with an edged instrument — n. এনোমনো কটি ; কথা চিত্ৰ বা কত , (কটিটি ) দাল , A cut made at random.

Siashing, a. Cutting at random.—ব্যক্ষণী, Slate, slat, n. প্ৰকাৰ বিশেষ : A stone of a slaty structure —পাধ্যে পটি . Plate of sions — লিখিবার ফেট্ : চালেব খোলা বিশেষ . A piece of slate for roofining or for writing upon — v t. জেটের আনা আছোদন-কৃ, খোলা দিয়া ছাওলা, To cover with slate n=slater.

To have a slate or tile loose—একটু পাগলা হ, To be a little cracked. Slate pencil, slat-pensil, ম. স্নেট্ পেলিব ; মেট্ পাধ্যের বেধনী , A pencil of soft slate Slater, n. One who lays slates on buildings.

Blating, n. eles voices biv, bites boileis; A covering of slates, materials for elating.

Blattern, slatem, e. অপরিক্তা নারী, অপরিক্তা খীলোক, নোকরা খ্রী; A slovenly woman; an untudy woman.

Slattornly, slatem-li, c. অপরিচার; অপরিচার; নোলরা, Durty, slovenly.—ad অবস্থা, অপরিচার-ভাবে, Negligently; untidoly.

Slaty, slati, a. মেটবুলা; মেট্ৰবালি, Resembling slate .—মেট গ্ৰন্ত; মেট বালী; blaving the nature or properties of slate

Slaughtor, slaw'ter, n. [ leel. slattr, a blow, Go. stauhts, butchery ] ৰখ, পুন; জনাই, হজা; Killing; massacre; carnage, butchery —n. t. হজা ক, ব্যক্ত, ব্যাই-ক, To slay, to massacre. n—slaughtere ( যাতক, হজাকাৰক)। Syn —(n) Bloodshed, assassination, manslaughter.

Blaughtor-house, slaw'ter-hows, n কলাই থানা, হত্যা-পুত্, ক্যাইবানা, House or place for kul'ung cattle.

Killing cattle

Slaughter-man, sinwiter-man ন সংকারী বসাই, Butcher a assistant:—ক্সাট, One em ployed in killing animals.

Slaughterous, shw'ter us, a ইভাপরাধী; হত্যাপ-রয়েশ, জিয়াণ্ড , Marderous , destructive

Slavo, slav, n. পূর্প ইউরোপবাসী বিভিন্ন জাতীয় লোক , Slavoman a=\lavic.

Blave, sizv, n ফীডগান, গরাধীৰ ব্যক্তি: One held in bondage by another, any one in bondage লান, গোলাৰ: Drudge —লাসের জাব পরিশামী. One who labours like a slave —আজব সম্পূর্ব ইচ্ছাধীন পোক, পরবুল লোক, One wholly under the will of another — v. পাসের মত্ত লগিত্ব, জীজগানের জার গাটা, To labour like a slave, to drudge. Syn:—Bond-servant, bondman, vassal, dependent, serf, drudge

A slave to the senses—ইলিবগৰের দান . কামাদি বিপুৰ বণাভুত ব্যক্তি , A slave to-one a passions.

Slave-born, a. ধানগুৰুৱাত , Born in slavery or of a slave. [ breeds slaves for sale Slave-breeder, n. বিক্ৰাৰ্থ থান , One who Slave-catcher, n ফীড্যান অনুসৰ্গ্ৰাৱ , One whose occupation is to pursue and capture run away slaves

Blave-coast, " Part of Africa.

Blave doalor, n. খান-খাবদারী, Dealer in slaves, slave merchant.

Slave driver, n. বে দাসদিগকে ভরাবদান করে . করিন ফানা প্রদানকারী, One who superintends slaver when at work; a hard task master. [ owner Slave-holders, n. দাসেব মনিব বা প্রভু; Slave-Slave-morehant, n. দাস-ব্যবদারী, Slave-trader, merchant in the slave-trade

Slaver, slaver, n দাদ-ব্যবারী, A slave-trader; slave merchant —দাদ ব্যবারে নিযুক্ত আহার, দান বহনকারী পোড, দান আনবানিকারক আহার. A slave ship —নালা নিসেরণ, লালা, Saliva, saliva runing from the mouth — ত : লালা নিসেত-ছ লালা নিশিত হইতে দে, বুজু কেনা, To let the saliva run

out of the mouth :-- s. f. aim Ares-7; TY বাধান ; To smear with saliva. Blave-ship, n. मान-परमवादी खादाव च लाउ;

A ship employed in carry-slaves.

Slave-state, n. क्ष्म-बांका; One of the United States in which there are slaves.

Slave-trade, sizv-trad, स. शांत-श्वनांशी ; Desiing in slaves; the business of buying and selling slaves; buying slaves in Africa for America. Blave-trader, slavtrader, अ. शान-स्वनांशे ; Trader in slaves ; slave-merchant.

Blavery, slaver-i, n. शंत्रव ; शंक्रवृत्ति ; वरीनछ। বোলামী; The state of slave; bendage; drud-[ জীবিভা উপাৰ্জন করে। gery. 52200 म. मानी ; त्निका ; त्व चानिका बाजवृत्ति कतियां Blavish, slavish, a. victibe; vitas, Servile:-नीह , हीन ; Mean ; base :-- निज्ञनी ; Labourious. n=slavishness. advalavishly. Syn:-Menial, drudging; obsequious, cringing; fawning.

Slavonie, Solavonio, Slavonian, Selavonian, a. ज्ञानकांकि या काशानद काता बढिक ; Of or belonging to the Slaves or their language.

Slay, sla, o. t. रूजा-कृ ; वय-कृ ; विमहे-कृ ; To put to death, to kill; to destroy. n=slayer ( Fori-कांत्री ; पांचक ; क्छाकित्रक )। pt=slew. pp=slain. Syn :- Murder, assassinate, slaughter, butcher. Sled, sied, Sledge, slej, n. बहरकत छैनद नमन क्तिवात कुळ ठळविनिष्ठे च ठळहीन नाड़ी , पान : A carriage for sliding upon snow; a sleigh. [mar. Sledge, n. বড় ভারি হাতুড়ি; A large heavy ham-Block, a. नर्ग, किन्।; Smooth; glossy:-(कामन; Soft :- v. t. fs=1-7 | ad-sleckly. ausleckness (কোমলভা; চিরুণভা)।

Sleep, slep, v. i. युगान ; निजा वांडका ; To slumber : -- अनानशान-र ; अनडर्क-शाका ; To become unconscious :-- विद्याम-कृ ; नाख-रू ; त्रित-रू ; To take rest ; to rest :- अल्म- ह ; Be motionless or inactive :-भुष-र ; महानिज्ञा-रा ; To be dead :-- म. निजा ; पून ; विचात्र. Slumber, rest.

Doad sleep - থোব নিজা, কালনিজা; মহানিজা। Go to aleep—निरक्षक इरत्र थोका ; (कान किहून माज़ ৰণ না থাকা ; Lie dormant or inactive :-- নিদ্ৰা-যা ; Take to bed in order to sleep,

Last sleep-yy; Death.

Not to sleep one wink-किह्माज पुत्र ना इन्ह्यां ; একবার চকুব পাতা না নোড়া; Have no sleep at all. Rock to aleep-শाय-ङ ; प्रभाषान ; Soothe.

Sleep a sleep-এক বুস বুসান।

Sleep at one's post-কর্মে অবছেলা-ক: To be negligent in the discharge of one's duties.

Sleep away-वृगहियां कांद्रीन । [ soundly. Bleep like a dog-नाम निजा यांच्यां. Sleep Bloop off-নিজা যাইরা বুর-কু; যুসিবে কোন কট্ট कांग्रेश-त्य; Dispel during sleep; remove the effects of anything by sleep.

Sleep one's last sleep-पत्त्र वांडवा ; Die. Sleep over-কাৰ্ব্যেৰ সময় সুমান; Go to sleep

while engaged.

Sleep upon-বিশাস-ফ; ভাবিরা দির-ফ: Take time to think over; to rest upon.

Sleeper, slep'er, n. निका यात-त्य : निजान कानम बाह्य ; One who sleeps ; a lazy person :— (व कां) থাতর বা লৌহ বংওর উপর রেল পতিত হর ভারা : 🙈 piece of timber or stone supporting a weight, rails &c.

The seven sleepers—কুত্তপ বিশেষ (কুত্তকর্ণের [43]); Seven youths who slept in a cave and did not awake till more than 200 years after lethergic and indolent men.

Bleepiness, n. Tal : Drowsiness. Bleeping, a. निजिल , निजानन ।

A sleeping partner, n. (र वरनीमांत मुनवन एक किस मिल कार्या करत नां, त्व अश्मिलात बाट्टेरबोट्ड नां, किन्द बाहादक नाक-लाकमात्मत्र कांत्र नाहेट्ड हर ; A partner in a company who has invested money in the business but takes no active part in the management though participating in the profits and losses; one who supplies funds, but takes no active interest. [Medicine to cause sleep. Sleeping draught, ल. निजाबनक गानीय देवप: Sleeping room-114-15; Bed-room.

Sleepless, sieples, a. জালত ; নিয়াহীন ; Unable to sleep; without sleep. admsleeplessly. n= sleeplessness.

Bleep-waking, n. निर्मावद्याप्त विष्टवन ; ब्रथारिन । Sleep-walker, slep'wawker, n. निश्चावद्यांत्र त्व वास्ति रेजच्छ: नमय करड ; निष्ठांदशांव ध्यमनकांत्री ; A somnambullst.

Bleepy, slep'e, a. निखान् : निखानन ; Drowsy :-निक्क ; निक्न ; Dull :- निजाशम ; Causing sleep : - अव्य : Lazy. n=sleepinces. ad=sleepily. Syn : -Somnolent, heavy; sluggish.

Bleepy stories—বে গর ভনিতে ভনিতে বুন আইসে; Stories which cause sleep on account of their uninteresting.

Bloot, slit, m. निना-वृष्टि ; वदरणव वक वा कद्रका बाहा ৰ্ট্ৰৰ মহিত পতিত হয়; Snow or hail mingled with rain :- v. i. निनाइडि-इ ; To hail with rain mingl-[ sleet. n=sleetiness. ed. a=sleety. Blooty, sleti, a. Main ales; Consisting of Bleeve, siev, n. लामात जालिन : राजा ; Part of a garment that covers the arms :- v. i. 4164-

বিশিষ্ট-ক : To furnish with siceves. A sleeve button—হাতেৰ বোডাম।

Hang on or pin to the sleeves--- करअब अशीन-इ ; To be or to make dependent on others : -गाडीश रका कतिया नुकारेया राज-उ ; Laugh privately or unperceived.

Laugh in the one's sleeve-apt sixi! Wear one's heart upon one' sleeve-749-इ : अक्षेट-इ : To be artless, frank, warm-hearted, confiding.

Sleevless, a. আরিন-হীন; Without sleeves.

Bleeveless errand-नित्र के कार्यन , Fruitless I sledge. Bleigh, n. वदरकत छेनद हामाहेवाद मांधी विरम्ब ; See

Bleight, slit, n. कोनन ; ठाजुर्ग ; नक्ज ; ठाजुरी ; Dexterity; an artful trick; cunning.

Sleight of hand—ভেদি ; হব-কৌশন , হতের ধন আ कत्रद. Legerdemain ; jugglery.

Blender, slender, a. मक व नवा ; नाडना ; Thin and long; thin; narrow:-की ; क्र्य; इसन ; काहिन ; Weak ; feeble :- अब ; नामांड ; Small. ad-slenderly (कीपकारन, क्रमादिनारन; Slightly.

#=slenderness ( 4718); #48) ) | Syn :-Slim; slight; little, inconsiderable; meagre, spare,

Sienth-hound, slouth-howad, n. (4 441 1417-नत्रगण्यक निकात बादवन करत : Blood-hound.

Slept, b. t. and bb. of Sleet.

Slew, p. t. of slay.

Blice, slis, v. t. (हाक्या कांहा : वक्ष कतिहा कांहा ; भारता भारत-म ; To cut into this pieces :-- अ. णानि ; ऐन्त्रा ; काक्ना ; भारत्व यठ पक ; A thin broad piece :- गांडणां क्लांगांव हृति ; A broad, thin knife.

Slicer, sliser, w. Efe fices : A broad thin knife : -त यो योहा रूख रूख बढ़ द्वान करत ; One who, or that which, slices.

Blid, p. t. and p. p. of slide.

Slidden, p. p. of slide.

Slide, slid, v. i. प्रिक-र : स्ट्रक्टिया-या : निक्रविया-4); To glide; to slip; to pass along smoothy ! -गिकिक-इ; To fall :- ए. रे. हफुकाहेबा क्ला; बढ़ाहेबा-বে , কাৰেৰ ক্রাৰ ; To slip ; to thrust along :-- ন, হৰৰ পৰ ; A smooth passage : - হড়কাৰি, A slide: : —চালু পাৰ্ব; পড়ানিয়া স্থান; A smooth declivity. p. t. p. p=slid.

Blide-box, n. Sist sin !

Slider, slider, n. त वा याहा शहात ; वरमा त जान পিছলাইরা বার; One who or that which slides; the part of an instrument or machine that slides. Slide-rail, n. त्रकृषित्रा (लाहात १४। Bliding, ब. रक्षमानियां ; रेजवन: नमनमंदी :-- n. A sliding scale—शागुबियेन शादत नावश वा कर : A variable tax upon grain according to its value or market price, now abolished. I side. Sliding door-Door that slides from side to Sliding rule-was as; Mathematical instument or scale,

Slight, slit, a. वश्तावाच ; जुल ; धेवर ; Trifling ; of little value : - नग् ; चक ; Small ; slender :-इसन ; Weak : - अगत्मारगणि ; चनावगानी ; Careless ; megligent :- नीमारिंगड ; Not decided :- ए. १. कुछ-子; 平均表子; 甲和二子; 可原列子; To neglect; to disregard :- #. सर्वाहना ; जर्मा ; सम्बाह ; सम्बाह Neglect. ad-slightly, slightingly. n=slightness. Syn: -(n) Little, unimportant, trivial, insignificant; frail, fragile; slim, thin; faint, transient; cursory, superficial. (\*) Overlook: disdain, scorn, scout.

To slight over-restrict (रविका बाउबा ; देनक উপর সম্পাহন-তু । [(नांबाक्करण)। Slighting, a. जन्माराती। ad-slightingly Slightness, #. আছতা ; ছর্মনতা ; কোমনতা। [fully. Slily, ad. ठाफुर्रा महकाता ; कोनाल ; त्यानात ; Art-Sliness, Slyness, n. 51961 (

Slim, slim, a. no; ninis; Thin; slender; slight :- इसन ; इन ; भीन ; Weak. Sys :- Narrow, lank ; weak, unsubstantial.

Blime, slim, n. dien aiß; willin wini; Glucy mire: - CFF; Viscous mud: - v. f. 44414-71 Blimy, sline, a. बंदिन बाहि वह दा पूर्व : काश्मिता : Like slime :- opoci ; willin ; Glutinous. mesliminess. Syn: -Muddy, miry; ropy, clammy. Sling, sling, n. किमा ; अका निरमन कतिनांत वस ;

Throw :-- नि ; Rope :-- क्या एक मुलाहेराज क्या रह प्यानी : इस प्यानी : Bandage for a wounded arm : -v. t. क्लि बादा निरुक्त-इ ; स्ट्राह्म : To throw with a sling; to cast :- (वानान ; कहेकान ; To hang loosely: - 104 visi ovala-7; Swing by means of a rope. Sys :- (\*) Hurl, fling; hang, suspend; hoist, [ throws stones. Blinger, s. वायत-नित्कर्णकांती ; क्यिकांत ; One who Slimk, slingk, क. i. हिंग हिंग-वा : जुकारेबा अवाधन-; To sneak; steal away; creep away: - v. f. ( बदार ) धनवार गर्ड (बांग्य-इ:--त्र, धनवार शहर वरम । p. t. and p. p-slunk. Blip, alip, v. i. शिव्यानाना ; क्यानियाना ; To slide ; to glide :-- भनारन-इ ; अदिश-या ; To escape ; to F; To cause to slide :-- cultur simin; To convey secretly :--পৰাইডে-বে; ছাড়িয়া-বে; To let loose ; to let go :- नावा श्रेट जुनक ; To part from the branch or stem :- " To omit :a. निहन ; चनन ; Act of slipping :- जन], जुन ; हक ; An error ; false step :-- ननातम ; An escape :--वृत्कत्र नाथा ; व्हेक्छि ; क्लम , A twig :--थक् ; हेक्झा ; िन्दा : A long narrow piece :- वाराज निर्मापार

Syn: -(v) Slink; trip, fall, err; loosen. A alip of the pen-লিখিত তুল ; The error of writing something different from what was intended :- (व कुन्हें। क्षेत्र कनाव क्हेरड व्यक्तित्व यात्र ; A mistake unconsciously made by a writer. Give one the slip-5-18-ca; Maisa-s; Run away :-- भूजाहेका -का ; Escape secretly.

क्रमनिय एके: A sloping bank for ship-building

Let slip-villa even !

Let alip an opportunity—श्यांत्र साहिता-त्य। One's foot slips-পা পিছৰে ধাওৱা; One loses one's footing by careless walking. Slip a cable-( बाशास्त्र ) साहि वा निकन शांक्ति। Slip away, v. नगरियां-गं ; नगायन-मृ ; Escape. Slip in-तानत्व वारवन-कृ ; चारक चारक वारवन कडाव : हुकश्चित्र ; Sneak in.

Blip off-नश्व शंक्षिता-तः : शृनिवा त्वना । Blip off the hooks-Hal ; अभिडाल-इ।

Slip of the tongue - source of ; The error of saying one thing while intending to say another :-- (व क्यांको क्षेत्र कृष द्वारक दावित्व गएक ; An unintentional error or fault by a speaker.

Slip on-नवत शिक्शन-इ ; Put on hastily. SHD out-(शांशत गंगांत्रन-क ; Sneak out.

Slip out of- निकृत्म गाणित गांदश ; Pass out of the memory or mind :-- नदा भाषा . Move away [ disengage oneself from. Slip the collar (halter)—बिल्बर कुछ-इ , To Blip the lash -- वस्त्रमुक- कृ ; वसीनछा-नान विश्व- ह । Slip though one's fingers, Ship from one's grasp--राज कविया भनावन-इ : राज (परक भिक्रत ननाहेंबा वांक्या ; करन वांक्या ; Escape from a person's grasp through carelessness. Slip through—जनाताल नजात- म ; Get through Slip through the fingers-cities; as wal,

To be lost; to escape insensibly. There is many a slip between the cup and the Lip-ना जीतिहरन विश्वान नाहे, Every thing is uncertain until you possess it; one cannot be sure of a thing before it is actually in one's possession.

Blip-knot, slip'-not, ». আনুসা বিরা; প্রসাসী গাঁইট ; যে এছি মন্দ্র পালে সরাইতে পারা বার ; A knot easily united.

Slipper, alip'er, क. गर्ड क्ला : A loose shoe easily slipped on :—िला जाना ; A pinafore.

Blippered, slip'etd, a. চটিকুড়া-পরিছিড; Wearing slippers.

Blippery, alip'ér-e, e. পিছিল; তেলা; পিছল; হড়বালিলা; বৰণ; Smooth:—বলিডিড; Uncertain; unstable. n=slipperiness. Syn >—Glib, glassy; perilous, unstady, mutable, treacherous, shuffling. (বোলা; Not to be trusted. Slippery as an eel—বিধান-বোলা বহে: অবিধান-স্থানিয়াকালী: চহি-প্ৰা: Singh with slippers:

কুতা পৰিবানকাৰী; চকি-পৰা; Shod with slippers; wearing shoes loose at the heels:—(ব্যবহার সম্ব্যে) অসাবধান; (বচন) সম্ব্যে) এড়ান; আলাধা; Careless (in manner or style,)

Slit, slit, e.t. কাজি-কু; পৰা কৰা কাজী; চেরা; কাজ়; To cut lengthwise; to split; to rend; make a long cut in :—n. চিরা; গাড়; কাইট; A long cut; a narrow opening. p.t. and p. p—slit. Slive, v. i. আড়ি ডড়ি করিয়া গড়া; আলভে ননম কাটাৰ; To sneak

Sliver, ভ.ই. চেরা; কাড়া; কানি-ফু:---।। কালি; চির। Blobber, ভ. ই. বলান; টল্টল ক্রিয়া কেলা:--ভ. ই. লালামান-কু:

বাংলাবাংশ। Slobber over work—অনাবৰাৰে আনাড়িঃ মড Sloo, গঠ, ম. এক আতীয় খল, এক আতীয় বস্তু কুল; Blackthorn; a smail sour wild plum-

Slogan, \* ফ্ট্ৰান্ডের আচীন পার্কতা আলেনবানীদিপের সিংহনাদ: A war-cry among the ancient Highlanders of Scotland.

Sloop, গাততp, ল. কৃষ্ণ গোড বিশেষ; Cutter-rigged vessel with one mast; vessel of war less than a frigate.

Slop, slop, জ. চনুকানি; জন বাহা নেজের উপর উপছিয়া পড়ে, অসাববানবপতঃ চতুদ্দিকে বিদ্ধিপ্ত জন; Water carelessly spilled:—pl. সামান্ত সন্ম; নিজেল পানীয় স্থা; Mean liquor or liquid food:—সমল জন; মধনা জন; Dirty water:—s. t. জনাবি কেনিয়া মননা-কু, To soil by letting a liquid fall upon:—স্ট-কু; To spill.

Slop the standard-महाबार लंडाका ख्लान।

Blope, slöp, \*\* চাপু বাগগা; বঢ়ানিয়া স্থান; কমনিয়-কৃনি, Declivity:—v. i চাপু-ড়; বড়ানে-ড়; To slant; to form with a slope or obliquely:—v. i. চাপু-ছ; To incline:—adv. ক্ৰমনিয় ছাবে; In a sloping manner.

Sloping, slop'ing, a. কৰ্মন ; চালু; গড়াদিরা; înclining or inclined from a horizontal or other right line. Syn:—Oblique, declivous, slanting. Sloppy, slop'i, a. ভিনা; আৰ্ড; কালচিনা; মননানুক; Wet; muddy; plashly.

Slops, slope, s. pl. But tran; stuff; tunitis; t

Slot, slot, n. আল ; Bolt ; a broad, flat, wooden, bar :—ছন্নিপের গদটিছ ; The track of a deer. Sloth, sloth, n. [A. S. slowdh, from slow, slow]

ৰাগনতা; ৰাগত : ৰড়ভা : ৰুজেৰি : চিনাৰি : Libeness : laziness : sluggishness : slowness :—ৰানেৰিকাৰ কৰ বিশেষ : A quadruped that lives on trees, so named from the exceeding slowness of its motion, when on the ground. Syn :—Inactivity, inaction : indolence.

Slothful, slothfool, a. কুড়ে; অনস; আনতপূর্ণ; Inactive; lazy. ad-slothfully. n-slothfulness. Syn:—Sluggish, lazy, indolent, idle.

Blouch, showch, ম. মজকাবনমন; পরীবের আন্ত কোব ভার অবলতি; A hanging down loosel of the head or other part:—চাবা; অবভ্রুর লোক; A clown:— ৩. ই. বুলিয়া পড়া; বুলা; To hang down; to have a clownish look or gait:—৩. ই. অননামিড-ফু; অবিত-ফু; বেটি-ফু; বোলন; বুলান; বিব্যু-ফু; To cause to hang down; to depress.

A slouch het -नवम होनाना हैने।

Blough, slow, ম. পাছিল হাৰ; মহাপছ; কৰ্মপূৰ্ণ পৰ্ছ; A soft bog or marsh; deep miry place or hole:
—ক্ষুক; নপের বোলন; The cast-off skin of a serpent:—কভানির পচা মানে; পচা মানে; The part separate from a foul sore:—৮. i. ধনিদা পড়া; পচিতে বাকা; To come away as a slough; to separate from the living part of the flesh in a sore; to fall off. &—sloughy.

Slough of despond—হডাৰ গছ; নৈয়াত গছল; A state of utter despondency.

To slough off-गठित्रा गहित-१।

Bloughy, slow'i, \* কর্মপূর্ণ; কর্মসন্ত : Full of sloughs; miry:—পচা সাংস সমূল; Resembling slough.

Bloven, sluvn, n. অপরিক্ষর পরিক্ষণারী লোক ; বোকরা লোক . A man carelessly or dirtily dressed. fem—slut.

By slow degree-बात बात ; क्ल दान ।

Slow-coach, n. কৰ্মক অনস ব্যক্তি; A coach or person that moves slow.

Slow digestion—本种情:

Slowly, ad. আতে আতে; মহর ভাবে; শবৈ: শবৈ: ধ Slow motion, n. ধীরণতি; বলগতি; Moving slowly.

Slowness, n. মহুরভা ; আগন্ত ; টিগামি : বড়িনাসি । Slow-worm, slowum, n. মনগানী কিছুলক ; কো; The blind worm.

Slubber, v. i. অনসভাবে কর্ম সনাধা-ফু; To do a thing carelessly and superficially.

Sludge, n. क्यूब ; कार्ग ; Mud ; soft mire.

Blug, slog, n. चलन वाकि; A lazy fellow; a drone; sluggard: -- किवनहेवाकी नपुर विराद ; A kind of

enail very destructive to vegetable :-- "IF TO FICHT; A cylindrical or oval piece of metal used for the charge of a gun.

Bluggard, slug ard, n. जनम वासि ; क्छ त्वांके ; ldler ; a drone ; one fond of lying in bed.

Sluggish, slug'ish, a. খন্দ; Slow; lazy; slothful:—ভিনা; Dull:—মন্ত্রণতি। ল=sluggishness (খালভ; মন্ত্রতা)। ad—sluggishly (মন্ত্রতাবে)। Syn:—Indolent, inert, inactive, stupid.

Bluios, sloos, n. জল অবেশ-নিকেব গৰ; প্রোভোষার; জলপ্রণালীর কপাটিয়া কল; Flood-gate; watergate:—বক্সা; Flood:—ভাতার; A source of supply:—v. f. প্রচ্পরণে জল-নিক্ত-ক; মাবিত-ক; To wet copiously. [low street or neighbourhood. Blum, n. নগরের প্রান্থতিত কর্মা রাতা বা পাড়া, A Blumber, slumber, v. i. [A. S. slumerian, from sluma, slumber] v. t. আম নিআ-বা; মুনান; আলম ভাবে পাকা; গাদিলি-হ; To sleep lightly; to be in a state of negligence or inactivity:—n. নিআ; ভলা; বিলাম; Light sleep; repose. n—slumberer. Syn:—Doze, snooze, nap; repose. Blumberous, slumber-us, a. নিআল; ভলাক্মী; Sleepy.

Slump, ত. i. সহসা অল বা কৰ্মৰে পতিত বা মহা-ছ; To fall or sink suddenly into water or mud:— ৩. f. বালি-কু; জড়-কু; To throw into a mass or hump.

Slung, p. t. and p. p. of sling.

Slunk, p. t. and p. p. of slink.

Blur, slur, e. t. কলভিড-কৃ; মনিন-কৃ; মাগ-কৃ; মাগ-কি; মাগ-কি;

Cast or throw a slut on—vietae som original transfer of the significant of the significan

Slur over—দোৰ বড একটা না ববা; To treat lightly, pass over lightly — বভলাধা হইলা কোন কৰ্ম-কৃ; এক সকম বেমন তেমন কলিবা কাল-কৃ; Do in a perfunctory or negligent way; do anything in a careless way.

[ বাঙ্গা।

Slur over a difficulty—কঠিৰ বিষয় চাপা দিয়া Slush, n. তর্ম কর্মন ; Soft mud:—গলিড বয়ম; Melting snow. a=slushy.

Slut, slut, n. অগরিছ্যা প্রান্তোক; থেতনী; Dirty urtidy woman:—ক্কুরী; A female dog. mas sloven.

Sluttish, slutish, a. আলু বালু : মনিল ; অপরিজ্জ ; Disorderly ; dirty. ad=slutishly, n=slutishness. Sly, sli, a. চতুব ; বঠ , ধুর্ত্ত ; দিরানা ; Cunning ; artful ; sneaking. n=slyness ( ধুর্ততা ; চাতুবা ) ! Syn:—Crafty, subtile, wily, meanly, insidious, shrewd, arch.

On the sly-color elte; offers plate; is a secret manner; in a sly manner.

Slyly, Slily, ad. শঠতাপ্ৰাৰ : চতুৱতাপ্ৰাৰ ৷ Smack, smak, n. বাৰ ; ভাৰ , নাবাৰৰ ; গৰ ; Taste; flavour; tincture:—চপটায়াত; আবাডের
শব্দ, Slap:—বন ঘন আঘাত; A quick smart
blow:—আল পরিবাণ; A small quantity:—চুম্বন;
গঠপড়; Loud kiss with noise:—ত. :. নলম্পে চুম্বনটু: চ্ম্বনের লক্ত-টু: To kiss with noise:—আবাদন
বাকা; বাদ বা পদ্দবিলিই থাকা; To have a taste; to
have a quality:—তীর পদ্দ-টু: To crack, as a
whip:—ত. f. বিজেপ বারা শব্দিত-টু: আক্ষেটিন-টু!
—এd. আক্ষেটনপূর্বক; গটাং গটাং গটাং লাকার্বা!
Smack, n. গোড বিশেব; জেলে ভিন্নী; A small vessel

used chiefly in the coasting and fishing trade.

Bmall, smal, a. क्य; (হাট; अत; সামান্ত; অবি
क्रिक्त; Little; no great; slender; minute;
petty:—নসম; কোমল; Soft; gentle:—n. ক্স্
ভাগ; পাতলা বা সম্ব আল; A small or narrow part.
n—smallness (ক্টেডা; অনতা)। Syn:—(a) Diminutive, tiny, puny, mmute, molecular;
petty, trifling, trivial, insignificant; scanty, insufficient, inadequate; feeble, weak, faint.

slight; mean, sordid. Great and small—হোট ৰড় ( সকলেই)। In a small way—সামান্ত পুঁজি লইয়া।

Small-arms, n. pl. বৰুক পিতৰ প্ৰভৃতি কুৱা আহো-নাম : Muskets ; pistols.

Small-olothes, n. pl. কটিছেদ, কোমরের কাপড়; পাজারা; Biceches. [ size.

Small-craft—সূত্ৰ কাৰ্চান্ত; A vessel of a small Small-fry, n. চুনাপুট; হোট ছোট ছেলেমেছ; Things insignificant (sometimes applied to children).

Small hand, n. conta ceit sin !

Small hours— রাত্রি বিশ্রহণ গতে তিন চারিটা পর্যান্ত কাল: The time from midnight till 3 or 4 o'clock in the morning.

Small-pox, smawipoks, n. pl. वमन्न दोन ; देखा ব্ৰছ: Variola, a contagious, feverish desease. Goddess of small-pox-शिङ्शादनवी । | gossip. Small-talk, n. na; সামাত ক্থাবাতা, Prattle; Small-wares—ফিডা কার প্রভৃতি সামার বুনট হবা। Smalt, n. 41554 facet ; Common glass meited. Smart, smart, म. बाला ; वद्दणा ; छीज (वनना ; Quick, stinging pain of body or mind :- v. i. 33 राष्ट्रगान्छर-क ; बाला-क ; बाला ; To feel a smart :--श्रीकर-इ ; To be punished :- v. t. यम्पो-ता :- a. रम्पापायक : Causing a keen pain :-- डोक . छोड ; 84; Sharp; pungent, pricking; keen; severe: - अब्रम ; अभिक ; Witty : - उँ९मारी ; माउल : Lively : vivacious :- 504; 51414; Clever; brisk --কাৰ্ডিংশর; Efficient. n-smartness. Syn:-(a) Pungent, piercing, sharp, keen, pricking: quick, levely, active, ready, clever, witty, brisk, vivacious; showy, dashy, spruce.

Smart under, Smart from কোৰ হিছুৰ ব্যায় আগ্যাৰ ; Feel sharp pain of mind from being subjected to.

Smert money, n. আহত নৈকদিনের অবর্থ প্রকার বা অর্থ; Money allowed to soldiers and sailors for wounds received.

Smartness, ম. সংৰতা; চালাভি; চতুৰতা; Quality of being smart or pungent. Syn:—Pungency, poignancy, tartness, sharpness, acuteness, keenness, vigour; liveliness, briskness,

vivacity, wittiness; expertness, dextarity, cleverness; spruceness.

Smart-ticket, m. Certificate of a wound.
Smash, smash, v. t. वनन्त्र कृर्-कृ: वर्ष वर्षकृ: To break in pieces with violence:—गिविहा
क्या: To crush:—v. i. छन्-वृ: निविहा-वा:—त.
छम क्या: विवर्धन: (नवर्ष: नाव: Crush: the act of smashing:—वर्ष गिहित्यांद व्यवक्रि: Bankruptcy.
m-smasher.

Go to smash—আনে হ; নই-ফু; To be destroyed. Smash-up, n. ভক; A smashing accident or one in which something is broken with violence. Smatter, smatter, v. i. ভাষা ভাষা আৰ বাবা; অভানের ভাষ কথা কথা; To talk superficially or ignorantly:—n. ভাষা ভাষ; মুল ভাষ। n=smatterer ( অনুভাষী ব্যক্তি)।

Smattering, smalering, s. w wit; with with ; A superficial knowledge.

Smear, smēr, v. t. চর্জি ছারা মর্কন-কু; লেপন-কু; To overspread with grease; to besmear; to daub:—ক্লিডি-কু; To soil:—n. কল্ড; দাগ, বোপ i Syn:—(n) Blot, blotch, patch, daub.

Bmell, smel, v. t. আমাণ-ল; নাসিকা বারা অক্তব-ড়;
To perceive by the noise:—v. ৷. মাণ-ল; গছ-দে;
To have odour; to effect the nose:—n. গছ; বাস;
Odour; scent; fragrance; perfume:—মাণনভি;
মাণেক্রিয়; The sense of smell.

Smell a rat—সন্দেহ-কু; To suspect strongly:— ভোন গোল আছে বলিয়া সন্দেহ-কু; ভোনও কিছু গলগ ব্ৰিতে পাৰা; গোৰ-বু; Suspect that there is some mischief.

Smell of—কোন কিছুৰ নান গৰ বাবা; কোন কিছুৰ গছ-ছ; Exhibit indications of (any character or quality):—কোন কিছুৰ গছ-ছ; Have the smell of. Smell of the lamp—ৱলনীতে অন্তত-ছ; Be prepared at night.

Smell out—( কোন কথা বিষয় ) সাণ বা বৃদ্ধি থানা টেয় প্ৰভায়; Find out by the scent or mental sagacity. To smell of the shop—To indicate too distinctly the profession or occupation.

Smelling-bottle, smeling-bottl, ম. উপাৰ জ্বাপূৰ্ব পিলি; বছ রাধিবার বোডল; A bottle containing
a smelling substance for stimulating the nose
and reviving the spirits.

Smelling salts, n. আনেন্দ্রিবের উত্তেজ হব; Volatile salts for exciting the nerves of the nose. Smelt, smelt, v. t. ৰাডু ত্ৰব-কু; গলাইয়া পরিকার-কু, To melt as ore:—n. মংসা বিশেব; Sea-fish.

Smelter, n. 4154144; One who smelts copper or other ores.

Smeltery, smelter-i, ম. ৰাজু গলাইবার কারধানা; গলাইবানা; A place for smelting.

Smelting, a. অবকারী।
Smelting house, ম. থাড়ু গলাইবার কারখানা;
Place for melting metals.

Smew, smū, ম. হংসজাতীয় পশ্চিবিশেষ; A kınd of
Smile, smil, ম. ৷ মহং হান্ত-ফু; মুচকে হানা; To
laugh slightly:—প্রস্কান্ত: আনন্দিত-হ; To look
gay and joyous:—উপেকা প্রদর্শন-কু; অবজা প্রকানকু; Show or express slight contempt:—ম. সহং
হান্য: The act of smiling:—প্রস্কুল আইডি; Cay

appearance: - 9248, 47531, Favour.

Smile at—apre apre tipl ( wasning ), Laugh silent by (expressing slight contempt).

Bmile on or upon—ৰূপ ৰচকে হান্য-ছ'; Express amusement at seeing one :—কাহানত প্ৰতি প্ৰস্তু-ছ'; Be propitious or favourable to one; favour one. Smiling, a. স্থিত; হাতবুজ। ad = smilingly.

Smirch, smirch, v. t. बिल्ल-कृ; बिक्ल-कृ; To soil; to cloud.

Bmirk, smerk, v. t. কৃত্রিম হাস্য-কৃ; কণট হাস্য-কৃ; To smile affectedly; to look affectedly soft oc kind — n. কৃত্রিম হাস্য; An affected smile:— c. পরিক্তর; কিটকাট; Nice.

Smite, smit, v. t. ব্ৰ-ড়; হত্যা-ড়; To kill:—
আঘাত-ড়; অহাৰ-ড়; To strike with the first;
to beat:—v. i. আঘাত-ড়; আহত-হ, To strike.

pt=smote, pp=smitten, smit. n=smiter. Sym:

—Buffet; slay, destroy, blast; afflict, chasten.

Smith, smith, n. কৰ্বায়; বে হাড়ুড়ি বইয়া গঠন
কৰে; Forger; a worker in metals; one who
forges with the hammer.

Black-smith, n. वर्षकात। Gold-smith, n. वर्षकात।

Smithery, smither-i, m. কৰ্মকাৰেৰ কাৰ্য্যালৰ বা

Smithy, smithi, ৯ কর্মকারের গোকান ; কামারশাল ; The workshop of a smith.

Smitten, smitn, p. p. of smite.

Be smitten with-(विद्वार ) (महिल-इ: Be charmed with :- ( क्वि ) রোগাক্রান্ত-इ ; Be afflicted with a disease. [ भगन-भरत सर्कादित वा विश्व। Smitten by love—मगत्नत्र तान वात्रा इक ; कामनुक : Smock, n. খ্ৰীলোকেৰ ভিতরের কাণড; কুৰ্ন্তি; A woman's shift. [ shirt of coarse linen. Smock-frock, n. हिना चाना वित्नव: A loose Smoke, smok, n. व्य ; व्यंत्रा , वान्य ; The vapour from a burning body :- o. i. ধ্মিত-ছ; ধ্ম নিগভ-इ ; To emit smoke :— ভাষাক-খা ; ব্ৰপান-ড় ; To burn tobacco :— জলিত-হ , দগ্ৰ, To burn :— কোৰ-ৰ ; To rage :- v. t. ধুম ৰারা তক-ৰ ; To apply smoke to; to scent, dry, or medicate by smoke :-- पुमाविक-ङ , व्य नानान ; नत्व वाहित-ङ् , To use in smoking :-- बम्शान-क : स्म्शानार्थ होना , To inhale the smoke of :—ধুসপান খারা দুরীকৃত করিতে CENT : To try to expel by smoking.

End in smoke-प्म (लव-इ; क्लॅफ-च); To become an utter failure :-- निक्त वा नहे-ह; End in nothing.

On a smoke—গুনালিবৰ করিতেছে বা পুডিকেছে এক্সপ; Smoking, or on fire. [smoke. Smoke out—খুন বারা বাহির-কৃ; Turn out by Smoked out of countenance—খুন বারা ক্লা-কাৰ-কৃ; Rendered ugly by the fumes of smoke, so disfigured as to be beyond recognition.

Smoker, smoker, ন. তাৰাকের ব্নপানকারী. One who smokes tobacco —ধ্য ধাবা বে ওকাইরা কয়; One who dries by smoke [of smoke. Smokeleas, a. ধ্যপৃক্ত, ধ্যহীন; নিধ্য; Distitute Smoking, n. ধ্যপান, ধ্যোলিবেণ।

Smoky, smoki, a ধ্ৰবং, ধোৰীয়; ধ্ৰসৰূপ; Resembling or like smoke.—সধ্ৰ; ধ্ৰপদিপূৰ্ণ; বালস্থা; Full of smoke:—Emitting smoke. administry, n=smokingss.

Rmooth, smooth, a. সমান; অবৰুর; বৰুণ; তেলা;
Having an even surface; even; not rough:
— চিকা; Glossy:—নরব; কোনল; Mild:—সহল;
Easy:—রিক; Bland:—অসর; লাক:—অঅভিনত;
Unobstructed:—ত. ই. সমান-কৃ; সত্ব-কৃ; চোরস-কৃ; To make even:—(কানল-কৃ; To soften:
— লাক-কৃ; অফ্লেন-কৃ; To calm; to palliale; to ease. n=smoothness (কোমলতা; মক্লতা; বিজ্ঞতা)। বিজ্ঞতা)।
ক্রান্তকাণিয় (সহজে; অনামানে; বিজ্ঞতা)।
স্পা:—(n) Level, plain, flat, polished, sleek;
unruffled, equable; bland; soothing: casy,
fluent; flattering, deceptive. (v) Level, flatten;
ease; calm, allay, mollify.

Smooth the way—স্হল-কু; To make easy; to faciliate. [tical or be addless face. Smooth-faced, a. Having a smooth, hypocri-Smoothing iron, smooth'ing-i'urn, n. ইপিয়া কৰিবাৰ বয়; ইপি. An instrument of iron for smoothing clothes.

Smooth-tongued, smooth-tungd, . মুম্বাৰ্; ভোৰণনিল; চাটুভাৰী, ভোৰাবোৰভাৰী; Speaking mildly or with adulation, flattering.

Smote, smot, p. t. of smite.

Smother, smuther, v. t. [O. Eng. smoor, to suffocate] খাদ বছ-কৃ, খাদ কছ করিয়া বিনষ্ট-কৃ; নিখাদ বছ-কৃ; To suffocate; to stifle:—v. t. খাদবক-ক; To be suffocated:—চাপিয়া কেলা, লুকাইয়া রাখা; To conceal:—ভ্যমিয়া ক্ষিয়া পোড়া; To smoulder:—s. খাদবোৰকাৰী ধুন; ঘনীভূত ভাদমান ধুনি; Smoke; suffocating dust; thick floating dust. Syn:—(v) Suffocate, choke, stifle; extinguish, suppress, conceal

Smoulder, smolder, e. i. বিভি বিকি পোড়া; গুৰে গুৰে পোড়া; ধুমাধিত-হ; ধোষান; To burn slowly or without vent:—ধ্যে মজিন-কু;

Smouldering, a. ধ্যারিত ; ভিতরে ভিতরে দক্ষণান। Smudge, ম. বাদরোধক ধ্ব ; দাঁলাল ; মরলা লাগ,— গ. i. বোকরা-ক।

Smug, s. পরিপাটী; পরিচ্ছর; Neat; spruce.

S.mnggle, smug'l, v. t. বিনা তাকে নিবিছ বাণিজ্য ত্বৰা কাইবা-ৰা; তাক বা দিলা আনদানি বা নপ্তানি-কৃ; বেলা-চুক্তি আন্ধানি ৰপ্তানি-কৃ; To carry goods without paying the customs; to import or export without paying the legal duty:—পোপনে বোপনে প্ৰেয়ণ-কৃ; To convey clandestinely. n=smuggling. প্ৰmuggler, smug'ler, n. বিনা তাকে আনদানি লপ্তানি-কালা; বে বাতি অবৈধ আনদানি লপ্তানি কলে; One who smuggles:—তাক না দিলা আবা কাইবা বাইবাৰ পোত বা কাইবাৰ; A vessel employed in smuggling.

Bmut, smut, n. মুনের দাগ; মরণার দাগ; হেতো;
Spot of soot; spot of dirt:—শক্তের রোগ; Mildew; a disease of corn:—অরীল থাকা; Obscene language:—ত. t. ধূলি বা ঝুল দারা কুক্বর্গ-কু; মলিন-কু; To soil with smut; to blacken or tarnish:
ত. i. বুলে পরিণত-হ; বুল নাগা; To gather smut; to be converted into smut.

Smutch, v. f. বুল লাগান; মলিন-কু; To blacken, as with root:-- ম. দাগ; মল; A strain.

Smutty, smuti, a. বুল বালা কলছিত; মলিল; ছেতো-পড়া; Stained with smut:—অস্লীল; Obscene. s=smuttiness, ad=smuttily. Snack, n. ৰংশ; ভাগ; A share; a slight;— ভাডাভাড়ি আৰ-পেটা আহায়; A hasty meal.

To go snacks-will dest !

Snaffle, snuffl, s. বল্পা; বলীল; Bridle consisting of a slender mouth-bit:—v. f. বলীৰ বাৰা বন্ধ-কু; To bridle.

Snag, snag, ক. মুডিড পাৰা; কুল পাৰা; A short branch:—An abrupt projection:—গাইট; A knot:—উপাত গত্ত; গত্ত গাঁড; A tooth, specially one projecting beyond the rest. essnagged.

Snaggy, Snagged, a. অভিবহন ; Full of snags :
—কোধন , চটা।

Snail, snail, n. শব্ৰ; পামুক; সেড়ি; A slimy crawling insect with a shell; a creeping mollusc:—অবন ব্যক্তি, Sluggish person.

At snails pace, At a snail's gallon — কভি
আতে; আতি থাতে গৈতে; Very slowly. [of serpent.
Snake, snak, n. নগ; দাপ. নাগ; ভুজা; A kind
Snake in the grass, n. ভঙ্গাকু; ভুগাকুগিত ভুগাক; A secret foc. [snake of its hole.
Snake out—টানিয়া বাহিত্ত-কু; Drag or draw, as a

Snake-bite—দৰ্গ-দংশন। Scake-catcher, n. দাপুড়ে , অহিতৃতিক।

Snake-gourd, n. (1)-[17], [6]59]

Snake-root—সংগর উৰ্ণি।

Snake-sacrifico—বর্গযন্ত। Snake-stone, n. বিষ-পাধ্ব।

Snaky, snaki, a. দৰ্শন্য; দৰ্শনং; Full of snakes:
—চক্ত ; ধুৰ্ত ; শঠ; Winding ; cunning ; deceitful.

সারচ্য, কার্য, পোনালার ; decentral.

সারচ্য, snap, v. గ. হঠাৎ শুক-কু; মট্ করিয়া ভালা।

To break short or at once; to crack:—কট্ করিয়া
কামড়ান: হঠাৎ কামডান, ১ট কবিয়া-বু; To bite or
seize suddenly:—হুড়া-বে; মটকান; To pull a trigger:—v. ঃ. হঠাৎ শুক-হ, মট করিবা ভালিয়া-বা; To
break short:—কামডাইডে-বা; কামড়াইবার চেট্টা-কু;

To try to bite.—রপুন-বরের বাকন প্রিয়া লক্ত্র; কু,
সংস্যা লক্ষ্যক্রের শুক্ :—কামড়, অসুলি লক্ত্র; কু,
কু, নহর্মা লক্ষ্যক্রের জ্ব:—কামড়, অসুলি লক্ত্র; কু,
কুট্ ;—উৎসাহ; Briskness; vigour; energy:—
কুট্ড লাটো বা ভালা. A small catch or lock:—
কুটাং করিয়া লক্ত্র; চার্কের শুক; The act of snapping or the sound made by it:—বঙ্গ; টুক্রা। n

Snapper (শুক্রব্রুর)। Syn:—(n) Bite, seize,
grip; crack.

Snap at—সত্ত কৰিছাৰ; Bite quickly at :-- আছে-পূৰ্বাক গ্ৰহণ-কু; To accept eagerly.

Snap off-Bite off suddenly.

Snap one's fingers— St.-(W; Treat with contempt; make a sound with the thumb and the middle finger.

Snap one's fingers at, Snap one's fingers in the face of — তুজি দিয়া উডাইয়া-দে; অবজা বাৰ্ণনিক; অবাহ-ক; Defy; express one's contempt for. Snap up—সভয় গিলিয়া কেলা; Swallow quickly:— কটু বাক্য বলা; Treat with sharp words:—ইটাই বাধা-দে; Interrupt suddenly.

Snap-dragon — লতা বিশেষ; A plant: — বীড়া বিশেষ, A Christmas game. [ with a catch. Snap-lock, \*\*. এক অকাৰ ডালা; A lock shutting Snappish, snap'ish, a. বংশৰ-বীল; সংশ্ৰকাৰক; Eager to bite; apt to snap:— মিটাবটি; বাই; Sharp in reply; peevish. ad = snappishly, \*\*\* snappishness. Snare, snār, s. বাঁদ; পাল, জাল; Anything by which one is entrapped; a noose:—v. t. জালে বরা; বাঁদে কেলা; পালাবন্দ; To catch with a snare; to insnare; to trap:—প্ৰকৃত্ব; To allure, s=snare. a=snary. Syn:—(s) Net, springe, toil, noose, trap.

Lay a snare for #10 ? Lay a trap to catch one; form plans or take any steps with

view to endanger one.

Snarl, snarl, n. কুৰ্বের সাম ডাক; কুছ ক্ক্বের গর্জন; Sharp growl of a dog:—কটা; ডট; গোলমাল; গাঁপর; ন্মট; Entanglement; difficulty:—n. i. কুরের স্থায় শব-ক; কুছ কুক্রের মত গর্জন-ক; কর্মশ নাক্য কহা; To make a noise like a dog; to growl as a snurly dog:—n. t. জড়িড-ক; জটিল-ক; To entangle. Syn:—(n) Gnarl, grumble, snap; complicate, embarrass.

Snarling, a. गर्कनकाती :-- v. n. गर्कन ।

Snatch, snach, v.t. কাডিবা-ল; ভিনাইঘা-ল; সহ্লা-গ;
To catch eagerly; to seize hastily:—v.i. ভিনিঘা
লইয়া খাইবার চেট্টা-ফু; পাকডাইতে চেট্টা-ফু; To try to
seize histily:—n. কাডিয়া লাভন; পাকডা-করণ; ধৃতকবণ; Hasty catch or seizing:—কণন্তায়ী মুড্টা
Short fit:—ফুড গমন; Hasty repast:—টুক্রা;
খণ্ড; ছিট্টাট্; A small piece. Syn:—(v) Twitch,
pluck, pull; catch, grasp, gripe, clutch.

By enatches—ধানিক ধানিক কৰিয়া, By short fits:

— त्रा प्रापा ; For short periods.

Sneak, snek, v. i. গুড়িসড়ি মাধিবা বাওৱা বা জালা; চুপে চুপে পলাবন-কু; সরিমা পড়া; To creep or steal away privately:—n. নীচ লোক; জীক ব্যক্তি; A mean servile fellow. Syn:—(n) Slink, skulk, lurk; crouch, truckle, fawn.

Sneaking, a. নীচ; ইতৰ; পাৰি; Mean:—

গোপনকারী। ad - sneakingly.

Sneer, sner, v. i. [L. snort, to laugh loudly]
মূধ দেট্কাল; নাক জুলিবা বা মূধ দিট্কাইয়া অপ্রদা
প্রধান-কৃ: হেরজ্ঞান-কৃ; অবজ্ঞা প্রকাশ-কৃ: To show
contempt by look or by turning up the nose;
peer; to insinuate contempt:—n. মূধ দেট্কাল;
গান্তা; উপহাস; অবজ্ঞা; Jeer; contemptous grin; a
look of contempt; ridicule. n=sneerer ( অবজ্ঞাকারী)। Syn:—(v) Scoff, gibe, mock, scout.

Sincer at—নাক মুধ সিট্কাইবা অবজ্ঞা প্ৰকাশ-ক; Show contempt by turning up the nose or by a particular expression of the face.

Sneering, c. অবজা বা বিজ্ঞাপত্যক। ad -- sneeringly (অবজাপুৰ্বক)।

Sneeze, snez, v. i. হাচা; হাচি; To omit air rapidly and audibly through the nose:—π. হাচি; Act of sneezing; a sneezing.

Not to be sneezed at— ৰূপ্ৰাছ কৰিবাৰ নহে।
Sneezing, n. হাঁচি; হাঁচক। [বা আঘাত।
Snick, v. t. আৰু কাঁচা বা আঘাত-কু:—n. অন্ধ কৰ্ত্তন
Sniff, snif, v. t. নিখানের সহিত টানা; নাস-টানা;
আপ-পা; To draw in with the breath through the
nose:—v. t. নাস-স: জোৱে নিখাস টানা; আপ-পা;
Snuff; to scent.

Snip, snip, n. কৰ্তন; কাটন; A single cut as with scissors:—ছোট হাডুড়ি:—v. t. কাটি দিলা কাটা;
To cut off at once with the scissors:—কৰ্তন-ফু;
ছাটা; কাটিলা দেলা; ছাটিলা কেলা; To cut off.

To go snips-क्ष न करता ।

Snipe, snip, n. গদিবিশেষ; কালা-বোঁচা পানী;
A bird with a long bill:—নিকোঁথ লোক; A fool.
Snipe-nose, n. Long nose, like the bill of
the snipe.
| dialogue:—a. Quick.
Suip-snap, n. উত্তৰ কাটাকটি; বাগবৃদ্ধ; Smart
Snivel, snivl, n. বাদিকা হইতে গদি নিগনন; Running at the nose:—v. i. শিকনি পড়া; নাকে করা;
বিকনি নিগত-হ; To run at the nose:—বালকের বড
কালা, To cry, as a child, n-sniveller (বাকে
বোধনকারী);

Sniveller, n. রেখা-নি:ক্লনী, One who prone to snivelling:—সামাক্ত কারণে ক্রন্সকারী; One who

weeps for slight causes.

Snob, snob, n. ভদ্ৰাপুকারী ইতর সোক; নীচ লোক বে ভন্ত বালিয়া পরিচিত ইইতে চাহে, ফতো বাবু, A vulgar person, esp. one who apes gentility; affected puppy, an upstart:—চর্মকাব; A journeyman; shoe-maker:—আর বেতনগাঁথী কারীকর।

Snoblish, n. কডোৰাবুৰ মত। ad=snoblishly. n= snoblishness ( কুল্লবাৰা; কডোৰাবুগিরি)।

Snood, n. কুনারীর কেশ-বন্ধনী ফিডা; The fillet bind's a maiden's hair. [ আছ নিলো; A nap. Snooze, v. i. অল নিলো-বা, যুমান; To dose:—n. Snore, snore, n. নানিকাঞ্জনি; নাক ভাকা, A noisy breathing in sleep:—v. i. নিজিভাবছার নানিকাঞ্জনি-কু; নাক ভাকান, To breathe roughly and hoarsely in sleep. n=snorer.

Snort, snort. v. i. বোড়ার মত নাকের নক ক; To force the air with violence and noise through the nose as horses:—n. বোটকবং নাসিকানক। n = snorter.

Snot, n. নাকের পোঁটা; পিকনি; Muscus of the nose:—নীচ লোক; Mean person. a=snotty.

Snout, snowt, n. প্ৰাণিত্ব প্ৰা নাক; প্তনি, গুণ্ড; কুড়; The long projecting nose of a beast, as of swine:—( অবজ্ঞানে ) মাপুবের নাক।

Snow, sno, n. তুবার; বরক (বাহা আকাপ হইতে পতিত হর); Frozen watery vapour .—v. i. তুবার পড়া; বরক পড়া; To fall in snow:—v. i. তুবার মত বিস্তুত-হ; To scatter like snow.

It anows—बदक शिंदरहा ।

Bnow-ball, n. বরকের ডেনা বা ভাল।

Snow-blindness, n. তুবাৰ প্ৰভাৰাৰা ৰই দৃষ্টি; হিষা ৰড়া; Blindness cause by the light reflection from snow. a=snow-blind (হিষাৰ)।

Snow-bound अ- प्राप्तात्क।

Snow-capped, n. তুবার-মঞ্চিত ৷

Snow-drift, sno'drift, n. नात्रशासिक ध्रानानि ; A bank of snow driven together by the wind.

Snow-drop, snodrop, n. ফুলবং বেতপুপ উদ্ভিদ বিশেষ; A bulbous rooted plant:—পুপা বিশেষ। Snow-flake, n. তুৰান-কণিকা।

Snow-line, ন. চির ত্বার বেবা; The line upon a mountain marking the limit of perpetual snow.

Snow-plough, sno plow, দ. পৰ বা বেলপৰ ছইতে ত্বাব পৰিকার করিবার লাকলার বস্ত্র ; A machine like a plough for clearing away the snow from road or railways.

Snow-shoe, sno'shoo, n. বরকের উপর বেড়াইবার জুতা, তুবার পাছকা; Shoe for snow.

Snow-alip, sno'slip, n. ভুষার পাত ; ( পর্বাত-পার্বে )

बुराइ-प्राच ; Avalanche of snow ; a mass of snow which slips down a mountain's side.

Snow-white, c. ज्वात-परण ; जाना (यन दतक।

Snowy, snoi, a. বরকের স্থায় ওর; White like snow:--প্ৰিৱ; নিম্ম্ব ; Pure; spotless:--- ছুবাৰ-মন্ধ : Abounding or covering with snow.

Snub, snub, v. r. ভিৰম্বার-ড়; ধমকান; কাবান; To reprimand:—আগা আজিয়া-বে; ভাটিবা কেলা; To break off the end of; to put down:—দমন-ড়; To check:—n. কাঠের গাঁইট; Knot in wood:—ভিৰম্বার, ধমক; Check; reprimand. Syn:—(v) Nip, prune, dock; rebuke; humiliate.

Snub-nose, snubnoz, n. চাাপটা নাক; বাণা নাক; A short or flat nose. a-snub-nosed ( বাণা : ৰত-

नानिक।)

Snuff, snuf, n. নস্ত: নাস: Powdered tobacco or other substance to be taken through the nose:—বাতির পীয়: The charred part of a candle-wick:—v. f. আলাণ-ল. গছে অনুভব-তৃ: To draw into the nose; to smell:—বাতি কাটা; বাতির পীর কাটিবা-লে, To crop off the snuff, as of a candle:—বিনত্ত-জৃ:—v. s. নস্ত-ল; জোরে নাক দিরা বায় টানা; বাকে টানিবা-ল; To snuff; to draw in air violently through the nose.

Snuff out-निकान-क ; विमहे क ; Extinguish.

Take enuff-नमा-ल।

To snuff pepper—निवड-३। [ anger. Took it in snuff—क्षिप महस्रात-न : Took it in

Up to snuff-विज्ञान ; हजून ; Not likely to be imposed upon ; acute ; knowing.

Snuff-box, snuf-boks, n. बरमाइ कोडी; बमा-

Snuffer, snuffer, n. pl. বাহিৰ পীৰ কাটা বন্ধ . ভল-ভন্নাস; An instrument for cropping the charred top of a candle.

Snuffle, snuffl, v. i. নাসিকা দিবা কটে নিযাস কেলা; নাক দিয়া কোরে নিযাস কেলা; To breathe hard through the nose:—নাকে কথা কলা, To speak through the nose:—n. ছল কবিয়া নাকি করে কথা; নাকি-দম্ম; An affected nasel twising:—বলে নিযাস ত্যাগ।

Snuffles, n. Obstuction of the nose by mucus. Snuffy, snuffi, a. ন্যা-দূবিত; ন্যা-কলভিড; Soiled

with or smelling of, snuff.

Snug, snug, a. আবৃত এবং উক্চ: আঁটার্সোটা ও পরম; Close and warm:—সরার্শ; Closely pressed:— মৌধীন; পরিজ্ঞদ সহজে পরিকার:—বৃক্তানিত; Concealed:—বজ্ঞদ; আরামজনক; Neat and comfortable:—৩. i. বেঁদিয়া আরামে থাকা বা বসা, To lie close. n=snugness (বজ্জ্জা; আরামের অবস্থা)। Syn:—(a) Close, compact, comfortable.

Snugly, ad. আরামে ; নিকিছে !

So, sō, ad. এইকগ; ডড; এবড; এইজড়; In like manner; to such a degree; thus; therefore:—সেইলগ; তাৰ্ণ; এবডে; ওবে; In that case; provided that; be it so:—conj, ভবে; অভনেব; ভাইডে;—inj. বব; খাব।

And so on—ইসাদি।

Be it so- এমত হউক।

It is so ?— गडा बांकि ?

Or so-wis sixistic fex; (Joined with some number) or thereabouts (used of money or time).

Bo and so— আৰুক ব্যক্তি; আৰুক আৰুক ; আৰুক আৰুক ব্যক্তি; A certain person, not mentioned by name; such a person; such persons:——আই এইকণ; এমন এমনতাঃ; Of such and such a kind.

Bober '

৪০ ৪৪—বে; এতাদুশ বে।

So be it—ভানই ; ভগান্ত।

So far ততনুর পর্যায়। [fects, or relates to. So far as concorns—So far as interests af-So far forth—এত বেশী পরিমাণে; To such a degree; as far. [ নাই।

So far so good—ৰে টুকু বটিলাছে ভালতে আপত্তি So forth—এইৰণ আৰe, More of a like kind.

So long-ভাবংকাল।

So much—ভাবং পৰিমাণে।

So much as पड्डे अधिक ; However much.

So much so—এডটা; এক জৰিক; To such a degree, to that extent or degree so, used with that, coming after.

So much the better—আবে ভাল ; Still better. So much the worse—আবে মন ; Still worse.

Bo on — ইত্যাদি, সেইকপ অক্সান্ত নিবৰে; Etcetra; the same case is the case with all the rest:—এবং-বিব অন্ত বিবৰে; Further in the same manner.

So-so—মাথামাথি রক্ষের; অমনি এক রক্ষা (বড় ভালও নহে, বড় নম্পত্ত নহে), Indifferently; moderately, tolerably well:—Indifferent,—Much as one was. So soon as—হইবামাত্র; Immediately at or after at event.

So that—এইজন্ত বে; এই হইলেই বৰেষ্ট হটল; Provided that:—ডাহার কলে, তাব কল এই বে; The consequence of which is that.

So then—ভজ্ঞ ; ভবে এখন ; জডএখ ; Therefore. The more so as—এইলড় আৰও বে ; More especially because ; an additional reason being.

So to speak—বলিতে গেলে একখা যদি দোষের না হয়; যদি এমন কথা বাবহাব করিলে কোন দোষ না হয়; If such language is fitting and strictly correct, if I may say so, if such an expression may be used.

Soak, sok, v. f. [A. S. socian, to soak] ভিজাইবা বাধা; ভিজান; নিজ-ড়; আর্ত্র-ড়, Wet thoroughly; to steep in a fluid; to drench:—টানিয়া-জ; লোবণ-ড়; To draw in by the pores:—v. i. নিজ-ড়; To be steeped in fluid. \*\*soaker, soakage (লোবণ কর্ম; শোবিত অবা)। a=soaking (আর্ত্র-কারা)) Syn:—Macerate, steep, wet.

Boap, sop, n. নাবাৰ; A compound of oils or fats with exides, used in washing:—v. t. নাবাৰ বাবা খোড বা পরিকার-কু; নাবান নাবান; To rub or wash with soap.

Sospetone, শ. নৰৰ প্ৰথম বিশেষ ; A soft magne-Sospy, sop'i, a. সাধানের মন্ত ; Like a soap ; resembling soap. n=soapiness.

Soar, sor, v. i. डेर्ड् डेड्डॉन-१ ; উक्र डेड्रा ; To fly aloft. Syn :--Mount, ascend, tower.

Bob, sob, v. i. বার্থ নিবাস ত্যাস-কু; গভীর নিবাস কেলা; To sigh in a convulsive manner:—n. বার্থ দিবাস; Convulsive sigh.

Sober, a. so'ber, a. বিভাগরী; বিভগারী; পানাধি সম্বাদ নাবধান; Habitually temperate; not drunk; abstemious:—এনাড; লাড; Quiet; calm:—সংবৃত্ত; অপ্রবৃত্ত; Not mad; not wild or passionate —নিয়মিড; Regular:—ধীর, দ্বিবৃত্তি; ৰথাৰ ; Grave ; sedate :— চ. f. বিভগায়ী-ৰ ; বৰজা হয়ত বুজি-ক ; হিব-ক ; To make sober ; to cure of intoxication :— চ. i. আৰম্ভ হ ; হিব-ই ; To make sober. Syn :— (a) Abstinent, abstemious ; moderate, collected, staid, dispassionate, calm, self-possessed, reasonable, cool ; solemn. Sober down—হিব-ই ; অকৃতিম্ন ই ; To become steady and serious in demeanour.

Soberly, ad. ধীৰভাবে ; হিৰভাবে ; অধানত হইবা। Sober-minded, a. ধীৰ ; শান্ত ; হিৰচিত। Soberness, n. হিৰডা ; গান্তীৰ্য্য ; Calmness. Sober reality—হিৰাবহা ; Serious fact or

Bobbing, n. বিলাপ ; কোপানি।

condition.

Sobriety, sub. e-te, n. বিভাগবিতা; বিভাগব : The state or habit of being sober; habitual soberness or temperance:—হিন্নতা; ধীনতা; পাত্তীৰ্ঘ; শেশস্থান ; Calminess; seriousness; grav-... Syn:—Abstimence, abstemiousness; moderation, regularity, steadiness; coolness, sedateness; seriousness, solemnity.

Sobriquet, sō-bri-kā, n. অবজাস্চক নাম; ক্রিড নাম; উপনাম; A nickname; an assumed name. Socago, n. ইংলভের কার্মীর বিশেষ; A tenure of

ands in England.

So-called—তথা-কণিত; তথাম খ্যাত; That which called so but is not so in reality; called by such a name; so-named. [চরত্ব; Good fellowship. Sociability, n. সঙ্গীলতা; সংসর্গ-এবণতা; স্থসত্ব Sociable, তৌsha-bl. a. সমাজ্ঞার; মন্তব্ধ, মুন্তব্দ স্থানাপী, Inclined to society; willing to associate; companionable; conversable:—n. সাড়ী বিশেষ। n-sociableness, ad—sociably.

Booial, sū'she-al, a. [L. socialis, from socius, a companion] সমাজ-সম্মানির; সামাজিক; Pertaining to society; relating to general interests of society:—মিতক; আলামী, সভ্য; মামাসিলিম; Sociable; convival. ad=socially, ম=socialis, socialisess. Syn:—Civil, civic; companionable, conversible, familiar; festive, convival Booial science, n. সমাজবিজ্ঞান; Sociology.

The social evil or vice—লাপটা; বেশ্বাবৃত্তি:

Libertinism; prostitution. Socialise, so'shal-īz, ए. t. সামাজিক-কু; সামাজিক

অবস্থার পরিণত-কৃ; To render social; to reduce to a social state.

Socialism, ». 'সমাজে সকলেরই সমাল অধিকার' এই মত; সমাজ-সামালাদ; A theory for regenerating society by a more equal distribution of property, and especially by substituting the principle of association for that of competition; reorganisation of society.

Socialist, n. 'সমাজে সকলের সমান অধিকার' এই ব্ভাবল্বী বাজি; An advocate of socialism. [social.
Sociality, n. সামাজিকডা; The quality of being
Society, so-si'e-te, n. [L. societas, from
socius, a companion সমাজ; সভা; Social union;
community:—সংসর্গ; সভ; Fellowship:—বর্জসম্প্রায়; A religious body. Syn:—Public;
association, party-intercourse, companionship.
society verses—সাধারণের বন্যোগ্রহণকারী কবিভা

ৰা পৰা; Verses for the amusement of politic society; the lightest kind of lyrical poetry.

Bocinian, so-sińi-an, ম. বীপ্ৰটের বেৰভাগির অধীকারকারী; One who holds Jessus Christ to be a man and nothing more:—a. উজ্জন্তবাৰ; Pertaining to Society.

Socinianiam, so-sini-an-izm, গ. সনিসমের ধর্ম-নীতি; The doctriness of Socinus.

Sociology, n. natis-famin; und-natises; The science which treats of human society. s=sociological.

Sock, sok, n. ছোট খোলা; A kind of half stocking:—আভিনেতাবের পাছকা বিশেষ; মটের জুতা; Shoe of ancient comedians:—মিলনাত্ম নাটক, Comedy. Socket, soket, n. শামাদানের বাতী-বরা; The hollow of a candle-stick:—চুলি; Short tube to hold any thing:—চকুগজর; কোটর, গর্ভ; বোল; Receptacle of the eye:—নজের গর্ভ; Hollow of tooth. Socratio, so-kratik, Socratical, so-kratik-al,

socratic, so-kralik, Socratical, so-kralik-al, a. সকেতিস্ সম্পীয়; Belonging or pertaining to Socrates. ad=socratically.

Socratism, m. Philosophy of Socrates.

Socratist, n. সক্তেতিসের অনুচর; Follower of Socrates.

Bod, n. ঘাসের চাকচা; Turf; clod of grass:—
শাবল:—v. t. চাবড়া দিরা আচ্ছাদিড-কৃ; To cover
with rod:—a. চাবড়া ছারা নিশ্বিড; Made of sod.
Bod, p. t. of Seethe.

Soda, so'da, n. কার বিশেষ; Ovide of the metal sodium. [পানীর; A drink. Soda-water, so'da-waw'ter, n. পানার্থ কার-জন;

Sodden, a. দিছ; Boiled. pre-seethe. Soddy, sodi, a. বাদের চাবড়াবিশিষ্ট; Turfy;

covered with sod. [ soda. Sodium, so'di-um, n. ৰাড় বিশেষ: The base of Sodomite, sodom-ii, n. ৰাড় বিশেষ: The base of Sodomite, sodom:—পুলৰ-প্ৰনামী: An inhabitant of Sodom:—পুলৰ-প্ৰনামী: আভিগ্যনকামী: One guilty of sodomy. a—sodomitical, ad=sodomitically.

Sodomy, sodom-i, দ. অধাহাৰিক পুৰুৰে গ্ৰন অপন্নাথ, Unnatural crime; unnatural copulation. Soever, ad. বা কেন হউক না; বে কেন হউক না।

Sofa, n. ব্যিষ্ক চেযার; পর্বাক; A long stuffed couch : long soft easy seat.

Soft, soft, e. অকটন; নরম ; ডলডলে; Not hard; not rough:—মৃত্র; নরম , Mild:—শাস্ত; নম ; Gentle:
—হৈণ; ত্রীমভাব ফুলভ; Effeminate:—মৃত্রু; Easy:
—মিঠা; নমুর; Sweet:—নমনীর; বাতস্ব; Malleable:—মৃত্রুতি; Gentle in motion:—অলমণান্ত; Free from salt, as water:—adv. মৃত্তুতাব; আতে আতে: বারে বারে; Gently; quietly:—interj. চুপ; দ্বির কুও; Be soft, hold; not so fast. n=softness (মৃত্তুতা, কোমলতা) । Syn:—(a) Impressible, susceptible, yielding, plastic, pliable, smooth, delicate, fine; weak, tender, gentle; simple, silly; quiet, easy, light; mellifluous.

Soften, sof'n, w.t. নর্ব-কু; কোমল-কু; To make soft or softer:—লগু-কু; ক্র-কু; লাব্ব-কু; Pallicate:—v.i. কোমল-কু; গলা; ক্রা; To grow soft or softer. n=softener.

Soft goods—1319 | [ intellect. Soft-headed, a. 17196; Having a weak

Soft-hearted, a. प्रार्जिक ; क्यांग-कृत्य ; दिनव . Having a tender heart ; meek.

Soft-money—ৰেটাৰি কাগনী টাকা; Paper money, as distinguished from coin.

Soft-sawder-celetrate : Flattery.

Soft-water, n. विशेषण ; त्र करन मार्यात्नत्र त्रणी स्त्र । Soho, inj. शहर ; स्ट्रा ।

8011, soil, ল. মৃতিকা; মাটা; ত্মি; Ground; earth:
—লেশ; Country:—মল; ম্বরলা; Dirt, stain,
dung:—গলি; সার; The mould on the surface
of the earth which furnishes nutriment of
plants:—ए. १. মহলা-তু; বিলিন-তু; To pollute; to
stain:—মান-মে. To manure:—ए. ১. মন্ত্রিত-তু;
To tarnish. Sym:—(৩) Dirty, toul, defile, begrim, benire, bespatter, be-meat, contaminate.

Mative soil, n. ক্ষ্ভুনি। Soil pipe—মনের নল।

Take soil-পদে পিরা পড়া

Soiree, swa'ra, n. নাজনেমিতি, নাথাক নতা: নাজন সভা: An evening party, a public meeting with refreshments.

Sojourn, so'jurn, v. i. অলকালেৰ জন্ত অবস্থাৰ-কু; ধ্ৰামী-তু; To dwell for a time — n অনকাণের জন্ত আবৃত্বিতি; প্ৰবাস, Temporary abode, n—sojourner (প্ৰবাসী)। Syn:—(n), Tarry, abide, stay, quarter, lodge, rest.

Solace, solas, n. সাধ্যা, উপদাধি, প্রবেধ ; Comfort in distress, relief; consolation:—v. f. সাধ্যা-ক; পাছ-ক; কছদ্য-ক : To console, to comfort in grief; to ally. Syn:—Encourage, enliven, assuage, alleviate.

Solar, so'lar, a. [L. sol, the sun ] त्यानकाव ; लाब : Relating to the sun, pertaining to the sun.

A solar month—সৌৰ মান। Solar dynasty—প্ৰাৰংশ।

Solar eclipse - ?41354 !

Solar-goose, n. সামুদ্ধিক প্ৰিবিশেষ; The garnet Solar year -সৌর বংসর; Year as measured by the apparent motion of the sun in the heavens either astronomical or civil

The solar system, n. chases, The sun together with the group of celestral bodies, which held by its attraction, revolve around it.

Bold, pt. and pp. of sell.

Solder, sol'der, v. f. জনটি-কু: সংযুক্ত-কু, পাইন ছারা বোটা; ঝালা, সারা; To cement, to unite the surfaces of by the intervention of a lusible metal; to mend:—n. পাইন, ঝাৰন, ঝান, A metallic coment.

Soldior, sulfer, n. দৈয় : দৈনিক : বোছা , Fighting man in an army , one engaged in military service; warrior.

Cone the old soldier over one—কাহাকে Soldier-like, söl'jéi-lik, Soldierly, siiljér-li, a. সৈত্ৰৰ: মৈনিক মদুৰ, Like a soldier —সাহ্যিক, প্রাক্তৰণাকী; বীৰোচিত, Brave, martial.

Soldiership, söljér-ship, n. যুদ্ধস্থাীৰ নিপুৰ্তা, বণশাভিত্য; বাৰ্ত্তিক গুণপা); Maiiial skill, military qualities.

Soldiery söljer-1, n. সৈত্তসমূহ , দৈনিক-দল , The body of military men ; soldiers collectively. Sole, ১টা, n. শারের তলা , প্ৰতলঃ I he bottom of the feet; the underside of the feet:—সুভার কৰা;
The bottom of a shoe:—সাব্দিক কলে; A marine fish:—a. একসাত্র; একক; Only; single:—
ক্ৰিনাইড; Unmarried:—v. i. ক্তার কলা লাকাল;
To furnish with a sole. Sym:—(s) Individual;
alone, solitary, singular.

Solecism, sole-sizm, ম. ব্যাক্যণ জ্বা; জাবাদ নাতি-দুইডা; অপ্রয়োগ; Using words in a wrong construction; a violation of the rules of syntax. Solecist, sole'-sist, ম. অসুচিত পদ্ধয়োগ কর্ত্তা; One who commits a solecism.

Solecistic, sole-sistic, Solecistical, a. আছম্ব:
আবিজয়: অসমত ; Incorrect; incongruous. adm solecistically. [সম্প্রপে: Only. alone; singly. Solely, solli, ad. পেবল; একবাত্ত: আহিন্তার ভাবে; Solemn, solem. a. পেবিত্ত: Holy; sacred:—জভি-নান; ভজিভাবাপত্ত: Devout:—ভরানক; Awful; গভীন; শুক্ত: Affectedly grave:—বৈধ, বৰ্ষাৰ্থ; Serious—স্বাৰ্থন বান স্থানিত; Attended with an appeal of God. ad-solemnly. n=solemnness. Syn:—Formal, ritual, ceremonial, religious.

Solemn occasions—উৎসৰকাৰ। (সংবাজা। Solemn procession—ভরতর কার্য সম্পাদনার্থ Solemn promise—ঈবরের ঘোহাই দিয়া বা সম্পাদ ক্বিয়া যে প্রতিজ্ঞা করা হয়। [বিধিপুর্কক। Solemnly, ad. গাড়ীবাভাবে , Gravely:—ব্যাবিদি;

Solemness, n. গভীৰতা , গৌৰব ; শুকুৰ ।

Solemnise, solem-niz, v. t. বধাণায় অবুটাৰ-ড়ঃ বিষস্কাৰ সম্পাদৰ-ড়, To perform religiously; to celebrate — শন্তীর-ড়; To render grave; to dignily. κ - solemniser, solemnisation.

Solemnity, so-lemne-te, n. পুণানিয়া; বৰ্ণৰ : A religious ceremony; inte :—গাঝাঝা; Gravity:— প্ৰিতা; বৈশতা, Sacredness:—আড়ম্ম, বাছাড্মম, বাছাড্ম

Solfa, ৩. s. ভান-ড়; সপ্তৰত্তে গাঁখ-কু; To sing the notes of the gamut.

Solfoggio, n. बहाराब . An exercise on the notes. Solicit, so-hin, v. t. आर्था - ; शका - ; राजा - ; To petition, to try or seek; to obtain; to ask carnestly. Syn.—Beseech, request, crave, supplicate, entreat, beg, implore, importune; invite.

Solicitant, so-licit-ant, n প্রাথনাকারী; One who Solicitation, so-lic-rta'chun, n সাসুনৰ প্রাথনা; স্বিন্দ্র প্রাথনা; ব্যক্তা; Earnest request, invitation. Solicitor, so-licit-or, n. উকাল বিশেষ, A lawyer; an attorney —প্রাথী; One who asks earnestly. Solicitor-general, n. ইংলাভেব ব্যক্তার ছিত্তীয় স্থান কর্মাণরা; In England, the second law-officer of the crown.

Solicitous, sō-lisit-us, a অভায় উক্ত্ৰ ; অভ্যাতি-বাৰী, প্ৰাপী ; Eager to obtain, very desirous ; anxious, careful. ad = solicitously. Syn :—Concerned, earnest, apprehensive, uneasy.

Solicitude, so-listedd, ম. আবহ; উবেৰ; উবেৰ; টবেৰ; টিয়া; Uneasiness of mind; anxiety; trouble. Solid, solid, a. কটিৰ; শক্ত; Compat; hard:— নিবেট; বাহা পুৰুষ্ঠ নহ; Not hollow; full of matter.—বুঢ়; Fum,—মুহ, Sound.—ব্যাই; ব্যাঃ True:—ভারী; Weighty:—বৰ; দৈব্য বিভাৰ বেণ-বিনিষ্ট; প্রকাল্য length, breadth and thickness: —ল. সংবাদ-কান কৰা; মূল পৰাৰ্থ; A solid substance. ad—solidly. m=solidness. Syn:—(a) Dense; strong, substantial, stable; valid.

Solid contents-प्य क्ल ।

Solid matter—বন সন্নিবিট মুদাকর ; বে অকর পর্জির ভিতরে ভিতরে পেত্ নাই ।

Solid square, n. A body of troops in the form of a square in which the ranks and files are equal.

Solidarity, n. সৰ-হৰম্প্ৰাণিতা; সম্পাৰ্থতা; এক-প্ৰতা; Oneness of interests; fellowship.

Solidification, n. ঘনীকৰণ; কটেনীকরণ; The act of making solid or hard.

Solidify, so-lidi-fi, v. f. (L. solidus, solid, and facio, to make) শস্ত-ড়; কটিল-ড়; ঘল-ড়; To make solid; to make compact:—v. i. কটিল-ড়; ঘল-ড়; ঘল-ড়;

Solidity, solid'i-ti, n. কাঠিয়; কঠিনতা; বনৰ; Solidness; hardness; density:—প্ৰতা; বৃচ্চা; Strength; firmness:—বৌলিকতা বা আমাণিকতা; ভুকতা; Soundness:—বন্দল; (In geometry) the solid content of a body.

Solidly, ad. মৃদ্ভাবে; খন করিয়া; Compactly. Solidness, ad. কাঠিছ; মৃদ্ভা, Solidity; density. Soliform, a. ব্যাসপুৰ; Resembling to sun.

Soliloguy, so-lilo-kwe, n, [ L. solus, alone, and logui, to speak ) বসত উদ্ধি; বগত বচন; আগনাপনি কথা; A talking to oneself.

Soliped, n. [L. solus, alone, pes, pedis, a foot] আপ্তিত পুন পত; An animal whose hoof is uncloven. a solipedous. [To speak to one's self. Solitaire, n. নিমন্ত ব্যক্তি; সর্যামী; One who lives alone; a recluse:—একাকী কণ্ড্ৰ-ক্ৰীড়া; A game played by one person with a board and balls.

Solitary, sole-tar-e, a. [L. solitarius, from solus, alone] একাকী; একক; দলীহীন; Lonely:— পারতাক্ত; Left alone:—এক; একমাত্র; Single, one:—বিক্ত; বির্জন; অনপুত্ত; Retired:—নির্জননানী; Living alone:—বিবাদমন; Gloomy:—n. নির্ভবনানী; দল্লানী; One who lives alone; a hermit. ad—solitarily. n=solitariness. Syn:—Lone; secluded, sequestered; deserted, uninhabited; sole, individual.

[বিরল মুইাড়।
Solitary instance—একটা মাত্র উপাহরণ; অভি

Solitary vice - रच-रेमपून ।

Solitude, sole-tud, n. [ L. solitude, from solus, alone ] একাকী বাদ; নিসেত্ৰতা; A lonely life:—
নিজনতা; একাকিই; Loneliness:—নিজন হাদ; নকভাত্তৰ; মুক্ত্ৰি; A lonely place; a desert. Syn:—
Seclusion. retirement, isolation; wilderness, desert. [ of the gamut.

Solmination, ন. বর-সাবন; A recital of the notes Solo, sō'lo. ন. [L. solus, alone] একলনের বর; এক বর, বে পান একাকী পীত হয়; বে লয় একটা বন্ধে উৎপাদিত হয়; A musical piece performed by a single voice or instrument. pl — solos.

Solstice, solstis, দ. অৱনাত-বিকু; বধন স্ব্য সক্ষ বা কণ্ট ৱাশীত হন; অৱন সন্ধি; জাতি; উত্তৰালণ সংক্ৰান্তি বা প্ৰিণাৰণ সংক্ৰান্তি; The point in the

ecliptic when the sun is farthest from the equator and seems to stand still; mid-summer; mid-winter.

Summer solstice—कर्की-नाकाहि । Winter solstice—कर्व-नाकाहि ।

Bolstitial, sol-sti-shal, a. অধান-স্বৰীয় ; অবলাত-শ্লীন ; Pertaining to, or happening at, a solstice especially at the north one.

Solubility, n. जननेत्रण ; Susceptibility of being dissolved in a fluid.

Soluble, solu'-bl, a. বাহা পলিয়া বায় ; জবনীয় ; Capable of being dissolved in a fluid. »—solubility; solubleness ( জবনীয়তা ; পলন্দীকতা )।

Solution, sol U'shun, n. [ L. solutio, from solvere, to loosen ] গলন; ফ্রীকরণ; The act of dissolving, especially a solid by a fluid:—বাগা; বিবৃত্তি; Explanation:—প্রজ্ঞা-সনাধান; প্রস্কান্যাংগা; Solving of a problem:—বিমেণ; জ্ঞা; Act of separating the parts of any body; disruption:—সংশাহ নিরাকণ: সংশাহ করন; Removal of doubt. Syn:—Separation, discerption, disconnection; melting, liquefaction; resolution, disentanglement; answer, key.

Solvable, solva-bl, a. [L. solvo, to dissolve] বাংবাবোগ; সমবেছ; নীমাংলা-বোগ; Capable of being solved; explained.

Solve, solv, o. t. कविया श्वित-कृ; ताथा।-कृ; त्वारेय।त्वः नमायान-कृ; मोमाःमा-कृ; To clear up; to explain; unfold. n=solver.

Solve a problem, a difficulty, a mystery or a question—সনভপ্রণ-তৃ; (ইবালি ভালা; নীবাংনা-তৃ; পৰিকার করিয়া-দে; Clear up what is obscure or difficult to be understood:—ক্ষিত পঞ্চ কৰিয়া বাহির-তৃ; Work out a mathematical problem.

Solvency, solven-si, n. সমস্ত ভাষ্য বাণ-লোগৰে কমতা; Ability to pay all just debts:—অর্থ-লাচ্বা; গ্ৰ-সম্পানতা; The state of being solvent. Solvent, solvent, a. ভাষক; দ্বাবশন্ম; Having power to dissolve:—সমস্ত বৰ পরিলোগনে সক্ষম; Able to pay all debts:—n. ভাষক গ্রাহণ প্রাধ; Anything that dissolves another.

Solvent condition—ৰক্তল অবস্থা। Somatology, n. নবৰেহ-বিদা ; ভড়-বিজ্ঞান। Somber, a. যোৱ; অন্ধ্যাসময়; তনসাজ্য ; Dark:

—বিবা; শেক্ষিক, Dismal. n=somberness, ad = somberly.

Sombre, somber, a. [L. sub umbra, under shade] নিজ্জ; জনসভ; বিষয়; বিষয়; বিষয়ায়; Dark; dusky; dull; gloomy; melancholy. n=sombreness. Syn:—Cloudy, shady, obscure, dismal; sad, mournful, lugubrious, funereal.

Some, sum, a. ৰত্তক, বিছু, More or less; moderate:—কোৰও; কোন কোন; Certain:—জনেক; বিশুর:—pro. কেহ কেহ; ৰত্তকন্তনি:—ad. কিব্নৎ শরি-মাণ; কডকটা; A little.

Some or one of these days-na; Hereafter; at some future time.

Some body, sumbod-i, n. কেই; কোৰত বাজি; Some one; unknown person:—ব্যাতনামা লোক; A person of a consideration.

Some-how, sumhow, ad. (क्ष धकांद्र : क्ष्म कृतिया ; In some way or other.

Son of Meptune - vifev ; Seaman.

Some how, Some other—বে কোৰ প্ৰকারে; কোনৰ না কোনৰ প্ৰকারে ; In one way or another. Somersault, sumer-sawlt, Somerset, sumerset, n. छईगांव गचन , देखा किन्वाकी ; उन्हां किन्वाको , Leap in which the heels are over head. Something, sumthing, n. (कान कि ; कि ; ₩ ♥ ♥ ♥ A portion, an indefinite quantity : ad. क्रिश् अविमान ; क्षकी ; बक्टू ; In some degree. [ erent. Something else-with fee, Something diff-Sometime, sumtim, ad. 44 नगरा ; 44मा ; 44-यांत्र , (कांनड नमत्र ; Once ; at one time or other : --- c. পূৰ্বাতন ; Past. [ the past. Bometime ago-किइकान श्रास ; At a time in Sometimes, sumtime, ad. मर्या मर्या ; क्यन क्यन ; ন্ধর স্থার; Now and then; at one time; at times, an indeterminate quantity or degree. Somewhat, sumhwot, pro. वर्शकिक, अक्टू; व्यनिषिष्ठे भवित्रान ; Something :- adv. क्विश्भवित्रार ; कडकी ; In some degree. Somewhere, sumhwar, ad. কোনও ছানে; কোন मा (कान ছारन, In one place or another. Somewhere about-निक्छ ; In the vicinity. Somewhere or other--(कांबर ना (कांबर कांदन । Somewhither, sumhwith-er, ad. (कान कारन; ৰোধাৰ ; To some place. Somnambulate, som-nambū-lat, v. i. [ L. somnus, sleep, and ambulo, atum, to walk ] বিদ্রাবস্থার অমণ-কু, To walk in sleep. n=somnambulation. In sleep Somnambulio, a. निर्मावकांत्र अवर्गनील ; Walking Somnambulism, som-nambu-lizm, n. fati-बहात व्यव ; बदाहिन ; The act or practice of walking in sleep. Somnambulist, som-nambū-list, n. निजिन-ৰন্থায় অসপকারী, নিজাচর, স্বন্নাটনকারা, A sleepwalker. a = somnambulistic. Somniferous, som-mifer-us, a. [ L. somnus, sleep, and fero, to bring ] निकासन , Bringing or causing sleep. Somnific, a. fauira, Causing sleep. Somniloquence, n. নিঞিতাবহার হমণ, The act of walking in sleep. Somniloquist, n. निकाकांगी; One who talks in sleep. [ talk in sleep. Somniloquous, a. নিয়াকালে ভাৰণপ্ৰায় ; Apt to Somnolence, somno-lens, Somnolency, somno-len-si, n. বিদ্রাপুতা, বিদ্রাকরণ , Sleepiness , inclination to sleep, drowsiness. Somnolent, somno-lent, a. निर्मान, Sleeply inclined to sleep. Son, sun, n. পুত্র; তনব , ছেলে, A male child :-pl. रामक , रामक , Descendant .- वरन , निया , A disciple: - अधिनात्रों , Native of a land; inhabitant. feg=daughter. Son of Apollo-ক্ৰি, গায়ক: Poet; musician. Son of Belial-শাণী লোক; Wicked man. Son of Crispin-54414; Shoe-maker. Son of Esculapins of Galen - रेन्स्, Medical man. [ Christ Son of God-( वंडोन गड ) जेबातन श्रम बीखबंड,

Son of Man-मन्दान्तरम व्यक्तीन वाक्युष्ट ।

Son of the morning—अवन्यति ; Traveller. Son of Woden or of Mars-178; Soldier. Son's daughter—लोजी Bon's son--(शोज। Sonata, so-nā'ta, n. वादिक चढ़; Tune for instrument only; a musical composition for one. Sonant, a. [L. sono, to sound] मुस्दिश्न: শুষ্টোভারিত ; Sounding. Song, song, n. [ A. S. song, from singan, to sing ] शान , भेड ; That which is sung : - कविडा ; গাৰা; Poem; ballad; poetry:—ভুল্ বভঃ A mere trifle. Syn :- Canticle, carol, canzonet, ditty, lay, strain, hymn. For a song-किट्टर ना निता रनियान एव ; अञ्च करत ; बाब गुरना , मदा ; For a mere trifle ; very cheaply. Sing a song- नान ना ना : Utter melodious sounds with the voice. Song-bird, m. 內部, Thruch, bird that sings. Songster, song'ster, n. 1144; One who sings; the bird that sings :- fem=(পক) সৰকো) songtress ( गांदिका शिक्षी ), ( मनुवा गवरक ) sanger. Soniforous, a. अवश्यान, Sounding. Son-in-law, suń-in-law, n. জামাতা; জামাই, Daughter's husband, the husband of daughter. Bonless, a. অপুত্র , পুত্রহান , Childless Sonnet, sonet, n. नाया, म्हूर्यनमधी कविडा ; A poem of fourteen lines .- v. s. कविका वहना क: To compose. [ कांडी ; A composer of sonnets Sonneteer, son-et-टर', n हर्ड्फ नश्मी कवित्रा वहना-Sonorous, 50-norus, a. श्रानिखनक : अस्कारी : डेटेक्ट:बांबो , Giving loud sound when struck , highsounding - ANT ; Melodious ; sweet - MR; Clear. ad=sonorously, n=sonorousness Syn -Sounding, re onant, ringing. [ ter of a son. Sonship, sunship, n. 94. The state or charac-Boon, saon, ad. मज्ब, नीख, व्यविन्दर, व्यक्तिशः; In a short time; readily; before long, without delay; shortly; quickly. com=sooner, sup= soonest. Syn: -Quick, promptly, presently, carly : readily. As soon as, No sooner than-ৰে মুহৰে; বেই; বে ক্ৰেই, অমনি . As early as ; the moment [ করা কঠিন। that, at the very time. It is sooner said than done—ৰলা সহজ কিয় Sooner or later—जग दो कला ; क्लि इडेक आह দশ দিন পরেই হউক : শীন্তই হউক বা কিছু বিলম্বেই হউক ; Within a short time or some time after, The sooner, the better—বত হয় ততই ভাল। Soot, soot, n. सून, छ्वा; ध्यांच बानी; The black powder condensed from smoke .- v. t. 49 41414 Sooth, sooth, # नज़ , गर्बार्य ; Truth ; icality a. नाजा ; मानात्म ; True ; pleasing. In sooth—সভাই ; নি-চরই ; Truly, indeed. Boothe, sooth, v. t. প্ৰশ্মিত-ফু, ডুই-ফু; মিষ্ট বাকো क्ति-कृ ; श्व-कृ , भाष-कृ , शेला-कृ ; To please with soft words; soften, quiet; alleviate; graufy, mitigate. ad-soothingly. Syn:-Calm, compose, tranquillize, pacify, apppease, allay, assuage, mollify. Sooth-say, sooth-sa, v. :. अविवाद वना ; To foretell. n=soothsayer; soothsaying.

Sooth-sayer, a. two; sequent; Fortuneteller; one who undertakes to foretell events. Syn:—Prognosticator, seer, prophet, diviner.

Sooth-saying, #. खडाखड कथव ; ভविषायतन ; डावि वर्षेनांत नुर्वातिक्व ; Prophecy : prediction.

Scoty, sooti, a. কুলপুৰ্ণ; কুলবিশিষ্ট; মহলা; কুৰ্বৰ্ণ; Producing, consisting of, or containing, or resembling soot, n=sootiness.

Sop, sop, n. সিভ কটা; হবাসিভ কটা; হব-কটা; Anything dipped or steeped; wet bread:—শাস্ত করণার্থ প্রদান কিছ; Anything given to pacify:—v. t. হ্বাসিভ-কৃ; মদ্যসিভ-কৃ; Soak in liquor; to steep in liquor. a—soppy.

A sop to Cerebrus—উৎকোচ; ভোভ থকণ কিছু (পেওয়া); বাহাতে কাহাকে জুলান বা ভোগা দেওয়া ঘাই; A bribe to quiet a troublesome customer; something of little value given to quiet a troublesome man.

Sop in the pan—ectets; पर; Bribe to soften an official:—Bread steeped in liquid given to a turnspit to encourage him to work.

Sophism, sof'izm, ন. কৃতৰ্ক; কৃতত্ব-বিদ্যা; তৰ্বা-ভান; A specious fallary; appearance of truth without the reality; logical deception.

Sophist, sof'ist, n. [Gr. sophos, wise] প্রাচীন প্রামদেশের ডার্কিক পণ্ডিত বিশেন; One of a class of public teachers in Greece in the 5th century &c.:—কুত্রকী; কুটগার্কিক; তর্কাসিক; আভিমুক্ত ডার্কিক; A captious or fallacious reasoner.

Sophistic, so-fistik, Sophistical, so-fistikal, a. কৃত্ৰপূৰ্ণ; কৃত্তৰ্ধ-সৰ্বাম; তাদৃশ তৰ্কায়ক; Fallaciously subtle; pertaining to sophistry. ad-sophistically.

Sophisticate, so-fisti-kat, v. f. কোনত কিছুৱ সহিত মিলিত কৰিয়া নই-জ; দ্বিত-জ; বিকৃত-ক; To adulterate; to corrupt with something spurious; to render unsound by mixture. n=sophistication (বিস্তীকরণ)। a=sophisticated (বিকৃত, দ্বিত)। Sophistication, n. মিল্লণ দ্বারা দ্বিতকরণ, The act of adulterating.

Sophistry, sofist-ri, n. কুতৰ্ক; তাকিৰতা; ভাতি-গুব্দ-তৰ্ক; Fallacious reasoning.

Soppomore, n. ছিতীয় বাৰিক ছাত্ৰ। Sophy, a. সিক ; Soaked in liquid.

Soporiferous, sop-ō-ril'er-us, a. [ L. ফুচ্চা, a heavy sleep, and ferre, to bring ] নিয়াকর; নিয়াক্ষক; নিয়ালু; Causing sleep; sleepy. Syn: —Somniferous, narcotic, soporific, hypnotic.

Soporific, sop-or-il'ik, a. নিজাননক; Making or causing sleep:—n. নিজানর উষণ; Anything that causes sleep.

[ sleep. Sopor, sopor, n. গভার নিজা; গাঢ় নিজা; Deep

Sopranist, n. বে রম্পী সংকাচত্ত্রে গান করে; A singer of soprano.

Soprano, n. অভি জিল বাদা গলা; রুমণীকঠ-নির্গত সর্বোচ্চবর; The highest female voice:—- বুর; Air. pl = sopranos, soprani.

Sorcerer, sor'ser-1, n. বাহুকর: এপ্রনালিক বাকি; A magician, an enchanter. feg=soceress.

Sorcory, sor'ser-e, n. বাহু; ঐতিজ্ঞান; মেত বিদা; ভোজবিদা, Enchantment; magic. Sym:—Witchcraft, necromancy, spell.

Sorder, n. কেন ; বরলা ; বিহার কেন ।
Sordid, sor'did, a. ছই : নীট ; হীন ; Mean ;
base ; vile :—বোটা ; Meanly avaricious. n=
sordidness (নীটা ; কুমান্যত্ব) । ad—sordidly
(নীট্টাপুর্কক) । Syn :—Foul, dirty, gross, degraded ; covetous, niggardly, miserly, greedy.
Sore, sor, n. কড ; বা ; A wound ; an ulcer :—
মনোবেননা; হুংব : Grief ; affliction:—বিশ্ব :—a. কড ;
Wounded :—কইজনক, বেদনাবৃক্ত ; নীড়াদারক ; Painful ; tender to the touch :—দারল ; আডার কটিন :
Intense, severe :—ক্ষমান্য ; বাদাহাবিড :—ad. অডার;
গভীরক্ষণে ; Greatly ; grievously. n = soreness
(বেদনা ; বাধা) । ad=sorely. Syn :—(a) Inflamed ; severe ; pained, hurt, grieved ; grievous,

A running sore—বাংগ কটু দিতেছে; কটো থা বাংগ আরোগ্য হয় নাই; Some difficulty which continues to trouble.

Sorely, sor'li, ad. ছাৰিভভাবে; ব্যাণারকরশে: উপ্রভাবে; অত্যন্ত; Grievously; greatly.

Sore subject, a. क्ट्रमांत्रक विषय ; क्ल्मकत्र विषय ; A topic which is painful to the mind.

Soritos, n. वांचांचाहिक श्रायदांका वित्नत ।

afflictive, distressing.

Sorrel, a. গাটল, পীতাভ; Of a reddish brown colour:—n. গাটলবৰ্ণ; A reddish brown colour:
—চুকা পাক শাক; A plant of a sour taste allied to the dock.

Sorrow, soro, n. ছ:ব : বোক ; ৰাষ্ট্ৰ; মনোবেদনা ; Grief ; affliction ; sadness :—u. i. ছ:ব বোৰ-ক ; বেদ-ক ; অহাৰী-ক ; To grieve ; to feel pain in mind. Syn:—(n) Mourning, distress, trouble ; unhappiness, regret ; calamity, adversity.

Sorrowful, sor'o-fool, a. শোচনীয়; ছ:বিড; বিবয়; Sad; dejected. ad=sorrowfully. n=sorrowfulness. Syn:—Grieved, afflicted, mournful, disconsolate; distressing, lamentable, doleful, baleful. [pressed by grief for some loss. Sorrow-striken, a. হ্ৰপূৰ্ণ; Exceedingly desorry, sor'e, a. [A. S. sarig, sari, from sar, sore] ছ্ৰিড; অনুধী; Grieved; melancholy; sad:—হীন; নুন, বুৰড; আনায়; Poor; worthless. n=sorriness. ad=sorrily. Syn:—Sorrowful; mournful, melancholy, dismal; pitiful, abject, wretched, mean, vile, shabby, paltry.

Sort, sort, n. {L. sors, tortis, a lot] বৃক্ম; প্রকার; প্রেলী; Kind; class; species:—পদ; Order; rank:
—প্রকার; Manner:—v. t. প্রেলীবছ-কৃ; পৃথক-কৃ;
নির্বাচন-কৃ, To separate into classes; to select:
—v. i. নিলা; দিলিভ-ছ; প্রেলীভুজ-ছ; To associate:
—উপবোগী-ছ, To suit. Syn:—(n) Nature, description, genus; way, degree. (v) Distribute, assort, classify; consort, associate, traternize.

A sort of animals—এক খেলীর জন্ধ।
Out of sorts—ঠিক অবস্থায় নহে; বিশ্বাল; Out of
order — লগত; খারীরিক ভাল নহে; Unwell:—
বিরক্ত, Vexed.

To run up of sorts—কোনও জক্ষর কর পড়া।
Sorter, n. বিজ্ঞানকারী; নির্বাচক; Airanger.
Sortie, sor'te, n. অবকদ্ধ সৈনিকদলেব হঠাৎ বহিগমিন;
জনকদ্ধ সানে হইডে নির্গমন, A sally of troops; sally
from a besieged place.
[good, tolerable.
So-so, 55'-55, a. বিশানি নক্ষেত্র, চলন্তই; Middling

Sons. v. i. जनम्खाद रिन्दा भए। :-- ह. भए। Sot, sot, n. বেসাখোর, অভ্যন্ত মাভাল; One stupefied by excessive drinking; a habitual drunkard. Soteriology, त. पादा विकास : The science of preserving health :-- गैलवंडे बाबा পविजान नीजि ;

The doctrine of salvation by Christ.

Sottish, sotish, a. बिर्साप; Foolish:—मख; मार्जान-बर : शास्त्राचल ; Stupid with drink. n=scottishness. ad - sotishly.

Sou, 800, त. क्यांनि मूझीवित्नव ; श्रीत कुरे भागा ; French copper coin = 1 th of a franc.

Soubrette, n. পরিচারিকা; কাদী; A female ser-[ of tea. vant.

Southong, soo-shong', n. vi दिल्प ; A kind Sough, ( नक् ), v. i. ती ती-क ; To whistle as the wind:-n. 예 예 기계 ; A sighing of the wind :- अनवर : A rumour.

Sought, sawt, pt. and pp. of seek.

Soul, sol, w. with; कीवांशत : The seat of life; the rational and immortal spirit of man; - नवूरा ; राकि ; A person ; human being :--मृत ; मात्र ; मात्रकांत्र , Essence ; chief part :- विका ; नाएक ; Leader, inspirer :- बीवनीनिक ; Vital principle:-- आह्म , (उन ; वीर्श ; निक ; Energy ; grandeur :- जीवन ; ette ; Life :- वृश्विवृश्व , Intellect :- v. t. আञ्चाविनिष्ठ-क . Endow with soul. Syn :- (n) Mind, spirit ; life ; individual, man ; ardour, courage, fervour, animation, vivacity,

Heart and soul-नकांच:क्दान।

Universal soul- TANTEL

Souled, sold, a. ভাৰবিশিষ্ট; সহুদ্য; Full of feeling; instinct with feeling.

Soulless, solles, a. नीठ ; जानारीम , निजीव : निवीर्ग , Without a soul; mean; spiritless.

Soul-stirring, a. Grane ; Exciting the feelings of the heart.

Sound, sound, n. गर्म: श्रवि: त्रव: श्रांख्यांक; Noise :-- শুস্তগর্ভ বা অর্থপুত্ত শব্দ ; Empty or meaningless noise :- नत्र ; Tone :- मकीर्य मानत ; वापाली ; Narrow passage of water: strait: -- পাত্রি পরী-काव भना विरमेष ; A probe ; a surgical instrument to discover stone in the bladder : - মংক্রের গটক। ( কুনু কুনু ); The air-bladder of a fish :-- a. সমন্ত অগর ; Whole :—নীরোগ ; হন্ত ; Healthy :—অভান্ত ; छिक: छावा; वधार्च. Correct :-छात्री ; शक् ; Weighty : —पृष्ठ : बनिष्ठ : Strong :—गडीत ; अनोष्ठ : Deep , profound :—निर्फाच : निर्देष : मन्तुर्व : Perfect :—अङ्-णिष: Sane:-- अकड ; Unhurt:-- कृत हरेंड नृक , रेक्ष; किन्द्र; Free from error; orthodox:-ad. সাঁচুৰূপে; Profoundly: -- v. t. মভীরতা বিব-কু; মাপা; To measure the depth of : - শ্বনিত-কু; শ্বিত-কু; To cause to make a voise :--বাৰাৰ ; বাজাইবা (क्या :-- भन्नीका-क ; To test ; to examine :-- व्यक्ति-क , To celebrate, promulgate, publish: -v. i. 南南京 hine and fean in ascertaining the depth of water :-- नक क , अनि-क ; To make a noise : -epts-∓ : fasts-∓ : To spread. Syn :-(n) Report, resonance, din. (a) Uninjured, unimpaired, firm, strong; vigorous, hearty, hale; reasonable ; valid, true, solid, weighty ; well-grounded, fixed; unbroken, profound; heavy, lusty. Bound a retreat—कृति व त्वती वालविया दक्षिण वरित्व चारमन-कृ, पूर्वापि वामन बाजा रहियांत्र चाळा-त्य ; Order a retreat by the sound of the trumpet.

Sound as a bell—Quite sound.
Sound as roach—Quite sound. warning. Sound the alarm-new-p; nigety-p; Give Sound the depths of - करुपूत्र निवाद किया (प्या: Examine the extent or degree of anything.

Sound the trumpet of one's praise-faces শুণ বিজে গাওয়া।

Sound well-office win ; Hear well.

The sound or sounding, n. The thin plate of wood or metal which increases the sound of a musical instrument.

Sounding, sownding, a. श्वनिकतः, भकावमानः Sonotous; making a noise: - \* | \* | Pompous: -n. পরিষাপণ; The act of ascertaining the depth

Sounding-line, ন. বাদরজ্ঞ; অল বাণা কড়ি: A line having a plummet at the end, used in sounding.

Soundings, n. pl. मयुक्तींतव जनामानी शांव ; मानदात ৰে অংশে ওলন জলপাৰ্শ করে: Parts of water where the bottom may be reached; any part of the ocean where a sounding-line will reach the bottom. [ lent : - ৰডলপাৰী ; Unbottomable. Soundless, a. नमहोन : नि:नम : Noiseless : si-

Soundly, ad. উত্তৰমধ্যমকপে: वृद। Soundness, %. निर्फार अवहा ; अक्षेत्रा ।

Sound-rod, n. A rod to ascertain the depth of water in a ship's hold. [ decoction seasoned. Soup, ১০০p, n. জ্ব; ক্রয়া: বৃগ; Rich broth; a Sour, sour, a. অমু; টক, পাট্টা, Having a pungent taste ; acid ; tart :- डेब ; करूँ ; जीत ; कर्न ; Harsh ; bitter :- वर्ग ; Untipe :- विदेशित ; Peevish :-- v. t. अप्रयुक-कृ ; अप्र-कृ ; केकारेब्रा-(म ; To make acid: -- অহখী-কৃ; কন্ম-কৃ, অপসন্ত-কৃ; To make cross or peovish :- v. s. आम-इ, हे किया-या : To become acid :-- क्या-र; विहेब्टि-क; To become prevish or crabbed. Syn :- (a) Acetous ; crabbed, morose.

Sour grapes--वशाना वानवा प्रतिष्ठ वक्ष : (व नकन वस अथाध विनिश्रा अनामुख इस ; Things despised or depreciated because they are unattainable by us. The grapes are sour-गाइवाद त्या नारे प्रख्याः वाक्ष्मीय नरह ; The thing is not worth having ( because unattainable ).

Bource, हराइ, n. वाहि कांबन ; मून ; छेरनिक शाम . त्यानि ; Origin '-डिश्म ; अत्रना ; A spring.

Source of income—আরের পথ।

Sourish, sowr'ish, a. त्रेवर यह, Somewhat sour. Sour-milk, n. (पान !

Sourness, n. অন্ত ; কট্ডা ; উপ্রতা।

Souse, sows, n. airia facta, Pickle made with salt .- जवन कल वा निकीमध मारमानि, Anything steeped in pickle :--লাল জলে বক্ষিত শৃকরেৰ কর্ণ Mulfir, The ears, feet &c., of swine pickled :-. t. निर्कामध-कृ; आठारत आर्ध-कृ; अनिस-कृ; To steep in pickle . to plunge into water :- v. i. পাথীর ক্লার ছোঁ মাবা; হঠাং পতিত-ই; To fall suddealy :-- n. भडम वा आक्रमन।

South, south, n. The direction to

the right of a person facing the east :- s. ৰশিশীৰত : Lying towards the south :-- ad. বিশাৰিকে ; বিশাৰিক হইতে : Towards the south : -v. प्रिचित्र द्वा ; To turn toward the south. Bouth-east, sowth-एडर, n. पक्षिप-पूर्त , विश्वाकीय ; The direction equally distant from the southeast :- a. Wittel ; Pertaining to southeast. South-easterly, sowth-Esterli South-eastern, sowth-Estem, a. पिक्न-पूर्त ; विद्यादगानीय ; witting; Pertaining to, in the direction of, or coming from the south-east. Southerly, suther-li, Southern, suthern, a. क्षिणिक मुख्कीय : प्रक्रिणिक्य ; प्रक्रिश ; प्रक्रिश करें with Pertaining to, situated in, or proceeding from, or towards the south. Southerner, n. मिक्श लोक। Southernly, a. मिक्न (चैना ; मिक्नांडिमूद्द बाविड। Southernmost, a. गर्लार का मांकन, मिक्न डम ; Furthest toward the south. Southerwood, n. উদ্ভিদ বিশেষ। South sea, n. अमस महामानत । Southward, a. मिन्निनिद्द ; पिक्नी अयुवनीयी ; Toward the south. [ Toward the south. Southward, Southwards, ad. मिन्यांडिग्रंथ; South-west, sowth-west', n. शक्ति ; निक् कोन ; The direction equally distant from the south and west :- a. (नवद्दकानीय ; Pertaining to south-west. Southwester, n. খটকা বিশেষ; নৈৰং অড়; A storm from the south-west. South-westerly, South-western, a. 249 म्बाबिय्वनामी ; निवश्कानान ; Pertaining to, proceeding from or lying in, the direction of the south-west. Souvenir, soovner, n. [ L. sub, from, and vemie, venire, to come ] আরক; স্তিটিক; স্বৰণ-हिन् , पश्चिम ; A remembrancer ; a keepsake Sovereign, suver-in, a. প্রবল প্রতাপ ; মহাপরাকান্ত , अश्व , शहन ; मुशा ; Supreme in power ; chief , most effectual; utmost :- n. भागनक ना ; नज्ञशि ; नुषाह ; श्रांक किश्ना जानी ; A supreme ruler ; a prince or monarch: - বর্ণমূলা বিশেষ; A gold coin=20s. Syn: -(a) Regal, royal, imperial; principal, predominant, paramount; efficacious, controlling, effectual. Sovereign state-A state which administers its own goverment and is not subject to another Sovereinty, sover-in-ti, n. আবিপত্য; একাদিণতা;

প্ৰভুষ্ ; Authority ; supreme power :-- রাজ্য ; Kingdom; dominion. [190; Metal. mas=boar. Sow, sow, n. वडारी ; गुक्ती ; A female pig :-- वांडू-Sow, so, v. t. 444-5; (4141; To scatter (as seed) :-- अठात-कृ ; To spread :-- . ं. वीज वर्ग-क : Bu-E; To scatter seed. pt=sowed, pp=sowed, sown, n=sower (वनकाती, वशा)। As you sow, so you resp - (वमन वनन कतित्व, **उपनइ एमन क**बिरन। Bow broad cast-देखक: विष्कृत-क: To sow by scattering at large from the hand not in rows :- বিকিন্ত- ক ; To spread widely. [বপৰ-ক ! Sow discord (or dissensions)—(अप-वीक Bow dragon's teeth-विवान-वीक वनन-क

Sow the seeds of -वीम वर्गन-कृ; हिश्तांवम-कृ; কিছুৱ ব্ৰপাত-হ; To cause to originate; lay the foundation of. Sow the wind and resp the whirwind-আত্তন থাও আংরা হাগিবে; Behave wickedly and suffer a dreadful punishment. Sow wild oats-नाना। क ; Pass through a season of wild or thoughtless dissipation, as in youth :-- रेलिय त्यांत्र कानश्तर-इ : त्योवनकानच्यक অবথা আমোদ গ্রোগ-কু; Pass through a period of youthful extravagance and thoughtless dissipation; indulge in follies and pranks when young. [ upon the very thing. To get the right sow by the ear-To hit To take the wrong sow by the ear-ways [ cral water. Spa, spaw, n. ধনিক কলের উৎস ; A spring of min-Space, spis, n. Tin; Tin; Room; area:-বিস্থাতি: প্রচার; Extension in all directions:---व्यवकाल ; त्रमग्र ; A short time ; quantity of time : — পুৰতা ; Distance between objects :-- পদাৰ্থ সৰ-लाज मशावली मृत्रका ; वाववान ; Interval between any two or more object :—v. t. মধ্যে মধ্যে বিস্থাস-কু; To arrange intervals between. Syn :- (n) Extent, amplitude; capacity; distance, interval. Infinite apace—बनस्तम ; त्रहाकान । Extending through all space—शिन्तान । Spacious, spashe-us, a. বিস্তৃত; প্রশাস্ত , Wide : extensive ; roomy :-- বিশাস ; লখা-চতড়া ; Vast in extent. n=spaciousness (বিস্তার; প্রশ্বতা)। Syn: - Expansive, broad, ample, capacious. Spade, spad, n. কোদালি; খনিত্ৰ; A tool for digging ; shovel :- ( जात्र (बलाइ ) इंकादन :- v. t. कृमान बावा अनव-ह ; To dig with a spade. Call a spade a spado-अकृड क्यां करा ; वयांक्या বলা ; Call things by their right names. Spaddle, n. पुत क्लांगि ; Small spade. Spadin, अ. कृत पूजा-भीव वा मध्यो । Spake, spak, n. Old past tense of speak. Span, span, n. निषि , अक निषद ; अई-इंड शदि-মাণ; The space from thumb to little finger :--व्यक्त ; A space of time :-- क्रे शिक्षा वी बीटनंत्र मधा-बड़ीय विनानांकित व्यमात्र ; विनान का। ; The chord line of an arch or the direct distance between its ertiemities: -বোড়ার জুড়ি:-v. t. বিঘতি বারা পরিমাণ-ক ; To measure by spans ; to measure : ---বন্ধন-কু; শৃশ্বলিত-কু; To fetter. The span of life-जीवत्तव शविभिज काम : जाय:। Spandrel, n. बिनादित डेगर्व डेक्श्यार्वर जिल्लाकार Spangle, spang'gi, n. চুম্কি; তাবা; রত্বধঞ্জ Bright shining piece of metal :- v. f. safe. বসাইরা শোভিত-কু; রত্বথও ছারা হশোভিত-কু; Το adorn or set with spangles :- v. i. sag- ; हक्षक-कृ ; To glitter. [ native of Spain. Spaniard, spanyard, n. ल्यान्याचन लाक; A Spaniel, spanyel, n. শিকারী কুকুর; বোৰণ কল क्कृत Sporting dog:— ভোবামোদকারী লোক ; नीह (1) A fawning obsequious person. Spanish, spanish, a. ( नन्दर में इ ; Of or pertaining to Span :- \*, CMCA SIAI; The language of Spain.

Spank, v. t. চপেটাৰাড-কু; চড় নারা; চাপড় নারা;
To slap:—v. t. ফ্রন্ড গমন-কু; বেগে গমন-কু; To
move quickly.

[ sail of a ship or bark.
Spanker, spang'ker, ম. পাইল বিশেষ; The afterSpanking, a. বেগে বাৰমান:—বৃহৎ; প্রবল ।
Spannew, c. সম্পূর্য নৃতন; নৃতন আনকোরা; A
quite new.

Soar, spar, n. ধৰিজ প্ৰকাৰণ বিশেষ:—মান্তলাদি কাঠণও; দীৰ্ঘ কাঠণও; A long beam; a rafter:— মুনাঘূদি; A contention with the fists:—ত. হ মুনাঘূদি মারা; মুনাঘূদি কবিবার উদ্দেশ্তে সমূধে হুই হবের মৃটির আফালন-কু; To box with the hands:—বিবাদ-কু; বাক্যুদ্ধ-কু; To dispute. n=sparrer.

Spare, spar, v.f. পৰিমিত ক্লপে ব্যবহার-কৃ, পরিমিত ব্যব-कु ; To use frugally :--- ताव ना-कु , तक्व-कु ; वीठान ; To save from any use :-ইচ্ছাপুৰ্বাক-দে, ত্যাগ-সু ; होडियो-त्य : To part with willingly , to give :-अपन वावहांत-क ; To treat tenderly .- निवातन-क ; To withhold from :- v. i. विভवायी- इ , To be frugal : -- वित्रज-ह ; चांख ह , To forbear .-- कक्र- ह ; (कामन-ই; To be tender :-কমা-কু; ক্ষমাপ্ৰ-ছ, To forgive, to forbear :- a. अशहर ; अत , Stanty ; not abu 1dant ; little :- খিতগারী, Ihrifty ; frugal :-काश्न ; इन ; Lean - अधिविक , डेवृत , Superfluous. ad=sparely ( अह बाजांव )। n=spareness (কুশড়া)। Syn:—(v) Reserve, save, withhold, omit; allow, grant, afford. (a) Unplentiful, scarce; stinted, parsimonious, niggardly, chary; thin, meagre, lank, emaciated; supernumerary Enough and to spare-প্ৰচুৰ; More than sufficient; enough to satisfy one -43 with (? खारी रहेरक अभवतक छ किছ प्रवर्ग गहिएक भारत ; Adcquate not only to meet one's own wants but have some of it over and above which may be given to others. [ Be always busy.

Not have a moment to spare—সদা বাত খাকা; Spare money or time—( অস্ত্ৰিধা বা ক্তি খীকাব না ক্ৰিয়া) টাকা বা সূত্ৰৰ দেওৱা।

Spare no pains—ৰধানাগ চেষ্টা-কু, বছ বা প্ৰমের ক্রটি না-কু; Do one's best; take all the pains one can. Spare one's solf—আগনাকে বন্ধা-কু।

Spare-rib, a. বল্ল নাংসৰ ক্ষা প্ৰপাৰাত্বি, A piece of meat consisting of the ribs with spare or little flesh.

Sparing, sparing, a. আল, অপৰ্যাপ্ত, প্ৰিমিড; Scanty:—ক্ষানীল, দহালু; Forbearing:—মিড-নায়ী; Thrifty; frugal:—সঞ্চী; Saving — সামান্ত, Scarce. ad —sparingly. n=sparingnes.. Be sparing of—(কোন কিছু সকলো) অভি সাবধান ইইয়া চলা; কম ক্ষিয়া দেওৱা, Be chary or parmo-

Not to be sparing of one's self—নিজ কর্তব্য-নাধনে সাধ্যমত চেপ্তা-কু; Strain every nerve to do one's duties.

Spark, spark, m. অপ্রিকণা; A small shining body or light:— স্থানিক, কুল্কি; Particle of fire shot off from a buring body:— কুল্ল আৰা; কণা; অনুন; A small portion:— ত্রেনিক; স্বাসিক যুবক; মাগন, A lover; a gallant; a beau.

Mot to have a spark of kindness in one— নরার লেশমান্ত দা বীকা; সামান্তমান্ত নরা না থাকা। Bparkle, sparki, n. সামান্তমান কুল কুলিক, কিন্কী, A little spark; a small particle of fire; — বিশ্বতা; এবা; Lustre:— ত. . ক্লিক বিপত-ছ; বাহি-কা বিপত-ছ; To emit spares:— চক্চড়-ছ; To shine:— উত্তৰ-ছ; To glitter. Syn:— Scintillate, coruscate, twinkle, glisten, flash; effervesce. Sparkling, sparkling, a. অপ্তান: উত্তৰ; Brilliant; glittering:— উৎপাই]; তেজৰী; Lively.

Sparrow, spar'ō, n. চড়াই ; চটক পকী ; A small bird. [small shoe nail. Sparrow-bill, spar'ō-bil, n. তুডাৰ কাঁচা ; A

Sparrow-hawk, ন. ছোট বালপনী; A small hawk. Sparry, a. পার নাবক ক্ষটিক বলিব ঘটিত বা ততুলা; Consisting of, or resembling spar.

Sparse, spais, a. বির্লভাবে বিশ্বিত্ত ; বিরল; আনিবিড়; পাতলা; Thinly scattered. m=sparseness
(বিবলতা)। ad=sparcely (কাঁক কাঁক; বিরামভাবে)।
Spartan, spar'tan, a. ত্রীসদেশের শাটানগর সম্বন্ধীর;
Of or pertaining to Sparta in Greece:—ক্ষুদ্রভ্ Hardly:—নিভাকি, সাহদী; অক্তোভয়; Fearless.
Spasm, spazm, m. [ G. spasma, from spasin, to
draw] পেশীর সংকাত; বিল-বরা; আক্ষেপ; বেঁচুনি;
হুঠাৎ আবেল, An involuntary and morbid contraction of muscles, convulsion. Syn:—Twitch;
fit, three, paroxysm.

Spasmodic, spa/-modik, Spasmodical, spaz-modik-al, a. সংখাচক, আন্ধোপক, টান বিশিষ্ট, Convulsive.

Spasmodic, n. আকেপ-নিবারক উবধ; A medicine for removing spasm. [ spasms. Spasmology, n. আকেপ-তত্ব, A discourse on Spat, spat, n. শব্দাল কটিনাবৰৰ নীবেৰ বিভ, শব্দালির ডিম, The spawn or young of a shellfish: young of oysters—pt. of "spat." to throw from the mouth.

Spathe, n. পুশ্লীর্গছক; কুম্ম-মঙ্গীজ্য ।

Spatial, a. देपनिक ; दिनमधकीत ।

Spatter, v t. ভিটকান, ভিটা-দে, To throw out small wet splashes:—59ান-কু, কলকাথিত-কু; To defame.—বিকিপ্ত-কু, To scatter about:—v. s. পুশু ফেলা।

Spatter-dashes, n. pl জন ও কল্পনবোৰক পৰাৰত্বৰ ৷
Spatula, spatula, Spattle, n. প্ৰবেশ দেওৱাৰ
তেঃ; নলমাদি লেপন কৰিবাৰ ছবি; A broad kind of kinde for spreading plasters.

Spavin, spavin, n. ঘোটকেব সন্ধি-শোধ, আম্বের প্রস্থি-ক্ষীতি, A swelling near the joints of a horve producing lameness. a—spavined (সন্ধি শোধ-পীচিত, Affected with spavin).

Spawi, spawi, n. নিঠাবন, অসাবধানভাপুৰ্কাক নিক্ষিপ্ত ধুৰ, Spittle thrown out carelessly:—কাঠ বা পাণ বের চেলা; চোকালি —υ. i. পুৰু কেলা, নিঠাবন নিক্ষেপ-কু, To spittle from mouth in a scattering form. Spawn, spawn, n. মংকু বা ভেকের ভিম্ব; মংক্রাফির ভিম্ব; ছালা; The eggs of fish, or frogs, when ejected, offspring:—υ. t. ভেম্ব বা মংক্রের ভাষ প্রস্কানক; উৎপাদন-কু, To produce as fishes do their eggs, to bring forth:—υ. i. ভিম্ম ছাড়া; To issue, as offspring.

Spawner, spawier, n. nife new; alex ni. The female fish from which the spawn is ejected. mas=initer.

Speak, spek, v. s. नता, केंकि-क, क्या कहा, To

asy, to talk; to converse:—খৰ-ছ; To sound:
—খৰ উচ্চাৰ্-ছ; To utter words:—খ. ঃ. উচ্চাৰ্ছ; বলা; ন্থোগৰ-ছ; To pronounce; address:—
লখান-ছ; বোণিড-ছ; To declare. Syn:—Articulate, enunciate; discourse, spout, harangue,
declaim, chat confabulate; deliver.

Speak a Language—কোন ভাবার কথা কহা।
Speak a ship—ভাহারের নাবিককে ভাকা বা আহাকি
কু; To hail or speak to as commander or captain of one ship to another while their ships are
passing near each other at sea.

Speak for, Speak well for—অসুকুলে বলা;
অপকে বলা; Speak in favour.

Speak for itself—নিজের দোব বা তা বাজ-ক; Proclaim its own character:—তাহা বে কি তা নিজেই বাজ-ক; সকলের নৃষ্টিগোচর-ছ; Make its own nature known or say what it is; to be visible to all.

Speak ill of—বিশা-ক; অধাতি-ক; Censure. Speak in high terms, Speak highly of— কাহারত বিশেষ স্থাতি-ক; Praise one highly. Speak lightly of—অবস্কা ক্রিয়া বলা; ভুক্ত করিবা

বলা। Speak much for, Say much for—কৌৰ বিছ

ভাল বলিখা বোধ-ই; Indicate much about.

Speak of—কোন বিষয় বা ব্যক্তি সম্বন্ধে বলা; কাহারও
বা কোন বিষয় সম্বন্ধে বলা; ব্যক্ত-কৃ; উল্লেখ-কৃ; Talk
about:—a. উল্লেখনোগা।

Speak one's mind—मत्रज-इ; मत्रजबना:-इ; To be outspoken, frank, open.

Speak out, Speak up—আই করিয়া বলা; Say loudly —ভাল করিয়া বনের কথা বলা; খুলিয়া বলা; Say aloud freely what is in one's mind.

Speak the sense of—ৰন্তের মত বা মনোভাব কি তাহা ব্যক্তক; Utter the sentiments or views of (others).

Speak to—কাহার সহিত কথা কহা; Talk with:— প্রমাণ-কু, Prove; prove the truth of by testimony:—সংবাধন-কু, Address:—কোন ইক্রিরের বিষয়ী-জুড-হ; Court:—সভা বলিয়া দেখা; Certify.

Speak volumes—ৰনেক কৰা যাত-ক; ইহাতে জনক বাস্ত ক্রিতেছে; জনেক কৰা জানা বাইতেছে; বৰেষ্ট সাক্য-বে, Convey much information; have weight, as an argument:—Be significant; say a good deal:—Furnish ample evidence.

Speak well for—সন্মা-ড়; Be commendatory of :—ভাগ চিহ্-ই; Be a favourable of.

Speak well of—বাশ্নো-কু; বুখ্যাভি-কু; Praise. Epeak with—(কাহারও সহিত) কথাবার্তা কহা; ব্যক্তাবাপ-কু; Converse with.

Speaker, speker, ম. বে কথা করে; কথক. One who speaks:—বজা; বাস্মা; Orator:—সভাগতি; Chairman; the person who presides.

Spoaking, अ राटनाकात्रनकाती , कारणीत ; श्रव्यक्त यर:--॥ कारण ; राटकाकात्रण ।

Not to be on speaking terms with— কাহার সহিত বাক্যালাগ না-কু, কাহারও সহিত অংশব-হ; Cease to be friends with a person and to exchange words with him.

Properly speaking—বিশেব করিবা বলিতে চইলে; বল্ডে গেলে; জাননটা বন্তে গেলে; Strictly speaking, in point of fact.

Speaking acquaintance—nate Galout! Speaking pire or tube—Tube for communicating to a distant room.

Speaking roughly—(aibigh affine), noweroire affine, Giving a general account; not very accurate in small particulars.

Speaking trumpet, n. বে তুরী বারা বাসুবের বর
অসদ-গরীর হইনা বাকে; মান্য-কর্তমর দূরে চান্তিবার
মন্ত্র বিশেষ; An instrument used to intensify the
human voice, so as to convey it to a great
distance.

Spear, sper, n. বল্লম; বৰ্বা; নৃজ্কি; Lance:—ত. t. বৰ্বা বা বল্লম বানা বিদ্ধ-কৃ; To pierce with a spear. To break a spear—কৃত্তিৰ বৃদ্ধ-কৃ. To fight in a tournment.

The spear side—পিতৃপঞ্। Spear-head, n. ব্ৰার ফলা।

Spear-man, sporman, n. वर्गवादी ; वज्ञमवादी ;

Spearmint, n. উত্তিল বিশেষ; A species of mint. Special, speshe-al, a. বিশেষ; অতম; Of a sort; particular distinctive:—অসাবারণ; Uncommon; peculiar:—n. বিশেষ ব্যক্তি বা বস্তু; রেল গাড়ী বিশেষ। ad=specially. Syn:—Appropriate, specific, individual; extraordinary, exceptional.

Special constable, n. প্লিশ-কৰ্মচারী বিশেষ; A citizen enrolled for an emergency.

Specialise, v. t. বিশেষক্ষপে অব্যারণ-ক ; To determine in a special manner. n=specialisation.

Specialist, n. विषय विस्ताद अवृष्ट साकि; One who devotes to a special subject.

Speciality, spesh-i-aliti, n. বিশেষস্থ ; বিশেষ বৰ্ম , বিশেষ চিহ্ন বা শুল ; Peculiarity :—বিশেষ মৰোবোৰ্গ্য বিশ্বয় ; বিশেষ আলোচ্য বিব্য় ; Special occupation or object of attention.

Specially, ad. वित्यवकाल : वित्यव केटमान ।

Special jury, n. বিশেষ সভা; A jury consisting of persons of a certain superior station in society.

Special pleafling, n. বাকচাত্রী: বিশেষ ভর্ক -The specious but unsound statements of one whose object is victory and not with; quibbling.

Special vertict, n. first fixes: One stating the facts, but leaving the law to be determined by the judges.

Specialty, ». বিশেষ বিষয় ; বিশেষ নিয়ম ; বৃদ্ধি পাঁৱ , বিশেষ বিদ্যা ; A special case or contract.

Specie, speshi, n. বৰ্ধ রোপ্য মুদ্ধ ; Gold and silver coin.

Species, spe'shez, n. sing, and fl. [L. specere, to look ] আভি, খেল, A group of individuals or things much alike:—প্ৰায়; স্বৰুষ, Kind, sort; variety; denomination.

Specific, spe-sif'ik, Specifical, a. [ L. species, a particular kind, and facere, to make ] আতার; বিশেষ জাতীর; Particularising; distinguishing:—বিশেষ; Definite:—বিশেষ, টক: বৰ্ষাৰ ; অব্যৰ্থ; Precise; infallible. ad—specifically (বিশেষ-স্থাণ; অকৃতি অসুসারে) ৷ Syn:—(a) Particular, peculiar, especial, characteristic; precise.

Specific, n. faces quile feeine Gar ; faces ecet-

शहर देश ; डेनकारी देश ; A remedy which exerts a special act in a particular disease; an infallible remedy.

Specific character—কাতীর লক্ষ্য। Specific difference—কাতীৰ প্রতেদ। Specific name—কাতীৰ নাম।

Specific gravity, n. altriface days. altriface days; The ratio which the weight of any substance bears to the weight of an equal bulk of pure water; weight that belongs to an equal bulk of each body.

Specification, spes-i-fi-káshun, त्र. वित्यव निवर्णन ; निर्देशन ; वित्यवद्गाल कथन ; अवित्यव केंद्रार्थ ; A state-

ment of particulars.

Specify, spese-fi, v. t. [ L. species, and facto, to make ] বিশেষ করিয়া নির্দেশ-কু; নির্দেশ করিয়া বলা; নাম-কু; To mention particularly. Sym:—Designate, indicate; particularse, indiavidualize, define. [model, pattern. pl—specimens. Specimen, spese-men, n. আদর্শ; নমুনা; Sample; Specimen copy—আদ্শ-বৰ্ণ!

Specimen pages—बामन श्वनप्र।

Specious, spt she-us, a. দেখিতে সত্য কিন্ত বাছাৰিক নহে; বাহ্নে বথাৰ্থ প্ৰতীয়মান, বস্তুত: নহে; আগাতস্ক্র; Showy; plausible; apparently right:—সম্পূত্র, চটক্ষার। Syn:—Ostensible, colourable, aur.

Speciously, ad. আপাতত: ছাবাডাবে।
Speciousness, n. আপাতত্ত্বয়তা, বাহু সৌৰ্পন্ত।
Species, v. t. or v. i. বিশেব ব্যবহার-কৃ; বিশেষ
বিশ্বার্জনে নিযুক্ত-কৃ।

Specist, n. বে কোন বিশেষ বিদায়ি পারণশী।
Speck, spek, n. দাগ; চিহ্ন, কলক; Spot, blemish:
—v. t. কলকিড-ক; দাগ-ক; চিহ্নিড-ক; To spot; to
stain with spot. Syn —(n) Spot, stain, flaw,

blemish, defect, fault, blot, mote Speckle, spekl, n. কুদ্ৰ চিহ্ন; ভোট দাগ, A little spot, mark or dash.—v. t কুদ্ৰ দাগ দাবা অভিত-কু; কুদ্ৰ চিহ্নে চিহ্নিত-কু, To mark with small spots.

Speckled, p. a. দাখী, বিষৰ, চিক্ছে, বিচিত্ৰ ৷
Spectacle, spektakl, n. [L. spectaculum, from spectare, to look at ] দুভ ; দুৰ্শনীয় ব্যাপাৰ ; প্ৰদৰ্শনী;
A remarkable sight; show; exhibition:—pl.
চৰমা; Glasses to assist the sight. a—spectacled ( চৰমাধায়ী; wearing spectacles), spectacular ( প্ৰদৰ্শনবোগ্য) ৷ Syn.—(n) Pageant representation; gazingstock, curiosity, wonder.

Spectator, spek-tater, n. निक: बहै।, One who looks on; looker-on; beholder; observer; witness. feg-spectatress, spectatrix.

Spectral, a. (अ) क , रेन्निक ; Ghostly.

Spectre, spekter, n. [ L. spectrum, an appearance ] ভূত , প্ৰেড ; পিশাট , Phantom ; ghost. a= spectral. Syn:—Apparition, shade, spirit.

Spectro-scope, n. আলোক দৰ্শন ৰানা বন্ধন প্ৰকৃতি প্ৰীকাৰ যন্ত্ৰ, জ্যোতিকালোকের বিভিন্ন বৰ্ণ প্ৰীকাৰ যন্ত্ৰ বিশেষ।

Spectrum, spectrum, n. দৃষ্ট পদাৰ্থ; বৰ্ণজ্ঞ; চন্দ্ৰ বুলিলে দৃষ্ট পদাৰ্থক বে মূৰ্ত্তি প্ৰতিভাৱ হয়; The image of something seen after closing the eyes:— আলোকের বিলিপ্ত বৰ্ণ; The colours of light separated by a prism; image of the sun through a prism. pl-spectia, Spectrum analysis—witate faste!
Specular, speku-lar, a. 1994; afferer; Having a smooth, reflecting surface.

Speculate, speku-lat, v. i. [L. speculari, speculatus, to spy out] চিডা-কু; অপুনাৰ-কু; সিছাড-কু; বিচাৰ-কু; বিবেচনা-কু; To consider; to meditate:—অধিক লাভাৰ্থ ব্যবসা-কু; মান কিনিলা বাধাই-কু; To traffic for great profit. Syn:—Contemplate, cogitate; theorize,

Speculate on or upon—ভাল করিলা চিভা-তু;
Think attentively on:—(কোন বিবন্ন লইলা) কথাবার্তা কয়; Dwell upon.

Speculation, spek-য-láshun, n. অসুধান; কলনা; বিবেচনা, Contemplation; mental view:—
বিজ্ঞান; Theory:—অধিকম্ন্য বিক্রের আশার ম্ব্যাখি কর, The buying goods &c. in expectation of selling them at an advance. Syn:—Consideration, thought; hypothesis, conjecture.

Speculative, speku-lat-iv, a. অৰ্থানপৰাৰ ; চিডা-ৰীল ; Given to meditation or speculation :—কাল্প-নিক ; মনকেজিত ; Theoretical ; ideal :—ক্তিদাৰ বাবসাৰে ৰড ; Pertaining to speculation in business.

Speculator, স. কল্পাকাবী ব্যক্তি, নাল বাঁগাইকারী। Speculum, speku-lum, স. দৰ্শণ; আদশ; আদশা; A reflector of polished metal, a mirror.

Sped, pt. pp. of speed.

Speech, spech, n. ভাষা; কথা, কথাবাৰ্থা; বাৰ্ডা; Language:—বাক্শকি. The faculty of speaking; the power of speaking:—বক্তা; Oration: —ক্ষন, Mention. Syn:—Tongue, idiom, diatect, discourse, talk; harangue, address.

A spoech-day — বিশালরের প্রকার অধানের দিন।
Speechless, speciales, a. বাক্পজিস্টান; নীরব;
বাক্রভিড; বোবা; মৌন; Deprived of the faculty
of speech.

Speech-maker, m. বঞ্চাকাৰ; বঞ্চা; বালী!
Speed, sped, v.i. অৱা-কৃ, বেগ গমৰ-কৃ; To hasten;
to move quick:—কৃতকান্য-হ; সকল-হ, To succeed:
—গমৰ-কৃ, To fare:— v. ত্যাবিত-কৃ, নীম প্রেম্ব-কৃ,
To hasten:—নির্বাহ-কৃ; To execute:—সাহান্য-কৃ,
To aid:—নির্বাহ-কৃ; উচ্ছিত্র-কৃ:— ম. বেগ; ক্রতল); ক্রতল্পন্ন; নীম্মতা, Haste; quickness:—সিদ্ধি, কৃতকান্যতা; ক্রতলিই উ্বতি; Success. pt. pp—sped. Syn:—(n)
Expedition, hurry, acceleration, rapidity, swiftness, celerity; despatch; prosperity. (v) Hurry; prosper, thrive, fare; despatch, accelerate, expedite, urge, assist, help, favour.

At full speed—প্রো বেবে, In full motion; with the greatest speed —প্রো জোরে, Vigorously. Keep at the top of one's speed—ৰত জোৱে ব্যৱহা বাইতে পারে বাবেবা বা ব্যৱহান, Go or make

याख्या वाहरू भारत याख्या वा वाख्यान, Go o one go eo fast as one is able to do so.

God speed you or good speed—জুমি কৃত্ৰাখ্য ইও ; May you have good success.

Speedy, spedi, a. খবিত; ক্তত; স্বৰ; Hasty; quick; nimble. n=speedingss. ad=speedily (ক্তৰেগে; সম্ব)।

Spell, spel, n. [A. S. spell, spel, story, tale, speech] with a violation of a work, turn of a work, wanter ; A short pe-

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riod :--বাছ; বাছ বিলিয়ি কৰ; Incantation; words of witching power :-- (बारनद आक्रम कान ; Paroxysm :- ७. रं. श्रांस अश्- क ; यश्निएड कर्य- क ; To take another's place at work :-- बानान-क ; वर्गनरत्वांत-क ; कि अक्टब कार्य ; To tell, name, write or print the proper letters :—সত্ৰবলে বৰীভূত-ৰূ: ৰাত্ৰ-কু: To charm by reciting a form of words: to bewitch :-- र. बं. वानाव-क ; To form words with the proper letters. n=speller ( वानानकाती ; one who can spell one skilled in spelling.) pt. pp.-spelt. Syn :- (n) Exorcism charm; witchery, fascination; term, period, interval, fit. Break the spell. Break the charm-cate हरेंड मूक-कृ; भूग एडरज-त्र ; Take off the charm ; dispel the delusion :-- मूल (कांडो ; क्षोनकांव नृत-कृ ; Remove the restraint.

Cast a spell on—ৰোহিত-কু; Fascinate. Throw a spell over—ৰোহিনীশক্তি বিভার-কু; বাছ-কু; Bewitch.

Spell-bound, spel-bound, s. ব্যাধ ; বন্ত ; বোহিত ; Arrested or locked up by spells or charms.

Spelling, speling, n. বৰ্ণজী বিদ্যা; Orthography: --বৰ্ণজিয়ান-প্ৰণালী: --পদের বৰ্ণজিয়ান; The act of naming the letters of words.

Spelling-book, ন. বৰ্ণশিকা: বৰ্ণপরিচর; বানান শিকার বই; A book for teaching to spell.

Spelling match—বাদানের বাজি; বানানের বস।
Spell-land, spel-land, n. বাছনতে মুখ্ধ দেশ; A
land of spells or charms.

Spelt, n. শক্ত বিশেষ ; A species of corn.

Spelter, spelter, n. wal; Zinc.

Spence, spens, n. ধাৰ্য-ভাৰাৰ; A pantry. Spencer, spenser, n. কক্ৰ; অসমাধা জানা বিশেষ; A short over-jacket worn by men or women.

Spend, spend, v. t. বাৰ-কু, নই-কু; উড়াইরা-বে;
To weigh or lay out; to consume; to waste:
—ৰভিবাহিত-কু; কেপণ-কু; বাগন-কু; To pass, as
time:—v. i. বার-কু; প্রচ-কু; To make expense,
to be dissipated. n=spender. pt. pp=spent.
Syn:—Dispense, disburse, expend; squander,

dissipate, lavish; employ, dovote, bestow. Spending, #. বরচ; বাৰ।

Spending money—( निरमत ) शक-धन्छ।

Spendthrift, spendthrift, #. अभवाबी ; नश्ची-काड़ा ;

Spent, pt. pp. of shend. [exhausted with. Be spent with—(কোন কিছুৰ অন্ত ) কাছ-ড; Be Speral, sper'al, n. বৰ্লাকান; Rounded or like sphere:—সপ্ৰ: সামজন্ত; Perfect; symmetrical. Sperm, sperm, n. কেড; তেক; আন্ত বীষা বা জীব; বংকো ডিব. Animal seed; spawn:—ভেলাৰ অবা; Spermaceti.

Spermaceti, sper-ma-se'ti, n. ভিমিন্ন ৰসা , ভিমিন্ন মন্ত্ৰকাভ তেলাল ক্ৰয় ; A waxy matter obtained from the head of sperm-whale.

Spermatic, sper-matik, Spermatical, spermatik-al, a. ভক্ৰিবৰক; তক্ষ্মবন্ধীয়; Pertaining to or consisting of sperm or seed; seminal.

Spermatorrhoss, m. বৰ্ষদেব; ভক্ৰব; Flowing of seminal fluid. [obtained from the sperm-whale. Sperm-oil, sperm-oil, n. ভিনি বংকের ভেন; Oil

Sperm-whale, sperm-hwal, n. folk ace face; A species of whale from which sperm or speamaceti is obtained.

Spew, spū, v. f. v. i. ব্যন্ত্; To eject from the stomach; to vomit. Syn:—Disgorge, throw. Sphere, sfēr, n. গোলক, মহল; চক; Globe:—কর্বা কর্ম; কার্যকের: Province; duty:—ক্ষ্: হ্যাব; Rank:—বৃত্ত; Centre. Syn:—Orb, ball; region, country; circuit, circle, compass, range; department, function, employment, capacity; standing, order.

Music of the sphere—মাচীনদিনের মতে প্রকাণের ব্যৱসাভ শব্দের সামগ্রন্থ, The music supposed to result from the motion of the spheres.

Spheric, sfer'ik, Spherical, sfer'ik-al, a. গোলাকার; মুকলাকার, বর্ত্তাকার; Like a sphere; round; globular; circular; orbicular; rotund. Sphericity, sper-isi-ti, ন. গোল্ড; মুক্লাকারই; Roundness.

Spherics, n. मध्य-विद्या ; त्यामाशांत ।

Spheroid, sieroid, n. [G. sphaira, sphere, and eidos, form] অবাকার বস্তু বা কেন্দ্র; চাপিছ মহল; গোলকাচাল; Oblong or oblate sphere. 23 spheroidal (অবাকার)! [Little sphere. Spherule, sierul, n. মুখ্য মহল; মুখ্য গোলক; Sphincter, n. মহোচক পৌ; A muscle that contracts or shuts the opening of an organ.

Sphinx, spingks, n. কাজনিক রাক্সী; বৃদিংহ মুর্টি; A figure with a lion's body and man's head; a fabulous monster:—প্রহেলিকা; Enigma.

Spice, spis, n. এলাচ, মরিচ প্রকৃতি মনলা; গরম মনলা; An aromatic:—মন পরিমাণ; A small quantity: —v. t. মনলা-দে; To season with spice. Syn:— (n) Pepper; seasoning, flavouring; savour, relish, infusion, dash; grain, particle.

Spicery, spiser-i, n. यमनाद आशीद, यमनाद छाखाद;
A repositary of spices.

Spich and span — সম্পূৰ্ণ নৃতন; টাট্ৰা; আৰক্ষা; Quite new, i. e. as new, as a spike just made and a chip just split.

Spick, n. cata ; Spike, nail.

Spicy, spisi, a. স্পৰি: Fragrant:—ব্যলাগাঃ; Abounding with spices:—উৰ; কটু; ভীৱ; Pungent:—ভীৱ; সভেল; Smart; pointed, gaudy. n=spiciness, ad=spicily.

Spidor, spi'der, n. উৰ্ণনান্ত ; মাক্ডসা; An animal remarkable for spining webs for taking its prey. Spider-brusher, n. গানী; চাৰুৱাৰী; House-maid. Spidor-catcher, n. গান্ধবিশেষ; A bird.

Spider's web—ৰাক্ডসার জাল।

Spigot, spigut, n. alta fer fera; A peg used to stop a small hole.

Spike, spik, ক. শতের শীব, পুলাষকাই; An ear of corn:—কালক; খোঁটা, যষ্ট; A small pointed rod:—বড় প্রেক্; A large nail:—৩. চ. গৰাল মানা বা পোডা; বড় প্রেক দিবা আটা; খোঁটা মানা; ছিন্ত ক্ল-কু; Fasten with spikes; to stop the vent of with a spike.

Put a spike in one's wheel—14.7; To say something of one which is calculated to injure him or prevent his success, to thwart.

Spikenard, spiknard, s. & far fare; A clant.

Spiky, spiki, s. छोषांध ; (धक्यूक ; क्रोनक्विनिष्ठ ; Having a sharp point; furnished with spikes. Spill, spil, v. t. পাভিত-ডু; নিক্পে-ডু; কেলিয়া-বে; To shed; to suffer to run out of a vessel :-कर-इ : To waste :-- ०. i. পভিড-হ ; পভা ; हार्गाहेश शिक्षिन ना : To be shed; to fall out ; to be allowed to fall, be lost, or wasted. Spill, Spile, n. कुछ कार्छत्र स्त्रीय ; मर नना ; A small peg or pin to stop a hole : -পৰিতা। Spin, spin, v. t. পাৰাইয়া হুডার পরিণত-ক : ( হুডা ) कांही , काहेना कांही ; To draw out and twist into threads :- v. i. एका कांका ; To perform the act of spinning :—खड़ीन ; शाक बाबजा ; बुडा ; To whirl. ==spinner, pt. pp=spun. Spin a yarn-গৰ-ৰু; Tell a tale :--গীৰাধুরি গর-F; Invent and tell a long story. Spin out-विनाहेश विनाहेश वाहान, Draw out tediously; invent so as to extend to a great length; trotract; prolong to a tedious length. Spin out a discourse—मृथि वाहान . अवक वाहान । Spinach, Spinage, spinaj, w. Glav facet . An eatable plant. f back-bone. Spinal, a. (स्ट्रांक मचकीत ; Pertaining to the Spinal column, n. (4746, नित्रशेष्ठा । Spinal cord-पृष्ठेवः नीव मका ; (महिवक चार्। Spindle, spindl, न. टिक्सांत एक, उर्क. फिरकी; Pin used in spinning :- The fusee of a watch. Spindle-legged, a. সুরুপদ বিশিষ্ট। Spindle side-মাতৃপক ৷ Spine, n. त्यक्षक ; निवधीं हां ; शृष्टेवरन ; The backbone of an animal :- \*\*\* Thorn. a spinal. Spinet, a. बागाय विराम : Keyed instrument. Spinning, a. Fifel; Used in spinning. Spinning jenny—হতাৰাটা ব্য . A machine for spinning wool or cotton. Spinning-wheel, spining-hwel, n. sam | शिला ; र्डाक्डि वा ; A machine for spinning yarn or Spinose, Spinous, c. कड़ेक्मत ; Thorny. Spinster, spinster, n. অবিবাহিতা বালিকা; अनुहा; An unmarried female:-(व नाही काईना Tite, A female who spins. Spiny, spini, a. कक्ष्मा ; कक्ष्मा ; Thorny :-क्ट्रेबनक ; क्ष्रिय ; Troublesome ; perplexed. Spiracle, spir'āki, n. রজু; রজু; ধাস-রজু; Any minute passage; pore; a breathing hole. Spiral, spiral, a. পেঁচাল; বক্ৰ; Circularly involved; curved :- Winding like a screw :- n, ৰক বেশা ; A spiral line :--কু বন্ধ ; A screw. Spirally, ad. পেঁচালৰণে; বত্ৰপতিতে; In a spiral form or direction. [ निषा ; Steeple ; top. Spire, spir, n. 515%; भावर्तन ; Curl ; twist :- 555 ; Spirit, spirit, n. [L. spiritus, from spirare, to breathe] चुड ; (थड ; Ghost :--नि:चान ; बोबन ; खान ; Breath, life :-- नाहन ; अत्रत्रा ; উৎসাह ; Courage ; enthusiasm :-- जीवनीनिक ; Animating principle : -মন ; আত্মা ; Mind ; soul :--প্রকৃতি ; মেজাজ , Temper: - অৰ্ ; তাংপৰ্যা; Real meaning: - প্ৰতিভা; Genius: — সম ; হরা ; হরাদার ; Inflamable liquor ; alcohol :-- विराय क्षत ; वेदान क्षत , Essential quality ; chief quality:--pl. তর হয় ; হয়াগার ; Ardent spirits :- সুর্বি ; Liveliness :- এবণতা , ভীকতা ;

Grand ; Mental excitement :- v. f. 900 95-7 ( উৎসাহিত-ক ; To excite ; to enliven :-- অপসাধিত-ক ; To take away secretly. Syn:-(n) Spectre, shade, phantom, sprite; disposition, mood; energy, mettle, earnestness; warmth, liveliness, animation; meaning, significance, intent; character, complexion, nature, quality. A man of spirit—(उन्दो लाक। Animal spirit-नतीय कांग शक्ति व क्रिं हत ; The liveliness that comes from health of body. Be in good spirit-वन्त्र-इ ; Be cheerful. Be in high spirits—অভাত আনন্দিত-ছ : উল্লাসিত-ছ Be highly delighted; be in a highly cheerful frame of mind. God is a spirit—ইবৰ চৈডভবরণ। Holy spirit-- পবিত্র পর্যাকা। [ melancholy. Out of spirits-शान : विवश्व ; निशानम ; Gloomy ; Proof spirit-পরীকিত হবা। Rectified spirit—খুৱা বিশেষ; Proof-spirit made purer by further distillations. Spirit away-- जूनारेवा नरेवा-वा; कृष्ठ छेड़ारेवा শ্রী-বা, Entice away ; kidnap ; convey away secretly and rapidly as by spirit; put out of the rapidly and secretly. Spirit of wine—স্বাসার ; Alcohol. The spirit of writing—কোন লেখার মর্ম। To give up the spirit-yo-v . To die. Uncloan spirit-नवडान ; Devil. Spirited, spirit-ed, a. উৎসাহিত; माइमी : उद्यश् ; \$4; Animated; active; bold. ad-spiritedly. = spiritedness. Syn -- Lively, vivacious, energetic, ardent, active, courageous. Spirit lamp, n. হয় বারা প্রকৃতিত দীপ : A lamp in which alcohol is used instead of oil. Spirit level, #. (मिन्नीन) आवकी बामान यद , A glass tube nearly filled with spirits of wine or distilled water, hermetically sealed. Spiritless, spurit-les, a निरंखक , नाइम्हीन ; निक्रीय . 45; Dejected, dead, depressed. Syn .- Liteless, breathless; depressed, melancholy, desponding, torpid, apathetic, languid, dull, tame. Spirit-rapper- िश्नाहित्र लाक. A spiritualist who possessed that spirits convey intelligence to him by raps. Spirit-rapping, n. The alleged manifestations of the presence of spirits by audible or visible signs; the belief in such. Spirit-stirring, a. 37344 . Exciting. Spiritual, spir'it-u-al, a. 74; Not material; not gross :-- आंद्रापठिंठ ; व्यन्त्रीवी ; व्यन्ति ; प्रानितिक ; Possessing the nature or qualities of a spiritual being, consisting of spirit, immaterial:-ধর্মবার : এববিক , সাত্তিক , পবিস ; Holy , divine : — ৰাধ্যান্ত্ৰিক, অপাৰ্থিক, পারুমার্থিক, Not lay or temporal :-প্ৰিত্ত বস্তবিষয়ক; Relating to sacred things. Syn :- Immaterial, ghostly, mental, intellectual, ideal; pure, religious; eoclesiastic. Spiritual guide-शैका कर । Spiritual court, n. Ecclesiastical court. Spiritualise, spir'it-u-al-iz, v. t. পৰিত- :

विश्वन कः To make spiritual :-- जावाजिक वर्ष अमृत-

F, To give a spiritual sense or meaning ;-

स्त्रामारम गतिनक-कृ ; To extract spirit :---माशास्त्रिक-चार नव न To imbue with spirituality : -- मार्किड-F; To refine.

Spiritualiam, spirit-u-al-izm, n. আধাৰিকতা; A being spiritual :—ভূতবাৰ : ব্যেততৰ , ভূতবাৰিলা ; A belief in the communication of intelligence from the world of spirits :-- বন্ধবাদ; অধ্যান্ধবাদ; Belief that all which exists is spirit or soul.

Spiritualist, spir'it-u-al-ist, n. প্রতাদাবাদী; **ভূতবালী ; অধ্যাত্মবালী ; ভূতাদির সহিত কথোপক্ষনকারী ;** One who holds the doctrine of spiritualism.

Spirituality, spir-it-u-ali-ti, n. আণ্যাত্মিকতা; সাধিকতা ; প্ৰমাৰ্থ-নিষ্ঠা ; অঞ্চত্ম ; The state of being spiritual; essence distinct from matter; immateriality.

Spiritually, ad. जाशासिक छार्य ; जासात्र नवस्त्र । Spirituous, spir'it-U-us, a. एत्रांनात-अपविणिष्ठ ; मिनतापूर्व : मानक ; टब्लाम ; Containing spirit ; active ; volatile.

Spirt, v. t. or v. s. নি:হত-কু বা-হ; ধারাবাহিত-কু वा-ह; To throw out; to flow out :- त. क्विक ; A jet. See spurt. [ like a spire or a pyramid. Spiry, a. costa; Of a spiral form .- Tapering Spit, spit, n. कावादवत निक : किंत्रका , नना ; An iron prong on which meat 19 roasted :- निष्ठीयन , शृथु ; Saliva :-- v. f. Moritics (18-7; To thrust a spit through ; to pierce with a spit :-- मून हरेट इंडिय़ ৰেলা; To throw out from the mouth :-- খ. ঃ. পুখ কেলা; নিষ্ঠাবন কেলা; To throw out saliva from the mouth. pt=spat, spit. pp = spit. f grossly. Spit upon (or on )—ৰপ্যান-ক ; পুৰ্-মে : Insult Spit-box, Spittoon, spit-toon, n. शिक्यान ; युव কেল ভাৰা: গিৰুদানী : A vessel for receiving spittle. Spite, spit, n. অপুরা; আফোণ; ইধ্যা; Grudge, malice; lasting ill will :- विद्वत ; द्वत , जान ; Hatred :-- v. f. निक-कृ ; वित्रक्त-कृ ; त्वव कृ ; युगी-कृ ; To vex; to thwart; to hate. Syn:-(n) Pique, rancour, malevolence; opposition, defiance, contempt, despite.

In spite of—कांन किছू मरब ; म मरबद ; তা मरबद ; তথাপি; অবাহু করিয়া , Notwithstanding. [malice. Out of spite-formands:; Out of grudge or Owe one spite--রাগ মনে-সু।

Spiteful, spitfool, e. त्यपो ; वित्यवकांत्री ; शिमानत-ৰৰ; অনুয়াপুৰ ; Malignant; malicious ; full of spite. n-spitefulness. ad-spitefully.

Spit-fire, #. क्इ (जांक ; Angry person.

Spittoon-See spit-box.

Spittle, spitl, n. चूच् ; निक्केरन ; Saliva.

Splach, splash v. i. आवां क क्विया सन शतका-क ; अन या कांगा नहेंग्रा व्हिकान ; To dash about water or any liquid :- v. f. बन वा काला हिंदेकान ; जन वा काला इस्त ; किनान ; To spatter with water or mud . -- ল- কল বা কাদাৰ ছিটা; Water or mud thrown on anything :- e. कर्षमभव ; (वांनासनविभिष्ठे ।

Splash-board, splashbord, n. অবস্থাে কিও কাদা হইতে বক্ষণদাধন শকটের অগ্রবর্তী কারফলক ; A board to keep those in a vehicle from being splashed by mud from the horse's heels.

Splashy, splashi, a. कर्षभम ; नमलबनपूर्व ; Full of dirty water; wet and muddy.

Splatter-dash, n. (क्लिक्न ;

Splay, spla, v. t quiq-7; To slope or slant : a. উ-চান ; উভান , विक्र ; Turned outward ; spread. Splay-footed, a. উडामनाम ।

Splay-mouthed, a. wifes at 1

Spleen, splen, n. [G. splen, the milt] alel ; পীলে; A spongy gland of the body :— ইবা ; বেব ; शिना : बान : त्वाव : Spite : ill-humour :- विवर्ष : বিষয় চা; Melancholy. Syn :-- Milt ; anger, rancour, gall, animosity, grudge; despondency.

Spleeny, a. 季季, Angry; peevish.

Splendent, a. डेब्बन ; हक्ट्रक , पिशायांव ; Bright ; glossy; shining.

Splendid, splendid, a. [ L. splendidus, from splendere, to shine ] উজ्जन , शोशिशान . Bright :--ममुक, अभकान ; Magnificent :- विवार ; अनिक ; Famous; illustrious:- बारबाहिक; Heroic. ad splendidly (অনুকালরণে)। n=splendidness (ট্রা-नरा)। Syn .- Shining, resplendent, effulgent; showy, sumptuous, gorgeous, brilliant; conspicuous, celebrated, glorious, grand, sublime. Splendour, spichdur, n. थडा ; मोखि ; উक्नाडा ; শোডা : Brilliance :—জাৰুৰ্ব্ : চটক : জী : সৌরব : Pomp; magnificence.

Splenetic, splenetical, splenetical, splen-netik-al, a. কর্কণ; রাগী।; বিট্পিটে; Peevish; fretful: -- | Melancholy. Syn:--Morose, gloomy. sulien; fretful, irritable, testy, petulant.

Splenetic, n. মীহা বোগাজাত ব্যক্তি: A person affected with spleen.

Splenic, splenik, a. मीहा नवकीय ; Pertaining to

Splenitis, n. श्रीहा-अगृह : Inflammation of the Splice, splis, v. t. এক গাছি দড়ির ছই মুধ পিরা ব্যতীত भःयुक्त-क ; युक्त-क ; To unite two ends of a rope by a particular manner of interweaving the strands; to join; interweave; join lengthways :- n. व्याप , व्याप्टर ; Union of two ends of ropes; joint by splicing.

Splint, splint, n. [क्वा ; क्वा ; कां ; कांक्ना ; A small piece of wood slit off .--বাড; তথ্ৰ অহি বহাৰে রাথিবার কল্প বাড; Thin piece of wood to keep a set bone in its place -v. t. बाढ़ मित्रा मःवज-क , To fasten with splints, as a broken bone.

Splinter, splinter, n. Dorn; total; मह (हवा; iff; A piece of wood or other substance split off :-v. t. and v. s. চেবা; টুক্ৰা টুব্ৰা-ফু; ফালি করিছা কবিবা ফাড়া, To split into splices. a= splintery ( ৰঙ ৰঙ ধাবা নিশ্বিত বা তংসদৃশ )।

Split, split, v. t. (53), visi; (54-7; To break lengthwise, to cleave lengthwise: - विभी प-क ; To tear asunder by violence, to rend :- [ ] ] क ; To throw into discord :-- विक्-क ; To devide ; to part asunder :- v. i. विमीर्थ-इ ; To put asunder -- काहिवा-बा; काहा ; विक्रीव-क; To be dashed to pieces :- n. काठी ; किंड ; काइँड , A crack or rent lengthwise :- a. wa ; fes , Separated. pt. and pp=split. Syn -- (v) Cleave, rive, rend. splinter; divide, sunder, separate, part.

Split hairs-চুল চিবে বিচার-কু; চুল চিবিবা ভাগ-কু; আতি সুন্ধ প্রভেদ-ৰু, Make distinctions of uscless nicety.

Split on a rock—34-7, विकार,

জ্যাতি one's sides with laughter—হৈনে কোৰৰ চটান; ইানিয়া পাজৰ ভালা; Burst with laughter. Split one's vote—নিজ মতভান ভাগ করিয়া পৃথক পুৰুক প্ৰাথীকে-বে।

Split pease—ভাষা মটর, অর্থাৎ মটব দাউল। Split the difference—বিবাদের বিবয় সমান ভাগ-স্কৃ। Split-tongued, a. সাপের স্তায় জিহ্লাম্ব বিশিষ্ট।

Splutter, v. i. ছিটকান; To scatter:—কথা কৰিবাৰ সমৰ বুধু পড়া; To cject drops of saliva while speaking.—নিধিবার সময় কালী ছিটকান; To

scatter ink upon a paper.

Spoil, spoil, v. t. লুঠন-ডু, লুঠ-ডু, বলপ্ৰ্ৰাক এহৰ-ডু, কাডিবা-লু; To plunder, to take by force: —নষ্ট-লু; বারাপ-ডু, To waste; to mar: —নষ্ট-লু; বিগানেট্যা-দে; To corrupt:—v. i. লুঠ-জু; দহাতা-ডু, To practise robbery:—ছাস-হ, নষ্ট-ছু; বিগানের, অবাব-ছার্যা-ছু; To decay; to become corrupt, to grow useless:—n. লুঠ; লুঠন; Plunder; pillage:—লুঠিড অবা; Booty.—আপ্তবণ; দহাতা; Robbery. Syn:—(n) Rapine, prey, loot. (v) Rob, pillage, disfigure, mar, injure, harm; vitiate, destroy. A spoiled child—আহুন ছেলে; আহুরে সোপাল; A child injured by indulgence.

Spoiler, spoiler, n. नुरुकाती; मुक्तक; क्या, A plunderer:--मानक; महेकात्रक; A corrupter.

Spoke, spok, pt. of speak.

Spoke, spok, n. চাকাৰ পাৰি, মইয়ের কোয়া; মইয়ের ৰাপ; চক্রের নাভি হউতে লোম পদান্ত বে দও থাকে; One of the bars from the nave to the run of a wheel:—v. f. পাৰিসুক্ত ; To furmsh with spoke.

Put a spoke in one's wheel—কোন কর্মে বাধা-ছে; বিকল-কৃ; ব্যৰ্থ-কৃ; নিজল-কৃ, Throw an impediment in one's way; thwait one.

Spoken, pp. of speak ( कविड )।

Spoken language or tongue—প্রচলিত ভাষা, Living language; language as spoken and not as written.

Spokeshave, স. চাকার পারি পরিবার করিবার বত্ত্ত . A showing-knife for dressing the spokes of wheels.

Spokesman, spōkśman, n. প্রতিনিধি বন্ধা , অক্সের মুখ পাত্র ; অপরের মুখবরূপ , অক্সের হুইয়া বন্ধা ; প্রন্থ , One who speakes for another or tor others.

Spoliate, spoil-it, v. t. [L. spolium, spoil]
স্থান-কৃ: প্ৰ-কৃ: To plunder; to pillage, to spoil

- v. i. মুঠ-কৃ: প্ৰভা-কৃ: To practise plunder
or robbery; to commit robbery.

Spoliation, spo-li-áshun, n. गुर्ठ , लुर्वन ; अश्रहत्त , Robbery.

Spondee, n. হল; বি-শুরুণদ; যে পদের উভয় অংশই দ্বীর্ছ: Foot of two long syllables. a=spondaic.

Sponge, spunj, n. পঞ্জ; জনগোৰক নানুদ্ৰিক গৰাৰ্থ বিশেষ; Soft substance supposed to be made by polyps; the porous frame-work of an animal:—প্ৰনাই; A parasite:—প্ৰাত্ত:—ত. i. পঞ্জ বারা মুছিরা কেলা; পঞ্জ বারা মুছান, To wipe out with a sponge:—পঞ্জ বারা মুছান, To wipe out completely:—মই-কৃ; To destroy all trace of:—ত. i. শোষণ-কৃ; চুবিয়া-ল, To suck in as a sponge:—কৃষিক কোশা বাবা লাভ-কৃ, নীট চাতুৱা বারা লাভ-কৃ, To gain by mean arts.

Sponge off— निवस्त में ; ताम में ; Clean off.
Sponge on (or upon)—Hang on or squeez
out of others by mean arts.

Sponge out-प्रिया त्रमा ; Wipe out.

Throw up the sponge-little "Regist-F. Give up the struggle.

Sponge-cake, spunjkak, s. as asta coins fries; wire; A kind of sweet cake, which is very light and spongy.

Spongy, spunit, a. feare, reas; and e are; Resembling a sponge; porous; wet and soft. sesponguress. [marriage or betrothal; nuptial. Sponsal, sponsal, a. faterquia; Relating to Spongor, sponsur, n. []. sponder, sensur.

Sponsor, sponsur, n. [ L. spondeo, sponsus, to promise solemnly ] ধর্মাপতা বা ধর্মাতা; শিক্তর আভিবেককালে ধর্মশিকার ভারত্যকারী; God-father or God-mother:—আভিত্ ; জানিদ ; A surety. == sponsor-ship (প্রতিভ্তা)।

Sponsorial, spon-so'ri-al, a. বৰ্ণ নাভাপিতা সম্বাৰ ; প্ৰতিভূ সম্বাৰ, Pertaining to a sponsor or sponsorship.

Spontaneity, spon-ta-ne"i-ti, n. বভাৰ্যভা; বভানস্থপ্যতা; ৰাভাবিৰত্ব; অভিনাৰ্যভা; The state or quality of being spontoneus.

Spontaneous, spon-táne-us, a. [L. spontaneus, from sponte, of free will] বেক্সাপ্রস্ত; বাঙাবিক বিভাগর্ভ; বেক্সাগ্রাক, অবস্থ-সক্ত; বাংসিভ; Involuntary; acting or growing of itself; of one's will; natural. ad—spontaneously (আপনাপনি; ব্যা)। n=spontaneousness (ব্যাসিভা); বতঃ-থার্ডি)। Syn —Uncompelled, unconstrained, free, willing, gratuitous.

Spontaneous combustion-Fire arising from internal chemical action.

Spontaneous generation—The production of the lowest forms of life without visible means. Spool, spuol, n. স্ভাৰ কাটিব; অহিব্যবস্থানী বেজ-প্ৰাৰ; A cane or reed for winding yarn upon; a hollow cylinder for winding yarn:—v. f. নলিতে জড়ান, কাটিমে জড়ান; To wind on spools. Spoon, spoon, n. চাৰ্চ; চাৰ্চে; পৰা; An small

Spoon, spoon, n. চাৰ্চ; চাৰ্চে; পৰা; An small domestic uttensil for supplying liquids.

To be born with a silver spoon in one's mouth—ধনী হইরা জনান; ধনীয় ঘরে জ্যান; To be born to wealth or good fortune.

Spoon-bill, spöö'nbil, n. পৰিবিশেষ; A wading bird. [ silly.

Spooney, a. বিৰোধ; (বাৰা; Weak-minded; Spoonful, spoonfool, n. আন পরিষাধ; এক চাকঃ; এক পলা; As much as a spoon will hold; a small quantity of a liquid.

Spoor, n. मुश्रबाकानीय नामात्रिक आधीत नाम-हिक; The track of an animal, especially of one pursued as game.

Sporadio, spo-radik, a. বিশ্ব ; বিবাৰ্থ ; Scattered :—(রোগ সবাদ) এখানে নেবানে উৎপন্ন ; Attacliing a few at a time :—একমান ; Single ; (opposed to Epidemic). Spore, म. त्व् ; एक वीव ; One of the minute grains which serves as a seed.

Sporran, s. प्रि वित्यव ; A leather pouch.

Sport, sport, v. i. [ D. boert, jest ] বেলা-কৃ;
কীড়া-কৃ; To play:—আনোদ-কৃ; কৌডুক-কৃ; To
frolic:—ভাৰানা-কৃ; To trifle:—মুগরা-কৃ; To
practise the diversions of the field:—v. t.
আনোদিত-কৃ; প্রকৃত্তিত-কৃ; To amuse; to divert; to
make merry:—n. ক্রিড়া; Play:—প্রমোদ; আনোদ;
Mirth:—ক্রেড্ক; ডামানা; Jest:—ফ্রীড়নক; বেলানা;
A toy:—মুগরা; Field sport:—ক্রীড়ানামনা; Anything for playing with. Syn:—(n) Diversion,
game, frolic; mock, mockery, jeer. (v) Romp,
wanton, gambol, frisk.

In sport—ভাৰাসাজনে; কৌতুক করিয়া; বাজির বেলা।
Make sport of—ভাহাকে জীড়ার পুত্ল-ভূ; কাহাকে
লইবা বাহা ইজ্ঞা ভাহাই করিতে পারা; Turn one into
a plaything; do with another as one please.

Sportful, sportfool, a. আমোৰপুৰ্: আমোৰপ্ৰা; আমোদিয়া; Merry; ludicrous; full of jesting. n—sportfulness, ad=shortfully.

Sporting, sporting, n. মুগরা; Pursuits of a sportsman:—a. কোডুকাসক; আনোগৰারী; Relating to sport. ad - sportingly.

Sportive, a. আনোধকার); আবোধনক ও প্রুল্ল ; প্রজ্যাসক্ত, Merry; jocund; playful. ad = sportive-ly (তামাসা করিয়া; রক্ত করিয়া)। n=sportiveness. Sportsman, sportsman, n. লিকারী; বাাধ, সুগদাকারী; One who practises, or one who skilled in field sports.

Sportmanship, n. বৃগরা-কৌশন; The skill of sportsman.

Spot, spot, n. [ L. spat, a spot ] দাগ; চিহ্ন; A blot; round mark:—খাতাখিক বৰ্ণপরিচ্যুত ছান: A place discoloured:—সোধ; কলছ; A stain on character or reputation:—আৰু ছান; বায়গা; অপ্রিসর ছান; A small place; locality; a small owtent of place:—v. t. বিবৰ্ণ-কৃ; To discolour:—আৰু ছিটাইয়া চিহ্নিত-কৃ; দাগ-কৃ; To mark with drops of water:—কল্ভিড-কৃ; দাগ-কৃ; To stain; to taint; to tarnish. Syn:—(n) Stain, speck, blemish, taint, flaw, fault, site. (v) Mark, blot, taint, blemish; vaviegate, dapple.

Live upon the spot—অপুণাইড খা-ছ; To reside; not to be an absentee.

Upon the spot-statts; Immediately.

Spotless, spotless, a. নিৰ্দেশ্য; অবলম্বিড ; পৰিঅ ; নিৰ্মাণ ; Without a spot ; untainted ; pure. ad= spotlessly, n=spotlessness. Syn :—Unspotted, perfect, blameless, unblemished, immaculate, irreproachable.

Spotted, spoted, Spotty, spoti, a. চিজ্জুড়; চিজ্জিড়; চিজ্জিড়িল ; গাগ্ডেড় ; Marked with spots. Spotted fever—Typhus fever accompanied by a rush or eruption of red spots.

Spousal, spoužal, a. বিবাহনখনীয় ; বৈবাহিক ; Matrimonial ; nuptial :—pl. বিবাহ ; Nuptials ; marriage. Syn :—Conjugal, converbial ; bridal. Spouse, spowz, n. [ L. spoudee, to promise ] খামী ও বী ; কুভোষাই বোক ; Wife or husband ; a married person.

Spout, spowt, v. t. ननारि चात्रा मिर्नाड-इ , To throw

out as from a pipe:—নিকেশ-ক; To throw out, as liquids:—অবৰ্গন বলা; গৰিত ভাবে কথা কথা; To throw out words with affected gravity; to mouth:—হ . : বেগে বাহিন-হ; বেগে নিগত-হ; ছুটা; To issue with violence, as from a pipe:—ন. চুলি; নালী; নল; তত্ত; A tube; a pipe; a pipe conducting from a liquid.

Sprain, v. t. আন্ত মচ্কাল; মোচড়াল; To overstrain the ligaments or muscles of a joint:—n. মোচড; মচ্কালি; An excessive strain of the muscles or ligaments of a joint.

Sprang, p. t. of spring.

Sprat, sprat, n. সাম্দিক ৰংক বিশেষ; A sea-fish.
To bait with a sprat to catch a mackerel—বেশীৰ লাভে সামান্ত-দে; To give a small thing under the hope of getting something much more valuable.

Sprawl, sprawl, v. t. হাত পা ছড়াইরা শর্ম-ড়; আব্থাবৃতাবে শর্ম-ড়; To lie with the limbs stretched at random or wide:—এলোমেলা ক্ছিড-হ: To spead ungracefully. n=sprawler.

Spray, ppra, n. ৰলকণা; বাব ধারা উৎকিন্ত জলবিৰু; Sprinking foam of the sea or falling water:— বুকের লাখা; পরব; Twig of a tree; a small shout of a tree.

Spread, spred, n. বিস্থৃতি; বাজি; বিস্থান; Extent; compass; expansion of parts:—v. t. বিস্থান-তৃ; বিস্থান: বেলাদ; প্রদানিত-কৃ; To scatter abroad; to extend; to stretch:—প্রকাশ-তৃ; প্রচান-তৃ; To publish; to propagate:—স্থান্থ-তৃ; Cover over:—v. i. বিস্থৃত-তৃ; বাজি-তৃ; বাজা; To be extended or stretched:—বোধিত-তৃ; প্রকাশ-তৃ: To be circulated or propagated. pt. pp—spread. Syn:—(v) Expand, dilate; unfold, unfurl, open; distribute, disperse, diffuse; disseminate, circulate; cover, overspead.

Spread like wild fire—nionamn fauliae-e;
To spread like fire uncontrolled; to spread very rapidly.

To scatter abroad—ফড়ান; ধান্যাদি দিবা সঞ্জিত-কু। Spree, শ. সানন্দ বিহার: A merry frolic:—মাডানের বুল; A drunken frolic.

Sprig, sprig, n. কুল শাখা; থেঁকড়ি; A small shoot of twig; spray:—ছোকরা:—নাখাহীন প্রেক:—p. t. পল্লব দিরা সাজান; To adorn with representations of twigs.

Spright, #. 93; wish; A ghost; a shade.

Sprightly, sprifle, a. সজীব; ছাই; অকুল্ল; কিঞা; Lively; brisk; airy; spirit-like, spright-like. n=sprightliness. Syn:—Animated, vivacious, active, alert, airy, gay, merry, frolicsome.

Spring, spring, v. i. লক্ষ্-বে; To leap; to bound:—বেগে নিৰ্গত-হ; ছুটা; To proceed; to move hastily:—উৎপান-হ; উৎপাত বা উথিত-হ; আমু-বিত-হ; বাহিন-হ; To tise; to shoot forth:—v. t. তাড়া দিবা বাহিন-ফ; To cause to spring up:—আমি বাবা উড়াইবা-বে; কটোন; To explode:—উত্তোলন-ক; To raise:—উৎপাদন-ক; উৎপাত-ফ; To produce:—n. লক্ষ্-ন; A leap:—ব্যক্ত বাড়; The vernal season:—উৎস; Fountain:—কার্ব; ব্ল; আক্স; Source:—বিভিয়াপক বন্ত; An elastic body:—বৌবন; Youth.—বাড়াব; The dawn.

bt. bb = aprung. Syn :- (v) Jump, vault, caper ; arise, issue ; originate, flow, emanate. Mineral spring—সীতাকুও ; উক্থেবস ; Hot spring. Spring a fence-- (वड़ा डिकान ; Leap a fence. Spring a leak—ভিতর দিয়া বল প্রবেশ করিতে আরম্ভ-F; Let in water of a sudden; commence leaking. Spring a mine - वाक्रम निवा উडाडेवा-त्म ; Fire it of a sudden :-- ভিতরে বাকুদ দিয়া উড়াইরা দিবার নিমিত্ত क्षक धनम-क ; Dig a mine with a view to cause explosion :—ভলে ভলে নষ্ট- হ ; কেহ জানিতে না পারে এমন ভাবে কাহাকে ধ্বংস করিবার উপায় অবলম্বন-কু, Take steps in secret with a view to surprise one or overwhelm one in ruin.

Spring at -লাফ দিয়া বাড়ে পড়িতে চেষ্টা-কৃ; Leap Γout. towards.

Spring forth-- त्वांग निर्मछ-इ ; त्वांग वाहित-इ ; Rush Spring from-कान वर्ग कहेट छेड्ड-इ. Be descended from; be born of:-(কোৰ কিছু হইতে) উৎপন্ন-ই ; Arise out of , ause from.

Spring in—त्वरत्र अत्वन-कृ ; Rush in. [ Assault. Spring on-আক্রমণ-কৃ; লাক দিবা খাডে পড়া; Spring out-বেৰে বাহিৰ-কু; Rush out.

Spring out—সমুশে লম্ব-পে; Leap forward. [হ। Spring to one's feet—हंगे । क्षेज़िंदरा डेंग वा बाहा-Spring up-\$74-7; Arise !- 384; Come into existence —नाक्ति जेंगे ; Jump up Irom a seat.

Spring up like a mushroom - को ए छन्य वा हित्रहा : To appear suddenly and grow rapidly. Springal- प्र| ; A youth ; a stripling.

Spring-balance, \*. Elastic spring counterbalancing a value or levei.

Spring-book, spring'buk, n sfat fater: An-Springe, sprinj, ম. কান; পাল; A gin; a snare with a spring-noose : - v. t. काम शांडिका-मु; To catch in a springe.

Springer, n. लक्नकांत्री ; One who springs :-ৰুকুর বিশেব: A kind of dog: --নবোছিদ; A young plant. being trodden on.

Spring-gun, n. A gun going off on a spring Spring-head, spring'-hed, n. BOT; A fountain or source; a river-head.

Springlet, n. कुछ डेल्म; कुछ मंत्रिक; A little spring; a small stream.

Spring-mattress—দমের বদি।

Spring-tide, spring'-tid,n. (कांग्रोब ; खबा (क है।ल ; Highest tide; a tide which rises higher than common tides, after new and full moon.

Spring-time—বসস্তকাল, Spring.
Springy, spring'i, a. স্থিতিয়াপক; স্ট্কানিয়া,
Elastic:—উৎসবছৰ; উৎসপূৰ্ব, Abounding with springs or fountains: - চতুর; কিপ্র; নযু; Nimble Sprinkle, spring'kl, v t. febl-ca; febla; fam পাত-তু; ছড়াৰ; To scatter in small drops:-विविद्यक-कृ; To baptise with a few drops of water :- v. i. अक्रविक-र ; उप्रका-(प : किहाइया পড়া; To scatter in drops :- n. ছড়া; ভিটা, ভড়-ভা; A small quantity sprinkled. Syn :-(v) Scatter, strew; bedew.

Sprinkling, n. (थायन ; हेउएठ: (धाव्किड बन्न ग्रि-শাণ; A small quantity sprinkled.

BPrit, n. कारांक्य नारेल धानात्रापत्र कारुकां विश्व ; Small spar or pole.

Sprite, sprit, n. we; cae; will; cavini; A shade : a spirit ; a ghost. Syn :- Soul, apparition, elf, fairy, demon, hobgoblin.

Sprout, sprout, s. i. अवृतिक-इ ; त्रकान ; To shoot ; to bud :-- n. अक्रूब ; शहाव ; मक्षती ; A germ or young shoot:--pl. कशित उत्तन वहूत ; Young shoots from old cabbages. Syn:-(v) Germinate, vegetate, pullulate.

Spruce, spicos, a. निविद्य ; निविन्छि ; केंद्रata; Smart; neat. n=spruceness. ad=sprucely.

Sprung, pt. and pt. p. of spring.

Spud, n. (कांगान वा बढ़ा वित्नव ; A narrow spade. Spume, spum, n. [L. squo, to spew] (141); गोंकना ; (क्य ; Foam ; froth ; scum :- v. i. (क्या निर्शठ-इ ; शीवना छात्रा : त्वना छें। To throw up scum; to froth; to foam.

Spumous, spumus, Spumy, spumi, a. (44)-युक्त . रक्निंग ; रक्षांमग्न ; शीवनादिनिष्ठ ; Frothy ; foamy. Spun, pt. and pt. p. of spin.

Spunk, spungk, n. उक मार कार्ड : (व कार्ड नेप अधि शरव ; A piece of wood readily set on fire ; touchwood :- देपनाई ; (क्य ; Mettle ; spirit.

Spunky, a. डेश्नारी ; टब्बरी ; Spirited ; brisk ; fiery.

Spur, spur, n. [A. S. spura, a spur ] wil-বোহীৰ জুতাৰ কাটা; An instrument with sharp points on horseman's heels for goading the horse :- नर्रः उत्र भाषा ; देनन वार ; Branch of a mountain: -- উৎপতি; Something projecting:--উত্তেচনা; Incitement ; stimulus :-- v. f. কাটা নারা ; To urge on with spurs; to prick with spurs:-উৎসাহিত-কু; উত্তেজিত-কু; To urge onward; to instigate, to incite:-- १. ३. (वर्ण बाविज-इ : क्रांड नामन-; To press forward; to travel in great haste. Syn :- (n) Prick, goad, incite, instigate, impel, drive, press, urge.

On or at the spur of the moment-3464; তৎকণাৎ ; উপস্থিত কেলে ; Immediately :—হঠাৎ মনের বেণে উত্তেজিত হট্যা; ভদানীস্তন কালের মনের বেপে: Under the influence of a sudden impulse (without reflection).

Set spurs to—খোলা খেগে চাশাটবার নিমিক্ত জুতার গোঢ়ালি দিয়া আখাত-ক ; জুতাৰ কাটা দিয়া ভাডনা-ক : Prick the sids of (a horse) to drive it forward or hasten its pace.

Win one's spur-नित्त्वर कमडार मर्गाना नाक-कृ; निक किही बाना थाडि नाक-क : To obtain position or fame by one's exertions to gain the rank of kinghthood :- फेक्ट न न नगाना नाड-क ; Rose in rank or dignity :- নিজের বব্রিক্রম দেখাইয়া খ্যাতি नाष्ठ-क ; Signalize oneself by deeds of valour.

Spurge, spuij, n. উত্তিপ্ বিশেষ , Euphorbis. Spurious, spu're-us, a. कृतिम : नक्न : अथकृत : Not genuine; false; adulterate: -- 新河寺; Not legitimate; illegitimate, n=spuriousness ( 46-মতা)। ad=spuriously (অপ্রকৃতরূপে)। Syn:-Bastard; false, supposititious, fictitious, counterieit, sham.

Spurn, spurn, v. t. পদায়াড-ক ; পারে টেলা ; ডুজ্-क ; श्वा-क ; To kick ; to drive back, as with the foot ; to reject with disdain :- v. i. 11 (%151: चनका व्यक्तान-कृ ; कुर्व-कृ ; 'To kick up the heels ; to show disdain: -- भा । भाषा ; धरामा ; Disdain ; rejection. Syn :-- (v) Repel, reject ; scorn, despise, disdain.

Spurt, spurt, v. i. সম্বাদে হঠাং নিৰ্গত হয়; কিন্তি বিয়া বাহিত্ব-ছ; হত্তত্ত্ব কৰিবণ পড়া; To gush out suddenly in a small stream:—v. t. কিন্তি বিয়া বাহিত্ব-ছ; সক্ষাহে উল্লাপ-ছ; To sprout or send out in a sudden stream, as water:—n. কিন্তি; সভেত্তাবার; A jet:—উন্সম; হঠাং টেপ্তা; A sudden effort. Sputter, sputer, v. i. ব্যু কেলা; লালা-বিলু ব্ৰণ-ফ; To spit in small drops, as in rapid speaking:
—ক্ষাইক্ষণে বলা; ক্ষত অপাইক্ষণে কথা ক্যা, To speak hastily and indistinctly:—v. t. বেলে নিৰ্গত-ফ; To throw out with haste and noise:—ক্ষত উচ্চা-ক্ষা-ফ; অপাইক্ষণে বলা; To utter hastily and indistinctly:—n. ব্ৰিত বিলু; Moist matter thrown out in small particles.

Spy, spi, n. স্চর; ছপ্তচর; গোবেলা; সন্ধানী লোক . Secret watcher or emissary . scout . — v. t. দেখা; দূরে দেখিতে পাওয়া; গোগনে সন্ধান-কু; বঁচিয়া সন্ধান-কু; To see; to watch narrowly or secretly; to cspy:—v. i. শ্রুরূপে পরীকা-কু, To scrutinise.

Spy out—গোপনে গরীকা-ড়; To explore; to view and examine secretly.

Spy-craft, n. চন্ত্ৰি। [lescope. Spy-glass, spi'glas, n. কুক্ত ছুববীণ; A small te-Spy-system, n. Employing government spies. Squab, c. মোটা; ছুল; Fat:—অলাতপক; Unfledged:—n. ছুল ব্যক্তি।

Squabble, skwobl, v. i. বিবাদ-কু; ছম্ব-কু; বিরোদ-কু; ফ্লহ-কু; To wrangle; to dispute; scuffle:—
n. সামান্ত বিরোদ; সামান্ত কলহ; A noisy petty
quarrel; a brawl. n=squabbles. Syn:—(v)
Struggle; dispute, quarrel, brawl, bicker.

Squad, skwod, n. সৈভের দল; কসবং শিকার্থ সমবেড কুম সৈভদল; কুম দল; A small party or set of soldiers.

Squadron, skwodrun, n. অম্বারোইা নৈজদল; Two or more troops of cavairy; a body of cavairy: — মুদ্ধ কাহান্তের দল; বণ্ডরীর বছর; Part of a fleet.

Squalid, skwolid, a. মনিন; নোকরা; সমল. Filthy; dirty; foul; unclean. n=squalidness (মনিনতা)। ad=squalidly.

Squall, skwawl, o.t. চীংকার-ছ; চীংকার কবিয়া কলন-ড়; To cry out violently:—n. চীংকার; চীংকারশন্ধ; A loud cry; a loud scream:—সম্মা বাভাস; প্রাক ব্যাভ্যা; A gust of wind. a=squally (বাৰ্থবাহ্মর; gusty).

Black squall—বে দম্পা বাডাসের সময় আকাশে কাল Thick squall—করকা-পাত সহিত বড়বুটা

Squalor, n. ৰণিৰতা, মৰ, Filthiness; dirtiness, foulness.

Squander, skwohder, v. t. [Ger. schwindan, to vanish] জপবাৰ-ৰূ; জড়ি বাৰ-ৰূ; To spend lavishly or profusely; to waste; to dissipate. n= squanderer ( অপবান্ধী) । Syn:—Expend, scatter, dissipate, lavish.

Square, skwar, a. সমচতুমুল; চতুমোণ্যিপিট্ট: চারি-বোণা, Having four equal sides and angles:— সমকোণকারী; Forming a right angle:—ভাষা; টুক; Exact:—সং; Honest: fair:—n. সমচতুর্জ; চৌকা জিলিস; A square figure:—বে সৈক্ষণকোর চারিশার্থ স্বান; A square body of troops:
বর্ণরাশি; The product of a quantity multiplied by itself:—রাজ্পন; An open place formed
by the intersection of two or more streets:—
সমলোশ পরিমাপক ব্যু: An instrument for measuring right angles:—চতুক; প্রাক্ষন; বে চৌকা স্থানের
চারিয়ারে বাটা পাকে; An area of four sides with
houses on each side:—v. t. চৌক'-ক; চারিকোশা
ক; To form like a square; to form with four
equal sides and four right angles:—শোক-ক;
(হিসাব) বিভান; টিক-ক; To measure; adjust:—To
multiply a number by itself:—v. i. বিল, বত,
উপস্ক বা বোগা-ব। ad=squarely, n=squareness.
Syn:—(v) Regulate, fit, accommodate, adapt;
settle, balance.

All square-किंक शेक ; All settled ; all right.

Hollow square, n. A body of infantry drawn up in the form of a square with a space in the centre for the officer, &c.

On the square—ভাগাবদারে; ভারপুর্মক; In an open fair manner; honestly.

Square by —নিয়মাণ্যত শ্বিঃ-কৃ; Regulate; adjust. Square the circle—অনত্ত তেট্টা-কৃ; Attempt an impossibility.

Square with—লগান-হ; তুলাক্লণ-হ; To conform to; to agree or accord exactly with. [অবস্থান। Upon the square with—শোষবোৰ অবস্থান, সমান Square-built, a. বলিষ্ঠ; Well-fitted up; of a short stout make:—চারচৌকা; বাটসুক্তর।

Square measure—र्न পরিমাণ।

Square number - 44; Product of a number multiplied by itself.

Square root—( बाह्र ) वर्शवृत्र ।

Squash, n. কোমল পদার্থ; অপক নরম ক্রা; Anything soft or upripe;—v. t. বেডলান, ছেঁচা; To beat or press into pulp. a—squashy (মুখের মড; কাদাকাদা)।

Bquet, skwot, v. i. ধাৰভিয়া বা আসনপিতি ইইয়া ৰসা; ৰাটুৰালা হইবা বসা; চাপিয়া বসা; আসীন-হ; To sit down upon the hams or heels; cower; sit close to the ground:—a. ধাটুৰালা ভাবে আসীন; ছুল। n=squatter.

Squaw, n. উত্তরামেরিকার আদিম অধিবাদীর স্ত্রীলোক ; In America, an Indian woman, especially a wife.

Squeak, skwek, v. t. চিটি শশ-ক; কিচমিচ-ক; কোঁ কা-ক; তীত্ত চীংকার-ক; To utter a shrill, and usually short cry:—n. তীক্ষ কর্কশ শব্দ; চিটি শব্দ; কিচমিচ শব্দ; কোঁ কা শব্দ; A sudden, shrill cry. n=squeaken.

Squeal, skwcl, v. i. গলা সরু করিরা চীংকার-ভু; চেচাইতে থাকা; To utter a shrill and prolonged cry:—গোবেদা-হ:—n. অবিরত চিচি শক; অনবরত চীংকার; A shrill, sharp prolonged cry.

Squeamiah, skwēmish, a. ব্যননীল; আছেই ধাৰ গা ব্যনি-বৃদ্ধি করে, Sickish at stomach; having the stomach easily turned:—সহলে সম্ভষ্ট হইবার নহে; গৃতপুতে; ছবোৰণীয়; Overnice. n=squeamishness (ছবোৰণীয়তা; আনভোৰ)। ad=squeamishly (আনভ্রতাবে)। Syn:—Fastidious, dainty, scrupulous, difficult, punctilious.

টক ; Exact :—সং ; Honest : fair :—n. সমচতুর্জ : Squeeze, v. t. বছাবরের মধ্যে নিশোবণ-কু ; চাপা ; টোকা জিনিষ ; A square figure :—বে নৈজনতের নিজ্ব-কু ; মর্থন-কু ; নিকাড়ান , নিশীড়ন-কু ; সীড়ন-কু ;

To press between two bodies ; to force through a small hole; to embrace closely :-- 51514; To press by pressing; to crowd:-n. निर्णया; हान्द : विकर्प ; निणीक्त ; Compression between bodies. Syn :- (v) Compress, pinch, gripe, pressure. nip : embrace, hug. Squeeze out-sirial sifes-y; Force out by Squeeze through-Pass though by pressing. Squib, skwib, w. 9641; (6161; Whizzing and cracking fire-work :--ব্যক্তপূর্ণ প্রবন্ধ ; নিজপ ; Petty lampoon :-- v. t. नहेकां (हाड़ा :-- v. i. विकि - इ विक्रम-इ।

Squill, skwill, n. Ber fere ; A plant.

Squint, skwint, a. chai; Having the vision distorted :-- v. i. जाए (नवा ; जाए नकत-कृ ; रहेवा-रू, To look obliquely :- v. t. वड-क् ; आएड हानान ; To cause to squint :- n. वड़-पृष्टि; कृतिन-पृष्टि; An oblique look.

Squint-eyed, a. Gai; 43-48; Having eyes that squint :- wes ; Malignant.

Squinting, n. টেব|-চাউৰি।

Squire, n. शवरी बिल्नद : नियद्यंतीय मझांख गालि : मञ्जास वास्त्रित अन्तत्र ; वावू । Sec esquire.

Squirrel, skwirl, n. कार्ड-मार्कात ; कार्रेनिकाण . Rodent animal.

Squirt, skwert, o. t. नक बन दिश निर्मा - १ ११६-काबी निया चाहित-क : मक्र-बादा निक्त न . To eject in a stream from a narrow opening :- n. Th क्रजामी व्यवार : A small, quick stream :-- मन-बाजा शिक्कांबि बिटनव ; A syringe.

Stab, stab, v. t. [ Ger. stab, a staff, stick ] 7713 पञ्च बाजा विश्व-क ; बंधिया भावा ; बावा छ-क ; To pierce with a sharp pointed weapon, to kill by the thrust of a pointed instrument; to wound:-পোপৰে ক্তি-ক ; To injure secretly or by falsehood or slander :- ७. i. विष-क ; (वीहा माता ; वाहेल-क ; To give a stab or a mortal wound:-n. 3) win बह बादा बाबांड; A wound with a pointed weapon : -গোপনে ৰুড ক্তি: An injury given secretly. #=stabber ( ভর বাড়ক )। Syn :-(v) Pierce, transfix, gore, spear, wound, kill; thrust, feint. Stability, sta-bile-te, n. দৃঢ়তা; খাৰিড়; ভিরতা; [4-540]; Steadiness; firmness; immovability.

Stable, stabl, a. stal, Firm; lasting; durable :-- मृह्वम ; Fixed :-- वित्र , अप्रेल ; अव्यक्त ; Constant :-- », अवनांना ; शलनांना ; आखांतन ; A building for horses and cattle :- v. t. आक्रांतरन बाबा ; आकावत्त वक-कृ, To put or keep in a stable :-- v. i. अवनातात्र शाका ; बाखावत्त्र शाका ; To dwell in a stable. ad = stably, n = stableness. Syn: -(a) Fixed, established, enduring, immovable, lasting, permanent, abiding, strong; steady, steadfast, staunch.

Syn: -Stableness, fixedness, durability, per-

manence; constancy.

Stabling, n. बाजावरन प्राप्त ; The act of keeping into a stable.

Black, #. तामिक्छ याम वा बंध : यामायित दृहर पूर्ण : बंध नामा ; नरकत भान्हे ; A large pile of hay, &c. :--प्रविक्षेत्रव मनगगह ; A number of chinneys standing together: -v. f. नानिक्ड-कृ; कुनाकान-कृ;

Stagment नामा-त्म : नाम्हे नामा : To pile into a stack or

Stack of arms—नवीय-इस्रांत वन्त्रकाती। Stack-stand, n. गांगंड गांगं ; लाजूरे-मांगं ।

Stack-yard, stakyard, n. वान वाविवात भौजी-বাটা: খামার; A yard for stacks.

Staddle, n. माहा ; कूस तुक ; हाखान।

Stadium, n. পরিমাণ বিশেষ; A Greek measure of length. pl=stadia.

Staff, staf, n. गृह ; नाडि ; Stick :-- वानमब ; Prop ; support :-- हज्ञभ ; त्ज्ञाक ; कविका ; Stanza :-- (p/= staves. ) क्ष्रपं : राज्य : जात्रारमंति : A flag staff : —ক্ষতাপুচৰ পত; Stick or ensign of authority :--(pl.=staffs.) दिनिक-कर्न्यानिमन ; त्मद्राची ; An establishment of officers acting together in an army; an establishment of officers in any undertaking. Keep the staff in one's hand-अभिकात जांचा ; ष्यंत्र दाया ; To keep possession ; to retain the right. up office or possession. Part with the staff-wheter onty-y: Give Put down one's staff in one place-

বাস-কু; বসতি-কু, To take up one's residence. Staff of life-जीतन तकात छंगाय ; याशास्त्र जीतन तका कात : अह , कृते . That which supports and preserves life.

Staff of teachers—शिककार्त ।

Take up one's staff-বেডাইতে বাহিন-ই; Sct out on one's travels.

Stag, stag, n. stat; dry; wing; The male deer :- 38-34; The red-deer. feg=hind.

Stag-hound, stag hownd, n. कुकूत विरम्य ; A hound employed in hunting deer.

Stage, stal, n. To : जनमक ; जनमक ; A platform in a theatre; raised floor of a play-house .-विशास कान ३ किছू माधा अता अमाने ठ इस ; तक्कृषि ; Any place of exhibition or performance:-আভ্ডা ; ত্ৰনপথৰে বিভাম-খান ; A place of rest on a journey or road :-- ভুই স্থানের মধ্যে বাৰধান ; The distance hetween places :- মবস্থা, উন্নতির পরিমাণ; Condition; state; the degree of process:--डाक्शांडि , Stage-coach.

Come upon the stage-প্ৰকাশভাবে উপহিত-ছ: अकारक आविश्रीन-इ: To appear upon the scene of action, to figure in public life.

First stage of a disease—প্ৰভাৱ প্ৰথমাৰ্থা। Last stage-5441731

Stago-coach, stajkoch, n. sianis; sicas शाहि ; A coach that runs regularly with passengers from stage to stage.

Stage-player, stapplater, n. 45; क्रमाए कहि-নতা; A player or actor on the stage. [be heard. Stage-whisper, n. A whisper loud enough to Stagger, stag'er, v. i. (रवा; इवा; हवा; টলনল-কু; নোলান্নিত-হ; To reel, totter, begin to doubt, hesitate :- v. t. हेनान ; (शानाक्षिक-क ; To cause to reel:—ভয়াগি বারা অভিভূত-কু; অব-কু; किलाज-इ ; To shock :-- n. छेन्छनानि । I horse. Staggers, pl. (पांडेकांनित मुनी तान ; A desease of Staghount, n. क्कृत वित्नव ; A dog.

Staging, n. গাঁখুনী কাজের নিমিত্ত ভারা; A structure for workmen in building.

Stagnant, stag'nant, a. (देत ; वद : त्यारकारीय ;

च्यांदिक ; क्रमंक्त-बहिक ; निक्त ; Not flowing ; motionless :—निक्स ; निक्त ; निक्त ; क्र ; Not dull ; not brisk. #=stagnancy, ad=stagnanty. Sym:—Still, standing, inert, sluggish. Stagnato, stagnato, stagnato, रा. वस-१ ; वस-१ ; क्लांक्त-चुन-१ : To cease to flow ; to cease to be brisk; to be motionless.

Stagnation, stag-náshun, n. বছতা; অপ্রবাহ: বিষ্ঠা; বিক্তগতা; The state of being stagnant; dullness.

Steid, stad, a. অনুষয়; গড়ীয়; Sober; grave:
—শাড়; হিয়; Steady. ad=stadily, n=stadiness (গাড়ীয়; হিয়তা): Syn:—Regular, composed, sedate, serious.

Stain, stan, v. t. [ W. ystaen, spread out, L. tingere, to dye] ব্যক্তি-কৃ; বছ-দে; To tinge; to colour; to dye:—কলভিড-কৃ; দ্বিত-কৃ; দানী-কৃ; To sully; to spot; to tarnish:—n. দান; চিক্ত; Discolouration; spot:—কলভ; নিকা; Taint of guilt:—ককা; Shame. Syn:—(n) Paint, tinge; blot, soil, pollute, taint; disgrace; dishonour. (n) Blot, spot, blemish, tarnish; disgrace, dishonour; contamination, taint. [coloured. Stained-glass, n. ব্যক্তিক কাট; Glass variously Stainless, stailes, a. বেলাগ; নিৰ্মেণ; অকলভ; বিজ্ঞান : Free from stain; spotless.

Stair, star, n. সিভি: নোপান; A single step:-pl. দোপান-শ্রেণ ; A flight of steps.

Below steirs - नीटन उनाद; निष्ठान; In the lower part of house.

Flight of stairs—সোপান-প্ৰশাৱ ৷ [ rooms. Up stairs—উপৰ তলাব ; উপৰে ; In the higher Stair-case, star'kas, n. সোপান-শ্ৰেণী ; সিড়ির বর ; A flight of stairs or steps.

Stake, stak, n. হক্ষ কাঠদণ ; গৌজ ; বেটা ; বুঁট ; Stick pointed at one end ; post fixed to the ground with its end sharpened:—পুল ; পুলদণ ; A post for holding a victim :—বাজি ; পণ : Any thing laid down as a wager :—ব্দ্বিবাদার্থ জীবন বিদর্জন ; বর্ষের জন্ত মৃত্য ; Martyrdom :—v. t. গৌজ দারা বিক-ক ; বুটি দিবা রকা-ক ; To fasten or pierce with a stake :—পণ-ক ; বাজি রাখা ; To wager. Syn :—(n) Pale, picket ; wager, bet ; risk, venture, hazard.

A stake--मः नदालव ; मक्टीलव ।

At the stake—পোডাইয়া নাছিবার ছাবে; বন্ধ ছাবে; At the burning place. [danger. Be at stake—বায় বায় হওয়া; লছটোপায়-হ; Be in Stake on—কোন অনিশ্চিত ঘটনার উপায় নির্ভন করিয়া থিয়ন্ত্র্যা বিস্কান করিতে প্রস্তুত-হ; Put (something one values) to hazard on the result of (some contigency).

Stake out—শাস-ক : চিক্তি-ক ; Mark or plot out. Stake-fellow—গর্মার্থ মৃত্যুসংকর ; Fellow martyr. Stake-net—A net secured and outstretched by means of stakes.

Stalactite, n. পর্মত ; দ্ধিত চৌর্প্টী।

Stalagmite, n. 7514 (6)4-44 |

Stale, stal, a. প্রাতন; জীৰ: বালি: Old; not new; too long kept:—বিশাদ; Tasteless:— বিকিক্তের; সামাজ; Trite:—০. i. মূত্র ভাগি-তৃ; To make water, said of beasts:—৮. f. বিশাদ ট;

Make tasteless. #=staleness (প্রথমিকা) i
Syn:—(a) Vapid, insipid, flat, musty, decayed,
iaded, effete; commonplace, threadbare, trite.
Stalk, n. বোটা; বৃহ; টাটা; Stem of a plant:
—লেখনা-প্রকাভ; The stem of a quill:—সংগ্

—লগনী-গককাত ; The stem of a quill :—সকৰ্প গানবিকেণ :—ত. i. সকৰ্পে গানবিকেণ-কু; সক্ষৰ্কে চলা ; To walk stilts or proudly :—ত. t. গোগনে নিকটবৰ্তা ই ; গোগনে নিকটে আইনে ; To approach secretly. Deer stalking, n. The act of approaching deer wearily and steathily.

Stalking-horse, stawking-hors, ক. শিকারের অনুসরণকালে শিকারী বে বোটকের পাকাতে স্কারিক বাকে; Real or sham horse behind which a sportsman conceals himself:—ছল; তাণ; Mask; pretence.

Stallage, stawlaj, n. প্ৰশালায় কয়; হাট-চানায়

Stall-feed, v. t. প্ৰশানায় বাৰ্থাইনা খোটা-ড়; To feed and fatten in a stable.

Stallion, stalyun, n. বোড়া; পালের বোড়া; A horse kept in the stall without being made to work:—ৰাছিয়নুৰ বা; A horse not castrated.

Stall-render, n. বে ৰোকানে বাইরা পুরুক পড়ে; One who reads books at stall.

Stalwart, stalwert, a. [A. S. stelferhåh, a man of iron mood] সাহসী; বলিচ; বলান; বোয়ান; Bold; sturdy; stout; strong. ad—stawartly. n=stalwartness. Syn:—Redoubted, daring, intrepid; muscular, brawny, robust, strapping, brave.

Stamen, stamen, n. প্:-কেশর; পরাপ-কেশর; Male apparatus of a flower. pl=stamina (শরীরের সারভাগ; প্রধান বলের হেড়ু; শক্তি; বল; the principal strength of anything); stamens (প্:-কেশর সক্ষে); stamina (বল স্ব্ৰে)।

Stammer, stanier, v.i. [A. S. stamer, one who stammers] তোতলা-হ; তো তো-হ; বাগ বাগ কথা কথা কথা; To falter in speaking; to hesitate in speaking, stutter; halt in one's speech:—n. তোতলাগি; অক্ট উভাৱণ; Hesitation in speech; defective utterance. n=stammerer (তোতলা)!
Stammering, n. তোতলাগি; অক্ট কথন!

Stamp, stamp, n. প্ৰাঘাত; (প্ৰীদি বারা) চাপন;
The act of stamping; the noise made with the foot:—মুদ্ৰা; Instrument for making an impression:—বোহন; Impression; print:—মুদ্ৰত-চিত্ত; ছাপ; মোহন; Mark set on papers &c. paying tax:— আ্বান; ধ্ৰপ; গঠন; ছাচ; Make; form; cast:— ব্যান; Character:—টিকিট; ট্টাপ্প; প্ৰিনাদি কাপন; A small piece of paper having certain figure impressed by government and sold to the public:—হাড়ড়ি বিশেষ; A kind of hammer:—ত. হ.

কৃত্তাবে পাৰ্বিভাগ-কৃ; প্ৰাবৃত-কৃ; To plant the foot

firmly down; to kick:— ত. গ. প্ৰশান্তিত-কৃ; পৰা-বাত-কৃ; To strike with the bottom of the foot: — নাহৰ-কৃ; ব্যাহিত-কৃ; চিকিট লাগাৰ; To impress with some mark or figure; to imprint:— মুখা-কৃ; To coin. n=stamper. Syn:—(n) Die, seal; mark, impress, brand; cast, mould, form; complexion. (v) Mark, brand; coin, mint.

Bear the stamp of—কোন কিছুৰ পাই লক্ষ্ হুৱা বা পেবাৰ; Be clear and certain indications of. It is of the right stamp—It has the stamp

of genuine merit.

Of high stamp-ARISIS!

Stamp about—সৰ্থে চলা; শল করিলা চলা; Walk about with a great noise. [annihilate by force. Stamp out—উচ্ছেদ-কু, দমন-কু, Crush, eredicate; Stamp Act, ম. ১৭৩৫ খ্ৰ: নিদিষ্ট গুৰু সম্বন্ধীয় আইন বিশেষ; Law for imposing stamp duties.

Stamp duty, n. দলিলাদির কাগতে মুন্তাহিত গুৰু বা মুন্তা; Tax on newspapers, bills, receipts &c.

Stampede, stam-ped, n. অবদলের ভরে জতবেরে প্রায়ন; A sudden fright and bolt of a herd of horses:—ভরন্তি প্রায়ন; Plight caused by panic:—v. i. সহসা ভরে প্রায়ন হরা বা ছত্র-কৃ। Stamp-office, n. বেবানে টিক্টি পাওয়া যার; An office for the issuing of stamps.

Stanch, stánsh, v. ম. ( রক্তানির ) প্রবাহ বন্ধ-কু; রক্ত্রোধ-কু; বন্ধ-কু; সিত stop the flowing of ( as blood ):—v. i. বহিতে কাস্ক-হ; To cease to flow:—a. অবিচলিক; Constant:—ছির; মৃচ্; শক্ত; দিলো:—বিষক; বিশাসী; Trusty:—উৎসাহী; Zealous. স—stanchness ( শ্বিবতা; মৃচ্তা ) । ad—stanchly ( মৃচ্ছাবে; ছিরভাবে ) । Syn:—(a) Stopped, stayed; strong and tight; sound, stount, steady, unwavering, resolute.

Stanchion, stanshun, n. অবলম্ব ; খোটা ; ঠেকো ; চাড়া ; A prop ; a support.

Stand, stand, v. i. क्वांत्रमान-र ; केलिहिया थोका , Be fixed in an upright position; be upon the feet: -अक शार शाका ; Be stationary :-- शार्तिक-इ : बर्गिक-र : Be situated or located :- श्राप्ती-र : Be permanent :- अअन्त ना इड्डा : To cease to proeced; to cease to move :-- पाना ; To halt :--मरनमा-कृ ; Await :-- राम-कृ ; Abide :-- महिया थाका : जरू-कृ ; Endure :- जेका-रू ; Agree :- भिन ३ ; To consist :--कार्याव आर्थना-क ; आर्थी श्रेश माउन . To offer one's self as a candidate :- নাগার্ধ मिबिटमन अवनान-क ; To hold a course at sea .-थ. र. त्रहा ; त्रह-कृ , To endure ; to bear ; to suffer : -विशिष्ण ; To withstand :-- मानिमा हला ; To abide by :-- वाड़ा-कृ, केड़ कड़ान ; Cease to stand : 一年. 明明 ; Station :- 中日 . A difficulty :- 中日日 बान बनदा ; दिखि ; Standing ; halt .— वर्नकश्रिशंद ৰেজ ; মঞ্চ ; Platform :--বাধা ; প্ৰতিরোধ ; Act of resistance :- আটক ; Embrassment :- প্ৰৰে বিশ্বতি ; A stop :- with Frame for flower ; frame for inkbottles. pt. and pp = stood. Syn :- (v) Remain. continue; stop, halt, pause; stay, persist; be; sustain, bear; resist, oppose. (n) Stop, stay, post, position; interruption, cessation, pause, standstill; table; stall, booth.

Be at a stand, Be at a stand-still - निर्देश । इ : इनिट-इ, नक्टी नहीं ; Be unable to go on. Come to a stand—normal : [ say.
I will stand it out—I will persist in what I
Make a stand—norm normal entering :

Make a stand—বাণ দিবার জন্ত দুভারমান-ই; Halt for the purpose of offering resistance to (an pursuing enemy): —পকাৰতী শক্তকে ভাড়াইবার জন্ত রোক্ করিয়া গাঁডান; দ্বন করিবার চেট্টা-ফ; Endeavour to overcome; be in a stationary state owing to some difficulty:—এওতে বা পারা; সকটে পড়া; Be perplexed; be embarrassed.

Put to a stand—হতবৃদ্ধি-তু; কিংকৰ্ডাবিষ্কৃ-তু;
To perplex; embarass. [about.
Stand about—চারিদিকে গ্রমাগন্ন-তু; Loiter
Stand a chance—সম্ভব-তু; Have the possibility, likelihood. [date again.
Stand again—পূন: কাৰ্ব্যে আৰ্থী-তু; Be a candiStand against—অভিৱোধ-তু; বাধা দেৱলা, বিকাক

দীড়ান; Resist.

Stand aghast at—ভাব বিজ্ঞান-ছ; ভারে জড়সড় বা
আচ্ছিত-ছ; Be greatly amazed; be stupefied

with sudden fright at. Stand alone— वाशीन ভाবে शांका ; Keep an independent position :— अकाको व ; Be solitary.

Stand aloof, Stand aloof from—भूरत मेंडिन; Stand off.

Stand aside—artica relation; Retire to one side. [Retire.

Stand back, Stand back from - नकामाम द ; Stand between - नका- द ; Act as a shield :-मर्पा पाइन , Occupy an intermediate place.

Stand by —কাছ ছাড়ান হওবা; সহাযতা-কু; সমর্থন-কু; বন্ধা-কু; Not to desert, support.—শুদ্ধ দাঁড়াইবা খাকা, নিকটে খাকা, নিকটবধী থাকা; উপস্থিত খাকা; কিছু না করা; Be an idle spectator; be near; be present without taking part:—সন্মত-হ; রাজী-হ; To abide by; to agree.

Stand fast— সুচৰজ খাকা; গুচরূপে ছাপিত-হ; তির খাকা; Be fixed, to be unshaken or immovable Stand fire—গোলাকলিব ভয়ে না পলাইবা দাঁচনিয়া খাকা; অকুন্ধভাবে অগ্নিবৰণ সঞ্জ; সোলা বনিবণ সঞ্জ; Receive a volley without giving way; keep to one's place without being frightened by the shots and explosion going around.

Stand firmly on -সংলক্ষ্য-হ, নিশ্চিত-হ।

Btand for—প্রাথী-হ; প্রতিনিধি-হ; Be a candidate for:—ব্রিয়া-যা; Hold or sail towards,

direct course towards:—সমর্থন-ফু, বন্ধা-ফু, প্রাশ্রন্থ, To defend, side with.

Stand forth, Stand forward--সাধ্ৰে উপস্থিত-হ; Be pronvinent; come forward.

Stand from-विश्वा वांच्या ; Sail away.

Stand good—বিবাদ সম্বেভ বলবং পাকা, Remain valid notwithstanding contest.

Stand in-বাৰ করাৰ।

Stand in, Stand in for-Sail towards.

Stand in fear of-\$13-5; To be afraid.

Stand in need of—কোন কিছুৰ অভাৰতত । Stand in one's light—ক্ষাৰত উন্থাতৰ প্ৰতিয়োধ-

কু; উন্নতির পথে পাড়ান।

Stand it—शिक्ष ना-श; Maintain one's ground; stoutly to endure. [Keep at a distance, ] Stand off—शृत वाका; नृत्वकी थाका, ७काइ थाका,

Stand at the head-wist e, Gul-e; To be . the leader. [ ]; To be sponsor for it. Stand for a child-नागरकर वर्षणिका वा वर्षभाका-Stand high - \$ 57074- \$; Be of high order. Stand in hand-544111-7; To be serviceable; to be for one's advantage. Stand in need of help--नाहांवा आर्थना-इ। Stand in one's shoes-wife stra-s, To be in some special position or circumstances of another. [ advantage. Stand in stead-gfitte; To be of great Stand in the gap—কিছু ককা করিবার নিমিত নিৰেকে বিপদ্পৰ-# ; To expose one's self for the protection of something. Stand in the way of--- नाना-(ण: व्यक्तिक- क. To hinder; to prevent. Stand of arms-A musket with its usual appendage as a bayonet, &c. Stand off and on-(कान शानां क्यां विशा-वा: र्के नेक्टन व निक्टि वांख्या जाना-कृ, Keep sailing near a place :-- विनय- क , (पत्री क ; Stand shilly. Stand on-अकर नथ अनुमन्त- ; अवनवित्र निगक्ति-मृत्य हिंगाउ पान ; Continue on the same course : -প্রারম্প্র-ই , Rest or remain upon. Stand on ceremony—शिश्वाहात अवर्गन-क मानिहा छला , निषमणाल्य-क ; Be a strict observer of forms of civility, be precise about etiquette, be punctillious or exact in the observance of forms, customs, ceremonies &c. Stand on end-त्रामाभिष्ठ-इ , बाजा-इ । Stand one in- 4951 नागान, To cost one. Stand one in good stead-( wiside ) with व्यामा , উপकारत व्यामा , कारत वा वतकारत लागा ; Avail one, be of great service or advantage one, Stand one's ground—বাৰিকৃত স্থান বকা-কৃ, श्रीवा ना यां वर्षा, निस्त्रत शान दक्षां-कु, Maintain one's station, maintain one position. Stand one in little stead-विश्व कार्य ना Foul . Be of little service to one. Stand on one's legs-নিৰের ক্ষতার উপর নিভরf, To support one's self, to trust to one's strength or effort without aid. Stand out-जेलांड-१, मगूतज-१; विशांत-१, नाष्टे प्रिंग्ड भाष्ट्रा यात्र वा बुबिएक भारत वाव अपन कारव वाहित ৰ্থনা থাকা; Be conspicuous; be prominent .-অস্ত হইতে চিনিয়া লওয়া যায় এমন ভাবে থাকা. Stand conspicuously apart - नवमान-र, नाश्वि रहना शका , Project :-- मड मा- ह , প্রতিরোধ করিতে থাকা , Not to yield; not to give way. Stand out or out against-5719-2, Secode --ৰত না-হ; অধীকার-কু; Oppose resolutely, refuse to yield .-- विश्वा-वा , Sail from land Stand over - मृत्रुवि शाका, शिक्षा शाका, Be adjourned, remain in abeyauce, be set aside for [ duty of a sentinal Stand sentry-পাহারা-দে, শাসীৰ কাধ্য-কৃ, Do the Stand still- दिवलाज थाका , Be at rest. Stand the test-निकद-भन्नीकांत्र छंखोर्न-इ, भवीकांच केश्रीय-इ : Bear up under the trial :- পরীকার ভব্রে-गा; Go through a trial successfully :- পরীকাব दिका वा जा की : Wet to give way under a critical examination.

Stand to-त्यांव व्यक्तिका, केरमूक या यह प्रशंत हाता : Remain fixed in (one's purpose or opinion): -पुष-इ: पुष्टमक्क कविशा-इ: अरावनादी-इ: नाटकास्त्राना खरेबा थाना : Persevere in : adhere to .- नाम क : बोकाइ-इ : बज्रश इहेर्ड मा (ब्रह्म : Abide by :--অবুসারে চলা , একা-হ , বিল-হ ; সমত-হ ; To be consistent with. [ be consistent , to agree. Stand together—वेका-इ; मक्छ-इ, मिन-इ, To Stand to one's gun—बहेनजार शाका, Persevere —बाखुत्रका वा धालिएतां किएड में। वा Stand to reason-अञ्चल्ह, युक्तियुक्त-इ. To be in accordance with reason; to be right or fitting. Stand to sea- विश-वी. To sail from land. Stand treat-( ) ( ) ( ) Pay the expenses of a feasting. Stand trial-गत्रीकांत छेडीर्न-इ. वादर भवीकित ना হয় তাবৎ ত্যাগ বা-ক ; Sustain the trial of a cause. Stand under-- गर- इ ; नरा ; Undergo Stand up - क्लाइमान-इ : बाज़ा-इ : बाज़ारेबा डिंगा : বলিতে উঠা ; Rise from sitting : — দল বাবা ; Make [ \* ; Oppose , resist. a party. Stand up against -- नाश-त ; अधिकृत वा विद्यारी-Stand up for-नमर्थन कतिए केंग्रान , कका-कृ; Defend; uphold; be the champion :- पश्चि अभी शांत्र छाहा क्त्रियाद बन्ड अनुष्ठ बाका . Be in favour of something so as to be ever ready to fight for it. Stand upon-प्रवासमान-इ. Stand on :- विम-इ; Insist :-- मृत्रातान वित्वहनां-कृ ; To interest ; to value : —আক্রমণ-ক : Attack :- পর্বা-ক : Take pride in. Stand up to- quette divi-(4; Oppose steadily. Stand with (or to) reason-441-8, पहिन्द 3-इ ; शिल-इ ; Be consistent with. Take one's stand on-কিছুৰ উপৰ দালাৰ: Station oneself on —কোন কিছুর জোর পাটব বলিয়া তাহার উপর ভর-ফু: কোন কিছুৰ উপর নির্ভর করিয়া शका , Rest on something for support ; take a position of resistance on the strength of To stand to a bargain—কোন কৰ্ম ত্যাপ না ক; To abide by it. Standard, standard, n. প্রাকা; অলা , রণপতাকা . Flag; ensign of war - निकारिक विवय (निया-बापि ); That which is fixed, as a rule -- नापर् . नितिषं; Criterian, rule or model - नतीका, Test :- a निवमित्र , त्रितीकृत , निविनिष्ति , Fixed, settled - निवािक वा हारी मनाविभित्रे : Having a fixed or permanent value :-- शामानिक . Legal minian; Usual. Syn -(n) Measure gauge, test, model, scale, upright, support, banner, pennon. Come up to one's standard-কাহারও মৰের म्छ काल्यकान इहाउ नात्व अड एव छें। Rise or reach to the point ( of excellence considered by त्रशाय व्यामित्रा कहे। one as a midel ). Flock to one's standard - कार्रावड करन Join one's standard-ৰুদ্ধাৰ্থ কোৰ নেতাৰ বা व्यक्तिवायत्क्य मिक त्याव त्र , Join a leader with a view to fight for him. Set (or raise) up a standard of rebellion —त्रोक्षविष्कारी-र , विष्कार-भ ठाका ७७औवमान-क ; To rebel, declare war against the ruling authority. Set up one's standard—िन्नान कुनिया क्नक् (नाक-ग्रांक युक्तार्थ काक्सान-कृ , Raise a leader's ensign of war inviting people to come and fight for him.

Standard of rebellion—विद्धार-भडाका । Standard-bearer, #. भेडाका-वहनकाती कर्पाती: रेक्टर्बिक : An officer who bears a standard.

Standing, standing, a. क्लांबमान ; बाज़ ; Erect : —जात्री : Permanent :-- व्यवस्थान ; ज्ञित ; वद : অপ্রবাহিত ; চলাচপরহিত ; Stagnant ; not movable : —িছিব ; Fixed :-- বিশারিত ; Settled :-- প্রতিষ্ঠিত ; Established :-- म. वादिष ; श्राप्तिक ; Existence :-व्यवद्यान ; व्यिक्ति ; Continuance :- পन ; हान ; नामालिक 914; Station; rank; position in a society:-পুরাতন উকিল। वर्धाव : Character.

A pleader of long standing-वर्शितत हें कीन ; Of long standing- 45 with ; Tale ; Existing

for a long time.

Standing-army, n. श्रामी (वडनाकांत्री : द्राकादकांर्य হাছা বৈত্ৰিক নৈত : A permanent body of troops. Standing-colour, त. (य दह शूरेया बांब ना ; That which does not wash out.

Standing erop or corn—অক্তিত শত : কেত্ৰে नवात्रभान नज : Crop not cut down.

Standing-dish, n. উপৰুক্ত পাদ্যৱব্য ; Favourite dish; one regularly served.

Standing-joke, n. (य डामाना वनरत् कता इद्र ; The joke which frequently repeated. nuisance. Standing-nuisance, n. 31 m este; Permanent Standing-orders, n. शंधी आहेन; निर्मिष्ठ बनविष The Permanent regulations of a legislature. Standing-room, n. ficienta an ; Space for

Standing-stigma, n. চিরস্থী কলত ।

Standing-water-4 44; Stagnant water. Standish, standish, n. कनमनान ; लाबनी अ मनीत आधार : A standing dish or case for pen and ink. Stand-point, n. निष्ठि द्यान ; माँछारेया प्रियात द्वा ; িকাৰি : A stop. A fixed point or station. Stand-still, standstil, n. श्विका-विश्वाम ; वन ; Be at a standstill-বন্ধ থাকা ; হলিত থাকা।

Stand-up, a. ( श्रवावृधि व्यानारत ) मन्द्र प्रशासन হইয়া বৃশাদিত : Manfully contested.

Stang, n. we ; dwi ; A pole.

Stanbope, n. इरे ठांकांत्र शांको वित्नव : A coach. Stank, n. 414; A dam or mound to stop

water :- निश्न ; A ditch.

Stannary, stahar-i, a. हित्तव विनित्रक्तीत ; हित्तव कार्या স্থার ; Of or pertaining to tin mines or works : —n. টিৰের খনি: টিৰের কাজ; A tin mine or works. Stannic, stanik, a. টিন সম্বনীয় ; টিন হইতে উৎপত্ম ; Pertaining to or procured from tin.

Stanza, stanza, n. 579; (#14; A number of poetical lines of verses regularly adjusted to each other.

Staple, stapl, n. (क्षान कारान केरनह क्या ; अशान পারবা; The principal production or commodity of a district or country :- नक ; आफर ; अधान বাৰাৰ; The chief mart:-আদত নাল; প্ৰধান ভপাদাৰ; Raw material; the principal element: —আস ; পুতা ; The tread of textile, fabrics :-বিশ-মনা : A loop of iron to hold a pin :- a. প্রতি-ভিড ; নিষ্ঠারিড ; অধান ; চলিড ; Established in commerce : regularly produced or made for market. Staple product—প্ৰধান পৰ্যক্ৰৱা।

Stapler, stapler, n. बादमांबी ; श्वाकीवी ; A dealer.

Star, star, n. start : नक्ज : stat : Heavenly body; one of the luminous bodies in the heavens, except the sun and moon :- - -गण्येत्र लोक: भवती वां गर्वाांमा गल्यत्र वालि: A person of brilliant or attractive qualities :- পদৰী ৰা মৰ্ব্যাদা খুচনাৰ্থ ভাৱকা চিক্ ; A representation of a star worn as a badge of rank or honour :-Decoration of knighthood :- \* निश्न वो मुझेब्दन हिस् বিশেষ : Asterisk :-- v. t. তারকাবিত-কু ; স্থােভিত-क ; हम्बि बनाव : To set with stars : to bespangle :- v. i. नकरवंद्र स्नात नीश्विमान-इ : To shine as a star :-- মনোবোগ আকর্ণ-কু: To attract attention.

A (man's) good star-75 नक्द।

A star of the first magnitude असीरभन উৎকृष्टे ; वाहाटक मकनाटक कांगा कवित्रा (मह ; A person or thing that outshines all the rest.

Bless one's stars—windite winder and ?! Falling (or shooting) star, n. नक्क-পडन : ভারকা-পাত : A luminous meteor seen shooting athwart the sky, often in great numbers.

His star in the ascendant-তাহার হপ্তা; He is in luck's way.

Stars and stripes—আমেরিকার মিলিভ-রাজ্যের পতাকা-চিক্ ; Standard of the Americo-English. Star of India—উপাধি বিশেষ; An order of Knighthood instituted by Queen Victoria in 1861. [ Partly blind.

Star-blind, c. कडक शतिमार्य अक; अप्परेमणी; Star-board, stär'bord, n. জাহাজের দকিব পার্ব ; The righthand side of a ship to one looking toward the bow :- a. জাহাজের দকিব পার্বছ; Lying on the right side of a ship.

Starch, a. कतिन ; नङ ; Stiff ; precise :-- n. काविष ;

ৰাহাৰ্তাৰ: Stiffness, formality.

Starch, stärch, n. (यङमात्र: कनामित्र (यङाःम : मांछ ; A white glistering powder to stiffen cloth: w. f. -बोफ-रम ; मक वां कलन मित्रा नक-कृ ; To stiffen with starch, n=starcher.

Star-chamber, n. विवाद्य क्षेत्रकाती जानावड. ১৬৪১ অব্দে উঠিবা বাৰ ; An ancient criminal court in England, abolished in 1641.

Starched, starcht n. किन ; मह ; Stiff ; formal. ad=starchedly, n=starchedness, Syn:-Formal, punctilious, ceremonious.

Starehy, starchi, a. माजुर्ग ; मध्यर : मध्य मठ ; Consisting of or resembling starch :- 45; काँव ; Stiff ; precise.

Stere, star, v. i. अक्मारे हाहिब्रा थाका : कडेबरे किवा তাকাৰ; তাকাইলা কেখা; To gaze earnestly; to look fixedly:—v. t. 明第-事; 《李明歌记》(中旬; To look earnestly at :- n. awys; frays; A fixed look.

Stare at-बाहाबुरक्द्र स्नाद है। क्रिका लाकान ; 1.00k with fixed eyes at a person or object, as from wonder, stupidity, or impudence.

Stare (one) in the face—শাই প্রভীয়মান-ছ: পুলাষ্ট-হ; চকুর উপর উপস্থিত থাকা; Be plainly vigible before one's eyes.

Stare one out of countenance—কাহাৰত পানে এমন ভাবে তাকান বে দে ব্যক্তি আর মুখ তুলিতে পারে না বা লজিত হয়; Stare so as to confound one :--क्छेम्र विदेश काकारेश प्रशिक्ष-इ: Stare so as t

abash one :- एएक (क्ला) : बिन्यक-क ; Throw into the shade ; outshine.

Star-fish, starfish, n. সামুদ্রিক মংক্ত বিশেষ; A radiate; a marine animal.

Star-gazor, star'gazor, n. জ্যোভির্মেন্ডা; জোভি-विक ; नक्द्रपर्नक ; An astronomer ; an astrologer. Stark, stark, a. 7994; Absolute; gross; cntire :-ad. সন্পূর্বাংগ ; একেবারে ; Wholly ; entirely; absolutely: -a. ক্রিন; শক্ত; Stiff; rigid: —তেথান: Strong:—কেবন; Mere:—নয়; Naked. n=starkness, ad=starkly. Syn :- Sheer, simple, pure, bare.

Stark-naked-সম্পূৰ্ণ উলহ ।

Star knowledge (or lore or reading), ". জ্যোতি সিদা : Astronomy.

Star-light, n. नक्खारनाक ।

Starling, stärling, n. পৃক্তিবিশ্ব; A talking bud :--কীলক শ্ৰেণী ; A ring of piles.

Star-monger, n. cerifofie ; Astrologer. [stars. Star-paved, a. नकल बाता शिक; studded with Star-proof, a. Impervious to star-light.

Starrod, stard, a. nan sigi ereifes : amaisis भावा (मान्ड: Adorned or studded with stars.

Ill-starred, a. এছ-বৈশুদাের বশতাপর; অতত নক্ষরের मध्यक ।

Starry, stari, a. তারকা বাবা অলোভিত . তারকাময : Adorned or abounding with stars : - नक्षप्रिङ ; ভাৰকা হইতে উৎপন্ন ; নকজেছিত ; Consisting or procceding from the stars : - ৰক্তৰং ; তারার মত উত্তল , নক্তবং উজ্জল : Like or shining like stars.

Start, start, v. t. अकान-क ; हिंछा वी कृष्टिमा-यो , To set out :-- महमा मक्शनिष्ठ-इ ; हिकड-इ . To move suddenly :- 5मिक्श डिठा ; मकूि 5-ए ; निश्विषा डिठा ; कं। इत्क चेंका ; To wince, to shrink :-- आवड-क ; To begin :-- আপুগা-হ; To loosen :-- ৩. f. আবস্ত-क ; To set on foot :- महमा गाय-क ; महमा आला-ডিড-কু; To disturb suddenly:-প্রতি 5-4; চাৰ্ৰ-4; খোলা বা চালাৰ: To set in motion :-हार् | वी--ति ; To pour out :-शालि-क ; To empty : —छोड-कृ; চिक्ड-कृ; চমकाइया-त्म; To alarm: -n. हिंकडहात अलान : हमकान : हमकान . A sudden movement :- 4143. Outset; beginning: -- # 表 · A setting :-- 司事 ; A quick spring :--প্ৰথম পতি বা প্ৰবৃত্তি; The first motion. Syn: -(v) Flinch; depart, rouse, startle; evoke raise; [ Occassionally. begin, institute.

By fits and starts-नत्या मत्या; नमत्य नमत्य: From start to finish-এখন হলতে পেয় প্ৰাৰ ।

Get or have the start of—ব্যাস ব্যাস আব্যাক: কাহারও পূর্বে আরম্ভ-কু; Begin before another :--এগিয়ে যাওয়া; অপ্সদর-হ; Be in a advance of :-(এক কাজে) অভের অত্যে কাষ্য হাসিল-ক ; Gain ad-[ Enable one to begin life. vantage over. Give one a start-अवन कर्त्य अवत कि ने (पडनी ;

Start after-অনুগমন-তৃ; পশ্চাদ্ধান-তৃ; Pursuc. Start against -প্ৰতিষ্কী হইবা বিহুদ্ধে কৰ্ম-তৃ।

Start at-asia-s; यांद्या; Sct out. Start for-(कार्यात ) वाची-इ ; Become a candidate for some place :— अधिमूर्ण गांबा-क ; गांबा-क ; Make an expedition towards; set out with the aim of reaching a place.

Start game-Arouse some object of pursuit.

Start off, Start off from-जनतार अशान-कृ Depart of a sudden.

Start to one's feet—খণু করে উঠে পঢ়া; Rise suddenly from one's seat.

Start up-इंगर डेरिया गड़ा ; व्यवित्य गड़ा ; क्रांद वृति-পথে আসা; Rise suddenly (from one's seat); bring into motion.

Start with—আবত্ত-কু; হুক্-কু; Begin.

Starting, n. alas; Beginning.

At starting—चारणे ; आतरह : कर्चकार्या अवृष्ट क्रेवाब कारन ; At the outsets of one's career, when one begins life. Point of departure. Starting-point, n. त जान इहेट गमन आत्रक इस ; Starting-post, starting-post, n. (4 114 1216 দৌড আরম্ভ হয় ; Place from which a race begins. Startle, startl, v. i. this ভীত-হ; আক্র্যাবিত-হ; To feel sudden alarm; to excite by sudden alarm :- v. t. छो उ-कृ ; हिक्छ-३ ; बाक्साविछ-कृ ; To excite suddenly; to shock; to frighten:---আকস্মিক ভব বা বিশ্বহ; ভর বা বিশ্ববন্ধনিত অকস্মাৎ চমক : চমকানি; আতক; Suddemalarm or surprise. Syn: -(n) Start, fright, alarm, surprise, astonish.

Startle at-হঠাৎ কোন ভারের ব্যাপারে চমকিছা বা নিজ-বিমা উঠা; Move suddenly under the influence of sudden alarm or surprise.

Startling, a. स्थानक ; आउदल्बक ।

Startling news—व मरवान छनितन विश्विष्ठ इहेर्ड इत । Starvation, star-vashun, n. watetta attenta: অনাহার: উপবাস ; অনাহার জন্ম শীর্ণতা ; The act of starving; the state of being staved.

Starve, starv, v. i. watetta aat : अवनव-क : अलाख ফুণার্ত্ত-হ ; To die with hunger ; to suffer extreme hunger :- v. t. अनाशांत्र मात्रा ; अकारेवा मावा ; To কু; শক্তিহান-কু; নিষ্ণেজ-কু; To deprive of power.

Starve out—कमनः अनाहात महा वा माहा ; Kill or perish with hunger gradually.

Starve to death—অনাচাৰে মারা; Perish with starving; kill with starving. · [ cold. Starve with cold-10 15-5; Perish with Starved, p. a. कुशार्ड ; थाना। हारत तिनहे ता अवमह । Starveling, starving, a. कृषित ; नीर्ग ; कृष ; क्ष्मन ; शेन्पन ; Hungry , lean , weak :- n. अनशिद শার্থ প্রাদি; A thin, weak, pining animal or plant. State, stat, n. [ L. status, a standing ] 477; দশা ; Position ; condition :—সমৃদ্ধি ; এখবা ; বিভব ; Grandeur; splendour: - क्रांका; Government; sovereignty :- भा ; मधान ; Rank ; quality :-मध्यमान ; व्यली ; A body of men :- pl. (परनेत যাব্যা সমাজ : The bodies constituting the legislature of a country :- a. त्रास्त्र विक नक्कोत ; Belonging to the state :- সাধারণের : Public --बाककीय : Royal :--आएयवनानी ; कांकान ; Ceremonial; pompous, magnificent:—v. t. বৰা; বৰ্ণনা-কু; বিপ্ৰত-কু; To express the particulars of; to tell, set forth, narrate. Syn :- (n) Situation, plight; predicament; commonwealth; parade. pomp, dignity. (v) Enumerate, specify, expl n, profound, recite.

In state-76% 45; With due formality:-प्रशासायका सीकसमारक वा सामवात्वत महिन्द ; With all the pomp befitting one.

IAio in state—সনাধির পূর্বে মৃতদেহ নাধারণে দেপিবে বলিয়া রাজবেশে রাজপৃত্তে থাকা; Be kept for public observation before burial.

State ball—রাজাৃহে বৃত্য বিশেব ; Ball at a palace.

State barge-महकाती रखदा वा तोका।

Btate carriage—রাজকীয় গাড়ী।

State-craft, n. बांबा-कोमन।

Stato criminal—নাজনোচেৰ নিমিত বলী: রাজ্যের বা রাজার বিক্তাচরণ বশত: বলীকৃত বাজি; One charged with offences against the state.

Stated, sinted, a. নিৰ্দিষ্ট, নির্মণিত; হিবীকৃত; ব্যাকালে ঘটিত; Settled; established, fixed; regular. ad = statedly.

State-house, stathows, 2. বাজকীয়-বাবস্থাসনাজেব অধিবেশনাস্থ ; The house in which the legislative of a state holds its sessions.

State legislature—আমেবিকাৰ ব্যবস্থাপক; Legislature of the United States.

Stately, statle, a. জন্কাল; মহান্, প্রতাপশালী; লৌরবাধিত, উচ্চ: Majestic. n=stateliness. Syn—Lofty, dignified, magnificent, august, formal, ceremonious, solemn, pompous.

Statement, বারণােলনা, দ. বাকা; উক্তি, বিষৰণী: বিষয়া, বর্ণনা; বর্ণনা-পাত্র; A narrative, a recital. Syn:—Specification, enumeration, announcement, declaration, narration, relation, description, explanation, account, report.

State-monger, n. বান্ধনীতিক, Politician.

State-paper, statepaper, n. বাকৰীৰ দলিলপত্ত .
Document relating to affairs of state or commonwealth.

State-prisoner, n. ৰাজবিজোনেৰ নিমিত্ত বলী; A prisoner confined for offences against the state State-room, statioom, n. ৰাজপ্ৰাসাদেৰ দ্ববাৰ-সৃত্; ৰাজকীয় সৃত্; Magnificent room; a stately coom in a palace or mansion:—জাহাজেৰ সজ্জিত প্ৰকোঠ; The principal room in a ship's cabin.

States general, n. Holland:—ওলশাল ব্যবহা-সভা; করাসী প্রতিনিধি-সভা, Legislature of Holland —Old legislature of France.

Statesman, statéman, n. রাজনীতিজ্ঞ, A politician:—রাজবর্জানী; বাজপুকর; One employed in public affairs. a=statesmanlike, statesmanly.

Statesman-like, statéman-lik, a. বাজনীতিজ্ঞব মত. রাজনীতিকুলোচিত: বাজপুরুবোচিত. Like or becoming a statesman. [ নৈতিকতা, A policy. Statesmanship, n. নীতিকোলল; রাজনীতি; রাজ-State-trial, n. রাজ্যেৰ বিকল্পাচরণ লোকে অপরাধী ব্যক্তির বিচার; A trial for political offences.

Statio, Statical, a. নিত্ৰ ; গতিবৃত্ত ; Resting :
—চাপৰ্ত ; তাৰ্ডাহেডুক ; Acting by mere weight without motion.

Statics, n. স্থিতি বিজ্ঞান; বৈধা বিজ্ঞান; বৈধা বিজ্ঞান; মিলাগণিকেৰ খিতাগ শিশেব; The branch of mechanics which treats of the properties of bodies when standing still or at rest. p=static.

Station, stashun, n. অবস্থিতির ছাল; আছলা; The place where a person or thing stands:—পদ; Rank; office:—কর্ম; Busition:—রেলগাড়িতে উটিবার ও নামিবার হান; বাল্টীর পকটের আছলা; A halting or starting place in a railway:—জীবনের অবস্থা; দুপা; Condition of life:—অবস্থা; State:—

লৈজ নিবেল; The quarters of a regiment or the place where located:—পানা; লাড়ি; The place where the police force is assembled; post:—v. t. ছাগন-ছ; রাখা; নিযুক্ত-ছ; Place in a certain rank, to set, to post. Sym:—(n) Location, situation; employment, occupation, business; standing, condition, status; depot. (v) Locate, set, fix, post, establish.

Military station-নৈক্ত-নিবাস।

Stationary, ståthun-ar-i, e. ছিন্ন; আটল; Settled; fixed:—উন্নতশীল নহে; ছানবৃদ্ধিনহিত; অনুয়তি-শীল; Not progressing; not improving.

Stationer, stashun-er, n. কাগৰ কলৰ কালী প্ৰভৃতি বিকেডা; Dealer in paper, pen, ink &c.

Stationery, stashun-er-i, ন. বিজেয় কাৰ্যন, কলম প্ৰভৃতি. The articles sold by a stationer :-এ. কাৰ্চাদি বিজেতীয় ; Belonging to a stationer.

Station-house—বাৰা; কাড়ি; Police station —

Station-master, n. লোহবৰ্ম্মত আন্তর্জার প্রধান কর্মন্ত্রি; ষ্টেননেব কন্তা। [politician. Statist, n. রাজনীতি বিশারদ; Statesman, a Statistic, Statistical, c. সামাজিক অবস্থাদির

বিবরণ সন্থানী ব তৎসমন্তিত, Pertaining to, or contaming, statifies ad-statistically.

Statistician, n. সামালিক অবস্থাদির সংগ্রন্থ বিদ্যাবিৎ শব্দিক ; One skilled in the science of statistics.

Statistics, sta-tistiks, n জনসাধারণের অবস্থা সংখ্যা আরবাবাদি সবজীয় তথাবিলী; রাজ্যের লোকসংখ্যা. সামাজিক অবস্থা ইতাদির বিষয়ণ, সংবাদ; A collection of facts and figures on the social state, length of life, population &c., of a country; the science which has to do with the collection and arrangement of statistics. a=statistic, statistical ( জনসাধারণের অবস্থার বিরবণ ঘটিত ) ।

Stative, c. নিৰ্দিষ্ট শিবিৰ বা দেনানিবেশ সম্বন্ধীয় ; Pertaining to a fixed camp, or military quarters.
Statuary, statu-ar-1, n. মৃষ্টি-নিৰ্মাণ বিদ্যা ; মৃষ্টি বেগিবার বিদ্যা ; মৃষ্টি নিৰ্মাণ কাৰ্যা ; The art of carving statues :—অভিনা-নিৰ্মাণকারী : ভাস্কর : প্রভিনা-

ving statues:—প্রত্যা-নিশ্বাপনারী; ভাষর; প্রভিয়া-ব্যবসারী; One who makes statues; one who deals in statues.

Statue, statu. n. [L. statue, to cause to stand] মৃতি; প্ৰতিমা; সাণ্ড; Corving of a living being; mage:—v. t. মৃতি খোদিত-কৃ; মৃতি স্থাপন-কৃ; To

form a statue of ; to place, as a statue.

Statuesque, stat-u-esk, a. মৃতিসমূপ; প্রভিমাবং;

Like a statue:—ছিন্ন:—n. প্রতিমান অন । [statue.

Statuette, stat-u-ek, n. কৃত্ত প্রতিমা; A small

Stature, statur, n. দেহের বাভাবিক উচ্চতা বা দীর্বতা;

মৃত্তি; The natural height of an yanimal body.

Short of stature—পাট খোট গঠন; হুখ-দেহ। Status, status, n. অবহা; পদ; সামাজিক মৰ্ব্যাদা; হিতি: Condition; rank.

Statusquo, ন. পূর্মাবস্থা; বৃদ্ধ হইবার পূর্বের অবস্থা; বেমন ছিল তেমন ভাব; The state in which it was before the war.

Statutable, statut-a-bl, a. ব্যবহাসুসারী; বাজৰিছি-হারাকৃত, Made by statute; according to statue. ad = statutably.

Statute, statūt, n. [L. statutus, pp. of statuere, to set, ordain] विषि: णिविष्ठ क्यक्या; व्यक्ति ; A

written law; a law expressly enacted by the legislature; an act of the legislature of a state. Syn:—Enactment, ordinance, regulation, edict. Statute book, n. বিশি প্ৰক; আইন বই; A book containing statutes or laws.

Statute of limitation, s. Law which assigns a certain time in which an action shall be brought or the claim be lost.

Statutory, 

। বিশ্বিষ ; বিশ্বিষ্ঠিত ; ব্যবস্থানুগায়ী ;
ব্যবস্থা বা আইন বারা নিরূপিত ; Depending on statute
for its authority ; enacted by statute ; established by statute.

[ রাজকর্মচারী ।

A statutory civilian—ৰতন্ত্ৰ বিধি অনুসারে নিৰ্ক্ Staunch—See stanch. [Firm or steady in. Staunch to—নৃচ্নপে অবলখন করিয়া (খাকা ব্যায়); Stave, stav, n. বৃষ্টি; Staff:—সক্ল কাঠ; শিপার কাঠ শিশেষ; Thin narrow plank of a cask:—সঙ্গীতাংশ; ক্লোক; Verse of a psalm; a stanza:—v. t. ভেদ-কু, চিন্দ্ৰ-কু, ধাকা-দে; ভিডকে অবেশ ক্লান; To burst; to push:—বিলক্-কু; To put off; to delay.

Stave off-falag- ; Obviate.

Stay, sta, v. i. [ D. stare, I. stage, to stand ] অবস্থান-কু; অবন্ধিতি-কু; অন্নকালের অন্ধ বাস-কু; To remain; to abide for any indefinite time :-जारणका-कृ; विलच-कृ; To wait:--विचान-कृ; To trust :-- u. t. क्रिज-कृ ; वक-कृ ; To stop :-- वाडिक-के ; निवातन-के ; वाधा-त्म ; विद्या त्रांथा ; To obstruct ; to detain '--ঠেকো-দে; খাড়া রাখা; To prop; to support:--অপেকা-কু; To delay:--রকা-কু; নিগা-রণ-কু; To prevent :- ম. অবস্থান ; অবস্থিতি ; স্থিতি ; Continuance in a place :- কিছুকালের নিমিত্ত বাস; Abode for a time :--বিরাব; Cessation of motion : - अवस्थन ; टोकनां : Prop : support :- वांषां ; तांष ; বন্ধ : আটক ; Hindrance ; stop :—মান্তবের আপ্ররভূত 35; A rope employed to support a mast :-pl. अजिका ; जीरनारकत छत्र:-वज्र विरमव ; A kind of inner waist-coat worn by females; bodice. pt. and pp=stayed. Syn:-(v) Stand still; sojourn, tarry, abide, dwell, lodge; wait, attend, linger, delay; stop, check, restrain, hinder; prop, support, unhold.

Stay at—অব্দ্বিতি-কৃ; Abide; sojourn-Stay-at-home, ৫. গৃহত্তির; অপ্রবাসী; গৃহবাস্থির; Home-loving;—n. বে বিদেশে বাইতে নারাজ।

Stay away - অবৃণায়িত থাকা; Keep away; absent one's self.

Stay for-- armal- ; fore- ; Await.

Stay in-गृह शाका ; Keep at home. Stay out-वाहित शाका ; Remain out.

Stay over-विजय-कृ ; त्मत्री-कृ ; Be procrastinator.

Stay sail-विक्र वा निनाम मोकूक-कृ।

Stay up—নাগিলা বাকা ; Kccp awake ; set up.
Staying at home, n. বাড়ীতে ব্যক্তি ; Kecping
too closely within doors.
[ নাহায় ; Help.

too closely within doors. [ সাহাব) ; Field. Stead, sted, m. ছাব ; বাবগা ; Place or room:— In one's stead, In its stead—কাহাৰত পৰিবৰ্ধে ; In place of :—না হইয়া ৰয়: ; Far from.

Stand (one) in good stead—(কাছারও) কাজে ভাসা বা উপকার-সু।

Steadfast, stedlast, a. पृह्नक ; पृह् ; कहेंग ; द्वित-नदह : द्वित ; Standing fast ; firmly fixed ; firm ; constant ; resolute ; steady. n—steadfastness

( মৃত্যা ; বিষ্কৃতা )। ad = steadfastly ( মৃত্যুল ; বিশ্বভাবে )। Svn:—Fixed, established; staunch.

Steadiness, ন. ঘটনতা ; মৃত্যা ; State of being steady. Syn:—Constancy, steadfastness, resolution.

Steady, stede, a. বিষভাবে কভারনাৰ ; বৃঢ় ; বিৰী ; ধীর ; অটল ; অচল ; Firm in standing ; constant ; fixed :—বৃঢ়পকল ; বিষব্ধি ; Resolute :—n. t. বৃঢ়-কু ; বিষ-কু ; To make or keep firm ; to make steady. ad=steadily. Syn :—(a) Fixed, regular, undeviating, unremitted ; staunch, steadfast, unwavering, persevering.

Steady-going, a. श्वि ; निर्कत्राना ; Quiet.

Steak, stak, n. nather alters see at Least; A thick slice of beef, &c, for boiling.

Bteal, stel, v. t. অপহরণ-ড়; চুরি-ড়; To take by thest; to purloin:—ক্রমণ: লাভ-ড়; বোপনে সন্দান-ড়; To gain or win by degrees or by gradual means:—v. i. অপহরণ-ড়; চৌধান্ডি-ড়; To practise thest:—গোপনে প্রথম-ড়; গোপনে সরিয়া পড়া; To slip in or away unperceived; to pass privily. pt=stole. pp=stolen. Syn:—Filch, pilter, purloin, embezzle, peculate, thieve, rob.

Steal a march (on)—গোণনে আগাইরা-বা ; অক্লাড-দারে অর্নের-হ।

Steal a march on (or upon)—ৰজাতসারে কোন কর্ম করিরা নিজেবঅভিপ্রার নিজ্-কৃ: কেই জানিতে না পারে এমন ভাবে ততেন ততেন নিজের মতন্য হাসিল-কু: Gain an advantage over (another) unperceived:—চুপি চুপি আদিয়া পড়া; Come upon one unperceived:—বিশক্পক না জানিতে পারে এমন ভাবে কোন কার্য করিয়া নিজের মতন্য হাসিল-কু; Proceed secretly to gain an advantage over an opponent:—তলে তবে নিজের অম্কুল করিয়া আনা; Influence in one's favour in anticipation of any opposite influence.

Steal away—গোপনে প্লায়ন-কৃ; ৰুকাইনা পালান; Get off clandestinely; slip away unperceived. Steal in (or out or off)—গোপনে স্বিয়া বাবলা; ৰুকাইনা পালান; Move clandestinely; slip away unperceived. [Enter imperceptively; Steal into—গোপনে ঢোকা; অজ্ঞানসারে অবেশ-কৃ;

Steal upon, Steal over—ৰজাতনারে আতে
আতে আনা ; কেই না জানিতে পারে এমন ভাবে আতে
আতে আইনা ; Come imperceptibly upon.

Stealer, n. cold; Thief.

Stealing, n. চৌষা; Thest; robbery; larceny.
Stealth, stelth, n. অপহৰণ; চৌষা; গোপনীর কার্যা;
গোপনে সন্পাদন; The act of stealing; thest;
clandestine practice; a secret act.

By stealth-(গাপনে ; न्कित्र চুরিছে ; Secretly so that others may not know.

Stealthy, stelthi, a. গোগৰে সম্পাদিত; ভাই; অক্তাত; অথকাশিত, Done by stealth; unperceived; secret; sly; clandestine. ad—stealthily (ভাতাৰে)। n=stealthiness.

Steam, stem, n. বাপ; গুরুষ জবের ভাগ; Vapour of heated water:—ব্র; Fume:—ক্রাসা; Mist:—
v. f. বাপা বিগ্ন-কু; বাপা উঠা; To rive or pass off in vapour; to move by steam:—v. f. ভাগ-বে; বাপোক-কু; বাপো হাগন-কু; To expose to steam.
Steam-boat, Steam-ship, Steam-vessel—

বালীর পোত : বাল্যার তরি , A boat, ship, or vessel driven by steam-power.

Steam-boiler, n. ৰাপ-উংপাদনকারী পাত্র বা আবার ; Vessel to generate steam.

Steam-car, n. राभीव नक्छे।

Steam-engine, stëmenjin, n. বালীয় বস্ত্ৰ; An engine acted on by the expansive force of steam, engine moved by steam.

Steamer, n. ৰাশীয় পোত; কলেব জাগান্ত; A vessel moved by steam.

Steam-packet, n. বালার বোড বিবেৰ; A vessel propelled by steam, and running periodically between certain posts.

Steam-power, n. ৰাজীয় শক্তি; বাজ-বন, The force of steam to produce results.

Steam-roller, n. পথে ধোবা বা পাতর বসাইবার বাপা-তাড়িত চক্র বর ৷ [steam, full of vapour. Steamy, stemi, a. বাপাগরিপূর্ব, বাপামব; Full of Steatite, n. কোমল শিলা বিশেষ; A soft rock.

Steed, n. অৰ, রাজকীর বা সামরিক অৰ, A horse for state or war :—ডেলাল অৰ; Sputted horse.

Steel, stil, n. ইপাত; সংস্কৃত লোই; Hardened and refined iron:—কাঠিক, Hardened:—ইপাত নিৰ্মিত বৃদ্ধ; উৰু ; Instrument made of steel; knife-sharpener.—লোই-ৰটিত উৰু ; A chalybeate medicine:—শ্ব্ৰ, Weapon:—v.t. কঠিন-কু; ধারে ইপাত লাগান; To edge with steel; to harden:—
a. ইপাত নিৰ্মিত; Made of steel.

Givo another a taste of one's steel— ভরোয়ালের কিল্প গার ভাহা দেখান, বৌচা মারিয়া হত্যা-ক্, Make another feel the sharpness of one's sword; plunge one's sword into another's heart, stab one. { affected by; insensible to.

Steeled against—লগুডৰ ক্ৰিড অকম; Not True as steel—দুচ অসুবাগবান; কিছুতেই ভালাইবার পিছাইবার নহে; Firm in adhering to one's promises:—Firm and steady in one's attachment.

Steel-hearted, c. करिनक्षम ; करिनममा ; Having the heart as hard as steel.

Stoel-pen, n. लोह-लथनी।

Steel-trap—ইব্র গরিবার কল। [Hard. Steely, a. ইপাত সন্শ; Like steel:—কটিন; দৃড; Steel-yard, stilyard, n. তুবাৰত; তুবৰত্ব; A weighing machine, in which a single weight is

moved along a graduated beam.

Stoop, step, a. [Ger. stippen, to steep] ভুক;
পাতৃক, উন্নত; বাড়া; গড়ানে, Precipitous; abrupt:—n. উচ্চ হান; ভূড; তুক শৈল; অত্যাচ শুদ্দ;
A precipitous plane; a precipice:—নিজ এবা;
Something steeped or used in steeping:—v. চুযান, To dip for a long time:—ললে নিজ-কু;
আর্ত্র-কু; ভিজান; To imbue, to soak in a liquid.
n=steepness ( তুক্তা) 1 ad = steeply. Syn:—(v)
Macerate, drench, imbrue, seethe, digest.

Steep in—ভিজান; Soak in (a liquid):—কোন কিছুতে ডুবে থাকা; Sink in; immerse in.

Steeped in inquity-পাপে মধু।

Stoeped to the lips in—গৰাৰ গৰাৰ কোন কিছুতে ভবে থাকা: Deeply immersed in.

Steepen, v. i. সরলোয়ত-ড; To become steep. Steeple, step'l, n. গির্জার চ্ডা; ববিদ্যের চ্ড়া; অন-ভাগ; Spile; tower of a church.

Steeple-chase, step'l-chas, n. ৰোড়ৰোড়ের বাজি; বেড়াবাজি, Race from one point to another.

Steer, ster, n. আনবয়ক বুৰ; বনদ; A young on:

-v. t. হাল বারা বাহিত-ক; চালিত-ক; চালান; To direct with the helm .—পৰ দেখান; To guide:

লাসন-ক, নিবন্ধিত-ক; To govern:—v. i. ভরী-বহা;
বহিবা-বা; To direct a ship in its course:

চালিত-ত; চলা. To move; to be directed.

Steor clear of—পরিত্যাগ-কু; ৰে দিকে বিপদ আছে সে দিকে না বাৰমা; Keep free from; keep clear of, shun; avoid.

Steerage, ster'aj, n. পরিমাণ; প্রচলন: The act of practice of steering:—চালন; নিকাছ: Direction; management:—জাহানের প্রভাগের বন্ধ; জাহানের প্রভাগের বন্ধ; An apartment in the ship for an inferior passengers. [ who steers a ship. Steersman, steriman, n. নাবা; কণ্যার; A man Stellar, stelar, Stellary, stelari, s. নাক্তিক;

নক্ত্ৰসম্বন্ধীয়, ভারকামভিত; Starry.

A stollar mansion—ক্ষিনী ভরণী প্রভৃতি নক্ষ্ম। Stollate, stellat, Stellated, stellated, c. নক্ষ্ম-বং: নক্ষমনত, ভারকাকার; Like a star; radiated.

Stellular, stelli-lar, a. ৰক্ষরের ভার পটিত; Formed like stars:—পেনিতে কুল ভারার মত; Having the form of little stars. [star.

Stellulato, stell-at, a. নকজবং; Like a little Stem, stem, n. কাত, উড়ি; বৃত্ত; বৌটা; Stalk:
—শাধা; ভাল, Twig; branch:—বংশ, পরিবায়; A race or family:—পোতারভাগ লাহাজের নসুই, The prow of a ship.—v.t. নিবারণ-ফু; প্রতিরোধ-ফু; বিপারীত দিকে গমন-ফু; উন্ধান-বা; To resist; to stop; to check, to oppose:—বৃত্তবীন-ফু, বৌটা ছাডান। Syn.—(n) Trunk, stock; peduncle, petiole, shoot, scion, prow, bow, beak.

From stom to stom—(পোচের) এই ধার হইতে অপর ধার পায়ত। ি স্নোচের বিক্ষেনা, Resist; check, Stom tho tide, Stom the torrent—বাধা-দে; Stoneh, stensh, n. হুৰ্গভ; পুতিসভ; Bad odour, bad smell; stink,

Stencil, stenail, n. (উপরে রঙ্ বেশিলা নাৰিবার জন্ত ) নথো কাঠা বা কাব-কোর করা ধাতৃপাত্র : A piece of tin leather &c, pieced with a pattern over which a brush is moved :—v. t. কলক বারা রঞ্জিত বা অকিত-কৃ; To paint or paint by means of a stencil.

Stenography, sten-og'ra-fi, n. [Gr. stenos, narrow, and grapho, to write ] দাটে কেবা; সাকেতিৰ বিবন, Short hand. n-stenographer (চিহুবোগে সংকেপে কেবন)! s-stenographic, stenographical.

Stent, v. t. নিবারণ-ফ; বন্ধ-ফ; আট্ড-ফ; To Stentor, n. সম্ভ কণ্ঠবর্থিপিট ছোনমবর্ণিড ছভ; A herald, mentioned by Homer, having a very loud voice.

Stentorian, sten-to'ri-an, a. উচ্চশৰ্মী; অভি উচ্চ গৰীৰ; Very loud or powerful like the voice of Stentor.

In a stentorian voice—ভাৰতর ; ভীৰনাথে।
Step, step, n. পদক্ষেপ , পদক্ষিকেপ ; এক পা ; Pace:
—ক্ষ ; Gradation , degree :—নামান্ত খ্যবদান ; A
small space:—আনাভি ; Proceeding:—সোপান ;
নইমের গাপ ; A stair round of a ladder:—

পৰাত ; পৰচিত ; চিক ; Foot-print :—চলৰ-ভলী ; ছলিবার রীতি ; চলৰ ; Manner of walking :— কাৰ্য্য ব্যবহা ; Action ;—উপার ; Measure ; plan :— in pl. A portable flight of stairs :—v. ś. চলা ; ইটি ; বীরে চলা ; To walk ; to walk slowly or gravely :—v. ś. পদ্ধিৰেপ-ক ; পদকেপ-ক ; পা কেলা ; To set, as a foot :—pfs. আন্ত বিবাহ সম্বন্ধীর ; স্বুণ, 'বি' । ১৮ল :—Tread ; grade ; advancement ; progression ; proceeding, action, act; means, expedient, method ; round, rundle.

A step in the right direction— \$\overline{\sigma} \vert \overline{\sigma} \vert \overline{\sigma};

A judicious proceeding or measure.

At every step—প্রতিপদে; At every movement of the foot:—পদে পদে; At every stage:—In every point or proceeding.

Step aside—সরিধা-বা, দল চাড়িবা ভলাং-ছ; Retire to a little distance. [ Carry the mind back. Step back—ফিবা; পশ্চাংগদন-ক; Return:—Step between—নধ্যবন্ধী হ, Interpose.

Step by step—পদে পদে; ক্রমশ:; By degrees; gradually:—জমে কনে, আন্ধ আন কবিবা; By a gradual and regular proces. [distance Step down—অবতরণ দু, নানা, Descend a short Step into (or in)—অনকণের কল্প প্রণবণ কু; স্থানাধিকার-কু; To enter for a short time —পদক্ষেপ-কু; Step (or slip or walk) into one's shoes—অনুধানা-কু, উত্তরাধিকারী-কু, কাহাবিও পদে পদস্থ হওবা; Succred one.

Step on ( or upon )—Trend on.
Step out—বাছিবে-যা, T ike a long pace.
Step over—অলদুব-যা, সামান্ত দ্ব গমন-কৃ, Walk
a short distance, walk over by steps.
Step up—Go upstairs or short distance.

Take a false step—ভূল-কু; অন-কু; To commit a blunder.

Take a stop -পদৰিকেগ-কৃ, উপাধ-কৃ; বন্ধোবত-কৃ, To make a movement in a given direction.

Tread in the steps of—(কাহারe) দৃহত্ত অনুসরণ
f. Follow the example of.

Step-brother, step'-bruther, n. বৈশাৰের ভাই; বৈপৈত্রিক জাতা; উপজাতা; Son of a step father or mether; one who stands in the relation of a brother through the mairriage of a parent.

Step-child, Step-son, n. সপত্নী-পূল, নিজেৰ পৰ্তে বা উর্গে উৎপত্ন নহে এমন সম্ভান, One who stands in the relation of a child through the marriage of a parent.

Step-daughter, step'-daw'ter, n. নগন্ধী কথা; উপকলা, One who stands in the relation of a daughter through the mainage of a parent

Step-father, step'-láther, n. উপপিতা, সভাত-ৰাণ, A mother's husband after one's father's death, one who stands in the relation of father through the marriage of one's mother.

Step-mother, step'muther, n. [वनां ठा , मह मा, Father's wife after one's mother's death; one who stands in the relation of mother through the marriage of the father.

Steppe, clep. n. অপূৰ্কৰা ভূমি; প্ৰান্তৰ বিশেষ; One of the vast plains untilled or bairen.

Step-sister, step-sister, n. বৈশাৰেৰ ভন্নী; The daughter of a step father or mother.

Stepping stone—কোন কিছু লাভেল পথ বা উপায়:
A means of gaining (something):—প্ল-নিধান
প্রস্তুর; জল বা কর্মন হুইতে উটিবার প্রথম প্রস্তুরগঞ্জ;
A raised stone to keep the feet above the water
or mud:—উরভির উপায়; উরভির সোপান; A means
of progress or further advancement.

Stereography, n. ঘন বন্ধর সমতল জুমির উপর চিত্রাছন বিদ্যা; The art of delineating the forms of solids. Stereoscope, n. ঘে বন্ধের সাহান্দ্যে সমতল-জ্বন্ধ চিত্রাহনী ঘনবন্ধনং প্রতীয়নান হয়, ঘনবীক্ষণ হয়; An optical instruement a=stereoscopic, stereoscopical. Stereotype, ster'eo-tip, n. অক্ষরাদির চালা ছাঁচ; ছাপার অক্ষয় সারাইং। সাসা চালিবা প্রস্তুতীকৃত ভার্ছার অক্ষয় পারাইং। সাসা চালিবা প্রস্তুতীকৃত ভার্ছার অক্ষয় পারাইং। সাসা চালিবা প্রস্তুতীকৃত ভার্ছার অক্ষয় পারাইং। সামার পাটা ছানে চালা; জন্মা মুন্তিত-জ্ ; To make a stereotype of; print with stereotype.

Stereotyped, a. ছাঁচে ঢালা; Pertaining or done Stereotyper, n. ইরিভ-রটক; One who makes

stereotyper, n. জারও-রচক; One who makes stereotype plates.
Sterile, ster'il, a. [L. sterilis, allied to G. sterros, barren] অনুপ্রি: ব্যা, বীজা, বীজা;

Barren ; unfrutful. Syn :-- Unproductive, unprolific, addle. Sterrility, ster-ili-ti, n. अवस्त्रत् ; स्वार्थ ; अवस्-

পাদকতা, Barreness; unfruitfulness.
Sterling, ster'ling, n. বিলাজী মুখা; British money, English coin:—a. বিলাজী মুখা সম্বৰীয়; Belonging to British money:—অকুত্ৰিম; বিভয়; আসন; প্ৰকৃত, বাঁটি; Genuine, of excellent quality. Syn:—(a) Pure, sound, unadulterated,

Sterling merit—नीडि खन , वर्षार्थ खन ।

real substantial.

Stern, stern, n. করিব ; করিব ; ক্রিব ; ক্র ; ক্র ; ক্র ;
Harsh , nustere ; cruel ; rough ; severe — ছির ;
অপরিবর্তনীয় ; Steadfast. n = sternness. ad = sternly. Syn:—Forbidding, austere, rigid, rigorous,
harsh, unrelenting, hard, cruel, fierce, dark,
gloomy, threatening. [part of a vessel.
Stern, n. জাহাজের বা বৌকার পালাকাল; The hindSternly, ad. কটুভাবে; কর্কশভাবে, দুঢ়ভাবে।

Sternmost, a. সকলের পশ্চাবন্তী; Furthest astern. Sternness, n. কটিনতা . কাৰ্কল, কটুতা, The quality or state of being stein. Syn:—Severity, austerity, rigidity, rigour, harshness, inflexibility.

[ most timber of a ship. Sternpost, n. কৰ্ণেব কাইলভ বিশেষ; The often-

Sternpost, n. কৰ্ণেৰ কাইণত বিশেষ; The often-Sternum, n. বসংস্থানৰ কহি বা উপাহি; The breastbone a-sternal.

Sternutatory, sici-nu'ta-tor-i, a হাঁচিকারক; That causes sneezing, having the quality of excition to sneeze —n হাঁচিকারক ইবন, A substance that causes sneezing.

Stertorous, ster'to rus, a. নানানকারী; Snoring:—গভীৰ নিবাস গ্রহণশীল। ad - stertorously.

Stethoscope, stetho-sko'p, n. [Gr. stethos, the breast, stopeo, to see ] কুস্কুসেব পীড়া পরীকা করিবার বন্ধ : বক্ষঃস্থল পবীকাৰ বন্ধ বিশেষ: Instrument for studying the sounds and discases of the chest. a=stethoscopic, stethoscopical ( ব্ৰণ্টীক্ষ বন্ধ স্থানীয়)।

Bievedore, #. (व कांश्रंस लावाह स वाजान करत: A person whose occupation is to load and unload vessel :-- পরীকার্থ অভি পাঠ-ক। Stew, std, v. f. पृष्ट् कारन निष-क ; बाब कारन शीय-क ; To boil slowly with little moisture :- v. i. The बाल विक्-र. To be boiled slowly and gently :-#. क्याँ बारम : मुझ जारण मिझ मारम : Meat stewed :-বাৰাগাৰ : Bathing house :--সম্বট ; Difficulty. [ই ! To be in a stew-हाजात्म वा बशादि गड़ा , वावममन-Steward, stu'ard, n. (पडवान , नांदार ; कर्पाशक . পাৰুণালাৰ পরিদৰ্শ : Manager ; an officer who has the management of the table :- कोड़ा ; लोड़ অভৃতির তথাবদারক; A manager at races, games &c :- शहितांत्रक ; छातांत्री ; छछा ; Attendant in a steamer. fem - stewardess (গোত্ৰ বী-পৰি-[ बाजकर्ज्ञाती । कांत्रिका )। The Lord high steward-विमार्जन मर्साक Stewardship-एक्कांत्व भूप ; Management. Stich. n. कविलाब भड़िक : भागाब हबन । Stick, stik, n. 42; नक्ष् ; नाडि ; Staff ; walking cane :-- গাছের সক ভাগ ; A small branch cut off a tree :- इत्रथ नाकाहेबाद यह बिट्नव : An instrument in which types are composed in words :- v. t. व्यादन कहारियां-स्न ; To thrust in:--नानियां-स्न ; नर्ध-#: To cause to adhere, to attach :- विविधा-त ; स्पीठाहेबा नाता ; इतिका बाता विक-क . To pierce ; to stab :- সমস্তার কেলা ; কারে কেলা : Puzzle : embarrass :- v. i. नानिश शाका , नश्च-इ ; To adhere; to hold to :--ধাৰা; To stop :--সমুচিত-ই; इडकड:-कृ : To hesitate :-- भूग्रवक्-इ : To adhere closely in affection. Syn :- (v) Transfix, stab, spear, gore; insert; attach, glue, cement, paste ; cleave, cling. ্ অতিক্রম-কু। Beat (or pierce) all to sticks--- नार्भाकान Cut one's stick - मोड़ माड़ा। Go to sticks and staves—নষ্ট-হ , বাণিত-হ। Stick against-बाहा बाजा नाजिया थाका . Glue to. Stick at-Hesitate at. Stick at nothing—क्लान किहू कतिएक महान मा-इ : Not hesitate to do anything; stoop to baseness or deception to reach one's end :- किन्ए उहे आहे-कांत्र ना वा रणह-भीं अन्दर्, मकन ध्यकांत्र कार्याहे ( क्रुक्य) क्तिक अवड शाका ; Be ready to do anything and everything (however base) to accomplish one's ends. placards. Stick bills-- अरक्शंत्र माता, विकाशन माना, Affix Stick by-लाग थाका ; मा हाज़ा ; मृज़्ज़ारम वित्रा थाका ; नारहाङ्गाका इहेबा-इ ; Adhere to ; remain faithful. Stick in one's crop or gizzard-site ain; वित्रक्ष-क ; To rankle in enewheart ; to annoy one. Stick in one's throat-भनाव चाहिकवा चाका : भनाव आहेक्शि-पा, Tabe spoken unwillingly or painfully; remain fixed in the throat:- 991 हरें बाहिब हरें जा शांबा : Cannot be uttered by one:--জনিজাপুর্বক কখিত-হ। Stick in the mud-offin official-of; Be fixed in the mud. [ ground on the bar. Stick on the bar-हड़ांत्र आहेकारेत्रा-रा ; Run a Blick out-বাহিৰ হইরা পড়া; ভিতর হইতে বাহির रुदेश जाहेमा ; राष्ट्राहेबा-त्म ; Project (from within) ; be preminent. [ पतिता पाका , Adhere to. Blick to-শমিতাৰ লা-ড়; নেৰে বাৰা; না হাড়া,

CT : Affix ; post. Stick up for touch wising emitered with थाना ; नक नम्बन-इ ; Stand firmly by. Stick upon-नानिया पाना ; जान ना-कृ। Sticking plaster, n. atan fatta; An adhesive plaster for closing wounds or for covering Stickle, v. i. पश्चिमशांत अभक्ष समक-कः To pass from one side to another :--একভারে ইইবা কলছ-কু: To contend obstinately, Stickleback, n. 443 (4014; A river fish. Stickler, n. वसन्दासन मगुष्ट : त्य मामान गरेना विवास करत्र . An umpire in a duel. Sticky, stike, a. बाहोबुक ; हिहाडे ; बाहोब ; Tenan-stickiness. cious; adhesive; glutinous. Syn :- Adhesive, gluey, viscous, viscid. Stiff, stif, a. जनवा ; दुर्गमनीत ; पृष् ; कडिन ; Not easily bent ; flexible :- অত্যির ; কর্মা, রুপা, Harsh ; rough :- 4 Fers : Obstinate :- Flat ; Affected; formal: - अगत्रन, Rather hard than soft. #=stiffness ( পুচতা ; কঠিনত। )। ad=stiffly ( नक করিরা; সাড়ইভাবে)। Syn:-Rigid, unbending, inflexible; thick, inspissated, tenacious : stubborn, pertinacious; starched, punctilious; cramped, constrained, inclegant. Stiff as a poker-word करिन : Very stiff. Stiffen, stifn, v. t. कड़िन-कृ , मख-कृ, आंखरे-कृ ; वावश्रात अनवन-इ : To make stiff :- ए. इ. कडिन-इ : अक्ट-इ : To become stiff :- अवन-इ ; To become obstinate. Stiff hearted, a. 47 ets; Stuborn. Stiff-necked, stif'-nekt, a. अक्लाइ ; अनमनीइ ; Obstinate; stubborn. Stifle, sti'fl, v. t. चानाताथ-क : निचान (बाय-क : चामक्ष किया माता : To suffocate ; to stop the breath; to choke: - नमन- ; To stop:-निकांगिछ-कृ ; To extinguish :-- हानिया त्कना : To smother - नुकाविक बाधा : To conceal :- विनान-क : To destroy. Syn :- Choke, smother, suppress. repress, deaden, extinguish, quench, destroy; muffle, silence, still. Stigma, stig'ma, n कन्द्र; निया, अनवान; A mark of infamy; stain; disgrace: -ত ত লোহ খারা णहन-कि : A brand. pl=stigmas, stigmata. Stigmate, n. আখাত চিত্ৰমুহ; The marks of the wounds. Stigmatic, stig-marik, Stigmatical, stig-matik-al, a. जननानजनक ; कनकवाडि , नामी ; Bearing disgrace; marked with a stigma; giving [ To brand with a stigma. reproach. Stigmatice, stigma-tiz, v. t. क्लक्डि-क : शंकी-क . Stile, stil, n. थांठीत या त्यां नव्यन कतियात मिछि; সোপাৰ-পদ্ধতি; A set of steps for climbing over a wall or fence :-- স্থা-খড়ির কাটা ( শছ ) ; The pun of a dial ( same as style ) :-- क्यांदिन नया शिक्त कानि काउँ। िगाशेगा-क । Help over a stile-প্ৰতিবছৰ অভিক্ৰম কৰিতে Stiletto, sti-leto, n. (ছারা; কুর ভরোরাল; A. small dagger :- v. t. हात्रा पांचा विष-क : अब पांचा আখাত-ড় ; To stab with a stiletto. pl=stilettoes. Btill, stil, a. [ A. S. stillan, from stille, still ] नीत्रव ; निषक ! कृषीकुक ; Silent :-नाष ; Quiet.

calm :— শ্বিল্ল ; পাডিইল ; লিক্স ; Without any motion; motionless :— ad. অন্যাপি ; এবনৰ ; এগরাড় ; As yet :— তথাপি ; Nevertheless :— সর্কাণ ; কত ; আরু ; Always; ever :— তথারে ; After that :— ম. বন বছ ; বনের ভাটি ; An apparatus for discillingiquids :— conj. তথাচ :— o. t. হিল্ল কু; ঠাণাকু; চুল ক্লান ; To quiet :— টোনাল ; চুলাল ; To distill ; to cause to fall by drops :— লাভ কু; নিকৃত-কু; To stop, as noise, motion, or agitation. ১৯৮ :— (a) Hushed, mute, noiseless; tranquil, placid, serene, stilly; motionless, quiescent; stagnant. (v) Silence, hush, suppress, allay, tull, pacify, tranquillize, compose, quiet.

A stand still -প্তিপুষ্ডা; Absence of motion; checked progress.

Stand still—निषक एरेडा थांका ; Remain quiet. Still and anon-पुनः शुनः ; मर्था मर्था ।

Still as a mouse—Exceedingly quiet; suspiciously still.

Still-born, stifbawrn, e. মুত প্ৰতঃ মুত ভাতঃ Dead when born; abortive. [ বংসপ্র মনী। The mother of still-born children—মৃত-Still less—আনত কন, Even less.

Still life, ল. ফলপুলাৰি নিৰ্মাণ পৰাৰ্থ্য চিত্ৰসন্থ; (চিত্ৰবিদ্যায়) আচেচন পদাৰ্থ; The class of pictures representing inanimate objects.

Still more-wise wive; Much more.

Still-room, ন. বাটার বে বংর মদ্যাদি রাক্ত হয় তাহা ; An apartment where liquors are kept.

Stilly, still, a. পাত ; নীর্ষ ; নিংশক , Still ; quiet ; calm :—ad. নিত্তভাবে ; ধীরে ধীরে ; Silently ; gently. Stilt, stilt, n. পাদ-দত ; উতে হইবা হাঁটবার দত বিশেষ , দে দত্তমের উপর পা রাধিবা ক্রমণ করা বার ; A support of wood with a rest for the foot used in walking :—v. t. পাদদত্তর উপর পাঢ়া-কু ; উত্তত-কু ; অত্যার্ক্ত-কু ; To raise on stilts , to elevate by unnatural means. a—stilted ( অত্যার্ক্ত ; আত্তরর্ক্ত ) । Stimulant, stimulant, a. উত্তেক্ত উব্ব ; A stimulating medicine.

Stimulate, stimu-lat, v. t. [L. stimulare. stimulatum, to prick or goad on ] উত্তেছিত-তৃ; উন্নেছ-তৃ; বৌচাৰ; অনুস্ক-তৃ; উৎসাহ-তে; To incite; to spur on; to excite; to animate; to instigate. Syn:—Encourage, impel, urge, instigate, arouse, whet, provoke.

Stimulation, त. উত্তেলনা ; উদ্দীপৰ।

Stimulative, stimu-lat-iv, a. উত্তেজৰ; Tending to stimulate:—n. উত্তেজৰ ত্ৰব্য; That which stimulates or excites.

Stimulus, stimu-lus, n. অর্ণ ; তাড়না ; Goad : —উত্তেজনা ; উদীপন ; Incitement :—উত্তেজক ঔবৰ ; Stimulant. pl=stimuli.

Bting, sting, v. t. মংশন-কু; হল দিলা বিছ-কু; হল কুটান;
ব্যুপা-কু, To pain acutely; to pierce acutely:
—উন্তেলিড-কু:—ম. হল; উন্না; স্চী; The sharppointed weapon of some animals:—হল কোটান;
মংশন; The thrust of a sting into the flesh:—শেষ
সোধে উল্লিখিড তারোজি: The point in the last
verse of an epigram:—তীর বাতনাগারক বস্তু;
ক্ষেত্ত; Anything that causes acute pain.
Syn:—(v) Prick, wound, hurt; pain, afflict.

Sting to the quick—at will or; Keeply to hurt or irritate the feelings.

Take away the sting of—কাহাৰে কোৰ কিছুই
কাশ কই পাইতে না ছবলা; কাহাৰে মন্ত্ৰকট নিবাৰৰ-ফু;
Not to make one feel the pain or evils of.
Stingings, ম. মীচনা: Meanners:—সম্প্ৰিয়া

Stinginess, ন. নীচতা; Meanness:—ব্যক্তিতা; Niggardliness.

Stinging, a. 83; core; Piercing.

Stingy, stinje, a. ব্যৱস্থা; ক্ৰাৰ; Niggardly; meanly; avaricious:—জ্বাধ্বাবা; হ্বাৰ্ ad—stingily. Sym:—Mean, parsimonious, sparing. Stink, stingk, v. i. হুৰ্গন্ধ নিৰ্মত-হ; প্তিগন্ধ ত্যাৰ-হ: To emit an offensive smell; to give out a strong offensive smell:—n. তার গন্ধ; হুৰ্গন্ধ; A disagreeable smell; a strench.

Stink in one's nostris—प्राथमक-ए; कार्यक लक्ष्म प्राथम विवय-ए; Be hatciul to one; be odious to one.

[ (स्वया )

Stink in the nostrils of—sace are similar Stinking, a sacre!

Stink-pot, #- ठीन-श्लाबा व शांत्य पूर्वच जनारि चानारेश महत्त्व छाठात्म निरुक्त करता

Btint, stint, v. f. জন-ৰূ । ধৰ্ম-কু ; সীমাৰ্ড-জু ; সমৰ-জু ; জাটক-কু ; To restrain ; to limit :—m. সীমা ; Limit ; bound :—খমৰ ; Restraint :—আশ ; Portion :—ধৰ্মতা ; ক্ষি ; Shortness. Syn :—(v) Stop, bound, confine ; pinch, straiten, distress.

Stinted, ৫. থকী হ'ত ; পৰিছিত। Stinted growth—ব ভিত্তত বৃদ্ধি। Stintless, ৫. অধারিত : অনৰ্গল।

Stipend, stipend, m. নিহাৰিত বেডৰ; বৃদ্ধি; ভৃতি; ভাতা, Settled pay; salary; wages; allowance, Stipendiary, sti-pendi-ari, a. বেডন্ড্ৰ; বেডন্ডোনী; বিভাগী; Receiving stipend:—n. বেডন্ড্ৰ বাজি; বৃহিডোনী বাজি; One who performs suvice for a salary.

Stipple, o. t. বিন্দু বাবা অভিড-ড়:—n. বিন্দু বাবা অভিড-ড়:—n. বিন্দু বাবা অভিড-ড়:—n. বিন্দু বাবা বিদ্ধানা, ক. চালু-ডু; ব্ৰাৰ-ড়; বিন্দু - বাবা ক্লিড্ৰ; চে কেন্ডোন্ডোন্ডান, জ. চালু-ডু; ব্ৰাৰ-ড়; বিন্দু - বাবা অভিড-ড়:— কেন্ডোন্ডান, ক. চালু-ডু; ব্ৰাৰ-ড়; বিন্দু - বাবা অভিড-ড়:—n. বিন্দু - বাবা অভিড-ড়:— কেন্ডোন্ডান, ক. চালু-ডু; ব্ৰাৰ-ড়; বিন্দু - বাবা অভিড-ড়:— কেন্ডোন্ডান, ক. চালু-ডু; ব্ৰাৰ-ড়; ব্ৰাৰ-ড়; ব্ৰাৰ-ড়; ব্ৰাৰ-ড়; ব্ৰাৰ-ড়; ব্ৰাৰ-ড়; ব্ৰাৰ-ড্ডান্ডান, ক.—stipulator. Syn:—Bargain, co-

venent, engage.
Stipulation, stip-U-láshun, n. সৰি; চুক্তি; করার:
Contract. Syn:—Covenant, agreement, bargain.

Stipule, स. উপপত্র ; পত্রপুক।

Stir, star, v. t. উত্তেজিড-কু; বোচাইরা ভোলা; To rouse; to instigate:—আলোডিড-কু; বোলান; To agitate:—v. i. চলা; খানান্তর-হু; নড়া; সরা: To move:—ডংগর-হু; To be active:—n. গোলমান; খানান্তর: মানান্তর আলোক, alient, animate, stimulate, provoke.

Stir up-ভাতে বিত-কু; Greatly excite.

Stir up fire-जालन डेकारेश-एन।

Stir your stamps—চালাৰ-হ; Be active; step briskly; keep moving. [Exciting. Stirring, a. উডেজনাকারী; উডেজন: ডৎপর; কর্মা; Stirrup, stirup, m. জীনের রেকান; পা-দান; A

iron hoop for a horseman's foot.

Stitch, stish, n. (ननारे; अकी नाज क्लाइ; एएडड होक; A pass of a needle and thread: - जीव (पना; पड़पी, An acute pain: -- क, त. (ननारे-कृ) ব্যন্ত বাৰা চ'কা; ভোড-দে; To sew or unite togather:—v. i. নেলাই-কু; To practice sewing. A stitch of work—কোন কান্য; The best amount of work; any work.

Stitch up—ईंट निया मान्ना वा क्लाफ-ल ।

Stitching, भ. मिलारे ; भीवम ।

Stitchwort, n. বৃক্ষ বিশেষ ; A genus of plants. Stithy, stithy, n. নেহাই ; An anvil :—কামারণালা ; Smith's shop.

Stive, v. t. 74-3; 740-4. To stuff.

Stiver, n. মুদ্রা বিশেষ; Dutch coin, worth id. Stoat, n. মুকুল বা বেজি বিশেষ; A kind of weasel. Stoceado, n. (ভ্ৰমানি খেলান) আঘাত, চোট, A hight fortification.

Stock, stok, n. [A.S. stoce, a stock] 京西司 কাও; ভাঁচ, The stem of a tice; stem . - সুলগন ; Capital :-- तर्म ; शांख . পरिवात्र ; Lincage , ougin ; family :- खड ; शाम ; Pillar , post .- निर्देशाय बाकि : स्वर्कि लाक ; A stupid person :- काका ; Store :-- ब्रांककीय कर्ष :-- शिकाठ , दक्रणमानि आहेका-हैवा नावि अनानार्थ निष्ठक काश्य : पूछ्: An instrument in which the legs of criminals are confind :-- शृह्णानिङ ऋढ जरून :-- pl. कांडीर धन : The public funds :--অতিপ্ৰিয় উদ্যান পুষ্প বিশেষ ; A favourite garden flower : -v. t. steis 91-7. বোগাৰ : To store ; to fill ; to supply , to furnish Syn:-(n) Stalk, trunk; block, log; post, handle, haft, neckcloth, cravat; race, parentage; funds; supply, provision; hoard, reserve. A joint stock company—কতকগুলি লোক একত্র इडेश वादमात्र अवृत ; A trading company.

A stock phrase—বাধা গং ; বে ৰুধা সর্বাদাই বাবহাৰ ক্বা যাব ; A phrase in constant use. [ সুবাদি। Dead stock – বাঙ্গলাদি ক্বণ বছ : বীজাদি, অবিঞাত Live stock—গোমেষাদি গাণিত জৰ, গৃহপালিত গত, গৃহপালিত জীবভন্ত ; Domestic animals used or raised on a farm; domestic animals kept and reared in a farm.

Paper stock—বে ছেঁডা বস্ত্রাদি দাবা কাগজ প্রস্তুত্র । Stock in trade—বিকেন্দ্র ক্রা; বিক্রেম মাল; Goodskept for sale (by a shopkeeper):—ব্যবস্থান ক্রা বা ব্যাদি, The fittings and appliances of a workman:—অন্ত্রার ক্রালিকা প্রস্তুত্র-কু; মোড়াল সালের স্থান কু, কত মাল মন্ত্রত আহত তাহার হিনাব ঠিক-কু, Prepare an inventory of stock in goods on hand; prepare an inventory of the goods which a merchant has on hand:—মনে মনে প্রিয় কত বাছার দেখা; Compute with a view to determine the sum total.

Take stock in-निर्वत-कृ ।

Take stock of—কোনও কিছুর সম্বন্ধে সংবাদ সংগ্রহ-ডু। To stock cards—(ভাস খেলার) ঠকাইবার কন্ত গুছাইবা তাস তাঁলা বা বাঁধা।

To stock up-जूनिया कना, निर्मृत-इ !

Stock-aking, n. মাল পরীকা; বিকেষ মালের ক্ষার; Periodical examination of goods.

Stockade, stok-ad, n. [Ger. rtock, a stick ]
মলবুত পুঁচির বেডা; বড় পুঁচির বেডা ছাবা বেরা ছাব;
বন্ধ: পদ্মত বেডা; Fortification formed of stakes;
breast-work formed of stakes:—v. t. বেডা দিলা
বেউল-কু; To surround or fortify with a stockade.

Stock-blind, a. नण्ड चक्र

Stock-broker, stokbrök-er, n. কোলাৰি কাৰ্যক্র বালাল; A dealer in public funds.

Stock-dove, stokduv, n. atens fater; A species of pigeon.

Stock-exchange, stok-eks-chani, n. কোন্দানির কাগল প্রিদ বিক্রের হান ; The place where stocks are bought and sold ; stock-market.

Stock-farmer, n. বে বাজি গোনেবাদি উৎপন্ন করে। Stock-fish, n. কড় বংক্লের সাধারণ নাব; A general term for cod.

Stek-holder, stokhold-er, n. কোন্সানির কাপজের অধিকারী; One who holds stocks in a public funds or in a company.

Stocking, stoking, n. cate; atteras; A close fitting covering for the feet and leg.

Stock-jobber, n. যে ব্যক্তি লাভার্থ কোম্পানিব কাগম কেনা বেচা করে।

Stock-jobbing, stok-jobing, #. কোন্দানির কাগ্যন্তব ব্যবসায়, The act of dealing on stocks, a speculation in stocks.

Stock-list—কোশানির কাগজাদির বাজার মুশোও ভালিকা।

Stock-market, n. গোহাটা ; মেবাদি বিক্রবের স্থান —
কোম্পানির কাগভাদির বাজাব ; Stock-exchange.

Stock-still, stok-stil, a. জন্ম হিব ; সন্পূর্ণ হিব ; নিজন ; Still as a post fixed.

Stoie, stoik, n. [Gr. stoa, a porch] দাৰ্শনিক ভোলাৰ শিষা; যে বাজি সুধ্মুমেৰ উদাসীৰ, বিষয়বিধাগী বাজি, সন্ত্যানী; দণ্ডী; A disciple of philosopher Zono, one indifferent to plea ure or pain.

Stoic, বৰ্ট'ik, Stoical, sto'ik-al, a. উদাদীন, কিবৰ-বিৰাপী; Indifferent. ad = stoically, n = stoicalness.

Stoicism, গঠ'i-sirm, n. হণড়াৰে উদাসীস্থা, বৈৰাণ্য দশন : সন্ত্ৰান-বৃত্তি : The doctrines of the stoics ; indifference to pleasing or pain ; insensibility , Stoke, v. i. ইন্ধন ৰাণা উদ্দীপিত-কৃ, প্ৰন্ধানিত-কৃ ; Poke or rake a large fire, to stir, or tend a fire in furnaces. n=stoker.

Stole, pt. of steal. [ garment. Stolen, stül, n. উত্তৰীৰ বস্থ বিশেষ ; A long, loose Stolen, stülen, p. a. অপক্ষত :—pp. of steal.

Stolen property—চোরাই মাল।

Stolid, stolid, a. निष्किष ; मूर्च ; निर्दर्शष ; मूछ , हांगा , Heavy , dull ; stupid ; foolish. n=stolidity. Syn :—Obtuse, slow.

Stolidity, n. নিৰ্পৃত্তি, মুচতা; নিজিয়তা; Dullness of intellect.

Stomach, দ. পাক্ষ্লী; পেট; উলয়; Organ of digestion:—বৃত্কা; ক্ষা; Appetite:—আবাদন; Relish:—ভ. t. সঞ্-কৃ; To brook, to resent; to put up with. [ and not resent it. Stomach an insult—কোৰ না-ক; Swallow it

Stomacher, stuma-cher, n. বক্ত্ৰণ; অব-ত্ৰণ; জনাবৰণ; An ornament or support for the breast worn by women.

Stomachie, sto-makik, Stomachieal, sto-makik-al, a. অধিবৰ্ধ ; আধ্যের ; কুবাৰনক ; Strengthening or promoting the action of the stomach. Stomachie, n. অধ্যিক উৰব ; আধ্যের উৰব ; A medicine that strengthens the stomach.

Stone, ston, n. ann; পাণহ; পিলা; Mass of rock; a hard mass of mineral matter; piece of rock for building: - হীরা; মণি; Gem; precious stone:-স্মাধিতঃ; গোরের উপরিছ প্রের: Tombstone:—মূত্রাশরে সঞ্চিত প্রস্তরীভূত পদার্থসমূহ; পাर्ती; अवती तोग; A calculous concretion formed in the bladder; a concretion in the kidneys -- आंत्र नाउ त्नत . A weight of 14 lbs:—ভিড়ি; Foundation:—খাটি; বীক্ৰেৰ; বিটি; Hard case of a seed:-- জাড়ভিরাফিডা; Torpidness and insensibility :- v. t. व्यवत्र रमित्रा मात्रा ; शब्दायारङ वध-कृ ; To pelt with stones :--পাশর বাচিয়া কেলা : বিচি ছাডাইয়া কেলা : चाहि शेन-कृ, To free from stone.

Lay the first stone—제বর 중 , 전환-중 , Begin. Leave no stone unturned-- व्यामाय क्टो-कृ, যে কিছু উপার হইতে পারে তাহা অব্যাধন-কু; বতদুর সাধ্য (5)1-3; To spare no exertions to do everything that can be done.

## Meteoric stones—উদাপার।

Philosopher's stone-937 7147; A substime, which it was supposed, could it be discovered, would change everything into gold, a pretended substance that was formerly supposed to have the property of converting everything into gold.

Roll the stone of Sisyphus -কোন অকতর ভার (বে কাষ্যে বিজ্ঞাম ন'ই), De engaged in a reaseless labourious work (like Sisyphus).

Within a stone's throw (or cast) -4749 প্রস্তব নিকেপ কবিলে বত্তদরে পঠিত হব তাহাব মধ্যে; ঢিল क्रुण्टिल यञ्जून यात्र जाहाबरे माथा, अवीर वह मूद्र नहा ; facts, Within such a distance that a stone thrown by the hand may reach the object not very far from.

Stone-age - A supposed prehistoric age of the world, when stone and bone were hantually used as the materials for weapons and tools; called also the flint age. [ stone. n=stone-blindness. Stone blind, a. একবাবে অৰু ; সম্পূৰ্ণ অন্ধ ; Blind as Stone-chat, stonchat, Stone-chatter, stonchatet, n. श्रीकविष्ण : A 'wely little bird.

Stone-cold, a. अंखवर नीडन ; डांका (यन शांधत ; Cold v. stone.

Stone-cutter, stonkut-er, n. বে ব্যক্তি প্রস্তর কাটে; ভাষৰ, পাশৱ-কাটা মিত্ৰী; One who cuts stones; one whose occupation is to cut stones.

Stone-dead, a. मण्यांकाण मुठ ; Quite dead.

Stone-fruit, ston-tioot, n. জাটাবিশিষ্ট ফল ; যে কৰে আটা থাকে ; A fruit whose seeds are inclosed in a stone or hard kernel.

Stone-hammer, n. পাণর জালিবার হাড়ডি; A hammer for breaking stones. [ hearted. Stone-hearted, a. কটিন্ছ্ৰৰ; কটিন-প্ৰাৰ; Hard-Stone-horse, n. अव्हित-गुक अन्नात । In stone. Stone-mason—ৰাজ্মিৰী; A mason who builds Stone-pit, n. अव्हात्रव थीन , अवहत्त्रत्र कांकर ।

Stone's-cast, stone's-throw. ston2-thro, n. বসদুর প্রস্তর নিক্ষেপ করা যাইতে পারে; নিকিল প্রবাণিকার দূবত; হাতের ঢেলা বতদ্রে বার; The distance to which a stone may be cast or thrown by the hand.

Stone-still, a. बच्चर्यकान विकड : Perfectly still. Stone's-throw, stunf-thro, n. vices con vegas रात ; राजमूद अखद निष्क्रण कहा राहेर्ड भारत ; The distance to which a stone may be cast or thrown by the hand; a short distance.

Stone-ware, stonwar, n. মৃত্তিকার বাসন বিশেষ; A coarse kind of strong earthenware.

Stony, stoni, c. अखन्रमद्र ; शखन्रवर ; शाबाव-निर्वित्र ; Made of, abounding, or resembling stone :-नल ; करिन ; Hard ; solid :-- निर्मन ; निर्मन ; Pitiless ; cruel, obdurate.

Stony-hearted, c. fags; Cruel; pitiless.

Stood, pt. and pp. of stand.

Stook, n. ( শক্তকেনে ) বাব আঁটির গলা।

Stool, stool, n. কাণানৰ; টুল; পীট; A seat without a back:—মলত্যাগ, কোঠবোচন; দাত; ভেদ; Evacuation of the bowels; discharge from the bowels :- v. t. AMOIN-7; To evacuate.

Between two stools a person falls to the ground—इरे कांस कतिएड श्रांत कांनते छानद्वन रुष ना : घूटे नोकांत्र भा नित्न छूनित्त इत्र ; In pursuing two objects at once, one does not gain either.

Stool of repentance or guilty stool, n. Formerly, a seat on which persons found guilty of fornication or adultory were compelled to stand in view of the whole people for a certain number of sundays, and then to be rebuked by the minister.

Stoom, v. t. यमनानी-कृ; स्रोकान-कृ; To give strength; to make lively.

Stoop, stoop, v. i. শরীর নত-ক: অবনত-হ: ইেট-হ. ৰোকা; To bend the body; to bend forward . —হীনতা বা বস্ততা স্বীকার-কু; To yield:—প্রসন্ত্র-হু, नज- ह . To condescend :- v. t. नीरहत्र मिर्क नड- के ; (%5-F, To cause to incline downward; to bow down: -ছো মারিবা পড়া; Come down on the wing, a a bird of prey :- n. व्यवनिक ; त्वर नमन . হীৰভা; The act of stooping; inclination forward :-- नम्राजा ; Condescension :- (हो नांत्र ; A swoop. Syn: - Incline, swoop, descend; yield, submit, succumb; scend, deign, vouchsafe. Stoop to -75-5; Submit to.

Stop, stop, v. t. 4年-季; 年年-季, To close up :--প্রতিবোধ-क , वाशा-त ; To obstruct ; to hinder : -- ক্লুগতি-কু; To impede:--দ্মন-কু; To restrain :- v. i. निवृत्त- ह ; वान ; To cease to go forward: - अज़कान बाका वा बाम-क ; To stay :-- (भव-इ ; To be at an end :-- त. वावा ; বিশ্ব; প্রতিবন্ধক, গতিবোধ; Obstruction; obstracle ; hinderance :- विवास ; Pause, cessation :-বিনাম-চিক ; A mark of punctuation. Syn :--(v) Plug, close; obstruct, block, interrupt, stay; leave, cease; suspend, intermit, discontinue, halt, stand still; desist, forbear; tarry, stay, lodge; terminate, end. (n) Intermission, rest, check, interruption, obstacle, impediment ; point, period.

Put a stop to—হলি চ-কু; স্বার চলিতে বা বাভিতে না নেওয়া , বৰ ক , Prevent from proceeding further. Stop payment-(म्डेनिया-इ ; To become cmbarassed or bankrupt in business.

Stop short - अक्बारत थामा ; क्ठांद यात्रा , आत मा

wieri; Not to proceed any further. [to shame. Stop the mouth-1444-7; To silence; to put Stop up-444KI 44-7; Fill up; close.

Stop-cock, Stop-cork, n. ( क्लान ) करनद सूर्य ; A short pipe in a cock &c. opened and stop-[ porary expedient. ped by a cock or key. Stop-gap, stop'-gap, n. fen cates, wife : Tem-Stoppage, stop'si, n. বাৰা ; প্ৰভিবৰ ; নিবাৰণ ; An obstruction :- शिक ; Stay, rest.

Stopper, stop'er, n. feft; That which closes a vent or hole :-- रचकांद्रो ; One who stops :-w. c. दिनि नित्रा नक-कु; हेनात बाता सक वा जानक-कु; To close or secure with a stopper. [ motion. Stopping train, n. One that stops at every Stopple, stop'l, n. feft; wifn; A cork or plug: -ए. है. दिनि निज्ञों नक्त-इ , To close with a stopple. Storage, stor'sj, n. नक्र ; मः शरू । श्रनामबाङ कन्न ; Storing; the depositing in a store :- 19714; Place for storing :- अभीन कांग्रो. The price charged or paid for keeping goods in a store. Storax, stor'si, n. रंगरवा । यनिव बुनां विर्मित ; A

fragrant resin.

Store, stor, n. [ A. S. stor, great ] मानित जना ; Hoard:-- अहू व शतियां व : व्याप्त्या : व : व : व : Ahundance, plenty :- 794 Stock accumulated :-BWIN: Ware-house, a store-house -- pl. 4141 সামপ্রী, সর্ব্য , Supplies of provisions, ammunition &c. for an army or a ship :-- ত. t. সংগ্রহ-কু, স্কর-ক ; To collect ; to gather in quantities :---रात्रीन: To supply:-- एमामकांड न : कांबादब-न . To lay up in store; to hoard —ভদানে বাৰা; To deposit or place in a warehouse. Syn. -(n) Stock, fund, abundance, accumulation, provision; magazine, depot, storehouse. (v) Collect, accumulate, replenish, garner, husband, save, reserve; furnish, provide, stock.

Be in store for -- সঞ্চিত থাকা , মণুত থাকা ; Be in reserve for one, that one is to joy, that awaits one In store-निक्ड ; अञ्चल , मिक्शनवृथि ; în reserve. Set store by-अंडाड मृताबान महन के।

Store-house, stor hows, n write, crist; वनात्रात्र ; Magazine ; a repository ; a treasury Store-keeper, n. ভাঙার-রক্ক; ভাঙাবী ; ভগাম-সরকার: Officer having charge of stores

Storied, stored, a. new wins, living a history told or recited in history -3(337). অসিক: বুজাশোভিড; ঐতিহাসিক চিয় ব'বা অপরত; Adorned with historical painting - 5 affafag; ভন্বিশিষ্ট ; Having stages or floors reached by flights of stairs; having a storey or storeys.

Stork, #. সারস পকী ; ক্রোক . Crane.

Btorm, storm, n. ४५ ; यशांनाड , अपूत्र A tempest:--(পাৰ্মাল ; বিভাট ; হাসামা ; চামুল ব্যাপার : Tumult; commotion :-- तनभूक्षक प्रशास्त्रन : Assault on a fortification :- v. 1. 45-3; वाजापि पत ; To blow with violence — आर्यायत-ह ; क्य-ए; To be in a violent passion .- v. t. वजन्तक ৰাক্ষ্- ; To assault ; to attack by open force. Syn -- (n) Gale, blast, gust, hurricane, tornado; disturbance, agitation, commotion; adversity, calamity, attack, assault. (71) Rage

A storm is browing—45 65 55 state; The

clouds are gathering and storm is imminent; difficulties or dangers or contentions is arising : -গুরুতর ব্যাপার ঘটবার উপক্রম হইরাছে: A great commotion or danger is about to befall.

Raise a storm—গোলবোগ-কু; Create a tumuit : -कृतकुत शिक्षा वांद्रश ; Excite a violent commotion.

Take (or carry ) by storm—বৰণুৰ্বক আড়বৰ क्रिया क्ष्म-इ ; Take by a violent and open [ in a fortification. assault.

Storming party, m. Party to attck the breach Stormy, storme, a. वांड्राक्न ; वांड्रावन ; किका-नकृत । बाउताबहत । Agitated with furious winds ; tempestuous :—প্ৰবৰ ; আচও ; আচাৰ ক্লোগৰীৰ . Violent ; passionate. Syn :- Boisterous , gusty, squally, blustering, rough.

Story, store, n. अनीक नज़ , A fictitious narrative :- ইতিহাস ; ইতিবৃত্ত : ক'তিনী , History :-डेनंबर्ग ; A tale :- मिशा ; Falsehood .-- ( शुद्ध ह ) खन । उना : A floar ; the height of one floor in a building ascended by stairs ( storey इ इव ): o. f. वर्गना-कृ, To describe, Syn:-Narration. relation, recital, narrative; fiction, fable, novel, falsehood, untruth; floor, loft.

A cook-and-bull story-- तानान कथा : श्रीसांवित THE, A tedious and exaggerated story; a long, rambling story.

An old story—वाहीन काहिनी ।

Three storied house, A house of three stories-पृत्र पृह , जिन्दलाना वाही। [ and repeat it. Rake up an old story about one-Totall up Tell a story-गातपत-क विका क्या कहा।

Storry-book, n. TE YET!

Storry-teller, n निहा (नाक ; नात : सिशानानी । Stout, stout, a. बिन , बनवान : Strong , robist - (बाह्री : बन , Corpulent - बिक्न , मार्क्स ; Intrepid:一年子, 本為中.一年中平中, Ubstinite:一年 विश्व , Revolute :-- म, मन विश्व , A strong kind of bear. #=stoutness ( \* 4 mg ; Arefa + 5! ) : ad=stoutly ( मारमणू निक ; मृष्ड'रन )। Sym :- Lu :ty, brawny, athleur, sturdy, stalwart; braul, valunt, hold, manly, firm; corpulent, poully plump, fat, obese.

Stout-built, Stout-made, c. विने : बलवान , Having a strong frame of body. Brive Stout-hearted, a. সাদ্দিক, নিভীক , অৰুভোচ্য . Stove, stov. n. केनान । हुन्ने ; Fine-place - - ए ! উद्रश्र-इ: भग्नाम तांगा, कत-इ. To heat or ker p war n Stow, 40, o. t. जीकारण जांशी; भाग विद्या जांशी, 10 arrange :- ज्रांभन-क : To place .- मक्क-क ; बावज नुर्कक (नावाई-कृ: To lay by. म=stowage (नाववानन . সালাইরা রাখিবার খব : সালাইবার মজুরী)।

Stowago, n. 71193 364; The state of being laid up. ি গাড়ীছে অবেশ-ক। Stow-2-way, n. त छाड़ा काँकि पितात कक मुकादेश Straddle, stradi, v. s. পা मीक कतिया शेफान ना धीते। इहे भी बाबा ; To stand or walk with the legs far apart :- v. t. क्षान बक्क बक निरंक अक ना অগর দিকে অপর পা ভাগন-কু: ছই দিকে পা রাখিয়া দাঁড়ান বা ন্সা . To stand or sit astride of :-- #. পা ৰ্কাৰু কৰিব। গাঁড়াৰ বা উপবেশন: The act of standing or sitting with legs apart.

Straggle, strag'i, p. i. ইতত্তা-ৰু; ব্যুক্তিৰ স্থা-কু; To wander about; to roam; to ramble:— বিশিশ্ব-কু; Be scattered loosely; be dispersed:— মধ্যে মধ্যে বটা।

Straggler, strag'ler, ন. ভববুরে; পর্যটনকারী; বে এদিক ওপিক করে; A wanderer; vagabond:—বে দৈনিক দৈক্তবল হইতে ছটকাইবা পঞ্জ; One who wanders from the regular line of march.

Straggling, n. ইতখ্য: বিশিষ্ট ; Raging loose ; standing apart:—অমণীল; Wandering ; roving. Straight, strat, a. [A. S. strekt, pp. of streecan, to stretch] সোভা ; সরল ; ৰু ; Being in a right line ; direct :— ভাবা ; কি ; সরল ; Upright :— ad. হংকণাং ; Instatly :—সোভা ; সরাসর ; কি ; Directly. Syn :—Short, rectilinear, undeviating; vertical, erect ; just, fair, honourable, straightforward. A straight line—সরল বেশা !

Straighton, strain, v. t. Alei-g; जबन-क; विक-

To straighten one's face—state 36-51

Staight-forward, strat-for'ward, a. সরস ; সং ; Frank : honest : upright :—সোভাহার : Going forward in a straight course. ad - straight-forwirdly. n=straight-forwardness. [ (সোভাহার) ! Straightnoss, n. স্বলা ; ব্যুতা : ad - straightly Straightway, stratwa, ad. তৎকাং : অবিলয়ে : I ninediately, without loss of time.

Strain, stran, v. t. [ L. stringere, to draw or bind tight ] बलगृत्रक बाकर्ष वा अमाइन-क ; To draw with force : - ceits fini ; To stretch :- (4183-4 ; होका : जाता : To filter :---ववात्रांवा क्टेरो-कृ : To exert to the outmost :- ( ) To press; to make tight -- (कांव कवित्र) नागा-क ; To constrain : - মতার টানিবা আঘাত-ক ; To injure by overtasking ; to sprain .- r. i. अडान (: हो-कृ ; क्रिके-कृ ; To make violent efforts:-(डाडाइडा-या: त्याविक-इ, চোটাইবা পড়া; To pass through a filter:-n জ্বাস্থ , ভয়নক মাধাস ; অভি চেষ্টা , Violent effort : —মেচ্ড, আঘাড়; Injury caused by excessive evention :- weedie, Brum ; fara ; Tendency .-श्वे : Song :- क्लांब ७ कारवात ब्रोडि : Manner of speech or action :- अत्रव ; अकात : Style :- नात्वव यां, चुव ; A note :- जांडि , डेर्निडि , रान ; कून . Race ; stock. Syn: - (v) Stretch; force; wrench; exert; pervert; purify. [ style or vein. In a strain-কোনৰণ ভাবে; কোনৰণ ধরণে; In a Put a strain-via siele, Put a burden upon. Strain a point-वक्षे अनिक अनिक-क ; रायन तीजि ता शांवा चाट्ह कि महेक्न कांवा मा-इ ; कांकि छात्र-क ; बिस्त अप-क ; Exceed the bounds of strict law or morality; go beyond the proper limit or extent, go a little beyond the letter of one's ins-

Strain at a gnat swallow a camel—নিজে কুল্ডর দোব ক্রিয়া পরের সামাক্ত লোব লাইয়া বায় থাকা; নিলে ক্রন্ডব মুক্তর করিয়া পার পার্কয়া কিন্তু অপ্তের ফুড় সামাক্ত লোব লইয়া পৌলমাল-কু; Make much fusa about small offences, but commit offences of real magnitude; make difficulties about small insignificant matters.

tructions.

Strain courtesy — শিষ্টাচাৰ বনা-কৃ; সৌগত স্থাত্ত-ক্ৰ-কৃ; To stand upon ceremony.

Strain every nerve—আগণৰে চেটা-ফু; বহুৰ সাধা চেটা-ফু; Exert one's strength to the utmost; make great exertions; exert all one's power to the utmost degree.

Strain one's eyes—चठाड देशम बाबा बहे-कृ ; बूदब कान वस्तु त्विद्य बहेल (यद्मण क्यू दिस्त तथा बाब (लहेक्टण (तथा ; क्यू विकादिक कवित्र) (तथा ; To harm by overexertion; overexert the eyes.

Strained, p. a. মুৰ্মলীকৃত ; কুজিম ; কাইকলিত ! Strainer, strander, n. বাজির ; চাল্নি ; চাক্নি ; চাৰ্নি ; One who or that which strains ; a sieve. Straining, n. উৎকট আসাৰণ ;

Strait, strait, a. সভাপ ; অলাজ ; Narrow ; close :
—কটোর ; Rigorous :—লক ; কটিন ; Difficult :—
গৰলোভী ; কনা ; Avaricious :—n. প্রপালী ; Narrow
passinge of water between two seas or oceans :
—পিনিস্কট ; A narrow pass in a mountain :—
ক্লেশ ; Distress, difficulty. ad —straitly. n —straitness. Syn : —(a) Close, tight ; strict, rigorous,
severe ; distressful.

Be in a strait—সমস্তার পড়া; সহটে পড়া; Be in a dilemma; be in a perplexity.

Be in straits—বেলিকণ করে পড়া; Be in distress or difficulty.

Straiten, strain, e.f. বরীৰ-ক; অপনত-ক; To narrow; to make strait:—সম্কৃতিত-ক: কসা; To contract; to make tense or tight. Sym:—Strentch, straighten; limit, narrow, confine; distres», pinch, embarrass.

Straitened circumstances কো; টানটোনি অবস্থা, অধ্যুক্ত সা; Proverty, distress.

Strait-handed, a. 779; Niggardly.

Strait-jacket, m. नानालत कामा विषय ।

Strait-laced, stratlast, a. কটন; কটার; Stiff; affectedly austere; strict in manners or morals; rigid in opinion.

[ strictly.
Straitly, ad. স্কীবিলেণ; কটোবভাবে; Narrowly.

Straitness, n. Folian; Strictness:—(27;

Strand, দা সমূত্রত ; নদীর বার ; Beach ; shore ; river-side :—ফ. i. চড়াব লাগা , সমূত্রের ভীরে বিয়া আটকান ; To drive or force on to a strand ; to ground :—ফ. i চড়ার ঘটকা লাগা ; To run aground. Strange, a. বিদেশীয় ; আগবিচিত , আজাত ; Foreign :— নুচন ; New :—অভুত ; অগরূল ; Odd :—বিচিত্র ; আগবারণ ; Alai vellous ; unusual :—int. কি আকর্যা দা—strangeness (নুচনত ; আগরূল হা) । ad—strangel) (আকরা হহণ) )। Syn :—Alien, exotic, outlandish, novel, unusual, extraordinary, uncommon, wonderful, astonishing, marvellous, queer, eccentric, particular.

[ ভিত্ত হা
Mako one's self strange—অগরিতিভভাবে উপ-Strange to say—আকর্য় করা।

Stranger, stranjer, n. বিদেশীয় লোক; বিদেশী: A foreigner:—আগন্তক; অভিধি; A visitor; a new-comer; guest:—অগারিচিত্ত বোক; অজাত ব্যক্তি; One not known.

To be a stranger to—সম্পূৰ্ণ কাভিজ থাকা।
Strangle, strang'cl, n. t. খাসবদ্ধ কৰিবা ৰাৱা; বলা
জিলিয়া নাৱা; To choke:—চালিয়া কেলা; ছাপাইছা
রাখা; দমন করা; To suppress. n—strangler.
Syn:—Throffle, suffocate.

Strangulated, strang'u-lat-ed, a. সভ; চাপ ভারা সভ্ত-স্থাবন; Having the circulation stopped by compression; strangled.

Strangulation, strang-gul-láshun, n. বাস রোধ; নিবাস-বৰ্তা; বাসনালীর অক্সাং অবরোধ, The act of strangling; compression of the throat and partial suffocation in hysteries.

Strap, strap, n. চৰ্পের পেটা; নাপিডের চামাতি; A long narrow strip of leather; a strop:—v.f. চন্দ্রের পেটাব বারা বারা; বন্ধ-কৃ; To beat or bind with a strap:—বিদিরা ভীক্ষবার-কৃ; To strop.

Strapping, a. লখা ; ছেয়াল ; Tall :—হলর ; হুম্ম ;

Stratagem, strata-jem, n. [G. stratos, army, and egesthai, to lead] বুৰকোলন: Artifice of water; trick to outwit an opponent:—ৰক্তৰে প্ৰভাৱণা; A plan for deceiving an enemy:—
চাৰাজি: ছল: Artifice. Syn:—Device, mano-euvre, dodge, ruse, wilc.

Strategic, stra-tefik, Strategical, stra-tefikal. a. যুক্তকাশন সম্বন্ধীয় , সময়নীতি সম্বন্ধীয় : কৌশনে উৎপাদিত , Pertaming to or effected by strategy. ad = strategically.

Strategic point—Any point or region in the theatre of warlike operations which affords to its possessor an advantage over his apponents. Strategist, strate-jist, n. युक्त পৰিচাৰৰ বিদ্যাধিত ; সময়ৰিত, One skilled in strategy.

Strategy, strate-ji, n. স্মন্তিলা; সৈত্ত পরিচালন বিশা; ব্ৰচাত্য; Generalship; the art of conducting a compaign; the science of military command.

Strath, স. উপতাকা বিশেষ; A valley in Scotland. Stratification, স. উপস্পেরি শ্বর বিভাস; The process of being arranged in layers.

Stratiform, strati-form, a. प्राकात : Formed like a stratum.

Stratify, strati-fi, v. t. [ L. stratum, and facto, to make ] আৰু আৰু বাৰা. To form of Lip in strata or layers. n=stratification.

Stratum, stratum, n. [ L. stratum, to spread out ] তার ; সুত্তিকার তাক : Layer . bed. pl - stratu Stratus, n. তাকারে সন্তিত মেহনারা . A form of cloud occurring 'n a horizontal layer.

Straw, straw, n. পড়, বিদাবে; তুৰ, The stalk of grain:—অকিকিংকৰ জ্বা, অপদাৰ্থ বন্ধ; Anything worthless.

Care not a straw — কিছুই প্রাচ্চ না-কু।
In the straw — ( প্রস্নাতে ) আত্ন-স্তে স্থিত।
Man of straw — বস্তাজানিত তৃণনৰ মানবমূর্ত্তি; অনীক
লোক; সাক্ষাবোপাল; অপদার্থ লোক; A person of
little or no means or substance.

Not worth a straw—ৰতি ব্ৰক্তিংকর।
The last straw on the camel's back—ব্ৰগাতি কুটাৰ ভাৰও আৰু সহে না; বেটা চাপাইলে উট্ট গুইয়া
পঢ়িবে. That which finally causes a catastrophe.
Throw straws against the nind—বাছ।
অনিবাধ্য, ভাষাৰ বিপকে বৃদ্ধ-কু; To contend uselessiy and feebly against what is uresistible.

Strawberry, strawber-i, n. বৃক বিশেষ; এক জাতীয় বিষ্টু কল; A plant and its fruit.

Straw-leaf, n. ডিউনের চিছ ৷ [or like straw-Strawy, straw'ı, a. তুপনিপ্তিত ; তুপনৃত্য', Made of Stray, stra, v. i. [F. estrayer, to stray] বিপাৰে গমন-কু; ইতভত: অমণ-কু; To wander out of the way; to rove:—কওঁবাকপু হুইতে বিচাত-হু; To deviate from duty or rectitude:—আন-কু, তুল-কু; Err:—n. ব্ধ্বই গল বে গৃহপালিত পশু বছান ভাগাৰ বিরাই তভত: অমণ করিয়া বেডান্ত; বি domestic animal that strayed or is lost:—a. যুধঅই; কমহাতা; ইউভত: আন্মানা ; Wandered. Syn:—(v) Swerve, ramble, roam.

Streek, strik, n. বিভিন্ন রাজ্যে ডোরা; A long mark different in colour from the ground:—বেধা.
A long, narrow stripe or line:—v. t. চিত্ৰ-ড়. ডোবা ফাটা, To form streaks in, to mark with streaks; to stripe.

Streaky, strekt, a. জোৰা দিবা চিত্ৰবিচিত্ৰ; Striped. Stream, strem, n. জনতোত; ধাৰা; প্ৰবাহ; Run ning water, current of water, air or light &c — নধী; River:—প্ৰবৃত্তি, Tendency:—r. i. প্ৰবৃত্তি হ; প্ৰোত বহা, To flow in a stream:—কিবণ বেখাকাৰে নিৰ্পত্ত-ছ, Issue in rays.—r. প্ৰবৃত্তিত হ। Syn:—Brook, rivulet, rill, course, flow, dirft, tide, rush.

[ opposition

Against the stream—কোন বিচুৰ বিশ্ব ; In Sail (swim or go) with the stream—ৰংগৰ নহিত গোড-বে; স্লে'তে গা ড'ল'ৰ-কে; Move along with others in the same direction without making any effort to think or act for oneself.

Stream of events—মটুলা প্রোক্ত।

Streamer, strinier, r. বাবৃত্তৰ ভাৰমান পৰাকা; ক্ষতা, Long floating flag or ribbon: —ঝানোক অবাত, A stream of light.

Streaming, a अवस्तान ।

Streamless, a. কেংচাইন ৷ [stream. Streamlet, strönict, n. কুলু নদী; A little Streamy, strönic, a. প্রবৃহ্যান : কোচোক.
Abounding with stream; flowing in a stream Streot, stret. n. [L. strata, a paved way ] নাবের বাধা; ধারণৰ; Paved way; a road in a city, public way in a town. Svn:—Road, way, highway, pathway, route, passinge, course.

In the open streets—AFIS THE |
Street Arabs—Neglected and unruly by,
who frequent the streets.

Street-walker, n. (45); Prostitute.

A street begger - भारत दिशानी।

Strongth, strength, n. [A. S. strength, from strenge, strong] বল, সামৰ্থ; শক্তি, কমন্তা; তেজ:
The quality of being strong, force, vigour—
দুচতা, কঠিনতা, ছুর্ভেনতা; Solidity; toughness—
খাদনৰ নিৰ্বাহন করিবার বল: Power to resist attack:
— দুৰ্গ, গড়; A fortification— ডংকর্ব, উংকুমতা;
Excellence:— আতিশ্বা; Intensity— বননাব তেজবিতা; ভানাব গুলাতা, Vigour of style or expesion:—নিরাশতা; নিরাশ্য অবস্থা, Security—
উজ্জা; উল্লাতা; চিন্তাধানৰs: — বনবারা; স্থাবারা,
Validity; justness. Syn:—Force, power, potency, might, puissance, robustness, stoutness,
brawniness, lustiness; firmness; tenacity;

fortitude, courage, resolution, spirit; cogency, efficacy; support, stay.

On the strength of—নির্ভন করিরা; কোনও কিছুর বলে; কোনও কিছুর উপর নির্ভন করিয়া; In reliance; unon.

Strengthen, strengthen, v. t. বলিট-ক ; বলবং-ক ; সবল-ক ; বলবস্তন-ক ; To make strong or stronger :

স্কু-ক ; পজ-ক ; To confirm — উৎসাহিত-ক ;
উল্লেখ্য-ক ; To encourage — ক্ষমণ্ডা বা ঘৃচতার
বিছ্ডপঞ্জি-ক , To cause to increase in power or security — v. t. বলবান-হ ; বলবং-ক ; বলবজ্ঞ-ক . To become stronger ; to grow stronger. Syn :

—Fortify, brace, harden, invigorate, animate, intensity; establish, support.

Stronuosta, strenu-us, a. ভেজৰী; Vigorous; eagerly pressing:—আগ্রহানিত; জেদবিলিট; বাগ্র; উৎস্ক; Ardent:—উদ্যোগী; Active:—নিচগ্র, সাহসিক. Bold. n=strenuousness (বাগ্রহা, উদান): ad =strenuously (একান্তবণে; বাগ্রহারে): Syn:—Zealous, ardent, earnest, energetic, vehement.

Stress, stres, n. ভার , চাপ ; Pressure , strain :— ভব্ব, Emphasis , accent .—আবস্ত্তক চা, l'igency ; importance , signincance —বল ; সমত , Force.

Lay stress on—(\*) 4 বিষয়ে উপর জোব দিবা বলা;
Piess a point, so as to make it prominent;
attach importance to.

Lay stress on a fact—ভক্ত বলিলা নিৰ্ফেশ-কু ৷ Stress of voice—ব্যৱস্থ অক্ত ৷

Stross of weather—জড়ায় বড়, দেবতার সুর্বোণ; বাবুন প্রচান , Violent winds, force of tempests, Strotch, stretch, v. f টানা, বিশ্বত-কৃ, প্রনাবিভ-কৃ, To drawout, to extend —বাড়াব; অন্ত্যাক্ত কু; To exaggerate —বাড়িব-কৃ, To put forth.—v s. এগারেও হ; বিশ্বত হ, To be extended — অত্যক্তিক, To exaggerate —হল্ল না হইয়া প্রসারিভ-কৃ, To eatend without breaking — m. বিশ্বাব, প্রদার বিশ্বত বিশ্বত কি প্রচান কি প

fৰবৰ বেৰ পাডয়া, Fully exercised, exerted or exercised to the utmost:—At work continuously Stretch a point— কি পন্তর মত না চলা; একট এদিক বন্ধিক-কৃ, Go a little beyond rule, go a little beyond what is usual and right.

Stretch of imagination—ক্ষমান গৌড়; Flight of lancy; an exaggeration of statement.
Stretch on the bed of Propustes—এক নিয়ম

Stretch on the bed of Procustes—এক বিশ্বৰ বাবা সকল নিবন্ধেৰ বিচাৰ-ক : To judge all cases by the same rule; to make all conform to the same standard.

Stretch out—প্ৰ লখা কৰিল। ( গাঁড ) টাৰা। Stretcher, n. নীড়িডাৰি ব্যক্তিনিগদে খানাখন করণের খাট; A frame for carrying the sick, wounded &c.:—কেপনী চালকের পা বাধিবার কাঠ; A foot

board for a rower.

Strew, ströd, v. f. বিকীৰ্-কু, জড়াৰ; To spread by scattering, to scatter loosely. pf=strewed, pp=strewa,

Stricted, a সূত্ৰ সূত্ৰ সমান্তৰ নালি চিহ্নিত; Marked with small parallel channels.

Stricken, strikn, a. बार्ड; जीर्: Struck; smitten. pre=strike, pt=stroke.

Stricken in years, a. ব্যাবৃদ্ধ , ব্যাবৃদ্ধ ; Advanced in years ; advanced or worn with age.

Strict, strikt, n. [ L. strictus, pp. of stringere, to draw tight ] সুৰুচ; চাৰ-চাৰ; Tight:—কটৰ; কটোৱ; Severe:—টিক; বারী; প্রেক্ত; Exact; thoroughly accurate. n=strictness, ad=strictly (ফিরুপে) ) Syn:—Precise: rigid, austere, stern, rigorous, harsh, stringent.

Strictly speaking—টিক কৰাম বলিতে পোল ; In accuracy of language.

Strictness, n. acinal; autaly, althani; Quality or condition of being strict. Syn:—Closeness, tightness; exactness; rigour, harshness, sternness.

Stricture, striktar, ন. সংৰাচ; কুৰুৰ; অবএছ; A morbid contraction of any passage of the body:—নিশা, ভংগৰা, অভিকৃত সমালোচৰা; Censure, critical criticism; remark.

Stricture of the urethra—ৰূত্ৰপ্ৰয়েগ

Stride, strid, n. দীৰ্ঘ পাদবিকেণ; A long step -v. ৷ ৰাৰ্ঘ পাদবিকেণে পদন-কু; লখা লখা পা কেলিয়া
চলা, To walk with long steps -- v. t. এক পদে
চলা; To pass over at a step: -- লক্ষন-কু।

Strident, a. [ L. strideo, to creak ] কৰ্প ; শুন্তি-কটোৰ ; Harsh. [ stridulous.

Stridor, n. জডিকটোৰ শব্দ ; Harsh sound. a — Strife, strif, n. বিবাদ ; ধৃষ , Contest ; discord — কলহ , Quarrel. Syn :—Contention, conflict, quarrel, enmity.

Strake, strak, v. t. wiele-s. dein-s. nini; Beat , hit with force , give a blow to .- 4141-47 : To dash - ब्रांकिड-कृ, ब्रिड-कृ, To stamp; to coin —(পাन) नामान, To let down, as a sail --वाडान, To cause to sound — नाडि-तः To punish — ৰভিত্ত-কৃ, আক্ৰ-কৃ; To · affect strongly — উৎপত্ত-কৃ, To produce — v. i. ক্লান্ত गयन-कृ , हजा , हुडी , To pass quickly :- आयांड-क ; भारता . To hit :-- পাহাডে বা চভার লাগা , To run aground :--পতাকা নামান , ধাজা নামান ; To lower flag in token of respect or surrender :- 41415-क ; बाबा . To sound by being struck .- कर्म ना कहां . विकासि वृद्धित कन्न वर्षवि कतां , To quit work in order to secure higher wages or the redress of some grievances -- n. विख्न वृद्धित निमित्त वर्षाचे : काक वक : Act of striking for higher wages ; combination :- BM 5444; Excellence of quality. Syn: -(n) Knock, smite, buffet, cast; imprint; thrust, force, drive, deal, inflict, give ; impress, affect , lower.

Be struck by lightning—বছাৰতৈ নই-ই; Be injured or destroyed by lightning. [prise at. Be struck with—কোন কিছুতে আত্যান্ত; Be sur-Strike a balance—সমান-ই; জুসবা-ই; কৈবিৰং কটো, গড়-পড়তা-ই; To compare; equalise, average.

Strike a bargain—চুক্তি বিশাস-কৃ; সংবা ছিয় করিলা পাকা-কৃ; Effect an arrangement; conclude an agreement, make and ratify a bargain. Strike a blow, Strike a stroke-41413-7; Make an attack :--आक्रयन-कृ ; महे कतिरात अक्टिआंत आङ्ग्रन-इ ; Injury by an attack on.

Strike a cross - 45 -1; Go cross over; go crosswise over.

Strike against--ধাৰা লাগা ; Collide :--নৌকা বা জাহালে চড়ার লাগিলে বেমৰ সভটাপর হয়, সেইরপ भक्तेश्व इंदर्श ; धाका कात्रा ; Be stranded on :-Dash against.

Strike a jury-Impanel a jury.

Strike a light in-with ain; Kindle.

Strike a note—बद्धात कान कान सकान-इ Give utterance to a sentiment :- (कान मनी उ-यप्र बाबाब, कावड मुख्य युत्र वा ध्वा छूनिया लिख्या : Cause a musical instrument to sound.

Strike an account-हिमांव विक-क ; हिमांदर अमी अवह विका-क ; To balance an account.

Strike at-আখাত-কু: আখাত করিতে উদাত-হু: তাক্ করিছা নিকেপ-ক ; Make a blow at ; aim a blow at; to try to hit. [ Eradicate, deal a blow to. Strike at the root of - কিছুৰ ৰূপে কুঠারাবাত-ই ; Strike away - Tialas-5 : Remove. [down. Strike down—बागांड कवित्रा (क्विहा-त्व : Knock Strike dumb---वर्गक्-इः व्यक्ति पूक्षेक्ष-इः ₹39 : To confound ; to astonish.

Strike for-शाहेवाब कही कु; विश्व कही-कु; केंद्रे भार साना ; Strike a blow for ; attempt to gain ; make a vigorous effort to gain.

Strike hands-कार्यक वाभिन स्वता ; Become surety of for any one.

Strike hands with-ew of san sa-5: कब्गीस्त बाबा क्रमाडा-कृ ; बुक्ति-कृ ; To make a compact or agreement by shaking hands.

Strike home – নমে আয়াত্ত-দে; আতে হা-দে; ঠিক आइ।उ-म ; Deal an affective blow ; go into one's heart : afflict one in the most vital part.

Strik in-र्शेष धारम-कृ ; महमा छिउदा धादम क्या वा हवा : हो। वानिहा (कान कथा वना ; Enter suddenly,; come in suddenly; interpose: - - - ; Disappear :-- वाद्यां ठ-(व ।

Strike into-बाक्यान त्याक किंद्र यना ; Suddenly interrupt : interpose :- 48:187-7 : Pierce :-अत्य-इ ; Go into :- हठार किविया अन्न विस्य वांख्या ; Turn abruptly into.

Strike in with-अनुक्ष - इ: बिनिड-इ: (बना: Conform to, side with; fall in with.

Strike off- 450-7; Print :- ................................. Separate by a blow ; sever by a blow :- नाम काहिबा-(म ; Erase from a register :- ( Write : - 5314 এৰ্ণিক হটতে আৰু এক্দিকে ক্ষো; Turn suddenly to. Strike one all of a heap-tite (\*14 \*14) करिया काशांक बाक्साविक वा बर्शकिक-कृ; Take one by surprise :- 45-7 ; Fascinate one.

Strike one dead-ৰাখাত কৰিয়া বেৰে কেলা; বিশাত-ক: Strike one so as to cause one's death. Strike one down-ৰাষ্ট্ৰ কৰিলা কেলে-ৰে: Strike one so as to throw one down :-- # Pull down and destroy :-- न्यान्य ; Destroy :-- नड-ক , Humble :- অকর্মা করিয়া কেলা : Thoroughly disable one; prostrate completely.

Strike one's colours—অধানতা পাৰাৰ-সু; বৰী-₹3-€; To surrender; to submit.

Strike one's fancy-(withte) wat-7; To ( माय काछिता (पक्ता । please one. Strike one's name of the rolls-starts Strike one's tent-cent-viel this distant Strike on or upon, Strike the ground-চড়ার উপর শাসিরা বাবরা; চড়ার ঠেকা; Be atranded upon.

Strike one with—কোন কিছতে তাক দাবাৰ; Strongly impress one with, surprise one :- TT কোন প্রবল ভাব উল্লিক্ত-কু: মনে কোনও ভাবের উল্লেখনা-F : Excite in one ( some strong emotion, as

surprise ).

Strike out--कार्रिश-त्व : कृतिया त्क्ला : केरियां-त्य : Erase; efface; remove from :-- 471-7; आविकात-क : Bring to light :-- উडावन-क : উडाविड-क : महना जाविकात वा वाहित-क ; Divise ; invent :---देक्शि राहित-कः—राजा-कः—केटवटः व्यव-कः Wander :- कारण नाना ; Go to work.

Strike out a new path- नृष्ठन পথ আবিকার-কু; मुख्य अनानी भाविकात-क ; Devise a new path ; devise a new plan :- Discover a new path.

Strike root, Take root-दाणिउ-६; वद्यन-६; Become rooted; become established; become firmly in the mind.

Strike sail-अजना ना-इ ; Cease to advance ; make no further progress; take in sail.

Strike tensor into-sa distal-(4; Excite dread in the mind of one; frighten one.

Strike the coin (money or medal)-bist युक्तिक-कृ ; व्यक्तिन देश्वाद-कृ ; Coin money ; stamp [ strongly.

Strike the eye-by wifff-F: To impress Strike the key-noto-अवभ वा अवान कर वाकाइया-C: Sound the fundamental or first tone --वारिश्व वा अवामी मिट्डन-क ; Enunciate the fundamental idea or principle of.

Strike up-मनीड वातक-कृ; शान शाहित वातक कृ; Begin music; begin to sing; cause to sound; —বাজান ; Be beaten.

Strike while the iron is hot-By nata with-7; To improve an opportunity; do things just at the right moment : - হবোদ উপায়ত হুইবেই বিজের কর্ম করিয়া লভয় : Take advantage of an opportunity as it arises : - হৰোগ ছাড়িয়া না বেওয়া : श्रुविश शाहेश छाहा ना हाछा ; Not to miss a favourable opportunity.

Strike work (go or be on strike)-4448-क : मकरम अकरणात्म कर्य देखका-क : काम वक्ष-क : Quit work in a body; refuse to work until the point is gained.

Strike blind-WW-F

Striking, striking, a. स्वतानी : स्वत-वार्धकाती : अविकृष्टिक्षणक ; Affecting :--आक्रवा : विक्रिया ; Surprising :- faculta : faculta : Forcible : impressive :-- वश्वव ; क्ष ; नह ; Exact. ad - strikingly ( Mis: ; Wirequaty) | mastrikingness.

Striking distance, n. (व पुत्रकात मध्य जावाक क्या वात्र : Distance at which the electric fluid will or close likeness. pass away with a shock. Striking likeness, m. felou alay; Surprising String, string, n. 1 1 16; 14; A small rope; a small cord or a strip of anything for trying :- ৰুৱা A piece-of thread:—কিনা; A ribbon:—
আছ ; ভান্ন ; বাধ্যবন্ধের ভানী; The cord of a musical 
matrument:—বা; ছিলা:—বেনী; বার; হাড়া; বননী; 
A series of things:—বিনা; বার; বননী; 
A nerve; a tender:—ভ. t. ভার আড়ান; ভার পরান ; 
ছিলা পরান; To supply with strings:—একটা 
বোপার) পাছে করার এইলভ আর একটা বোগাড় করিয়া 
রাখা; Have a second resource to fall back 
upon:—বৃদ্ ই; বাখা; To make firm. Syn:—
(n) Cord, thread, twine; row, file.

Have two strings to one's bow—একটা বাৰ্ব্য সমাধা কৰিবাৰ কন্ত মুক্তী উপান্ন অবল্যৰ-কু; Have in readiness, two expedients for executing a project, or gaining a purpose. [Having strings. Stringed, stringed, s. তম্বুক; তাৰিক; তাৰেন; Stringenoy, n. ভক্তৰ চাপ; Severe pressure.

Biringent, strinjent, a. [ L. stringens, ppr. of stringere, to bind tight ] কটোৱ: কটিন; বাড়া; আৰক্ষী; Urgent; strongly rigid; severe; binding. n=stringency (অভিচাপ; কটোৱতা; কাটিক; severe pressure; hardness). Syn:—Contracting, astringent; strict, severe, rigorous.

Stringy, string'i, a. च्याप ; क्ष्यप ; क्याप ; क्ष्यप ; क्याप ; क्ष्यप ; क्ष्यप ; fibrous ; viscid. #=stringiness ( क्यापण ) !

Strip, strip, ন. টুক্রা; খত. জালি; A long narrow piece; stripe:—v. t. বিবয়-কৃ; উলল-কৃ; নগ্ম-কৃ; To make naked, to make bare:—জ্ক উলোচন-কৃ; ছাল ডোলা; To pect:—আগহর-কৃ; To plunder:—অনিয় কেলা:—ব্রজিড-কৃ; বিভত-কু; To deprive:—v. i. নগ্ম-কৃ; উলল-কৃ; বিব্যান-কৃ; ছাডা.
To undress. Syn:—(n) Uncover. denude, skin, divest. bereave; plunder, pillage, sack, spoil.

Stripe, strip, n. বিভিন্ন কৰি বেখা; ভোৱা, পটি; A linear variation of colour; narrow line; strip of colour:—কণায়াত; বেল বা ঘোড়ার আঘাত. Lash >—n. t. ভোৱা লাগ-ক; To make stripes upon:—কণায়াত-ক; To lash.

Striped, a. নানাবৰ্ণৰ বেৰাবৃক্ত; ডোমা-দেওমা; চিত্ৰিত; Having stripes of different colours.

Striped of—কোম কিছু ইইন্ড ৰক্তি-ফু; Be deprived of. [ছিত বালক; A youth, a lad. Stripling, strip'ling, π. ব্বা; ব্ৰক; বৌৰলে উপ-Strive, striv, s. s. চেট্টা-ফু; পৰিজ্ঞৰ-ফু; To endeavour; to attempt; to make efforts; to try hard:—বিবাৰ-ফু; প্ৰতিবোদিতা-ফু; আড়াআড়ি-ফু; To struggle; to contend. pt—strove, pp—striven. Syn:—Labour, toil, try; contest, compete.

Stroke, strök, n. আবাড; বা; চোট; Blow; a knock:—হঠাং আক্ৰমণ; সহনা আক্ৰমণ; Sudden attack:—সংশোধন:—গুকুতর উদ্যুদ্ধ, অসাধারণ চেটা; Masterly effort:—ছুংখ; হয়ণা, Calamity:—বুভিষ বাড়া; বাড়ির বাজ; Sound of a clock.—ক্ষমন ; ক্ষমন বাজা বা আচভ; ক্ষমনের টান; বেখা; A dash in writing:—চ. হাত কুলান; বিমে বাবে হাত বুলান; বিস্না বহুণ-কু; To rub gently in one direction. Sym:—(n) Knock, thump; attack, shock; affliction, reverse; touch, dash.

A stroke of apoplexy—{fixing; A sudden attack of apoplexy

A stroke of policy—fixing; A clever

A stroke of wit-was and; whalk; A sally of wit; a witty observation.

At one stroke, At a stroke—এৰ বাবে; এৰ ব্যে: By a single effort; by a single decision; by one effort, at once:—এক বাবে; By a single blow. Be struck with apoplexy or paralysis— বুলি বা প্ৰবাৰত বোগাজাতত; Be suddenly attacked by apoplexy or paralysis.

By a stroke of the pen—কল্মের এক আঁচফে (বিশেষ কোন কই না পাইছা); By a single word written (an absence of any great effort).

Give (or put) the finishing stroke toভিত্ৰকাৰে শেব তুলি-বে; Give the last touch to a
picture which completes it:—নিৰ্ভাত আবৃত-ড়;
Do the last thing necessary to the completion
of; give the last blow to.

Give the finishing stroke—চিত্ৰক্রের বেব ত্লি-লে: Give the last touch to a picture, which completes it:—নিৰ্বাভ আবাভ-কু; Give the last blow to. Keep stroke—বুলপং বৰ্ণ বলা ক্রিয়া কলে পঢ়া।

Stroke of grace cas sine; The finishing stroke that ends the life of a criminal executed by breaking on the wheel; in the judicial combats of mediavas times, the stab given to put an end to the life of the vanquished.

The finishing stroke—শেব শর্প ; সংশোধন ; নির্বাত প্রহার। [aftermost rower. Strokesman, n. সর্কি পালাবার্তী কোপনিবাহক ; The Stroll, strol, v.i. প্রাটন-ক ; ইাছিয়া বেড়াল ; ক্রম-ক ; To wander on foot ; to ramble idly or leisurely:—n. প্রাটন ; পদত্তকে ক্রমণ ; A leisurely walk ; an idle, leisurely walk ; a wandering on foot. n=stroller (পদত্তকে ক্রমণকারী)। Syn:—(v) Rove, roam, range, stray, ramble.

Strong, strong, a. বলবান; বলিঠ; তেজৰী; Stout:
—হয়: Healthy:—সকম; Able; competent:—
ল্ . শক্ত; আকটো; Firm; resolute:—ব্যা; আরহবিশিষ্ট; Earnest:—উরা; Sharp, as smell;—সাড়;
Deep, as colour:—মন্তবারী; Intoxicating:—
তেজাল; বোরাল; উরা; Forcibly:—হ্যাভিক্ত; Well
established. ad = strongly. Syn:—Robust,
vigorous, powerful, hardy, muscular; capable,
efficient, mighty; solid, compact; vivid, intense; violent, vehement; pungent, piquant;
tough, tenacious; cogent, forcible; earnest,
hearty, zealous, ardent, alcoholic.

Come it strong—বভাইৰা বলা : Exaggerate it :
—বভাবাড়ি-ই ; Go too far. [ Very strong.
Strong as a lion or as a horse—অভান্ত বলবাৰ;
Strong-bodied, a. ব্লিষ্ট ; Stout.

Strong conjugation—ভাষুণ পৰিবৰ্তন বা বোৰ বাৰা বাডুৰণ-কৰণ [ চাৰ ; Force ; violence. Strong-hand, strong'hand, n. বল ; পকি ; অজ্ঞা-Stronghold, strong'hold, n. মুৰ্ব ; ব্যক্তি মুখ্য A fortress ; a fortified place.

Strongly, ad. মৃত্যুপে; প্রবলভাবে; সবিশেষক্রপে। Strong-minded, a. অটলমভি; স্থাতিক্স; Having a vigorous or determined mind.

Strong-point—বিশেষ গুণ ; সবিশেষ বন্ধ বা অধিকার ; Special excellence. [ পারে আ Strong-room, n. বে বন্ধে আন্তি বা চোর প্রবেশ ক্ষিতে Strong verb—বে বিশার past tense সচবাদত सन्न कन किर्माल कन जना past participles । कन हम

Strop, n. affices state; A strip of leather, for sharpening razors:—o. t. states affect affect to sharpen on a strop.

Strove, strov, pt. of strive.

Strow, stro, n. See strew.

Struck, pt. and pp. of strike.

Struck all of a heap—winfife-v; To be completely surprised; to be astonished.

Struck with fear - अविम 5।

Structure, struktur, ম. L. structura, from structes, to join together ] নির্মাণ; সঠন; Construction; form:—আটানিকা; গৃহাদি: সৌণ; A building; an edifice:—অস্থিকান; Manner of organisation. a=structural (গঠন বা নির্মাণ স্বৰ্থীয়)। Syn:—Conformation, make, configuration; fabric, building, erection, pile.

Struggle, strug'l, v. i. [Gcr. strucheln, to scold] টেট্টা-ফু; To exert:—বহুক্;-ফু; To strive:
—বিবাদ-ফু. To contend:—বহুবা ডোগ-ফু, কট-ফু; আন-ফু; To be in agony or distress; to labour in pain:—n. বিবাদ; বুছ; Contest:—বহুবা ডিলান; Great effort.—বহুবা; Agony:—বহাত আন; Great labour. Syn.—(v) Endeavour, labour, toil, try hard; contest. (n) Endeavour, labour, exertion, pains; contention, strife, fight.

[বিরোধ]

Struggle for existence—জীবন-সংখ্যাম ; নীবন-Strum, ৩. t. অভিনয় পৰপূৰ্ত্তক বাজান ( গীণাদি) বাছন-কু ; To play on, as a musical instrument, in a noisy way.

Strumpet, strumpet, n. বেক্সা; বারবণিচা: ধান্কী; গণিকা; A prostitute:—মবিবাসিনী; বৈরিণী; Like n strumpet; false; inconstant.

Strung, strung, pt. and pp. of strong.

Strut, strut, ত. i. সদৰ্শে পদকেপ-কু; পৰিভিত্তাৰ চলা; অহনাৰে চলা; To walk in a pompous manner; to walk with affected dignity:—ন. সদৰ্পে পদকেপ; কৰিভিতাৰে চলন, An affected walk; proud step or walk.

Strychnia, strikni-a. Strychnine, striknin, m. fatter coa facet; A poisonous alkaloid obtained from the seeds of Nux-vonica.

Stub, stub, n. সাছের ভড়ি কাটিয়া সকলে বে অংশ নাটতে গ্রোথিত থাকে; বুকের মৃত্য, সাছের সোড়া, The stump left after a tree is cut down;—কাঠথe, A log or stack:—নিজের বা নির্বোধ বালক; A dull or sluggish youth.—v. t. পোড়া উপভাইরা কেলা; To take the stubs or roots of from the ground:
—নাট-ক; To destroy.

Stubbed, stubd, a. বুর ও বুল; বোটা; ভোঁতা, Short and thick; blunt; obtuse.

Stubble, stubl, n. শতাদির গোড়া; নাড়া; Stumps of corn left after the stalk is cut down.

Stubborn, stuborn, a. ৰবাধা; হুৰ্দান্ধ, অব্যা; এক-ভন্নে; নাধাপাগ্লা; Obstinate; refractory; headstrong; hardy, persevering:—বৃদ্ধেত; কোন; Stiff. n=stubborness (অবাধ্যতা; একভ্রেমি)। ad =stubbornly (অবাধ্যত্তাপ)। Syn:—Unbending, unyielding, intractable, contumacious, obdurate, heady. Stubborn fact— य नडा वा कीया व्यवसाय करा बाह जा : A truth or occurrence that cannot be denied or disproved. [strong. Stubby, stubi, a. कुन : (बाँडी : Short, thick and Stucco, skuko, n. हुपवानि : हुपवानित काल : हुपवानि विपय : A fine plaster used as a covering :—». 1. हुप-वानि बनाम : हुपवान-इ : To face or overlay with stucco.

Stuck, pt. and pp. of stick.

Stuck up-4447 48 ; Purse-proud.

Stud, stud, n. নাখানোটা পেনেক; A nail with a large head:—ব্ৰটা; An ornamented knob:—বংশালা; Place where horses are kept:—বোডাৰ; A button:—বোটা; Small post:—বংশালা; পানের ঘোটক ঘোটকা সকল; Collection of breeding horses:—v. t. ঘুন্টা বদাল; বেল বারা পোটকক; ভল বদাল; To set with studs; to adorn with tuds or knobs. Syn:—(n) Prop; knob, boss. Be studded with—বদাল; বিচত-ক; Be adorned

Be studded with—বদান ; পচিত-কু; Be adorned with ornamental knobs . — নমান জ্বার উপর ফোন অপেকাকুত উচ্চ প্রব্য বসাইয়া সজ্জিত-কু; Be set thickly with objects that appear prominently.

Studding sails—Narrow sails set at the edges of the square sails when the wind is light.

Student, stu'dent, n. ছাত্ৰ; পড়্ৱা; শিবা; A scholar; one who studies:—বিদ্যাপুরাগী বোক; শিকাৰী: A man devoted to books.

Student life-नक्षमा ।

Studentship, अ. ছাত্রবৃত্তি ; ছাত্রহ।

Stud-horse, studhors, n. भारतर रगांडा : A breeding horse , a stallion.

Studied, studid, a. বিশ্বান ; পাভিতাপূৰ্ণ : Learned :
—ক্ষ্মিভিত : ক্ষিক্তিত ; পূৰ্কক্ষিত ; Premeditated.

Studio, stu'dio, n. निश्चित कार्यान्य ; চিত্ৰকাৰিৰ কার্যান্য ; The workshop of an artist. pl=studios. Studious, stu'de-us, a. অধ্যননীয় , পাঠাসক: Given to study — সচেট্ট, বছনীয় ; উৎস্ক , Eager, diligent :— চিত্ৰানীন ; Thoughtful. ad = studiously ( অধিয়া চিত্তিয়া ) i n=studiousness ( পাঠাসু-রক্তি ) i Syn:—Meditative, reflective, contemplative ; attentive , diligent, assiduous.

Study, stude, n. [ L. studeum, from studere, te study ] क्याप्रन ; विन्यांकान , भूक्षकांविटक मत्नांविfaces, Application of mind to books &c :-शान, दिशा ; अनुशान ; Absorbed attention --व्याप्रत्नाना ; शांत्र्यात्वां ; शांत्रांशाव ; A place devoted to study:-- 118 विकास . Any particular branch of learning :- v. t. 413-7; 44134-7; To con over :-- मानारवान महकारत्र क्रिन्डना-कृ, To form and arrange by previous thought :- 47.41 (414-5 . To apply the mind to :- 可前啊 . To examine closely :- 4517-7: Practise :- v. i. 415-7. चलुक्त-क ; To apply the mind to books :- क्लि विवास मनः मारा निकान ; किलान ; मरना निराय न क ; To fix the mind closely upon a subject Syn:-(n) Diligence, research, investigation, meditation, thought, contemplation.

Brown study-शान , अञ्चनकडा ; Reverie.

Stuff, ন. বন্ধ ; ক্ৰব্য ; That which fills any thing :
—উপাদান , আনল জিনিন ; Materials of which
anything is made :—বন্ধ ; গণনী কাপড় ; Textile
fabrics, cloth esp. when woolen :—গুৰুমাৰ্থী ; গুৰু-

ৰজা; বাসনাটি; Household furniture:—অৰ্থহীৰ বাবা; Nonsense; trash:—অকিনিধৰ প্ৰবা; Worthless matter:—ত. ঠ. পূৰ্ব-কৃ; ভৱা; বাবা; ঠানিবা পুৱা; To fill up:—বসলাদি বাবা পূৰ্ব-কৃ; To fill with seasoning, as a fowl:—সৃত ভীৰকে সজীবেম্ন ভাৱ বেবাইবার কন্ত ভাষাৰ চৰ্য পূৰ্ব-কৃ; To fill the skin of dead animal, so as to reproduce its living form:—ত. ই. অপ্ৰিমিত ভক্ৰ-কৃ; অভিভোজন-কৃ; To feed gluttonously.

Stuff down—ननात्र किन्न श्रदम कत्राच ; Cram down the throat. [something superfluous. Stuff in—श्रदम कत्राच ; Cram in ; introduce Stuff out—विक-ए ; Swell out. [thing. Stuff up—Obstruct by introducing some Stuffing, n. श्रीमम ; প्रव :—मारम श्रीदम मनना ।

Stultify, stulti-fi, v. t. [ L. stultus, foolish, facio, to make ] হতবৃদ্ধি-কৃ. নিৰ্মোধ-কৃ; বোকা বানাইয়া-দে; To make a fool of; to prove as foolish. n=stultification (বৃদ্ধিনাশ, জানতংশ; বোকা বানান)।

Stultify oneself—and for an in sai alois was conce alucation aform interesting that could expose one to the charge of inconsistency.

Mumble, stumbl, v. i. বোচট লাগা; টোকর লাগিয়া পড়া; To trip in walking; to strike against something:—ক্র-কৃ; ভূল-কৃ; To blunder; to slide in a error:—v. t. হোচট লাগান; ইেচট ধারলা; To cause to trip or stop:—হতবৃদ্ধি-কৃ; To puzzle;—n. বোচট; উৎকেশ; A trip in walking or running;—ক্রম; ভূল; A blunder.

Stumble upon—astic site; Find by chance or unexpectedly.

A stumbling block—পথে এখন কোন প্রতিবন্ধক বাহাতে পত্তিরোধ করে বা কার্যা সিদ্ধি করিতে দের না; প্রতিবন্ধক; বাধা; An obstacle in one's way that causes to fall into error.

Stumbling-stone, n. বে পাৎরের উপর কোন ব্যক্তি হোচট বাইরা পড়ে; A block or stone over which one would be likely to stumble:—ব্যাহর হেডু; A cause of error.

Stump, slump, n. কৰিচ-কাও বৃক্ষুণ; কল; গোড়া; The part of a tree left in the earth after the trunk is cut down:—কিকেট খেলাল ভূমিতে বে কিনটা দও লোখিত হয়, ভাষার একটা; One of the three rods forming a wicket in cricket:—ইটা হতপদাদি; Remainder of an amputated limb:—গ. t. আংল ছোল-ফু: To cut off a part — দও-কল্ফ ফ্রীড়াব গ্রোখিত বৃষ্টতে আখাত করিলা পাতিত-কু, To knock down or the stamps or wicket in cricket playing.

Stump about—ইউডড অম্ব-কু; Walk about. Stump up—পরিশোশ-কু; Pay up.

Take the stump--- नाबादला बङ्ख-इ ; चेंदि काहिया मृत्यास्य भवात्रिक-इ ।

Stump-orator, stump-ora-tor, দ. বজা; বে ব্যক্তি সাধারণা বজ্তা দিরা বেড়ার; One who harangues the populace from the stump of a tree or other platform.

Stump-speech, ন. বৰ্ডা; An electionering speech; a popular harangue.

Stun, stun, v. f. [Ger. sinnen, to be aston-

ished ] বৃদ্ধিত-তৃ; আচেত্ৰ-তৃ; সংজ্ঞাহীৰ-তৃ; Te confound with noise or blow: to stupefy:—
আত্ত্যাধিত-তৃ; বিহ্যান্ত; বিষয়াধিত-তৃ; To amaze; to surprise completely. pp=stunned. Syn:—
Stupefy, confound, dumfounder, bewilder, overpower, deafen.

Stung, pt. and pp. of sting.

stupidity.

Stunk, pt. and pp. of stink. [Astonishing. Stunning, a. বিজ্ঞানার; অপূর্ক; আন্তর্গ্যানন . Stunt, stunt, v. t. বৃদ্ধির ব্যাবাত-ক; বাড়িতে না দেবলা; বৃদ্ধি নিবারণ-ক; To hunder from growth: a=stunted ( প্রবাড়ত )। [নেকড়া। Stupe, v. t. দেক-দে;:—n. পরস অনে বা উব্ধে ভিমান Stupefaction, stu-pi-fakshun, n. আফানতা; আহৈতক, সংজ্ঞাহীনতা; বৃদ্ধিরংশ; Insensibility,

Stuperactive, stu-pi-faktiv, a. ৰটেডভাৰারী; টেডভাৰ্পাৰ্যক; Causing stuperaction or insensibility.

Stupery, stū'pi-fi, v. t. [ L. stupeo, to be struck senseless, facio, to make ] বৃদ্ধিনাই-তৃ; ছাতিত-তৃ, আজান-তৃ: বৃদ্ধ-তৃ: আচেতন-তৃ; To make stupid; to deaden the perception; to deprive of sensibility.

Stupendous, stu-pendus, a. বৃহৎ; প্রকাণ ; বিশাল ; Large :—বিম্বকর ; আক্রা ; অমুক্ত ; Wonderful , amazing. ad=stupendously (বিশালভাবে ; আকর্ষাকাবে )। n=studendousness (বিশালভা ; বিশ্লভা )। Syn:—Amazing, overwhelming, astounding, gigantic.

Stupid, stupid, a. জড়বৃদ্ধি, জড়; Insensible; wanting sensibility:—বৃচ্ভার পরিচায়ক; যুল; Deficient in understanding; very dull:—বিৰ্দ্ধেশ : বোকা; গবা, Foolish; silly. n=stupidity, stupidness (বোকানি, বৃঢ়ভা)। ad=stupidly (বৃঢ়ভাবে; বৃত্ধের মত)। Syn:—Simple; senseless, doltish, sottish, dull, heavy, drowsy, torpid; uninteresting, flat, prosy.

Stupor, std'por, n. [ L. from stupere,, to be struck senseless ] আচতত্ব, সংজ্ঞাহীৰতা; অজ্ঞানব্য ; Intellectual insensibility; suspension of sense:—হতব্দিতা, বিশ্বসভিত্তি; Excessive amazement or astonisment. Syn:—Numbness, lethargy, torpor, coma.

Sturdy, stur'de, a. স্বল; বলবান; প্ৰবল; Stout, hardy, robust:—একপ্তরে; Stubborn; obstinate: — পূচ্বত; বৃদ্, Firm:—কঠেন; কড়া; Strong n = sturdiness (বলবতা; কঠিনতা)। ad=sturdily (স্বলো)। Syn:—Stiff, well set; robust, stalwart, brawny, muscular; bold, rugged, dogged. [A large cartilaginous sea-fish. Sturgeon, stur'jun, n. বৃহৎ স্বান্য মহন্ত বিশেষ;

Sturgeon, stur'jun, ন. বৃহৎ ক্থানা মংক বিশেষ; Stutter, stut'er, ৮. ই. ডোডনামি-কু; ডোডো-কু; To stammer:—ন. ডোডনাম ; Stammer.

Stutterer, stuter-er, ж. ভোতৰা; One who stutters.

Stuttering, stuter-ing, a. ভোতনা; বাবিত-বাৰ্; Stammering:—n. ভোতনামি। ad=stutteringly. Sty, sti, n. অঞ্জনী; আজিনা; An inflamed tumour on the edge of the eyelid:—ন্করের বৌনাড়; An enclosure or house for swine:—অপরিকার কান; Dirty place:—ব্যান্ডার বৃহ। Stygian, stiff-an, s. [Gr. stygeo, to hate ] नांबकीत : नवरकत नहीं नवकीत : Pertaining to Styx, the over of Hell, over which departed souls were ferried : hellish.

Cross the stygian ferry—न्ड-इ ; Die. Stylar, n. र्श-वित्र कीत्री नणकीत्र ; Pertaining to the dial.

Style, stil, n. [ L. stylus, G. stulos, a pillor, a writing instrument ] उन्नी ; त्वावती ; A pencil for writing on waxed tablets or copying paper, a tool for writing :—গর্ভবেশরের ওভারতি অংশ, The tapering portion of the pistol:- 4141, রীতি ; Method, kind :- লিখিবার পদ্ধতি ; Diction , manner of writing :-- उनापि , मखा ; नाम ; Title ; appelation :- v. t. व्यावाउ-क ; व्यावा-त्य , नाय-त्य , डाका ; To give a title to in addressing ; denominate; designate. Syn:-(n) Pin, gnomon; diction, phraseology, expression; manner, method, cast, form, fashion; designation. (v) Call, name, designate, term, characterize. Flowery style wint for styl. Rhetorical িছাপার অকর বিশেব।

The Now style— अकराम्न (अन्द्री (व वर मःकांद्र करवन , The Old style—तर नन्तात आहीन होति , दः पः वः व्यक्त कृतियम मिलत त्व वर्ष अग्नाव बीजि वाहित करतन, हांभाव अक्षत्र निःमच।

Stylot, a. cell cytel; A small dagger. Stylish, a. तीलिश्रव: अवनान , बाह्यविष्टि , हरेक-नाव, Showy, fashionable, pretending to style. -ecsibs; Genteel. ad=stylishly, n=stylish-

ness. Syn -Modish, polished, courtly. Styptic, stip'tik, a. नक-निवायक , तक्कारतायक ; Astringent; stopping bleeding :- n. 38 (414 344 ,

An astringent. Styx, n. (अडनमें); विडम्में, The fabled river Sussion, swaz'hun, n. [ L. suadeo, to per-

suade ] शतान्म : अवर्तना ; Advice , permission. Sussive, swisiv, a. as (344; 9464; Persuasive ad=suasively, n=suasiveness

Suave, a. मानाइस , जमनीय ; Bland , pleasant , agreeable. ad = suavely, n=suavity.

Suavity, n. swave-te, n. [ L. suavitas, from suavis, sweet | विद्वेत्रा ; वायुर्वा ; कामलठा , Sweetness; mildness. Syn; -- Agreeableness, softness, pleasantness, gentleness.

Sugvity of manners-4441644 ; Sub, ppx. अशैन डा , नियवर्डि डा ; अवास्त्रका। Subacid, c. 33, 3498, Moderately acid or sour :-- #. क्रेबब्द ख्वा । [ knowledge. Subagitation, n. মতিজিয়া; নছোগ; Carnal Subsitern, subal-tern, a. निषय: निष्णाप ; अशोन . Inferior ; subordinate :- n. विश्वनिष् कर्य-हारी वा रिशनिक ; डारवहांब ; A subordinate.

Subalternate, sub-al-terhat, a. निवच, अरीन, শগ্ৰহণ ; Subordinate.

Bubaquatic, Bubaqueous, a. ৰন্ডন্ত; খনের जगःकिए; निवय ; Lying under water ; under

Subarctic, a. মেরসমিহিত; Belonging to a region just below the arctic. [ astringent. Subastringent, e. \$44 Active; Somewhat Bub-class, n. ज्यांच्य (अवे ; जड्डूंट (अवे ।

Sub-committee, m. चनावत्र गाँविक : नावायविकि : A part or division of a committee.

Sub-contract, n. ज्हीन वृद्धि : A contract under a previous one. #=sub-contractor.

Subdivide, sub-di-vid, v. f. feus feine भूगर्तिकात-इ : विश्वकिक-इ : व्याखद विकात-इ : To divide into smaller divisions ; to divide again :v. 1. पूनिकक-र , काप-र ; To be subdivided. \*\*\* subdivision (गुनिस्थान ; ज्यान महसूमा , मुजकर कार)। Subduable, c. Milen-colon; That may be subdued. f duing.

Subdual, sub-du'al, n. Majan : The act of sub-Subdue, subdu, v. t. [ L. sub, under, and ducere, to lead ] नवालश-इ ; नवाज-इ ; नवाज-इ ; विक्र क, To conquer ; to reduce under dominion : to bring under dominion :- 415-7 : 414-क ; कोष-क ; To melt, to soften :--नाय-क ; To tame. =subduer, p. a=subdued ( Tailes )! a=subduable. Syn:-Overpower, overcome, surmount, vanquish, overbear, crush, tame,

Subduing by charm-वनीकवन ।

Sub-editor, sub-edi-tur, n. महकांत्री मन्नानक : An assistant editor.

Subfamily, ", अशेनइ शहिवांत्र वा बरन ; करलद नांक ; A sub-ordinate family, a division of a family. Subgenus, sub-jenus, n. Basifs; A sub-[ below. division of a genus. Subjacent, a. वाशावती ; निषष ; वाशीन ; Lying Subject, subjekt, a. [ 1. sub, under, and jacio, to throw ] भन्नाभीन, Dependant; under domimon of another .- अबीन : वनीकृठ , वादा , Liable, exposed; subordinate .- n. 231; अवीन वाकि; One who owes allegiance to a commonwealth or prince — প্ৰসৃত্ত ; বিষয় , A matter ; substance ; theme, topic — नागरक्रवार्थ भव वा उदाव काम अरम : Dead body or part of a dead body intended for disection: 一河, 河西:平河, 河南; In philorphy. the Ego as opposed to the non-Ego. :- \*\*\* : अनुवाधा : (वानिवर्त ) कईनत्त, वश्मवरक त्वामक कि डेक इन, In Logic, that of which anything is predicated or denied :-v. t. wa-y, To subdue, enslave :-- ম্থাস-ক, বশীসূত্র-ক; To expose or make liable to, to submit; to cause to undergo. Syn :- (a) Subordinate, subservient, tributary, submissive, obedient, inferior, obnoxious. (v) Subjugate, break, tame, quell, conquer : expose ; submit, refer.

Subject to नाशंत्र अभीत: Under one's subjection; under the power of. mine. Subject to examination- भागा- ; To exa-Subject to trial or test-नतीकाशीन-इ; To cause to undergo test or experiment,

Subject matter, n. within fars; faces fars; Matter presented for consideration.

Subjection, sub-jekshun, m. 44444; Subjugation; the act of subduing :- वर्गन्त ; वन्दर्भिष्ठा ; পরাধীনতা; The state of being subject to another. Subjective, sub-jēktiv, a. यकीय जन्न निष् আৰ্ত্তিৰ : মানসিক : আধাৰিক : Opposed to Objective. n-subjectivity ( wierifarei ) | ad-subjectively ( আধ্যান্ত্ৰিকভাবে )।

Babjoin, seb-join, v. i. পকাৰ সংবাদক; বিজ পোৰ-ক; To annex, to affix; to append. Syn:— Suffix; ettach, connect. [consideration. Bub-judice, a. বিভারাবীন: Under judicial Bubjugate, subjec-gat, v. t. [L. sub, under, and jugum, a yoke] অন-ক; পরালন-ক; অধীনত্ত-ক; বাধা-ক; বাধ্যক্ত-ক; To conquer. n=subjugation (বাধ্যকাৰ; পরালন): Syn:—Subdue; overcome, overpower.

Subjunctive, sub-jungktiv, a. আৰ্থাব্চৰ; স্বৃত্ব; Impyling doubt or condition; added to something. [বা ক্লাবাচক ক্লিয়া-বিভক্তি। Subjunctive mood—(বাৰিষ্ণে) সভাবনা, সংশ্ব Sub-kingdom, ম. অবাছর রাজা বা বিভাগ; A division of a kingdom; a subivision.

Sublease, म. रव-रेवाचा ; Lease by a tenant or leasee to another.

Sublet, sub-let, v. f. ভাড়া দ্বীয়া ভাড়া-দে; দ্বপদ্ধ বা ব্য-ইয়ারা-দে; পেটাও ভাড়া-দে; To lease as a tenant to another; to underlease.

Bublicutenant, ম. সর্ক্রিরপথয় সৈনিক প্রব;
The lowest commissioned officer in the army.
Bublimate, suble-mat, v. t. পরিকার-র; শোধিতর; সংকার-র; উরত-র; To refine; purify; exalt:
—a. পরিকৃত; সংস্কা। n=sublimation. Syn:—
Sublime; elevate.

Sublimate of mercury—রনকর্ম : Sublimation, n. পরিষ্কা : দক্ষেম : উর্মন : উর্মো-জন : Elevation : exaltation.

Bublime, sub-lim, a. অত্যুক্ত; উন্নত; মহান; গজীন, High; lofty; majestic:—n. প্রকৃতির মহিনা বা গাজীয়; What is sublime:—v. t. উন্নত-কু; To exalt, to dignify:—v. i. উন্নত-কু; মনাজুত-হু; To be sublimed or sublimated. Syn:—(a) Elevated, exalted, noble, grand, great, dignified, stately, magnificent, glorious. [manner; loftly, magnificent, glorious. [manner; loftly, sub-limety, ad. মহানভাবে; পমন; In a sublime Sublimity, sub-lime-te, n. মহত্ব; উক্তভা, গাজীয়; উৎক্য; Loftiness; clevation; grandeur; excellence. Syn:—Exaltation; grandeur, greatness, majesty, stateliness.

Bublunar, sub-loonar, a. गृथिशेष्ट ; गार्थिक ; ইर-लोक्षिक ; Earthly ; beneath the moon.

Sublunary, sublu-nar-e, a. [ L. sub, under, and luna, the moon ] চন্ত্ৰ-মতাৰ কং: যু; পাৰিব; সামায়িক; Situated beneath the moon. Syn:—Terrestrial, earthly, mundane.

Submarine, sub-ma-rin, a. সমুদ্রবস্থা ; সাগর-ভলছ ; Under the sea.

Submerine fire—वाड्वावन ; वाड्वाति ।

Submarine rock—मधनिति।

Submarine telegraph—A telegraphic line laid under water, in order to connect stations which are separated by a river, strait, or other body of water.

Submerge, sub-merj, Submerse, sub-mers, v. t. [L. sub, under, mergo, to plunge] বান বয়-ছ; বনগাবিত-ছ; To drown; to put under water; to plunge under water:—v. i. বন্ধন্ত-ছ; To plunge under water. n=submergence, submersion. Syn:—(v) Dip, sink; immerse, inundate, flood, overwhelm.

Submerged, Submersed, a. anne; Being or growing under water.

Submersion, n. haune; wanter; Immersion; flood. Syn:—Dipping, inundation.

Bubmission, sub-mishun, স. বক্তা; ব্ৰব্ডিটা; আহলটা; অহলটা; Subjection: obedience:—বিনার নিউন্তা; আৰ্ডাগি; Resignation:—পোৰ বীৰার; Confession of a fault. Syn:—Surrender, cession, yielding; compliance, acquiescence; meekness, lowliness, humility; endurance, sufferance, patience.

Submissive, sub-miśiv, a. আফাৰারী; বাষ্ট;
অনুসতঃ বিনীত; নৱ; Yielding; obedient. ম—
submissiveness. ad=submissively (বিনীতভাবে))
Syn:—Docile, compliant, obedient; resigned,
uncomplaining, patient, humble, meek, lowly.
Submit, sub-mit, v. t. [L. sub, under, and
mittere, to send] বিচারার বেশ-ক; নমর্গন-ক; To
yield; to refer to the judgment of another:—
যতা বীষার-ক; বীষ্ত-হ; বিশ-হ; To surrender:—v.i.
আবীর-হ; বীষ্ত-হ; বশ-হ; To be subject. Syn:
—Resign, subject; commit, refer; succumb,
knuckle, stoop, bend; endure, tolerate; defer.
Submit to—বোল কিছুতে নত-হ; Yield to:—
কাহারৰ বিচারে ন্বর্গণ-ক; Lay before or refer to
for judgment or decision.

Subnormal, a. बार्डादिक वालका मान।

Subordinate, sub-or'din-at, a. [L. sub, under, and ordinare, to put in place] অধীন; উাৰে : অপ্ৰান : নিৰূপত ; নিকৃষ্ট ; Dependent : lower : not chief :—n. অপ্ৰধান লোক ; অধীনস্থ বাজি ; উাৰেপাৰ ; An inferior :—v. f. বলে আন্তর্নকু ; অধীন-কু ; বলবজী-কু ; To place in a lower order ; to make subject, ad —subordinately. Syn :—(a) Inferior, subject, subservient, ancillary, minor, secondary.

Subordination, sub-or-din-áshun, n. অপ্ত-ধানতা; পদ বা নৰ্ব্যাপায় নিকৃষ্ট; Inferiority of rank or dignity:—বক্ততা; অধীনতা; বনবাৰ্ত্তিতা; Subjection: servitude; subserviency.

Subpena, subp-e'na, ল. [ L. sub, under, and paena, punishment ] সদিনা; সাকীর ভ্রমণ-পূত্র; আবেশ-পূত্র; A writ to cause a witness to appear:—v. t. সদিনা-দে; সদিনা ধরান; সাক্ষ্য-প্রকাশ আবেশ-কু; To serve with a writ of subpoena.

Subscribe, sub-skrib, v. t. [L. sub, under, and scribe, to write] নীচে থাকাৰ-ক; নাম ক্ষৰ্ৰ-ক; নাম ক্ষৰ্ৰ-ক; নাম ক্ষৰ্ৰ-ক; নাম বাকাৰ থাৱা থিতে বাকাৰ-ক; চাধা-কে; Promise to pay or take:
—নপ্তৰ-ক; বাকাৰ-ক; To assent:—v. i. চাধা-কে; সম্ভ-ক; নাম থাকাৰ-ক; To engage or promise to pay or support.

Subscribe to—চাল বিবাধ অধীকাৰে কোন কানতে সহী-ক; Set one's name to a paper as a promise to pay a certain sum:—এহণ-ক; Accept:—নাম বাক্ষ কৰিবা সভাতি দেওৱা; To give one's consent to something written by signing one's name. Bubscriber, म. गार्वाव-गवाधिक आहरू ; बांव वाक्त-कांबी ।

Subscription, sub-skrip'shun, ল. বাকর করণ; Act of subscribing:—বাকরিড কাগল; A paper with signatures:—বাকর; সহি; Signature:— বাকর বারা সম্বাভ: Consent by signature:—চালা; Contribution:—সংবাক-পথের মুদ্য; Sum subscribed. ১৮৯:—Mark, attestation; donation, offering, aid, assistance.

Subsection, n. & পরিখাগ ; A subdivision.

Subsequent, subse-kwent, a. পদাৰ্থী; প্ৰবৰ্থী; ভ্ৰম্বালীৰ; ভৰ্তম্ব; Following in train; posterior; succeeding; later. ad=subsequently ( উত্তৰ-কাৰো; পৰে ) । n=subsequence.

Subserve, sub-serv, v. t. [ L. sub, and servire, to serve ] সাহাখ্য-তৃ; সহকারিতা-তৃ; অথনে সপায়-তৃ; To help forward; to promote; to serve instrumentally. ad=subserviently. Syn:—Further, forward, help, minister to.

Subservience, sub-servience, Subserviency, sub-servience, sub-servien-si, n. অধীনতা; অভীয় নাধনের উপ-বোগিতা; হীনাপুগতা; Dependence; subjection.

Subservient, sub-serve-ent, a. অথন; সাহায্য করিতে উৎক্ষ; উত্তর-সাধক; Submissive; dependent; serving under; useful to. Syx:—Subject, inferior, subordinate, subsidiary, ancillary, instrumental.

Subservient to - পদানত ; Meanly submissive to :-কোন কিছুৱ আপেকা নীচু বলিছা গণ্য-ছ; Be subordinate to.

Subside, sub-sid, v. i. [L. sub, under, and sidere, to sit down] নিমে ব্সিয়া-যা; অবঃপডিড-হ; ডলাছ পড়া; খিডান; To settle down; to tend downwards; to settle to the bottom:—ছিন-হ; লাল-হ; Abide. n=sub-idence, subsidency (অবঃপডন; নিমজন; হিরভা)! Syn:—Decrease, decline, diminish, lessen, abate, lull, ebb, intermit.

Subsidence, স. মই হওম: মীতে প্তম; ওলগমন; Act or process of subsiding or falling. Syn:— Settling, sinking; fall, diminution, decrease, abatement, cbb.

Subsidiary, sub-side-ar-e, a. সহকারী; জাল; করদ; Aiding; serving to help; auxilliary:—ম. সহকারী বাঞ্চি; সাহাব্যকারী; One who or that which aids; an assistant, Syn.—Assistant, subservient, co-operative.

Subsidise, subsi-diz, v. t. টাকা বারা নাহাব্য ক্র-কু; অর্থ নাহাব্য-কু; To furnish with a subsidy; to purchase the assistance of.

Subsidy, subse-de, n. নাহাব্য; সহকারিকা; আৰ্
ধারা নাহাব্য: কর; নিজ রাজাকে অর্থনান; Aid;
support; assistance; a grant; a sum of money
paid by one state to another for assistance;
tribute. Syn:—Tax, contribution, support, aid.
Subsist, sub-sist, v. f. [L. sub, and sistere, to
stand] থাকা; রহা; To exist:—জীবনার্ব-কু; To
have the means of living; to live:—ক্তরা; To
be:—v. f. গালব-কু; To maintain. Syn:—Be,
live; remain, continue; be supported.

Subsist on—कांग किंदू बाजा कीक्नबंबन वा श्रीकिका निकार-कु; Live upon, Bubsistence, sub-sistens, ল. আৰ্থিডি: নীয়া:
বৰ্তনানতা; অবহাৰ: Existence; real being:—
ব্যাধিকা: ব্যাধনোগার: Livelihood; means of support. Syn:—Existence; inherence; sustenance,
maintenance, living, food, victuals.

Subsistent, sub-sistent, a. সম্বান ; স্থিত : বর্ত-নান ; বিদ্যানান : Having real being : inherent.

Subsoil, subsoil, n. নীচের বাটা: আত্যতর; Layer of earth under another:—a. ভূবির নিরম্ভ; ভূপ্টায়:- তিত; আত্যভাব; Under the soil:—s. t. নীতের বাটা উঠাইবার বাত নামল-বে।

Substance, substans, ম. নার; নারজার; Essence; the essential part:—ত্রবা; বছ; Thing:—বাকৃতি প্রকৃতি; Form; matter:—নশুভি; বিষয়; Property; estate; wealth:—ভাগেরা; Purport. Syn:—Body; being, reality; pith, gist; material, texture, stuff; means, estate.

In substance—অক্তপাৰ; Really; in reality:
—ৰখাণ্টা; It its essential import:—আসলটা;
Substantially.

The sum and substance of—কোৰ কিছুৰ সাছ অংশ; যোট কথা; The purport or gist of.

Substantial, sub-stanshe-al, a, প্ৰকৃত ; বাজৰিক ; Actually existing ; real.—ধনী ; ধনবান ; সম্পত্তি-দানী ; Moderately wealthy :—বিস্তেট ; Solid ; material :—কড় ; নবল ; Strong. ad=substantially (বস্তুত: মোটামুট) ! #—substantiality. Syn:—Subsistent, actual , true, positive, strong, stout, massive, sound, firm.

Substantials, sub-stanshalz, n. pl. সাৰ জিনিস;
সাৰ ভাগ; Essential parts.

Bubstantiate, sub-stanshe-কা, ক. ৫. প্ৰমাণ-ছ; সর্মাণ-ছ; সার্যাণ-ছ; To prove; to confirm. n= substantiation ( সহাযাণ; প্রজিপাধন) ৷ Syn;— Verify, ratify, confirm, corroborate, make good. Bubstantive, substantive, ন সম্বাচন ; মাণান; বাগবিন; হালা; Expressive existence; real:—n. বিশেষ ; A noun. ad—substantively ( পাৰ্যাকণ) ৷
A noun substantive—মন্যাবাচন বিশেষ ৷

A substantive post—পাকা পদ। A substantive verb—সভাবাচৰ জিলা।

Substitute, subste-tut, v. f. [L. sub, under, and statuere, to put] স্থাবিত্য- কৃ; আৰু পহিবৰ্ধ স্থাবন- কৃ; বিনিয়- কৃ; To put in the place of another; to exchange:—n. অভিজ্ ; বণলি; আন্তের স্থানীয়; প্রতিনিধি; One who or that which is put in place of another. Syn:—Commute; interchange. [Put something in the place of. Substitute for—একটা বন্ধাইয়া আন্ত একটা বন্ধাই; Substitution, sub-sti-tu'shun, n. আন্তর স্থানীয়; বিবর্ধ ; মার্জা; Act of substituting. a—substitutional.

Substratum, sub-stratum, স. আবাৰ; ব্যৱসা; তল্পে : The substance in which qualities exist. Substructure, sub-struktur, স. ভিভি: নীচেৰ গাঁথৰি : Foundation.

Subsume, v. t. वर्ष्य-इ

Subtenant, n. খন-এবা; গেটাৰ কলা; A tenant who lives, or obtains a lease, of one who is also a tenant. [সম্বৰ্জী-ছ; To be opposite to. Subtend, sub-tend, v. t. বিপ্রীত-ছ; সম্বীৰ-ছ; Subterfuge, subter-fuj, m. f L. subterfugers,

to fice secretly ] इन ; बागरमन ; कोनन ; An artifice; evasian; trick; shift; artfice. Sym:-Excuse quibble, shuffle, pretext, pretence.

Subterranean, sub-ter-rane-an, Subterraneous, sub-ter-rane-us, n. जूमशाच : कृत्रकंत्र निव-नहीं ; क्रार्डर ; Being under the earth or ground. Bubterranean river—अधाननिवाहिनी नही। Bubtile, subtil, a. रुत्र ; शांडना ; Fine ; thin or rare : nice : delicate :- 37 ; 594 ; Cunning ;

shrewd. n=subtileness, subtility (তীপতা: চতুরতা; হস্কতা)। Syn:-Rare, light, airy, ethereal : slender, acute, artful, crafty.

Subtilise, subtil-iz, v. t. পুম-ক ; পাতগা-ক ; To make thin or rare :-- श्व काछी ; To spin into niceties :-- v. i. অতি পুন্ম প্রডেগ-কু; To make nice distinctions :- THIF-F; To refine in argument.

Subtilty, sublil-ti, n. 2981; farnei ; Fineness ; rareness :- 회약이 ; Extreme acuteness :

-कोमन : मठेडा ; Cunning. Bubtle, sutl, a. रुख ; Finc :- पूर्व ; क्या ; कृड ; Cunning, sly, artful :- 37; Acute. ad = subtly, n-subtleness. Syn :- Nice, delicate; keen, shrewd, sagacious, penetrating, profound; crafty, wily, designing, intriguing.

Subtloty, suil-te, n. চতুরতা; বুর্রতা; চাতুর্বা; শঠতা : Artfulness :--তীক্তা ; স্ক্ল বিচার : কুটছ ; অতিশয় সন্ত্ৰপৰিতা ; Shrewdness ; extreme acuteness. Syn :- Cunning, eraftiness, shiewdness, sagacity.

Subtract, sub-trakt. v. t. [ L. sub, under, and trahere, to draw | facuin- ; wafas- ; air-cu : हीन-इ : To take the rest away ; to deduct . to take a smaller number from a larger. n=subtraction. Syn :-- (v) Withdraw remove, deduct, bate.

Subtraction, sub-trakshun, n. बावक्लन : विद्यात : क्याच्या : The act of subtracting.

Subtractive, sub-traktiv, a. faculas ; facul-कनकन ; Tending to subtract.

Subtrahend, subtra-hend, n. faceisi sife; त्व मःशा व्यवज्ञ मःशा हहेटड विवृक्त हत्त ; The sum or number to be subtracted.

Suburb, suburb, Suburbs, suburbs, n. [L. sub, near, and urbs, a city] সহরতती; नगरत्र স্ত্রিকটছ ছান , সহরের পাখবন্তী কুজ পল্লী ; The confines; the region which is near a city. Syn :-Precincts, purlieus, environs,

Buburban, sub-urban, c. উপन्यविक: महत्रकती अवर्षठ वा नवकोव: नवकजीव: Living in the

Bubwention, n. বাৰাতুক্বা; দাব; A government grant. v-subventize ( महकांबी मान शांबा नाशवा-ठ्र )।

Subversion, sub-ver'shun, n. विश्वांत ; मन्नुन श्राबद , नाम ; अश्म ; डेटब्र्म ; Entire overthrow ; destruction; utter ruin. Syn :- Overturn, inversion; overthrow, demolition, destruction. Subversive, sub-ver-siv, a. नामक; विनामक; भारतकाइक : Tending to subvert.

Be subversive of-- विश्वादकांवी-इ: Tend to subvert; be fatal to.

Subvert, sub-vert, v. t. [ L. sub, under, and vertere to turn ] विশ्वाष-इ ; मगुरनाश्गाहन-इ ; भारत-क ; डेब्ब्ड-क ; To overthrow ; to ruin : वृदिन-क ; To corrupt. Syn :- Overset, invert, overturn : destroy, demolish. [ titude. pl = succedanea. Succedaneum, n. প্রতিনিধি; অবুক্র; A subs-Succeed, suk-sed, v. t. [ L. sub, and cedere, to go ] अपूर्वामी-कृ; अपूर्वत्र-कृ; अपूर्वमन-कृ; To follow; to take the place of :- v. i. not milli-इ; अपूर्णामी-इ; To follow:-कुछकार्वा-इ: मक्त-इ: To accomplish:—সমুদ্রশালী-ই; To prosper:— (প্রাদির) পিতৃসিংহাসনে অধিরোহণ-কু; To become heir. Syn :- Ensue ; thrive. Cessful in. Succeed in-( कान विवास ) कुछकांवा-इ : Be suc-Bucceed to-কোন কিছুর পরিবর্তে তৎপরে আইসা; Follow :-- এक करनत मत्रागालत (कान जन्म काठ-इ: Come to or get (some title, rank, or estate) after another.

Buccoss, suk-ses, n. निषि : ইইনিছি : कुल्कांगांडां : স্ক্রভা ; Favourable termination ; good luck :--স্থল চেপ্তা; The outcome of effort. Syn :-- Issue, result; prosperity, victory, good-fortune.

Be crowned with success-न्यन इ : Be regarded with success, terminate successfully. Nothing succeeds like success—and we

Successful, suk-sessool, a. तिद: नक्ल; नवृद-मानी ; कुडकांवा ; Resulating in success ; prosperous :-ভাগাৰাৰ ; খ্ৰী : Fortunate. ad - successfully ( সক্ৰভাবে : সিদ্ধান হইবা ) : #=successfulness (কৃতকাৰাতা; পূৰ্বিমতা)। Syn :-- Happy, fortunate, auspicious, lucky.

Successfully, ad. সকলভাবে ; সিছকাৰ হইলা ৷ Succession, suk-seshun, n. अनुभाव : बांबांबांड : পর পর আগমন : Act of following after ; act of succeeding :- बानवर्ग : Sequence :- डेडबाधिकांबी वष : शिक्षांवित्र काम अधिकांत्र कत्रिवांत्र वक : Right to succeed :- नवन्त्रता : Series, order :-- वरमानूक्य ; A line of descendents. a=successional. 'Sym: -Consecution; series, concatenation; lineage, race. [ another.

In succession- भरत भरत : अमोदात : One after Successional, a. व्याक्तिक; Existing in a regular order. a-successionally.

Buccossive, suk-sesiv, a. ক্রমিক : পর পর আগত : चायुक्तिक ; भारत्मदिक ; भन्नभारतिक ; Following in succession or in order; consecutive. ad=successivly ( পর পর , জন্শ: ) | n=successiveness. Successor, suk-seior, n. উख्याधिकाती ; नवरबी লোক; One who succeeds; one who comes after. Succinct, suk-singkt, a. [ L. succinctus, pp. of succengere, to gird below ] সংক্রি: পিডিড: नवाकत ; Brief ; short ; concise ; compendious. ad - succinctly (नःकिश्रक्तान ; अब कश्रात्र)। #=succinctness. Syn: -Brief, condensed, summary. Succour, sukur, v. t. नाहावा-क ; To assist ; to aid :—উদার-কু; উপকার-কু; To relieve :- n. সাহায্য ; সহারতা ; Aid ; help :- উপকার ; Relief : -pl. माहाबाकांदी रिष्ठ । a=succourless ( माहाबा-विशेष )। Syn :-(v) Aid, help, support, cherish, befriend, comfort. (\*) Help, support.

Succulent, suku-lent, a. न्नर्भ ; न्नाल ; Pull of

juice or moisture; juicy. ad-succulently. succulence. \

Succumb, suk-kuni, e. i. [ L. sui, under, and cumbere, to lie ] व्यक्तिन्द ; वनजानक्ष- इ: विका-वी ; सल्मा र ; To yield ; to sink under. Syn :- Submit, surrender, give in.

Succumb to-cete cates and; Die of :- (\*ia किन्द्र कार्य रमशीत्वद्र कांच अधिकृत-इ ; Be overpowered by; yield to.

Such, such, a. बहेबान ; अयन ; केंग्न ; छापन ; (छपन ; court: Of the like kind; the same: - 434; Certain.

Such and such—बद्द बहुद ; और वहें ; क्लांना water : So and so ; referring to a person or a place of a certain kind (used when one does not wish to particularise things or persons ).

Such as it is-- त्यम चार्ट उमनिरे पतिला. त्यमन जनवान जार एउनमेरे जनवार , Poor, insignificant or feeble as it is.

Such being the case - वर्डवान अवहात , In the present state of affairs.

Buch is the case—ইহা সভা ; It is true.

Such like-নেই প্ৰকাৰ।

Suck, suk, v. t. 60141; (4144-7; 60144-7; To draw in with the mouth :- - To draw milk from the mouth :- आकर्श-क ; होनिश-न ; To imbibe :- v. i. चक्रमान-कृ: मूल विशा होना ; To draw the breast; to draw in .- n. धनकु नान ; हुन् , The act of sucking :- 495%; 49; Milk drawn from the breast by the mouth. Syn: -Inhalc, draw in, absorb.

Give suck-चनकुष शान कतान , सन धानान-कृ। Suck down-rets ent-, Swallow easily. Suck in-- होनिया मुख्य किछत नक्ष्या ; भाषत-क ; हिन्द्रा-न : Imbibe.

Suck out-sasi बाहिक-क

Suck up-ब्रंब है।विद्या-न , है।विद्या डाना : To draw into the mouth. [ for sucking. Sucker, n. colar : ( ) What sucks ; pipe

Sucking, a. इक्टमीया :- म. यह बांडा मानन ।

A sucking bottle, n. निक्षित्वंत इक गान कडाहेवांव ৰোভল , মাড়বীৰ বা মাতা শীচিত হইলে বে সৰল কাচণাত্ৰে ভাছাৰে ছব ৰাজ্যান হয় ভাছা ; A bottle for infants to suck instead of the teat.

Suckle, sukl, v. t. उनवृक्ष शान-कृ, माई-कः; उक्रशीन water: To nurse at the breast.

Snokling, suckling, n. untill fit; sers then A young child or animal norsed at the breast. Sucrose, n. 664; 4441

Buction, sukshun, n. (5144 . (4144 : 47 41444 ; Act of drawing, as fluids, by exhusting the air Suction pump-(नावन-वड ; ववकन ; Pump in which the water is raised into the vessel by atmospheric pressure.

Sudstory, धांda-tor-i, a. त्यवनक ; वर्षकांतक , Sweating; perspiring: - . 44444- atalata, A sweating-bath.

Budden, suden, a. আক্সিক; আচৰিত; কাং অপ্ৰিত বা ব্যক্তি; Unexpected; hasty; abrupt; happening without notice. n-suddenness, suddenty (बाक्तिकडा)। Syn:--Unanticipated, unusual, unlooked-for, quick, rapid, rash,

All of a sudden. All on a sudden-weste: स्रोद अक्रांत्र ; Unexpectedly ; all at once.

On a sudden, Of a sudden - nent; Suddenly, sooner than was expected. pectedly.

Suddenly, ed. the; nent; wente; Unex-On a suddenty-real

Sudorific, su-dor-ifik, e. [L. sudor, sweat, and facio, to make] (यमसनक : पर्यक्रीयक : Causing sweat :-- n. त्यमबनक छेवर ; वर्षकांत्रक छेवर ; A medicine producing sweat.

Suds, sudz, w. pl. সাবাৰ আল : কেণাবিশিষ্ট সাবাদের बन ; Boiling water impregnated with soap.

To be in the suds-firster stel; (statesta পড়া; হাজানে পড়া; এইবে বছনে পড়া; লাজা-বছনে 151; To be in difficulty or turmoil.

Sue, su, v. t. [ F. suivre, L. segui, to follow ] विष्यान-इ. To prosecute judicially; to gain by law :-- त्यांकक्यां क्रक्-कृ , बांतिन-कृ ; अनुनवन-कृ ; То follow after :--आंश्ना-क ; याक्का-क ; To entreat :--D. s. वालिम-कु; व्यक्तिवाश-कु; व्यादिश्य-कु, श्रद्रवास-कु, To make legal claim, to demand :- आर्थन - मार्थन entreat. Syn :- Follow up; petition, plead, supplicate. Take out.

Sue out-आईना कदिना नहन ; Pctition for and Suer, n. राक्कांकारी ; आबी।

Sust, su'et, n. The and : sim : The hard fat of an animal about the kidneys; solid fat. asucty ( बमामन , बमांबर )।

Suffer, sufer, v. t. [ L. sub, under and ferre, to bear ] मश-क ; त्वात-क ; To undergo :-- वा-माख-कृ ; To endure :-- अनुविष्ठ-कृ ; कविष्ठ (कश्र) ; শাবিভাগ-ক ; To sustain to loss. Syn :-- Experience; support; tolerate, allow, admit, indulge.

Suffer from, Suffer under—शैन एडेडा नहां, Be injured by: - क्लिक्श नाजीतिक वा बाजिक क्टरकान-म , Undergo pain of body or mind from being affected by; endure the evil of.

Sufferable, a. महनीय ; Capable of being permitted. Syn:-Allowable, tolerable, endurable, permissible

Sufferance, suf'cr-ans, स. नहन ; वहनांच ; क्हेर्नि महिक्डा ; Endurance · - अनुम्बि , मक्षि , Toleration : permission. Sys :- Suffering, patience, long-suffering; allowance.

By sufferance-नाई अपूर्विक्य नाइ ( नित्त माई के जार), By a negative consent (by not being forbidden ).

Sufferer, n. (णाने : नहिन् पालि ।

Suffering, sufer-ing, s. 48; (34; 434); इ:पाकांत्र ; बांबा ; Distress, loss or injury :- s. नहरकाने। Syn :- (n) Affliction, trouble, grievance, misery, hardship, want.

Suffice, suf-fié, v. i. [ L. sub, under, and facere, to make } कार्ब है ; अकृत- ; To be enough :- n. f. qu al gi-#; To satisfy. Syn . -Be sufficient; content. f or sufficient for. Suffice for—(कांत्र किहत गटक वापडे-इ ; Be enough Buffice it to say—वहे वनितनहे राया स्ट्रेस ; हीर will be enough if we say. Sufficiency, suf-fishe-en-se, m. aipril; The make of being sufficient: — ক্ষতা; বোগাতা; Ability; capacity: — আন্ধর্মাবা; আন্ধর্মারা; Conceit.

Sumoient, suf-fishe-ent, a. পর্যাপ্ত; ব্যেষ্ট; ব্যেষ্ট; ব্যেষ্ট; ব্যেষ্ট; Ample; enough; competent. ad=sufficiently (ব্যেষ্ট; পর্যাপ্তরূপে)।
Syn:—Full, satisfactory, qualified, fit, able.

Buffix, sufiks, n. [L. sub, under, after, and figo, to fix] প্ৰত্যৱ; বিভক্তি; A particle or syllable added to the end of a word:—v. t. প্রভারত্বত ; বিভক্তিত্বত ; বিভক্তাত্বত ; বিভক্তাত্বত ; বিভক্তাত্বত ; বিভক্তাত্বত বা letter or syllable to a word.

Suffocate, sul'o-kat, v. t. [L. sub, under, and sances, the throat] বাস্বোধ-তু; বাসকল করিয়া মারা; ইালাইবা মারা; To choke; to stuffe; to smother; to strangle.

Suffocation, suf-fo-kashun, n. sintais; sintais are use; The act of suffocating; the state of being suffocated.

Suffragan, sufra-gan, a. সহকারী; সাহায্যকারী; Assisting:—n. সহকারী (বিশপ) ধর্মাধ্যক; An assistant bishop.

Suffrage, sufraj, n. মত প্ৰকাশ; মত প্ৰকাশ করিবার ক্ষতা; স্বতি, খীকার; সাক্ষ্য; প্ৰাৰ্কা; A vote; right of voting for representatives in the legislature.

Suffuse, v. t. L. sub, underneath, and fundo, fusum to pour } বাধ-ক; পৰিপ্-ক; পৰিপ্-ক; পৰিপ্-ক; মে প্ৰিয়-ক; To fill; to overspread or cover, as with a fluid. n—suffusion (প্ৰতা: দিকতা);

Suffusion, sul-lu'zhun, n. সমাজ্ঞানন বা তংকিলা; ব্যান্তি, পরিবাধি; The act or operation of suffering, that which is suffused.

Sugar, shoog'ar, ম. শর্করা; চিনি; A sweet substance from cane; beet, maple &c.;—v.t. চিনিতে প্রস্তুত্র চিনি মিপ্রিত-কু; মিপ্তুত্র মুধুর-কু; To season, sprinkle or mix with sugar, to execten:
—ত্যেশাস-কু; To complement; to flatter.

Sugar over—চিনি বারা আনুত-কু; Cover with sugar:—তোবামোদ বারা আন্ত-কু; To soften by flattery.

[ sugar.

Sugar-baker, n. চিনি-শোধনকারী; Refiner of Sugar-bakery, n. চিনি পরিষায় বা খোধন করিবার স্থান; Place for refining sugar.

Sugar-candy, n. বিছয়ি; Crystalised sugar. Sugar-cane, shoog ar-kan, r. ইক; আৰু; The cane or plant from which sugar is chiefly obtained.

Sugared, a. नव्यांश ; मध्य ; Sweetened.

Sugared words—[महे क्या ; Sweet flattering words. [refined sugar. Sugar-losf, n. किन्द्र ठांत ; Conical mass of Sugar mill—वंश्वीह ; बाक-मांज क्या [meat. Sugar-plum, n. विठाहे ; क्यमा किन्द्र मांज ; A sweet Sugary, shoog'ar-i, a. नक्दामस ; निहे ; किन्द्र मञ्ज [Like sugar ; sweetened with sugar :—[किन्दियंत्र , मिहेय्ह-वित्त ; Fond of sugar.

Suggest, sug-jest, suj-est, v. t. [L. sub, under, and jerere, to bring] স্টনা-ড়; সংকত-ড়; ইজিড-ড়; বাছ-ড়ে; To hint; to intimate; to offer to the mind. Syn:—Allude to, insinuate, propose. Suggestion, sug-jestyun, n. ইজিড; সংকত; স্কো; কলো; Hint; intimation; proposal, Syn:

-Hinting, intimation, allusion, insimuation, prompting, proposition.

At the suggestion of—কাগাৰত ইজিতে বা প্ৰকাৰ : Happy suggestion—কাল অভাব ; Clever, fitting suggestion.

Suggestive, sug-jestiv, a. নতেখা; মাৰু; ব্যক; Containing a suggestion, intimation or hint. ad—suggestively. n—suggestiveness.

Suicidal, su-i-si'dal, a. ৰাম্বাডী; মান্তবিক্ষাস-কানী; আন্তহ্যাপাপে লিপ্ত; Pertaining to suicide . partaining of the crime of suicide.

Suicide, su'i-sid, n. [ L. sui, of himself, and caedo, to kill] আত্মহত্যা; পাত্মহত্যা; থাত্মহত্যা; থাত্মহত্যা; থাত্মহত্যা; থাত্মহত্যা; থাত্মহত্যা; থাত্মহত্যা; থাত্মহত্যা

Buit, sut, n. [F. suite, from suivre, to follow] মোকজনা; নানলা, An action at law:—আবেলন; Petition:—সেউ; জোড়া; শ্রেণী; প্রস্থা; A set; a series:—প্রশ্বাকাকা; বিবাহার্থ উপাসনা; Courtship:—হ. f. সর্ক্ত-কৃ, To please:—উপ্যোগী-কৃ; To fit:—হ. f. প্রকৃ-কৃ; To agree:—উপ্যোগী-কৃ; To make proper:—যোগা-কৃ; To be fitted to. Syn:—(n) Request, entreaty, petition, prayer, application, supplication; wooing; prosecution, process, action, case; suite. (v) Fit, adapt, fashion, accommodate, level, match; become, befit, comport, tally, correspond; content, answer.

Be suited for — কোন উদ্দেশ্যের উপদোগী-ই; Be adapted for (a certain purpose).

Bring a suit—অভিবোগ-ক ; মোকদুমা কলু-ক ।
Follow suit—অস্তের দৃষ্টান্তান্গামী-হ ; দৃষ্টান্ত অনুসর্ব-ক ; Follow the example of :—(ভান বেলাছ)
রঙে রঙ-কে।

Suit one's fancy—732-7; To please one.

Suit or fit to it—779fit \$54-5; Suit exactly; to answer perfectly.

Buit the action to the word—অভিনবকানে কথার সহিত হাব-ভাবের মিল রাধা, Adapt the gestures to the matter spoken or to the passion to be expressed:—কথায় বাহা বলা কাৰ্যে বা ভাবে তাই দেশান; Make one's deeds correspond to one's words or sentiments.

Buit to—মিল রাখা; উপধাণী-হ; Adapt to; make one thing proper or -ustable to another.

Buitable, suitable, a. উপযুক্ত; উপথায়ী; বোরা.
Fitting; agreeable to; adequate. n=suitableness, suitability (উপৰোগীতা; আব্ৰুগ)। ad=suitably (উপরক্ষপে; fitty). Syn:—Proper,
becoming, accordant, correspondent, apposite,
competent, eligible.

Suite, swet, n. অনুচৰবৰ্গ; পারিবদবৰ্গ; A train of attendants; a retinue:—এত: ক্লেণ্ট, A series. Syn —Retainers, followers, attendants; set, suit. Suitor, চ্যালে, n. অভিযোগকারী; আবী; আবেৰক; ৰাচক; A petitioner.—প্ৰব্যাকাঞ্চাকারী; বিৰাহাৰ্থ নারীয় উপদর্শপাকারী, A wooer; a lover.

Bulcato, sulkāt, Sulcatod, sulkāt-ed, a. বাঁজ কাটা; নানীদার; বেবাল; Grooved. [sullen. Bulk, v. i. মনে মনে বাগ-কু; চটা; অথসর-ছ; To be Bulks, n.pl. মনে মনে বাগ করণ, চটাভাব; অবসমতা; A sulky mood or humour.

Be in the sulks-spr 4141

Bulky, sulki, a, अक्कंत्र ; अश्रमह ; मत्म मान मानी-

বিভ: মুবভারী: Obstinate; silently sullen. n= sulkiness ( মনে মনে মোবাবিষ্টতা; আভবিভ কটতা )। ad = sulkily ( কটভাবে; চটিবা )।

Sullen, sulen, a. [L. solus, alone ] विषय ; जादा-जाद ; करी ; इरे ; Gloomy ; angry ; obstinate ; malignant :—बीक्षद ; Dark ; dull. n=sullenness. Syn :—Sulky, cross, ill-natured, moody ; dismal, dark, lowering ; heavy, dull, sluggish. Sullenty. ad. विष्यकात : करिया ; Angrily.

Sullenness, ন. চিত্তের অনুস্থতা; মুকুলাব; The state or quality of being sullen; ill-nature with silence. Syn:—Moroseness, gloominess, moodiness, intractableness, intractability, sulkiness.

Sully, sule, v. f. কলভিত-কু, জোবাৰিত-কু; মলিব-কু; To tarnish; to soil, to dirty:—v. i. কলভিত-ই; To be soiled:—n. ভাগ; কলভু: Spot; tarnish. Syn:—Stain, blemish, spot, tarnish, darken, spoil, disgrace, dishonour.

Sulphate, sulfat, n. अवक-अविक-तिक श्रेष्ट्र A combination of sulphuric acid with a salifiable

base.

Sulphate of copper—प्रंछ ; जूरा

Sulphate of iron—शेवाक्य।

Sulphite, n. नवन विराम : A salt formed by a combination of sulphurous acid.

Sulphur, sulfur, n. 444 , Brimstone.

Bulphurate, ত. t. গৰকের সহিত মিলিত বা তংকিবা ধীন-কু: To combine with or subject to the action of sulphur.

Sulphureous, sul-fu're-us, a. গ্ৰহণটিত ; গৰ্ক-কুত্ব ; Consisting of, impregnated with, or having the qualities of sulphur.

ing the quanter of sulphur.
Sulphuret, sulfu-ret, n. কার বা মৃত্তিকা বা ধাতব
প্লাব্দ্ব সহিত পক্ষের মিশ্রণ; A combination of sulpher with an alkali, earth or metal.

Sulphuretted, e. পদ্ধন্য; গদ্ধনিতি ; Having sulphur in combination.

Sulphuric, sul-fū'rik, a. গন্ধকাত; গন্ধকাৰ; Pertzining to or obtained from sulphur.

Sulphuric scid-गक्क-जांवक ।

Sulphurous, sulfar-us, a. প্ৰক্ষৰ ; পৰ্ক সৰুণ , Pertaining to, like or containing sulphur.

Sultan, sultan, n. তুর্কীর রাজা ; তুর্ক-রাজের টপানি , Turkish emperor. fem-sultana, sultaness. n sultanship.

Sultana, sul-tána, Sultaness, sul-tánes, n. ফ্ৰডাবেৰ বী; ছুৰস্থ-বাজী; The wife or queen of a sultan.

Sultanate, a. क्लठात्नव अधिकात वा वांबा।

Sultry, sultre, a. ৬মট; ডবুগা; অত্যুক্ত; বড পরম, Very hot; burning and oppressive; close. n= sultriness. Syn:—Burning, warm and damp. Sum, sum, n. [L. summa, from summus, highest] বোট; সমষ্ট্ৰ; সাইলা; বোগ; Aggregate; the amount of two or more things taken together; the whole of anything:—কডক টাকা; কোনিবাৰ) পরিমাণ; A quantity of money or currency:—কড়; পাটার্গান্তর প্রস্তু; A problem in arthmetic:—সাকোণ; Summary:—ফুল ফুল বিষয়; Chief points or thoughts when viewed together:—পরাকাটা; Height; acme:—সারাংগ; বোট কবা; Substance:—p. f. সংগ্রহন্তু; বোগ-কু;

ৰক্ত-কু; To collect into one amount or whole:
—হিনাৰ-কু; সন্ধই নিজ্পা-কু; To count:—ন্ধ্ৰেণ-কু; সংকেশে বলা; চুৰ্ক-কু; To comprise in a few words. Syn:—(n) Amount, quantity, total, whole, totality; substance; completion; problem, question.

Sum up—ন্ধেৰণে বলা; Summarise; condense:
The sum and substance—নারাণে; নোট ক্বা; ভাগেল; The principal thoughts when viewed together; the amount; the gist.

Summarise, sumar-iz, v. t. সংকেপ-কৃ; সংকেপে বলা; আছাকরে প্রকাপ-কৃ; To present briefly; to

comprise in a summary.

Summary, sumar-e, a. সংকিত্ত ; করাকর ; Brief; short ; compendious ; done by a short method; rapidly performed :—n. সংকেত ; সংকিত্ত বিবরণ ; চুৰক ; Abstract ; abridgment ; compendium. ad — summarily, (সংকিত্তাবো) ! Syn :—(a) Short, succinct, concise. (n) Precis, epitome, digest, resume.

He has been summarily dismissed—কোন বিচার না করিল তাচাকে কর্মচাত করা ইটরাছে।

Summary trial —সরাসৰি বিভাব। [aggregate. Summation, sum-ashun, n. সমষ্ট ; সনাধান ; An Summer, sumer, n. জীমকাল : ত্রীগ্রকন্ত ; The second and warment senson of the year —v. i. জীমকাল আহিন্দ : To pass the summer :—v. t. জীমকাল আপিয়া চালাৰ ; To keep or carry through the summer.

Summer-friends, স. হুগের সময়ের বছুগণ; সম্পাদ কালীন বনু; Friends in prosperity .— হুগের পাবরা. Those who are friends only in prosperity and forsake you in adversity.

Summer-house, sumér-hows, ন. উন্নাৰতি জীয়-কালীন আৱাম-গৃহ : A house for summer residence. Summer rach —বামাচি : জীয়ৱণ।

Sumerset, n. 677131; Somersault.

Summit, sumit, n. চুড়া , পুল ; অগ্নভাগ , উপৰিভাগ ; The highest point, utmost elevation ; the top : —অভাগিক পরিমাণ ; The highest degree. Syn : —Height ; apex, culmination, zenith.

Summon, sumun, v. t. [ ].. sub, under, and monere, to warn ] ভলৰ-কু; ( কমভানহ) আহ্বান-কু; ভাৰা; To call with authority; call by summons; bid; cite. n=summoner. Syn:—Convene, convoke, invite.

Summon up — নমস্থ বল একজ-কু, মনের বল সংগ্রহ-কু; আবত্ত-কু, সংগ্রহ-কু; আনানতে হাজির হইডে আদেশ-কু; Call into action.

Summons, sum'un, n. আহ্বান-পত্ৰ; শমন; কুমুননামা; আদাবতে হাজিব হইবার আবেশপত্ৰ, A warming or call to appear especially in court; an authoritative call. pl-summonses.

Sumpter, sump'ter, n. Wisit wit; A horse for carrying packs or burdens.

Sumptuary, sumptu-ar-i, a. বারস্থানি ; ব্যান বিদ্যাসক ; Relating to, regulating expense.

Sumptuary 12ws—আহার-বিশাসাদির নিমিত্ত অভ্যত্ত ব্যৱস্থাণ নিবারণার্থ নিধি-ব্যবস্থা।

Sumptuous, sump'tū-us, a. [ L. sumptuosus, from sumptus, expense ] ব্যৱসাধা; বহুৰুৱা; বহুৰি; Costly:—কাকাল; Splendid; magnificent. ad—

sumptuously (वह पात्रपूर्वक ; जीकोनजर्ग )। #= sumptuousness (बाबनांबाडा ; लाडा)। Sym :-Expensive, dear, splendid, princely, gorgeous, superb. Sun, #. স্বা; ভাদু; দিবাৰর; The body which is the source of light and heat to our planetary system; middle body of the solar system :-प्रशास्त्राक ; त्रोज , Sun-shine :- अन्तर्वान वह ; बनाव বিখ্যাত বস্তঃ Any thing eminently conspicuous: -v. t. (त्रोद्ध छेन्छ-कृ ; (त्रोद्ध-त्न , (त्रोद्ध स्वर-कृ ; To expose to the sun or its wormth, to expose to [ the sun. the sun's rays. In the sun-calcut; Exposed to the rays of A kingdom on which the sun never sets —এত বড় রাজা বে স্থা উহার অন্তর্গত কোন *বা কো*ন कारत देशिक बारकनहें बारकन . A kingdom so extensive that the sun is always to be found shining over some part of it or other. More worship the rising than 'he setting sun-More persons pay honour to ascendant than to fallen greatness. Ono's sun is set -- लोडांगा-प्रश बद्धित इतेगार : One's good fortune is at an end. Sun of rightoousness-A title applied to lesus Christ as the great sourse of moral light and spiritual life. The rising sun—त्व पूर्ण छेनत कहें छार , बीदात हाएंड ক্ষমতা আসিতেকে, One who is just coming or rising into power, The setting sun—অভ্যতি পুধা : বাহার হাতে আর चम्डा नाहे ; One whose power is gone. To bask in the morning sun-वानांडन (भगन 🛊 , आह.स्रोष्ट (मगन-कृ। To expose to the sun-callt-cv ! Under the sun-पृथिवीरंड, सक्रांड ; धूनिवाद , In the world. f of the sun. Sunbeam, sunbem, n. viffeas, Tuafa; Ray Extract sunbeams from cucumbers-অসম্ভব চেষ্টা-ৰু; Atter opt impossibilities. Sun-bird, n সত্ৰ পকিবিশেষ। [ sun-shine. Sun-blindness, n. Blindness from two bright Sun-blink, n. Blink or reflection from the sun. Sun-bright, a. 344 ; 48 1 Sunburnt, Sunburned, a. স্থাডত; স্থাদর ; Scorched by the sun; tanned, burned or discoloured by the sun. Sunday, sunda, n. मश्राह्य अध्य पिन: दिवांत: বিশ্রাম দিবস ; The first day of the week. A month of sundays—অনিদিই দীৰ্ঘকাল। Sunday-clothes-3(3) First : Best clothes. Sunday-saint, #. दवि नायू। Sunday-school—इनिवादक विकासक School for teaching on sundays. Sunder, sunder, v. t. [ Ger. sonder, from sunder, apart ] चडा-कृ; विवृक्त-कृ; विकाश-कृ, गुथक-F . To divide ; to disunite in any manner , to part, to separate. Syn :- Part, break, sepa-

rate, sever, disjoin, dissociate.

Sundried, a. र्यापक ; व्योदक एक ।

In sunder, In saunder-ver: ; 40 49 .

Sun-dial, अ. प्रश्निक ; घोत्राविक : An instrument to

show the time of the day by the sun's shadow.

Sundries, a. pl. विक्रि मानवी , ए प्राप्त नीह विकासि Sundry, sundri, a. minister. fafet; wine; More than one or two; several, diverse. All and sundry—अरजारक , मकरन अकरता । Sundown, n. गररात जनगन ; ग्र्यांच ; Sun-set. Sun-fish, a. 448 faces; A soft-fanned fish. Sun-flower, sunflow-er, n. एश्वामुवी भूव्य विरम्ब ; A plant. Sung, pt. and pp. of sing. [ फुरवां : वजा ) । Sunk, Sunken, pp. of sink. p. a = sink ( 77; Sun-glass, n. 413/4-416 | Sun-less, a. स्त्रोपरीन, क्रांबादर, अक्रकांबाल्ड ; Shaded: dark. Light of the sun. Sun-light, n. कृत्वात्र बात्वाकः क्यात्वाकः त्यातः Sun-month, n. February. Sunny, suite, a. श्रामक्कीय, त्रीय: Pertaining to the sun; resembling the sun:-(दोजबर. রৌদ্রবছল : বৌদ্রতাপিত : স্থোতাপে বন্ধিত : Exposed to, coloured or warmed by the sun's rays :-डेब्ब ; Bright. Syn :- Shining, clear, unclouded . warm, genial, pleasant; cheerful; joyous, happy. the sun. Sun-proof, a. Impervious to the influence of Sunrise, sunrising, sunrising, sunriz-ing, n. প্ৰোদ্য , অৰুণোদয় ; Time of the rising of the sun :- श्रव्हिष , आही ; The east. Sunset, sunset, Sun-setting, n. Tittata; नकाकित, The time when the sun sets, the setting of the sun : evening :- পশ্চিম্বার : The west. Sun-shade, n. शहना , ह्योजनियातक हाल । Sunshine, sunshin, n. সুর্বোৰ আলোক , সুর্বোপ্তাপ : রৌর, আতপ; উজ্জ্বতা; The light of the sun :--ভাপ; ইত্রাপ, Warmth. Sun-shine, Sun-shing, a. बरनाइम, Pleasant. - र्वामत्याञ्चन : Bright like the sun. Bask in sunshine—तोज श्रीयान: श्रीकांशानाली থাকা : Enjoy prosperity :--কোনকপ সুখনভোগ-ক : Enjoy the warmth or cheering influence of. To have been in the sunshine-offer to al [ जानजर्म । विकास रहेगा बाका। Sun-shing, a शहायत ; लेखन ; प्रशंकित्रपरिक ; Sun-stroke, suństrok, n. খাতপ্তাপদ্ধনিত গীড়া : স্থাদিগৰি: রোদ দাগা, A nervous disease produced by the rays of the sun. Sun-struck, a. (बोजांश्ठ ; मर्फिनार्वि पात्रा जाव्यात । Sun-ward, sunward, a. र्नाहिम्द ; Toward \*he sun. Sup, sup, v. i. अब अब भीन-क ; ह्यूक-त्य ; To take into the mouth with the lips, as a liquid; to slip :- ত i. রাত্রিকালীন ভোজন-কু; To eat the evening meal :- n. চুমুक ; छोक ; A slip. Sup with Pluto—यता, यत्मत्र कांडिब-इ ; Die. Super, 🎷 🗷 উপরি ; অতি ; অতীত। Superabound, su-per-ab-ownd, v. i. 49414-হ; অত্যধিক-হ, অভি প্রচুর-হ; To be more than sufficient or enough. বিচুয়তা। Superabundance, n. আতিশ্বা; আবিকা; আভি-Superabundant, su-per-ah-undant, c. 46-दिस , वहन ; चिं अहूब , चनवां ख , Being more than enough, copious. Superadd, v. t. मात्रव रगत-कृ; रगोरात केगत राजि- কু, In add over and above, n=superaddition. Superannuate, su-pér-ahu-at, v. t. [L. super, above, and annus, a year ] ব্যুবজ্ঞে অবসর দে; বাইকাজ্যে অকর্ষণা-কু; বাইকাজারা অবোগ্য-কু; To impair or disqualify by old age; to pension off as beyond service. n=superannuation (বাইকা; অধ্পতি); decrepitude).

Superannuated, a. 34; 444; Disqualified

by age for active service, old.

Superb, ১০-perb, a. কাৰাৰ; Magnificent:—
মহং; একাৰ; জমকাৰ; Grand; stately, elegant:
—চমংকাৰ; অভাংকুই; Excellent. ad=superbly
(উৎকুইবাণ, কীৰালভাবে); n = superbness.

Supercargo, su-per-kargo, n. জাহাজেৰ মালাদির ভবাৰধানক কথানাৰী: মাল-বিক্তেভা, An officer or person managing the trading operations of a ship.

Superciliary, a. Servedu; Sirced & fis; Situated or being above the eye-brow.

Bupercilious, su-per-sile-us, a. [L. superciliosus, from supercilium, eyebrow] অহরত. গলিত, গণিগু. Disdamful, dictational; haughty, overbearing. n= superciliousness (অংনিকা; গল্প, arrogance). ad=superciliously (গলিতভাবে)! Svn — Haughty, contemptuous, sneering, arrogant, insolent.

Supereminent, sū-pėi-enii-nent, a. সার্কাংকুই , সংস্থাতন Eminent beyond others, ad-super-

commently n=superemmence.

Superexcellent, su-per-electiont, a name of the superexcellent in an uncommon degree;
excellent above others, n-superexcellence.

Superficial, su-per-fis/ic-al, a. বাজ, বহিন্ন, উপর উপর, Being or lying on the surface — জ্বাভীৰ, ভাস্'ভান', নানাক, Shallow, slight, ad — superficially (বাজত:, বাহিবে)। n=superficiality

Syn:—Imperficet, smattering, external, externor, outer.

Superficies, su-per-fishtz, n. পৃহদেশ; বহিনিক, উপ্রিত্তল; The upper surface, the exterior part or face of a thing.

Superfine, su'per-fin, a. অভ্যন্তন, নৰ্পোৎকৃত্ত, Fine above others; unusually fine; exceedingly fine. n=superfinences.

Superfluity, sū-per flū'e-te, n. আধিকা, অতি-প্লিক্ডা, প্রাচুশা; The state of being superfluous, superabundance. Syn:—Superabundance, excts, redundancy.

Superfluous, ১০-perfluous, a. অভিবিক ; অধিক , অভাবিক , অনাবজ্ঞক , More than enough , excessive; useless , unnecessary. ad=superfluously (অভিবিক্তকণে) ) n = superfluousness. Syn:—Excessive, superabundant, exuberant, redundant; needless, unnecessary.

Superhuman, su-per-ha'man, a. আণ্টাকিক, হুগীৰ; আনুষ্ঠিক; দৈব; Divine.

Superhuman power—দৈশশক্তি ; ঐবর্থী । Superimpose, গ. (কোন কিছুর) উপরে স্থাপিত-

7. To lay above.

Superincumbent, su-pér-in-kum-bent, a. Suffigs; Est; Lying upon something else; lying above.

Superinduoe, su-per-in-dus, e. এ ব্যাহাণ-ফু; To superadd:—বটাইরা-কে; উপফাল-ফু; কোনত কিছুর উপর আনিয়া কেলা; To bring in, or upon, as an addition to something.

Superintend, sn-per-in-tend, v. t. তথাবাৰ-মু; প্রিপ্শন-মু; বেধাননা-মু; To have the charge of; to supervise; to caution. Syn:—Overlook, oversee, control, direct, manage, supervise.

Superintendence, su-per-in-tendens, #. তথাব-ধান; পৰিদৰ্শন; Management; oversight; direction. Syn:—Supervision, inspection, control; care, guidance, government.

Superior, su-perre-or, a. [ L. superior, comparative of superus, being above ] শ্ৰেষ্ঠ ; উপত্ৰ ; বাহিক্তর ; উপৰেৱ ; Surpassing others ; higher in rank or office:—n. উপরিতন কর্মচারী, প্রধান ব্যক্তি, প্রেষ্ঠ বোক ; অকলন ; মঠের অধ্যক ; Head of a convent:—বিশানবের অধ্যক ; The chief of colleges. Syn:—(a) Higher, upper, noble, surpassing ; predominant, prevailing. Be superior to—কোন বিহু ধাবা চানিত বা অভিযুত্ত

না হওবা; Not to be affected or influenced by.
Bo superior to (one) in—কোন ধ্বংৰ বা অবংকনত বিভাৱ প্রেক্তা ছাকা. Co beyond another in

ৰ'ম বিবৰে গ্ৰেচতা খাকা, Go beyond another in good qualities or laudable deeds.

Superior planets, n. The planets at a greater distance from the sun than the earth as Mars, Jupiter, Salurn, Uranus and Neptune. Superiority, su-pe-re-orie-te, n (273), entry 8.231; Ewst; Pre-eminence. ex-

effeld. Series: Seast; Pre-eminence. excellent, advantage. Syn —Pre-dominancy, ascendancy, excellence.

Superlative, su-per'lat-iv, a. সর্বান্থেই; উচ্চতম;
আতি প্রশান . Surpassing all others .—n. ব্যাকরণে
অনেকের মধ্যে প্রকের আতিকবানোকে; (In Gr.) the
superlative degree of adjective. ad—superlatively. Svn:—Superme, highest, greatest.
Supermal su per'nol a স্কুলিয় ভূমিক . Celes-

Supornal, su per'nal, a नित्र, देवर ; Celestial, being in a higher place.

Supornatural, su-per-natural, a. অতি আছু-তিক, অলোকিক; অতুত্ত, অত্যাকর্য, Miraculous; spiritual; preternatural. ad=supornaturally.

The supernatural—প্ৰকৃতিৰ অতীত বিষয়; অলৌকিক পদাৰ্থ।

Supernaturalism, su-per-natural-ism, n. আপৌরুবেরর বাব: জগতে বৈবশক্তির কর্ম্ব আছে, ইডাকার মত, The doctrine of a divine agency, in the muscles recorded in the Bible.

Supornumorary, sū-per-nūmer-ar-i, a. অতিবিক্ল; নিয়নিত সংখ্যান অধিক; বেনী; Exceeding the number stated, prescribed, necessary or uscless:— ম. নিনিংই সংখ্যান অভিনিক্ত ব্যক্তি আ বক্ত; A person or thing beyond the number stated or regulated.

Suporogate, v. i. কর্ত্ত্যাভিনিক্ত কর্ন-কৃ; Do more Suporogation, sū-per-crogáshun, n. কর্ত্ত্যাভিনিক্ত কর্ম স্প্রাক্ত্যাভিনিক্ত কর্ম স্প্রাভিনিক্ত্যাভিনিক্ত কর্ম স্প্রাক্ত্যাভিনিক্ত কর্ম স্প্রাক্ত্যাভিনিক্ত কর্ম স্প্রাক্ত্যাভিনিক্ত কর্ম স্প্রাক্তিয়ালিক কর্ম স্প্রাক্তিয়ালিক স্থানিক ক্রিক্ত্যাভিনিক কর্ম স্প্রাক্তিয়ালিক কর্ম স্প্রাক্তিয়ালিক কর্ম স্প্রাক্তিয়ালিক কর্ম স্প্রাক্তিয়ালিক কর্ম স্প্রাক্তিয়ালিক ক্রিক্ত্যাভিনিক কর্ম স্প্রাক্তিয়ালিক ক্রিক্ত্যাভিনিক কর্ম স্প্রাক্তিয়ালিক ক্রিক্ত্যাভিনিক ক্রিক্ত্যাভিনিক ক্রিক্ত্যাভিনিক ক্রিক্ত্যাভিনিক ক্রিক্ত্যাভিনিক ক্রিক্ত্যাভিনিক ক্রিক্ত্যাভিনিক ক্রিক্তালিক ক্রিক্তালিক ক্রিক্ত্যাভিনিক ক্রিক ক্রিক্ত্যাভিনিক ক্রিক্ত্রা ক্রিক্ত্যাভিনিক ক্রিক্

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Superogetory, a. पर्वगाविष्य कृष्ठ ; वर्षिकड बन्गाविष्य ।

Superpose, su-per-poź, v. Ł ছাগন-ছ; To place upon; to lay upon:—(ক্ষেত্ৰতংক) একটা ক্ষেত্ৰের উপর ভংগন অপর একটা ক্ষেত্র আরোপ-ছ। গ= superposition (একটার উপর আর একটা ছাপন; আরোপণ)।

Super-royal, c. (কাগন সৰ্কে ) বড় আছা ; ২২× Supersoribe, su-per-skrib, v. t. [ L. super, over, scribo, to write ] পুঠে লেখা বা ধোলা ; উপরে বছিছিকে নাম লিখা ; দিরোনাম দেখা ; To write over ; to address on the top outside the cover.

Superscription, n. ট্রকানা লিবন; নিরোনামা; প্ট-নিবন; Address; that which is written above. Supersede, su-per-sed, v. t. [ L. supersedere, to sit above ] ছানচাত-তৃ; ( কাছারও) পদে অভিবিত্ত-কৃ; আনব্যক-কৃ; To come in the place of; set above or over; set aside; do away with; to displace:—রহিত বা বাতিন ক্রিয়া-দে; To set aside. Syn:—Suspend, overrule, annul; displace, replace, supplant.

Supersession, n. বাহিতা; ৰচ্জিম :—ছানাধিকার; পারবর্ত্ত; Replacement. [তংকুলে। In supersession of —কোনৰ কিছুর ছানে; (ডুলিয়া) Police supersion—আদান্ত কর্তৃক আনিষ্ট হইবা পুলিম কোনৰ অপ্রাধীর উপর যে মৃষ্টি রাবে।

Superstition, su-per-stishun, n. আয়েছিক বৰ্ষ বিৰাস; অসাক্ষক বিধাস; কুসংকার; অসিক বৰ্ষ; উপবৰ্ষ; পৌড়ামি; False religion; the worship of false gods; over easy belief.

Superstitious, su-per-stellus, a. কুসংকারাক্তক; ব্যাভিক্ত ক্রমান্ত্রীয় কুসংকারসম্পার : কুসংকারাক্তি; ব্যাভিক্ত ক্রমান্ত্রীয় : Showing or given to superstition. ad -- superstitiously.

Superstratum, n. উপরিতর : উদ্ভব তর ৷

Superstructure, su-per-struktur, n. বাফ বচনা, উপাৰেৰ পাঁথনি; ভিত্তি-ভূমিৰ উপৰ নিশ্বিত বাটী; ভবন; The building erected on a foundation; anything raised on a basis.

Supervene, su-per-veh, v. i. [ L. super, above, and venio, to come ] ৰটা; To take place; to occur:—ৰভিন্নিকভাবে উপস্থিত-হ; আদিনা পড়া; To come upon as something additional. n=supervention (সক্ষটৰ);

Supervisal, su-per-visal, Supervision, super-vishun, n. ভবাৰধান; পরিষ্ণান; ভদারক; Inspection; control; superintendence. Syn:— Oversee, inspect.

Superviso, su-per-viź, v. t. [L. super, over, and visere, to look at ] প্রিপ্ন-ক; ত্যারক-ক; To superintend; to look over; to inspect. Syn:—Oversee, inspect.

Supervisor, sū-per-viz'or, n. ভবাৰণানকারী; পরিপাক; Overseer; inspector; superintendent. Supine, sū-pih, a. পৃঠে শহান; উথানকারী; চিৎপাত হ্যা শহিত; Lying on the back; lying with the face upwards:—জনবহিত; জড়বং; আল ; Indelent; listless; negligent. n=supineness ( শ্বিতাবয়া; আলভ); ad = supinely ( অলসভাবে)। Syn:
—Sluggish, lazy; inert, torpid, languid, dull, listless, careless.

Supper, sup'er, n. दिन-त्वांबन ; शांविकांबीन

ভোজন ; সামাকে ভোজন ; A meal taken at the close of the day.

The Lord's supper, n. The Eucharist.

Supperless, sup'ér-les, a. বৈশ ভোজন-বিরহিত; Without supper.

Supplant, sup-plant, v. t. [L. sub, under, plante, the sole of the foot ] সরাইয়া বসা; এক জনকে হানতাত করিয়া সেই হান অধিকার-কু; মতের হান অধিকার-কু; To displace by stratagem; to take the place of:—কুপ্তভাবে নুলোৎপাটন-কু; To undermine. n=supplanter.

Supple, supl, a. নমনীয়; কোষল; মরম; Pliant; easily bent:—ডোষামোদকারী; Fawning:—ড. ১. কোষল-ড়; বশীভূত-ড়; নমনশীল-ড়; To make soft; to make pliant:—ড. ১. নমনশীল-ড়; বৰ্ম-ড়; To become supple. n=suppleness. Syn:—(a) Limber, lithe; yielding, compliant, submissive, obsequious.

Supple jack-A flexible kind of walking case, made from a plant of South America.

Supplement, sup'le-ment, n. [L. supplementum, from supplere, to fill up] আডিরিজ কোনও কিছু; গারিপিই; কোড়পার; An addition to anything; appendix:—v. f. কানোগ-ড়; বোগ দিয়া প্রণ-ড়; To add to; to fill up by additions. u=supplemental, supplementary (অভিরক্ত: উপরি: নুকতা-পুরক; বৌগিক; additional). Syn:—Postscript, codicil, continuation; counterpart, correlative.
Supplemens, n. গুড়তা।

Buppliant, sup'le-ant, a. [F. supplier, to entreat] বাচক; প্রার্থনাকারী; Entreating; supplicating:—n. আবেদনকারী; A humble petitioner. Syn:—(a) Suing, begging, beseeching, imploring, precatory.

Supplicant, sup'li-kant, a. বিনীডভাবে প্ৰাৰ্থনাকারী; বাচক; অনুন্যকাৰক; Asking submissively; entreating:—n. যে হীনভাবে অনুগ্ৰহ প্ৰাৰ্থনা কৰে; One who supplicates. ad=supplicantly.

Supplicate, sup'le-kat, v. t. or i. [L. supplicare, from supplex, kneeling down] siten-\$;

wall-\$; [swi-\$; To entreat earnestly; humble; beseech; seek by earnest prayer; begearnestly for; crave; pray. Syn:—Implore. importune, solicit.

Bupplication, sup-le-káshun, n. পাৰ্থনা; বাজা; জিলা; Earnest prayer or humble petition; entreaty. Syn:—Solicitation, craving, petition, request, invocation, prayer, orison, devotions.

Supplicatory, sup'li-ka-tor-i, a. পাৰ্থনাত্ত ;
Containing entreaty; humble; submissive.

Supply, sup-pli, v.t. [L. sub, under, and plers, to fill ] প্ৰণ-ক ; প্ৰ-ক ; To fill up :—বোগাল ; সম-বরাং-ক . দেওরা ; To provide ; give something wanted :—n. অভাব প্ৰণ ; সরবরাং ; The act of supplying ; relief of want :—ভাভার ; সভার ; Store :—বোরাত সৈতা বা পাণালি ; Amount of good or money provided (used generally in pl). Syn:—(v) Minister, replenish, stock, store ; give, grant, afford, contribute, yield, furnish. Supply and demand—সরবরাহ ও বারোকা।

Supply (something) to (one)—ৰাহা ৰাই ভাইা
বোগাৰ, Give to one what one has not.

Support, sup-port, w. t. [ L. sub, under, and portare, to carry ] vist- ; wis ver- ; To bear up :-- अक-क : Endure : sustain :-- अत्रशायन-क : शक्तिशानन-क ; गानान ; To nourish : maintain :-जाश्रान-क : महाप्रजा-क ; To countenance ; sid :-কভিপুরণ-কু; পৃষ্ঠপোষণ-কু; সঞ্জমাণ-কু; সাব্দ-কু; To make good :- প্ৰতিনিধিছ-ক ; To represent :-क्ला-क ; To defend :- तम-त ; To prop :- म. छत्रप्राप्त , त्रम्य ; Nourishment ; maintenance ; that which maintains :- अरमपन : अत्र : आधार ; Prop :-- माहावा : ममर्थन : Aid : help. Syn :- (v) Uphold; brace; cherish; held, befriend, back, patronize, further, forward advocate, perform, play; undergo, bear; accompany, attend; confirm, substantiate, corroborate. (n) Pillar, stay, shore, brace; basis, foundation, subsintence, sustenance; succour; assistance, coundenance, patronage, favour.

In support of—সগব্দে; অসুক্লে; সমৰ্থনাৰ্থ; In defence of :—প্ৰতিশোষক; In confirmation of

Supportable, sup-portabl, a. অবস্থনীয়, রক্ষীং; Capable of being supported:—সহনীয়, Endurable:—অভিপাল); কর্ত্তর; সমর্থনীয়; Capable of being maintained. ad = supportably.

Supportor, sup-porter, n. সন্ধন্নারী; পৃঠপোৰক, সহবোধী; অপুৰতী; A defender, an adherent: -প্রতিপালক; পালক; রক্ষ, ধারক, One who supports or maintains.

Supposable, sup-pola-bl, c. অধুনেয় , অপুভাৰীয় ; That may be supposed or imagined.

Suppose, sup-pot, v. t. অসমান-কৃ , কল্পা-কৃ , মনে-কৃ ; To deem ; guess , think ; imagine :— ভৰ্কে বীকার-কৃ ; To presume. n=supposer. Syn : Presume, conceive ; believe, judge, considview, regard, conjecture, imply, assume.

Supposed. p. a. viss ; Imagined.

Supposition, sup-poz-ishun, n. অণুবাৰ, কলনা . আনাত্ৰ; Assumption, inference. Syn:—Conjecture, surmise, guess, presumption, postulate, hypothesis.

Suppositional, a. কাল্পনিক, আনুমাণিক।

Supposititious, sup-poz-e-tishe-us, a. [L supponere, suppositum, to put in the place of ] কৃত্রিষ; ৰকণ, কাছনিক, Spunous; not genuine, false, counterleit. ad-supposititiously.

Suppository, n. ( বস্তু নিবারণ বস্তু ) শুহুধারে প্রজও ঠুলি বা আটক।

Suppress, sup-pre', v. t. [L. sub, under and premere, to press] দমন-কৃ, নিবারণ-কৃ; চাপিয়া রাখা; To keep in, to stop; to overpower; put down:—গোপন-কৃ, To conceal. n=suppressor. a=suppressive (গোপনকাৰী, দমনকারী)।
Syn:—Crush, overthrow, overwhelm, stifle, mother, repress, restrain, check.

Suppression, sup-preshun, n. ধ্যন; নিবারণ; রোধ করণ, Putting down, stoppage; restraint.
—বোপন; Concealment:—বোপ, Omission.

Suppressive, sup-presiv. a. নমনকারী; সৌপন-কারী, নমনপ্রবা: Tending to suppres; subduing; concealing.

Suppurate, sup'u-rat, v. i. ग्रांश्याच-इ : भावा : To gather pus, to grow to pus, n=suppuration ( गठन ; गांकन ; जून )।

Supra, pfx. 674; 3041

Supracostal, a. Marta Gefffes !

Supramundane, a. नरीत ; जनते ; जनति ; जनति ; Celestrial ; being above the world.

Supremacy, su-premia-si, s. eriers; wiferes; (see ; Highest authority; highest power.

Oath of Supremacy - বৰ্ষস্বৰে পোণের আহিশতা অধীকার করিয়া বাজার প্রাধান্ত বীকারাক্সক প্রপদ্ধ An oath maintaining the royal prerogative in matters ecclesiastical as well as in things temporary. Supreme, su-prem, a. [ L. supremus, superlative of superus, that is above ) সূৰ্বোচ্ছ ; প্রধান, শেষ্ঠ ; পানন ; Greatest; most excellent; highest; thiel: —নির্ভিশর; অভিশব্ত; চূড়াত্ত; Utmost. Syn:—Principal, predominant, prevailing.

The Supreme—ইম্ব। [highest degree, Supremely, ad. মতাৰ : নিবতিশন : প্রম ; In the

Surbase, n. स्वम्ताव উপवय कार्निमाणि।

Surcease, v. i. কাৰ-ছ; নিবৃত্ত-ছ; পেৰ-ছ; Come to an end; to cease:—v. t. নিবৃত্ত-ছ; To cause to cease:—n. নিবৃত্তি; Cessation.

Buroharge, sur-charj, v. f. অতিরক্ত ঘোৰাই-ত্ব; অতি ভার চাপান; To overload, to charge:— অতিরক্ত ধরচার দাবী-ত্ব:—স. অত্যাধিক বোধাই; অধিক চাপ; An excessive load or burden:—অতিরিক্ত ধরচা।

Surcoat, n. উপরের জারা . বাল পরিজ্ঞা; An over-Surd, a. মৌলিক; করন্ত্রিটিচ; Involving surds:— বে রানি করন্ত্রিটিছ বাড়ীত প্রকাশ হর না, A quantity which has no root.

Sure, shoor, a. নিজয়, নিজিয়, Certain; unfailing:—নিনিয়; আগল্ড; Sale —বিখাসবোগা; সম্পেহণ্ড; Confident; beyond doubt:—মৃড়; Strong:—ad. নিজয়নণ; Certainly. Syn.—Positive, assured, convinced; secure, sale, permanent, firm, stable, steady, trustworthy; infallible, unfailing.

I am sure-वानि निका सनि।

Make assurence doubly sure—বাহা নিভিত্ত আছে ভাষাকে আরব নিভিত্ত-কু; Make what is sure more certain:—বতনুর সাবধান হউতে ইয় হওয়া; Take every possible precaution:—কোন্মল অসীকার করিয়া আরও বিখাস কর্মান; Render one more confident by a promise.

Make sure of—নিশ্য-কু: নিশ্তর পাওয়া বাইবে এইরাণ ঠিক-কু; অকুডকার্যা না ইইডে হয়; Make certain; to avoid the possibility of failure:—কেছ হাত বেকে এড়াইডে না পায়ে এনন করিয়া হাতে আনা; Secure so as to render escape impossible; to secure so that no failure may take place. [operation. Bure and certain—অবার্থ; Most certain in its Sure as a gun—ক্লিভিডরপে। [vely certain. Sure as fate or as death—নিশ্চমই; Positi-Sure enough—সভাই; Quite truly.

To be sure—বিশ্চাই তার আর সম্পেচ্ছ কি; বিসেপিড্-রূপে; Certainly; without doubt; certainly. Sure-footed, s. Not liable so stamble or iall, Burely, ad. विकासता ; विकित्स ; Certainly. Sureness, s. Protot :

Suretiship, a. aces vifice were stayed; The obligation of a person to answer for another.

To stand surety-बाबीय-इ।

Surety, shoor'te, n. विकाश: विकिश्व ; Certainty:-প্ৰতিভু; ৰাণীৰ; The state of being sure : security against loss or damage : one who becomes bound for another, resuretyship. Syn: -Indubitableness; safety, security; pledge, guarantee, bail : bondsman.

Surf, surf, #. লহুরী; বেলা-ভূমিতে ভর সমুদ্রতরক; সমুদ্রের কো; কল্লোল; ভীরে পতিত সমুদ্র-চেট; The foam made by the dashing of waves; the swell of the sea. a=surfy ( महबीपूर्व )।

Surface, suriss, n. डेन्ब्रिकान ; नृत्ते ; विदर्कान ; श्रीक ; The exterior part of anything :- अन ; वाक्षाकात ; A magnitude that has length and breath without thickness :-- . f. 3359-7 |

Plane surface—সমতৰ ; সমপৃষ্ঠ ৷

Surfeit, surfit, v. t. আগরিমিত আহার-ক: অতি ভোজন বা পান-इ: नेनांस भनांत करांन: To fill to satiety and disgust; to feed to excess:-- ... অতি ভোষৰ : অতি পান : আহারের গুরুতা : Excess in eating and drinking. Syn :- (v) Satiate, glut, gorge, cloy, pall.

Surfeiting, surfit-ing, n. 45-cutan; Gluttony.

Surfy, a. Sange !

Surge, surj. n. कालांग : छदक ; बीठि ; बढ़ छाउँ ; Billow; a large wave :- o. i. वृश्व-इ : क्रि-इ ; To swell; to rise high :- v. t. ( पहि ) महमा शंडा : बान्ता-त्य । [ high waves. Surge-beaten, a. oga vial vifes ; Beaten by Surgent, a. डेगठीयमान : वहमान : Swelling : rising.

Surgeon, surjun, n. আন্ত-চিকিংসক; কতাদি আনোবাৰারী, A practitioner of surgery.

Surgeon General, n. Chief Surgeon of a fleet or army. [ Chief surgeon of a regiment. Surgeon Major, n. रेमजनिकारमञ बन्न-क्रिक्टिन : Surgeoney, surjun-si, #. अञ्च-हिक्श्मरक्त शर ; अञ्च- विकिश्मादक कार्या ; The office or employment of a surgeon in the naval or military service.

Surgery, surjer-i, n. अञ्चितिकश्मा: मजीवत्कृत tavil; The art or act of curing injuries by hand :- अड-िव्श्मिला ; अड-िव्श्मित्व (माकाम ; A place for surgical operations.

Surgical, sur'jik-al, c. अविविद्या नवकीत ; अव-विषा नवकोत्र ; Belonging to surgery ; done by means of surgery. ad - surgically.

Surgy, suifi, a. उत्तवमद ; उत्तवकृति : Billowy. Surloin, m. Preferable form of sirloin.

Burly, surle, a. देशशकृष्ठि ; त्रावनवन ; वनदहे ; श्रानदश्य ; Snarling ; morose ; uncivil ; cross and rude. n=suriness, ad=surlily. Syn :- Ill-natured,

sour, crabbed, rough, gruff, harsh.

Surmise, sur-miz', v. f. जन्तांत-कृ; शत-कृ; आयोज-इ ; To apprehend ; to suppose ; guess : —जरबर-कृ ; To suspect :— ॥. अरबर् ; Suspicion : —অসুমান ; আন্দান ; Conjecture. Syn :--(v) Conjecture, suppose, presume, guess. (\*) Guess, supposition.

Surmount, surmount, v. f. F. sur, over

monter, to mount ] Scot withigh-w: Bes Wil : To overtop; mount above :— अध्यक्ष ; अध-भ ; क्षत-कृ ; To get over ; surpass ; overcome. Sym : -Vanquish, subdue, conquer; surpass, exceed. Surmountable, sur-mounta-bl, a. चित्रमनीय ; 🗱

वस्तीर : त्वत ; That may be surmounted ; capable of being overcome.

Burname, sur'nam, n. chia ain: en ain: পদৰী : গৈত্ৰিক নাম : A name over and above the baptismal or Christian name; the family name, class or distinguishing name :- v. f. \* नगरान ধরিলা ভাকা : কৌলিক নাম-দে : বংশের পদবী হা নাম ধরিলা ष्ठां ; To call by a surname.

Surpass, sur-pas, v. t. F. sur, over, and passer, to pass ] (वर्ष-इ ; चिक्रम-क ; बाहिया कैंगे ; To exceed; to excel; to go beyond in anything. Syn :- Outdo, outstrip, transcend.

Burpassing. a. 95493; 931441 Surpassingly, ad. বিলহণ ; অত্যধিকরূপে।

Surpassable, sur-pasa-bl, a. अञ्चलकारी ; That may be surpassed or excelled; capable of being excelled.

Surplice, surplis, n. शृंदाशिष्ठत्र शतिक्ष ; शंकरीत कब विश्लान वित्नक : White outer garment of a priest or singer. a-surpliced ( wearing a

surplice ).

Surplus, surplus, n. উৰ্ব অৰ্ব : বেৰীর ভাগ : অভি-রিম্ভ আল ; Overplus ; excess beyond what is required :- a. डेवल : क्षांकनाविक : कांकिल : नामां-विषेडे। Syn -- Overplus, excess, remainder, residue, balance overplus. Surplusage, sur'plus-aj, & wistaw : Excess ; Surprise, sur-priz', n. বিশ্বর ; আকর্বা ; Wonder ; amazement :- भाकिष्यक भाक्ष्य ; कोश भागमन ; A

sudden attack; the act of coming upon or taking unawares :- v. t. व्यक्तावित-कृ, विवशानव-कृ; To strike with wonder; to astonish :- 2319 413-44-ক : হঠাৎ আসিরা পড়া : To come upon suddenly ? fall upon suddenly; take unawares. Syn :--(\*) Amaze, startle, alarm.

Be surprised at-ৰাক্যা হওৱা বা ভাক লাগা; Be struck or impressed with amazement at seeing or hearing anything.

Take one by surprise—होर चोक्स-कृ; असन-ভাবে হঠাৎ আসিষা পড়া বে তাহাতে লোকের বাঁদা নারে: Come upon one unwares :-- 表面有一事; To confuse ; to perplex :-- इंग्रेंद कांव कांवा कवित्र कांवाब খাদা লাগাইবা-বে: Astonish one by anything sudden or unexpected.

Surprising, sur-prizing, a. जा-क्शंबनक ; जड़ड ; विश्वयुक्त : अभाषात्रन ; Wonderful ; unexpected ; extraordinary; astonishing. ad=surprisingly. Surrender, sur-render, v. t. नवर्गन-क ; वर्गन-क ;

ভাগ- : ছাডিবা-বে; To deliver over ; to render over ; to resign :-- र. ं. नद्र - न ; जाजान र्ग - कृ ; Te give up oneself to another :- ". সবর্গণ ; আর্গণ : ত্যাৰ : Delivery :- অপতি ; Submission. Syn :-(v) Cede, relinquish, resign, abandon, forego, abdicate; capitulate, succumb, strike.

Surrender at discretion—नण्यक्त नंत्र राष गमर्गन-क ; विमा गर्छ ना क्त्रांत काक्ष्मनर्गन-क ; Sur-

render unconditionally.

Surreptitions, sur-rep-tishus, a. খোপৰে কৃত, নোপৰে কৃত্যানিক, সোপনীয় , Done by stealth, stealthy ad-surreptitiously (পোপনীয় ভাবে, ছলপুন্ধক) ৷ Syn:—Stealthy, furtive, fraudu lent, underhanded, clandestine.

Surrogate, sur'ro-gat, ল. প্রতিনিধি; পুরোহিত, উপাধ্যক, Ecclesiastical deputy, a substitute,

a delegate.

Surround, sur-round, ভ 

ক্রেন্ড-ক পরিবৃত্ত-ক পরিবৃত্ত-ক পরিবেইল-ক , বেরা , বেড়-কে , To encompass , to go round about , to inclose on all sides. Syn — Encircle, environ , invest , besiege.

Surrounded, a (वडिंड, वनविंड।

Surrounding, a boffary -n (4841

Surroundings, স. বাহা বেইন করে, আবুসলিক ঘটনা .
চতুংপার্থছ বস্তু, বিষয় বা ব্যাপারসমূহ , Things which surround, external or attending circumstances Surtout, sur-too', স পুরুষের বহিংকাস বিশেষ , A

close-bodied frock-coat.

Surveillance, sur-velyans, n তথ্যবারণ পরিক্ষন, নজর, পর্যবেক্ষণ, Inspection, constant inspection of the police, supervision, watch

To be under the surveillance of - किशाप

थाका , मजदक्की थाका ।

Survey, sur-vá, v. f [F surveoir from surver, and veoir, L videre, to see ] মনোবাগপুৰৰ মৰ্থন-কু, বিশেষ কবিবা দেখা, দৃষ্ট কু, To see over to look over, inspect —পরিমাণ কু, অ'বণ-কু, To measure and estimate, as laid —পরীশা-কু, To examine —n নিরীশণ, স্বিশেষ দৃষ্টি, An attentive view —পরীশা, Examination —কেল্লমাণ, করিণ The measuring of land or of a country Syn—(v) Overlook, view, observe, sciutinize (n) Sight, prospect inspection mensuration

Surveying, n কেঅমাণৰ দিলা!, জরিপ।
Surveyor, sur-স্ত্রীতা, n প্রিক্তি, ভার রক্কারী
ভর্বধারক; An oversect, one placed to super
intend others —ক্ত্রে-দাণকারী, প্রিমাণক, আমিন
A medsurer of land n=surveyorship

Survival, sur-vival, n. আন্তর মৃত্যুর পব জীপন ধারণ, A hving after the death of another an outliving [ আধিক উপবােগী তাহাছের ব'শ-রকা।
The survival of the fittest—বাহারা মর্কাপেশা
Survive, v ধ অভিক্রম কবি । কীবিত খাকা কাহাবের
মৃত্যুর পব বাহিলা খাকা, To live longer than to outlive — v ঃ ক'হার মৃত্ র পর বাহিলা খাকা
ছাডাইরা বাঁচা, ভীবিত খাকা, To remain alive (after the death of another)

Survivor, sur-vivor, n যে ব্যক্তি অক্সকে অভিক্রম করিরা বাঁচিরা থাকে, এক জনের মৃত্যুর পর যে বাঁচিরা থাকে, অপেকার্ক দীর্ঘজীবা, One who lives after

another

Susceptibility, sus-sep-ti-bili-ti, n অনুধা-ক্ষত্, প্ৰণ্শকাড়া, প্ৰণ্ডা, Sensibility, capability Susceptible, sus sep'te-bi, a [ I. suscipere, to take up ] অনুভাৰকম, প্ৰণ্কম, প্ৰণ্ডা-বিশিষ্ট 'Impressible, capable of admitting, capable of receiving any thing Syn —Susceptive, sensitive, excitable, tender

Susceptible of (or to) —সহজে আমুভৰ কৰা বা লালা, Capable of receiving impressions, or of

being easily affected by,

Susceptive, sus-sep'tiv, s. বহাৰাটা ; বহাৰিল ; বাৰণ, Capable of admitting or receiving ; readily admitting ——nuceptiveness, susceptivity.

Suspect, sus-pekt, v. t. [L. sub, under, and specere, to look] সংশহ ক, To conjecture, to doubt — অবিধান-ক, To mistrust:— দোবী বিনিয়া সংশহ ক, দোবী বিবেচনা-ক, To imagine to be guilty. Syn — Surmise, guess, doubt, distrust. Suspect (one) of—বেৰ কোন কোব করিয়াছে বা কাহার কোন দোব কাছে বালিয়া সংশহ-ক, Imagine one to be guilty of

Suspected, a সন্দিশ্ব , সন্দেহিত ৷

Suspend, sus pend, v t. বুলাল, লট্কাল, টাজাল;
Make to hang by anything, to hang.—বিলয়-চু,
বন্ধ হু, To delay, to stay —বিভুগিনের লভ কর্মচাত-ছু, কিছুকানের লভ কাণ্যত হু, Cause to cease
ior a time, debar for a time from office or
duty —বিভত-ছু, To debar Syn —Hang,
sling, interrupt, stop, discontinue intermit,
stay, postpone, withhold, debar

Be suspended in mid air—ভাষা কালকৰ্ম কটকে বিচাৰ হ'. Be debarred from the exercise

of its legitimate functions

Suspend in a swing-निकात क्लान।

To suspend psyments—ৰণ পরিশোধে অকম হ , দেউলিছা হ , দেনা ধেতনা বন্ধ- কু , To become bankrupt

Suspense, sus-pens, স অনিশ্চরতা, অনিশ্চিতাবছা, সম্পের বিধা, সম্পের্জনিত উৎকঠা, Indecision, uncertainty. Sy: —Anxicty solicitude, misgiving, apprehension, intermission, cessation, respite, rest pause

Be in susponse—িক হট্যা তাহা কানিতে না পারা ৷ নাশ্মাণিত আছার থাকা অমীমা সিত-ত , সংশ্রাপন্ত ইট্যা থাকা , Be in a state of uncertainty

Keep one in suspenso কাহাৰে সংশ্রাপন অব-স্থায় রাধা Keep one in uncertainty

Suspense account -कांडा क्यां रहर ।

Suspension, sus penshun, গ প্ৰেশ্য বুলান;
Act of suspending — নিবৃত্তি. Interruption, cessation — বিনন্ধ, Delay — কিছুকানের বস্তু অপনারণ, কিছুকিনের বস্তু অপনার আক্রান্ধ। — স্বাহ্মারা, প্রভাবর্ধণ, A conditional withholding — (অলক্ষারে) আক্রান্ধানা i Syn — Hanging, intermission, postponement. Suspension bridge, a গবিত পুন, Bridge in which the road way is slung by chains, rods, ropes &c. [ অক্ত যুক্ত-দিরোধ, A short truce.

Suspension of arms—কণ্ডায়ী সন্ধি, কণ্কালের Suspensory, sus-pensor-i. a সন্বিভকায়ী, লোক্ল্য-মান, Hanging —সন্দেহজনক, সন্দেহপূর্ব, Doubtful -—অভাগেকী, Depending —n. কতব্দনার্থ বস্তাদিব

कालि . A bandage

Suspicion, sus-pishun, ন. অবিধান, Mistrust —সলেহ, বোকা, Doubt —সানাহ, Jealousy — অহমান, Evidence —প্রমাণ বিনা অনুমান, The imagining of something without proof Syn — Surmise, conjecture, guess, supposition, distrust, misgiving

Be above suspicion—কোৰ বুংনা কৰিছে না পাছে এমনত্তর হওয়া, Be beyond the reach of calumny, To be above suspicion—নকেহ-নীনাৰ অইড ১ Suspicions, sus-pishe-us, a. সংৰহণায়ী, সংসহ-সূচৰ; Showing suspicion; indicating fear:— সন্ধিয়; সংশহনৰ ; সংশ্বাহিত; Liable to suspicion; doubtful. সক্ৰঃuspiciousness (সন্ধিতা); ad=suspiciously (সংসহস্পাক): Syn:—Jealous, distrustful, mistrustful; questionable.

Bustain, sus-tań, v. t. [L. sub, under, and tenere, to hold ] বছৰ-ভু: To bear:—গতন হুইতে বজা-ভু: বাৰ-ভু: To uphold:—সভ-ভু: সহা: To suffer:—জীবিত রাধা; To relieve:—অভিগালন-ভু: সুই-ভু: To maintain; to nourish:—আমান-ভু: To prove:—জনুমোনন-ভু: সন্ধান-ভু: To sanction:—বিল্প-ভু: To prolong. Syn:—Support, uphold; preserve, nourish, aid. comfort; endure, suffer, undergo, approve, confirm, establish, justify.

Sustain a defeat (an injury or a loss)— ধোনরণ ক্তি সৃহ-কু; Suffer a loss:—ক্তিগ্রভ-ই; নারীরিক আবাতবাপ্ত-ই; Suffer in injury bodily or mental:—বৃদ্ধে প্রাভিত-ই; Suffer a defeat.

Sustainable, sus-tana-bl, a. পালনীয়; রক্ষীয়; That may be sustained. [ পরিবৃদ্ধিত । Sustained, p. a. সমান; একলপ, Uniform:— Sustainer, n. পরিবৃদ্ধ, পাল্ক। n=sustainment (পালন; পরিবৃদ্ধ)।

Sustenance, susten-ans, n. ভরণপোষণ; প্রতিপালণ, বুৰুণ, Maintenance; support, subsistence:— আহাবের বুণা, থাণা সাম্বী; উপনীবিদা; Provisions, food, victuals. [maintenance. Sustentation, n. বুৰুণ, ধাৰণ; পোষণ, Support, Suternalia, n. Festivals in honor of Saturn,

the father of Jupiter.

Sutler, su'lèi, ম. দৈয়লিগের খাণ্ডারণা, মণা প্রভৃতি
বিকেতা; A person who follows an army and

sells provisions, drink &c., to soldiers. Sutling, a. সৈনিক-শিবিষের খাদ্য বিক্রো সম্বন্ধীয়; Relonging to sutlers.

Suttee, n. সহন্ত্ৰ ; শহন্তা স্থা . The sacrifice of a burning widow. { a suture. Sutural, sufur-al, a. সীৰ্ল-সম্মীয় ; Relating to Suture, sufur, n. মাধার পুলির জোভ ; সেলাইরের স্থা ; The seam uniting the bones of the skull; the uniting of the parts of a wound by stitching.

Sutured, suffird, a. (बाइनव ; Having or united by sutures.

Suserain, s50'ze-rān, ন. ভূষানী; ৰেট প্ৰভূ; অধি-বাল, বালা; A feudal lord, a superior lord.

Suscrainty, ১০০ ze-ran-ti, n. আধিপতা; রাজ ,
রাজ , The dominion or authority of a suzerain :
—- মাৰুক্ৰতা ; সাৰু-আধান্ধ ; Paramount authority.

Swab, swob, n. সম্বাৰ্জনী; ৰাজ্জনী; ভাতা বিশেষ; তুলিকা বিশেষ, Mop for clearing; a brush:—v. t. সম্বাৰ্জনী হাবা পৰিকাৰ-ফ; ধোৱা ও বোহা; সাক-ফু, To clean or dry with a swab.

Swabber, swober, n. মাৰ্ক্জনকারী; সম্মাৰ্ক্জ ; One who cleans:—পোতের অধ্যতন কর্মচারী বিশেষ; An officer whose business is to see that the ship is kept clean.

Bwaddle, swod, ত. t. সংগ্ৰেছাত শিক্তক কাপ্তে, বড়ান; বছাবৃত-কৃ; To bind tightly with clothes, as an infant:—ন. শিক্তৰ গাঁৱেৰছ; A cloth. Bwaddling-band, swodling-band, Swaddl-

ingoloth, swodling-kloth, ল- ব্যৱহাত সম্ভাবের আছাদন বহু; বাধাদি; ভাৰত্ব-চোৰক্য; Cloth formerly used for swaddling an infant.

Swagger, swag'er, v. i. বৰ্জ-ড়; বড়াই-ড়; To brag; to boast noisily; to bully:—হেলিয়া ছুপিয়া চলা; নবাবি ধরণে কাল করা বা চলা:—স. বৰ্জ; বড়াই; অহস্বার; Boastfulness; insolence of manner. n=swaggerer ( দাভিক লোক; বৰ্জকারী )। Syn:— (v) Bluster, vapour.

Swain, swan, n. গলীবানী ব্ৰক; প্ৰাব্য ব্ৰা; কৃষক; চাৰা; A peasant:—গলীদিবানী থেবিক লোক; A country gallant or lover. Syn:—Hind, countryman, rustic, lover.

Swallow, swolo, v. t. আন-ত্ব; গলাবাংকরণ-ত্ব; গেলা; ভকণ-ত্ব; To receive through the gullet into the stomach:—উদর্ভ-ত্ , হাহণ-ত্ব; To take into the stomach:—আন-ত্ব; To absorb:—পরীকাল করিলা ( বা বিলা পরীকাল) হাহণ-ত্ব; To take in without examination:—নপ্ত-ত্ব; To engage completely:—আবিকার-ত্ব; To occupy;—ম. পাকিবিশেষ; বাব্ই পলী; চাতক আভিন্ন পলী. A migratory bird. Syn:—(v) Engulf, destroy, devour, consume, exhaust. [sorded in; be engrossed by. Be swallowed ap in—বর্ষ বা বুকু বাকা; Be ab-One swallow does not make a summer—

একটা ঘটনা দেখিয়া একটা সাধায়ণ নিয়ন নিৰ্দেশ করা বাছনা।
Swallow the bait—কালাৰ বাবা প্ৰভাৱিত-হ ;
প্ৰনোভনে প্ৰভাৱিত-হ , ঢোক গেলা ; To be the dupe
of another ; be deluded by some tempting
object.
[ exhaust or consume.

Swallow up - বাস-ক ; Engulf :-- Appropriate ; Swam, pt. of swim.

Swamp, swomp, n. জলা; জনাত্নি; বালা; বিল;
Marsh, land wet and spongy:—v. t. জ্বান;
নিমন্ত্ৰ, আলুত্ৰভ্; To sink in:—উটাইনা-ভে; অল
বানা প্ৰ-কু, বিপল্ভভ-কু; To overset or cause to
fill with water as a boat Syn:—(n) Bog, fen.
Swampy, swomp'i, a. জলা; জনাটনা; পছিল;

Wet and spongy; boggy. [water-fowl. Swan, swon, n. बुद्दर हरन, बन्नान; A long neck Swan goose—बावहरन।

Swan quill-(बाँछे। गालस्के क्लब ।

Swap, v. t. বংল-কু; বিনিমন-কু:—». i. আগত-হ; প্তিত-হ; উদ্ৰা:—ad. ফ্ৰতবেগে।

প্রজ্ঞানে, swawid, প্ল. ভূপাছাদিত ভূমি; ভূপাছার ভূপ্ট; বানের চাবড়াব্জ ভূমিতল, Green turf:—ত. ৫. বানের চাবড়া দিরা আহাদিত-কু; চাবড়া দিরা আবৃত-কু; To cover with sward. a—swarded, swardy (ভূপান্ত্ৰ-ভূমি স্বাৰ্ত)।

জ্ঞ arm, swawrm, n. পতলাগির পাল; বৰ্বকিকার বাক, বৌলাছির বাঁক; A cluster of insects, especially of honey bees:—বছসংখাক ব্যক্তির বস; বল; A great number; a multitude, throng:—p. i. বাঁকে বাঁকে উড়িলা-বা; ফলবছ ছইলা উপস্থিত-হ; To gather as bees:—ক্ষা-হ; বক্তিত-হ; To throng together:—ব্যসংখ্যার প্রস্ব-ক; To breed multitudes. Syn:—(n) Crowd, multitude, mass, flock, troop, drove, herd, horde, shoal, army. Swarm like locusts or like bees—ক্ষম্মছ

वादन-ए; To be very numerous. [ with. Bwarm with—वानेन्छ-ए; Be thronged or filled Swart, c. कांग; वेदद कुकर्ग; Swarthy. Bwarthy, swawstic, e. कृक्व ; क्रांगदर्ग ; यागव : and; Dark; tawny; dusky; black; of a dark ed=awarthily, ==swarthiness ( मनिन्डा )।

Swash, s. जनपुरुष पद : Dashing or loud noise of falking water. [ a swaggerer. Swash-buckler, m. पश्यादेश , शांकि ; A ruffian ; Swath, swawth, s. क्विवान; क्वि वात्रव नाति ; A line of grass or corn cut down by the mower ; the sweep of the scythe :- नहीं ; वसनी ; A bandage; band; fillet.

Swathe, swath, v. f. 아랑 જિલ્લા क्यान ; পট বাবা ; To bind with a band or bandage :- n. 716;

वज्ञ-वक्ती ; A bandage.

Sway, swa, v. t. भागम-कृ; नित्रमिछ-कृ; To rule, to govern :-- आरमोनिड-क : To sweep, to swing : - रूख बाजा जांवर्डन-इ ; कीला ; बुजान . To influence : —এক গিকে নত-ক ; হেলান ; To incline to one side :—ফ. i. নত-হ , হেলা ; To incline :—আন্দো-लिड-इ; To swing :-- नामन-इ; To govern :--ভারী-ত্; To have weight or influence:—n. শাসন; Rule, government :-- क्मड ; अक्ष ; अक्ष ; Influence ; authority :-बाल्यानन ; जावर्डन . क्यांबन . Swing :- चंड नक्तित्व नीमा ; Sweep. Syn :-(v) Wield, wave, bend, turn, persuade; direct, lean. (n) Dominion, control, command, empire, preponderance, ascendancy.

Bear sway-ग्रांका-कृ।

Sway on- चार शिक्षान : अधानत-इ।

Under the sway of—नागनाथीरन , कर्ड्डारीरन । Sweal, v. i. (বাজী) গলিয়া পড়া, To melt :--で. だ. 甲第-要 !

Swear, swar, v. i वर्षत्रांकी क्रिया बना , To take an oath solemnly :- अवरतत नाम नृथा अहन-कृ, To take the name of God in vain - 494-4. [74-म ; इन्न म ; To affirm, calling God to witness . --- শপথ করিয়া সাক্ষ্য-দে; শপথ ক'নহা বলা , To give evidence on oath :- \#\ \ \ To curse 'v. t. শৃপ্থ-কু · To utter, calling God to witness - नगप कदान ; रतन कन्नान ; To administer an oath :---শপথ করিয়া প্রকাশ-কু; শপথ করিয়া বলা; To declare on oath. pt. and pp=sworn. n= swearer. Syn: - Declare solemnly, affirm, depose, deprove, testify; curse, blaspheme.

Swear allegiance (fealty or fidelity)-मार्थ-कृ ; मार्थ कतिया बांबककि चीकात-कृ ; Take an oath of being true or faithful to.

Swear at one—काहारक चित्रन्थांछ-इ ; काहारक भाग-त : Curse a man.

Swear by one-witing with and dist; whether किन्द विवान-इ: Trust one implicitly as an authority, be an admiring follower of.

Swear like a trooper-To be very profane. Swear off-পৰিতাপ-ৰু; জাগ-ৰু; Renounce in a formal manner.

Swear to-শপৰ কৰিয়া কোন কিছু বলিতে পারা; Declare (on oath) something to be beyond doubt :--কোৰ কিছু করিব বলিয়া আপনাকে প্রতিজ্ঞায় \*\*\* Bind oneself by oath to observe.

Swearer, n. Triangle Swessing, x. 474 |

Sweet, n. 414; 44; (44; The moisture from the

skin :-- विक अव ; भवित्रव ; Drudgery ; labour ; toil :- v. f. पानान ; पर्ज निर्मण- ; To give out sweat or moisture :-- (नक्तर निर्मानिक - To exude .-- পরিজন-ক ; To toil :-- ए. हे. चान स्वका ता गढ़ा ; वर्ष वाहित-क ; वामा ; To give out, as sweat :- तम नि:एड-ए ; (यम निर्मंड-कृ ; To cause to sweat :-- गाइन शिवा क्लांडा :-- वाडियान-कृ . To toil. By the sweat of the brow-- मार्थात जांव शीरक [ bleed ; fleece him কেলিয়া। Sweet a client—as we new, Make him Sweat coin-মুদ্রা সকল বর্ণ করিলা তাহা হইতে वर्गदोनानित श्वा हुन वाहित-कृ : To subtract part of the gold or silver by friction.

Sweat down-wit-E; Reduce by sweating. Sweat of one's brow-পরিত্রম; মেহনত; Labour ; toil.

With (or in ) the sweat of one's brow-কটিন পরিত্রৰ দারা , By hard bodily labour .—কটিন মানসিক পরিজম বাবা , By excessive mental labour. Sweating cloth, n. গামছা, ভোরালে; Napkin. Sweating room—শরীকা সুহ; Examination epidemic Sweating sickness, ম. সংক্রামক রোগ, An Sweety, swell, a. पर्मात; प्रांक ; पर्माक ; Consisling of sweat , moist with sweat '- अधि व्यवस्क , পরিবর্থী ; Laborious. n=sweatiness. [Sweeden. Swede, swed, n. श्रेडाजनवांत्री . A native of

Swedish, swedish, a. সুইডেন দেশ সৃত্যীয় ; Pertaining to Sweeden .- screet sit! The lang-

uage of Sweeden,

Sweep, swep, v. f. मार्कन-कृ , बाह्-तम , शरिकांत-कृ . To brush, to rul over with a broom, to clean :-- वन पूर्वक नहेश- वा , Carry along or off by force :- स.म.क , अकावारक विनष्ट-क ; To destroy . to carry off at a strike - वांशन निया लहेबा-या . To carry with pomp - MINIE- . To strike with a long stroke - हानिया शहेश-वा; To drag over :- ७ व निया क्र डरवरण-था , अविक्य-क् ; To pass rapidly over -- v. 1. পরিকার-কু; :- नीक পমন-कु, धार्रेश ह्या , समार्शिश्यानक-वा ; To pass swiftly with force and with a long reach .- n. Tib (997; Act of sweeping - 415 13; A Chimney-sweeper -- जाबाट्य मीमा ; Extent of a stroke, compass of a stroke:-ৰক ব্ৰায় পতিপিক, Direction of a curve — वर्णनार्थ कनूत्र वा'वर्डन — वांवर्डन ; वज्राङा । pt. and pp=swept. Syn -- Remove, clear away . touch, graze; pass over, traverse; over-whelm. Make a clean aweep of -- नट्ट- क ; नाक कतिया বেলা, পুরস্থ-কু, Destroy, exturpate thoroughly. Sweep along (or by )-Carry with a pomp or with a swinging or trailing motion.

Sweep off, sweep away—बीविता नरेमा-वा . সংহার-কু, Carry off, destroy completely:--कान हिरु ना बाक अपन कतिया नहे-कृ, Take away all trace of. [ sweeps , chimney-sweeper. Sweeper, \*. স্বাৰ্থক, বাছনার; Who or what Sweeping, a. সম্পূৰ্ব: Whole; complete:—নাৰা-इंग ; General :-- পরিভারকারী : সাক্কারী , বরুয়াপক। To deal sweeping blows-To make long slashing strokes.

Sweepings, sweplings, n. pl. auta; withat; ক্রা; Refuse ; dirt ; rubbish.

Sweep-net, m. quel and fires : Not that takes in a great compass.

Sweep-stakes, n. भूत (पनाव बिठ वर्ष वा असा: The whole money or other things staked or won at a horse race, or in gaming; those who ( वास्त्रि कदत्र । win all the stakes.

Bweep-washer, n. व सक्षाल ब्हेंग्रा कांदा क्ट्रेटिंड बाजू Swoot, swet, a. मिहे; बाब ; क्मिहे; मध्म ; Plessing to the taste; tasteful, pleasant :-- \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* स्थान ; स्त्रीच ; Fragrant :- श्रूचत्रविनिष्ठ ; स्थाना ; হলগিত ; Melodious :—হ'লর ; হগর্ন ; Beautiful : — ग्रेडिका : छाला ; Fresh :— जनवर्गाङ ; Not salt :-नत , कानताही ; जमादिक ; Mild ; obliging :-- n. मब्द क्या : मिडे ख्या : A sweet substance :- जानव-शुरुक ना : A term of endowment :-- pl. विशे नामजी: निहानमांक: Sweetmeats. n=sweetness, ad=sweetly. Syn :- (a) Sugary, saccharine, luscious : redolent ; soft, harmonious, dulcet ; fair, lovely; delightful, aggreeable, charming. gentle, winning; affectionate, tender. [ pleases. At one's sweet with - Designing; As one To be sweet upon-- অভ্যাগের ভাব প্রকাশ- ক:

ভালবাসা; To be affectionate towards; to be attached to ; to be making love.

Sweet-apple, n. wisi ; (नाना । Sweet-brier, surt-biler, n. হুগৰি গোলাপ পুল

विरुच्य : A thorny shrub of rose Sweeten, swein, ৮ t. মিষ্ট-কু , মুবাদ-কু ; To make sweet :- नहन-क ; To make mild .- निर्द्धान-क :

To make pure, n=sweetener. Sweetening, swifn-ing, n. गांदा किंद्र अनभूत करते . That which sweetens,

Sweet-heart, sweihart, n. अन्त्री , अन्त्रिनी ; जिन शक्ति : A lover or mistress.

Sweetish, sweiish, a. बहा बिहे : किक्टि बिहेशन . Somewhat sweet to the taste. n = sweetishness. Sweetly, ad. [1] ster ; In a sweet manner.

Swootmeat, sweimet, n. विशेष्ट : पर्वत्रावृक्त बीहा ; Confections made wholly of sugar.

Sweetness, n. नपुत्रजा ; निरुजा . Gratefulness to the taste; agreeableness.

Sweet oil, n. अनुशाहितक (उन )

Sweet-peas, swet-pe, n. महेन विद्यात ; A pea cultivated for its fragrance and beauty.

Sweet-potato, swer-po-tito, n. जान वित्नव: भर्कशक्य भाग ; An catable fruit.

Sweet-scented, a. अविति ; Fragrant.

Sweet tooth—विदेशियला ।

Sweet-wash, v. t. হ্বাসিড-কু। Sweet will-अञ्चिति वा त्यहान ।

Sweet-William, n. of faces; A flower.

Swell, swel, v. i উলাত-ই; To bulge out :-- কীত-इ : कंशियां डेठी ; To expound :--विक-इ : वड-इ : बाजा ; To grow large :- कोड-इ ; कृतिश केंग्रे ; To rise into waves :-- উल्लामिष-इ ; बरङ्ग्छ वा गर्सिछ-इ ; क्षा : To become elated, arrogant, or angry : —( বরাবিতে ) উচ্চতর-হ ; To be bombastic :-- বা कतांडेका हुला : To strut :- क्लान : To dilate :-थ. १. वृद्धि-इ ; कीशान ; की छ-क ; To increase the size of; fill up: -- " GBGT-F; To increase the sound of :- n. \* 16; 36; Swelling; in-

crease :- शक ; काम ; क्ये , A wave :- मरणांगां ;

वाबुरलाक : रजेरका रताक : A shewy person ; क dandy :- चरत्र वाविका ; Increase in sound :-बाइव नेव मानातार्थि ; The waves or fluctuation of the sea, especially after a storm. Syn:-(v) Dilate, expand, extend; increase, enlarge, augment; rise, heave; bulge, protuberate; strut, fume; enhance, heighten, aggravate.

Ground swell-The heavy swelling and surging of the sea after a storm or as indicating an advancing storm.

Swell mob, n. A gang of well dressed thieves. Swell the ranks of नग्नाहिन् ; नरवा वृद्धिन ; Increase the number of.

Swell the tide of-(कान किया का शहे-इ: Support : reinforce.

Swelling, sweling, n. कीडि ; क्वा ; वृद्धि ; Protuberance ; tumour :- 1373 \$134 ; A rising of passion.

Swelling of the body-(414)

Swelter, swelter, v. i. Butte fat-e : affestig-र ; উরাপে হততেজ্ঞ-হ ; গরবে বৃতপার-ই ; To be overcome or faint with heat.

Swept, bt. and bb. of sweet.

Swerve, swerv. v. i. [ D. swerven, to rove ] लञ्जन-कृ : विभ्रथनामी-इ ; नित्रम बह्ब्ब्रुड-इ ; To deviate ; to depart from rule, duty or custom :---Incline. Syn :- Diverge, divaricate; bend, incline, trend.

Swerve from-(कांव উर्फ्ल, टालिका, वा कर्दवा হইতে পিছাৰ; Depart from (purpose, resolution

Swift, swift, a. [ A. S. swifan, to move quickly ] ক্রবতি; বেশবান; ছবিভ; স্কুর; Moving quickly; fleet; rapid; speedy; ready:n. ক্ৰতগানী কৃত্ৰ পদিবিশেষ : A swiftly flying bird of the swallow tribe. pt=swelled, pp=swelled, swollen. Syn:-(a) Quick, fast, expeditious; ready, prompt, eager; sudden, instantaneous. Swift footed or swift of foot, a. 3574; Nimble; fleet of foot.

Swiftly, ad. a story; Rapidly; readily.

Swiftness, swiftnes, n. স্বরতা ; বেগ ; কিন্দ্রতা ; ক্তা; ক্তগতি; Quickness; speed. Syn:--Quickness, celerity, velocity, rapidity, fleet-[ To gulp. ness, expedition.

Swig, v. t. इक इक कड़िता लोगी; अखिल्यांका-कु; Swill, swil, v. t. or v. i. wife offa-4: To drink greedily or largely :- (13 ); \*15 ; - n. 4711-मित्र अधिक भाजा : A large draught of liquor.

Swim, swim, v. i. महत्रां-कृ ; बल कामबान-कृ ; कल ভাগ ; To float ; to move onor in water :- বছৰ-ছ ; To abound :-- वृत्रि- इ ; वृत्रीवयां 4- इ ; To be dizzy : - बार्ज-क : जिल-र : To be drenched :- v. f. नीड-রান ; সম্ভরণ খারা অতিক্রম-কু ; To make to swim or float; to pass by swimming :- #. AVAT; The act of swimming :- बर्जन निका: The air-bladder of a fish. pt=swam, swum, pp. swum. p= swimming.

Swim with the stream—হোডে ভাসিয়া-বা: সাধারণ মতে গা ভাসান-দে; চলিত মতে মত দেওলা; To conform to the popular opinion.

Swimmer, switter, s. sustain; One who

swims :- जिल्लान सनावत नामी ; A web-footed aquatic bird. Swimming, s. 7879; State; The act of swimming :-- निर्धापूर्वन ; बांबायुवा त्रांत्र ; Dizziness. Swimmingly, swiming-ly, ad. निहकान दरेश : ज्ञानस्कार ; Successfully :- नेज : Rapidly :-ज्ञाहरू ; अनोहारम ; अवारम ; निःशरम ; Smoothly. Swindle, swindl, v. f. Moisti-p; @qeal-p; क्ताहरी-कृ ; To cheat :-- त. वाषात्रणा ; वक्क ; The act of swindling ; the act of defrauding. Swindler, swindler, अ. क्षांत्रक ; व्यक्षक ; नर्ह ; writting; A cheat; rogue; one who defrauds others. Syn :- Sharper, defrauder, impostor. Swine, swin, n. sing and pl. न्रव ; न्रवनाि . A pig, pigs collectively. com. gend. mas = [ इहान । boar. fem = sow. Cast pearls before the swine-(त्रा व्यव मुका Swine-herd, n. न्रव চालक वा वकक। Swing, swing, v. i. (पाइनायान-इ ; (पानावयान-इ , ৰোলা ; এদিক ওদিক নড়া ; To sway to and iro ; to wave to and fro in the air; to vibrate:-क्रीति-श : To be hanged :- ण. र. आवर्डन-कृ ; (मानान ; Tite; To cause to wave or vibrate; to move to and fro :- n. (नानन : नडान/: नाडा : The act of swinging; motion to and Iro; a waving motion :- (माना ; माना ; The compass of a swinging body :-- বৈৰ গতি ; ৰাধীন গতি , Free course pt. pp-swung. p=swinging. Syn :-(n) Uscillate, wave; hang, dangle; be hanged. Give full swing-अवाद-ए : अवाद हनिएड-ए । Have full swing-भवात हनिएड नांबरा । In full swing-भूदाभृति विल्डाक ; मन्भून विलंडी-ब्हांब : In full progress :- शुर्ता वास वा मत : कार्या ৰাত: In the hurry and bustle of :- পুৰা দপ্তর काल इटनाइ ; Busily working :- इष्डांब नीमाद ; In unrestrained enjoyment; at the height. Swing a door - महका त्यानान ।

Swing round the circle-731 44 53 वृत्या Swinge, v. t. जाजाच धारात-क ; कनायांत-क ; To beat [ by swinging soundly; to thrash. Swing bridge, s. A bridge that may be moved Swinge-bucker, n. A rake ; a roisterer. Swinging, a. 354; arte, Huge. Swinging festival—कृतन वाजा। Swingle, o. t. পাট না শণ ঠেমান ; বাড়া ; To clean.

as flax, by beating :- # ( ) with sid . To beat off the tops :- n. MIGH (1911), A wooden

Swingle tree, a. গাড়ীয় বে আড়কাঠে জোডবসী नातान हव ; The bar of a carriage to which the traces are fastened.

Swinish, a. ছের; গাশব; Gross; brutal :--পুৰুর সম্প ; পুৰুৱাৰ ; Like swine , hoggish.

Swirl, v. t. or v. s. जातक्त-क ; चुता ; To whirt .-n. बार्ड , शांक ; A whirling motion.

#Wish, v. t. प्रावेश नच-क ; वननन कविता प्रान :-n. ती (नी नच , A sound of quick movement.

Swiss, swis, a. 23406 (1) Of or pertaining to Switzerland :-- n. সুইলসভ্যাসী ; A native of Switzerland.

Switch, swich, n. नवनीय नावा : (कांग्रे नवनीय जात : A small flexible twig :--जाहा लोहनरईन त्रण ;

लोक्सरक्ष होना (सन ; A moveable rail :-- ( प्रकृत ) भवत्वा :--- र. एडि विता आपाछ-क । क्लिक बाबा : To strike with a small twig :-- तिनाचरत स्त्रांन ; To transfer from one line to another by a switch. Switzers, w. Guards attendant on kings.

Swivel, swith, n. with; diami at and atel कानक किहरक अञ्चलकार बावक बारक रव शाक विरन पुतिष्क भारत ; A ring or link that turns round on a pin or neck :- कुछ कामान वित्वव ; A small cannon turning on a swivel.

Swollen, swaln, pp. of swell.

SWOON, swoon, v. i. अलान-इ; मुख्यिल-इ, To faint :- n. मुक्त ; बरेडिंड ; A fainting-fit ; the act of swooning.

Swoop, swoop, v. t. (क्षी मातिबा बड़ा ; बान्हा मादा ; উডিয়া-पु; भाकड़ान; To fall on and seize as a hawk his pray; to catch while on the swing; to catch up and carry off :- v. i. हो भावा : To descend with a swing :- n. (है। ; बाकी ; केड़िबा बान्डन; A falling on and seizing as a bird on its prey. Syn :- (v) Pounce upon, clutch, catch up; bear down, descend, stoop; sweep by.

At one fell swoop—এক নিঠুত্ব আগতে; এক দাকণ পত্ৰে; At one cruel blow.

Swop, v. t विनिधान ; वश्लान ; To exchange :n. विनिधव ; An exchange.

Sword, sord, n. Ganifa : win : 484 . Seninia . An offen-ive weapon, cut and thrust weapon: —মুদ্ধ ; বিগ্ৰাহ , War · —বুদ্ধ চিক্ষ ; ক্ষতার চিক্ষ, The emblem of war; sign of authority :- 19518, Justice. Syn - Falchion, scimitar, rapier, cutlass, sabre, claymore.

Atswords drawn-পদাহত : কটাকাট সম্মানুশিই। At swords points-कांद्रोकांद्र अवशाय, भारताब বধ করিতে উলাত।

At the point of the sword-বৰ্ণ্যক; ৰোৰ कतिहा ; By compulsion ; by military force.

Cross swords with—গুৰ-ৰূ, লড়াই-ৰু; Fight. Draw the sword-15 wish wal; satisfa বিকারিত ক ; Begin war. [ tend.

Messure sword-वन्छा-कृ : विवाद-कृ . To con-Put to the sword—stated wint worl-#; \*4-क : निवरक्ष-इ , To slay with the sword.

Sheathe the sword —िवरान (अव-कृ , विवास विश्वत-F; Put an end to war .- बार्णन किन्त उरहाक्शन পোৱা, Put the sword into the scabbard.

Sword of Damocles-wins fam: Evil foreboded or dreaded -- উ'চাৰ বাভি ( বাখাতে স্বাই স্ব-किठ कविया वात्भ) ; यांचाव छेनव बीडा बुनान ; Some great danger or evil with which one is threatened.

Turn swords into ploughshare—It (44-क : नड़ाई नबांश-क ; Put an end to war.

Your tongue is a double edged sword-अक मृत्य हुई कथा कहा ; You first say one thing and then the other.

Sword-arm, w. 4744 FT; Right arm.

Sword-bayonet, sord-biton-et, n. sauffan আকারবিশিষ্ট সঙ্গিন : A bayonet sharpened somewhat like a sword and used as one.

Sword-belt, n. अति जूनारेपांत करिनक ; क्यान्त्रक ; . Belt for suspending a sword.

Sword-blade, n. ভরদারির বলা বা পাতা।

Sword-cane, Sword-stick, s. white at ; A cane or stick containing a sword. Sword-outler, n. অসি-নির্মাণকারী; One who [ dancing with swords. make swords. Sword-dance, n. Gariff (471); Playing and Sword-fight, ল. অসিমুদ্ধ; Fight with swords. Sword-fighter, n. অসি-বোছা . মল ; Gladiator. Sword-fish, अ. व्यनिष्क मर्क ; A large fish. Sword of state, n. A sword before a [ Combat of gladiators. magistrate. Sword-play, n. अप्रवादि-वृद्ध : करनावांव विला ; Sword-player, n. महा ; उत्ताति-कीएक ; Gladiator; fencer. sword. Sword-sheath, n. 兩河(東河; Scabbord for a Swordsman, sordiman, n. অসি প্ররোগে সুনিপুণ वाकि ; ভद्रवादि बादा वृत्य निश्न वाकि ; A man skilled in the use of the sword; a fencer:--বোদা। #=swordmanship ( व्यतिबृद्धत कोणन )। Sword-stick, n. অসিয়ক ছড়ি; Walking stick in [ the sword. which a sword is concealed. Sword-thrust, n. ভর্বারির আবাত, Stab with Swore, pt. of swear. Sworn, p. p. of swear. ि भीरममद्भर अक श्रांका । Be sworn friends—चनपन्त्रक वक्षणात्व स्रोवक-ड : Be sworm of—महायुक-क , महायानीवृक र उत्रो ; Be admitted as a member of. Sworn-enemy—ভৱাৰত বা প্ৰকাশ বাক, Violent or declared foc. Sworn-friend-श्रमदश्च, कोरनमन्त्र अविका वा সমপ্ৰাণ ব্যক্তি; Close or intimate friend. Sybarite, sibar-it, দ টক্রিয় হণ-প্রাদী ; Inhalitant of Sybaria; womanly, voluptuary; epicure ; one devoted to luxury. Sycamine, n. 34 (तरनव ; The mulberry tree. Sycamore, sik'a-mos, n. फुब्ब तुक ; A fig tree. Sycophancy, siko-fan-se, Sycophantism, siko-lant-izm, n. (बामारमान : डामारमान : नीहरू। Obsequiousness, flattery, servility. Syn:-Fawning; clinging. Sycophant, siko-fant, n. ভোগামোদকারী ; চাটু-কার, মোসাছেব; A mean flatterer. Syn -Parasite, fawner, toady, hanger on. Speophartic, Sycophantical, Sycophantiah, a. cstatentage ; Parasitic. Syllabicate, sil-lab'i-kat, v. t. 44 194 94174 পঠিত বা বিভালিত-কু; To form into syllables. Syllability, v. t. धेळावा कृत्रकव बारन विकक्त-क ; To form into syllables, n=syllabilification. Syllable, sila-bl, n. এককালে উচ্চাৱিত পদাংল: नामत वक्ता छेकांश वक वक्ती कान, वरावत कानि; चुत्र भक्ष का भाग ; A several letters taken together so as to form one sound. a=syllabic. syllabical ( এক বা একাধিক পদাংশঘটিত )। Syllabub, n. হুৰ বা সর দিখিত নদা : Sillabub. Syllabus, sila-bus, n. নংকেশ ; চুৰক , শীৰ্ষ-সংগ্ৰহ ; An abstract : — সংকিত্যার ; Compendium. Syn : - Epitome, summary, digest, synopsis. Syllogise, silo-ju, v. t. पृक्ति-कृ; डेमार्बर्गामि श्रांबा

সিদ্ধান্ত বা তৰ্ক-কু; To reason by syllogism.

· Syllogism, silo-jism, ন. বুকি; আবয়বী বাকা;

छेशांकतन, छेशनतम छ निम्नाम धहे अवत्रवादात्तत अकत्व

न्यात्वात्र . The logical form of every argument,

consisting of three propositions, of which the last follows of need from the other two. Syllogistic, sil-o-jikik, Syllogistient, Syllogistical, sil-o-jistik-al, e. कृष्टि नवकीय ; कृष्टि ৰাক্য সম্বৰীয় : Pertaining to a syllogism :- মুক্তি वाकाकात ; In the form of a syllogism. Bylph, silf, n. नती; (पनावानी वित्नव; A fairy. Sylphid, silfid, त. क्ष नवी ; A little sylph. Sylvan, a. वज ; जावना , Rural. Symbol, simbol, n. afean; aff; Representation : — চিক্ ; নিয়ৰ্শন ; অকর ; সম্বেড ; A visible sign, token; emblem: - 4443; A religious creed. Syn :- Emblem, figure, type. Symbolic, sim-bolik, Symbolical, sim-bolik-al, a. for tist with; Representing by signs -- निमर्गन वक्षा ; প্রতিরূপক ; Emblematic :--ৰাক্রিক: সাক্ষেত্রিক; Figurative; typical. Syn: -Representative; significant; emblematical. Symbolically, ad. চিহ্নবংশ; সাংহতিকরণে। Symbolics, n. निवर्णन-विद्या। [ symbols. Symbolier, Symbolist, n. One who uses Symbolise, Symbolize, v. t. मप्त-इ ; बनुबल-হ; সংহতে মনোভাব-কু; To represent by symbols. Symbolism, simbol-izm, n. fie at fire vial यत्र १- निर्देश : किस् बात्र छा भन : Representation by symbols :--প্রতিরূপ ; চিস্থাবলী ; চিস্প্রস্তি ; A system of symbols :-- किर्धाः । Use of symbols :--The science of symbols or creeds. Symmetrical, a. नम পরিমিত : वर्षाम् व्यापित : মুডোল ; অম্বিস্থাস সম্পন্ন ; Harmonious ; even. ad= [ make symmetrical. symmetrically. Symmetrise, sime-triz, v. t. मोइनमन्त्रन ; To Symmetry, simmetre, n. [G. sun, together, and metron, measure ] অন-বিকাস; অন সৌৰ্ডৰ; Likeness of one part with another; due proportion; harmony. Syn:-Shapeliness. Sympathetic, sım-pa-theti'k, Sympathetical, sim-pa-thetik-al, a. সহারর ; সহার্ভারী ; সম-द्रश्यः ; महोन् ; Kind ; loving ; sympathising ; sympathize, compassionate. Sympathise, simpa-thiz, v. t. नश्चक्छि-इ : मदारावना अमुख्य-कृ; To feel with or for another. Sympathised with—কাহারও সহিত সমভাবাপয় বা নহাৰ্ছতিত, Be affected by feelings similar to those of another. Sympathizing, a. সহাস্তৰপৰাৱণ। Sympathy, simpa-the, n. रहा ; अन्कन्ता ; Compassion; pity, condolence; tenderness:-- नराइ-ভৃতি; সনবেশনা; Fellow-feeling. Syn:-Commiseration, agreement, harmony, correspondence. affinity; union, concert. Sympathy for—কাহারও সহিত সহাসুস্থৃতি ; Fellowfeeling for :- शिल ; Correspondence or agreement in. Sympathy with—কারারও সহিত সমভাবাপর; A Symphonious, sim-fc'ni-us, a. কুমরমুক্ত; সময় : ব্রসামরকবিশিষ্ট ; Harmonious ; accordant. Symphonist, simfo-nist, #. একাডানিক বলীক-त्रहिंका : A composer of symphonies. Symphony, similo-ni, n. कवि यो काम किन : ৰয়; একডাৰতা; Unision; consonance or harmony of sound. [ A merry feast; a banquet, Symposium, sim-po'si-um, ম. উৎমৰ; পাৰ-মতা; Symptom, simp'tum, ম. বোধাৰিৰ উপমৰ্থ; বোধাৰ অসৰ; That which imdicates disease:—সম্ব; চিছ, Token, sign. Syn:—Mark; note.

Symptomatic, Symptomatical, a. লক্পিড ; লাক্ষিক, লক্ষ্যান্থায়ী; Pertaining to symptoms; indicating the existence of something else.

Synseresis, ন. হুই বরের একর উদ্ধারণ; The pronouncing of vowels together.

Synagogue, sina-gog, n. [Gr. syn, together, ago, to lead ] n. নিহলীকের ধর্মনন্দির বা অর্জন সান; A jewish place of worship; congregation of Jews for worship.

Synchronal, sing'kro-nal, Synchronous. sing'kro-nus, a. ন্যকালে ৰটিও; সম্কালস্কুড; Simultaneous; lasting for the sometime.

Synchronal, n. That which happens at or belongs to the same time with something else. Syncopate, v. t. বৰ্গ ছবিলা সংকিত্ত-কৃ, To cut short, to contract, as a word by taking away

letters from the middle.
Synchronise, ए. ঃ. কালেৰ মিল-ছ্,; সমকালীন-ছ।
Synchronism, ১৷ng/kro-nizm, ৯. সমকালীনত্ব;
সমকালীনতা; একাধিক ঘটনার বুগপং সংঘটন, যোগপদ্য,
Concurrence of eyents; simultaneousness in

time.

Synchronistic, e. नयकानीन।

Byncope, sing'ko-pe, গ. স'কিও বাকা; পদের মধ্য ইইতে ব্ৰাদির উত্তোজন; Omitting letters in the middle of a word (as don't):—মূৰ্চ্ছা, Fainting, swooning.

Syndio, sindik, n. বিচারক, রাজকর্মচারী বিশেষ; Magistrate:—উকীল; An advocate: —মিউনিসিপাল কর্মচারী, Municipal officer.—প্রতিনিধি; অধাক; Assumes.

Syndicate, sindik-Bt, m. (বিৰ বিদালবাদির) আৰাক্ষ সভা, কোন কাৰ্য্য সম্পাদন জন্ত নিযুক্ত সভা, বাবসায়িগণের সভা, A council or body of syndics, the office of a sindic.

Bynecdoche, sin-ekdo-ke, জনস্থার বিশেষ, সক্ষণা,
A figure of speech by which the whole is put
for a part or a part for the whole. a=synecdochical (বাৰ্যাল্ডাৰ্ডেড) i

Synod, sinod, n. সভা, ধর্মপ্রামির মীমাংসা সভা, Council; an ecclesiastical council to consult on matters of religion. ad—synodic; synodical Bynodic, Synodical, a. ধাকক সভা সম্মার,

হাজ্য-সমিভিক্ত; Done in a synod.

Synova, n. হৈছিক পদাৰ্থ। Synovial membrane—হৈছিক বিলি।

Synonym, sino-nim, n [Gr syn, with, onoma, a name] প্ৰতিশব্ধ : সমনাম ; সনাৰ্থনৰ , প্ৰতিশ্ব ; A word having the same meaning with another. a=synonymous.

Synonymize, e. f. সমাৰ্থ পৰ বারা টাকা-ক ৷
Synonymous, sin-one-mus, a. [ G. sunonumos, from sun, with, together, and onoma,
name ] সমাৰ্থক; তুলাৰ্থবাৰক; Expressing the
same idea. ad—synonymously. Syn:—Equivalent, imerchangeable, identical.

Synonymons with—ছাই বস, উজাই বস্থি-ব্যেক ; Conveying the same idea with ; the same thing as.

Synonymy, sin-ohi-mi, স. বাৰ্যাল্যার বিশেষ; A rhetorical figure by which synonymous words are used:—একাৰ্যাচ্ছত্ব; The quality of being synonymous.

Synopsis, sin-op'sis, n. [G. sun, together, and opsis, a sight] সংকিও বিষয়ণ; সান-সংশ্ৰহ, সংকেণ; সংলিও বৃদ্ধ; সংকিওসায়; Abridgment; a view of the whole together. a=synoptical, synoptic ( বৃদ্ধীৰণামণ; সংকিও; চুম্মণ)। pl=synopses. Syn:—Conspectus, compendium, epitome, abstract, syllabus.

Syntax, sintaks, n. শহ বিভাগ; গদ বোৰনা; বাক্য বিভাগ প্ৰকৰণ, গদ বোৰনা; Proper arrangement of words in a sentence or phrase. amyntactic, syntactical (গদাধ্য-ষ্টিড, গদবিভাগের নিম্ন সম্বান্ত্র)।

Synthesis, sinthe-sis, ম. সৰবায় - সংবোত ; সংশ্লেষ , একজ বিস্তাস ; A making a whole out of parts putting together ; re-uniting of parts. a synthetic, synthetical (সমাবেশক ; সাংযোগিক) ।

Synthesize, v. সংবোগ-কৃ, একত ছত-কৃ। Synoptic, Synoptical, c. সংকিত্যসার; Affording a general view of the whole. ad=synoptically.

Syntactic, Syntactical, a. বাকাবিস্থান সৰ্বীয় ; Pertaining to syntax.

Syphilis, sif'i-hs, n. গ্ৰমীর পীড়া, উপদংশ; An infectious venereal disease. a=syphilitic (উপ-দংশার্কাস্ক)।

Syphon, Syren, See siphon, siren.

Syringe, siring, n. পিচৰারী, An instrument consisting of a tube, and a piston by which liquids are sucked up and ejected — চ. গৈচৰারী দে, পিচৰারী বাবা বেকি বা আকেপ-কু, To inject or clean with a syringe.

Syrup-See Strup.

System, sistem, n. প্ৰতি : সুখলা ; প্ৰণালী : রীতি ; Regular method : anything formed of parts place together :—বাৰয়া : স্থানাক , An assemblage of objects according to some law or end, orderly arrangement :—বাৰং : বিষক্ষাভ : The universe. Syn :—A whole : body, plan, theory, scheme , order, rule, regularity.

System of government—त्रावानामन धानीती। The solar system—सोत्रवन्।

Systematic, sis-tem-atik, Systematical, sis-te-matik-al, a. বীতিস্কত; অণালী-বছ; অণালী-বছ; বাণ্যানিভছ; বাণ্যানিভছ; বাণ্যানিভছ; স্বাৰ্ছিত; Methodical; formed or done according to system. Syn:—Methodical, orderly, regular.

Systematically, ad. বাৰছাপুৰ্কত ; এণানীপুৰ্কত ; Systematico, sistem-a-tiz, v. t. এণানীৰত্ব-তৃ ; শুখনা-তৃ , ব্যালাৰত-তৃ ; বাৰছাতি-তৃ ; To reduce to cystem. n=sistematiscr.

Bystole, sittole, n. [Gr. syn, together, stelle, to place ] ক্পোতর সংক্ষা ব ব্যাদের সংক্ষো; A contraction of the heart for expelling the blood and carrying on the circulation; the shartaning of a long syllable.

T-ইংরাজী বর্ণনালার বিংশতিত্য ককর বা বর্ণ; The twentieth letter of the English alphabet. Marked with a !- मानी ( त्वमन (ठांत ) । To a :- डिक ; मन्पूर्वजारन ; Exactly. T-iron, #. लोइ निर्मिंड वत्रश वित्वत । Tabard, tabard, #. अन्त्रांश वित्नव: नकीत्वत গোৰাৰ : Herald's coat. Tabbinet, n. পট্ৰক বিশেব ; A kind of tabby. Tabby. n. রেশদী কাপড় বিশেষ: A silk cloth:-विद्धान ; Cat :--नांडी विद्याव ; A woman :-- a. विद्याल ; हिजाविहिता; मामा वर्गपुक्त ; Diversfied in colour :v. कत्रण जान वाजीवमान-इ ; To cause to look wavy. Tabernacle, taber-nā-ki, n. 利利; Temporary dwelling :- छेशांत्रना मन्दित : अक्नालब ; A place of worship; a temple: - পৰিত্ৰ স্থাৰ; A secred place: -होत : शहमक्ष : जांच : Tent : - गरहांदनव ; A great festival of the Jews :- নানববেই; The human body :- v. i. बान-क ; To enshrine :- किंद्रकारका ৰক থাকা; To abide for a time. Syn :--(n) Pavilion : temple, church ; chapel, meeting-house. The feast of Tabernacles—नदाहरााणी बिहमी-[ disease ; emaciated. मिर्गत गर्क विरम् । Tabid, tabid, a. জীৰ; কাৰ; ক্ষম; Wasted by Tablature, tabla-tur, n. आहीरत छेनत जारनवा : দেওখাল-পুটে চিত্ৰাছৰ; Painting on walls; a painting on a wall or ceiling :- for; Eld; Picture; painting in general. Table, tabl, n. [L. tabula, board, tablet] টোবল; মেল; A smoth flat board on legs:-সংকেপ: A synopsis :—ভালিকা; Catalogue :-म'क्रिश विवदन : A condensed statement :-- निश्चिवांव (48 , A surface on which something is written : —ক্ৰুক ; Inscription : — নিৰ্কট-পত্ৰ ; স্চীপত্ৰ ; Index : ्रं. बढ्वा शृंखक :—(छांबाख्वा ; बाहाब ; Fare on table: - v. t. নেৰে স্থাপন-ক ; To lay on the table : —ভালিকা-কু; কোন কিছুৰ বিচাৰ স্থপিত-কু; To make into a table. Syn :- (n) Tablet, slab; board, stand; food, fare, provision, diet; list, catalogue, schedule, index. A geneological table-ক্রিবার। An arithmetical table—नाम्छ। At table-चारांतव नगरत ; चारेवात नगरत ; At the time of eating :- छिविलाइ ठाविनिएक बक्रवाक्तव गर्देश शाहेटल दिनका जाहारक बर्धा ; In the company assemble round a table for the purpose of dining. Lay on the table—সভাদিপের স্থতিক্রমে আপাতভঃ [ कामध क्षांत मुलक्ति ताता। ৰিচার স্থগিত রাখা। Order a bill to lie on the table—आहरमड Round table—बाबद मात्रक दालांद त्यांवांकांद त्यांवां The knighthood instituted by king Arthur. Table of contents—ফৌপুর; A summary or index of the matter treated in a book. Twelve tables-Laws of the Romans. The Lord's table-The sacrament of the Lord.

To turn the tables-will belief of To

change the condition or fortune of contending parties. Tableau, n চিত্ৰ; ছবি ; A picture. pt=tableaus. Table-book, n. नामछा ও ওজনাদি বিবয়ক পুত্তক। Table-cloth, n. (हिल्लाब हांग्ब ; A covering of linen for a table. Table-d'hote, n. अकड़े महता निर्मित्रे नमहाब शासक বছৰনের তোৰ : A meal for several persons at the same hour and fixed prices. Table-land, tabl-land, n. উচ্চতুৰি; অধিতাকা; A plateau, elevated plain with steep edges Table-money, #. मानविक क्यांगाविक (१३ विकास विकासिक ৰুদ্ধি (ভাতা)। Table service, n. Mania : Vessels and utensils intended for eating and drinking. Table spoon, n. बढ़ हामह : बृहद हाम्रह ; One of the larger spoons at the table. Table talk, tabl-tawk, n. খোস পর, আহারের সমরে Tweet: Talk at meals: familiar conversation at meals. Tablet, tablet, n. 東京 (中央; A small table or flat surface :- স্বারক-পৃত্তিকা ; A small pocket memorandum-book :- কুম খোদিত পাটিকা; Small tomb stone :- कन् ; Something flat on which to write paint &c. :- शिक्षक ; बाड़ा । Table turning—প্রেডাছা হারা মের স্থালন : The art or power of turning tables without the application of mechanical force. Taboo, Tabu, n. 4% विषय नित्य : नार्ग-नित्य ; निवातन : Religious interdict or prohibition :- ७. t. नित्वय-क ; माना-क ; To put under an interdict. Tabour, Tabor, tabor, n. कुछ छका वित्नव ; मृतक ; नांशका वा क्षांन : A small drum :- v. i. युनक वासान : Te play on a tabor :-शीत शीत यन यन वासान ; To [ A small drum. strike lightly and often. Tabouret, Tabret, Tatoret, n. (कांके (कांच : Tebular, tabu-lar, a. 414 414; Arranged in a table or schedule :--প্রশাস্তল ; সমচতরশ্র : মেক্সের মৃত সমন্তৰ: Having a flat surface : - কলকাকাৰ: Having the form of plates. Syn :- Flat, plane; laminated, lamellar, foliated, scaly; classified, Tabularize, v. t. नठांवकी-कृ ; उक्तिनवनी-कृ । Tabulate, tabu-lat, v. t. A:CEN-F; To reduce to synopsis :-- নির্যন্তি-ক ; সংক্রিপ্ত-ক ; তলপ্রনন্ত করিয়া সংগঠিত-কু; To shape with a flat surface. Tabulation, n. নির্বাট করণ : সংকেপণ । Tache, n. 朝季日; A fastening. Tacit, tasit, a. [ L. facitus, from facere, to be silent ] बराक ; सोनमञ्ज ; कुकोकूछ ; Implied, but not expressed by words; silent; conveyed in silence. ed-tacitly (cala vial): Syn:-Inferred, understood; secret, quiet, still, taciturn. Taoiturn, tase-turn, c. (नीनी , वकावक: नीवव ; क्क-

will: Habitually silent; habitually reserved;

reserved in speech. Syn :- Reticent, uncommunicative, mute, dumb, close.

Taciturnity, tas-i-turni-ti, 2. सोन : सोनिज . alver : Reserve in speaking ; habitual silence. Tack, tak, n. पढ़ि; बच्हे; खन; A rope :-- चिन ; का (नारक ; केंग्रि ; A small nail with a broadhead :-- नाहा ; A lease :-- बाहात्वव गिंड ; A course of a ship :-- v. i. ज्ञान - कु ; यब-कु : बाहि ; हाका ; To fasten ; to attach :- o. i. बाहारका गाँउ পतिवर्तन-事: [年明年; To change the course of a ship by shifting the position of the sails. Syn:-(n) Attach, append, affix, tag; nail.

Tackle, taki, n. 49; waify; Apparatus; tools, weapons :- क्लिक्न , A pulley :- क्क् . दगांदगी ; Rigging ; ropes of a ship :-- (वाडाव नाक ; Harness:—v. t. ৰয়া; পাৰ্ডান; সাকীইয়া-য়; To seize; lay hold of. Syn:—(n) Pulley; gear; furniture. (v) Grasp, clutch, hook, take, cap-

ture ; harness.

Fishing tackley—मन्द्र शतिकांत यद

Tackling, n. wigger 751; Furniture of the masts :- 43; Instruments.

Tracksman-Milwis ; Lessee.

Tact, takt, n. [ L. tactus, from tangers, to touch ] কৌশল ; নিপুণতা ; দকতা ; বিচক্ষণতা ; ক্ষতা ; Peculiar skill; nice perception :- প্ৰাৰাড; Power of appreciating. Syn:-Adroitness, dexterity, judgment, management, address.

Tactile, taktıl, a. - 19414; That may be touched or felt.

Tactile sense—শর্শেন্ডিৰ।

Tactic, taktik, Tactical, tak-tik-al, c. 35-कालीन वृष्ट्-ब्रह्मानि कोनल मचकीय, Pertaining to tactics.

Tactics, taktiks, n. sing वृत्त-क्लिन ; वृाह बहना-ৰোশ্ল : The science of warlike movements ; strategy :- कार्यायाची ; Method or way of proceeding.

Tactician, tak-tishan, n. युक्तनन वाकि: नाद ब्रह्मा-कृतन वाकि ; अपक वावशानक ; One skilled in f Touch; the act of touching. tactics. Taction, takshun, n. পৰ্গ; ছোওয়া, প্ৰাৰ; Tactual, a. Mrifa vibs al Ggens: Pertaining to, or derived from, the sense of touch.

Tadpole, tadpol, n. বাৰাচী; বেৰাচী; A young frog or toad.

Taol, n. होनामान बुका विराध ।

Taffeta, tafe-ta, Taffety, tafe-ti, n. (5) ভাৰতা ; ৰুপছাৰা ; A fine glossy silk stuff having a wavy lustre.

Taffrail, tafrai, Tafferel, tafér-el, n. खाहात्मत नकाडात्मत छेड्रिक्न वा जाशंत्र त्वहेन ; Curved work or rail round a ship's stern.

Tag, tag, अ. कतित यो किलांत व्यवसात ; त्रक्थांतक ধাতবাত্ৰ; লোমাজি: A metallic point at the end of a string :-- विकिश्व उदा : Something mean : অন্ত বন্ধ সংগ্ৰহ কৃত্ৰ বন্ধ ; Any small thing attached to another :- v. f. अ:(वास-इ; नश्-इ; विश्कृष्ट पांछी : To join : to tack.

Tag after-Follow closely.

Tag-end, n. (भरकांत्र : f rabble. Tag-rag, tag'rag, n. そるな cote; the cote; The Take about--- offi-si; Carry about.

Tagrag and bobtail-Fer (wiv : Low class

Tail, ায়া, ন. লাকুল; The end of the back-bone of an animal, having vertebrae of an anmal :--पुष्ट ; Hind feathers of a bird :- अपूरुत पण ; Body of slavish followers :- উত্তরাধিকারী বিশেষের আও ভুসপত্তি: An estate limited to certain hairs :- v. t. (नव पतिश होना ; To pull by the tail. Syn:-(n) End, extremity, fag-end; skirt : flap. ( উল্লভি-কু।

Keep the tail in the water-water :: Make neither head not tail of-(4146 444 মাধামুও কিছুই ঠিকানা করিতে না পারা।

The tail of a gale-47.23 (445)7

Turn tail--লেজ ভটাইলা পলাইরা-বা ৷

Tailed, a. लार्जाशनिष्ठे ; मणुक् ।

Tail-less, a. नाजनहीन ।

Tailor, talur, n. vami; Alamina : One who makes clothes :-- ण. f. वत्रकीय कांबा-क ; To work as a tailor. fem - tailoress.

Tailor bird, n. शक्तित्वव ; क्त्रजी-भाषी ; A bird that constructs nests by stitching together leaves of plants. ness of a tailor. Tailoring, talur-ing, n. पत्रजी-निति, The busi-Tail-piece, taipes, n. পুছ-লগু আৰ ; অৱাৰত ; Appendage; a piece at the end; engraving at

the end of a chapter &c.

Taint, tant, n. (नाव : Infection :- कनक ; नान : ৰল, Stain; spot; blemish, soil :-- v. t. কস্বিত-ক ; দ্বিত-क ; বিবাজ-क ; To infect ; to stain :---बक्रिक-कृ , विवर्ग-कृ ; मिनन-कृ ; Scent :-- थ. i. पृष्ठि-कृ ; शिक्ता-वा ; To be corrupted. a = tainted ( पृति 5 ) ; taintless (নির্দোষ , নিম্মল) । ad = taintlessly (নির্ম্বল-配刊) 1 Syn:—(v) Imbuc, impregnate, contaminate, defile, pollute, corrupt, disease, vitiate. poison; sully, tarnish, blot. (n) Tincture, tinge, infection, corruption, contamination, defilement; flaw, defect.

Take, tak, v. t. sen-F. sent: To lay hold of: to get hold of :- \$5-7; 471; To catch; seise :- এছণ-কু; Receive ; to accept :- অপুসতি-प्प ; Allow :-- वाहिया-न ; श्रत्मानीठ-कृ, शहम कनिया नक्षा ; Choose :-- श्रादान-कृ, वावश्यत-कृ ; To use :--बुबिएंड शाह्रा ; बुबा ; मत्म-कृ ; बिरवहना-कृ ; To understand :--বিমোহিড-কু; বশীকৃত-কু; To captivate :--বন্দী-কু; আক্রমণ-কু; To capture :-- সম্মত-হু; সম্মতি क्षणान-क ; To agree to :-- ( कान किहुएंड ) अख्यिक उ-क ; To become affected with :— (कार १९न-क ; Scize :-- नात्रजाबीन-इ , नांधकात्रक्क-इ ; To get into one's possession :--कांडिबा-व ; इत्रग-क :--वान-ए ; বাহিয়-ক ; সরাম :-- স্থ-ক :--উদরস্থ-ক :-- ধরা : Catch : -- :. कार्याकाती-इ : मक्त-इ : To have effect :--नवहे-इ . To please :--कामन शांखना ; To gain reception :- अवनवन-कृ; लागा ; बता ; नना ; To have recourse to :--वात्राक्त-इ ; Be needful. pp=took, pp-taken. pp=taking. Syn:-Seize, grasp, gripe, clutch; entrap, ensnare; delight, attract, allure, interest, engage, charm; suppose, consider; select, espouse; admit, adopt, assume; use, employ, occupy; require, need; inhale, imbibe, swallow; draw, delineate.

I take is—আনার সংকার এই ; আনার ধারণা এই ; আনি বিবেচনা করি ; I suppose ; It is my impression. Take a course—কোন গথ অনুসরণ-কু ; To pursue a path:—কোন বিকে বাবসা ; Go in a

direction.

Take a cursory view of ভाजाडाड़ि कतिया (पथा ; दिल्प कतिया ना (पथा ; To see hastily ; to

examine superficially.

Take advantage of—হঠাং আক্রমণ-কু; To catch
by surprise:—কোন কিছু হইতে কোনরূপে লাভ-কু;
কোনৰ কিছুল ক্বিধা-ল; To make use of favourable
state of things against another; to profit by.

Take a fancy to—পছন্দ-কু; মনোনীক-কু; Take a

liking to.

Take a fevourable turn—ভাৰ কিৰে-বা; To improve by change; to change for.

Take after—আম্মান্ত ; Learn to follow :---নাৰ হ ; Resemble.

Take aim—তাগ্-ড়; জজ্-ড়, Direct the eye ( or weapon ) to a particular object.

Take sir-अकानिड-इ ; To be divulged.

Take amiss, Take it ill—কুছ-হ: Regard as wrong or improper; to resent:—বিষক্ত-হ; Be offended:—কুছাবে-ব; Take anything in a wrong sense.

Take amiss—অপমানজনক বোধ-কৃ; অস্তাহ বলিয়া বিবেচনা-কৃ।

Take a leaf out of one's book—কাচাকে আদৰ্শবরণ-কু; অন্তের কাষ্যপ্রণালী দেখিরা তাহার অনুসরণ-কু; Muke a person one's model.

Take arms—বৃদ্ধ আবজ-কৃ; অপ্তাহ্ব-কৃ; Begin war. Take a turn—পরিবর্তিত-কৃ; To change:—সামাস্থ বেড়ান; Take a brief walk.

Take a walk-(4514; To walk.

Take away - रक्छि-कृ; स्व1-कृ; लक्ष्मा; Deprive of: - शानास्वत नहेशा या; प्रबाहेश क्ला; Remove.

Take away from—হাস-কৃ; লাঘন-কৃ; Diminish; reduce. [নিবাস কেলা; Rest.

Take breath—বিজ্ঞান-কৃ; দন প্রস্তা; হাঁপ ছাড়া; Take care—সাহধান-হ; সতর্ক-হ; Be cautious; take heed.

Take care of, Take care about—उत्रांतरान-इ ; Superintend :—शाही-इ ; Be solicitous for.

Take counsel—পরামর্গ-কু; To consult others.

Take credit for—কোনত কিছুর বত।

Take down—নীচে নামান; নামান; Lower; bring down:—নিখিবা লওয়া; লেখা; Note down:—নত-কু; অবনমিত-কু; Humble:—উপরে উঠা; (রাদে) কাহারও উপরে উঠা; Remove from above; make a boy loss his place (in a class):—খান-কু; Swallow:—ভিরমার-কু; তুর্বনা-কু; Reprimand.

Take effect—कांगाकाती-इ; कांग्रेकत-इ; करनामात्रक-इ; वनवप-इ; Have the intended effect.

Take effect from #118-8; Come into operation from.

Take fire—( আন্তন লাগিয়া ) ত্লিয়া উঠা; আন্তন লাগা; Become ignited:—রাগে ত্লিয়া উঠা; Become inflamed with anger:—উত্থাপিত-হ; Become highly excited.

Take the air—tis त्नरन कड़िरांत्र निविश्व त्रवन-इ ; Make an excursion in the open air.

Take a fanoy or liking to- new- ;

Take from - 214-7; Subtract: -- 4145-7; Deprive of.

Take to heart—ক্টবোৰ-কু; Be affected by.
Take heart—সাহস বাঁৰা; আৰত-তু; দৰিয়া না
বাঙ্কা; Gain confidence.

Take heart to-( कान विश्रय ) मानारवांत्र-कृ।

Take heed—সাবধান-হ; সতর্ক-হ; Be cautious:
take care. [পাকড়াল; Seize.
Take hold, Take hold of—আক্রমণ-ক; ধরা;
Take for granted—সত্য বলিয়া মানিয়া লঙ্যা;

Take for granted—সভ্য বালয় নানেয় কৰমা; Assume to be true, without positively knowing. Take French leave—না বলিয়া চলিয়া-বা; না বলিয়া অস্থান-কু, Leave without notice.

Take fright—ভাত-হ; ভর পাওরা; Become frightened.

Take in good part—ৰাগ না-ক ; বিৰক্ত না হওৱা; কুম না হওৱা; To receive without anger; not to be offended by :—ভাল ভাবে লওবা! [to regard. Take into account—বিবেচনা-ক . To consider; Take into consideration—বিবেচনা-ক ; মনে ভাবা; To investigate; to think upon carefully. Take into custody—কমেন-ক ; বন্দী-ক ; To confine; to imprison.

Take in tow-मृद्धित मानार्या जनमना निया है। निया-पा ; करनव मना निया मिन्न निर्मा कि बांबी है। निया-या ; Drag through

the water by means of a rope.

Take in, v. ব্ৰিতে পানা; Comprehend:—(কোন কিছুর) অন্তর্ভ-কৃ. অন্তর্গত-ছ; Comprise:—বেরা; প্রভারণা-কু; ঠকান; গ্রহণ-কু।

Take in vain- 341 386134-7 1

Take in hand—স্পাদনার্থ হাডে-ল; কোন কার্যোর ভার সভারা ও চেষ্টা-কু; Undertake; attempt; seize and deal with.

Take kindly to—ভাল লাগা, মনের সহিত ভালবাসা ; অনুরক্ত-হ ; Take anything with a good will ; take heartily ; be well disposed of friendly to.

Take it ill—अनुकाद नक्यां।

Take leave—বিদাৰ প্রহণ-কু; Bid farewell.

Take notice of—বৌল ধ্বর-ল; তর লওয়া; অবি-ধ্ব-কু; Pay heed to.

Take one for—এক জনকে জন্ত কেই বলিয়া ননে-কৃ;
Misapprehend one, mistake one; believe one to
be (some one clse) —কোন জন্যকে জন্ত বিছু মনেকৃ; Believe something to be (something else).
Take one on—কালে চোকান; Admit one into
service:—কালে নিত্ত-কৃ; Employ. [nity.
Take oath—লগধ-কৃ; হলগ-কৃ; Swear with solem
Take off—লগধ-কৃ; হলগ-কৃ; Swear with solem
Take off—লগধ-কৃ; বলা, কোনা; তুলিয়া-ল; Remove:—কালিয়া কোনা, ক্লিয়া কোনা; তুলিয়া-ল;
কিছুর উপর ইইন্ডে ডুলিয়া-ল; Remove from the
tops of anything:—হাপ ডোনা; Print off.—

Copy.
Take on—মনে মনে অসরাল ; Fret ; pine :—আকেশকু ; হুংপঞ্জনাপ-কু ; Give way to guef. [ ভুক্ত-হ।
Take orders—আনেশ গ্রহণ-কু ; হুকুম-ল ; বাজক গ্রেকী
Take off from—ছাস-কু ; Lessen.

थितम-क : Purchase :-- तक्कारव काश्यक नकत-क ;

Mimick:-ছবি ভোলা; Reproduce:-- অপুকরণ-তু;

Take one's chance— ভাগা পরীকা-ছ; To try one's luck; leave the result to the course of events

Take one at one's word-কাহারত কথার বিখাদ-কু : একজন বাহা বলে তাহাই তাহার মনোগত বলিছা বিৰাস-কু , কোনও ব্যক্তি বাহা বলিয়াছে ভাহাভেই ভাহাকে नाहिता तन्ता, To believe implicity what one says, and to act upon it -- अक्सन योश राल छोरान উপর নির্ভব করিবা ভবসুরূপ কর্ম-ক , Accept one's statement as true and act accordingly Take out-शनाव त्रिक-कृ, Remove - गुवर कृ. छान्त्रा क्ला, नवान, अर्थनीछ-कृ. To reparate Take out a license or patent-attent a, কোন দ্ৰবা নিৰ্দ্বাণকঠা ছাড়া অপবে নিৰ্দ্বাণ কবিষা বেচিতে भातित मा এই मर्प्य तांकांव निकते निवन भवता , Procure [ अमनेन के। for oneself a license or patent Take on sirs—মাখা তুলিয়া অভযার-কৃ, উদ্বভ্য Take one to task - काहोरक छ० तना क. Rebuke or reprimand one Take one's his in one's hand-sig sice কৰিয়া থাকা . Live in constant dread of losing one's life, be in imminent danger of losing one's life. Take its rise—देश्य इ , क्यान , Originate Take measures—উপাৰ অৰ্থ্য-কু উপাৰ দেখা To provide means, to use the proper means Take off the edge-(5/5)-p, Make blunt -হাস-কু, অশ্বিত-কু, Lessen, mitigate Take one's choice—পছল-কু মনোনীত-কু. To select, to choose Take one's departure-विशंत ल १वा विलाय [ To fler বাংগ ক , To depart. Take one's flight-भनावन क ; भनाईवा-वा , Take one's own course-FETAS THE . যদুছ্ছাক্রম কর্ম-কু, বেছামত চশা, To follow ones own will. Take one's word for-fating. ADI4-5. Believe, because of one's testimony. Take one's trust—অপরের কথার বিধাস ক আন্তের বাকো প্রভাব-কু, To believe a truth, or to trust a person because of the testimony of another Take pains—रष्ट्र कृ, रष्ट्रपूर्तक क्लान कर्म कृ. To do anything carefully and laboriously Take precedence-वाजामी ह, जामब-इ, To go before in importance or rank. Take pride in-त्वांन विषय अस वास्तान ना भीवर धकाम-का [ unite with Take part, Takepart in-A' A asai, Shire Take part with—colf-co, कुक-इ। Take rank of—cas- & . avin- & . To have the right of higher place, to enjoy precedence over Take place- Tis, Happen, occur Take the rail—(बन निया अभन-कृ, Go by railway Take sides- नकारनम्ब कृ, अक नाक (वान-ति, Join one of two different parties. Tako stock—কত নালগত মন্ত্ৰ তাতে ভাষার হিদাব-क , (भागांत्रिक) कर्ष-क , श्रमात-क , Ascertain the amount of stock. begin Take the first step-va-a, wing-a, To Take the field-15 wise-7, Begin a cam-

Take root-7479-8, Live and grow as a

Take the lead—व्यान-इ , (अहे-इ , To guide , to

be prominent or first.

[ plant

Take to-अवुष-इ. अवनवन-इ. Betake oneself to - त्वान विद्वार वाज निवृत-इ ; नाना ; Apply oneself to —কাহারও প্রতি অনুরক্ত-হ, ভালবাসা; Like; be attached to , be friend of. faring life. Take to the sea—引行本-支, Adopt a sea-Take to heart—द्भगताप-कृ, बाउ न ; खिला क्रमात्र वाबिछ-इ . Be affected by Take thought-कार्य , देविय-र । Take to wife-fade-&, Marry. Take the ground—क्षि चार्न-कृ, क्षि कामिह्रवा-इ, Touch the ground, be fixed to the ground Take a thing ill-নহ না-ক, Not to endure it. Take the bull by the horns-first first, কোনও কুনহ কাবা উপস্থিত হইলে সাহসপুৰ্দাক তাহা अहन-क , मारुम कतिया विभएमत मन्त्रान यां वर्ष , Faco some danger boldly and thereby weaken its force, meet a danger or difficulty manfully. take a decisive step Take the edge of-त्वांत किंदून छोत्रमा हात-कृ ক্ষতা ক্ষাইঘা-পে. Abute the force or intensity of (desire), weaken the force or point of ( 11 argument ) -Diminish the keenness of (ap-Tako the world easy—বাহা সনজেই জ দে তাহান্ট Mas. Be contented with whitever one gets Take the pledge-मनामि शान कविन ना विना লিবিয়া অভিজ্ঞা করা, lo make a written promise that one will not drink intoxic iting liquids Take the trouble—কট লগো, কঃপুৰৰ কু, lo exert oneself, to bear the pains. Take time, Take up time- मन्त्र नाजिएन . Consume time engross time Take time by the forelock-7 " 378 ना-इ. इत्यान ना काड़ा Not to let slip in opportunity [ m,rry. Take umbrage-कृत र . तानावित-उ . Become Take up-III HOW, I've one's residence or quarters in - किंन द्यांन इराउ जुरन लड़न , lift up -(कान विषय लड्या चात्नात्रन क , Adopt with a view to discuss or settle -(414 क्षांतांडा कहिन्ड কৃশতে একজন থামিৰে সেইখান খেকে সেই বিষয় এগুৱা कर्ग का (परे-मू, Begin where another Jeaves off, continue -काश्व मनम नाड्या, मनम वाडि-नाहित क Occupy - डेंप्डांजन क , Lift - छोका शांब-ল, Borrow money — আবস্ত কু, Begin — আস-কু, Engross - fortis & , senti- & , Reprimand -मुद्रक्ती इ , Patronise - निगुक्त-क , Occupy - अह-र्न ह , त्यांन (क Comprise - अप-इ , Pay and rective - व्यवनयन- कृ, मः अङ्-कृ, Adopt, follow. Take up again- अनवात जानव-क , Kesume. Take up with-जूहे-इ. (कान विद्युष्ठ मञ्जूष्ट श्रोका ; अवहे-इ, Be contented with - अनुवान त्मवान. Show a liking for .- wit with; Be friendly with -- नाम क , Lodge , dwell -- महन-क , Adopt : সঞ্জ-কু, Take on ones self. Take upon oneself, Take one's self-আপনার ঘাড়ে কোন ভার গ্রহণ-তু, আপনার ঘাড়ে লওৱা : Undertake. [ come public. Take wind-staffte. Become known , be-Take 111-9155-4, Be attacked with some [ fault with , object to. illness. Take exception against - 4176-7, Find Take the name of God in vain-14 क्शवात्मत्र नाय-कृ ; व्यवक् श्रेवत्तत्र नाय-कृ ; Use the name of God with profaneness or levity.

Take to drinking—বেশী মন ধাইতে অভাগ-ড়; মণ্য পাৰ করিতে অভ্যাস-কু; To form the habit of excessive use of intoxicating liquor.

Take to task—ভংগনা-ক ; তিরকার-ক ; To reprimand; to reprove.

Take to the heels—প্ৰায়ন-কু; To flee.

Take turns-भ्यायक्त-ह : To succeed on another in due time : to alternate.

Take up one's quarters at-नामा-कृ : To stay at, to take lodging at.

Take up the gauntlet-युकार्य जालान बीकान-क : युद्ध कविष्ठ ब्रांकी-इ : Accept the challenge ; accent the defiance.

Take wing-इंडिया यांडवा ; উद्धा ; Depart , fly. Take a new (or fresh) lease of life-आह्रिशा-इ ; To recover ; to return to health.

Take credit to one's self-witte waste লাপ্ৰা-ক, To claim for one's self the credit or honour of.

Take the law into one's own hands-নিকের হাতে আইন-ল : নিদিষ্ট শাসনকভার অপেকা না কবিধা নিজেই শান্তি-দে; To take upon one's self the execution of a law.

Take the will for the deed-To be satisfied with the wish to do a thing, when the doing of it has not been accomplished.

Take up the cross-of ara-o; oftein-o: To submit to troubles, sacrifice one's will to 17, Resume. the will of God.

Take up the thread of--(ৰই-ছ , পুনরার আবত্ত-Take captivo -- वसी-क : काउप-क ; Make prisoner. Take horso—चवारबाइव कबिडा-यां : (बांड्रांब कडिबा-11. Set out to ride on horse-back.

Take in dudgeon—त्कांव वकान-कृ, तान त्ववान ; To show resentment.

Take one's stand-weight a: \$1514; To adopt a principle or position.

Take the offensive—প্ৰথমে আক্ৰমণ-কু; To be begin. the attacking party. Take the initiative-wise-s; 27-5; To Take the reins-শাস্ব্যহ্ণ-ক ; Assume the Government or guidance.

Take to the road—গ্লাবৃত্তি-কু; ডাকাইতি-কু; To engage in robbery upon the high ways.

Take liberty (or liberties) - বিনয় অতিক্ষ-क ; सारीन-क ; To treat without ceremoney ; to neglect the laws of propriety or courtesy.

Take it cooly-fes-p. 2[83-p; To be calm, to deliberate. Laway.

Take one self off — अञ्चान-कृ : ठनिज्ञा बांख्या : Go Take the wind out of one's sails-251211-क ; रेकान : Circumvent ; to gain the advantage over by aits.

Take the world easy-সম্ভই হইবা থাকা; To be contented with whatever the world affords.

Take the fault to his own door-windthe ,निना-कृ , निकारक लावो-कृ ; Blame h.mself.

Be taken in the fact, Caught in the fact-ৰ্চিত হাতে ব্যা পড়া ; Be detected in the very act of committing a crime.

Be taken aback--व्यक्ति वांद्याः राज्य-इः বাবডিয়া-বা। deceived or gulled. Be taken in-वडाबिड-इ ; क्रेंबा ; Be cheated ; be

Be taken up-(### : Be arrested.

Be taken with-ANE-E; Be pleased with.

Taker, n. গ্ৰাহক ; গ্ৰহণকাৰী : যে পাকডাও করে।

Taking, taking, a. मुक्कांत्री ; छिछाकर्तक ; क्लब्बाही ; Alluring; captivating; attracting -n. 45 कद्रण : शक्छान ; Seizure ; excetement :- वन:कह : Distress of mind. ad=takingly.

Taking all things togother cattle bee: On the whole; all reasons being considered.

Taking one thing with another - 705: On an average.

Tale, talk, n. অত্ৰ ; বন্ধ বাতু বিশেষ ; A magnesian mineral. a = talcky, talcose, talcous ( wars:

Tale, tal, n. [A. S. talu, from telian, tellan, to tell] পর ; উপস্থাস ; কথা . A narrative, a fable ; story :-- त्रा ; अनना ; हिनाव ; Number ; enumeration. Syn :- Fable, le rend ; relation, apologue, novel, romance; account, reckoning.

Tell a tale-पात् इब अकडी किছू नानादेनां नना ; Invent anything one pleases and give it forth :-किছ बना ; कान किছ बिनुड-क ; Tell something.

Tell its own tale—'ৰ ঘটবাহে তাহা পাই বৰা বৃহিত্তে Require no explanation as showing clearly what has happened. one's story. Tell one's tale-निक्ष्य काहिनी बना . Narrate Tell tales -- Meria - 7: Tell mischievous stories

calculated to affect one's character. Tell tales out of school-নাহা বাক করা করবা नार এरन छा कथा वास्त-क : Make matters public which should be kept secret.

Tell the tale—িক তুৰ্মণা ঘটিবাছে তাহা বলা : Give an account of what has occurred.

Thereby hangs a tale—ভার দৰে সংস্থ একটা कका आहडू ; There is a story or incident closely connected with that.

Tale-bearer, tal-bai'er, n. সংবাদদাতা: সলেছ-বাহক; প্ৰবাহক; Who maliciously tells tales: one who communicates information.

Tale-bearing, tal-baring, c. আখ্যানকখনশীল; श्रात ; Given to tell tales ; babbling :- n. शृह विन्दरन কাৰ; The act of telling secrets; officious or thoughtless information given about others that may creat ill-will.

Talent, talent, n. वित्यव अम्म : Natural gift : special gift or endowment :- नामानिक नुषि ; शुन ; Ficulty :-- विराग मक्ज ; Special aptitude : -वार्च পরিমাণ বিশেষ: A sum of money. Syn:-Genius, ability, faculty, capacity, powers, aptitude, parts, knack, forte.

Talented, talent-ed, a. প্রভিতানালী : স্পার্ছ : क्नी ; Having talent :-- शेन किन श्रव ; स्थो ; Possessing mental gifts.

Tale-teller, n. मत्वन-वाहक; अञ्चवाहक; क्याक; शहस ; One who relates stories

Talisman, talis-man, z. क्रब ; मानुनि ; ভারিক চক विरम्प: Amulet ; magical stone, figure &c. to ward off evil :-- 41%; 44; 44; A charm.

Talismanic, tal-is-mahik, s. Azzilite ; 455 ; Magical :- \*45 AVAIN : Pertaining to a talisman :-- ए. दे. कहा ; राजा !

Talk, tawk, v. i. [Ger. talken, to speak ] क्ली कहा : क्यांवाडी करी : वढ़ वढ़ कहिशा वका ; To speak familiarly : to prattle ; to prate : to reason :- #. करपानक्षन, क्याराजी ; नमनीष्टा ; Chit ; familiar converse ; prattle ; conversation. Syn :-- Colloquy, discourse, chat, dialogue; report, rumour, bruit.

Talk a person over-wate; Wheedle one: --क्राथानकथन बांदा काहारक खाननात मिरक खाना ; Persuade one to come over to one's side. [ boast. Talk big-35 क्या कहा : (वन वका : To brag ; to Talk of-和何一字; 問題中事, To relate.

Talk of the town-मिशा शब ; शांजशब : Gossip.

Talk one mad-ৰকে পাগল-ক !

Talk oneself out of breath-sers at at | To talk much; to exhaust oneself by talking. Talk over-তর্ক বিতর্ক-ক ; Discuss in conversation ; to talk about , to deliberate upon ; confer or reason with a person :-কথাবাৰী বারা কাহারও अंड किंद्रान, Induce a person to change his opimon by talking with him :- কাছাৰেও ভুলাৰ, Wheedle one.

Tall talk, Talking big-मूलक मानहे ; नवालीज well, Boastful and exaggerated language.

Talk to-अवादर्ग-(प : अनुरातान ; To advise ; exhart.

Talkativo, tawka-tiv, a. नवश्चिय ; नाजान : नवियां ; कारती. Prating: garrulous : given to much talking. ad = talkatively, n=talkativeness. Syn --Garrulous, loquacious; chatty, conversible.

Talker, n. 4.4. 15 offer; \$40 ; One who talks. Tall, tawl, a. 36; High; lofty :- 341; 671; छत्र ; नोर्व ; Long :-- मार्डाम ; Bold. n=taliness.

Tallness, n. मीर्डा डेक हा : थाहाई : Highness. Tallow, talo, n. sia ; 471; Fat :- v. t. sia মাধান ; বদাক্ত-ক : To grease with tallow.

Tallow candle-চৰিত্ৰ বাতী।

Tallow chandler, n. हर्सि-विद्युखा : व हर्सिन वाडो शक्ड वा विक्र करव ; Candle dealer.

Tally, tale, n. [ F. taille, from tailler, to cut ] बाक वाहि : अप वहि : हाउ किंगे ; A tick marked to keep account; a stick notched to match another :- त्वाड़ा :- कांत्र वा शेख :- ए. र. छेलयुक्त-क ; मिल-F: To suit; to correspond. Syn:-(n) Score, reckoning; match, mate, counterpart. (v) Match, correspond, harmonize, agree, coincide. Tally-ho, tali-ho, int. Maisla ness et facet : The huntsman's cry betokening that a fox has gone away.

Tally-man, n. [स्मावकात]; One who keeps accounts :- विकास विकास : One sells goods to be

repaid by weekly instalments.

Tally-shop, n. (4 (niwica affanicas nies fenia बाबा इंड : छेरनांड रणकांन : A shop where goods are sold to be paid by instalments; the seller having one account book which tallies with the buyer's.

Talmud, talmud, अ. विस्केनिएनव सर्वनांव : The body of the Hebrew laws :- विद्नीर्वत भूतान ; A

book of Hebrew tradition, antalmudic, talmudical. [ ] of; The claw of a bird of prey Talon, talon, n. emis eint: femial eines aus Tamable, tama-bi, a. পোৰা ; বৰনীয় ; বস্ত ; That may be tamed; capable of being tamed.

Temerind, tama-rind, n. উড়স বাছ; বেঁডুল; A

leguminous tree ; its fruit.

Tamariak, n. बाउबाइ ; A genus of shrubs. Tambour, tamboor, n. cets sie; A kind of small flat drum :- बजूनी वित्नव ; त्रनायत वृक्तिकां 93; A circular frame, for embroidering upon: —v. f. বৃটি ভোলা ; To embroider on a tambour. Tambourine, tam-boo-rin, m. stw : ateres वित्नव ; श्रामी ; Sieve like dium ; a shallow drum. Tame, tam, a. গ্ৰহণালিভ : পোৰিভ : পালিভ : পোৰা : शा-रांमा ; Domesticated , not wild :-- निरस्त ; नता ; নিজ্ঞ ; শাস্ত ; Spiritless :--বিনীত : Gentle :-- o. t. গৃহপালিত-3; পোৰ মানান; To domesticate:- সভা-F; 418-3; To reclaim; to civilise; to make gentle :- 77-7 : To subdue. n=tamer. Syn :-(a) Mild, tractable, docile, subdued, crushed, meek, flat, vapid. (v) Subdue, conquer, repress. Tamely, ad. महस्त , निकड़ि ना कतिया। [ यांत्र ना । Tameless, a. जालावनीय; याहोत्क त्यांव बानाव Tameness, n. Masia, afişsa ı

Tamor. n. (4 वाकि वन करत ; One who tames.

Taming, w. वनीकत्रव !

Tamper, tamper, v. i. হাত-বে ; হতকেপ-ক : नोडांहांछा-कृ, शोशस अवृहिङकाण काम-कृ; To meddle; try little experiments; to practise serretly :- वितृष्ठ-कु ; भरीका-कु ; शुव-त्म ।

Tamper with—वड़ कांब्रा छात्राहेनाय छहा-कृ: Practise secretly on ; intrigue with -- नह कविवाद या वेकाहेगात व्यक्तिकार इक्टाक्ल-कृ, Meddle with,

with a view to injure or deceive.

Tamperer, n. श्डाक्लकांबी : अवनी-वावशंतकांबी ! Tan, ton, v. t. हम् अवड-कृ ; कव नाशांडेबा नामान প্রত-কু; সংকার-কু, To convert skins into leather: —ভাষবর্ণ-কু; To make tawny; to make brown :- र. शिक्य वर्ग-इ : To become tanned : -n. er grag sia; Bark of oak :- er ainisate लक गारक्य हात ; हारलज बह वा क्य ; Bark burised and broken for tanning : - 314 14, A yellowishbrown color.

Tan-coloured, a. পিবৰ। Tandem, taidem, n. antistista at-cuisai: Driving two horses one before the other :- ad. আগে পিছে করিয়া; অরপক'রাগে; Applied to the position of horses harnessed singly one before the other instead of abreast.

Tang, tang, n. আখাদন; Relish: -তীর আখাদ BE SIR. A strong and offensive taste :- Tria.

Tangency, n. = | | | A contact or touching :- ह्रवित्र दि कान दीरहेत किन्त्र बादक : The part of a knife which is inserted in the handle.

Tangent, n. (व महल दिश बुट्टक न्यूर्न करत कि कर्डन करत ना : न्यांका ; A straight line which touches a circle; but does not cut it. .tangential ( नार्न क्यांबर ; नार्न (बधा-नवसीत )। Fly off at a tangent-To be excited or hasty

in action.

Tangibility, w. - - - - The quality of being

Tangible, tanje-bl, a. व्यक्तिः ; व्यक्तिः । व्यक्तिः । व्यक्तिः । That may be touched or felt; perceptible by the touch; perceptible to the touch; palpable:—यापिकः Real. n=tangibility, tangibleness. ad=tangibly. Syn:—Palpable, perceptible, tactile; substantial, material, real, positive, solid.

Tangle, tang'gi, n. গাঁইট; প্ৰা-প্ৰস্থি; আট; An intricate knot:—v. t. অড়িড-ফু; জড়ান; পেচ-পে; আঁহে কেলা; To entangle; to unite or knit together confusedly; to ensnare:—আক্ল-ফু; To embarass. Syn:—(n) Interweave, interlock, intertwist, mat; complicate; ensnare, entrap.
Tangled, a. ভটন; গাঁইটপড়া; অড়িড।

Tank, tangk, n. প্ৰাৰি ; জলাগৰ; জলাগৰ চতুৰ; A large basin; large cistern for water; a reservoir of water, pond.

Tankard, tangkard, n. বড় পানপাতা; চাকনকাৰ
ৰটী; টুক্নী ৰটী; Large covered jug; a drinkingvessel with a cover. [who tans.
Tanner, taner, n. চৰ্মান্ত্ৰারক ৰুচি, চৰ্মান্ত্ৰার; One
Tannery, taner-i, n. চামড়া প্রস্তুত করিবার কারবানা; বেগানে চর্মান্ত্রার হ্ব; A place for tanning.
Tannic, tanik, a. চ্ণিত ব্যাক সম্পূর্কার বা তছ্ণেত্র;
Of or derived from tan.

Tannin, tanin, n. বুক্ছালের কাথ; কবা উত্তিজনার-বিশেষ; Tanning principle of oak bark &c., an astrigent vegetable su-tance.

Tansy, tahri, n. লতা বিশেষ ; A bitter plant :-পিপ্তক বিশেষ ; A cake.

Tantalise, tanta-liz, v. t. নিরাপ-কু; বিভলনা-কু; বিজল-কু, ননাক্ট-লে; To tease or torment by holding out something enticing and then drawing it back; to disappoint. Syn:—Tease, vex, irritate; provide.

Tantalization, n. আগা দিয়া বিজয়না বা নির্গাদ-Tantamount, tanta-mount, a. সমান; তৎপরি-যিত; সমকল; তুলামূলা; Equivalent; equal in value. Syn:—Equipollent, synonymous.

Tantamount to—তাৎপর্যো একই : Equivalent to. Tan-yard. n. य बात हांगड़ा लहेश बाबा हव : A place where the tanning of skins is carried on. Tap, tap, v. t. अब बावांड-कृ; बारव वार्न-कृ; मङ्ग्रान-क : To strike lightly ; to touch gently :-ঞল বাহির করিবার অক্ত বিদ্ধা কু, ছিত্র করিয়া বাহির-কু; To pierce so as to let out a fluid .- איןוֹן אין निःमात्रगार्थ ( लिनात्र ) क्सि-कृ ; To open a cask and draw off liquor :- v. i. সামাত आयाउ-क ; To give a gentle blow:- n. সামান্ত আবাত; টোকর: পাৰড়া . A gentle blow or touch :— রঙ্গ ; ছিত্র : न्त ; हुनी ; A hole or pipe through which liquor is drawn :- हिनि ; निरमन हिज्ञत्तावक ; क्षेत्र ; A plug to stop a hole or cask :- (नोविक्शन ; A place where liquor is drawn. Syn :- (v) Rap, knock ; broach, pierce; extract.

Tope, n. থিতে; বিভা; A narrow fillet or band.
Tape-line, n. মালিবার কিডা; অরিপের কিডা; A
painted tape used by engineers in measuring.
Taper, táper, n. মোনবাড়ী; A small waxcandle
or light:—কুম বীণ:—কুমণ: কুম্বাগ্রভাগ:— ভ, i.

কৰণ: ক্ষাৰ; কৰে গৰ-হ; To become gradually smaller toward one end:—০. ৫. ক্ষাৰ-ফু; কৰে গৰ-ফু; To make to taper:—a. ক্ষাৰ: ক্ষীৰ্ভ; Regularly narrowed toward the point. Syn:—
(a) Conical, pyramidical.

Tape-ret, n. (मातवात कात्रता ; मान किला । Tapering, a. कमन: मक् , कमन: एम्हीकांकमन्त्रह ;

Growing gradually thinner. ad=taperingly.

Tapestry, tap'es-tri, n. স্চিকাধাবিশিষ্ট বন্ধ; হাডে
ভোলা বিবিৰ চিঅবিশিষ্ট পাৰণা; ব্টালার ভিনন্তরিবী; A
kind of woven cloth for lining walls, beads:

v. t. ভালুশ পাৰণা বাৰা শোভিত-কু; To order with
tapestry.

Tape-worm, tap'wurm, n. An intestinal worm.
Tapicola, n. ভকা ক্ৰা বিশেষ ; Farinaceous food
from cassova.

Tapir, tápir, n. মুলচর্ম ছোট ওঁড়বিশিষ্ট বছ বিশেষ : A thick-skinned hoofed quadruped, resembling the hog but having a short proboscis like the rhinoceros.

Tapis, n. ৰেজের চান্তর; Table cover or tapistry.
On the tapis—বিচার্য বা উপস্থিত বিবরে; বিচার্য; বিবেচ; বিবেচনাত্মলে স্থাপিত; Under discussion or consideration, under consideration.

Tap-room, tap'ioum, Tap-house, tap-house, n. শৌতিকালয়; ওড়ির পোকান; A room where liquor is served from the tap or cask.

Tap-root, n. থাৰাৰ মূল; মূল লিকড়; A root of a plant which penetrates the earth directly downward to a considerably depth without dividing. Tapster, tap'ster, n. উড়ি; দিপা ইইডে মন্য বিশোবক; One who draws off liquor; a publican. Tar, tar, n. আল্কাতারা; ভার; Liquid pitch; substance of a dark color:—মাল্লা; নাবিক; A scaman, a sailor:—n.t. আল্কাতারা মাবান; আল্কাতারা লাগান; To smear with tar. [বৃঁৎকৃতে বানান। To tar and feather a person—কাহাকেও হোলল-Tarantula, tar-antu-ln, n. বিব্যর বৃহৎ মাকড়দা; তালীর বিব্যর মাকড়দা; উপনাত; A large poisonous spider.

Tarazacum, tar-akśa-kum, n. ( উন্ধাৰ্থ ব্যবহৃত)
এক একার উদ্ভিক্ত মূপ; The root of the dandeleon,
used in medicine.

Tardily, ad. बङ्बकारन ; स्मित्रक ; Slowly.

Tardiness, tar'de-nes, n. নীৰ্ত্ৰতা; চিৰকানিতা; Quality of being tardy. Syn:—Slowness, lateness, dilatoriness, procrastination.

Tardy, tar'de, a. [L. tardus, slow] a. দীপুত্ৰী;
মন্থৰ, চিত্ৰকাৰী; বিলম্পিত; চিলা; Sluggish; dilatory; late. n=tardiness. ad=tardily. Syn:—
Slow, slack, dilatory, procrastinating.

Tare, tar, n. वश्च छेडिंग ; वनठावा ; चार्मान ; A weed ; a plant :—निशो-चेन अञ्चित स्थाद टोनकवा सात्तव कर्डा-वान ; बता ; An allowance for weight of a cask or bag &c.

Target, tar'get, n. কুল চাল: A small buckler :-লক্ষ্য ক্রিবার চিহ্ন: শ্রব্য; টাল্মারি: A mark to fire at.
Targeteer, tar-get-er', n. চাল্মারী: চর্ম্বারী বোদ্ধা:
One armed with a target.

Tariff, tarif, n. বাহুলের তালিকা; গুক্রে তক্সিজ; দিন্দিই ব্লোর গুলিকা, Table of charges; a list of duties. Tern, ন. পৰ্যভন্য হোট হুখ ; A small lake among the mountains.

শ্বিশোরি, tar'nish, ত. চ. ক্লাছিত-কু; নিপ্রভ-কু; আনুজ্বল-কু; To soil; to stain; to diminish the lustre of:— চ. i. নিবেল-ছ; নিপ্রভ-ছ; কল্ছিত-ছ; বৰ্ বিগড়ে-ছা; To become dull; to lustre. Syn:— Dim, darken, obscure, spot, taint, blemish.

Tarpaulin, tar-paw'lin, Tarpauling, tarpaw'ling, n. ডেব্ণল্; ত্রিপল, ক্যাবিদ; A tarted cover of coarse canvas:—নাবিক, মালা।

Tarry, târ'e, a. আল্কাডাবার মত , তারমর ; তারমং ; Covered or like tar:—v t. পশ্চাতে থাকা , To stay behind —দেৱি-কু , বিলম্কু; মপেকা কু ; To delay , to loiter. Syn:—Abide, lodge, dwell, sojourn ; linger, delay, wait.

Tart, tart, a. আন ; টক ; Sharp to the taste, sour:—তীক ; তীব ; কৰ্মণ ; Sharp, severe:—n. কলেন মিঠাই ; ক্ল্নি বা কচ্নি বিশেষ , A kind of pie containing fruit, jelly or conserve. Syn —(a) Acidulous, sour, acid; bitter, pungent, biting, harsh, testy, snappish. [religion.

Tartaffe, n. কণ্টা; Hypocritical pretender in Tartan, tar'tan, n. বজিন ভোৱা কাটা পশমী বস্ত্ৰ বিশেষ, Woolen cloth checked with various colours.

Tartar, tartar, n. পিপাৰ পাতে লখ্ন স্থাকটি, স্থা-পৰ্ত পিপাৰ পাতে জাত লবণ বিশেষ, A salt, which forms on the sides of cask, containing wine:— পাতেৰ পাথৰি; A concretion which sometimes forms on the teeth:—ভাতাৰ দেশীৰ বাজি; তীৰ বভাব লোক, A natives of Tartar, an irritable person.

Catch & Tartar—ৰলিট লোকেৰ সহিত কৰাড়া কৰিয়া বিপন্ন-ছ. কাটাগাড়ে গা চুলকাৰ, Encounter a person who proves too strong for the assailant.

The tartar of the teeth—ৰত প্ৰথণ, প্ৰ-শৰ্কা। Tartarous, tar'-tare-us, Tartaroous, tar'tar-us, a. টাটাৰ প্ৰতি বা তৎসৰ্থ, Consisting of or resembling tartar.

Tartaric, tar-tarik, a সরা-মালোৎপর, টার্টার সম্প্স্থার, Pertaining to or obtuined from, tartar.

Tartarus, tarta-rus, n নৰক, Hell —নরকের বেখানে পাণীদেব দণ্ডবিধান করা হব, The place of publishment in Hades, the lower world. a= tartareous (নারকার)।

Tertish, tart.sh, a. নানাস আন ; ইবং তীব ; Somewhat tart.

Tartly, ad. তীক্ষাবে; কর্মনাবে; Sharply.

Tartness, tarines, জ. অসতা; Sourness; acidity
—ভারতা; Keeness. Sym.—Sharpness, acerbity,
pungency, harshness; keenness, poignancy,
asperity.

Task, task, ত. কাব্যের ভার ; অন্ত কর্ত্তক নিজিপ্ত বা আন্ত কাব্য , Business or duty imposed by another; a set amount of work .—কান্ত , আন ; Work , drudgery :—লাঠ ; Le<sub>3</sub>son to be studied : —ত. f. কর্মের ভাব-লে; বাছে কান্ত চাপান ; To impose a task upon ; to oppress with severe work. Syn .—(n) Labour, toil; employment, occupation, undertaking, enterprise; lesson, exercise. Take to task—ভিন্নার-কৃ; অর্থনা-কৃ; Reprove. Task-master, task-master, n. কার্য-নির্মেণক; কাৰ্যে তত্বব্যাহক ; বে কাৰ বাঁতে বা বাঁতে চাপান ; One whose duty is to assign tasks ; one who superintends work.

Task-work, s. Work imposed as a task.

Tassel, tasel, m. রেশনী ৰালা; বেশনের খোণনা; ধোনা; A bunch of silk; hanging bunch of silk; —v. t. ধোণনা খিলা খোভিড-ড়; To adorn with tassels. a=tasselled.

Tastable, a. Till; Relishing.

Taste, tast, v. t. খাদ-ল; আখাদন-ফু: আনুওব-ফু; আবগত-ফু; To try or perceive by the touch of the tongue; relish, feel:—v. i. চাকা; আনুগুত-ফু; To try by the mouth:—n. আবাদন: Tasting:—আখাদ; বাদ: বাদ; ভার; Flavour, relish:—বেচারেশন্তির; রসনা; The sense of tasting:—ফুচি, পছল; অনুরাগ; আসন্তি: Laking:—বিচারশন্তি: Intellectual discernment. Syn:—(n) Savour, gusto, gout; dash, infusion, tincture, sprinkling, fondness, partiality; discernment, judgment, perception, sensibility.

A matter of taste—কৃতিৰ বিষয়; A matter depending on one's personal fancy or liking.

A taste for - जन्मान, A turn for :-- जनका , Power of approcrating.

Bad teste-क्कृति।

Good taste-श्वाहि ।

In good or bad taste—বাহা সাধারণের ভাল বা মল লাগে. In accordance with good use or style or the reverse.

Man of taste—হরচিবিশিষ্ট লোক। Tastos diffor—ভিন্ন কচিদল্পন লোক।

Taste of—কেমন জিনিস ভাষা টের পাওলা; Experience, have perception of. [hking, lked by one. To one's taste—মনেব মত; প্রক্রমনিই, To one's Tasteful, tastifol, a. হ্লাছ, ক্লাচন্ত্র, ক্লাচন্ত্র, ক্লাচন্ত্র, ক্লাচন্ত্র, ক্লাচন্ত্র, ক্লাচন্ত্র, ক্লাচন্ত্র, বালিক, Savoury; having a high relish, iclishing. ad ± tastefully (হ্লের, ক্লিস্কত্রণ); n=tastefulness (বাল্ডা; ক্লিস্কত্রণ); Syn — Toothsome, palatable, elegant, refined.

Tasteless, tastles, a. বাদহান, বিবাদ, পান্দে, Insipid. n=tastelessness. ad=tastelessly.

Taster, n. जाजापक ; हारनपांत्र ।

Tasty, tasti, a. ব্ৰাণণুৰ্, কচিসকত; ব্ৰচিসপন্ন, Full of taste, having a good taste.

Tatter, tater, n. নেকড়া; কানি, ছেঁঢ়া কাগড়; A rag:—v. f. ছিত্ৰ-কৃ. টুক্রা টুক্রা-কু; চিরিয়া কেলা; To rend in pieces.

In tatters—In rags or loose pieces, as a gar-Tattered. ৫. বৰ্জনিত : ভিন্ন , তেড়া

Tattorod, a. ক্ৰানেড; ভিন্ন, (ছড়া।
Tattle, tail, n. ক্ৰেক গল, বালে গল; Idle talk or
chat; babble:—ক. i. ক্লেনা-কু; বুধা কথা কয়।; বছ
বছ ক্রিয়া বলা; বধা বকা, To talk idly; to prate.

ৰড কাৰ্যা বলা; বুৰা বকা, 10 talk fuly; to prate.

Syn:—(v) Prattle, babble, chatter, gossip, bl ib.

Tattler, n. অনৰ্থক গ্ৰহণায়ী; বহুভাষী; লৱনাকাৰী; গ্ৰে
লোক; Babbler.

Tattoo, tat-150, n. চাকের বাদ্য, চড়া-রর; ব ব ছাবে আনরবার্থ তুরীর পথ; A beat of drum giving notice to soldiers to repair to their quarters; call to quarters:—ভিভি; দেহ-বেগা; Figure made by pricking the skin and rubbing colour in:—v. t. ভিভি-দে; ভিভি গ্রা; To maik indelibly, as the skin, with figures by pricking in colouring matter. Taught, pt. and pp. of teach.

Taunt, tawnt, n. bill ; विजय ; देनहान ; Insulting words; scoff; jibe; ridicule; jeer:-v. t. ঠাটা- ক : বিজ্ঞা- ক ; To scoff ; to jeer at. n = taunter (বিজ্ঞপৰারী): a=taunting (বিজ্ঞপান্ধৰ); ad=tauntingly (विज्ञन कतियो )। Syn :-(v) Upbraid, twit, flout, mock, deride, ridicule, revile. Taurine, taw'rin, a. वृदनवारीय ; वृदविक ; Relating to a bull.

Taurus, taw'rus, n. [L. taurus, a bull] वृद्दानि ; व ब्रानिएड क्षांडे मारम पूर्ताय छात्र इब ; The bull, the second signs of the zodiac.

Taut, a. অণিথিনভাবে আকর্ষিত ; Tightly drawn.

Tautalogise, taw-tolo-jīz, v. t. 內面管事; To repeat the same thing or similar words. a=

tautologist.

Tautology, taw-tofo-je, n. [G. tautos, the same, and logos, speech ] अकरे विवयन असास्टाइ পুনকজি , অপুলাপ , পুনকজি ; Needless repetition of the same words or the same meaning in different words. a=tautologic, tautological ( প্ৰ-किंक्क ; भूमक्किनिनिष्ठ ; ममार्थक )। ad=tautologically Syn:-Pleonasm, iteration, redundancy, verbosity.

Tavern, tafern, n. लाइनुह; महाते; मनालांता ; ত ডিখাৰা ; An inn ; house for sale of wines.

Taw, taw, v. f. খেডচর্ম গ্রন্থত-কু; ( চর্ম ) সংকার-কু . To dress leather to make it white; dress and prepare as slain into white leather :- n. (बनाई-बाब वड डांडी वा बार्ट्सन ; A large marble to be [ কাপে। n=tardiness. played with. Tawdrily, ad. बाक-कांकितका वर्गनमुक्तक : अपकान-Tawdry, taw'dre, a. চটকদাৰ . জমকাৰ ; শোভাযুক্ত; खप्रवान ; Showy without taste , gaudily dressed. Syn: - Gaudy, flashy, tinsel.

Tawny, taw'm, a. शिक्त : कशिववर्ग : छाष्ट्रवर्ग : नै 5वर्ष; Of yellowish brown colour. n=tawniness. Tax, taks, n. [ L. taxare, to value ] 图 ; 引河下; ৰয় . টেশুকো; Import levied by government; a rate imposed on property or persons for the benefit of the state; tribute:—ভার; অসুপাদের কাব্যভার, Burden; a burdensome duty:-- নিন্দা; Blame :- v. t. कत रमा ; ७६ अनात पात्री-क ; To levy taxes, to impose a tax on :一电视电子; निना-क ; (शरी-क ; To accuse ; to blame , to lay a burden upon. Syn: -(n) Impost, contribution, duty, toll, rate, assessment, exaction; demand, charge, requisition. (v) Charge, censure; rate, [ (one) with. assess.

Tax (one) with-(कानक्रण जनवार (क्छ्या , Charge Taxable, taksa-bl, a. कत्रावात्रा ; कत्र निद्दात्रवीत्र ; Capable of being or liable to be taxed.

Taxation, taks-ashun, n. कद निव्रश्न : कद्र प्राप्त : টেশ্ৰো আদাৰ ; The act of taxing.

Tax-gatherer - 本系-丙: 出版本; Collector of taxes. Tax-payer, n. Tarioi 1

Tes, n. 5 ; A plant ; the leaves of a shrub :-हा-निष् अन : An infusion of the leaves in boiling

Tes-cansister, n. 51 siferia via; Box for keeping tea intended for regular use.

Teach, tech, v. f. नहां ; त्यान ; निका-त : डेगरनन-

(W; Instruct; impart knowledge of :- e. f. শিক্ষতা-ক : শিক্ষতার কার্যা-ক : To practise giving instruction. pt. and pp=taught. Syn :- Communicate, impart, inculcate, instil, preach; inform, educate, train, school, tutor, discipline; direct, guide, counsel, advise, admonish.

Teach one's grand mother to suck eggs-অনাবস্তক কোন কৰ্ম-কু; To do something superfluous.

Teach the new idea how to shoot—balls-कत्त्व निका-त्य, Teach it how to grew or make progress.

Teachable, techa-bl, a. শিক্ষীৰ; বর; Apt or willing to learn :- FARTS. Capable of being taught. n=teachableness ( चिक्रनीपडां )।

Teacher, techer, n. পিক্ক; অধাপক; আচার্ধা; উপাদেশৰ ; Instructor ; one who teaches ; schoolmaster; one who teaches or instructs. Syn:-Tutor, professor, preacher.

Teaching, teching, n. শিকাদান , অব্যাপনা ; উপ-( Act or business of instructing. Syn:-Education, instruction, breeding, training.

Tes-cup, n. চা পান করিবার পাত্র; চাব পেয়ালা : A vessel from which an infusion of tea is drunk. Toak, tek, n. 内型 引车; A timber tree.

Tea-kettle, n. हा शिक्ष कदिवांत हानी वा शाख । Teal, ােন, নালি হান ; A web-footed water-fowl. Team, tem, n. हलक जब्द कन ; श्रुन ; पूरे वा ভাষ্টেৰিক বুধ বা অব : Two or more horses, oxen or other animals harnessed to the same vehicle: -मन ; शक , अच्छेतार ।

Teamster, temister, n. (বোলিভ অধাণির) বাহৰ; rালক; One who drives a team. driver.

Tea-pot, n. हा शक्क कित्रांत भाव : हा-मान : The kettle or pot having a handle and a spout in which tea is infused.

A tempest in a tea-pot—গোলাদে তুকান। Tea-plant, n. 5 1 1 1 1

Tour, ter, n. अक्षिन ; চকের কল ; Water from the eyes : - তদাকাৰ বস্ত ; Something like a tear. Tear, tar, v. t. विमीन-क . विमावन-क . विज-क : चांडा ; (अम-क; To separate by violence, to rend; shatter, to lacerate :-- v. i. (ৰঙ্গে থাৰিড-ছ: পাগলের মত ছুটিবা বেড়ান: To move or act with violence : —উন্মন্তবং প্রলাপ-কু; To rave : -- দ. বিদা-द्वन : काछन : काछी : A rent. Syn :-Rend, sever, sunder, split , lacerate, claw, mangle.

Crocodile tears—মারা কারা; কৃত্রিম হংব ; Pretended sorrow; false or affected tears; hypocritical tears or sorrow.

Shed tears—5(कर बन (कना ; Weep. Test off-हिंडियां (कर्ता ; উপडिया (कर्ता ; To strip. Tear out-वनपूर्कक होना ; हेर्शहिंड-कृ ; Pull or draw out by violence.

Tear piece meal—basi basi-s; 4646-5; To tear into fragments by pieces.

Tear up-ভाजित्रा (क्ला ; जूलियां (क्ला ; Rip up.

Tears of joy—আনন্দাক। Wear and tear-नावशास्त्र किन ।

Tearful, terfool, a. बक्पूर्ग ; नाक ; Abounding with or shedding tears; weeping. ad-tearfully.

m = tearfulness.

Tearless, ter'les, e. अकरीय ; अक्ष्मण ; नित्रक ; Without tears.

Tesse, tez, v. t. [A. S. faeran, to tease] विश्वक-कृ ; बांगांडन-कृ ; केंखाल-कृ ; To vex ; to harass or annoy :--बाह्याहेडा नाक-इ: To comb :--बाब cetel : Raise a nap. Syn :- Plague, torment, chagrin, irritate, disturb, provoke, tantalize.

Tea-set, Tea-service—চা-পানের পাত্রসমূহের এক क्ष : हा बाहियां म्यूबन महन्नाम ; A complete set of articles for the tea-table.

Tea-spoonful, अ. ठाव टांमट्टब अक मान ।

Tes-spoon-চার চামচ; চা পান করিবার ক্ষুত্র চাম্চে; A small spoon for stirring the sugar which sweetens the tea. [ Nipple.

Test, tet, n. बानव (वीठी ; खनाव ; कदत वीठे ; Tes-table, n. हा भारतद (यस वा छिविन।

Teazle, Teasel, teil, n. एक्ड़ा वा केंग्रिजाइ : উद्धिम विरागव ; A plant :- v. t. ওकड़ा मित्रा जान ভোলা: ভদারা কেনো ভোলা; To raise a nap on with the tease.

Technic, teknik, Technical, teknik-al, n. ব্যবিদ্যাসংক্রান্ত , পারিভাবিক ; শিল্পবিদ্যা সম্বন্ধীর ; বৈজ্ঞা-निक ; बावना-नवकीय ; Pertaining to art, handicraft, mechanics or a particular profession,

Technical education—শিলশিকা।

Technicality, n. शांतिकांविकव ; यत्रविमा मरकान fars; The state or quality of being technical. Technics, tekniks, n. পরিভাষা ; निह्नविमा , कना ;

Technical terms or objects; the doctrine of arts in general.

Technology, tek-nolo-ji, n. निसंबंद : निसंविरयक পুত্ৰক : Treatise on the arts :--ফলাপ্ৰয়ে ব্যবহৃত পারিভাষিক শব্দের ব্যাব্যা; পরিভাষা; An explanation of technical terms. a=technological ( fits-শার সম্বন্ধীয় )। n=technologist (শির্পারে পণ্ডিড)। Tochy, a. बान ; विवृंबिट ; Peevish.

Ted, ted, v. t. क्वांपि एक कतिवांव कक इंडांन ; यान खकाहितात बच्च इड़ाहिया-(प ; To spread out grass for [ of thanks-giving. drying. To Down, n. ধর্মসীত ; ঈশ্ব-ভোত্র বিশেব ; Hymn Tedious, te'de-us, n. द्राविकनक; द्रमन्दिक; क्ट्रेक्द : विद्क्षिक्द ; Tiresome ; wearisome ; irksome. ad=tediously ( কেশাৰ্ক্লাৰ)! n=tediousness ( ( अन्यापक्ष )। Syn :-Wearisome, dreary, prosy, prolix; sluggish, slow, protracted.

Tedium, te'di-um, n. pife , feaferent : (ge-भावका : वावि . Wearisomeness ; irksomeness. Teem, tem, v. i. [ A. S. tyman, teman, to produce ] अर्जवठी-इ ; Be pregnant --- कमशायन- क ; Be fruitful : - পরিপুর্ণ- ह. यरपष्टे- ह, To be full or prolific : - প্রস্ব-কু; বিশ্বাব ; To bring forth :--त्रनिष्ठ बांकू बांत्रा पूर्व-कृ : यूष्टि रुट्टेंट छाला । Syn :--Bear, produce; conceive; be prolific, abound, be full. [ with.

Teem with- [वचन काक]; Be full of; abound Teemful. c. गर्डिनी :-- পরিপূর্ব।

Teeming, teming, a. वहकन अनवनाती : Prolific. Syn:-Pregnant, fruitful; full, fraught, replete, abundant, swarming, numerous.

Teemless, e. क्यां ; अपूर्वापक !

Tooms, tenz, n. pl. >৩ वरमञ्ज हरेएक छन्दिरम वर्ष भ्रदाष बान : Between 13 and to years old.

In one's teens--- नावालकावहां , नावालकावहां कुड मार्डे अमन वरत्मत ( कान्एकत (ही एवं ), Under age. Out of one's teens—नारालकारण शांद क्षेट्ल : Past a nou-age. [ वश्मरत्त्व भरवा श्रांको । To be in one's teens—নাবাৰৰ বাকা; উৰিশ Teeth, m. pl. of tooth ; wenge !

Armed to the teeth-neg neg !

By the skin of one's teeth- नवड (बांबाईडा : Having nothing or next to nothing :- " The MICHAE बन्न ; Very narrowly. [ fully.

Cast in the teeth-年 ; Retort reproach-Cut one's teeth-From the win : Put forth one's teeth.

Fling (throw or east) in one's teeth-4044 উপরে কিছু বলিয়া কাহাকে অপদৃত্ব ও অগুভিক্তকু : Taunt or insult one with (something).

In spite of the teeth—aisi sive; we eight नरपुत्र ; Notwithstanding threats expressed ; in defiance of opposition,

In the teeth—বাধা দৰে ; In direct apposition. In the teeth of—कान नान नित्र अनुदर शांकित्जर , Directly against; in the face of; in direct apposition to.

Set the teeth on edge—গাঁত নিড নিড-কু; Affect the teeth with a disagreeable sensation :- #17-E; Irritate one extremely.

Show the teeth—ভীত-কৃ; তর দেখান; গাত वाहित-क : Threaten :-- विद्यापाहतन सक वाहित इटेगा আসা . Come forward to show a hostile attitude. Teething, n. निखब परकानाम ; बूरव माँउ डेर्डन ।

Toetotaler, n. य गांकि कान अकांत्र मामक अवा वायहांत्र करत ना : मानक भानीत भतिवर्ड्डनकांती : One pledged to entire abstinence from intoxicating drinks. Toetotalism, n. मगापित्र मन्त्र्यूर्व পৰিবৰ্জ্জन।

Teototum, n. বাগকের ক্রীড়া-কন্মুক বিশেষ ; লাঠিম। Togument, teg'u-ment, n. [ L. tego, to cover ] व्यक्तिन ; व्यक्तिन ; An integument :- 5% ; हान ; va; The external covering.

Tolegram, n. माइडिक म वाद ; छाडिछ-वाडी : A

message sent by telegraph.

Telegraph, n. সক্ষেত দাবা দুরে সংবাদ প্রেরণের উপায় ब् क्त ; Electrical or other instrument or apparatus for conveying intelligence to a distance :- p. f. ভারে বা সভেতে সংবাদ প্রের-ক: To convey or announce by telegraph. ctelegraphic.

Electric telegraph, n. ভাডিত বাৰ্তাবহ। Telegraphic, a. তাড়িডবার্ছাব্য সম্বনীয় : সাঙ্গেতিক ; ভড়িং বারা প্রেরিড ; Pertaining to, or communicated by telegraph.

Tolographist, te-leg'ra-fist, n. (व ठाफिठ वार्जावर ব্যু স্ট্রা কাল করে; One who works a telegraph. Telegraphy, tel-eg'ra-fi, n. তাড়িত বিজ্ঞান : তাডিত বার্তাবহন সম্বন্ধীয় বিজ্ঞান; The science or art

of constructing telegraphs. Teleology, n. উদ্দেশবিদা ; বে শারে স্টর উদ্দেশ কারণ নির্মাপত হয় ; The science of the final cause

of things. a-teleological, ad -teleologically. Telephone, tele-fon, n. मूत्रक्षन यह ; त्व यह यह উচ্চাৱিত শব্দ पूर्व ध्वितिल इत ; An instrument for reproducing sound at a distance by the aid of electricity.

Telescope, tele-skop, n. पृत्रवी4; पृत्रवीका ; An optical instrument for seeing objects at a distance. a=telescopic, telescopical (गूत्रवीन नवकोत)। Tall, tel, v. f. 司司; 平司; To utter; to speak: माथा-इ : अक अक क्षिया माथा-इ : To count : to number :-- जानान ; आफ-न ; To inform :-- नर्न-F; Utter in detail; relate; recount, narrate: —नत्त्रांत-त्त्र ; Report in form :--नाना-न ; To explain :-- ब्राह्बान ; निन्द-कु ; To discern :--भारतन-इ ; To order :- क. i. क्षिकांत्री-ह ; क्रालांद-भागन-इ : To have effect :-- नःवान-(न : To make report. pt. and pp=told. Syn :- Reckon; express, state, mention; communicate, impart, reveal, disclose, inform, acquaint; repeat, rehearse, recite, narrate; make out, distinguish. Tell after-भूनकांत्र वना ; Repeat. Tell again-প्नकांत्र बना ; Recount. Tell against-काहात विकास-या ; अधिकृतन-या ; अधि-कल शिक्षान : Have effect against ; go against. Tell by-त्वान किছू व्हेट्ड विठात-कृ ; Judge from. Tell for-काहांत्र अनुकृत्व वना ; काहांत्र नगरक वना ; { quire no explanation. Count in favour of. Tell its own tale—वांचा बांदक्क करत ना : Re-Tell of -- कांड-क ; উল্লেখ-ক ; বৰ্ণনা-ক ; Inform. Tell off-पन इट्रेंट पृथक कवित्रा कांन कार्या भागन ; Detach :-- नृशक कतिश कांडज़न, Utter or recite in detail :-- वना ; To give utterance to :-- त्रन्ता-F. Count or divide as a number of men for a [ referring to memory. particular duty. Tell off hand-swatts and; Relate without Tell on or upon-हानिसनक-इ: निवास कहे-ए: चाडाक कहे (क्रशा वा नहे-कू; क्य-कू; Injure : produce a markedly injurious effect on; have effect upon , injure. Tell over--- नाना-क ; Reckon or count over. Tell tales - बकाइन रहा ; अनर्थक कहा ; To communicate information officiously. Tell tales out of school—98 विश अकान-7;

Betray secrets.

Toll to one's face, or one's teeth-मूल्ब সাৰ্থে বলা : Tell in direct open opposition. Tell well-कार्याकाबी-इ : Have a good effect.

Tellas, s. The earth personified.

Teller, teler, m. क्षक ; जननाकांत्री ; One who counts; one who enumerates; a clerk who receives and pays money.

A fortune-teller, স. গণক ; গণনাকারী। [ tive. Telling, a. क्लक्षक ; क्रांशिक ; क्षप्रवाही ; Effec-Tell-tale, tel-tal, #. अगातव गूक क्यांत्र तहनाकाती; द वाक्ति जनावत अध विवय जकावनं क्षकान-कृ; मान्दर-হারক; গরে; পরচর্জাকারক; One who officiously tells the private concerns of others.

Tolluric, tel-turik, a. পृथिवी मयसीव : भार्षिव ; cela; Partaining to or proceeding from the [ metal.

Tollurium, tel-lu'ri-um, n. Sooty facety; A Temerity, te-mer'i-ti, n. [L. temere, by chance ] বৌরারভামি; অবিমৃতকারিতা; উত্বভা: Rashness; heedlessness: - ছ:বাহব; অসমবাহন; Unreasonable contempt for danger.

Temper, temper, n. [ L. temperare, from . tempus, time ] देवर्ग ; देवर्ग ; मत्यत्र व्ययाख्या ; मत्यत হিয়তা; Calmness; moderation:—শারীক্রিক বা यानिजिक व्यवद्या ; The state of body :-- अरमह अनुष ; क्लाबाबि ; Passion :-- विकित्र क्रावित श्रवानिविभारि विकार ; विक्रम भारति वासीविक मिन्नन; Due mixture of contrary qualities:—ৰভাৰ; বেছাল; প্ৰকৃতি; Constitution of mind :-- বাছাদির ক্রিন্ডা; The state of a metal, as to its hardness :- v. t. যিত্রিত-কু; উপবৃক্ত বাত্রায় বিভিত-কু; To mingle in due proposition; to mix so that one qualifies the other :- मिनाइन धकावास्त्र-कृ; क्रनास्त्र-कृ; To modify by mixture :--নামন-কু; কোমল-কু; প্ৰশ্বিত-इ ; To moderate ; to soften ; to calm :-- नवा-পরিমাণে कविन-कृ; To bring to a proper degree of hardness : -- উপৰ্ক-কৃ। Syn :-- (n) Temperament, disposition, constitution; frame, mood; composure; anger, passion, heat, irritability. (v) Qualify; adapt, adjust, accommodate; mollify, assuage, moderate, restrain.

Be out of temper-(भवाव नंदन-ए : (सवाव विश्वधिता : Be in a passion or irritation : lose equanimity of mind.

In a fit of temper-sites viels

Lose temper—रेप्स होतान ।

Show temper নাৰ অকাশ-কু; রাগ বা বিরজিভাব धन्।-क ; Manifest irritation.

Temperament, temper-a-ment, n. apsi; বভাব; Disposition :-- আভাৱর প্রকৃতি; Internal constitution :-- শিক্তাদি খাতু।

Bilious temperament—গৈতিক গাড়।

Nervous temperament—বারবিক বাড়; বারু-व्यश्नेन शोष्ठ । [ment-दिश्विक श्राकृ । Phlegmatic (or lymphatic) tempera-Temperance, temper-ans, अ. विভाहांत्र ; अरवि-ठाहांत : शानत्काममाधित नत्यम ; Moderation ; abstinence from intoxicating drinks. Syn:-Sobriety, soberness, self-control; calmness, sedateness; chasteness, continence; abstinence. Temperance society, #. मगापि भान-निरांत्री সভা বা সমাল; Fellowship of parties pledged to abstain from spirits.

Temperate, temper-at, a. সম; পরিমিত; মধ্যম-রূপ; মাঝারি; নাতি শীডোক: Moderate in degree : नैकन ; Cool :-- धोत ; दित्र ; ठीला ; नास ; Calm :--সংৰত : বিভাচাৰী ; Sober ; abstemious ; continent. ad - temperately ( नांड जार )। #=temperateness (সমতা; ছিরভা; মিতব্যবহার)। Syn:-Sober, frugal; chaste; calm, dispassionate; mild.

Temperate sone—जनमञ्जा

Tempered, a. কোনও প্রকৃতিসম্পন্ন ; :--পাইন দেবলা 🕻 Temperature, tem-per-a-tur, n. 43931 3434-ভার পরিমাণ ; শীতাতপের অবহা বা পরিমাণ ; ভাগমান ; Degree of heat and cold :--প্ৰকৃতিৰ অবহা ; বাজা-विकडाव ; Constitution.

High temperature—ৰভাৰ উভাপ।

Tempest, tempest, n. वस ; वाला ; कुकान ; Violent storm :- শতগোল ; হালামা ; Any violent commotion. Syn :- Gale, squall, burricane, tornado; agitation, perturbation, tumult, excitement, outbreak.

Tempest in a teapot—नायां व विदय नहेंची महा লোলবোৰ: বোপাৰে কুকাৰ; Much fuss about a trifle; violent agitation about a trifling matter. Templar, templar, ম. বৰ্ণবোদ্ধা বিশেষ; One of c religious military order; knight of the temple of Jerusalem:—উকীল; আইনপাঠী ছাত্ৰ; বাবছা বিশাখাবী ছাত্ৰ; Lawyers or students living in the temple; a student of law living in the temple London.

Temple, templ, \*\*. মন্দির : দেবালর ; দির্জা ; A place of worship in honour of some God; an edifice erected to a deity — সভন নগরের ব্যহার শাস্ত্র বা আইনের বিদ্যালয়ছব ; In London, two inns of Court:—রূপ ; কপালের পার্যহয় ; The flat side of the forehead.

Temporal, tempo-ral, a. পার্থিব; ইছিক; অনিত্য; Worldly:—কপাব্যস্থনীব; Pertaining to the temples of the head. Syn:—Mundane, terrestrial, secular; finite, transient, flecting, temporary.
Temporal bone—করোটার পার্ব ও অবঃপ্রদেশহিত
অন্ধ্রি

Temporality, ম. সাংগারিক লাভালাভ , What pertains to temporal welfare :—pl. বালকগণের আৰু , দেবান্তব ভূমির আর ; Revenues of an ecclesiastic preceeding from lands, tithes, and like.

Tamporary, tempor-ar-ı, a. কৰ্ণকাল্যায়ী; কৰ্-যায়ী, কৰিক, অহায়ী, অচিন্নয়ায়ী; Transient. ad= temporarily. n=temporariness. ad=temporarily ( আক্রানের কক্ষ্ণ; fleeting ).

Temporise, tempor-iz, v. i. অবছা বুরিবা বাবহা-ক; To yield to circumstances:—সমরাপুরাবী-ছ; নমরোচিত বাবহার-ক; To be a time-server:—বিলয়-ক; To delay. n=temporizer ( সমরদেবী বাজি )। Tempt, tempt, v. t. প্রীকা-ক; To test; to put to trial:—প্রক্-ক; কুপ্রবৃত্তি-কে; প্রনোভিত-ক; To entice; to seduce; lure. Syn:—Try, prove; entice, allure, attract, decoy, seduce, inveigle; incite, instigate, provoke; incline, dispose.

Tempt God.—ইৰবের কোণে পড়া; Provoke the anger of God.

Temptation, tem-táshun, n. আলোভৰ; বৰকাৰোঁ অৰ্ডনা; পাপানজি; The act of tempting enticement to evil:—পদ্মকা; Trial. Syn:—Allurement; bribe, bait, lure, decoy, trial. [ স্বেব্ৰ-নু ৷ Resist or withstand temptation—লোভ Tempter, temter, n. সম্ভান; কুম্বুভিত্ব উত্তেজক; One who tempts the devil. fem=temptress.

Tempting, tenting, a. आनावनकात्री ; विस्तादन . आनावनकात ; आकर्षक , Adapted to tempt or entice ; attractive adetemptingly.

Ten, ten, a. ম্বৰ, মৰ, Twice five:—n. ম্ব সংবা), ম্বটা ; A figure denoting ten unites.

Ten to one শ্ৰ অন্তৰ, একাৰুণাতে দশবাৰ; Most unlikely:—নিকৰ; Undoubtedly. [ দশাস্থা । দশাস্থা ।

Tenable, teha-bl, a. গাঁগ্য; গর্কা; রক্ষীর, রক্ষিকা; ক্ষানীয় ; Capable of being held or retained; capable of being kept defended, Tennotonn, te-nashe-us, a. [ L. tenax, tenacis, from tenece, to hold ] চট্ডটো; চট্টটো; আটাব; বিয়ানেজঃ adhesive:—ছিরমতিজ; নাডোবোলা; Pertinacious:—বারশক; Retentive:—বক্তরে; Stubborn:—সংলগ্নক; Apt to stick. #=tenaciousness (বিকালাভিদ্যা)। ad=tenaciousness (বিকালাভিদ্যা)। ad=tenaciousness (বিকালাভিদ্যা)। ad=tenaciousness (বিকালাভিদ্যা)। Sym:—Adhesive, sticky, viscous; obstinate, stubborn.

Be tenacious of—হাড়িতে অনিভূক-হ, Cling first to; be willing to quit.

Tonacity, te-nase-te, ম. সংলগ্নীলভা; অভ্যাগৰ্ণৰিভা; Glutinousness, the state of being tenacious:— হিরপ্রভিজা; অভ্যানীয়ভা; করিনভা; Pertinacity:— ধারণাশক্তি; Retentiveness. Syn:—Tenaciousness; adhesiveness, cohesiveness, toughness; stubbornness, obstinacy.

Tenancy, tehan-si, ন. রার্ডি সর্ব ; ভাড়া ; জনা : ভাড়াটিরা বারণা বা বাটা ; A tenure ; temporary holding of land or property.

Tonant, tehant, n. অহা; রাইরড; ভাড়াটিয়া; বাসকারী; One who holds or possesses land or house under another; farmer dweller:—v. i. অহা বরূপে অধিকার-কৃ; ভাড়া বঙ্গা; To hold as a tenant.

A tenant at will-stand and

Tenantable, tenant-a-bl, a. বাসবোগ্য: সোত-বোগ্য: Fit to be tenanted.

Tonantless, tenant-les, a. প্রদা-বিহীন; পালি, অন্বিকৃত; Without a tenant; unoccupied.

Tenantry, tenant-ri, ж. প্রজাবর্গ , প্রজাসমূত ; ब्राडेयड नकन ; The body of tenants. [fish. Tonoh, tensh, n. nes वित्नव ; A fresh water Tend, tend, v. f. रक्-म : मरनारगांग-क : (मधांखना-क ; To hold or take care of :-- রক্ষার্থ সঙ্গে-বা; সঙ্গী-ই : To attend on ; to accompany .— হেপালাত ক ; बका-क ; To guard :- o. i. कान निरक भगन-क ; काम मिरक हमा वा बूंका; To move in a certain direction :-- সাহায্য-ক ; সহায়তা-ক ; To contribute : -- উপায় स्त्रल कांश-क: गांधनां क्ल-क: **উ**लाय ह: To be directed to any purpose :-- नाका-क ; To aim. Syn -- Watch, guard, keep, protect, nurse, manage; wait, serve, attend; incline, [ towards. lean, verge; conduce, lead to. Tend to-वाहेवाब त्यांक वा ठीन बाका : Move or go Tendency, tenden-se, स. अधिआव ; (बीक ; প্রবৃত্তি; পতিপ্রবৃত্তা; Inclination; drift:—লকা; Aim. Syn :- Leaning, determination, proneness, proclivity, bias, liability, course.

Tender, tender, a. [F. tendre, to stretch]
মৃদ্ধ; নরম; কোমল; মুকুমান্ধ; Soft; delicate:—
কুর্মল; Weak; feeble:—দরালু; দরালি ভাবিনিট্ট;
কোনলাপ্তকেরণ; ক্যান্তিল; Compassionate, kind:
—প্রের; Dear:—সনম; পরস্থাংক কাজর; Pitiful:—
ক্ষরমন্ধ; Young:—নত্র; পাছ; Midd:—ম্প্রতীর:
Scrupulous:—দরালির উত্তেককারী; করণাজনন;
দরার্জ; Pathetic:—ত্রীবং:—ক্রমারক —ক্ষান্তিক;
নার্জারক:—ন. প্রভাব, An offer or proposal for acceptance:—প্রভাবিত বিষয়; দিবার আভাব; মারা প্রদান্ত্রনার প্রভাবিত হল; The thing offered:—মুন্ত কার্যনার বাব; A simall vessel that attends a larger with stores:—Carriage with fuel water &c. attached to a locomotive:—v. f. প্রথবি-কৃ;

লিতে চাৰো; পৰিবহাৰ উপস্থিত-ড়; To offer for acceptance; present for acceptance:—সমান-ড়; To esteem; regard.ad—tenderly. n=tenderness. Syn:—(a) Frail; infantile; sensitive, susceptible; humane, merciful, pitiful; affecting, touching; painful, disagreeable. (v) Offer, present, prefer, propose.

Legal tender—बारेनान्याद्री त्व ७ अस्त्रीय मूजा।

Tender for-Bid for a contract.

Tender one's resignation—কৰ্মতাগ-ৰ ; Re-

sign by giving the proper notice.

Tender-hearted, tender-harded, a. কোমলান্ত:-করণবিশিষ্ট; কোমলজনর; দরালু; দরালীল; Full of feeling. [tifully; kindly. Tenderly, ad, বেহপুৰ্বক; সদৰভাবে; সম্বৰ্গনে; Pi-Tender-mercies—দরা; Compassion:—নিচুরভা; Cruelty (ironical).

Tenderness, tender-nes, n. কোমসতা; State or quality of being tender:—বেহৰীলতা; সমাস্তা; Kudness:—অপুএই; Mercy. Syn:—Delicacy, softness; weakness, feebleness; soreness, sensitiveness; pity, clemency, humanity; carefulness, caution.

Tendinous, a. निवान ; Sinewy.

Tendon, tendon, n. ৰিবা, পেৰী-বন্ধ; A sinew. Tendril, tendoil, n. নতা-ভন্ধ, পুঁৱা, A slender spiral shoot of a climbing plant:—a. অধিয়োহী, আলিয়নশীল, Clasping or climbing.

Tenebrous, tene-brus, a. ভ্ৰমণাচ্ছন্ত , ভিমিরাচ্ছন্ত ; অনকারমন্ত ; Dark ; gloomy.

Tenement, tenc-ment, n. বাসবাটী; বসতবাটী. ভ্ৰাসৰ, বাসাবাড়ী; A dwelling or habitation or part of it. a=tenemental.

A tenement house—বে বাটা ভাডাটিরাদিগের জন্ত মূদ্র মূদ্র অংশে বিভক্ত হয়।

Tonesmus, n. (44; A constant desire to go to sto)l without straining, but no discharge.

Tonet, tenet, n. [L. tenet, he holds] ম.
নত্ত বনিবা অবন্ধিত মত; প্ৰামৰ্শ; বিধাস; ব্যৱসা;
Dogma, principle; opinion:—Any opinion, or
doctrine, which a person maintains as true.
Syn:—Doctrine, belief, maxim, creed.

Tenfold, tehioid, a. দণগুৰ; Ten times more.
Tennis, n. tehis, n. ক্রাড়া বিশেব; টেনিল বেলা,
A game in which a ball is driven by a tacket.
Tenon, n. কাঠেব আল, ইহা বাঙে গতাইয়া একথণ্ড কটি
অগন্ন বাঙে জোড়া বাঙ্গ; A projection at the end of a piece of wood inserted into a cavity called a mortise of another, to unite two together:—v.
t. আল কনিয়া বা বাজিয়া জোড়া; To fit with tenons.
Tenor, tehor, n. [L. tenor, from tenere, to hold] অভিযান; তাৎগর্য; অর্ব; ভাব; ব্রন; Purport, drift:—মান্তব্যক্ষ প্রবেন উচ্চন্তন; Highest kind of adult males voice. Syn:—Course, way, manner, fashion, tone, tendency, character: meaning, intent, sense, spirit, gist.

Tense, tens, \*. কালখুচক ক্রিয়াপণ; কালবাচক বিভক্তি; কাল; The form of a verb by which time is expressed.

Tense, a. বিভারিত : কবা ; কড়া : আপিছিল . Stretchcd . strained to stiffness ; not flax :—শক্ত ; ৰুড় ; ক্টিল ; Rigid. n=tenseness, tensity. ad=tensely.

Tensile, teńsil, Tensible, teńsi-bi, a. প্ৰসাৰ-বীয় : প্ৰসাৰ্থ্য : ৰাহা টালিয়া ৰাড়াৰ বাইজে পালে : Capable of being stretched.

Tension, teńshun, #. প্রদারণ ; বিভান : টান টান অবস্থা : The act of stretching :—উদ্যুদ্ধ ; প্রয়াস ; প্রবল চেষ্টা : মানসিক চেষ্টা : Effort.

A tension bridge—গ্ৰুকাকৃতি টাবা প্ৰ। Tensity, n. কাঠিয় : Tenseness,

Tensor, tensor, n. প্রসারণীর মাংসাপী; A murcle that stretches; a muscle that tightens apart.

Tent, tent, ম. ভাষু; ভাবু; পটাবাস: A portable lodge of canvas:—পলিতা; A plug or roll of lint used to dilate a wound or opening in the flesh:—ত. t. ভাষু বারা আন্তামন-কু; To cover with tents:—পলিতা বারা পরীকা-কু বা খোলা রাখা; To probe; to keep open with a tent.

Pitch a tent—ভাবু খড়িল; Fix a camp firmly in the ground. [Remove a tent; depart. Strike a tent—ভাবু উঠাইবা লঙয়া; চলিয়া বাওয়া: Tentacle, n. শ্রা; কটিাদির আকর্ষা; A feeler; a thread like organ of certain insects for feeling or motion. a=tentacular.

Tentative, a. গরীকাম্লক; পরীকারনীর, Experimental. [of experiment. Tentatively, ad. পরীকার্থ; পরীকারলে; By way Tented, tenred, a. ভাব্ হারা আঞ্চাদিত; পটনতবন্দাবৃত; Covered with tents.

Tenter, n. বস্থ অসারণের থাকড়া; A machine for stretching cloth on by hookes.

Tenter-hook, ». বক্ত কাটা বিশেষ।

Be on the tenter-hook—সটাৰ হইলা থাকা; বিপদগ্ৰত বা ভূডাবৰাগ্ৰত-ছ; Be on the stretch; be in suspense or anxiety. [ place.

Tenthly, ad. গৰা থকার; গৰাবত:; In the tenth Tenth, n. গৰাবাৰ; Tithe:—a. গৰাব; The last of ten; next in order after the ninth. ad - tenthly. Tent-maker, n. তাব্-প্ত কোরী।

Tent-peg, n. जानूब (बीहि) ।

Tenuity, tehu-te, n [L. tenuitas, from tenuis, thin] স্বাত ; তহুতা ; কীণতা ; বিৰলতা ; Rarity ; thinness; slenderness. Syn:—Fineness, exility, rareness, subtility.

Tenuous, a. সৃদ্ধ; পাতলা; Thin.

Tonure, tehur, n. জোত, জনা; Holding:—তোগ-দ্থল; ভোগাধিকার। [ king luke-warm. Tepefaction, n. ইবং উক ক্ষণ; The act of ma-Tepefy, tepe-li, v. t. ঈবং উক-কু; কিছু গ্রন-কু To make warm. n=tepefaction.

Topid, a. কুখন কুখন ব্যন ; কাৰ উক ; Lukewarm ; moderately warm. n=tepidness, tepidity ( ছবং কিন্তা )

Teraphim, n. গৃহ-দেবতাগণ; Household deties. Teratology, n. অভুত প্ৰদৰ বিজ্ঞান। a=teratologic. Terce, téro, n. Same as Tierce.

Terebene, n. তার্পিণ তৈল বিশেষ।

Terebinth, ter'c-binth, n. তাৰ্পি বৃক্ষ; The terpent-tree.

Terebrate, v. t. ছিল্ল-কু; Perforate. [worm. Teredo, n. কাঠ কীট: কাঠতেলী কীট: The ship-Tergiversation, ter-h-ver-sashun, n. বাৰ্ছৰ; চল; বাৰ বাৰ্য প্ৰয়োগ: চপলতা, A shift; a shifting; an evasion; fickleness of conduct. Torm, term, n. निकिष्ठ नगर ; मिक्रनिक कोन ; Any limited period :- अवि ; नीवा ; त्वव ; अब ; Limit ; abound :-- नक्षपत्तव मधावली अवासन : कान : Time of a course of lectures or teaching :- (4 नदा আদানত বোলা থাকে; The time during which the courts of law are open :-- बाजनां विवाद किवाद दिन : Certain days on which rent is paid: - 14; www: That by which a thought is expressed; a word or impression :-- जत्का अव आत् : Part of a syllogism :-- (বীলগণিতে) রাশির অংশ; A member of an algebraical compound quantity: -जीमा; Boundary:--pl. नितम; कतात; नर्ख; Conditions :-- নিরূপিত মূলা ; Stipulated price :--. t. नाम-क ; काबगा-तक ; नाम तक्ता ; वना ; Designate; call; name. Syn :- (n) Confine, border; time, season, period; word, expression, name. (v) Denominate, call, style, entitle.

Be on good or had terms with—কাহারৎ সহিত সন্ধান বা অসম্ভাব বাকা; Be at peace with or not at peace with.

Be on terms of friendship—বৰুত্বের ভাবে অব-Bring to terms—মিট্নাট করান; সম্বভ বা বলবর্ত্তা হইতে বাবা-কু; Cause to come to an agreement.

Come to terms—মিট্মাট্-কু; ল্বে বনা; Come to an agreement:—সন্ধি স্থাপন-কু; বিবাদ মিটান; Make peace.

Couched in terms—ক্ষায় প্রকাশিত ; ভাষ্যুক্ত ক্ষায় বাস : Expressed in language ; stated in some kind of language.

In no measured terms—বা মুখে আনে তাই বলিয়া, In strong language; in immeasurably strong and vehement language.

Keep on good terms with - 273 3141; Maintain friendship with.

Keep terms—কোন নিশিষ্ট কানের বন্ধ কানেকে হাজিয়া-দে; Attend the lectures given in a college or university for a certain period.

Keep terms with—কোন কিছুর সহিত মিল রাখিছা চলা; Act in conformity with.

Make one's own terms—নিজে প্রবণ বলিয়া নিজে বে সর্ভে সিট্মাট্ করিতে রাজি তাহা বলা; Dictate the conditions under one would make peace or grant respite. [ment.

Make terms—মিট্নাট্-ক; To come to an agrec-On equal terms—সমান সমানের মত; As an equal:—তিক মত্ত কাহার স্থার; On a footing of equality with; in exactly the same manner as: —With equal chances of success. (ship.

On friendly terms—বন্ধভাবে; সভাবে; Friend-Termagant, n. ধাৰলা রমষ্ট ; উল্লেখা নারী; কল্ড্-ধিৰা নাই; A brawling woman:—A boistcrous woman; a shrew:—a. ধাৰলা; উল্লেখা; Boistcrous; howling. n=termagancy (turbulence).

Terminable, termin-a-bl, a. বাহার শেব হইতে পারে: অন্ত করণীয়; স্থাপনীয়; That may bound or lunit.

Terminal, termin-al, a. we; week; weeks; Pertaining to or forming the end or extremity. Syn:—Limiting, bounding; final, ultimate.

Terminate, termin-Et, v. t. সীমাৰছ-ড়; সীমা-ড়; বন্ধ-ড়; To bound; to set the boundary:—লেছ-ড়; নমাণন-ড়, সম্পূৰ্ণ-ড়, To end, to finish:—v. t.

CTT-E; To end: To close. Sym:-Limit; conclude, close, complete, finish.

Termination, term-in-2shun, s. পেৰ কলা; The act of ending: — নীবা; Limit: —পেব; আছ; পেৰ ভাগ; End: —কল; Result. a=teminational ( নীক দৰ্শীর বা নীবাস্চক)। Sys: —Ending, completion; bound, period; conclusion, issue.

Terminative, termin-at-iv, a. 194 444 444; guit ; Tending to terminate or determine; absolute.

Terminology, ter-min-olo-ji, Termonology, ল. পরিভাবা ; Discourse or treatise on terms :— নামাদি ; সংজা-প্রকরণ ; Nomenclature.

Terminus, ter-min-us, n. শেব: অন্ত: সীনা:
The end; boundary:—লোহবর্দ্ধের অন্ত বা আদি:
নোহবর্দ্ধের সীনা; One of the extreme points of
a railway:—লুমপের শেব; End of a journey:—
মনুবের উত্তর্গানের প্রতিরূপ। pl-termini.

Tern, n. water vimfacua; A sca-lowl.

Ternary, ter-nar-i, s. বিত্তা, আৰক, Threefold; proceeding by threes; consisting of threes:—
স. তিব ৩৭; তিব সংখ্যা; বিসংখ্যা; The number three.

Tarnate, ter'nমt, a. জিখা; জিখভিড; জ্যাবভিড; Three-fold or arranged in threes.

Terrs, n. बहा ; পृथियो ।

Terrs-alba, n. (वड वृहिका विस्पर ।

Torrace, ter'as, n. সমত্ৰ চাৰ; Flat roof:— ষ্ট্ৰের বেণী বা উচ্চ চিৰি; Any raised flat place:— সূহ্যেণী:—রাডা:—ত. i. চিৰি বা চাৰ্বিশিষ্ট কু, To form into a terrace.

Terra-Cotta, ter'a-kot'a, গ. দ্ব সুত্তিকা; Baked Terra firma, গ. কটিন জ্মী; তক্নো ভালা; তক জ্মী; Solid earth; main land; continent.

Terra incognito, n. অহানিত দেশ, অপ্লাত স্থান; অনাৰিকৃত দেশ; Unknown land.

Terraqueous, ter-fikwe-us, a. [ I.. terra, earth, aqua, water ] জলহলমহ; ছল ও এল সপায়; Consisting of land and water.

Terreen, ter-en, n. A largedish or vessel for holding soup at table; less common form of tureen. [earthly, terrestrial.

Torrone, ter-eh, a. পাৰ্থিৰ, ৰুডিকাম্ম; Eurthy; Torrostrial, ter-estre-al, a. [L. terrestris, from terra, the cauth] পাৰ্থিন, ভূচৱ, ইছিক; সামান্ত্ৰিক; Pertaining to the earth:—n. পৃথিনী বানী; An inhabitant of the earth. Syn:—(a) Sublunary, mundanc, worldly.

Terrible, ter'e-bl, a. ভরানক; জীনণ; জনাবছ; Extreme awful; horrible; dreadful:--আন্তডিক। n≃terribleness (জীবপুডা; dread, horror). ad-terribly (জনমুক্তেশ; আচাৰ)। Syn:--Terrific fearful, frightful, horrible, shocking.

Terrier, ter'i-er, s. युत्र क्रूब क्रिक ; Small dog that pursues animals to their burrow.

Terrifio, ter-rifik, a. enine; elan, enan; Terrible; dreadful.

Torrify, ter'e-fi, v. t. জীত-তৃ; পৰিত-তৃ; ভদ্ধ প্ৰথম-তৃ; To frighten greatly; to alarm; to shock with fear. Syn:—Dismay, scare, horrify, appal, daunt, intimidate.

Terretorial, a. 444-4444, Pertaining to a

territory :- ater ; aie; neale ; Limited to a district. ed-territorially.

Territory, ter'e-tore, n. [ L. territorium, from terra, the earth ] মাজ; মাজ; বিষ্ট ভূমিখাৰ; Domain under sovereignty:—আমিনার; মাজ; The entire of land around or belonging to a city or state; district; province.

Terror, ter'ur, m. [L. terror, from terrere, to frighten] wa; and; where; Dread; extreme fear; alarm; fright:—sun wind; was and; Cause of fright. Syn:—Consternation, dismay, horror; intimidation, terrorism.

King of terrors—মূড়া ; বৰ , Death.

Strike terror into-15-7; Frighten.

The reign of terror—করানী দেশীর রাজবিধাবের বে সময়ে জীব হলন হইরাছিল এবং প্রবন ব্যক্তিগণের জভাচারে বে সমরে লোকে সশভিত হইরাছিল; The period during the French Revolution when executions were most numerous and the people were kept in the greatest fear by the arbitrary acts of the rulers; A name used to designate the bloodiest period of the French revolution, from about October 7793 to July 1794. বে অহাচারে লোককে সশভিত করিয়া ভোকে; Dispotism that strikes terror into people.

Terrorism, ter'ur-izm, n. ভয়মাদর্শন; ভয়ের অবহা;
A state of terror:—ভয় খারা নান্দ; Government by terror.

Terror-smitten, Terror-struck, Terrorstricken, a. ভয়ভিত্ত; প্ৰাহত; ভয়বিহল, Overwhelmed with terror.

Terme, ters, a. [L. tersus, pp. of tergere, to rub] ক্ষরকাপ দিখিত; Clearly written:—পরিছেই; Neat:—সংক্রিছ: বেশ ছাঁটাছোঁটা; অলপদ্বিশিষ্ট; Concise with smoothness or elegance. n—terseness (সংকেশ)। ad=tersely (সংকেশে)৷ Syn:—Brief, short, compact, succinct, condensed, pithy, sententious.

Tertian, ter'shi-an, a. ছই দিন অন্তর, আহিক; Occurring every third day:—n. আহিক অন্তর, বে অনু ছই দিন অন্তর আদে; A lever or disease with paroxysm every third day.

Tertiary, a. एठीव ; एडीव पत्रक ; Third ; belonging to the 3rd class. Tertiary period—खळगातीशलंब डेरणखिब व्यथम Tessellate, tescl-at, v. t. pyceinieia-e : coinal-কু; ৰুপরিকাটা; To form into squares or lay with checkered work. n=tessellation (छोषसी कद्र); ांधुकी कार्या)। aztesschlated (कोंधुकी बाबा क्रिजिविक्ति)। Tost, test, n. [ F. tet, test, test, trial ] 984; পরীকা; Trial; examination:-ध्याप; वद्याता भरीका क्षा इव ; Criterion ; standard ; proof :- विष्य ; Distinction :-- খাতু পরীক্ষা করিবার পাত্র; কটিপাবর; Cupel for trying metal :--ৰাভু গৰাইৰা গরীকা क्तिवाद शाख, शृष्ठ ; A pot in which metals are melted for trial and refinement :-- वित्नव छन :-विठात :-- ७. १. भत्रीका- इ ; भत्रथ कत्रिका तथा ; वासारेशा ज्ञा : To examine ; to put to proof :- जनना-इ ; Compare with a standard :- विक- क ; त्यावन-क ; Refine. Syn: -(n) Proof, experiment, ordeal. · A crucial test-চুড়াত পরীকা; বাহা ধারা কোল

विवन मिक्का श्रीनी वात . A decisive test.

Put to the test—গ্রীকা-র : পরীকার কেলা ; Testable, testa-bl, a. বাৰপতের বারা বের ; ইকাপক বারা প্রবের : Capable of being given by will. Testaceous, tes-táshus, a. পক্ত বোলাবিশিষ্ট ; বৃচ্ বাবরপুক্ত : Having a hard shell : consisting of a hard shell.

Testament, testa-ment, n. ইজ্ছাপত্ৰ; A will; a written will:—এটাৰ ৰৰ্গনছেৰ ভাগ; ৰাইবেলেয় জন্তৰ অংশ; One of the two general division of the bible.

The new testament—বাইবেলের উত্তর ভাগ।
The old testament—বাইবেলের পূর্ব ভাগ।
Testamentary, a. উইল্সবন্ধীয়; ইচ্ছাপত্রসম্মীতঃ
উইল বারা প্রবন্ধ: Belonging to a will; done by will.
[ing made and left a will.
Testate, testat, a. ইচ্ছাপত্র বারা কুত্রস্বার; Haverestator, testator, s. বে ব্যক্তি উইল (ইচ্ছাপত্র)
করিয়া বরে; One who leaves a will. femetestatrix.

Tester, tester, n. বিছানার চন্দ্রাতণ ; Top covering of a bed :—বাটের চাবোরা ; A canopy :—করাসীর সাবেক সিকি ; A six pence.

Testicle, testi-kl, Testes, n. অভাকাৰ: বিচি:
আড়বিচি, মুক; One of the glands that secretes
the seminal fluid in males. a=testiculate;
testiculated (অভাকার: shaped like a testicle).
Testify, teste-fi, v. i. [L. testis, a witness,
and facere to make] সাকী-হ; দৰ্শত: নির্দেশ-হ বা
বলা: To bear witness, to make a solemn
declaration:—প্রতিবাদ-হ; To protest:—v. t.
সাক্য-দে; To bear witness:—শাধ করিবা বলা;
To affirm or declare solemnly on oath:—সাক্য
দিয়া প্রমাণ-হ; To attest. Syn:—Depose, declare, affirm, depone, witness; attest.

Testify to-MAINT; Prove.

Testimonial tes-ti-mo'ni-al, a. অমাণ্যটিত ; Containing testimony :—n. অশংসা-পত্ৰ ; অমাণ-পত্ৰ ; A certificate of character.

Testimony, teste-mo-ne, a. প্রমাণ; সাক্ষ্য; A proof by witness; a solemn affirmation; evidence given:—কথন বা নির্দেশ; Declaration. Syn:—Deposition, witness-bearing, attestation, confirmation, corroboration, witness; proof. Test-tube, n. বাসাধনিক পরীকাব নল বিশেষ।

Tosty, teste, a. বিট্বিটে, বেঁকী; উপ্পন্নতি, কোৰে; বাসী; চটা, Fretlul; petulant; peevish; casily irritated. n=testiness (উপ্ৰকাৰ)। Syn:—Petulant, querulous, captious, hasty, irritable.

Tetanus, teta-nus, n. ধসুউছার ; বাাদি বিশেষ ; Spasm of the voluntary muscles :— বাঁতকপান ; টোমালবন্ধ ; Lock-jaw. a=tetanic.

Tote-a-tote, n. বিশ্বজ্ঞানে কথানার্থা; বহুজালাণ; একলে ছুই ব্যক্তির কথোপক্ষন; Interview; close conversation:—ad. কানে কানে; মুখোমুখী হইনা।
Tether, tether, n. পণ্ডবন্ধন রক্ষু বা শুখন; A rope or chain for tying a beast:—v. f. পক্ষু থারা বন্ধন; স্পুখন থারা বন্ধন; To fasten with a tether:—নিন্ধিঃ সীমার মধ্যে সংযক্ত করিয়া যাথা; To restrain within certain limits. [limit of one's resource. Be at the end of one's tether—Reach the Tetra, pfx. চারি; চতুর।
Tetragon, tetra-gon, n. চতুকোপাকার; চতুকোধ

ক্ষেত্ৰ; A figure having four angles. a -- tetragonal ( চতুকোৰ ক্ষেত্ৰ সৰ্বনীয়; চাহিকোৰ্থবিশিষ্ট)। Tetrahedron, tet-ra-he'dron, n. চাবিটা তিতুল বাহার চতুপার্ব এরপ যনকেত্র; A solid figure enclosed

by four triangles. a=tetrahedral (চতুপাৰ;

bound by four triangles ).

Tetrameter, n. ( পাষা ) প্ৰচতুট্যখিলিট প্ৰতি । Tetrarch, tetrark, n. প্ৰেৰণ বিশেষের চতুৰ্বাংশের শাসনক্ষ্মা; In the ancient Roman empire, the ruler of the fourth part of a province, a subordinate prince.

Tetrarchate, te-trai'st, n. প্রদেশের চতুর্থাংশ;

The fourth part of a province.

Tetrasyllable, tetra-sil-a-bl, n. চারি পদবিশিষ্ট পাল; চারি পদাংশের বাক্য; A word consisting of four syllables. a=tetrasyllabic (চাৰি পদাংশ-বিশিষ্ট)।

Tetter, n. কছুবোগ; বোস পেঁচডা; A popular name for several cutaneous deseases.

Touton, n. आहीन काडी विलय ।

Toutonic, tu-tońik, a. লগুণদেশৰ জাতী সম্বাৰ .
Germanic; belonging to Teutons:—n. টিউটল
ভাষা; The language of the Teutons. [বিশেষ ৷
The toutonic language—মার্যা ভাষার শাশা
Text, tekst, n. মুল বচন; (বাহা অবলম্বন কবিবা টাকা
রচিত হব ); The original words of an author;
the substance of a book:—বাইবেলের বাকা বিশেষ;
A passage of scripture. Syn:—Body, true version; subject, theme; verse, passage, sentence.
Text-book, tekst-book, n. ছাত্র্যিপের পাঠা পুরুষ,
A book containing the leading principles of
a science:—বিশ্যালয়ের পাঠাপুরুষ; A school-book.
Text-hand, tekst-hand, n. বড় অকরে লিখন;
(বিশ্বন) বড় অকর; Large hand in writing.

Textile, tekstil, a. ডভুনিৰ্মিত; বোনা; বরনোংগর; বরন স্বন্ধীর; Weaveable; capable of being

woven; woven.

Textual, tekstu-al, a. মূলবন্ধনার ; মূলে লিখিত ; মৌলিক ; মূলাভিজ ; Pertaining to, or contained in the text; serving for a text. ad = textually ( মূলাসুসারে ; মূলবন্ধন বিষয়ে )।

Textualist, tekstu-al-ist, n. मूना वाकाशवाती; बाहरतालब यूनवांकाकवनलड़े वालि; One ready in

quoting texts or skilled in scripture.

Toxture, tekstur, n. वुनान ; वुनन ; निर्मान ; मरशान ; বৰ বা জাল; Act of weaving; a web; manner of weaving. Syn :- Fabric; structure, make, tissue, constitution. [ A silver coin, 3s. Thaler, n. (बोगामुझा वित्नव ; आह श. ( नह मिका ) , Thallium, n. मीमनर शंकृ नित्तर। [ comparison. Than, than, conj. Ment; coca; este; Used in Thane, than, n. मन्त्रानपुरुक छेशाबि ; मञ्जनपुरुक श्रम्यो ; A person of rank. of a thane Thanedom, n. The jurisdiction or property Thank, thangk, v. t. andir (e ; pomoja main-F: To express gratitude to for a favour or kindness:-- n. বন্ধবাদ; কুডজতা শীকার; Expression of gratitude.

Thank god—স্বৰের কুপাৰ; It is a fortunate circumstance for which one ought to be thankful to God. (sider oneself fortune.
Thank one's stars—ততমহ বলিয়া ধৰেক, Con-

Thanks to—sees; (wind for stage; witten writen at sugget; Owing to; on that account; it is a fortunate circumstances for which one ought to be thankful to, or for which one is indebted to.

Thank you-अञ्चल कि ।

Thankful, thangkicol. a. কৃতজ ; Grateful. nethankfulness (কৃতজভা) ; ad=thankfully (কৃতভাগ্রহণরে)! [হারাস ; Unthankful. Thankless, thangkiess, a. কৃতজ্ব ; জকুতজ ; বেষকাপিনাতা ; কৃতজ্ব বৃত্তি ; One who gives thanks : ব্যাপাতা ; কৃতজ্ব বৃত্তি ; One who gives thanks : বিশান ; কৃতজভা-অকাপ ; Rendering thanks for favour or mercies :—পুনার দিন ; A day set apart for public prayer :—অবাধি ; A public acknowledgment of divine goodness.

Thanks-offering, thangk-offering, ন. কৃতজ্ঞতা-স্চক উপহার; কৃতজ্ঞতা প্রদর্শনার্থ বৈবেদ্য বা বলী; An offering made to as an expression of thanks. Thank-worthy, thangkwur-thi, a. ব্যৱবাদের উপ-যুক্ত; ব্যৱবাদার্থ; Worthy of or deserving thanks. That, that, Relative pronoun, equivalent to

who, which. (व: विनि: वाहा। Demons. pro.
referred to before. ভারা ভা: वे: (तरं : छेश: Not
this; but the other, former; more distant:—
conj. (बटर्जु: এই हिन् (व: वह निविज्ञ (व: वह:
Because . for : inorder that.

Because, for; inorder that. All that—সেই মত সমত।

In order that—at दिल्ल (व । In that—कांत्र ; बरे रहे रहे (व ।

That is to say - asic !

Thatch, thach, n. চাৰ ছাৰবাৰ বড়; ছাউনি চাল; ছালব; A covering of straw, rushes &c.; straw &c. used to cover roof:—v. t. বড় দিয়া আছাদ্দ-ক; ছাৰব; To cover with straw, reeds &c.

Thatcher, n. चत्रामी ; वाजू है।

Thatching, thacking, n. ছাউনির উপাদান; বত অভ্তি থারা আছোদন, Materials for thatch, the act of covering with thatch.

Thaumaturgy, n. ইপ্ৰধান; বাহৰিয়া; অচুত কায় সম্পাদন; The art of working wonders or miracles.

Thaw, thaw, v. f. এব-কু; গলাৰ; To melt as ice; to make or become fluid:—v. f. এব-ছ; গলিয়া যাঙ্গা; To melt:—v. গলৰ; অংশ: Melting of snow or ice. Syn:—(v) Dissolve, liquefy.
The the v. d. কেই: Definite article used

The, the, n. ঐ, সেই; এই; Definite article, used to denote a particular person or thing :--ad. বে পরিমাণে দেই পরিমাণে; ৰঙ তত।

All the more—ति वड बादव ।

Theatre, the a-ter, Theater, n. নাটালালা; ছলালর, রসভূমি; লাট-বর; Play-house; an edifice in which dramatic performances are exhibited; stall:—কাৰ্যানেক ; রসভূমি; Scene of performance:—বজ্তা-বৃহ; Lecture-room. Syn:—Arena, scene, field, stage.

Theatrio, the arrik. Theatrical, the arrik-al, a. aibinini naulis; sains naulis; sibinis; Belonging to theatre; relating to actors:—Calculated for display:—always arri; Pompous. admitted the arrically. Syn:—Dramatic, scenic, his-

trionic; showy, pompous, ceremonious, artificial, unreal, affected.
Theatricals, the atrik-alz, n. pl. নাট্য-ক্রীড়া;
শভিনয়; বাটকাভিনয়; সংগ্র বাঝা; Dramatic per-

প্রতিকার : বাটকারিকার ; সংবর বাঝা ; Dramatic performances. [তোকে।

Thee, the, pron. objective of Thou. ভোষাকে; Theft, theft, অপহরণ; চৌধ্য; চুরি: The act of thieving:—অপহত বস্তু; Thing stolen.

Their, thar, pron. a. sicra; sieicra; seicra;
Of or belong to them.

Theirs, tharz, poss. of they.

Theism, theism, ন. আছিকতা; অংকতবাদ; এংকবরবাদ; Belief in one Almighty God; belief in
the existence of God. a-theistic (একেমরবাদ
স্বামীয়)।
[a God.

Theist, the ist, n. আছিক; One who believes in Theistic, the istik. Theistical, the istik-al, a. আছিক বা আছিক সৰক্ষীয়; Belonging to theism; according to the doctrines of theists; believing in theism.

Them, them, pron. pl. objective of they; Theme, them, n. বিষয়; প্রদেষ; রচনার বা বজুতার বিষয়; A subject on which a person writes or speaks:—তর্কার্ব উপার বিষয়; A subject proposed for discussion. Syn:—Topic, text, thesis; essay, dissertation, composition.

Themis. n. BIRTY : Goddess of justice.

Thomselves, them-selvé, pro. pl. of Himself, herself and itself. তাহারা আপনাআপনি; তাহারা অবং৷ Then, then, ad. তলা; তংকালে; তংক; At that time:—আবিলাৰে; Immediately:—তংপাবে; পারে; Afterwards:—আর এক সময়ে; পারার; At another time:—আতএম; তজার; Therefore:—conj. আতঃপর; তাহা হইলে; তবে; এবাপ হলে; In that case; in consequence; therefore:—a. তৎকালবরী, Existing at that time.

Now and then—मत्या नत्या : रथन उथम ।

Since then—তপ্ৰথি ; ভগা প্ৰভৃতি ।

Then and there—ভবৰ এবং তথায়; On the spot and at that time:—সেই ক্ষেত্ৰেই; তথনই; Forthwith. Till then—ভংগগৃত্ত; বতকৰ না সেই সময় আসে।

Thongo, thens, ad. তথা হইতে; সেই সময় হইতে; সেখান থেকে; তথ্যথি; তক্ষ্ম; From that place or time, for that reason.

Thenceforth, thensforth, ad. সেই সময় হইডে; তৎকাল হইডে; From that time.

Thenceforward, ad. उन। अकृति : तिरे नमत स्टेटि चादक सहिता ; From that time onward.

Theocracy, the-okra-si, n. ইণর শানৰ; ইণৰ কৰ্ম হাল্য শাসন; Government of a state by the immediate direction of God.

Theocratic, Theocratical, c. বাজক বা ইবর কর্ত্তক শাসন স্বক্ষীয় ৷

Theodicy, n. ইবরের দানদ এবং পূর্বতা ও আন্ধার অবর্থ প্রতিপাদক দার; A justification of God's dealings with man.

Theodolite, the-odo-lit, n. প্রিমাণৰ বন্ধ ; কোণ ৰাপিবাৰ বন্ধ ; An instrument for measuring angles. Theogonist, the-og'o-nist, n. প্রমাণ-বিশ্যা-দেশক ; A writer on Theogony.

Theogony, n. বেৰতাগৰের উৎপত্তির কারণ; নেৰডা-গ্ৰের শট্ট-তব; Genealogy of Gods. Theologian, the-o-lo'ji-an, n. ইণ্যতন্ত্রে আলোচনাকারী; তবোপদেৱী: A professor of divinity. Theologic, Theological, n. পর্যতন্ত্রার:

Pertaining to divinity.

Theologise, the-olo-jiz, v. i. কব্রজ্ বিষয়করাই পরিবিত্ত কু: To render theological :—v. i. বৰ্ণজ্জানিকৰ কত বিচার-কু! বিশিল্ড: A theologian. Theologys, the-olo-jist, n. বৰ্ণজ্জানিক বিদ্যালা কিন্তালয়, the-ology, the-olo-jist, n. বৰ্ণজ্জানিক বিদ্যালা কিনিকালয়; The science which treats of God and his relation to man:—A branch of heathen. a—theologic, theological (পৌরাণিক; কব্রজ্জানার)! Theomachy, n. পেবড়া বিহুদ্ধে বৃদ্ধ; Fighting against the Gods.

Theomancy, n. ভবিবাৰ কৰন; Sooth-saying by Theomania, n. আপনাতে ইবন বৃদ্ধিলা কিন্তা; Theorem, the o-rem, n. (গণিতে) সম্পান্য প্রতিষ্ঠা; বে প্রতিষ্ঠা; সপ্রমান করিতে হয়; উপপান্য; A position to be proved:—তম্ব; বিধি; A speculative truth. Theoretic, the o-retik Theoretical, the o-retik-al, a. কল্পনান্ত ক; উপপান্তিক; আপুনানিক; অনুমান্ত্ৰক; কাল্পনিক; বাচনিক; Not practical; pertaining to theory; speculative. ad—theoretically (কল্পনিক্কু)। Syn:—Hypothetical, conjectural.

Theorise, the o-riz, v. i. কলনা-কু; নজন্বি-কু; বিচার-কু; To form a theory; to speculate; to form opinions solely by theories. n=theoriser.

Theorist, the o-rist, n. চিন্তারত লোক; অবিটানশৃত্য কলনাত্রিয় বাজি; কলনাতারী; One given to theory and speculation:—মত-প্রকাশক; বাদী;

Theory, the o-re, n. कहानी; किसी; अनुमान; Speculation (as opposed to practise):—विस्तान; Science:—मङ; Doctrine:—वाशा; विवृद्धि; विहास; Exposition. Syn:—Hypothesis, assumption, conjectu e; plan, system, philosophy; explanation, reason, rationale.

In theory—নত সৰ্বে ; In one's principles:—
তাৎপৰ্য্য বা মুক্তি ধরিতে গেলে ; From a speculative
point of view:— ডানিতে, বচনে, নাবে ( কাজে বছে );
In its prin iples. [ theosophy.
Theosophist, n. বকজানবিং ; One skilled in
Theosophy, the-০-০-০-০, n. বক্জান ; বিৰ্জান ;
ডব্ৰাব্যা; Divine inspiration or illumination.

Therapeutic, ther-a-pu'tik, Therapeutical, a. [G. therapeus, to peal] আরোগোপবাঝি; ঝোগোপন সম্ভার. রোগনানক; পীড়াণাজিকর; Pertaining to the healing art; curative.

Therapouties, ther-a-pu'tiks, n. sing. রোগ ভিকিৎসা-বিলা; ভেষ্ট্য-বিজ্ঞান; আরোগ্য-বিজ্ঞান; That part of medicine which respects the treatment and cure of disease.

There, that, ad. তথার ; দেখানে ; সেই ছানে ; ডত্র ; ঐ ; সে স্বক্ষে ; দে বিবরে ; In that place-

Here and there—सदा तदा; वदात त्यांत :
Thereabouts, Thereabout, thar-a-bowt, ad.
तहे व्यक्त ; Near that place :—तहे दिवन नवदय :
तहे व्यक्त (Near that place :—तहे दिवन नवदय :
तहे व्यक्त (Near that place :—तहे दिवन नवदय :
तहे व्यक्तियांत को होकोहि ; क्यारवी : Concerning that
matter; near that number, degree or quantity.
There-after, ad. द्वार्य ; क्यारवांद ; Alter, or
according to, that.
[ site.
There-against, ad. दिवनी ह ; Against or oppo-

There-at, that-at, ed. was; vieles; vels; There against, at that occurrence; on that account.

Thereby, thar-bi', ad. তথারা; তাহা বারা; তবেডু; By means of that, in consequence of that.

Thereby hange a tale-A story or an inci-

dent is closely connected with that.

Therefore, ther-fur, edv. and conj. 500; সেই কারণে : অভ্যাব ; For that, for this, for this [ From that. reason : consequently. Therefrom, thar-from, ad. जांदा इहेटड : ताई इहेटड . Therein, thar-in, ad. डाहाटड ; लहेशाल : लहे-कारन : In that ; in that place ; in that time.

Thereinto, ad. Into that.

Thereof, thar-of, ad. vists; ইহার; তাহা হইতে. ভিৰিষ্টে : Of that. িভাহার উপর ; On that. Thereon, Thereupon, ad. sixts, sayla; Thereout, ad. Out of that.

Thereto, that too', Thereunto, thar-untoo, ad. छश्डिमूर्च ; डाइएड : To that.

There-upon, ad. Sixtes, Upon that :-- == -Immediately.

Therewith, Therewithel, ed. उरनइ; डार्नड সহিত, ভাষাতে; তহাতীত; With that, with this.

Thormal, thermal, Thermic, a. [Gr. therme, heat-there, to heat] उँडान मक्कीय ; जान मक्कीय , Pertaining to heat .- नवम, डेक, Warm

Thermo-dynamics, n. [Gr therme, heat, and dynamis, force] তাপ-বিজ্ঞান. The science which treats of heat as a mechanical.

Thermo-electricity, n. 31093 3163; Electricity developed by the action of heat.

Thermometer, ther-mome-ter, n [Gr. therme, heat, and metron, a measure ] भ. जानमान-43 . An instrument for measuring heat or temperature.

Thermometric, Thermometrical, a. 519417 বন্ধ বারা ত্রিরীকৃত : তাপমানবন্ধ সম্পায় . Pertaining to, or made with, a thermometer, ad=thermometri-

Thermo-pile, thermo-pil, n. ভাপমানকপে বাৰকত ভাগের ভালিত বৃদ্ধ: A thermo-electric battery used as therometer.

Thesaurus, the-sawrus, n. (कांव : कांव (कांव : नक (काव ; बृहद अधिवान काव ; A treasury or repository, especially of knowledge; a lexicon, cyclopaedia; a dictionary.

These, ther, demon. pro. pl. of this. এই সৰব। Thosis, the sis, n. বিবর, অসম, অবছ: Subject for a scholastic exercise; theme; to pic .- 978-পক: তকাৰ্থ প্ৰভাৰিত বিষয়; A position advanced for argument. pl-theses.

Theurgy, theur-ji, n. ইক্সান; বাছবিদ্যা; Magic :-- ভারিক ফিলা। a=theurgic, theurgical.

Thow, thu, n. बारमायनी , निक ; बन , (used chiefly in pl) Sinews; muscle; strength. [ न्वन । They, per. pron. plu. of he, she, it. SHE They say-crite ate !

Thick, thik, a. बन. युन; मिछि ; Dense; not thin :-क कमनद ; आदिन ; अनाहिकांत , Muddy ; misty ; dirty :-- निष्डक, Dull :-- (नाकपूर्व ; क्यांकीर्व , Growded . - निविष् ; Compact :- पिकि ; Closely

set ; close :-पुन :--वस्त्रम ; स्नक्षितित :--वर्षहे . व्यक्त ; Abundant :-वडीव ; वाष्ट्र ; Deep :-विवाह । Solid :- निवाड ; Frequent :- ad. पन ; पन्छारव : Closely : -- नर्समा : Frequently :-- नजीवजात वासक पूत्र श्वीष : To a great depth :-- अ. प्रनारण : प्यडम भरम ; नकीत जान ; Thickest part :-- त्वान ; Thicket. Syn: -(a) Broad, squat, bulky; inspissated; turbid; misty, foggy; compact, numerous, dull, slow; indistinct, inarticulate.

Bo thick with-विलंब स्वाडी बांका ; वित्वव पनिकं বা অন্তর্গভাবে থাকা : Be on intimate terms with : -शतिभूर्व बाका : खरा : Be filled with.

Come thick upon one—ইপৰ্যুপৰি আৰা ; Come upon one in quick succession.

In the thick of—ছুমুল সংগ্রামকালে; বে সময়ে ভূম্ব যুদ্ধ চলে: When a war rages furiously :-( লিখিতে ) অত্যন্ত বাজ ; Deeply engaged in (writing) :-- मःश्रामाक्षात्रक (व भान जूगून कांच हान ; खिरहन गर्या , शकीय शरदान ; When a conflict or battle [ under all circumstance >. rages furiously. Thick and thin- मुक्त अवस्ति ; Thorough , Thick as hall-Briggs will ut; Following in quick succession.

Thick as three in a bed-Very thick.

Thick with - 9 3 63; Intimate.

Through thick and thin- ( ) न न निर्म : मकन धकात्र विश्व वा विशामत्र त्रशा निश्रा ; ममक अञ्चितकात व ভিতৰ পিয়া, Through all obstacles.

Thicken, thikn, v. t. খ্ৰীভুত কু; পাঢ়-কু; To make thick; to make close :- 15-7; To strengthen . —v. i. वन-इ : To become thick :- जनकान-इ : To become obscure :-- महीय-इ ; To grow quick or animated :- खनाकीर्-इ ; To crowd .- डॉलिश नड़ा , To press.

Thicket, thiket, त. वनसक्ष ; कड़िवी, त्यांण ; A collection of trees or shrubs closely set; close বুলবৃদ্ধি লোক .

Thick head, Thick skull, n. factive offs. Thick-headed, thick-heded, a. মুগর্ভি: মুর্গ. विदर्शाय , Stupid.

Thickish, a. Pae gen at facatta; Somewhat Thickly, ad. निविद्धांत , पनकारव ; पनकरन ।

Thickness, a. 444, Mipol; (44)

Thick-set, a. ম্ব-রোপিড; Closely planted :-बर्क e चन , बाहा ; Having a short, thick body :-#. पन (वड़ा I

Thick-skin, अ. व्यक्तिमृहि लाक ; चत्राह-व्याह्य याजि । Thick-skinned, a. অসাড় , নিবভিমান ৷

Thick-skulled, a. Ti; catal; Dull, stupid. Thief, thef, n. (514; अंग्हांबक; उपद ; One who steals, one who unlawfully takes the property of another. Syn: -Robber, pilierer, plunderer, pick-pocket. [ to practise theft.

Thieve, thev, v. i. जगरवन-क ; চুরি-ক : To steal ; Thievery, thever-i, n. cold; cois-रिया; ज्य-इत्र ; ह्त्री ; The practice of stealing ; theft.

Thieving, n. chique Thisvish, thevish, a. চৌধাসক ; চৌধো বত ; ছাত-होन; (त्रान्य कार्यकांक्रों); Given to stealing:-ধুৰ্ব ; Sly :—অত্তৰিত ; গোপনীয় ; Acting by stealth. n-thievishness (時間報); ad-thievishly ( क्लिक्स वक )।

Thigh, thi, w. Swore; Ere; The thick fleshy portion of the leg from the knee to the trunk. To smite hip and thigh—সম্পূৰ্ণে পরাত-তৃ। Thigh-bone, n. East 1 Thigh-deep-by wire : As high as the hips. Thimble, thimbl, a. wastal ; canters and आकृत्मत किंग्न : Metal cover for the finger used in sewing. [ स्कोनन । Thimble-rig, n. कुत्र श्रीखमस्या श्रीण मुकाइवाद शहतत Thin, thin, a. नम : Not thick :- अनिविष . अधन ; Not dense :- विक्रम ; Rare :- नाडना ; Not close : 一句智: Not full or wellgrown: -- 子书; 司字; क्रुक्त : Not fat : slim : lean :- नाबाक : Slight : –কুন্ত ; Small :—কুন্ত ; Fine :—ad. পাতনা পাতনা ; অনিবিভরণে; Not thickly or closely :-- v. t. পাডला-इ : इन-इ : To make thin :- ए. i. পাডला-₹; To become thin, adathinly, w-thinness. Syn:-(a) Slim, slender, meagre, gaunt; subtile, dilute; scanty, sparse; slight, flimsy; small, insufficient. Thin out-Grow thin towards the end.

Thine, thin, pron. (Sixis; wirisis; Belonging to thee; thy.

Thing, thing, n. আচেতন পদাৰ্থ; বন্ধ; ব্ৰবা,
সামত্ৰী; জিনিস: বিষয়; Material; matter:—Individual of undetermined gender:—Person in
contempt:—বটনা; বাগোর: Event:—আল, Part:
—pl. বস্ত্রাদি আসবাব; জিনিসগত্ত। Syn:—Being,
substance, body, object; inanimate substance,
lump; article, commodity; occurrence; deed,

action; portion, something, Think, thingk, v. i. (वरवहना-क ; कावा ; त्याव-इ ; बान-इ; To consider; to exercise the mind; to have ideas :-- अधिशाय-कृ ; गठनव-कृ ; नइस-क ; To purpose ; to design :- v. t. कहना-क ; To imagine ; to entertain an idea of '- fatis . . To judge :- वियान-कृ : अलाव-कृ ; वित्वनमा-कृ : To believe or consider. n=thinker ( विश्वामिन वाकि )। a-thinkable (कानीत ; हिन्दनीत )। pt and pp= thought. Syn :- Cogitate, reflect, ponder, contemplate, deliberate, reason; conclude, determine; conceive; regard, hold, esteem, reckon. Think about-qiq-9; Meditate. Sciously. Think aloud-Utter one's thought uncon-Think for oneself-नित्यत विवय नित्य कावा ; আপনার বিষয় আপনি ভাবিয়া ছিয়-জু; Think about what concerns oneself instead of being guided by the opinions of others. [ harshly. Think hard of-fastered fasta-5; Judge

Think long—হুদীর্ঘ মনে-ড়; কোন কিছু পাইবার নিমিন্ত ব্যঞ্জাবে চিন্তা-ড়।

Think highly of-डेक शरबब बनिया विरवहना-इ ;

बर्ब्सा यति-कृ।

Think much—গভীৰভাবে চিন্তা-তৃ; Think deeply.
Think much of—গদাল-তৃ; Esteem highly:—
কাহাৰত বিশেষ অনুবাগ-তৃ; Hold in high estimation:—ভক্তৰ কি বিশেষ কাজেৱ বৃণিয়া বৰে-তৃ; Attach much importance to.

Think no more—বিশ্বত-ই; Forget; overlook.
Think on—অভিনিবেশপুৰ্বক চিছা-ই; Reflect attentively on.

Think of-will, Employ the mind in ; con-

sider :— केषियोरिख-इ ; Be anxious about :— व्यक् इ : भवग-इ ; Call to mind :— व्यक्-इ ; Entertain the idea of :— व्यक् व्यक्त क्यना-इ ; Meditate. Think scorn— व्यक्ता-इ : Disdain.

Think well of সন্মান- ; তাল বলিয়া থাতির- ই; Hold in esteem.

Thinking, n. ভাৰনা : চিন্ধা ; Meditating. Thinly, ad. পাতনা-ভাবে ; Not closely.

Thinness, ম. স্বতা ; ফুৰতা ; বিৰুতা ; Slenderness. Syn :—Slimness, fineness ; tenuity, rareness, fluidity ; paucity, sparseness.

Thinnish, c. अनिज्ञ ; Somewhat thin.

Thin-skinned, a. Having a thin skin:— ভোগনৰভাব; অভিযানী; রামী; Unduly sensitive; irritable.

Third, therd, a. ভূতীয়, তেসরা; সেকো; Three in order; the last of three:—n. ভূতীয়ালে; One of three equal parts. ad=thirdly (ভূতীয়ত:; ভূতীয় বাবে, তৃতীয় প্ৰায়; In the third).

Third estate, n. fentes riving (mis ren ; The commons, the Lords temporal and spiritual, being the other state.

Third person—(ব্যাকরণে) প্রথম পুরুষ — ভৃতীয় বাজিঃ
Thirst, therst, s. পিপাসা; তৃঝা; গাবেছা; Feeling of want of drink; great desire for drink:
—্বাক্রতা, নানসা; নোড. Eagerness; eager desire after anything:—v. i. ভ্রুড্র-হ; পিপা-সার্ড-হ; To feel thirst:—ব্যাকুন-হ, আবুলাতাবে লিপ্-হ, To desire vehemently. Syn:—(n) Dryness, drought, parchedness, aiddity; desire, longing, craving.

Parched with thirst—পিশাসার আকুল। Slake (or quench) one's thirst—কোন এবল ইক্ষা পরিক্তপ্ত-ড : Graufy one's earnest desire :---

ইচ্ছা পরিত্তা-তু; Gratify one's earnest desire :---পিশানা শান্তি-তু।

Thirst for—আৰল ইচ্ছা-ছ; Long eagerly for.
Thirsty, therste, a. ভুকাতুর; লিপানার্ন, ভ্ক'র; লিপান্ত; Suffering from thirst:—ভক; নীৰস; Dry; parched:—লালাহিত, ব্যাকুলভাবে লিজ; Vehemently desiring:—নলা পাবে বত, Given to drinking. n=thirstiness ( ভুকাতুর )। ad=thirstly ( ভ্ৰিডভাবে )। Syn —MoistureIess; longing, craving, eager, greedy. [Ten and three. Thirteen, ther'ten, a. and m. আবোহকা: ১৬ (ভের); Thirtheenth, ther'tenth, n. and a. আবোহকাৰ পুরক; ভেরই; The ordinal of thirteen.

Thirtieth, thir'ti-cth, a. বিংশন্তম; Thirty in order; the last of thirty:—বিশ তাগের এক তাগ; বিশাংশ; A thirtieth part. [ times ten. Thirty, ther'ti, n and a. ৩., বিশা; বিংশং; Three Thirty years' war—A series of wars carried on between the Protestant and Roman Catholic leagues in Germany during the first half of the 17th century.

This, this, dem. pr. or adj. ইবা; উপন্নিছিত বিষয় বা বৃদ্ধ; এই; এ; Denoting a person or thing near, just mentioned or about to be mentioned. pl these.

This and that—বটা বটা; ব ব তা; Many other things; many little things of a troublesome character.

This day-avi ; वाकि ।

This day fortnight-well exce de we: A fortnight from to-day. I from to-day. This day week-we sees 44 note; A week This night-wis sits !

Thistle, this, n. noi fare; dibinis fare: A prickly plant :- Emblem of Scotland. a= thistly (কণ্টক বুক্সভাকীৰ); overgrown with thistles). Thither, thither, a. Aufen suis; To that place :- 355. FCT : To that end or result :-অপর ; দূরবন্তী।

Hither and thither—बबारन (नवारन)

Thitherward, thither-ward, ad. সেদিকে; সেই शिक ; Toward that place.

Thole, Thowl, n. एक्कीनक ; नीड व्यक्तिकार গৌৰ; A pin in the side of a boat to keep the oar in place.

Thong, thong, n. हर्ष-तक्षती; उनना; हानजाब नक কাৰি: A strip of leather, a thin leather strap. Thorax, thoraks, n. 本語報報; Breast; the chest; the portion of the body between the neck and the abdomen. a=thoracic ( বক্ষ:ছল সহসীৰ )! Thorn, thorn, n. कफेक्वूक : कंतिशह . A prickly tree :- कांठी . A spine :- बद्धशानायक वस्त . Anything troublesome. Syn :- Spine, prickle; trouble, plague, torment, annoyance.

Be a thorn in one's side (or in the flesh of ) কাহারও কটক সরপ-হ, Be troublesome to. be a great difficulty or impediment to; be a

source of annovance to.

Thorn in the side-क्षेत्रक वस , Any thing troublesome; an annoyance; a vexation. [fruit. Thorn-apple, n. spai sit al aa ; A tree, its Thorn-back, n. 459 वित्नव ; A fish. Thornless, a. অকটক; কউকৰুত্ৰ; Without Thorny, thorne, a. क किम्म ; क किन्द , Prickly ; full of thorns :- (क्रमणायक ; व्यव्यानायक ; क्रमकत्र ; Troublesome; harassing. Syn: - Spiny, briery; pricking, pointed, sharp, vexatious.

Thorough, thur'o, a. मन्त्र ; प्रा : Complete ; perfect; entire. Syn:-Spiny, briery; prick-

ing, pointed, sharp; vexatious.

Thorough-bred, thur'o-bied, a. সভাগিরাপ শিকিত; পূর্ব শিকিত; Completely instructed; thoroughly bred :-- কুন্দর , সাহসিক ; নির্দোষ।

Thoroughfare, thur'o-far, n. नर्कमांबाजरांव ग्रं সাধারণের গমন পথ; সরাসর বাস্তা , A passage for going through; street of much traffic; a public way. [the whole distance or journey. Thoroughfare ticket-A fare or ticket for Thorough-going, thur'o-go'ing, a. 7799; নিভাত ; Going all lengths :--পাৰপামী ; Going to the end. [বিশিষ্ট।

Thorough-lighted, a. इन् क्यू काला जानाजा Thoroughly, ad. मण्डिकान : मधाक : Fully.

Thoroughness, n. সম্পূর্কা : বিংশেবতা ।

Thorough-paced, thur'b-past, a. नकारत पूर्व ; मन्दि : इडकार्या ; Perfectly paced ; thoroughly trained; complete.

Thorp, क. कुछ और ; कुछ नहीं , Small village ; a hamlet. [ अ नक्ता। Those, thoz, pron. pl. of that. Beini; A non; Thou, thow, pron. जूबि; कुहै; बानबि (न्द्रम्) वावश्य : Of the second person singular :-- ". कुर्काति-क । pl = you.

Though, tho, conf. gfee : aufft : auffimie : Admitting; allowing; even if; notwithstan-

As though—त्वन ; As if.

Thought, thawt, n. [ A. S. thoht, from thencan, to think ] मनन , Act of thinking :- किया : विद्वहना ; Consideration ; reflection :-- भान : Meditation :-- विश्वीत : Intention :-- मत्नाकांव : মনের ভাব , Idea ; notion :-- মত ; অভিমৃত : Opimion :- कहना ; Fancy :- विठांब ; Judgment :-ভेरबन ; ভारता : Care , solicitude :-- नक्स : Design :- कि विवय ; Thought. Syn :- Reflection, contemplation, cogitation; conception, imagination; conclusion; deliberation; design, purpose, intention.

Thought, pt. and pp. of think.

A thought better—अस এक है जान ।

With one glance of thought-At the twin-

kle of thought.

Thoughtful, thawtibol, a. feetfin; sige; Full of thought; contemplative :- अधिनिविष्ठ ; मरनारशंत्री ; Attentive ; careful -- वावित ; विवाक्त : উদিয় . Given to thinking : anxious -- পভার চিন্তাবৰ্ক, Serious thought. n=thoughtfulness ( िखानीनडा )। ad=thoughtfully ( विरवहनापृक्तक )। Syn .- Contemplative, reflective, meditative, speculative, serious, studious; mindful, considerate, deliberate, wary, circumspect.

Thoughtless, thawiles, a. अमारदान : अमारदान : खनवदान ; Careless, negligent, inattentive :-নিশ্চিত্ত ; চিন্তাপুৰু ; Without thought or care --निर्त्सां ; वृर्थ ; Stupid ; dull. n=thoughtleseness (নিক্ষিতা)। ad=thoughtlessly ( মুর্থের মত . মিশ্বিস্ভাবে )। Syn -Heedless, regardless, inattentive inconsiderate, rash, giddy, trifling. Thousand, thow'zand, n होकार ; महन्त्र मःना , The number ten hundred, 1000 - - बहनःशा ; Any great number :-- ब. महन्त्र मःशाक , महन्त्र मःशायुहक , Consisting of ten thousand; denoting any great number.

Thousand and one—অসংব্য ; হাজাৰ হাজাৰ. Innumerable. I thousand. Thousand-fold, a সহয় ধা : Multiplied by a Thousandth, thow'zandth, c. मर्चाम, 44 স্থা; \* . The last of a thousand or of any great number :- a. महन्तारागंत क्कारण : A thousand part. Thowel, Thowl, n. एक-कीनक ; त्योकांत्र में ए बाउ-काइवाज शीव; Thole; a pin in the side of a boat to keep the oars in place.

Thrall, thrawl, n. शंत्र ; जीउशंत्र ; श्रदांशीन वास्ति : Slave; a bondman -- সামত : Thraldom; servitude :- v. t. शान-क : शानाक व्यावक-क , To enslave. Syn: -Serf. vassal; bondage, slavery. Thraldom, Thralldom, thrawidum, n. 411-ধীনতা ; দাস্থ ; Slavery ; bondage.

Thrash, thrash, v. t. बाज़ा ; ( बाखानि ) चाइडाहेबा वाहित-क ; कालिया वोहित-क ; (अकापि ) मर्कन कर्ता वी মাড়া ; To beat out grain from :- পুৰ অহার-ক ; To beat soundly :- v. i. नत्र वर्षन-इ । Syn :-Thresh; drub, beat, flog, bruise, maul.

Thrasher, n. বে ব্যক্তি কৰিব করে বা বদারা ( বস্তারি ) পর্নিত হয় :—হাজর বিশেব।

Thrashing, \*\*. শক্ত মাজু! খাজু! বৰ্জন ; The act of beating out grain from the straw :—আজু! এইন ; উত্তমমন্ত্ৰ প্ৰহান : A sound beating or drubbing. Thrashing floor, thrashing-flor, \*\*n. পানাৰ : শক্ত বাড়িবার স্থান ; A floor on which grain is thrashed. Thread, thred, \*\*n. শুলা ; শুলা : ডব্ৰ ; A very thin twist of any substance drawn out; a very small line for twisting; a filament of any fibrous substance; a filament of any fibrous substance; a filament of any and its ভাৱ ; A fine line of gold or silver :—\*\*n.t. ( টুটে ) শুলা গ্ৰান ; To pass a thread through the eye of ( as a needle ) :—গ্ৰেশ-কু; পাটার-কু; To pass or pierce through, as a narrow way.

Air threads — নীমকালে যে উর্ণা বাতারে উদিয়া বেডাব। A thread of destiny—বাধার উপর ভাগ্য নির্ভর করে; That on which destiny depends.

The thread of life-कोरन-एक ।

Threadbare, thredbar, u. সূত্রমাননিটি: আত্ত-হীন, জীৰ্ব; Worn to the naked thread; worn out:--প্ৰতিৰ; পচা; Hackneyed.

Thread-worn, n. সুতাৰ মত ক্ৰিমি।

Thready, thre li, a. সূত্রমণ; তত্ত্বমন্ত ; সূত্রবং; সূত্রমন্ত যায় . Like thread ; slender.

Threat, thret, n. বিভীবিকা: ভব-প্রদর্শন: ধ্যকানি: Menace; denunciation. a=threatful (ডর্জনারক)। Threaten, thretn, v. t. ভব প্রদর্শন-কৃ. বিভীবিকা প্রদর্শন-কৃ: ডর্জন-কৃ: To terrify by menaces; to menace:—v. i. আপকা ক্রান, ভর দেখান; To use threats. Syn:—Denounce; portend, presage, forebode; frighten, terrify; impend, be imminant.

Threaton (one) with—কোন কিচন তব দেখান; Hold out to one the fear of (some injury).

To be threatened—डिक्ड-इ।

Throatoning, threin-ing, a. ভরপ্রপ্ক; ভরপ্রপ্রাই; Menneing; indicating a menace:—
আনন্ত; আপরালক; Imminent. ad=threateningly.
Throatening lotter—বে পত্তে ভয় প্রদর্শন করা হয়।
Throo, thre, a. and n. ভিন; ভিনটা; Two and one.
Three-fold, threiold, a. ভিন ভব; বিকণিড; বিনভাল, Thrice repeated; consisting of three.
Throe-pence, n. ইংরাজি রোপানুলা বিশেব; প্রায় ভিন আনা।

Three-penny, a. তিন আনা মূল্যের ; আনি জিংকর । Three-ply, a. (হুডাদি সম্বন্ধে) নিশুণ : তিন ভালবিনিষ্ট ; Laving three folds. [ ভাগেৰ তিন ভাগ পৰিমিত । Three-quarter, a. ৬• ×২৫ ইছি প্রিমিত ; চারি Three-sided, a. ভিডুল ; নিগাধিক ।

Three-score, thrc'skor, n. মাটি: ভিনকৃতি; Sixty. Thronody, threho-di, n. [Gr. thenos, a lament, and ode, a song ] ছংবহুচক গান; বিলাপ-গাড়ি; A song of lamentation.

Throsh, v. t. माज़ान ; See thrash.

Threshold, threshold, n. খারের গোৰবাট ; আবেশ-প্র ; খার, The door-still ; entrance ; door:— আরম্ভ ; প্রায়ন্ত ; The point of entering or begining. Syn:—B.ginning, outset.

Threw, three, pt. of throw.

Thrice, thris, ad. তিৰ খণ; পুনঃ পুনঃ; Three times: - অত্যক্ত, Very.

Thrift, thrift, ম. বিভব্যর; ব্যাফ্রি-বিবরে সাগধাৰতী; স্থিত থব; Economy; frugality; a thriving state; economical management; increase of wealth:—টল্লভি; Success:—বৃদ্ধি; Growth, as of a plant. a=thrifty. Syn:—Gain, profit, success; good husbandry, parsimony, saving.

Thriftless, a. অনিতবারী; উড়ানিরা; Extravagant. ad -thriftlessly. n -thriftlessness.

Thrifty, thrifte, a. পরিষিতবাৰী; মিতবারী; Economical; frugal:—বৃদ্ধিশীল; Thriving. ad = thriftilly ( মিতবারপূর্বক)। n=thriftiness ( বিতবারিতা)। Syn:—Frugal, sparing, saving, careful, prudent, provident; prosperous.

Thrill, thril, v. t. বিদ্ধ-কু, ক্রিড-কু; ছিল্ল-কু; To pierce, to bore;—কলাবিড-কু; হন্কল বোধ করার; To affect strongly:—v. i. রোমাকিড:হু; ক্রিড-হু; লিহরিরা উঠা; To cause a tinling shivering sensation to run through the body:—n. রোমাক; পুরুক; অরঙরাণি; A thrilling sensation.

Thrilling, thriling, a. লোমহনক; হংকপাৰারী; Piercing; causing to thrill; feeling a tingling shivering through the system. ad=thrillingly,

n=thrillingness.

Thrive, thriv, v. i. [ Icel. thrif, good success ]
সমূদশালী-হ; প্রীযুক্ত-হ; উন্নতিলাভ-হ; To prosper;
to flourish:—ব্দিত-হ; বাদ্দে-হ; বাড়া, উন্নত-ই; To
grow. pt—throve, thrived. pt—thriven, thrived.
Syn:—Succeed, flourish, increase, advance,
Thriving, a. সমৃদ্ধশালী; Prosperous.

Throat, thröt, n. কঠ; টুটি, প্রথেশ; The forepart of the neck; fauces:—প্রবেশ-পথ; An entrance. a=throaty (গ্রীর)।

To cut one's own throat—আপনার গলা আপনি কাটা ; নিজেব অনিষ্ট নিজেই-কু।

Up to the throat—আकर्छ।

Throb, throb, v. s. শ্ৰুৰ-ভূ; কল্পিড-ছ; বড় বড়-ভু; বুক্ বুক্-ভু; To beat or palpitate, as the heart .— n. শ্ৰুৰ, কল্পন; ধ্ব্ধুক্নি; বড়-বড়; A beat or strong palpitation.

Throbbing pain, n. मन्मनानि: क्रेक्टोनि: A pain which is caused or augmented by the pulsation of arteries.

Throe, thrö, n. অভিশ্য ক্লেশ; বেগনা; দাৰণ বৰণা; Agony; extreme pain; anguish; pang:—
প্ৰদ্ৰ-বেগনা, গভ্যান্তনা; The pains of child birth:—কাঠ-ভেগন যন্ত্ৰ বিশেষ:—v. i. দাৰণ বৰণা ভোগ-কৃ, To be in agony. Syn:—(n) Pain; fit, spasm, paroxysm.

In the throes of—কোন কিছুৰ দৰণ বেগ পাৰৱা (গ্ৰহ্মপুৰে কাৰ কইজোগ); Undergoing the labour caused by . undergoing the suffering brought on by (used in pain in child-birth).

Throne, thron, n. বাস-সিংধানন; বাজ-ডক্তা; A chair of a king or prince:—রাজনীয় ক্ষডা; ধাজনজি; Sovereign power or dignity:—v.t. সিংহাদনে প্রতিষ্ঠিত-কু; বাজসিংহাদনে প্রতিষ্ঠিত-কু; To exalt.

Throng, throng, n. ভীড়; ওনতা. লোকের সমাগর; লোকারণা; A crowd; a great multitude; multitude passing against each other:—v. t. জনতা-কু, ভিড়-কু; To pass as crowd:—পরিপূর্ণ কু:—n. i. क्षि- ह ; अक्रांबिक- ह ; To crowd tagether. Syn :— (n) Concourse, press, host.

Throatle, throsi, ল. পদিবিশেষ ; The song-thrush.
Throttle, throtil, ল. পদ্দালী : বাদ্দলী কঠ ; The
wind-pipe ; larynx :—০. ১. কছবাদ্-ক ; বাদ্দদ্ভ-ক ;
গলা টিপিলা-বু ; To choke :—৩. ১. বাদ্দদ্ভ-হ ; To
breathe hard.

Through, thros, prep. তেদ কৰিয়া; কুঁড়িলা; এণিক হইতে বস্তু দিকে; বরাবর ভিত্তর দিরা; From end to end of; from side to side of:—কোন কিছু বারা; বারা, কর্ডুক; By means of; in consequence of:— মধ্য; Among:—a. আদি হইতে অন্ত পর্বান্ত গমনকারী; সমল পর্ব বা দুরভার অন্ত:—ad. এক সীমা হইতে বার এক সীমা পর্যন্ত; এক পার্ব হইতে অসর পার্ব পর্বান্ত; এক পার্ব হইতে অসর পার্ব পর্বান্ত; দিকে one end or side to the other:—আবো-পাত্ত; বার্থ্য হইতে শেষ পর্যন্ত সমল; From beginning to the end or purpose to end.

Carry through— 年前天事; Accomplish.

Fall through, Drop through প্রত্যত হ; বিকল-ছ; To be given up as a project or plan; to be abandoned. [ as a scheme.

Go through — সম্পন্ন ক ; Prosecute to the end. Go through fire and water — ৰাষ্ট্ৰতে পুড়িতে বন ঝার জনেই মগ্ন হইতে বন, সমগ্ৰই, করিতে প্রস্তুত-ই ; Undergo all risks ; do anything.

Through all, All through—আগাগোড়া; পূৰ্বা-পত্ত; From the beginning to the end of.

Through and through—সমাক্রণে বিশ্ব; এ কোঁড় ও কোঁড়, বিশেষ করিবা, Pierced wholly from one side to the other; from one end to the other:—আগাগোড়া; Thoroughly:—তত্ৰ তত্ৰ কৰিয়া Very minutely.

Through fire and water—সমত বিপদেৰ মধ্য দিয়া; সর্বাঞ্চকার বিছের মধ্য দিয়া; Through many and severe obstacle; or danger.

Through good and through evil report
— স্বাতি অব্যাতি কিছুর দিকে জকেপ না করিয়া; লোকে
ভান্ট বল্ক আর মুক্ত বল্ক তাসা গ্রাহ্ন না করিয়া;
Without caring much for the good or bad name
one gets.

Through life-stantant

Through the medium—ৰাৱা. By means of.
Through thick and thin—সমত বাধা অভিক্ষকু; Through whatever may be in the way;
through all obstacles:—বিপদাপ বাহাই থাকুক বা
কেন ভিছুই না মানিয়া; Not being hindered by any
obstacles or difficulties, whatever may be in the
way. [মধ্যে না থামিয়া দূৰবৰী ছানান্তৰে সমন করে।
Through train—বে গাড়ী এক বারগা হইতে ছাভিয়া
Throughout, throউ-০০া, ad. নক্ষে: সক্ষেত্ৰেভাবে;
সক্ষেত্ৰভাবে; সম্পূৰ্কণে; In every part; everywhere; quite through:—prep. সমন্ত ব্যাপিয়া;
In every part of.

Throve, throv, p. t. of thrive.

Throw, thro, v. t. [A. S. thrawan, to throw]
নিকেপ-ক; হোড়া; Cast; fling in any way:—
ৰলপূৰ্মক নিকেপ-ক; To hurl:—ভটান; To twist;
to wind:—চিংপাত করিয়া কেলা; উণ্টাইয়া-কে; To
prostrate in wrestling:—আফানিত-ক; পরিধান-ক;
To put on carelessly:—অনাবদানতাপূর্মক রাধা;
To lay carelessly or in haste:—কত প্রেম্পকু; সোচন-কু; হাড়িয়া কেলা; ক্রড উচ্চারণ কু:—ত. i.

নিকিন্ত- হ; কেশ্ব-ক ; To cast or huri :— অফ নিকেশ-ক ; To cast dice :— n. কেশব ; নিকেশ ; The act of throwing :— শালা-কেশব ; অফ নিকেশ ; A cast of dice :— স্থানিতের বুরতা ; বতবুর পর্বাত্ত কোন ব্রহা নিকিত্ত হয় ; The distance to which any thing is thrown :— এবল উলাব ; A violent effort. — thrower (নিকেশক ) । pt— threw, pp— thrown. Syn:—(\*\*) Project, propel, send, toss, pitch; spread, put; overturn, prostrate.

Throw about - रेडबड: विकिस इंडम ; To scat-

ter:-- कहा कविशा (क्या : शाकुशहेवा (क्या ।

Throw away—वयरका किता हातान : छाव्हिना किता वातान : दलाव हातान : Lose by neglect or folly : —व्याक्-वृ : Reject :—वृषी वात्र-कृ : व्यावात-कृ : वृषी (कगन-कृ : Waste :—वृषी विशद दक्ती ; Jeopardise for nothing.

Throw back—ৰখীকান-কৃ: (করড-কে: To refuse:
—শ্বাছ-কৃ: শ্বারোজনীয় বোধে ত্যাগ-কৃ: Reject:
—শ্বীর উত্তর-কে: To retort:—প্রতিকেশ-কৃ: প্রকিল্
কলিত-কৃ:

Throw by—শ্বাবহার্ব্য বলিরা রাখিরা-কে: Lay aside
Throw cold water on—নিরুৎনাহিত-কৃ: (কোন
বিবরে কাহার ও) উৎসাহ ভঙ্গ-কৃ: Discourage; deter
from.

Throw down—উটাইয়া-বে: বিপর্বাত্ত-কৃ; নষ্ট-কৃ; বিনষ্ট-কৃ; To overturn; to destroy:—অবনত-কৃ; To depress.

Throw down the gauntlet— বুদাৰ্থ আলাৰ- ফু; বুদ্ধের জন্ম ভাকা, Challenge; provoke to the combat; defy.

Throw dust in the eyes—চাক ধ্ৰা-ৰে; অভা-ৰণা-ক ; ঠকাৰ ; Impose one , deceive.

Throw dust or mud at - क्रमा-क ।

Throw in—অন্তৰিহিত-ক ; বাৰা ; বজেব নিকট গজিত বাৰা ; Put in ; deposit with others :—এলান-ক :— বেৰে প্ৰবেশ কবান ; To add something to the regular payment.

Throw into—কোন অবস্থার কেলা; কোনজণ জ্বৰম্থার কেলা; Cause to fall into (a certain state, generally bad):—অনুবাদ-কু; Translate into:
—কোন আকারে বৃদ্ধি করান; Put into (a certain) shape:—অব্যাগ বা নিকেপ-কু; Employ in; infuse into.

[to excel; to be superior to the shade—সেই-হ; To surpass;
Throw (or shed) light upon—ব্যাইয়া-সেঃ

Throw (or shed) light upon—र्वादेश-(ज: To explain; to make more clear.

Throw off—ৰহিছত-তৃ; Expel:—হাড়!, পরিত্যাপ-কৃ; ড্যাপ-কৃ; Discard, cast aside:—তুৰে কেলা; Put away:—বৈড়ে কেলা; Shake off:—শিকার করিতে-বা; Start for a haunt.

Throw off the mask or disguise— মুখ্ৰেৰ জাগ-ক; Take off that which disguises or conceals:— একুড অভিনাম গোণন না কৰিবা অকাশ কৰিবা কোন ; Make no secret of one's real intentions;— অকাশ-ক; To disclose; remove whatever disguises or conceals.

[ক; Tranquillise.
Throw oil upon the waters—শাৰ-ক; বিষ্Throw off the scent— এডারগা-ক; অবক্না-ক;
কিন; To mislead; to divert from the course of pursuit; to deceive.

Throw on - ( कारोबर ) बांक होशांच ; Cast on ; impute to ; saddle one with.

Throw one over crimmin states crem;
Cast one (in a lawsuit):—where with-w;
Abandon one; give one up.

Throw (or cast) one ever board—সমূলনাং
‡; ৰাহাল হুইডে ধনে ফেলিয়া-কে; Throw one out
of the ship:—এক পালে ঠেলিয়া কেলা; ফেলিয়া দেৱলা;
Shelve aside. [সহসা পালিড-হ: To lie down.
Throw one's self down—পন্ন-ক; কইলা পড়া;
Throw oneself into—বন দিলা লাগা; (ফোন
কামে) বন চালিয়া দিলা পাগা; Buter heartily into.
Throw oneself on, Throw one's self upon—উপায়ালুবাইন (নাচান) ইহা কাহারও অপুরাহের
উপর নির্ত্তন-ক; আপনাকে অল্পের বলার উপর নিকেপ-ক;
নির্দ্তপার ইইলা আজের অপুরাহের উপর অন-ক; Resign
oneself to the favour, elemency or power of:—
তইয়া পড়া; Lie down; repose upon.

Throw open—বুলিয়া ৰাখা; উৰ্বাচিত-তু; কৰ্মার বা পথ বুৰে-খে; To remove obstruction to entrance; to make free of access; make acces-

sible; open.

Throw out—অগাছ-কু: গাস না-কু: Reject:—
নিৰ্গত-কু: নি:সায়িত-কু: To eject:—বহিক্ত-কু: To expel:—এডাব-কু: ব্যক্ত বা উল্লেখ-কু: প্ৰকাশ-কু: Propose; put forth; mention:—বলা; To speak.
Throw out a gear—এলোবলো ক্রিয়া-দে; গোলনাস করিয়া-দে; Throw into disorder. [a hint. Throw out a hint.—ইসিতে ববা; ইসাবা-কু: Give Throw out a limit, auggestion or conjecture—ইসিতে ববা বা আলাক করিয়া বলা; Offer a hint, suggestion or conjecture.

Throw out feelers—শুলা বাহির করিলা ভাবগতিক
বুবা, অপরের মত জানিবার জন্ত কোন কিছু বলা বা করা;
কোন বিবৰে অন্তের মতের ভাব বুবিবার নিমিত্ত গুডাবে কোন
প্রভাব করিলা পাঠান; নাড়িখা চাড়িখা দেখা; To say or
do something inorder to ascertain the views of
others; put forth proposals or plans in a convert way with a view to sound the opinions of
others in regard to some contemplated measure.
Throw over—পরিত্যাগ-ক; ছাড়িলা-দে; ভ্যাগ-ক;
Abandon. [ject; dismiss; to discard.
Throw over-board—ক্যাব-দে, পরিভ্যাগ-ক; ReThrow stones—অপরের দেখি বরা!

Throw the great cast—নৰ্কাৰ পৰ কৰিল। কোৰত কাজে নাগা। বিভাৰ-ফু। Throw the handkerchief—পক্সীতে এহন কৰিবাৰ Throw to the dogs—অকৰ্মণানোৰে কেলিলা-ফে। Throw up the sponge—নিবাদ ত্যাগ-ফু; কাড়া প্ৰিয়াগ-ফু; Abandon the struggle; submit.

Throw up-কৰ্মত্যাগ-ক ; কৰ্ম ইতকা-ক ; ছাড়িয়া-কে ; Resign :—উল্পীৰ্ণ-ক ; বমন-ক ; বমি-ক ; Vomit :— অক্সাং কোন বান উপস্থিত হইলে তাড়াতাড়ি ক্রিয়া কিছু নিশ্বাণ-ক ; সম্বন নিশ্বাণ-ক ; Hastily erect for a temporary purpose.

Bo thrown away on—নিকল-হ; বুখা ইইনা-খা; কাহারও প্রতি বুখা প্রয়ক্ত-হ; Be of no avail to; fail to produce any effect on; make no impression on.

[ফু: Have to depend on.
Bo thrown on—কাহার বা কোন কিছুল উপর নির্ভ্জন
উপর নির্ভ্জন করিতে বাধা-হ; খকীর স্থলের উপর নির্ভ্জন
করিয়া চলিতে বাধা-হ; খকীর স্থলের উপর নির্ভ্জন
বাধা হ; Be obliged to shift for oneself; be ob-

liged to make the best of the means at one's disposal.

Be thrown together, Be thrown in the society of the state of the state

Thrown on one's beam ends—त्वर छेनांब बरनवन क्विएड वाबा-इ ; To be driven to one's last shift.

Thrum, thrum, s. স্বাস্থ ; উতিবের স্ভার কী; কাপড়ের কুলি ; The end of weaver's thread :— বোটা স্ভা ; Coarse yearn :— কুলুব আস্বাহিত অব : —চ. i. বুবা ; To weave ; to knit ; to fringe :— এক বেৰে গরণে বাজাব ; To play rudely or monotonously on an instrument. a—thrummy.

Thrummy, a. হতার দ্বী ধারা নির্মিত বা তথং; Made of, or like, thrums.

Thrush, thrush, n. পৰিবিশ্ব ; A small singingbird:—বোটকের পাধপোধ ; An inflammatory and suppurating affection in the feet of horse :— মুধ্বের বা ; Small ulcers on the mouth.

Thrust, thrust, v. t. [ Icel. thrista, to force ]
বলপূৰ্বক ভাড়িত-ভূ; সজোৱে বাড়া-দে; ঠেলা-দে; ঢাকা;
গালা; To push or drive with force:—v. i. স্কার
আর বারা আন্দেশ-ভূ; To attack with a pointed
weapon:—বাড়া-দে; To make a push:—ঠেলিয়া
ঢোকা; ঢাপ বারা প্রবিষ্ট-ভূ; To squeeze in:—
অন্বিকাবে প্রবেশ-ভূ; অনার্ত-বা; Intrude:—n.
জোরে বাড়া; A violent push:—বৌচা; আবাত;
A stab:—আক্রমণ; An assault.

A home thrust, n. মৰ্থে আঘাত ; থাতে বা ; মরমে আঘাত : An effective blow ; an expression which wounds one in a vital part :—An unexpected rebuke administered to a person, drawn from his own statements, arguments or conduct.

Thrust eside—এক বাবে রাধা; Put violently aside.

Thrust at—ৰ্চিয়া মারিতে চেট্টা-কু; Try to stab. Thrust away—প্রত্যাধ্যান-কু; ঠেনিয়া কেনা; Reject. Thrust in—প্ৰবিষ্ট-কু; ঢোকান ; Divide in.

Thrust into—পোঁৰা; Put into :—ছতে পেওয়া; নিকিন্ত কু; Throw into :—বদিয়ে-দে; Plunge into. Thrust off—গাৰা দিয়া বাহির-কু; Push away.

Thrust on—উভেজিড-কৃ; Impel:—বাড়ে কেলিক্ৰ-কে; Force upon; offer without solicitation.

Thrust one's self to—বিনা আহ্বানে প্রবেশ-ক ; জোরে ভিতরে গিয়া প্রবেশ-ক ; To obtrude ; to enter where one is not invited or not welcome.

Thrust out--বলপ্রক বহিছত-তৃ; উৎকিপ্ত-তৃ; বিজ্ঞান্ত-তৃ; Expel violently.

Thrust one's nose into অকান হতকো-ড়; অবর্থক হাত-দে: To intermeddle; to interfere in a meddlesome manner. [ stab.

Thrust through—रिक-कृ ; वृहिता बाता ; Pierce ; Thrust together—এकटब जबाँह-कृ ।

Thud, n. ब्राबान चक्क : 'बन्' कदित्रा नंडन चेक ।

Thug, ম. রাহাজাব ; পাছ-হত্তা : ঠগ ; One of a class of professional robbers and assassins.

Thuggee, n. नाव्रका ; क्री-लोबोबा ; The practice of the thugs.

Thule, n. गृथिवीत आंखळात ।

Ultimate thule—পृथितोत्र त्यत नर्वात्र : बाहात्र नरह बाह्य बाह्यद्वद्व बात्र नाहें ; The end of the world. Thumb, thum, n. বৃদ্ধাৰু : বুড়ো আছুল: The short thick finger, opposite to the other fingers:—এক ইকি; An inch:—৩. ৫. আনাড়িব ভাত হাত-কে; হাত লাগাইবা বোজনা বা থানন-কৃ, বুড়ো আছুলের দাগ লাগান. To handle awkwardly; to soil with the thumb or fingers:—বুড়ো আছুল ইণিরা-বৃ:—৩. ৫. অসুলি বাবা স্পর্ণ-কৃ; To finger.

By rule of thumb—আণিকিত ভাবে; In a rude, unskilful manner, not by education or imparted skill:—ৰোটাষ্ট হিসাবে; ছুল পণনাত।

Under the thumb at—वर्षा अवर्गन-कृ।

Thumbless, a. अक् हरीन।

Thumb-mark-वृद्धी आवृत्तद्र हिन वो नात ।

Thumb-screw, thumb-kins, n. কেশ দিবাৰ বন্ধ ; জ্বাৰাৰ বিশ্ব কৰাইবাৰ জন্ম অনুষ্ঠ-পৰ্কা পেৰণকাৰী বন্ধ বিশেষ ; An old instrument of torture for compressing or squeezing the thumbs, much used in Scotland, during the tyrannical times of the 17th century.

Thump, thump, n. ভাকী বস্তুৰ আঘাতেৰ পৰা; আৰমাৎ ভাৱী বস্তুৱ প্ৰদেব পৰা, গাইচ; ঠোকাঃ; The
sound made by the sudden fall of a heavy
body; a heavy blow:—v. t. বা মারা; ভারী বন্ধ
ৰাবা আঘাত-কৃ; ৰাবভা মাবা. ঠোকাঃ To beat with
something heavy —v. t. সলবো পত্তিত-হ; প্রক
আবাতসহকাৰে পত্তিত-হ; To strike or fall with a
heavy blow.

Thunder, thunder, n. মেখ-সর্জন, বছায়নি, বছের পল; The deep sound following a flash of lightning; noise made after an explosion of lightning:—ভীমনাদ, উচ্চ শব্দ; উচ্চ নিনাদ, Any loud noise:—অভিনন্দাত; ভীতি প্রবর্ণন বাকা; An alarming denunciation:—v. i. বছাবনি-কৃ; বছোর স্বাস্থানিক; To make thunder, to sound as thunder:—v. t. বছোর স্থানিতে নির্যোধিত-কৃ; উচ্চ ম্পনিতে প্রবাশ-কৃ; To emit with noise:—অভিনস্পাত আবাশ-কৃ; ভীতি প্রদশন বাকা উচ্চারণ-কৃ; To publish a denuciation. n—thunderer, e—thundery, thunderous.

God of thunder - 支班 !

Thunder-bolt, thunder-bolt, n আশনি, ৰাজ, কুলিল; বস্কু; A shaft of lightning —অভিসম্পাত, Eclesiastical denuciation:—বস্কুত্ৰ্যা ভয়ন্ত্ৰর বস্তু:— নিভীক বীর; A daring or mesistible hero

Thunder-clap, n. বজ্লবনি, বজ্ল নিখোৰ; ৰছাখাত, Explosion of thunder.

Thunder-cloud, n. ভাড়েপুৰ্ব মে ; A dark cloud, which produces lightning and thunder. Thunderer, n. বছপাডক ; বছকান-কারক ; Jupiter :—Times Newspapers.

Thundering, a. राष्ट्रियोगी।

Thunder-proof-Sale against thunder.

Thundershower—Sudden and heavy rain during thunder. [ with thunder.

Thunder-storm—বস্তাঘাত সহিত বড়বুট ; A storm Thunder-struck, thunder-struk, a. বস্তাহত ; Struck by lightning :—বিশ্ববাপন্ন ; চমৎকৃত , বিশ্বিত , অবাদকৃত ; Struck dumb by something startling and surprising ; astonished ; struck dumb.

Thurible, n হ্ৰাচী; হুগাৰ; A censer of metal for burning frankincense. [ries the thurible. Thurifer, n. মুৰাচীবাংক, The server who car-

Thursday, thurida, n. नशास्त्र लक्ष्यात ; बुरेलांड वात ; The fifth day of the week.

Thus, thus, ad. adart; are; ad eraics; in this manner; to this degree; so.

It is one self that one is thus and thus
—ব্ৰহুংবাদি সমস্ক নিজেৱ মান্সিক অসুতির উপন্ন নিউন্ন
কৰে; One's success or failure, one's happiness or misery depends entirely on one's own
strength of character or will.

Thus far-asiat : asea mais i

Thwack, thwak, v. t. [A. S. thaccian, to touch gently ] প্রায়-ড়; ঠোকা; পেটা, নারা. To beat; to thrash:—n. আবাত, ঠোকন; পেটন, A smart blow with something blunt and heavy; a heavy blow. Syn:—(v) Bang, thrash, thump, belabour, strike.

Thwart, thwawrt, v. t. প্রতিষদ্ধক-দে; বাধা দে; বাধাজ-কৃ; To defeat; to oppose; to cross, to hinder by an obstacle -- n. গাঁডিগিগের ব্যাধার আসন; Rower's seat .- a আডাআচি; Being crosswise, transverse: -- ad. অনুপ্রবৃত্ত; বাডে; Athwart. Syn: -- (v) Traverse, cross; oppose, contravene, frustrate, defeat.

Thy, thi, pro. a. মহাপদের, তোমাব; Of or belonging to thee pl=your. [plant. a=thymy. Thyme, tim, n. হুগলি লগা বিশেষ; An aromatic Thymy, timi, a. হুবলি, Fragrant.—টাইৰ্ ভৱিষ বছল; Abounding with thyme.

Thyself, thi-self, n. pro thou or thee in person. ভূমি ৰখং, ভূমি আপনি বা নিজে; Used for emphasis.

Tiere, ti-dra, n. টোপৰ, টুপি, A head-dress —
মুক্ট, কিন্নীট; ত'ল, Diadem :—পোপেৰ কিণ্ট;
The Pope's triple crown. a = tiared.

Tibis, tibi-a, n. জন্মার আছি বিশেব, পাবের বৃহৎ
আছি, Larger of the two bones of the lower leg,
the shin bone.—(ব্যু বিশেষ; বাঁশী। a=tibial
(মঞাছি সম্মীয়; বাঁশী সম্মীয়)।

Tie, n. পেনী-পাৰ, পেনানিবেৰ আকোপ, A convulsive motion of certain muscles, especially of the face.

Tic-douloureux, tik-doo-loo-roo, n. আফ্রান্সন;
মুখের প্রেরাধি; সার্ বোগ; Neuralgia in the face.
Tick, n. টিক টিক শব্দ. টিক টক শব্দ, ঘটির টুক টুক্
গব্দ, Tickling:—চিক:—কটি; কুকুরাদিব গাবের
মাজ; An insect:—সদির খোন : ভোষকের খোন
Bed cover:—বালার সম্ভ্রম; ধার, কজ্ঞে, Crecht;
trust:—ত. ś. ঘড়ির মত শব্দ-ক; টিক্ টিক্ শব্দ-ক, আছে
আখাত-ক, To beat as watch:—ত. t. চিক্তি-ক,
কীরে-দে, To mark.

Buy on tick-बाद त्वना ।

Tick off—( বীরে ) দাগ দেওবা ; একে একে গরীকা-ছ।
To tick a thing off—কলম দিয়া দাগ-কু; To
mark an item with the touch of a pen.

To take a thing on tick—To have it jotted down or marked on the score instead of paying. Ticken, Ticking, n. cetters (attituded at the factor). Cloth for head-ticks.

Ticket, tiket, a. টিকিট, বিদৰ্শনপত্ৰ; কুৱ কাগন্ধও; Marked card; a token of any right or debt: v. f. টিকিট-বে, বিৰূপ লাগান, To mark by a thicket. Monthly ticket—এক নাগের টিকিট। Ticket-of-leave-क्रामीस्क अन्द त्वक्रांक्राम अमन ক্রিবার অপুষ্ঠি-পত্র; দতাধীন অপরাধীর সঞ্চরিত্রতার बड महिलाद : A license to be at large, granted to a convict for good conduct.

What is the thicket-fa as als?

Tickle, tikl, v. t. शृहश्वाह-त्य ; क्षूकू कृ-त्य ; कोजूब-TOTA (7; To cause to laugh from slight touching :- তোবানোৰ-क : महरे-क : To please by slight gratification :-- v. i. হড় হড শব্দ অপুভব-কু ; হুড়াইড়ি বোৰ-ক: To have a creeping tingling sensation. Syn:-Titillate; please, amuse, gratify.

Tickle-brain, n. (बन्ना : Toy that please :-हक्त कांक : One who is fickle.

Tickle death—ইাসিরে মাবা।

Ticklish, tiklish, a. বে ব্যক্তির সহত্রে কৃত কৃত বোধ इव ; योशांट नद्दा कांजुबन्जूब नात्न , Easily tickled ; easily affected; difficult to be touched:-অনিদিষ্ট, অনিদিষ্ট; Uncertain; tottering:-করিন; শক , Difficult. Syn :-- Unsteady ; difficult : nice, critical.

Tick-tack, n. 6本 6本 4年 !

Pidal, tidal, a. জোখার ভাটা সম্বন্ধীয় : জোখার-ভাটা বিশিষ্ট; Belonging to tides; pertaining to tides. A tidal river—व नमीट कार्वाव कांहा (थाल।

Tidbit, Titbit, न. बांबाजारवाव कांमनाःम ।

Tide, tid n. (siris oil); (वन); The regular flux and reflux of the sea; rising and falling of the sea : - সময়, Time; season : - গতি, Course -- প্রবাহ; প্রোক, Stream; current:-v. i. ছোবাৰ ভাটা চলা ; ভাটাৰ চানিত কু ; To work in or out with the tide of a river, to pour a tide or flood :- v. t. প্রবাহের স্তিত ডাড়িত-কু; To drive with the stream. Syn -(n) Flow, cbb.

Tide over-বিপদ অভিক্রম-ক ; Surmount difficulties:-- विशव कां डिश्वा-(प ; विशव कां डिश्वा डेठा ;

Pass a critical period.

Take the tide at the flood -কোন হবিখা বা श्राम शहेगा नाइ-कृ ; Take advantage of an opportunity when it occurs.

Work double tides — দিনরাত্র উত্তর পণেই চল; हर मित्नव कांक हांव नितन्तु ।

Tide-gauge, n. (वनामान एक ; झावाब छोडे। পৰিমাণ নিৰ্ণয়ের ব্য : An instrument for registering the state of tide continuously.

Tideless, a. catyle-will sta : Having no tide. Tide-mill, tid-mil, n. खात्रात डाढीव डालिङ रह ; A mill moved by tide water or for clearing out tide water. Ship.

Tidesman-Custom house officer posted aboard Tide-table, n. জোয়ার ভাটাব নির্ঘট-পত্ত।

Tide-waiter, tid-water, n. उद मध्याहक कर्याहों बिट्न ; Custom officer to watch the landing of goods; an officer who watches the arrival of vessels, to secure the payment of duties.

Tide-way, tidwa, n. (बाह्मारतब बन धारवन कतिवाह The channel in which the tide sets.

Tidings, tidingz, n. pl. [ A. S. tidan, to happen ] मःवीन , थवत ; मनागत , वार्डी ; News ; intelligence. Syn :- Information, word.

Bad tidings-क्नमान्त्र । Good tidings--ক্সমাচার। Tidy, tide, a. পরিপার্টী; হুগজিত; Neat; in good order :- n. कोकिंद (गनान : कोकिंद (पताकान : A. cover for chairs &c. :- v. t. পরিপাটা- ; পরিক্র-কু; To make neat. n=tideness (পারিপাটা; স্বৰ্শে-বন্ত) ; ad=tidily ( সুচাকুরূপে )।

Tie, ti, v. f. नकन-कृ; वेशा : To fasten with a cord ; to bind :- वृक्ष-कृ ; नःवृक्ष-कृ ; To unite ; to constrain: —ৰাখিড-কু; বাধ্য-কু; আটক-কু; To oblige: —খ. i. সমৰুল-হু: —খ. বন্ধন; বন্ধনী; এছি; A knot; a bond:--সমসংখ্য; An equality in numbers, as of votes. Syn :- (v) Secure, attach ; knit, interlace, knot ; join, connect, link.

Result (or end) in a tio-विश्वादनकारन अल-যোগিগণেৰ প্ৰাপ্ত সন্মতি সংখ্যা সমান হওয়া। [বিশ্বাম-কু 1 Ride and tie-वरश्चत महिङ भेगाहरूप भविज्ञम । Tie down-अमन क्रिया वाका व डिक्टिंड ना शांख : र्वंथियां बांबा : डेडिंटिंड ना त्पवशं ; Fasten to prevent from rising. [ restraint. Tie the hands-sts atti: To lay under Tie the nuptial knot-विवाद-त्य ; Join in

Restrain ; confine. marijage. Tio up -- वांतक-क ; वक-क ; Fasten :-- प्रमन-क ; Be tied to one's upon strings—औहन पतिरा

বেডান . ত্রীলোকের বণাভূত ভ্রমা চলা; ত্রৈণ-ছ; Be constantly in the company of (women); be subject to the control of ( a lady ).

Tongue-tied, a. यत्नव क्था श्विता वनिष्ठ अभावन ; Unable to speak freely.

Tier, ter, n. नानि; (यनी; A row :- जाशांका (वनी: Row of ships in a harbour :- वक्नकांद्री : क्क्नी :-বালকের জাসা।

Tierco, ters, n. forth; A cask containing one third of a pipie, i. e. 42 gallons :- তাশের বিভি: A sequence of three cards of the same suit :-অসি-ক্রীড়াবৃদ্ধে খোঁচা . A thrust in fencing.

Tierce-major, n. টেকাবড় বিভি।

Tio-rod, n. होना निक ।

Tiff, ". मामान द्वाप : वाप : वपडा : Slight anger : -- एदाद अज्ञयाजा : এक हुनूक मन : स्वा : मना : Small draught of liquor :- v. t. बगडा - क ; बाशाबिक-क । Tiffin, tif'in, n. वन-थानात : मशारकद वनभान : Luncheon; a lunch between breakfast and

Tigor, ti'ger, n. कांच ; वाच ; A fierce and raparious animal of the cat kind :- 31 47 : Bloodthirsty monster. fem = tigress.

Royal tigor, n. त्केंदरा बांच।

Tigor cub, n. बांध-नावक ; वारवद्र शांना ।

Tigerish, Tigrish, a. बाखदर ; निवृत ; खडानक ; Like tiger in disposition.

Tight, tit, a. होनहोन, क्यां ; बाहा ; बाहान ; Close : firmly held together . compact :- अभिवित : नक ; Not slack; not loose '-- 李对4; Saving: -- 本版書; পরিপাটা। Syn:-Fast; stretched, tense; not leaky.

Tighton, titn, v. t. कता; आँठी; कतिका दिना: To make tight; straiten. [ कार्य ; Closely. Thightly, ad. भक्तकाल : कत्राकति छात्व : चांडान-Tightness, n. बाहाबाहि ; क्माक्ति ; Closeness. Tike, n. क्कूब; A dog -- পাডाগাবে লোক ; A rustic. Tilbury, n. नकड वित्वत ; A kind of gig.

Tile, n. টাनि ; বোলা : वानवा ; A plate of baked clay used for covering roofs, floors &c. :- . t. • টালি বারা আফ্রাবিত-ফু; To cover with tiles. #= tiler. Tilery, tiler-i, #. টালি নির্দ্বাণ্যালা; টালি প্রস্তুত

Tilery, tiler-i, #. डीनि विश्वानिमाना ; डीनि व्यव्य कवितात कात्रपाना ; डीनि (बीनी ; A place where tiles are made.

Tiling, tiling, n. নৰ্কপ্ৰকাৰ টালি; Tiles in general.
Till, til, prep. গৰান্ত; বাবং; বে প্ৰান্ত না; To the time of :—ad. পৰ্বান্ত; ব্যবহি না; To the time when; to the degree that:—n. গোকানের টাকা নাখিবার বান্ত; বান্তের গেবে; A money box in a shop:—v. f. ক্ৰা-কু; লাক্স-দে; চনা; To cultivate; to plough and prepare for seed.

Till now— वशांवि ; a वाव ; To the present time. [time.

Till then—দে পৰাত ; ডংকাল পৰাত ; To that Tillable, a. কৃষিযোগা ; Arable , cultivable.

Tillage, tilaj, n. চান; কৃথিকাৰ্য্য; কৰ্মণ: Husbandry; act of tilling:—ক্ষিত্ৰ ভূমি; A place tilled. Syn:—Cultivation, culture, farming; agriculture.

Tiller, n চাৰা: কৃষক: Husbandman:—ৰাজাদি ছেমৰ কৰিলে গোড়া হইতে প্ৰৱাহ যে কেঁক্ডি নিৰ্গত হয় ভাহা:—ৰৌকাদিয় কৰ্ণনয় বত: হালেয় বাঁট. The handle or bar by which a rudder is moved.

Tiller-rope, n. राहेन-कांत्रे वीधिवात होना मछी। Tilt. tilt, s. siols wites as; The canvas covering of a cart or wagon :—তাৰু; তাৰু: Tent: -- ठीरनाता ; व्याववन ; Awning :-- क्रीडाव्य विरमव ; অবারোহীর বল্লবুম্ন ; Tournament :--ধোচা ; আঘাত ; Thrust :-- 本語: (香香: Inclination forward :v. i. अक्षितक क् का ; बावह-इ ; To fall on the side ; to I can :- आङ्ग्यार्थ छ्लामि नहेग्रा पाविछ-इ . बद्धमा जुड़ेश युक्-क ; To thrust or fight with a lance :- v. f. बाउन निवादन यह बादा बादु क-क ; To cover with an awning :-- वस्त्रा नित्कन-क ; वस्त्रा হোড়া : To point or thrust as a lance :-- হেলাৰ ; काइए-क ; अक्षांत्र शतिता केक-क ; To slant, to incline.; to raise one end of :-- হাডুড়ি দিলা পিটা. To forge with a tilt-hummer. Syn := (n)Canopy; pass, lounge; encounter, joust; slant, slope, inclination, cant.

Full tilt-natice !

Tilt up-चक्चार वज्ञात हैशक्त-कृ ।

Tilting, n. कीज़-वृद्ध :

Tilth, n. চাস; কৰ্বণ; ক্ৰিড ভূমি; ক্ৰিডাবছা; Cultivation; tilled land.

Tilt-hummer, tilt-hamer, n. बढ़ मूलांब ; Large hammer lifted by wheel.

Timber, timber, n. বৃংকর কাও; ভড়ি; Trunk of a tree:—বে কাঠ পৃহাধি নির্মাণে ব্যবহৃত হয়; চকর; কড়িকাঠ; Wood for building purposes:—v. t. কড়িকাঠাৰি বারা সন্ধিত-কু; To furnish with timber or beams.

Seasoned timber—Timber so thoroughly dried that all the sap and natural juices are gone out of it.

Timber-yard, n. कार्यत लाला ।

Timbre, त. क्षेत्रनिष द्व ; राष्ट्रव द्व ।

Timbrel, timbrel, n. ठाक ; क्यों वा व्यक्षी वित्तव ; Drum ; a musical instrument.

Time, tim, ». বৰষ ; Particular part of duration :
—বাৰ, Season :—খবনৰ ; ব্ৰেণে ; Opportunity :—

ভীবৰভাল; ভীবিভকাল; The duration of one's life:
— ৰুজার নময়; Period of death:— পুন: পুন: পান্য লাবজি
বা বোল; Addition of a thing to itself:— প্রদন্ধ
ভাল: প্রস্ব-বেদনার সময়; Hour of travail:— ভাল;
Musical measure:— উপযুক্ত ভাল; নিশিষ্ট ভাল;
Allotted period; proper time:— ইংরীবন্দ ও ইংল্লাল; Existence of any period:— ০০ টি ক সম্বেন্দ; সময়োচিত-কৃ; মুবোচিত সমরে-কৃ; To do at the proper season:— নিয়মিত-কৃ; সময় নিশিষ্ট-কৃ; সময়
সম্বেদ্ধে নিয়মিত-কৃ; To regulate, as to time:— ভালবিশিষ্ট-মৃ; ভালমান্যক্ত-কৃ; To measure as in music:
— ০০ টি সময় রক্তা-কৃ; ভাল বেলয়া; ভাল মাধা; To keep or beat time. Syn:—(n) Term, interval, spell; period, age; era; occasion; section, division.

A time ball—টিক মধ্যাক সময়ে বে কলুক নীচে পতিত At a time—এক এক বায়; এক এক বায়ে; At each time, on each occasion.

At one time, At another time—এক সম্ভৱ
Now, আর এক সমবে; Now. [ along with it.
At the same time—আরও; সেই সজে সরে; Also;
At times—মবো মবো; সমরে সমরে; কবনও কবনও;
লাকে বাবে; At distant intervals; now and then.
Bide one's time—সুসমর আদিবে বলিয়া প্রতীকা
করিয়া থাকা; Wait for a favourable opportunity.
By that time—ততকবে, Not later than that
time; about that time.

By the time—সেই সময়ে কিংবা ভাহার কিছু পূর্বে; যে সময় বরাবয়; At or a little before the time.

By this time—4344; 43444; Now (now that so much time has passed).

For a time—থানিককণের জন্ত ; কিরংকানের জন্ত ; For a short time ; for a while.

For a very long time—দীর্কালের নিনিত। For the time being—আলাকক: এজার

For the time being—ৰাপাড্ড:; একৰে, ডঙ্কেলের উপাইড সমবের মড়; ডংকালের জন্ম . For the present; during the time that is passing, temporarily, for the moment.

[ # x s ]

Four times four—চারি সারিডে; চারি ভবিত চারি,

From time immemoral—বৃহ্কাল হইতে; অৱগা-ভীত কাল হইতে; From a time longer than is remembered.

From time out of mind, From time immemorial—ৰতি পূৰ্বকাল হইতে; মহণাতীত কাল হইতে; From time immemorial.

From time to time—কথন কথন; নগে নগে; নগে; নগে; নগে; নগে; নগে; now and then.

Have a bad ( or hard ) time of it—( কিছু-খাল ) কটে খাটাৰ; Not to fare well, be miseraable during a certain period.

In course of time, In process of time—
ক্ৰিক্ষে; কালে; As time goes on.

In no time-scatte : sefe ; Quickly.

In the fulness of time—পূৰ্ণাল উপন্থিত হইলে; ব্যাসবল্লে; সময় পূৰ্ণ হইলে; চান্তি পোৱা হইলে; When the time is ripe for anything; when the fit time has come.

[ during the interval.

In the mean time—Force; Meanwhile; In time—Grage rate; and rate; Grage atta; In good season; sufficiently early:—Firsts; In course of time.

Kill time-- मनत नहे- ह ; मनत दुर्श खन्न ह ; त्कान नक्त

कतिका नवन कांत्रिया त्यल्या : Waste time : Spend one's time anyhow. Lose no time-किছ्यां विजय मा-कः अश्वनीर क्यां

काम कतिता (क्या : काम विमय मा क्या ; Make no [ वावशंत्र-छ । Make time-- जनकान-इ: (कांनड कर्ष कतिएंड नगर Move (or run or go ) against time-45 % সম্ভব কোনও নিদিষ্ট পথ অভিক্রম করা, কিংবা বভদুর সম্ভব कान विनिद्धकारम नमन-कृ ; To move or run as rapidly as possible in order to ascertain the greatest attainable speed.

Once upon a time-447; 44 नमरह; At a certain time long ago.

Out of one's time-नार्वानक इंट्रेंग ; Having reached the period of majority.

Seise time by the fore lock—সুবোগ না প্ৰায় এই ৰয় তত্তে থাকা ; Be on the alert for any favourable opportunity.

Spare time-अवकान ; Leisure hours. किश्न-क Take time by the forelock-fore at-a: Mea The time being-Jeans; The present time. Time after time-পুন: পুন:, বারংবার; Many [ frequently. times; repeatedly.

Time and again—मर्त्ववाहे: शून: शून:; Very Timo enough — উপযুক্ত সময়ে; যথাসময়ে; সকাল नकान ; यशाकारन ; Early-enough ; in good season . sufficiently.

Time gone by -গতকাল ; গত সময় ; Past time. Time is up-निक्तिहै त्रमत भठ हहेबार ; किंक त्रमत আসিরাছে; The allotted time has just expired; the appointed time has come.

Time of day-निवासत समायादिक विक्वापन।

Time of life - नवन ; वद: अभ ; Age.

Time on one's hands-Unemployed time.

Time out of mind, From time immerorisl-মতি প্ৰকাল হইতে; পাৰণ হয় না এমন কোন कान रहेरन ; Longer than can be remembered . from of old. [ Circumstances are different. Times are changed-नमायब शहिबर्शन क्रेबाएक ; Time to sparo-বিশাস কাল; Time not occunicd : leisure. There was a time. Time was - अक नमत किल; अमन अक काल किल; Time was when-ध्यन अवस्ति हिन वस्त ।

Time well spent – সময় ভালরপে মতিবাহিত-ক: Time profitably and successfully employed. Time-honoured, tim-onurd, a. প্রাতন ব্লিরা

মাননীয়; বছকাল ধরিবা সম্মানিত; প্রাচীন হেডু সম্পূল্য; Venerable on account of antiquity.

Time-keeper, tim-kep'er, n. ৰচিকা; বড়ি; Clock or watch that keeps time :--বে কারিকর লোকের शक्ति निर्द ; One who keeps the time of workmen. Timeless, a. जन्द : जल्द ।

Timely, timile, e. नगरबाशवूक ; दवानगरब উ९भइ ; বধাৰালে বৃষ্টিত বা আগত; Seasonable; being a good time :- ad. वर्षात्रमध्य ; जारत ; नीज ; Early ; soon. n=timeliness. Syn :- Opportune, early. Timeous, timus, a. সামরিক : বণাকালীব : In good time ; seasonable.

Timeously, ad. नशाकीरन ; In good time. Timepiece, tim-pes, s. पहिंका ; पढ़ि ; A clock. Time-sanctioned, a. वहकारन वावशंत पाता হ্লপুমোদিত।

Timeserver, tim-server, #. त्रवत-त्रवी गुक्ति: नवद-त्रवक ; कानाप्त्रवर्षी ; (बानात्वाक्वादी ; One who serves or obsequiously adopts his opinions to the times.

Timeserving, a. नीठ ; यथन त्यम छचन राजन गाय-शांतकांत्रो ; Meanly acomodating ; servile ; mean. Time-table, tim-ta'bl, n. ममराब छालिकां ; नगरबद নির্ঘন্ত ; Time-bill.

Time-worn, a. बहासीर्व ; कानकीय ; भूतांत्रम ; कान नीर्: Decayed by time; worn in course of time; old.

Timid, timid, a. ভীক ; ভরতরাদে ; ভীত ; পৰিত : शैममाहम ; Faint-hearted ; fearful. n=timidne-s ( डोक्डा ; आनदा ) ; ad=timidly ( खरत खरद ; छोउन्ह AT ) | Syn :- Fearful, timorous, cowardly, pusillanimous; shrinking, retiring, diffident. Timidity, ti-midi-ti, n. elas ; es; Want of

courage ; faint heartedness. Timorous, timor-us, a. छोत ; नदानुक ; उदनीन ;

Timid ; fearful. n=timorousness (ভরণীব্ডা) : ad = timorously.

Tin, tin. n. हिन ; ब्रांक : हिटनब कारनजा : A metal :v. t. हिन बारा बाक्हानिक-कृ ; हिन बाता मिकक-कृ ; Cover or overlay with tin. [ colour ; colouring. Tinctorial, a. বুলুম্কান্ত: বৰ্ণপ্ৰদ: Relating to Tincture, tingkfür, n. 34; 34; Slight tinge, a tinge of colour; shade of colour :-- बांबक ; ৰজৰ সাত্ৰাংশ নিশ্ৰিত ফ্ৰাদি ; Extract of finer parts ; a spirituous solution of any substance :- v. t. রছ-কু; বঞ্জিত-কু; To tinge; to colour:—মিলিড-F; To embrue; to mix with any other thing foreign. Syn :- (n) Tint, shade, grain; flavour, taste, smack; infusion, admixture, seasoning, sprinkling, alcoholic solution.

Tinder, tinder, n. महत देवन ; आ उ नहनीय रख ; চক্ষকির পোড়া শোলা বা হতা: Any thing used for

kindling fire from a spark.

Tinder-box, n. চক্মকির বার । Tine, tin, n. कंतित बाता ; केतित मेंड ; नुष ; The tooth or spike of a fork or harrow. a-tined. Tined, tind, a. লগ্নদুৰক ; Furnished with spikes. Tin-foil, tifloil, n. Beag পাতলা পাত : Tin reduced to a thin foil; tin in thin leaves.

Tinge, tinj, v. f. किथिश दक्षिक-कृ : द्रह्-पि : द्रह्-कृ : To colour slightly; stain :- 知知, To mix with something : - त. वर्ग ; ब्रह ; Colour ; stain : — वात ; Taste. Syn :—(v) Dyc tincture, tint ; imbue, impress, infuse, impregnate. (n) Tincture, dye, taint. [ bued in some degree with. Be tinged with—কোন কিছুর আচ খাৰা ; Be im-Tinglo, ting'gl, v. i. हून हून नम अव्छव-कृ; बन् अन्-कृ; कत्र कत-कृ; छीउ राठनी त्याप-कृ; To feel a thrilling sensation, as in hearing a shrill sound; to feel a sharp, thrilling pain :- n. हैन हैन नम ; Sharp, vibratory, thilling or pricking feeling. Make the ears tingle—কোৰ উত্তেজিত-কু; Ex-

cite one's anger.

Tink, v. i. हेन हेन वा हुन हुन नक-क । Tinker, tingker, n. के। ताबि ; त्व नि उनावित वानम মেরাম্ভ করে: Mender of brass pans:-v. t. মেরামত-কু; পাইন বা স্বাইল-বে।

Tinkle, tingki, u. i. हेन हेन भक्त- ; रेर रेर भक्त- ;

To clink; to make small, sharp sounds; jingle:-v. t. दून दून भण-कः अन् अन् भण-कः अर है? अब क्यान . To cause to make quick, sharp cound :--- हैन हैन नेन ; किकिनी नेन ; है: है। नेन ; A sharp clinking sound.

Tinkling, n. 37871

Tin-man, n. Blag कांत्रिकत ।

Tinsel, tihsel, n. উच्चन शोकुत शोक ; अविशांत कांशक : Kind of shining metallic plate or cloth; a stuff for ornamental dresses consisting of cloth:-ज्ञाञ्चल वश्च : स्वद्वांतात वश्च : अकिकिश्वत स्वत स्वा : Gaudy decoration, anything showy; shining trifle; something showy, but of little value; anything having a false lustre :- a, (aging; अवकाल ; अक्यरक ; Gaudy , superficial .- v. t. টিন্সেল ছারা সজ্জিত-কু; To adorn with tinsel; to make gaudy, to make glittering. [ in tin. Tinsmith, n. Bicia wifawa, One who works Tint, tint, n. 44; ae; wiei; acfa wiei; Colour, dye, shade of colour:-v. t. भेवद त्रकिछ-क ; ৰাভাৰিত-ক ; To give a slight colouring to. Syn : -(n) Tinge, hue, shade, grain.

Tintinnabulation, n. बढ़ीव है: है: अब ; The

tinkling sound of bells.

Tiny, ti'ne, 明5 東京, 原形, Very small. comp= timer, sup=timest. Syn .- Little, puny, wee,

diminutive, lilliputian.

Tip, tip, n. অগ্রভাগ; সমাগ্র-দেশ, The point of anything email .- अव ; आता , The end :- वेदर আবাত .--ইসাবা; ইজিত, টিপ্ৰি --- ৩. ১. আগা-কু; শাগা ওঁচা-কু , শগ্ৰহাগ ক্ষু বা আচ্ছাদিত-কু ; To form a point to; to put a point on; to cover the tip or end of .- v. i. Fall on or forward one side. Syn: -(n) Tap; top, cap, incline, cant; lower, drop; tilt, lean, slant.

On the tip of one's tongue— कृतिए हेबार । Tip out-( यह अञ्चि ) हाता ; शहान।

Tip over—উদ্টে কেলা।

Tip the wink (slang)—ইছিড-ৰ : চৌৰ টিপিয়া ইবারা-ৰু; To intimate to another by means of a wink.

Tip up-এक श्राद्ध रिव्हा क्छक्टे। दिन्टेव्हित स्का । Tip-cat, n. वालकमित्तव छीव-श्रमि त्वमा ।

Tippet, n. जीवाक्शवन ; উखतीर वद्य वित्नव ; मृत्वत्र স্তা ; A narrow covering for the neck.

Tipple, tip'l, v :. अब शतिमार्य महा शान-कृ; To drink strong liquors often; to drink in small quantities - र खिडिंद्र अधिमात नान-कृ: भूनः भूनः यह बाउता ; नर्राता अकडू अकडू यहा भान-इ ; To drink, as strong liquors, to excess :- #. CPT

बना । n=tippler ( बनानाती ) ।

Tippling house, n. मलद लाकाव ; चंकियांवा : Public house; a shop where intoxicating liquors are retailed to be drunk on the premises.

Tipstaff, n. लाशंत्र कडा नानान नाडि, A staff tipped with metal —সন্বিক্ষে পেরালা; চৌকিলার; विनिया (नव । A constable.

Tipater, #. বে বোডবৌড় বাজিতে কোন বোড়া জিভিবে Tipsy, tip'si, a. स्वांगात यह डेबर : बांडान : वांव-মাতাৰ; Intoxicated; drunk: — চৰ্চৰ; Recling. n=tipsiness, ad=tipsily.

Tip-toe, tip'to, n. नीरमन बुद्धानुरहेत अब ; नामानुरहेत

MANY; The tip or end of the toe :--- a. WHICH উপর ভর দিরা দুঙারমান ; আলগোচ : নিংশক ।

On tip-toe-नि: नाम ; Noiselessly :-- नाम हरेन ; In eager expectation; eagerly :- किन (नात ; Standing on the end of the toe.

On the tip-toe of expectation-On the state of being awake or alive to anything.

Tiptoe mirth-অভিশয়িত আমোদ।

To be (or stand) on tip-toe-place ett); ৰতাম আগ্ৰহাৰিত হইৱা থাকা।

Tirade, ti-rad, n. निकाराष : क्यांच : निका : क्यां-পু বন্ধুতা; A strain of censure or invective; declamation; censure.

Tire, tir, n. [ A. S. teorian, to weary ] পৰিক্ষ; Apparel:-मधकांवर्ग. छेकीव; दिश्व ; Head dress :- निश्त कामा निलन ; श्लावाक ; Attire :--চক্ৰবেণী; চাৰাই হাল; Band or hoop of a wheel: —৩. १. কাছ-কৃ, To weary :—ভূষিত-কৃ; To dress · —৩. १. বিষক্ত-হ; To vex :—আত্ত-হ; কাছ-হ; তুৰ্গলw, To become weary; to be fatigued. Syn --(v) Fatigue, jade, harass, bore ; fag. [exhaust Tire out—অত্যন্ত ক্লান্ত-ক ; হ্লরাণ ক : Utterly Tired, titd, a. কান্ত ; প্রান্ত , Wearted ; fatigued. Be tired of-(कान किছ्र पत्र गहिक्डा-इ : Have one's patience exhausted by.

Be tired with- #18- #; Be fatigued with.

Tiresome, tir'sum, a. atfara; steara; क्टेबनक , विवक्तिक्षनक ; Fatiguing , tedious ; fitted or tending to tire. n=tiresomeness, ad-tiresomely. Syn: - Exhausting, laborious, arduous; wearisome, irksome.

Tire woman, n. Milliner; dresser.

Tiseus, tisliu, n. कि:बान ; सबित कासकता (तमनी কাগত . Cloth interwoven with gold or silver or with figured colours :-बान ; एख ; (भनी .-- देशहरू हेनानान : The anatomical elements of which organs are composed :-- वाना , जान :-- क. t. व्नक-ক ; বুনান ; চিত্ৰবিচিত্ৰ-ক ; To interweave ; to variegate. Syn:-(n) Fabric; web, texture, structure, series, combination.

Tissue paper - कठि शो उना कानल , वृष्टित कानल । Tit, n. অতি কৃত বস্ত ; বঙ ; Any very small

thing -- मुझ त्यांडा :-- भक्तिविद्याव।

Tit for tat, n छिनछी मातित्व गाउँदक्कि त्वत्छ इव : क्रिक शक्तिकन ; ইটের বদলে পাটকেন ; क्ञित वमल ক্তি : তামাসার বদলে তামাসা : বেমন কর্ম ভেমনি ফল : Exact retaliation; like for like. Titan, ti'tan n. (45); मानव वित्नव; One of the Titant, Titanic, tī-tańik, a. शानिक ; आप्रविक ; Relating the Titans, giants of mythology :-বৃহৎ; প্ৰকাশ্বকাৰ; ভাৰণ; Enormous in size or [ A choice little piece. strength. Tit-bit, Tid-bit, n. शांत अत्वाद कान वा वाका देवता ; Tithe, tith, #. वनारन ; भूरताहिरठद्र धाना चालके वन-मार्भ , A tenth part ; the tenth of the produce of land paid to the clergy :-- अब निवान :-v. t. जारबर क्नबारण शर्बास क्य निर्दायन-क ; To tax to a tenth :- v. s. WHATEN-CV; To pay tithes.

Tither, tither, ». क्णांश्य-मध्यक्काती ; बायकवृश्विकत নুষ্টেক : One who collects tithes.

Tithing, n. जान्नमनित्यत ममत्त क्ल-कत गृहाजत गही; ছহারা আপন বেশের শান্তিবকার কম্ম বাজার নিক্ট করাব-

ফিছি করিড ; Part of a township or hundred containing ten free men.
Tithing man, \*\*. পেয়ালা ; The officer of a town ;

a police officer; under-constable,

Titillate, tifil-lat, v. f. পুড়স্ডি-দে; স্ডস্ডি কটি ;
ক্তুক্তু-দে; কাতুকু-দে; To tickle.

Titillation, tit-il-låshun, ল. ফাতুরক্তুর : ফুড়ইড়ি : The act of titillating :—হবকর অনুভৃতি ;
A pleasure sensation. [a small bird.
Tit-lærk, titlærk, n. পদিবিশেষ : Singing bird ;
Title, ti'tl, ল. উপাধি : সমাত ব্যক্তির পদবী : An inscription put over or at the beginning of something serving as a name :—সজা : লাব ; আধা। ;
Name :—বড় : অধিকার : Right :—উপাধি : Rank :
—মান পত্র : Title page :—v. t. আধাত-ক ; জবিখাবুজ ক ; To name. Syn :—(n) Appellation, designation, denomination, epithet, cognomen.

Bastard title-পৃতকের দংকিত ব্র-পত্ত। Titled, a. উপাধিবিশিষ্ট, উপাধিধারী; বছবান্, Having a title.

Title-deeds, ti'tl-deds, n. বাটার দলিল; ব্যাধিকার সম্ভান দলিল বভাবেল; Deeds on which a man holds his property; documents that proves just right to exclusive possession.

Title-page, titl-paj, n. নাম পতা, পুডকের নামাজিত প্রথম পতা; প্রয়ের নামপরিচারক পঠা; The first page of a book containing its name or title, nominal. Titling, titling, n. পাকিবিশেষ, The hedge-sparrow.

Titmouse, titmows, n. কুড পাকিবিশেষ, A little Titter, titler, n. s. মুখ চাপিরা হাজ-কু; বিল বিশ্ব প্রিয়া হাজা; To laugh with the tongue striking

করিরা হাসা; To laugh with the tongue striking against the teeth — n. মুখ চাপিছা হাস্ত; সংখত হাস্ত;

A restrained laugh.

Tittle, titl, n. অভি অৱমাত্ত ; ক্তাংশ ; বিন্দ্যতি , অপুমাত্ত ; লেশ ; একরভি . An iota , a small particle. Syn :— Jot, atom, grain, whit, bit.

Tittle-tattle, till-tarl, n. নিধা পল; পল-পাছা;
বাজে কথা; Idle talk; trifling talk.

Titular, titu-lar, a উপাধি সম্ভার: Belonging to titles — নাম মাত্র . লাকে; কাজে নছে; Nominal; existing in name only, having the title without the duties of an office; in title only, and not in possession or substance.

Titular king, n. নাৰ নাজ নাজা. One having the name of king only.

Titu-lary, a. পদবীসংকাত্ত: নামাজক; Consisting To, 100, prep. দিকে; অভিমূধে , পালে; প্ৰভি: In the direction of:—তে; Opposed to from .—অভি-প্ৰান্তে, In order to —তুলনাত্ত: অহঙ্কণ, বভ: In comparison to:—পৰ্যন্ত, As far as:—অনুসাৱে; In accordance with:—ইন্দিনিটির চিল্ল, Sign of the infinitive mood.

A husband to her mind—মনের মত বামী; Fight to the better end—শেষ পর্যন্ত লড়া; Fight to the last extremety.

Hand to hand-हांडाहाडि।

It is ten to one—পুৰ আগতাৰ; Most unlikely:—

ভাইবার পুৰ সভাবনা; What is most probable is:—
নিঃসন্দেহ; There is almost no doubt about it:—

কছণিকে গণভাব সভাবনা, অভানিকে একভাব; কিংলা এক
দিকে এক ভাব অভানিকে গণভাব, There are ten

chances for and only one against it, or ten chances against and only one for it.

Take to wife-- श्रीत्व अव्य-कृ ।

To a certain degree, To a certain extent
— कडक निवाल : किकिर निवाल : Somewhat.

To a hair—টিক বিচার করিবা; তাল বিচাব করিবা;
With the nicest discrimination. [Considerably.
To a large extent—ভাবিক পরিবাণে, বহু পরিবাণে;
To all appearance—বৃত্ততঃ; Apparently.
To all intents and puppose—বাতবিক; প্রকৃত্তই; Really; practically. [without exception.
To a man—বক্লেই; প্রভাতেই; Every one; all
To and fro—ইডবতঃ. এদিক ওদিক, সমূবে ও
পাতাতে: Backwards and forwards. [rately.
To a nicety—টিক; ব্যাব্রিকাণ; Exactly; accuTo a turn—টিক; টিক্রাণ; Perfectly; exactly.

To blame—নিন্দাৰ্হ; অগৰাদাৰ্হ; Blamable. To boot—ভাৰত; Over and above.

To come—जावी . जितवाद ; Future.

To degree— याज्य , याज्य ; Exceedingly : to an extreme. [unsuccessfully.

To no purpose—বিগ ; অনর্থক . Unavailingly ; To one's cost—বৈছিল শেখা : Causing much cost to one i. e. having had to make great sacrifices.

To one's disappoint or vexation—নৈরাশ বা বিরক্তিব কারণ-হ; Causing disappointment or vexation to one.

To one's face—ৰূপের নাৰ্নে; Directly to one.
To one's hand or hands—প্ৰস্তঃ; Already prepared; in readiness.

To one's heart's content—নবেৰ সাধে: মনের আনন্দে; সাধ মিটাইরা; To one's entire satisfaction fully; until one is fully satisfied.

To one's honour or credit—শৰ্মা বা পৌরবের কারণ-হ: Causing or bringing honour to one.

To one's injury or ruin—কাহাৰত পক্তে কভিকৰ বা সৰ্কালালে কাৰণ-ছ; Causing injury or ruin to one.

To one's knowledge—নিজের জানাসুসারে; আপ-নাব জানাসুসারে; To the extent of one's knowledge.

To one's mind—বেচ্ছাৰত , আপৰাৰ ইচ্ছাৰত , According to one's satisfaction, ideas or wish. To one's satisfaction—আহ্লাবের বিবয়-ত : Causing satisfaction to one.

To one's surprise—আক্ষর্যের বিবন্ধ, Causing one surprise [terror to one. To one's terrors—ভবের কারণ-ছ, Causing To perfection—সন্ধূর্ণরেণ; এতটা ভান বে ভাষ্ট্রেক স্থাবন্দ্র বলির গবা করা বাইতে পাবে, Perfectly; so well as to show that perfection has been attened. [ments; into parts.

To pieces—টুকরা টুক্রা; ধণ্ড ধণ্ড: Into frag-To some purpose—কার্য্ড:; কোন কার্য বৰ্ণডঃ; With effect: successfully.

To that effect - শেই সর্বেব : Meaning the same ; to that effect or general extent.

To the best of one's shilities—च्यानाया;
नामान ; As well as one is able.

To the best of one's knowledge—4544 (4) with So far as one knows.

To the best of one's recollection—1871

191 81; So far as one can recollect.

190 the postrary—1813/3. To an opposite

To the contrary—বিশরীতে; To an opposite purpose; to an opposite fact.

To the end of time—নৰ্কাৰা; বৰা; Always; so long as time shall last. [one's face. To the face—নমুৰে; মুখের টগায়; Directly to To the full—নশ্ৰিকাৰ; Wholly; entirely.

To the last—শেৰ পৰ্যন্ত ; Till the last moment ; to the end of one's life.

To the letter — দাৰণ ভাবে; ঠিক; আক্ষাব্যেক্তে; এক চুলত তলাৎ নহে; কিছুমাত উপোকা না কৰিয়া; Strictly; exactly.

To the life—টিক বেন জীবিত এই ভাব রাখিরা; টিক;
আবিকল; So as closely to resemble the living
person. [Accurately; on time precisely.
To the minute—টিক সমবে; টিক নিন্দিইকালে;
To the teeth—মূখের সাম্নে; ফ্রাকেটার; Directly
to one's face; in open opposition. [degree.
To the utmost—আভান্ত; অভিশ্ব, In the highest
To wit—আভাব; Namely; that is to say.

Toad, tod, n. (34; कहें करहें (46, An anphibious reptile ; frog. sycophant. Toad-ester, todet-er, n. बीठ : চাটুকার , A mcan Toad-school, n. (4184 Etel; A poisonous kind froom. of mushroom. Toad-stool, n (तरहर हाडि. इतक. A musk-To-ady, todi, n. als; sigas; A mean sycophant :- v. t. ভোষামোৰ-क ; To fawn as a syco-[ আহুগত্য ; The practice of a toady. Tondyism, todi-izm, n. ভোষামোদ; ध्योत्रामूल, Toast, tost, v. t. वाश्वान (मेंका ; बन्नान ; अदम क . To dry and scorch at the fire :- ( काकाब ) কল্যাৰে মদ্যপাৰ-ক ; To drink to the health of :-একতে मिनिया मनानि পात्नत्र ममन नयानार्थ नाय-कृ :-n. (मैंका कृति ; बनुमान गांडेकृति , Bread toasted :-- (व बाक्ति कन्गार्थ यमायान करत , याशात्र अन्त्रानार्थ अरमरकत अकारत मनाभान इय ; The name of any person or thing whose health is drunk.

Tosstmastor, n. প্ৰকাজভোজ ৰাজ্যপানাথক;
The aunouncer and director of toasts at public dinners.
[ cotic plant, incotiana.
Tobacco, tō-bako, n. ডামাক; ডামকুট; A nar-Tobacconist, to-bako-nist, n. ডামাক-বিজেডা; ভানাক ব্যব্যাণ; One who deals in or manufactures tobacco.

Tobacco-pipe, to-bako-pip, n. বৰ; হকা; A pipe used for smoking tobacco.

Toboggan, n. বান বিশেষ; A kind of sled:— উক্ত বানবোৰে গড়াইল আনা; To slide down on a toboggan.

Tocsin, toksin, n. বিশ্বজ্ঞাপক বন্ধী বা ভাহার শব্দ, অসকলহচক ঘটা বা ভাহার ধানি, An alarm-bell, or the ringing of it.

Today, too-da, n. 平町; 叫西; This day.

Toddle, v. i. পিতর ভার কীণপদে ইটো; To walk with short steps, as a child.

Toddy, n. ভাড়ি; ভাবের পচান রস; The fermented juice of palm.

Too, to, n. পराकृति , शास्त्र जानून . Finger of the

foot :—পভগুনেৰ অৱভাগ ; The forepart of an animal's hoof. a=toed (গ্ৰাস্থিপিট; having toes).
Turn up the toes—যুভ-ই ; Die.

Toffee, Toffy, n. দিটার হিলেন; A sweet-meat. Toga, to ga, n. প্রাচীন রোমানদিপের পাত্রহা; পারের ক্যাল; The mantle or outer garment of Roman civilians. a—togated, toged ( অকাজ্ঞাননী-পরিছিড . Dressed in a gown ).

Together, too-gether, ad. একলো; মিলিয়া; এক
সঙ্গে; In company; into union; in concert.
Lay heads together—প্যাম্-- ; Consult with.
Together with—কোন কিছুৰ সহিত বিনিয়া একল।
Toil, toil, n. জাল; কাল; বাজনা; Net; snare:—
পরিজন; কইসহক্ত আন; মেহনং; Labour; labour
with fatigue:—v. i. পরিজন-কু; কইপ্রিক জন-কু;
মেহনত-কু; To labour; to work hard. Syn:—(n)
Work, exertion, task, travail, pains, drudgery; trap. (v) Strive, drudge, moil.

Toiler, n. পরিজ্ঞাকারী; One who toils.
Toilet, Toilette, toilet, n. বেশভূবা করিবার নেজ;
পরিজ্ঞাপবিবাব নেজ; A dressing table:--পবিধান

गींतक्कन भिनेशेव त्यक ; A dressing table :--भिरशांत कत्रियोत्र क्षणांत्री ; Act of dressing :--- त्यन ; পत्रिक्कन ; Attire.

Make one's toilet—দক্ষ্টিত হওৱা; বেশত্বা-ক্ব। Toilet glass—ৰে আদি বেশবিশ্বাসের মেজের উপর বাকে।

Toilet service—বেশ-ঘবের বাসন। Toilet table—বেশের কস্ত নেজ।

Toilsome, toilsum, n. প্রাক্তিকর , প্রমন্ত্রক, Laborious; weariness. ad toilsomely, n-toilsomeness. Syn:—Fatiguing, wearinome, painful, onerous.

Tokay, tō-kā, n. বল বিশেষ; A rich Hungarian Tokon, tōkn, n. চিহ্ন, নিদলন ; Sign, mark:—
ক্ষণ, Symbol:—বক্তবের চিহ্ন; নাবৰ কোনও বস্ত;
Memorial of friendship:—ভঙান্তর নকা; Omen
Syn:—Symbol, badge, type, prognostic, presage; memorial, souvenir; note, indication,
manifestation.

By the same token—আরও ; তথাত ; অপরক। More by token—অনুভগকে ; আরও।

Token money —ৰে মূছার মূলা দেই ধাতুর মূল্যাপেক। অনেক বেলা।

Told, told, pt. or pp. of tell.

Tolerable, toler-a-bl, a. মধ্যম; মাঝান্তি; মন্দ্ৰ নছে, চলনসই; Not excellent, moderately good or agreeable:—সহনীব; Endurable; capable of being borne or endured. ad=tolerably (মাঝা-মাঝিরাণ); n=tolerableness (মধ্যমন্ত্ৰণতা)। Syn:—Supportable, bearable, sufferable, endurable, passable, ordinary, middling.

Tolorance, toler-ans, n. সভাতা ৩৭; বছ কর4; সভ্ন : সভ্জিতা : The endurance of offensive persons or opinions.

Tolerant, toler-ant, c. সহনীয়; সহযান; সহিত্য উদায়; প্রজ্ঞান্ত্রক; Enduring; indulgent; favouring toleration.

Tolorate, toler-at, v. f. [L. tollo, to bear]
সক্ক; To bear; suffer to be; endure:—অব্যতি
দে; নিবাৰণ না-কৃ: প্ৰধ্ন-দে; Allow by not hindesing. Syn:—Allow, permit, admit, receive,
endure, abide, brook

Toleration, tol-or-fishun, #. चित्र नएकत अनुरमानन ; ৰভবিক্লম্ব বিষয়ও চলিতে কেন্দ্ৰন ; বিক্লম্ব ধৰ্ম্মের প্ৰতি বোবা-The allowance of what is not approved; liberty given to hold and express political or religious opinions freely; liberty to teach religious opinions different from those of the established church :—সহিক্তা। সভ্তা; অব্য এদান ; Sufferance; the act of tolerating. Sys :-Endurance, suffering, permission, ance, license; liberality, catholicity.

Toll, tōl, n. 电车; 阳电荷; A tax or duty on goods or passengers using a road, bridge, market, fair &c. :- पड़ीश्रमि, The sound of a bell when tolling :- v. i. वर्षात श्रात भव-इ ; घकेंनि धानिज-इ; बाजा ; To sound, as a bell :-बाङ्ग-(प , To pay toll :- v. f. चना वालाव ; चनापि ক্ষানত-ভু; To cause to sound, as a bell :—গতা বাজাইরা আহ্বান-কু: বডি টিপিরা বিজ্ঞাণিত-কু: To strike, or signal by striking. Syn:-(n) Custom, duty, impost, tribute, rate, assessment, exaction, demand. [ death or departure. Toll the knell-191-7:414-CV : Announce the Toll-bar, tolbar, n. পথে মান্তল আলারের জন্ত বেড়া ৰা কটৰ ; A moveable bar across a road &c. to stop passengers liable to toll.

Toll-bridgo, tolbrij, n. বে সেতু দিলা বাছতে হইলে তৰ দিতে হয়; বে সেতু অভিক্রমন করু মাওল দিতে হয়; A bridge where toll is paid for passing it.

Toll broth, n. Tainia; Prison: - 35314; Custom-house.

Toll-gate, tolgat, n. त्व कटेंद्द बाइन विष्ठ इत , মাহল আগারেব কটক ; A gate where toil is taken. Toll-gatherer, n. মাহল-সংগ্রাহক।

Tollhouse, tölhows, n. মাহল-সংগ্রাহক; শুক্ স অধ্যক্ত মাত্ৰণৰ ; The house of toll-collector.

Tomahawk, toma-hawk, n. आध्यक्तिकाराणीव মুদ্ধান বিশেষ ; কুঠার , টাকী ; A war-hatchet of the American indians ; indian hatchet : -v. t. Tota बांदा कांग्रे।, कूठांव बांबा वश-कृ; To cut or kill with a tomahawk. [ plant ; its fruit. Tomato, to-ma'to, n. বিলাতি বেশুণ বিশেব ; A Tomb, toom, n. [G. tumbos, a tomb] ममाबि; (शांत , क्वत ; Grave :-- ममापि-एक ; श्रत्रपार्थ एक ; Tomb stone; monument over a grave. Syn :-Schulchre; vault, catacomb, crypt.

Tomboy, c. उद्भाग की ज़ीन वानक; A wild romping boy.

Tombatone, töömstön, n. সমাধি-শিলা; পোরের উপর প্রধব, কববের উপর নামাছিত প্রধর, Stone erected over the dead.

Tom-eat, tomkat, n. विद्यांग ; इत्ला वा कूला व्यवान ; A full grown he-cat. fem=tib-cat.

Tome, tom, n. 350 stees 784; A volume of a large work; a book. A great fool. Tomfool, tomfool, n. sis ; Buffoon :- 43174; Tomfoolery, tomfoolery, Tomfooling, n. ভাড়ামি , হাক্তকর আচরণ ; হস্তীমুর্থতা ; Buffoonery ; foolish trifling ; ridiculous behaviour.

Tomorrow, too-mor'o, n. क्ला ; बानामी काल : . The next day; the day after the present :u.lv. कांत्रक ; On the morrow.

The day after to-morrow-774: 1

Tomtit, tomtit, s. The tit-mouse.

Ton, n. जात २१ जांडान दन सकत :--वाशवासिक वार् so খৰকুট খান :--চলিত ধারা; ধরণ; নব :--শরিমাণ

विट्नेंब ; 20 Cwt. or 2240 lbs.

Tone, ton, ল. বর ; বৰ ; Voice ; the character of a sound :-- স্ব ; Modification of voice :-- রীজি ; Character; style:-माननिक अवका; मरनव काव; Mood ; state of mind :—শরীরের স্বাস্থ্য ; মেন্টের স্থা-বছা ; A healthy state of the body :-- চিজের বর্ণ-সাৰ্থত ; Harmony of the colours of a painting : -ष्ठकांत्र : Accent :-- v. t. फेकांत्र व ; वतवूक - इ ; To utter with an affected tone; to intone. s= toned. Syn: -(n) Note; accent, intonation, modulation, emphasis; strength, force, tension, elasticity; frame, temper; style, manner; tenor, drift.

Give a tone to—ভালর দিকে হার কোরান ; কোনও विरमव छावाकां वा अवदाशस-क ; Raise to a healthy condition :- कान वित्नव बद्धार में ए कदान ; Impart its peculiar character to a thing.

Tone down-ड्रांग-इ; (कोंड क्यिब्र) कामा ; नवम क्रिया आना : एव नामारेवा-(ण : Weaken : diminish the force of ; soften ; moderate ; relax :- atfa চাকচিক্য ক্মান।

Tone up-- एवं हड़ाईबा-त्य ; वनवान-इ ; नाहे-इ । Toned, a. হরবুক ; বরবিশিষ্ট ; Having a tone. Toned paper, n. त कांगत्वत बह किছू मनिव क्वा हत ! Tongs, n. pl. हिम्हों , मीडानी ; ताडी ; A domestic instrument to lay hold of things.

Tongue, tung, n. किला ; दमना ; किन ; The muscular organ of speech, swallowing or tasting: -বাক্শজি; Power of speech:--বাক; ভাবা; Speech ; language :- नामान्त्राम ; Discourse :-अवतीन : A point of land. Syn :-- Idiom, dialect ; talk, discourse.

Give tongue-वना ; हीरकांत-कृ ; बूच त्यांना ; Utter. Have a tongue in one's head - रहा-इ; Bc छिनाउ-इ , क्रिट्स्त्र जानाय ताथा । eloquent. Hold the tongue-क्या करिए ना ; हुन कतिता [ -(मोनी-इ ; Be taciturn. थाक, Be silent. Keep one's tongue between one's teeth Mother tongue-115511; Native language. Oily tongue-Flattering tongue.

Ones tongue cleaves to the roof of one's mouth-काराबर कथा बाहेकारेबा वायबा : कथा बिह्दब आता ; One is unable to speak.

Blip of the tongue—क्या कहिएड कृत ; Mistake [ कतिहाँ ; विक्रभणुक्षक । in speaking With the tongue in the cheek-Total Tongued, a. किशाविनिष्टे ; Having a tongue.

Tongue-doughty, a. क्यांत्र माहनी ; Valiant in [ less ; mute ; having no tongue. words. Tongue-less, a. निर्कार, प्र ; किलान्ड ; Speech-Tongue-tie, n. कानक नियंत्र विस्तात वरनारनत्न त्व हर्भवसनी (मर्था यात्र।

Tongue-tied, a. चारोनडांत मत्वत्र क्या विवाड অপারণ ; মুখবৰ বাকা ; Unable to speak freely :---व्यक्तिः ; ज्याक् ; উळात्रननिक्शिन , Having an impediment as if the tongue were tied.

Be tongue-tied with - कथा न। नता, Be rendered speechless by.

Tonio, tonik, a. বলবৰ্ণৰ ; ব্যক্তিৰ ; পৃষ্টিকারক : Giving strength :—বলবৰ্ণীয় ; Relating to sounds :—n. বলবায়ক উৰব ; পৃষ্টিকারক উৰব ; Medicine which gives tone and vigour.

Tonicity, n. মাংসপেশীর পাভাবিক সচাৰ ভাব।
To-night, too-nit. n. এই রাজি; অনা রলমী; আজ
রাজি বা রাজে; This night:—ad. আজ রাজে; On
the night.

Tonnage, tuńন, n. আহাদে বডটা নোৱাই কাইড পাৰা বাব; আহাদেৱ বোৱাই; The weight of goods carried in a ship; the cubical content of a ship:—আহাদেৱ নিৰ্মায়িত ওছ; A duty on ships, estimated per ton.

Tonsil, ন. গললেক এছিবিশেষ ; গলার বৃত্ত্ ড়ি ; গলার বিটি ; One of the two glands at the root of the tongue so named from its shape; one of two glands in the throat. [ ble of being clipped. Tonsile, tońsil, a. বাহা ছাঁটা বাইতে পাৰে ; Capa-Tonsilitis, ন. গলগ্ৰন্থির আদাহ ; গলার বীটি আঞ্চান ; Inflammation of the tonsils.

Tonsure, tohshoor, n. मण्ड-मूलन; চূড়া-করণ সংকার বিশেষ; The act of clipping the hair; shaving the crown of the head. æ—tonsured (মৃতিত , নেডা)। Tontine, n. এক প্রকার জীবন-বিমা; A kind of life-annuity increasing as the subscribers die.—Way of raising money or holding property in which the income is divided among the members yearly, and the property goes to the last survivor.

Too, তেঁট, ad. আরও; অত্যধিক; বতদুর উচিত ভরণেক। অধিক; এত যে গারে না; Over; more than enough; likewise; over much:—conj. আরও।

Have too many irons in the fire—657 \*\*\* \*\*\* \*\*\*\* | Have too many occupations.

To be too many—জন্ম বলবান-হ. To be too powerful, to be superior.

Too late—অভান্ত দেরী; অভিশন্ন বিক্তম।

Too many by half—বিহুণ, Twice the number. Too much of a good thing—ভাল ব্যাধ্য থাকা, More of a good thing than is for the present agreeable.

Took, pt. of take.

Tool, tool, n. ব্যা; সাধন; Instrument for working with; instrument used by workmen:—
ৰক্ষেৰ অধীন ব্যক্তি; আজাৰীন ব্যক্তি; A person whom another uses as an instrument.

Be a tool in the hands of—সম্পূৰ্ণ পৰাধীন-হ;
আপরের উদ্দেশ্ত সাধনের বন্ধবন্ধণ-হ; কাহারও হাতে বন্ধবন্ধণ-হ, কাহারও হাতে ধেলানার বন্ধণ-হ; Be completely under the influence of; a person used
as an instrument to serve the purposes of another; one completely under the sway or influence of.

Toot, v. i. अनिष्ठ-र :-- v. t. वासान !

'Tooth, tooth, n. দাঁড; দস্ত; One of the small bones in the jaws for chewing and biting:
—কটি; আবাদন; Taste:—ভানু: Palate:—কটি!; Prong:—কাতেছ দাঁড; One of the projections on a saw or wheel:—দহাকাৰ বহু: Anything tooth like:—ত. t. বহুবিশিষ্ট-কৃ; To furnish with teeth:—বাজ কাঠি!; দাঁড কাঠি!; To cut into teeth. pl=teeth.

A sweet tooth— দিই ক্রব্যে পৃথা।

Tooth and nail—বৰ্ধানাবা; বিজেন সমত বল ক্রয়োগ
করিবা: উঠে পড়ে তাপিনা; আঁচড়কান্ড করিনা; বাজসমত হইলা; With one's utmost power; by all
possible means of attack or defence; in right
earnest.

[ Pain in the teeth.

Toothache, tööthäk, अ. वचन्त्र ; वेरङ्ग (परना ; Tooth-brush, अ. वेरङ्गाला पुरुष ; वेरङ्ग-वेडि । Toothed, tööthd, ब. वच्चिनिष्ठे ; नवक्क ; वजी ; Having teeth.

Toothed wheel—ৰে চাৰার পরিধিতে গাঁডের বড কটো বটো থাকে। { ing no teeth. Toothless, c. দ্ববিহীন ; কোনলা ; অগতক ; Hav-Tooth-pick, ধতিংধিয়াং, ল. বাত পুঁচিবার বত্ত ; বড়কে ;

Tooth-pick, toothpik, n. বাস্ত বৃদ্ধিবার বস্ত্র ; বড়কে ; বাতেস বৌচা ; An instrument for picking out anything in the teeth.

Tooth-powder, n. ৰন্তমন্ত্ৰন , মিদি ; মাজন। Tooth-some, তেংগিয়েলা, a. পুৰাত্ৰ ; কৃচিকর ; Pa-

latable; grateful to the taste.

Top, top, n. কোন বন্ধন নকোজভাগ; The highest part of anything:—উপরিভাগ; চ্টা: অবা: আগা; মকক; নাবা; লুক; Summit; the upper end or surface:—নবোজ গদ; The highest place or rank:—লাভিন: লাউ: জীড়াব বন্ধ; A child's toy—v. t. উপরে আজ্ঞাদন-দ., To cover on the top:—নকলকে অভিক্রম করিয়া উঠা; ত্রেঠ-ছ, To surpass:—ছাটা; আগা চাটিয়া দেওবা; To take off the top of:—v. i. উক্ত হইবা উঠা; মাধা ধাড়া কবিবা উঠা; ব্যক্ত হ; To rise. Syn:—(n) Apex, culmination; surface, head, crown.

At the top of one's voice—ইচ্ছাৰৰে ; ৰত উল্লেখ্যৰ হইতে পাৰে ; As loudly as possible.

At the top of one's speed—জন্ত বেণে; যত জত হইডে পাছে, At the fastest speed one is capable of; as fast as one can go. [ নীৰ্বাৰে অবস্থিত । At the top of the tree—জন্তাক পৰে অভিজ চ চিত the top of one's bent—( বঙ্চুৰ পাৰ্য যায়) প্ৰচাৰণা-ছ, নাগাসত ঠকান; Fool as much is possible. [ চাহি হউতে পাবেৰ আকুল প্ৰাধ । From top to toe—মাখা হউতে পা প্ৰাধ; মাগাৰ Top of the ladder—সংক্ষিত পদ; Highest runk To the top of one's best—শতপুৰ যায়; প্ৰাণ্ডৰে। To top off—মউকা মারা, সমাত্ত-কু।

Topas, to pas, n. মুনাবাৰ প্ৰতন্ত , পোৰবাল : পীৰ-ম্পি: A precious stone having brilliant shades of colour.

Top-dressing, top'-dreśing, ম. জনীব উপরিতাবে সার নিক্ষেপ, জনীর উপর সার-বিনিবেশ; Laying manure on the surface of land.

Tope, top, m. বংজ বিশেষ; A fish of the shark family:—উপৰব: ৰাপান; Garden:—সমাধি-ভূপ; বৌদ্ধানিক বিশেষ; A monument erected over a Budhist relic:—v. i. অভিবিক্ত নদাপান-ক; অভিপ্ৰ ব্যাপান-ক, To drink hard. [drunkard. Toper, to per, n. মাতান; অভিপামী; A sot; a Topful, a. কাৰ্যান্ত কাৰ্যান্ত; প্ৰিপূৰ্ণ।

Top-gallant, c. একোণ-উচ্চতৰ মান্তবাংশই ; Situated above the topmost and below the royal mast.

Topheavy, top'-hevi, a. বাধাবারী; Having the top or upper part too heavy for the lower.
Topic, top'ik, ম. ভংকর বিষয় , প্রসত্ত , ইপুলক ; আক-

34 fats: Any subject of discourse or argument; a matter. Syn:—Theme, thesis, question, matter, point.

Topical, top'ik-al, s. ছানীয় ; Local :--বিষয় সম্-জীয় ; Pertaining to a subject or subjects,

Topically, ad. 214 vi fors fores with reference to a particular place or topic.

Topmast, top'mast, n. বিতীয় বারল; অপর্কের বিতীয়ালে; The second mast or that which is next above the lower mast.

Topmost, top'möst, #. नरकीक ; डेक्टम ; निवाह ; Highest : uppermost.

Topographer, to-pog'rai-er, n. স্থানবিষয়ণে নিপ্ৰ বা পণ্ডিত, One skilled in topography.

Topographie, top-o-grafik, Topographical, top-o-grafik-al, a. ছানের বিষয়ণ সক্ষমীয় ; কোন ভানের বুড়ান্ত বৃদ্ধিত ; Pertaining to topography.

Topography, to-pograf-i, n. [Gr. topos, a place, grapho, to describe] স্থানের বিবরণ; স্থান বিশেষের সুস্তান্ত . The art of describing places.

Topple, topl, v. t. উক্ত হইতে নিম্নে নিকেণ-ফু; পাতিত-কু, তড়মুড কবিবা কেলা, To throw down from the top — p. i. নিম্নে নিকিন্ত-চু; হৰ্ডি বাইনা পড়া; মুৰ প্ৰডে পড়া; হোচট থেবে পড়া; To fall down; to fall forward; to tumble down.

Topsail, top'sal, ল. উৰ্তন পাইল বিশেষ; Sail across the topmast.

Topsyturvy, top'si-turvi, ad. উণ্টা কৰিৱা; উণ্টা-ভাবে; বিপ্ৰায় কৰিছা, Bottom upwards, with the head downwards.

Tor, n. अवत ; डेक्ट रक्षांत्र रेनन ; Rock.

Torch, torch, ম. মণাল ; উৰা : A large candle or flambeau, blazing brand carried in the hand [the sword. Light the torch of war—বুৰাৰত-কু; Draw

Torch-bearer, n. Anin-ze alie , Sei-ze (nie )
Torch-light, n. Anina minie !

Tore, tor, pt. of tear.

Torment, tou'ment, n ব্যপা; কট, পীড়া; Extreme pain either of body or mind; torture; anguish:—v. i. বাণিড-কু; ব্যপা-দে: কট-দে পীড়া-কু; To distress; to turture; afflict:—পিগ-কু, বিবস্ত-কু; Syn:—(n) Agony, rack, pang, throe, distress (v) Torture, rack, agonize; tease, worry, plague, trouble, annoy, persecute.

Tormenting, a वज्ञणंत्रांक ; कहेलाक ; Distressing ; afflicting. [menting manner. Tormentingly, ad. प्रश्नांत्रकंत्रण ; In a tor-Tormentor, tor-mentor, n. १६ वृद्धि प्रशां त्वय ;

বালা করে for-mentor, m. ধে বাজে ব্যান ধেব ; বালা করে for-ments . a torturer.

Torn, torn, p. p. of tear.

Tornado, tor-nádo, n. cise খুণী বাৰু; খুণী বাজান; প্ৰবাজান; A violent hurricane, pl=tornadoes.
Torpedo, tor-pedo, n. [L. torpeo, to be stiff] ভাতিজ্ঞভিদ্যান বংক; An electrical fish; crampfish:—ভাতাভ তোগে উড়াইনা বিবাৰ যত্ত; বলীন্থানিতে নিজিত আন্তোভ ক্তালৰ; A submarine machine to blow up ships:—বাজি বিশেষ।

Torpescent, tor-pesent, এ. কৰণ: অবশাস হইতেছে একণ; Becoming torpid or numb. n=torpescence. Torpid, tor'pid, এ. কড়; কড়বং; অবশ; অবাড়; শাৰমাহিক; Numbed :—নিকোৰ ; মুনবৃদ্ধি ; Sluggish. ad—torpidly. n=torpidness ( ভড়তা ; অনাড়তা ) । Syn :—Lethargic, dull, s'upid, inactive.

Torpidity, tor-pidi-ti, Torpitude, tor'pi-tud, গ. জড়তা; খনাড়তা; পৰ্বানতা; Numbness; dullness; stupidity.

Torpor, tor'por, n. সভিৰ্দ্ধিনীৰভা; নিজিৰভা; জন্ম: জড়জ; Loss of motion or of the power of motion. Syn:—Numbness, inactivity, inertness, duiness, laziness, sluggishness.

Torque, tork ( हेर्क ), n. সোনার হেনো; वर्गहांत ; A necklace of gold wires twisted together.

Torrefy, tor'e-fi, v. t. [L. torreo, to dry, facio. to make] আই বারা থান ক. ডক-ক; ভালা; বনুদান; To scorch; to parch. n=torrefaction (পহন; ডজ্বা); Torrent, tor'ent, n. (আড; অবাহ; বারা; A strong current. a rushing stream; a running stream. Torrid, tor'id, a. [L. torridus, from torrere, to parch] উত্তর; অভ্যুক; তম; Burning or parching violently hot; dried with heat. Syn:
—Parched, scorched; parching, scorching.

The Torrid zone - जीवन्द्रम ।

Torsion, tor'shun, n. পাক; আৰুক্ৰ; জড়াৰ; বোচন; Twisting; the act of turning; wretching by sudden force.

Torso, n. মন্তক-ইতপদাদিশুর প্রতিমূর্ত্তি; The trunk of a statue without head or limbs.

Tortile, tor'til, a. পাকাৰ; কুণ্ডনীকুড; নোচড়-দেওয়া .
Twisted, coiled; wreathed. [ with a shell.
Tortoise, tor'tis, n. ৰজ্প; কাছিম; A reptile
Tortoise shell, tor'tis-shell, n. কজ্পের খোলা;
কুন্ধ-পুঠ; The shell of a species of turtle.

Tortuose, tor'tu-os, a. পাৰাৰ; ৰোচডা; আৰু-ঞ্চিত; Twisted; winding.

Tortuous, tor'tu-us, a. বজ; পাকান; বৃথিত; কোকডান, পেচান, Winding:—প্ৰভাবণাৰীন; অন্যন্ত, কুটিন, Deceitful. n=tortuosity (কুটিনতা)। ad=tortuously. Syn:—Twisted, wreathed, circuitous, sinuous; crooked, indirect.

Torture, tor'tur, n. বছৰা; কট, পীনৰ; Extreme pain of body or mind; anguish of body or mind; anguish of body or mind; excruciating pain:—বহৰাআগন; Pain inflected either as a punishment or to extort a confession:—v.t. বহৰা-দে; পীন্তনই: ছবলাৰ-ক. To put to torture; to harass; to annoy; to vex, to keep on the stretch. Syn:—
(n) Anguish, agony, torment, rack. (v) Rack, excruciate, agonize, torment, distress.

Tory, n. বিতিশীল বাজি, ইংবান রাজনৈতিক বন্ধশীল সম্প্রদারের লোক; Name of an English party opposed to reform, conservative member. new toryism (বিতিশীল সম্প্রদারের কার্য্য বা মউ)।

Toss, tos, v. t. হতথাৰা উৎক্ষিত্ত-কৃ, হঠাৎ ভোলা;
বুৰাইলা নিক্ষণ-কৃ; Throw up suddenly with the
hand, to throw upward:—ভোলাগাড়া-কৃ; আন্দোলিভ কৃ; To agitate:—v. i. নিক্ত-কৃ; আন্দোলিভ
চ্; To be tossed:—কহিন-কৃ; To tumble; to
fling:—n. উচ্চে নিক্ষো; উৎক্ষো; বৃত্তক উল্লোভন ; A
throwing upward; a raising and falling upwards; a throwing up of the head. Syn:—(p)
Pitch, cast, hurl; agitate, shake, rock; tumble,
roll; writhe.

Toss for—नाव (क्ला । Toss off—नीव नाव-इ । Tose up-वीमारमात्र वक वृक्त डेरिक्ट-इ । Tossing, अ. वार्त्यालय : विदेशांखन । Tost, s. A form of tossed :-- p, p, of toss. Tot, #. कुष्ट वक ; वैदिन । Total, total, a সমর : সম্পুর্ণ : পুরা : ভাবং : Complete; whole; full; undivided; not divided:-#. (मा) ; ममह : The whole ; the entire amount. Syn: -(a) Whole, entire, complete, integral. Totallity, to tali-ti, n. সমষ্ট : মেট ; সম্পূর্ণতা ; সমন্তটা : The whole sum ; the entire amount. Totally, total-le, ad. मन्त्रर्वज्ञाल ; Fully : completely; in a total manner. Syn :- Wholly, [ a bird. entirely. Totem, n. প্ৰপকাদির ভিত্ত : A picture, as of Totter, toter, v. t. श्र भन्न कतिश कीला : कब्लिख-र : हैनवन-इ : हैना ; To shake as if about to fall ; to shake; to stagger; to be unsteady. n=totterer. Syn :- Rock, oscillate, tremble, stagger, reel. Tottering, a. कन्नमान ; चनानामूच ; Shaking. Toucan, n. निकवित्नव ; A genus of birds. Touch, tuch, v. t. cotol; "14-7 : To take hold of ; to come in contact with --- अनुस्व- इ : नीरव ৰাগা : To perceive by the sense of feeling :--लाख-इ : श्रीष्टाव : To reach :-- विक्र 5-कृ : त्रवा नाउ-事:-- 中的吸-CF; To handle or deal with gently: — अबीकुछ-कृ, बार्क-कृ; भगान , नवन-कृ, To move ; to melt :- ए. इं. मरनाब-इ: मरामाहे-इ , मार्च-इ , To be in contact :-- नामां कारन तला , जेवर केट्सन-इ : To speak of anything slightly :- n. . . The act of touching: - - Titles; Title. Sense of feeling :- সামান্ত পরিমাণ : A little :- পরীকা : Test as of gold by a stone - ভূনিব বেখা; Single act of a pencil &c. on a picture :- नरनाकाव . ভাবেত্রেক ; An emotion or affection. Syn :--(v) Hit, strike , graze ; meet, be contiguous ; arrive at; sketch, mark slightly, handle, feel, meddle with, interfere with ; affect, impress; concern. regard; relate to. Be in touch with-( नगाई (मणारमनिव नवन) जहांजुङ्कि वो चनिकेडा बाका : जःम्मृष्टे बाका . Be in sympathy with (from constant intercourse and association). [ मार्च्यु है करेवा शाका । Kee > touch with (or of) - मण्ड इत्रेवा बाका . Loss touch with, Be out of touch with —न खनहोन-इ ; Be out of sympathy with. Touch and go - वन (वैनिया निकायन : हुँहे हुँहै करिया बाइन, Within the smallest possible point of Touch at—त्यांन शास अवस्थात कड (त्योकांति) লাগান; ক্ষমণ ভক্ত কোন স্থানে অবস্থিতি-কু; থাৰা; मांत्रा ; Stop at while passing by water ; come to (a place while passing); come or go to without

staying.

priming.

Touch of shame—नकांत (लन ।

Touch one off-fre Spital-cy |

Touch off-第44 管理有一事, To sketch hastily :-

(Fig ; To discharge by applying fire to the

Touch on (or upon)—नेवर छत्त्वर कत्रा : काव

arms &c.

বিৰয় জোৱা; Mention or allude to slightly.

Touch one on a tender point—ce fees State कतिरल काशंबक थारन नानिरव अपन विषय केंद्राय-इ: বেধানে বেহনা সেইখানে হাত দেওৱা : ঘাচা স্পূৰ্ণ কলিলে कहे नीव डाहा नार्न-इ ; Strike one in the most vulnerable part, excite some tender emotion in one by alluding to something about which one is peculiarly sensitive. [ Afflict one deeply. Touch one to the quick-art wills-7; Touch up-niale nigeda eini coia for facilit-ই: কোন কিছু বারা অঙ্গনৌ

ইব-ক

; হাত লাগাইবা কবে কৰে নংকাৰ-কু; Improve by slight stroken or corrections; to repair; improve one's beauty by something:—কিছু কিছু পরিবর্ত্তন করিয়া কোল নেবার চিত্র দোরত বা উৎকৃষ্ট-কু Alter by slight emendations or touches. Touch-hole, touchhol, अ. उक्क-वर्ता : अधूक-वर्त : Hole through which the fire is conveyed to the powder in a gun. Touchiness, tuche-nes, n. ata; Cata; The quality of being touchy. Syn :- Peevishness, irritability, irascibility. Touching, tucking, a. हिस्त्रांतक; बार्ककांदी; वर्षान्द ; Affecting ; moving ; pathetic ; melting ; tender .- pre. मया , मनार्क ; Concerning . with respect to; relating to. Touch needle-वर्ग अवः लोगा भरीका करिनांत्र पृत्ती : निकार मानावि बाहाई कविवाद निमित्त वर्गपूरी . A small bar or needle of gold for testing gold and silver. Touch-stone, tuchston, n. ক্ল-পাতর: প্রীকার ইপার, Stone to test gold and silver, any te t. Touch-wood, tuchwood, n. খাল কতমাৰা কাঠ: ৰে কাৰ অগ্নিশৰে অনিয়া উঠে; Decayed wood used as tinder. Touchy, tuche, a. Ala; bbl; Cotta, Apt to take fire. Syn: - Irascible, irritable, peevish, Tough, tuf, a. घाडम्ह ; इटर्डमा ; मृह ; करीन : मेर ; बहन, Not easily broken; firm; stiff, strong —আটাৰ: ৰাটাবুক : ৰদা , Sticky : tenaciou . कहेनिक्क , कहेनड ; Able to endure hard-hip कृत्व। n=toughness. ed=toughly (मृह्हारा)। Syn :- Hardy; adhesive; hard, leathery, ic fractory, stubborn; difficult, severe. Toughen, tul'n, v. f. or v. i. कड़िन-कू वा-इ , मुख्-क al s : To make or grow tough. Toughish, a. क्वर कतिन : Somewhat tough. Toughness, tufness, n. The quality of being tough; a firm adhesion of parts, Syn: - Viscosity, clamminess, glutinousness, tenacity, adhesiveness. Tour, toor, n. [G. tornos, a circle ] পরিক্ষণ . अवन : नग्रिन , A going round ; a journey in a circuit, a prolonged journey; a ramble :- v. 1. सत्र न ; नपार्टन-इ , To make a tour. Syn :-(n) Excursion, trip, expedition, pilgrimage. Tourist, toor'ist, n. नशाहक : अमनकाती : नति-[ mineral. 314年, One who makes a tour. Tourmaline, n. निज दिल्ल ; A beautiful Tournament, töör'na-ment, n. कृष्टिन वृद्ध ; कीडांग्ड : बहाइड : A mock-fight with lances, Tourney, s. plas us; singue; A mack fight. Tourniquet, tos ni-ket, s. A bandage to check the flow of blood from wounds.

Tout, ক. ৰোগৰে ৰোড়কোড়েছ বালি অসুস্থানকারী:

—৩. ব. বালিছ ৰোড়াছ পজিসাম্ব্য অসুস্থান-ড়:—৩. চ.
বৰেছ বোৱাড়-ড়; To seek for customers.

Touter, n. বোগাড়িলা; বালাল; আড়কাট; A tout. Tow, w, v. t. খুণ টানিলা চালিড-কু; ঝাহাল বা নৌকা টানা; খুণ টানা; To pull as a boat or ship, through the water by means of a rope:—n. পাটেল অবস্থ খান; Coarse part of a flax:—খুণ; ইঞ্ছ। Syn:— (v) Draw, haul, drag.

Take in tow—et টাবিলা চালাব ; হাতে বা আক্রনে । Towage, টে'ম;, স. ৩৭ টাবার মন্ত্রি ; ৩৭ টাবার মৃত্য ; Money for towing ; charge for towing.

Toward, to ard, Towards, to ards, prop. शिष्ट : पश्चित्र : विश्व : शास्त्र : In the direction of ; with a tendency to :—ad. बाह्य ; काहाकाहि बाह्य : Nearly ; in a state of preparation ; near.

Toward, to'ward, s. कृतन ; कश्नत ; कर्या । कर्या । क्रिया । Apt ; ready to do. [ to learn.

Towardly, a. কৰ্ম বা শিকা করিতে প্রস্তুত ; Ready Tow-boat, to bot, n. বে বৌকা কৃষ্টি বিরা অন্ত অন্ত শৌকা টানে ; A boat that is used for towing other vessels.

Towel, tow'el, m. नाव-वार्धनी ; खाबाज : नाववा ; बाइन : A cloth for wiping the hands and face. Towelling, tow'el-ing, m. खाबालब कान्य ; Cloth in towels.

Tower, tower, n. উচ্চ আনাদ; বিজা: A lofty round or square building:—কেলা: হুৰ্গ; A fortress; a citadel:—০. ১. উচ্চ হুইলা উঠা: নুডে উঠা; বুডে উঠা; বুডে উঠা;

A tower of strength—আলং; কাৰে; উপ-কাৰে; A protection; a defender; a strong or mighty support greatly serviceable.

The tower of London—লঙৰ নগৰেৰ প্ৰভাগৰ সৰকাৰি গৃহাদি। [towers. Towered, a. ছুৰ্বাবিশিষ্ট : উন্নত আনাদ্ধিনিষ্ট : Having Towering, tower-ing, a. উচ্চ : অত্যাক্ত : Very high ; elevated :—আৰল : Violent. Syn :—Lofty,

surpassing; extreme, violent.

Towery, tow'er-i, a. डेक ; डेब्ज़ ; Lofty. Towline, to'lin, n. (बोब) डेमियांत्र ७१, अपेडेबा रेकि ; A line used in towing.

Fown, town, n. नरव ; नगव ; प्त ; A place larger than a village, not a city :— अध्यानीनवृद ; e inhabitants of a town :— s. बांगडिक ।

an about town—गामद ।

an about town—गामद ।

an-clerk, towhklark, n. স্ক্রের হিনাবর্জক
ভারী; A clerk who keeps the town records.

own-council, n. নাগরিকসনের অভিনিধি কার্যসভা ।

own-crier, towhkri-ér, n. চৌৰীকার; Public

rier; one who make proclamation in a town.

own-hall, towh-hawi, त. द वांगिए नांगविकत्रम्म

द्रवा हरेंगा बक्रुवारि नांगविम कांग्र निकार करव ; A

bile hall transacting the business of a town.

n-house, townhows, त. नगत-वांगिका ; द वांगिएड

रच बक्रुवारि करव ; Town hall:—वनत्रविक वृद ;

pein town, in opposition to one in the country.

ns-folk, Towns-people, त. नहरत्र दनाक ;

कर्म ; कन्नवांगीनमूह ; The people of a town.

Township, township, m. attack found of attack; The corporation of a town; the territory or district of a town.

Towns-man, towniman, n. वर्तववानी ; नहरत्रव भाष : भोतवम ; An inhabitant or fellow-inhabitant of a town. [Common talk of a town, Town-talk, towntawk, n. सन्दव ; वासांत्र नम्म ; Toxicology, toks-i-kolo-ji, n. विव-विकास ; विव-विवास विवा! ; Science which treats of poisons. amonicological, n-toxicologist (विवक्तिवाविक मधिष्ठ) !

Toy, toy, n. [ D. tooi, ornament ] ক্লাড় বাৰা; ক্লাড়নক; খোলালা; A child's plaything:—ৰাকিকিং বছ; সাবাভ বিষয়; ডুফ্ জিনিন; A trifle; a matter of no importance:—(কলী; আনোদ; ভাষানা; Sport:—v. i. বিহান-ড়; ক্লাড়া-ড়; কেলী-ড়; আনোড-ড়; To trifle; to dally with. Syn:—(n) Bauble, bagatelle, gimerack, kickshaw. (v) Play, wanton, frolic, sport.

Toy-cart, n. (4) orts 416 1

Toyish, toy'ish, a. ভীড়াথির; কেনীগরারণ; কুম; Playful; trifling wanton.

Toy-shop, n. (बनाबाद (बोकाद )

Trace, tras, n. কোন বিছুৱ উপন বিশ্বা বাইলে বে বাম পাছে তাতা; চিছ; বান; নিবৰ্ণন; A tract left by drawing along; a mark left by anything passing; vestige:—প্ৰাছ; গাছচিছ; Foot-print:— মোটানুট নয়া; A sketch:—ন্যান:—pl. অবস্থান বছনী; বোড; The straps by which a vehicle is drawn by horses:—p. t. প্ৰচিছ বানা অনুসৰণ-ড়; পাছচিছ বনিয়া অনুসৰণ-ড়; পাছচিছ বনিয়া অনুসৰণ-ড়; পাছচিছ বনিয়া অনুসৰণ-ড়; পাছচিছ বনিয়া অনুসৰণ-ড়; বিছু গিছু বাজ্যা; To follow with exactness:—নয়া টানা; To sketch:—নয়া-ড়; অভিড-ড়; বুনান; To sketch. a—traceable. Syn:—(n) Track, trail, wake; vestige, sign, token, record, memorial; impression, delineation. (v) Follow, track, trail; delineate, draw.
Trace back—Follow by backward steps.

Trace to—পদহিদ গরিষা অসমনা করত: কাহাতে বাহিব-কু: Find one out by following footmarks:— কোন বিবাৰৰ মূল নিৰ্দেশ-কু; Ascribe to, as the source. Traceable, a. অনুমূল খানা আধ্যা: অনুমূলেছ; Capable of being traced. n=traceableness.

Tracery, trase'r-1, n. প্রথমের উপর কার্কর্ম : প্রাক্ষের অঞ্জিত স্থিত স্থাপনীর কার্ম ; Gertain ornamental stone-work.

Traches, n. चाननायों ; क्रे ; क्रेनायों ; The wind pipe. a=tracheal. p!=tracheæ.

Tracheotomy, n. पाननानी वा कार्कत एकन : The operation of making an opening into the trachea. Tracing, trasing, a. cathigh ant; Rough drawing :- कान ছবির উপর পাতলা কাগল বাবিয়া ভাষার নকৰ করব ; अकन ; The act of copying by marking on thin paper the lines of pattern paper for copying. placed beneath. Tracing paper, n. नकत कृतियात गर कांत्रक ; Thin Track, trak, n. [F. trace, track of horses ] हिन , श्राप्त ; A mark left :-- প्रवृत्तिक ; Foot-print ; - | | | | | | | | A beaten path ; course :- . t. भर्तिक्वात्रो अपूर्वत्रप-कृ; भक्तानग्रहम-कृ; श<u>िष्ट</u> अस्त्रा : To tollow by marks or footsteps ; to tow. Sym : -(n) Footstep, trail, trace; road, path, way. Make tracks—क्रेड न्त्रांत्र—कृत

Off the track--- victicals i

On one's track--( ধরিবার বা আক্রমণ করিবার জন্ত ) কাহান্ত প্ৰভাৱ ধাৰ্মান , In pursuit of one to attack or catch.

Trackless, trakles, a. প্ৰচিক্ৰিয়ীল; পৰ্বন্ন; Without footstep or paths; marked by no footsteps. Syn:—Untrodden, unfrequented, wild, pathless. [ path.

Track-road, n. ধা-টাদার বাতা; A towering-Tract, trakt, n. [ L. tractus, from trakere, to draw] প্রেণ : অকন : ভ্তান ; Region ; district; a piece of land: —প্রিকা : ক্যু প্রক , A short treatise:—ধারাবাহিক অভিত্ ; Continued duration:—নীৰ্বতা; Length. Syn —Quarter; plot, patch; pamphiet, essay, treatise.

Tractable, trakfa-bl, a. নত্ত্ত; শাসনীত; ব্জা, Docile; submissive; manageable:—সাধ্য; Feasible. ns=tractableness, tractability.

Tractableness, Tractability, n. वण्डा । नमनीत्रका ; Docility ; manageableness.

Tractarian, s. One of the writers of the Oxford tracts in favour of Pusuevism.

Tractile, ttaktil, a. অনাৰণীৰ, ঘাণা বাডাইতে পাৱা বাছ; টানিয়া বৰ্ছনীৰ; Such as may be drawn out. Traction, n. আক্ষৰ; টান, The act of drawing. Tractive, traktiv, a. আক্ষী; লম্বাকারা; That draws serving to pull.

Tractor, n. আক্ৰণ সাধন; That which draws.
Trade, trad, n. [F. traite, conveyance of corn] ক্লবিক্য; বাণিলা; বাণসাধ, Buying and selling; commerce; traffic:—কাৰ্থা; হেলাব্তি; মহালনী; Occupation:—v. i. ক্ল বিক্ৰথ-কু; বিশিম্ম বা বিক্ৰথ-কু; বাণিলা-কু; To buy and sell:—v. t. বাণিলা-কু; To traffic with. Syn:—(n) Barter, dealing; calling, avocation, employment. (v) Barter, exchange, buy, sell, traffic. [business. Drive a trade—কোন ব্যবস্ চালান; Carry on a Free trade—অবাধ বাণিলা; আনিব্যিত্ত বাণিলা; বাণিলা

The Jack of all trades—দশক্ষাবিত ব্যক্তি; বে সকল কাল একটু একটু জানে।

The trade - ग्रमामात्रभेष ; A body of men engaged in the same occupation.

Two of a trade-প্রতিৰ্কী : Rivals.

Trade-mark, c. ব্যবসায়িগণের ব ব চিছ: A distinguishing mark or devise warranting goods for sale as the manufacture of any firm.

Trade-pice. স. পাইকারী হয়।

Trader, trader, n. विषक ; वाबनाबी ; वाबनाबा ; Merchant. Syn :-- Trafficker, dealer.

Trades-man, tradiman, n. গোকান্দাব; বাণ্ক; Shop-keeper; a mechanic. feg=trades-woman.
Trades-union, tradiz-unyun, n. বাণিকগণের একতা; বাংকানীনিগের মধ্যে একতা; বাণক-মিলনী, A union among men of the same trade to maintain their rights; combination of mechanics respecting wages.

Trade-wind, tradwind, n. वाधिका-वाय; A wind in and near the torrid zone, so called because of great service to trade.

Tradition, tra-dishun, n. [L. traditio, from tradere, to transmit ] কিংবল্ভ ; অনুক্তি; বৰুপ্রাসত প্রবাদ ; বছকালের প্রবা; The oral delivery of opinion or practices to posterity. Syn:—
Transfer, delivery; oral report.

Traditional, tra-dishun-al, Traditionery, tra-dishun-ari, a. গ্ৰন্থরাগত; স্নোত. Delivered by tradition. ad straditionally, traditionalism, n. গ্ৰন্থরাগত প্রধার প্রতি অনুরাগ। Traditionalist, tra-dishun-al-ist, n. অবক্রতিবাদী;

Traditionalist, tra-dishun-ai-ist, n. জ্বলাওবাধা; কিবেল্টাব অনুবাধী; One who adheres to tradition.
Traduce, tra-dūś, v. t. [L. trans, across, duco, to lead] অপবাদ-কৃ: ছুব্মি-কৃ: निका-कृ; অবাডি-কৃ: To calumniate; to defame. n= traducer. Syn:—Vilify, slander, disparage, detract, depreciate, decry.

Traducement, n. त्यांबाद्यान : तिव्यायान ; क्रमा । Traducer, tra-du-cr, n. अनवानक : क्रमावान । Defamer : calumniator, slanderer, detractor.

Traffle, traf'ik, n. ব্যবদায়; বাণিজা; Commerce; trade — নাল বা বাজীর বাঙায়াঙ; চালান, The business done upon a railway:—v. i. ব্যবদা-ফু; বাণিজা-ফু, To trade meanly:—v. f. বিনিমন-ফু; দ্রবাদি ক্ববিদ্য-ফু; বো বা কেনা; To exchange; to buy and sell ware. Syn:—(n) Trade, dealing, truck, intercourse. (v) Deal, bargain.
Traffleor, n. বণিক; A trader.

Tragodian, tra-je'dı-an, n শোক প্রধান নাটকের জভিগেতা, বিধোণাত নাটকের অভিনয়কারী, An actor of tragedy, a tragic actor:—শোকান্তক নাটক-প্রণোধা। fegestragedienne.

Tragody, trafe-de, n. বিয়োগান্ত ৰাটক; ৰোকাৰক ৰাটক; লোকপ্ৰধান ৰাটক; Drama of elevated language and melancholy catastrophe; a species of drama in which the issue is sad:—
বুৰ্টনা, গুংগজনক ঘটনা, ৰোকাৰহ ব্যাণান্ত, Any fatal and mournful events. Syn:—Calamity, catastrophe, disaster, misfortune,

Tragic, trajik, Tragical, trajik-al, a. ছংৰ-জনক; বিবাদমণ; ককণা মধান; শোকাবহ; হৃদমবিদারক; লোমহনণ, ভরত্বর; Sorrowful; fatal, mournful, calamitous. n≈tragicalness. ad=tragically (শোকাবহনণে)।

Tragic-comedy, traji-kome-di, n. হৰ্ণ বিবাদাৰৰ নাটক , Drama of mixed tragedy and comedy. a=tragic-comical, tragic-comic. ad=tragic-comically.

Trail, v. f. ভূমির উপর দিয়া টানিরা লক্ষা; হেচডিবা লইরা-বা; To draw along the ground:—
( ঘানাদি ) মাড়াইরা পাতিত-ত্ব:—পদচিত ধরিয়া শিকারকু, To hunt by tracking:—v. i. গ্র্যা করিয়া টানা;
To be drawn out in length:—লভাইয়া-বা বা উঠা;
To run or climb, as a plant:—n. লেজুড়. লেজের
ভার লথা কোনও কিছু; Anything drawn out in
length:—গর্ম; বক্ত জন্তর গাত্ত গর্ম; Scent left by
an animal:—বন্দর্য ইড়ি গ্র্য:—গ্রাচিত্ ; Track
followed by the hunter. Syn:—(v) Track :
draw, drag.

Train, tran, v. t. টালা; To drag along:— আলোভিড-কু; To allure:—শিকা-দে; To educate:
—ক্লাসিড-কু; বিনীড-কু; নিয়ন্তিড-কু; To discipline:—ক্ষাল; ব্যিড-কু; To cause to grow properly :-- मनूराहक गांत्राम अनः बनत्क लोड़ निका-F: To prepare men or horses for athletic exercise :-- महत्क निक्छ कतिहा राज जाना ; रनीवृड-इ ; To tame for use, as animals :- n. 475377; অবুচরবর্গ ; A retinue :--ব্যবস্থা : পদ্ধতি ; অক্রিয়া : Process :- বেৰ : A series succession :- ব্যুগ-নিহিত বাক্স-বেধা; A line of gunpowder to fire a charge :-- ৰাগৱাৰ পশ্চাতাগ : আচৰ ; The part of a dress which trails behind the wearer :- 97413 नुष्क ; The tail of a bird :-- (कोणन ; कांप ; Artifice: lure:--- लोड महेक्यांना: लोडवर्याहरू गांडी-ৰেণ ; A continuous line of carriages on a railroad. n=trainer. Syn :-(v) Drag, haul, trail; instruct, school, deill, exercise; nucture, breed; accustom, habituate, inure. (n) Trail; suitc, attendants; method, process, course.

Bring in its train—সঙ্গে আন্থৰ-কৃ।

Fire the train-ৰাক্তে অগ্নি-ৰে; Ignite a line of gunpowder :-- উছেজিড-ক ; উদ্দীপিত-ক ; Excite ;

In train-कांन डिक्ड मांवत्तत डेलव्क करहाय. In a condition calculated to serve a certain purpose. In the train of - 9518: 195 195 . Following close to; following one close behind, after.

Lay a train—235-7; Carta 9; Prepare.

Lay the train for-ster atoma-cr. Lay a line of gunpowder to lead fire to a charge; prepare the way to. Tone in.

Train (one) in-কোন বিষয়ে শিকিত-কু; Educate Train to-পিকা ছাবা অভ্যত-ক, Habituate one to, by practice.

Train up-fff年5-季; Educate; bring up. Train-band, n. करेवड निक देन वित्यत , अब-সঞ্জান শিক্ষিত জনসমূহ; A band of men trained to bear arms.

Train-bearer, tran-bai'ei, n. (य आजन প निष्क-(मंत्र कृत्ति कोशन महिया नहेवा वाय, One who holds up a train as of the robe of a great officer of \*tate or of a lady of rank.

Trained, a. निकिंड ; विनीड , Tamed. Trainer, n. [47115], fame, Instructor.

Training, n. শিকা; অভাগ।

Train-oil, train-oil, n. जिमि मशानत देखत . Oil extracted from the fat of whiles by boiling.

Trait, tiat, n fere eme , fere en ; A distinguishing feature; characteristic:- आर्न, जरन; ( ভুলির) টাব, A stroke; a taunch. Syn:-Touch, mark, line; lineament, feature, characteristic, peculiarity.

Traitor, trator, n. विवानवाडक: ब्राजदानि : अकृतक गृक्ति ; One guilty of treason ; a deceiver. fem=traitress. Syn :- Betrayer, deser-

ter, renegade, apostate, rebel.

Traitorous, trator-us, a. बालद्वारी ; विदानवां उक : अक्रुंडिं ; Guilty of treason ; perfidious ; guilty of betrayed or disloyalty. ad - traitorously ( विश्वान-बाङक्डांपूर्लक् )। Syn :- Treacherous, perfidious, faithless, false; treasonable.

Traitress, n. fem. of traitor.

Trajectory, n. এহাদি বা উৎক্ষিপ্ত পদাৰ্থ নিক্ষিত্ৰ निशासित अशीम हहेगा (य तक भाग काम काम काम) : The curve which a body describes in space, as a planet in its orbit, or a stone thrown upward obliquely in the air.

Train, n. biff binis emb facet : Waggon. Tam-car, n. लोश्वत्व छालिङ शांछी वित्नव ।

Trammel, tramel, n. बदलानि पतिवाद आन : A net used in fowling an fishing :- अवटक विक निवाहेबाब ৰঙ শুখুৰ ; Shackles for making a horse amble :-Anything that confines :-- (অগ্নির) উপর পাত্রাবি बुबाहेबाद (जोश्याकर्तना ; बादि। :- v. t. बाहिक-कृ : बादक-F: To confine, to shackle. Syn :- (n) Shackle, fetter, clog, impediment, bond, chain. (v) Fetter, hamper, clog, restrain, hinder.

Tramontane, a. বৈদেশিক ; Foreign :-- অসভা ; Barbarous.

Tramp, tramp', v. t. পদপীভিত-ক ; মান্তাৰ : পদ-अरब हना ; To tread under foot :- ण. i. शही ; পাৰ্যমে অমণ-ক ; To tread with force and rapidity :- n. भगवाक वन् ; A foot journey :- वन्-कांत्री ; (हैं। (हैं। क्रिया (य जमन करत ; A vagiant ; & stroller.

Trample, v. t. यम्ब-क : नम्डल म्बिड-क . नम-দলিত-ক ; To tread under foot .— গুপা-ক ; অবজা-के : अवस्थानन - क : To treat with pride ; to insult : -v. i. व्यवकानुर्वाकु नमन-कः मस्माद्य ना स्कृतिहा हनाः To tread in contempt.

Trample on-ना निया नना; व्यवका अवर्गन-इ: freat with contempt. [ regard. Trample under foot-প্ৰতাৰ ধন্-ক ; Dis-Tram-road, Tram-way, n. लोहरक वित्वव ; नकिंतिव अनाराटम अभनत्यांभा वर्ष वित्नव; A road or way for trams or waggons to run away easily . a road or way prepared for carriages or waggons to run along easily. [ Ecstasy ; catalepsy. Trance, trans, n. मत्त्रोहन; बाह, जटेहज्ज; Tranquil, trankwil, a. नाव : शक्त ; अनाव ; Peaceful, quiet; calm. n=tranquility. Syn: -Undisturbed, still, screne, unruffled, placid. Tranquillise, trankwil-iz, v. t. anis-F; শান্ত-কু; দ্বি-কু, To make tranquil; to, make calm. Syn .- Quiet, still, compose, soothe, appease, cal n, pacify.

Tranquillity, tran-kwife-te, Tranquilness. n. নিকপদ্ৰৰ , শান্তি , হৈগ্য , হিবতা ; Calm or peaceful state; quietness. Syn :- Quiet, calm, stillness, peace, calmness, serenity, placidity. Transact, trans-akt, v. t. [ L. trans, across, and agere, to lead | निर्लाइ-क ; निर्लाइ-क ; To carry on ; to manage ; to do ; to perform :v. i. পরিচালন-কু , চালান ; To manage ; to conduct. Transaction, trans-akshun, n. विकार, मन्नापन: काश निकार. Management of an affair :- कार्य ; appells . Affair. Syn :- Performance, management, negotiation, accomplishment; action, process; proceeding, procedure, act, occurrence, event. जिल्लांकिक कार्यात अकालिक विवतन । Transactions of a society—কোৰ সভাৰভূক Trans-Alpino, trans-alp'in, a. जानन नर्नाउड অপর পার্বয়; Beyond the Alps from Rome.

Transatiantic, c. আইবাতিক প্রপারত : Boyond the Atlantic Ocean.

Transcend, tran-send, v. t. [ L. trans, beyond, and scandere, to climb ] बहिन्द ह ; ब्लंड- र ; परिक्रम पश्चिम केंग्र : To aurmount ; to rise above ; to surpass ; to exceed. Syn :- Excel, outgo, outstrip; transgress, overstep.

Transcendent, tran-sendent, s. 451978; नार्सारकृष्टे ; जातीक्क ; Very excellent ; surpassing others, super-eminent. Syn .- Surpassing, consummate, unequalled, unrivalled, peerless. Transcendental, a. Words : Super-emment : - TTE: Vague.

Transcendentalism. n. Transcendental ph losophy. n=transcendentalist.

Transcribe, tran-skrib, v. t. अछिनिशि-इ ; अकत-कृ. To copy. #=transcriber ( स्कानवीत )।

Transcript, transkript, n. নকল, প্রতিলিপি: A written copy. [ লিপি ; A copy. Transcription, tran-skrip'shun, n नक्स : कार्ड-Transept, n. निर्कात जलायत्र जान वित्नव . One of the wings of a church.

Transfer, trans-fer', e. t. [ L. trans, across, and ferre, to bear ] ছানাখন-কু; হভাজন-কু; To carry, to convey from one place to another: to deliver or pass from one to another, to remove, to transport .-- n. seien eat, seien, হানাত্তর; Conveyance to another :--ছবি তোলা, The act of transferring. Syn -(v) Transport, transmit, forward; remove, translate; alienate, consign, deliver, devolve.

A transfer-certificate—त निवर्गनणा गरेवा अक ছলের ছাত্র বস্ত ছলে ভতি হয়।

Transfer paper—मण (महत्र) कांत्रक वित्नव । Transferable, trans-fer'a-bl, Transferrible, trans-fer'i-bl, a. इषायत कत्नीत ; श्रांबावत न। स्थापन (योगा ; Such as may be transferred or conveyed from one place or person to another. ms-transferability, transferribility.

Transferee, n. गहाब निकंछ (कान कि ह शखब कवा The person to whom a thing is transferred. Transference, transfer-ens, n. vialus way; ewiss, visits and; The act of transferring or conveying from one person or place to another : - 4 safe ale : Passage from one place to another.

Transfigure, trans-fig'fir, v. t. [ L. trans, across, and figurare, to form | जगावत-म : व्यानात শবিষ্ঠিন- ; To change the figure or form of ; to transform, to metamorphose, n-transfiguration ( क्रमंदन ; धारेन क्रम गनिवर्धन )। Syn :---Transmute, transform.

Transfix, trans-fiks, v. t. actis actis fin-7. CET-F; To pierce through. n=transfixion (CTT). [awive]) ! Syn :- Transmute, transform.

Transform, trans-form, v. t. mirfe Magen-कु; क्ष्मीका-कृ; कित्रक्षण-कृ; To change the shape of :-- n. बाइडि পরিবর্ত্তর; স্পাল্ডরীকরণ; বিকার, Transformation; change of form or substance. Transfuse, trans-fut, ot. an nia this us भारत होना ; भाषाचर- ; बद्द उ- द ; To pour out into another vessel; to cause to pass from one to another. n-transfusion ( চাগ্ম ; मिरक्प्प )। Transgress, trans-gres, v. t [ L. trans, across, and grads, to pass ] वाडिक्य-कृ; व्याक-कृ; wa-#; and-#, while-#, To pass over; to go

beyond; to violate; to overstop; to break :-v. i. जनवारी-इ ; नान-इ ; To sin ; to offend by violating a law. Syn :- Pass, exceed, overstep, trespass; infringe, contravene, disobey.

Transgression, trans-greshun, s. 474; 44-द्राव ; त्राव ; विषि ज्ञान ; चालिक्षम , चन्न ; जन्म ; प्राप्त ; Violation of law or command; fault; offence; crime: sin. Syn: -- Infringement, breach, offence, trespass, misdemeanour, misdeed.

Transgressor, trans-gresor, n. 114; 4151-मञ्जनकादी : अगदावी . Sinner. Syn :- Offender, malefactor.

Transient, transhe-ent, a. [ L. trans, across, and ire, to go ] wegift; wibagift; welle; Fleeting; not lasting. n-transientness, ed= transiently ( wastens wa) | Sym :- Transitory, ephemeral, brief, momentary, evanescent, temporary.

Transit, transit, a. attag state; Conveyance; a passing over, passage of goods through a country :-- मकांत : गिक : गिव :-- ऋर्यात केनत विज्ञी গ্ৰহের গতি; গ্ৰহাদির মন্তকোর্ছবেখা-ক্ষিক্রম : The passage of heavenly body over the sun's disk.

Transit duty—होनानि मालन । Transit instrument—ce ace asiles ascele-

त्वथा अञ्चिम मृष्टे १६ ; मृत्रतीक्त वित्नय।

Transition, tran-sizhun, #. न्दिवर्डन ; जवकांबरeafe : Passage from one place or state to another; change. autransitional ( 449144 [ transition. প্রবারি সম্প্রীর )। Transtitional, c. পরিবর্ত্ত-সম্বিত : Containing Transitive, transi-tiv, a. वृद्धि वा वृद्धिवर्दनवेत ; Having the power of passing :-- नक्षेत्र ; क्षीयू-शामी; in gram. Denoting a verb which has an object n=transitiveness, ad - transitively. A transitive verb-সক্ৰিক জিলা।

Transitory, transc-tor-e, a. क्यांत्री; कविक: चनिछा : Transient ; fleeting ; speedily vanquishing. n=transitoriness, ad=transitorily (क्षिक्छादि)। Syn :- Fleeting, flying, evanescent, short-lived, momentary; short, brief, hasty, imperfect.

Translate, trans-lat, e. f. Ayate-F ; coal-F ; To render into another language :- Trailers इ ; अवश्वादित ; To transport ; to remove from one place to another. natranslator ( 47-क्षक )। Syn:-Remove, transfer; construe, interpret.

Translate into-( we sidia ) waste-#; Render into ( another language ).

Translate to-Vitigias-7; Remove from one [ into another language. place to (another). Translated, a. अनुवित ; क्षांपत्रित ; Rendered Translation, trans-idshun, s. 4744; wistefas was; The rendering into another language ; the act of turning or version :- THE कृत्य , अर्शादाह्य ; The removal to another place. Syn :- Removal, transference; rendering, construction, interpretation, version.

Transliterate, v. t. अक्बांचविक-मृ, विश्व कांठीय वर्गतानाम क्षणान-इ: Express by means of different characters, netransliteration ( 444144 444 ) ;

Translations, trans-180'sout, a. ক্ৰ্ব ব্য ; বসা ক্ষেত্ৰ ভাৰ ক্ৰ্কি ব্য ; Admitting light, but not transparent :—প্ৰিকাৰ ; Clear. notranslatence, translationery. ad—translationtly ( ব্যক্তার ) !

Transmarine, trans-ma-rīn, a. সমুদ্রপারহিত ;
Across or beyond the sea.

Transmigrate, transmi-grat, ৩. i. একছান বা বেছ ষ্টাড় অভ ছানে বা বেহে বাওৱা; বেছাছর গ্ৰণ-ড়; অবস্থান্ত প্রাথ-ড়; To pass into another body or state.

Transmigration, trans-mi-grashun, ন. দেহা-ভৰ-অবৃত্তি; বেহাভর গমন; পুনরাবৃত্তি; বোণি-অমন; অবভাতর আজি; The passage of the soul after death into another body; change of state:— বেশাভরে গমন; The passing of persons from one state to another. a—transmigratory ( ছানাভর বা বেহাভর আভিনিদা)!

Transmissible, trans-miśi-bi, a. স্বাৰ্থ ক্র-ক্র : অব্যান্ত কর্ণীয় : That may be transmitted or passed from one to another. n=transmissibility.

Transmission, trans-mishun, Transmital, trans-misal, n. ধ্রেবণ ; ছালাহর করণ ; চালাল ; The sending from one place or person to another ; passage through.

[মণ বা সকারণ ; Hereditary transmission—বংশপরকার সংক্রাণ ; Transmit, trans-mit, v. t. [L. trans, across, and mattere, to send ] পাঠাল ; ধ্রেবণ-কৃ; চালাল-কৃ; To pass on ; to send or convey across to another person or place. n—transmitter. Syn:—Remit, forward, dispatch; carry, bear, transfer, convey.

Transmutation, trans-mut-ashun, এ. পরি-ধর্ব : স্থান্তর ; ব্যহান্তর প্রান্তি ; Alterations ; a changing into a different form.

Transmute, trans-mut, v. ই. [L. trans, over, mute, to change ] পরিবর্তিত-ক ; পরিবর্তন-ক ; পরিবর্তন-ক ; পরিবর্তন-ক ; ক্লান্তর-ক লান্তর-ক লান্ত

Transom, n. বানাবার বাড়বাট; The crossbar of a window.

Transom-window, n. আড়কটি বারা বিবাচে বিজক্ত আবালা; A window divided into two parts by a transom.

Transparency, trans-par'en-se, ন. পছড়া; বিশ্বনতা, The quality of being transparent; clearness. Syn:—Limpidness, lucidity, translucency.

Transparent, trans-parent, a. कह ; किंक ; That may be seen through; pellucid; clear. x-transparentness. Syn:—Diaphanous, translucent, crystalline, bright, limpid, lucid.

Transparently, ad. पक्कार ; विश्वनार ; Clearly. Transpierce, trans-pērze, v. f. विश्व-कृ ; रक्क-कृ ; To permeate ; to penetrate.

Transpiration, ন. বালাকারে উল্পন্ন; বৰ্ নিয়া নিম্মন ; The act or process of passing through the skin.

Transpire, trans-pir', v.t. [L. trans, through, and spirare, to breathe] বোৰতুপ হুইতে নিৰ্বন্ত বা বিদ্যাধিত-কু; To smit through the pores of the

skin — . . . ৰালাকাৰে উলাভ-হ ; বিবাস বা বালা বিসত-হ ; নিংহত-হ ; To exhale :— একাশ ক্ষা গড়া ; প্ৰকাশিত-হ ; বাহিদ্দ ক্ষা পড়া ; To become public :— বটা ; Happen ; occur. n=transpiration. Syn :— Evaporate ; be disclosed, occur.

Transplant, trans-plant, e. f. কুনিয়া অন্ত হানে বোগা-ড়; এক হান হইতে অন্ত হানে রোগা-ড়; এডি-রোগিডকু; নাড়িয়া পোডা; To remove and plant in a new place:—হানাত্ত্ত্তিকু; Remove. s ~ transplantation (নাড়িয়া হাগন; রোগা); tarnsplanter (রোগাকারী: রোগক)।

Transport, trans-port, v. t. [ L. trans, across, and porture, to carry ] शानास्त्व नहेवा वास्त्रा ; अक द्यान रहेरळ अळख नहेंद्रा-या ; ध्यादन-क ; हालांब-क ; To carry from one place or country to another; to remove :- ( A tiffe - 7 : To banish :-बाक्सार मेख-इ : इ:बद्धवानि बाबा बिक्डिड-इ : To put in ecstacy; to carry away by violence of pas-यहन ; शांनाखत्र ध्यात्र ; हानान ; Conveyance ; carriage from one place to another :- " ale : Ecstacy:-- रेन्छ वा यूच-मान्धी ध्यत्रवार्व बाहात ; त्व ৰাহাৰে দেনাদি স্থানান্তবিত হয়; A vessel for conveyance; the conveyance of soldiers, warlike stores. Syn: -(v) Convey, bear, waft; entrance, ravish, delight, enrapture. (n) Passion. rapture, bliss, enravishment.

Be transported to—शिशांकविक-र; Be banished, as a criminal.

Transportable, a. ছানান্তরে বেরণ বা বহন-বোগ্য:
Such as may be carried across.

Transportation, trans-por-tashun, n. নির্মাণ স্ব; Removal; banishment:--বীগাছৰ-গ্রেমণ; Conveyance.

Transporting, a. অত্যন্ত আনশ্রনক ; মনোয়েক। Transposal, n. ছান বা অসুক্ষের পরিবর্তন ; A change of place or order.

Transpose, trans-poit, v. t. বিনিমন-কু; বনপ-কু; একের ছানে অপ্তাকে রাখা; ছান পরিবর্ত্তিত-কু; To interchange; to substitute one for the other of:
—এক বার হইতে অপ্তাবারে সইয়া-বা।

Transposition, n. শংশঃ বিনিষয়: স্থাৰ বা ক্ৰম শরিবর্জন ; বিপর্যায় . A change of words for words. Transprint, v. t. To print out of place.

Trans-ship, v. f. এক বাহাৰ হুইতে অপন ৰাহাৰে প্ৰেয় : To transfer to another slip.

Trans-shipment, n. জাহালার্ডরে প্রথান বা নরব ; Transubstantiste, tran-sub-stan-shi-Mt. o. f. বভারাত্তর-কু; ভিন্ন পরার্থে পরিব্যক্তি-কু; To change to another substance.

Transubstantiate, ए. ई. ब्राइंड वर्ड ६ मार्टन Transubstantiation, स. ( दांत्रीव वर्ट्ड क्ये अवर त्रण) व्रहेव वर्ड ६ मार्टन वृद्धित ; The Roman Catholic doctrine that the bread and wine in the eucharist are changed into Christ's body and blood.

Transverse, trans-veri, a. [ L. trans, across, verto, versum, to turn ] cost; min; min; five; Lying across. adetransversal (costonic); min; min; min; min; min; min;

Trap, trap, n. कांव ; Snare :- नवानि वतिवास कक ; कांव , An instrument for snaring animasi :-- শকট; নোপান বিশেষ:—কৰ্মী; কোপন; চাড়নী; A stratagam:—শিলা বিশেষ; A kind of igneous rocks:—v. t. কলে ব্য়া; কাৰ ব্যায় বৃত-কৃ: কালে কেলা. To catch in a trap; ensnare:—কল্ড-কৃ; ভ্বিত-কৃ; সজ্জিত-কৃ; To ernament, to adorn with gay clothes. Syn:—(n) Gin, trapan; pitfall, ambush. (v) Insnare, entrap, trapan. Be caught in one's own trap (or toils)—আপনার কালে কড়িড-কৃ; Be entangled in the snare which one has set for another.

Set (or ley) a trap—কান পাড়া; কাহাকে বিপনে কেলিবার নিমিন্ত কোন মতলৰ খাটান, Form a plan or plot to entangle one or to throw one into

danger. To understand trap—हजूब इउन्न ।

Trapan, v. t. शास (क्ला , बरल (क्ला ; To insnare :-- n. हाजुरी ; A stratagem

Trap-door, trap'-dor, n. হোর ছার; চোরা ছরার; ছাদ বা মেবেব ছার, পাইবানান দবজা, A door in a floor or roof opening and shutting like the catch of a trap, sided door.

Trapeziform, a. विषय-वाह हकूर्व्याकाव ; Having the form of a trapezc.

Trapesium, trapezium, Trapese, tra-pez,
m. aitaicas (rinal), cein ne; A swing used in

gymnastics —কজির আছি বিশেষ, One of the wrist bones:—বে চতুর্ভুলের কোণ ও ছুই বাতই সমান্তরাল, A four-sided figure, having the opposite side parallel.

Trapezoid, trap'e-zoid, n. বে চতুকুজের ছই বাধনাত্র সমান্তবাল, A plane four-sided figure having two of its opposite sides are parallel. a=trapezoidal.

Trappings, trapings, n pl. জাকান পোৰাক,
Gay clothes:—অবকার, ভূবণ, Ornaments —
অবাদির সজা বা ভূবণ, Ornament put on horses.
Syn:—Decorations, account ements, equipments, paraphernalia, housings

Trash, trash, n [G. drusen, dregs] ছটি!.
মুড়ান; To crop, to lop; to strip of leaves — n
কালা, ছিব্ড, আৰজনা; ভুছ জব্য, Refuse Syn
—(n) Dross, rubbish, trumpery, stuff, nonsense [Worthless, rejected
Trashy, trashi, a. আৰু ফিংকর; আসাব, বাণ্ডিব,

Trass, n. মুক্তিকা বিশেষ, A volcanic carth
Travail, traval, n. প্রিশ্রম, অত্যন্ত মেণনত,
Toil; labour with pain:—প্রদাধ বেদনা, Labour
in childbirth:—v. i. হয়বাপ-কু; To harass

প্ৰামৰ বেগৰা পাওৱা, To be in labour; to suffer the pangs of childbirth.

Trave, trav, n. ছাই ঘোডার লাল বীধাইকের জন্ত কাঠ-গড়া, A beam, wooden frame to confine unruly horses.

Travel, travel, v. i. পৰ্টিন-ক ; অমণ-ক ; গমন-ক , To pass, to move ; to make journey , to journey :—v. t. পৰ্টিন-ক ; গমন-ক , অভিন্ন ক , To journey over :—n. অনণ ; পৰ্টিন , Journey :—pl. অমণ বৃত্তান্ত , An account of a journey. Syn :—(n) Wandering, migration, pilgumage, excursion, tour, expedition, trip.

Travelled gentleman—१९ अञ्चलांक आत्मक १९७ भ्योजन क्षित्राह्न। Traveller, travel-er, त. नर्गाहेक ; नविक ; नांक ; One who travels ; a way-farer.

Travelling, v. n. खर्ग ; नवाहेन । Travelling expenses—नव-वहा , नार्यक्र ।

Travel-post—মন্তবের ক্ষা-ড়; To travel rapully by frequent changes of borses.

Traversable, a. अशोकांश, अधिक्षेत्र, Such as may be denied.

Traverse, travers, n. ৰাথা আছে থাকে; Anything laid or built across; something that obstructs:—মোড; A turn:—বাণ!; প্ৰভিক্তম :—প্ৰতিপ্ৰক্ষ কথা অথাকাৱ; (Law) denial:—v. t. আছেৰ দিকে কটিয়া-বা, গাৱ-হ, অভিক্ৰম-কু, To cross; to pass over, to travel:—কোন পাৰ্থে কিয়ান:— অথাকাৱ-কু, To deny:—v. t. গতির প্রভিক্ষকভাতর্ব-কু, To oppose a movement, as in fencing —a. এডো, আডে হাপিড; অল্প্রস্থানী; Turned or lying across:—ad. আড়াআড়ি; Across Syn —(v) Thwart, obstruct, travel over. Traverse-table, n. মঞ্চ বিশেষ; A platform for shifting carriages to another rails.

Travesty, traves-te, n. [l' travester, to disguise] উপ্থান্তনক কভিনন , কোনও রচনার হাজ্জনক অনুকরণ, A parody, chicature, a burlesque representation of the serious —v. t. হাজ্ঞাপন-৫, উপ্থালাদ-ক, To parody, to turn into burlesque —a. উপ্থালাদ হল্পবোধারী, Disguised so as to be rediculous.

Trawl, trawl, v f कांग विशे मरण-वृ; To fish by diagging a net behind a vessel —n. अरण विशेष कांग, नरण विशेष कोंग एक, A trawl net.

Trawler, trawler, n বেবা ক নাল মংক ধরে:

—মংক ধরিবার নোকা, A fishing vessel used in trawling.

[ salver.

Tray, tr., n বারকাৰ, থাপা, নিশুকের গেবে, A
Treacherous, trecher-us, a. বিবান্ধাকৰ, আনি
বানী, কৃত্যু, F uthless, like a traitor:—পিজন;
Suppery, not affording him footing. n=treacherousness (পাগাবাজি, কৃত্যুতা) ৷ Syn — I raitorous, disloyal, treasonable, pertidious, false, deceiful, insidious, plotting. [Faithlessly.
Treacherously, ad. কৃত্যুতান্ধ্ৰাৰ, পঠতাপুৰ্বক;
Treachery, trecher-e, n. [ t. tricherie, trickcry ] বিশাস্থাতকতা, প্ৰতার্থা, পঠতা, Faithlessness . violation of allegiance of faith. Syn.—
Perfidiousness, perfidy, disloyalty, treason.
Troacle, trickl, n. বোলা বা কোত্যা হুচ; চিটা বা

Troscle, tickl, n. বোলা বা কোডরা ওচ; feel বা মৃত গুড়, The viscid syrup which is drained from sugar,

Tread, tred, v. : চলা, পদবিকেপ-কু; To walk:

—v. t পদাপন-কু, পদদলিত কু, মাডাইবা বা, To pass
with the foot, to set the loot — অবজ্ঞাপুৰ্ক্ত
দলিত কু, থেতপনি, To trample in contempt.—ж.
পদবিকেপ, মৰ্দ্দন, চলন।

Tread close upon - त्राक नाज वांडता . Follow closely , succeed quickly.

Troad of - अमुक विवयक ह Have for its subject : - कांन विवरत कि ह लाश वा वला ; Speak about.

Troad on a man's corus—আহত- কৃ, উত্তাল-কৃ।
Pread (one) to—আগনের বভাব সবকে মনের ক্বা
খুলিয়া বলা, State one's opinion of another's
character with disagreeable frankness.—আগ-

ৰার টাকার অপরকে ম্লাপান করাব বা বাজ্যান; Entertain one with ( drink or food ).

Tread out--লদ ৰাৱা ৰাড়াৰ; পাৱে মাড়াইয়া বি:লা-বিভ-কু; Press or beat out with the feet.

Tresi the stage—महित कार्ण-कृ ।

Tread up on the heels, Tread upon the foot steps of শিদ্ধ শিদ্ধ বাৰমা; সলে বলে বাৰমা; অনুসরণ-কু; Follow close upon.

Treadle, Treddle, a. কোনত ব্যাহ্ৰ গা-নান; The part of a machine which is moved by the loot.
Treadle machine, n. বে কল পানের খাবা চালিত কর।

Tread-mill, n. বে কলের চাকা করেণীয়া পারে নাড়া-ইয়া চালিত করে; A mill worked by treading or stepping, used chiefly as an instrument of prison discipline.

Tresson, trezn, n. বাৰজেছি; কুত্ৰতা; Disloyalty; treachery, traitorousness.

High tresson—बारबाद अधिकन्छाडद ।

Treasonable, tre'zn-a-bl, a. রাজবিনার সম্বীয়; রাজরোচারক; Pertaining to treason; consisting of or involving treason. ad=treasonably. n= treasonableness. Syn:—Treacherous, traitorous, di loyal.

Treasure, trezhur, n. [G. thesauros, a store laid up] সঞ্জিত ধন; অৰ্থ; সংস্থাত ঐব্য; Wealth accumulated; riches:—প্ৰাচ্থা; Abundance:—বহন্যা অব্য; স্নাবান বন্ধ; Anything much valued:—v. t. সংগ্ৰহ-কু; সঞ্চন-কু; To hoard up; to collect for future:—অত্যন্ত মূল্যনা আব্দ; To value greatly. Syn:—(n) Stock, store, reserve; jewel, idol, darlings. (v) Accumulate, hoard, save, garner; value, idolize.

Treasure up -ৰঙ্গ করিয়া কুলিয়া রাখা; Kecp with a care, as a treasure.

Treasure up in memory- and and; Keep in memory for future enjoyment or use.

Treasurer, trezhu-ér, n. क्षांबाधक ; छहविनशंब ; One who has charge of collected funds.

Tessure-house, n. क्यांगात ।

Treasure ships—ৰৰ্ণ ও রোপ্যবাহী কাহাৰ; Ships carrying gold and silver.

Treasure-trove, trezhur-trov, n. বে টাকার নাজিক পাওয়া বার না ; তথ্য বন ; নিধি ; Money found in the earth of which the owner is not known.

Treasury, trezhur-i, n. বাজকোৰ; বনাগাৰ; বাজাঞি ধানা; A place for keeping treasure; department of a government which has charge of public finances:—বন্ধ কোৰ:—জানপূৰ্ণ পুৰুত।

Treat, tret, v. t. আচরণ-কৃ; বাবহার-কৃ; Behave to; act; use:—কোন বিবরে বলা, কোন সবন্ধে লেখা: বিবেচনা-কৃ; অনুশানন-কৃ, To discourse on:—ভোজ-ড়ে; সেবা-কৃ; আহার করান; অভার্থা-কৃ; To entertain with food or drink:—চিকিৎসা-কৃ; To manage in the application of remedies:—v. s. কোন বিবরে বলা বা লেখা: কোন বিবরে আনোচনা-কৃ; To handle a subject in writing or speaking:—স্থির প্রস্তাব-কৃ; সন্দি-কৃ; খোগাবোগ-কৃ; To negotiate:—ভোজ-জ্; To give an entertainment:—n. ভোজ; An entertainment:—ব্যবহার; আচরণ। Syn:—(৬) Use; entertain, foast; manage; negotiate.

Treat with (one)-( राष्ट्रांट मीमारमा वा अवदा

ৰেট এ সহৰে) কথাবাৰ্তা কথা; Negotiate with one; make and receive proposals for adjusting differences with one.

Treatise, tretiz, n. আৰক ; প্ৰক ; আৰু ; A formal casay. Syn:—Paper, disquisition, dissertation.
Treatment, tretment, n. আচুৰণ : ব্যবহাৰ : Behaviour ; conduct :—চিকিংসা ; Medical conduct of a case ; way of applying remedies to :—ভোক :
Entertainment :—বৰ্ণনা ; বিবৃতি ; Description :—প্রিচাকন ; Management.

Treaty, trete, n. স্থি; নিয়ন-প্র; Agreement; negotiation. Syn:—(n) Contract, covenant, convention concordat.

Treble, trebl. u. বিভাগ : তেহাবা ; Three-fold :—

n. উচ্চ ব্য ; বিল হয় ; The highest of the four
principal parts in the musical scale :— তীয় :—

u.t. ভিল ব্য ; বিভাগিত-কু ; To make three times
as much :— v. i. ভিল ব্য ২ ; To become threefold. ad = trebly (বিভাগিতরণে): Syn:—(a)
Triple ; acute, sharp ; alto.

Treddle, n. বছের বে আল পদ থাবা চালিত হব; The part of a loom, which is moved by the foot.

Tree, tre, n. বৃক; পাছ; পাৰণ; Vegetable production of woody growth and with a stem; a plant:—কাঠবভ; Wood.

At the top of the tree—नर्त्ताक नवड़ । The tree of knowledge—कानजुक ।

To be up a tree—त्रकोशन बाका।

Treenaril, n. ভাষ্তে তকা আছিবার কঠিব জি A long wooden pin used in fastening the planks of a ship to the timbers.

Trefoil, tre'foil, n. ত্রিপত্রবিশিষ্ট ভূগ ; ত্রিপত্র উদ্ভিদ ; A three-leaved plant.

Trollis, trelis, \*\*. জাক্দ্নি; চাচেদ্ধ বেড়া; লোহাদির জাল; A structure of cross-barred or latticework; frame of cross barred work.

Trollised, trelist, a. simplificated at orients alice; Having a trellis, or formed as a trellis.

Tremble, trembl, v. i. [L. tremo, to shake ]

\*\*Tremble, \*\* \*\* \*\*Trembler: Syn:—Quake, quiver, shudder; totter, rock, oscillate; quaver.

Tremble in the balance—অবিণ্ডিত-চ; অবি-ভিতাবহার থাকা; To be undecided, uncertain. Trembling, a. বেগবান; কলাবান; Shaking. ad=tremblingly.

Tremendous, tre-mendus, a. জ্যানক: ভীৰণ; wiff; Dreadful; violent. ad-tremendously (জ্যানকরণে): n=tremendousness (জ্যানকরণে): Syn:—Terrible, trightful, terrific, horrible, awful, appalling, fearful, formidable.
Tremor, tremor, n. কল্মন; কাপ্নি; A trembling; a quivering.

Tremulous, tremulus, at [ L. tremers, to tremble ] শহিত : ৰূপানা ; Affected with fears ; shaking, trembling ; quivering. n=tremulousness, ad=tremulously ( ৰূপাতভাবে ) ৷ Syn :—Shivering, trembling, vibratory.

Trench, trensh, v. t. পালা কটা : লালী কটা ; To dig a ditch ; cut a ditch :—খনন-ক ; কটা ; To dig deeply :—n. পরীখা ; ধাত : খালা ; বৰ্ছৰা ; স্থালী ; A ditch ; a fosse. Syn :—Moat ; drain, sewer.

Trench on or upon—worst with with ?;
Encroach : invade.

Trenchant, trenshant, a. তীত্ৰ; তীক ; Severe ; sharp :—n. কৰ্ত্ৰকারী ; হেকৰ। ad-trenchantly (তীত্ৰভাবে ; কৰ্ত্ৰভাবে )। Syn :—Cutting, unspar-

ing, sarcastic.

Trancher, trensher, m. भिष्या-वयक ; त्य यांज वयन-कृ ; One who cuts trenches :—यह यांग्रत्या , त्यह्या ; A large wooden plate :—याहाय ; (कांवय-या ; Food :—त्यक ; Table. [eater. Trencher-man, m. कक्व ; A feeder ; a great Trencher-mate, trencher friend or fly— भागावाकांका : त्यावय यांच्या (वर्षाय ; A table-com-

panion; parasite.

Trencher-plough, trensh-plow, s. লাকল বিশেষ; গভীয়বৰ্মী লাকল; A plough for turning up the land more deeply than usual:—o. f. ভৰ্বাৱা ক্ৰ্য-কু; To plough with a trench-plough.

Trend, trend, v. i. [ Dan. trind, round ] উৰ্থ-ছ: ছেলা; কুঁজা: To tend; to run in a certain direction, the line being a curve:—n. উন্থতা, ধাৰণতা; কোড; Tendency. Syn:—(v) Stretch, sweep, bend, incline, tend.

Council of trent—A famous council of the Roman Catholic Church, assembled by Paul III in 1546, and continued in twenty-five sessions under Julius III and Pius IV and until its close in 1563.

Trental, n. An officer for the dead in the Roman Catholic service, consisting of thirty masses for thirty days after the party's death.

Tropan, tre-pan, n. কণাল বা করোটা ছিল্ল করিবার আন্ত বিশেষ; তিরপুণ: Round saw for boring the skull:—w. f. তিরপুণ বারা ছিল্ল-ক, করাত বারা কেল-ক; To bore with trepan:—কানে কেলা; প্রতারণা-ক; To ensuare.

Trephine, n. আব্দিক ট্লোন; The modern trepan:—v. t. ভদারা ছিল্ল-কৃ, To perforate with the trephine.

Trepidation, trep-id-ashun, স কল, কাপনি; ভীতি; আস: লখা: An involuntary trembling; a state of terror or alarm. Syn:—Shaking, quivering, agitation, disturbance, flutter, perturbation, excitement, tremor.

Trespass, trespas, v. i. অন্যক্ষার প্রবেশ-কু; সীমা অভিক্রম-কু; ভূমিন্তে কোর করিয়া প্রবেশ-কু; To intrude, to pass over a limit; to make unlawful entrance on another's ground:—অপরাধ-কু; প্রেশ-কু; To sin:—ম. পাল; পোষ; ক্লেট; Transgression of law:—অন্যক্ষার প্রবেশ; অবৈধ প্রবেশ; Unlawful entrance on another's ground. Syn:— (v) Transgress, encroach, infringe, intrude, trench; offend. (n) Offence, transgression, misdemeanour, misdeed; infringement, encroachment, invasion.

Trespass (or trench) on—আৰ্থিকার বাবেন-কৃ, Encroach upon; enter unlawfully upon another's land:—বিবজ্জিক বোৰ হয় এডবুৰ বাবরা; Go too far so as to exaust.

Trespassor, trespasor, n. অব্যক্তির প্রবেশকারী; One who commits a trespass:—পাৰী, Sinner. Syn:—Offender, transgressor.

Trespass-offering, trespas-offering, ম. পাপ্-কালবাৰ্থ উৎসৰ্গ ; An offering in expiation of a sin. Tress, tres, ম. কেশ্ডাছ ; চূৰ্ণ মুখল ; আৰণ ; আৰুণা; A lock of hair ; a ringlet. a—tressed ( মুণিত মুখল বিশেব ; curled ).

Treatle, Tressel, s. airis city of that; The frame of a table.

Trestle-work, n. (7949)

Trot, s. बहिन्दांतर बार्च (बार क्या वर्डा ; इनका ; An allowance to purchasers, for waste or refuse matter.

Trewn, ন. pl. ইছের যা পা নারা। [be tried. Trisble, a. বিচায়াধীব ; বিচার্যা; প্রীক্ষীর ; দিং তে Trisd, triad, ন. ভিনের একীভাব ; ত্রিভণায়া ; তিবুর্টি ; The union of three.

Trial, trial, জ. পরীকা; পরধ; Examination; test:—চেট্রা; Attempt:—আদালত প্রভৃতির বিভার; Judicial examination:—কট্ট: কেণ; হুংখ; Suffering; calamity:—মনোভন; Temptation. Sym:—Testing, experiment; experience; endeavour, effort, essay; criterion, ordeal, proof; temptation, trouble, affliction, grief; case, cause, action, suit.

Bring to trial—ceta weet affect department with; Bring up an accused person before a competent tribunal for the purpose of determining whether he is guilty or not.

On trial—नतीकार्थ।

Under trial—विहासीन।

Triangle, triang-gl, #. বিভূল; বিকোণ ক্ষেত্ৰ; A plane figure having three angles and three sides. a=triangled (বিকোণ, তিন কোণা)।

Equilateral triangle—সম-বাহ जिल्ला। Isosceles triangle—সম-বিবাহ जिल्ला।

Isosceles triangle—नम-विवास विकृत । Scalene triangle—विवय-वाह विकृत ।

Triangular, triang'gu-lar, a. ক্রিকোপবিশিষ্ট ; তিন কোপা ; Having three angles.

Triangulate, v . ত্রিভুলাকার ক . ত্রিভুলে বিভক্ত ; To survey by means of a series of triangles. Trias, n. বিভীগ-ভারের আচীনভার ভারক।

Tribe, rib, n. নাডি, বংশ; বেণ; কোল; কুল; কৌ; A large family; race; class; a division of a people. a=tribal ( কুলল; বংশীল; সোনীল); Syn:—Clan; order, division.

Tribrach, s. शरहा अनिवाद-विभिन्ने भए ; A poetic foot of three short syllables.

Tribulation, trib-U-lashun, n. [L. tribulars, to thrash] কো: বনকে, সন্তান; অনুব, Severe affliction; distress. Syn:—Suffering, trouble, misery, woe.

Tribunal, tri-bunal, », বিচায়ালয়; আধানত ; বিচায়কের আনৰ ; Judgment-seat ; the seat of a judge, justice.

Tribune, tribun, ম. বোষাধানের বিচারকর্মা বিশেষ; A magistrate chosen by the Roman phebeians to defend their rights:—বজ্ডা-বঞ্চ; The raised platform from which speeches were delivered.

Tributary, tribū-tār-e, a. ক্রড়; Paying tribute; contributing:—ক্রীন; বিকৃষ্ট; Subject: n. কর্ম্বাড়া; ক্রড় হালা, সামত্ত; One who pays tribute:—ইপন্নী; ক্রড্নটা; Inferior branch of a river; affinent. Syn :--(a) Subject, subordinate, inferior.

Tribute, tribut, n. [L. tribuere, tribulum, to bestow ] কর: রাজব; বাজনা; প্রভিদান; Tax; a personal contribution. Syn:—Impost, duty, charge; grant, offering.

Trice, tris, n. আলকা; মুহর্ত ; অভারকাল ; An instant ; a very short time ; moment.

In a trice—মিনিখনৰো; অভি আনকাল নবো; în a very short time; in less than a second.

Tricennial, tri-schyal, a. জিংশ বাৰ্ণিক; জিপ বংসরে সকটেন্ট্রন: Occuring once in every thirty years. [A space of three centuries. Tricentenary, ম. জিপভালি; ভিন শত বংসর কাল; Trichina, ম. শরীরগত স্থা জিনি বিশেষ; A parasitic worm. pl=trichinæ.

Trick, trik, n. [F. tricher, to trick] কৌশল; চালাৰি; ডেকি; ভাৰানা; কন্ত; An artifice; any fraud; stratagem:—বিশেষ রীভি; বিশেষ অভ্যান; A particular habit or manner:—n. t. এভাৰণা-কৃ: কাকি-দে; To deceive; to cheat:—নজ্জিত-কৃ; To dress:—n. t. প্রভাৰণা পূর্কক জীবন নির্কাছ-কৃ; To live by deception. Syn:—(n) Wile, fraud, cheat, contrivance, deception, imposition; sleight, juggle, freak, antic, wagary; habit, practice. (v) Drip, drop, dribble.

Trick out—Dress gaily; adorn fantastically.

Tricker, n. কোলকারী; কাঁকিলাৰ; One who cheats. [Artifice; stratagem; imposition. Trickery, triker-i, n. কোলল; প্রবোধ; ঢালাকি; Trickish, trikish, a. প্রকৃত্ব, প্রভাৱণাত্মক, পঠ; হুই; Artful in making bargains; given to tricks. Tricklo, triki, v. t. কোঁটা কোঁটা পড়া; বিলুপাত-ই; ব্যা; To flow in a small stream.

Trickster, n. 2444, One who cheats.

Tricky, trike, a. equa; etalistica; Given to tricks, practising deception. Syn:—Trickish, knavish, deceptive.

Tricolor, Tricolour, trikul-ur, n. করাসী জাতীয় জিনন-পতাকা; The national banner of France. a= tricoloured (জিবন)। [cipede with three wheels. Tricyclo, n. তিন চাকার পা-গাড়ী বিশেষ; A velo-Trident, trident, n. জিপুল; টেড়ী; Three pronged spear or sceptre of Noptune:—a, জিপুল ; Having three teeth.

Trionnial, tri-chyal, a. खेवारिक; বিবৰ্ছায়ী; Happening every three years; containing three years. ad—triennially (তিন বংসর অন্তর)।

Triennial act—An act of William and Mary, providing that no parliament should act longer than three years.

Trifle, trifl, n. কৃষ্ণ বিষয়; ভুচ্ছ সামগ্ৰী; Any thing of light value:—মান বিষয়; A paltry thing:
—হ. :. তাজিলো ভাবে বলা বা-কৃ; বা ইচ্ছা তাই বলা বা-কৃ; To act or talk lightly:—হ. t. নই-কৃ; To waste. Syn:—(n) Bauble, toy, bagatele, gewgaw, kickshaw, rush, straw, bubble, (v) Toy, play, dally, wanton, fribble.

Trifle with—অনস্থান-ক ; To treat without respect or seriousness :—আহাক-ক ; কুছ-ক ; To disregard wantonly or neglect. [who trifles.
Trifler, ল. চপ্ৰভাবে ক্ৰিডাৰী; কুছক্ৰী; One

Trifling, trifling, a. ve ; nine; verters; Trivial. ad-triflingly. Syn:—Petty, slight, unimportant, insignificant, worthless, inconsiderable, frivolous, silly.

Triform, a. ত্ৰ-ৰাকাৰ; Having a triple form, Trig, a. প্ৰিপূৰ্ব; Full.

Trigger, trig'er, n. वन्त्व हिनवन ; ठझ-कीनक ; A catch by which a gun is fired.

Trislyph, n. ইমারতি কালে মাতাড়ির ত্রিসীতা বিশেষ : A three-grooved tablet.

Trigonometry, trig-o-nome-tri, %. ক্রিকোণ-মিডি : গণিত শান্ত বিশেষ : Measuring of triangles. a=trigonometrical ( ক্রিকোণ-মিডি সক্ষীৰ ) ।

Tribedral, a. জিলমবাছ; Having three equal sides.

Trihedron, n. সম-ত্রিপার্থিক কেত্র; A figure having three equal sides.

Trilatoral, tri-later-al, a. তিছুলাকার ঘটত ; তিবাহক ; Having three sides ; three-sided.

Trilingual, tri-ling'gwal, a. তিৰ ভাষা স্থভীয়; তৈজাধিক; ভাষাত্ৰয়; Consisting of three languages.

[ three letters.

Triliteral, a. আক্র ; ত্রিবণীস্থক ; Consisting of Trill, tril, v. i. কম্পিড ; কাপা ; To quiver ; —সরুধারার পতিত-হ; কোটা কোটা পঢ়া :—v. t. কম্পিড বরে উচ্চারণ-তৃ ; To utter with a tremulous emotion :—n. বরের কম্পন ; কম্পন ; A quiver or tremulous vibration.

Trillion, trilyun, n. শত পরার্ছ; Million twice by Trilobate, a জিপভিড; জিলাভিড; (dramas. Trilogy, n. জিপভ-শেষ বাটক; A series of three Triloliate, a. জিপভাষ: Three-leaved.

Trim, trim, a. পৰিপাটী; ক্সজিত; গরিক্ত; Nice; neat: -- কিঠাক; Firm; tight: -- n. পৰিক্ষণ; সজা; বেশত্বা; Dress: -- অগকার; Ornaments: -- কবড়া; বাবছা; Condition: -- v. f. সজিত-কৃ: গরিক্ত-কৃ; To dress; to deck; to make neat: -- কটি!; কাটা; ক্রি-কৃ; Clip: -- v. i. পোলারমান-কৃ: To fluctuate. ad -- trimly. n -- trimness. Syn: -- (a) Compact, snug, tidy, cleanly; spruce, smart, finical. (v) Adjust, arrange; embellish, decorate; lop; sheer, dock, curtail.

Trim a lamp—বদীপ নাজান; Make it ready for use by supplying oil and clipping the wick.
Trim off—Lop off excrescences.

Trim the sails—পাইন বিনান-তৃ; To adjust the sails in the most advantageous manner.

sails in the most advantageous manner.

Trim up—ছাঁটা: Clip; lop:—টিক রাখা; টক
করিরা প্রাণ; ভূষিত-ভূ; Put in order.

Trimeter, trime-ter, n. (পদ্যে) জিমাত্রা বা জিশদ বিশিষ্ট পদ্ভি ; A poetical division of verse consisting of three measures.

Trimmer, trimer, ন. বে ব্যক্তি ছুইনজো কোন পক্ষ অবলয়ন করে না; One who fluctuates between parties, temporizer:—কালাপুবৰ্তী; সমন্ত্ৰেনী ব্যক্তি; A time-server:—সঞ্জাকারী; ব্যবহাপক।

Trimming, triming, n. বজা; অব্যবহিত চিন্ততা;
বন্ধ প্রবাদন ; Trapping.

Trinitarianism, अ. बेन्द्रव देवम्बिकाना ; The tenets of Trinitarians.

Trinity, trihi-ti, n. aus ; qila बार्च विषयः विष-ভাব ; 'এবেই ভিন ভিনেই এক' এই অনাস্থক কৰছা ; The union of three in one God-head.

Trinity-Sunday, #. वृद्धीत उरमव विरामस्य प्रविवात ; The Sunday next after whit sunday.

Trinket, tringket, n. অগভার; কুম কুবণ; A small ornament, toy or jewel:—নামান্ত জিনিন; A thing of little value.

Trinomial, tri-no'mi-al, n. (বীজগণিতে) জিপদ বানী; জিগদান্তৰ রাণী, Quantity having three names or terms:—a. জিলজোবিশিষ্ট; Consisting of three terms.

Trio, n. নিলিভ ভিনৰন; ব্যক্তিএর; A set of three:—ভিনট এক্ডে; A composition for three

performers.

Trip, trip, v. i. সভার পদবিক্ষেপ-কু; বীজ চলা ; To move with quick light steps :- পद्यानिक-ए; शा किका नहां ; इ ठड़े-शंख्या ; To stumble and fall :--खम-कृ ; जून-कृ ; स्माद-कृ ; अकृडकार्ता-ह ; To err ; to fail :- v t. भक्षिनिल-क ; भा क्याहेश-त्म ; To cause to stumble by striking the feet :-- উণ্টাইয়া কেলা ; To overthrow by taking away support -बुड-क ; बरा , To catch '-n. मज्द्र भवनित्वन ; Light short step :-- अब अवन ; बाजा ; An excursion :--ভুল ; ख्य , চুক , A false step ; a mistake -- क्छिन পেট : কেলিবার কারণা . A catch by which an antagonist is thrown Syn :- (v) Skip, hop; stumble, fall; mistake, err. (n) Skip, hop; ramble, tour, jaunt, slip, stumble; failure, error, blunder. [ To dance.

Trip it on the last fantastic toe—ৰ্তা-ক: Tripartite, trip'ar-tit, a. আংশক্তার বিভক্ত; তিন ভাগে বিভক্ত; তিখণ্ডিত, Divided into three parts:
—তিন মনের মধ্যে সম্পাধিত, Made between three parties.

Tripartition, trip-ar-ti'shun, n. তিম ভাগে বিভাগ ; তিম ভাগে : Division into three parts. Tripo, trip, n. আতুদি; আছ, ভুঁড়ি; The entrails. Tripodal, trip'e-dal, a. ত্রিপান; ত্রিপানিটি; Having three feet.

Tripotalous, a. জিগল; Having three petals. Triphthong, » জিগৱ-সমাবেশ; এককালীন উচ্চাৰ্থ ডিনটী ব্যৱৰ্থ বিশিষ্ট পদাংশ; ডিল বৰ্ণের একজ মিগল; A union of three vowels forming on sound.

Triple, tripl, a. ভিনন্তণ: তিন কেয়; ভেছাবা; Three-fold:—v. t. ভিনন্তণ-কু; আন্তণিত-কু; To treble. ad = triply.

A triple star-छिन्छै नकत्व बक्ज नमादन ।

Triplet, trip'let, n. বিগদী নোক; তিন পঙ্জিৰ একত বিলন; Three lines rhyming together:—একদা প্ৰস্তুত সন্থানতার। [ গ. ভৃতীর অসুলিশি বা নকল। Triplicate, a. ভেহারা; বিভেশিত; Three fold:— Triplicity, n. বৈত্রণা, বিভেশিত অবস্থা।

Tripod, tripod, ম. ত্রিপায়ী; তে-পায়া ; টেপাই, A three legged stool.

The tripod of life—ৰভিছ, প্ৰপুত্ৰ হংগিও এই Tripos, tripos, ম. কেব্লিফ বিশ-বিদ্যালয়ের পায়ীকা; A university examination for honours at Cambridge.

[ ভাষায় শেষ পাইকো।

Classical tripos examination—sia e sita

Tripos paper—গণিত-পান্তে পরীকোজীপিংশ্র বাবের মৃত্তিত ভালিকা।

Tripper, n. নৰ্ভক; আৰক। [dance. Tripping, n. নৰ্ভন বিশেষ; A light kind of Catch a man tripping—কাহাকে অন বা কোৰ কবিতে-য়। [light quick step. Tripplingly, ad. শীত্ৰ; নত্ত্ব; ফুডপদে; With a Triptote, n. বে বিশেষ্য পদ কেবল তিন কাবকে ব্যক্ত হয়; A noun having three cases only.

Triptych, n. fifthfir applets was first; A

writing table in three parts.

Trireme, tri'rem (টুাইরীৰ্), ন- ভিন নারি গাড়-বিশিষ্ট লাহাল ; A vessel with three banks or rows of cars.

Trisect, tri-sekt, v. t. তিন ভাগে বিভক্ত-ভু; তিন সমান অংশে থভিড-ভু, To cut or divide into three equal parts. n=trisection ( তিন অংশে বিভাগ )। Trisyllable, tris-sila-bl, n. বে শব্দে তিনটা পদাংশ খাকে ভাগা; তিন পদাংশবৃদ্ধ বাকা; A word of three syllables. as=trisyllabical, trisyllabic ( ত্ৰিপদাংশ বিশিষ্ট ) :

Trite, trit, a. প্রাতন : জীব, সাবার , সাবারণ , সদা ব্যবহৃত ; Worn out by use , common ; hackneyed :—বাসি ; পর্যাবিত , Stale. ad=tritely ( সাবা-রণ ভাবে ) ; n=triteness ( সাবারণত ) । Syn :— Stale, commonplace, threadbare.

Triton, tri'ton, n. সমুদ্ৰেৰ দেবতা; উপদেৰতা বিশেষ; নেশ্চুপের শহাৰাদক; A marine demi-god; a seagod; one of the trumpeters of Neptune.

Triturate, tritural, v. t. স্মারপে চূর্ণ-ক ; ঋড়া-ক , বৰণ বা পেবণ-ক . To rub or ground to a fine powder. n=trituration ( চূর্ণন ); a=triturable ( স্মারপে চূর্ণনীর ) i Syn:—Bruse, pound, beat, pulverize.

Triumph, tri'umi, ন. উৎসব বিশেষ, মৃক্ত, Solemn procession in honour of a victorious general: show:—বিজয়; করজয়কার; Victory:—কোনক কার্য্যে নফলতার ক্রপ্ত আনক বা হর্ম: বিজয়োৎনব-কু; ডিল্লোগ্নব-কু; বিজয়ার্থ উৎসব-কু; আনক প্রঝাশ-কু; To celebrate a victory with pomp; to rejoice for success:—কর্যা-কু; ক্ররলাক-কু; To obtain victory:—নোভাগ্যানী-কু; উন্নতিশালী-কৃ, To be prosperous. Syn:—(ন) Conquest, achievement; ovation, exultation. (v) Exult, rejoice, prevail, succeed, flourish. In triumph—ভক্ষা শারিষা; উল্লালে।

Triumphal, tri-umf'al, e. ৰয়সম্মীয় ; ৰয়স্চম ; বিজয়স্চম ; Pertaining to triumph, used in celebrating victory, indicating a triumph.

Triumphal arch—98-(5184; Magnificent structure erected to adorn a triumph and perpetuate the memory of an event.

Triumphant, trī-umfant, a. बही ; बराइकू ; আনবাহানক ; জনোৱানকুক , Victorious. ad triumphantly (বহা-সবাহাহে ; জনোৱানসংকারে)। Syn:—Successful ; exultant, elated, boastful. Church triumphant—The Church in heaven enjoying a state of triumph. Triumvir, tri-univir, n. নাস্বকাৰো বাদ্যিত ব্যক্তি-আৰু বৃক্তৰ; An association of three men in office; one of three men in the same office or government. pi=triumviri.

Triumvirate, tri-umvi-rat, গ. জিছন শাসন; ব্যক্তিক্ৰয়ের যিনিত দ্বাল্য শাসন বা তংকাল; Government of three men.

Triune, a. anine ; Being three in one.

Trivial, trive-al, a. [F. from L. trivialis, common ] বামান্ত; ন্যপা; তুক্ত; অধিকিংকর; Trifling; worthless; paltry. n='rivialness; triviality ( কুডা; তুক্ত পদার্থ); ad=trivially. Syn:—Common, ordinary, vulgar; inconsiderable, petty, small, unimportant, immaterial, insignificant.

Trivium, ন. ত্রিবিলা; (ব্যাকরণ, অলহার ও স্থার পাই)।
Triweekly, ৫. সপ্তানে তিরবার প্রকাশিত বা ঘটিত:
—দ. সপ্তানে তিনবার প্রকাশিত সংবাদগত।

Trocar, Trochar, r. यूही वित्नव ।

Troches, tro'ke, n. ক্ৰিডা; ছল বিলেব; স্থানক পদ বিলেব; A foot of first long and the second short syllable. as-trochaic, trochaical (উক্তপদ্বিশিষ্ট)।

Trod, Trodden, pt. and pp of tread.

Troglodyte, n. छश्वामी कमला मन्ता ।

Trojan, trojan, a. আচীৰ টুম-নগর সম্ভীয়; Pertaining to ancient Troy:—n. তন্ত্ৰগৰ-ৰাগী, An inhabitant of Troy:—বৃদ্ধ সৈত্ত; আচীৰ সৈনিক; An old soldier.

Troll, trol, v. t. গড়ান; গড়াইবা-দে; বুরান; পাক-দে;
To move circularly; to make to roll round:—
পরে গরে গারেবা; To sing the parts of in succession:—কইলের ছিপ দিয়া মাছ-বৃ; To fish with a rod of which the line runs on a wheel:—v. i. গড়াইবা-বা; বুবিবা বেড়ান; To roll; to run about:—

м. গান; A song:—আবর্ত্তন; A round. n—troller.

Trollay, Trolly, n. হেসা-গাড়ী!

Trollop, trolup, n. নোলনা ন্নানোক; পেডনী; আনং-বত-বদনা নমনী; A strolling, loitering woman; a woman loosely dressed; slattern; slut.

Trombone, n. बानायड विरनंद ; निका वा नानाई ; A musical instrument of the trumpet kind.

Troop, troop, n. জনতা; সম্প্রদার; দল; A collection of people; a company:—pl. দৈয়গণ; দেনা; লোজ; Soldiers taken collectively; an army:—
আবারোই দৈজ; A small body of cavalry:—n. i.
To gather in numbers; to march in a company
or in haste. Syn:—Crowd, assemblage, multitude, company, band, gang, crew, squad.

Trooper, troop'er, n. অবারোহী সৈনিক; A private cavalry soldier.

Troop-ship, \*. দৈত্ত-প্ৰেৰণাৰ জাহাজ; A transport.
Trope, trop, s. [Gr. trepe, to turn] ক্লাক; এক
শ্বান্ত্ৰক অনহাৱ; A word used figuratively; a
figure of speech; metapher.

Trophied, a. अंत्रिक्ट वृदिङ ; विवाहित्स व्यक्तिः व्यक्तिः व्यक्तिः व्यक्तिः

Trophy, troin, n. ex-few; Monument of victory; a memorial of a victory; sport of war, as monument of victory.

Tropic, trop'ik, n. usale qu; One of the two circles paralled to the equator, between which the sun's yearly path in the heavens is contained.

Tropic, trop'ik, Tropical, trop'ik-al, a. বীখ-বংল নকোত্ব: Pertaining to the tropics; being within the tropics. ad=tropically.

Topical, tropik-al, a. [G. tropikos, from trapein, to turn] \*\*\*; Figurative; metaphorical; not literal:—Belonging to the tropics.

Tropical, a. আল্কানিক; Figurative. ad=
tropically. [ মকবজান্তি; Hot climates.
Tropica, n. pl. আমুখনন দেশ; আমুখনন; কৰ্কট ও
Tropology, n. বাকালকাবে ভাব প্ৰকাশ; A figurative mode of speech. a=tropological ( বাকালকার বারা স্টিড বা পরিবর্তিত )।

Trot, trot, v. i কৰ্ষে চলা; লালাইরা চলা; ভাডাভাডি দৌডাল; To walk or move fast: to run:—v. t. কদ্মে থাকিড কবা বা চালাল; 'To ride at a trot: n অবেৰ কদম; বোটকের গতি; ক্রুত চলন; The pace of a hors: or other quadruped between a walk and canter. n=trotter (ক্রুতগামী অবাদি)।

Troth, troth, n. বিবাস; সত্য, প্রতিক্রা; বাক্লান: Faith; fidelity.' Syn: - Belief; veracity.

Plighted troth—অগতনীৰ অভিজা; প্ৰদন্তা ৰাক্। Troubadour, trouba-door, n. ফ্রান্সংগ্ৰেষ কৰি, One of a school of poets from the 11th to the 13th century chiefly in France.

Trouble, trubl, ন. কট ; কেন ; ছংব , অহব ; উপায়ন ; বিরক্তি ; Disturbance ; sorrow ; misfortune , vexation :—v. t. কট ক ; বাত-ক , বিরক্ত ক ; Disturb , perplex ; grieve , vex :—আলোভিড-ক ; To agitate. Syn :—(n) Affliction, distress, suffering, calamity, adversity, misery ; annoyance, inconvenience, embarrassment, perplexity , plague, torment. (v) Disorder, derange ; distress, afflict, harass, annoy, tease.

Take the trouble—ৰং বীকাৰ-কৃ, Be at pains.
Trouble one's self—বিৰক-কৃ, কোন কিছু লইবা
ব্যস্ত-কৃ; To be solicitious for; to be annoyed
or perplexed or disturbed by.

Trouble oneself about—কোন বিষয় কইয়া আপুনি ব্যস্ত হওৱা বা কট পাওৱা; Make oneself uneasy about (some matter).

Trouble one's head about—কোন বিষয় সইয়া ৰাধা ঘানান; Puzzle one's head by thinking over some intricate question.

Troublesome, trubl-sum, c. বিবজ্জিকৰ ; ছংগ্ৰেক ; কেণ্ডনক ; গীড়াবাছক ; Vexatious ; causing trouble ; importunate. Syn:—Uneasy, perplexing, harassing, annoying, disgusting, irk-some, afflictive, burdensome, tiresome.

Tronblons, trubius, a. কেণপুৰ্ব; ছংবপুৰ্ব; উৎকঠা-জনক; Full of troubles or disorder. Syn:— Agitated, tumultuous; afflictive, troublesome. Trough, trof. n. বাৰকোব; Long tray:—কল-পাত্ৰ; কাঠাবাব; A long vessel for water:— গৰোনালী বিশেব; A long narrow channel. [বোল। The trough of the sea—ছুইটা সাগ্ৰভবলেৰ ক্ষান্তিভ্ Trounce, v. i. অভান্ত অহান-কু; সালা-বে; To beat severely.

Troupe, (টুণ্), n. বাজাব গল; নাট্য সম্প্ৰদান; A Trousers, trow'zerz, n. pl. চিলা গাজায়া , ইজের ; Man's loose garment covering each leg; pantaloons.

Trousseau, ( ) n. - resists my and was:
The equipment of a bride's outfit. pl-trousseaux.

Trout, trowt, n. মংক্ত বিশেষ; A fresh-water.
Trover, n. কুডাইবা পাওবা বা অক্তরণে হওগত পরক্রেন্ডে ধ্বল; The gaining possession of any goods.
[ believe; to think
Trow, trō, v. i. বিশাস-কু, অনুমান-কু; বোধ-কু. To
Trowel, trow'el, n. কৰিক; রাজমিন্তার যত্ত্ব, ধনিজ
বিশেষ; A tool used in spreading morter and in gardening.
[ অভান্ত ভোবামোদ-কু।
Lay on with a trowel—ক্ৰিক বিষা চারান:—

Trowsers-See Trousers.

Troy, troy. Troy-weight, troy-wat, ন. বৰ্ণদির ভৌনমান; গুলন বিশেব, The weight used by goldsmith and jewliers.

Truent, tröb'ant, n. অলস বেযাড়া ছেলে; বহাটে ভেলে, বে ছেলে বিদ্যালৰে না বাইরা প্রাইয়া বেডাষ; An idler; a boy who idly or without excuse, stays away from school —a. প্রাতক; অলম; Loitering; idle.

To play truent—বিদ্যালৰ হউতে পলাইরা বেডান।
Truce, tròos, n. ক্ষণিক বিবৃতি, বিরাম; অলমণের
জন্ত শান্তি; সন্ধি প্রকাব; A temporary peace or cessation of hostilities. Syn:—Armistice, short rest, intermission, cessation.

A flag of truce—বেড পঢ়াকা।

Truck, truk, v t. বিনিম্ব-কু; বদল-কু; To barter; to exchange :—v. l বিনিম্ব ব্যবসা-কু; To truffic by exchange:—n বিনিম্ব , প্ৰিবৰ্ত্তন; বদ্ধ , ব্যব-সাধ; কাৰবাব; Exchange of goods, barter — কট , (বেলের) মালেব গাড়ি, A cart.

Truckago, trukaj, n. বিনিষ্ণ কাং; , জ্বা বিনিষ্ণ , The practice of battering goods —বেলপ্রম্ন শকটে গুৰু ভার বহুনের ভাড়া, Charge for conveyance on a truck.

Truckle, trukl, v. i. [Ges. truggeln, to flatter ] অভের সম্পূর্ণ বৰ্ণাভূত-হ, অধীন-হ; নীচভাবে কাধা-কু, To yield meanly, to act with servility:—n. ভোট চাকা; A small wheel, a caster. Syn —(v) Submit, cringe, crouch, knuckle.

Truckle-bod, trukl-bed, n. চাকাকাৰ নিচু পাট, A low bed that runs on wheels.

Truck-system, n. अभिनितिश्व त्यञ्ज होकाव मा रिया किनिति नियांव वीठि वा बावडा , सङ्ग्रिशंदक कार्यन चलत अत्वा छात्रांव माविअनिक नियांत्र सीठि ; The practice of paying workmen in goods instead of money.

Truculent, tròo'kū-lent, a. নিছুত্র . কুব ; নির্দাব, Cruel; savage; barbarous:—ভবকর; ভীবণ; hierce; ferocious. n=truculence (অসভাতা, কুবতা): ad=truculently (অসভাতাব; কুবতাব)! Syn:—Fell, barbarous, ruthless, bloodhirsty. Trudge, truj, v. i. আবে আবে চলা, কটে গমন-ফু, লাভ বইনা চলা; To travel with labour; to walk snowly on foot; to walk with labour.

True, trob, a. সভা; প্রকৃত ; বধার্য ; Not false ; agrecing with fact .—বিশ্বত ; বিশাসী ; Faithful ; আয়ায় :— টিশ ; সভাবিষ্ঠ ; বিজ্ঞা ; Right ; exact ; certain:—ভাষবান; Honest:—বাসন; অকৃতিন : Genume:—বিজ্জ; Pure. সন্ধানদানত (ব্যাবতা; অকৃত্যু) ৷ Syn:—Real, actual, veritable; accurate, correct; veracious, truthful, sincere, upright, honest, pure; constant, steady, loyal. Bo true of—কোন বিষয় বা কাহানত স্বাবত কি
বাটা; Be true or correct in regard to.

Be true to oneself—নিজ বিধাসাসুসায়ে কৰি-কঃ বভাবাসুত্ৰপ কাব্য-কঃ Be faithful to one's convictions, act conformably to:—ক্চুল্লপে কাহাৰ পক বা কোন নীতি জ্বলন্তন, Be faithful to.

वा कान नाडि अवगचन-कृ ; छट धारतामा छ. Out of true—ह्यानिया . डिक् बोडी नरह ।

True to nature-viella. Natural.

True to one's words—সভ্যসন্ধ ; বে কৰা সেই কালকবণীল। [steadfastness. True blue, a সং ; Of inflexible honesty and True-born, a ক্লাড।

True-bred, a. श्रुनिकिछ ; जानन ।

True-hearted, a. বিবাসী; সরল: অকপট; সাধু, Faithful.

True-love, n. প্রেমিক; One truly loved or True-love knot, n. Knot of so many interwoven lines that it is hard to unite it.

True-ponny, n. সং নোক; Honest fellow. True-souled, a. সবা; Sincere.

Truffle, n. মৃতিকাৰ সভাজৰভাত ভত্তক বিশেষ; A roundish underground fungus used in cookery. a=truffled.

Truism, troo'izm, n বভানিত্ব সভা; A plain or self-evident truth — নি:দ'শহ বাক্য; An undoubted truth; a self evident. Syn — Commonplace, platitude [strumpet. Trull, n. বছা ন'বা. বেখা; পুণক্ৰী, A drab; a Truly, ad বখাৰ্থকণে, টক, টক্যাক; বখাৰ্বভাবে, বিনাদিয়া, sincerely — মাসুভাবে, Honestly.

Trump, trump, n. ত্ৰী; A trumpet — ত্ৰণ; (তান খেলাৰ গছ). A winning card; the card that wins —ভাল লোক, বেল লোক. A good follow:
— n হ ত্ৰুলণ নাবা. Fo play a trump card — n t. ত্ৰুলণ কৰিবা লগো. Fo play a trump card upon.
To hold trumps—( বছ খাকাম ) হাত ভাল-হ; দৌভাগাবাৰ খাকা।

To put to one's trumps—বৰ্ণানাৰা চেষ্টা-ক।
To reduce to the trumps—To reduce to
the last expedient or the utmost exertion of
power (ভপ্তিত-ক: To devise, to labricate.
Trump up—ৰ্জাত-ক: উত্তাবন-ক. গড়া; সাজাইবা
Trump-card—তুবল স্কোংকঃ উদাম; The card
that wins: winning card, the successful venture or effect; the best effort.

Hold the trump-card—কোন বিশেষ কমতা হাতে থাকা, Have some great power in one's hands. Play one's trump-card—অহাণা বিলক্ষ আছে এমনতম উপায় হাতে থাকা (বে তামে বাজি জেতা বাম তাই বাছিন-মু); পাকা চাল চালা; স্ক্ৰান্ত ছাড়া; Employ measures having the best chance of success.

Trumpery, trump'er-e, n. বাজে কৰা; Boastful or empty talk:—বিধা; Falsehood:—তুক্ত পৰাৰ্থ; Trifics:—প্ৰভাৱৰী; প্ৰবক্ষৰা; Deception:—তুক্ত বিষয়; Worthless but showy master:—a, ক্ষাই; कृष्ट ; उन्होतिहा ; Worthless ; deceitful ; paltry. Syn :—(n) Trash, rubbish, nonsense.

Trumpet, trump'et, ল. তুরী; শিলা; বণসুল: A wind instrument of music:—প্রশংসাকারক; One who praises:—v. t. বাচার-তু; To publish:— অপ্যোবাল-তু; অপ্যো-তু; To sound the praises of:—তুরী হারা ঘোষ্যা-তু; বাপ্ত হারাক; অনিত-তু; To proclaim by sound of trumpet.

A speaking trumpet—मृत्य উक्रांतित नम डेरेक्ट वत

কৰিবাৰ লক্ত শুক্তৰং যন্ত্ৰ বিশেষ।

Blow one's own trumpet—নিজের ৩৭ দিজে গাঙ্গা, আপনার প্রশংসা আপনিই-ড়; Speak boastfully of one's own deeds.

Flourish of trumpets - wieve; Ostentatious and noisy display of one's importance.

Trumpeter, trump'et-er, ন. ভুরীবাদক; Blower of a trumpet:—প্রশাসারী; প্রচারক: Praiser; one who denounces:—কুপোডবং প্রকিবিশেব; A kind of pigeon.

[ fish.

Trumpet-fish, n. নাৰ্ত্তিক মংস্ত বিশেষ ; A sea-Trumpet-flower, n. বৃত্বা কৃষ ।

Trumpet-shaped, a. बुज्वा क्लाकात ।

Trumpet-tongued, trumpet-tungd, a. উচ্চ-শন্ধিশিষ্ট; উদ্ধেৰৰ, ভীমনাৰী; উদ্ধৰ্ক ; Having a tongue or voice loud as a trumpet.

Truncate, v. f. কৰ্জন-কৃ. কটা : ছাটা ; To cut off , to lop , to maim :—a. বে গাডাৰ ধার কটি৷ কটি৷ ৷ n = trancation.

Truncheon, trunshun, n. আসানোটা : মুবল; দও; বই : কুল পাছত, A short staff, cudgel; genaral's baton — v t. বই প্রভার-কু; To beat with a truncheon; to cudgel. Syn.—(n) Cudgel, club, baton, partisan.

Trundle, trundl, n চাকা; A little wheel; a track — গোৰ ক্ৰব. A round body — o t চাকাৰ উপৰ গুলাইনা চালাৰ, To roll, as on wheels:—

খ । চাৰাৰ উপৰ পঢ়াইবা-বা ; To roll.
Trundlo-bed, trundl-bed, n. চড়োপ বহু শ্বা ;
A bed moving on low wheels ; a truckle-bed.
Trunk, trungk, n. গাছের ইড়ি, বুককাত ; The
steam of a tree :—অক্টান শ্বাৰ, হ্বাদিশুল শ্বীৰ;
ধ্ব, The hody of an animal apact from the

limbs.—হতিবভ; ওড়; The proboscis of an elephant — ব্যৱস্থ কাভ; The shaft of a column:
—ব্যান্য, Hollow shaft:—ভোরস, পেট্রা; A chest for clothes:—বজুর প্রধান ভাগ; The main body of anything:—a প্রধান; Main; central, chief. Syn:—Stem, stalk; body; proboscis, snout; chest, box, portmanteau.

Headless trunk-796

Trunked, a. Tefafre, Having a trunk.

Trunk-hose, ন. পা-জানা বিশেষ; Large breeches. Trunk-line, trungk-lin, ন. লৌহবর্মের প্রধান পথ; Main line of a railway or canal.

Trunnion, দ. মাড়ির উপরে লাগাইবার নিমিত্ত কামানের কীলক ; A knob projecting on each side of a gun, and serving to support it on the carriage.

Truss, trus, n. অনুবৃদ্ধি রোগে বাবছতে ব্জনী; Bandage used in cases of hernia:—আটি, বাদের বোবা; মোট; রাণী; A bundle of hay; a bundle:—e. i. বুচরণে আবদ্ধ- কু; বাজা; বজন-কু; To bound up; to pack close;—গট বাজা; Te jurnish with a truse.

Truss up-विकिति कतिया वीथा ।

Trust, trust, n. orens; farin; Confidence; belief :-- विचान ; निर्कत , Faith :-- श्रंत ; ভবিবাতে श्रंत बिरव और जानात्र जान महत्रबाह; Credit on promise of payment :--আলা ; ভয়না ; Hope :-- জিলা ; ভত क्षता; अगरतत विवरत अशाक्ता; Something committed to one's faith :- TINT : ets ; Charge :-বিশাসভূমি, Ground of reliance :-- o. t. বিশাস-সু: To believe :-- हां बनाए (वहां ; बादा विजय-क : To sell upon credit :-- अव-कृ ; कार्याचान-त्म ; To commit to the care of :-- প্রভার-কু; নির্ভর-কু; To place trust in :- जाना-क ; Expect :- 0. i. निर्धत-क ; বিখাস-ক ; Rely upon :-- a. গড়িত ; ক্সম্ব ; Held in trust. n=truster. Syn:-(n) Credence, assurance, expectation; charge, deposit; commission, duty; credit, tick. (v) Depend on; be confident, be credulous.

Hold in trust for—কোন লোকেৰ হিভাৰ্থে কোন সম্পত্তি নিজের হাতে রাধা: গড়িত্ত সম্পত্তি বকা-ক; কোন লোকের হিতাৰ্থে কোন কমতা ধারণ-ক; Have in one's keeping for the benefit of another; be entrusted with or stand possessed of some power in behalf of another.

Take on trust—বিনা পরীকার বিবাস-তৃ; Believe without examination; accept as true without proof.

[ বিভিন্ন তৃ; Rely on.

Trust in — বিধান-কু; প্রভাব-কু; Confide in :— Trust to — বিভিন্ন-কু; Rely on :—কাহারও হাতে অর্থান-কু, Entrust to.

Trust to a broken reed নিৰ্কা আৰা ক: Rely upon that which is weak and deceptive; to expect vainly. [to chance.

Trust to the chapter of accidents—Trust Trust deed—বে দণিলে কোনও সম্পত্তি অক্টের ভয়াব-ধানে বাধা হয়।

Trustee, trus-te', n. আছি; বাহাৰ হতে কোন সম্পত্তি স্তম্ভ করা হব; বাহাৰ কাছে বিবাসপূৰ্বক কোন বনসম্পত্তি পচ্ছিত বাধা হব, পচ্ছিত সম্পত্তিৰ তত্ত্বাৰধাৰক; ক্লিয়াদার স্থাসকারী, One to whom the management of a property is committed.

Trustful, trustfool, a. विवासवाधा ; विवास ; Worthy of trust '-- विवास । विवासकांबी ; Faithful. Trustless, a. जविष्ठ ; Faithless.

Trust-worthy, trustwur-thi, a. বিধাসবোদ্যা; বিধাস : বিধাসভাজন ; বিষয় . Worthy of trust or

confidence.

Trusty, truste, a. সং: সাৰু, বিবাসী; বিবাসের উপযুক্ত; Honest; faithful; trustworthy; reliable:—বলবান; মৃত; Strong, firm. n=trustiness. Truth, trooth, n. ভব্য; সভ্য; বাধার্য; সভ্যভা; Fact; conformity to fact or reality:—বিবভা; Fidelity:—সভ্যবাদিভা; সভ্যবাদিভা; সভ্যবাদিভা; পভ্যবাদ্য, Practity:—সভ্যবাদিভা; সভ্যবাদিভা; সভ্যবাদিভা; সভ্যবাদিভা; residity, verity, principle, law, axiom; truthfulness, honesty, veracity, sincerity, integrity; faithfulness, fidelity, constancy, exactness, accuracy, precision.

In truth—ৰাত্ৰিক; প্ৰকৃতপকে; বস্তুত; ; In reality; in fact. [ ৰাত্ৰিক, In reality; certainly. Of a truth, For a truth—নি:সংশক্; বিক্তাই; To do truth—ইবংরর আঞা গাঁলৰ-কু।

To tell the truth, If the truth must be told—wine क्यां बिल्ड (केर , बेनिस्ड कि , जडा पी

वाकृष्ठ कथा बनिएड स्केटन ; If what is really the case is to be mentioned.

Truthful, troothfool, s. সভাৰানী; সভাজিন ; সভা-পূৰ্ব ; বৰাৰ্থ ; Conformable to truth :—বিধানবোদা ; Reliable. ad—truthfully (সভাৰাৰপূৰ্বক); n= truthfulness (সভাৰানিকা)। Syn:—Correct, true, accurate ; veracious, honest, candid, sincere, reliable, trustworthy.

Truthless, troothies, a. সভাতীৰ ; Destitute of truth. Syn :-False, untrue ; unreliable, un-

trustworthy, unveracious, lying.

Try, tri, v. t. চেষ্টা-ফু; To attempt:—পরীকা-ফু; প্রবাণ-ফু; To examine; to test:—অনুভব-ফু; To experience:—বিচার-ফু; To examine, as a judge:
—বিভদ্দের; বিশ্বল-ফু; পরিকার-ফু; To purify:—বালাভিত-ফু; To tempt:—বীমানা-ফু; হিব-ফু; To decide:—বীড়িত-ফু; To strain:—v. i. চেষ্টা করা; চেষ্টা করিব দেখা; বফ্-ফু; To endeavour; to make an effort. Syn:—Endeavour, strive, struggle, labour, aim; test, prove.

Try back-शिष्ट शर्तिश अनुमकान-कृ ।

Try conclusions with—কাহারও সহিত পাছড়া-পাছড়ি করিয়া দেখা।

Try it on-क्ष्म इत छहे। क्रियां मध्ये।

Try on-एडो-क : शांत एत कि मा शतिता (मथा ।

Try one's hand—हिंदी-कृ; हांड नांगरिया (पर्या ;

Try one's luck (fortune or chance)—
আৰুই পরীকা-কু; আৰুই থোলে কিনা দেখা; ভাষা পৰীকা
ক্ষিয়া দেখা; Attempt something the issue of
which is particularly uncertain; see if fortune
will favour one. [ eyes.

Try the eyes to—To over exert or strain the Trying, triing, a. পরীকাকারী; Adopted to try; examining:—কটোৱ: কঠন; Searching; severe:—কটকা; কোনাছল; Painful. Syn:—Testing, proving; afflicting, grievous, distressing, hard. Trysail, n. পাইল বিশেষ; A fore-and-aft sail.

Tryst, ন. বিলিবার কথা, যিলনার্থ সক্ষেত ছান; An appointment to meet; appointed place of meeting.

[নিষিত্ত সক্ষেত-ছানে জপেকা-ড়।

Bide tryst—কাহারত সহিত নিষ্কিট্ট সমবে বিলিবার

Trysting, ন. নির্ফোণ; সক্ষেত।

নির্মান্ত বিশ্ব সক্ষেত্রানে

Tear, zar, ন. ক্ষণিয়ার স্ক্রাটের উপাধি; Czar.

Tuetse, n. দকিৰ আফ্ৰিকাছ মকিকা বিশেষ; An African fly.

Tub, tub, n. চৰ; কোটা; কেটুৱা; বান্ধ; Half cork of wood or large pail; an open wooden vessel; small cork. a—tubby.

A tale of a tub-que na !

Tube, tub, n. নল; চুলী; চোল; Pipe:—প্ৰণালী; খাল; A canal:—v. t. চোল বসান; নলবিশিই-ক; Furnish with tube.

Tuber, tu'ber, n. रूप ; বোটা निरुष्ठ ; यूग ; আসু ; A knob in roots ; a fleshy rounded, underground root, as the potato. emtuberous, tuberose ( ব্ৰ-বিশিষ্ট ; মুলক্ষ )।

Tubercle, tuber-kl, s. এণ বিশেষ; স্বোটক; A pimple; small hard tumour; disease destructive of the lungs. a—tubercled, tubercylar (বাণ্যিট; বাজিক বোগ্যুক)।

Tuberculosis, m. বাজিক বণ-বাৰি; কুস্ কুস্,বা মভিকালির করবোপ ; বন্ধা।

Tube-well, n. বৰ্ণ ৷ [ tubes. Tubing, n. কোৰ বিশ্বাৰ ; The act of making Tubular, tub'ular, a. বৰাকৃতি ; Having the form of a tube or pipe :—স্বাক্র ; বৰাক্ত ; Consisting

of a tube or pipe.

Tubulated, Tubulous, a. ক্স চোলবিনিট্ট:
Furnished with a small tube. [pipe.
Tubule, tūbāl, ন. ক্স বল; A small tube or
Tuck, tuk, ন. কানার তাল; পোবাকের তাল; A
horizontal sewed fold in a garment:—বন নাল:
—ইবাব:—০. ৫. তালকু; কানা; To fold under:
ভটান; ভাল; To gather up:—বাব্ড-কু; To inclose by pushing the clothes closely around.
Tucker, ন. বীলোকের বুকের কাশড়; A cloth for covering the bosom of women.

Truck-net, n. (ছটি ছাল। Tuck-shop, n. महत्रोद्ध शोकान।

Tuesday, tūźdā, n. क्यानाब, The third day of the week. [rock.

Tuff, n. সছিত্ৰ শিলামাত্ৰ; Any soft or porous Tuft, tuft, n. কেণ্ডুছ: Knob, bunch, a lock of hair, feathers &c.:—বাস বা পুলের গুছে: ব্যক: গুছুল: বোৱা: বাড়, Cluster of grass &c.. a dense head of flowers:—n.t. গোছা-ক: বোনা দিলা সাজাৰ: ব্যক্ত ব্যক্ত ভাগ-ক: To separate into tufts, to adorn with tufts. Syn:—(n) Knot, bunch, cluster, clump; crest, plume.

Tusted, a. शुक्कित ; बृहेनमात्र (यांवाविनिष्टे ; बोछ वें। ।
Tust-hunter, tust-hunter, n. बहुत्वादकत महहत्र ;
(यांनारमानकात्रो ; One who runs after men of title, parasite, a mean hanger-on of the great.
Tug, tug, v. s. होता ; To drag along ; to pull with effort:—v. i. बल्ल्यूक्क व्याक्ष-कृ मन्दन होना ; कार्रब होना ; To pull with effort:—n. व्याक्ष-व ; मनदल होना ; A strong pull:—नान्नीत-हित्त हित्त्व ; A steam vessel. Syn:—(v) Drag, haul, pull ; labour, struggle, strive.

Tug of war—সময়স্ট ; কোন কালের করিনভাগ;
দড়ি-টানাটানি ; রজ্-আকর্থণ ; The harassing toils,
the dangers, and the expenditure attending
warfare.

Tug-boat, n. जाकर्ववार्य वान्तीत लोका । Tuition, tu'ish-un, n. निका ; जवालम ;

Tuition, tu'ish-un, n. পিকা; অব্যাপন; উপৰেশ;
Teaching:—বৃষ্পাবেক্ষণ। a = tuitionary. Syn:—
Instruction, education, discipline, training.
Tulip, tu'lip, n. কুলু বৃক্ বিশেষ; A bulbous

plant :— সুন্দার পূলা বিশেষ ; A beautiful flower. Tulip-shell, n. শথা বিশেষ। [net or lace. Tulle, n. রেশমের পূলা করি বা জাল ; A kind of silk Tumble, tumbl, v. i. গড়াইরা-বা ; গড়াব ; To roll:—পতিত-হ ; To fall or knock suddenly to the ground:—জল স্কান্ম-ক , To twist the body, as a mounte-bank:—v. t. নিল্লো-ক ; To throw about while examining over:—উন্টাইরা কেলা ; উনটপালট-ক ; To turn over:—n. গতন ; A বিলা :—গড়াইরা পড়ল , The act of trumbling. Syn :—(v) Fall; toss, heave, pitch; piecipitate ; rumple, disturb, derange.

Tumble-down, a. প্রবাহ্য ; ভর । Tumble-dung, n. ভারে পৌদা বিশেষ । Tumbler, tumbler, m. (4 शाकि नहादेश नहा ; One who tumbles :--नाबीक्द : Juggler :--करनाउ ; লোটন পানমা : A domestic pigeon :--পানপাৰ : A large drinking-glass.

Tumbrel, Tumbril, n. Ges sieis sills ficets; A three wheeled cart ; a dog-cart :-- वृद्धि विटाव । Tumefaction, n. शोछ ; स्ना ; शोष ; A swelling; a tumour.

Tumefy, tume-fi, v. f. भीठ-कृ; क्वांन; To raise into a tumour; to cause to swell :-- v. i. কীত-হ : কাঁপা ; কুলা ; To swell. n = tumefaction.

Tumid, tu'mid, a. [ L. tumidus, from tumere, to swell ) कील : विकि : केक : बनकान : नवांत्रकां ; Inflated; falsely sublime; bombastic. n= tumidness, timidity ( স্বীততা : স্বীতাৰ্য ) ৷ adtumidly ( क्षीकांत्रकार )। Sym :--Swelled, swollen, enlarged, distended, protuberant; turgid, pompous; swelling.

Tumor, Tumour, th'mor, n. (क्रिक ; (क्रिक) ;

जार : Morbid swelling :- की डांबरा । Tump, n. 43 940 ; cell ten Hillock.

Tumular, a. gottefs; Formed in a heap. Tumulous, a. Metors; Full of hillocks.

Tumult, tu'mult, n. (श्रांत्रश्रात : (श्रांत्रश्रात : श्रांत्रात : Uproar; bustle; riot; wild commotion:-সৌরগৌল; হলমুল: Violent agitation with confusion of sounds. Syn :- Ferment, disturbance, turbulence, confusion, noise, uproar;

outbreak, brawl, fray, melee.

Tumultuary, Tumultuous, to-multu-us, a. (कानाहनभूत : मुखनात्रहिक ; हानामानूत ; स्नकुत , Disorderly; agitated; unquiet; noisy. n= tumultuousness, ad-tumultuously. Syn:-Turbulent, violent, boisterous, riotous ; disturbed, confused, restless, uneasy. Tumulus, n. नवादिव উপরিবিত মৃত্তিকাতুণ: A Tun, tun, n. 35 [99] ; A large cask :- পরিমাণ विटन्द ; व्याद ३३ वन ; A measure 2 pipes, 4 hogsheads :- v. t. निनार जाना ; To put into casks. Tune, tan, m. 44; Sound :- 24; att; Air :-मन्दर्भ दिवडा :-- स्पन ; मिन , जेकाडान , Series of musical notes with unity of key note; harmony :- o. t. क्रब वीवा ; क्रबविनिष्ठे-क ; अब विजान , To cause to produce the proper sounds :- v. i. श्व विन-इ; To form one sound to another. Syn: -(n) Melody, strain, movement; harmony, concord.

Change one's tune-27 (4314 )

Play a tune—কোন সত্ত বাজান ; Produce melody of a certain kind from an instrument.

To the tune of - aged; cattle; Amounting to. Tuner, tuner, s. (व श्व शिन करत वा देश्य ; One who tunes or adjusts musical instruments.

Tuneful, tuhiool, a. युवा; प्रशिष्ट आविविधि : Melodious; musical.

Tuneless, tunies, a. इपद्विशिन ; प्रशिन : (वक्ष : Without tune or melody.

Tungsten, n. 44 civis visi viç; A very heavy metal.

· Tunio, धा'nik, अ. जानामनित्तन गतिक्त : बानां वित्तव : जनवारा ; जारवर ; नवरा , A Roman garment. Tunicate, Tunicated, s. प्रताद ; नवाद्यर

ettel tist with the Covered with a tunic or l of long robe. with layers. Tunicle, to'ni-kl. n. कीई अधिका विरूप : A kind Tuning, n. रेपाछ-निर्विष्ठ नावावहविनिष्ठ कृति : A steel two-pronged instrument.

Tuning-fork, tuning-fork, n. A steel two pronged instrument, designed when set in vibration to give a musical sound of a certain

pitch.

Tunnel, tufel, n. Mpices foss fest with mid; मन्त्रानिय निषष्ट राष्ट्रमाथ : शुक्रमाथ : Underground नत ; A funnel :-- v. t. अवश्यनन-कृ ; खुदक कांगे।

Tunny, n. नायुक्ति मध्य वित्तव ; A very large sca-fish.

Tup, n. (44; (85); A ram.

Tup-man, n. (यवनीन्य ! [ राक्टि। Turenian, a. पूत्राण ; जनार्थ :- n. जूत्राण जाकीत Turban, turban, m. यूननवानविराध हैकीय ; शांत्रज़ी ; টুপী, Turkish headdress. a=turbaned ( পাগড়ী-भाव )।

Turbary. #. बनामत व्यक्तिकांत : शांति वनामत दान : The right of digging peat; a place where peat

Turbid, tur'bid, a. आदिन ; बदना ; गक्ति ; दोना ; प्यानाहिंदा ; Muddy ; thick. naturbidness, turbidity ( वानिन्छ। ; नमन्छ। ) ; ad=turbidly ( वनिन चांबन्दर्भ )। Sym :-- Foul, dreggy.

Turbine, Turbinated, 4. Mistes ; Cirvis ; Turbot, turbot, n. পাৰস্বাচীদা মংক বিশেষ ; A

large flat fish.

Turbulence, turbulency, turbu-lensi, n. त्कांनाहन ; शक्तांन ; त्वांनमान ; वांकामा ; Tumult; disorder; sedition; riot. ad-turbulently ( अनांक्षांत ; श्वाममस्कात )। Syn :--Agitation unruliness, rioting, insubordination. Turbulent, turbu-lent, a. [ L. turbulentus, from turba, disorder ] গোলবোগপুৰ : অপাতঃ जनमनीत्र : हाजामानात्रो , प्रकास : राखनाती : उर्शाउ-जनक : Tumultuous ; disturbed given to riot ; restless; disposed to disorder :- 47%; Restless. Syn: - Disorderly, noisy, blustering, uproarious; riotous, seditious, refractory, unruly.

Tureen, n. (बाहा ; ज्ल-नाज ; A large table-

vessel for holding soup.

Turf, turf, m. बारमब कांबडा ; Sod ; sward :- त्वाड-रमोरक्त मार्ठ ; Race-ground :- रपाइरमोड ; Horseracing :- v. t. biesi fesi aigo-p; To cover with sod. Syn :- Clod; peat; race-ground. Cut the first turf - = | Begin.

The turf-(बाउदबोड्ड बाठ : (बाउदबोड़ ।

Turfy, a. sitna biasiqa ; vinige ; Full of turf. Turgent, turjent, a. कीए ; क्या ; Inflated :-नमाइन्त्रवहन ; Bombastic.

Turgescence, Turgescency, अवन्छा : कोछि : Swelling :- अगात ने ने के क्या : পদাভ্ৰম ; Pomposity ; bombast.

Turgescent, tur-jesent, a. नीड ; कार्यान '

Growing big; swelling.

Turgid, tur'jid, a. [ L. turgidus, from targere, to swell ] कींड ; क्ला ; Swollen ; bloated :--जरकातपूर्व : जीकान : Pompous :-- नवाक्षतप्त : আনাৰ বন্ধ বন্ধ কথাবুল; Bombastic, n—turgidness, turgidity (কাডভা; পদান্তব্য); ad—turgidly (ক্ৰিডভাবে)।

Turk, turk, त. कृतकरनीय त्वांक ; कृतकरश्रानंत्र व्यवि-यांगी ; A native of Turkey. a—turkish.

Turkey, turki, prop. n. কুরক রাজা; ভুরক বেশ; Empire of the Turks:—com. n. কুরুট বিশেষ; শক্ষিবিশেষ; A large gallinaceous fowl.

Turkey-red, turki-red, n. nin as; A fine durable red dye. [ kind of oilstone. Turkey-stone, turki-ston, n. aws faces; A Turkish, c. पूरवानम अवसीत ; कुर्क अवसीत ; Relating to Turkey or to the Turks :- n. 54 wid ; अनुमानि जांचा : Relating to Turkey or to [ hot-air bath. the Turks. Turkish-bath, n. शानागांत जिल्ला; A kind of Turmeric, tur'mer-ik, n. safe ; Indian suffrom. Turmoil, tur'moil, n. গোলমাল , সংক্ষেত্ত ; ক্টকর পরিঅম ; ছন্তুল ; হাজাম ; Tumult ; agitation , disturbance :- e. t. | राज क : To worry ; to harass : - v. i. मरकाणिक-इ ; To be in commotion. Syn : -Confusion, disturbance commotion, uproar, bustle, hurry.

Turn, turn, v. t. [A. S. turnan, tyruan, to tum ] (बाजान , बुजान ; क्रिजान ; शाक-(प ; To cause to revolve:- डेन्डोइश-ए ; डेन्डोम ; श्रान्डाम ; To reverse :- ऋशीखा-क ; शतिवर्श्वन-क . To convert :-चाकात्र (अवमा ; श्रेन-कृ ; To shape :-- वानशत कृ ; नात्रीन ; To apply :-क्निया वाहित-क ; To form in a lathe :- v. i. बावडिंड- ह ; प्रामान- ह ; घूना ; किता , To whirl round; to revolve :- निर्देश- ?: To depend :- ( To take a different direction or tendency :-- পরিবর্ত্তিত- ह: To be changed :-- विश्वितिष्ठ- इ : त्यव- इ : To terminate :-नांचा (चात्रा : नकक चंत्रिता गांख्या : To become giddy : —हेक्डा बांड्या ; व्हिंडिया बांड्या ; To become inclined in the other direction :- n. वावर्ड : वावर्ड : ৰুপন; পাক; Act of turning; revolution : - নুতৰ পতি: New direction or tendency -- পরিবর্ত্তন; Change : - আকৃতি ; Form ; cast : - স্বিধা , সুবোগ ; Opportunity: -Act of kindness or malice:-বাঁক , বঙ্কপথ ; Bend :—প্ৰবণতা ; ভাৰ :—একটু ভ্ৰমণ :— निषिष्ठ मनव :- गर्वाप्त ; भागा :- डेनकात । Syn :-(2) Rotate, spin ; bend, incline, deflect, deviate ; mould; change, alter, transform; render, translate; apply, direct. (n) Rotation, round, bout; deviation, deflexion, curvature, sweep, twist, turning, twirl; variation, alteration, vicissitude; occasion, chance, conjuncture; fashion, manner, shape, set; action, deed, good office; aptitude, forte, knack, gift.

At every turn—ৰে দিকে কেয়া বায়; In every direction; in which ever direction one turns:—
অভিগতে; At every step —নকল কিকে; বে দিকে পোৰায়; In every one of its phases:—( পাৰে) আছি বাকে; At every bend of the road.

Be turned of—এত বছর পার হইনা গিনাচে এনন বলনে; কোনৰ বন্ন উত্তীৰ্থ বা পার হইনা বাওনা; Be 'advanced to an age beyond; be past a certain age.

By turns-প্রাথক্তে; পালা বুরে কিন্তে আইলা; Alternately; one after another,

In one's turn—rivi wither; When one's time comes (in order of succession).

In turn, In turns—পর পর; পর্বায়রবে; In due order of succession :—উঠে; In ceturn.

The tide is on the turn—ঘটনা-আবাহ পরিবর্জ হৈছেছে; নমত যাণার উপ্টাইয়া বাইকেছে; Affairs are taking a contrary course:—কোন বিজুত্ব লোভ অভ দিনে বাইকেছে; The current (of something) is changing:—The tide has ceased to flow and is on the point of ebbing:—The course of events is changing.

To a turn—ST : Exactly.

To take turns—একজনার ছানে আৰু একজন আইনে;
To take the place of one another alternately.
Turn about—মূখ কেৱান; অন্তন্তিক মূখ-ড়; Move the face to another quarter.

Turn again-कितिता बाना ।

Turn against -- বিরুদ্ধে বাঁড় করান ; বিরুদ্ধে বিরিয়া ধাড়ান। [ পড়া ; চলিযা বাঙ্গা। Turn aside -- নিবালণ-কৃ: Avert :- বিবান ; সবিয়া Turn away -- কর্মচাত-কৃ: ভাড়াইবা বেওরা, Dismiss:-প্যান্তবে-বা; কিরান ; Deviate.

Turn back—শ্ৰীজ্ড-কু; কিৱাইরা-কে; প্রতিপ্রদান-কু। Turn down—উ-চান। [ভাজ-কু; দেওগা। Turn in—( রাজে ) শ্চন-কু; Go to bed:—মোড়া,

Turn in for - ada [5- 5; Put up for.

Turn inside out, Turn wrongside out— (জানাঃ) ভিতৰদিক ৰাহিব-স্কু, Bring the inside of a germent outside — উল্টিয়া পাল্টিয়া কেলা, Throw topsy-turvy:—উল্টিয়া কেলা; Reverse.

Turn into—পরিবর্জন-কু; বললাইচা আন্ত আকার বাবণ করান; Changer into —ভাষান্তব-কু; Translate into:—ভাড়াইছা বাহির-কু, Drive one into.

Turn off—शक्षांतर किनाहेगा-ए ; Change ; divert ; change the subject of :—भशांखर किना ; Deviate from a course ; deflect .—मन कांछ। इस्ता ; ग्रेशियर वास्ता ; Desert :—निन्निता एमना ; Compose : accomplish :—मृनीक्ठ-कृ ; निन्नाखर (अन्न-कृ ; मन्नी-मन-कृ ; नक्-कृ , खश्चित्व वीक्ना वास्ता।

Turn on or upon—উল্টিখা অক্সের খাড়ে ফেশা;
Retort on; throw back on one '—লাজেন-ড়;
Attack; fall upon:—নির্ভর-ড়; Hinge upon;
rest on, depend on:—সংযুক্ত-ড়; Is related to;
is connected with '—কোন দিকে করা; Be directed to '—পনাইরা বাইকে বাইকে আর্থন করিবার নিমিত্ত
খুবে বাঁডান; Turn round suddenly (in the course of flight) with a view to attack.

Turn out—ৰাহিন ক্রিয়া-দে; ভাডাইনা-দে; Expel; expel from a house:—উৎপদ্ধ-কু; কলে কাঁডান; বাটনা লাইনা; Prove in the result:—বটা; Happen:—বাহিন-কু; বাহিন হইনা কানা, Come out.—কেন্দ্ৰে, Let loose:—কৰ্দ্যুত্ত-কু; Dismiss from an office:—উত্যান, Produce by labour or teaching:—কোন বিদ্যালন হইন্ত পান ক্রিমা বেরোন; Be passed by a school or collage.

Turn over—পাত উন্টান; Open and examine one leaf after another of a book:—হাডডান; Ransack:—অৰ্থান নাড়াচালা-ক; Do business to the amount of :—হভাত্তঃ-ক; গড়াগড়ি-দে।

Turn round—वर्शक्य-क् ; कित्रिया केछान ।

Turn to - आंबर अरमधन- हः, Have recourse to :- आंबर- हः, Set to work :- आंबर्जी- हः, Be directed

to :—কাষারও বা কোন দিকে কেরা; Turn one's face towards:—সহায়তার কন্ধ কাহারও পানে চাওয়া; সাহা-বার্থ প্রতীকা করিয়া থাকা; Look forward to for help:—আন্ধ বিষয় অবলম্ব-কু; Change ones course to:—বাহিক-কু; Light upon; find.

Do a good turn—সময়ত কোন উপকার-ক ; Do some opportune service.

Give a turn to-त्वान किहून निक क्वारेना-ल ; क्वान किहून जन क्वारेना-ल ; Change the course or tone of

Have a turn for—কোন বিবন্ধ পিৰিবাৰ বা কোন কাল করিবার ইচ্ছা, যদ ও দক্ষতা থাকা; Have an aptitude for :—কোন বিবন্ধে আখাদ গ্রহণের পক্তি থাকা; Have a taste for.

One good turn deserves another—উপ-কারীর প্রত্যুপকার করা কর্তন্য; An act of kindness done to a person ought to be repaid by him by some good service.

On the turn—অভাদিকে: কিনিবার মূবে। [ कन्छ।
Serve one's turn—নিবের কাল হাসিল করিবার
Take a turn—কোন হানে বুরে ফিরে বেড়ান; এদিক
ভাদিক করিবা বেড়ান, Take a walk to and fro:—
কোন দিকে বাওরা: এক দিক হইতে অন্ধানিকে পরিবর্তনহ; Change in a certain direction.

Take turn-পালা लक्षा : পরে পরে আসা।

Take turns—কোন কাছের জন্ধ একলনের ছানে আর একজন আসা (পাছারা বন্ধার মৃত); Take each other's place alternately (in doing anything). To a turn—ঠিক ক্রিয়া; ঠিক ঘতবার আবর্ত্তন আবর্ত্তন

Posturn—টিক কৰিয়া ; টিক ইডবার আবিউন । ভালা করিয়া ।

Turn a cat in the pan—ৰথৰ ও বণক পরিত্যাক-ক; To make a sudden change of one's party in politics or religion, for the sake of being in the ascendant.

Turn a cold shoulder to — ৰবজা প্ৰদৰ্শন-কৃ; উল্পান্য প্ৰদৰ্শন-কৃ; কোৰও কিছুতে গা ৰা-কৃ; Show marked neglect.

Turn a corner—নহটাবহা কটাইবা উঠা; কোণ বেডিয়া বাজা; Pass the critical stage (of some disease).

[ To refuse to hear.

Turn a deaf ear to — অবণ না-কু; কণ্ণাত না-কু; Turn adrift—ভাড়াইছা-দে; ছাড়িছা-দে; To set floating at random; to send away to take one's chances.

Turn and twist— 45/4 (5%)-7; To be uneasy; to make desparate efforts.

Turn an honest penny—সংগৰে বাৰিয়া কিছু টাকা উপায়-ক ; Make a little money by trade or other honest means.

Turn a penny—সাবাজ ব্যবসায় ধারা টাকা উপার্জন-কু: কিছু উপার্জন-কু; ব্যবসায়কি সহুপারে ছু-গরসা রোজসার-কু; Gain money by trade however small the amount; to make a small profit, or a small sum of money; earn a little money.

Turn in the back upon—পৰামৰ-ই; To forsake. [meditate.

Turn in the mind—চিত্তা-ক; To ponder or Turn night into day—ৰতাত বৃদ্ধক; Take the utmost pains.

Turn on —alfenen su: figles ann :
Turn on —alfes ; final (ven):—fiés- ; ëss- (ven):—fiés- ; ëss- (ven):—fiés- ;

Turn one round one's finger, Turn around one's finger—गृष्ट्लव कांव र्यान : य बिटक रेक्ट्रा प्रान : बाक्टल कड़ाइंट्रा शांक-रह : वा रेक्ट्रा ठारे क्वान : ब्रह्मित डिज्ब बांचा : Manage one easily ; make a person do whatever one pleases.

Turn one's coat— ৰণর পক্ষে গমন-কু; বিপক্ষ-পক্ষ ৰণন্ত্ৰন কু; নিৰের মত বা ধল পরিত্যাগ-কু; ভোল ক্ষোন; Change sides; go over to the opposite party; change one's opinion or party.

Turn one's hand to—নিৰ্কাহ-কু; কোনৰ কালে হ্ৰকেপ-কু; হাত লাগান; To perform; to exe-

Turn one's head—ব্দিবংশ-কৃ; কাহারত মুখ বুরে
বাওৱা; মাডাইনা-নে; Make one giddy; overthrow one's reason or judgment. [prosper.
Turn out well—সমৃদ্দিশালী-ড়; To succeed; to
Turn over a new leaf—কু-অভান পরিভাগ-কৃ;
নূতন ভাবে জীবন আরম্ভ-কৃ; Begin a fresh or new
course of life; to reform an evil habit.

Turn over in one's mind—কোন বিবন কইবা মনে হোলাপাড়া-কু; ভাৰা; Revolve in one's mind; ponder or meditate upon.

Turn over in the mind—কোনও বিষয় লইয়া মনে মনে (ভালাপাছা-ক)

Turn round—কিন্তিয়া গাড়াৰ: বিগরীত পৰা বা মত অবলখন-তৃ; Veer round; change one's opinion or party. [round and attack.

Turn round on—िक्टब नैज़िटिया ध्वाक्यन-कृ; Veer Turn tail—त्वक जूटल शालाम ; त्वक खड़ेदिया नेलायम-कृ; Retreat ingominiously : fice.

Turn the back—পৃষ্ট প্রদর্শন-কু; প্রায়ন কু।
Turn the back upon—পরিত্যাগ-কু; মুণা প্রদর্শন
পূপাক চলিয়া বাওয়া; অগ্রাহ্য-কু; To forsakc.

Turn the corner—স্কটাবহা অভিক্রম কবিলা ভালর দিকে লাওলা।

Turn the die ( or dice )—ভাগা দিরাইল দেওলা। Turn the edge ( or point ) of—ধার পড়াইব। বে : ভোভা-কু ; Make dull.

Turn the enemy's flank—বিশক্ষে পাচাতে বা পাৰ্বে ছান অধিকাৰ কু; To pass round and take a position behind it, or upon the side of it.

Turn the head (or brain) - इंडर्फ- इ; वृक्ति-बह्न- इ; वृक् वृज्ञाहेज (एवज्ञ); To make giddy; to be bewildered.

Turn the scale (or balance) - 44 44 515-F: Make the balance incline to one side : to give superiority in success :-- शांबाद्यं मम् । बहे-F: Change the state of the balance :-- " | ভারি-কু; একদিক ভারি করিয়া আর এক দিককে হাঙ্কা-কু; मिक विवय अक शक्क मीमांशा-कः अक शक्क व्यवन করিয়া অভ পক্কে খাট-ক ; Give one side or party the preponderance over another. Sicken. Turn the stomach--वम्यानक्षक-कः वम्यानिश-कः Turn the tables-काराव भागता उन्होरेबा-ता: Reverse success or superiority : --বে অবছার ছিল जाहा छेन्हेहिहा (बन्दा ; इसीन शक अनन-इ ; Reverse the original position of players in a game; reverse the position of two contending parties. Turn the tables on one-कारांडक भागा वा পড়তা উটাইয়া-মে; Overthrow and gain an advantage over one; turn things against one;-विद्रापी-ह ; Oppose one.

Turn the tide, Turn the tide against— গতি কিয়াৰ, যাহা এক দিকে বাইতেছিল তাহা অন্ত বিকে কিয়াৰ, Change the course of affairs, events &c

Turn to account —কাজে লাগান, স্বিধান্তন্ত; উপকারী হু, To make of use in some way.

Turn to profit (or advantage)— হবিধালনক ক্রিয়া লঙ্মা; লাভজনক কু, হবিধালনক হু, উপকারী-হু, To make profitable.

Turn turtle—डे-डोडेब्रा बाडबा।

Turn up—ঘটা, Occur —হঠাৎ উপস্থিত-হ, বাহির হইরা পঢ়া, প্রকাশ হ; Appear suddenly —উরোবন ফু, উপরে ভোলা, Raise —উপর্বাদকে কেরান, Bend upwards —ইডিরা উঠান, সেটকান —হঠাৎ দেখা দেখা, Make one's appearance (after seeming to be lost) —বাহিব হুট্যা পড়া, Come to light — স্থান হাতে আহিব স্থা, Come in one's way, or happen unexpectedly —গুড়ে কেলা, Throw up by digging.

Turn up one's nose at —নাদিকা কৃঞ্ন-মু, আন্তঃ-মু, Disdum to treat with contempt.

Turn upside down—উটাইখা ফেলা, উদ্টিমা ফেলা, Reverse turn the upper part downward —উল্টে পাল্টিদে, উন্ট পালট কু, উপৰেষ পিঠনীচে ফেলা, I brow into utter confusion, put into complete disaid i.

Turn-coat, turiki' n দে নিজ পশা মত পৰি ত্যাগ কৰিবা ৰম্ভ পকে য য, অবাস্থিতচিত্ত ব্যক্তি, ৰপটা স্থাস ত্যাণী, One who abundons his party or punciples Syn —Renegade, apostate, deserter, recreant,

Turner, turner, n आम, जीन, कूलकांत्र मित्री, One who turns, as in a lathe.

Turnery, turner-1, तः कृष्याः निर्माप कन्न ता कोनल, frade or wire, of a turner — सम्मर्थे, A strike — कहितान, शांत्रभव वाहिताहा,

Turning, turning, n नार, त्यां पृति, A bend, winding — मरन श्री ६००० पृति , Devia tion from the proper course — वृष्या निर्मान कोनेल , Turnery — की Chip

কৌশল, Furnery —p? (hip
Turning point, n সানাশক, যে কৰার উপর
কোলও গিম্মের মীন শানিভা করে তাহা, Phat which
decide a matter —সাত্তবাল, A লেম্যে and
critical period [bous root
Turnip, turn p, n সালগান, ওলকলি A bulTurnkey, tuinke, n প্রহরী, যার হতে জেলের চালি

পাক, A wirder, an issistant jailor — পাত ভোলা চাৰি, One who turns the keys in a prison.

Turn-out, n নালসজা An equipage [A cake Turnover, n উটাইয়া পতন —পিট্টক বিশেষ, Turnpake, rurńpik, n নাহল আগানেৰ কটক, A gate put on a road-way to levy toll

Turnpike man, n. বে ব্যক্তি বাস্তার কটকে মাত্রল মাদাব করে।

Turn-pike road, turnpik-rod, n. বঢ় রাখা বাইতে নাহল-ভটক বাকে, A road on which turnpikes or toll-gates are established.

A turn-screw-(कि-बाहा यस ।

Turnsole, n. কুলগাছ বিশেষ, প্রামুখী, A plant so called because its flowers turn towards the sun. Turn-spit, turnspit, # ভৃত্য ; কাৰাবকারী, নাৰান্ত কাব্যে নিৰ্ক্ত ব্যক্তি ; A person engaged in some memal occupation — কুকুর ; A variety of dog. Turn-stile, turnstil, ন. প্ৰাণির গতিরোধক ; চেরার মত প্ৰের আটক , A frame in a foot path which prevents the passage of cattle.

Turn-table, n. द्वरणव नाड़ी क्विश्वांत्र मक । Sec traversetable.

Turpentine, tur'pen-tin, ন. ভাগিৰ নিৰ্বাস.
The resinous juice from pine like trees.

The oil of turpentine—ভাপিৰ তৈল !

Turpitude, turpe-tud, n [ L. turpitude, from turpis, foul ] ছুইড়া, অইচায়িড়া, নীচতা, ল্পফ নীতি বা ব্যবহার, Extreme wickedness, inherent baseness Syn —Vileness, depravity, wickedness Turquoise, n. ধনিজ পদাৰ্থ বিশেষ, A bluishgreen mineral.

Turret, tur'et, n हुन , क्य दुक्य ; A small slender tower , a little tower

Turreted, a অৱ প্ৰযোগনিধি , Furnished with turret — সমূদ , সাধা , Formed like a turret. Turret-ship, n ব্ৰাণাত বিশেষ , A ship of war

Turtlo, tun ti Turtlo-dove, turtl-duv, n. भूग, পাৰাবত বিশেষ, A pigeon [ tortoise Turtle, tur'tl, n मनुष्यत कहरू । कांक्रिस . A sea-Tuscan, tu-kan, a हेक्शीन मक्क्रिस औतिन्छम द्वापक विस्तर्वक , Belonging to Tuscany denoting of der of architecture

Tush, tush, int চুপ, ধান, ছি:, Pshawi be silent [an eleph int Tusk, tusk, n দত্তী ছবিদত্ত, The long tooth of Tusked, Tuskoy, a হবিদত্তবিশিষ্ট, দত্তর, Hiving tusks,

Tubble, n হচ্মুডি, পাছড়াপাছড়ি; A struggle —
v: হডমুডি-কু: [or twigs.
Tubbook, n ঘানের শুচ্ছ, পলন, A tust of grass
Tut, tut, int ছি:, চুল, ধান, An exclamation of check or rebuke, be still

Tutolage, tū'tel-ম, n [L tutela, protection] অভিভাৰকতা, রক্ষাবেকণ, State of being under a guardi in, quardianship, pro cetion, wardship, dependence.

Tutolar, tu'te-lar, Tutolary, tu'te-lar ।, a [1 tutela, to guard] त्रवक, ववनादकनकावी, बाउडावक, Protecting.

Tutolary deity-> हरनवडा ।

Tutor, tiltor, n শিক্ষ, উপাদেশক, গুরু · Teacher — বক্ষক, অভিভাবক — v t শিক্ষা দে, শিধাইয়া-দে, To instruct feg = tutoress Syn — (n) Guardian, governor, preceptor, instructor Tutorage, tiltor যা, n শিক্ষ, শিক্ষা,

Tutorage, tu'tor মা, গ শিক্ষা, শিক্ষা, খান্তা, খান্তা, বিষয়ে, মান্তা, মান্তা, The authority of a teacher, education as by a tutor — স্ভিতাৰ্কতা; Guardianship.

Tutor-ship, n. শিক্ষরে পদ বা কবি। Tutorial, tu-to'ri-al, a শিক্ষপদীয়, শিক্ষের Belonging to or exercised by a tutor.

Twaddle, tuodl, n অনুৰ্থক গল, বাজে কথা, Old womanly nonsense, gabble; silly talk — v : নিৰ্ব্যোধেয় স্থায় কথা কহা, বড় বড় করিবা বকা, To talk in a silly manner. n=twaddler (বে অনুৰ্থক বকে)। Twain, twan, n. चूहे ; Two. In twain—पूरे चारत : विषय ।

Twang, twang, n. টভার শব্দ; Sound of an arrow:—নাকি হুৱ; অনুমানিক শব; A nasal tone of voice:—v. f. টভারখনি-ছ; টভার শব্দ-ছ; To make to sound with a twing:—v. f. টভার-বে।

Twes, twoz, n. A contraction of it was. Twosk, twek, v. t. পেৰণ-কু; ধাৰচা; চি

মেজকার, twee, ত. চ. পেৰণ-কু; খানটা; ভিষ্কা কটা; To squeeze between the thumb:— টেককান; To twitch; to pull:—— ছ. চিন্দী; ইেক টান; A sharp pinch.

Tweed, n. এক অকার টেরচা-বুলন কাপড়; A kind of cloth.

Twocolle, v. t. ইবং পৰ্ন-কু; To handle lightly:
—্মনোভন দেখান: To allure.

Twoozers, twcferz, n. pl. চিম্টা; সোহা; Nippers; small pincers for pulling out hairs:— অৱের বার ।

Twelfth, a. sive; The last of twelve:—n. sirefixe; One of twelve equal parts.

Twolfth-cake, n. A cake given to friend or visitors on the festival of the twelfth night, oth June.

Twelfth day (or tide), n. বড় দিনের পরবর্তী খাগ্ৰার্ড পূর্ম; The twelfth day after Christmas. Twelfth-night, n. The evening of the epiphany, a church festival.

Twolve, twelv, n. হাদশ বার : The number next after cleven:—হাদশ ; Ten and two. a=twelfth. [ A year.

Twolve-month, n. বার মাস; সংবংসর, বংসব;
Twontieth, twenti-eth, a. বিংশভিতম; The last
of twenty:—n. বিশাপের একাংশ; বিংশাংশ; One
of twenty equal parts.

Twenty, twehti, a. বিংশতি; কুড়ি; Twice ten; nuncteen and one:—n. বিংশতি; The number next following nineteen. a=twentieth.

Twice, twis, ad. বিজ্ঞা , বিজ্ঞািতকপে; ছইবায়; Doubly; once and again, two times.

Twice born, a. 1851

Twice told tale, n. চলিত কথা; A tale that is often repeated.

[ খেলা হ i
Twiddle, v. i. or t. স্কুলৰ্গ-ড়, নাডা:—খোৱান:—
Twig, twig, a. ডাল; পত্ৰব; ক্ষুদ্ৰ লাখা; কেঁকড়ি;
A small shoot:—v. t. অৰ্থ ব্যাৱ; চৌৰসভাবে দেখা।
Syn:—(n) Shoot, spray, sprig.

The twig-याद्यक्रत्व यह ।

Twiggy, a. শুর পর্বমর; Abounding with shoots.

Twilight, twi'lit, n. অনিশিত মুখ্য; An uncertain view:—গৌধুলি সময়; অদেখাকাল; উবা; The faint light before sunrise and after sunset:—a. গোধুনি বা অদেশ সম্বাত্তীয়; অশেষ্ট; Of twilight obscure. Syn:—Shaded, obscure, dim, dusky. Twilight superstition—Superstition connected with the hour of twilight.

Twill, twil, খ. i. টেরচা-বুনা; Weave in ribs:-
শু. টেরচা বুনন কাপড়; Cloth so woven.

Twin, twin, \*. ব্যলের একটা স্থান; ব্যল; One of two children born at the same time:—a. ব্যল; সমরূপ; Being one of two born at a birth:— ভ. i. বুল অসব-কু; ব্যল্জনণে প্রহণ-কু; To be born at

the same birth; bring forth two. Sym:—(v) Wind about, surround, embrace, entwine, wreathe.

The Twins—নিধুনবাৰী। Twin-born, ৫. বৃশ্বসভি।

Twine, twin, v. t. পাকান; পাক-দে; অভান; To twist together; to wind, as two threads together:—v. i. অভিত-হ; বাকিয়া-বা; বেডিবা উঠা; To unite closely:—n. ত্তলি; পাকান দড়ী; A twist; twisted thread; string.

Twinge, twing, v. t. চিমট কাটা; সহসা বিশ্ব-ক;
To cause to wince; to twitch; to pinch;
tweak:—v. i. চঠাং ব্যুপা-দে; হঠাং চিডিক করিয়া
কষ্ট-দে; বেদনামুক্তা-ক; To feel a short sharp
pain:—n. খাম্চি; চিমটি; A twitch; a pinch:—

pain:—n. পানাচ; loalb; A twitch; a pinch:— বেগনা; ৰুন্কনালি; A sudden, sharp pain. Twinkle, twing'kl, v. i. ডিক্মিক-কৃ; চক্ষক-কৃ; To sparkle:—চক্ষের পলক্ পড়া; চকু মিট্ মিট্-কৃ. পলক কেলা; To open and shut the eyes rapidly: —কম্পিত-হ; Quiver:—n. চক্ষের পলক. Quick

motion of the eyes:—চকমক্, বিভিমিকি, মিট-মিটানি; Short sparkle. Syn:—Blink, wink; scintillate, corruscate, glisten.

Twinkling, twingkling, n. প্ৰক-মাত : নিমিব ;
Act of that which twinkles. Syn:—Sparkling,

Act of that which twinkles. Syn: -Sparkling, scintillation, glastening; instant, second, moment, jiffy.

In the twinkling of an eye—চক্ষেব প্ৰকে; এক প্ৰকে; এক নিমিয়ে; চকুৰ পাতা কেবিতে বা ফেলিতে; In less than no time.

Twirl, v. t. वृशिक-कृ; वृज्ञान; शांक-एम; To turn round rapidly:—v. 1. पृशिमान-इ, दन् वन् कविषा वृज्ञा; To turn round rapidly:—n. अन्त आविष्ण वृज्ञा; वृश्-शांक; A whirl, a rapid circular motion; a quick turn.

Twist, twist, v. l. পাক-দে; পেঁচ লাগান; পাকান; জড়ান; To twine. to cause to writhe or interweave, to form into a thread:—বদ অর্থ কু; Distort:—v. i. পাক দিয়া একত্রিত-হ; পাক লাগা; জড়াইয়া-বা, To be united by winding —n. পাকান ফড়া; A cord; a single thread:—পাক; পেঁচ; বোচদ; আক্রমন, Contortion:—ভামাকের পাকান ভাট শলাক।; A little roll of tobacco. Syn:—(n) Contort, writhe, complicate, wind, encircle, wreathe; wrest, distort.

Twisted, a. शाक (मञ्जा ; व्यंहान ।

Twit, twit, v. t. ভর্ননা-কু; To reproach; to upbraid:—ঠাঙা-কু; ব্যক্ত-কু; To taunt.—গোৰ দেখাইণা চিরকার-কু। Syn:—Blame, taunt.

Twitch, twich, v. t. হেচ্ছিবা টানা; ছিনাইবা-অ;
হঠাং ছিড়িবা-ব, To pull with a sudden jerk; to
pluck; to snatch; to contract spasmodically:
—n. হেচ্ছা টান; হঠাং টান; পেণী-সংকাচন; A sudden, quick pull; a quick contraction of the
muscles. Syn:—(n) Jerk; spasm.

Twitter, twiter, ফ. i. কিচিব বিচিব পদ-ক; কিচ-বিচ-ক; থিল থিল কৰিবা হানা; To make a charping tremulous noise like a bird:—বাদ্ক কল বোধ-ক; উত্তেজিত-হ; To have a slight trembling of the nerves:—ম. কিচিব নিচিব শল; A tremulous broken sound:—বাদুসমূহের সামান্ত কলাৰ; A slight trembling of the nerves.

Twittering, s. कन्यनि ; The sound of twittering :-- কিকিং উত্তেজনা : Nervous excitement. Twittingly, ad. Saulastes; In a twitting manner. Two, too, a. we; One and one :- #. we, ft, e; [ Retaliation. The sum of one and one. Game at which two can play-2/50414; In two--विश ; इहे छात्र वा बार । Kill two birds with one stone - \* \*\*\* ছুই কাল-কু; Accomplish two objects at the same time or by one effort. [ Fast ; starve. Make two bites of a Cherry—waiting ait , One or two-13 at 1 Two and a half—呵呗我, 2} 1 Two of a trade—প্রতিশ্লী; Rivals. Two strings to one's bow —কোৰ অভিনায় সিদ্ধ করিবার জন্ত ভুইটা উপায়; Two expedients for executing a project or gaining a purpose. Two-edged, a. कुडे नित् बातान ; इहे जीव विनिष्ठ ; विश्व ; Having two edges :- ad. विश्ववेद्यात । Two-fold, ioo'lild, a. feet; feefis, reieiai, पूरे (केंद्र . Double. ( बुश्द भक्ता Two-handed, a. दिक्त ; डेडब इन दांडो वावश्र , Two-pence, a. मूझ तिर्वद ; आंत्र d. ममान । Tyburn, n. Formerly a place of execution in London. Kings of tyburn—朝村, Public executioners. Tyburn's triple tree-A gallows. Tyooon, ti-kooh, n. कामात्मद दोका : कामात्मद दोष्ट्रा-শাৰি; The political sovereign of Japan. [ঢাকৰ। Tympan, n. आंप्रलीस्त्र वांशायत्र : मूलांवरत्त्र हकांद्छ Tympanitis, n. कर्निट्ड अमाह; काब-नाका, Inflammation of the membrane of the ear. Tympanum, timpan-um, n. क्र्लिइ: क्रिया ক্রিয়া, The membrane which separates the external from the internal ear, the middle cavity of the ear separated by a membrance from the external passage. a -tympanic, tympanical ( निष्टेहर , हारकेंद्र मंड )। [कीशा , डेमरद नायू-मस्मात्र । Tympany, Tympanites, ন. উদ্ধ-স্টাতি; পেট Type, tip, n. wiris sar: Apina; Pinting ietter :- वानर्न . नम्मा ; Model - मृजार जानि ड আকৃতি; Figure stamped on a com — মুদিত हिन् हान ; A mark struck :-- लक्न , निम्नेन , Sign; emblem: 一四年前; Kind; species — পুৰ বুচনা, Foretoken. Syn :- Printing character, letter, symbol, figure, shadow, image, adumbration; original, archetype, exemplar, stamp, form, sort. In type—মুক্তাকনেৰ জন্ত প্ৰস্তুত ; মুদ্ধাক্ষরে বিনাও। Type-founder, up'found-er, n. Aring 285-कारी ; त ছাপার अकर हालाई करत ; One who casts

[ छोनाश्दब्र कावशामा ।

Type-foundry, Typo-foundery, n. 444

Type-metal, tip'-metal, n. हानात ज़क्द अवड

ক্ৰিবাৰ বিশ্ব খাড় , A metal used for types.

printing type.

Type-setter, n. चक्क-विमान्त ! Type-writer, n. व वाद होगांत मठ लावा हत ; व वाकि मिर् यदा लाख। Type-writing, s. 43 visi freq ! Typic, tip'ik, Typical, tip'ik-al, a. विज्ञान ; আগৰ্ণমূল ; Emblematical ; model :-- ক্লাৰ ; Metaphorical; emblematical:-Regular in attacks. ad-typically, n-typicalness. Syn:-Emblematic, figurative, symbolical. Typify, tip'e-fi, v. t. [G. tupos, type, and I.. facere, to make ] हिन्द वा इवि बाजा अपूर्वन-क , अठि-कर बार्बा वर्नान : अनुकर्ण-क : To represent by an image; to exemplify; to prefigure. Syn:-Indicate, betoken, represent, foreshadow. Typographer, ti-poghal-ir, अ. हालांक्त्र ; यूष्टी-₹₹; A printer. [ मूज्ञाकत-अमाम। A typographical mistake—ছাপার ভুল; Typography, ti-pograf-i, n. Aufra-fani); The art of printing. as=typographic, typo-graphical ( मुझकन-मक्की ।) Typhoid, trioid, a. मानिमाजिक; Pertaining to or resembling typhus. Typhoid fever, Enteric fever-नाविभाषिक বিকার: অবিরাম জর। Typhoon, ti-foon, s. कृ वाङाम क्नी वाब ; बढ़ ; A violent hurricane, hit choking wind. Typhous, tifus, a. डोइस्ड खडन: क्रांच : Relating to typhus. Typhus, ti'lus, n. खन्नीकांत्र, अमात्र खन्न वित्नव ; An exhausting fever. a=typhous. Typology, n. राज्यतन बादनोडि; The doctrine of scripture types. Tyrannic, teranik, Tyrannical, ti-ranik al, Tyrannous, tir'an-us, a. अलाहांत्री; अनुमनांद , প্রসা-পাত্তক; Imperious, despotic, ad -tyrannically (অত্যাচারপুর্মক)। Syn .- Arbitrary ; cruel, severe, oppressive, grinding, inhuman. Tyrannise, tir'an-is, v. f. (बाक्षांगड कमडा वार्षांग-क. चंडाविनकः चंडाविती- इः शीउम-कः सून्य कः To act the tyrant, to exercise despotic power. Syn: -Be despotic, domincer, lord over. Pyranny, tir'an-e, n. 6791, ABifbit; ABil-চারিতা; দৌরাক্সা, নিচুব শাননা, কঠোর শাসনা; প্রথ পীত্ন; নিষ্কুর চা; Absolute monarchy, cruelly administered; despotic exercise of power; oppression; cruelty. Syn:-Despotism, autocracy, absolutis n, dictatorship; iron rule. Tyrant, tir'ant, n. (यक्तित शका; अजाहाती লোক ; হুৰাছা , পীড়ক ; A despot ; absolute monarch ruling oppressively or arbitrarily. Syn :-Despot, autocrat; oppressor, persecutor. Tyrian, tiri-an, a. ata; Purple:-n. Native of tyre. Tyro, Tiro, tiro, n. [1., tire, a young recruit] निकानितन , नुजन बड़ो ; अवम निकारी ; A 'beginner ; novice, pi=tyros.

U, देखि वर्षमानात्र अकरित वक्त वा वर्ष ; The 21st | letter in the English alphabet.

Ubiquitous, a. नर्सदानि ; नर्सव वर्डनान ; Being every where ; omnipresent.

Ubiquity, n-bikwe-te, n. [ L. ubique, every where ] मुक्क विश्व विश्व माण्डा ; मुक्क निष्य ( Omnipresence.

Udal, udal, a. पांत्र ; Held independent :-- n.

जनशेन তুসপাতি ; Free-hold estate. [holder.

Udaller, n. অনথীন তুসপাতির অধিকারী ; A free-Udder, uder, n. গৰন বাট ; পালান ; মোড় : The breast of a female especially of a lower animal.

Ugh, inj. উ: , বিয়ক্তিপ্রকাশক অনাব।

Ugly, ug'le, a. ক্যাকার; ক্রেন্থ; ক্রপ; Deformed:—অনিয়; Unpleasant.—মৃণিড; Hateful. n=ugliness. Syn:—Unsightly, plain, homely, ill-favoured; loathsome, hideous, horrid, shocking; cross, ill-natured.

Ugly customer—One who is difficult to deal with or manage.

Uhlar, n. সৈনিক বিশেষ, Kind of light cavalry, Ukane, U-kase, n. কথ-সম্ভাটের অচারিত আাদেশ; Proclamation of the Emperor of Russia; a Russian imperial decree.

Ulcer, ulser, n. [L. ulcus, ulceris, a wound ] কড; নালী বা; নাড়ী-ত্তৰ , Sore; sloughing score :— চরিত্র (পাব । Syn:—Imposthume, fester, gathering, boil, pustule.

Ulcerate, ulsér-at, v. i. (কডাদিব) বালী-ছ; কডে পরিণত-ছ; To be formed into an ulcer: v. t. নালী-ছা বিশিষ্ট-ক; To affect with an ulcer. Ulceration, ম. নালী হওন; কড; বা; নালী-ঘা। Ulcerous, ulsér-us, a. কড; নাড়ীরণের ধর্মসম্পন্ন; গঢ়া ছা-বিশিষ্ট; Haying the nature of an ulcer.

Uina, n. ক্লোণিব নিমন্থ হতের অন্থিক্তর একজর; The larger bones of the forearm.

Ulater, n. শ্বী বা পুকৰের চিলা স্বামা বিশেষ। On the 15th ult—গত মাদের ১০ই তারিখে।

Ulterior, ulte're-or, a. [L. uller, that is beyond] উত্তর; Succeeding:—প্রতর; প্রবর্তী; প্রেক; প্রবর্তী; প্রেক; প্রবর্তী; প্রেক; প্রবর্তী; প্রেক; চeyond.

Ulterior object—নিগৃত উদ্দেশ্য । অন্তঃভাগ।
Ultima, a. অতি দুববৰী:—n. (বানকাশে) পদ্দের
Ultimate, ulte-mate, a. [ L. ultimatus, last ]
চন্ন ; পেব ; অতিম ; Last ; final:—দুন্তম ; Furthest :—অবিভাজা ; Incapable of further division.
Syn:—Furthest, extreme, eventual, conclusive.
Ultimate truth—ব্ন সত্য ; বাহা ভালিয়া আন্তঃ নহজ
করিতে গারা বাহ লা।

Ultimately, ad. পরিশেষ ; অকে ; চরবে।

Ultimatum, ul-ti-mátum, n. বেৰ প্রস্তাব ; চরব স্বৰা ; Last offer ; final proposition ; last conditions offered before taking hostile measure. pl=ultimata. Ultimo, ulti-mo, s. পত নালে; In the last month:—n. গত নাল; The last month:—সংকেশে ult লিখিত হয়।

Ultra, গুরু, ব্যুত্ব ; জাত ; ছাড়া ; Beyond ; over:
—a. অভাত্ব ; উৎকট ; Extreme ; extravagant :—
n. উৎকট মভাবনধা । [fashionable, ultra fashionable, a. অভাত্ব বিনাসী ; Extremely Ultraism, n. উৎকট মত ; আৰুল পরিবর্তনের পোষক্যা ; Extreme democratical principles.

Ultramarine, ul-tra-ma-reh, a. সমূৰ পাৰছিত; সাগৰণাৰে অবস্থিত; Situated beyond the sea:—». স্বৰ্জ নীলবৰ্গ; পাৰা নীল রড়; Very fine blue colour.

Ultramontane, ul-tra-montan, a. পর্যন্তপারে অবন্ধিত ; পর্যন্ত পাবস্থিত ; Beyond the mountains :
—বিদেশীর ; Foreign :—আন্ধৃদ পর্যন্তের অন্য পারস্থ ;
On that side of the Alps —পোণ সম্বানীয় , Popish :—সা. পর্যন্তশার-বাদী ব্যক্তি ; বিদেশী ব্যক্তি ।

Ultramontanism, ul-tra-montan-izm, ন. গোণের প্রাধান্য স্বন্ধে চরম মত; Extreme views, as to the Pope's rights.

Ultramontanist, n. विष्णीत लांक, Foreigner:
—लांलब आधाना विष्ण ह्वा अञ्चलकी; Popist.

Ultramundane, c. পৃথিবী ছাড়া, জগতের বাহির; ভূলোকের বহিছুত ; Being beyond the world.

Umbel, umbel, n. কুল বিশেষ ; ছৱাপুলা ; A kind of flower in which a number of stalks, each bearing a flower radiate from one centre.

Umbelio, um-bilik, Umbelical, um-bilik-al, a. নাভি-সৰ্থনীয়; নাভি-দেশীয়; Pertaining to the navel. I ducing umbels.

Umbeliferions, a. ছত্ৰপুলী; Bearing or pro-Umber, Umbre, n. পাটন বহু বিশেষ; A brown pigment:—ভেকভুক্ পঞ্চিবিশেষ:—v. t. To tinge with umber:—a. পাটনবৰ্ণবিশিষ্ট; বোৰ।

Umbilical cord—ৰাভি রক্তু, যে নাড়ী খাবা গর্ভহ শিশু কুলের সহিত সংযুক্ত থাকে; Navel string.

Umbilical region—নাভি-এবেল। Umbra, n. এহাদির বোর প্রাথ হাবা।

Umbrage, umbraj, n. [ I.. umbra, a shade ]
বৃংক্ষর ছারা; A screen of trees; shadow;
shade;:—বস্থান; কোব; বিরক্তি; Offence.
Syn:—Shade; offence, resentment, displeasure, anger, pique, grudge.
[বেল বহন কু:
Take umbrage—কুন্ত; রোবাবিই হা বিষক্ত-হ:
Umbrageous, um-braje-us, a. [ L. umbrations
support of the statement of the state

Umbrageous, um-br3'jē-us, a. ি L. umbraticus, from umbra, a shade ] নিবিড়; ছারাবছল; Shady:—ছারাবর; ছারাএখারী; Forming or affording a shade. Syn:—Shading, shady, shaded; obscure, indistinct.

Umbreils, um-breis, n. Ed; Eisi; Aisad; A covered sliding frame carried in the hand as a screen to protect from rain or sunshine.

Umpire, umpir, n. वशत्र ; नानिम ; ज्ञीत नाक्षि ; An arbitrator ; a third person to whose deci-

sion a question between parties is referred :v. t. वशुष्ट इट्रेबा मीमारमा-इ। Syn :- Judge, arbitrator, referee, arbiter. Umpireship, #. সালিদি : ব্যাস্থতা। Unable, un-abl, a. जनमर्द : जनम ; जनम ; Not able : not having sufficient strength. Syn :-Incapable, powerless, impotent. Unabashed, pre. a. अनकिंड ; नकारवाद ना कविया ; Feeling no shame. Unabated, a. अधनविक ; वाराव हान दव नारे । Unaccented, a. चन्नार्ड ; नाल ब्लान निमा केळानिक ब्हेरव ना : नमक्रिक्ट व्यविक्टित । [ pleasing. Unacceptable, a. अन्तर्वेत : अनुगारम्य ; Not Unaccountable, un-ak-kownta-bl, a. wish नरह ; वादिवन्ता ; Not responsible :- क्रूडांव ; Unexplainable. wantelan; Not used. Unaccustomed, c. অকৃতাভ্যাস ; অনভাস্ত ; অবিদিত ; Unacquainted, a. অহাত ; অপরিচিত। Unadorned, a. অভূবিত ; অনলম্বত । ্ৰমিলিভ। Unadulterate, Unadulterated, a. 415; Unadvised, un-ad-vizd, a. अविमुशकाती ; अपुक्ति-तिह : अनुत्र ; Not prudent or not discreot ; rash. ad = unadvisedly ( অবিবেচনপূর্ণ্ণক ) ! Unaffected, a. महन : ब्रुगर्ड ; Sincere :- महब , Natural :- अनुक ; अविकृष्ठ ; अविकिश । Unsided, a. बजा छ-नाश्या :- ad. माश्या निना । Unalloyed, a. AMas; Unmixed:- 1994; dif : Pure. Unaltarable, c. अन्तिवर्डनीत ; नित्र : Unchangeable. ad=unalterably, n=unalterableness. Unaltered, a. अश्विवर्द्धि । Unambiguous, a. नाष्ट्र ; सर्थक्यशैन। Unambitious, a. উड्डाडिनाव श्रित्ना ; Not aspiring. ad = unambitiously. n=un imbitiousness. Unamiable, a. घुडे अकृति ; इस्तिनी । Unanimity, u-na-nime-te, n. विकास ; वेका-মততা; মতের মিল; State or quality of being unanimous; agreement in opinion. Syn :- Agreement, concord, concert, accord, unity. Unanimous, fi-nane-mus, a. [ L. unus, one, and animus, mind | @क्षड ; @क्वांका ; @क्बना ; Agreeing in opinion or will :- Done with the agreement of all. n=unanimity (4415), agreement. ) ad = unanimously ( এकमठ रहेश ; Syn :- Concordant, agreeing. এक्বांका )। harmonious. Unanswerable, a. योशंत उड़त नांडे; Not auswerable :- वश्वनोत्र ; अधिकांछा ; Decisive. Unanswered, a. गांशंत्र डेखत (मध्या इस नारे ; Not replied :- अविक ; Not reluted. Inappalled, a. निर्जीक ; वनकिंठ ; निर्छत्र ; Not Maunted :- p. a. निर्दात । Unapproachable, a. अन्यिन्या: इक्ट; यादाव

[ proved.

[ armed : —क्फॅक्श्रेम ।

निक्छे यांबर्ग इंदर ।

competent; dull, slow.

heited :-- ad. - 416351:11

Unapproved, a. अनमूरमाणिक ; अनुशेक ; Not ap-

Unapt, un-apt, e. প্ৰপাৰ ; Not apt or fit :Not ready to learn. Syn :- Inappropriate,

unsuitable, irrelevant; unfit, unqualified, in-

Unarmed, n. निज्ञ ; श्रवानि वाजा अमस्ति ; Not

Unasked, a. अवार्षिङ; अगोिङ; अनोहङ; Unso-

Unassailabie, a. इहाक्या ; पूर्व :-- वनवनीप । Unassisted, a. महात्रका-याकी उ ; विना माहारमा । Unassuming, un-as-stiming, e. विमोध ; न्य ; रुनेव : अनहस्र : Modest. Unattainable, a. শহাপ্য ; ছর্লচ ৷ Unauthentic, a. कुलिन ; जबनानिक। Unauthorized, a. अनव्यकः यारा निमा आलात मन्नांकित इत : Depudiated. Unavailable, a. अधाना : द्वा : अन्द्र । Unavailing, un-a-valing, a. निवर्क; जनकि: क्त्र ; वृथा ; निक्षण ; Useless. Unavoidable, a. अनिवाद्या ; अवनवादी : Inevitable ; necessary. ad=unavoidably! ( अनिवाध-কপে ); n=unavoidableness ( অনিবার্থাতা )। Unaware, un-a-war', Unawares, un-a-warz', n. जरुता : कंगे : Unexpectediv : suddenly. At unawares—श्रीर: अविक्रिकारन। Unbar, un-bar', v. t. (बाना ; इफ़्का (बाना ; बिन শোলা : To open. [ cate ; to stip. Unbark, v. t. Bie bisie; fege-s, To decorti-Unbathed, a. অসিক্ত; অহাত। Unbearable, a. অসম, হ:সম ; Intolerable. ad=unbearably, n=unbearableness. Unbecoming, a. অপুণ্ড ; অপুচেড , Unfit ; unsurtable: -- अडाइंडिंड, निम्मनीय: Improper. ad= unbecomingly, n-unbecomingness. Unbelief, un-be-lef, n. ब्रियाम ; ब्रश्न ; नांवि-कडा ; ना किका-वृद्ध ; Disbelief , incredulity. Syn : -Distrust, doubting, fice-thinking, scenticism, infidelity. Unbeliever, un-be-lever, n. नाडिक ; विवामशैन Tife; An incredulous person, an infidel; a sceptic. Sym:--Infidel, disbeliever, thinker, deist, sceptic. Lical. Unbelieving, un-be-leving, a. affer; Scep-Unbend, un-bend, v. t. (नाका-क: महान-क: न्ति-क , To make straight; to straighten :-নিখিল-ক ; আপুগা-ক ; To relax ; to set at ease .-विद्याम-त्न ;- बनमि इ-कृ , क्या- गूक-कृ :- थ. रं. त्माब्य- ह . रिवाय-क । p. t. and p. p.=anbent. Syn :-Loose, loosen; untie, unfasten; straighten; remit; take recreation, divert, be amused. Unbending, un-bending, a. अनुद् : कृष्टिन : কডা ; দুচুপ্রতিক ; পটন ; Unyielding ; resolute . inflexible. Unbondingly, ad. मुहलाद ; किड्रमां व वनक ना Unbias, un-bi'as, v. t. 中本村後安 其子子。 To free from bias :-- a. অপকপাতা; প্ৰপাত্ৰ ; নিরপেক। ad=unbiasly (নিরপেকভাবে); n=unbiasness ( নিরপেক্ষতা )। Unbiassed, a. অপকপাতী ; Impartial. Unbidden, a. अनाइड, अनिमश्चि ; Uninvited :ad. बनाइ उकार । Unbind, un-bind, o. t. व्यवसूक-कृ; To loose; to untie :-- विज्ञा-त्म ; हाड़िश-त्म ; To set frec. Syn :- Untie, unfasten ; unstrain, set free. Unblamable, a. अनुपनीय, अनिन्दनीय:-निर्दर्शय; Innocent. Unbleached, a. (शंत्र ना त्रवहा ; नारोड । Unblemished, a. अध्दे; निरमाव; निवृत्त ; Unstained. Unblown, a. বাৰু ছাৱা অপন্দিক : অৱাত।

[ 1015 ] Unblushing Unblushing, un-blushing, a. विर्णा ; नकारीन ; Uncharitable, a. अनुष्रंत ; नदीनित्य ; Not charitable: - \*\*; Fa; Harsh. ed = uncharitably বেহারা : Imprudent. Unbolt, un-bolt, v. t. (बाना ; वनर्गन-क ; इसकी-বোলা ; To unbar :-- v. i. অকাৰ-ছ ; To explain or unfold a matter. Unbolted, a. জনগ্ৰিড; অচাণিড; খুল। Unborn, a. अवस्थित ; अवाड ; Not yet born :--ভारो : ভবিবাং : Future. Unboam, un-booinm, v. f. মৰ পুলে প্ৰকাশ-ড়; सत्तत्र कथा वाक-कृ ; To tell or disclose freely. Unbought, a. बङ्गीत : विनायुरमा बर्जित । Unbound, un-bownd, c. निश्चिन; आनुत्रा; अवक ; Loose. Unbounded, un-bounded, a. धभीय; अन्ह; অপৰিমিত; Boundless. Syn :- Interminable, unlimited; unrestrained; excessive. Unbraco, un-bras, v. t. निवित-क ; To loose; to relax. Syn:-Loosen, remit; enervate, enfeeble. Unbred, a. অভাত : Unbern : — স্বিনীত ; অসভা ; অশিকিড; Not taught or trained. Unbridled, un-bridled, a. अभावड ; উक्कान ; রণিযুক্ত, Unrestrained :--কামুক; সম্প্রটু; Licenticus. Unbridled passions—ছুকার রিণুগণ। Unbroached, त. अनुक ; अनुकाहित । Unbroken, un-beika, a. ভগু . অংভিত : আক্টিড ; প্রণীভূত; অপ্রাঞ্জিত; Not broken or violated. Syn .- Round, full, complete, entire, undisturbed, sound, profound. Unbrotherly, a. বাহা প্রান্তার পক্ষে অস্তিত। Unbuckle, un-bukl, e. t. গলবন্ধ খুলিয়া-দে : To unfasten. Unbuilt, a. এখন ও অগঠিত বা অনিৰ্দিত। Unbuised, a. অকত ; অকুটিত। Unburden, un-bur'dn, Unburthen, bur'thn, v. f. Sternig-7; To free the mind from any anxiety :- छ। अपुक्त-कृ ; शानात-कृ । Unburned, Unburnt, a. 476; Not burn. Unbutton, un-buton, v. t. caisin ceten; To [ free from a cage. loose the buttons of. Uncago, unkaj. v. f. পিক্স হইতে মুক্ত-কু; To set Uncalled-for, a. वाशार्थंड , वर्यम्ड ; विजिक्त ; Not required or needed; improper. Uncanny, a. नहनीत ; बानंद-महून ; Dangerous : —আক্ষা ; ভৌতিক ; Mysterious. Uncared-for, a. অনামৃত; উপেকিড; অমৃতব্দু; Not heeded. [ take out of a case. Uncase, un-kas, v. t. व्यावतन क्ट्रेंट वाहित-कृ ; To Unceasing, a. ক্রমাগত ; অবিরত ৷ Uncertain, un-ser'tan, a. अनिकिंड ; मिक्स : मरनमा-পা: Not certain; not positively known :-- চৰুৰ; আৰি বচিত । Syn :-- Ambiguous, equivocal, indistinct, indefinite; insecure, precarious, unreli-

irregular, unpunctual; capricious, fitful.

of certainty; doubtfulness; dubiousness,

slavery.

(অস্থারভাবে); ==uncharitableness (চিডের স্থাপিতা; व्यत्मेर्गर्ग)। Unchary, a. अविख्याती ; अमादबान । Unchaste, a. at; with; write: Lewd. Unchastity, n. agsi; बाबिडाद; नान्निडा; Lewdness. Unchecked, a. অবারিত ; অপ্রতিহত ৷ Unohristian, a. gat 44-वित्रहिंड ; Not Chris-[ ]; To expel from a church. tian : infidel. Unchurch, un-church, v. t. वर्षमक्ली ब्हेटड विक्ड-Uncial, a. उद्द जन्म नवसीत ; Pertaining to a certain style of letters :- n. यांत्रिक बुद्गकत ; An unicial letter. [ shaper. Unciform, a. आक्डांद्र नाह आकादिनिष्टे; Hooked-Uncinate, a. बहुआई ; Hooked at the end. Uncivil, un-sivil, a. अत्र ; अविष्ठे ; अविशेष्ट ; Not civil or complaisant. ad=uncivilly ( ) हेडरिन )। Syn :- Impolite, discourteous, r. de, unmannerly, ungracious, disrespectful. Uncivilised, a. অসভা; অণিক্ষিত; বর্মন; Barharous. Unclaimed, क अ-वानिक ; (व-वानि : वांशांत रूड [ the clasp of. मावि वा माख्यां करव नाहे। Unclasp, v. f. वसन-चौकड़ा वृतिहा एक्ता ; To locse Uncle, ung'kl, n. (णर्रा ; न्या : माजून ; निय्न ; त्यरता : The brother of one's father or mother. Unclean, un-klen, a. अश्विक ; अवद ; Poul :--[বিজভা )। यजिन ; स्टाइ ; Dirty. Uncleanly, a. অপবিত। ==uncleanliness ( ৰপ-Uncloanness, un-klehnes, n. अनिवाडा ; मन-नड! ; Want of cleanness. Syn :- Dirtiness, foulness, filth; lewdness, incontinence. Uncloak, un-klok, v. f. अरकत विश्वावत मुक्त-कृ; To remove a cloak from. Unclog, v. t. कीवक-निर्मुङ-कृ; ब्निशं (पंबर्श: To set at liberty. unclosed. Unclose, un-kloż, v. t. cetel : To open. a-Unclosed, un-klozd, a. ye; Open. Unclothe, un-kloth, v. t. विवत- ह ; डेनक- ह ; To [ clothing. make naked; to strip. Unclothed, a. উनक ; विवद्ध ; नग्न ; Divested of Uncook, v. f. (वन्द्रक्व) व्यांका निष्ठ-कः व्याका নামান ; To let down the cock of, as a firearm. Uncoil, un-koil, v. t. cate cetal; ceta cetal; বিজড়িত-কু; To unwind. Uncoloured, a. वाशांख बढ़ (नवर्ष रुव नारे; [ Not comely. ব্যবিষ্ঠ । Uncomely, a. बङ्बाद : क्रित ; क्वै ; बङ्गित : Uncomfortable, a. बातांत्रपृत्र ; बदशी ; बनक्य ; Ill at ease, ad = uncomfortably, n=uncomfortableness. Uncommon, un-komun, a. जनावान ; जनावान ; able; not sure, not confident, doubtful, dubious; बन्दि : बन्दि ; Not common ; strange ; not n=uncommonness. Syn :- Rare, usual. scarce, infrequent, unwonted, unusual, un-Uncertainty, n. অভিনতা; অনিকরতা; Want Rarely. markable, strange. Uncommonly, ad. नावाबवकाल नविश्वबद्धाल ; Unchain, un-chan, v. t. मानक क्रेड मुक-क: Uncompromising, a. নিৰ্বাছাতশন্ম-মুক ; সন্ধি-ज्यानमुक्त-क ; शांक्रिमा-(न ; To free from chains, or विशास नाताल ; Not agreeing to terms. Sys :-[ Immutable, Unchangeable, a. अश्विवद्वीत ; :- विडा ; विव ; Obstinate, unyielding, inflexible.

Unconcern. a. feeressi, deinis : Strayesi : Absence of anxiety. [ Not concerned. Unconcerned, a. हिलान्छ : छरशन्छ : छनानीन ; Unconcernedly, ad. बक्तन ; निर्शावनात्र । Unconditional, un-kon-dishun-al, a. क्यांबी : वांबा क्यांद्रिय खरीन मद्र : मनवरीन : Not limited or conditioned. ed-unconditionally (G-क्वार्य ; मनत्र का क्विता )। Syn :-- Unrestricted, - भगतिष्ट्यः युक्तः। unlimited, unqualified. Unconditioned, a. अमित्रिक, Unconditional: Unconfirmed, a. जप्रोइक : अनमर्विक । [ विनष्न ! Uncongenial, a. अनय-पद्माव ; विषय अकृष्टिक ; Unconquerable, a. चावतः ; जनवारमप्र ; हर्कतः ; Invincible. [ from. Uncork, v. t. feff ceini; To draw the cork Unconscionable, a. वृक्ति-(यक्ष ; विरक्षिक विक्रम् . भारतेष्टिक ; भागत्र ; चन्नात्र ; Not conformed to conscience; unreasonable. ad-unconscionably, n-unconscionableness. Unconnected, a. जन दुष्ट ; अनचक ; जनः नद्व । Unconscious, a. अकान ; तर्हन , बाहजन ; Not conscious; ignorant. ad = unconsciously (45)3-সাবে); n=unconsciousness (সংজ্ঞাহীনতা)। Unconstitutional, a. बादश्मिक नरह: विवि-বিশহিত ; অবৈশ : Contrary to the constitution. Uncontrollable, a. अदाश ; अव्या ; धादन ; Ungovernable. Uncouple, un-kup'l, v. t. १५३-३ ; To disjoin. Uncourteous, un-kurte-us, a. क्क : खिनीड : अत्र , Rude, uncivil, unpolite. ad=uncourteously, n=uncourteousness. Uncouth, un-kooth, a. [ A. S. un, not, and cudh, known ] অপরিচিত; Unfamiliar:-অসহত; অঘত ; কুংসিত ; Awkward :-- শহত , অপকণ , Odd ; strange, n=uncouthness ( \ 4493 ; 4493 ) 1 Syn :- Unusual, strange, unseemly, boorish, clumsy, clownish, ungainly. Uncovenanted, a. हेन्स्योन ; अनावानिष्ठ-पूर्व । Uncover, un-kuver, v. t. (时间, 宝戒语 3-季; नग्र-इ: To lay open: - नहे शकान-कृ, To disclose-v. i. मधानार्थ ऐंगी चूलिया (कना ! Syn :-Strip, lay bare, expose, disclose, discover. Unction, ung'shun, n. व्यक्तित्वन , रेडन प्रक्रन ; Anoming :- 474, Ointment :- 4715 Efe; ত্ত্ৰ: ত্ৰা · উৎকট ৰশাপুৱাৰ ; Warmth of devotion. Extreme unction—(दामीद शर्यंद सहिम टिनांडाङ अनुष्ठीन ; In the Roman Catholic Church, the rite of anointing with consecretated oil, administered to persons at the point of death, Lay a flattering unction to the soul-বুখা আপনাকে প্রভারিত-ভু; (কোন কিছু সইরা) মনে ৰৰে মাখা-ক ; Delude oneself with false hopes :-হবের বন্ন দেখিরা অন্তরাস্থাকে তথ্য কু; Soothe oneself with some pleasant fancy; flatter oneself with a pleasant belief. [ siness. Unctuosity, #. ভৈল্বরতা ; Oiliness ; grea-Unctuous, ung'tu-us, a. চ सिव्क ; रेडनांक ; नर्न ; ভেলা; Greasy; oily. n=unctuousity, unctuousness, ad=untuously. Syn :- Fat, fatty ; oily, olcaginous, adipose. Uncultivated, a. অক্ষিত ; পতিত ৷

Uncurl, v. t. कुक्त स्हेटड मूक-कृ , To loose from

ringlet :- v. f. :- TV4 TFT; To fall from a curled state. Uncut, a. wells, wies Undated, a. डावियरीन : वाशास्त्र डाविय व्यवसा स्त मारे :- जबकावमान ; Rising and falling in waves. Undaunted, a. वन्दितः Not daunted:-- वर्डाक्यः निकीनः Intrepid. ad-undauntedly ( निর্ভরে ) : n=undauntedness ( निर्टीक्टा )। Undeceive, v. s. वादि प्त-म ; त्रमू क्षेरियां-त्म ; To free from deception or mistake. [ settled. Undecided, a. অধীমাংসিত; অনিরূপিত; Not Undeclinable, a. राहांब क्रम कहा यांच मा ; अराह । Undefeced, a. अक्षणास्त्रिक ; अ-विन्ध । Undefended, a. अममर्विड : अविक्ड । Undefined, a. अनिक्रिणेड : अनिसीहिंड : विनक्ष्ण । Unde-in-law, n. 15404 of cars 404; The brother of a wife's or a husband's father. Undeniable, a. बकांडा ; बन्छ बोकांश ; नाहे। Under, under, prep. नित्य ; बीटि ; In a lower position than; beneath, below: - 34; 34014; Less than :--वनवर्ती रहेबा ; In subjection, in subordination, in liability :- वर्गात ; जात :- ममन माया ; क्षान अ व्यवस्था . During the time of :-adv. निता ; Below - छैन ; Less : - वरन ; अवीरन , In subjection - নিয় অবস্থায় ; In a lower degree or condition :- a. निषय : निषय ; निषय डी ; Lower . -अशोनक ; निवंड ; Subject ; subordinate. জ্বোত। An under current, n. विश्वी ह क्रिक वहमान अवः An under dose-we stal ! Bring under - मरोदन आना। subjection. Go under -- निक्य-इ। Keep under-अशीत वांशा ; उनाय बांशा ; Hold in To be under a cloud-मत्पदांशीन-इ, To be suspected; to be mistrusted. To be under the apprehension—€ 5-₹; To be apprehensive. Under age-नाराजक: पूर्व रहत्त्व क्य: Not yet arrived at the period when one legally ceases to be under parents and guardians. Under arms - अवन्य मध्यक ; मनव व्हेबा वृद्धार्व প্ৰস্তুত ; বৃদ্ধাৰ্থ সৈনিক শ্ৰেণীভূক , Drawn up ready to use arms, as soldiers. [ ted ; interdicted. Under ban, a. (कान किइ कतिएक निविद्ध ; Prohibi-Under cover-रिकड; बाज्याविक वा नुकाविक. Sheltered, protected Under fire-माजन शिलन सावित्र माजन साति वर्रावत माना ; वृत्त थावृत शांकित। ; Exposed to an enemy's shot. Under lock and key-vife first as: Completcly shut. [ in full view. Under one's nose - 3= नव्द ; In plain sight; Under one's seal-कारांत्र नामांकित त्यारत पित्रा हिकिठ : Attested by one's seal. [ চলিভাবসার। Under sail-नारेन पांचा गांनिक; পাইলক্ষরে Under sentence-reille; veiteres vets; Having sentence pronounced against. Under the suspices of the total অপুরহে বা আপুক্লো; Through the influence of; under the patronage of. Under the breath- नृक्षात ; हूल हूल ; Under one's breath; very softly. Under the guise of friendship - नक्त्व जान Under one's hand—কাহারত সহিষ্ক ; Bearing one's signature. [ অবস্থায় । 
Under one's signature—কাহারত নাম থাকরিত 
Under the hand and seal of—কাহারত বাকর 
এবং নামারিত বোহর দিয়া চিহ্নিত ; সহিত নোহরবৃক্ত 
ইয়া ; Attested by the signature and seal of. 
Under the head—বেশিভ্রুক , In the class that includes. 
Under the lee—To the leew ind 
Under the mark—ঠিক পরিমাণের কম ।
Under the mask—হল করিয়া , ছম্বেশে ।

Under the mark—ছব পাৰনাপের কম।
Under the mask—ছব করিয়া, ছমাবেশ।
Under the mask, cloak or pretence of religion—ধর্মের ভাব করিয়া, By pretending to be religious.

Under the rose—গোগৰে; Privately, in secret.
Under the scal of secrecy—গোগৰে বাধিতে
অস্ত্ৰীকাৰ কৰিলে, With the promise that it should
be kept secret.
[ the earth
Under the sun—পথিবতে: In the world, on

Under the sun—পৃথিকৈতে; In the world, on Under the thumb of—সম্পূৰ্কণে প্ৰাণীন, Servicely obedient, controlled by

Under the wing of willso, Under the cue or protection of.

Under water—ভলের মধা। ( লভাব।
Underway (or weigh)—শ্রানাল্ড, চালিতাUnderbid, ৮ ৫ অভাপেকা নান মলো ভাবা, দব
ক্ষাইয়া ভাবা, অন্ধ ধর হাকা, Io bid less thin another.

Underbred, under bred, a. হীন শিকা বা শিষ্টাচাৰ বিশিষ্ট, Of inferior breading or m innus

Underclay, n সৃতিবা তথ , A stratum of clay Underclothes, n. অৱকাৰ, কৰাৰ্য্য

Undercurrent, n ধ্ব-শ্ৰেচ, ধ্ৰকাই, A current below the surface of water

Underdone, a. বাহা সম্পূর্ণ সিদ্ধ হয় নাই, অসমার পক. Done less than is requisite, insufficiently cooked. (প্রিম্বাণ

Underdose, n. দান মাত্রা , পূর্ণ মাত্রা অপেক। কম Underdrain, n. ভূগভত্ত পর্মোনালী, A drain below the surface of the ground

Underestimate, ए প্রস্ত মুল্যের কম বিবেচনা-কৃ:
— স্বস্থাতিত মূল্য নিরুপণ।

Underfeed, v t. অভি কল আল আহার করান, To feed with too little food.

[ পান বন্ধ : Undergarment, n. অন্তর্কান, বাহ্যবন্ধের নিমন্থ পবিUndergird, ত নিমে বন্ধন-কু, To bind below.

Undergo, un-der-go', v. ? সহা-কৃ, সহা, To endure or suffer, to bear up against .—অধীন-হ, To be subjected to .—অবুস্তব-কৃ, ভোগ-কৃ। Sym:— Bear, suffer, sustain, experience, endure.

Undergraduate, under-gradu-at, n. বিশ-বিদ্যা-লয়ের বে ছাত্র বিএ উপাধি প্রাপ্ত হব নাই; A student who has not taken his first degree.

Underground, under-ground, a. ভূমিডালেব আনহ ; ভূমির নিমন্থ ; মাদীর ভিতর ; Under the surface of the ground ; subterranean.

Undergrowth, under-groth, স. বড বৃক্তের নিয়-ভাত চারাগাছ; বৃক্তকে উৎপর ক্যাদি, Shiubs growing under trees.

Underhand, under-hand, ad. পোপৰে; আছৱ-ভাবে; শঠভাপুৰ্কৰ, By secret means; by fraud: —a. বৃঢ়; গোপাৰীয়; ভৱ', Secret. Underlay, un-dér-14, v. t. নিম্নে ছাগন-কৃ; নীতে কো-বে, To lay beneath [neath; to support. Underlie, v. নীতে বাকা; নিমন্ত ; To the be-Underline, un-der-lin, v ' কোন শবের নিমে কশি টানা, নীতে রেখা টানা, নিম-রেছ-কু, To draw a line below, as a word

Underling, under-ling, n. डांरवनंत्र ; ख्योनंत्र कर्य-ठांबी , ख्योनंत्र वालि , An inferior person or agent : —नीठ वालि , A mean fellow

Underlying, a. fats , sas , sarel !

Undermaster, ॥ महकाही निक्क, महकाही श्रञ्छ । Undermentioned, a. निवलिश्वि, वांशह नाम गर्द छेल हरेगाह ।

Undermine, un-der-min, v. t. অবং ধনস-কু; গোডার হড়ক কটা, To dig under, to destroy or fell what is above — গোপনে নত্ত-কু; গোপনে ক্ডি-কু, To injure by underhand means.

Undermost, under-most, a. sup fare, नर्स-

Underneath, under-neth, ad निष्म, नीरक ; उटन ; Below —pre. निष्म , Beneath

Underplot, under-plot, m. অভিসন্ধি, গুল্ব মন্ত্ৰণা; গুলু প্ৰাণণা, Subordinate plot; a elandestime scheme —নাটুকে আপুৰাকিক ঘটনাথলী। [Support. Underprop, un-der-plop', v t অৱস্থান কাৰা; Underrate, under-নাং, v. t. অৱস্থানক, কমনুৱের বিশেষণা কৃ, ডুডুজান কৃ, Deplectate, undervalue:
— h. িত মুখ্য তথেকা অৱস্থা, A price less than the worth.

Undersecretary, n. অধীনাধাক, নিম্নতর সম্পাদক t
Underset, n বিপ্রতিবাহী অধং-প্রোত্ত: —v. t. ধরিষ
েনা, le prop [ter passing below.
Undershot, a. অধ্যেশবাহে চালিত; Moved by waUndersell, un-dei-sell v অপ্রের অপেকার স্বা

মৃহে হির্ব-কু, কম দরে বেচা, Γο sell cheaper than.
p. a = undersold.

Undersetter, n. অবল্যন, A prop or support.
Undersign, under-sin, v t ান্যে নাম স্থাক্স-ফু;
To write one's name ut the foot of.

To write one's name at the loot of.

The undersigned—निष्य वाक् वकांत्री, राज्यक।

Understand, un-der-stand, v t. ব্ৰিতে পাৰা;
হন্তক্ষ কু, প্ৰশ্বিন কু; বেখি-কু, Comprehend —
ক্ষাত্তক, ক্ষান , Bc informed — উত্থ পাকা , To
imply — v : ক্ষাত্তত্ত, To be informed of pppt = understood. Syn:—Recognise, know, perceive, discern, interpret, take, suppose; learn,
hear.

[ Being informed of.

Boing given to understand—কাত ইইবা: Give one to understand—কাহাৰত কথাতে এই বুঝা বায়, Lead one to believe .—কাহাকে কিছু বলা, কানান, আড-কু, Inform one.

Make one's self understood—काशाब कियाब लाह क्रियो क्याहेगा (क्या ।

Understanding, under-standing, n. বৃদ্ধি; ধাণজি, Intellect — জাব, বোধ, Knowledge:—
টিক অমুভব, Exact comprehension:—বিল্ বা Hermony:—মর্ভ, ক্রার। Syn.—Intelligence, apprehension, perception, conception, notion, idea; mind, sense, reason, brains; agreement, accord.

Good understanding—1811 !
On the understanding—4847 4414161 gents;

क्षेत्र कवित्र। वा काविता ; अहे वृषिता ; On the condition.

To come to an understanding with— কাহানত সহিত কোনও বিষয় সম্বন্ধে সন্ধি-কৃ; যুক্তি-কৃ; বন্দোবন্ধ-কৃ।

Understate, under-stat, v. t. ক্য কৰিয়া বলা, সভ্য অপেকা ক্য বৰ্ণনা-কৃ. To state or represent below the truth.

Undertake, un-der-tak, e. t. নিজের বাড়ে-ল; বীকার-কু; To take upon oneself:—চেট্রা-কু; To attempt:—আনিবার-কু; To accept:—হত্তে-ল; ভার-ল; To take in hand.—অনুভ-হ. To engage in. pt—undertook. p. p.—undertaken. Syn:—Engage in, embark in, enter upon; agree, stipulate, promise.

Undertaker, under-taker, n. নুদাকবান; One who manages funerals:— মুক্তিকারক, One who undertakes.

Undertaking, un-dér-tāking, n. কাৰ্য: কৰ্ম:
আনবাৰ্গিক কাৰ্য, অসীকাৰ: Any business or project engaged in, enterprise. Syn:—Engagement, promise, effort, endeavour, attempt, adventure.

Undertenant, n. পেটাৰ প্ৰজা : কর্-প্ৰজা। Undertone, n. নিয় বয় : A low tone.

Undervalue, un-der-valu, v. t. নামান্য জান-ক ;
কমমূল্যের বিবেচনা-ক ; To esteem lightly:—তুজ্
জান-ক ; To make below the real worth:—n. কম
কর ; Low rate or price. n=undervaluation
(উচিতাপেশা অনুষ্যা নির্দারণ)। Syn:—(v) Underrate, misprize ; depreciate, disestoem, despise.

Underwent, p. t. of un lergo.

Underwood, n. তথানি; বৃথানির মধ্যন্থ বোপ; Coppice. [ খনন-কৃ : Underwork, v. t. আন লাভে সমান কাজ-কৃ : অধঃ Underwrite, un-der-rit, v. t. বিমা-কৃ : কচিপ্ৰণ করিতে অসীকার-কৃ; খাক্র-কৃ; To insure against loss at sea; to write under something else; to subscribe.

Uuderwriter, under-rit-er, n. বিমাকারক, বে বিমা করে; বিমাকারী; বাকরকর্ত্তা; Insurer, one who insures; insurer of ships and cargoes.

Undeserved, a. অনুপত্ত ; অনুচত ; অনুষ্ঠ ; নিয়াৰৰ to deserve. ad—undeservedly ( অসঙ্গত্তপে )।
Undeserving, a. অনুপ্ৰোগী ; অপাত্ত : অন্ধিকাৰী ।
Undesigned, a. অনুধ্ৰেণ্ড : অনুদ্ধিপূৰ্বক । ad—
undesignedly (বিনা সভলবে) । স—undesignedness.
Undesirable, a. অনুধ্ৰিণীয় ; অনুদ্ধিপুৰ্বা ; Not desirable.
Undetermind, a. অনিশীয় ; অনুদ্ধিক , Not de-

Undeterred, a. অসমুচিত ; অবাধিত। Undevisting, a. অবিচলিত ; Steady.

Undigested, a. असीर्थ ; अपन ; यारा इसम दस नाहे ; Indigested. [ Not dignified.

Undignified, s. (त्रीत्रवर्शनि-सनकः अधिने-नानकः Undiminished, s. अकीनः चथक्कितः

Undisciplined, a. অবিনীত; অপিকিড; Not disciplined:—আৰ্কাড়া। [ সরল; খোলাসা।
Undisguised, a. অপাক্ত , নির্ভন;
Undismayed, a. অপাক্ত , নির্ভন;
Undisputed, a. নির্কিন্নোৰ, অনাপ্তিক।

Undistinguished, এ. অচিহিত; অপ্রসিদ্ধ।
Undistributed, এ. অপ্রসারিত; অব্যাপিত।
Undisturbed, এ. হৃদ্ধির; নির্মিদ্ধ ; অন্যানিড়িত;
Not disturbed.

Undivided, a. অবিভন্ত; অধিভিন্ন; Not divited; continuous:—সমন্ত; আভ; গোটা, Whole.

Undo, un-dob', v.f. বছল বুলা; আল্পা-কু; To untie; to unfasten:—সর্কনাশ-কু; নষ্ট-কু; Ruin; destroy:—রদ-কু, বাভিল-কু; উন্টাইনা দেওৱা; To reverse; to annul. Sym:—Invalidate, frustrate; loose, untie, unfasten, disengage; disentangle; impoverish.

Undoing, un-doo'ing, n. दिनान ; Ruin. Undone, p. a. नहे ; रुख ; अगन्नह ; Ruined.

Undoubted, un-douted, a. সংলচন্ত : নিংসলিও : নিশ্চিত : জব : Not called in question. ad=undoubtedly (নিংসলিভকপে): Syn:—Indisputable, indubitable, unquestionable, incontestable.

Undress, v. t. উনন্ধ-কু; বিবন্ধ-কু. To strip:—v.
i. কাপদে ছাডিয়া কেলা:—n. শিখিল পৰিকল্, আলুগা পোষাক; A loose dress. [Not proper. Undue, a. আগের: Not due:—আমুচিত; অবৈধ: Undulate, undu-lat, v. t. তর্কাবিত-কু; তবক্ববং অবাহিত-হু; To move like wavcs:—স্পালিত-কু; কম্পিত-কু; To cause to vibrate —v. r. কম্পিত-ছু; To wave; to vibrate. n—undulation.

Undulated, a. Esisto, Waving; rising and falling.

Undulation, un-dū-lāshun, n ভরকবং আন্দোলন, ভরকাবিত অবহা , A waving motion. Syn:— Fluctuation, vibration; wave, ripple, rimple. Undulatory, un-dū-la-tor-i, a. টেট বেলান; ভরকবং, উর্ভানত , Moving like waves.

Unduly, un-du'li, ad. सरशास्त्र , Improperly. Undutiful, a. खनाना ; यन ; धमाक्रकाती ; कर्डवा-

বিশ্বতিত। Undying, a. অধিনৰৰ : অনৰ , Immortal.

Unearth, un-érth', v. f মাট ফ্লৈড ভুলিয়া কেলা: প্ৰভিত্ত বাহিত্ত ; To drive out of the earth, to pull out of the earth; to disinter.

Unearthly, o. বৰ্গীয় ; অগাধিয় ; Heavenly.
Uneasmoss, un-ti-nes, n. উৎকঠা , ব্যাকুলতা ;
Anxiety ; disquict — এবাচ্ছান্য , The condition of being uneasy.

Uneasy, un-ele, a. অন্ধির; তানুল; Not easy; restless, disturbed n=uneasmess. Syn:—Restless, restive, unquiet, impatient, constrained, stiff, awkward.

Un-educated, a. অশিকিত; মূর্ব: Not educated. Uueffaced, a. অবিমোচিত; অবিলোগিত।

Unembarrassed, a. অক্তিত; অবিচলিডচিত্ত; Not confused. [বেকায়; নিক্সা; Out of work. Unemployed, a. অনিযুক্ত; Not employed:—

Unenvisble, a. चापाना ; चवार्यनीत ।

Unequal, un-e'kwal, a. অসমান; বিষম, Not equal; not matched:—অবংশই; Insufficient. Syn:—Uneven, not alike, disproportionate, irregular; inferior, insufficient, inadequate.
Unequalied. a. অতল: অসুপম: Unparalleled.

Unequalled, a. অতুল; অসুপম; Unparalleled. Unequally, ad. বিষয়ভাবে; ন্যুলাধিকলপে; Not equally.

Unequivocal, un-E-kwivo-kal, a. अनिक ; Not of doubtful signification :--- ; Clear. Syn :-Plain, direct, clear, manifest, unambiguous. Unerring. n. विक्र ; अभूत ; Committing no mirtake :- विक्ति ; चवार्च ; Certain. ad =unerringly ( अवाहतार )। [ even ; rough. Uneven, un-e'ven, a. अनमान ; आंदाडांबादाड़ां ; Not Unexamined, a. অগরীকিত ; অদৃষ্ট। Unexampled, ue-egz-ampld, a. अभूत : अमूना : Having no example or similar case. Syn :-Unprecedented, unparalleled, unequalled. Unexceptionable, a. अनिननीत ; जज़ाउम ; Unobjectionable; good. ad = unexceptionably. n = unexceptionableness. Unexpected, a. আচ্ৰিড; সতৰ্কিড, Sudden. Unexpectedly, ad. edic, asaic; Suddenly. Unexpectedness, \*. অনপেকিডৱ ৷ Unexpired, a. धनकीक ; Not expired. Unexplained, a. अवाभाउ ; Not explained. Unexplored, a. ৰপরীকিত; অনবেকিত। Unfaded, a. अहान , अविकक्ष ; Not faded. Unfading, a. fog-599; Not fading. [failing. Unfailing, a. বিশ্চিত, Sure:—অকব; Not Unfair, a. অকায়, অবায়; Not honest:—বিষম, Unequal. ad=unfairly ( অপ্তারকাপ ) । n = unfairness ( অসাধতা )। Unfaithful, a. अविषय , कुछक ; निमक-श्वाम ; Perfidious. ad=unfaithfully (予想有519年年); n= unfaithfullness ( 30931 ) ! Unfaltering, a. व्यविष्ठित ; नाहे डेक्काविक । Unfashionable, a বে-দপ্তৰ; অপ্রচলিত। Unfaston, un-fain, v. t. श्वित्रा-त्व ; To untie :f be sounded. আৰুগা-কু, To loose. Unfathomable, a. अडवनार्व; क्यांब; Too deep to Unfavourable, a. অবস্কুল, বিপথতি, অভত, Not favourable, contrary. Unfooling, a. निर्भन्न ; निहेव ; Cruel :- करिनक्षमय ; Insensible. Sincere. Unfeigned, a. वर्षार्थ: अकृतिम , Real: - अक्पार्ट ; Unfelt, a. अनन्ज , अनुभनक। Unfotter, un-fetet, v. t. मूख-क् ; चाधीन-कृ ; वक्क-मुक्-क ; To set at liberty ; To unchain. Unfilial, a. अम्डारनांहिंड ; Unsuitable to a child. Unfinished, a. অসম্পূর্ণ, অসমাপ্ত; Incomplete. Unfit, un-fit, a. অবুপার , জ্যোগা ; Unsuitable ; not fit :—v. t. জর্পারজ-র ; To make unsuitable. n=unfitness ( অৰুপৰ্কতা )। Syn:—(a) Unsuitable, inappropriate, inapposite; unqualified, incompetent. [ unsettle. Unfix, un-fiks, v. t. अपूछ-क ; बुनिया (कना : To Unfixed, a. व्यवक ; व्यक्ति ; विव्यविष्ठ ; Not fixed. Unflagging, un-flag'ing, a. अश्वन्त्रीत ; Not droping. [ Not feathered. Unfledged, a. অপরিপক; Unripe :- অধ্যতপক: Unflinching, a. अमाकाह नेन ; Unyielding. Unfold, un-fold, v. t. विश्वात-क ; উন্মালিড-क ; Spread out ; disclose :-- वता ; अकान-कृ ; Tell. Syn :- Expand, unroll, exhibit, display, disclose, reveal, declare, divulge, develop, explain. Unforeseen, a. अपृष्टेश्क ; अनाशिक ; Failed to foresee. Unforgiving, a. निर्मत : निर्मत : कम्बियन ।

Unformed, a. অগাটত ; অনিৰ্বিত ; Decomposed ; not formed. Unfortunate, un-for'tū-nāt, a. হতভাগা ; অভাগা ; Not fortunate; unlucky. ad=unfortunately ( इंडी नात्रपड: )। Syn :- Unsuccessful, unlucky, ill-starred, unhappy, disastrous, calamitous. Unfounded, a. ভিতিশুর; অমূলক; Baseless :--341 : Vain. f frequent. Unfrequent, a. विज्ञन ; वांश मर्खना वटि ना ; În Unfrequented, a. मन्तानमानमन्छ ; Rarely visited. Unfrequently, ad. crafe; stoe; Hardly. Unfriended, a. वक्रीन ; Not be friended. Unfriendly, a. अन्यूक्त ; शिक्ष ; Not favorable. Unfruitful, a. वका। ; निकला ; अपूर्वत ; Barren, Unfulfilled, a. अम्लाम : Not fulfilled. Unfurl, un-furl, v. t. विश्वाद-कृ; अमाविक-कृ; To unfold, to spread; to expand, to open. Ungainly, un-gehli, a. क्षाकाव; क्षर्ग, Clumsy . awkward, uncouth :- 374 Ungonerous, a. अनुनान : कूजननाः ; Illiberal ; unkind. ad = ungenerously. Ungenial, a. यकार्वनिक्षक ; अकृष्टि-विक्रक । Ungenteel, a. कारा; बारि ; Rude, ad = ungenteelly. 李明; Harsh. Ungentle, a. अमृता ; अड्डा ; Not gentle -- कर्कन ; Ungird, v. t. कडिनक (बाला , भिडी मूलिया क्ला ; To loose from a girdle; to unbind. Ungodly, a. अशिक , भारक ; Sinful ; impious. n = ungodliness (नांडिक छा)। [खरमा ; खनाननीय। Ungovernable, a. অবংশ; ছবস্ত; Unruly:---Ungraceful, a. কৃঞ্জী, কদব্য; Awkward. ad= ungracefully (क्ष्युकार्य)। n=ungracefulness Ungracious, a. निर्मव ; Wicked :- कर्रन , Unpleasing, ad = ungraciously ( facinty ) 1 n= ungraciousness ( निर्देशको )। Ungrammatical, a. वाक्रवंद्रहे ; अनाव्। Ungrateful, a. 4558; 338; Not thankful for favours. ad sungratefully ( seroite) | n= ungratefulness (অকুচক্ষর))। Ungrudging. a. aoisa i Unguarded, a जनकिंड; Unprotected. In an unguarded moment—মনবহিত অবহার; हैं नियांव ना बाकांव व्यवद्यां : Incautiously ; when not on one's guard. Unguent, ung'gwent, n. मनम ; मोनिम , धालन ; Ointment. Unguinous, a. रेडनांक : Oily. Ungulate, a. यूत्रविनिष्ठ ; Hooled. Unhair, v. f. त्वनपृष्ठ-इ : मूलन-कृ : To deprive of Unhallowed, un-halod, a. wolfa, wolf: Profane ; wicked :-- অকুতোৎসর্গ। Unhand, un-hand, v. t. वहित्त-(न ; जान-कृ ; To let Unhandy, a अनक, अन्हें ; Not dexterous. Unhappy, un-hap'e, a. অসুৰী; হতভাগা; Not happy or fortunate. Syn :- Unfortunate, unlucky, disastrous, calamitous, hard, severe; distressed, afflicted, miserable, wretched. Unharmed, a. 443, Not injured. Unharness, un-her'nes, v. f. मळाहाड-इ ; व्याहाड সাজ খোলা : To take the harness off : - সাল্য- : नित्रक क To disarm.

---Unhacithy Unhealthy, a. नीडांबनक , नग्न , Unwholesome. Unheard, a. 455, Not heard [dented , new Unheard-of, a অভ্তপ্র : অঞ্তপ্র . Unprece-Unheeded, a. 317 43 , 43815; Disregarded. Unheedful, a. अमलकं , अमाताावाकी , Heedless. Unhelpful, a. अनम्कृत , मारायाकिन । Unhinge, un-hing', v. s. कका स्टेट श्वामा : विक-লিত-ক ; To take from the hinges -- নাকুল-ক , অপৃত-কু, বিচলিত-কু; অস্থির-কু, To render unstable I am quite unhinged-आभात मन हकन इहेगाड ; My equilibrium of mind is disturbed, my nerves are shaken. Unholy, a wally; was, Impious - west, Not holy n=unholiness ( আসাধ্তা )। pected. Unhonoured, a. অসমাধিত। Unhoped-for, a. অনপেশিত, আশাতীত, Unex-Unhorse, un-hors, v. t (बाधांत छेशव हरे च विकृत-কু, অৰণুষ্ঠ হইতে পাতিত-কু, To throw off from a horse. Unhouse, un-howt, w. t. wind socs ga-q, हेशांत्र-कृ, To drive from a house or shelter Unburt, p. a अकड, अनाइड, Uninjured. a= unhurtful ( अन्थकावी )। Unicorn, u'm-korn, n. এकनुत्रनिष्टि कवित छड बिटाव ; A fabulous animal with one hor । Uniform, T'ni-form, a [ L. unus, one, and forma form | সমাৰ, একরণ, Or the same form invariable .- 4 4 14 , Having always the same form, minner or character -775, Consistent —» नदा तम , रेन निकास्य मञ्जो , जुनाक्रम , A die-s of the sime kind with others, naval or military equipm t al=iniformly Syn -(1) Unviry

ing, unchanged under tating, equable, regular, constant, consorant. In uniform—ममंड (व'क ख ल्य तार ता तारी,

द्व. न्य , In the dress that is worr ! , ill persons belonging to a body by which they are distinguished from others.

Uniformity, u-ni-formi-ti, म्या, धनकभंडा न mast, Uniformness, agreement in a patiern or rule sameness.

Act of uniformity-Act of law icquain. clergymen to abid by the 30 Articles

Unify, um-in, v. t [ I. unus oic, facio, to make ] একীছুত-কু, এক-কু, To make into unit Uniliteral, U-m-hier-al, a [L, unus, onc, litera, a letter ] a এক অক্সবিশিষ্ট, একাক্ষ, Con

sisting of one letter.

Unimpassioned, a 24. 441 Unimpeachable, a जनिवन'इ, Blameless Unimpeded, a অনিমিত; প্ৰভাৱ। portant Unimportant, a. सथायांत्रनीय , मामान , Not im-Unimpressible, a অকোডপায়; উদাসীন। Uninhabitable, a नामद वायांगा।

Uninhabited, a. জনপুত , বস্তিচান।

Uninjured, a अनाइड, अक्ड, Unhurt. Unintelligible, a. was, auss, That may

not be infringed. Unintentional, a अन्डिट्यक । Uninteresting, a অপ্রতিকর বাচা চিত্তাকর্মক নতে ৷

Uninterrupted, a व्यविदेख, विवादिक्ष , निवदिक्ष । Uninvited, त अन इड अनियाप्ति ।

Union, Chyun, n. [ L. unio, from unus, one ] সংযোগ; সন্মিদন , Conjunction; a uniting :-- ক্রমা; अकडान : Concord : harmony :-- मिन्द बाना : Syn .- Junction, Confederacy. connection. coalition, combination; agreement, concert, unison, unity, alliance.

Union is strength—একতাই বল , একতাই শক্তি। The union-The legislative incorpopation of England and Scotland in AD. 1707 and of Ireland with both in AD 1800.

Union Jack, n খেটব্রিটন ও আগরলভের জাতীর পতাকা, The national flag of Great Britain and Ireland.

Unique, u-nek, a. [F. L. unicus, from unus, one] অধিতীয় , অসুণাম ; একমাত্র , Being without an equal, single in any quality; unprecedented. Svn -Single, sole, solitary, unequalled, unmatched

Unison, d'ne-son, n. [ L. unus, one, and sonus, a sound ] একতান , সমস্ব ; সংস্কৃত্ব ; Concord, harmony, agreement

In unison with—কোন কিছুর সহিত মিল . In harmony with. Sounds

Unisonance, n नगाना, Accordance of Unisonant, a ANTA, Reing in unison

Unit, I'nit, n. 44 , A single thing or person ; one, the least whole number Syn -Ace, item part, individual

Unitarian, G-ni tfri-in, n geangaift; fagfa अश्वीदारकारी, On who deme the doctrine of unity and believes that the God of Christianity exists in one person, one who denies the doctrust of the Trinity

Unitarianism, n. The doctiones of unitarians Unitary, .. 97 37

Unito, u nit, e e 4 min F. A gas- 4 . To join . to combine -मान > , lo form into a league or confede 1 y -v. 1 97'55 \$ . To become one. to join in in ict, Syn - Combine, connect, attach add, incorporate, embody, consolidate, blind merge, couple, conjoin associate, concur agree coalesce, le 19 16, confederate United, a মিলি : , সংস্ক , এব এত , Joined

United Kingdom, n 1,70, 3000 6 mingra. English Empire

United Provinces, n Confederacy of Holland. United States, n আমেরিকাৰ মিলিভ রাজা; Confederacy of North America [ gether. Unitedly, ad arts, Joinedly, in union, to-Unity, "i'ne-te, n [ L. unitas, from unus, one ]

সংযোগ, একা, একতা, Oneness, state of being one; singleness - হুগর, বিল, Concord, agreement; harmony. Syn .- Individuality; union; agreement, unanimity.

Univalve, a এক খোলক . Having one shell :n অগভিত খোলক ; A shell of one valve.

Universal, U-ne-versal, a. नार्क्ट होनिक, नार्वातन, विश्वतांशी , विश्वनीय ; General , whole comprising all particulars. # = universality ( विश्वज्ञीन , मर्क-ব্যাপকতা ) , ad = universally (সকলোকে)। Sym :-All, unlimited, allreaching, entire, total, whole; catholic, ecumenical.

ad=unluckily ( ছর্ডাগাক্সম )।

Universal proposition—পদভাবদেশিকা প্ৰভিজা। Unmade, a. 475; Uncreated; deprived to Universal religion—नार्काकोन वर्ष । Universalism, U-ni-ver'sal-ism, अ. नाक्वनीन Unmake, un-mak, v. f. महे-म ; सम-म ; To desafterin; The doctrine or belief that all men troy ; to ruin ; undo. a=unmade. [ of being universal. Unman, un-mah, w. t. পুরুষত্ হানি-কু; বলহীল-কু; will be saved. Universality, n. niev; The state or quality To deprive of the powers of a man; emascu-Universe. U'ni-vers, n. [ L. unus, one, verto, late :—নিক্তসাহ-কু; ইডাপ-কু; Dishearten. Syn :-versum, to turn ] পृथियो ; विष, अग्र ; The whole Emasculate, effeminate, unnerve, debilitate; dishearten, discourage, deject. creation; the world. [ trollable. University, u-ni-ver'si-ti, n. विश्वविद्यालक ; As-Unmanageable, a. अन्यनीत ; अवांश ; Uncon-Unmanly, un-mahle, a. (लोक्यहीन ; कुर्यान ; Unsemblage of colleges with an examining body. Univocal, u-nivo-kal, a. একাৰ্থক : সমস্বর : Havsuitable to a man. Syn :- Effeminate, womanly; ignoble, base, cowardly. ing unison of sounds. Unjust, un-just, e. weis ; wafes ; Not just ; Unmannerly, a. अन्छा ; सनिष्ठे ; Uncivil. contrary to right or law. ad = unjustly ( water Unmarked, a. अहिङ्ड ; द्यांश ! करने)। n=unjustness ( अक्रोबार्का)। Syn:--Unmarried, a. व्यविताहिक ; व्यन्त । Unmask, un-mask, v. i. इदारान जान-इ: मुक्त Unlawful, unequitable, unfair, unrighteous, wrong, wicked; fraudulent, dishonest. খোলা ; To take any disguise off ; to expose. Unjustifiable, a. অকার। Unmeaning, un-mening, a. अनर्क : निवर्ष : অর্থহীন; অসকত; Wanting meaning. Unkennel, un-kehel, v. t. वामगर्व हरेएड छाड़ा-Unmeasured, a. अन्तिभित्र। Enfoy , To drive from a hole. Unkind, a. ware ; निर्मत ; काउन ; Wanting in Unmeet, a. अव्हिड । शिंख । Unmerciful, a. निर्मय । ad = unmercifuly ( निष्ट्रक kindness ; cruel. n=unkindness ( নির্দারতা )। Unkindly, ad. निर्मन्त्रशंदन; Cruelly :-- a. निर्मन ! Unmorrited, p. अपूर्णक ; Undeserved. Unmindful, a. व्यवतार्वात्री : Heedless. Unkingly, ad. अवार्खाहिङ , वाकांत्र अरवाना । Unknowingly, ad. ना कानिया, अळानभूसक। Unmixed, a. অনিপ্রিত; বিভদ্ধ: Pure. Unmolested, a. व्यवित्राम ; व्यवाधित । Unknown, a. অক্সাত; কবিদিত। Unmoor, un-moor', v. t. नक्द (डांना ; To loose Unknit, un-nit, v. f. (बाना ; दूनांडे (बाना ; To from moorings or from an anchor :- v. i. open; to unweave. Unknot, v. t. 18-3; To untie. [ lace. श्लिमा-या। Unisce, un-las, v. t. [45] ceial . To take off Unmounted, a. अनाका। Unlade, un-lad, v. f. वाका भागाम-क ; मान पानि-कृ, Unmoved, a. अविध्वित ; উषामीन। To take things from out of a vessel; to unload. Unmuffle, un-mui'l, v. t. मुल्म (बांला : To take a Unlawful, a. (व-वाहेन. Illegal:—कोवन; Not muffling or covering from. permitted by law. ad = unlawfully ( অবৈধুরূপে ) i Unmuzzle, v. भूषत्र (शाला ; To remove a muzzle n=unlawfulness ( (व-वाहान )। Unnamed, a. अनागाउ; अक्षिछ। Unlearn, un-lern, v. t. विश्व छ-इ ; कृतियां-चां ; To Unnatural, un-natu-ral, a. अवाङादिक ; कृतिय ; forget what has been learned; to lose from Not natural. Sym:-Abnormal, anomalous, memory. irregular, monstrous, preternatural; forced, Unlearned, a. অশিবিত . Not Icarned. strained, affected. [ necessarilly ( दुव्हा ) । Unloss, un-les, conj. वि ना ; if not , supposing Unnecessary, a अनावश्रक : Needless. ad -unthat not :- वाडोड ; Except. Unnerve, un-nerv, v. t. san-s; कीन-क; निक-Unlettered, a. अझ ; अनकत्र, Illiterate. होन-क ; To weaken , deprive of strength. Unlicensed, a. चननूभड, चनूभडि-পত बाहा चन-Unnoticed, a. जनाशिक ; जनिक ; अनाम ह। Unnumbered, a. अर्थावंड। মর্থিত। ((देशांषु । Unlike, a. विमन्न ; विवम ; आगम । n=unlikeness Unobserved, a. অলকিড ; অনৃষ্ট। Unlimited, un-limit-ed, a. अभीम ; अপরিমিত ; Unobstructed, a. (श्राता ; अयुक्त ; Open :-Unobstrusive, a. पृष्टेजारीन ; मक्ठिंड । Having no bounds. Syn :- Boundless, infinite, unrestricted, absolute; undefined, indefinite. Unoccupied, a. अन्धिक्छ ; नुस्र । Unload, un-lod, v. f. win sates ye-7; To take Unoffending, a. निर्वोह. Harmless. Unofficial, a. (3-मत्रकांति। the load from :-- युक्त-कृ; त्वाकार वानान-कृ; To Unoften, ad. Trifes; Not often. discharge; to disburden. Unlock, un-lok, v. t. डाला (बाना ; डेन्स्डिड-इ ; Unopen, v. t. जानक हरेट कांज़िना-ए ; Set free To unfasten what is locked; to open. from being penned up. Unopened, a. অবিকাশিত ; অফুটত। Unlooked-for, a. जन(竹年3; Unexpected. Unloose, un-loos, v. t. आन्त्रा-क् ; निवित-क् ; मुक-Unopposed, a. वनांशिङ ; —ad. विना अकितक्षक । F; To make loose; to unfasten; to set free. Unostentatious, a. बांड्यबरीन ; Not showy. Syn:-Untie, unbind, unfasten, unbuckle, Unpack, un-pak, v. t. (बाला ; बढा द्याला : To unchain. open. Unlovely, a. অপ্রীতিকর ; কুংসিত ; Not amiable. Unpaid, a. व्यदेशिक : वाशंत्र मालन प्रवत्ना रह नाहे। Unlucky, a. जानाहीन ; अल्ड ; Unfortunate. Unpalatable, a. अकृषिकत : Distasteful.

Unpardonable, a. जमार्कनीय।

Unparalleled, un-par'al-leld, a. अपून ; अरि-Unremedied, a. আমুণ্যমিত। ভীর; Without a parallel or equal; unmatched. Unpeople, un-pc'pl, v. t. (नाक्नुज-इ; To de-ि छारव । prive of inhabitants. Unperceived, a. अपृष्ठ : अन्यूकुठ :—ad. अनिकर-Unperformed, a. अंग्लाविङ : अनिङ्गीछ । Unpin, un-pin, v. t. शिन श्लोनों , To open what is pinned. f agreeable. Unpleasant, a. वित्रक्तित्वन ; अशोष्टिकत ; Dis-Unploughed, a. 4-57) Unpolished, a. অমার্কিড, আবড়ো-থাবড়ো; Deprived of polish :-- অসভা ; অদুবিত ৷ Unpoluted, a. अनुविक ; भविजे। Unpopular, a. সাধাৰণের অপ্রিব। Unpractical, a. जनायाक्य ; Impractical. Unpractised. a. অনভাত ; অন্তিজ। Unprejudiced, c. পক্পাতপুস্ত , Impartial. Unprepared, a. 4283; Not prepared. Unpretending, un-pre-tend-ing, a. 33, 37%-कांबी , Modest. Unprincipled, a. क्वांगकांग नित्तक्रनान्त , Unscrupulous :- অব্যবস্থিতমতি, চঞ্লচিত্র। Unprivileged, a. अन्धिकाव । Unproductive, a. अर्थन, Barren :- अर्थ-शापक : Not bringing in any return Unprofessional, a. त्व-त्मनानात्र, वावमाव-विभिन्त । Unprofitable, a. অলাভজনক ; বুখা। Unprolific, a. अपूर्वत , अपूर्णावक ; Barren. Unpropitious, a. অতত, অবহুকুল; Inauspiprotected. CIOUS. Unprotected, a. অরকিত; অভিভাবকংীন; Not Unproved, a. অপ্রমাণকৃত। Unprovided, a अमृद्धि , शांति , Unsurnished. Unprovoked, a. অব্ভেজিট, অবাবণ। Unpublished, a. অপ্রকাশিত, গুলা Unpunctual, a. अममग्रनिके। Unpunished, a. অপাসিড, অদভিত। Unqualified, a. অনুপবুক , এবিচ্ছিন্ন; অবিশেষিত , Not having the requisite talents. Unqualified happiness—অবিভিন্ন সুণ। Unquenchable, a. অনিকাপণীয়। [questionable. Unquestionable, a. অতক্নীয়; নি.সম্বেহ, Not Unquiet, a. अध्वि, बाक्न, Restless. Unravel, un-ravi, v. t. बड़ (बाना ; बाना ; निविन-F; To disentagle; to untwist; separate threads of cloth :-- वाका-क. To explain .- १५क-क : To separate :- v. i. (श्राना . To be disentangled. Unroad, a. 47/35, Not read or perused :-অখণ্ডিত , অনক্ষর ; Illiterate. Unready, a. ৰূপন্তত ; Not prepared — সৰু ; Slow. Unreal, a. अवास्त्र ; अम्डा, Not real .- भागामक, থানত , Illusive. Unreasonable, un-re'zn-a-ble, a. Miller. ज्यां ; Irrational , not agreeable to reason : -ৰণবিষিত; Immoderate. Syn:-Irrational, absurd, preposterous, immoderate, exorbitant, inordinate. Unrecorded, a. जनिनिवह । Unredsemed, a. Not redeemed. Unreformed, a. watterife's; Not reformed. Unrelenting, a. निर्मन ; किन ; Cruel, hard.

Unreliable, a. व्यविष्यवीत , Untrustworthy,

Unremitting, c. अविशेष : विशेष : Incessant. Unrepaired, a. चनःकृष्ठ ; चनः न्यांविष्ठ । Unrepealed, a. বাহা বাতিল করা হর নাই : Unrepresented. a. অপ্রতিনিছিত : অবভিনীত। Unrequitted, a. अनित्नावित । Unresented, a. অপ্রতিহিংসিত। Unreserved, a. अक्ली ; नवन ; Open ; frankrest. Unrest, a. 41335 ; Gewit ; Disquiet ; want of Unrestrained, a. অপ্রশ্মিত : অগমিত । Unrestricted, a. जरावित : जन्निक्स । Unretired, a. অপ্রতিপ্রেরিড। Unrevenged, a. अधिविश्मिष्ठ। Unrevengeful. a. क्यांनीत : खबाउहिः मानवादन । Unrewarded, a. waiys . wyape ! Unriddle, v. t. देशानि काला ; अवन-कृ ; विनव-कृ ; To solve ; explain. Unrig, v. t. वनावनि नुक-क ; To strip of rigging. Unrighteous, a. अमान ; Evil :- अवानिक ; Sinful. Unripe, a. আৰু ; কাচা ; Not ripe. Unrivalled, a. अनुश्र ; अकुल ; Peerless ; having no rival. Unrobe, un-rob, v. i. डेलक्-क : To undress. Unroll, un-rol, v. t. श्रीता -(म ; To unfold ; to untwist or uncoil, as what has been rolled up . - 四年中子, To display. Syn: - Open, unfold, evolve, develop, discover. Unroof, un-root', v. t. ছাত ভাঙ্গিবা কেলা : To [ drive from the roost. strip of the roof. Unroost, v t. बाना वा काँछ इतेख छाछाहेशा-त ; To Unroot, un-root, v. t. पून छ १ भावन-कृ; To tear up by the roots -- ७डान वर्ष त्यांना . To open [ 判据; Smooth. out. Unruffled, a. मना ; Not agitated .- मृति ; Unruly, un-roofe, a. अवभा , अवाधा , अवन ; इह . Ungovernable Syn .- Refractory, disobedient, insubordinate, wild, riotous, disorderly. Unsaddle, un-sadl, v. t. (पाड़ांब मात्र (पाला , To throw from the saddle. Unsafe, un-১৯৫, a. আপদর্যক ; সম্ভাপর ; Not safe or free from danger. ad-unsafely ( 44fara) | Syn:-Insecure, dangerous, perilous, hazardous. Unsaleable, a. प्रिट्र : Not saleable. Unsanctified, c. w73; wer ! Unsatiable, a. অতৰ্ণাৰ, Insatiable. Unsatisfactory, a. जनस्थानवनक। Unsavory, a. विवान ; चानहीन ; Not pleasing to the palate. [ retract ; recant. Unsay, unsa, v. t. वडांचान-इ ; क्वा शान्तिन ; To Unscared, a. चनवित्र । [ injured. Unscathed, c. waise; was; Not harmed or Unschooled, a. অশিকিত; অশাদিত; Not taught. Unscientific, a. व्यदेखानिक । Unscrew, un-skrow, v. t ( ) [ ( ) ] To un-Unscrupulous, a. वर्षांवर्ष वित्वहमानुक ; अनक्षित ; Unprincipled. Unseal, un-sci, v. t. मांड्य चुनियां क्ला: ब्लाइय 74-7, To open what is sealed. Unsearchable, un-seicha-bl, a. क्टब्र , क्टिंग ; अनिर्देश , Mysterious.

Unsessonable, c. जनावित : जनाविक ; lil-timed. Unsessoned, a. जगह ; जनशह ; जनशिक ; Illtimed. [ deprive of a seat. Unseat, un-set, v. f. निश्नामन-क ; जामनकाछ-क ; To Unsectarian, a. अनाच्यनंदिक ; উनाद । Unseemly, a. অমুচিত : Unbecoming :-- নিশিত। Unseen, a. अपृष्टे ; अम्बिङ ; Not discovered. Unselfish, a. निःचार्च। [ fit for service. Unserviceable, a. अकार्शकतः अवावश्याः Not Unsettle, un-seri, v. t. अपृक्-कृ ; विव्यविष-कृ ; अधित-कृ ; To unfix :-- व्यनिन्छ-क ; त्-बत्नावष-क ; To make uncertain; to disturb :- v. i. अनिन्डि-इ; To become uncertain. Syn :- Displace, remove; disturb, discompose, confuse, disorder. Unsex, un-seks, v. t. স্বাভ্যন্তরে পরিবর্ত্তিত-কু; কোম-मछ। विहाछ-इ : भौर्याशीन-इ : To deprive of sex or of its qualities; to make unmanly or womanly. Unshackle, un-shakl, v. t. मूक-क् ; वारीनजा-त ; [ Firm. To set free. Unshaken, a. welme : Unshaked :- [34; wor ; Unshapely, a. क्यांकांद्र : कुन्ना ; Deformed. Unsheathe, v. t. निकामिक-कृ; बान इट्रेंड वाहित-कृ; [ tected. To draw from the sheathc. Unsheltered, c. অনাঞ্জিত :- অরক্তিত ; Unpro-Unship, un-ship', v. t. काहाक इट्रेंट वाहित-कृ, डेनान ; To take out of a ship or of its place. I recoiling. Unshod, a. शाहकारीन। Unshrinking, a. अन्तरकारकाती ; अक्षित : Not Unsight, a. ना (मिन्ना दनना; Done without sight; [ Ugly ; deformed. not seeing. Unsightly, un-sirli, a. क्लाकांत्र ; क्रिज ; कुकल , Unskilful, a. अनिभूत ; अन्क ; Inexperienced ; ignorant. n=unskilfulness ( অৰকতা ) ! Unskilled, a. वानिकड, वाटक : Ingorant. Unslaked, a. बानवर्डिंड, समान ; Unslacked. Unsociable, a. अनालानी , अनाभाविक ; Reserved. Unsoiled, a. निर्धन ; निर्धनक । Unsold, a. व्यविकीछ : याहा (वहां इह नाई। Unsolicited, a. स्थापित। Unsolved, a. অসমাহিত ; অনিরূপিত। Unsought, a. avifes ! I diseased. Unsound, a. (भाषपुर , नीज़िक; चर्च ; Not sound; Unsown, a. age 1 Unsparing, a. मुक्क ; देशंद ; Liberal ; profuse. ad=unsparingly ( वाह्नकारन ; Freely ). [rable. Unspeakable, a. अवस्त्वा ; अनिव्यक्तीत ; Unutte-Unspent, a. wastes ! Unspoiled, a. অবিকৃত ; অবিগঠিত। Unspotted, a. निकाह ; निकंड ; Free from stain. Unstable, a. afra; 547; Wavering; not firm. Unstaid, a. अवावश्चित्रमा: : अधित : Fickle. Unstained, a. निर्मत ; अक्लक । Unstamped, a. बाहा (माहद कर्ता नद ; मार्ग । Unstanched, c. अनिवर् । Unsteady, un-stede, a. अहिन ; हक्न ; Not steady; not firm. ad = unsteadily ( \* ( ); #=unsteadiness ( অধিরতা )। Syn :-Reeling, towering, oscillating; unsettled, inconstant; changeable, variable. Unstinted, a. वर्शक्त ; वराष्ट्रि । Unstirred, a. बिवाबिड।

free from a stopper ; open. Unstring, un-string', v. t. vie at win winding: रखरीम-कृ; निश्नि-कृ; To take the string off; to relax; to loosen. Unstudied, a. अनशेष ; षहिच गुर्स : Not studied ; unlaboured; unversed. Unsubstantial, a. अमात्र ; जवांखविक ; कक्रिङ ; Lacking in matter. cessful; unlucky. Unsuccessful, a. अनुजकाश ; विक्ल ; Not suc-Unsuitable, a. অসুপথোগী; অসুচিত; Not fit. Unsuited, a. 47998; Not fitted. Unsullied, a. विमल ; अक्लक्षिछ । Unsupported, a. অপ্ৰামাণিক; অসমৰ্থিত। Unsuspecting, a. मःनवन्त्र । Unsuspicious, a. অসংশয়কারী ; বিশুদ্ধ। Unswerving, a. अडेल ; श्वि। Unsworn, c. अकुड-अभव । [ symmetry. Unsymmetrical, a. (3-(5)) Wanting in Unsympathetic, a. নির্দায় ; সহামুক্তিশৃত। Unsystematic, a. (4-acettas) Untack, v. t. cetel; To release. Untained, a. अक्लक्ड ; विमन ; Pure. Untaken, a. अगृहिङ ; अनिवृक्त । Untamable, क व्याभावीय : वामा । Untame, a. बर्गावा : वननीकृत । Untarnished, a. अन्वित ; निर्मत । Untasted, a. बनानानिड : Not tasted. Untaught, a. अनिकिंछ : बार्शिवक । Untensble, a. water ! Untenanted, a. প্ৰছা ধারা অন্ধিকৃত ; শুক্ত ৷ Unthankful, a. 4558; Ungrateful. Unthinking, a. किशहोन ; अनावशान ; Not heedful; not-thinking. Unthoughtful, a. weigs ! Unthread, un-thred, v. t. প্তা খোলা; পুত খুলিয়া cont; To loose the threads. Unthrifty, a. अभवावी ; Wastful ; lavish. Untidy, a. অপবিজ্ঞ; অগরিগাটী : Slovenly. Untie, un-ti' v. t. (शाना : अप्ति (मानन-क : नीहेंद्रे খোলা : To unbind ; to loosen ; to clear. Until, un-til, ad. conj. pre. वनवि : श्रवाह : द्व পৰ্যন ; Till ; to the degree that. Untilled, a. অক্রিড; পতিত। Untimely, a. অসাম্যিক; অকাল্সভূত; Ill-timed. Untiring, un-tiring, a. অক্লান্ত; অবিভান্ত; Indefatigable; not becoming tired. ad=untiringly ( अञ्चास्टार्व )। Unto, untoo, prep. (3; els; Mica; To. Untold. a. অক্থিত : অসুক্ত Untouched, a. wys; was ! Untoward, un-to'ard, a. কুংসিড; Awkward :--जनांश; जनिष्ठ ; डेब ; Perverse ; refractory :- जनपू-कृत ; अनुकृत नार ; अछिकृत ; अञ्चित्राक्षनक ; Unfa vourable. [ indocite. Untrained, a. विकिष्ठ ; विनीष्ठ ; Not trained ; Untravelled, a. WAS-GAN; Not travelled. Untried, a. जनबीकिंठ ; वाहांत्र यांगाहे इत नाहे ; Not tried. Untrimmed, a. অস্ত্রিত ; অভিনয় ; আছাটা ৷ Untrodden, a. जननानिंड ; न्डन ; Not trodden. Untroubled, a. এপাত; বিষ; পদাপেড়িত; Unstop, un-stop', v. t. Eff cetal ; cetal ; To Calm .- 474

Untrue Untrue, a. निया; व्यवजा; व्यवज्ञ ; व्यवधार्थ, False :-- अविषात्री : Not faithful. Untrust. a. अविशानी ; Distrust. Untruth, un-trooth', n. [44]; 475)61; A lie; falsehoood. a=untruthful. Syn :- Falschood, fabrication, story, fiction, deception. Untune, un-tuń, v. f. (राष्ट्र - क , To put out of Not tutored. tune ; to disorder. Untutored, a. अनिक्ड ; Untaught :-- अन्तर्भिष्ठ ; Untwine, un-twiń, Untwist, un-twist, v. t. পাক খোলা; To separate twisted threads, to open :- जमापान - क ; To solve. Unused, a. चनावक्ड ; Not used ; unaccustomed. Unusual, un-Uzu-al, a. अमानावन, विवन ; दर-मखद ; Rare, not usual. ad = unusually ( जनांशांत्रनेत्रात्य ; Rarely ). Syn :- Unwonted, unprecedented, uncommon, rare, singular; remarkable, strange, extraordinary. Unutterable, a. अवाक्षवा; अनुकार्य, Not utterable; unspeakable. Unvaried, a. अग्रिवर्डिंड ; Invaried Unvarnished, a. अनिङ्बिष्ठ ; नागितिए. Not varnished. Unvarying, a. ममलातालह . अकल्ला ! Unveil, v. t जरकेन-इ; जनाक्य-इ, To remove a veil from ; to uncover. Unwarlike, a. অসমরপ্রিব ! Unwarned, a. अमडिन ड ; Not warned. change from warped state. ed , inpartial. f warranted. Unwarranted, a अव्कियुक, अनिकिंड, Not careless.

Unwarp. v. बाह्यान चार इट्रेड श्रवित्वित कहा . To Unwarped, a. কুদকোর খারা অদূবিচ ; 'Not warp-

Unwary, a. अमान्यान, Unguarded; heedless, [ clean Unwashed, a. আগোত, অপরিচ্ছর, Filthy, un-Unweaned, a. यत्र-(शावा ; अविद्यांकि ड ; Not weaned Unwearied, a. wate; wate, Not tiring, inwoven. defatigable. Unwesve, v. t. वहन (क्षेत्र); To undo what is Unwell, a. অহয় , পাডিড ; Indisposed ; ailing , welcome.

Unwelcome, a. अल्लान्ड; अशार्थनीय; Not Unwept, a. willbe ; Not mourned.

Unwholesome, a. অবাহাকর ; রোগজনক। Unwieldy, a. wish ; Ponderous , bulky.

Unwilling, a. अविक्ष ; Not inclined. ad = unwillingly ( অনিছাপ্ৰাক )।

Unwind, v. t. nie (viel, Loose what is wound; to wind off: -v. 1. To be able to be unwound.

Unwise, a. ap ; factiv ; Foolish. Unwittingly, ad. wasterics; Ignorantly.

Unwonted, un-wonted, a. waste. Not wonted :-- जनाशांत्र ; वित्रन । Syn :-- Unaccustomed, unused; unusual, uncommon, rare.

Unworldly, a. अमारमाधिक ; Spiritual , holy. Unworthy, a. अन्तिक ; बादाना ; अनुनवूक ; Not worthy, unbecoming.

Unwrap, un-rap', v. t. win (vivi) : Open what is wrapped or folded. [ to writing; verbal. Unwritten, a. wolfes; calles; Not reduced Unwritten law, n. त विवि वावशंत-भारत भाई निविष्ठ रत्र मारे, अवह यांश चोकुड रहेना बांगिएडएइ; The common law or that law which has been established by usage.

Unyielding, a. अन्त ; Unbending :- अक ; कड़ा : Suff :-- अक द्रांचा ; Obstinate.

Unyoke, un-) ठिर्द, v. t. वृत्रमुख-कृ ; ल्यानाना इडेएड मुक्त-कृ; बुनिया-(म ; To loose from a yoke :--বিয়োগ-ভু; To disjoin.

Up, up, ad. Erts , Ett ; Etts ; Aloft ; on high ; -পাড়া . Erect :--উপিড ; Out of bed :-- pre. উপরে; উচ্চে; Not down — a. উপরিছ, উর্ছে পেরিত; Going upward:—n. সৌভাগোর অবয়া; উর্ভি; अकामन ; State of prosperity :- excl. के , Arise. Be up-विहान। क्रेट केरा : Be out of bed :-- अधिका থাকা; Be nwake —উর্বোকত-ছ; Be excited :-विद्याही-इ , Rise in rebellion :-- ब्राम्बाब शिवनाज-इ ; Be high in fayour of the sovereign :- चूबाहरा-रा ; Be over.

Be up and doing-ৰাজ-হ ; To be active and alert , to be bu-y - लगमर यांडेट ना नियां कर्य-कृ ; जनम हरेगा ना शांकिण डिटर्ड शांड (कान कार्या नांगा , Be actively employed so as not to miss the opportunity, be engaged something instead of being idle.

Bo up and doing — টিরে পড়ে কাজে সাগা। Be up in-বোনও বিবে অভিক্ত থাকা, Be versed Be up in arms—वृद्धार्थ अन्त पांका ; Be in open warfare.

Bo up to anything—সৰ কৰিতে পাৰা।

Bo up to mark - বেশ অবস্থায়।

Bo well up in-त्कान विषय ভालक्रभ स्नानां, त्कान निरए ভाলकপ नादमि धाका , Be well versed in. Be up to—সম্পূৰ্ণকাপ প্ৰস্তুত গ্ৰাকা, Be fully pre-

pared, be quite ready for . - 300 500 4101. (कान वृष्ट मडनात शांका ; Be about or after -- क्रिक ज्ञान-इ. Be quite equal to — (क'न कांग करियां व জন্ম বাৰ্যক্ষত ক্ষতা থাকা, He sufficiently competent to perform - कान विवय यजपूत्र काना आवजन তাহা কাৰা ; Be sufficiently advanced in the knowledge of.

Blow up—ভোগে উড়াইবা-দে : To destroy by mining or from below : - তীব্ৰ ভংগৰা-ক : To reprove sharply; to scold 一事可事; To inflate, to distend.

Come up with-नाशांत वज्ञा ; Overtake. Done up-क्रांड , आंड ; Exhausted.

Grow up-পবিশক্-ই ; Come to maturity.

It is all up with him, All is up with-मत त्यव हरेवा शिवारह ; मर्कानाय हरेवारह : अयावया **हरेवा** शिहारक ; It is all over with ; he is lost.

The game is up—पंक्षित्रारः (क्लानार ।

The time is up-সমৰ পত इरेबांट्ड ; नमद सलीड स्वाद्ध , The allotted time is past.

To be up to the elbows-সম্পূৰ্ণাৰে নিৰ্জ ; To be wholly occupied or absorbed.

Up to-गर्गड; Until :- ग्रमान गर्मान; अञ्चल ; Adequately to.

Up to date—wife vine !

Up to snuff-tyl; Not likely to be imposed upon , knowing shrewd.

Up to the mark-न्यान ; Equal to the mark.

The rebels are up. The rebels have risen against government.

The ups and downs of life-where we TH; The various changes of good and bad fortune, or the joys and sorrows of life.

Up and down-sette sette; ইডভঃ; এদিক The ; Here and there.

Up a tree - एउ-मर्सप ।

Up in arms-worker

Ups and downs-- वृतिन कृतिन ; छेत्रकि भारति ; অবসার বিপর্যার : Alternate prosperity and adversity or rise and fall, reverses of fortune.

Up stream-Bata mersed in. Up to one's lips—मन्त्र निमञ्ज Wholly im-Up to this time-a প্ৰাৰ !

What is up-fa socote!

Upas, Upas, #. विश्वक ; Poisonous tree.

Upbear, up-bar', v. t. sim com ; sic en ; To bear up ; to raise aloft.

Upbraid, up-brad, v. t. [ A. S. upgebredan, to upbraid ] v. t. তির্কাব-কু; তর্গনা-কু; To reproach; to reprove severely. Syn:-Blame, censure, condemn, chide, taunt.

Upcast, a. डेर्डिंड ; Thrown upward:-- त. नाइना ; A reproach :- C#94; A cast. [or lifting up. Upheaval, n. Becant of Geston : A heaving Upheave, up-hev, v. i. উল্লোলন- ; খীড- इ ; To heave or lift up; to raise. n=Upheaval (हिट्छांतन)।

Uphill, up'hel, a. केंद्रशामी ; देनत्वार्द्ध वाविक ; Going upon hill ; ascending :- किन ; Difficult ; hard : -ad. रेनलानति ।

Uphold, up-hold, v. f. माहांगा-क ; बका-क : बांबन-क ; ममर्थन-क ; To sustain ; to hold up, to defend ; to support. Syn :- Elevate, support, maintain, vindicate, justify.

Upholsterer, up-hoister-er, ल. गुरुनका नजरबाद-कांत्रक . One who furnishes houses with beds &c. Upholstery, up-ho'lster-i, त. बृहमकांव नामकी ; Furniture &c, supplied by upholsterer.

Upland, up'land, a. উक्ष ; উक्षश्रानीत ; উत्तर , High in situation :- Stosfa Availa; Pertaining to uplands :- n. উडड वृत्रि : डेळवृत्रि : उप दान , High land, as opposed to meadows; river side &c.

Uplift, up-lift, v. f. 900 (5)of; To lift or raise aloft :- - To clevate.

Upmost, a. sup. 4976; Highest.

Upon, up-on, prep. \$cm; Beica; Bein; On. not under: on the top :- नवरक ; अउदनवरक ;

शिरक ; Relating to. Be upon a high horse- " | bit | bear oneself loftily; be on one's dignity.

Upon my word—नावनिक निम्छित्ति । Upon the anvil—विरोधी ; विरोदात्र निवतः ; विरोत्ता-बोन ; Under discussion.

Upon this-tette [ Higher. Upper, up'er, a. comp. Bus; (4)34; 6434; The upper ten thousand—अवांत्वत वत्या नार्त्वाक

Cat The highest class in society. The upper world-नर्ग ; नाव्यकन ।

Upperhand, up'er-hand, s. attiy; (with: Superiority.

Have the upperhand, Get the upperhand---वनन-र ; अपूर-इ ; शांद्रशां अनन रहेशां की : Prevail; have the ascendency or control.

Uppermost, a. Tiest; Highest.

Uppermost in one's mind-ses stel wife তোলাপাড়া করা বার ; সকল চিস্তার উপরি বাকা ; The chief subject of one's thought.

Upper story, n. Tweet; The higher story of a house :- 4 ; Intellect.

Uppish, a. # (45 ; Proud.

Upright, up'rit, s. क्रिक त्यांबा ; नवन ; Straight up; in an erect position; perpendicular; erect: —নং ; অৰুণট , Honest ; just. Sys :- Vertical, erect; righteous, honourable, principled, cons-

Uprightness, up'rit-nes, अ. जंडलं ; महन्त्रं ; Quality or condition of being upright. Syn :-Integrity, honesty, rectitude, probity.

Uprise, #. डेइडि ; Rising :-- v. i. डेविड-इ। Uproar, up'ror, अ. मक्तान ; क्लांडन ; हीरकांत्र : Noisy tumuit; bustle and clamour; great tumult. a=uproarious ( शंकाशिया )। Syn :- Disturbance, noise, clamour, turbulence, turmoil. brawl, riot.

Uproot, up-root, v. সৰুলোৎপাটন-ক ; নিৰ্দ্তা-ক ; छेन्द्रान ; To tear up by the roots , to root up. Syn :- Eradicate, extirpate, weed.

Upset, up-set, v. t. छेन्डोइबा-त्य ; विश्वाख-कृ ; To turn upside down ; to overturn .- - नार्- क , नाडित-कु; To overthrow :- म. विश्वात ; An overturn : —a. উত্তভাবে হালিড , Set up :—নিদিষ্ট ; সর্কানিত্র । Upshot, up'shot, #. পরিশাব; শেব কল; End; final issue.

Upside, n. উপরিছাব : The upper side.

Upside down - विश्वांत सार : स्नेहेड्डा : In complete disorder. [ toward an upper story. Upstairs, ad. উপরের তালাব; লোডালাব, In or Upstart, up'start, n. आधुनिक शाक्षि ; इंडार वाब ; A parvenue; one who suddenly starts up to wealth or power: -- a. সহসা উন্নত ; Suddenly raised. Upturn. v. t. &t (क्रांच ; To direct upward ; to Upward, up'ward, a. देशिवयुरीन ; हाई ; Direct-

ed to a higher place. Upward, Upwards, adv. & : Em : Towards a higher place:--আরও অধিক ; More than.

Urania, w. The Muse of astronomy.

Urban, urban, a. [ L. urbs, a city ] नहन সম্বন্ধীয় , নাগরিক ; Belonging to a city.

Urbane, ur-ban, a. महा ; विष्ठे , श्र्वीत ; क्या ; नह ; Civilised; refined; polite; courteous.

Urbanity, ur-bane-te, n. निहेश; क्या ; व्या-লতা : সভাতা , শিহাচার : Refinement : politeness : civility or courtesy of manners. Syn :- Suavity, affability, courteousness, complaisance.

Urchin, urchin, n. कहरक बाजक ; A child used iocosely :- Mais : Hedgehog.

Ureter, G-re'ter, n. [Gr. ouron, urine ] 14-The tube conveying the urine from the kidneys to the bladder.

Urethra, U-rethra, n. quite; emites me. Canal by which urine is voided,

Urge, urj, v. t. [ L. surgeo, to press, to drive ]
অহ্যোধ-ৰু; বলপূৰ্থক বাৰিজ-কু; To press; to drive
onward; to solicit:—উংগাহিজ-কু; উত্তেজিজ-কু;
বেশ-কু; To incite, to provoke. Syn:—Push,
drive, impel; importune, entrest; animate,
instigate, stimulate, encourage.

Drge one to -काशंदक त्कांव विवय कतिएड त्यम-इ ; Press one to adopt.

Urge on one—কোৰ বিবন্ধে কাছাকে চাপিলা বলা; অবস্ত কৰিবা এই ভাবে; Press (something) upon another's attention.

Urgency, ur'jen-si, n. আৰ্থা; আছ; Earnest asking; earnest solicitation:—অত্যাব্যক্ত); আমাৰনীয়তা; Importunity; pressing necessity. Urgent, ur'jent, a. অমোৰনীয়, অসমি; অত্যাব্যক; বাৰ; Pressing; earnest. ad = urgently. Syn:—Instant, cogent, vehement, importunate.

Urinal, u'rin-al, n. ব্ৰাধার; প্ৰসাবের ছান; প্ৰসাব করিবার পাত্র বা ছান; A vessel in which or place where urine may be discharged:—পরীকার্ক বে বোজনে মৃত্র সকিত থাকে. A bottle in which urine is kept for inspection. [Pertaining to or like urine. Urinary, u'rin-ar-i, a. প্রসাব সক্ষীর, মৃত্যসূদ্ধ; Urinato, v. t. প্রসাব-কু; মৃত্য; Pass urine.

Urine, Urin, n. artit; qu; Water which is secreted by the kidneys.

Urn, urn, n. [L. urna, a water-pot] জলপাত্ৰ; A vase for water:—জম রাখিবার পাত্র; A vessel for depositing the ashes of the dead:—পোৰ; স্বাধি। Ursa Major—বৃহৎ ৰক; The Great Bear.

Ursine, a. জন্তুৰ সমূপ; Of or resembling a bear.
Urticaria, n. আমবাং, আমবাং রোগ; Nettle rash.
Us, us, pron. pl. আমাদিগকে; The objective case of we.
[as may be used.

Usable, ufa-bl, a. वावश्वरवात्रा, धार्वाक्षा; Such Usage, ufa; ॥. वावश्वत्र, Treatment:—कशात्र; वाक्षः औष्ठिः; Practice; custom:—क्वाना। Syn:—Use, prescription.

Use, নিহ, w. f. [ L. uti, usus, to use ] নিব্জ-ফু, আমোগ-ফু; বাৰহার-ফু; To put to some purpose; to employ:—ব্ৰহার-ফু; To treat:—v. i. আভ্যত-হু; Ti be accustomed:—n. ( បঃ ) আমোগ; Application:—উপকারিতা; Utility:—প্রথা, মীতি; ধারা; Custom:—ব্রহার; Treatment:—প্রয়োজন; মারজ-ফরা; Need:—উপকার; কল:—ফ্বিয়া; Advantage, convenience:—অভ্যান; Practice. Syn:—(v) Occupy, engage, apply; practise; exercise, consume, exhaust; accustom, inure, habituate; (n) Handling, exercise, employment; usage.

Be in use—ব্যবহৃত থাকা; প্রচলিত থাকা; Be used. Be of use—কাৰ্যক্র-ড়, Be serviceable.

Be used to—(कान विश्वत अकास काम । Rendered familiar by practice.

Go out of use—ৰ্জচনিত-হ ; Cease to be used. In use—চনিত ; ব্যবহাত ; In employment. Make use of—ব্যহার-হ ; Employ, use.

Of no use— অবাধানর; (বাব কাজের বন।
Of use— আমাননীয়; Useful, profitable. [from.
Put to use— বাবহারে আনা; To derive service
Use (or exercise one's) own discretion—
আগনার বৃদ্ধি অসুবারী আন্তঃ To act freely according to one's judgment.

Use to—অভ্যন্ত থাকা; Accustom; habituate.
Use up—নিঃশেব-কু; মুনাইনা-কে; Exhaust; to consume by using:—কিন্তুই বাব না বেৰনা; Employ fully so as not to leave any part of it unused:—কাহাকে বাটাইনা অকর্ষণা করিনা কেনা; Exhaust so as to render one incapable of further exertion.
Used, p. s. ব্যক্ত; পরিভুক; Accustomed; habituated.

Useful, iisióói, a. কাৰ্যকর; উপকারী; আরোকনীয়; দরকারী; হিডকর; Serviceable; beneficial; advantageous. ad—usefully ( আয়োকনীয়রণে )। n= usefulness ( আবছকতা )। Syn:—Advantageous, profitable, helpful, available, good.

Useless, tisles, c. আনাৰক ; নির্থক ; অব্যহার্থা ; অকর্থা ; Worthless ; having no use ; unavailing. Syn:—Fruitless, ineffectual, profitless, unserviceable, unbeneficial, unavailing.

Usher, ush'ér, ল. আলালতেৰ ছাৰবাৰ; ছাৰপাল;
Door-keeper of a law court:—নিম্নত্ত শিক্ষ;
অবজন সহকারী; Under teacher or assistant:—
কৃত; Forerunner:—বে ক্লাচারী অভ্যাপত ব্যক্তিকে সজে
নাইরা ভিত্তরে উপস্থিত করেন; One who attends upon
strangers, or guest to bring them in:—৮, i.
আন্রন-কৃ; অর্থবাঁ-হ; প্রবেশ করান; সজে লাইরা করে
যাওৱা, To introduce; to bring on to; to forerun.
Usher out—Attend on departure.

Usual, U'zhn-al, a. [L usus, use] নাধারণ;
সচরাচন; নিশিষ্ট; Common. ad=usually (সচরাচন);
Syn:—Customary, wonted, accustomed, habitual, regular, familiar, common, frequent, general,

Usufruct, l'za-frukt, n. কলভোগ, কলভোগাৰিকার; Temporary use without property; liferent. a=usufructory (উপৰয়ভোগী)।

Usurer, u'zhōō-rér, त. श्वरवाद, क्रीवजीव ; One who practises usury ; a money-lender for interest.

Usureous, a. क्नीएआही ; Practicing usury.

Usurp, অ-zurp', v. t. [L. usus, use and rapio, to seize ] বলপুৰ্বাক দখল-কু, বিলা অধিকানে প্ৰহণ-কু; To seize without right. Syn:—Arrogate, assume, appropriate. [and possession. Usurpation, n. বলপুৰ্বাক দ্বল, Unlawful seizure Usury, অ'zhōō-ri, n. [L. usus, to use] আনাধা ব্যা, অভিনিক্ত ব্যা, Exhorbitant interest; illegal interest.

Utensil, U-tensil, n. পাত; বহ; বাসৰ; Instrument or vessel for any use; an implement tool, chamber pot.

Uterine, u'ter-in, a. [L. sterus, the womb]
এক মাতার সতে ভিন্ন শিভ্নাত; প্রতাপর স্থানীয় কৈপিত্রের; Born of the same mother by having a
different father.

Uterine brother—বৈশিত্য সহোৰ।
Uterus, স. জনাৰ গৰ্ড, গৰ্ডাশন ; The womb.
Utilise, u'til-is, v.t. ব্যবহারোপ্রৌপ্ট-কৃ; আন্তোজনীক্
কৃ; To put to profitable use; to render useful.

 $\mp$ ; To put to prontable use; to n = utilisation.

Utilitarian, U-til-i-tari-an, n. इंडनांगे ; रूजनांगे; One who advocates the system of general utility or the greatest happiness of the greatest number; one who holds the doctrine of utilitarianism; benthamite:—a. क्षिपाणी नपतीत्र; Per-

Utilitarianism, U-til-i-tári-an-izm, अ. क्यवीर ; व्यक्ति ; The doctrine of the utilitarians.

Utility, U-tile-te, n. [ L. utilitas, from utilis, useful ] উপবাৰ; উপবাহিতা; স্ববিধা; ব্যবহার্থতা; Usefulness. Syn:—Advantageousness, benefit, profit, avail, service.

Utmost, ut-most, a. অভ্যন্ত ; অতিপন্ন ; পনৰ ; Extreme :—পেন ; চরম ; Last :—সংক্ষিত ; Highest : —বন্ধুবনতী ; বুসভম ; Furthest out :—n. চরমকার্ব্য ; The greatest effort. Syn :—(a) Farthest, remotest, uttermost, greatest.

To the utmost of one's power—य्योगीया । To try one's utmost—रङ्ग्रनीया छडी-ङ् ; नीया-

ৰত চেষ্টা-কু।

Utopia, n. কৰিত ত্থের ছাৰ : মানরাজ্য : Imaginary or visionary commonwealth or state of perfection.

Utopian, U-to'pe-an, ৫. কাছনিক ; কছিত ; কলা-অসত ; Imaginary ; ideal ; fanciful ; chimerical. Syn:—Ideal, visionary. Uttar, uler, e. f. উচ্চাগ্ৰ-কু; বলা; To speak :—
আচার-কু; আকাপ-কু; To disclose :—a. সম্পূৰ্ব : সমস্থ :
Total; absolute :—ৰভ্যত্ত ; সম্পূৰ্ব ; Extreme
Syn :—(v) Articulate, enunciate, pronounce,
express, deliver; issue, put in circulation.

Utterable, ufer-a-bl, a. উक्ताद्रवैद ; क्यूनीह ; That may be expressed.

Utterance, uter-ans, n. ডিচারণ, বাৰ্ক্ৰণ; প্ৰাক্তিৰ প্ৰাণ; Expression; pronounciation; publication. Syn:—Speaking, delivery, elocution; issue.

Uttermost, uter-most, a. कृत्रास ; Extreme ; upmost :—n. প্ৰাৰাটা ; The greatest degree.

To the uttermost—चन्द्र; In the highest degree.

Uvula, u'vu-la, «. আব্জিড; Small protuberance hanging over the tongue. a = uvular.

Uxorious, ugz-ti'ri-us, a. [L. uzer, a wife] বৈশ. বীৰ অভাৰ বশীসূত; বীগৰাৰণ. Very fond of or submissive to wife; doing on a wife. «— Uxoriousness (অভাৰ বীপৰাৰণতা); ad—uxoriously.

## V

V—ইংরানি বর্ণনালার ছাবিংশ বর্ণ আক্ষন ; The 22nd letter of the English alpabet :—( গণিতে ) পাঁচ; Five.

Vacancy, vākan-se, n. শুকুড়া; Emptiness; empty space:—অবকাল; বিরাম, Leisure; a gap:
—শুকুল্ কর্ম বালি; A situation unoccupied. Syn:—Vacuity, emptiness; chasm, gap, blank. Vacant, vākant, a. [L. vacare, to be empty] শুকু; বালি; বাকা; Empty:—বালি; অনবিকৃত; Not occupied by an incumbent or possessor; unoccupied:—অব্যানন্ত; অবকালবৃত; কর্মে অনিবৃত্ত; Not occupied with study প্রবে:—বিলিভ; চিড়াবিহাল; Thoughtless:—মুক্ত; বালি; Free. ad—vacantly (কাক্)। Syn:—Void, unfilled, open; unoccupied, disengaged, at leisure; unthinking, idle.

Vacate, va-kat, v. t. [ L. vaco, vacoatum, to be empty ] शाबि-इ ; स्थ-इ ; To quit possession of ; to make vacant.

Vacation, va-kashun, m. অবকাশ ; বন্ধ; ছুটি ; Holiday :—বুদ করণ ; অবকাশ ; বিবাৰ ; A vacating or maing void or invalid.

Summer vacation—जीपांकान ।

Vaccinate, vaksit-at, v. f. পোণীৰে টাকে-দে; To inoculate with the cowpox. সম্প্রতানেরাতা (গো-বীজের বারা টীকা দেওন); vaccinator (গো-বীজের ট্রকালর)।

Vaccine, vaksin, a. [ L. vacca, a cow ] পৰা; বো-বন্ধ সম্বায়; Pertaining to, or derived from cows.

Vaccine matter—Matter for vaccination.'
Vacillate, vasil-lat, v. i. हेन्यल-इ ; १७७७:-इ ;
रगंतास्यान-इ ; विश्वन-इ : To waver ; to sway to
and fro ; to be unsteady. Syn :—Fluctuate,
stagger, rock, reel ; hesitate,

Vacillation, vas-il-lashun. n. ইডৰত: করণ; আন্দোলন; অধ্বিভাব; চাকলা; বিচলন; Fickleness; inconstancy. Syn:—Reeling, swaying, rocking, staggering; wavering, fluctuation, hesitation; unsteadiness.

Vacinia, n. (त्री-व्यव

Vacuity, va-ku'e-te, n. [ L. vacuitas, from vacuus, empty] শৃত : শৃত্তগতা ; শৃত্তাব : শৃত্তাব

Vagabond, vag'a-bond, ন. ভিকুক'; বাসছান অভাবে বে ব্যক্তি ইডবড: অবণ করে; তববুরে বাজি; অবস ব্যক্তি; A wandering, idle fellow:—a. অজাত নিবাস; ইডবড: চালিভ; বুবা অমণকারী; ভবযুরে, Unsettled; driven to and fro. Syn:—(n) Vagrant, wanderer, tramp, strolling beggar; rogue, scamp, rascal.

Vagary, va-gar'e, n. [L. vagari, to stroll about] খোৱাল; মাজি: চিন্তের অব; A wild freak; a whim. Syn:—Fancy, freak, caprice, prank, antic. [leading to the womb. Vagina, n. সঙ্গৰ-পৰ; খোনি-যাৱ; The canal Vagrancy, vagran-si, n. বাসহাৰ অভাবে বুধা পৰ্যান্তিৰ; বেকাৰ অবৰ; Life and habits of a vagrant.

Vegrant, vagrant, a. ভববুৰে; বৃহপুত্ব; অমণ্ডারী; আছির; Unsettled:—n. ভববুৰে লোড; বেডার লোড; One who has no settled habitation; a vagabond. Syn:—(a) Strolling, roaming, roving, nomadic. (n) Wanderer, beggar.

Vague, vag, a. আনিন্ডিত; অনিনিষ্ট ; Uncertain :
—আছিব; অপাই ; Unsetttled ; flying. ad-raguely

( আইমাৰ্গ ); n=vagueness ( আইডা ) ৷ Syn :--Undetermined, indefinite, indistinct, loose, lax. Vagueness, n. অনিভিডা; আইডা ; The quality or condition of being vague. Syn :-- Looseness, indefiniteness, ambiguousness, uncertainty.

Wail, val, v. t. অধীনতার নির্দান বন্ধপ অধনত করা; To lower in token of inferiority:—ব্যতাপর-হ; To yield:—n. আগত্তক কর্তৃক প্রদার প্রভার প্রভার; Money given to servants.

Vain, van, a. নিৰ্দা; ব্যা; অনর্থক; Fruitless; unreal:—অভিনানী; বাজিক; আন্তরাধী; বর্থিত; Conceited; showy. ad—vainly (ব্যা)। Syn:—Unreal, dreamy, shadowy, unsubstantial; unavailing, useless; worthless, unsatisfying, empty; light, inconstant; conceited, inflated, proud, ostentatious.

[ tually.

In vain—বুৰা; অনৰ্থক; To no purpose; ineffec-Vain-glory, van-glo'ri, n. বিশ্বা বড়াই; পৃত্তপৰ্ক; আত্মগিন্ধা; বত্ত; Self pride; pride above desert; empty pride or boasting. a=vain-glorious; (boastiul; সৰ্ভিত); n=vain-gloriousness (দাভিকতা)। Valance, n. বালয়; Having drapery for a bed: —ত. t. বালয় বারা স্বোভিত-তৃ; To decorate with such.

Vale, val, n. [ L. vallis, a vale ] উপত্যকা; নিৰ্ কৃষি; A valley; a tract of low-land between hills or mountains. [ is so full of sorrow. Vale of tears—হুংবৰ্ণ বৰ্গং; This world which Valediction, val-E-dikshun, n. [ L. valedicere, valedictum, to say farewell ] বিশ্বকালীৰ তথ-কাৰনা; তথ্য বিশাষ; A farewell; a bidding farewell. a-valedictory (বিশাষস্কৰ; বিজয়াসকৰ; Farewell). Syn:—Leave-taking, adieu, goodbye. [ power of an element.

Valency, n. আণ্ডিক বোগ-শক্তি; The combining Valentine, valen-tin, n. প্রণয়নী; প্রণয় প্রান্থা; প্রোজ্ঞাণি; Sweet-heart choosen or love letter sent on St. Valentine's day, 14th Feb.

Valerian, n. বৈষয় উদ্ধি বিশেষ; The plant allhead. [servant; a waiting servant. Valet, valet, n. কুড়া; চাকষ; মান; বাননামা; A Valet-de-chambre, n. One who attends to a gentiemen's dressing room.

Valetudinarian, val-e-tūd-in-ār'e-an, Valetudinary, val-e-tū'din-ar-i, a. হয়; পীড়িড; মুৰ্বা; অব্য: Sickly; weak:—n. চিয়বোনী; Person of ill health. Syn:—(a) Weakly, sickly, feeble, infirm, delicate.

Valetudinarianism, ». হুৰ্জনতা; চিনুকুলতা; কীৰ বায়; Weak health.

Valhalla, val-halla, n. ৰূপ ; ( কাজিনেভিয়াৰ মতে ) বুছে হত বীরণিগের বাদার্থ কর্মীয় ভবন ; In Scandanawain myth ology, the place of immortality for the souls of heroes slain in battle.

Valiant, valyant, a. সাহসিক; নিভাক; বীরোচিত; Brave; intrepid in danger; heroic. ad=vatiantly ( সাহসপুৰ্কক); =valiantness (নিভাকতা)। Syn:—Courageous, gallant, valorous, redoubtable; stout, puissant.

Valid, valid, a. कावर ; श्वर्वीय ; कु ; काइंड ; Strong ; efficacious ; legal ; rightful. n=validity ( वश्वरा ) ; ad=validly (वश्वरवाण) : Syn :-

Efficient, powerful, cogent, sound, weighty, just, good, logical, conclusive.

Validity, va-lide-te, म. वजरहा; पुरुषा; Legal strength; state or quality of being valid:— वायाजा; दिवाजा; Justness. Syn:—Strength, force, justness, soundness, cogency.

Valise, n. বয়-কোৰ; পৰিকের চৰ্ম-পেটৰ; Portmanteau; bag.

Valley, vale, n. উপতাকা; প্রতিমধান নিম সমতল ভূমি; অন্তর্কেশ; Low land between hills or mountains. Syn:—Vale, dale, dell, dingle, hollow, bottom.

Valour, Valor, valur, n. जारन : (पोर्स : विजी-क्ला : विक्न : Courage : intrepidity : bravery. Syn :—Heroism, prowess, gallantry, boldness, fearlessness.

Valourous, Valorons, valur-us, a. নাহনিক; নিত্তীক; Courageous; intrepid. ad-valorously. Syn:—Stout, bold, brave, gallant, fearless, heroic.

Valuable, valu-a-bl, a. নহাৰ্য ; নুল্যবান্ ; দামী ;
Costly; precious :—নাজাৰ্ছ ; Deserving esteem :
—উত্তম; উপাদেশ : Syn:—Precious, estimable,
worthy. [a contract purchased or other act.
Valuable consideration—An equivalent for
Valuation, val-u-áshua, n. নৃল্য নিদ্ধারণ ; নৃল্য
নিদ্ধানিত মূল্য ; নিদ্ধাপিত মূল্য ; বাচাই ; The
act of setting a price ; appraisement ; estimated worth.

[appraisor.

Valuator, valu-at-ur, n. ব্ল্যা-নিশ্বারণকারী; An Value, valu, n. [F. valoir, pp. valu, to be worth] ব্ল্যা; দাব; Worth; price:—আবন্ধকার: উপকারিতা; Importance; efficacy:—v. t. ব্ল্যাবার্ জান্-ক; To estimate the worth of:—বাজ-ক; To esteem. Syn:—(v) Compute, rate, appraise, estimate, account; esteem, regard, prize, treasure; (n) utility; cost, rate.

Exchangeable value—বাৰাৰ বৰ।

Value received—অৰ্থাদি বাহা আও হইনা হাতৰভ লিবিয়া দেওছা বায়।

Valued, a. मदावित ; आस्त्र ; Esteemed.

Valueless, a. युग वा लागाजा होन ; Of no value, or worth.

Valve, n. [ L. valvae, a folding-door ] কণাট; ছার; বাইল; Folding door:—একদিক জাটা ঢাকনী; Lid or cover to open in one direction and shut in the other. a-valved, valvular ( একদিক -জাটা; আবসাবিশিষ্ট)।

Vamp, vamp, n. জুডার উপরের চামড়া; The upper leather of a shoe:—v. t. নৃতৰ চর্দ্ধ দিয়া দেরামত-কু; ভালি-দে; To repair with a new vamp; mend; to patch old with new.

Vampire, vampir, n. বন্ধলোৰক পিশাচ; বেডাল; বাছড় বিশেষ; Evil elf that sucks the blood of sleepers; a blood sucker; a blood-sucking bat: —বলপুৰ্বক অৰ্থ-এছণকাৰী; অৰ্থ-পোৰক; শীড়নকাৰী ব্যক্তি; Extortioner.

Van, van, n. [L. ab, from, by, and ante, before] দৈশু-মূৰ; চৰ্-মূৰ; দৈশুৰৰের অমভাগ; The front of an army or a fleet:—মাণটাৰা বাৰ ঝিশেষ; পণ্য-লক্ট; A large covered waggon.

In the van of-अवंशिक्ष ; श्रवत्तव अद्य ; Occupy-

ing the foremost place or rank among: -- 74-

Vandal, \*. আতি বিশেষ; প্ৰশ্ন পভাৰীতে বাহাৰা বোন-বদৰ সুঠন কৰিবাছিল; One of the North Germanic tribes akin to the English, who sacked Rome in the 5th Century:—বনভালোক; A barbarian:—বানকারী; শিক্ষবা-মইকারী; Destroyer; one hostile to arts:—a. অসভা; চোৱাড়; Barbarous; rude.

Vandalism, vandal-ism, ». নিৰুমতা; অসভাতা; Ferocious cruelty; barbarity:—ব্ৰব্যান, নিজেছ বিনাশ; Barbarous destruction of works of art or literature.

Wane, van, n. नाह नाता प्रिक क्लक ; नाहिमझणक नड निरम्ब ; A weather-cock :-- गणाका ; Flag.

Vanguard, vangard, n. बद्धायी निष्ठ ; निवान्त ; Front body, the first line.

Vanilla, n. mitafania Gor feria :

Vanity-fair-was; The world.

Venish, vanish, v. i. অনুষ্ঠ হ আৰ্থিড-ছ; লোপ-ছ; আন্ধান-ছ; বিনাই-ছ; To disappear; to pass away; to be lost. Sym:—Fade, melt, dissolve. Venish into air—উপে বাৰুৱা; Disappear from view.

Vanity, vahe-te, n. [ L. vanitas, from vanus, empty, vain ] অহকার; আলুপরিবা; অহমিকা; ফোড্রার; Empty pride; conceit:—জীকলমক; আড়ের; Ostentation:—অনিভিন্নতা; Uncertainty:—নিরর্থক আমোন; Empty pleasure:—আগ্র-পুস্তা; অসারতা, Emptiness. Syn:—Emptiness, unsubstantialness, worthlessness, manity, unreality; conceit, self-sufficiency, egotism.

Vanquish, vangkwish, v. t. পরাত-কৃ; পরাজিত-কৃ; অহ-কৃ; To overcome; to conquer:—তকে পরাত-কৃ; To compute. n=vanquisher (victor; ভেডা); a=vanquishable (বিজেডা)! Syn:—(v) Surmount, master, rout, discomfit, quell.

Vantage, vahtāj, n. লাভ ; প্ৰাণাভ ; স্থাণা ; Gain ; advantage ; superiority. [tion for action. Vantage ground, n. বুলুম্ম ; Superior posi-Vapid, vapid, a. নিজাব ; নীয়ন ; বনহান ; বিষয় ; বিষয় ; নিজেল ; Spiritless ; stale ; flat ; tastless; insipid. n=vapidity. ad=vapidly (নিজেলভাবে) ; Syn:—Dead, insipid, flavourless, tame, dull.

Vapidness, n. নীরসতা; নিজ্জীবতা; State or quality of being vapid. Syn:—Flatness, deadness, dulness, tameness, insipidity.

Vaporise, vapor-iz, v. t. বালে পরিণত-কৃ: To convert into vapour :—ফ. t. বালাবার হইয়া বিপত-কৃ: উপে-বা; To pass off in vapour; evaporate: —বৰ্জ-কৃ: To bag. n=vaporisation.

Vaporous, a. বালাকার; কাড; অসভা; অসার; Full of vapour; unreal; vain.

Vapour, Vapor, vapur, अ. वाल ; जान ; व्य ; Steam ; gas :—वृषा काव ; क्या ; Vain imagination :—pl. Hypochondria :—v. s. वालाकात्र केड्या-चा ; वाल विर्णक-क्: To evaporate ; to escape in vapour : to give out vapour :—गण-कः ; व्यक्षाव-कु: व्यादे-कः ; To boast ; to brag :—v. s. वालाकात्र कु: व्यादे-कः ; To boast ; to brag :—v. s. वालाकात्र कु: व्यादे-कः ; To boast ; to brag :—v. s. वालाकात्र कु: व्यादे-कः ; To boast ; to brag :—v. s. वालाकात्र कु: व्यादे-कः ; Sym:—(ж) Fume, exhalation, smoke, mist, fog, rack ; phantom, fantasy, whim, vagary ; (pl) sploen, melancholy, blues. Vapour bath—Bath heated by steam.
Vapourer, vapurer, n, गांडिक ; दुवा गडकावर ; कै
boaster.

Vapourish, a. বাল্বর; Full of vapour. Syn:— Splenetic, peevish, humoursome, hysterical. Vapoury, vapur-e, a. বাল্বব; বাল্বর; Full of

vapour:—বিচ্বিটে; কালোবী; Peevish.
Variable, vare-a-bl, e. [F. L. variabilis, from varius, various.] পরিবর্তনীল; ক্ষমিলাভি: পরিবর্তনীল; Changeable; liable to change:—ক্ষমি:
চক্ষ ; Inconstant; unsteady; fickle. Syn:—

Mutable, shifting; wavering.

Variableness, n. পরিবর্ধনীয়তা; Susceptibility of change. Syn:—Unsteadiness, changeableness, inconstancy, fickleness.

Variance, vare-ans, দ. পরিবর্ত্তন ; Change ; alteration :—জেন ; অনৈকা ; আনল ; বিবাদ ; বিবাদ ; Difference ; disaggreement ; dispute. Sym :— Disagreement, dissension, discord, jarring ; variation, discrepancy, inconsistency.

At variance with—বিগরীত ; Opposed to :— আনৈত্য বা অবিল ; Not agreeing with ; not consistent with. [ A variety.

Variant, a. বিশ্বিষ্ণ ; Different :—n. বিবিধ অকাৰ ; Variation, va-re-ashun, n. পরিবর্ধন ; ভাষান্তর ; ব্যতিক্রম ; A change. Syn :—Muration, alteration, modification ; deviation, departure, diversity, discrepancy, difference.

Varicocelo, s. A varicose enlargement of the spermatic veins.

Varioose, var'i-köz, Varioous, var'i-kus, e. কাত; ব্যক্তি; উচ্চ; Permanently dilated or enlarged, as a vein.

Varicosity, n. निवानिव कीछछ।

Variety, va-ri'e-te, स. वहर्षिक : देवनक्या ; व्याचक ; देवनका ; Diversity ; difference :—व्यकात ; वक्य ; A kind, sort. Syn :—Multiformity, multiplicity. Variegated. a. किल्लिकित : कालावर्ष प्रक्रिक ।

Variocella, n. পাৰ বসত ; Chicken pox. Variola, n. ইছাৰ বসত ; Small pox.

Variorum, va-ri-o'rum, a. নানা টাকা সমন্ত্ৰিক সংক-বণ; Containing notes of various commentators. Various, vare-us, a. নানাবিণ; বিবিণ; বিভিন্ন; Different; diversified:—ৰনেক; কডিপন; Several. ad – variously (বাবান্ধপে)! Syn:—Diverse, several, manifold, sundry, numerous; change-

able, mutable, uncertain; variegated.
Varlet, varlet, ». ড্ডা; নাচ থাকি; A page; a
low fellow; attendant:—পাকি পোক; Scoundrel; a rascal.

Varnish, var'nish, স. যাণিন; চাক্চিকা করিবার
অনুলোন ব্রা; Glossy coating; gloss:—গবু করণ,
Palliation:—ফ. চ. চাক্চিকা-কু; To give a fair
appearance to:—বাণিন লাগান; বাণিন-ফু; To
cover with varnish:—নবু-কু; Palliate. Syn:—
(v) Lacquer, japan; glaze, polish, garnish,
giid, gloss,

Vary, váre, v. t. [ L. variare, from varius, various ] वक्जान ; To alter :-- गतिवर्धन-कृ ; क्यांचत्र-कृ , To change the aspect of :--नामाविष-कृ ; िया-विक्रिय-कृ ; To diversify :--ए. हे. शतिवर्धिङ-इ ; अञ्चfav- ; To alter ; to be altered in any manner : - To disagree; to differ :-अवनः शांत्रवृद्धि शांख्या :-- व्यविग-इ। a=varied (विक्रित)। Syn :- Modify, transform, metamorphose ; variegate; be different, differ; deviate, depart; alternate.

Vascular, vasku-iar, e. मनपूर्व ; निवा नवकीव ; fights: Full of vessels, animal or vegetable bodies. n=vascularity.

Wase, vaz, n. কাকুকাব্যবিশিষ্ট পাত্ত; অলকুত পাত্ত; An ornamental vessel.

Vaseline, n. পীতাভ অপুলেপন ক্লব্য বিশেব।

Vassal, vasal, n. थाता , बाहेवड ; अशीनप्र लाक ; অবুগত ব্যক্তি, দাস ; A subject ; tenant ; a dependant ; retainer. Syn :- Feudatory ; subject ; servant, bondman, serf, slave.

Vassalage, vasal-aj, n. नामच ; वशीनछा ; वशीनच , State of being a vassal. Syn :- Subjection, dependence, servitude.

Vast, vast, n. वृह्द ; अकांत ; विचीर्ग ; विनान , Very large; of great extent, immelise, spacious:
—ন. বক্তুৰি; অসীৰ দেশ বিভাৰ, Empty waste. Syn:-(a) Enormous, huge, mighty, colossal, gigantic, prodigious, astonishing. পিড । A man of vast learning—প্ৰকাভ বা অবিভীৱ Vastly, ad. चडाड ; विचत्र ; वानक ; Very greatly, to a vast extent. [Immensity; largeness. Vastness, n. বিপুলভা; বিশাশতা; বৃহত্ব; আধিকা; Vat, vat, a. नाज : दृश्र कु ; को क ; कि विकास . Large vessel or cistern tube, especially one for holding liquors; a large tube.

Vatican, vati-kan, n. পোপের প্রাসায়; পোপের नामन दो कशिकांद्र: Pope's palace and court at Rome, the papal authority.

The thunders of the vatican-The anathems of the Pope.

Vaticinate, vat-isi-nat, v. t. [ L. vaticinor, atus, to prophesy ] ভবিষাৎ कहा ; ভবিষাৰাণী বলা ; To prophesy, to predict n = vaticination.

Waticination, va-tis-in-ashun, अ. अविवादवानी : क्षांविक्थन ; Prediction. Syn :- Prophecy, divination, prognostication, augusy.

Vaudevilie, n. विश्वशीयक शान ; A satirical song. Vault, vawit, n. विज्ञान क्या हान ; विज्ञानयुक्त हान ; An arched roof :-- বেটিকের লক; The bound of a horse :-- ক্ৰমানত খিলান; Continual arch .-সুত্তিকা নিমন্থ প্রকোঠ ; সৃত্তিকার নিমন্থিত ভাঙার পুরু ; A cellar :- क्या ; Repository for the dead :- जक ; Leap :- v. t. fanta-#; To arch, to cover with an arch ; to form a vault :-- ए. i. जांक वित्रा शांत-इ; लक् अमान-इ; नांकान : To leap; to bound. Syn: -(n) Cell, cavity; tomb, crypt, catacomb; leap, bound, jump; (v) Bound, jump, spring. [ Sky. The vault of heaven-actives; winis;

Vaulted, vawlfed, a. विनावनुक ; विनावकाना ; Arched. One who leaps.

Vaulter, sawiter, s. नक्शनकात्री ; इसक्तकात्री ;

Vaunt, vaunt, v. i. वहाई-कृ ; वर्स-कृ ; व्यक्ती-कृ ; To talk with vain ostentation; to boast: -- . f. नर्क-कृ ; नफ़ार्ट-कृ ; To boast of ; to make a vain display of ; to bag of :- n. वर्ज ; वहार ; व्याप-श्रीवर्ग ; न्यार्थ ; Boast. n=vaunter ( श्रव्याही ) । Vaunting, c. न्यांकां । ad=vauntingly ( न्यां-

[ flesh of a calf. Veal, vel, m. celter alta; electe alta; The Vector, #. ( श्रीटि ) होना हानी, वशा-नहत दिया ।

Veda, ve'da, n. 197; Name of the Hindu scripture. pl=vedas. [ sentry.

Vedette, ve-det, #. चर्नारहारी नाजी : A mounted Voor, ver, v. i. পরিবর্জিড-इ ; विक পরিবর্জন-কু ; किরা ; বুরা; To change the direction, as the wind; to alter its course :- v. t. পরিবর্তন-कृ; क्রान ; To direct to a different course; to turn. Sym :--Shift, come round.

Vegetable, Vegitable, vele-ta-bl, n. 564; A plant or tree :--pl. পাৰসন্তি; পাছপাছড়া :--- a. উত্তিদের প্রকৃতিবিশিষ্ট : বৃক্ষনতাদির ধর্মবিশিষ্ট : উত্তিক্ষ ; Like vegetable; belonging to plants. Vegetable life - डेडिकोरन ।

Vegetable marrow—জলাবু জাতীর কল বিশেব; The fruit of a species of gourd.

Vegetal, a. देखि : देखियात्री ; देखिन्यकृतिक ; Of the nature of a vegetable.

Vegetarian, vej-e-tárı-an, n. भाकान्नलाको ; (व ব্যক্তি মাংস পরিত্যাপ করিয়া উদ্ভিলাদির ছারা প্রাণ রক্ষা कात ; One who holds that vegetables are the only proper food for man -a. नाकाइटडाबन-नक्कोर : Pertaining to vegetarianism.

Vogetarianism, #. শাকারবাৰ, শাকার-ভোলৰ, The theory and practice of a vegetarian,

Vegetate, veft-tat, v. i. [ L. vegetare, vegetatum, to enliven ] (डेडिएन आंत्र) छर्भन-ए ; विक-इ ; अइब्रिज-इ ; To grow as plants ; to germinate . to sprout :-- क्वन वृश्वि गांवगा ; क्वन बाहाब विश्वा विक-र, To do nothing but eat and grow :-क्या नमत्र काडीन ; To lead an idle unthinking life. Syn :- Shoot ; grow.

Vegetation, vej-e-tashun, n. वृद्धिः ( दुक्दर ) नर्दन , উद्धित्वत्र वर्दननीलङा ; The process ; growing , germination; vegetable growth:—উদ্ভিদ; পাছ-পাছড়া : Plants in general.

Vegetative, vefe-tat-iv, a. ( উভিনের জার ) বর্ম-नील, वृद्धिनील, वर्षमान; উৎপাদনক্ষ; Growing (as plants), producing growth in plants.

Vehemence, ve'he-mens, n. aresi; tasi; তীব্ৰতা; প্ৰবৰ্তা; Violence :--উৎসাহ, উৎকট আবেগ, Eagerness; great ardour; fervour. Syn:-Impetuosity; force, might, intensity; heat, fervency, passion.

Vehoment. ve'he-ment, त. वहन : वान : चीत : Violent, furious; passionate:—ব্যব; উৎসাহী: डे९क ; Very eager or urgent. Syn :-- Impetuous, passionate, hot; ardent, zealous, strong, intense, forcible, powerful, vigorous.

Vehemently, ad. जीवकार ; वहक्कार ; Violently. Vehicle, ve'i-kl, #. বান ; শক্ট ; গাড়ী অভৃতি ; Carriage; a means of conveyance: -- देवान बन्-পাৰ; A substance in which a medicine is taken ? —बाब , Medium. a=vehicular ( बावनवर्षीय )।

উঠা, খবা, ন. [L. চলায়াল, a sail, curtain] আৰআৰ্থন ; বোনটা; Cloth used to hide or shelter the
face:—পাৰণ; Curtain:—হ্মবেশ; A disguise:
—আহানশ; আবৰণ; Cover:—ভাগ; ছল; P/etext:—০. f. অবভান বানা আনুত-ফু; অবভাঠত-ফু; To
cover with a veil; to throw a veil over:—
আহানশ-ফু; আহানিত-ফু; আব্বিড-ফু; To cover:—
ব্যাখন-ফু; স্বাহিত-ফু; আব্বিড-ফু; To cover:—
সোল-ফু; স্বাহিত-ফু; ভাগ; To conceal; to hide.
Syn:—(n) Screen, curtain, shade; mask.
cloak, blind, disguise. (v) Screen, cover, hide,
disguise, mask.

[বেল্ড্বা
Beyond the veil—গ্রমোক্সড; প্রিবীর অবি-

Draw seide the veil—থকাণ-কু; Disclose.

Draw (drop or throw) a veil over—কিছুৰ
বাৰা ভাকা-বে; আফ্রান-কু; Disguise something
by:—বোৰ চাকা-বে; Conceal from public view.

Take the veil—সন্তানিনিক; বিবাহ না ক্ষিয়া ধৰ্মা-

ৰাবে বাবেশ-ড়; চিন্নভাষার বত জবরা; Retire from the world; enter a cloister and become a nun. Veiled, a. আয়ত; ভঠিত।

Voldt, n. चाक्रिकांव कृषकृति।

Vein, van, n. শিরা; রক্তবহা নাড়ী; Elastic tube for the blood, a blood-vessel:—রেখা; রুগ; A streak:—কাক; পকার; A fissure or cavity:—মানদিক ভাব বা চিভার প্রবাহ; মনের গতি; Tendency; turn of mind; humour; peculiar temper; a train of thoughts:—বৃক্তের শিরা, Tube for sap:—v. f. রেখা ধারা আজিত-কৃ; শিরাবিশিউ-কৃ; To mark with streaks; to form veins in. Syn:—(n) Rib, nerve; seam, lode; stripe, train, bent, mood, humour; faculty, talent, turn.

Veiny, Veinous, a. নিয়াময় বা রেখাময়; নিয়ারিত, Having veins or streaks.

Veinule, n. The Part

Veliferous, a. পाইनवाही ; Carrying sails.

Vellicate, v. t. or i. মোচড়ান; মোচড়-দে। == vellication ( যোচড়) ;

Vellum, velum, n. লিখনাৰ্থ প্ৰস্তুত সোৰংস চন্দ্ৰবিশেব ; A finer kind of parchment of calf skin.

Velocipede, a. ক্ৰড়গামী পা-গাড়ী বিশেষ; A light carriage for one person moved with a treddle.

Velocity, vé-lose-te, n. [ L. velocitas, from velox, swift ] বেগ; গতির ক্রড়তা বা হার; শীষ্ণতি;
শীষ্ট্রভা; Swiftness; speed; quickness of motion.

Svn:—Celerity, rapidity, fleetness.

Velvet, velvet, n. মধ্যল; রেশ্মী বন্ধ বিশেব; A kind of stuff with a soft nap:—কোমল বস্তু; Something very soft:—a. মধ্যনের ভার কোমল; প্রক্রার; Soft like velvet:—মধ্যনে নির্দ্ধিত; Made of velvet. Velveteen, n. মধ্যনের মৃত কার্পান বস্তু; Imitation

velvet ; cotton velvet. Velveting, त. वश्यत्वत क्षितित्र ; Velvet goods.

Velvety, velvet-i, a. সরম; কোমল; Soft.
Venal, ve'nal, a. [L. venalis, from aenus, sale]
বেডমহাই; বৈডমিক; বেডনাৰী; অৰ্থ বারা ক্ষেম;
Mercenary; to be bought for money:—প্ৰা;
বিজেম; Ready to be sold. Syn:—Vendible;
hireling, sordid.

Venality, ve-nali-ti, n. অর্থনীতি; অর্থনুহা; বেতনুরাহিতা; পেবাদার; Prostitution of talents or services for roward.

Vend, vend, v. t. (434.7; (45); Sell; give for

money; offer for sale:—n. [434; Sale. Sym: —Dispose, retail, hawk.

Vendee, n. क्टो , अतिमनोत्र ; Buyer.

Vender, Vender, त. विद्ना ; Seller.

Vendible, vendi-bl, a. उत्तरपाग ; विद्युष ; भेग ; Marketable ; to be sold ; saleable.

Veneer, ve-ner', v. t. কাঠাদিৰ পাতলা পাত দিয়া মোড়া; To overlay or plate with another wood:
—n. কাঠাদিৰ পাতলা পাত; Thin slice of fine wood
laid on interior wood with glue.

Vencering, n. মূলবাৰ কাঠের পাত ছিলা বীতের কাঠ বভিত্ত-কু; The act of overlaying an inferior wood with thin leaves of a more valuable kind. Vendetta, n. কৌলক-প্রতিহিংসা; কুলকোষ।

Venerable, vener-a-bl, a. প্র; অফুলান ; স্থাননীর; প্রক্রে ; Worthy of reverence or homour:—বৃদ্ধ; Aged:—প্রিল্জ; Rendered sacred. n=venerableness (প্রনীয়তা)। Syn:—Reverend, grave, sage, wise, oracular; awful, dreadful.

Venerate, veher-at, v. f. পুলা-কু; আছা-কু; নাজ-কু; ভক্তি-কু; স্থাপ্র-কু; To reverence; to revere; to worship; regard with respect and honour; treat with awe of great respect. Syn:—Revere, adore, worship.

Veneration, ven-er-ashun, ল. প্লা; বাং। ছড়ি; সমাননা; সমাগর; The highest degree of respect and reverence; respect mingled with awe; awe. Syn:—Reverence, respect, awe, dread; adoration, worship.

Venereal, ve-nor'i-al, a. উপদ্ধে ব্যক্তীর; উপদ্ধে-ঘটিড; Relating or pertaining to syphilis.

Venereal disease—উপদংশ।

Venery, veher-i, n. মতিকিলা; শ্লী-সংস্থা; Sexual intercourse. [Blood-letting.

Venesection, ve-ne-sekshun, ন. বছৰোকৰ; Venetian, ve-ne-shan, ন. ভিনিন দেশবাসী ও ভিনি-নের ভাষা; Native or inhabitant of Venice: a. ভিনিন নগর সম্মীয়, Relating of Venice.

Venetian-blind, #. বড়বড়ির পাবি; A blind for windows. [glass on each side.

Venetian-door, n. Door lighted by panes of Vengeance, venjans, n. অভিশোধ; আডিংগা; ধাডিংগা; ধাডিংগা; ধাডিংগা; পাডিং ; Retribution. Syn:—Avengement; retaliation, revenge.

Breathe vengeance—শাদান; প্ৰভিহিংনা কৰিবাৰ প্ৰভিক্ষা-কৃ; Utter words expressive of a determination to take vengeance.

Take ( or wreak ) vongeance—প্রতিহিনা-বৃত্তি চরিতার্থ-ড়, দাদ ডোলা ; Inflict punishment in retahation, have one's revenge.

Vow vengeance—নাৰ তুলিৰ বলিয়া শপৰ হু; Be determined to take vengeance.

With a vengeance—তাজ; উংকটরণে; অভাত;
চুটিরে; With great violence; with excessive vehemence; excessively:—উংশরীকে; Of a most
venement character.

Vengeful, venjiool, a. প্রতিহিনো-পরারণ : বৈরসাধন-তংগর ; দাদ তুলিবার ইচ্ছাবিশিষ্ট ; Vindictive ; revengeful ; retributive.

Venial, vene-al, a. [F. veniel, from L. venia, forgiveness ] बाक्नीय; क्यम : Excusable; par-

donable; allowed: -- नव : नावाच | mervenialness ; weniality ( वाक्नीवर्ज ) । Sys :-Not beinous, not f of deer.

Venison, veni-zon, अ. बृतवारत ; रुत्तिन-वारत ; Meet Venom, venum, #. विष ; नजन ; Poison ; virus : -त्य : विश्वा : Spite : malignity : malice.

Venomous, venum-us, a. [L. venenum, poison] विवन्त ; विवास ; विवास ; Poisonous :--त्रवी ; अविदेक्ष ; Mischievous ; spiteful. a= venomously (विशंक्ता); #=venomousness ( farest ) | Sym :- Noxious, baneful; malignant, malicious.

Venous, venus, c. figi नक्कीय : figintalu : Matter: Pertaining to or contained in veins. Vent, vent, m. fex; Ty; Hole; opening:- नि:ग-क्ष ; निर्मयन ; Discharge ; escape :- न्य ; Passage :-- নিৰ্মৰ-পৰ ; বন্ধু ; Touch-hole :-- প্ৰকাশ ; Publication :-- বছ :-- ত. f. বিগত-ছ ; বহিপত-ছ : वाहिब-इ ; To let out :- वाक्ष-इ ; धकान-इ ; To publish :- 577 - 577 - (n) Opening, aperture ; emission, escape, passage, outlet ; utterance : sale, market ; (v) Emit ; publish, sell. Give vent to-वनान-इ: मत्तर हार वकान कतिया

( Tel : Let out ; pour forth ; give expression to (some feeling).

Take vent-spirit !

Vent one's spleen-बानवाड़ा : बाबद बाबद ৰাহিৰ-ড়; বোৰ প্ৰকাশ-ড়; Pour forth one's spite or anger.

Ventage, n. बाद-निःमद्रापंत्र कुछ भव (धवा वीनीव क्रिक्त) : Ventey, #. नातीतिर रखत सारात द्वान :-- गर्जानत : ভলপেট।

Ventilate, vente-lat, v.f. वाठान-कृ; वाद् नकातिष्ठ-क ; वाजान विद्या निविधान-क ; To fan with wind ; to refresh with wind :- वार्लाह्ना-इ ; न्यार्लाह्ना করিতে-দে; To expose to examination and discussion :-- अक्षेत्र-कृ, अक्षेत्र-कृ; To make public. Syn :- Air ; winnow, fan ; sift, discuss, canvas Ventilation, ven-ti-läshun, n. वाषु त्रकालन . बाब्ब नमनानमन : Free exposure to air : supply of air : - वकाड चालाव्या : नमालाव्या के प्रशासन , Public discussion, public exposure.

Ventilator, venti-lat-ur, #. वांबू झारवन कविवांब मन : (द वड चांडा पृथिक वाडू निःमांडिक रहेंद्रा नवित्व वाड् जकाबिक स्म ; Air-pipe ; a contrivance for intro-

ducing fresh air.

Ventral, ventral, a. [L. venter, the belly] 544 जबकीत : छम्दान निक्षेत्र ; Belonging to the belly. Ventriole, ventri-kl, त. (काव ; श्रदश्रकां , जीव-त्राट्स कुत्र क्ति; A small cavity in an animal. -ventricular.

Ventriloquise, ven-trifo-kwiz, v. f. Syginga स्राउ कथा क्रा ; To practise ventriloquism.

Ventriloquism, ven-trifo-kuizm, Ventriloquy, ven-trilo-kwi, #. श्रीकृत्राण ; जूब हालिश वांका-क्वाजब व्यक्तांत्र विस्तव: The act or art of speaking in such a manner that the voice seems to come from a distance or from some other person.

Ventriloquist, ven-trilo-kwist, अ. शक्कारी ; ৰে ব্যক্তি ভাৰুশভাবে কৰা কহিছে গাৰে: One who practises ventriloquism.

Venture, ventur, स. नाइनिक कार्स ; Undertaking of chance or danger :- नक्ड ; ब्रेक्शिक कार्क ; Risk ; hazard :-- देनव ; अवृद्दे ; Luck :-- ए. ई. नवडें|-भद्र-कृ ; नार्तिक कार्या ध्यत्रेय-कृ : विभवनक्त-कृ : To risk ; to expose to hazard :- v. i. नाइन-म ; To dare; to have the courage to do. Syn :-(n) Jeopardy, peril; hap, luck, contingency: adventure, stake ; (v) Adventure, presume ; hazard, jeopardize.

At a venture-re & sees vice at winte : One the mere chance of :--লাগে তীর না লাগে ভুকু এই जात ; Without much consideration :---वा (वशास इत अक वात्रजात : At random :-- जाइरन छत्र क्तियां ; हत्रम क्ल नां मिलियां ; नां कारियां हिस्तियां ; यहक्यां-FC ; Without seeing the Issue ; without much consideration , suddenly. [ক্রিলে কিছু মিলে পা ! Nothing venture, nothing have—সাংস বা Venture et. on. ( or ) upon-ristr wa wast कान कार्या अवुष-र: कान कार्या अवुष रहेरड मार्म করা : যাত্র আলার উপন্ন নির্ভর করিরা সাহসপুর্বক কাজে नाना : To attempt without any certainty of success; engage in (something) on mere hope -— नाइन कतिश किছ-इ ; Venture to do :- क्लान ইকিলা অপ্ৰ-ক ; Risk something on.

Venture out -- नाइन कड़िया वहिर्मछ-इ: Take the

risk of going out.

Venture to say-वित्र गार्ग-इ !

Venturer, n. नार्नकांत्री ।

Venturesome, ventur-sum, a. नाहनिक ; इ:नाह-সিক; শহাহীৰ; Adventurous; rash; brave; Syn:-Venturous, bold, intrepid, daring. enterprising, presumptuous.

Venturous, a. সাহসিক; বিভন্ন; Venturesome. ad = venturously. n=venturousness.

Venue. n. रम : (व कात्न वनताशानि वार्ड : (व कात्न बालिन क्य हा : The place where an action is laid. To lay a venue—(कांशंत विहास हहेरन छात्रा मिर्द्भन-कृ।

Venus, ve'nus, n. ध्यमापरी : व्याज-(वर्गी : The goddess of love :-- সৌनदा . Beauty :- प्रकार : कन-ডারা : The second planet :-- শব্দ বিশেব।

Venus de-Medici, n. অতিমুৰ্ভি বিশেষ ; A statue ; the type of womanly beauty.

Veracious, ve-rashe-us, a. म्डाबानी : म्डाबिर्ड : Truthful :- मुडा ; अवृष्ठ ; यश्र ; True. ad-veraciously ( यश्वादार )। Syn :-- Credible, reliable, honest.

Vergoity, ve-rase-te, n. nonfairs : nonfiles : সভাবিছা ; Habitual truthfulness :-- সভা ; Truth. Syn: - Credibility, honesty; consistency, accuracy.

Veranda, Verendah, ve-randa, s. 41401, राशाबा ; जिल्ल ; A kind of open portico attached to a house.

Verb, verb, n. vit; fartive; A word expressing, being, doing or bearing. [ त्रिक बुकान । Active verb—(व क्रियांव पात्रा त्यांव व्यक्तंत्र कांवा वा Auxiliary verb—नद्कांत्री किंद्रा ।

Impersonal verb--त क्रिया त्करण व्यवस भूकरवर AF THE STREET BE !

Intransitive verb—ৰক্ষৰ বিভা ৷ Mouter verb-ৰে কিয়াৰ বাৰা কেবলবাত ছিভি বুৱাৰ। Transitive verb - नकर्म दिशे ।

Verbal, verbal, s. [L. verbalis, from verbum. a word ] ধাতুল: Derived directly from a verb —বাচনিক: দাখিক: দখিত: দাম বৃষ্টিত: Oral , spoken:—প্ৰাৰূপ্তিক: Literal:—আক্ষিক: Word for word. Syn:—Unwritten, parole; word for word.

Verbal noun—জিলা হইতে দিশার কিশেষ।
Verbaline, o. f. ক্রিয়াগাং পরিবর্ত্তিভ-কু; To convert into a verb.

Verbalism, #. কথিত বাকা: বুৰের কথা; মৌধিক বাকা; Something expressed verbally or orally. Verbally, ed. মুখে; মুখের কথায়; শব্দে গব্দে।

Verbatim, adv. প্ৰাৰূপৰ; ঠিক সেই ক্থায়; Word for word:—দূৰের ক্যায়; Orally.

Verbena, ver-be'na, n. উদ্ধিদ বিশেষ ; A plant. Verbiage, verbi-3j, n. বাক্য বাহন্য ; বাগড়েবৰ , অপৰ্ভতা ; Wordinems ; verbosity , abundance of words.

Verbose, ver-bo4, a. [ L. verbosus, from verbum, a word ] বাগ্ৰহণ; বহ পাণ্ড; Wordy, prolix; diffuse, ad=verbosely (বহ পাণ প্ৰবোধ কাত:);

Verbosity, n. বাগৰিখার; বাগাড়বল; Prolixity. Verdancy, ver'dan-se, n. Quality or condition of being verdant. Syn:—Greenness, viridity; rawness, inexperience

Verdant, ver dant, a [L. viridis, green] চরিং; ছরিম্পিবিশিষ্ট; Green:—তারা; Fresh:—বর্জনান; মতিকু, Growing; flourishing: —জজ, Ignorant, n=verdancy. ad=verdantly. Syn:—Flourishing, fresh; inexperienced, ignorant, raw.

Verdiet, ver'dikt, n. [L. vers, truly, and dictum, said] জুরীয় উত্তর বা মত, জুরীর বাঘ; প্রকাশিত মত; নিচার-নিশান্তি, Decision; judgement of a jury; opinion pronounced. Syn:—Judgment, finding.

Verdigris, vėi'di-gris, ল. ভাষ্থৰল ; পিতলের কলছ ; ভাষাৰ ৰাইচা Blue green rust of brass &c.; a paint.

Verdure, verdur, n. চরিছা; সব্জ বর্ণ, নৰ ভুগ-প্রাদি: সব্ক খ্যে; Gruenness; freshness of veretation.

Verge, verj, n. সীমা; প্রান্ত: ধার: কিনাবা; Border, brink; edge:—শাসনাধিকাবহুচক দণ্ড; যষ্টি. A rod:—অধিকার; Extent of jurisdiction:—পথিই; যুদ্ধ:—v. t. বুঁকা; হেলা; নত-ফ; To bend, to incline; to slop:—কিনাবায থালা; কোন কিছুব কাছাকাছি থাকা; To border upon. Syn:—(n) Rim, brim, margin, brink; spindle; mace. (v) Lean, slope; approach, approximate.

On the verge of—আভি নিকটে; কিনারার; On the brink of:—খারে; Bordering on:—কোন কিছুর উপক্ষম, About to give way to. [ about to die. On the verge of death—মরিবার উপক্ষম; Be On the verge of ruin—গতনোমুধ।

Verge on—কোৰ কিছুত্ৰ কাছাকাছি-ছ'; Border on. Verge to—কোৰ কিছুত্ৰ কাছাকাছি-ছ'; Tend to, approach to.

Vorger, verj-er, n. एक्पत ; क्ष्मात्री ; क्षानी-त्रकात ; One who carries a wand :—Church beedle. Verifiable, s. नवर्षनीय ; Capable of being proyed.

Verification, ver-e-fe-kashun, ন. স্থৰাণ ; বহাৰ অভিপাদন ; Act of verifying or proving to be true. Syn:—Confirmation, authentication, attestation.

Verify, ver'efi. v. t. [L. verus, true, and facere, to make] সভাপ্ৰমাণ-ক; সাব্যস্ত-ক; বৃদ্-ক; ব্যাধ প্ৰতিপাৰ্থ-ক; To prove to be true or correct; establish; confirm. a verification.
Syn:—Authenticate, attest; corroborate, substantiate.

Verily, ver'e-le, ad. নিভয়; বাছবিক; সভাসভাই; অক্ডই; In truth; in fact. Sys:—Really, truly, veritably, certainly, positively.

Verisimilar, ver-i-simi-lar, a. সম্ভব; স্ভাবং-প্ৰভীয়নান; সম্ভাবনীৰ; Probable, likely.

Verisimilitude, ver-i-sim-ili-tud, ল. স্থাব্দা; দত্য-দায়ুত্ত ; Likelihood ; probability.

Veritable, ver'it-a-bl, a. [L. veritas, truth]
বাধবিক; প্ৰকৃত ; ঠিক; নতা ; Real; true; actual.
ad-veritably. Sym:—True, genuine, certain,
positive, absolute.

Verity, ver'e-te, n. [ L. veritas, from verus, true ] সত্য; সভ্যতা; বাথার্ডা; Truth; reality. Syn:—Certainty, truthfulness; positive fact.

Verjuice, vér'jöös, n. অন্তর্গ ; আপক দ্রাথাণি কলের অন্তর্গ, Sour juice of unripe grapes, apples :--A kind of vineger from it. { in pipes.

Vormialli, n. মনদাৰ জাটা; Paste of wheat flour Vermicelli, n. পাদ্যজ্বা বিশেষ; সেমাই; The stift paste or dough of fine wheat flour made into small thread-like rolls.

Vermicular, ver-mikū-lar, a. কটিনদুৰ ; কৃমিবং ; কটি-গতির ছায় : Pertaining to or like worm.

Vermiculate, v. t. কীটের সতির স্থায় কারকার্যা-কৃ;
To inlay like wormtracks:—a. কুমিব আকারবিশিপ্ত; কুমিবং; Like worm. [ ভিত্তকরণ।
Vermiculation, n. কুমিবং সক্ষণ; কাটকর্তুক
Vermiculo, n. কুমেবীট A little worm.

Vermiculous, a. कृतिनूर्ग ; कृषिमनुग।

Vermiform, ver'mi-form, a. কাটাৰার, কাটের গতির কার; Having the form of a worm.

Vermituge, ver'mi-fii. n. কামনাশৰ উৰধ; কৃমি-নিংসারৰ ক্ৰা; Anthelmentic.

Vermilion, vét'milyun, n. সিশ্ব; A scarlet colouring substance obtained from sulphur and mercury: —লালবঃ; Any beautiful red colour:
—v. t লালবঃ-কু; সিন্ধে বহু-কু; 'To dye vermilion; to colour a delicate red.

Vermin, ver'min, n. পোকামাকড; কীটপতল; উল্ব মাছি ছাবপোকা প্ৰভৃতি; A noxious animal; worm. a=verminous ( কীটজনক )।

Vermivorous, ver-mivor-us, n. ৰীউভুক্; কৃষি-ভুক; কীটাৰ; Devouring worms.

Vernacular, ver-nakū-lār, a. [L. vernaculus, from verna, a slave born in his master's house] বন্ধোৰ; নিজনেশে প্ৰচলিত; Native. of one's own country; belonging to the country of one's birth:—n. বাত্তাবা; নেশীৰ ভাষা; চলিত ভাষা; Native or common dialect. Syn:—(a) Indigenous; mother, vulgar.

Vernal, vér'nal, a. [1. ver, spring] वनस्यानीम ; वाम्हिक, वमसम्बद्धाः ; Belonging to the spring

— योदन नक्षीत ; Blooming ; belonging to youth. The vernal equinox—বসভ্যাদ; বৰৰ পুৰ্বা विवृत्दत्वं अजिक्रम करत । विवादां मनान एत । Vernation, अ. मुक्लांशास्त्र श्वाविश्वान धारानी : The disposition of leaves with the bud. Vernier, w. সচল সুজা মাল বা গল বিশেষ; Measure of intervals between graduated scales. Versatile, ver'sa-til, a. [L. versatilis, from versare, to turn ] हक्त ; शतिवर्डनीय ; नर्काक्क : नर्क-नादा कुन्य ; Changeable ; unsteady ; unstable ; skilful. Syn :- Variable ; unsteady, fickle, Versatility. Versatileness. n. नर्सकरा: असंविवतः भारपर्निङ। वा क्मल डा , Changeableness ; the faculty of turning easily to new tasks or subjects. Verse, vers, n. 544; 74 F; A line of poetry ; metrical line:-নোৰ, Stanza:-কৰিডা; পদা; Poetry :- ( वाहेरवरत ) शतिराह्मात अर अर अरन . (In Bible) A short division of any composition. Blank verse—অমিতাকরেব পদ্য। Verse-monger, n. भग-त्वथक ( व्यवसार्थ )। Versed, verst, a. [ L. versatus, pp. of versari, to turn about frequently ] नक ; छाड़ ; विभिन्छ ; शिंख: Throughly acquainted - क्या ; निश्न . Skilled. Syn :- Practised, conversant, accomplished, proficient, clever. Be versed in-(कान विवाद पालिक शांका ; त्यान विवस्य शांत्रमनी शाका . Be familiarly acquainted with :- कान विषय निश्न ; Be we'l skilled in. Versicle, n. कृष्ट कविडाववक , A little verse. Versify, versi-fi, v. s. कविजा बहना-क ; भाग बहना-F; To make verses; to turn into verse. n= versifier ( नमा त्नथक ); n = versification ( त्नाक ब्रह्मा ; इत्म भम-विकाम )। Version, ver'shun, n. [ L. versio, from vertere. to turn ] ভাবাছর ; अनुवाम ; Translation ; the act of translating :- वर्गना : विवत्र ; Statement ; account. Syn :- Rendering, interpretation ; lection, reading, exercise. Verst, n. क्याब मारेन : A Rusian mile. Versus, pre. वनाय ; विकृत्य ( वांगी-श्राठिवांगीत भारमव बर्सा वावकंड अवर मरस्करण थड लिखिछ इव )। Vertebra, verte-bra, n. करनक ; करनकन ; (मक-शास्त्र अविषय ; Joint of the back bone. a-vertebrai ( (यदम्बो ; करनेक अवकोत्र ) ; pl = vertebrae. Vertebral column—शहेवः न ; त्यक्तक । Vertebrata, n. pl. (यह-पाछी जीवनपूर । Vertebrate, verte-brat, n. (बक्रमें) जीव ; An animal having an internal skeleton with a

Vertebrated, a. সেকুদখনিশিষ্ট ; Having a back-

Vertex, verteks, n. [ L. vertex, or vortex, that on which any thing turns ] পর ; সাগা ; সর্পোচ্চ :

Fel; 94; Top; summit. Syn:-Crown; zenith.

Vertical, vertik-al, a. থাড়া; নোলা; উৰ্ভন; Perpendicular. ad - vertically (উৰ্চোধোলাবে ল্য-

Vertical circle—(व वृद्ध मक्टकाई क शारकायः किन्

Vertiginous, ver-tifin-us, a. [ L. vertigo, gid-

diness ] Turning round ; effected with vertigo.

মান হইয়া )। Syn:--Upright, plumb. Vertical angle-- অভুনের ভূমির বিগরীত কোণ।

backbone.

পাৰ্শ করিয়া অবস্থিত।

dizzv. [ diness ; dizziness. Vertigo, vér-ti'go, n. बाबा वृत्त : वृत्ति (दात्र ; Gid-Vertu, n. निविक উरक्टेला ; Virtu (वर । Verve, verv, n. क्लबांत উल्लেखना ; खेरगांद ; आंधर ; শহুরাগ; Nervous energy in the composition or performance of artistic works. Syn :- Force, spirit, fire, enthusiasm, rapture, animation. Vervet, n. misserieffin ains facet ! Very, ver'e, a. [ F. vrai, L. verus, true ] эы; Real ; true :-- প্ৰকৃত ; টক ; বাতৰিক ; Actual :--चंडाड; Emphatic; in a great degree :-ad. অত্যন্ত; অভিশন্ত ; In a great degree. Sym :—(a) Real; same, self same. Very likely-44 784 | Verp many- रहमःशाक। Vosical. a. मजाकार मच्चीत । Vesicant, Vesicantory, #. क्यानाना जना : Blistering substance. Vesicate, v. f. কোকা-কু; বুকের উপর কোকা ভোলা; Raise little blisters. n=vesication ( ৰোখা উৰো-লন ); a = vesicatory ( কোকানারক )। Vosicle, veśc-kl, n. [ L. vesicula, diminutive of visica, a bladder ] त्लाका ; कुछ जलपूर्व त्साव ; Blister :- नाय (काव ; Little air-bladder :- (काव . 314; Small membraneous cavity. a vesiculous , vesicular ( काका वा काव मक्बीत )। Syn :--Cyst, cell, bladder. Vesper, vesper, n. मनावि खादा : औंटी खक्छांदा : The exeming star; Venus :- pl. नकाकिनीन पूजा रा उपामना ; Evening service :- a. मक्ताकानीन । Vessel, vesel, n. পাन-পাত ; পাত ; Cask for holding liquids; a utensil: - बाराबान ; Ship or boat - नन ; निश्न ; A tube. The weaken vessel—व्यवना नाती '-- नातित डांछ । Vessel of honour-A person whose name is to be remembered with honour. Vest, ve.t, n. [ L. vestis, a garment ] अवदाना : পৰিছেল. A dress; garment :-ছাত্ৰাটা ভাষা বা कड्या ; स्टांश , Waist-coat :- v. f. कांशह भवान ; ভৃষিত-कृ; मिळाड-कृ; To clothe; to dress:- अव-7, To invest. Syn :- (n) Vesture, robe. Vest in-होको शहीन ; Invest in :- काशांत करक क्थ-क ; Place in the hands of -- शृक्तानुक्त्य আইনা ; Come to by succession :- कान अन्नान ; Clothe in :-- मचन-त्य ; मचल आत्रा ; Put in [ clothe with. possession; confer on. Vest with—সঞ্জিড-কৃ; তুবিভ-কৃ; Furnish or Vesta, vesta, n. The Roman goddess of health or fire; the goddess of the flocks and herd. Her temple contained a sacred fire, tended by Virgins and never permitted to go out. pl= vestas. Vestal, vestal, n. Virgin nun consecrated to Vesta :- a. পবিত্র; मछी ; বিশুদ্ধভাব ; Oi or belonging to Vesta; chaste; pure. Vested, a. राही ; Not liable to be set aside : having a fixed right. Vested rights (or interests )— व मरका वर्ष-কারী আছে এবং বাহা চলিরা আসিতেছে; নিন্দির, ছি-वा कारबाव वच . Rights which are not in a state of contingency, existing and fixed rights.

Vestibule, veste-bul, म. त्यवहिः; वात्यवाः; The porch: --वाजावः; ववयाजावः; Hall: --वर्णव पुण विषवः; A small bony cavity forming part of the ear. Syn:--Portico; lobby; ante-room.

Vestige, vestij, s. পণ্টিছ; Footstep:—ছিছ; বিশ্বন ; Trase; remains of something. Syn:—Footprint, trace, indication, sign, token; remant. residue, remainder.

Vestment, vostment, n. পরিজ্ঞ; পোবাক; আছা-ঘন বন্ধ; A garment; a long outer robe:— প্রোহিতের পরিজ্ঞ; বাধকের পোবাক; Priest's robes.

Vestry, vestri, n. বৰ্মনন্দিনের বে বামে পবিত্র ব্যাধি ব্যক্তিত হয়; ভলনালরে পরিচ্ছদ রাধিবার গৃহ; A room appendant to a church for keeping vestments &c., and for robbing the priests:—ছালীয় বল্মনি-সভা; Body of assembled parishioners.

Vesture, vestur, n. [F. veture, dress] বন্ধ : পৰিজ্ঞা : পোষাক : A garment : dress :—আবরণ , Covering. Syn >—Robe, apparel, habit, vestment, clothing, attire, costume, raiment.

Vesuvian, \* দীপলনাকা বিশেষ; A kind of match. Vetch, \*. কলাই মুগ অভূতি শদ্য বিশেষ, A genus of plant.

Veteran, veter-an, a. নিপুণ, পাকা; দক, Experienced:—n. বৃদ্ধ দৈনিক; প্ৰবীণ সৈকা, Old soldier — অভিজ্ঞ বাজি, Experienced man.

Veterinarian, vct-er-ın-র'i-an, n. পশু-চিকিৎসক:
অম-স্বাদির বৈদ্য, One skilled in the diseases of domestic animals.

Votorinary, veter-in-ar-i, a. পণ্ড চিকিৎসা সখ-নীয়. গৃহপালিত জন্তর চিকিৎসা সখদ্দীয়, Pertaining to the art of healing cattle-diseases.

Veto, ve to, n. বারণ, নিবেষ; Any authoritative prohibition; power in a chief magistrate of stopping the enactment of law —v. t মত বা-দে, প্রায়ব্যক্ত, বারণ-কৃ, অক্তবা-কৃ; To reject by a vote; to forbid; to withold assent to. pl = vetoes.

Put a veto on—আইন বিধিবদ্ধ হুইতে না-দে; কোন আইন বিধিবদ্ধ হুইতে না দেওৱা, To reject a bill that has been passed; negative a bill that has passed other branches of the legislature:— নিবেৰ-কু; Prohibit authoritatively.

Vex, veks, v. t. [ L. vexare, to shake ] বিয়ন্ত ক ভাজ-ক ; বেলার-ক ; To tease; harass ; to ment, fret; mortify; trouble. Syn.—Torment, plague, harass, worry, provoke, irritate, offend, distress, afflict; weary, pester, bother; disturb, agitate, disquiet.

Voxations, veks-ashe-us, a. বিবঞ্জিক ; জেশ-বামক; ব্যাপাৰ্থ: Teasing; causing vexation; distressing. ad - vexatiously (বিয়ক্তিক ভাবে)। Syn:—Provoking, irritating, harassing, annoying, teasing, troublesome, painful.

Vexatious suit—्य (योक्षमा इत्रतान कतियात निमिष्ठ कामान दर ।

Vexed, vekst, a. বিষয় ; আভ ভাষিত ; Disturbed ; agitated. Syn :—Troubled, irritated, provoked, annoyed ; disputed, contested.

Vexed question—(ব বিষয় সূহজে দীনাংসিভ ইন শা ; বে বিষয়ে তৰ্কবিত্তৰ্ক ক্ইয়াছে তাহা ; A question difficult of decision and causing much discussion.

Via, pre. नव निज्ञा हरेजा; By way of.

Viaduot, vi'a-duct, n. নেডু; লোল; Bridge. Vial, vi'al, n. লিল; কালোভ, Small bottle, phial.

Vials of wrath—style 44: Vengeance, the execution of wrath on the underserving. Viand, viand, u. 447; (Statut Food, (usual-

Viand, viand, a. बाह्य ; त्डाह्यास्त्रा ; Food, (usually in pl) अवाह्यास्त्र . Articles for food.

Viaticum, ন. পাধের; প্রের স্থল; Provisions to a journey:—বৈভরণি; প্রারন্তিত্ত, The communion given to the dying.

Vibrate, vi'brāt, v. i. আন্দোলিড-হ; দোলারমান-হ; হেলা; দোলা; To swing, to tremble: to move:—v. i. আন্দোলিড-হ; কল্পান-হ; অন্ত পশ্চাৎ দোলাল; To cause to shake; to move to and fro, or from side to side; to affect with vibratory motion. Syn.—Oscillate, sway, fluctuate. Vibration, w-bráshun, n. (দালান; কশ্ন); আন্দোলন; Moving, the state of being vibrated, single oscillation.

Vibratory, vibra-tor-i, a. কলাৰ্ড, কলাৰং; আলোলনজনৰ; Consisting in vibration; causing vibrations; swinging; causing to vibrate.

Vicar, vikar, n প্রতিনিধি; A deputy:—উপাচার্থা, পল্লী প্রোহিত, যাক ক বিশেষ; The priest who supplies the place of the rector; the priest of a parish; the parish-priest receiving the small tithes. n=vicarship (প্রায়ম্ব ধ্যোপ্রেশক); fem=vicaress.

Vicarage, vikar-ai, n. উপাচার্যের বৃত্তি, উপাচার্যের বাসস্থান বা বাটা; The benefice or residence of a vicar. [ing to a vicar.

Vicarial, vi-kári-al, a. উপাচাধ্য-সৰ্কীয়; Pertain-Vicariate, vi-kári It, a. দত্ত ক্ষমতাবিশিষ্ট; প্ৰতিনিহিত ক্ষমতাবিশিষ্ট; প্ৰতিনিহিত ক্ষমতাবিশিষ্ট; প্ৰতিনিহিত ক্ষমতা, Delegated power: ... এদত্ত ক্ষমতা; প্ৰতিনিহিত ক্ষমতা, Delegated power: ৩. এদত্তিনিধি সৰকীয় প্ৰতিনিধি ক্ষমতা প্ৰতিনিধিত ক্ষমতা তাৰিক ক্ষমতা কাৰ্তিনিক ক্ষমতা তাৰিক ক্ষমতা কাৰ্তানিক ক্ষমতা কৰিব ক্ষমতা কৰাৰ ক্ষমতা কৰিব কৰেব ক্ষমতা কৰিব ক্ষমতা কৰিব ক্ষমতা কৰিব ক্ষমতা কৰিব কৰিব কৰিব কৰিব ক

Vice, vis, n. অধর্ম, পাপ; Depravity:—(পাব; বুঁজ, A fault or failing, spot; blemish:—বাভিচার; অনাচার, An immoral habit:—Fault of the old moralities:—পাক সাড়ামী; Iron screw tool to hold things fast when filled:—pre. মুলে; পাব; In the place of. Syn:—(n) Defect, imperfection; crime, un, iniquity, wickedness, immorality, evil. Vice-admiral, vis-admiral, n. নৌ-সেনার বিভীয় অধ্যক, Officer next under an admiral.

Vice-admiralty, n. ভাইন এড্নিরেনের পদ; Jurisdiction of a vice-admiral.

Vice-chanceller, vis-chaherlor, n. বিশবিদ্যা-ব্যায় উপাধ্যক; One acting for or next in rank to a chanceller. Vicegerency, n. वाजिनिवा ; The office or deputed power of a vice-gerent.

Vice-man, n. 本省平河!

Vicennial, n. বিংশতিবর্ধ সাধী। [ সভাগতি। Vice-president, n. विजीव महान्छि: महचात्री Viceregal, n. बांकश्राकिनिष नच्योत : Pertaining to a vicerovalty.

Vice regent, vis-re'jent, a. Trifsfer . Having delegated power :-- म. अजिनिषि , One acting in place of a superior , lieutenant. n=vice-regency ( विजिनिश्च )।

Viceroy, viroy, n [ I. vice, in the place of, and rex, king ] बालका छिनिष ; Governor of a kingdom, one who rules in place of a king. e-viceregal ( बाजवादिनिधि मचकीत )।

Vice-royalty, vis-roy'al-ti, Viceroy-ahip, viśroy-ship, n. शंकशिकिनिश्व शत वा अधिकात. The office or jurisdiction of a viceroy

Vice versa-শিপ্ৰীত প্ৰশিষাবলে; বৰ্ণক্ৰমে, পান্টা-ভাবে, The reverse takes place, contrarywise Vicinage, visin-মা, n. নিৰ্টব্ৰী স্থান; Neighbourhood , place near.

Vicinity, ve-sine-te n निक्छा ; मामीना : माबिया , Nearness - निकडेन डी शान, शाना, Neighbouthood Syn .- Propinquity proximity, vicinage In the vicinity of-fare

Victous, vishus, a sproje sprojes Deprived. corrup' - 5% Fault a = iciously ( 58817) #-Viciousness (5731)1 Syn -Defective imperfective, faulty foul, unlie ithy, wicked, depraved, bad, in moral untul, debased, degraded, abandoned, profigute, contrary, unruly, refractory

Viciousnoss, vi his-ness, n. 50万1, 에여方司, Corruptness of moral principles or practice Syn -Balness, wickedness, immorality, profligacy

Vicissitude, ve-sike-tad, n. f L. micissitudo, from muss, chance | অবস্থা বা ভাগা প্রিস্ত্রন, কাম্মক কামৰাগামৰ ; Change, revolution Syn -Alternation, interchange, mutation, varition

Victim, viktim, n [ I wetima, a beast of sacrifice ] नज , प्रवर्शन निकछ शक्तवह : A living being offered as a s. crince; offering -v t यति-(म, Sacrifice. Syn -(n) Sacrifice, sufferer, dupe, guil

Fall a victim to-7 5. Be destroyed by. Victimise, Viklim-12, v. t मः डाव-क , विनहे-क , To make a victim of , to destroy - asiani-a; To cheat.

Victor, viktor, n [ L, from vincere, victum, to vanquish ] जिल्ला, निषयी, A winner; one who conquers in wir. fem=victress. Syn -Vanquisher, gainer विरभव ।

Victoria, n. রো-শনদিপের দেবতা বিশেব;--শাড়ী Victorious, vik-10're-us, a. क्यो ; कदव्स , विस्त्र-₹ ; Relating to victory, having overcome an enemy; winning, triumphant. ad = victoriously. Syn .- Conquering, vanquishing, successful.

Victory, viktā-re, n. सब , विक्य ; त्रिक्टि . A con-

gained. Syn .- Conquest, traumph, success ; mastery, superiority.

Viotual, vitl, v. t. जाशंत्र (वांशांत ; बाहास्वा जारतांकन क्षिया-त्य: To supply with victuals or food; to store with provisions

Victuals, vitlz, n. pl. बीला; बीलाइवा, बनर; পোরাক : Food : meat. Syn :-- Viands, provisions, bread.

f as of accounts &cc. Vide, ए. मर्गन कर . (एवं। Vidimus, n (হিসাবাদির) প্রীকা, An inspection, V10, vi, v. i. विश्विनी-इ. Contend for superiority, rival Syn .- Strive, contest, compete.

V10 with-कान विवास व्यास्त्रत (त्या खाँक हरेवांत क्रिं-7, Contend with a man in order to surpass hum.

V16W, vd. n. [ F. vue, from voir, to see ] कर्नन ; मृष्ट , Sight -- मृष्टिय (मोड़ . Reach of sight :-- मृष्ट . Landscape - 45. Opinion :- अविशाह ; Decign -- ए । मर्गन-क , (मर्था ; अश्रत्नांकम-क ; To see , to behold, to inspect n=viewer (中年) | Syn: -(n) Survey, examination, inspection, scene, prospect, vista, perspective; sketch, picture; aim, intentior, purpose, end, judgment, impression, sentiment, notion, belief (v) Behold, eye, survey, scan, explore, contemplate, inspect, examine consider, regard, ponder

Be in view-पृष्टिभएथ शांका ।

Command a view of-त्यथान हडेटड (तन (एवा वाव अभन क्रान शाला. Be in a situation from which omething may be early seen.

Enter into one's views -কাহারও মত অবলখন-त . काश्त अ मिक्षां व व्यवस्त्र क , Accept the view held Ly one, share in the views held by one. Field of view-The whole extent seen.

Have in view-মনে মনে ( কোন শিবরেব প্রতি ) লক্ষ্য आता . Have in one's mind some object, aim or desion

Koop in view-(কোন বিষয় বা উদ্দেশ্যৰ প্ৰক্ৰি) लम्प आर्था, Keep in one's mind some object, a m or design

In a point of view, viewed in this or that light-अमृक मिक हटाउ ए शिल. अमृक विवय श्रीतमा निहान क्रिट्म. Viewed or considered in a light or aspect, from considerations of a Judgment or opinion. ch iracter.

In one's view - কাহাৰৰ মতে বা চকে. In one's In view of-কোন বিছব উদ্দেশ্যে ঘটনে বৃদ্ধিৰা, ছইবে sifferi . In anticipation of , having in view.

Point of view, n. (व किक इटेंड (पना वांव : The direction from which a thing is seen.

Take a bird's-eye view of—উড্ডীয়মান পৰীৰ মত উপর উপ্র দেখা, উপর উপর দেখা; ভাসা ভাসা দেশা ; Take a superficial view of ; take a glance of something without entering into details.

With a view to-वरे डेप्पट द. कान डिप्पट ; For the purpose of, with the object of effecting. Viewless, vu'les, a. अमृष्ठ ; अपनेनीय ; invisible. Syn :- Imperceptible, impalapable, - indiscer-

Vigil, vijil, ন. কাপরণ , নিক্রাত্যাপ . Watch watchfulness , watching , forbearance of sleep : quering, success in any contest; a battle, - 44 माध्यान जानवन, Waking for religious exerclass: - উৎস্বের প্রথমতী রাজ: উৎস্ব বা উপবাদের প্রের স্ব্যাকাল: The eve before a feast or fast day.

Vigilance, vijil-ans, n. আগবিতাবয়া: সতৰ্কতা; Wakefulness; watchfulness; circumspection. Vigilant, vijil-ant, a. [ L. vigilare, to watch ] সতৰ্ক; সাৰ্থান; আগস্ক ; Watchful; circumspect; wakeful. ad—vigilantly (সাৰ্থানে)। Syn:— Wakeful, cautious, careful.

Vignette, দ. পুলাদির চিত্র; কুত্র ছবি বা বরা; A running ornament of vine leaves.

Vigorous, vig'or-us, a. ভেল্মী; বলবান; সভেজ; Strong; energetic. ad—vigorously (প্রবদমণে; কোরে); n—vigorousness (ব্যবস্থা; শক্তিশালিতা) ৷
Syn:—Powerful, forcible, intense; energetic, efficient, effective, impetuous, pushing, pressing, enterprising, active, healthy, robust, sound, hardy, flourishing, thriving; spirited, nervous, piquant, racy, impassioned.

Vigour, vig'or, n. { L. vigor, from vigere, to he strong } পজি; বীধা; ভেজবিতা; কাৰ্যাকর বল; ভেজ:; Active strength; energy. Syn:—Power, force, might, efficacy; health, soundness, robustness; liveliness, raciness, piquancy. [prate. Viking, n. সমুদ-দহা, বোকেটে; Scandinavian Vile, vil, a. নীড; কাৰ্য; গুণিড; পাণিড; গুই; Mean; base, low; wicked. n=vileness. Syn:—Abject, ignoble, despicable, sordid, bad, sinful, impure, vicious, abandoned; worthless

Vilenoss, vilness, n. নীচতা; অঘততা, The quality of being vile. Syn:—Baseness, meaness, foulness; despicableness, worthlessness, sinfulness, wickedness, turpitude, knavery.

Vilify, vilesi, v. t. [L. vilis, vile, and facere, to make] নিশা-ক; অপ্যশ-ক, দ্বৰ্নান-ক; To defame; to traduce. ns—viliser ( নিশাক); vilincation ( নিশাবাদ) ৷ Syn:—(n) Revile, abuse, traduce, slander, calumniate, deery. [seat or residence. Villa, vila, n. প্রামা নাটা; বাগান-নাটা, A country Village, vilaj, n. প্রামান; মাম, গা, Collection of houses in the country less than a town.

Villager, vilager, n. आम्बानी, পাড়াগেঁরে লোক; Inhabitant of a village.

Villain, vilan, n. চাৰা; A clownish person .— ছয়ায়া বোক; ছজ্জন; বন্মান, চৰান্মা; পাজি, A deliberate scoundrel, a rascal:—ভুতা; A servant. Syn:—Serf; togue, knave, scamp, profligate, scoundrel, miscieant, cattiff.

Villainous, vilan-us, a. পাণিত ; নীচ ; ছব্জ ; আম ; Depraved. ad = villainously. Syn :—Base, mean, vile, knavish, wicked, depraved, infamous, nefarious, outrageous.

Villainy, viln-i, n. পাপ; নীচডা; ছইডা; হর্জ্-স্তভা; নট্রি; Extrme depravity; an atrocious crime; roguery.

Villanage, n. দাস্ত:—চাকরান প্রকার অধিকার।
Villein, n. বিশ্বত কৃষিকেজের ভূত্য; A seri attached
to a villa or farm.

Vinaigratte, গ. বৰ্ণ বা রৌপা নির্বিত পদ-পেটকা; A small box for holding aromatic vinegar ued as a smelling-bottle.

Vincible, vinsi-bi, a. नेबाद्यव ; द्वित्रवा ; Capable

of being conquered; that may be conquered.

\* = vincibility ( বিজেয়তা )।

Vineulum, ving'ku-lum, #. वक्नी ; वक्नी (वर्ष ; Bond of union ; connecting mark.

Vindioable, vindi-ka-bl, a. नवर्दनावात्रा; नवर्दनीव ; Such as may be vindicated or defended.

Vindicate, vinde-kāt, v. t. সমর্থন-তৃ; ককা-তৃ; বজার-তৃ; প্রমাণ-তৃ; To defend; to justify:—বজ-পূর্বক সমর্থন-তৃ; To maintain by force. Sym:— Uphold, support, assert, claim.

Vindication, vin-de-káshun, ন. স্বৰ্থ; রক্ষণ; support:—বাধাৰ্থ্য প্ৰতিপাদৰ; Justification. Syn: —Defence, plea, excuse, apology; advocacy, maintenance, assertion.

Vindicative, vin-dika-tiv, a. সমর্থনকারী; সমর্থন-শীল; Tending to vindicate.

Vindicatory, vindi-ka-tor-i, a. नवर्शनकांत्री; नवर्शनकांत्र ; Tending to vindicate.

Vindictive, vin-diktiv, a. প্রতিটিংসা-পরায়ণ; বৈরকারী; বৈরসাধন-তৎপর; Revengeful. ad vindictively (জাতকোধ হইরা); n=vindictiveness (বৈরসাধন-তৎপরতা): Syn:—Revengeful, unforgiving, unrelenting, implacable, resentful, spiteful. • [ who trims vines.

Vindresser, vin-dreter, n. আকা-কৃষি; One Vine, vin, n. আকানতা; আকুর গাছ; A climbing plant yielding grapes; the plant from which wine is made.

Vinegar, vine-gar, n. কিবা; An acid liquor got from fermented and vinous liquors :—a. টক । Vinery, viner-i, n. আফালতা উৎপাদনাৰ্থে বন্ন বিশেষ; A hot-house for rearing vines.

Vineyard, vinyard, n. জাকাকেও ; আকুবের কেও ; আকুবের উদ্যান ; A plantation of grape-vines.

Vinous, vi'nus, a. मनाजयकीत ; मनिता जन्न ; Pertaming to or having the qualities of wine.

Vintage, vintaj, n. দ্রাকা-সংগ্রহকান; দ্রাকা সংগ্রহ করিবার সময়; The time of gathering grapes:— দ্রাক-মদিরা, Grapes of wine so obtained.

Vintner, vintner, n. ভৃতি, মদাব্যবদারী; স্থা-বিক্রেডা; A dealer in wines, a wine-seller. Viny, a. ফাকালতা সমাজ্য।

Viol, vi'ol, n. बोबा; त्यांना; Three or six strainged musical instrument; large violin.

Violable, a লজনীয়; ভশ্লনীয়; Such as may be injured or broken.

Violate, violat, v. f. লজন-ক ; উল্লেখন-ক ; জণ-বিজ-ক ; To transgress :—বলাংকার-ক : কু-ব্যবহার-ক ; To ravish. n=violator (লজনকারী)। Syn:— Invade, infringe ; disturb, interrupt ; profane, desecrate, pollute ; debauch, deflower.

Violation, vi-ö-låshun, n. লজন; ভস: Infringement; transgression:—বলাংকার; Rape. Syn:—Non-observance, profanation; desecration; ravishment.

Violence, vi'ū-lens, n. উপ্ততা; প্ৰবৰ্তা; প্ৰচৰতা; Vehemence:—বল, Force:—বলাংকার; বলপ্রানা; অত্যাচাৰ, Rape; outrage:—আক্ষম ; Attack; assault:—মনিষ্ট; Injury. Svn:—Impetuosity, boisterousness; passion, fury, rage, fierceness, oppression, outrage, injustice; acuteness, severity, intensity. By violence—বলবাৰোগ বাবা। To do violence on—কাক্ষণ- ; হত্যা- কৃ। To do violence to—বাবাত- কৃ; কভি- কৃ।

Violet, violet, n. লড়া বিশেষ; পুলাবিশেষ; A plant of many species, with its flower:— নীল লোছিড; A mixed colour, variety of purple:— a. বকাড; বীল; ব্ৰুল; Of the colour of the violent. Violent, violent, a. ব্ৰুল; বাচড; Vehement; furious:— বোৰণাবৰণ; উৱ; Passionate:— অবাভাবিক; অভান্ন; Unnatural; forced. ad-violently (ক্লপ্ৰাত; বাচডবাপ)! Syn:—Boisterous, two-bulent, impetuous, flerce; passionate, fiery, raging, ungovernable; unlawful; acute, severe, poignant, intense.

Violent death— अपनोड मुक्त ; Unnatural death. Violin, n. नागान्य विराम ; स्वनाना ; A fiddle ; viol. Violiat, vi'ol-ist, n. नीगानम ; त्वहानागन ; A player on the viol or on the violin.

Violoncellist, n. বেহালাবাদক; A player on the violoncello. [ ment. Violoncello, n. বেহালা বিশেষ; Musical instru-Viper, vi'per, n. বিষধয় সৰ্গ; A snake whose bite is poisonous; a poisonous raptile.—অভি নীচ লোক; বিহাস্থাডক; ধল, Any base, malicious

person.

Nourish a viper in one's bosom—হুৰ কলা
দিলা সাপ পোৰা; Affectionately rear up one who
turns and attacks.

Viperous, vip'er-us, a. হিলেক, বিষয়ৰ ; ৰারাক্ত; বিষয়ক; বিষয়ক; নিষয়ক; Having the qualities of a viper. Syn.—Malignant, venomous, malevolent, rancorous, spiteful.

Virago, ve-rágō, ন. [L. virago, from vir, a man] বুজকারিণ নারী, রী বোজা, A female warrior:—কন্দ্রেরা বী; উন্নচলা, A termagant.—প্রথ সম্পারী; A man-like woman. Syn:—Vixen, scold, shrew.

Virgin, ver'-iin, n. [L. virgo, from virere, to be green.] কুমারী; অনুচা স্ত্রী; A maid:—কড়ারাণি, Sign in the zodiac:—a. কৌমার; Maidenly.—
বিশুদ্ধ; শুদ্ধা, সত্রী; Pure: fresh, chaste.
Syn:—(n) Maiden; damsel, girl. (a) Undcfiled, modest; fresh, new, unused.

Virgin born—इनाजी नडव ; Born of maid. Virgin Mary—Mother of Jesus Christ.

Virgin Queen-Elizabeth.

Virgin soil, n. অক্ৰিড ভূবি, অকত জবি, Untilled land. [cal instrument. Virginal, n. বাদাৰত বিশেষ, An old keyed muss-Virginity, vér-jihi-ti, n. কৌনাৰ্য; কুন্তাৰত্ম; কুনাৰ্য , The state of being virgin; maidenhood. Virgo, vérgo, n. কডাবালি; The virgin in the zodiac.

Virid, a. হরিং; Green. [greenness. Viridity, vi-ridi-ti, n. হরিগ্র; Verdure; Virile, ver'il, a. [L. virilis, from ver, a man] পুরুষভাতি সম্বাহ; পোস্থিক; উৎপাদন্দিল; Masculine; manly; belonging to a man or to the male sex. Syn:—(a) Vigorous, nervous; procreative.

Virility, vir-ifi-ty, n. भूक्ष ; Manhood :-

Virtu, vér-100, n. कांका निकारि विवटस बहुबांव ; A love of the fine arts.

Virtual, ver'tu-al, [L. virtualis, from virtue, strength] কলোংশালনাড়ি সভায়; ফলতঃ বটে; বিভ বাছতঃ নয়; Being in essence or effect, not in fact. ad=virtually ( ফলতঃ; কাৰ্য্যতঃ)। Syn:—Potential, implied, constructive, indirect.

Virtue, ver'tū, n. [L. sirtus, strength] বৰ্ণ;
প্ৰা; Moral goodness; right principle:—পঞ্জি;
বল; Power; force:—সভীষ্; Female chastity:
—সম্ভা; Purity:—খা; সম্ভা; Efficacy; excellence. a=virtual. Syn:—Strength, force, potency; excellence, morality, uprightness, worth, goodness; purity, chastity.

By virtue of, In virtue of—ceta fera ava; By reason of; through the force of; by the authority of.

Make a virtue of necessity—Do a very disagreeable thing as a duty because you must do it.

Virtuose, vir-too-ö'zo, n. শিল্প বিষয়ে কক ব্যক্তি; কল্মবান্ বা নিজ্ঞবিশানত পণ্ডিড; গুলী ব্যক্তি, One skilled in the fine arts, in antiquities, curiosities and the like. pl-virtuosi.

Virtuous, ver'tu-us, a. বার্দ্ধিক; বর্ণনীল; সং; সাধু, পবিঅ; সভী; Blameless, righteous; chaste (of a woman). ad=virtuously (বার্দ্ধিকভাবে); n= virtuousness (সাধুভা; বার্দ্ধিকভা): Syn:—Just, upright, good, moral; pure.

Virulence, vir'u-lens, n. কট্ডা; উরভা; বিশ্বভা, ভারতা; প্রতি ভাশতা; Bitterness; sharpnesss. Syn.—Poisonousness, venomousness; malignancy, rancour, acrimony.

Virulent, vir'ii-lent, a. বিষয় , বিষয় ; Extremely poisonous .— কিন্তু ; Maddened :—উন্ত ; জীত্ব ; বেষবারার , বক্তরাগরারব ; Spiteful ; bitter in enmity. ad = virulently (জীবতাবে) । Syn :— Venomous, malignant, acrimonious, rancorous, bitter.

Virus, virus, n. विष ; व्यविदायक विष ; Poison ; poisonous matter.

Vis, n. यन , वीश , भक्ति ।

Vienge, vižāj, n. [F. from L. visus, a look] মুখের আকাৰ, আন্ত, মুখ, মুখনী. The face at the look. a = visaged. Syn.—Countenance, appearance.

Visavis, n. সমূৰ্বতী বস্ত বা বাজি:—ado. সুৰোস্থী Viscors, vésér-a, n. pl. দেহাভান্তরত্ব আৰে; The inner parts of animals:—আন ; নাড়িভূঁড়ি; The entrails.

Viscoral, a. অৱসমূহ সৰ্থীয় ; Pertaining to the Viscid, visid, a. আটাবুজ ; চট্চটে ; পিছিল ; আটাব ; Sticky ; glutinous ; tenancious. » – viscidity ( চট্চটা ভাব ) । Syn :—Sticking, adhering, glutinous, adhesive.

Viscount, viskount. \*. ইংলভের সমান্ত ব্যক্তির উপান্তি; English peer next above a baron. feg= viscountess.

Viscous, viskus, a. চট্চটে, আটাব; আটাবুক; Adhesive, sticky. Syn:—Glutinous, clammy, tenacious, ropy.

Viscus, n. Minifia ceine au 1 pl-viscors.

Visibility, a. qualital; peralital; erfalusi; The state or quality of being visible.

Visible, vize-bl, a. रूपाई ; Obvious :-- वृज्यांव ; हमूत्र कि ; पृष्ठिपाइन ; Perceptible ; capable of being seen. n-visibility. Syn :- Discernible, apparent, manifest, evident, patent, clear, conspicuous.

Vision, vishun, m. पूरे ; पूर्व ; Sight ; actual sight :-- हांबी : पूछ ; An apparition :-- कांबनिक वस ; वस ; क्षित विवत ; Anything imaginary ; something seen in a dream :-- वर्गनाकि ; हन्-विक्रित : The sense of seeing :- अनिक वालारक्य : A divine revelation. Syn :- Seeing; ghost, spectre, phanton : dream ; delusion.

Visionary, vizhun-ar-e, a. व्यवस्य ; काइनिक ; ৰসভা; Imaginary; not real: -- অমাৰুক ! n=visibleness (সাইডা , চৰুৱাছত): admissibly (চৰু-व्यक्तिए । Syn: - Imaginative, romantic, dreamy, fanciful; fantastical, baseless, shadowy, unreal, ideal, chimerical,

Visit, o. t. विश वा वानिश नाकार-क : To go or come to see :-- দেখিতে যাওয়া বা আনা ; To call on or at :-- (मणाश्यना-कृ: छमात्रक-कृ, शतिवर्णन-कृ: To inspect :- v. i. नाकार-कृ : नाकार कर्त्रणार्थ यांख्या : To be in the habit of seeing or meeting each other :- त. नाकार ; प्रवीमार्च नमन : Act of visiting ; a call :- हिक्शिएक प्रश्नी : Attendance of a physician.

Pay a visit to-नाकार-क : त्विट्ड या न्या वा जाना : Come to see for a short period.

Visit at-Keep up familiarity with. Visit of ceremony-Formal visit.

Visit one's sins upon another-gasta অপরাধে জার একজনের ৮৩-কু: একের পালে অপরকে माचि-ए, धक्यत्मद धाइन्छित बाद धक्यनत्व पित्रां करांन : Chastise one for offence committed by another.

Visit one with-MG-(7; Punish one with; inflict on one.

Visit the sins on-Title we were: To punish for ; to cause to suffer. [ Chastise. Visit with, in, (on, or upon)—48-47; Visiting, v. n. मर्नन , नाकारकात ।

A visiting book-ৰে পুৰুষে সাকাৎ কর্মীয় অভি-দিগের নাম দিখিত থাকে।

Visiting card—त्व वित्रकृति माकाश्काताचीत बाब লিখিত খাৰে ; Card with address.

Visiting physician—नविष्यंक हिक्शिक ; A physician, who visits the hospital at certain times, and is not constant in attendance.

Visitant, vizi-tant, s. অভাগত ব্যক্তি: সাকাং-कांबर : One who goes to see another ; one who is a guest in the house of another.

Visitation, viz-i-tashun, अ. शहिश्रानी : मन्तानी : ভদারক; Official or ecclesiastical inspection; examination by authority :-- व्यक्तिनंत ; वक ; व्यक्ति-कन : देनवद्यक्तिभाक ; देनव अञ्च वा निजर ; Retribu-

Visitations of providence-les sales

Visitor, vizit-ur, n. नमर्नक ; नाकारकावक ; कलानल वाकि : One who inspects or examines: व=

Visitorial, a. nimit naulla ; nimit aine : Be-

longing to a visitor, or one who inspects or examines.

Visor, vifur, n. नुवायत्वन : मुब्दाना ; अवम : A mask; perforated part of a helmets anvisored ( ज्ञारवन्यांत्री : म्यम-भन्ना )।

Visored, vizurd, a. मुधनपतिष्टिक : Masked.

Vieta, vista, n. [It vista, sight, view ] छेडा-नार्विष्ठ कुकटलिंद न्या दिश हुछ ; वीवी ; वीदिका ; हेडहशार्ष (अभैवद्ध वृक्षांति ; An avenue ; a view or prospect through an avenue.

Visual, vizhu-al, a. बृष्टिनवसीय ; ठाकून ; मर्नावित्र সংকার: Pertaining to sight; used for seeing.

Vital, vi'tal, a. [ I.. vitalis, from vita, life ] बीवनवाशित मःकार : बीवनाबाहक : खानवाहनक : बीवन-बांतक ; जीवनतकक ; नजीव ; Being the seat of life; belonging to life; pertaining of life; supporting life; containing life; contributing to life :- अठारिक्य : Essential. ad - vitally ( অত্যাবস্তৰজ্বে )। Syn :-Living, life-giving : necessary, indispensable.

The vital part—मर्भग्राम ।

् रणभाव ।

Vital air-প্রাণবার । Vital functions—शांव वाजानानानी नाजीविक Vital importance—অভিশয় শুকুতা।

Vital powers—बीवनीनिक ।

Vital principle-প্রাণবাব।

Vitaliso, vi'tal-iz, v. t. जीविज-क : जीवनमुख-क ; To make vital or alive; to give life to.

Vitality, vi-tale-te, n. धानमृत ; कीवनीनकि ; मकीवर्छा: मजीवर् : जीवनवन : The principal or power of life; animation. Syn :- Life, animation, vital power.

Vitals, vitalz, n. ol. बीवामहत्त्व माहारम : खीवनवड : ৰশ্বাৰ , Parts essential to life.

To eat into the vitals of-एमें अत्रो कतियां दनता । Vitiate, vishe-at, v. t. ছুর্মল-ভু; বাতিল-ভু; To render defective or faulty :-- प्रिक-क ; नहे-क ; बाबान-क : कन्विछ-क ; To taint ; impair ; corrupt. Syn:-Impair, deteriorate, spoil, deprave, defile, pollute, contaminate.

Vitiation, n. मृतिङ कद्रव . विश्वपान . अशकाव ; Act of vitiating, or state of being vitiated Syn :-Deterioration, debasement, degradation, corruption, perversion, pollution.

Vitroous, vitri-us, a f L. vitrum, glass ] कांहबर, कांहबत, कांहमपूर्ण; Glassy; pertaining to glass.

Vitreous electricity, n. Positive electricity or that which is excited by rubbing a glass body. Vitreous humours, n. The transparent structure, occupying the centre of the eyeball. being the largest of the transparent media of the eye.

Vitrescent, vi-tresent, a. [ I.. vitrum, glass ; কাচে পরিপতিশীল : Tending to become glass. ne vitrescence.

Vitrie, a. काहबर : काहबन्ती : Glassy.

Vitrics, त. कांচ-निर्माण अगानी।

Vitrify, vitri-fi, v. t. [ L. vitrum, glass, and facio, to make ] with Mins ; To make into glass; to convert into glass: - ए.वं. काट अविषक-इ ; To become glass, n-vitrifaction, a-vitrifiable. Vitrifaction, n. কাতে পৃথিক কৰণ বা তংগোদী ; The act or process of vitrifying, or converting into glass.

Vitrifiable, a. কাতে পরিণ্যনীর; Converted into Vitriol, vitri-ol, n. বাডুর বিকৃতাবছা বিশেব; ডুভিয়া ইডাারি; A solube sulphate of a metal. a= vitriolic.

Blue vitriol - वृतिहा ।

Green vitriol—काशान । White vitriol—होताका।

Vituperate, vi-tu'-per-না, v. f. ভিরকার-র ; ভংগনা-র ; নিন্দা-র ; দোব গ্রহণ-ক ; To censure ; to upbraid, to rate ; to find fault with. Syn :--

Scold, revile, rate, rail at

Vituperation, vi-tu-per-ashun, ল. নিলা; ভর্ননা; তিবজার; অপবাদ; Abuse; blame; censure; rebuke; reprimand; railing.

Vituperative, vietū'pėr-a-tiv, a. নিৰাপূৰ্ণ, ভংগৰাস্ট্ৰ ; নিৰাজক ; নিৰাস্থিত ; Containing vituparation or censure.

Vituperator, a. (नावजाही ; निकाकांतक।

Vivacious, vi-vashe-us, a. [L vivax, from vivere, to live] সঙীব; জীবন্ধ, উল্লাসিড; দুষ্ট, উৎসুল; Active; sportive, brisk; hvely; gay, ad—vivaciously (সজীবভাবে)। Syn.—Sprightly, animated, spirited, gay, incrry, jocund, light-hearted.

Vivacity, vi-vase-te, n সঞ্জীৰতা; টকলতা; উৎকুন্নতা, প্ৰসন্থতা; Antmation, liveliness, sprightliness of temper. Syn:—Briskness, quickness,
energy, spirit, smartness, gayety. [ক্ষাব:
Vivavoce, a. মোৰিক; বাচনিক, Oral:—ad মুলর
Vivid, vivid, a. [L. vizo, to live] জীবিতবং;
জীবর; বিচিজ; Lively; sprightly.—লাচ; উজ্জ্বল,
Bright:—সভেজ; Strong. ad=vividly (পাইনপে,
ভক্তভাবে)। Syn:—Vigorous, quick, active,
strong; animated, clear, lucid, bright, striking
Vividness, n. উজ্জ্বতা; পাইতা, The quality of
being vivid. Syn:—Life, strength, sprightliness, brilliancy, resplendence, radiance.

Vivify, vive-fi, v. f. সজীব-কৃ, সতেল-কৃ, To endue with life. n=vivification (ভাগেন্দ্রি; উপন্
প্রতিষ্ঠা) ৷ Syn:—Vitalise, animate, quicken, arouse, awaken.

Viviparous, vī vip'a-rus, a. [L. vivus, alive, parso, to produce] ৰ রাষ্ট্র, সজীব সম্ভান প্রসাবৰারী, Producting young alive.

Vivisection, viv-i-sekshun, n. [L. ফাফান্ত, alive, seco, to cut ] সভীব জন্তব অসচ্ছেদ, জীবছেদ; জীবছেদ; জীবছেদ; জীবছেদ; জীবছেদ, Dissection of living animals. Vixon, viksen, n. fem শিবা; স্থী-শুগাল, A shefox:—খিট্ৰিটে স্থীবোক; বাখিনী নারী; কনংপ্রিয়া স্থাবোক; A cross ill-tempered woman.

Viz, ad. অর্থাৎ . Namely (videlicet শক্ষের নংকেপ) ৷ Vizard, vizard, n. মুখন ; See visor.

Visier, vityer, n. [Ar. weser, woser, a porter] বাজমন্ত্রী; উজীব; An oriental minister or councellor or state

Vocable, vo'ka-bl, n. [ L. voco, to call ] अस ; मात्र ; मात्रा ; A word ; a name.

Vocabulary, vo-kabu-lar-e, n. [L. vocabulum, a wo.d] , শনকোৰ : অভিথান ; শনাৰ্থ-প্ৰকাশিকা ; Dictionary. Sym :-- Word-book; glossary · lexicon.

Vocabulist, m. cetesta;

Vocal, vo'kal, a. [L. voz, vosis, a voice] ব্ৰব-স্থানীয়; ব্যব্ক; বাচিক; উচ্চায়িত; শক্তি; নৌধিক; Relating to or having a voice. ad—vocally (বাচনিকরণে)।

The vocal cord—বাক্তরী।

The vocal organ-41743 !

Vocalisation, n. বরস্থ্রিত বা শ্বিত করণ; The act of vocalising.

Vocalise, vi'kal-ir, v. t. পদস্ক-কৃ, পরে পরিণড কু: কঠ ধারা উচ্চাবিত-কু; To make vocal; to form into voice. n=vocalisation.

Vocalist, vo'kal-ist, n. 1184; A singer.

Vocation, vo-kdshun, n. ব্যবসায়; উপব্যেগী কাব্য; Calling; profession; occupation:—আবান; A call. Syn:—Trade, profession, occupation, employment, business, pursuit, office, nission; call, summons, citation.

Vocative, a. সংখাধনে বিভিত্ত; সংখাধনে ব্যবহৃত; Used in calling:—n. সংখাধনকারক; সংখাধনপদ. The case of a word when the person or thing is addressed.

Vociferate, তে-siler-নt, ভ i. [ L vo., vocis, voice, and ferre, to bear ] চীংকার-কু, চেচান; সোরগোল-কু; To cry out with a loud voice, to bawl:—v.t. চীংকার শক্ষপুৰ্বক উচ্চারণ-কু, To utter with a loud voice. Syn:—Bellow, bawl, ioai, clamour, shout; rant, mouth.

Vociferation, vo-sit-er-1-hun, n. টংকারধানি; উচ্চ শন, A violent outery, a loud outery Syn.
—Exclamation, clamour, bawling, bellowing, mouthing.

Vociforous, vo-sifer-us, a. চীংকারকানী; গোল-মাল-ক, Making a loud outery; noisy. ad= vociforously (ইটেডাকরে)।

Vogue, মতু, n. পদ্ধতি; বাবহাব, প্রথা; চলন, Temporary fashion of mode, practice. Syn:— Way, custom, use, usage; fishion, repute.

Be in vogue—চণ্ডি-হ, চলিত-চ; রেজ্যাক-ছ, চল্ডিড প্রি, Be in general use, be in fashion, be prevalent.

Voice, vois, n খল, কঠবর; ফলি; বাক্; রব; Sound of speech as made by breath; audible noise uttered by the mouth:—ভাষা; Language: —মত; Vote.—মত প্রকাশ; মতামত, Opinion expressed —ঝাদেশ:—(ব্যাক্ব'ৰ) মান; Mode of inflecting the verb:—ফ. t. হর নিবান, উচ্চারণ-ড়; To regulate the tone. Syn:—(n) Utterance, words, expression, tone, suffrage

At the top of one's voice—উচ্চে:বরে, তারবরে; বতদুর সত্তব ততদুব চীৎকারে; As loudly as possible. Stentorian voice—ভীমনাদ; A very loud voice The active voice—কর্ত্তবাচা।

The passive voice- 44157 1

With one voice—এक्বारका ; Unanimously. Voiceful, a. ध्वनिष्कः। (voice or vote Voiceless, a नीवन, वाकाना व व व क्यू ; Having no

Void, void, a [ L riduus, d prived of ] প্ত , ধালি ; Empty ; wanting ; vacant :—বিরর্থক ; বুখা , নিকল ; বাভিল ; Null ; invalid ; being without :—

समिक्ष : Unoccupied ; not occupied :- समात : Unsubstantial :- n. পৃত্যাব ; আকাশ ; পৃত : An empty space ; vacuum :- v. t. छात्र-कृ ; निर्त्रज-ৰু ; To quiet ; to discharge :-- নির্থক-কু ; ৰাতিল-म : To render of no effect :-- नृक-कृ ; वानि-कृ ; To make empty; to empty. Syn: - (v) Emit, discharge, pass; annul, mullify. (a) Unfilled; free, clear, destitute of ; wanting, unfurnished, of no effect. unsupplied; nugatory. To make void—বাজিল-ক ; অগ্রাহ্-ক ; To render Voidable, voida-bl, a. পরিত্যালা ; বিকল-করপোপ-(वाती ; आकार्याकत क्रेबात खेलवूक ; That may be evacuated; such as may be voided or evacuated. Voidance, voidans, n. तक्थन ; मूत्रीकवन ; मूक्कवन ; Ejection; the state of being void.

Voidness, n. नुक्का ।

Volant, ঘত'land, a. [L. volo, to fly ] a. চকল; চ লাক, ফ্রত; সম্মন ; Nimble :—উড্ডীয়নাল ; Flying. Volatile, vola-til, a. উষান্ন ; উড্ডীয়নাল ; বাহা সংক্রে উবিয়া বা উদ্দিয়া বার ; ৰাপাবং , Apt to waste away or fly off by evaporation ; flying :—চঞ্চল; পরিবর্ত্তনাল ; চলচ্চিত্ত; Fickle; flighy —হুড, Cry n=volatileness; volatility. Syn:—Vaporizible, evaporable; airy, gay, lively, sprightly, giddy, inconstant. [ness, sprightliness. Volatileness, Volatileness, Volatility, n. চাঞ্চল্য; Fickle-Volatilisation, n. বাংলা পরিবৃত্তি প্রবৃত্ত করেণ ; The act or process of rendering volatile.

Volatiliso, vola til-iz, v. t বাংশে পরিণত কৃ, উবারী-কু, সংজে ডড়াইবা দে; To cause to evaporate r = volatisation.

Volcanie, a. আয়োগনির সম্মীর; অহাংপাত সংক্রান্ত: Pertaining to, or effected by a volcano.

Volcano, vol-káno, n. [I. vulcanus, the god of fire ] ব্যেষ্থাপুক্ত, ভাষেত্ৰগিত্তি, Burning mountain, a mount un from which smoke, flame, lava, &c. are thrown. a=volcanic. pl=volcanoes.

Volcanic bomb—আধ্রেমনির হইতে উৎক্রিপ্ত ওপ্ত Volcanic rock—অগ্নিদম্ম প্রথম ।

Volcanio rock—आग्रमक व्यवः Vole, n. हेन्द्रवर कड विश्व ।

Volition, vö-lishun, n. [L. volitio, from volo, veile, to will] ইছাপান্ধ; প্রবৃদ্ধি; সম্বন্ধ ; মনন ; Act or power of willing, choosing, determining or purpose. a=volitional (ইছা সম্বন্ধীয়): Syn:
—Will, choice, preference, determination, purpose.

Volley, voli, n. [L. vole, to fly] গোলাবৃষ্টি, ভীর নিক্ষেপ; শল্প বর্ষণ; বছসংখ্যক শুলির বুগবং নিক্ষেপ, A flight of arrows; the discharge of shot by a battalion; a flight of missiles. pl = volleys.

Volt, volt, n. লক ; হঠাং আবর্ত্তন ; বজগমন, বোটকের চজাকার বাতি বিশেষ ; A bound ; a sudden leap ; a gait of two treads made by a horse going sideways round a centre.

Voltaio, vol-táik, a. ভন্ট সম্মীয় ; Pertaining to or originated by Volta, an Italian.

Voltaic battery—An apparatus consisting of a series of pairs of plates of different metals, immersed in a fluid, usually diluted sulphuric acid, and connected by wares for the development of electricity. Voltate electricity, n. The phenomena resulting from the evolution of a current of electricity for chemical action.

Voltaism, volta-izm, n. ৰাদাগনিত প্ৰক্ৰিয়া হার' উংগৱ তড়িং; Galvanism as modified by Volta a branch of the science, which treats of the form of electricity produced by chemical agents. Volubility, n. আবর্তনীয়তা; বাক্ণটুড়া; Fluency of speech.

Voluble, volubl, a [L. volubilis, from volvere, volutum] पूर्णाबान; काउपाबी; আবর্তনশীল; Apt to roll or move easily; having quick motion; easily turning:—বাক্পটু; কাতভাবী; ৰাচাল; Nimble of speech; glib, of rapid sheech; fluent. n=volubility (বাচালতা)। Syn:—Glib, loquacious.

Volume, volum, n. [L. volumen, a thing rolled or wound up ] গ্ৰহণত; প্ৰকাদির পত; Roll; scroll:—আয়াতন; আফার; অব্বব; ঘনকল; Compass; dimensions:—প্ৰক; গ্ৰন্থ; A book:—পূৰ্ব্য; Fullness of voice:—আধিকুত হান; Space occupied. Syn:—Convolution, turn, fold; tome; dimensions, bulk, size, mass, amplitude, capac ty.

A work in four volumes—চাবিগতে সল্পূৰ্ এছ।
To speak volumes—ইলাতে জনেক ব্যক্ত করিতেছে;
উত্তম সাক্ষ্য প্রদান-কৃ; স্বল্প্ট্রেগে অর্থ জ্ঞানন-কৃ. Convey much information; to have weight, as an argument.

Volume of smoke-प्रशानि ।

Volumed, a. वृश्णांतज्य ; Of volume or bulk.

Voluminous, vo-lu-mi-nus, a. অনেক গ্ৰন্থিটিঃ; বহু ভান্ধ বিলিষ্ট; Having volume or many volumes; having written much, as an author: —বড়; বৃহধাকার; Bulky.

Voluntary, volun-tar-e, a. বেক্তাপ্ত ; বেজাকুত ; subject to the free will :—ইজ্যাকুলার , অভিনেত ; সহল ; Willing :—বাবীন ; Free :—n. বে ব্যক্তি বাবীনভাবে কোন কাৰ্য্য করে ; One who does anything of his own free will :—A dissenter ; one who objects to the union of church and state :— বাদ্য বিশেব ; Piece of music played at will. ad— voluntarily (বেজাপ্রতি )। Syn:—(a) Spontaneous, unconstrained ; ready, intended, purposed, designed.

Voluntaryism, n. রাজসাহাব্য এহণ না করিছা কেবল ক্ষেত্রগুরুত্ত সাহাব্য হার। হল্মনিশ্রাদির ব্যয়ভার বহল-ক্রণালী; The principle of supporting the church by voluntary offering, instead of by the cic of the state.

Volunteer, n. vol-un-ter', n. ৰে বেজাপুৰ্কক সৈনি-কালির কর্মে বা অক্স কর্মে প্রবৃত্ত হয়; জবৈজনিক সৈশ্ন ; সংবর সিগাংই; ইচ্ছা সৈনিক; One who serves as a soldier &c., tof his own free choice:—a. বেজাপুর্কক নিযুক্ত; Entering into service voluntarily:—v. s. কোন কার্মে; বেজাপুর্কক নিযুক্ত-হ; To enter into any service of one's own free will:—v. t. বেজাপুর্কক প্রদান-কৃ; আপনাপনি-বে। Syn:—(v) Profiler, tender, present, propose.

Voluptuary, vō-lupt'ū-ar-c, দ. ভোগাস্ক লোক; বিষয়াসক ব্যক্তি; ইন্দ্রিয়পরতম্ব লোক, ইন্দ্রিয়পরারণ ব্যক্তি, One excessively given to bodily enjoy-

ments or luxury; a sensualist. Voluptuous, vo-lupt'u-us, a. ই ख्रिकारन्यो ; ভোগা-नक : हे लियान वर्ड , विनामी , विवदानक , Given to the enjoyments of pleasure and luxury; sensual, licentious. n=voluptuousness. ad=voluptuously Syn - Epicurean, luxurious, lascivious, lewd. Volute, a. আৰম্ভিত ; কুৰুলীকৃত ; Having a volute -n. বছাত্রে নিশ্বিত কুওলী, A kind of spiral scroll Vomer, n. নাগারৰুগনের মধ্যে ব্যবধানকরপ পাতলা Wit ; The thin flat-bone separating the nostrils. Vomit, vom'-it, v. i. वमन-कृ, विन-कृ, To eject the contents of the stomach by the mouth, throw up the contents of the stomach -v t উन्नीवन-कृ, উन्नीर्न-कृ, व्या-कृ; উপরিয়া ফেলা, To throw out with violence .- n. वमन , वमि , अकांत , वस्तकांत्रक खेवर, Matter ejected from the stomach. n .= vomiting ( छप्मन ) Syn - Puke, spew, beich.

Vomitory, vomi'toi-i, a वित्रकावक . Causing to vomit -n विश्वनावक खेवब . An emetic -वड ৰাজীয় অধান ধাৰ, A principal door of a large building.

Vorscious, vo-sa'she-us, a. छेप्र मस्य. (भट्टेक. সুধার্ক, লোভা, Greedy, eager to deyour or swallow, very hungry n=voiacity, voraciousness (পেটুক্ছ) , ad = vorance usly (পেটুকের মত)। Syn -Ravenous, rapacious, insatiable.

Voracity, n. Bhasfast, The quality of being voracious.

Vortex, vor'teks, n [L vorto, verto, to turn] आवर्ड , नाक , ज्ञानव वार्न A whiripool -वर्नि वान्त्र , वृत् वाजान , A whirtwind a=voitical pl=voitexes, vortices Syn —Eddy.

Votary, votar-1, a [L. roves, volum, to vow] উৎস্পীকৃত , পুৰায়ত , Dovoted , consecrated by a vow -n. त्रवक, उलामक, Worshipper. fem= votaress, votress ( সেবিকা )।

Vote, vot, n [L volum, a vow, wish] 73 প্ৰকাশ , মত, সমৃতি , জনাভিপ্ৰাৰ , Expression of will by a majority, voice, suffrage -v. t निमाइन क , यह क्या मानानीह-क ; To choose by vote i. মত প্রকাশ ক , মত-লে , To express the choice by a vote n = voter.

Casting vote-সভাপতিৰ বিতীয় মত।

Put to the vote—সভার অধিকাশ লোকের নত कानिवांत्र निमित्र कान विषय छेवाशन-कृ, Bring forward some matter with a view to ascertain the will of the majority at a meeting.

Vote down-শ্রিত্যাপ-কু, Reject, throw out by adverse vote.

Vote for-পাঁচজনের সঙ্গে কোন পক্ষেব অপুকুলে মত (Yex); Declare oneself in favour of

Voter, n. बङ्गांडा ; निर्काठक , प्रत्यकानक , प्रज्यकारक অধিকারসভার বোক ; One who votes.

Voting, a. यज्यकान मक्कीत । िथानाम कर्ता वाव। A voting paper—निर्काहन मदत त कांश्रक मंडाबड Votive, vuliv, a [ L volum, a vow ] arteska নিযুক্ত, ব্ৰতপালনাৰ্থ দন্ত; মানদিক, মানিত, Given by vow; observed in consequinence of a vow, [ burnt in fulfilment of a yow. Votive light—ত্ৰভণাৰাৰ প্ৰকৃতি আলোক; Light Votive offering—এতপালনাৰ্থ এণত বস্তঃ মান্সিক रेनरवण ; Offering presented in fulfilment of a YOW.

Vouch, vouch, v. t. माकि क्रेंट बार्बना-क ; नाकि-হলে আহ্বান-কৃ, To call to witness:--সাব্যস্ত-কৃ; প্রামাণ্য কু . To warrant; to attest - পুঢ়-কু ; নিজয় वनां , श्रांत्रन-कृ , Confirm , to assert .- . . . नाका-মে , অমাণ-মে , To be a witness ; to give testimony Syn -Obtest, affirm, asseverate, aver, protest, support, back, follow up.

Vouch for -প্ৰতীকা করিয়া থাকা; Stand still for; stry in expectation of.

Voucher, vowcher, n. मानी; One who vouches, one who gives witness: - अवान-नव ; निम्मेन लिशि , विम्म , इंडिडिड ; मनिसापि ; A document vouching a fact or account.

Vouchsafe, vouch-saf, v t. coin for fere अमह-र , अनु अर्ग्न अमान-क ; To condescend , to grant, to vanction — চ : প্ৰসৰ-ছ, অপুখাছ-ছ: To deign, to condescend, to grant. Sym — Grant, concede accord, yield, design.

Vow, vow, n. श्वामांकी कर्वया अजीकात, अजीकात: প্রতিকা, Solemn promise made to God or a person — महत्र Resolution — ए t. वर्षमाकी कवित्रा (पश्चा वा सेरमर्ग कर्ता , 'मान्।मक'-कृ , ४५७: अखिळा-कृ ; To give by solemn promise —v : 四色歌一手; To make a promise Syn -(v) Consecrate, dedicate, devote, affirm solemnly.

Broach of vow-435% !

Religious vow-35

Vow of silence—মৌনব্ৰত।

Vowel, row'el, n. | L vou, vous, the voice ] चन्न , Simple sound as a, e, i, o, u -a. न्याप न्यकीय , Voc il.

Long vowel-मेथ कता

Short vowel—হুম মুর ৷

Voyage, voy'aj, n क शादा : जमुख्याका , lo uney by water -v / बनवाजा-+, नमुक्रवाजा-क. 10 take a voyage or to pass by water -v t 344-क. To travel n=voyager ( अन्यां जो )।

Vulcan, n विचक्या , (पवक्या , क्यंकातान्त्र (पवडा , आद्रेष्ट्र, The God of fire, who presided over the working of metals, the God of fire - +4-कार Blacksmith.

Vulcanise, vulkan-iz, v. t ভাপপ্রযোগে সক্ষেব সাহ5 বিলিত-কু, To combine with sulphur by heat as exoute houe.

Vulcanite, n कठिन ब्रवांत्र विरम्भ ।

Vulgar, vulgar, a | L vulgaris, from vulgus, the multitude ] जाबादन त्याक जबकीय, जाबादन ; Pertaining to or practised by common people, common :-- ই ভর ; নীচ ; অসভা , জংভ ; Low . mean, not fashionable; coarse - 473 -- 11. ইত্র বোক, অনুসাধারণ; The common people. Syn -(a) General, public, popular, common, ordinary, mean, rude, coarse, broad, plebeian, low-burn, under-bred, unrefined, vernacular, native . cant.

Vulgar fraction-nints water, A fraction expressed in the ordinary way, i. c. by a numerator and denominator.

Vulgarise, vulgar-iz, v. আগত্য-কু; নীচ-কু; To make vulgar or rude.

Vulgarism, vulgar-izm, श. बाना नम ; भरत जाया ; A vulgar phrase :--नीहजा , रेटनामि ।

Vulgarity, vul-gar'e-te, n. অন্ত্যুতা; অভাতা; অভাতা; আন্ট্রা, হীনতা; ইডরড; Rudeness of manners; mean condition of life. Syn:—Grossness, coarseness, want of delicacy; barbarism.

Vulgarly, ad. मीठहारत ; ইতবের মত।

Vulgate, n. লাটিন ভাষায় বাইবেলের প্রাচীন অনুষাদ বিং; A very ancient Latin version of the Scriptures; St Jerome's Latin translation of the Bible.

Vulnerable, vulner-a-bl, a. [L. vulnero, to wound—vulnus, a wound] ভোগ; আড়নগৰ; আছ্ৰ-বিষ; আছাৰ্য; Capable of being wounded; hable to injury; assailable. n=vulnerableness. Syn:
—Weak, exposed.

Vulnerable point—cevivia; Weak point; the point that would suffer by attack.

Vulnerary, vulner-ar-i, a. ক্তোগশ্বৰায়ৰ; ক্ত নিবায়ৰ, যদায়া বা ভাল হয়; Relating to wounds; nseful in healing wounds:—স. ক্তায়োগ্য-ৰয় এব্য; Anything useful in the care of wounds.

Vulpine, vulpin, a. [L. vulpes, a fox ) শৃগাল-সদৃশ, থেকশেয়ালের মত; Fox like:—ধুর্ব, চজুর; Crafty; cunning.

Vulture, vultur, n. नक्ति ; न्ड ; A large rapacious bird of prey.

Vulture-eyed, a. शृद्धव स्रोध कुम्हिविनिहे।

Vulturish, vultur-ish, Vulturine, vultur-in, a. ব্ৰসমূপ; পেট্ৰ; অতি লোভী; Like the vulture, voracious.

Vying, n. প্রতিবোগিতা করণ।

## W

w-डेरवांकि वर्गमातात्र जागाविष्य अन्य वा वर्ग; The 231d letter of the English alphabet.

Wabble, n. ব্ৰুপতি; টলন; Hobbling or moving from side to side: — v. t ভেণিবা ছলিবা চলা, বেটিক হইনা চলা; To move from side to side: — টলিতে চলা; To move unsteadily.

Wacke, wake, n. কোমৰ শিলা বিশেষ ; A soit,

grayish kind of trap-rock.

Wad, wod, n. ( ঘাসখড়, কাগজাদিব ) বৃটি; A mass of loose matter thrust close together, as hay, paper &c. &c.:—v. t. সুটি পাকান; ল্টি-কু; To be formed into a wad; to insert a wad into:—v. i. পুট ভারা; পুটি দিবা ঠাসা; To insert a wad.

To wade though slaughter to a throne— বুহু কুড়া কৰি করিশ শেষে বাজা-ই।

Waddle, woll, v. ফ. হংদেৰ মন্ত সমন-ভু: হংস্বং প্ৰমন্ত, গজেল গতিতে-বা; To walk from side to side like a duck; to walk with short steps, moving the body from side to side:—কাপিতে কাপিতে চলা:—v. f. মাড়াইয়া পাড়া:—n. হংসগতি, Walking from side to like a duck.

Wade, wad, v. i. জল ঠেলিয়া-যা, কটে জলে ইটা;
To walk any substance that yields to the fact,
as water:—জনেক কচে গমন-ক; কটে জ্ঞানন-হ;
Move with difficulty and labour; to pass with
difficulty:—v. t. ইটিয়া পার-হ, To ford, to
cross a stream by walking on the bottom of it.

Wading, n. লুট পাকাইবার দ্রবা; জ্লাব মন্ত নরম জিনিদ! { bed of a brook. Wady, n. শৈলজুমির প্রণালী, ক্ছ নদীগর্ভ; The dry Wafor, wai'er, n. মমদার চাক্তি; টিক্লি; Thin rounded leaf of coloured paste for sealing letters:—v. t. চিক্লি দিবা আটা; To close with a wafer.

Waft, waft, ত. t. ভাগাইরা বাওবা; তরকে বাহিত-ক; ভাগাইরা বা উড়াইরা লইবা-বা; To bear through a fluid medium, as air or water; to carry through a fluid:—হিল্লোলিভ ভাবে প্রেরণ-ক:—ত. i. ভাগমান-হ; উড়িবা-বা; To float:—n. ভাগমান ক্রবা; তরজ; জ্লোড; A floating body.

Wag, wag, v. f. সঞ্চালন-কৃ; আন্দোলন-কৃ; নাড়া.
To move the way and the other, to shake to and fro, to swing:—n ভাঁড়, বিদ্যুক, মন্ধ্রা: হ্যাসক; বিদ্যুক, মান্ধ্রা: হ্যাসক; বিদ্যুক, মান্ধ্রাসক; বি

To wag the tail--লেক নাড়া।

Wage, waj, v. t. প্ৰত্ বা আবন্ধ : To engage in:—চেষ্টা-কু, Attempt; to undertake:—চালান; To carry on:—পণ-কু; বাজি রাখা, Stake; pledge:—v. i. সমান-হ। Syn:—Bet, pledge, lay, wager, engage in.

Wage war-14-7

Wager, wajer, n. বাজী; পৰ. Stake. pledge; bet:—v. t. বাজী কেলা; বাজী রাধা; To hazard on the issue of anything:—v.:. বাজী কেলা; বাজী রাধা; To lay a wager; to bet. n=wagerer. Syn.—Stake, pledge.

Lay & wager - aisi aiei ; পৰ বাধা !

Wager of battle, n. The giving of a pledge or gage, usually by throwing down a glove or gauntlet, for the trying of a cause by single combat with the accuser or the opponent, either by champion or in person—now abolished.

Wages, wajes, n. pl. বেতন; মজ্রি; মাহিরালা;
প্রকান; Hire; pay of work; conpensation for
scivices Syn:—Stipend, salary, pay, recompense, remuneration, earnings. [তোবিক মৃত্যু |
The wages of sin is death—পালেন পারিWaggery, wag'er-i, n. ভাঁডামি, মকরামি; রসিক্তা;
Pleasantry; frohesome humour; mischievous
merriment.

Waggish, wag'ish, a. ভাঁডাৰিতে বড; কীড়াজিয়; কীড়াবি, রঙ ; Mischevous in sport; sportive; done in waggery or sport; frolicsome. adwaggishly. n=waggishness. Syn:—Sportive, meny, droll, funny, jocular.

Waggle, wag'l, ए. र. नाज़ा ; नक्षाणिख-कृ ; द्विता इतिहा हना ; हेननल क्षित्रा हना ; To move from side

to side.

Wagon, Waggon, wag'un, #. শকট ; চারি চাকার গাড়ি; যালগাড়ি; Cart; a four-wheeled vehicle; railway goods cart;—əə. t. শক্টে বাহিত-কু।

Wagonages n. शालीकांड़ा . क्लाके बहा।

Wagoner, Waggoner, wag'un-er, त्र. त्रास्त्र-श्रान , नकरेंग्रंह ; Driver of a wagon.

Wagonette, n. शन्का ठात्रि ठाकाइ त्राखी वित्तव . A kind of open carriage.

Wagtail, wag'tal, म. कृत नकी वित्नव ; बरान नांची ; चलन नकी . A small bird.

Wahabee, n. One of a Mahomedan sect.

Waif, waf n. অধানিক ক্রবা; বেওয়ারিস দ্রবা; পরি-ভাক্ত বাক্তি; (পালন ছেলে; Anything waived, relinquished or left without an owner, anything found without an owner a worthless wanderer.

Waifs and stays—চালচুলা নাই এমন দ্বিত্ত লোক; যে সকল ব্যক্তিৰ চালচুলা নাই, The unsetlled wandering and worthless members of society, the

homeless poor.

Wail, wal, v 2. বিলাপ-তু; ধেন-তু; পৌজ-তু, ছংশ-তু; To lament; to corrow audibly :—v.t. কুল্ল-তু; বোদন-তু, বিনাপ তু; To bemoan; to gneve over:—n কুল্ল-, বিলাপ, বোদন > Loud weeping; a cry of woe. Syn:—(v) Bewail, bemoan, deplore, cry, moan, weep. [loud weeping. Wailing, n কুল্ল-, কুল্ল-ম্বালি, প্ৰিবেদনা, Wail; Wair, wan, n প্ৰী, শুক্তি: A waepon, a cart

Wain, भारत, n. भ भी, भक्छ ; A waggon, a cart or carriage ------------------------।

Wainscot, winskot, n. ব্রেব ভিতরের দেওবাবে সংস্থা বোলিত চকাব লাছদিন; দেওবালে মারা তকা.
The panelled boards on the walls of apartment, boards employed to line the internal of an apartment — v f ভক্তা মাবা; ব্রেব ভিতর দেওবালে ভক্তা লাগান; To line with with boards or panels.
Wainscoting, n ব্রেব ভিত্রের বেওবারে ভক্তা।

Waist, wat, n সধ্য; কটিলেশ; কোনর, কাকাল; The narrowest part of the human body just above the hips — জাইাজের মধ্যভাগ, The middle part of a ship.

Waist-band, wastband, n. (कायवन्त्र), कहिरक; The band of the trowsers around the waist, belt.

Waist coat, wsetkot, n করুৱা; হাতা-হীন জানা বিশেষ; A short coat worn under the coat and fitting tightly the waist.

Wait, wit, v : প্রচীকা করিয়া থাকা; অপেকা-তৃ.
To remain; to stay; to lie in ambush:—v. l.
অপেকা-তৃ; বিলম্ব-তৃ; To stay for, to await:—n.
শুবাৰ, Ambush পোৰ্যত্ব ; পেরি:—pl. পারক দল;
আবারক পারক; Musicians who perform at night
or in the early morning. Syn:—(v) Stay, tarry,
abide, remain, linger, delay; watch, be expectant, look for, await.

Lay wait—७७छार थाकिशव बार्शकन-कृ; ७९ कविशे थाका : To lie in ambush.

Lie in wait—ওৎ কৰিবা পাকা; To lie in ambush
To be in wait for—কোনও বা কাহারও কিছুর কন্ত
আপেকা কৰিয়া থাকা; পেরি-ড়ঃ [service at.
Wait at—কোন ভাবে অপেকা কৰিয়া থাকা; Perform
Wait for—এডীকা কৰিয়া থাকা, Stay in expectation of, stand still for.

Wait on (or upon)—নেবা-কু; পরিচর্বা-জু:
ভূড্যের স্থায় কাহার নিকটে হাজির থাকা; To perform
service for, attend on one as a servant —কোন
কার্ব্যোপনকে কাহারও সাকাং-কু; দেখা করিতে-বা; To
visit on bussiness or ceremony:—কল্মন্ত্রণ অনুস্বৰ-কু; অপেকা-কু; To follow, to await.

Waiter, water, m. সেণৰ, ভূত্য, গরিচারক, অপেনা-কারক; A servant in attendance; an attending servant:—পাত্র বিশেব; ধাল বা রেকাব; A salver or tray. fem=waiteress.

Waiting, a. অপেকাকারী।
In waiting—অপেকা করিয়া দ্বিত; অনুচরভাবে উপWaiting for doad men's shoes—মুত লোকের
উইল হারা প্রদন্ত এবোর মন্ত অপেকা করিয়া থাকা.
Looking for leg icis

Waiting maid-পরিচাবিকা; কুমারী স্থী; A servant who attends on a lady in her chamber.

Waiting room—ৰপেকাকারীৰ বসিবার ধর। Waiting woman—সভচবী।

Waive, wav. v. t প্রি-লাগ ক্ ত্যাপ-ক্; ছারিরা-দে, কেলিয়া প্লাবন-ক্; To relinguish, to forego; to set aside Syn:—Irorg), abandon, drop.

Waiver, n. ना-मार्व , तहाड अवीकांव ; वहताना !

Wake, wik, n ভাগ্ৰণ; পাছাৰা; The act of walking, witching — মুত্ত দেও লইনা পাছাৰা; শব লইনা বাজি জাগৰণ, The sitting up of persons with a dead body; witching of a dead body by night:—কোলাগৰ বা বাজিবানের উৎসব বিশেষ; উৎসব বা মেলা; Feast on the dedication day of a church.—কালাগাদিৰ কালাগাদিৰ, নিগ; The track left by a ship in water '—পছা, গমনপাৰ, Track formed in the water by the course of a ship:—উপ্লেভ কু; প্ৰজীবিত-কু; To exeite, to revive — ए बिलाजिड कु; প্ৰজীবিত-কু; To exeite, to revive — ए बिलाजिड कु; স্বাজীবিত কু; সাগিন নিজি না-হু; To be awake.—উত্তোজিত হু; সাগিন নিজিত না-হু; To be awake, waken, woke Syn —(v) Watch, awake, waken, revel, carouse; awaken, k ndle, provoke

Follow in the wake of অস্করণ-কু; কাছাবর বা কোনও কিছব পথ অসুসবৎ কু, Imitate

In the wake of – ৰব্যবহিত পৰেই , পদ্ধাৎ পদ্ধাং , ট্ৰুক পৰে , in the train of ; immediately after. Wake up the wrong passengers—To be

mistiken in a min, to catch a Tartar.

Wakeful, wakfool, a. জাগ্ৰড; জাগ্ৰড; জাগ্ৰড; জাগ্ৰিড;
Indisposed to sleep; not sleeping:—সঙ্ক,
সাবহিত, Vigilant. n=wakefulness (সাবধানতা);
ad=wakefully (সাবধানে)। Syn:—Sleepless,
watchful, wary.

Waken, v. i. ভাগরিত-হ; জাগা, To wake; awake:—v. f. জাগান; জাগরিত-কু; To arouse from sleep.

Wale, wal, n. বট বারা নারিলে গারে ভাচার চিত্তরপ বে রেখা পড়ে ভাচা; The mark of a red or whip on animal flesh:—v. t. ক্বাখাত চিত্তে চিহ্তিভ-় , To mark with wales, Syn:—Streak, ridge.

Waler, n. নব দক্ষিণ বেলস্ হইতে আনীত আৰ।
Walk, wawk, v. i. পদচাৱণ-কু; পদব্ৰে গদন কু;
চলা; হাঁটা; To move by leisurely steps; move
along on foot:—আচন্ত্ৰণ-কু; To act or behave :—
গাঁটা, চালিভ-হ; To be guided by :—v. t. চালান,
হাঁটাৰ, To cause to walk; to pass through or

upon:— ॥ পদত্রকে সমল; পদত্রকে জনগ; চলল; The act or manner of walking:— অসভলী; পতি; পদকেপ; Gait:— অনশ ছাল; বেড়াইবার ছাল: Place for walking on:— রাভা; পথ; Path:— আচরণ; গাবছার; Conduct; course of action:— জীবনের গতি; Course of life:— অস্তুদের চরিবার ছাল; চারণ-ছূলি; Place for animal's grazing:— কার্যুছাল। Syn:—(n) Step, carriage, behaviour; beat, course; avenue, path, alley; stroll, promenade. At a walk— সহজ চালে চিন্রা; লা গোড়াইরা। ভি
Walk by faith— বিবাসী হইয়া জীবন ধারণ-কৃ; ধর্ম্মন্থ থাকা; To live trusting Jesus Christ as a teacher and saviour.

Walk in-প্রবেশ-কৃ; Enter. [ প্রমণ-কৃ; Walk in darkness—( মঞানতারূপে) অনুকারে Walk in the light—সংগ্রহে বিচরপ-কৃ।

Walk in the shoes of - भगावतन कः अवस्त्र -कः Tread in the foot-steps of ; to imitate

Walk in the way of—কাহার মত একই ভাষে চলা; Follow the same course of life as [উপরস্থ- মু Walk into—অভাস্থ শাকি-দে: অতাক তিশমার ক; Walk into the lion's mouth—কড় বিপানে পঢ়া; বাষের সূপে যাওয়; Fall into a great danger. Walk one's rounds—চলা; Take one's accustomed walk.

Walk out ( or off )—वंश्वरत-ना , Depart.

Walk over - केंद्र कि धिनशा बाडगा।

Walk-over, n. বাঞ্জিব দে'চে প্রতিবোণী উপস্থিত না থাকার সকল চাবে চলিবা থাবন-ভূমি মতিক্রম; সহল জর। Walk over the course—বিনা বিবাদে জয়ী-হ, Laun a victory without a contest.

Walk the chalk -ক পাচুত - ক ; To be dismissed ; to be turned away.

Walk the plank—জননাৎ-ছ ; ডুনিয়া মরা ; Walk bit the plank into the water and be drowned — ৰত্ম থালি বালিত কাৰ্যান্ত , কল্পচাত্তত ; To vacate an other by computation [ সূত্ৰ কু বি আমানাত কি কু বি আমানাত কি

Walk with God - ঈশবেৰ সঙ্গে সংবাস-কু; ঈশবের আদেশ পালন-কু; Obey God; have havitual communion of soul with flim.

Walker, n. जमनकारी , शन्द्रांतनकारी :—ইक्वीकानक । Walking, n. जमन , दलन :—क्षीनकार्या ।

Walking gentleman—त्य नरे त्करलमाज छाउ ल्लाटका दन्य बादन कतियां मधाइ हय।

Walking papers - 5414, Papers containing an order to depart dismissal.

Walking stick or cane - বট ে বেডাইবাৰ ছড়ি; Stick carried on the hand to assist in walking, or for amusement.

Walking ticket-नद्र अकि इक्स ।

Wall, wawl, n. প্রাচীন ; প্রাকার , দেওয়াল; বেড়া; Stone or brick, fence; the side of a building:—নজ্-প্রাছ; গাঁইট:—pl. গড়; ছুর্গ; Fortifications:—v. t. প্রাচীন ছারা বেগুল-কু; প্রাকার ছারা বহুল-কু; To enclose with or as with a wall; to defend by walls.

Drive to the wall—শ্রেষ্ঠ হাল্ড-ক ; দেওরাল ঠেন্-ক ; কোন্টাসা-ক ; ঠেনে-ড্ ; Push to extremities ; to get the mastery over.

Go to the wall-word क्रिटे-र, अक्डकार्या-र;

অপেকারত মুর্বল-ই. (কার্যানা-ই; জক্মকে-ই; To be hard pressed or pushed to extremes; to be the weaker or unsuccessful party, to fail; to be ruined.

To take the wall—শেকা বাচ-ক; To take the inner side of a wall or the side next the wall; to take precedence or the place of honor.

Wooden wall of England—লাহাল ; Ship. Wall-box, #. গাঁচিলে গাঁথা বান্ধ বাহাতে ভাকের চিঞ্চ দেওলা হয়।

Wallet, wolet, n. [F. mallete, valise, provision bag] বুলি; ধলি: ধলিবা: A bag for carrying the necessaries for journey; a knapsack; traveller's bag:—প্ৰেট বই: A pocket-book. Syn:—Bag, pack, pouch.

Wall-eye, n. An eye in which the Iris is of a very light grey or whitish colour said usually of horses:—চকুবোগ; যে চকে খেডাংশ বেকী বিষয়ত; বিভাৰতক; An eye in which the white is very large and distorted. a-Wall-eyed.

Wall-flower, wawl-flow'er, n. কুগন পুপারক বিশেষ ; A plant with fragrant flowers, found on old walls — নাচিবাৰ সময় যে কামিনী ছুটী বা সহচয় পায় না ৷ Fruit growing on a wall.

Wall-fruit, wawi-froot, n. शाहीबहाउ रून दित्य ; Walloons—Natives of that part of Flander which is between the Scheldt and the Spray.

Wallow, wolo, v t. গড়াগড়ি-দে, অবস্থিত-হ; কানামাটী-ক; To roll about as in mire:—মন্ত্ৰা বা গাপমৰো বাস-ক; পালপছে নিমগ্ন বাকা; To hve in filth or gross vice.

Wallow in riches — किंग्य धनवीन-इ ; To be very rich ; to roll in riches.

Wallow in the mire of sensuality—ইবিৰ-হংৰ মা:ই; To indulge in voluptuousness; to lead a dissipated life.

Wall-paper-Paper hangings.

Walnut, waulnut, त. इक उ कन वित्नव ; आंब्रहाडे कन ; A tree, its nut or fruit.

Walrus, walrus, n. निक्रांडिक, जनव्सी, नायुक्तिक क्य विरूप ; Sea-horse.

Waltz, w.wit-, n দ্বই বাজিল বুবিলা বুরিলা কুতা;
Dance of two persons with a whirling motion.
Wamble, ৩. ০. গা বৃদ্ধি বৃদ্ধিক; ব্যনোধেণ-তু:—n.
ব্যনোধেগ।

Wampum, n. আমেৰিকার কডির মানা বিশেষ; A small beads of shells used by the N. America.

Wan, won, a. [ A. S. wann, man, pale ] পাৰ্বণ; কেবাসিয়া: বিবৰ্ণ: Pale; faint, languish, weakly, as with sickness; languid:—v. i. পাৰ্বণ্ট। n=Wantonness. Syn:—(a) Bloodless, pallid, cadaverous, ashy.

Wand, wond, ম. কও; লখা সন্থ বাট; Thin stick; slender rod:—গদস্চক দও; Rod of office:—এজ-জাপিকেব মোহন কও; জাতুকবের বাট; Charming rod. Wander, wonder, v. s. অমণ-কু; পর্যাচন-কু; ব্রিরাবেছান; To rove; roam about; ramble; stroll:—রাজা ভূলা; বিভাজ-হু; To lose ones way:—গ্রাজ-কু; Depart; go astray:—বিকারগ্রন-কু; প্রাল-কে; To be delinious. ক্ষ—অমানি-হু; বেরাল-কে; To be delinious. ক্ষ—অমানি-হু; বেরাল-কে; To be delinious. ক্ষ—অমানি-হুল বেরাক্রের্ড-হু; প্রাল-কে; স্বাচক )। Sym:—Roam, range, gad; stray, err, swerve, deviate.

Wandering, wonder-ing, m. वर्गाहेन ; जन्म ; Act or habit of going from place to place :- a. कन्कांत्री; पश्ति। Syn:-(n) Roaming, roving, rambling, peregrination; deviation, aberration. Wandering Jew-A Jew supposed to live and wander for ever.

Wanderoo, n. वानव विश्व ।

Wane, wan, n. कन्न ; द्वांग ; Decrease :- जनगांग : Decline :-- ए. रं. नान-१; इांग-इ; चनगत-१; To grow less; to decline; to fail; to sink; to decrease. Syn:—(v) Diminish; fail, decline. (n) Deminution, abatement; declension, decay.

Be on the wane—अवन्त ३ . ज्या: हान वा कप लाश-इ ; Be in a state of decline (as the moon). Wanness, n. পাত্ৰাতা।

Want, wont, n. [Ger. wan, deficient ] weit; बाहिजा : Lack ; absence :- मान्य जा ; मानिका ; হাণ ; নি:মতা ; Indigence ; scarcity ; poverty :--অন্তোদ্দ ; Need :---আৰগ্ৰহ বস্তু ; Anything wanted :- v. t. खडांदशक काका . ना बाका ; To be without :-- আৰম্ভক-হ; To require; to need :-- ইচ্ছা कता ; जाकाका-क ; आर्थना-क , 518यां , Wish for :-ण. i. कम-इ; अडाव शका; To fall short; to be deficient. Syn: -(n) Deficiency, defect, lack, failure, dearth, scarcity, scarceness, insuffi ciency, scantiness; necessity, requirement, desideratum; desire, craving, longing; penury (v) Lack ; crave, desire, wish.

Be in want of-কোন কবোর অভাব-হ, অভাবগ্রন্ত | Need something, have occasion for something.

For want of-कान किছ्न अल्पन अनुक्र, कान किছ्न जडारवगड: ; Owing to the deficiency, or al-[ 93 त्रिनिष्ठे गांकि व्याष्ट । sence of. It wants two minutes to five-প্ৰেবা বাজিতে

To be wanted—কোন অপবাদের লক তরাসিত-চ। To want badly - जानि नजनात ।

Wanted a student—ছাজের প্রচোদন।

Wanting, wanting, a. শুক্ত; অনুপহিত, ক্রিনিশিষ্ট; Absent ; deficient.

Be wanting in-त्कान श्राप्त काश्य-क ; कानक विवास शीन बाका ; Lack in ; be deficient in.

Be wanting to-कान विदाय निविधनवक् - इ. कान 3 व्यवका शूर्व इहेट वाकी बाका ; Be careless about :-ৰাকী ৰাকা , Be needed to complete.

Wanton, woatun, a. [G. gwantan, wanton] চৰুব ; অশিষ্ট , Wild :--জীড়াবক : জীড়াগ্ৰিব , Sportive; roving in sport:— মনিম্প্রিড; অনিম্মিড; Irregular : unrestrained :- ত্রপ্তার : উৎপ্রধানী . ছুৰ্ব্ন ন্ত ; Dissolute :-- বিবেচনাপুষ্ণ ; নিৰ্কিবেক :-- প্ৰচুৱ , Luriant: - कामाकुत ; नामा ; कामूक ; Lustful ; lewd; licentious:—কেবল অনিষ্ট করিতে কৃত, Done for mere mischief :- n. मणां गासि ; कामांशत्री . A lewd person; a trifler :-- v. t. क्रीफ़ा-क ; To frolic :-- विश्व - कु ; मन्नार्छेब व्यवश्व - कु ; किन-कु ; To play lasciviously : — উদ্ধানভাবে সুরিয়া বেড়া; To rample without restraint. Syn:-(a) Wandering, loose, unrestrained, free; luxuriant, rank, rampant; playful, frolicsome, airy; lecherous, lascivious, libidinous, licentious, dissolute. (n) Revel, sport, play; luxuriate in.

Wantonly, ad. वायकां भूकिक : बाब-बा । { कांत्रिका । Wantonness, n. यामाधिकांत : विमान : व्यविष्टा-[ of Yorkshire. Wap, v. f. वारांठ-इ ; रहांछा । Wapen-take, n. देवक्यावारबद गद्रीगृह्य ; A district Wapinschaw, n. कहेनालब मानविक अवधानर्ननी; An exhibition of arms, made at certain seasons in Scotland.

Wapiti, n. व्याद्यविकात मृत्रगितन्त ; The American

Wapper, v. i. काला : कब्लिड-इ।

War, wawr, n. वृक्ष; मनत्र; विश्रष्ट; त्रव ; नड़ाई ; Contest between states; open hostility:-v. t. युक-कृ ; नाडाई-कृ ; वित्राध-कृ ; To make war ; to fight ; to contend :- युद्ध होनान । Syn :-(v) Contend, strive. (n) Enmity, warfare.

Bo at war with - युक्त वा विवान छला : विद्याद वा युक्त नियुक्त-इ, Be engaged in a war or contest with. C1v11 wer-चलनवानीत्मत्र भरता युक्त ; शृक्र-विरवाद ; कांडीय वृक् ; A war carried on between parties belonging to the same state.

Holy war—४%-वकार्थ वृक्त ।

Make war-14-7, Carry on hostilities.

Man-of-war-- वर्गान : बर्ग हिंद : Ship of large size equipped for attack or defence.

The tug of war-इस्ल गृक , जुस्ल काल ; मारामात्रि কাভ , সহুপ বৃদ্ধ , The violence or severity of the contest ; the real struggle - मि छानाछानि ।

Wage war - TE FITTH; Carry on hostilities . काशात व्यानक कतिवात निमित्र प्रानि-कृ, Attack with a view to overthrow or to bring into disrepute. War to the knife-जून न जान, कत्तनक न जान; প্রাণাত্ত পণ করিবা বৃদ্ধ ; মরিরা চউবা লড়াই ; প্রাণপণে লাচাই , An unyiclding and merciless contest; a desperate and furious contest.

Warble, wawr'd, v. t. शान-क ; विनाडवाद शान-क : গাৰ্থা, কল্পিড-ক : To sing in a vibiatory mannei; to utter musically, to carol:-v i. 表本 কাপাইয়া গান-কু, কলখন নবুজ-ক; গান-কু, To sing with variations; trill:-- (本色 | 45-7 . To chip, as birds do: -n. गान; च्य-कण्णन; क्यन; A quivering modulation; a song. singing. Warble out-গান করিয়া প্রকাশ-ক ; Express by Warbler, wawi'bler, n. गांत्रक ; उक्के गकी ; कत-स्ति नकी; A songster; a singing bird; one that warbles.

War-ory, n. मि:इनाम ; युक्तप्रता मादकिक हीश्कात : कदाव अस , National cry or shout made in chargmg the enemy.

Ward, wawrd, n. [A S. weard, keeper] coff ; Watch ; guard :- तको ; थहत्रो ; क्लिकात ; Watchman :- इर्ग ; Fortress :- अशैनक नारांतक ; One who is under the care of a guardian :- 171 বেকৰ; রকা; Custody, defence; protection:---পল্লী ; সহরের অংশ বা চিকিৎসালরের বিভাগ ; Division of a city, hospital &c. : - ছগৰ সৈত ; Garrison : —ভালার বেক Guard of a lock or key :-- v. t. পাছারা-দে ; চৌক-দে ; To guard :- मित्रांगल त्रांथा ; To keep in safety :- 34-7; To defend :-निराज्य-क ; अज़न ; To fend off :- v. i. आयावण-क ; সতক-হ; To act on the defensive; be watchful. Syπ:-(π) Guard, guardianship; pupil, minor; stronghold; cell; imprisonment; division, quarter. (v) Watch, guard, protect; fend, repel. Ward off-निवादन-इ ; चाट्ड निहिट्ड मा (पडहा ; Predance of defence. vent. renel. War-dance, #. जनका लोकनित्तन अनिका ; Savage Warden, wawiden, s. (होक्लांत ; धारती ; तक्क ;

Guard ; a keeper :- अशान कर्पाती ।

Wardenship, n. तक्रका भेप ; तक्रका ।

Warder, wawrder, n. rhaffgo : auf : 344 : कते ; One who keeps ; guard ; gate-keeper :--बाबरक ; मोडि ।

Wardrobe, wawrdrob, n. वजानाद : शतिक्ष वार्ष-বার গৃহ; ভোবাধানা : A room or portable chest for clothes :-- शशिक्षत ; शशिक्षत वत तकत ; Wearing apparel.

Ward-room, wawrd-room, n. mieicus acti পাইবার গৃহ; রুণপোতের দেনিক কর্মচারীদিগের ভোজন \*\* : A room by the officers of a warship.

Wardship, wawidship, n. www.qs. The office of a ward or guardian, guardianship:--अधिकातकांशीनजा , नावानकइ : The state of being under a guardian.

Ware, war, n. (used generally in pl.) बान ; नवा-क्या : विटम्ब मान्जी : Merchandise : commodities ; goods.

Glass-ware-काराज जना।

Hard-ware--(तांशं सक्द ।

Ware-house, wai 'hows, n. बाजक्षात्र : न्यानित . withing, A store for wares or goods :- v t. मानक्षारम बार्च ; To deposit in a warehouse.

Warfare, wawi'llr, n. [ From war, and fare, to go ] युक् , मुक्क काशा ; युक्क वाबनाव ; War :--विवाध ; Contest; struggle:-नामिक कीवन; Military life. Syn :- Hostilities ; strife.

War horse—युक्तान , महाहित्दन (बाह्य ।

Warily, war'e-le, ad Asasta; marta; In a wary manner. Syn :- Cautiously, carefully, watchfully, guardedly, circumspectly.

Wariness, war'c-nes, n. नावधान छ। Syn:-Watchfulness, caution, circumspection, foresight, vigilance, cautiousness.

Warlike, wawr'lik, a. युद्धमचलीय : मामद्रिक : Relating to war :- वृद्धिय ; त्रशिव ; সমবকৃশল ; Disposed or fit for war; military; soldierly. Syn: -Martial, soldier-like, belligerent, bellicose; hostile, inimical.

Warlock, n. निनाह-निद्ध लोक ; वाष्ट्रकत्र ; A wizard. Warm, wawrm, a. उद्ध ; नवम ; छक ; Moderately hat :-- প্রবর ; ভেলার ; প্রচত ; Vehement , violent : —আগ্রহান্বিত ; উৎসাহী ; বাগ্র ; আগ্রহ , Zealous ; enthusiastic :- রাণী; বোরতর; তুন্ল; Furious: -- Breffes ; Excited :- v. t. 54-3 . 399-7 ; भ्रम क ; To make warm ; to render warm . —উত্তেজিত-कु; To excite :—v. i. छेक-इ; शदम-इ; উৎमाहिङ-इ: To become warm or ardent. #= warmth, warmness (উপতা); ad=warmly (ব্যৱসাধ; ardently). Syn:—(a) Calescent, thermal; sunny, genial, pleasant; close, muggy, oppressive; aident, fervent, glowing, cordial, keen excited, animated, lively, passionate.

Warm as a toast—অভিশা উত্ত : Very warm. Give a warm reception—बावतर्भक बालान ह ; Give a cordial welcome :- (\*) नाना कि नर्ग-कः

निरवर्ष क्यां-क ; To defend oneself from a bot fire from the enemy.

Warm-blooded, a. डेक लानिकविनिष्टे । Warm-hearted, a. অৰণ্ট : প্ৰাতিপৰ্ব।

Warmth, n. উৰ্তা ; তাপ ; আগ্ৰহ : Gentle heat :-নাপ্রতা , আগ্রহ ; Zeal ; fervour of mind. Syn :-Glow, ardour, fervency, cordiality, animation, excitement, vehemence, earnestness, eagerness, passion, transport, enthusiasm.

Warn, wawrn, v. s. शूर्व्स मारवान-क ; खाल ज्ञानाम ; নতৰ্ক-কু; To caution against; to inform beforehand; to make aware; to admonish. n=warning. Syn:—Caution, forwarn, premonish; admonish, advise, inform, notify, apprise. summon, call.

Warn (one) against, Warn (one) of-काइरें माडक-क ; Caution one against.

Warning, n. नजर्की करन ; शूर्व अ:वाम ; मानशान हर्ने तांत्र वंशव : Previous notice :- a. नृक्त जानवान-कांत्री । Syn :- (n) Caution, premonition, admonition.

War-office, War-department--বৰ্ণবিভাগ: যুদ্ধ বিশ্ৰহ নিৰ্বাহাৰ্থ কাব্যালৰ; Military department.

Warp, wawrp, ,v. t. (क्षांत्रहान ; (बाहहान ; वज्र-क ; शाक-त्य ; To turn ; to twist out of shape :--विश्वशामी-क ; To pervert :- होना : To tow or move with a line attached to buoys :- । । । । । →v. i বক-হ, তেওড়ান; তেউড়িকা-বা, To bend, to be twisted :- निमाय-मा : निमामामी-इ : To swerve : --- n. টানা সভা ; স্তার টানা ; বন্ধের দীর্ঘ ভন্ক ; Thread stretched lengthwise in the loom and crossed by the woof :- গুণদড়ি; কাছি; A rope used in towing. Syn: -(r) Distort, deviate, bias.

The warp and woof-डाइड होना शस्त : The main texture : - बाहाव अक्डिब महिड क्षिड वा अधिड भारक, The essential elements in the constitution of.

War-proof, a. আকুমণ নহ; Able to resist a warlike attack :- n. Valour tried in ware

Warrant, war'ant, v. t. निक्य-क ; निक्य क्रिया वना : To assure . to make secure :- निर्किष - क : To guarantee —ক্ষতা-নে ; To authorise :-সমর্থন-কু; সপ্রমাণ-কু; To justify:-ক্ষতি হইতে রক্ষার आवाम-त्य ; To give assurance against harm :n. জাজাপত্ৰ; ক্ষতাপত্ৰ; That which authorises: -ওবাবিণ ; হকুমনামা ; সনন্দ ; পরওবানা ; The writ for arresting a person :--বিসদ; অমাণ; Voucher - 4 59; Security. n=warranter, warrantois (বে ব্যক্তি ক্ষমতা অর্পণ করে)। Syn:-(v) Answer for, guarantee, secure, avouch, declare; support, sanction.

A warrant of arrest—বেপ্তারি পরওবানা। Warrantable, wor'nant-a-bi, a. न्यर्नीत : अयांत-যোগা; সমর্থায়তব্য; রক্ষিতবা; কাবা; Justifiable. ad = warrantably. n = warrantableness. Syn :-Defensible, allowable, permissible, lawful, proper.

Warrantee, n. याशास्य अधिकांत्र, मनव्य वा आधान [ warrants. (मध्य ह्य । Warranter, Warrantor, n. wastvist; One Warranty, wor'ant-i, n. একরার; আবাস; काउ-পুরণের হাতিকা; A legal deed of security:-

व्यक्ति ; A guarantee :- कमडा , क्षिल ; अमान ; [ preserving animals. Authority. Warren, n. stalles star tia; A ground for Warrior, wawre-or, n. (1) ; (75; Soldier; one engaged in war. Syn :- Captain, champion, hero.

War-ship, n. qu-state ! War-song, n. 319 16

Wart, wawit, n. कीप . अंकिंग ; A small tumor on the skin. n=warty ( वाहिनविन्दे )।

War-worn, a. 31-3181

Wary, war'e, a. मावशानी , मावशान ; मछई ; विहक्ष ; Cautious, n=wariness ( Atautast ); ad = warrly ( সাবধাৰে )। Syn :-Watchful, heedful, careful, prudent, circumspect, guarded, vigilant.

Was, v. fen , Past tense of Be.

Wesh, wosh, v. t. (4190); काठा , जिल-क ; किलान ; খোড-ক ; To cleanse with water :- প্লাবিত-ক ; To overflow :-- थ. i. (थो ठ-इ , जान-इ , कांगड कांठा ; To cleanse with water :- n. काइन, (रोड कबन ; जान, Washing : - তরব উব্ধ, অ'রক; Lotion . - কলাশর, जनक शांवा (शोड वा निक्न शांन, Maish; fen :- उनानि; খোৱানি; খোৱাট , পলি; Refuse of river floods or tides :-- शांख्य वर्ग वा हल छन्दल कत्रवार्थ वावक्छ छत्रल Equ ; Cosmetic Syn :- (v) Clean, rinse, lave. bathe, wet, moisten, cover, overlay, st iin, tint A wash-hand basin — य शास इड भोड कहा इह। To send to the wash-(बालाइ बाजिएड एक बर्ग । Wash away-Bests (4) 5-7. Sweep or cleanse

with water. Wash off - क्लबारा (कोड-कृ, Remove by washing. Wash one's dirty linen in public - \$15138 দোৰ প্ৰকাৰ-কু, নিজের দোৰ সকলে দেখিতে পাছ এমন ₹14-7, Expose the weak points of one's own character :- यदब कथा वाहिब-क , हारहेब मारच डांडि wiri: Speak in public of unpleasant private

Wash one's hands off-সম্পূৰ্ণকপে ভকাৎ থাকা, To withdraw from altogether, to repudiate. Wash over-Cover with a thin wash.

Wash out—অনালিত কু, ৰোৱা, Cleanse wholly Wash up - मणुर्नकरण पतिकात-कृ: Cleanse a lot of dishes.

Wash-ball-मार्वात्वत श्रीका , Ball of soap. Wash-board-কাপড ধুটবার ভক্তা, খোপার পাটা. Board used in washing.

Wash-bowl, n. रहशांवनार्थ बन-भाज। [who washes. Washer, wosher, n. (धोडकांत्रक, शांतक; ब्रक्षक . One Washer-man, n. 344; (414); A man who washes clothes, especially for hire. [ dress. Washer-woman, n. वहर-जी ; (शंभानी ; Laun-Wash-house-(शानाक्षाना , Washing place. Washing, n (श्रामाहे ; कांव्य ।

A washing-book-বোপার হিসাবের থাতা। Wash-off, a. कैंकि ( वड् ) बोहा द्यालाहरव हिंद्क ना । Wash-out, n. शांत्राहे मांते ; क्रनत्त्राट च्यू न्य । Wash-pot, n त्य शांत्व नकानि शोड इम ।

Wash-stand, n अकांनरनत (मन।

Wash-tup, n. (बालाईरबङ श्राम्या । Washy, woshe, a. खनदर, बनोब ; Watery :-- निक: डिका, वार्क, Damp :- नत्रम ; Soft :- प्रकान, Weak : -11571; Thin, Sym:-Moist, oozy, sloppy,

weak, thin, diluted; spiritless, pointless, vapid. Wasp, wosp, n. বোণুডা ; A stinging insect. A wasps' nest-civica was vie vice viel : Waspish, wosp'ish, a. বোলভার বত কুত্র কটবিশিট ; Having a slender waist like a wasp :- (4)14 चलाव , विहेबिटी ; बानी ; Irritable ; snappish. adwaspishly. = waspishness. Syn :- Petulant, irascible, peevish, captious.

Wassail, wo'il, n. হ্রাণানের আবোদ; আনক डिप्तर ; Carouse ; a festive occasion , merry song :- यमित्रा विरमय ; Liquor of apples, sugar &c. :- v. t. जानन डिश्मन-कृ; To hold a merry dunking-meeting ; to carous.

Wassail-bowl, म. मप-शांज।

Wassail-cup, n. পাৰপাৰ । A reveller. Wassailer, woill-er, n. जारमानकांत्रो . महालाही . Waste, wast, v. t. भाग-क ; नहे-क , खिल्ल-क ; To desolate; to destroy:—জপবার-কৃ. জপবানহার-কৃ. To squander:—নষ্ট-কৃ. জব-কৃ. Wear away. impair; diminish:—v. i. নান-হ; হ্রাস-ক; To be diminished - === To be consumed -a. डेव्हिन , Devasted :- त्यांत : Dreary :- कन्न : Desolate, empty: -- অক্ৰিড, অৰুক্ৰ; পতিত; Unproductive, not tilled - आकाता; अविकादका ; Valueless —n উচ্ছেन, आरम. नान ; Destruction —প্ৰিড ভূমি ; প্ৰিড স্থান , Uncultivated country — मक्कृषि , अन्नु अरमन, Desert - अन्नात , अन्तत , Useless expenditure :- किन कानजानि : Refuse. Syn:-(v) Wear, corrode, decrease, lavish, consume, ruin, devastate, pine, decay, dwindle, wither, wane, (a) Devastated, strip ped, bare; dreary, dismal, worthless, wild, uncultivated. (v) Consumption, diminution, loss, dissipation, squandering; devastation, havoc, desolation, ravage, refuse, worthless matter; wild, wilderness, solitude.

Waste away-47-5, 78 5; Dwlinde. To lay waste—देख्दि- इ , यहराप-इ । Bun to waste-salasiar-s ! Ewater Waste of waters-wastfa; Vast sheet of Waste-basket, n. वांत्व कांगरकत बूड़ी; Basket of waste paper.

Waste-book, n. होडी थोडी ; स्रातिका थोडी । Wasted, a. वाशिष्ठ , महे ; अभवित्व , Desolated. Wasteful, wāstfool, a. आ मकत ; अनिहेकत ; अन-हरूपुर्व : कडिजनक : Destructive : - अपवाती , केंद्राविया . Lavish. ad=wastefully ( 南河南河南平); n= wastefulness ( অপব্যাশতা )। Syn :- Profuse, prodigal, extravagant.

Waste gate, n. डेव्हिडे कन निर्ममन कांत्र : Channel for carrying off waste water. for unoccupied. Wasteland, n. পতিত ভূমি; Land lying untilled Wasteness, n. 3004; Devastation.

Waste paper, n. (पनत्रकांत्री कांत्रव : वृात्व कांत्रव ; Refuse paper. [ rying off waste-water. Waste pipe-मन्ना कल निर्ममन नन ; Pipe for car-Waste thrift, ". जनवादी ; Spendthrift.

Waster, n. वणरात्रकांत्रक ; উड़ानिता वाकि ; बानक ; A destrover.

Wasting, a. कतवनक : कतकांत्री । A wasting desease-wa (a) 4 | Wastrol, n. गरा वनि : गणित स्मिन

Watch, woch, v. i. बानप्रिक वाका ; वाना : बानवन-কু; To be awake:—আপন্-কু: প্রভ্যাপা করিয়া बाका ; To wait :-- जक्षनारवक्षन-कृ ; नांकांजा-रव : To keep guard !- गडक्कार (क्वा ; करनारवात्रभूक्तक CPT : To look with attention ; to look out ; to be attentive or vigilant :-- . t. मन्द्र त्रांचा ; नवद्र बाबा : To keep in view :-- कोबि-ए : To guard : -भारतातात्र नुक्तक त्ववालना-कः ; मारतातात्र-तः ; To give heed to :- m. জাপন্ধ; Vigilance; keeping awake :-- পরিরক্ষণ ; तका ; Protection :-- প্রত্রী ; Sentry :- টে ক্বডি : A pocket timepiece :--পাধারার त्रवह: The time of watching, especially in a ship :-- চৌৰিদাৰ, পাহারাওরালা; রক্ষক; পাহারা: Guard :-- त्ववात भाराता (मध्या रूप ; भारातात कान ; The place where a guard is kept :- পাহারার नमत ; (ब्राजिकानीन) अहत ; A division of the night. Syn: -(v) Wake; look for; tend, keep; mark, observe, note. (n) Vigil, watchfulness, outlook; inspection, attention, observation, watchman.

At watch and watch—At alternate watches. A watch guard—ঘটী-রকণ শুখল।

Be on the watch—প্ৰতীকা-ফু; তাক কৰিবা ধাকা; Be tooking steadily for:—পাহারা-দে; Act as sentinel.

Keep watch and ward—পাহারা-তে; Act as a guard:—রক্ত-হ, রকা-ক; Act as guardian.

Keep watch on (or over)—কাহাৰত উপৰ নজৰ ৰাখা; Observe the actions or movements of (a person) for some purpose:—কোন বিশ্ব না ঘটে তাহাই দেখা; Guard from danger.

The watch night—বংসানৰ শেষ দিবসের রাতি। Watch and watch—পর্যায়ক্তমে জাগরণ।

Watch for - 明四年 ; Look out for.

Watch over—সাধধানে দেখ', ভৰাবধান-কু, সাৰকাশে পরিদেশন-কু, Be cautious'y observent of, superintend.

Watch-case, n. यहिका-गुडेक ।

Watch-dog, n. কুৰুব বিশেব; রক্ষী কুকুর; A dog kept to watch. [ watches Watcher, n. দৰ্শক, রাজি জাগরণকারী; One who Watch fire—প্রহরীর অগ্নি।

Watchful, wochfool, a. সভৰ্জ; ৰানোলী, অবহিত, পৰিদৰ্শনীল; সাৰধান; Vigilant; attentive, cautious, ad=watchfully (সাৰ্ধানে)। n=watchfulness (সাৰ্ধানতা)। Syn:—Wakeful, attentive, observant, circumspect, heedful, careful.

Watchfulness, n. State or quality of being watchful. Syn:—Vigilance, heedfulness, wakefulness, circumspection, cautiousness, attention. Watch-house, n. চৌৰি বাৰা; বন্ধিপৃহ; প্রহরীর সৃহ; Police station.

Watch-maker, স. বড়িত্রালা, বড়ি-বির্বাণকারক , One who makes watches.

Watch-man, wochman, अ. आहते ; कोविणांत ; इक्क ; Night guard ; one who guards by night ; policeman.

Watch-tower, \* এইনীন ৰক্ত সর্বোচ্চ পৃহ; ক্ষি-বস্ত : বে উচ্চহালে বলিনা শান্তিগণ পাহারা দেন ; A lookout tower on which a sentry is placed.

Watch-word, wochwurd, #. बह्तीरन नरक न्यान; The pass-word to be given to a sentry; a signal given to sentinels and those who visit the guard, whereby a friend is known from an enemy or stranger.

Water, waw'ter, n. বারি; উদক্; জল; Well knownfluid:—সমূল; বলী; ভুদ; জলাপর; River; sea;
lake &c.:—মৃদ্ধ; প্রসাব; Urine:—বীরকাদির প্রভা;
হীরার জ্যোভি; উজ্জভা; The lustre of diamond:
—υ. t. জল সিঞ্চন-কৃ; জলসিজ-কু; আর্থ-কৃ; ভিজাব;
গাবিত-কৃ; To supply or sprinkle with water; to
overflow with water:—৩. s. জলগুজ-কৃ; To shed
water:—জলগুড্-কৃ; To take in water. a=marine
(সামুদ্ধিক Aquatic.);

A fish out of water—নিজের ছানত্তই; One in a strange and disagreeable position : a person out of his element.

Be in hot water—বোলে গড়া : লোককে চটাইখা-তে : Be in trouble or difficulties, have people angry with one.

By water - winter !

Fish in troubled waters—কোন বিশুখনার সময় কিছু হাতাইবার চেটা-কু, গোনমান বা হালামাকালে কিছু হাত মারিবার চেটা-কু; Endeavour to gain some advantage in a time of public calamity when all things are in confusion.

Hard water — কাৰ্মিপ্ৰিত জ্ব; Water impregnated with foreign ingredients.

Hold water—জল না পড়া; অসুর থাকা; Not to leak:—টিক বাটা; কায়কর-হ; হালে পানি পাওরা; Be valid; be tenable; be sound as an argument; hold good. (বাওবা, না ড্বিরা মাবা ড্লিরা থাকা। Keep one's head above water—মজিরা না Make water—প্রসাব ত্যাগ-ক; Pass urine.

Mineral waters—লবণাদি নিজিত কল।

Of the first water—সংকাংকৃষ্ট , অত্যক্ষণ ; হীরের চুকরা , Best , highly valuable ; of the first class; of the highest excellence :—উৎকৃষ্ট হীরের মত উত্তল ; Perfectly pure and transparent like a diamand. Pour oil over troubled ; waters—রাম প্রশাসত-কৃ ; উত্তলাম জল তৈল চালিয়া ধানান।

Soft water कांत्रीमिन्ड कन, Spring or rain water nearly free from foreign ingredients.

The mouth waters—মূণেত লাল বড়ে; To have a vehement desire, to long for.

Throw cold water upon—নিরংসাহী-কৃ; অব্কলে বাডাস না-দে; অবস্ক্লভা প্রদর্শন-কৃ; উৎসাহ ভক্ক-কৃ; Discourage; deter from; show disfavour to some project so as to discourage.

Waterage, n. (नोक्) आहा; Money for goods carried by water.

Water-baliff, n. Officer having charge of the police of a river, harbour or fish-market.

Water-bearer-जलाब कांबी ; किलि।

Water-bearing, s. जनवारी; Conveying water. Water-brash, n. অনী রোগ বিশেব; কলোকার। Water-carriage, waw'ter-kar'ij, n. অন বারা ব্যন; জলের গাড়ী; Conveyance or carriage by water. [ who carries water for sale.

Water-carrier, n. অগ-বাংক : অগ-বিকেণ্ডা : One Water-cart, n. রাভার জন দিবার গাড়ী : জনবাহী গাড়ী : Cart for carrying ( or sprinkling ) water. Water-chestnut, n. গাণিকল।

Water-clock, waw'ter-klok, z. aquis; A clock which is made to go by the fall of water,

Water-closet, wow'ter-kloset, ম. বিভাৰি ত্যাপের একোন্ড : পৌচগৃহ , পায়খানা ; Privy supplied with water

Water-colour, n ৰূম ও গ্ৰুদ বারা প্রস্তুত বছ, ৰূম ও গ্ৰুদ বিশিশুত বহু, Colour diluted with water and grum [for the supply of water.

Water-company, n জল সরবরাইক. Company Water-course, wawiter-kors, Water-way, ম শেল প্রণালী, কলপ্রবাহ, A channel for water, bed of a stream.

Water-craft, n Vessels navigating on water Water-crane, n প্রেলগাড়িতে জল দিবাৰ কল, Mi chine fer wittening locomotive engines.

Water-cruise, ' कलती , Pitcher

Water-cure, n ছলে কান ছাবা চিকিৎসা, The mode of treating diseases with water

Water-dog, wawiter dog, n সম্বাণকারী কৃষর
A dog that swims in the water — ক্ষম ভাসনান
ক্ষে, A small floating claw! — নাবিক A carlos
Water-doom, n ভাগৰিকা Ordeal by water
Water-elephant, n সিত্তৰ টক, ভশ্ভন্থী, Hippopotamus

Water elf, n. 47 (4"3) . Witci nimph

Water engine, n ভল তুলিবাৰ ৰল, En\_ine to rase with [int ciseado ater fall, wawter faul, n. ভলপ্ৰাৰ Cata Water flood, n ৰজা, Inund tion of vair Water-fowl, n. ভল ব পদ্দিশন মন-কুম্বৰ্ট A brd that lives about a vai (or lides).

Water gall, n. 33/45/13/15, Cavity made by

Water-gauge, Watergage, uau'er-pu, n सन्तान यह, अन्तर । च रण श भानत यह Measure of the depth or fall of water

Water girt, Water-girded, a sortes

Water-God, n জন্মেৰ্ডা, Supposed God, presiding over a river. [boiled in water Water gruel, n ধান্য নিশেন, Food of meal Water-guard, n জন-পুনিশ, Police or customs officer stationed on the water [for urine Watering-corner, n প্ৰস্তান কৰিবাৰ দান, Place

Watering-place, n. जन्मीन शन, riact where water may be obtained

Waterich, waw'tei-ish, a खनवर, आर्क भारता, Resembling water, somewhat watery, thin.

Water-level, waw'ter level, n ভালেৰ উপ্ৰিভাগ, আলজন; Level of the surface of still water — আলম্বাৰা সামতলিকভা-নিৰূপক বস্ত্ৰ, A levelling instrument in which water is used

Water-lily, waw'ter-lile, n জল দেবৰ হাৰ,
Place frequented for drinking mineral waters
or bathing — উৎপৰ, কুমুক, A water-plant like
a hly, with large floating leaves

Water-line, waw'ter-lin, n জাহাজের বে দাগ পর্যন্ত আৰু উঠে; The line drawn round a ship on the level of the water, the line on a ship to which the water rises.

Water-lock, স- পরিবেস্কত পুকুর, Fenced pond. Water-logged, waw'tei-logd, a অণপূর্ণ, জলে পরিপূর্ণ, (জাহাজাদি সম্বন্ধে) জলপ্রবেশ নিবন্ধন ভাবী বা জচস; Having so much water in as to be unmanageable; rendered log-like, or unmanageable from being filled with water. [ loo. Water-loo-man—One who faught at Water-Water-man, waw'ter-man, n. बांदि. लोका-वाइक, गांवि-वाइकां, त hoat-man; a ferryman. Water-mark, n (कावाद कांत्रिक का वर्ष्य उद्देश वा वाविर्ड भारत कविष्यं कि हा Tide level; a mark indicating the height to which water has risen; a tide-mark—कांग्रें कि है, A mark wrought into paper

Water-melon, n Edgy !

Water-metre, n জন্মাপক ব্য . Instrument for measuring the supply of water

Water-mill, w w't-i-mil, n জন ছারা চালিত বস্ত্ত জন্মত্ত প্রতি-চানিত বস্ত্ত, One worked by running wate, i n ll moved by water

Water nymph, " अप-(भवडा । water. Water-ordeal, " अपभीजा , Mode of trial by Water organ, " वानायड , Musical instrument Water parting, " See water-shed.

Water part ए, " क्लांक्ली मंग, Pleasure party for a water current [water

Water pipe, u. কলেৰ নত . Pipe for supplying Water-pitcher, u জালৰ কৰ্মী , Water-cruise. Water plant, i কলক উদ্ভিন।

Water pot, " W MI WE !

Water power, waw ter power, n व्यक्तनिक कर ेड्ड The power of water employed to more much mer, Ar

Water proof, white prof, a জল বাবা আন্তেল।
জানতি লা তেজৰ প্ৰবেজ পাৰ না Imper-নাম ক কৰাৰে – দ জালৰ অভেদ্য পদাৰ্থ, Anytha with with quisties

Waterproofing, n স্থান বাজনাবৰ The act of making imprivious to water [ raising water Water-ram, n কা জুনিবৰ কৰ, Machine for Water rate, n কলেৰ টেক্ক, Tax for the supply of water

Water's-edge, স জলপার্ব, জালব ধাব, Side of Water shed. wiw'ter-clied, স ছই নদী প্রবাচের মধ্যান্ত অনুজ্ঞানা জলদানা, বে প্রদেশের সমস্থ জন কোন হুদ্দ বা নাল ত পড়ে ভাষা, High ridge which carries the wat r in opposite direction, a range of highland separating two river-basins; a district from which sever il rivers rise.

Water sickness, n Gad ann , Dropsy

Water-spout, waw'ter-spowt, n. 医可证, A moving column of water often seen at sea and sometimes on lind containing water and which bursts.

Water-supply, n जातार मननवाह ।

Water-table, দ অব্যক্তনার্থ ডিবিগাত্ত উপাতি A moulding or other projection in the wall of a building to throw off the water.

Water-thief, n sayay, Pirate

Water-tight, waw'ter-tit, a. অল বারা অভেল;
এরপ ভাবে আটা গে জন এবেশ করিতে না পাবে, Not
leaky, impervious to water, so tight as not to
admit water, not let it escape. [water
Water-trip, n অলপথে অবণ, Excuision on '
Water-walled, a. জন বারা বেইড; Şuirou
by water, girt with water.

or models

Water-way, " अन्यन्ति , Open channel for water for navigation.

Water wheel, waw'ter hwel, n we ogfering birl, Wheel moved by water, an engine for raising water

Water-work, waw'ter-wurk, n कात्र कन , जन मद्दद्राट्य मद्रशांत्र वा बद्र , Any work or engine by which water is furnished as to a town.

Watery, waw'ter-c a शाउना , Thin or transparent - भानमित्रो , वियोग , lasteless - जनभूर् , चनमञ् . चनीय चन्दर , Abounding with water. Syn -Aqueous, humid, wet, damp, washy Wattle, woll, a कि , शास्त्र मक अ नमनीय माना . Twig, flexible rod, hurdle of twig - caten at পেরুব কঠন মা'সল উলা ত , The fleashy part under the throat of a cock or 3 turkey -v 2 Ff चांत्रा रोका , गक्र भांचा निया रोधा Io bind a th twigs Waul, Wawl, v ३. विडाटनत यत डाका , lo cry as a cat.

Wave, wav, n [ A S wer wasg a wave ] উলি, তরঙ্গ, চেড, হিল্লোন A swell on the surf ice of water, billow of the sea -v : (bt rit lo move like a wave -- আপাপাপ a किए अपनि To play loosely -v t 7117 =151 To brandi h — হকিত কু, ইনাবা কু To beckon Svn — (x) Surge, breaker undulation, inequality, unevenness (v) I ndulate, fluctuate, waver,

Waved, a উন্নতানত চেট পেলানিযা।

Waveless, a তরস্থীন, বির , Free from waves , undisturbed

Wavelet, n পুদ্র ভবন চোট চেউ 1 ittle wave Wave offering, n Jewish sacrifi e performed by waving the hands towards the four cardinal points

Waver, witter, " 1 [ D w if In to hesitate ] अवनात्र अभितक शक्तान १ भाक गांखरा In more to and fro - \$335: 3 198 मिलाय- न म आत्माल ड क, मुख्य हेन्द्र Plactuate vacillate n= Waverer (दिशानाक्री)। Syn - Wiche un lui de flicker, hesitate ৫ কে'লাগ্নান আলব। Wavering, v , 37 3 17 ক • ক্ষতা হৈণ্ড'ব ---Wavy, wive a उरक्र खराना, न्यार की পেশানিয়া, Rising in waves full of wave undul ating.

Wax, waks, n Ala, say Thick sub ance produced by the bees - 4194 417 4817. Any substance like it i that in the cars -दुष नियान , श्रीका , The substrace used to scal letters - हामात्रिशित श्रा माजिनान मान, I hat used by shoemakers to tub the r thread -v t মোম লাগান, মোম হাথান To smear or rub with wax -v.: वृद्धि र उप्र . To grow, to increase in size, to become

To wax 'old - वृष ३ , वृद्ध ३ ।

Wax candle, n (414415)

Wax-cloth, waks kloth, " (FINEINI, Cloth covered with a coating of wax, use I for tablecovers &c Made of wax Waxen, a. बायब निर्मित , बायबत , बायि । ख , नवय ,

Waxing, a अवस्थान। Wax work, wakswurk, n. त्यांत्वत अस्त , त्यांत्वत

[ Adhesive. Waxy, wakin, a man, Soft - 555 5, (minge Way, wa, n. बाका, नथ, मार्ज, frack, path, road — দিক, Direction — শাবা, রীভি, পদ্ধতি, Method - मूत्र डां, मूनक वानशान, Distance -উপায় পথ Means, course — অভিপ্ৰাৰ Tendency — উল্লাত , Progress Syn -Passage, much, advance, street, highway, path, lane, pathway, route, course, space, distance, manner, method, mode, fashion wise, sort, custom, usage, habit, practice, plan scheme [tance A long way off-जातन मृत्त At a great dis-

Bo in a bad way-- मणा यस . मणा थातान- ए , hare badly, be faring badly —ক্ষেই অবনতি वां अ इ , Be falling or getting into a bid condition be in a declining state Be pregnant Be in the family way – গৰ্ভবতী হ অৱঃদ্ৰা-হ, By the way - অসকত্ৰে পাঁচ বখাৰ মধ্যে Indi-

way - जान कथा भरन शरफाड By the bye Be under way—बारांक (शामा , प्रकिश्व ह , हला , To be in motion or when a ship begins to move By way of-ज़्रामा छार्त, बहेगा, बन्नभ, रवान কিছুব মতৰ, As being as -- জাতো, I or the pur

rectly, in passing, indentally - ore, In the

Come all in the way from - দারাপথ অভিত্রম কবিবা আদা।

pose of - क्वान डान हडेडा Via

Come in one's way-লোন ক্ৰে হাতে আদিয়া পাদা (ome into one hands by any chance.

Elbow one's way-क्युत्यत्र एंड। फिर्म िंग रिंग रिंग श , Make one s way ( by pushing others with the cloow as through a crowd) —টেলিয়া উপৰে est Push one s way up

Feel (or grope) one's way to - হাক্ট্রা পথ बोहर द Mos about laken or obscurity in order to find one s w y o to accertain something find out out it is a person group in the dail ) - माना न हना , Proceed t ty cau iou h · প'বে fr না তাহা সাবধানে हे मा ह ना Ascertain in a cautious way whethuithnei po lle

GIVO Way-19 GTS (F Give presage - 5# 8, Gready inpured - (EGS 95), Break down -वर्णकृत कृ, हरिश शां, Yield - ताला क्षांक्रियां-स्म , 8 14 \*\* 3 (P341 1

Givo way to - कांन विदू पक्ष वांश पूराकृत ह , I teld to —কোন কিছুর জন্ত পরিস্তুত-হ, Be given up for the ike of

Go a great way-अपन्यत्र यांड्या , त्यांन किह्न बारा बानक काड-इ, Hinc great weight, do a great deal - अ नक्छी महायङा कू, Have great influence

Go all the way to-সমক পথ (অপনকদূর) অতি ক্রম করিবা থাওয়া। Go one's way-अञ्चल-क, नामन क, नास्त्रा, De-Go out of one's way-हिकाना-मा, Deviate fron common or direct course -- निरम पार् महत्राहत करिया शांदकम छम्डिनिक क्रि.क. Depart from one s usual course or manner of acting or dealing

Go the way of-- ल भर्थ अकलम भिन्नांट (मेरे भर्थ-

বা , Follow the same path as :—এবই স্পাস্ত-ই ; Share the same fate with.

Go the way of all the earth—इंड-र ; त शैर्स अक्टन बांद्र ता शूर्स-रा ; Die.

Have one's way—আপনাৰ ইচ্ছানুসাৱে কাৰ্য্য-ছ; বিজেন গোঁ বা ঝোঁক মক কাল করিবা-বা, Be allowed to follow one's own inclination, carry out what one determines upon .—চেপে নাৰা বান্ধ না; Can not be suppressed.

High way - বিতাপ লাভা; সময় বাভা; A wide road for traffic, made and maintained in good order at the public expense.

In its way—এক হিলাবে, এক স্কন করিয়া খনিলে; In a certain sense.

In the family way—অৱ:সভাবহার ৷

In one's way—এক্রক্ষে, নিজেব প্রকৃতি অসুসারে; After one's fashion :—বেমন হইরা থাকে সেই রক্ষে, In a certain way.

In the way—পৰে , সনুৰে বাধা-দে ; So situated as to obstruct, hinder or the like , to prevent. In the way of—বৰণ বা মতে ; হিদাবে ; কোন কিছুৱ

बिरक ; मचरक . In the shape of

Make one's way—নিজের পথ-কৃ; To open a passage — অগ্রসর হ, To progress, to advance :
—চেষ্টা থাবা সংসারে উন্নতি-কু, সংসাবে উন্নতি লাভ-কু, আছেটা থারা জীবনে উন্নতি কু. Advance in life by one's own efforts, advance in life by steady effort:—বেমন তেমন করিবা পথনুক্ত-কৃ, Clear or force a passage for oneself.

Make the best of one's way—ক্ৰভবেগ প্লা-ফ্ল-কু; ষত শীল্ল হয় নিজেব পথ দেখিবা লটনা চন্দট-দে; Fiee or run away as fast as one can

Make way—পৰ ছেডে দেওলা, Step aside so as to leave a passage

Meet half way—মাজানাৰি সালাৎ কু, কতক অনুবোৰ বকা-কু; অৰ্থেক গ্ৰহণ সংগ্ৰহ ছাড়িবা-কে, Make equal concessions; make partial concession to:—বড় একটা না ৰৱা; প্ৰাফু না কৰা. Not to think much of On one's way to—ঘাইতেছে, যাজা করা হুটবাছে, Proceeding to —কোন স্থানে যাইতে যাইতে. While going to

On the way ( to )—কোনৰ দিকে অগ্ৰসর , চলিত।
One way on the other—ভাল দিকেই চউক কি
মল দিকেই হউক; Either for it, or against it —
কোন বকৰে , In any way.

Out of the way—পথ ছাডিয়া অন্ত পথে; এক পাৰে; Away from the proper course — বেয়াড়া সক্ষেত্ৰ; অসাবারণ, অবাভাবিক; Strange, odd; unusual — মূবস্থ, বেথানে সচরাচর লোকে বায় না, Remote and obscure — তকাতে, মূরে, Hard to find; absent.

Right of way—খণরের ভূমির উপর দিরা গ্রনাধি-কার; A right of passing over the ground of another.

See one's way clear, See one's way to—
আপনার পথ পরিছার-তৃ, কি কর্ত্তবা ইইবে টিক বৃথিতে
পারা, করিতে পাবা বাইবে এরপ বৃথা, সুরাহা দেখা;
Perceive or discern that a course of action is
right or best; find a thing feasible

Stand in the way of-states; esforage-z, Hinder, prevent, be an impediment to.

Take one's own সভতু—আগৰার মতলবে চলা ; বেক্টালুনরণ-মু ।

The way the wind blows—ৰাধা ক্ৰিবাৰনক; বে দিকে বাতাস বহিতেছে; বাধা আপাততঃ ক্ৰিবাৰনক; What is popular or expedient. [(as a ship). Under way—চলিতে আৱদ্ধ; গভিবিলিই; In motion Ways and means—টগার; আবের পব; টাকা বোগাত ক্রিবার পদ্ম; Resources; methods; the resources or the money, necessary funds and the manner of raising them; means for raising money.

Way out of —কোন বিপন হইতে উদ্ধান হইবার উপাব . Means of getting free from difficulty.

Ways of God—ঈশরের শাসন বা কার্য।

Work one's way—নিজের বন্ধ ও পরিজ্ঞান ক্রমে উলটি নাধন-কু , Rise by gradual labour.

Work one's way of - चाडे कृष्टवाई।-इ ; Succeed or advance by some efforts.

Way-bill, wábil, n. বাজীবণের ভালিকা; আরোহীব ভালিকা, List of passengers:—নালের ভালিকা, A list of goods

Way-farer, wáfar-er, n. गणिक; बाजी, भगाउँक. Traveller, one who travels; a passenger. Syn —Wanderer, pilgrim.

Way-faring, wafar-ing, a. অমণকারী ; পর্টন-কারী , Travelling ; passing.

Way-in, n etter, Entrance.

Waylay, wa lá, v. t. পথ আন্তলিয়া থাকা , পথে প্ৰতীকা কৰিয়া থাকা , গথে ওং করিয়া থাকা ; To be set in ambush , to lie in the way for.

Waymark, n. প্ৰথদৰ্শক বস্তু , A guide-post-Way-out—বহিন্দন, Exit [way —a প্ৰপাৰ্থ ; Way-side, n রাজার পার্ব , প্ৰপার্থ , Side of the Wayward, waward, a চকল, অবাধা , অবশ , বংক্জোচার , একপ্ররে , Wilful , forward , perverse ad=waywardly (অবাধ্যভাবে ); n=wayward ness (অবাধ্যভাবে ); s=wayward ness (অবাধ্যভাবে ) ; s=wayward, obstinate, stubborn, unruly, refractory

Way-wise, a. পৰক্ষ; বে পৰ বাট চেৰে। [travel Wayworn, waworn, n পৰস্ৰাস্ত্ৰ, Wearied by We, pro. আনৱা; pl of I.

Weak conjugation—क्रियांव सन वित्नव ।

Weak side ( or point ) — রস্ত্র; দোৰ, Defect; fault .— ছবলৈ পক।

Weaken, wekn, v. t की १-इ ; इस्त-इ , To make weak :—v. s. इस्त-इ ; To become weak , to grow weak. Syn:—Debiltate, enfeeble, enervate, unstring, unnerve, invalidate; reduce, depress, lower.

Weak-eyed, s. कीन एडि ।

Weak-hearted, a. बाहमहीन। [feeble creature. Weakling, weikling, n. চুকাল প্ৰাণী; A week or Weakly, weikli, a. চুকাল; ভাগ; অনত; Weak in body or mind; net strong, infirm .—ad. চুকাল-কাশ।

Wesk-minded, a. भीगमा।

Weakness, n. হুৰ্বদত্তা; কীণ্ডা; State or quality of being weak. Syn:—Feebleness, debility, languor, imbecility, faintness, softness; defect, failing, fault, infirmity, frailty.

Weal, wel, n. ৰাষ্ম; উম্নতি, মনল, তুণ; হিড; কল্যাণ; A sound state; welfare, happiness:— সাধারণতম্ব; Commonwealth. Syn:—Prosperity, good, advantage.

Weal and woe—মন্ত্ৰান্তল ; ক্ৰছাৰ , গুডাগুড।
Weald, weld, ল. বন্দুনি ; অৱণ্য প্ৰদেশ ; জনল ;
Wood; forest :—প্ৰান্তৰ ; An open country.
a = wealden

Wealth, welth, n. ধন; ঐব্য়; অর্থ; Riches:— সোভাগ্য, সম্পদ, Prosperity. Syn:—Affluence, opulence, abundance, plenty.

Desire of wealth-খনলিপ্সা।

Wealthy, welthe, a. ধনী; ধনধান; বিভবদানী; Rich, opulent. n=weathiness (ধনবস্তা); ad = wealthily. Syn.—Opulent, affluent, moneyed. Wean, wen, v t. [A. S. awensan, to wean] ভন চাপা-কু, নাই ছাড়ান, ঘুৰ ছাড়ান; To accustom to do without the breast; to separate from the breast:—ডকাৎ-কু, অভ্যাস ঘুটান, ভালবাসা হারান; কোন বিষয়ের আগান্তি ভালে অপসাবিত কু; To alienate the affection. Syn.—Withdraw, disengage, detach.

Wean ( one ) from—ছেলেকে মাই ছাডান; Accustom a child to the privation of the mother's breast:—যে বিষয়ে অপুৰক্ত ভাষা চাড়ান, বাচার প্রতি আসক্ত ভাষাকে ছাড়ান; Detach or alienate one from. Weanying, v n. বস্তু ভাগে সম্পাদন।

Weapon, wep'un, ম. পদ্মণত্ত; আবুৰ; An instruinent of offence of defence. a - weaponed ( অন্ত সন্মিত্ত); weaponless ( নিবস্ত )। Syn:—Sword, spear, arms.

Wear, wir, v. t. পৰিধান-ক; আজে ধারণ-ক; পৰা; বাহণ-ক, To put on :—দেখান; To exhibit:—ব্যক্ষার থারা ক্ষৰ-কু, জীব-কু, To waste away:—রক্ষাকু; To guard:—লাহাজের গাঁত পরিবর্জিত-কু; To put on another track, as a ship:—নত্ত-কু; To impair:—v. i. নত্ত-কু; ক্ষান্তাই-কু; গত-হু, To waste:—ক্ষেমা; বাহার; To last in wearing:—n. ক্ষা; লাভুকরণ; বাহার; Diminution or injury by use or friction:—পরিধান; পোবাক। Syn:—Carry, bear; last, endure, consume, use up, be wasted. Wear and tear—ন্যবহারজনিত ক্ষা; ব্যবহার করিলে বে ক্ষাহ্র; ক্রিভি পড়িভ; ভালা-টুটা; Loss or waste by use; hijury by wear; waste or injury caused by use:—কাল্ডমে বা সংসাদে বে ক্ষাণ্ডা বা ক্ষা আগে; Waste or decay brought on by time or by struggle.

Wear away—এক রকম করিয়া কাটাইরা-দে; Consume or impair gradually; spend tediously:— এক রকম করিয়া কেটে ঘাওয়া; Pass away tediously:—ক্ষু-দু; ক্যান। Wear down—317-7; Diminish in height.

Wear off—আৰ বাৰ কৰিয়া কৰিবা আনা; কৰে কৰে কৰিবা আনা; কৰণ: কৰ-ড; Dinainish by use or slow decay; pass away by degrees:—অসিয়া তোলা বা উঠান।

Wear on--ক্ষে ক্ষে কিন্ত কটে কোট-বা; চলা; ৰাটিবা-বা; Pass away tediously and by slow degrees.

Wear one's heart upon one's sleeve-नवन-इ; त्ववान-इ; To be artless, frank, warmi hearted, confiding.

Wear out—ক্লাৰ-কৃ; বিষক্ত-কৃ; Tire; consume tediously:—অব্যবহার্য-কৃ; Render useless:— কটেপ্টে কেটে-বা; Be tediously spent:—জীৰ্-কৃ; ব্যৱ-কৃ; Impair or waste.

Wear the breeches—বে স্ত্রী পানীর উপর কর্তৃত্ব করে, (বাটার) কর্তা-ভ্; Said of a wife who assumes the authority of her husband or domineers over him:—কাড়া দিয়া কাপত প্রা

Wear well— দীৰ্ঘকাল ব্যাপিয়া থাকা , Last long :— ট্যাকে ; টেকসই-ছ ; দেখিতে টাট্কা থাকা , To endure the test of time and use. [ worn.

Wearable, a. বাৰহাৰ্যা: পরিখের ; Suitable to be Wearer, n. পরিখান-কারক।

Weariness, n. লাভি; কাভি; অবসাদ; State of being weary or tired. Syn:—Lassitude, fatique, exhaustion, prostration; languor, ennui.

Wearing, a. श्रीतर्भव ; श्रीवर्शव ।

Woarisome, wēr'e-sum, a. ক্লান্তিগাৰক; আৰিকৰ; বিব্যক্তিকৰ; কটুকৰ, Tiresome; tedious. ad=wearisomely. n=wearisomeness. Syn:—Exhausting, fatiguing, irksome, troublesome, annoying, trying, humdrum, prosy, monotonous.

Weary, we'ie, a. কান্ত; আন্ত; অবসর. Tired; causing weariness; worn out:—বিবক্ত; Sick:
—v. t. কান্ত-কু; লান্ত-কু; To make weary; to tire.—[মন্ত-কু; To harass:—অবসর-কু; To exhaust. Syn:—(a) Fatigued, exhausted, worn, jaded; tire-ome, irksome, wearisome. (v) Jade, tire, fatigue, fag; dispirit, debilitate.

Be weary of—সহিষ্ঠা বা বৈষাচ্যুত-হ; Have one's patience exhausted by.

Be weary with—রাজ-ই: Be fatigued with. Weary out—আত কবিয়া পরাজিত-ই।

Weasand, n. वामनानी; Windpipe. Syn:— Trachea, throttle, throat.

Weasel, we el, n. नवून ; (वैकि ; विकेन ; A small quadrupped with a slender body.

Catch a weasel asleep—To catch a person nodding.

Woathor, wether, n. আব্রাওয়া; ঝড়; বাগুর অবরা, ঝটকা;ঝড়; State of the air or atmosphere:—n. t. হাওমা থাওয়ান; অলবায় লাগান; বারুয় প্রতিকুল থিকে পাইল ডুলিয়া বাওয়া; To effect by exposing to the air; to sail to the windwaad of something else:—স্মু-কু; বাধা-পে; Endure; bear of against and resist.

A weather report—বারুব অবরা সম্বাধীর দৈনিক

A weather report—বাব্ৰ অবসা সম্ভীয় দৈৰিক I have my weather eye open—I have my wits about me.

In all weathers জলবাবুর বে কোন অবসা হউক না কেন, Whatever the state of the weather may be. Stress of weather—প্ৰচত বাৰু; বড়ের প্রবলতা; Violent winds; force of tempest.

To make fair weather—তোষামোক হ।
To weather out—অকত শরীরে চলিয়া-বা; করে
কিন্তু কিনা কভিতে অভিক্রম-কু; ভরিয়া-বা; Pass
through enscathed or without serious damage,
as ship through a storm; to encounter and
pass though successfully through out without
difficulty.

To weather the storm—বিপদ অভিক্ৰ-কু।
Weather a point—বাধাসত্তে কিছু লাভ-কু; কোনও
বিষয় বাধা না মানিয়া সম্পাধন-কু; To gain a point
towards the wind, as a ship; to gain any
thing against opposition.

Weather the storm—বিপদ অভিক্রম-কু; কোন বিপত্তি বা ঋষা ইউতে কাটাইনা উঠা; To successfully resist and overcome a misfortune; to bear up against adversity; to encounter successfully though with difficulty; tide over a crisis.

Weather-beaton, wether-been, a. বাডাইড: বাষুর বারা ক্লিপ্ট বা ক্লাক্ত; Beaten or harassed by the weather; disturbed by the weather.

Weather-bitten, a. জলবার্ বারা নষ্ট; বার্র বারা বিকৃত; Decayed by exposure to weather.

Weather-board, n. জাহাজের বাঁডাইড পার্ব।

Weather-bound, wether-bound, a. জলনার প্রবৃদ্ধ বিলম্বিত ; ঝটিকাদি বশত: বন্ধার থাকিতে বাধা ; Delayed by bad weather; kept back or confined by bad weather.

Weather-cock, wether-kok, n. বায়ু প্রদর্শনী; বায়ু-নিদর্শক; A vane showing the direction of the wind:—চকল লোক; অব্যবস্থিতিত ব্যক্তি; Person or thing fickle or inconstant.

Weather-gage, wether-gaj, n. স্বিধার স্থান; অপেকাকৃত বাবুর স্বিধা; The position of a ship to the windward; a position of advantage or superiority.

Weather-glass, n. वांब्निकर्शक यक्ष ; वांब्रमान यक्ष ; Barometer. ( इन्नेट इंब ।

Weather-live, n. বৃক্ষের কাও যে আংশে ভূমিতল হইতে Woather-most, a. স্কাপেকা অধিক বায়ুম্থে তিত। Weather-proof, a. জনবায়ু স্থাক্তিরত সক্ষম; আড়ে বাহার বিছুই করিতে পারে না; Proof against rough weather.

Woather-side, wether-sid, n. বে দিকে বায়ু বছে; বায়ুর শভিমুখীন দিক; Side on which the wind blows; the windward side.

Weather-wise, a. ৰাষুবিজ ; জলবায়ুর অবঙা নিজ-প্ৰে অভিজ ; Skilled in foretelling the weather.

Weather-worn, a. বারুর ধারা ক্লান্ত।

Wesve, wev, v. t. ব্যন-কু; বন্ধ বুনা; To form into a fabric; to form by texture in the loom:
—বৃক্ত-কু; বংস্কু-কু; অব্স্তি-কু; To unite by intermixture:—v. i. বন্ধ বুনা; ডাড বুনা; To practise weaving. Syn:—Interlace, intertwine, braid, plait, mat.

Weaver, #. ভৱনায়; ভাতি; One who weaves:—
বাবুই পক্ষী। [of a weaver.

Weaver's leash, n. তত্ত্বারের বয়; Apparatus Weaving, we'sing, v. n. বুনন; বয়ন কর্ম; The act or art of forming cloth in a loom.

Web, अ. तुनांह ; जान ; A texture : -- अनुनी-त्यांक ।

চৰী; আস্লের পরণা; The skin between the toes of water-fowls:—ছানি; The film over the eye. a webbed ( লিৱপান; Having the toes united by a skin). [from the cradie to the grave. The web of life—The destiny of an individual Web-foot, n. মুক্ত প্ৰাকৃতি।

Web-footed, a. জানপান; নিপ্তপান; বুক্ত পনাস্কি-বিশিষ্ট; ইামের মত জোড়া পাবিশিষ্ট; Having webbed

Wed, wed, v. f. বিবাহ-ক: পাশিগ্রহণ-ক: ক্বিহ-লে:
To marry:—নৃচ্কপে সংযুক্ত-ক: To unite:—v. i.
বিবাহ-ক: To marry: to contract matinimony.
a=wedded ( বিবাহিত: পারিণ্ডস্থের থাকে; পারিণীত;
married.) Syn:—Marry, espouse.

Be wedded to-কাহানত সহিত বিবাহ-ছ; Be married to:-- দুড়লগে অবলম্বন করিয়া থাকা; Cling fast to be attached firmly and indisolubly to.

Wedded to an opinion— (कांन मत्ड जानक-इ: Very possitive and tenacious in a belief.

Wedding, weding, n. विवाह : छेबांह : विवाह ; Marriage ; nuptial ceremony. Syn :—Nuptials, bridal, espousals.

Wedding-cake--পাকস্প্রের পিটুক। Wedding-olothes--বিবাহকালে বরকল্পা বে কাপড় পরে; ঢেলির জোড।

Wodding-day—বিবাহের দিন। Wodding feast—বিবাহকালীন ভোজ। Wedding ring—বিবাহের আঙুটী।

Wedge, wei, n. ধাতুগত; ধাতুপিত; A mass of metal:—গোঁজ; দেনি; কীলকাকার ধাতু বা অক্ত দ্রবা; A piece of metal or wood, thick at one end and thin at the other:—ফ. t. কীলক দ্বারা বিদারপ-ক: কীলক দিয়া আঁড়ী; To cleave with a wedge; to fasten with a wedge.

The thin end of the wedge—প্রথমটা দামান্ত ভাবে আরম্ভ: কোনত বিছুর ছারুডর ব্যাপারের পূর্বাস্ত্র; The first small beginning which may lead to something very inportant.

Wedge-formed, a. कोनकाकात्र। Wedge-wise, ad. कोनका आग्र।

Wedlock, wedlok, n. [A. S. wedlac, a pledge ]
বিষয়; পরিশার; Marriage; matrimony. Syn:—
Matrimony, nuptial state. [day of the week.
Wednesday, wentda, n. বুখার; The fourth
Weo, a. অন্ধ; কুম : Little; small.

Weed, wed. n. বনগাছ; ধাস জলল; আগাছা; Noxious plant; any useless plant:—ভামকুট; ভামাক:—শোকস্থাক বস্ত্ৰ; A garment, esp. in pl:—v. t. আগাছা সাক্ত্ৰ; যাস নিভান; বনগাছ ভূলিয়া সাক্ত্ৰ; To remove weeds; to free from weeds.

A weed hook—নিড়ানী। [mourning apparet. A widow's weeds—বিধনার শোকবন্ধ; A widow's Weed out—নাক-কু; আগাছা উপড়াইয়া কেলা; Remove as useless or hurtful; take away or remove uscless or noxious plants:—অকেন্ধো বাজি বা আপকারক পদার্থ দূর করিয়া-দে; Remove what is injurious or unserviceable:—किंब किंब-कृ; To sort out.

Weeder, n. निर्हानकांत्री कृषक ; निर्हानी । Weeding, n. निर्हान कांग्र । Waedless, a. बामानिविद्दीन ; পत्रिकांत्र ।

Weedy, wedi, a. आंशाङ्गित, पान्नत; अवत्नुर्

Overgrown or abounding with weeds.

Week, wek, n. 4815; Est; A period of seven days.

This day week-এक मुखाइ शुर्ख वा शुरू वाधिकांत्र Week-day, wekda, n. ब्रदिनांब विश्व मश्राट्य (य व्यान 197; Any day of the week except Sunday.

Weekly, wekli, a. माथाहिक, मधार वहन ; Happening, coming or done once a week -- ad. विक मथार ; Once a week :-- n. मां शिक भविका ; A publication appearing once a week.

Weel, n यूनि; आंडल; A fish-trap.

Ween, wen, v 1. अनुगान-∱ ; विद्युप्तना-कृ, कार्या ; मतम F: To think. Syn . - Imagine, fancy, suppose. Weep, wep, v. s. क्रमन-कृ, अक्रभाक भूमक विनाभ-र . (बामन-र : हरणन खन (कना : To shed tears , to express soriow by shedding tears -v. t. 5:4-কু; শোক-কু; To lament :--পাত-কু; কেলা; To pour forth - भाषा अन्त 5-क ; (०४-छ ।

Weep a river of tears - (तरक क्रांत्रवा-त्व ।

Weeper, n. (वाननकावी: विकाशकावी: One who

weeps

Wooping, wTp'ing, a. ( ) FATTI , Shedding tears :- 45 min; Hanging down the branches: --- 2. (47; (1)44 . Lamentation Weevil, n. कम भाषा विश्वा , A small kind of Wost, n ব্যাব অনু প্রস্থামী কৃত্র , পছেন ; কাপছেব পড-

নের সুহা, The woof of cloth, the threads that

cross the warp.

Weigh, wit श. र श्रीनान-क ; अक्रम-क , ভाর निक्रमन-क : (क्वान-क : भशेका करिया (मण , To examine by the bal ince to ascertain the weight of .— উত্তোপন-क ; डानिया जाला . To ruse , to lift :- किया-क ; বিশ্বচনা-ক : lo ponder in the mind - v : ভাবী-इ . श्र4 उत- ह , To have weight - আतश्रक (नांध- ह ; To be consider of importance - inter styl. To piess heavily. Svn -Lift; counterbil ince, examine, deliberate, gravitate, be heavy; press, bear heavily.

Do under weigh—ছালত পুলিতে উপক্ম-কু; জাহাজ Be about to set sail , leave the moorings, be in motion. | Raise the anchor and depart. Weigh anchor - नक्त लाना ; नक्त जूलिया योजी-कृ , Weigh down-अक मिक छारी-कृ, छारायमण-कृ, To overbalance : - डाबाकांच-क डालिया वा नमाइबा-দে; অপিকতর ভারী-হ, To buiden heavily.

Weigh little with—প্রাঞ্জের মধ্যে না প্রাসা , কার্চাবও নিকট ফুচ্ছবোধ হওয়া; Be considered of little im-

portance by.

Weigh on one's mind-মনেতে কোন ক্কতর कहे-रम, काशंत्र व्यवःकत्रण छात्रवर চालिया बाका, To press hard on the mind. f upon.

Weigh upon ( or on )—वृत्क भाषत्र हांभान ; Bear Weighage, n. क्यांनि , उक्त मर्जुन ।

Be weighed down by—মনকে কোন গুকতৰ কষ্ট-(7; Press with great weight upon one's mind; trouble one sorely ( as with a heavy burden ).

Be weighed in the balance and found wanting-अवस्य कम-इ ; कुलनांश नित्तन-इ , अनुभवूक क्षान-इ . Be tried and found insufficient, unsattisfactory, unfit and the tike; be examined and found to be deficient in any respect.

Weigher, n. क्यांग ; क्यांग ।

Weighing, v. n. छोन : उबन ।

Weight, wat, n. ena প্ৰিমাণ ; That which anything weighs :- \* The heaviness of a thing when weighed :-- वांठेकाता ; अलन , कतिवांत ज्ञास ; अक्र , Mass of metal used for finding weight :-আবল্লকতা; Importance :-- চাপ; বোৰা; Pressure :- v t. Bigiate-p, Bigi-p; Make heavy. Syn:-Ponderness, gravity, heaviness, pressure, burden, load; power, efficacy, moment, influence, consequence.

A dead weight--वाहा शायात्रत्र काह हाशिहा बांटक वा थि जिनसक्षत्रम रह ; छात्री थि जिनसक्षत्रम कान कि है : A heavy and oppressive burden-hence, power-

ful influence.

Of great weight-area

Weighty, wille, a ভারী, दुर्सह, Heavy:—बाव-সক; গু#তব; Imporant, forcible. ad-weightily ( apole 11 Syn .- Ponderous, onerous, dense, efficacious, momentous, serious.

Weir, Wear, wir, n. नीव , मिड् , मोक वित्रांत क्ष জালেৰ জাটল; A dam across a river; a fence

of stakes for taking.

Weird, werd, n. अत्र ; वाञ्चलिति ; A spell or charm : -ভাগা : Destiny -a. ডাকিনী সম্বনীয়: ভাগানংকান্ত: Skilled in witchcraft:-অপাধিব. অমাকৃষিক . Unearthly.

Weird system—डाइनो : खाकिनो : Witches.

Wela-way, irj. शाप; आद!, Construction of welladay , Alas.

Welcomo, welkum, a. [ A. S. wilcuma, a welcome gue-t | সাগত সম্বাৰণ, অভাৰনা : অভিনন্দন : সমাদৰ; Kindly greeting, kind reception:—a.
আগরপুক্তক গৃহীত; কথাগত; Received with gladness, admitted willingly :- ए. t. मछात्र-कः অভ্যৰ্থনা-ক ; আগর-ক ; To receive with kindness ; to entertain hospitably -inj. ৰাহৰ আহন: আসিতে ৰাজা হব। Syn —(a) Pleasing, acceptable, agrecable, pleasant, grateful.

Be welcome—बाक्राध्य नित्रय-इ, Be pleasing to -- विमा वाद्य ना अनायादम भाग्रेट भाषा ; Be free to have gratuitously :--:ক্ই স্থাসিলে স্বাহ্লাদিত-ই;

Be gladly received in.

Bid welcome -সনাদ্ৰপূৰ্ব্যক অভাৰ্থনা-কু, সম্ভাবৰ-কু; Receive with professions of kindness or hospitality.

Wolcomer, n. य नाकि मनामदा अद्यर्थना करन । Wold, n এক ভাতীয় জাঙ্ক, A plant .- o. t. জোড-দে: সংলগ্ৰ- চ : পিটিয়া সংযুক্ত-ক , To join together by hammeting. n = welder ( मरनश्रकांत्रक )।

Welfare, welfar, n. [ From well, and fare, to go ] উन्निष्ठि, अञ्चानय . Prosperity :- अज्ञत ; उक ; Well being. Syn: -Success, weal, good-fortu.e, advantage, benefit, profit, prosperity, happiness.

Welkin, n. बाकान ; नरजायकन , Sky.

Well, wel, n. डेश्म, अज़गा, मडोर गर्ड ; Spring ; the issuing of water from the earth; fountain :-পাত্ক্বা; বুপ , A pit in the earth whence a supply of water is obtained :- ए. i. पृति इरेड नि:एड-इ , উৎসারিত-ছ ; To issue forth, as water from the earth; to spring :- p. a. Bin; Good :-শবস্থাপর; ভাগ্যবাল, বৌভাগ্যশালী; Fortunate:--

क्षक्य ; ज्य ; In health ; not sick :--- ad. উভवक्रण ; कामजान ; Properly ; fairly :-- वशार्यजारन ; कारा-ভাবে : Justly :-- मण्निवान : Fully :-- कोननन्तिक ; Skilfully :- স্থবিধানত , স্থবিধাপুৰ্কাক ; Convenient-Iv :- अविक ; ब्रावंड ; Very much ; amply. Syn :-(a) Spring, fountain, well-spring; source, origin. (e) Healthy, hearty, hale, sound; happy, profitable, expedient, useful.

As well-ৰক্ষে: অনায়াসে; Without impropriety :-- এও বা ওও তা ; Which is the same thing in effect :-তা হইলে; În that case; with equal chance of success :— আরও ; নরং ভালই ; Also ; too ; besides.

As well as— আর ; এবং , And also : — সমানরূপ ; সেইমত ; তথা ; Equally well with :-ভালরণে : In the best manner.

Be well off-ৰচ্ছল অবসাং বা সুধে থাকা; Be comfortable circumstances; be in good circum-नारक।

He is well to do-ভাহার বেশ দশ টাকার সক্ষতি Very well—ছাল : বচত আন্ত্!।

Well off—अञ्चल ध्वद्यात , काल अवद्यात : Easy in circumstances; rich.

Wish well to-Assets and . Wish success to . -Wish that one may be successful or happy. Wella-day, wela-da, int. आहा ; हात्र Alus. Well-appointed, a. সুসজিত ; Fully furnished and equipped. [ Welfare, prosperity.

Well-being, wel-being, n मजन, कुमन; उथ; Well-behaved, a. স্থান . বিলীড ; শাস্ত্ৰীন।

Well-born, wel-bawrn, a সক্ষাত্ত সক্ষেত্ত ; च्य , भहर ; Born of respectable or good family ; noble.

Well-bred, wel-bred, a ভদ্ৰ ; শিষ্ট ; বিনীত ; সভা , Educated to polished manners; trained well; of good manners; polite.

Well-bucket, n. कुल इहेरड ब्रन छुनिवांत शाख।

Well-chosen, a. स्-निकांतिउ।

Well-doer, n. मर्क्यकाती, एडकावी; উপकाबक; One who does duties well. froughly. Well-done -ভালরপে পাক-কু; Cooked tho-Well-disposed, a. अनुत्रक ; अनुक्तम्या ।

Well enough-मन नहा : हलनगृह : कलको छाल :

In a moderate degree; sufficiently well. Well-favoured, a. भूमार , शिश्यम्बन ; स्थी , Handsome; good looking; beautiful.

Well-founded--টিৰ; স্থানসভ ; ক্পতিন্তিত , সমৃ-नक ; Just ; reasonable ; proper.

Well-grounded, a. श्रीनांकड ; Well-founded ; throughly taught from the rudiments. [ tain. Well-head, n. Eqn; A source, spring or foun-Well-informed, a. বছজ ; স্বিণিত : Furnished

with correct information. Well-informed, Well-instructed, a. कानी,

Correctly informed; possessing stores of knowledge or general information.

Well-intentioned, a. मर महत्रकांत्री ; ममस्त्रियांत्र-ৰুম্ভ ; সং ইচ্ছাসম্পন্ন ; Having upright or honourable purposes.

Wellingtonia. a. यांवजीय दृत्कत्र वर्षा कानिकर्णियां ৰাত উচ্চতৰ বৃক ; The largest of existing trees, a native of California,

Well-known, e. नर्जुन्तरन कांड : नर्जवानिङ ; স্বিশেষ জাত ; Fully known ; notorious.

Well-mannered, a. সভা : স্মুদ্ধ : Polite ; civil. Well-meaning, c. Aviva ; Having good intentions :-- मजनाकाको। [Rightly intended ; friendly. Well-meant, a. डानकरन विद्याद ; करक्काधएउ ;

Well-met-A term of salutation expressive of great satisfaction. [ most; nearly as well. Well-nigh, wel-ni, ad. etts; wielette; Al-

Well-oiled, a. यह ; विनी छ ; Mild ; easy. Well-ordered, a. कुदाविक ।

Well-pleased, a. পরিছুষ্ট : স্থপ্রীত।

Well-read. Well-educated. a. श्रीकाड: স্পৃথিত ; স্বাধারিসম্পন্ন ; Having extensive reading : widely acquainted with books.

Well-regulated-- द्वावदाविन्दे ; Orderly ; mcthodical; disciplined.

Well-set, a. पृष्टेकाद मःनग्ना।

A well-sinker, n. (य नाक्ति कून शनन करता।

Well-sinking n क्ल अनन। Well-sped, a. मिक्रिमेन्स्ड।

Well-spent, e. vass. Passed in virtue.

Well-spoken, a. ভালরপে ক্ষিত ; সুব্যক্ত ; Uttered with propriety and fitness. [ tain.

Well-spring, wel-spring, n. वाज्यन ; A foun-Well-timed, a. अनवार कुछ ; स्नवार प्रक : Done or said at the proper time.

Well-to-do -- বচ্ছৰ অবস্থাপর; সঙ্গতিশালী; সমৃত্তি-সম্প্র; Well off, thriving; prosperous.

Well up- 神事; 可是事; In a commendable or praiseworthy degree of proficiency.

Well-water, n. करनेव कत ।

Well-wisher, n. अलान कावको , कलानुवादि ; One who wishes another well; one who wishes the good of another; a person beneverlently inclined. by use.

Well-worn - नावहात भाता नहे. Much impaired Wolsh, welsh. a. अखनम् तमन वा उद्योगी मचकीय. Pertaining to Wales or its inhabitants: -- n. pl. তলেশের ভাষা; Their language:-- ওলেল্সের অধিবাদীবৰ্গ; The inhabitants of Wales.

Welsh-rabbit, n. ভঞ্জিত কাটীৰ উপৰিত্ব গলিভ পৰিব্ন, Cheese melted on toasted bread.

Welt, n. মোকার গোড়ালিব ভালি; A kind of hem or edging round a shoe -- v. t. ठामहात नद (कड़ বা তালি-দে; To furnish with a welt.

Welting the bed-नवाच मुख्याभ-क ।

Welter, weller, v. i. कर्फरम वावर्खन-क ; कालांब अछा-निष-(म : To wallow about in dirt:-n. क्षम ; भक : Dirt.

Wen, wen, n. व्यर्ग ; व्याव ; बाश्यवृद्ध ; A wart ; hard, fleeshy, excrescence; pulpy tumour.

Wench, wensh, n. (वशा ; कूनिंग समी ; वानिकां व्यक्ते ; A strumpet ; a low course woman ; young girl :- v. i. (वर्णात मञ्ताम-क ; (वर्णामक-क ; To frequent the company of strumpets. n = wencher ( नन्ति शक्ति )।

Wend, wend, v. i. यांख्या ; अधम-कू ; चुनिया (वहांच ; To go; to turn. विश्वत् ।

Wend one's away-नित्यव गत्व वांख्या ; देव्हामङ Went, v. finites; pa. t. of Go. [ Weep. Wept, v. जन्मन कविशाहिन; pa. t. and pa. p. of

Were, e. i. few; ete; The pl. of was, used as a ps. f. of Bs.

Werewolf, s. statetal stat feets; A person supposed to be able to change himself into a

wolf at pleasure.

Wesleyan, a. জন ধারন্দী কর্ম আচারিত ধর্মত স্ব-জীয়; Partaining to Wesleyanism:—n. উক্ত ধর্ম-মতাবদ্দী; Methodist; follower of John Wesley. Wesleyanism, n. জন ধারন্দী কর্ম্ম আচারিত ধর্মত; Doctrines of Wesley.

West, west, ন. পশ্চিম দিক; The quarter of the heaven where the sun sets:—ইউবোগের পশ্চিম-দিকত্ব প্রদেশ; The countries to the west of Europe:—a. পশ্চিমদিকত্ব; পশ্চিম, Situated towards the west:—ad. পশ্চিমদিকে ।

The west End—লঙৰ নগরের পশ্চিমাংশ। West Indies—কারো সাগরের উত্তরত্ব বীপপুর।

Westerly, wester-li, a. পান্তমদিকছ; পন্তিমদিক হত্তৈ আগত; পন্তিমাভিমুৰ; I.ying towards the west; from the west:—ad. পন্তিমাভিমুৰে।

Western, western, a. পশ্চিমদিকছিড; পাচাত্য; পশ্চিমাভিম্পগামী; Situated in the west; moving towards the west.

Western most, a. সর্কাশকিমে ভিড।

Wostward, westward, a. পশ্চিমদিকত্ব; পশ্চিমে ত্বিত; Towards the west.

Westward, Westwards, ad. পশ্চিমাভিষ্থ। Westwardly, ad. পশ্চিমাভিষ্থে, Towards the west.

Wet, wet, a. আর্ক্র; ছিজা; Humid:—বর্গাকালীন; ব্যিক, Raining:—n. আর্ক্রডা, বৃষ্টি; Monture: v. t. আর্ক্র-ক্র, To make wet:—অতিসৃষ্টি-ক্র, Sprinkle. Syn:—(a) Moist, watery, aqueous, dank, damp; rainy, showery.

A wet blanket—বাহাতে কিছু বন্ধ করে . Anything that damps or checks ordour :—বিনি প্রতিবন্ধক হবেন, One who throws cold water or discourages. Wet goods—মুচাদি বাল।

Wet one's whistle—একটু মন বাওবা। [ wet Wet through—ভিজে কওছও ; Being thoroughly Weting the bed—শ্ৰয়াৰ মুম্ভাগ কৰা।

Wet-dook, n. বোডের সর্বাবহাতেই পোডসঞ্চালন-বোসা অববাহিকা : A dock or basin for floating vessels at all states of the tide.

Wother, wether, n. विश्वकृष (सर ; शांत्री एड) . A castrated ram. [humidity.

Wetness, ল. আৰুতা; নিজতা; Moisture. Wet-nurse, wet-nurs, ল. ধাত্ৰী; বে নিজকে বসুপান ক্যায়; A nurse who suckles a child for its mother.

Wettish, wetish, a. किक्टि वार्ड ; Somewhat wet. Wey, wa, n. 182 lbs. of wood, 40 bushels of salt or corn.

Whack, hwak, v. t. আবাত-ত্ব; ঠেকান; To give a heavy or resounding blow to. Syn:—Strike, beat, thump, thwack; thrash.

To whack sway—जगरन गिहिट्ड शंका ।

Whale, hwal, n. ডিনি নংড; A large cetacean; the largest of sea-animals:—p. t. ডিনি নংড ধুরা; To catch whales.

A bull whale—প্ৰ ভিনি। Very like a whale—A fudge, Whale-bone, hwalbon, n. বিধি মুবাছার কাড়; ভিনি-আছি; An elastic substance like bone which adheres in thin parallel plates to the upper jaw of the whale.

Whale-fishery, n. তিৰি সংক্ত গাসণ, কৰ্ম্ম বা বাৰদা। Whaler, hwaler, n. ধীৰম; তিনি পোড; বে ব্যক্তি বা ভাহাল তিনি সংক্ত ধামণে নিৰ্কু থাকে; A person or a ship employed in the whale fishery.

Whaling, n. তিমি ধরা কার্যা; The business of catching whales:—a. তিমি ধরিবার বিষয় সংস্কৃত্ত।

Wharf, hworf', n. ঘাট ; কোট ; A sort of quay :
v. কাঠাদি বারা তীরদেশ বন্ধন করা ; মেট বারা। Syn :

—(n) Mole, pier.

Wharfage, hworl'aj, n. বাট বা ভেট ভাড়া, The fee or dues for using a wharf:—জেট সকল।

Wharfinger, hworl'in-ger, n. যাটের মালিক বা জেটির অধিকারী; Owner of a wharf.

Whap, whop, o. t. আবাত-তৃ:—o. i. বড়াস করিছা পড়া:—n. তাদুৰ পথ।

What, hwot, pron. ৰাহা কিছু: কি; কে; That which, something:—rel. বাহা ভাহা; তাহা বাহা; That which:—a. কি; কোন; কত:—ad. অংশত:; কতকটা; Partly:—int. কি; কত; কি বন।

I tell you what—তন, আমার কথা তন।

Know what's what—কিনে কি হয় বা কোন্টা কি
সমত বুঝিতে পানা; Be shrewd and well-informed.
What a dust do I raise—আমি কত বড় কোকই
হইয়াছ; আমি কত বড় কাজই কবিবাছি; How important a person I am or how great is the deed I
have achieved.

What he-(क (इ, (क वर्षे ।

What if, What through, conj. कि इटेरव यि : यि जांत हम, जारत कि ; What will it matter if ; what will be the result if.

What is that to you—sits coining for How does that concern you.

What it will fetch (or bring)—কি দৰে ইহা বিক্ৰী চইতে পাৰে ? The sum for which it can be sold.

What of that—ভাতে কি আইনে বায়; ভাতে আনে বায় কি (কিছু প্ৰাৰুষ), What matters it that such is the case.

What not--কি বা নয়; কি বা নাই. Any thing else; various other things difficult to mention severally.

What on earth—रून, अम कि बार्ड, किरमूद बन्छ ; What earthly reason is there.

What's its name—(নাৰ ভূনিনা গেলে) ওয় নাম কি ?
What's the matter—কি ইইবাছে ? What's the
trouble, difficulty &c. [ of ; how to employ.
What to do with—কি ক্রিব ? How to dispose
What with—কতক এর দৰণ, কতক ওয় দৰণ ;
Partly owing to this and partly owing to that.
What would not one give—একজ বা দিতে
গারে এমন কিছুই নাই ; এমন কি আছে বে তিনি না দিতে

পারে এমন কিছুই নাই; এমন কি আছে যে তিনি না লিতে পারে এমন কিছুই নাই; এমন কি আছে যে তিনি না লিতে পারেন, One is prepared to make any sacrifice; what sacrifice will not one make.

Whatever, hwat-ever, prom. stel fee; a fee; a ceine; Being this or that; all that.
Whatnot, hwotnot, m. stee allests sie; A piece of furniture with shelves for books.

Whatsoever, pro. s. (4 (क्षान ; (4 क्षिड् क्षेक मा ;

Whatthough, conj. ज्यानि ; जा रहेनहे या ; Even granting that ; allowing that.

Wheal, hwel, s. same as wale.

Wheat, hwet, w. 44; (4)44; A kind of corn.

Wheaten, a. critated state ; Made of wheat.

Wheat-fly, hwet-fli, n. गडक विराग ; कोंद्रे ; An insect ; the name of several flies.

Wheedle, hwe'dl, v. t. [A. S. wadlian, to be poor] বিষ্ট কৰাৰ প্ৰবোভিত্ত-কু; মন ভুবান; To entice with soft words:—ভোষাবোদ-কু; মুন্লান; To flatter. n=wheedler. Syn:—Invesgle, humour, court, fawn upon, caiole.

Wheedle a person out of something—
ভোগ-দে; কাহাকেও কুস্লাইরা কিছু বাহির করিবা লওয়া।
Wheel, hwēl, স. পাডির চাকা; চক্র; (জাহাকের)
কর্ণ, চরকি বালী; A circular frame turning on an axis; round disk on which a carriage rolls:—
গ্রাচীনকালের ব্যুগালারক যন্ত্র; পূর্কেকার যন্ত্রপাদাকর বন্ধ;
An old instrument of torture:—v. t. চাকার উপর
বোরান; যুবগাক দেওৱা; To make to move on an axis; to convey on wheels, to cause to whirl:
—v. i. চাকার উপর ঘোরা; চাকার মতন বুরাণ, যুবগাক
খারা; To turn round or on axis, to roll forward.

A potter's wheel-কুলাল চক্ৰ।

A wheel carriage—বে গাড়ী ঢাকার উপর চলে। The wheel of fortune—ভাগা চক্র।

To break a fly on the wheel—ৰশা মাৰিতে কামান পাতা , অৱ পাণে বেশী গও-দে।

To break upon the wheel—প্ৰচৰে শাবি গে। Wheel and axle—চকু ও ধ্বাতি।

Wheels within wheels—মারণাাণ; জটিল বাপার; Matters of an exceedingly complicated character, secret reasons underlying the apparent ones.

Wheel-barrow, ». এক চাকাৰ পাড়ি; মাৰ চাকানের এক চাকার হাত গাড়ি; A carriage with only one wheel.

Wheeled, a. 53 (419)

Wheeler, hweler. n. যে বাজি বুরায়; One who wheels:—শকটের চক্র সর্বাহত অস , A wheel-horse. Wheel-loss, a. চক্রহীন !

Wheel-shaped, a. 5 का का न

Wheel-tire, n. চাকার হাল, (প্রাচমণ চক-বেইকা।
Wheel-wright, hwellin, n. চকাকার গাড়ি প্রস্তব্ধারী; চক্র-বিশ্বিতা; A wright whose occupation is to make wheels and wheel-carriages; maker of wheels and wheel-carriages.

Wheese, v. s. গণা সাঁ গাঁ-ক, কাষ্ট নিখাস ফেলা ; To breathe with a hissing sound — n. সাঁ দাঁ পক। Whelk, hwelk, n. মেডেডা ; মুখের তুণ; An inequa-

hty on the surface — was faceta; A molluse.

Syn:—Protuberance, pustule; stripe, streak,
wale; weal; shell-fish.

Whelm, hwelm, v. t. ৰভিত্ত-ক; মগ্ন-ক; ড্বান; To overwhelm; to submerge.

Whelp, hwelp, n. দি হাদির শাবক; কুকুর-শাবক; A pup; young of a dog; a cub; young of beasts of prey:—v. i. শাবক প্রস্ব-কু; To bring forth young. When, hwen, ad. conj. বণন; বে সময়; বৎকালে; At what time; at which time; after the time that; while:—কৰ্ন; কোন সময়:—conj. কোন কিছুর বলে।

Whence, hwens, ad. কোণা হইডে; বে কাৰণ হইছে; বেণা হইডে; From what place; from what source:—কেমৰে; ডজাড়; How; wherefore.

From whonce—sal eges; al cate !

Whoncescover, hwens-so-ever, ad. (४ र्लाव दान वो नोतन वो न्य दहेर्ड, From what place, cause, or source soever.

Whonever, hwen-ever, ad. আন্ত্যেক স্বত্তে ; বৰ্ণই ; বে কোন সৰুৱে ; At every time when.

Whensoover, hwen-so-ever, ad. 344; Whenever, at what time soever.

Where, hwar, ad. adia; casica: casica; At which place:—casica; casica; At what place; to which place.

Where there's a will there's a way—ইক্ খাকিলেই উপায় করিয়া লওয়া বাইতে পারে।

Where the shoe pinches—cretica and; Where the trouble, difficulty &c., is.

Whereabouts, Whereabout, hwar-a-bowt, ad. বোন বরাবর, কোন ছানের নিকটে; বংসবজে টিকানা; Near what place.

We don't know his whereabouts—ভাৱার টিকানা কি তালা আমরা জানি না।

Whereas, hwar-ai, ad. and conj. বেছেডু; পঞ্-ভারে; কিন্তু বাথাৰিক; Since; the thing being so that; when in fact; near; when on the contrary.

Whereat, hwir-at, ad. sisies, forn; At which? at what?

[By which.

Whereby, hwar-bi', ad. বন্ধা, তন্ধাৰ ; কিলে, Wherefore, hwar'-for, ad and conj ৰত্ব, থেডডু; কিজয়; কেন; For which reason, for what reason; why

Wherefrom, ad. বধা চইতে। | in what Wherein, hwār-iń, ad বাহাতে, কিলে; In which, Whereof, hwār-of, ad. কাহাতে, বাহাতে; কিলে, বাহার, বাহার , বাহার , Of which, of whith.

Whereon, hwar-oń, ad. पाहोरङ; किन; on which, on what.

Wheresoever, hwar-so-ever, Where-ever, ad ৰে ফাৰে ইউৰ . বে কোৰেও ছাৰে : বে বে ছাৰে : In what place soever [ which : to what

Whereto, hwār-trīo, ad. ঘাহাতে, কিন্তে, To Whereunto, hwār-un-trīo ad কি জন্ত কোন্ উদ্দেশ, For what purpose, whereto.

Whereupon, hwar-up oh. ad. বে লয়; তপ্ৰৱয়; বাহাতে, In consequence of which.

Whorever, hwār-ever, ad. । क्वांन श्वांत ; At whatever place.

Wherewith, n. উপার:—ad. ৰাহাৰ সহিত ; With which.

Wherewithel, ad. यदाता; वाश करेंगा; With Wherry, n. शत्का (बोका; शानती; A light boat. Wherry-man, n. क्ष (बोका-बाइक।

Whet, hwet, v. t. তীক্-কৃ, ধাৰ-দে; শাৰ-দে; (অন্ত্ৰ) চোৰাণ; To sharpen by rubbing; to rub for the purpose of sharpening; to make keen: —উত্তেজিক কৃ; To excite, to stimulate:—স. পাৰ নবণ; তীক্ করণ, The act of sharpening:— উত্তেজক বস্তু; Stimulant Syn:—(v) Sharpen; incite, stimulate, provoke.

What one's appetite—cela fee affinis as

कार देशका ; Excite a keen desire for something.

What on, v. Buffau-y; To excite.

Whether, hweth'er, pron. মুইলের মধ্যে কোনটা; Which of two:—conj. কিন্যা; Which of two alternatives.

Whether no-वांशी क्षेत्र ना : निकारी।

Whetstone, hwelston, n. পান-প্রকার ; শিলা ; শান পাশার ; Stone, as for sharpening instruments.

Whetted, p a. मानिड, निनिड।

Whey, hwa, \*\*. ছানার জন ; বোল , খবির জন : The watery part of milk. a=wheyey, wheyish (বোলের মত)।

Whey-faced, a. ভরে মুখ সাদামারা; চুণ বভ।
Which, hwich, pron. বাহা; বেণ্ডলি. বেট; That
which:—interrogative pro কি, কোন্টা; কে।
Which is which—কোন্টা কি?

Whichever, hwich-ever, Whichsoever, hwich-so-ever, pron. a. বে কোনও; বেটা; বে কোনতী; এটা বা শুটা কটক; Whether one or other.

Whiff, hwif, #. কুংকার ; ধ্ব ভাগি ; A sudden expulsion of air from the mouth , puff ; gust :—
শব্দ বাতাস ; বাতানের ন্যক ; A slight blast :—
খ. ধ কুংকার-কু ; ভাগি-কু ; ছাড়া , To throw out in whiffs :—খ i. ফু ছাড়া ।

Whiffle, hwil'l, ক. i. চঞ্চল-হ; বিচলিত-চ; নড়া; To veer about:—উড়াইলা-বে; To scatter:—মিধাা বলা; মত পৰিবৰ্ধন-কৃ. এড়ান, To prevaricate. Syn:—Shift, veer; shuffle.

Whig, hwig, n. ই'লঙের বাজনীতিক দল; The name of one of the English factions which fights with the Toris a-whiggish, n=whiggism; whiggery (উক্ত সম্প্রদারের মত. principles of Whigs).

While, huil, n. সময়, অক্সৰণ; কিছু সমন; Time; a sort space of time:—adv যধন, তংকালে, During the time that:—v. s. অক্সেল অভিবাহিত করান, প্রকে কটিনি; To cause to pass without irksomeness.—conj. বংকালে; বখন, বে অবস্থান।

All the while-नगव नगव : All the time.

All this while—এতাবংকাল।

At whiles—nuts nuts; net net 1

For a while—কিছুকণের কস্ত ; For a time. While away—হুংধ সময় কাটান ; বিনা কটে সময়

while away—१८५ अनेत्र काहान ; १५५१ वर्ड अनेत काहित्रा-त्म ; Spend it idly or pleasantly ; beguile the tedious hours of ; pass away time so as not to feel its tediousness.

Within a while—बन्न नवरना मध्या।
Worth while—बाहाननीत ; भागाहैनात मछ।
Whilem, ad. भारता, अक्टा: Formerly: once

Whilem, ad. भूटलं, अक्या; Formerly; once; of old.

Whilst, hwilst, ad. दनम ; दमवि ; While.

Whim, hwim, n. [ Icel, hvim, a quick movement ] (बहाज ; बार्च ; हेक्ट्रा ; Fancy ; freak ; caprice. Syn :—Caprice. sport, frolic, humour, Whimling, n. बान-द्यकानी वार्कि ।

Whimper, hwimper, ए. ं. शान् शान्-इ : चान् यान्-इ : To whine : to cry with a low, whining voice :—я. यान्यानान ।

Whimsey, n. (पत्रान ; A whim.

Whimsipal, hwimse-kal, n. 414-(4919), 44

वर्गन्त ; Full of whims ; capricious. ad-whimsically ( वरवाहाज्य क्षेप्र) । Sys :—Freakish, capricious, crotchetty, fanciful, fantastical, singular, curious, odd.

Whin, n. कीडी बाद वित्तर : Furge gorse.

Whine, hwin, চ. i. গুৰু গুৰু কৰিয়া ক্ৰমৰ-কু; বাৰি বান্-কু; পানি পান্-কু; নাকী হনে কালা; To utter a plaintive, shrill cry:—কাপুক্ৰের মন্ত অনুবার্গ-কু; To murmur meanly:—n. নাকী হলে ক্ৰমৰ; বান্ বাৰ্ শক, আবদার; নালিশ; A plaintive cry; an affected nasal tone of complaint.

Whinning, n. शान्शानानि ।

Whinny, hwish, v. s. calust ust ustal; azal-aap; To neigh:—n. czalwa, A neigh.

Whinstone, n. कठिन कुम्पर्न आवादन मांपान मान ; General name for any hard, dark unstratified rock.

Whip, hwip, v. t. [A. S. hweopian, to whip] हानूक मात्रा; क्लांचाक-कृ; To punish with lashes; to strike with a lash; to lash — मृद्धि हामित्रा पृताः. To make to turn:—वाही-कृ; To lash with sarcams:—v i. हिंग्हि क्तित्रा (क्त्रा; चूता; प्राः प्राः प्राः क्ष्णाः क्ष्णाः; च्याः चूताः, प्राः प्राः प्राः हिंग्हि क्तित्रा (क्याः) प्राः प्र

Whip about (or round)—আছাণৰ-ফু; পড়ি দিয়া অভান; To warp.

Whip away—বেত মারিয়া ভাভাইয়া-বে; Drive away by beating.

Whip in—त्वड बारिडा डिडरड खरवन करान ; Drive in, as hounds in a hunt:—अकटल दांबा ; मर्कानस्य कारा।

Whip off -বেড মারিমা দূর করিমা-দে; Drive away by beating [ কাল-ক। Whip the cat—আতি কুপ্পতা-ক; দোর দোর বেডাইমা Whip the devil round the stump—To do

a thing indirectly; to make false excuses to one's self and other for doing what one likes.

Whip up (out or off)—set stell next: To

Whip up (out or off)—খণ কৰিয়া লভয়া; To snatch:—ছিনিয়া লঙ্যা, কাডিৰা লভয়া; Scize or take up with quick motion

With whip and spur—অতি ক্রত বেগে; অতি সন্তর: With the utmost haste.

Whip-cord, hwip'kord, n. চাৰুক করিবার বৃদ্ধি; Cord used for making whips.

Whip-hand, hwip'hand. n. বে হাতে চাবুক বারে; The hand that holds the whip:—স্বিধা; আধান্ত; অনুদ্য; Advantage; mastery.

Whip-lash, n. क्यांडा

Whipper, hwip'er, n. বে বেরাবাত করে; ক্যাবাত-কারী; কোডাবার; One who whips; an officer who inflicts the penalty of whipping.

Whipper-in, n. বে শিকারী কুরুরদিগকে বারিতে লারিতে ভাড়াইরা শিকাবেব সীমার কইরা বার; শিকারীর সহকারী. A huntsman who keeps the hounds from wandering and whips them into the line of chase:—বে বাজি সম্প্রদার বিশেবের আদবকাবদা শিকা দের; One who enforces the discipline of a party.

Whipping, hwip'ing, n. বেরাবাড; ব্যাবাড; Punishment with the whip or rod. Syn:— Flogging, beating, castigation, flagellation. A whipping boy-- गृत्स व यानक बाबगुत्सव स्टेश শাভি অহণ করিত, A boy kept to be whipped when a prince deserved chastisement.

Whipping-post, n. विजाशिक्षण ; अनुत्रविद्यत्र व कांकेश्रावत छेनाव वीशिया जांबा वात ; A post to which offenders are tied to be whipped. [ সংগ্ৰহ । Whip-round, #. बसूनर्ज वा आश्माशनिक मध्या ठीला

Whip-worn, s. क्यांकांत कृति विध्यत । Whir, hwer, v. i. मनात्म वृति ह ; (वात्रा ; क्वा ; To whirl round with noise :- अ. जच वृत्ति नम ; ती जी चक् ; नक्नक ; A sound caused by rapid whirling.

Whirl, hwerl, v. i. (वर्ष त्यात्रा ; क्रखरवर्ष युनिष-र ; To revolve rapidly :- v. t. পাৰ বাওয় , আবর্তন-কু; ক্তাৰেগে বুৱা ; To turn round rapidly :-- n. चुत्रान , जानकम ; शाक ; A turning with rapidity. Syn :- (v) Twirl, spin, rotate, revolve, gyrate.

Whirligig, hwerli-gig, n. বালকের ক্রীডার সাম্ব্রী; गाहिब, नागब-लोगो ; A child's toy; a toy spun [ An eddy. or whirled rapidly round. Whiripool, hweripool, n. आवर्ड, पुनिजन ; शांक ;

Whirlwind, hweilwind, अ. मृनि वालान ; बाजावर्ड ; A violent whirling motion of the air or storm

whirling about.

Whisk, hwisk, v. t. बाँडी-त ; वाडिबा (क्ला ; To sweep rapidly : to brush :- v. i. अन्डावात्र-व! ; To move nimbly and rapidly :-- n. ৰাণ্টা ; দৰকা গতি, ক্তগতি, A rapid sweeping motion .-बाँडा ; कुछ बार्क्सी ; A small brush of anything used for a brush; broom of dried stalks.

Whisker, hwisker, n. pl. नाननाडी : नाडि ; ऋत ; The hair growing on a man's cheek :- n. 415-पात । a=whskered ( माफिसवाना )।

Whiskey, Whisky, hwiski, n डेन बना वित्नव ; ডেজাল মৃদ ; A spirit dutilled from grain.

Whisper, hwisper, v. i. क्यक्य कतिवा करा ; हूर प हरन कहा ; To speak soitly , to utter in a low voice:-- v. t. গোপনে ৰহা ; মৃথুবাৰ বলা ; আতে আতে and: To utter in a low voice or under the breath :-- n. कृतकृतानि ; मृद्धतत , त्राणनीय कथा , A low, sibilant sound or voice; cautious speech.

To whisper in the ear-কাৰে কাৰে বলা। Whisper about—विश्वाद जनवव-क ; Rumour in many places.

Whisper against-कारां विकास कृत्य कृत्य वना . [ A back-biter. Insinuate secretly against. Whisperer, n. लोगल निकाकारक, क्र्यूम् कारक.

Whispering, n. pre pre weel

Whispering consultation-Consultation carried on in whispers.

Whispering gallery, n. Dome in which sounds are heard at a great distance.

Whisperingly, ad. 5th 5th 1

Whist, hwist, n. এক প্রকার তাস জীয়া ; A certain game at cards :- a. नीत्रव ; कूकीकृठ :- :nt. हून ; Silent.

Whistle, hwis'l, v. i. नीम-ए ; निष्टि-ए , To utter a shill sound with the lips :- ए. र. नाम प्रिया বেডাৰ : শীৰ দিলা গাওৱা ; To atter by whistling :--শীন দিলা ভাৰা ; To call by a whistle :- n. শীন ; ভৰ তৰ পৰ ; A sound made in whistling :-अभ अनोब कार्ड विमे . A small wind instrument. Pay for one's whistle—with ceithe av 40

ভোগ-ছ : বেরাল চলিতার্থ করিবার লভ কভিন্তভ-ছ : Pay dearly for one's pleasure. [ drink. To wet one's whistle-wyrits y; To take a Worth the whistle-44734 514#; wiell

कत्रिवात्र डेशबुक्त ।

Whistier, ». त राक्षि नीम लग्न; भिक्षवित्नव। Whit, hwit, s. cetti ; fen; A bit ; a lot :-जिन ; त्नन ; अक्टूक् ; A particle.

Every whit-74fix4 !

No whit-rains acre at 1

White, hwit, a. (45; 500; 4905; 4907; Snowy; Pale: --পাণকালিত: নিক্লক; Unblemished; purified from sin :--প্ৰিত্ত ; Pure :-- ল. বেডৰ্গ ; শুত্ৰ-वर्ग : मानात्र ; The colour of snow :-- हरकत एख बान ; Ball of the eye :- खबर्ग राक्ति ; विक्रमांत्र মনুষা ; White man :--ডিবের কর অংশ ; Albumen of an egg:--- pl. (45 diff :-- p. 3444-7, To make white. Syn :- (a) Hoar ; clean ; spotless, unblemished.

A white lie-অদূৰণীয় মিখ্যা কথা।

In black and white—कांत्रक कनाम ; तावां नाहांत्र । Snow-white, a. ভ্ৰায়-প্ৰল ৷

The white of the eye-star (4 with (454) To prove black's white-profits card

ব্লিয়া প্রমাণ-কু; To prove any thing, no matter how abourd.

White of an egg-क्रियत बाँगेवर विजात । White-ant, n. 电利

White-bait, n. मूज बर्फ बिटनंद ; A very small. delicate fish of the herring kind,

White bear, n. Alw ege !

White-boy, n. 平到; Midnight robber in Ireland :- अभीगांव रुआकांवी , Murderer of landlords. White-brass, n. काना ।

White-cockade, n. Badge of the Bourbons. White-cross street, n. কারাপার, Prison m

London for petty debtors. White-face, n. विद्धांत क्लांत्वत मांगा गांग. A white mark in the forehead of a horse.

White-feather-wind for . कानुक्वत !

To show the white-feather — ভীকতা প্ৰদৰ্শ-3. To show symptoms of fear.

White-flag, n. (वड भडाका ; मिक्फिक नडाका , ( वृक्ष विवासळाशक हिङ् ) ; Emblem of truce.

White-friar-पाकक विराम ; One of the Carmi lite order of friars, so called from their white diess. [ London

White-hall, w. Palace and council-room in White-headed, a एक्टब्स, वृष्क ; Gray-headed. White-hest, hwit-het, n. বে পরিষাণে তালে বয় সকল খেডবৰ্ণ হুছবা পজে; 'The degree of heat raised to whiteness.

White-hot, a. উভত বে ভাষাৰ্থ।

White-house, n. The official residence of the President of America.

The White House—যুক্তরাজ্যের সভাপতির আসাদ। White-lead, n. 36; आरम्म ; Carbonate of lead,

White-leprosy, n. 448 (3/8)

White-livered, hwir-kird, a. 519; Cowardly .- 春竹門, Malicious,

White-man, s. Frais : Europeas.

White-motal, n. with ( tig ) !

White money—বোৰ টাকা; আছলি নিকি প্ৰভৃতি।
Whiten, hwiten, w. t. গুল-ড়; বেতবৰ্ণ-ড়; To
make white; to bleach:—ববনিত-ড়; বোনাই-ড়:
—> i. গুল-ডু; ক্যুন্-ডু; To become white.

Whiteness, n. एकडा : त्वरुष : পৰিৱন্তা : निर्देशनि । White ribbon---পানাদি-সংখীয় সংবহ हिल् ।

White-rose, z. সাধা খোলাণ !

Whites, n. অগর; Leucorrhea. [ ট্রনের বিস্তী। White-smith, n. বে কাষার লৌহ অবা পালিন করে; White staff—আধান ধনাধাকের পাছিল অরণ কোঁটা। White-swelling, n. আহি শোখ; A disease of the joints, especially the knee.

White-wash, hwi(wosh, n. চূণকাম; কলিলোলা; কলিয় অল; Composition of lime and water for whitening walls:—১. চ. কলি কেয়ান; কলি-দে, চূণ-কাম-কু; Cover with white-wash:—উপায় উপায় লাফ কয়া; ভাল বেখান; To give a fair appearance:— ৰণ হইতে মুক্ত-কু; Get rid of creditors by insolvency:—বোৰ ইইতে মুক্ত-কু; To acquit a person of any dishonourable practice; to soften or

gloss over a fault. Whitewash as Ethiopian—বা হইবাৰ নহে এখন কোন চেষ্টা-কু: Make a hopeless attempt.

White-wine, hwit-win, n. পরিকার মধ্য বিশেষ; A transparent coloured wine.

White-woman, a. व्हिक्ष बोलाक; Woman of the white races.

Whither, hwither, ad. cotal; colo stra; could; color; color, for what place, to which place.

Whithersoever, hwith-er-soever, ad. (7) (4)4

Whiting, n. চা-ৰঙি চুৰ ; Ground chalk, cleaned from stong matter :—সামুদ্রিক মংস্ত বিশেষ ; A small sea-fish.

Whitish, hwitish, a. কিয়ং গুৰ; আগুৰ; বেঠাও; সাধাটিয়া; কতকটা সাধা, Somewhat white. n= whitishness (সাধাটিয়া ভাব)।

Whitlow, hwito, n. আৰুলহাড়া; নবরণ; নব্যুল; নবহুনি; Painful inflammation on the finger; painful swelling on the finger.

Whitsun, hwit-sun, a. উৎসৰ সম্পীয় ; Pertaining to or observed at whitsun-tide.

Whit-sunday, n. श्वंशनिक्तित नकं वित्नव ; Sun-tide the 7th Sunday after Exter, 15th May.

Whittle, hwith, v. f. ছবি বাবা কৰ্ডন-তৃ; ছবি বাবা হোলা বা চাচা; To pare or cut with a knife:—u. ছবিকা; ছবি; বোডা ছবি; A small knife:—জীলোকের পশনী গাবে বস্ত বিশেষ।

Whis, n. সোঁ সোঁ পজ; গন শন শল; গন্ধনানি; A hissing sound of an arrow:— v. i. সোঁ সেল কু; লন পৰ পজ-ছ; তীর বা গুলির মত পজ করিয়া চুটা; To make a hissing sound, like an arrow or ball flying through the air.

Whizzingly, ad. সোঁ গৌ কৰিয়া; গৰু শৰু শৰুপুৰ্বক। Who, hoo, pro. বে; বে বাহারা; কে, কোৰু ব্যক্তি; Applied to persons; what person or persons.

Whoever, hoo-ever, pro. य द्वर ; य द्वान गुक्ति ; अ बाह्रि य ; Whatever person.

Whole, hol, a. [ A. S. hal, healthy ] जब्दांद ; नवड ; नवड ; नवज ; नूतां , चानठ , चाच ; ठातात्र ; En-

tire; total: —ফুটাৰ; Not defective: —সুস্থা; All complete: —সুক্ত; পৰিকৃত; Unimpaired: — কৃত; সক্তা; সক্তা; বাৰতা; The entire thing; total system. Syn:—(a) Sound, well, healthy; unbroken, uninjured, perfect, good, firm, strong; all, total; universal, integral, undivided, entire.
(\*) Amount, aggregate, gross, sum, totality.

As a whole—ৰোটের উপর ধরিলে; যেট ধরিলে; যোটাষ্টি; in its entirely and not considered with reference to details—taken collectively.

A whole number—way সংখ্যা !

On the whole—নোট; নোটের উপর: ফলড:; নোটামুটি ধরিলে; নোটের নাধার; Considering all the circumstances; taking everything into consideration.

Whole-blood, n. नमनुक्रत्यानिक ; अवहे मांकानिकांत्र बर्ग। [ इति ।

Whole-length, a. প্রা; আপাদবতক :-- n. প্রা Whole-meal, n. ভূবিদার আটা ;

Wholeness, hollnes, n. প্ৰতা; ব্যুতা; State of being whole or sound. Syn:—Entireness, completeness; soundness, healthiness.

Wholesale, holsal, n. মোট বিজৰ; পাইকেরী বিজী; থোক বিজী; Sale of goods by the whole piece or large quantity:—a. পাইকেরী; বহুপরিবিভ; Pertaining to wholesale.

By wholesale—যোটে : পাইকেনী পরিষাণে ; in the Wholesale price—পাইকেনী দাম বা মূল্য।

Wholesome, holsum, a. বৃষ্ণ; বাষ্ট্যনর; বাষ্ট্যনর; বাষ্ট্যনর; দিহোধাণ ; sound; having health :—উপকারী, Useful :—উপনারী; হিতকর; Salubrious; salutary. n=wholesomeness. ad=wholesomely.
Syn:—Healthful; nourishing, nutritious, beneficial, good.

Wholesomeness, holsum-nes, n. ৰাষ্ট্ৰকৰতা; হিতৰত্বতা, The state or quality of being wholesome. Syn:—Salubrity, heathfulness, salutariness. [ বাবে; Altogether.

Wholly, ad. সহাক, সম্পূৰ্ণ ; Entirely: — সমু-Whom, hoom, pro. নাহাকে ; বাহাদিগকে ; কাহাদে ; কাহাদিগকে ; Objective case of who.

Whom-soever, hoom-so-ever, pro. ৰাহাকে ইউৰ না; বে কোনৰ ব্যক্তি বাহাকে; Objective case of who-soever-

Whoop, hwoop, n. চীংকার্থনি; সিংকাল; A shout of pursuit or war; a loud enthusiastic cry, a halloo:—v. t. চীংকার-ফু; টেচাল; To cry out loudly; to make shout:—v. t. চীংকার করিয়া অপ্যানিত-ফু; To insult with shouts. Syn:—(v) Shout, halloo, yell; hoot.

Whooping, 2. Go 44 434 |

Whooping-cough, hööp'ing-kof, n. বালকদের হাপানি কালি : যুড়ে বোগ ; উৎকাল ; A convulsive cough of children.

Whore, hor, s. (43); sisted; sifes; A harlot; prostitute; courtesan; strumpet; wench; hussy; adulteress.

Whorsdom, hōr'dum, ন. বালাটা; বাজিচার; Lewdness; unlawful sexual commerce; adultery; idolatry.

Whoremonger, Whoremaster, s. 45 (1914);

লশট; বেস্থাসৰ ব্যক্তি; A lewd man; a lecher; a pimp; one who keeps whores.

Whorish, a. जनारे : बहा : त्रजात्रक : Lewd.

Whorl, hworl, n. Mailing wind; A number of leaves or followers in a circle round a stem.

Whorled, s. चार्विंड ; भाक व्यवदा ।

Whortle-berry, n. 41% & क्य दिएनंद ; A plant with a blue berry.

Whose, hooz, pro, atela; atelea; atela; atela; atela; The possessive case of who or which.

Who-soever, hoo-so-ever, pro. of cat; of cata at the : Whoever.

Why, hwired. কেন; কি জন্ত; কি নিবিত্ত; বে জন্ত; কে কাৰণ; For what reason; on which account; wherefore:—n. কাৰণ;

The reason why—ৰে কাষ্টে কোলও কিছু হয় ভালা।
The why and wherefore of—একনাত্ৰ কাষ্ট্ৰ;
কোন কিছুৰ সময় কাষ্ট্ৰ; The whole and sole reason for ( a thing ).

Why so--(रून ; जाव्हा जावह ।

Wick, wik, n. পণিতা; পণিতা; বহিঁতা; The thread of a candle or lamp which supplies the flame.

Wicked, wiked, a. [A. S. wican,, to fall away] ইট ; ছ্যালা ; পাপী ; পাপিট ; গহিত ; Bad ; sinful , ungodly ; immoral ; roguish. n=wickedness ( ছ্টতা ; অধাধিকতা ) ; ad=wickedly ( অভাবপ্ৰক ; বাহিতভাবে ) ! Syn :—Bad, ill, unjust, iniquitous, heinous, atrocious, nefarious, villainous, flagrant, flagitious, criminal, guilty; unrighteous, unholy, irreligious, profane, vicious, profligate, abandoned.

Wickedness, wilded-nes, n. ছুইডা; পাণাচার;
নাইডা; The state or quality of being wicked.
Syn:—Sin, evil, depravity, criminality, iniquity, vice, baseness, villainy, irreligion, impiety, unholiness, ungodfiness; atrocity, enormity, flagitiousness.

Wicker, wiker, n. [ Icel, widir, willow ] কঞ্চি; নমনীয় শাধা; A small plant twig:—a. শাধা নিমিত; কঞ্চি নিৰ্মিত; Made of twigs or osier. Syn:—(n) Osier, withe.

Wicker-work, n. ৰোড়া, চাঁচ, দৰমা অভৃতি কণি ছারা নির্দ্ধিত জব্য ; Basket-work.

Wioket, wiket, n. কুড ছাত্ৰ; কাটা দৰজা; A small door or gate specially one forming part of a larger door or gate:—কপাট বস্তু; A hole in a door:—তিকেট পেলাৰ ভাতা; A small frame-work of rods usually three, to support the balls in playing.

Wide, wid, a. वानव ; हबड़ा ; हहेडा ; (होड़ा ; Broad:
— निर्वार्ग ; Vast: — मृतक ; मृतक हो ; Distant. n=
width; wideness (निर्वात )! Syn:—Extensive,
spacious, vast, large, ample, comprehensive,
capacious, diffusive; remote.

A room eight feet wide—আট ফিট প্ৰয়ে একটা Far and wide—বৰ্ষ পৰ্যন্ত চাবিদিকে।

The wide world over—সৰত পৃথিবীতে; Over the whole world.

Wide as the poles ssunder—আকাৰ পাডাগ ডবাং; Widedly different, diametrically opposed. Wide from —পুৰুষ্ ; Remote. Wide of the mark—जनगः जन्म स्टेस्ड पुत्रवर्षाः । Incorrect ; erroneous ; remote from the truth.

Wide apart—পরশার হইতে অভি পুরস্থ ; Far from each other ; widely separated.

Wide awake — সন্ধারণে আগায়িত; সন্ধ আগায়িত; বতমুর হইতে হর ইসিয়ার বা সতর্ক; অত্যন্ত কর্; চতুর; Quite awake; thoroughly on the watch; sharp; on the alert.

Widely, ad. वहन्त नदाव ; Far :-- वहाद ; Very much :-- अनवज्ञात ; Broadly.

Wide-apread, a. क्ल्बिल विक्छ ; क्रूप्रशास ।

Wide-mouthed, a. arrays |

Widen, widn, v. t. প্রশাস-ক ; চৰড়া-ক ; To make wide:—v. i. প্রশাস-হ ; চৰড়া-হ ; To grow wide. Widgeon, widjun, n. হংগের স্থান লগচর পকী ; A waterfowl.

Widow, wido, n. विषयं : त्वडतं ; चांधीहीमा त्रमणे ; A woman whose husband is dead.

A grass widow—पामीकर्क পরিভাকা दी।

Widowed, a. अनावा : देववतावदाधाव ।

Widower, widoer, n. व व्यक्तित को मनिया निवार ; A man whose wife is dead.

Widow-hood, wido-hood, त. देशवानश्च ; देशवा-वना : The state of being a widow.

Widow-hunter, n. पनी विषवात्क त्व विवाह क्षित्क कारह; One who seeks a rich widow as a wife.

Widow's weeds, n. pl. विश्वाद गाँउक्षम : Mourning of a widow. [ Wideness.

Width, width, n. ধানতা; ওসার; বহব; বিভার; Wield, weld, n. t. [ A. S. mealdan, to rule ] বাবহার-কু; নিত্তমিত-কু; To manage; to use:— ধারণ-কু; চালান; To handle. n=wielder ( চালক; বাবহারক)। Syn:—Swing, sway, brandish; manage, handle, control.

Wield the sceptre—ৰাজনত চালনা-কু; রাজাভার বহন-কু, To exercise royal authority.

Wieldy, weidi, s. পরিচালনীর; ব্যবহার-বোর;; Minageable. [pl=wives. Wife, wif, n. जो , পত্নী; ভার্বা; A married woman. Be (or become) man and wife—বিবাহ-হ;

Be married. Give to wife—বিবাহ-দে; পদ্মীতে সম্প্রদান-কু t Take to wife—বিবাহ-কু; পদ্মীতে প্রব্য-কু; Marry

( a wife ). Wife-hood, n. পদ্বীত।

Wife-less, দ. পছাহান ; গৃহপুঞ্চ ; Without a wife. Wifely, Wife-like, a. ত্রীর উপবৃক্ত ; ভার্বার অসুকণ ; Becoming a wife.

Wife-ridden, a. देव : बीटड जन्दक्य ; कांदात्विका । Wig, wig, n. शबहूना ; केंगटक्य : An artificial covering of hair for the head; periwig: -v. f. कर्नना-इ । a=wigged. [wig. Wigged, a. शबहूना-नता : शबहूमशती ; Wearing a Wight, wit, n. नाकि ; लाक : जन : A person : a man; a being. [कृति : An Indian hut.

man; a being.

i কুড়ার; An Indian hut.

Wigwam, wig'wam, n. আনেরিকার অনভাবিবের

Wild, wild, a বক; কলনিরা; অপোধা; Not tamed

not domesticated:—ব্রেলার; Rash:—অক্তিড;

Not cultivated:—অনভা; Uncivilised; savage:
—উৎকট; প্রচণ; প্রবল; Violent:—ব্যভিচারী; Licentious:—প্রবণীল; Roving; wandering:—n.

ক্রকা; বন; মরভুনি; অনভা ক্রান; A forest; a de-

sert:—si. energic; examine: Syn:—(a) Untamed, undomesticated; uncultivated, savage, desert, rude, barbarous, unrefined; unruly, impetuous, inconstant, loose, irregular, disorderly, fanciful, extravagant.

Bun wild-वज्राप-इ; वनाग्राणात हवा; वनिगेड-णात वांका; इतिहा (बहान; To be unrestrained; to

be unreasonable, unlimited.

Sow one's wild oats—ইজিয়-দেবার কাল হব+ কৃ; বেণ্ডার-স্কৃ, To pass through a season of wild or thoughtless dissipation, as in youth.

Wild-cat, n. वन-विकास ; बडान । Wilder. v. t. विकास-इ : To bewilder.

Wilderness, wilder-nes, n. मज्जूमि ; विकारतारण ; পথरीन श्राव ; A desert ; a waste. Syn :--Waste, wild. [rable tombs.

Wilderness of tombs— जनः वाद । Innume-Wild-fire, wildfir, म. बक अवाद गांव नार्न, हेरा अवनिष्ठ रहेरन निराहेरण नात्रा बाद ना ; A composition of inflammable materials which when inflamed is very hard to quench; a kind of lightning at intervals.

Fly (or run or spread) like wild-fireচতুদ্ধিক বাধি-ই; Spread very fast, irresistably
spread fast like fire which is hard to be extinguished.

Wild-goose, n. वक्त-रूप ।

A wild goose chase—ছুম্মাণ্য বা অভিকিংকর বস্তুর প্রতি অমুধাবন , হুধা চেন্তা; অসাধা সাধনেব চেন্তা; না বুবিলা কোন বিধরেব অনুকরণ; Pursuit after something unlikely to be obtained or something of little value; vain attempt. [—বুনো গাছ। Wilding, স. বন্ধ কল বিশেষ; A wild crab-apple: Wild land, স. অক্ষিত ক্রমি।

Wildly, wildle, ad. ব্ৰহাবে; অসহাতাবে; অবস্থ-প্ৰাৰ্থ; In a wild manner or condition. Syn:— Heedlessly, capriciously, extravag intly.

Wildness, wildnes, n. বক্ততা; অসভাতা, পাগলামি, State or quality of being wild. Svn:---Rudeness, savageness; irregularity, looseness, violence.

Wild-pigeon, n. বস্ত কপোত।

Wile, wil, n. চল, প্রভাৱণা, চাত্রি: বুর্তা; A trick, a sly artifice. a=wileful (তলপুর্গ): Syn:—Lure, artifice, stratagem, deceit, imposition, ruse, fetch, manoeuvre; guile, craft, cunning. Wilful, wilfool, a. এককনে, বেচ্ছাচারী; Obstinate; stubborn; done by design. ad—wilfully (ইছা করিয়া): Syn:—Perverse, refractory, headstrong dogged.

Wilfulness, willool-nes, n. বেজাচাৰিতা; এক-ভরেম্ব; Quality of being wilful. Syn:—Obstinacy, stubbornness, perverseness. [ cunning. Willness, n. চাতুরাপুর্ব শঠতা; Craftiness; Will, wil, n. ইজার্ডি; বেল্ডা: ইজাশজি; Volition, the power of choosing:—ইজা; গছন্দ; Choice; determination:—আবোদ: Pleasure:— ভূম; আবেশ, Command:—আবিদ্যবিদ্যোগ; Testament:—ইজাপ্র; বাবপর; The written document containing such:—v. i. ইজা-ফু; পছন্দ-ফু; আভিযান-ফু; To exersise the will:—ছব্ম-ডু; A tenant at will—Bel and; five and; A tenant who holds his estate at the will of another and is liable to be ousted at any time by the proprietors.

At will—বেছার; ইছাস্থাবে; At the will or mere pleasure of another.

Freedom of the will—খাধীন ইছো; প্ৰবৃত্তি বা ইছোর খাধীনতা; The doctrine of the freedom of the human will, as opposed to the doctrine of necessity.

Good will—অনুত্ৰই; দলা; উপচিকীৰ্বা; Pavour; Good will of a business—পণাল; ব্যবসাবের পদাল; খ্যাভি, Business connections and other advantages, so far as they can be disposed of. Have one's will—আগনার ইচ্ছানত কার্যা-কু; নিবের কোট বজার হাবা; ইচ্ছিত বিষয় না ছাড়া; To obtain what is desired.

Ill will-अक्टां , (वर , Enmity.

Iron will—হজেন মনেব বল ; Inflexible will, indomitable determination.

Will away—আপনার সন্তানসন্তুতি ভিন্ন অপরকে বিষয় উইল ক্রিডা দেওয়া, Leave property to other than the natural heirs or parties originally intended. Will ye Will ye—ইচ্ছা থাকুক বা নাই থাকুক; Willing or not willing

With a will - हेक्श्राश्चक , बार्थहमहकारत ।

Work one's will—जानवात हैकावड कर्त्र-क ।

Willing, wiling, a ইচ্ছুক, সমতি, মাজি . Disposed; destrous, choosen. ad-willingly (ইচ্ছাপুর্মক), n=willingness (মডিমার)! Syn:—Minded, inclined, ready, spontaneous.

Willo-the-wips, n. जात्नता ।

Willow, wito, n. नुक वित्नव ; A tree.

Will-worship, n. ৰাস্ত সংস্থার; Superstitious observance.

Wilsome, a. ब्रक्टिंग, Stubborn .— बनम ; यून । Wilt, ind. person sing of will.

Wily, with, a. পুর্ত্ত ; পঠ , চতুর , Sly, artful, cunning, crafty. n=wiliness (পঠতা) !

Wimble, n ত্ৰিপুণ; ছিত্ৰ কৰণ শ্বস্ত; An instrument for borning holes:—v. t. ছিত্ৰ-কৃ; To bore with a wimble.

Wimple, n. গাল ও গণার আছাদল বন্ধ; A hood folded round the neck and face:—v. t. খোনটা টানা .—ভাল-ফু:—ভরসবং খাবা।

Win, win, v. f. [A. S. winnan, to strive] আন লাভ-কৃ; জন-কৃ; To gain by success in contest; to obtain the victory; to gain in competition:
—আনুমহ লাভ-কৃ; To obtain the favour of:—
নম্বাভ-কৃ; স্ত-কৃ; To adhere to kindness:—v. i.
মন্ত্ৰাভ-কৃ; সকল-হ; কৃতভাগ্য-হ; To gain the victory:—আনুমহ লাভ-কৃ; To gain favour:—n. জন;
নিদ্ধা Syn:—(v) Get, obtain, procure, carn,

achieve, conquer, acquire; allure, conciliate, [ admiration of others. attract, engage. Win golden opnions—अन्तिष-र; Win the Win on-जादिनडा-भा ; जन्मह-भा ।

Win one's spurs—बांगनांत श्रुप यनवांच-इ : To obtain position or fame by one's exertions.

Win one's way- Mass visi Gelo-F: Advance to some desired end by steady industry.

Win over-नित्वत पित्क थाना ; Persuade to change sides or opinions.

Win the day-कुक्कांश-इ; मक्त-इ; बद्दलांख-इ; जा- : Gain the victory.

Win the laurels-नती ह; जतनांच-ह; Win the victory; achieve success.

Wince, wins, v. i. স্কুচিভ হইৱা পদ্ধাতে-বা : হটিৱা-1 : To shrink as in pain or from a blow; to start back :- इहेगहे-द ; अद्वित-र :-- n. मरकाठ ; ি কাপড়।

Wincev. n. भनामत्र होना ७ गुठार भारत बहाना Winch, n. ठवनि-करनव हाउन ; हिरानद हरेन।

Wind, wind, n. बाबू; वाड; शंबबा; वाठान; Air in motion :- निशान : Breath :- त्वहेन : शाक :- छेवबड बांब : पूर्वक बांब : शान : शान कांगा : Flatulence :-बादक कथा; अनर्थक वाका; Empty, talk :- v. t.-(wind) বাতাদ-ৰে: বাতাদ লাগান, To blow:--পাৰ-দে; খুরাণ : To turn round :-- অভান : কের-দে : To coil :-- পরিবর্জন-কু; বর্ল-কু; To change :-- বেইন-इ ; To encircle :-- वाहबूदब जाबा ; To expose to the wind :-- (वनन-क ; नियान क्लिएक नमझ-(न : To knock the breath out of :--(कोमानट नवाय-क ; Beat in running :- ए. i. आवर्डन-क ; पत्र ; To turn round :-- शाक नाता : क्छान . To twist. Syn : -(v) Coil, twine, twist, meander.

A fair wind - अनुन वाब , A propitious wind. A wind egg—वाड्या डिव । A wind instrument—(य वाना गन्न के विका वाळान Be in the wind-कान कि शक्यात छेडिएउएक :

হাওয়ার উঠা : সম্বেপর বিবেচিত বা ক্ষিত হওয়া ; Be in preparation; be brewing.

Be tossed to the wind-किइट नय वित्रा इएड द्भारत-(ए ; Be flung or thrown away as of no mement.

Between wind and water-24 face; On the right side, in the right direction :- निगम-क्रमक अवद्यात , मजीन प्राप्त : Exactly in the right line, as along the wave line of a ship; in a critical spot, so as to damage :-- त्रवादन आपांड ৰ্দালে বড় লাগে ; In the most susceptible part :---ৰাহাজের তলা কিংবা পার্থদেশের বে ভাগ প্রায়ই জলের नीत बारक, मिरे शांत ; In the dangerous part.

Down the winds—প্ৰক্ষাৰ বাধৰ থিকে ৷ Get wind of--गरवान भाउता; मन्तान-भा; बानिएड शांडा : Get information about, learn about.

Go to the winds-हिन्न किन रहेन गंडना : Be dissipated, be utterly lost.

In the wind -কোন খনিইপাতের আপকা; Brewing, about to happen :- (कांन क्या नाई कांना वात्र नाई অপচ হাওয়ার উটিহাছে; In the air, be going about though not announced.

In the wind's eye-अवहरान वास्त्र विभागे किएक। Raise the wind-lift coin; at nige-;; Precure money.

Sits the wind in that corner, Sets the wind that way-राजांग कि तारे नित्क गहित्वता ; डाशरे कि के ना कि ? Are thing standing that way; are things coming to that,

Take (or get) wind-अकानिछ-इ : धकान श्रेश नहा : Be divulged; become known; become public. Take (or have) the wind-yatel wis-5 : when পাওয়া বা লওয়া; To gain or have the advantage. Take the wind out of one's sail-state আটকাইরা ধমধ্যা থাওয়াইরা দেওরা : প্রভারণা-কু : ধর্ম-क ; वक कब्रिश-(म ; Circumvent ; bring down.

Take the wind out of the sails of -- wifer-क ; बन इत्र-क ; Take away the strength of :--কোৰ কিছুত্ব খ্ৰেষ্ঠত থাকা ; Gain the advantage.

The four wind of heaven-sister The wind bell-sten nes cate; The fury of the wind abated. [ hard drinking.

Three sheets in the wind-Unsteady from Wind and weather permitting-stony at হইলে; কটিকাদি প্ৰতিবন্ধক না ঘটিলে; কোনৱাশ প্ৰতিবন্ধক ना पहित्न ; If the weather does not prevent ; obstacles. [ roll; to uncoil.

Wind off-नाक लोगा : एडान वस लोगा : To un-Wind out-45-₹; Extricate.

Wind up-(कान करना जूल (क्ला ; Close up, as one's business affairs :- नमांच-कृ : लब-कृ : डेल-সংহার বরুণ কিছু বলিয়া শেষ-কু, Conclude:--ৰডির सम-(म; Wind the spring of a watch or clock : ৰাহা বিকল চট্ৰাচে তাহা দোৰত কৰিয়া দেওৱা: পুনৱাব চালিড-क ; Put in order anew :-- कडाडेका क्लि বাধা ; জড়ান ; ছটান , Roll into a ball or coil.

Windage, windaj, n a laites o siels chiefefet ছিদ্রায়তবের তাবতমা , The difference between the diameter of the bore of the gun and that of the ball shot from it.

Wind-bag, n. वायू बांबा कील बनिवा; वायुन्न बात . A bag filled with air :- 4714 48; Something hollow or unsubstantial :- ###; An empty talker.

Wind-bound, wind'bownd, a. अञ्चल बाद बादा बद्ध ; वांब्रवर्द्ध ; Prevented by contrary winds. Wind-broken, a, श्रामानि त्रामाच : Diseased in

Wind-changing, a. हक्न ; Fickle.

Wind-dropsy, n. পেট বাঁপা ; Tympanites.

Wind-fell, windfaul, n. बाबू लाडिक क्लाबि , Fruit blown off a tree-अन्तरशक्तिक वा अकावनीय शांक वा প্ৰাপ্তি; বাহা অৰুত্ৰাং অৰ্শে; An unexpected gain.

Wind-gauge, wind'go], ম. বাহুর পতি পরিমাণক यञ्च ; वांत्रभान यञ्च ; Anemometer.

Wind-god, n. পरन-एव।

the breath.

Winding, winding, n. त्यांक ; वीव ; त्यांत्र ; A bend :- a. बक ; शाकाब ; Twisting or bending from a direct line. Syn :- (a) Sinuous, flexuous, meandering, serpentine.

Winding sheet, अ. नवाक्षित ; Sheet or cloth in which a dead body is wound or wrapped. Wind-instument, n. वांगावत विराव ; Musical

instrument played by the breath.

Windless, n. চরকি কল; ওজন তুলিবার বহ; A machine for raising weights, consisting of a revolving cylinder.

Wind-mill, wind'-mil, st. वासू वाडी हानिस वस वा का A mill turned by the wind.

Windness, स. पाइन्बंडा ; क्षीडि ; क्षीन ।

Window, wind's, त. वाकावत ; बावाजा ; नवास ; वह-विह ; Opening in a wall for light. [ clouds. Windows of heaven—त्य ; Clouds , rain Window-blind, त. नवास ; A blind to shut out of a light window.

Window-shedo-बामानात भारता ।

Window-shutter-- व्यवित्र विन्मिति ।

Wind-pipe, wind'pip, त. पांत्रनात्री: निपालब भर ; Trachea; the passage for the breath to and from the lungs.

Windup, s. পরিসমাতি ; পের ।

Windward, windward, a. বাৰুৱ দিকে অবস্থিত;
বাৰুৱ অভিমূপে; Toward the wind:—ad প্ৰবহনান
বাৰুৱ বিপরীত দিকে; বাৰুৱ অভিমূপে, Toward where
the wind blows from:—n. বে দিক হইতে বায়ু বহে
দেই দিক; The point from which the wind blows.
To lay an anohor to the windward.—পূৰ্বে
মাৰধান-হ; To adopt previous or anticiputary
measures for success or security.

Windy, wind'e, a. বার্মর; বার্ম্প, Consisting of wind:—ৰটিকামুক, ৰটিকামর, Tempestuous; stormy:—পুত; Empty. Syn:—Breezy, squally, stormy; empty, airy, flatulent.

Wine, win, n. यश : यश ; হরা ; মণিরা , A liquor. Spirit of wine—হরাসব।

Wine-bibber, win biber, ল. মারাল, মদাপামী,
'One who drinks wine to excess; a great drinker of wine, a drunkard.

Wine-celler, n. বদের ভ্যাম। Wine-glass, n কুত্র পানপাত্র।

Wine-merchant, n. मन-विद्युक्त ; कंडी ।

Wine-tester, n. मण्-भन्नोक्क ; One who judges of wines.

Wing, wing, n. ভানা , পক; পাধা; One of the limbs with which a fowl or insect flies — উড়ন; উজ্জান , উৰ্ছ গামন , Flight:—পাৰ্থ গৃহ; সৈকেয় পাৰ্থ; Side of an army, ship, building &c.:—জাজাঃ; Protection:—v. t. পক্ষুক্ত-কৃ; পক্ষিকিট-কৃ; উড়িতে সক্ষ-কৃ, To furnish with wings. Syn:—(n) Pennon, pinion, side piece, flank.

Clip one's wings—পদ ছেলন করিরা লমন-কু।
Give to wing—পদাইবার পাঁজ প্রদান-কু, Enable
one to fly or move with celerity.

Lend wings to -গতিবৃদ্ধিক ।

On the wing—উড়িতে উদ্যুত; উড়িতে উড়িতে, উড়্ডীব-মান ; চলিভাবহা ; Flying :—বাইবার উপক্রম ; About to start. [ the utmost velocity.

On the wings of the mind—ৰতি ছৱাৱ ; With On the wings of the wind—নিরতিশর বেগে ! Take wing—উদ্বিধা বাধবা ; Fly away.

Under the wing - Square ; since !

Wing a flight—উড়িবার চেষ্টা-র ; উড়িবা-বা ; উড়িবার শক্তি চারনা-কু ; Exert the power of flying.

Winged, a. ভানাযুক্ত ; পঞ্চবিপিষ্ট ; Furnished with wings :—ফড ; Swift :—আহত পক্ষ ; Wounded in the wing.

Wink, v. i. চমু নিট্ নিট্-ক; সম্বর চমু নুজিভ-কু; To blink; move the eye-lids quickly:—নেখিরাও না নেখার ভাগ-কু; To seem not to see:—ইসারা করা, ste টিপা; To give a hint by winking :— ত ই.
সহর পুন: পুন: নিনীলিত ও উন্নীলিত-ড :— ম. চত্ বিট্
বিট্ করণ; চোক টিপনি; Act of winking:—ইপিড;
ইসারা, A hint given by winking.

A wink of eleop—একটুও বুন। Forty winks—কণিক নিত্ৰা।

Wink at—तिथियाच ना त्वर्था ; ठक् वृत्तियां केत्व्यान् ; Pretend not to see :—वंदत्र मा तक्त्रा ; Avoid taking notice of.

Winking, n. প্ৰক । [ who wins in contest. Winner, winer, n. জরী : প্রতিবেণিতার জয়ী ; One Winning, wining, a. চিন্তাকর্বক ; মনের আকর্বপরারী ; Attracting :—n. প্রতিবেণিতার লাভ ; What is gained in contest, labour &c :—pl. উপার্জান । Syn :—(a) Attractive, alluring, engaging, charming, bewitching, fascinating. [ ক্লেডা হয় । A winning post—বে পর্বান্ত পৌছিলে পৌছের বাজি Winnow, wind, v.f. [L. vannave, to lan] পাছ-ডান ; বাডানে জুল উডাইছা-লে; বাডান দিয়া আবড়া । বাডান-কৃ: প্রক-কৃ, To separate the chaff from the grain by wind:—সরীকা-কৃ; To examine :—v. i. ভুব উড়াইছা-দে; To separate chaff from grain. Syn:—Fan, separate, part, sift.

Winnowing, त. शोडणांत कांख ; बाह्य । Winsome, a. जाकावण्यं. Cheerful, light-hearted:—िहजांकर्षक ; बातांवय ; Attractive. Syn:— Merry, gay, blithe, agreeable, pleasant.

Winter, winter, n. শীতকাল; জাড়কাল; হিনৰজু;
The cold season of the year:—v. i. শীতৰজু অতিবাহিত-কু; শীতকাল কাটাল; To pass the winter:—v.
t. শীতকালে বাওয়ান, To feed during the winter.
Winter-quarters—সেনাগলের শীতকালীন আভাতা;
The quaters of an army during the winter:—
শীতবান; A winter residence.

Winter solstice, n. December 21.

Wintery, Winterly, Wintry, win'tre, a. ৰীডোগৰ্জ , হৈৰস্ত , শীতকাল সদৃশ ; শীতল ; Suitable to winter , resembling winter ; cold :— ৰটিবাৰ্জ ; Stormy. Syn .—Cold, brumal, hyemal, snowy, frosty, icy.

Wipe, wip, v. t. মুছা; পৌছা; পরিছার-কু; To clean by gentle rubbing; to clear off:—n. মুছৰ; গাড়া। Syn —Cleaning, blow, stroke, hit; gibe, jeer, taunt.

Wipe off, (out, away)—কোন দাগ উঠাইবা কেলা; নগড়াইবা তোলা; কলছ অপনীত-তু; Cleanse, remove, obliterate, efface.

Wipe off old scores—বহুদিনের দেনা পরিলোখ-কু; To pay long standing debts.

Wiper, n. মাৰ্কানী; খাডন; নেকডা;—পরিকারক।
Wire, war, n. ডবা; ডাড; A thread of metal:—
ডাডিড বার্ডাবহ; Electric telegraph:—৬. t. তার
দিয়া বাধা, তারবৃক্ত তারে ধবর-ফু; To bind or supply
with wire; to telegraph.

Wiredraw, wir'draw, v. t. তার নির্দাণ-কু; বাড়াইবা তার-কু; বাড়াইবা লখা-কু; To draw into wire; to

draw or spin out to a great length. Wire-fence, n. তাৰের বেড়া।

Ware-gauge, n. তার টাবা বাবরী।

Wire-puller, n. চকা; An intrigner. Wiry, a. নদনীয় ও অভনুত্র; Flexible and tough:— তার নির্মিত; ভরসত্র; Made of or like wires, Wis, v. f. (quant-p; wiel; To think; to know.

Wisdom, wildum, n. etta: तिक्का : तृषि : Right use of knowledge; knowledge gained from experience; learning. Syn:—Sense, judgment, sagacity, prudence, judiciousness, discretion, circumspection, enlightenment; reason, reasonableness, expediency, propriety.

The wisdom tooth—with his !

Wise, wiz, a. জানী; পরিণাগদনী, বিজ্ঞ; প্রেমীণ; Sagacious; having the power of judgment correctly:—জানী; Learned:—চতুর; নিপুণ; Skuful:—জানপুণ; Dictated by wisdom; containing wisdom:—n. প্রকার; রূপ; থারা; রকন. Way; manner; mode; guise. Syn:—(a) Sensible, sapient, judicious, discreet, sage; erudite. dexterous, politic, creity, prudent; knowing, designing; rational, reasonable, sound.

In any wise—ৰে কোনও ন্ধাপ . In any way. In no wise—কোন বক্ষেই নহে ; In no way.

Wise in one's generation - वार्थ नवाक हुन्द्र ; Prudent in respect of one's own interests.

Wiscacro, wifa-ker, n. নিকোধ ব্যক্তি; জানাভি-বানী : বৃদ্ধিবার ভাগকারী ; A simpleton ; one who makes undue pretensions to wiscom.

Wisely, ad. वृद्धिमात्मव मठ।

Wish, wish, v. i. ইছা-হ; ইছুৰ-হ; অভিনাৰী-হ;
To have a desire; to long:—v. t. ইছো-হ, স্থহ; বানৰা-হ; To desire; to long for:—n. ইজা;
অভিনাৰ; Desire; longing. Syn:—(v) List,
hanker, yearn, long for; crave, covet. (n)
Longing, mind, liking, hankering; request,
petition, imprecation.

The wish is father to the thought—ক্ষাণত কোন বিবৰে জাবিলে বা জানা কবিলে দেই আনামুক্ত কাৰা ক্ষিত্ৰ কৰে কৰে এই বিবাস-হ, The desire to do a thing or to have it generates a belief that things will eventually turn out as desired.

Wishable, a. आर्थनीत ; अध्निवनीत ।

Wished-for, a. गांकि : हेहे।

Wisher, म. आशी ; हेम्बूक ।

Wishful, wish'fool, a. ইকুক, ব্যাপ্ত; Having desire; eager. n=wishfulness (ব্যাক) ৷ ad=wishfully (ব্যাকাশ্যকিক) ৷

Wishy-washy, a. प्रर्वन ; नित्यक ; निक्शेन , Weak ; very thin ; feeble.

Wisp, wisp, n. (ৰড বা ড্লের) আহি, গুজু; A small bundle of straw or hay.

Wistful, wistfool, a. চিত্তাপাল, চিত্তাপুজ;
Thoughtful:—উৎসাফী; ব্যব; উৎস্ক; Earnest.
ad—wistfully (সভ্কভাবে); n=wistfulness
(ব্যবহা): Syn:—Contemplative, pensive, engressed; longing, eager, wishtul.

Wit, wit, n. বুৰিভাৰ ; বুৰি: জান ; Understanding , intellect :—হাক উদ্দীপন করিবার ক্ষরতা, রসিকতা করিবার লাজ ; The power of combining ideas with hudicrous effect :—বিচারপজি ; Judgment :— প্রতিজ্ঞাপালী ব্যক্তি ; Man of genius :—রসিক ; কৌতুক-বিশ্ব লোক ; Humourist ; one who has wit .—n. pl. হুলাবুছি ; উপছিত বুছি ; Soundness of mind ; ingenuity :—v. t. or i. বিদিত পাকা ; জানা ; To know. Syn :—(n) Mind, sense ; genius, ima-

gination, infenuity; humour, jocoseness, pleasantry.

At one's wit's end.—কিংকৰ্ডন বিৰ্চু-ই; হতৰ্জি-ই; কি কৰিতে হইবে কিছুই বুৰিতে বা পাৱা; দিশাহারা; Exhausted the last known contrivance or plan; at a loss what further step or measure to take; utterly bewildered or puzzled; utterly at a loss.

Frighten one out of one's wits—ভঃ বেৰাইয়া হতজাৰ-ড়; Frighten a person so as to confound him.

Have one's wits about one—ব্ৰিডে ও কাল ক্রিডে ডংগ্র ; Be observant ; be quick at seeing and arting.

Live by one's wits—বে কোন উপাৰ বাবা নীবিকা নিকাৰ-কৃ; Live by shifts and expedients, as one without any regular occupation.

Mother wit—সংসার বৃদ্ধি , সহত্ত বৃদ্ধি ; বেপ বৃদ্ধি-কৃদ্ধি ; Common sense ; natural sagacity ; sound practical judgment. [ mind.

Out of one's wits—विक्लवृद्धि . Deranged in The five wits—প্रकृतिक ।

To be out of one's wits—বিকুতবৃদ্ধি বা কিন্ত-ছ। To wit—বৰ্ণং , Namely ; that is to say.

Witch, wich, n. डांबिनों , डांबेनों ; A woman who practises sorcery ;--- v. t. मुझ-कृ ; बाह्य-कृ , To bewitch.

Witchcraft, wichkraft, n. জাছগিৰি ; ডাকিনীবৃত্তি , মোহিনীপজি , Sorcery ; supernatural power

Witchery, wither-e, n সংস্থাতন , বৃহক , কাছ , মোতিত ক্রণ; Fascination. Syn —Sorcety, enchantment, witcheraft; spell, entrancement. Witching, n. মোতন।

The witching time—scales ate.

Witching hour - इरे शहर वादि ; Midnight ; the hour suited to witcheraft.

Wit cracker - (को इककाश्री , A jester , joker.

Witenagemote, Witenagemot, দ. বিজ্ঞসভা; ইংলভের প্রাচীৰ ব্যবহাপক সভা, The supreme council of England in the days of the Anglo-Saxons

With, with, prep. সভিত ; সঙ্গে; সহ: সাথে; থাৰা;
By:—একজে, লইবা, Together:—মধ্যে; Among:
—সব্যবহিত পরে: Immediately after —বিকুছে, In
opposition to:—মতে, In the opinion of:—
সবছে; In connection:—পকে, On the side of:
—প্রতিম্বন্ধিতা বা তুপনাম, In compitition or comparison.

With a bad grace- awire; amore, With behaviour indecent and unbecoming.

With a good grace—win site; guite, With behaviour, decent and becoming.

With a high hand—ৰপেজাতাৰী হইবা; In an oppressive manner; tyrannically.
With an eye of mercy—অনুনহণ্ডিক, Merci-With a view to—অভিহানে; ইছেবি; With the aim, with the intention or design.

With child-वट:नदा : कर्विनी ।

With closed doors—(1914; galfaculta; None being admitted; in secret.

With dry eyes are at stat; at steat; Unaffected; without weeping.

With heart and soul—national; Heartily.
With might and main—nation; higher; higher; with the utmost exertion.

With one accord—जनस्य : अकार ; Unitedly.
With one consent—अन्य ; Unitedly ; with
one accord.
With one's eyes open—जन्म : जानवान ; ObWith one's eyes shut—अन्याद ; क्यांच्याद ;
Not observing ; not knowing ; in ignorance.

With open arms—(प्रकार : Affectionately.
With (or by ) one's favour—प्रवाद : क्यांव :
By permission , with leave. [Rapidly.

With rapid strides—ক্ৰডবেগ; স্বৰণ্ঠৰ; With the best intentions—ভাল অভিথাৰে; হু-অভিথাৰে, in kindness; meaning well.

With the exception of—गण्डिकर ; गण्डे ; स्रहारा ; स्रहार

With one voice—अस्य रहेता; अस् चरता; United in opinion.

[ rise; very early.

With the lark—आंट : चंडि अकृति ; At sunWith this understanding—वंति ; बहे स्वारत ;

With this agreement : provided that.

Withal, with-awl, ad. আরও; তংগভিত; তাহার উপর; Likewise; moneover; at the sametime. Withdraw, with-draw', ৩. ৫. উঠাইলা-ল; ছিরিলা-

ল; প্রভাগ্রন ক; To recall; to take away; to draw back. — o. এ ছাল-ক; কিরিয়া-না; সরিয়া পড়া, To retire; to quit a company or place. 

= withdrawal ( প্রতিম্বন, প্রভান ); withdrawer ( এবহারক )। Syn:—Remove, subtract, disengage; retract. revoke; retreat, recede, retrograde.

Withdraw from—কোন কিছু হইতে পিছান বা চলিবা যাওয়া; Retire from:—কিন্নাইবা আনা বা লওবা; Take back from

Withe, with, n বেড; কঞ্চি, কঞ্চির ভোটা, A flexible twig; a band of twisted twigs.

Wither, with'er, v. i. [A. S. wyderu; withering] अक-इ; ज्ञान-इ; नीवन-इ; नीवन-इ; To fade; to dry; to lose freshness; to shrink, to waste:
— t. अक-व. नहे कृ, ज्ञान-कृ, To waste; to cause to dry up; to cause to decay. Syn:—Shrivel, dry up; decay, droop, languish, perish.
Withered, p. a. পরিয়ান; अक।

Withers, withers, n. pl. অবের কছ বা প্রীবাছির সংবোগ; বোড়ার কল্লবের মধাবতী সন্ধিছান, The ridge between the shoulder-bones of a horse at the bottom of the neek. [the withers, as a horse. Wither-wrung—কল কড; Injured or hurt in Withhold, with-hold, v. t. সংবত-ত্ব; বল-ড়; আটক-ত্ব; প্রতিরোগ-ত্ব; To keep from; to hold back; to check; to restrain. n=with-holder (বল্লারক)। Syn:—Rein in; retain, reserve. Withhold from—বা বেডরা; Keep back from; not to grant to.

Within, with h. prep. ভিতৰে: অভ্যন্তর: মধ্যে; নীমাতিক্য না কৰিয়া; Inside of; in the reach of: ado. ভিতৰে: অভাৰৱে; কোনও নীমার এছিকে; In the inner part; inwardly.

To live within one's means—আৰ মৃত ব্যয়-কু; আপনার আমের বংগা চালাব। Within an ace of—আৰ; অতি নিকটবর্তী; ঘটনার উপক্রম হ; হ'ব হ'ব-হ; Almost; very nearly; very near; on the point of.

Within an inch of जांक निकाह ; Very near.
Within an inch of one's life—वृद्धा इस
अस्तर किन सहाद ; So severely as to being one
very near death.

Within a stone's throw — हें हुद्धित वर्ष मूद बांब छोशंदि वर्षा, अवीर वह मूद्र नरह ; Within such a distance that a stone thrown by the hand may reach the object—not very far from.

Within bounds - नावात बादा; Not extravagantly; not beyond the limits.

Within call—এড কাছে বে ডাকিলে আনিতে পাৰে : Near enough to be summoned to come.

Within doors—গৃহের ভিতরে; বাটাভে; In the house.

Within ear-shot, within speaking distance—এডটুড্ ডফাডে বে কৰা তৰা বান; Within reach of the ear that one's words may be heard. Within hail—ৰূম দূৰে; ডাকিলে তৰা বান এমৰ নিকটে; Within a short distance; so near that persons accosting each other may be heard.

Within hall of - ভাকের মাধার।

Within hearing— रूप कारक ; चित्र निकटि ; With the distance at which sound may be heard.

Within musket-range—গোলাগুলি ছুড়িলে পৌলার এমন তব স্থানের মধ্যো. Within the range of a shot.

Within range of—আগতের অধীনে; ভাষার মধ্যে; Within the compass, reach, or command of. Within reach—আত্তব্য; নাগাইলের মধ্যে; Able to be obtained.

Within the bonds of possibility—An emphatic expression for possible.

Without, with-ow'. prep. বাহিৰে; Outside; out of:—সীমাতিক্ৰম কৰিবা; Beyond:—বিনা; In absence of:—বাতিবেকে; বিনা, ব্যতীত; ছাডিবা, Except:—conj যদিনা; Unless.

It goes without saying—তার আর কথা কি? ভাৰীকার করিতেই হইবে; It is needless to say, it is undervable.

To do without—जान-कृ : ছাডिया काल-कृ ।

Without a parallel— अपूज ; Unequal. Without a word—वाक्तिणांत ना कविया ; क्यां

Without a word—राक्तिश्रीख ना कतिया; क्यां ना कित्रा।

Without beginning—बनानि ।

Without ceremony — বিনা আড়বরে; Unostentatiously; unceremoniously; informally. Without day—খিন বা কেলিয়া।

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Without end-वार्य ; अन्छ।

Without exception—নৰ্বেই; Universally; no one being excepted.

Without fail—নিক্যই; অন্তথা না করিয়া; থেক ইছাতে কোন কোট না হব; থেন এটা নিক্যই কয়া হয়; Certainly; positively; without any hesitation; without failure.

Without measure—वडाड ; विश्वत ; Innumerably ; excessively. [fully. Without reserve—পোগৰ বা কৰিয়া ; Freely and Without rhyme or reason—विना कांद्रव ; कांत्रव वाडीड ; Without any cause whatever; without sense.

Withstand, with-stand, v. t. बाबा-(\*; अक्टिबाय-क ; निवात-क ; त्वांव-क ; To oppose ; to resist ; to stand against. Syn :- Confront, face.

Witless, willes, a. निष्कीन ; निर्दिश : Destitude of wit or understanding. Syn :- Thoughtless, foolish, inconsiderate, indiscreet.

Witling, witling, n. कुल वृद्धि वृद्धि ; A pretender to wit : one who has little wit.

- Witness, witnes, n. প্রসাণ ; দাকা ; Testimony ; attestation of a event :-- সাকী: পাওয়া; One who knows and gives evidence :- ए. र. पर्नन-इ ; कारक কো; To see :--সাক্ষ্য-কে; অমাৰ-ভূ; To give testimony : to testify :- v. i. nter-(w : To give evidence; to bear testimony. Syn:-Testimony, evidence, corroboration; eyewitness, observer, spectator; deponent. (v) Behold, observe; attest, certify; depove.

An eye witness—(व लांक कहाक ए विद्राहि ।

With a witness-অভিপৰিত: একপ পরিমাণে বে লোকের নজরে পডে।

Witsnaper, n. A witling. standing. Witted, a. वृद्धिविनिष्ठे ; वृद्धिकीति ; Having under-Witticism, wili-sizm, n. बनवर बाका, वाक्ष्णेडा; রসিক্তা; বিজ্ঞপ; A witty sentence; a low kind [ By design ; knowingly. of wit.

Wittingly, witing-h, ad. छ।न भूकक ; छ। छनारन , Witty, wite, a. राजकाती; त्रिक; रिजानकारी: Amusing, droll, sarcastic. ad=wittily (क्षेणन-करब ; ठीडी कतिज्ञा)। Syn :- Imaginative, fanciful, ingenious, acute, smart, sharp, arch; facetious, waggish, humorous, jocular, funny.

Wive, v. s. विवाह-कृ ; To marry :-- v. t. गङ्गीलान ₫₹9-₮; To take for wife.

Wisard, wiżard, n. बाराकत ; बाड्कत ; एकी क्यांना ; A magician. fem = witch. Syn :- Conjurer, sorcerer, enchanter, juggler. ্যান-কু। Wisen, a. कठिन ; ७६ , Hard ; dry '-v. t. ७६-७ ; Woad, wold, n. बीम बड़ कतिवांत्र शास विरमय; A plant used as a blue dye staff.

**Woo**, wō, n. ছাৰ; পোক; কটু; বিপদ; Grief; heavy calamity, misery: —অভিনাপ, অভিসম্পাত, ९ curse :-श ; पिक ; An exclamination of grief. Syn: -Affliction, distress, sorrow, misery, disaster trouble; malediction.

Woe to him - 香河 西京; Evil befall him, it is a very unfortunate circumstance for him.

Woe worth-नहे इसक , स्विता राष्ट्रक ।

Woe-begone, wo'-be-gon, a. ছাৰিড; ছাৰাভি-মুড; বিশম্পত্ত; শোৰপ্ৰত ; Overwhelmed with woe; melancholy.

Wooful, wo'fool, a. दृ:धबनक ; लाकार्ड ; द्र:बनूर्ग ; क्हेब्बक ; महाभक्षक ; Sorrowful; wretched; calamitous. ad-woefully (本書明年歌刊); n= woefulness (यहांक्डे)। Syn :- Sad, afflicted, grievous, afflictive, disastrous, lamentable, mournful; wretched, pitiful, paltry.

Woer, त. विवाह आर्थे ; One who woes.

Wold, म. तन ; खुत्रगा ; A wood :- পर्काड , Mountain :-- pl. शार्सडीव वारम ।

Wolf, woolf, n. 3本; 四本四 对有; Wild animal of the dog tribe :- बड़ाहांत्री गुक्ति : विनामनाथक वन्न , Anything very ravenous. fl = wolves.

Keep the wolf from the door-visus TV ङ ; ब्राव्य इत-ङ ; Keep away poverty

To cry wolf-विशव चानिताट विलड़ विचा त्यान-[ स्टब्रो ; नरकांवत-र । বোগ-কু ৷ To have wolf in the stomach-crick within Wolf in sheep's clothing—অভারক; কণ্টা; A hypocrite; a deceiver.

Wolf-dog, woolf-dog, n. 45 FF4; A large kind of dog to guard sheep.

Wolfish, woolfish, a. 3444; Like a wolf :-অতি লোড়ী : Rapacious.

Wolverine, woolver-in, म. लिएक; विकास बांकीय कड विरम्ब . The glutton.

Woman, wooman, n. नात्री; महिला; द्वीरनांक; क्ष्में ; The female of man ; an adult female :-পৰিচায়িকা; A female attendant. pl=wemen.

An excellent woman—वनवर्गिनी।

To play the woman-Givi-F; To cry.

Woman of the town, n. (वड़ा ; अविका ; Harlot. Woman-hood, wooman-hood, n. श्रीतारकत अवश्र व। चकाव ; जीव ; नातीच ; जीवांकि ; The state, character or qualities of a woman.

Womanish, woom'an-ish, a. जीनवृण ; जीलारकन्न মত , অতি মৃত ; বৈশ : Feminine ; effeminate. #= womanishness. Syn :- Effeminate, soft, weak, womanly.

Womankind, woom'an-kind, n. दोबांड ; बी-[ woman. লোক ; The female sex.

Womanlike, woom'an-lik, a. द्वीकन्दर : Like a Womanly, woom'an-li, a. और ; देव ; Feminine; becoming a woman: - বেম্ব; Tender:--শ্ৰীসভাব বোগা; স্ত্ৰীলোকেৰ উপযুক্ত; Like or becoming a woman :-ad. মুছভাবে; Tenderly :--মী-CTILES WIS : In the manner of a woman.

Woman-worship, n. अक्षि-भूका ; व्यक्षित अंडि अधावत ।

Womb, woom, n. नर्ड ; नर्डानंत्र ; त्नहें ; बनांद्र ; The uterus -- श्रह ; अडाहद , Any deep cavity.

Wombat, wombat, n. বিগর্ভ গত্তর জন্ত বিশেব ; Burrowing four-footed beast found in Australia.

Won, wun, pa. t. and pa. p. of Win. Wonder, wunder, n. विश्व ; आर्क्स : Astonishment; the emotion excited by something new, or unexpected :-- ৰাক্টা বৰু, পৰ্ড ব্যাপাৰ ৰা चिना; Any thing wonderful; a prodigy; a strange thing ; a marvel :- v. i. 41-541145-0 ; আক্যা-হ, বিশ্বিড-হ; To be amazed; to marvel; to feel wonder. Syn:-(n) Surprise; amusement, admiration; marvel, portent, miracle;

phenomenon, curiosity, rarity, sight. A nine day's wonder—ৰে ব্যাপার ঘুই চারি দিব হন্ত্ৰণ লাগার ভারপর ভার বিবর আর ক্ষনা বার বা : Something that causes a great sensation; a temporary sensation caused by for a few days and is then forgotten.

No wonder-रेशाउ बान्ज्या हरेगांव किहरे नारे : It is a matter of no wonder :--- बार्-का बरह ।

The seven wonders of the world-74-কাবের সাভটা অভ্যাশ্চর্যা বন্ধ ; ( > ) বিসম্বরেশের সমাধি-वक्ष ; (२) बारतर्वाशित्रात्र बारताक-मक्ष् ; (७) शाकि-शासर आधीत ଓ উद्विष्ठ क्रियान ; ( ) अक्रियान छात्रमा দেবীর দলিব , ( ৫ ) বিভিন্নাশ কৃত জুপিটারের সুর্টি ; ( ৬ )

कार्किनिमहा कर्डक व्यक्तिक नमानि विकाद : (१) त्राधन [ with amazement. बीटलन कीमकृष्टि । Wonder st-जानवा-१ वां खाक् जाता ; Be struck Wonderful, wunder-fool, a. विश्ववक्त ; आक्षा ; Exciting wonders; strange. ad - wonderfully ( আক্ৰ্যালৰ ); n=wonderness. Syn :-- Marvellous, amazing, astonishing, surprising, startling, miraculous.

Wonder-land, #. व्युड (१४)।

Wonderment, n. बाक्कारवाद ; विश्वह ।

Wonder-stricken, Wonder-struck-475-ব্যাহিত ; চমৎকৃত ; বিশ্ববাহিত ; Amazed.

Wonder-work, त. वहुड कार्या।

Wonder-worker, n. wight; Performer of miracles; magician.

Wondrous, wundrus, a. जान्ह्या ; हप्रकात , जड्ड ; Strange. ad=wondrously ( wssate); n = wondrousness. Syn:-Wonderful, marvellous, great, prodigious; good, admirable.

Wont, wunt, n. [ A. S. wunian, to dwell ] त्रोडि , बलाम ; Habit ; custom :- a. बहार , क्डा-ভাগে; Used ; accustomed :-- v. ঃ. অভ্যন্ত-ই ; To be accustomed.

Won't-will not.

Wonted, wunted, a. बालाविक; निजा; वावक्र : অভায়; Useful, habitual. Syn -- Accustomed, customary, ordinary, common, familiar.

Woo, woo, v. t. विवाहार्व छेलामना-कृ; अवन अवर्तना है. To court ; to make love :- ए. इ अन्य-कृ , आवापना-F; To court; to make love; to solicit in love. Wood, wood, n. [ A. S. wudn, trees ] sts. यन ; A forest :- a. कांडेनव ; माक्रमब , कांडे नक्कीव :v. t. कांद्र लोगोन ; To supply with wood. Syn :-(n) Copse, grove.

A wood apple - বেল , জীকল।

Out of the wood-निक्रास्थ ; विश्व इंटेंड निक्कींड ! Woodbine, woodbin, Woodbind, woodbind, n. जड़। वित्नव ; The honey-suckle. [Charcoal. Wood-coal, woodkol, n. अज्ञाद ; नांप्रिया कमला ; Woodcock, woodkok, n. तनक्कृष्ठ , मीर्थाहकू शकी বিশেষ : A bud of the snipe family :- মুচৰাতি ! Wood-craft, n. বৰ্ণিহার পটুড়া; Skill in forests and in forest sports.

Wood-cut, woodkut, n. कार (बानिड इवि ; कार्फ পোলা ছবি ; An engraving on wood.

Wood-cutter, n. कार्विश ; कार्ड-तहमक : One who fells or cuts timber.

Wooded, wooded. a. कांडोवुड ; कांडोक्डा मिड ; क्यो-চছাৰ: Supplied or covered with wood. [তম হয় ! The wooden spoon—त् हांव भावती भंतीकांत निव-Wooden, woodn, a. कांड्रेनिश्वित : मान्यद : Made of wood :- कश्वा ; कड़िन : Clumsy ; hard.

The wooden wall-witin Wood-engraver, n. ए वाकि कांडे द्विता हाँव वाख्ठ Wood-engraving, wood-en-graving, m. The (शामिक कृषि ; कांट्रे (शामन कृषि ; Engraving on wood &c.

Wood-house, n. काळंब यह ।

Wood-land, woodland, n. বৃকাবত ভূমি; ব্ৰাচ্ছত্ৰ बारम्भ ; अत्रभा ; Land covered with wood :- a. यक , जात्रगा ।

Wood-lark, woodlark, म. हाउक भकी दिश्व ; A species of lark.

Woodman, woodman, अ. वृक्तक्वम ; कांद्रवित्रा ; Wood-cutter :- पनावाक ; वनतक , A forest officer:-- निकांती ; वनांती ; वाप ; Woodman ; huntsman; hunter.

Wood-monger, n. कांडविटका : Wood-seller. Wood-nymp, woodnimf, त. वन्त्वी ; वन्त्वका ; A nymp or goddess of the woods.

Wood-oil, n. नर्कम रेडन।

Wood-offering, n. कांड छात्र । [ A bird. Woodpecker, woodpek-er, n. कांग्रीक्स गकी: Wood-pigeon, wood-pijun, त. वन करनाड; পারাবত বিশেব; The ringdove; the wild pigeon. Woodruff, woodrup, n. উद्भिष् विराव ; A plant.

Woods-man, n. कार्युविया ; Hunter.

Wood-stamp, n. with sin!

Wood-ward, woodward, n. वनत्रक कर्प्कारी; An officer to guard the wood.

Wood-work, #. काळंत्र कांत्र ।

Vroody, woodi, a. वृक्षांवुक ; वृक्षांकी : वनपहन ; व्यवगायत ; Abounding with woods ; consisting of wood: wooded.

Woosr, n. क्षानकाती ; बीद छेगांजनाकादक : One who WOOS. f Weft.

Woof, woof, \*. পডেন: বল্লের অনুপর্গামী ভুত্র: Warp and woof-हाना भएडन।

Wool, wool, n. পশম, देवी ; लाम ; The fleecy coat of sheep &c. :- पन (कैंकिस्तोन हुन ; क्लामन पन বোৰ . Dense, curly hair ; soft thick hair.

A wool-stapler—हेर्नावावमावी।

Great cry and little wool-तसांत्रक नम् किया : মেঘ নাই গৰ্জন আছে।

To go a wool-gathering-न्यां कारक निवृक्त-इ। Wool-comber, n. One who combs wool.

Woolen, woo'len, a. देशीयह, भन्मी; देशा; Made of, pertaining to wool : -- n. পশমী কাপন্ত।

Wool-gathering, wool-gather-ing, n. 341 क्बना ; क्बनाव उथा श्रीवहालना ; उथा क्ह्री ; Indulgence in idle fancies; vagrant exercise of the imagination ; idle or fruitless expedition :-- a. \*\*\* कन्ननात्र পরিচালনাকারী; বিদল অবুসন্ধানকারী; কান্ধ-निक, Dreamy ; listless.

Wool-grower, woolgro'er, s. ( नन्त्यक वड ) মেৰপালক, One who raises sheep for wool.

Wool-pack, n. लात्मद रका ; बान जिन मन नाम । Wool-sack, woolsak, n. देशास्त्र महानकांत्र धारांक স্চীবের উর্গাসন; The seat of the Lord Chancellor in the House of Lords :- প্ৰমের কৰা ; উপ-আৰ : Woolpack.

Wooly, wooli, a. भनमी ; देशीख ; भनम मन्न ; देशिय : Consisting of, or resembling wool: -- contact. লোমাৰত . Clothed with wool.

Wooly-head, n. A negro.

Word, wurd, n. TY; Articulate sound:-কথা ; বাকু, ভাবা ; A vocable, term, talk :- আদেশ : हक्म :-- विष्ण ; विवाद ; Short discourse ; dispute : -প্রতিজ্ঞা; অসীকার; Promise:--নিম্পুর; চিক্ ; Signal :-- गःवाप ; Message :-- विक्येह ; Jesus Christ ; the Holy Ghost ; the Logos :-- pl. 4541 ; वानानुवान ; Verbal contention :--वाका ; Declaraexpress in words. Sym:—(n) Term, vocable, expression; tidings, report, advice, account; statement, affirmation, declaration, pledge, assurance, engagement; order, command, signal.

A household word—ৰে কৰা সকলের মূৰে ওলা বার; Well-known, in the mouth of every one. A man of one word—এক কৰার লোক, বাড়া আৰু; A man who acts up to his promises.

A man of few words—মিডভাবী শোক। Another word for—একই জিনিস; এও বা ওও ভা; Synonymous with, the same thing expressed in different language.

At one's word-बूद्ध क्या शहिलाई ।

A word and a blow—দাই বলা অমনি কাল।
By word of mouth—কৰা ছানা; বুলে মুখে, বসুখেন
কৰাল; বাকো (লিছিলা পড়িছা নছে); Orally (not
in writing).
[ new word
Coin a word—কৰা বানান বা ভৈচার ফু, Invent a
Eat one's word—দাহা বলা হইনাছে ভাষা অভ্যা-

Bat one's word—বাহা বলা হইরাছে তাহা প্রত্যা-থান-ভূ; নিজের কথা ফিরাইয়া লওয়া, To retract what has been said.

Familiar as household words—বোরো কথার বন্ধ পরিচিত; Well-known as words µsed in the family circle.

Fine words butter no parsnips—সুৰু কৰাৰ
চিচ্ছে ভিজে লা; Fair promises do not clothe and
feed persons to whom they are made.

Give another one's word for honouran creat; Tell another that one as a gentleman promises to do something.

Give one's word—কথা দেওবা, অজীকার-কৃ. Make a promise; declare solemnly.

Give the word—silve-s; cala far selects sires-s; Give orders, give the signal.

Good word, ম. প্রবংসা , Commendation.

Have a word with a person—কাহারও সহিত কথা কহা।

Have words, Have a word—ক্ষা-হ; ৰখ'

In a word, In one word—ন'কেণে, এক কথায় বলিতে কেলে: Briefly, to sum up.

In other words-wife; That is to say.

In so many words— অধিকল সেই কথান্তলি বলিয়া . In exactly the same words, using exactly the same words. [ tion or resolution only.

In word—কেবস কথাত ( কাৰ্যে নছে ); In declara-In word and dead—কাৰ্যে কৰিবে , কালকৰ্ত্তব্যে । Send word to—বিলয়া পাঠান , Send a massage to one; inform by message.

Take my word for it—আমি যাহা বলিতেটি ভাহা বিহাস কর; Rely on what I ay.

Take one at one's word—অপরের কথার বিধাস-ক: Believe what one says.

Take one's word for লাক্যত্ত বিশাস-ক ; Believe because of one's testimony.

True to one's word—অস্বীকার পালনে তংপর, সত্যাপালন, (বে কথা সেই কাল,) Faithful to what one promises.

The word—ৰাইৰেল; হুদাবাৰ; The Scripture.
Upon my word—ৰাহি নপথ কৰিবা বলিতে পাৰি,
I can swear, I assure you.

Waste words-वृत्र वाकावात-कृत

Word for word—चिक्क ; कि (महे क्यांच ; अकी क्यां ना हाफ़िश ; In the exact words ; verbatim ; in the same words

Word of honour—ৰে প্ৰভিক্তা ডক্ত করিলে কোন লোকের নিন্দা হব . A promise, the violation of which would dishonour the person

Word-book, wurdbook, n. नम-সংগ্ৰহ : अधिगान : नम-(काद : A cellection of words. Syn :-- Vocabulary, glossary, dictionary, lexicon.

Word-building, n. नच-वाबना . नव-बहना ।

Wordiness, wurde-nes, n. The quality of abounding with words. Syn:—Verbosity, diffuseness, prolixity.

Wording, n. वारका करान ; करानत वार्या वा अगोजी ; The act, manner, style of expressing in words. Word-painting, n. भरक हिजाबन वा वर्गन :—वाका वार्या हिज्जिङ कर्म , समय वाकाविकाम ।

Word-picture, n. क्ष्मत विवत्र।

Wordy, wurde, a. नजरून, वाक-पृतिष्ठ ; Using many words. Syn :--- Verbose, diffuse, prolix.

Wore, wor, pa. t. of wear

Work, wurk, n. कर्म : Deerl -- नावीदिक वा मान-निक मिल्रिय प्रतिहासमा '-अम , प्रतिक्रम , कादी , तिही ; Labour, employment, effort :- कहे, कहना वा 季3季年、Trouble, anything made or done:-কল ; পরিলামের কল . Effect , the result of work : -एठोक्च ; वुगाँछ .-- बङ , शुक्रक , Book --- वर्त्वावन्त , Management .- नाडिडावियक बहनां , A literary composition :- ११ कर्ने बाकावानि मामहिक नीपनि . Structures in military enginering, as walls, trenches —পৰিখা; কাৰ্য'লা. Trenches, forti-fications, bulworks '-ত. ঃ পৰিল্ল-কৃ; কাৰ্য্য কু, बाउँ। : To labour :-कावा निर्माइ-इ , काक हानान : Perform -- कन कैर्शामन-क , क्लांभारणत स्रोत कान कान-क , To produce effects — श्रीका , श्रीक्रवा डिंग ; To ferment '-v. t 季利, To make, form by labour -हालान , काश क्यान , To make to work :-- रहिक्य-कृ . To embroider : - करलांश्यानन-कृ ; To effect -वावकारव साना , अवर्षिक-कृ , छेरनंब-कृ ; To influence : -निमार-क. To manage -- वक्का : जन्मावन-क : To solve - Ate 7. To cause to ferment. Sym. -(n) Drudgery, toil; occupation, business, crait, production, performance, achievement, action, feat; fabric, manufacture; composition (v) Toil, drudge, slave, act, operate, move\_ succeed; heave; effect, accomplish; exert, strain. Bo at work-(कान किसूब क्रियो हना ; Be in operation :-- ( क्वान कारक ) नाना ; Working :-- कान কালে ব্যাপত থাকা ; Re engaged in ( work ).

Go to work—কান আরম্ভ-ছ়, নিজেয় কালে অবুস্ত-ছ; Begin labour, set about one's business; commence operations.

Work against-wivi-(7. Oppose.

Work at arm's length-Work awkwardly or disadvantageously.

Work a passage—কাৰ করিয়া বাতাৰ বরচা বেতা : ক'ব করিয়া পাবের পোৰ-কু; To pay for passage by work instead of money. Work at-নিৰ্ভ-ছ; কোন কিছুৰ নক্ত কাল-ছ; কাৰ্ড্য নিৰ্ভ-ছ; Be employed upon; be engaged in. Work double tides—দিবারাল কার্য-ছ; ছই দিনের কাল এক দিনে করা; Work day and night.

Work hard-44 41611

Work down-कार्य धारम-इ ; Enter by working. Work in--विरव्धनक-इ ; सम्बद्धाक-इ।

Work into—আৰে আৰে প্ৰবেশ-কু; Insinnuate:— বলে নাথ করান; প্ৰবেশ করান। [of by working. Work off—আৰু আৰু নিঃসায়িত-কু; নুকু-কু; Get rid Work on (or upon)—কাল করিতে থাকা; মনের উপর কোন কারা-কু; Act upon; influence:—উন্তেজিত-কু. উন্দীপিত করিয়া-দে; জর লাগাইয়া-দে; Excite; excite some emotion in one.

Work one's way—অন বারা উরতি লাভ-ড়; Advance or succeed by toilsome efforts.

Work out—সন্দর-কৃ; Effect:—কার্য্যে সরিগত-কৃ; Carry out:—তৈয়ার-কৃ; Form:—নিজের বন্ধ ও পরিশ্রম ছারা কার্য্য সন্দর-কৃ; গোড়েণিটে লওরা; Bring about or accomplish by labour and exertion:—
সন্দর্গ-কৃ; সমাধান-কৃ; Complete by working:—
আহু করা; সমাধান-কৃ; আহু করিয়া কর বাহির-কৃ; Solve a problem:—নিংশেষ-কৃ, নিংশেষিত-কৃ; Exhaust, as a.mine:—শ্রমের মুল্য-দে; Pay for labour:—তোলা, fifface.

Work through- 7777 ; Get through.

Work to death-Fig-7; Exhaust.

Work to windward—वाबूत अधिकृतन विद्या-मा ; Sail or ply against the wind.

Work up—নিম্নোভিত-কু, নাগান; উপকরণ সমষ্ট্র লউষা একটা কিছু ঝাড়া-কু, Empoly; manage:—ভাল করিল অনুসন্ধান কু, Investigate thoroughly:—উত্তেজিত-কু: Excite:—নিম্নোখ-কু; Exhaust.

Work (one ) up to—কোধাৰ মনের ভাৰ বাড়াইবা ভোলা ; Get one's feelings roused to , stir up one's feelings.

Workable, wurka-bl, a. চাননীর, नम्भावनीत ; काशक्यभित्र ; Capable of being worked.

Work-day—ৰে দিনে কাজ বন্ধ থাকে না।
Worker, n. কৰ্মকারী, কাথাকারক, প্রানক, Doer —জীবিকানিকাছকারী, One who earns a liveli-

Work-house, wurk-hows, अ. कांत्रधाना; A house for work:—धनाधनाना, त्य शृद्ध पत्रिश्चनिंगत्व कांत्र प्रिया नामन कता हत्त : A house where poor persons out of work are relieved; a house of shelter for the poor, who are made to work.

Working, a প্ৰথমৰ্কীয় , কাংগ্ৰাণক।
A working man—ৰে পোক শানীরিক প্রম করিয়া
জীবিকানিকাহ করে।

Working class—প্রমিক-প্রেণী।

Workman, wuikman, n. काविक्य; निज्ञो; A michanic; a labourer: a man employed in lalour, a skilful artificer. Syn:—Worker, operative, journeyman; artificer, artisan.

Workman-like, wurkman-lik, a. কারিকরের প্রক্র; বুস্থাহিত; Becoming a skilful workman; well-performed.

Workmanship, wurkman-ship, ন. কারকার্য; কারিগরি; শিল্পোনা ; The skill of a workman; .nauner of making.

Workroom, n. त शृंदर कार्या क्या दश ।

Workshop, wurkshop, s. sissist; sissist si; A shop where work is done; a shop where any manufacture is carried on.

Work-woman, n. স্চীকাৰ্দ্ধ নিপ্ৰা ন্ত্ৰীকোৰ ৷
World, wurld, n. বিব ; সংসার ; ব্ৰহ্মাণ ; The universe :—কুমন্ডল ; পৃথিবী ; কাৰং ; The earth :— এই-ক্ষান্তি , Any planet or heavenly body :— ব্যব্ত ভূজাল : A very large extent of country :— লোক ; ভ্ৰনাথারণ ; সাধারণ লোক ; People ; the public :— সমাজ ; মানব সমাজ ; Public life ; society :— সাংসারিক জীবন ; লৌকিক অবস্থা ; A secular life :— পৃথিবীবালী ; The earth's inhabitants :—ইবলোক ; বর্তনান অবস্থা ; Present state of existence :— কার্বা ; Business :— জীবন-ব্যাপার ; জীবনের গতি ; জীবন-লোজ ; Course of life :— আজ্ঞাধিক পরিমাণ ; বৃহদংশ ; A great deal ; a great quantity :— সমুবালাভি ; মানবলাভি ; Mankind.

All in the world—সংসারে বা কিছু আছে সময় একত্র করিলেও বাহা কিছু সম্ভব , All that is possible. All the world and his wife—সকলেই।

As the world goes— লোকে বেরণ সচরাচর পণ্য হুইয়া থাকে; As men of the world generally take it or regard it.

Be all the world to one another - क्रे अरनरे जब ; Be all important to one another.

Begin the world—नःमात अतन-कृ।

Come into the world-ভূমিষ্ঠ-ছ ; Be born.

For all the world—বে কোন কারণেই হউক; মুনিবার রাজত পাইলেও; কোন ক্রেই, কিছুতেই; কোন মুনোই; For any consideration whatever:— ক্রিক; বধাবধ; Exactly; entirely.

In this world—हेश्लाक ।

Look for all the world like—विक किंदूब यड भ्यान ; Look exactly like.

New world - नृडन मडाशेश, In the possibility.

Next world - भवताक ; भवनतः।

Not for the world, Not for worlds—কোন ক্ৰেই নহৈ; On no account, not for any consideration whatever.

Old world-পুৰাতন মহাদীপ।

Other world-नर्ग . Heaven -- नत्रक , Hell.

Renounce the world--नज्ञानी-इ।

Snare of the world—Ninter !

The world-ইश्लाक।

To give the world—থচার-কৃ। [ die. To leave the world—পরলোক্সড-হ; মহা; To Woman of the world—উঢ়া নারা।

World's end—পৃথিবীর পেব সীমা পর্যান্ত, ক্সন্তের অন্ত; অতি ভূববন্ধী প্রদেশ; The end or most distant part of the world-

World-wide, a পृथितीवाश ; अर्थर-बार्श ।

World wide reputation—कारवाध शाखि ; विक-वामी शाखि। [Eternally ; everlastingly. World without end—जनक्षकांव गर्वाख ; विज्ञकांव ; Worlding, wurldling, त. मरमात्रज्ञ की है ; (बांब मारमाजिक ; One who is devoted to temporary possessions.

Worldliness, n. সাংসারিকতা,; বৈধরিকতা ৷
Worldly, wurld'le, a. বিবর্গসন্ত ; সাংসারিক ; সংসারনিষ্ঠ ; পার্থিব ; মানবিক , Devoted to this life and its enjoyments; bent on gain :—ইহক ; পৌৰিক ; ইহনোকিক ; বৈধরিক ; Secular, Syn :—Earthly,

mundane, terrestrial, human, common, secular, temporal; covetous; greedy, selfish; carnal, unspiritual.

Worldly minded, wurld'li-mind'-ed, a. minifar facta ware; minifar facta fas: factains;
Minded of the affairs of the present world;
devoted to gain and the pleasures of this life
and regardless of the future. n=worldly
mindedness.

Worldly wisdom—বৈৰ্দ্ধিক বিজ্ঞা। Worldly-wise, s. সংসাৰক : বিষয়কৰ্মে চন্তৱ।

Worm, स. (लांक); कींक ; महीयलं ; महोजाड़ो : किंका ; Any small creeping animal ; a reptile — (लंक किंप्स : The thread of a screw :— (क्रमणंत्रक वर्ख , Something that gnaws or torments :— चमुखांन ; Remorse :— चम्च वालि : Debased being :— ११. कृषि ; Intestinal worms :— ११. जांदक चार्य कांक- कृ ; To work slowly or secretly .— ११. किंदि वीदव केंद्र वालित नायन- कृ : चम्नाहेश क्रमणं वालित नायन- कृ : चम्नाहेश क्रमणं वालित नायन- कृ : विद्र वीदव केंद्र विद्र विदर विद्र विद

Worm one's self into—আরে অরে কাহারও অন্তরে আবেশ-কু; ক্রমশ: কৌশনে প্রবেশ-কু, Enter gradually by arts and insinuations. [ and shily. Worm out—বীরে বীরে বাহির-কু; Batract slowly

Worm-eaten, p. a. পোকা-काँगे ; कींग्रे-महे। Wormwood, wurmwood, n. দোমরাক ; ভিজ্ঞাব্য ;

Wormwood, wurmwood, त्र. সোমরাজ ; ভিজ্জব্য The bitter plant.

Gall and wormword—অত্যন্ত তিজ পদাৰ্থ বাহা সহজে দেলা বায় না; Very bitter:—অতিশয় কইলায়ক; Exceedingly offensive.

Wormy, wurmi, a. কৃমিনর; কীটপুর্ব: Containing a worm, like a worm, abounding with worm: নীচপ্রকৃতি; Grovelling.

Worn, worn, pa. p. of wear. Worn to a skeleton—अवित्यनात ।

Worn to a skeleton—ৰাত্তবসার। Worn land—ৰে কমির উর্বরতা নই ইতবাছে।

Worn-out, a. कीर्य; काश्रक्ष प्रवाजन ও वावहारवव करवाना। [some.

Worrisome, a. বিরক্তকা ; কোজনক , Trouble-Worry, wor'e, v. t. [ D. worgen, to strangle ] বিষয়-কু ; ক্লিট্ট-কু ; বেজার-কু ; উডাজ-কু ; হরবান-কু . To harass ; to tease:—গাতে টু'ট-খু ; গাত গিলা কাটা ; To tear with the teeth —v. s. ডাজ-হ : n. বেজাল ; বিরক্তি , Trouble :—উবেল ; বিরক্তি , কেল , Perplexity ; vexation ; trouble. Syn:—( v) Trouble, fatigue, vex, annoy, plague, torment, irritate, fret.

Worse, wurs, a. আরও ধারাপ; অধিকতর নক, More bad or evil:—ad. অধিকতর নকরণে; In a manner more bad or evil:—v. t. আরও ধারাপ-ক; আরও নক অবস্থার কেলা।

A change for the worse—খারাপের দিকে পরি-A little the worse liquor—মদের দরণ কিছু বেনী বে-একডার।

Be the worse for—কোন বিছয় নদ্ৰণ অধিক কট পাত্যা বা খানাপ-ক; অপেকাড়ত হীন বা দল অবছায় খাকা; Be any way in a worse condition to.

Mot to think the worse of one—ভজাত বে কৰ আৰা হইবে ভাহা নহে; Not to feelless regard for one or that account:—ভাই বলিয়া বে কিছু বভায় क्रिशास्त्र का नरक ; Not to think that one has done anything improper.

So much the worse for one—সেই পরিমাণেই বা সেই অন্তেই কাহারত পক্ষে আরও ধারাণ; it is worse for one by that or in that degree, or on that account.

The worse for the wear— बीर् ; ব্যবহারের বরণ মলিন বা জীর্ ; Impaired by use; worn out or spoiled by long use:— ব্যবে জীর্ব ; Worn out through age. [ কিছুর জন্ত কাহাকে আরও মন্দ ভাবা। Think the worse of a person for—কোৰও Worse and worse—কুম্পাই ধারাণ।

Worse for liquor-মাতাৰ :

Worsen, v. f. अधिकछत्र मण-कृ; आत्रक वातान-कृ; To make worse :--- v. i अधिकछत्र मण-कृ।

Worship, wur'ship, \*. সন্ধানস্থাক পদ ; সন্ধান্ত ক উপাধি; A title of honour — অৰ্কনা; আৱাধনা; অত্যাদর, প্ৰা; Adoration paid to God; religious service: — v. f. অৰ্কনা- কু; উপাসনা- কু; প্ৰা- কু; To adore: — সন্ধান- কু; স্বাদ্ধন- কু; To reverence; to respect: — v. f. প্ৰা- কু, To perform acts of adoration; perform religious service. Syn: — Emmence, excellence; honour, respect; homage, adoration, reverence, veneration; devotions. (v) Revere, venerate, deify, idolize. A place of worship— ব্যাম্পার।

Worship the rising sun—অভাদবোশুৰ বোকের উপাসনা-ক, Honour the man who is rising in influence and power.

Worshipful, wur'ship-fool, a. नुवा; सांख , नृज-नीय, आमत्रीत . Worthy of honour.

Worshipper, worshiper, n. উপাসক; সেবক; পুজৰ; পুজারী; One who worship.

Worst, wurst, a. অত্যন্ত মন্দ্ৰ ; অভি ছই ; Bad or evil in the highest degree :—n. অভি মন্দ্ৰ অবস্থা ; The most evil state :—n. t. পরাজ্য-কু ; পরাস্থ-কু . To defeat , to get the better of.

At the worst, At worst— ৰভাত মন অবহার; হতদ্ব ইউতে পাবে খারাণ অবহার; In the most unfavourable view or event, in the worst possible condition.—বভটা মন্ম ঘটিতে পারে ভাই খারিলে, Taking into account the worst that can happen — বড জোর; হন্মুদ; একার পাকে; At the utmost (in a evil sense).

Do one's worst—বতদুর কতি করিতে পারে করা; Do the utmost possible injury one can.

Get the worst of—পৰাত-ই; To be beaten, to suffer defeat. [Be defeated in an encounter. Have the worst of it—পৰাত-ই; পৰাজিত-ই; If the worst comes to the worst—বৃদি পুৰ মুন্দাই বৃদ্ধে; বৃদ্ধি বিভাৱ আনিইই বৃদ্ধে; If the worst that is apprehended comes to pass; in the event of things turning out very badity.

The worst of it is—ইহার বিশেষ দোৰ বা নোল এই ; ইহার বিশেষ প্রভাষ্যর এই , The most unfavourable point about it is.

Worsted, worsted, #. शनमी रुठा ; हैनी रुठा ; Twisted yarn spun out of long, combed wool. Worsted stockings - जन शनमी (माना।

Wort, n. नानावानात উद्धित : Plant :--- गानीत वित्यत ; नवस्त्रा : The sweet infusion of malt :--- pl. क्रि; Cabbage. Make it worth one's while—বৰ্ত্ত পুৰুষাৰ-্দ, কাহাৰও বাহাতে পোৰাৰ তাই কৰিবা দেওৱা, Give sufficient reward, remunerate one adequately. Not worth a farthing— অভিভিৎনত্ব; অবোধা; অহাধ্যকর; Worthless.

Not worth one's salt -- কোন কাজের নর।
Not worth powder and shot—ব্যব্ধ বা প্রচাপোবাৰ না; শ্রম পোবার না; এত চেন্তা-চব্রিত্র বা প্রচাপ্তের উপবৃস্ত নর; Not worth much; not worth the outlay necessary to secure some object.

Woe worth the day—সে দিন ছুবিয়া বাউক।
Worth its weight in gold—অভান্ত মূল্যবান,
ব্ৰ দামী, Very valuable or useful:—বত ওজন তত সোলা, As much weight so much gold, its value
in gold is in proportion to its weight.

Worth while, Worth one's while—উচিত.
আৰক্তৰ, কাৰ্যৰ , Worth the time or expense
&c., which it requires, of any use — ৰে সময় ও
ভাম বা ধ্বত লাগে ভালতুলপ ফলগাড়ৰ, মজুবী পোৱাণ,
Worth the time, the pains or the expense
that it requires—advantageous or profitable.

Your argument is worth nothins—ভোমার দ্বের মুলা নাং, অর্থাৎ স্নর্থন। [ly, truly Worthily, n.º বোগাভাবে, উত্তমকলে, ছায়তঃ, Just-Worthiness, wur'the-nes, n বোগাতা, ভানতা, Stite or quality of being worthy Syn.—1)esert, merit, excellence, virtue, worth

Worthless, wurth'es, a. অৰ্থাণা; অপাৰ্থ , আৰ অক্তো, নিৰ্থা , Useless , of no value; having no virtue ad=worthlessly n=worthlessness Sin —Unprofitable, unproductive, refuse, waste, paltry, shight, frivolous; base, vile, ignoble, depraced, profligate.

Worth seeing—बहेरा , मनन-रात्रा ; मर्ननाई ।

Worthy, wur'the, a. মুবাবান, Valuable.—উত্তম; গুণবান, Excellent —বোগ্য, উপযুক্ত, সন্তুম; Deserving, suited to —n গোগ্য সামানী ব্যক্তি; যোগ্য গোক, গুণবান্ গোক; A man of eminent worth. pt—worthies.

A worthy object - সৎপাত।

Worthy of—(कांन विषयत त्यांता; Such as can be expected from; fit for.

Worthies of the pen—স্বিদ্ধানত লেখকগৰ; Distinguished men of letters.

Would, wood, pa. t. of will.

Would-be-হৰু; ভবিব্যতে বে কিছু হইবে; ভবিব্য, ভাবী, Persons desiring to be, future

Would that—अठीव आर्थनीय : धान क्ट्रेंच बिन ; I or we wish that, it is very desirable that

Would to God-- नेषत्र करून; अवस्तत्र निकडे व्यार्थना कृति: Pray God.

Wound, woond, pa. t. and pa. p. of wind. Wound, woond, n. आधाड, कड; था; A cut; bruise, hurt:—कडि; Injury:—v. t. आयाड-३;

কত- ৰু; আহত- ৰু; To make a wound; to hurt; to injure. Syn:—(v) Cut, stab, bruise, harm, damage; pain, irritate, gall; annoy, mortify, offend.

Be wound up to—ক্রমে চড়ে উঠা; ক্রমেন্চড়ে বাওবা; Be roused or rise (by degrees).

Dress a wound—কতৰান বা ঘা পৰিকাৰ করিয়া উবৰ লাগাৰ; ঘা সাক করিয়া বাধা; Treat with remedies, as a sore or wound.

Wound one's feelings—কাহারও মরমে আথাত-কৃ; কাহারও আঁতে যা দেওবা; কাহার মনে কট্ট-দে।

Wounded, p. a. विकड ; बाइड ; Injured.

Wove, Woven, pa. t. and pa. p., of weave Wrack, v. t. বিষয়-য়; To tease — n. গাগর বৈবাল; Marine plant cast up on the shore.

Wraith, rath, n. 95; A spectre.

Wrangle, rang'gi, v. s. [A S. wringan, to wing] বিবাদ ক; বিত্তা-ক; বগড়া-ক; হজাত-ক; বিত্তা-ক; বগড়া-ক; হজাত-ক; To dispute anguly, to dispute; to quirrel noisily or peevishly —n. বিবাদ; বিত্তা, বগড়া; A noisy quarrel, an angry dispute Syn — (v) Ricker, jangle, squabble, brawl, altercate. (n) Altercation, bickering, brawl, jangle, contest, controversy, squabble

Wrangler, rang'gler, n. কল্ফকারী; দিবদিকারী.
A brawler .—কেখিজ বিদ্যালয়ের প্রথম শ্রেন্টত পনীকোন্তার্থ ব্যক্তি; One who passes a superior examination at Cambridge University. n=wranglership

Wrap, rap, v.t. ভটান, ভাল-কু, ভডান; নোডা.

To fold together; to wind together — আবৃত্কু, To envelop — n আছাদন, বেপাট; দোলাই;
লেকাজা; A wrapper, as a shawl. Syn.—(v)
I nvelop, enfold, muffle.

Be wrapped up in—বিছুতে ৰহা-হ; Be absorbed...

Wrap in, Wrap up—কাগদ দিয়া জড়ান, Cover ।। something thrown round. [garment Wrapper, ন. রেণার, রেজার, A loose outer Wrath, rath, ন. কোন, রান; কোন, Violent anger, indignation — অগরাধের নাজি। Syn — Resentment, passion, indignation, rage, fury, ire, exasperation.

Empty (or pour out) the vials of one's wrath—( কাহাৰ উপৰ) ঝাল ঝাড়া, Give vent to one's anger.

Wrathful, rathicol, a. কুছ, বুণিত; রাগাবিত; কোণাছ; Full of wrath; very angry—কোণ-সূচৰ, Springing from or expressing wrath. ad wrathfully ( কুছাবে), s—wrathfulness. Syn-Incensed, furious, raging, indignant, passurate.

Wreak, rek, v f. অভিছল-দে; আভি ছুলা; কেপৰ-কু, লদান-কু; fo revenge, to satisfy, to hurl, to inflict.

Wreak vengeance on an enemy-णंक ভোলা ; रेन्द्रमाधन-कृ। [chiplict. Wreath, reth, अ. बाला, कांद्र ; A' garland ; a A wreath of bones—कांद्रबाला ।

Wreathe, reth, v. i. शीखी ; शक्ति ; कडान , किन्न , To twine about , to encurcle : \_v, f, बूनान , (वडेन-इ , To be interwoven; to entwine. Syn:—Twist, interweave, entwine; encircle, enfold, surround. Wreak, rek, n. [D. wrak, damaged] নাণ; ধানে:
Destruction:—নাইবিশেষ; ভগ্নাবশেষ, The remains of anything ruined:—কাহাজেয় নাণ; কাহাজ ভূবি, Destruction of a ship:—কাহাজেয় ভগ্নাবশেষ, The ruins of a destroyed ship:—v. t. (জাহাজ) ধানে-কৃ; নাণ-কৃ; চূৰ্ব-কৃ; To destroy (as a vessel); to disable; to ruin:—v. i. নাই-হৃ; নাণ পাওবা, To suffer wreck or ruin. Syn:—(n) Perdition, ruin, desolation, prostration. (v) Strand, founder, cast away; ruin.

Go to wreck and ruin—बहे-इ ; Be destroyed. Wreckage, त. बहोबड़ा ; ख्याबर्ग्य ।

Wreoker, n. ৰে বাজি ভাষাল-ভূবি চটতে নুঠন কৰিতে বাষ: ভগ্নাপোতের হ্ববাদি অপতল্পকাৰী. One who plunders wiecks; one who plunders the goods cast on shore from a wrecked vessel

Wren, ren, n. কলন্ধনি পকা বিশেষ, A well-known playful bird.

Wrench, rensh, v. t. (मोहच निम) होनां, रहेहकां भाता . (क्षांत होनां , To pull with a twist; to force by violence, to pull by violence : — ग. (मोहच्य नहस्त्रानि , होन . A' violent twist :— भीतहस्त्र ; एनैंट होना बन्न ; An instrument for turning bolts. Sun — (v) Wring, twist; sprain, strain distort

Wrest, rest, v. t. টানিয়া বাণিন-ক ; To extert বলপুৰ্বক লওছা ; To take from by force — সভা হউতে বাণিকাৰ-ক , প্ৰকৃত্ত আৰিত-ক , বিধায় from truth or from its natural meaning — n. বোচানি ; মোচান ; Violent pulling and twisting distortion :—বালায়ন্ত্ৰ চানি । Syn:—(n) Wrench, wring, twist ; extort , distort, per vert.

Wrestle, restl, v. s. মন্ত্ৰাক্ত্ৰ-ক , বিভক্ত , To contend by grappling and striving to throw the other down; to strive as with arms extended as two men to overthrow cach other — প্ৰান্ত্ৰালিত্ত ; বিবাদ-ক ; Struggle — n. মন্ত্ৰাক্ত্ৰ কৰি ; A struggle between two to throw each other down, n = wrestler (মন্ত্ৰ, পালোঘন) । Syn:—(v) Strive, cortest

Wrestling, n বৃত্তি, বাজি।

Writch, rech. n. [A. S. wrac, wretched]
ছবালা . হতভাগ নেক . প্রতী াক . A miserable
person — অথম কান্তি . চুৰত লোক ; A vile person
Syn:—(n) Outcort, panah; villain, profigate, scoundrel, rascal, knave, vagabond, miscreant.

Wretched, reclied, a. ছ:গী; মান; Miserable. pitiable:—লগন্ত; আনিক্তন্ত, তুন্তে. Contemptible; worthless; low. n=wretchedness. Syn:—Fallen, ruined, distressed, afflicted, unhappy, forlorn, comfortless, melancholy, dejected; calamitous, afflicting, deplorable; poor, vile, sorry, worthless.

Wretchedly, ad. অগমরূপে; অতি হুংখে।

Wrotchedness, reched-nes, म. शेनावन्।; काहेब सरका; Quality or state of being wretched. Syn:—Unhappiness, misery, distress, affliction; destitution, poverty, penury.

Wrigglo, righ, क. i. (कांना , To twist to and iro:--नर्शन कांने स्ट्रान क्रान न्यान-क , स्ट्रांड वक नदीन

ৰাডাচাড়া কয়। মোচড় দিয়া চলা। কিব্ৰিক্-কু। To move as a snake or eel with short irregular motions:—v. i. মোচড়াইনা চালিড-কু।

Wright, ता, त. निजी; निजी; क्यंकाव; A maker; an artificer.

Wring, ring, v. t. বোচড়ান; বোচড়-ৰে; পাকান; To twist:—নিকড়ান; To force by twistling:—ক্রেশ-কে, বষ্ট-দে; ব্যৱধা-দে; To pain:—বক্স্প্রিক কন্ধ্যা; To extort:—বিকৃত-কৃ:—v. i. আব্দিক্ত-হ; বোচড় বারবা; To writhe; to twist:—কষ্ট-পা। Syn:—Torture; strain, squeeze; force, wrest.

Wrinklo, ring'kl, n. বলি; সকোচ; বেখা; কোচনা; Cross or furrow in the skin; a fold; a small ridge on surface formed by twisting or shrinking:—বৰুবতা; Unevenness:—অবণায়; অপায়ানৰ্গ:
—v. t. বৃশ্বিত-কৃ. সৃষ্টিত-কৃ. কোকড়ান; To contract into winkles or furrow:—বৰুবতা-কৃ: To make rough.—v. i. কুঞ্জিত ই; To shrink into ridges. a—wrinkled (সৃষ্টিত; বলিপড়া)! Syn:—(n) Fold, plant, gather, pucker, crease, ruffle, crumple, cortugation.

Wrinkly, a. (क्षेक्डान, Full of wrinkles:-

Wrist, 11st, n. মণিক, চাতের কৰি, The joint by which the hand is united to the arm.

Wristband, sistband, स. क्षि-रक्ष; The part of a sle ve which covers the wrist.

Wrist lot, n. ব'লা; স্নীংশাকের দন্তানা বছন-ক্ষ।
Writ, rit, n. দশ্বল, প্রস্থানা, আদাশ্তের আদেশপাৰ, A written document:—নিবন, A writing
The holy writ—ধ্য পুরুক, খুটার ধ্যুগ্রহ, The
Scindings.

Write, rit, r. t. লেখা, লিপি-ক; To express by forming lettlers and words on paper, stone &c., to inscribe with a pen or pencil —িলিপ্ বন্ধ-ক; To record —পোলা, আছিত-ক, To engrave —নচনা-ক; Compose —পান খানা আছ-ক, পান নেখা, Make know by letter; communicate by letter —v. i. পানাপি লোখা, To send letter: —বিপিড ক; লোখা, To perform the act of writing —কেৰাপিনি-ক, লিপিকাখা-ক; To be employed as a clerk:—বচনা-ক; আৰক্ষীন রাজনা-ক, আছক্ষীন হ; To compose books. Syn:—Copy, transcribe, compose.

Write a good hand- शर्जन (नदी काल।

Write down--निकारिक निविद्य मेरिक नोगान ; Decry

Write in cypher—ভণ্ড বিষয় চালাইবার জন্ধ সাহেতিক অক্ষরে কোণা, Write a private alphabet inverted or continued for the safe transmission of secrets. Write off—হিলাবের বাডার বরচ লেবা বা বাদ-দে। Write oneself out—লিবিয়া লিবিয়া আপনার পুঞি ফ্রাইরা-দে।

Write out--- नकत-कृ।

Write to-लिचित्रा निकाड (श्रद्ध-कृ)

Write up — धन-ता निविद्या डेपाद रखाना ; जवारनावनाव धन-त्रा-क, Puff up by praise in writing :— योज रोजी।

Writer, ri'er, n. লেখৰ; নিশিষৰ; One who writes — কোনী; Clerk:—লেখৰ; গ্ৰহণাৰ; নচনা-কানী; Author. Syn:—Penman, scribe, secretary, amanuensis; composer; scribbler, Writer to the signet-stored then, An attorney or sohcitor in Scotland. Writership citer ship, n क्यांनेतित , लबस्कत कार्ग वा नान . The office of a writer Writhe, rith, v t [ A S aridhan to writhe ] পাकान , शाक-एक , (बाइड्रांन , To twist violently , to wrest - ত ঃ সৃত্তিত চ বছণার মোদ্য বাওরা কাত क्षान , क्षेत्र के , To twist the body about as in pain Syn -Distort, wring, wrest, wriggle, squirm Writing, riting, n इस्रनियन, अमहितश्राम इस Penm inship, handwriting - 1947 কিপি Act of writing - 97 A book -লেখা কোদৰ Inscription —ক্লিল, পত, A conseyance document - 104 244 Composition - pl क्रवित्रभंत , नवकांत्री कांभवशंत , Level ducds , official papers Writing book - हलनिनित्र शाला। Writing desk- जिल्लाई होत् एक। Writing paper-- निविश्वत का कि । Writing table- ि विवास (मक । Written, p a mas absi It is written- लिचित आग फक नाम ! Wrong, rong a [ hel raim 11 ] i wrong ! अकाया नीकिनित्रक, Unju 1 111 - अविधिक wate, Improper -- stall 400 atg Into neo is , not right mi ikin - [4 两种们。 False untrut —n अपन 7 1 int and Injustice — जम Error — गम 1 int — t व्यक्तार कु अने सार के नी पन द वारणान के lo do wrong to , to treat with impact a linguist to oppress - CHI CH To find fault with - 21 अपूर्विज्ञाण, श्रद्धक Ami not ri htly Sin '-(a) Injurious, illegal, inequitable inmostal bad evil faulty neoreict in taken unfit A wry faco- ye fagre ! unsuitable ( ) ling u y immor il v mjust ce, unfairnes tiespass trangies i circo gir i varce (v) Abuse, m line it o pres

Dowrong- as s sign , At to & Make ? mistike act wrongly

Do wrong to-TEIRS TES , ABIRTO 19 51

Go wrong with— मनिहेनत्र- , "lake a course that is detrimental to - form ? Prove unsuccessful in the case of —কাহাবত কিছু অভণ বিসুৰ-F. Be out of order with

On the wrong side -with Above,

Wrong-doer, " अशकातक, डेश्मीएक, अधिकांतक, Offender, tormentor

Wrong-doing, " अनकाद , अनेवानहान । Wrongful, rongicol n a अकाय जाते , Full of wrong, unjust -कडिजनक विनश्चात्रक, Injurious ad =wrongfully ( # कार्यक्रम ) , # = wrongfulness ( अकाशार्त ) | Syn -Unfair, unrighte-

Wrong-headed, ron -heded, a अक्लंब, विभ-রীত বৃদ্ধি, তথ্যস্ত চিত্র, Pervere in understanding wrong in prin iple wrong in head

Wrongly, ad वर्णान्त्र Unjustly - अम्बाम ! Wrote, jul p t of write

Wroth, rawth a কুপত কুট রাণারিত Full of wrath enraged, very an rev wrathful lyn -- Frasperated, angry, incensed, indignant prov kel lu ous

Wrought, rive a 35 Tis-47 Mide by labour, nunufactured - feufa 95 -pt and pp of work

Wrought out—114 44 Exhausted Wrought up ( or up to ) - Traff 5 Facited Wrought iron - 7 bi il ( ) 4 31 (45) (416) at (as from rend red to igh and mill able Wrung, ran, pa t and po of roring Wry, ri ii वक वीका अनवन क्रिया, I wisted bene turned to one side croocked —বিকৃত অনুচিত বিপরীত Distorted perverted —v t 14 4 निकृत्र है। n-wryncos (विकृति, वक्का)।

Wry neck, rinch a raged A twisted or distert d nick - वांडिशंकवां ह कीय शकी निरंधव A small bird allied to the word pecker Wyvern, wit in n [L - perl i viper

म अब राज्य व बार की राव नव An imaginary an in il ic cimbing a flying scripent

X-के वांकि वर्गमानात boffer of वा चक्क शिक्ष शिक्ष 24th h ter of the Light h Alphil it Kanthio, ethink, a dias with, Asta [ a trinernt c Horte soil I ell swish. Xanthic acid-tura ten fren 1 le it) Kanthic colours-1714 75 4 19 colors (of flowers ) having some time vell w Xanthine, zahthin n [ (ir xanthin, yellow ] উত্তিক नी उन्न निरमन , The yellow colouring matter in certain plants

Xebec, ze'bek, अ जिन य'जनिविश्व होडे लांड, A small three-massed vessel. [ tality Kendochy, ze nodo-ky, n बार्डिब्स्स्स , H अका-

Xonium, ie'ni um n देशक्तिक (केंद्रे A present given to a great stranger or ambassador Xorasia, " plet 91 Disease of the hair Xrays, , १ दाछा नक अं लाक विष्णाय किंद्रन । Xylography, 21 log taf 1, n का' (वीविड कवि Wood engreene -कालोपात (बांक्काती वा ठिजाइन निम्म कार त्यानन विशा , The art of engraving on wool Xylophagous, a কাঠতুক কাঠে ছিত্ৰকারী। Xylophone, n काठानश्चिक वामायय विस्तव। Myst, n मन्त्र कतिनांव हान , A court or portico for athletic exercises scraping bones Myster, n शाउठीठी अब वित्य , An instrument for Y — ইংমাজি বৰ্ণমালার পঞ্জিশ বৰ্ণ বা জক্ষর বিশেষ, The 25th letter of the English Alphabet

Y

Yacht, yot, n. কেলিগাত, হাৰকীৰ তবী, ছাৰজিত ছোট রাজগোত বা কেলিগোত, বজরা, A light and furnished vessel for pleasure trips or state, a decked pleasure vessel — n. s. তালুৰ পোতে বাবা-কু।

Yachter, yoter, n क्लिल्गांट्य मोबि . व्यास-जन्मवाह्य : One engaged in sailing a vacht Yachting, yoting, n. बनवाद्या , हेल ल्लाड वाद्यां Sailing in a yacht.

Yahoo, n অলিট ইত্য ব্যক্তি, Degraded slave Yak, yek n ডিকাড দেশীর চমধী পরা, বুর পিশার A large kind of grunting ox in Centrel India Yam, n আৰু, কেন আৰু, চুম্ভি আৰু; An catable

root lake the potato

Yankee, yang'hō n মার্কিন দেখীর লোকৰ সাধারণ নাম An american, an inhabitans of the Unit ed States —a মার্কিন দেখীয় লোক সম্বন্ধীয় স্কুব লোক, (Collequially) a man shrewd and sharp at a bargain

Yankooism, স. মার্কির দেশের দাসার কীছে।
Yard, y trd, n ছুল ভারত, দল , পদ্ধ, An Firtheh mensure of 3 feet —ইয়ান, চক প্রাথণ, A court —প্রাণ্ড ভারতির প্রাণ্ডির প্রাণ্ডির কার্কির করে।
A long be im on a mat to hold a sail —ব্যাল ন, ব্যাপিছা, Garden

A brick-yard, " 35-19171

Yard arm, y লাব arm n লাক্তাৰ সাংবছ পাইজনতব অহাৰ , Fither I all of the ships yard from centre or mast to the en l

Yard arm and yard-arm—Ve sels are said to be yard arm and yard arm when so near is to touch or intelled k their yards

Yard stick, Yard wand, , भक्क'रे।

Yare, yir, a এপ R ady — চতুৰ Dexterous — মিপ্ৰ, ধৰিত , Quick

Yern, yain, n বুন' জা', পাবান জতা, পানী জা , Spun thread —গল, The tailor - story

Spin a yarn—मांक' हवा लक्षा शह है।

Yerrow, yar'd, n Gien faret , est facet , The plant milfoil.

Yetaghan, yat'ı-gan, n জুবত্ব দেশীর ছোৱা বিশেষ. A long Turkish dagger

Yawl, গ লাইণজন কর নৌকা A ship's small bout — দ কুকুরের মত চীৎবার কু, গৌ গৌ-কু, িo howl

Yawn, yawn, ত ঃ হাইডোলা, জ্বল কু, মুণবাদন-কু, To gape, to open the jaws involuntarily — লাএহাহিত হ — প্ৰন, হাড়, মুণবাদন, The opening of the mouth from drowsiness

Yawning, a. জত্তৰ, জন্তপৰাৱী, ব্যাদিত, Gaping, opening —n ভত্তৰ, ব্যাদৰ, Act of gaping, act of opening wide.

Yclept, v. p नारम बाहुड, नारम बाडिश्ड, Called

Ye, ye, pro ভোমরা, ভোমাদিবকে, The nominative plural of the second person

Yea, ya, ad হা সভা ৰটে , Yes , verily --- অসু-কৃশ মত , Affirmative vote

Yes and nay-वानान्यान।

Yeas and nays—হা ও লা। [young Yean, ) লৈ, ত ট সন্থান প্ৰস্ব-ক, To bring fort: Year, yer, ত বংসর, বৰ্গ, আৰু, A period of twelve months—pl বয়স, বৃদ্ধকাল, বাছকা, Aye or old age

All the year round—সময় करमत्र परमत वालियां, সমস্পর ধানা লান মাস I hroughout the year Cavil year, \* I he year adopted by a nation for the computation of time

Common year -(व वर्त्रज ७७० विस्न वर्ष ।

Leap year - (7) बाब ७०० मिरन बर्टन इस, वे नराव क्किनोरे कन के मिन इस, Freely fourth rear which is made to const tof 306 days

Lunar year, w The period of 13 lunar months or ,54 days

Of tender year-ज्ञानका

Year after year - w 5 3834, One year after 1 another many years

Years of discretion—স্বাৰ্ক । বা কেল ভাৰতন বিচাৰ বা বাব অবতা জন্ম The are of rand july ment, an age whereone is able to judge between what is right and what is wrong

Year of grace, n খুটাৰ পাকৰ যে বোৰও বংশৰ খুৱাল, Any you of the Christian cia, you dating from the birth of Christ A D া কৰা Year book, n বৰ্ষে বি প্ৰশাল প্ৰ প্ৰায়িক দিব Yearling, you ling n প্ৰ ক্ষেত্ৰ মা

Yearly, yer'h a নাদিক, ব'ংসারিক সর্বাধী Hip pening every year, innual —ad প্রাত বংসক শাই কর্ম মানা illy, once a veur, from year to veur Youin, yern vi [ \ S প্রশোল from geern de nous] আভাৱ স্পান বি বাল্যক কাৰ্যিক ভংস্ক ক, বাজাহ, শংকতিত জ সন্ধ্যক ক, শতিলাধু for to desire, to teel carnest desire. Syn — (rave, hanker after

Yearn, v t or: (ছাগানি) প্ৰদৰ-কু, To bring forth young [gerly for Yearn from - বচ ইছে। হ, লালসা কু, Long ea Yearning, yerhing, n আঁচৰত বালসা, সুহা, Longing — বেহ, বাংসলা, Affection, pity — a উৎসক, Longing.

Yearnling, n होनेन होनी। एउड़ांत्र होनी।
Yeast, yest, n मत्नत्र त्वरी, मत्नत उनानि, नीकतो,
The froth of mult liquors in fermentation, a
preparation which raises dough for bread,
Yeasty, yesti, a त्वांपुक; (विना, Frothy.

Yelk, n. ডিবেৰ শীতাপ, অভ-মধ্য, Yellow part of Yelk, pel, v s. (চচাৰ, চীৎকার-কৃ, To howl, cry out; to shriek hideously:—n: তার সংকার; বোরলোল; A short outcry; a shriek of horror. Syn:—(v) Shriek, scream, screech, bawl.

Yellow, yelo, a. পীত; পীতবৰ্ণ; অরদ; ছরিছাবর্ণ; Of a bright gold colour:—n. পীতবর্ণ; অসদ রহ; A bright golden colour:—n. t. পীতবর্ণ-ছ। n=yellowness.

Yellow bird—পন্সী বিশেষ; A small singing bird. Yellow-fover, yelo-fe'ver, n. পৈত্তিক তথ্য বিশেষ; A malignant fever of worm climate.

Yellow fing—বংকামক বোগের আধিত সচলার্য উত্তো-কিন্ত পিত নিশান ৷ [ A song-bird of yellow colour. Yellow-hammer, yelo-hammer, n. পকা বিশেষ. Yellowish, yelo ish, a. কিকিং পীত; ইবং পীত; Somewhat yellow. n=yellowishness.

Yellow ochre—গোপী মৃত্ৰিকা।

Yellow orpiment—হরিভার।

Yen. n. जानान मुझा विटनव ।

Yeoman, yo'man, n. কেজপাল; গাঁতিদাব; পালা; Gentleman farmer; farmer:—ই'লণ্ডের সাধাবণ ম্বান্থেকীর বোক; গুৰুত্ব; A man of common rank next below a gentleman — রাজকশ্বচারী কিশেব; One of the body guard

Yeoman of the guard—One of the state body guard of the king of England next under the gentleman at aims.

Yeoman's service— উত্তম কার্য; বলসং দাতালা। Yeomanry, ve man-ri, স. গৃহস্পত ; ভোগোৰ-সম্চ , প্রাকা; নৰ্মানাই; লোড্যার সম্প্রায়; The collective body of fre holders.

Yes, ves, ad दें। आका ; डाई बढ़ें, कि बढ़ें ; A word of affirmation or consent ; ay.

Yest, n. yeart 99 (99)

Yoster, ১০ হৈল, a. খতকলা, পত দিলেঁড; বিগত, পত : Relating to yesterday; last.

Yesterday, yester-da, n. गठकला; गठ नियम; The day last past: -ad. गठ नियम।

Yesternight, yester-mt, n. अठ तकनी; विशव तकनी; The might last past.

Yet, yet, ad. জাবও; এখনও; তখনও; এবাবং; এ প্রস্তু; তথাচ; Sull; at this time; at least, even; hitherto; up to the present time, besides; in addition:—corj. তথাপি; তবুও; তথাচ, Nevertheless; however. Syn:—(ad) Besides, further; thus far.

As yet-4 9418 1

Yow, J. n. 34 acet , An evergreen tree.

Yield, yrld, v. t. [A. S. geldun, geldun, to render] স্থাকাৰ-কু; তেও , To grant; to allow :—
পে কয়; To give forth:—ব্রচ-কু; To expend:—
উৎপাদন-কু; উৎপল্ল কু; To produce:—ছাণ্ড্যা-লে;
ডাগা-কু; To resign:—ভাগা-কু; To give up .—v.
i. হার মানা; নিরজ-হ:—বনীভূত-হ; বহুতা স্থাকার-কু;
বশ্বতা-হ, To submit:—অনুদোধ ক্লা-কু; To comply with:—সমত-হ; হান চাডিলা ব্যেক্যা:—n. উৎপাল্ল ক্রা; উৎপালি: Amount yielded; product.
Syn:—(v) Bear, afford, furnish, exhibit; admit, concede, surrender, relinquish, forego; succumb, submit; bend, relax, give way; assent.

Yield the palm—কাহারও অপেকা কোন অংশে হীৰ হওয়া; কাহারও নিকট ন্যুনতা বীকার-ক; Be inferior to; admit one's inferiority to another.

Yield to—হারমানা; অগতা। বাঁকার-ডু; Submit to, comply with, give way to.

Yield to temptation— প্রাণ্ডনে বনীতৃত-ছ; To suffer one's self to be per-uaded or induced to do something improper or wrong. [ render. Yield up—মামা ডাগে করিবা কোন কিছু-দে; Sur-Yield up the ghost, Yield up the breath (or the life)—মুমা; প্রাণ্ড্যাগ-ড়; Expire.

Yielding, yelding, a. अन्त्राची, रक्का चीचांत्रकाती; Compliant:—चनेक्ठ। Syn:—Submissive, complying, accommodating, unresisting, facile.

Yoke, yök, n. বৃগ ; ঘোষাল ; The frame of wood joining oxen for drawing :— পৃথাল ; A chain :— বৃগ্ম ; লোড়া :— লাসভাষ চিছ ; লাসহ : A mark of servitude ; slavery :— ৩. t. ঘোষালিতে বজন-কু ; ঘোষা ; বৃহকু ; ঘোষাল-দে ; To put a yoke on :— মাস-কু ; মাসক-মুখাল বজ-কু , আধীল-কু . To enslave. Syn :— (m) Bond, ligature, link, tie; servitude, service, bondage, vassalage. (v) Couple, join, connect, associate; harness.

Shake (or throw) off the yoke of— সার অপীনতা বা বজতা বীকার না তৃ; Cease to acknowledge the supremacy of.

Yoke-fellow, Yoke-mate, n. সক্তর: সজী; Associate; a mate or fellow. [part of an egg. Yolk, n. ভিষেব পীডাংশ: তক্ত মধ্য: The yellow Yon, ad. দূবে; ওপিকে, ঐ, তথানে, At a distance within view; that —n. সম্পাত্ত; Being at a distance; within view.

Yonder, a. এ দুৰবন্তী : ই ওপানে ক্সিড : At a distance within view :—ই ওপান : Over there.

Yore, ad. বছকাল পূৰ্বো . পুরাধানে , In old time ; in time being past.

Of yore-প্ৰাকাৰে; প্ৰাচীনক'লে; ক্কাৰ পূৰ্বে; Formerly; in time long past.

You, pron. and person r! but also used in the singular. তুনি; ভোনরা, আপনি, তুই; ভোকে; ভোমাদিগকে।

Young, a. নালক; চকণ. করি: অবনবন্ধ; Not long born; juventle:—জনভিন্ধ; Inexperienced:— যৌবৎ; যৌবনবৎ: যুবান; গাব! ছেটি; ছুর্বন:—বংস; শাবক; ছানা; বাজ্ঞা; The off-spring of animals. With young—গঠনতী।

Young Bengal-नग शकाशो मध्यनार ।

Younger brother—োড ভাই ; কনিষ্ঠ ; অবুজ । Youngest brother—সৰ্কনিষ্ঠ ভাই ।

Youngish, a. वानकदर : अजवनक ; Somewhat

young. { animal. Youngling, n. বালক; A young person or Youngster, n. বালক; A lad.

Your, pro. তোমান্ত ; তোমানের ; আপনাত্ত ; আপনাত্ত ; a noun.
Yours, pro. possessive of you, not followed by
Yourself, pro. sing. আপনাতে; তুমি আপনি ;
আপনিই ; Your or own self or person. [দিগতে।
Yourselves, pro. pl. c গ্ৰামানই ; আপনাত্ত ; আপনাYouth, yooth, n. যৌবন ; যৌবনান্তা; যৌবনকাল;
Part of life that follows childhood:— ব্বা;

युवक्षन ; A young person : - व्वास्त्राक ; श्लाकत्रा ;

TECT; Young persons taken together. Syn:-Juvenility, adolescence, minority; boy, lad,

Youthful, yoothifool, a. कोरनकालीम ; उन्देवहक . नरीन : र्योवन 'म्यकीत , Pertaining to youth :-বৌৰনের উপযুক্ত, Suitable to youth .- সভেজ, Fresh; vigorous. n-youthfuless Syn: - | Yuletide, n. Christian time

Young; puerile, juvenile, boyish. Youthfulness. #. नरीनक . उक्र १ Yucca, a. कुनगांक वित्नव ; A genus of tree. Yuan, n. नानव नित्नन ; The crowned gibbon. Yule, al, n English feast of the midwinter, now hold at Christmas.

🖫 है: ब्रांखि वर्गमानाद वहेवि न वर्ग न वक्त ; The 26th letter of the English Alphabet.

Zacintha. " উদ্ভিদ বিশেষ , A plant

Zain, v. जब बिल्ब . A horse of a dark color.

Zamia, n. mismaia Gier facet. A genus of plants. f an Indian and Negro Zambo, vambo, n. वर्णकर विम्नव, Offspring ol

Zamism, n soila, কৰবাৰি, Bulloonery.

Zeny, cáni, n się, se. विश्वक, A bufloon; merry andrew.

Zeal. 701, n [ G sel s, real, jerlousy ] Berrs उरवना , आंबर ; नाबड़ा , Passionati ardour in the pursuit of any thing, earne-triess. Syn -Eagerness, enthusiasm unirgy, fervour

Zeal for-कान हेरे जावनार्थ नित्र जनव बाधर वो कांक-Passionate ardour in the pursuor for the advancement.

Zealot, zelot, n उत्नाही, बाधहणन वर्णक: An enthusiast -डेरक्टेक्टन बार्माङ व छ , Fanatic,

Zealous, zelus, a डेश्माडी, देश्मांडनेव বার্গ . बांबर्यान , बाजांग्ल , Enthusiastic , ardent , earnest, passionate in any cause ad - realou, ly ( and site ), n = realou nes ( Tite and ) 1 Syn -Eager, fervent, ardent, strenuous, warm, passionate

Zebu, म ভারতবরীয গাভী , দেশ গব ।

Zedosny, n. বন আগ।

Zemindar, " अमे नात , ज्यामी , A linde aner Zemindary, n. \$7713, the land pos essed by a zamindar.

Zanans, n weigi . আলবাৰ।

Zebra, टट'bra, n. १६जवि ज यन नियम , दलना Striped wild horse I Per can diale t Zend, zend, n. পারজের অ'টান ছালা , An ancient Zend Avesta, rend i-ve ti, n পালিব বহ 184; Holy S.ripture of the fire worshippers in 1 Persia.

Zenith, ze'nith, n. मन्दर्कार्च क क्रिन नाला निम् , निहाfam, Point in the visible he winly sphere which is over the head of the beholder -अकुछड़ा, छक्रजान ; उक्रमीमा, Greatest height Syn -Summit, top, apex.

To be in zenith—উরতির পরাকার্চার থাকা।

Zophyr, ट्रॉ'टा, n. मृहमन वांबू , शन्तिमवांषू , A solt, gentle breeze, west wind

Zephyr cloth → रुख भगभी त्यु दिश्या। Zephyrus, n. मन्त्रिमिक्य नायू ; I he west wind.

Zero, zt'ro, n. 90; fan, Cupher. pl=zeros, zeroes Syn .- Nothing, naught

Zest, rest, n [Per sistan to peel] (बबुद (बाना ; লেব্ৰ তেল, Piece of orange or lemom peel used to give flavour to liquor -আপাদন , কুখাদ , মিট্র-ৰদ, Pleasant taste, relish —v t. (ৰেৰু) কুল कुछ बर्ट बिडि-क , तम-त्म | Syn -Flavour, sayour, gusto, smack, twang, keen, enjoyment.

Zeugma, n. वाका नहारत लाव वि:मव , शवन्ति । Zous, n discorris aufa (1935), Est. The Greek name of Jupiter

Zibet, Zibeth, n. পটাস . সক্ষেক্লা :

Zigzag, a दक, कारा दीवा, त्यांत (क्या, क्रेन, Having short sharp turns , crooked -v. : 44ell कड़ी, lo torm with shirt turns - म काका वैक्षि किन कि , Something that his hort turn, Zine, zink, n wal, A bluish white mit il some what like tin -v. t wat feet 4199-5, (4151) a=/incous rincy

Zincography, a. पन्ताव गामाच मुमानन विभाग। Zinc sheet -#3'7 5'#4 | Zion, " The church of God - 1 hill of Jera-

Daughter of zion-- J rue ilem

Zodiac, Lidi-ak, n 31954, Birad circle in the heavens in which are the twelve signs - Thet, A girdle a=zodical ( 41004 मुक्कीय )। ् वांना

The sign of the zodiac-gravatily sive Zoic, त डे वज्ञानवशीव।

Zone, 100, n (443), 40, (sirdle - 7646. #81. Division of the Earth according to temperature of the attitudes e=roned Syn -Belt, bildrie, circuit, circumterence, region, clime. The two frigid zones - 54'4-" sata !

The two temperate zones-RH 46 198 1 Zoography, n affi-4 sts. A description of arimals, their forms and habits.

Zoological garden, n and for; Collection of in mals in a public garden

Zoologist, 10010-114, n. आनितिकान विनातन ; वान्डिवानर পरिकेड, One who is well versed in zoology.

Zoology, zoolojy, n आवितिकाा ; औवविकाा . आवि-1318, etthise, Natural history, science of animals a=zoological (প্ৰাপ্তৰ সম্বনীয়)।

Zoomancy, n कीनवस्त्र भ जापि पर्नत्न करिकार कावन । Zoophyto, 200-fit, 2 43 9 44 42 337 444 বপ্ত , ভাছদ ও প্রাণা এতছভর ধশাক্রান্ত জীব , Polyp; coral.

Zootechny, # क्षीनकहुत भागन ७ भाग मध्योत Zootomy, n कीवरवह-नाब/क्ष्म निवा , The science which treats of the anatomy of animals.

Sous, n. 34 cain firmita

Zourve, :: আয়বিদ বেশবারী করাসী সৈন্ত নিশেব. A seldier in the french service, originally Arabs. Zounds, zounds, int. কোবাদি অকাশক অন্যৱ; Of wender or anger.

Zulu, n. prop. প্রিণ আবেধিকাব মাচনিক কান্ত্রী আতি বিশেষ, Tribe belonging to the Kaffir race.

Zymotie, ri-motik, a. বে সমন্ত রোপে পরীরের রক্ত দুবিত ব্যু, তৎস্কভ: পীজরাধান্তিত; পরীরাচ্যস্তরন্থ রসাদির বিকার ধারা উৎপন্ত: Pertaining all diseases, as Cholera, typhus, &c., in which a poison works through the body like a ferment.

Zymotic desesse—ভানবসন্তাদি সংকাষক রোগ ; An epidemic contagious desesse,

## APPENDIX.-A.

### ABBREVIATIONS.

A or a. Adjective ; Afternoon ; Acre ; Alto, in commerce, accepted ; in Metric system, Arc. a. or (a, (1.. ad) To or at. [ qu intity a. or and (Cit. and) (Med) of each the same A. or Ans. Answer. A. A. G. Assistant Adjutant General. A B. (1. Artsum Baccalaureus) Bachelor of Arts .- Able bodied scaman. Abbr. Abbreviated , Abbreviation. A. B. C. F M American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions. Abl Abiat ye. Ahp Archbishop. A C. 379 . Ante Christum. Abr. Abridgment. Acc. Accusative Ace Acet, or ale Ente, Account, Acc. or act Active. Acet. Cur Account Current. Acct Sales. Account of Siles. Loid A. D. (L. Anno Domini) In the year of our Ad. or Adv Adverb. A. d. After date. Adang. (It. adagio) A slow movement in music. A. D. C (F.) वाकामराव e वाय श्रीतान वालराज अवस्त ; Aid-de-Camp. Ad. inf. (1. ad inf netwe) Without limit. Ad inf (L. ad interim) In the meanwhile. Adit .- Adjutant. 1 pleasure Ad lib ( L. ad libitum ) यरभाक भविषात्व, At Adm. Admiral, Admiralty. Admr, Administration. Admx, Administratrix. [ ment. Adv. Advocate, Advent, Adverb, Advertise-Æ or Æt. (L. actatic) Of age, aged. A. F. A. M. Ancient Free and Accepted Masons. Ag. (L. argentum) Silver. Agt. Agent. A. H. (L. Anno Hegirae) बहुद्यस्य भनाष्ट्रम इकेट दम अन्तात्र : In the year of the Hegira, or flight of Mohammed--i. e. A. D. 623. Al. Aluminium. Ala, Alabama.

A/cx-Alexander. Alt-Altitude. A M. (L. Artium Magister) কণাভিত্ত; অধীতfart , Master of Arts .- (L. Ante Meridiem) त्रकारक ; Before noon.-(L. Anno Mundi) In the year of the world. Am. Amer America, American. Americana. Amt. Amount. An (L Anno) In the year. Aron fanial , Anonymous. Aus Answer. Art er Artiq. প্রত্তব্জ ; প্রাচীনকার ; Antiquities. Ap. Apostle, April. Apo. Apogee. Arp পৰিশিষ্ট ; Appendix. Apr. April. Aq (L. aqua) Water. A. Q. M. G. Assistant Quarter-master General. A R A Associate of the Royal Academy. Arith Arithmetic. Ari: Arizona Territory. Ark. Arkansas. A S Anglo-Saxon. As Arsenic , Astronomy. Asst महकाती , Assistant. Actrol. Astrology. Astron. Astronomy. Ats. At suit of. Att or At'y. Attorney. Atty. Gen. Attorney General. Au (L. Aurum) Gold. A. U. C (L. Anno ab Urbe Condità) In the year from the building of the city, i. c. Rome. Aug. August. Aur. (L Aurum) Gold. A. V. Authorized version. Aroir. Avoirdupois. b sta , Boin. B Book, Baron. B. A Bachelor of Arts; British America. Br Barium. Bal. Balance. Bar. Barleycorn, Barrel.

Bart, or Bt. Baronet.

Rbl. Bl. Barrel, Barrels. B. C শৃত্যুক ; Before Christ. B. C. L. Bachelor of Civil Law. B D. Bachelor of Divinity. Bd. Bond, Bound. Rdls. Bundles. Bds. (Bound in) Boards. Be (L. Beryllium) Glucinum. Rgs. Bags. Ri Biemuth B. I. British India. Bib. Bible, Biblical. Biog. Biography. Bk. Bank, Book. Bkts. Baskets. B. L. Bachelor of laws. BIL. Bill of Landing. Els. Bales. B.o. Buyer's option. Bor. Boron, Borough. Bot. Bought. Bp Bishop. Bone. Barque. Br. Brother ; Bromine ; Brig ; Britain ; British. Brig Bigade; Brigadier. Bro. Brother. BIS. Bill of Sale. Bu. Bushel. B. V. (L. Beata Virgo) Blessed Virgin.-(L. Benevale) hare well. Brs. Boxes. C. Carbon .- (I. Centum) A hundred; Cent; Centigrade thei mometer ; Centime. c. Cents. C. or Cap. (L. Caput) Chapter. C. A. Chartered accountant, clo. In care of. Ca. Calcium. ca. Centare. Cal. California: Calendar, -( L. Calendar ) Calends. Cam. Camb. Cambridge, Can. Canon. Cant. Canticles. Cantab. (L. Cantabrigiensis) Of Cambridge University, Eng. Caps. Capitals. Cap. Capital :- (L. Caput) Chapter, Capt. Captain. Cash. Cashier. Cat. Catalogue. Cath. Catholic. C. B. Companion of the Bath. C. C. Circuit Court; Chancery Cases; County Commissioner; County Court, Contra Credit. C. C. P. Count of Common Pleas. Cd. Cadmium. C. E. Canada East; Civil Engineer. Ce. Cerium. Cen. Centime.

Cent. ( L. Centum ) #5; A hundred.

Cf. or cf. ( L. confer ) जूनना क्य ; त्न्य ; Compare.

C. F. I. Cost, Freight, and Insurance. Ce. Centigram. C. G. H. Cape of Good Hope. C. H. Court-House; Custom-House, Ch Church, Chancery; Chapter. Chal. Chaldron. Chanc. Chancellor. Chap. WITH, Chapter; Chaplain. Char Charterer. Ohem. Chemistry. Chron. ( hronicles ; Chronology. Cit. Citation : Citizen. Civ. Civil. C. J. Chief Justice. Cks. Casks. Cl. Clergyman; Clerk; Chlorine. cl. Centiliter. cld. Cleared. Clk Clerk. C. M. Common Meter. on Centimeter. Co. Cobalt ; Company ; County. Coch or Cochl. ( L. Cochleare ) A spoonful. C. O. D. Cash (or Collect) on Delivery. Col. Colonel; Colorado; Colossians, Columbia. Coll. College; collector; Colleague. Coll. collog. हिन्ड क्थार ; Colloquial. Com. Commissioner : Commodore : Committee : Commerce; Commentary; Commissary; Common. Comdg. Commanding. Comdt. Commandant. Comp Compare, Comparative, Compound Con. ( L. contra ) fares ; Against , In opposition. Con. or Cr. Contra, Credit. Cong Congress; Congregation, Congregationalist. Conj. Conjunction. Conn. or Ct. Connecticut. Const. Constable; Constitution. Confr. 可作時間, Contraction. Co. Counthians. Cor. Mem. Corresponding member. Corol. Corollary. Cor. Sec. Corresponding Secretary. Cos. Cosine. C. P. Court of Probate; Common Please. G P. S (I.. Custos Privati Sigilli) Keeper of the Privy Seal. Cr उद्भन ; Credit ; Creditor ; Chromium. Crim. Con. Criminal Conversation, or Adultery. Cs. Cæsium, Cases. C. S. Court of Sessions; Clerk to the Signet :-(Custos Sigilli) Keeper of the Scal. C. S I. Companion of the Star of India. Ct. Connecticut : Count ; Court. Ct. or ct. Cent, - (L. Centum ) A hundred. Cts or cts. Cents. Cu. ( L. Cuprum ) Copper. C. W. Canada West. Cur, curt. 5 (48 414; Current.

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Cut. or cut. ( L. centum, 100, and E weight ) A
                                                  E. TR : East : Earl : Erbium.
 hundred weight.
                                                  ea. Each.
D. Didymium.
                                                  E. and O. E. Errors and omissions excepted.
D. or d. Day; w; Died; Dime; Daughter;
                                                  Eb. Erbium.
 Deputy; Degree .- (L. Denarius or denarii)
                                                  E. C. Eastern Central ( Postal District, London).
 शैनाइ : A penny, or pence.
                                                   Eccl. or Eccles. Ecclesiastes : Ecclesiastical.
                                                  Ecclus. Ecclesiasticus.
D. or d. or dol. Dollar.
Dak. Dakota.
                                                  Bd. অভ্ৰক্তা ; Editor ; সংকরণ ; Edition.
                                                  Edon. Edinburgh.
Dan. Danish ; Daniel.
                                                                                        [ English.
Dat. or dat. Dative.
                                                  E. E. প্ৰমাণ বাডীড: Errors excepted; Ells
D. C. District of Columbia. (It. Da Capo)
                                                  E, E. and M. P. Envoy Entraordinary and
 Again, or From the beginning.
                                                   Minister Plenipotentiary.
D. C. I. Doctor of Civil (or Canon) Law.
                                                  e. g. (L. exempli gratia) 111 : For example.
2. d. Days after date.
                                      Divinity.
                                                  E. I. East Indies, or East India.
D. D. (L. Divinitatie Doctor ) Doctor of
                                                   Elec. Electricity.
D. D. S. Doctor of Dental Surgery.
                                                   E. Lon. East longitude.
Dec. December : Declination : Declension.
                                                   E. N. E. East-North-East.
Def. or def. Difinition.
                                                   Eng. England : English.
Def. or Deft. व्यक्तिवामी ; Defendant.
                                                   Engin. Engineering.
Deg. or deg. 374; with; Degree.
                                                  Eph. Ephesians; Ephraim.
Del. Delaware ; Delegate.
                                                  Eq. Equal, Equivalent, Equity.
Del or del. (L. delineavit) He or She, drew it-
                                                  Esd. Esdras.
 affixed to the draughtsman's name.
                                                  E. S. E. East-South-East,
Dem. Democrat ; Democratic.
                                                  Esq. or Esqre. Esquire.
Deb. Deputy : Department.
                                                   Esth. Esther.
                                                                              ( aliae ) And others.
Dept. Department ; Deponent.
                                                   et al. ( L. et alibi ) And elsewhere .- ( L. et alii
Deut. Deuteronomy.
                                                   Etc, etc. or &c. (L. et caeteri caet erae or
Dft. or dft, Defendant ; Draft.
                                                    caetera ) इंटापि ; And others ; and so forth.
D. G. (L. Dei Gratid) By the grace of God.
                                                   et. seg. (L. et seguentes or et sequentia) 49: 5%-
ig .- Decigram.
                                                    পরবর্ত্তী : And the following.
Dg. Dekagram.
                                                   Ex. উপাহরণ ; Example , Exodus.
D. H. Dead Head.
                                                   Exc. Excellency : Exception.
Di. Didymium.
                                                   Ench. Exchequer, Exchange.
Diam. or diam. Diameter.
                                                   Exec, or Exr. Executor.
Dict. Dictionary.
                                                   Every or Ev's. Executrix.
Dig. Digest.
                                                   Exod. Exedus.
                                                   Exp. Export ; Exporter.
Dioc. Diocese, Diocesan.
Discl. Discount.
                                                   Er or Esr. Erra.
                                                   Ezek. Ezekiel.
Dist. District.
Dist. Atty. District Attorney.
                                      Divisor.
                                                   F. Fahrenheit; France; French, Fellow;
                                                    Franc , Finday ; Fluorine ; Feminine ; Florin :
Div. Dividend; Division, Divide, Divided,
D. L. Deputy Lieutenant.
                                                    Farthing , Foot ; Folio.
D. Lst. Doctor of Literature.
                                                   F. A. A. Free of All Average.
dl. Deciliter.
                                                   Fahr, Fah, or F. Fahrenheit.
Dl. Dekaliter.
                                                   Far. Farnery ; Farthing.
                                                    F. A. S. Fellow of the Society of Arts; Fellow
 D. L. O. Dead-Letter office.
 D. M. Doctor of Music.
                                                    of the Antiquarian Society.
                                                   F. C. Free Church (of Scotland).
 dm. Decimeter.
 Dm. Derkameter.
                                                   Fup. or fep. Foolscap.
                                                   Fe. ( L ferrum ) lion.
 D. M. D. Doctor Dental Medicine.
 Do. or do. (It. Ditto) A; The same.
                                                    Feb. February.
                                                    Fem. or fem. Feminine.
 Dols. or dols. Dollars.
                                                    Fi. fa. (1. fiers facias) Cause it to be done.
 Dox. or dos. wing; Dozen.
                                                    Fig. or fig. Figure, figures, figuratively.
 D. P. Dactor of Philosophy.
 Det. Deponent.
                                                    Fin. Financial.
                                                    Fir. or fir. Fickin.
 Dr. Debtor ; Docter ; Dram.
                                   of the play.
                                                    Fl. Flora, Florin; Flourished.
 Dram. Pers. (L. Dramatis Personal) Characters
 D. S. (It. Dal Segno ) From the Sign.
                                                    Fla. Florida.
                                                    F. M. Field-marshal.
 d. s. Days after sight.
                           [ Doctor of Divinity.
D. T. Dakota Territory-( L. Doctor Theologiae
                                                    Fo or Fol. Polio.
                                                    F. O. B. Free on Board.
   V. (L. Dec volente) God willing.
                                        weight.
   it. (L. Denarius and E. weight) Penny-
                                                    Fr. France, Francis; French; Francs.
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F. R. A. S. Fellow of the Royal Astronomical
                                [ Physicians
 Society.
F. R. C. P. Fellow of the Royal College of
F. R. C. S. Fellow of the Royal College of
 Surgeons.
F. R. G. S. Fellow of the Royal Geographical
F. R. S. Fellow of the Royal Society
F. R. S. E. Fellow of the Royal Society,
 Edinburgh.
F. R S. L. Fellow of the Royal Society of
 Literature, Fellow of the Royal Society,
 London.
F. S A. Fellow of the Society of Arts.
Fr . French.
Ft or ft. Foot, Feet , Fort.
Fth. Fathom.
Fur or fur Furlong.
Fut. or fut Future.
F. Z. S. Fellow of the Zoological Society.
C. Genitive , Glucmum , Guide
G. or g Guinea, Guineas, Gult,
g Gram
G. A General Assembly.
Ga. Georgia.
Gal. Galatians.
Gal. or gal Gallon; Gallons.
G. A. R. Grand Army of the Republic.
G. B. Great Britain.
G. B & I Great Britain and Ireland.
G. C Grand Chapter, Grand Chancellor;
 Grand Conductor.
G. C. B. Grand Cross of the Bath.
G. C. I. E. Grand Commander of the order of
 the India Empire.
Gen. Genesis, General, Genitive, Generally
Gent, Gentleman.
Geo. George.
Geog Geography.
Geol. Geology, Geologist
Ger. or Germ German, Germany.
G', (L glossa) A gloss.
G. M. Grand Master.
Gov Governor
G. P O General Post Office.
Gr. Great Greek, Gross.
Gr. or gr Grain, Grains
G. T. Good Templars, Grand Tyler.
Gtt. ( L. gutta, guttae ) Drop, Drops.
Gun. Gunnery.
                    [ 20], WS, Hour Hours.
H Hydrogen.
H. or h High, Height, Harbor, Husband,
Ha. Hectare.
Hab. Habakkuk.
Hog. Haggai.
H. B. C Hudson's Bay Company.
H B. M. His ( or Her ) Britannic Majesty
H C. M His (or Her) Catholic Majesty.
Hakf. Handkerchief.
Hebr Hebrew, Hebrews.
Hf. bd. at at . Half bound.
Hf chts. Half Chests.
Hg. Hektogram.
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H G. Horse (suards.
                                  I Highness.
H H His Holiness (the Pope); His (or Her)
Hhd. or hhd. Hogshead.
H. I. H. His (or Her) Imperial Highness.
Hil Hilary.
Hist History.
                                     buried.
H. J S. (L. Hie Jacot Sepultus) Here hes
HI Hectolster.
Hm Hectometer.
H M His (or Her) Majesty.
H M P. (L. Ilve Monumentum Posnit) Built
                                 [ or Service.
this monument,
H W S His ( or Her ) Majesty's Steamer, Ship,
Hon Plants , Honorable , Hon'ble.
Hos Hosea.
                                     Priest.
H P अपन का, Horse Power, Halfpay, High
H R House of Representatives.
H R E Holy Roman Empire, or Emperor.
H R H. His ( or Her ) Royal Highness.
H S H His (or Her ) Screne Highness.
Hund Hundred.
Hy. (NL. Hydrargyrum) Mercury.
I lodine, Island.
la Indians,
                                      place.
Ib, Ibid (L Ibidem) (河南 東京田寺, In the same
Id (L Idem ) A. The same-Idaho.
I. e, or s e ( L. Id est ) wife, That is.
I. H S. (L lesur for Jesus, Homenum
 Salvator ) Jesus the Savior of Men.
Ill Illinois.
                                   [ Importer
Imp Imperial, Emperor, Imperfect, Import;
In. Inch , Inches , Indium.
inceg (It. incognito) warder. Unknown.
Ind Indiana, India, Indian, Index, Indicative.
Int I. Indian Territory.
                                    [ dignity.
Infra aiz, infra dignifatem. Beneath one's
Int or inf Infinitive, Infantry, (L. infra)
 Beneath Below, or Hereinafter.
In tim ( L. In limine ) MIRCE, At the outset.
In loc, in leso (1 ) TRICH. In its place.
IVRI(L lesus [ or Jesus ] Nanarenus,
 Rea Judacorum ) Jesus of Nazareth, King of
 the Jews.
                       [ Institute , Institution.
inst listant, -वर्डमांन मान , In the present month ;
Int or ent 97 , Interest,
Intery. Interjection.
Intr Introduction
Intrans Intransitive.
In trins ( L. In transit : ) 74, In the passage.
Introd Introduction.
Inv Invoice.
I O G. T. Independent Order of Good Templars.
I O B R Independent Order of B'nas B'rith.
1. 0 0 F Independent Order of Odd Fellows.
I. O. U. আমি ভোমার নিকট বারি , I owe you-an
 acknowledgment for money.
: q (L. idem quod) The same as,
Ir. Iridium , Ireland , liish.
Ire. Ireland
Is. or Isa Isaiah.
Isl. or isl. I land.
It. or Ital. Italine ; Italic.
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I. T. Indian Territory ; Inner Temple,
J. Jadge, or Justice-IJ, Justices.
J/a. Joint account.
J. A. Judge Advocate.
Jam. Jamaica.
Jan. January.
Jap. Japan.
                                      Cæsar.
Jas. James.
J. C. JESUS CHRIST; Justice Clerk; Julius
J. C. D. (L. Juris Civilis Doctor) Doctor of
J. D. (L. Jurum Doctor ) Doctor of Laws.
Jer. Jeremiah.
I. G. W. Junior Grand Warden.
Jno. John.
Jo. Joel.
Jona. Jonathan.
Jos. Joseph.
Josh. Joshua.
J. P. Hile-new ; Justice of the Peace.
J. Prob. Judge of Probate.
fr. or jr. cels ; Junior.
J U. D. (L. Juris Utriusque Doctor ) Doctor of
 both Laws (i. e. the Canon and the Civil Law).
Jud. Judith.
Judg. Judges.
Jul. July : Julius ; Julian.
Jun, June, Junior,
Jur. Jurisprudence ; Jurist. [ um ] Potassium.
K. King , Knight ; Kilogram ( Kilo ) .- ( Kali-
Kan, Kansas.
K. B Knight of the Bath ; King's Bench.
K. C. B. Knight Commander of the Bath.
Ken. or Ky. Kentucky.
Kil. Kilderkin.
R. G. Knight of the Garter.
K. G. C. Knight of the Grand Cross, Knight of
 the Golden Circle.
                                        Bath.
K. G C. B. Knight of the Grand Cross of the
Ki Kings.
Kl Kiloliter.
K. L. H. Knight of the Legion of Honor.
Km. Kilometer.
Knt. or Kt. Knight.
Kr. Kreutzer.
Ky. Kentucky.
                                        I Line.
L. Lady; Laun; Lord; Low; Lithium, Lake;
L. 1b. or B. ( L. Libra ) A pound in weight.
L. l. or £. A pound sterling.
La. Lanthanum : Louisiana.
Lam. Lamentations.
Lat. or L. Latin.
Lat. or lat, ways: Latitude.
Lb. lb. or B. (L. Libra) A pound in weight.
L. C. Lower Canada; Lower Case; Lord Cham-
 berlain; Lord Chanceller.
L/c. Letter of Credit.
                                  before cited.
L.c. Lower case-(L. loco citate) In the place
Ld. Lord.
 Ldp. or Lp. Lordship.
 Las. or les. League.
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Led, Ledger. Leg. or Legis. Legislature. Lev. Leviticus, L. I. Long Island; Light Infantry. Li. or L. Lithium. Lib. or lib. ( L. liber ) Book ; Library ; Libra-Lieut. or Lt. Lieutenant. Linn. Linnaean ; Linnaeus. Lit. जामन बारन ; नजार्त ; Literally. Liv. Livre. [ Laws. L. L B. (I.. Legum Paccalaureus) Bachelor of L. L. D. ( L. Legum Doctor ) Doctor of Laws. L. L. I. ( Lord Lieutenant of Ireland. . Loc. cit. ( I. loco citato ) In the place cited. Lon. Long. Bifun , Longitude. Lond. London. Log. Loquitur. ( L. ) Speaks. Lp. or Ldp. Lordship. L. S. I oft side-(I. Locus Sigilli ) Place of the L. S. Iv. or l. s. d. (I. Isbra, Solidi Denarii) Pounds, Shillings, Pence. Lt. or Lieut. Lieutenant, La. Livre ; Livres. LXX. The Septuagint, M. Marquis; Monday; Monsieur; Morning. (L. Mille) Thousand, -(L. Meridies) Meridian, Noon, M. or m. Married, Masculine; Meter: Moon; Month, Months; Minute, Minutes; Mill, Mills; Mile, Miles; a Thousand (5 m.=5,000). M. A. Mister of Arts : Military Academy. Mac. or Macc Maccabees. Mad. or Mme. Madam. Maj. Major. Mal. Malachi. Manuf. Manufacture; Manufacturer. Mar March : Maritime, March. Marchioness. Marg Margin. Marg. Marquis. Mas. Masc. Masculine. Mass. Ma achusetts. Matt. Matthew. f of Medicine. M. B. (L. Medicinas Baccalaureus) Bachelor M. C. Member of Congress; Master of Ceremonies; Master Commandant. M. D. ( L. Medicinas Doctor ) Doctor of Medi-Md. Maryland. M. d. Months after date. Md!le. कुमारी , Mademoiselle ; Miss. M. D. S. Master of Dental Surgery. M. E. Methodist Episcopal; Military or Mechanical Engineer; Most Excellent. Me. Maine. Meas. Measure. Mech. Mechanics; Mechanical. Med Medical; Medicine. Mem. স্বৰ-বিশি; Memorandum; Remember. Messes, or MM. (F. Messieurs) Gentleman; Sirs. Meth. Methodist. Mr. Magnesium ; Myriagram. mg. Milligram.

M. G. Major General. Mgr. Monsignor. M. H. S. Massachusetts Historical Society; Member of the Historical Society. Mir. Micah. Mich. Michigan; Michaelmas. Mid. Midshipman. Min. or min. Minute, Minutes. Minn. Minnesota. Miss. Mississippi. ml. Milliliter. [ Gentlemen. Mile. Mademoiselle. MM. Their Majesties .- (F. Messieurs ) MM. Two thousand. Mm. Myriameter. mm. Millimoter. Mme. Madame.-- Mmes. Mesdames. Mn. Manganese. Mo. Missoure: Molybdenum. Mo. or mo. Month. Mod. Modern. Mod. or Mond. Monday. Mons. Monsieur, or Sir. Monsig. Monsignor. Mont. Montana Territory. Mos. or mes. Months. M. P. इं क्ला र गरानहाद नहा : Member of Parliament: Member of Police. M P. P. Member of the Provincial Parliament. M. R. A. S Member of the Royal Asiatic Society; Member of the Royal Academy of Sciences. Surgeons. M. R. C. S. Member of the Royal College of Mr. atq , Master, or Mister. Mrs. स्माचर . Mintress, or Missis. M/c. Month's sight. MS. Manuscript. MSS. Manuscripts. Mt. निन : रेननाजने : Mount, or Mountain. Mus. 7715; Music. Yus. B. Bachelor of Music. Music. Mus. D. Mus Dor. or Mus. Doct. Doctor of M. W. Most Worthy. M. W. G. M Most Worshipful Grand Master. N. 重要 所奉, North; Noon; Note, Name, New ; Nitrogen. N. or n. Noun ; Neuter ; Nail, nalis. N. A. North America. Na. ( L. Natrium ) Sodium. Nah. Nahum. Nat. Natural : National. Nath. Nathaniel. Naut. Nautical. Nav. Navigator ; Navy. Nav. Con. Navy Constructor. N. B. (L. Nota Bens) Note well, or take notice; New Burnswick. [ Church. N. C. North Carolina; New (Swedenborgian) N. D. No date. N. E. Guaya ; North-East ; Northern Eastern ( Postal District, London ), New England.

Neb. Nebraska.

Neh. Nehemiah. N. e. i. ( L. Non. est inventus ) He is not found. Nem. Con. ( L. Nemine contradicente ) No one [ dissenting. contradicting; unanimously. Nem Diss. (L. Nemine dissentiente) No one Neth. Netherlands. Neut. or neut. Neuter. Nev. Nevada. N. F. Newfoundland. N. H. New Hampshire. Ns. Nickel , Niobium. Ni. prs. ( Law ) Nisi Prius. N. J. New Jersey. N L. or n. l. ( L. non liquet ) It appears not; the case is not clear. N. Lat North Latitude. N. Mex. New Mexico Territory. N. N. E. North-North-East. N. N. H. North-North-West. No Norium. No. or no. (L. Numero ) 不可; Number. Not. pros. ( L. Nolle. Proseque ) Unwilling to prosecute, or proceed. Mem. or nom. Nominative. Non con. Non content, dissenting. Non Pros. or Non pros (L. Non presequitur) He does not prosecute,-a judgment entered against the plaintiff when he does not appear f not follow. to prosecute. Non seq. or non seq. ( L. Non sequitur ) It does Nes or nos. Numbers. Nov. November. N. P. Notary Public. N S. Norea Scotia , नवनकृष्टि ( वर्ष नगनांव ) ; New Style ( since 1752 ). N. T. New Testament; new translation. N. u. Name unknown. Num. of Numb. Numbers. Nua vom Nux vomica. N. W. Northern Western, (Postal District, London ) - 子母系-竹石耳; North-West. N IV. P. - 5 3 3 7 16 41 44; North-west Provinces. N. Y New York. N. Z. New Zealand. (), Ohio ; Oxygen , Old. o/a. On account of. o o. Per cent. Ob. or ab. ( L. Obsit ) 78; Died. Obad. Obadiah. [ Obsolete. Obj. or obj. objective; objection. Obs. Observation; observatory; Obt. or Obdt. Obedient. Oct. October. O. F. Odd Fellow. O. K. All Correct. Ol. ( I.. oleum ) Oil. Ont. Ontario. Ord. Ordinary; Ordinance. Oveg. Oregon. O. S. बाहोम ब्रीफ ; Old Style, (previous to 1752). Os. Osmium. O. S. A. (L. Ordinis Sancti Augustini) Augusti-

mians .- O. S. B. (L. O. S. Benezicti) Benedicti-P. R. Prize Ring; Porto Rico. nes .- O. S. F. (L. O. S. Francisci) Franciscans. Preb. Prebend ; Prebendary. Pref. Preface ; Prefix. O. T. Old Testament. Ozon. (L. Ozonia.) Oxford. Os. or os. all at the; Ounce, or ounces. (The s is here used to represent the character Z, anciently an abbreviation for terminations). P. or p. 1151; Page; Part; Phesphorus; Pint; Pipe ; Pale ; Pope. Pice. Pa. Pennsylvania. P. A. Post Adjutant. p. a. Participial adjective. Par. or ¶. Paragraph. Par. or -. Parallel. Parl. Parliament. Part or part. Participle. Pass. or pass. Passive. Payt. Payment. f of Philosophy. Pb. (L. Plumbum) Lead. P. B. (L. Philosophiae Baccalaurene) Bachelor Pd. # Paid : Palladium. [ Philosophy P. D. (L. Philosophiae Doctor) Doctor of Pe. Pelopium. P. E. Protestant Episcopal: Presiding Elder. P. E. I. Prince Edward Island. Penn. Pennsylvania. f vear. Per an. or per an. (L. Perannum) नारिक ; By the Per cent., per cant., Per et. or per ct. (L. per rentum ) MEWAT; By the hundred. Peri. Perigee. P. G. Past Grand. Pg. Portugal; Portuguese. Thr. Pharmacy. Ph. B. Bachelor of Philosophy. [ Philosophy. Ph. D. (1. Philosophiae Doctor ) Doctor of Phil. Philip; Philosophy; Philippians; Philemon. Phila. Philadelphia. Quire. Philom. ( L. Philomathes ) Lover of learning. Pine. pinx. Pxt. or pxt. (L. pinxit) He, or she, painted it. Pk. or pk. Peck. Pkgs Packages. Pl. or pl. Plural. P. L. Poet Laureate. Plff. Plaintiff. Plur. or plur. Plural. P. M. Post-master : Past Master : Past Midshipman ;- ( L. Post Meridiem ) 可可可要; Afternoon. General. Pm. Premium. P. M. G. Post-Master-General; Pay-master-P. N. Promissory Note. P. O. Post-Office. P. O. D. Pay On Delivery. Rb. Rubidium. P. O. O. Past-Office Order. Port. Portugal; Priuguese. Pos. pos. Poss. or poss. Possessive. pp. Pages. P. P. Please pay. [ 47; To take leave. P. P. C. (F. Pour Prendre Conge') विश्वा अक्रवन Pph. pph. Pamphlet. Pr. pr. (L. per) By the.

Prep. or prep. Preposition. Pres. সভাপতি ; President. Presb. Presbyterian; Presbytery. Pret. or pret. Preterit. Prim. Primate ; Primitive. Prof. 朝时河本; Professor. Pron. or pron. Pronoun. Itime being. Pro tem. or pro tem. (L. Protempore) For the Prov. Proverb ; Provost ; Province. Prox. (L. prezimo) आत्रात्री ; शरतद ; Next. Prus. Prussia : Prussian. P. S. (L. post scriptum) পুনত; গরে নিবিত্ত: Postscript ; Permanent Secretary ; Privy Seal. Ps. Psaim; or Psaim, Pieces. Pt. Pint ; Part ; Payment ; Platinum; Point ; P. T. O. Please turn over. Pul. Public; Publisher. Pub. Doc. Public Documents. Pulv. (L. Pulvis) Powder. Pun. Puncheon. Put, or put. Pennyweight. Pxt. or pxt. (L. pinxit) He or she, painted it. P. W. D. Public Works Department. Q. প্রস্ক ; Question ; Quintal. Q. or Qu. Query ; Question : Queen. Q. B. Queen's Bench. Q. C. Queen's Counsel. Q. d. (L. pugsi dicat ) As if he should say. Q. E. D. (L. quod erat demonstrandum ) Which was to be demonstrated. Q l. (L. quantum libet ) As much as you please. Q. M. Quartermaster. Q. M. G. Quartermaster General. Qr. or gr. Quarter (28 pounds); Farthing; (quantity. Q. s. or q. s. ( L. Quantum sufficit) A sufficient Ot. or at. Quast, Quantity. Qu. Queen, Question; Quarter. Qu. or Qy. (1 .. quaere) Query. Quad. Quadrant ; Quadrate, Quar. Quarterly. Ques. Question. Q. V. ot q. v. ( L. quod vide ) which see. R. Railrood; Réaumur; Réports; Rhodium; Rob : Rood .- ( L. Rex ) King .- (L. Regina) Queen.-(L. Recipe ) जरू क्य ; Take. R. A. Royal Accademy, or Academician; Royal Arch: Royal Artillery; Rear Admiral; Right Ascension; Russian America. Rad. ( L. Radts ) Root ; Redical. R. C. Roman Catholic. R. E. Royal Engineers. Rec. or R. बादबालक ; Recipe. Recd. Received. Re. Sec. Recording Secretary. [ ference. Recpt. जिल्ल ; Receipt. Ref. Reformed; Reformer; Reformation; Re-Reg. Register; Regular.

[ Half.

Regt. Regiment. S. J. C. Supreme Judicial Court. [Reports. Rep. Representative; Republic; Reporter; S. Lat. South Latitude. [ Major ; Sons of Malta. Rev. Reverend; Revelation; Revolution; Re-Sid. or sid. Sailed. view; Revenue; Revise. S. M. State Militia; Short Meter; Sergeant S. M. I. (F. Sa. Majeste' Impériable) His, or Rev. Ver. Revised Version. R. I. Rhode Island. Her, Imperial Majesty. R. N. Royal Navy. Sn. ( L. Stannum ) Tin. Rom. Roman; Romans. S. o. Seller's option. Soc. Society. Rom. Cath. Roman Catholic. [ Answer, if your please. R. R. Railroad. Sol. Solomon; Salution. R. S. V. P. (F. Re'pondes, s'il Vous Plait) S. P. C. K. Society for the Promotion of Chris-Rt. Hon. Right Honorable. tian Knowledge. Rt. Rev. Right Reverend. Sp. gr. Specific gravity. Ru. Ruthenium. S. P. Q. R. (1.. Senatus Populusque Romani) [ the following. Russ. Russia ; Russian. Senate and people of Rome. R. V. Revised Version. Sq. or sq. Square. (L. sequens, sequentia,) R. W. Right Worshipful. Sq. ft. or sq. ft. Square feet. Ry. Railway. Sq. in. or sq. in. Square inches. Signor; Scribe; Shilling. S. Saint; Sign; South, Sulpher; Sunday; Sq. m. or sq. m. Square miles. S. A. South America; South Africa. Sr. Sir, or Senior; Strontium. S. R. I. (L. Sacrum Remanum Imperium) Holy Sam. Samuel. Sa. Rs. Sicca Rupees. Roman Empire. Sat. Saturday. SS. or vs. (I. scalicet) Namely -(1. semis) 36. ( L. Stibium ) Antimony. S. S. Sunday School, Saint Simplicius (the S. C. South Carolina; Small Capitals. mark on the collor of the Chief Justice of Eng-S. C. S. caps. Small Capital. + [ it. land); Steamship. Sc or Sculp ( 1. sculpsit ) He, or she, engraved S. S. F. South-South-East. Sc. Scil. यथा ; Namely. S. S. W. South-South-West. Sc. B. Bechelor of Science. I Let it stand. Sc D. Doctor of Science. M. Saint; Statute; Street; Strait-(L. Stet). Scan. Mag (L. Scandalum Magnatum) A de-Stat Statute, Statutry. f of Divinity. famation of dignitaries. S. T. D. (L. Sacrae Theologiae Doctor ) Doctor Sch. or Schr Schooner. I fessor of Theology. Ster. stg. Sterling. Sch. or Schol. ( L. Scholium ) A note. S T P. ( L. Sacrae Theologiae Professor ) Pro-Sci. fa (L. Scire facias) Make known. Mr. Steamer. Scil. or Sc ( L. scilicet ) To wit; namely. Subj or subj. Subjunctive. Scr. Scruple. Subst Substantive , Substitute. [ graved it. Sun or Sund. Sunday. Script. Scripture. Sup. Superior, Supra. Supp. Supplement. Sculp. or sculp ( L. sculprit ) He, or she, en-Supt. Superintendent. S. E. 74-199; South-East, South-Eastern ( Postal District, London ). Surg Surgeon, Surgery. Se Selenium. S. V. or sub voce (L) Under the word or tittle. Sec. Second; Section. Surv Surveyor. S. W. South-West; South-Western (Postal Sec. Secy. WITS ; Secretory. Sec. Leg. Secretary of Legation .- ( L. Secun-District, London ), Senior Warden. Swits. Switzerland. dem Legem ) According to law. Sect. or sect. Section. Syn. of syn. Synonym. [ following. Syr. Syria; Syriac; Syrup. Sen. Senate ; Senator ; Senior. T. Tenor; Tuesday; Town: Town-ship; Terri-Sep. or Sept. September; Septuagent; The Seq. Seqq. ( L. sequentia ) The following ; the tory ; Ten .- (F. Tome ) Volume. [ average quality. Ta. Tantalum. next. Tal. qual. ( L. Talis qualis ) Just as it comes; Serg. or Serj. Sergeant, or Serjeant. Tart. Tartaric. Serv. or Servt. Servant. S. G. Solicitor General .- (L. Salutis Gratia) Tb. Terbium. Te. Tellurium. For the sake of safety ( =nsured ). Sk. Shilling. Tenn. Tennessec. Sh. Ship. Tex. Texas. I low of the Historical Society. S. H. S. (L. Societatis Historiae Socius ) Fel-Th. Thursday; Thomas; Thorium. Si. Siticium. Theor. Theorem. S. Isl. Sandwich Islands. Thess. Thessalonians. Thurs. Thursday. Sing. or sing. Singular. S. J. Society of Jesus. Tr. Titanium.

V. P. Vice President.

Tier, or tier. Tierce. Tim. Timothy. Tit. Titus, 77. Thallium. T. O. Turn over. Tob. Tobit. Tom (F. Tome ) Volume, [ tec. Tr. Translation; Transpose; Treasurer; Trus-Tres. Tierces. Treas. Treasurer. Trin. Trinity. Tu. or Tues. Tuesday. Typ. or Typo. Typographer. U. Uranium. U. C. Upper Canada. U. K United Kingdom. U. K. A. Ulster King at Arms. Ult. ult. or ulto. (L. ultimo) 可引多; 有多; Last, or of the last month. Unit Unitarian. Univ. University, Universalist. U. P. United Presbyterian, United Provinces. U S. United States .- वशायुक्त ; As above. U. S A. United States of America; United Marine States Army. U. S. M. United States Mail. United States U. S. M. A. United States Military Academy. U. S N United States Navy. U. S. V. United States Volunteers. Utah. L'tah Territory. Uz. ( L. uxor ) Wife. V. Vanadium, Victoria; Viscount, Verb; Verse, Vocative, Volume, Violin; Village .-(L. Versus) [Teres; Against .- (L. Vide) (RY , See. V. a. or v a. Verb active. Va Virginia. V A Vicar Apostolic; Vice Admiral. Vut Vatican. Cross V ( Vice Chancellor; Vice Chairman, Victoria Ven. Venerable. example. V. G. Vicar General, Vice Grand, 491, For V. s. Verb intransitive Vice pres Vice President. Vid. oi vid. ( I. vide ) Sec. Vis or vise. Viscount. Vis or vis. (1. videlicet) 441, Namely ; To wit. V. n. or v. n. Verb neuter. Voc. or voc. Vocative. Vot. or vol. Volume.

V. R. (L. Victoria Regina ) Queen Victoria. Vs. or vs. (L. versus) Against, or In opposition. Vt. Vermont. V. t. or v. t. Verb transitive. Vul. Vulg. Vulgate; Vulgar; Vulgarly. Vv. 11. ( L. Variae lectiones ) Different readings. W. West; Wednesday; Welsh; Warden.-(N. I.. Wolframium.) Tungssten. W. or w. Week. अन्तिम ; West. Wash. Washington Territory. W. C. Western Central (Postal District. London); Water Closet. Wed. Wednesday. W. f. Wrong font :- in printing. Whf. Wharf. W. I. West India, West Indies. Wisc. Wisconsin. Wied. Wisdom, The Book of. W. Lon. West Longitude. Wm William. W. M. Worshipful Master. W. N. W. West-North-West. Wp Worship W. S Writer to the Signet. W. J. W. West-South-West. Wt. or wt. Weight. W. Va. West Virginia, Wyo. Wyoming Territory. X. Christ. Xm. or Xmas. Christmas. Xn. Christian. Xt. Christ. Y. Yttrium. Y. or Yr वरमञ् , वर्ष , Year. 1'd 99 . Yard. Ye. or ve. The. I'r. ( ) पार ; your. ब्राव , younger. Yuc. Yucatan. Z Lero , Zone Z or Zr Zuconium. Zach Zichary. Zerh Zechanah. Zeph Zephaniah. Zn Zinc Zool Zoology. & And. 4 to Quarts. 8 Vo Octivo. 12 Mo. Deodecimo.

# APPENDIX.—B.

ing to

Age. (F) A termination of nouns having a collective or abstract meaning.

Al. (L.-alis) A termination of words from the Laun, denoting of, or pertaining to.

Ac. (Gr.-akes) A suffix signifying of or pertain- \ An. (L.-anus) A termination of nouns and adjectives from the Latin, denoting office. profes-[ ings or loose thoughts. ston, or character. Ana বাক্সমেছ : A collection of memorable say-Ance, Ancy. (L -antia) Terminations of some nouns having an abstract signification.

Ant. (L.—ans,—antis) A termination of adjectives from the Latin, expressing quality or habit; and of nouns denoting the doer of a thing.

Ar. (L.—aris) A termination of adjectives derived from the Latin, and denoting of, or pertain-

ing to.

Ard. The termination of many English words, is taken from the Goth. hardus. AS. heard, Ic. and E. hard, and appears in proper names; as, Renard, strong in counsel; Goddard, strong in, or through, God, etc. We find it also in appellatives, usually with a bad signification.

Ary. (L.—arius) A termination of adjectives from the Latin, denoting of, or pertaining to; and of nouns, denoting the doer of a thing.

Ate. (L.—atus) A termination:—1. Of verbs. 2. Of adjectives, implying nature, likeness, quality, agreement, effect, etc. 3. Of nouns, denoting (a) office or dignity; (b) the possessor of an office or dignity, (c) salts containing one degree or more of oxygen.

Ble, (L.—bilis) A termination of adjectives derived from the Latin, or formed on the same model, and signifying capable of living, or

worthy to be.

Cal, (L-cus) A termination of adjectives derived from the Latin or following the analogy of such and signifying of or pertaining to.

Cle, cule, ule, el, le, en, kin, let. et, ot, ling, pek, y, i. e.—diminutive.

Dom. A termination denoting jurisdiction or property and jurisdiction. It was originally doom, judgment. Hence it is used to denote state, condition, or quality.

Ean, (Gr.—aios or—eios, L—aeus,—ens) A termination of adjectives derived from Greek adjectives, or formed on the pattern of such adjectives, and denoting of or pertaining to

Ee.A termination of nouns, denoting one on or to whom something is done.

Eer, Ier. (F.—sere, ser) A termination of nouns denoting men from their occupations or employment.

En. A plural termination of nouns and of verbs formerly in use, as in housen, escapen, and retained in oxen and children. It is also still used as the termination of some verbs, as in hearken, from the Anglo-Saxon infinitive. It is also used to form from nouns adjectives expressing the material of which a thing is made.

En, বিশিত: Made of:—সৰ্বান, Belonging to. En-কৃ; To make.

Ence, Ency. (L.—entia) A termination of abstract nouns from the Latin, or of nouns that follow the analogy of nouns so derived.

Ent (L.—ens,-entis) A termination of nouns from the Latin, denoting the doer of a thing; or of participial adjectives expressing quality or habit.

Br. A termination of many English words, and the Teutonic form of the Latin or. It denotes an agent, and was originally of the masculine gender, but is now applied to men or things indifferently. At the end of names of places, or signifies a man of the place; thus, Londoner is the same as London man.

Escent. (L.—escens,—escentis) A termination of participial adjectives from the Latin, denoting progression, growing, or becoming.

Ess (F., from L.—ix) A termination of nouns feminine, distinguishing them from correspondent nouns masculine.

Ful. (Same as full) A termination of adjectives denoting plentitude or abundance, and generally formed from substantives.

Fy. (L. facere, fiers, F. fier) A termination of verbs, denoting to make, to become.

Hood. (AS. had, from had, state, sex, order, degree, person, form, manner, Goth. haidus) A termination denoting state or fixedness, condition, quality, character, totality. Sometimes it is written head.

Ic. (Gr.-skos, L-icus) A termination of adjectives denoting of, or pertaining to.

Ics—A termination of nouns, plural in form but singular in signification, applied to certain ariss or sciences. [noting quality.

Id. (L-idus) A termination of adjectives de-Ier. See Eer.

Ite. (L-1/15) A termination of adjectives from the Latin, denoting of, or pertaining to.

Ine (I.-inus) A termination of adjectives from the Latin, denoting of, or pertaining to.

Inn (L-io, gentive-ionis) A termination of abstract nouns derived from the Latin, or formed after the same analogy.

Ish. (A S. 15c, Goth isk, NHG.—isch) A termination a English words denoting diminution, or a small aegree of the quality. Ish annexed to proper names forms a possessive adjective. Annexed to common nouns, it forms an allective denoting a participation of the qualities expressed by the noun.

Ism ((n -ismos) A termination of nouns from the Greek, or of nouns formed on the same model as these, denoting terets, doctrines, or principles.

Ist. (Gr.—istes) A termination of nouns designating men from their occupations, pursuits, or principles.

Its. (L.-itus) A termination of nouns and adjectives. It is often used to form collective or centile names.

Ity. See Ty.

Ive. (L.-1vus) A termination of nouns and adjectives from the Latin, denoting ability, power, or activity.

Ise, Ise. (Gr.—isein) A termination of verbs from the Greek, or of verbs formed on the same model, and denoting to make, to cause, to be, to become.

Rin. (AS. cyn, cynd, kin, kind, offspring, race; s. rt. L. genus, Gc. genos, gonos) A diminutive termination denoting small, from the sense of child.

Le, A diminutive termination.

Less. A terminating syllable of many nouns and some adjectives. It is the AS. leds, s. rt. E. loose, fr. AS leosen, to lose. Hence, it is a privative word, denoting destitution; as, a witless man, a man destitute of wit; childless, without children.

Let. (F. dim. termination—et, as in islet, eaglet, baronet; with I inserted, as in streamlet, branchlet) A termination of diminutives; as, hamlet, a little house; rivulet, a small stream.

Ling. (AS.) A termination denoting condition, offspring or progeny.

Ly. (ME. lich, an abbreviation of AS. lic Goth. leiks, E. like) A termination of adjectives, as in lovely, manly, that is love-like, man-like. It is also a termination of adverbs (ME. liche. AS. lice).

Ment. A termination of nouns (formed often from verbs) denoting condition, state or act). Mony. (L. monium, -monia) A termination of nouns from the Latin, signifying actions, or an active faculty, being, or a state of being,

viewed abstractly.

Ness. (AS. ness,—niss, Goth—nassus) A termination of abstract names, denoting state or quality.

Ock. (AS.-ca or-uca) A diminutive termination of nouns.

Or. A termination of Latin nouns, denoting an agent. It is annexed to many words of English origin; as in lesser. In general, or is annexed to words of Latin, and er to those of English, origin. See Es.

Ory. (1..-orius) A termination of words, from the Latin denoting of, or pertaining to.

Ose, Ous. (L.—osws,—us) A termination of English adjectives (many of which derived directly from the Latin), denoting quality or property.

Ric. (AS. rice, ric; s. rt. I. rigere, to rule, and regio, region) A termination signifying jurisdiction, or a district over which government is exercised.

Ship. (AS. scipe, scype ir. scyppan, to mold, from, shape). A termination denoting state, office, dignity, profession or art.

Sion. See Ion.

Some. (AS. sum, Goth sama, like the same) A termination of certain adjectives. It indicates a considerable degree of the thing on quantity; as, mettlesome, full of mettle or spirit; gladsome, very glad or joyous.

Ster. (AS.—estre,—istre) A termination denoting skill or occupation. It was originally applied to denote the female agent in an action. Thus, songster signified, at first, a female who sings; but the ending ster having

at length, in a measure, lost its peculiar force, the feminine termination ess was appended to it; thus, songster became songsteress, or songstress with a double ending.

T. Th. (AS ) A termination of abstract nouns of Anglo-Saxon origin,

Tion. See Ion.

Tude. (L.-tudo) A termination of abstract nouns from the Latin, signifying action or an active faculty, being, or a state of being.

Ty. (L.—tas,—tatis, F.—te.) A termination of words denoting action or an active faculty, being, or a state of being, viewed abstractly.

Ure. (L.—ura) A termination of words derived from the Latin (often through the Italian or French), and denoting action or an active faculty, being or a state of being, viewed abstractly.

Ward, or Wards. (AS.—weard.—weardes; Goth.—vairths, allied to L. vertere, to turn, versus, toward) A suffix used in the composition of a large class of words, and denoting direction, or tendency to, motion toward, and the like.

Wise. (AS. wise, allied to guise) A termination of adverbs or conjunctions implying in the direction of, by way of, or in the manner of.

Y-19896; Full of.

#### PREFIXES.

A-on or in.
Am-চড়দিকে; চারিদিকে; Round, about.

Ambi-Both.

Amppi-উভয়; Both :-- চারিণিকে; Round, about.

Ana-Through or up.

Anti-বিপরীত ; Against, epposite to.

Apo-From.

Be-By, before, beside.

Cata-Down, downwards.

Circum-sofre ; Round about.

Cis-afret, On this side.

Con-Together, with.

Contra-freeza ; Against.

Counte-firem, Against.

De-Down, from.

Dia-इश किया ; Through. Dys-III, difficult.

En-sty; Well.

Eri-Upon.

Eso - (8 513 ; Into, in.

Ex-इक्ट ; वाहित ; From, out of.

Exo - Without.

Extra-offers; Beyond, on the outside.

For-Form, away.

Fire-Before.

Gain-1991₹ , Against.

Hyper-Over, above.

Hypo-Under.

In-On, in :-- 71; Not.

Inter-arm; Between.

Intra- 6 Sta ; In the side of, within.

Intro-Within, into.

Justa-fatt ; Close to, near.

Meta-Change. Mis- aw ; well ; Error, ill, wrong. Ne-mi; Not. Nec- # : Not. Nor-41 ; Not4 Out-aferia : Beyond. Over-Eminence. Para-Alongside, Per-Through. Peri-हाविभित्क ; Round. Post-After, behind. Pre-Before. Preter-ৰহিপত ; Beyond.

Pro-Forth, forward, for.

Re-प्नत्राप ; Back. Retro-451917; Going backwards. Se-Without, aside, Sine-15; Without. Subter-Under. Super-46 fif : Above, over. Supra- 45 शिक ; Over, above. f across. Trans-नाश्चित्र, अन्त्र नाद्य : Beyond, over, through, To- · This. Ultra-Beyond. Under-Below, under. Up-High, over. l'e-朝; Not, no. With-Against, back.

### APPENDIX.—C.

[ 1090 ]

WORDS AND PHRASES FROM THE GREEK, LATIN, FRENCH AND MODERN FOREIGN LANGUAGES.

A bas - जनातर , नीत् ; Down ; upon the ground. Ab extrs-नाहित इहेटक, नहिनेकन क: , From without. Ab initio-अथम इतेएक; आनि इतेएक, आवस इतेएक, ৰুলড: : From the beginning. Ab intra-wise secs. From the beginning. Ab ovo-244 \$\$ (5) From the beginning. A compte—हिमारत; अरनंड:, अवानार्थ; On [ tion. account. A discretion-At discretion; without restric-Ad finem—(नव नवाड , अन्न भगाड , To the end. Ad infinitum—अन्दर्भाव श्रीह ; अत्यवः ; To Ad interim—केडिमरण ; है उपनादन ; In the mean-Ad libitum-हेल्हांबड ; राष्ट्र श्रीबबाल , वड हेल्हा 55; At pleasure. Ad literam - विक्व ; To the letter. Ad nauseam-अवल कारन गांशास्त्र निविक्तन स्पेय हव ; यपविष पुना वा विक्रका ना कात्रा उनविष ; To disgust. Ad patres-To his father; that is dead. Ac referendum—इंडांच ना कदियां ; भूनः विरवहा ना Ad rem—वडठानूनांशी ; व्यानिक , To the point. Ad unum omnes—मकरनहे ; वाक्ति निश्लाव , All ; [ to the value. Ad valorem—वृजान्त्राद्य ; वृजान्त्रन ; According 展gia-- stor: Shield. Affaire d'amour-(धामनिवडक वार्शिव ; ध्यामक कां ; औडिश वालात : A love affair. ▲ fond—ভলগরার ; সম্পূর্ণরূপ , To the bottom. A fortiori—কলতর বৃক্তি অসুসারে; প্রবল্ডর বৃক্তি সহ-कारत ; बात्र बकाह्य कारत , With stronger reason. 🛦 la mode—ৰীজানুসাৰে , অধানত ; চলিত ; According to custom. A la Tartuffe- क्लाइंडार्य ; Hypocritically.

Aller vous en-with, ya we; sto wie; Be-

Alma mater—ৰাতা ; বিশালয় বা চডু-পাঠী—শিক্তি ৰাজি আপৰাৰ বিদ্যালয় বা চড়ুপাঠী এই নামে অভিহিত

कत्वन ; Benign mother-applied by graduates to

their university.

Alter ego-মান্ত্ৰণ; আপনারই মত; A mother self. Alter idem – টিৰ মেইৰণ : বিতীয় : Exactly similar. Amende honorable—সম্ভোগতনক ক্ষমা প্রার্থনা : যথোচিত অনুভাগ, কভিপুরণ, Satisfactory apology; reparation. Amor patrian- गरमनामुबान : Love of country. Amour propre-314-215, Self-love :- 45-₩14; Vanity. [ animal ; man. Animal bipeps-fore as; Atan; Two-footed Anno Domini—शेल्बर बनाइंदाद भव इंडरड गविड वार ; मःरकान A. D. In the year of our Lord. Anno mundi—शृथियोद श्रहेकाम दक्षेत्र मनित वर्षः । হইতে পণিত বৰ্ষে। In the year of the world. Anno urbis conditae—রোম নগরের নির্দাণকাল Annus mirabilis—4/54/544 4474; >\*\*\* इंडांक ; Year of wonders. Ante bellum—মুক্তর পূর্বে ; Before the war. Ante meridian—इरे अश्वर गूर्स, गुर्कारकः नरदम्भ a. m. Before noon. A point-日本計事; Exactly right. A posteriori-कावा इहेट्ड कांत्रल: ल्वाबर जन्नान साता : From the effect to the cause. A priori-कातन रहेटल कार्या ; भूसंवर अध्यान वार्या ; From the cause to the effect. A props-अगत्त्रांभरवांत्री ; जनरक ; बागरक ; To the [ Water of life. point, pertinently, Aqua vitae - एडा ; एडामान ; Brandy ; alcohol ; Argumentum ad hominem—गांक विरम्बरक লকা করিয়া তর্ক, বে তর্কে ব্যক্তি বিশেষের লাভালাভের কথার উল্লেখ থাকে, বাৰ্থপৰি কাম; An argument to the man-that is, to his interests and passions. Argumentum ad ignorantiam—বিশ্বস্থের অঞ্চ তার উপর স্থাপিত ভক ; বাধীর প্রকৃত বিষয়াভিক্রবতা-নিক্রপিত ক্লাড ; An argument founded on an opponent's ignorance of facts. Argumentum ed invidism—शेल्यवृद्धि केरह-बन कर्न : An argument appealing to low passions. Argumentum beculinum—49 attiti : 745 आश्रेत कात , त्व कर्क नमधाताच चात्रा चार निकास दत्र : f 1091 1

The argument of the cudgel; appeal to force. Ariston metron-সর্কা মতাত পহিত্য; নগাংহি [ মনে বনে চাপিরা রাথা ; মানদ-ছব্তি । मर्काख्यम् । Arriero pansoo-কোনত কিছু প্ৰকাশ না করিয়া Ars est celare artem-नाशांत निम वार्क वस चांजाविक विभाग्ने सम दश ।

Ars longe, vita brevis—वनवृत्तीवः यह व्यक्तिशाः बहुक कारणा बहुबक विश्वा: ; Art is long, life short ; true art is to conceal art.

Audi alteram partem—यश्र शरका क्यां अवन ₩# : Hear the other side.

Au fait-we ; wien , Expert.

Au fond-sacres; At the bottom.

Auto do fe-An act of faith-applied to the burning of the Jews and heretics.

Avant-courier-73 , A forerunner.

Avant propos- कृषिका , Preface.

Avec permission- 474 (5 4(4; সন্মতিক্রনে . By consent. ि बाउंगि ।

A verbis ad verbera-মুধামুখি হটতে ক্ৰমে A votre sante-To your health

Bas bleu-निष्यो पश्चि।, शिंडा नाही, A blue-

stocking; a literary woman,

Beau ideal-लोमहरात जानर्न, यानन-कतित गर्कात-হশর খা চকুতি, A perfect model of beauty [world Beau monde - (भागीन (भाग, The fashionable Beaux esprits - वीमक लाक : Men of wit.

Beaux youx - Fine eyes

Bel esprit-প্রতিভাগালী লোক : প্রতিভাষিত বালি : A person of wit or genius, a brilliant mind.

Bete noire - अजूब कांबन , अरम्ब कांबन , A hug bear. Billet doux-প্ৰণয়-প্ৰা [ in reality. Bona fide-वार्शवक , यश्र काविद्या , In good faith ;

Bon ami-4444; Good friend. Bon gout-教师, Good taste.

Bon gre mal - हेस्टावन ड: वा अनिमावन ड: रहेक : Willing or unwilling.

Bric a-brac - ऐक्बा डोक्बा ; Odds and ends.

Brutum fulmen-नित्रीर जननि ; A harmless [ for speaking.

Cacoethes loquendi-1751 74; An itch Cacoethes sembendi-निश्न-कर्, An itch for f things being equal.

Caeteres paribus- আৰু বিবয় সমান হইলে, Other Cap-a pio--- भा इहेर्ड मक्ष्म भरीक , भागाम-मक्षम ,

From head to foot. Caput-मचक ; Head. f the opportunity. Carpe diem-एरवान नाहरन छात्रा ना हार · Seize Carte blanche—সম্পূৰ্ণ ক্ষতা ; দাদা কাৰত :

Casus belli-ग्रह नगक कांत्र; A cause of war; that which justifies war.

Cedant arms togoe-- नामहिक मक्ति वावशाविक मिल ৰামা চালিভ হটক ; Let arms yield to the gown. Centum-45; A hundred.

Ceteria paribus—অভাত বত্তৰ অবস্থান্তর না ঘটলে ৷ Chef daeuvre-8478 76 , A master-piece. Chef de cuisine-अपान नाइक , Head-cook.

Chere amie - artisi : A mistress.

Ci-devent-गुर्क ; मार्यक ; Formerly ; former. Circulus in probando-534 54; A circle in the proof.

Cogito ergo sum-শাৰি চিন্তা ক্লিডেছি সেই কল

বাদি বাছি ; I think, therefore I am.

Compos mentist—হছিরখনা: , Of a sound mind. Compte rendu-हिमार-निकान ; An account rendered.

Con amore—नांबरह ; बाह्यगर्कारव ; With love ; very earnestly. f ditton.

Condition sine qua non-A necessary con-Con do lore-विम्हांक्त , With grief.

Confer—মিলাইয়া দেব ; Compare.

Confriere, n. সহচর, এক আন্তেটার লোক; An associate. [ to elect.

Conged' elire-নিকাচন করিবার অবুষ্তি, Leave Contre tempa-Tital , A mischance.

Copis verborum—न'ननाइना, Plenty of words. Corpus delicti—अनदारश्व डिंडि, आंगन वा यून, The body, substance or foundation of the

offence. [ Rose color, aspect of beauty. Courste de rose-लानानी वह, ब्रमनीय मोन्सवा ; Coup de grace-শেৰ আৰাত, চুদাৰ আৰাত, The

fir ishing stroke. [ den effort. Coup-de'-main-क्री किता : क्री हे के इस मान , A sud-Coup de soleil-मानिमानि, A stroke of the sun.

Coup d'etal-हरी वारणब्द मय-गदिवर्डन, A stroke of policy; a violent measure of state in public affairs ' [ glance of the eye.

Coup d'oed-क्षेत्रभाड, क्रडपृष्ट, A rapid Coute que coute—रेशांट वडरे बन्छ वा वाब रखेक 7 , Cost what it may.

Cui bono '-ইগতে কি উপকার হইবে; কাহার উপ-

कारतत कड़ ; What good will it do.

Cuisine - इक्त्याना , Kitchen.

Cul de sac-काना निन , Blind lane. Curiosa felicitas—नारमान ब्रह्णान अमानका ; Nice felicity of expression.

De capo- अथम श्रेटड ; From the beginning.

De bonne grace—(本庭)有代本; With good grace, willingly.

De facto-বাৰবিৰ , প্ৰকৃষণকে, In fact ; really.

Doi gratia-সাৰ্যাত্যাত ; ভাবান প্ৰসাৰে , By the grace of God. a fashionable luncheon. Dejeuner, n. अंक:कानीन (कान , A breakfast ;

De jure-আইন অসুদারে; অধিকারত:, From the law, by right.

De mortuis nil nisi bonum-मूठ वास्त्रित नक-धन जिल्ल बन्नन करिंड ना , Say nothing but good of the dead.

De novo-পूनवांव , नुखन कतियां ; Anew.

Dec gratias-\$144 49419 1

Dec volcnti-新城東海, God willing.

Dornier ressort-ces Gett. A last resource. Desunt caetera-य ानिहे शांख्या बात ना : वकी मारे . The remainder is wanting.

Dieu et mon droit-नेवत द सामात क्यां व स्विकांत : God and my right. (क्शनत्वव । Disjecta membra—বিভিন্ন অব্যান্ত ; বিভিন্ন

Distingue-Emment, distinguished. [nothing. Dolce for miente - কুখের অবকাৰ; Sweet doing-Double entendre, double entente-wii; Double meaning.

Dramatis persons नादि। जिनिक ব্যক্তিপণ : The characters of a drama. विदे भारत । Dulce est desipere in loco-সময়ের ভাষাসা

Dulce et decorum est pro patria mori-ব্যেশের অন্ত মৃত্যু কৃষ ও প্রতিঠানসক ; It is sweet and glorious to die for one's country. Dum spiro, spero-বত্তপ বাস ভতকৰ আণ; While I breathe I hope. श्रिकां वात्रहात कता Dum vivimus—वजनि लाह आन बाद बोविएजर Esu de cologne—খুগৰ; ওডিকলোন নামক খুগৰি সুরা; Cologne water; a perfume. [ brandy. Eau de vie-ব্ৰাভি নামক হরা; Water of life; Ecce homo—বীশুর ছবি স্বস্থে; Behold the man -applied to a picture of Jesus representing lesus given up by Pilote to the Jews. (edition. Editio princeps—ava n: The first Edition de luxe-উত্তল ( রাজ ) সংকরণ। El dorado-- एव ज्ञात वर्ग शांक्या यात्र ; वर्गकृषि ; भूगा স্থান : ক্ৰের দেশ : The golden land. Emeritus—po7本; व्यनग्रदशक्षः कार्या इंडेटड जुक्तवन्त ; One retired from active official duties. En ami- नक्षांत ; As a friend. In undress. En seshabille—बान्शान् ভाব ; नग्रशाय हरेवा ; En avant-अञ्चल ; Forward. En masse—একজে : সকলে থিলিলা : In a body. En passant—डान कर्ष मान शामाह ; अनन काम ; By the way; in passing. En plein jour-1-न-प्रकृत्य ; नाहे निवालात्य : in broad day. in telation. En rapport - नश्स : जनशत : In connection . En route-बाजाब ; बाह्य वाह्य ; On the way. En suite—नन्दन-मङ ; এक शःउ ; În company. Entente cordiale—গদ্শদ্ ভাব; পরশার সভাব, (ordial good-will. Entourage-চড়নিকছ বস্তমমূহ; Surroundings. En tout-cates; In all; wholly. Entree—ভোজনের পূর্কে কিঞ্চিৎ জলগের; Entry. Entremets—চাট্নী ; ভোজন সমৰে এনত কচিকর দ্বা । Entre nous-वाबारमंत्र मध्या, व्यानक ना विनता : व्यभाव বেন না তান , Between ourselves. Zine. Entrepot - अमान-वह ; A warehouse ; a maga-En verite—বাস্থবিক ; সত্য সত্যই ; In truth. Erratum, n. \$7; An error. Errare est humanum - अम कहा मान्यत वर त. [A] ; To err is human. Esprt de corps—नमात्र जनमम्दार कीवर्गा ; The animating spirit of a collective body. Tac. Et ceters-आंत्र आन ; हेडा नि ; And the rest , ect. Et hoo genus omne-ध्र कब्बाकीय ममन अतः সেইংশ তাৰং বন্ধ , And every thing of the surt. Et sie de caeteris-এবং অপ্রাক্তবির পাৰেও Et tu Brute!—এব তুৰিও এ দলে ; ক্রট ; And thou also Brutus-said of one from whom such conduct would not have been expected. Euroka! আমি পাইয়াছি; I have found it. Ex cathedra-value sate. From the chair, with high authority; from the bench. Excelsior - 5555 , Higher ; more elevated. Ex ceptio probat regulam—ক্তিটাৰ ছারা সামান্ত নিরম দুবীভূত হয়; The exception proves the rule. Court. Ex curis-चालात ; यालाना इव वाहित्व ; Out of Exempli gratia-yell with, By way of example.

Exeunt omnes-সকলের প্রসাধ : All go out or retire. Exit-481 : Death :- data : Departure. Ex nihilo nihil fit—मानावाद कांत्रक कांवः जैनकः AS BELLEVA ! Ex officio-প্ৰচেড্ৰক; পুৰুত্ব বিলয় কাৰে কাৰেই; By virtue of his office. Ex parte—এক ভর্কা; এক পঞ্জীয়; On one side Experto crede-- विक व्यक्ति डेनन विक्त स्य ; Trust one who has tired or had experience. Expose—भूनतावृद्धि, ब्रांशा वा भार्ठ ; An exposition, recital. f deed is done. Exposto facto-কার্যা সম্পাদবের পর; After the Extra muros—बांहोरत वाहिएत : Beyond the walls. Ex uno disce omnes—এक्टी पृष्टात्व उरमबद किन्नन ভাষা বুঝ ; From one learn all. [উরতি করা সহজ। Facile est inventis addere - Galles faces Facile princeps—সক্ষাদি-সম্বত বেডা; ि भारभन्न भथ व्यवस् । admitted chief. Facilia descensus averno -ন্যুক্র পথ সুপ্র ; Fac simile-- মাদর্শ; অপুকরণ; A close imitation. Fait accompli-वाहा मन्नावित न (नव इहेता গিয়াছ , An accomplished fact ; a thing already done. Felo do so, n. जाकर भा ; ज' महना ; A suicide. Ferae naturae—বৰ দত্ত স্থত্তীয়; Of wild nature, - said of wild beasts. Fou de joie-वानमगर रामधनि : बानमाधि : A firing of guns in token of joy. Fiat justicia, ruat eaclum—মাকাশ ভালিবা পাত্ৰ স্থাপ্ৰসৰণ কৰ; Let justice be done, though the heavens should fall. Fides Punica-বিশাস্থাত্ততা: Punic faith; treachery. [friend. Fidus Achates-473 रह : विषय वह : A true Fils—সকান; Son. at the end. Finem respice—শেৰের প্ৰতি দৃষ্টি ৱাপিও; Look Finis-CTT; The end. Flagrante delicto-sitsatts, in the very act. Fortes fortuna juvat—নাঃ সং ভাতে সন্মী। Fremme converte—বিবাহিঙা ছী; A married Frenme de Chambre-मानी ; A chamber Furt Ilium - एन वंदल नाहे. तम अरगण्यात नाहे। Furor loquendi - বক্তা কৰিবাৰ উৎকট অপুরাপ। Furor scribendi — विर्नेश्वात उपवि मान । Genius loci — হানীর প্রতিষ্ঠা বা বেৰজা; The genius of the place. Gens darmes - সশত্ৰ কোডোৱাৰ, Armed police. Grande toilette—পুরা প্রিছম ; Full dress. Guerres mort-21199 7%! Hautour-98; Haughtmess. Hio ot ubique-- 习养河; Here and every where. Hio jacot-avita sifes sites; Here he lies. Hino illae lacrimae—西南東京 中怀; Hence proceed these tears. Honi soit qui maly pense-ce are with with মুক্ত হ Evil to him who evil thinks. [বাহিছ। Hors de combat -अन्योग , युक्त करियांत्र अवश्रोत Thidem—(महंभात्व , मिहे योवनाव । Ich dien-সামি সেবা করি; I serve. Idem-A, (A); The same.

of the pen.

Id out-with ; That in; i. e. Ignorantia non excusal legum-विभिन्न [ अश्रव जम्म । অঞ্চতার অপরাধের ক্ষমা হর না। Ignoratio elenchi—कार्क अकृष्टि বিবর ভুলিরা Ignotum per ignotius—नितृष् विवस नितृष्ठक विषय बाजा बााबाब कही। pensive man. Il penseroso—ছিৱাশীল লোক; ভাবুক ব্যক্তি; The Impissims verbs-টক সেই স্কল কথা; The very words. of death. In articulo mortis-144 wasts; At the point Index expurgatorius, n. নিবিদ্ধ পুতকাদির ভালিक।; A list of prohibited books. In esse—উপছিত ; ধর্মান ; In being. In extenso-বিভারিত ভাবে; স্বিভয়; পুর্বাকারে; At full length. [ ste ; As a poor man. In forma pauperis—দরিত বোকের মত: দরিত-Infra dignitatem—(शोवनकानिकनक : नदानिशामिकन ; Below one's dignity. In limini—अवरम ; आहरकरें ; At the threshold. In loco-In the place. In loco parentis-পিতা বা মাতার খানে: মাতা-পিতার हानीय रहेश। In the place of a parent. In memoriam-73914, In memory, In pace—বিশিন্তে; শাস্থিতে, In peace. In petto—মনে মনে, অন্ত:করণে; Within the In posse—यात्रा मक्टब हहेटक भारत ; मक्काननीय ; छावी ; In possibility, in possible existance; that may be possible. In propris persons—नित्व : चर: ; चनदीदा ; In person; in one's own person. In puris naturalibus—সপুৰ্ণ উলস : Stark [ the matter of. naked. In ro-काम विश्वतः छश्यकः (मडे भाकसभाव: In In rem-Against the thing or property. In rorum natura-staffets; In the nature of In situ-वष्टात : क्रिक प्राप्त : शुर्कत व्यवद्याव : व्यानिय FIG : In its natural position or place; in its original situation. In statu quo-7417719; In its form state. Inter alia-অপ্যাপৰ বস্তৰ মধ্যে; Among other things. Inter nos—कामारमन मर्था ; रान क्षणस्त्र कानिएक मा नारव : Between ourselves. In terrorem—সতর্ক করিবার জন্ত : সাবধান করিতে ; खत-धाननीय ; As a warning. Inter se - Sigitua Will : Among themselves. In toto—সম্পূৰ্বপে; সাকলো; In the whole; entirely; totally. passage. In transitu—রাভার; পথে; বাইনাব কালে; On the In vino veritus—महालान कतिता लाक मठा कथा ₹₹₹; There is truth in wine; truth is told under the influence of liquor. Ipse dixit-বনতে বির নিক্রতা; নিজের মত বা কথা; [ itself. A piece of dogmatism. Ipso facto—ভাষাতেই : সেই ঘটনাতেই . In the fact Jen desprit—ভাষাদা; রদিকভা; A witticism. Jupiter Pluvius—ছদিন; পৰ্জন্ত ৷ Knowe-(s) Rising ground, hillock. Laissoz faire – ইহাতে হতকেপ কৰিও না, বেমৰ আছে তেম্নি থাক , let alone. merry man. L' allegro, n. बारमानिश्वत्र (कांक ; अभी वाकि ; 'I he

Lapaus linguae—বিহার ক্লাই ; ক্লার চুক ; A slip [ memory. of the tongue. Lapsus memoriae नृष्टित करि ; A slip of Lares et penatis—গুহ-পেৰতা ; Household gods. Le beau monde, n. दिलामधिय गमान ; (मोचन লোক : The fashionable world. Le tout cusemble—नकन वक्रत ; All together. Lettre de cachet, n. A royal warrant. Lex talionis-राबलकि निवन ; इते बाबितन नाहित्वन খাইতে হয় এই বিখি; The law of retaliation. Lex terra—(वनीय चारेन; शानीय चारेन; The law of the land. Linque France—বিভিত ভাষা বাহা ইউরোপীয়গণ পূর্কদেশে ব্যবহার করিয়া থাকেন; The mixed language spoken by the Europeans in the East. [tute. Locum tenens—প্ৰতিনিধি ; A deputy, a substi-Loons standi-দভারদান হইবার স্থান ; হতকেণ করি-वात अधिकात ; कान विषय कथा कहिवात अधिकात : A place for standing; a right to interfere. Locus penitentiae—অৰুতাপ ক্রিবার স্থান; A place for repentance. Lusus naturas-বেরাল; অকৃতির দীলা ; A freak of nature. . [ great good. Magnum bonum-श्वरागिकांत्र ; काल प्रवत : A Magnum opus—पहर कार्रा ; A great work. Mala fide - विश्वामणाज्यजाशृक्षक ; विदेशनि क्रिया ; With bad faith, treacherously, Malo a propos-वनावतिक ; Ill-timed. Mandamus-A writ or command issued by the court of king's Bench. [ hard. Manu forte-अवदृशकी कविया; With a stong Mater familias-The mother of family. Materia Medica—देख्यका-त्रकारको । opinion, Me judice—আমার বড়ে; আমার বিবেচনার; In my Moleo-राजाशिक पुत्र : (शांतामात्र विवाद ; A scuffle ; a confused debate. Memento mori-মৃত্যু শ্বৰ কর; Remember Memorabilia- अन्तर्भव विश्वतम्यह ; Things to be remembered. Mens sans in corpore sano-37 43kg 37 मन : A sound mind in a sound body. Mesallianco-अरुकाङ्ग थात्राम वर्त्म (नीहकृत्म) বিৰাছ; Marriage with an inferior. [ thine. Moum et tuum-আৰার এবং তোৰার: Mine and Minutiae – সামান্ত বত : Trifies. Mirabile dictu-क्यूप बाक्या दहेत इस: Wonderful to be told. Mirabilia—আত্ৰান্তৰৰ বস্ত : Wonders. Modus operandi-कांश कतिवाद वाषा : कांश-প্ৰানী, Manner of operations. Mon ami-मिज ; मशा , My friend. More majorum-পূৰ্বা এখাৰত ; After the manner of our ancestors. More suo-stata facus vace; In his own way. Motu proprio-বেছাপুৰ্বক; Of his own accord. little. Multum in parvo—ৰৱেব ভিডর বিত্তর ; Much in Mutatis mutandis—বে পরিবর্তন আবস্তম ; আবস্তম পরিবর্ত্তন সহকারে; The necessary changes being made; with necessary changes.

one speaking in apposition. Nee-- ale Nemine contradicente—সর্ক্বাদিসক্ষতিক্রে ; No No plus ultra--त्यव शीवा श्वांख ; श्वाकांश ; वरशत्वा-नावि: The utmost point. Ne sutor ultra crepidam—रेजब लाक्टक बाबद कि ना : Let not the shoemaker go beyond his last. Nihil ad rem— अश्वानिक्∓; Nothing to the point. f obligation. Noblesse oblige-मात्म कात्राव ; Rank imposes Nolens volens—সে ইচ্ছা করক বা না করক ; ইচ্ছা থাকুক বা না থাকুক; Whether he will or not. Nom de gnerre—डेननाव : नित्रबंबरकत्र नाव : A war name; a travelling tittle. Nom de plume-कृतिव बाब ; উপवाब ; An assumed tittle; a literary name. Non chalance, n. উদাসিত ; তাজিলা ; Indifference : carelessness. Non compos mentis—অপ্রকৃতিখু-মনা: চ্টরা ; Not in sound mind. not follow. Non sequitur-এতছারা দিছার হর না ; It does Note bene-পুনক; প্ৰপিধানপূৰ্ণক দেশ ; ( Usually contracted into N. B. ) Mark well. Note Dame-क्यांत्र (क्नीय कल्लांतरपद नाम : Our lady-names of various cathedrals in France. Novus homo-यनामा (लाक ; A new man. Omnia vincit amor--(अध्य मकरवरे वेलेक्ड इत ; Love conquers all things. On dit—লোকে বাল ; জনজাতি ; They say. Onus probandi—অমানের ভার; The burden of proving. O tempora! O mores—ৰা, কি কালি বাসিল। Palma non sine pulvere – পরিত্রম বা করিলে পারদ্বিতা কলে না ; No excellence without great labour. [ eminence. Per excellence—সংক্রিমরণে; By way of Pari passu-अक्टब ; न्यानकारव ; Together ; with plice. Particeps criminis- attests; An accom-[ a family. Passim - 对本项; Everywhere. . Pater familias—পরিবারের কর্তা : The father of Pater noster-was: aivisi; The lord's prayer. Pater Patrias-The fater of his country. Pax vobiscum—ভোষার ভাল হউৰ ; Peace be with you. Pensee—sidel; fiel; A thought. [the year. Per annum-व्यक्ति वरमाद ; वार्तिक ; वार्ति वार्ति ; By Per capita-मध्य भागात ; By the head. Per centum-45441; By the hundred. Per contra-Gillica; On the contrary. Per diem-विकित्त ; रेशनिक ; By the day ; daily. Per gradus—আভি পৰে; Step by step. [jump. Por saltum - गक निजा ; नामहिता ; By a leap or Per so-45: [ fater; By himself, itself &c. Per stirpes—पूज अपनात ; By stocks. Personnel—लाइबन ; बामनाडीमना ; The person

employed in any service, as distinguished from

Petitio Principii --বাহা প্রমাণ করিতে হইবে ভাহাই

ৰাশিয়া লওৱা ; সাধাসৰ প্ৰতিক্ষা , A begging of the

the material.

question.

Petit-TV; (EIE; Small.

Pleno jure - नजूर्न क्षत्रांत्र ; With full authority. Plurima desunt—star stars were extrace: Very many things are wanting. Pous asinorum-1978 ory; The asse's bridge. [ death. Mi ; After Post mortem-कुकान नव : नवर्गन Presto-স্বর ; Quickly. [ singer. Prime donna-sula stiffel: Chief female Prims faoie अथव व्यवित्त ; अथय वर्गत्त ; वाणालक: ; On the first view. Primum mobile- किंद्र वृत्त ; The source of motion; the main spring. Pro aris et focis- चानारण्ड विषय वा शरहत सक : For our altars and firesides. Pro bono publico-visiaria byeites es; For the public good. Pro et con-नगरक e विशाक : For and against. Pro forms--- ग्रंड प्राचन चतुरसार ; As a matter of form. Pro patria - বার্ণের কর : For our country. Pro rata -হার-হারি মত ; în proportion, Pro tanto-For so much. Pro tempore-(महे नमरवन कन्न ; क्विश्कालन कन्न , For the time being, quantity. Quantum sufficit- नारक मड : A sufficient Quarre-Querry; a word denoting inquiry. Quasi- - अक् अकात ; (रव कक्षण ; As if ; in a manner. another, Quid pro Quo-att we wis: One thing for Qui vive-(\*8? Who goes there. Quod erat demonstrandum—वांश व्यक्तिनांश हिन ; Which was to be proved. Quod vide-stat (ww ; Which see. Quondam- 7374; Former. Bainon d'etre—কোনৰ বছর সন্তার ছেডু, Reason for a thing's existence. Rara svis-বিরব পকী ; A rare bird. Reductio ad absurdum—आयोक्षिक डा लाग्नि ; A reducing a proposition to an absurdity. Regium donum-वानकीत गान ; A royal gift. Renaissance—সাহিত্য বা শিলের श्वक्षां : Revival, as of letters or art. Rentes—बाक्कीय कर्क : Stocks. Requiescat in pace—जागा बाबा बाहिएकात्र 季季; May he rest in peace. Res augusta domi-vifavel ; Poverty. Re gestae 一种语,Exploits. [ ready settled. Res judicata-निभाव (माक्क्या ; A matter al-Respice finem-(44 (44; Look to the end. Resume—नःकिश विवतनः नःकिश्रमातः हपकः An abstract; a summary. heavens fall. Ruat coelum—খাৰাণ ভাজিলা পড়্ৰ ; Let the Ruse de querre-नानविक कृष्ठेल : A stratagem of war. [ Holy of holies. Sanctum sanotorum—পতি পৰিত্ৰ প্ৰভাৱতাৰ: Sang froid-fragit; Cold blood. Sans culottes—4(4344; The ragged class. Bartor resertus-नजींक पंजािक; The tailor mended. Bavant-পাতিত ; A learned man. Savon-state; Soap. Semper paratus - नगरे वायर , Always ready.

Sio passim - अर्थे न निर्मा ; So everywhere. Similia similibus ourantur—স্প চিকিংলা; बिर विवक्त ; Let likes be cured by like. Sine die-निम दित ना कतिया; Without a day being appointed. [An indispensable condition. Sine que non—अनिवादा छनाव ; अनिवादा क्यांव ; Boi disant-पश्चित्र ; Self-called. Spolia opima—ৰু ভিড বন্ধ , Richest booty. Status quo- जनवाशन ; The state in which. Stet-wifers vie ; Let it stand. Sub judice-विश्वांशीन; बार्लाहा; Under consideration. Sub paens—নশিনা; পৰাধীন; Under a penalty. Sub ross—critica; Privately. Sui generis-valou ; Of its own kind. Summum bonum-तारे नक्षण ; वारान छेत्वक ; नांब The chief good. [ or blank tablet. Tabula rass—নাগা পাটা ; বেড পট ; The smooth Tapis-sifesi ; The carpet. To Doum- Trans we ; We praise thee. Tempus fugit—সময় বাইতেকে; Time flies. Terra firma - শক্ত ৰাটি; কটিন বুত্তিকা; Solid earth. Terra incognita—बर्बानिड धालन ; बकाठ (नन ; An unknown country. [ something. Tertium quid-ভূডীয় কোৰও কিছু; A third Teta-a-tote, n. त्यानमोत्र वाकालान ; कात्व कात्व कर्षानक्षन ; A private conversation. Togs virilis-नशःष् लारकत शक्तिक्य ; The garb of manhood. To kalon-(n) The beautiful. Toto coelo-7711 By the whole heavens. Tout ensemble - नक्तरक ; त्वारहे ; The whole taken together. Ubique—习书语; Everywhere. Ultime Thule-(यह मीमा; हत्रम मीमा; The utmost boundary or limit.

Usque ad nauseam—वित्रक्षिणनकपूर्वक ; To [ speaking. disgust. Usus loquendi—বাকোর চলিত রীতি; Usage in Ut infra—বেরূপ পরে ; As below. Ut supra-(रक्त न्दर्भ ; As above. Vade mecum, n. উপক্রমণিকা; इতপুত্তক; সকা ব্যবহার্ব্য এছ ; A manual ; hand-book ; a constant [ tendant. companion. Valet de chambre-- अपूरत ; भागान ; An at-Variae lectiones—নানা পাঠাতর ; Various read-Veni, vidi—चात्र चात्रिनात्र, चात्रि त्रविनात्र ; I came, Verbatim et literatim—विक्न ; दूर विक ; Word for word and letter for letter. Verbum sat sapienti—বৃদ্ধিদানের পক্ষে ইনারাই सापहे; A word is enough for a wise man. Versus-finen ; faren : never v. s. Against. Via-দিরা; হইরা; পথে; By way of. Via media-মধ্যপথ বা উপায়; A middle course. Vice--काहांब इ हारन ; शरम ; In the place of. Vice versa-উণ্টাইয়া ন্ইলে; বাংক্রমে; The terms being exchanged. [ Namely. Videlicet—वर्षार: वर्षा; त्यमन; म्हारक्रम कांड. Vis a vis-शूरेशायुरी ; Opposite. Vis inertiae-प्रकार पांच ; The power of inertia. Vivat regina—ৰাণী দীৰ্ঘাৰু ছউন; Long live the [ king. queen. Vivat rex-नाज मोपीन रहेन; Long live the Viva voce-- (मोबिक अमान बाहा : मुरबह कवाह : By oral testimony; orally; by the living voice. Vox populi, vox Dei-बन्नाशांतरात क्यां प अवस्त्रत वाली अवहें; The voice of the people is the voice of God. Vulgo-मांशांत्रपंड: ; Commonly. Zonam perdidit-He has lost his purse. Zonam solvers-To loose the virgin gridle.

## APPENDIX.—D.

## WORDS FOLLOWED BY PREPOSITIONS (WITH EXAMPLES).

Abandoned (to, with, by) She will never admit me if she be so abandoned to her sorrow.

Abashed (at, by) Peter was abashed by the look of his master.

[time. Abate (in) His sorrow will abate in the course of Abhorrence (of) The Tories have an instinctive abhorrence of innovations.

Abhorrent (to) Injudicious profanation, so abhor-

rent to our stricker principles.

Abide (by at in, with) I shall abide by the deci-

Abide (by at, in, with) I shall abide by the decision of the Judge. Let the damsel abide with us a few months.

Abjuration (of) An abjuration of heresay.

Abnegation (of) With abnegation of God, they
may retain the friendship of the court.

Abound (in, with) The book abounds in errors.

The place abounds with provisions.

Abreast (of, with) To keep abreast of (or with) the present state of science,

Abridge (of, from) To abridge one of his rights.

Absolve (from, of) The king was graciously pleased to absolve him from his oath.

Absorbed (in, into, under, by) He is absorbed in study. [not gaunt. Abstain (from) Who abstains from meat that is Abstinence (from) The abstinence from a present pleasure that offers itself is a pain, nay, oftentimes, a very great one.

Abstract (from) The postman abstracted a Currency Note from a registered cover.

Abundance (of) It is lamentable to remember what abundance of noble blood hath been shed with small benefit to the Christian state.

Abut (on, upon, against) His land abuts on the road.

Accede (to) He accede to our terms.

Accept (of) I cannot accept of such valuable presents from a stranger.

Acceptable (to) Your delicate present will be highly acceptable to his Holiness. I hope these presents will be acceptable to you.

Acceptance (of, with) The acceptance of a gift, office, doctrine &c. [ the fort. Access (to) We have no access to the arsenal in Accessible (to) Minds accessible to reason.

Accessory (to) He is charged with being an accessory to the murder.

Accidental (to) Songs are accidental to a play.

Accommodate (with, to) He is to accommodate me with a book of Rs 12.

Accompanied (by, with) The king went to the theatre accompained by his courtiers.

Accomplice (with in, of,) A was an accomplice with B in the murder of C.

Accomplished (in) This that is written must yet be accomplished in me.

Accord (to, with) To accord to one due praise. His disposition accords with his looks. I law. Accordance (with) In strict accordance with the Accordant (with, to) Strictly accordant with true morality, and now his voice accordant to the string.

According (to) Every man was honoured according to his rank.

Account (for, to) You must account to me for the money which was lodged with you.

Accountable (to, for) Every man is accountable to God for his conduct. { Court of France. Accredited (to) Beton was accredited to the Accrue (to) Interest accrues to principal.

Accurate (in) Those conceive the celestial bodies have more accurate influence upon these things below.

Accuse (of by) Johnstop was accused of treason. He accuses Kally of dishonesty. [hardships. Accustomed (to) I am quite accustomed to such Acquaint (with) To acquaint a friend with the particulars of an act.

Acquainted (with) I am acquainted with the previous history of his life. He is acquainted with the Head master.

Acquiesce (in) He acquiesced in the proposal.

Acquire (in, by, with) No virtue is acquired in an instant, but step by step. He acquires his

estates by right of representation.

Acquit (of) The prisoner is acquitted of the charges brought against him.

Act (on, upon, after, for, from, out of, out, up to) He has acted up to his engagement. The stomach acts upon food.

Actuate (by, with) Wings, which others were contriving to actuate by the perpetual motion.

Adapt (to, by, for) This book is adapted to the capacity of Indian students. He is especially adapted by his talents for the post.

Adapted (to, for) Appeals adapted to his whole nature. Streets ill adapted for the residence of wealthy persons.

Add (to) The book will not add much to the fame of the author.

Addicted (to) He was very much addicted to quarreling, thieving &c.

Address (to, in) Those men addressed themselves to the task. Iecla addressed herself in man's apparel.

[to the demand: Adequate (to, for) The supply was not adequate Adhere (to) In Madras, Hindu graduates still adhere to Hindoo beliefs and practices.

Adjacent (to) There is a pond adjacent to the road. [another's.

Adjoin (to) When one man's land adjoins to Adjourn (to, for) The case was adjourned to the 10th January. [victors.

Adjudge (to) The prize was adjudged to the Adjunct (to) Learning is but an adjunct to our self.

[ things to a standard.

Adjust (to) To adjust a garment to the body, or Adjustment (of) Success depends on the adjustment of the parts concerned.

Administer (to) A noxious drug had been administered to him. [of doctrines. Admission (of, to, into) The too easy admission Admit (of into, to) The sentence admits of further charge. His conduct admits of no excuse. He has been admitted to ball.

Admitted (to) The prisoner was admitted to bail. Admonish (of) Moses was admonished of God, when he was about to make the tabernacle.

Adopt (of, into,) To adopt the view or policy of another. [with her jewels. Adorned (by, with) As a bride adorned herself

Adroit (in) He was adroit in intrigue.

Advance (to, on, against, towards, in) Advanced to a level with ancient peers. A merchant

advances money on a contract.

Advantage (of, fover) Lest Satan should get an advan'age of us. [ nation.

Advantageous (to) Irade is advantageous to a Adverse (to) A spirit adverse to distinctions of caste. The world into which the child came was very much adverse to him.

Advert (to) He adverted to what was said.

Advertice (of) To advertise a man of his loss.

Advise (with, of) He advised with his brother.

The merchants were advised of the risk.

Advocate (of, for) To advocate the cause of thy client.

Affected (with, by, to, in) As might affect the earth with cold and heat. How stand you affected to his wish. [affection for her sister.] Affection (for, towards) She had a passionate Affiance (in) Such feelings promptly yielded to his habitual affiance in the divine love.

Affinity (with, to, between) Solomon made affi-

Affix (to) Names affixed to ideas.

Afflicted (with at, by) God has afflicted this man with leprosy.

[ vice quaint. Affright (at) Affrights the flamens at their ser-

Afraid (of) He is afraid of punishment.

Agitated (by, with) The mind of man is agitated by various passions. Agree (with, to, in, on, upon, among, for, about) I agree with you in the view you have taken of early marriage. I cannot agree to your propossi.

Agreeable (to, with) Agreeable to the order of the day, the House took up the report.

Agreement (among, between) A good agreement subsists among the members of the church.

Ahead (of) The island bore but a little shead of [ me in this enterprise. 119. Aid (in) You speedy helpers...appear and aid Aim (at) We should all aim at excellence.

Akin (to) A joy akin to rapture.

Alarmed (by, at, for) Alarmed by rumours of [ religion. military preparation. Alien (from, to) Principles alien from our Alienate (from) The errors which alienated a royal gentry and priesthood from the house of Stuart.

Alight (at, from on) A bee alighted on a flower. Alike (to) The darkness and the light are both alike to thee. [ tance of physical exercise. Alive (to with) I am quite alive to the impor-Allege (of, against) To allege the authority of

a judge.

Allied (with, to) The story would soon be noised about in courts and kingdom allied with the Queen. The noble stranger is closely allied to small.

Allot (to, for, by) The work alloted to each is Allow (of, for, with) How allow you the model of these clothes?

Allowable (among, for, in, from) A certain degree of freedom is allowable among friends.

Alloy (with) Gold and iron alloy with ease.

Allude (to) The story alludes to a recent tran-[ offer of some future good. Allured (by) We are allured by the prospect or Alooi (irom) Our palace stood aloof from [ nate with each other. Alternate (with) The flood and ebb tides alter-Alternation (in) Bre long I might perceive,

Strange alternation in me.

Alternative (of, to) There is something else than the mere alternative of absolute destruction. [ race with another. Amalgamate (with, into) To amalgamate one

Amazed (at, with) I am very much amazed at your passionate words.

Ambitious (of, in, for) I was not ambitious of seeing this ceremony. He is ambitious of becoming a good speaker.

Amenable (to) Being an American he is not amenable to the laws of the Hindus. Headstrong people are not amenable to reason.

Amerce (in) The court amerced the criminal in the sum of one hundred dollars.

Amount (to) His debts amounted in all to Re. soo. But in fact the danger amounted to [ idle promises. Amuse (with) He amused his followers with Analogous (te) Decay of public spirit, which

may be considered analogous to natural death-Analogy (between, to, with) There is an analogy between these objects. One thing has an analogy to (or with) another.

Angry (at, with) Yesterday I did not go to school, my father is angry at this. I pray you not to be angry with me. on him.

Animadvert (on, upon) I should not animadvert Annex (to) He annexed a codicil to a will.

Annoyance (of) For the further annoyance and terror of any besieged place, they would throw into it dead bodies.

Annoyed (with, at) Katharine was much aunoyed with her husband at his strange proceedings.

Answer (for, to) How will you answer for this morning's work to the Great Judge ? What is your answer to the 5th question?

Answerable (to, for) An agent is answerable to his principal. To be auswerable for a debt.

Ante ior (to) Antigonus was anterior to Polybius. Antidote (against, to) He was advised to keep this relic as an antidote against witchcraft. His poverty was no antidote to his pride.

Antipathy (against, to between) Inveterate antipathies against particular nation and passionate attachments to other are to be avoided.

Anxious (for, about, at) He was very much enssous for a reconciliation with his brother. The doctor is anxious about the health of his patient. [ not answering my teller.

Apologise (for) My corespondent apologised for Apology (for) He goes to work devising apologies for window curtains. [ tianity.

Apostacy (from) Julian's apostacy from Chris-Appalled (at) The house of peers was somewhat appalled at his alarum.

Apparent (to) I'll draw it as apparent to the [ in the original.

Appeal (to, against) I appeal to the Scriptures Append (to) Notes appended to this chapter. Appertain (to) Things appertain to this life.

Appetite (for) She had a great appetite for swallowing romances. sent case. Applicable (to) The rule is applicable to the pre-Apply (to, for) To apply money to the payment of a debt. Sacred vows applied to grisly Pluto. He applied himself to Doctor for chariy.

Appoint (to) I appointed him to the post of 3rd

Apportion (among, to, into) To apportion time among various employments. [the case. Apposite (to) This argument is very apposite to Apprehensive (of) Not at all apprehensive of evils at a distance. [hension for his own life. Apprehension (for) He was in no small appre-Apprised (of) He was fully apprised of the danger of crossing the river.

Appropriate (to) He appropriated the money to [ priated for a garden. himself. Appropriated (for) A spot of ground is septro-Approve (of) I do not approve of his going to

civer.

Apritude (for, to, in) He seems to have had a peculiar appitude for the management of irregular troops. [ to do so.

Arbitrary (in) It was wholly arbitrary in them Arbitrate (Between, to) To arbitrate between parties to a suit. [friend without convincing him. Argue (with, against) You may argue with your Arise (from) The sun arises from the horizon.

Arm (with, against) Arm yourselves with the same mind. [want of knowledge.

Arraign (for) They will not arraign you for Arrayed (in, with, before) Pharaoh arrayed him in vestures of fine linen.

Arrest (for, of, on) To arrest one for debt, or for a crime. I arrest thee of high treason.

Arrive, (at, in, upon) He arrived at Bombay yeasterday.

Arrogate (to) He arrogated to himself the right of deciding dogmatically what was orthodox doctrine.

Ascend (to, up, above, unto) Our inquiries ascend to the remotest antiquity. The smoke of it ascended up to heaven.

Ascendency (over) Custom has an ascendency over the understanding. [over him. Ascendent (over, of) An ascendant spirit is Ascribe (to) Other works are ascribed to Homer's name besides the Illiad and the Odyssey. [appearance.

Ashamed (of, at) I was ashamed of my shabby Ask (for, of, from) I asked him for the money. I asked the money of him. I asked the money from him. [after military renown. Aspiration (after, for, of, in) Vague aspiration Aspire (after, to) He aspired to be a Senator.

Assail (with, by, for) To assail a man with blows. | November.

Assemble (in) The Parliament assembled in Assent (to) He assented to my proposal.

Assiduous (in, on) She was very assiduous in all her duties.

Assign (to) In the order I assign to them.

Assimilate (to) To assimilate our law to the law of Scotland.

Assist (with, at, in, by) We assist him with money. To assist at a public meeting.

Associate (in, with, to) Friends should associate friends in grief and woe.

Assured (of) I am well assured of the truth of what he had said. [the vision.

Astonish (at, with) Daniel was astonished at Asylum (for, to, with, at) Earth has no other asylum for them than its own cold bosom.

Attach (to) He has atoned for his sin. [ship.

Attach (to) An officer is attached to a certain

Attacked (by, with) He was attacked by fever.

Attain (to, at) To see your trees attain to the dignity of timber.

Attend (upon, to, on, at). I will attend upon your lordship's leisure. He appointed several servants to attend on Cominius. Attend to your teacher.

Attendance (at, on, upon) He was very regular in his attendance at school. [ill effects. Attended (with, by) A measure attended with Attentive (to) He is very attentive to his work. Attracted (by, to) Attracted by thy beauty still to gaze.

Attractive (to) Flowers of a livid yellow, or fleshy color, are most attractive to flies.

Attributed (to) Newton attributed his success to business.

Authority (over, for, of) "Wilt thou be glass wherein it shall discern, Authority for sin, warrant for blame."

Avail (of) We ought to avail ourselves of the amount of truth which exists in either theory. Avenge (on) He had avenged himself on them by havoc.

Averse (to, from) Some people are very much averse to a republic.

Aversion (to, form, towards, for, of) A freeholder is bred with an aversion to subjection. Avert (from) 'It doth avert them from the church.'

Awake (to) He was awake to the danger.

Awarded (to, for) The arbitrators awarded damages to the complainant. [running. Aware (of) I am well aware of the danger he is Awkward (in) He is awkward in his gait.

Backed (by) The Parliament would be backed by the people.

Baffle (with, by, in) A ship baffles with the winds.

[ Walter see, Balk (in, of) 'Balked in their own blood did Sir Banished (from, to, for, out of, by) How the ancient Celtic tongue came to be banished from the Low Counties in Scotland.

Bare (of) The trees were quite bare of leaves and flowers.

Bargain (with for) To bargain with a farmer for a cow. So worthless peasants bargain for their wives

Barren (of) She was barren of children.

Barter (way, with, for) To barter away goods or honour.

Bask (in, under) Basks in the glare, and stems the tepid wave. [in Cassar's blood. Bathe (by, in, with) And let us bathe our hands Beam (forth, upon) To beam forth light.

Bear (on, upon, down, off, against, away, out, up, for) These men bear hard on the suspected party. To bear down on enemy.

Beat (at, in, about, against; down; off, with; out, upon) The men of the city beat at the door. He beat them in a bloody battle.

Becloud (of, with) If thou becloud the sunshine of thine eye.

Becoming (in, to) Such discourses as are becoming of them. [ varnish.

Redauh (with) Redauh four designs with a fair

Bedaub (with) Bedaub four designs with a fair Beforehand (with) Agricola resolves to be beforehand with the danger.

Beg (for. of, from, in) The poor man is going

about begging for brend. I beg of you to send me the books without delay.

Begin (in, at) The apostle begins our knowledge in the creatures, which leads us to the knowledge of.

Beguile (of, with, into) You owe me money and now you pick a quarrel to beguile me of it.

Beholden (to) But being so beholden to the Prince. [bility of miracles.

Believe (in, on) He did not believe in the possi-Belong (to) The book does not belong to me.

Beloved (of, by) Antony, so well beloved of Casar &c. [ any public business. Bend (to, before, under) To bend his mind to Remeficial (to) The war which would have been

Beneficial (to) The war which would have been most beneficial to us.

Benefit (by) He will benefit by the change.

Bent (on) He is bent on mischief. [by cold. Benumbed (by, with) A hand or foot benumbed Bequeath (to) My heritage, which my dead father did bequeath to me.

Bereft (of) Madam, your kindness has bereft me of all words. [ with difficulties. Beset (by, with) Poor fellow! he was haid beset Besmeared (with) Besmeared with precious balm.

Besotted (with) Fools besotted with their crimes.
Bespangled (with) The glass is all bespangled with dewdrops.

Bestow (upon) Fortune hath bestowed upon her great parts.

[ and submission.

Betake (to) They betook themselves to treaty

Bethink (of) I have bethought me of another fault.

[ hands of the enemy.

Betrayed (into, to) He was betrayed into the Better (of) To get the better of an enemy.

Beware (of) Macbeth, beware of the Thane of Fife. I fruitless search. Bewildered (by, in) Lost and bewildered in the Bias (upon, for, to, within) Strong love is a bias upon the thoughts.

Biased (in) It had not biased in the one direction. Bind (over, to, in, around, about, up) Commerce binds nations to each other.

Bitter (against, with) Husbands, love your wives, and be not bitter against them.

Blame (for) Who is to blame for this delay?
Blend (with, in) There is a tone of solemn and sacred feeling that blends with our convivianty.
Bless (with) God blasses us with health. We are blessed with happiness.

Blind (to truth, of eye) I could not be blind to all her imperfections. Authors are blind to their own defects. The deer was blind of one eye.

Blockaded (by) Blockaded the place by sea.

Blot (out) One act like this blots out a thousand crimes.

[at my shame.

Blush (at, for) But be thou mild and blush not

Boast (of) He boasts of his attainments in Mathematics. It is a conquest for a prince to

boast of.

Boggle (at) We start and boggle at every unusual appearance.

Boil (away, with, over) The water boils away. This blood boils with anger.

Border (on or upon) Connecticut borders on Massachusetts. [into slavery in Mexico. Born (into, of, to, from) No one could be born Borrow (of, from) The moon borrows light of the sun. When men came to borrow of you, did you not drive them away? He borrowed Rs. 32 from his uncle.

Bound (to, in, by for, up, in, with) I shall be much bound to you for it. I am bound in honour to stand by my brother. Who can be bound by a solemn yow to do a murderous deed?

Brag (of, with) To brag of one's exploits, courage Branded (with, in, on) The Inquisition branded its victims with intamy.

Break (with, into, away, away from, down, forth, form, in; in upon, off; on, out, out of, over, through, up) An old man, broken with the storms of state. To beak into a run or gallop. Breed (in, upon, to) If the sun breed maggots in a dead dog. He breeds them up in.

Bring (over, about; down, forth, in; off, on, out, under; up) In distillation, the water brings over with it some part of the oil of vitriol.

Bristle (upon, with, up) This hair did bristle upon his head.

Brood (over, on) To brood over misfortune. You will sit and brood your sorrows on a throne.

Build (on) To build on the opinions of others. Burden (with) To burden a nation with taxes.

Burn (with, up) He burns with fever.

Burst (upon, forth, away, into, out, through) To burst upon him like an earthquake.

Bury (in) To bury the face in the hands.

Busy (with, in, upon) To busy one's self with books.

[bought a statue for her. Buy (of, for) I bought it of a pediar. He hadred linto) I am not about to cajole you into a reception of my views. [fit from the speculation. Calculate (upon) He calculated upon a large pro-Call (tor, at. away, back, down, forth, in, off, upon, out, up) I call God for a witness. He ordered her to call at his house once a week. Callous (to) It is an immerse blessing to be perfectly callous to ridicule.

Candidate (for, of) He is a candidate for the office of governor. [sorrow is capable of good. Capable (of) A mind that is capable of real Care (for) He cared not for the affection of the house. What care I for his foolish words? He does not care for study.

Careful (about, of, in, over) They are more eager for future than careful of present good. Be careful about your spelling. [himself. Careless (of, about, in) He grew carefus of Carp (at) Do not carp at other men's actions. Carry (away, off, on, out; through, to) He carried away all his cattle.

Cast (about, for, away, down, into, off; out; up, on, upon). Cast thy garment about thee, and follow me.

[, straw.

Catch (at, up) A drowning man catches at a Cause (for, of) What is the cause of the battle. Caution (against) I cautioned him against the dangers of town life.

Cautious (of, in, with) I was very cautious of not rousing the sleeping lion.

Cavil (at) It would be idle to cavil at that perfect specimen of beauty.

Cease (from, with) To cease from strife.

Cede (to) The people must cede to the Government some of their natural rights.

Celebrated (for, with) He was celebrated for his power of clothing wise counsel in winning words.

Certain (of) He is certain of coming off with flying colours. I myself am certain of you.

Chafe (at, under, with) He will chafe at the doctor's marrying my daughter.

Chain (to, on) And in this vow do chain my soul to thine, [for the better.

Change (for, from, to) Men sometimes change Characteristic (of) Homely wits are the characteristic of homebred youths.

Charge (with, to, on) A person is charged with a thing, a thing is charged on a person. The Police charged him with being drunk and disorderly. The ship was charged with cargo.

Chargeable (to, with) That we might not be chargeable to any of you.

Cheat (of, into) A sorcerer by his cunning hath cheated me of this island.

Check (on, upon) The good kind, his master, will check him for it.

Chime (in, with) Everything chimed in with such a humors. [ throat.

Choked (in, with, by) The words choked in his Circumspect (in) To be circumspect in matters of peculiar deheacy.

[ the body.

Circulate (in, among) The blood circulates in Cite (for, from) The devil can cite Scripture for his purpose. [heritance.

Claim (on, to) Doth he lay claim to thine in-Clap (upon, to, into, on) Clap an entinguisher upon your irony, [not clash with mine. Clash (with, against) I hope your interests would

Cleanse (from, of) If we walk in the light, the blood of Jesus Christ his son cleanseth us from all sin.

Clear (of, away, from, off, out, up) Clear your mind of cant. I am sure he will clear me from partiality.

Cleared (of) He ordered the city to be cleared of the strangers. The Police cleared the street of the mob.

Cleave (to, unto) My bones cleave to my skin. Cleave unto the Lord your God.

Clever (at, in) There were many clever men in England. [it thus." Cling (to, together) "That thou shouldst cling to

Clog (with) The commodities are clogged with impositions. [once closed with the office. Close (to, with, upon, in) Stand close to me. I at Clothed (in, with) He had the power of clothing his counsel in winning words. She was clothed like a bride with flowers and chapters.

Clutch (at) Clutch at the phantoms of the stock market. [able of coalescing with other nations. Coalesce (with, in, into) The Jews were incap-Coat (with) To coat a jar with tin foil,

Coequal (with, to) He will make his cap coequal with the crown.

Coeval (with) "Silence! coeval with eternity."

Coexist (with) So much purity and intregrity.....

coexisting with so much decay and so many
infirmities. [cognisance of their master."

Cognisance (of) "Wearing the liveries and
Cognisant (of) I am cognisant of his hatred
towards me. [or place with wishing.

Cohere (with, to) Had time cohered with place Coincide (with, in) The date of the fall of Granada coincided with that of the establishment of the Inquisition.

Coincidence (between, in) Those who discourse .....of the nature of truth.....affirm a perfect evincidende between truth and goodness.

Collate (with, to) I must collate it, word by word, with the original Hebrew.

Combat (with, for) To combat with a blind man I disdain. [ vow.

Combine (by, with) I am combined by a sacred Come (to, off, about, after; at; by; down; in, into; of, on or upon, out, over; up to, up, with, When we come to Rome. We are come off like Romans.

Command (over) He assumed an absolute command over his reader. [his hand.

Commend (to) His eye commends the leading to Commensurate (with) He is very rich, but his happiness is hardly commensurate with his wealth. [ment on him.

Comment (on, upon) Critics proceed to com-Commit (to, against) The chief malcontents were committed to prison.

Common (among, to) Though life and sense be common to men and brutes.

Commune (with) I would commune with you of such things that want no ear but yours.

Communicate (with, to, on) Her room communicated with her brother's apartments. Communication (to) I was forced to make that

painful communication to Government.

Commute (for, to) To commute for year's travel over a route.

Comparable (to) There is no blessing of life comparable to the enjoyment of a virtuous friend.

Compare (with, to) Compare Akbar with Aurangzeb and say who was the better ruler. The world is compared to a stage where we are all actors. I can compare our rich misar to nothing so fitly as to a whale.

Compatible (with) His virtuous love for Theodora was scarcely compatible with low and gross

Controllible

Compell (to) I compell all creatures to my will. Compensate (for, by) He had promised to compensate me for my losses.

Compete (for, with, against) Why don't you compets for the prize? [finite being. Competent (to, for, in) He is not competent to any Competition (for, with) There is no competition but for the second place.

Complain (of, against, about, to) He often complaians of headache.

Complaint (before, against, about, of) I poured [ education. out my complaint before him. Complete (with) To complete a course of Compliment (to) To send one's compliments to [ quest or demand. a friend. Comply (with) He did not comply with my re-Comport (with) How their behavior herein comborted with the institution. [ infantry only. Composed (of) His army was composed of Comprehended (in) The states comprehended in words. the Austrian Empire. Comprise (in, of) Comprise much matter in few Compute (of, at) Two days, as we compute the days of heaven. [ the highway. Con (to, on, over) They say they con to heaven Concede (to) I wished you to concede to America, at a time when she prayed concession at our

Conceive (of) Conceive of things clearly and distinctly in their own natures.

feet.

Concentrate (in, on) Population tends to concentrate in cities.

Concern (in, with, for, against, at, about ) A good prince concerns himself in the happiness of his subjects. We are not concerned with that at present. I have much concern in the resuit of the election. He was much concerned for the safety of the truant.

Conclude (with, from) I will couclude this part with the speech of a counselor of state.

Concomitant (to, of) Reproach is a concomitant to greatness.

Concur (with, in) The chief justice concurred with his learned brother in the decision given by him.

Concurrence (to, of, in) We collect the greatness of the work, and the necessity of the devine concurrence to it.

Condemn (in, to, for) The king of Egypt condemosed the land in a hundred talents of silver. Condescend (to) Condescend to men of low estate.

Condole (with) Your friends would have cause to rejoice rather than condols with you. [plants. Conduce (to) Heat conduces to the growth of Confer (with, on, to) The king conferred with his ministers about state affairs. Government has conferred on us the privilege of selfgovernment.

Confess (to) Every tongue shall confess to God. Confide (to, in) I made a mistake in confiding the secret to him. Pen had not thought proper to confide to his friend his pecuniary history.

Confident (of, in) He is quite confident of winning the prize.

Confidence (in, of) A cheerful confidence in the mercy of God. He has unlimited confidence in his own energies. [ room.

Confined (in, to, of, with) He was confined in a Conform (to, with, unto) You must conform to the rules of the College.

Conformable (to) Conformable to scripture as well as to philosophy.

Conformity (with, in, between) The end of all religion is but to draw us to a conformity with God. with the gypsies.

Confound (with) They were often confounded Confront (with) I confront a medal with a verse. Cogenial (to) The remance afforded me a life more congenial to my feelings than the world in which I lived.

Congratulate (on, upon) I congratulate you on your success. The Parliament congratulated the king on his accession.

Conjoined (with) Let that which he learns next be nearly conjoined with what he knows already. [ another.

Connect (with) One line of railroad connects with Connive (with, at) Surely the gods this year connive at us, and we may do anything extempore.

Conscious (of) She was hardly conscious of the presence of the strangers,

Consecrated (to) One day in the week is consecrated to a holy rest.

Consideration (for, of) Consideration for the poor is a doctrine of the church.

Consign (to) The sufferer was consigned to the private asylum of Doctor Cotton.

Consist (of, in) The book consists of 8 Chapters, Our safety consists in a strict adherence to

Consistent (with, in, to) She would have no difficulty in thinking that such a life was consistent with cheerfulness.

Console (with, for) And empty heads console with empty sound. [tion etc.

Consoled (by) I am much consoled by the reflec-Consonant (to, with) Each one pretends that his opinion is consonant to the words there used.

Consort (with) Which of the Grecian chiefs consorts with thee ?

Conspire (with, against) You have conspired against our royal person.

Constant (to, in) I am constant to my purposes. Contemporary (with, of) This king was contemporary with the greatest moranchs of [ I did contend against thy valor. Europe. Contend (against, for, with) In ambitious strength Content (with) Do not content yourselves with obscure and confused ideas.

Contented (with) They were all more or less contented with their lot.

Contest (with) The difficulty of an argument adds to the pleasure of contesting with it.

Contiguous (to) They seemed contiguous at one of their angles. [ my orders. Contrary (to) I have sent the baby contrary to Contrasted (with) Her longings contrasted sadly

with the feebleness of her weak brain. Converge (to, into) I converge its rays to a focus

of dazzling brilliancy.

Conversant (with in) Cowper was not much conversant with men and manners.

Converse (with, of, on) I conversed with him on various topics. [ were converted into water. Converted (into, to) If the whole atmosphere Convince (of) He convinced me of the truth of his theory. He who tries to convince a fool of his folly is himself a fool.

Convicted (by) He had been convicted by a jury. Convulsed (with, by) Every line that does not convulse with laughter stings or lashes.

Cooped (within, up, in) The Trojans cooped within their walls so long. {common mirth. Co-operate (to, with) Whate'er cuoperates to the Cope (with) He acted foolishly in trying to cope with a person ten times stronger.

Copy (out, from, after, off) "Let this be copied out, and keep it safe for our remembrance.

Coquet (with) We have coquetted with political crime.

Correct (in) He was quite correct in his con-[moral conduct. jectures. Corrective (of) Penalties are correctives of in Correspond (with, to) Concurring figures correspond with each other throughout.

Correspondent (to) I will be correspondent to command. [ or co-operation. Count (on, upon, for) I counted on his sympathy Countenanced (by) This concert, though countenanced by learned men, is not made out cither by experience or reason. f bill.

Counterpart (of) This is the counterpart of the Cover (with, by) To cover a table with a cloth. He covered himself with glory.

Cradled (in) He that hath been cradled in majesty will not leave the throne to play with beggars. Crammed (with) Their storehouse crammed with

Cramped (by, in) The mind may be as much cramped by too much knowledge as by ignorance.

Crave (for, after) Once one may crave for love. Crawl (into, to) Hath crawled into the favor of the king. [ paid on a land. Credit (with) To credit a man with the interest Creditable (to) Such conduct is highly creditable to him. [ most of the books of argument. Creep (into) The sophistry which creeps into Cripple (in, with) I am a cripple in my lumbs. Cross (with, to, from) Men's actions do not always

cross with reason.

Crowd (into, with, upon) A man erouse into a room. [ glory and honor. Crowned (with) Thou hast crowned him with Cruel (to) He is cruel to all animals.

Crumble (into, to) It will crumble into the form of gravel. [ sense.

Crusade (against) Cease crusading against Culminate (in) The reptile race culminated in the secondary era.

Culpable (of) He is culpable of of a crime.

Cure (of) I never knew any man cured of inattention.

Dabble (in, with) Bright hair dabbled in blood. Dally (with, about) We have put off God, and [ quake. dallied with his grace. Damaged (by) The house was damaged by earth-Dart (from, upon) The deer darted from the thicket.

Dash (against, off, down, out, at) If you dash 2 stone against a stone, it makes a sound. To dash off a review or sermon.

Dashed (with) The very source and fount of day, is dashed with wandering isles of night.

Date (at, from) We may say dated at or from a place. [ with show of virtue.

Daubed (with) So smooth he daubed his vice Daunted (by, at) They are daunted by the enemies. I thine aid." Dawn (on) 'Dawn on our darkness and lend us

Dazzle (with) They dance in mists, and dassle with surprise.

Deaf (to) I remained deaf to all their entreaties. Deafened (with, by) Deafened with their promiscuous cries.

Deal (with, in, out) Give me an honest man to deal with. It is a science that deals in words instead of facts. The master of the house is dealing out rue to needy Brahmins.

Debar (from, of) Their wages were so low as to debar them, not only from the comforts but from the common decencies of civilized life.

Debase (by) To debase the charactert by crime.

Decide (upon, for, against) Nelson decided upon going to sea. The Judge decides a case for or against a person. Sky. Deck (with) To deck with clouds the uncolored

Declare (against, for) Victory declares against sound morals.

Derline (from, in ) Conduct that declines from Decorate (with) To decorate the mind with moral beauties. [ ambush.

Decoy (into, by) To decoy troops into an Dedicate (to) He compiled ten books and dedicated them to the Lord Burghley.

Deducible (from) All properties of a triangle depend on, and are deducible from the complex idea of three lines including a space.

Deduct (from, out, of) We deduct from the computation of our years.

Defective (in) He was defective in all those graces that captivate a youthful heart.

Defend (from, against) To defend one self | advise thee to desist from cracky to her son. rom, or against one's enemies.

Defer (to) The commissioners deferred the matter to the Earl of Norway.

Deficient (in) The epistles were clever and spirited, but deficient in case.

Defrauded (of) Churches seem injured and defrauded of their rights.

Degenerate (into) When wit transgresseth decency, it degenerates into in solence and [bar. impiety.

Degraded (from) Bannerje is degraded from the Deject (in, by) She dejects her eyes in a seeming civility.

Delight (in, at, with) Wicked men delight in wickedness. The labor we delight in physics pain.

Deliver (from, to, of, on, out, up, over, into) To deliver one from captivity. All sense of woe delivers to the wind. He could be delivered of a few verses. [ woe

Deluged (with, by) The land is deluged with Demand (of) Demands of apology were exchangof mine? ed for promises of pardon. Demise (to, at) Caust thou demise to any child Demur (to, at) I demur to that statement.

Denude (of) To denude one of clothing, or lands. Deny (of, to) We deny the truth of an assertion. Depart (from, to, for) The glory is departed from Israil. I will depart to mine own land.

Depend (on, upon) I must depend upon him for the means of livelihood.

Dependent (on, upon) A host of dependents on the court suborned to play their past as wit-[ his chamber. Desses.

Depicted (in, on) His arms are fairly depicted in Deposit (in) To deposit goods in a warehouse.

Deprive (of) His relatives have deprived him of his paternal property.

Derive (from to, into, on, upon) He derives this word from the Anglo-Saxon. [ fortitude. Derogate (from) It derogates little from his Derogation (to, from, of, away) I hope it is no

derogation to the Christian religion. Derogatory (to, from, unto, lor) His language was severely censured by some of his brother peers as derogatory to their order. [plain song. Descant (upon, on) Children make descant upon

Descend (from, to, of) The beggar may descend from a prince. A crown descends to

Descendant (of) He is the descendant of Manu. Descent (upon, on) To make a descent upon [ another. the enemy.

Deserve (of) One man may merit or deserve of Design (to, for, on) He was designed to the study of law. From this city she designed for Collin.

Desire (of, for) Did I destre a son of my lord? Desirous (of) I am desirous of writing a book which shall be all truth.

Desist (from) The dead cheeks of your wife

Despair (of, at) You should not despair of success.

Destined (to, for) I am destined to failure. Cowper was destined for the Law.

Destitute (of) The town was destitute of all [ of health. means of defence.

Destructive (of, to) Intemperance is destructive Detach (from) To detach a man from a leader.

Detain (at, by) We were detained by an accident. f account.

Detected (in, by) To detect a mistake in an Deter (from) My own face deters me from my [ making John king.

Determine (upon, on) They determined upon Detract (from) It has been the fashion to detract both from the moral and literary char-

Develop (into, in, by, upon, on) The seed develops into a plant. [ common track," Deviate (from) "May boldly deviate from the Devise (of, to) Let us devise of case.

Devote (to) The city was devoted to the flames. Dictate (to) We presumed to dictate to the

Differ (with, from among, in) I differ with the honorable gentleman on this point. A thing differs from another thing in certain respects. Difference (between) What is the difference between the innocent and the guilty?

Different (from) I had an instinct that I was different from my fellow-creatures.

Difficulty (of, in) Not being able to promote them on account of the difficulty of the region. Diffident (of) He did not lack strength but was diffident of cunning.

Diffuse (among, over) We find this knowledge diffused among all civilized nations.

Diligent (in) She was diligent in household duties. [ of nature, Diminutive (of) Such water flies, diminutives

Dimmed (with) Her starry eyes were dimmed with streaming tears.

Dine (with, at, on) We dine with him.

Din (in, into) This hath been often dinned in my cars.

Dip (into, in) When I dipt into the future. [road. Dirrect (to) He dirrected me to the left-hand Disappointed (in, at, of) He was disappointed in his cousin. He was disappointed of the prize. I am much disappointed at the result of the Examination.

Disapprove (of) To disapprove of an opinion, of such conduct.

Disarm (of) The proud was half disarmed of Disclaim (of, from) He disclaims the authority

Discolored (by, with) Silver is discolored by sea-Discourse (on, in) The life of Cowper is sufficiently and at large discoursed in the book.

Discrepancy (between) There is no real discrepancy between these two geneologies.

Discriminati. Discriminate (between) We should be careful to discriminate between probability and presumpmyself from thyme. Disencumber (from, of) I have disencumbered Disengage (from) To disengage the affection from a favorite pursuit. Disentangled (from) A mind free and disentangled from all corporeal mixtures. Disgraceful (to) Profaneness is disgraceful to a Disgusted (with, at, by) He was disgusted with the world. He was very much disgusted at his bufloonery. Dislike (to) He dislikes me to my work. God's grace gives him continual dislike to sin. Dismiss (from, with) The master dismisses his servant from the post. Disparity (of between, in) The disparity of numbers was not such as ought to cause any [ this thing. ungensiness. Displeased (with, at) God was displeased with Dispose (of) He has disposed of his furniture. I beg the ancient privilege of Athens, as she is mine, I may dispose of her. Dispossess (of) To dispossess a kind of his own. Dispute (with, on, about, over) I will dispute with thee of thy stale. Disqualify (for, from) My illness utterly disqualifies me for all conversatiou. Disregard (of) To disregard the admonitions of conscience. [ his colleagues. Dissent (from) He dissented from the views of Dissimilar (to) This part is very dissimilar to any other. his purpose. Dissuade (from) I could not dissuade him from Distant (from) The temple is not distant from [ other. the Ganges. Distinct (from) They are distinct from each Distinguish (between, from, for, by) We distinguish between two things but we distinguish [from itself. [ ving an insult.

one thing from another. Distracted (with, by, from) A city distracted Distribute (to, among, into) He distributes his goods to all them. Disturbed (by) A person is disturbed by recei-Diverge (from) Rays of light diverge from the sun. Diverted (by, with from, to) We are amused by a tale, diverted by a comedy. Men are diverted with works of wit and humor. [ feeling. Divest (of) Wretches divested of every moral Divide (into, between, among) The family divides into three groups. [ sense. Divorce (from) It was divorced from its old Domineer (over) To domineer over dependents. Do (with, away, away with, up; without, by, for) What have I to do with you. Doat (on, upon) What dust we doat on when it is man we love! The widow doated upon Pen. Doomed (to) A criminal doomed to chains or death. [ the truth of it. Doubt (of) I have heard the story, but I doubt Doubtful (of) We are doubtful of a fact.

Drain (from) Fountains Grain the water from the ground adjacent. Draw (on, upon, away from, back with down, forth, into, from, in, off; out) You may draw on me for the expenses of your journey. Drawn (to) The arrow is now drawn to the head. Dream (of) He dreams of an absent friend. Drilled (on, in, into) She drilled him on to fiveand fifty. [ the college. Drive (out, away, at) He was driven out from Drunk (with) Be not drunk with wine, wherein is excess. [ due to his silver hair. Due (to) He should be treated with the respect Dull (of, at) Their ears are dull of hearing. Dupe (with, into) Never have I duped him with base counterfeits. Dwell (in, among, upon at) The poor man dwells in a humble cottage. Dwindle (into) Religious societies are said to have dwindled into factious clubs. Eager (in, for, about, after, of) The hounds were eager in the chase. [To ease of pain. Ease (of) I will ease thy shoulders of thy load. Easy (of) The patient is easy of his treatment. Eat (up, into, out) The lean did eat up the first seven fat kine. A sword laid by, which eat into itself. distress in England. Economical (in, of) There was no economical Efface (from) Efface from his mind the theories and notion: vulgarly received. Eject (from) To eject words from the language. Elated (at, over, with, by) You ought not to be elated at the chance mishaps of your enemies. Elected (by, to) The deputy elected by lord. Eligible (for, to) This is an eligible situation for a house. Elope (from, with) Great number of them have eloped from their allegiance. Emanate (from) Fragrance emanates from Emancipate (from) To emancipate one from prejudices or error. [ in trade. Embark (in, on, for) He embarked his fortune Embed (in) To embed a thing in clay or sand. Embellish (with) To embellish a book wit. pictures. Embittered (against, by) Embittered against each other by former contests. Embody (in) To embody one's ideas in a treatise. Embosomed (in) This house embosomed in the grove. Embroil (in, with) The royal house embroiled in civil war. The Christian antiquities at Rome are so embroiled with fable and legend. Emerge (from, into) The sun emerges from behind the moon in an eclipse. Eminent (for, in) It was a house eminent for wealth and splendour.

Employ (in, on, upon, about, to at) To employ

Empty (of) I shall find you empty of that fault.

Enamored (of, with) Passionately enamored of

were employed about this matter.

the pen in writing. Jovathan and Zahariah

**Enchanted** this shadow of a dream. To be enamored with a lady. [ music. Enchanted (with) He is enchanted with the Encouragement (to, in) "To think of his paternal care, is a most sweet encouragement to prayer." Encroach (upon, on) They showed no disposition to encreach upon the royal prerogatives. Encumbered (with, by) His mind is encumbered [ with new powers. with useless learning. Endowed (with) On a sudden I seemed endowed Endue (with) Endus them with heavenly gifts. Endurance (of) Their fortitude was most admirable in their patience and endurance of all evils. Enemy (to, of) They every day grow more enemy to God. He is an enemy of yours. Enfeebled (by) Enfeebled by scanty subsistence and excessive toil. Engaged (to, in, with, on, for ) She was engaged to this youthful hero. He is engaged in a business. Engrained (in) Leaves engrained in lusty green. Engrave (in, on) Engrave principles on men's f mud. Engrossed (with, by) Waves ..... engrossed with Enhance (by) A debt enhances rapidly by compound enterest. Enjoin (on, upon) A parent enjoins on his children the duty of obedience, Enlarge (upon, by) To enlarge upon this theme. An estate enlarges by good managements. Enlisted (in) He enlisted in the regular army. Enrich (with, by) To enrich the under-tanding

with knowledge. To enrich land by irrigation. Enshrine (in) To enshrine something in memory. Enslave (by) "The conquer'd also, and enslaved by war, Shall, with their freedom lost, all virtue [ thickets and brakes. lose. Entangled (in, with) He was entangled in Enter (into, upon, on) An arrow entered anto his head. He entered upon his new duties with great zeal. [ versation. \_ntertain (with) To entertian friends with con-Entitled (to) His version is entitled to the praise of clearness and fidelity. He was certainly

Entrance (into, upon) Show us, we pray thee, the entrance into the city.

entitled to the benefit of the law.

Enveloped (in) Papers are enveloped in a packet. Envious (of, at, against) My soul is envious of mine eye. Neither be thou envious at the wicked.

Envy (at) (v), of (n) We would ensy at the prosperity of the wicked. They did this in envy of Caesar. [ trusted to him. Equal (to, with) He is not equal to the task en-Equip (in, for, with) The country are led astray in following the town, and equipped in a [ a triangle. cidiculous habit. Equivalent (to) A square may be equivalent to

Erase (from) To sress his name from the list. Err (in) The man may err in his judgment of circumstances. [ jail. Escape (from) The convict has escaped from Espouse (to) A virgin espoused to a man whose name was Joseph. [general, Essential (to) Judgment is more essential to a Established (in, on, by) So were the churches established in the faith. He established himself in a place.

Esteem (for) We esteem you for it. Even (with) John was determined to be even with them in Scotland, where he was powerful. Evident (to) The figure or color of a body is evident to the senses.

Evolve (from) Not by any power evolved from man's own resources, but by a power which des-[ from or of some one. cended from above. Exact (from, of) (v) To exact tribute, fees, &c. Exasperate (against, by, at) To exasperate them egainst the king of France.

Excel (in) He excelled in drawing.

Except (against, from, to) Except thou wilt except against my love. [ their burial. Exception (to) He took exception to the place of Exchange (for) Exchange his sheep for wool for a diamond. A dollar exchanges for ten dimes. Excite (by) He was excited by passions. To ex-[ ports of another. cite heat by friction. Exclude (from) To exclude one nation from the Exclusive (of) There were ten thousand troops declusive of artillery.

Exculpate (from) He exculpated himself from being the author of the heroic epistle.

Excusable (in) The man is escusable in his

Excuse (from, for) They will not excuse him from guilt (v). Then beauty is its own excuse for being (n). fear. Exempt (from) True nobility is exempt from

Exhausted (by, with) The moisture of the is exhausted by evaporation. To exhaust a drug successively with water and ether.

Exonerate (from) To exonerate one's self from [ veniences of trade. Expatiate (on) He expatiated on the incon-Expect (from, of) We did not expect this treat-[ away. ment from you.

Expedient (for) It is expedient for you that I go Expel (from, by) To exple air from a bellows. He shall expel them from his country,

Expert (in, at) He is expert in chase. Explain (to, away) Commentators explain the difficult passages to you. Those explain the meaning quite away. [ statement. Explicit (in) He was earnest and explicit in his Exponent (of, in) The leader of a party is the ex-

ponent of its principles. of the sun. Expose (to) Do not expose yourself to the heat Expostulate (with) Men expostulate with erring friends.

Expressed (in, by, with) They expressed in their

liver these emissions decirines of no enty which And defended by their names. her week Expressive (of) Each verse to swells enterest of Extend (to) To extend sympathy to the nufering Extort (from) To extert contributions from the zanonished. Cket Empire (horn) To extract a tooth from its so-Extravag nt (in) There ippears something mobby will and extravagant in great natural [ debt gemuses. Extricate (from) To extricate a person from Exult (in, over) Sman exulted an the explusion of Adam and Lye from Paradise Do not exult over your enemy', fall Pail (of, in) If ever they fail of beauty, this fulure is not to be attributed of their size Futh (in) You have no faith in God Fail (in, on, into, at, off, away, from, upon, out, through, to, into, under) The mercury falls en the barometer. A worshiper falls on his knees. The river Rhone falls into the Mediterrand. A thousand shall fall at thy side. Ralse (to the priyself was false are thou to me (with, to) All his readers were tolerab-Definar to one. We are familiar with it and with persons. [ cenes of distress Paralle (anth) To familiarise one's self with bous (for) Sikhs are famour for military skill Page (with, on) We shall see how it will fare

with him Fasten (on, to, with) Fatal (to) The power well was f the Commonwealth

Potters (with, on) To fatten selds with bleve Fatured (with) He favored him with money Paragrable (to) The progress of civilisat on is facourable to Hous.

Fawn (upon, on, over) When the timer fawns , who the lamb, the lamb will never cease to Assion him

Pear (for, of) He will not fear for this Peast (with, on) Bust your eats with the music Feed (on, upon, with, of) The horses were feed ing on grass. The village population fol upon the commonest grains. He feeds his cons with gras".

Reel (for, after) He got angry and felt for his f shadow Pence (with, against) He will fence with his own

Ferret (out) To ferret out a secret.

Fight (against, with, for, out, over) You do fight against your country's foes. To fight with thee, no man of arms will deign.

Filch (from) "But he that filches from me my good name."

Fill (up, in, with) They filled them up to the brim. Corn fills well in a warm season. The sail fills with the wind.

Fire (with, up, on, at, off) To fire the soul with unger. His fired up, and stood vigorously. They fired on the town.

Fish (for, we, out) To a fish up an anchor. Fit (for) This is not Fiz (on, upon, in) The certain leading p-inth; "And "x far deeper in his head their stings." [ Stagente Fixed (in) Sat fixed in thought the mighty Flash (upon) The object is made to flash upon the eye of the mind. Flinch (from, in) Nelson was not the m, n to finch from any danger.

bling (awiy, up, at, down, off, out, in) Ci well, I charge thee, fing away ambition. In fing up a design.

First (with) They first with the young man. Fly (on, at, about, into, out, off) A ship flies on the deep

Foam (with) 'He forme'h with his teeth' Fond (of) He was a great traveller and fond of telling his adventures [fondness for thec Fondness (for) My heart had stud some foolish Force (m) To force conviction on the mind Foreign (to) What you say is foreign to the

point at issue. Forestall (of, in) This night forestall him of the coming day. Forgadul (to of) He not formetful to your tran-Formed (of) God formed than of he dust of the

ground Found of one the will not, for it was votemils founded

wurht with all speech Enter-)mma fraug it ith wors ide b nefits. In. (rom, ot, with) This plan is free from objection

breazed (by, w th) The people frenzied by con turies of opp ession [ rudeness, Frown (upon at, on) Polite ociety fromes upon Full (ch) His gature wa full of the milk of [ for defence hum in distincts. Furnish (with, to) To furnish one with arms Cain (on, upon) the accin gains on the land The En, lish have gained no n the Venetians. (size jon, t, with, into) in case on your nim. Get (out, into, along, at, away, by, in, off, o on with, up, over, throu h, to) Get thee or from this land. She prepared to get into th coach

Gifted (with) He was gifted with great powers of elequence He was gifted with philosophical sagacity.

Gut (with, about) We here create thee the first duke of Suffolk, And girl thee with the

Give (in, up, away, off, out, over, of, to) What shall a man give in exchange for his soul? Don't give up the ship [ glad of. Glad (of at) I am a fool to weep at what I am Glance (at, over) How canse thou thus for shame glance at my credit with Hyppolyta?

every day in the hour.

as the dust.

I have just glanced over a lew pages of the Appendix. Glory (in) The greatest sovere gn now alive may glory in such an honour. We glory in proceedings ' being Hindoos. Glow (with) 'And glow with shame of your Go (to, about, across, down, after, away, by, forth, in, in for, into, off, on, on with, out, over, through, with) His land goes to the river. They never go about to hide their vices A line goes across the street. It goes down whole with him for truth Good (at, for) You are ever good at sudden com mendations, Bishop of Winchester He is good for ten Rupces Gorged (with) The giant gorged with flesh Graft (on) Graft my love immortal on thy fame Grapple (with) And in my standard bear the arms of York, to grapple with the house of Grasp (it) Whang trying to grasp at all lost even what he had Grate (on upon) A dry wheel grate on the axle-Grateful (to) He is a gratiful servant to his master I his food is pritiful to the pal ite Greedy (of, alter) They were greeay of the spoils of the Chuich Grieve (at, for over) I am very much grieved at the death of Clindo He rives for hi child Grope (for, among ty in) We grope for the wall like blind. To grope a little longer among the AISCTIES. the bar Sounded (on in upon) The ship gr unaed or Gow (out of, in, into, up) These wars have grown out of commercial considerations Rice rows in warm countres [ prey (rumtle (ner, at) A hon grumlles over his Guarantic ( for, of ) His interest seemed to be a guarantee for his zeal Guard (from, against) God will guard you [ opinion from cul. Guess (about, at) You may guess about his Guilty (of) I am not guilty of 1 35 ander 5 blood (rush (from) A sea of blood gushed from the gaping wound [ their vicious practices Habituate (to) They habituate themselves to Habituated (to) Our dogs, who were habituated [ York to a colder clime. Hail (from, with) The steamer hails from New Halt (at) They halt at Baneres Hand (over, down, on, in, up, out, into) The bookseller handed over the books to me Hang (on, up, about, upon, out, over, together) This question hangs on a single point. To [ ersions of the town hang up a sign Hanker (after, for) He hankered after the div-Happen (to, on) What has happened to him ? Hateful (to) This is hateful to all Haunt (with) That other merchandise that men haunt with flaud is cursed. leal (up, over) It will heal up, or over. heap (upon, up, on) Though he heap up silver

Hear (from, of, about) I must hear from the Hearty (in) A man should be hearty in his attachment to his friends Hedge (in, up) That is a law to heige in the cuckoo I will hedge up thy way with thoms. Heed (to, of) Head to my words Help (over, up, of, on, to out) Help one over an obstacle A man is well help up that trusts to you Io help him of his blindness Helpful (in) Heavens make our presence and our practices Pleasant and helpful to him' Helpiess (of) Helpless of all that human wants require [ London. Hem (out in by) You can not hem me out of H w (out, down, off) To hew out a sepulcher Hide (from) Hide thy face from my sins Hinder (from) ( old weather hin lers plants from coming to maturity in due season Hage (on, upon) The argument hinges on this punt hiss at thee H (1t) The merchants among the people hall Hit (against, on or upon, off) I bodies be extension alone, how can they move and hat one again st another None of them hit upon the art Hold (in of by forth on to up, with, for) The rule holds in land as well as all other commodtics My crown is absolute, and holds of none Hop (for in) Hope for good success. I hope in Hepeless (cf) We are hopeless of her recovery Hostile (to) It has never been proved to our satisfaction that the Puritans were hostile to monarchy Hwer (on about ove ) Agricola having sent his navy to hover on the coast Hunt (from for, about after, out or up, down, away) He was hunted from the parish He went to the field to nunt for venison Hurl (at) God shall hur at him and not spe -Hish (up) Io hu h ub the nat er Identify (with) An enlightened self-interest, which when well understood, they te'l us will identify with an interest more enlarged and public Idle (at away) To id'e away an hour or a day Ignor int (of) Lady Macbeth was ignorant of what greatne s was promi ed to her husband. Ill (of, with) He is ill of a fever Illiberal (in, to) This is a illiberal word in words Latin. Illustrated (by) This book was illustrated by Imbibe (from) 'Earth imbibed with acid ' Imbittered (agranst, by, at) Imbittered against each other by former contents. Imbued (with) He was deeply imbued with the doctrine of Evangelism. , [ of the world, Immanent (in) An immanent power in the life Immersed (in, into) The queen sin mersed in such a trance [ paired by years Impaired (by) In years he seemed, but not sme Impart (to) He that hath two coats, let him impart to him that hath none. When I did first impart my love to you. Impatient (of, for, at, under, with) We are impatient of that which we can not bear. I was impatient for stilking a blow for the fair fame of France. He was impatient at the delay [ of the state.' made by the servant. Impeach (of) 'And doth impeach the freedom Impede (of, in) To impede the advance of troops. Impelled (by) We were impelled by his words. Imperfect (in) Something he left imperfect in the state. [ to us Impertment (to) Things that are impertment Impervious (to) A substance impercious to water of youth. Implant (in) To implant the seeds in the minds Implicated (in, by) Blood was implicated in the tobber v of the crown jewels. Impo tant (to) This is very important to you. Impose (on, upon) Sir, you are imposed on, the corn is a counterfeit one. It is not difficult to impose upon simple villages Impossible (tor, to) It is impossible for you to complete. Impregnated (with) Rock impregnated with ore Impress (on, with) I have tried to impress on you the truth that honesty is the best policy. Imprint (on, Ideas of the c two different thingdistinctly imprinted on his mind. Improve (on, upon, by) To imprive on the mode be amouted to youth Impute (to) The former errors of the king might Inapplicable (to) The a rument is inapplicable to the case. t ab cot trasonable affairs? Incapable (of) Is not your fisher grown incap-Incapacitate (from) It ab olit 's incapacitated them from holding rank or o'll e Incensed (against, at, by) The people are ancensedtaguinst lum inspector (to) Competency is the most incentive to industry. le sion Incident (to) The studies incident to his pro-Incited (by, to ) He was incited by you. Incline (to) Hampden was not succeed to half measures Included (in) Derivation is included in Etymo-Incommoded (by) We are incommod d by want [ incompetent to a certain task Incompetent (to, for) We speck of a man as Inconsistent (with) Wisdom and virtue are fair from being enconsistent with politeness and Inconvenient (to) This is inconvenient to all. Incorporate (with, in, into) Painter's color and ashes do better incorporate with oil. Inculcate (on, upon) Christ inculcates on his

followers humility.

tians.

Incrust (with) A sweetmeat incrusted with

Incumbent (upon, on) All men will person those

good works, that are incumbent on all Chris-

f sugar.

Indebted (to, for, in) I art indebted to you for my advancement in life. He was indebted in a large sum or money to my brother, Indicative (of) The truth is productive of utility, and utility indicative of truth may be thus proved. [ your beauty, worth, and virtue. Indifferent (to) No man can be indifferent to Indige nous (to) Joy and hope are emotions indigenous to the human mind Indignant (at, with) He was indignant at my impertient conduct. Pray do not be indignant with me. Indisposed (towards) The king was sufficiently indisposed towards the persons. Induct (into) The prior, when inducted into that dignity, took an oath not to alienate any of their lands Indulge (in, with, to) He indulges himself in idleness. He indusged himself with a glass I alings of eminent men. Indulgent (to, about) He is too indulgent to the Infatuated (with, by, over) The people are infatuated with the notion. Infect (with, by) She infected with the plague Intectious (to) It is infective even to the best morals to live always in it Infer (from) I interred his determination from his silence I my other por ns Interior (to, in) They are equal or infer or to Intested (with, by) A sca infested with pirates Inflamed (with) Though more, it seems, inflamed with lu t than rage Inflate (with) Inflate themselve, with some inf fuence in the community. sane delight. Influence (in, over, with, on) H is a man of it-Inform (of) We safam a person of samething we wish to communicate. fot moth r. Infringe (upon, on) To infringe of n the nichts Infuse (with, into) Infuse his breat with margn animity. I fe at- of war. Ingeniou (in) He is very wire and ingenious in Ingraned (in) Crucky and jealousy seem to be ingrained in a man who has these vices at all. Ingratiate (to, with) Lysimachus ingratiated himself both from Philip and his pup i. Inherent (in) The sore disease which seems inherent in civilization. Inceste Inherit (from, of) He is inherited from & Immical (to) Which is immical to all other (id [ do en club ernments. Initiate (in ; into) He was initiated into half! Injurious (to, in) Acts are injurious to heat credit etc. Injured (by) He was injured by kick. [messagt inking (of) They had some inkling of sec Inlaid (with) Look, how the floor of heaven. thick inlaid with patines of bright gold. Innocent (of) A man is innocent of the cri charged. Inquire (of, into, for, after, about) We inqui of a person. [ inta

Inquiry (into) Able men will make inquity

Inquisitive (about) A wise mam is not inquisitive about things impertment.'

Inscribe (on, with) Inscribe a verse on this relenting stone.

[ble of shame.

Insensible (of, to) Lost in their loves, insensi-Inseparable (from) The history of every language is inseparable from that of the people by whom it is spoken. [tion.

Insert (in) To insert a letters in a composi-Insight (into) He had an insight into almost all the secrets of state. [ thing.

Insist ton, upon) We in ist on a man's doing a Insinuate (into) He instructed himself into the very good grace of the Duke of Buckingham. Insulent (to) Which is insulent to their ears.

Inspire (with) To inspire a child with sentiments of virtue. [degree. Instilled (in) Thou wast installed in that high

Instilled (in) Thou wast installed in that high Instinct (with) A noble performance, instinct with cound principle.

Instrumental (in) He was instrumental in concluding the business.

Insult (over, to, on) An unwillingness to insult over their helpless faturty.

Intent (on) A mind intent on self-improvement. Interce le (with, for) I will intercede with him for you.

Interested (in, by) To love our native country to be interested in its concerns is natural to all men.

Interfere (with, in) There was no room for anyone to interfere with his own opinions,

Interference (of) The stoppinge of a machine by the interference of some of its parts.

Intermedile (with) The practice of Spain hath been, by war and by condition of treaty, to intermed the with toroign states.

Interm (with) In yonder spring of roses, intermined aith myrtle, find what to redress till noon. I ween the eye and the light. Interpose (between) To interpose as creen bet-intervene (between) The Mediterranean intervenes between Europe and Africa.

Interweave (w th) Words interwove with sighs found out their way. [Lord, the Duke. Intimate (with) He was very intimate with my Intolerant (of, to) The powers of human bodies Long limited and intolerant of excess.

Into readed (with) He was into readed with his new reputation.

Intrench (upon, on) We are not to intrench upon touth in any conversation. [ another. Introduce (to, into) To introduce one person to Intrude (upon, into) A poet's retreat is sacred; do not intrude upon it.

Intrust (with, to) He was intrusted with an important message. [with bills of credit. Inundate (with) The country was inundated Inured (to) They had been inured to hardships and privations even from their childhood.

Inveigh (against) All men inveighed against hun. To inveigh against character, conduct.

Invest (with, in) I do invest you jointly with my power. To invest money in bank stock,

Invited (to) He was invited to dinner.

Involve (in, with) To involve in darkness of obscurity.

Irrelevant (to) Testimony or arguments irrelevant to a case.

Irrespective (of) It must be resolved wholly into the absolute, irrespective will of God.

Irritated (by, against, at, with) The skin is irritated by friction.

Issue (from, in) Light issues from the sun.

Jar (on, upon, against, with) The notes jarred on my ears. [fluence with the king.] lealous (of, about, at) He is jealous of my in-Jeer (at) Don't jeer at a speaker. [wound.] lest (at, with) He jests at sears that never felt a Join (to, in, with, mto, under) Whose house juined hard to the synagogue.

Joy (in) The widow jayed in the sight of her hildren. [self.

Judge (of, by) We will judge of his act by it- Jump (at, with, down, accross) A fish jumps at a bait. It jumps with my humar.

Keep (to, up, at, away, down, from, off, under)
You keep to your words. In joy, that which
keeps up the action is the desire to continue it.
Key (to) This is the key to a problem.

Kind (to) He is kind to all.

Knock (off, down, at, out, under, on, against)
To knock a lamp off the table. To knock
down on assailant.

[ up.

Knocked (up) The men were entirely knocked Know (of) If any man will do his will, he will know of the doctrine.

Known (by, to, for) You have known them by their fruits.

Labour (for, under, of) To labour arms for Troy.

Lack (in, of) Let his lack of years be no unpediment.

Lame (of, in) He is lame of one leg.

Land (in, at, upn) To land one in difficulties. Languish (into) "Cease, fond nature, cease thy

strife, And let me languish into life."

Lapse (to, into, from) If the archbishop shall not fill it up within six months ensuing, it lapses to the king.

Latent (in) The evils latent in the most promosing contrivances are provided for as they arise. Laugh (at, out, down, off) No fool to laugh at, which hevalued more. From his deep chest laughs out a loud applause.

Launch (out, into, upon) He launches out into very flowery paths. To launch into the current of a stream.

Lavish (of, in, on, upon) He was lavish of money on theatrical and other amusements.

Lax (in) Society at that epoch was lenient, it not lax in matters of the passions.

Lay (out, on, about, by, up, down, in, over) He lays out to make a journey. To lay on blows. Lean (to, on, against, in, toward) They delight

rather to lean to their old customs. He leaned not on his fathers but himself.

Learn (of, from) Take my yoke upon you'and learn of me. [mons wait. Leave (off, out) Leave off, and for another sum-Leer (at) He lears at his neighbour's wife.

Legible (in) The thoughts of men are often legible in their countenances.

Lent (at, on) We lent money at high interest.

Let (down, in, out, off, up) Let down the tools, cutlery and the like.

Level (at) She loveled at our purposes. He levelled his severe remarks at the vices and follies of the age.

Level (to, with) Everything lies level to our wish. Liable (for, to) The surety is liable for the debt of his principal. His eyes were liable to inflammation.

[ libel on himself.

Libel (on, upon) He fancied the article to be a Liberal (in, to, of, with) He is liberal in giving. He was liberal to the poor. To be liberal of union

Lie (on, down, with, by, in, over, upon, under)
The snow lies on the roof. The watchful travel lav down again, and closed his eyes—It lies with you to make amonds. [quered. Lift (up) He never lift up his hand but con Light (up, on) The rooms lights up very well. His bishops lead him forth, and light him up. Liking (for, to) It is an amusement. I have no liking for.

Link (with, to) No one generation could link with the other.

f too silk.

Lined (with) The inside lined with rich carna-Linger (out, on, about) To linger out one's days on sick bed. [ ind.flererce.

Listen (to) I listenen? to their accusation with Live (on, by, in, among, with, at, upon, down, out, up, to) Horses lime on gras and plain. Those who live by labor. He lived in the land or Calcutta three years.

Load (with) I have loaden me with many spoils. Lodge (in) The bullet lodged in the bark of a tree.

Long (for, after) I have larged for thy saluation.

I have longed after thy precepts.

Look (on, upon, at. for, out, after, above, beyord, unto, about, into, over, to, up, up to) His friends would look on her the worse. You look at a star. He looks for lost money. The seaman looks out for breakers.

Lord (over) (v) "And lorded over them whom now they serve.

Lord (of) (n) He is the lord of the soil.

Lost (to, in, upon, away) He is lost to all sense of honour. He was lost in a crowd.

Loud (in) To speak loud in public assemblies.

Lowered (upon, in) All the clouds that lowered upon our house.

[ tures.

Luxuriate (in) The herds luxuriate in the pas-

Mad (with) To be mad with terror. Made him mad with wine,

Make (for, up to, '.way with, up, with, of, off, out, over, up with, at, away) It makes for his advantage. A suspicious boat made up to us. To make up a story.

Man (with) Theodisious having manned his soul with proper reflections." [ students. Manifest (to) This is not manifested to all March (into, against, on) The German army marched into France.

Marked (out, by, with) The ringleaders were marked out for punishment. These passages are marked by his teacher. [ woman. Marry (to, through, for) A man is married to a Mirtyr, (to, for) Byng fell a martyr to a political party. [ kindred.

Match (in, for) I hold it a sin to match in my Meddle (with, in) I do not with to meddle with your design. He is not permitted to meddle in cases between party and party. [nations. Mediate (between on, upon) To mediate between Meet (with, in) the conduct meet with the waim appropriation of all.

Melt (at, away, into) Butter and wax melt at moderate temperatures. [death. Menace (with, to) My moster minace lane with Merce (in, into, with) Native irresolution had merged in stronger motives.

More de (to) They mi grate to the West.

Mi'thte (again t, with) Those are excit questions, where great names m./r/ate against each other. I your admont se-

Mindful (of) I primise you to be minifa of Minife (with, in, among) For hely seed over minifel themselves with the people of the lands.

[to a prefix.]

Minister (to, unto) We mire for to G d region M. taken (for, in) He is most than for his wik. Mix (with, in) He mired silver one is slid. Mock (at) She had made to this propo al. Mored (with, at, by, to) Mods desirous of two

venge were not moved we'l wo'd

Murmur (a', against) His disc ples musming at it. All the children of Isiael murmined

against Moses.

Muse (upon, on, over) He mused upon some dangerous plot.

[mea.

Mutiny (against) They mutiny against givein-N itural (to) He indulged in excesses natural to a little mind in a great place.

Necessary (10, for) A certain kind of temper is necessary to the pleasure and quiet our minds. Necessity (for, of) There is necessity for your interference. I urged upon him the necessity of the case.

Need (of, for) The city had no need of the sub.

Needful (for) All things needful for defece abound.

[ dufes.

Neglectful (of) They were neglectful of for Negligent (in) He is always negligent in this duties.

[ purchase of gools.

Negotiate (with) To negotiate with a man or Nettled (at) The princes were so nettled at the